

Oracle Financial Services
Inline Processing Engine
Configuration Guide

Release 8.0.0.0.0



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Preface

This Preface provides supporting information for the *Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Inline Processing Configuration (OFSAAI IPE) Guide* and includes the following topics:

- [Summary](#)
- [Audience](#)
- [Documentation Accessibility](#)
- [Related Documents](#)
- [Conventions](#)

Summary

You can find the latest copy of this document in the [OHC library](#) which includes all the recent additions/revisions (if any) done till date.

Before you begin the installation, ensure that you have an access to the Oracle Support Portal with the required login credentials to quickly notify us of any issues at any stage. You can obtain the login credentials by contacting Oracle Support.

Audience

Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Inline Processing Application Configuration Guide is intended for administrators and implementation consultants who are responsible for installing and maintaining the application pack components.

Prerequisites for the Audience

Following are the expected preparations before starting the actual installation:

The document assumes you have experience in installing Enterprise components. Basic knowledge about the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Applications Pack components, Inline Processing Sample Application, OFSAA Architecture, UNIX commands, Database concepts and Web Server/ Web Application Server is recommended.

Related Documents

This section identifies additional documents related to OFSAA Infrastructure. You can access Oracle documentation online from the Documentation Library for OFSAAI 8.0 ([OHC](#)).

- *Oracle Financial Services Inline Processing User Guide*
- *Oracle Financial Services Inline Processing Sample Application Installation Guide*

- *Release Notes*

Conventions and Acronyms

The following conventions are used in this guide.

Conventions	Description
Bold.	Indicates Actions
<code>Courier New font</code>	Indicates Command or Query

Acronyms

This guide contains the following acronyms.

Acronyms	Description
IPE	Inline Processing Engine
Infodom	Information Domain
OFS AAI	Oracle Financial Services Analytical Application Infrastructure.
OFS AAAI	Oracle Financial Services Advanced Analytical Application Infrastructure.
OHC	Oracle Help Center

1 About OFSAAI IPE

This chapter includes the following topics:

- [About OFSAA](#)
- [About IPE](#)

1.1 About OFSAA

In today's turbulent markets, financial institutions require a better understanding of their risk-return, while strengthening competitive advantage and enhancing long-term customer value. Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications (OFSAA) enable financial institutions to measure and meet risk adjusted performance objectives, cultivate a risk management culture through transparency, lower the costs of compliance and regulation, and improve insight into customer behavior.

OFSAA uses industry-leading analytical methods, shared data model and applications architecture to enable integrated risk management, performance management, customer insight, and compliance management. OFSAA actively incorporates risk into decision making, enables to achieve a consistent view of performance, promote a transparent risk management culture, and provide pervasive intelligence.

Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications delivers a comprehensive, integrated suite of financial services analytical applications for both banking and insurance domain.

1.2 About IPE

This guide provides step by step instructions for performing Inline Processing Configuration process actions. Inline Processing creates an infrastructure to do real-time monitoring of incoming messages. For example, this capability enables you to identify fraud events earlier, avert more losses, and minimize customer service and retention issues.

2 Configuring IPE

This chapter discusses the prerequisite instructions required to configure IPE.

2.1 Prerequisites

The following prerequisite configurations must be verified before installation:

- A user must be created and mapped with the IPE ADMN (Inline Processing Admin Group) user group.
- The IPEADMIN user group must be mapped with Infodom.
- Connection Pooling and Data Source must be created for the following schemas:
 - Config Schema with Data Source name as jdbc/FICMASTER
 - IPE Atomic Schema with Data Source name as jdbc/<INFODOM NAME>
 - IPE metadom schema with Data Source name as jdbc/<INFODOM NAME>CNF

For more information, refer to section *Configuring Resource Reference* of the *OFS AAAI Application Pack Installation and Configuration Guide*.

- It is mandatory to have the ILP.ear in the same profile or domain where the <contextname>.ear file of the OFS AAAI Application is deployed.
- **Oracle Database Patches:** Ensure that the following patches are applied.

Table 1: Oracle Database Patches

Database Server	Prerequisite DB Patches
Oracle Server 12c, v12.1.0.1	17082699
Oracle Server 12c, v12.1.0.2	19392604, 18112110

The Websphere JDBC Providers should point to the oracle driver file path where the patch 17082699 is installed.

NOTE: Sample Application installation is mandatory to work with IPE Framework.

3 Configuring IPE in Web Application Servers

This section explains the details about configuring the Web Application Servers.

This section includes the following topics:

- [Configuring IPE in WebLogic](#)
- [Configuring IPE in WebSphere](#)

NOTE: IPE does not support Tomcat Web Application Server.

3.1 Configuring IPE in WebLogic

To configure IPE in WebLogic, follow these topics:

- [Login to WebLogic Administrative console](#)
- [Configuring JMS Servers](#)
- [Configuring JMS Modules](#)
- [Creating Subdeployments](#)
- [Creating JMS Connection Factory](#)
- [Creating JMS Topic](#)
- [Creating JMS Queues](#)

3.1.1 Login to WebLogic Administrative Console

To login to the WebLogic Administrative Console, follow these steps:

1. Open the following URL in the browser window:
`http://<ipaddress>:<administrative console port>/console.` (https if SSL is enabled). The Welcome window is displayed.
2. Login with the **Administrator Username** and **Password**.

