Oracle® Fusion Middleware

Interoperability Solutions Guide for Oracle Web Services Manager 12*c* (12.1.3) **E47702-02**

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Documentation for software developers that describes how to implement the most common OWSM interoperability scenarios.



Oracle Fusion Middleware Interoperability Solutions Guide for Oracle Web Services Manager, 12c (12.1.3)

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Preface

This preface describes the document accessibility features and conventions used in this guide—*Oracle Fusion Middleware Interoperability Solutions Guide for Oracle Web Services Manager.*

Documentation Accessibility

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Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.
italic	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.

What's New in This Guide

The following topics introduce the new and changed features of Oracle Web Services Manager (OWSM) and other significant changes that are described in this guide, and provides pointers to additional information. This document is the new edition of the formerly titled *Interoperability Guide for Oracle Web Services Manager*.

New and Changed Features for 12c (12.1.3)

Oracle JDeveloper 12*c* (12.1.3) includes the following new and changed features for this document:

- Chapter 5, "Interoperability with Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Security Environments," now documents enabling secure conversation for the following interoperability scenario: "Username Token Over SSL" on page 5-15 and "Username Token With Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)" on page 5-6. It also now documents support an additional policy in the following scenario: "WCF/.NET 3.5 Client with Microsoft Active Directory Federation Services 2.0 (ADFS 2.0) STS" on page 5-34.
- A new chapter has been added: Chapter 6, "Interoperability with Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Security Environments," that documents the new support for Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5.

New and Changed Features for 12c (12.1.2)

Oracle JDeveloper 12*c* (12.1.2) includes the following new and changed features for this document:

- The following Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 security environment interoperability scenarios have been added for this release:
 - "Kerberos with Message Protection Using Derived Keys" on page 5-28
 - "Kerberos with SPNEGO Negotiation" on page 5-31
 - "Kerberos with SPNEGO Negotiation and Credential Delegation" on page 5-33

Other Significant Changes in this Document for Release 12c (12.1.3)

For 12*c* (12.1.3), this guide has been reformatted to improve readability.

1

Overview of OWSM Interoperability

This guide describes interoperability of Oracle Web Services Manager (OWSM) with various security stacks.

Each chapter includes the following information:

- Overview of each security stack
- An explanation of the usage scenarios

For details regarding limitations and known problems, see "Web Services" in *Release Notes for Oracle Fusion Middleware Infrastructure*.

For definitions of unfamiliar terms found in this and other books, see the Glossary.

1.1 About OWSM Policies

You attach *OWSM policies* to web service endpoints. Each policy consists of one or more *assertions*, defined at the domain-level, that define the security requirements. A set of predefined policies and assertions are provided out-of-the-box.

For more details about the predefined policies, see "Predefined Policies" in *Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.*

For information about configuring and attaching policies, see "Securing Web Services" and "Attaching Policies" in *Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager*.

1.2 OWSM Interoperability Scenarios

Table 1–1 describes the most common OWSM interoperability scenarios.

Security Stack	OWSM Policies	Interoperability Scenario
OWSM 10g	oracle/wss10_message_protection_ service_policy	"Anonymous Authentication with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)" on page 2-4
	oracle/wss10_message_protection_ client_policy	
OWSM 10g	oracle/wss10_username_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	"Username Token with Message Protection
	oracle/wss10_username_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy	(WS-Security 1.0)" on page 2-6

Table 1–1 Common OWSM Interoperability Scenarios

Security Stack	OWSM Policies	Interoperability Scenario
OWSM 10g	oracle/wss10_saml_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	"SAML Token (Sender Vouches) with Message Protection
	oracle/wss10_saml_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy	(WS-Security 1.0) on page 2-9
OWSM 10g	oracle/wss10_x509_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy oracle/wss10_x509_token_with	"Mutual Authentication with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)" on page 2-12
	message_protection_client_policy	
OWSM 10g	oracle/wss_username_token_over_ssl_ service_policy	"Username Token Over SSL" on page 2-15
	oracle/wss_username_token_over_ssl_ client_policy	
OWSM 10g	oracle/wss_saml_token_over_ssl_ service_policy	"SAML Token (Sender Vouches) Over SSL (WS-Security 1.0)" on
	oracle/wss_saml_token_over_ssl_ client_policy	page 2-17
OC4J 10g	oracle/wss10_message_protection_ service_policy	"Anonymous Authentication with Message Protection
	oracle/wss10_message_protection_ client_policy	(WS-Security 1.0)" on page 3-3
OC4J 10g	oracle/wss10_username_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	"Username Token with Message Protection
	oracle/wss10_username_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy	(WS-Security 1.0)" on page 3-7
OC4J 10g	oracle/wss10_saml_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	"SAML Token (Sender Vouches) with Message Protection
	oracle/wss10_saml_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy	(WS-Security 1.0)" on page 3-11
OC4J 10g	oracle/wss10_x509_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	"Mutual Authentication with Message Protection
	oracle/wss10_x509_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy	(WS-Security 1.0)" on page 3-15
OC4J 10g	oracle/wss_username_token_over_ssl_ service_policy	"Username Token Over SSL" on page 3-19
	OR	
	oracle/wss_saml_or_username_token_ over_ssl_service_policy	
	oracle/wss_username_token_over_ssl_ client_policy	
OC4J 10g	<pre>oracle/wss_saml_token_over_ssl_ service_policy</pre>	"SAML Token (Sender Vouches) Over SSL (WS-Security 1.0)" on
	OR	page 3-23
	oracle/wss_saml_or_username_token_ over_ssl_service_policy	
	oracle/wss_saml_token_over_ssl_ client_policy	

Table 1–1 (Cont.) Common OWSM Interoperability Scenarios

Security Stack	OWSM Policies	Interoperability Scenario
Oracle WebLogic Server 12 <i>c</i>	oracle/wss11_username_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	"Username Token With Message Protection
	oracle/wss11_username_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy	(WS-Security 1.1)" on page 4-6
Oracle WebLogic Server 12 <i>c</i>	oracle/wss11_username_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	"Username Token With Message Protection
	oracle/wss11_username_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy	(WS-Security 1.1) and MTOM" on page 4-9
Oracle WebLogic Server 12 <i>c</i>	oracle/wss10_username_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	"Username Token With Message Protection
	oracle/wss10_username_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy	(WS-Security 1.0)" on page 4-10
Oracle WebLogic Server 12 <i>c</i>	oracle/wss_username_token_over_ssl_ service_policy	"Username Token Over SSL" on page 4-12
Oracle WebLogic Server 12 <i>c</i>	oracle/wss_username_token_over_ssl_ service_policy	"Username Token Over SSL with MTOM" on page 4-13
Oracle WebLogic Server 12 <i>c</i>	oracle/wss_saml_token_over_ssl_ service_policy	"SAML Token (Sender Vouches) Over SSL" on page 4-14
Oracle WebLogic Server 12 <i>c</i>	oracle/wss11_saml20_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	"SAML Token (Sender Vouches) Over SSL with MTOM" on
	oracle/wss11_saml20_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy	page 4-15
Oracle WebLogic Server 12 <i>c</i>	oracle/wss11_saml20_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	"SAML Token 2.0 (Sender Vouches) With Message
	oracle/wss11_saml20_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy	on page 4-16
Oracle WebLogic Server 12 <i>c</i>	oracle/wss11_saml_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	"SAML Token (Sender Vouches) with Message Protection
	oracle/wss11_saml_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy	(WS-Security 1.1) on page 4-20
Oracle WebLogic Server 12 <i>c</i>	oracle/wss11_saml_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	"SAML Token (Sender Vouches) with Message Protection
	oracle/wss11_saml_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy	on page 4-23
Oracle WebLogic Server 12 <i>c</i>	oracle/wss10_saml_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	"SAML Token (Sender Vouches) with Message Protection
	oracle/wss10_saml_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy	(WS-Security 1.0)" on page 4-25
Oracle WebLogic Server 12 <i>c</i>	oracle/wss10_x509_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	"Mutual Authentication with Message Protection
	oracle/wss10_x509_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy	(WS-Security 1.0)" on page 4-28
Oracle WebLogic Server 12 <i>c</i>	oracle/wss11_x509_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	"Mutual Authentication with Message Protection
	oracle/wss11_x509_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy	(ws-Security 1.1) [°] on page 4-32

Table 1–1 (Cont.) Common OWSM Interoperability Scenarios

Security Stack	OWSM Policies	Interoperability Scenario
Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5	oracle/wsmtom_policy	"Message Transmission Optimization Mechanism (MTOM)" on page 5-3
Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5	oracle/wss11_username_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	"Username Token With Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)" on page 5-6
	<pre>oracle/wss11_saml_or_username_ token_with_message_protection_ service_policy</pre>	
	oracle/wss11_username_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy	
Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5	oracle/wss_saml_or_username_token_ over_ssl_service_policy	"Username Token Over SSL" on page 5-15
	OR	
	oracle/wss_username_token_over_ssl_ service_policy	
Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5	oracle/wss11_x509_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	"Mutual Authentication with Message Protection
	oracle/wss11_x509_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy	(WS-Security 1.1)" on page 5-19
Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5	oracle/wss11_kerberos_with_message_ protection_service_policy	"Kerberos with Message Protection" on page 5-24
Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5	wss11_kerberos_token_with_message_ protection_basic128_service_policy	"Kerberos with Message Protection Using Derived Keys" on page 5-28
Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5	Policy created with http_spnego_token_ service_template	"Kerberos with SPNEGO Negotiation" on page 5-31
Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5	Policy created with http_spnego_token_ service_template	"Kerberos with SPNEGO Negotiation and Credential Delegation" on page 5-33
Oracle Service Bus 10g	wss10_username_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy	"Username Token with Message Protection
	wss10_username_token_with_message_ protection_service_policy	(WS-Security 1.0)" on page 7-2
Oracle Service Bus 10g	oracle/wss10_saml_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	"SAML Token (Sender Vouches) with Message Protection
	oracle/wss10_saml_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy	(WS-Security 1.0)" on page 7-8
Oracle Service Bus 10g	oracle/wss_saml_or_username_token_ over_ssl_service_policy	"SAML or Username Token Over SSL" on page 7-13
Oracle Service Bus 10g	oracle/wss10_x509_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	"Mutual Authentication with Message Protection
	oracle/wss10_x509_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy	(WS-Security 1.0)" on page 7-16
Axis 1.4 and WSS4J 1.5.8	oracle/wss10_username_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	"Username Token with Message Protection
	oracle/wss10_username_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy	(w5-Security 1.0)" on page 8-3

Table 1–1 (Cont.) Common OWSM Interoperability Scenarios

Security Stack	OWSM Policies	Interoperability Scenario
Axis 1.4 and WSS4J 1.5.8	oracle/wss10_saml_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	"SAML Token with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)"
	oracle/wss10_saml_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy	on page 8-6
Axis 1.4 and WSS4J 1.5.8	oracle/wss_username_token_over_ssl_ service_policy	"Username Token Over SSL" on page 8-9
	<pre>oracle/wss_username_token_over_ssl_ client_policy</pre>	
Axis 1.4 and WSS4J 1.5.8	oracle/wss_saml_token_over_ssl_ service_policy	"SAML Token (Sender Vouches) Over SSL" on page 8-12
	oracle/wss_saml_token_over_ssl_ client_policy	
GlassFish Enterprise Server	oracle/wss11_saml_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	"SAML Token (Sender Vouches) with Message Protection
	oracle/wss11_saml_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy	(WS-Security 1.1)" on page 9-6

Table 1–1 (Cont.) Common OWSM Interoperability Scenarios

Interoperability with OWSM 10g Security Environments

This chapter describes interoperability of Oracle Web Services Manager (OWSM) with OWSM 10*g* security environments.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Overview of Interoperability with OWSM 10g Security Environments
- A Note About OWSM 10g Gateways
- A Note About Third-party Software
- Anonymous Authentication with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)
- Username Token with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)
- SAML Token (Sender Vouches) with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)
- Mutual Authentication with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)
- Username Token Over SSL
- SAML Token (Sender Vouches) Over SSL (WS-Security 1.0)

2.1 Overview of Interoperability with OWSM 10g Security Environments

With OWSM 10g, you specify *policy steps* at each policy enforcement point. The policy enforcement points in OWSM 10g include Gateways and Agents. Each policy step is a fine-grained operational task that addresses a specific security operation, such as authentication and authorization; encryption and decryption; security signature, token, or credential verification; and transformation. Each operational task is performed on either the web service request or response. For more details about the OWSM 10g policy steps, see "Oracle Web Services Manager Policy Steps" in *Oracle Web Services Manager Administrator's Guide 10g (10.1.3.4)* at http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E12524_01/web.1013/e12575/policy_steps.htm#BABIAHEG.

With OWSM 12*c*, you attach *policies* to web service endpoints. Each policy consists of one or more *assertions*, defined at the domain-level, that define the security requirements. A set of predefined policies and assertions are provided out-of-the-box.

Table 2–1 and Table 2–2 summarize the most common OWSM 10g interoperability scenarios based on the following security requirements: authentication, message protection, and transport.

For more information about:

- OWSM predefined policies, see "Predefined Policies" in *Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.*
- Configuring and attaching OWSM 12c policies, see "Securing Web Services" and "Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.
- OWSM 10g policy steps, see "Oracle Web Services Manager Policy Steps" in Oracle Web Services Manager Administrator's Guide 10g (10.1.3.4) at http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E12524_01/web.1013/e12575/policy_ steps.htm#BABIAHEG

Note: In the following scenarios, ensure that you are using a keystore with v3 certificates. By default, the JDK 1.5 keytool generates keystores with v1 certificates.

Review "A Note About OWSM 10g Gateways" on page 2-3 and "A Note About Third-party Software" on page 2-3 for important information about your usage of OWSM 10g Gateways and third-party software.

Identity Token	WS-Security Version	Message Protection	Transport Security	Service Policy	Client Policy
Anonymous	1.0	Yes	No	Request pipeline: Decrypt and Verify Signature	oracle/wss10_message_ protection_client_ policy
				Response pipeline: Sign Message and Encrypt	
Username	1.0	Yes	No	Request pipeline:	oracle/wss10_username_
				 Decrypt and Verify Signature 	token_with_message_ protection_client_ policy
				 Extract Credentials (configured as WS-BASIC) 	policy
				 File Authenticate 	
				Response pipeline: Sign Message and Encrypt	
SAML	1.0	Yes	No	Request pipeline:	oracle/wss10_saml_
				 XML Decrypt 	token_with_message_ protection_client_ policy
				 SAML—Verify WSS 1.0 Token 	
				Response pipeline: Sign Message and Encrypt	
Mutual Authentication	1.0	Yes	No	Request pipeline: Decrypt and Verify	oracle/wss10_x509_ token_with_message_
				Response pipeline: Sign Message and Encrypt	protection_client_ policy
Username over SSL	1.0 and 1.1	No	Yes	Request pipeline:	wss_username_token_
				 Extract Credentials 	over_ssl_client_policy
				 File Authenticate 	
SAML over SSL	SL 1.0 and 1.1	nd 1.1 No	Yes	Request pipeline:	oracle/wss_saml_token_
				Extract Credentials	over_ssl_client_policy
				File Authenticate	

 Table 2–1
 OWSM 10g Service Policy and OWSM 12c Client Policy Interoperability

Identity Token	WS-Security Version	Message Protection	Transport Security	Service Policy	Client Policy
Anonymous	1.0	.0 Yes	No	oracle/wss10_ message_protection_	Request pipeline: Sign Message and Encrypt
				service_policy	Response pipeline: Decrypt and Verify Signature
Username	1.0	Yes	No	oracle/wss10_ username_token_with_	Request pipeline: Sign Message and Encrypt
				<pre>message_protection_ service_policy</pre>	Response pipeline: Decrypt and Verify Signature
SAML	1.0	Yes	No	oracle/wss10_saml_	Request pipeline:
				token_with_message_ protection_service_ policy	 Extract Credentials (configured as WS-BASIC
					 SAML—Insert WSS 1.0 Sender-Vouches Token
					 Sign and Encrypt
					Response pipeline: Decrypt and Verify Signature
Mutual Authentication	1.0	Yes	No	oracle/wss10_x509_ token_with_message_	Request pipeline: Sign Message and Encrypt
				protection_service_ policy	Response pipeline: Decrypt and Verify Signature
Username over SSL	1.0 and 1.1	No	Yes	wss_username_token_ over_ssl_service_ policy	N/A
SAML over SSL	1.0 and 1.1	No	Yes	oracle/wss_saml_ token_over_ssl_ service_policy	Request pipeline:
					 Extract Credentials
					 SAML—Insert WSS 1.0 Sender-Vouches Token

Table 2–2 OWSM 12c Service Policy and OWSM 10g Client Policy Interoperability

The following sections provide additional interoperability information about using OWSM 10g Gateways and third-party software with OWSM 12*c*.

2.2 A Note About OWSM 10g Gateways

Oracle Fusion Middleware 12*c* does not include a Gateway component. You can continue to use the OWSM 10g Gateway components with OWSM 10g policies in your applications.

2.3 A Note About Third-party Software

OWSM 10g supports policy enforcement for third-party application servers, such as IBM WebSphere and Red Hat JBoss. Oracle Fusion Middleware 12*c* only supports Oracle WebLogic Server. You can continue to use the third-party application servers with OWSM 10g policies.

2.4 Anonymous Authentication with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)

This section describes how to implement anonymous authentication with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard, in the following interoperability scenarios:

- "Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an OWSM 10g Client" on page 2-4
- "Configuring an OWSM 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client" on page 2-5

2.4.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an OWSM 10g Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and an OWSM 10*g* client to implement anonymous authentication with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 2–3, " Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 2–4, " Configuring the OWSM 10g Client"

Table 2–3 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	De	scription	More Information	
1 Clone prote		one the following policy: oracle/wss10_message_ otection_service_policy.	"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager	
2	Ed	it the policy settings, as follows:		
	1.	Disable the Include Timestamp configuration setting.		
	2.	Leave the default configuration set for all other configuration settings.		
3	Attach the policy to a web service.		"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager	

Table 2–4 Configuring the OWSM 10g Client

Task	Des	scription	More Information
1	Register the web service (above) with the OWSM 10g Gateway.		"Registering Web Services to an OWSM Gateway" in the OWSM Administrator's Guide 10g at: http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E12524_ 01/web.1013/e12575/gateways.htm
2	Attach the following policy step to the request pipeline: Sign Message and Encrypt.		
3	Configure the Sign Message and Encrypt policy step in the request pipeline, as follows:		
	1.	Set Encryption Algorithm to AES-128.	
	2.	Set Key Transport Algorithm to RSA-OAEP-MGF1P.	
	3.	Configure the keystore properties for message signing and encryption. The configuration should be in accordance with the keystore used on the server side.	
4	Att pip	ach the following policy step to the response eline: Decrypt and Verify Signature.	

Task	Description	More Information
5	Configure the Decrypt and Verify Signature policy step in the response pipeline, by configuring the keystore properties for decryption and signature verification. The configuration should be in accordance with the keystore used on the server side.	_
6	Navigate to the OWSM Test page and enter the virtualized URL of the web service.	-
7	Invoke the web service.	

Table 2–4 (Cont.) Configuring the OWSM 10g Client

2.4.2 Configuring an OWSM 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 10g web service and an OWSM 12c client to implement anonymous authentication with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 2–5, " Configuring the OWSM 10g Web Service"
- Table 2–6, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Client"

Task	De	scription	More Information
1	Reg Gat	gister the web service with the OWSM 10g teway.	"Registering Web Services to an OWSM Gateway" in the OWSM Administrator's Guide 10g at: http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E12524_ 01/web.1013/e12575/gateways.htm
2	Attach the following policy step in the request pipeline: Decrypt and Verify Signature		
3	Cor step	nfigure the Decrypt and Verify Signature policy p in the request pipeline, as follows.	
	Configure the keystore properties for decryption and signature verification. The configuration should be in accordance with the keystore used on the server side.		
4	Attach the following policy step in the response pipeline: Sign Message and Encrypt		
5	Cor resj	nfigure the Sign Message and Encrypt policy ponse pipeline as follows:	
	1.	Set Encryption Algorithm to AES-128.	
	2.	Set Key Transport Algorithm to RSA-OAEP-MGF1P.	
	3.	Configure the keystore properties for message signing and encryption. The configuration should be in accordance with the keystore used on the server side.	

Table 2–5 Configuring the OWSM 10g Web Service

Table 2–6	Configuring	the OWSM	12c Client
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Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy using the virtualized URL of the web service registered on the OWSM Gateway.	
2	Clone the following policy: oracle/wss10_message_ protection_client_policy.	"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web
	Edit the policy settings, as follows:	Services Manager
	1. Disable the Include Timestamp configuration setting.	
	2. Leave the default configuration set for all other configuration settings.	
3	Attach the policy to the web service client.	"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
4	Configure the policy	"oracle/wss10_message_protection_client_policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
5	Invoke the web service.	

2.5 Username Token with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)

This section tells how to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- "Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an OWSM 10g Client" on page 2-6
- "Configuring an OWSM 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client" on page 2-7

2.5.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an OWSM 10g Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and an OWSM 10*g* client to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 2–7, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 2–8, "Configuring the OWSM 10g Client"

Table 2–7 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	De	scription	More Information
1	Clo use sei	one the following policy: oracle/wss10_ ername_token_with_message_protection_ cvice_policy.	"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
	Ed	it the policy settings, as follows:	
	1.	Disable the Include Timestamp configuration setting.	
	2.	Leave the default configuration set for all other configuration settings.	
2	Attach the policy to a web service.		"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Task	Description	More Information
1	Register the web service (above) with the OWSM 10g Gateway.	"Registering Web Services to an OWSM Gateway" in the OWSM Administrator's Guide 10g at: http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E12524_ 01/web.1013/e12575/gateways.htm
2	Attach the following policy step to the request pipeline: Sign Message and Encrypt	
3	Configure the Sign Message and Encrypt policy step in the request pipeline, as follows:	
	1. Set Encryption Algorithm to AES-128.	
	2. Set Key Transport Algorithm to RSA-OAEP-MGF1P.	
	3. Set Encrypted Content to ENVELOPE.	
	4. Set Signed Content to ENVELOPE.	
	5. Configure the keystore properties for message signing and encryption. The configuration should be in accordance with the keystore used on the server side.	
4	Attach the following policy step to the response pipeline: Decrypt and Verify Signature.	
5	Configure the Decrypt and Verify Signature policy step in the response pipeline, as follows:	
	Configure the keystore properties for decryption and signature verification. The configuration should be in accordance with the keystore used on the server side.	
6	Navigate to the OWSM Test page and enter the virtualized URL of the web service.	
7	Select the Include Header checkbox against WS-Security and provide valid credentials.	
8	Invoke the web service.	

Table 2–8 Configuring the OWSM 10g Client

2.5.2 Configuring an OWSM 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 10*g* web service and an OWSM 12*c* client to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 2–9, "Configuring the OWSM 10g Web Service"
- Table 2–10, " Configuring the OWSM 12c Client"

Task	Description	More Information
1	Register the web service with the OWSM 10g Gateway.	"Registering Web Services to an OWSM Gateway" in the OWSM Administrator's Guide 10g at: http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E12524_ 01/web.1013/e12575/gateways.htm
2	Attach the following policy steps in the request pipeline:	
	 Decrypt and Verify Signature 	
	 Extract Credentials (configured as WS-BASIC) 	
	File Authenticate	
	Note: You can substitute File Authenticate with LDAP Authenticate, Oracle Access Manager Authenticate, Active Directory Authenticate, or SiteMinder Authenticate.	
3	Configure the Decrypt and Verify Signature policy step in the request pipeline, as follows:	
	 Configure the keystore properties for extracting credentials. The configuration should be in accordance with the keystore used on the server side. 	
4	Configure the Extract Credentials policy step in the request pipeline, as follows:	
	• Set the Credentials location to WS-BASIC.	
5	Configure the File Authenticate policy step in the request pipeline to use valid credentials.	
6	Attach the following policy step in the response pipeline: Sign Message and Encrypt.	
7	Configure the Sign Message and Encrypt policy response pipeline, as follows:	
	1. Set Encryption Algorithm to AES-128.	
	2. Set Key Transport Algorithm to RSA-OAEP-MGF1P.	
	3. Configure the keystore properties for message signing and encryption. The configuration should be in accordance with the keystore used on the server side.	

Table 2–9 Configuring the OWSM 10g Web Service

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy using the virtualized URL of the web service registered on the OWSM Gateway.	
2	Clone the following policy: oracle/wss10_ username_token_with_message_protection_ client_policy.	"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.
	Edit the policy settings, as follows:	
	 Disable the Include Timestamp configuration setting. 	
	2. Leave the default configuration set for all other configuration settings.	
3	Attach the policy to the web service client.	"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
4	Configure the policy.	"oracle/wss10_username_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy" in <i>Securing Web Services</i> and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
5	Invoke the web service.	

Table 2–10 Configuring the OWSM 12c Client

2.6 SAML Token (Sender Vouches) with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)

This section tells how to implement SAML token (sender vouches) with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard, in the following interoperability scenarios:

- "Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an OWSM 10g Client" on page 2-9
- "Configuring an OWSM 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client" on page 2-11

2.6.1 Configuring an OWSM 12*c* Web Service and an OWSM 10*g* Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and an OWSM 10*g* client to implement SAML token (sender vouches) with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 2–11, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 2–12, "Configuring the OWSM 10g Client"

Task	Description	More Information
1	Clone the following policy: oracle/wss10_saml_ token_with_message_protection_service_ policy.	"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
	Note: Oracle recommends that you do not change the predefined policies so that you will always have a known set of valid policies to work with.	
	Edit the policy settings, as follows:	
	 Disable the Include Timestamp configuration setting. 	
	 Leave the default configuration set for all other configuration settings 	
2	Attach the policy to the web service.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Table 2–11 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

 Table 2–12
 Configuring the OWSM 10g Client

Task	Description	More Information	
1	Register the web service (discussed in Table 2–11) with the OWSM 10g Gateway.	"Registering Web Services to an OWSM Gateway" in the OWSM Administrator's Guide 10g at: http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E12524_ 01/web.1013/e12575/gateways.htm	
2	Attach the following policy steps in the request pipeline:		
	• Extract Credentials (configured as WS-BASIC)		
	 SAML—Insert WSS 1.0 Sender-Vouches Token 		
	 Sign Message and Encrypt 		
3	Configure the Extract Credentials policy step in the request pipeline, as follows:		
	• Set the Credentials location to WS-BASIC.		
4	Configure the SAML—Insert WSS 1.0 Sender-Vouches Token policy step in the request pipeline, as follows:		
	1. Set Subject Name Qualifier to www.oracle.com.		
	2. Set Assertion Issuer as www.oracle.com.		
	3 . Set Subject Format as UNSPECIFIED.		
	4 . Set other signing properties, as required.		
5	Configure the Sign Message and Encrypt policy step in the request pipeline, as follows:		
	1 . Set the Encryption Algorithm to AES-128.		
	2. Set Key Transport Algorithm to RSA-OAEP-MGF1P.		
	3. Configure the keystore properties for decryption and signature verification. The configuration should be in accordance with the keystore used on the server side.		
6	Attach the following policy step in the response pipeline: Decrypt and Verify Signature.		

Task	Description	More Information
7	Configure the Decrypt and Verify Signature policy step in the response pipeline, as follows:	
	 Configure the keystore properties for decryption and signature verification. The configuration should be in accordance with the keystore used on the server side. 	
8	Navigate to the OWSM Test page and enter the virtualized URL of the web service.	
9	Select Include Header checkbox against WS-Security and provide valid credentials.	
10	Invoke the web service.	

 Table 2–12 (Cont.) Configuring the OWSM 10g Client

2.6.2 Configuring an OWSM 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 10g web service and an OWSM 12c client to implement SAML token (sender vouches) with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 2–13, " Configuring the OWSM 10g Web Service"
- Table 2–14, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Client"

 Table 2–13
 Configuring the OWSM 10g Web Service

Task	Description	More Information "Registering Web Services to an OWSM Gateway" in the OWSM Administrator's Guide 10g at: http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E12524_ 01/web.1013/e12575/gateways.htm	
1	Register the web service with the OWSM 10g Gateway.		
2	Attach the following policy steps in the request pipeline:		
	XML Decrypt		
	 SAML—Verify WSS 1.0 Token 		
3	Configure the XML Decrypt policy step in the request pipeline, as follows:		
	 Configure the keystore properties for XML decryption. The configuration should be in accordance with the keystore used on the server side. 		

Task	De	scription	More Information
4	Co stej	nfigure the SAML—Verify WSS 1.0 Token policy o in the request pipeline, as follows:	
	•	Set the Trusted Issuer Name as www.oracle.com.	
5	Attach the following policy step in the response pipeline: Sign Message and Encrypt.		
6	Configure the Sign Message and Encrypt policy step in the response pipeline, follows:		
	1.	Set Encryption Algorithm to AES-128.	
	2.	Set Key Transport Algorithm to RSA-OAEP-MGF1P.	
	3.	Configure the keystore properties for message signing and encryption. The configuration should be in accordance with the keystore used on the server side.	

Table 2–13 (Cont.) Configuring the OWSM 10g Web Service

Table 2–14 Configuring the OWSM 12c Client

Task	Description Create a client proxy using the virtualized URL of the web service registered on the OWSM Gateway.		More Information	
1				
2	Clone the following policy: oracle/wss10_saml_ token_with_message_protection_client_policy.		"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web	
	Edi	it the policy settings, as follows:	Services mininger	
	1.	Disable the Include Timestamp configuration setting.		
	2.	Leave the default configuration set for all other configuration settings.		
3	Attach the policy to the web service client.		"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager	
4	Configure the policy.		"oracle/wss10_saml_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy" in <i>Securing Web Services</i> and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.	
5	Inv	oke the web service		

2.7 Mutual Authentication with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)

This section tells how to implement mutual authentication with message protection that conform to the WS-Security 1.0 standard, in the following interoperability scenarios:

- "Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an OWSM 10g Client" on page 2-12
- "Configuring an OWSM 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client" on page 2-14

2.7.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an OWSM 10g Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and an OWSM 10*g* client to implement mutual authentication with message protection that conform to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 2–15, " Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 2–16, " Configuring the OWSM 10g Client"

 Table 2–15
 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	De	scription	More Information
1	Clo tok	one the following policy: oracle/wss10_x509_ ten_with_message_protection_service_policy.	"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
	Edi	it the policy settings, as follows:	
	1.	Disable the Include Timestamp configuration setting.	
	2.	Leave the default configuration set for all other configuration settings.	
2	Attach the policy to the web service.		"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> <i>Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager</i>

Table 2–16 Configuring the OWSM 10g Client

Task	Description	More Information
1	Register the web service (above) with the OWSM 10g Gateway.	"Registering Web Services to an OWSM Gateway" in the OWSM Administrator's Guide 10g at: http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E12524_ 01/web.1013/e12575/gateways.htm
2	Attach the following policy step in the request pipeline: Sign Message and Encrypt.	
3	Configure the Sign Message and Encrypt policy step in the request pipeline, as follows:	
	1. Set Encryption Algorithm to AES-128.	
	2. Set Key Transport Algorithm to RSA-OAEP-MGF1P.	
	3. Configure the keystore properties for message signing and encryption. The configuration should be in accordance with the keystore used on the server side.	
4	Attach the following policy step in the response pipeline: Decrypt and Verify Signature.	
5	Configure the Decrypt and Verify Signature policy step in the response pipeline, as follows:	
	 Configure the keystore properties for decryption and signature verification. The configuration should be in accordance with the keystore used on the server side. 	
6	Update the following property in the gateway-config-installer.properties file located at ORACLE_HOME/j2ee/oc4j_ instance/applications/gateway/gateway/WEB-INF:	
	<pre>pep.securitysteps.signBinarySecurityToken=tr ue</pre>	
7	Restart OWSM 10g Gateway.	
	Navigate to the OWSM Test page and enter the virtualized URL of the web service.	
	Invoke the web service.	

2.7.2 Configuring an OWSM 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 10*g* web service and an OWSM 12*c* client to implement mutual authentication with message protection that conform to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 2–17, " Configuring the OWSM 10g Web Service"
- Table 2–18, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Client"

Table 2–17 Configuring the OWSM 10g Web Service

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Task	De	scription	More Information
1	Reg 10g	gister the web service (above) with the OWSM Gateway.	"Registering Web Services to an OWSM Gateway" in the OWSM Administrator's Guide 10g at: http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E12524_ 01/web.1013/e12575/gateways.htm
2	Attach the following policy steps in the request pipeline: Decrypt and Verify.		
3	Cor step	nfigure the Decrypt and Verify Signature policy p in the request pipeline, as follows:	
	 Configure the keystore properties for decryption and signature verification. The configuration should be in accordance with the keystore used on the server side. 		
4	Attach the following policy steps in the response pipeline: Sign Message and Encrypt.		
5	Co step	nfigure the Sign Message and Encrypt policy o in the response pipeline, as follows:	
	1.	Set Encryption Algorithm to AES-128.	
	2.	Set Key Transport Algorithm to RSA-OAEP-MGF1P.	
	3.	Configure the keystore properties for message signing and encryption. The configuration should be in accordance with the keystore used on the server side.	

Table 2–18 Configuring the OWSM 12c Client

Task	Des	scription	More Information
1	Create a client proxy using the virtualized URL of the web service registered on the OWSM Gateway.		
2	Clone the following policy: oracle/wss10_x509_ token_with_message_protection_client_policy.		"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web
	Edit the policy settings, as follows:		Services Manager
	1.	Disable the Include Timestamp configuration setting.	
	2.	Leave the default configuration set for all other configuration settings.	

Task	Description	More Information
3	Attach the policy to the web service client.	"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
4	Configure the policy.	"oracle/wss10_x509_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy" in <i>Securing Web Services</i> and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
5	Invoke the web service.	

 Table 2–18 (Cont.) Configuring the OWSM 12c Client

2.8 Username Token Over SSL

This section tells how to implement username token over SSL, in the following interoperability scenarios:

- "Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an OWSM 10g Client" on page 2-15
- "Configuring an OWSM 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client" on page 2-16

For more information about:

- Configuring SSL on WebLogic Server, see "Configuring Transport-Level Security (SSL)" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.
- Configuring SSL on OC4J, see http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/B14099_ 19/web.1012/b14013/configssl.htm.

2.8.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an OWSM 10g Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and an OWSM 10*g* client to implement username token over SSL:

- Table 2–19, " Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 2–20, "Configuring the OWSM 10g Client"

Table 2–19 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the server for SSL.	"Configuring Transport-Level Security (SSL)" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
2	Attach the following policy: wss_username_token_ over_ssl_service_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the server for SSL	"Configuring OC4J and SSL" in Oracle Application Server Containers for J2EE Security Guide at http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/B14099_ 19/web.1012/b14013/configssl.htm
2	Register the web service (above) with the OWSM 10g Gateway.	"Registering Web Services to an OWSM Gateway" in the OWSM Administrator's Guide 10g at: http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E12524_ 01/web.1013/e12575/gateways.htm
3	Navigate to the OWSM Test page and enter the virtualized URL of the web service.	
4	Select the Include Header checkbox against WS-Security and provide valid credentials.	
5	Invoke the web service.	

Table 2–20 Configuring the OWSM 10g Client

2.8.2 Configuring an OWSM 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 10*g* web service and an OWSM 12*c* client to implement username token over SSL:

- Table 2–21, " Configuring the OWSM 10g Web Service"
- Table 2–22, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Client"

Table 2–21 Configuring the OWSM 10g Web Service

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the server for SSL	"Configuring OC4J and SSL" in Oracle Application Server Containers for J2EE Security Guide at http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/B14099_ 19/web.1012/b14013/configssl.htm
1	Register the web service (above) with the OWSM 10g Gateway.	"Registering Web Services to an OWSM Gateway" in the OWSM Administrator's Guide 10g at: http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E12524_ 01/web.1013/e12575/gateways.htm
3	Attach the following policy steps to the request pipeline:	
	Extract Credentials	
	File Authenticate	
	Note: You can substitute File Authenticate with LDAP Authenticate, Oracle Access Manager Authenticate, Active Directory Authenticate, or SiteMinder Authenticate.	
4	Configure the Extract Credentials policy step in the request pipeline, as follows:	
	 Configure the Credentials Location as WS-BASIC. 	
5	Configure the File Authentication policy step in the request pipeline with the appropriate credentials.	-

Task	Description	More Information	
1	Create a client proxy using the virtualized URL of the web service registered on the OWSM Gateway.		
	Ensure that when generating the client, HTTP is specified in the URL along with the HTTP port number.		
2	Clone the following policy: oracle/wss_username_ token_over_ssl_client_policy.	"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web	
	Edit the policy settings, as follows:	Services Manager	
	 Disable the Include Timestamp configuration setting. 		
	2. Leave the default configuration set for all other configuration settings.		
3	Attach the policy to the web service client.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager	
4	Configure the policy.	"oracle/wss_username_token_over_ssl_client_ policy" in <i>Securing Web Services and Managing</i> <i>Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager</i>	
5	Invoke the web service.		

Table 2–22 Configuring the OWSM 12c Client

2.9 SAML Token (Sender Vouches) Over SSL (WS-Security 1.0)

This section tells how to implement SAML token (sender vouches) over SSL that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard, in the following interoperability scenarios:

- "Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an OWSM 10g Client" on page 2-17
- "Configuring an OWSM 10g Web Service and OWSM 12c Client" on page 2-19

For more information about:

- Configuring SSL on WebLogic Server, see "Configuring Transport-Level Security (SSL)" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.
- Configuring SSL on OC4J, see http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/B14099_ 19/web.1012/b14013/configssl.htm.

2.9.1 Configuring an OWSM 12*c* Web Service and an OWSM 10*g* Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and an OWSM 10*g* client to implement SAML token (sender vouches) over SSL that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 2–23, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 2–24, "Configuring the OWSM 10g Client"

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the server for two-way SSL.	"Configuring Transport-Level Security (SSL)" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
2	Clone the following policy: oracle/wss_saml_ token_over_ssl_service_policy.	"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
	Edit the policy settings, as follows:	
	 Disable the Include Timestamp configuration setting. 	
3	Attach the policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Table 2–23 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Table 2–24	Configuring the	OWSM 10g Client
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Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the server for two-way SSL.	"Configuring OC4J and SSL" in Oracle Application Server Containers for J2EE Security Guide at http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/B14099_ 19/web.1012/b14013/configssl.htm
2	Register the web service (above) with the OWSM 10g Gateway.	"Registering Web Services to an OWSM Gateway" in the OWSM Administrator's Guide 10g at: http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E12524_ 01/web.1013/e12575/gateways.htm
3	Attach the following policy steps to the request pipeline:	
	Extract Credentials	
	 SAML—Insert WSS 1.0 Sender-Vouches Token 	
4	Configure the Extra Credentials policy step in the request pipeline, as follows:	
	 Configure the Credentials Location as WS-BASIC. 	
5	Configure the SAML—Insert WSS 1.0 Sender-Vouches Token policy step in the request pipeline, as follows:	
	 Configure the Subject Name Qualifier as www.oracle.com. 	
	2. Configure the Assertion Issuer as www.oracle.com.	
	3 . Configure the Subject Format as UNSPECIFIED.	
	4 . Configure the Sign the assertion as false.	
6	Navigate to the OWSM Test page and enter the virtualized URL of the web service.	
7	Select Include Header checkbox against WS-Security and provide valid credentials.	
8	Invoke the web service.	
2.9.2 Configuring an OWSM 10g Web Service and OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 10*g* web service and an OWSM 12*c* client to implement SAML token (sender vouches) over SSL that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 2–25, " Configuring the OWSM 10g Web Service"
- Table 2–26, " Configuring the OWSM 12c Client"

Table 2–25 Configuring the OWSM 10g Web Service

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the server for two-way SSL.	"Configuring OC4J and SSL" in Oracle Application Server Containers for J2EE Security Guide at http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/B14099_ 19/web.1012/b14013/configssl.htm
2	Register the web service (above) with the OWSM 10g Gateway.	"Registering Web Services to an OWSM Gateway" in the OWSM Administrator's Guide 10g at: http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E12524_ 01/web.1013/e12575/gateways.htm
3	Attach the policy step: SAML—Verify WSS 1.0 Token	
4	Configure the SAML—Verify WSS 1.0 Token policy step in the request pipeline, as follows:	
	 Under Signature Verification Properties, set Allow signed assertions only to false. 	
	2. Set the Trusted Issuer Name to www.oracle.com.	

Table 2–26 Configuring the OWSM 12c Client

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the server for two-way SSL.	"Configuring SSL on WebLogic Server (Two-Way)" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
2	Create a client proxy using the virtualized URL of the web service registered on the OWSM gateway.	
3	<pre>s:oracle/wss_saml_token_over_ssl_client_ policy.</pre>	"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
	Edit the policy settings, as follows:	
	1. Disable the Include Timestamp configuration setting.	
	2. Leave the default configuration set for all other configuration settings.	
3	Attach the policy to the web service client.	"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
4	Configure the policy.	"oracle/wss_username_token_over_ssl_client_ policy" in <i>Securing Web Services and Managing</i> <i>Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager</i>
5	Invoke the web service.	

Interoperability with Oracle Containers for Java EE (OC4J) 10g Security Environments

This chapter describes the most common Oracle Containers for Java EE (OC4J) 10*g* interoperability scenarios based on the following security requirements: authentication, message protection, and transport.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Overview of Interoperability with OC4J 10g Security Environments
- Anonymous Authentication with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)
- Username Token with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)
- SAML Token (Sender Vouches) with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)
- Mutual Authentication with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)
- Username Token Over SSL
- SAML Token (Sender Vouches) Over SSL (WS-Security 1.0)

3.1 Overview of Interoperability with OC4J 10g Security Environments

In OC4J 10*g*, you configure your security environment, as described in the following documents.

- For information about using Application Server Control to configure the web service, see Oracle Application Server Advanced Web Services Developer's Guide at http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/B31017_01/web.1013/b28975/toc.htm.
- For information about using JDeveloper to develop and configure your client-side application, see *Developing Applications with Oracle JDeveloper*.
- For information about how to modify the XML-based deployment descriptor files, see Oracle Application Server Web Services Security Guide 10g (10.1.3.1.0) at: http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/B31017_01/web.1013/b28976/toc.htm

With OWSM 12*c*, you attach *policies* to web service endpoints. Each policy consists of one or more *assertions*, defined at the domain-level, that define the security requirements. A set of predefined policies and assertions are provided out-of-the-box.

For more information about:

• OWSM predefined policies, see "Predefined Policies" in *Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.*

 Configuring and attaching OWSM 12c policies, see "Securing Web Services" and "Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.

Table 3–2 and Table 3–2 summarize the most common OC4J 10g interoperability scenarios based on the following security requirements: authentication, message protection, and transport.

Note: In the following scenarios, ensure that you are using a keystore with v3 certificates. By default, the JDK 1.5 keytool generates keystores with v1 certificates.

Identity Token	WS-Security Version	Message Protection	Transport Security	Service Policy	Client Policy
Anonymous	1.0	Yes	No	oracle/wss10_ message_protection_ service_policy	See Table 3–4 , " Configuring the OC4J 10g Client" on page 3-4
Username	1.0	Yes	No	oracle/wss10_ username_token_with_ message_protection_ service_policy	See Table 3–10, " Configuring the OC4J 10g Client" on page 3-8
SAML	1.0	Yes	No	oracle/wss10_saml_ token_with_message_ protection_service_ policy	See Table 3–16, " Configuring the OC4J 10g Client" on page 3-12
Mutual Authentication	1.0	Yes	No	oracle/wss10_x509_ token_with_message_ protection_service_ policy	See Table 3–22, " Configuring the OC4J 10g Client" on page 3-16
Username over SSL	1.0 and 1.1	No	Yes	oracle/wss_username_ token_over_ssl_ service_policy	See Table 3–28, " Configuring the OC4J 10g Client" on page 3-20
				OR	
				oracle/wss_saml_or_ username_token_over_ ssl_service_policy	
SAML over SSL	1.0 and 1.1	No	Yes	oracle/wss_saml_ token_over_ssl_ service_policy	See Table 3–34, " Configuring the OC4J 10g Client" on page 3-26
				OR	
				oracle/wss_saml_or_ username_token_over_ ssl_service_policy	

Table 3–1 OWSM 12c Service Policy and Oracle OC4J 10g Client Policy Interoperability

	WS-Security	Message	Transport		
Identity Token	Version	Protection	Security	Service Policy	Client Policy
Anonymous	1.0	Yes	No	See Table 3–6, " Configuring the OC4J 10g Web Service" on page 3-5	oracle/wss10_message_ protection_client_ policy
Username	1.0	Yes	No	See Table 3–12, " Configuring the OC4J 10g Web Service" on page 3-10	oracle/wss10_username_ token_with_message_ protection_client_ policy
SAML	1.0	Yes	No	See Table 3–18, " Configuring the OC4J 10g Web Service" on page 3-13	oracle/wss10_saml_ token_with_message_ protection_client_ policy
Mutual Authentication	1.0	Yes	No	See Table 3–24, " Configuring the OC4J 10g Web Service" on page 3-17	oracle/wss10_x509_ token_with_message_ protection_client_ policy
Username over SSL	1.0 and 1.1	No	Yes	See Table 3–30, " Configuring the OC4J 10g Web Service" on page 3-21	oracle/wss_username_ token_over_ssl_client_ policy
SAML over SSL	1.0 and 1.1	No	Yes	See Table 3–36, " Configuring the OC4J 10g Web Service" on page 3-25	oracle/wss_saml_token_ over_ssl_client_policy

Table 3–2 Oracle OC4J 10g Service Policy and OWSM 12c Client Policy Interoperability

3.2 Anonymous Authentication with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)

This section tells how to implement anonymous authentication with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard, in the following interoperability scenarios:

- "Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an OC4J 10g Client"
- "Configuring an OC4J 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client"

3.2.1 Configuring an OWSM 12*c* Web Service and an OC4J 10*g* Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and an OWSM 10*g* client to implement anonymous authentication with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 3–3, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 3–4, " Configuring the OC4J 10g Client"

Table 3–3 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a web service application.	
2	Attach the following policy to the entry point of the web service: oracle/wss10_message_protection_ service_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Table 3–4	Configuring	the OC4J	10g Client
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Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy for the web service (discussed in Table 3–3) using Oracle JDeveloper.	"Developing and Securing Web Services" in Developing Applications with Oracle JDeveloper.
2	Use the Oracle JDeveloper wizard to secure the proxy by right-clicking on the proxy project and selecting Secure Proxy .	
3	Click Authentication in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following options:	
	 Select No Authentication. 	
4	Click Inbound Integrity in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following options:	
	• Select Verify Inbound Signed Request Body.	
	 Select Verify Timestamp and Creation Time Required in Timestamp. 	
	• Enter the Expiration Time (in seconds).	
	 Select all options under Acceptable Signature Algorithms. 	
5	Click Outbound Integrity in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following options:	
	• Select Sign Outbound Messages.	
	 Select Add Timestamp to Outbound Messages and Creation Time Required in Timestamp. 	
	• Enter the Expiration Time (in seconds).	
6	Click Inbound Confidentiality in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following options:	
	• Select Decrypt Inbound Message Content.	
	 Select all options under Acceptable Signature Algorithms. 	
7	Click Outbound Confidentiality in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following options:	
	• Select Encrypt Outbound Messages.	
	• Set the Algorithm to AES-128 .	
8	Click Keystore Options in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and configure the keystore properties, as required.	
	Ensure that you are using keystore with v3 certificates. By default, the JDK 1.5 keytool generates keystores with v1 certificates.	
9	Click OK to close the wizard.	
10	In the Structure pane, click <appname>Binding_</appname> Stub.xml and edit the file as described in next section.	
11	Invoke the web service method from the client.	

