



Java Desktop System Release 3 for the Solaris 10 Operating System Release Notes

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Preface

These release notes provide release information about the Sun Java™ Desktop System Release 3 for the Solaris™ 10 Operating System.

Supported Systems

This release of the Java Desktop System supports the following systems:

- Systems running the Solaris 10 Operating System on SPARC® platforms.
- Systems running the Solaris 10 Operating System on x86 platforms.
- Linux

Table P-1 describes where you can find information about systems that are supported by the Solaris Operating System, relevant to this product release. In the Java Desktop System documentation, the term *x86* refers to the processor families shown in Table P-1.

TABLE P-1 Supported Solaris Systems

Architecture	Processor Families	Solaris Systems
SPARC	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ SPARC64■ UltraSPARC	See the <i>Solaris 10 Hardware Compatibility List</i> at the following location: http://www.sun.com/bigadmin/hcl
x86	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ AMD64■ Pentium■ EMT64	See the <i>Solaris 10 Hardware Compatibility List</i> at the following location: http://www.sun.com/bigadmin/hcl

Who Should Read These Release Notes

These release notes are for users who perform the following tasks with the Java Desktop System Release 3 on Solaris Operating Systems:

- Install the Java Desktop System.
- Administer the Java Desktop System.
- Set up the Java Desktop System in various locales.

Related Documentation

The following documents are related to these release notes:

- *Java Desktop System Release 3 Accessibility Guide*
- *Java Desktop System Release 3 Accessibility Release Notes*
- *Java Desktop System Release 3 Administration Guide*
- *Java Desktop System Release 3 Installation Guide*
- *Java Desktop System Release 3 Troubleshooting Guide*
- *Java Desktop System Release 3 User Guide*
- *Java System Update Service User Guide*

Associated Documentation

The following documents are associated with these release notes:

- *Java Desktop System Email and Calendar User Guide*
- *StarOffice 7 Office Suite Administration Guide*
- *StarOffice 7 Office Suite Basic Guide*
- *StarOffice 7 Office Suite Setup Guide*
- *StarOffice 7 Office Suite User's Guide*

Documentation CD

The accompanying Java Desktop System Release 3 Documentation CD contains files or links for those manuals directly-related, or closely associated with, the Java Desktop System Release 3 for the Solaris 10 Operating System.

Accessing Sun Documentation Online

The docs.sun.comSM Web site enables you to access Sun technical documentation online. You can browse the docs.sun.com archive or search for a specific book title or subject. The URL is <http://docs.sun.com>.

Ordering Sun Documentation

Sun Microsystems offers select product documentation in print. For a list of documents and how to order them, see “Buy printed documentation” at <http://docs.sun.com>.

Typographic Conventions

The following table describes the typographic changes that are used in this book.

TABLE P-2 Typographic Conventions

Typeface or Symbol	Meaning	Example
AaBbCc123	The names of commands, files, and directories, and onscreen computer output	Edit your <code>.login</code> file. Use <code>ls-a</code> to list all files. <code>machine_name% you have mail.</code>

TABLE P-2 Typographic Conventions (Continued)

Typeface or Symbol	Meaning	Example
AaBbCc123	What you type, contrasted with onscreen computer output	machine_name% su Password:
<i>AaBbCc123</i>	Command-line placeholder: replace with a real name or value	The command to remove a file is <i>rm filename</i> .
<i>AaBbCc123</i>	Book titles, new terms, and terms to be emphasized	Read Chapter 6 in the <i>User's Guide</i> . These are called <i>class</i> options. Do <i>not</i> save the file. (Emphasis sometimes appears in bold online.)

Shell Prompts in Command Examples

The following table shows the default system prompt and superuser prompt for the C shell, Bourne shell, and Korn shell.

TABLE P-3 Shell Prompts

Shell	Prompt
C shell prompt	machine_name%
C shell superuser prompt	machine_name#
Bourne shell and Korn shell prompt	\$
Bourne shell and Korn shell superuser prompt	#

Mouse Usage Conventions

The following table lists the conventions for mouse usage in documentation for the Java Desktop System.

