Oracle Legal Notices

Copyright © 2011, 2015 Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.

This software and related documentation are provided under a license agreement containing restrictions on use and disclosure and are protected by intellectual property laws. Except as expressly permitted in your license agreement or allowed by law, you may not use, copy, reproduce, translate, broadcast, modify, license, transmit, distribute, exhibit, perform, publish, or display any part, in any form, or by any means. Reverse engineering, disassembly, or decompilation of this software, unless required by law for interoperability, is prohibited.

The information contained herein is subject to change without notice and is not warranted to be error-free. If you find any errors, please report them to us in writing.

If this is software or related documentation that is delivered to the U.S. Government or anyone licensing it on behalf of the U.S. Government, then the following notice is applicable:

U.S. GOVERNMENT END USERS: Oracle programs, including any operating system, integrated software, any programs installed on the hardware, and/or documentation, delivered to U.S. Government end users are "commercial computer software" pursuant to the applicable Federal Acquisition Regulation and agency-specific supplemental regulations. As such, use, duplication, disclosure, modification, and adaptation of the programs, including any operating system, integrated software, any programs installed on the hardware, and/or documentation, shall be subject to license terms and license restrictions applicable to the programs. No other rights are granted to the U.S. Government.

This software or hardware is developed for general use in a variety of information management applications. It is not developed or intended for use in any inherently dangerous applications, including applications that may create a risk of personal injury. If you use this software or hardware in dangerous applications, then you shall be responsible to take all appropriate fail-safe, backup, redundancy, and other measures to ensure its safe use. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates disclaim any liability for any damages caused by use of this software or hardware in dangerous applications.

Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.

Intel and Intel Xeon are trademarks or registered trademarks of Intel Corporation. All SPARC trademarks are used under license and are trademarks or registered trademarks of SPARC International, Inc. AMD, Opteron, the AMD logo, and the AMD Opteron logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Advanced Micro Devices. UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group.

This software or hardware and documentation may provide access to or information about content, products, and services from third parties. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates are not responsible for and expressly disclaim all warranties of any kind with respect to third-party content, products, and services unless otherwise set forth in an applicable agreement between you and Oracle. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates will not be responsible for any loss, costs, or damages incurred due to your access to or use of third-party content, products, or services, except as set forth in an applicable agreement between you and Oracle.

Documentation Accessibility

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc.

Access to Oracle Support

Oracle customers that have purchased support have access to electronic support through My Oracle Support. For information, visit http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=info or visit http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=trs if you are hearing impaired.

Abstract

Document generated on: 2015-08-17 (revision: 4877)
# Table of Contents

Preface .......................................................................................................................... v
  1 Audience .................................................................................................................. v
  2 Related Documents ................................................................................................. v
  3 Command Syntax ...................................................................................................... v
  4 Conventions .............................................................................................................. vi

1 Introduction to the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows ............... 1
   1.1 Overview of the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows .......... 1
   1.2 Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows Supported Releases ...... 1
   1.3 Supported Guest Operating Systems ................................................................. 2
   1.4 Microsoft Windows Compatibility Signing ....................................................... 2
   1.5 Configuration Limits ......................................................................................... 2

2 What's New? ............................................................................................................... 5
   2.1 What's New in Release 3.2.3 of the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows? ...... 5
   2.2 What's New in Release 3.2.2 of the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows? ...... 5
   2.3 What's New in Release 3.0.1 of the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows? ...... 6

3 Installing the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows ......................... 7
   3.1 Configuring Policies for Device Installation ...................................................... 7
   3.2 Installing Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows ..................... 7
   3.3 Performing a Silent Install .................................................................................. 9
   3.4 Verifying the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows Installation ... 10
   3.5 Setting the MTU Size for Virtual Machines ....................................................... 11

4 Known Limitations and Workarounds ..................................................................... 13
   4.1 Security Alert for Unsigned Drivers ................................................................. 13
   4.2 Upgrading on Microsoft Windows 32-bit ......................................................... 13
   4.3 Windows Guest Kernel Panic ............................................................................. 14
   4.4 Found New Hardware Wizard Displayed ......................................................... 14
   4.5 Crash Dump or Hibernation Fails ..................................................................... 14

Glossary ......................................................................................................................... 15
Preface

Table of Contents

1 Audience ................................................. v
2 Related Documents ....................................... v
3 Command Syntax ......................................... v
4 Conventions .............................................. vi

The preface contains information on how to use the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers Installation Guide for Microsoft Windows.