Task	Description
1	Provide the keystore password and sign and encryption key passwords.
2	In the inbound signature, specify the following:
	<inbound><verify-signature><tbs-elements> <tbs-element name-space="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity- utility-1.0.xsd" local-part="Timestamp" /></tbs-element </tbs-elements></verify-signature></inbound>
3	In the outbound signature, specify that the timestamp should be signed, as follows:
	<pre><outbound>/<signature>/<tbs-elements> <tbs-element local-part="Timestamp" name-space="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity -utility-1.0.xsd"></tbs-element></tbs-elements></signature></outbound></pre>
4	In the outbound encryption, specify the key transport algorithm, as follows: <outbound><encrypt> <keytransport-method>RSA-OAEP-MGF1P</keytransport-method></encrypt></outbound>

Table 3–5 Editing the <appname>Binding_Stub.xml File

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3.2.2 Configuring an OC4J 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OC4J 10*g* web service and an OWSM 12*c* client to implement anonymous authentication with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 3–6, "Configuring the OC4J 10g Web Service"
- Table 3–7, " Configuring the OWSM 12c Client"

Table 3–6 Configuring the OC4J 10g Web Service

Task	Description			
1	Create and deploy a web service application.			
2	Use Application Server Control to secure the deployed web service.			
3	Click Authentication tab and ensure that no options are selected.			
4	Click Integrity tab of the Inbound Policies page and set the following options:			
	 Select Require Message Body to Be Signed. 			
	 Select Verify Timestamp and Creation Time Required in Timestamp. 			
	• Enter the Expiration Time (in seconds).			
5	Click Integrity tab of the Outbound Policies page and set the following options:			
	Select Sign Body Element of Message.			
	• Set the Signature Method to RSA-SHA1 .			
	 Select Add Timestamp and Creation Time Required in Timestamp. 			
	• Enter the Expiration Time (in seconds).			
6	Click Confidentiality tab of the Inbound Policies page and set the following options:			
	 Select Require Encryption of Message Body. 			

Table 3–6	(Cont.)	Configuring the O	C4J 10g Web Service
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Task	Description	
7	Click Confidentiality tab of the Outbound Policies page and set the following options:	
	 Select Encrypt Body Element of Message. 	
	• Set the Encryption Method to AES-128 .	
	 Set the public key to encrypt. 	
8	Configure the keystore properties and identity certificates.	
	Ensure that you are using keystore with v3 certificates. By default, the JDK 1.5 keytool generates keystores with v1 certificates.	
9	Edit the wsmgmt.xml deployment descriptor file, as described in Table 3–8, " Editing the wsmgmt.xml File".	

 Table 3–7
 Configuring the OWSM 12c Client

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy for the OC4J 10g web service.	
2	Attach the following policy: oracle/wss10_ message_protection_client_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
3	Configure the policy.	"oracle/wss10_username_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy" in <i>Securing Web Services</i> and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
4	Invoke the web service method from the client.	

 Table 3–8
 Editing the wsmgmt.xml File

Task	Description	More Information
1	Locate the wsmgmt.xml File under ORACLE_ HOME/j2ee/oc4j_instance/config.	"Understanding the Web Services Management Schema" in Oracle® Application Server Advanced Web Services Developer's Guide
	configuration file, which holds the entire security configuration for the web services deployed in an OC4J instance.	,

Description	More Information
In the inbound signature, specify the following:	
<pre><inbound><verify-signature><tbs-elements> <tbs-element local-part="Timestamp" name-space="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2 004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity -utility-1.0.xsd"></tbs-element></tbs-elements></verify-signature></inbound></pre>	
To day and the second standard second se	
In the outbound signature, specify that the timestamp should be signed, as follows:	-
<pre><outbound>/<signature>/<tbs-elements> <tbs-element #ingstamp"="" name-space="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2 004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity utility 1.0 und#_logal_part="></tbs-element></tbs-elements></signature></outbound></pre>	
In the outbound encryption, specify the key transport algorithm, as follows:	
<outbound><encrypt> <keytransport-method>RSA-OAEP-MGF1Psport-method></keytransport-method></encrypt></outbound>	
	<pre>Description In the inbound signature, specify the following: <inbound><verify-signature><tbs-elements> <tbs-element local-part="Timestamp" name-space="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2 004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity -utility-1.0.xsd"></tbs-element> In the outbound signature, specify that the timestamp should be signed, as follows: <outbound>/<signature>/<tbs-elements> <tbs-element local-part="Timestamp" name-space="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2 004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity -utility-1.0.xsd"></tbs-element> In the outbound encryption, specify the key transport algorithm, as follows: <outbound><curve of="" state="" td="" the="" the<=""></curve></outbound></tbs-elements></signature></outbound></tbs-elements></verify-signature></inbound></pre>

Table 3–8 (Cont.) Editing the wsmgmt.xml File

3.3 Username Token with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)

This section tells how to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- "Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an OC4J 10g Client" on page 3-7
- "Configuring an OC4J 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client" on page 3-9

3.3.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an OC4J 10g Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and an OC4J 10*g* client to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 3–3, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 3–4, " Configuring the OC4J 10g Client"

Table 3–9 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create an OWSM 12 <i>c</i> web service.	
2	Attach the following policy to the web service: oracle/wss10_username_token_with_message_ protection_service_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Table 3–10 Configuring the OC4J 10g C

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy for the web service (above) using Oracle JDeveloper.	"Developing and Securing Web Services" in Developing Applications with Oracle JDeveloper.
2	Specify the username and password in the client proxy, as follows:	
	<pre>port.setUsername(<username>) port.setPassword(<password>)</password></username></pre>	
3	Use the Oracle JDeveloper wizard to secure the proxy by right-clicking on the proxy project and selecting Secure Proxy .	
4	Click Authentication in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following options:	
	 Select Use Username to Authenticate. 	
	• Deselect Add Nonce and Add Creation Time.	
5	Click Inbound Integrity in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following options:	
	• Select Verify Inbound Signed Request Body.	
	 Select Verify Timestamp and Creation Time Required in Timestamp. 	
	• Enter the Expiration Time (in seconds).	
	 Select all options under Acceptable Signature Algorithms. 	
6	Click Outbound Integrity in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following options:	
	• Select Sign Outbound Messages.	
	 Select Add Timestamp to Outbound Messages and Creation Time Required in Timestamp. 	
	• Enter the Expiration Time (in seconds).	
7	Click Inbound Confidentiality in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following options:	
	• Select Decrypt Inbound Message Content.	
	 Select all options under Acceptable Signature Algorithms. 	
8	Click Outbound Confidentiality in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following options:	
	• Select Encrypt Outbound Messages.	
	• Set the Algorithm to AES-128 .	
9	Click Keystore Options in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and configure the keystore properties, as required.	
	Ensure that you are using keystore with v3 certificates. By default, the JDK 1.5 keytool generates keystores with v1 certificates.	

Tack	Description	More Information	
Idak	Description		
10	Click OK to close the wizard.		
11	In the Structure pane, click <appname>Binding_</appname> Stub.xml and edit the file, as described in Table 3–11, "Editing the <appname>Binding_ Stub.xml File".</appname>	_	
12	Invoke the web service.		

Table 3–10 (Cont.) Configuring the OC4J 10g Client

Table 3–11 Editing the <appname>Binding_Stub.xml File

Task	Description		
1	Provide the keystore password and sign and encryption key passwords.		
2	In the inbound signature, specify the following:		
	<inbound><verify-signature><tbs-elements> <tbs-element name-space="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity -utility-1.0.xsd" local-part="Timestamp" /> </tbs-element </tbs-elements></verify-signature></inbound>		
3	In the outbound signature, specify that the timestamp and UsernameToken should be signed, as follows:		
	<pre><outbound>/<signature>/<tbs-elements> </tbs-elements></signature></outbound></pre>		
	<pre>ctbs=element name-space="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity- utility-1.0.xsd" local-part="Timestamp"/> the slement</pre>		
	<tps-element name-space="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity -secext-1.0.xsd" local-part="UsernameToken"/></tps-element 		
4	In the outbound encryption, specify the key transport algorithm, as follows:		
	<outbound><encrypt> <keytransport-method>RSA-OAEP-MGF1P</keytransport-method></encrypt></outbound>		

```
...
```

5 In the outbound encryption, specify that the UsernameToken should be encrypted, as follows:

```
<outbound>/<encrypt>/<tbe-elements>
<tbe-element local-part="UsernameToken"
name-space="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity
-secext-1.0.xsd" mode="CONTENT"/>
...
```

3.3.2 Configuring an OC4J 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OC4J 10g web service and an OWSM 12*c* client to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 3–12, "Configuring the OC4J 10g Web Service"
- Table 3–13, "Configuring the OWSM 02c Client"

10.010		
Task	Description	
1	Create and deploy a JAX-RPC web service on OC4J.	
2	Use Application Server Control to secure the deployed web service.	
3	Click Authentication tab and set the following options:	
	Select Use Username/Password Authentication.	
	• Set Password to Plain Text .	
4	Click Integrity tab in Inbound Policies page and set the following options:	
	Select Require Message Body to Be Signed.	
	 Select Verify Timestamp and Creation Time Required in Timestamp. 	
	• Enter the Expiration Time (in seconds).	
5	Click Integrity tab in Outbound Policies page and set the following options:	
	Select Sign Body Element of Message.	
	• Set the Signature Method to RSA-SHA1 .	
	 Select Add Timestamp and Creation Time Required in Timestamp. 	
	• Enter the Expiration Time (in seconds).	
6	Click Confidentiality tab in the Inbound Policies page and set the following options:	
	Select Require Encryption of Message Body.	
7	Click Confidentiality tab in the Outbound Policies page and set the following options:	
	Select Encrypt Body Element of Message.	
	• Set the Encryption Method to AES-128 .	
	• Set the public key to encrypt.	
8	Configure the keystore properties and identity certificates.	
	Ensure that you are using keystore with v3 certificates. By default, the JDK 1.5 keytool generates keystores with v1 certificates.	
9	Edit the wsmgmt.xml deployment descriptor file, as described in Table 3–14, "Editing the wsmgmt.xml File".	

Table 3–12 Configuring the OC4J 10g Web Service

Table 3–13 Configuring the OWSM 02c Client

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy for the OC4J 10g web service.	
2	Attach the following policy: oracle/wss10_ username_token_with_message_protection_ client_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
3	Configure the policy.	"oracle/wss10_username_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy" in <i>Securing Web Services</i> and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
4	Invoke the web service method from the client.	

Task	Description	
1	Find the wsmgmt.xml file under ORACLE_HOME/j2ee/oc4j_instance/config/.	
2	In the inbound signature, specify the following:	
	<inbound><verify-signature><tbs-elements> <tbs-element name-space="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity -utility-1.0.xsd" local-part="Timestamp"/> </tbs-element </tbs-elements></verify-signature></inbound>	
3	<pre>In the outbound signature, specify that the timestamp should be signed, as follows: <outbound>/<signature>/<tbs-elements> <tbs-element local-part="Timestamp" name-space="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity -utility-1.0.xsd"></tbs-element> </tbs-elements></signature></outbound></pre>	
4	In the outbound encryption, specify that the UsernameToken should be encrypted, as follows: <outbound>/<encrypt>/<tbe-elements> <tbe-element <br="" local-part="UsernameToken">name-space="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity</tbe-element></tbe-elements></encrypt></outbound>	

Table 3–14 Editing the wsmgmt.xml File

. . .

3.4 SAML Token (Sender Vouches) with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)

This section tells how to implement SAML token sender vouches with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard, the following interoperability scenarios:

- "Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an OC4J 10g Client" on page 3-11
- "Configuring an OC4J 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client" on page 3-13

3.4.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an OC4J 10g Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and an OC4J 10*g* client to implement SAML token sender vouches with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 3–15, " Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 3–16, "Configuring the OC4J 10g Client"

Table 3–15 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create an OWSM 12 <i>c</i> web service.	
2	Attach the following policy to the web service: oracle/wss10_saml_tokenwith_message_ protection_service_policy	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy for the web service (above) using Oracle JDeveloper.	"Developing and Securing Web Services" in Developing Applications with Oracle JDeveloper.
2	Use the Oracle JDeveloper wizard to secure the proxy by right-clicking on the proxy project and selecting Secure Proxy .	
3	Click Authentication in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following options:	
	• Select Use SAML Token.	
	Click SAML Details.	
	 Select Sender Vouches Confirmation and Use Signature. 	
	 Enter the username that needs to be propagated as the Default Subject Name. 	
	 Enter www.oracle.com as the Default Issuer Name. 	
4	Click Inbound Integrity in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following options:	
	• Select Verify Inbound Signed Request Body.	
	 Select Verify Timestamp and Creation Time Required in Timestamp. 	
	• Enter the Expiration Time (in seconds).	
	 Select all options under Acceptable Signature Algorithms. 	
5	Click Outbound Integrity in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following options:	
	 Select Sign Outbound Messages. 	
	 Select Add Timestamp to Outbound Messages and Creation Time Required in Timestamp. 	
	• Enter the Expiration Time (in seconds).	
6	Click Inbound Confidentiality in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following options:	
	Select Decrypt Inbound Message Content.	
	 Select all options under Acceptable Signature Algorithms. 	
7	Click Outbound Confidentiality in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following options:	
	 Select Encrypt Outbound Messages. 	
	• Set the Algorithm to AES-128 .	
8	Click Keystore Options in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and configure the keystore properties, as required.	
	Ensure that you are using keystore with v3 certificates. By default, the JDK 1.5 keytool generates keystores with v1 certificates.	

Table 3–16 Configuring the OC4J 10g Client

Task	Description	More Information
9	Click OK to close the wizard.	
10	In the Structure pane, click <appname>Binding_</appname> Stub.xml and edit the file, as described in Table 3–17, "Editing the <appname>Binding_ Stub.xml File".</appname>	
11	Invoke the web service method.	

Table 3–16 (Cont.) Configuring the OC4J 10g Client

Table 3–17 Editing the <appname>Binding_Stub.xml File

Task	Description	
1	Provide the keystore password and sign and encryption key passwords.	
2	In the inbound signature, specify the following:	
	<inbound><verify-signature><tbs-elements> <tbs-element name-space="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity -utility-1.0.xsd" local-part="Timestamp" /> </tbs-element </tbs-elements></verify-signature></inbound>	
3	In the outbound signature, specify that the timestamp should be signed, as follows: <outbound>/<signature>/<tbs-elements> <tbs-element name-spage="http://docs.ossig-open.org/wss/2004/01/ossig-200401-wss-wssogurity.</tbs-element </tbs-elements></signature></outbound>	

```
name-space="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity
-utility-1.0.xsd" local-part="Timestamp"/>
...
```

4 In the outbound encryption, specify the key transport algorithm, as follows:

<outbound><encrypt> <keytransport-method>RSA-OAEP-MGF1P</keytransport-method> ...

3.4.2 Configuring an OC4J 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OC4J 10g web service and an OWSM 12*c* client to implement SAML token sender vouches with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 3–18, " Configuring the OC4J 10g Web Service"
- Table 3–19, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Client"

Table 3–18Configuring the OC4J 10g Web Service

Task	Description	
1	Create and deploy a JAX-RPC web service on OC4J.	
2	Use the Application Server Control to secure the deployed web service.	
3	Click Authentication in navigation bar and set the following options:	
Select Use SAML Authentication.		
	 Select Accept Sender Vouches. 	
	Deselect Verify Signature.	

Task	Description	
4	Click Inbound Integrity in the navigation bar and set the following option:	
	Select Require Message Body To Be Signed.	
	 Select Verify Timestamp and Creation Time Required in Timestamp. 	
	• Enter the Expiration Time (in seconds).	
5	Click Outbound Integrity in the navigation bar and select the following options:	
	Select Sign Body Element of Message.	
	• Set the Signature Method to RSA-SHA1 .	
	 Select Add Timestamp and Creation Time Required in Timestamp. 	
	• Enter the Expiration Time (in seconds).	
6	Click Inbound Confidentiality in the navigation bar and set the following option:	
	 Deselect Require Encryption of Message Body. 	
7	Click Outbound Confidentiality in the navigation bar and set the following option:	
	 Select Encrypt Body Element of Message. 	
	• Set the Encryption Method to AES-128 .	
	• Set the public key to encrypt.	
8	Configure the keystore properties and identity certificates.	
	Ensure that you are using keystore with v3 certificates. By default, the JDK 1.5 keytool generates keystores with v1 certificates.	
9	Edit the wsmgmt.xml deployment descriptor file, as described in Table 3–20, "Editing the wsmgmt.xml File".	
10	Invoke the web service.	

Table 3–18 (Cont.) Configuring the OC4J 10g Web Service

Table 3–19 Configuring the OWSM 12c Client

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy for the OC4J 10g web service.	
2	Attach the following policy: oracle/wss10_saml_ token_with_message_protection_client_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
3	Configure the policy.	"oracle/wss10_saml_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy" in <i>Securing Web Services</i> and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
4	Invoke the web service method from the client.	

Task	Description	
1	Find the wsmgmt.xml file in ORACLE_HOME/j2ee/oc4j_instance/config.	
2	In the inbound signature, specify the following:	
	<inbound><verify-signature><tbs-elements> <tbs-element name-space="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity -utility-1.0.xsd" local-part="Timestamp"/> </tbs-element </tbs-elements></verify-signature></inbound>	
3	<pre>In the outbound signature, specify that the timestamp should be signed, as follows: <outbound>/<signature>/<tbs-elements> <tbs-element local-part="Timestamp" name-space="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity -utility-1.0.xsd"></tbs-element> </tbs-elements></signature></outbound></pre>	
4	In the outbound encryption, specify that the UsernameToken should be encrypted, as follows: <outbound>/<encrypt>/<tbe-elements> <tbe-element <br="" local-part="UsernameToken">name-space="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity -secert-1.0.xsd" mode="CONTENT"/></tbe-element></tbe-elements></encrypt></outbound>	

Table 3–20 Editing the wsmgmt.xml File

```
. . .
```

3.5 Mutual Authentication with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)

This section tells how to implement mutual authentication with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard, the following interoperability scenarios:

- "Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an OC4J 10g Client" on page 3-15
- "Configuring an OC4J 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client" on page 3-17

3.5.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an OC4J 10g Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and an OC4J 10*g* client to implement mutual authentication with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 3–21, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 3–22, "Configuring the OC4J 10g Client"

Table 3–21 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a web service application.	
2	Attach the following policy to the web service: oracle/wss10_x509_token_with_message_ protection_service_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Table 3–22 Configuring the OC4J 10g Client

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy for the web service (above) using Oracle JDeveloper.	"Developing and Securing Web Services" in Developing Applications with Oracle JDeveloper.
2	Use the Oracle JDeveloper wizard to secure the proxy by right-clicking on the proxy project and selecting Secure Proxy .	
3	Click Authentication in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following options:	
	 Select Use X509 To Authenticate. 	
4	Click Inbound Integrity in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following options:	
	• Select Verify Inbound Signed Request Body.	
	 Select Verify Timestamp and Creation Time Required in Timestamp. 	
	• Enter the Expiration Time (in seconds).	
	 Select all options under Acceptable Signature Algorithms. 	
5	Click Outbound Integrity in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following options:	
	 Select Sign Outbound Messages. 	
	 Select Add Timestamp to Outbound Messages and Creation Time Required in Timestamp. 	
	• Enter the Expiration Time (in seconds).	
6	Click Inbound Confidentiality in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following options:	
	 Select Decrypt Inbound Message Content. 	
	 Select all options under Acceptable Signature Algorithms. 	
7	Click Outbound Confidentiality in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following options:	
	 Select Encrypt Outbound Messages. 	
	• Set the Algorithm to AES-128 .	
8	Click Keystore Options in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and configure the keystore properties, as required.	
	Ensure that you are using keystore with v3 certificates. By default, the JDK 1.5 keytool generates keystores with v1 certificates.	
9	Click OK to close the wizard.	-
10	In the Structure pane, click <appname>Binding_</appname> Stub.xml and edit the file, as describe in Table 3–23, " Editing the <appname>Binding_Stub.xml File".</appname>	
11	Invoke the web service.	
-		

Task	Description	
1	Provide the keystore password and sign and encryption key passwords.	
2	In the inbound signature, specify the following:	
	<inbound><verify-signature><tbs-elements> <tbs-element name-space="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity -utility-1.0.xsd" local-part="Timestamp" /> </tbs-element </tbs-elements></verify-signature></inbound>	
3	<pre>In the outbound signature, specify that the timestamp should be signed, as follows: <outbound>/<signature>/<tbs-elements> <tbs-element local-part="Timestamp" name-space="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity -utility-1.0.xsd"></tbs-element> </tbs-elements></signature></outbound></pre>	
4	In the outbound encryption, specify the key transport algorithm, as follows: <outbound><encrypt> <keytransport-method>RSA-OAEP-MGF1P</keytransport-method></encrypt></outbound>	

Table 3–23 Editing the <appname>Binding_Stub.xml File

. . .

3.5.2 Configuring an OC4J 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OC4J 10*g* web service and an OWSM 12*c* client to implement mutual authentication with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 3–24, " Configuring the OC4J 10g Web Service"
- Table 3–25, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Client"

Table 3–24 Configuring the OC4J 10g Web Service

Task	Description	
1	Create and deploy a JAX-RPC web service on OC4J.	
2	Use the Application Server Control to secure the deployed web service.	
3	Click Authentication tab and set the following options:	
	Select Use X509 Certificate Authentication.	
4	Click Integrity tab of the Inbound Policies page and set the following options:	
	 Select Require Message Body to Be Signed. 	
	 Select Verify Timestamp and Creation Time Required in Timestamp. 	
	• Enter the Expiration Time (in seconds).	
5	Click Integrity tab of the Outbound Policies page and set the following options:	
	 Select Sign Body Element of Message. 	
	• Set the Signature Method to RSA-SHA1 .	
	 Select Add Timestamp and Creation Time Required in Timestamp. 	
	Fates the Factor from The states (in second)	

• Enter the **Expiration Time** (in seconds).

Table 3–24 (Cont.) Configuring the OC4J 10g Web Service

Task	sk Description Click Confidentiality tab of the Inbound Policies page and set the following options:	
6		
	 Select Require Encryption of Message Body. 	
7	Click Confidentiality tab of the Outbound Policies page and set the following options:	
	Select Encrypt Body Element of Message.	
	• Set the Encryption Method to AES-128 .	
	 Set the public key to encrypt. 	
8	Configure the keystore properties and identity certificates.	
	Ensure that you are using keystore with v3 certificates. By default, the JDK 1.5 keytool generates keystores with v1 certificates.	
9	Edit the wsmgmt.xml deployment descriptor file, as described in Table 3–26, "Editing the wsmgmt.xml File".	

Table 3–25 Configuring the OWSM 12c Client

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy to the OC4J 10g web service.	
2	Attach the following policy: oracle/wss10_x509_ token_with_message_protection_client_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
3	Configure the policy.	"oracle/wss10_x509_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy" in <i>Securing Web Services</i> and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
4	Invoke the web service.	

Table 3–26 Editing the wsmgmt.xml File

Task	Description
1	Find the wsmgmt.xml file under ORACLE_HOME/j2ee/oc4j_instance/config/.

Table 3–26 (Cont.) Editing the wsmgmt.xml File

Task	Description
2	In the inbound signature, specify the following:
	<pre><inbound><verify-signature><tbs-elements> <tbs-element local-part="Timestamp" name-space="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity</pre></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>-utility-1.0.xsd"></tbs-element></tbs-elements></verify-signature></inbound></pre>
3	In the outbound signature, specify that the timestamp should be signed, as follows:
	<outbound>/<signature>/<tbs-elements></tbs-elements></signature></outbound>
	<tbs-element< td=""></tbs-element<>
	name-space="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity -utility-1.0.xsd" local-part="Timestamp"/>
4	In the outbound encryption, specify that the UsernameToken should be encrypted, as follows:
	<outbound>/<encrypt>/<tbe-elements></tbe-elements></encrypt></outbound>
	<tbe-element <="" local-part="UsernameToken" td=""></tbe-element>
	name-space="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity
	-SECENC-I.V.ASU MOUE- CONTENT //

3.6 Username Token Over SSL

This section tells how to implement username token over SSL, in the following interoperability scenarios:

- "Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an OC4J 10g Client"
- "Configuring an OC4J 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client"

For information about:

- Configuring SSL on WebLogic Server, see "Configuring Transport-Level Security (SSL)" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.
- Configuring SSL on OC4J, see http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/B14099_ 19/web.1012/b14013/configssl.htm.

3.6.1 Configuring an OWSM 12*c* Web Service and an OC4J 10*g* Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and an OC4J 10*g* client to implement username token over SSL:

- Table 3–27, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 3–28, "Configuring the OC4J 10g Client"

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the server for SSL.	"Configuring Transport-Level Security (SSL)" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
2	Attach one of the following policies to the web service:	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
	oracle/wss_username_token_over_ssl_service_ policy	
	oracle/wss_username_or_saml_token_over_ssl_ service_policy	

Table 3–27 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Table 3–28	Configuring the	OC4J 10g Client
------------	-----------------	-----------------

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy for the web service (above) using Oracle JDeveloper.	"Developing and Securing Web Services" in Developing Applications with Oracle JDeveloper.
	Ensure that the web service endpoint references the URL with HTTPS and SSL port configured on Oracle WebLogic Server.	
2	Add the following code excerpt to initialize two-way SSL (at the beginning of the client proxy code):	
	<pre>HostnameVerifier hv = new HostnameVerifier() httpsURLConnection.setDefaultHostnameVerifie r(hv); System.setProperty("javax.net.ssl.trustStore ","<trust_store>"); System.setProperty("javax.net.ssl.trustStore", "<key_store>"); System.setProperty("javax.net.ssl.keyStore", "<key_store>"); System.setProperty("javax.net.ssl.keyStorePa ssword","<key_store_password>"); System.setProperty("javax.net.ssl.keyStoreTy pe","JKS");</key_store_password></key_store></key_store></trust_store></pre>	
3	Use the Oracle JDeveloper wizard to secure the proxy by right-clicking on the proxy project and selecting Secure Proxy .	
4	Click Authentication in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following options:	
	 Select Use Username to Authenticate. 	
	• Deselect Add Nonce and Add Creation Time.	
5	Click Inbound Integrity in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and deselect all options.	
6	Click Outbound Integrity in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and deselect all options.	
7	Click Inbound Confidentiality in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and deselect all options.	

Task	Description	More Information
8	Click Outbound Confidentiality in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and deselect all options.	
9	Click Keystore Options in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and configure the keystore properties, as required.	
	Ensure that you are using keystore with v3 certificates. By default, the JDK 1.5 keytool generates keystores with v1 certificates.	
10	Click OK to close the wizard.	-
11	In the Structure pane, click <appname>Binding_</appname> Stub.xml and edit the file. as described in. Table 3–29, "Editing the <appname>Binding_ Stub.xml File"</appname>	_
12	Invoke the web service.	

 Table 3–28 (Cont.) Configuring the OC4J 10g Client

Table 3–29 Editing the <appname>Binding_Stub.xml File

Task	Description
1	Provide the keystore password and sign and encryption key passwords.
2	In the outbound signature, specify that the timestamp should be signed, as follows (and remove all other tags):
	<outbound> <signature> <add-timestamp created="true" expiry="<Expiry_Time>"></add-timestamp> </signature> </outbound>

3.6.2 Configuring an OC4J 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OC4J 10*g* web service and an OWSM 12*c* client to implement username token over SSL:

- Table 3–30, "Configuring the OC4J 10g Web Service"
- Table 3–31, " Configuring the OWSM 12c Client"

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the server for SSL.	http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/B14099_ 19/web.1012/b14013/configssl.htm
2	Use the Application Server Control to secure the deployed web service.	
3	Click Authentication tab and set the following options:	
	 Select Use Username/Password Authentication. 	
4	Click Integrity tab of the Inbound Policies page and deselect all options.	

Table 3–30 Configuring the OC4J 10g Web Service

Task	Description	More Information
5	Click Integrity tab of the Outbound Policies page and deselect all options.	-
6	Click Confidentiality tab of the Inbound Policies page and deselect all options.	
7	Click Confidentiality tab of the Outbound Policies page and deselect all options.	
8	Edit the wsmgmt.xml deployment descriptor file, as described in Table 3–32, "Editing the wsmgmt.xml File".	

Table 3–30 (Cont.) Configuring the OC4J 10g Web Service

 Table 3–31
 Configuring the OWSM 12c Client

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy to the OC4J 10g web service using clientgen.	
	Ensure that the web service endpoint references the URL with HTTPS and SSL port configured on Oracle WebLogic Server.	
2	Add the following code excerpt to initialize two-way SSL (at the beginning of the client proxy code):	
	<pre>HostnameVerifier hv = new HostnameVerifier() httpsURLConnection.setDefaultHostnameVerifie r(hv);</pre>	
	<pre>System.setProperty("javax.net.ssl.trustStore ","<trust_store>");</trust_store></pre>	
	<pre>System.setProperty("javax.net.ssl.trustStore Password","<trust_store _password="">");</trust_store></pre>	
	System.setProperty("javax.net.ssl.keyStore", " <key_store>");</key_store>	
	<pre>System.setProperty("javax.net.ssl.keyStorePa ssword","<key_store_password>");</key_store_password></pre>	
	<pre>System.setProperty("javax.net.ssl.keyStoreTy pe","JKS");</pre>	
3	Attach the following policy: oracle/wss_username_ token_over_ssl_client_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
4	Configure the policy.	"oracle/wss_username_token_over_ssl_client_ policy" in <i>Securing Web Services and Managing</i> <i>Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager</i>
5	Invoke the web service.	

Task	Description
1	Find the wsmgmt.xml file under ORACLE_HOME/j2ee/oc4j_instance/config/.
2	In the outbound signature, specify that the timestamp should be signed, as follows (and remove all other tags):
	<outbound> <signature> <add-timestamp created="true" expiry="<Expiry_Time>"></add-timestamp> </signature> </outbound>

Table 3–32 Editing the wsmgmt.xml File

3.7 SAML Token (Sender Vouches) Over SSL (WS-Security 1.0)

This section tells how to implement SAML token (sender vouches) over SSL that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard, in the following interoperability scenarios:

- "Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an OC4J 10g Client"
- "Configuring an OC4J 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client"

For information about:

- Configuring SSL on WebLogic Server, see "Configuring Transport-Level Security (SSL)" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.
- Configuring SSL on OC4J, see http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/B14099_ 19/web.1012/b14013/configssl.htm.

3.7.1 Configuring an OWSM 12*c* Web Service and an OC4J 10*g* Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and an OC4J 10*g* client to implement SAML token (sender vouches) over SSL that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 3–33, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 3–34, "Configuring the OC4J 10g Client"

Task	Description	More Information		
1	Configure the server for two-way SSL.	"Configuring SSL on WebLogic Server (Two-Way)" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.		
2	Attach the following policy to the web service:	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager		
	oracle/wss_saml_token_over_ssl_service_ policy			
	oracle/wss_username_or_saml_token_over_ssl_ service_policy			

Table 3–34	Configuring	the OC4J	10g Client
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Task	Description	More Information		
1	Configure the server for two-way SSL.	http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/B14099_ 19/web.1012/b14013/configssl.htm		
2	Create a client proxy for the web service (above) using Oracle JDeveloper.	"Developing and Securing Web Services" in Developing Applications with Oracle JDeveloper.		
	Ensure that the web service endpoint references the URL with HTTPS and SSL port configured on Oracle WebLogic Server.			
3	Add the following code excerpt to initialize two-way SSL (at the beginning of the client proxy code):			
	<pre>HostnameVerifier hv = new HostnameVerifier() httpsURLConnection.setDefaultHostnameVerifie r(hv); System.setProperty("javax.net.ssl.trustStore ","<trust_store>"); System.setProperty("javax.net.ssl.trustStore</trust_store></pre>			
	<pre>Password", "<trust_store _password="">"); System.setProperty("javax.net.ssl.keyStore",</trust_store></pre>			
	<pre>"<key_store>"); System.setProperty("javax.net.ssl.keyStorePa ssword","<key_store_password>"); System.setProperty("javax.net.ssl.keyStoreTy pe","JKS");</key_store_password></key_store></pre>			
4	Use the Oracle JDeveloper wizard to secure the proxy by right-clicking on the proxy project and selecting Secure Proxy .			
5	Click Authentication in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following options:			
	• Select Use SAML Token.			
	Click SAML Details.			
	Select Sender Vouches Confirmation.			
	 Enter a valid username as the Default Subject Name. 			
6	Click Inbound Integrity in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following option:			
	 Deselect Verify Inbound Signed Message Body. 			
7	Click Outbound Integrity in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and deselect all options.			
8	Click Inbound Confidentiality in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following option:			
	Deselect Decrypt Inbound Message Content.			
9	Click Outbound Confidentiality in the Proxy Editor navigation bar and set the following option:			
	 Deselect Encrypt Outbound Message. 			
10	Provide required information for the keystore to be used.			

Teel	Description	Maxa Information		
Task	Description	more information		
11	Click OK to close the wizard.	-		
12	In the Structure pane, click <appname>Binding_</appname> Stub.xml and edit the file, as described in Table 3–35, " Editing the <appname>Binding_ Stub.xml File".</appname>			
13	Invoke the web service.			

Table 3–34 (Cont.) Configuring the OC4J 10g Client

Table 3–35 Editing the <appname>Binding_Stub.xml File

Task	Description		
1	Provide the keystore password and sign and encryption key passwords.		
2	In the outbound signature, specify that the timestamp should be signed, as follows (and remove all other tags):		
	<outbound> <signature> <add-timestamp <br="" created="true">expiry="<expiry_time>"/> </expiry_time></add-timestamp></signature></outbound>		

3.7.2 Configuring an OC4J 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OC4J 10g web service and an OWSM 12c client to implement SAML token (sender vouches) over SSL that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 3–36, "Configuring the OC4J 10g Web Service"
- Table 3–37, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Client"

Table 3–36 Configuring the OC4J 10g Web Service

Task	Description	More Information			
1	Configure the server for two-way SSL.	http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/B14099_ 19/web.1012/b14013/configssl.htm			
2	Use the Application Server Control to secure the deployed web service.				
3	Click Authentication in navigation bar and set the following options:				
	• Select Use SAML Authentication.				
	• Select Accept Sender Vouches.				
	 Deselect Verify Signature. 				
4	Click Integrity tab of the Inbound Policies page and deselect all options.				
5	Click Integrity tab of the Outbound Policies page and deselect all options.				

Task	Description	More Information
6	Click Confidentiality tab of the Inbound Policies page and deselect all options.	
7	Click Confidentiality tab of the Outbound Policies page and deselect all options.	
7	Edit the wsmgmt.xml deployment descriptor file, as described in Table 3–38, " Edit the wsmgmt.xml File".	

 Table 3–36 (Cont.) Configuring the OC4J 10g Web Service

Table 3–37 Configuring the OWSM 12c Client

Task	Description	More Information		
1	Configure the server for two-way SSL.	"Configuring SSL on WebLogic Server (Two-Way)" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager		
2	Create a client proxy to the OC4J 10g web service.			
	Ensure that the web service endpoint references the URL with HTTPS and SSL port configured on Oracle WebLogic Server.			
3	Attach the following policy: oracle/wss_saml_ token_over_ssl_client_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager		
4	Configure the policy.	"oracle/wss_saml_token_over_ssl_client_policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager		
5	Invoke the web service.			

Table 3–38Edit the wsmgmt.xml File

Task	Description Find the wsmgmt.xml file under ORACLE_HOME/j2ee/oc4j_instance/config/,.			
1				
2	In the outbound signature, specify that the timestamp should be signed, as follows (and remove all other tags):			
	<outbound> <signature> <add-timestamp created="true" expiry="<Expiry_Time>"></add-timestamp> </signature> </outbound>			

Interoperability with Oracle WebLogic Server 12c Web Service Security Environments

This chapter describes interoperability of Oracle Web Services Manager (OWSM) with Oracle WebLogic Server 12*c* web service security environments.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Overview of Interoperability with Oracle WebLogic Server 12c Web Service Security Environments
- Username Token With Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)
- Username Token With Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1) and MTOM
- Username Token With Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)
- Username Token Over SSL
- Username Token Over SSL with MTOM
- SAML Token (Sender Vouches) Over SSL
- SAML Token (Sender Vouches) Over SSL with MTOM
- SAML Token 2.0 (Sender Vouches) With Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)
- SAML Token (Sender Vouches) with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)
- SAML Token (Sender Vouches) with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1) and MTOM
- SAML Token (Sender Vouches) with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)
- Mutual Authentication with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)
- Mutual Authentication with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)

4.1 Overview of Interoperability with Oracle WebLogic Server 12*c* Web Service Security Environments

In Oracle Fusion Middleware 12*c*, you can attach both OWSM and Oracle WebLogic Server 12*c* web service policies to WebLogic Java EE web services.

For more information about:

 OWSM predefined policies, see "Predefined Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager. Configuring and attaching OWSM 12c policies, see "Securing Web Services" and "Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.

For more details about the predefined Oracle WebLogic Server 12*c* web service policies, see:

- "Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
- Securing WebLogic Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server

Table 4–1 and Table 4–2 summarize the most common Oracle WebLogic Server 12*c* web service policy interoperability scenarios based on the following security requirements: authentication, message protection, and transport. The tables are organized as follows:

- Table 4–1 describes interoperability scenarios with WebLogic web service policies and OWSM client policies.
- Table 4–2 describes interoperability scenarios with OWSM web service policies and WebLogic web service client policies.

Table 4–1	WebLogic Web Service Policy and OWSM Client Policy Interoperability

Identity Token	WS-Securit y Version	Message Protection	Transport Security	Service Policy Client Policy
Username	1.1	Yes	No	 Wssp1.2-2007-Wss1 oracle/wss11_ .1-UsernameTok username_token_with_ en-Plain-Encry message_protection_ ptedKey-Basic1 client_policy 28.xml
				 Wssp1.2-2007-Sign Body.xml
				 Wssp1.2-2007-Encr yptBody.xml
Username and MTOM	1.1	Yes	No	 Wssp1.2-2007-Wss1 oracle/wss11_ .1-UsernameTok username_token_with_ en-Plain-Encry message_protection_ ptedKey-Basic1 client_policy 28.xml wsmtom_policy Wssp1.2-2007-Sign Body.xml
				 Wssp1.2-2007-Encr yptBody.xml
Username	1.0	Yes	No	 Wssp1.2-wss10_ oracle/wss10_ username_ username_token_with_ token_with_ message_protection_ message_ client_policy protection_ owsm_ policy.xml
				 Wssp1.2-2007-Sign Body.xml
				 Wssp1.2-2007-Encr yptBody.xml

Identity Token	WS-Securit y Version 1.1	Message Protection Yes	Transport Security No	Sei	rvice Policy	Client Policy
SAML 2.0				•	Wssp1.2-wss11_ saml_token_ with_message_ protection_ owsm_ policy.xml	oracle/wss11_saml_ token_with_message_ protection_client_ policy
				•	Wssp1.2-2007-Sign Body.xml	
				•	Wssp1.2-2007-Encr yptBody.xml	
SAML	1.1	Yes	No	•	Wssp1.2-wss11_ saml_token_ with_message_ protection_ owsm_ policy.xml	oracle/wss11_saml_ token_with_message_ protection_client_ policy
				•	Wssp1.2-2007-Sign Body.xml	
				•	Wssp1.2-2007-Encr yptBody.xml	
SAML and MTOM	1.1	Yes	No	•	Wssp1.2-wss11_ saml_token_ with_message_ protection_ owsm_ policy.xml	oracle/wss11_saml_ token_with_message_ protection_client_ policy wsmtom_policy
				•	Wssp1.2-2007-Sign Body.xml	
				•	Wssp1.2-2007-Encr yptBody.xml	

 Table 4–1 (Cont.) WebLogic Web Service Policy and OWSM Client Policy Interoperability

Identity Token	WS-Securit y Version	Message Protection	Transport Security	Sei	rvice Policy	Client Policy
SAML	1.0	Yes	No	•	Wssp1.2-wss10_ saml_token_ with_message_ protection_ owsm_ policy.xml	oracle/wss10_saml_ token_with_message_ protection_client_ policy
				•	Wsspl.2-2007-Sign Body.xml	
				•	Wssp1.2-2007-Encr yptBody.xml	
Mutual Authentication	1.1	Yes	No	•	Wssp1.2-wss11_ x509_token_ with_message_ protection_ owsm_ policy.xml	oracle/wss11_x509_ token_with_message_ protection_client_ policy
				•	Wsspl.2-2007-Sign Body.xml	
				•	Wssp1.2-2007-Encr yptBody.xml	
Mutual Authentication	1.0	Yes	No	•	Wssp1.2-wss10_ x509_token_ with_message_ protection_ owsm_ policy.xml	oracle/wss10_x509_ token_with_message_ protection_client_ policy
				•	Wsspl.2-2007-Sign Body.xml	
				•	Wsspl.2-2007-Encr yptBody.xml	

Table 4–1 (Cont.) WebLogic Web Service Policy and OWSM Client Policy Interoperability

Identity Token	WS-Securit y Version	Message Protection	Transport Security	Service Policy	Client Policy	
Username	1.1	Yes	No	oracle/wss11_ username_token_ with_message_ protection_ service_policy	 Wssp1.2-2007-Wss1.1 -UsernameToken-P lain-EncryptedKe y-Basic128.xml Wssp1.2-2007-SignBo dy.xml Wssp1.2-2007-Encryp tBody.xml 	
Username and MTOM	1.1	Yes	No	oracle/wss11_ username_token_ with_message_ protection_ service_policy	 Wsspl.2-wssl0_ username_token_ with_message_ protection_owsm_ policy.xml 	
					 Wssp1.2-2007-Encryp tBody.xml 	
Username	1.0	Yes	No	oracle/wss10_ username_token_ with_message_ protection_ service_policy	 Wssp1.2-wss10_ username_token_ with_message_ protection_owsm_ policy.xml Wssp1.2-2007-SignBo dy.xml Wssp1.2-2007-Encryp 	
Username over SSL	1.0 and 1.1	No	Yes	oracle/wss_ username_token_ over_ssl_service_ policy	tBody.xml Wssp1.2-2007-Https-U sernameToken-Plain.x ml	
Username over SSL with MTOM	1.0 and 1.1	No	Yes	oracle/wss_ username_token_ over_ssl_service_ policy	Wssp1.2-2007-Https-U sernameToken-Plain.x ml	
SAML over SSL	1.0 and 1.1	No	Yes	oracle/wss_saml_ token_over_ssl_ service_policy	Wssp1.2-2007-Saml1.1 -SenderVouches-Https .xml	
SAML over SSL with MTOM	1.0 and 1.1	No	Yes	oracle/wss_saml_ token_over_ssl_ service_policy	Wssp1.2-2007-Saml1.1 -SenderVouches-Https .xml	
SAML 2.0	1.1	Yes	No	oracle/wss11_saml_ token_with_ message_ protection_ service_policy	 Wssp1.2-wss11_ saml_token_with_ message_ protection_owsm_ policy.xml Wssp1.2-2007-SignBo dy.xml Wssp1.2-2007-Encryp tBody.xml 	

 Table 4–2
 OWSM Web Service Policy and WebLogic Web Service Client Policy Interoperability

Identity Token	WS-Securit y Version	Message Protection	Transport Security	Service Policy	Client Policy
SAML	1.1	Yes	No	oracle/wss11_saml_ token_with_ message_ protection_ service_policy	 Wssp1.2-wss11_ saml_token_with_ message_ protection_owsm_ policy.xml
					■ Wssp1.2-2007-SignBo dy.xml
					 Wsspl.2-2007-Encryp tBody.xml
SAML with MTOM	1.1	Yes	No	oracle/wss11_saml_ token_with_ message_ protection_ service_policy	 Wssp1.2-wss11_ saml_token_with_ message_ protection_owsm_ policy.xml
					 Wssp1.2-2007-SignBo dy.xml
					 Wssp1.2-2007-Encryp tBody.xml
SAML	1.0	Yes	No	oracle/wss10_saml_ token_with_ message_ protection_ service_policy	 Wssp1.2-wss10_ saml_token_with_ message_ protection_owsm_ policy.xml
					 Wssp1.2-2007-SignBo dy.xml
					 Wssp1.2-2007-Encryp tBody.xml
Mutual Authentication	1.1	Yes	No	oracle/wss11_x509_ token_with_ message_ protection_ service_policy	 Wssp1.2-wss11_ x509_token_with_ message_ protection_owsm_ policy.xml
					 Wssp1.2-2007-SignBo dy.xml
					 Wssp1.2-2007-Encryp tBody.xml
Mutual Authentication	1.0	Yes	No	oracle/wss10_x509_ token_with_ message_ protection_ service_policy	 Wssp1.2-wss10_ x509_token_with_ message_ protection_owsm_ policy.xml
					 Wssp1.2-2007-SignBo dy.xml
					 Wssp1.2-2007-Encryp tBody.xml

Table 4–2	(Cont.)	OWSM We	eb Service	Policy ar	nd WebLogie	c Web S	Service (Client Poli	cy Interop	erability
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4.2 Username Token With Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)

This section tells how to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard, in the following interoperability scenarios:

Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Policy

Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

4.2.1 Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Policy

The following instructions tell how to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard and ensure interoperability between the WebLogic web service policy and the OWSM client policy:

- Table 4–3, "Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Policy"
- Table 4–4, " Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Client Policy"

 Table 4–3
 Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Policy

Task	Description	More Information		
1	Create a WebLogic web service.	"Roadmap for Implementing WebLogic (Java EE) Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web Services</i>		
2	Attach the following policies:	"Updating the JWS File with @Policy and @Policies		
	 Wssp1.2-2007-Wss1.1-UsernameToken-Plain-Encr yptedKey-Basic128.xml 	Annotations" in <i>Securing WebLogic Web Services for</i> Oracle WebLogic Server		
	Wssp1.2-2007-SignBody.xml			
	 Wssp1.2-2007-EncryptBody.xml 			
3	Configure identity and trust stores.	"Configure identity and trust" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help		
4	Configure message-level security.	"Configuring Message-Level Security" in		
	Note : You only need to configure the Confidentiality Key for a WS-Security 1.1 policy.	Securing WebLogic Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	 "Create a Web Service security configuration" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help 		
5	Deploy the web service.	"Install a Web Service" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help		

Table 4–4 Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Client Policy

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy for the web service created in Table 4–3 using clientgen or some other mechanism.	"Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web</i> Services
2	Attach the following policy to the web service client: oracle/wss11_username_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
3	Configure the policy.	"oracle/wss11_username_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy" in <i>Securing Web Services</i> and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
4	Specify keystore.recipient.alias in the client configuration.	"oracle/wss11_username_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy" in <i>Securing Web Services</i> and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Task	Description	More Information
5	Ensure that the keystore.recipient.alias keys specified for the client exist as trusted certificate entry in the trust store configured for the web service.	"oracle/wss11_username_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy" in <i>Securing Web Services</i> and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
6	Provide a valid username and password as part of the configuration.	"oracle/wss11_username_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy" in <i>Securing Web Services</i> and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
7	Invoke the web service method from the client.	"Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web</i> Services

Table 4–4 (Cont.) Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Client Policy

4.2.2 Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

The following instructions tell how to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard and ensure interoperability between the OWSM web service policy and the WebLogic web service client policy:

- Table 4–5, "Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy"
- Table 4–6, "Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Client Policy"

Table 4–5 Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create and deploy a web service.	"Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web</i> <i>Services</i>
2	Attach the following policy to the web service: oracle/wss11_username_token_with_message_ protection_service_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Table 4–6	Attaching and	Confiaurina th	e WebLoaic Wel	b Service Client Policv

Task	Description	More Information	
1	Create a client proxy for the web service created in Table 4–5 using clientgen.	"Using the clientgen Ant Task to Generate Client Artifacts" in <i>Developing JAX-WS Web Services for</i> <i>Oracle WebLogic Server</i>	
2	Attach the following policies:	"Updating the JWS File with @Policy and @Policies	
	 Wssp1.2-2007-Wss1.1-UsernameToken-Plain-Encr yptedKey-Basic128.xml 	Annotations" in Securing WebLogic Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server	
	 Wssp1.2-2007-SignBody.xml 		
	 Wssp1.2-2007-EncryptBody.xml 		
3	Provide the configuration for the server (encryption key) in the client.	"Updating a Client Application to Invoke a Message-Secured Web Service" in <i>Securing WebLogic</i> Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server	
	Note: Ensure that the encryption key specified is in accordance with the encryption key configured for the web service.		
4	Invoke the web service method from the client.	"Writing the Java Client Application Code to Invoke a Web Service" in <i>Developing JAX-WS Web Services</i> for Oracle WebLogic Server	
4.3 Username Token With Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1) and MTOM

This section describes how to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard and uses Message Transmission Optimization Mechanism (MTOM), in the following interoperability scenarios:

- Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Policy
- Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

4.3.1 Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Policy

The following instructions tell how to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard and uses Message Transmission Optimization Mechanism (MTOM), and to ensure interoperability between the WebLogic web service policy and the OWSM client policy:

- Table 4–7, "Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Policy"
- Table 4–8, "Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Client Policy"

Table 4–7 Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Policy

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a WebLogic web service.	"Roadmap for Implementing WebLogic (Java EE) Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web Services</i> .
2	Use the @MTOM annotation in the web service.	"Updating the JWS File with @Policy and @Policies Annotations" in <i>Securing WebLogic Web Services for</i> <i>Oracle WebLogic Server</i>

Table 4–8 Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Client Policy

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the client proxy for the web service in Table 4–7 using clientgen or some other mechanism.	Follow the steps described in "Username Token With Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)" on page 4-6.
2	If you did not use the @MTOM annotation in the web service (as described in Table 4–7), attach wsmtom_ policy from the Management tab.	Follow Step 2 in Table 4–4, " Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Client Policy".
		"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

4.3.2 Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

The following instructions tell how to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard and uses Message Transmission Optimization Mechanism (MTOM), and to ensure interoperability between the OWSM web service policy and the WebLogic web service client policy:

- Table 4–9, " Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy"
- Table 4–10, "Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Client Policy"

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the OWSM web service.	Follow the steps in Section 4.2, "Username Token With Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)".
2	Attach wsmtom_policy from the Management tab.	Follow Step 2 of Table 4–4, " Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Client Policy".
		"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Table 4–9 Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy

Table 4–10 Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy for the web service created in Table 4–9 using clientgen.	Follow the steps in Section 4.2, "Username Token With Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)".
2	If you did not attach the wsmtom_policy as described in Table 4–9, use the @MTOM annotation in the web service client.	Follow Step 2 of Table 4–4, " Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Client Policy".

