



Siebel Database Upgrade Guide for DB2 for z/OS

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What's New in This Release

What's New in Siebel Database Upgrade Guide for DB2 for z/OS, Version 8.1, Rev. A

Table 1 lists the changes in this version of the documentation to support this release of the software.

Table 1. What's New in Siebel Database Upgrade Guide for DB2 for z/OS, Version 8.1, Rev. A

Topic	Description
"Prepare for Repository Merge" on page 51	Modified topic. Perform the task Migrating Siebel Repository Objects to the Standard User Interface after performing the task Upgrade Siebel Database Schema (upgrep).
"Upgrade Custom Database Schema (upgphys)" on page 52 "Upgrade the Siebel Database Schema (upgrep + upgphys)" on page 59 "Upgrade the Siebel Database Schema (upgrep + upgphys)" on page 66	Modified topics. When you run the Database Configuration Wizard to extract the storage control file from the target database, you must assign the name storage_postupg.ctl to the extracted storage control file.
"Considering Code Page Support" on page 74	Modified topic. To enable euro symbol support on the z/OS host computer, set the DB2CONNECT_ENABLE_EURO_CODEPAGE environment variable to YES.
"About Applying the DSNTIAUL Patch" on page 77	Modified topic. The DSNTIAUL patch, @@TIAUL USERMOD, has been revised.
"Upgrading Your DB2 Software" on page 82	Modified topic. The current release of Siebel Business Applications supports IBM DB2 Version 10 for z/OS, IBM DB2 Version 9 for z/OS, and IBM DB2 UDB for z/OS Version 8. To upgrade to Siebel CRM 8.1, however, you must use IBM DB2 UDB for z/OS Version 8. You can migrate to later DB2 versions after the upgrade process is completed.
"Updating Group Names" on page 84	Modified topic. You must update table space group names when upgrading to the current release from any previous Siebel CRM release.

Table 1. What's New in Siebel Database Upgrade Guide for DB2 for z/OS, Version 8.1, Rev. A

Topic	Description
"Information Required for the Database Configuration Wizard Extract Option" on page 89	Modified topics. The database name prefix can be a maximum of four characters in length and must be the same for all database objects in the Siebel CRM schema.
"Siebel Development Environment Information" on page 216	
"Siebel Production Environment Information" on page 217	
"About Running the Database Configuration Wizard Under UNIX" on page 114	Modified topic. Before running the Database Configuration Wizard in a UNIX operating system environment, you must prepare the environment by running the CreateDbSrvrEnvScript script.
"Creating and Deploying Stored Procedures on the Target Database" on page 180	Modified topic. The step in the procedure describing how to bind the stored procedure packages, Step 8 on page 180 , must be run for all upgrade paths. To execute the stored procedures against the target database, run the JCL in either <i>DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(SPVHOR)</i> or <i>DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(SPVSIA)</i> .
"Running the Gen_Primary SQL to Update Data in Target Database Tables" on page 185	Modified topic. If you are upgrading to Siebel Industry Applications version 8.1 from Siebel Industry Applications version 8.0, you do not have to run the Gen_Primary jobs.

What's New in Siebel Database Upgrade Guide for DB2 for z/OS, Version 8.1

Table 2 lists changes described in this version of the documentation to support this release of the software.

Table 2. New Product Features in Siebel Database Upgrade Guide for DB2 for z/OS, Version 8.1

Topic	Description
Migrating Siebel 6.2.1 Customizations	Deleted this chapter because direct upgrades from Siebel CRM 6.2.1 to Siebel CRM 8.1 are not supported.
"About Terms Used in Siebel Database Upgrade Topics" on page 14	Modified topic. In this version of the guide, Release 7.x refers to all versions of Siebel CRM 7 from which you can upgrade directly to Siebel CRM 8.1; that is, versions 7.5.3, 7.7, or 7.8.2 only.
"About Supported Siebel Upgrade Paths" on page 17	Modified topic. Only upgrades from 7.5.3 and later to 8.1 are described in this version of the guide.

Table 2. New Product Features in Siebel Database Upgrade Guide for DB2 for z/OS, Version 8.1

Topic	Description
"About Siebel Additive Schema Upgrade Changes" on page 22	Modified topic. When an index is created during the additive schema upgrade process, and if the associated table contains data, the index must be defined with the DEFER YES parameter. This parameter ensures that the table is not locked while the index is being populated.
"About the Siebel Database Upgrade Process" on page 24	Modified topic. To upgrade to Siebel CRM version 8.1, you must run the Database Configuration Wizard in Prepare for Production Upgrade mode for upgrades from version 7.5.3 only.
"Roadmap for Upgrading from Siebel 6.x, 7.0.x, and 7.5.2" on page 45	New topic describing how to upgrade to Siebel CRM version 8.1 from Siebel CRM releases earlier than 7.5.3.
"Upgrade Third-Party Software" on page 48	Modified topic. References to the Actuate Reports Server have been removed from this guide. Actuate products are not supported in the current release of Siebel Business Applications.
"Process of Upgrading a Siebel Development Environment" on page 48	Modified topic. Recommendations for when to run the RUNSTATS and the REORG utilities during the upgrade process have changed.
"Upgrade Custom Database Schema (upgphys)" on page 52	Modified topic. It is recommended that you issue an SQL DROP command to remove the Enterprise Integration Manager (EIM) tables from the database before synchronizing the Siebel logical and physical schemas.
"About Applying the DSNTIAUL Patch" on page 77	Modified topic. This topic now describes the DSNTIAUL patch, @@TIAUL USERMOD.
"Updating Group Names" on page 84	New topic. For development environment upgrades from Siebel CRM version 7.5.3, you must update table space group names before you prepare the storage control file used in the upgrade.
"Creating the Staging Database Schema DDL Files" on page 125	Modified topic. It is recommended that the DB2 subsystem name you specify for the staging or target database is the same as the ODBC Data Source Name (DSN) you specify for the database.
"Customizing the JCL UNIT Parameter Value" on page 127	New topic describing how to amend the UNI T=SYSDA parameter for the Job Control Language (JCL) generated for the Siebel CRM upgrade.
"Applying the Additive Changes in One Job" on page 172	Modified topic. To improve performance when additive changes are applied to the target database in one job, index creation jobs use the DEFINE YES, DEFER YES syntax. After applying the additive changes, you can rebuild the indexes.

Table 2. New Product Features in Siebel Database Upgrade Guide for DB2 for z/OS, Version 8.1

Topic	Description
"Renaming the Production Environment Repository" on page 173	Modified topic. To prevent a naming conflict, rename your existing production repository just before you take your production database offline to run the target database upgrade.
"Creating and Rebuilding Obsolete Indexes" on page 179	Modified topic. If you choose to rebuild obsolete indexes, it is recommended that you do so after you have completed the target database upgrade process.
"Deleting Redundant Upgrade Files" on page 194	Modified topic. This topic now includes information on how to delete stored procedures after the upgrade process is completed.
Appendix C, "Upgrade Files for Siebel Business Applications Version 8.1"	Modified this chapter to reflect changes in the upgrade files that are generated for Siebel CRM 8.1.

Additional Changes

- *Siebel Bookshelf* is available on Oracle Technology Network (OTN) and Oracle Software Delivery Cloud. It might also be installed locally on your intranet or on a network location.
- *Siebel System Requirements and Supported Platforms* is located on OTN.
- Other Siebel CRM documentation (Release Notes, Maintenance Release Guides, Technical Notes, Alerts, Troubleshooting Steps, FAQs, Error Messages) is located on My Oracle Support.

2 About Siebel Database Upgrade Topics

This chapter provides general information about the upgrade topics. It includes the following topics:

- [How to Use This Guide on page 13](#)
- [How the Upgrade Topics Are Organized on page 13](#)
- [About the Applicability of Siebel Database Upgrade Topics on page 14](#)
- [About Terms Used in Siebel Database Upgrade Topics on page 14](#)
- [About File Paths and Commands in Upgrade Topics on page 15](#)

How to Use This Guide

To perform an upgrade to Oracle's Siebel Business Applications Version 8.1 on the IBM DB2 for z/OS platform, you must use this guide and *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* on the *Siebel Bookshelf*.

NOTE: The Siebel Bookshelf is available on Oracle Technology Network (<http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/indexes/documentation/index.html>) and Oracle Software Delivery Cloud. It might also be installed locally on your intranet or on a network location.

This guide describes the upgrade process on a z/OS platform and provides information on tasks that are specific to this platform. To complete your upgrade, however, you must also perform certain tasks outlined in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide*.

This guide directs you to *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* at the relevant points during the upgrade process. Topics in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that apply when performing an upgrade of Siebel Business Applications on z/OS contain a Platforms statement similar to the following:

Platforms: Microsoft Windows, UNIX, IBM z/OS.

How the Upgrade Topics Are Organized

Use the roadmaps and process topics in Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade," to guide you through the upgrade process. These topics provide a checklist of all the steps required to complete a particular type of upgrade, in the order in which you must perform them. Each step includes a link to a topic that explains how to complete the step.

The remaining chapters of the guide are organized according to the major phases of the upgrade. Each chapter includes the specific upgrade tasks you must perform for that portion of the upgrade as well as conceptual and process information relating to those tasks.

CAUTION: Topics in the chapters might not follow the order you perform them during the upgrade and, depending on your upgrade path, all topics might not apply. You must use the roadmap for your upgrade to determine the required and optional steps and their sequence. If you do not, you are likely to experience difficulties in completing your upgrade.

About the Applicability of Siebel Database Upgrade Topics

The upgrade path and environment to which a topic applies is listed at the beginning of each topic. [Table 3](#) lists the applicability categories and their meaning. For each topic, only the relevant categories are listed.

Table 3. Topic Applicability Categories

Applicability Category	Meaning
Upgrades	<p>Lists the upgrades to which the topic applies.</p> <p>For example, “Upgrades: 7.7” means the topic applies to upgrades from 7.7 only. The topic does <i>not</i> apply to upgrades from 7.8.x or later.</p>
Environments	<p>Lists the Siebel environments to which the topic applies.</p> <p>For example, “Environments: Development environment only” means the topic applies only to a development environment upgrade.</p> <p>For more information on Siebel environments, see “About Siebel Upgrade Environments” on page 19.</p>

About Terms Used in Siebel Database Upgrade Topics

This guide follows several naming conventions:

- *DB2* or *DB2 for z/OS* refers to IBM DB2 UDB for z/OS.
- Current release means the currently shipping release of the Siebel Business Applications provided by Oracle.
- Siebel CRM Release 7.x refers collectively to all versions of Siebel CRM Release 7 from which you can upgrade directly to Siebel CRM version 8.1, that is, from Siebel CRM versions 7.5.3, 7.7, or 7.8.2. See the Upgrade topic in *Siebel System Requirements and Supported Platforms* on Oracle Technology Network for specific information on which release numbers are meant by Siebel CRM Release 7.x.

NOTE: Siebel CRM Release 7.x does not refer to versions of Siebel CRM earlier than version 7.5.3. You cannot upgrade directly from pre-7.5.3 versions of Siebel CRM to Siebel CRM version 8.1.
- The term Windows refers to all Microsoft Windows operating systems listed as supported for this release in *Siebel System Requirements and Supported Platforms* on Oracle Technology Network. Windows is a Siebel Enterprise Server software platform.

- The term UNIX refers to all forms of the UNIX operating system listed as supported for this release in *Siebel System Requirements and Supported Platforms* on Oracle Technology Network. UNIX is a Siebel Enterprise Server software platform.

NOTE: Linux is treated in this guide as a UNIX operating system. Specific supported Linux operating systems are listed in *Siebel System Requirements and Supported Platforms* on Oracle Technology Network.
- The term IBM z/OS refers to all the IBM mainframe operating systems, collectively referred to as z/OS, which are supported for this release as described in *Siebel System Requirements and Supported Platforms* on Oracle Technology Network. The z/OS operating system is a Siebel database software platform.

About File Paths and Commands in Upgrade Topics

Environment variables and path placeholders for both Windows and UNIX paths are used throughout this guide. You must enter UNIX commands in a Korn shell. Enter Windows commands in a Windows Command Prompt window.

Windows Paths

The following path conventions specify file system locations in topics:

- *SIEBEL_ROOT* is the absolute path to the Siebel Server installation directory. When you install a Siebel Server, the installation program queries for the Siebel CRM 8.1 installation path and installs the Siebel Server in a subdirectory of this path called *si ebsrvr*. For example, if you specified C:\sba81 as the installation directory (this is the default), then *SIEBEL_ROOT* is C:\sba81\si ebsrvr.
- *DBSRVR_ROOT* is the absolute path to the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities files installation directory on the Siebel Server. When you install the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities, the installation program queries for the Siebel Server installation directory and then installs the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities files at the same level in a subdirectory called *dbsrvr*. For example, if *SIEBEL_ROOT* is C:\sba81\si ebsrvr, then *DBSRVR_ROOT* is C:\sba81\dbsrvr.

UNIX Paths

The following environment variables and path conventions specify file system locations in the topics in this guide:

- \$SIEBEL_ROOT is an environment variable that defines the absolute path of the Siebel Server installation directory. When you install a Siebel Server, the installation program queries for the installation directory and installs the Siebel Server in a subdirectory of this path called \$SIEBEL_ROOT. For example, if you specified /usr/siebel as the installation directory, then \$SIEBEL_ROOT is /usr/siebel/\$SIEBEL_ROOT.

The definition of \$SIEBEL_ROOT and other environment variables required for doing an upgrade are located in /\$SIEBEL_ROOT/siebelenv.sh. The Siebel Server installation script sets environment variable definitions in this shell script. Do not edit or delete this file.

TIP: Before performing command line procedures, source siebelenv.csh or siebelenv.sh first. This refreshes the environment variables required to run commands.

- \$DBSRVR_ROOT is a path convention used in this guide. It is not an environment variable and is not defined in siebelenv.csh or siebelenv.sh.

\$DBSRVR_ROOT is the absolute path to the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities files on the Siebel Server. When you install the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities, the installation program queries for the Siebel Server installation directory and installs the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities files at the same level in a subdirectory called \$DBSRVR_ROOT. For example, if \$SIEBEL_ROOT is /usr/siebel, then \$DBSRVR_ROOT is /usr/siebel/\$DBSRVR_ROOT.

- Run UNIX scripts in a C or Korn shell.

Commands

Procedural steps that ask you to execute a command must be performed as follows, unless specified otherwise:

- **Windows.** Open a Command Prompt window and use the cd command to make the specified directory the current directory. Enter the command.

Do not use the Windows File Explorer to navigate to the directory and do not run the command by entering it in the Run window in the Start Menu.

- **UNIX.** In a shell window, make the specified directory the current directory, source the siebelenv script, then enter the command.

Use lowercase for all filenames, directory names, path names, parameters, flags, and command-line commands, unless you are instructed otherwise.

3

How the Siebel Database Upgrade Works

This chapter provides an overview of the upgrade process and upgrade environments, and describes the utility used to perform the upgrade. Also review the topics that are relevant to the z/OS upgrade in the chapters in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that provide an overview of the upgrade process and that describe how the Siebel database upgrade works. This chapter includes the following topics:

- [About Supported Siebel Upgrade Paths on page 17](#)
- [About Using Oracle's Application Expert Services on page 18](#)
- [About Unicode Support on page 19](#)
- [About Siebel Upgrade Environments on page 19](#)
- [About the z/OS Upgrade on page 21](#)
- [About the Staging Database on page 22](#)
- [About Siebel Additive Schema Upgrade Changes on page 22](#)
- [About the Siebel Database Upgrade Process on page 24](#)
- [About the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities and Database Configuration Wizard on page 30](#)
- [About the Siebel Upgrade Wizard and Driver Files on page 35](#)
- [Job Flow of a Production Database Upgrade on page 37](#)
- [About the Override File on page 42](#)

About Supported Siebel Upgrade Paths

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

Supported upgrade paths are described in *Siebel System Requirements and Supported Platforms* on Oracle Technology Network. This guide describes how to upgrade the following installations:

- A Siebel CRM 7.x installation to Siebel CRM 8.1
 - In this version of the guide, Release 7.x refers collectively to all versions of Siebel CRM Release 7 from which you can upgrade directly to Siebel CRM version 8.1, that is, versions 7.5.3 and higher. Release 7.x does not refer to versions of Siebel CRM Release 7 earlier than version 7.5.3. You cannot upgrade directly from Siebel CRM releases earlier than 7.5.3 to Siebel CRM version 8.1.
- A Siebel CRM 8.0 installation to Siebel CRM version 8.1.

NOTE: If you have migrated your Siebel CRM 8.0 z/OS database to Unicode format, you cannot upgrade to Siebel CRM 8.1. Unicode upgrades are not supported on the z/OS platform in Siebel CRM 8.1.

This guide does not cover the following specific upgrade paths or infrastructure changes. For help with these tasks, contact your Oracle sales representative for Oracle Advanced Customer Services to request assistance from Oracle's Application Expert Services:

- Direct upgrades to Siebel CRM version 8.1 from Siebel CRM versions earlier than 7.5.3 are not supported; you must first upgrade to Siebel CRM 7.7, or a later release.
 - Changing operating system type during an upgrade, for example changing from Windows to UNIX.
 - Changing database platform type during an upgrade, for example changing from Oracle 8i to IBM DB2.
 - Migrating to Unicode.
 - Migrating from Siebel Industry Solutions or Siebel Financial Services applications to Siebel Business Applications.
- If your enterprise uses SAP and you have implemented the Siebel Enterprise Application Integration (EAI) product, see *Siebel Connector for SAP R/3*.
- Upgrading from one base language to another. To achieve similar results, upgrade your existing base language and install the Siebel language pack for the desired language.

About Using Oracle's Application Expert Services

The Siebel CRM 8.1 upgrade process on DB2 for z/OS is designed to run in all standard Siebel implementations. It is built on the assumption that data exists in all Siebel tables and that all this data must be migrated.

In reality, your implementation has probably been customized to suit your business so, for example, you might not use all of the Siebel tables shipped or they might contain varying amounts of data. To accommodate this fact, the upgrade process is customizable, for example, you can eliminate upgrade jobs that run on empty tables, or you can choose to run unload jobs simultaneously.

Global Customer Support provides support for all standard z/OS upgrades but it does not support customized upgrades. If you require help with a standard upgrade, create a service request (SR) on My Oracle Support. You can log service requests by accessing My Oracle Support (Service Request tab), or by using your existing phone support numbers to contact Oracle Global Customer Support

Customizing the 8.1. upgrade scripts is a complex process and, for this reason, if you want to customize the upgrade scripts, you must contact your Oracle sales representative for Oracle Advanced Customer Services to request assistance from Oracle's Application Expert Services.

This guide describes a number of upgrade customization tasks that you can perform where the assistance of Oracle's Application Expert Services is *required*.

CAUTION: You must contact Oracle's Application Expert Services before performing tasks where such help is noted as a *requirement*. If you do not, you might invalidate your support agreement.

This guide also describes tasks where enlisting the help of Oracle's Application Expert Services is *recommended*. Failure to contact Oracle's Application Expert Services for help with these tasks does not have implications for continuing support.

Where a task requires the help of Oracle's Application Expert Services, this requirement is indicated in the relevant topic.

About Unicode Support

Previous releases of Siebel Business Applications supported ASCII- and EBCDIC-based coded character set IDs (CCSIDs) on DB2 for z/OS. Since Siebel CRM 8.0, Unicode is also supported on DB2 for z/OS version 8 and later releases. For a list of supported languages and code pages, see *Siebel System Requirements and Supported Platforms* on Oracle Technology Network.

You can migrate your Siebel database from an EBCDIC or ASCII code page to a Unicode encoding system but this process is not part of the standard Siebel CRM 8.1 upgrade procedure. A separate migration procedure for migrating to Unicode is performed on the DB2 host after you have upgraded to Siebel CRM 8.1. For information on migrating to Unicode, see *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*.

NOTE: If you have migrated your Siebel CRM 8.0 z/OS database to Unicode format, you cannot upgrade to Siebel CRM version 8.1. Unicode upgrades are not supported on the z/OS platform in Siebel CRM 8.1.

About Siebel Upgrade Environments

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

This guide describes how to upgrade three database environments:

- Development environment
- Production test environment
- Production environment

Detailed information on each database environment is provided in the remainder of this topic. For an overview of the steps involved in upgrading each database environment, see the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that provides an overview of the upgrade process.

Development Environment

The development environment is where developers use Siebel Tools to customize Siebel Business Applications. The development environment upgrade merges these customizations with the new Siebel release. The merged repository and schema definitions become inputs to the production upgrade.

A development environment contains the following elements:

- Siebel Server

- Web server and Siebel Web Server Extension
- Siebel Gateway Name Server
- Siebel Database Configuration Utilities installed on the same computer as the Siebel Server
- RDBMS server and Siebel database
- Siebel Tools installed on workstations running a supported Windows environment. This includes the local database running on developers' Mobile Web Clients.
- Siebel applications and test data required to verify the basic function of newly compiled SRF files.

Production Test Environment

The production test environment is where you test the upgraded release to validate its function and performance before deploying it to users. This is also where you tune the upgrade process to minimize the time required to perform your production upgrade.

By tuning the production upgrade scripts in a test environment, you can significantly reduce the time required to complete the production upgrade. For this reason, the production test environment database must contain the same data volume and topography as your production database.

This environment includes the following elements:

- Siebel Enterprise Server, including at least one Siebel Server and an RDBMS server and Siebel database
- Web server with a Siebel Web Server Extension installed
- Siebel Gateway Name Server
- Siebel Database Configuration Utilities installed on the same computer as the Siebel Server
- All the Siebel applications currently installed in your production environment
- A copy of the Siebel database installed in your production environment

You perform the following processes in the production test environment:

- Test the upgraded release to validate its function and performance before deploying it to users.
- Tune the upgrade process to minimize the time required to perform your production upgrade.

Tuning the upgrade scripts can significantly reduce the time required to complete the production upgrade.

Production Environment

The production environment is your live business environment, where your internal and external users interact with applications and generate actual business data. The production environment includes all your Siebel Enterprise Servers worldwide.

The upgrade process assumes all production environment databases are completely separate from the development environment and production test environment databases.

Oracle provides these tools to help you transition from production test to production:

- **Siebel Application Deployment Manager (ADM).** This application migrates administrative data such as lists of values (LOVs) from the production test environment to the production environment. For further information about ADM, see *Siebel Application Deployment Manager Guide*.
- **Siebel Anywhere.** This application builds distribution kits for remote users. For information about Siebel Anywhere, see *Siebel Anywhere Administration Guide*.

Mapping Your Environments

You might have more or fewer environments than those described above. [Table 4](#) gives recommendations for mapping your environments to the ones described in this guide.

Table 4. Mapping Your Environments to Siebel Upgrade Processes

Environment Description	Recommended Upgrade
The environment has the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ It is used primarily for development with Siebel Tools. ■ The Siebel database is a subset of your production database. ■ The environment is not used for technical support or training. Developers are usually installed as Mobile Web Clients. 	Development environment upgrade.
The environment has the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ It is intended for testing customizations before deploying them. ■ It is where you tune your upgrade SQL files to minimize production upgrade time. ■ There might be multiple upstream environments in addition to the production test environment. For example, these could include environments used by a product management group, technical support, and quality assurance. 	Production test environment upgrade.
The environment is used for live business transactions by both local and remote users.	Production environment upgrade.

About the z/OS Upgrade

Historically, Siebel production environment upgrades were primarily performed on the z/OS host (mainframe-centric) but you could choose to upgrade your development environment using either a mainframe-centric or midtier-centric process. Since Siebel CRM 8.0, only mainframe-centric development environment upgrades are supported for DB2 for z/OS. In a mainframe-centric upgrade, all upgrade DDL statements (CREATE, DROP, ALTER, and GRANT) and DML (INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE, and SELECT) are executed on the mainframe host.

You initiate a Siebel database upgrade on DB2 for z/OS from a midtier platform (Windows or UNIX) using the Siebel Upgrade Wizard, which automatically generates the DDL and DML files necessary for the upgrade. The Siebel Upgrade Wizard is also run from the midtier to import seed data and the upgraded repository.

You must manually transfer the DDL and the data migration DML files generated on the midtier platform by the Upgrade Wizard to the DB2 host where they are unpacked and applied; this process is guided on the mainframe using REXX execs and ISPF panels. This manual portion of the upgrade, which runs directly on the z/OS host, allows you to tailor the upgrade process to suit your hardware environment and to minimize downtime.

Each ISPF Upgrade panel has a bookmark label and message, indicating the last step completed or currently in progress. These bookmarks guide you through the upgrade process; you cannot rerun jobs that have completed successfully or run jobs out of sequence.

About the Staging Database

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

Previously, for recovery purposes, in-place upgrades were not supported for Siebel mainframe-centric upgrades (an in-place upgrade occurs when upgrade changes are made directly to the existing database). Instead, a target database was built for the new release and data was unloaded from the existing source database and migrated in the appropriate format to the upgraded target database. The source database was not upgraded, although minor modifications were made to it during the upgrade process.

Since Siebel CRM 8.0, the production database is upgraded in-place. However, to accommodate host customers requirements for high-system-availability, a staging database is first created which is used to generate all the z/OS upgrade components (for example, the JCL and SQL upgrade files). The staging database allows you to generate all the midtier upgrade files and to build the JCL in advance of the actual database upgrade; this removes these steps from the critical upgrade path and minimizes system downtime.

The manual parts of the upgrade are run against the staging database. The automatic parts of the upgrade are run directly against the development or production database being upgraded (the target database).

The staging database is created from the existing development or production database that is to be upgraded (the target database). The target database DDL, and the storage control file specifying the physical database layout, are extracted and then executed in a separate DB2 subsystem to create the staging database. The staging database therefore contains the same schema and tables as the database to be upgraded, but it does not contain data.

About Siebel Additive Schema Upgrade Changes

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Production test, production.

Since Siebel CRM 8.0, you can apply additive and nonadditive schema changes separately to the production database in order to reduce the downtime for the in-place upgrade.

Nonadditive schema changes impact the running application data model and require shutting down the production database. Additive schema changes are nondisruptive; these changes do not impact Siebel application usage. Therefore, you can apply additive schema changes to the live production database before you perform the in-place upgrade. This reduces the number of steps that must be performed when the database is offline and this reduces database downtime.

This is an optional process; if you do not apply the additive schema changes before you perform the production database in-place upgrade, they are applied in one step with the nonadditive upgrade changes.

Types of Changes

The additive schema files generated by the Upgrade Wizard make the following types of schema changes to support the new release. These changes do not adversely affect data integrity or database normalization:

- Creating new tables.
- Adding columns to an existing table. The column must either be specified as null, or if the column is not null, it must have a specified default value.
- Creating nonunique indexes on new tables.
- Creating a unique index on an existing table.
- Altering a unique index on an existing table.
- Increasing column sizes for numeric or varchar columns. The column must not be the basis for a picklist. Also, the resultant cumulative row size must not be larger than the data page size.
- Changing a not-null column to null.
- Changing a data type from char to varchar.

About Index Creation During the Additive Upgrade Process

Although additive schema changes are generally nondisruptive, index creation during the additive upgrade process can impact Siebel application usage if both of the following conditions exist:

- Indexes are specified with the DEFINE parameter set to YES
- The DEFER YES parameter is *not* specified for the index

If data exists in a table for which an index is being created, DB2 changes the DEFINE parameter value from NO to YES, and issues a warning message. If the DEFER YES parameter is not also specified for the index, the index is populated while it is being created, and locks are placed on the associated table until the process is completed, preventing updates being made to the table.

In these cases, change the index definition to DEFINE YES, DEFER YES; this ensures the index is not populated while it is being created, so the associated table is not locked. You can run the IBM DB2 REBUILD INDEX utility (DSNUTILB) to populate the index at a later time when performing regularly scheduled maintenance. For additional information on applying additive index changes to the target database, see ["Applying the Additive Changes in One Job" on page 172](#).

Implementation of Additive Changes

The additive and nonadditive schema upgrade files are generated separately by the Upgrade Wizard in the output directory you specify when you run the Database Configuration Wizard. Additive schema filenames include the *.additive* identifier. Review these files to determine the schema changes that are applied by the additive schema process and edit them as necessary, for example, verify that they do not make changes that conflict with customizations.

Additive schema changes must first be applied in a production test environment which has the same data as the production environment. After generating and applying the additive schema files to the production test database, make sure users in the test environment can enter, query and delete records to check that applying additive schema changes to the database does not affect the way in which the existing version of the Siebel application works.

About the Siebel Database Upgrade Process

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

Upgrading to a new release involves two aspects:

- The order in which to upgrade your environments
- The flow of the upgrade process within each environment

Environment Upgrade Order

If you have a development environment, you must upgrade it first. During this phase, your customizations are merged with the new Siebel release. A merged repository file and database schema file are created and become inputs to the production test environment upgrade and production upgrade.

If you do not have a development environment or have not customized your repository, no repository merge is required. You can use the repository and schema definition files included in the new release to upgrade your production test environment and production environment.

Flow of the Upgrade Within an Environment

The basic flow of the upgrade process is shown in [Figure 1](#).

NOTE: In production test environment and production environment upgrades, the upgrep + upgphys steps are run together and there are several additional deployment steps.

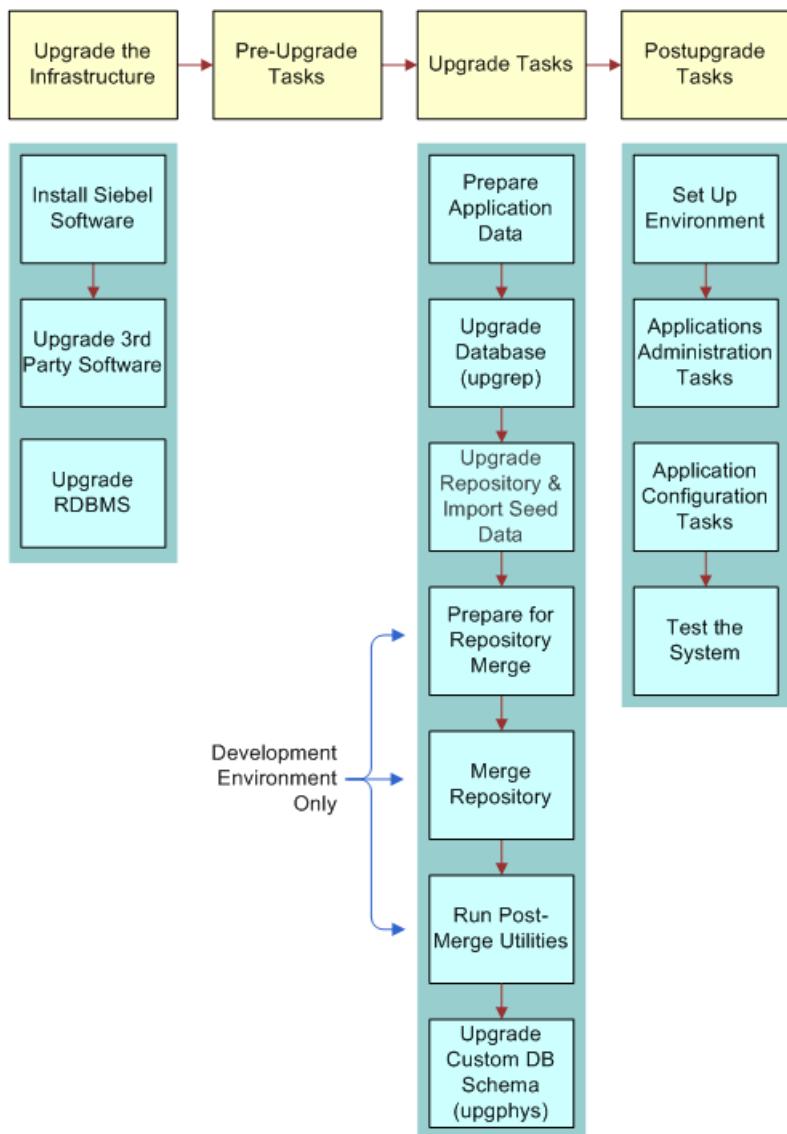


Figure 1. Flow of the Upgrade Process

Upgrade the Infrastructure

The first phase is to upgrade your hardware and software to meet system and implementation requirements, which includes upgrading the Siebel Enterprise Server to the new release. This action upgrades the Siebel Servers and provides the programs, scripts, input files, and other files required to merge the repository and upgrade the Siebel database. For information on how to upgrade the infrastructure, see *Siebel Installation Guide* for the operating system you are using.

Perform Preupgrade Tasks

This phase prepares the Siebel database for upgrade and includes such tasks as closing database connections, clearing pending workflow tasks, disabling customized triggers and editing and validating the storage control file.

NOTE: The Siebel upgrade process is not designed to support custom database triggers. If you have created customized triggers for the Siebel schema to be upgraded, you must remove them before starting the Siebel upgrade process. You can re-create these objects once the Siebel upgrade completes successfully.

Perform Upgrade Tasks (Development Environment)

This phase merges your customizations into the new release. This phase also upgrades the development environment database and includes these tasks:

- **Prepare application data.** These tasks prepare test data for migration.
- **Upgrade database (upgrep).** Run the Database Configuration Wizard in upgrep mode, selecting the zSeries Staging of Files for Upgrade option. This generates the files required to build the staging database and generate the upgrade files required to perform the in-place upgrade of the database.
- **Perform the in-place upgrade of the database.** During this phase, a basic upgrade of the Siebel database schema is performed and repositories are loaded to prepare for the repository merge.

The upgrep mode makes the following changes:

- Drops interface tables and database triggers
- Populates columns that must change from NULL to NOT NULL
- Creates new tables. Merges existing tables.
- Prepares for index creation. Verifies that there are no unique key violations.
- Creates indexes
- Imports seed data
- Imports the Prior Siebel Repository, the New Siebel Repository, and the New Customer Repository
- Makes modifications to repository objects to prepare for the repository merge
- Updates primary children foreign key references
- Performs miscellaneous file actions

- **Merge repository.** You use Siebel Tools to merge your existing repository with the repository in the new release. During the repository merge, objects from the Prior Siebel Repository, the Prior Customer Repository, and the New Siebel Repository are compared to identify the total set of object differences. The process also determines how conflicts between repository changes are resolved as they are merged into the New Customer Repository.
- **Run postmerge utilities.** You use Siebel Tools to run a set of utilities that examine the merged repository. The utilities analyze your customizations to applets and views, and apply changes to them as required to conform to the user interface in the new release.
- **Upgrade database (upgphys).** You run the Database Configuration Wizard in upgphys mode. It further upgrades the Siebel database with changes resulting from the repository merge and completes the database upgrade.

The Database Configuration Wizard also generates the customer repository definition file and logical schema definition file that are used as input to the production test environment and production upgrades.

Specifically, this mode performs the following tasks:

- Synchronizes the Siebel database schema to the logical schema definition in the merged repository.

NOTE: During the synchronization process, custom columns in the Siebel Schema that are not in the Siebel Repository are not removed but custom indexes in the Siebel Schema that are not in the Siebel Repository are removed.
 - Deduplicates intersection tables
 - Exports repository object definitions to a file, custrep.dat, and exports the logical schema definition to a file, schema.ddl
- These two files are used as input to the production upgrades.
- Renames the New Customer Repository to Siebel Repository
 - Updates the schema version in S_APP_VER

Perform Upgrade Tasks (Production Test Environment)

This phase upgrades a production test environment Siebel database to the new release allowing you to test how customizations work with the new release and to tune the upgrade scripts.

CAUTION: You are required to contact your Oracle sales representative for Oracle Advanced Customer Services to request assistance from Oracle's Application Expert Services for help with tuning your upgrade scripts. If you do not, you might invalidate your support agreement.

This phase includes the following tasks:

- **Prepare application data.** These tasks are about preparing application data for migration.

- **Prepare for Production Upgrade (7.5.3 Upgrades only):** Run the Database Configuration Wizard in Prepare for Production Upgrade mode. This mode does the following in the production test environment.

NOTE: You must define an ODBC connection to the development environment database before performing this upgrade step.

- Examines the upgraded development environment database and generates SQL (dedup.jcl and dedup_prod.jcl files) that removes duplicate records from the intersection tables and sets up support for database aggregation.

You only have to run the utility in Prepare for Production Upgrade mode once, either in a production test environment or in the live production environment, to generate the dedup.jcl and dedup_prod.jcl files.

- Compares the repository schema and the physical database schema. Generates a file, SCINDX.SQL, which is used to remove obsolete indexes. SCINDX.SQL lists indexes present in the physical schema that are not present in the repository schema.

- **Upgrade database (upgrep + upgphys).** Run the Database Configuration Wizard in upgrep + upgphys mode, selecting the zSeries Staging of Files for Upgrade option. This generates the files required to build the staging database and generate the upgrade files required to perform the in-place upgrade of the database. The additive and nonadditive schema upgrade files are generated separately.

- **(Optional) Apply the additive upgrade files to upgrade the database.** This is a nondisruptive upgrade process.

- **Perform the in-place upgrade of the database.** The following changes are made during this phase of the upgrade process:

- Drops interface tables and database triggers
- Populates columns that must change from NULL to NOT NULL
- Uses the schema.ddl file from the development environment upgrade to create new tables and merge existing tables.
- Prepares for index creation. Verifies that there are no unique key violations.
- Creates indexes
- Updates primary children foreign key references
- Performs miscellaneous file actions
- Makes several administrative changes to table data, including updating the schema version in S_APP_VER.

- **Upgrade the repository and import seed data (upgrep + upgphys).** Run the Database Configuration Wizard in upgrep + upgphys mode again, selecting the zSeries Seed/Repository Upgrade option to complete upgrade processing. During this step, the upgraded repository and seed data are imported.

- **Tune upgrade scripts (optional).** You can improve the performance of the production environment upgrade by tuning the production upgrade scripts in the test environment.

Run several production upgrades against the test database. This allows you to understand the upgrade process before performing the production upgrade, to conduct performance testing, and to fine tune the upgrade scripts. After carrying out thorough performance testing, you can perform the live production upgrade using the tuned upgrade files.

Perform Upgrade Tasks (Production Environment)

This phase upgrades a production environment Siebel database to the new release and includes the following tasks:

- **Prepare Application Data.** These tasks involve preparing application data in the production database for migration.
- **Upgrade database (upgrep + upgphys).** Run the Database Configuration Wizard in upgrep + upgphys mode, selecting the zSeries Staging of Files for Upgrade option. This generates the files required to build the staging database and generate the upgrade files required to perform the in-place upgrade of the database. The additive and nonadditive schema upgrade files are generated separately.

NOTE: If you have tuned the upgrade scripts during a production test upgrade and want to use them during your production upgrade, you do not have to perform this step. Instead, change the production test environment values in the upgrade files to production environment values and then apply these files on the Z/OS host to upgrade the target database. For further information on this task, see “[Process of Upgrading a Siebel Production Environment](#)” on page 64.

- **(Optional) Apply the additive upgrade files to upgrade the database.** This is a nondisruptive upgrade process.
- **Perform the in-place upgrade of the database.** The same changes are made during the in-place upgrade of the production environment as were made during the in-place upgrade of the production test environment.
- **Upgrade the repository and import seed data (upgrep + upgphys).** Run the Database Configuration Wizard in upgrep + upgphys mode again, selecting the zSeries Seed/Repository Upgrade option to complete upgrade processing.

NOTE: You do not have to run the utility in Prepare for Production mode before starting your production environment upgrade. You ran it as part of the production test environment upgrade. The required upgrade SQL commands have already been generated.

Perform Postupgrade Tasks

This phase is where you set up the environment, configure applications, and test the upgraded system as follows:

- **Set Up the Environment.** These tasks set up the postupgrade environment, which includes extracting the developers' databases and running database statistics.
- **Application Administration.** These tasks set up applications and include such things as setting up user access and visibility of views and screens.

- **Application Configuration.** These tasks prepare applications for testing, including data migration for specific applications.
- **Test the Upgraded System.** These tasks test the upgraded system. For development environment upgrades, you perform basic unit tests to verify application function followed by a full suite of regression and stress tests to verify the upgraded system is ready for production.

Related Topics

["About the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities and Database Configuration Wizard" on page 30](#)

["About the Siebel Upgrade Wizard and Driver Files" on page 35](#)

About the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities and Database Configuration Wizard

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

The Database Configuration Utilities comprise a set of files that you install on a Siebel Server computer. These files are accessed when you run the Database Configuration Wizard and the Siebel Upgrade Wizard to install, configure, or upgrade the Siebel database on the DB2 host, or to perform other operations on the Siebel database after it is installed.

You can use any upgraded Siebel Server to perform an upgrade of the Siebel database. For best performance, however, install the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities files on the Siebel Server that you will use to perform the upgrade.

The Siebel Database Configuration Utilities files are installed at the same directory level as the Siebel Server in a directory called dbsrvr. For example, if the Siebel Server is installed in C:\sba81\si_ebsrvr (Windows), then the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities are installed in C:\sba81\dbsrvr. To edit and execute Siebel Database Configuration Utilities procedures and maintenance scripts, you must have READ-WRITE access to the Siebel Server bin directories in *SIEBEL_ROOT* (Windows), *\$SIEBEL_ROOT* (UNIX).

The Database Configuration Wizard is part of the Siebel Configuration Wizard. It interactively gathers the information required to perform the following operations:

- **Install the Siebel database.** This wizard sets up the Siebel database in the RDBMS as part of a first-time installation of Siebel Business Applications. It is also used to add a language to the Siebel Database Server installation.
- **Upgrade the Siebel database.** This wizard upgrades the Siebel database to a new release in a development or production environment.
- **Import or export a Siebel repository.** This wizard moves entire repositories between database environments with the same schema definition.
- **Migrate a Siebel repository.** This wizard migrates repositories between databases and synchronizes the target database schema with the migrated repository schema definition.

- **Run database utilities.** This group of wizards perform the following functions:
 - Synchronize a database schema with the Siebel Repository schema definition.
 - Convert existing Lists of Values (LOVs) to Multilingual Lists of Values (MLOVs).
 - Configure the database by extracting storage control files from the DB2 catalog and validating the extracted files.
 - Migrate the database from an EBCDIC or ASCII encoding format to a Unicode encoding format.

About Running the Upgrade Database Option

When you run the Upgrade the Siebel Database option on the Database Configuration Wizard, the wizard prompts you for the upgrade environment (development or production) and the upgrade phase (upgrep, upgphys, or Prepare for Production Upgrade). The Wizard then prompts you for the information it requires about the upgrade environment to perform the upgrade.

After collecting and confirming the information, the wizard creates an upgrade configuration file and calls a driver that uses the environment information to create the SQL files required to upgrade your database.

After you run the Database Configuration Wizard, you run the Siebel Upgrade Wizard. The Siebel Upgrade Wizard opens a driver file containing the steps for the upgrade and executes these steps.

To upgrade a development environment, production test environment, or production environment, you must run the Database Configuration Wizard (and Siebel Upgrade Wizard) several times, as shown in [Table 5](#).

Table 5. Database Configuration Wizard Modes

Upgrade Step	Select This Environment Type	Select This Upgrade Option(s)
Development environment upgrep	Development	upgrep: zSeries Staging of Files for Upgrade
Development environment upgrep	Development	upgrep: zSeries Seed/Repository Upgrade
Development environment upgphys	Development	upgphys
Production test environment prepare for production (7.5.3 Upgrades only)	Production	Prepare for Production Upgrade
Production test environment upgrep + upgphys	Production	upgrep + upgphys: zSeries Staging of Files for Upgrade

Table 5. Database Configuration Wizard Modes

Upgrade Step	Select This Environment Type	Select This Upgrade Option(s)
Production test environment upgrep + upgphys	Production	upgrep + upgphys: zSeries Seed/Repository Upgrade
Production environment upgrep + upgphys NOTE: If you have completed a production test upgrade and have tuned the SQL and JCL upgrade files on the z/OS host, you can use these files to perform the target database upgrade in the production environment. In this case, you do not have to run this upgrade step.	Production	upgrep + upgphys: zSeries Staging of Files for Upgrade
Production environment upgrep + upgphys	Production	upgrep + upgphys: zSeries Seed/Repository Upgrade

Figure 2 shows how the Database Configuration Wizard (and Siebel Upgrade Wizard) work together with the Siebel Tools repository merge to upgrade your environments.