Action	Definition
Click	Press and release the left mouse button, without moving the mouse.
Click-and-hold	Press and do not release the left mouse button.
Left-click	Same as <i>click</i> . Left-click clarifies the action when there might be confusion with <i>right-click</i> .
Middle-click	Press and release the middle mouse button, without moving the mouse.
Right-click	Press and release the right mouse button, without moving the mouse.
Double-click	Press and release the left mouse button twice in rapid succession without moving the mouse.
Drag	Click-and-hold a mouse button, then move an object. For example, you can drag a window or an icon. The left and middle mouse buttons can perform drag actions.
Drag-and-drop	Click-and-hold a mouse button, then move an object. For example, you can drag-and-drop a window or an icon. Release the mouse button to place the object in a new location.
Grab	Point to an item that you can move, and click-and-hold on the mouse button. For example, you can grab the titlebar of a window, then drag the window to a new location.

Java Desktop System Release 3 Release Notes

These release notes provide information about the following releases:

- Java Desktop System Release 3 for the Solaris 10 Operating System (OS) on SPARC platforms.
- Java Desktop System Release 3 for the Solaris 10 OS on x86 platforms.

1.1 Product Features

The Java Desktop System includes the following features:

Built from open source	The source code for almost all of the software included with the Java Desktop System is freely available.
Software development tools	Advanced tools to assist developers in creating Java-technology based applications are included.
Productivity applications	A complete office suite is included that provides a word processor, spreadsheet, presentation tool, drawing tool, and database design tool. Applications for instant messaging, web browsing, and email and calendar management are also included.

1.2 What's New in This Release

This release of the Java Desktop System on the Solaris 10 OS combines innovations from the open source software community and from Sun Microsystems to create a comprehensive, integrated, and interoperable desktop environment. The following table describes improvements and enhancements in this release of the Java Desktop System.

Function	Description
Mobility	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Improved profile management for roaming web browser profiles.
Interoperability	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ An Exchange connector allows the Email and Calendar application to interoperate with a Microsoft Exchange network.■ Browser features that improve compatibility with non-standard browsers such as Internet Explorer.■ Samba 3.0 provides better interoperability with Windows file shares.
New Accessibility Applications	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Screen reader and screen magnifier■ On-Screen Keyboard <p>See the <i>Java Desktop System Release 3 Accessibility Guide</i> and the <i>Java Desktop System Release 3 Accessibility Release Notes</i> for more details.</p>
Internationalization	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Simplified Chinese SunPinYin input method.■ New File System Examiner to help users migrate from legacy environments to UTF-8 character encoding.
General Improvements	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ All of the major components of the Java Desktop System, GNOME, Email and Calendar, Mozilla and Gaim have been updated.■ StarOffice 7 includes Product Patch 4.■ The framework for Smartcard integration via industry standard PC/SC API is included.

1.3 Known Issues

The following table describes known issues in this release of the Java Desktop System for which there are no workarounds at the time of product release.

Topic	Known Issue
Applications	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Change Request Number: 6200999 Mozilla: You can specify that User Preferences should be transferred to and from the Roaming Access server. Choose Edit → Preferences → Roaming User → Item Selection then choose User Preferences. However this selection does not take effect.■ Change Request Number: 6204976 Email and Calendar: The Evolution application cannot save attachments with localized content.■ Change Request Number: 5082008 Archive Manager: You cannot use Archive Manager to create the following types of archives:<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ .arj■ .lha■ .bzip■ .lzop■ .zoo■ Volume Control The option in the Volume Control panel application that enables you to start the Volume Control desktop applications does not work.■ Change Request Number: 6245563 Problems using Keyboard Indicator Avoid using Keyboard Indicator. It can make the keyboard unusable when you switch between X servers. This panel application will be removed from future releases of the Java Desktop system.