4.4 Username Token With Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)

This section describes how to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard, in the following interoperability scenarios:

- Interoperability with a WebLogic Web Service Policy
- Interoperability with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

Note: WS-Security 1.0 policy is supported for legacy applications only. Use WS-Security 1.1 policy for maximum performance. For more information, see "Username Token With Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)" on page 4-6.

4.4.1 Interoperability with a WebLogic Web Service Policy

The following instructions tell how to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard and ensure interoperability between the WebLogic web service policy and the OWSM client policy:

- Table 4–11, "Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Policy"
- Table 4–12, " Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Client Policy"

Task	Description	More Information	
1	Create a WebLogic web service.	"Roadmap for Implementing WebLogic (Java EE) Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web Services</i>	
2	Attach the following policies:	"Updating the JWS File with @Policy and @Policies	
	 Wssp1.2-2007-SignBody.xml 	Annotations" in Securing WebLogic Web Services for	
	 Wssp1.2-wss10_username_token_with_ message_protection_owsm_policy.xml 	Oracie weblogic Server	
	 Wssp1.2-2007-EncryptBody.xml 		
3	Configure identity and trust stores.	"Configure identity and trust" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help.	
4	Configure message-level security.	"Configuring Message-Level Security" in <i>Securing</i> WebLogic Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server	
		"Create a Web Service security configuration" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help	
5	Deploy the web service.	Deploying Applications to Oracle WebLogic Server.	

 Table 4–11
 Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Policy

Table 4–12	Attaching and	Confiaurina the	OWSM Client Policy
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Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy to the web service created in Table 4–11 using clientgen or some other mechanism.	"Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web</i> Services
2	Attach the following policy to the web service client: oracle/wss10_username_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
3	Configure the policy.	"oracle/wss10_username_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy" in <i>Securing Web Services</i> and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
4	Ensure that you use different keys for client (sign and decrypt key) and keystore recipient alias (server public key used for encryption). Ensure that the recipient alias is in accordance with the keys defined in the web service policy security configuration.	"oracle/wss10_username_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy" in <i>Securing Web Services</i> and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
5	Ensure that the signing and encryption keys specified for the client exist as trusted certificate entries in the trust store configured for the web service.	"oracle/wss10_username_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy" in <i>Securing Web Services</i> and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
6	Provide a valid username and password as part of the configuration.	"oracle/wss10_username_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy" in <i>Securing Web Services</i> and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
7	Invoke the web service method from the client.	"Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web</i> Services

4.4.2 Interoperability with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

The following instructions tell how to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard and ensure interoperability between the OWSM web service policy and the WebLogic web service client policy:

- Table 4–13, "Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy"
- Table 4–14, "Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Client Policy"

Table 4–13 Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a web service.	"Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web</i> <i>Services</i>
2	Attach the following policy to the web service: oracle/wss10_username_token_with_message_ protection_service_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.

Table 4–14 Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy for the web service created in Table 4–13 using clientgen.	"Using the clientgen Ant Task to Generate Client Artifacts" in <i>Developing JAX-WS Web Services for</i> <i>Oracle WebLogic Server</i>
2	 Attach the following policies: Wssp1.2-wss10_username_token_with_message_protection_owsm_policy.xml Wssp1.2-2007-SignBody.xml Wssp1.2-2007-EncryptBody.xml 	"Updating the JWS File with @Policy and @Policies Annotations" in <i>Securing WebLogic Web Services for</i> <i>Oracle WebLogic Server</i>
3	Configure the client for server (encryption key) and client certificates. Note: Ensure that the encryption key specified is in accordance with the encryption key configured for the web service.	"Updating a Client Application to Invoke a Message-Secured Web Service" in <i>Securing WebLogic</i> <i>Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server</i>
4	Invoke the web service method from the client.	"Writing the Java Client Application Code to Invoke a Web Service" in <i>Developing JAX-WS Web Services</i> for Oracle WebLogic Server

4.5 Username Token Over SSL

This section how to implement username token over SSL, in the following interoperability scenario:

Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

4.5.1 Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

The following instructions tell how to implement username token over SSL and ensure interoperability between the OWSM web service policy and the WebLogic web service client policy:

- Table 4–15, " Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy"
- Table 4–16, "Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Client Policy"

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the server for one-way SSL.	"Configuring SSL on WebLogic Server (One-Way)" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
2	Create a web service.	"Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web</i> Services
3	Attach the following policy: oracle/wss_username_ token_over_ssl_service_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

 Table 4–15
 Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy

 Table 4–16
 Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy for the web service created in Table 4–15 using clientgen. Provide a valid username and password as part of the configuration for this policy in the client proxy.	"Using the clientgen Ant Task to Generate Client Artifacts" in <i>Developing JAX-WS Web Services for</i> <i>Oracle WebLogic Server</i>
2	Configure WebLogic Server for SSL.	"Configuring SSL on WebLogic Server (One-Way)" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
3	Configure identity and trust stores.	"Configure identity and trust" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help
4	Attach Wssp1.2-2007-Https-UsernameToken-Plain.xml to the web service client.	"Updating the JWS File with @Policy and @Policies Annotations" in <i>Securing WebLogic Web Services for</i> <i>Oracle WebLogic Server</i>
5	Provide the truststore and other required System properties in the SSL client.	"Using SSL Authentication in Java Clients" in Developing Applications with the WebLogic Security Service
6	Invoke the web service.	"Writing the Java Client Application Code to Invoke a Web Service" in <i>Developing JAX-WS Web Services</i> for Oracle WebLogic Server

4.6 Username Token Over SSL with MTOM

This section describes how to implement username token over SSL with Message Transmission Optimization Mechanism (MTOM), in the following interoperability scenario:

Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

4.6.1 Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

The following instructions tell how to implement username token over SSL with MTOM and ensure interoperability between the OWSM web service policy and the WebLogic web service client policy:

- Table 4–17, "Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy"
- Table 4–18, "Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Client Policy"

Table 4–17 Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the OWSM web service.	Follow the steps in "Username Token With Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)" on page 4-6.

 Table 4–18
 Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

Task	Description	More Information	
1	Create a client proxy for the web service created in Table 4–17.	Follow the steps in "Username Token With Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)" on page 4-6.	
2	Use the @MTOM annotation in the web service client.	"Updating the JWS File with @Policy and @Policies Annotations" in <i>Securing WebLogic Web Services for</i> <i>Oracle WebLogic Server</i>	

4.7 SAML Token (Sender Vouches) Over SSL

This section describes how to implement SAML token sender vouches with SSL, in the following interoperability scenario:

Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

4.7.1 Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

The following instructions tell how to implement SAML token sender vouches with SSL and ensure interoperability between the OWSM web service policy and the WebLogic web service client policy:

- Table 4–19, "Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy"
- Table 4–20, "Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Client Policy"

Table 4–19 Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the oracle/wss_saml_token_over_ssl_ service_policy policy for two-way SSL.	"oracle/wss_saml_token_over_ssl_service_policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
2	Create a web service.	"Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web</i> Services
3	Attach the following policy to the web service: oracle/wss_saml_token_over_ssl_service_ policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.

Table 4–20 Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy for the web service created in Table 4–19 using clientgen.	"Using the clientgen Ant Task to Generate Client Artifacts" in <i>Developing JAX-WS Web Services for</i> <i>Oracle WebLogic Server</i>
2	Configure Oracle WebLogic Server for two-way SSL.	"Configuring SSL on WebLogic Server (Two-Way)" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
3	Configure identity and trust stores.	"Configure identity and trust" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help

Task	Description	More Information	
4	Attach Wssp1.2-2007-Saml1.1-SenderVouches-Https.xml to the web service client.	"Updating the JWS File with @Policy and @Policies Annotations" in <i>Securing WebLogic Web Services for</i> <i>Oracle WebLogic Server</i>	
5	Configure a SAML credential mapping provide.	"Configure Credential Mapping Providers" in Oracle	
	In the WebLogic Server Administration Console, navigate to Security Realms > RealmName > Providers > Credential Mapping page and create a New Credential Mapping Provider of type SAMLCredentialMapperV2.	WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help	
	Select the new provider, click on Provider Specific, and configure it as follows:		
	1. Set Issuer URI to www.oracle.com.		
	2. Set Name Qualifier to www.oracle.com.		
6	Restart Oracle WebLogic Server.	"Accessing Oracle WebLogic Administration Console" in <i>Administering Web Services</i>	
7	Create a SAML relying party.	"Create a SAML 1.1 Relying Party" and "Configure a SAML 1.1 Relying Party" in <i>Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help</i>	
	Set the Profile to WSS/Sender-Vouches.		
8	Configure the SAML relying party.	"Create a SAML 1.1 Relying Party" in Oracle	
	Configure the SAML relying party as follows (leave other values set to the defaults):	WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help	
	 Target URL: <url_used_to_access_web_service></url_used_to_access_web_service> 		
	 Description: <your_description></your_description> 		
	Select the Enabled checkbox and click Save.		
	Ensure the Target URL is set to the URL used for the client web service.		
9	Create a servlet and call the proxy code from the servlet.		
10	Use BASIC authentication so that the authenticated subject can be created.		
11	Provide the truststore and other required System properties in the SSL client.	"Using SSL Authentication in Java Clients" in Developing Applications with the WebLogic Security Service	
12	Invoke the Web application client.	"Writing the Java Client Application Code to Invoke	
	Enter the credentials of the user whose identity is to be propagated using the SAML token.	a Web Service" in Developing JAX-WS Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server	

Table 4–20 (Cont.) Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

4.8 SAML Token (Sender Vouches) Over SSL with MTOM

This section describes how to implement SAML token sender vouches over SSL with MTOM, in the following interoperability scenario:

Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

4.8.1 Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

The following instructions tell how to implement SAML token vouches over SSL with MTOM and ensure interoperability between the OWSM web service policy and the WebLogic web service client policy:

- Table 4–21, "Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy"
- Table 4–22, "Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Client Policy"

 Table 4–21
 Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the OWSM web service.	"SAML Token (Sender Vouches) Over SSL" on page 4-14

Table 4–22 Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the Oracle WebLogic web service client policy.	"SAML Token (Sender Vouches) Over SSL" on page 4-14
2	Use the @MTOM annotation in the web service client.	"Updating the JWS File with @Policy and @Policies Annotations" in <i>Securing WebLogic Web Services for</i> <i>Oracle WebLogic Server</i> .

4.9 SAML Token 2.0 (Sender Vouches) With Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)

This section describes how to implement SAML 2.0 token sender vouches with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard, in the following interoperability scenarios:

- Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Policy
- Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

4.9.1 Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Policy

The following instructions tell how to implement SAML 2.0 token sender vouches with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard and ensure interoperability between the WebLogic web service policy and the OWSM client policy:

- Table 4–23, "Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Policy"
- Table 4–24, "Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Client Policy"

Task	Description	More Information	
1	Create a WebLogic web service.	"Roadmap for Implementing WebLogic (Java EE) Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web Services</i>	
2	Attach the following policies:	"Updating the JWS File with @Policy and @Policies	
	 Wssp1.2-2007-Saml2.0-SenderVouches-Wss1.1.xm 	Annotations" in <i>Securing WebLogic Web Services for</i> Oracle WebLogic Server	
	 Wssp1.2-2007-SignBody.xml 		
	 Wssp1.2-2007-EncryptBody.xml 		
3	Configure the keystore properties for message signing and encryption. The configuration should be in accordance with the keystore used on the server side. Create the trust store out of the keystore by exporting both keys, and trust both of them while importing into trust store. Configure identity and trust stores.	See "Configure identity and trust" in <i>Oracle</i> <i>WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help</i> .	
4	Configure message-level security.	See "Configuring Message-Level Security" in Securing WebLogic Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server	
		"Create a Web Service security configuration" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help	
5	Attach new configuration using the annotation:	"Configuring Message-Level Security" in <i>Securing</i> WebLogic Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server	
	<pre>@WssConfiguration(value="<my_security_ configuration>") where <my_security_ configuration> is the name of the Web Security Configuration created in Step 4.</my_security_ </my_security_ </pre>		
6	Deploy the web service.	See Deploying Applications to Oracle WebLogic Server.	
7	Create a SAML Identity Asserter.	"Configure Authentication and Identity Assertion	
	In the WebLogic Server Administration Console, navigate to Security Realms > RealmName > Providers > Credential Mapping page and create a New Credential Mapping Provider of type SAML2IdentityAsserter.	providers" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help	

 Table 4–23
 Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Policy

Task	Description Restart WebLogic Server.		More Information "Start and stop servers" in the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help.	
8				
9	To add the identity provider to the identity asserter created in Step 7, perform the following steps:			
	1.	Select the identity asserter created in Step 7 in the WebLogic Administration Console.		
	2.	Create a new identity provider partner, select New , and then select New Webservice Identity Provider Partner .		
	3.	Provide a name, and select Finish .		
10	Configure the identity provider as follows:			
	1.	Select the identity provide partner created in Step 9.		
	2.	Select the Enabled check box.		
	3.	<pre>Provide the Audience URI. For example: target:*:/saml20WLSWS-Project1-context-r oot/Class1Port</pre>		
	4.	Set Issuer URI to www.oracle.com.		
	5.	Set Target URL to <url_used_to_access_web_ service>.</url_used_to_access_web_ 		
	6.	Set Profile to WSS/Sender-Vouches.		

 Table 4–23 (Cont.) Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Policy

Table 4–24 Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Client Policy

Task	Description	More Information	
1	Generate a client using JDeveloper for the web service created in Table 4–23. Create a Web project and then select New, and create a client proxy using the WSDL.	 "Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in Understanding Web Services 	
		 "Developing and Securing Web Services" in Developing Applications with Oracle JDeveloper. 	
2	Add a servlet in the above project.		
3	Attach the following policy to the web service client: oracle/wss11_saml20_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager	
4	Specify keystore.recipient.alias in the client configuration.	"oracle/wss11_saml20_token_with_message_ protection_cient_policy" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i>	
	Ensure that keystore.recipient.alias is the same as the decryption key specified for the web service.	Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager	
5	Ensure that the keystore.recipient.alias keys specified for the client exist as trusted certificate entry in the trust store configured for the web service.	"oracle/wss11_saml20_token_with_message_ protection_cient_policy" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> <i>Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager</i>	
6	In JDeveloper, secure web project with Form-based authentication using the Configure ADF Security Wizard.	Developing Applications with Oracle JDeveloper	
7	Invoke the Web application client.	"Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web</i> Services	

4.9.2 Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

The following instructions tell how to implement SAML 2.0 token sender vouches with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard and ensure interoperability between the WebLogic web service client policy and the OWSM policy:

- Table 4–25, "Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy"
- Table 4–26, "Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Client Policy"

 Table 4–25
 Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a web service.	"Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web</i> Services
2	Attach the following policy to the web service: oracle/wss11_saml20_token_with_message_ protection_service_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Table 4–26	Attaching and	Configuring the	WebLogic Web	Service Client Policy
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Task	Description	More Information	
1	Create a Java EE client for the deployed web service using JDeveloper. Create a Web project and create a proxy using WSDL proxy.	"Creating JAX-WS Web Services and Clients" in Developing Applications with Oracle JDeveloper	
2	Attach the following policies:	"Attaching Policies" in Developing Applications with	
	 Wssp1.2-2007-Saml2.0-SenderVouches-Wss1.1.xm 	Oracle JDeveloper	
	 Wssp1.2-2007-SignBody.xml 		
	 Wssp1.2-2007-EncryptBody.xml 		
	Extract weblogic.jar to a folder and provide the absolute path to the above policies files.		
3	Add servlet to above web project.		
4	Configure the client for server (encryption key) and client certificates.	"Updating a Client Application to Invoke a Message-Secured Web Service" in <i>Securing WebLogic</i> <i>Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server</i>	
	Ensure that the encryption key specified is in accordance with the decryption key configured for the web service.		
5	Secure the Web application client using BASIC Authentication.	"Developing BASIC Authentication Web Applications" in <i>Developing Applications with the</i> <i>WebLogic Security Service</i>	
6	Deploy the Java EE Web application client.	"Deploying Web Services Applications" in Administering Web Services	

Task	De	scription	More Information
7	Configure a SAML credential mapping provider. In the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console, navigate to Security Realms > RealmName > Providers > Credential Mapping page and create a New Credential Mapping Provider of type SAML2CredentialMapper. Select the new provider, click on Provider Specific, and configure it as follows:		"Configure Credential Mapping Providers" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help
	1.	Set Issuer URI to www.oracle.com.	
	2.	Set Name Qualifier to www.oracle.com.	
8	Res	start WebLogic Server.	"Start and stop servers" in the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help.
9	To create a new service provider partner, perform the following steps:		
	1.	Select the credential mapper created in Step 7 in the WebLogic Administration Console, and then select the Management tab.	
	2.	Select New , and then select New Webservice Service Provider Partner.	
	3.	Provide a name, and select Finish.	
10	Co	nfigure the service provider partner as follows:	
	1.	Select the service provide partner created in Step 9.	
	2.	Select the Enabled check box.	
	3.	Provide the Audience URI.	
	4.	Set Issuer URI to www.oracle.com.	
	5.	Set Target URL to <url_used_to_access_web_ service>.</url_used_to_access_web_ 	
	6.	Set Profile to WSS/Sender-Vouches.	
11	Invoke the Web application client.		"Writing the Java Client Application Code to Invoke
	Enter the credentials of the user whose identity is to be propagated using SAML token.		a Web Service" in Developing JAX-WS Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server

Table 4–26 (Cont.) Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

4.10 SAML Token (Sender Vouches) with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)

This section describes how to implement SAML token sender vouches with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard, in the following interoperability scenarios:

- Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Policy
- Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

4.10.1 Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Policy

The following instructions tell how to implement SAML token sender vouches with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard and ensure interoperability between the WebLogic web service policy and the OWSM client policy:

- Table 4–27, "Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Policy"
- Table 4–28, " Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Client Policy"

 Table 4–27
 Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Policy

Task	Description	More Information	
1	Create a WebLogic web service.	"Roadmap for Implementing WebLogic (Java EE) Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web Services</i>	
2	Attach the following policies:	"Updating the JWS File with @Policy and @Policies	
	 Wssp1.2-wss11_saml_token_with_message_ protection_owsm_policy.xml 	Annotations" in <i>Securing WebLogic Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server</i> .	
	 Wssp1.2-2007-SignBody.xml 		
	 Wssp1.2-2007-EncryptBody.xml 		
3	Configure identity and trust stores.	"Configure identity and trust" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help	
4	Configure message-level security.	 "Configure Message-Level Security" in Securing WebLogic Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server 	
	configure Confidentiality Key only.	 "Create a Web Service security configuration" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help. 	
5	Deploy the web service.	Deploying Applications to Oracle WebLogic Server.	
6	Create a SAMLIdentityAsserterV2 authentication provider.	"Configuring Authentication and Identity Assertion providers" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration	
	In the WebLogic Server Administration Console, navigate to Security Realms > RealmName > Providers > Credential Mapping page and create a New Credential Mapping Provider of type SAMLCredentialMapperV2.	Console Online Help	
7	Restart WebLogic Server.	"Start and stop servers" in the <i>Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help.</i>	
8	Select the authentication provider created in step 5.		
9	Create a SAML asserting party.	"Create a SAML 1.1 Asserting Party" in Oracle	
	Set Profile to WSS/Sender-Vouches.	WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help	
10	Configure the SAML asserting party.	"Create a SAML 1.1 Asserting Party" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help	
	Configure the SAML asserting party as follows:		
	1. Set Issuer URI to www.oracle.com.		
	2. Set Target URL to < <i>url_used_to_access_Web_service></i> .		

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy to the web service created in Table 4–27 using clientgen or some other mechanism.	"Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in Understanding Web Services
2	Attach the following policy to the web service client: oracle/wss11_saml_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
3	Configure the policy, as described in oracle/wss11_ saml_token_with_message_protection_client_ policy.	"oracle/wss11_saml_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy" in <i>Securing Web Services</i> and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
4	Specify keystore.recipient.alias in the client configuration. Ensure that keystore.recipient.alias is the same as the decryption key specified for the web service.	"oracle/wss11_saml_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy" in <i>Securing Web Services</i> and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
5	Ensure that the keystore.recipient.alias keys specified for the client exist as trusted certificate entry in the trust store configured for the web service.	"oracle/wss11_saml_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy" in <i>Securing Web Services</i> and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
6	Provide a valid username whose identity needs to be propagated using SAML token in the client configuration.	"oracle/wss11_saml_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy" in <i>Securing Web Services</i> and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
7	Invoke the Web application client. Enter the credentials of the user whose identity is to be propagated using SAML token.	"Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web</i> Services

Table 4–28	Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Client Policy
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4.10.2 Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

The following instructions tell how to implement SAML 2.0 sender vouches with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard and ensure interoperability between the OWSM web service policy and the WebLogic web service client policy:

- Table 4–29, "Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy"
- Table 4–30, "Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Client Policy"

 Table 4–29
 Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a web service.	"Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web</i> Services
2	Attach the following policy to the web service: oracle/wss11_saml_token_with_message_ protection_service_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Task	Description	More Information	
1	Create a client proxy for the web service (above) using clientgen.	"Using the clientgen Ant Task to Generate Client Artifacts" in <i>Developing JAX-WS Web Services for</i> <i>Oracle WebLogic Server</i>	
2	Attach the following policies:	"Updating the JWS File with @Policy and @Policies	
	 Wssp1.2-wss11_saml_token_with_message_ protection_owsm_policy.xml 	Annotations" in <i>Securing WebLogic Web Services for</i> Oracle WebLogic Server	
	 Wssp1.2-2007-SignBody.xml 		
	 Wsspl.2-2007-EncryptBody.xml 		
3	Configure the client for server (encryption key) and client certificates.	"Updating a Client Application to Invoke a Message-Secured Web Service" in <i>Securing WebLogic</i>	
	Ensure that the encryption key specified is in accordance with the decryption key configured for the web service.	Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server	
4	Secure the Web application client using BASIC Authentication.	"Developing BASIC Authentication Web Applications" in <i>Developing Applications with the</i> <i>WebLogic Security Service</i> .	
5	Deploy the web service client.	"Deploying Web Services Applications" in Administering Web Services	
6	Configure a SAML credential mapping provider.	"Configure Credential Mapping Providers" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help	
	In the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console, navigate to Security Realms > RealmName > Providers > Credential Mapping page and create a New Credential Mapping Provider of type SAMLCredentialMapperV2.		
	Select the new provider, click on Provider Specific, and configure it as follows:		
	1. Set Issuer URI to www.oracle.com.		
	2. Set Name Qualifier to www.oracle.com.		
7	Restart WebLogic Server.	"Start and stop servers" in the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help.	
8	Create a SAML relying party.	"Create a SAML 1.1 Relying Party" and "Configure a	
	Set the Profile to WSS/Sender-Vouches .	SAML 1.1 Relying Party [*] in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help	
9	Configure the SAML relying party.	"Configure a SAML 1.1 Relying Party" in Oracle	
	Ensure the Target URL is set to the URL used for the client web service.	WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help	
10	Invoke the Web application client.	"Writing the Java Client Application Code to Invoke	
	Enter the credentials of the user whose identity is to be propagated using SAML token.	a Web Service" in Developing JAX-WS Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server	

Table 4–30 Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

4.11 SAML Token (Sender Vouches) with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1) and MTOM

This section describes how to implement SAML token with sender vouches and message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard and uses Message Transmission Optimization Mechanism (MTOM), in the following interoperability scenarios:

Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Policy

Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

4.11.1 Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Policy

The following instructions tell how to implement SAML token sender vouches with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard and MTOM and ensure interoperability between the WebLogic web service policy and the OWSM client policy:

- Table 4–31, "Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Policy"
- Table 4–32, "Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Client Policy"

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a WebLogic web service, as described in Section 4.10, "SAML Token (Sender Vouches) with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)"	"Roadmap for Implementing WebLogic (Java EE) Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web Services</i>
2	Use the @MTOM annotation in the web service in Step 2 of " Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Policy" on page 4-21.	"Updating the JWS File with @Policy and @Policies Annotations" in <i>Securing WebLogic Web Services for</i> <i>Oracle WebLogic Server</i>

Table 4–31 Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Policy

Table 4–32 Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Client Policy

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy to the web service created in Table 4–31, as described in Section 4.10, "SAML Token (Sender Vouches) with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)"	"Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web</i> Services
2	Attach wsmtom_policy from the Management tab.	Step 2 of Section 4–28, " Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Client Policy".
_		"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

4.11.2 Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

The following instructions tell how to implement SAML token sender vouches with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard and MTOM and ensure interoperability between the OWSM web service policy and the WebLogic web service client policy:

- Table 4–33, "Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy"
- Table 4–34, "Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Client Policy"

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create and deploy a web service.	"Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web</i> Services
2	Attach the following policy to the web service: oracle/wss11_username_token_with_message_ protection_service_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

 Table 4–33
 Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy for the web service created in Table 4–5 using clientgen.	"Using the clientgen Ant Task to Generate Client Artifacts" in <i>Developing JAX-WS Web Services for</i> <i>Oracle WebLogic Server</i>
2	Attach the following policies:	"Updating the JWS File with @Policy and @Policies
	 Wssp1.2-2007-Wss1.1-UsernameToken-Plain-Encr yptedKey-Basic128.xml 	Annotations" in Securing WebLogic Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server
	 Wssp1.2-2007-SignBody.xml 	
	 Wssp1.2-2007-EncryptBody.xml 	
3	Provide the configuration for the server (encryption key) in the client.	"Updating a Client Application to Invoke a Message-Secured Web Service" in <i>Securing WebLogic</i> <i>Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server</i>
	Note: Ensure that the encryption key specified is in accordance with the encryption key configured for the web service.	
4	Invoke the web service method from the client.	"Writing the Java Client Application Code to Invoke a Web Service" in <i>Developing JAX-WS Web Services</i> for Oracle WebLogic Server

 Table 4–34
 Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

4.12 SAML Token (Sender Vouches) with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)

This section describes how to implement SAML token with sender vouches and message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard, in the following interoperability scenarios:

- Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Policy
- Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

Note: WS-Security 1.0 policy is supported for legacy applications only. Use WS-Security 1.1 policy for maximum performance. For more information, see "SAML Token (Sender Vouches) with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)" on page 4-20.

4.12.1 Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Policy

The following instructions tell how to implement SAML token with sender vouches and message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard and ensure interoperability between the WebLogic web service policy and the OWSM client policy:

- Table 4–35, "Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Policy"
- Table 4–36, "Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Client Policy"

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a WebLogic web service.	"Roadmap for Implementing WebLogic (Java EE) Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web Services</i>
2	Attach the following policies:	"Updating the JWS File with @Policy and @Policies
	 Wssp1.2-wss10_saml_token_with_message_ protection_owsm_policy.xml 	Annotations" in <i>Securing WebLogic Web Services for</i> Oracle WebLogic Server
	 Wssp1.2-2007-SignBody.xml 	
	 Wssp1.2-2007-EncryptBody.xml 	
3	Configure identity and trust stores.	"Configure identity and trust" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help
4	Configure message-level security.	 "Configuring Message-Level Security" in Securing WebLogic Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server
		 "Create a Web Service security configuration" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help
5	Deploy the web service.	Deploying Applications to Oracle WebLogic Server.
6	Create a SAMLIdentityAsserterV2 authentication provider.	"Configure Authentication and Identity Assertion providers" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration
	In the WebLogic Server Administration Console, navigate to Security Realms > RealmName > Providers > Credential Mapping page and create a New Credential Mapping Provider of type SAMLCredentialMapperV2.	Console Online Help
7	Restart WebLogic Server.	"Start and stop servers" in the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help.
8	Select the authentication provider created in step 5.	
9	Create a SAML asserting party.	"Create a SAML 1.1 Asserting Party" in Oracle
	Set Profile to WSS/Sender-Vouches.	WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help
10	Configure a SAML asserting party.	"Configure a SAML 1.1 Asserting Party" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help
	Configure the SAML asserting party as follows (leave other values set to the defaults):	
	1. Set Issuer URI to www.oracle.com.	
	2. Set Target URL to <i><url_used_by_client></url_used_by_client></i> .	

 Table 4–35
 Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Policy

Table 4–36 Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Client Policy

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy to the web service created in Table 4–35 using clientgen or some other mechanism.	"Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web</i> <i>Services</i>
2	Attach the following policy to the web service client: oracle/wss10_saml_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
3	Configure the policy.	"oracle/wss10_saml_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Task	Description	More Information	
4	Ensure that you use different keys for client (sign and decrypt key) and keystore recipient alias (server public key used for encryption). Ensure that the recipient alias is in accordance with the keys defined in the web service policy security configuration.	"oracle/wss10_saml_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy" in <i>Securing Web Services</i> and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager	
5	Ensure that the signing and encryption keys specified for the client exist as trusted certificate entries in the trust store configured for the web service.	"oracle/wss10_saml_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy" in <i>Securing Web Services</i> and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager	
6	Provide valid username whose identity needs to be propagated using SAML token in the client configuration.	"oracle/wss10_saml_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy" in <i>Securing Web Services</i> and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager	
7	Invoke the web service method.	"Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web</i> Services	

Table 4–36 (Cont.) Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Client Policy

4.12.2 Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

The following instructions tell how to implement SAML token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard and ensure interoperability between the OWSM web service policy and the WebLogic web service client policy:

- Table 4–37, " Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy"
- Table 4–38, "Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Client Policy"

 Table 4–37
 Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a web service.	"Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web</i> Services
2	Attach the following policy to the web service: oracle/wss10_saml_token_with_message_ protection_service_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Task	Description	More Information	
1	Create a client proxy for the web service (above) using clientgen.	"Using the clientgen Ant Task to Generate Client Artifacts" in <i>Developing JAX-WS Web Services for</i> <i>Oracle WebLogic Server</i>	
2	Attach the following policies:	"Updating the JWS File with @Policy and @Policies	
	 Wssp1.2-wss10_saml_token_with_message_ protection_owsm_policy.xml 	Annotations" in Securing WebLogic Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server	
	 Wssp1.2-2007-SignBody.xml 		
	 Wssp1.2-2007-EncryptBody.xml 		
3	Configure the client for server (encryption key) and client certificates.	"Updating a Client Application to Invoke a Message-Secured Web Service" in <i>Securing WebLogic</i>	
	Ensure that the encryption key specified is in accordance with the decryption key configured for the web service.	Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server	
4	Secure the Web application client using BASIC Authentication.	"Developing BASIC Authentication Web Applications" in <i>Developing Applications with the</i> WebLogic Security Service	
5	Deploy the web service client.	"Deploying Web Services Applications" in Administering Web Services	
6	Configure a SAML credential mapping provider.	"Configure Credential Mapping Providers" in Oracle	
	In the WebLogic Server Administration Console, navigate to Security Realms > RealmName > Providers > Credential Mapping page and create a New Credential Mapping Provider of type SAMLCredentialMapperV2.	WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help	
7	Select the SAMLCredentialMapperV2, click on Provider Specific, and configure it as follows:		
	1. Set Issuer URI to www.oracle.com.		
	2. Set Name Qualifier to www.oracle.com.		
8	Restart WebLogic Server.	"Start and stop servers" in the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help.	
9	Create a SAML relying party.	"Create a SAML 1.1 Relying Party" in Oracle	
	Set the profile to WSS/Sender-Vouches.	WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help	
10	Configure the SAML relying party.	"Configure a SAML 1.1 Relying Party" in Oracle	
	Ensure the target URL is set to the URL used for the client web service.	WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help	
11	Invoke the Web application client and enter the appropriate credentials.	"Writing the Java Client Application Code to Invoke a Web Service" in <i>Developing JAX-WS Web Services</i> for Oracle WebLogic Server	

Table 4–38 Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

4.13 Mutual Authentication with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)

This section tells how to implement mutual authentication with message protection that conform to the WS-Security 1.0 standard, in the following interoperability scenarios:

- Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Policy
- Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

4.13.1 Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Policy

The following instructions tell how to implement mutual authentication with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard and ensure interoperability between the WebLogic web service policy and the OWSM client policy:

- Table 4–39, "Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Policy"
- Table 4–40, "Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Client Policy"

Table 4–39 Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Policy

Task	Description	More Information	
1	Create a WebLogic web service.	"Roadmap for Implementing WebLogic (Java EE) Web Services" in Understanding Web Services	
2	Attach the following policies:	"Updating the JWS File with @Policy and @Policies	
	 Wssp1.2-wss10_x509_token_with_message_ protection_owsm_policy.xml 	Annotations" in Securing WebLogic Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server	
	Wssp1.2-2007-SignBody.xml		
	Wssp1.2-2007-EncryptBody.xml		
3	Configure identity and trust stores.	"Configure identity and trust" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help	
4	Configure message-level security.	 "Configuring Message-Level Security" in Securing WebLogic Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server 	
		 "Create a Web Service security configuration" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help 	

Task	Description	More Information	
5	Create and configure token handlers for X.509 and for username token. In WebLogic Administration Console, navigate to the Web Service Security page of the domain and create the token handlers as described below.	"Create a token handler of a Web Service security configuration" in <i>Oracle WebLogic Server</i> <i>Administration Console Online Help</i> .	
	Create a token handle for username token and configure the following:		
	■ Name: <i><name></name></i>		
	 Class name: weblogic.xml.crypto.wss.UsernameTokenHan dler 		
	 Token Type: ut 		
	 Handling Order: 1 		
	Create a token handler for X.509 and configure the following:		
	Name: <name></name>		
	 Class name: weblogic.xml.crypto.wss.BinarySecurityTo kenHandler 		
	 Token Type: x509 		
	 Handling Order: 0 		
	For the X.509 token handler, add the following properties:		
	 Name: UserX509ForIdentity 		
	• Value: true		
	 IsEncrypted: False 		
6	Configure a credential mapping provider.	"Configure Credential Mapping Providers" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help	
	Create a PKICredentialMapper and configure it as follows (leave all other values set to the defaults):		
	 Keystore Provider: N/A 		
	 Keystore Type: jks 		
	 Keystore File Name: default_keystore.jks 		
	 Keystore Pass Phrase: <pre>cpassword></pre> 		
	Confirm Keystore Pass Phrase: <pre>confirm Keystore Pass</pre>		
7	Configure Authentication.	"Configure Authentication and Identity Assertion	
	Select the Authentication tab and configure as follows:	providers" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help.	
	 Click DefaultIdentityAsserter and add X.509 to Chosen active types 		
	 Click Provider Specific and configure the following: 		
	Default User Name Mapper Attribute Type: CN		
	Active Types: X.509		
	Use Default User Name Mapper: True		

 Table 4–39 (Cont.) Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Policy

Task	Description	More Information
8	If the users are not added, add the Common Name (CN) user specified in the certificate.	"Create users" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help
9	Restart Oracle WebLogic Server.	
10	Deploy the web service.	"Install a Web Service" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help

Table 4–39 (Cont.) Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Policy

Table 4–40 Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Client Policy

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy to the web service created in Table 4–39 using clientgen or some other mechanism.	"Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web</i> Services
2	Attach the following policy to the client: wss10_ x509_token_with_message_protection_client_ policy	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
3	Provide the configuration for the server (encryption key) in the client.	"Updating a Client Application to Invoke a Message-Secured Web Service" in <i>Securing WebLogic</i>
	Ensure that the encryption key specified is in accordance with the encryption key configured for the web service.	Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server
4	Invoke the web service method from the client.	"Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web</i> Services

4.13.2 Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

The following instructions tell how to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard and ensure interoperability between the OWSM web service policy and the WebLogic web service client policy:

- Table 4–41, "Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy"
- Table 4–42, "Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Client Policy"

 Table 4–41
 Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create and deploy a web service application.	"Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web</i> Services
2	Attach the following policy to the web service: oracle/wss10_x509_token_with_message_ protection_service_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Task	Description	More Information	
1	Create a client proxy for the web service created in Table 4–41 using clientgen.	"Using the clientgen Ant Task to Generate Client Artifacts" in <i>Developing JAX-WS Web Services for</i> <i>Oracle WebLogic Server</i>	
2	Attach the following policies:	"Updating the JWS File with @Policy and @Policies Annotations" in <i>Securing WebLogic Web Services for</i>	
	 wsspi.2-wssi0_x509_token_with_message_ protection_owsm_policy.xml 	Oracle WebLogic Server	
	 Wssp1.2-2007-SignBody.xml 		
	 Wssp1.2-2007-EncryptBody.xml 		
3 Provide key) in t Ensure t accordan the web	Provide the configuration for the server (encryption key) in the client.	"Updating a Client Application to Invoke a Message-Secured Web Service" in <i>Securing WebLogic</i>	
	Ensure that the encryption key specified is in accordance with the encryption key configured for the web service.	Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server	
4	Invoke the web service method from the client.	"Writing the Java Client Application Code to Invoke a Web Service" in <i>Developing JAX-WS Web Services</i> for Oracle WebLogic Server	

Table 4–42	Attaching and Config	guring the WebLogic	Web Service Client Policy
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4.14 Mutual Authentication with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)

This section tells how to implement mutual authentication with message protection that conform to the WS-Security 1.1 standards, in the following interoperability scenarios:

- Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Policy
- Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

4.14.1 Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Policy

The following instructions tell how to implement mutual authentication with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard and ensure interoperability between the WebLogic web service policy and the OWSM client policy:

- Table 4–43, "Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Policy"
- Table 4–44, "Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Client Policy"

Table 4–43	Attaching and	Configuring the	WebLogic Web	Service Policy

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a WebLogic web service.	"Roadmap for Implementing WebLogic (Java EE) Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web Services</i>
2	Attach the following policies:	"Updating the JWS File with @Policy and @Policies
	 Wssp1.2-wss11_x509_token_with_message_ protection_owsm_policy.xml 	Annotations" in Securing WebLogic Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server
	 Wssp1.2-2007-SignBody.xml 	
	 Wssp1.2-2007-EncryptBody.xml 	
3	Configure identity and trust stores.	"Configure identity and trust" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help

Task	Description	More Information
4	Configure message-level security.	 "Configuring Message-Level Security" in Securing WebLogic Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server
		 "Create a Web Service security configuration" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help
5	Create and configure token handlers for X.509 and for username token. In WebLogic Administration Console, navigate to the Web Service Security page of the domain and create the token handlers as described below.	"Create a token handler of a Web Service security configuration" in <i>Oracle WebLogic Server</i> <i>Administration Console Online Help</i> .
	Create a token handle for username token and configure the following:	
	■ Name: <i><name></name></i>	
	 Class name: weblogic.xml.crypto.wss.UsernameTokenHan dler 	
	 Token Type: ut 	
	Handling Order: 1	
	 Create a token handle for username token and configure the following: 	
	Create a token handler for X.509 and configure the following:	
	• Name: <i><name></name></i>	
	 Class name: weblogic.xml.crypto.wss.BinarySecurityTo kenHandler 	
	• Token Type: x509	
	 Handling Order: 0 	
	For the X.509 token handler, add the following properties:	
	 Name: UserX509ForIdentity 	
	• Value: true	
	 IsEncrypted: False 	
6	Configure a credential mapping provider.	"Configure Credential Mapping Providers" in Oracle
	Create a PKICredentialMapper and configure it as follows (leave all other values set to the defaults):	WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help
	 Keystore Provider: N/A 	
	Keystore Type: jks	
	Keystore File Name: default_keystore.jks	
	 Keystore Pass Phrase: <pre>password></pre> 	
	 Confirm Keystore Pass Phrase: <pre>password></pre> 	

 Table 4–43 (Cont.) Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Policy

Task	Description	More Information
7	Configure Authentication.	"Configure Authentication and Identity Assertion
	Select the Authentication tab and configure as follows:	providers" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help
	 Click DefaultIdentityAsserter and add X.509 to Chosen active types 	
	 Click Provider Specific and configure the following: 	
	Default User Name Mapper Attribute Type: CN	
	Active Types: X.509	
	Use Default User Name Mapper: True	
8	If the users are not added, add the Common Name (CN) user specified in the certificate.	"Create users" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help
9	Restart Oracle WebLogic Server.	
10	Deploy the web service.	"Install a Web Service" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help

Table 4–43 (Cont.) Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Policy

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy for the web service created in Table 4–43 using clientgen or some other mechanism.	"Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web</i> Services
2	Attach the following policy to the client: wss11_ x509_token_with_message_protection_client_policy	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
	Edit the policy as follows:	
	<pre><orasp:x509-token orasp:enc-key-ref-mech="thumbprint" orasp:sign-key-ref-mech="thumbprint"></orasp:x509-token></pre>	
3	Provide the configuration for the server (encryption key) in the client.	"Updating a Client Application to Invoke a Message-Secured Web Service" in Securing
	Ensure that the encryption key specified is in	WebLogic Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server

Table 4–44 Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Client Policy

Ensure that the encryption key specified is in accordance with the encryption key configured for

the web service.