NOTE: The Prepare for Production step is required for upgrades from Siebel CRM version 7.5.3 only.

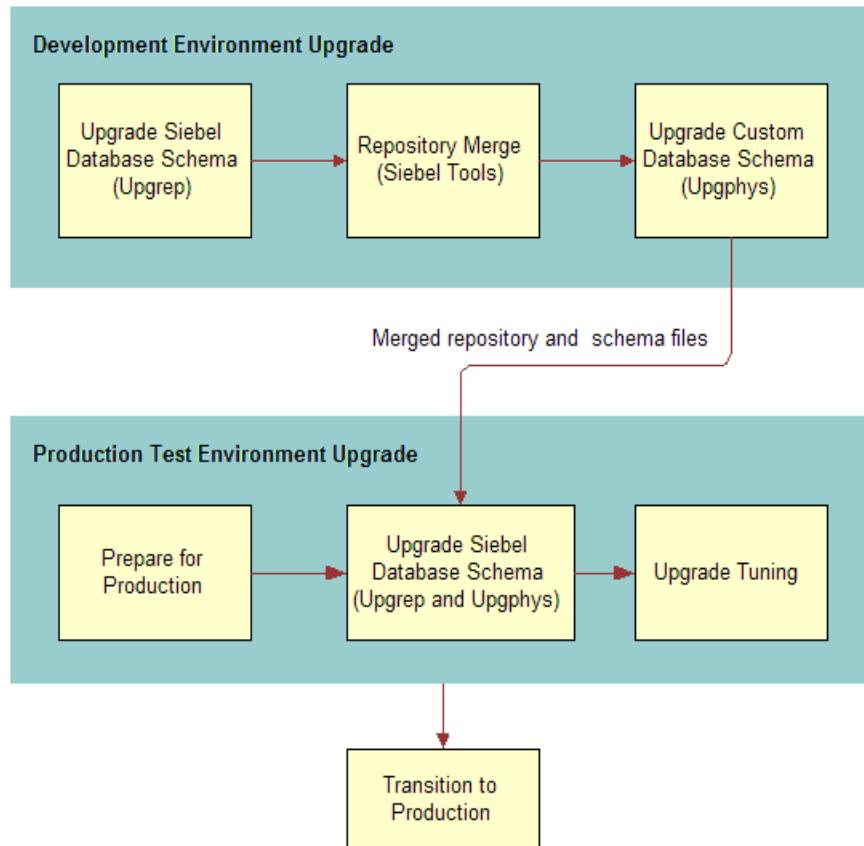


Figure 2. Upgrade Flow

How the Upgrade Configuration File and SQL Files Are Created

When you run the Database Configuration Wizard, it does the following:

- Collects configuration information.
- Creates a master upgrade configuration file (UCF). This file maps the information you entered in the Database Configuration Wizard to environment variables. When the Siebel Upgrade Wizard is performing the steps in a driver file, it uses these variables to generate the command contained in each step.

- Prompts you to start the Siebel Upgrade Wizard. The wizard forwards the information in the UCF file to an SQL generator that creates or populates SQL files on the midtier with the required commands to perform the upgrade. You then transfer these files to the z/OS host and apply them.

In some cases, you will have to modify the generated SQL files as required by Alerts, Bulletins, or *Siebel Release Notes* on My Oracle Support before you transfer the files to the z/OS host.

How to Locate Master Configuration Files

Master upgrade configuration files are stored in the following location:

Windows: `DBSRVR_ROOT\DB2390\upgrade\Version`

UNIX: `$DBSRVR_ROOT/DB2390/upgrade/Version`

where `Version` is the version from which you are upgrading

Master upgrade configuration files use the following naming convention:

`master_UPGRADEOPTION_ENVIRONMENT_VERSION_MasterFileType.ucf`

where:

- *UPGRADEOPTION* is the upgrade process you are performing. This can be one of the following:
 - upgrep. Siebel database schema upgrade.
 - upgphys. Custom database schema upgrade.
 - upgrep. Siebel Database Upgrade (production).
 - prepare_for_production_upgrade. Prepare for production upgrade; applies to 7.5.3 upgrades only.
- *ENVIRONMENT* is the environment that you are upgrading. This can be one of the following:
 - dev. Development environment upgrades.
 - prod. Production environment upgrades.
- *VERSION* is the version from which you are upgrading. The following numbers are used for the Siebel version of the filename:
 - 753
 - 77
 - 782
 - 80
- *MasterFileType* is the type of master file. This can be one of the following:
 - mf_m. Configuration files generated for the manual phase of the upgrep process (zSeries Staging of Files for Upgrade process).

- mf. Configuration files generated for the automatic phase of the upgrep process (zSeries Seed/Repository Upgrade process) and for the upgphys process.

The automatic phases of the upgrade process are run after the manual phases are completed.

Example

If you are upgrading from Siebel CRM version 7.5.3, the UCF files generated from the development environment upgrade are as follows:

```
master_upgrep_dev_753_mf_m.ucf  
master_upgrep_dev_753_mf.ucf  
master_upgphys_dev_753_mf.ucf
```

The UCF file generated from the Prepare for Production Upgrade mode is as follows:

```
master_prepare_for_production_upgrade.ucf
```

About the Siebel Upgrade Wizard and Driver Files

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

The Upgrade Wizard generates the files required to perform the upgrade of the Siebel database on the z/OS host and also makes changes to the Siebel database directly. After the Siebel Upgrade Wizard starts, it executes this process:

- Reads the upgrade configuration file (UCF) generated by the Database Configuration Wizard
- Calls a driver
- Passes the information in the UCF to the driver, which then passes UCF file information to, for instance:
 - the ddlimp utility, which executes ddl-type SQL commands
 - the dataimp utility, which executes data-related SQL commands

If ddlimp or dataimp (or any of the database utilities) encounter errors, they stop. When the errors have been corrected, you can launch the Siebel Upgrade Wizard, and the upgrade resumes from where it stopped.

The Siebel Upgrade Wizard pauses on four occasions during the upgrade file generation process. At each pause, you must transfer the files that the Upgrade Wizard has generated to the z/OS host and execute them before you resume the upgrade. Message text at each pause informs you of the tasks you must perform.

The files generated by the Upgrade Wizard are output by default to the *DBSRVR_ROOT\DB2390\dboutput\upgrade* directory (Windows) or *DBSRVR_ROOT/DB2390/dboutput/upgrade* directory (UNIX) or to the DDL Output Directory you specified when you ran the Database Configuration Wizard.

Driver Files

The Siebel Upgrade Wizard performs the upgrade by executing the commands and SQL scripts contained in driver files. Driver files are in ASCII text format and are organized into steps. The Upgrade Wizard reads the steps in the driver files and performs the commands contained in each step.

In a driver file, steps are separated by a blank line, and each step begins with a File Execute Entry number. The key part of each step is the command or script to be executed. When an SQL script is specified, you can review the script and see what changes it will make to the Siebel database before running the Siebel Upgrade Wizard.

Driver files are provided for each of the major upgrade operations. Examples of development environment upgrade driver files are as follows:

- driver_upgrep_dev_753_mf.ucf
- driver_upgrep_dev_753_mf.ucf
- driver_upgphys_dev_753_mf.ucf

Here is an excerpt from a driver file that controls a development environment upgrep from Siebel CRM version 7.5.3 to version 8.1 (driver_upgrep_dev_753_mf.ucf). The excerpt contains two steps:

```
[File Execute Entry 9]
Type = FileExecute
File Name = $Siebel Root\bin\odbcsql
Check Return Code = 1
Return Code Compliance = 0
16 Bit App = 0
Command Line = /s "$ODBCDataSource" /u $UserName /p $Password /separator / /a /c rem
/q $DatabaseOwner /I $Siebel LogDir/upd_upgcomp.log $DbsrvRoot/$DatabasePlatform/
upd_upgcomp.sql /v
Number of 10 Second Wait Loops = 2000
Return Code = 0
Title = Update version component info
Title Message Num = 0
Estimated Disk Space = 0
Backup Db = 0
Parallelizable Item = 0
Prompt User For Status = 0
```

```
[File Execute Entry 10]
Type = FileExecute
File Name = $Siebel Root\bin\repmexp
Check Return Code = 1
Return Code Compliance = 0
16 Bit App = 0
Command Line = /a /g $RepeatForLanguage /u $UserName /p $Password /c
"$ODBCDataSource" /D $DatabaseOwner /M y /R "$AncestorRepName" /F $AncestorRepFile
/I $Siebel LogDir/repx.log
Number of 10 Second Wait Loops = 2000
Return Code = 0
```

```
Title = Import Common Ancestor Repository  
Title Message Num = 0  
Estimated Disk Space = 0  
Backup Db = 0  
Parallelizable Item = 0  
Prompt User For Status = 0
```

How to Locate Upgrade Driver Files and SQL Scripts

Driver files are stored in the following location:

Windows: *DBSRVR_ROOT\DB2390\UPGRADE\VERS1ON*

UNIX: *DBSRVR_ROOT/DB2390/UPGRADE/VERS1ON*

where *VERS1ON* is the version from which you are upgrading, for example v7.7

For example, if you are upgrading from Siebel CRM 7.7, the driver files for the development environment upgrep are as follows:

```
dri ver_upgrep_dev_77_mf_m.ucf  
dri ver_upgrep_dev_77_mf.ucf
```

Related Topic

["About the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities and Database Configuration Wizard" on page 30](#)

Job Flow of a Production Database Upgrade

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Production environment only. Does not apply to production test environment.

This topic describes the major steps in a production database upgrade using the Database Configuration Wizard and Upgrade Wizard. This topic does not describe all the pre and postupgrade tasks you must complete for a production environment. See ["Process of Upgrading a Siebel Production Environment" on page 64](#) for a description of all the steps in upgrading a production environment.

The production environment upgrade job flow differs from a development environment upgrade job flow primarily in that a repository merge is not required. The repository (custrep.dat) and the logical schema (schema.ddl) are exported from the upgraded development environment and used in the production upgrade.

A production database upgrade job flow, as illustrated in [Figure 3](#), is largely the same as the job flow of the *upgrp* stage of a development database upgrade.

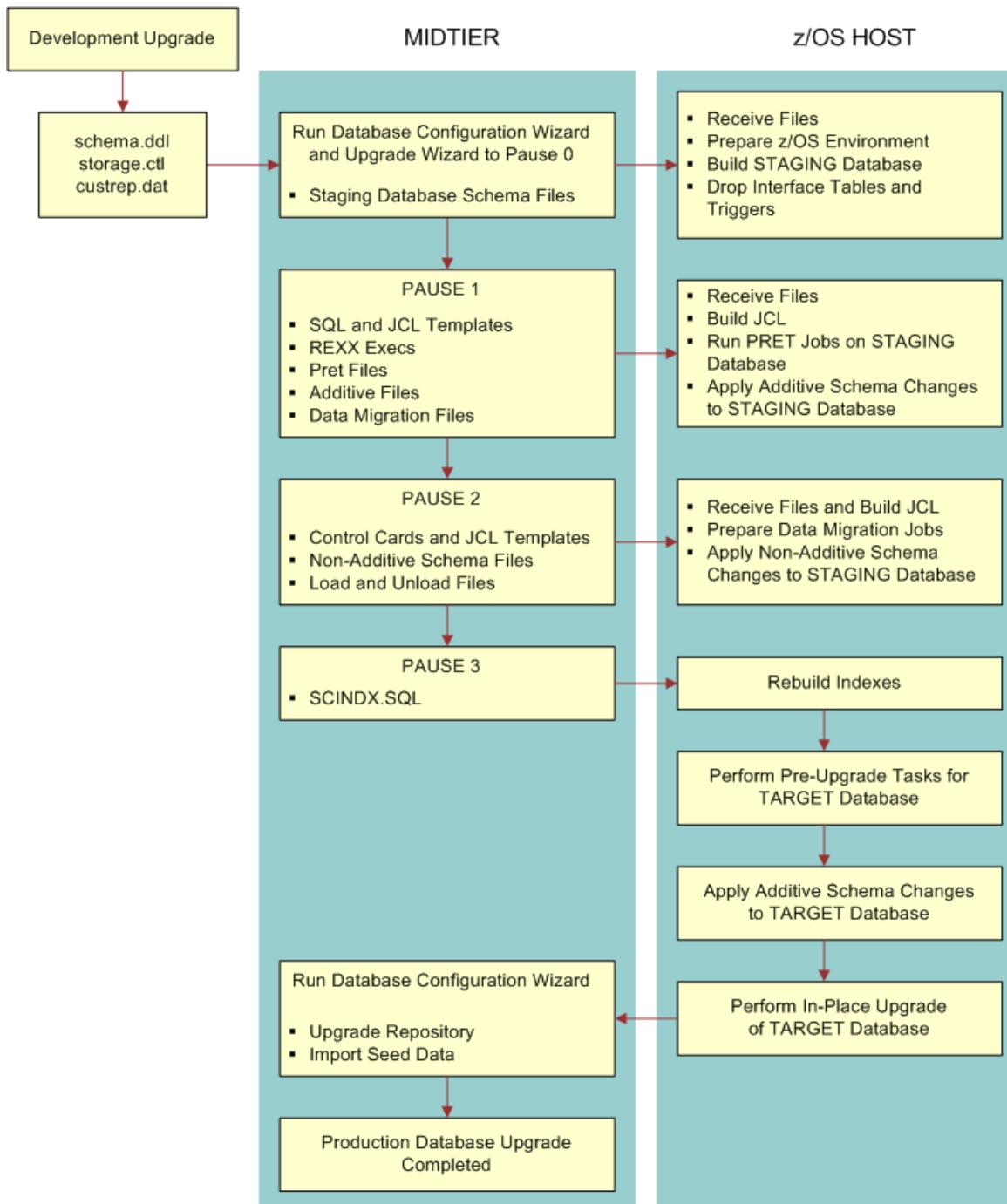


Figure 3. Flow of a Production Database Upgrade

The main steps in the production upgrade illustrated in [Figure 3](#) are as follows:

- 1 Inputs to the Production Upgrade.** The files required for the production upgrade are:
 - The storage control file (storage.ctl). This file specifies the storage layout of your upgraded database. Create and validate the storage.ctl before running a production upgrade.
 - The custrep.dat file (new customized repository) and the schema.ddl file (modified schema definition file). These files are generated during the development upgrade and must be copied to the appropriate upgrade directory before running a production upgrade.
- 2 Prepare for Production (7.5.3 Upgrades only):** Run the Database Configuration Wizard on the midtier in Prepare for Production Upgrade mode to generate dedup files; the dedup files remove duplicate records from the intersection tables.
- 3 Run upgrep + upgphys.** Run the Database Configuration Wizard on the midtier:
 - a** Enter production environment information to create the production upgrade configuration file. Specify the following values:
 - Upgrade Option: Upgrade Siebel Database Schema (upgrep + upgphys)
 - Upgrade Process: zSeries Staging of Files for Upgrade
 - b** Launch the Upgrade Wizard to generate the DDL files that will be used to build the staging database.

The Wizard generates the staging database schema files on the midtier and then stops (Pause #0).
- 4 Create the Staging Database.** Transfer the staging DDL files from the midtier to the z/OS host and apply them. Create the staging database and prepare the z/OS host upgrade environment.
- 5 Generate Additive Schema Upgrade Files.** Restart the Database Configuration Wizard on the midtier. The wizard generates files and then stops at Pause #1.
- 6 Apply Pause #1 Files.** The files generated by the Upgrade Wizard on the midtier up to pause #1 consist of JCL and SQL templates and REXX execs that are run on the z/OS host against the staging database. These jobs are used to perform preupgrade tasks for the staging database. Do the following:
 - a** FTP the files generated by the Upgrade Wizard from the midtier to the mainframe.
 - b** Receive the files, unpack the staging data sets into PDS format, and create JCL members to run the additive schema and PRET jobs against the staging database.
 - c** Apply additive schema changes to the staging database.
 - d** Run PRET jobs against the staging database.
- 7 Generate Nonadditive Schema Upgrade Files.** Restart the Database Configuration Wizard on the midtier. The wizard generates files and then stops at Pause #2.
- 8 Apply Pause # 2 Files.** The files generated by the Upgrade Wizard on the midtier up to pause #2 include nonadditive schema files, load control cards and JCL templates, and unload SQL and JCL templates. Use the files generated up to this point to perform the in-place upgrade of the staging database. Do the following:
 - a** FTP the files that have been generated from the midtier to the host.

- b** Modify the load and unload data sets.
 - c** Run the unpack jobs to populate PDS members.
 - d** Customize the UNLOAD and LOAD jobs for target tables with CLOB columns.
 - e** Add jobcards and Siebel logging to the Load, Unload, and data migration jobs.
 - f** Apply the nonadditive schema changes to the staging database.
 - g** Create temporary tables and indexes for the data migration scripts.
 - h** Generate index rebuilds.
- 9 Generate the SCINDEX Upgrade File.** Restart the Database Configuration Wizard on the midtier. The wizard generates files and then stops at Pause #3.
- 10 Apply Pause # 3 Files.** The SCINDEX file generated at this point is used to rebuild indexes. Do the following:
- a** FTP the SCINDEX.SQL file from the midtier to the z/OS host.
 - b** Apply the SCINDEX.SQL file to rebuild indexes.
- This completes the file generation process
- 11 Perform Pre-Upgrade Tasks for the Target Database as follows:**
- a** On the z/OS host, build the JCL templates that will be used to perform the target database in-place upgrade by applying target database information to the JCL templates that were used to run the staging database in-place upgrade processes.
 - b** Create and load Siebel log tables.
 - c** (Optional) Apply additive schema changes.
- 12 Perform the In-Place Upgrade of the Target Database as follows:**
- a** Remove interface tables, triggers, and stored procedures from the database.
 - b** Run PRET jobs to prepare the target database for table creation during the upgrade.
 - c** Apply nonadditive schema changes to the target database.
 - d** Create, bind, and test the stored procedures.
 - e** Run the Data Migration jobs to migrate pre-8.1 Siebel data to version 8.1 data.
- There are optional data migration scripts for Household data and for Siebel Financial Services (FINS) applications.
- f** Remove old indexes, create new 8.1 indexes, and run index rebuild jobs.
- 13 Upgrade the Repository and Import Seed Data as follows:**
- a** Run the Database Configuration Wizard on the midtier.
 - b** Enter production environment information to create the production upgrade configuration file. Specify the following values:
 - Upgrade Option: Upgrade Siebel Database Schema (upprep + upgphys)
 - Upgrade Process: zSeries Seed / Repository Upgrade

- C Launch the Upgrade Wizard. The Upgrade Wizard automatically runs the remaining DML upgrade jobs from the midtier to perform a number of tasks, including the following:
 - ❑ Deletes the old license key.
 - ❑ Verifies the repository name and imports the New Customer Repository from the upgraded development environment.
 - ❑ Upgrades seed data to the new version.

The production database upgrade is now completed.

Key Members in the *DSNHLQ.SIEBEL.EXEC*

Members in the *DSNHLQ.SIEBEL.EXEC* contain useful information that you can refer to when performing your development and production upgrade. These key members are listed in [Table 6](#).

Table 6. Key Members in the *DSNHLQ.SIEBEL.EXEC*

Member Name	Description
@JOBPRFX	Shows details of the job prefixes chosen for the upgrade.
@LASTJOB	Lists the job name of the last job for each step of the upgrade, for example: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PRESCHM: S003562Z ■ PRESCHF: S006463Z
@STGTAR	Lists details of the staging and target environments.
@TBOSTG	Provides staging tableowner details.
@TBOTAR	Provides target tableowner details.
@UPGPATH	Lists the upgrade path and the upgrade status, that is, the last step executed, for example: PAUSE=4 STEP=98- TARGET UPGISS DATA MIGRATION COMPLETE - UPGISS
@UPGFLOW	Contains details of all the steps in the upgrade.
@UPGTYPE	Shows the type of upgrade being run, for example, SIA 7.5.3

About the JCL Upgrade Jobs

This topic provides information about the JCL jobs you run to perform the upgrade on the z/OS host.

About Job Cards

The *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.EXEC* data set contains base job cards for all the upgrade jobs. The upgrade process uses these job cards as a base for all jobs of a particular type, and then generates an individual job card for each job based on the information in the base card and in the @JOBPREFIX member of the *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.EXEC* data set.

For example, the base job card for PRESCHM jobs is JCPRES. An individual job card is created for each PRESCHM job based on information in both of the following:

- *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.EXEC(@JOBPREFIX)* provides the job prefix
- *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.EXEC(JCPRES)* provides the base job card

Once job cards have been generated, changing the information in the @JOBPREFIX member does not cause job card details to change.

Job Dependencies

Some JCL jobs, for example, some Data Migration jobs, have dependencies on other jobs. These jobs are submitted in a specific order, with subsequent jobs only being submitted when the current job has completed successfully. The @DEPFLOW member in the relevant JCL data set shows the order in which the jobs are to be submitted, for example, see *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.PRESCHM.JCL(@DEPFLOW)* for information about the submission sequence for PRESCHM jobs.

Load and Unload Jobs

Load and Unload job procedures are located in the *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.PROC* data set.

About the Override File

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Development environment only.

The override.inp file allows you to override your existing database storage layout when you upgrade to Siebel CRM version 8.1. When you create the storage control file to use in the upgrade, by adding the names of tables to the override.inp file, you indicate that you do not want to preserve the existing definitions for these tables. For additional information, see “[Extracting the Storage Control File](#)” on page 88.

Since Siebel CRM version 7.7, the Siebel database schema structure has the following characteristics:

- One table in each table space
- One table space in each database

This layout is referred to as the 1:1:1 model. See “[Planning Changes to the Physical Layout of the Schema](#)” on page 72 for further information.

If you are upgrading from a pre 7.7 release of Siebel Business Applications, you might want to switch to the *1:1:1* model from your existing database schema structure because it is more efficient. There are three options available when upgrading to the current release:

- Preserve the existing model of multiple tables for each table space and only build new tables with the *1:1:1* model.

To use this option, extract a storage control file and merge it with an existing template. All existing definitions are preserved and new tables are built according to the definitions supplied in the template storage control file.

- Preserve the existing model for most tables but indicate that specific tables are to use the *1:1:1* model by adding the table names to the override.inp file. By default, the override.inp file has two table entries:

- S.Dock_Txn_Log
- S.Service_Scrpt

The existing definition for these two tables is *not* preserved during the upgrade. Therefore, these two tables can be built using the new model as specified in the template.

- Move all tables from the current model to the *1:1:1* model.

To use this option, do *not* use the extract and merge process to create the storage control file. Instead, use the preconfigured storage control file. In the preconfigured storage control file, all tables are created using the *1:1:1* model. Therefore, each table is created in its own database or table space.

The use of the preconfigured storage control file allows you to use the *1:1:1* model for all tables other than obsolete tables and customer extended tables. The preconfigured storage control file does not apply to obsolete or customer extended tables so there are no entries for them. You cannot put these into the override.inp file since there is nothing to override and the tables are not in the storage control file. In this case, the existing schema is preserved.

The table spaces are not cleaned up unless they are empty. Some of the obsolete and customer extended tables are still in those table spaces so the upgrade process cannot just do a general cleanup.

4

How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade

This chapter provides a roadmap for performing each type of upgrade to Siebel CRM 8.1. Each roadmap lists the processes and tasks you must follow to complete the upgrade. Print the relevant roadmap and use it to guide you in carrying out the upgrade. This chapter includes the following topics:

- [Roadmap for Performing a Siebel Database Upgrade on page 45](#)
- [Process of Planning a Siebel Database Upgrade on page 47](#)
- [Process of Upgrading a Siebel Development Environment on page 48](#)
- [Process of Upgrading a Production Test Environment on page 55](#)
- [Process of Tuning the Upgrade Performance on page 61](#)
- [Process of Upgrading a Siebel Production Environment on page 64](#)

Roadmap for Performing a Siebel Database Upgrade

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

Use one of the following roadmaps to guide you through the steps for upgrading your Siebel database:

- ["Roadmap for Upgrading from Siebel 6.x, 7.0.x, and 7.5.2" on page 45](#)
- ["Roadmap for Upgrading from Siebel CRM Releases 7.x and 8.0.x" on page 46](#)
- ["Roadmap for Upgrading from Siebel CRM Releases 7.x and 8.0.x Without a Development Environment" on page 46](#)

Each roadmap consists of a group of processes. Each process consists of a numbered list of tasks. After you complete the tasks in a process, go on to the next process in the roadmap. When you have completed all the processes in the roadmap, the upgrade is complete.

Depending on your installed release, you might not have to complete all the tasks in a process. Before starting a task, check the applicability information at the beginning of the task and verify the task applies to your upgrade.

Roadmap for Upgrading from Siebel 6.x, 7.0.x, and 7.5.2

You cannot upgrade directly to Siebel CRM version 8.1 from Siebel CRM versions earlier than 7.5.3. To upgrade to Siebel CRM version 8.1 from these releases, do the following:

■ 7.0.x, 7.5.2 releases

You cannot upgrade directly from Siebel CRM 7.0.x or Siebel CRM version 7.5.2 to Siebel CRM version 8.1; you must first upgrade to Siebel CRM versions 7.5.3, 7.7, 7.8 or 8.0. To perform these upgrades, see the relevant version of *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide for DB2 for z/OS*.

■ 6.x releases

In general, direct upgrades from Siebel CRM Release 6.x to releases after Siebel CRM version 7.7 are not supported. You must first upgrade from Siebel CRM Release 6.x to Siebel CRM version 7.7. To upgrade from Siebel CRM Release 6.x to Siebel CRM version 7.7, see the latest Siebel 7.7 version of *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide for DB2 for z/OS*.

On the DB2 for z/OS database platform, however, direct upgrades from Siebel CRM version 6.2.1 of Siebel Financial Services to Siebel CRM version 7.8 or Siebel CRM version 8.0 of Siebel Industry Applications are supported. To perform these upgrades, see the latest 7.8 or 8.0 version of *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide for DB2 for z/OS*.

Roadmap for Upgrading from Siebel CRM Releases 7.x and 8.0.x

If you are upgrading from Siebel CRM version 7.5.3 or higher, complete the processes in this roadmap in the order shown:

- 1 "Process of Planning a Siebel Database Upgrade" on page 47
- 2 "Process of Upgrading a Siebel Development Environment" on page 48
- 3 "Process of Upgrading a Production Test Environment" on page 55
- 4 "Process of Tuning the Upgrade Performance" on page 61
- 5 "Process of Upgrading a Siebel Production Environment" on page 64

For a description of the differences between production and development upgrades, see "[About Siebel Upgrade Environments](#)" on page 19.

Roadmap for Upgrading from Siebel CRM Releases 7.x and 8.0.x Without a Development Environment

If you are upgrading from Siebel CRM Release 7.x or 8.0.x, and you do not have a development environment, complete the processes in this roadmap in the order shown.

Upgrading without a development environment means the following are true:

- You are running an uncustomized, preconfigured version of Siebel Business Applications.
- You have not used Siebel Tools to create or modify any objects or logical schema definitions in the Siebel Repository.
- You have not modified the physical schema in the Siebel database.

If your upgrade meets these criteria, complete the following processes in the order shown:

- 1 "Process of Planning a Siebel Database Upgrade" on page 47.
- 2 "Preparing for a Siebel Upgrade Without a Development Environment" on page 104.
- 3 Perform a production test upgrade. See "Process of Upgrading a Production Test Environment" on page 55.
- 4 "Process of Tuning the Upgrade Performance" on page 61.
- 5 Upgrade your production environment. See "Process of Upgrading a Siebel Production Environment" on page 64.

Process of Planning a Siebel Database Upgrade

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

This process is part of an upgrade roadmap. See "Roadmap for Upgrading from Siebel CRM Releases 7.x and 8.0.x" on page 46 and "Roadmap for Upgrading from Siebel CRM Releases 7.x and 8.0.x Without a Development Environment" on page 46.

To plan the upgrade, read the following:

- 1 Chapter 3, "How the Siebel Database Upgrade Works."
- 2 In the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes how the Siebel database upgrade works, read topics about the following:
 - About the Siebel case insensitivity wizard
 - About the Siebel repository merge
 - About inheriting upgrade behavior in a Siebel upgrade
 - About the Siebel postmerge utilities
 - About the Siebel Incorporate Custom Layout upgrade option
 - About the Database Configuration Utilities
- 3 Chapter 5, "Planning a Siebel Database Upgrade."
- 4 In the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes Siebel database and UI upgrade planning, read topics about the following:
 - About Siebel upgrade planning resources
 - About best practices for doing your Siebel database upgrade
 - About Siebel user interface changes
 - About the Siebel Party Model
 - About migrating Siebel HTML attachments to base tables
 - Upgrade planning for multilingual Siebel deployments

- Upgrade planning for Siebel RC2 or AES encryption
 - Upgrade planning for Siebel access control
- 5 The chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes application planning for a Siebel upgrade.
- 6 The appendix in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that contains reference information on Siebel Marketing upgrades.
- 7 The appendix in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that lists tables modified or seeded during a Siebel upgrade.

Process of Upgrading a Siebel Development Environment

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Development environment only.

This process is part of a roadmap. See “[Roadmap for Performing a Siebel Database Upgrade](#)” on [page 45](#).

This topic lists the steps required to upgrade a Siebel development environment to the current release. Print this topic and use it as a checklist for doing the upgrade.

The topic is divided into subtopics, each containing a list of numbered steps. Complete each subtopic in the order shown.

Searching for Bulletins and Alerts on My Oracle Support

- 1 Check My Oracle Support for recently published bulletins and alerts regarding the upgrade.

Upgrade Third-Party Software

- 2 If necessary, upgrade third-party software that is used by Oracle’s Siebel software. For example, you might have to upgrade the operating system software. Some database upgrades require newer versions of AIX or Windows.

Upgrade the Servers

Verify you have identified all the maintenance releases, fix packs, and quick fix patches for the upgrade. These requirements are documented in 880452.1 (Article ID) *Siebel Maintenance Release Guide* on My Oracle Support.

CAUTION: Do not install a new Siebel database as part of upgrading the Siebel Enterprise Server.

To perform the following steps, see *Siebel Installation Guide* for the operating system you are using and *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*:

- 3 Install the Siebel CRM 8.1 Gateway Name Server, Siebel Servers, and Siebel Web Server Extension (SWSE).

The upgraded Siebel Servers will not work correctly with the RDBMS server until after you have upgraded the Siebel database to the new release.
- 4 Install the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities files on the Siebel Server you will use to perform the upgrade.
- 5 Install language packs for your currently deployed languages and any new languages.
- 6 If you have customized the configuration of Enterprise components, such as Siebel Servers, you must migrate the customizations to the upgraded environment. For information on this task, see *Siebel System Administration Guide*.

Upgrade the RDBMS

- 7 If required, upgrade your version of DB2 for z/OS. Refer to the IBM documentation to perform the upgrade. To upgrade to Siebel CRM version 8.1, your RDBMS must be IBM DB2 UDB for z/OS Version 8.

Preupgrade Tasks for the Siebel Database

- 8 Review guidelines for configuring DB2 for z/OS. See *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*.
- 9 Verify that the Workflow Monitor and Workflow action agents have processed all pending requests.
- 10 Stop the Siebel Servers.
- 11 **7.5.3 upgrades only:** Perform the task in [“Updating Group Names” on page 84](#).
- 12 Remove customized database triggers.

The Siebel upgrade process is not designed to support custom database triggers. If you have created customized triggers for the Siebel schema to be upgraded, you must remove them before starting the Siebel upgrade process. You can re-create these objects once the Siebel upgrade completes successfully.
- 13 Prepare the storage control file to use in the upgrade. See [“Preparing the Storage Layout of the Schema” on page 84](#).
- 14 Perform the tasks in the following:
 - [Chapter 6, “Basic Database Preparations for a Siebel Upgrade”](#)
 - The chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes basic database preparations for a Siebel upgrade.

Preupgrade Tasks for a Development Environment Upgrade

- 15 Perform the tasks in [Chapter 7, “Preparing a Development Environment for a Siebel Upgrade.”](#)

16 Rename the Siebel Repository. For information on this task, see the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes upgrading the Siebel database.

Preupgrade Tasks for Application Data

17 Perform the tasks in the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes how to prepare Siebel application data for upgrade.

Some of these tasks are optional, depending on the currently installed Siebel products and your upgrade path. Review and perform these tasks as necessary.

Preparing Developers for the Upgrade

18 Back up the development database.

19 Verify that all developers have checked in their projects and that all projects are unlocked.

20 Verify that all developers have disconnected from the database. The only open connection must be the account that is performing the upgrade.

21 Install the new Siebel Tools and license keys on development workstations. Keep at least one copy of the previous version of Siebel Tools. You will require it to perform repository operations before the repository merge.

22 Perform all remaining tasks with the new Siebel Tools, unless stated otherwise.

Upgrade Siebel Database Schema (upgrep)

23 (Optional) Change the Siebel Database Configuration Wizard language. For information on this topic, see the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes how to upgrade the Siebel database.

24 Create the staging database by performing the following tasks:

- a** “Required Tasks before Creating the Staging Database” on page 123.
- b** “Creating the Staging Database Schema DDL Files” on page 125.
- c** “Transferring the Staging DDL to the z/OS Host” on page 125.
- d** “Preparing the z/OS Upgrade Environment and Creating the Staging Database” on page 126.
- e** “Removing Interface Tables and Triggers” on page 132.

25 Generate the Upgrade Files by performing the following tasks:

NOTE: Edit the generated files as required by Siebel Technical Notes, Siebel Alerts, *Siebel Release Notes* on My Oracle Support or other publications before transferring them to the z/OS host.

- a** “Required Tasks for Generating the Upgrade Files” on page 152.
- b** “Restarting the Siebel Upgrade Wizard After Pauses” on page 119.
- c** “Preparing the Additive Schema and JCL Files on the z/OS Host” on page 153.

- d** “Restarting the Siebel Upgrade Wizard After Pauses” on page 119.
 - e** “Preparing and Executing the Nonadditive Schema and JCL Files on the z/OS Host” on page 160.
 - f** “Restarting the Siebel Upgrade Wizard After Pauses” on page 119.
 - g** “Processing the Index Schema File” on page 164.
 - h** “Building JCL Templates for the Target Database” on page 166.
- 26** Upgrade the target database by performing the following tasks:
- a** “Creating and Loading Siebel Log Tables” on page 170.
 - b** “Process of Upgrading the Target Database” on page 169.
 - c** “Performing the In-Place Target Database Upgrade” on page 173.
- 27** Upgrade the repository and import seed data as described in “Upgrading the Repository and Importing Seed Data” on page 120.
- 28** “About the Siebel Upgrade Log Files” on page 197.
- 29** If the upgrade contains unacceptable errors, do the following:
- a** Restore the backup of the database that you made previously (see Step 18 on page 50).
 - b** Correct the errors.
 - c** Rerun the Database Configuration Wizard.
- 30** “Installing New License Keys After an Upgrade” on page 194.
- 31** Back up the upgraded database repository.

Prepare for Repository Merge

- 32** Perform the following tasks. For information on performing these tasks, see the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes how to perform the Siebel Repository merge:
- Migrate Siebel Repository objects to the standard user interface (UI).
 - Configure Siebel Repository objects to inherit upgrade behavior.
- 33** “About Backing Up the New Customer Repository or Database Schema” on page 135.
- 34** Execute the REORG utility on tables that receive a large number of inserts during the repository import process. For a list of the tables that must be reorganized at this point, see “About Reorganizing Tables Before the Repository Merge” on page 136.
- 35** Run database statistics on the Siebel repository tables. For further information on running database statistics, see “Generating RUNSTATS Jobs” on page 185. Running statistics on the Siebel repository tables improves merge performance.
- If upgrading from Siebel CRM versions 7.7 or 7.8.x, run statistics specifically on the S_SYM_STR and SYM_STR_INT tables. If you are upgrading from a pre-7.7 Siebel CRM release, the S_SYM_STR and SYM_STR_INT tables are not populated until the merge is completed so you do not have to run statistics on them at this point.

Perform Repository Merge

CAUTION: The Repository merge process cannot be stopped and restarted so make sure you have backed up the database schema or the New Customer Repository before starting the merge.

- 36 "Performing a Siebel Repository Merge" on page 137.
- 37 Review the Siebel Repository merge log files. For information on this task, see the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes how to perform the Siebel Repository merge.
- 38 If the repository merge contains unacceptable errors, do the following:
 - a Restore the backup of the database or New Customer Repository. See "About Backing Up the New Customer Repository or Database Schema" on page 135.
 - b Correct the errors.
 - c Rerun the repository merge.
- 39 Run the Siebel postmerge Utilities.
For information on this task, see the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes how to perform the Siebel Repository merge.
- 40 Perform the following tasks. For information on performing these tasks, see the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes how to perform the Siebel Repository merge:
 - Delete unneeded Siebel repository files.
 - Generate Siebel EIM temporary columns.
 - (Optional) Set label alignment for Siebel text fields.
- 41 Generate database statistics for new tables and new indexes using the RUNSTATS utility. Your DBA can check the system catalog to determine the database objects that do not have statistics.
For further information on generating database statistics, see "Generating RUNSTATS Jobs" on page 185.
- 42 Back up the Siebel database.

Upgrade Custom Database Schema (upgphys)

- 43 Run the Database Configuration Wizard to extract the storage control file from the target database as follows:
 - Specify the following values when prompted to do so:
 - **Extract Options:** Extract from Catalog.
 - **Storage Control File:** Specify the name of the storage control file to be extracted. You must specify the name storage_postupg.ctl.
 - Make sure you specify values for the target database when prompted for the names of the schema qualifier, ODBC data source, and database user name and password.

The procedure to extract a storage control file using the Extract from catalog option is described in *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*. The extracted target database storage control file is used as input to the upgphys upgrade process.

44 Remove EIM tables. It is recommended that you remove EIM tables before synchronizing the Siebel logical and physical schema ([Step 47 on page 53](#)) to ensure that the synchronization process does not fail when processing the EIM tables.

45 Run the Database Configuration Wizard to complete the development environment upgrade:

- Choose the following settings:
 - **Environment Type:** Development.
 - **Upgrade Options:** Upgrade Custom Database Schema (upgphys).
 - **Storage Control File:** The storage control file that you generated in [Step 43](#).
- Make sure you specify values for the target database when prompted for the names of the schema qualifier, ODBC data source, and database user name and password.

Launch the Siebel Upgrade Wizard. SQL commands are executed on the development environment database and a number of output files are generated.

46 ["Transferring the Development Environment Upgrade Output Files to the z/OS Host" on page 189](#).

47 ["Synchronizing the Schema" on page 190](#).

48 ["About the Siebel Upgrade Log Files" on page 197](#).

49 If the upgrade contains unacceptable errors, do the following:

- a** Restore the backup of the database.
- b** Correct the errors.
- c** Rerun the Database Configuration Wizard.

50 ["Manually Archiving Upgrade Log Files" on page 200](#).

51 Back up the upgraded database.

52 ["Deleting Redundant Upgrade Files" on page 194](#).

Initialize and Extract Developers' Local Databases

53 Install the new release of Siebel Tools on developers' computers.

54 Initialize and extract the local database on development computers. For more information about this task, see *Developing and Deploying Siebel Business Applications*.

Review the User Interface

55 (Optional). Compile an SRF file to help review the UI. See ["Creating a New Siebel Repository File" on page 147](#).

56 Review Siebel Repository object property conflicts.

For information on this task, see the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes how to perform the Siebel Repository merge.

57 Carefully review the user interface in the new release by performing the tasks in the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes reviewing the Siebel user interface.

- 58** If you customized style sheet or web template files in the previous release, implement those customizations in the new release again, if desired.
- 59** The postmerge utilities do not convert certain types of flow-based applets to grid-based applets. For example, they do not convert custom form applets to grid-based applets. Convert remaining flow based applets as desired. For further information on editing applet layout, see *Configuring Siebel Business Applications*.

Postmerge Development Tasks

- 60** Perform the following tasks. For information on these tasks, see the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes the Siebel postmerge development tasks:
- Review objects deleted from the Siebel Repository
 - Review obsolete objects in the Siebel Repository
 - Upgrade to the Siebel symbolic string model
 - Update Siebel Enterprise Application Integration (EAI)
- 61** Resolve any business component and join conflicts.

Postupgrade Tasks for Database and File System

- 62** Perform the applicable tasks in [Chapter 16, “Postupgrade Tasks for Siebel Database and File System.”](#)
- 63** Perform the following tasks. For information on these tasks, see the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes postupgrade tasks for the Siebel database and file system:
- Check for inactivated EIM table columns in the Siebel database
 - Validate dock objects and rule definitions in the Siebel database
- 64** Reset upgrade-specific database and database server parameters back to their recommended settings for production. See *Siebel Installation Guide* for the operating system you are using and *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS* for recommended parameter settings.
- 65** If you exported data from interface tables before the upgrade, review the database and import the data as desired.
- 66** Upgrade unencrypted data and data that was encrypted using the standard encryptor to RC2 or AES encryption. For information on this task, see the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes Siebel database and UI upgrade planning.

NOTE: The development environment is now upgraded. The remaining sections deal with configuration and validation tasks.

Postupgrade Tasks for Applications Configuration

- 67 If applicable, review the results of the Person and Organization merge. Make configuration changes as required. For further information, see the topic about the Siebel Party Model in the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes Siebel database and UI upgrade planning.
- 68 Perform the tasks in:
- [Chapter 17, "Postupgrade Tasks for Siebel Business Applications"](#)
 - The chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes the postupgrade tasks for Siebel Business Applications
- 69 Verify the function of interfaces in integrated applications.
- 70 Activate and deploy workflows. To perform these tasks, see *Siebel Business Process Framework: Workflow Guide*.
- 71 If you have set up integrations for transferring data to or from third-party applications using Siebel EAI, verify the integrations are configured correctly. For information on using EAI, see *Overview: Siebel Enterprise Application Integration*.
- 72 If you have used EIM to set up batch processing jobs, verify EIM is configured correctly. For information on using EIM, see *Siebel Enterprise Integration Manager Administration Guide*.

Perform System Tests

- 73 Use available test data to perform unit testing. Validate application function in the following areas:
- User interface
 - Data interfaces
 - Integrity of migrated data
 - Workflow function

Prepare for Transition to Production Test Environment

- 74 Create a new SRF file. For information on creating an SRF file, see *Developing and Deploying Siebel Business Applications*.
- 75 If you revised the repository after running upgphys, you must regenerate the repository definition files. See the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes how to perform the Siebel Repository merge for information on regenerating Siebel Repository definition files.

Process of Upgrading a Production Test Environment

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Production test environment only. Does not apply to production environment.

This process is part of a roadmap. See “[Roadmap for Performing a Siebel Database Upgrade](#)” on [page 45](#).

This topic lists the tasks required to upgrade your production test environment to the current release. Print this topic and use it as a checklist for doing the upgrade.

NOTE: The production test environment must replicate the production environment exactly.

The topic is divided into subtopics, each containing numbered steps. Complete the steps in the order shown.

Searching for Bulletins and Alerts on My Oracle Support

- 1 Check My Oracle Support for recently published bulletins and alerts regarding the upgrade.

Upgrade Third-Party Software

- 2 Upgrade third-party software that is used by Oracle’s Siebel software if required. For example, you might have to upgrade the operating system software. Some database upgrades require newer versions of AIX or Windows.

Upgrade the Servers

Verify you have identified all the maintenance releases, fix packs, and quick fix patches for the upgrade. These requirements are documented in 880452.1 (Article ID) *Siebel Maintenance Release Guide* on My Oracle Support.

CAUTION: Do not install a new Siebel database as part of upgrading the Siebel Enterprise Server.

To perform the following steps, see *Siebel Installation Guide* for the operating system you are using and *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*. Do the following:

- 3 Install the Siebel CRM 8.1 Gateway Name Server, Siebel Servers, and Siebel Web Server Extension (SWSE).