Topic	Known Issue
Applications Continued	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Change Request Number: 6233643 Problems using the View as Catalog and View as Image Collection options in File Manager. File Manager might crash or you might encounter the following error messages: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ The application 'nautilus' has quit unexpectedly ■ The Catalog view encountered an error while starting up ■ The Image Collection view encountered an error while starting up Restart File Manager or click the Restart Application button from the crash dialog if these problems occur. ■ Change Request Number: 6253210 If you try to open online help for Volume Control in Yelp, the help for the Keyboard Accessibility panel application is opened. ■ Sound Recorder The slide bar and the side counter do not working when recording a new .wav file.
Localization	You cannot print out documents from Mozilla containing non-BMP Unicode characters.

1.4 Differences From the Previous Release

This release of the Java Desktop System on the Solaris 10 OS is based on the GNOME 2.6 Desktop. The following components are no longer included in this release of the Java Desktop System:

- /usr/bin/galf
- /usr/bin/galf-server
- /usr/bin/gnome-settings-daemon
- /usr/bin/gnome-theme-properties
- /usr/bin/gnometriz
- /usr/bin/intltool-unicodify
- /usr/bin/jmplay.bin
- /usr/bin/libgnomeprint-2.0-font-install
- /usr/bin/linc-config
- /usr/bin/metacity-properties
- /usr/bin/mk-star-menuentries
- /usr/bin/nautilus-gtkhtml-view
- /usr/bin/play

- /usr/bin/rec
- /usr/bin/sfconvert
- /usr/bin/sfinfo
- /usr/bin/soxmix
- /usr/bin/yelp-pregenerate
- /usr/lib/libgen_util_applet-2.so
- /usr/lib/liblinc.so
- /usr/lib/libzvt-2.0.s

If you need any of these components, contact the GNOME community. See <http://gnome.org>

1.5 Where To Find Documentation

You can view PDF and HTML versions of the documentation for the Java Desktop System on <http://docs.sun.com>.

1.5.1 Accessing Localized Versions of User Documentation

Some localized versions of the Java Desktop System user documentation do not display in the Help browser.

Perform the following steps to view the localized versions of the user documentation on <http://docs.sun.com>:

1. Open the following page:
<http://docs.sun.com>
2. Select the language that you require from the language selection buttons.
The language selection buttons are located next to the **Search/browse within** area of the page.
3. Enter the name of the manual that you want in the **Search** field.
4. Choose the manual that you want from the list displayed.

1.5.2 Documentation for Sample Applications

This release of the Java Desktop System includes sample applications that have Help manuals provided by the GNOME free software community. Sun Microsystems does not take any responsibility for the completeness or accuracy of Help manuals provided by the free software community.

Sun provides approximately 130 man pages related to applications and functionality. If Sun Microsystems, or an agent of Sun Microsystems, is not specifically credited as the author of a man page, Sun Microsystems takes no responsibility for the content or accuracy of the document.

Sun Microsystems does not provide localized versions of documentation for sample applications.

1.5.3 Information About Removable Media

For information about removable media, refer to the *Java Desktop System Release 3 User Guide* on <http://docs.sun.com>.

1.6 Sample Applications for Evaluation

Sun Microsystems provides a variety of sample applications with the Java Desktop System for you to review and evaluate. The sample applications are from the GNOME free software community or from third-party suppliers. Sun Microsystems does not provide any of the following services with sample applications:

- Accessibility features
- Bug fixes
- Documentation or Help
- Localization
- Technical support

1.6.1 Sample Applications

The following table lists the applications from the GNOME free software community that Sun Microsystems provides as sample applications.

Application	Description
Calendar Client	Calendar application
Diagram Editor	Diagram editor that enables you to create flow charts, maps, UML diagrams, and many other diagrams.
Dictionary	Online dictionary that enables you to look up definitions and correct spellings of words.

Application	Description
Digital Camera Browser	Digital camera browser that enables you to manage images.
Disk Analyzer	Disk analyzer that enables you to visualize your disk.
Image Editor	GNU Image Manipulation Program that enables you to edit images.
Image Organizer	Image viewer and browser that displays thumbnails of images on your desktop.
Interface Editor	Programming application that enables you to create user interfaces for GNOME applications.
Movie Player	Multimedia player that enables you to play motion pictures.
On-screen Keyboard	Provides an on-screen keyboard that you can use as an input device for the Java Desktop System.
Project Manager	Project management and scheduling tool.
Screen Magnifier	Provides screen magnification and several other accessibility features.
Source Editor	General purpose extensible editor for programmers.
Weather Report	Displays current weather conditions for different regions.

