

# ***EAGLE<sup>®</sup> XG Diameter Signaling Router***

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## **Diameter**

**910-6576-001 Revision B**

**December 2012**



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# Chapter 1

## Introduction

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The *Diameter* document provides information about how to use the DSR GUI to perform Diameter Signaling Router tasks.

## Overview

The *Diameter* document provides information about how to use the DSR GUI to perform Diameter Signaling Router tasks.

The document provides the following types of information:

- Procedures to configure Diameter components
- Maintenance information about Diameter components
- Procedures to generate reports for the Diagnostics Tool and MP Statistics
- Procedures to configure Diameter Mediation Rule Templates and Rule Sets

## Scope and Audience

This manual is intended for personnel who perform Diameter Signaling Router tasks.

This manual contains procedures for performing Diameter Signaling Router tasks using the DSR GUI.

This manual does not describe how to install or replace software or hardware.

## Customer Care Center

The Tekelec Customer Care Center is your initial point of contact for all product support needs. A representative takes your call or email, creates a Customer Service Request (CSR) and directs your requests to the Tekelec Technical Assistance Center (TAC). Each CSR includes an individual tracking number. Together with TAC Engineers, the representative will help you resolve your request.

The Customer Care Center is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, and is linked to TAC Engineers around the globe.

Tekelec TAC Engineers are available to provide solutions to your technical questions and issues 7 days a week, 24 hours a day. After a CSR is issued, the TAC Engineer determines the classification of the trouble. If a critical problem exists, emergency procedures are initiated. If the problem is not critical, normal support procedures apply. A primary Technical Engineer is assigned to work on the CSR and provide a solution to the problem. The CSR is closed when the problem is resolved.

Tekelec Technical Assistance Centers are located around the globe in the following locations:

### Tekelec - Global

Email (All Regions): [support@tekelec.com](mailto:support@tekelec.com)

- **USA and Canada**

Phone:

1-888-FOR-TKLC or 1-888-367-8552 (toll-free, within continental USA and Canada)

1-919-460-2150 (outside continental USA and Canada)

TAC Regional Support Office Hours:

8:00 a.m. through 5:00 p.m. (GMT minus 5 hours), Monday through Friday, excluding holidays

- **Caribbean and Latin America (CALA)**

Phone:

USA access code +1-800-658-5454, then 1-888-FOR-TKLC or 1-888-367-8552 (toll-free)

TAC Regional Support Office Hours (except Brazil):

10:00 a.m. through 7:00 p.m. (GMT minus 6 hours), Monday through Friday, excluding holidays

- **Argentina**

Phone:

0-800-555-5246 (toll-free)

- **Brazil**

Phone:

0-800-891-4341 (toll-free)

TAC Regional Support Office Hours:

8:00 a.m. through 5:48 p.m. (GMT minus 3 hours), Monday through Friday, excluding holidays

- **Chile**

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1230-020-555-5468

- **Colombia**

Phone:

01-800-912-0537

- **Dominican Republic**

Phone:

1-888-367-8552

- **Mexico**

Phone:

001-888-367-8552

- **Peru**

Phone:

0800-53-087

- **Puerto Rico**

Phone:

1-888-367-8552 (1-888-FOR-TKLC)

- **Venezuela**

Phone:

0800-176-6497

- **Europe, Middle East, and Africa**

Regional Office Hours:

8:30 a.m. through 5:00 p.m. (GMT), Monday through Friday, excluding holidays

- **Signaling**

Phone:

+44 1784 467 804 (within UK)

- **Software Solutions**

Phone:

+33 3 89 33 54 00

- **Asia**

- **India**

Phone:

+91 124 436 8552 or +91 124 436 8553

TAC Regional Support Office Hours:

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- **Singapore**

Phone:

+65 6796 2288

TAC Regional Support Office Hours:

9:00 a.m. through 6:00 p.m. (GMT plus 8 hours), Monday through Friday, excluding holidays

## Emergency Response

In the event of a critical service situation, emergency response is offered by the Tekelec Customer Care Center 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. The emergency response provides immediate coverage, automatic escalation, and other features to ensure that the critical situation is resolved as rapidly as possible.

A critical situation is defined as a problem with the installed equipment that severely affects service, traffic, or maintenance capabilities, and requires immediate corrective action. Critical situations affect service and/or system operation resulting in one or several of these situations:

- A total system failure that results in loss of all transaction processing capability
- Significant reduction in system capacity or traffic handling capability
- Loss of the system's ability to perform automatic system reconfiguration
- Inability to restart a processor or the system

- Corruption of system databases that requires service affecting corrective actions
- Loss of access for maintenance or recovery operations
- Loss of the system ability to provide any required critical or major trouble notification

Any other problem severely affecting service, capacity /traffic, billing, and maintenance capabilities may be defined as critical by prior discussion and agreement with the Tekelec Customer Care Center.

## Locate Product Documentation on the Customer Support Site

Access to Tekelec's Customer Support site is restricted to current Tekelec customers only. This section describes how to log into the Tekelec Customer Support site and locate a document. Viewing the document requires Adobe Acrobat Reader, which can be downloaded at [www.adobe.com](http://www.adobe.com).

1. Log into the [Tekelec Customer Support](#) site.

**Note:** If you have not registered for this new site, click the **Register Here** link. Have your customer number available. The response time for registration requests is 24 to 48 hours.

2. Click the **Product Support** tab.
3. Use the Search field to locate a document by its part number, release number, document name, or document type. The Search field accepts both full and partial entries.
4. Click a subject folder to browse through a list of related files.
5. To download a file to your location, right-click the file name and select **Save Target As**.

# Chapter

# 2

## Configuration

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The **Diameter > Configuration** pages allow you to manage Diameter signaling routing configuration.



## Configuration Overview

The **Diameter > Configuration** pages allow you to manage Diameter configuration.

Before using the Diameter configuration pages, the following activities need to be completed:

- Configure the network topology. This includes network elements, servers, server groups, and network devices and routes.
- Assign IP addresses to the server groups.

For additional information related to network and routing configuration, see the DSR Administration section of the online help.

Because some components need to be configured before others can be configured, Diameter configuration needs to occur in the following order:

1. For DA-MPs, assign **MP Profiles**.
2. Configure **Peer Route Tables**  
Configure only the Table Names. The Peer Routing Rules will be configured after Route Lists are configured.
3. Configure **Routing Set Options**.
4. Configure **Pending Answer Timers**, if they will be used to invoke Implicit Routing, Alternate Implicit Routing, or Reroute on Answer.
5. Configure **Application Ids**.
6. Configure **Command Codes**.
7. Configure **CEX Parameters**.
8. Configure **CEX Configuration Sets**.
9. Configure **Connection Configuration Sets**  
Modify the Default Connection Configuration Set or create new Connection Configuration Sets to match the SCTP, Diameter, and TCP options that apply to your network.
10. Configure **Local Nodes**.
11. Configure **Peer Nodes**.
12. Configure **Capacity Configuration Sets** if the Per Connection Ingress MPS Control feature is enabled in the system.
13. Configure **Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets**.
14. Configure **Message Priority Configuration Sets**.
15. Configure **Connections**.
16. Configure **Route Groups**.
17. Configure **Route Lists**.
18. If Alternate Implicit Routing will be used, edit **Peer Nodes** and select a Route List for each **Alternate Implicit Routing** element.
19. Configure **Peer Routing Rules** in each configured Peer Route Table.
20. Configure **Reroute On Answer**, if it will be used in the system.
21. Configure **Application Routing Rules**.
22. If necessary, change the default **System Options** and **DNS Options**, and view **Local Congestion**.

## Configuration Capacity Summary

The **Diameter ► Configuration ► Capacity Summary** page allows you to view the various types of Diameter configuration items. The following information is displayed in each row of a read-only table:

<b>Configuration Item</b>	The type of Diameter configuration item
<b>Max Allowed Entries</b>	The maximum number of a row's item that can be configured in Diameter.
<b>Configured Entries</b>	The number of a row's item that are currently configured.
<b>% Utilization</b>	The percentage of the maximum number of a row's item that are currently configured.

Use the Capacity Summary when planning, configuring, and maintaining the DSR Diameter Configuration.

## MP Profiles

A Diameter Agent Message Processor (DA-MP) is a computer or blade hosting the DSR. Multiple instances of the DSR are supported, each executing on a separate physical DA-MP.

An MP Profile defines maximum and threshold values for a DA-MP running the relay application, a database application, or a session application. You must assign an MP Profile to each DA-MP in your DSR configuration.

See [Table 1: MP Profile Elements](#) for a description of the values that are set in an MP Profile.

**Table 1: MP Profile Elements**

Field	Description
Maximum Connections	The maximum number of Diameter connections the DA-MP can have configured at any one time
Engineered Ingress MPS	The maximum ingress message rate, in messages per second, that the DA-MP will support without overload. This value limits the total Reserved Ingress MPS of all Diameter Connections assigned to the DA-MP.
Maximum Ingress Message Rate Minor Alarm Set Threshold	The ingress message rate, in messages per second, above which a minor alarm is raised.
Maximum Ingress Message Rate Minor Alarm Clear Threshold	The ingress message rate, in messages per second, below which a minor alarm is cleared.

Field	Description
Maximum Ingress Message Rate Major Alarm Set Threshold	The ingress message rate, in messages per second, above which a major alarm is raised.
Maximum Ingress Message Rate Major Alarm Clear Threshold	The ingress message rate, in messages per second, below which a major alarm is cleared.
Maximum Ingress Message Rate Critical Alarm Set Threshold	The ingress message rate, in messages per second, above which a critical alarm is raised.
Maximum Ingress Message Rate Critical Alarm Clear Threshold	The ingress message rate, in messages per second, below which a critical alarm is cleared.
Routing Message Rate Minor Alarm Set Threshold	The Diameter message processing rate, in messages per second, above which a minor alarm is raised.
Routing Message Rate Minor Alarm Clear Threshold	The Diameter message processing rate, in messages per second, below which a minor alarm is cleared.
Routing Message Rate Major Alarm Set Threshold	The Diameter message processing rate, in messages per second, above which a major alarm is raised.
Routing Message Rate Major Alarm Clear Threshold	The Diameter message processing rate, in messages per second, below which a major alarm is cleared.
Routing Message Rate Critical Alarm Set Threshold	The Diameter message processing rate, in messages per second, above which a critical alarm is raised.
Routing Message Rate Critical Alarm Clear Threshold	The Diameter message processing rate, in messages per second, below which a critical alarm is cleared.

## Viewing MP Profiles

Use this task to view currently configured MP Profiles.

1. Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► DA-MPs ► MP Profiles**.  
The **DA-MPs > MP Profiles** page appears.
2. Click the DA-MP type tabs at the top of the table to view the profile settings for the following DA-MP types:
  - **G6:Relay** - G6 DA-MP half height blade running the relay application
  - **G8:Relay** - G8 DA-MP half height blade running the relay application
  - **G7:Relay** - G7 DA-MP full height blade running the relay application
  - **G6:Database** - G6 DA-MP half height blade running a database application
  - **G8:Database** - G8 DA-MP half height blade running a database application
  - **G7:Database** - G7 DA-MP full height blade running a database application
  - **G6:Session** - G6 DA-MP half height blade running a session application
  - **G8:Session** - G8 DA-MP half height blade running a session application

- **G7:Session** - G7 DA-MP full height blade running a session application

The MP Profile values are read-only. For information about the MP profile values see [MP Profiles](#).

## Assigning MP Profiles to DA-MPs

Use this task to assign an MP Profile to each DA-MP in the DSR.

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > DA-MPs > Profile Assignments**.  
The **DA-MPs > Profile Assignments** page appears.
2. For each DA-MP, select one of the available MP Profiles.
3. Click:
  - **Assign** to assign the selected MP Profiles to the DA-MPs.
  - **Cancel** to reset the MP Profile assignments to their previous setting.

To correct a warning that a Standby MP has a different profile assignment than its corresponding Active MP, reassign the desired MP Profile to the Active/Standby MP pair on this page.

## Application Ids configuration

An Application Id, along with an Application Name, is used to uniquely identify a Diameter Application.

The Internet Assigned Numbers Authority lists standard and vendor-specific Application Ids on their [iana.org](http://iana.org) website. On the website:

- Select Protocol Assignments
- Scroll to locate the Authentication, Authorization, and Accounting (AAA) Parameters heading
- Select Application IDs under the heading

On the **Diameter > Configuration > Application Ids** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of Application Ids, to display only the desired Application Ids.
- Sort the list entries in ascending or descending order by Application Id, Name, Peer Route Table, Routing Option Set, or Pending Answer Timer, by clicking the column heading.

By default, the list is sorted by Application Id in ascending ASCII order.

- Click the **Insert** button.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Application Ids [Insert]** page opens. You can add a new Diameter Configuration Application Id and its values. See [Adding an Application Id](#). If the maximum number of Application Ids (1000) already exists in the system, the **Diameter > Configuration > Application Ids [Insert]** page will not open, and an error message is displayed.

- Select an **Application Id** in the list, and click the **Edit** button.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Application Ids [Edit]** page opens. You can edit the selected Application Id. See [Editing an Application Id](#).

- Select an **Application Id** in the list, and click the **Delete** button to remove the selected Application Id. See [Deleting an Application Id](#).

## Application Ids elements

[Table 2: Application Ids elements](#) describes the fields on the **Application Ids** View, Insert, and Edit pages. Data Input Notes apply only to the Insert and Edit pages; the View page is read-only.

**Table 2: Application Ids elements**

Element	Description	Data Input Notes
Application Id	<p>Used to identify a specific Diameter Application.</p> <p>The Application Id value is placed in the Application Id AVP.</p> <p>The Application Id field is required, must be unique, and cannot be edited after it is created.</p> <p>The Internet Assigned Numbers Authority lists standard and vendor-specific Application Ids on their iana.org website, On the website:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Select Protocol Assignments</li> <li>• Scroll to locate the Authentication, Authorization, and Accounting (AAA) Parameters heading</li> <li>• Select Application IDs under the heading</li> </ul>	<p>Format: numeric; maximum 10 digits</p> <p>Range:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1-16777215 for Standard Application Ids</li> <li>• 16777216-4294967294 for Vendor-specific Application Ids</li> <li>• 4294967295 for Relay</li> </ul>
Name	Application Id Name	<p>Format: case-sensitive; alphanumeric and underscore</p> <p>Range: 1 - 32 characters; cannot start with a digit and must contain at least one alpha</p>
Peer Route Table	<p>The Peer Route Table associated with the Diameter Application. The Peer Route Table contains Peer Routing Rules used to route messages that contain the Application Id.</p>	<p>Format: scrollable list</p> <p>Range: available Peer Route Tables</p> <p>Default: none</p>
Routing Option Set	The Routing Option Set associated with the Diameter	Format: scrollable list

Element	Description	Data Input Notes
	Application. Routing Option Sets contain information used to handle delivery error conditions.	Range: available Routing Option Sets Default: none
Pending Answer Timer	The Pending Answer Timer associated with the Diameter Application.	Format: scrollable list Range: available Pending Answer Timers Default: none

## Viewing Application Ids

Use this task to view all configured Application Ids.

Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Application Ids**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Application Ids** page appears with a list of configured Application Ids. The fields are described in [Application Ids elements](#).

## Adding an Application Id

Use this task to configure a new Application Id.

The fields are described in [Application Ids elements](#).

1. Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Application Ids**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Application Ids** page appears.

2. Click **Insert**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Application Ids [Insert]** page appears.

If the maximum number of Application Ids (1000) has already been configured in the system, the **Diameter > Configuration > Application Ids [Insert]** page will not open, and an error message will appear.

3. Enter a unique **Name** for the Diameter Application.
4. Select an Application Id Value from the menu or enter a unique value to identify a specific Diameter Application. (Application Id is required.)
5. Select a **Peer Route Table** containing the Peer Routing Rules that control routing of messages associated with this Diameter Application.
6. Select a **Routing Option Set** that specifies how certain routing error conditions are handled for messages associated with this Diameter Application
7. Select a **Pending Answer Timer** to specify how long DSR waits for a response to a message associated with this Diameter Application.
8. Click:
  - **OK** to save the new Application Id and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Application Ids** page.

- **Apply** to save the new Application Id and remain on this page.
- **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Application Ids** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- Any fields contain a value that is out of the allowed range
- The **Application Id** required field is empty (not entered)
- Adding the new Application Id would cause the maximum number of Application Ids (1000) to be exceeded

### Editing an Application Id

Use this procedure to change the Name, Peer Route Table, Routing Option Set, or Pending Answer Timer for a selected Application Id. (The **Application Id** field cannot be changed.)

The fields are described in [Application Ids elements](#).

When the **Diameter > Configuration > Application Ids [Edit]** page opens, the fields are populated with the current configured values.

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Application Ids**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Application Ids** page appears.

2. Select the **Application Id** row to be changed.
3. Click the **Edit** button.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Application Ids [Edit]** page appears.

4. Change the **Name**, **Peer Route Table**, **Routing Option Set**, or **Pending Answer Timer** for the selected **Application Id**.
5. Click:
  - **OK** to save the changes and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Application Ids** page.
  - **Apply** to save the changes and remain on this page.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Application Ids** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- The selected Application Id no longer exists; it has been deleted by another user
- Any fields contain values that are out of range
- Any required field is empty (not entered)

### Deleting an Application Id

Use the following procedure to delete an Application Id.

**Note:** An Application Id cannot be deleted if the Application Id is associated with a CEX Configuration Set.

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Application Ids**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Application Ids** page appears.

2. Select the **Application Id** to be deleted.
3. Click the **Delete** button.

A popup window appears to confirm the delete.

4. Click:
  - **OK** to delete the Application Id.  
If the Application Id is associated with a CEX Configuration Set, the Application Id is not deleted and an error message appears.
  - Click **Cancel** to cancel the delete function and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Application Ids** page.

If **OK** is clicked and the selected Application Id no longer exists (it was deleted by another user), an error message is displayed and the Application Ids view is refreshed.

## CEX Parameters configuration

Configure CEX Parameters to associate an application type and vendor ID with a Diameter Application. If specified, the vendor ID will be placed in the Vendor Id AVP.

On the **Diameter > Configuration > CEX Parameters** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of Application Ids, to display only the desired Application Ids.
- Sort the list entries in ascending or descending order by Application Id, Application Id Type, or Vendor Id, by clicking the column heading. By default, the list is sorted by Application Id in ascending ASCII order.
- Click an Application Id in the list to go the Application Id configuration page for that application.
- Click the **Insert** button.

The **Diameter > Configuration > CEX Parameters [Insert]** page opens. You can assign a new set of CEX Parameters to an Application Id. See [Adding CEX Parameters](#).

- Select an **Application Id** in the list, and click the **Edit** button.

The **Diameter > Configuration > CEX Parameters [Edit]** page opens. You can edit the CEX Parameters for the selected Application Id. See [Editing CEX Parameters](#).

- Select an **Application Id** in the list, and click the **Delete** button to delete the CEX Parameters for the selected Application Id. See [Deleting CEX Parameters](#).

## CEX Parameters elements

[Table 3: CEX Parameters elements](#) describes the fields on the **CEX Parameters** View, Insert, and Edit pages. Data Input Notes apply only to the Insert and Edit pages; the View page is read-only.



Table 3: CEX Parameters elements

Field (* indicates a required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
* Application Id	Used to identify a specific Diameter Application.  The Application Id value is placed in the Application Id AVP.	Format: pulldown menu Range: configured Application Ids <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1-16777215 for Standard Application Ids</li> <li>• 16777216-4294967294 for Vendor-specific Application Ids</li> <li>• 4294967295 for Relay</li> </ul>
Application Id Type	Type of Application Id.	Format: radio buttons Range: Authentication, Accounting
Vendor-Specific Application Id	If checked, the Vendor Id and the Application Id will be grouped in a Vendor-specific Application Id AVP.	Format: check box Range: checked, unchecked Default: unchecked
Vendor Id	A Vendor Id value for this Vendor-Specific Application Id.  The Vendor Id is placed in the Vendor Id AVP.  The Vendor-Specific Application Id check box must be checked before a value can be entered in this field.	Format: numeric; maximum 10 digits Range: 1-4294967295

## Viewing CEX Parameters

Use this task to view CEX Parameters configured for Application Ids.

Select **Diameter** ► **Configuration** ► **CEX Parameters**. The **Diameter > Configuration > CEX Parameters** page appears with a list of configured Application Ids. The fields are described in [CEX Parameters elements](#).

## Adding CEX Parameters

Use this task to add CEX Parameters to an Application Id.

The fields are described in [CEX Parameters elements](#).

1. Select **Diameter** ► **Configuration** ► **CEX Parameters**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > CEX Parameters** page appears.

2. Click **Insert**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > CEX Parameters [Insert]** page appears.

3. Select an Application Id from the pulldown menu.
4. Set the Application Id Type.
5. If appropriate, check the **Vendor Specific Application Id** check box.
6. If you checked **Vendor Specific Application Id**, specify the **Vendor Id**.
7. Click:
  - **OK** to save the new CEX Parameters and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > CEX Parameters** page.
  - **Apply** to save the new CEX Parameters and remain on this page.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > CEX Parameters** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- Any fields contain a value that is out of the allowed range
- The **Application Id**, **Application Id Type**, and **Vendor Id** combination is not unique

## Editing CEX Parameters

Use this procedure to change the Application Id Type, Vendor-Specific Id, or Vendor Id for a selected Application Id. (The **Application Id** field cannot be changed.)

The fields are described in [CEX Parameters elements](#).

When the **Diameter > Configuration > CEX Parameters [Edit]** page opens, the fields are populated with the current configured values.

**Note:** If the selected Application Id is present in a CEX Configuration Set that is a part of an Enabled connection, the CEX Parameter fields cannot be changed. An error message is displayed.

1. Select **Diameter** ► **Configuration** ► **CEX Parameters**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > CEX Parameters** page appears.

2. Select the **Application Id** row to be changed.
3. Click the **Edit** button.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Application Ids [Edit]** page appears.

4. Change the **Application Id Type**, **Vendor-Specific Id**, or **Vendor Id** for the selected **Application Id**.

The **Vendor Id** must be unique.

5. Click:
  - **OK** to save the changes and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > CEX Parameters** page.
  - **Apply** to save the changes and remain on this page.

- **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > CEX Parameters** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- The selected Application Id no longer exists; it has been deleted by another user
- Any fields contain values that are out of range
- Any required field is empty (not entered)
- The **Application Id**, **Application Id Type**, and **Vendor Id** combination is not unique

### Deleting CEX Parameters

Use the following procedure to delete CEX Parameters associated with an Application Id.

**Note:** CEX Parameters cannot be deleted if the Application Id is associated with a CEX Configuration Set.

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > CEX Parameters**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > CEX Parameters** page appears.

2. Select the **Application Id** for which you want to delete CEX Parameters.
3. Click the **Delete** button.

A popup window appears to confirm the delete.

4. Click:

- **OK** to delete the CEX Parameters from the Application Id.  
If the Application Id is associated with a CEX Configuration Set, the CEX Parameters are not deleted and an error message appears.
- Click **Cancel** to cancel the delete function and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > CEX Parameters** page.

If **OK** is clicked and the selected Application Id no longer exists (it was deleted by another user), an error message is displayed and the CEX Parameters view is refreshed.

### Command Codes configuration

The Command Code is one of the parameters contained in a Diameter Message. In the Command Codes configuration section, you can define the Command Code values that can be used in Peer Routing Rules and Application Routing Rules.

On the **Diameter > Configuration > Command Codes** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of Command Codes, to display only the desired Command Codes.
- Sort the list entries in ascending or descending order by Command Code or Command Code Name by clicking the column heading. By default, the list is sorted by Command Code in ascending numerical order.
- Click the **Insert** button.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Command Codes [Insert]** page opens. You can add a new Command Code. See [Adding a Command Code](#). If the maximum number of Command Codes (1000) already exists in the system, the **Diameter > Configuration > Command Codes [Insert]** page will not open, and an error message is displayed.

- Select an **Command Code** in the list, and click the **Edit** button.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Command Codes [Edit]** page opens. You can edit the selected Command Code. See [Editing a Command Code](#).

- Select an **Command Code** in the list, and click the **Delete** button to remove the selected Command Code. See [Deleting a Command Code](#).

## Command Codes elements

[Table 4: Command Codes elements](#) describes the fields on the **Command Codes** View, Insert, and Edit pages. Data Input Notes apply only to the Insert and Edit pages; the View page is read-only.

**Table 4: Command Codes elements**

Field (* indicates a required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
* Name	Command Code Name	Format: case-sensitive; alphanumeric and underscore (_); cannot start with a digit and must contain at least one alpha Range: 1 - 32 characters
* Command Code	Identifies the command associated with the message	Format: Pulldown menu or numeric Range: Select from predefined Command Codes or enter a numeric value: 0-16777215 Default: none

## Viewing Command Codes

Use this task to view all configured Command Codes.

Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Command Codes**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Command Codes** page appears with a list of configured Command Codes. The fields are described in [Command Codes elements](#).

## Adding a Command Code

Use this task to configure a new Command Code.

The fields are described in [Command Codes elements](#).

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Command Codes**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Command Codes** page appears.

2. Click **Insert**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Command Codes [Insert]** page appears.

If the maximum number of Command Codes (1000) has already been configured in the system, the **Diameter Configuration Command Codes [Insert]** page will not open, and an error message will appear.

3. Enter a unique **Command Code Name** for the Command Code.
4. Select a **Command Code** from the menu or enter a unique value to identify a specific Command Code (Command Code is required.)
5. Click:
  - **OK** to save the new Command Code and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Command Codes** page.
  - **Apply** to save the new Command Code and remain on this page.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Command Codes** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- Any fields contain a value that is out of the allowed range
- Any required field is empty (not entered)
- Adding the new Command Code would cause the maximum number of Command Codes (1000) to be exceeded

## Editing a Command Code

Use this procedure to change the Command Code Name for a selected Command Code. (The **Command Code** field cannot be changed.)

The fields are described in [Command Codes elements](#).

When the **Diameter Configuration Command Codes [Edit]** page opens, the fields are populated with the current configured values.

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Command Codes**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Command Codes** page appears.

2. Select the Command Code row to be changed.
3. Click the **Edit** button.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Command Codes [Edit]** page appears.

4. Change the **Command Code Name** for the selected Command Code.  
The **Name** must be unique.
5. Click:
  - **OK** to save the changes and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Command Codes** page.
  - **Apply** to save the changes and remain on this page.

- **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Command Codes** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- The selected Command Code no longer exists; it has been deleted by another user
- Any fields contain values that are out of range
- Any required field is empty (not entered)

### Deleting a Command Code

Use the following procedure to delete a Command Code.

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Command Codes**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Command Codes** page appears.

2. Select the **Command Code** to be deleted.
3. Click the **Delete** button.

A popup window appears to confirm the delete.

4. Click:

- **OK** to delete the Command Code.

If the Command Code is used in a Peer Routing Rule or Application Routing Rule, the Command Code is not deleted and an error message appears.

- Click **Cancel** to cancel the delete function and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Command Codes** page.

If **OK** is clicked and the selected Command Code no longer exists (it was deleted by another user), an error message is displayed and the Command Codes view is refreshed.

### Connection Configuration Set configuration

Connection Configuration Sets provide a mechanism for adjusting a connection to account for the network quality of service and Peer Node requirements. You can create a Connection Configuration Set with specific SCTP, Diameter, and TCP options and then assign it to a connection. The options are described in [Connection Configuration Set elements](#). Each connection references a single Connection Configuration Set.

The application has a default Connection Configuration Set called Default. The Default Connection Configuration Set options can be modified, but the Default Connection Configuration Set cannot be deleted. When you create a new Connection Configuration Set the values of the Default Connection Configuration Set are automatically populated into the new Connection Configuration Set, allowing you to easily create a new Connection Configuration Set that needs to have only a few options adjusted.

On the **Connection Configuration Sets** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of Connection Configuration Sets to display only the desired Connection Configuration Sets.

- Sort the list by column contents in ascending or descending order, by clicking the column heading. The default order is by **Connection Configuration Set Name** in ascending ASCII order.
- Click a tab to display the options for the Connection Configuration Set on that tab. The **Connection Configuration Set Name** remains on the left of the page when the page is scrolled to the right to see all of the options.
- Click the **Insert** button.

The **Connection Configuration Sets [Insert]** page appears. You can add a new Connection Configuration Set and its options. See [Adding a Connection Configuration Set](#).

If the maximum number of Connection Configuration Sets per Network Element (2000) already exist in the system, the **Connection Configuration Sets [Insert]** page will not open, and an error message is displayed.

- Select a Connection Configuration Set Name in the list, and click the **Edit** button.

The **Connection Configuration Sets [Edit]** page opens. You can edit the selected Connection Configuration Set. See [Editing a Connection Configuration Set](#).

If at least one connection that uses the Connection Configuration Set is in the "Enabled" Admin state, the **Connection Configuration Sets [Edit]** page will not open.

- Select a Connection Configuration Set Name in the list, and click the **Delete** button to remove the selected Connection Configuration Set.

The Default Connection Configuration Set cannot be deleted. See [Deleting a Connection Configuration Set](#).

## Connection Configuration Set elements

[Table 5: Connection Configuration Sets Elements](#) describes the fields on the Connection Configuration Sets View, Edit, and Insert pages. Data Input Notes apply only to the Insert and Edit pages; the View page is read-only.

**Table 5: Connection Configuration Sets Elements**

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
* Connection Configuration Set Name	Unique Name of the Connection Configuration Set.	Format: case-sensitive string; alphanumeric and underscore (_); must contain at least one alpha and cannot start with a digit  Range: 1 - 32 characters
SCTP Options		
* Retransmit Initial Timeout (ms)	Expected average network round-trip time in milliseconds. This is used to initialize the round-trip time value when an association is started but the round-trip time has not yet been	Format: numeric; milliseconds  Range: 10 - 5000

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
	measured. The round-trip time is used by SCTP in calculating when to retransmit chunks.	Default: 120
* Retransmit Minimum Timeout (ms)	Minimum amount of time to wait for an acknowledgment for a message sent. This value prevents the retransmit timeout from becoming too small in networks with a very short round-trip time.	Format: numeric; milliseconds Range: 10 - 5000 Default: 120
* Retransmit Maximum Timeout (ms)	Maximum amount of time to wait for an acknowledgment for a message sent.  This value places an upper bound on the exponential back-off algorithm used by SCTP for retransmission timing. After this retransmit interval is reached, retransmits will be sent at a constant rate until an ACK is received or the maximum attempts is reached.	Format: numeric; milliseconds Range: 10 - 10000 Default: 120
* Retransmit Maximum Timeout for INIT	Maximum amount of time to wait for an INIT to be acknowledged.  This value overrides the Retransmit Maximum Timeout for INITS and is used to bound the initial setup time.  A value of 0 indicates that the Retransmit Maximum Timeout will be used for INITS as well.	Format: numeric; milliseconds Range: 0, 10 - 10000 Default: 120
* Number of Retransmits Triggering Path Failure	Number of consecutive unsuccessful retransmits that will cause a path of the SCTP association to be marked as failed.  This value indicates how many SCTP retransmission attempts should be made to each destination of an SCTP association before marking the destination as failed.  This value must be less than the Number of Retransmits Triggering Association Failure value.	Format: numeric; number of retransmits Range: 1 - 10 Default: 3
* Number of Retransmits Triggering Association Failure	Number of consecutive retransmits that will cause an SCTP association to be marked as failed. This value indicates how many SCTP retransmission attempts should be made to all destinations for an SCTP association before marking the association as failed.	Format: numeric; number of attempts Range: 1 - 20 Default: 5



Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
	This value should not be greater than the sum of the retransmit attempts for all destinations within the association.	
* Number of Retransmits Triggering Init Failure	Number of consecutive retransmits for INIT and COOKIE-ECHO Chunks that will cause an SCTP connection to be marked as failed. This value indicates how many retransmission attempts should be made to the primary SCTP address for INIT and COOKIE-ECHO Chunks before marking the connection as failed.	Format: numeric; number of attempts Range: 1 - 20 Default: 8
* SACK Delay	The number of milliseconds to delay after receiving a DATA Chunk and prior to sending a SACK.  A non-zero value for SACK Delay gives the application time to bundle DATA Chunks in the same SCTP datagram with the SACK, thereby reducing the number of packets in the network. Setting SACK Delay to zero disables this delay so that SACKs are sent as quickly as possible.	Format: numeric; milliseconds Range: 0 - 200 Default: 10
* SCTP Heartbeat Interval	The number of milliseconds between sending SCTP HEARTBEAT messages to a Peer.  Heartbeat messages are sent only when no user data has been sent for the duration of the Heartbeat Interval.  Setting the Heartbeat Interval to 0 disables heartbeating (not recommended).	Format: numeric; milliseconds Range: 0, 100 - 300000 Default: 500
* Socket Send Buffer Size (bytes)	Socket send buffer size for outgoing SCTP messages.  The send buffer size must be greater than or equal to the product of the bandwidth and the round trip delay for the association.	Format: numeric; number of bytes Range: 8000 - 5000000 Default: 2000000
* Socket Receive Buffer Size (bytes)	Socket receive buffer size for incoming SCTP messages.  The receive buffer size must be greater than or equal to the product of the bandwidth and the round trip delay for the association.	Format: numeric; number of bytes Range: 8000 - 5000000 Default: 2000000
* Maximum Burst	Specifies the maximum burst of packets that can be emitted by this association.	Format: numeric

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
		Range: 1 - 4 Default: 4
* Max Number of Inbound Streams	Maximum number of inbound SCTP streams supported locally by the SCTP connection.	Format: numeric; number of streams Range: 1 -16 Default: 8
* Max Number of Outbound Streams	Maximum number of outbound SCTP streams supported locally by the SCTP connection.	Format: numeric; number of streams Range: 1 -16 Default: 8
Datagram Bundling Enabled	If checked, datagram bundling is enabled for the SCTP connection.	Format: check box Range: checked (YES) or unchecked (NO) Default: checked
Diameter Options		
* Connect Timer (sec)	Controls the frequency that transport connection attempts are done to a Peer where no active transport connection exists.  Applicable only for connections that are configured to initiate a connection with a Peer Node.	Format: numeric; seconds Range: 5 - 60 Default: 30
* Watchdog Timer Init Value (sec)	Initial value of the application watchdog timer.	Format: numeric; seconds Range: 1 - 30 Default: 30
* Capabilities Exchange Timer (sec)	Time to wait on a CER message from a Peer after a connection is initiated by the Peer. Time to wait on a CEA response from a Peer after sending the CER.	Format: numeric; seconds Range: 1 - 10 Default: 3
* Disconnect Timer (sec)	After sending a DPA message, time to wait for a Peer to disconnect transport. After sending a DPR message, time to wait for the Peer to send the DPA.	Format: numeric; seconds Range: 1 - 10

## Configuration

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
	If the timer expires, transport will be disconnected by the application.	Default: 3
Proving Mode	Proving mode for the Configuration Set.	Format: radio buttons Range: Suspect, Always Default: Suspect
* Proving Timer (msec)	The time to wait for a Peer to send a DWA message in response to a DWR message during connection proving.	Format: numeric; milliseconds Range: 50 - 30000 Default: 500
* Proving Times	The number of consecutive DWR and DWA exchanges within Proving Timer time during connection proving.	Format: numeric; number of exchanges Range: 1 - 1000 Default: 3
* Pending Transactions Per Connection	The maximum number of Pending Requests waiting for Answers from the Peer on this connection. If the maximum is reached, this connection will not be selected for routing until the number of Pending Requests falls below this value.	Format: numeric Range: 1 - 20000 Default: 1000
TCP Options		
Nagle Enabled	If checked, the Nagle algorithm is enabled for the TCP connection.	Format: check box Range: checked (YES), unchecked (NO) Default: checked
* Socket Send Buffer Size (bytes)	Socket send buffer size for outgoing TCP messages. The send buffer size should be greater than or equal to the product of the bandwidth and the round trip delay for the connection.	Format: numeric; bytes Range: 8000 - 5000000 Default: 2000000
* Socket Receive Buffer Size (bytes)	Socket receive buffer size for incoming TCP messages. The receive buffer size should be greater than or equal to the product of the bandwidth and the round trip delay for the connection.	Format: numeric; bytes Range: 8000 - 5000000 Default: 2000000

## Viewing Connection Configuration Sets

Use this task to view currently configured Connection Configuration Sets.

Select **Diameter > Configuration > Configuration Sets > Connection Configuration Sets**.  
The **Connection Configuration Sets** page appears.

## Adding a Connection Configuration Set

Use this task to create a new Connection Configuration Set.

When you add a new Connection Configuration Set all of the fields on each tab are initially populated with the values from the Default Connection Configuration Set. For details about the fields in the Connection Configuration Set, see [Connection Configuration Set elements](#).

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Configuration Sets > Connection Configuration Sets**.  
The **Connection Configuration Sets** page appears.
2. Click **Insert**.  
The **Connection Configuration Sets [Insert]** page appears.
3. Enter a unique name for the Configuration Set in the **Connection Configuration Set Name** field.
4. Click the **SCTP Options** tab. Enter the SCTP values in the fields.
5. Click the **Diameter Options** tab. Enter the Diameter values in the fields.
6. Click the **TCP Options** tab. Enter the TCP values in the fields.
7. Click:
  - **OK** to save the data and return to the **Connection Configuration Sets** page.
  - **Apply** to save the data and remain on this page.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Connection Configuration Sets** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- Any field is empty (no value was entered)
- The value in any field is not valid or is out of range
- The **Connection Configuration Set Name** is not unique; it already exists in the system
- The maximum number of Connection Configuration Sets per Network Element (2000) is already configured
- Under the **SCTP Options** tab, the **Retransmit Maximum Timeout** is less than the **Retransmit Minimum Timeout**
- Under the **SCTP Options** tab, the **Number of Retransmits Triggering Path Failure** is greater than the **Number of Retransmits Triggering Association Failure**

## Editing a Connection Configuration Set

Use this task to edit an existing Connection Configuration Set.

When the **Connection Configuration Sets** page opens, the fields are populated with the currently provisioned values.

If the selected Connection Configuration Set is being used by a Local Node, any changes to the selected Connection Configuration Set will not take effect for Peer-initiated connections until the next time the Peer Node connects to the Local Node.

The **Connection Configuration Set Name** cannot be edited.

**Note:** You must disable all Connections that use a particular Connection Configuration Set before you can edit it. See [Disabling Connections](#). Changes to the Connection Configuration Set take effect after the changes are saved and the Connections that refer to the changed Connection Configuration Set are set to the "Enabled" Admin state.

1. Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Configuration Sets ► Connection Configuration Sets**.  
The **Connection Configuration Sets** page appears.
2. Select the Connection Configuration Set you want to edit.
3. Click **Edit**.  
The **Connection Configuration Sets [Edit]** page appears.
4. Update the relevant fields.  
For information about each field, see [Connection Configuration Set elements](#).
5. Click:
  - **OK** to save the data and return to the **Connection Configuration Sets** page.
  - **Apply** to save the data and remain on this page.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Connection Configuration Sets** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- The selected Connection Configuration Set no longer exists; it has been deleted by another user
- Any field is empty (no value was entered)
- The value in any field is not valid or is out of range
- Under the **SCTP Options** tab, the **Retransmit Maximum Timeout** is less than the **Retransmit Minimum Timeout**
- Under the **SCTP Options** tab, the **Number of Retransmits Triggering Path Failure** is greater than the **Number of Retransmits Triggering Association Failure**
- At least one connection that is using this Connection Configuration Set is not in the "Disabled" Admin State

## Deleting a Connection Configuration Set

Use this task to delete a Connection Configuration Set.

A Connection Configuration Set cannot be deleted if it is being used by any connections or Local Nodes. Before you perform this task, you must:

1. Disable any connections that use the Connection Configuration Set. See [Disabling Connections](#).
  2. Edit those connections to no longer use the Connection Configuration Set. See [Editing a Connection](#).
  3. Edit any Local Nodes that use the Connection Configuration Set to no longer do so. See [Editing a Local Node](#).
1. Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Configuration Sets ► Connection Configuration Sets**.  
The **Connection Configuration Sets** page appears.
  2. Select the Connection Configuration Set you want to delete.

3. Click **Delete**.

A popup window appears to confirm the delete.

4. Click:

- **OK** to delete the Connection Configuration Set.
- **Cancel** to cancel the delete function and return to the **Connection Configuration Sets** page.

If **OK** is clicked and the selected Connection Configuration Set is referenced by at least one connection or Local Node, an error message appears and the Connection Configuration Set is not deleted.

If **OK** is clicked and the selected Connection Configuration Set no longer exists (it was deleted by another user), an error message is displayed and the Connection Configuration Sets view is refreshed.

## CEX Configuration Set configuration

A CEX Configuration Set provides a mechanism for assigning up to 10 unique Application Ids and up to 10 unique supported Vendor IDs to a Local Node or Connection. A default CEX Configuration Set named "Default" is pre-populated with the "RELAY" Application Id (0xFFFFFFFF).

Each Local Node will refer to a single CEX Configuration Set. The CEX Configuration Set is mandatory for Local Node. Each transport connection can optionally refer to a single CEX Configuration Set. During CEX message exchange, the CEX Configuration Set in the transport connection is used if configured. Otherwise, the CEX Configuration Set in the Local Node (associated with the transport connection) is used. A Vendor Id can be sent in the Supported-Vendor-ID AVP of a CEX even though the Vendor Id is not configured in the **Selected Supported Vendor Ids** for the CEX Configuration Set.

The application has a default CEX Configuration Set called Default, which is always available. The Default CEX Configuration Set options cannot be modified or deleted. When you create a new CEX Configuration Set the values of the Default CEX Configuration Set are automatically populated into the new CEX Configuration Set, allowing you to easily create a new CEX Configuration Set that needs to have only a few options adjusted.

On the **CEX Configuration Sets** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of CEX Configuration Sets to display only the desired CEX Configuration Sets.
- Sort the list in ascending or descending order, by clicking the **CEX Configurations Set Name** column heading. The default order is by CEX Configuration Set Name in ascending ASCII order.
- In the **Application Ids** column,
  - Click the + sign to the left of the number of Application Ids to expand the list of Application Ids for a CEX Configuration Set.
  - Click the - sign to left of the number of Application Ids to collapse the expanded list of Application Ids for a CEX Configuration Set.
  - Click a blue Application Id in an expanded list to open the **Diameter Configuration Application Ids [Filtered]** page for the selected Application Id only.
- Click the **Insert** button.

The **CEX Configuration Sets [Insert]** page opens. You can add a new CEX Configuration Set and its values. See [Adding a CEX Configuration Set](#). If the maximum number of CEX Configuration Sets

(2000) already exists in the system, the **CEX Configuration Sets [Insert]** page will not open, and an error message is displayed.

- Select a CEX Configuration Set Name in the list, and click the **Edit** button.

The **CEX Configuration Sets [Edit]** page opens. You can edit the selected CEX Configuration Set. See [Editing a CEX Configuration Set](#). The Default CEX Configuration Set cannot be edited.

- Select a CEX Configuration Set Name in the list, and click the **Delete** button to remove the selected CEX Configuration Set.

The Default CEX Configuration Set cannot be deleted. See [Deleting a CEX Configuration Set](#).

## CEX Configuration Set elements

[Table 6: Configuration Sets Elements](#) describes the fields on the CEX Configuration Sets View, Edit, and Insert pages. Data Input Notes only apply to the Insert and Edit pages; the View page is read-only.

**Table 6: Configuration Sets Elements**

Field (* indicates a required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
* CEX Configuration Set Name	Unique Name of the CEX Configuration Set. A CEX Configuration Set named Default is always available.	Format: Case-sensitive string; alphanumeric and underscore (_); must contain at least one alpha and cannot begin with a digit. Range: 1 - 32 characters
* CEX Parameters	Available CEX Parameters All unique configured CEX Parameters, showing Application Ids with Application Type, and with Vendor Id if the Application Id is Vendor-Specific.	Format: Scrollable list Range: All configured CEX Parameters
	Selected CEX Parameters CEX Parameters that are selected from the <b>Available CEX Parameters</b> list for this CEX Configuration Set.	Maximum of 10 entries. Default: Relay
	Must Include CEX Parameters CEX Parameters selected from the <b>Selected CEX Parameters</b> list that must be present in the CEX message exchanged from the Peer.	One, some, or all of the entries in the <b>Selected CEX Parameters</b> list; maximum of 10 entries
Supported Vendor Ids	Available Supported Vendor Ids All unique Vendor Ids that have been configured in the CEX Parameters configuration.	Format: Scrollable list Range: All configured Vendor Ids

Field (* indicates a required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
	Selected Supported Vendor Ids Application Ids that are selected from the <b>Available Supported Vendor Ids</b> list for this CEX Configuration Set.	Maximum of 10 entries

## Viewing CEX Configuration Sets

Use this task to view currently configured CEX Configuration Sets.

Select **Diameter** ► **Configuration** ► **Configuration Sets** ► **CEX Configuration Sets**.  
The **CEX Configuration Sets** page appears.

## Adding a CEX Configuration Set

Use this task to create a new CEX Configuration Set.

1. Select **Diameter** ► **Configuration** ► **Configuration Sets** ► **CEX Configuration Sets**.  
The **CEX Configuration Sets** page appears.
2. Click **Insert**.  
The **CEX Configuration Sets [Insert]** page appears.
3. Enter a unique name for the CEX Configuration Set in the **CEX Configuration Set Name** field.
4. Enter the information for the **CEX Parameters** in the fields.
  - To add CEX Parameters to the **Selected CEX Parameters** list, select the entry in the **Available CEX Parameters** list and click the **Add** button below the **Available CEX Parameters** list.
  - To add CEX Parameters to the **Must Include CEX Parameters** list, select the entry in the **Selected CEX Parameters** list and click the **Add** button above the **Must Include CEX Parameters** list.
  - To remove CEX Parameters from the **Selected CEX Parameters** list, select the entry in the **Selected CEX Parameters** list and click the **Remove** button below the **Selected CEX Parameters** list.
  - To remove CEX Parameters from the **Must Include CEX Parameters** list, select the entry in the **Must Include CEX Parameters** list and click the **Remove** button above the **Must Include CEX Parameters** list.
5. Enter the information for the **Supported Vendor IDs** in the fields.
  - To add a Vendor Id to the **Selected Supported Vendor Ids** list, select the entry in the **Available Supported Vendor Ids** list and click the **Add** button below the **Available Supported Vendor Ids** list.
  - To remove a Vendor Id from the **Selected Supported Vendor Ids** list, select the entry in the **Selected Supported Vendor Ids** list and click the **Remove** button above the **Selected Supported Vendor Ids** list.
6. Click:
  - **OK** to save the new CEX Configuration Set and return to the **CEX Configuration Sets** page.



- **Apply** to save the new CEX Configuration Set and remain on this page.
- **Cancel** to return to the **CEX Configuration Sets** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- The **Selected CEX Parameters** list is empty (an item was not added)
- Any item that was selected to add to a list was deleted by another user during this Insert session
- The maximum number of configured CEX Configuration Sets (2000), Selected CEX Parameters + Must Include CEX Parameters for a CEX Configuration Set (10), or Supported Vendor Ids for a CEX Configuration Set (10) was reached by another user's entries during this Insert session

## Editing a CEX Configuration Set

Use this task to edit an existing CEX Configuration Set.

For information about each field, see [CEX Configuration Set elements](#).

**Note:** You must disable connections that use a particular CEX Configuration Set before you can edit the CEX Configuration Set. See [Disabling Connections](#).

1. Select **Diameter** ► **Configuration** ► **Configuration Sets** ► **CEX Configuration Sets**.  
The **CEX Configuration Sets** page appears.

2. Select the CEX Configuration Set that you want to edit.  
The Default CEX Configuration Set cannot be changed.

3. Click **Edit**.

The **CEX Configuration Sets [Edit]** page appears.

When the page opens, the fields are initially populated with the currently configured values.

4. Update the relevant fields.

If an entry is attempted that is not valid or is out of range, an error message appears.

The **CEX Configuration Set Name** cannot be changed.

- To add CEX Parameters to the **Selected CEX Parameters** list, select the entry in the **Available CEX Parameters** list and click the **Add** button below the **Available CEX Parameters** list.
- To add CEX Parameters to the **Must Include CEX Parameters** list, select the entry in the **Selected CEX Parameters** list and click the **Add** button above the **Must Include CEX Parameters** list.
- To remove CEX Parameters from the **Selected CEX Parameters** list, select the entry in the **Selected CEX Parameters** list and click the **Remove** button below the **Selected CEX Parameters** list.
- To remove CEX Parameters from the **Must Include CEX Parameters** list, select the entry in the **Must Include CEX Parameters** list and click the **Add** button above the **Must Include CEX Parameters** list.
- To add a Vendor Id to the **Selected Supported Vendor Ids** list, select the entry in the **Available Supported Vendor Ids** list and click the **Add** button below the **Available Supported Vendor Ids** list.
- To remove a Vendor Id from the **Selected Supported Vendor Ids** list, select the entry in the **Selected Supported Vendor Ids** list and click the **Remove** button above the **Selected Supported Vendor Ids** list.

5. Click:

- **OK** to save the changes and return to the **CEX Configuration Sets** page.
- **Apply** to save the changes and remain on this page.
- **Cancel** to return to the **CEX Configuration Sets** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- The **Selected CEX Parameters** list is empty (no items were added)
- Any item that was selected to add to a list was deleted by another user during this Insert session
- The selected CEX Configuration Set is being used by a connection or a Local Node
- The selected CEX Configuration Set was deleted by another user during this Edit session

## Deleting a CEX Configuration Set

Use this task to delete a CEX Configuration Set.

A CEX Configuration Set cannot be deleted if it is being used by any connections or Local Nodes. Before you perform this task, you must:

1. Disable any connections that use the CEX Configuration Set. See [Disabling Connections](#).
2. Edit those connections to no longer use the CEX Configuration Set. See [Editing a Connection](#).
3. Edit any Local Nodes that use the CEX Configuration Set to no longer do so. See [Editing a Local Node](#).

1. Select **Diameter** ► **Configuration** ► **Configuration Sets** ► **CEX Configuration Sets**.

The **CEX Configuration Sets** page appears.

2. Select one CEX Configuration Set that you want to delete.

3. Click **Delete**

A popup window appears.