1 Audience

The Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers Installation Guide for Microsoft Windows is intended for users and administrators of Oracle VM guests running the Microsoft Windows™ operating system. It includes a brief introduction of the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows, how to install them, and describes potential issues and the corresponding workarounds you may encounter while using the drivers.

Oracle recommends that you read this document before installing and using the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows.

2 Related Documents

For more information, see the following documents in the Oracle VM documentation set:

- Oracle VM Release Notes
- Oracle VM Installation and Upgrade Guide
- Oracle VM Concepts Guide
- Oracle VM Manager Getting Started Guide
- Oracle VM Manager User's Guide
- Oracle VM Manager Command Line Interface User's Guide
- Oracle VM Administrator's Guide
- Oracle VM Windows Paravirtual Drivers Installation Guide
- Oracle VM Web Services API Developer's Guide
- Oracle VM Security Guide
- Oracle VM Licensing Information User Manual

You can also get the latest information on Oracle VM by going to the Oracle VM Web site:


3 Command Syntax

Oracle Linux command syntax appears in monospace font. The dollar character ($), number sign (#), or percent character (%) are Oracle Linux command prompts. Do not enter them as part of the command. The following command syntax conventions are used in this guide:
## Conventions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Convention</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>backslash \</td>
<td>A backslash is the Oracle Linux command continuation character. It is used in command examples that are too long to fit on a single line. Enter the command as displayed (with a backslash) or enter it on a single line without a backslash: <code>dd if=/dev/rdsk/c0t1d0s6 of=/dev/rst0 bs=10b \ count=10000</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>braces { }</td>
<td>Braces indicate required items: <code>.DEFINE {macro1}</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>brackets [ ]</td>
<td>Brackets indicate optional items: <code>cvtcrt termname [outfile]</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ellipses ...</td>
<td>Ellipses indicate an arbitrary number of similar items: <code>CHKVAL fieldname value1 value2 ... valueN</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>italics</td>
<td>Italic type indicates a variable. Substitute a value for the variable: <code>library_name</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>vertical line</td>
<td>A vertical line indicates a choice within braces or brackets: `FILE filesize [K</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>forward slash /</td>
<td>A forward slash is used as an escape character in the Oracle VM Manager Command Line Interface to escape the special characters &quot;,', ?, , /, &lt;, &gt;. Special characters need only be escaped when within single or double quotes: <code>create Tag name=MyTag description=&quot;HR/’s VMs&quot;</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## 4 Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Convention</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>boldface</td>
<td>Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>italic</td>
<td>Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>monospace</td>
<td>Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 1 Introduction to the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows

Table of Contents

1.1 Overview of the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows ........................................... 1
1.2 Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows Supported Releases ........................................ 1
1.3 Supported Guest Operating Systems .......................................................... 2
1.4 Microsoft Windows Compatibility Signing ....................................................... 2
1.5 Configuration Limits ........................................................................... 2

1.1 Overview of the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows

The Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows provide a performance boost for network and block (disk) devices on Microsoft Windows™ guests running in a virtual environment on Oracle VM. If you do not use the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows, you may experience issues such as:

- Shutting down the guest does not shut down gracefully. Instead, it is the equivalent of turning the power off. In this case, if you are using the virtual machine console, the console would immediately turn to black instead of showing the shut down process.

- Restarting the virtual machine may display messages that the virtual machine was not properly shut down.

- Restarting the virtual machine requires disk checks and verification.

Installing the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows in your Windows guest fixes all these issues. It is a requirement for Oracle Support that you install these drivers to obtain support on any issues you may have running your Windows virtual machines.

Download the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows from:

https://updates.oracle.com/Orion/PatchDetails/process_form?patch_num=16863114

The Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows are included with the Oracle VM media pack. The Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows installer installs paravirtualized drivers for block (disk) and network devices.

This document gives information on using the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows included with the Oracle VM media pack. At the time of writing, the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows release number is Release 3.2.3.

1.2 Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows Supported Releases

The Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows are supported with the Oracle VM releases listed in the following table.
Table 1.1 Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows Supported Releases

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Oracle VM Release</th>
<th>Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows Release 3.0.1</th>
<th>Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows Release 3.2.2</th>
<th>Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows Release 3.2.3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oracle VM 3.0</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle VM 3.1</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle VM 3.2</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle VM 3.3</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1.3 Supported Guest Operating Systems

The following Microsoft Windows operating systems are supported. The supported operating systems must have the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows installed in the guest operating systems.