The upgraded Siebel Servers will not work correctly with the RDBMS server until after you have upgraded the Siebel database to the new release.
- 4 Install the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities files on the Siebel Server you will use to perform the upgrade.
- 5 Install language packs for your currently deployed languages and any new languages.
- 6 If you have customized the configuration of Enterprise components, such as Siebel Servers, you must migrate the customizations to the upgraded environment. For information on this task, see *Siebel System Administration Guide*.

Upgrade the RDBMS

- 7 If required, upgrade your version of DB2 for z/OS and DB2 Connect middleware. You might also have to upgrade any DB2 clients that connect to the Siebel database. Refer to the IBM documentation to perform the DB2 for z/OS and DB2 Connect upgrades. To upgrade to Siebel CRM version 8.1, your RDBMS must be IBM DB2 UDB for z/OS Version 8.

Preupgrade Tasks for the Siebel Database

- 8 Review guidelines for configuring DB2 for z/OS. For information, see *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*.
- 9 Verify that the Workflow Monitor and Workflow action agents have processed all pending requests.
- 10 Remove customized database triggers.

The Siebel upgrade process is not designed to support custom database triggers. If you have created customized triggers for the Siebel schema to be upgraded, you must remove them before starting the Siebel upgrade process. You can re-create these objects once the Siebel upgrade completes successfully.

- 11 Prepare the storage control file to use in the upgrade. See “[Preparing the Storage Layout of the Schema](#)” on page 84.
- 12 Perform the tasks in:
- [Chapter 6, “Basic Database Preparations for a Siebel Upgrade”](#)
 - The chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes the basic database preparations for a Siebel upgrade
- 13 Before starting the production test upgrade, ensure that:
- Siebel database transactional tables with clustering indexes are organized in cluster sequence.
 - Generate database statistics for your Siebel database transactional tables, if required.

Preupgrade Tasks for Application Data

- 14 Perform the tasks in the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes how to prepare Siebel application data for upgrade.

Some of these tasks are optional, depending on the currently installed Siebel products and your upgrade path. Review and perform these tasks as necessary.

Preupgrade Tasks for a Production Test Environment Upgrade

- 15 Review the information in “[Requirements for Upgrading the Production Environment](#)” on page 103.
- 16 For instructions on how to set up the Siebel database and Siebel Servers in the production test environment, refer to 477772.1 (Article ID) on My Oracle Support. This document was formerly published as Siebel Technical Note 586.

17 Stop the Siebel Servers.

18 Close all database connections. The only database connection must be the account performing the upgrade.

Disconnect the Siebel Server from the development environment database and connect it to the production test environment database.

19 Copy application files to the environment:

- Custom SRF file
- Reports files
- Custom Web templates and style sheets

See the topic on copying UI files to a new Siebel environment in the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes how to perform the Siebel Repository merge.

20 ["About Moving the Customized Repository and Schema Definition Files" on page 103](#).

If you revised repository objects or schema definitions after performing your development environment upgrade, regenerate the schema.ddl and custrep.dat files before transferring them to the production test environment. For information, see ["Regenerating the Siebel Repository Definition Files" on page 145](#).

21 ["Preparing for a Siebel Upgrade Without a Development Environment" on page 104](#).

If you do not have a development environment, perform this task.

22 Verify the production test database is either a copy of the current production database or has the same topology and a similar amount of data. This is important for effective performance testing of the upgrade scripts.

23 Back up the production test environment database. To do upgrade tuning, you will restore this database and perform test upgrades on it.

Prepare for Production

24 (Optional) Change the Siebel Database Configuration utilities language. For information on this topic, see the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes how to upgrade the Siebel database.

25 **(7.5.3 Upgrades only)** Run the Database Configuration Wizard as described in ["About Running the Database Configuration Wizard on Windows" on page 113](#) or ["About Running the Database Configuration Wizard Under UNIX" on page 114](#). Do the following:

- a Specify the following options:
 - Upgrade Options:** Prepare for Production Upgrade
 - Environment Type:** Production
- b Launch the Siebel Upgrade Wizard.

Upgrade the Siebel Database Schema (upgrep + upgphys)

26 Create the staging database by performing the following tasks:

- a "Required Tasks before Creating the Staging Database" on page 123.
- b "Creating the Staging Database Schema DDL Files" on page 125.
- c "Transferring the Staging DDL to the z/OS Host" on page 125.
- d "Preparing the z/OS Upgrade Environment and Creating the Staging Database" on page 126.
- e "Removing Interface Tables and Triggers" on page 132.

27 Generate the upgrade files by performing the following tasks:

NOTE: Edit the generated files as required by Siebel Technical Notes, Alerts, *Siebel Release Notes* on My Oracle Support, or other publications before transferring them to the z/OS host.

- a "Required Tasks for Generating the Upgrade Files" on page 152.
- b "Restarting the Siebel Upgrade Wizard After Pauses" on page 119.
- c "Preparing the Additive Schema and JCL Files on the z/OS Host" on page 153.
- d "Applying the Additive Schema Changes to the Production Staging Database" on page 157.
- e "Restarting the Siebel Upgrade Wizard After Pauses" on page 119.
- f "Preparing and Executing the Nonadditive Schema and JCL Files on the z/OS Host" on page 160.
- g "Restarting the Siebel Upgrade Wizard After Pauses" on page 119.
- h "Processing the Index Schema File" on page 164.
- i "Building JCL Templates for the Target Database" on page 166.

28 Upgrade the target database by performing the following tasks:

- a Read "Process of Upgrading the Target Database" on page 169.
- b "Creating and Loading Siebel Log Tables" on page 170.
- c "Applying Additive Upgrade Changes to the Target Database" on page 170.
- d Generate statistics for tables and indexes that were created or rebuilt when additive schema changes were applied to the database. You might also have to reorganize these tables and indexes. For further information on generating database statistics, see "Generating RUNSTATS Jobs" on page 185.
- e "Renaming the Production Environment Repository" on page 173.
- f "Performing the In-Place Target Database Upgrade" on page 173.

29 Extract the storage control file from the target database using the Database Configuration Wizard as follows:

- Specify the following values when prompted to do so:
 - **Extract Options:** Extract from Catalog.
 - **Storage Control File:** Specify the name of the storage control file to be extracted. You must specify the name storage_postupg.ctl.

- Make sure you specify values for the target database when prompted for the names of the schema Qualifier, ODBC data source, and database user name and password.

The procedure to extract a storage control file using the Extract from catalog option is described in *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*. The extracted target database storage control file is used as input to the upgphys upgrade process.

- 30 Upgrade the repository and import seed data. See “[Upgrading the Repository and Importing Seed Data](#)” on page 120.
- 31 “[Performing Intersection Table Maintenance](#)” on page 191.
- 32 “[About the Siebel Upgrade Log Files](#)” on page 197.
- 33 If the upgrade contains unacceptable errors, do the following:
 - a Restore the backup of the database.
 - b Correct the errors.
 - c Rerun the Database Configuration Wizard.
- 34 “[Manually Archiving Upgrade Log Files](#)” on page 200.
- 35 Back up the upgraded database.

Postupgrade Tasks for Database and File System

- 36 Perform the relevant tasks in [Chapter 16, “Postupgrade Tasks for Siebel Database and File System.”](#)
- 37 Perform the following tasks. For information on these tasks, see the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes postupgrade tasks for the Siebel database and file system:
 - Check for inactivated EIM table columns in the Siebel database
 - Validate dock objects and rule definitions in the Siebel database
- 38 Reset upgrade-specific database and database server parameters back to their recommended settings for production. See *Siebel Installation Guide* for the operating system you are using and *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS* for recommended parameter settings.
- 39 If you exported data from interface tables before the upgrade, review the database and import the data as desired.
- 40 Upgrade unencrypted data and data that was encrypted using the standard encryptor to RC2 or AES encryption. For information on this task, see the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes Siebel database and UI upgrade planning.
- 41 Ensure Siebel database transactional tables with clustering indexes are organized in cluster sequence, and check whether or not you have to run the REORG utility on new tables.
- 42 Generate database statistics for new or rebuilt tables and indexes using the RUNSTATS utility. For more information about running statistics, see “[Generating RUNSTATS Jobs](#)” on page 185.

NOTE: The production test environment is now upgraded. The remaining sections deal with configuration and validation tasks.

Postupgrade Tasks for Siebel Application Configuration

- 43** Perform the tasks in the following to prepare for system testing:
- [Chapter 17, "Postupgrade Tasks for Siebel Business Applications"](#)
 - The chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes the postupgrade tasks for Siebel Business Applications
- 44** Verify the function of interfaces in integrated applications.
- 45** Activate and deploy workflows. To perform these tasks, see *Siebel Business Process Framework: Workflow Guide*.
- 46** If you have set up integrations for transferring data to or from third-party applications using Siebel EAI, verify the integrations are configured correctly. For information on using EAI, see *Overview: Siebel Enterprise Application Integration*.
- 47** If you have used EIM to set up batch processing jobs, verify EIM is configured correctly. For information on using EIM, see *Siebel Enterprise Integration Manager Administration Guide*.
- 48** If you customized style sheet or web template files in the previous release, you must implement those customizations in the new release again, if desired.

Carefully review the UI in the new release before implementing customizations to those files.

Perform System Tests

- 49** Use available test data to perform unit testing. Validate application function in the following areas:
- User interface
 - Data interfaces
 - Integrity of migrated data
 - Workflow function

Process of Tuning the Upgrade Performance

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Production test environment only. Does not apply to production environment.

This process is optional.

This process is part of a roadmap. See ["Roadmap for Performing a Siebel Database Upgrade" on page 45](#).

CAUTION: You are required to contact your Oracle sales representative for Oracle Advanced Customer Services to request assistance from Oracle's Application Expert Services for help with tuning your upgrade scripts. If you do not, you might invalidate your support agreement.

Use this process to run test upgrades in the production test environment so you can tune upgrade performance. Improving upgrade performance reduces downtime when you perform the production environment upgrade. The steps in this process cover standard performance tuning. For help with this process and to implement more advanced tuning, contact your Oracle sales representative for Oracle Advanced Customer Services to request assistance from Oracle's Application Expert Services.

You can also use this process to test the additive schema changes feature to verify that it does not adversely affect application functionality. The additive schema changes feature allows you to perform part of the upgrade on the production database without taking it offline. This reduces the downtime required to upgrade the production database.

Perform this process in the production test environment. Do not perform this process in the production environment.

Review the following upgrade planning and performance tuning resources before performing this process:

- 478308.1 (Article ID) on My Oracle Support. This document was formerly published as Siebel Technical Note 616. This document describes strategies for minimizing production environment downtime during an upgrade. The steps outlined in this topic are intended primarily for use with the baseline best practices described in Technical Note 616.
- [Chapter 18, "Tuning the Siebel Production Upgrade Scripts."](#) This chapter provides information on how you can improve the performance of the production environment upgrade by tuning the production upgrade scripts in a production test environment.

Set Up the Target Database

- 1 Back up and remove the upgraded production test database.
- 2 In the production test environment, install a recent backup of your production database.
This database has not been upgraded and is called the **target database**. You use it to perform test upgrades as part of tuning upgrade performance.
- 3 Define an ODBC connection to the target database.
- 4 Verify that the target database is configured for optimum upgrade performance. Review the relevant topics in the following:
 - [Chapter 6, "Basic Database Preparations for a Siebel Upgrade"](#)
 - The chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes the basic database preparations for a Siebel upgrade
- 5 (Optional) Run statistics on the target database if the catalog statistics require updating.
- 6 Perform the relevant tasks in the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes how to prepare Siebel Business Applications data for upgrade.

Upgrade the Target Database Schema (`upgrep + upgphys`)

- 7 Using the upgrade files you generated during the production test upgrade, upgrade the target database by performing the following tasks:

- a "Creating and Loading Siebel Log Tables" on page 170.
 - b "Applying Additive Upgrade Changes to the Target Database" on page 170.
 - c "Performing the In-Place Target Database Upgrade" on page 173.
- 8 Upgrade the repository and import seed data. See "[Upgrading the Repository and Importing Seed Data](#)" on page 120. Specify the storage control file you extracted when you performed the production test upgrade (see [Step 29 on page 59](#)).
- 9 "Performing Intersection Table Maintenance" on page 191.
- 10 Note the time required to upgrade the database.
- 11 Review the upgrade logs for errors. See "[About the Siebel Upgrade Log Files](#)" on page 197.
- 12 If the upgrade contains errors that prevented completion or adversely affected performance, correct the errors and rerun the upgrade.
- 13 "Manually Archiving Upgrade Log Files" on page 200.

Tune the Upgrade Files

- 14 Evaluate upgrade performance, particularly the time required to complete the upgrade.
- 15 Do one of the following:
- If the time required to complete the upgrade is acceptable, no further tuning is required. Perform the steps in "[Process of Upgrading a Siebel Production Environment](#)" on page 64.
 - If the time required to complete the upgrade is too long, perform the remaining steps in this subtopic to continue tuning upgrade performance.
 - If the time required to complete the upgrade is too long and you cannot tune further, contact your Oracle sales representative for Oracle Advanced Customer Services to request assistance from Oracle's Application Expert Services to apply advanced tuning.
- 16 Carefully review target database and database server configuration. Adjust as required to further improve upgrade performance.
- 17 Tune the upgrade files:
- "[Optimizing Unload and Load Job Performance](#)" on page 212.
 - "[Adding the Statistics Clause to Load Cards](#)" on page 213.
- 18 Copy the tuned upgrade scripts to a safe location for use in the production upgrade.

Restore the Target Database

Perform these steps if you have made changes to the upgrade environment or to the upgrade files and want to run the upgrade again to verify performance improvement.

- 19 In the production test environment, restore the target database from backup.

This returns the target database to its nonupgraded state so that you can perform another test upgrade.

- 20 In the production test environment, perform another test upgrade and evaluate upgrade performance.
- 21 Repeat the tuning process and perform test upgrades until upgrade performance is acceptable.
- 22 When you have completed tuning upgrade performance in the production test environment, delete and remove the target database.

Process of Upgrading a Siebel Production Environment

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Production environment only. Does not apply to production test environment.

This process is part of a roadmap. See “[Roadmap for Performing a Siebel Database Upgrade](#)” on [page 45](#).

This topic lists the tasks required to transition your production test environment to production. Print this topic and use it as a checklist for doing the upgrade.

The topic is divided into subtopics, each containing numbered steps. Complete the steps in the order shown.

Searching for Bulletins and Alerts on My Oracle Support

- 1 Check My Oracle Support for recently published bulletins and alerts regarding the upgrade.

Upgrade Third-Party Software

- 2 Upgrade third-party software that is used by Oracle’s Siebel software if required. For example, you might have to upgrade the operating system software. Some database upgrades require newer versions of AIX or Windows.

Upgrade the Servers

Verify you have identified all the maintenance releases, fix packs, and quick fix patches for the upgrade. These requirements are documented in 880452.1 (Article ID) *Siebel Maintenance Release Guide* on My Oracle Support.

CAUTION: Do not install a new Siebel database as part of upgrading the Siebel Enterprise Server.

To perform the following steps, see *Siebel Installation Guide* for the operating system you are using and *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*.

- 3 Install the Siebel CRM 8.1 Gateway Name Server, Siebel Servers, and Siebel Web Server Extension (SWSE).

The upgraded Siebel Servers will not work correctly with the RDBMS server until after you have upgraded the Siebel database to the new release.

- 4 Install the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities files on the Siebel Server you will use to perform the upgrade.
- 5 Install language packs for your currently deployed languages and any new languages.
- 6 If you have customized the configuration of Enterprise components, such as Siebel Servers, you must migrate the customizations to the upgraded environment. For information on this task, see *Siebel System Administration Guide*.

Upgrade the RDBMS

- 7 If required, upgrade your version of DB2 for z/OS and DB2 Connect middleware. You might also have to upgrade any DB2 clients that connect to the Siebel database. Refer to the IBM documentation to perform the DB2 for z/OS and DB2 Connect upgrades. To upgrade to Siebel CRM version 8.1, your RDBMS must be IBM DB2 UDB for z/OS Version 8.

Preupgrade Tasks for the Siebel Database

- 8 Review guidelines for configuring DB2 for z/OS. See *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*.
- 9 Verify that the Workflow Monitor and Workflow action agents have processed all pending requests.
- 10 Stop the Siebel Servers.
- 11 Verify there are no open database connections.
- 12 Remove customized database triggers.

The Siebel upgrade process is not designed to support custom database triggers. If you have created customized triggers for the Siebel schema to be upgraded, you must remove them before starting the Siebel upgrade process. You can re-create these objects once the Siebel upgrade completes successfully.

- 13 Prepare the storage control file to use in the upgrade. See “[Preparing the Storage Layout of the Schema](#)” on page 84.
- 14 Perform the applicable tasks in the following:
 - [Chapter 6, “Basic Database Preparations for a Siebel Upgrade”](#)
 - The chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes the basic database preparations for a Siebel upgrade

Preupgrade Tasks for Application Data

- 15 Perform the tasks in the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes how to prepare Siebel application data for upgrade.

Some of these tasks are optional, depending on the currently installed Siebel products and your upgrade path. Review and perform these tasks as necessary.

Preupgrade Tasks for a Production Environment Upgrade

- 16 Review the information in “[Requirements for Upgrading the Production Environment](#)” on page 103.
- 17 Copy application files to the environment:
 - a Custom SRF file.
 - b Reports files.
 - c Custom Web templates and style sheets. See the topic on copying UI files to a new Siebel environment in the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes how to perform the Siebel Repository merge.
- 18 [“About Moving the Customized Repository and Schema Definition Files” on page 103.](#)
- 19 Preparing for a No-Development-Environment Siebel Upgrade.

If you do not have a development environment, see “[Preparing for a Siebel Upgrade Without a Development Environment](#)” on page 104 for information on this task.

Upgrade the Siebel Database Schema (`upgrep + upgphys`)

If you have completed a production test upgrade and have tuned the SQL and JCL upgrade files on the z/OS host, you can use these files to perform the target database upgrade in the production environment. This approach has several advantages:

- You do not have to generate upgrade files in the production environment and then manually transfer customizations to them from the production test environment.
- You do not have to run the Database Configuration Wizard in Prepare for Production mode again.
- You do not have to run the zSeries Staging of Files for Upgrade process using the Database Configuration Wizard to create the staging database and to generate upgrade files again.
- With some exceptions, you do not have to perform database-related configuration tasks required by *Siebel Release Notes* on My Oracle Support or by Alerts again.

NOTE: Before using the tuned upgrade files that you generated in the production test environment, you must edit the upgrade files to change the production test environment values to production environment values.

- 20 Verify you have a current backup of the production environment database.
- 21 On the Siebel Server you used to upgrade the production test environment, create an ODBC to connect to the production environment database.
- 22 Edit the tuned upgrade files you generated during the production test environment upgrade. Replace any values in the upgrade files that are specific to the production test environment with production environment values. You might have to change the following values in the upgrade files:
 - Host/LPAR name where the target database resides
 - DB2 subsystem name of the target database
 - Schema/Tableowner qualifier name on the target database

- ODBC data source name of the target database

You can edit the upgrade files using any utility that allows you to edit partitioned data sets (PDSs). For advice on editing upgrade files, contact your Oracle sales representative for Oracle Advanced Customer Services to request assistance from Oracle's Application Expert Services.

23 Upgrade the target database using the tuned upgrade files, which now contain production environment information, by performing the following tasks:

- a "Creating and Loading Siebel Log Tables" on page 170.
- b "Applying Additive Upgrade Changes to the Target Database" on page 170.
- c "Renaming the Production Environment Repository" on page 173.
- d "Performing the In-Place Target Database Upgrade" on page 173.

24 Extract the storage control file from the target database using the Database Configuration Wizard as follows:

- Specify the following values when prompted to do so:
 - Extract Options:** Extract from Catalog.
 - Storage Control File:** Specify the name of the storage control file to be extracted. You must specify the name storage_postupg.ctl.
- Make sure you specify values for the target database when prompted for the names of the schema Qualifier, ODBC data source, and database user name and password.

The procedure to extract a storage control file using the Extract From Catalog option is described in *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*. The extracted target database storage control file is used as input to the upgphys upgrade process.

25 Upgrade the repository and import seed data. See "[Upgrading the Repository and Importing Seed Data](#)" on page 120.

26 "[Performing Intersection Table Maintenance](#)" on page 191.

27 "[About the Siebel Upgrade Log Files](#)" on page 197.

28 If the upgrade contains unacceptable errors, do the following:

- a Restore the backup of the database.
- b Correct the errors.
- c Rerun the Database Configuration Wizard.

29 "[Manually Archiving Upgrade Log Files](#)" on page 200.

30 Back up the upgraded production database.

31 "[Deleting Redundant Upgrade Files](#)" on page 194.

Postupgrade Tasks for Database and File System

32 Perform the relevant tasks in [Chapter 16, "Postupgrade Tasks for Siebel Database and File System."](#)

- 33** Perform the following tasks. For information on these tasks, see the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes postupgrade tasks for the Siebel database and file system:
- Check for inactivated EIM table columns in the Siebel database
 - Validate dock objects and rule definitions in the Siebel database
- 34** Reset upgrade-specific database and database server parameters back to their recommended settings for production. See *Siebel Installation Guide* for the operating system you are using and *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS* for recommended parameter settings.
- 35** If you exported data from interface tables before the upgrade, review the database and import the data as desired.
- 36** Upgrade unencrypted data and data that was encrypted using the standard encryptor to RC2 or AES encryption. For information on this task, see the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes Siebel database and UI upgrade planning.
- 37** Generate database statistics for new or rebuilt tables and indexes. Determine whether or not any tables must be reorganized by running RUNSTATS with the Report Only option specified. For more information about running statistics, see “[Generating RUNSTATS Jobs](#)” on page 185.

NOTE: The production environment is now upgraded. The remaining topics in this chapter deal with configuration and validation tasks.

Postupgrade Tasks for Applications Configuration

- 38** Review the results of the Person and Organization merge, if applicable. Make configuration changes as required. For further information, see the topic about the Siebel Party Model in the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes Siebel database and UI upgrade planning.
- 39** Perform the tasks in the following:
- [Chapter 17, “Postupgrade Tasks for Siebel Business Applications”](#)
 - The chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes the postupgrade tasks for Siebel Business Applications
- 40** Activate and deploy workflows. To perform these tasks, see *Siebel Business Process Framework: Workflow Guide*.
- 41** If you have set up integrations for transferring data to or from third-party applications using Siebel EAI, verify the integrations are configured correctly. For information on using EAI, see *Overview: Siebel Enterprise Application Integration*.
- 42** If you have used EIM to set up batch processing jobs, verify EIM is configured correctly. For information on using EIM, see *Siebel Enterprise Integration Manager Administration Guide*.
- 43** If you customized style sheet or web template files in the previous release, you have to implement those customizations again in the new release, if desired.

Perform System Tests

44 Use available test data to perform unit testing. Validate application function in the following areas:

- User interface
- Data interfaces
- Integrity of migrated data
- Workflow function

Deploy to Users

45 Upgrade your Siebel Mobile and Developer Web Clients. See *Siebel Installation Guide* for the operating system you are using for further information.

46 If you have customized the configuration of Siebel Enterprise Server components, such as Siebel Servers, you must manually enter the customizations in the upgraded environments. For information on this task, see *Siebel System Administration Guide*.

47 Use Siebel Anywhere to create distribution kits for deployment. See *Siebel Anywhere Administration Guide*.

48 Generate a Siebel Remote database template. See *Siebel Remote and Replication Manager Administration Guide*.

49 Set up database extraction for Siebel Mobile Web Clients. See *Siebel Remote and Replication Manager Administration Guide*.

5

Planning a Siebel Database Upgrade

This chapter describes some of the important database-related issues to consider when planning an upgrade to Siebel CRM 8.1. Also review the applicable topics in the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes the Siebel database and UI upgrade planning tasks before starting your upgrade. This chapter includes the following topics:

- [Planning Resources for Upgrading to Siebel CRM Version 8.1 on z/OS](#) on page 71
- [Planning Changes to the Physical Layout of the Schema](#) on page 72
- [Testing Before a Production Upgrade](#) on page 74
- [Considering Code Page Support](#) on page 74
- [About Executing Jobs Using Siebel-Scheduled Mode or Vendor-Scheduled Mode](#) on page 75
- [Staging and Target Database Planning](#) on page 76
- [Obtaining Required Software and Hardware](#) on page 76
- [Obtaining Required IBM Utilities](#) on page 76
- [About Using the DSNTIAUL Utility](#) on page 77
- [Obtaining Required Security Privileges](#) on page 79
- [Planning Backup and Recovery Stages](#) on page 80
- [About Creating a Schedule for the Upgrade](#) on page 80
- [About Estimating Database Size](#) on page 81
- [Upgrading Your DB2 Software](#) on page 82

Planning Resources for Upgrading to Siebel CRM Version 8.1 on z/OS

The chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes Siebel database and UI upgrade planning tasks also describes the planning resources available to you before you start to upgrade to Siebel CRM version 8.1. This topic describes additional resources available if you use Siebel Business Applications with DB2 for z/OS.

Documentation

Read *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*, available on the *Siebel Bookshelf*, for information on configuring your Siebel application after you have upgraded to Siebel CRM version 8.1.

About Oracle's Application Expert Services

Oracle's Application Expert Services offers detailed implementation planning and technical consulting services. Oracle recommends that you engage Oracle's Application Expert Services for help in planning your upgrade on DB2 for z/OS. Oracle's Application Expert Services can help you to:

- Take advantage of the new features provided by Siebel CRM version 8.1
- Customize the upgrade scripts and the upgrade process as appropriate for your installation
- Carry out performance tuning on the upgrade scripts to minimize production downtime

For further information, see ["About Using Oracle's Application Expert Services" on page 18.](#)

Planning Changes to the Physical Layout of the Schema

In planning your upgrade, you must understand the existing physical layout of your schema and determine whether or not you have to change the layout for the upgrade to Siebel CRM 8.1. Also consider database space requirements and whether or not you have to move table spaces. These issues are discussed in this topic.

New Database Schema Structure Since Siebel CRM Release 7.7.x

Upgrades: Release 7.5.3 only.

In Siebel CRM Release 7.7.x, the current database schema structure, referred to as the *1:1:1* model, was introduced. It has the following characteristics:

- One table in each table space
- One table space in each database

Prior to Siebel CRM Release 7.7.x, the database schema was built using approximately 20 databases, each of which contained multiple table spaces. Each of these table spaces (if nonpartitioned) contained multiple tables. Siebel CRM version 8.1 contains thousands of databases. For example, an SIA installation has approximately 2700 databases. Each database has one table space and each table space has one table.

This model meets IBM recommendations and prevents database descriptor (DBD) locking and logging. These issues arise due to the increasing intensity of DB2 DML and DDL operations and the interaction of these operations with the DBD. The DBD is locked when information about the DB2 objects contained by the DBD is requested and accessed. In general, the more objects a DBD contains, the more probable that a DBD lock will be requested when information about a child object of the DBD is accessed.

Locks are acquired on the DBD table space (DBD01) if a DBD is not in memory (EDM pool). If the DBD is in the EDM pool, no lock is acquired on it if the SQL being run is static. However, most SQL executed by the Siebel application is dynamic; this means locks are acquired on the DBD. For more information on DBD locking, refer to the relevant IBM documentation.

The adoption of the *1:1:1* model since Siebel CRM Release 7.7.x means that if you are upgrading from Siebel CRM version 7.5.3, you must decide how much of this model to deploy. You have the following options:

- Create all tables in the *1:1:1* model.

New 8.1 tables are created in the *1:1:1* model and the storage control file supplied with Siebel Business Applications is used for the upgrade.

- Create new tables in the *1:1:1* model and maintain existing tables in their current table space if possible.

The following scenarios arise if you select this latter option:

- Some existing tables have to be moved to incorporate the addition of new columns.
- Some existing tables have to be moved because they have been extended and the addition of new columns causes the table's LRECL to exceed that of the table space. This necessitates the use of the extract and merge methodology to create the storage control file. For more information on this methodology, see "[Extracting the Storage Control File](#)" on page 88.
- Tables that are to retain the existing format are *merged* into the template control file which employs the *1:1:1* model.

For both options, enter existing tables that are to be migrated to the *1:1:1* model in the file override.inp. See "[About the Override File](#)" on page 42 for further information. For more information on using storage control files, see *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*.

Preparing a Storage Control File

A key task for a successful upgrade is the building of a suitable storage control file for both the development and production upgrade. You must consider space requirements. This is particularly important for the development upgrade, because three new repositories are imported into the database (one extra repository is imported during the production upgrade). Some repository tables will increase significantly in size, so you must provide sufficient space for expected database growth. For information on preparing a storage control file, see "[Preparing the Storage Layout of the Schema](#)" on page 84.

About Moving Table Spaces

If you want to move tables from one table space to another, you must recreate the tables in the new table space and then drop the existing table space, if it is empty. You cannot change the bufferpool designation in the storage control file to move tables because the page size is associated with the table space.

For example, if you are making changes to an existing table space that is using BP1 or a 4 KB bufferpool and these changes cause you to receive a warning from ddlimp that the table must now be in a 16 KB bufferpool, do not just change the bufferpool designation in the storage control file from BP1 to BP16K1. Doing so can cause any LONG VARCHAR column in the table to be bigger than is necessary, resulting in performance problems.

Testing Before a Production Upgrade

Careful testing is critical for a successful upgrade. In particular, the production upgrade must be thoroughly tested to avoid data-specific issues and gain the best possible performance during your upgrade.

NOTE: Do not implement your Siebel CRM 8.1 production database without exhaustive performance testing.

Considering Code Page Support

Siebel CRM 8.x supports ASCII-, EBCDIC-, and Unicode-based coded character set IDs (CCSIDs) on DB2 for z/OS. Development databases, however, cannot use EBCDIC code pages, because databases with EBCDIC code pages do not support two critical procedures in a development environment upgrade:

- Merging prior configuration changes into a new custom configuration repository
- Compiling a new Siebel repository file (.srf file) from the new repository

Additional limitations on databases with EBCDIC code pages include the following:

- Siebel Web Client migration is not supported
- Siebel Dun & Bradstreet server components are not supported

Before you conduct an upgrade, carefully read *Siebel Release Notes* on My Oracle Support for information about known restrictions. For guidelines about choosing the code page for your subsystem, see *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*. In addition, make sure you follow the rules specified by IBM for character conversion as described in the IBM DB2 installation documentation.

About Code Page Conversion

Siebel CRM supports the ASCII 5348 and EBCDIC 1140 code pages on DB2 for z/OS. If your current Siebel CRM release runs on a different code page, you must migrate to one of the supported code pages before upgrading to Siebel CRM version 8.1.

Since Siebel CRM 7.5, Siebel Business Applications has supported the Unicode character set. On the z/OS platform, Siebel Business Applications only support the Unicode character set on DB2 for z/OS version 8 running in New Function Mode or later releases. Character conversions from Unicode code pages to ASCII and EBCDIC code pages on the z/OS host are performed by the z/OS Unicode Services; these conversions are required if Siebel Business Applications are to function correctly. For information on setting up the z/OS Unicode Services, see the IBM document about using Unicode Services on the IBM z/OS information center Web site at

<http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/zos/v1r9/index.jsp>

Check the Siebel schema code page before starting the Siebel upgrade to ensure characters on the target schema will display correctly. Schedule sufficient time to perform and test the code page conversion before beginning the upgrade. For advice and assistance on converting DB2 code pages, contact IBM.

NOTE: To ensure the euro symbol is implemented correctly in the Siebel database on the z/OS host, enable support for the euro symbol by setting the DB2 Connect system environment variable, DB2CONNECT_ENABLE_EURO_CODEPAGE, to YES on all DB2 Connect computers used to connect to the Siebel CRM database. For additional information on the DB2CONNECT_ENABLE_EURO_CODEPAGE variable, see the relevant IBM documentation.

About Executing Jobs Using Siebel-Scheduled Mode or Vendor-Scheduled Mode

Before you perform a production upgrade, determine whether you will execute the jobs using Siebel-provided job scheduling or a third-party vendor scheduler. Choose your scheduling mode carefully, because once you begin an upgrade process under a selected mode, you cannot change your scheduling mode or reverse this decision.

In Siebel Scheduled Mode, the Siebel job scheduler uses job submission EXECs to run the following upgrade jobs:

- Pret
- Pret_FINS
- Household
- Household_FINS
- Preschm
- Preschm-FINS
- Upglss

The Siebel job scheduler automatically submits dependent jobs by their predecessors.

Using Siebel Scheduled Mode, if a job ends abnormally or returns an invalid return code, the upgrade process is halted. You can check the job status by querying the Siebel job log. For further information, see [Chapter 15, "Reviewing the Siebel Upgrade Log Files."](#)

If you use a third-party job scheduler, jobs are not submitted automatically. In this case, you will find it useful to first generate the upgrade scripts using Siebel scheduling to gain an understanding of job dependencies.

NOTE: Logging is provided for both Siebel-scheduled and vendor-scheduled jobs using a DB2 table. Each job contains a step that checks whether or not all the other steps in the job completed successfully. An SQL UPDATE statement is then executed against the log table specifying the job status.

Staging and Target Database Planning

When scheduling your upgrade, be aware that the target database schema must not be changed after the staging DDL is produced. If target database schema changes are applied before the upgrade is completed, you must recreate the staging database and generate the upgrade files again.

When planning your upgrade, keep in mind the following:

- The staging database must be in a separate DB2 subsystem to the target database
- The staging database table space names must be same as those in the target database
- The staging database tableowner and storage group names can be the same or different to the target database names

DB2 DSNZPARM Settings For the Target Database

For Siebel Business Applications to run correctly and efficiently, the DSNZPARM parameters for your target database must be set correctly. For a list of the required and recommended DSNZPARM parameter settings for DB2 for z/OS when using Siebel Business Applications, see *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*.

Obtaining Required Software and Hardware

Because each enterprise has specific requirements for hardware and software resources, it is recommended that you discuss your particular situation with your Siebel technical resource. Make sure your hardware supports the requirements of your Siebel CRM 8.1 upgrade.

Read *Siebel System Requirements and Supported Platforms* on Oracle Technology Network to verify the supported computer and operating system platforms and supported third-party programs for this release of your Siebel Business Applications.

Obtaining Required IBM Utilities

Verify that the following IBM utilities are available for your upgrade to Siebel CRM 8.1:

- **DSNTEP2.** The upgrade uses DSNTEP2 to execute SQL.

Prepare and bind DSNTEP2 by following the procedures in your IBM installation documentation. If you made local modifications, you might have to prepare and bind a separate version. Also, if you are using a separate version of DSNTEP2, you have to change the SIEBSQL* members to reflect the new plan and program names.

- **DFSORT.** The utility DFSORT is used to manipulate data for data migration during upgrade.
- **LOAD.** The IBM DB2 Load utility is used to load data during data migration.
- **REBUILD INDEX.** The IBM DB2 REBUILD INDEX utility (DSNUTILB) is used to build indexes after they are created using DEFER YES.

- **IEBCOPY.** The utility IEBCOPY is used to create members in installation data sets. Sequential data sets contain control information used by IEBCOPY.
- **IEBGENER.** The utility IEBGENER is used to copy sequential data sets.
- **DSNTIAUL.** The upgrade uses DSNTIAUL to unload Siebel application data.

Compile, link-edit, and bind DSNTIAUL by following the procedures in your IBM DB2 installation documentation.

For information on these IBM utilities, see your IBM documentation.

CAUTION: You can choose to use alternative third-party utility products that are preferred for your environment. Evaluate utilities by individual job. Be aware, however, that if you do use utilities other than those recommended, you might have to modify the SQL supplied with Siebel Business Applications to accord with the rules for those utilities. For help with modifying the SQL supplied with Siebel Business Applications, you must contact your Oracle sales representative for Oracle Advanced Customer Services to request assistance from Oracle's Application Expert Services.

About Using the DSNTIAUL Utility

In Siebel CRM releases since 8.0.x, the DSNTIAUL utility is used to unload data from tables. However, the SELECT statements that Siebel CRM 8.x uses to specify the selected columns to be unloaded cause DSNTIAUL to issue a warning message and return a nonzero return code for every unload job. This makes the process of determining whether an unload job completed successfully or not difficult.

To avoid this problem, Siebel CRM 8.x contains a patch for DSNTIAUL which causes a successful unload job to generate a zero return code by changing the selective SELECT warning message to an informational message. Jobs that generate a zero return code require no further consideration. After you apply the patch to DSNTIAUL, all jobs resulting in nonzero return codes must be reviewed. For further information, see ["About Applying the DSNTIAUL Patch."](#)

About Applying the DSNTIAUL Patch

The DSNTIAUL patch, @@TIAUL USERMOD, is packaged as an SMP/E format USERMOD. The patch is a MACUPD (macro update) because DSNTIAUL is delivered as a macro and not as a source object. The @@TIAUL USERMOD updates the DSNTIAUL assembler source code so that nonzero return codes generated solely by the selective SELECT statements are suppressed. The USERMOD is generic in that it applies to known fix levels of the DSNTIAUL utility.

NOTE: It is recommended that a DB2 systems programmer who has knowledge of SMP/E and your maintenance process applies the patch.

To apply the patch, copy the @@TIAUL USERMOD code, listed in ["The @@TIAUL USERMOD Patch" on page 78](#), and apply it to the SMP/E DB2 target zone on z/OS. You can apply the patch using various methods, for example:

- Use the SMP/E APPLY command to apply @@TIAUL USERMOD directly to the z/OS system, then run assemble, link, and bind jobs to specify it as the default program

- Copy the source member containing the original DSNTIAUL code and add the code from @@TIAUL USERMOD to the copy. Then create an executable with a new name for the new source member.

NOTE: If you use this method, you might have to change the Siebel upgrade scripts to accommodate any changes to the way in which DSNTIAUL is invoked.

Ask your z/OS system administrator for the most appropriate method to use to apply the @@TIAUL USERMOD at your site.

The @@TIAUL USERMOD Patch

This topic lists the @@TIAUL USERMOD for IBM DB2 UDB for z/OS Version 8. Before copying the following code and applying the USERMOD, change the modification control statements to reflect the applicable maintenance level of the existing DSNTIAUL utility; comments in the @@TIAUL USERMOD provide specific instructions.

NOTE: Sequence numbers must start in column 72.

```
++ USERMOD (@@TIAUL) REWORK(2010007)
/*
USERMOD @@TIAUL:
ALLOW RETCODE 0 EVEN WHEN SELECTING LIMITED COLUMNS.

THIS USERMOD WILL CAUSE ONE SECTION OF CODE TO BE BYPASSED.

THIS SECTION SETS RETURN CODE 4 IN THE CASE OF A SELECT NOT
BEING A FULL SELECT WITH "*". THE CHANGE WILL NO LONGER FORCE
A RETURN CODE 4.

THE CHANGE ALSO INCLUDES AN "ORACLE81" EYECATCHER.

NOTE:
THE PRE-REQUI SITE (PRE) OPERAND <> MUST>> BE CHANGED ON THE
++VER CONTROL STATEMENT TO REFLECT CURRENT MAINTENANCE LEVEL.

MACRO DETAILS:

MACRO      FMI D      RMI D      SYSLIB      DSTLIB      DATE
DSNTIAUL  HDB8810  UK50731  SDSNSAMP  ADSNMACS  2010.01.07

*/
++
++ VER (P115)
FMI D(HDB8810)
PRE  (UK50731)
/*
*****
* DO NOT ADD LINE NUMBERS TO THIS USERMOD!
*****
* REP LINE WITH SEQ NUMBERS 04600000
* SKIP LINES WITH SEQ NUMBERS 11900000 TO 11930000
*****
*/
++MACUPD(DSNTIAUL) DSTLIB(ADSNMACS) .
./ CHANGE NAME=DSNTIAUL
```

```

SAVE (14, 12), , ' DSNTI AULORACLE81&SYSDATE. &SYSTIME'
*** DO NOT SET WARNING RETURN CODE ***
AGO .NOSLCT_BYPASS
.NOSLCT_BYPASS ANOP ,
./ ENDUP
@ORACLE 04600000
@ORACLE 11895000
@ORACLE 11895001
@ORACLE 11935000

```

About DSNTIAUL CCSID Conversion Errors

DSNTIAUL unloads all Siebel application data in an EBCDIC CCSID. If the data to be unloaded is in ASCII format, conversion errors can occur for characters that are supported in ASCII but that are not supported in EBCDIC, for example, the euro and copyright symbols. CCSID conversion errors generate a return code of 4 and produce an SQLSTATE of 01517.

If the ASCII data contains a character that cannot be converted to EBCDIC, DSNTIAUL stops the unload process at that point. To correct this problem, you can either:

- Update the source data
- Specify the DSNTIAUL TOLWARN (YES) parameter

CAUTION: It is recommended that you do NOT use the TOLWARN (YES) parameter because it suppresses conversion error messages and can result in data corruption.

The TOLWARN (YES) parameter forces DSNTIAUL to continue the unload process by inserting substitution characters for characters that cannot be converted; this ensures all records are unloaded even if they contain data that cannot be directly converted from ASCII to EBCDIC.

However, using the TOLWARN (YES) parameter can also cause corrupted data in your upgraded Siebel application. DSNTIAUL provides the same substitution character for all ASCII characters that cannot be converted to EBCDIC. When the data is converted back to ASCII, the substituted characters are all converted back to the same ASCII character, for example, the euro and copyright symbols will both be represented by the same character. After the upgrade, your Siebel application will contain corrupted data and you will have to review the source data to determine which symbol a corrupted character corresponds to.

Obtaining Required Security Privileges

For detailed information about security for DB2 for z/OS installations and upgrades, see *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*.

In Siebel CRM releases since 8.0.x, access privileges to database resources such as tables, views, and triggers are granted to a user group. A user group is a definition within the security package (for example, RACF) that has a common set of users attached to it. Access to the DB2 tables is granted to the user group, and user authentication is performed at the group level. All users belonging to the group are allowed access. All users who are not part of the group are denied access.

The user who executes the upgrade must be a member of a qualified group. To grant this user tableowner privileges, the tableowner must be set up as a qualified group, and the DBA who executes DDLs must be a member of this qualified group. The group ID is the qualifier (for example, RACF group ID).

The Siebel installation process allows the installer to specify the group user name for client access (the default is SSEROLE), and the resulting installation scripts generate the appropriate GRANT statements. GRANT statements for additional security groups that might be required must be created manually.

NOTE: The GRANT statements must be executed by either the tableowner, a database administrator, or a system administrator.

The following privileges are necessary for the user who performs the upgrade:

- Read the DB2 catalog
- Execute stored procedures
- Bind stored procedures

Because each enterprise has specific requirements, it is recommended that you discuss your particular situation with your Siebel technical resource.

Planning Backup and Recovery Stages

In addition to the backup and recovery procedures that are standard for your environment, take a set of DB2 backups at key stages during the upgrade, using your preferred utility. A snapshot of your repositories and environment at these stages protects the progress of your upgrade in the event of a failed subsequent process.

It is recommended that you back up your Siebel schema at these key stages of the upgrade:

- Before any upgrade activity is started
 - Before performing unloads
- NOTE:** Unloads must be performed when there is no system activity, so that the database is at a point of consistency.
- After upgrading the Siebel database schema
 - After the repository merge
 - After upgrading the custom database schema

Review the results of all JCL jobs that you execute during the install or upgrade process. You can use a spool viewer such as IBM's SDSF to inspect the output from these jobs. You can review this information in addition to reviewing the upgrade log files.

About Creating a Schedule for the Upgrade

Develop a plan for your upgrade based on the objectives and constraints for your deployment.

If you are migrating multiple languages from a prior version, plan extra time for the repository merge process. The expected merge time can increase with the number of languages in the repository. You also might have to plan for additional installation-related tasks.

The following procedures can reduce the time required for your upgrade:

- Run selected processes in advance of the upgrade.

Certain preupgrade tasks can be run at any time prior to the upgrade. These procedures can be performed in advance either for testing purposes or to accommodate downtime constraints.