4

Invoke the web service method from the client. "Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in *Understanding Web* Services

4.14.2 Interoperating with a WebLogic Web Service Client Policy

The following instructions tell how to implement mutual authentication with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard and ensure interoperability between the OWSM web service policy and the WebLogic web service client policy:

- Table 4–45, "Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy"
- Table 4–46, "Attaching and Configuring the WebLogic Web Service Client Policy"

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create and deploy a web service.	"Roadmap for Implementing Oracle Fusion Middleware Web Services" in <i>Understanding Web</i> Services
2	Attach the following policy to the web service: oracle/wss11_x509_token_with_message_ protection_service_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

 Table 4–45
 Attaching and Configuring the OWSM Policy

Table 4–46	Attaching and Configurin	a the WebLoaic Web Service Client Policy

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a client proxy for the web service created in Table 4–45 using clientgen.	"Using the clientgen Ant Task to Generate Client Artifacts" in <i>Developing JAX-WS Web Services for</i> <i>Oracle WebLogic Server</i>
2	Attach the following policies:	"Updating the JWS File with @Policy and @Policies
	 Wssp1.2-wss11_x509_token_with_message_ protection_owsm_policy.xml 	Annotations" in <i>Securing WebLogic Web Services for</i> Oracle WebLogic Server
	Wssp1.2-2007-SignBody.xml	
	 Wssp1.2-2007-EncryptBody.xml 	
3	Provide the configuration for the server (encryption key) in the client.	"Updating a Client Application to Invoke a Message-Secured Web Service" in <i>Securing WebLogic</i>
	Note: Ensure that the encryption key specified is in accordance with the encryption key configured for the web service.	Web Services for Oracle WebLogic Server
4	Invoke the web service method from the client.	"Writing the Java Client Application Code to Invoke a Web Service" in <i>Developing JAX-WS Web Services</i> for Oracle WebLogic Server

Interoperability with Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Security Environments

This chapter describes interoperability of Oracle Web Services Manager (OWSM) with Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 security environments.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Overview of Interoperability with Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Security Environments
- Message Transmission Optimization Mechanism (MTOM)
- Username Token With Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)
- Username Token Over SSL
- Mutual Authentication with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)
- Kerberos with Message Protection
- Kerberos with Message Protection Using Derived Keys
- Kerberos with SPNEGO Negotiation
- Kerberos with SPNEGO Negotiation and Credential Delegation
- WCF/.NET 3.5 Client with Microsoft Active Directory Federation Services 2.0 (ADFS 2.0) STS

5.1 Overview of Interoperability with Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Security Environments

In conjunction with Microsoft, Oracle has performed interoperability testing to ensure that the web service security policies created using OWSM 12*c* can interoperate with web service policies configured using Microsoft Windows Communication Foundation (WCF)/.NET 3.5 Framework and vice versa.

For more information about Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Framework, see http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/netframework/aa663324.aspx.

For more information about:

- OWSM predefined policies, see "Predefined Policies" in *Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.*
- Configuring and attaching OWSM 12c policies, see "Securing Web Services" and "Attaching Policies" in *Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager*.

Note: In most cases, you can attach OWSM policies in source code, before deploying an application, or you can attach policies post deployment, using WLST or Fusion Middleware Control. To simplify the instructions in this chapter, it is assumed that you are attaching policies at runtime. If a situation *requires* that you attach a policy before deploying, it is described that way in the instructions.

Note: Some of the procedures described in this chapter instruct you to use the Microsoft ServiceModel Metadata Utility Tool (SvcUtil.exe) to create a client proxy and configuration file from the deployed web service. However, SvcUtil.exe does not work with certain security policy assertions used with OWSM. As a workaround when generating a WCF proxy for a web service protected by an OWSM policy, do the following:

- Detach the policy.
- Generate the proxy using SvcUtil.exe.
- Re-attach the policy.

For more information about SvcUtil.exe, see http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa347733%28v=vs.90%2 9.aspx.

Table 5–1 and Table 5–2 summarize the most common Microsoft .NET 3.5 interoperability scenarios based on the following security requirements: authentication, message protection, and transport.

Note: In the following scenarios, ensure that you are using a keystore with v3 certificates. By default, the JDK 1.5 keytool generates keystores with v1 certificates.

In addition, ensure that the keys use the proper extensions, including DigitalSignature, Non_repudiation, Key_Encipherment, and Data_Encipherment.

Identity Token	WS-Security Version	Message Protection	Transport Security	Service Policy	Client Policy
МТОМ	NA	NA	NA	oracle/wsmtom_policy	See Table 5–4, " Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client" on page 5-4
Username or SAML	1.1	Yes	No	oracle/wss11_ username_token_with_ message_protection_ service_policy	See Table 5–8, " Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client"See on page 5-8
				OR	
				oracle/wss11_saml_ or_username_token_ with_message_ protection_service_ policy	
Username	1.0 and 1.1	No	Yes	oracle/wss_saml_or_ username_token_over_ ssl_service_policy OR	See Table 5–12, " Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client"See on page 5-16
				oracle/wss_username_ token_over_ssl_ service_policy	
Mutual Authentication	1.1	Yes	No	oracle/wss11_x509_ token_with_message_ protection_service_ policy	See Table 5–15, " Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client" on page 5-20
Kerberos	1.1	Yes	No	oracle/wss11_ kerberos_token_with_ message_protection_ service_policy	See Table 5–21, " Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability" on page 5-29

Table 5–1 OWSM 12c Service Policy and Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client Policy Interoperability

Table 5–2 Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Service Policy and OWSM 12c Client Policy Interoperability

Identity Token	WS-Security Version	Message Protection	Transport Security	Service Policy	Client Policy
MTOM	NA	NA	NA	See Table 5–5, " Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Web Service" on page 5-5	oracle/wsmtom_policy
Username	1.1	Yes	No	See Table 5–9, " Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Web Service" on page 5-12	oracle/wss11_username_ token_with_message_ protection_client_ policy
Mutual Authentication	1.1	Yes	No	See Table 5–10, " Configuring the OWSM 02c Client"	oracle/wss11_x509_ token_with_message_ protection_client_ policy

5.2 Message Transmission Optimization Mechanism (MTOM)

This section describes how to implement MTOM in the following interoperability scenarios:

- Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client
- Configuring a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

5.2.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client to implement Message Transmission Optimization Mechanism (MTOM):

- Table 5–3, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 5–4, "Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client"

Table 5–3 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create and deploy a web service application.	
2	Attach the following policy to the web service: oracle/wsmtom_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Table 5–4 Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client

Task	Description	More Information
1	Use the Microsoft SvcUtil utility to create a client proxy and configuration file from the deployed web service. See Example 5–1, "app.config File for MTOM Interoperability".	http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa34 7733%28v=vs.90%29.aspx
2	Run the client program.	

Example 5–1 app.config File for MTOM Interoperability

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<configuration>
   <system.serviceModel>
        <bindings>
            <customBinding>
                <binding name="CustomBinding_IMTOMService">
                    <mtomMessageEncoding maxReadPoolSize="64"
                     maxWritePoolSize="16"
                        messageVersion="Soap12" maxBufferSize="65536"
                        writeEncoding="utf-8">
                        <readerQuotas maxDepth="32" maxStringContentLength=
                         "8192" maxArrayLength="16384"
                            maxBytesPerRead="4096" maxNameTableCharCount="16384" />
                    </mtomMessageEncoding>
                    <httpTransport manualAddressing="false" maxBufferPoolSize="524288"</pre>
                        maxReceivedMessageSize="65536" allowCookies="false"
                           authenticationScheme="Anonymous"
                        bypassProxyOnLocal="false" hostNameComparisonMode="StrongWildcard"
                        keepAliveEnabled="true" maxBufferSize="65536"
                           proxyAuthenticationScheme="Anonymous"
                        realm="" transferMode="Buffered"
                           unsafeConnectionNtlmAuthentication="false"
                        useDefaultWebProxy="true" />
                </binding>
            </customBinding>
        </bindings>
        <client>
          <endpoint address="<endpoint_url>"
              binding="customBinding" bindingConfiguration="CustomBinding_IMTOMService"
              contract="IMTOMService" name="CustomBinding_IMTOMService" >
          </endpoint>
```

```
</client>
</system.serviceModel>
</configuration>
```

5.2.2 Configuring a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 web service and an OWSM 12*c* client to implement Message Transmission Optimization Mechanism (MTOM):

- Table 5–5, "Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Web Service"
- Table 5–6, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Client"

Table 5–5 Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Web Service

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a .NET web service.	"How to: Define a Windows Communication
	For an example, see Example 5–2, ".NET Web Service for MTOM Interoperability".	Foundation Service Contract" at http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms73 1835.aspx
2	Deploy the application.	

Table 5–6 Configuring the OWSM 12c Client

Task	Description	More Information
1	Using JDeveloper, create a SOA composite that consumes the .NET web service.	Developer's Guide for SOA Suite
2	Attach the following policy to the web service client:	"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
	oracle/wsmtom_policy.	

Example 5–2 .NET Web Service for MTOM Interoperability

```
static void Main(string[] args)
{
   string uri = "http://host:port/TEST/MTOMService/SOA/MTOMService";
   // Step 1 of the address configuration procedure: Create a URI to serve as the base address.
   Uri baseAddress = new Uri(uri);
    // Step 2 of the hosting procedure: Create ServiceHost
    ServiceHost selfHost = new ServiceHost(typeof(MTOMService), baseAddress);
    try {
       HttpTransportBindingElement hb = new HttpTransportBindingElement();
        hb.ManualAddressing = false;
        hb.MaxBufferPoolSize = 2147483647;
        hb.MaxReceivedMessageSize = 2147483647;
        hb.AllowCookies = false;
       hb.AuthenticationScheme = System.Net.AuthenticationSchemes.Anonymous;
       hb.KeepAliveEnabled = true;
       hb.MaxBufferSize = 2147483647;
       hb.ProxyAuthenticationScheme = System.Net.AuthenticationSchemes.Anonymous;
        hb.Realm = "";
        hb.TransferMode = System.ServiceModel.TransferMode.Buffered;
```

}

{

}

}

```
hb.UnsafeConnectionNtlmAuthentication = false:
    hb.UseDefaultWebProxy = true;
    MtomMessageEncodingBindingElement me = new MtomMessageEncodingBindingElement();
    me.MaxReadPoolSize=64;
    me.MaxWritePoolSize=16;
    me.MessageVersion=System.ServiceModel.Channels.MessageVersion.Soap12;
    me.WriteEncoding = System.Text.Encoding.UTF8;
    me.MaxWritePoolSize = 2147483647;
    me.MaxBufferSize = 2147483647;
    me.ReaderQuotas.MaxArrayLength = 2147483647;
    CustomBinding binding1 = new CustomBinding();
    binding1.Elements.Add(me);
    binding1.Elements.Add(hb);
    ServiceEndpoint ep = selfHost.AddServiceEndpoint(typeof(IMTOMService), binding1,
           "MTOMService");
    EndpointAddress myEndpointAdd = new EndpointAddress(new Uri(uri),
    EndpointIdentity.CreateDnsIdentity("WSMCert3"));
    ep.Address = myEndpointAdd;
    // Step 4 of the hosting procedure: Enable metadata exchange.
    ServiceMetadataBehavior smb = new ServiceMetadataBehavior();
    smb.HttpGetEnabled = true;
    selfHost.Description.Behaviors.Add(smb);
    using (ServiceHost host = new ServiceHost(typeof(MTOMService)))
    {
        System.ServiceModel.Description.ServiceDescription svcDesc =
            selfHost.Description;
        ServiceDebugBehavior svcDebug =
             svcDesc.Behaviors.Find<ServiceDebugBehavior>();
        svcDebug.IncludeExceptionDetailInFaults = true;
    }
    // Step 5 of the hosting procedure: Start (and then stop) the service.
    selfHost.Open();
    Console.WriteLine("The service " + uri + " is ready.");
    Console.WriteLine("Press <ENTER> to terminate service.");
    Console.WriteLine():
    Console.ReadLine();
    // Close the ServiceHostBase to shutdown the service.
    selfHost.Close();
catch (CommunicationException ce)
    Console.WriteLine("An exception occurred: {0}", ce.Message);
    selfHost.Abort();
```

5.3 Username Token With Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)

This section describes how to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard--with or without secure conversation enabled--in the following interoperability scenarios:

- Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client
- Configuring a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

5.3.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client

The following instructions tell how to configure a OWSM 12*c* web service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 client to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard, both with and without secure conversation enabled:

- Table 5–7, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 5–8, "Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client"

 Table 5–7
 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a web service application.	
2	Select the policy to use based on whether or not you want to enable secure conversation:	"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
	If you do not want to enable secure conversation, clone either of the following policies:	
	oracle/wss11_username_token_with_message_ protection_service_policy	
	oracle/wss11_saml_or_username_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	
	To enable secure conversation , clone the following policy:	
	oracle/wss11_username_token_with_message_ protection_wssc_service_policy	
	Note: In the case of secure conversation enabled, you will have to configure the app.config file somewhat differently, as described in Table 5–8:	
3	Export the X.509 certificate file from the keystore on the service side to a .cer file (for example, alice.cer) using the following command:	
	keytool -export -alias alice -file C:\alice.cer -keystore default-keystore.jks	

Task	Description		More Information	
1	Import the certificate file (exported previously) to the keystore on the client server using Microsoft Management Console (mmc), as follows:.		"How to: View Certificates with the MMC Snap-in" at http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms78	
	1.	1. Open a command prompt.	8967.aspx	
	2.	Type mmc and press Enter .		
	3.	Select File > Add/Remove snap-in.		
	4.	Select Add and Choose Certificates.		
		Note: To view certificates in the local machine store, you must be in the Administrator role.		
	5.	Select Add.		
	6.	Select My user account and finish.		
	7.	Click OK.		
	8.	Expand Console Root > Certificates -Current user > Personal > Certificates.		
	9.	Right-click on Certificates and select All tasks > Import to launch Certificate import Wizard.		
	10.	Click Next , select Browse , and navigate to the .cer file that was exported previously.		
	11.	Click Next and accept defaults and finish the wizard.		
2	Generate a .NET client using the WSDL of the web service.		"How to: Create a Windows Communication Foundation Client" at http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms73 3133 (v=vs.90).aspx	
3	In the Solution Explorer of the client project, add a reference by right-clicking on references, selecting Add reference, and browsing to C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\ framework\v3.0\Windows Communication Foundation\System.Runtime.Serialization.dll.			
4	Edit the app.config file in the .NET project to update the certificate file and disable replays, as shown in Example 5–3, "app.config File" (Changes are identified in bold .)			
	If you follow the default key setup, then <certificate_cn> should be set to alice.</certificate_cn>			

Table 5–8 Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client
Task	Description	More Information	
5	Edit the app.config file as needed to enable to enable secure conversation or not.		
	If you do not want to enable secure conversation, edit the app.config as shown in Example 5–3:		
	 Set the authenticationMode property of the <security> element to UserNameOverTransport.</security> 		
	 Do not configure the properties of the secureConversationBootstrap element. 		
	To enable secure conversation , edit the app.config file as shown the comments in bold italics in Example 5–3:		
	 Set the authenticationMode property of the <security> element to SecureConversation.</security> 		
	 Configure the secureConversationBootstrap element with additional properties, as shown in the example. 		
6	Compile the project.		
7	Open a command prompt and navigate to the project's Debug folder.		
8	Enter <client_project_name>.exe and press Enter.</client_project_name>		

Table 5–8 (Cont.) Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client

Example 5–3 app.config File

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<configuration>
 <system.serviceModel>
   <behaviors>
      <endpointBehaviors>
         <behavior name="secureBehaviour">
           <clientCredentials>
             <serviceCertificate>
               <defaultCertificate findValue="<certificate_cn>"
                storeLocation="CurrentUser" storeName="My"
                x509FindType="FindBySubjectName"/>
             </serviceCertificate>
           </clientCredentials>
         </behavior>
      </endpointBehaviors>
    </behaviors>
  <bindings>
   <customBinding>
      <br/><binding name="HelloWorldSoapHttp">
      <!-- To enable secrure conversation, use
           authenticationMode="SecureConversation"
           instead of the value for authenticationMode shown below -->
      <security
        authenticationMode="UserNameOverTransport"
        defaultAlgorithmSuite="Basic128"
        requireDerivedKeys="false"
        securityHeaderLayout="Lax"
        includeTimestamp="true"
        keyEntropyMode="CombinedEntropy"
        messageProtectionOrder="SignBeforeEncrypt"
```

```
messageSecurityVersion="WSSecurity11WSTrustFebruary2005WSSecureConversationFebruary2005WSSecurityPo
licy11BasicSecurityProfile10"
        requireSignatureConfirmation="true">
        <localClientSettings
          cacheCookies="true"
          detectReplays="false"
          replayCacheSize="900000"
          maxClockSkew="00:05:00"
          maxCookieCachingTime="Infinite"
          replayWindow="00:05:00"
          sessionKeyRenewalInterval="10:00:00"
          sessionKeyRolloverInterval="00:05:00"
          reconnectTransportOnFailure="true"
          timestampValidityDuration="00:05:00"
          cookieRenewalThresholdPercentage="60"/>
        <localServiceSettings detectReplays="true" issuedCookieLifetime="10:00:00"</pre>
          maxStatefulNegotiations="128"
          replayCacheSize="900000"
          maxClockSkew="00:05:00"
          negotiationTimeout="00:01:00" replayWindow="00:05:00"
          inactivityTimeout="00:02:00"
          sessionKeyRenewalInterval="15:00:00"
          sessionKeyRolloverInterval="00:05:00"
          reconnectTransportOnFailure="true" maxPendingSessions="128"
         maxCachedCookies="1000" timestampValidityDuration="00:05:00" />
        <secureConversationBootstrap />
        <!--
        To enable secure conversation, add the following properties to
        the <secureConversationBootstrap> element:
             <secureConversationBootstrap
               authenticationMode="UserNameOverTransport"
               requireDerivedKeys="false"
               securityHeaderLayout="Lax"
               includeTimestamp="true"
               keyEntropyMode="CombinedEntropy"
               messageProtectionOrder="SignBeforeEncrypt"
messageSecurityVersion="WSSecurity11WSTrustFebruary2005WSSecureConversationFebruary2005WSSecurityPo
licy11BasicSecurityProfile10"
               requireSignatureConfirmation="true"/> -->
         -->
      </security>
```

```
<textMessageEncoding
maxReadPoolSize="64"
maxWritePoolSize="16"
messageVersion="Soap11"
writeEncoding="utf-8">
  <readerQuotas
   maxDepth="32"
   maxStringContentLength="8192"
   maxArrayLength="16384"
   maxBytesPerRead="4096"
   maxNameTableCharCount="16384" />
</textMessageEncoding>
<HttpTransport
manualAddressing="false"
maxBufferPoolSize="524288"
maxReceivedMessageSize="65536"
allowCookies="false"
```

```
authenticationScheme="Anonymous"
     bypassProxyOnLocal="false"
     hostNameComparisonMode="StrongWildcard"
     keepAliveEnabled="true"
     maxBufferSize="65536"
     proxyAuthenticationScheme="Anonymous"
     realm=""
     transferMode="Buffered"
     unsafeConnectionNtlmAuthentication="false"
     useDefaultWebProxy="true" />
     </binding>
   </customBinding>
 </bindings>
   <client>
     <endpoint address="<endpoint_url>"
      binding="customBinding"
      bindingConfiguration="HelloWorldSoapHttp"
      contract="HelloWorld"
      name="HelloWorldPort"
      behaviorConfiguration="secureBehaviour" >
       <identity>
          <dns value="<certificate_cn>"/>
       </identity>
     </endpoint>
   </client>
 </system.serviceModel>
</configuration>
```

5.3.2 Configuring a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 web service and an OWSM 12*c* client to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard:

- Table 5–9, "Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Web Service"
- Table 5–10, "Configuring the OWSM 02c Client"

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a .NET web service. Be sure to create a custom binding for the web service using the SymmetricSecurityBindingElement. For an example, see Example 5–4, "Example of .NET Web Service".	"How to: Define a Windows Communication Foundation Service Contract" at http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms73 1835.aspx
2	Create and import a certificate file to the keystore on the web service server. Using Microsoft Visual Studio, the command would	
	be similar to the following: makecert -r -pe -n "CN=wsmcert3" -sky exchange -ss my C:\wsmcert3.cer	
	This command creates and imports a certificate in mmc.	
	If the command does not provide expected results, then try the following sequence of commands. You need to download Windows Developer Kit (WDK) at http://www.microsoft.com/whdc/devtools/WDK/d efault.mspx.	
	<pre>makecert -r -pe -n "CN=wsmcert3" -sky exchange -ss my -sv wscert3.pvk C:\wsmcert3.cer pvk2pfx.exe -pvk wscert3.pvk -spc wsmcert3.cer -pfx PRF_WSMCert3.pfx -pi welcome1</pre>	
_	Then, in mmc, import PRF_WSMCert3.pfx.	
3	Import the certificate created on the web service server to the client server using the keytool command. For example:	
	<pre>keytool -import -alias wsmcert3 -file C:\wsmcert3.cer -keystore <owsm_client_ keystore></owsm_client_ </pre>	
4	Right-click on the web service Solution project in Solutions Explorer and click Open Folder In Windows Explorer .	
5	Navigate to the bin/Debug folder.	
6	Double-click the <project>.exe file. This command runs the web service at the URL provided.</project>	

Table 5–9 Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Web Service

Task	Description	More Information	
1	Using JDeveloper, create a SOA composite that consumes the .NET web service.	Developer's Guide for SOA Suite	
2	In JDeveloper, create a partner link using the WSDL of the .NET service.		
3	Attach the following policy to the web service client: oracle/wss11_username_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager	
4	Provide configurations for the csf-key and keystore.recipient.alias.	"Overriding Policy Configuration Properties" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with	
	You can specify this information when attaching the policy, by overriding the policy configuration. For more information.	Oracle Web Services Manager	
	Ensure that you configure the keystore.recipient.alias as the alias of the certificate imported in step 1 (wsmcert3). For example:		
	<wsp:policyreference< td=""><td></td></wsp:policyreference<>		
	URI="oracle/wss11_username_token_with_		
	<pre>message_protection_client_policy"</pre>		
	orawsp:category="security"		
	orawsp:status="enabled"/>		
	<property< pre=""></property<>		
	name="csi-key"		
	type="xs:string"		
	many="lalse">		
	<pre><pre>>></pre></pre>		
	name="kevstore.recipient.alias"		
	type="xs:string"		
	many="false">		
	wsmcert3		

Table 5–10 Configuring the OWSM 02c Client

Example 5–4 Example of .NET Web Service

```
static void Main(string[] args)
{
    \ensuremath{//} Step 1 of the address configuration procedure: Create a URI to serve as the
    // base address.
    // Step 2 of the hosting procedure: Create ServiceHost
    string uri = "http://host:port/TEST/NetService";
    Uri baseAddress = new Uri(uri);
    ServiceHost selfHost = new ServiceHost(typeof(CalculatorService), baseAddress);
    try
    {
        SymmetricSecurityBindingElement sm =
            SymmetricSecurityBindingElement.CreateUserNameForCertificateBindingElement();
        sm.DefaultAlgorithmSuite = System.ServiceModel.Security.SecurityAlgorithmSuite.Basic128;
        sm.SetKeyDerivation(false);
        sm.SecurityHeaderLayout = SecurityHeaderLayout.Lax;
        sm.IncludeTimestamp = true;
```

```
sm.KeyEntropyMode = SecurityKeyEntropyMode.CombinedEntropy;
sm.MessageProtectionOrder = MessageProtectionOrder.SignBeforeEncrypt;
sm.MessageSecurityVersion =
MessageSecurityVersion.WSSecurity11WSTrustFebruary2005WSSecureConversationFebruary2005
WSSecurityPolicy11BasicSecurityProfile10;
sm.RequireSignatureConfirmation = true;
sm.LocalClientSettings.CacheCookies = true;
sm.LocalClientSettings.DetectReplays = true;
sm.LocalClientSettings.ReplayCacheSize = 900000;
sm.LocalClientSettings.MaxClockSkew = new TimeSpan(00, 05, 00);
sm.LocalClientSettings.MaxCookieCachingTime = TimeSpan.MaxValue;
sm.LocalClientSettings.ReplayWindow = new TimeSpan(00, 05, 00); ;
sm.LocalClientSettings.SessionKeyRenewalInterval = new TimeSpan(10, 00, 00);
sm.LocalClientSettings.SessionKeyRolloverInterval = new TimeSpan(00, 05, 00); ;
sm.LocalClientSettings.ReconnectTransportOnFailure = true;
sm.LocalClientSettings.TimestampValidityDuration = new TimeSpan(00, 05, 00); ;
sm.LocalClientSettings.CookieRenewalThresholdPercentage = 60;
sm.LocalServiceSettings.DetectReplays = false;
sm.LocalServiceSettings.IssuedCookieLifetime = new TimeSpan(10, 00, 00);
sm.LocalServiceSettings.MaxStatefulNegotiations = 128;
sm.LocalServiceSettings.ReplayCacheSize = 900000;
sm.LocalServiceSettings.MaxClockSkew = new TimeSpan(00, 05, 00);
sm.LocalServiceSettings.NegotiationTimeout = new TimeSpan(00, 01, 00);
sm.LocalServiceSettings.ReplayWindow = new TimeSpan(00, 05, 00);
sm.LocalServiceSettings.InactivityTimeout = new TimeSpan(00, 02, 00);
sm.LocalServiceSettings.SessionKeyRenewalInterval = new TimeSpan(15, 00, 00);
sm.LocalServiceSettings.SessionKeyRolloverInterval = new TimeSpan(00, 05, 00);
sm.LocalServiceSettings.ReconnectTransportOnFailure = true;
sm.LocalServiceSettings.MaxPendingSessions = 128;
sm.LocalServiceSettings.MaxCachedCookies = 1000;
sm.LocalServiceSettings.TimestampValidityDuration = new TimeSpan(15, 00, 00);
HttpTransportBindingElement hb = new HttpTransportBindingElement();
hb.ManualAddressing = false;
hb.MaxBufferPoolSize = 524288;
hb.MaxReceivedMessageSize = 65536;
hb.AllowCookies = false;
hb.AuthenticationScheme = System.Net.AuthenticationSchemes.Anonymous;
hb.KeepAliveEnabled = true;
hb.MaxBufferSize = 65536;
hb.ProxyAuthenticationScheme = System.Net.AuthenticationSchemes.Anonymous;
hb.Realm = "":
hb.TransferMode = System.ServiceModel.TransferMode.Buffered;
hb.UnsafeConnectionNtlmAuthentication = false;
hb.UseDefaultWebProxy = true;
TextMessageEncodingBindingElement tb1 = new TextMessageEncodingBindingElement();
tb1.MaxReadPoolSize = 64;
tb1.MaxWritePoolSize = 16;
tb1.MessageVersion = System.ServiceModel.Channels.MessageVersion.Soap12;
tb1.WriteEncoding = System.Text.Encoding.UTF8;
CustomBinding binding1 = new CustomBinding(sm);
binding1.Elements.Add(tb1);
binding1.Elements.Add(hb);
ServiceEndpoint ep = selfHost.AddServiceEndpoint(typeof(ICalculator), binding1,
  "CalculatorService");
EndpointAddress myEndpointAdd = new EndpointAddress(
new Uri(uri),
EndpointIdentity.CreateDnsIdentity("WSMCert3"));
ep.Address = myEndpointAdd;
```

```
// Step 4 of the hosting procedure: Enable metadata exchange.
   ServiceMetadataBehavior smb = new ServiceMetadataBehavior();
   smb.HttpGetEnabled = true;
   selfHost.Description.Behaviors.Add(smb);
   selfHost.Credentials.ServiceCertificate.SetCertificate(StoreLocation.CurrentUser,
       StoreName.Mv.
   X509FindType.FindBySubjectName, "WSMCert3");
   selfHost.Credentials.ClientCertificate.Authentication.CertificateValidationMode =
        X509CertificateValidationMode.PeerOrChainTrust;
   selfHost.Credentials.UserNameAuthentication.UserNamePasswordValidationMode =
        UserNamePasswordValidationMode.Custom;
   CustomUserNameValidator cu = new CustomUserNameValidator();
   selfHost.Credentials.UserNameAuthentication.CustomUserNamePasswordValidator = cu;
   using (ServiceHost host = new ServiceHost(typeof(CalculatorService)))
   {
        System.ServiceModel.Description.ServiceDescription svcDesc = selfHost.Description;
        ServiceDebugBehavior svcDebug = svcDesc.Behaviors.Find<ServiceDebugBehavior>();
        svcDebug.IncludeExceptionDetailInFaults = true;
   }
   // Step 5 of the hosting procedure: Start (and then stop) the service.
   selfHost.Open();
   Console.WriteLine("The Calculator service is ready.");
   Console.WriteLine("Press <ENTER> to terminate service.");
   Console.WriteLine():
   Console.ReadLine();
   selfHost.Close();
}
catch (CommunicationException ce)
{
    Console.WriteLine("An exception occurred: {0}", ce.Message);
    selfHost.Abort();
}
```

5.4 Username Token Over SSL

}

This section describes how to implement username token over SSL in the following interoperability scenario:

Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client

5.4.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 client to implement username token over SSL, both with and without secure conversation enabled:

- Table 5–11, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 5–12, "Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client"

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the server for SSL.	"Configuring Transport-Level Security (SSL)" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
2	Create an OWSM web service.	
3	Select the policy to use based on whether or not you want to enable secure conversation.	"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web
	If you do not want to enable secure conversation, use either of the following policies:	Services Manager
	oracle/wss_username_token_over_ssl_service_ policy	
	oracle/wss_saml_or_username_token_over_ssl_ service_policy	
	To enable secure conversation , use the following policy:	
	oracle/wss_username_token_over_ssl_wssc_ service_policy	
	Note: In the case of secure conversation enabled, you will have to configure the app.config file somewhat differently, as described in Table 5–12:	
4	Edit the policy settings, as follows:	
	 Disable the Creation Time Required configuration setting. 	
	2. Disable the Nonce Required configuration setting.	
	3. Leave the default configuration set for all other configuration settings.	
5	Attach the policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Table 5–11 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Table 5–12 Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client

Task	Description	More Information
1	Generate a .NET client using the WSDL of the web service.	"How to: Create a Windows Communication Foundation Client" at http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms73 3133 (v=vs.90).aspx
2	In the Solution Explorer of the client project, add a reference by right-clicking on references, selecting Add reference, and browsing to C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\framework\v3.0\Wind ows Communication Foundation\System.Runtime.Serialization.dll.	-
3	Edit the app.config, as shown in Example 5–5.	

Task	Description	More Information
5	Edit the app.config file as needed to enable to enable secure conversation or not.	
	If you do not want to enable secure conversation, edit the app.config as shown in regular typeface in Example 5–3:	
	 Set the authenticationMode property of the <security> element to UserNameOverTransport.</security> 	
	 Do not configure the properties of the secureConversationBootstrap element. 	
	To <i>enable</i> secure conversation, edit the app.config as shown the comments in bold italics in Example 5–3:	
	 Set the authenticationMode property of the <security> element to SecureConversation.</security> 	
	 Configure the secureConversationBootstrap element with additional properties, as shown in the example. 	
4	Compile the project.	
5	Open a command prompt and navigate to the project's Debug folder.	
6	Type <client_project_name>.exe and press Enter.</client_project_name>	-

Table 5–12 (Cont.) Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client

Example 5–5 app.config File

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<configuration>
 <system.serviceModel>
   <bindings>
      <customBinding>
        <br/><binding name="BPELProcess1Binding">
          <!-- To enable secrure conversation, you must use
          authenticationMode="SecureConversation"
          instead of the value for authenticationMode shown below, under <security -->
          <security defaultAlgorithmSuite="Basic128"</pre>
            authenticationMode="UserNameOverTransport"
            requireDerivedKeys="false" securityHeaderLayout="Lax" includeTimestamp="true"
            keyEntropyMode="CombinedEntropy" messageProtectionOrder="SignBeforeEncrypt"
            messageSecurityVersion="WSSecurity11WSTrustFebruary2005WSSecureConversation
            February2005WSSecurityPolicy11BasicSecurityProfile10"
            requireSignatureConfirmation="true">
            <localClientSettings cacheCookies="true" detectReplays="false"
              replayCacheSize="900000" maxClockSkew="00:05:00"
              maxCookieCachingTime="Infinite"
              replayWindow="00:05:00" sessionKeyRenewalInterval="10:00:00"
              sessionKeyRolloverInterval="00:05:00" reconnectTransportOnFailure="true"
              timestampValidityDuration="00:05:00"
              cookieRenewalThresholdPercentage="60"/>
            <localServiceSettings detectReplays="true" issuedCookieLifetime="10:00:00"
              maxStatefulNegotiations="128" replayCacheSize="900000"
              maxClockSkew="00:05:00"
              negotiationTimeout="00:01:00" replayWindow="00:05:00"
              inactivityTimeout="00:02:00"
              sessionKeyRenewalInterval="15:00:00"
```

```
sessionKeyRolloverInterval="00:05:00"
                             reconnectTransportOnFailure="true" maxPendingSessions="128"
                             maxCachedCookies="1000" timestampValidityDuration="00:05:00" />
                          <secureConversationBootstrap />
                          <!-- To enable secure conversation, add the following properties to
                          the <secureConversationBootstrap> element:
                          <secureConversationBootstrap
                              authenticationMode="UserNameOverTransport"
                              requireDerivedKeys="false"
                              securityHeaderLayout="Lax"
                              includeTimestamp="true"
                              keyEntropyMode="CombinedEntropy"
                              messageProtectionOrder="SignBeforeEncrypt"
{\tt messageSecurityVersion="WSSecurity11WSTrustFebruary2005WSSecureConversationFebruary2005WSSecurityPoints and the statement of the statemen
licy11BasicSecurityProfile10"
                             requireSignatureConfirmation="true"/> -->
                     </security>
                         <textMessageEncoding
                             maxReadPoolSize="64"
                             maxWritePoolSize="16"
                             messageVersion="Soap11"
                             writeEncoding="utf-8">
                                  <readerOuotas
                                     maxDepth="32"
                                     maxStringContentLength="8192"
                                     maxArrayLength="16384"
                                      maxBytesPerRead="4096"
                                      maxNameTableCharCount="16384" />
                              </textMessageEncoding>
                              <httpsTransport
                                  manualAddressing="false"
                                  maxBufferPoolSize="524288"
                                  maxReceivedMessageSize="65536"
                                  allowCookies="false"
                                  authenticationScheme="Anonymous"
                                  bypassProxyOnLocal="false"
                                  hostNameComparisonMode="StrongWildcard"
                                  keepAliveEnabled="true"
                                  maxBufferSize="65536"
                                  proxyAuthenticationScheme="Anonymous"
                                  realm=""
                                  transferMode="Buffered"
                                  unsafeConnectionNtlmAuthentication="false"
                                  useDefaultWebProxy="true" requireClientCertificate="false"/>
                              </binding>
                         </customBinding>
                     </bindings>
                 <client>
                         <endpoint
                              address=" https://host:port/soa-infra/services/default/IO_NET6/bpelprocess1_client_
ep"
                             binding="customBinding" bindingConfiguration="BPELProcess1Binding"
                             contract="BPELProcess1" name="BPELProcess1_pt" />
                 </client>
    </system.serviceModel>
</configuration>
```

5.5 Mutual Authentication with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)

This section describes how to implement mutual authentication with message protection that conform to the WS-Security 1.1 standards in the following interoperability scenarios:

- Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client
- Configuring a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

Before configuring the web service and client in either of the above scenarios, follow the instructions in "Configuration Prerequisites".

5.5.1 Configuration Prerequisites

Table 5–13 describes how to perform prerequisite configuration tasks for implementing mutual authentication with message protection that conform to the WS-Security 1.1 standards.

 Table 5–13
 Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability

Task	Des	scription	More Information
1	Export the X.509 certificate file from the keystore on the service side to a .cer file (for example, alice.cer) using the following command:		
	key C:∖	rtool -export -alias alice -file alice.cer -keystore default-keystore.jks	
2	Import the certificate file (exported previously) to the keystore on the client server using Microsoft Management Console (mmc).		"How to: View Certificates with the MMC Snap-in" at http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms78
	1.	Open a command prompt.	8967.aspx
	2.	Type mmc and press ENTER.	
	3.	Select File > Add/Remove snap-in.	
	4.	Select Add and Choose Certificates.	
		Note: To view certificates in the local machine store, you must be in the Administrator role.	
	5.	Select Add.	
	6.	Select My user account and finish.	
	7.	Click OK.	
	8.	Expand Console Root > Certificates -Current user > Personal > Certificates.	
	9.	Right-click on Certificates and select All tasks > Import to launch Certificate import Wizard.	
	10.	Click Next , select Browse , and navigate to the .cer file that was exported previously.	
	11.	Click Next and accept defaults and finish the wizard.	

5.5.2 Configuring an OWSM 12*c* Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 client to implement mutual authentication with message protection that conform to the WS-Security 1.1 standards:

Table 5–14, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"

Table 5–15, "Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client"

Table			
Task	Description	More Information	
1	Create a SOA composite and deploy it.		
2	Using Fusion Middleware Control, attach the following policy to the web service:	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager	
	<pre>oracle/wss11_x509_token_with_message_ protection_service_policy.</pre>		

Table 5–14 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Table 5–15 Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client

Task	Description	More Information
1	Use the Microsoft SvcUtil utility to create a client proxy (see Table 5–7, "Client Program") and configuration file from the deployed web service.	http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa34 7733%28v=vs.90%29.aspx
2	In the Solution Explorer of the client project, add a reference by right-clicking on references, selecting Add reference , and browsing to C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\ framework\v3.0\Windows Communication Foundation\System.Runtime.Serialization.dll	
3	Create an app.config configuration file, including the following steps.	-
	An example of the complete file is shown in Example 5–6, "app.config File". The steps listed below are called out in bold type in the example.	
	1. Define behaviors with credentials	
	2 . Create a custom binding	
	3. Diable the message replay detection	
	4. Modify endpoint behavior	
3	Compile the project.	
4	Open a command prompt and navigate to the project's Debug folder.	-
5	Enter <client_project_name>.exe and press Enter.</client_project_name>	-

Example 5–6 app.config File

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<configuration>
<system.serviceModel>
```

```
</clientCredentials>
     </behavior>
   </endpointBehaviors>
  </behaviors>
<bindings>
    <customBinding>
      <binding name="BPELProcess1Binding">
<!-- --- 2. Create a custom binding ------ --->
        <security defaultAlgorithmSuite="Basic128" authenticationMode="MutualCertificate"</pre>
<!-- --->
           requireDerivedKeys="false" securityHeaderLayout="Lax" includeTimestamp="true"
           keyEntropyMode="CombinedEntropy" messageProtectionOrder="SignBeforeEncrypt"
           messageSecurityVersion="WSSecurity11WSTrustFebruary2005WSSecureConversation
           February2005WSSecurityPolicy11BasicSecurityProfile10"
           requireSignatureConfirmation="true">
<!-- --- 3. Disable the message replay detection ------
        <localClientSettings cacheCookies="true" detectReplays="false"
               replayCacheSize="900000" maxClockSkew="00:05:00"
               maxCookieCachingTime="Infinite"
<!-- --->
               replayWindow="00:05:00" sessionKeyRenewalInterval="10:00:00"
               sessionKeyRolloverInterval="00:05:00" reconnectTransportOnFailure="true"
               timestampValidityDuration="00:05:00" cookieRenewalThresholdPercentage="60" />
            <localServiceSettings detectReplays="true"
               issuedCookieLifetime="10:00:00"
               maxStatefulNegotiations="128"
               replayCacheSize="900000" maxClockSkew="00:05:00"
               negotiationTimeout="00:01:00" replayWindow="00:05:00"
               inactivityTimeout="00:02:00"
               sessionKeyRenewalInterval="15:00:00" sessionKeyRolloverInterval="00:05:00"
               reconnectTransportOnFailure="true" maxPendingSessions="128"
               maxCachedCookies="1000" timestampValidityDuration="00:05:00" />
            <secureConversationBootstrap />
          </security>
          <textMessageEncoding maxReadPoolSize="64" maxWritePoolSize="16"
              messageVersion="Soap11" writeEncoding="utf-8">
            <readerQuotas maxDepth="32" maxStringContentLength="8192" maxArrayLength="16384"</pre>
               maxBytesPerRead="4096" maxNameTableCharCount="16384" />
          </textMessageEncoding>
          <httpTransport manualAddressing="false" maxBufferPoolSize="524288"</pre>
              maxReceivedMessageSize="65536" allowCookies="false"
              authenticationScheme="Anonymous"
              bypassProxyOnLocal="false" hostNameComparisonMode="StrongWildcard"
              keepAliveEnabled="true" maxBufferSize="65536"
              proxyAuthenticationScheme="Anonymous"
              realm="" transferMode="Buffered" unsafeConnectionNtlmAuthentication="false"
              useDefaultWebProxy="true" />
        </binding>
       </customBinding>
     </bindings>
     <client>
```

```
</client>
</system.serviceModel>
</configuration>
```

Example 5–7 Client Program

```
namespace IO_NET10_client
{
   class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            BPELProcess1Client client = new BPELProcess1Client();
            client.ClientCredentials.ClientCertificate.SetCertificate(
                    StoreLocation.CurrentUser,
                    StoreName.My,
                    X509FindType.FindBySubjectName, "WSMCert3");
             client.ClientCredentials.ServiceCertificate.SetDefaultCertificate(
                       StoreLocation.CurrentUser,
                       StoreName.My,
                    X509FindType.FindBySubjectName, "Alice");
            process proc = new process();
            proc.input = "Test wss11_x509_token_with_message_protection_policy - ";
            Console.WriteLine(proc.input);
            processResponse response = client.process(proc);
            Console.WriteLine(response.result.ToString());
            Console.WriteLine("Press <ENTER> to terminate Client.");
            Console.ReadLine();
          }
   }
}
```

5.5.3 Configuring a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 web service and an OWSM 12*c* client to implement mutual authentication with message protection that conform to the WS-Security 1.1 standards:

- Table 5–16, "Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Web Service"
- Table 5–17, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Client"

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a .NET web service.	"How to: Define a Windows Communication Foundation Service Contract" at http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms73 1835%28v=vs.90%29.aspx
	For an example, see Example 5–4, "Example of .NET Web Service".	
2	Create a custom binding for the web service using the SymmetricSecurityBindingElement.	"How to: Create a Custom Binding Using the SecurityBindingElement" at
	The following is a sample of the SymmetricSecurityBindingElement object:	http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms/3 0305(v=vs.90).aspx
	<pre>SymmetricSecurityBindingElement sm = (SymmetricSecurityBindingElement)SecurityBin dingElement.CreateMutualCertificate BindingElement();</pre>	
	<pre>sm.DefaultAlgorithmSuite = System.ServiceModel.Security.SecurityAlgorit hmSuite.Basic128;sm.SetKeyDerivati on(false); sm.SecurityHeaderLayout = SecurityHeaderLayout.Lax;sm.IncludeTimestamp =</pre>	
	<pre>true; sm.KeyEntropyMode = SecurityKeyEntropyMode.CombinedEntropy; sm.MessageProtectionOrder = MessageProtectionOrder.SignBeforeEncrypt;sm. MessageSecurityVersion = MessageSecurityVersion.WSSecurity11WSTrustFe bruary2005WSSecureConversation February2005WSSecurityPolicy11BasicSecurityP rofile10; sm.RequireSignatureConfirmation = true;</pre>	

Table 5–16 Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Web Service

4 Deploy the application.

 Table 5–17
 Configuring the OWSM 12c Client

Task	Description	More Information
1	Using JDeveloper, create a SOA composite that consumes the .NET web service.	Developer's Guide for SOA Suite
2	In JDeveloper, create a partner link using the WSDL of the .NET service and add the import as follows:	
	<wsdl:import <br="" namespace="<namespace>">location="<wsdl location="">"/></wsdl></wsdl:import>	

Task	Description	More Information
3	In Fusion Middleware Control, attach the following policy to the web service client:	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
	oracle/wss11_x509_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy.	
4	Provide configurations for the keystore.recipient.alias.	"Overriding Policy Configuration Properties" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with
	You can specify this information when attaching the policy, by overriding the policy configuration.	Oracle Web Services Manager
	Ensure that you configure the keystore.recipient.alias as the alias of the certificate imported in step 4 (wsmcert3).	
5	Invoke the web service method from the client.	

Table 5–17 (Cont.) Configuring the OWSM 12c Client

5.6 Kerberos with Message Protection

This section describes how to implement Kerberos with message protection in the following interoperability scenario:

Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client

5.6.1 Performing Prerequisite Tasks for Interoperability

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the Key Distribution Center (KDC) and Active Directory (AD).	"To Configure Windows Active Directory and Domain Controller" (the domain controller can serve as KDC) at http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E19316-01 /820-3746/gisdn/index.html
2	Set up the Kerberos configuration file krb5.conf in c:\winnt as shown in Example 5–8, "Kerberos Configuration File"	

Example 5–8 Kerberos Configuration File

```
[logging]
default = c:\log\krb5libs.log
kdc = c:\log\krb5kdc.log
admin_server = c:\log\kadmind.log
[libdefaults]
default_realm = MYCOMPANY.LOCAL
dns_lookup_realm = false
dns_lookup_kdc = false
default_tkt_enctypes = rc4-hmac
default_tgs_enctypes = rc4-hmac
permitted_enctypes = rc4-hmac
kdc = hostname
[realms]
MYCOMPANY.LOCAL =
{ kdc = host:port admin_server = host:port
  default_domain = <domainname>
}
 [domain_realm]
```

```
.<domainname> = MYCOMPANY.LOCAL
    <domainname> = MYCOMPANY.LOCAL
    [appdefaults]
pam =
    { debug = false ticket_lifetime = 36000 renew_lifetime = 36000 forwardable =
    true krb4_convert = false }
```

5.6.2 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 client to implement Kerberos with message protection:

- Table 5–19, " Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 5–20, "Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client"

Table 5–19 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create and deploy a web service application.	
2	Clone the following policy: oracle/wss11_ kerberos_token_with_message_protection_ service_policy.	"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
3	Edit the policy settings to set Algorithm Suite to Basic128Rsa15.	
4	Attach the policy to the web service.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a user in AD to represent the host where the web service is hosted. By default the user account is created with RC4-HMAC encryption. For example, foobar with user name is HTTP/foobar.	
2	Use the following ktpass command to create a keytab file on the Windows AD machine where the KDC is running:	
	ktpass -princ HTTP/foobar@MYCOMPANY.LOCAL -pass Oracle123 -mapuser foobar -out foobar.keytab -ptype KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL -kvno 4	
	where HTTP/foobar is the SPN, mapped to a user "foobar". Do not set "/desonly or cyrpto as "des-cbc-crc". MYCOMPANY.LOCAL is the default Realm for the KDC and is available in the krb5.ini file. The pass password must match the password created during the user creation.	
	Use FTP binary mode to move the generated keytab file to the machine where the SOA Composite web service is hosted.	