3.1.2 Configuring JMS Servers

To configure JMS Servers, follow these steps:

1. In the Domain Structure LHS menu, click **+** to expand **Services**.
2. Click **+** to expand **Messaging**. The *WebLogic Server Administration Console* page is displayed.
3. Select **JMS Servers**. The *Summary of JMS Servers* page is displayed.

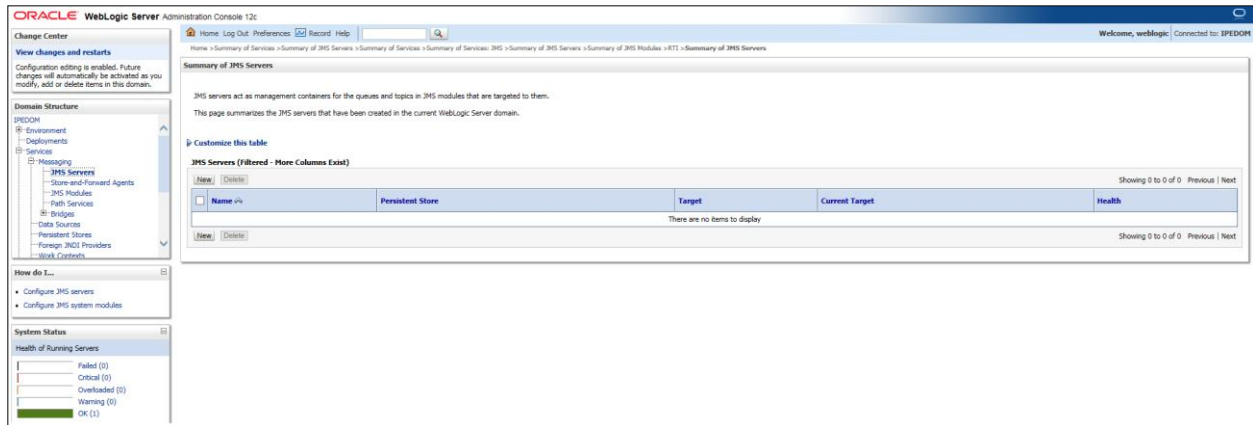


Figure 1: Summary of JMS Server

4. Click **New**. The *Create a New JMS Server* page is displayed.

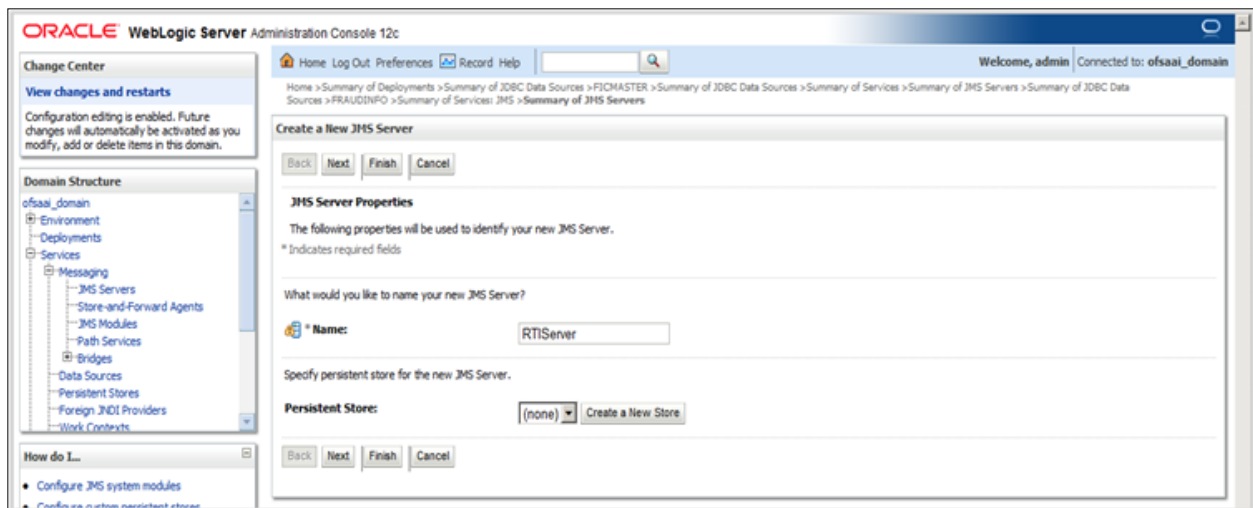


Figure 2: Create a New JMS Server

5. Enter the name as **RTIServer** under JMS Server Properties.
6. Click **Next**. The *Select Targets* section is displayed.