1.6.2 Third-Party Applications

The following table describes third-party products in this release of the Java Desktop System. Sun Microsystems does not take any responsibility for the functionality, features, or any other form of support for these applications.

Third Party Products	Description	Platform
Adobe Acrobat Reader	Enables you to view PDF documents on the Java Desktop System. You can find information about this application at the following location: http://www.adobe.com .	SPARC

The GNOME PDF Document Viewer is available on the x86 platform to view PDF documents. To start PDF Document Viewer, click Launch, then choose Applications → Graphics → PDF Document Viewer.

1.6.3 Sample Games

Sun Microsystems provides the following sample games for evaluation only:

- Ataxx

- Four-in-a-row
- Iagno
- Klotski
- Lines
- Mahjongg
- Mines
- Nibbles
- Robots
- Same GNOME
- Spider
- Stones
- Tali
- Tetravex

1.7 Plugins for Mozilla 1.7

This section contains information about plugins for Mozilla 1.7.

1.7.1 Java Plugin

Java Plugin is enabled in Mozilla 1.7 by default. If Java Plugin does not work, then create a symbolic link in the `/usr/sfw/lib/mozilla/plugins` directory, pointing to the appropriate file shown in the following table:

Platform	Path
SPARC	<code>\$JAVA_PATH/plugin/sparc/ns7/libjavaplugin_oji.so</code>
x86	<code>\$JAVA_PATH/plugin/i386/ns7/libjavaplugin_oji.so</code>

In the Java Desktop System Release 3, `$JAVA_PATH` is `/usr/java/jre`.

Note – Do not copy the `libjavaplugin_oji.so` file instead of creating a symbolic link. A copy of the file causes Java to crash.

Install all Java plugins in the `/usr/sfw/lib/mozilla/plugins` directory.

1.7.2 Other Plugins

The Adobe Acrobat Reader third-party plugin is also available for Mozilla 1.7:

For more installation information about Mozilla plugins, see the following location:
<http://plugindoc.mozdev.org/solaris.html>

1.8 Localization Support

The supported languages for this release of the Java Desktop System are as follows:

- English
- French
- German
- Italian
- Japanese
- Korean
- Spanish
- Swedish
- Simplified Chinese
- Traditional Chinese
- Brazilian Portuguese — User interface support only

Note – This release of the Java Desktop System includes some localizations that are taken from the GNOME community. Sun Microsystems does not take any responsibility for the completeness or accuracy of these localizations.

1.9 Recommended Locales

Sun Microsystems recommends that you use the UTF-8 and the zh_CN.GB18030 locales even though other legacy locales are listed in the login screen. When you manually switch from the default login screen to the GNOME 2.x Display Manager, only the UTF-8 and zh_CN.GB18030 locales are available. If you want to add the legacy locales on your GNOME 2.x Display Manager login screen, remove the comment tags surrounding the entries for the locales in `/etc/X11/gdm/locale.alias` file and then reboot your system.

1.10 Migration To Unicode Multilingual Computing

The Java Desktop System is a fully Unicode-enabled, multilingual system that supports languages with Unicode UTF-8 encoding. The Java Desktop System also provides codeset conversion to support legacy (non-UTF-8) encodings. This section describes issues you might encounter when you migrate to Unicode multilingual computing.

1.10.1 Importing And Exporting Data

There are a number of methods of importing and exporting data that are affected by the migration to Unicode multilingual computing.

1.10.1.1 Microsoft Office Files

Microsoft Office files are encoded in Unicode. StarOffice applications can read and write the Unicode encoded files.

1.10.1.2 HTML Files

HTML files authored using HTML editors such as Mozilla Composer, or HTML files saved by a web browser, usually contain a `charset` encoding tag. After exporting or importing, you can browse such HTML files with the Mozilla Navigator web browser, or edit the files with Mozilla Composer, according to the encoding tag in the HTML file.