Examples of procedures that can be performed by a database administrator in advance of your upgrade include ["Preparing the Storage Layout of the Schema" on page 84](#).

- Apply additive schema changes to the production database ahead of the target database in-place upgrade. See ["About Siebel Additive Schema Upgrade Changes" on page 22](#).
- Prepare select processes to run in parallel.

If a large table such as S_EVT_ACT is partitioned, it can run in parallel by transferring shipped statements into the numbered SQL statement.

Do not start a new development effort until after the new version has been rolled out.

About Estimating Database Size

Database upgrade is resource intensive. If the upgrade exceeds available resources, the upgrade halts. You must then resolve resource issues before resuming the upgrade.

To help you estimate the database size required when upgrading to Siebel CRM 8.1, [Table 7](#) shows the number of tables in 4-KB, 16-KB, and 32-KB table spaces in a sample Siebel Industry Applications database in a 7.5.x, 7.8, 8.0 and 8.1 release. [Table 7](#) also shows the space required by the tables.

Because Siebel CRM adopted a 1:1:1 database schema structure since Siebel CRM 7.7 (one table in each table space, one table space in each database), these releases require many more 16-KB and 32-KB table spaces than pre 7.7 releases. However, some tables might not require 16-KB and 32-KB table spaces if you convert LONG VARCHAR columns to CLOB columns.

Actual expected growth might also vary widely from these estimates, depending on which Siebel application you are using (Siebel Business Applications or Siebel Industry Applications), database configuration, row size of tables, data content, and code page. The number of tables and space estimates shown in [Table 7](#) for Siebel CRM 8.0 are for an EBCDIC database.

Table 7. Number of Tables and Space Required in a Sample Siebel DB2 Database by Release

Release	4-KB Table Space	8-KB Table Space	16-KB Table Space	32-KB Table Space
8.1	4229 (2,759,008 KB)	331 (312,112 KB)	171 (62,272 KB)	105 (52,160 KB)
8.0	4229 (2,759,008 KB)	331 (312,112 KB)	171 (62,272 KB)	105 (52,160 KB)
7.8	3857 (569,442 KB)	Not applicable	459 (237,735 KB)	86 (224,62 KB)
7.5.3	2542 (637,706 KB)	Not applicable	404 (336,384 KB)	22 (143,28 KB)

NOTE: [Table 7](#) shows the space required by the tables in a release but does not include the space required by indexes. The values shown are adjusted for compression.

Upgrading Your DB2 Software

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Development environment only.

Before you upgrade, carefully review *Siebel System Requirements and Supported Platforms* on Oracle Technology Network to verify that you are using the currently supported versions of the following DB2 software:

- **DB2 for z/OS.** You must be using DB2 UDB for z/OS Version 8 to upgrade to Siebel CRM 8.1. If you are using an earlier version of DB2, you must migrate to and thoroughly test the currently supported version before you upgrade to Siebel CRM 8.1.

NOTE: The current version of Siebel Business Applications supports IBM DB2 Version 10 for z/OS, IBM DB2 Version 9 for z/OS, and IBM DB2 UDB for z/OS Version 8. To upgrade to Siebel CRM version 8.1, however, you must use DB2 UDB for z/OS Version 8. You can migrate to later DB2 versions after the upgrade process is completed.

- **DB2 Connect.** Siebel Developer Web Clients (Siebel Mobile Web Client in connected mode) and Siebel Servers communicate with DB2 for z/OS through DB2 Connect middleware. Verify that you are using the version of DB2 Connect supported for Siebel CRM 8.1.

Make sure that all software meets the requirements specified in *Siebel System Requirements and Supported Platforms* on Oracle Technology Network.

6

Basic Database Preparations for a Siebel Upgrade

This chapter describes the DB2 for z/OS database tasks you must complete before upgrading to Siebel CRM version 8.1. Also review the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes the basic database preparations for a Siebel upgrade and perform any applicable tasks before starting your upgrade. This chapter includes the following topics:

- [Verifying Database Configuration on page 83](#)
- [Creating Storage Groups on page 84](#)
- [Updating Group Names on page 84](#)
- [Preparing the Storage Layout of the Schema on page 84](#)
- [Reviewing EIM Table Partitioning and Data Distribution on page 96](#)
- [Backing Up the Database on page 97](#)
- [Granting a Siebel User Upgrade Authorization on page 97](#)
- [Converting LONG VARCHAR Columns to CLOB Columns on page 98](#)

Verifying Database Configuration

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

Verify that your development Siebel database configuration meets or exceeds Siebel requirements as described in *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*. Be aware of the following:

- The upgrade sets the TRACKMOD parameter to YES, which is the IBM default value for table space objects. Oracle recommends that you set the TRACKMOD parameter to NO, to reduce data sharing overhead.
- Set the DSNZPARM CMTSTAT to INACTIVE to prevent timeout errors from occurring. If you do not set this DSNZPARM parameter to INACTIVE, then set IDTHTOIN to 0 (Inactive).
- Ensure the z/OS Unicode Conversion Services are correctly installed and configured. For further information on z/OS Unicode Conversion Services, see *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*.

Before you begin your upgrade, verify your database configuration. The consequence of exceeding available resources is a halted upgrade that requires you to allocate time to adjust the environment and then resume the upgrade.

When you upgrade from a previous version of Siebel Business Applications to version 8.1, the size of your database is likely to increase. The amount by which your database grows might vary widely, depending on your database configuration, row size of tables, and data content. For information on estimating the growth, see ["About Estimating Database Size" on page 81](#).

The growth percentage will also increase depending on how you size your database and configure default storage for database table spaces. For example, if you set the default storage for your initial or next extent in a given DB2 table space to 10 KB, that table space will grow by a smaller percentage than if you set it to 100 KB.

Creating Storage Groups

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Development environment only.

Before upgrading the Siebel database, your DBA must create storage groups on the staging database. The names used to define the storage groups for the staging database can be the same or different to those defined on the target database.

Updating Group Names

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Development environment only.

If you are upgrading to the current release, table space group names are not updated for some of the tables in the Siebel-supplied ddl.ctl file. You must update the table space group names so that they match the names used in the DB2 catalog; this ensures the repository group names are the same as those used in your physical database environment.

To update table space group names

- To update the table space group names, execute the following query:

```
UPDATE SIEBEL.S_TABLE A
SET A.GROUP_CD = (SELECT B.TSNAME FROM SYSIBM.SYSTABLES B WHERE A.NAME = B.NAME
AND B.CREATOR = 'SIEBEL')
WHERE A.INACTIVE_FLG = 'N' and A.REPOSITORY_ID = (SELECT B.ROW_ID FROM
B.S_REPOSITORY WHERE B.NAME = 'Siebel Repository')
```

where *SIEBEL* is your Siebel schema qualifier name.

Preparing the Storage Layout of the Schema

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

Before starting the 8.1 upgrade, you have to prepare the storage control file you will use during the upgrade. The DBA can prepare the storage control file at any time before the upgrade.

The storage control file contains storage information, including bufferpools and storage groups, that is used as the basis for the storage layout of your new 8.1 Siebel database. Even if you are using a preconfigured storage layout, you must make sure that the layout is valid for your schema.

Preparing the storage control file process consists of the following tasks:

- ["Modifying the Storage Control File" on page 86](#)
- ["Extracting the Storage Control File" on page 88](#)
- ["Validating the Extracted Storage Control File" on page 92](#)
- ["Reviewing the Storage Control File" on page 94](#)

NOTE: You must validate the storage control file after you extract it and after you modify it.

There are different starting points from which you can customize your storage layout:

- **Scenario 1.** Begin with a Siebel-provided storage layout template, import the template into the Siebel Database Storage Configurator (dbconf.xls), customize it, then export it as your customized layout.
- **Scenario 2.** Use your current configuration from an existing database layout and merge it with one of the Siebel-provided templates. This can then be imported to the Siebel Database Storage Configurator for further manipulation. For more information on the Siebel Database Storage Configurator, see *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*.

To prepare the storage control file, use the Database Configuration Wizard to extract the storage layout of your database from the DB2 catalog. As part of the extraction process, you can merge the storage layout information from your existing database with information you already input into a storage template file or information in a template provided with Siebel Business Applications.

As an alternative, instead of extracting the storage layout of your existing database, you can use a template provided with Siebel Business Applications as the storage control file. For more information about templates for the storage control file, see *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*. Siebel Business Applications provide the templates listed in [Table 8](#) for the storage control file.

Table 8. Storage control File Templates

Template	Description
storage_np.ctl	Database storage layout for a nonUnicode Siebel schema with no partitioning scheme
storage_np_u.ctl	Database storage layout for a Unicode Siebel schema with no partitioning scheme
storage_p.ctl	Database storage layout for the Siebel schema with partitioning for a set of tables on an ASCII database

Table 8. Storage control File Templates

Template	Description
storage_p_e.ctl	Database storage layout for the Siebel schema with partitioning for a set of tables on an EBCDIC database
storage_p_u.ctl	Database storage layout for the Siebel schema with partitioning for a set of tables on a Unicode database

Modifying the Storage Control File

There are three methods by which you can configure storage space:

- **Method 1.** This method consists of performing a standard Siebel database installation by running the Database Configuration Wizard, choosing the Generate DDL into a File installation option, and specifying as input one of the Siebel storage control file templates. This process generates the following:
 - A storage control file, based on the Siebel template file you selected, that incorporates the configuration information you entered when you ran the Database Configuration Wizard. This file is generated in the `dbsrvr\DB2390` (Windows) or `dbsrvr/DB2390` (UNIX) directory
 - A `schema.sql` file that is applied on the z/OS host to create the Siebel schema. The `schema.sql` file is based on the customized storage control file generated by the database install

Using these files, you can then configure storage space in any of the following ways:

- Amend the storage control file generated during the database install in the `dbsrvr\DB2390` (Windows) or `dbsrvr/DB2390` (UNIX) directory (see also Method 2).
- Apply the `schema.sql` file generated by the database install on the DB2 host to create the Siebel schema, then amend the schema using native DB2 tools. Extract the storage control file from the DB2 catalog; the file will include the changes you have made.

NOTE: You access the extract utility through the Database Configuration Wizard. This utility allows you to extract information from the DB2 catalog. You can use this extract utility any time you want to create a new storage control file, based on the DB2 catalog.

- Amend the `schema.sql` file generated by the database install directly, apply it on the DB2 host to create the schema, and then extract the storage control file, which will include the changes you made.

For information on installing the Siebel database and extracting storage control files, see *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*.

- **Method 2.** This method consists of manipulating the storage control file (`storage.ctl`) directly by opening it with a text editor program. This method can be used if you understand the file structure.

You can use this method to amend one of the Siebel-supplied storage control files or to amend a storage control file that you have extracted from another Siebel schema.

- **Method 3.** This method consists of using the Siebel Database Storage Configurator tool. The Siebel Database Storage Configurator tool is a Microsoft Excel macro (dbconf.xls) that is installed in the dbsrvr\db2390 (Windows) or dbsrvr/db2390 (UNIX) subdirectory of your installation directory. This tool allows you to import a storage control file, amend it, validate the syntax of your changes, and then save it.

UNIX customers must transfer dbconf.xls and the .ctl files to their Microsoft Windows environment. Use BINARY FTP transfer for the dbconf.xls file. For information on using the Siebel Database Storage Configurator, see *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*.

NOTE: Validate the storage control file after you modify it. See “[Validating the Extracted Storage Control File](#)” on page 92 for further information.

Related Topic

“[Preparing the Storage Layout of the Schema](#)” on page 84

About Extracting the Storage Control File

The information in your storage control file comes from the target database, that is, the database to be upgraded. When you extract the storage control file, you can choose one of two methods:

- **Extract from Catalog.** This method extracts the storage layout of your existing database from the DB2 catalog; the output is a new storage layout.

Use this option when creating the storage control file that is used to generate the DDL to build the staging database schema. For information on this task, see “[Required Tasks before Creating the Staging Database](#)” on page 123.

The Extract from Catalog method can also be used to perfect your target database layout by performing a dummy installation, manipulating the schema layout through native utilities, then extracting the customized layout. For information on the Extract from Catalog option, see *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*.

- **Extract from Catalog and Merge with Template.** This method preserves your existing layout. This method merges storage layout information from your existing database with information that you already entered into a storage template file provided with Siebel Business Applications. This preserves your prior layout, and your output is the prior physical layout merged with an 8.1 storage layout template.

After you have created the staging database, use the Extract from Catalog and Merge with Template option to extract the storage layout of the Siebel staging database from the DB2 catalog and merge it with a Siebel CRM 8.1 storage control file so as to preserve any customizations you have made to the database layout in the upgraded database. For information on this task, see “[Required Tasks for Generating the Upgrade Files](#)” on page 152.

The following list details scenarios that might occur during the extract and merge process and the behavior you can expect in these cases:

- **A database object exists in the existing database but not in the template.** The definition of the database object is output to the new storage control file.

- **A database object is specified only in the template file.** The definition of the database object is output to the new storage control file.
- **A database object is specified in both the existing database and the template.** The layout of the existing database is extracted as the default. However, you can manually override this behavior by creating a file called *override.inp* in the BIN directory under *SIEBEL_ROOT*. Place any tables that you want to override into this file.

Related Topic

["Preparing the Storage Layout of the Schema" on page 84](#)

Extracting the Storage Control File

After you have created the staging database but before you begin to generate the upgrade files, you must extract the storage control file from the staging database and merge it with a Siebel CRM 8.1 template. You do this using the Database Configuration Wizard Extract from Catalog and Merge with Template option. Depending on the type of upgrade you are performing, assign one of the following names to the extracted storage control file:

- Development environment upgrade: *storage_upg_dev.ctl*
- Production environment upgrade: *storage_upg_prod.ctl*.

To extract the storage control file

- 1 Run the Database Configuration Wizard.

For information on running the Database Configuration Wizard, see ["About Running the Database Configuration Wizard on Windows" on page 113](#) or ["About Running the Database Configuration Wizard Under UNIX" on page 114](#).

- 2 Enter the information shown in [Table 9 on page 89](#) when prompted by the Database Configuration Wizard. Collect this information and verify it before running the utility.
- 3 Save the information you have entered and launch the Upgrade Wizard as described in [Chapter 9, "Running the Database Configuration Wizard to Perform Upgrade Tasks."](#)

The database catalog is read and your prior custom database layout is merged with one of the 8.1 Siebel database layout templates (located in the *DBSRVR_ROOT\db2390* directory). New objects take a layout from one of the layout templates. By default, new tables are created as one-table-per-database to prevent concurrency and locking errors.

NOTE: If you choose a Siebel storage control file template that includes partitioning, and the existing database schema does not include partitioning, by default, the existing database objects are not partitioned in the storage control file generated (that is, the database catalog overrides the templates) unless you specify the table names in the override input file (*override.inp*).

Once the merged storage control file is created, you must verify it against the staging database. For information on this task, see ["Validating the Extracted Storage Control File"](#).

Information Required for the Database Configuration Wizard Extract Option

Table 9 lists the information you must enter to run the Database Configuration Wizard Extract and Merge option.

Table 9. Information Required for the Database Configuration Wizard Extract and Merge Option

Field Name or Menu	Required Information
Siebel Gateway Name Server Address Enterprise Server name	The Siebel Gateway Name Server computer name and the Enterprise Server name.
Siebel Server Directory	The absolute path of the directory where the Siebel Server is installed, for example, C:\sba81\si_ebsrvr (Windows) or si_ebel /si_ebsrvr (UNIX). For UNIX, do not enter the string \$SI_EBEL_ROOT.
Siebel Database Server Directory	The absolute path of the directory where the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities are installed, for example C:\sba81\dbsrvr (Windows) or si_ebel /dbsrvr (UNIX).
RDBMS Platform	Choose IBM DB2 for z/OS.
Siebel Database Operation	Choose Run Database Utilities.
Database Utilities Options	Choose Configure Database
Database Configuration Options	Choose Extract Storage File to extract a storage control file.
Extract Options	<p>Choose the Extract from Catalog and Merge with Template option.</p> <p>This option preserves your existing layout. This option merges storage layout information from the database you specify with information that you already entered into a storage control file, only taking objects from the template that do not already exist in the catalog.</p> <p>NOTE: The first time that you run an upgrade, you must use the Extract from Catalog and Merge with Template option, thereby preserving your existing layout.</p>
ODBC Data Source Name	<p>Verify the ODBC name for connecting to the staging Siebel database.</p> <p>Windows: To find the name of your ODBC data source, navigate to the Start menu and select Settings, Control Panel, Administrative Tools, and then Data Sources (ODBC). Click the System DNS tab to find the name of your ODBC data source.</p> <p>UNIX: To find the name of your ODBC data source, type: vi \$ODBCINI .</p>

Table 9. Information Required for the Database Configuration Wizard Extract and Merge Option

Field Name or Menu	Required Information
Database User Name	<p>Enter the user name and password for the Siebel administrator of the staging database.</p> <p>NOTE: The staging database user name (user ID) must have authorization to set the CURRENT SQLID.</p>
Siebel Schema Qualifier	Enter the eight-character identifier that designates the Siebel schema for your staging database. This is also an authorization ID. The schema qualifier must start with a letter, cannot contain special characters, and must be entered in uppercase.
Database Encoding Scheme	<p>Specify whether your database is UNICODE or Non-UNICODE.</p> <p>When you are upgrading to Siebel CRM 8.1, choose Non-UNICODE.</p>
Code Page Encoding Scheme	Indicate whether your DB2 subsystem is ASCII or EBCDIC.
Environment Type	Indicate whether your database environment is production or development.
Storage Control File Layout	<p>Choose Siebel Schema without Partitioning if you want all tables only in segmented table spaces.</p> <p>Choose Siebel Schema with Partitioning if you want a layout that includes a set of tables that is recommended for partitioning. The remaining nonpartitioned tables are in segmented table spaces.</p>
Default Tablespace	Enter the name of the default table space.
Storage Group for Tablespaces	Indicate the values for the following parameters:
Storage Group for Indexes	<p>Storage Group for Tablespaces. Enter the name of the table storage group.</p> <p>Storage Group for Indexes. Enter the name of the index storage group.</p>
4KB Buffer Pool Name	Indicate the values for the following parameters:
8KB Buffer Pool Name	<p>4KB Buffer Pool Name. Enter the 4-KB buffer pool name for your table spaces or accept the default name, BP1. The DBA must have activated this buffer pool and granted access to it.</p> <p>8 KB Buffer Pool Name. Enter the 8-KB buffer pool name for your table spaces or accept the default name, BP8K1. The DBA must have activated this buffer pool and granted access to it.</p>

Table 9. Information Required for the Database Configuration Wizard Extract and Merge Option

Field Name or Menu	Required Information
16KB Buffer Pool Name 32KB Buffer Pool Name	Indicate the values for the following parameters: 16KB Buffer Pool Name. Enter the 16-KB buffer pool name for your table spaces or accept the default name, BP16K1. The DBA must have activated this buffer pool and granted access to it. 32KB Buffer Pool Name. Enter the 32-KB buffer pool name for your table spaces or accept the default name, BP32K1. The DBA must have activated this buffer pool and granted access to it.
Index Buffer Pool Name Database Name Prefix	Indicate the values for the following parameters: Index Buffer Pool Name. Enter the buffer pool name for indexes or accept the default name, BP2. The DBA must have activated this buffer pool and granted access to it. Database Name Prefix. Enter the prefix to assign to the names of logical Siebel databases on the target database. The default prefix is SIDB. NOTE: The prefix can consist of a maximum of four characters in length, it must start with a letter, and it cannot contain any special characters. The database name prefix must be the same for all database objects in the Siebel schema because the prefix identifies an object as belonging to the Siebel schema. Siebel utilities can recognize and use Siebel objects only if they follow Siebel naming conventions.
Storage Control File	Enter the directory path and name for the storage control file created by this process. You must accept the default value displayed in the Storage Control File field; this varies depending on the type of upgrade you are performing: ■ Development environment upgrade: storage_upg_dev.ctl ■ Production environment upgrade: storage_upg_prod.ctl.
Log Output Directory	Accept the default or enter the directory name. If the directory does not exist, it will be created. Do not use special characters such as spaces, slashes, or symbols in the name of the log output.

Related Topic

["Preparing the Storage Layout of the Schema" on page 84](#)

Validating the Extracted Storage Control File

When you have extracted your existing database storage control file and merged it with a Siebel CRM 8.1 template in preparation for the 8.1 upgrade, you must validate the storage control file. (You must also validate the storage control file any time you modify it.) The validation process checks that the tables are the right length for the target schema. Do not proceed with the Siebel CRM 8.1 upgrade until the validation process runs without error.

The following procedure describes how to validate the storage control file you extracted and merged with a Siebel CRM 8.1 template as described in ["Extracting the Storage Control File" on page 88](#).

To validate the storage control file

- 1 Run the Database Configuration Wizard as described in ["Extracting the Storage Control File" on page 88](#).

The procedure to validate a storage control file using the Database Configuration Wizard is also described in *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*.
- 2 Specify the following values:
 - a On the Database Configuration Options screen, select the Validate Storage File option.
 - b On the Data Transport Method screen, select the Batch - Generate Unload/Load option.
 - c On the following screens, make sure you specify values for the *staging* database:
 - ❑ ODBC Data Source Name
 - ❑ Database User Name
 - ❑ Siebel Schema Qualifier
 - d On the Schema File screen, specify the following values:
 - ❑ **Schema File:** Specify the directory path and filename of the file against which the extracted file is to be validated. For development environment upgrades, specify the *ddl.ctl* file. For production environment upgrades, specify the *schema.ddl* file.
 - ❑ **Storage Control File:** Specify the name of the storage control file you extracted and merged in ["Extracting the Storage Control File" on page 88](#). For development environment upgrades, specify *storage_upg_dev.ctl*. For production environment upgrades, specify *storage_upg_prod.ctl*.
- 3 When you have entered all the required values and reviewed them, launch the Siebel Upgrade Wizard to start the validation process. See [Chapter 9, "Running the Database Configuration Wizard to Perform Upgrade Tasks."](#)
- 4 When the validation is completed, review the log files, *dbvalidate_report.log* and *dbvalidate_schema.log*, that are generated in the *SIEBEL_ROOT\LOG\dbconfig_vali date_mf\output* directory (Windows) or the *SIEBEL_ROOT/LOG/dbconfig_vali date_mf/output* directory (UNIX).

If any validation errors occurred, correct them, then run the validation process again.

About Validation Errors

If you are validating a storage control file for an EBCDIC database, the validation process does not report all errors the first time it is run. You must rerun the validation process after fixing all reported errors. If new errors are reported on a subsequent validation, you must fix the errors and run the validation again. You can proceed after the validation reports no errors.

The most common reason that the validation process fails is because table spaces for the Siebel schema are not large enough to hold the new table definitions. If this error occurs, examine the dbvalidate_report.log file and identify the names of the buffer pools associated with the table spaces generating errors. Increase the bufferpool sizes as necessary in the storage.ctl file.

You can amend the storage control file using any of the methods described in ["Modifying the Storage Control File" on page 86](#). To amend buffer pool sizes associated with table spaces generating errors using the Database Storage Configurator (dbconf.xls), perform the following procedure. For further information on using the Database Storage Configurator, see *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*.

To amend bufferpool sizes using dbconf.xls

- 1** Open dbconf.xls and select Enable Macros when prompted.
- 2** Import the storage control file that generated the validation errors:
 - a** With the Home tab active, click Import.
 - b** Go to the directory where your storage control file is located and double-click the appropriate file.
 - c** When the import process is completed, click OK.
- 3** The following message appears:

Please enter default values for your system

Either amend the values for the displayed parameters, or accept the default values. (This screen does not appear if you have already set the default values.)
- 4** Click Set.
- 5** You are prompted to indicate whether or not you want to import row lengths. Select No.
- 6** Select the Functions tab, then click the Tools tab.
- 7** Click the Repair BP Validation button.
- 8** Select the log file generated by the validation process by double-clicking on the file, or selecting the file and clicking Open. This file lists the names of the buffer pools associated with the table spaces generating errors.
- 9** The Database Storage Configurator updates the buffer pool sizes for the table spaces generating errors in the storage control file. When the process is completed, the following message is displayed.

Bufferpools have been updated successfully!
- 10** Click OK.

- 11 Click the Home tab, and then click Export to save the amended storage control file. Save the file with the same filename. A message is displayed stating that the file will be validated (the syntax is validated).
- 12 Click OK. When the validation process is completed, a message is displayed if the file contains any values that require review.
- 13 Click OK. The values in the file that require a review are displayed, highlighted in red (errors) or yellow (warnings).
- 14 Make a note of the object that is generating the error or warning; the relevant object type tab and the object are highlighted. Click OK.
- 15 Navigate to the object that generated the validation warning or error by selecting Structures, and then *object type*. Amend the highlighted values if required, then export the file again.
- 16 When the validation process is completed successfully and you have exported the file, exit from the Database Storage Configurator.
- 17 Validate the storage control file against the target schema again using the Database Configuration Wizard.

Related Topic

["Preparing the Storage Layout of the Schema" on page 84](#)

Reviewing the Storage Control File

After you have extracted the storage control file, you must carefully review and edit it to meet your requirements. Your storage control file is located in the directory that you specified when you ran the Database Configuration Wizard to extract the file.

NOTE: If you extracted the storage control file on a Siebel Server that is on a UNIX operating system platform, and you would like to amend the file using the Siebel Database Storage Configurator utility (dbconf.xls), transfer the storage control file to a Microsoft Windows computer which has Microsoft Excel installed using a BINARY FTP file transfer mode. Using BINARY FTP transfer ensures that carriage returns in the storage control file are maintained and transferred correctly.

Check the following parameters in the control file and modify them as appropriate for your database. Once you have a storage layout that you are satisfied with, you are ready to continue with your upgrade. Every time you modify the storage control file, you must validate it again. For additional information, see ["Validating the Extracted Storage Control File" on page 92](#).

Do not change the defaults for the following parameters in [Object 1] in the storage control file:

- IndexStogroup
- IndexBp
- PriQty
- SecQty

[Object 1]

```
Type = Default
Name = Default
Database = $DbnamePrefix0000
Tablespace = SI_EBTS00
Stogroup = $StogroupTables
IndexStogroup = $StogroupIndexes
IndexBp = $IndexBufferPool
Bufferpool = $4KBufferPool
Locksize = Page
SegSize = 32
LockMax = 0
PriQty = 48
SecQty = 1440
PctFree = 17
FreePage = 0
Compress = Yes
Define = No
Erase = No
CCSID = $DbType
```

[Object 2]

```
Type = Database
Name = $DbnamePrefix0000
LockSize = Page
```

[Object 3]

```
Type = Tablespace
Name = SI_EBTS00
Database = $DbnamePrefix0000
Bufferpool = $4KBufferPool
Stogroup = $StogroupTables
```

```
LockSize = PAGE  
LockMax = 0  
SegSize = 32  
Pri Qty = 48  
SecQty = 1440  
PctFree = 17  
FreePage = 0  
Compress = No  
Partitions = 0  
Defi ne = 0  
Erase = 0
```

Related Topic

["Preparing the Storage Layout of the Schema" on page 84](#)

Reviewing EIM Table Partitioning and Data Distribution

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

Partitioning EIM table spaces can improve EIM processing performance. However, make sure that you check that the partitioning keys you are using distribute the data evenly in the table space partitions.

Siebel Business Applications provide a partitioning column, PARTITION_COLUMN, designed specifically to produce even data distribution. This column is populated with data using a BEFORE INSERT trigger to generate the partitioning value for each row.

In releases of Siebel Business Applications before 8.0.x, the trigger that is used to populate PARTITION_COLUMN in the Siebel prepartitioned tables is based on the ROW_ID column, or another column, from a parent table. In Siebel releases since 8.0.x, the BEFORE INSERT trigger generates a random number between 00 and 10 and uses this number to populate PARTITION_COLUMN.

When you upgrade from a pre-8.x Siebel CRM release to Siebel CRM 8.x, the PARTITION_COLUMN trigger is not changed. For Siebel prepartitioned tables that are partitioned based upon PARTITION_COLUMN using the 7.x release trigger, you might have to modify the partitioning values you use to achieve balanced partitions.

The mechanism by which EIM generates the ROW_ID can result in an uneven distribution of data if you use EIM with one of the default partitioning schemes to import data into a base table. When EIM imports data into a base table, EIM automatically generates the base table ROW_ID by concatenating the prefix with a unique number; for example, 1-SB3-123. EIM relies on database functions to make sure that each number is unique under the same prefix.

Uneven data distribution occurs because one of the default partitioning approaches uses the last two characters of ROW_ID as the partition key for partitioning of base tables; these characters can be letters, numbers, or a combination of letters and numbers, but the last two characters in a ROW_ID generated by EIM are numbers.

If your storage control file is to use partitioning keys that reflect the nature of your data, consider your data distribution with regard to your EIM process before you begin your database upgrade. Then, modify your partitioning keys accordingly. Alternatively, you can repartition the table after an uneven distribution has occurred.

Backing Up the Database

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

Perform a full backup of the database. This backup protects your repositories and environment.

It is a recommended practice that you back up your database at key stages of the upgrade:

- Before any upgrade activity is started
- After upgrading the Siebel Database Schema or Custom Database Schema (upgrep + upgphys)
- After the repository merge

Perform any necessary maintenance on your Siebel database, for example running REORG or RUNSTATS, before backing it up. This ensures that your database is ready for use if you have to perform a database recovery.

Granting a Siebel User Upgrade Authorization

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

The Siebel user who executes the Database Configuration Wizard and performs the upgrade must be set up as an employee on Siebel. This is the Siebel user whose user ID is entered when the Database Configuration Utility prompts for Database User Name.

The user name (user ID) of the target database must have authorization to set CURRENT SQLID and must have Siebel administrator responsibility. SADMIN is the default administrator user name. If this user does not already exist in your database, or does not have Siebel administrator privileges, then you must add this user to your database before starting the upgrade. For further information on adding Siebel users, see *Siebel Security Guide*.

Converting LONG VARCHAR Columns to CLOB Columns

Upgrades: Releases 7.5.3, 7.7.

Environments: All environments.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

In Siebel CRM Release 8.x and 7.8.x, the LONG VARCHAR columns of the following Siebel tables are converted to CLOB columns on z/OS to make sure data truncation problems do not occur:

- S_BITMAP_DATA
- S_DMND_CRTN_PRG
- S_EVT_MAIL
- S_NOTE
- S_NOTE_ACCNT
- S_NOTE_CON
- S_NOTE_OPTY
- S_SCHMST_DBSCPT
- S_SCHMSTEP_SCPT
- S_SERVICE_SCRPT

If you are upgrading to Siebel CRM version 8.1 from a pre-7.8.x release of Siebel Business Applications, if any of these tables are already in 32 KB buffer pools, convert the LONG VARCHAR columns in these tables to CLOB data types to make sure the columns are not truncated if, for example, a column is added to the table during the upgrade. For additional information, see 556105.1 (Article ID) on My Oracle Support.

CAUTION: For pre-7.8.x upgrades, you must convert the SCRIPT column of the S_SERVICE_SCRPT table from a LONG VARCHAR data type to a CLOB data type before you begin the upgrade. If you do not, the repository merge process fails because the row length of the table exceeds the DB2 limit. Changing the data type of the SCRIPT column in the S_SERVICE_SCRPT table involves dropping and re-creating the table. Ask your DBA to perform this task or create a service request (SR). You can log service requests by accessing My Oracle Support (Service Request tab), or by using your existing phone support numbers to contact Oracle Global Customer Support.

Preparing a Development Environment for a Siebel Upgrade

This chapter describes the steps in preparing a development environment for upgrade. It includes the following topics:

- Requirements for Upgrading the Development Environment on page 99
- About Moving Tables on page 99
- Checking In Development Repository Projects on page 100
- Preparing for Intersection Table Maintenance and Deduplication on page 101
- Determining Which Template File Was Used During an Extract or Merge on page 102

Requirements for Upgrading the Development Environment

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Development environment only.

Before you upgrade your development environment, make sure that the development database configuration meets the database requirements outlined in “[Verifying Database Configuration](#)” on [page 83](#), and meets the requirements depicted in *Siebel Installation Guide* for the operating system you are using.

If your development environment platform is DB2 for Windows and UNIX, see *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide*.

NOTE: Make sure that the development database uses binary sort order. Production databases are not constrained by this requirement.

If you have not already done so, copy the Upgrade Planning Worksheet, located in [Appendix A, “Siebel Upgrade Planning Worksheet,”](#) and fill out the appropriate fields with the information you require to perform the upgrade. Contact your database administrator or systems programmer for help in completing the worksheet. Also, refer to “[Information Required by the Database Configuration Wizard](#)” on [page 107](#) for a description of the information you are required to enter when you run the Database Configuration Wizard to perform upgrade operations.

About Moving Tables

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Development environment only.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, “How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade.”](#)

Some of the Siebel tables will have columns added to them as part of the upgrade. When this happens, the length of the record will increase, which might cause it to require a larger table space or bufferpool. Moving the identified tables to a new, larger and differently named table space allows you to maintain the model of multiple tables for each table space which is present for all pre-7.7 schemas.

Before you move the tables, you must remove any standard or custom views using an SQL DROP command. Complete the following procedure to find the views that are defined on a table.

NOTE: The example used in the procedure assumes that you are creating a new 16K table space within the same database as the older, smaller table space.

To find views that are defined on a table

- Run the following SQL statement to produce the list of views:

```
select * from sysibm.sysviewdep  
WHERE Bcreator = 'yourschema'  
AND BNAME IN ('S_ASSET', 'S_PROD_INT');
```

This SQL statement produces the drop statements into a sequential data set:

```
SELECT DISTINCT 'DROP VIEW ' || 'yourschema.' || V.DNAME || ' ;'  
FROM SYSIBM.SYSVIEWDEP V  
WHERE V.BNAME IN ('S_ASSET', 'S_PROD_INT')  
AND V.BNAME = 'S_ASSET'  
AND BCREATOR = 'yourschema' ;
```

To process these drop statements on the z/OS host, you must create a PDS member with the output from the preceding statement. Then submit this member through DSNTEP2 using JCL.

You can also list these tables in the override.inp file. This will cause the tables to be recreated in a new database with one table space and one table.

If you are using the preconfigured storage control file, you do not have to move any tables as a preupgrade task. This is because the existing schema is not being preserved and all tables will be recreated in the 1:1:1 model.

Checking In Development Repository Projects

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Development environment only.

Developers who are using Siebel Tools with a local SQL Anywhere database must check in their projects to the development repository.

Make sure that all project locks in your current Siebel repository have been released to prevent inadvertent loss of development work during the upgrade.

If you are using Siebel Workflow Manager, you must run the Workflow Monitor Agent and Workflow Action Agent to completion before upgrading to Siebel CRM 8.1. The S_ESCL_REQ table does not have any rows if Workflow Manager has completed successfully.

Preparing for Intersection Table Maintenance and Deduplication

Upgrades: Release 7.5.3 only.

Environments: Development environment only.

Perform the following task to create the storage_dedup.ctl file. This file is used for deduplication procedures and intersection table maintenance.

To create a storage_dedup.ctl file

- 1 Create a copy of the storage_dedup.ctl file located in the DB2390 directory under *DBSRVR_ROOT*.
- 2 Rename the copy of storage_dedup.ctl to preserve it as a backup, for example, save it as ORIGstorage_dedup.ctl.
- 3 Navigate to the *DBSRVR_ROOT\DB2390* directory and open dbconf.xls.

NOTE: If your midtier is UNIX, then the dbconf.xls and storage_dedup.ctl files must be transferred to Windows using the ftp command. The dbconf.xls file must be transferred in binary mode while the storage_dedup.ctl file must be in ASCII mode. Using these transfer modes prevents file corruption.

- 4 Select the HOME tab page, and click Import.
- 5 When you are prompted to select the storage_dedup file, navigate to the *DBSRVR_ROOT\DB2390* directory and select storage_dedup.ctl.

The default values screen appears.

- 6 On the default values screen, enter the values for your system:
 - a Enter your values for the following parameters:
 - Table Storage Group for Table
 - Index Storage Group for Indexes
 - 4-KB Buffer Pool Name
 - 16-KB Buffer Pool Name
 - Index Buffer Pool Name
 - b For the Database Name Prefix, replace the placeholder, *SIDB*, with your database name prefix.

Your database name prefix can be a maximum of four characters. This can be the last four letters of your tableowner ID.

- c For the Encoding Scheme, specify your database encoding scheme, either ASCII or EBCDIC.
- After entering and verifying all values, click Set.
- 7 Return to the HOME tab page, and click Export.
- Save this database configuration as storage_dedup.ctl in the *DBSRVR_ROOT\DB2390* directory.

Determining Which Template File Was Used During an Extract or Merge

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Development environment only.

This topic describes how to determine which template file was used for an extract or merge operation when a storage control file is created.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

To determine the template file that was used for an extract or merge operation

- 1 Open the dbextract.log file and review the command line that was entered.
- 2 Check the value for the /i parameter. You can also check the upgwiz.log file for the strgxtrct. exe command string.

```
/i D:\18025\ dbsrvr\ db2390\storage_p_e.ctl
```

```
2004-01-28 09:10:32D:\18025\si ebsrvr\bin\strgxtrct.exe /u QADMIN /p ***** /c Q10K  
/d yourschema /I D:\18025\si ebsrvr\log\dbconfig_extract_merge_mf_lk5\output/  
dbextract.log /i D:\18025\ dbsrvr\ db2390\storage_p_e.ctl /o D:\18025\ dbsrvr\  
db2390\SStempstore.txt /v D:\18025\ dbsrvr\ db2390\override.inp /8 D029 /9 SIEBTS  
/1 SYSDEFLT /2 SYSDEFLT /3 BP1 /4 BP2 /7 EBCDIC
```

This chapter describes the steps in preparing a production environment for upgrade. It includes the following topics:

- Requirements for Upgrading the Production Environment on page 103
- About Moving the Customized Repository and Schema Definition Files on page 103
- Preparing for a Siebel Upgrade Without a Development Environment on page 104

Requirements for Upgrading the Production Environment

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Production test, production.

You must be thoroughly familiar with the upgrade process before beginning the production upgrade. Before upgrading your production environment, perform a test upgrade in your production test environment to familiarize yourself with the process and to eliminate errors that can affect upgrade success or performance.

Before beginning the upgrade of your production environment, verify that the production database configuration meets the database requirements outlined in the topic "[Verifying Database Configuration](#)" on page 83.

If you have not already done so, copy the Upgrade Planning Worksheet, located in [Appendix A, "Siebel Upgrade Planning Worksheet,"](#) and fill out the appropriate fields with the information you require to perform the upgrade. Contact your database administrator or systems programmer for help in completing the worksheet. Also, refer to [Table 10 on page 108](#) and [Table 11 on page 112](#) for a description of the information you are required to enter when you run the Database Configuration Wizard to perform upgrade operations.

About Moving the Customized Repository and Schema Definition Files

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Production test and Production environments.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

When you upgraded your development environment, the new customized repository was exported to a file called custrep.dat and the modified schema definition was exported to a file called schema.ddl in the *SIEBEL_ROOT\dbsrvr\db2390* directory (Windows) or the *\$SIEBEL_ROOT/dbsrvr/db2390/* (UNIX) directory on the Siebel Server client computer from which you ran the upgrade. These files are used as the schema input on the production upgrade.

If the development and production upgrades are run on different midtier computers, then you must copy the schema.ddl and custrep.dat files to the production midtier computer before running the production upgrade.

If you modify repository objects or schema definitions after completing the development upgrade (upgphys), you must regenerate the schema.ddl and custrep.dat files. See “[Regenerating the Siebel Repository Definition Files](#)” on page 145 for further information. You must then copy the files from the development to the production midtier computer again.

In the production environment, the custrep.dat file is used by the Siebel Upgrade Wizard to import the New Customer Repository and the schema.ddl file is used by the Siebel Upgrade Wizard to create the new database schema.

Preparing for a Siebel Upgrade Without a Development Environment

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Production test, production.

Platforms: All platforms.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, “How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade.”](#)

If your installation does not include a development environment, you do not have to merge your Siebel Repository. Instead, you can use the repository and schema definition files included in the Siebel Database Server installation. Before performing the upgrade, you must move and rename these files.

To prepare for an upgrade without a development environment

- 1 Navigate to *DBSRVR_ROOT\common* (Windows) or *DBSRVR_ROOT/common* (UNIX) and locate the mstrep.dat file.
- 2 Copy the mstrep.dat file and rename it custrep.dat.
- 3 Place the custrep.dat file in the *DBSRVR_ROOT\DB2390* (Windows) or *DBSRVR_ROOT/DB2390* (UNIX) directory.
- 4 In the DB2390 directory, copy the ddl.ctl file and paste the copy into the same directory.
- 5 Rename the copy schema.ddl.

- 6 In the production test environment create a new database, separate from the Siebel database. Install the Siebel database from the new release in the new database. Do not migrate any data to the new database.
This database is called the reference database.
- 7 Define an ODBC for the reference database.

Running the Database Configuration Wizard to Perform Upgrade Tasks

This chapter describes how to run the Database Configuration Wizard to perform the midtier tasks for an upgrade. Also review the topics in the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes how to upgrade the Siebel database, and perform any applicable topics before starting your upgrade.

Refer to the roadmap for your upgrade in [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade"](#) for a complete list of all the tasks you must perform to upgrade to Siebel CRM 8.1. This chapter contains the following topics:

- [Information Required by the Database Configuration Wizard on page 107](#)
- [About Running the Database Configuration Wizard on Windows on page 113](#)
- [About Running the Database Configuration Wizard Under UNIX on page 114](#)
- [Starting the Siebel Upgrade Wizard on page 117](#)
- [Upgrading the Repository and Importing Seed Data on page 120](#)

Information Required by the Database Configuration Wizard

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

Use this topic to identify the information you must enter when running the Database Configuration Wizard. Make sure you have prepared your upgrade environment, and have collected and verified this information before running the wizard.

The Database Configuration Wizard requests information about the upgrade process you want to perform. It then adds this information to a master upgrade file. The Siebel Upgrade Wizard runs after the Database Configuration Wizard exits. The wizard generates the upgrade SQL files and executes some of the SQL files against the Siebel database. For more information on the Database Configuration Wizard, see ["About the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities and Database Configuration Wizard" on page 30](#).

Table 10 lists the information that you must enter in the Database Configuration Wizard when performing the upgrade processes. [Table 11 on page 112](#) lists additional information the utility requires when you perform a production environment upgrade.