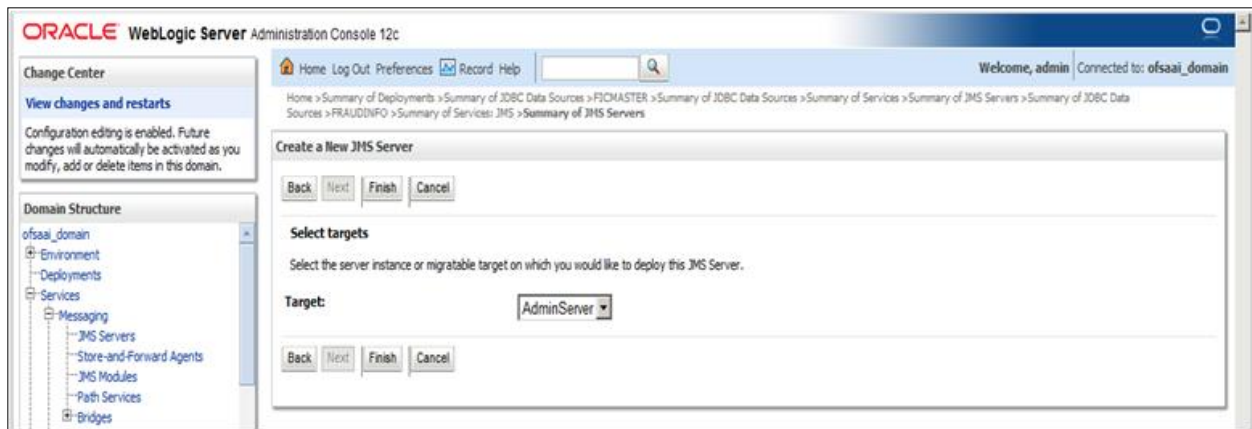


Figure 3: Create a New JMS Server – Select Targets

7. Select the Target as **AdminServer**.
8. Click **Finish**.

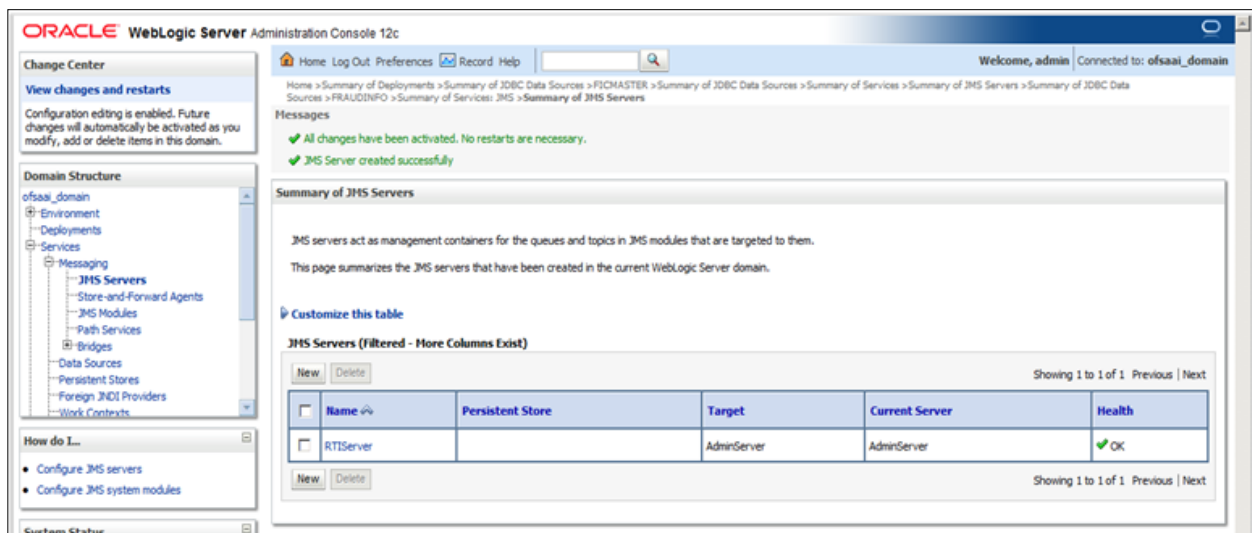


Figure 4: Summary of JMS Servers

9. The following confirmation message is displayed
JMS Server is created successfully.