4. Click:

- **OK** to delete the selected CEX Configuration Set.
- **Cancel** to cancel the delete function and return to the **CEX Configuration Sets** page.

If **OK** is clicked and the selected CEX Configuration Set is referenced by at least one connection or Local Node, an error message appears and the CEX Configuration Set is not deleted.

If **OK** is clicked and the selected CEX Configuration Set no longer exists (it was deleted by another user), an error message is displayed and the CEX Configuration Sets view is refreshed.

## Capacity Configuration Set configuration

Capacity Configuration Sets provide a mechanism for adjusting a connection to account for the network quality of service and Peer Node requirements, and allow management of capacity data for Diameter Peer connections. Capacity Configuration Set data consists of reserved Ingress MPS, maximum Ingress MPS, Ingress MPS minor alarm threshold, and Ingress MPS major alarm threshold.

The Capacity Configuration Set called Default is always available. The Default Capacity Configuration Set options can be modified, but the Default Capacity Configuration Set cannot be deleted. When you

create a new Capacity Configuration Set the values of the Default Capacity Configuration Set are automatically populated into the new Capacity Configuration Set, allowing you to easily create a new Capacity Configuration Set that needs to have only a few options adjusted.

On the **Capacity Configuration Sets** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of Capacity Configuration Sets to display only the desired Capacity Configuration Sets.
- Sort the Capacity Configuration Set entries by clicking the column headings. By default, the entries are sorted by the Capacity Configuration Set column in ascending ASCII order.
- Click the **Insert** button.

The **Capacity Configuration Sets [Insert]** page opens. You can add a new Capacity Configuration Sets and its values. See [Adding a Capacity Configuration Set](#).

If the maximum number of Capacity Configuration Sets (1000) already exists in the system, the **Capacity Configuration Sets [Insert]** page does not open and an error message is displayed.

- Select the Name of a Capacity Configuration Set in the list, and click the **Edit** button.

The **Capacity Configuration Sets [Edit]** page opens. You can edit the selected Capacity Configuration Set. See [Editing a Capacity Configuration Set](#).

- Select the Name of a Capacity Configuration Set in the list, and click the **Delete** button to remove the selected Capacity Configuration Set. See [Deleting a Capacity Configuration Set](#)

## Capacity Configuration Set elements

This table describes the fields on the Capacity Configuration Sets View, Edit, and Insert pages. Data Input Notes only apply to the Insert and Edit pages; the View page is read-only.

**Table 7: Capacity Configuration Sets Elements**

Field (* indicates field is required)	Description	Data Input Notes
* Capacity Configuration Set	Name of the Capacity Configuration Set. The Name must be unique.	Format: String; case-sensitive; alphanumeric and underscore (_); must contain at least one alpha; cannot begin with a digit.  Range: 1 - 32 characters
* Reserved Ingress MPS	Rate in messages per second for which resources are explicitly reserved for Diameter connections using this Capacity Configuration Set to process ingress Diameter signaling. These resources cannot be used by any other connection, regardless of the load offered to other connections.	Format: numeric  Range: 0, 10 - 5000 Ingress messages per second  Default: 0

Field (* indicates field is required)	Description	Data Input Notes
	The sum of Reserved Ingress MPS for all connections on an MP server cannot exceed the maximum capacity of the MP server.	
* Maximum Ingress MPS	<p>Maximum Ingress messages per second that a Diameter connection using this Capacity Configuration Set is allowed to process.</p> <p>*</p> <p>The Maximum Ingress MPS must be equal to or greater than the Reserved Ingress MPS.</p> <p>Any difference between the Maximum Ingress MPS and the Reserved Ingress MPS represents MP server resources that are shared among connections that have Maximum Ingress MPS greater than Reserved Ingress MPS.</p>	<p>Format: numeric</p> <p>Range: 10 - 5000 Ingress messages per second</p> <p>Default: 5000</p>
* Ingress MPS Minor Alarm Threshold (Percent)	<p>Percentage of Maximum Ingress MPS at which a minor alarm will be raised for connections that use this Capacity Configuration Set.</p> <p>After an alarm is raised, it will not be cleared until the average Ingress MPS falls 5% below this value.</p> <p>The Ingress MPS Minor Alarm Threshold must be less than the Ingress MPS Major Alarm Threshold.</p>	<p>Format: numeric</p> <p>Range: 10 - 99 percent</p> <p>Default: 50 percent</p>
* Ingress Major Alarm Threshold (Percent)	<p>Percentage of Maximum Ingress MPS at which a major alarm will be raised for connections that use this Capacity Configuration Set.</p> <p>After an alarm is raised, it will not be cleared until the average Ingress MPS falls 5% below this value.</p> <p>The Ingress MPS Major Alarm Threshold must be greater than the Ingress MPS Minor Alarm Threshold.</p>	<p>Format: numeric</p> <p>Range: 11 - 100 percent</p> <p>Default: 80 percent</p>

## Viewing Capacity Configuration Sets

Use this task to view currently configured Capacity Configuration Sets.

Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Configuration Sets ► Capacity Configuration Sets**.  
The **Capacity Configuration Sets** page appears.

## Adding a Capacity Configuration Set

Use this task to create a new Capacity Configuration Set. For information about the fields, see [Capacity Configuration Set elements](#).

1. Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Configuration Sets ► Capacity Configuration Sets**.  
The **Capacity Configuration Sets** page appears.
2. Click **Insert**.  
The **Capacity Configuration Sets [Insert]** page appears.
3. Enter a unique name for the Capacity Configuration Set in the **Name** field.
4. Enter the Reserved Ingress MPS value in messages/second.
5. Enter the Maximum Ingress MPS value in messages/second.
6. Enter the Ingress MPS Minor Alarm Threshold as the percentage of the Maximum Ingress MPS at which a minor alarm will be raised for connections using this Capacity Configuration Set.
7. Enter the Ingress MPS Major Alarm Threshold as the percentage of the Maximum Ingress MPS at which a major alarm will be raised for connections using this Capacity Configuration Set.
8. Click one of the following buttons:
  - **OK** to save the changes and return to the **Capacity Configuration Sets** page.
  - **Apply** to save the changes and remain on this page.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- Any field value is missing (not entered)
- The Capacity Configuration Set is not unique (already exists in the system)
- The maximum number of Capacity Configuration Sets (1000) is already configured
- The **Reserved Ingress MPS** value is greater than the **Maximum Ingress MPS** value
- The **Ingress MPS Minor Alarm Threshold** value is greater than the **Ingress MPS Major Alarm Threshold** value

## Editing a Capacity Configuration Set

Use this task to edit an existing Capacity Configuration Set.

The changes take effect upon receipt of the next message. Ingress MPS alarms must be re-evaluated for all connections that use the modified Capacity Configuration Set when the changes are replicated to the MP servers.

You must disable connections that use a particular Capacity Configuration Set before you can change the **Reserved Ingress MPS** value. See [Disabling Connections](#). (The **Reserved Ingress MPS** field is the only field that requires the connections to be "Disabled" before it can be changed.)

The Capacity Configuration Set name cannot be changed.

1. Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Configuration Sets ► Capacity Configuration Sets**.  
The **Capacity Configuration Sets** page appears.
2. Select the Capacity Configuration Set you want to edit.
3. Click **Edit**.  
The **Capacity Configuration Sets [Edit]** page appears.

The **Capacity Configuration Sets [Edit]** page will be populated with the current values for the selected Capacity Configuration Set.

4. Update the relevant fields.

For more information about each field, see [Capacity Configuration Set elements](#).

5. Click:

- **OK** to save the changes and return to the **Capacity Configuration Sets** page.
- **Apply** to save the changes and remain on this page.
- **Cancel** to return to the **Capacity Configuration Sets** page without saving any changes.

When **OK** or **Apply** is clicked, a popup window appears.

- Click **OK** to confirm that you want to change the Capacity Configuration Set values.
- Click **Cancel** to remain on the **Capacity Configuration Sets [Edit]** page with the changes displayed but not saved.

If **Apply** is clicked on the **Capacity Configuration Sets [Edit]** page, **OK** is clicked on the confirmation popup window, and all changes are valid, a "Data Committed" message appears.

If **OK** is clicked on the popup window and the **Reserved Ingress MPS** field was changed for a Capacity Configuration Set that is referenced by any connection that is in the "Enabled" Admin state, an error message appears and the changes are not saved.

## Deleting a Capacity Configuration Set

Use this task to delete a Capacity Configuration Set.

A Capacity Configuration Set cannot be deleted if it is being used by any connections. Before you perform this task, you must disable any connections that use the Capacity Configuration Set and edit those connections to no longer use the Capacity Configuration Set.

(See [Disabling Connections](#) and [Editing a Connection](#).)

The Default Capacity Configuration Set can be edited, but cannot be deleted.

1. Select **Diameter** ► **Configuration** ► **Configuration Sets** ► **Capacity Configuration Sets**.  
The **Capacity Configuration Sets** page appears.

2. Select the Capacity Configuration Set you want to delete.

3. Click **Delete**.

A popup window appears to confirm the delete.

4. Click:

- **OK** to delete the Capacity Configuration Set and return to the **Capacity Configuration Sets** page.
- **Cancel** to cancel the delete function and return to the **Capacity Configuration Sets** page.

If **OK** is clicked and the selected Capacity Configuration Set is referenced by at least one connection, an error message appears and the Capacity Configuration Set is not deleted.

## Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set configuration

Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets provide a mechanism for managing egress message traffic on a Diameter Connection. You can create an Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set with a maximum allowable Egress Message Rate (EMR) and one to three pairs of EMR Threshold Throttles and Abatement Throttles.

When the Egress Message Rate on a connection exceeds a Threshold Throttle value, the EMR congestion level for the connection is raised. When the Egress Message Rate on a connection falls below an Abatement Threshold, the EMR congestion level is lowered. Specifying a Smoothing Factor and Abatement time allows you to control the transitions between EMR congestion levels. The EMR congestion level, along with the Egress Transport congestion level and the Remote Busy congestion level is used to control traffic on a connection.

The options are described in [Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set elements](#). Each connection can reference a single Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set.

On the **Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets to display only the desired Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets.
- Sort the list by column contents in ascending or descending order, by clicking the column heading. The default order is by **Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set Name** in ascending ASCII order.
- Click the **Insert** button.

The **Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets [Insert]** page appears. You can add a new Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set and its options. See [Adding an Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set](#).

If the maximum number of Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets per Network Element (50) already exist in the system, the **Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets [Insert]** page will not open, and an error message is displayed.

- Select an Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set Name in the list, and click the **Edit** button.

The **Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets [Edit]** page opens. You can edit the selected Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set. See [Editing an Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set](#).

If at least one connection is in the "Enabled" Admin state that uses the Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set, the **Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets [Edit]** page will not open.

- Select an Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set Name in the list, and click the **Delete** button to remove the selected Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set.

## Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set elements

[Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set elements](#) describes the fields on the Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets View, Edit, and Insert pages. Data Input Notes apply only to the Insert and Edit pages; the View page is read-only.

Table 8: Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set Elements

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
* Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set	Name of the Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set. The name must be unique.	Format: case-sensitive; alphanumeric and underscore (_); cannot start with a digit and must contain at least one alpha Range: 1 - 32 characters
* Max Egress Message Rate	The maximum Egress Message Rate (EMR) on the connection	Format: numeric Range: 10 -10000
* Throttle Threshold 1	Threshold for Congestion Level 1. When the EMR exceeds this percentage of Max EMR, the Congestion Level is set to 1	Format: numeric Range: 0 - 100% Default: 100%
* Abatement Threshold 1	Abatement Threshold for Congestion Level 1. When the EMR falls below this percentage of Max EMR, the Congestion Level returns to 0.	Format: numeric Range: 0 - 100% Default: 80%
Throttle Threshold 2	Threshold for Congestion Level 2. When the EMR exceeds this percentage of Max EMR, the Congestion Level is set to 2	Format: numeric Range: 0 - 100% Default: none
Abatement Threshold 2	Abatement Threshold for Congestion Level 2. When the EMR falls below this percentage of Max EMR, the Congestion Level returns to 1.	Format: numeric Range: 0 - 100% Default: none
Throttle Threshold 3	Threshold for Congestion Level 3. When the EMR exceeds this percentage of Max EMR, the Congestion Level is set to 3	Format: numeric Range: 0 - 100% Default: none
Abatement Threshold 3	Abatement Threshold for Congestion Level 3. When the EMR falls below this percentage of Max EMR, the Congestion Level returns to 2.	Format: numeric Range: 0 - 100% Default: none
* Smoothing Factor	Percentage contribution of the current EMR sample to the Smoothed EMR	Format: numeric Range: 20 - 80% Default: 50%



Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
* Abatement Time	The amount of time a throttled connection's Smoothed EMR must remain below an abatement threshold before the Congestion Level is lowered.	Format: numeric Range: 200 - 10000 milliseconds Default: 500 milliseconds

## Viewing Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets

Use this task to view currently configured Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets.

Select **Diameter** ► **Configuration** ► **Configuration Sets** ► **Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets**.

The **Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets** page appears.

## Adding an Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set

Use this task to create a new Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set. For more information about the fields, see [Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set elements](#).

1. Select **Diameter** ► **Configuration** ► **Configuration Sets** ► **Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets**.  
The **Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets** page appears.
2. Click **Insert**.  
The **Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets [Insert]** page appears.
3. Enter a unique name for the Configuration Set in the **Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set Name** field.
4. Enter the maximum Egress Message Rate in the **Maximum Allowed EMR** field.
5. Enter one to three Throttle Thresholds and Abatement Thresholds as a percentage of the maximum Egress Message Rate.
6. Optionally, enter a **Smoothing Factor** and an **Abatement Time**.
7. Click:
  - **OK** to save the data and return to the **Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets** page.
  - **Apply** to save the data and remain on this page.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- Any required field is empty (no value was entered)
- The value in any field is not valid or is out of range
- The **Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set Name** is not unique; it already exists in the system
- Throttle thresholds and abatement thresholds do not follow the rule: TT3 > AT3 > TT2 > AT2 > TT1 > AT1

- The maximum number of Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets per Network Element (50) is already configured

## Editing an Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set

Use this task to edit an existing Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set.

When the **Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets** page opens, the fields are populated with the currently provisioned values.

The **Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set Name** cannot be edited.

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Configuration Sets > Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets**.

The **Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets** page appears.

2. Select the Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set you want to edit.

3. Click **Edit**.

The **Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets [Edit]** page appears.

4. Update the relevant fields.

For information about each field, see [Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set elements](#).

5. Click:

- **OK** to save the data and return to the **Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets** page.
- **Apply** to save the data and remain on this page.
- **Cancel** to return to the **Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- The selected Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set no longer exists; it has been deleted by another user
- Any field is empty (no value was entered)
- The value in any field is not valid or is out of range
- Throttle thresholds and abatement thresholds do not follow the rule:  $TT3 > AT3 > TT2 > AT2 > TT1 > AT1$

## Deleting an Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set

Use this task to delete an Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set.

**Note:** An Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set cannot be deleted if it is being used by any connections. Before you perform this task, you must disable and edit any connections that use the Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set. (See [Disabling Connections](#) and [Editing a Connection](#).)

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Configuration Sets > Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets**.

The **Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets** page appears.

2. Select the Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set you want to delete.

3. Click **Delete**.

A popup window appears to confirm the delete.

4. Click:

- **OK** to delete the Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set.
- **Cancel** to cancel the delete function and return to the **Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets** page.

If **OK** is clicked and the selected Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set is referenced by at least one connection, an error message appears and the Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set is not deleted.

If **OK** is clicked and the selected Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set no longer exists (it was deleted by another user), an error message is displayed and the Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets view is refreshed.

## Message Priority Configuration Set configuration

A Message Priority Configuration Set provides a mechanism for controlling how message priority is set for a request message arriving on a connection. A Message Priority Configuration Set contains one or more Message Priority Rules.

A Message Priority Rule consists of combination of an Application ID and a Command Code, and a priority. Incoming messages that match the Application ID and Command Code are assigned the associated priority.

Message Priority Configuration Sets can be assigned to Connections or Peer Nodes.

The Message Priority Configuration Set fields are described in [Message Priority Configuration Set elements](#).

On the **Message Priority Configuration Sets** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of Message Priority Configuration Sets to display only the desired Message Priority Configuration Sets.
- Sort the list by column contents in ascending or descending order, by clicking the column heading. The default order is by **Message Priority Configuration Set Name** in ascending ASCII order.
- Click the + in the **Message Priority Rules** field to display the Message Priority Rules associated with a Message Priority Configuration Set.
- Click the **Insert** button.

The **Message Priority Configuration Sets [Insert]** page appears. You can add a new Message Priority Configuration Set and its Message Priority Rules. See [Adding a Message Priority Configuration Set](#).

If the maximum number of Message Priority Configuration Sets per Network Element (20) already exist in the system, the **Message Priority Configuration Sets [Insert]** page will not open, and an error message is displayed.

- Select an Message Priority Configuration Set Name in the list, and click the **Edit** button.

The **Message Priority Configuration Sets [Edit]** page opens. You can edit the selected Message Priority Configuration Set. See [Editing a Message Priority Configuration Set](#).

If at least one connection that uses the Message Priority Configuration Set is in the "Enabled" Admin state, the **Message Priority Configuration Sets [Edit]** page will not open.

- Select an Message Priority Configuration Set Name in the list, and click the **Delete** button to remove the selected Message Priority Configuration Set. You cannot delete the Default Message Priority Configuration Set.

## Message Priority Configuration Set elements

*Table 9: Message Priority Configuration Set Elements* describes the fields on the Message Priority Configuration Sets View, Edit, and Insert pages. Data Input Notes apply only to the Insert and Edit pages; the View page is read-only.

**Table 9: Message Priority Configuration Set Elements**

Field (* indicates a required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
* Message Priority Configuration Set Name	Unique name of the Message Priority Configuration Set.	Format: Case-sensitive string; alphanumeric and underscore (_); must contain at least one alpha and cannot begin with a digit. Range: 1 - 32 characters
* Message Priority Rules	The number of Message Priority Rules defined in the Message Priority Configuration Set	
Application Id	The Application Id used to filter incoming Diameter messages	Format: scrollable list Range: configured Application Ids. An asterisk (*) matches any Application Id.
Application Name	The name of the application associated with the Application Id	
Command Code	The Command Code used to filter incoming Diameter messages.	Format: scrollable list Range: configured Command Codes. An asterisk (*) matches any Command Code.
Command Code Name	The name of the command associated with the Command Code	
Priority	The message priority assigned to incoming messages that match the combination of Application Id and Command Code.	Format: pull down list Range: 0-2

## Viewing Message Priority Configuration Sets

Use this task to view currently configured Message Priority Configuration Sets and their associated Message Priority Rules.

1. Select **Diameter** ► **Configuration** ► **Configuration Sets** ► **Message Priority Configuration Sets**. The **Message Priority Configuration Sets** page appears.
2. Click the + in any **Message Priority Rules** field. The Message Priority Rules associated with the Message Priority Configuration Set are displayed.

## Adding a Message Priority Configuration Set

Use this task to create a new Message Priority Configuration Set. For more information about the fields, see [Message Priority Configuration Set elements](#).

1. Select **Diameter** ► **Configuration** ► **Configuration Sets** ► **Message Priority Configuration Sets**. The **Message Priority Configuration Sets** page appears.
2. Click **Insert**. The **Message Priority Configuration Sets [Insert]** page appears.
3. Enter a unique name for the Configuration Set in the **Message Priority Configuration Set Name** field.
4. Select an **Application Id**, **Command Code**, and **Message Priority** for the Message Priority Rule.
5. Click **Add** to add more Message Priority Rules to the Message Priority Configuration Set. You can add up to 50 rules per configuration set. Click the X beside the **Message Priority** field to clear the values for a Message Priority Rule.
6. Click:
  - **OK** to save the data and return to the **Message Priority Configuration Sets** page.
  - **Apply** to save the data and remain on this page.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Message Priority Configuration Sets** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- Any required field is empty (no value was entered)
- The value in any field is not valid or is out of range
- The **Message Priority Configuration Set Name** is not unique; it already exists in the system
- A wildcard is used for **Application Id**, but a specific **Command Code** is specified.
- The maximum number of Message Priority Configuration Sets per Network Element (20) is already configured

## Editing a Message Priority Configuration Set

Use this task to edit an existing Message Priority Configuration Set.

When the **Message Priority Configuration Sets** page opens, the fields are populated with the currently provisioned values.

The **Message Priority Configuration Set Name** cannot be edited.

1. Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Configuration Sets ► Message Priority Configuration Sets**.  
The **Message Priority Configuration Sets** page appears.
2. Select the Message Priority Configuration Set you want to edit.
3. Click **Edit**.  
The **Message Priority Configuration Sets [Edit]** page appears.
4. Update the relevant fields.  
For information about each field, see [Message Priority Configuration Set elements](#).
5. Click:
  - **OK** to save the data and return to the **Message Priority Configuration Sets** page.
  - **Apply** to save the data and remain on this page.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Message Priority Configuration Sets** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- The selected Message Priority Configuration Set no longer exists; it has been deleted by another user
- Any field is empty (no value was entered)
- The value in any field is not valid or is out of range
- A wildcard is used for **Application Id**, but a specific **Command Code** is specified.

## Deleting a Message Priority Configuration Set

Use this task to delete a Message Priority Configuration Set.

**Note:** A Message Priority Configuration Set cannot be deleted if it is being used by any connections. Before you perform this task, you must disable and edit any connections that use the Message Priority Configuration Set. (See [Disabling Connections](#) and [Editing a Connection](#).)

1. Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Configuration Sets ► Message Priority Configuration Sets**.  
The **Message Priority Configuration Sets** page appears.
2. Select the Message Priority Configuration Set you want to delete.
3. Click **Delete**.  
A popup window appears to confirm the delete.
4. Click:
  - **OK** to delete the Message Priority Configuration Set.
  - **Cancel** to cancel the delete function and return to the **Message Priority Configuration Sets** page.

If **OK** is clicked and the selected Message Priority Configuration Set is referenced by at least one connection, an error message appears and the Message Priority Configuration Set is not deleted.

If **OK** is clicked and the selected Message Priority Configuration Set no longer exists (it was deleted by another user), an error message is displayed and the Message Priority Configuration Sets view is refreshed.

## Local Node configuration

A Local Node is a local Diameter node that is specified with a realm and an FQDN. The DSR supports up to 32 Local Nodes.

The Local Node identifies:

- Domain information
- SCTP Listen Port Number
- TCP Listen Port Number
- The supported transport type(s)
- A list of IP addresses available for establishing Diameter transport connections

After it is configured, a Local Node can be assigned to connections for use in Diameter routing.

On the **Diameter > Configuration > Local Nodes** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of Local Nodes to display only the desired Local Nodes.
- Sort the list by a column in ascending or descending order, by clicking the column heading (except IP Addresses). The default order is by **Local Node Name** in ascending ASCII order.
- Click a field entry that is shown in blue for a Local Node. The blue entries are links to the configuration pages for those types of items.

The **Diameter > Configuration > {Item Type} (Filtered)** page appears for the selected item.

- Click **Insert**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Local Nodes [Insert]** page appears. You can add a new Local Node.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Local Nodes [Insert]** page will not open if any of the following conditions exist:

- The maximum number of Local Nodes (32) has already been configured.
- There is no Signaling VIP Address available in the signaling Network Element (NE) that can be added to the Local Node.
- Select a Local Node in the list, and click **Edit**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Local Nodes [Edit]** page appears. You can edit the selected Local Node.

- Select a Local Node in the list, and click **Delete**. You can delete the selected Local Node.

## Local Node configuration elements

*Table 10: Local Node Configuration Elements* describes the fields on the Local Nodes View, Insert, and Edit pages. Data Input Notes only apply to the Insert and Edit pages; the View page is read-only.

Table 10: Local Node Configuration Elements

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
* Local Node Name	Unique name of the Local Node.	Format: string, case-sensitive; alphanumeric and underscore (_); cannot start with a digit and must contain at least one alpha Range: 1 - 32 characters
* Realm	Realm of the Local Node; defines the administrative domain with which the user maintains an account relationship.	Format: string consisting of a list of labels separated by dots. A label can contain letters, digits, dash (-), and underscore (_). A label must begin with a letter, digit, or underscore, and must end with a letter or digit. Underscore can be used only as the first character. Range: Realm - up to 255 characters; label - up to 63 characters
* FQDN	Unique Fully Qualified Domain Name; specifies exact location in the tree hierarchy of the DNS.	Format: string consisting of a list of labels separated by dots. A label must contain letters, digits, dash (-), and underscore (_). A label must begin with a letter or underscore, and must end with a letter or digit. Underscore can be used only as the first character. Range: FQDN - up to 255 characters; label - up to 63 characters
SCTP Enabled	Enables the Local Node to listen for SCTP connections	Format: check box



Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
		Range: checked, unchecked Default: checked
SCTP Listen Port	SCTP listen port number for the Local Node. The SCTP Enabled box must be checked before a value can be entered in this field.  This SCTP Listen Port cannot be the same as a Local Initiate Port of a connection.	Format: numeric Range: 1024 - 65535 Default: 3868
TCP Enabled	Enables the Local Node to listen for TCP connections	Format: check box Range: checked, unchecked Default: checked
TCP Listen Port	TCP listen port number for the Local Node. The TCP Enabled box must be checked before a value can be entered in this field.  This TCP Listen Port cannot be the same as a Local Initiate Port of a connection.	Format: numeric Range: 1024 - 65535 Default: 3868
* Connection Configuration Set	Connection Configuration Set for the Local Node.	Format: pulldown list Range: configured Connection Configuration Sets, "Default" Connection Configuration Set
* CEX Configuration Set	CEX Configuration Set associated with the Local Node.  The entries in the CEX Configuration Set field create links to the <b>Diameter &gt; Configuration &gt; CEX Configuration Sets (Filtered)</b> page, which shows only the selected entry.  The CEX Configuration Set field for the Local Node is used if the CEX Configuration Set is not associated with the connection.	Format: pulldown list Range: configured CEX Configuration Sets, "Default" CEX Configuration Set.
* IP Addresses	IP address, or addresses, available for establishing Diameter transport connections to the Local Node. You must assign at least one IP Address, and can	Format: 128 pulldown lists Range:

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
	<p>assign up to 128 IP addresses, to a Local Node. Up to 32 IP addresses can be IPFE target set addresses.</p> <p>If fewer than four XSI interfaces are configured and SCTP transport is selected, then the number of <b>IP Addresses</b> selected must be the same as the number of XSI interfaces.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For a DSR that has Active/Standby DA-MPs: available Virtual Signaling IP Addresses provisioned as MP server group VIP</li> <li>For a DSR that has Multiple-Active DA-MPs: static IP addresses configured for each DA-MP</li> <li>configured IPFE TSAs</li> </ul>

## Viewing Local Nodes

Use this task to view currently configured Local Nodes.

Select **Diameter > Configuration > Local Nodes**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Local Nodes** page appears.

## Adding a Local Node

Use this task to create a new Local Node.

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Local Nodes**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Local Nodes** page appears.

2. Click **Insert**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Local Nodes [Insert]** page appears.

3. Enter a unique name for the Local Node in the **Local Node Name** field.

4. Enter the **Realm** for the Local Node in the field.

5. Enter an **FQDN** in the field.

6. If you want the Local Node to listen for SCTP connections, check the **SCTP Enabled** check box.

7. If **SCTP Enabled** is checked, enter an **SCTP Listen Port** number in the field.

This is the port that will be used by connections that use this Local Node to listen for SCTP request messages. The default 3868 is the well-known IANA port for Diameter traffic.

8. If you want the Local Node to listen for TCP connections, check the **TCP Enabled** check box.

9. If **TCP Enabled** is checked, enter a **TCP Listen Port** number in the field.

This is the port that will be used by connections that use this Local Node to listen for TCP request messages. The default 3868 is the well-known IANA port for Diameter traffic.

10. Select a **Connection Configuration Set** from the pulldown list. If you have not added additional Connection Configuration Sets, only the **Default** Connection Configuration Set will be available.
11. Select a **CEX Configuration Set** for the Local Node from the pulldown list.  
If you have not added additional CEX Configuration Sets, only the **Default** CEX Configuration Set will be available.
12. Select from 1 to 128 IP addresses from the **IP Addresses** pulldown lists.
13. Click:
  - **OK** to save the new Local Node and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Local Nodes** page.
  - **Apply** to save the new Local Node and remain on this page.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Local Nodes** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- The maximum number of Local Nodes (32) per Network Element is already defined in the system
- Any required field is empty; no value was entered or selected
- The entry in any field is not valid (wrong data type or out of the valid range)
- The selected pulldown list entry no longer exists (has been deleted by another user)
- The **Local Node Name** is not unique; it already exists in the system
- The **FQDN** is already assigned to a different Local or Peer Node
- Neither the **SCTP Enabled** check box nor the **TCP Enabled** check box is checked; one must be checked
- The **SCTP Listen Port** and **IP Address** combination is already assigned to a different Local or Peer Node
- The **TCP Listen Port** and **IP Address** combination is already assigned to a different Local or Peer Node
- The **SCTP Listen Port** or the **TCP Listen Port** is already used as a **Local Initiate Port** of a connection
- Any of the selected **IP Addresses** is duplicated

## Editing a Local Node

Use this task to edit a Local Node.

When the **Diameter > Configuration > Local Nodes [Edit]** page opens, the fields are initially populated with the current values for the selected Local Node.

Configuration considerations:

- The **Local Node Name** cannot be changed.
- The following fields cannot be edited if there is at least one associated Enabled connection:
  - **Realm**
  - **FQDN**
  - **SCTP Listen Port** (and the **Transport Protocol** is **SCTP**)
  - **TCP Listen Port** (and the **Transport Protocol** is **TCP**)

- **IP Address** (cannot be removed if there is an Enabled connection, but a new **IP Address** can be added)
  - **Connection Configuration Set**
  - **CEX Configuration Set**
1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Local Nodes**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Local Nodes** page appears.
  2. Select the Local Node you want to edit, then click **Edit**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Local Nodes [Edit]** page appears.
  3. Update the relevant fields.  
For more information about each field, see [Local Node configuration elements](#).  
The value for an entry in a pulldown list can be removed by selecting "--Select—" in the list, or selecting the X at the end of the list box (if an X is available).
  4. Click:
    - **OK** to save the data and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Local Nodes** page.
    - **Apply** to save the data and remain on this page.
    - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Local Nodes** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- The selected Local Node no longer exists; it has been deleted by another user
- The selected IP Address or Connection Configuration Set has been deleted by another user
- Any required field is empty; no value was entered or selected
- The entry in any field is not valid (wrong data type or out of the valid range)
- The selected pulldown list entry no longer exists (has been deleted by another user)
- The edited **FQDN** is already assigned to a different Local or Peer Node
- Neither the **SCTP Enabled** check box nor the **TCP Enable** check box is checked; at least one of them must be checked
- **SCTP Enabled** was changed to be disabled (unchecked) and there is at least one associated SCTP connection.
- **TCP Enabled** was changed to be disabled (unchecked) and there is at least one associated TCP connection.
- The edited **IP Address + SCTP Listen Port** combination is already assigned to a different Local Node or Peer Node
- The edited **IP Address+ TCP Listen Port** combination is already assigned to a different Local Node or Peer Node
- The selected **SCTP Listen Port** or **TCP Listen Port** is already used as a **Local Initiate Port** of a connection

## Deleting a Local Node

Use this task to delete a Local Node.

**Note:** A Local Node cannot be deleted if it is being used by any connections. Before you perform this task, disable and delete any connections that use the Local Node.

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Local Nodes**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Local Nodes** page appears.
2. Select the Local Node you want to delete.
3. Click **Delete**.  
A pop up window appears to confirm the delete.
4. Click:
  - **OK** to delete the Local Node.
  - **Cancel** to cancel the delete function and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Local Nodes** page.

If **OK** is clicked and the selected Local Node no longer exists (it was deleted by another user), an error message is displayed and the Local Nodes view is refreshed.

## Peer Node configuration

A Peer Node is an external Diameter client, server, or agent with which the DSR establishes direct transport connections. A Peer Node may be a single computer or a cluster of computers and may have one or more transport connections.

After it is configured, a Peer Node can be:

- Assigned to connections for use in Diameter routing
- Assigned to Route Groups that manage the distribution of traffic to and among Peer Nodes

On the **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Nodes** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of Peer Nodes, to display only the desired Peer Nodes.
- Sort the list by a column in ascending or descending order, by clicking the column heading (except **IP Addresses**). The default order is by **Peer Node Name** in ascending ASCII order.
- Click an entry that is shown in blue for the **Alternate Implicit Route**, to open the **Diameter > Configuration > Route Lists [Filtered]** page for that entry only.
- Click an entry in the **Message Priority Configuration Set** column, to open the **Message Priority Configuration Sets (Filtered)** page for that entry only.
- Click **Insert**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Nodes [Insert]** page appears. You can add a new Peer Node.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Nodes [Insert]** will not open if the maximum number of Peer Nodes per Network Element (6000) already exists in the system.

- Select a Peer Node in the list, and click **Edit**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Node [Edit]** page appears. You can edit the selected Peer Node.

- Select a Peer Node in the list, and click **Delete**. You can delete the selected Peer Node.

## Peer Node configuration elements

[Table 11: Peer Node Configuration Elements](#) describes the fields on the Peer Nodes View, Insert, and Edit pages. Data Input Notes apply only to the Insert and Edit pages; the View page is read-only.

**Table 11: Peer Node Configuration Elements**

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
* Peer Node Name	Unique name of the Peer Node.	Format: string, case-sensitive; alphanumeric and underscore (_); cannot start with a digit and must contain at least one alpha  Range: 1 - 32 characters
* Realm	Realm of the Peer Node.	Format: string consisting of a list of labels separated by dots. A label must contain letters, digits, dash (-), and underscore (_). A label must begin with a letter or underscore, and must end with a letter or digit. Underscore can be used only as the first character.  Range: up to 255 characters; label - up to 63 characters
* FQDN	Unique Fully Qualified Domain Name; specifies exact location in the tree hierarchy of the DNS.	Format: string consisting of a list of labels separated by dots. A label must contain letters, digits, dash (-), and underscore (_). A label must begin with a letter or underscore, and must end with a letter or digit. Underscore can be used only as the first character.

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
		Range: FQDN - up to 255 characters; label - up to 63 characters
SCTP Enabled	Enables the Peer Node to listen for SCTP connections.	Format: check box Range: checked, unchecked Default: checked
SCTP Listen Port	SCTP Listen Port Number for the Peer Node.  The SCTP Enabled box must be checked before a value can be entered in this field.	Format: numeric Range: 1024 - 65535 Default: 3868
TCP Enabled	Enables the Peer Node to listen for TCP connections.	Format: check box Range: checked, unchecked Default: checked
TCP Listen Port	TCP Listen Port Number for the Peer Node.  The TCP Enabled box must be checked before a value can be entered in this field.	Format: numeric Range: 1024 - 65535 Default: 3868
IP Addresses	IP address, or addresses, available for establishing Diameter transport connections to the Peer Node.  View - Each Peer Node entry displays a + sign and the number of IP Addresses assigned to that Peer Node. Click the + sign to display the IP Addresses; the + sign changes to a - sign. Click the - sign to display the number again.  [Insert] and [Edit] - The field contains an <b>Add</b> button that can be clicked up to 127 times to create 128 text boxes for IP Addresses. Each entry is numbered, to indicate the number of IP Addresses that have been added.	Format: numeric Range: up to 128 valid IP Addresses
Alternate Implicit Route	Route List to use for routing messages to this Peer Node if all Peer Routing Rules and implicit Peer Routes are unavailable.  Each entry in the <b>Alternate Implicit Route</b> column on the View page is a link to the <b>Diameter</b>	Format: pulldown list Range: configured Route Lists

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
	<b>Configuration Route List [Filtered]</b> page for the selected entry only.	
Replace Dest Realm	If checked, the Destination Realm AVP of outgoing messages will be overwritten with this Peer Node Realm.	Format: check box Range: checked, unchecked Default: unchecked
Replace Dest Host	If checked, the Destination Host AVP of outgoing messages will be overwritten with this Peer Node FQDN.	Format: check box Range: checked, unchecked Default: unchecked
* Minimum Connection Capacity	The minimum number of connections that must be available to this Peer in order for it to be "Available". Otherwise, the Peer is "Degraded" if fewer than the minimum number of connections are "Available", or "Unavailable" if no connections are "Available".	Format: numeric Range: 1-64 Default: 1
* Maximum Alternate Routing Attempts	The maximum number of times that a Request can be rerouted to this Peer before the next eligible Peer is selected.	Format: numeric Range: 1-4 Default: 4
Alternate Routing On Connection Failure	Indicates whether to perform alternate routing on alternate connections to the same Peer before selecting the next eligible Peer of a Peer Route Group, when a connection failure occurs.	Format: radio buttons Range: Same Peer, Different Peer Default: Different Peer
Alternate Routing On Answer Timeout	Indicates whether to perform alternate routing on the same connection or on alternate connections to the same Peer before selecting the next eligible Peer of a Peer Route Group, when an Answer Timeout occurs.	Format: radio buttons Range: Same Peer, Different Peer, Same Connection Default: Different Peer
Alternate Routing On Answer Result Code	Indicates whether to perform alternate routing on alternate connections to the same Peer before selecting the next eligible Peer of a Peer Route Group, when a reroute on Answer Result Code occurs.	Format: radio buttons Range: Same Peer, Different Peer Default: Different Peer



Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
	For an Answer response received from a DAS Peer, alternate routing on Answer Result Code is determined by the <b>Diameter &gt; Configuration &gt; System Options &gt; Message Copy Options &gt; DAS Message Copy Answer Result Code</b> parameter.	
Peer Route Table	The Peer Route Table associated with the Peer Node. The Peer Route Table contains Peer Routing Rules used to route messages from the Peer Node.	Format: pulldown menu Range: available Peer Route Tables Default: none
Routing Option Set	The Routing Option Set associated with the Peer Node. Routing Option Sets contain information used to handle delivery error conditions.	Format: pulldown menu Range: available Routing Option Sets Default: none
Pending Answer Timer	The Pending Answer Timer associated with the Peer Node.	Format: pulldown menu Range: available Pending Answer Timers Default: none
Message Priority Setting	<p>Defines the source of Message Priority for a request message arriving on a Connection associated with the Peer Node.</p> <p>The Message Priority setting for the Connection takes precedence over the Message Priority setting for the Peer Node.</p> <p>Possible settings are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• None - use the Default Message Priority Configuration Set</li> <li>• Read from Request Message - read the message priority from the ingress request</li> <li>• User Configured - Apply the user configured Message Priority Configuration Set</li> </ul>	Format: radio buttons Range: None, Read from Request Message, User Configured Default: None
Message Priority Configuration Set	The Message Priority Configuration set used if Message Priority Setting is User Configured	Format: pulldown list Range: available Message Priority Configuration Sets Default: None

## Viewing Peer Nodes

Use this task to view currently configured Peer Nodes.

Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Peer Nodes**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Nodes** page appears.

## Adding a Peer Node

Use this task to create a new Peer Node.

1. Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Peer Nodes**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Nodes** page appears.
2. Click **Insert**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Nodes [Insert]** page appears.
3. Enter a unique name for the Peer Node in the **Peer Node Name** field.
4. Enter the Realm in the **Realm** field.
5. Enter a Fully Qualified Domain Name in the **FQDN** field.
6. If you want the Peer Node to support SCTP, click the **SCTP Enabled** check box (a check mark appears in the box).
7. If **SCTP Enabled** is checked, enter a port number in the **SCTP Listen Port** field.
8. If you want the Peer Node to support TCP, check the **TCP Enabled** box.
9. If **TCP Enabled** is checked, enter a port number in the **TCP Listen Port** field.
10. Enter IP addresses in the **IP Addresses** fields.

An IP address is optional if a Primary DNS Server IP Address is configured. See [DNS Options configuration](#).

To add the first IP Address, enter the IP address in the text box.

To add another IP Address, click the **Add** button and enter the IP Address in the new text box. See [Table 11: Peer Node Configuration Elements](#) for limitations on the number of IP addresses you can add.

11. Select a Route List from the **Alternate Implicit Route** pulldown list  
This field is optional. This Route List will be used for routing if the connection to the Peer is down and a message does not match any of the provisioned [Peer Routing Rules](#).
12. To overwrite the Destination Realm of outgoing messages to the peer with the Peer Realm, click the **Replace Dest Realm** check box (a check mark appears in the box).
13. To overwrite the Destination Host of outgoing messages to the peer with the Peer Node's FQDN, click the **Replace Dest Host** check box (a check mark appears in the box).
14. In the **Minimum Connection Capacity** text box, enter the minimum number of connections that must be "Available" for the Peer to be "Available".
15. In the **Maximum Alternate Routing Attempts** text box, enter the maximum number of times that a Request can be rerouted to this Peer.
16. Select the **Alternate Routing on Connection Failure** radio button to indicate whether or not to perform alternate routing to the same or a different Peer when a connection failure occurs.

17. Select the **Alternate Routing on Answer Timeout** radio button to indicate whether or not to perform alternate routing to the same or a different Peer, or the same connection, when an Answer Timeout occurs.
18. Select the **Alternate Routing on Answer Result Code** radio button to indicate whether or not to perform alternate routing to the same or a different Peer when a Reroute on Answer Result Code occurs.
19. Select a **Message Priority Setting** to indicate the source of message priority for request messages arriving on connections associated with the Peer Node.
20. If Message Priority Setting is set to **User Configured**, specify the **Message Priority Configuration Set** that is used to determine message priority.
21. Select the **Peer Route Table** to specify which Peer Routing Rules are to be used when routing messages from the Peer Node.
22. Select the **Routing Option Set** to specify which options are used when certain routing failures occur.
23. Select the **Pending Answer Timer** to specify how long DSR waits for a response from the Peer Node.
  - **OK** to save the changes and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Nodes** page.
  - **Apply** to save the changes and remain on this page.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Nodes** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- The maximum number of Peer Nodes per Network Element (6000) is already defined in the system
- Any required field is empty; no value was entered or selected
- The entry in any field is not valid (wrong data type or out of the valid range)
- The selected **Alternate Implicit Route** (Route List) no longer exists; it was deleted by another user during this Insert session
- The **Peer Node Name** is not unique; it already exists in the system
- The **FQDN** is already assigned to a different Local or Peer Node
- Neither the **SCTP Enabled** check box nor the **TCP Enabled** check box is checked; at least one must be checked
- The **SCTP Listen Port + IP Addresses** combination is already assigned to a different Local or Peer Node
- The **TCP Listen Port+ IP Addresses** combination is already assigned to a different Local or Peer Node
- The **SCTP Listen Port** or the **TCP Listen Port** is already used as a **Local Initiate Port** of a connection
- Any of the selected **IP Addresses** is duplicated

## Editing a Peer Node

Use this task to edit a Peer Node.

When the **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Nodes [Edit]** page opens, the fields are initially populated with the current values for the selected Peer Node.

Configuration considerations:

- The **Peer Node Name** cannot be changed
- **SCTP Enabled** cannot be disabled (unchecked) if there is at least one associated SCTP connection.
- **TCP Enabled** cannot be disabled (unchecked) if there is at least one associated TCP connection.
- You cannot remove an **IP Addresses** entry that is in use by at least one connection. A new IP Address can be added.
- The following fields cannot be edited if there is at least one Enabled connection:
  - **Realm**
  - **Fully Qualified Domain Name**
  - **SCTP Listen Port**
  - **TCP Listen Port**

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Nodes**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Nodes** page appears.

2. Select the Peer Node you want to edit, then click **Edit**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Nodes [Edit]** page appears.

3. Update the relevant fields.

For more information about each field please see [Peer Node configuration elements](#).

An entry in a pulldown list can be removed by selecting "--Select—" in the list, or selecting the X at the end of the list box (if an X is available).

An IP Address can be removed by deleting the information in the text box or by clicking the X at the end of the text box.

4. Click:

- **OK** to save the changes and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Nodes** page.
- **Apply** to save the changes and remain on this page.
- **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Nodes** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- The selected Peer Node no longer exists; it has been deleted by another user
- The selected **IP Addresses** entry has been deleted by another user
- Any required field is empty; no value was entered or selected
- The entry in any field is not valid (wrong data type or out of the valid range)
- The selected pulldown list entry no longer exists (has been deleted by another user)
- The edited **FQDN** is already assigned to a different Local or Peer Node in the system
- Neither the **SCTP Enabled** check box nor the **TCP Enabled** check box is checked; at least one of them must be checked
- The edited **IP Addresses** entry and **SCTP Listen Port** combination is already assigned to a different Local Node or Peer Node
- The edited **IP Addresses** entry and **TCP Listen Port** combination is already assigned to a different Local Node or Peer Node
- The selected **SCTP Listen Port** or **TCP Listen Port** is already used as a **Local Initiate Port** of a connection

## Deleting a Peer Node

Use this task to delete a Peer Node.

A Peer Node cannot be deleted if it is referenced by any Route Groups or transport connections. Before you perform this task, remove the Peer Node from any Route Groups and disable and delete any transport connections that use the Peer Node.

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Nodes**

The **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Nodes** page appears.

2. Select the Peer Node you want to delete.

3. Click **Delete**.

A popup window appears to confirm the delete.

4. Click:

- **OK** to delete the Peer Node.
- **Cancel** to cancel the delete function and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Nodes** page.

If **OK** is clicked and the selected Peer Node no longer exists (it was deleted by another user), an error message is displayed and the Peer Nodes view is refreshed.

## Connection configuration

A connection provides the reliable transport connectivity between Diameter nodes. A connection:

- Can use the SCTP or TCP transport protocol
- Can be configured to initiate or respond to a connection to the Peer Diameter Node

For a given Peer Node, one connection can be configured for each local IP address/transport/listen port combination. For example, if there is a Local Node that supports two IP addresses then you can configure two SCTP connections for the Peer Node - one for each Local Node IP address and listen port.

On the **Diameter > Configuration > Connections** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of connections to display only the desired connections.
- Sort the list by a column in ascending or descending order, by clicking the column heading. The default order is by **Connection Name** in ascending ASCII order.
- Click a field that is shown in blue for a connection. The blue fields are links to the configuration pages for those types of items.

The **Diameter > Configuration > {Item Type} (Filtered)** page appears for the selected type of item.

- Click **Insert**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Connections [Insert]** page appears. You can add a new connection.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Connections [Insert]** will not open if any of the following conditions exist:

- There is no Local Node in the signaling Network Element (NE) to which the connection can be assigned.
- There is no Peer Node in the signaling Network Element (NE) to which the connection can be assigned.
- Select a "Disabled" connection, and click **Edit**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Connections [Edit]** page appears. You can change the configuration of the selected connection.  
If the selected connection is not in the "Disabled" Admin State, the **Diameter > Configuration > Connections [Edit]** page will not open.  
**Note:** For information on disabling a connection, see [Disabling Connections](#).
- Select a "Disabled" connection, and click **Delete** to delete the connection.

## Connection configuration elements

[Table 12: Connections Configuration Elements](#) describes the fields on the Connections View, Edit, and Insert pages. Data Input Notes only apply to the Insert and Edit pages; the View page is read-only.