Table 1.2 Microsoft Windows Supported Guest Operating Systems

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Guest Operating System with Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows Installed</th>
<th>64-bit</th>
<th>32-bit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microsoft Windows Server 2012</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 SP1</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microsoft Windows Server 2008 SP2</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microsoft Windows Server 2003 R2 SP2</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microsoft Windows 8.1</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microsoft Windows 8</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microsoft Windows 7 SP1</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microsoft Windows Vista SP2</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1.4 Microsoft Windows Compatibility Signing

Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows Release 3.2.3 have been signed by Microsoft for the Windows 2012 software logo program as compatible on 64-bit versions of Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2008, Windows 8.1, and Windows 7. See the [Windows Server Catalog](https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/windows-server) for more information.

Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows Release 3.2.3 are not signed for Microsoft Windows Server 2003 or for any 32-bit Windows operating system. A security alert occurs during installation on a Windows operating system for which Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows are not signed. See Section 4.1, “Security Alert for Unsigned Drivers”.

1.5 Configuration Limits

This section contains the configuration maximums for the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows. The limits presented in the following table represents tested and recommended limits.

Table 1.3 Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows configuration maximums

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Virtual CPUs</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Configuration Limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Virtual RAM on 32-bit guests</td>
<td>64 GB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Virtual RAM on 64-bit guests</td>
<td>256 GB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Virtual disks</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The number of virtual disks includes the number of virtual NICs. See Note.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Virtual NICs</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The number of virtual NICs are included in the number of virtual disks. See Note.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note**

The number of virtual disks includes the number of virtual NICs. If there are eight virtual NICs, only 32 virtual disks are supported. Virtual disks are assigned a higher priority than virtual NICs. If a virtual machine is configured with eight virtual NICs, and 35 virtual disks, then 35 disks are created, and five VNICS.
Chapter 2 What's New?

Table of Contents

2.1 What's New in Release 3.2.3 of the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows? .................. 5
2.2 What's New in Release 3.2.2 of the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows? .................. 5
2.3 What's New in Release 3.0.1 of the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows? .................. 6

This chapter lists the new features introduced in each 3.x release of the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows. For features introduced in the previous 2.0 release, see the Oracle VM Windows Paravirtual (PV) Drivers 2.0: New Features white paper at:


2.1 What’s New in Release 3.2.3 of the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows?

Release 3.2.3 provides a cumulative update of fixes, as follows:

• Fixes an issue where the default policy on virtual disks was set to write-caching, which resulted in a loss of data integrity. Bug 19452465

• Fixes an issue where the network interface of the Windows guest was lost when an Oracle VM Server was upgraded to Release 3.3 in Cisco UCS server. Bug 19449368

• Fixes an issue where the current network interface settings are not applied during an installation of Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows. Bug 18865098

• Fixes an issue where it is not possible to format disks on a Windows virtual machine in some circumstances. Bug 18707840

• Fixes an issue where a system crash, or fatal system error, occurs when upgrading from a previous release of Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows. Bug 18702781

• Fixes performance degradation issues if more than 16 virtual CPUs (vCPU) are configured on some Windows guests. Bug 18593684 and Bug 18558015

• Fixes an issue where a virtual disk provisioning failure occurs if the virtual disk is greater than 1TB. Bug 18553901

• Fixes an issue where a system crash, or fatal system error, occurs on a 32-bit Windows operating system. Bug 18361346

2.2 What’s New in Release 3.2.2 of the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows?

The new features and enhancements in Release 3.2.2 include additional support for the following new guest operating systems:

• Microsoft Windows Server 2012 R2

• Microsoft Windows Server 2012
What’s New in Release 3.0.1 of the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows?

- Microsoft Windows 8.1
- Microsoft Windows 8

The following maximum limit configurations have been tested with the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows:

- Maximum number of virtual CPUs: 32
- Maximum RAM per 32-bit guest: 64 GB
- Maximum RAM per 64-bit guest: 256 GB

2.3 What’s New in Release 3.0.1 of the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows?

Release 3.0.1 includes support for the Storport miniport driver, which delivers improved performance compared to the SCSI port driver.
Chapter 3 Installing the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows

Table of Contents

3.1 Configuring Policies for Device Installation ................................................................. 7
3.2 Installing Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows .................................. 7
3.3 Performing a Silent Install .............................................................................................. 9
3.4 Verifying the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows Installation .......... 10
3.5 Setting the MTU Size for Virtual Machines .................................................................. 11

You can install the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows with an installation wizard or perform a silent with a response file. If you are installing a single instance of the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows, you should use the installation wizard. If you are installing multiple instances of the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows, you should use the response file.