3.1.3 Configuring JMS Modules

To configure JMS Modules, follow these steps:

1. In the Domain Structure LHS menu, click **+** to expand **Services**.
2. Click **+** to expand **Messaging**.
3. Click **JMS Modules**. The *JMS Module* screen is displayed.

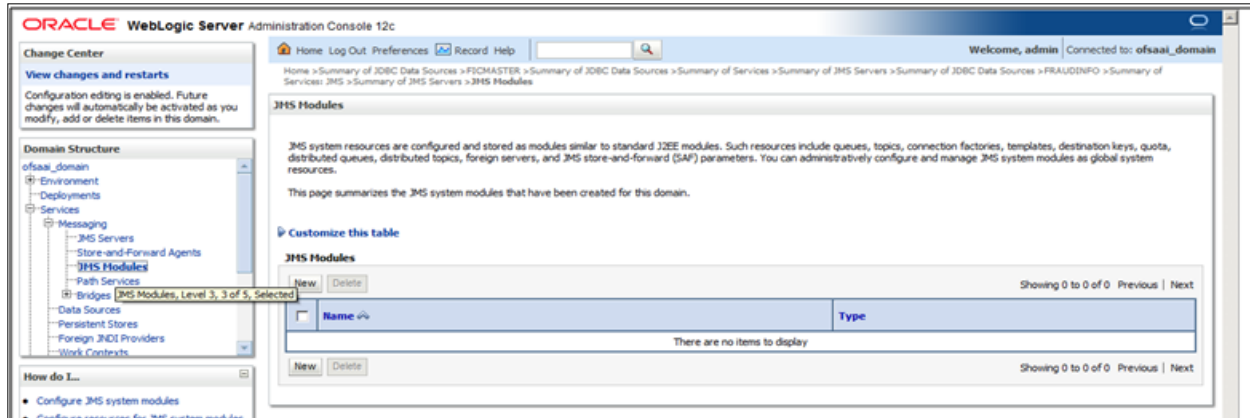
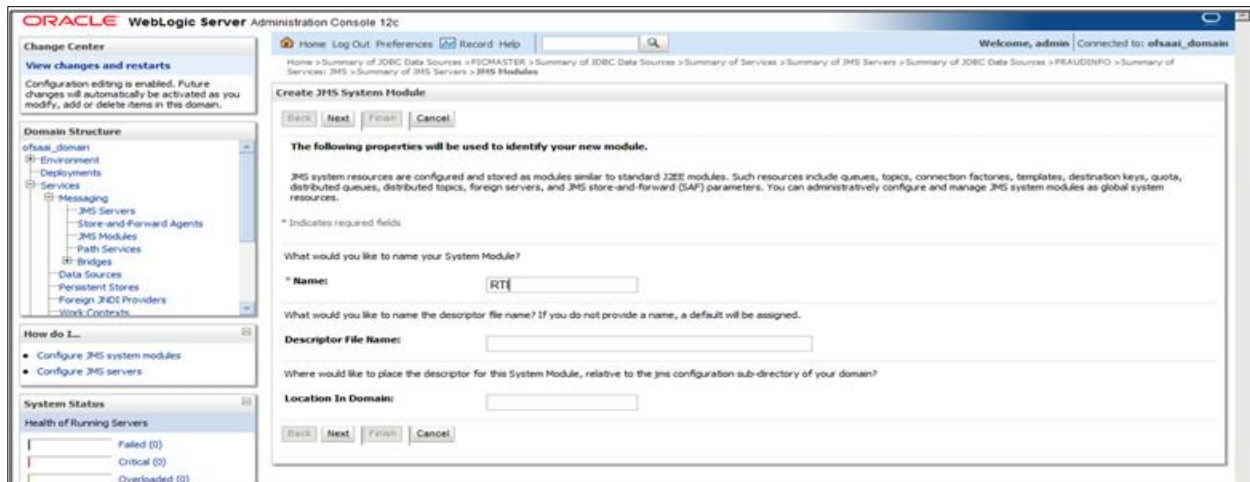