**Table 12: Connections Configuration Elements**

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
* Connection Name	Name of the connection. The name must be unique in the system.	Format: alphanumeric and underscore (_). Cannot start with a digit and must contain at least one alpha (A-Z, a-z). The name is case-sensitive.  Range: 1 - 32 characters
Transport Protocol	Type of transport protocol used by this connection. The selected transport protocol must be supported by both the associated Local Node and Peer Node.	Format: radio buttons Range: SCTP, TCP Default: SCTP
* Local Node	Local Node associated with the connection.  The Local Node must use the same Transport Protocol as the Peer Node. The entries in the Local Node field are links to the <b>Diameter &gt; Configuration &gt; Local Nodes (Filtered)</b> page which shows only the selected entry.  If two IP addresses are configured for the Local Node, it is recommended that a Secondary IP Address be configured for the Peer Node. The	Format: pulldown list  Range: all configured Local Nodes

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
	<p>peer's Secondary IP address is used as a fallback for the initiation of the SCTP connection establishment if the peer's primary IP address is unreachable, as well as for the validation of the IP addresses advertised by the peer in the INIT/INIT_ACK SCTP chunk.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> It is recommended that separate Local Nodes be used for unihomed and multihomed SCTP connections.</p>	
* Connection Mode	<p>The connection can have one of the following connection modes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Initiator Only</b> - indicates that the Local Node will initiate the connection to the Peer Node.</li> <li>• <b>Responder Only</b> - indicates that the Local Node will only respond to the connection initiated from the Peer Node. The Local Initiate Port field is not available when the <b>Responder Only</b> value is selected here.</li> <li>• <b>Initiator &amp; Responder</b> - indicates that the Local Node will initiate a connection to the Peer Node and respond to connection initiations from the Peer Node.</li> </ul> <p>The <b>Connection Mode</b> must be the same for all connections to the same Peer.</p> <p>For UNIHOMED connections,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If the <b>Connection Mode</b> is <b>Initiator &amp; Responder</b> and <b>Peer Node Identification</b> is set to <b>IP Address</b> for any connections to the Peer, then the following combination must be unique for each connection to the Peer: Peer FQDN (from Peer Nodes configuration), Peer Realm (from Peer Nodes configuration), Transport Protocol, Local IP, Local Listen Port (from Local Nodes configuration), "Must Include" Application Ids in the CEX Configuration Set.</li> <li>• If the <b>Connection Mode</b> is <b>Initiator &amp; Responder</b> and <b>Peer Node Identification</b> is <b>Transport FQDN</b> or <b>Peer Diameter Identity FQDN</b> for at least one connection to the Peer, then the following combination must be unique for each connection to the Peer: Peer FQDN (from Peer Nodes configuration), Peer</li> </ul>	<p>Format: pulldown list</p> <p>Range: Initiator Only, Responder Only, Initiator &amp; Responder</p> <p>Default: Initiator &amp; Responder</p>

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
	<p>Realm (from Peer Nodes configuration), Transport Protocol, Local IP, Local Listen Port (from Local Nodes configuration), "Must Include" Application Ids in the CEX Configuration Set.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The connection Local IP Address and Local initiate Port combination cannot be the same as the Local IP Address and Listen Port combination of one of the Local Nodes or of another connection.</li> </ul> <p>For MULTIHOMED connections,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the <b>Connection Mode</b> is <b>Initiator &amp; Responder</b> and <b>Peer Node Identification</b> is set to <b>IP Address</b> for any connections to the Peer, then the following combination must be unique for each connection to the Peer: Peer FQDN (from Peer Nodes configuration), Peer Realm (from Peer Nodes configuration), Transport Protocol, Local IP Pair, Local Listen Port (from Local Nodes configuration), "Must Include" Application Ids in the CEX Configuration Set.</li> <li>If the <b>Connection Mode</b> is <b>Initiator &amp; Responder</b> and <b>Peer Node Identification</b> is <b>Transport FQDN</b> or <b>Peer Diameter Identity FQDN</b> for any connections to the Peer, then the following combination must be unique for each connection to the Peer: Peer FQDN (from Peer Nodes configuration), Peer Realm (from Peer Nodes configuration), Transport Protocol, Local IP Pair, Local Listen Port (from Local Nodes configuration), "Must Include" Application Ids in the CEX Configuration Set.</li> <li>If the <b>Connection Mode</b> is <b>Initiator &amp; Responder</b> and <b>Transport FQDN</b> is NOT specified in any connections to the Peer, then the following combination must be unique for each connection the the Peer: Transport FQDN, Peer Realm, Transport Protocol, Local IP Pair, Remote IP Pair, Local Listen Port, "Must Include" Application Ids.</li> <li>The connection <b>Local IP Address</b> pair and <b>Local Initiate Port</b> combination cannot be the same as the <b>Local IP Address</b> pair and <b>Listen Port</b> combination of one of the Local Nodes or of another connection.</li> </ul>	



Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
Local Initiate Port	<p>The IP source port number to be used when the connection is an Initiator.</p> <p>This field is not available and is set to Blank when the Connection Mode is <b>Responder Only</b>.</p>	<p>Format: numeric</p> <p>Range: 1024-65535</p> <p>Default: Blank</p>
IP Owner	<p>Indicates the source of the IP Address. Possible values are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For VIP addresses, the string "VIP"</li> <li>For static IP addresses, the MP Server Hostname of the DA-MP that owns the Local IP address</li> <li>For TSAs, the name of the Target Set to which the Local IP address corresponds, for example "TSA1".</li> </ul> <p>The IP Owner field appears only on the Connections View page.</p>	
* Primary Local IP Address	<p>The IP address to be used as Primary Local IP Address for this connection.</p> <p>Each IP address in the pulldown list has an identifying tag appended to it, as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In Active/Standby DA-MP NEs, a DA-MP VIP is appended with (VIP).</li> <li>In Multiple-Active DA-MP NEs, a static IP address owned by the DA-MP is appended with the Server Hostname of the DA-MP, for example, (DA-MP1).</li> <li>IPFE Target Set Addresses are appended with the Target Set Name, for example, (TSA1).</li> </ul> <p>A Local Node must be selected before the list becomes available.</p>	<p>Format: pulldown list</p> <p>Range: all configured IP addresses for the selected Local Node</p>
Secondary Local IP Address	<p>The IP address to be used as the Secondary Local IP Address for this connection.</p> <p>A Local Node must be selected and the selected Transport Protocol must be SCTP before the list becomes available.</p> <p>This address is used only for SCTP Multi-homing; it must be different from the selected Primary Local IP Address.</p>	<p>Format: pulldown list</p> <p>Range: all configured IP addresses for the selected Local Node</p>
* Peer Node	Peer Node associated with the connection.	Format: pulldown list

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
	The Peer Node must use the same IP protocol as the Local Node. The entries in the Peer Node field are links to the <b>Diameter &gt; Configuration &gt; Peer Nodes (Filtered)</b> page which shows only the selected entry.	Range: all configured Peer Nodes
Peer Node Identification	<p>Specifies whether the Peer Node is identified by one or more IP addresses, a Transport FQDN, or a Peer Diameter Identity FQDN.</p> <p>FQDNs are used for DNS lookup.</p> <p>If no IP Address has been selected and no Transport FQDN has been specified, then the only acceptable choice is Peer Diameter identity FQDN.</p> <p>The FQDN configured for the connection takes precedence over the Peer's Diameter Identity FQDN.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If the Peer Node Identification is set to IP Address, then the Transport FQDN field cannot be changed and the Peer IP Address pulldown lists are available.</li> <li>• If the Peer Node Identification is set to Transport FQDN, then the Peer IP Address pulldown lists are not available and the Transport FQDN field can be changed.</li> <li>• If the Peer Node Identification is set to Peer Diameter Identity FQDN, then both the Transport FQDN field and the Peer IP Address pulldown lists are not available</li> </ul>	<p>Format: radio buttons</p> <p>Range: IP Address, Transport FQDN, Peer Diameter Identity FQDN</p> <p>Default: IP Address</p>
Primary Peer IP Address	<p>The Primary Peer IP Address of this connection.</p> <p>A Peer Node must be selected before the pulldown list becomes available.</p>	<p>Format: pulldown list</p> <p>Range: available IP addresses</p>
Secondary Peer IP Address	<p>The Secondary Peer IP Address of this connection.</p> <p>A Peer Node must be selected and the selected Transport Protocol must be SCTP before the pulldown list becomes available.</p> <p>This address is used only for SCTP Multi-homing; it must be different from the selected Primary Peer IP Address.</p>	<p>Format: pulldown list</p> <p>Range: available IP addresses</p>

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
Transport FQDN	<p>Fully Qualified Domain Name for this connection.</p> <p>The Transport FQDN is used for DNS lookup when Peer Node Identification is set to Transport FQDN.</p>	<p>Format: case-insensitive string consisting of a list of labels separated by dots. A label can contain letters, digits, dash (-), and underscore (_). A label must begin with a letter, digit, or underscore, and must end with a letter or digit. Underscore can be used only as the first character.</p> <p>Range: FQDN - up to 255 characters; label - up to 63 characters</p>
* Connection Configuration Set	<p>Connection Configuration Set associated with the connection.</p> <p>The entries in the Connection Configuration Set field are links to the <b>Connection Configuration Sets (Filtered)</b> page, which displays the attributes of only the selected entry.</p>	<p>Format: pulldown list</p> <p>Range: all configured Connection Configuration Sets, "Default" Connection Configuration Set.</p>
CEX Configuration Set	<p>CEX Configuration Set associated with the connection.</p> <p>The entries in the CEX Configuration Set field are links to the <b>CEX Configuration Sets (Filtered)</b> page, which shows only the selected entry.</p>	<p>Format: pulldown list</p> <p>Range: all configured CEX Configuration Sets, "Default" CEX Configuration Set.</p>
* Capacity Configuration Set	<p>Capacity Configuration Set associated with the connection. The Capacity Configuration Set defines reserved and maximum ingress message processing rates and alarms thresholds for this connection.</p> <p>The entries in the Capacity Configuration Set field are links to the <b>Capacity Configuration Sets (Filtered)</b> page, which displays only the selected entry.</p> <p>A new connection cannot be added if it uses a Capacity Configuration Set with a non-zero <b>Reserved Ingress MPS</b> value that would cause the Reserved Ingress MPS total for the MP server that hosts the connection to be more than the</p>	<p>Format: pulldown list</p> <p>Range: available Capacity Configuration Sets, "Default" Capacity Configuration Set</p> <p>Default: "Default" Capacity Configuration Set</p>

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
	server's Engineered Ingress MPS capacity. (See the <b>Engineered Ingress MPS</b> setting on the <b>Diameter ► Configuration ► DA-MPs ► MP Profiles</b> page for the engineered capacity of the MP Server.)	
* Transport Congestion Abatement Timeout	The amount of time spent at Egress Transport Congestion Levels 3, 2, and 1 during Egress Transport Congestion Abatement	Format: numeric Range: 3 - 60 seconds Default: 5 seconds
* Remote Busy Usage	<p>Defines which Request messages can be forwarded on this connection after receiving a DIAMETER_TOO_BUSY response from the connection's Peer.</p> <p><b>Disabled</b> The connection is not considered to be BUSY after receiving a DIAMETER_TOO_BUSY response. All Request messages continue to be forwarded to (or rerouted to) this connection.</p> <p><b>Enabled</b> The connection is considered to be BUSY after receiving a DIAMETER_TOO_BUSY response. No Request messages are forwarded to (or rerouted to) this connection until the <b>Remote Busy Abatement Timeout</b> expires.</p>	Format: pulldown list Range: Disabled, Enabled Default: Disabled
Remote Busy Abatement Timeout	If Remote Busy Usage is set to Enabled or Host Override, this defines the length of time in seconds that the connection will be considered BUSY from the last time a DIAMETER_TOO_BUSY response was received.	Format: numeric Range: 3 - 60 seconds Default: 5 seconds
Message Priority Setting	<p>Defines the source of Message Priority for a request message arriving on the connection. Possible settings are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• None - use the Default Message Priority Configuration Set</li> <li>• Read from Request Message - read the message priority from the ingress request</li> <li>• User Configured - Apply the user configured Message Priority Configuration Set</li> </ul>	Format: radio buttons Range: None, Read from Request Message, User Configured Default: None

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
Message Priority Configuration Set	The Message Priority Configuration set used if Message Priority Setting is User Configured	Format: pulldown list Range: available Message Priority Configuration Sets Default: None
Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set	Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set associated with the connection. The Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set defines the maximum Egress Message Rate and thresholds used to set the congestion level for the connection.  The entries in the Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set field are links to the <b>Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets (Filtered)</b> page, which displays only the selected entry.	Format: pulldown list Range: available Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets Default: None
Test Mode	If checked, the connection is in Test Mode.	Format: check box Range: checked (YES), not checked (NO) Default: not checked

## Viewing Connections

Use this task to view currently configured connections.

Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Connections**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Connections** page appears.

## Adding a Connection

Use this task to create a new connection. The fields and configuration considerations are described in [Connection configuration elements](#).

1. Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Connections**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Connections** page appears.

2. Click **Insert**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Connections [Insert]** page appears.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Connections [Insert]** will not open if any of the following conditions exist:

- There is no Local Node in the signaling Network Element (NE) to which the connection can be assigned.

- There is no Peer Node in the signaling Network Element (NE) to which the connection can be assigned.
3. Enter a unique name for the connection in the **Connection Name** field.
  4. Select the radio button for either SCTP or TCP in the **Transport Protocol** field.  
The Transport Protocol that you select for your connection must match the protocol supported by both the Local Node and the Peer Node for the connection.
  5. Select a **Local Node** for the connection from the pulldown list.  
The Local Node must use the same IP protocol as the Peer Node you select. If you do not see the Local Node you want to use, you might need to create a new Local Node. See [Adding a Local Node](#).
  6. Select the **Connection Mode** for this connection from the pulldown list.
  7. If you set up the Connection Mode for the connection to initiate connections, you can optionally enter a **Local Initiate Port** number in the field.
  8. Select the **Primary Local IP Address** of this connection from the pulldown list.
  9. If the Transport Protocol is set to SCTP, select the **Secondary Local IP Address** of this connection from the pulldown list.
  10. Select a **Peer Node** for the connection from the pulldown list.  
The Peer Node must use the same Transport Protocol as the Local Node that you selected. If you do not see the Peer Node you want to use, you might need to create a new Peer Node. See [Adding a Peer Node](#).
  11. Select the radio button for the type of **Peer Node Identification** to be used for this connection.
  12. If needed, select the Primary Peer IP Address of this connection from the **Primary Peer IP Address** pulldown list.
  13. If needed, select the Secondary Peer IP Address of this connection from the **Secondary Peer IP Address** pulldown list.
  14. If needed, enter a **Transport FQDN** for this connection.
  15. Select a **Connection Configuration Set** for this connection from the the pulldown list.
  16. If one is needed, select a **CEX Configuration Set** for this connection from the pulldown list .
  17. If the Per Connection Ingress MPS Control feature is active in the system, select a **Capacity Configuration Set** for the connection from the pulldown list.
  18. Specify the **Transport Congestion Abatement Timeout**.
  19. Select a **Remote Busy Usage** setting from the pulldown menu.
  20. If you selected Enabled or Host Override for Remote Busy Usage, set the **Remote Busy Abatement Timeout** value.
  21. Identify the source of Message Priorities for incoming requests by selecting a **Message Priority Setting**.
  22. If you selected User Configured as the Message Priority Setting, select a **Message Priority Configuration Set** from the pulldown menu.
  23. If you want this connection to be a test connection, click the **Test Mode** check box (the box is checked).
  24. Click:
    - **OK** to save the data and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Connections** page.
    - **Apply** to save the data and remain on this page.

- **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Connections** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- The maximum number of connections per Network Element already exists in the system. The maximum number is the lesser of:
  - 12,000
  - The sum of the maximum allowable connections for all DA-MPs. See [MP Profiles](#).
- The maximum number of connections per Peer Node (64) already exists in the system
- Any required field is empty; no value was entered or selected
- The entry in any field is not valid (wrong data type or out of the valid range)
- The **Connection Name** is not unique; it already exists in the system
- A selected pulldown list entry no longer exists (has been deleted by another user)
- The selected **Transport Protocol** is not supported by the selected Local Node or Peer Node
- The **Connection Mode** is set to **Initiator Only** or **Initiator & Responder**, a Peer IP Address is not selected, and a [Primary DNS Server IP Address](#) is not configured
- The **Connection Mode** is set to **Initiator Only** or **Initiator & Responder**, and the selected **Local IP Address** (or pair for Multihoming), **Local Initiate Port**, and **Transport Protocol** combination is the same as the **Local IP Address** (or pair for Multihoming), **Listen Port**, and **Transport Protocol** combination of one of the Local Nodes
- The **Connection Mode** is set to **Initiator Only** or **Initiator & Responder**, and the selected **Local IP Address** (or pair for Multihoming), **Local Initiate port**, and **Transport Protocol** combination is the same as the **Local IP Address** (or pair for Multihoming) and **Local Initiate** port combination of another connection
- All Local Node and Peer Node IP addresses are not of the same type (IPv4 or IPv6)
- The **Peer Node Identification** is set to **IP Address** and no IP Address has been selected
- The **Peer Node Identification** is set to **Transport FQDN** and no Transport FQDN has been specified
- Two IP addresses that are equal have been configured for either the Local or Peer IP Addresses.
- The connection that is being added is a non-IPFE Connection and uses a Capacity Configuration Set with a non-zero Reserved Ingress MPS value and the addition of the new connection would cause the MP server that hosts the connection to have Reserved Ingress MPS totaling more than the MP Server's Engineered Ingress MPS capacity. (See the **Engineered Ingress MPS** setting on the **Diameter > Configuration > DA-MPs > MP Profiles** page for the engineered capacity of the MP Server.)
- The connection that is being added is a non-IPFE connection and its addition would exceed the maximum number of connections supported by the MP server that owns the specified Local IP Address(es). (See the **Maximum Connections** setting on the **Diameter > Configuration > DA-MPs > MP Profiles** page for the maximum number of connections supported by the MP Server.)
- The **Connection Mode** is set to **Initiator & Responder** or **Responder Only**, the **Transport Protocol** is set to **SCTP**, the **SCTP Listen Port** matches the SCTP Listen Port of a Local Node used in another Initiator & Responder or Responder Only connection and the **Local IP Address** conflicts with the Local IP Address of that other connection.
- The maximum number of Test Connections (2) already exists in the system

## Editing a Connection

Use this task to edit an existing connection.

**Note:** You must disable a connection before you can edit it. See [Disabling Connections](#).

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Connections**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Connections** page appears.
2. Select the connection you want to edit.
3. Click **Edit**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Connections [Edit]** page appears. The page is populated with the current values for the selected connection.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Connections [Edit]** page will not open if any of the following conditions exist:

- The selected connection no longer exists (was deleted by another user).
- The connection is not in the "Disabled" Admin state.

4. Update the relevant fields.

For more information about each field see [Connection configuration elements](#). The **Connection Name** cannot be edited.

**Note:** A test connection can be changed to a normal connection by unchecking the **Test Mode** check box. However, a normal connection cannot be changed to a test connection.

Selecting the X at the end of a field clears the field, so that a different value can be entered or selected.

5. Click:
  - **OK** to save the changes and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Connections** page. The connection remains in the "Disabled" Admin state.
  - **Apply** to save the changes and stay on this page. The connection remains in the "Disabled" Admin state.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Connections** page without saving the changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- Any required field is empty; no value was entered or selected
- The entry in any field is not valid (wrong data type or out of the valid range)
- The edited connection no longer exists in the system (it was deleted by another user)
- The edited connection is not in the "Disabled" Admin state
- A selected pulldown list entry no longer exists (has been deleted by another user)
- The selected **Transport Protocol** is not supported by the selected Local Node or Peer Node
- The selected **Local IP Address + Local Initiate Port** combination is the same as the **Local IP Address** and **Local Node Listen Port** combination of one of the Local Nodes
- The selected **Local IP Address + Local Initiate Port** combination is the same as the **Local Initiate Port** combination of another connection
- The **Connection Mode** is set to **Initiator Only** or **Initiator & Responder**, a Peer IP Address is not selected, and a [Primary DNS Server IP Address](#) is not configured



- The **Connection Mode** is set to **Initiator Only** or **Initiator & Responder**, and the selected **Local IP Address** (or pair for Multihoming), **Local Initiate Port**, and **Transport Protocol** combination is the same the **Local IP Address** (or pair for Multihoming), **Listen Port**, and **Transport Protocol** combination of one of the Local Nodes
- The **Connection Mode** is set to **Initiator Only** or **Initiator & Responder**, and the selected **Local IP Address** (or pair for Multihoming), **Local Initiate port**, and **Transport Protocol** combination is the same the **Local IP Address** (or pair for Multihoming) and **Local Initiate** port combination of another connection
- All Local Node and Peer Node IP addresses are not of the same type (IPv4 or IPv6)
- The **Peer Node Identification** is set to **IP Address** and no IP Address has been selected
- The **Peer Node Identification** is set to **Transport FQDN** and no Transport FQDN has been specified
- Two IP addresses that are equal have been configured for either the Local or Peer IP Addresses.
- The connection that is being changed is a non-IPFE Connection and uses a Capacity Configuration Set with a non-zero Reserved Ingress MPS value and the change to the connection would cause the MP server that hosts the connection to have Reserved Ingress MPS totaling more than the MP Server's licensed Ingress MPS capacity. (See the **Maximum Ingress Message Rate** on the **Diameter > Configuration > Local Congestion** page for the licensed capacity of the MP Server.)
- The **Connection Mode** is set to **Initiator & Responder** or **Responder Only**, the **Transport Protocol** is set to **SCTP**, the **SCTP Listen Port** matches the SCTP Listen Port of a Local Node used in another Initiator & Responder or Responder Only connection and the **Local IP Address** conflicts with the Local IP Address of that other connection
- **Test Mode** is changed from unchecked to checked, but the maximum number of Test Connections already exists in the system.

## Deleting a Connection

Use this task to delete an existing connection.

**Note:** You must disable a connection before you can delete it. See [Disabling Connections](#).

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Connections**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Connections** page appears.
2. Select the connection you want to delete.
3. Click **Delete**.  
A popup window appears to confirm the delete.
4. Perform one of the following actions:
  - Click **OK** to delete the connection.
  - Click **Cancel** to cancel the delete function and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Connections** page.

If **OK** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears and the connection is not deleted:

- The selected connection is referenced by at least one Route Group
- The selected connection is not in the "Disabled" Admin State

If **OK** is clicked and the selected connection no longer exists (it was deleted by another user), an error message is displayed and the Connections view is refreshed.

## Route Group configuration

A Route Group is a user-configured set of Peer Nodes or Connections used to determine the distribution of traffic to each Peer Node in the same Route Group. Traffic is distributed among available Peer Nodes or Connections based on the provisioned capacity assignment of each available Peer Node or Connection.

For example, if Peer Node A has a provisioned capacity of 100 and Peer Node B has a provisioned capacity of 150, then 40% of the messages sent to the Route Group will be forward to Peer Node A and 60% of the messages will be forward to Peer Node B.

Each Route Group can be assigned a maximum of 64 Peer Nodes or Connections. Route Groups are assigned to [Route Lists](#).

On the **Diameter > Configuration > Route Groups** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of Route Groups to display only the desired Route Groups.
- Sort the list by the Route Group Name column in ascending or descending order, by clicking the column heading. The default order is ascending ASCII order.
- Click an entry that is shown in blue for a Peer Node/Connection.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Nodes (Filtered)** page appears for the selected Peer Node.

- Click **Insert**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Route Groups [Insert]** page appears. You can add a new Route Group.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Route Groups [Insert]** will not open if the maximum number of Route Groups (6000) already exists in the system.

- Select a Route Group in the list, and click **Edit**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Route Groups [Edit]** page appears. You can edit the selected Route Group.

If the selected Route Group has been deleted by another user, the **Diameter > Configuration > Route Groups [Edit]** page will not open.

- Select a Route Group in the list, and click **Delete**. You can delete the selected Route Group.

## Route Group configuration elements

[Table 13: Route Groups Configuration Elements](#) describes the fields on the Route Groups View, Insert, and Edit pages. Data Input Notes only apply to the Insert and Edit pages; the View page is read-only.

**Table 13: Route Groups Configuration Elements**

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
* Route Group Name	Unique name of the Route Group.	Format: case-sensitive; alphanumeric and underscore

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
		Range: 1 - 32 characters; cannot start with a digit and must contain at least one alpha
Type	A Route Group can be provisioned with either Peer Nodes (Peer Route Group) or Connections (Connections Route Group) that have the same priority within a Route List.	Format: radio buttons Range: Peer Route Group, Connection Route Group Default: Peer Route Group
Peer Node/Connection (View)	List of Peer Nodes or Connections configured for the Route Group.  Each listed Peer Node or Connection entry is a link to the <b>Diameter &gt; Configuration &gt; {Entry Type} (Filtered)</b> page for that entry only.	Each entry displays a + sign and the number of Peer Nodes or Connections assigned to that Route Group. Click the + sign to display the Peer Nodes or Connections; the + sign changes to a - sign. Click the - sign to display the number again.
* Peer Node, Connection, and Provisioned Capacity	One entry defined for a Route Group.	Up to 64 entries can be provisioned for a Route Group.  Click the <b>Add</b> button to insert another entry for the Route Group.
Peer Node The Peer Node field is part of the Peer Node, Connection, and Capacity fields that are combined on the [Insert] and [Edit] pages.	A Peer Node associated with the Route Group. Each Route Group can be assigned up to 64 Peer Nodes.  The Peer Node field is available when the Peer Route Group radio button is selected in the Type field.  The Peer Node field is required.	Format: pulldown list Range: all configured Peer Nodes
Connection The Connection field is part of the Peer Node,	A connection associated with the Route Group. Each Route Group can be assigned up to 64 connections.	Format: pulldown list Range: all configured Connections for the selected Peer Node

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
Connection, and Capacity fields that are combined on the [Insert] and [Edit] pages.	The Connection field is available when the Connection Route Group radio button is selected in the Type field and a Peer Node is selected.  The Connection field is required for Connection Route Groups.	
Provisioned Capacity  The Provisioned Capacity field is combined with the Peer Node and Connection fields on the [Insert] and [Edit] pages.	View page: Provisioned capacity for a Route Group, which is the sum total of provisioned capacity of peer nodes or connections within a Route Group.  [Insert] and [Edit] pages: Provisioned capacity of a Peer Node or Connection within a Route Group. The Provisioned Capacity field is required.  Traffic is distributed to available Peer Nodes/Connections in a Route Group proportional to the provisioned capacity for the Peer Node/Connection. A Peer Nodes/Connection with a higher capacity will be assigned more traffic.	Format: numeric  Range: 1 - 64000

## Viewing Route Groups

Use this task to view currently configured Route Groups.

Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Route Groups**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Route Groups** page appears.

## Adding a Route Group

Use this task to create a new Route Group.

1. Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Route Groups**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Route Groups** page appears.
2. Click **Insert**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Route Groups [Insert]** page appears.
3. Enter a unique name for the Route Group in the **Route Group Name** field.
4. Select the **Type** radio button for the entries included in the Route Group (Peer Nodes or Connections).
5. Select the Peer Node, or Peer Node and Connection, and enter the Provisioned Capacity field for this Route Group entry.
  - a) Select a Peer Node from the **Peer Node** pulldown list.
  - b) If the Connection Route Group radio button is selected for the **Type** field, select a Connection that is assigned to the selected Peer Node from the **Connection** pulldown list.
  - c) Enter the **Provisioned Capacity** for the selected Peer Node or Connection.

6. Perform one of the following actions:

- If you want to add another Peer Node, Connection, and Provisioned Capacity entry to the Route Group, click **Add** and repeat [Step 5](#) for this next entry. Up to 64 entries can be provisioned.
- If you do not want to add another entry, continue with [Step 7](#).

7. Click:

- **OK** to save the changes and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Route Groups** page.
- **Apply** to save the changes and remain on this page.
- **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Route Groups** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- Any required field is empty; no value was entered or selected
- The entry in any field is not valid (wrong data type or out of the valid range)
- The Route Group Name is not unique; it already exists in the system
- The selected pulldown list entry no longer exists (has been deleted by another user)
- The selected Peer Node is a duplicate within the Route Group
- The selected Connection is a duplicate within the Route Group for the same Peer Node
- The maximum number of Route Groups (6000) already exists in the system

## Editing a Route Group

Use this task to make changes to a Route Group.

When the **Diameter > Configuration > Route Groups [Edit]** page opens, the fields are initially populated with the current values for the selected Route Group. The **Route Group Name** cannot be changed.

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Route Groups**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Route Groups** page appears.
2. Select the Route Group you want to edit.
3. Click **Edit**

The **Diameter > Configuration > Route Groups [Edit]** page appears.

To delete a Peer Node or a Connection from the Route Group, clear the Peer Node and Provisioned Capacity field values either by selecting "--Select--" in the Peer Node pulldown list or by clicking the X at the end of the Provisioned Capacity box for the Peer Node.

The **Type** field can be changed only if the Route Group is not assigned to any Route List.

When the **Type** field is changed, the **Peer Node**, **Connection**, and **Provisioned Capacity** entries are reset to one entry with empty values. The **Connection** pulldown list is not available when **Peer Route Group** is selected for the **Type** field.

4. Update the relevant fields.  
For more information about each field see [Route Group configuration elements](#).
5. Click:
  - **OK** to save the data and exit this page.

- **Apply** to save the data and stay on this page.
- **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Route Groups** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- Any required field is empty; no value was entered or selected
- The entry in any field is not valid (wrong data type or out of the valid range)
- The selected pulldown list entry no longer exists (has been deleted by another user)
- The selected Peer Node is a duplicate within the Route Group
- The selected Connection is a duplicate within the Route Group for the same Peer Node

## Deleting a Route Group

Use this task to delete a Route Group.

**Note:** A Route Group cannot be deleted if it is included in any [Route Lists](#).

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Route Groups**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Route Groups** page appears.
2. Select the Route Group you want to delete.
3. Click **Delete**.  
A popup window appears.
4. Perform one of the following actions:
  - Click **OK** to delete the Route Group.
  - Click **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Route Groups** page without deleting the Route Group

If **OK** is clicked and the selected Route Group is referenced by at least one Route List, an error message appears and the Route Group is not deleted.

If **OK** is clicked and the selected Route Group no longer exists (it was deleted by another user), an error message is displayed and the Route Groups view is refreshed.

## Route List configuration

A Route List is a user-configured set of Route Groups used to determine the distribution of traffic between each Route Group within the Route List. Each Route List can include up to three Route Groups.

Traffic distribution to a Route Group is based on its available capacity and assigned priority within the Route List. A Route Group with a priority of 1 has the highest priority and a Route Group with a priority of 3 has the lowest priority.

Only one Route Group in a Route List is designated as the active Route Group for routing messages for that Route List. The other Route Groups in the Route List function as standby Route Groups. The active Route Group in each Route List is determined based on the Route Group's priority and its capacity relative to the provisioned minimum capacity of the Route List.

When the operational status of Peer Nodes assigned to the active Route Group changes, or the configuration of either the Route List or Route Groups in the Route List changes, then the designated active Route Group for the Route List may change.

Route Lists are assigned to Peer Routing Rules. When a Diameter message matches a Peer Routing Rule, the Route List assigned to the Peer Routing Rule will direct the Diameter message to a Peer Node in the active Route Group.

On the **Diameter > Configuration > Route Lists** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of Route Lists to display only the desired Route Lists.
- Sort the list by the **Route List Name** column or the Minimum Route Group Availability Weight column in ascending or descending order, by clicking the column heading. The default order is by **Route List Name** in ascending ASCII order. The expanded rows of Route Groups are sorted by **Priority**.
- Click an entry that is shown in blue for a **Route Group** (in the expanded list).

The **Diameter > Configuration > Route Groups (Filtered)** page appears for the selected Route Group.

- Click **Insert**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Route Lists [Insert]** page appears. You can add a new Route List.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Route Lists [Insert]** page will not open if

- The maximum number of Route Lists (2000) already exists in the system
  - There is no available Route Group
  - Select a **Route List** in the list, and click **Edit**.
- The **Diameter > Configuration > Route Lists [Edit]** page appears. You can edit the selected Route List.
- If the selected Route List has been deleted by another user, the **Diameter > Configuration > Route Lists [Edit]** page will not open.
- Select a Route List in the list, and click **Delete**. You can delete the selected Route List.

## Route List configuration elements

*Table 14: Route Lists Configuration Elements* describes the fields on the Route Lists View, Insert, and Edit pages. Data Input Notes only apply to the Insert and Edit pages; the View page is read-only.

**Table 14: Route Lists Configuration Elements**

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
* Route List Name	Unique name for the Route List	Format: case-sensitive; alphanumeric and underscore (_); cannot start with a digit and must contain at least one alpha

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
		Range: 1 - 32 characters
* Minimum Route Group Availability Weight	<p>The minimum Route Group availability weight for this Route List.</p> <p>The minimum weight is used to determine a Route Group's availability status within a Route List.</p>	<p>Format: numeric</p> <p>Range: 1 - 1024000</p>
* Route Group	<p>Route Groups associated with the Route List.</p> <p>Up to three Route Groups can be associated with a single Route List.</p> <p>On the View page, each entry displays a + sign and the number of Route Groups assigned to that Route List. Click the + sign to display the Route Groups; the + sign changes to a - sign. Click the - sign to display the number again.</p> <p>The Route Group entries in the expanded list are links to the <b>Diameter &gt; Configuration &gt; Route Groups [Filtered]</b> page for the selected Route Group.</p>	<p>Format: pulldown list</p> <p>Range: available Route Groups</p>
* Priority	<p>The priority of the Route Group within the Route List.</p> <p>Priority is set from 1 (highest priority) to 3 (lowest priority).</p>	<p>Format: numeric</p> <p>Range: 1, 2, or 3</p>
Route Across Route Groups	Indicates whether alternate Route Groups in the Route List will be used if the Active Route Group cannot forward the request.	<p>Format: radio button</p> <p>Range: Enabled, Disabled</p> <p>Default: Enabled</p>

## Viewing Route Lists

Use this task to view currently configured Route Lists.

Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Route Lists**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Route Lists** page appears.

## Adding a Route List

Use this task to create a new Route List. The fields are described in [Route List configuration elements](#).

**Note:** You must have at least one [Route Group](#) configured before you can create a Route List.



1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Route Lists**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Route Lists** page appears.
2. Click **Insert**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Route Lists [Insert]** page appears.
3. Enter a unique name for the Route List in the **Route List Name** field.
4. Enter the **Minimum Route Group Availability Weight** in the field.
5. Select one to three Route Groups from the **Route Group** pulldown lists.
6. In the corresponding **Priority** field, set a priority for each selected Route Group.
7. Enable or disable routing across alternate Route Groups in Route List by setting **Route Across Route Groups**.
8. Click:
  - **OK** to save the data and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Route Lists** page .
  - **Apply** to save the data and remain on this page.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Route Lists** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- Any required field is empty; no value was entered or selected
- The entry in any field is not valid (wrong data type or out of the valid range)
- The **Route List Name** is not unique; it already exists in the system
- The selected pulldown list entry no longer exists (has been deleted by another user)
- A selected **Route Group** is a duplicate within the Route List
- A Route Group **Priority** is not unique within the Route List
- The maximum number of Route Lists (2000) already exists in the system

## Editing a Route List

Use this task to make changes to existing Route Lists.

The **Route List Name** cannot be changed.

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Route Lists**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Route Lists** page appears.
2. Select the **Route List** you want to edit.
3. Click **Edit**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Route Lists [Edit]** page appears.  
The page is initially populated with the current configured values for the selected Route List.
4. Update the relevant fields.  
For more information about each field see [Route List configuration elements](#).
5. Click:
  - **OK** to save the changes and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Route Lists** page.
  - **Apply** to save the changes and remain on this page.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Route Lists** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- Any required field is empty; no value was entered or selected
- The entry in any field is not valid (wrong data type or out of the valid range)
- The selected **Route List** no longer exists (has been deleted by another user)
- A selected **Route Group** no longer exists (has been deleted by another user)
- A selected **Route Group** is a duplicate within the Route List
- A Route Group **Priority** is not unique within the Route List

## Deleting a Route List

Use this task to delete a Route List.

**Note:** A Route List cannot be deleted if any of the following conditions are true:

- The Route List is referenced by any Peer Node as the Alternate Implicit Route
- The Route List is referenced by any Peer Routing Rule
- The Route List is set as the Route List for DAS Node in the Message Copy System Options

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Route Lists**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Route Lists** page appears.

2. Select the **Route List** you want to delete.

3. Click **Delete**.

A popup window appears to confirm the delete.

4. Click:

- **OK** to delete the Route List.
- **Cancel** to cancel the delete function and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Route Lists** page.

If **OK** is clicked and the selected Route List no longer exists (it was deleted by another user), an error message is displayed and the Route Lists view is refreshed.

## Peer Route Tables configuration

A Peer Route Table is a set of prioritized Peer Routing Rules that define routing to Peer Nodes based on message content.

On the **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Route Tables** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of Peer Route Tables to display only the desired Peer Route Tables.
- Sort the list by a column in ascending or descending order, by clicking the column heading. The default order is by **Peer Route Table Name** in ascending ASCII order.
- Click **Insert**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Route Tables [Insert]** page appears. You can add a new Peer Route Table.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Route Tables [Insert]** page will not open if

- The maximum number of Peer Route Tables (100) already exists in the system.
- Select a Peer Route Table in the list, and click **Edit**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Route Tables [Edit]** page appears. You can edit the selected Peer Route Table.  
If the selected Peer Route Table has been deleted by another user, the **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Route Tables [Edit]** page will not open.
- Select a Peer Route Table in the list, and click **Delete**. You can delete the selected Peer Route Table.

## Peer Route Tables elements

[Table 15: Peer Route Tables Elements](#) describes the fields on the Peer Route Tables View and Insert pages. Data Input Notes apply only to the Insert page; the View page is read-only.

**Table 15: Peer Route Tables Elements**

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
* Peer Route Table Name	Unique name of the Peer Route Table.	Format: case-sensitive; alphanumeric and underscore  Range: 1 - 32 characters; cannot start with a digit and must contain at least one alpha
Number of Rules	The number of Peer Routing Rules in the Peer Route Table.	

## Viewing Peer Route Tables

Use this task to view currently configured Peer Route Tables.

- Select **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Route Tables**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Route Tables** page appears.

## Adding a Peer Route Table

Use this task to create a new Peer Route Table. The fields are described in [Peer Route Tables elements](#).

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Route Tables**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Route Tables** page appears.
2. Click **Insert**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Route Tables [Insert]** page appears.
3. Enter a unique name for the Peer Route Table in the **Peer Route Table Name** field.
4. Click:

- **OK** to save the data and go to the **Viewing Rules for Peer Route Table** page .
- **Apply** to save the data and remain on this page.
- **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Route Tables** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- Any required field is empty; no value was entered or selected
- The entry in any field is not valid (wrong data type or out of the valid range)
- The **Peer Route Table Name** is not unique; it already exists in the system
- The maximum number of Peer Route Tables (100) already exists in the system

After a Peer Route Table is added, Peer Routing Rules can be defined for it. See [Peer Routing Rules configuration](#). For information on the order in which DSR components need to be configured, see [Configuration Overview](#).

## Deleting a Peer Route Table

Use this task to delete a Peer Route Table.

**Note:** A Peer Route Table cannot be deleted if any of the following conditions are true:

- The Peer Route Table is referenced by any Peer Node
  - The Peer Route Table is referenced by any Application Id
  - The Peer Route Table is the Default Peer Route Table
1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Route Tables**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Route Tables** page appears.
  2. Select the **Peer Route Table** you want to delete.
  3. Click **Delete**.  
A popup window appears to confirm the delete.
  4. Click:
    - **OK** to delete the Peer Route Table.
    - **Cancel** to cancel the delete function and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Route Tables** page.

If **OK** is clicked and the selected Peer Route Table no longer exists (it was deleted by another user), an error message is displayed and the Peer Route Tables view is refreshed.

## Peer Routing Rules configuration

Peer Routing Rules are prioritized lists of user-configured routing rules that define where to route a message to upstream Peer Nodes. Routing is based on message content matching a Peer Routing Rule's conditions. Peer Routing Rules are contained in Peer Route Tables.

There are six Peer Routing Rule parameters:

- Destination-Realm
- Destination-Host
- Application-Id
- Command-Code

- Origin-Realm
- Origin-Host

When a Diameter message matches the conditions of a Peer Routing Rule then the action specified for the rule will occur. If you choose to route the Diameter message to a Peer Node, the message is sent to a Peer Node in the selected Route List based on the Route Group priority and Peer Node provisioned capacity settings. If you choose to send an answer then the message is not routed and the specified Diameter answer code is returned to the sender.

Peer Routing Rules are assigned a priority in relation to other Peer Routing Rules. A message will be handled based on the highest priority routing rule that it matches. The lower the number a Peer Routing Rule is assigned the higher priority it will have. (Think of 1 as being first priority and 99 as being last priority.)

If a message does not match any of the Peer Routing Rules and the Destination-Host parameter contains a Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) matching a Peer Node, then the message will be directly routed to that Peer Node if it has an available connection. If there is not an available connection the message will be routed using the *alternate implicit route* provisioned for the Peer Node.

On the **Viewing Rules for Peer Route Table: {Peer Route Table Name}** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of Rule Names, to display only the desired Rules.
- Sort the list entries in ascending or descending order by column (except **Conditions**), by clicking the column heading.

By default, the list is sorted by **Priority** in ascending ASCII order. The lowest Priority value indicates the highest priority. For Rules with the same Priority, the **Rule Name** is used for sorting.

- Select a blue **Route List** entry, to open the **Diameter > Configuration > Route Lists [Filtered]** page for the selected entry.
- Click the **Insert** button.

The **Inserting Rule for Peer Route Table: {Peer Route Table Name}** page opens. You can add a new Peer Routing Rule and its values. See *Adding a Peer Routing Rule*.

If the maximum number of Peer Routing Rules (1000) already exists for the Peer Route Table, the **Inserting Rule for Peer Route Table: {Peer Route Table Name}** page will not open, and an error message is displayed.

- Select the **Rule Name** of a Peer Routing Rule in the list, and click the **Edit** button.

The **Editing Rule for Peer Route Table: {Peer Route Table Name}** page opens. You can edit the selected Peer Routing Rule. See *Editing a Peer Routing Rule*.

If the selected Peer Routing Rule has been deleted by another user, the **Editing Rule for Peer Route Table: {Peer Route Table Name}** page will not open.

- Select the **Rule Name** of a Peer Routing Rule in the list, and click the **Delete** button to remove the selected Peer Routing Rule. See *Deleting a Peer Route Rule*.

## Peer Routing Rule configuration elements

*Table 16: Peer Routing Rules Configuration Elements* describes the fields on the Peer Routing Rules View, Insert, and Edit pages. Data Input Notes only apply to the Insert and Edit pages; the View page is read-only.

Table 16: Peer Routing Rules Configuration Elements

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
* Rule Name	Unique name of the Peer Routing Rule.	Format: case-sensitive; alphanumeric and underscore (_); cannot start with a digit and must contain at least one alpha Range: 1 - 32 characters
* Peer Route Table	The Peer Route Table to which the Peer Routing Rule belongs	Format: Pulldown list Range: Available Peer Route Tables
* Priority	Priority of the Rule in relation to other Rules. The priority is set from 1 (highest priority) to 99 (lowest priority).	Format: numeric Range: 1 - 99
* Conditions	In order for a Diameter message to be matched by a Rule, the message must match each specified part of a condition.  Each condition has three parts: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Parameter</li> <li>• Operator</li> <li>• Value</li> </ul>	
	Parameter: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Destination-Realm</li> <li>• Destination-Host</li> <li>• Application-Id</li> <li>• Command-Code</li> <li>• Origin-Realm</li> <li>• Origin-Host</li> </ul>	Format: Operator and Value for each Parameter
	Operator  Sets the relationship between the parameter and the value. For example, if the operator is set to Equals then the Diameter message parameter must match the set value.	Format: Pulldown list  Range: See <a href="#">Peer Routing Rule operators</a> for a description of operators available for each parameter.
	Value  The value in the Diameter message the Peer Routing Rule uses to determine a match. A Value is required if the Operator is "Equals", "Starts With", or "Ends With".	Format: text box or pulldown menu  Range: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Application-ID: available configured Application Ids</li> </ul>

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Command-Code: available configured Command Codes</li> <li>• Destination-Realm and Origin-Realm: Realm is a case-insensitive string consisting of a list of labels separated by dots. A label may contain letters, digits, dashes (-), and underscore (_). A label must begin with a letter or underscore and must end with a letter or digit. An underscore can be used only as the first character. A label can be at most 63 characters long and a realm can be at most 255 characters long. You can specify a substring or a complete string of a valid Realm.</li> <li>• Destination-Host and Origin-Host: FQDN is a case-insensitive string consisting of a list of labels separated by dots. A label may contain letters, digits, dashes (-), and underscore (_). A label must begin with a letter or underscore and must end with a letter or digit. An underscore can be used only as the first character. A label can be at most 63 characters long and a realm can be at most 255 characters long. You can specify a substring or a complete string of a valid FQDN.</li> </ul>
Action	<p>The action that will happen if the Diameter message matches the conditions set in the Peer Routing Rule:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Route to Peer: routes a message to a Peer Node using the Route List associated with this Rule.</li> </ul>	<p>Format: selection box</p> <p>Range: Route to Peer, Send Answer</p> <p>Default: Route to Peer</p>

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Send Answer: abandons message routing and sends an answer response that contains the Diameter answer code associated with this Rule.</li> </ul>	
Route List	<p>Route List associated with this Rule.</p> <p>A Route List is required if the Action is set to Route to Peer.</p> <p>The Route List entries on the View page are links to the <b>Diameter &gt; Configuration &gt; Route Lists [Filtered] page for the selected entry.</b></p>	<p>Format: pulldown list</p> <p>Range: available Route Lists</p>
Message Priority	The priority to assign to the message. The message priority is assigned only when Action is set to Route to Peer.	<p>Format: pulldown list</p> <p>Range: No Change, 0, 1, 2. 0 is lowest priority</p> <p>Default: No Change</p>
Answer Result-Code Value	<p>The answer code associated with this Rule.</p> <p>A Diameter answer code is required if the Action is set to Send Answer.</p>	<p>Format: radio button for pulldown list; radio button for text box</p> <p>Range:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>pulldown list: available Diameter answer codes</li> <li>text box: 1000 - 5999</li> </ul> <p>Default: 3002 UNABLE_TO_DELIVER</p>
Vendor Id	The Vendor Id to place in the Vendor Id AVP of the answer message.	<p>Format: numeric</p> <p>Range: 0 - 4294967295</p>
Answer Error Message	Value returned in the Error-Message AVP of the answer message.	<p>Format: alphanumeric, underscore (_), period (.)</p> <p>Range: 0 - 64 characters</p> <p>Default: null string</p>

## Peer Routing Rule operators

*Table 17: Peer Routing Rules Operators* describes the condition operators available for each parameter in a Peer Routing Rule.



Table 17: Peer Routing Rules Operators

Parameter	Operator	Meaning
Destination-Realm	Equals	content must equal the value specified
	Not Equal	content must not equal the value specified
	Starts With	content must start with the value specified
	Ends With	content must end with the value specified
	Always True	content is not evaluated and the parameter's condition is always true
Destination-Host	Equals	content must equal the value specified
	Present and Not Equal	Destination-Host must be present and value must not equal the value specified
	Starts With	content must start with the value specified
	Ends With	content must end with the value specified
	Present	Destination-Host must be present
	Absent	Destination-Host must be absent
	Always True	content is not evaluated and the parameter's condition is always true
Application-Id	Equals	content must equal the value specified
	Not Equal	content must not equal the value specified
	Always True	content is not evaluated and the parameter's condition is always true
Command-Code	Equals	content must equal the value specified
	Not Equal	content must not equal the value specified
	Always True	content is not evaluated and the parameter's condition is always true
Origin-Realm	Equals	content must equal the value specified
	Not Equal	content must not equal the value specified
	Starts With	content must start with the value specified
	Ends With	content must end with the value specified
	Always True	content is not evaluated and the parameter's condition is always true
Origin-Host	Equals	content must equal the value specified
	Not Equal	content must not equal the value specified
	Starts With	content must start with the value specified

Parameter	Operator	Meaning
	Ends With	content must end with the value specified
	Always True	content is not evaluated and the parameter's condition is always true

## Viewing Peer Routing Rules

Use this task to view Peer Routing Rules currently configured in a particular Peer Route Table.

1. Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Peer Route Tables**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Route Tables** page appears.
2. Select the Peer Route Table for which you want to view Peer Routing Rules and click **View/Edit Rules**.  
The **Viewing Rules for Peer Route Table: {Peer Route Table Name}** page appears.

## Adding a Peer Routing Rule

Use this task to create a new Peer Routing Rule in a Peer Route Table.

1. Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Peer Route Tables**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Routing Tables** page appears.
2. Select the Peer Route Table to which you want to add a Peer Routing Rule and click **View/Insert Rules**.  
The **Viewing Rules for Peer Route Table: {Peer Route Table Name}** appears.
3. Click **Insert**.  
The **Inserting Rule for Peer Route Table: {Peer Route Table Name}** page appears.
4. Enter a unique name for the rule in the **Name** field.
5. Set a Priority for this Rule in relation to other Rules, by entering a number between 1 and 99 in the **Priority** field.
6. Set the Peer Routing Rule **Conditions**:
  - a) Locate the **Parameter** you want to set.
  - b) Select the relevant action from the **Operator** pulldown list. See [Peer Routing Rule operators](#) for a description of operators available for each parameter.
  - c) Enter the appropriate value for the parameter in the corresponding **Value** field.
  - d) Repeat this step for each parameter. For any parameter that does not need to be evaluated, set the **Operator** to **Always True**.
7. Select the **Action** you want to occur when a Diameter message matches the parameter conditions.
  - **Route to Peer**: route the message to a Peer Node using the Route List associated with this Rule.
  - **Send Answer**: abandon message routing and send an answer response containing the **Answer Result-Code Value** associated with this Rule.
8. If you selected **Route to Peer** as the Action, select the **Route List** to associate with this rule from the pulldown list.
9. If you selected **Route to Peer** as the Action, select the **Message Priority** to assign to the message.

10. If you selected **Send Answer** as the Action, select the desired **Answer Result-Code Value** selection box:
  - Select the pulldown list radio button to use an existing answer code; then select an answer code in the list.
  - Select the second box radio button, and enter your own answer code value.
11. If you selected **Send Answer** as the Action, enter the desired Vendor Id AVP in the **Vendor Id** field.
12. If you selected **Send Answer** as the Action, enter the desired Error-Message AVP in the **Answer Error Message** field.
13. Click:
  - **OK** to save the data and return to the **Viewing Rules for Peer Route Table: {Peer Route Table Name}** page.
  - **Apply** to save the data and remain on this page.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Viewing Rules for Peer Route Table: {Peer Route Table Name}** page without saving any changes.

If OK or Apply is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- Any required field is empty (no entry was made)
- Any field is not valid or is out of range
- The **Rule Name** is not unique; it already exists in the system
- The selected **Route List** no longer exists (has been deleted by another user)
- The Rule is similar to an already existing Rule (the same attributes except for Rule Name and Priority)
- The maximum number of Peer Routing Rules (1000) already exists for the Peer Route Table.

## Editing a Peer Routing Rule

Use this task to edit a Peer Routing Rule in a Peer Route Table.

The **Rule Name** cannot be changed.

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Route Tables**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Route Tables** page appears.
2. Select the Peer Route Table which contains the Peer Routing Rule you want to edit and click **View/Edit Rules**.  
The **Viewing Rules for Peer Route Table: {Peer Route Table Name}** page appears.
3. Select the Peer Routing Rule you want to edit, then click **Edit**.  
The **Editing Rule for Peer Route Table: {Peer Route Table Name}** page appears.
4. Update the relevant fields.  
For more information about each field see [Peer Routing Rule configuration elements](#) and [Peer Routing Rule operators](#).
5. Click:
  - **OK** to save the data and return to **Viewing Rules for Peer Route Table: {Peer Route Table Name}** page.
  - **Apply** to save the data and remain on this page.

- **Cancel** to return to the **Viewing Rules for Peer Route Table: {Peer Route Table Name}** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- Any required field is empty (no entry was made)
- Any field is not valid or is out of range
- The selected Peer Routing Rule no longer exists (was deleted by another user)
- The selected Route List no longer exists (was deleted by another user)
- The Rule is similar to an already existing Rule (the same attributes except for Rule Name and Priority)

## Deleting a Peer Route Rule

Use this task to delete a Peer Routing Rule from a Peer Route Table.

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Route Tables**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Peer Route Tables** page appears.
2. Select the Peer Route Table which contains the Peer Routing Rule you want to delete and click **View/Edit Rules**.  
The **Viewing Rules for Peer Route Table: {Peer Route Table Name}** page appears.
3. Select the Peer Routing Rule you want to delete.
4. Click **Delete**.  
A popup window appears to confirm the delete.
5. Click:
  - **OK** to delete the Peer Routing Rule.
  - **Cancel** to cancel the delete function and return to the **Viewing Rules for Peer Route Table: {Peer Route Table Name}** page.

If **OK** is clicked and the selected Peer Routing Rule no longer exists (it was deleted by another user), an error message is displayed and the Peer Routing Rules view is refreshed.