3.1 Configuring Policies for Device Installation

You must configure Microsoft Windows policies to allow the installation of the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows, if these policies are not already configured. This task prevents the following error during installation: The installation of this device is forbidden by system policy. Contact your system administrator.

To configure policies for installation, do the following:

1. Open the Microsoft Windows virtual machine on which you want to install the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows.
2. From the Start menu, select Run.
3. Enter gpedit.msc and then click OK.

   The Local Group Policy Editor displays.
4. From the Console Tree, expand Computer Configuration then Administrative Templates then System then Device Installation and then select Device Installation Restrictions.

   The list of device installation restrictions displays.
5. Edit policy settings so that no device installation restrictions are configured.

   Alternatively, review each policy setting to determine the correct configuration for your business needs.
6. Exit the Local Group Policy Editor.
7. Restart the Microsoft Windows virtual machine.

When you are finished configuring the policy settings for device installation, you can proceed with the installation of the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows.

3.2 Installing Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows

Before You Begin.  Do the following before you start the installation process:
• Review the list of supported Microsoft Windows operating systems. See Section 1.3, “Supported Guest Operating Systems”.

• Configure system policies to allow the installation. See Section 3.1, “Configuring Policies for Device Installation”.

To install the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows:

1. Create a new virtual machine and install a supported operating system.

2. Copy the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows (Setup.exe) to the guest.

3. Double click the Setup.exe file to start the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows installer. The initial installer window is displayed.

4. Click Install to start the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows installation.

5. The installer copies the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows files, and installs the drivers on the guest. The Installation Complete window is displayed.
Performing a Silent Install

3.3 Performing a Silent Install

You can create a response file that contains all installation options. Once you have the response file, you can install the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows silently.

Before You Begin.  Do the following before you start the installation process:

- Review the list of supported Microsoft Windows operating systems. See Section 1.3, “Supported Guest Operating Systems”.

- Configure system policies to allow the installation. See Section 3.1, “Configuring Policies for Device Installation”.

To create the response file for silent installations, do the following:

1. Run the installer with the /r option. Proceed through the dialogs and complete the installation. This will create a setup.iss file and place it in the C:\windows directory. This file includes all of your responses to the InstallShield dialogs, allowing you to perform unattended installations.

2. Copy setup.iss to the same directory as the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows installer executable and run the installer with the /s option.
3.4 Verifying the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows Installation

To verify the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows installed successfully, do the following:

1. Open the Microsoft Windows virtual machine on which you installed the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows.

2. From the Control Panel, locate and open the Device Manager window.

3. Expand Disk drives and verify that the following entry exists: Oracle VM Virtual SCSI Disk Device.

4. Expand Network adapters and verify that the following entry exists: Oracle VM Virtual Ethernet Adapter.

If both device entries exist, and do not have any device issue symbols next to them, then the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows are installed successfully.

If a device issue symbol, such as a black exclamation mark on a yellow field, displays next to either device, you should attempt to reinstall the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows. If the device issue symbol displays next to the device after you reinstall, either refer to the appropriate Microsoft Windows documentation for troubleshooting procedures or contact Oracle support.

The following image is an example of device drivers before installing the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows:

![Example of device drivers before installing](image1)

The following image is an example of device drivers after successfully installing the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows:

![Example of device drivers after installing](image2)
3.5 Setting the MTU Size for Virtual Machines

The Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows override the maximum transmission unit (MTU) settings in the virtual network adapters for Microsoft Windows virtual machines. After you successfully install and verify the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows, you should set the MTU for each guest virtual machine.

To set the MTU size for a virtual machine, do the following:

1. Open the Microsoft Windows virtual machine.
2. From the Control Panel, locate and open the Device Manager window.
3. Expand Network adapters and select the appropriate Oracle VM Virtual Ethernet Adapter.
4. Right-click the adapter, select Properties, and then select the Advanced tab.
5. Select the MTU property and set the value as appropriate. Click OK to save your changes.
Chapter 4 Known Limitations and Workarounds

Table of Contents

4.1 Security Alert for Unsigned Drivers ................................................................. 13
4.2 Upgrading on Microsoft Windows 32-bit ......................................................... 13
4.3 Windows Guest Kernel Panic ................................................................. 14
4.4 Found New Hardware Wizard Displayed .................................................. 14
4.5 Crash Dump or Hibernation Fails ............................................................... 14

This section contains information on known limitations and workarounds for the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows.