Figure 5: JMS Module

4. Click **New**. The *Create JMS System Module* page is displayed.



5. Enter the name as **RTI**.
6. Click **Next**. The *Create JMS System Module* page is displayed.

Configuring IPE

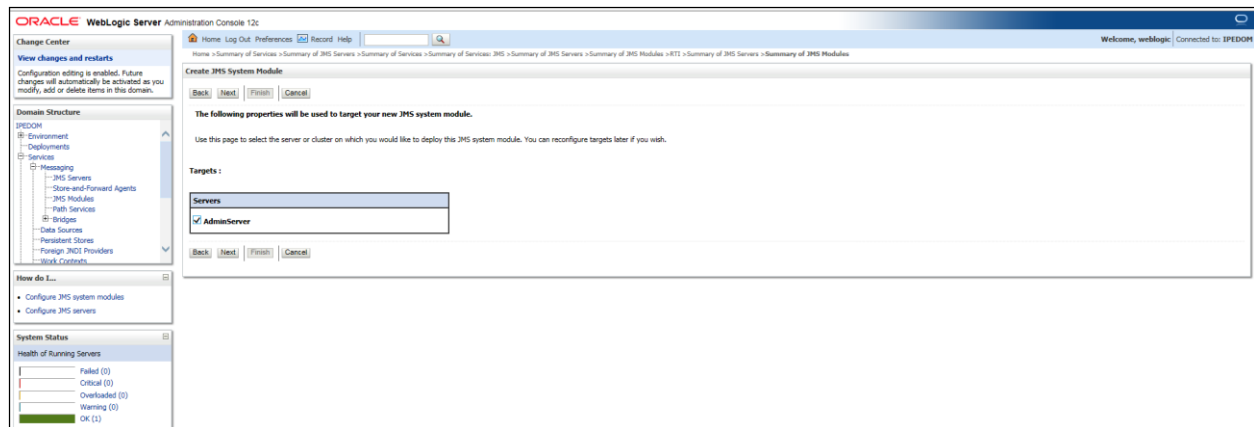


Figure 6: Create JMS System Module

7. Check the **AdminServer** in the *Servers* section.
8. Click **Next**.

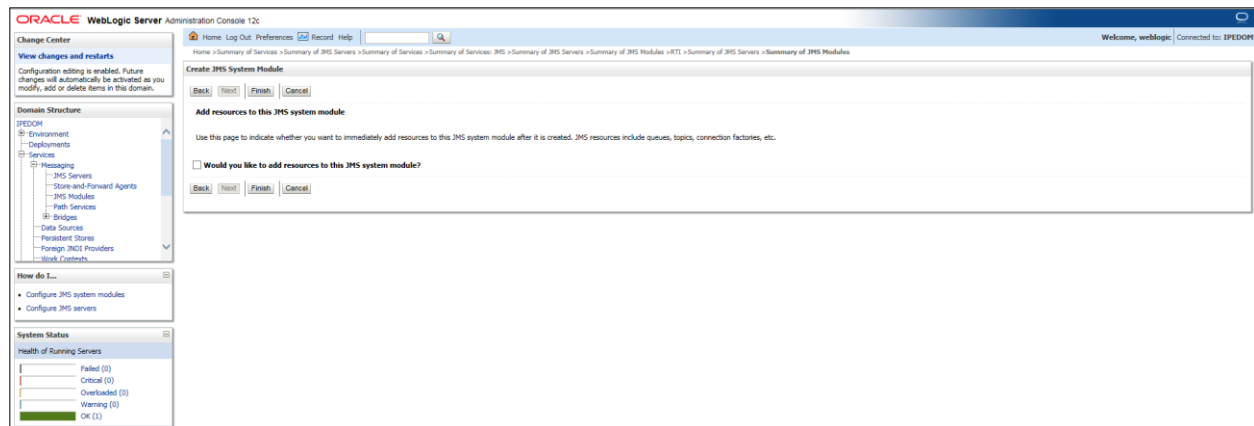


Figure 7: Create JMS System Module

9. Click Finish.

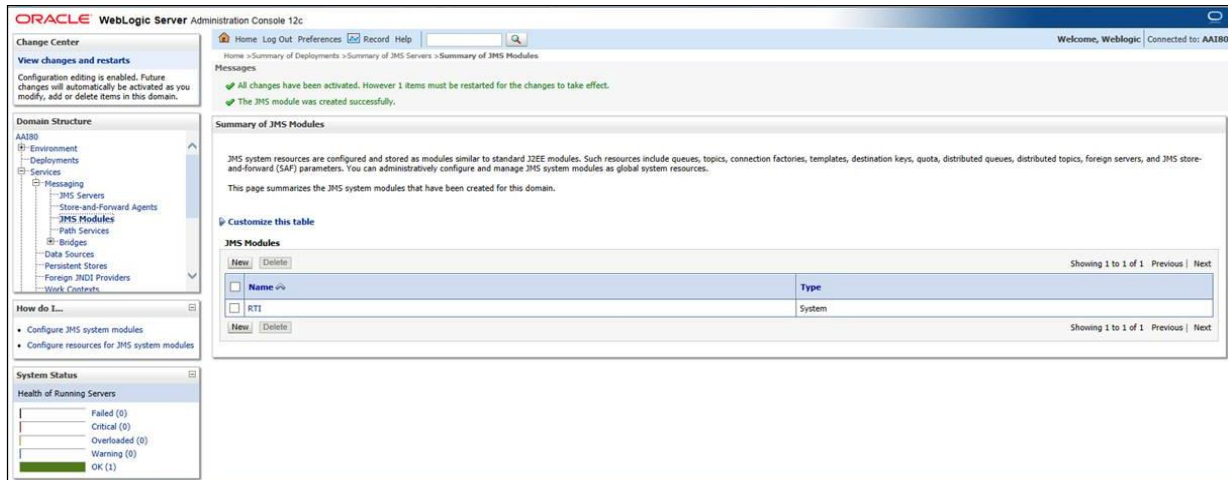


Figure 8: Summary of JMS Modules

10. The following confirmation message is displayed: *JMS Module is created successfully.*

3.1.4 Creating Subdeployments

This section discusses the following Subdeployments which are to be created

- [Creating RTI Deploy](#)
- [Creating RTISubdeploy](#)

3.1.4.1 Creating RTI Deploy

To create **RTI Deploy** subdeployment, follow these steps:

1. In the Domain Structure LHS menu, click **+** to expand **Services**.
2. Click **+** to expand **Messaging**.
3. Click **JMS Modules**. The *JMS Module* screen is displayed.
4. Click JMS Module **RTI**. The *Settings for RTI* screen is displayed.
5. Click the **Subdeployments** tab.