## Reroute On Answer configuration

Using Reroute On Answer, you can configure rerouting scenarios based on the Application Id and Result-Code AVP values in Answer messages. If these values match the configured order pair of Application Id and Result-Code AVP value, the message is rerouted to another available Peer Node from the Route Group selected during the routing process.

If there are no additional available Peer Nodes in the selected Route Group, or the maximum number of transmits has been met, then reroute is not attempted and the Answer is sent back to the originator.

On the **Diameter > Configuration > Reroute on Answer** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list to display only the desired entries.
- Sort the list by column in ascending or descending order, by clicking the column heading. The default order is by **Answer Result Code-AVP Value** in ascending ASCII order.
- Click **Insert**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Reroute on Answer [Insert]** page appears. You can add a new entry.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Reroute on Answer [Insert]** will not open if the maximum number of Reroute on Answer entries (1000) already exists in the system.

- Select a Reroute on Answer entry, and click **Delete** to delete the selected entry.

## Reroute On Answer configuration elements

*Table 18: Reroute On Answer Configuration Elements* describes the fields on the Reroute On Answer View and Insert pages. Data Input Notes apply only to the Insert page; the View page is read-only.

**Table 18: Reroute On Answer Configuration Elements**

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
* Answer Result-Code AVP Value	Value in the result-code AVP of the Answer message.	Format: numeric Range: 0 - 4294967295
Application Id	<p>Application ID in the Answer message that identifies a Diameter Application. It is commonly used for screening and routing messages between Diameter nodes.</p> <p>The Internet Assigned Numbers Authority lists standard and vendor-specific Application IDs on their <a href="http://iana.org">iana.org</a> website. On the website:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Select Protocol Assignments</li> <li>• Scroll to locate the Authentication, Authorization, and Accounting (AAA) Parameters heading</li> <li>• Select Application IDs under the heading</li> </ul>	<p>Format: radio buttons, text box, and pulldown list</p> <p>Range:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• first radio button: ALL</li> <li>• second radio button: pulldown list with available Application Ids</li> </ul> <p>Default: ALL</p>

## Viewing Reroute On Answer

Use this task to view Reroute On Answer.

Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Reroute On Answer**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Reroute on Answer** page appears.

## Adding a Reroute On Answer entry

Use this task to create a new Reroute On Answer entry.

The fields are described in *Reroute On Answer configuration elements*.

1. Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Reroute On Answer**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Reroute on Answer** page appears.

2. Click **Insert**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Reroute On Answer [Insert]** page appears.
3. Enter the desired Result-Code AVP in the **Answer Result-Code AVP Value** field.
4. Perform one of the following actions for **Application Id**:
  - Select **ALL** to apply the Reroute On Answer entry to all Application Ids.
  - Select the second radio button, and select the appropriate **Application Id** from the pulldown list.
5. Click:
  - **OK** to save the changes and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Reroute on Answer** page.
  - **Apply** to save the changes and remain on this page.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Reroute on Answer** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- A field is empty; a value was not entered
- A value is not valid
- The **Answer Result-Code AVP Value** and **Application Id** combination is not unique; it already exists in the system
- Adding the new Reroute on Answer entry would cause the maximum number of Reroute on Answer entries (1000) to be exceeded

## Deleting a Reroute On Answer

Use this task to delete a Reroute On Answer entry.

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Reroute On Answer**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Reroute On Answer** page appears.
2. Select the **Answer Result-Code AVP Value** for the Reroute On Answer you want to delete.  
A popup window appears to confirm the delete.
3. Click **Delete**.
4. Click:
  - **OK** to delete the Reroute on Answer entry.
  - **Cancel** to cancel the delete function and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Reroute On Answer** page.

If **OK** is clicked and the selected entry no longer exists (it was deleted by another user), an error message is displayed and the Reroute on Answer page is refreshed.

## Application Routing Rules configuration

An Application Routing Rule defines message routing to a DSR Application based on message content matching the Application Routing Rule's conditions. There are six Application Routing Rule parameters:

- Destination-Realm
- Destination-Host
- Application-Id
- Command-Code
- Origin-Realm
- Origin-Host

When a Diameter message matches the conditions of an Application Peer Routing Rule then message is routed to the Application specified in the rule.

Application Routing Rules are assigned a priority in relation to other Application Routing Rules. A message will be handled based on the highest priority routing rule that it matches. The lower the number an Application Routing Rule is assigned the higher priority it will have. (Think of 1 as being first priority and 99 as being last priority.)

One or more DSR Applications must be activated before Application Routing Rules can be configured.

On the **Diameter > Configuration > Application Routing Rules** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of Rule Names, to display only the desired Rules.
- Sort the list entries in ascending or descending order by Rule Name, Priority, or Application Name, by clicking the column heading.

By default, the list is sorted by Priority in ascending ASCII order. The lowest Priority value indicates the highest priority. For Rules with the same Priority, the Rule Name is used for sorting.

- Click the **Insert** button.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Application Routing Rules [Insert]** page opens. You can add a new Application Routing Rule and its values. See [Adding an Application Routing Rule](#). If the maximum number of Application Routing Rules (128) already exists in the system, the **Diameter > Configuration > Application Routing Rules [Insert]** page will not open, and an error message is displayed.

- Select the **Rule Name** of an Application Routing Rule in the list, and click the **Edit** button.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Application Routing Rules [Edit]** page opens. You can edit the selected Application Routing Rule. See [Editing an Application Routing Rule](#).

- Select the **Rule Name** of an Application Routing Rule in the list, and click the **Delete** button to remove the selected Application Routing Rule. See [Deleting an Application Route Rule](#)

## Application Routing Rule configuration elements

[Table 19: Application Routing Rules Configuration Elements](#) describes the fields on the Application Routing Rules View, Insert, and Edit pages. Data Input Notes apply only to the Insert and Edit pages; the View page is read-only.

Table 19: Application Routing Rules Configuration Elements

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
* Rule Name	Name of the Application Routing Rule. The Name must be unique.	Format: alphanumeric and underscore (_) Range: 1 - 32 characters; cannot start with a digit and must contain at least one alpha (A-Z, a-z); is case-sensitive
* Priority	Priority of the Rule in relation to other Rules. The lower the Priority number, the higher a Priority a Application Routing Rule will have. That is, the Application Routing Rule with a Priority set to 1 has first priority, the Application Routing Rule with a Priority set to 2 has second priority, and so on.	Format: numeric Range: 1 - 99
* Conditions	In order for a Diameter message to be matched by a Rule, the message must match each specified part of a condition. Each condition has three parts: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Parameter</li> <li>• Operator</li> <li>• Value</li> </ul>	
	Parameter: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Destination-Realm</li> <li>• Destination-Host</li> <li>• Application-ID</li> <li>• Command-Code</li> <li>• Origin-Realm</li> <li>• Origin-Host</li> </ul>	Format: Operator and Value for each Parameter
	Operator Sets the relationship between the parameter and the value. For example, if the operator is set to Equals then the Diameter message parameter must match the set value.	Format: Pulldown list Range: See <a href="#">Application Routing Rule operators</a> for a description of operators available for each parameter.



Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
	<p>Value</p> <p>The value in the Diameter message that the Application Routing Rule uses to determine a match. The Value is required when the field is available for the Operator: "Equals", "Starts With", and "Ends With" allow a Value entry.</p>	<p>Format: text box or pulldown list</p> <p>Range:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Destination-Realm: up to 255 characters</li> <li>• Destination-Host: up to 255 characters</li> <li>• Application-ID: available configured Application Ids</li> <li>• Command-Code: available configured Command Codes</li> <li>• Origin-Realm: up to 255 characters</li> <li>• Origin-Host: up to 255 characters</li> </ul>
* Application Name	Application Name associated with this Rule.	<p>Format: Pulldown list</p> <p>Range: All activated Applications</p>

## Application Routing Rule operators

*Table 20: Application Routing Rules Operators* describes the **Conditions** operators available for each parameter in a Application Routing Rule.

**Table 20: Application Routing Rules Operators**

Parameter	Operator	Meaning
Destination-Realm	Equals	content must equal the value specified
	Not Equal	content must not equal the value specified
	Starts With	content must start with the value specified
	Ends With	content must end with the value specified
	Always True	content is not evaluated and the parameter's condition is always true
Destination-Host	Equals	content must equal the value specified
	Present and Not Equal	Destination-Host must be present and value must not equal the value specified

Parameter	Operator	Meaning
	Starts With	content must start with the value specified
	Ends With	content must end with the value specified
	Present	Destination-Host must be present
	Absent	Destination-Host must be absent
	Always True	content is not evaluated and the parameter's condition is always true
Application-Id	Equals	content must equal the value specified
	Not Equal	content must not equal the value specified
	Always True	content is not evaluated and the parameter's condition is always true
Command-Code	Equals	content must equal the value specified
	Not Equal	content must not equal the value specified
	Always True	content is not evaluated and the parameter's condition is always true
Origin-Realm	Equals	content must equal the value specified
	Not Equal	content must not equal the value specified
	Starts With	content must start with the value specified
	Ends With	content must end with the value specified
	Always True	content is not evaluated and the parameter's condition is always true
Origin-Host	Equals	content must equal the value specified
	Not Equal	content must not equal the value specified
	Starts With	content must start with the value specified
	Ends With	content must end with the value specified
	Always True	content is not evaluated and the parameter's condition is always true

## Viewing Application Routing Rules

The use of Application Routing Rules is described in [Application Routing Rules configuration](#).

To view currently configured Application Routing Rules,

Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Application Routing Rules**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Application Routing Rules** page appears with a list of configured Application Routing Rules. The fields are described in [Application Routing Rule configuration elements](#).

## Adding an Application Routing Rule

Use this procedure to create a new Application Routing Rule. The fields are described in [Application Routing Rule configuration elements](#).

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Application Routing Rules**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Application Routing Rules** page appears.

2. Click **Insert**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Application Routing Rules [Insert]** page appears.

If the maximum number of Application Routing Rules (128) already exists in the system, the **Diameter > Configuration > Application Routing Rules [Insert]** page will not open.

3. Enter a unique name for the rule in the **Rule Name** field.
4. Set a Priority for this rule in relation to other rules, by entering a number between 1 and 99 in the **Priority** field.
5. Set the Application Routing Rule **Conditions**:
  - a) Locate the **Parameter** you want to set.
  - b) Select the relevant action from the **Operator** pulldown list.  
See [Application Routing Rule operators](#) for a description of operators available for each parameter.
  - c) Enter the appropriate value for the parameter in the corresponding **Value** field.  
The **Value** text box is disabled for some Operators that do not require a value.
  - d) Repeat this step for each parameter. For any parameter that does not need to be evaluated, set the **Operator** to **Always True**.
6. From the pulldown list, select the **Application Name** associated with this rule.
7. Click:
  - **OK** to save the Rule and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Application Routing Rules** page.
  - **Apply** to save the Rule and stay on this page.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Application Routing Rules** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- Any required field is empty (no entry was made)
- Any field is not valid or is out of range
- The **Rule Name** is not unique
- The Rule is similar to an already existing Rule (the same attributes except for Rule Name and Priority)
- The maximum number of Application Routing Rules (128) has already been created

## Editing an Application Routing Rule

Use this task to edit an Application Routing Rule.

**Note:** The **Rule Name** field cannot be edited.

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Application Routing Rules**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Application Routing Rules** page appears.
2. Select the Application Routing Rule you want to edit, then click **Edit**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Application Routing Rules [Edit]** page appears.
3. Update the relevant fields.  
For more information about each field see [Application Routing Rule configuration elements](#) and [Application Routing Rule operators](#).
4. Click:
  - **OK** to save the changes and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Application Routing Rules** page.
  - **Apply** to save the changes and remain on this page.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Application Routing Rules** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- The selected Application Routing Rule no longer exists; it has been deleted by another user
- Any required field is empty (no entry was made)
- Any field is not valid or is out of range
- The Rule is similar to an already existing Rule (the same attributes except for Rule Name and Priority)

## Deleting an Application Route Rule

Use this task to delete an Application Routing Rule.

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Application Routing Rules**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Application Routing Rules** page appears.
2. Select the Application Routing Rule you want to delete, then click **Delete**.  
A popup window appears.
3. Perform one of the following actions:
  - Click **OK** to delete the Application Routing Rule.
  - Click **Cancel** to cancel the delete function and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Application Routing Rules** page.

If **OK** is clicked and the selected Application Routing Rule no longer exists (it was deleted by another user), an error message is displayed and the Application Routing Rules view is refreshed.

## Routing Option Sets configuration

A Routing Option Set is a collection of Routing Options that are used when a Request message is received to control the number of times an application can forward the request message and how certain delivery error situations are handled.

A Routing Option Set can be associated with the Peer Node that the Request is received from, or with the Diameter Application Id contained in the Request message header. If Routing Option Sets are

associated with both the Peer Node and the Application Id, the one associated with the Peer Node takes precedence. If neither the Peer Node nor the Application Id have an associated Routing Option Set, then the Default Routing Option Set is used.

On the **Diameter > Configuration > Routing Option Sets** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of Routing Option Sets to display only the desired Routing Option Sets.
- Sort the list by a column in ascending or descending order, by clicking the column heading. The default order is by **Routing Option Set Name** in ascending ASCII order.
- Click **Insert**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Routing Option Sets [Insert]** page appears. You can add a new Routing Option Set.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Routing Option Sets [Insert]** page will not open if

- The maximum number of Routing Option Sets (20) already exists in the system
- Select a **Routing Option Set** in the list, and click **Edit**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Routing Option Sets [Edit]** page appears. You can edit the selected Routing Option Set.

If the selected Routing Option Set has been deleted by another user, the **Diameter > Configuration > Routing Option Sets [Edit]** page will not open.

- Select a Routing Options Set in the list, and click **Delete**. You can delete the selected Routing Option Set. You cannot delete the Default Routing Option Set.

## Routing Option Sets elements

[Table 21: Routing Option Sets Elements](#) describes the fields on the Routing Option Sets View, Insert, and Edit pages. Data Input Notes apply only to the Insert and Edit pages; the View page is read-only.

**Table 21: Routing Option Sets Elements**

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
* Routing Option Set Name	Unique name of the Routing Option Set.	Format: case-sensitive; alphanumeric and underscore Range: 1 - 32 characters; cannot start with a digit and must contain at least one alpha
* Maximum Per Message Forwarding Allowed	Maximum number of times an application is allowed to forward a request message.	Format: numeric Range: 1 - 5 Default: 5
Transaction Lifetime	The total time DSR allows to forward initial and all subsequent routing attempts.	Format: numeric

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
		Range: 100 - 5000 ms Default: 5000 ms
* Resource Exhausted Action	Action taken by DSR when a request cannot be processed due to an internal resource being exhausted	Format: pulldown list Range: Abandon with no Answer; Send Answer Default: Abandon with no Answer
Resource Exhausted Answer Result-Code	Result-code value returned in an answer message when a message is not successfully routed due to an internal resource being exhausted.	Format: radio button for pulldown list, radio button for text box Range: 1000 - 5999 Select the code from the pulldown list or enter the code in the text box. Default: "3004 TOO_BUSY" in pulldown list
Resource Exhausted Answer Error Message	Error message for Resource Exhausted	Format: alphanumeric Range: 0 - 64 characters
Resource Exhausted Vendor Id	Vendor Id value returned in an answer message when a message is not successfully routed due to an internal resource being exhausted.	Format: numeric Range: 1 - 4294967295 Default: none
* No Peer Response Action	Action taken by DSR when the routing of a request is abandoned or the time to route exceeds the Transaction Lifetime	Format: pulldown list Range: Abandon with no Answer; Send Answer Default: Send Answer
No Peer Response Answer Result-Code	Result-code value returned in an answer message when a message is not successfully routed due to being abandoned or timing out	Format: radio button for pulldown list, radio button for text box Range: 1000 - 5999

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
		Select the code from the pulldown list or enter the code in the text box.  Default: "3002 UNABLE_TO_DELIVER" in pulldown list
No Peer Response Answer Error Message	Error message for No Peer Response	Format: alphanumeric Range: 0 - 64 characters
No Peer Response Vendor Id	Vendor Id value returned in an answer message when a message is not successfully routed due to being abandoned or timing out	Format: numeric Range: 1 - 4294967295 Default: none
* Connection Failure Action	Action taken by DSR when the routing of a request is abandoned because the last egress connection selection fails	Format: pulldown list Range: Abandon with no Answer; Send Answer Default: Send Answer
Connection Failure Answer Result-Code	Result-code value returned in an answer message when a message is not successfully routed due to connection failure	Format: radio button for pulldown list, radio button for text box Range: 1000 - 5999 Select the code from the pulldown list or enter the code in the text box. Default: "3002 UNABLE_TO_DELIVER" in pulldown list
Connection Failure Answer Error Message	Error message for Connection Failure	Format: alphanumeric Range: 0 - 64 characters
Connection Failure Vendor Id	Vendor Id value returned in an answer message when a message is not successfully routed due to connection failure	Format: numeric Range: 1 - 4294967295 Default: none
* Connection Congestion Action	Action taken by DSR when the routing of a request is abandoned because the last connection evaluated is congested	Format: pulldown list

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
		Range: Abandon with no Answer; Send Answer Default: Send Answer
Connection Congestion Answer Result-Code	Result-code value returned in an answer message when a message is not successfully routed due to connection congestion.	Format: radio button for pulldown list, radio button for text box Range: 1000 - 5999 Select the code from the pulldown list or enter the code in the text box. Default: "3002 UNABLE_TO_DELIVER" in pulldown list
Connection Congestion Answer Error Message	Error message for Connection Congestion	Format: alphanumeric Range: 0 - 64 characters
Connection Congestion Vendor Id	Vendor Id value returned in an answer message when a message is not successfully routed due to connection congestion	Format: numeric Range: 1 - 4294967295 Default: none

## Viewing Routing Option Sets

Use this task to view currently configured Routing Option Sets.

Select **Diameter** ► **Configuration** ► **Routing Option Sets**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Routing Options Sets** page appears.

## Adding a Routing Option Set

Use this task to create a new Routing Option Set. The fields are described in [Routing Option Sets elements](#).

1. Select **Diameter** ► **Configuration** ► **Routing Option Sets**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Routing Option Sets** page appears.
2. Click **Insert**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Routing Option Sets [Insert]** page appears.
3. Enter a unique name for the Routing Option Set in the **Routing Option Set Name** field.
4. Set the **Maximum Per Message Forwarding Allowed** value.
5. Optionally, for each of the following conditions, set the Action, Answer Result-Code, Answer Error Message, and Vendor Id:



- Resource Exhausted
  - No Peer Response
  - Connection Failure
  - Connection Congestion
6. Optionally, set the **Transaction Lifetime** time out value.
  7. Click:
    - **OK** to save the data and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Routing Option Sets** page.
    - **Apply** to save the data and remain on this page.
    - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Routing Option Sets** page without saving any changes.
- If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:
- Any required field is empty; no value was entered or selected
  - The entry in any field is not valid (wrong data type or out of the valid range)
  - The **Routing Option Set Name** is not unique; it already exists in the system
  - The maximum number of Routing Option Sets (20) already exists in the system

## Editing a Routing Option Set

Use this task to make changes to existing Routing Option Sets.

The **Routing Option Set Name** cannot be changed.

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Routing Option Sets**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Routing Option Sets** page appears.
  2. Select the **Routing Option Set** you want to edit.
  3. Click **Edit**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Routing Option Sets [Edit]** page appears.  
The page is initially populated with the current configured values for the selected Routing Option Set.
  4. Update the relevant fields.  
For more information about each field see [Routing Option Sets elements](#).
  5. Click:
    - **OK** to save the changes and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Routing Options Sets** page.
    - **Apply** to save the changes and remain on this page.
    - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Routing Option Sets** page without saving any changes.
- If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:
- Any required field is empty; no value was entered or selected
  - The entry in any field is not valid (wrong data type or out of the valid range)
  - The selected **Routing Option Set** no longer exists (has been deleted by another user)

## Deleting a Routing Option Set

Use this task to delete a Routing Option Set.

**Note:** A Routing Option Set cannot be deleted if any of the following conditions are true:

- The Routing Option Set is referenced by any Peer Node
- The Routing Option Set is referenced by any Application Id
- The Routing Option Set is the Default Routing Option Set

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Routing Option Sets**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Routing Option Sets** page appears.
2. Select the **Routing Option Set** you want to delete.
3. Click **Delete**.  
A popup window appears to confirm the delete.
4. Click:
  - **OK** to delete the Routing Option Set.
  - **Cancel** to cancel the delete function and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Routing Option Sets** page.

If **OK** is clicked and the selected Routing Option Set no longer exists (it was deleted by another user), an error message is displayed and the Routing Option Sets view is refreshed.

## Pending Answer Timers configuration

A Pending Answer Timer sets the amount of time the DSR waits for an Answer after sending a Request to a Peer Node.

A Pending Answer Timer can be associated with the Peer Node that the Request is sent to, or with the Diameter Application Id contained in the Request message header. If Pending Answer Timers are associated with both the Peer Node and the Application Id, the one associated with the Peer Node takes precedence. If neither the Peer Node nor the Application Id have an associated Pending Answer Timer, then the Default Pending Answer Timer is used.

On the **Diameter > Configuration > Pending Answer Timers** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of Pending Answer Timers to display only the desired Pending Answer Timers.
- Sort the list by a column in ascending or descending order, by clicking the column heading. The default order is by **Pending Answer Timer Name** in ascending ASCII order.
- Click **Insert**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Pending Answer Timers [Insert]** page appears. You can add a new Pending Answer Timer.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Pending Answer Timers [Insert]** page will not open if

- The maximum number of Pending Answer Timers (8) already exists in the system.
- Select a Pending Answer Timer in the list, and click **Edit**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Pending Answer Timers [Edit]** page appears. You can edit the selected Pending Answer Timer.

If the selected Pending Answer Timer has been deleted by another user, the **Diameter > Configuration > Pending Answer Timers [Edit]** page will not open.

- Select a Pending Answer Timer in the list, and click **Delete**. You can delete the selected Pending Answer Timer. You cannot delete the Default Pending Answer Timer.

## Pending Answer Timers elements

*Table 22: Pending Answer Timers Elements* describes the fields on the Pending Answer Timers View, Insert, and Edit pages. Data Input Notes apply only to the Insert and Edit pages; the View page is read-only.

**Table 22: Pending Answer Timers Elements**

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
* Pending Answer Timer Name	Unique name of the Pending Answer Timer.	Format: case-sensitive; alphanumeric and underscore  Range: 1 - 32 characters; cannot start with a digit and must contain at least one alpha
* Pending Answer Timer Value	The amount of time the DSR will wait for an Answer from a downstream Peer Node	Format: numeric  Range: 100 - 5000 ms  Default: 1000 ms

## Viewing Pending Answer Timers

Use this task to view currently configured Pending Answer Timers Sets.

Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Pending Answer Timers**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Pending Answer Timers** page appears.

## Adding a Pending Answer Timer

Use this task to create a new Pending Answer Timer. The fields are described in *Pending Answer Timers elements*.

1. Select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Pending Answer Timers**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Pending Answer Timers** page appears.
2. Click **Insert**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Pending Answer Timers [Insert]** page appears.

3. Enter a unique name for the Pending Answer Timer in the **Pending Answer Timer Name** field.
4. Set the **Pending Answer Timer Value**.
5. Click:
  - **OK** to save the data and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Pending Answer Timers** page .
  - **Apply** to save the data and remain on this page.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Pending Answer Timers** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- Any required field is empty; no value was entered or selected
- The entry in any field is not valid (wrong data type or out of the valid range)
- The **Pending Answer Timer Name** is not unique; it already exists in the system
- The maximum number of Pending Answer Timers (8) already exists in the system

## Editing a Pending Answer Timer

Use this task to make changes to existing Pending Answer Timers.

The **Pending Answer Timer Name** cannot be changed.

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Pending Answer Timers**.  
The **Diameter > Configuration > Pending Answer Timers** page appears.
2. Select the **Pending Answer Timer** you want to edit.
3. Click **Edit**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Pending Answer Timers [Edit]** page appears.

The page is initially populated with the current configured values for the selected Pending Answer Timer.

4. Update the relevant fields.  
For more information about each field see [Pending Answer Timers elements](#).
5. Click:
  - **OK** to save the changes and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Pending Answer Timers** page.
  - **Apply** to save the changes and remain on this page.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Pending Answer Timers** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- Any required field is empty; no value was entered or selected
- The entry in any field is not valid (wrong data type or out of the valid range)
- The selected **Pending Answer Timer** no longer exists (has been deleted by another user)

## Deleting a Pending Answer Timer

Use this task to delete a Pending Answer Timer.

**Note:** A Pending Answer Timer cannot be deleted if any of the following conditions are true:

- The Pending Answer Timer is referenced by any Peer Node
- The Pending Answer Timer is referenced by any Application Id
- The Pending Answer Timer is the Default Pending Answer Timer

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Pending Answer Timers**.

The **Diameter > Configuration > Pending Answer Timers** page appears.

2. Select the **Pending Answer Timer** you want to delete.

3. Click **Delete**.

A popup window appears to confirm the delete.

4. Click:

- **OK** to delete the Pending Answer Timer.
- **Cancel** to cancel the delete function and return to the **Diameter > Configuration > Pending Answer Timers** page.

If **OK** is clicked and the selected Pending Answer Timer no longer exists (it was deleted by another user), an error message is displayed and the Pending Answer Timers view is refreshed.

## System Options configuration

On the **System Options** page you can:

- Specify the maximum Diameter message size
- Enable or disable Egress Message Throttling
- Specify aggregation alarm thresholds for Fixed Connections, IPFE Connections, Peer Nodes, and Route Lists.
- Set the options used to control how request messages are copied to a Diameter Application Server (DAS)

The System Options are described in [System Options elements](#).

To open the **Diameter > Configuration > System Options** page, select **Diameter > Configuration > System Options**.

On the **Diameter > Configuration > System Options** page, you can:

- Modify the current System Options values and click **Apply** to save the changes.
- Click **Cancel** to remove and not save any changes you have made.
- Click the **General Options**, **Alarm Threshold Options**, or **Message Copy Options** tab to access those options.

If **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message is displayed:

- Any field has no value entered or has an entry that is not valid

## System Options elements

[Table 23: System Options Elements](#) describes the fields on the System Options page.

**Table 23: System Options Elements**

Field	Description	Data Input Notes
General Options		
Maximum Message Size Allowed	Maximum message size of a Diameter message (in bytes) allowed by the application.  This field is Read-Only; it cannot be changed.	Format: numeric Range: 8192 - 16384 Default: 8192
EMT Feature Enabled	Controls whether Connections use Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets to set congestion levels	Format: checkbox
IPFE Connection Reserved Ingress MPS Scaling	Controls whether new IPFE Connections are allowed. If the total Connection Reserved Ingress MPS for Fixed and established IPFE connections would exceed this percentage of the DA-MP's Engineered Ingress MPS, the new IPFE connection will be rejected.  This field is Read-Only; it cannot be changed.	Format: numeric percentage Range: 30-100 Default: 40%
Alarm Threshold Options		
Available Alarm Budget	The number of alarms available	Format: numeric Range: 0-3000 Default: 3000 if no alarm thresholds have been set
Fixed Connection Major Aggregation Alarm Threshold	Major threshold for aggregated Fixed Connection alarms per DA-MP. The available alarm budget is decremented by this value multiplied by the number of configured DA-MPs.	Format: numeric Range: 1 to Available Alarm Budget Default: 100
Fixed Connection Critical Aggregation Alarm Threshold	Critical threshold for aggregated Fixed Connection alarms per DA-MP. This value is not counted against the Alarm Budget.	Format: numeric Range: 0 to Available Alarm Budget Default: 200
IPFE Connection Major Aggregation Alarm Threshold	Major threshold for aggregated IPFE Connection alarms per NE. The available alarm budget is decrement by this value.	Format: numeric Range: 1 to Available Alarm Budget

Field	Description	Data Input Notes
		Default: 100
IPFE Connection Critical Aggregation Alarm Threshold	Critical threshold for aggregated IPFE Connection alarms per NE. This value is not counted against the Alarm Budget.	Format: numeric Range: 0 to Available Alarm Budget Default: 100
Peer Node Critical Aggregation Alarm Threshold	Critical threshold for aggregated Peer Node alarms per NE. The available alarm budget is decremented by this value	Format: numeric Range: 1 to Available Alarm Budget Default: 600
Route List Critical Aggregation Alarm Threshold	Critical threshold for aggregated Route List alarms per NE. The available alarm budget is decremented by this value	Format: numeric Range: 1 to Available Alarm Budget Default: 600
Message Copy Options		
Route List for DAS Node	Default Route List for DAS nodes <b>Note:</b> If CPA is activated, this value is overridden by the values set on the CPA Configuration Message Copy page. Otherwise, the Route List specified here is used.	Format: pull down list Range: currently provisioned Route Lists Default: none
Message Copy Request Type	Type of request to be copied at DAS	Format: radio button Range: Original Ingress Request, Original Egress Request Default: Original Ingress Request
Diameter Message Copy Answer Result Code	Specifies the result code/experimental result code that should match with incoming Answer Result Code (whose Request has been marked for Message Copy), to allow copying a REQUEST at DAS.	Format: radio button Range: 2xxx result-code / experimental-result-code, Any result / experimental-result-code Default: 2xxx result-code / experimental-result-code
DAS Message Copy Answer Result Code	Specifies the result code/experimental result code that should match with DAS Message Copy	Format: radio button

Field	Description	Data Input Notes
	Answer Result Code (whose request has been marked for Message Copy), to allow copying a REQUEST at DAS.	Range: 2xxx result-code / experimental-result-code, Any result / experimental-result-code  Default: 2xxx result-code / experimental-result-code
Max DAS Retransmission Attempts	Maximum retransmission attempts for DAS-Request	Format: numeric  1 - Maximum Per Message Forwarding Allowed  Default: 4

## DNS Options configuration

The DNS Options page allows you to set the length of time the application will wait for queries from the Domain Name System (DNS) server. You can also provide an IP address for the primary and secondary DNS servers.

To open the **Diameter > Configuration > DNS Options** page, select **Diameter ► Configuration ► DNS Options**.

The DNS Options fields are described in [DNS Options elements](#).

On the **Diameter > Configuration > DNS Options** page, you can set the DNS Options values and click:

- **Apply** to save the changes
- **Cancel** to remove and not save any changes

If **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- The DNS Query Duration Timer field has no value
- The DNS Query Duration Timer value is not valid
- The Primary or Secondary DNS Server IP Address field value is not valid
- The Secondary DNS Server IP Address field has a value, but the Primary DNS Server IP Address field is blank
- The Primary DNS Server IP Address field is blank and there is at least one Initiator Connection without a Peer IP Address

## DNS Options elements

[Table 24: DNS Options Elements](#) describes the fields on the **Diameter > Configuration > DNS Options** page.



Table 24: DNS Options Elements

Field (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
Primary DNS Server IP Address	IP address of the primary DNS server.	Format: valid IP address
Secondary DNS Server IP Address	IP address of the secondary DNS server.	Format: valid IP address
* DNS Query Duration Timer	The amount of time the application waits for queries to the DNS servers (in seconds).	Format: numeric Range: 1 - 4 Default: 2

## Local Congestion configuration

The **Diameter > Configuration > Local Congestion** page allows you to view the Local Congestion settings. This page is read-only.

To open the **Diameter > Configuration > Local Congestion** page, select **Diameter ► Configuration ► Local Congestion**.

The Local Congestion variables are described in [Local Congestion elements](#).

## Local Congestion elements

[Table 25: Local Congestion Elements](#) describes the fields on the **Local Congestion** page.

Table 25: Local Congestion Elements

Field	Description
Congestion Configuration Parameters	
Maximum Diameter Process CPU Utilization	The Diameter Process is responsible for all Diameter processing on a Message Processor (MP). Thresholds for minor, major and critical alarms are based on a fixed percentage of this maximum value. Default: 90 %
CL1 Message Treatment - Normal	Percentage of ingress messages that will receive normal processing treatment when the local MP congestion level is CL1. Default: 90%

Field	Description
CL1 Message Treatment - Discard & Respond	Percentage of ingress messages that will be discarded and have a Diameter Answer response sent when the local MP congestion level is CL1. Default: 0%
CL1 Message Treatment - Discard Only	Percentage of ingress messages that will be discarded without any further processing when the local MP congestion level is CL1. Default: 10%
CL2 Message Treatment - Normal	Percentage of ingress messages that will receive normal processing treatment when the local MP congestion level is CL2. Default: 70%
CL2 Message Treatment - Discard & Respond	Percentage of ingress messages that will be discarded and have a Diameter Answer response sent when the local MP congestion level is CL2. Default: 0%
CL2 Message Treatment - Discard Only	Percentage of ingress messages that will be discarded without any further processing when the local MP congestion level is CL2. Default: 30%
CL3 Message Treatment - Normal	Percentage of ingress messages that will receive normal processing treatment when the local MP congestion level is CL3. Default: 60%
CL3 Message Treatment - Discard & Respond	Percentage of ingress messages that will be discarded and have a Diameter Answer response sent when the local MP congestion level is CL3. Default: 0%
CL3 Message Treatment - Discard Only	Percentage of ingress messages that will be discarded without any further processing when the local MP congestion level is CL3. Default: 40%
Maximum MPS Limitation Configuration Parameters	
CL0 Message Treatment - Discard & Respond	Percentage of ingress messages that will be discarded and have a Diameter Answer response sent when the maximum MPS limitation is reached and the local MP congestion level is CL0. Default: 0%
CL0 Message Treatment - Discard Only	Percentage of ingress messages that will be discarded without any further processing when the maximum MPS limitation is reached and the local MP congestion level is CL0. Default: 0%

Field	Description
CL1 Message Treatment - Discard & Respond	Percentage of ingress messages that will be discarded and have a Diameter Answer response sent when the maximum MPS limitation is reached and the local MP congestion level is CL1. Default: 0%
CL1 Message Treatment - Discard Only	Percentage of ingress messages that will be discarded without any further processing when the maximum MPS limitation is reached and the local MP congestion level is CL1. Default: 100%
CL2 Message Treatment - Discard & Respond	Percentage of ingress messages that will be discarded and have a Diameter Answer response sent when the maximum MPS limitation is reached and the local MP congestion level is CL2. Default: 0%
CL2 Message Treatment - Discard Only	Percentage of ingress messages that will be discarded without any further processing when the maximum MPS limitation is reached and the local MP congestion level is CL2. Default: 100%
CL3 Message Treatment - Discard & Respond	Percentage of ingress messages that will be discarded and have a Diameter Answer response sent when the maximum MPS limitation is reached and the local MP congestion level is CL3. Default: 0%
CL3 Message Treatment - Discard Only	Percentage of ingress messages that will be discarded without any further processing when the maximum MPS limitation is reached and the local MP congestion level is CL3. Default: 100%

## DSR Bulk Import

The DSR Bulk Import operations use configuration data in ASCII Comma-Separated Values (CSV) files (.csv), to insert new data into, update existing data in, or delete existing data from the Diameter Configuration or DSR Applications (FABR, RBAR, and CPA/SBR ) Configuration data in the system.

### Import CSV Files

Import CSV files can be created by using a DSR Bulk Export operation, or can be manually created using a text editor. The CSV file formats are described in [Bulk Import and Export CSV File Formats and Contents](#).



**CAUTION:** The format of each Import CSV file record must be compatible with the configuration data in the current DSR release in the system.

### CAUTION

- Configuration data refers to any data that is configured for one of the **Export Application** types (FABR, RBAR, CPA, and SBR DSR Applications; and the Diameter Configuration components).
- For the "Diameter" **Export Application** type, configuration data refers to any data that is configured using the GUI pages that are available from the **Diameter Configuration** menu folder.

**Note:** Diameter Mediation configuration data cannot be imported with DSR Bulk Import operations; Mediation has its own Import and Export functions.

- Each file can contain one or more records of the same format (for one configuration component, such as records for several Diameter Configuration Connections); the entire format for each record must be contained in one line of the file.

Files that are created using the DSR Bulk Export operation can be exported either to the Status & Manage File Management Directory (**Status & Manage > Files** page), or to the local Export Server Directory.

For files that are exported to the Export Server Directory,

- If a remote Export Server has been configured (see the **Administration > Export Server** page), the files in the Export Server Directory are automatically transferred to the configured remote Export Server and are deleted from the Export Server Directory. The transferred files do not appear in the list on the local system **Status & Manage > Files** page or in the list on the **Diameter > Configuration > Import** page.
- If a remote Export Server has not been configured, the files in the Export Server Directory appear in the list on the **Status & Manage > Tasks > Active Tasks** page, and also appear in the list on the local system **Status & Manage > Files** page.

For files that are exported to the File Management Directory,

- The files appear in the File Management area list on the local system **Status & Manage > Files** page and in the list on the **Diameter > Configuration > Import** page.
- The files can be downloaded, edited, uploaded, and used for Import operations.
  - Import CSV files must be in the File Management area of the local system before they can be used for Import operations on the local system.
  - The **Download** function on the **Status & Manage > Files** page can be used to download the files to a location off of the local system for editing or transfer to another system.
  - The **Upload** function on the **Status & Manage > Files** page can be used to upload the files to the File Management area of the local system.

For files that are created manually using a text editor on a computer,

- Import CSV files that are located off of the local system must be uploaded to the File Management area of the local system before they can be used for Import operations on the local system.
- The **Upload** function on the **Status & Manage > Files** page can be used to upload the files to the File Management area of the local system.

## Import Operations



### CAUTION

**CAUTION:** Bulk Import can degrade the performance of the DA MP and should be performed only in the maintenance window.

The CSV files that are used for Import operations must be in the local File Management area. The **Diameter > Configuration > Import** page lists all files in the File Management area (on the **Status & Manage > Files** page) that have the .csv file extension.

The **File Management** button on the **Diameter > Configuration > Import** page opens the **Status & Manage > Files** page.

The following Import operations can be performed:

**Note:** The **Application Type**, **Keyword**, and **Key** fields in each file record are used to identify the configuration data entry in the system.

- Insert new configuration data into the system  
Only data records that do not currently exist in the system are inserted. Any records in the file that do already exist in the system are treated and logged as failures.
- Update existing configuration data in the system  
Only data records that currently exist in the system can be updated. Any records in the file that do not already exist in the system, and any records that already exist in the system but are not updated in the file, are treated and logged as failures.
- Delete existing configuration data from the system  
Only data records that currently exist in the system can be deleted. Any records in the file that do not exist in the system, and any records that exist in the system but are not changed in the file, are treated and logged as failures.

For the Import operation on each record in a file to be successful with no errors logged for the operation, each record must be valid for the configuration data format and for the Import operation that is being performed.

- Exported configuration data probably needs to be edited before the exported file is used for an Import operation on the same system.

**Insert operations** - Records need to be added or edited to be able to insert new configuration data entries (such as connections or Route Lists). It is best to remove from the file any records for existing configuration data entries; they will be flagged as errors for an Insert operation. It might be difficult to distinguish between logged errors for existing data and for the records for the new entries.

**Update operations** - Records need to be edited to change element values in existing configuration data entries. The Application Type, Keyword, and Key fields are NOT changed in the records, so that the entries can be identified as existing in the system. It is best to remove from the file any records for existing configuration data entries that are NOT being updated; they will be flagged as errors for an Insert operation. It might be difficult to distinguish between logged errors for existing records that are not updated and for the updated records.

**Delete operations** - Using an exported file without editing it will remove from the system all of the configuration data entries in the exported records. If you do not want to delete all of the configuration data entries that are in the file records, edit the file and remove the records for the entries that are NOT to be deleted. Records for configuration data entries that do not exist in the

system will be flagged as errors for a Delete operation. For example, if you want to delete 20 of 100 configured connections, edit the file and remove the records for the 80 connections that you do not want to delete.

- Files that were created using the DSR Bulk Export operation and are transferred to another system for importing configuration data on that other system may not need to be edited. Exceptions might be system-specific information such as IP addresses and DA-MP profiles.
- Manually created files can be created so that they contain only the configuration data that is needed for the desired Import operation.

The files can be edited later for use with a different Import operation.

Manually created CSV files are not required to contain a comment header. If a comment header is included in the file, it must be formatted using pound signs (#), as shown in the Export file header that is described in Export Results.

Not all of the Import operations are valid for all types of configuration data. [Table 26: Valid Import Operations](#) indicates the valid operations for the listed types of configuration data.

**Table 26: Valid Import Operations**

Configuration Data	Insert	Update	Delete
<b>Diameter</b>			
Application Ids	X		X
CEX Parameters	X	X	X
Command Codes	X	X	X
Connection Configuration Sets	X	X	X
CEX Configuration Sets	X	X	X
Capacity Configuration Sets	X	X	X
Egress Message Throttling Configuration Sets	X	X	X
Message Priority Configuration Sets	X	X	X
Local Nodes	X	X	X
Peer Nodes	X	X	X
Connections	X	X	X
Route Groups	X	X	X
Route Lists	X	X	X
Peer Route Tables	X	X	X
Peer Routing Rules	X	X	X
Reroute on Answer	X		X
Application Routing Rules	X	X	X
Routing Option Sets	X	X	X

Configuration Data	Insert	Update	Delete
Pending Answer Timers	X	X	X
System Options		X	
DNS Options		X	
<b>Rbar</b>			
Applications	X	X	X
Exceptions		X	
Destinations	X	X	X
Address Tables	X	X	X
Addresses	X	X	X
Address Resolution	X	X	X
System Options		X	
<b>Fabr</b>			
Applications	X	X	X
Exceptions		X	
Default Destinations	X	X	X
Address Resolution	X	X	X
System Options		X	
<b>Cpa</b>			
System Options		X	
Message Copy		X	
<b>Sbr</b>			
SBR		X	
SBR Subresource Mapping	Cannot be imported or exported		

### Import Operation Results

Each Import operation creates one or two files that appear in the File Management area:

- A log file that has the same name as the Import file, but with the .log extension

For example, ImportExportStatus/<import file name>.log

The Bulk Import operation can be configured with the **Abort On First Error** check box to:

- Log the error for each record that failed during the operation, and continue the Import operation.
- Log the error for just the first record that failed, and end the Import operation.

Information for records that succeed is not included in the log. The log file contains the Action (Import operation) that was performed; and the number of Successful Operations (records), Failed Operations (records), and Total Operations (records).

- A Failures file, if failures occurred during the Import operation

The file is a .csv with the same name as the Import file, but contains \_Failures in the file name.

For example, if the Import file name is `October_2_SO_DSR1_Diameter_CmdCodes.csv`, the Failures file is named `October_2_SO_ DSR1_Diameter_CmdCodes_Failures.csv`

A Failures file can be downloaded from the local File Management area to a computer off the local system, edited to correct each record that failed, uploaded to the local system File Management area, and used again to repeat the Import operation and successfully process the records.

### The Diameter > Configuration > Import page

On the **Diameter > Configuration > Import** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Sort the list of files by column, by clicking the column heading. The default sort is by File Name in ascending ASCII order.
- Select a file and click the **Insert** button, the **Update** button, or the **Delete** button.

A popup window appears to confirm the selected Import operation.

One import or export task at a time is allowed.

- Click **Tasks** to display the status and progress of an Import operation.

The progress of the import operation can also be viewed on the **Status & Manage > Tasks > Active Tasks** page.

- Click the **File Management** button to open the **Status & Manage > Files** page.

Exported .csv files can be viewed, downloaded to an external location, uploaded from an external location, and deleted.

Log files from Import operations can be viewed and deleted.

- Click the **Abort On First Error** check box.

When a check mark appears in the box, only the first record that failed is recorded in the log. The Bulk Import operation stops after the error is detected and logged.

When there is no check mark in the box (the default), all records that failed are recorded in the log.

## Bulk Import elements

[Table 27: Bulk Import elements](#) describes the fields on the **Diameter Configuration Import** page.

**Table 27: Bulk Import elements**

Element	Description
File Name	The name of the .csv file from the Status & Manage File Management area.
Line Count	Number of lines in the file.
Time Stamp	The creation time and date of the file.



## Using an Import file to insert DSR configuration data

Use the following procedure to insert into the system new configuration data entries from the records in a DSR Bulk Import CSV file for Diameter or a DSR Application.

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Import**.

The **Diameter Configuration Import** page appears. The page lists all of the .csv files from the **Status & Manage > Files** File Management area.

2. Select the **File Name** for the file to be used to insert the configuration data.
3. Specify whether the Import operation should stop processing on the first error that occurs, or should continue processing if errors occur during the Import operation.

- To log all errors and continue processing when errors occur, click the **Abort On First Error** check box so that the box is empty (the default).
- To log the first error that occurs and stop processing, click the **Abort On First Error** check box so that a checkmark appears in the check box.

4. Click the **Insert** button.

A popup window appears to confirm the file that you want to use for the **Insert** operation.

5. On the popup window, click:

- **OK** to perform the Import **Insert** operation.  
An indication is displayed that the operation is in progress.
- **Cancel** to cancel the **Insert** operation and return to the **Diameter Configuration Import** page.

6. To view the progress of the Import operation, you can:

- Select the **Tasks** icon near the top left of the **Diameter Configuration Import** page.
- Select **Status & Manage > Tasks > Active Tasks** to open the **Status & Manage Tasks Active Tasks (Filtered)** page.

7. To view the log file from the Import operation, click **File Management** button on the **Diameter Configuration Import** page to open the **Status & Manage Files (Filtered)** page.

## Using an Import file to update DSR configuration data

Use the following procedure to use the contents of a DSR Bulk Import .csv file to update existing Diameter or DSR Application configuration data in the system.

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Import**.

The **Diameter Configuration Import** page appears. The page lists all of the .csv files from the **Status & Manage > Files** File Management area.

2. Select the **File Name** for the file to be used to update the configuration data.
3. Specify whether the Import operation should stop processing on the first error that occurs, or should continue processing if errors occur during the Import operation.

- To continue processing when errors occur, click the **Abort On First Error** check box so that the box is empty (the default).
  - To stop processing on the first error, click the **Abort On First Error** check box so that a checkmark appears in the check box.
4. Click the **Update** button.  
A popup window appears to confirm the file to use for the **Update** operation.
  5. On the popup window, perform one of the following actions:
    - **OK** to perform the **Import Update** operation.  
An indication is displayed that the operation is in progress.
    - **Cancel** to cancel the **Update** operation and return to the **Diameter Configuration Import** page.
  6. To view the progress of the Import operation, you can:
    - Select the **Tasks** icon near the top left of the **Diameter Configuration Import** page.
    - Select **Status & Manage > Tasks > Active Tasks** to open the **Status & Manage Tasks Active Tasks (Filtered)** page.
  7. To view the log file from the Import operation, and the Failures.csv file if one was created, click **File Management** button to open the **Status & Manage Files (Filtered)** page.

### Using an Import file to delete DSR configuration data

Use the following procedure to use the contents of a DSR Bulk Import .csv file to delete Diameter or DSR Application configuration data.

**Note:** This operation does NOT delete a .csv file from the list of files on the page.

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Import**.  
The **Diameter Configuration Import** page appears. The page lists all of the .csv files from the **Status & Manage > Files** File Management area.
2. Select the **File Name** for the file to be used to delete the configuration data.
3. Click the **Delete** button.  
A popup window appears to confirm the file that you want to use for the delete operation.
4. On the popup window, click:
  - **OK** to perform the **Import Delete** operation.  
An indication is displayed that the operation is in progress.
  - Click **Cancel** to cancel the **Delete** operation and return to the **Diameter Configuration Import** page.
5. To view the progress of the Import operation, you can:
  - Select the **Tasks** icon near the top of the **Diameter Configuration Import** page.
  - Select **Status & Manage > Tasks > Active Tasks** to open the **Status & Manage Tasks Active Tasks (Filtered)** page.

6. To view the log file from the Import operation, click **File Management** button to open the **Status & Manage Files (Filtered)** page.

## DSR Bulk Export

The DSR Bulk Export operation creates ASCII Comma-Separated Values (CSV) files (.csv) containing Diameter and DSR Application configuration data. Exported configuration data can be edited and used with the DSR Bulk Import operations to change the configuration data in the local system without the use of GUI pages. The exported files can be transferred to and used to configure another DSR system.

### Exported CSV Files

Each exported CSV file contains one or more records for the configuration data that was selected for the Export operation. The record formats and contents are described in Bulk Import and Export CSV File Formats and Contents.

The selected configuration data can be exported once immediately, or can be periodically automatically exported on a defined schedule.

- Configuration data refers to any data that is configured for one of the **Export Application** types (FABR, RBAR, CPA, and SBR DSR Applications, and the **Diameter Configuration** menu folder).
- For the "Diameter" **Export Application** type, configuration data refers to any data that is configured using the GUI pages that are available from the Diameter Configuration folder.

**Note:** Diameter Mediation configuration data cannot be exported with DSR Bulk Export; Mediation has its own Import and Export functions.

The following configuration data can be exported in one Export operation:

- All exportable configuration data in the system
- All exportable configuration data from the selected Export Application
- Exportable configuration data from a selected configuration component for the selected Export Application

When ALL is selected, the exported data for each configuration component appears in a separate .csv file.

For data that is exported once immediately, the default Output File Name has the following format; the name can be changed and is not required to keep this format:

NeName\_Timestamp-TimeZone\_ApplicationType\_ReportType.csv.

For data that is scheduled to be exported periodically, the default Task Name is DSR Configuration Export; the name can be changed.

All exported .csv files contain a comment header with the following information:

- Software revision used to generate the exported file
- Date and Time file was generated
- Name of selected Data object(s) exported
- Total number of exported records

The following example illustrates how the export file header might appear, but it might not look exactly as shown:

```
#####
# Tekelec DSR Software Revision: xxxx
# Date/Time Generated: mm/dd/yy hh:mm:ss
# Exported Application: <ApplicationType>
# Exported Object: <ObjectType>
# Number of Records: nnn
#####
```

## Export Operations

Exported files can be written to the File Management Directory in the Status & Manage File Management area (see the **Status & Manage Files** page) or to the Export Server Directory.

Files that are created by a DSR Bulk Export operation must be in the local File Management area before they can be used for Bulk Import operations. See [DSR Bulk Import](#).

For files that are exported to the local File Management Directory,

- The files appear in the File Management area list on the local system (see the **Status & Manage Files** page) and in the list on the **Diameter Configuration Import** page.
- These files can be used for Import operations on the local system.