1.10.1.3 Fixing Broken HTML Files

Some HTML files might be displayed in garbage characters. This problem is typically due to the following reasons:

- The `charset` encoding tag is incorrect.
- The `charset` encoding tag is missing.

To find the `charset` encoding tag in the HTML file, perform the following actions:

1. Open the file with Mozilla.
2. Press **Ctrl+i**, or click **View** to open the View menu.
3. Click on **Page Info**.

The charset information is in the bottom of the **General** tab, for example:
`Content-Type text/html; charset=us-ascii`

If the string `charset=us-ascii` does not match with the actual encoding of the file, the file might appear as broken. To edit the encodings of the HTML file, perform the following actions:

1. Open the file with Mozilla Composer.
2. Open the File menu.
3. Select Save As Charset.
4. Choose the correct encoding. Mozilla Compose automatically converts the encoding and the `charset` tag as appropriate.

1.10.1.4 Emails Saved As Portable Format

Modern emails are tagged with the MIME `charset` tag. The Email and Calendar application accepts MIME `charset` tags. You do not need to perform any encoding conversion.

1.10.1.5 Plain Text Files

Plain text files do not have a `charset` tag. If the files are not in UTF-8 encoding, encoding conversion is needed. For example, to convert a plain text file encoded in Traditional Chinese big5 to UTF-8, execute the following command:

```
iconv -f big5 -t UTF-8 inputfilename > outputfilename
```

You can also use File System Examiner for the encoding conversion.

You can use Text Editor to read and write character encoding text automatically or by specifying an encoding explicitly when opening or saving a file.

To start Text Editor, click Launch, then choose Applications → Accessories → Text Editor.

1.10.1.6 File Names and Directory Names

If file names and directory names using multibyte characters are not in UTF-8 encoding, encoding conversion is needed. You can use File System Examiner to convert file and directory names and the contents of plain text files from legacy character encodings to UTF-8 encoding. Refer to the online Help for File System Examiner for more information.

To start File System Examiner, click Launch, then choose Applications → Utilities → File System Examiner.

When you access non-UTF-8 file or directory names on Microsoft Windows via SMB using File Manager, you can access the non-UTF-8 file or directory names without encoding conversion.

1.10.1.7 Launching Legacy Locale Applications

For applications that are not ready to migrate to Unicode UTF-8, you can create a launcher on a front panel to start the application in legacy locales. You can also launch the applications directly from the command line. Perform the following steps to create a launcher for an application:

1. Right-click on the panel where you want to place the launcher.
2. Choose Add to Panel -> Launcher.
3. Use the following format to type the entry in the Command field in the **Create Launcher** dialog:

```
env LANG=locale LC_ALL=locale application name
```

For example, if you want to launch an application called `motif-app` from `/usr/dt/bin` in the Chinese Big5 locale, enter the following text in the Command field of the **Create Launcher**:

```
env LANG=zh_TW.BIG5 LC_ALL=zh_TW.BIG5 /usr/dt/bin/motif-app
```

You may also need to specify appropriate `LD_LIBRARY_PATH` for the application

4. Click OK to create the launcher on the panel.

When you need to run CLI (command line interface) applications which are specific to a legacy locale, open a Terminal window in the legacy locale first and then run the CLI applications in the same Terminal terminal window. To open a Terminal window in a legacy locale, enter the following command:

```
env LANG=locale LC_ALL=locale gnome-terminal --disable-factory.
```

Instead of opening a new Terminal window in a legacy locale, you can switch the locale setting from UTF-8 to a legacy locale in the current Terminal window by changing the encoding the Set Character Encoding menu in the Terminal window. Then you must also set the `LANG` and `LC_ALL` environment variables to the current shell.

1.11 Support in Future Releases

- As the Sun Java Calendar Preview may not be supported in a future release. You may want to migrate to the Java Desktop System Email and Calendar application.
- Future releases of the Java Desktop System will not include the the following applications:

- Keyboard Indicator
- Image Organiser
- Digital Camera Browser
- Project Manager
- Dictionary
- Diagram Editor
- Source Editor
- Disk Analyzer
- All Games