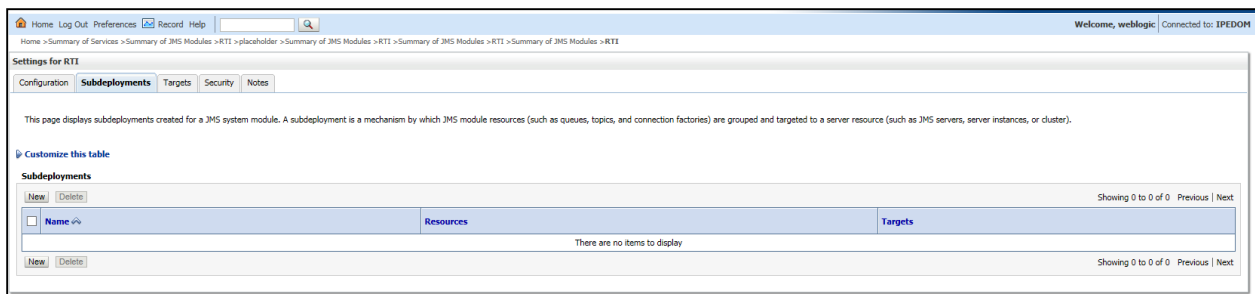


Figure 9: Setting for RTI

6. Click **New**. The *Create a New Subdeployment* screen is displayed.

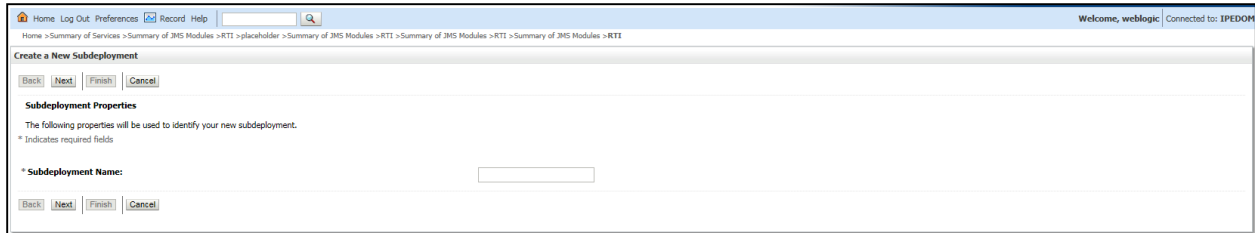


Figure 10: Create a New Subdeployment

7. Enter the Subdeployment Name as **RTI Deploy**.

8. Click **Next**.

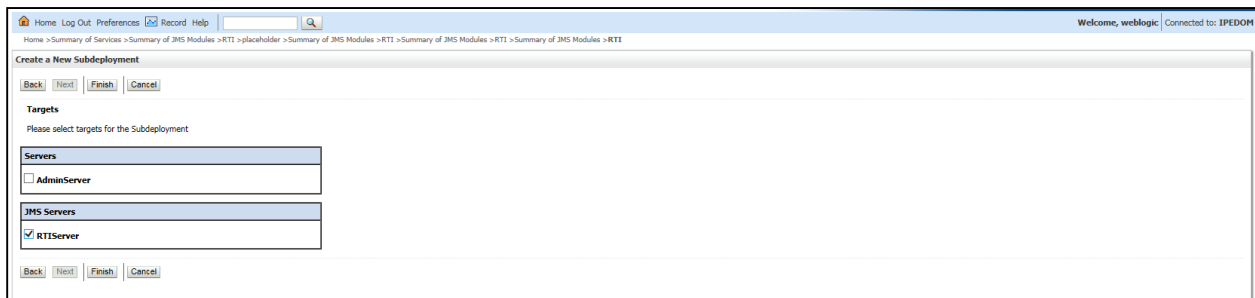


Figure 11: Create a New Subdeployment

9. Select the JMS Servers as **RTIServer**.

10. Click **Finish**.

The following confirmation message is displayed: *Subdeployment is created successfully*.

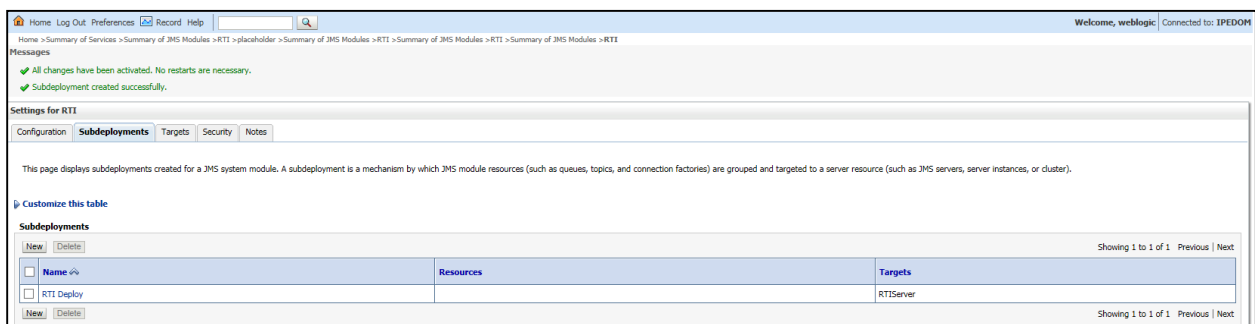


Figure 12: Settings for RTI

3.1.4.2 Creating RTISubdeploy

To create **RTISubdeploy** subdeployment, follow these steps:

1. Repeat Steps 1 - 7 from section [Create RTI Deploy](#).

2. Enter the following details:

Table 2: Subdeployment - Field Values

Field	Value
Subdeployment Name	Enter RTISubdeploy as the name.
JMS Servers	Select RTIServer as the JMS Server.

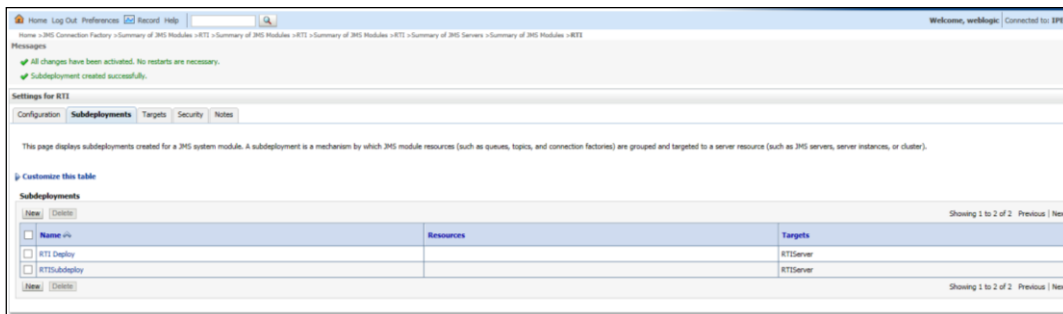


Figure 13: Subdeployments

3. The following confirmation message is displayed: *Subdeployment is created successfully.*

3.1.5 Creating JMS Connection Factory

To create JMS Connection Factories, follow these steps:

1. In the Domain Structure LHS menu, click **+** to expand **Services**.
2. Click **+** to expand **Messaging**.
3. Click **JMS Modules**. The *JMS Modules* screen is displayed.