For files that are exported to the local Export Server Directory,

- If a remote Export Server has been configured (see **Administration > Export Server**), the files in the local Export Server Directory are transferred to the configured remote Export Server location and are deleted from the local Export Server Directory. These transferred files do not appear in the File Management area on the local system, and cannot be used for Import operations on the local system.
- If a remote Export Server has not been configured, the files in the local Export Server Directory appear in the list on the **Status & Manage Tasks Active Tasks** page and in the File Management area list on the local system. These files can be used for Import operations on the local system.

## Export Results

The result of each Bulk Export operation is logged into a file with the same name as the exported file, but with extension .log. The log file appears in the File Management area. The log file contains the names of the selected configuration data components, the number of records exported for each configuration component, and either the first error or all errors that occurred during the Export operation.

## The Diameter Configuration Export page

On the **Diameter Configuration Export** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Manually export configuration data one time immediately in a CSV file to either the Export Server or the File Management area.
- Schedule periodic automatic exports of configuration data in CSV files to either the Export Server or the File Management area. Scheduled exports are listed on the **Status & Manage > Tasks > Scheduled Tasks** page.
- Click **Tasks** to display the status and progress of an Export operation.

The progress of the export operation can also be viewed on the **Status & Manage > Tasks > Active Tasks** page.

- Click the **File Management** button on the **Diameter Configuration Export** page to open the **Status & Manage Files** page.

On the page, exported .csv files can be viewed, downloaded to an external location, uploaded from an external location, and deleted. Log files from Export operations can be viewed and deleted.

## Bulk Export elements

*Table 28: Bulk Export elements* describes the fields on the **Diameter Configuration Export** page.

**Table 28: Bulk Export elements**

Element (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
* Export Application	Diameter or activated DSR Application from which configuration data will be exported.	Format: Pulldown list Range: ALL, Diameter, all activated DSR Applications To clear the field, select <b>-Select-</b> in the list.
Export Data	Data to be exported.  Either <b>Diameter</b> or a specific activated DSR Application must be selected in Export Application before this list is available.  This field is required when <b>Diameter</b> or a DSR Application is selected.	Format: Pulldown list Range: ALL, configuration folders for Diameter (except Mediation folders) or the selected DSR Application. (Local Congestion data cannot be exported for Diameter; it is view-only and not configured by the user.) To clear the field, select <b>-Select-</b> in the list.
Output File Name	Name of the .csv export file. The default name appears in this field when Export Frequency is <b>Once</b> and: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>ALL</b> is selected in Export Application</li> <li><b>Diameter</b> or a DSR Application is selected in Export Application, and <b>ALL</b> or a specific configuration folder is selected in Export Data</li> </ul>	Format: Valid characters are alphanumeric characters, dash (-), and underscore (_) Default file name: file name in the format NeName_ReportDate-TimeZone_ApplicationType_ReportType, with the following values: NeName = Host name of the NO or SO from which the configuration data will be exported.

Element (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
	<p>The default file name can be changed, and is not required to follow the default format.</p> <p>This field is required when it is available.</p>	<p>ReportDate = Current date in the format mmddyy.</p> <p>TimeZone = Current Time Zone.</p> <p>Application Type = the selected Export Application to export from</p> <p>ObjectType = the selected Data to export</p>
* Task Name	<p>Periodic Export Task name.</p> <p>This field is required when the Export Frequency is not <b>Once</b>.</p>	<p>Format: text box; length must not exceed 24 characters. Valid characters are alphanumeric, minus sign (-), and spaces between words. The first character must be an alpha character. The last character must not be a minus sign.</p> <p>Range: 1-24 characters</p> <p>Default: DSR Configuration Export</p>
Description	Periodic Export Task description.	<p>Format: text box; length must not exceed 255 characters. Valid characters are alphanumeric, minus sign (-), and spaces between words. The first character must be an alpha character. The last character must not be a minus sign.</p> <p>Range: 1-255 characters</p>
Export Directory	<p>Directory in which an export file will be placed.</p> <p>Files that are exported to the Export Server Directory will automatically be copied over to the remote if one is configured. The files will be deleted from the local system after the transfer to the remote Export Server is complete.</p> <p>Files that are exported to the File Management Directory, or are</p>	<p>Format: radio buttons</p> <p>Range: radio button for Export Server Directory, radio button for File Management Directory</p> <p>Default: Export Server Directory</p>

Element (* indicates required field)	Description	Data Input Notes
	exported to the Export Server Directory when no remote Export Server is configured, can be viewed and imported on the local system.	
Export Frequency	How often the data will be written to the Export Server Directory or File Management Directory.  When <b>Once</b> is selected, the export is performed immediately after <b>Ok</b> is clicked.	Format: radio buttons Range: radio buttons for Once, Hourly, Daily, Weekly Default: Once
Minute	The minute of each hour when the data will be exported.  This field is available only when <b>Hourly</b> is selected for <b>Export Frequency</b> .	Format: text box with up and down selection arrows Range: 1-59 Default: 0
Time of Day	Time of day when data will be exported.  This field is available only when <b>Daily</b> or <b>Weekly</b> is selected for <b>Export Frequency</b> .	Format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Text box; the time can be typed in the format HH:MM AM or HH:MM PM.</li> <li>Pulldown list; click in the box to display a 24-hour list of times that are at 15-minute intervals. Select the desired time in the list.</li> </ul> Range: 12:00 AM through 11:45 PM in 15-minute intervals, or specified time Default: 12:00 AM
Day of the Week	Day of the week on which data will be exported.  This field is available only when <b>Weekly</b> is selected for <b>Export Frequency</b> .	Format: a radio button for each day of the week Range: Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday Default: Sunday

## Manually Exporting a configuration data file once

Use the following procedure to export a configuration data .csv file once immediately to the **Status & Manage** File Management area or to the Export Server Directory.

**Note:** The exported file appears the File Management area list on the **Status & Manage Files** page if the **File Management Directory** is selected as the **Export Directory**, or if the **Export Server Directory** is selected and no remote Export Server is configured.

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Export**.

The **Diameter Configuration Export** page appears.

2. Verify that the **Once** radio button is selected in the **Export Frequency** list. (Select **Once** if another radio button is currently selected.)
3. In the **Export Application** pulldown list, select **ALL**, **Diameter**, or the activated DSR Application from which the configuration data will be exported.

If you selected **ALL**, go to [Step 5](#).

4. In the **Export Data** pulldown list, select **ALL** or the configuration folder that contains the data that will be exported from the selected **Export Application** type.
5. Either use (do not change) the default **Output File Name**, or change the entry to the desired name.
6. Select the radio button for the **Export Directory** to which the file will be exported.  
Select either the Export Server Directory (the default), or the File Management Directory.
7. Select **Ok** to perform the Export operation.

An indication is displayed that the operation is in progress.

8. To view the progress of the Export operation, you can:
  - Select the **Tasks** icon near the top of the **Diameter Configuration Export** page.
  - Select **Status & Manage > Tasks > Active Tasks** to open the **Status & Manage Tasks Active Tasks (Filtered)** page.
9. To locate a file in the File Management area or to view the log file from an Export operation, click **File Management** button to open the **Status & Manage Files (Filtered)** page.

## Scheduling periodic automatic exports of configuration data

Use the following procedure to schedule periodic automatic Exports of configuration data files to the local Export Server Directory or to the local File Management area.

**Note:** When the selected **Export Directory** is the **Export Server Directory**, the file is exported to a temporary Export directory on the local system. A remote Export Server must be configured before the exported file can be transferred to the specified directory on the configured remote Export Server. See the online help for the **OAM > Export Server** page for instructions to configure a remote Export Server.

If no remote Export Server is configured, or if the exported configuration data could be used for Import operations on the local system, select **File Management Directory** as the **Export Directory**.

1. Select **Diameter > Configuration > Export**.

The **Diameter Configuration Export** page appears.



2. In the **Export Application** pulldown list, select **ALL**, **Diameter**, or the activated DSR Application from which the configuration data will be exported.  
If you selected **ALL**, go to [Step 4](#).
3. In the **Export Data** pulldown list, select **ALL** or the configuration folder that contains the data that will be exported from the selected **Export Application** type.
4. Select the radio button for the **Export Frequency** of the scheduled Exports. (Do not select **Once**.)
5. Either use the default **Task Name** (DSR Configuration Export), or change the name if desired for the Export operation.  
The **Task Name** is required when the **Export Frequency** is not **Once**.
6. If a description of the Export task is desired, enter the **Description** in the text box (up to 255 characters).
7. Select the radio button for the **Export Directory** to which the file will be exported.  
Select either the **Export Server Directory** (the default), or the **File Management Directory**.  
Select the **File Management Directory** if no remote Export Server has been configured.
8. Enter or select the time or day information to specify when the scheduled Export operations will occur.
  - If **Export Frequency** is **Hourly**, enter (type or click the arrows) the **Minute** of each hour (0-59) when the file will be exported.
  - If **Export Frequency** is **Daily**, enter (type, or click in the box and select from the pulldown list) the **Time of Day** when the file will be exported. Select from 15-minute intervals or enter a specific time.
  - If **Export Frequency** is **Weekly**,
    - Select the radio button for the **Day of Week** on which the file will be exported.
    - Enter (type, or click in the box and select from the pulldown list) the **Time of Day** when the file will be exported. Select from 15-minute intervals or enter a specific time.
9. Click **Ok** to save the schedule.  
To view, edit, or delete the saved schedule task, select **Status & Manage > Tasks > Scheduled Tasks** or click the link in the indication to open the **Status & Manage Tasks Scheduled Tasks** page.  
The schedule can be changed or deleted on the **Status & Managed Tasks Scheduled Tasks** page.
10. To view the progress of an Export operation, you can:
  - Select the **Tasks** icon near the top of the **Diameter Configuration Export** page.
  - Select **Status & Manage > Tasks > Active Tasks** to open the **Status & Manage Tasks Active Tasks (Filtered)** page.
11. To locate a file in the File Management area or to view the log file from an Export operation, click **File Management** button to open the **Status & Manage Files (Filtered)** page.

## Bulk Import and Export CSV File Formats and Contents

### CSV File Formats and Contents

DSR Bulk Import and Export files support an ASCII Comma-Separated Values (CSV) file format.

- The configuration data described in each table in this help section is contained in a single line in the CSV file.
- The first field or column of each line defines the Application Type; see [Table 29: Application Types Supported by DSR Bulk Import and Export](#).
- The second column describes the configuration data type, such as LocalNode, PeerNode, or RouteList.
- Subsequent fields or columns contain the associated configuration data.
- Fields containing text that includes spaces or commas are enclosed in double quotes.
- Element values that are selected using radio buttons on the GUI page are shown as separate fields or columns in the CSV Format tables. A selected value appears in its field or column; an unselected value is shown as just two commas in the file (...,...) to maintain the positioning in the file.
- The CSV file can include optional comment lines for documenting within the file. Comment lines must begin with a pound sign (#) in the first column, and can be included on any line of the file.

**Table 29: Application Types Supported by DSR Bulk Import and Export**

Application Type	Description
Diameter	Common Diameter PlugIn (DPI)
Rbar	Range Based Address Resolution (RBAR)
Fabr	Full Address Based Resolution (FABR)
Cpa	Charging Proxy Application (CPA)
Sbr	Session Binding Repository (SBR)

**Diameter CSV File Formats**

The following tables describe the CSV file content and attribute field or column positions for all configuration data supported by the Diameter Application Type.

[Local Node configuration elements](#) describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 30: Local Node CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 30: Local Node CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Diameter)
1	LocalNode (Keyword)
2	Name (Key)
3	Fqdn
4	Realm
5	Tcp Port
6	Sctp Port
7	Connection Configuration Set Name

Column	Data Description
8	Cex Configuration Set Name
9	IP Address [0]
	(repeated x 128)
136	IP Address [127]
137	IP Type [0] (LocalIp, PeerIp, IpfeTsa)
	(repeated x 128)
264	IP Type [127] (LocalIp, PeerIp, IpfeTsa)

*Peer Node configuration elements* describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 31: Peer Node CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 31: Peer Node CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Diameter)
1	<b>PeerNode</b> (Keyword)
2	Name (Key)
3	Fqdn
4	Realm
5	Tcp Port
6	Sctp Port
7	Replace Destination Host (No, Yes)
8	Replace Destination Realm (No, Yes)
9	Minimum Connection Capacity
10	Alternate Route on Connection failure (SamePeer, DifferentPeer, SameConnection)
11	Alternate Route on Answer Timeout (SamePeer, DifferentPeer, SameConnection)
12	Alternate Route on Answer Result Code (SamePeer, DifferentPeer, SameConnection)
13	Alternate Implicit Route
14	Maximum Alternate Routing Attempts
15	IP Address [0]
	(repeated x 128)
142	IP Address [127]
143	Routing Option Set

Column	Data Description
144	Pending Answer Timer
145	Peer Route Table
146	Message Priority Setting
147	Message Priority Configuration Set

*Route Group configuration elements* describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 32: Route Group CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 32: Route Group CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Diameter)
1	<b>RouteGrp</b> (Keyword)
2	Name (Key)
3	Type (Peer, Connection)
4	Peer Node 1 Name
5	Peer Node 1 Weight
	(repeated x 64) . . .
130	Peer Node 64 Name
131	Peer Node 64 Weight
132	Connection 1 Name
133	Connection 1 Weight
	(repeated x 64) . . .
258	Connection 64 Name
259	Connection 64 Weight

*Route List configuration elements* describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 33: Route List CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 33: Route List CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Diameter)
1	<b>RouteList</b> (Keyword)
2	Name (Key)

Column	Data Description
3	Minimum Route Group Availability Weight
4	Route Across Route Group (Enabled, Disabled)
5	Route Group 1 Name
6	Route Group 1 Priority
7	Route Group 2 Name
8	Route Group 2 Priority
9	Route Group 3 Name
10	Route Group 3 Priority

*Peer Routing Rule configuration elements* describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 34: Peer Routing Rule CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 34: Peer Routing Rule CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Diameter)
1	<b>PeerRouteRule</b> (Keyword)
2	Name (Key)
3	Priority
4	param (DestHost, DestRealm, OrigHost,OrigRealm, CmdCode, AppID)
5	condOperator (Present, Absent, Equal, Not Equal StartsWith, EndsWith, DontCare, Always True)
6	Value
7	param (DestHost, DestRealm, OrigHost,OrigRealm, CmdCode, AppID)
8	condOperator (Present, Absent, Equal, Not Equal StartsWith, EndsWith, DontCare, Always True)
9	Value
10	param (DestHost, DestRealm, OrigHost,OrigRealm, CmdCode, AppID)
11	condOperator (Present, Absent, Equal, Not Equal StartsWith, EndsWith, DontCare, Always True)
12	Value
13	param (DestHost, DestRealm, OrigHost,OrigRealm, CmdCode, AppID)
14	condOperator (Present, Absent, Equal, Not Equal StartsWith, EndsWith, DontCare, Always True)

Column	Data Description
15	Value
16	param (DestHost, DestRealm, OrigHost, OrigRealm, CmdCode, AppID)
17	condOperator (Present, Absent, Equal, Not Equal StartsWith, EndsWith, DontCare, Always True)
18	value
19	param (DestHost, DestRealm, OrigHost, OrigRealm, CmdCode, AppID)
20	condOperator (Present, Absent, Equal, Not Equal StartsWith, EndsWith, DontCare, Always True)
21	Value
22	Action (RouteToPeer, SendAnswer)
23	Route List Name
24	Diameter Answer Code
25	Answer Error Message
26	Message Priority (NC, PR0, PR1, PR2)
27	Vendor Id
28	Peer Route Table

[Connection configuration elements](#) describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 35: Connection CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 35: Connection CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Diameter)
1	<b>Conn</b> (Keyword)
2	Connection Name (Key)
3	Type (FullySpecified, LocalMpInitiator, LocalMpResponder)
4	Local Node Name
5	Peer Node Name
6	Protocol Type (Tcp, Sctp)
7	Connection Configuration Set Name
8	Cex Configuration Set Name
9	Cap Configuration Set Name
10	Primary Local IP Address

Column	Data Description
11	Secondary Local IP Address
12	Primary Peer IP Address
13	Secondary Peer IP Address
14	Transport Fqdn
15	Peer Identification (Ip, TransportFqdn, PeerFqdn)
16	Local Initiate Port
17	Transport Congestion Abatement Timeout
18	Remote Busy Usage (Enabled, Disabled)
19	Remote Busy Timeout
20	Message Priority Setting
21	Message Priority Configuration Set
22	Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set
23	Test Mode (Yes, No)

*Connection Configuration Set elements* describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 36: Connection Configuration Set CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 36: Connection Configuration Set CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Diameter)
1	<b>ConnCfgSet</b> (Keyword)
2	ConnCfgSet Name (Key)
3	retransInitialTimeout
4	retransMinTimeout
5	retransMaxTimeout
6	retransMaxTimeoutInit
7	retransPathFailure
8	retransAssocFailure
9	retransInitFailure
10	sackDelay
11	heartbeatInterval
12	sctpSockSendSize

Column	Data Description
13	sctpSockReceiveSize
14	sctpNumInboundStreams
15	sctpNumOutboundStreams
16	burstMax
17	sctpDatagramBundlingEnabled
18	tcpSockSendSize
19	tcpSockRecvSize
20	tcTimer
21	twinitTimer
22	tdpxTimer
23	tcexTimer
24	nagleEnabled
25	provingTimeout
26	provingDwrsToSend
27	provingMode
28	pendTransPerConn

*Reroute On Answer configuration elements* describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 37: Reroute on Answer CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 37: Reroute on Answer CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Diameter)
1	<b>RerouteOnAns</b> (Keyword)
2	Answer Result-Code AVP Value
3	Application ID

*System Options elements* describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 38: System Options CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 38: System Options CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Diameter)



Column	Data Description
1	<b>Options</b> (Keyword)
2	EMT Feature Enabled (Yes, No)
3	DAS Answer Result Code (2xxx, any)
4	Message Copy Answer Result Code (2xxx, any)
5	Message Copy Max retry Attempts
6	DAS Route List ID
7	DAS Route List Name
8	Message Copy Request Type (ingress, egress)
9	Fixed Connection Failure Major Aggregation Alarm Threshold
10	Fixed Connection Critical Aggregation Alarm Threshold
11	IPFE Connection Failure Major Aggregation Alarm Threshold
12	IPFE Connection Failure Critical Aggregation Alarm Threshold
13	Peer Node Failure Critical Aggregation Alarm Threshold
14	Route List Failure Critical Aggregation Alarm Threshold

*DNS Options elements* describes the configuration data elements listed in *Table 39: DNS Options CSV Format* and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 39: DNS Options CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Diameter)
1	<b>DnsOption</b> (Keyword)
2	Primary IP
3	Secondary IP
4	Query Duration Timer

*CEX Configuration Set elements* describes the configuration data elements listed in *Table 40: CEX Configuration Set CSV Format* and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 40: CEX Configuration Set CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Diameter)
1	<b>CexCfgSet</b> (Keyword)

Column	Data Description
2	Name
3	Selected Application ID [1]
4	Selected Type [1]
5	Selected Vendor ID[1]
	(repeated x 10)
30	Selected Application ID [10]
31	Selected Type [10]
32	Selected Vendor ID [10]
33	Must Application ID [1]
34	Must Type [1]
35	Must Vendor ID[1]
	(repeated x 10)
60	Must Application ID [10]
61	Must Type [10]
62	Must Vendor ID[10]
63	Vendor ID [1]
	(repeated x 10)
72	Vendor ID [10]

*Capacity Configuration Set elements* describes the configuration data elements listed in *Table 41: Capacity Configuration Set CSV Format* and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 41: Capacity Configuration Set CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Diameter)
1	CapCfgSet (Keyword)
2	Capacity Configuration Set Name (Key)
3	Reserved Ingress MPS
4	Maximum Ingress MPS
5	Ingress MPS Minor Alarm Threshold
6	Ingress MPS Major Alarm Threshold

*Application Routing Rule configuration elements* describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 42: AppRouteRule CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 42: AppRouteRule CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Diameter)
1	<b>AppRouteRule</b> (Keyword)
2	Name (Key)
3	Priority
4	param (DestHost, DestRealm, OrigHost,OrigRealm, CmdCode AppID)
5	condOperator (Present, Absent, Equal, Not Equal StartsWith, EndsWith, DontCare, Always True)
6	Value
7	param (DestHost, DestRealm, OrigHost,OrigRealm, CmdCode AppID)
8	condOperator (Present, Absent, Equal, Not Equal StartsWith, EndsWith, DontCare, Always True)
9	Value
10	param (DestHost, DestRealm, OrigHost,OrigRealm, CmdCode AppID)
11	condOperator (Present, Absent, Equal, Not Equal StartsWith, EndsWith, DontCare, Always True)
12	Value
13	param (DestHost, DestRealm, OrigHost,OrigRealm, CmdCode AppID)
14	condOperator (Present, Absent, Equal, Not Equal StartsWith, EndsWith, DontCare, Always True)
15	Value
16	param (DestHost, DestRealm, OrigHost,OrigRealm, CmdCode AppID)
17	condOperator (Present, Absent, Equal, Not Equal StartsWith, EndsWith, DontCare, Always True)
18	value
19	param (DestHost, DestRealm, OrigHost,OrigRealm, CmdCode AppID)
20	condOperator (Present, Absent, Equal, Not Equal StartsWith, EndsWith, DontCare, Always True)
21	Value
22	Application Name

*Application Ids elements* describes the configuration data elements listed in *Table 43: Application ID CSV Format* and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 43: Application ID CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Diameter)
1	<b>Appids</b> (Keyword)
2	Application ID
3	Name
4	Routing Option Set
5	Pending Answer Timer
6	Peer Route Table

*CEX Parameters elements* describes the configuration data elements listed in *Table 44: CEX Parameters CSV Format* and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 44: CEX Parameters CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Diameter)
1	<b>CexParameters</b> (Keyword)
2	Application ID
3	Vendor Specific Application ID
4	Vendor ID

*Pending Answer Timers elements* describes the configuration data elements listed in *Table 45: Pending Answer Timer CSV Format* and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 45: Pending Answer Timer CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Diameter)
1	<b>PendingAnswerTimer</b> (Keyword)
2	Name
3	Timer

*Routing Option Sets elements* describes the configuration data elements listed in *Table 46: Routing Option Set CSV Format* and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 46: Routing Option Set CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Diameter)
1	<b>RoutingOptionSet</b> (Keyword)
2	Name
3	Maximum Per Message Forwarding Allowed
4	Transaction Lifetime
5	Resource Exhausted Action
6	Resource Exhausted Result Code
7	Resource Exhausted Error Message
8	Resource Exhausted Vendor Id
9	No Peer Response Action
10	No Peer Response Result Code
11	No Peer Response Error Message
12	No Peer Response Vendor Id
13	Connection Failure Action
14	Connection Failure Result Code
15	Connection Failure Error Message
16	Connection Failure Vendor Id
17	Connection Congestion Action
18	Connection Congestion Result Code
19	Connection Congestion Error Message
20	Connection Congestion Vendor Id

*Peer Route Tables elements* describes the configuration data elements listed in *Table 47: Peer Route Table CSV Format* and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 47: Peer Route Table CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Diameter)

Column	Data Description
1	<b>PeerRouteTable</b> (Keyword)
2	Name

*Message Priority Configuration Set elements* describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 48: Message Priority Configuration Set CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 48: Message Priority Configuration Set CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Diameter)
1	<b>MsgPriorityCfgSet</b> (Keyword)
2	Name
3	Application Id[1]
4	Command Code[1]
5	Message Priority[1]
	(repeated x 50)
150	Application Id[50]
151	Command Code[50]
152	Message Priority[50]

*Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set elements* describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 49: Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 49: Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Diameter)
1	<b>MsgThrottlingCfgSet</b> (Keyword)
2	Name
3	Maximum EMR
4	Smoothing Factor
5	Abatement Timer
6	TT1
7	AT1
8	TT2

Column	Data Description
9	AT2
10	TT3
11	AT3

### Range-Based Address Resolution (RBAR) CSV File Formats

The following tables describe the CSV file content and attribute column positions for all configuration data supported by the RBAR Application Type.

**Note:** Address Individual and Address Range elements are in different CSV files for performance reasons.

"Applications configuration elements" in the RBAR Help describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 50: Supported Application CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 50: Supported Application CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Rbar)
1	<b>SuppAppl</b> (Keyword)
2	Application ID
3	Routing Mode (Proxy)

"Addresses configuration elements" in the RBAR Help describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 51: Address Individual CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 51: Address Individual CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Rbar)
1	<b>AddressIndv</b> (Keyword)
2	Table Name
3	Address
4	Destination
5	Pfx Length
6	Routing Entity (Imsi, Msisdn, Impi, Impu, Ipv4, Ipv6PfxAddr, Unsigned16)
7	Old Table Name
8	Old Address

Column	Data Description
9	Old Pfx Length

"Addresses configuration elements" in the RBAR Help describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 51: Address Individual CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 52: Address Range CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Rbar)
1	<b>AddressRange</b> (Keyword)
2	Table Name
3	Start Address
4	End Address
5	Destination
6	Pfx Length
7	Old Table Name
8	Old Start Address
9	Old Pfx Length

"Address Tables configuration elements" in the RBAR Help describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 53: Address Table CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 53: Address Table CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Rbar)
1	<b>AddressTable</b> (Keyword)
2	Name
3	Comment
4	Routing Entity (Imsi, Msisdn, Impi, Impu, Ipv4, Ipv6PfxAddr, Unsigned16)

"Destinations configuration elements" in the RBAR Help describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 54: Destination Table CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.



Table 54: Destination Table CSV Format

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Rbar)
1	<b>Destination</b> (Keyword)
2	Name
3	Realm
4	Fqdn
5	Avp Insertion (No, Yes)

"Exceptions configuration elements" in the RBAR Help describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 55: Routing Exception CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

Table 55: Routing Exception CSV Format

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Rbar)
1	<b>RoutingException</b> (Keyword)
2	Application ID
3	Exception Type (UnknownCmdCode, NoRoutingEntityAddress, NoDrtEntry)
4	Action (FwdUnchanged, FwdToDest, SendAnswer, SendAnsExp)
5	Destination Name
6	Answer Result Code
7	Vendor ID
8	Error Message

"Address Resolutions configuration elements" in the RBAR Help describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 56: Address Resolution CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

Table 56: Address Resolution CSV Format

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Rbar)
1	<b>Resolution</b> (Keyword)
2	Application ID
3	CMD Code
4	CMD Name

Column	Data Description
5	Routing Entity 1 (Imsi, Msisdn, Impi, Impu, Ipv4, Ipv6PfxAddr, Unsigned16)
6	Re 1 Avp 1 (PublicIdentity, SvcInfoSubscrId0, SvcInfoSubscrId1, SvcInfoSubscrId2, SvcInfoSubscrId3, SvcInfoSubscrId4, SubscriptionId0, SubscriptionId1, SubscriptionId2, SubscriptionId3, SubscriptionId4, UserIdentityMsisdn, UserIdentityPublic, UserName, FramedIpAddress, FramedIpv6Prefix, SvcInfoPsInfo3gppcc, Unprovisioned)
7	Re 1 Avp 2 (PublicIdentity, SvcInfoSubscrId0, SvcInfoSubscrId1, SvcInfoSubscrId2, SvcInfoSubscrId3, SvcInfoSubscrId4, SubscriptionId0, SubscriptionId1, SubscriptionId2, SubscriptionId3, SubscriptionId4, UserIdentityMsisdn, UserIdentityPublic, UserName, FramedIpAddress, FramedIpv6Prefix, SvcInfoPsInfo3gppcc, Unprovisioned)
8	Re 1 Address Table Name
9	Routing Entity 2 (Imsi, Msisdn, Impi, Impu, Ipv4, Ipv6PfxAddr, Unsigned16)
10	Re 2 Avp 1 (PublicIdentity, SvcInfoSubscrId0, SvcInfoSubscrId1, SvcInfoSubscrId2, SvcInfoSubscrId3, SvcInfoSubscrId4, SubscriptionId0, SubscriptionId1, SubscriptionId2, SubscriptionId3, SubscriptionId4, UserIdentityMsisdn, UserIdentityPublic, UserName, FramedIpAddress, FramedIpv6Prefix, SvcInfoPsInfo3gppcc, Unprovisioned)
11	Re 2 Avp 2 (PublicIdentity, SvcInfoSubscrId0, SvcInfoSubscrId1, SvcInfoSubscrId2, SvcInfoSubscrId3, SvcInfoSubscrId4, SubscriptionId0, SubscriptionId1, SubscriptionId2, SubscriptionId3, SubscriptionId4, UserIdentityMsisdn, UserIdentityPublic, UserName, FramedIpAddress, FramedIpv6Prefix, SvcInfoPsInfo3gppcc, Unprovisioned)
12	Re 2 Address Table name

"System Options elements" in the RBAR Help describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 57: Option CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 57: Option CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Rbar)
1	<b>Option</b> (Keyword)
2	Uri Supported (No, Yes)
3	RemoveDestHOS (No, Yes)
4	Exclude Space (No, Yes)
5	Allow Subsequent DSR App Invoc (No, Yes)
6	Realm
7	Fqdn
8	Resource Exhaustion Error Code
9	Resource Exhaustion Error Message

Column	Data Description
10	Resource Exhaustion Vendor ID
11	Unavailable Application Action (ContinueRouting, DefaultRoute, SendAnswer, SendAnsExp)
12	Unavailable Application Route List
13	Unavailable Application Result Code
14	Unavailable Application Error Message
15	Unavailable Application Vendor ID
16	ASCII Exluded List [0]
	(repeated x 20) . . .
35	ASCII Excluded List [19]
36	TBCD Excluded List [0]
	(repeated x 5) . . .
40	TBCD Excluded List [4]

#### Full Address-Based Resolution (FABR) CSV File Formats

The following tables describe the CSV file content and attribute column positions for all configuration data supported by the FABR Application Type.

"Applications configuration elements" in the FABR Help describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 50: Supported Application CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 58: Supported Application CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Fabr)
1	<b>SuppAppl</b> (Keyword)
2	Application ID
3	Routing Mode (Proxy)

"Exceptions configuration elements" in the FABR Help describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 55: Routing Exception CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 59: Routing Exception CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (FABR)

Column	Data Description
1	<b>RoutingException</b> (Keyword)
2	Application ID
3	Exception Type (UnknownCmdCode, NoRoutingEntityAddress, NoAddrMatch, DpErrors, DpCongestion)
4	Action (FwdUnchanged, FwdToDest, SendAnswer, SendAnsExp)
5	Destination Name
6	Answer Result Code
7	Vendor ID
8	Error Message

"Destinations configuration elements" in the FABR Help describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 54: Destination Table CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 60: Default Destination Table CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Fabr)
1	<b>Destination</b> (Keyword)
2	Name
3	Realm
4	Fqdn

"Address Resolutions configuration elements" in the FABR Help describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 56: Address Resolution CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 61: Address Resolution CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Fabr)
1	<b>Resolution</b> (Keyword)
2	Application ID
3	CMD Code
4	Routing Entity 1 (Imsi, Msisdn, Impi, Impu)
5	Re 1 Avp 1 (PublicIdentity, SvcInfoSubscrId0, SvcInfoSubscrId1, SvcInfoSubscrId2, SvcInfoSubscrId3, SubscriptionId0, SubscriptionId1, SubscriptionId2, SubscriptionId3, UserIdentityMsisdn, UserIdentityPublic, UserName, WildCardedPubIdnty)

Column	Data Description
6	Re 1 Avp 2 (PublicIdentity, SvcInfoSubscrId0, SvcInfoSubscrId1, SvcInfoSubscrId2, SvcInfoSubscrId3, SubscriptionId0, SubscriptionId1, SubscriptionId2, SubscriptionId3, UserIdentityMsisdn, UserIdentityPublic, UserName, WildCardedPubIdnty)
7	Re 1 Destination Type (ImsHss, LteHss, Pcrf, Ocs, Ofcs, Aaa, UserDefined1, UserDefined 2)
8	Routing Entity 2 (Imsi, Msisdn, Impi, Impu)
9	Re 2 Avp 1 (PublicIdentity, SvcInfoSubscrId0, SvcInfoSubscrId1, SvcInfoSubscrId2, SvcInfoSubscrId3, SubscriptionId0, SubscriptionId1, SubscriptionId2, SubscriptionId3, UserIdentityMsisdn, UserIdentityPublic, UserName, WildCardedPubIdnty)
10	Re 2 Avp 2 (PublicIdentity, SvcInfoSubscrId0, SvcInfoSubscrId1, SvcInfoSubscrId2, SvcInfoSubscrId3, SubscriptionId0, SubscriptionId1, SubscriptionId2, SubscriptionId3, UserIdentityMsisdn, UserIdentityPublic, UserName, WildCardedPubIdnty)
11	Re 2 Destination Type (ImsHss, LteHss, Pcrf, Ocs, Ofcs, Aaa, UserDefined1, UserDefined 2)

"System Options elements" in the FABR Help describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 57: Option CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 62: Option CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Fabr)
1	<b>Option</b> (Keyword)
2	Exclude Space (No, Yes)
3	Allow Subsequent DSR App Invoc (No, Yes)
4	Realm
5	Fqdn
6	Resource Exhaustion Error Code
7	Resource Exhaustion Error Message
8	Resource Exhaustion Vendor ID
9	Unavailable Application Action (ContinueRouting, DefaultRoute, SendAnswer, SendAnsExp)
10	Unavailable Application Route List
11	Unavailable Application Result Code
12	Unavailable Application Error Message
13	Unavailable Application Vendor ID

Column	Data Description
15	ASCII Excluded List [0]
	(repeated x 20) . . .
33	ASCII Excluded List [19]
35	TBCD Excluded List [0]
	(repeated x 5) . . .
39	TBCD Excluded List [4]

### Charging Proxy Application (CPA) CSV File Formats

The following tables describe the CSV file content and attribute column positions for all configuration data supported by the CPA Application Type.

"System Options configuration elements" in the Charging Proxy Application (CPA) Help describes the configuration data elements listed in [Table 63: System Option CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 63: System Option CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Cpa)
1	<b>Option</b> (Keyword)
2	id
3	name
4	unavailableAction (SendAnswer)
5	unavailableAppResultCode
6	unavailableActionVendorId
7	unavailableActionErrorMessage
8	application InvokedAvpInsertion (Yes, No)
9	shutdownMode (Graceful, Force)
10	shutdownTimer
11	generateAnswerResultCode
12	generateAnswerVendorId
13	generateAnswerErrorMessage
14	behaviorIfSessionLookupError (GenerateAnswer, ContinueRouting)

"Message Copy elements" in the Charging Proxy Application (CPA) Help describes the Message Copy configuration data elements listed in [Table 64: Message Copy CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 64: Message Copy CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Cpa)
1	<b>Messagecopy</b> (Keyword)
2	messageCopyStatus
3	messageCopyRouteList1
4	messageCopyRouteList2
5	messageCopyRouteList3
6	messageCopyRouteList4
7	messageCopyRouteList5
8	messageCopyRouteList6
9	messageCopyRouteList7
10	messageCopyRouteList8
11	messageCopyRouteList9
12	messageCopyRouteList102
13	calledStationIdString1
14	calledStationIdString2
15	calledStationIdString3
16	calledStationIdString4

"SBR elements" in the Charging Proxy Application (CPA) Help describes the Session Binding Repository (SBR) configuration data elements listed in [Table 65: SBR CSV Format](#) and configuration considerations for the data elements that must be observed when the elements are edited in the CSV files.

**Table 65: SBR CSV Format**

Column	Data Description
0	Application Type (Sbr)
1	<b>Sbrconfig</b> (Keyword)
2	sbdbAuditStartTime
3	sbdbAuditStopTime
4	staleSbdbSessionBindingAge

## Configuration

Column	Data Description
5	maximumActiveSessionBindings
6	mostlyStalePercent



# Chapter 3

## Maintenance

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### Topics:

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The **Diameter ► Maintenance** pages allow you to view status information for Route Lists, Route Groups, Peer Nodes, Connections, Applications, and Diameter Agent Message Processors (DA-MPs). On the **Connections** maintenance page you can enable and disable connections. On the **Applications** maintenance page you can enable and disable applications.

## Overview

The **Diameter ► Maintenance** pages allow you to view the following information and perform the following actions:

- On the Diameter Maintenance pages you can view status information for Route Lists, Route Groups, Peer Nodes, Connections, Applications, and Diameter Agent Message Processors (DA-MPs).
- On the **Diameter Maintenance Connections** page you can enable and disable connections.
- On the **Diameter Maintenance Applications** page you can enable and disable applications.

## Route List maintenance

The **Route Lists Maintenance** page allows you to view the minimum availability weight and Route Group assignments for configured Route Lists. You can also view the priority, status, active/standby assignments, provisioned and current capacity, and the status of Route Groups assigned to a Route List.

This information can be used to determine if changes need to be made to the Peer Routing Rules Route List assignments to better facilitate Diameter message routing. Additionally, this information is useful for troubleshooting alarms.

On the **Route Lists Maintenance** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of Route Lists to display only the desired Route Lists.
- Sort the list by a column, in ascending or descending order, by clicking the column heading. The default order is by **Route List Name** in ascending ASCII order.
- Prevent the page from automatically refreshing by clicking the **Pause updates** check box.

## Route List maintenance elements

This table describes fields on the Route Lists maintenance page.

**Table 66: Route Lists Maintenance Elements**

Field	Description
Route List Name	Name of the Route List.
Minimum Route Group Availability Weight	Minimum Route Group availability weight for this Route List.
Route Group	Route Groups assigned to the Route List.
MP Server Hostname	<p>Hostname of the Message Processor Server from which status is reported.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For a Multiple Active DA-MP configuration, the MP Leader always reports the Route List status</li> </ul>

Field	Description
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For an Active/Standby DA-MP configuration, the Active DA-MP reports the Route List status</li> </ul>
Priority	Priority of each Route Group in the Route List.
Provisioned Capacity	Capacity assignment for each Route Group in the Route List.
Current Capacity	Current capacity available for each Route Group in the Route List.
Active/Standby	<p>A Route Group can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Active: this is the Route Group that Diameter messages are actively being routed to</li> <li>Standby: messages are not currently being routed to this Route Group, unless the Active Route Group is unavailable and Route Across Route Groups is enabled on the Route List</li> <li>Unk: information on this Route Group is not present in the database</li> </ul>
Status	<p>Route List or Route Group status can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Available: the available capacity of the Route Group is greater than the Minimum Route Group Availability Weight</li> <li>Degraded: the available capacity of the Route Group is greater than zero, but less than the Minimum Route Group Availability Weight</li> <li>Unavailable: the Route Group available capacity is zero</li> <li>Unk: status information is not available in the database</li> </ul>
Time of Last Update	Time stamp that shows the last time the status information was updated.

## Viewing Route List status

Use this task to view the current status of configured Route Lists.

Select **Diameter > Maintenance > Route Lists**.  
The **Diameter Route Lists Maintenance** page appears.

## Route Group maintenance

The **Route Groups Maintenance** page allows you to view the provisioned and available capacity for Route Groups and to view information about Peer Nodes or Connections assigned to a Route Group.

This information can be used to determine if changes need to be made to the Peer Node or Connection assignments in a Route Group in order to better facilitate Diameter message routing. Additionally, this information is useful for troubleshooting alarms.

On the **Route Groups Maintenance** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of Route Groups to display only the desired Route Groups.
- Sort the list by **Route Group Name**, in ascending or descending order, by clicking the column heading. The default order is ascending ASCII order.
- Click the + in any entry in the **Peer Node/Connection** field to view information about the Peer Nodes or Connections in a Route Group.
- With an entry in the **Peer Node/Connection** field expanded, click the Peer Node or Connection Name to go to the maintenance page for the Peer Node or Connection.
- Prevent the page from automatically refreshing by clicking the **Pause updates** check box.

## Route Group maintenance elements

This table describes fields on the Route Groups maintenance page.

**Table 67: Route Group Maintenance Elements**

Field	Description
Route Group Name	Name of the Route Group.
Peer Node/Connection	Number and names of Peer Nodes or Connections in the Route Group.
MP Server Hostname	Hostname of MP Server from which status is reported. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For a Multiple Active DA-MP configuration, the MP Leader always reports the Route Group status</li> <li>• For an Active/Standby DA-MP configuration, the Active DA-MP reports the Route Group status</li> </ul>
Provisioned Capacity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For a Peer Route Group, the sum total of the Provisioned Capacity of all the Peer Nodes in the Route Group.</li> <li>• For a Connection Route Group, the sum total of the Provisioned Capacity of all the Connections in the Route Group.</li> </ul>
Provisioned Percent	The percentage of capacity assigned to each Peer Node/Connection compared to all Peer Nodes/Connections in the Route Group.
Available Capacity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For a Peer Route Group, the sum total of the Available Capacity of all the Peer Nodes in the Route Group.</li> <li>• For a Connection Route Group, the sum total of Available Capacity of all the Connections in the Route Group.</li> </ul>
Available Percent	The percentage of capacity the Peer Node/Connection currently has compared to the total available capacity of all Peer Nodes/Connections in the Route Group.

Field	Description
Peer Node/Connection Status	Peer Node/Connection Status can be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Available: the available capacity is greater than the minimum capacity</li> <li>• Degraded: the available capacity is greater than zero, but less than the provisioned capacity</li> <li>• Unavailable: the available capacity is zero</li> <li>• Unk: status information is not available in the database</li> </ul>
Time of Last Update	Time stamp that shows the last time the status information was updated.

## Viewing Route Group status

Use this task to view the status of configured Route Groups.

Select **Diameter > Maintenance > Route Groups**.

The **Diameter Route Groups Maintenance** page appears.

## Peer Node maintenance

The **Peer Nodes Maintenance** page provides the operational status of Peer Node connections, including a reason for the status.

On the **Peer Nodes Maintenance** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of Peer Nodes to display only the desired Peer Nodes.
- Sort the list by a column, in ascending or descending order, by clicking the column heading (except **MP Server Hostname** and **Connection**). The default order is by **Peer Node Name** in ascending ASCII order.
- Click the + in any entry in the **Connection** field to view information about the Connections associated with the Peer Node.
- With an entry in the **Connection** field expanded, click the Connection Name to go to the maintenance page for the Connection.
- Prevent the page from automatically refreshing by clicking the **Pause updates** check box.

## Peer Node maintenance elements

This table describes fields on the Peer Nodes maintenance page.

**Table 68: Peer Nodes Maintenance Elements**

Field	Description
Peer Node Name	Name of the Peer Node.

Field	Description
MP Server Hostname	<p>Hostname of MP Server from which status is reported.</p> <p>For the Peer Node status:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For a Multiple Active DA-MP configuration, the MP Leader always reports the Peer Node status</li> <li>For an Active/Standby DA-MP configuration, the Active DA-MP reports the Peer Node status</li> </ul> <p>For Connection status (when the Connection field is expanded):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fixed (non-IPFE) Connections are always reported by the DA-MP that hosts the Fixed Connection</li> <li>Owned IPFE Connections are always reported by the DA-MP that hosts the established IPFE Connection</li> <li>Unowned IPFE Connections (ones that have been configured, but are currently not assigned to a DA-MP by IPFE) are reported by the MP Leader</li> </ul>
Operational Status	<p>Peer Node Operational Status can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Available: at least one Peer Node connection is available for routing</li> <li>Degraded: the Peer Node connection is not unavailable but it is not operating as expected. The Operational Reason field provides additional information on this status.</li> <li>Unavailable: all connections for a Peer Node are unavailable. The Operational Reason field provides additional information on this status.</li> </ul>
Operational Reason	Reason for the Peer Node Operational Status. Information is also available for each connection.
Connection	Number and names of connections associated with the Peer Node.
Time of Last Update	Time stamp that shows the last time the status information was updated.

## Viewing Peer Node status

Use this task to view the current status of configured Peer Nodes.

Select **Diameter > Maintenance > Peer Nodes**.

The **Diameter Peer Nodes Maintenance** page appears.

## Connection maintenance

The **Connections Maintenance** page allows you to view information about existing connections, including the operational status of each connection.

On the **Connections Maintenance** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of Connections to display only the desired Connections.
- Sort the list by a column in ascending or descending order, by clicking the column heading. The default order is by **Connection Name** in ascending ASCII order.
- Click a Local Node to go the configuration page for the Local Node.
- Click a Peer Node to go to the maintenance page or the Peer Node.
- Click a Message Priority or Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set to go to the configuration page for the Configuration Set.
- Prevent the page from automatically refreshing by clicking the **Pause updates** check box.
- Enable connections.
- Disable connections.
- View statistics for an SCTP connection.
- Run diagnostics on a test connection.

For information about diagnostics reports, see [Viewing, Printing, and Saving Diagnostics Tool Reports](#).

## Connection maintenance elements

This table describes fields on the Connections maintenance page.

**Table 69: Connections Maintenance Elements**

Field	Description
Connection Name	Name of the connection
MP Server Hostname	Hostname of the MP server from which status is reported: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fixed (non-IPFE) Connections are always reported by the DA-MP that hosts the Fixed Connection</li> <li>• Established IPFE Connections are always reported by the DA-MP that hosts the established IPFE Connection</li> <li>• Non-Established IPFE Connections (ones that have been configured, but are currently not assigned to a DA-MP by IPFE) are reported by the MP Leader</li> </ul>
Admin State	A connection's administrative state can be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enabled: the connection is Enabled</li> <li>• Disabled: the connection is Disabled</li> <li>• Unk: unknown; the state of the connection is not available in the database</li> </ul>

Field	Description
Operational Status	<p>A connection's administrative state can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Available: the connection is available for routing</li> <li>• Degraded: the connection is not unavailable but it is not operating as expected. The Operational Reason field provides additional information on this status.</li> <li>• Unavailable: the connection is unavailable. The Operational Reason field provides additional information on this status.</li> </ul>
CPL	<p>The Connection Priority Level is the maximum of the following values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Operational Status (0=available; 3=degraded; 99=unavailable)</li> <li>• Remote Busy Congestion Level (0-3)</li> <li>• Egress Transport Congestion Level (0-4)</li> <li>• Egress Message Rate Congestion Level (0-3)</li> </ul>
Operational Reason	<p>Reason for the Operational Status. The following reasons can occur:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Disabled</li> <li>• Connecting</li> <li>• Listening</li> <li>• Abnormal</li> <li>• Disconnecting</li> <li>• Proving</li> <li>• Watchdog</li> <li>• Remote Busy Congestion</li> <li>• Egress Transport Congestion</li> <li>• Egress Message Rate Congestion</li> <li>• Normal</li> <li>• Peer with reduced IP set</li> </ul>
Connection Mode	<p>The connection can have one of the following connection modes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Initiator Only</b> - indicates that the Local Node will initiate the connection the Peer Nodes.</li> <li>• <b>Responder Only</b> - indicates that the Local Node will only respond to the connection initiated from the Peer Node.</li> <li>• <b>Initiator &amp; Responder</b> - indicates that the Local Node will initiate a connection in addition to responding to connection initiations from the Peer Node.</li> </ul>
Local Node	Local Node associated with the connection
Peer Node	Peer Node associated with the connection
Remote IP Addresses	The IP address(es) of the Peer Node associated with the connection
Remote Port	The Listen Port of the Peer Node associated with the connection



Field	Description
Ingress Msgs Per Second	A 30-second running average of the Ingress messages processed by the connection
Common Application Ids	A comma-separated list of application IDs received in a Diameter CEA message, or a list of application names. The first 10 application IDs received in the CEA are listed.
Transport Congestion Abatement Timeout	The amount of time spent at Egress Transport Congestion Levels 3, 2, and 1 during Egress Transport Congestion Abatement
Remote Busy Usage	<p>Indicates which Request messages can be forwarded on this connection after receiving a DIAMETER_TOO_BUSY response from the connection's Peer.</p> <p><b>Disabled</b> The connection is not considered to be BUSY after receiving a DIAMETER_TOO_BUSY response. All Request messages continue to be forwarded to (or rerouted to) this connection.</p> <p><b>Enabled</b> The connection is considered to be BUSY after receiving a DIAMETER_TOO_BUSY response. No Request messages are forwarded to (or rerouted to) this connection until the <b>Remote Busy Abatement Timeout</b> expires.</p> <p><b>Host Override</b> The connection is considered to be BUSY after receiving a DIAMETER_TOO_BUSY response. Only Request messages whose Destination-Host AVP value is the same as the connection's Peer FQDN can be forwarded to (or rerouted to) this connection until the <b>Remote Busy Abatement Timeout</b> expires.</p>
Remote Busy Abatement Timeout	If Remote Busy Usage is Enabled or Host Override, this is the time period in seconds that the connection will be considered BUSY from the last time a DIAMETER_TOO_BUSY response was received.
Message Priority Setting	<p>Indicates the source of Message Priority for a request message arriving on the connection. Possible settings are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• None - use the Default Message Priority Configuration Set</li> <li>• Read from Request Message - read the message priority from the ingress request</li> <li>• User Configured - Apply the user configured Message Priority Configuration Set</li> </ul>
Message Priority Configuration Set	The Message Priority Configuration Set associated with the connection
Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set	The Egress Message Throttling Configuration Set associated with the connection

Field	Description
Smoothed EMR	The most recent smoothed Egress Message Rate on the connection
Test Mode	Indicates if this is a test connection
PDUs to Diagnose	For a test connection currently undergoing diagnosis, this shows the number of PDUs yet to be diagnosed.
Time of Last Update	Time stamp that shows the last time the status information was updated

## Viewing Connection status

Use this task to view the current status of configured connections.

Select **Diameter > Maintenance > Connections**.  
The **Diameter Maintenance Connections** page appears.

## Enabling Connections

Use the following steps to enable one or more connections.

1. Select **Diameter > Maintenance > Connections**.  
The **Diameter Maintenance Connections** page appears.
  2. Select 1 - 20 connections to enable.  
To select multiple connections, press the CTRL key when selecting each connection. To select multiple contiguous connections, click the first connection you want, then press the SHIFT key and select the last connection you want. All the connections between are also selected.
  3. Click **Enable**.  
A confirmation box appears.
  4. Click **OK**.  
The selected connections are enabled.
- If any of the selected connections no longer exist (they have been deleted by another user), an error message is displayed, but any selected connections that do exist are enabled.