Table 10. Information Required for the Database Configuration Wizard Upgrade Database Option

Field Name or Menu	Required Information
Gateway Name Server Address	The Siebel Gateway Name Server computer name. The Enterprise Server name.
Enterprise Server Name	
Siebel Server Directory	The absolute path of the directory where the Siebel Server is installed. For UNIX, do <i>not</i> enter the string \$SIEBEL_ROOT.
Siebel Database Server Directory	The absolute path of the directory where the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities are installed, for example C:\sba81\dbsrvr (Windows) or \$SIEBEL/dbsrvr (UNIX).
RDBMS Platform	Choose IBM DB2 UDB for z/OS.
Siebel Database Operation	Choose Upgrade Database. The other menu choices are for database installation and administration.
Environment Type	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Choose Development for development environment upgrades. ■ Choose Production for production and production test environment upgrades.
Upgrade Options	Choose one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Upgrade Siebel Database Schema (upprep): development upgrades only ■ Upgrade Custom Database Schema (upgphys): development upgrades only ■ Prepare for Production Upgrade: production upgrades only ■ Upgrade Siebel Database Schema (upprep + upgphys): production upgrades only
Upgrade Process	Choose one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ zSeries Staging of Files for Upgrade: to create the staging database DDL and to generate upgrade files ■ zSeries Seed/Repository Upgrade: to automatically populate and upgrade data on the database

Table 10. Information Required for the Database Configuration Wizard Upgrade Database Option

Field Name or Menu	Required Information
Siebel Industry Application	<p>This screen appears if you are upgrading from a Siebel Industry Solution or Siebel Industry Application.</p> <p>Choose the application you are upgrading from.</p> <p>If you have upgraded to the base Siebel Business Applications as part of upgrading to the new Siebel Industry Applications release, choose Siebel Business Application (HOR).</p>
Current Siebel Version	Choose the application version you are upgrading from.
Database Encoding	Indicate whether your database uses an ASCII or EBCDIC code page.
Language Selection	<p>Upgrades with more than one language pack installed only.</p> <p>Select the primary (base) language from the list of language packs installed in your enterprise. The primary language is the language in which the data is stored in the Siebel database to be upgraded.</p>
Multilingual Deployments	<p>Upgrades with more than one language pack installed only.</p> <p>Indicate whether or not you have deployed multiple languages in your Siebel Enterprise. All languages that you have installed, and for which you have run the Multilingual List of Value conversion process, are upgraded.</p>
ENU Upgrades	<p>Upgrades with more than one language pack installed only.</p> <p>Specify whether or not American English (ENU) is to be upgraded in addition to the base language.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Select Yes if American English (ENU) has been added to the database and is to be upgraded. For ENU to be upgraded, ENU must have been added to the database <i>and</i> the ENU language pack must be installed ■ Select No if American English (ENU) has not been added to the database. If American English (ENU) has not been added to the database, it is not upgraded even if the ENU language pack is installed. <p>For additional information on upgrading multilingual Siebel deployments, see <i>Siebel Database Upgrade Guide</i>.</p>

Table 10. Information Required for the Database Configuration Wizard Upgrade Database Option

Field Name or Menu	Required Information
Host/LPAR name where Target database resides DB2 Subsystem name of Target database.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Host/LPAR name where Target database resides. The name of the host or LPAR where the target database is located. You can either specify the same or different Host/LPAR names for the target and staging databases. ■ DB2 Subsystem name of Target database. The DB2 subsystem name of the target database. You must specify a <i>different</i> DB2 subsystem name for the target and staging databases.
Schema/Tableowner qualifier name on Target database	Enter the up to eight-character identifier that designates the Siebel schema for your target database. This is also an authorization ID. The schema qualifier must start with a letter, cannot contain special characters, and must be entered in uppercase. The target database tableowner name can be the same or different to the staging database tableowner name.
ODBC Data Source Name of Target database	Verify the ODBC name for connecting to the target Siebel database. The default value of the target database ODBC DSN is the DB2 subsystem name. When you set up the ODBC connection in DB2 Connect, you can use the actual subsystem name for the database alias. NOTE: To find the name of your ODBC data source, navigate to the Start menu, then select Settings, Control Panel, and then ODBC data source. Click the System DSN tab and you will find the name of your ODBC data source. To find the name of your ODBC data source on UNIX, type: vi \$ODBCINI .
Valid/Authorized Target database user name or group name Valid/Authorized Target database password	Enter the target database user name and password for the Siebel administrator of the target database. For further information on the database user name, see “ Granting a Siebel User Upgrade Authorization ” on page 97.
Host/LPAR name where Staging database resides DB2 Subsystem name where the Staging database resides	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Host/LPAR name where Staging database resides. The host or LPAR name of the staging database. The staging and target Host/LPAR names can be the same or different. ■ DB2 Subsystem name where Staging database resides. The DB2 subsystem name of the staging database. You must specify <i>different</i> DB2 subsystem names for the target and staging databases.

Table 10. Information Required for the Database Configuration Wizard Upgrade Database Option

Field Name or Menu	Required Information
Schema/Tableowner qualifier name for Staging database	Enter the up to eight-character identifier that designates the Siebel schema for your staging database. This is also an authorization ID. The schema qualifier must start with a letter, cannot contain special characters, and must be entered in uppercase. The staging database tableowner name can be the same or different to the target database tableowner name.
Authorized TSO account ID used to connect and FTP files to Enterprise Server(s)	Enter your TSO account ID. This account ID must have the authorization to allocate and create data sets on the z/OS host.
Dataset High-level Qualifier for all Host (Staging and Target) dataset names	Specify the high-level qualifier you want to use for the z/OS upgrade data sets. Follow your organization's naming standards.
Security Group ID / Grantee.	Enter the user ID of the group to whom schema access is granted, for example, SSEROLE.
Storage Group for Temporary Indexes	Storage Group for Temporary Indexes. Enter the name of the storage group provided by the database administrator for the staging database (the default value is SYSDEFLT). The staging database storage group name can be the same or different to the target database storage group name.
Storage Control File	Storage Control File. Enter the path and name of the storage control file you want to use as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ zSeries Staging of Files for Upgrade: When you select this upgrade process, specify the storage control file of the target database. ■ zSeries Seed/Repository Upgrade: When you select this upgrade process, specify the storage control file that contains the previously customized database storage layout (this is the file you prepared in "Preparing the Storage Layout of the Schema" on page 84).
Primary Quantity for Temporary Index Space	Enter the minimum amounts of primary and secondary index space allocated for temporary indexes generated during the upgrade.
Secondary Quantity for Temporary Index Space	
DDL Commit Frequency	Enter the DDL commit frequency for your upgrade.

Table 10. Information Required for the Database Configuration Wizard Upgrade Database Option

Field Name or Menu	Required Information
Output Directory	<p>Accept the default output directory name or enter a new directory name.</p> <p>NOTE: When the upgrade process is complete, this directory contains all of the files necessary to create the staging database or run the upgrade. These files must be manually applied by the database administrator.</p>
Log Output Directory	Accept the default output directory for upgrade log files name or enter a new directory name.

Additional Information Required for Production Upgrades

If you are upgrading from Siebel CRM version 7.5.3, when you perform a production environment upgrade, you are prompted to enter the additional information shown in [Table 11](#) when you run the Database Configuration Wizard in Prepare for Production Upgrade mode.

Note that several screens request information about the Siebel database in the development environment, not the production environment.

Table 11. Additional Information Required for Production Upgrades

Screen Name	Required Information
ODBC Data Source Name for Development Database	Windows only. The ODBC name for connecting to the development environment Siebel database. If you are upgrading without a development environment, this is the ODBC of the reference database.
Database User Name for Development Database	Account name and password of the Siebel administrator of the Siebel database in the development environment.
Database Password for Development Database	
Siebel Schema Qualifier for Development Database	Enter the up to eight-character identifier that designates the Siebel schema for your development database. This is also an authorization ID. The schema qualifier must start with a letter, cannot contain special characters, and must be entered in uppercase.
Repository Name for Development Database	Enter the name of the upgraded Siebel Tools repository in the development environment database. Typically, this is <i>Siebel Repository</i> .

About Running the Database Configuration Wizard on Windows

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

Platforms: Windows only.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

Run the Database Configuration Wizard to upgrade the Siebel database. The wizard collects information, populates a master configuration file, and calls the SQL generator to create SQL commands. The Siebel Upgrade Wizard then uses the configuration file and SQL commands to generate upgrade files that are applied on the mainframe, and to make upgrade changes to the Siebel database. For more information about the Database Configuration Wizard, see ["About the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities and Database Configuration Wizard" on page 30.](#)

Requirements:

- Collect the information that the Database Configuration Wizard requires. See ["Information Required by the Database Configuration Wizard" on page 107.](#)
- Install the new release's languages packs for all deployed languages. For further information on multilingual upgrades, see the topic on upgrade planning for multilingual Siebel deployments in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide*. For a list of languages shipped by Oracle, see *Siebel System Requirements and Supported Platforms* on Oracle Technology Network.

CAUTION: When you run the Siebel Database Configuration Wizard to upgrade the Siebel Database, the procedure will not complete successfully if you have deployed languages within your system that are not shipped with Siebel CRM 8.1. You receive an error message stating that your present installation is incomplete, and a list of the languages that caused the error is displayed. If this error occurs, you must delete records for unshipped languages from the S_LST_OF_VAL database table. For information on this task, see the topic on running the Database Configuration Wizard in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide*.

Running the Database Configuration Wizard Under Windows

This topic describes the standard procedure to follow to run the Database Configuration Wizard under Windows.

To run the Database Configuration Wizard under Windows

- 1 Stop all Siebel Servers by navigating to the Start menu, then select Settings, Control Panel, and then Services.

NOTE: The Database Configuration Wizard runs in live mode only so you must be connected to the Gateway Name Server to run it. For further information on Siebel Configuration Wizard running modes, see *Siebel Installation Guide* for the operating system you are using.

- 2 From the Start menu, select Programs, Siebel Enterprise Server Configuration 8.1, and then Database Server Configuration.

The first screen of the Database Configuration Wizard appears.
- 3 Enter the information you are prompted for in each screen, and click Next to continue.
- 4 When the Configuration is Complete screen appears, select one of the following options, and click Next:
 - **Yes apply configuration changes now.** The configuration information you entered is saved and you can choose to launch the Siebel Upgrade Wizard in [Step 7](#).
 - **No I will apply configuration changes later.** The configuration information is saved but you cannot choose to launch the Siebel Upgrade Wizard in [Step 7](#).
- 5 On the Configuration Parameter Review screen, review the configuration values you entered on the previous screens. To change any of the values, click Back to return to the screen with the parameter you want to change. If the values are correct, click Next to continue.
- 6 You are prompted as to whether you want to execute the configuration:
 - Click No if you decide you do not want to continue with the upgrade process. The configuration information you have entered is *not* saved. You must enter the database configuration parameters again.
 - Click Yes to continue. The configuration information you have entered *is* saved.
- 7 Depending on the option you selected in [Step 4](#), do one of the following:
 - If you selected the **No I will apply configuration changes later** option, click OK to finish. The configuration information is saved in a master file located in *SIEBEL_ROOT\bin* but the Upgrade Wizard is not launched. You can restart the configuration and run the Upgrade Wizard later. See "[Starting the Siebel Upgrade Wizard](#)" on page 117.
 - If you selected the **Yes apply configuration changes now** option in [Step 4 on page 114](#), the configuration information you entered is saved. Click OK and the Siebel Upgrade Wizard is launched; it calls the SQL generator to create or populate SQL scripts.

You can also launch the Database Configuration Wizard from the command line. For information on the command line syntax and on the available options, see *Siebel Installation Guide for Microsoft Windows*.

About Running the Database Configuration Wizard Under UNIX

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

Platforms: UNIX only.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

Run the Database Configuration Wizard to upgrade the Siebel database. The wizard collects information, populates a master configuration file, and calls the SQL generator to create SQL commands. The Siebel Upgrade Wizard then uses the configuration file and SQL commands to generate upgrade files that are applied on the mainframe, and to make upgrade changes to the Siebel database. For more information on the Database Configuration Wizard, see "[About the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities and Database Configuration Wizard](#)" on page 30.

Requirements:

- Collect the information that the Database Configuration Wizard requires. See "[Information Required by the Database Configuration Wizard](#)" on page 107.
- Install the new release's languages packs for all deployed languages. For further information on multilingual upgrades, see the topic on upgrade planning for multilingual Siebel deployments in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide*.

CAUTION: When you run the Siebel Database Configuration Wizard to upgrade the Siebel Database, the procedure will not complete successfully if you have deployed languages within your system that are not shipped with Siebel CRM 8.1. You receive an error message stating that your present installation is incomplete, and a list of the languages that caused the error is displayed. If this error occurs, you must delete records for unshipped languages from the S_LST_OF_VAL database table. For information on this task, see the topic on running the Database Configuration Wizard in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide*.

For a list of languages shipped by Oracle, see *Siebel System Requirements and Supported Platforms* on Oracle Technology Network.

Running the Database Configuration Wizard Under UNIX

This topic describes the standard procedure to follow to run the Database Configuration Wizard under UNIX.

To run the Database Configuration Wizard under UNIX

- 1 Verify that the Siebel Server is stopped.

The Database Configuration Wizard runs in live mode only so you must be connected to the Gateway Name Server to run it. For further information on Siebel Configuration Wizard running modes, see *Siebel Installation Guide for UNIX*.

- 2 Before running the Database Configuration Wizard under UNIX, you must configure your environment by running the CreateDbSrvrEnvScript script. To run CreateDbSrvrEnvScript:
 - a Navigate to the *SIEBSRVR_ROOT\instal_l\script\install* directory, for example, *home\siebel\siebsrvr\install\script\install*.
 - b Run CreateDbSrvrEnvScript as follows:

`CreateDbSrvrEnvScript SIEBEL_ROOT LANG Database_Platform`

where:

- ❑ *SIEBEL_ROOT* is the top-level Siebel Enterprise Server 8.1 installation directory, for example, */siebel*

- *LANG* is the three-letter code for the primary language of your Siebel database, for example, enu
- *Database_Platform* is Db2.390

CreateDbSrvrEnvScript creates two environment setup scripts, dbenv.sh and dbenv.csh, in the Siebel Server installation directory.

- 3** Navigate to the *\$IEBSRVR_ROOT/bin* directory, and source either the dbenv.sh or the dbenv.csh file, according to the type of shell you use:

■ **Korn or Bourne shell**

```
. . ./dbenv. sh
```

TIP: Make sure there is a space between the initial period and . /dbenv. sh.

■ **C shell**

```
source dbenv. csh
```

- 4** Review the values of the \$IEBEL_ROOT and LANGUAGE environment variables and verify that they are correct. If necessary, reset the values as follows:

- Set the LANGUAGE variable to the language in which the Database Configuration Wizard prompts appear, for example, enu for U.S. English.
- Set the \$IEBEL_ROOT variable to the path of your Siebel Server installation directory, for example, home/siebel/siebel/ebsrvr.

- 5** Start the Database Configuration Wizard by running the following command:

```
$IEBEL_ROOT/bin/ssi ncfgw -args LANG=/language MODEL_FI LE=$IEBEL_ROOT/admin/dbsrvr. scm
```

For a description of the command line syntax and options, see *Siebel Installation Guide for UNIX*.

- 6** When the first Database Configuration Wizard screen appears, enter the information you are prompted for in this screen, and click next to continue.
- 7** Enter the information you are prompted for in all subsequent screens. Use the Next and Back buttons to navigate between screens.
- 8** After you have entered all the requested information, the wizard displays the following message:

Configuration is complete: configuration parameters will be saved to
(&\$Masterfile) file when the wizard completes. Please run the following command
line after you exit from this configuration wizard. This command will deploy the
process you configured to the database.

```
$SiebelRoot/siebel/ebsrvr/bin/srvrupgwi z /m $SiebelRoot/siebel/ebsrvr/bin/$Masterfile>
```

- 9** Click Next to continue. The utility displays the Parameter Review screen listing all the values you have entered.
- 10** To amend any of the configuration values, click Back to return to the appropriate screen and make changes. Otherwise, click Next.
- 11** You are prompted as to whether or not you want to execute the configuration:

- Click Yes, and the configuration information is saved in a master file located in \$SIEBEL_ROOT/bin but the Upgrade Wizard is not launched. To start the Upgrade Wizard, see "[Starting the Siebel Upgrade Wizard](#)" on page 117.
- Click No, and the configuration information you entered is not saved.

Starting the Siebel Upgrade Wizard

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

The Siebel Upgrade Wizard executes the upgrade of the Siebel database. It takes a master configuration file as input. This file contains environment information and a driver filename. The Upgrade Wizard executes the steps in the driver file to perform the upgrade.

As the Upgrade Wizard performs the steps in the driver file, it lists the steps in a state log. The state log is located in \siebel\LOG\process\state where *process* is the upgrade process, for example upgrep_dev_753 (upgrade from 7.5.3, upgrep process, development environment).

If the Upgrade Wizard encounters an error and exits during an upgrade, you can restart it after correcting the error. The Upgrade Wizard reads the state log and continues the upgrade from the last successfully completed step.

When you run the Database Configuration Wizard under Windows, you are prompted to indicate whether or not you want to start the Upgrade Wizard. When you run the Database Configuration Wizard under UNIX, you must start the Upgrade Wizard manually. For more information on the Siebel Upgrade Wizard, see "[About the Siebel Upgrade Wizard and Driver Files](#)" on page 35.

Requirements for Starting the Siebel Upgrade Wizard After Errors

If the Siebel Upgrade Wizard stops due to errors, verify that you have met these requirements before restarting the wizard:

- Carefully review the relevant log files to make sure that your upgrade has completed successfully up to that point.
- If you are continuing a previous and incomplete schema upgrade, do not change the Log Output Directory that you previously selected.

- If problems with your environment prevent the upgrade from restarting, you must restore the database from the prior base version (the version from which you are upgrading).

If you have to restore your database and restart the upgrade, delete or store the upgrade log files. The files are located in the following directory:

Windows: *SIEBEL_ROOT\log\PROCESS\output*

UNIX: *\$SIEBEL_ROOT/log/PROCESS/output*

Also delete the state.log file. It is located in the following directory:

Windows: *SIEBEL_ROOT\log\PROCESS\state*

UNIX: *\$SIEBEL_ROOT/log/PROCESS/state*

Starting the Siebel Upgrade Wizard

Use this procedure to start the Upgrade Wizard. See “[Restarting the Siebel Upgrade Wizard After Pauses](#)” on page 119 for the procedure to restart the Upgrade Wizard after it has paused and “[Stopping the Siebel Upgrade Wizard](#)” on page 119 for the procedure to stop the Upgrade Wizard.

To start the Upgrade Wizard

- 1 Navigate to the following directory:

Windows: *SIEBEL_ROOT\bin*

UNIX: *\$SIEBEL_ROOT/bin*

- 2 Enter the following command from the command line:

■ Windows: *siebupg /m master_UPGRADEOPTION_ENVIRONMENT_VERSION_MasterFileType.ucf*

■ UNIX: *srvrupgwi z /m master_UPGRADEOPTION_ENVIRONMENT_VERSION_MasterFileType.ucf*

where *UPGRADEOPTION_ENVIRONMENT_VERSION_MasterFileType* is the portion of the upgrade configuration filename that lists the upgrade process, the upgrade environment, the Siebel release from which you are upgrading, and the master file type. The file is located in *SIEBEL_ROOT\bin* (UNIX: *\$SIEBEL_ROOT/bin*). See “[About the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities and Database Configuration Wizard](#)” on page 30 for further information.

NOTE: Specify either *mf_m* or *mf* for the *MasterFileType* value depending on whether you want to start the manual or automatic portion of an Upgrade Wizard process.

The following table lists examples of filenames for an upgrade from Siebel CRM version 7.5.3.

Upgrade Option	Master File Generated
Development environment upgrep	master_upgrep_dev_753_mf_m.ucf master_upgrep_dev_753_mf.ucf
Development environment upgphys	master_upgphys_dev_753_mf.ucf

Upgrade Option	Master File Generated
Prepare for Production	master_prepare_for_production_upgrade.ucf
Production environment upgrep and upgphys	master_upgrep_prod_753_mf_m.ucf master_upgrep_prod_753_mf.ucf

- 3 To begin the upgrade, click OK (Windows) or click Enter (UNIX).

The Upgrade Wizard resumes from the point at which it stopped.

Restarting the Siebel Upgrade Wizard After Pauses

Use this procedure to restart the Upgrade Wizard after it has paused to allow you to apply files generated on the midtier to the z/OS host.

To restart the Upgrade Wizard

- 1 Navigate to the \$SIEBEL_ROOT/bin directory (Windows) or the \$SIEBEL_ROOT/bin directory (UNIX).
- 2 Do the following:
 - Windows: Double-click on the upg_restart.bat file
 - UNIX: Run upg_restart.ksh

Stopping the Siebel Upgrade Wizard

Do not stop the Upgrade Wizard unless you are confident that an error has occurred, and the Upgrade Wizard or a utility it has called is hung. Some SQL commands issued by the Upgrade Wizard or by its utilities can take considerable time to complete.

If you are unsure whether or not the Upgrade Wizard has stopped responding, create a service request (SR) on My Oracle Support. You can log service requests by accessing My Oracle Support (Service Request tab), or by using your existing phone support numbers to contact Oracle Global Customer Support.

Stopping the Upgrade Wizard can have varying effects on the RDBMS. Before restarting the Upgrade Wizard, review the upgrade log files. Run SQL commands as required to resolve errors found in the logs.

The following procedure describes how to stop the Upgrade Wizard in a Windows environment.

To stop the Upgrade Wizard under Windows

- Do one of the following:

- If the Upgrade Wizard has launched a separate command window in which a utility is running, close the command window. This terminates the utility and stops the upgrade.

- In the Upgrade Wizard dialog box, click Cancel.

The Upgrade Wizard will exit when the current upgrade step is completed. There might be a delay while the step completes.

The following procedure describes how to stop the Upgrade Wizard in a UNIX environment.

To stop the Upgrade Wizard under UNIX

- 1 If the Upgrade Wizard has started a utility in a child process, stop the child process.
- 2 Exit the shell in which the Upgrade Wizard is running.
- 3 Locate and stop any orphaned child processes started by the Upgrade Wizard.

After the processes terminate, there might be a delay while the RDBMS executes SQL commands that have already been issued.

Upgrading the Repository and Importing Seed Data

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

After you have created the staging database, generated the upgrade files, and upgraded the target database, you must upgrade the repository and import seed data.

Run the Database Configuration Wizard to upgrade the repository and import seed data as described in the following procedure.

To upgrade the repository and import seed data

- 1 Run the Database Configuration Wizard. See ["About Running the Database Configuration Wizard on Windows" on page 113](#) and ["About Running the Database Configuration Wizard Under UNIX" on page 114](#).
- 2 Select the following options:
 - **Upgrade Options:**
 - Development environment: Upgrade Siebel Database Schema (upgrep)
 - Production environment: Upgrade Siebel Database Schema (upgrep + upgphys)
 - **Upgrade Process:** zSeries Seed/Repository Upgrade

- Make sure you specify values for the target database when prompted for the names of the Host, DB2 subsystem, schema qualifier, ODBC data source, and database user name and password.
- 3 Enter configuration information for your environment as described in [Table 10 on page 108](#). The master UCF file is updated with the environment configuration information.
- 4 Start the Siebel Upgrade Wizard. See [“Starting the Siebel Upgrade Wizard” on page 117](#).

NOTE: The process of importing seed data and upgrading the repository can take several hours.

Restarting the Seed Data Import and Repository Upgrade

If the Upgrade Wizard stops responding during the Repository Data Upgrade process, restart the process using the following procedure.

To restart the repository upgrade and seed data import process

- 1 From the command line, navigate to the *SIEBSRVR\bin* directory (Windows) or *SIEBSRVR/bin* directory (UNIX).
- 2 Execute the following commands:

```
RSTAT390 /u UserID /p Password /c DatabaseName /d TableownerName /a Y /I rstat.log /T S_COLUMN
```



```
RSTAT390 /u UserID /p Password /c DatabaseName /d TableownerName /a Y /I rstat.log /T S_UK_JOIN
```
- 3 Restart the Upgrade Wizard using one of the methods described in [“Starting the Siebel Upgrade Wizard” on page 117](#).

NOTE: To improve the repository upgrade performance, execute the REORG utility on the tables listed in [“About Reorganizing Tables Before the Repository Merge” on page 136](#) before performing the repository merge.

10 Creating the Siebel Staging Database

This chapter describes how to create the staging database used in the development and production database upgrades. It includes the following topics:

- [Process of Creating the Staging Database on page 123](#)
- [Required Tasks before Creating the Staging Database on page 123](#)
- [Creating the Staging Database Schema DDL Files on page 125](#)
- [Transferring the Staging DDL to the z/OS Host on page 125](#)
- [Preparing the z/OS Upgrade Environment and Creating the Staging Database on page 126](#)
- [Removing Interface Tables and Triggers on page 132](#)

Process of Creating the Staging Database

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

The process of creating the staging database involves performing the following tasks:

- 1 Perform the prerequisite tasks described in ["Required Tasks before Creating the Staging Database" on page 123](#).
- 2 Create the DDL schema files that will be used to build the staging database by running the Database Configuration Wizard. See ["Creating the Staging Database Schema DDL Files" on page 125](#).
- 3 Transfer the staging DDL files generated in Step 2 to the z/OS host where they are applied. See ["Transferring the Staging DDL to the z/OS Host" on page 125](#).
- 4 Set up the z/OS environment for the staging and target database upgrades and create the staging database. See ["Preparing the z/OS Upgrade Environment and Creating the Staging Database" on page 126](#).
- 5 Drop interface tables and triggers. See ["Removing Interface Tables and Triggers" on page 132](#).

Required Tasks before Creating the Staging Database

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

Before you create the staging database, complete the following tasks:

- 1 Allocate an empty tableowner for the staging database.
- 2 Do the following:
 - a Make sure you have a valid storage control file for the database to be upgraded. This contains the storage definitions of the existing database and is used to generate the DDL to build the staging database schema.
 - b Name this storage control file storage_target_extonly.ctl.

If you do not have a valid storage control file, create one by running the Database Configuration Wizard and selecting the Extract from Catalog option. Specify database details for your existing Siebel database (the database to be upgraded). For further information on this task, see *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*.

The Extract from Catalog option extracts the storage layout of the database you specify from the DB2 catalog and creates a new storage control file that contains a copy of the storage definitions of the database.
- 3 Make sure the logical repository definitions and the physical schema definitions of the database to be upgraded match by running the Database Configuration Wizard, and specifying the following options:
 - **Siebel Database Operation:** Run Database Utilities
 - **Database Utility Selection:** Synchronize Schema Definition
 - **Repository Synchronization Mechanism:** Generate DDL into Files
 - **Storage Control File:** Specify the file you extracted in [Step a on page 124](#) above

NOTE: It is recommended that you drop EIM tables before synchronizing the Siebel logical and physical schema to ensure that the synchronization process does not fail when processing EIM tables.

When the synchronize process completes, if the logical and physical schema database definitions match, no files are generated from the Synchronize Schema Definition process and no further action is required.

If the logical and physical schema database definitions do not match, a message is displayed stating that files have been generated. Click Yes to exit from the Wizard, then do the following:

- a Navigate to the directory you assigned as the Output Directory.
- b Transfer the schema.sql file to the z/OS host and ask your DBA to apply the DDL contained in the file.

For detailed information on running the Synchronize Schema Definition process, see *Implementing Siebel Business Applications on DB2 for z/OS*.

Creating the Staging Database Schema DDL Files

To create the staging database, you must generate schema DDL files from the target database. You then use these files and the storage control file you extracted from the target database to create the staging database. The following procedure describes how to generate the DDL files.

To generate the DDL files used to create the staging database

- 1 Run the Database Configuration Wizard. See “[About Running the Database Configuration Wizard on Windows](#)” on page 113 and “[About Running the Database Configuration Wizard Under UNIX](#)” on page 114.
- 2 Specify the following options:

a Upgrade Options:

- Development environment: Upgrade Siebel Database Schema (upgrep).
- Production environment: Upgrade Siebel Database Schema (upgrep + upgphys).

b Upgrade Process: zSeries Staging of Files for Upgrade.

c Storage Control File: Specify the name of the storage control file you extracted in [Step a on page 124](#).

d DB2 Subsystem Name:

- The DB2 subsystem name you specify for the staging database must be different to the DB2 subsystem name of the database to be upgraded (target database).
- It is recommended that the DB2 subsystem name you specify for the staging or target database is the same as the ODBC Data Source Name (DSN) you specify for the database. If the database ODBC DSN is not the same as the DB2 subsystem name, you can create a new ODBC DSN for the staging or target database or amend the existing ODBC DSN.

See “[Information Required by the Database Configuration Wizard](#)” on page 107.

- 3 Launch the Siebel Upgrade Wizard. See “[Starting the Siebel Upgrade Wizard](#)” on page 117.

SQL commands are executed on your existing database to generate the staging database files. The Upgrade Wizard then stops (Pause #0). For a list of the files generated on the midtier by the Siebel Upgrade Wizard, see [Appendix C, “Upgrade Files for Siebel Business Applications Version 8.1.”](#)

Transferring the Staging DDL to the z/OS Host

When the Upgrade Wizard stops at Pause # 0, you must transfer the SQL and JCL templates and other staging DDL that has been generated on the midtier to the z/OS host where they can be executed. To do this, perform the following procedure.

To transfer the staging DDL to the z/OS host

- 1 Navigate to the \DB2390\dbsrvr\dboutput\upgrade directory (Windows) or the /DB2390/dbsrvr/dboutput/upgrade directory (UNIX) and double-click the ftp_stg.bat file (Windows) or issue the following command (UNIX):

```
Ftp - i > ftp_stg.bat
```

- 2 Enter your TSO ID and password and press Enter.

All the files required to create the staging database are transferred from the midtier to the z/OS host.

- 3 Review the ftp_stg.log file which is created in the upgrade directory and verify that all the files listed in the ftp_stg.txt file transferred successfully to z/OS staging data sets.

Preparing the z/OS Upgrade Environment and Creating the Staging Database

You must transfer the staging database and other upgrade files generated on the midtier by the Upgrade Wizard into data sets on the z/OS host. These files must then be processed and prepared for use. These files include the REXX code that contains all the panels and programs for running the upgrade processes, and files for creating the staging database.

To prepare your z/OS upgrade environment and create the staging database, complete the following procedures:

- ["Authorization Requirements for Performing Upgrade Procedures on the z/OS Host" on page 126](#)
- ["Customizing the JCL UNIT Parameter Value" on page 127](#)
- ["Creating and Allocating the z/OS Setup Data Sets" on page 127](#)
- ["Preparing the Upgrade Environment and Building the Staging Database" on page 128](#)
- ["Removing Interface Tables and Triggers" on page 132](#)

Authorization Requirements for Performing Upgrade Procedures on the z/OS Host

The user who performs upgrade procedures on the z/OS host requires the following authorities and access:

- A thorough understanding of zSeries architecture, JCL, and TSO functions and navigation.
- A TSO account with the authorization to allocate/create data sets on the z/OS host using the high-level qualifier specified in the FTP script.
- Access to the DB2 staging and target system.
- DB2 authorities to create DB2 objects and create DB2 VSAM data sets.

- Grant and Bind authority.
- DB2 Workload Manager refresh authority.

The default JOBCLASS is Q. Make sure you use the correct job class in the generated jobcards.

Customizing the JCL UNIT Parameter Value

If appropriate for your environment, you can amend the UNI T=SYSDA parameter setting for all of the JCL generated for the Siebel upgrade before you run any jobs on the mainframe. The UNI T=SYSDA parameter can be amended in the following data sets:

- JOBO
- Any of the VSTG000n or VSTG00nn data sets

To amend the UNIT parameter setting

- 1 Navigate to the data set you want to amend. Make a backup copy of the data set.
- 2 Go to Edit mode on the data set.
- 3 To change the UNIT=SYSDA parameter, enter the following command on the command line:

```
c sysda sguni t all
```

where *sguni t* is the unit name you want to specify.

- 4 Press PF3 to save your changes.
- All the JCL generated by the data set will use the new value you specified.

If you want to revert to the default UNIT parameter settings, either restore the backup copy of the data set you made in Step 1 or transfer the staging data sets from the midtier again.

NOTE: Any amendments you make to the UNIT parameter are not applied to data sets that are allocated using REXX routines.

Creating and Allocating the z/OS Setup Data Sets

Perform the steps in the following procedure to create and allocate the z/OS setup data sets.

To define and allocate z/OS setup data sets

- 1 After you have successfully transferred the staging files generated by the Upgrade Wizard up to Pause #0, log on to the host/LPAR where the staging database is to be created.
- 2 To create the REXX, CNTL and JCLLIB data sets, navigate to the *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.JOB0* data set.
- 3 Go to Edit mode on the data set and submit the job using the JCL in the *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.JOB0* data set.
- 4 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.

- 5 Verify that the job ran successfully (return code is 0) and that the following data sets were created:
 - *DSNHLO.SI EBEL. EXEC*
 - *DSNHLO.SI EBEL. JCLLIB*
 - *DSNHLO.SI EBEL. SP. SPCNTL*
- 6 Verify that the following PDS members contain information that you defined in the Database Configuration Wizard on the midtier:
 - *DSNHLO.SI EBEL. EXEC(@TBOSTG)* contains the value for the staging schema qualifier.
 - *DSNHLO.SI EBEL. EXEC(@TBOTAR)* contains the value for the target schema qualifier.
- 7 To allocate the *DSNHLO.SI EBEL. EXEC* REXX exec library, enter 6 on the TSO command line to go to the TSO Command Line Processor panel.
- 8 Enter the following command and press Enter to allocate the CLIST/EXEC library:

```
alloc f(sysexec) da('DSNHLO.SI EBEL. EXEC') shr reuse
```

NOTE: To make sure that only Siebel executables are referenced, this command disables all CLIST libraries allocated to the logged-in user.

No message appears when the library is allocated. To verify that the exec library is listed in the file allocations by name, enter the TSO command *ISRDDN*.

The EXEC library *DSNHLO.SI EBEL. EXEC* is used to execute all REXX execs. The panel and programs are located in this library. Execute the *SBLUPG81* member from the *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.EXEC* REXX library to display the Siebel Upgrade Menu; you can use this menu to navigate through the steps in the upgrade process.

TIP: The TSO command allocation for the EXEC library must be reissued with each TSO logon. Add this allocation to your personal logon CLIST to avoid having to reallocate the *DSNHLO.SI EBEL. EXEC* library with each new TSO logon.

Preparing the Upgrade Environment and Building the Staging Database

After the files transferred from the midtier have been defined and allocated, you must set up the z/OS system environment variables, receive the files (uncompress the files), create JCL libraries, create the staging database, and assign jobname prefixes. The following procedure describes how to perform these tasks.

To set up the z/OS upgrade environment and build the staging database

- 1 Enter the following command and press Enter:

TSO SBLUPG81

The Siebel In-Place Upgrade Main Menu appears. The panel ID is SBLUPG8P. You can find the panel ID in the bottom right corner of the screen.

TIP: To access Help on any screen, press PF1. To exit Help and return to the prior screen, press PF3.

- 2 On the Siebel Upgrade Main Menu, select option 0: Environment Setup, and press Enter.

The Staging Database Environment Setup Menu appears. The panel ID is SBLSSETP. The options on this panel allow you to prepare files and set environment variables to create the staging database.

- 3 On the Staging Database Environment Setup Menu, select option 0: Set System Environment Variables.

The Staging System Variable Definitions panel appears. The panel ID is SBLSETVP.

- 4 Enter the following information and then press Enter:

- **WLM Name.** Enter the DB2 WLM name, for example, DB28WLM.
- **WLM Load Library.** Enter the DB2 WLM load library name.
- **Extract DB2 Libraries:** Enter the DB2 load / runlib library names for the target subsystem. (These are the libraries where the DSN, DSNTEP2, and DSNTIAUL programs are located.)
- **Staging DB2 Libraries.** Enter the DB2 load / runlib library names for the staging subsystem.

NOTE: The libraries you enter must exist (that is, they must be cataloged).

- 5 Press Enter.

Messages appear indicating that the *DSNHLO* and DB2 load library information was written to individual PDS members in the *DSNHLO*.SI EBEL. JCLLIB library.

- 6 Press PF3 to return to the Staging Database Environment Setup menu.

- 7 Select option 1: Receive XMIT Datasets, and press Enter.

- 8 Submit the JCL in data set *DSNHLO*.SI EBEL.i nstal l .j cl (SPXMI TR).

- 9 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.

This job receives XMIT format files. Three PDS data sets are allocated and populated with members. The three PDS data set names are:

- *DSNHLO*.SI EBEL.LOAD
- *DSNHLO*.SI EBEL.SP.SPDDL
- *DSNHLO*.SI EBEL.DBRMLIB

- 10 Verify that the job ran successfully.

- a Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the RC is 0 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

- b** Review the output to verify that all three data sets (and members) were received properly. You will get a message for each member successfully received for each of the three data sets.

From this point on, all jobs contain one of the following JCL INCLUDE members to check job step return codes. If condition codes are not met, then the job ends abnormally, with a return code of User 99. Acceptable return codes for each step of each job is controlled by the following three JCL test condition checks:

- JCLTEST requires that the return code is less than or equal to 4
- JCLTEST0 requires that the return code is 0
- JCLTEST8 requires that the return code is less than or equal to 8

NOTE: You must fix any failed jobs before proceeding with the upgrade. For information on restarting failed jobs, see “[Restarting Upgrade Jobs That Fail](#)” on page 186.

- 11** Press PF3 to return to the Staging Database Environment Setup menu.
- 12** Select option 2: Create JCL Libraries, and press Enter. This option builds and allocates the install JCL libraries.

You are placed in edit mode for data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.VSTG00nn* (*nn* varies according to your upgrade path).

NOTE: If you want to change the job card, do so at this time.

- 13** Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.VSTG00nn*. The install JCL libraries are built and allocated and path-specific panels are added to the *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.EXEC* library.
- 14** Verify that the job ran successfully.

- a** Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, then you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
- b** Verify that this job allocated and populated data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL*. This job also adds path-specific panels to the *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.EXEC* library.

- 15** After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.
- 16** On the Staging Database Environment Setup menu, select option 3: Create Siebel Logging Table (1). This option allows you to create and load the logging table for the staging jobs and to create the staging TMP_ADDR table.

You are placed in edit mode for data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(LOADLOG1)*.

NOTE: If you want to change the job card, do so at this time.

- 17** Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(LOADLOG1)*.
This job runs the DDL to create the TMP_SBLLOG_STG table in the staging environment and loads an initial set of log entries for logging batch job execution.
- 18** Verify that the job ran successfully:
 - a** Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, then you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

- b** Verify that this job created the TMP_SBLLOG_STG table on the staging database and loaded an initial set of log entries for logging batch job execution.

19 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.

20 On the Staging Database Environment Setup menu, select option 4: Create Staging Database (DDL), and press Enter to execute the DDL necessary to create the staging database.

You are in edit mode for data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(STGDDL)*.

NOTE: If you want to change the job card, do so at this time.

21 Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(STGDDL)*.

22 Verify that the job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

This job executes the staging database DDL to create an exact schema version of the target database (database to be upgraded) in a staging environment using the Host/LPAR, DB2 subsystem and tableowner values you specified when you ran the Database Configuration Wizard.

Only the schema exists; it does not have to be populated with data. All objects must contain the DDL syntax DEFINE NO. Index definitions include the DEFER YES syntax.

23 Press PF3 to return to the Environment Setup menu.

24 Select option 5: Assign Jobname Prefix/Parms, and press Enter to assign unique jobname prefixes to JCL upgrade jobs by job type.

The Staging Jobname Prefix/Parm Definitions Jobcard parameters panel is displayed. The panel ID is SBLJPXP.

25 You must enter a three-character job name prefix for all upgrade job types for items 1 through 20.

It is recommended that the three-character prefix is unique to make it easier to find your jobs in the queue, but it is only required for the nonunique index and obsolete index job prefixes (which cannot be the same). The remaining five characters of the job name (which do not appear and cannot be modified) are defined by Oracle and are unique for all upgrade jobs.

26 You can change the NOTIFY value from &SYSUID to your TSO ID or leave it as &SYSUID.

NOTE: If you want to remove the notify parameter from the job card, replace the symbolic parameter &sysuid with spaces.

27 Review the job card parameters and make any necessary changes. Verify that you are using the correct accounting, job class, and message class.

28 Press Enter after entering the job name prefix and parameter definitions. The JCL template files are updated. Messages indicate when each step is completed.

Removing Interface Tables and Triggers

Once you have build the staging database and prepared the upgrade environment on the z/OS host, the final task to complete before you generate the upgrade files is to remove triggers and EIM/Interface tables from the staging database. The following procedure describes this task.

To remove EIM/Interface tables and triggers from the staging database

- 1 On the Staging Database Environment Setup Menu, select option 6: PREGEN Processes, and press Enter.
The Staging Database Pre_Gen Maint. Menu is displayed. The panel ID is SBLPREGP. Options on this panel allow you to generate EIM DROP statements, identify tables with CLOB columns, and generate trigger drops.
- 2 Select option 0: Generate EIM/Interface Table/Tablespace Drops, and press Enter.
- 3 Submit the JCL in the data set *DSNHLO.SI_EBEL.pregen.jcl* (PREGEN1). This job generates the EIM, Interface table, and table space DROP statements.
- 4 Verify that the job ran successfully.

- Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
- 5 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.
 - 6 On the Staging Database Pre_Gen Maint. Menu, select option 1. Generate: - List of Tables with CLOB columns - Trigger Drops, and press Enter.
 - 7 Submit the JCL in the data set *DSNHLO.SI_EBEL.pregen.jcl* (PREGEN2). A list of trigger drops and tables with CLOB columns is generated.
 - 8 Verify that the job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
 - 9 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.

NOTE: You do not have to run option 2. Generate: Report of Address Duplicate Rowids, or option 3: Update Address Report Generated Log Entry, on the Staging Database Pre_Gen Maint. Menu for upgrades from Siebel CRM 7.5.3 or later to Siebel CRM 8.1.

 - 10 Press PF3 to return to the Staging Database Environment Setup Menu.
 - 11 Select option 7: Drop Interface Tables, and press Enter.
 - 12 Submit the JCL in the data set *DSNHLO.SI_EBEL.install.jcl* (PRETIDRP) to drop EIM and Interface tables from the staging database.
 - 13 Verify that the job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

14 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes. This completes the process of creating a staging database. You can now generate the upgrade files.

11 Performing the Siebel Repository Merge

This chapter lists the steps involved in performing a repository merge during a development environment upgrade which are specific to DB2 for z/OS upgrades. You also have to perform the relevant tasks in the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes how to perform the Siebel Repository merge. This chapter includes the following topics:

- [About Backing Up the New Customer Repository or Database Schema on page 135](#)
- [About Reorganizing Tables Before the Repository Merge on page 136](#)
- [Performing a Siebel Repository Merge on page 137](#)
- [Regenerating the Siebel Repository Definition Files on page 145](#)
- [Creating a New Siebel Repository File on page 147](#)

About Backing Up the New Customer Repository or Database Schema

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Development environment only.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

The process of merging repositories to create the final customized repository used in the upgrade is time-intensive and resource-intensive. As a result, a merge might sometimes fail because of environmental factors, for example, space constraints. When this happens, the merge process continues, even if there is a fatal database error, and the errors might not be detected for some time.

If the merge fails, you must restore the database environment to its premerge state and run the merge again. There are two methods you can use to preserve the premerge environment so that you can restart the merge again if necessary:

- **Back up the entire database.** Prior to the merge, back up the entire database, then, if the merge fails, you can restore the database to its premerge state and rerun the merge operation. This is the recommended method of recovering from a failed merge.
- **Export the New Customer Repository.** Prior to the merge, export the New Customer Repository to create a backup copy; this preserves existing workflows. If the merge fails, you can delete the failed repository, then import the backup copy of the New Customer Repository. If you use this method of recovering from a failed merge, you also have to truncate the following merge log tables: S_MERGE_LOG, S_MERGE_LOG_OBJ, and S_MERGE_LOG_ATTR. See *Using Siebel Tools* for information on exporting and importing repositories using the Database Configuration Wizard.

About Reorganizing Tables Before the Repository Merge

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Development environment only.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

During the repository merge process, objects from four separate repositories are read and compared. Because this is a memory-intensive process, it is recommended that you execute the REORG utility on certain tables before performing the repository merge to improve performance. The following tables receive a large number of inserts during each repository import; running REORGs on each of the following table's ROW_ID column will significantly increase the performance of the merge:

- S_APPLET
- S_APPLET_INTL
- S_APPLET_METH_MI
- S_APPL_WEB_TMPL
- S_APPL_WTMPL_IT
- S_BOCOMP
- S_BUSCOMP_UPROP
- S_COLUMN
- S_CONTROL
- S_CONTROL_INTL
- S_CONTROL_UPROP
- S_DDOWN_OBJECT
- S_EIM_FK_MAPCOL
- S_FIELD
- S_INDEX
- S_INDEX_COLUMN
- S_INTFLD_UPROP
- S_INT_CKEY_FLD
- S_INT_COMP
- S_INT_FIELD
- S_JOIN
- S_JOIN_SPEC
- S_LIST
- S_LIST_COL_INTL

- S_LIST_COLUMN
- S_PICKMAP
- S_SCREEN_VIEW
- S_UK_ATTJOIN
- S_USER_KEY_ATT
- S_VIEW_WTMPL_IT
- S_EIM_ATT_MAP

Performing a Siebel Repository Merge

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Development environment only.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

During the repository merge, objects from the Prior Siebel Repository, Prior Customer Repository, and New Siebel Repository are compared by name to identify the total set of object differences. The process also determines how conflicts between repository changes are resolved as they are merged into the New Customer Repository. There are three basic categories of object differences:

- New
- Deleted
- Modified

The repository merge executes the following processing steps to identify object differences:

- **New or deleted objects.** Identify objects that the customer has added by comparing their names in the Prior Customer Repository with the Prior Siebel Repository.