 Table 5–20
 Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client

Task	Description	More Information
3	Use the following setSpn command to map the service principal to the user:	
	setSpn -A HTTP/foobar@MYCOMPANY.LOCAL foobar	
	setSpn -L foobar	
	Only one SPN must be mapped to the user. If there are multiple SPNs mapped to the user, remove them using the command setSpn -D <spname> <username>.</username></spname>	
4	Use the Microsoft svcutil utility to create a client proxy and configuration file from the deployed web service.	http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa34 7733%28v=vs.90%29.aspx
	Add the files generatedProxy.cs and app.config by right clicking the application (in the Windows Explorer) and selecting Add Existing Item .	
	In the endpoint element of the app.config, add an "identity" element with service principal name as "HTTP/foobar@MYCOMPANY.LOCAL" (the same value used for creating keytab).	
	<client></client>	
	<endpoint< td=""><td></td></endpoint<>	
	address="http://host:port/HelloServicePort" binding="gustomBinding"	
	bindingConfiguration="NewHelloScap12HttpPort	
	Binding"	
	contract="NewHello"	
	name="HelloServicePort">	
	<identity></identity>	
	<pre><serviceprincipalname pre="" value<=""></serviceprincipalname></pre>	
	="HTTP/foobar@MYCOMPANY.LOCAL"/>	
	A sample binding is provided in Example 5–9, "Custom Binding".	
5	Run the client program.	-

Table 5–20 (Cont.) Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client

Example 5–9 Custom Binding

<customBinding> <binding name="NewHelloSoap12HttpPortBinding"> <!--Added by User: Begin--> <security defaultAlgorithmSuite="Basic128"</pre> authenticationMode="Kerberos" requireDerivedKeys="false" securityHeaderLayout="Lax" includeTimestamp="true" keyEntropyMode="CombinedEntropy" messageProtectionOrder="SignBeforeEncrypt" messageSecurityVersion="WSSecurity11WSTrustFebruary2005 WSSecureConversationFebruary2005WSSecurityPolicy11BasicSecurity Profile10" requireSignatureConfirmation="true"> <localClientSettings cacheCookies="true" detectReplays="true" replayCacheSize="900000" maxClockSkew="00:05:00" maxCookieCachingTime="Infinite"

```
replavWindow="00:05:00"
          sessionKeyRenewalInterval="10:00:00"
          sessionKeyRolloverInterval="00:05:00"
          reconnectTransportOnFailure="true"
          timestampValidityDuration="00:05:00"
          cookieRenewalThresholdPercentage="60" />
                <localServiceSettings detectReplays="true"
          issuedCookieLifetime="10:00:00"
          maxStatefulNegotiations="128" replayCacheSize="900000"
          maxClockSkew="00:05:00"
          negotiationTimeout="00:01:00" replayWindow="00:05:00"
          inactivityTimeout="00:02:00"
          sessionKeyRenewalInterval="15:00:00"
          sessionKeyRolloverInterval="00:05:00"
          reconnectTransportOnFailure="true"
          maxPendingSessions="128"
          maxCachedCookies="1000"
          timestampValidityDuration="00:05:00" />
                  <secureConversationBootstrap />
                </security>
              <!--Added by User: End-->
                <textMessageEncoding maxReadPoolSize="64"
                   maxWritePoolSize="16"
                   messageVersion="Soap12" writeEncoding="utf-8">
                <readerQuotas maxDepth="32" maxStringContentLength="8192"
                   maxArrayLength="16384"
                   maxBytesPerRead="4096" maxNameTableCharCount="16384" />
                </textMessageEncoding>
              <!--Added by User: Begin-->
              <httpTransport manualAddressing="false"
                   maxBufferPoolSize="524288"
                   maxReceivedMessageSize="65536" allowCookies="false"
                   authenticationScheme="Anonymous"
                   bypassProxyOnLocal="false"
                   hostNameComparisonMode="StrongWildcard"
                   keepAliveEnabled="true" maxBufferSize="65536"
                   proxyAuthenticationScheme="Anonymous"
                   realm="" transferMode="Buffered"
                   unsafeConnectionNtlmAuthentication="false"
                   useDefaultWebProxy="true" />
                <!--Added by User: End-->
           </binding>
</customBinding>
```

5.7 Kerberos with Message Protection Using Derived Keys

This section describes how to implement Kerberos with message protection using derived keys in the following interoperability scenario:

Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client

Before configuring the web service and client in the above scenario, follow the instructions in Section 5.7.1, "Configuration Prerequisites."

5.7.1 Configuration Prerequisites

Table 5–21 describes how to perform prerequisite configuration tasks for implementing Kerberos with message protection using derived keys.

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the Key Distribution Center (KDC) and Active Directory (AD).	 "To Configure Windows Active Directory and Domain Controller" (the domain controller can serve as KDC) at http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E1931 6-01/820-3746/gisdn/index.html
		 "Configuring Kerberos Tokens" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
2	Set up the Kerberos configuration file krb5.conf in c:\winnt as shown in Example 5–10, "Kerberos Configuration File"	

 Table 5–21
 Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability

Example 5–10 Kerberos Configuration File

```
[logging]
default = c:\log\krb5libs.log
kdc = c:\log\krb5kdc.log
admin_server = c:\log\kadmind.log
[libdefaults]
default_realm = MYCOMPANY.LOCAL
dns_lookup_realm = false
dns_lookup_kdc = false
default_tkt_enctypes = rc4-hmac
default_tgs_enctypes = rc4-hmac
permitted_enctypes = rc4-hmac
kdc = hostname
[realms]
MYCOMPANY.LOCAL =
{ kdc = host:port admin_server = host:port
 default_domain = <domainname>
 [domain_realm]
.<domainname> = MYCOMPANY.LOCAL
<domainname> = MYCOMPANY.LOCAL
[appdefaults]
pam =
  debug = false ticket_lifetime = 36000 renew_lifetime = 36000 forwardable =
{
true krb4_convert = false }
```

5.7.2 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 client to implement Kerberos with message protection:

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create and deploy a web service application.	
2	Clone the following policy: wss11_kerberos_token_ with_message_protection_basic128_service_ policy.	"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
3	Edit the policy settings to enable the Derived Keys option.	
4	Attach the policy to the web service.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Table 5–22 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Table 5–23	Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client
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Task	k Description		
1	Create a user in AD to represent the host where the web service is hosted. By default the user account is created with RC4-HMAC encryption. For example, foobar with user name as "HTTP/foobar".		
2	Use the following ktpass command to create a keytab file on the Windows AD machine where the KDC is running:		
	ktpass -princ HTTP/foobar@MYCOMPANY.LOCAL -pass Oracle123 -mapuser foobar -out foobar.keytab -ptype KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL -kvno 4		
	where HTTP/foobar is the SPN, mapped to a user "foobar". Do not set "/desonly or cyrpto as "des-cbc-crc". MYCOMPANY.LOCAL is the default Realm for the KDC and is available in the krb5.ini file. The pass password must match the password created during the user creation.		
	Use FTP binary mode to move the generated keytab file to the machine where the SOA Composite web service is hosted.		
3	Use the following setSpn command to map the service principal to the user:		
	setSpn -A HTTP/foobar@MYCOMPANY.LOCAL foobar		
	setSpn -L foobar		
	Only one SPN must be mapped to the user. If there are multiple SPNs mapped to the user, remove them using the command setSpn -D <spname> <username>.</username></spname>		
4	Use the Microsoft SvcUtil utility to create a client proxy and configuration file from the deployed web service.		
	Add the files generatedProxy.cs and app.config by right clicking the application (in the Windows Explorer) and selecting Add Existing Item .		
	In the endpoint element of the app.config, add an "identity" element with service principal name as "HTTP/foobar@MYCOMPANY.LOCAL" (the same value used for creating keytab).		
	<client></client>		
	<pre><endpoint <="" address="http://host:port/HelloServicePort" pre=""></endpoint></pre>		
	binding="customBinding" bindingConfiguration="NewHelloSoap12HttpPortBinding" contract="NewHello" name="HelloServicePort">		
	<identity></identity>		
	<pre><serviceprincipalname value="HTTP/foobar@MYCOMPANY.LOCAL"></serviceprincipalname></pre>		
	A sample binding is provided in Example 5–11, "Custom Binding".		
5	Run the client program.		

Example 5–11 Custom Binding

```
<customBinding>
<binding name="NewHelloSoap12HttpPortBinding">
<l--Added by User: Begin-->
<security defaultAlgorithmSuite="Basic128"
    authenticationMode="Kerberos"
    requireDerivedKeys="true" securityHeaderLayout="Lax"
    includeTimestamp="true"
    keyEntropyMode="CombinedEntropy"
    messageProtectionOrder="SignBeforeEncrypt"
    messageSecurityVersion="WSSecurity11WSTrustFebruary2005
    WSSecureConversationFebruary2005WSSecurityPolicy11BasicSecurity
    Profile10"
    requireSignatureConfirmation="true">
<localClientSettings cacheCookies="true"
    detectReplays="true"
    replayCacheSize="900000" maxClockSkew="00:05:00"</pre>
```

```
maxCookieCachingTime="Infinite"
       replayWindow="00:05:00"
       sessionKeyRenewalInterval="10:00:00"
       sessionKeyRolloverInterval="00:05:00"
       reconnectTransportOnFailure="true"
       timestampValidityDuration="00:05:00"
       cookieRenewalThresholdPercentage="60" />
     <localServiceSettings detectReplays="true"
       issuedCookieLifetime="10:00:00"
       maxStatefulNegotiations="128" replayCacheSize="900000"
       maxClockSkew="00:05:00"
       negotiationTimeout="00:01:00" replayWindow="00:05:00"
       inactivityTimeout="00:02:00"
       sessionKeyRenewalInterval="15:00:00"
       sessionKeyRolloverInterval="00:05:00"
       reconnectTransportOnFailure="true"
       maxPendingSessions="128"
       maxCachedCookies="1000"
       timestampValidityDuration="00:05:00" />
     <secureConversationBootstrap />
   </security>
 <!--Added by User: End-->
     <textMessageEncoding maxReadPoolSize="64"
       maxWritePoolSize="16"
       messageVersion="Soap12" writeEncoding="utf-8">
         <readerQuotas maxDepth="32" maxStringContentLength="8192"
           maxArrayLength="16384"
           maxBytesPerRead="4096" maxNameTableCharCount="16384" />
      </textMessageEncoding>
         <!--Added by User: Begin-->
     <httpTransport manualAddressing="false"
       maxBufferPoolSize="524288"
       maxReceivedMessageSize="65536" allowCookies="false"
       authenticationScheme="Anonymous"
       bypassProxyOnLocal="false"
       hostNameComparisonMode="StrongWildcard"
       keepAliveEnabled="true" maxBufferSize="65536"
       proxyAuthenticationScheme="Anonymous"
       realm="" transferMode="Buffered"
       unsafeConnectionNtlmAuthentication="false"
       useDefaultWebProxy="true" />
     <!--Added by User: End-->
 </binding>
</customBinding>
```

5.8 Kerberos with SPNEGO Negotiation

This section describes how to implement Kerberos with SPNEGO negotiation in the following interoperability scenario:

Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client

5.8.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 client to implement Kerberos with SPNEGO negotiation:

Table 5–24, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"

Table 5–25, " Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client"

Table 5–24 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create and deploy a web service application.	
2	Create a policy that uses the http_spnego_token_ service_template assertion template.	"Configuring Kerberos With SPNEGO Negotiation" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
3	Attach the policy to the web service.	

Table 5–25 Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client

Task	Description	More Information
1	Use the Microsoft SvcUtil utility to create a client proxy and configuration file from the deployed web service.	http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa34 7733%28v=vs.90%29.aspx
2	Add the files generatedProxy.cs and app.config by right clicking the application (in the Windows Explorer) and selecting Add Existing Item .	
3	Edit the app.config file as shown in Example 5–12, "app.config File".	
	In this listing, note that the values of the contract and name attributes of the endpoint element are obtained from the generatedProxy.cs file.	
4	Compile the client.	
5	After attaching the OWSM policy to the deployed web service, run the client.	

Example 5–12 app.config File

```
<configuration>
  <system.serviceModel>
   <bindings>
     <basicHttpBinding>
       <br/><binding name="BPELProcessBinding">
         <security mode= "TransportCredentialOnly">
           <transport clientCredentialType="Windows"/>
         </security>
       </binding>
     </basicHttpBinding>
   </bindings>
   <client>
      <endpoint
          address="http://host:port/soa-infra/services/default/SOAProxy/bpelpro
cess_client_ep"
         binding="basicHttpBinding"
         bindingConfiguration="BPELProcessBinding"
         contract="BPELProcess" name="BPELProcess_pt"
        <identity>
          <servicePrincipalName value ="HTTP/host:port@MYCOMPANY.LOCAL" />
       </identity>
     </endpoint>
   </client>
  </system.serviceModel>
</configuration>
```

5.9 Kerberos with SPNEGO Negotiation and Credential Delegation

This section describes how to implement Kerberos with SPNEGO negotiation and credential delegation in the following interoperability scenario:

Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client

5.9.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 client to implement Kerberos with SPNEGO negotiation and credential delegation:

- Example 5–26, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Example 5–27, " Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 3.5 Client"

Table 5–26 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create and deploy a web service application.	
2	Create a policy that uses the http_spnego_token_ service_template assertion template.	"Configuring Kerberos With SPNEGO Negotiation" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.
3	Attach the policy to the web service.	
4	Set the value of the credential.delegation configuration setting to true.	"Overriding Policy Configuration Properties" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with
	You can specify this information when attaching the policy, by overriding the policy configuration.	Oracle Web Services Manager

Table 5–27	Configuring the	Microsoft	WCF/.NET :	3.5 Client
------------	-----------------	-----------	------------	------------

Task	Description	More Information
1	Use the Microsoft SvcUtil utility to create a client proxy and configuration file from the deployed web service.	http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa34 7733%28v=vs.90%29.aspx
2	Add the files generatedProxy.cs and app.config by right clicking the application (in the Windows Explorer) and selecting Add Existing Item .	
3	Edit the app.config file as shown in Example 5–13, "app.config File".	
	In the example, note that the values of the contract and name attributes of the endpoint element are obtained from the generatedProxy.cs file.	
4	Compile the client.	
5	After attaching the OWSM policy to the deployed web service, run the client.	

Example 5–13 app.config File

```
<configuration>
<system.serviceModel>
<bindings>
```

```
<basicHttpBinding>
        <br/><binding name="BPELProcess1Binding">
          <security mode= "TransportCredentialOnly">
            <transport clientCredentialType="Windows"/>
          </security>
        </binding>
      </basicHttpBinding>
    </bindings>
    <client>
      <endpoint
          address="http://host:port/soa-infra/services/default/SOAProxy/bpelpro
cess1 client ep"
         binding="basicHttpBinding"
          bindingConfiguration="BPELProcess1Binding"
          contract="BPELProcess1" name="BPELProcess1_pt"
          behaviorConfiguration="CredentialDelegation">
        <identity>
          <servicePrincipalName value ="HTTP/host:port@MYCOMPANY.LOCAL" />
        </identitv>
      </endpoint>
    </client>
    <behaviors>
      <endpointBehaviors>
        <br/>
<behavior name="CredentialDelegation">
          <clientCredentials>
            <windows allowedImpersonationLevel="Delegation"</pre>
              allowNtlm="false"/>
          </clientCredentials>
        </behavior>
      </endpointBehaviors>
    </behaviors>
  </system.serviceModel>
</configuration>
```

5.10 WCF/.NET 3.5 Client with Microsoft Active Directory Federation Services 2.0 (ADFS 2.0) STS

This section tells how to secure a WCF/.NET 3.5 client with Microsoft Active Directory Federation Services 2.0 (ADFS 2.0) secure token service (STS), using a policy utilizing SAML bearer token over one-way SSL.

Note: The SAML sender vouches token is not supported in this use case.

The procedure described in this section assumes that you install and configure ADFS 2.0 on a Windows Server 2008 or Windows Server 2008 R2 system. This system is set up in the STS role.

The section includes the following topics:

- Section 5.10.1, "Install and Configure Active Directory Federation Services (ADFS) 2.0"
- Section 5.10.2, "Configure ADFS 2.0 STS As Trusted SAML Token Issuer"
- Section 5.10.3, "Configure Users in Oracle Internet Directory"
- Section 5.10.4, "Attach the Policy"

- Section 5.10.5, "Register the Web Service as a Relying Party in ADFS 2.0"
- Section 5.10.6, "Secure WCF/.NET 3.5 Client with ADFS 2.0"

5.10.1 Install and Configure Active Directory Federation Services (ADFS) 2.0

The following instructions tell how to install and configure ADFS 2.0:

 Table 5–28
 Install and Configure Active Directory Federation Services (ADFS) 2.0

Task	De	scription	More Information	
1	Ins	tall and configure Active Directory.	http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/windowsse rver	
2	Install ADFS 2.0 and configure it using the wizard.		http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/windowsse	
	As	you configure ADFS 2.0 using the wizard, on the	rver/dd448613	
	Ser	ver Role page be sure to click Federation server .	<pre>http://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?linkid=15133 8 for download information.</pre>	
3	Cre aut def Ser SSI	eate and configure a self-signed server thentication certificate in IIS and bind it to the fault Web site using the Internet Information vices (IIS) Manager console. When done, enable L server authentication.	-	
	The the	e AD FS 2.0 Setup Wizard automatically installed Web server (IIS) server role on the system.		
	Cre cer htt c77 sec	eating a self-signed server authentication tificate is described generally in cp://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/c 71041%28v=ws.10%29.aspx. The steps in this tion provides use case-specific information.		
	1.	Open the Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager console.		
	2.	On the Start menu, click All Programs , point to Administrative Tools, and then click Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager .		
	3.	In the console tree, click the root node that contains the name of the system, and then, in the details pane, double-click the icon named Server Certificates in the IIS grouping.		
	4.	In the Actions pane, click Create Self-Signed Certificate .		
	5.	In the console tree, click Default Web Site .		
	6.	In the Actions pane, click Bindings .		
	7.	In the Site Bindings dialog box, click Add.		
	8.	In the Add Site Binding dialog box, select https in the Type drop-down list. Select the certificate you just created in the SSL certificate drop-down list, click OK , and then click Close .		
	9.	Close the Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager console. Enable SSL Server Authentication.		

Task	De	scription	More Information
4	Con	nfigure the system as a standalone federation ver.	http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/e e913579%28v=ws.10%29.aspx
5	Exp	port the ADFS 2.0 token-signing certificate.	http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/d d378922%28v=ws.10%29.aspx#BKMK_4
	For bin	a self-signed certificate, select DER encoded ary X.509 (.cer).	
	If the signing certificate is not self-signed, select Cryptographic Message Syntax Standard – PKCS 7 certificates (.p7b) and check Include all the certificates in the certification path if possible .		
6	Cre ena sub for	eate users and include an email address. You later able the STS to send the email address as the oject name id in the outgoing SAML assertions the service.	
	Fol Dir eac	low these steps to add a sample user to Active rectory. Make sure to set the email address for h user.	
	1.	Log in to the system with domain administrator credentials.	
	2.	Click Start , click Administrative Tools , and then click Active Directory Users and Computers .	
	3.	In the console tree, right-click the Users folder. Click New , and then click User .	
	4.	On the New Object – User page, add the user, and then click Next .	
	5.	Provide a password, clear the User must change password at next logon check box, and then click Next .	
	6.	Click Finish.	
	7.	In the right-most pane of Active Directory Users and Computers, right-click the new user object, and then click Properties .	
	8.	On the General tab, in the E-mail box, type the email address of the user, and then click OK .	

Table 5–28 (Cont.) Install and Configure Active Directory Federation Services (ADFS) 2.0

5.10.2 Configure ADFS 2.0 STS As Trusted SAML Token Issuer

The following instructions tell how to configure OWSM to trust the SAML assertions issued by an ADFS 2.0 STS:

Task	Description	More Information			
1	Get the STS signing certificates you exported in Table 5–28, "Install and Configure Active Directory Federation Services (ADFS) 2.0".				
	For a .p7b file for a certificate chain, open the file in IE and copy each certificate in the chain in a .cer file.				
2	Import the certificates into the location of the default keystore using keytool.				
	keytool -importcert -file <sts-signing-certs-file> -trustcacerts -alias <alias> -keystore default-keystore.jks</alias></sts-signing-certs-file>				
3	Add http://domain-name/adfs/services/trust as a SAML trusted issuer.	"Configuring SAML Trusted Issuers and DN Lists" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager			
4	Add the Subject DN (as defined in RFC 2253) of the STS certificate in the Trusted STS Servers section. Use a string that conforms to RFC 2253, such as CN=abc. You can use the mechanism of your choice, such as keytool, to view the certificate and determine the Subject DN.	"Configuring SAML Trusted Issuers and DN Lists" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager			

Table 5–29 Configure ADFS 2.0 STS As Trusted SAML Token Issuer

5.10.3 Configure Users in Oracle Internet Directory

For each user, configure the mail attribute to match the user email address set in ADFS.

See Managing Directory Entries for Creating a User in *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administrator's Guide for Oracle Internet Directory* for information on configuring users in Oracle Internet Directory.

5.10.4 Attach the Policy

Attach any of the following OWSM policies to the web service:

- oracle/wss_sts_issued_saml_bearer_token_over_ssl_service_policy
- oracle/wss_saml_token_bearer_over_ssl_service_policy
- oracle/wss11_saml_or_username_token_with_message_protection_service_ policy

These policies enforce message protection (integrity and confidentiality) and SAML-based authentication using credentials provided in SAML tokens with the bearer confirmation method in the WS-Security SOAP header. They also verify that the transport protocol provides SSL message protection.

See "Attaching Policies" in *Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager* for information on attaching policies.

5.10.5 Register the Web Service as a Relying Party in ADFS 2.0

Configure ADFS 2.0 to issue the SAML assertion to the web service with the email address or the name ID (SAM-Account-Name) as the subject name id.

See http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd807108%28v=ws.10%29.aspx
for general information on relying parties.

This section provides use case-specific information.

Add the Web Service as a Relying Party

- 1. In the AD FS 2.0 Management console, click AD FS 2.0.
- **2.** In the details pane, click **Add a trusted relying party** to start the Add Relying Party Wizard.
- 3. On the Welcome page, click Start to begin.
- 4. Select Enter data about the relying party manually.
- 5. Provide a display name and enter any notes you want.
- 6. Select ADFS 2.0 Profile.
- 7. On the Configure Certificate page, click Next.

Configuring a token encryption certificate on this page is optional. Configure one on this page if you require that the token be encrypted. If you do not configure a token encryption certificate, the token issued by STS is not encrypted for the service.

- **8.** WS-Trust is always enabled. Click **Next**.
- **9.** For the Relying Party Trust Identifier, enter the service URL and click **Add**.
- **10.** Permit all users to access this relying party.
- 11. Click Next and then Close.

Configure the Claim Rules for the Service

To enable the STS to send the email address or the name ID as the subject name id in the outgoing SAML assertions for the service, use the steps in this section to create a chain of two claim rules with different templates.

See http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ee913578%28v=ws.10%29.aspx
for general information on claim rules. See

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dd807115%28v=ws.10%29.aspx to create a rule to send LDAP attributes as claims.

This section provides use case-specific information.

- 1. Right-click on the Relying Party for the service and select Edit Claim Rules.
- 2. On the Issuance Transform Rules tab select Add Rule.
- 3. Select Send LDAP Attribute as Claims as the claim rule template to use.
- **4.** Give the Claim a name, such as Get LDAP Attributes.
- Set the Attribute Store to Active Directory, the LDAP Attribute to E-Mail-Addresses, and the Outgoing Claim Type to E-mail Address.

If you want to instead use the name ID as the subject name ID, under LDAP Attribute, select SAM-Account-Name.

- 6. Select Finish.
- **7.** If you use the name ID as the subject name ID, click **OK** to close the property page and save the changes to the relying party trust.

If you use the email address as the subject name ID, continue to add a rule.

- 8. Select Add Rule.
- 9. Select Transform an Incoming Claim as the claim rule template to use.
- **10.** Give it a name, such as Email to Name ID.
- **11.** Set the Incoming claim type as E-mail Address. (It must match the Outgoing Claim Type in the previous rule.)
- 12. Set the Outgoing claim type as Name ID and the Outgoing name ID format as Email (urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.1:nameid-format:emailAddress).
- **13.** Pass through all claim values and click **Finish**.
- **14.** Click **OK** to close the property page and save the changes to the relying party trust.

5.10.6 Secure WCF/.NET 3.5 Client with ADFS 2.0

Perform the following steps to secure WCF/.NET 3.5 Client with ADFS 2.0:

- 1. Install .NET 3.5 and Microsoft Visual Studio 2008.
- 2. Import the SSL server certificates for STS and the service into Windows.

If the SSL server certificate for STS or the service is not issued from a trusted CA, or self-signed, then it needs to be imported with MMC tool, as described in Table 5–18, " Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability".

3. Create and Configure the WCF Client.

ADFS 2.0 STS supports multiple security and authentication mechanisms for token insurance. Each is exposed as a separate endpoint. For username/password authentication, two endpoints are provided:

- http://<adfs.domain>/adfs/services/trust/13/username This endpoint is for username token with message protection.
- https://<adfs.domain>/adfs/services/trust/13/usernamemixed This endpoint is for username token with transport protection (SSL).

The WCF client uses the

https://<adfs.domain>/adfs/services/trust/13/usernamemixed endpoint for username token on SSL to obtain the SAML bearer token for the service.

a. Generate the WCF Client with the service WSDL.

See http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms733133 (v=vs.90) for information on creating a Windows Communication Foundation client.

b. Configure the client with ws2007FederationHttpBinding:

In the Solution Explorer of the client project, add a reference by right-clicking on references, selecting **Add reference**, and browsing to *C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\framework\v3.0\Windows Communication* Foundation\System.Runtime.Serialization.dll.

Edit the app.config file. (See

http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb472490.aspx for information on WS 2007 Federation HTTP Binding.) Consider the following sample:

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?> <configuration> <system.serviceModel> <behaviors> <endpointBehaviors>

```
<behavior name="secureBehaviour">
              <clientCredentials>
                <serviceCertificate>
       <defaultCertificate findValue="weblogic"
            storeLocation="LocalMachine"
            storeName="My"
            x509FindType="FindBySubjectName"/>
                </serviceCertificate>
              </clientCredentials>
            </behavior>
          </endpointBehaviors>
        </behaviors>
      <bindings>
        <ws2007FederationHttpBinding>
          <binding
name="JaxWsWss11SamlOrUsernameOrSamlBearerOverSSLSoapHttp">
            <security mode="TransportWithMessageCredential">
              <message negotiateServiceCredential="false"
             algorithmSuite="Basic128"
                   issuedTokenType
="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/oasis-wss-saml-token-
profile-1.1#SAMLV1.1"
                   issuedKeyType="BearerKey">
                <issuer address
="https://domain-name/adfs/services/trust/13/usernamemixed"
              binding ="ws2007HttpBinding"
bindingConfiguration="ADFSUsernameMixed"/>
              </message>
            </security>
          </binding>
        </ws2007FederationHttpBinding>
        <ws2007HttpBinding>
          <br/><binding name="ADFSUsernameMixed">
            <security mode="TransportWithMessageCredential">
              <message clientCredentialType="UserName"
establishSecurityContext="false" />
           </security>
          </binding>
       </ws2007HttpBinding>
      </bindings>
        <client>
          <endpoint
address="https://adc2170989:8002/JaxWsWss11SamlOrUsernameOrSamlBearerOverSS
L/JaxWsWss11Sam
lOrUsernameOrSamlBearerOverSSLService"
              binding="ws2007FederationHttpBinding"
bindingConfiguration="JaxWsWss11SamlOrUsernameOrSamlBearerOverSSLSoapHttp"
              contract="JaxWsWss11SamlOrUsernameOrSamlBearerOverSSL"
name="JaxWsWss11SamlOrUsernameOrSamlBearerOverSSLPort">
            <identity>
              <dns value="weblogic" />
            </identity>
```

```
</endpoint>
</client>
</system.serviceModel>
</configuration>
```

c. Edit the program.cs file to make the service call.

If not already present, create a .cs file in the project and name it program.cs (or any name of your choice.) Edit it to match the following:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.ServiceModel;
namespace Client
{
    class Program
    {
       static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            JaxWsWss11SamlOrUsernameOrSamlBearerOverSSLClient client =
               New JaxWsWss11SamlOrUsernameOrSamlBearerOverSSLClient();
            client.ClientCredentials.UserName.UserName = "joe";
            client.ClientCredentials.UserName.Password = "eoj";
System.Net.ServicePointManager.ServerCertificateValidationCallback =
               ((sender, certificate, chain, sslPolicyErrors) => true);
            Console.WriteLine(client.echo("Hello"));
            Console.Read();
        }
```

```
In this sample program.cs file:
```

}

}

joe is the username and *eoj* is the password used by the client to authenticate to the STS.

System.Net.ServicePointManager.ServerCertificateValidationCallback
= ((sender, certificate, chain, sslPolicyErrors) => true); has been
added to validate the server side self-signed certificate. This is not required if
the server certificate is issued by a trusted CA. If using a self-signed certificate
for testing, add this method to validate the certificate on the client side.

Interoperability with Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Security Environments

This chapter describes interoperability of Oracle Web Services Manager (OWSM) with Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 security environments.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Overview of Interoperability with Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Security Environments
- Message Transmission Optimization Mechanism (MTOM)
- Username Token With Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)
- Username Token Over SSL
- Mutual Authentication with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)
- Kerberos with Message Protection
- Kerberos with Message Protection Using Derived Keys
- Kerberos with SPNEGO Negotiation
- Kerberos with SPNEGO Negotiation and Credential Delegation
- WCF/.NET 4.5 Client with Microsoft Active Directory Federation Services 2.0 (ADFS 2.0) STS

6.1 Overview of Interoperability with Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Security Environments

Oracle has performed interoperability testing to ensure that the web service security policies created using OWSM 12*c* can interoperate with web service policies configured using Microsoft Windows Communication Foundation (WCF)/.NET 4.5 Framework and vice versa.

For more information about the Microsoft .NET 4.5 (and earlier) Framework, see ".NET Development" at

http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff361664%28v=vs.110%29.aspx.

For more information about:

- OWSM predefined policies, see "Predefined Policies" in *Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.*
- Configuring and attaching OWSM 12c policies, see "Securing Web Services" and "Attaching Policies" in *Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager*.

Note: In most cases, you can attach OWSM policies in source code, before deploying an application, or you can attach policies post deployment, using WLST or Fusion Middleware Control. To simplify the instructions in this chapter, it is assumed that you are attaching policies post deployment. If a situation *requires* that you attach a policy before deploying, it is described that way in the instructions.

Note: Some of the procedures described in this chapter instruct you to use the Microsoft ServiceModel Metadata Utility Tool (SvcUtil.exe) to create a client proxy and configuration file from the deployed web service. However, SvcUtil.exe does not work with certain security policy assertions used with OWSM. As a workaround when generating a WCF proxy for a web service protected by an OWSM policy, do the following:

- Detach the policy.
- Generate the proxy using SvcUtil.exe.
- Re-attach the policy.

For more information about SvcUtil.exe, see
http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa347733%28v=vs.110%
29.aspx.

Table 6–1 and Table 6–2 summarize the most common Microsoft .NET 4.5 interoperability scenarios based on the following security requirements: authentication, message protection, and transport.

Note: In the following scenarios, ensure that you are using a keystore with v3 certificates. By default, the JDK 1.5 keytool generates keystores with v1 certificates.

In addition, ensure that the keys use the proper extensions, including DigitalSignature, Non_repudiation, Key_Encipherment, and Data_Encipherment.
Identity Token	WS-Security Version	Message Protection	Transport Security	Service Policy	Client Policy
МТОМ	NA	NA	NA	oracle/wsmtom_policy	See Table 6–4, " Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client" on page 6-4
Username or SAML	1.1	Yes	No	<pre>oracle/wss11_ username_token_with_ message_protection_ service_policy OR oracle/wss11_sam1_ or_username_token_ with_message_ protection_service_ policy</pre>	See Table 6–8, " Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client" on page 9, Table 6–12, " Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client" on page 16, and Section 6.10.6, "Step 6: Secure WCF/.NET 4.5 Client with ADFS 2.0," on page 6-38.
Username	1.0 and 1.1	No	Yes	oracle/wss_saml_or_ username_token_over_ ssl_service_policy OR oracle/wss_username_ token_over_sel	See Table 6–12, " Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client" on page 6-16
Mutual Authentication	1.1	Yes	No	<pre>service_policy oracle/wss11_x509_ token_with_message_ protection_service_ policy</pre>	See Table 6–17, " Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client" on page 6-21
Kerberos	1.1	Yes	No	oracle/wss11_ kerberos_token_with_ message_protection_ service_policy	See Table 6–22, " Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client" on page 6-26
SAML Bearer	1.0	No	Yes	oracle/wss_sts_ issued_saml_bearer_ token_over_ssl_ service_policy OR	See Section 6.10.6, "Step 6: Secure WCF/.NET 4.5 Client with ADFS 2.0," on page 6-38
				oracle/wss_saml_ token_bearer_over_ ssl_service_policy	

Table 6–1 OWSM 12c Service Policy and Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client Policy Interoperability

Table 6–2 Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Service Policy and OWSM 12c Client Policy Interoperability

Identity Token	WS-Security Version	Message Protection	Transport Security	Service Policy	Client Policy
МТОМ	NA	NA	NA	See Table 6–5, " Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Web Service" on page 6-5	oracle/wsmtom_policy

Identity Token	WS-Security Version	Message Protection	Transport Security	Service Policy	Client Policy
Username	1.1	Yes	No	See Table 6–9, " Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Web Service" on page 6-11	oracle/wss11_username_ token_with_message_ protection_client_ policy
Username Token Over SSL	1.0	No	Yes	See Table 6–13, " Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Web Service" on page 6-17	oracle/wss_username_ token_over_ssl_client_ policy
Mutual Authentication	1.1	Yes	No	See Table 6–18, " Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Web Service" on page 6-23	oracle/wss11_x509_ token_with_message_ protection_client_ policy

Table 6–2	(Cont.)	Microsoft WCF/.NET	4.5 Service	Policy and OWSI	1 12c Client Polic	y Interoperability
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6.2 Message Transmission Optimization Mechanism (MTOM)

This section describes how to implement MTOM in the following interoperability scenarios:

- Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client
- Configuring a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

6.2.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client to implement Message Transmission Optimization Mechanism (MTOM):

- Table 6–3, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 6–4, "Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client"

Table 6–3 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create and deploy a web service application.	"Deploying Web Service Applications" in Administering Web Services.
2	Attach the following policy to the web service: oracle/wsmtom_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Table 6–4 Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client

Task	Description	More Information
1	Use the Microsoft SvcUtil utility to create a client proxy and configuration file from the deployed web service. See Example 6–1, "app.config File for MTOM Interoperability".	"ServiceModel Metadata Utility Tool (Svcutil.exe)" at http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa34 7733%28v=vs.110%29.aspx
2	Run the client program.	

Example 6–1 app.config File for MTOM Interoperability

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?> <configuration>

```
<system.serviceModel>
       <bindings>
            <customBinding>
                <binding name="CustomBinding_IMTOMService">
                    <mtomMessageEncoding maxReadPoolSize="64"
                    maxWritePoolSize="16"
                        messageVersion="Soap12" maxBufferSize="65536"
                        writeEncoding="utf-8">
                        <readerQuotas maxDepth="32" maxStringContentLength=
                         "8192" maxArrayLength="16384"
                            maxBytesPerRead="4096" maxNameTableCharCount="16384" />
                    </mtomMessageEncoding>
                    <httpTransport manualAddressing="false" maxBufferPoolSize="524288"
                        maxReceivedMessageSize="65536" allowCookies="false"
                           authenticationScheme="Anonymous"
                        bypassProxyOnLocal="false" hostNameComparisonMode="StrongWildcard"
                        keepAliveEnabled="true" maxBufferSize="65536"
                           proxyAuthenticationScheme="Anonymous"
                        realm="" transferMode="Buffered"
                           unsafeConnectionNtlmAuthentication="false"
                        useDefaultWebProxy="true" />
                </binding>
            </customBinding>
       </bindings>
       <client>
          <endpoint address="<endpoint_url>"
              binding="customBinding" bindingConfiguration="CustomBinding_IMTOMService"
              contract="IMTOMService" name="CustomBinding_IMTOMService" >
          </endpoint>
       </client>
   </system.serviceModel>
</configuration>
```

6.2.2 Configuring a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 web service and an OWSM 12*c* client to implement Message Transmission Optimization Mechanism (MTOM):

- Table 6–5, "Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Web Service"
- Table 6–6, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Client"

Table 6–5 Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Web Service

Task	Description	More Information	
1	Create a .NET web service.	"How to: Define a Windows Communication	
	For an example, see Example 6–2, ".NET Web Service for MTOM Interoperability".	Foundation Service Contract" at http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms73 1835.aspx	
2	Deploy the application.		

Example 6–2 .NET Web Service for MTOM Interoperability

```
static void Main(string[] args)
{
    string uri = "http://host:port/TEST/MTOMService/SOA/MTOMService";
```

```
// Step 1 of the address configuration procedure: Create a URI to serve as the base address.
```

```
Uri baseAddress = new Uri(uri);
// Step 2 of the hosting procedure: Create ServiceHost
ServiceHost selfHost = new ServiceHost(typeof(MTOMService), baseAddress);
try {
    HttpTransportBindingElement hb = new HttpTransportBindingElement();
    hb.ManualAddressing = false;
    hb.MaxBufferPoolSize = 2147483647;
    hb.MaxReceivedMessageSize = 2147483647;
    hb.AllowCookies = false;
    hb.AuthenticationScheme = System.Net.AuthenticationSchemes.Anonymous;
    hb.KeepAliveEnabled = true;
    hb.MaxBufferSize = 2147483647;
    hb.ProxyAuthenticationScheme = System.Net.AuthenticationSchemes.Anonymous;
    hb.Realm = "";
    hb.TransferMode = System.ServiceModel.TransferMode.Buffered;
    hb.UnsafeConnectionNtlmAuthentication = false;
    hb.UseDefaultWebProxv = true:
    MtomMessageEncodingBindingElement me = new MtomMessageEncodingBindingElement();
    me.MaxReadPoolSize=64;
    me.MaxWritePoolSize=16;
    me.MessageVersion=System.ServiceModel.Channels.MessageVersion.Soap12;
    me.WriteEncoding = System.Text.Encoding.UTF8;
    me.MaxWritePoolSize = 2147483647;
    me.MaxBufferSize = 2147483647;
    me.ReaderQuotas.MaxArrayLength = 2147483647;
    CustomBinding binding1 = new CustomBinding();
    binding1.Elements.Add(me);
    binding1.Elements.Add(hb);
    ServiceEndpoint ep = selfHost.AddServiceEndpoint(typeof(IMTOMService), binding1,
           "MTOMService");
    EndpointAddress myEndpointAdd = new EndpointAddress (new Uri (uri),
    EndpointIdentity.CreateDnsIdentity("WSMCert3"));
    ep.Address = myEndpointAdd;
    // Step 4 of the hosting procedure: Enable metadata exchange.
    ServiceMetadataBehavior smb = new ServiceMetadataBehavior();
    smb.HttpGetEnabled = true;
    selfHost.Description.Behaviors.Add(smb);
    using (ServiceHost host = new ServiceHost(typeof(MTOMService)))
    {
        System.ServiceModel.Description.ServiceDescription svcDesc =
             selfHost.Description;
        ServiceDebugBehavior svcDebug =
              svcDesc.Behaviors.Find<ServiceDebugBehavior>();
        svcDebug.IncludeExceptionDetailInFaults = true;
    }
    // Step 5 of the hosting procedure: Start (and then stop) the service.
    selfHost.Open();
    Console.WriteLine("The service " + uri + " is ready.");
    Console.WriteLine("Press <ENTER> to terminate service.");
    Console.WriteLine();
    Console ReadLine():
    // Close the ServiceHostBase to shutdown the service.
    selfHost.Close();
}
catch (CommunicationException ce)
{
```

```
Console.WriteLine("An exception occurred: {0}", ce.Message);
selfHost.Abort();
}
```

```
Table 6–6 Configuring the OWSM 12c Client
```

}

Task	Description	More Information
1	Using JDeveloper, create a SOA composite that consumes the .NET web service.	Developer's Guide for SOA Suite
2	Attach the following policy to the web service client: oracle/wsmtom_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

6.3 Username Token With Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)

This section describes how to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard--with or without secure conversation enabled--in the following interoperability scenarios:

- Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client
- Configuring a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

6.3.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 client to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard, both with and without secure conversation enabled:

- Table 6–7, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 6–8, "Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client"

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a SOAP 1.2 compliant web service application.	
2	Select the policy to use based on whether or not you want to enable secure conversation:	"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
	If you do not want to enable secure conversation, clone either of the following policies:	
	oracle/wss11_username_token_with_message_ protection_service_policy	
	oracle/wss11_saml_or_username_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	
	Note that, in the case of secure conversation <i>not</i> enabled, you will have to set the establishSecurityContext property to false for the client, as described in Table 6–8, "Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client"	
	To enable secure conversation, clone the following policy:	
	<pre>oracle/wss11_username_token_with_message_ protection_wssc_service_policy</pre>	
3	Edit the policy configuration settings of the cloned policy from step 2, above, as follows:	"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
	 Enable the X509 Token Derived Keys configuration setting. 	
	2. Enable the Encrypt Signature configuration setting.	
	3. Disable the Confirm Signature configuration setting.	
	4. Leave the default configuration set for all other configuration settings.	
	Attach the policy to the web service.	
4	Also attach the following policy:	
	oracle/wsaddr_policy	
5	Export the X.509 certificate file from the keystore on the service side to a .cer file (for example, alice.cer) using the following command:	"keytool - Key and Certificate Management Tool" at http://docs.oracle.com/javase/6/docs/technot es/tools/windows/keytool.html
	keytool -export -alias alice -file C:\alice.cer -keystore default-keystore.jks	

Table 6–7 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	Description		More Information	
1	Imp the Ma	port the certificate file (exported previously) to keystore on the client server using Microsoft nagement Console (mmc), as follows:	"How to: View Certificates with the MMC Snap-in" at http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms78	
	1. Open a command prompt.		8967.aspx	
	2.	Type mmc and press Enter .		
	3.	Select File > Add/Remove snap-in .		
	4.	Select Add and Choose Certificates.		
		Note: To view certificates in the local machine store, you must be in the Administrator role.		
	5.	Select Add.		
	6.	Select My user account and finish.		
	7.	Click OK.		
	8.	Expand Console Root > Certificates -Current user > Personal > Certificates.		
	9.	Right-click on Certificates and select All tasks > Import to launch Certificate import Wizard.		
	10.	Click Next , select Browse , and navigate to the .cer file that was exported previously.		
	11. Click Next and accept defaults and finish the wizard.			
2	Ger serv	nerate a .NET client using the WSDL of the web vice.	"How to: Create a Windows Communication Foundation Client" at	
	Not hea wsa Ass Det Sert	te: You may have to set WS-Addressing action ders to prevent the client from sending implicit :Action headers, as described in "Implicitly sociating WS-Addressing Action Properties" in <i>peloping JAX-WS Web Services for Oracle WebLogic</i> <i>ver</i>	http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms/3 3133(v=vs.110).aspx	
3	Edi upo sho bol	t the app.config file in the .NET project to date the certificate file and disable replays, as wn in Example 6–3. (Changes are identified in d .)		
	If y <ce< td=""><td>ou follow the default key setup, then ertificate_cn> should be set to alice.</td><td></td></ce<>	ou follow the default key setup, then ertificate_cn> should be set to alice.		
4	The app you	e establishSecurityContext property in the o.config file must be set according to whether a are enabling secure conversation.		
	By o tru ena est	default, establishSecurityContext is set to e, enabling secure conversation. If you are <i>not</i> bling secure conversation, set ablishSecurityContext to false.		
	For ita	example, see Example 6–3 (lines in bold Llic).		
5	Cor	mpile the project.		
6	Op pro	en a command prompt and navigate to the ject's Debug folder.		
7	Ent	er <client_project_name>.exe and press Enter.</client_project_name>		

 Table 6–8
 Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<configuration>
  <system.serviceModel>
    <behaviors>
      <endpointBehaviors>
         <behavior name="secureBehaviour">
           <clientCredentials>
             <serviceCertificate>
               <defaultCertificate findValue="<certificate cn>"
                storeLocation="CurrentUser" storeName="My"
                x509FindType="FindBySubjectName"/>
             </serviceCertificate>
           </clientCredentials>
         </behavior>
      </endpointBehaviors>
    </behaviors>
    <bindings>
      <ws2007HttpBinding>
        <binding name="Wss11UsernameTokenWithMessageProtectionWSSCServicePortBinding" >
          <security mode="Message">
            <message clientCredentialType="UserName"
                negotiateServiceCredential="false"
                algorithmSuite="Basic128"
                establishSecurityContext="true" />
                <!-- extablishSecurityContext is true by default and therefore does not
                have to be specified to enable secure conversation.
                Set establishSecurityContext to false if secure conversation is not enabled -->
          </securitv>
        </binding>
      </ws2007HttpBinding>
   </bindings>
  <client>
    <endpoint address="http://10.244.167.70:7003/OWSMTestApp-Project1-context-root/ws11_username_</pre>
token_with_message_protection_wsscPort?wsdl"
        behaviorConfiguration="PMCert"
        binding="ws2007HttpBinding"
        bindingConfiguration="Wss11UsernameTokenWithMessageProtectionWSSCServicePortBinding"
        contract="ServiceReference1.ws11_username_token_with_message_protection_wssc"
        name="ws11_username_token_with_message_protection_wsscPort">
      <identity>
        <dns value="orakey" />
      </identity>
    </endpoint>
  </client>
  </system.serviceModel>
</configuration>
```

```
Example 6–3 app.config File for Implementing Username Token With Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)
```