## Enabling All Connections

Use the following steps to enable all connections that are displayed as result of the application of a filter. If a filter is applied, then all connections that meet the filter requirements and that are currently disabled will be enabled. If no filter is applied, then **all** currently disabled connections will be enabled.

1. Select **Diameter > Maintenance > Connections**.  
The **Diameter Maintenance Connections** page appears.
2. Optionally, click **Filter** and add up to four filters to limit the number of connections displayed.  
Click **Go** to apply the filter.
3. Click **Enable All**.  
A confirmation box appears.

4. Click **OK**.

The connections are enabled.

If any of the selected connections no longer exist (they have been deleted by another user), an error message is displayed, but any selected connections that do exist are enabled.

## Disabling Connections

Use the following steps to disable one or more connections.

1. Select **Diameter > Maintenance > Connections**.  
The **Diameter Maintenance Connections** page appears.
2. Select 1 - 20 connections to disable.  
To select multiple connections, press the CTRL key when selecting each connection. To select multiple contiguous connections, click the first connection you want, then press the SHIFT key and select the last connection you want. All the connections between are also selected.
3. Click **Disable**.  
A confirmation box appears.
4. Click **OK**.  
The selected connections are disabled.

If any of the selected connections no longer exist (they have been deleted by another user), an error message is displayed, but any selected connections that do exist are disabled.

## Disabling All Connections

Use the following steps to disable all connections that are displayed as result of the application of a filter. If a filter is applied, then all connections that meet the filter requirements and that are currently enabled will be disabled. If no filter is applied, then **all** currently enabled connections will be disabled.

1. Select **Diameter > Maintenance > Connections**.  
The **Diameter Maintenance Connections** page appears.
2. Optionally, click **Filter** and add up to four filters to limit the number of connections displayed.  
Click **Go** to apply the filter.
3. Click **Disable All**.  
A confirmation box appears.
4. Click **OK**.  
The connections are disabled.

If any of the selected connections no longer exist (they have been deleted by another user), an error message is displayed, but any selected connections that do exist are disabled.

## Viewing statistics for an SCTP connection

Use the following steps to view statistics for an SCTP connection.

1. Select **Diameter > Maintenance > Connections**.  
The **Diameter Maintenance Connections** page appears.
2. Select an SCTP connection that has an Operational Status of Available or Degraded.

### 3. Click **SCTP STATISTICS**.

The **Diameter Maintenance Connections SCTP Statistics** page appears.

## Connections SCTP Statistics

The **Connections SCTP Statistics** page allows you to view statistics about paths within an SCTP connection.

Each line on the **Connections SCTP Statistics** page represents a path within an SCTP connection.

On the **Connections SCTP Statistics** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of paths to display only the desired paths.
- Get information about the SCTP connection by clicking **Info**.
- Sort the list by **IP Address**, in ascending or descending order, by clicking the column heading. The default order is ascending ASCII order.
- Refresh the statistics by clicking **Update**.

### *Connections SCTP Statistics elements*

This table describes fields on the Connections SCTP Statistics page.

**Table 70: Connections SCTP Statistics Elements**

Field	Description
IP Address	The Peer Remote IP Address associated with the path
State	Indicates whether the path is active or inactive
Congestion Window (cwnd)	The maximum amount of data, in bytes, that can be sent before an acknowledgment must be received
Smoothened Round Trip Time (srtt) (ms)	The round-trip time, in milliseconds, associated with the path, smoothened to remove sample-to-sample fluctuations
Retr. Timeout (rto) (ms)	Retransmission timeout; the amount of time, in milliseconds, to wait for an acknowledgment before declaring a transmission error
Path MTU (pmtu)	Maximum transmission unit; the maximum data unit size, in bytes, that can be sent on the path without fragmentation

## Starting Diagnosis on a Test Connection

Use the following steps to start diagnosis on a test connection.

1. Select **Diameter > Maintenance > Connections**.  
The **Diameter Maintenance Connections** page appears.
2. Select a single connection with the following conditions:
  - **Admin State** is Enabled
  - **Test Mode** is YES.
  - **PDU's to Diagnose** is 0
3. Click **Diagnose Start**.

A confirmation box appears.

4. Click **OK**.

The selected test connection is under diagnosis. The PDUs to Diagnose value is set to the maximum diagnose PDU count.

If the selected connection no longer exists (it was deleted by another user), an error message is displayed and the Connections Maintenance page is refreshed.

## Ending Diagnosis on a Test Connection

Use the following steps to end diagnosis on a test connection.

1. Select **Diameter > Maintenance > Connections**.

The **Diameter Maintenance Connections** page appears.

2. Select a single connection with the following conditions:

- **Admin State** is Enabled
- **Test Mode** is YES.
- **PDUs to Diagnose** is greater than 0.

3. Click **Diagnose End**.

A confirmation box appears.

4. Click **OK**.

Diagnosis on the selected test connection is stopped. The PDUs to Diagnose value is set to 0.

If the selected connection no longer exists (it was deleted by another user), an error message is displayed and the Connections Maintenance page is refreshed.

## Application maintenance

The **Applications Maintenance** page allows you to view state and congestion information about existing DSR applications.

On the **Applications Maintenance** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of Applications to display only the desired Applications.
- Sort the list by column, in ascending or descending order, by clicking the column heading. The default order is by **DSR Application Name** in ascending ASCII order.
- Change the Admin State of a selected DSR Application to Enabled or Disabled on a selected MP Server. See [Enabling Applications](#) and [Disabling Applications](#).
- Prevent the page from automatically refreshing by clicking the **Pause updates** check box.

## Applications maintenance elements

The following table describes fields on the Applications maintenance page.

Table 71: Applications Maintenance Elements

Field	Description
DSR Application Name	Name of the DSR Application
MP Server Hostname	Hostname of the Message Processor Server from which status is reported
Admin State	Admin State of the DSR Application (Enabled, Disabled). The Admin State persists over DSR Application restart and server reboot.
Operational Status	Operational Status of the DSR Application (Unavailable, Available, or Degraded)
Operational Reason	Operational Reason that is filled in by the DSR Application and extracted from the database
Congestion Level	Congestion Level of the DSR Application (Normal, CL1, CL2, CL3)
Time of Last Update	Time stamp that shows when the application changed to the status shown in Operational State
If the run-time data for Operational Status, Operational Reason, Congestion Level, and Time of Last Status change is not present in the database, the data is displayed as Unknown.	

## Viewing Application status

Use this task to view the current status of configured applications.

Select **Diameter > Maintenance > Applications**.

The **Diameter Maintenance Applications** page appears.

## Enabling Applications

Use this task to enable one or more applications.

Applications are enabled only on the MP servers shown in the rows you select.

1. Select **Diameter > Maintenance > Applications**.

The **Diameter Maintenance Applications** page appears.

2. Select one or more applications to enable.

To select multiple applications, press the CTRL key when selecting each application. To select multiple contiguous applications, click the first application you want, then press the SHIFT key and select the last application you want. All the applications between are also selected.

3. Click **Enable**.

A popup window appears.

4. Click

- **OK** to enable the selected applications and bring the applications to the Available Operational State.
- **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter Maintenance Applications** page without enabling the applications.

If **OK** is clicked and an application no longer exists in the system (it was deleted by another user), an error message is displayed and the Applications Maintenance page is refreshed.

## Disabling Applications

Use this task to disable one or more applications.

Applications are disabled only on the MP servers shown in the rows you select.

1. Select **Diameter > Maintenance > Applications**.  
The **Diameter Maintenance Applications** page appears.
2. Select one or more applications to disable.  
To select multiple applications, press the CTRL key when selecting each application. To select multiple contiguous applications, click the first application you want, then press the SHIFT key and select the last application you want. All the applications between are also selected.
3. Click **Disable**.  
A confirmation box appears.
4. Click
  - **OK** to disable the selected applications and bring the applications to the Unavailable Operational State.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter Maintenance Applications** page without disabling the applications.

If **OK** is clicked and an application no longer exists in the system (it was deleted by another user), an error message is displayed and the Applications Maintenance page is refreshed.

## DA-MP maintenance

The **DA-MPs Maintenance** page allows you to view state and congestion information about Diameter Agent Message Processors.

On the **DA-MPs Maintenance** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Click the **Peer DA-MP Status** tab to view peer status information for the DA-MPs.
- Click the **DA-MP Connectivity** tab to view information about connections on the DA-MPs.
- Click the tab for an individual DA-MP to see DA-MP and connection status from the point-of-view of that DA-MP.

If there are more tabs than fit on one page, click the left and right arrow buttons to scroll through the tabs, or click the down arrow button to select a specific tab from a menu.

- Prevent the page from automatically refreshing by clicking the **Pause updates** check box.

For detailed information about the fields displayed on the DA-MP Maintenance page, see [DA-MPs maintenance elements](#).

## DA-MPs maintenance elements

The following table describes fields on the DA-MPs maintenance page.

Table 72: DA-MPs Maintenance Elements

Field	Description
<b>Peer DA-MP Status Tab</b>	
MP ID	The numeric identifier of the reporting DA-MP Server
MP Server Hostname	The hostname of the reporting DA-MP Server
# Peer MPs Available	The number of peer DA-MPs whose status is available
# Peer MPs Degraded	The number of peer DA-MPs whose status is degraded
# Peer MPs Unavailable	The number of peer DA-MPs whose status is unavailable
MP Leader	Indicates whether a DA-MP reports itself as MP Leader. The MP Leader provides status information to the OAM for Route Lists, Route Groups, and Peer Nodes, which are resources whose scope is beyond a single DA-MP.
<b>Note:</b> If a configured DA-MP is not alive, the above fields will display "Unk"	
<b>DA-MP Connectivity Tab</b>	
MP ID	The numeric identifier of the reporting DA-MP Server
MP Server Hostname	The hostname of the reporting DA-MP Server
# Fixed Connections Configured (Max)	The number of configured Connections whose Primary IP Address is one of the fixed IP addresses assigned to the DA-MP. (Max) is the maximum number of connections the DA-MP can have configured at one time.
# Fixed Connections Established	The number of Connections whose operation status is available and whose Primary IP Address is one of the fixed IP addresses assigned to the DA-MP.
# IPFE Connections Established	The number of IPFE Connections owned by the DA-MP whose operation status is available.
# Total Connections Established	The total of Fixed and IPFE Connections established.
Current Total Connection Max Ingress MPS	The sum of the Maximum Ingress MPS settings for all fixed and IPFE connections currently established on the DA-MP.
Current Total Connection Reserved Ingress MPS (Max)	The sum of the Reserved Ingress MPS settings for all fixed and IPFE connections currently established on the DA-MP. (Max) is the Engineered Ingress Message Rate value from the MP Profile associated with the DA-MP, scaled by the value of the IPFE Connection Reserved Ingress MPS Scaling system option.
<b>Note:</b> If a configured DA-MP is not alive, the above fields will display "Unk"	
<b>&lt;MP Server Hostname&gt; Tabs</b>	



Field	Description
The <MP Server Hostname> tabs show the status of each DA-MP peer as reported by the DA-MP whose hostname appears on the tab.	
MP ID	The numeric identifier of the peer DA-MP
MP Server Hostname	The hostname of the peer DA-MP Server
Status	Peer DA-MP status. Possible settings are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Available - CPL=0</li> <li>• Degraded - CPL=1,2,3</li> <li>• Unavailable - CPL = 99</li> </ul>
CPL	Connection Priority Level (0,1, 2, 3, 99) of the configured peer DA-MP. This overall value takes into account the following status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Operational Status of the ComAgent connection between the reporting DA-MP and the peer DA-MP</li> <li>• Congestion level of the peer DA-MP</li> <li>• Status of the DSR Process running on the peer DA-MP</li> </ul>
CPL Reason	Reason for CPL setting. Possible settings are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Available - There is no MP-level impairment on the peer DA-MP</li> <li>• MP Congestion - Indicates peer DA-MP is in congestion (CL1, CL2, or CL3)</li> <li>• Inter-MP Connection Unavailable - The ComAgent connection between the reporting DA-MP and the peer DA-MP has an Operation Status of Unavailable.</li> <li>• DSR Process Not Running - The DSR process is not running on the peer DA-MP.</li> </ul>

## Viewing DA-MP status

Use this task to view the current status of configured Diameter Agent Message Processors.

Select **Diameter ► Maintenance ► DA-MPs**.

The **Diameter Maintenance DA-MPs** page appears.

# Chapter 4

## Reports

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### Topics:

- [Overview.....179](#)
- [Generating Diagnostics Tool Reports.....179](#)
- [Updating and Viewing MP Statistics \(SCTP\) Reports.....181](#)

The Diameter Reports GUI pages provide access to the following reports:

- Diagnostics Tool reports
- MP Statistics (SCTP) reports

## Overview

The Diameter Reports GUI pages provide access to the following reports:

- Diagnostics Tool reports

The DSR Diagnostics Tool provides the capability to test Mediation Rule Templates that are in "Test" or "Active" state before they are subjected to live traffic in the network. A test message is injected into the system on a connection that is in Test Mode (see [Connection maintenance](#)). At various tracepoints, the DSR Diagnostics Tool logs the Rules that are applied, actions taken, and other diagnostic information on a test message that is injected into the system. The Diagnostics Tool Reports can be used to view the logged information for each test.

- NP Statistics (SCTP) reports

The **MP Statistics (SCTP) Reports** page displays the Message Processor (MP) SCTP statistics per MP, for all MPs or for a selected set of MPs. Each row shows the statistics for one MP.

## Generating Diagnostics Tool Reports

The DSR Diagnostics Tool provides the capability to test Mediation Rule Templates that are in "Test" or "Active" state before they are subjected to live traffic in the network.

The Rule Templates are tested for a message that is injected into a connection that is set to Test Mode. A connection can be set to Test Mode only when it is created; an existing non-test connection cannot be changed into a test connection. A maximum of two test connections can exist in the system at one time.

All incoming messages on a test connection are marked as TestMode messages. When the **Diagnose Start** button is clicked on the **Maintenance Connection** page, TestMode messages are sent on a test connection that is selected, in Test Mode, and not Disabled.

At various trace points, the DSR Diagnostics Tool logs the Rules that are applied, actions taken, and other diagnostic information on a test message that is injected into the system. Reports are provided that are based on the logs. Logging begins when the **Diagnose Start** button is clicked. The test can be stopped by clicking the **Diagnose Stop** button on the **Maintenance Connection** page.

Use this task to generate Diagnostics Tool reports from the test logs.

1. Select **Diameter > Reports > Diagnostics Tool**.

The **Diameter Reports Diagnostics Tool** page appears.

2. Select zero records, or select one or more connection records under one or more connection names in the **Connection** list.

- If zero records are selected, the report will include all available Diagnostics Tool data.
- If one or more records are selected, the report will include data for the selected test runs.

3. Click the **Report** button.

The **Diameter Reports Diagnostics Tool [Report]** page appears and displays the generated report. You can save and print the report.

## Viewing, Printing, and Saving Diagnostics Tool Reports

Use this task to view, print, and save reports that are generated from Diagnostics Tool test logs.

When the **Report** button is clicked on the **Diameter Reports Diagnostics Tool** page, a report is generated for all available or the selected test records.

The report has two parts:

- **Title Block**

The Title Block contains the following information:

- <Application Name> Diagnostics Tool Report
- Report Generated: <time and date in UTC>
- From: <active/standby><server Role> on host <Hostname>
- Report Version: <application version>
- User: userid of the GUI user who generated the report>

- **Section Block**

One or more Section Blocks follow the Title Block. Each Section Block corresponds to one test run on one connection.

Each section in a Section Block corresponds to reports for a test run. A section displays the following header information:

- Report for <connection name>
- Test run begun: <timestamp when the test run was started>

Each message that was diagnosed in a test run is identified by a PDU ID. The log entries corresponding to the message are reported in ascending order of the timestamp.

Each subsection has the following line as a header: PDU ID <pduId>. The heading is followed by the zero or more lines of log entries corresponding to the PDU, in the following format: <timestamp> <tracepoint name> : <log text>.

For example:

```
Report for Connection1
Test Run begun: Tue May 24 19:51:39 2011 UTC
-----

PDU ID 4
2011-May-16 10:46:10 UTC Tracepoint0 :Message Received
2011-May-16 10:49:51 UTC Tracepoint1 :Message Sent to DRL
.....

PDU ID 5
2011-May-18 04:18:25 UTC Tracepoint0 : Message Received
.....
```

1. To print the report, click the **Print** button.  
A dialog box opens, allowing you to choose the printer to be used for printing the report.
2. To save the report, click the **Save** button.  
A dialog box opens, allowing you to choose the location in which to save the report.

## Updating and Viewing MP Statistics (SCTP) Reports

The **MP Statistics (SCTP) Reports** page displays the Message Processor (MP) SCTP statistics per MP, for all MPs or for a selected set of MPs. Each row shows the statistics for one MP.

The statistics are updated on the page each time the **Update** button is clicked. The counts are not refreshed automatically.

The MP Statistics (SCTP) Report is described in [MP Statistics \(SCTP\) report elements](#).

Use this task to update and view MP Statistics (SCTP) reports.

1. Select the Scope of the report from the **Scope** pulldown list.
  - To be able to select individual MPs, choose **Server**.
  - To select all MPs in a Network Element, choose **NE**.
2. List in the box on the right the MPs to be included in the report.
  - To add a specific MP to the list on the right, so that its statistics will be shown in the report, select the MP in the box on the left, and click **Add**.  
Repeat this action for each specific MP that is to be listed in the report.
  - To add all of the available MPs to the list on the right, click the **AddAll** button.
  - To remove a specific MP from the report, select the MP in the box on the right, and click **Remove**. The selected MP moves to the box on the left.
  - To remove all of the listed MPs from the box on the right (to prepare to create a new list), click **RemoveAll**. All of the MPs from the box on the right move to the box on the left.
3. When the list in the box on the right contains the MPs for the report, click **Go**.  
The selected MPs and their statistics are listed in the columns of the report.
4. Click **Update** to display the current statistics for the listed MPs.

### MP Statistics (SCTP) report elements

[Table 73: MP Statistics \(SCTP\) Report Elements](#) describes the fields for selecting MPs and the contents of the columns on the **Diameter Reports MP Statistics (SCTP)** page.

**Table 73: MP Statistics (SCTP) Report Elements**

Field	Description	Data Input Notes
MP Selection		
Scope	Select Network Element or Server. All of the selected MPs have the same Scope.	Format: pulldown list Range: NE, Server

Field	Description	Data Input Notes
Statistics for	Left list is all available MPs or NEs, depending on the selected Scope.  Right box is all MPs or NEs selected for the report.	Format: List of all MPs/NEs; list of selected MPs/NEs
Report Columns		
Field	Description	
MP	Hostname of the MP Server from which status is reported	
Current Established	Current number of SCTP associations established	
Established (Local Initiated)	Number of locally-initiated SCTP associations established	
Established (Peer Initiated)	Number of peer-initiated SCTP associations established	
Packets Rcvd	Number of IP packets received. Each IP packet contains one or more SCTP chunks.	
Packets Sent	Number of IP packets sent. Each IP packet contains one or more SCTP chunks.	
DATA chunks Rcvd (excluding Duplicates)	Number of SCTP DATA Chunks received not including duplicates	
DATA chunk Sent (excluding Duplicates)	Number of SCTP DATA Chunks sent not including duplicates	
Fast Retransmits	Number of SCTP DATA Chunks retransmitted due to fast transmit rule	
Retransmits	Number of SCTP DATA Chunks retransmitted due to acknowledgment timeout	
CTRL chunk Sent	Number of SCTP Control Chunks sent. A control chunk is one of: INIT, INIT ACK, COOKIE ECHO, COOKIE ACK, SACK	
CTRL chunks Rcvd	Number of SCTP Control Chunks received. A control chunk is one of: INIT, INIT ACK, COOKIE ECHO, COOKIE ACK, SACK	
Fragmented User Messages	Number of SCTP User messages fragmented because message length exceeds path MTU	
Reassembled User Messages	Number of SCTP User messages reassembled due to fragmentation	
Aborted	Number of ABORT messages received	
Shutdown	Number of SHUTDOWN messages received	
Out of Blue Chunks Rcvd	Number of Out of the Blue messages received from an unknown peer	
Checksum Error	Number of SCTP Checksum Errors detected	

# Chapter 5

## Diameter Mediation

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The Diameter Mediation feature allows easy creation of Mediation Rules.

## Mediation overview

Diameter message mediation helps to solve interoperability issues by using rules to manipulate header parts and Attribute-Value Pairs (AVPs) in an incoming routable message, when data in the message matches some specified conditions at a specified point of message processing. Tasks of the “if condition matches, then do some action” type can be solved in the most efficient way.

The Diameter Mediation feature extends the CAPM (Computer-Aided Policy Making) framework to allow for easy creation of Mediation rules for use in 3G, LTE and IMS networks. Mediation Rule Templates are created to define the Conditions that must be matched in a message and the Actions that are applied to modify the message contents.

- A Condition defines a part of the message that is used in the comparison, an operator for the type of comparison, and a type of data that must match the data in the message part. Two or more Conditions in the same Rule Template are collectively referred to as a Condition Set; the Conditions are “AND”ed in the comparison process.
- An Action can be adding, altering, or deleting AVPs; modifying the message header Flags, Length, Command-Code, or Application-ID; or other operations. Two or more Actions in a Rule Template are collectively referred to as an Action Set.

Mediation can be performed on:

- Routable Diameter messages only (Mediation is not supported on Diameter CEA and CER, DWR and DWA, and DPR and DPA messages)
- Specific Diameter interfaces or all Diameter interfaces (“interfaces” refers to Diameter Application Ids and not hardware/network interfaces)

After a Rule Template definition is complete, a Rule Set can be generated from the Rule Template. The data needed for the Conditions and the Actions is provisioned in the generated Rule Set. A Mediation rule is an instance of the data needed for the execution of Mediation logic. The actual data needed for the Conditions and the Actions is provisioned in one or more rules in the generated Rule Set. All of the rules associated with one Mediation Rule Template are collectively referred to as the Rule Set for the Rule Template. See Rule Sets.

Rule Sets can be associated with pre-defined Request or Answer Trigger points in the DSR message processing logic. When message processing reaches a Trigger point and the Conditions in an associated Rule Set are met, the Actions for that Rule Set are applied to the message. The changes to the message content can result in modifying the message processing behavior at that Trigger point in the processing logic. See Triggers

Diameter Mediation provides a Rule Templates interface, a Rule Sets interface, and other GUI screens:

- The Rule Templates interface is used primarily for the creation and modification of Rule Templates.

When the Mediation feature is activated in the system and “Meta-Administrator” privileges are activated for the feature, the Rule Templates folder appears under the Mediation folder in the Diameter left-hand GUI menu.

The “Meta-Administrator” privileges can be deactivated later, so that the Rule Templates folder does not appear under the Mediation folder. This can be to prevent unauthorized modification of the created Rule Templates in the system.



**Note:** For DSR 4.0, Tekelec Professional Services personnel are the only users that will perform the Rule Templates tasks in the role of Meta-Administrator, with the “Meta-Administrator” privileges activated.

A user, who could be designated as the “Meta-Administrator”, can use the Rule Templates GUI screens and other Mediation GUI screens to perform the following tasks:

- Add, edit, and delete Enumeration Types, AVP Dictionary entries, and Vendors that are used in creating Rule Templates (see [Enumerations](#), [Custom Dictionary](#), and [Vendors](#))
- Create, modify, delete, copy, import, and export Rule Templates (see [Rule Templates](#))
- Add help text to a Rule Template; the help text will be available for the Rule Set that is generated from the Rule Template (see [Rule Templates](#))
- Associate Rule Sets with Triggers, and remove Rule Set associations with Triggers (see [Triggers](#))
- Set the Action Error Handling property of a Rule Set (see [State and Properties](#))
- Change the state of a Rule Template (see [State and Properties](#))

When a Rule Template is being created or modified, it is in the Development state.

The Rule Template state can be changed from Development to Test to allow its Rule Set to be tested or to allow the Rule Template to be exported.

The Rule Template state can be changed to Active to enable use of its generated Rule Set for live traffic.

The Rule Template state can be changed from Test or Active back to Development to allow modification of the Rule Template (all existing rule provisioning for its associated Rule Sets will be deleted).

- The Rule Sets interface is used primarily for the provisioning of rules and actual data in Rule Sets.

After a Rule Template has been created, the generation of the Rule Set from the Rule Template creates an entry in the Mediation Rule Sets GUI folder.

A user, who could be designated as the “Rule Set Administrator”, can use the Rule Sets entries, Enumerations, Triggers, and State & Properties GUI screens, and other GUI screens to perform the following tasks, but cannot create, modify, copy, or export Rule Templates:

- Add a rule to a Rule Set, and provision the actual data that is used by the rule in the message matching process (see [Rule Sets](#))
- Edit and delete rules in Rule Sets (see [Rule Sets](#))
- Delete Rule Sets (see [Rule Sets](#))
- Change the state of a Rule Template (see [State and Properties](#))

The Rule Template state can be changed to Test for testing its Rule Sets or to Active for enabling its Rule Sets for use with live traffic.

When “Meta-Administrator” privileges are deactivated, the state cannot be changed back to Development.

- Set the Action Error Handling property of a Rule Set ([State and Properties](#))
- Test a Rule Set

A Diagnostics Tool is available to test Mediation rules before they are subjected to live traffic in the network. The DSR Diagnostics Tool logs the rules applied, Actions taken, and other diagnostics information when a test message is injected into the system. The tool generates traffic and sends Diameter Messages on a test connection. As a test message traverses the system,

the DSR application logic generates diagnostics messages at Trigger points. The **Diameter Reports Diagnostics Tool** GUI is used to view the diagnostics log reports. See [Reports](#).

- Associate Rule Sets with Triggers, and remove Rule Set associations with Triggers (see [Triggers](#))
- Import previously exported Rule Templates (see [State and Properties](#))

The state of an imported Rule Template is set to Test by default.

- View the Enumeration types that can be used in the rules (see [Enumerations](#))
- View the Vendors that can be used in Rule Templates (see [Vendors](#))

## Rule Templates

Rule Templates are created by:

- Formulating the Conditions against which to match incoming requests or responses
- Defining the Mediation Actions that are applied to the message when the Conditions match

**Note:** The "Meta-Administrator" privileges must be activated for the Diameter Mediation feature before the Rule Templates GUI screens can be accessed to create and modify Rule Templates.

A Rule Template is created by configuring Settings, Conditions, and Actions.

### Settings

Settings are the main Rule Template properties:

- **Rule Template Name:** A placeholder for meaningful text to describe the purpose of the Rule Template and Rule Set.
- **Message type support:** The type of message processing that is supported by a Rule Template; either a Request, an Answer, or both. In Diameter Mediation, both Request and Answer are supported, and the element value cannot be changed.

### Conditions

One or more (up to 5) matching expressions (Conditions) can be defined in a Rule Template. The expressions are combined into one logical expression with "AND" operators, so that the request or response matches the condition set if all of the expressions are true. If no matching expression is defined, the message unconditionally matches.

Each matching expression consists of a left-hand value or operand, an operator, and a right-hand value or operand.

- **Left value:** Allows accessing any part of a message, any information stored by the previous Rule Template, and any information that the application resolves runtime.
- **Operator:** Allows comparison of the Left value and the Right value
- **Right value:** Allows performing the syntax check for the entered data on the generated **Rule Sets** page.

Conditions can be configured to cause Mediation to use fast database lookups of the rule data. See [Fast Search](#).

### Actions

Actions indicate what to do when the conditions match (such as modify the part of a message, forward a message, send a reply, insert or remove headers, or set attributes for further processing). Actions implement the mediation of a message.

When the message processing reaches a selected triggering point, the Conditions of the Rule Template are examined for the message. If the Conditions match, Mediation Actions are applied to the message. The Actions allow manipulation of some particular part of the message, adding or deleting information in the message, or forwarding the message to a specific destination.

The Actions to take when a Mediation operation is triggered and its Condition Set is matched are defined in the Rule Template. Actions belonging to the same Rule Template form an Action Set. See [Rule Template elements](#) for the Actions available in Rule Templates.

On the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of Rule Template Names to display only the desired Rule Templates.
- Click the **Insert** button.

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates [Insert]** page opens. You can add a new Rule Templates and its values. See [Adding a Rule Template](#). If the maximum number of Rule Templates (100) already exist in the system, the **Rule Templates [Insert]** page will not open, and an error message is displayed.

- Click the **Import** button.

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates [Import]** page opens. You can import a Rule Template from a location outside the Diameter system, to which the Rule Template was previously exported from Mediation. See [Importing a Rule Template](#). If the maximum number of Rule Templates (100) already exist in the system, the **Rule Templates [Import]** page will not open, and an error message is displayed.

- Select a Rule Template Name in the list, and click the **Copy** button.

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates [Copy]** page opens. You can change the information for the copied Rule Template to create a new Rule Template. See [Copying a Rule Template](#). If the maximum number of Rule Templates (100) already exist in the system, the **Rule Templates [Copy]** page will not open, and an error message is displayed.

- Select a Rule Template Name in the list, and click the **Edit** button.

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates [Edit]** page opens. You can edit the selected Rule Template. See [Changing a Rule Template](#).

- Select a Rule Template Name in the list, and click the **Delete** button to remove the selected Rule Template. See [Deleting a Rule Template](#).
- Select a Rule Template Name in the list, and click the **Export** button.

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates [Export]** page opens. You can export the selected Rule Template to a location outside of the Diameter system. See [Exporting a Rule Template](#).

- Select a Rule Template Name in the list, and click the **Set Help** button.

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates [Set Help]** page opens. You can create online help for the selected Rule Template. See [Adding online help to a Rule Template](#).

## Fast Search

The **Fast Search** option is used to cause Mediation to use fast database lookups. If Fast Search is not used, the values of each condition are checked one-by-one until the first match is found.

The **Fast Search** option appears as the first element for each condition that is defined in the **Conditions** section for a Rule Template. The **Fast Search** option is not editable; it serves only to indicate whether Fast Search will or will not be used for the condition:

All of the conditions with the **Fast Search** option enabled must precede any conditions without Fast Search enabled in the Rule Set list. If any conditions without Fast Search enabled precede conditions with Fast Search enabled, a database lookup could fall back to slow search because of the order of the conditions.

The value of the **Fast Search** option is determined by the Operator and the Right value that are selected for the condition. The Fast Search value is either the “Yes” (check mark) sign or the “No” (red circle with a red line through it) sign.

- Fast Search is supported only by the “equals”, “begins with (longest match)”, “begins with”, “is within”, “exists”, “does not exist”, “is true”, “is false” Operators.
- If a “no” sign is displayed for the Fast Search option, then the Operator “=^^” (begins with – longest match) is disabled (cannot be selected) in the Operator drop down list for the condition.
- Regardless of the Operator, the Fast Search option is supported if the Right value is a Fixed value (a data value was entered in the Rule Template, and the value cannot be changed in the Rule Set).
- Regardless of the Operator, the Fast Search option is not supported if the “xl-value” Right value type is selected without a Fixed value.

The “Yes” sign is displayed for the Fast Search option if:

- One of the Operators “==” (equals), “=^^” (begins with-longest match), “=^” (begins with), “is within”, “exists”, “does not exist”, “is true”, “is false” is selected and the Right value type is not “xl-value”.
- The **Default value** is **Fixed** regardless of the selected Operator and Right value type; and either the condition is the first one in the Condition Set, or all the conditions above it also have a “Yes” sign for the Fast Search option.

In any other case, the “No” sign is displayed.

When the selected Operator, the order of the conditions, or the Right value type changes, then every Fast Search “Yes” and “No” value has to be reevaluated and redrawn, and the Case-sensitive check box is either enabled or disabled accordingly.

If a “Yes” sign has to be changed to “No” under the Fast Search heading as a result of the reevaluation, and the related Operator “=^^” (begins with-longest match) was selected, a dialog box is displayed to confirm disabling of Fast Search:

Case-sensitive lookup depends on the **Fast Search** option; the check box is unchecked and disabled if Fast Search is also disabled. The **Case-sensitive** check box is enabled only for the Octet-String and UTF8String Right value types.

## Rule Template elements

*Table 74: Rule Template elements* describes the information that can be contained in a Rule Template. Some of these elements appear only when adding, editing, or copying a Rule Template.

Table 74: Rule Template elements

Element	Description	Data Input Notes
<b>Settings:</b> This section contains basic information for the Rule Template.		
Rule Template Name	Name used to label this Rule Template in this application.  This field is required.	Format: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, -, ., @, and _ ("Unset" cannot be used as a Rule Template Name.)  Range: 1-255 characters
Message Support Type	Indicates the type of message processing that is supported by the Rule Template (Request, Answer, or both). The Message Support Type depends on the selected conditions and actions.	Format: Check marks  Range: Request, Answer, or both are checked.  Default: Both are checked  This field cannot be edited.
<p><b>Conditions:</b> This section defines a set of zero to five matching expressions.</p> <p>The defined matching expressions are combined to make one logical expression with AND operators, so the set matches on the message if all the expressions are true.</p> <p>If no matching expression is defined, the message unconditionally matches.</p> <p>OR operators can be simulated by setting up multiple Rule Templates.</p> <p>All conditions are supported by both requests and replies.</p>		
Fast Search	<p>If check marked, fast database lookups are used. Otherwise, the values of the specified field are checked one-by-one until the first match is found. See <a href="#">Fast Search</a>.</p> <p>The value of the Fast Search option is determined by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The selected Operator, the Right value type, and the Default value</li> <li>Yes (check mark) if one of the following Operators is selected and the Right value type is not "xl-value": <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>equals (==)</li> <li>begins with-longest match (=^^)</li> <li>begins with (=^)</li> <li>is within</li> <li>exists</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p>Format: Check mark (Yes) or red circle with red line through it (No); not editable</p> <p>Range: Yes sign or No sign</p> <p>Default: Yes sign</p> <p>All Conditions with the Fast Search option checked must precede the others to maintain the Fast Search.</p> <p>When the Default value is Fixed, Fast Search is enabled regardless of the selected Operator and Right value type.</p>

Element	Description	Data Input Notes
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• does not exist</li> <li>• is true</li> <li>• is false</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Condition evaluation order; Conditions are ANDed as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Yes (check mark) if the Condition is the first one in the Conditions section or all Conditions above this one also have a Yes check mark for the Fast Search option.</li> <li>• No sign for other cases.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>Fast Search is not automatically disabled when "any" instance of an AVP is looked up in the condition. Fast Search must be manually disabled for the selected instance number of "any". Disabling the Fast Search can be achieved, for example, by selecting an "xl-value" as the Right value.</p>	
Name	<p>The name for the Left value to display for a Condition on the Rule Set page.</p> <p>This field is required.</p>	<p>Format: Text string</p> <p>Range: 1 to 64 characters</p>
Description	<p>The description that appears for a Condition on the <b>Rule Sets</b> page. If possible, provide information such as the format to be used (such as text string or telephone number format) and the range of values (such as 1 to 255 characters).</p>	<p>Format: descriptive text</p> <p>Range: 1 to 255 characters string</p>
Left value	<p>The left-hand value in a Condition. The Left value typically refers to a regular or grouped AVP component (AVP header parts or value) or a Diameter Header component. Grouped AVPs that have a depth of one are supported (one or more AVPs at the same level within an AVP).</p> <p>This field is required.</p> <p>The value can be defined using the <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a>.</p>	<p>Format: Text box</p> <p>Range: See <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a></p>
Operator	<p>The operator being used to compare Left value and Right value in a Condition.</p>	<p>Format: Pulldown list</p>

Element	Description	Data Input Notes
	<p>"Exist" and "not exist" operators are used to check the presence of the specified Left-hand value.</p> <p>"Is true" and "is not true" operators are used to verify whether the specified Left value is not 0 or equals 0 (is empty in the case of a string type).</p>	<p>Range: See <a href="#">Table 75: Rule Template Condition Operators</a></p> <p>Default: equals (==)</p>
	<p>Case Sensitive</p> <p>Allows the comparison to be looked up considering case. Case-sensitive search is possible only together with Fast Search. Without Fast Search, the lookup is always case-insensitive.</p> <p>The check box is enabled for OctetString and UTF8String Right values.</p>	<p>Format: Check box</p> <p>Range: Checked or not checked</p> <p>Default: Not checked (not case-sensitive)</p>
Right value	<p>The type of data that is compared to the field in the message (specified by the Left value) in a Condition to determine if there is a match and Mediation should be performed.</p> <p>The Right value can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Empty; the Optional check box is checked (it can be left empty in the rule provisioning in a Rule Set), or the Right value is not used by the selected Operator (such as "exists").</li> <li>• One of the Right value types shown in the Range: list.</li> </ul> <p>Actual data of the specified type is entered in a rule in the Rule Set that is generated from the Rule Template, to use in the comparison.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• An actual data value of the selected Right value type, provisioned in the Default value field of the Condition in the Rule Template.</li> </ul>	<p>Format: Pulldown list</p> <p>Range: Right value types are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Integer32</li> <li>• Integer64</li> <li>• Unsigned32</li> <li>• Unsigned64</li> <li>• Float32</li> <li>• Float64</li> <li>• Address (IPv4 or IPv6 IP address)</li> <li>• Time (number of seconds since 0h on 1 January 1900)</li> <li>• UTF8string</li> <li>• DiameterIdentity (FQDN or Realm)</li> <li>• DiameterURI</li> <li>• IP/Netmask (IPv4 or IPv6 Netmask)</li> <li>• Enumerated (available Enum values; prefaced by "enum:")</li> <li>• OctetString</li> <li>• xl-value (references to AVPs, LAVPs, or parts of the Diameter message)</li> <li>• Regular expression (Perl 5 regular expression)</li> </ul>

Element	Description	Data Input Notes
		Default: Integer32  All previously provisioned Enumerated Types shall be listed prefixed with "enum:". For example: "enum: xyz".
	Default value: An actual data value to display for the Right value of a Condition on the Rule Set page.  When the Default value is Fixed, Fast Search is enabled regardless of the selected Operator and Right value type.	Format: Text box  Range: Data value that is valid for selected Right value type.  When OctetString or UTF8String is selected, any human-readable character is valid.  When the "xl-value" type is selected, all Default value entries must be xl-values.
	Optional: The Optional check box can be checked so that the Right value data could be deleted or left empty in the Rule Set rule, or unchecked indicating that the Right value data must be entered and can be changed in the Rule Set rule.	Format: Check box  Range: Check mark or no check mark  Default: Checked
	Fixed: Indicates that the Right value data that is entered in the Default value in the Rule Template Condition is actual data, and cannot be changed in the Rule Set rule.	Format: Check box  Range: Check mark or no check mark  Default: Not checked
<b>Actions:</b> This section specifies the possible settings for each action to be taken for this Rule Template. All conditions are supported by both requests and replies.		
New Action	Add a new Action to the list that is applied when the conditions of the Rule Template match on the message.	Format: Pulldown list  Range: Actions listed in this section of this table.
Actions performed on the Diameter Header		
Modify Diameter Header Parts	Allows modifying or overwriting of the Version, Command Code, and Application ID components of the Diameter Header.  <b>Note:</b> Modifying values in the Diameter Header can result in incompatibility with	<b>Header Part</b> - the component to modify  Format: Pulldown list  Range: Version, Command Code, Application ID



Element	Description	Data Input Notes
	the standard defined in IETF RFC3588bis (draft-ietf_dime_rfc3588bis-26.txt) <i>Diameter Base Protocol.</i>	Default: Version <b>Overwrite to</b> - the new value of the component Format: Integer Range: New value; 8-bit, 24-bit, or 32-bit unsigned integer
Set Command Flags	<p>Allows modifying of one or more Command Flags in the processed message, including the reserved flags:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Set Command Flag</li> <li>• Clear Command Flag</li> <li>• Keep original value</li> </ul> <p>Flags R, P, E, and T are supported; r4, r5, r6, and r7 are reserved for future use:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• R - Request; shows whether the message is a Request or a Response.</li> <li>• P - Proxiable; shows if the message can be proxied, relayed, or redirected, or it must be locally processed.</li> <li>• E - Error; shows if the message contains protocol or semantic errors.</li> <li>• T - Shows that a message can potentially be a retransmitted message after a link fail-over, or is used to aid removal of duplicate messages.</li> </ul>	<p>Format: Radio buttons for each Command Flag, to set, clear, or keep the flag:</p> <p>Range:</p> <p>Set : R, P, E, T, r4, r5, r6, r7</p> <p>Clear: R, P, E, T, r4, r5, r6, r7</p> <p>Keep: R, P, E, T, r4, r5, r6, r7</p> <p>Default: Keep original</p>
<p>Actions performed on the Diameter Payload (AVPs)</p> <p>Most of these actions can be applied to a regular AVP, to a Grouped AVP, or to an AVP within the Grouped AVP.</p> <p>To perform the action on a regular or Grouped AVP, the supported AVP definition from the dictionary and the instance number or value must be specified. The value is valid only for some of the actions.</p> <p>For actions that are performed on an AVP within a Grouped AVP, the parent AVP and its instance number must be specified.</p> <p>If an AVP is not present in the dictionary, it is unknown by the Mediation feature and must be defined in the dictionary before the specified action can be performed.</p> <p>Many of the actions allow xl-values, which can be defined using the <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a>.</p>		
Add AVP	<p>Add an AVP to the message.</p> <p>The Flags and the Value must be set for the new AVP.</p>	<p><b>Parent AVP:</b></p> <p>Format: Pulldown list</p>

Element	Description	Data Input Notes
	<p>For Grouped AVPs,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If the AVP is added within a Grouped AVP, the Parent AVP and its Instance must be specified.</li> <li>• A Parent AVP can be added if it not present in the message; Flags for the added Parent AVP must be set.</li> <li>• If the Parent AVP is not found in the message and is not added to the message, the action will fail.</li> </ul> <p>Flags V, M and P are supported; r3, r4, r5, r6 and r7 are reserved for future use.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• V - Vendor-Specific; indicates whether the optional Vendor-ID field is present in the AVP header. When set, the AVP Code belongs to the specific vendor code address space.</li> <li>• M - Mandatory; indicates whether support of the AVP is required. If an AVP with the M bit set is received by a Diameter client, server, proxy, or translation agent and either the ABP or its value is unrecognized, the message MUST be rejected. Diameter Relay and Redirect Agents MUST NOT reject messages with unrecognized AVPs. AVPs with the M bit cleared are informational only. A receiver of a message with an AVP that is not supported, or whose value is not supported, can simply ignore the AVP.</li> <li>• P - Indicates the need for encryption for end-to-end security. Diameter base protocol specifies which AVPs must be protected by end-to-end security measures (encryption) if the message is to pass through a Diameter agent. If a message includes any of those AVPs, the message must not be sent unless there is end-to-end security between the originator and the recipient of the message.</li> </ul>	<p>Range: Available AVPs</p> <p><b>Instance:</b></p> <p>Format: Pulldown list</p> <p>Range: First, Second, Third Fourth, Fifth</p> <p><b>Add new AVP:</b></p> <p>Format: Pulldown list</p> <p>Range: Available AVPs</p> <p><b>Set Flags:</b></p> <p>Format: Check box for each flag</p> <p>Range: V, M, P, r3, r4, r5, r6, r7</p> <p><b>Set Value:</b></p> <p>Format: Text box and link to <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a>, or pulldown list and link to <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a></p> <p>Range:</p> <p><b>Add parent AVP if it is not present</b></p> <p>Format: Check box</p> <p>Range: Checked or unchecked</p>
Delete AVP	Delete a specified AVP in the message.	<b>Parent AVP:</b>

Element	Description	Data Input Notes
	<p>If the Instance of the specified AVP is All, the action is applied to all instances of the AVP in the message.</p> <p>If the specified AVP is within a Grouped AVP, the Parent AVP and its Instance must be specified.</p> <p>If the specified AVP is the last AVP within the Grouped AVP, the action can be defined to also delete the Parent AVP.</p> <p>If the specified AVP is a Grouped AVP, the Grouped AVP and all of the AVPs within the group are deleted.</p> <p>If the specified AVP is not found in the message, the Delete AVP action is considered to be successful.</p>	<p>Format: Pulldown list</p> <p>Range: Available AVPs</p> <p><b>Instance:</b></p> <p>Format: Pulldown list</p> <p>Range: First, Second, Third Fourth, Fifth</p> <p><b>Delete AVP:</b></p> <p>Format: Radio button for Instance with pulldown list; radio button for With the value with text box or pulldown list and link to Formatting Value Wizard</p> <p>Range:</p> <p>Instance: First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, All</p> <p>With the value: Text, or pulldown list values that vary with selected AVP to delete (see <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a>)</p> <p><b>Delete parent AVP if it is empty</b></p> <p>Format: Check box</p> <p>Range: Checked or unchecked; default is checked</p>
Save AVP	<p>Store a specified top-level AVP from the message into the buffer associated with the transaction. A saved AVP is stored in the buffer as long as the transaction exists.</p> <p>Saved AVPs can be accessed through the <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a> as corresponding Linking-AVPs with the same AVP and instance number.</p> <p>If the Instance of the specified AVP is All, the action saves all instances of the AVP in the message.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> A grouped AVP can be saved and restored, but sub-AVPs within the stored or restored grouped AVP cannot be retrieved (such as with @msg.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index]), modified, or removed.</p>	<p><b>Save AVP:</b></p> <p>Format: Pulldown list; radio button for Instance with pulldown list; radio button for With the value with text box or pulldown list and link to Formatting Value Wizard</p> <p>Range:</p> <p>Pulldown list: Available AVPs</p> <p>Instance: First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, All</p> <p>With the value: Text, or pulldown list values that vary with selected AVP to delete (see <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a>)</p>

Element	Description	Data Input Notes
	<p>If the same AVP is saved multiple times (the action is applied multiple times), the saved value is overwritten each time the AVP is saved.</p> <p>If the specified AVP is not found in the message, the Save AVP action is considered to have failed.</p>	
Restore AVP	<p>Restore a top-level AVP that has been previously stored. AVPs can be restored in the message by either appending each AVP to the message or by replacing all of the same existing AVPs.</p> <p>The instance number of the saved AVP must be specified, to find the appropriate Linking-AVP (LAVP) that was stored.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> A grouped AVP can be saved and restored, but sub-AVPs within the stored or restored grouped AVP cannot be retrieved (such as with @msg.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index]), modified, or removed.</p>	<p><b>Restore AVP:</b></p> <p>Format: Pulldown list</p> <p>Range: Available AVPs</p> <p><b>Instance:</b></p> <p>Format: Pulldown list</p> <p>Range: First, Second, Third Fourth, Fifth</p> <p><b>Delete before restore:</b></p> <p>Format: Check box</p> <p>Range: Checked, unchecked; default is unchecked.</p>
Set LAVP	<p>Allows constructing a top-level non-Grouped AVP by setting the Flags and specifying the value, and placing it into the buffer associated with the Diameter transaction. The AVP can be accessed as a Linking-AVP through the <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a>.</p> <p>The value is stored in the buffer as long as the transaction exists. The LAVP can be used for the Restore AVP action.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Instance - A new AVP overwrites any existing AVP with the same instance number.</li> <li>Set Value <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The Input field is available when the selected LAVP has a data format other than "Enumerated".</li> <li>The Pulldown list is available when the selected LAVP has the data format "Enumerated".</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p><b>Set LAVP</b> - Specifies the LAVP to be set into the buffer associated with the transaction.</p> <p>Format: Pulldown list</p> <p>Range: All non-Grouped AVPs from the dictionary</p> <p>Default: First non-Grouped AVP definition from the dictionary</p> <p><b>Instance</b> - The instance number of the AVP within the buffer of the transaction.</p> <p>Format: Pulldown list</p> <p>Range: First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth</p> <p>Default: First</p> <p><b>Set Flags</b> - (see Flag definitions in Add AVP)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the flag must be set, the flag is checked and disabled.</li> </ul>

Element	Description	Data Input Notes
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>An error message appears if the entered value of the Input field is not an x1-value and does not correspond to the data format required by the selected AVP.</li> <li>Value type: Select the type of value that can be assigned to this Linking-AVP. Possible value types are the same as those for the Right value in the Conditions section of this page.</li> <li>Default Value: Default value to assign to this Linking-AVP and to display on the <b>Rule Sets</b> page. Enter a 1 to 255 character string.</li> <li>Descr: Add text here to describe this AVP. This description appears on the <b>Rule Sets</b> page. A maximum of 255 characters can be entered.</li> <li>Optional: Click to make this AVP optional on the <b>Rule Sets</b> page.</li> <li>Delete: Click to delete an existing Linking-AVP.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the flag must not be set, the flag is unchecked and disabled.</li> <li>If the flag can be set, the check box is available to be changed.</li> </ul> <p>Format: Check boxes for the flags</p> <p>Range: V, M, P, r3, r4, r5, r6, r7</p> <p>Default: From the dictionary</p> <p><b>Set Value</b> - Specifies the value of the LAVP.</p> <p><b>Input field</b></p> <p>Format: Value entered through the Formatting Value Wizard page (click the Wizard link).</p> <p>Range: Values available in the Formatting Value Wizard.</p> <p>Default: N/A</p> <p><b>Pulldown list:</b></p> <p>Format: Pulldown list</p> <p>Range: All of the values of the corresponding Enumerated Type</p> <p>Default: First value of the Enumerated Type</p>
<p>Actions that allow modifying an AVP</p> <p>If the specified AVP is not found in the message, the action is considered to have failed.</p>		
Change AVP Code	<p>Replace an AVP definition with a new one, keeping the original AVP value and flag that are not strictly defined in the dictionary (that can be set).</p> <p>Allows changing the Code of the specified AVP and modifying its Flags.</p>	<p><b>Parent AVP:</b></p> <p>Format: Pulldown list</p> <p>Range: Available AVPs</p> <p><b>Instance:</b></p> <p>Format: Pulldown list</p> <p>Range: First, Second, Third Fourth, Fifth</p> <p><b>Old AVP:</b></p> <p>Format: Pulldown list; radio button for Instance with pulldown list; radio button for With the value with</p>

Element	Description	Data Input Notes
		<p>text box or pulldown list and link to Formatting Value Wizard</p> <p>Range:</p> <p>Pulldown list: Available AVPs</p> <p>Instance: First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth</p> <p>With the value: Text, or pulldown list values that vary with selected AVP (see <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a>)</p> <p><b>New AVP</b></p> <p>Format: Pulldown list</p> <p>Range: Available AVPs</p>
Change AVP Flags	<p>Allows setting, clearing, and keeping the original value of AVP flags.</p> <p>Flags V, M and P are supported; r3, r4, r5, r6 and r7 are reserved for future use.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• V - Vendor-Specific; indicates whether the optional Vendor-ID field is present in the AVP header. When set, the AVP Code belongs to the specific vendor code address space.</li> <li>• M - Mandatory; indicates whether support of the AVP is required. If an AVP with the M bit set is received by a Diameter client, server, proxy, or translation agent and either the AVP or its value is unrecognized, the message MUST be rejected. Diameter Relay and Redirect Agents MUST NOT reject messages with unrecognized AVPs. AVPs with the M bit cleared are informational only. A receiver of a message with an AVP that is not supported, or whose value is not supported, can simply ignore the AVP.</li> <li>• P - Indicates the need for encryption for end-to-end security. Diameter base protocol specifies which AVPs must be protected by end-to-end security measures (encryption) if the message is to pass through a Diameter agent. If a message includes any of those AVPs,</li> </ul>	<p><b>Parent AVP</b></p> <p>Format: Pulldown list</p> <p>Range: Available AVPs</p> <p><b>Instance</b> - The instance number of the AVP within the buffer of the transaction.</p> <p><b>AVP</b></p> <p>Format: Pulldown list; radio button for Instance with pulldown list; radio button for With the value with text box or pulldown list and link to Formatting Value Wizard; Set Flag, Clear Flag, and Keep original radio buttons for flags.</p> <p>Range:</p> <p>Pulldown list: Available AVPs</p> <p>Instance: First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth</p> <p>With the value: Text, or pulldown list values that vary with selected AVP (see <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a>)</p> <p>Flags: V, M, P, r3, r4, r5, r6, r7</p>

Element	Description	Data Input Notes
	the message must not be sent unless there is end-to-end security between the originator and the recipient of the message.	
Set AVP Value	Allows overwriting of the value of an AVP.	<p><b>Parent AVP:</b></p> <p>Format: Pulldown list</p> <p>Range: Available AVPs</p> <p><b>Instance:</b></p> <p>Format: Pulldown list</p> <p>Range: First, Second, Third Fourth, Fifth</p> <p><b>AVP:</b></p> <p>Format: Pulldown list; radio button for Instance with pulldown list; radio button for With the value with text box or pulldown list and link to <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a></p> <p>Range:</p> <p>Instance: First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth</p> <p>With the value: Text, or pulldown list values that vary with selected AVP (see <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a>)</p> <p><b>Set Value:</b></p> <p>Format: Text box or pulldown list and link to <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a></p> <p>Range: Text, or pulldown list values that vary with selected AVP (see <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a>)</p>
Strip from AVP Value	Strips the defined number of characters from either the beginning or the ending of the AVP value. This action can be used in combination with the Prefix/Suffix to AVP Value action.	<p><b>Parent AVP:</b></p> <p>Format: Pulldown list</p> <p>Range: Available AVPs</p> <p><b>Instance:</b></p> <p>Format: Pulldown list</p> <p>Range: First, Second, Third Fourth, Fifth</p> <p><b>AVP:</b></p>

Element	Description	Data Input Notes
		<p>Format: Pulldown list; radio button for Instance with pulldown list; radio button for With the value with text box and link to <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a></p> <p>Range:</p> <p>Pulldown list: Available AVPs</p> <p>Instance: First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth</p> <p>With the value: Text (see <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a>)</p> <p><b>Strip from:</b></p> <p>Format: Radio buttons, text box</p> <p>Range: Radio button for Beginning of the value; radio button for End of the value; text - number of characters to strip</p>
Prefix/Suffix to AVP Value	Add the defined data as a prefix or suffix to the AVP value. This action can be used in combination with the Strip for AVP Value action.	<p><b>Parent AVP:</b></p> <p>Format: Pulldown list</p> <p>Range: Available AVPs</p> <p><b>Instance:</b></p> <p>Format: Pulldown list</p> <p>Range: First, Second, Third Fourth, Fifth</p> <p><b>AVP:</b></p> <p>Format: Pulldown list; radio button for Instance with pulldown list; radio button for With the value with text box and link to <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a>; radio buttons for Prefix or Suffix; text box for prefix or suffix with link to <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a></p> <p>Range:</p> <p>Pulldown list: Available AVPs</p> <p>Instance: First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth</p> <p>With the value: Text box (see <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a>)</p>



Element	Description	Data Input Notes
		Radio buttons: Prefix to the value, Suffix to the value  Text: The prefix or suffix (see <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a> )
Substitute in AVP Value	Use a defined pattern to locate a field in the AVP value, and replace the data in the field with the specified new data.	<b>Parent AVP:</b> Format: Pulldown list Range: Available AVPs  <b>Instance:</b> Format: Pulldown list Range: First, Second, Third Fourth, Fifth  <b>AVP:</b> Format: Pulldown list; radio button for Instance with pulldown list; radio button for With the value with text box and link to <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a>  Range: Pulldown list: Available AVPs Instance: First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth With the value: Text box (see <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a> )  <b>Pattern:</b> Format: Text box Range: Patten to locate the field  <b>Replacement:</b> Format: Text box Range: Text of the replacement data (see <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a> )
Other Actions		
Execute Rule template	<b>Note:</b> The value needs to be set at the time the new Rule Template is defined.  Only Rule Templates in "Test" or "Active" state are listed in the pulldown list.	Format: Pulldown list Range: Available Rule Templates in "Test" and "Active" states Default: First Rule Template Name in the list

Element	Description	Data Input Notes
	This field is displayed on <b>Diameter Mediation Rule Template</b> Insert and Edit pages, but not on the View page.	
Exit from Execution Trigger	Exits from the Execution Trigger, bypassing any subsequent Rule Set associated with it.	N/A

*Table 75: Rule Template Condition Operators* describes the Operators that can be used between the Left Value and the Right value in a Rule Template Condition.