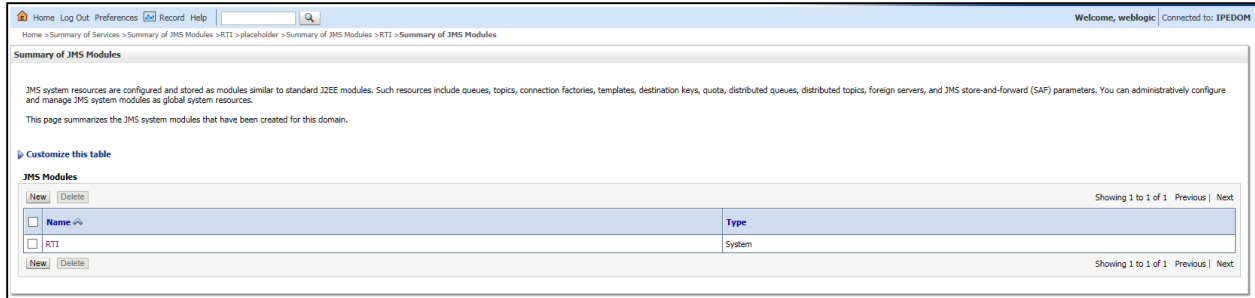


Figure 14: JMS Modules

4. Click **RTI**. The *Settings for RTI* screen is displayed.

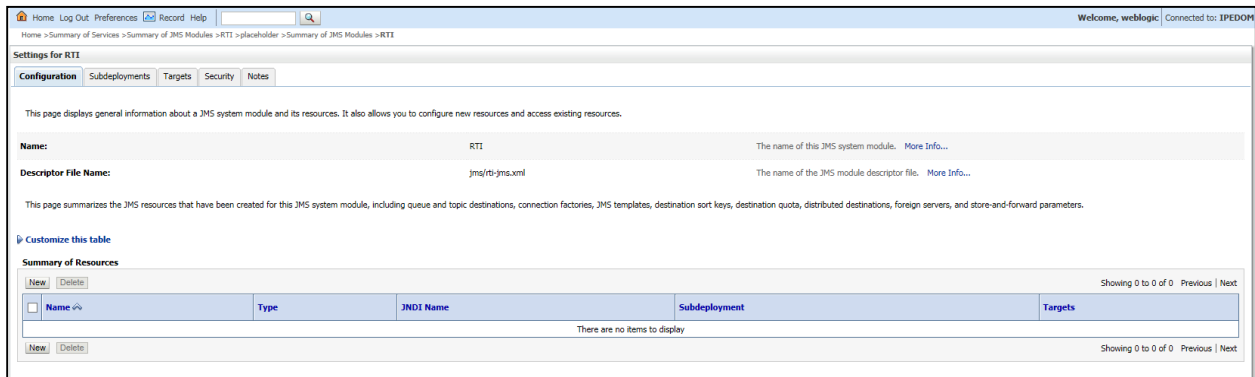


Figure 15: Settings for RTI

5. Click **New**. The *Create a New JMS System Module* screen is displayed.

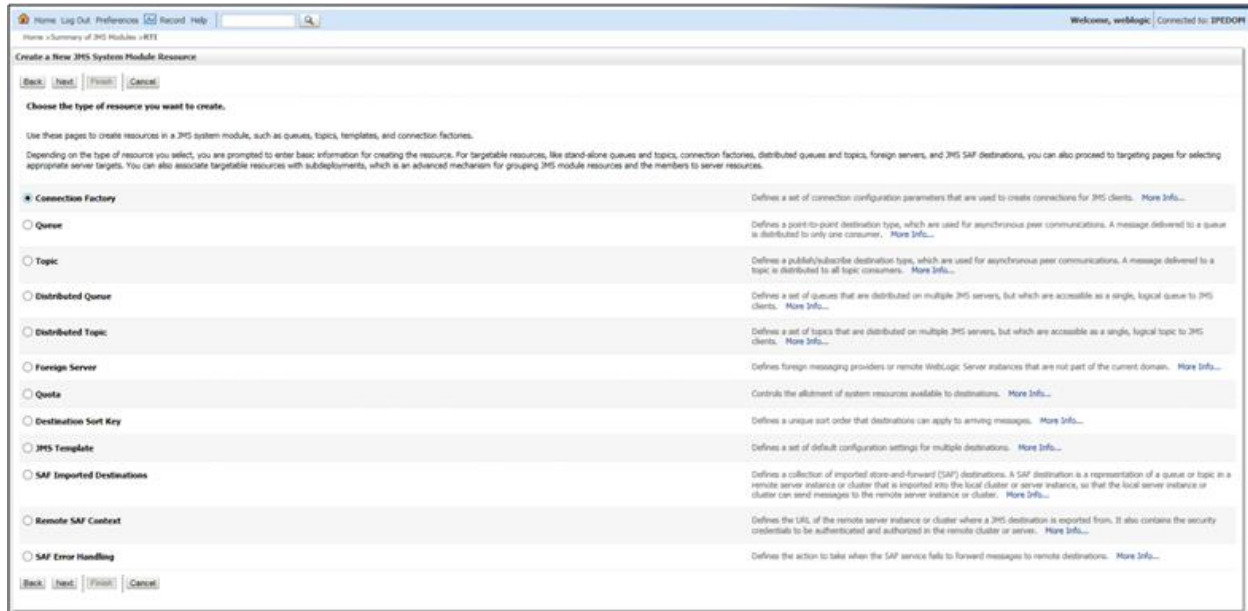


Figure 16: Create a New JMS System Module Resource

6. Select **Connection Factory**.

7. Click **Next**. The *Create a New JMS System Module Resource* screen is displayed.

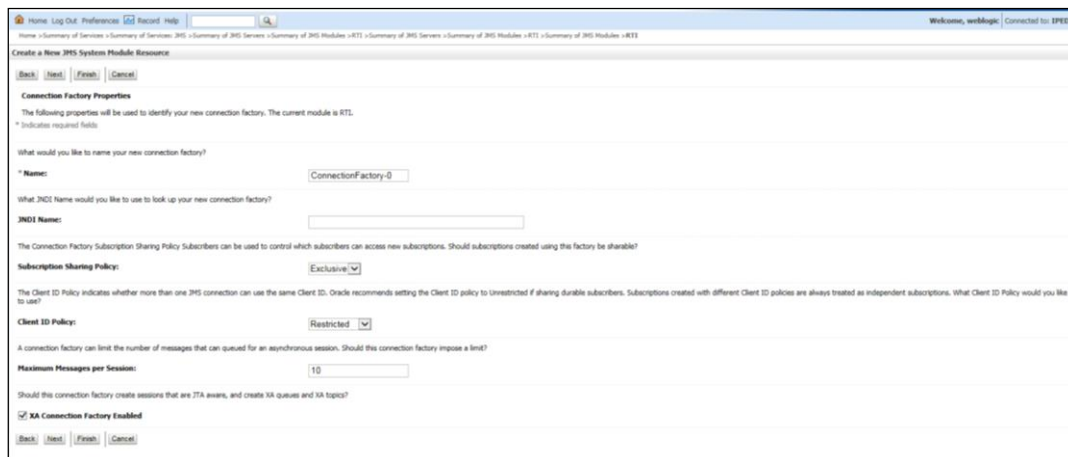


Figure 17: Create a New JMS System Module Resource