6.3.2 Configuring a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 web service and an OWSM 12*c* client to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard:

- Table 6–9, "Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Web Service"
- Table 6–10, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Client"

Task	Description	More Information	
1	Create a .NET web service.	"How to: Define a Windows Communication	
	Create a custom binding for the web service using the SymmetricSecurityBindingElement, as shown in Example 6–4. This example shows a web service without secure conversation enabled.	Foundation Service Contract at http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms73 1835.aspx	
	To enable secure conversation , make the following adjustments to the code in the example.		
	Create another SymmetricSecurityBindingElement element based on the one created (sm), for example:		
	SymmetricSecurityBindingElement scsm = SymmetricSecurityBindingElement.createSecure ConversationBindingELement(sm, false)		
	Then create a new custom binding:		
_	CustomBinding binding1 = new CustomBinding(scsm);		
2	Create and import a certificate file to the keystore on the web service server.		
	Using Microsoft Visual Studio, the command would be similar to the following:		
	<pre>makecert -r -pe -n "CN=wsmcert3" -sky exchange -ss my C:\wsmcert3.cer</pre>		
	This command creates and imports a certificate in mmc.		
	If the command does not provide expected results, then try the following sequence of commands. You need to download Windows Developer Kit (WDK) at http://www.microsoft.com/whdc/devtools/WDK/d efault.mspx.		
	makecert -r -pe -n "CN=wsmcert3" -sky		
	exchange -ss my -sv wscert3.pvk		
	C:\wsmcert3.cer		
	wsmcert3.cer -pfx PRF_WSMCert3.pfx -pi welcome1		
	Then, in mmc, import PRF_WSMCert3.pfx.		
3	Import the certificate created on the web service server to the client server using the keytool command. For example:	<pre>"keytool - Key and Certificate Management Tool" at http://docs.oracle.com/javase/6/docs/technot es/tools/windows/keytool.html</pre>	
	keytool -import -alias wsmcert3 -file C:\wsmcert3.cer -keystore <owsm_client_ keystore></owsm_client_ 		
4	Right-click on the web service Solution project in Solutions Explorer and click Open Folder In Windows Explorer .		
5	Navigate to the bin/Debug folder.		
6	Double-click the <project>.exe file. This command runs the web service at the URL provided.</project>		

Table 6–9 Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Web Service

Example 6–4 Example of .NET Web Service

```
static void Main(string[] args)
{
   // Step 1 of the address configuration procedure: Create a URI to serve as the
   // base address.
    // Step 2 of the hosting procedure: Create ServiceHost
   string uri = "http://host:port/TEST/NetService";
   Uri baseAddress = new Uri(uri);
   ServiceHost selfHost = new ServiceHost(typeof(CalculatorService), baseAddress);
   try
    {
        SymmetricSecurityBindingElement sm =
            SymmetricSecurityBindingElement.CreateUserNameForCertificateBindingElement();
        sm.DefaultAlgorithmSuite = System.ServiceModel.Security.SecurityAlgorithmSuite.Basic128;
        sm.SetKeyDerivation(false);
        sm.SecurityHeaderLayout = SecurityHeaderLayout.Lax;
        sm.IncludeTimestamp = true;
        sm.KeyEntropyMode = SecurityKeyEntropyMode.CombinedEntropy;
        sm.MessageSecurityVersion =
        MessageSecurityVersion.WSSecurity11WSTrustFebruary2005WSSecureConversationFebruary2005
        WSSecurityPolicy11BasicSecurityProfile10;
        sm.LocalClientSettings.CacheCookies = true;
        sm.LocalClientSettings.DetectReplays = true;
        sm.LocalClientSettings.ReplayCacheSize = 900000;
        sm.LocalClientSettings.MaxClockSkew = new TimeSpan(00, 05, 00);
        sm.LocalClientSettings.MaxCookieCachingTime = TimeSpan.MaxValue;
        sm.LocalClientSettings.ReplayWindow = new TimeSpan(00, 05, 00); ;
        sm.LocalClientSettings.SessionKeyRenewalInterval = new TimeSpan(10, 00, 00);
        sm.LocalClientSettings.SessionKeyRolloverInterval = new TimeSpan(00, 05, 00); ;
        sm.LocalClientSettings.ReconnectTransportOnFailure = true;
        sm.LocalClientSettings.TimestampValidityDuration = new TimeSpan(00, 05, 00); ;
        sm.LocalClientSettings.CookieRenewalThresholdPercentage = 60;
        sm.LocalServiceSettings.DetectReplays = false;
        sm.LocalServiceSettings.IssuedCookieLifetime = new TimeSpan(10, 00, 00);
        sm.LocalServiceSettings.MaxStatefulNegotiations = 128;
        sm.LocalServiceSettings.ReplayCacheSize = 900000;
        sm.LocalServiceSettings.MaxClockSkew = new TimeSpan(00, 05, 00);
        sm.LocalServiceSettings.NegotiationTimeout = new TimeSpan(00, 01, 00);
        sm.LocalServiceSettings.ReplayWindow = new TimeSpan(00, 05, 00);
        sm.LocalServiceSettings.InactivityTimeout = new TimeSpan(00, 02, 00);
        sm.LocalServiceSettings.SessionKeyRenewalInterval = new TimeSpan(15, 00, 00);
        sm.LocalServiceSettings.SessionKeyRolloverInterval = new TimeSpan(00, 05, 00);
        sm.LocalServiceSettings.ReconnectTransportOnFailure = true;
        sm.LocalServiceSettings.MaxPendingSessions = 128;
        sm.LocalServiceSettings.MaxCachedCookies = 1000;
        sm.LocalServiceSettings.TimestampValidityDuration = new TimeSpan(15, 00, 00);
        HttpTransportBindingElement hb = new HttpTransportBindingElement();
        hb.ManualAddressing = false;
        hb.MaxBufferPoolSize = 524288;
        hb.MaxReceivedMessageSize = 65536;
        hb.AllowCookies = false;
        hb.AuthenticationScheme = System.Net.AuthenticationSchemes.Anonymous;
        hb.KeepAliveEnabled = true;
        hb.MaxBufferSize = 65536;
        hb.ProxyAuthenticationScheme = System.Net.AuthenticationSchemes.Anonymous;
        hb.Realm = "":
        hb.TransferMode = System.ServiceModel.TransferMode.Buffered;
        hb.UnsafeConnectionNtlmAuthentication = false;
```

```
hb.UseDefaultWebProxy = true;
   TextMessageEncodingBindingElement tb1 = new TextMessageEncodingBindingElement();
   tb1.MaxReadPoolSize = 64;
   tb1.MaxWritePoolSize = 16;
   tb1.MessageVersion = System.ServiceModel.Channels.MessageVersion.Soap12;
   tb1.WriteEncoding = System.Text.Encoding.UTF8;
   CustomBinding binding1 = new CustomBinding(sm);
   binding1.Elements.Add(tb1);
   binding1.Elements.Add(hb);
   ServiceEndpoint ep = selfHost.AddServiceEndpoint(typeof(ICalculator), binding1,
      "CalculatorService");
   EndpointAddress myEndpointAdd = new EndpointAddress(
   new Uri(uri).
   EndpointIdentity.CreateDnsIdentity("WSMCert3"));
   ep.Address = myEndpointAdd;
   // Step 4 of the hosting procedure: Enable metadata exchange.
   ServiceMetadataBehavior smb = new ServiceMetadataBehavior();
   smb.HttpGetEnabled = true;
   selfHost.Description.Behaviors.Add(smb);
   selfHost.Credentials.ServiceCertificate.SetCertificate(StoreLocation.CurrentUser,
       StoreName.My,
   X509FindType.FindBySubjectName, "WSMCert3");
   selfHost.Credentials.ClientCertificate.Authentication.CertificateValidationMode =
        X509CertificateValidationMode.PeerOrChainTrust;
   selfHost.Credentials.UserNameAuthentication.UserNamePasswordValidationMode =
        UserNamePasswordValidationMode.Custom;
   CustomUserNameValidator cu = new CustomUserNameValidator();
   selfHost.Credentials.UserNameAuthentication.CustomUserNamePasswordValidator = cu;
   using (ServiceHost host = new ServiceHost(typeof(CalculatorService)))
   {
        System.ServiceModel.Description.ServiceDescription svcDesc = selfHost.Description;
        ServiceDebugBehavior svcDebug = svcDesc.Behaviors.Find<ServiceDebugBehavior>();
        svcDebug.IncludeExceptionDetailInFaults = true;
   }
   // Step 5 of the hosting procedure: Start (and then stop) the service.
   selfHost.Open();
   Console.WriteLine("The Calculator service is ready.");
   Console.WriteLine("Press <ENTER> to terminate service.");
   Console.WriteLine();
   Console.ReadLine();
   selfHost.Close();
catch (CommunicationException ce)
    Console.WriteLine("An exception occurred: {0}", ce.Message);
    selfHost.Abort();
```

```
}
```

}

{

}

Table 0-10 Configuring the OWSIN 12C Cher	Table 6–10	Configuring the OWSM	12c Client
---	------------	----------------------	------------

Description	More Information
Using JDeveloper, create a SOA composite that consumes the .NET web service.	Developer's Guide for SOA Suite
In JDeveloper, create a partner link using the WSDL of the .NET service.	
Attach the following policy to the web service client: oracle/wss11_username_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
Provide configurations for the csf-key and keystore.recipient.alias.	"Overriding Policy Configuration Properties" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with
You can specify this information when attaching the policy, by overriding the policy configuration. For more information.	Oracle Web Services Manager
Ensure that you configure the keystore.recipient.alias as the alias of the certificate imported in step 1 (wsmcert3). For example:	
<pre><wsp:policyreference URI="oracle/wss11_username_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy" orawsp:category="security" orawsp:status="enabled"/> <property name="csf-key" type="xs:string" many="false"> basic.credentials <property name="keystore.recipient.alias" type="xs:string" many="false"> wsmcert3 </property </property </wsp:policyreference </pre>	
	Description Using JDeveloper, create a SOA composite that consumes the .NET web service. In JDeveloper, create a partner link using the WSDL of the .NET service. Attach the following policy to the web service client: oracle/wssl1_username_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy. Provide configurations for the csf-key and keystore.recipient.alias. You can specify this information when attaching the policy, by overriding the policy configuration. For more information. Ensure that you configure the keystore.recipient.alias as the alias of the certificate imported in step 1 (wsmcert3). For example: <wsp:policyreference URI="oracle/wssl1_username_token_with_ message_protection_client_policy" orawsp:category="security" orawsp:status="enabled"/> <property name="csf-key" type="xs:string" many="false"> basic.credentials <property name="keystore.recipient.alias" type="xs:string" many="false"> wsmcert3 </property </property </wsp:policyreference

6.4 Username Token Over SSL

This section describes how to implement username token over SSL in the following interoperability scenario:

Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client

6.4.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client

The following instructions tell how to configure a OWSM 12*c* web service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 client to implement username token over SSL, both with and without secure conversation enabled:

- Table 6–11, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 6–12, "Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client"

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the server for SSL.	"Configuring Transport-Level Security (SSL)" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
2	Create an OWSM web service.	
3	Select the policy to use based on whether or not you want to enable secure conversation:	"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
	If you do not want to enable secure conversation, attach any of the following policies:	"Predefined Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> <i>Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager</i>
	oracle/wss_username_token_over_ssl_service_ policy	
	oracle/wss_saml_or_username_token_over_ssl_ service_policy	
	oracle/wss11_saml_or_username_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy	
	Note that, in the case of secure conversation <i>not</i> enabled, you will have to set the establishSecurityContext property to false for the client, as described in Table 6–8, "Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client"	
	To enable secure conversation, attach the following policy:	
	oracle/wss_username_token_over_ssl_wssc_ service_policy	
4	Specify that addressing is to be used, as follows:	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and
	For an Oracle Infrastructure web service:	Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
	Attach the following policy:	"Which OWSM Policies Are Supported for Java EE Web Services and Clients?" in Securing Web Services
	oracle/wssaddr_policy	and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services
	For a Java EE web service:	Manager
	Only a subset of OWSM security policies are supported for Java EE web services and clients, so you cannot attach oracle/wssaddr_policy to a Java EE web service. Rather you must add addressing information using the @Addressing annotation in	"Attaching Policies to Java EE Web Services and Clients at Design TIme" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> <i>Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager</i>

Table 6–11 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Example 6–5 Java EE Web Service with Addressing

the source code for the service, as shown in

Example 6–5.

package oracle.wsm.qa.wls.service.soap12; import javax.jws.WebMethod; import javax.jws.WebParam; import javax.jws.WebService; import javax.xml.ws.BindingType; import javax.xml.ws.soap.Addressing; import javax.xml.ws.soap.SOAPBinding; import weblogic.wsee.jws.jaxws.owsm.SecurityPolicy; @WebService @BindingType(SOAPBinding.SOAP12HTTP_BINDING)

@Addressing(enabled=true)

```
public class wss_username_token_over_ssl {
   public wss_username_token_over_ssl() {
      super();
   }
   @WebMethod
   public String sayHello(@WebParam(name = "arg0") String name){
      return "hello "+ name;
   }
}
```

Task	Description	More Information
1	Generate a .NET client using the WSDL of the web service.	"How to: Create a Windows Communication Foundation Client" at http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms73 3133 (v=vs.110).aspx
2	The establishSecurityContext property in the app.config file must be set according to whether you are enabling secure conversation.	
	By default, establishSecurityContext is set to true, enabling secure conversation. If you are <i>not</i> enabling secure conversation, set establishSecurityContext to false.	
	For example, see Example 6–6 (lines in bold <i>italic</i>).	
3	Compile the project.	
4	Open a command prompt and navigate to the project's Debug folder.	
5	Type <client_project_name>.exe and press Enter.</client_project_name>	

Example 6–6 app.config File

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<configuration>
  <system.serviceModel>
   <bindings>
      <ws2007HttpBinding>
        <binding name="wss_username_over_ssl_client">
          <security mode="TransportWithMessageCredential">
            <transport clientCredentialType="None" />
            <message clientCredentialType="UserName"
                negotiateServiceCredential="false"
                establishSecurityContext="true" />
                <!-- extablishSecurityContext is true by default and therefore does not
                have to be specified to enable secure conversation.
                Set establishSecurityContext to false if secure conversation is not enabled -->
          </security>
        </binding>
      </ws2007HttpBinding>
    </bindings>
    <client>
      <endpoint address="https://10.244.167.70:7004/OWSMTestApp-Project1-context-root/wss_username_</pre>
token_over_sslPort"
         binding="ws2007HttpBinding"
         bindingConfiguration="wss_username_over_ssl_client"
          contract="ServiceReference1.wss_username_token_over_ssl"
```

```
name="wss_username_token_over_sslPort" />
    </client>
    </system.serviceModel>
</configuration>
```

6.4.2 Configuring a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 web service and an OWSM 12*c* client to implement username token over SSL:

- Table 6–5, "Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Web Service"
- Table 6–6, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Client"

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the server for SSL.	"Configuring Transport-Level Security (SSL)" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
1	Create a .NET web service.	"How to: Define a Windows Communication
	Create a custom binding for the web service using the SecurityBindingElement, as shown in Example 6–7. This example shows a web service without secure conversation enabled.	Foundation Service Contract" at http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms73 1835.aspx
	To enable secure conversation , make the following adjustments to the code in the example.	
	Create another SecurityBindingElement element based on the one created (sm), for example:	
	SecurityBindingElement scsm = SecurityBindingElement.createSecureConversat ionBindingElement(sm)	
	Then create the custom binding with scsm:	
_	CustomBinding binding1 = new CustomBinding(scsm);	

Example 6–7 Example of .NET Web Service

```
static void Main(string[] args)
{
    // Step 1 of the address configuration procedure: Create a URI to serve as the
    // base address.
    // Step 2 of the hosting procedure: Create ServiceHost
    string uri = "http://host:port/TEST/NetService";
   Uri baseAddress = new Uri(uri);
    ServiceHost selfHost = new ServiceHost(typeof(CalculatorService), baseAddress);
    try
    {
        SecurityBindingElement sm =
            SecurityBindingElement.CreateUserNameOverTransportBindingElement();
        sm.DefaultAlgorithmSuite = System.ServiceModel.Security.SecurityAlgorithmSuite.Basic128;
        sm.SetKeyDerivation(false);
        sm.SecurityHeaderLayout = SecurityHeaderLayout.Lax;
        sm.IncludeTimestamp = true;
        sm.KeyEntropyMode = SecurityKeyEntropyMode.CombinedEntropy;
        sm.MessageSecurityVersion =
        MessageSecurityVersion.WSSecurity11WSTrustFebruary2005WSSecureConversationFebruary2005
```

```
WSSecurityPolicy11BasicSecurityProfile10;
sm.LocalClientSettings.CacheCookies = true;
sm.LocalClientSettings.DetectReplays = true;
sm.LocalClientSettings.ReplayCacheSize = 900000;
sm.LocalClientSettings.MaxClockSkew = new TimeSpan(00, 05, 00);
sm.LocalClientSettings.MaxCookieCachingTime = TimeSpan.MaxValue;
sm.LocalClientSettings.ReplayWindow = new TimeSpan(00, 05, 00); ;
sm.LocalClientSettings.SessionKeyRenewalInterval = new TimeSpan(10, 00, 00);
sm.LocalClientSettings.SessionKeyRolloverInterval = new TimeSpan(00, 05, 00); ;
sm.LocalClientSettings.ReconnectTransportOnFailure = true;
sm.LocalClientSettings.TimestampValidityDuration = new TimeSpan(00, 05, 00); ;
sm.LocalClientSettings.CookieRenewalThresholdPercentage = 60;
sm.LocalServiceSettings.DetectReplays = false;
sm.LocalServiceSettings.IssuedCookieLifetime = new TimeSpan(10, 00, 00);
sm.LocalServiceSettings.MaxStatefulNegotiations = 128;
sm.LocalServiceSettings.ReplayCacheSize = 900000;
sm.LocalServiceSettings.MaxClockSkew = new TimeSpan(00, 05, 00);
sm.LocalServiceSettings.NegotiationTimeout = new TimeSpan(00, 01, 00);
sm.LocalServiceSettings.ReplayWindow = new TimeSpan(00, 05, 00);
sm.LocalServiceSettings.InactivityTimeout = new TimeSpan(00, 02, 00);
sm.LocalServiceSettings.SessionKeyRenewalInterval = new TimeSpan(15, 00, 00);
sm.LocalServiceSettings.SessionKeyRolloverInterval = new TimeSpan(00, 05, 00);
sm.LocalServiceSettings.ReconnectTransportOnFailure = true;
sm.LocalServiceSettings.MaxPendingSessions = 128;
sm.LocalServiceSettings.MaxCachedCookies = 1000;
sm.LocalServiceSettings.TimestampValidityDuration = new TimeSpan(15, 00, 00);
HttpTransportBindingElement hb = new HttpTransportBindingElement();
hb.ManualAddressing = false;
hb.MaxBufferPoolSize = 524288;
hb.MaxReceivedMessageSize = 65536;
hb.AllowCookies = false;
hb.AuthenticationScheme = System.Net.AuthenticationSchemes.Anonymous;
hb.KeepAliveEnabled = true;
hb.MaxBufferSize = 65536;
hb.ProxyAuthenticationScheme = System.Net.AuthenticationSchemes.Anonymous;
hb.Realm = "";
hb.TransferMode = System.ServiceModel.TransferMode.Buffered;
hb.UnsafeConnectionNtlmAuthentication = false;
hb.UseDefaultWebProxy = true;
TextMessageEncodingBindingElement tb1 = new TextMessageEncodingBindingElement();
tb1.MaxReadPoolSize = 64;
tb1.MaxWritePoolSize = 16:
tb1.MessageVersion = System.ServiceModel.Channels.MessageVersion.Soap12;
tb1.WriteEncoding = System.Text.Encoding.UTF8;
CustomBinding binding1 = new CustomBinding(sm);
binding1.Elements.Add(tb1);
binding1.Elements.Add(hb);
ServiceEndpoint ep = selfHost.AddServiceEndpoint(typeof(ICalculator), binding1,
  "CalculatorService");
EndpointAddress myEndpointAdd = new EndpointAddress (
new Uri(uri),
EndpointIdentity.CreateDnsIdentity("WSMCert3"));
ep.Address = myEndpointAdd;
// Step 4 of the hosting procedure: Enable metadata exchange.
ServiceMetadataBehavior smb = new ServiceMetadataBehavior();
smb.HttpGetEnabled = true;
selfHost.Description.Behaviors.Add(smb);
selfHost.Credentials.ServiceCertificate.SetCertificate(StoreLocation.CurrentUser,
```

```
StoreName.Mv.
   X509FindType.FindBySubjectName, "WSMCert3");
   selfHost.Credentials.ClientCertificate.Authentication.CertificateValidationMode =
        X509CertificateValidationMode.PeerOrChainTrust;
   selfHost.Credentials.UserNameAuthentication.UserNamePasswordValidationMode =
        UserNamePasswordValidationMode.Custom;
   CustomUserNameValidator cu = new CustomUserNameValidator();
   selfHost.Credentials.UserNameAuthentication.CustomUserNamePasswordValidator = cu;
   using (ServiceHost host = new ServiceHost(typeof(CalculatorService)))
    {
        System.ServiceModel.Description.ServiceDescription svcDesc = selfHost.Description;
        ServiceDebugBehavior svcDebug = svcDesc.Behaviors.Find<ServiceDebugBehavior>();
        svcDebug.IncludeExceptionDetailInFaults = true;
   }
   // Step 5 of the hosting procedure: Start (and then stop) the service.
   selfHost.Open();
   Console.WriteLine("The Calculator service is ready.");
   Console.WriteLine("Press <ENTER> to terminate service.");
   Console.WriteLine();
   Console.ReadLine();
   selfHost.Close();
}
catch (CommunicationException ce)
{
    Console.WriteLine("An exception occurred: {0}", ce.Message);
    selfHost.Abort();
 }
```

Table 6–14	Configuring t	he OWSM 12c Client
------------	---------------	--------------------

Task	Description	More Information
1	Generate an OWSM client using the WSDL of the web service.	Developer's Guide for SOA Suite
2	Attach the following policy to the client:	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and
	oracle/wss_username_token_over_ssl_client_ policy	Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

6.5 Mutual Authentication with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)

This section describes how to implement mutual authentication with message protection that conform to the WS-Security 1.1 standards in the following interoperability scenarios:

- Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client
- Configuring a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

Before configuring the web service and client in either of the above scenarios, follow the instructions in "Configuration Prerequisites".

6.5.1 Configuration Prerequisites

}

Table 6–15 describes how to perform prerequisite configuration tasks for implementing mutual authentication with message protection that conform to the WS-Security 1.1 standards.

Task	Description	More Information
1	Export the X.509 certificate file from the keystore on the service side to a .cer file (for example, alice.cer) using the following command:	"keytool - Key and Certificate Management Tool" at http://docs.oracle.com/javase/6/docs/technot es/tools/windows/keytool.html
	keytool -export -alias alice -file C:\alice.cer -keystore default-keystore.jks	
2	Import the certificate file (exported previously) to the keystore on the client server using Microsoft Management Console (mmc). See step 1 in Table 6–8, " Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client" for specific instructions.	"How to: View Certificates with the MMC Snap-in" at http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms78 8967.aspx

 Table 6–15
 Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability

6.5.2 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 client to implement mutual authentication with message protection that conform to the WS-Security 1.1 standards:

- Table 6–16, " Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 6–17, "Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client"

Table 6–16 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a SOAP 1.2 compliant SOA composite and deploy it.	
2	Using Fusion Middleware Control, attach the following policy to the web service:	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
	oracle/wss11_x509_token_with_message_ protection_service_policy.	
3	Export wss11_x509_token_with_message_ protection_service_policy_net. Change encrypted="true" to "false", and import it back.	 "Exporting Web Service Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
	<pre><orasp:x509-token orasp:enc-key-ref-mech="thumbprint" orasp:is-encrypted="false" orasp:is-signed="false" orasp:sign-key-ref-mech="direct"></orasp:x509-token></pre>	 "Importing Web Service Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
4	Attach the policy to the web service.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
5	Also attach the following policy:	
	oracle/wsaddr_policy	

Task	Description	More Information
1	Use the Microsoft SvcUtil utility to create a client proxy (see Example 6–9, "Client Program") and configuration file from the deployed web service.	http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa34 7733%28v=vs.110%29.aspx
2	Create a app.config configuration file, as shown in Example 6–8, "app.config File".	
3	Compile the project.	
4	Open a command prompt and navigate to the project's Debug folder.	
5	Enter <client_project_name>.exe and press Enter.</client_project_name>	

Table 6–17 Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client

Example 6–8 app.config File

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<configuration>
 <system.serviceModel>
    <behaviors>
      <endpointBehaviors>
        <br/><behavior name="secureBehaviour">
          <clientCredentials>
            <serviceCertificate>
              <defaultCertificate findValue="<certificate_cn>"
                                  storeLocation="CurrentUser"
                                  storeName="My"
                                  x509FindType="FindBySubjectName"/>
            </serviceCertificate>
          </clientCredentials>
        </behavior>
      </endpointBehaviors>
    </behaviors>
      <bindings>
        <ws2007HttpBinding>
          <binding name="wss_username_over_ssl_client">
            <security mode="TransportWithMessageCredential">
            <transport clientCredentialType="None" />
            <message clientCredentialType="UserName"
                negotiateServiceCredential="false"
                establishSecurityContext="false" />
            </security>
          </binding>
        </ws2007HttpBinding>
     </bindings>
        <client>
          <endpoint address="http://<server>:<port>//MyWebService1SoapHttpPort"
                binding="ws2007HttpBinding"
                contract="MyWebService1"
                name="MyWebService1SoapHttpPort"
                behaviorConfiguration="secureBehaviour" >
            <identity>
              <dns value="<certificate_cn>"/>
            </identity>
          </endpoint>
        </client>
    </system.serviceModel>
</configuration>
```

Example 6–9 Client Program

```
namespace IO_NET10_client
{
   class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            BPELProcess1Client client = new BPELProcess1Client();
            client.ClientCredentials.ClientCertificate.SetCertificate(
                    StoreLocation.CurrentUser,
                    StoreName.My,
                    X509FindType.FindBySubjectName, "WSMCert3");
             client.ClientCredentials.ServiceCertificate.SetDefaultCertificate(
                       StoreLocation.CurrentUser,
                       StoreName.My,
                    X509FindType.FindBySubjectName, "Alice");
            process proc = new process();
            proc.input = "Test wss11_x509_token_with_message_protection_policy - ";
            Console.WriteLine(proc.input);
            processResponse response = client.process(proc);
            Console.WriteLine(response.result.ToString());
            Console.WriteLine("Press <ENTER> to terminate Client.");
           Console.ReadLine();
         }
   }
}
```

6.5.3 Configuring a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 web service and an OWSM 12*c* client to implement mutual authentication with message protection that conform to the WS-Security 1.1 standards:

- Table 6–18, "Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Web Service"
- Table 6–19, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Client"

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a .NET web service.	"How to: Define a Windows Communication Foundation Service Contract" at http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms73 1835%28v=vs.90%29.aspx
	For an example, see Example 6–4, "Example of .NET Web Service".	
2Create a custom binding for the web service using the SymmetricSecurityBindingElement."How to: Create a Custom B SecurityBindingElement" at	"How to: Create a Custom Binding Using the SecurityBindingElement" at	
	The following is a sample of the SymmetricSecurityBindingElement object:	http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms73 0305%28v=vs.90%29.aspx
<pre>SymmetricSecurityBindingElement sm = (SymmetricSecurityBindingElement)SecurityBin dingElement.CreateMutualCertificate BindingElement();</pre>		
	<pre>sm.DefaultAlgorithmSuite = System.ServiceModel.Security.SecurityAlgorit hmSuite.Basic128;sm.SetKeyDerivati on(false); sm.SecurityHeaderLayout = SecurityHeaderLayout.Lax;sm.IncludeTimestamp =</pre>	
	<pre>true; sm.KeyEntropyMode = SecurityKeyEntropyMode.CombinedEntropy; sm.MessageProtectionOrder = MessageProtectionOrder.SignBeforeEncrypt;sm. MessageSecurityVersion = MessageSecurityVersion.WSSecurity11WSTrustFe bruary2005WSSecureConversation February2005WSSecurityPolicy11BasicSecurityP rofile10; sm.RequireSignatureConfirmation = true;</pre>	

Table 6–18 Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Web Service

4 Deploy the application.

	Table 6–19	Configuring	the OWSM	12c Client
--	------------	-------------	----------	------------

Task	Description	More Information
1	Using JDeveloper, create a SOA composite that consumes the .NET web service.	Developer's Guide for SOA Suite
2	In JDeveloper, create a partner link using the WSDL of the .NET service and add the import as follows:	
	<wsdl:import <br="" namespace="<namespace>">location="<wsdl location="">"/></wsdl></wsdl:import>	

Task	Description	More Information
3	In Fusion Middleware Control, attach the following policy to the web service client:	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
	oracle/wss11_x509_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy.	
6	Provide configurations for the keystore.recipient.alias.	"Overriding Policy Configuration Properties" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with
	You can specify this information when attaching the policy, by overriding the policy configuration.	Oracle Web Services Manager
	Ensure that you configure the keystore.recipient.alias as the alias of the certificate imported in step 4 (wsmcert3).	
7	Invoke the web service method from the client.	

Table 6–19 (Cont.) Configuring the OWSM 12c Client

6.6 Kerberos with Message Protection

This section describes how to implement Kerberos with message protection in the following interoperability scenario:

Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client

6.6.1 Performing Prerequisite Tasks for Interoperability

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the Key Distribution Center (KDC) and Active Directory (AD).	"To Configure Windows Active Directory and Domain Controller" (the domain controller can serve as KDC) at http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E19316-01 /820-3746/gisdn/index.html
2	Set up the Kerberos configuration file krb5.conf in c:\winnt as shown in Example 6–10, "Kerberos Configuration File"	

Example 6–10 Kerberos Configuration File

```
[logging]
default = c:\log\krb5libs.log
kdc = c:\log\krb5kdc.log
admin_server = c:\log\kadmind.log
[libdefaults]
default_realm = MYCOMPANY.LOCAL
dns_lookup_realm = false
dns_lookup_kdc = false
default_tkt_enctypes = rc4-hmac
default_tgs_enctypes = rc4-hmac
permitted_enctypes = rc4-hmac
kdc = hostname
[realms]
MYCOMPANY.LOCAL =
{ kdc = host:port admin_server = host:port
  default_domain = <domainname>
}
 [domain_realm]
```

```
.<domainname> = MYCOMPANY.LOCAL
    <domainname> = MYCOMPANY.LOCAL
    [appdefaults]
pam =
    { debug = false ticket_lifetime = 36000 renew_lifetime = 36000 forwardable =
    true krb4_convert = false }
```

6.6.2 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 client to implement Kerberos with message protection:

- Table 6–21, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 6–22, "Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client"

Table 6–21 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create and deploy a web service application.	"Deploying Web Service Applications" in Administering Web Services.
2	Clone the following policy: oracle/wss11_ kerberos_token_with_message_protection_ service_policy.	"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
3	Edit the policy settings to set Algorithm Suite to Basic128Rsa15.	
4	Attach the policy to the web service.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a user in AD to represent the host where the web service is hosted. By default the user account is created with RC4-HMAC encryption. For example, foobar with user name is HTTP/foobar.	
2	Use the following ktpass command to create a keytab file on the Windows AD machine where the KDC is running:	
	ktpass -princ HTTP/foobar@MYCOMPANY.LOCAL -pass Oracle123 -mapuser foobar -out foobar.keytab -ptype KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL -kvno 4	
	where HTTP/foobar is the SPN, mapped to a user "foobar". Do not set "/desonly or cyrpto as "des-cbc-crc". MYCOMPANY.LOCAL is the default Realm for the KDC and is available in the krb5.ini file. The pass password must match the password created during the user creation.	
	Use FTP binary mode to move the generated keytab file to the machine where the SOA Composite web service is hosted.	

 Table 6–22
 Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client

Task	Description	More Information
3	Use the following setSpn command to map the service principal to the user:	
	setSpn -A HTTP/foobar@MYCOMPANY.LOCAL foobar	
	setSpn -L foobar	
	Only one SPN must be mapped to the user. If there are multiple SPNs mapped to the user, remove them using the command setSpn -D <spname> <username>.</username></spname>	
4	Use the Microsoft SvcUtil utility to create a client proxy and configuration file from the deployed web service.	http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa34 7733%28v=vs.110%29.aspx
	Add the files generatedProxy.cs and app.config by right clicking the application (in the Windows Explorer) and selecting Add Existing Item .	
	In the endpoint element of the app.config, add an "identity" element with service principal name as "HTTP/foobar@MYCOMPANY.LOCAL" (the same value used for creating keytab).	
	<client></client>	
	<endpoint< td=""><td></td></endpoint<>	
	address="http://host:port/HelloServicePort"	
	binding="customBinding"	
	bindingConfiguration="NewHelloSoap12HttpPort	
	Binding"	
	contract="NewHello"	
	<pre>identity></pre>	
	<pre><serviceprincipalname pre="" value<=""></serviceprincipalname></pre>	
	="HTTP/foobar@MYCOMPANY.LOCAL"/>	
	A sample binding is provided in Example 6–11, "Custom Binding".	
5	Run the client program.	-

Table 6–22 (Cont.) Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client

Example 6–11 Custom Binding

<customBinding> <binding name="NewHelloSoap12HttpPortBinding"> <!--Added by User: Begin--> <security defaultAlgorithmSuite="Basic128"</pre> authenticationMode="Kerberos" requireDerivedKeys="false" securityHeaderLayout="Lax" includeTimestamp="true" keyEntropyMode="CombinedEntropy" messageProtectionOrder="SignBeforeEncrypt" messageSecurityVersion="WSSecurity11WSTrustFebruary2005 WSSecureConversationFebruary2005WSSecurityPolicy11BasicSecurity Profile10" requireSignatureConfirmation="true"> <localClientSettings cacheCookies="true" detectReplays="true" replayCacheSize="900000" maxClockSkew="00:05:00" maxCookieCachingTime="Infinite"

```
replavWindow="00:05:00"
          sessionKeyRenewalInterval="10:00:00"
          sessionKeyRolloverInterval="00:05:00"
          reconnectTransportOnFailure="true"
          timestampValidityDuration="00:05:00"
          cookieRenewalThresholdPercentage="60" />
                <localServiceSettings detectReplays="true"
          issuedCookieLifetime="10:00:00"
          maxStatefulNegotiations="128" replayCacheSize="900000"
          maxClockSkew="00:05:00"
          negotiationTimeout="00:01:00" replayWindow="00:05:00"
          inactivityTimeout="00:02:00"
          sessionKeyRenewalInterval="15:00:00"
          sessionKeyRolloverInterval="00:05:00"
          reconnectTransportOnFailure="true"
          maxPendingSessions="128"
          maxCachedCookies="1000"
          timestampValidityDuration="00:05:00" />
                  <secureConversationBootstrap />
                </security>
              <!--Added by User: End-->
                <textMessageEncoding maxReadPoolSize="64"
                   maxWritePoolSize="16"
                   messageVersion="Soap12" writeEncoding="utf-8">
                <readerQuotas maxDepth="32" maxStringContentLength="8192"
                   maxArrayLength="16384"
                   maxBytesPerRead="4096" maxNameTableCharCount="16384" />
                </textMessageEncoding>
              <!--Added by User: Begin-->
              <httpTransport manualAddressing="false"
                   maxBufferPoolSize="524288"
                   maxReceivedMessageSize="65536" allowCookies="false"
                   authenticationScheme="Anonymous"
                   bypassProxyOnLocal="false"
                   hostNameComparisonMode="StrongWildcard"
                   keepAliveEnabled="true" maxBufferSize="65536"
                   proxyAuthenticationScheme="Anonymous"
                   realm="" transferMode="Buffered"
                   unsafeConnectionNtlmAuthentication="false"
                   useDefaultWebProxy="true" />
                <!--Added by User: End-->
           </binding>
</customBinding>
```

6.7 Kerberos with Message Protection Using Derived Keys

This section describes how to implement Kerberos with message protection using derived keys in the following interoperability scenario:

Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client

Before configuring the web service and client in the above scenario, follow the instructions in Section 6.7.1, "Configuration Prerequisites."

6.7.1 Configuration Prerequisites

Table 6–23 describes how to perform prerequisite configuration tasks for implementing Kerberos with message protection using derived keys.

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the Key Distribution Center (KDC) and Active Directory (AD).	 "To Configure Windows Active Directory and Domain Controller" (the domain controller can serve as KDC) at http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E1931 6-01/820-3746/gisdn/index.html
		 "Configuring Kerberos Tokens" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
2	Set up the Kerberos configuration file krb5.conf in c:\winnt as shown in Example 6–12, "Kerberos Configuration File"	

 Table 6–23
 Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability

Example 6–12 Kerberos Configuration File

```
[logging]
default = c:\log\krb5libs.log
kdc = c:\log\krb5kdc.log
admin_server = c:\log\kadmind.log
[libdefaults]
default_realm = MYCOMPANY.LOCAL
dns_lookup_realm = false
dns_lookup_kdc = false
default_tkt_enctypes = rc4-hmac
default_tgs_enctypes = rc4-hmac
permitted_enctypes = rc4-hmac
kdc = hostname
[realms]
MYCOMPANY.LOCAL =
{ kdc = host:port admin_server = host:port
 default_domain = <domainname>
[domain_realm]
.<domainname> = MYCOMPANY.LOCAL
<domainname> = MYCOMPANY.LOCAL
[appdefaults]
pam =
{ debug = false ticket_lifetime = 36000 renew_lifetime = 36000 forwardable =
true krb4_convert = false }
```

6.7.2 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 client to implement Kerberos with message protection:

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create and deploy a web service application.	"Deploying Web Service Applications" in Administering Web Services.

Table 6–24 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	Description	More Information
2	Clone the following policy: wss11_kerberos_token_ with_message_protection_basic128_service_ policy.	"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
3	Edit the policy settings to enable the Derived Keys option.	
4	Attach the policy to the web service.	"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Table 6–24 (Cont.) Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Table 6–25 Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client

Task	Description Create a user in AD to represent the host where the web service is hosted. By default the user account is created with RC4-HMAC encryption. For example, foobar with user name as "HTTP/foobar".			
1				
2	Use the following ktpass command to create a keytab file on the Windows AD machine where the KDC is running:			
	ktpass -princ HTTP/foobar@MYCOMPANY.LOCAL -pass Oracle123 -mapuser foobar -out foobar.keytab -ptype KRB5_NT_PRINCIPAL -kvno 4			
	where HTTP/foobar is the SPN, mapped to a user "foobar". Do not set "/desonly or cyrpto as "des-cbc-crc". MYCOMPANY.LOCAL is the default Realm for the KDC and is available in the krb5.ini file. The pass password must match the password created during the user creation.			
	Use FTP binary mode to move the generated keytab file to the machine where the SOA Composite web service is hosted.			
3	Use the following setSpn command to map the service principal to the user:			
	setSpn -A HTTP/foobar@MYCOMPANY.LOCAL foobar			
	setSpn -L foobar			
	Only one SPN must be mapped to the user. If there are multiple SPNs mapped to the user, remove them using the command setSpn -D <spname> <username>.</username></spname>			
4	Use the Microsoft SvcUtil utility to create a client proxy and configuration file from the deployed web service.			
	Add the files generatedProxy.cs and app.config by right clicking the application (in the Windows Explorer) and selecting Add Existing Item .			
	In the endpoint element of the app.config, add an "identity" element with service principal name as "HTTP/foobar@MYCOMPANY.LOCAL" (the same value used for creating keytab).			
	<client></client>			
	<pre><endpoint <="" address="http://host:port/HelloServicePort" pre=""></endpoint></pre>			
	binding="customBinding" bindingConfiguration="NewHelloSoap12HttpPortBinding"			
	contract="NewHello" name="HelloServicePort">			
	<identity></identity>			
	A sample binding is provided in Example 6–13, "Custom Binding".			
5	Run the client program.			

Example 6–13 Custom Binding

<customBinding>

```
<binding name="NewHelloSoap12HttpPortBinding">
```

```
<!--Added by User: Begin-->
    <security defaultAlgorithmSuite="Basic128"</pre>
      authenticationMode="Kerberos"
      requireDerivedKeys="true" securityHeaderLayout="Lax"
      includeTimestamp="true"
      keyEntropyMode="CombinedEntropy"
     messageProtectionOrder="SignBeforeEncrypt"
     messageSecurityVersion="WSSecurity11WSTrustFebruary2005
     WSSecureConversationFebruary2005WSSecurityPolicy11BasicSecurity
      Profile10"
      requireSignatureConfirmation="true">
    <localClientSettings cacheCookies="true" detectReplays="true"</pre>
        replayCacheSize="900000" maxClockSkew="00:05:00"
       maxCookieCachingTime="Infinite"
        replayWindow="00:05:00"
        sessionKeyRenewalInterval="10:00:00"
        sessionKeyRolloverInterval="00:05:00"
        reconnectTransportOnFailure="true"
        timestampValidityDuration="00:05:00"
        cookieRenewalThresholdPercentage="60" />
      <localServiceSettings detectReplays="true"
        issuedCookieLifetime="10:00:00"
        maxStatefulNegotiations="128" replayCacheSize="900000"
        maxClockSkew="00:05:00"
        negotiationTimeout="00:01:00" replayWindow="00:05:00"
        inactivityTimeout="00:02:00"
        sessionKeyRenewalInterval="15:00:00"
        sessionKeyRolloverInterval="00:05:00"
        reconnectTransportOnFailure="true"
       maxPendingSessions="128"
       maxCachedCookies="1000"
        timestampValidityDuration="00:05:00" />
      <secureConversationBootstrap />
    </security>
  <!--Added by User: End-->
     <textMessageEncoding maxReadPoolSize="64"
       maxWritePoolSize="16"
       messageVersion="Soap12" writeEncoding="utf-8">
          <readerQuotas maxDepth="32" maxStringContentLength="8192"
            maxArrayLength="16384"
            maxBytesPerRead="4096" maxNameTableCharCount="16384" />
      </textMessageEncoding>
          <!--Added by User: Begin-->
      <httpTransport manualAddressing="false"
        maxBufferPoolSize="524288"
        maxReceivedMessageSize="65536" allowCookies="false"
        authenticationScheme="Anonymous"
        bypassProxyOnLocal="false"
        hostNameComparisonMode="StrongWildcard"
        keepAliveEnabled="true" maxBufferSize="65536"
        proxyAuthenticationScheme="Anonymous"
        realm="" transferMode="Buffered"
        unsafeConnectionNtlmAuthentication="false"
        useDefaultWebProxy="true" />
      <!--Added by User: End-->
 </binding>
</customBinding>
```

6.8 Kerberos with SPNEGO Negotiation

This section describes how to implement Kerberos with SPNEGO negotiation in the following interoperability scenario:

Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client

6.8.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 client to implement Kerberos with SPNEGO negotiation:

- Table 6–26, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 6–27, "Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client"

Table 6–26 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create and deploy a web service application.	"Deploying Web Service Applications" in Administering Web Services.
2	Create a policy that uses the http_spnego_token_ service_template assertion template.	"Configuring Kerberos With SPNEGO Negotiation" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
3	Attach the policy to the web service.	

Table 6–27 Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client

Task	Description	More Information
1	Use the Microsoft SvcUtil utility to create a client proxy and configuration file from the deployed web service.	http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa34 7733%28v=vs.110%29.aspx
2	Add the files generatedProxy.cs and app.config by right clicking the application (in the Windows Explorer) and selecting Add Existing Item .	
3	Edit the app.config file as shown in Example 6–14, "app.config File".	
	In this listing, note that the values of the contract and name attributes of the endpoint element are obtained from the generatedProxy.cs file.	
4	Compile the client.	
5	After attaching the OWSM policy to the deployed web service, run the client.	

Example 6–14 app.config File

```
<configuration>
<system.serviceModel>
<bindings>
<basicHttpBinding>
<binding name="BPELProcessBinding">
<binding name="BPELProcessBinding">
<binding "
<binding">
</binding">
</binding>
</binding>
</bindings>
```

```
<client>
    <endpoint
        address="http://host:port/soa-infra/services/default/SOAProxy/bpelpro
cess_client_ep"
        binding="basicHttpBinding"
        bindingConfiguration="BPELProcessBinding"
        contract="BPELProcess" name="BPELProcess_pt"
        <identity>
            <servicePrincipalName value ="HTTP/host:port@MYCOMPANY.LOCAL" />
            </identity>
        </endpoint>
        </client>
        </system.serviceModel>
</configuration>
```

6.9 Kerberos with SPNEGO Negotiation and Credential Delegation

This section describes how to implement Kerberos with SPNEGO negotiation and credential delegation in the following interoperability scenario:

Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client

6.9.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and a Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 client to implement Kerberos with SPNEGO negotiation and credential delegation:

- Table 6–28, " Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 6–29, "Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client"

Table 6–28 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	Description	More Information	
1	Create and deploy a web service application.	"Deploying Web Service Applications" in Administering Web Services.	
2	Create a policy that uses the http_spnego_token_ service_template assertion template.	-	
3	Attach the policy to the web service.		
4	Set the value of the credential.delegation configuration setting to true.	"Overriding Policy Configuration Properties" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager	
	You can specify this information when attaching the policy, by overriding the policy configuration.		