The value can be an AVP, another part of a Diameter message, a constant, or an internal variable.

**Table 75: Rule Template Condition Operators**

Operator	Operator Type	Returns true when...
		Example of use
equals (==)	Generic	Value exists AND equals... @msg.command.code==316
does not equal (!=)	Generic	Value does not exist OR does not equal... @msg.command.code!=316
begins with (longest match) (=^^)	String	Value exists AND begins with (longest match)... @msg.avp["Destination-Realm"]=^^test
begins with (=^)	String	Value exists AND begins with... @msg.avp["Destination-Realm"]=^testlb
does not begin with (!=^)	String	Value does not exist OR does not begin with... @msg.avp["Destination-Realm"]!=^testlb
ends with (=\$)	String	Value exists AND ends with... @msg.avp["Origin-Host"][1]=\$entity.com
does not end with (!=\$)	String	Value does not exist OR does not end with... @msg.avp["Origin-Host"][1]!=\$entity.com
regular expression match (=~)	String	Value exists AND matches the regular expression... @msg.avp[Session-Id]!~=~.*\example\..*
regular expression does not match (!=~)	String	Value does not exist OR does not match the regular expression... @msg.avp["Session-Id"]!~=~.*\example\..*
less than (<)	Numeric	Value exists AND is less than...

Operator	Operator Type	Returns true when...
		Example of use
		@msg.avp["Validity-Time"]<30
greater than (>)	Numeric	Value exists AND is greater than...
		@msg.avp["Validity-Time"]>30
less than or equal to (<=)	Numeric	Value exists AND is less than or equal to...
		@msg.avp["Validity-Time"]<=30
greater than or equal to (>=)	Numeric	Value exists AND is greater than or equal to...
		@msg.avp["Validity-Time"]>=30
is within	Subnet	Value exists AND is within...
		@msg.avp["Served-Party-IP-Address"] is within 192.168.0.0/24
is not within	Subnet	Value does not exist OR is not within...
		@msg.avp["Served-Party-IP-Address"] is not within 192.168.0.0/24
exists		AVP specified as Left value exists...
		@msg.avp["Vendor-Specific-Application"] exists
does not exist		AVP specified as Left value does not exist...
		@msg.avp["Vendor-Specific-Application"] does not exist
is true		AVP specified as Left value exists AND it is not empty/non-zero...
		@msg.avp["Disconnect-Cause"] is true
is false		AVP specified as Left value does not exist OR it is empty/0...
		@msg.avp["Disconnect-Cause"] is false

"is true" and "is false" work only on numbers (Integer32, Integer32, Unsigned32, Unsigned64, Float32, Float64, Enumerated, Time) and strings (OctetString, UTF8String, DiameterIdentity, DiameterURI).

For an IP Address, "is true" always succeeds; the address can be converted to a string that is never empty.

If the condition cannot be evaluated (for example, the AVP does not exist or the xl-value is incompatible), then "is true" will fail and "is false" will succeed.

Based on the type of operator selected, the Left value and the Right value are converted according to the rules in [Table 76: Rule Template Condition Conversion Rules](#).

Table 76: Rule Template Condition Conversion Rules

Left value Type	Operator Type	Right value Type	Conversion
-	String	-	Convert Left value and Right value to strings.
-	Numeric	-	Convert Left value and Right value to numbers.
-	Subnet	-	Convert Left value to an IP address. Convert Right value to a subnet
String	Generic	String	No conversion is needed.
Numeric	Generic	Numeric	No conversion is needed.
IP address	Generic	IP address	No conversion is needed.
String	Generic	Numeric	Convert Left value to a number.
Numeric	Generic	String	Convert Right value to a number.
IP address	Generic	String	Convert Right value to an IP address.
String	Generic	IP address	Convert Left value to an IP address.
None of these cases			Conversion cannot be done.
Operators by Type (see also <a href="#">Table 75: Rule Template Condition Operators</a> )			
String	=~ , !=~ , ^= , ^=^ , !=^ , = \$ , != \$		
Numeric	< , > , <= , >=		
Subset	is within , is not within		
Generic	== , !=		

The conversion fails if the input value is reasonably not convertible to the new format (such as the numeric input cannot be converted to an IP Address).

If the conversion is impossible or fails, the condition is evaluated to false unless the operator is negated (begins with !, or "is not within").

For float to string conversion, the double argument is rounded and converted to decimal notation in the style [-]ddd.dddddd, with 6 characters of precision. If the conversion does not fit into 21 characters, then it will fail.

For IPv6 to string conversion, the following rules apply:

- Leading zeros are ignored (01->1)
- Lowercase to uppercase (ffff->FFFF)
- 1:0:0:0:0:0:0:0->1:0:0:0:0:0:0:0
- 1::2->1:0:0:0:0:0:0:2
- ::ffff->0:0:0:0:0:0:0:FFFF
- ffff::->FFFF:0:0:0:0:0:0:0:
- ::->0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0

## Viewing Rule Templates

Use this procedure to view all existing Rule Templates.

Select **Diameter > Mediation > Rule Templates**.

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page appears.

## Adding a Rule Template

Use this procedure to define a new Rule Template. A maximum of 64 Rule Templates can be defined.

There are three sections of the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates [Insert]** page: **Settings**, **Conditions**, and **Actions**. For a list of Rule Template elements and their definitions, see [Rule Template elements](#).

After the definition is complete and the Rule Template State is set to "Active" or "Test", this Rule Template appears as a Rule Set in the **Diameter > Mediation > Rule Sets** menu folder.

1. Verify that the required Enumeration Types, AVP Dictionary entries, and Vendors have been defined in the system.

Use the following GUI pages to view the entries, and to access the GUI pages to enter, change, or delete entries as needed

- [Enumerations](#)
- [All-AVP Dictionary](#)
- [Vendors](#)

2. Select **Diameter > Mediation > Rule Templates**.

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page opens.

3. Click the **Insert** button.

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates [Insert]** page opens.

If the maximum number of Rule Templates (100) already exist in the system, the **Rule Templates [Insert]** page will not open, and an error message is displayed.

4. Enter the **Settings** values for the Rule Template.

- a) Enter the name for the Rule Template in the **Name** text box.

The Name describes the purpose of the Rule Template.

- b) The **Message type support** for the Rule Template cannot be provisioned.

**Request** and **Answer** are both supported.

5. Enter the values to define up to 5 Conditions in the Rule Template.

**Note:** A Rule Template can be defined with no Conditions. It will unconditionally match for all processed messages.

The order in which conditions appear on the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page determines the order in which the conditions are processed. The **Up** and **Down** buttons are used to change the order of processing.

The **Fast Search** check mark or stop symbol displayed for a condition is determined by the **Operator** and the **Optional** fields. A check mark appears for **Fast Search** when the **Operator** is either "equals", "begins with-longest match", or "begins with", and the **Optional** element is not check marked.

A check mark in **Optional** indicates that a matching expression is optional. This means that the user can leave this condition's **Value** field blank on the **Diameter Mediation Rule Set** page, and this condition will then not be used during message processing.

- a) Enter a **Name** for the condition. This name appears on the generated **Rule Set** page after this Rule Template is saved.
- b) Enter a **Left value** in the text box, or use the [Formatting Value Wizard](#) to select the components of the Left value.

The Left value appears in the text box.

- c) Select an **Operator** from the pulldown menu.
- d) Select a **Right value** from the pulldown list.
- e) Provide a **Default value** for the Right value that will appear on the **Rule Set** page that is generated from the Rule Template.
- f) Click the appropriate check boxes to display a check mark in the boxes that apply for this Rule Template.

Click the **Case sensitive** check box to indicate that the values must match in case as well as content.

Click the **Optional** check box to indicate that the user can decide to exclude the matching expression from the condition set by leaving the Right value empty.

Click the **Fixed** check box to indicate that the Right value cannot be changed in the rule.

- g) To add another condition, click **Add** and repeat the substeps in this step for each additional condition.

6. Enter the values to define one or more Actions in the Rule Template.

When any defined Conditions are met, the Actions specified in this section of the page are taken. At least one Action must be specified for a Rule Template.

- a) From the **New Action** pulldown list, select an Action to take for this Rule Template.
- b) Click [**Add**] to open the GUI fields for the selected Action.
- c) Enter the information in the fields. The fields are described in [Rule Template elements](#).

7. When the Rule Template definition is complete, click:

- **OK** to save the Rule Template and return to the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page. The Rule Template Name appears in the list on the page.
- **Apply** to save the Rule Template and remain on the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates [Insert]** page for additional changes.
- **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page without saving the Rule Template.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error or warning message appears:

- Any of the Default value fields in the Conditions contain a value that cannot fit into the range of the selected Right value with a supported Operator.
- Any of the Default value fields in the Conditions contain a value that is not valid or is not the correct format for the selected Right value with a supported Operator.

- Adding the new Rule Template would cause the maximum number (100) of Rule Templates allowed in the system to be exceeded.
8. If you want to add online help to describe this Rule Template in its generated Rule Set, perform the [Adding online help to a Rule Template](#) procedure. Then continue with [Step 9](#).
  9. When the Rule Template definition is complete, go to the **Diameter Mediation State & Properties** page.
    - a) Change the Rule Template **State** from Development to either Test or Active.
    - b) Set the **Action Error Handling** property.

After the Rule Template definition is completed and saved, the Rule Template state and properties can be changed to make the Rule Template available for testing and to generate the Rule Set from the Rule Template.

The Rule Template state can be changed to Test to allow testing, provisioning of the Rule Set data, and associating the Rule Set with a Trigger (see [Triggers](#)) before the Rule Set is used in live traffic.

The state can be changed to Active after the testing is successful, the Rule Set data is provisioned, the Rule Set is associated with a Trigger, and the Rule Set is ready to use in live traffic.

## Adding online help to a Rule Template

When a Rule Template is created, online help can be added to the Rule Template to describe it in its generated Rule Set.

After online help is added, when the user clicks the context-sensitive help icon in the upper right corner of the associated **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name>** page, this online help explains how to use the **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name>** page to configure the Rule Set.

This help is standalone, and is not part of the online help provided by Tekelec as part of the Mediation feature.

Use this procedure to add context-sensitive online help to an existing Rule Template:

1. Select **Diameter > Mediation > Rule Templates**.

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page appears.

2. Select the **Rule Template Name** to which online help will be added.
3. Click **Set Help**.

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates [Set Help]** page appears.

4. Change the contents of the **Title** box to an appropriate title for this help.

The Rule Template Name appears in the **Title** box as the default.

5. In the **Text** field, add specific details on how to configure a rule using this Rule Set, such as a procedure and result. You can also add detail on how the various fields interrelate, and provide any cautions to prevent loss of data.
6. To see how the help text you have entered will look from the **Rule Set** page, click **Preview**.

A separate window opens and displays the help text.

Close the preview window when you are finished previewing the help text.

7. When the help page is complete, click:

- **OK** to save the help page and return to the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page.
- **Apply** to save the changes and remain on the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates [Set Help]** page for additional changes.
- **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page without saving any changes.

The new help text is now available from the help icon on the **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets** <name> page for this Rule Template.

## Rule Templates Help elements

When **Set Help** is clicked for an existing Rule Template on the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page, the following information appears:

Element	Description	Data Input Notes
Title	Title to appear at the top of the Help page. This field is required when providing Help.	Format: Text string Range: 1-64 characters
Text	Detailed explanation of this Rule Set: how to use it and description of any interrelated features.	Format: Text string (HTML tags allowed) Range: 1 - 10000 characters
Path	(Generated and used by software)	

## Copying a Rule Template

Use this procedure to copy an existing Rule Template and save it as a new Rule Template. For a list of Rule Template elements and their definitions, see [Rule Template elements](#).

1. Select **Diameter > Mediation > Rule Templates**.

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page appears.

If the maximum number of Rule Templates (100) already exist in the system, the **Rule Templates [Copy]** page will not open, and an error message is displayed.

2. Select the Rule Template that you want to copy.

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates [Copy]** page appears.

3. Click **Copy**.

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates [Copy]** page appears.

4. Enter a different **Rule Template Name** for the new Rule Template.

5. Make any changes as needed.

6. Click:

- **OK** to save the definition and return to the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page.
- **Apply** to save the definition and remain on the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates [Copy]** page.
- **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page without saving any changes.



## Changing a Rule Template

Use this procedure to change values for an existing Rule Template (for a list of Rule Template elements and their definitions, see [Rule Template elements](#)).

When a Rule Template is in the Development state, all elements can be changed.

After the Rule Template state has been changed to Test or Active, only the following elements can be changed. The Rule Template state must be set back to Development to change any other elements (all provisioning of rules for the Rule Template will be lost when the state is changed back to Development). (See [State and Properties](#).)

- Rule Template Name
- Name of the Conditions
- Default value of the Conditions (except when the Fixed box has been checked)
- Description of the Condition
- Default value of the Actions (except for the value of the "Execute Rule Template")

### 1. Select **Diameter > Mediation > Rule Templates**.

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page appears.

### 2. Click **Edit** on the Rule Template row to be changed.

The **Rule Templates Edit** page appears.

### 3. Change **Conditions** and **Actions** as needed.

### 4. Click:

- **OK** to save the changes and return to the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page.
- **Apply** to save the changes and remain on the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates [Edit]** page.
- **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page without saving any changes.

## Importing a Rule Template

A Rule Template can be imported into the DSR system using the **Import** function on the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page.

Existing Rule Templates can be imported. Existing Rule Templates are previously defined Rule Templates that have been exported from Diameter Mediation using the **Export** function.

The Mediation version in the file selected for importing must be compatible with the DSR release into which the file is imported. The Mediation versions for DSR 3.0 and DSR 4.0 are compatible.

A successfully imported Rule Template file appears in the list on the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page, the **Diameter Mediation State & Properties** page, and as a Rule Set in the **Diameter > Mediation > Rule Sets** menu folder (no Rule Set is generated if the only Action is "Execute Rule Template").

The imported Rule Template is automatically set to the "Test" state.

The Enumeration Types that are used in the Rule Template are imported, if they do not already exist in the system.

If the selected Rule Template references another Rule Template (as an Execute Rule Template action) that is not already present in the system, the referenced Rule Template is also imported (unless there is already a Rule Template with the same Name but a different definition).

Use the following procedure to import an existing Rule Template that is located outside of the DSR file system (stored on a local computer):

1. Select **Diameter > Mediation > Rule Templates**.

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page appears.

2. Click **Import**.

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates Import** page appears.

If the maximum number of Rule Templates (100) already exist in the system, the **Rule Templates [Import]** page will not open, and an error message is displayed.

3. Click **Browse** to open the **Choose File** popup window.
4. Navigate to the location of the Rule Template file you want to import, and select the file.
5. With the Rule Template filename displayed in the **File name** field, click **Open**.

The filename appears in the **Choose a file to import** field.

6. Click **Import File**.

If the Import File button is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, the file is not imported and an error message appears:

- The selected file does not exist
- The selected file is larger than 1 MB
- The selected file has wrong .xml structure or missing data
- The Mediation version of the file is not compatible with the DSR system into which the file is being imported (the Mediation versions for DSR 3.0 and DSR 4.0 are compatible)
- The Name field of the imported Rule Template is empty
- Any Operator field in a Condition contains an operator that is not valid
- Any Right value field in a Condition
- A value type specifies an Enumerated Type that is not defined either in the system or in the imported file
- A Condition or Action in the selected file includes an Enumerated Type that is already present in the system, but that contains different Enumerated Type values
- The selected file contains an Action that is not defined in the system
- The selected file contains more than the allowed maximum number of Conditions (5)
- A Condition in the selected file includes a Right value that is not supported by the selected Operator
- The Right value of a Condition in the file is not a supported value type
- The selected file contains more than the allowed maximum number of Actions (5), unless the maximum number is exceeded because of automatically added final actions (some actions actually result in multiple actions)
- Importing the file would cause the allowed maximum number of Rule Templates (100) in the system to be exceeded
- The selected Rule Template references another Rule Template (as an Execute Rule Template action) that is not present in the system

- The selected file contains mutually exclusive Actions (that cannot be used together in the same Rule Template)

## Exporting a Rule Template

Use this procedure to export a Rule Template from within the DSR to an external location, such as your hard drive or a memory stick.

The selected file is saved in .xml format, and contains the following information:

- The Rule Template without any provisioned data
- All of the Enumeration Type definitions with the possible values to which the Rule Template refers
- Mediation version number (the Mediation versions for DSR 3.0 and DSR 4.0 are compatible)
- Help pages related to the Rule Template

**Note:** The Export button is not available (grayed out) for Rule Templates that are in the "Development" state (see the **Diameter Mediation State and Properties** page).

1. Select **Diameter > Mediation > Rule Templates**.

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page appears.

2. Select the **Rule Template Name** row for the Rule Template to be exported.
3. Click the **Export** button.

A **File Download** popup window appears.

4. Click **Browse** to pop up the **Choose File** window.
5. Navigate to the location to which you want to export the Rule Template.
6. Click **Export File**.

The selected file is saved to the specified location.

## Deleting a Rule Template

When a Rule Template is deleted, it is removed from the entire system, including the **Diameter Mediation State and Properties** page, the **Diameter Mediation Triggers** page, and the **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets** page.

Any Rule Sets that were generated from this Rule Template are also deleted automatically.

If a Rule Set belonging to the selected Rule Template is enabled for live traffic ("Active" state on the **State and Properties** page), an error message appears indicating that the Rule Template cannot be deleted as long as it is being used by the system for live traffic.

Use this procedure to delete an existing Rule Template.

1. Select **Diameter > Mediation > Rule Templates**.

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page appears.

2. Select the **Rule Template Name** of the Rule Template to be removed.
3. Click **Delete**.
4. A popup window appears to confirm the delete when the selected Rule Template is in the "Development" state or the "Test" state (see the **State and Properties** page).

- Click **OK** to confirm the delete.
  - Click **Cancel** to cancel the delete function and return to the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page.
5. If the selected Rule Template has any data provisioned, another confirmation popup window appears indicating that all of the provisioned data that belongs to any Rule Set generated from the Rule Template will be deleted.
- Click **OK** to confirm the delete of the provisioned data.
  - Click **Cancel** to cancel the delete function and return to the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page.

## Formatting Value Wizard

The Formatting Value Wizard is a popup window available from both the **Diameter > Mediation > Rule Templates** Insert/Edit/Copy pages and the **Diameter > Mediation > Rule Sets** Insert/Edit pages. The wizard simplifies entry of xl-formatted strings, which require specific syntax coding. Both Log and Add Header functions require xl-formatted string coding.

An xl-formatted string can contain references to the state of the server, or to the message being processed. For example, `%@ruri.user` refers to the user part of the Request URI within an xl-formatted string. The references are replaced with their actual value before the log message is issued, or before the string is appended to the Request.

### Formatting Value Wizard elements

When **[wizard]** is clicked, the information shown in [Table 77: Formatting Value Wizard elements](#) appears:

**Table 77: Formatting Value Wizard elements**

Element	Description
Value	The value of the variable in xl-format.  The components of this value can be entered manually, by clicking on one or more specifiers, or both.
Specifiers	List of elements that can be part of an xl-formatted string.  A specifier is either a single item, or a group of items forming a sublist. Every specifier that is selected is put into the Value field where the cursor is currently located.  The Specifiers are described in <a href="#">Table 78: Formatting Value Wizard Specifiers</a> .
Preview	The readable description of the xl-formatted string in the Value field.

The specifiers described in [Table 78: Formatting Value Wizard Specifiers](#) can be used to create or update the variables in the Value field.

**Note:** [*Index*] that is either a [*<number>*] or [*any*] can be excluded from all of the expressions that refer to the first instance of the AVP.

The instance number "any" can be present in the Left value of the Condition only once.

The instance number "any" can be present in the Right value of the Condition only once.

**Table 78: Formatting Value Wizard Specifiers**

Specifier			
New Line	<b>Sub-Items</b>	<b>xl-formatted Value</b>	<b>Preview Value</b>
		\r\n	  (This causes a line break on the GUI screen.)
String Constant	Type the string constant	<i>string constant</i>	{" <i>string constant</i> "}
Diameter Head	<b>Sub-Items</b>	<b>xl-formatted Value</b>	<b>Preview Value</b>
	Version	@msg.version	{Version}
	Message Length	@msg.length	{Message Length}
	Command Flags: R	@msg.command.flags.R	{R Command Flag}
	Command Flags: P	@msg.command.flags.P	{P Command Flag}
	Command Flags: E	@msg.command.flags.E	{E Command Flag}
	Command Flags: T	@msg.command.flags.T	{T Command Flag}
	Command Flags: r4	@msg.command.flags.r4	{r4 Command Flag}
	Command Flags: r5	@msg.command.flags.r5	{r5 Command Flag}
	Command Flags: r6	@msg.command.flags.r6	{r6 Command Flag}
	Command Flags: r7	@msg.command.flags.r7	{r7 Command Flag}
	Application ID	@msg.application_id	{Application ID}
	Hop-by-Hop Identifier	@msg.hbh_id	{Hop-to-Hop Identifier}
	End-to-End Identifier	@msg.e2e_id	{End-to-End Identifier}
AVP	<b>Sub-Items</b>		
	Parent AVP	Pull-down list containing all AVP definitions from the dictionary that have the type "Grouped".	
	Parent AVP Instance number	Pull-down list containing the index of the Parent AVP, if a Parent AVP is selected (First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth).	
	AVP		

Specifier	
	<p>Pulldown list containing all AVP definitins from the dictionary (except for the case where the selected Parent AVP is grouped; then only those AVPs that belong to the group are available).</p>
	<p>AVP instance number</p> <p>Pulldown list containing the indexes of AVP (First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Any).</p>
	<p>AVP Component</p> <p>Pulldown list containing the following components:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Data</li> <li>• Data Length</li> <li>• AVP Code</li> <li>• Flag V</li> <li>• Flag M</li> <li>• Flag P</li> <li>• Flag r3</li> <li>• Flag r4</li> <li>• Flag r5</li> <li>• Flag r6</li> <li>• Flag r7</li> <li>• Vendor-ID</li> </ul> <p>Flags V, M, and P are supported; flags r3, r4, r5, r6, and r7 are reserved for future use.</p>
	<b>xl-formatted Value</b>
	<p>@msg.avp["name"]</p> <p>@msg.avp["name"][index]</p> <p>@msg.avp["name"][index].code</p> <p>@msg.avp["name"][index].flags.V</p> <p>@msg.avp["name"][index].flags.M</p> <p>@msg.avp["name"][index].flags.P</p> <p>@msg.avp["name"][index].flags.r3</p> <p>@msg.avp["name"][index].flags.r4</p> <p>@msg.avp["name"][index].flags.r5</p> <p>@msg.avp["name"][index].flags.r6</p> <p>@msg.avp["name"][index].flags.r7</p> <p>@msg.avp["name"][index].vendor_id</p> <p>@msg.avp["name"][index].data</p> <p>@msg.avp["name"][index].data_length</p>

Specifier	
	@msg.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index] @msg.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index].code @msg.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index].flags.V @msg.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index].flags.M @msg.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index].flags.P @msg.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index].flags.r3 @msg.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index].flags.r4 @msg.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index].flags.r5 @msg.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index].flags.r6 @msg.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index].flags.r7 @msg.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index].vendor_id @msg.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index].data @msg.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index].data_length
	<b>Preview Value</b>
	{AVP:"Name"} {AVP:"Name"[Index]} {AVP:"Name"[Index].Code} {AVP:"Name"[Index].Flag V} {AVP:"Name"[Index].Flag M} {AVP:"Name"[Index].Flag P} {AVP:"Name"[Index].Flag r3} {AVP:"Name"[Index].Flag r4} {AVP:"Name"[Index].Flag r5} {AVP:"Name"[Index].Flag r6} {AVP:"Name"[Index].Flag r7} {AVP:"Name"[Index].Vendor-ID} {AVP:"Name"[Index].Data} {AVP:"Name"[Index].Data_Length} {AVP:"Parent AVP Name"[Index]."AVP Name"[Index]} {AVP:"Parent AVP Name"[Index]."AVP Name"[Index].Code} {AVP:"Parent AVP Name"[Index]."AVP Name"[Index].Flag V} {AVP:"Parent AVP Name"[Index]."AVP Name"[Index].Flag M}

Specifier	
	{AVP:"Parent AVP Name"[Index]."AVP Name"[Index].Flag P} {AVP:"Parent AVP Name"[Index]."AVP Name"[Index].Flag r3} {AVP:"Parent AVP Name"[Index]."AVP Name"[Index].Flag r4} {AVP:"Parent AVP Name"[Index]."AVP Name"[Index].Flag r5} {AVP:"Parent AVP Name"[Index]."AVP Name"[Index].Flag r6} {AVP:"Parent AVP Name"[Index]."AVP Name"[Index].Flag r7} {AVP:"Parent AVP Name"[Index]."AVP Name"[Index].Vendor-ID} {AVP:"Parent AVP Name"[Index]."AVP Name"[Index].Data} {AVP:"Parent AVP Name"[Index]."AVP Name"[Index].Data_Length}
Linking AVP	<b>Sub-Items</b>
	Parent Linking-AVP Pulldown list containing all AVP definitions from the dictionary that have the type "Grouped".
	Parent Linking-AVP Instance number Pulldown list containing the indexes of the Parent AVP (First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Any).
	Linking-AVP Pulldown list containing all AVP definitions from the dictionary (except for the case where the selected Parent AVP is grouped; then only those AVPs that belong to the group are available).  <b>Note:</b> Sub-LAVPs within a grouped LAVP cannot be retrieved (such as with @msg.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index]), modified, or removed.
	Linking-AVP Instance number Pulldown list containing the indexes of the AVP. (First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Any)
	Linking-AVP Component Pulldown list containing the following components: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• AVP Code</li> <li>• Flag V</li> <li>• Flag M</li> <li>• Flag P</li> <li>• Flag r3</li> <li>• Flag r4</li> <li>• Flag r5</li> <li>• Flag r6</li> </ul>



Specifier	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flag r7</li> <li>• Vendor ID</li> <li>• Data</li> <li>• Data Length</li> </ul> <p>Flags V, M, and P are supported; flags r3, r4, r5, r6, and r7 are reserved for future use.</p>
	<b>xl-formatted Value</b>
	<pre> @store.avp["name"] @store.avp["name"][index] @store.avp["name"][index.code] @store.avp["name"][index].flags.V @store.avp["name"][index].flags.M @store.avp["name"][index].flags.P @store.avp["name"][index].flags.r3 @store.avp["name"][index].flags.r4 @store.avp["name"][index].flags.r5 @store.avp["name"][index].flags.r6 @store.avp["name"][index].flags.r7 @store.avp["name"][index].length @store.avp["name"][index].vendor_id @store.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index] @store.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index].code @store.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index].flags.V @store.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index].flags.M @store.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index].flags.P @store.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index].flags.r3 @store.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index].flags.r4 @store.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index].flags.r5 @store.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index].flags.r6 @store.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index].flags.r7 @store.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index].vendor-id @store.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index].data @store.avp["name"][index].avp["name"][index].data_length </pre>
	<b>Preview Value</b>

Specifier			
	{LAVP:"Name"} {LAVP:"Name"[Index]} {LAVP:"Name"[Index].Code} {LAVP:"Name"[Index].Flag V} {LAVP:"Name"[Index].Flag M} {LAVP:"Name"[Index].Flag P} {LAVP:"Name"[Index].Flag r3} {AVP:"Name"[Index].Flag r4} {AVP:"Name"[Index].Flag r5} {LAVP:"Name"[Index].Flag r6} {LAVP:"Name"[Index].Flag r7} {LAVP:"Name"[Index].Vendor-ID} {LAVP:"Name"[Index].Data} {LAVP:"Name"[Index].Data_Length} {LAVP:"Parent LAVP Name"[Index]."LAVP Name"[Index]} {LAVP:"Parent LAVP Name"[Index]."LAVP Name"[Index].Code} {LAVP:"Parent LAVP Name"[Index]."LAVP Name"[Index].Flag V} {LAVP:"Parent LAVP Name"[Index]."LAVP Name"[Index].Flag M} {LAVP:"Parent LAVP Name"[Index]."LAVP Name"[Index].Flag P} {LAVP:"Parent LAVP Name"[Index]."LAVP Name"[Index].Flag r3} {LAVP:"Parent LAVP Name"[Index]."LAVP Name"[Index].Flag r4} {LAVP:"Parent LAVP Name"[Index]."LAVP Name"[Index].Flag r5} {LAVP:"Parent LAVP Name"[Index]."LAVP Name"[Index].Flag r6} {AVP:"Parent LAVP Name"[Index]."LAVP Name"[Index].Flag r7} {LAVP:"Parent LAVP Name"[Index]."LAVP Name"[Index].Vendor-ID} {LAVP:"Parent LAVP Name"[Index]."LAVP Name"[Index].Data} {LAVP:"Parent LAVP Name"[Index]."LAVP Name"[Index].Data_Length}		
Functions	<b>Sub-Items</b>	<b>xl-formatted Value</b>	<b>Preview Value</b>
	Length of	strlen(<string>)	{Length of (<string>)}
	Used to determine the length of a number and then to determine if additional digits should be prepended or removed.		

Specifier	
	<p>For example, if a 7-digit number is received, a default area code might have to be prepended to the number.</p> <p>"Length of" always works on string types. If the parameter happens to be a number, then it will be automatically treated as a string by these functions. Hence, strlen(123) will work the same as strlen("123"), and return 3.</p> <p>The input of the function "string" might include other xl-values such as constants, Diameter Header parts, AVP or LAVP parts, or other functions.</p>
Hash	<div>hash(&lt;string&gt;, &lt;range&gt;)</div> <div>{Hash (&lt;string&gt;), &lt;range&gt;}</div>
	<p>Used for making a routing decision based on the hash generated on the "session-id" AVP. This AVP is present in charging messages such as ACR and CCR.</p> <p>For example, if session-id hashes to 1, then set dest-host to host1, if it hashes to 2, then set dest-host to host2.</p> <p>Because all messages in a session need to go to the same host and they all have the same session-id, the mechanism can be used to send them to the same host without maintaining state.</p> <p>The input of the function "string" might include other xl-values such as constants, Diameter Header parts, AVP or LAVP parts, or other functions.</p>
Substring	<div>substr(&lt;string&gt;, &lt;position&gt;, &lt;length&gt;)</div> <div>Postion can be negative, (counted from the end).</div> <div>Substring (&lt;string&gt;, &lt;position&gt;, &lt;length&gt;)</div>
	<p>Used to inspect a part of a string or number and make changes if needed.</p> <p>For example, if the first 4 characters match "+011", then delete the characters.</p> <p>"Substring" works always on string types.</p> <p>The input of the function "position" specifies the position(character) at which the counting of the substring will start. Position 0 indicates the first character of the string. -1 indicates the last character of the string.</p> <p>The input of the function "length" specifies the number of characters to include in the substring. The specified substring will be extracted.</p> <p>For example: substr(@msg.avp["APN-OI-Replacement"])[1,0,5)</p>
X hours	<div>hour2sec(&lt;hours&gt;)</div> <div>{&lt;x&gt;hours}</div>
Y minutes	<div>min2sec(&lt;minutes&gt;)</div> <div>{&lt;y&gt;minutes}</div>
GMT	<div>time( )</div> <div>{GMT time}</div>
	<p>Can be used to perform time of day routing.</p>

Specifier			
	Certain AVPs carry time, which can be compared against a specified hour and minute to perform time of day routing. The inputs "hours" or "minutes" might include other xl-values.		
Operators	Provide the ability to perform mathematical operations on the AVP. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Plus</li> <li>Minus</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+</li> <li>-</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>+</li> <li>-</li> </ul>
Back Reference	Number of occurrence of the back reference: input field for one digit; default is 0.	\<number>	\<number>
	Because Back Reference can be part of only a replacement string, this specifier is presented only for the <b>Substitute in AVP Value</b> Action.		

## Using the Formatting Value Wizard

Use the following procedure to code an xl-formatted string using the wizard. See [Formatting Value Wizard elements](#) for:

- A list of wizard elements and their descriptions
- A list of xl-code specifiers, their sub-items, xl-formatted values, and preview values

### 1. On a **Diameter Mediation** GUI page, click **Wizard**.

The wizard popup window appears.

### 2. Click the specifier you want to add to the Value, or type characters directly into the Value field.

If a specifier requires additional information, a popup window prompts for this information.

The selected characters or specifier in xl-format appears in the **Value** field. The specifier description also appears in the **Preview** section of the window.

### 3. Add additional specifiers or text as needed.

### 4. When the Value is complete, click **Ok**.

The xl-formatted string appears in the **Value** field on the **GUI** page.

## Enumerations

An Enumeration Type (Enum Type) consists of a name and a set of values. The purpose of the Enum Type is to strictly define the possible values of a data input field.

The allowed values are comma-separated items, which might optionally contain colons. If an item contains a colon, then everything before the colon is a label and everything after the colon is a value. If an item does not contain a colon, then the value and the label are the same.

Pre-defined Enum Types are provided with the Diameter Mediation feature. New Enum Types can be defined with their possible values. When a new Enum Type is created, it automatically appears in the **Conditions** section of the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** Insert, Copy, and Edit pages, within the list of Right value types. The Enum Type must be created before a Rule Template Condition can use it. The values of the Enum Type used by the Mediation Rule Set can be modified after the Rule Template has been created.

When a Right value of a Rule Template Condition is set to an Enum Type, the actual value can be set in a rule only to one of the valid values of the specified Enum Type. This is enforced by presenting a pulldown list instead of an input field on the **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets** [Insert] and [Edit] pages.

On the **Diameter Mediation Enumerations** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of Enumerations to display only the desired Names.
- Click the **Insert** button.

The **Diameter Mediation Enumerations [Insert]** page opens. You can add a new Enumeration Type and its values. See [Adding an Enumeration](#).

If the maximum number of Enumeration Types (64) already exist in the system, the **Diameter Mediation Enumerations [Insert]** page will not open, and an error message is displayed.

- Select the **Name** of an Enumeration in the list, and click the **Edit** button.

The **Enumerations [Edit]** page opens. You can edit the selected Enumeration Type. See [Editing an Enumeration](#).

- Select the **Name** of an Enumeration Type in the list, and click the **Delete** button to remove the selected Enumeration Type. See [Deleting an Enumeration](#).

## Mediation Enumerations elements

[Table 79: Mediation Enumeration elements](#) describes the fields on the **Diameter Mediation Enumerations** View, Insert, and Edit pages. Data Input Notes apply only to the Insert and Edit pages; the View page is read-only.

**Table 79: Mediation Enumeration elements**

Element	Description	Data Input Notes
Name	Name used to label this Enumeration Type in the system.  A unique value is required in this field.	Format: String, with valid characters a-z, A-Z, 0-9, dash (-), period (.), @, and underscore (_) Range: 1-64 characters
Values	Comma-separated list of possible values.  The allowed values are comma-separated items, which	Format: List of values that can be separate items (a,b,c) or in the form of <label>:<value> (a:1, b:2,c:3).

Element	Description	Data Input Notes
	might optionally contain colons. If an item contains a colon, then everything before the colon is a label and everything after the colon is a value. If an item does not contain a colon, then the value and the label are the same. A value is required in this field.	Range: 1-2048 characters

## Viewing Enumerations

Use this task to view all configured Mediation Enumerations.

The use of Mediation Enumerations is described in [Enumerations](#).

Select **Diameter > Mediation > Enumerations**.

The **Diameter Mediation Enumerations** page appears with a list of configured Enumerations and their values. The fields are described in [Mediation Enumerations elements](#).

## Adding an Enumeration

The following procedure can be used to configure a new Enumeration Type.

A new Enumeration Type can be used when defining **Rule Template Conditions** and **Linking-AVPs**.

The fields are described in [Mediation Enumerations elements](#).

1. Select **Diameter > Mediation > Enumeration**.

The **Diameter Mediation Enumerations** page appears.

2. Click **Insert**.

The **Diameter Mediation Enumerations [Insert]** page appears.

**Note:** If the maximum number of Mediation Enumerations (64) has already been configured in the system, the **Diameter Mediation Enumerations [Insert]** page will not open, and an error message will appear.

3. Enter a unique **Name** for the Enumeration Type that is being added.
4. Enter one or more **Values** to associate with this Enumeration Name. Use a comma to separate multiple values.
5. Click:
  - **OK** to save the changes and return to the **Diameter Mediation Enumerations** page.  
OK is not available until a **Name** is entered.
  - **Apply** to save the changes and remain on this page.  
Apply is not available until a **Name** is entered.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter Mediation Enumerations** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- The **Name** or **Value** contains characters that are not valid
- The **Value** is empty (not entered)
- The **Name** is not unique
- Creating this new Enum Type will cause the allowed maximum number of Enum Types (64) to be exceeded

## Editing an Enumeration

Use this procedure to change the Name, or Values, or both, associated with an Enumeration.

An item cannot be removed from the comma-separated list of values that is already used by the configured data of a Rule Template or by the Rule Template.

The fields are described in [Mediation Enumerations elements](#).

1. Select **Diameter > Mediation > Enumerations**.

The **Diameter Mediation Enumerations** page appears.

2. Select the row containing the Enumeration to be changed.
3. Click the **Edit** button.

The Diameter Mediation **Enumeration [Edit]** page appears.

4. Change the **Name** or **Values**, or both, associated with the selected Enumeration.
5. Click:
  - **OK** to save the changes and return to the **Diameter Mediation Enumerations** page.  
**OK** is not available if the **Name** field is empty.
  - **Apply** to save the changes and remain on this page.  
**Apply** is not available if the **Name** field is empty.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter Mediation Enumerations** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- The **Name** or **Value** contains characters that are not valid
- The **Name** is not unique
- An item has been removed from the comma-separated list of values that is already used by the configured data of a Rule Template or by the Rule Template

## Deleting an Enumeration

Use the following procedure to delete an Enumeration.

An Enumeration Type cannot be deleted if any Rule Templates refer to the Enumeration Type.

1. Select **Diameter > Mediation > Enumerations**.

The **Diameter Mediation Enumerations** page appears.

2. Select the **Name** of the Enumeration Type to be deleted.

3. Click the **Delete** button.

A popup window appears to confirm the delete.

4. Click **OK**.

- **OK** delete the Enum Type and return to the **Diameter Mediation Enumerations** page.
- **Cancel** to cancel the delete function and return to the **Diameter Mediation Enumerations** page.

When **OK** is clicked and any configured Rule Templates refer to the Enum Type that is being deleted, the Enum Type is not deleted and an error message appears.

## Triggers

An execution trigger defines a triggering point within the message processing logic. When the triggering point is reached, the mediation operations (Rule Sets) associated with that triggering point are executed. The type of the Trigger defines whether the triggering point is part of the request or the answer processing.

The available triggering points are pre-defined. One or more Rule Sets can be associated with a Trigger. The Triggers described in [Table 80: Diameter Mediation Triggers](#) are available for Diameter Mediation.

The behavior of an MP is exactly the same with and without a Trigger if no Rule Set is associated with the Trigger.

**Note:** CEA, CER, DWA, DWR, DPA, and DPR messages are never handled by the Mediation feature.

The Rule Set can be defined to be executed as a part of the Actions of another Rule Set, or it can be triggered at some specific point of the message processing

Rule Sets that are associated with a Trigger are executed in the sequence in which they are listed under the Trigger name on the **Diameter Mediation Triggers** page.

Associations of a Trigger with new Rule Sets can be added, existing associations can be removed, and the sequence of the Rule Set Name list can be changed to modify the MP behavior based on the Rule Set execution.

**Table 80: Diameter Mediation Triggers**

Execution Trigger Name	Message Type	Triggering Poing
Diameter request message received from connection	Request	Request Trigger Point 1; occurs upon receipt of a request
Diameter request message ready to be forwarded to connection	Request	Request Trigger Point 10; occurs just before forwarding the request upstream
Diameter answer message received from connection	Response	Answer Trigger Point 1; occurs upon receipt of an answer
Diameter answer message ready to be forwarded to connection	Response	Answer Trigger Point 10; occurs just before forwarding the answer dwonstream

On the Diameter Mediation Triggers page, you can perform the following actions:



- Click the **Insert** button under a Trigger name.

The **Diameter Mediation Triggers [Insert]** page opens. You can associate a new Rule Set with the Trigger. See [Associating a Rule Set with a Trigger](#).

- Select a Rule Set Name in the list under a Trigger name, and click the **Remove** button.

The association of the Rule Set with the the Trigger can be removed, and the Rule Set Name is deleted from the list for the Trigger. See [Removing the Association of a Rule Set with a Trigger](#)

- Use the **Up** and **Down** buttons to alter the sequence of execution of the Rule Sets associated with a Trigger.
  - For a selected Rule Set Name, clicking the **Up** button under the Rule Set Name list moves the selected Rule Set Name one position toward the top or beginning of the list.
  - For a selected Rule Set Name, clicking the **Down** button under the Rule Set Name list moves the selected Rule Set Name one position toward the bottom or end of the list.

## Mediation Triggers elements

[Table 81: Mediation Triggers elements](#) describes the fields on the **Diameter Mediation Triggers** and **Diameter Mediation Triggers [Insert]** pages. Data Input Notes apply only to the **Diameter MediationTriggers [Insert]** page; the Triggers page is read-only.

**Table 81: Mediation Triggers elements**

Element	Description	Data Input Notes
Rule Set Name	The name of each Rule Set that is associated with a Trigger and executed by the triggering point. .	<p><b>Triggers page:</b> The Rule Sets that are associated with a Trigger are listed under the name of the associated Trigger.</p> <p><b>Triggers [Insert] page:</b> Format: Pulldown list Range: The Rule Sets (supported by the Trigger and in the "Active" or "Test" state) are listed in the <b>Rule Set Name</b> pulldown list. Default: First Rule Set that is supported by the Trigger and is in the "Active" or "Test" state.</p>
Live	A yes sign (check mark) indicates that the Rule Set has been set to the "Active" state (enabled for the live traffic).	The Rule Set state is set on the <b>State &amp; Properties</b> page for the Rule Template Name that corresponds to the Rule Set.

## Viewing Triggers

The operation of Diameter Mediation Triggers is explained in [Triggers](#).

To view all existing Mediation Triggers, select **Diameter > Mediation > Triggers**.

The **Diameter Mediation Triggers** page appears, with a list of existing Triggers, and with the Rule Sets that are associated with each Trigger listed under the Trigger name. The fields on the page are described in [Mediation Triggers elements](#).

## Associating a Rule Set with a Trigger

Use this procedure to associate a Rule Set with a Trigger.

Only Rule Sets with Rule Templates in "Test" or "Active" state can be associated with a Trigger.

1. Select **Diameter > Mediation > Triggers**.

The **Diameter Mediation Triggers** page appears.

2. Click **Insert** under the Trigger with which the new Rule Set is to be associated.

The **Diameter Mediation Triggers [Insert]** page opens.

The **Diameter Mediation Triggers [Insert]** page does not open and an error message appears if any of the following conditions exist:

- There are no Rule Sets that support the Trigger and that are in the "Active" or "Test" state
- Associating another Rule Set to the Trigger would cause the total allowed number of associated "Test" Rule Sets (10) or "Active" Rule Sets (5) to be exceeded

3. Select the desired **Rule Set Name** from the pulldown list.

The default is the first Rule Set in the pulldown list.

4. The newly assigned Rule Set appears at the bottom of the list of Rule Sets for the Trigger. If the Rule Set sequence needs to be changed, use the **Up** and **Down** buttons to move the Rule Sets to different positions in the list.

Clicking a Rule Set and the **Up** button moves the selected Rule Set up one position toward the top of the list.

Clicking a Rule Set and the **Down** button moves the selected Rule Set down one position toward the bottom of the list.

The Live column will show a check mark if the Rule Template for the newly associated Rule Set is in the "Active" state for use with live traffic (see the **State & Properties** page).

5. Click:

- **OK** to save the new Rule Set association and return to the **Diameter Mediation Triggers** page.
- **Apply** to save the new Rule Set association and remain on the **Diameter Mediation Triggers [Insert]** page.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and the selected Rule Set no longer exists (was deleted by another user), an error message appears.

## Removing the Association of a Rule Set with a Trigger

Use the following procedure to remove the association of a Rule Set with a Trigger and delete the Rule Set Name from the list for the Trigger.

1. Select **Diameter > Mediation > Triggers**.

The **Diameter Mediation Triggers** page appears.

2. Select the **Rule Set Name** in the list under the Trigger name.
3. Click the **Remove** button below the **Rule Set Name** list for the Trigger.

A popup window appears to confirm the removal.