All new customer objects are carried over from the Prior Customer Repository to the New Customer Repository. The repository merge typically avoids deletion of objects. Most of the objects that are deleted in the Prior Customer Repository reappear after the merge. The merge does this to avoid accidental deletion of objects which might be required. It does, however, allow deletion of specific types of objects. Such objects are deleted from the New Customer Repository during the merge.

Objects of the following types are deleted from the New Customer Repository:

- | | |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Control ■ List Column ■ Page Tab | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Chart ■ Applet Web Template Item ■ View Web Template Item |
|--|---|

- **Objects with altered attributes.** Identifies objects that exist in both the Prior Customer Repository and the New Siebel Repository, and compares the attributes of each object to determine if they have been modified. Attribute comparisons are of interest only for those attributes which were changed by the customer.

If an object attribute was altered in the Prior Customer Repository, but not in the New Siebel Repository, the customer's attribute value is merged into the New Customer Repository.

A conflict occurs, however, if an object attribute was altered in both the Prior Customer Repository and the New Siebel Repository, in which case the values in all three repositories would be different. In this event, the repository merge process uses the setting of the object attribute's StandardWins flag to determine how to resolve the conflict. If this is set to Y, the attribute value from the New Siebel Repository is used; if this is set to N, the attribute value from the Prior Customer Repository is used. Conflict resolutions can be overridden for each object attribute in the New Customer Repository. For additional information, see the topic about reviewing Siebel repository object property conflicts in the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes how to perform the Siebel Repository merge.

About the Repository Merge

The configuration utility that you ran while upgrading your development environment loaded two version 8.1 standard repositories. You must now use Siebel Tools to merge your existing custom configuration into one of these new repositories, creating a version 8.1 custom configuration that includes all of your previous configuration changes.

The four repositories that currently exist in your development database are listed in [Table 12](#).

Table 12. Repositories in the Development Database

Repository Name	Description
Prior V7.x Siebel Repository or prior V8 Siebel Repository	Standard version 7.x or 8.0 repository, depending on the version from which you are upgrading.
Prior Customer Repository	Customized version 7.x or 8.0 repository, depending on the version from which you are upgrading.
New Siebel Repository	Newly loaded version 8.1 standard repository.
New Customer Repository	Newly loaded version 8.1 repository into which your custom configuration is merged.

Follow the guidelines provided in ["Optimizing Performance of the Repository Merge" on page 139](#) and ["Optimizing Foreground Performance of the Repository Merge" on page 140](#) to improve performance of the repository merge.

The repository merge is a memory-intensive process that fails if insufficient memory is available on the Siebel Tools workstation. Before beginning a repository merge, make sure that the following preparations have been completed on the developer workstation. Make sure that the developer workstation on which Siebel Tools is running has been upgraded to the newest available version.

The method you use to perform a repository merge depends on whether your database uses an ASCII or EBCDIC encoding scheme:

- For ASCII databases, perform the procedure, "[Merging the Repositories for an ASCII Database](#)" on page 140.
- For EBCDIC databases, perform the procedure, "[Merging Repositories for an EBCDIC Database](#)" on page 143.

Optimizing Performance of the Repository Merge

There are several ways in which you can reduce the time required to complete the repository merge.

- Optimize the computer on which you are running the repository merge as follows:
 - Use a workstation with a minimum of 512 megabytes (MB) of RAM.
 - Allocate at least 2 GB of virtual memory, and a 2 GB page file. If the amount of virtual memory on the computer on which you are running the repository merge is too low, performance degrades significantly.
 - If necessary, increase the swap space, using the Control Panel System applet, and then restart the development workstation before proceeding.
 - Allocate plenty of 32K work space for the Sort utility.
 - Make sure you have a high-performing network connection.

NOTE: A slow network connection significantly increases the time required for the repository merge.

- Close all other applications.
- Close all Siebel services.
- Defragment the disk. Fragmentation significantly affects system performance.
- On the workstation, check that the environment variable SIEBEL_LOG_EVENTS is set to zero. To check, enter the following command at the MS DOS prompt:

```
echo %SIEBEL_LOG_EVENTS%
```

If the command returns a value other than zero, you must set the SIEBEL_LOG_EVENTS variable to zero by performing the following steps:

- Close Siebel Tools and any other Siebel client applications.
- From the Start menu, select Settings, Control Panel, System, and then Environment.
- In the Environment dialog box, in the System Variables box, select SIEBEL_LOG_EVENTS. Enter 0 in the Value box, and click Set. Click OK.

- Relaunch Siebel Tools. The new setting becomes active.

NOTE: The steps required to set this variable can vary depending on the operating system you are using.

- Optimize your database, because database performance can cause the repository merge to slow down considerably. Check the following:

- Make sure that temporary table space has enough space allocated.
- Make sure the database has enough space allocated.
- Make sure that the topmost logging applet in tools has no extra rows from previous repository merge runs when starting the repository merge.
- Make sure that the database is not loaded with users when the repository merge is run; no other users must be connected.
- Delete extra repositories from the database using Siebel Tools. Running the repository merge on a database with more than the four repositories which are required for the repository merge degrades repository merge performance. Before deleting extra repositories, make backups.

NOTE: Deletion of extra repositories can take a few hours.

Optimizing Foreground Performance of the Repository Merge

To improve the foreground performance of the repository merge, use the following procedure.

To increase the foreground performance of the repository merge

- 1 From the Start menu, choose Control Panel, and then the System menu option.
- 2 Select the Advanced tab.
- 3 Select the Performance Options button.
- 4 In the Application Response box, click the Applications radio button and click OK.
- 5 While the repository merge process is running, click on the title bar of the Siebel Tools application to verify that the Siebel Tools application is the foreground application on the computer.

NOTE: After the repository merge process has finished, set the Performance setting back to its former value.

Merging the Repositories for an ASCII Database

Perform the following task to merge the development repositories for an ASCII database.

CAUTION: This procedure does not support EBCDIC databases. If you are upgrading a DB2 database that uses an EBCDIC encoding scheme, see "Merging Repositories for an EBCDIC Database" on page 143.

To merge the repository for an ASCII database

- 1 Log in to Siebel Tools.
- 2 From the Tools menu, choose View, Options, and then the Language Settings menu option.
- 3 Verify that the language mode setting is set as desired.

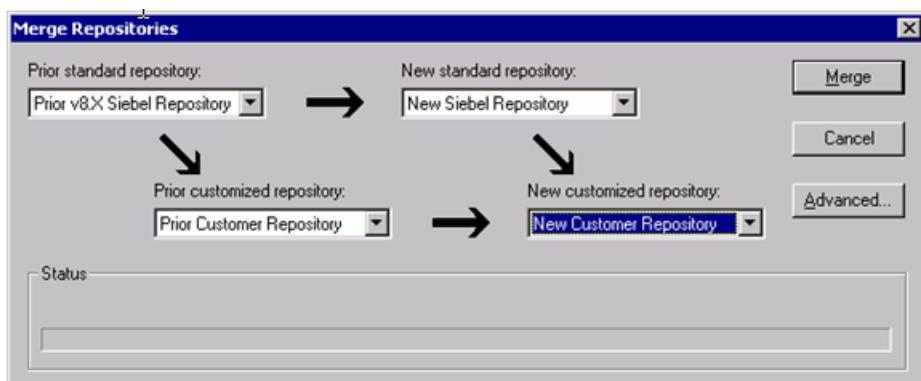
This is the user interface language for SRF files compiled from the New Customer Repository. It will also be the language used by the postmerge utilities.

- 4 Choose File, and then Open Repository to open the Prior Customer Repository.

NOTE: Open the Prior Customer Repository, not another repository. *Later steps in the repository merge process fail if you open the wrong repository.*

- 5 Choose Tools, Upgrade, and then Upgrade Application.

The Merge Repositories dialog box appears.



The Merge Repositories dialog box provides the following options:

- **Merge.** This button merges the repositories you specify to produce a New Customer Repository.
 - **Cancel.** This button cancels the repository merge and exits the Merge Repositories dialog box.
 - **Advanced.** This button opens the Merge Options dialog box described in [Step 8](#).
- 6 In the Merge Repositories dialog box, choose the appropriate repository name from each picklist, using the repository names listed in the following table.

Drop-Down List Item	Value to Choose
Prior Standard Repository	Prior 7.x or 8.0 Siebel Repository, as appropriate for the version from which you are upgrading
Prior Customized Repository	Prior Customer Repository

Drop-Down List Item	Value to Choose
New Standard Repository	New Siebel Repository
New Customized Repository	New Customer Repository

- 7 Review the settings in the Merge Repositories dialog box, then click Advanced.

The Merge Options dialog box appears.

- 8 In the Merge Options dialog box, click the following check boxes as appropriate:

- Abort merge if more than *n* errors occur.

This option aborts the repository merge automatically if more than a designated number of errors occur.

NOTE: The typical repository merge generates many benign errors. If you select this option, set the number of errors to a large value. This will help prevent the repository merge from aborting due to benign errors.

- Incorporate Custom Layout.

Activate this option to help preserve field and button placement on prior custom or modified forms, views, and screens. Select a prior release and style for label placement.

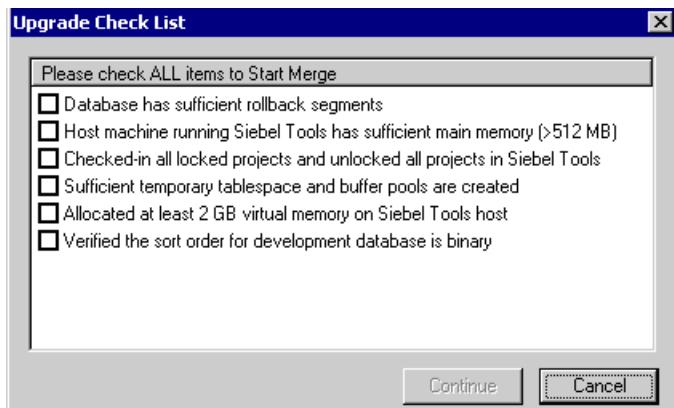
The Prior Release is the release you are upgrading from. The Placement of Labels controls where labels are placed in forms. As of Siebel CRM version 7.7, label alignment of fields changed. Label vertical alignment changed from top to middle, font weight changed from bold to normal, and text alignment changed from left to right. Select Labels on Top and Labels on Left to preserve the look and feel of releases prior to Siebel CRM version 7.7.

- 9 To continue, click OK.

- 10 Click Merge on the Merge Repositories dialog box.

The Upgrade Check List dialog box appears.

- 11** In the Upgrade Check List dialog box, you must confirm that your environment meets the requirements for a successful repository merge. Review each requirement and select the check box if your configuration meets or exceeds the requirement.



- 12** To continue, click Continue. The merge process begins.

The repository merge process can take eight hours or more to complete. Timings can vary greatly depending on the kind of computer, the hardware configuration, virtual memory allocation, the use of the upgrade inheritance feature, and the level of customizations in the customer repository, such as new records or changed attributes. In addition to merging the base repository, all locales are merged. Additional time must be planned for each language, including the base language.

Customizations are moved to the New Customer Repository, which results in a large number of database operations (inserts and updates). For each of these operations, logging records are created, and these log records also affect performance. If the repository is large, or the database setup is not optimal, this might take much longer.

- 13** After the merge completes, a dialog displays requesting that you make a backup of the New Customer Repository. Back up the New Customer Repository, then click OK in the dialog box.

To determine if the repository merge was successful, review the merge log files. You can then run the Siebel Postmerge Utilities. For information on both of these tasks, see the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes how to perform a Siebel Repository merge.

Merging Repositories for an EBCDIC Database

Perform the following task to complete a repository merge for an EBCDIC database.

To perform a repository merge for an EBCDIC database

- 1** Use the Import/Export Repository option in the Database Configuration Wizard to export the following repositories from your prior EBCDIC database:
 - Prior Standard Repository
 - Prior Customized Repository

- New Standard Repository
- New Customer Repository

See *Using Siebel Tools* for information on exporting repositories using the Database Configuration Wizard.

- 2 Prepare a new Siebel CRM 8.1 ASCII database on which you will perform the repository merge. In the storage control file, the following tables must be defined with CLOBS set to Yes:
 - S_SCHMST_DBSCPT
 - S_BI_TMAP_DATA
 - S_SERVICE_SCRPT
- 3 Use the Import/Export Repository option in the Database Configuration Wizard to import the repositories exported from the EBCDIC database in [Step 1](#) into the ASCII database prepared in [Step 2](#).

NOTE: Make sure you select the Import Custom Repository option to import all languages used.

See *Using Siebel Tools* for information on importing repositories using the Database Configuration Wizard.

- 4 Launch Siebel Tools against the ASCII database.
- 5 Run the repository merge using the procedure, "[Merging the Repositories for an ASCII Database](#)" [on page 140](#).
- 6 Generate Siebel EIM temporary columns. This task is described in the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes how to perform the Siebel Repository merge.
- 7 Review the repository merge results to determine if the merge was successful. This task is described in the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes how to perform the Siebel Repository merge. Verify that the repository merge was successful, and that all reported validation messages are either acceptable or fixed.
- 8 Use the Database Configuration Wizard to export the merged repository (the New Customer Repository) from the ASCII database.
- 9 Rename the existing New Customer Repository in the EBCDIC database.
- 10 Use the Database Configuration Wizard to import the merged New Customer Repository back into the EBCDIC database.
- 11 From the Tools application, pointing to the ASCII database, click *Repository* in the Object Explorer and copy the value against the Comments column for the New Customer Repository.
- 12 Connect to the EBCDIC database through the DB2 command line and update the Comments column with the copied value on the table S_REPOSITORY for the following value:

```
name= "New Customer Repository"
```

For example, if you copied a *Comments* value of:

```
APPLIED_PATCHES: Grid, UI NavUpgrade, MVGUpPatch77, UI NavUpgrade, PCLWebTempl Swap, WFD, PM8.1; UpgEmCol ,
```

Then, execute the following command against the EBCDIC database:

```
Update s_repository set comments
      ='APPLIED PATCHES: Grid,
      UI NavUpgrade, MVGUpgPatch77, UI NavUpgrade, PCLWebTempl Swap, WFD, PM8. 1; UpgEimCol'
      Where name='New Customer Repository'
```

Regenerating the Siebel Repository Definition Files

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Development environment only.

Platforms: All platforms.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

If you have modified repository objects after the development environment upgrade (upgphys) and before upgrading the production test environment, you must regenerate the schema.ddl and custrep.dat files. These files were created during the upgphys:

- **Schema.ddl.** This file contains the logical definition of the Siebel database.
- **Custrep.dat.** This file contains the definition of repository objects.

These files are used as input to the production test and production environment upgrades. If you modify the object definitions or the schema definitions in the repository after these files have been created, you must regenerate the files.

Regenerating the schema.ddl File

Use this procedure to regenerate the schema.ddl file.

To regenerate the schema.ddl file

- 1 On the Siebel Server where the Siebel Database Server files are installed, navigate to the following location:

Windows: \$IEBEL_ROOT\bin

UNIX: \$IEBEL_ROOT/bin

- 2 Run the following command:

```
ddl dict /u DatabaseOwner /p Password /c "ODBCDataSource" /d TableOwner /f
DBSRVR_ROOT\DatabasePlatform\Schema.ddl /e y /a y /l SiebelLogDir\sch_dict.log /
n "Siebel Repository" /t dcir
```

where:

- *DatabaseOwner* is the Siebel database Administrator account name.
- *Password* is the Siebel database Administrator account password.

- *ODBCDataSource* is the ODBC name for connecting to the database. Enclose the name in quotes.
 - *TableOwner* is the Siebel table owner name.
 - *DBSRVR_ROOT* is the absolute path to the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities installation directory.
 - *DatabasePlatform* is the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities directory name for the database, that is, DB2390. The example shows Windows path syntax. On UNIX systems, use UNIX path syntax.
 - *SiebelLogdir* is the path to the directory where you want the output log placed (log output directory). The example shows Windows path syntax. On UNIX systems, use UNIX path syntax.
- 3 After the command completes, review the output logs for errors. If the log indicates there are errors, create a service request (SR) on My Oracle Support. You can log service requests by accessing My Oracle Support (Service Request tab), or by using your existing phone support numbers to contact Oracle Global Customer Support.

Regenerating the custrep.dat File

Use this procedure to regenerate the custrep.dat file.

To regenerate the custrep.dat file

- 1 On the Siebel Server where the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities files are installed, navigate to the following location:

Windows: *SIEBEL_ROOT\bin*

UNIX: *\$SIEBEL_ROOT/bin*

- 2 Run the following command:

```
repmexp /a e /u DatabaseOwner /p Password /c "ODBCDataSource" /d TableOwner  
/r "New Customer Repository" /f DBSRVR_ROOT\DatabasePlatform\custrep.dat  
/l Siebel LogDir\exprep.log
```

where:

- *DatabaseOwner* is the Siebel database Administrator account name.
- *Password* is the Siebel database Administrator account password.
- *ODBCDataSource* is the ODBC name for connecting to the database. Enclose the name in quotes.
- *TableOwner* is the Siebel table owner name.
- *DBSRVR_ROOT* is the absolute path to the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities installation directory. The example shows Windows path syntax. On UNIX systems, use UNIX path syntax.

- *DatabasePlatform* is the Siebel Database Configuration Utilities directory name for the database, that is, DB2390.
 - *SiebelLogdir* is the path to the directory where you want the output log placed. The example shows Windows path syntax. On UNIX systems, use UNIX path syntax.
- 3 After the command completes, review the output logs for errors. If the log indicates there are errors, create a service request (SR) on My Oracle Support. You can log service requests by accessing My Oracle Support (Service Request tab), or by using your existing phone support numbers to contact Oracle Global Customer Support.

Creating a New Siebel Repository File

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Development environment only.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

You can optionally create a Siebel Repository File (.srf file) immediately after the repository merge. This enables you to run an application and evaluate whether you have resolved attribute conflicts correctly.

After the you have completed the upgphys portion of the upgrade, you must create a new .srf file. This file includes the merged repository changes.

If you will review your UI in more than one language, set the Tools Language setting and compile an .srf file for each language. For information about how to compile an .srf file for a specific language, see *Siebel Global Deployment Guide*.

Prerequisite: The repository merge must have been successful.

Compiling a New SRF File Immediately After the Repository Merge

Perform this optional procedure immediately after the repository merge and before you perform the upgphys upgrade in the development environment. Repeat this procedure as necessary to help evaluate how you have resolved attribute conflicts.

Do not use this procedure to compile an .srf file if you have completed the upgphys upgrade. Instead, see ["Compiling a New .srf File After the Upgphys Upgrade" on page 148](#).

To compile a new .srf file after the repository merge

- 1 Navigate to the following directory on an upgraded Siebel Server you will use to test applications in the development environment. Verify that this is *not* the directory where Siebel Tools is installed:

Windows: `SIEBEL_ROOT\OBJECTS\language`

UNIX: `$SIEBEL_ROOT/OBJECTS/language`

where:

`/language` is the installed language, for example, ENU.

- 2 Rename the `siebel.srf` file to `siebel_release.srf`.
- 3 On the Siebel Tools development workstation, connect to the database against which you ran the merge.
- 4 Start Siebel Tools.
- 5 Choose File, and then Open Repository.
- 6 Select New Customer Repository.
- 7 Choose Tools, and then Compile Projects.
- 8 Select All Projects.
- 9 Enter the path to the Siebel Server OBJECTS directory where you renamed the `siebel.srf` file, and specify `siebel.srf` as the filename.

NOTE: Do *not* enter the path to the Siebel Tools OBJECTS directory. You will overwrite and destroy the Siebel Tools `.srf` file.

- 10 Click Compile.
- 11 Copy the contents of the Siebel Tools WEBTEMPL directory to the Siebel Server WEBTEMPL directory.
- 12 Start the application.

Compiling a New .srf File After the Upgphys Upgrade

After completing the upgphys upgrade in the development environment, you must compile a new `.srf` file. This updates the file with the merged repository changes. This is the `.srf` file you will copy to the Siebel Servers in your test environment.

To compile a new .srf file after the upgphys upgrade

- 1 Navigate to the following directory on an upgraded Siebel Server you will use to test applications. Verify that this is not the directory where Siebel Tools is installed:

Windows: `SIEBEL_ROOT\OBJECTS\language`

UNIX: `$SIEBEL_ROOT/OBJECTS/language`

where:

`/language` is the installed language, for example, ENU.

- 2** Rename the siebel.srf file to siebel_release.srf.
- 3** On the Siebel Tools development workstation, connect to the database against which you ran the merge.
- 4** Start Siebel Tools.
- 5** Choose File, and then Open Repository.
- 6** Select Siebel Repository.
- 7** Choose Tools, and then Compile Projects.
- 8** Select All Projects.
- 9** Enter the path to the Siebel Server OBJECTS directory where you renamed the siebel.srf file, and specify siebel.srf as the filename.
CAUTION: Do *not* enter the path to the Siebel Tools OBJECTS directory. You will overwrite and destroy the Siebel Tools .srf file.
- 10** Click Compile.

Siebel Tools creates a new .srf file and places it at the specified location on the Siebel Server.

12 Generating the Siebel Upgrade Files

This chapter describes how to generate the Siebel CRM 8.1 upgrade files using the staging database. It includes the following topics:

- [About Generating the Upgrade Files on page 151](#)
- [Process of Generating the Upgrade Files on page 151](#)
- [Required Tasks for Generating the Upgrade Files on page 152](#)
- [Preparing the Additive Schema and JCL Files on the z/OS Host on page 153](#)
- [Applying the Additive Schema Changes to the Production Staging Database on page 157](#)
- [Preparing for Table Creation on the Staging Database on page 158](#)
- [Preparing and Executing the Nonadditive Schema and JCL Files on the z/OS Host on page 160](#)
- [Processing the Index Schema File on page 164](#)
- [Building JCL Templates for the Target Database on page 166](#)

About Generating the Upgrade Files

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

After you have created the staging database, you generate the upgrade files by running the Upgrade Wizard against the staging database. The upgrade files are then transferred to the z/OS host where the JCL preparation process is done. The JCL preparation process constructs all the JCL to run the preupgrade and upgrade (in-place) processes for both the staging and target databases.

The midtier file generation process can be performed ahead of the in-place target database upgrade provided no further changes are made to the target database schema.

NOTE: The procedures in this chapter use Siebel-Scheduled job execution, but you can also choose to use a third party job scheduler. For information on choosing a scheduler, see ["About Executing Jobs Using Siebel-Scheduled Mode or Vendor-Scheduled Mode" on page 75](#).

Process of Generating the Upgrade Files

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

When the staging database has been created, you run the Database Configuration Wizard to generate the upgrade files. This process involves the following tasks:

- 1 Complete the tasks described in “[Required Tasks for Generating the Upgrade Files](#)” on page 152.
- 2 Restart the upgrade process from the midtier to generate upgrade files. See “[Restarting the Siebel Upgrade Wizard After Pauses](#)” on page 119 for further information. The Upgrade Wizard stops at Pause #1.
- 3 Transfer the files generated up to Pause #1 to the z/OS host and apply them. See “[Preparing the Additive Schema and JCL Files on the z/OS Host](#)” on page 153.
- 4 (Production environment only) If you are upgrading a production database, you can optionally choose to apply the additive schema changes to the staging database. See “[Applying the Additive Schema Changes to the Production Staging Database](#)” on page 157 for further information.
- 5 Restart the Upgrade wizard as described in “[Restarting the Siebel Upgrade Wizard After Pauses](#)” on page 119. After generating further files, the Upgrade Wizard stops at Pause #2.
- 6 Transfer the files generated up to Pause #2 to the z/OS host and run the jobs against the staging database. See “[Preparing and Executing the Nonadditive Schema and JCL Files on the z/OS Host](#)” on page 160.
- 7 Return to the midtier and restart the Upgrade wizard as described in “[Restarting the Siebel Upgrade Wizard After Pauses](#)” on page 119. The Upgrade Wizard generates the SCINDEX.SQL file on the midtier and stops at Pause #3.
- 8 Transfer the SCINDEX.SQL file to the z/OS host and apply it to drop old schema indexes and create new 8.1 schema indexes. See “[Processing the Index Schema File](#)” on page 164.
- 9 Build the JCL Templates that will be used to upgrade the target database. See “[Building JCL Templates for the Target Database](#)” on page 166 for further information.

This completes the File Generation Process.

Required Tasks for Generating the Upgrade Files

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

Complete the following tasks before starting to generate the upgrade files:

- 1 After you have created the staging database, you must extract the storage layout of the Siebel staging database from the DB2 catalog and merge it with a Siebel CRM 8.1 storage control file so as to preserve any customizations you have made to the database layout in the upgraded database. To do this, run the Database Configuration Wizard and select the Extract from Catalog and Merge with Template option.

Name the extracted storage control file as follows:

- Development environment upgrade: storage_upg_dev.ctl
- Production environment upgrade: storage_upg_prod.ctl

For further information on this task, see “[Extracting the Storage Control File](#)” on page 88.

- 2 Validate the merged storage control file generated in Step 1 against the staging database. For information on this task, see “[Validating the Extracted Storage Control File](#)” on page 92. If there are validation errors, you must correct them before proceeding with the upgrade.

Preparing the Additive Schema and JCL Files on the z/OS Host

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, “How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade.”](#)

When you restart the Upgrade Wizard after creating the staging database, it generates SQL and JCL templates for the file generation process. Specifically, the following files are generated:

- Additive upgrade files
- Pret files
- Data migration files

When the Upgrade Wizard stops at Pause # 1, you must transfer these files to data sets on the z/OS host. These data sets are then used to create the SQL and JCL templates used to perform the upgrade. These tasks are described in this topic.

Perform the following procedures:

- “[Transferring the Additive Schema, PRET, and Data Migration Files to the z/OS Host](#)” on page 153
- “[Preparing the z/OS Data Sets](#)” on page 154
- “[Specifying the Scheduling Mode](#)” on page 155
- “[Preparing the Additive Schema SQL and JCL Templates](#)” on page 155

Transferring the Additive Schema, PRET, and Data Migration Files to the z/OS Host

Use the following procedure to transfer the schema DDL files and the PRET and data migration files generated by the Upgrade Wizard on the midtier up to Pause #1 to the z/OS host.

NOTE: Before transferring the generated files to the z/OS host, edit them as required by relevant publications such as bulletins, alerts, and Siebel Release Notes on My Oracle Support.

To transfer the files generated on the midtier

- 1 Navigate to the \DB2390\dbsrvr\dboutput\upgrade directory (Windows) or the /DB2390/dbsrvr/dboutput/upgrade directory (UNIX) and double-click the ftp_pause1.bat file (Windows) or issue the following command (UNIX):

Ftp - i > ftp_pause1.bat

- 2 Enter your TSO ID and password and press Enter.
All the Pause #1 files are transferred from the midtier to the z/OS host.
- 3 Review the ftp_pause1.log file which is created in the upgrade directory and verify that all the files listed in the ftp_pause1.txt file transferred successfully to z/OS staging data sets.

Preparing the z/OS Data Sets

When you have transferred the files generated by the Siebel Upgrade Wizard up to Pause #1 from the midtier to the z/OS host, allocate and populate the data sets used to execute the upgrade jobs as described in the following procedure.

To prepare the z/OS data sets

- 1 Go to the Siebel Upgrade Main Menu by entering the following command and pressing Enter:

TSO SBLUPG81

The panel ID is SBLUPG8P. You can find the panel ID in the bottom right corner of the screen.

- 2 On the Siebel Upgrade Main Menu, select option 1: File Generation, and press Enter. The Staging Database File Generation Menu panel is displayed. The panel ID is SBLSFGP.
- 3 Select option 0: Allocate PDS/SEQ Datasets, and press Enter.
- 4 Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.INSTALL.JCL(CREATEDS)* to allocate data sets.
- 5 Verify that the job ran successfully:
 - a Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
 - b Verify that this job allocated data sets.

- 6 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.

- 7 On the Staging Database File Generation Menu, select option 1: Translate SQL Scripts, and press Enter.

This option is used to run the JCL to translate SQL scripts. Language-specific data migration SQL types are translated for PRESCHM, UPGIDSS and Gen Primary jobs.

- 8 Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.SP.CNTL(RECxxxxx)* where *xxxxx* varies according to your upgrade path and language. If your primary language is ENU, the job runs in foreground mode. If your primary language is not enu, the job runs in batch mode.
- 9 Verify that the job ran successfully:

- 9 Verify that the job ran successfully:
 - a Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
 - b Check the Bookmark field to verify that the job translated the SQL scripts.

10 On the Staging File Generation Menu, select option 2: Populate PDS/SEQ Datasets, and press Enter.

11 Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.I INSTALL.JCL*(UNPACK01).

12 Verify that the job ran successfully:

- a** Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0. A return code of 4 is acceptable if the data set is empty.
- b** Verify that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
- c** Verify that this job populates (unpacks) all PDS members into corresponding PDS data sets and sequential files. It is acceptable to have some empty data sets.

NOTE: PDS data sets are populated using IEBUPDTE; sequential files are populated using IEBGENER.

Specifying the Scheduling Mode

Perform the following procedure to choose your preferred job scheduling method (Siebel scheduled or vendor scheduled).

To specify the scheduling mode

- 1** On the Staging Database File Generation Menu, select option 4: PRET Processes, and press Enter.
- 2** On the Staging Database PRET menu, select option 0: Add Jobcards & Siebel Logging, and press Enter.

If this is the first time you have selected this option, you are prompted to enter the type of scheduling for the PRET processes.

- 3** Enter either 1: Siebel Scheduled mode or 2: Vendor Scheduled mode. For information about choosing a scheduler, see “[About Executing Jobs Using Siebel-Scheduled Mode or Vendor-Scheduled Mode](#)” on page 75.

The following procedures assume that you chose Siebel scheduled mode.

CAUTION: Choose your scheduling mode carefully. Once you select a scheduling mode for PRET, you cannot change it.

Preparing the Additive Schema SQL and JCL Templates

Perform the following procedure to prepare the additive schema files.

To prepare additive schema SQL and JCL templates

- 1 On the Staging Database File Generation Menu, select option 3: Process Additive Components, and press Enter.

The Staging Database Additive Schema Menu appears. The panel ID is SBLADMP.
- 2 Select option 0: Build Additive JCL/Schema, and press Enter,

Status messages are displayed as the additive components are built.
- 3 On the Staging Database Additive Schema Menu, select option 1: Populate JCL/Schema PDS Datasets, and press Enter.
- 4 Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.I INSTALL.JCL*(UNPKADD).
- 5 Verify that the job ran successfully:
 - a Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
 - b Verify that this job populated the JCL and schema PDS data sets.
- 6 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.
- 7 On the Staging Database Additive Schema Menu, select option 2: Add Jobcards & Siebel Logging, and press Enter.
- 8 Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.I INSTALL.JCL*(SUBJCL12).
- 9 Verify that the job ran successfully. The JCL jobcard counts are displayed by job type. The number of jobs that are build for the additive components varies according to your upgrade path.

Carefully review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
- 10 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.
- 11 On the Staging Database Additive Schema Menu, select option 3: Load Siebel Log Entries (3), and press Enter. This option runs the job to load the Siebel logging table with additive entries for staging jobs.
- 12 Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.I INSTALL.JCL*(LOADLOG2).
- 13 Verify that the job ran successfully:
 - a Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
 - b Verify that additional log entries have been loaded to the TMP_SBLLOG_TAR table on the staging database.
- 14 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.

- 15** On the Staging Database Additive Schema Menu, select option 4: Additive Schema Status, and press Enter.

The Additive Schema Status panel is displayed. The panel ID is SBLSADLP. A list of the additive schema members is displayed and their staging status, either PENDING or COMPLETED.

- 16** To view a member in browse mode, select the member by entering any nonblank character in the Opt column for the member (you can select more than one member to view on each panel).
- 17** Press Enter. If you selected more than one member to view, press PF3 to move to the next member.

Applying the Additive Schema Changes to the Production Staging Database

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Production test, production.

NOTE: For development environment upgrades, all schema changes are processed as nonadditive, therefore this step is not required.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

When you are upgrading the production staging database, you can optionally choose to apply all or a subset of the additive schema upgrade files ahead of the in-place upgrade. Only the additive upgrade files that you choose to apply to the staging database can be applied as additive changes to the target database before the in-place upgrade. Any additive changes you do not apply become part of the nonadditive changes that are applied later. See ["Applying the Nonadditive Schema Changes" on page 163](#) for further information.

To apply additive schema changes

- 1** On the Staging Database Additive Schema Menu, select option 5: Select / Run Additive Changes, and press Enter.

The Staging Pending ADDITIVE Job Submission Menus is displayed. The panel ID is SBLSADDP.

- 2** Choose whether you want to apply all, none, or a subset of the additive schema changes:

- If you decide not to apply any of the additive schema changes, enter N for the Apply All (Y/N) prompt. Press PF3 until you return to the Staging Database File Generation menu.
- To apply all of the additive schema changes, do the following:
 - Enter Y for the Apply All (Y/N) prompt, and press Enter.
 - Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(ADDVSCHS)*.
- To apply a subset of the additive schema changes, enter either J, S, or SUB in the Opt column of the appropriate member, and press Enter:
 - Typing SUB in the Opt column for a member automatically submits the JCL to apply the additive change in the member: *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.ADD.JCL(member)*

- Typing J in the Opt column for a member places you in edit mode in the JCL for the member: *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.ADD.JCL(member)*
- Typing S in the Opt column for a member places you in edit mode in the SQL for the member: *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.ADD.SQL(member)*

NOTE: If you choose to selectively apply additive schema changes, bear in mind that some schema changes might require that other additive database, table space or table changes are applied first. In general, submit additive schema changes in database, table space, table hierarchical order.

3 Verify that the jobs ran successfully:

- a Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
- b You can view the Siebel staging database job log to check whether an additive job completed successfully or not by navigating to the In-Place Upgrade Main Menu and selecting option 5: Staging Database Joblog. See ["Viewing the Siebel Job Log Status" on page 200](#) for further information.

Do not proceed until the additive schema changes you chose to apply complete successfully. Any additive changes you do not apply become part of the nonadditive changes that are applied during the in-place database upgrade.

Preparing for Table Creation on the Staging Database

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

The PRET (pre-table) jobs are run against the staging database tables at the beginning of the upgrade; a small number of tables are altered by the PRET step to prepare the database for upgrading. There are two types of PRET jobs: jobs that you submit manually and jobs that run automatically. The manual PRET jobs perform the following tasks (this list varies according to your upgrade path):

- Determine whether there are CLOBs in the schema
- Query catalog tables for clustering index information

The automatic jobs drop some indexes, rename table(s) and add columns to tables. If you are using Siebel Scheduling, the automatic jobs use the unique job name prefixes you specify in the following procedure.

Complete the following procedures to prepare the staging database to generate unload, load, and schema files:

To run the PRET jobs

- 1 On the In-Place Upgrade Main Menu, select option 1: File Generation, and press Enter.
- 2 The Staging Database File Generation Menu appears. The panel ID is SBLSFGP.
- 3 Select option 4: PRET Processes. The Staging Database PRET Menu appears. The panel ID is SBLPRETP.
- 4 To build job cards for the PRET and pretfins job types, on the Staging Database PRET menu, select option 0: Add Jobcards & Siebel Logging, and press Enter.

The pretfins jobcards are only built if you are upgrading a Siebel Industry Application. If you executed Household scripts on the midtier and transferred those files to the z/OS host, household jobcards are also built.

Messages are displayed indicating the job type (PRET, pretfins, or Household), the number of jobs built and the jobcards added.

- 5 To load Siebel logging tables for the staging database upgrade jobs, on the Staging Database PRET Menu, select option 1: Load Siebel Log Entries (2), and press Enter.
- 6 Submit the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(LOADLOG3)*.
- 7 After submitting the job, review the output in SDSF or another job output facility to verify that the job ran successfully:

- a Verify that the return code is 0 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
- b Verify that additional log entries have been loaded to the TMP_SBLLOG_TAR table on the staging database.

- 8 To run the staging PRET processes, on the Staging Database PRET menu, select option 2: PRET - PRET Jobs, and press Enter.
- 9 Submit the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(STGPRET)*.

This triggers the first PRET job, which then automatically submits the next PRET job in sequence. The number of PRET jobs that are automatically submitted varies according to your upgrade path.

- 10 After submitting the job, review the output in SDSF or another job output facility to verify that the job ran successfully.

Verify that the return code is 0 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I. All jobs must complete successfully before you proceed to the next step.

- 11 To run the staging pretfins jobs, on the Staging Database PRET menu, select option 3: PRETF - PRET-FINS Jobs, and press Enter.

NOTE: You only have to perform this step if you are performing an Siebel Industry Applications (SIA) upgrade.

- 12 Submit the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(STGPRETF)*. This triggers the first PRET-FINS job, which then automatically submits the next PRET job in sequence. The number of PRET jobs that are automatically submitted varies according to your upgrade path.

- 13** After submitting the job, review the output in SDSF or another job output facility to verify that the job ran successfully.

Verify that the return code is 0 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I. All jobs must complete successfully before you proceed to the next step.

- 14** You have now completed the additive schema staging file generation process. You must now return to the midtier and restart the Siebel Upgrade Wizard to generate the nonadditive schema files, Temp table DDL files, and the load and unload files.

Preparing and Executing the Nonadditive Schema and JCL Files on the z/OS Host

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

When the Upgrade Wizard stops at Pause # 2, you must transfer the nonadditive schema files, Temp table DDL files, and the load and unload files that were generated on the midtier to data sets on the z/OS host. You then prepare the files, and apply them to the staging database. Perform the following tasks:

- "Transferring the Nonadditive Schema, Temp Table, and Load and Unload Files to the z/OS Host" on page 160
- "Preparing the Nonadditive Schema SQL and JCL Templates and Executing the DDL" on page 161
- "Applying the Nonadditive Schema Changes" on page 163
- "Creating the Data Migration Indexes" on page 163

Transferring the Nonadditive Schema, Temp Table, and Load and Unload Files to the z/OS Host

Use the following procedure to transfer the nonadditive schema DDL files, the Temp table DDL files, and the Load and Unload control cards generated by the Upgrade Wizard on the midtier up to Pause #2 to the z/OS host.

NOTE: Edit the generated files as required by Siebel Technical Notes, Siebel Alerts and *Siebel Release Notes* on My Oracle Support, or other publications before transferring them to the z/OS host.

To transfer the files generated on the midtier

- 1 Navigate to the \DB2390\dbsrvr\dboutput\upgrade directory (Windows) or the /DB2390/dbsrvr/dboutput/upgrade directory (UNIX) and double-click the ftp_pause2.bat file (Windows) or issue the following command (UNIX):

```
Ftp - i > ftp_pause2.bat
```

- 2 Enter your TSO ID and password and press Enter.

All the Pause #2 files are transferred from the midtier to the z/OS host.

- 3 Review the ftp_pause2.log file which is created in the upgrade directory and verify that all the files listed in the ftp_pause2.txt file transferred successfully to z/OS staging data sets.

Preparing the Nonadditive Schema SQL and JCL Templates and Executing the DDL

Perform the following procedure to prepare the nonadditive schema files.

To prepare nonadditive schema SQL and JCL templates

- 1 Go to the Siebel Upgrade Main Menu by entering the following command and pressing Enter:

```
TSO SBLUPG81
```

The panel ID is SBLUPG8P.

- 2 On the Siebel Upgrade Main Menu, select option 1: FILE GENERATION and press Enter. The Staging Database File Generation Menu is displayed. The panel ID is SBLSFGP.
- 3 On the Staging Database File Generation Menu, select option 5: Process Non-Additive Components, and press Enter:
 - If you are performing a development environment upgrade, the Staging Database Non-Additive Schema Menu is displayed. The panel ID is SBLSADNP.
 - If you are performing a production environment upgrade, you are first prompted to confirm that you have applied and completed all planned additive changes. Enter Y and press Enter and the Staging Database Non-Additive Schema Menu is displayed.
- 4 On the Staging Database Non-Additive Schema Menu, select option 0: Apply JCL/Schema TemplateParms, and press Enter.
Messages are displayed indicating that changes are being applied to the Unload and Load data sets.
- 5 On the Staging Database Non-Additive Schema Menu, select option 1: Populate JCL/Schema PDS Datasets, and press Enter.
- 6 Submit the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.I INSTALL.JCL* (UNPACK02).
This job unpacks the JCL and schema files into members in their corresponding PDS data set.

7 Verify that the job ran successfully.

Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

8 On the Staging Database Non-Additive Schema Menu, select option 2: Customize CLOB Unload/Load cards, and press Enter.

If the target database does not have CLOB columns on any tables, one of two message types appears:

- A message box that indicates that this step is not required.
- UTL0033: CLOB CUSTOMIZATION NOT REQUIRED FOR *upgtype* UPGRADE PATH.

If CLOBS exist on the target system, a series of messages appear. Read them carefully. This option will run in foreground and then place you in edit mode in the following data set:

DSNHLO.SIEBEL.INSTALL.JCL(CLOBCOPY)

9 Submit the job and review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

10 On the Staging Database Non-Additive Schema Menu, select option 3: Add Jobcards & Siebel Logging to Unloads/Loads and Data Migration Jobs, and press Enter.

A message appears, asking you to confirm that the *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.PROC(ISPBAT)* (ISPF batch proc) is correctly configured.

You can choose to modify the Unload/Load and data migration jobs in either TSO foreground mode or batch mode. It is recommended that you perform the procedure in batch mode.

In foreground mode, messages are displayed on the screen as the JCL-Prep progresses. This mode will lock up your session until the option is complete. Each option can take an extended period of time (more than thirty minutes), depending on the user's dispatching priority.

NOTE: It is recommended that you perform the procedure in batch mode. Before doing so, make sure you modify the ISPF batch procedure, *dsnhlo.siebel.proc(ispbat)*, to your installation standards. If you perform the procedure in foreground mode, make sure your logon region size is at least 7092.

11 Enter Y to confirm that the ISPF batch proc is correctly configured, and press Enter.

12 Press Enter again and you are placed in edit mode in the following data set:

DSNHLO.SIEBEL.INSTALL.JCL(SBLJCL23)

13 Submit the job and review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

NOTE: If you chose to perform the upgrade using Siebel-Scheduled mode, the data migration JCL includes a jobstep that automatically submits dependent jobs in the data migration flow until all jobs are completed for that data migration job type.

Applying the Nonadditive Schema Changes

Perform the following procedure to apply the nonadditive schema changes to the staging database.

If you are performing a development database upgrade, or if you are performing a production database upgrade but chose not to apply any additive changes in advance, all the Siebel CRM 8.1 schema upgrade changes are now applied to the staging database.

To apply nonadditive schema changes

- 1 On the Staging Database Non-Additive Schema Menu, select option 4: Apply Non-Additive Changes, and press Enter.
- 2 Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SI_EBEL.I_INSTALL.JCL(SCHEMAS)*.
- 3 Verify that the job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
- 4 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.

Creating the Data Migration Indexes

Perform the following procedure to create temporary tables and indexes for the data migration scripts and to rebuild indexes.