Task	Description	More Information
1	Use the Microsoft SvcUtil utility to create a client proxy and configuration file from the deployed web service.	http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa34 7733%28v=vs.110%29.aspx
2	Add the files generatedProxy.cs and app.config by right clicking the application (in the Windows Explorer) and selecting Add Existing Item .	
3	Edit the app.config file as shown in Example 6–15, "app.config File".	
	In the example, note that the values of the contract and name attributes of the endpoint element are obtained from the generatedProxy.cs file.	
4	Compile the client.	
5	After attaching the OWSM policy to the deployed web service, run the client.	

Table 6–29 Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client

Example 6–15 app.config File

```
<configuration>
  <system.serviceModel>
    <bindings>
      <basicHttpBinding>
        <br/><binding name="BPELProcess1Binding">
          <security mode= "TransportCredentialOnly">
            <transport clientCredentialType="Windows"/>
          </security>
        </binding>
      </basicHttpBinding>
    </bindings>
    <client>
      <endpoint
          address="http://host:port/soa-infra/services/default/SOAProxy/bpelpro
cess1_client_ep"
          binding="basicHttpBinding"
          bindingConfiguration="BPELProcess1Binding"
          contract="BPELProcess1" name="BPELProcess1_pt"
          behaviorConfiguration="CredentialDelegation">
        <identity>
          <servicePrincipalName value ="HTTP/host:port@MYCOMPANY.LOCAL" />
        </identity>
      </endpoint>
    </client>
    <behaviors>
      <endpointBehaviors>
        <behavior name="CredentialDelegation">
          <clientCredentials>
            <windows allowedImpersonationLevel="Delegation"</pre>
              allowNtlm="false"/>
          </clientCredentials>
        </behavior>
      </endpointBehaviors>
    </behaviors>
  </system.serviceModel>
</configuration>
```

6.10 WCF/.NET 4.5 Client with Microsoft Active Directory Federation Services 2.0 (ADFS 2.0) STS

This section tells how to secure a WCF/.NET 4.5 client with Microsoft Active Directory Federation Services 2.0 (ADFS 2.0) secure token service (STS), using the following policies:

- oracle/wss_sts_issued_saml_bearer_token_over_ssl_service_policy
- oracle/wss_saml_token_bearer_over_ssl_service_policy
- oracle/wss11_saml_or_username_token_with_message_protection_service_ policy

Note: The SAML sender vouches token is not supported in this use case.

The procedure described in this section are based on an ADFS 2.0 installation on Windows Server 2008 or Windows Server 2008 R2.

The section includes the following topics:

- Step 1: Install and Configure Active Directory Federation Services (ADFS) 2.0
- "Step 2: Configure OWSM to Trust SAML Assertions Issued by an ADFS 2.0 STS"
- Step 3; Configure Users in Oracle Internet Directory
- Step 4: Attach the Policy to the Web Service
- Step 5: Register the Web Service as a Relying Party in ADFS 2.0
- Step 6: Secure WCF/.NET 4.5 Client with ADFS 2.0

6.10.1 Step 1: Install and Configure Active Directory Federation Services (ADFS) 2.0

Install and configure ADFS 2.0 on a Windows Server 2008 or Windows Server 2008 R2 system.

Configure Active Directory and ADFS as shown in Table 6–30:

Task	Description	More Information		
1	1. Set up the system in STS role.	"Windows Server 2008 R2 and Windows Server 2008" at http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/d d349801%28v=ws.10%29.aspx		
		"Active Directory Services" at http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/d d578336%28v=ws.10%29.aspx		
		"Active Directory Federation Services" at http://technet.microsoft.com/library/cc77212 8%28WS.10%29.aspx		
		"AD FS Step-by-Step Guide" at http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/c c731443%28v=ws.10%29.aspx		
		"AD FS 2.0 Deployment Guide" at http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/d d807092%28v=ws.10%29.aspx.		
2	Create and configure a self-signed server authentication certificate in Internet Information Services (IIS) and bind it to the default Web site using the IIS Manager console. When done, enable SSL server authentication.	See above.		
	Note: The ADFS 2.0 Setup Wizard automatically installs the web server (IIS) server role on the system.			
3	Configure ADFS 2.0 as a stand-alone federation server.	See above.		
4	Export the ADFS 2.0 token-signing certificate.	See above.		
	For a self-signed certificate, select DER encoded binary X.509 (.cer).			
	If the signing certificate is not self-signed, select Cryptographic Message Syntax Standard – PKCS 7 certificates (.p7b) and specify that all certificates in the certification path should be included.			
5	Create users and include an e-mail address. You later enable the STS to send the e-mail address as the subject name id in the outgoing SAML assertions for the service.	See above.		

 Table 6–30
 Install and Configure Active Directory Federation Services (ADFS) 2.0

6.10.2 Step 2: Configure OWSM to Trust SAML Assertions Issued by an ADFS 2.0 STS

Configure OWSM to trust the SAML assertions issued by an ADFS 2.0 STS as described in Table 6-31:

Task	Description	More Information	
1	Get the STS signing certificates you exported in "Step 1: Install and Configure Active Directory Federation Services (ADFS) 2.0.".		
	For a .p7b file for a certificate chain, open the file in IE and copy each certificate in the chain in a .cer file.		
2	Import the certificates into the location of the default keystore using keytool.	"keytool - Key and Certificate Management Tool" at http://docs.oracle.com/javase/6/docs/technot	
	keytool -importcert -file <sts-signing-certs-file> -trustcacerts -alias <alias> -keystore default-keystore.jks</alias></sts-signing-certs-file>	es/tools/windows/keytool.html	
3	Add http://domain-name/adfs/services/trust as a SAML trusted issuer.		
4	Add the Subject DN (as defined in RFC 2253) of the STS certificate in the Trusted STS Servers section. Use a string that conforms to RFC 2253, such as	"Configuring SAML Trusted Issuers and DN Lists" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager	
	CN=abc. You can use the mechanism of your choice, such as keytool, to view the certificate and determine the Subject DN.	"keytool - Key and Certificate Management Tool" at http://docs.oracle.com/javase/6/docs/technot es/tools/windows/keytool.html	

Table 6–31 Configure OWSM to Trust SAML Assertions Issued by an ADFS 2.0 STS

6.10.3 Step 3; Configure Users in Oracle Internet Directory

For each user, configure the mail attribute to match the user e-mail address set in ADFS.

See Managing Directory Entries for Creating a User in *Oracle Fusion Middleware Administrator's Guide for Oracle Internet Directory* for information on configuring users in Oracle Internet Directory.

6.10.4 Step 4: Attach the Policy to the Web Service

Attach any of the following OWSM policies to the web service:

- oracle/wss_sts_issued_saml_bearer_token_over_ssl_service_policy
- oracle/wss_saml_token_bearer_over_ssl_service_policy
- oracle/wss11_saml_or_username_token_with_message_protection_service_ policy

For more information, see:

- "Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
- "Predefined Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

6.10.5 Step 5: Register the Web Service as a Relying Party in ADFS 2.0

Configure ADFS 2.0 to issue the SAML assertion to the web service with the e-mail address or the name ID (SAM-Account-Name) as the subject name ID, as described in Table 6–32:

Task	Description	More Information	
1	Add the web service as a relying party.	"Create a Relying Party Trust Manually" at http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/d d807108.aspx	
2	Configure the claim rules for the service.	"Checklist: Creating Claim Rules for a Relying Party	
	Enable the STS to send the e-mail address or the name ID as the subject name id in the outgoing SAML assertions for the service, create a chain of	<pre>Trust" at http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/e e913578%28v=ws.10%29.aspx</pre>	
	two claim rules with different templates.	"Create a Rule to Send LDAP Attributes as Claims"	
	To enable the STS to send the e-mail address or the name ID as the subject name id in the outgoing SAML assertions for the service, use the steps in this section to create a chain of two claim rules with different templates.	at http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/d d807115%28v=ws.10%29.aspx	

 Table 6–32
 Register the Web Service as a Relying Party in ADFS 2.0

6.10.6 Step 6: Secure WCF/.NET 4.5 Client with ADFS 2.0

Secure the WCF/.NET 4.5 client with ADFS 2.0, as described in Table 6–33:

TADIE 0-35 Secure WCF/.NET 4.5 Chern with ADF3 2.0	Table 6–33	Secure	WCF/.NET	4.5 Client	with ADFS 2.0
--	------------	--------	----------	------------	---------------

Task	Description	More Information	
1	Import the SSL server certificates for STS and the service into Windows.	"How to: View Certificates with the MMC Snap-in" at	
	If the SSL server certificate for STS or the service is not issued from a trusted CA, or self-signed, then it needs to be imported with MMC tool, as described in step 1 in Table 6–8, " Configuring the Microsoft WCF/.NET 4.5 Client".	http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms78 8967.aspx	
2	Create and configure the WCF./NET client, as described in steps 3 and 4, below.		
	ADFS 2.0 STS supports multiple security and authentication mechanisms for token insurance. Each is exposed as a separate endpoint. For username/password authentication, two endpoints are provided:		
	 http://<adfs.domain>/adfs/services/trust/13/ username — This endpoint is for username token with message protection.</adfs.domain> 		
	 https://<adfs.domain>/adfs/services/trust/13 /usernamemixed — This endpoint is for username token with transport protection (SSL).</adfs.domain> 		
	The WCF client uses the https:// <adfs.domain>/adfs/services/trust/13 /usernamemixed endpoint for username token on SSL to obtain the SAML bearer token for the service.</adfs.domain>		
Task	Description	More Information	
------	--	--	
3	Generate the WCF Client with the service WSDL.	"How to: Create a Windows Communication Foundation Client" at http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms73 3133 (v=vs.110).aspx	
4	Configure the client with ws2007FederationHttpBinding, and edit the app.config file, as follows.	"WS 2007 Federation HTTP Binding" at http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb47 2490.aspx	
	Example 6–16 shows a sample app.config for use with a web service using the following policies:		
	oracle/wss_sts_issued_saml_bearer_token_ over_ssl_service_policy		
	oracle/wss_saml_token_bearer_over_ssl_ service_policy		
	oracle/wss11_saml_or_username_token_with_ message_protection_service_policy		
5	Edit the program.cs file to make the service call.		
	If not already present, create a .cs file in the project and name it program.cs (or any name of your choice.) Edit it to match the code in Example 6–17.		
	In this example:		
	<i>joe</i> is the username and <i>eoj</i> is the password used by the client to authenticate to the STS.		
	<pre>System.Net.ServicePointManager.ServerCertifi cateValidationCallback = ((sender, certificate, chain, sslPolicyErrors) => true); has been added to validate the server side self-signed certificate. This is not required if the server certificate is issued by a trusted CA. If using a self-signed certificate for testing, add this method to validate the certificate on the client side.</pre>		

Table 6–33 (Cont.) Secure WCF/.NET 4.5 Client with ADFS 2.0

Example 6–16 app.config File to Implement Varieties of SAML-Based Authentication

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<configuration>
 <system.serviceModel>
   <behaviors>
      <endpointBehaviors>
        <behavior name="secureBehaviour">
          <clientCredentials>
            <serviceCertificate>
              <defaultCertificate findValue="weblogic"
                  storeLocation="LocalMachine"
                  storeName="My"
                 x509FindType="FindBySubjectName"/>
            </serviceCertificate>
          </clientCredentials>
        </behavior>
      </endpointBehaviors>
   </behaviors>
    <bindings>
      <ws2007FederationHttpBinding>
        <binding name="JaxWsWss11SamlOrUsernameOrSamlBearerOverSSLSoapHttp">
          <security mode="TransportWithMessageCredential">
            <message negotiateServiceCredential="false"
```

```
algorithmSuite="Basic128"
                 issuedTokenType
="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/oasis-wss-saml-token-profile-1.1#SAMLV1.1"
                 issuedKeyType="BearerKey">
              <issuer address ="https://domain-name/adfs/services/trust/13/usernamemixed"</pre>
                      binding ="ws2007HttpBinding"
                      bindingConfiguration="ADFSUsernameMixed"/>
             </message>
          </security>
        </binding>
      </ws2007FederationHttpBinding>
      <ws2007HttpBinding>
        <br/><binding name="ADFSUsernameMixed">
          <security mode="TransportWithMessageCredential">
            <message clientCredentialType="UserName"
                     establishSecurityContext="false" />
          </security>
        </binding>
      </ws2007HttpBinding>
    </bindings>
    <client>
      <endpoint
address="https://host:8002/JaxWsWss11SamlOrUsernameOrSamlBearerOverSSL/JaxWsWss11SamlOrUsernameOrSa
mlBearerOverSSLService"
          binding="ws2007FederationHttpBinding"
          bindingConfiguration="JaxWsWss11SamlOrUsernameOrSamlBearerOverSSLSoapHttp"
          contract="JaxWsWss11SamlOrUsernameOrSamlBearerOverSSL"
          name="JaxWsWss11SamlOrUsernameOrSamlBearerOverSSLPort">
            <identity>
              <dns value="weblogic" />
            </identity>
          </endpoint>
    </client>
  </system.serviceModel>
</configuration>
```

Example 6–17 pregram.cs File

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.ServiceModel;
namespace Client
{
    class Program
    {
      static void Main(string[] args)
      {
      JaxWsWss11SamlOrUsernameOrSamlBearerOverSSLClient client =
           New JaxWsWss11SamlOrUsernameOrSamlBearerOverSSLClient();
           client.ClientCredentials.UserName.UserName = "joe";
           client.ClientCredentials.UserName.Password = "eoj";
```

System.Net.ServicePointManager.ServerCertificateValidationCallback =

```
((sender, certificate, chain, sslPolicyErrors) => true);
Console.WriteLine(client.echo("Hello"));
Console.Read();
}
}
```

7

Interoperability with Oracle Service Bus 10g Security Environments

This chapter describes interoperability of Oracle Web Services Manager (OWSM) with Oracle Service Bus 10g security environments.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Overview of Interoperability with Oracle Service Bus 10g Security Environments
- Username Token with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)
- SAML Token (Sender Vouches) with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)
- SAML or Username Token Over SSL
- Mutual Authentication with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)

7.1 Overview of Interoperability with Oracle Service Bus 10*g* Security Environments

In Oracle Service Bus 10g, you attach policies to configure your security environment for inbound and outbound requests. Oracle Service Bus uses the underlying WebLogic security framework as building blocks for its security services. For information about configuring and attaching policies, see "Using WS-Policy in Oracle Service Bus Proxy and Business Services" in *Oracle Service Bus Security Guide* at http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E13159_01/osb/docs10gr3/security/ws_

policy.html.

Note: Ensure that you have downloaded and applied the TYBN and U37Z patches released for Oracle Service Bus 10.3 using the patch tool.

With OWSM 12*c*, you attach *policies* to web service endpoints. Each policy consists of one or more *assertions*, defined at the domain-level, that define the security requirements. A set of predefined policies and assertions are provided out-of-the-box.

Table 7–1 and Table 7–2 summarize the most common Oracle Service Bus 10*g* interoperability scenarios based on the following security requirements: authentication, message protection, and transport.

For more information about:

• OWSM predefined policies, see "Predefined Policies" in *Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.*

- Configuring and attaching OWSM 12c policies, see "Securing Web Services" and "Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.
- Configuring and attaching Oracle Service Bus 10g policies, see "Using WS-Policy in Oracle Service Bus Proxy and Business Services" in Oracle Service Bus Security Guide at http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E13159_ 01/osb/docs10gr3/security/ws_policy.html.

Note: In the following scenarios, ensure that you are using a keystore with v3 certificates. By default, the JDK 1.5 keytool generates keystores with v1 certificates.

In addition, ensure that the keys use the proper extensions, including DigitalSignature, Non_repudiation, Key_Encipherment, and Data_ Encipherment.

Table 7–1 OWSM 12g Service Policy and Oracle Service Bus 10g Client Policy Interoperability

Identity Token	WS-Security Version	Message Protection	Transport Security	Service Policy	Client Policy
Username	1.0	Yes	No	oracle/wss10_ username_token_with_ message_protection_ service_policy	Encrypt.xml Sign.xml
SAML	1.0	Yes	No	oracle/wss10_saml_ token_with_message_ protection_service_ policy	Encrypt.xml Sign.xml
SAML or Username	1.0 and 1.1	No	Yes	oracle/wss_saml_or_ username_token_over_ ssl_service_policy	Auth.xml
Mutual Authentication	1.0	Yes	No	oracle/wss10_x509_ token_with_message_ protection_service_ policy	Encrypt.xml Sign.xml

Table 7–2 Uracle Service Bus 100 Service Policy and UWSM 12c Client Policy Interoperat
--

Identity Token	WS-Security Version	Message Protection	Transport Security	Service Policy	Client Policy
Username	1.0	Yes	No	Encrypt.xml	oracle/wss10_username_
				Sign.xml	token_with_message_ protection_client_ policy
SAML	1.0	Yes		Encrypt.xml	oracle/wss10_saml_
			Sign.xml	Sign.xml	token_with_message_ protection_client_ policy
Mutual	1.0	Yes	No	Encrypt.xml	oracle/wss10_x509_
Authentication				Sign.xml	token_with_message_ protection client
					policy

7.2 Username Token with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)

This section describes how to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard, in the following interoperability scenarios:

• OWSM 12*c* web service with Oracle Service Bus 10*g* client

• Oracle Service Bus 10g web service with OWSM 12c client

For either scenario, you must perform prerequisite tasks for the WebLogic Server on which Oracle Service Bus is running. See Table 7–3, "Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability"

Instructions for the supported scenarios are:

- "Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an Oracle Service Bus 10g Client"
- "Configuring an Oracle Service Bus 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client"

 Table 7–3
 Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability

Task	Description	More Information		
1	Copy the default-keystore.jks and trust.jks files to your domain directory.	"Configuring Keystores for Message Protection" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.		
	The default-keystore.jks is used to store public and private keys for SOAP messages within the WebLogic Domain. The trust.jks is used to store private keys, digital certificates, and trusted certificate authority certificates that are used to establish and verify identity and trust in the WebLogic Server environment.			
2	Invoke the WebLogic Administration Console.	"Accessing Oracle WebLogic Administration Console" in <i>Administering Web Services</i>		
3	Configure the Custom Identity and Custom Trust keystores.	"Configure keystores" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help		
4	Configure SSL.	"Set up SSL" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help		
5	Specify the private key alias, as required. For example: oratest.	-		
6	Configure a credential mapping provider.	"Configure Credential Mapping Providers" in Oracle		
	Create a PKICredentialMapper and configure it as follows (leave all other values set to the defaults):	WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help		
	 Keystore Provider: N/A 			
	 Keystore Type: jks 			
	 Keystore File Name: default_keystore.jks 			
	 Keystore Pass Phrase: <password></password> 			
_	 Confirm Keystore Pass Phrase: <password></password> 			
7	Restart Oracle WebLogic Server.			
9	Invoke the OSB Console. For example:			
	<pre>http://<host name="">:<port number="">/sbconsole</port></host></pre>			
10	Create a ServiceKeyProvider.			
11	Specify Encryption Key and Digital Signature Key, as required.			
	You must use different keys on the OWSM and Oracle Service Bus servers. You can use the same key for encryption and signing, if desired.			

7.2.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an Oracle Service Bus 10g Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and an Oracle Service Bus 10*g* client to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 7–4, " Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 7–5, "Configuring the Oracle Service Bus 10g Client"

Table 7–4 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	De	scription	More Information	
1	Clone the following policy: wss10_username_token_ with_message_protection_service_policy.		"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager	
2	Edit the policy settings, as follows:			
	1.	Set Encryption Key Reference Mechanism to issuerserial.		
	2.	Set Algorithm Suite to Basic128Rsa15 to match the algorithm suite used for Oracle Service Bus.		
	3.	Enable the Include Timestamp configuration setting.		
	4.	Set Is Encrypted to false for the Username token element only.		
3	Att	ach the policy to the web service.	"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager	

Task	Description	More Information
1	Clone the Encrypt.xml and Sign.xml policy files. For example, copy the files to myEncrypt.xml and	"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
	mySign.xml. It is not recommended to edit the predefined policy files directly.	"Using WS-Policy in Oracle Service Bus Proxy and Business Services" in <i>Oracle Service Bus Security</i> <i>Guide</i> at http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E13159_ 01/osb/docs10gr3/security/ws_policy.html
2	Edit the encryption algorithm in myEncrypt.xml file to prevent encryption compliance failure, as follows:	
	<pre><wssp:target> <wssp:encryptionalgorithm< pre=""></wssp:encryptionalgorithm<></wssp:target></pre>	
	<pre>URI="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes128 -cbc"/> <wssp:messageparts< pre=""></wssp:messageparts<></pre>	
	<pre>Dialect="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2002/12/ wsse#part"> wsp:Body() </pre>	

 Table 7–5
 Configuring the Oracle Service Bus 10g Client

Task	Description	More Information
3	Edit the mySign.xml policy file attached to the Oracle Service Bus business service request only to sign the Username token by including the following target:	
	<pre><wssp:target> <wssp:digestalgorithm uri="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1"></wssp:digestalgorithm> <wssp:messageparts dialect="</pre"></wssp:messageparts></wssp:target></pre>	
	<pre>"http://www.bea.com/wls90/security/policy/ws ee#part"> wls:SecurityHeader(wsse:UsernameToken) </pre>	
4	Edit the mySign.xml policy file attached to the Oracle Service Bus business service response only to specify that the security token is unsigned:	
	<pre><wssp:integrity signtoken="false"></wssp:integrity></pre>	
	Also, for SOA clients only, comment out the target for system headers, as shown:	
	wssp:Target <wssp:digestalgorithm< td=""><td></td></wssp:digestalgorithm<>	
	<pre>URI="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1" /></pre>	
	<pre>Dialect="http://www.bea.com/wls90/security/p olicy/wsee#part"> wls:SystemHeaders() </pre>	
5	Invoke the web service method from the client.	

Table 7–5 (Cont.) Configuring the Oracle Service Bus 10g Client

7.2.2 Configuring an Oracle Service Bus 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an Oracle Service Bus 10*g* web service and an OWSM 12*c* client to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 7–6, "Configuring the Oracle Service Bus 10g Web Service"
- Table 7–7, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Client"

Task	Description			
1	Clone the Encrypt.xml and Sign.xml policy files.			
	For example, copy the files to myEncrypt.xml and mySign.xml. It is not recommended to edit the predefined policy files directly.			
2	Edit the encryption algorithm in the myEncrypt.xml file to prevent encryption compliance failure, as follows:			
	<wssp:target></wssp:target>			
	<wssp:encryptionalgorithm< td=""></wssp:encryptionalgorithm<>			
	URI="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes128-cbc"/>			
	<wssp:messageparts< td=""></wssp:messageparts<>			
	<pre>Dialect="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2002/12/wsse#part"></pre>			
	wsp:Body()			
	For more information, see "Using WS-Policy in Oracle Service Bus Proxy and Business Services" in Oracle Service Bus Security Guide at http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E13159_ 01/osb/docs10gr3/security/ws_policy.html.			
3	Edit the mySign.xml policy file attached to the proxy service request only to specify that the security token is unsigned:			
	<pre><wssp:integrity signtoken="false"></wssp:integrity></pre>			
	Also, for SOA clients only, comment out the target for system headers, as shown:			
	wssp:Target			
	<pre><wsp:digestalgorithm< pre=""></wsp:digestalgorithm<></pre>			

 Table 7–6
 Configuring the Oracle Service Bus 10g Web Service

```
<wssp:DigestAlgorithm
    URI="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#shal" />
    <wsp:MessageParts
    Dialect="http://www.bea.com/wls90/security/policy/wsee#part">
    wls:SystemHeaders()
    </wsp:MessageParts>
    </wssp:Target -->
```

4 Create a web service application that invokes the Oracle Service Bus routing service.

Task	Description		More Information
1	Clc wit	one the following policy: wss10_username_token_ ch_message_protection_client_policy.	"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web
	 Edit the policy settings, as follows: S 1. Set Encryption Key Reference Mechanism to issuerserial. 2. Set Recipient Encryption Key Reference Mechanism to issuerserial. 3. Set Algorithm Suite to Basic128Rsa15 to match the algorithm suite used for Oracle Service Bus. 		Services Manager
	4.	Disable the Include Timestamp configuration setting.	
	5.	Set Is Encrypted to false .	
	6.	Leave the default configuration set for message signing and encryption.	
2	Attach the policy to the web service client.		"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
3	Invoke the web service from the client.		

Table 7–7 Configuring the OWSM 12c Client

7.3 SAML Token (Sender Vouches) with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)

This section describes how to implement SAML token (sender vouches) with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard, in the following interoperability scenarios:

- OWSM 12c Web Service with Oracle Service Bus 10g Client
- Oracle Service Bus 10g Web Service with OWSM 12c Client

For either scenario, you must first perform prerequisite tasks for the WebLogic Server on which Oracle Service Bus is running, as described in Table 7–8, "Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability"

Instructions for the supported scenarios are:

- "Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an Oracle Service Bus 10g Client" on page 7-10
- "Configuring an Oracle Service Bus 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client" on page 7-11

Task	Description	More Information	
1	Copy the default-keystore.jks and trust.jks files to your domain directory.	"Configuring Keystores for Message Protection" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with	
	The default-keystore.jks is used to store public and private keys for SOAP messages within the WebLogic Domain. The trust.jks is used to store private keys, digital certificates, and trusted certificate authority certificates that are used to establish and verify identity and trust in the	Oracle Web Services Manager.	
	WebLogic Server environment.		
2	Invoke the WebLogic Administration Console.	"Accessing Oracle WebLogic Administration Console" in <i>Administering Web Services</i>	
3	Create a SAMLIdentityAsserterV2 authentication provider.	"Configuring Authentication and Identity Assertion providers" in <i>Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help</i>	
4	Restart WebLogic Server to add the new provider to the Administration Server's Runtime MBean server.		
5	Select the authentication provider created in step 3.		
6	Create and configure a SAML asserting party.	"SAML Identity Asserter V2: Create an Asserting	
	Configure the SAML asserting party as follows (leave other values set to the defaults):	Party" and "SAML Identity Asserter V2: Asserting Party: Configuration" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help	
	 Profile: WSS/Sender-Vouches 		
	 Target URL: <osb endpoint<br="" proxy="" service="">URI></osb> 		
	 Issuer URI: www.oracle.com 		
	Select the Enabled checkbox and click Save.		
7	Create a SamlCredentialMapperV2 credential mapping provider.	"Configure Credential Mapping Providers" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help	
	Select SamlCredentialMapperV2 from the drop-down list and name the credential mapper, for example, UC2_SamlCredentialMapperV2.		
8	Restart WebLogic Server.		
9	Configure the credential mapper as follows (leave other values set to the defaults):		
	 Issuer URI: www.oracle.com 		
	Note: This value is specified in the policy file.		
	Name Qualifier: oracle.com		
10	Create and configure a SAML relying party.	"SAML Credential Mapping Provider V2: Create a	
	Configure the SAML relying party as follows (leave other values set to the defaults):	Relying Party" and "SAML Credential Mapping Provider V2: Relying Party: Configuration" in Oracle WebLacia Sociar Administration Concole Online Holm	
	 Profile: WSS/Sender-Vouches 		
	 Target URL: <owsm 12c="" service="" web=""></owsm> 		
	 Description: <your_description></your_description> 		
	Select the Enabled checkbox and click Save .		
11	Restart WebLogic Server.		

 Table 7–8
 Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability

7.3.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an Oracle Service Bus 10g Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and an Oracle Service Bus 10*g* client to implement SAML token (sender vouches) with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 7–9, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 7–10, "Configuring the Oracle Service Bus 10g Client"

Table 7–9 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	De	scription	More Information
1	Clone the following policy: oracle/wss10_saml_ token_with_message_protection_service_policy.		"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
	 Set Encryption Key Reference Mechanism to issuerserial. 		
	2.	Set Algorithm Suite to Basic128Rsa15 to match the algorithm suite used for Oracle Service Bus.	
3. Set Is Encrypted to false for the Username token element only.		Set Is Encrypted to false for the Username token element only.	
	4.	Leave the default configuration set for message signing and encryption.	
2	Attach the policy to the web service.		"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Table 7–10 Configuring the Oracle Service Bus 10g Client

Task	Description
1	Clone the Encrypt.xml and Sign.xml policy files.
	For example, to myEncrypt.xml and mySign.xml. It is not recommended to edit the predefined policy files directly.
2	Edit the encryption algorithm in the myEncrypt.xml file to prevent encryption compliance failure, as follows:
	<pre><wssp:target> <wssp:encryptionalgorithm uri="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes128-cbc"></wssp:encryptionalgorithm> <wssp:messageparts dialect="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2002/12/wsse#part"> wsp:Body() </wssp:messageparts> <!--/wssp:MessageParts--></wssp:target></pre>
	For more information, see "Using WS-Policy in Oracle Service Bus Proxy and Business Services" in Oracle Service Bus Security Guide at http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E13159_ 01/osb/docs10gr3/security/ws_policy.html.
3	Edit the mySign.xml file attached to the Oracle Service Bus business service request only to sign the SAML assertion by including the following target:
	<pre><wssp:target> <wssp:digestalgorithm uri="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1"></wssp:digestalgorithm> <wssp:messageparts dialect="http://www.bea.com/wls90/security/policy/wsee#part"> wls:SecurityHeader(wsse:Assertion) </wssp:messageparts> </wssp:target></pre>

Description
Edit the mySign.xml file attached to the Oracle Service Bus business service response only to specify that the security token is unsigned, as follows:
<wssp:integrity signtoken="false"></wssp:integrity>
Also, for SOA clients only, comment out the target for system headers, as shown:
<pre><!-- wssp:Target--> <wssp:digestalgorithm uri="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1"></wssp:digestalgorithm> <wssp:messageparts dialect="http://www.bea.com/wls90/security/policy/wsee#part"> wls:SystemHeaders() </wssp:messageparts> <!--/wssp:MessageParts--> </pre>

Table 7–10 (Cont.) Configuring the Oracle Service Bus 10g Client

Use the custom SAML policy file shown in Example 7–1.

6 Invoke the web service from the client.

Example 7–1 Custom SAML Policy

5

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<wsp:Policy
  xmlns:wsp="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/policy"
  xmlns:wssp="http://www.bea.com/wls90/security/policy"
  xmlns:wsu="
http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd"
  xmlns:wls="http://www.bea.com/wls90/security/policy/wsee#part"
  wsu:Id="custom_saml">
  <wssp:Identity xmlns:wssp="http://www.bea.com/wls90/security/policy">
      <wssp:SupportedTokens>
         <wssp:SecurityToken
         TokenType=
"http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-2004-01-saml-token-profile-1.0#SAMLAssertionID">
            <wssp:Claims>
               <wssp:ConfirmationMethod>
                  sender-vouches
               </wssp:ConfirmationMethod>
            </wssp:Claims>
         </wssp:SecurityToken>
      </wssp:SupportedTokens>
   </wssp:Identity>
   </wsp:Policy>
```

7.3.2 Configuring an Oracle Service Bus 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an Oracle Service Bus 10g web service and an OWSM 12*c* client to implement SAML token (sender vouches) with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 7–11, "Configuring the Oracle Service Bus 10g Web Service"
- Table 7–12, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Client"

Task	Description		
1	Clone the Encrypt.xml and Sign.xml policy files.		
	For example, to myEncrypt.xml and mySign.xml. It is not recommended to edit the predefined policy files directly.		
2	Edit the encryption algorithm in the myEncrypt.xml policy file to prevent encryption compliance failure, as follows:		
	<wssp:target></wssp:target>		
	<wssp:encryptionalgorithm< td=""></wssp:encryptionalgorithm<>		
	URI="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes128-cbc"/>		
	<wssp:messageparts< td=""></wssp:messageparts<>		
	Dialect="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2002/12/wsse#part">		
	wsp:Body()		
	For more information, see "Using WS-Policy in Oracle Service Bus Proxy and Business Services" in Oracle Service Bus Security Guide at http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E13159_ 01/osb/docs10gr3/security/ws_policy.html.		
3	Edit the mySign.xml policy file attached to the proxy service request only to specify that the security token is unsigned:		
	<wssp:integrity signtoken="false"></wssp:integrity>		
	Also, for SOA clients only, comment out the target for system headers, as shown:		
	wssp:Target		
	<wssp:digestalgorithm< td=""></wssp:digestalgorithm<>		
	URI="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1" />		
	<wssp:messageparts< td=""></wssp:messageparts<>		
	Dialect="http://www.bea.com/wls90/security/policy/wsee#part">		

Table 7–11 Configuring the Oracle Service Bus 10g Web Service

</wssp:Target -->

wls:SystemHeaders()
</wssp:MessageParts>

4 Use the custom SAML policy file shown in Example 7–1.

Task	Des	scription	More Information
1	Clone the following policy: wss10_saml_token_ with_message_protection_client_policy.		"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web
	Edi	t the policy settings, as follows:	Services Manager
	1.	Set Encryption Key Reference Mechanism to issuerserial.	
	2.	Set Recipient Encryption Key Reference Mechanism to issuerserial.	
	3.	Set Algorithm Suite to Basic128Rsa15 to match the algorithm suite used for Oracle Service Bus.	
	4.	Disable the Include Timestamp configuration setting.	
	5.	Leave the default configuration set for message signing and encryption.	
2	Attach the policy to the web service client.		"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
3	Inv	oke the web service from the client.	

Table 7–12 Configuring the OWSM 12c Client

7.4 SAML or Username Token Over SSL

This section describes how to implement the SAML or username token over SSL policy, in the following interoperability scenario:

Oracle Service Bus 10g client and OWSM 12c web service

Note: The interoperability scenario described in this section also applies to the SAML Token Over SSL and Username Token Over SSL policies.

For either scenario, you must first perform prerequisite tasks for the WebLogic Server on which Oracle Service Bus is running, as described in the following sections:

- Configure the username token, as described in Table 7–3, "Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability."
- Configure the SAML token, as described in Table 7–8, "Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability"
- For SAML, perform the prerequisite steps for the WebLogic Server on which Oracle Service Bus is running, shown in Table 7–13, "SAML Prerequisites for Interoperability":

Configuration instructions for the supported scenarios are in the following section:

 Section 7.4.1, "Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an Oracle Service Bus 10g Client"

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a SamlCredentialMapperV2 credential mapping provider.	"Configure Credential Mapping Providers" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help
	Select SamlCredentialMapperV2 from the drop-down list and name the credential mapper; for example, UC2_SamlCredentialMapperV2.	
2	Restart WebLogic Server.	
3	Configure the credential mapper as follows (leave other values set to the defaults):	
	 Issuer URI: www.oracle.com 	
	Note: This value is specified in the policy file.	
	 Name Qualifier: oracle.com 	
4	Create and configure a SAML relying party.	"SAML Credential Mapping Provider V2: Create a
	Configure the SAML relying party as follows (leave other values set to the defaults):	Relying Party" and "SAML Credential Mapping Provider V2: Relying Party: Configuration" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help
	 Profile: WSS/Sender-Vouches 	
	 Target URL: <owsm 12c="" service="" web=""></owsm> 	
	 Description: <your_description></your_description> 	
	Select the Enabled checkbox and click Save.	
5	Restart WebLogic Server.	

Table 7–13 SAML Prerequisites for Interoperability

7.4.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an Oracle Service Bus 10g Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and an Oracle Service Bus 10*g* client to implement the SAML or username token over SSL policy:

- Table 7–14, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 7–15, " Configuring the Oracle Service Bus 10g Client"

Both the SAML token client and the username token client are supported.

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the server for two-way SSL.	"Configuring SSL on WebLogic Server (Two-Way)"
	 If the service policy is Username Token Over SSL, set Two Way Client Cert Behavior to "Client Certs Requested and Not Enforced." 	in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
	 If the service policy is SAML Token Over SSL, set Two Way Client Cert Behavior to "Client Certs Requested and Enforced." 	
2	Clone the following policy: wss_saml_or_username_ token_over_ssl_service_policy.	"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web
	 For wss_username_token_over_ssl_service_ policy, disable the Create Element and Nonce configuration settings. 	Services Manager
	 For wss_saml_token_over_ssl_service_ policy, disable the Include Timestamp configuration setting. 	
3	Use JDeveloper to create a simple SOA composite.	
4	Attach the copy of the wss_saml_or_username_ token_over_ssl_service_policy policy to the composite and deploy it.	"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> <i>Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager</i>

 Table 7–14
 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

 Table 7–15
 Configuring the Oracle Service Bus 10g Client

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the server for two-way SSL:	"Configuring SSL on WebLogic Server (Two-Way)"
	 If the client policy is the equivalent of Username Token Over SSL, then set Two Way Client Cert Behavior to "Client Certs Requested and Not Enforced." 	in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
	 If the client policy is the equivalent of SAML Token Over SSL, then set Two Way Client Cert Behavior to "Client Certs Requested and Enforced." 	
2	In the Oracle Service Bus console, import the WSDL for the relying party. Make sure that there is no policy attached. (Policy assertions are not allowed on this service.)	-
3	For SAML token, create a business service.	
	1. Attach the policy shown in Example 7–1, "Custom SAML Policy" to the request.	
	2. Change the WSDL from HTTP to HTTPS.	

Task	Description	More Information
4	For username token, create a business service.	
	1. Attach the auth.xml policy to the request.	
	2. Change the WSDL from HTTP to HTTPS.	
5	Create a proxy service, and create a route to the business service.	
	In HTTP Transport Configuration , set Authentication to "basic."	
	On the Security page, associate the Service key provider. This is needed for Oracle Service Bus to send the client cert to SOA.	
6	Run the proxy service from the Oracle Service Bus console with the username and password.	

 Table 7–15 (Cont.) Configuring the Oracle Service Bus 10g Client

7.5 Mutual Authentication with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)

This section describes how to implement mutual authentication with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard, in the following interoperability scenarios:

- OWSM 12c web service with Oracle Service Bus 10g client
- Oracle Service Bus 10g web service with OWSM 12c client

For either scenario, you must first perform prerequisite tasks, as described in the following:

- Table 7–16, "Configuration Prerequisites for the Oracle WebLogic Server"
- Table 7–17, "Configuration Prerequisites for OWSM"

Configuration instructions for the supported scenarios are in the following sections:

- "Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an Oracle Service Bus 10g Client" on page 7-19
- "Configuring an Oracle Service Bus 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client" on page 7-21

Table 7–16 Configuration Prerequisites for the Oracle WebLogic Server

Task	Description	More Information
1	Copy the default-keystore.jks and trust.jks files to your domain directory.	"Configuring Keystores for Message Protection" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with
	The default-keystore.jks is used to store public and private keys for SOAP messages within the WebLogic Domain. The trust.jks is used to store private keys, digital certificates, and trusted certificate authority certificates that are used to establish and verify identity and trust in the Oracle WebLogic Server environment.	Oracle Web Services Manager.
2	Invoke the WebLogic Administration Console.	"Accessing Oracle WebLogic Administration Console" in <i>Administering Web Services</i>
3	Configure the Custom Identity and Custom Trust keystores.	"Configure keystores" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help

Task	Description	More Information
4	Configure SSL.	"Set up SSL" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help
	Specify the private key alias, as required. For example: oratest.	
5	Configure a credential mapping provider.	"Configure Credential Mapping Providers" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help
6	Create a PKICredentialMapper and configure it as follows (leave all other values set to the defaults):	
	Keystore Provider: N/A	
	 Keystore Type: jks 	
	 Keystore File Name: default_keystore.jks 	
	 Keystore Pass Phrase: <password></password> 	
	 Confirm Keystore Pass Phrase: <password></password> 	
7	Select the Authentication tab and configure as follows:	"Configure Authentication and Identity Assertion providers" in <i>Oracle WebLogic Server Administration</i> <i>Console Online Help</i>
	 Click DefaultIdentityAsserter and add X.509 to Chosen active types 	
	 Click Provider Specific and configure the following: 	
	 Default User Name Mapper Attribute Type: CN 	
	– Active Types: X.509	
	– Use Default User Name Mapper: True	

 Table 7–16 (Cont.) Configuration Prerequisites for the Oracle WebLogic Server

Task	Description	More Information
8	Configure a token handler to specify that a client invoking a message-secured web service uses an X.509 certificate to establish their identity. In WebLogic Administration Console, navigate to the Web Service Security page of the domain and configure the inbound and outbound messages as follows:	
	Note: Only username token with message protection or mutual authentication with message protection is available at any given time. Once you enable mutual authentication with message protection, username authentication will fail.	
	 Click _SERVICE_BUS_INBOUND_WEB_ SERVICE_SECURITY_MBEAN_ and select the Token Handler tab. 	
	 Click X.509 token handler and configure the following: 	
	– Name: UseX509ForIdentity	
	– Value: True	
	 Perform the same steps for the outbound Oracle Service Bus MBean: _SERVICE_BUS_ OUTBOUND_WEB_SERVICE_SECURITY_ MBEAN_ 	
9	If the users are not added, add the Common Name (CN) user specified in the certificate.	"Create users" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help.
10	Restart Oracle WebLogic Server.	

Table 7–16 (Cont.) Configuration Prerequisites for the Oracle WebLogic Server

Table 7–17	Configuration	Prerequisites	for OWSM
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Task	Description	More Information	
1	Configure authentication.	"Configure Authentication and Identity Assertion	
	Select the Authentication tab and configure as follows:	providers" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help	
	 Click DefaultIdentityAsserter and add X.509 to Chosen active types 		
	 Click Provider Specific and configure the following: 		
	 Default User Name Mapper Attribute Type: CN 		
	– Active Types: X.509		
	– Use Default User Name Mapper: True		
2	If the users are not added, add the Common Name (CN) user specified in the certificate.	"Create users" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help	
3	Restart Oracle WebLogic Server.		

7.5.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an Oracle Service Bus 10g Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and Oracle Service Bus 10*g* client to implement mutual authentication with message protection that conform to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 7–18, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 7–19, "Configuring Oracle Service Bus 10g Client"

Table 7–18 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	De	scription	More Information			
1	Create and deploy a SOA composite.					
2	Clone the following policy: wss10_x509_token_ with_message_protection_service_policy.		"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web			
	Edi	t the policy settings, as follows:	Services Manager			
	1.	Set Encryption Key Reference Mechanism to issuerserial.				
	2.	Set Algorithm Suite to Basic128Rsa15 to match the algorithm suite used for Oracle Service Bus.				
3	Att	ach the policy to the web service.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager			

Table 7–19 Configuring Oracle Service Bus 10g Client

Task	Description		
1	Create an Oracle Service Bus business service.		
2	Clone the Encrypt.xml and Sign.xml policy files.		
	For example, copy the files to myEncrypt.xml and mySign.xml. It is not recommended to edit the predefined policy files directly.		
3	Attach the X.509 policy shown in Example 7–2, to the Oracle Service Bus business service request.		
4	Attach the Sign.xml policy file to the Oracle Service Bus business service request.		
5	Edit the myEncrypt.xml policy, as shown in Example 7–3, and attach it to the Oracle Service Bus business service request.		
	For more information, see "Using WS-Policy in Oracle Service Bus Proxy and Business Services" in Oracle Service Bus Security Guide at http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E13159_ 01/osb/docs10gr3/security/ws_policy.html.		
6	Edit the mySign.xml policy file attached to the Oracle Service Bus business service response to specify that the security token is unsigned:		
	<pre><wssp:integrity signtoken="false"></wssp:integrity></pre>		
	Also, for SOA clients only, comment out the target for system headers, as shown in Example 7–4:		
7	Attach the myEncrypt.xml policy file from Step 6 to the Oracle Service Bus business service response.		
8	Create a ServiceKeyProvider.		

Task	Description
9	Specify Encryption Key and Digital Signature Key, as required.
	You must use different keys on the OWSM and Oracle Service Bus servers. You can use the same key for encryption and signing, if desired.
10	Create a proxy service, and create a route to the business service.
	On the Security page, associate the Service key provider. This is needed for Oracle Service Bus to send the client certificate to SOA.
11	Run the proxy service from the Oracle Service Bus console.

Table 7–19 (Cont.) Configuring Oracle Service Bus 10g Client

Example 7–2 X.509 Policy

Example 7–3 myEncrypt.xml Policy

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<wsp:Policy
xmlns:wsp="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/policy"
xmlns:wssp="http://www.bea.com/wls90/security/policy"
xmlns:wsu="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd"
xmlns:wls="http://www.bea.com/wls90/security/policy/wsee#part"
wsu:Id="X509Encrypt">
 <wssp:Confidentiality>
   <wssp:KeyWrappingAlgorithm URI="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#rsa-1_5"/>
    <wssp:Target>
     <wssp:EncryptionAlgorithm URI="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes128-cbc"/>
      <wssp:MessageParts
Dialect="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2002/12/wsse#part">wsp:Body()</wssp:MessageParts>
   </wssp:Target>
    <wssp:KeyInfo/>
  </wssp:Confidentiality>
</wsp:Policy>
```

Example 7–4 mySign Policy

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<wsp:Policy
xmlns:wsp="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/policy"
xmlns:wssp="http://www.bea.com/wls90/security/policy"
xmlns:wsu="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-
utility-1.0.xsd"
xmlns:wls="http://www.bea.com/wls90/security/policy/wsee#part"
wsu:Id="X509Sign">
```

```
<wssp:Integrity SignToken="false">
   <wssp:SignatureAlgorithm URI="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#rsa-sha1"/>
   <wssp:CanonicalizationAlgorithm
URI="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#"/>
   <!--wssp:Target>
     <wssp:DigestAlgorithm URI="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1" />
     <wssp:MessageParts
Dialect="http://www.bea.com/wls90/security/policy/wsee#part">
       wls:SystemHeaders()
     </wssp:MessageParts>
   </wssp:Target-->
   <wssp:Target>
     <wssp:DigestAlgorithm URI="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1" />
     <wssp:MessageParts
Dialect="http://www.bea.com/wls90/security/policy/wsee#part">
       wls:SecurityHeader(wsu:Timestamp)
     </wssp:MessageParts>
   </wssp:Target>
   <wssp:Target>
     <wssp:DigestAlgorithm URI="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1" />
     <wssp:MessageParts
Dialect="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2002/12/wsse#part">
     wsp:Body()
     </wssp:MessageParts>
   </wssp:Target>
  </wssp:Integrity>
 <wssp:MessageAge/>
</wsp:Policy>
```

7.5.2 Configuring an Oracle Service Bus 10g Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an Oracle Service Bus 10*g* web service and an OWSM 12*c* client to implement mutual authentication with message protection that conform to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 7–20, "Configuring the Oracle Service Bus 10g Web Service"
- Table 7–21, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Client"

Table 7–20Configuring the Oracle Service Bus 10g Web Service

Task	Description			
1	Create a Oracle Service Bus proxy service.			
2	Clone the Encrypt.xml and Sign.xml policy files.			
	For example, to myEncrypt.xml and mySign.xml. It is not recommended to edit the predefined policy files directly.			
3	Attach the X.509 policy to the proxy service request . as shown in Example 7–2, "X.509 Policy".			
4	Edit the mySign.xml policy file attached to the proxy service request and comment out the target for system headers and timestamp, as shown in Example 7–5, "mySign.xml Policy".			
	For more information, see "Using WS-Policy in Oracle Service Bus Proxy and Business Services" in Oracle Service Bus Security Guide at http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E13159_ 01/osb/docs10gr3/security/ws_policy.html.			

Task	Description
5	Edit the encryption algorithm in the myEncrypt.xml file attached to the proxy service request as shown in Example 7–6, "myEncrypt.xml".
6	Attach mySign.xml and myEncrypt.xml policy files from the previous steps to the proxy service response.
7	Create a Service Key Provider.

Table 7–20 (Cont.) Configuring the Oracle Service Bus 10g Web Service

Example 7–5 mySign.xml Policy

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<wsp:Policy
 xmlns:wsp="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/policy"
 xmlns:wssp="http://www.bea.com/wls90/security/policy"
 xmlns:s0="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd"
  s0:Id="X509SignRequest">
  <wssp:Integrity
xmlns:wls="http://www.bea.com/wls90/security/policy/wsee#part"
xmlns:wssp="http://www.bea.com/wls90/security/policy"
xmlns:wsu="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-
utility-1.0.xsd">
  <wssp:SignatureAlgorithm URI="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#rsa-sha1" />
  <wssp:CanonicalizationAlgorithm URI="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#"</pre>
 />
  <!-- wssp:Target>
  <wssp:DigestAlgorithm URI="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1" />
  <wssp:MessageParts Dialect="http://www.bea.com/wls90/security/policy/wsee#part">wls:SystemHeaders
()</wssp:MessageParts>
  </wssp:Target -->
  <!-- wssp:Target>
  <wssp:DigestAlgorithm URI="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1" />
  <wssp:MessageParts
Dialect="http://www.bea.com/wls90/security/policy/wsee#part">wls:SecurityHeader
(wsu:Timestamp) </wssp:MessageParts>
  </wssp:Target -->
  <wssp:Target>
  <wssp:DigestAlgorithm URI="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1" />
  <wssp:MessageParts
Dialect="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2002/12/wsse#part">wsp:Body()</wssp:MessageParts>
  </wssp:Target>
</wsp:Policy>
```

Example 7–6 myEncrypt.xml

```
<wssp:KeyInfo/>
</wssp:Confidentiality>
```

</wsp:Policy>

 Table 7–21
 Configuring the OWSM 12c Client

Task	Task Description		More Information	
1	Clone the following policy: wss10_x509_token_ with_message_protection_client_policy.		"Cloning a Web Service Policy" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web	
	In l sett	Fusion Middleware Control, edit the policy tings, as follows:	Services Manager.	
	1.	Set Encryption Key Reference Mechanism to issuerserial.		
	2.	Set Recipient Encryption Key Reference Mechanism to issuerserial.		
	3.	Set Algorithm Suite to Basic128Rsa15 to match the algorithm suite used for Oracle Service Bus.		
	4. Disable the Include Timestamp configuration setting.			
2	In Fusion Middleware Control, specify keystore.recipient.alias in the client configuration. Ensure that the keystore.recipient.alias keys specified for the client exist as trusted certificate entry in the trust store configured for the web service.			
3	Att	ach the policy to the web service client.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager	
4	Inv	oke the web service from the client.		