4.1 Security Alert for Unsigned Drivers

The Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows are not signed for 32-bit Microsoft Windows operating systems or Microsoft Windows Server 2003. As a result, the following security alert displays during installation:

![Security Alert - Driver Installation](image)

To continue the installation, click Yes and then click Continue Anyway when the following screen displays:

![Software Installation](image)

Bug 18361346

4.2 Upgrading on Microsoft Windows 32-bit

Upgrading from Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows Release 3.2.2 to Release 3.2.3, and then uninstalling Release 3.2.3, might cause a fatal system error. This issue might occur on some
Microsoft Windows 32-bit versions, such as Microsoft Windows 2008 SP2, Microsoft Windows 7, and Microsoft Windows 8.1.

Workarounds:

• Uninstall Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows Release 3.2.2 before you install Release 3.2.3.

• If you encounter this issue, restart the system and then use the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows Release 3.2.3 installation program to completely uninstall Release 3.2.3. You should then uninstall Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows Release 3.2.2 before installing Release 3.2.3.

4.3 Windows Guest Kernel Panic

Windows guests may experience kernel panic when the virtual machine is stopped and started several times. This may also occur if there is intensive I/O. The error in this case is:

(XEN) p2m_pod_demand Populate: Out of populate-on-demand memory!

Workaround: Set the Maximum Memory and the Memory fields to the same value in the Create/Edit Virtual Machine wizard in Oracle VM Manager.

Bug 10334923

4.4 Found New Hardware Wizard Displayed

During the installation or uninstallation of the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows, the Found New Hardware wizard is displayed during the installation/uninstallation, and when the guest restarts. This only occurs on a guest with Microsoft Windows Server 2003 (32- or 64-bit) installed.

Workaround: Click Cancel to ignore the message and close the dialog box.

4.5 Crash Dump or Hibernation Fails

The stop error 0x000000D1 may occur when doing a crash dump or hibernation. This only occurs when using the Oracle VM Paravirtual Drivers for Microsoft Windows Release 3.0.1 on Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2, Microsoft Windows Server 2008, and Microsoft Windows Vista or Microsoft Windows 7.

Workaround: Download and install the Microsoft hotfix:

http://support.microsoft.com/kb/2320550/
Glossary

D

dom0
An abbreviation for *domain zero*. The management domain with privileged access to the hardware and device drivers. Dom0 is the first domain started at boot time. Dom0 has more privileges than domU. It can access the hardware directly and can manage the device drivers for other domains. It can also start new domains.

domU
An unprivileged domain with no direct access to the hardware or device drivers. Each domU is started by dom0.

G

guest
A guest operating system that runs within a domain in Oracle VM Server. A guest may be paravirtualized or hardware virtualized. Multiple guests can run on the same Oracle VM Server.

O

Oracle VM Manager
The Oracle VM Manager is the management platform, which offers an easy-to-use, web-browser interface as well as a command-line interface (CLI). The Oracle VM Manager tracks and manages the resources available in your virtual environment. The user interface, which is an Application Development Framework (ADF) web application, allow you to easily manage Oracle VM Server pools. Manages virtual machine life cycle, including creating virtual machines from templates or from installation media, deleting, powering off, uploading, deployment and live migration of virtual machines. Manages resources including ISO files, templates and shared virtual disks.

P

paravirtualized machine (PVM)
A virtual machine with a kernel that is recompiled to be made aware of the virtual environment. Runs at near native speed, with memory, disk and network access optimized for maximum performance.

Paravirtualized guests use generic, idealized device drivers, which are part of the guest’s OS. The I/O operations using these generic device drivers are mapped to the real device drivers in dom0. The generic, abstracted drivers in the guest seldom change and provide excellent guest stability. The dom0 domain, alternatively, can use the native hardware vendor drivers, and the guests can safely migrate to another dom0 with slightly different drivers.

For other resources such as CPU and memory, paravirtualized kernels make special “hypercalls” to the Xen hypervisor. These hypercalls provide better performance by reducing the number of instructions and context switches required to handle an incoming request. By contrast, on an emulated (hardware virtualized) guest, driver requests engage the guest’s interrupt handler, increasing the I/O operation overhead.