To create data migration indexes

- 1 On the Staging Database Non-Additive Schema Menu, select option 5: Build Data Migration Index Statements, and press Enter.
Messages are displayed on screen indicating that data migration CREATE INDEX and DROP INDEX statements are being generated. The messages you receive depends on your upgrade path.
- 2 On the Staging Database Non-Additive Schema Menu, select option 6: Create Data Migration Temp Table/Indexes, and press Enter.
This job creates COMMON temp tables and indexes used by upgrade data migration SQL scripts.
- 3 Submit the JCL in one of the following data sets:
 - For Siebel Industry Application (SIA) upgrades, use *DSNHLO.SI_EBEL.I_INSTALL.JCL(DMXSI A)*
 - For Siebel Business Applications upgrades, use *DSNHLO.SI_EBEL.I_INSTALL.JCL(DMXHOR)*.
- 4 Verify that the job ran successfully:
 - a Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility very carefully. Verify that the return code is 0, 4, or 8 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
 - b Verify that additional log entries have been loaded to the TMP_SBLLOG_TAR table on the staging database.

- 5 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.
- 6 On the Staging Database Non-Additive Schema Menu, select option 7: Generate Index Rebuilds, and press Enter.

A message appears, asking you to confirm that the *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.PROC(ISPBAT)* (ISPF batch proc) is correctly configured.

You can choose to generate index rebuilds in either TSO foreground mode or batch mode. It is recommended that you perform the procedure in batch mode.

In foreground mode, messages are displayed on the screen as the JCL-Prep progresses. This mode will lock up your session until the option is complete. Each option can take an extended period of time (more than thirty minutes), depending on the user's dispatching priority.

NOTE: It is recommended that you perform the procedure in batch mode. Before doing so, make sure you modify the ISPF batch procedure, *dsnhlq.siebel.proc(ispbat)*, to your installation standards. If you perform the procedure in foreground mode, make sure your logon region size is at least 7092.

- 7 Enter Y to confirm that the ISPF batch proc is correctly configured, and press Enter.
- 8 When the following message appears, specify the number of indexes to be included in each rebuild job, and press Enter:

NUMBER OF INDEXES PER REBUILD JOB.

The maximum number of indexes that can be included in a job is 10. It is recommended that you specify 3.

CAUTION: Consider your objective before choosing a maximum number of indexes for each job. Increasing this number results in fewer jobs but requires more memory and sort work. Reducing this number results in more jobs, which reduces resource requirements but causes fewer indexes to be built in parallel.

- 9 Press Enter, and you are placed in Edit mode in the *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.INSTALL(SBLJCL24)* data set.
 - 10 Submit the job and verify that the job ran successfully.
- Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility very carefully. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
- 11 Press PF3 twice to return to the Staging Database File Generation Menu.

Processing the Index Schema File

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

When the Upgrade Wizard stops at Pause # 3, you must transfer the SCINDX.SQL file to the z/OS host and apply it to prepare the 8.1 index DDL and to build DROP statements for old schema indexes.

Perform the following procedures:

- "Transferring the SCINDEX.SQL File to the z/OS Host" on page 165
- "Restructuring the Index DDL" on page 165

Transferring the SCINDEX.SQL File to the z/OS Host

Use the following procedure to transfer the SCINDEX.SQL file generated by the Upgrade Wizard on the midtier up to Pause #3 to the z/OS host.

NOTE: Edit the generated files as required by Siebel Technical Notes, Siebel Alerts and *Siebel Release Notes* on My Oracle Support, or other publications before transferring them to the z/OS host.

To transfer the file generated on the midtier

- 1 Navigate to the \DB2390\dbsrvr\dboutput\upgrade directory (Windows) or the /DB2390/dbsrvr/dboutput/upgrade directory (UNIX) and double-click the ftp_pause3.bat file (Windows) or issue the following command (UNIX):

```
Ftp - i > ftp_pause3.bat
```

- 2 Enter your TSO ID and password and press Enter.

The SCINDEX.SQL file is transferred from the midtier to the z/OS host.

- 3 Review the ftp_pause3.log file which is created in the upgrade directory and verify that the SCINDEX file transferred successfully to z/OS staging data sets.

Restructuring the Index DDL

Perform the following procedure to prepare the Index JCL.

To restructure the index DDL

- 1 Go to the Siebel In-Place Upgrade Main Menu by entering the following command, and pressing Enter:

```
TSO SBLUPG81
```

- 2 On the Siebel In-Place Upgrade Main Menu, select option 1: File Generation, and press Enter. The Staging Database File Generation Menu is displayed.
- 3 On the Staging Database File Generation Menu, select option 6: Process SCINDEX Index Components - Restructure Indexes, and press Enter.

A message appears, asking you to confirm that the *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.PROC(1SPBAT)* (ISPF batch proc) is correctly configured.

You can choose to generate index rebuilds in either TSO foreground mode or batch mode. It is recommended that you perform the procedure in batch mode.

- 4 Enter Y to confirm that the ISPF batch proc is correctly configured, and press Enter.
- 5 When the following message appears, specify the number of indexes to be included in each rebuild job, and press Enter:

NUMBER OF INDEXES PER REBUILD JOB.

The maximum number of indexes that can be included in a job is 10. It is recommended that you specify 3.

CAUTION: Consider your objective before choosing a maximum number of indexes for each job. Increasing this number results in fewer jobs but requires more memory and sort work. Reducing this number results in more jobs, which reduces resource requirements but results in fewer indexes being built in parallel.

- 6 Press Enter, and you are placed in Edit mode in the *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.INSTALL(SBLJCL31)* data set.
 - 7 Submit the job and verify that the job ran successfully.
- Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
- 8 Press PF3 twice to return to the Staging Database File Generation Menu.

Building JCL Templates for the Target Database

Perform the following procedure to build the JCL templates for the target database.

To build JCL templates for the target database

- 1 Go to the Siebel In-Place Upgrade Main Menu by entering the following command, and pressing Enter:

TSO SBLUPG81

- 2 Select option 1: File Generation, and press Enter. The Staging Database File Generation Menu is displayed.
- 3 Select option 7: Build Target Database JCL Templates, and press Enter.

This option applies target database LPAR, Tableowner and STORGROUP values to the JCL templates that were created to run the preupgrade and upgrade (in-place) processes for the staging database so they are appropriate for the target database upgrade.

- 4 Submit the JCL in one of the following data sets:
 - For Siebel Industry Application (SIA) upgrades, use *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.INSTALL.JCL(ALLSI AS)*
 - For Siebel Business Applications upgrades, use *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.INSTALL.JCL(ALLHORS)*

- 5 Verify that the job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
- 6 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.
- 7 Press PF3 twice to return to the Staging Database File Generation Menu.

When you successfully complete the target database file generation process, the File Generation option (1) on the Siebel In-Place Upgrade Main Menu is no longer available. You are now ready to start the target database pre-upgrade and upgrade processes.

13 Upgrading the Target Database

This chapter describes how to upgrade your database to Siebel CRM 8.1 using the upgrade files you generated against the staging database. It includes the following topics:

- [Process of Upgrading the Target Database on page 169](#)
- [Creating and Loading Siebel Log Tables on page 170](#)
- [Applying Additive Upgrade Changes to the Target Database on page 170](#)
- [Renaming the Production Environment Repository on page 173](#)
- [Performing the In-Place Target Database Upgrade on page 173](#)
- [Restarting Upgrade Jobs That Fail on page 186](#)

Process of Upgrading the Target Database

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

After you have generated upgrade files against the staging database and prepared the JCL used to run the upgrade processes, you are ready to perform the target database upgrade. This involves the following steps:

- 1 ["Creating and Loading Siebel Log Tables" on page 170](#)
- 2 [\(Production upgrades only\) "Applying Additive Upgrade Changes to the Target Database" on page 170](#)
- 3 [\(Production upgrades only\) "Renaming the Production Environment Repository" on page 173](#)
- 4 ["Performing the In-Place Target Database Upgrade" on page 173](#)

For production database upgrades, the additive changes applied to the staging database are applied to the production target database as part of the preupgrade process. The remaining nonadditive, schema, unload, load and data migration processes are then applied to the target database as part of the critical path in-place upgrade.

For development database upgrades, upgrade changes are applied in one step to the target database during the in-place upgrade.

NOTE: The procedures in this chapter use Siebel-Scheduled job execution but you can also choose to use a third party job scheduler. For information on choosing a scheduler, see ["About Executing Jobs Using Siebel-Scheduled Mode or Vendor-Scheduled Mode" on page 75.](#)

Creating and Loading Siebel Log Tables

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

Perform the following procedure to create Siebel log tables and load them on the target database before you begin the target database upgrade.

To load the target log table

- 1 If you are not on the Siebel Upgrade Main Menu, enter the following command:

TSO SBLUPG81

- 2 Select option 2: Target Database Processes - Pre-Upgrade, and press Enter.

- 3 Select option 0: Create & Load Target Siebel Log, and press Enter.

- 4 Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.I.NSTALL.JCL(LOADTAR)*.

This loads the target Siebel log table using the *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.JOBLOG.LOADFILE*.

- 5 Verify that the job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

- 6 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.

Applying Additive Upgrade Changes to the Target Database

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Production test, production.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

NOTE: For development database upgrades, all schema changes are processed as nonadditive so this step does not apply.

Before you can perform the in-place target database upgrade, you must first apply all of the additive schema changes that you previously applied to the production staging database to the production target database. See ["Applying the Additive Schema Changes to the Production Staging Database" on page 157](#) for further information.

When applying additive changes, you can either:

- Apply one, or a few of the additive changes to the target database during one or more sessions.
- Apply all of the additive changes as one job, provided that you applied all of the additive changes to the staging database.

Both methods of applying additive changes are described in this topic.

Applying Additive Changes Individually

You can apply individual additive changes to the target database using the following procedure.

To apply selected additive changes to the target production database

- 1 If you are not on the Siebel Upgrade Main Menu, enter the following command:

TSO SBLUPG81

- 2 Select option 2: Target Database Processes - Pre-Upgrade, and press Enter.
- 3 Select option 1: Schedule/Run PENDING Jobs (Target), and press Enter.

The Target Additive PENDING Job Status Menu is displayed. The panel ID is SBLADTP.

This panel lists all the pending additive jobs, that is, all the jobs that were applied as additive jobs to the staging database and which have not been applied to the target database.

- 4 To apply or view the additive schema changes, enter either J, S, or SUB in the Opt column of the appropriate member, and press Enter:

■ Typing SUB in the Opt column for a member automatically submits the JCL to apply the additive change in the member: *DSNHLQ SI EBEL ADDTAR JCL(member)*

To apply all the additive changes together, follow the procedure in "[Applying the Additive Changes in One Job](#)" on page 172.

■ Typing J in the Opt column for a member places you in edit mode in the JCL for the member: *DSNHLQ SI EBEL ADDTAR JCL(member)*

■ Typing S in the Opt column for a member places you in edit mode in the SQL for the member: *DSNHLQ SI EBEL ADDTAR SQL(member)*

NOTE: You can selectively submit additive schema changes according to the amount of time you have available. You must bear in mind, however, that some schema changes might require that other additive database, table space or table changes are applied first. Review the additive changes before submitting them and, in general, submit additive schema changes in database, table space, table hierarchical order.

- 5 After submitting the JCL to apply the additive change in a member, verify that the job ran successfully:

- a Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility very carefully. Verify that the return code is 0, 4, or 8 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
- b You can view the Siebel target database job log to check whether an additive job completed successfully or not by navigating to the In-Place Upgrade Main Menu and selecting option 6: Target Database Joblog. See "[Viewing the Siebel Job Log Status](#)" on page 200 for further information.

Do not proceed until all the pending additive schema jobs are run successfully.

Applying the Additive Changes in One Job

You can apply all the additive schema upgrade changes to the target database using the JCL in the data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL. I NSTALL. JCL(ADDVSCHT)* provided you also applied all of the additive changes to the staging database using the JCL in the *DSNHLO.SI EBEL. I NSTALL. JCL(ADDVSCHS)* data set.

CAUTION: If you applied only a subset of the additive schema upgrade changes to the staging database, you must not apply the additive schema upgrade changes to the target database using the JCL in the data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL. I NSTALL. JCL(ADDVSCHS)*. If you do, you will corrupt the target database.

To apply all additive changes to the target production database

- 1 Navigate to the ISPF Primary Option Menu, and select option 2: Edit.
- 2 Specify *DSNHLO.SI EBEL. I NSTALL. JCL(ADDVSCHT)* as the name of the data set member you want to edit on the Edit Entry Panel.
- 3 Submit the job in the ADDVSCHT member.

All of the additive schema changes are automatically submitted and applied to the target database.

NOTE: You must choose to either apply all of the additive changes in one job, or apply them all individually. If you apply any of the additive changes to the target database individually, as described in “[Applying Additive Changes Individually](#)” on page 171, you cannot use the *DSNHLO.SI EBEL. I NSTALL. JCL(ADDVSCHT)* member to apply additive changes; attempting to do will cause an error in your upgrade.

- 4 To ensure performance is not adversely affected when additive changes are applied in one job using the ADDVSCHT member, all of the indexes are created using the DEFINE YES, DEFER YES syntax. After applying the additive changes, you can rebuild the indexes for each index created by the ADDVSCHT member by submitting the JCL in the *DSNHLO.SI EBEL. EXEC(@ADDIX)* data set.

You can submit the index rebuild jobs all together, or individually. To submit the rebuild index jobs in one step:

- a Navigate to the ISPF Primary Option Menu, and select option 3.4.
- b On the Data Set List Utility (DSLST) panel, type EXEC on the line next to the @ADDIX member. Press Enter.

All of the rebuild index jobs are submitted.

To submit each index rebuild job individually:

- Edit the *DSNHLO.SI EBEL. EXEC(@ADDIX)* member by typing e to the left of the member name. Press Enter.
- Select the job you want to run, type submit on the command line, and press Enter.

The rebuild index job is submitted.

Renaming the Production Environment Repository

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Production test, production.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

Two separate repositories are used during the production upgrade process:

- **Your existing production repository**
- **New Customer Repository**

The New Customer Repository is loaded when you run the Siebel Upgrade Wizard.

To prevent a naming conflict, before you take your production database offline to run the in-place target database upgrade, rename your existing production repository (*Siebel Repository*) to *Prior Customer Repository*. After the upgrade, your new Siebel CRM version 8.1 production repository is given the name *Siebel Repository*.

Rename your existing production repository using the procedure described in the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes how to upgrade the Siebel database.

CAUTION: Your upgrade will encounter errors if you have more than one existing repository for a production upgrade. Export, archive, and delete from the Siebel schema to be upgraded any redundant repositories before you upgrade your production environment.

For further information about renaming repositories, see *Configuring Siebel Business Applications*.

Performing the In-Place Target Database Upgrade

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

Before performing the in-place target database upgrade, make sure you have completed the appropriate preupgrade tasks. See ["Process of Upgrading the Target Database" on page 169](#) for further information.

To execute the in-place target database upgrade, perform the following tasks in the sequence shown:

- ["Preparing the Target Database for the Upgrade" on page 174](#)
- ["Running the PRET Jobs for the Target Database" on page 175](#)
- ["Applying Nonadditive Schema Upgrade Changes to the Target Database" on page 176](#)
- ["Creating and Deploying Stored Procedures on the Target Database" on page 180](#)
- ["Migrating Data on the Target Database" on page 181](#)

- “Creating 8.1 Schema Indexes” on page 183
- “Running the Gen_Primary SQL to Update Data in Target Database Tables” on page 185
- “Generating RUNSTATS Jobs” on page 185

Accessing the Target Database In-Place Upgrade Menu

The Target Database In-Place Upgrade Menu provides options that allow you to perform all of these tasks. Perform the following procedure to access this menu:

- 1 Access the Siebel In-Place Upgrade Main Menu by entering the following command, and pressing Enter:
TSO SBLUPG81

- 2 Select option 3: Target Database Processes - Upgrade, and press Enter.

The Target Database In-Place Upgrade Menu is displayed. The panel ID is SBLINPP.

Preparing the Target Database for the Upgrade

Perform the following procedure to drop interface tables, triggers, and stored procedures from the target database to prepare for the upgrade.

To remove interface tables, triggers and stored procedures from the database

- 1 On the Target Database In-Place Upgrade Menu, select option 0: Drop Interface Tables, and press Enter.
This option runs the job to remove interface tables from the target database.
- 2 Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.INSTALL.JCL(INFDRPJT)*.
- 3 Verify that the job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility very carefully. Verify that the return code is 0 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
- 4 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.
- 5 On the Target Database In-Place Upgrade Menu, select option 1: Drop Triggers, and press Enter.
- 6 Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.INSTALL.JCL(TRGDRPJT)* to remove triggers from the target database.
- 7 Verify that the job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
- 8 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.

- 9 On the Target Database In-Place Upgrade Menu, select option 2: Drop SPs and Functions, and press Enter.
- 10 Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(SPFDRPT)*.
- 11 Verify that the job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0, 4, or 8 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
- 12 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.

Running the PRET Jobs for the Target Database

Perform the following procedure to run the PRET jobs to prepare the target database for table creation during the in-place upgrade.

To run the PRET jobs

- 1 On the Target Database In-Place Upgrade Menu, select option 3: Pret, and press Enter.
 - 2 Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(SUBPRET)*.
This triggers the first PRET job, which then automatically submits the next PRET job in sequence. The number of PRET jobs that are automatically submitted varies according to your upgrade path.
 - 3 Verify that the job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
 - 4 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.
All jobs must complete successfully before you proceed to the next step.
 - 5 On the Target Database In-Place Upgrade Menu, select option 4: PretFINS, and press Enter.
 - 6 Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(SUBPRETF)*.
This triggers the first PRET job, which then automatically submits the next PRET job in sequence. The number of PRET jobs that are automatically submitted varies according to your upgrade path.
- NOTE:** You only have to perform this step if you are performing an Siebel Industry Applications upgrade.
- 7 Verify that the job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
 - 8 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.
All PretFINS jobs must complete successfully before you proceed to the next step.

Applying Nonadditive Schema Upgrade Changes to the Target Database

Perform the following procedures to apply the nonadditive schema upgrade changes to the target database. Perform the procedures in the sequence in which they are listed.

- “[Removing Target Database Views](#)” on page 176
- “[Running Unload Jobs on the Target Database](#)” on page 176
- “[Creating the Schema on the Target Database](#)” on page 177
- “[Loading the Schema on the Target Database](#)” on page 177
- “[Executing 8.1 Index DDL and Rebuilding Indexes](#)” on page 178
- “[Creating and Rebuilding Obsolete Indexes](#)” on page 179

Removing Target Database Views

Perform the following procedure to remove views from the target database.

To remove views from the target database

- 1 On the Target Database In-Place Upgrade Menu, select option 5: Non-Additive Processes, and press Enter.

The following message appears:

Before proceeding, make sure ALL “Pret-FINS” jobs completed. Re-enter option 5 to continue.

- 2 Reselect option 5: Non-Additive Processes, and press Enter.

The Target Database “Non-Additive” Processes Menu appears. The panel ID is SBLNONP.

- 3 Select option 0: Drop Views, and press Enter.

- 4 Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.INSTALL.JCL(SUBDRPV)*.

- 5 Verify that the job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

- 6 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.

Running Unload Jobs on the Target Database

Perform the following procedure to run unload jobs on the target database.

To run unload jobs on the target database

- 1 On the Target Database "Non-Additive" Processes Menu, select option 1: Unload Schema, and press Enter.
- 2 Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(SUBUNLD)*.

This job submits all the Unload jobs to run in parallel. The number of Unload jobs run varies according to your upgrade path.

- 3 Verify that each Unload job ran successfully.

For each job, review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

A return code of 4 might be returned if a table is empty.

NOTE: You must fix any failed jobs before proceeding with the upgrade. For information on restarting failed jobs, see "[Restarting Upgrade Jobs That Fail](#)" on page 186.

- 4 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.
- 5 View the job status log.

You can view the job status log by completing the procedure described in "[Running SQL in Siebel Logs](#)" on page 201.

Creating the Schema on the Target Database

Perform the following procedure to create the Siebel CRM 8.1 schema on the target database.

To create the 8.1 schema on the target database

- 1 On the Target Database "Non-Additive" Processes Menu, select option 2: Create Schema, and press Enter.

The following message appears:

Before proceeding, make sure ALL "UNLOAD" jobs completed. Re-enter option 2 to continue.

- 2 Reselect option 2: Create Schema, and press Enter.
- 3 Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(SCHEMAT)*.
- 4 Verify that each Unload job ran successfully.

For each job, review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

- 5 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.

Loading the Schema on the Target Database

Perform the following procedure to run Load jobs on the target database.

To run the Load jobs on the target database

- 1 On the Target Database “Non-Additive” Processes Menu, select option 3: Load/Re-Load Schema, and press Enter.
- 2 Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(SUBLOAD)*.

This submits all the Load jobs to run in parallel. The number of upgrade Load jobs varies by upgrade path.

NOTE: If your database layout allows multiple tables for each table space, Loads for the same table space are stacked in the input job queue using the same job name to guarantee serialized loading.

- 3 Verify that the job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
- 4 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.

Executing 8.1 Index DDL and Rebuilding Indexes

Perform the following procedure to execute the Siebel CRM 8.1 index DDL and to rebuild indexes on the target database.

To execute the index DDL and to rebuild 8.1 indexes

- 1 On the Target Database “Non-Additive” Processes Menu, select option 4: Create 8.1 Restructured Indexes (DDL), and press Enter.

The following message appears:

Before proceeding, make sure ALL “LOAD” jobs completed. Re-enter option 4 to continue.

- 2 Reselect option 4: Create 8.1 Restructured Indexes (DDL), and press Enter.
- 3 Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(SCHEMAT2)*.
This job runs DDL Create Index statements to build nonunique indexes for the old schema.
- 4 Verify that the job ran successful. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
- 5 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.
- 6 On the Target Database “Non-Additive” Processes Menu, select option 5: Rebuild 8.1 Indexes, and press Enter.
- 7 Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(SUBNONI X)*.
This job automatically submits all nonunique 8.1 index rebuild jobs.

- 8** Verify that the job ran successful. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

You must fix any failed jobs before proceeding with the upgrade. For information on restarting failed jobs, see “[Restarting Upgrade Jobs That Fail](#)” on page 186.

Creating and Rebuilding Obsolete Indexes

If you choose, you can create and rebuild the old schema obsolete indexes. This step is optional.

The procedure to create and rebuild obsolete indexes differs, depending on whether you perform this task during the target database upgrade process, or after you have completed the target database upgrade (recommended). Both procedures are described in this topic.

Perform the following procedure to create and rebuild obsolete indexes on the target database during the target database upgrade process.

To create and rebuild obsolete indexes during the database upgrade

- 1** On the Target Database “Non-Additive” Processes Menu, select option 6: Create Obsolete Indexes, and press Enter.
- 2** Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(SCHEMAT0)*.
This job automatically builds the old-schema obsolete indexes.
- 3** Verify that the job ran successful. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
- 4** After submitting the job, enter *cancel* on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.
- 5** On the Target Database “Non-Additive” Processes Menu, select option 7:Rebuild Obsolete Indexes, and press Enter.
- 6** Run the job using the JCL in data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(SUB0BSI X)*.
This job automatically rebuilds the old-schema obsolete indexes.
- 7** Verify that the job ran successful. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
- 8** After submitting the job, enter *cancel* on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.

Perform the following procedure to create and rebuild obsolete indexes on the target database after the target database upgrade is completed.

To create and rebuild obsolete indexes after the database upgrade is completed

- 1 To create the obsolete indexes, run the SQL in the *DSNHLO. SI EBEL. DDLOI ND* data set.
- 2 Verify that the jobs ran successfully with a return code of 0.
- 3 Review the list of obsolete indexes created; rebuild only those indexes that you require.
- 4 Rebuild the obsolete indexes by submitting the appropriate JCL in the *DSNHLO. SI EBEL. OBSI X. JCL* data set.

The control cards for the rebuild index jobs are located in the *DSNHLO. SI EBEL. OBSI X. SQL* data set.

- 5 Verify that the jobs ran successfully with a return code of 0.

Creating and Deploying Stored Procedures on the Target Database

Perform the following task to install stored procedures and functions on the target database and to verify that they deployed correctly.

To install and verify stored procedures

- 1 On the Target Database In-Place Upgrade Menu, select option 6: Create SPs & Functions (Bind), and press Enter.

A message appears telling you to use the instructions in the @README member to install the stored procedures and functions.

- 2 Enter Y to continue, and press Enter.

You are placed in edit mode for PDS data set *DSNHLO. SI EBEL. SP. CNTL*.

- 3 Select the *DSNHLO. SI EBEL. SP. CNTL(@README)* PDS member.

- 4 Review the instructions in the @README file.

- 5 Select the IEBCOPY PDS member and submit the JCL in the data set *DSNHLO. SI EBEL. SP. CNTL(I EBCOPY)*.

This job moves the stored procedure load modules into the WLMPAS (this is the WLM load library you specified in ["Preparing the Upgrade Environment and Building the Staging Database" on page 128](#)).

- 6 Verify that the job ran successfully with a return code of 0.

The JCLTEST return code must be FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

- 7 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.

- 8 Select the PDS member for your upgrade path:

- Use BINDHOR if you are upgrading a Siebel Business Applications 7.5.3, 7.7, 7.8, or 8.0 application.

- Use BINDSIA if you are upgrading a Siebel Industry Applications 7.5.3, 7.7, 7.8, or 8.0 application.

This places you in edit mode for PDS data set member *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.SP.CNTL(BI NDSIA)* or *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.SP.CNTL(BI NDHOR)*.

This job binds the stored procedure packages.

NOTE: If the job fails because the procedure already exists, run the appropriate DROP procedure job, either *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.SP.CNTL(DRPSIA)* or *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.SP.CNTL(DRPHOR)*, then run the bind job again.

- 9 Verify that the job ran successfully with a return code of 0 or 4.

The JCLTEST return code must be FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

- 10 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.

- 11 Select the WLMREFSH PDS member and submit the JCL in the data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.SP.CNTL(WLMREFSH)*.

This job refreshes the DB2 WLM environment.

- 12 Verify that the job ran successfully with a return code of 0.

The JCLTEST return code must be FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

- 13 Press PF3 to return to the Target Database In-Place Upgrade Menu.

- 14 Select option 7: Verify SP and Function Deployment, and press Enter.

This places you in edit mode for one of the following PDS data sets and members:

- For Siebel Business Applications upgrades: *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(SPVHOR)*
- For Siebel Industry Applications upgrades: *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(SPVSIA)*

- 15 Run the JCL in the appropriate data set for your upgrade. The JCL in the SPVSIA and SPVHOR members executes each stored procedure against the target database after the new schema has been created and data has been loaded onto the target. This process verifies that the stored procedures have been installed and can be executed.

- 16 Verify that the job ran successfully with a return code of 0.

The JCLTEST return code must be FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

- 17 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.

Migrating Data on the Target Database

Perform the tasks described in this topic to migrate pre 8.1 Siebel data to version 8.1 data. Generally, this involves inserting or updating values in the target tables, but new indexes might also be created and rebuilt.

There are optional data migration scripts for Household data and for Siebel Financial Services (FINS) applications. The scripts you must apply depends on the applications you have implemented and your upgrade path. Review [Table 13](#) to determine the scripts that apply for your upgrade.

Table 13. Data Migration Scripts to Run

Data Migration Script	Applicable Upgrade Path
Household	All Siebel Industry application (SIA) upgrades
Household - FINS	All Siebel Industry application (SIA) upgrades
Preschm	All upgrade paths
Preschm - FINS	All Siebel Industry application (SIA) upgrades
UpgISS	All upgrade paths

Use the following procedure to run each of the data migration scripts.

To run the data migration scripts

- 1 On the Target Database In-Place Upgrade Menu, select option 8: Data Migration Processes, and press Enter.
The Target Database Data Migration Processes Menu appears. The panel ID is SBLDMP.
- 2 Select the appropriate option for the data migration script you want to run, for example, select option 3: Preschm, and press Enter, to run the preschm scripts.
- 3 You are placed in edit mode on one of the following data sets, depending on the option you select:
 - Household: *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(HHMI G)*
 - Household - FINS: *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(HHMI GFI N)*
 - Preschm: *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(SUBPSH)*
 - Preschm - FINS: *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(SUBPSHF)*
 - UpgISS: *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(SUBUPGI S)*
- 4 Run the data migration job using the JCL in the data set in which you have been placed. For example, if you selected option 3:Preschm, submit the JCL in the *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(SUBPSH)* data set.

This job automatically submits the *first* job in the job stream.

If the first Household and Preschm data migration job completes successfully, it automatically submits all subsequent jobs in the that data migration process flow. The number of jobs that are run varies according to your upgrade path.

If one of the automatically submitted job fails, the succeeding dependent job is not submitted and the automatic job submission sequence terminates. Correct the problem that caused the job failure and resubmit the individual failed job. When the job completes successfully, it then submits the next job in sequence.

- 5 Verify that the job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, then you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
- NOTE:** You must fix any failed jobs before proceeding with the upgrade. For information on restarting failed jobs, see “[Restarting Upgrade Jobs That Fail](#)” on page 186.
- 6 Press PF3 to return to the Target Database Data Migration Processes Menu and run the next data migration job in sequence.

About Migrating Preschm Data

Some of the PRESCHM jobs run independently but others are submitted in a defined order and cannot run until previous jobs have completed successfully; you can run the standalone jobs in parallel with those with dependencies. To see the serial flow of the PRESCHM jobs and the PRESCHM job dependencies, look at the PDS member DSNHLO.SI EBEL.PRESCHM.JCL(@DEPFLOW).

Creating 8.1 Schema Indexes

Perform the following procedure to drop old schema indexes, create 8.1 schema and EIM indexes, and submit the rebuild jobs for the 8.1 Gen Primary indexes for the target database.

To run index jobs for the target database

- 1 On the Target Database In-Place Upgrade Menu, select option 9: SCINDX Index Processes, and press Enter.

The following message appears:

Before proceeding, make sure ALL Data Migration “UPGISS” jobs completed. Re-enter option 9 to continue.

- 2 Reselect option 9: SCINDX Index Processes, and press Enter.

The Target SCINDX Index Processes Menu appears. The panel ID is SBLSIXP.

- 3 Select option 0: Drop Old Schema Indexes, and press Enter.

You are placed in edit mode on data set DSNHLO.SI EBEL.INSTALL.JCL(GPDRPI X).

- 4 Submit the JCL in the data set to drop the old schema indexes.

- 5 Verify that the job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

- 6 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.

- 7** On the Target SCINDEX Index Processes Menu, select option 1: Create Pre-Gen Primary Indexes (DDL), and press Enter.

You are placed in edit mode on data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(GPRI X)*.

- 8** Submit the JCL in the data set to run the DDL to create the Pre-Gen Primary Indexes.

- 9** Verify that the job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

- 10** After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.

- 11** On the Target SCINDEX Index Processes Menu, select option 2: Rebuild Pre-Gen Primary Indexes (DDL), and press Enter. This job rebuilds the Pre-Gen primary indexes to create ROW_IDs for the data in the existing row.

You are placed in edit mode on data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(SUBGPPI X)*.

- 12** Submit the JCL in the data set.

This job runs all the Pre-Gen Primary Index rebuild jobs in parallel. The number of index rebuild jobs that are run varies according to your upgrade path and the number of indexes you specified to be included in each rebuild job. See “[Restructuring the Index DDL](#)” on page 165 for further information.

- 13** Verify that the job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

- 14** After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.

- 15** On the Target SCINDEX Index Processes Menu, select option 3: Create EIM Indexes (DDL), and press Enter.

You are placed in edit mode on data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(EIMI X)*.

- 16** Submit the JCL in the data set to run the DDL to create new EIM indexes.

- 17** Verify that the job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

- 18** After submitting the job, press PF3 to return to the Target Database In-Place Upgrade Menu.

Running the Gen_Primary SQL to Update Data in Target Database Tables

The Gen_Primary data migration jobs apply changes to primary child columns that are required for the upgrade to the target database tables. The following procedure outlines the steps to follow to run the Gen_Primary jobs.

NOTE: If you are upgrading to Siebel Industry Applications 8.1 from Siebel Industry Applications 8.0, there are no changes to primary child columns in database tables. As a result, the gen_primaryx.jcl upgrade files generated on the midtier platform do not contain any SQL commands, and do not have to be run, for this upgrade path.

To run the Gen_Primary SQL

- 1 On the Target Database In-Place Upgrade Menu, select option 10: Gen_Primary Data Migration, and press Enter.
You are placed in edit mode on data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL. INSTALL.JCL(SUBGENP)*.
- 2 Submit the JCL in the data set to update data in the target tables.
This submits all the Gen-Primary data migration job streams (the number of job streams varies by upgrade type). All of the jobs are run in parallel as no dependencies exist between them.
- 3 Verify that the job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
- 4 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.

Generating RUNSTATS Jobs

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

The following procedure generates RUNSTATS jobs for all Siebel table spaces. This process excludes all interface tables (EIM and tables with an _IF suffix).

NOTE: If you are performing a development environment upgrade, run the RUNSTATS jobs before starting the repository merge process.

To generate RUNSTATS jobs

- 1 On the Target Database In-Place Upgrade Menu, select option 11: Generate/Run Runstats, and press Enter.

The following message appears:

Before proceeding, make sure ALL "Gen-Primary" jobs completed. Re-enter option 11 to continue.

- 2 Reselect option 11: Generate/Run Runstats, and press Enter.
The Upgrade Runstats panel appears. The panel ID is SBLRSP.
- 3 Read the information relating to the RUNSTATS jobs on the Upgrade Runstats panel, then press Enter to start the RUNSTATS job generation process.
- 4 Messages are displayed as the jobs are generated. When the process is completed, press Enter.
You are placed in edit mode on the PDS data set that contains the RUNSTATS jobs, *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.RUNST*.
- 5 Select the *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.RUNST(@RSTXREF)* PDS member.
This file contains information relating to each RUNSTATS job, for example, the table for which the job collects statistics and when statistics were last collected on the table.
- 6 Select the RUNSTATS jobs you want to run and run each one individually using the JCL in the data set *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.RUNST(@RSTXREF)*.
Alternatively, go to the *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.INSTALL.JCL(SUBRUNST)* data set and submit the JCL in the data set to run all the RUNSTATS jobs for table spaces that did *not* have statistics collected during any of the previous upgrade processes.
- 7 Verify that the job(s) ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
- 8 Press PF3 to save changes.

Restarting Upgrade Jobs That Fail

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, “How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade.”](#)

This topic describes how to restart mainframe upgrade jobs that fail.

To restart a mainframe upgrade job that fails

- 1 Identify the job that failed under the SDSF exit (job status).

You can find the name of the job that failed using one of the following options on the In-Place Upgrade Main Menu:

- Option 5: Staging Database Joblog
- Option 6: Target Database Joblog

See [“Running SQL in Siebel Logs” on page 201](#) for further information.

- 2 Determine the reason the job failed. You can determine the reason for the job failure by selecting the job on the SDSF output queue panel using the s action character.

3 Correct the problem.

If a job fails because of an SQL error, fix the problem in the appropriate SQL PDS member. For example, for PRESCHM jobs, you can locate the relevant SQL PDS member in the DSNHLQ.SIEBEL.PRESCHM.SQL data set.

NOTE: If you require help in performing these tasks or if you require confirmation that the tasks that you are about to run are correct, create a service request (SR) on My Oracle Support. You can log service requests by accessing My Oracle Support (Service Request tab), or by using your existing phone support numbers to contact Oracle Global Customer Support.

4 Once the problem has been identified and corrected, restart the job. You can do this by selecting the job that failed on the SDSF output queue using the SJ action character. This will automatically call up the next scheduled job allowing the upgrade process, for example PRESCHM, to continue.

14 Performing Postupgrade Tasks on the Target Database

This chapter describes tasks you must perform after upgrading the target database. It includes the following topics:

- Transferring the Development Environment Upgrade Output Files to the z/OS Host on page 189
- Synchronizing the Schema on page 190
- Performing Intersection Table Maintenance on page 191
- Installing New License Keys After an Upgrade on page 194
- Deleting Redundant Upgrade Files on page 194

Transferring the Development Environment Upgrade Output Files to the z/OS Host

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Development environment only.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

The development upgrade upgphys process generates the following files, which are used to complete the development upgrade:

- **synctab.sql and syncidx.sql:** Synchronize tables and indexes on the development database.
- **(7.5.3 upgrades only) dedup.jcl and dedup_prod.jcl:** Remove duplicate records from the intersection tables and set up support for database aggregation.

Transfer these files to the z/OS host using the following procedure.

To transfer the development environment upgrade output files to the z/OS host

- 1 Navigate to the \DB2390\ dbsrvr\ dboutput\ upgrade directory (Windows) or the /DB2390/ dbsrvr/dboutput/upgrade directory (UNIX) and double-click the ftp_syncdd.bat file (Windows) or issue the following command (UNIX):

```
Ftp - i > ftp_syncdd.bat
```

- 2 Enter your TSO ID and password and press Enter.

All the development environment postupgrade files are transferred from the midtier to the z/OS host.

- 3 Review the ftp_syncdd.log file which is created in the upgrade directory and verify that all the files listed in the ftp_syncdd.txt file transferred successfully to z/OS staging data sets.

NOTE: If the development and production upgrades are run on different midtier computers, then you must copy the files to be transferred to the z/OS host to the production midtier computer before running the ftp_syncdd.bat file.

About the Dedup Files

The dedup files and dedup_prod.jcl files generated by the upgphys process are similar to the files that you generate during the Prepare for Production Upgrade process, which is run for upgrades from Siebel CRM version 7.5.3 before the production environment upgrade is started. Since both processes use the same information when generating these files, you can use the dedup files created by either the upgphys process or the Prepare for Production Upgrade process.

Synchronizing the Schema

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Development environment only.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

After completing the development environment target database upgrade, you must perform the following procedure to synchronize database tables and indexes.

NOTE: It is recommended that you drop EIM tables before synchronizing the Siebel logical and physical schema to ensure that the synchronization process does not fail when processing EIM tables.

To synchronize the schema

- 1 Enter the following command and press Enter:

TSO SBLUPG81

The Siebel In-Place Upgrade Main Menu appears. The panel ID is SBLUPG8P.

- 2 Select option 4: Post-Upgrade, and press Enter.

The Target Database Post-Upgrade Menu appears. The panel ID is SBLPSTP.

- 3 Select option 0: Apply/Run Table Synchronization, and press Enter.

You are placed in edit mode for the data set &DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(SUBSYNCT).

- 4 Run the job using the JCL in the data set.

This job submits the SYNCTAB (synchronize table) job which executes a file containing the DDL for the tables.

5 Verify that the job ran successfully.

Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

6 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.

7 On the Target Database Post-Upgrade Menu, select option 1: Apply/Run Index Synchronization, and press Enter.

You are placed in edit mode for the data set &DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I NSTALL.JCL(SUBSYNCX).

8 Run the job using the JCL in the data set.

This job submits the SYNCIDX (synchronize index) job which executes a file containing the DDL for the indexes.

9 Verify that the job ran successfully.

Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

10 Press PF3 to return to the Upgrade In-Place Main Menu.

Upgphys processing is now completed.

Performing Intersection Table Maintenance

Upgrades: Release 7.5.3 only. **Environments:** Production test, production.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

The intersection table maintenance jobs (ITM) identify and resolve potential duplicate row IDs from intersection tables. Perform the following procedures to prepare and run the ITM jobs.

To prepare the intersection table maintenance jobs

1 Enter the following command and press Enter:

TSO SBLUPG81

The Siebel In-Place Upgrade Main Menu appears. The panel ID is SBLUPG8P.

2 Select option 4: Post-Upgrade, and press Enter.

The Target Database Post-Upgrade Menu appears. The panel ID is SBLPSTP.

3 Select option 2: Copy ITM files from Development HLQ, and press Enter. This process copies the ITM development upgrade files and then converts them for use in the production upgrade.

A message appears prompting you to enter the Data Set Name High-Level Qualifier (DSNHLO) used for the ITM/Dedup data sets produced during the development upgrade.

- 4 Enter the DSNHLQ used for the development upgrade ITM/Dedup data sets, and press Enter.

If the DSNHLQ you enter is valid, the following message appears:

Press Enter and submit JCL to complete required changes....

- 5 Run the JCL in data set *&DSNHLQ.SIEBEL.INSTALL.JCL(ITMCONV)*.

The data sets are copied from the development environment and renamed to use the production upgrade DSNHLQ.

If the DSNHLQ and associated data sets do not exist, or if you enter an invalid development upgrade DSNHLQ, the process stops. Correct the problem before running the process again.

- 6 Verify that the job ran successfully.

Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

- 7 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.

- 8 On the Target Database Post-Upgrade Menu, select option 3: Populate PDS Datasets, and press Enter.

- 9 You are placed in edit mode in the data set *&DSNHLQ.SIEBEL.INSTALL.JCL(UNPACK04)*. Submit the JCL in the data set to populate the PDS data sets.

- 10 Verify that the job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility.

Verify that the return code is 0 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

- 11 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.

- 12 On the Target Database Post-Upgrade Menu, select option 4: Add Jobcards to Unload & Delete/Update Jobs, and press Enter.

- 13 You are prompted to enter a three-character jobname prefix. Enter the prefix you want to use, and press Enter.

Messages are displayed indicating that the JCL generation is in process, then a series of messages indicate the number of jobs generated. The number of ITM Unload jobs that are generated varies according to your upgrade path.

The jobcards are added to the JCL templates.

Perform the following procedure to run the intersection table maintenance jobs.

To run the intersection table maintenance jobs

- 1 On the Target Database Post-Upgrade Menu, select option 5: Intersection Table Maintenance, and press Enter.

The Intersection Table Maint. Process Menu appears. The panel ID is SBLITMP.

- 2 Select option 0: Load Siebel Log Entries (1), and press Enter.

- 3 You are placed in edit mode in the data set *&DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(LOADITM)*. Submit the JCL in the data set.
- 4 Verify that the job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
- 5 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.
- 6 On the Intersection Table Maint. Process Menu, select option 1: Run Unload Jobs to Identify Candidate Tables, and press Enter.
- 7 You are placed in edit mode in the data set *&DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(SUBITMUL)*. Submit the JCL in the data set.

This job submits all the ITM Unload jobs to run in parallel. The number of jobs that are run varies according to your upgrade path.
- 8 Verify that the job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
- 9 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.
- 10 On the Intersection Table Maint. Process Menu, select option 2: Generate Delete/Update Jobs for Candidates Identified, and press Enter:
 - If no duplicate row IDs are identified in the intersection tables, a message appears indicating that the ITM process is completed. You can proceed to the next step in the postupgrade process.
 - If tables are identified that contain duplicate row IDs, you are prompted to enter the COMMIT frequency.
- 11 Enter the COMMIT frequency you want to use or press Enter to accept the default value of 100. Messages appear indicating that the input Unload PDS data set is being read and the update and delete jobs are being built.
- 12 On the Intersection Table Maint. Process Menu, select option 3: Load Siebel Log Entries (2), and press Enter.
- 13 You are placed in edit mode in the data set *&DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(LOADITM2)*. Submit the JCL in the data set.
- 14 Verify that the job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.
- 15 After submitting the job, enter cancel on the command line or press PF3 to save changes.
- 16 On the Intersection Table Maint. Process Menu, select option 4: Run Delete/Update Jobs for Candidates Identified, and press Enter.

17 You are placed in edit mode in the data set `&DSNHLO.SI EBEL.I TMJOBS.JCL`.

The PDS member list is displayed.

18 Submit each member in the data set by selecting the PDS member, entering `submit` on the command line, and pressing Enter. Repeat for each member.

19 Verify that each job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 or 4 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

20 After submitting the job, press PF3 to return to the In-Place Upgrade Main Menu.

Installing New License Keys After an Upgrade

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

With the new release of Siebel Business Applications, you receive one or more license keys. You must add all of the new license keys to enable the new release of Siebel Business Applications.

To add new license keys

- 1** Start the new-release version of Siebel Tools.
- 2** Connect to the database server as the Siebel administrator.
Enter the Siebel administrator user name (for example, SADMIN) and the associated password, and choose Server in the Connect to drop-down list.
- 3** Click Add Key.
- 4** In the License Key dialog box, enter the Siebel Business base application license key or the Siebel Tools license key, and then click OK.
- 5** Close Siebel Tools.

For more information on installing license keys, see *Siebel Installation Guide* for the operating system you are using and *Siebel Applications Administration Guide*.