4. Click:
  - **OK** to remove the association of the Rule Set with the Trigger and delete the Rule Set Name from the list for the Trigger.
  - **Cancel** to cancel the Remove function and return to to **Diameter Mediation Triggers** page.

## State and Properties

The **Diameter Mediation State & Properties** page lists all of the Rule Templates that are configured in the system, and shows the State and Action Error Handling setting for each Rule Template.

Each Rule Template is in one of the following states at any point of time:

- Development
- Test
- Active

The Action Error Handling defines the error handling strategy to be used if any Action in the Rule Template fails.

Each Rule Template starts in the "Development" state when it is being created. Rule Templates in the Development state cannot be assigned to Triggers.

After all of the necessary Conditions and Actions have been added, the Rule Template must be set to the "Test" state, to indicate that the Rule Template is complete. A Rule Set entry is generated in the Rule Sets Left-hand Menu folder; the Rule Set can be provisioned with actual data in one or more rules, and can be associated with a Trigger. In the "Test" state, only limited changes can be made to the contents of the Rule Template.(See [Rule Templates](#).)

The Rule Template state can be set back to "Development" only when the "Meta-Administrator" privileges are activated for the Diameter Mediation feature. All provisioned data for the Rule Template will be lost if the state is set back to "Development".

The Rule Template state can be set to "Test" or the association between the Rule Set and a Trigger can be removed to disable the Rule Set for live traffic.

In the "Test" state a Mediation Rule Set does not affect the live traffic, but the operator can test the newly created, imported, or modified Rule Set that was generated from the Rule Template. The

Diagnostics Tool can be used to exercise and test the Rule Templates in the "Test" state, along with Rule Templates in the "Active" state. See [Connection maintenance](#) and [Generating Diagnostics Tool Reports](#).

When the state of a Rule Template is set to "Active", the Rule Set associated with the Rule Template begins to participate in processing of real traffic messages.

The **Import** function from the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page is duplicated on the **Diameter Mediation State & Properties** page for use when the "Meta-Administrator" privileges are not activated and the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page cannot be accessed. An imported Rule Template is set to "Test" state.

On the **Diameter Mediation State & Properties** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list to display only the desired Rule Templates.
- Sort the entries in the list, by clicking the column headings. By default, the list is in alphabetical order by **Rule Template Name**.
- Click **Import Rule Template** to import a previously exported Rule Template from a location outside of the DSR system. See [Importing a Rule Template](#).

If importing a Rule Template would cause the maximum number of Rule Templates (100) in the system to be exceeded, the Rule Template is not imported and an error message appears.

- Select a **Rule Template Name** in the list, and click **Edit**. You can change the **State** and **Action Error Handling** for the selected Rule Template. See [Editing State and Properties](#).

When the "Meta-Administrator" privileges are not activated for the Diameter Mediation feature, the state of a Rule Template cannot be changed back to "Development".

- Select a **Rule Template Name** in the list, and click **Delete** to remove the selected Rule Template from the list. See [Deleting a Rule Template](#).

When a Rule Template is deleted from the **Diameter Mediation State & Properties** page, it is deleted from all other pages at the same time.

## Mediation State & Properties elements

[Table 82: Mediation State & Properties elements](#) describes the fields on the **Diameter Mediation State & Properties** and **Diameter Mediation State & Properties [Edit]** pages. Data Input Notes apply only to the **Diameter Mediation State & Properties [Edit]** page; the **Diameter Mediation State & Properties** page is read-only.

**Table 82: Mediation State & Properties elements**

Element	Description	Data Input Notes
Rule Template Name	The name of a configured Rule Template.	The <b>Diameter Mediation State &amp; Properties [Edit]</b> page shows <b>Selected Rule Template</b> ; the Name cannot be edited.
State	The state of the Rule Template. "Development" - the Rule Template is disabled for any live	Format: pulldown list Range: Development (only for creating and modifying Rule Templates), Test, Active

Element	Description	Data Input Notes
	<p>or test traffic; it is under development.</p> <p>"Test" - the the Rule Sets entry is generated and the Rule Set is enabled only for the special test messages.</p> <p>"Active" - the Rule Template and Rule Set are enabled for any kind of traffic.</p>	Default: Development
Action Error Handling	Specifies the type of error handling to be used if an Action in a Rule Template fails.	<p>Format: pulldown list</p> <p>Range: ignore the error, immediately exit from the rule template, immediately exit from the trigger point</p> <p>Default: ignore the error</p>

## Importing a Rule Template

A Rule Template can be imported into the DSR system using the **Import Rule Template** action on the **Diameter Mediation State & Properties** page.

Existing Rule Templates can be imported. Existing Rule Templates are previously generated Rule Templates that have been exported from Diameter Mediation using the **Export** action on the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page.

Use the following procedure to import a Rule Template located outside of the EAGLE XG DSR file system (stored on the local computer):

1. Select **Diameter > Mediation > State & Properties**.

The **Diameter Mediation State & Properties** page appears.

2. Click **Import Rule Template**.

The **Diameter Mediation State & Properties [Import]** page appears.

3. Click **Browse** to open the **Choose File** popup window.
4. Navigate to the location of the Rule Template file that you want to import.
5. With the Rule Template filename displayed in the **File name** field, click **Open**.

The filename appears in the **Choose a file to import** field.

6. Click **Import File**.

The selected Rule Template file is imported, and appears in the **Rule Template Name** list on the **Diameter Mediation State & Properties** page.

## Editing State and Properties

Use this procedure to change the state and properties associated with a Rule Template. The changes take effect immediately after **OK** or **Apply** is clicked.

The state of a Rule Template can be changed to or from the "Development" state only when the "Meta-Administrator" privileges are activated for the Diameter Mediation feature.

A Rule Template state cannot be changed from "Test" to "Development" for a Rule Template that is referenced by another instance such as another Rule Template or the Execution Trigger.

When a Rule Template state is changed back to "Development", any associated Rule Sets will be deleted from the **Rule Sets** folder.

The fields are described in [Mediation State & Properties elements](#).

1. Select **Diameter > Mediation > State & Properties**.

The **Diameter Mediation State & Properties** page appears.

2. Select the row containing the Rule Template to be changed.
3. Click the **Edit** button.

The **Diameter Mediation State & Properties [Edit]** page appears.

4. Change the **State** or **Action Error Handling**, or both, associated with the selected Rule Template.
5. Click:

- **OK** to save the changes and return to the **Diameter Mediation State & Properties** page.
- **Apply** to save the changes and remain on **Diameter Mediation State & Properties [Edit]** page.
- **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter Mediation State & Properties** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked, and the Rule Template state was changed to "Active", and the maximum number of Active Rule Templates (5) already exists in the system, an error message appears.

When the state of a Rule Template is changed from "Test" to "Development" and the Rule Template is not referenced anywhere, a popup window appears to confirm the change to "Development" state.

When the state of a Rule Template is changed from "Development" to "Test", a new Rule Set appears in the left-hand GUI menu **Rule Sets** folder; the Rule Set has the same name as the Rule Template. (If the Rule Template contains only the "Execute Rule Template" Action, then a Rule Set is not generated.) If the new Rule Set has help defined in the Rule Template, the **Help** folder in the left-hand GUI menu is updated to include the Rule Set help.

## Deleting a Rule Template

Use the following procedure to delete a Rule Template from the **Diameter Mediation State & Properties** list.

When a Rule Template is deleted from the **Diameter Mediation State & Properties** page, it is deleted from all other pages at the same time.

1. Select **Diameter > Mediation > State & Properties**.

The **Diameter Mediation State & Properties** page appears.

2. Select the **Rule Template Name** to be deleted.

3. Click the **Delete** button.

A popup window appears to confirm the delete.

4. Click:

- **OK** to delete the Rule Template and return to the **Diameter Mediation State & Properties** page.
- **Cancel** to cancel the delete function and return to the **Diameter Mediation State & Properties** page.

## Base Dictionary

The Diameter Mediation **Base Dictionary** page allows the operator to view the basic AVPs that are familiar to the system (defined in the Base Diameter Standard, and in Diameter Applications such as Diameter Credit Control Application and S6a interface).

The AVP Attribute Name, AVP Code, AVP Flag settings, Vendor ID, and Data Type are included in the AVP definition.

If the Data Type is Enumerated, the name of the Enumerated Type is also included.

If the Data Type is Grouped, the list of Grouped AVPs appears in the dictionary.

Proprietary and additional standard AVP definitions can be added in the Custom Dictionary. See [Custom Dictionary](#). Custom Dictionary entries are not displayed on the Base Dictionary View page.

The AVP definitions in the Base Dictionary can be changed (overwritten) only by specifying them in the Custom Dictionary with a different definition. The AVP Code, Vendor ID, and Attribute Name must remain the same in the changed definition.

AVP names that are defined in the dictionary can be used in creating Rule Templates and in provisioning Rule Sets.

On the Diameter Mediation Base Dictionary page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list to display only the desired entries. (The Flags cannot be filtered.)
- Sort the list entries in ascending or descending order in a column, by clicking the column heading. The default order is by Attribute Name in alphabetical order. The Flags cannot be sorted.
- Select an AVP definition in the list, and click the **View** button.

The **Diameter Mediation Base Dictionary [View]** page appears. The detailed definition for the selected AVP is displayed. The fields are described in [Mediation Base Dictionary elements](#).

## Mediation Base Dictionary elements

[Table 83: Mediation Base Dictionary Elements](#) describes the fields on the **Mediation Base Dictionary** view-only pages.

Table 83: Mediation Base Dictionary Elements

Field	Description	Data Notes
Attribute Name	Name of the AVP; the unique combination of AVP Code - Vendor Id.	Format: alphanumeric, underscore (_), and dash (-). Range: 1 - 255 characters
AVP Code	AVP Code	Format: numeric Range: 0-4294967295
Vendor-ID	Vendor-ID	Format: pulldown list Range: all configured Vendors
Flags	<p>Setting indicator for AVP Flags: V, M, P, r3, r4, r5, r6, r7</p> <p>Flags V, M, and P are supported; r3, r4, r5, r6 and r7 are reserved for future use.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• V - Vendor-Specific; indicates whether the optional Vendor-ID field is present in the AVP header. When set, the AVP Code belongs to the specific vendor code address space.</li> <li>• M - Mandatory; indicates whether support of the AVP is required. If an AVP with the M bit set is received by a Diameter client, server, proxy, or translation agent and either the AVP or its value is unrecognized, the message MUST be rejected. Diameter Relay and Redirect Agents MUST NOT reject messages with unrecognized AVPs. AVPs with the M bit cleared are informational only. A receiver of a message with an AVP that is not supported, or whose value is not supported, can simply ignore the AVP.</li> <li>• P - Indicates the need for encryption for end-to-end security. Diameter base protocol specifies which AVPs must be protected by end-to-end security measures (encryption) if the message is to pass through a Diameter agent. If a message includes any of those AVPs, the message must not be sent unless there is</li> </ul>	<p>Format: 3 buttons for each flag</p> <p>Range: Must, Must Not, May be set for each flag</p>



Field	Description	Data Notes
	end-to-end security between the originator and the recipient of the message.	
Data Type	<p>AVP data format</p> <p>If the Data Type is "Enumerated", the name of the Enumerated Type is indicated in the dictionary.</p> <p>If the Data Type is "Grouped", the list of grouped AVPs is included in the dictionary.</p>	<p>Format: pulldown list</p> <p>Range: all available AVP data formats</p>
Include AVP in the group	<p>Include an AVP into the Grouped AVP</p> <p>This field is active when the selected Data Type is Grouped.</p>	<p>Format: pulldown list, Add AVP and Delete AVP buttons</p> <p>Range: all available AVPs from the Base Dictionary and the Custom Dictionary. If a Base Dictionary entry has been overwritten in the Custom Dictionary, only the Custom Dictionary entry appears in the list.</p>
Protocol	Protocol standard where the AVP is defined.	<p>Format: string</p> <p>Range: up to 64 characters</p>

## Viewing an existing AVP Dictionary entry

Use the following task to view a selected Mediation Base Dictionary AVP entry.

On the **Diameter Mediation Base Dictionary** page:

1. Select an AVP entry in the list.
2. Click the **View** button.

The **Diameter Mediation Base Dictionary [View]** page displays the attributes that are configured for the selected AVP dictionary entry.

3. Click the **Cancel** button to return to the **Diameter Mediation Base Dictionary** page..

## Custom Dictionary

The **Diameter Mediation Custom Dictionary** page displays all proprietary AVPs defined by the operator in the system. Base Dictionary AVPs are not displayed in the Custom Dictionary list.

AVP names that are defined in the dictionary can be used in creating Rule Templates and in provisioning Rule Sets.

The Attribute Name, AVP Code, AVP Flag settings, Vendor ID, and Data Type must be specified in the AVP definition.

If the Data Type is Enumerated, the name of the Enumerated Type is also included.

If the Data Type is Grouped, the list of Grouped AVPs appears in the dictionary.

The values for AVP definitions are described in [Mediation Custom Dictionary elements](#).

The **Diameter Mediation Custom Dictionary** page allows the operator to:

- Add new proprietary AVPs and additional standard AVPs familiar to the system
- Overwrite AVP definitions in the Base Dictionary, by specifying them in the Custom Dictionary with a different definition. The AVP Code, Vendor ID, and Attribute Name must remain the same in the changed definition.

If the Attribute Name of an AVP appears in both the Base and Custom Dictionaries, the Custom Dictionary definition is used when the AVP is selected in Rule Template Actions and Conditions.

On the **Diameter Mediation Custom Dictionary** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list to display only the desired entries. All column headings are supported in the filters except the Flags.
- Sort the list entries in ascending or descending order in a column (except for Flags), by clicking the column heading. By default, the AVPs are sorted by Attribute Name in alphabetical order.
- Click the **Insert** button.

The **Diameter Mediation Base Dictionary [Insert]** page opens. You can add a new AVP and its values.

If the maximum number of AVPs (1024) already exist in the system, the **Diameter Mediation Base Dictionary [Insert]** page will not open, and an error message is displayed.

- Select an AVP definition in the list, and click the **Edit** button.

The **Diameter Mediation Base Dictionary [Edit]** page appears. The detailed definition for the selected AVP is displayed. You can change the AVP definition except for the AVP Code, Vendor ID, and Attribute Name.

- Select an AVP definition in the list, and click the **Delete** button to remove the selected AVP definition from the dictionary.

## Mediation Custom Dictionary elements

[Table 84: Mediation Custom Dictionary Elements](#) describes the fields on the **Mediation Custom Dictionary** view, insert, and edit pages.

Table 84: Mediation Custom Dictionary Elements

Field	Description	Data Input Notes
Attribute Name	Name of the AVP; the unique combination of AVP Code - Vendor Id. The field is required.	Format: alphanumeric, underscore (_), and dash (-). Range: 1 - 255 characters
AVP Code	AVP Code The field is required.	Format: numeric Range: 0-4294967295
Vendor-ID	Vendor-ID The field is required.	Format: pulldown list Range: all configured Vendors
Flags	<p>AVP Flags V, M, P, r3, r4, r5, r6, r7</p> <p>When the operator tries to modify the AVP flags in the message, setting and clearing of the flag depends on the value defined in the dictionary. If the flag has a value "Must" be set or "Must Not" be set, modifying of the flag is restricted accordingly. If the flag has a value of "May" be set, the operator can change the flag without any limitations.</p> <p>Flags V, M and P are supported; r3, r4, r5, r6 and r7 are reserved for future use.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• V - Vendor-Specific; indicates whether the optional Vendor-ID field is present in the AVP header. When set, the AVP Code belongs to the specific vendor code address space.</li> <li>• M - Mandatory; indicates whether support of the AVP is required. If an AVP with the M bit set is received by a Diameter client, server, proxy, or translation agent and either the ABP or its value is unrecognized, the message MUST be rejected. Diameter Relay and Redirect Agents MUST NOT reject messages with unrecognized AVPs. AVPs with the M bit cleared are informational only. A receiver of a message with an AVP that is not supported, or whose value is not supported, can simply ignore the AVP.</li> </ul>	<p>Format: 3 buttons for each flag</p> <p>Range: Must, Must Not, May for each flag</p>

Field	Description	Data Input Notes
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>P - Indicates the need for encryption for end-to-end security. Diameter base protocol specifies which AVPs must be protected by end-to-end security measures (encryption) if the message is to pass through a Diameter agent. If a message includes any of those AVPs, the message must not be sent unless there is end-to-end security between the originator and the recipient of the message.</li> </ul>	
Data Type	AVP Data Format The field is required.	Format: pulldown list Range: all available AVP data formats
Include AVP in the group (insert and edit pages only)	Include an AVP into the Grouped AVP This field is active when the selected Data Type is Grouped. To include another AVP in the Grouped AVP, click on the <b>Add AVP</b> button. A new row for AVP selection appears. To remove an AVP from the Grouped AVP, click on the <b>Delete AVP</b> button.	Format: pulldown list, Add AVP and Delete AVP buttons Range: all available AVPs from the Base Dictionary and the Custom Dictionary. If a Base Dictionary entry has been overwritten in the Custom Dictionary, only the Custom Dictionary entry appears in the list.
Protocol	Protocol standard where the AVP is defined. The field is required.	Format: string Range: up to 64 characters

## Adding a new AVP Dictionary entry

Use the following task to add a new AVP Dictionary entry to the Custom Dictionary, or overwrite a Base Dictionary AVP.

The attributes are described in [Mediation Custom Dictionary elements](#).

1. Select **Diameter > Mediation > Custom Dictionary**.

The **Diameter Mediation Custom Dictionary** page appears.

The **Diameter Mediation Custom Dictionary** page will not open if the maximum number of AVPs (1024) have already been created in the dictionary.

2. Click the **Insert** button.

The **Diameter Mediation Base Dictionary [Insert]** page opens.

3. Enter the attribute values for the new AVP, or customize a Base Dictionary AVP by changing fields except the Attribute Name, AVP Code, and Vendor-ID.
4. Click:
  - **OK** to save the changes and return to the **Diameter Mediation Custom Dictionary** page.
  - **Apply** to save the changes and remain on the **Diameter Mediation Base Dictionary [Insert]** page.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter Mediation Custom Dictionary** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and if a Base Dictionary entry is overwritten and the original entry is used by any Rule Templates, the original entry is used until the application is restarted.

## Changing an existing AVP Dictionary entry

Use the following task to change an existing Custom Dictionary AVP entry.

**Note:** Base Dictionary entries cannot be edited directly. To change a Base Dictionary entry, use the [Adding a new AVP Dictionary entry](#) procedure to enter a new AVP in the Custom Dictionary that has the same Attribute Name, AVP Code, and Protocol as the Base Dictionary entry that you want to change. Enter different values for the attributes that you want to change.

The fields are described in [Mediation Custom Dictionary elements](#).

1. Select **Diameter > Mediation > Custom Dictionary**.  
The **Diameter Mediation Custom Dictionary** page appears.
2. In the list, select the entry to be changed, and click the **Edit** button.  
The **Diameter Mediation Base Dictionary [Edit]** page appears.
3. Change the available attributes as needed .  
The Attribute Name, AVP Code, and Protocol cannot be changed.
4. Click:
  - **OK** to save the changes and return to the **Diameter Mediation Custom Dictionary** page.
  - **Apply** to save the changes and remain on the **Diameter Mediation Base Dictionary [Edit]** page.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter Mediation Custom Dictionary** page without saving any changes.

If the old version of the AVP is referred to by any Rule Template, the application must be restarted to begin use of the changed AVP. The old version will be used until the restart is done.

## Deleting an AVP dictionary entry

Use the following procedure to delete an AVP entry from the Custom Dictionary.

1. Select **Diameter > Mediation > Custom Dictionary**.

The **Diameter Mediation Custom Dictionary** page appears.

2. Select the **Attribute Name** of the AVP entry to be deleted.
3. Click the **Delete** button.

A popup window appears to confirm the delete.

4. Click:
  - **OK** to delete the AVP and return to the **Diameter Mediation Custom Dictionary** page.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter Mediation Custom Dictionary** page without deleting the AVP.

When **OK** is clicked and any configured Rule Template or Rule Set refers to the AVP that is being deleted, the AVP is not deleted and an error message appears.

## All-AVP Dictionary

The **Diameter Mediation All-AVP Dictionary** page allows the operator to view all AVP entries that are in the Base and Custom Dictionaries. The Base Dictionary entries are black and the Custom Dictionary entries are blue. (The term "AVP Dictionary" refers to the combined contents of the Base and Custom Dictionaries.)

**Note:** If a Base Dictionary AVP has been overwritten in the Custom Dictionary, only the Custom Dictionary entry is shown in the All-AVP Dictionary list.

The list and the entries cannot be changed from this page.

Proprietary and additional standard AVP definitions can be added in the Custom Dictionary. See [Custom Dictionary](#).

The AVP definitions in the Base Dictionary can be changed (overwritten) by specifying them in the Custom Dictionary with a different definition. The code, Vendor ID, and attribute name must remain the same in the changed definition. See [Base Dictionary](#) and [Custom Dictionary](#).

On the Diameter Mediation All-AVP Dictionary page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list to display only the desired entries.
- Sort the list entries in ascending or descending order in a column, by clicking the column heading (except the flag headings).
- Select an AVP definition in the list, and click the **View** button.

The **Diameter Mediation All-AVP Dictionary [View]** page appears. The detailed definition for the selected AVP is displayed (the definition cannot be changed on this page). The definition elements are described in [Mediation All-AVP Dictionary elements](#).

## Mediation All-AVP Dictionary elements

[Table 85: Mediation All-AVP Dictionary elements](#) describes the fields on the **Mediation All-AVP Dictionary** pages.

Table 85: Mediation All-AVP Dictionary elements

Field	Description	Data Notes
Attribute Name	Name of the AVP; the unique combination of AVP Code - Vendor Id.	Format: alphanumeric, underscore (_), and dash (-). Range: 1 - 255 characters
AVP Code	AVP Code	Format: numeric Range: 0-4294967295
Vendor-ID	Vendor-ID	Format: pulldown list Range: all configured Vendors
Flags	<p>AVP Flags V, M, P, r3, r4, r5, r6, r7</p> <p>Flags V, M, and P are supported; r3, r4, r5, r6 and r7 are reserved for future use.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• V - Vendor-Specific; indicates whether the optional Vendor-ID field is present in the AVP header. When set, the AVP Code belongs to the specific vendor code address space.</li> <li>• M - Mandatory; indicates whether support of the AVP is required. If an AVP with the M bit set is received by a Diameter client, server, proxy, or translation agent and either the AVP or its value is unrecognized, the message MUST be rejected. Diameter Relay and Redirect Agents MUST NOT reject messages with unrecognized AVPs. AVPs with the M bit cleared are informational only. A receiver of a message with an AVP that is not supported, or whose value is not supported, can simply ignore the AVP.</li> <li>• P - Indicates the need for encryption for end-to-end security. Diameter base protocol specifies which AVPs must be protected by end-to-end security measures (encryption) if the message is to pass through a Diameter agent. If a message includes any of those AVPs, the message must not be sent unless there is end-to-end security between the</li> </ul>	<p>Format: 3 buttons for each flag</p> <p>Range: Must, Must Not, May for each flag</p>

Field	Description	Data Notes
	originator and the recipient of the message.	
Data Type	AVP Data Format	Format: pulldown list Range: all available AVP data formats
Include AVP in the group	Include an AVP into the Grouped AVP This field is active when the selected Data Type is Grouped.	Format: pulldown list, Add AVP and Delete AVP buttons Range: all available AVPs from the Base Dictionary and the Custom Dictionary. If a Base Dictionary entry has been overwritten in the Custom Dictionary, only the Custom Dictionary entry appears in the list.
Protocol	Protocol standard where the AVP is defined.	Format: string Range: up to 64 characters

## Viewing an existing All-AVP Dictionary entry definition

Use the following task to view a selected Mediation All-AVP Dictionary AVP entry definition. (The definition cannot be changed on this page.)

1. On the **Diameter Mediation All-AVP Dictionary** page, select an AVP entry in the list.
2. Click the **View** button.  
The **Diameter Mediation Base Dictionary [View]** page displays the attributes that are configured for the selected AVP dictionary entry.
3. Click the **Cancel** button to return to the **Diameter Mediation All-AVP Dictionary** page.

## Vendors

The **Diameter Mediation Vendors** page lists the Names and IDs of all Vendors made known to the system.

Vendors are used in defining new Vendor-specific AVPs in the Custom Dictionary.



On the **Diameter Mediation Vendors** page, you can perform the following actions:

- Filter the list of Vendors to display only the desired Vendors.
- Sort the displayed Vendors by ascending or descending Vendor ID or Vendor Name, by clicking the column heading.
- Click the **Insert** button.

The **Diameter Mediation Vendors [Insert]** page opens. You can add a new Vendor. See [Adding a Vendor](#).

If the maximum number of Vendors (128) already exist in the system, the **Diameter Mediation Vendors [Insert]** page will not open, and an error message is displayed.

- Select a Vendor row in the list, and click the **Edit** button.

The **Diameter Mediation Vendors [Edit]** page opens. You can edit the Vendor Name for the selected Vendor. See [Editing a Vendor Name](#).

The **Diameter Mediation Vendors [Edit]** page will not open if the selected Vendor is used in any of the AVP definitions in the dictionary.

- Select a Vendor row in the list, and click the **Delete** button to remove the selected Vendor. See [Deleting a Vendor](#).

A Vendor cannot be deleted if it is used in any AVP definitions in the AVP Dictionary.

## Mediation Vendors elements

[Table 86: Mediation Vendors elements](#) describes the fields on the **Vendors** View, Insert, and Edit pages. Data Input Notes apply only to the Insert and Edit pages; the View page is read-only.

**Table 86: Mediation Vendors elements**

Element	Description	Data Input Notes
Vendor-ID	A number that identifies the Vendor. The number must be unique within the Custom Dictionary.  The field is required.	Format: 32-bit integer Range: 1-4294967295
Vendor Name	Name of a Vendor that implements a Vendor-Specific Diameter AVP.  A unique name is required in this field.	Format: Character string Range: 1-255 characters

## Viewing Vendors

The use of Mediation Vendors is described in [Vendors](#).

To view all configured Mediation Vendors, select **Diameter > Mediation > Vendors**.

The Diameter Mediation **Vendors** page appears with a list of configured Vendors. The fields are described in [Mediation Vendors elements](#).

### Adding a Vendor

The following procedure can be used to configure a new Vendor.

The fields are described in [Mediation Vendors elements](#).

1. Select **Diameter > Mediation > Vendors**.

The **Diameter Mediation Vendors** page appears.

2. Click **Insert**.

The **Diameter Mediation Vendors [Insert]** page appears.

If the maximum number of Vendors (128) has already been configured in the system, the **Diameter Mediation Vendors [Insert]** page will not open, and an error message will appear.

3. Enter a unique **Vendor Name** for the Vendor that is being added.
4. Enter a **Vendor ID** for the Vendor.
5. Click:
  - **OK** to save the changes and return to the **Diameter Mediation Vendors** page.
  - **Apply** to save the changes and remain on the **Diameter Mediation Vendors [Insert]** page.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter Mediation Vendors [Insert]** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- The Vendor Name or Vendor ID contains any characters that are not valid or are out of the allowed range
- The Vendor Name or Vendor ID is empty (not entered)
- The Vendor Name is not unique

### Editing a Vendor Name

Use this procedure to change a Vendor Name.

The Vendor ID cannot be changed.

The Vendor Name cannot be changed if the Vendor is used in any of the AVP definitions in the dictionary.

The fields are described in [Mediation Vendors elements](#).

1. Select **Diameter > Mediation > Vendors**.

The **Diameter Mediation Vendors** page appears.

2. Select the Vendor Name to be changed.

3. Click the **Edit** button.

The **Diameter Mediation Vendors [Edit]** page appears.

4. Change the Vendor Name of the selected Vendor.
5. Click:

- **OK** to save the changes and return to the **Diameter Mediation Vendors** page
- **Apply** to save the changes and remain on the **Diameter Mediation Vendors [Edit]** page.
- **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter Mediation Vendors** page without saving any changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error message appears:

- The Vendor Name is not unique
- The Vendor Name contains characters that are not valid

## Deleting a Vendor

Use the following procedure to delete a Vendor.

A Vendor cannot be deleted if the Vendor is used in any AVP definitions in the dictionary.

1. Select **Diameter > Mediation > Vendors**.

The **Diameter Mediation Vendors** page appears.

2. Select the row that contains the Vendor to be deleted.
3. Click the **Delete** button.

A popup window appears to confirm the delete.

4. Click:

- **OK** to delete the Vendor.
- **Cancel** to cancel the delete function and return to the **Diameter Mediation Vendors** page.

If the Vendor is used in any AVP definitions in the dictionary, the Vendor is not deleted and an error message appears.

## Rule Sets

A Rule Set is generated from a Rule Template that was defined on the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page, when the Rule Template state is changed from Development to Test or Active. The **Diameter > Mediation > Rule Sets** GUI folder contains an entry for each generated Rule Set. If no Rule Sets have been generated, the **Rule Sets** folder contains no entries. All rules in a Rule Set are specific to the Rule Template from which the Rule Set was generated.

Clicking a **Rule Sets** entry opens the **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name>** GUI page for the Rule Set (<name> is the name of the Rule Set).

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name>** page displays the following columns:

- Move the rule

A **Move the rule** column appears at the left and at the right of the rules list when there are rules that are allowed to be moved up or down in the list to change the order of rule execution.

**Up** and **Down** buttons in the **Move the rule** columns can be used to move a rule up one position in the list or down one position in the list each time the button is clicked.

**Up** and **Down** buttons appear in the **Move the rule** columns for a rule or rule group when the order of the rules is allowed to be changed, with the following restrictions:

- When the **Filter** function or clicking a Condition column heading is used to sort the columns, the **Move the rule** columns are not displayed. The **Restore Order** button can be clicked to return the list to its original order.
- If all of the conditions in the rule support **Fast Search**, then the **Move the rule** columns are not displayed. See [Fast Search](#).
- If there is at least one condition that does not support **Fast Search**, then the **Up** and **Down** buttons are displayed according to the following rules:
  - All of the rules that support **Fast Search** always appear in the list before any rules that do not support **Fast Search**.
  - The rows that have exactly the same data in the conditions that support **Fast Search** form a group. Rows can be moved only within their group; the **Up** and **Down** buttons are enabled and disabled accordingly.

[Table 87: Example of Default Ordering of Rules in a Rule Set](#) shows an example of default ordering of rules.

**Table 87: Example of Default Ordering of Rules in a Rule Set**

Fast-search condition 1	Fast-search condition 2	Non fast-search condition 3
abc	1	-
abc	12	-
abc	-	-
abcd	1	-
abcd	1	a1
abcd	-	b1
-	1	a1
-	1	b1
-	-	-

- **Conditions**

One column appears for each condition that is defined in the Rule Template that generated the Rule Set. The columns appear from left to right in the same order that the conditions are defined in the Rule Template for the Rule Set. The heading of each column is the Condition Name. Each entry in a condition column is the data that was entered in the Right value field of the condition for the rule.

Each condition column heading can be clicked to sort the rules by the ascending or descending alphabetical order of the values in that column. The column contents can be used to filter the rules that are displayed in the list.

- **Actions**

One column heading appears for each Action that is assigned to the conditions in the Rule Template for the Rule Set. The columns appear from left to right in the same order that the Actions are defined in the Rule Template. The Action columns cannot be sorted by clicking the heading; their contents can be used to filter the rules that are displayed in the list

- Action Attribute sub-columns for each Action

Sub-columns appear for the attributes of each Action. The sub-columns cannot be sorted by clicking the heading; their contents can be used to filter the rules that are displayed in the list. All of the conditions in a Rule Template use the same Actions; the Action attributes can be assigned different values in different rules in the Rule Set.

Each row across the columns is created (inserted) in the list when a rule is provisioned. The rules on a **Diameter Rule Sets <name> page** are looked up in the database in the order in which they are listed on the page. By default, the rules are sorted in the list by condition in the following order:

- First the conditions, in alphabetical order from left to right, that have the **Fast Search** option enabled
- Followed by any conditions, in the order that they were provisioned, that do not have the **Fast Search** option enabled.
- Though all rules in a Rule Set have the same conditions available, rules can be provisioned with one or more of the conditions “empty” (with no values), indicating that the condition is always matched in message processing. The rules with empty conditions are listed after the rules that contain values for the same conditions.

The **Rule Sets** folder entries to view, insert (provision), change, or delete rules in Rule Sets.

When a Rule Set entry is selected in the **Rule Sets** folder, the **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name>** page opens for the selected Rule Set.

On each **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name>** page, a user can perform the following actions:

- Filter by the column contents, to display only the rules with the desired contents.
- If the **Move a rule** columns are displayed and contain **Up** and **Down** buttons, move rules up and down in the list to change the order of execution of the rules in the Rule Set.
- Click **Insert** to add a new rule.

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name> [Insert]** page opens.

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name> [Insert]** page will not open if adding a new rule will cause the allowed maximum number of rules in the Rule Set (250) to be exceeded.

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name> [Insert]** page will not open if adding a new rule will cause the allowed maximum total number of rules in the system (25000) to be exceeded.

Rule Templates without any conditions form a special case, because their provisioned rule unconditionally matches. The Rule Sets generated from these Rule Templates allow only one rule to be provisioned.

- Click **Delete All Rules** to delete all of the rules that have been provisioned for this Rule Set.
- Select a rule and click **Edit**.

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name> [Edit]** page opens. You can change the Values of the Conditions and Actions for the selected rule.

- Select a rule and click **Delete** to delete the rule from the Rule Set list.

## User-defined Rule Sets

Rule Templates that are defined using the **Diameter Mediation Rule Templates** page generate new Mediation Rule Sets when the Rule Template is set to the "Test" or "Active" state. These generated Rule Sets appear in the **Diameter > Mediation > Rule Sets** GUI menu.

If no Mediation Rule Sets have been generated from Rule Templates, rather than being a menu, **Rule Sets** is a page that displays "NO Rule Sets are defined yet".

### Adding a user-defined Rule Set

If no Mediation Rule Sets are defined, **Mediation > Rule Sets** is a page that displays "NO Mediation Rule Sets are defined yet", and no Mediation Rule Sets are available to be added here. To define a Mediation Rule Set, use the **Mediation > Rule Templates** page.

## Rule Sets elements - View page

[Table 88: Rule Sets Elements - View Page](#) describes the elements that appear on each **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name>** page.

**Table 88: Rule Sets Elements - View Page**

Element	Description	Data Notes
Move the rule	<p>Used to move a rule up or down in the list, to change the order of execution of the rules.</p> <p>The rules are executed in the order shown in the list, from the top of the list to the bottom of the list.</p> <p>The element appears at the left of and at the right of each rule row.</p>	<p>Format: Buttons in two columns under the heading</p> <p>Range: Up, Down</p> <p>One, both, or no buttons appear in the columns, depending on the rule definition.</p>
All Conditions defined on the Rule Template page for this Rule Set	Each condition name has a separate column in the list.	Format, Range, and Default Value vary depending on the Rule Template that was configured for the Rule Set.
All Actions defined on the Rule Template page for this Rule Set	Each Action defined for this Rule task has a separate column in the list that shows the name of the Action, and one or more sub-columns that show the attributes that were defined for the Action and the current values of the attributes.	Format, Range, and Default Value vary depending on the Rule Template that was configured for the Rule Set.

Element	Description	Data Notes
	<p>If the Parent AVP or AVP is indexed, then the index is displayed in the square brackets after the AVP attribute name.</p> <p>If an AVP is looked up in the message by its value, "AVP" shall contain the value prefixed with "=" (if it is a constant) or an xl-value prefixed with "=" (if it is an xl-value).</p> <p>A value can be prefixed with an appropriate indicator of its type or function (such as =, beginning, end, prefix, or suffix).</p>	
Each rule in the Rule Set is a row in the list. The Values assigned to the Conditions and the Values assigned to each attribute of the Actions for a rule are shown in the row for that rule.		

## Rule Sets elements - Insert and Edit Pages

[Table 89: Maximum Allowed Rule Sets and Rules](#) indicates the maximum number of Rule Sets and rules that are allowed.

**Table 89: Maximum Allowed Rule Sets and Rules**

Description	Value
Maximum number of provisioned rules in the system	25000
Maximum number of provisioned rules per Rule Set	250

[Table 90: Rule Sets Elements - Insert and Edit Pages](#) describes the elements that are shown on a **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name>** [Insert] or [Edit] page.

**Table 90: Rule Sets Elements - Insert and Edit Pages**

Element	Description	Data Input Notes
<b>Field:</b> This element has two sections: IF and THEN.		
IF	<p>The list of Condition names (if any Conditions were defined for the Rule Template).</p> <p>AND appears between each two Conditions.</p>	<p>Format: Name of the Condition, followed by its Operator</p> <p>The name and operator cannot be entered or changed.</p>

Element	Description	Data Input Notes
THEN	The name of each Action that was defined for the Rule Template.	Format: Name  An Action cannot be deleted and a new Action cannot be defined for the rule.
<p><b>Value:</b> This element shows the fields for the Condition and Action data Values that can be entered or changed.</p> <p>For the [Insert] page, the fields are either empty or show default values.</p> <p>For the [Edit] page, the fields show the currently defined or default values.</p>		
Condition expression Right value	<p>For each defined Condition in the rule, the data value for the Right value type in the Condition.</p> <p>If the <b>Optional</b> check box was checked in the Rule Template for this Rule Set, the Right value can be empty (not provisioned). A red asterisk appears after each data value that is required (not optional) in the rule.</p> <p>If the <b>Fixed</b> check box was checked in the Rule Template for this Rule Set, the Right value cannot be changed in the rules.</p> <p>If the selected Right value type was an <b>Enumerated Type</b>, then the Value column contains a pulldown list with the corresponding Enumerated Type values, unless the selected Operator was “exists”, “does not exist”, “is true” or “is false”.</p>	<p>Format: text box</p> <p>Range: Varies depending on the Right value type</p> <p>Default: Varies depending on the Right value type</p> <p>See <a href="#">Rule Template elements</a>.</p> <p>The <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a> is available to provision Condition Right values that are xl-formatted values; click <b>[wizard]</b> that appears after the data value field.</p>
Action fields	The fields to use to define the data values for Action attributes.	<p>Format: Varies for each type of attribute</p> <p>Range: Varies for each type of attribute</p> <p>See <a href="#">Rule Template elements</a>.</p> <p>The <a href="#">Formatting Value Wizard</a> is available to provision Action attributes that are xl-formatted values; click <b>[wizard]</b> that appears after the data value field.</p>
Description	The description that was defined in the Rule Template for a Condition or an Action on the <b>Rule Sets</b> page.	<p>Format: descriptive text</p> <p>Range: 1 to 255 characters string</p>



Element	Description	Data Input Notes
	The description can provide information such as the format to be used (such as text string or telephone number format) and the range of values (such as 1 to 255 characters).	

## Adding a Rule to a Rule Set

Use this procedure to define a new rule in a Rule Set. A maximum of 250 rules can be defined in one Rule Set.

There are two sections of a **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name> [Insert]** page: **IF** (zero, one, or more Conditions) and **THEN** (an Action). For a list of the Rule Template elements that appear in a rule and their definitions, see [Rule Template elements](#).

When a Rule Template is in the "Active" or "Test" state, this Rule Template appears as a Rule Set in the **Diameter > Mediation > Rule Sets** menu folder.

The order in which rules appear on a **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name>** page determines the order in which the conditions are processed. The **Up** and **Down** buttons next to the rules can be used to change the order of processing.

1. Select **Diameter > Mediation > Rule Sets > <name>**.

The selected **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name>** page opens.

2. Click the **Insert** button.

The **Diameter Mediation Rule Rule Sets <name> [Insert]** page opens.

If the maximum number of rules are already defined for the Rule Set (250), the **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name> [Insert]** page will not open, and an error message is displayed.

3. Enter the Value for each condition that appears under **IF** in the **Field** section for the new rule.
4. Enter the Value for each attribute of the Action that appears under **THEN** in the **Field** section for the new rule.
5. When the rule definition is complete, click:
  - **OK** to save the new rule and return to the **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name>** page. The rule name appears in the list on the page.
  - **Apply** to save the new rule and remain on the **Diameter Mediation Rule Rule Sets <Rule Set name> [Insert]** page for additional changes.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter Mediation Rule Rule Sets <Rule Set name>** page without saving the changes.

If **OK** or **Apply** is clicked and any of the following conditions exist, an error or warning message appears:

- Any mandatory input fields are empty
- Any input Value fields in the Conditions or Actions did not conform to the required syntax defined by the Right value type or the Action definition
- Another rule exists within the Rule Set with the same Values in the Condition section; the rule Condition already exists in the Rule Set

- Adding the new rule would cause the allowed maximum number (250) of rules in a Rule Set in the system to be exceeded
  - Adding the new rule would cause the allowed maximum number (250000) of rules in the system to be exceeded
6. When the Rule Set definition and testing are complete, go to the **Diameter Mediation State & Properties** page.
    - a) Change the Rule Template **State** from Test to Active.
    - b) Set the **Action Error Handling** property, if needed.

The state can be changed to Active after the testing is successful, the Rule Set data is provisioned, the Rule Set is associated with a Trigger, and the Rule Set is ready to use in live traffic.

## Deleting All Rules from a Rule Set

Use this procedure to delete all rules from a Rule Set.

1. Select **Diameter > Mediation > Rule Sets > <name>**.  
The selected **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name>** page appears.
2. Click **Delete All Rules**.  
A popup window appears to confirm the delet.
3. On the popup window, click:
  - **OK** to delete all rules and return to the **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name>** page.
  - **Cancel** to cancel the delete operation and return to the **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name>** page.

## Changing a Rule in a Rule Set

Use this procedure to change values for a rule in a Rule Set (for a list of Rule Sets elements and their definitions, see [Rule Sets elements - Insert and Edit Pages](#)):

1. In the **Diameter > Mediation > Rule Sets** folder, select the Rule Set that contains the rule to be edited.  
The **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name>** page appears for the selected Rule Set.
2. Select the rule that needs to be changed.
3. Click **Edit**.  
The **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets [Edit] <name>** page appears.
4. Change values for Conditions under **IF** and Actions under **THEN** as needed.
5. Click:
  - **OK** to save the changes and return to the **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name>** page.
  - **Apply** to save the changes and remain on the **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets [Edit] <name>** page.
  - **Cancel** to return to the **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name>** page without saving any changes.

## Deleting One Rule from a Rule Set

Use this procedure to delete one rule from a Rule Set.

1. Select **Diameter > Mediation > Rule Sets > <name>**.

The selected **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name>** page appears.

2. Select the row for the rule to be deleted.

3. Click **Delete**.

A popup window appears to confirm the delet.

4. On the popup window, click:

- **OK** to delete the rule and return to the **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name>** page.
- **Cancel** to cancel the delete operation and return to the **Diameter Mediation Rule Sets <name>** page.

# Chapter 6

## Copyright, notice, trademarks, and patents

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### Topics:

- [\*EAGLE XG Diameter Signaling Router \(DSR\) - Copyright, Notice, Trademarks, and Patents....253\*](#)

This section provides important information about copyrights, notices, trademarks, and patents associated with this product.

## EAGLE XG Diameter Signaling Router (DSR) - Copyright, Notice, Trademarks, and Patents

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RoHS 5/6 - As of July 1, 2006, all products that comprise new installations shipped to European Union member countries will comply with the EU Directive 2002/95/EC "RoHS" (Restriction of Hazardous Substances). The exemption for lead-based solder described in the Annex will be exercised. RoHS 5/6 compliant components will have unique part numbers as reflected in the associated hardware and installation manuals.

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### Patents

This product may be covered by one or more of the following U.S. and foreign patents:

#### U.S. Patent Numbers:

6,795,546; 6,901,262; 6,967,956; 7,043,000; 7,190,959; 7,286,516; 7,318,091; 7,383,298; 7,403,537; 7,406,159; 7,466,807; 7,633,872; 7,633,969; 7,650,367; 7,706,343; 7,743,131; 7,804,789; 7,860,799; 7,916,685; 8,179,885; 8,224,928;

#### Foreign Patent Numbers:

EP 1314324; EP 1568203; EP 1846832; EP 1847076; ZL 200780017383.1;

# Glossary

## A

ACK	Data Acknowledgement
Application Routing Rule	A set of conditions that control message routing to a DSR application based on message content.

ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange
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## C

CEA	Capability-Exchange-Answer The Diameter response that the prepaid rating engine sends to the Mobile Originated application during capability exchanges.
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CER	Capabilities-Exchange-Request A Diameter message that the Mobile Originated application sends to a prepaid rating engine to perform a capability exchange. The CER (indicated by the Command-Code set to 257 and the Command Flags' 'R' bit set) is sent to exchange local capabilities. The prepaid rating engine responds with a Capability-Exchange-Answer (CEA) message.
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CEX Configuration Set	A mechanism for assigning Application IDs and supported Vendor IDs to a Local Node or to a Connection.
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## C

Charging Proxy Application	A DSR Application that is responsible for sending and receiving Diameter accounting messages.
Connection Configuration Set	A mechanism for assigning SCTP, Diameter, or TCP options to a connection.
CPA	Charging Proxy Application A local application running on the DSR.
CPU	Central Processing Unit

## D

DAS	Diameter Application Server
Diameter	Protocol that provides an Authentication, Authorization, and Accounting (AAA) framework for applications such as network access or IP mobility. Diameter works in both local and roaming AAA situations.  Diameter can also be used as a signaling protocol for mobility management which is typically associated with an IMS or wireless type of environment. Diameter is the successor to the RADIUS protocol. The MPE device supports a range of Diameter interfaces, including Rx, Gx, Gy, and Ty.
DNS	Domain Name System  A system for converting Internet host and domain names into IP addresses.

## D

DPA	<p>Disconnect-Peer-Answer</p> <p>A message used by a Diameter node to answer the Disconnect-Peer-Request (DPR).</p>
DPR	<p>Disconnect-Peer-Request</p> <p>A message used by a Diameter node to inform its peer of its intent to disconnect the transport layer. Upon receipt of a DPR, the Disconnect-Peer-Answer (DPA) is returned.</p>
DSR Application	<p>Any DSR software feature or function that is developed as a user of the Diameter base protocol.</p>
DWA	<p>Device-Watchdog-Answer</p> <p>A Diameter message used with the Device-Watchdog-Request (DWR) message to proactively detect connection failures. If no traffic is detected on a connection between the Mobile Originated application and the prepaid rating engine within the configured timeout period, a DWR message is sent to the prepaid rating engine. If the prepaid rating engine fails to respond with a DWA within the required time, the connection is closed with the prepaid rating engine and initiates failover procedures. All new and pending requests are then sent to the secondary server.</p>
DWR	<p>Device-Watchdog-Request</p> <p>A Diameter message used with the Device-Watchdog-Answer (DWA) message to proactively detect connection failures. If no traffic is</p>



**D**

detected on a connection between the Mobile Originated application and the Diameter server within the configured timeout period, a DWR message is sent to the Diameter Server. If the Diameter server fails to respond within the required time, the connection is closed with the Diameter server and initiates failover procedures. All new and pending requests are then sent to the secondary Diameter server.

**F**

FABR

Full Address Based Resolution

Provides an enhanced DSR routing capability to enable network operators to resolve the designated Diameter server addresses based on individual user identity addresses in the incoming Diameter request messages.

FQDN

Fully qualified domain name

The complete domain name for a specific computer on the Internet (for example, [www.tekelec.com](http://www.tekelec.com)).

Full Address Based Resolution

See FABR.

**I**

IP

Internet Protocol

IP specifies the format of packets, also called datagrams, and the addressing scheme. The network layer for the TCP/IP protocol suite widely used on Ethernet networks, defined in STD 5, RFC 791. IP is a connectionless, best-effort packet switching protocol. It provides packet routing, fragmentation and re-assembly through the data link layer.

## I

IP Address	The location of a device on a TCP/IP network. The IP Address is either a number in dotted decimal notation which looks something like (IPv4), or a 128-bit hexadecimal string such as (IPv6).
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## L

Local Node	A local Diameter node specified with a fully qualified domain name. It identifies a list of IP addresses for the Local node, a listen port number, supported transport types, etc.
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## M

MP	<p>Message Processor</p> <p>The role of the Message Processor is to provide the application messaging protocol interfaces and processing. However, these servers also have OAM&amp;P components. All Message Processors replicate from their Signaling OAM's database and generate faults to a Fault Management System.</p>
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MPS	<p>Messages Per Second</p> <p>A measure of a message processor's performance capacity. A message is any Diameter message (Request or Answer) which is received and processed by a message processor.</p>
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## P

Peer	A Diameter node to which a given Diameter node has a direct transport connection.
Peer Routing Rule	A set of conditions that control message routing to an upstream

**P**

peer node based on message content.

**R**

Range Based Address Resolution      See RBAR.

RBAR      Range Based Address Resolution  
A DSR enhanced routing application which allows the user to route Diameter end-to-end transactions based on Application ID, Command Code, "Routing Entity" Type, and Routing Entity address ranges.

realm      A fundamental element in Diameter is the realm, which is loosely referred to as domain. Realm IDs are owned by service providers and are used by Diameter nodes for message routing.

**S**

SBR      Session Binding Repository  
A highly available, distributed database for storing Diameter session binding data.

SCTP      Stream Control Transmission Protocol  
An IETF transport layer protocol, similar to TCP that sends a message in one operation.  
The transport layer for all standard IETF-SIGTRAN protocols.  
SCTP is a reliable transport protocol that operates on top of a connectionless packet network such as IP and is functionally equivalent to TCP. It establishes a connection between two endpoints (called an

**S**

association; in TCP, these are sockets) for transmission of user messages.

Session Binding Repository

See SBR.

**T**

TCP

Transmission Control Protocol

A connection-oriented protocol used by applications on networked hosts to connect to one another and to exchange streams of data in a reliable and in-order manner.

**U**

URI

Uniform Resource Identifier

An internet protocol element consisting of a short string of characters that conform to a certain syntax. The string comprises a name or address that can be used to refer to a resource.

UTC

Coordinated Universal Time

**V**

VIP

Virtual IP Address

Virtual IP is a layer-3 concept employed to provide HA at a host level. A VIP enables two or more IP hosts to operate in an active/standby HA manner. From the perspective of the IP network, these IP hosts appear as a single host.