Interoperability with Axis 1.4 and WSS4J 1.5.8 Security Environments

This chapter describes interoperability of Oracle Web Services Manager (OWSM) with Axis 1.4 and WSS4J 1.5.8 security environments.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Overview of Interoperability With Axis 1.4 and WSS4J 1.5.8 Security Environments
- Required Files for Interoperability With Axis and WSS4J
- Username Token with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)
- SAML Token with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)
- Username Token Over SSL
- SAML Token (Sender Vouches) Over SSL

8.1 Overview of Interoperability With Axis 1.4 and WSS4J 1.5.8 Security Environments

In Axis 1.4 and WSS4J 1.5.8, you configure your security environment for inbound and outbound requests using handlers and deployment descriptors. For more information, see the *Axis Deployment Tutorial* at http://ws.apache.org/wss4j/axis.html.

With OWSM 12*c*, you attach *policies* to web service endpoints. Each policy consists of one or more *assertions*, defined at the domain-level, that define the security requirements. A set of predefined policies and assertions are provided out-of-the-box.

For more information about:

- OWSM predefined policies, see "Predefined Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.
- Configuring and attaching OWSM 12c policies, see "Securing Web Services" and "Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.
- Configuring and attaching policies on Axis and WSS4J, see the Axis Deployment Tutorial at http://ws.apache.org/wss4j/axis.html.

Identity Token	WS-Security Version	Message Protection	Transport Security	Service Policy	Client Policy
Username	1.0	Yes	No	oracle/wss10_ username_token_with_ message_protection_ service_policy	UsernameToken Timestamp Signature Encrypt
SAML	1.0	Yes	No	oracle/wss10_saml_ token_with_message_ protection_service_ policy	SAMLTokenUnsigned Timestamp Signature Encrypt
Username	1.0 and 1.1	No	Yes	oracle/wss_username_ token_over_ssl_ service_policy	UsernameToken Timestamp
SAML	1.0 and 1.1	No	Yes	oracle/wss_saml_ token_over_ssl_ service_policy	SAMLTokenUnsigned Timestamp

Table 8–1 OWSM 12c Service Policy and Axis WSS4J Client Policy Interoperability

Table 8–2 Axis WSS4J Service Policy and OWSM 12c Client Policy Interoperability

Identity Token	WS-Security Version	Message Protection	Transport Security	Service Policy	Client Policy
Username	1.0	Yes	No	UsernameToken Timestamp Signature Encrypt	oracle/wss10_username_ token_with_message_ protection_client_ policy
SAML	1.0	Yes	No	SAMLTokenUnsigned Timestamp Signature Encrypt	oracle/wss10_saml_ token_with_message_ protection_client_ policy
Username	1.0 and 1.1	No	Yes	Timestamp UsernameToken	oracle/wss_username_ token_over_ssl_client_ policy
SAML	1.0 and 1.1	No	Yes	Timestamp SAMLTokenUnsigned	oracle/wss_saml_token_ over_ssl_client_policy

8.2 Required Files for Interoperability With Axis and WSS4J

Perform the following steps to create the handler and property files that are required in each of the Axis and WSS4J interoperability scenarios:

1. Create and compile a password callback class, PWCallback.java, that can resolve passwords required by username and keystore aliases.

The deployment descriptors defined in the following sections, contain username information, but not password information. As a best practice, you should not store sensitive information such as passwords in clear text within the deployment descriptor. To obtain the password, the Axis handler calls the password callback class. This mechanism is similar to JAAS. For more information, see the WSS4J documentation at http://ws.apache.org/wss4j.

2. Create the keystore properties file, crypto.properties, as shown below. Include this file in the classes directory.

```
org.apache.ws.security.crypto.provider=org.apache.ws.security.components.crypto
.Merlin
org.apache.ws.security.crypto.merlin.keystore.type=jks
org.apache.ws.security.crypto.merlin.keystore.password=welcome1
org.apache.ws.security.crypto.merlin.file=default-keystore.jks
```

3. Create the saml.properties file, required for SAML interoperability scenarios only, as shown below.

org.apache.ws.security.saml.issuerClass=org.apache.ws.security.saml.SAMLIssuerI
mpl
org.apache.ws.security.saml.issuer.cryptoProp.file=crypto.properties
org.apache.ws.security.saml.issuer.key.name=orakey
org.apache.ws.security.saml.issuer.key.password=orakey
org.apache.ws.security.saml.issuer=www.oracle.com
org.apache.ws.security.saml.subjectNameId.name=weblogic
org.apache.ws.security.saml.authenticationMethod=password
org.apache.ws.security.saml.confirmationMethod=senderVouches

8.3 Username Token with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)

This section describes how to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard, in the following interoperability scenarios:

- Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an Axis and WSS4J Client
- Configuring an Axis and WSS4J Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

8.3.1 Configuring an OWSM 12*c* Web Service and an Axis and WSS4J Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and an Axis and WSS4J client to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 8–3, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 8–4, "Configuring the Axis and WSS4J Client"

Table 8–3 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	Description	More Information
1	Attach the following policy to the web service: oracle/wss10_username_token_with_message_ protection_service_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
2	Deploy the web service.	

Table 8–4 Configuring the Axis and WSS4J Client

Task	Description
1	Build your web service client proxy.
2	Create the password callback class, PWCallback.java, and keystore properties file, crypto.properties. For more information, see "Required Files for Interoperability With Axis and WSS4J" on page 8-2
3	Include the keystore file (for example, default-keystore.jks) and crypto.properties file directly under the classes folder.
	Ensure that you are using keystore with v3 certificates. By default, the JDK 1.5 keytool generates keystores with v1 certificates.

Table 8–4 (Cont.,	Configuring the	Axis and WSS4J Client
-------------------	-----------------	-----------------------

Task	Description
4	Edit the deployment descriptor, client_deploy.wsdd, similar to Example 8–1.
	In the example, the receiver decrypts, verifies, and validates the username token; the sender inserts a username token, timestamp, signs the body, username token, and timestamp, and encrypts the body and username token. As shown in the example, the encryption key transport is overridden to match the OWSM default requirements
5	Set the following property within the client code to use the deployment descriptor defined in the previous step.
	<pre>System.setProperty("axis.ClientConfigFile", "client_deploy.wsdd");</pre>
6	Deploy the web service client.
Examp	le 8–1 client_deploy.wsdd Deployment Descriptor
<deploy< td=""><td>ment xmlns="http://xml apache org/axis/wsdd/"</td></deploy<>	ment xmlns="http://xml apache org/axis/wsdd/"
(depio)	xmlns:java="http://xml.apache.org/axis/wsdd/providers/java">
<trans< td=""><td>sport name="http"</td></trans<>	sport name="http"
pivot	<pre>:=="java:org.apache.axis.transport.http.HTTPSender"/> palConfiguration ></pre>
<gi0. <!--</td--><td>· wss10_username_token_with_message_protection></td></gi0. 	· wss10_username_token_with_message_protection>
<rec< td=""><td>nuestFlow></td></rec<>	nuestFlow>
<1	nandler type="java:org.apache.ws.axis.security.WSDoAllSender" > <parameter <="" name="passwordCallbackClass" td=""></parameter>
	value="com.oracle.xmlns.ConfigOverride jws.CO SOA.BPELProcess1.PWCallback"/>
	<pre><parameter name="passwordType" value="PasswordText"></parameter></pre>
	<pre><parameter name="user" value="weblogic"></parameter></pre>
	<parameter name="action" value="UsernameToken Timestamp Signature Encrypt"></parameter>
	<pre><parameter <="" name="encryptionKeyTransportAlgorithm" pre=""></parameter></pre>
	value="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#rsa-oaep-mgilp"/>
	<pre><pre>charameter name="encryptionRegidentifier" value="crypto properties" /></pre></pre>
	<pre><pre>cparameter name="encryptionUser" value="orakey" /></pre></pre>
	<pre><pre>rameter name="encryptionParts" value=</pre></pre>
" { I	<pre>Element}{http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-secext-1.0.xsd}</pre>
Us	<pre>sernameToken;{Content}{http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/}Body" /></pre>
	<pre><parameter name="signatureUser" value="orakey"></parameter></pre>
	<pre><pre><pre><pre>charameter name="signaturePropFile" value="crypto.properties" /></pre></pre></pre></pre>
	<pre><pre>charameter name="signatureParts" value=</pre></pre>
" { I	Element}{http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-secext-1.0.xsd}
Usernar 1.0.xso	<pre>meToken;{Element}{http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility- a}</pre>
Timesta	<pre>amp;{Element}{http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/}Body" /></pre>
<,	'handler>
<td>equestFlow></td>	equestFlow>
<1	andler type="java.org apache ws axis security WSDoAllReceiver">
·-	<pre><pre><pre><pre>continue</pre> <pre>particle interviewe</pre> <pre>continue</pre> <pre>continue</pre></pre></pre></pre>
_SOA.BI	PELProcess1.PWCallback"/>
	<parameter name="action" value="Timestamp Signature Encrypt"></parameter>
	<parameter name="signaturePropFile" value="crypto.properties"></parameter>
	<pre><parameter name="decryptionPropFile" value="crypto.properties"></parameter></pre>
	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>
< , < / m	nanatei <
<td><pre>bblConfiguration ></pre></td>	<pre>bblConfiguration ></pre>
<td>pyment></td>	pyment>

8.3.2 Configuring an Axis and WSS4J Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an Axis and WSS4J web service and an OWSM 12*c* client service to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 8–5, " Configuring the Axis and WSS4J Web Service"
- Table 8–6, "Configuring OWSM 12c Client"

Table 8–5 Configuring the Axis and WSS4J Web Service

Task	Description	
1	Build your web service.	
2	Create the password callback class, PWCallback.java, and keystore properties file, crypto.properties, as described in "Required Files for Interoperability With Axis and WSS4J" on page 8-2.	
3	Include the keystore file (for example, default-keystore.jks) and crypto.properties file directly under the classes folder.	
	Ensure that you are using keystore with v3 certificates. By default, the JDK 1.5 keytool generates keystores with v1 certificates.	
4	Edit the deployment descriptor, server_deploy.wsdd, as shown in Example 8–2.	
	In the example, the receiver decrypts, verifies, and validates the username token; the sender inserts a username token, timestamp, signs the body, username token, and timestamp, and encrypts the body and username token. As shown in the example, the encryption key transport is overridden to match the OWSM default requirements.	
	Note: WSS4J enforces an order to the elements in the header. Ensure action ordering is updated in server_ deploy.wsdd as shown in Example 8–2.	
5	Deploy the web service.	

Example 8–2 server_deploy.wsdd Deployment Descriptor

```
<ns1:service name="HelloWorld" provider="java:RPC" style="wrapped" use="literal">
<!-- wss10_username_token_with_message_protection -->
<requestFlow>
   <handler type="java:org.apache.ws.axis.security.WSDoAllReceiver">
      <parameter name="passwordCallbackClass" value="PWCallback1"/>
      <parameter name="user" value="wss4j"/>
      <parameter name="action" value="Signature UsernameToken Timestamp Encrypt"/>
      <parameter name="signaturePropFile" value="crypto.properties" />
      <parameter name="decryptionPropFile" value="crypto.properties" />
   </handler>
</requestFlow>
<responseFlow>
   <handler type="java:org.apache.ws.axis.security.WSDoAllSender" >
       <parameter name="passwordCallbackClass" value="PWCallback1"/>
       <parameter name="user" value="orakey"/>
       <parameter name="action" value="Timestamp Signature Encrypt"/>
       <parameter name="encryptionKeyTransportAlgorithm"</pre>
          value="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#rsa-oaep-mgf1p"/>
       <parameter name="signaturePropFile" value="crypto.properties" />
       <parameter name="signatureKeyIdentifier" value="DirectReference" />
       <parameter name="signatureParts"</pre>
value="{Element}{http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/}Body;{Element}
{http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd}Timestamp" />
       <parameter name="encryptionKeyIdentifier" value="DirectReference" />
   </handler>
```

</responseFlow> </ns1:service>

Table 8–6 Configuring OWSM 12c Client

Task	Description	More Information
1	Attach the following policy to the web service: oracle/wss10_username_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
2	For Java SE clients only, configure the web service client properties, as follows:	
	Note: This step is not required for Java EE clients.	
	<pre>myPort.setProperty(ClientConstants.WSS_ KEYSTORE_TYPE, "JKS"); myPort.setProperty(ClientConstants.WSS_ KEYSTORE_LOCATION, "/keystore-path/default-keystore.jks"); myPort.setProperty(ClientConstants.WSS_ KEYSTORE_PASSWORD, "welcome1"); myPort.setProperty(ClientConstants.WSS_ RECIPIENT_KEY_ALIAS, "orakey"); Where setProperty is defined as follows: public void setProperty(String name, String value) { ((Stub) _port)setProperty(name, value); }</pre>	
3	Deploy the web service client.	-

8.4 SAML Token with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.0)

This section describes how to implement SAML token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard, in the following interoperability scenarios:

- Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an Axis an WSS4J Client
- Configuring an Axis and WSS4J Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

8.4.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an Axis an WSS4J Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and an Axis and WSS4J client to implement SAML token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 8–7, " Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 8–8, "Configuring the Axis and WSS4J Client"

Task	Description	More Information
1	Attach the following policy to the web service: oracle/wss10_saml_token_with_message_ protection_service_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
2	Deploy the web service.	

Table 8–7 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Table 8–8 Configuring the Axis and WSS4J Client

Task	Description	
1	Build your web service client proxy.	
2	Create the password callback class, PWCallback.java, keystore properties file, crypto.properties file, and saml.properties file, as described in "Required Files for Interoperability With Axis and WSS4J" on page 8-2.	
3	Include the keystore file (for example, default-keystore.jks) and crypto.properties file directly under the classes folder.	
	Ensure that you are using keystore with v3 certificates. By default, the JDK 1.5 keytool generates keystores with v1 certificates.	
4	Edit the deployment descriptor, client_deploy.wsdd, similar to Example 8–3.	
	In the example, the receiver decrypts, verifies, and validates the SAML token; the sender inserts a SAML token, timestamp, signs the body, SAML token, and timestamp, and encrypts the body. As shown in the example, the encryption key transport is overridden to match the OWSM default requirements.	
5	Set the following property within the client code to use the deployment descriptor defined in the previous step.	
	<pre>System.setProperty("axis.ClientConfigFile", "client_deploy.wsdd");</pre>	
6	Deploy the web service client.	

Example 8–3 client_deploy.wsdd Deployment Descriptor

```
<deployment xmlns="http://xml.apache.org/axis/wsdd/"</pre>
            xmlns:java="http://xml.apache.org/axis/wsdd/providers/java">
<transport name="http"
 pivot="java:org.apache.axis.transport.http.HTTPSender"/>
 <globalConfiguration >
<!-- wss10_saml_token_with_message_protection -->
   <requestFlow>
     <handler type="java:org.apache.ws.axis.security.WSDoAllSender" >
       <parameter name="passwordCallbackClass"</pre>
        value="com.oracle.xmlns.ConfigOverride_jws.CO_SOA.BPELProcess1.PWCallback"/>
        <parameter name="passwordType" value="PasswordText"/>
        <parameter name="user" value="weblogic"/>
        <parameter name="action" value="Timestamp Signature SAMLTokenSigned Encrypt"/>
       <parameter name="samlPropFile" value="saml.properties"/>
       <parameter name="encryptionKeyTransportAlgorithm"</pre>
        value="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#rsa-oaep-mgf1p"/>
       <parameter name="encryptionKeyIdentifier" value="DirectReference" />
       <parameter name="encryptionPropFile" value="crypto.properties" />
       <parameter name="encryptionUser" value="orakey" />
       <parameter name="encryptionParts"</pre>
        value="{Content}{http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/}Body" />
        <parameter name="signatureUser" value="orakey" />
        <parameter name="signaturePropFile" value="crypto.properties" />
        <parameter name="signatureKeyIdentifier" value="DirectReference" />
```

```
<parameter name="signatureParts" value="{Element}</pre>
          {http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd}
          Timestamp;{Element}
          {http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/}Body" />
      </handler>
    </reguestFlow>
    <responseFlow>
      <handler type="java:org.apache.ws.axis.security.WSDoAllReceiver">
        <parameter name="passwordCallbackClass"</pre>
         value="com.oracle.xmlns.ConfigOverride_jws.CO_SOA.BPELProcess1.PWCallback" />
        <parameter name="action" value="Timestamp Signature Encrypt" />
        <parameter name="signaturePropFile" value="crypto.properties" />
        <parameter name="decryptionPropFile" value="crypto.properties" />
        <parameter name="enableSignatureConfirmation" value="false" />
    </handler>
  </responseFlow>
  </globalConfiguration >
</deployment>
```

8.4.2 Configuring an Axis and WSS4J Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an Axis and WSS4J web service and an OWSM 12*c* client to implement SAML token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.0 standard:

- Table 8–9, "Configuring the Axis and WSS4J Web Service"
- Table 8–10, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Client"

 Table 8–9
 Configuring the Axis and WSS4J Web Service

Task	Description
1	Build your web service.
2	Create the password callback class, PWCallback.java, keystore properties file, crypto.properties file, and saml.properties file as described in "Required Files for Interoperability With Axis and WSS4J" on page 8-2.
3	Include the keystore file (for example, default-keystore.jks) and crypto.properties file directly under the classes folder.
	Ensure that you are using keystore with v3 certificates. By default, the JDK 1.5 keytool generates keystores with v1 certificates.
4	Edit the deployment descriptor, server_deploy.wsdd, as shown in Example 8–4.
	In the example, the receiver decrypts, verifies, and validates the SAML token; the sender inserts a SAML token, timestamp, signs the body, SAML token, and timestamp, and encrypts the body. As shown in the example, the encryption key transport is overridden to match the OWSM default requirements.
	Note: WSS4J enforces an order to the elements in the header. Ensure action ordering is updated in server_deploy.wsdd as shown in Example 8–4.

5 Deploy the web service.

Example 8–4 server_deploy.wsdd Deployment Descriptor

```
<ns1:service name="HelloWorld" provider="java:RPC" style="wrapped" use="literal">
<!-- wss10_username_token_with_message_protection -->
<requestFlow>
<handler type="java:org.apache.ws.axis.security.WSDoAllReceiver">
<parameter name="passwordCallbackClass" value="PWCallback1"/>
<parameter name="user" value="wss4j"/>
<parameter name="user" value="Signature SAMLTokenUnsigned Timestamp Encrypt"/>
```
```
<parameter name="signaturePropFile" value="crypto.properties" />
      <parameter name="decryptionPropFile" value="crypto.properties" />
   </handler>
</requestFlow>
<responseFlow>
   <handler type="java:org.apache.ws.axis.security.WSDoAllSender" >
       <parameter name="passwordCallbackClass" value="PWCallback1"/>
       <parameter name="user" value="orakey"/>
       <parameter name="action" value="Timestamp Signature Encrypt"/>
       <parameter name="encryptionKeyTransportAlgorithm"</pre>
         value="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#rsa-oaep-mgf1p"/>
       <parameter name="signaturePropFile" value="crypto.properties" />
       <parameter name="signatureKeyIdentifier" value="DirectReference" />
       <parameter name="signatureParts"</pre>
value="{Element}{http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/}Body;{Element}
{http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd}Timestamp" />
       <parameter name="encryptionKeyIdentifier" value="DirectReference" />
  </handler>
</responseFlow>
</nsl:service>
```

Table 8–10	Configuring	the	OWSM	12c	Client
------------	-------------	-----	-------------	-----	--------

Task	Description	More Information		
1	Attach the following policy to the web service: oracle/wss10_saml_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager		
2	For JSE clients only, configure the web service client properties, as follows:			
	Note: This step is not required for Java EE clients.			
	<pre>myPort.setProperty(ClientConstants.WSS_ KEYSTORE_TYPE, "JKS"); myPort.setProperty(ClientConstants.WSS_ KEYSTORE_LOCATION,</pre>			
	Where setProperty is defined as follows:			
	<pre>public void setProperty(String name, String value) { ((Stub) _port)setProperty(name, value); }</pre>			

3 Deploy the web service client.

8.5 Username Token Over SSL

This section describes how to implement username token over SSL, in the following interoperability scenarios:

--

Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an Axis and WSS4J Client

Configuring an Axis and WSS4J Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

8.5.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an Axis and WSS4J Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*g* web service and an Axis and WSS4J client to implement username token over SSL:

- Table 8–11, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 8–12, "Configuring the Axis and WSS4J Client"

Table 8–11 Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the server for SSL.	"Configuring Transport-Level Security (SSL)" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
2	Attach the following policy to the web service: oracle/wss_username_token_over_ssl_service_ policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
3	Deploy the web service.	-

Table 8–12 Configuring the Axis and WSS4J Client

Task	Description
1	Build your web service client proxy.
2	Create the password callback class, PWCallback.java, and keystore properties file, crypto.properties, as described in "Required Files for Interoperability With Axis and WSS4J" on page 8-2.
3	Edit the deployment descriptor, client_deploy.wsdd, similar the example below. In the example, the receiver validates the username token and timestamp; the sender inserts a timestamp.
	<pre><deployment <="" td="" xmlns="http://xml.apache.org/axis/wsdd/"></deployment></pre>

4 Set the following property within the client code to use the deployment descriptor defined in the previous step.

System.setProperty("axis.ClientConfigFile", "client_deploy.wsdd");

5 Deploy the web service client.

8.5.2 Configuring an Axis and WSS4J Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an Axis and WSS4J web service and an OWSM 12*c* client to implement username token over SSL:

- Table 8–13, "Configuring the Axis and WSS4J Web Service"
- Table 8–14, "Configuring OWSM 12c Client"

Table 8–13 Configuring the Axis and WSS4J Web Service

Task	Description
1	Configure the server for SSL.
2	Build your web service.
3	Create the password callback class, PWCallback.java, and crypto.properties file, as described in "Required Files for Interoperability With Axis and WSS4J" on page 8-2.
4	Edit the deployment descriptor, server_deploy.wsdd, similar to the example below. In the example, the receiver validates the username token and the timestamp; the sender inserts a timestamp.
	<pre><ns1:service name="HelloWorld" provider="java:RPC" style="wrapped" use="literal"> <!-- wss_username_token_over_ssl--> <requestflow> <handler type="java:org.apache.ws.axis.security.WSDoAllReceiver"> <parameter name="passwordCallbackClass" value="PWCallback1"></parameter> <parameter name="action" value="Timestamp UsernameToken"></parameter> </handler> </requestflow> <responseflow> <handler type="java:org.apache.ws.axis.security.WSDoAllSender"></handler></responseflow></ns1:service></pre>
	<pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre>/> </pre> /> /> /> />

⁵ Deploy the web service.

Table 8–14 Configuring OWSM 12c Client

Task	Description	More Information
1	Attach the following policy to the web service client: wss_username_token_over_ssl_client_ policy.	"Attaching Policies" in <i>Securing Web Services and</i> Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
2	For JSE clients only, configure the web service client properties, as shown below. The username and password must be set by the client for generating the username token.	
	Note: This step is not required for Java EE clients.	
	<pre>myPort.setUsername("wss4j"); myPort.setPassword("security"););</pre>	
3	Deploy the web service client.	
	When running the client, include the following client system property, where <i>default-keystore.jks</i> specifies the keystore that contains the certificate corresponding to the server certificate.	
	-Djavax.net.ssl.trustStore= <i>default-keystore.</i> jks	

8.6 SAML Token (Sender Vouches) Over SSL

This section describes how to implement SAML token (sender vouches) over SSL, in the following interoperability scenarios:

- Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and an Axis and WSS4J Client
- Configuring an Axis and WSS4J Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

8.6.1 Configuring an OWSM 12*c* Web Service and an Axis and WSS4J Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and an Axis and WSS4J client to implement SAML token (sender vouches) over SSL:

- Table 8–11, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 8–12, "Configuring the Axis and WSS4J Client"

	Table 8–15	Configuring	the OWSM	12c	Web	Service
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Task	Description	More Information
1	Configure the server for SSL.	"Configuring Transport-Level Security (SSL)" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
2	Attach the following policy to the web service: wss_ saml_token_over_ssl_service_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
3	Deploy the web service.	

Task	Description
1	Build your web service client proxy.
2	Create the password callback class, PWCallback.java; keystore properties file, crypto.properties; and SAML properties file, saml.properties, as described in "Required Files for Interoperability With Axis and WSS4J" on page 8-2.
3	Edit the deployment descriptor, client_deploy.wsdd, similar the example below. In the example, the receiver validates the SAML token and timestamp; the sender inserts a timestamp.
	<pre><deployment <="" td="" xmlns="http://xml.apache.org/axis/wsdd/"></deployment></pre>

Table 8–16 Configuring the Axis and WSS4J Client

4 Set the following property within the client code to use the deployment descriptor defined in the previous step.

System.setProperty("axis.ClientConfigFile", "client_deploy.wsdd");

5 Deploy the web service client.

8.6.2 Configuring an Axis and WSS4J Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an Axis and WSS4J web service and an OWSM 12*c* client to implement SAML token (sender vouches) over SSL:

- Table 8–17, "Configuring the Axis and WSS4J Web Service"
- Table 8–18, "Configuring the OWSM 12c Client"

 Table 8–17
 Configuring the Axis and WSS4J Web Service

Task	Description
1	Configure the server for SSL.
2	Build your web service.

Task	Description
3	Create the password callback class, PWCallback.java, and crypto.properties file, as described in "Required Files for Interoperability With Axis and WSS4J" on page 8-2.
4	Edit the deployment descriptor, server_deploy.wsdd, similar to the example below.
	In the example, the receiver validates the SAML token and the timestamp; the sender inserts a timestamp.
	<ns1:service <br="" name="HelloWorld" provider="java:RPC" style="wrapped">use="literal"></ns1:service>
	wss_saml_token_over_ssl
	<requestflow></requestflow>
	<pre><handler type="java:org.apache.ws.axis.security.WSDoAllReceiver"></handler></pre>
	<parameter name="passwordCallbackClass" value="PWCallback1"></parameter>
	<parameter name="action" value="Timestamp SAMLTokenUnsigned"></parameter>
	<responseflow></responseflow>
	<pre><handler type="java:org.apache.ws.axis.security.WSDoAllSender"> <pre> <pre> <pre></pre></pre></pre></handler></pre>

```
5 Deploy the web service.
```

Table 8–18	Configuring the	e OWSM 12c Client
------------	-----------------	-------------------

Task	Description	More Information
1	Attach the following policy to the web service client: wss_saml_token_over_ssl_client_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager
2	For JSE clients, configure the web service client properties, as shown below. The username must be set by the client for generating the SAML assertion.	
	<pre>myPort.setUsername("wss4j");</pre>	
	Note: This step is not required for Java EE clients.	
3	Deploy the web service client.	
	When running the client, include the following client system property, where <i>default-keystore.jks</i> specifies the keystore that contains the certificate corresponding to the server certificate.	
	-Djavax.net.ssl.trustStore=default-keystore. jks	

Interoperability with Oracle GlassFish Server Release 3.0.1

This chapter describes interoperability of Oracle Web Services Manager (OWSM) with Oracle Glassfish Server Release 3.0.1.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Overview of Interoperability With Oracle GlassFish Security Environments
- Username Token with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)
- SAML Token (Sender Vouches) with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)

9.1 Overview of Interoperability With Oracle GlassFish Security Environments

Oracle GlassFish Server Release 3.0.1 is an open source application server for the Java EE platform. Metro is an open-source web service stack that is a part of Oracle GlassFish Server.

With OWSM 12*c*, you attach *policies* to web service endpoints. Each policy consists of one or more *assertions*, defined at the domain-level, that define the security requirements. A set of predefined policies and assertions are provided out-of-the-box.

For more information about:

- OWSM predefined policies, see "Predefined Policies" in *Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.*
- Configuring and attaching OWSM 12c policies, see "Securing Web Services" and "Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager.
- Configuring Oracle GlassFish, see http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E18930_01/index.html.
- Configuring Metro web services, see http://metro.java.net/guide/

Table 9–1 and Table 9–2 summarize the most common GlassFish Server interoperability scenarios based on the following security requirements: authentication, message protection, and transport.

Identity Token	WS-Security Version	Message Protection	Transport Security	Service Policy	Client Policy
SAML	1.1	Yes	No	oracle/wss11_saml_ token_with_message_ protection_service_ policy	See "Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a GlassFish Client" on page 9-6

 Table 9–1
 OWSM 11g Service Policy and GlassFish Client Interoperability

Table 9–2 GlassFish Service and OWSM 11g Client Policy Interoperability

Identity Token	WS-Security Version	Message Protection	Transport Security	Service Policy	Client Policy
SAML	1.1	Yes	No	See "Configuring a GlassFish Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client" on page 9-8	oracle/wss11_saml_ token_with_message_ protection_client_ policy

9.2 Username Token with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)

This section describes how to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard, in the following interoperability scenarios:

- Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a GlassFish Client
- Configuring a GlassFish Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

9.2.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a GlassFish Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and a GlassFish client to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard:

- Table 9–3, "Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability"
- Table 9–4, "Configuring OWSM 12c Web Service"
- Table 9–4, "Configuring OWSM 12c Web Service"

Table 9–3 Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a default-keystore.jks file with the following command:	
	<pre>\$JAVA_HOME/bin/keytool -genkeypair -alias orakey -keypass welcome -keyalg RSA -dname "CN=orakey, O=oracle C=us" -keystore default-keystore.jks -storepass welcome</pre>	
2	Copy default-keystore.jks to the domain's	

fmwconfig directory.

Task	Description	More Information
3	Create a file user in GlassFish with the following command:	http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E18930_ 01/html/821-2433/create-file-user-1.html
	<pre>\$<glassfishv3_home>/glassfish/bin/asadmin create-file-user</glassfishv3_home></pre>	
4	Import orakey from default-keystore.jks into GlassFish keystore and truststore. These are located in the directory <domain-dir>/config</domain-dir>	
	<pre>\$JAVA_HOME/bin/keytool -importkeystore -srckeystore <path-to>/default-keystore.jks -destkeystore <path-to-gf-domain>/config/cacerts.jks -srcalias orakey -destalias orakey -srckeypass welcome -destkeypass changeit</path-to-gf-domain></path-to></pre>	
5	Copy jps-config.xml and default-keystore.jks from the domain's fmwconfig directory into a local folder.	

Table 9–3 (Cont.) Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability

Table 9–4 Configuring OWSM 12c Web Service

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a Web service.	
2	Attach the following policy to the Web service: oracle/wss11_username_token_with_message_ protection_service_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Table 9–5 Configuring GlassFish/Metro Client

Task	Description	More Information
1	Using NetBeans, create a Metro client by selecting New Project > Java > Java Application . Provide a project name and location and select Finish.	
2	Right-click on the project. Select New > Web service Client . Follow the wizard and provide WSDL URL for service deployed in WebLogic.	
3	Select Edit Web Services Attributes.	
4	Check Use Development Defaults to include Metro libraries into the project.	

Task	De	scription	More Information
5	Un use	check Use Development Defaults . Provide ername subject and password.	
6	For	a Metro SE client:	
	1.	Edit the truststore configuration. Select the same default-keystore.jks created in Table 9–3, " Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability".	
	2.	Drag and drop the Web service operation into main class, main method.	
	3.	Right click on the project and choose run to execute the project.	
7	For	a Metro Java EE client:	
	1.	Drag and drop the Web service operation into EJB or Servlet to invoke.	
	2.	Deploy the application into GlassFish and invoke the Web service.	

Table 9–5 (Cont.) Configuring GlassFish/Metro Client

9.2.2 Configuring a GlassFish Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure a GlassFish web service and an OWSM 12*c* client to implement username token with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard:

- Table 9–6, "Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability"
- Table 9–7, "Configuring the GlassFish/Metro Web Service"
- Table 9–8, "Configuring the OWSM 11g Client"

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a default-keystore.jks file with the following command:	
	<pre>\$JAVA_HOME/bin/keytool -genkeypair -allas orakey -keypass welcome -keyalg RSA -dname "CN=orakey, 0=oracle C=us" -keystore default-keystore.jks -storepass welcome</pre>	
2	Copy default-keystore.jks to the domain's fmwconfig directory.	
3	Save the credentials in credential store using WLST commands. For example:	
	<pre>\$<oracle_home>/common/bin/wlst.sh > connect() > createCred(map="oracle.wsm.security", key="keystore-csf-key", user="keystore", password="welcome") > createCred(map="oracle.wsm.security", key="sign-csf-key", user="orakey", password="welcome") > createCred(map="oracle.wsm.security", key="enc-csf-key", user="orakey", password="welcome") > createCred(map="oracle.wsm.security", key="glassfish.credentials", user="wlsUser", password="welcome1", description="Glassfish user credentials"); A file cwallet.sso is created in the directory</oracle_home></pre>	
4	Create a file user in GlassFish with the following command: \$ <glassfishv3_home>/glassfish/bin/asadmin create-file-user</glassfishv3_home>	http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E18930_ 01/html/821-2433/create-file-user-1.html
5	<pre>Import orakey from default-keystore.jks into GlassFish keystore and truststore. These are located in the directory <domain-dir>/config \$JAVA_HOME/bin/keytool -importkeystore -srckeystore <path-to>/default-keystore.jks -destkeystore <path-to-gf-domain>/config/keystore.jks -srcalias orakey -destalias orakey -srckeypass welcome -destkeypass changeit</path-to-gf-domain></path-to></domain-dir></pre>	
6	Copy cwallet.sso, jps-config.xml and default-keystore.jks from the domain's fmwconfig directory into a local folder.	

 Table 9–6
 Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a Metro Web service.	http://metro.java.net/guide/ch02.html#using_ metro-developing_with_nb
2	Configure the appropriate security mechanism.	http://metro.java.net/guide/ch12.html#ahicu

Table 9–7 Configuring the GlassFish/Metro Web Service

Table 9–8 Configuring the OWSM 11g Client

Task	Description	More Information
1	Using JDeveloper, create a Web service proxy for the GlassFish service. Select the policy oracle/wss11_username_token_with_message_ protection_client_policy in the wizard.	
2	Set the csf-key to glassfish.credentials in the Override Properties option for the Web service proxy.	
3	In the Web service proxy main class, set the system property of oracle.security.jps.config to jps-config.xml from Step 6 of Table 9–6, "Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability".	

Note: If you are using:

- Oracle Service Bus business service, set the property overrides to glassfish.credentials in the Security page. For more information, see "Policy Overrides" in Oracle Fusion Middleware Developer's Guide for Oracle Service Bus at http://docs.oracle.com/html/E15866_01/owsm.htm.
- SOA Web service reference, set the property overrides to glassfish.credentials in the Security page. For more information, see Section 46.2.2 "How to Override Policy Configuration Property Values" in Developer's Guide for SOA Suite at http://docs.oracle.com/middleware/1213/soasuite/develop-s oa/soa-security-policies-jdev.htm#SOASE85427.

9.3 SAML Token (Sender Vouches) with Message Protection (WS-Security 1.1)

This section tells how to implement SAML token (sender vouches) with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard, in the following interoperability scenarios:

- "Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a GlassFish Client" on page 9-6
- "Configuring a GlassFish Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client" on page 9-8

9.3.1 Configuring an OWSM 12c Web Service and a GlassFish Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an OWSM 12*c* web service and a GlassFish client to implement SAML token (sender vouches) with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard:

Table 9–9, "Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability"

- Table 9–10, " Configuring the OWSM 11g Web Service"
- Table 9–11, "Configuring the GlassFish/Metro Client"

Table 9–9	Configuration	Prerequisites	for l	Interoperability	V
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Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a default-keystore.jks file with the following command:	
	\$JAVA_HOME/bin/keytool -genkeypair -alias orakey -keypass welcome -keyalg RSA -dname "CN=orakey, O=oracle C=us" -keystore default-keystore.jks -storepass welcome	
2	Copy default-keystore.jks to the domain's fmwconfig directory.	
3	Create a file user in GlassFish with the following command:	http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E18930_ 01/html/821-2433/create-file-user-1.html
	<pre>\$<glassfishv3_home>/glassfish/bin/asadmin create-file-user</glassfishv3_home></pre>	
4	Add the user.	"Create users" in Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help
5	Import orakey from default-keystore.jks into GlassFish keystore and truststore. These are located in the directory <domain-dir>/config</domain-dir>	
	<pre>\$JAVA_HOME/bin/keytool -importkeystore -srckeystore <path-to>/default-keystore.jks -destkeystore <path-to-gf-domain>/config/cacerts.jks -srcalias orakey -destalias orakey -srckeypass welcome -destkeypass changeit</path-to-gf-domain></path-to></pre>	
6	Copy jps-config.xml and default-keystore.jks from the domain's fmwconfig directory into a local folder.	

	Table 9–10	Configuring	the OWSM	11g Wel	b Service
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Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a web service.	
2	Attach the following policy to the web service: oracle/wss11_saml_token_with_message_ protection_service_policy.	"Attaching Policies" in Securing Web Services and Managing Policies with Oracle Web Services Manager

Task	De	scription	More Information
1	Using NetBeans, create a Metro client by selecting New Project > Java > Java Application . Provide a project name and location. Select the server to deploy and select Finish .		
2	Right-click the project. Select New > Web Service Client . Follow the wizard and provide WSDL URL for service deployed in WebLogic.		
3	Cre wit by	eate a SAML CallbackHandler that can be used th WSIT SAML Security Mechanisms supported NetBeans.	
	1.	Place the file in the source folder of the project.	
	2.	Ensure issuer variable value is the same as in the jps-config.xml file created in Step 5 of Table 9–9, " Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability".	
	3.	Set the urn reference to urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.1:nameid-forma t:unspecified.	
	4.	Set the user created in Step 3 and Step 4 of Table 9–12, "Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability". For example, to set the user to wlsuser, modify the file as follows: CN=wlsuser, OU=SU, O=wlsuser, L=Los Angeles, ST=CA, C=US	
4	To configure the JVM, log on to the GlassFish Administration Console.		Oracle GlassFish Server 3.1 Administration Guide at: http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E18930_
	1.	In the left pane, expand Configuration and click JVM Setting .	01/html/821-2416/gepzd.html
	2.	In the right pane, click JVM Option tab.	
	3.	Click Add JVM Option . A new text field is displayed. Enter -DWSIT_ HOME=\${com.sun.aas.installRoot}.	
	4.	Click Enterprise Server in left pane.	
	5.	Click Restart in the right pane to restart the server.	
5	Exj Ne Ed	pand Web Services Reference node. Using tBeans, right click Service Reference and select it Web Services Attributes .	
6	For SAML Callback Handler option, click Browse and select the file from Step 3.		
7	Set the alias in Keystore and Truststore.		
8	Op Sei Op	pen index.jsp file. Right click and select Web rvice Client Reference. Select Operation in Select peration to Invoke dialog box and click ok.	
9	Ru	n the project.	
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 Table 9–11
 Configuring the GlassFish/Metro Client

9.3.2 Configuring a GlassFish Web Service and an OWSM 12c Client

The following instructions tell how to configure an GlassFish web service and a OWSM 12*c* client to implement SAML token (sender vouches) with message protection that conforms to the WS-Security 1.1 standard:

- Table 9–12, "Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability"
- Table 9–13, "Configuring GlassFish/Metro Web Service"
- Table 9–14, "Configuring OWSM 11g Client"

 Table 9–12
 Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a default-keystore.jks file with the following command:	
	<pre>\$JAVA_HOME/bin/keytool -genkeypair -alias orakey -keypass welcome -keyalg RSA -dname "CN=orakey, O=oracle C=us" -keystore default-keystore.jks -storepass welcome</pre>	
2	Copy default-keystore.jks to the domain's fmwconfig directory.	
3	Save the credentials in credential store using WLST commands. For example:	
	<pre>\$<oracle_home>/common/bin/wlst.sh > connect() > createCred(map="oracle.wsm.security", key="keystore-csf-key", user="keystore", password="welcome") > createCred(map="oracle.wsm.security", key="sign-csf-key", user="orakey", password="welcome") > createCred(map="oracle.wsm.security", key="enc-csf-key", user="orakey", password="welcome") > createCred(map="oracle.wsm.security", key="glassfish.credentials", user="wlsUser", password="welcome1", description="Glassfish user credentials");</oracle_home></pre>	
	A file cwallet.sso is created in the directory DOMAIN_HOME/config/fmwconfig	

Task	Description	More Information
4	Create a file user in GlassFish with the following command:	http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E18930_ 01/html/821-2433/create-file-user-1.html
	\$ <glassfishv3_home>/glassfish/bin/asadmin create-file-user</glassfishv3_home>	
5	Import orakey from default-keystore.jks into GlassFish keystore and truststore. These are located in the directory <domain-dir>/config</domain-dir>	
	<pre>\$JAVA_HOME/bin/keytool -importkeystore -srckeystore <path-to>/default-keystore.jks -destkeystore <path-to-gf-domain>/config/keystore.jks -srcalias orakey -destalias orakey -srckeypass welcome -destkeypass changeit</path-to-gf-domain></path-to></pre>	
6	Copy cwallet.sso, jps-config.xml and default-keystore.jks from the domain's fmwconfig directory into a local folder.	

Table 9–12 (Cont.) Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability

Table 9–13 Configuring GlassFish/Metro Web Service

Task	Description	More Information
1	Create a Metro web service.	http://metro.java.net/guide/ch02.html#using_ metro-developing_with_nb
2	Configure the appropriate security mechanism	http://metro.java.net/guide/ch12.html#ahicu

Table 9–14 Configuring OWSM 11g Client

Task	Description	More Information
1	Using JDeveloper, create a web service proxy for the GlassFish service. Select the policy oracle/wss11_ saml_token_with_message_protection_client_ policy in the wizard.	"Developing and Securing Web Services" in <i>Developing Applications with Oracle JDeveloper</i> .
2	Set the path to jps-config.xml created in Step 6 of Table 9–12, " Configuration Prerequisites for Interoperability".	
3	<pre>Set the USERNAME_PROPERTY as follows: ((BindingProvider) sAMLTokenEchoService).getRequestContext().pu t(BindingProvider.USERNAME_PROPERTY, "wlsUser");</pre>	
4	Invoke the web service.	