Deleting Redundant Upgrade Files

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

After you complete the database upgrade process, delete any upgrade files that are no longer required. The procedures in this topic describe how to drop all staging database objects, and how to delete Unload data sets and stored procedures.

Removing the Staging Database

After you have successfully completed your database upgrade, you must remove the staging database objects before you can reuse the same database prefix and tableowner name.

To remove the staging database

- 1 Log on to the z/OS host.
- 2 Submit the JCL in the `&DSNHLQ.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(STGDROPJ)` data set.
The staging database objects are removed.
- 3 Press PF3 to complete the process.

Deleting Unload Data Sets

When your database upgrade is completed, you no longer require the Unload data sets. Perform the following procedure to generate a list of the Unload data sets and then delete them.

NOTE: Before performing this procedure, you must have the `*.siebel.exec` library allocated.

To delete unload data sets

- 1 Log on to the z/OS host.
- 2 Enter the following command and press Enter:
`TSO SBLDELDS`
A list of the unload data sets to be deleted is generated.
- 3 Navigate to the `*.siebel.install.jcl` library.
- 4 Submit the JCL in the data set `&DSNHLQ.SI EBEL.I INSTALL.JCL(DELULDS)` to delete the Unload data sets.
- 5 Verify that each job ran successfully. Review the output in SDSF or another job output facility. Verify that the return code is 0 and that the JCLTEST return code is FLUSH. If you do not see the FLUSH return code, you can verify the condition codes by searching for the condition code IEF206I.

Deleting Stored Procedures

A number of stored procedures are installed during the database upgrade on the z/OS host to facilitate upgrade processing. These stored procedures are not required after the upgrade has been completed successfully and can be deleted. The following procedure describes how to drop the upgrade stored procedures.

For information on installing the stored procedures, see “[Creating and Deploying Stored Procedures on the Target Database](#)” on page 180.

To drop the upgrade stored procedures

- 1** Log on to the z/OS host.
- 2** Submit the JCL in the data set member *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.SP.CNTL(DRPSIA)* or *DSNHLO.SI EBEL.SP.CNTL(DRPHOR)*, depending on your upgrade path.
The Stored Procedures are deleted.
- 3** Press PF3 to complete the process.

15 Reviewing the Siebel Upgrade Log Files

This chapter describes the upgrade log files that the Siebel Upgrade Wizard produces on the midtier during the upgrade file generation process. It also describes how to check the status of staging and target upgrade jobs on the z/OS host using the z/OS Siebel job logs. This chapter includes the following topics:

- [About the Siebel Upgrade Log Files on page 197](#)
- [Reviewing Siebel Upgrade Log Files for Errors on page 199](#)
- [Manually Archiving Upgrade Log Files on page 200](#)
- [Viewing the Siebel Job Log Status on page 200](#)
- [Running SQL in Siebel Logs on page 201](#)

About the Siebel Upgrade Log Files

The Upgrade Wizard writes logs that provide detailed information on the upgrade processes and they also list all errors. The Upgrade Wizard writes the logs for a process to the following directory by default:

Windows: *SIEBEL_ROOT\LOG\process*

UNIX: *\$SIEBEL_ROOT/log/process*

where *process* is the name of the upgrade process you have run, for example, *upprep_dev_782* or *prepare_for_producti on_upgrade*.

The *process* directory contains the following subdirectories:

- **Output.** Directory containing the Upgrade Wizard log files
- **State.** Directory containing the state.log file

The output and state directories are automatically archived on subsequent runs of a process that completes successfully. (The names of subsequent log directories are appended with _1, _2, and so on.) To preserve disk space, periodically delete or save log directories to another location.

NOTE: You can select a different log directory from the Log Output Directory screen on the Database Configuration Wizard.

About the State Log File

Each upgrade process consists of a series of steps, each of which must complete successfully. If the Upgrade Wizard cannot complete a step, it marks the step as incomplete in the state.log file and exits. The state.log file is located in *SIEBEL_ROOT\LOG\process\state* (Windows) or *SIEBEL_ROOT/LOG/process/state* (UNIX).

You must correct the error and then run the Upgrade Wizard again. When you rerun the Upgrade Wizard, it refers to the state log and resumes at the incomplete step that contained the error.

About Process Log Files

You can identify errors you encounter during an upgrade by reviewing the log file named UpgWiz.log (Windows) or srvrupgwiz1.log (UNIX) in the *SIEBEL_ROOT\LOG\process\output* directory (Windows) or the *SIEBEL_ROOT\LOG\process\output* directory (UNIX).

The name of the log file increments for subsequent log files that are created if the Siebel Upgrade Wizard encounters a problem and you run the Siebel Upgrade Wizard again.

Review the end of the log file for details about the latest failure. If the step that failed was not a native SQL step (which would be listed in the log file), then it occurred as part of an external utility. You can review the relevant log file, which is identified by the /L parameter.

How to Determine if the Upgrade Process Completed Successfully

If the status of all the steps in the state.log is Complete, the upgrade process completed successfully.

If the status of any step is Incomplete, the upgrade process did not complete successfully. You must identify the error and correct it before resuming the upgrade.

NOTE: In some cases, the Upgrade Wizard can complete a step even though the step contains unacceptable errors. You must verify that all steps do not contain unacceptable errors, even those with a status of Complete.

Use the following process to identify errors:

- 1 Resolve errors for steps identified with a Status of Incomplete in the state.log file.
- 2 Review all the steps with a status of Complete in the state.log file. If any contain unacceptable errors, resolve these errors. See "[Reviewing Siebel Upgrade Log Files for Errors](#)" on page 199 for information on identifying unacceptable upgrade errors.
- 3 Restart the Upgrade Wizard, or, if necessary, restore the database and rerun the upgrade process.

If you have any questions regarding how to resolve errors, create a service request (SR) on My Oracle Support. You can log service requests by accessing My Oracle Support (Service Request tab), or by using your existing phone support numbers to contact Oracle Global Customer Support.

Log Files That Can Be Ignored

If the upgrade completed successfully, there are several log files that you can safely ignore:

- Windows: sw_cfg_xxx.log and siebel.log
- UNIX: srvrupgwiz_*.log and siebel_*.log. For example, srvrupgwiz_001.log, and srvrupqwiz1_02.log

- Any other log file that existed before the start of the upgrade

CAUTION: UNIX Only: The log file `srvrupgwi z_001.log` is a different file than `srvrupgwi z1.log`. Do not ignore log files named `srvrupgwi z1.log`, `srvrupgwi z1_01.log` and so on.

Reviewing Siebel Upgrade Log Files for Errors

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

Review the logs created when you run the Siebel Upgrade Wizard to verify that the upgrade process completed correctly and to identify errors that must be resolved. The log files might include errors that are expected and benign. You must compare any error messages found in the log files to a list of acceptable error messages, and correct any unacceptable errors.

Complete the following procedure to manually review log files for unacceptable errors.

To manually review the log files for unacceptable errors

- 1 Review the state.log file to see at what step the upgrade failed. This step can be traced back to the driver file. The state.log file is located in the following directory:

Windows: `$SIEBEL_ROOT\LOG\process\state`

UNIX: `$SIEBEL_ROOT/LOG/process/state`

- 2 Print the errors file. The errors file lists the benign and expected errors you might find in the log files; you can ignore these errors. The errors file is located in the installation subdirectory:

Windows: `DBSRVR_ROOT\DB2390\errors.rtf` or `errors.htm`

UNIX: `DBSRVR_ROOT/DB2390/errors.txt`

- 3 Sort the log files in the following directory by date.

Windows: `$SIEBEL_ROOT\LOG\process\output`

UNIX: `$SIEBEL_ROOT/LOG/process/output`

- 4 Open each log file, starting with the earliest, and search for errors. Starting with the earliest log file can shorten your research time.

Log files are identified by the .log extension. Errors are either tagged with the word `error` or enclosed in square brackets [...].

- 5 For each error found, compare the error description against the list of acceptable errors documented in the errors file.

The log files generated by the Siebel Upgrade Wizard (for example `srvrupgwiz1.log`) appear in the errors file as `upgwiz1.log`, `upgwiz2.log`, incrementing for additional log files. Identify errors as follows:

- If you find the error in the errors file, it is acceptable and no action is required. Continue to review the errors found in the log file.
- If an error appears multiple times in a log file, but only one occurrence of that error appears in the errors file, all errors of that type are acceptable and no action is required. Continue to review the errors found in the log file.
- If a log file is not listed in the errors file, there are no acceptable error messages for that log file. You must correct the condition that caused the error before you rerun the Siebel Upgrade Wizard.
- If you find an error that is not listed in the errors file, it is unacceptable. You must correct the condition that caused the error before you rerun the Siebel Upgrade Wizard.

To help resolve unacceptable errors, view 477324.1 (Article ID) on My Oracle Support. This document was formerly published as Siebel Troubleshooting Steps 21. Common errors and how to resolve them are listed in this document. If the error is not listed or you cannot resolve it, create a service request (SR) on My Oracle Support. *Do not proceed with the upgrade.*

6 Repeat Step 5 for each log file.

Although unacceptable errors are rarely encountered, this review is critical. Certain errors, such as a failure to create indexes, can result in performance problems or anomalous behavior in Siebel Business Applications.

Related Topic

["About the Siebel Upgrade Log Files" on page 197](#)

Manually Archiving Upgrade Log Files

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

After a successful installation and upgrade, you must manually save and archive the log files located in the *SIEBEL_ROOT/LOG/process* (Windows) directory.

By default, only nine (9) upgrade log files are retained for subsequent retries of the Siebel Upgrade Wizard. After nine log files have been created, when the Siebel Upgrade Wizard is rerun, it overwrites log files beginning with the earliest one created and recycles the rest as necessary. (This does not apply to the state.log file.)

The number of log files retained can be increased by resetting the siebel_log_archive environment variable, for example, set the variable to 20 to retain twenty (20) log files.

Viewing the Siebel Job Log Status

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

Whether you are using Siebel-scheduling or vendor-scheduling to run your upgrade jobs, you can query the Siebel job log for the staging and target upgrade processes by completing the following procedure.

NOTE: To view job status, you must have installed DSN REXX.

To view the Siebel job log status

- 1 If you are not on the Siebel In-Place Upgrade Main Menu, enter the following command:

TSO SBLUPG81

- 2 Select one of the following options, and press Enter:

- Option 5: Staging Database Joblog (SBLLOG S).
The Staging Joblog Query panel displays.
- Option 6: Target Database Joblog (SBLLOG T).
The Target Joblog Query panel displays.

The panel ID of both the staging and target joblog panels is SBLLOGP.

A list of successful and failed jobs appears.

- 3 Next to the label, List By Job Status, enter 1 to list failed jobs and enter 2 to list jobs that have not yet been run.

The list displays 250 lines only. The Unload, Load and Index Rebuild jobs have more than 250 jobs, so you must query using another option or by specific or partial job name.

- 4 Press PF3 when you are finished viewing the log.

The Siebel In-Place Upgrade Main Menu for your upgrade path appears.

Running SQL in Siebel Logs

By using SPUFI or the command line, you can construct SQL queries to run against the staging or the target log tables.

The following statements report the status of the load jobs for the staging and target databases:

```
SELECT JOB_DESC, JOB_NAME, JOB_STATUS FROM C010A901.TMP_SBLLOG_STG WHERE JOB_NAME
LIKE 'LKC%' ;

SELECT JOB_DESC, JOB_NAME, JOB_STATUS FROM C010A901.TMP_SBLLOG_TAR WHERE JOB_NAME
LIKE 'LKC%' ;
```

You can alter the preceding statements to report the status of any jobs by changing the JOB_NAME LIKE statement to another prefix.

This following statement checks for failed unload jobs, but can check for any other job by changing the JOB_NAME LIKE statement to use the appropriate prefix.

```
SELECT JOB_DESC, JOB_NAME, JOB_STATUS FROM CQ1OK034.TMP_SBLLOG_STG WHERE JOB_STATUS  
!= 'COMPLETED SUCCESSFUL' AND JOB_NAME LIKE 'LKB%' ;
```

16 Postupgrade Tasks for Siebel Database and File System

This chapter describes the Siebel Database and file system tasks you must perform after you upgrade to Siebel CRM version 8.1 on the z/OS database platform. In addition to performing these tasks, you must also perform the applicable tasks in the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes postupgrade tasks for the Siebel Database and file system. This chapter contains the following topics:

- [Updating File System Attachments on page 203](#)
- [Reapplying Schema Customizations to the Siebel Database on page 204](#)
- [Regenerating the Database Template File on page 207](#)

Updating File System Attachments

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

Since Siebel CRM 7.5, filenames of attachments include the attachment table name. If an upgrade migrates the records in an attachment table to a new attachment table, you must run a utility to update the file system attachment names.

Oracle provides a utility to update attachment filenames in the Siebel File System. [Table 14](#) lists the input table name to use when you run the utility. The utility updates all files containing the table name you specify.

For example, if you specify the tables S_OLDTABLE_ATT and S_NEWTABLE_ATT, the utility updates the files system attachments by copying all attachment files containing the string S_OLDTABLE_ATT to attachment files containing the string S_NEWTABLE_ATT.

Table 14. Input Arguments for the Update Utility

Upgrade Path	Old Table	New Table
Upgrades from: 7.5.3, 7.7.x, 7.8.x and 8.0. Siebel Insurance only.	S_INSCLM_BL_ATT	S_INVOICE_ATT

To update file system attachments

- 1 Navigate to the following directory:

Windows: *SIEBEL_ROOT\bin*

UNIX: *\$SIEBEL_ROOT/bin*

- 2 Run the following utility:

Windows: *chng_file_sys.bat OLD_TABLE NEW_TABLE "FILE_SYSTEM"*

UNIX: *chng_file_sys.ksh -s OLD_TABLE -t NEW_TABLE -f "FILE_SYSTEM"*

where:

- *OLD_TABLE*. The name of the attachment table in the release you are upgrading from. This table is obsolete in the new release.
- *NEW_TABLE*. Attachment records in *OLD_TABLE* were migrated to *NEW_TABLE* in the new release. The utility copies file system attachments containing the string *OLD_TABLE* to attachments containing the string *NEW_TABLE*.
- "*FILE_SYSTEM*". The name of the directory where the Siebel File System attachments reside (entered inside quotation marks)

Windows example:

```
chng_file_sys.bat S_INSCLM_BL_ATT S_INVOICE_ATT  
"C:\siebel\file\att"
```

UNIX example:

```
chng_file_sys.ksh -s S_INSCLM_BL_ATT -t S_INVOICE_ATT  
-f "/usr/siebel/siebel/file/att"
```

- 3 Review renamed files carefully to verify that they can be accessed by Siebel Business Applications.

For example, since *S_INSCLM_BL_ATT* is migrated to *S_INVOICE_ATT*, verify that files such as *S_INSCLM_BL_12-1ABC.SAF* are renamed to *S_INVOICE_12-1ABC.SAF*.

Reapplying Schema Customizations to the Siebel Database

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Development environment only.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

In the current release, several tables are obsolete or have been replaced by new tables. If you added extension columns or foreign key (FK) columns to tables that are obsolete in the current release, you might want to reapply these changes to new tables that have replaced the obsolete tables.

Reviewing Obsolete Tables

The upgrade process generates a report that you can review for information about obsolete tables that will help you decide whether or not you have to reapply schema customizations. This report, xtndobstbl.txt, lists the following:

- Obsolete tables in the current release
- Custom columns in obsolete tables
- Custom foreign key columns pointing to obsolete tables
- EIM mappings for custom foreign key columns to obsolete tables
- Workflow columns by custom foreign key to obsolete tables
- Custom denormalized columns to Siebel base tables that might be obsolete

Each obsolete table is listed with one of three codes:

- **Not Used.** These tables are not required in the current release but, if you are already using them, for example, with docking or EIM, you can continue to do so and they will be supported.
- **EOL (end of life).** These tables are not used in the current release, and they are not supported in future releases.
- **Inactive.** These tables have been discontinued, and are not supported in the current release. You can choose to move extension columns and foreign key columns that reside on inactive tables to alternate tables.

If no tables are listed in xtndobstbl.txt, no action is required. If this file lists any tables, you can reapply their custom extensions and foreign key columns to tables in the current release using Siebel Tools. For further information on this task, see *Configuring Siebel Business Applications*.

Table 15 lists examples of previously used tables that are inactive in the current release (you can no longer use these tables) and lists the suggested new tables to which custom extensions can be reapplied. The new tables are recommendations only; the tables that you choose to apply the extensions to might vary depending on their type and use. For help with validating the reapplication of extension columns, and reviewing the steps necessary to migrate any extension column data to the new tables, create a service request (SR) on My Oracle Support. You can log service requests by accessing My Oracle Support (Service Request tab), or by using your existing phone support numbers to contact Oracle Global Customer Support.

This data must be migrated during both the development and production environment upgrades.

Table 15. Examples of Tables That Are Inactive in Siebel CRM Release 8.x

Inactive Table	Suggested New Table
S_EMPLOYEE	S_CONTACT, S_USER, S_EMP_PER
S_EMP_POSTN	S_PARTY_PER
S_ORG_INT	S_ORG_EXT, S_BU
S_POSTN_RPT_REL	S_PARTY_RPT_REL

If you have created many custom extension columns on the tables S_EMPLOYEE or S_ORG_INT, neither of which are used in Siebel CRM Release 8.x, the joins between the tables will not be accurate. This can result in SQL errors when you launch the Siebel client.

In such cases, using Siebel Tools, you can manually create corresponding extension columns in the new target tables, and manually move the data to the new extension column on the new table before you continue migration of the application. Then review the business component configuration to make sure that the client will operate properly. You might have to do this in one of the following instances:

- Fields based on custom extension columns in S_EMPLOYEE or S_ORG_EXT
- Fields based on custom extension tables from S_EMPLOYEE or S_ORG_INT with or without join
- Custom joins to custom extension tables from S_EMPLOYEE or S_ORG_INT

If you review the xtndobstbl.txt file after you run the business component migration utility, you will find a list of fields that require your attention.

[Table 16](#) lists examples of previously used tables that are no longer used in Siebel CRM Release 8.x.

Table 16. Examples of Tables That Are Not Used in the Current Release

Previous Table	Suggested New Table
S_CRSE	S_SRC, S_SRC_EVT
S_CRSE_OFFR	S_SRC, S_SRC_EVT
S_CRSE_REG	S_SRC_REG
S_CTLG_CAT_REL	S_CTLG_CAT
S_OPTY_PROD	S_REVN
S_TMSHT_LINE	S_TMSHT_ITEM, S_TMSHT_LN

[Table 17](#) lists examples of tables which were unused in previous releases of Siebel Business Applications, but are used in the current release.

Table 17. Examples of Previously Unused Tables That Are Used in the Current Release

Current Table	Previous Table
S_ACT_EMP	S_EVT_ACT
S_ACT_CON	S_EVT_ACT

Regenerating the Database Template File

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Development environment only.

Following the upgrade, you must regenerate the SQL Anywhere database template file used by Siebel Remote. Use the Generate New Database Component from a New Siebel Server option to do this. For procedures on regenerating the SQL Anywhere Template file, refer to *Siebel Remote and Replication Manager Administration Guide*.

17 Postupgrade Tasks for Siebel Business Applications

This chapter describes the application-specific postupgrade tasks you must perform after upgrading to Siebel CRM version 8.1 on the z/OS database platform. This chapter includes the following topics:

- [Performing Postupgrade Tasks for the Siebel Application on page 209](#)
- [Upgrading Siebel Seeded Workflows on page 209](#)

Performing Postupgrade Tasks for the Siebel Application

After you upgrade to Siebel CRM 8.1, you must perform a number of application-specific tasks. These include:

- ["Upgrading Siebel Seeded Workflows" on page 209.](#)
This postupgrade task is specific to the z/OS database platform.
- You must also perform the relevant tasks in the chapter in *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* that describes postupgrade tasks for the Siebel application.

When you have completed these tasks, your Siebel CRM 8.1 system is ready for use.

Upgrading Siebel Seeded Workflows

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: All environments.

This topic is part of an upgrade process. See [Chapter 4, "How to Perform a Siebel Database Upgrade."](#)

Customizations to seeded workflows were saved and migrated during upgrade, but you must manually reimplement them in order for them to work properly.

In Siebel CRM Release 7.7.x, workflow definitions were relocated to the Tools Repository.

To upgrade a seeded workflow

- 1 In the Siebel Repository, revise each seeded workflow so that a new copy is created with a new version number.
- 2 Manually merge in your customizations, and then deploy and activate the workflow.

18 Tuning the Siebel Production Upgrade Scripts

This chapter describes the ways in which you can improve the performance of the production environment upgrade by tuning the production upgrade scripts in a test environment. This chapter contains the following topics:

- [About Tuning the Upgrade Scripts](#)
- [Optimizing Unload and Load Job Performance on page 212](#)
- [Adding the Statistics Clause to Load Cards on page 213](#)

NOTE: The *Siebel Database Upgrade Guide* describes how to use the Siebel Upgrade Tuner to tune your production upgrade scripts. The Upgrade Tuner is not supported on the IBM DB2 for z/OS database platform.

About Tuning the Upgrade Scripts

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Production test environment only. Does not apply to production environment.

In Siebel CRM version 8.1, you can tune the SQL upgrade scripts in a production test environment to improve their performance and then reuse these tested scripts in the live production environment. For example, the scripts used to upgrade your Siebel database are generic. They update your Siebel database to support all Siebel applications' functionality. You can reduce downtime by tuning these scripts to optimize performance by eliminating SQL statements that are not required. You can then reuse these revised scripts in your production upgrade.

You can tune your production upgrade scripts at any time after upgrading the Siebel database schema in your production test environment.

Contacting Oracle's Application Expert Services

You are required to contact your Oracle sales representative for Oracle Advanced Customer Services to request approval from Oracle's Application Expert Services for any upgrade script tuning that you perform. If you do not, you might invalidate your support agreement. It is recommended (but not required) that you contact Oracle's Application Expert Services for help with the following tasks:

- Running load and unload jobs in parallel
- Changing the job submission order of load and unload jobs

If you want to change the submission order of jobs other than the load and unload jobs, you must first obtain approval from Oracle's Application Expert Services because many jobs have dependencies on other jobs and must be submitted in a specified sequence.

Optimizing Unload and Load Job Performance

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Production test environment only. Does not apply to production environment.

This topic describes ways in which you can improve the performance of the unload and load jobs for the production upgrade. You can do the following:

- Optimize the unload and load jobs to reach maximum parallelism:
 - Run as many of the unload / load jobs in parallel as the DB2 subsystem can support.
 - Change the generated REXX exec job submission order to submit the longest running unload/ load jobs first.

If all the unload jobs are run in parallel, the shortest amount of time this process can take is the length of time it takes for the longest unload job to complete.

 - For partitioned tables, split the unload files so that data is unloaded and loaded in parallel for each partition. Add the WHERE clause to the unload SQL to control the data that is unloaded.
 - Overlap load and unload jobs.

Once an unload job for a table has completed, the load job for that table can be started (assuming you have a schema structure consisting of one table for each table space). This means that load jobs can be running at the same time as unload jobs.
- Add the ORDER BY clauses to the unload SQL to load data in clustering sequence (you must manually add ORDER BY clauses to the unload SQL).

The *.pretdedit.jcl (pretkeys) job builds ORDER BY clauses for individual tables into the data set *.syskeys.orderby.
- Use third-party utilities to accelerate the unload/load process.

NOTE: Before using third-party utilities, you are required to contact your Oracle sales representative for Oracle Advanced Customer Services to request assistance from Oracle's Application Expert Services.

You can use the DB2 Cross Loader (an option of the IBM Load utility) to load data directly from the source to the target database, thereby eliminating the unload step.

- Populate new columns as part of the unload SQL.

NOTE: If you want to populate new columns as part of the unload SQL, you are required to contact your Oracle sales representative for Oracle Advanced Customer Services to request assistance from Oracle's Application Expert Services.

- Add any large tables to *.TABLIST so that the unload and load processes use the large proc, SIEBEL.PROC(SV7LD10L), which allocates more memory, instead of using the standard proc, SIEBEL.PROC(SV7LD10S).

Adding the Statistics Clause to Load Cards

Upgrades: All upgrades.

Environments: Production test environment only. Does not apply to production environment.

If your database schema structure follows the 1:1:1 model, and if LOAD REPLACE is specified on a load card (so tables are loaded from scratch), you can improve upgrade performance by collecting statistics while running the load job rather than having to run a separate RUNSTATS job. You can do this by adding the STATISTICS clause to the load cards, for example:

```
STATISTICS TABLE(ALL) INDEX(ALL)  
UPDATE ACCESSPATH
```

NOTE: If LOAD RESUME is specified on a load card, you cannot collect statistics while running the load job.

A

Siebel Upgrade Planning Worksheet

This appendix contains the Upgrade Planning Worksheet. Before you upgrade your Siebel application, photocopy this worksheet, complete it, and give a copy to each member of the upgrade team.

The Upgrade Planning Worksheet contains the following sections:

- [Team Lead Summary on page 215](#)
- [DB2 Connect Information on page 215](#)
- [Siebel Development Environment Information on page 216](#)
- [Siebel Production Environment Information on page 217](#)
- [z/OS Host System Variables Information on page 218](#)

Team Lead Summary

Deployment Team Lead:	
Siebel Administrator:	
Privileged User/Siebel Database User:	
DB2 Systems Programmer (SYSADM):	
DB2 Database Administrator (DBADM):	
Security Administrator:	
z/OS System Programmer:	
Midtier System Administrator:	

DB2 Connect Information

DB2 Host Name/IP Address:

-
- **DB2 Port Number:**
-

Siebel Development Environment Information

Siebel Gateway Name		
Server Name:		
Enterprise Server Name:		
Siebel Server Directory:		
Siebel Database Configuration Utilities Directory		
Database Alias:		
Siebel Administrator User Name	Siebel Administrator Password	Siebel Administrator User Group
Staging Siebel Schema Qualifier ID (Max. 8 chars)	Staging ODBC Data Source Name (Subsystem name)	Staging Database User Name
Target Siebel Schema Qualifier ID (Max. 8 chars)	Target ODBC Data Source Name (Subsystem name)	Target Database User Name
Target Security Group ID	EIM User Group ID (Max. 8 characters)	Siebel User Group ID (Max. 8 characters)
Storage Control Filename	Storage Group for Temporary Indexes	Database Name Prefix (Max. 4 characters)
4-KB Bufferpool	8-KB Bufferpool	16-KB Bufferpool
32-KB Bufferpool	Index Bufferpool	

NOTE: The Security Group ID is also known as the secondary authorization ID.

Siebel Production Environment Information

Siebel Gateway Name		
Server Name:		
Enterprise Server Name:		
Siebel Server Directory:		
Database Configuration Utilities Directory:		
Database Alias:		
Siebel Administrator User Name	Siebel Administrator Password	Siebel Administrator User Group
Staging Siebel Schema Qualifier ID (Max. 8 chars)	Staging ODBC Data Source Name (Subsystem name)	Staging Database User Name
Target Siebel Schema Qualifier ID (Max. 8 chars)	Target ODBC Data Source Name (Subsystem name)	Target Database User Name
Target Security Group ID	EIM User Group ID (Max. 8 characters)	Siebel User Group ID (Max. 8 characters)
Storage Control Filename	Storage Group for Temporary Indexes	Database Name Prefix (Max. 4 characters)
ODBC DSN for Development Database	Database User Name for Development Database	Database Table Owner for Development Database
Import Repository Name	4-KB Bufferpool	16-KB Bufferpool
32-KB Bufferpool	Index Bufferpool	

NOTE: The Security Group ID is also known as the secondary authorization ID.

z/OS Host System Variables Information

DSN High Level Qualifier

Name (DSNHLQ)

Host/LPAR Name:

DB2 WLM Name:

Code Page / CCSID

DB2 Load Libraries:

Staging Database

DB2 Load Libraries:

Target Database

To obtain the correct values for the system variables, talk to your DBA or systems programmer.

B

Columns Denormalized During Upgrade to Siebel CRM 8.1

This appendix lists columns that are denormalized during upgrades to the current release of Siebel Industry Applications. This appendix contains the following topic:

- [Denormalized Columns for Siebel Industry Applications Version 7.5.3 on page 219](#)

NOTE: If you reduced column lengths when you installed the Siebel database on DB2 for z/OS, you must review them before upgrading to Siebel CRM 8.1. The upgrade does not recognize the denormalized columns.

Denormalized Columns for Siebel Industry Applications Version 7.5.3

[Table 18](#) lists columns that are denormalized during upgrades from Siebel Industry Applications version 7.5.3 to Siebel Industry Applications version 8.1.

Table 18. Columns Denormalized During Upgrades from Siebel Industry Applications Version 7.5.3

Target Table	Target Column	Denorm Path	Source Table	Source Column
S_LOY_MEM_BU	MEM_NUM	[MEMBER_ID].[MEM_NUM]	S_LOY_MEMBER	MEM_NUM
S_LOY_MEM_BU	MEM_TYPE_CD	[MEMBER_ID].[MEM_TYPE_CD]	S_LOY_MEMBER	MEM_TYPE_CD
S_LOY_MEM_PSTN	MEM_NUM	[MEMBER_ID].[MEM_NUM]	S_LOY_MEMBER	MEM_NUM
S_LOY_MEM_PSTN	MEM_TYPE_CD	[MEMBER_ID].[MEM_TYPE_CD]	S_LOY_MEMBER	MEM_TYPE_CD
S_LOY_PROG_BU	PROG_NAME	[PROG_ID].[NAME]	S_LOY_PROGRAM	NAME
S_LOY_PROMO_BU	PROMO_NAME	[PROMO_ID].[NAME]	S_LOY_PROMO	NAME
S_LOY_PROMO_BU	PROMO_NUM	[PROMO_ID].[PROMO_NUM]	S_LOY_PRO	PROMO_NUM
S_LOY_TXN_BU	TXN_NUM	[TXN_ID].[TXN_NUM]	S_LOY_TXN	TXN_NUM
S_LOY_TXN_BU	TXN_STATUS_CD	[TXN_ID].[STATUS_CD]	S_LOY_TXN	STATUS_CD
S_LOY_TXN_BU	TXN_SUB_TYPE_CD	[TXN_ID].[SUB_TYPE_CD]	S_LOY_TXN	SUB_TYPE_CD

Table 18. Columns Denormalized During Upgrades from Siebel Industry Applications Version 7.5.3

Target Table	Target Column	Denorm Path	Source Table	Source Column
S_LOY_TXN_BU	TXN_TYPE_CD	[TXN_ID].[TYPE_CD]	S_LOY_TXN	TYPE_CD
S_POS_BU	POS_NUM	[POS_ID].[POS_NUM]	S_POS	POS_NUM
S_PROD_STYL_TNT	SETUP_STYLE_CD	[PROP_STYLE_ID].[SETUP_STYLE_CD]	S_PROP_STYL_TNT	SETUP_STYLE_CD
S_PSP_PROC_BU	VOD_NAME	[VOD_ID].[VOD_NAME]	S_VOD	VOD_NAME
S_QUOTE_POSTN	QUOTE_NUM	[QUOTE_ID].[QUOTE_NUM]	S_DOC_QUOTE	QUOTE_NUM

C

Upgrade Files for Siebel Business Applications Version 8.1

This appendix lists the files that are used to perform a development or production upgrade to Oracle's Siebel Business Applications version 8.1, and lists the tables that are amended during PRET processing. This appendix contains the following topics:

- [Siebel CRM Version 8.1 z/OS Upgrade Files](#)
- [Tables Amended During PRET Unload Processing on page 227](#)
- [PRET Members Generated By Pretedit.txt on page 229](#)
- [Target Tables Amended During PRET Processing on page 229](#)

Siebel CRM Version 8.1 z/OS Upgrade Files

When you run the Siebel Upgrade Wizard on the midtier, it generates files that are used to perform the development and production upgrade. You then transfer these files to the z/OS host, where they are placed in staging data sets. Several upgrade files are also generated on the z/OS host.

[Table 19](#) lists each of the upgrade files that are generated, the name of the file on the midtier (if applicable) and on the z/OS host, the phase of the upgrade when the file is generated, the upgrade path to which the file applies, and a brief description.

Table 19. Siebel CRM 8.1 z/OS Upgrade Files

Midtier Filename	z/OS Filename	Phase Transferred to Host	Description	Upgrade Paths
job0.txt	JOBO	ftp_stg	Contains REXX code and panels	All
SIEBEL.load.xmit	load.xmit	ftp_stg	Load modules	All
sbllog.txt	SBLLOG.LOADFILE	ftp_stg	Initial log file entries	All
SIEBEL.sp.dbrmlib.xmit	sp.dbrmlib.xmit	ftp_stg	Dbrm modules	All
SIEBEL.sp.spddl.xmit	sp.spddl.xmit	ftp_stg	Stored procedure DDL	All

Table 19. Siebel CRM 8.1 z/OS Upgrade Files

Midtier Filename	z/OS Filename	Phase Transferred to Host	Description	Upgrade Paths
job1.txt	VSTG0000 VSTG0000 is copied into one of the following VSTG* files on the z/OS host, depending on your upgrade path: VSTG0002 VSTG0020 VSTG0021 VSTG0022 VSTG0003 VSTG0005 VSTG0006 VSTG0040 VSTG0041 VSTG0042	ftp_stg	Generic install.jcl and help panels	All
siebin01.jcl	VSTG0001 VSTG0001 is copied into one of the following VSTG* files on the z/OS host, depending on your upgrade path: VSTG0011 VSTG0030 VSTG0031 VSTG0032 VSTG0012 VSTG0014 VSTG0015 VSTG0050 VSTG0051 VSTG0052	ftp_stg	Install.jcl specific to each upgrade path	All
siebproc.jcl	VSTG0070	ftp_stg	JCL PROC members	All
filelist.txt	VSTG0075	Pause #1	List of files	All

Table 19. Siebel CRM 8.1 z/OS Upgrade Files

Midtier Filename	z/OS Filename	Phase Transferred to Host	Description	Upgrade Paths
dedup.jcl	VSTG0080	syncdd	Intersection Table Maintenance/Dedup process	SIA753, HOR 753
dedup_prod.jcl	VSTG0081	syncdd	Intersection Table Maintenance/Dedup process	SIA753, HOR753
synctab.jcl	VSTG0085	syncdd	Table Synchronization	All
syncidx.sql	VSTG0087	syncdd	Index Synchronization	All
schema.staging.db.sql	VSTG0090	ftp_stg	Staging schema databases	All
schema.staging.tbsp.sql	VSTG0091	ftp_stg	Staging schema table spaces	All
schema.staging.tbl.sql	VSTG0092	ftp_stg	Staging schema tables	All
schema.staging.uind.sql	VSTG0093	ftp_stg	Staging schema unique indexes	All
schema.staging.nuind.sql	VSTG0094	ftp_stg	Staging schema NPIs	All
schema.staging.oind.sql	VSTG0095	ftp_stg	Staging schema obsolete indexes	All
schema.staging.grt.sql	VSTG0096	ftp_stg	Staging schema grants	All
schema.db.sql	VSTG0100	Pause#2	Target schema databases	All
schema.tbsp.sql	VSTG0101	Pause#2	Target schema table spaces	All
schema.tbl.sql	VSTG0102	Pause#2	Target schema tables	All
schema.grt.sql	VSTG0103	Pause#2	Target schema grants	All
schema.uind.sql	VSTG0104	Pause#2	Target schema unique indexes	All
schema.nuind.sql	VSTG0105	Pause#2	Target schema NPIs	All

Table 19. Siebel CRM 8.1 z/OS Upgrade Files

Midtier Filename	z/OS Filename	Phase Transferred to Host	Description	Upgrade Paths
schema.oidn.sql	VSTG0106	Pause#2	Target schema obsolete indexes	All
Not applicable	VSTG1010 This file is created on the z/OS host. It contains CREATE INDEX statements extracted from VSTG0104 and VSTG0105.	Not applicable	Generates index REBUILD control statements for the target environment.	All
Not applicable	VSTG1111 This file is dynamically built on the z/OS host.	Not applicable	Maintains a list of the additive changes that are applied to the staging database. This list is updated dynamically as changes are applied.	All
Not applicable	VSTG1112 This file is dynamically built on the z/OS host.	Not applicable	Contains the additive changes applied to the staging database during the preupgrade phase.	All
scindx.sql	VSTG0110	Pause#3	DDL for secondary indexes	All
tmptable.sql	VSTG0119	Pause#2	Staging. Common TMPTABLES (tmptable.ctl)	All
tmptable.sql	VSTG0120	Pause#2	Target. Common TMPTABLES (tmptable.ctl)	All
tmptable1.sql	VSTG0121	ftp_stg	Staging. Logging for Unload jobs and TMP_ADDR table (no storage.ctl file)	All

Table 19. Siebel CRM 8.1 z/OS Upgrade Files

Midtier Filename	z/OS Filename	Phase Transferred to Host	Description	Upgrade Paths
tmptable2.sql	VSTG0122	ftp_stg	Target. Logging for Unload jobs and TMP_ADDR table (no storage.ctl file)	All
drop_view.sql	VSTG0130	ftp_stg	Apply drop view before Nonadditive	All
ddlview_sql	VSTG0131	ftp_stg	Apply create view after Nonadditive	All
siebel.translate.iconv	VSTG0150	Pause #1	Program to convert code pages for each language	All
pregen.txt	VSTG0200	ftp_stg	JCL (genclobj, gentrgd, geneimdb)	All
pret.jcl	VSTG0210	Pause #1	PRET SQL	All
pret_prod.jcl	VSTG0211	Pause #1	PRET JCL	All
pret_sia.jcl	VSTG0220	Pause #1	PRETFINS SQL	SIA753, SIA77, SIA78, SIA80
pret_sia_prod.jcl	VSTG0221	Pause #1	PRETFINS JCL	SIA753, SIA77, SIA78, SIA80
unload.ldc	VSTG0300	Pause #2	Unload control cards	All
load.ldc	VSTG0310	Pause #2	Load control cards	All
preschm.jcl	VSTG0400	Pause #1	PRESCHM SQL	All
preschm_prod.jcl	VSTG0401	Pause #1	PRESCHM JCL	All
preschm_sia.jcl	VSTG0410	Pause #1	PRESCHMF SQL	SIA753, SIA77, SIA78, SIA80

Table 19. Siebel CRM 8.1 z/OS Upgrade Files

Midtier Filename	z/OS Filename	Phase Transferred to Host	Description	Upgrade Paths
preschm_sia_prod.jcl	VSTG0411	Pause #1	PRESCHMF JCL	SIA753, SIA77, SIA78, SIA80
upg_iss.jcl	VSTG0600	Pause #1	UPGISS JCL	All
upg_iss_prod.jcl	VSTG0601	Pause #1	UPGISS SQL	All
gen_primary1.jcl	VSTG0700	Pause #1	Gen Primary part 1 - SQL	All
gen_primary1_prod.jcl	VSTG0701	Pause #1	Gen Primary part 1 - JCL	All
gen_primary2.jcl	VSTG0702	Pause #1	Gen Primary part 2 - SQL	All
gen_primary2_prod.jcl	VSTG0703	Pause #1	Gen Primary part 2 - JCL	All
gen_primary3.jcl	VSTG0704	Pause #1	Gen Primary part 3 - SQL	All
gen_primary3_prod.jcl	VSTG0705	Pause #1	Gen Primary part 3 - JCL	All
gen_primary4.jcl	VSTG0706	Pause #1	Gen Primary part 4 - SQL	All
gen_primary4_prod.jcl	VSTG0707	Pause #1	Gen Primary part 4 - JCL	All
hhmignot.sql	VSTG0850	Pause #1	Household	SIA753, SIA77, SIA78, SIA80
hhmigpop.sql	VSTG0851	Pause #1	Household	SIA753, SIA77, SIA78, SIA80
household_mig_Fins.jcl	VSTG0852	Pause #1	Household	SIA753, SIA77, SIA78, SIA80

Table 19. Siebel CRM 8.1 z/OS Upgrade Files

Midtier Filename	z/OS Filename	Phase Transferred to Host	Description	Upgrade Paths
household_mig_Fins_prod.jcl	VSTG0853	Pause #1	Household	SIA753, SIA77, SIA78, SIA80
rpt_dup_addr_rowids.sql	VSTG0861	ftp_stg	Gen Dup Addr Report SQL	All
rpt_dup_addr_names.sql	VSTG0860	ftp_stg	Gen Dup Addr Report SQL	All
schema.additive.sql	VSTG1000	Pause #1	Staging additive changes	All
Not applicable	VSTG1001 This file is a copy of VSTG1000; it is created on the z/OS host.	Not applicable	Target additive changes	All

Tables Amended During PRET Unload Processing

The unload job control cards for specific tables have been modified so that during PRET (pre-table) processing, the data in the tables is modified during the table unload process instead of being modified after the data has been loaded into the target table.

Table 20 lists the tables containing the data that is modified during unload processing, the macro that performs the modifications, and the relevant upgrade paths.

Table 20. Tables Amended During PRET Unload Processing

PRET Tables Modified During the Table Unload Process	Macro	Siebel Business Applications Paths	Siebel Industry Applications Paths
S_APPL_WEB_TMPL	PTH0062	Not applicable	SIA753
S_APPL_WTMPL_IT	PTH0064	Not applicable	SIA753
S_CONTROL	PTH0222	All Paths	All Paths
S_PCONTROL	PTS0223	HOR753, HOR77	SIA753
S_FN_CRDT_RPT	PTS0224	HOR753, HOR77	SIA753
S_ASgn_RULE_GRP	PTS0225	HOR753, HOR77	SIA753
S_REGION	PTS0227	Not applicable	SIA753
S_REGION	PTS0228	Not applicable	SIA753
S_QTA_OBJCRT_D	PTH0833	All Paths	All Paths
S_ETL_TIME_DAY	PTS0313	Not applicable	SIA753
S_ETL_TIME_DAY	PTS0314	Not applicable	SIA753
S_EXTDATA_TBL	PTS0500	Not applicable	SIA753
S_PAPL_WEB_TMPL	PTS0505	Not applicable	SIA753
S_NOTE_CON	PTM0520	Not applicable	SIA77
S_NOTE_PROD_INT	PTM0520	Not applicable	SIA77
S_NOTE_ACCNT	PTM0520	Not applicable	SIA77
S_DOCK_TXN_LOG	PTM0010	All Paths	All Paths
S_ESCL_REQ	PTM0010	All Paths	All Paths

NOTE: Unload and load jobs on tables that contain CLOB data are processed by the PTMCLOBx macros. These macros adjust the unload and load job control cards to handle any CLOB data in a table. The PTMCLOBx macros can be found in the *DSNHLO.SIEBEL.EXEC* or in the VSTG0300 and the VSTG0310 staging data sets.

PRET Members Generated By Preedit.txt

The Preedit.txt file creates the partitioned data set (PDS) on the z/OS host that is used for PRET processing. The members in this PDS perform a number of tasks, for example, listing the tables that contain CLOB columns, gathering information required for key processing, and deleting rows in specific tables. Data sets are generated for each upgrade path.

[Table 21](#) shows the data set members created by the Preedit.txt file, the objects amended by these members (the SQL statement that is run is contained in the member) and the upgrade path for which these members are generated.

Table 21. PRET Processing Members Created By the Preedit.txt File

PDS Member Name	PRET Object Affected	SIA Upgrade Paths
PRETLDIN	S.Dock_Txn_Log	All
PRETLDIN	S_ESCL_REQ	All
PRETCLBF	SQL/CLOB list, used by SBLCLOBU	All
PRETKEYS	SQL/Clustering Index Key structures	All

Target Tables Amended During PRET Processing

The PRET upgrade jobs perform operations on the target database tables listed in [Table 22](#). You might want to back up these tables before you start the upgrade.

[Table 22](#) shows the target tables amended by PRET upgrade processing, the type of amendment made, and the upgrade path affected.

Table 22. Tables Changed During PRET Processing

Tables Amended During PRET Processing	Type of Change Made	SIA Paths
S_FN_CRDT_RPT	Alter	SIA753
S_REGION	Alter	SIA753

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