8. Enter the Name as **JMS Connection Factory**.

- Click **Next**. The *Create a New JMS System Module Resource* screen with the Target section is displayed.

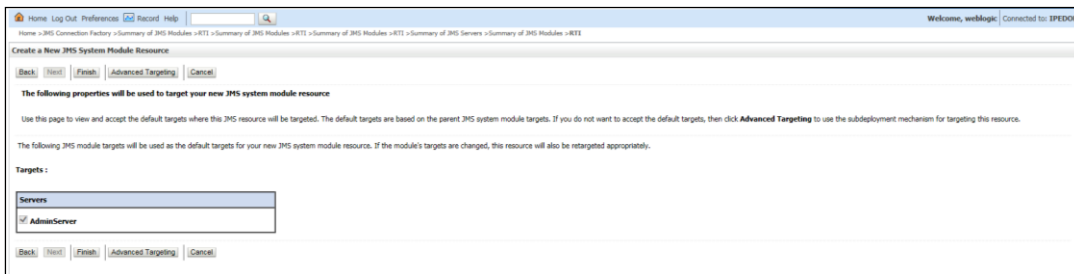


Figure 18: Create a New JMS System Module Resource - Targets

- Select **AdminServer**.

- Click **Finish**.

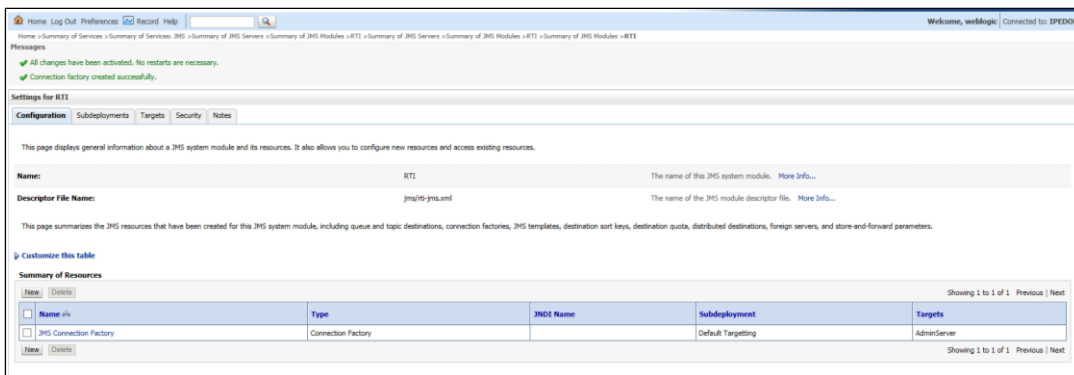


Figure 19: Settings for RTI - JMS connection Factory

12. Click **JMS Connection Factory**. The *Settings for JMS Connection Factory* screen is displayed.

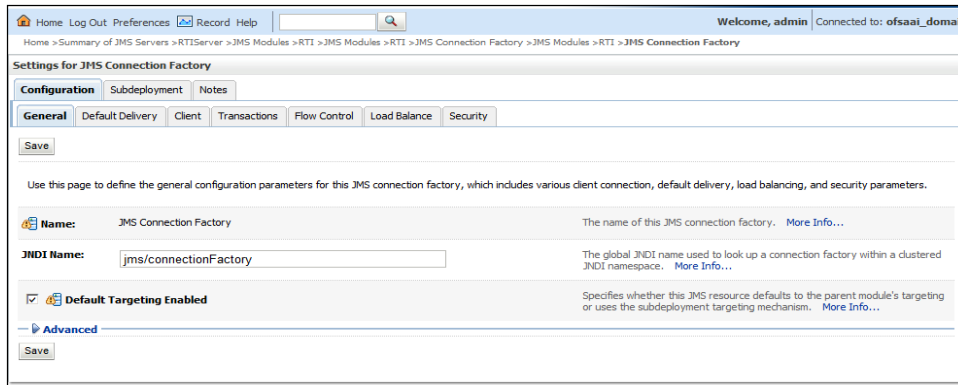


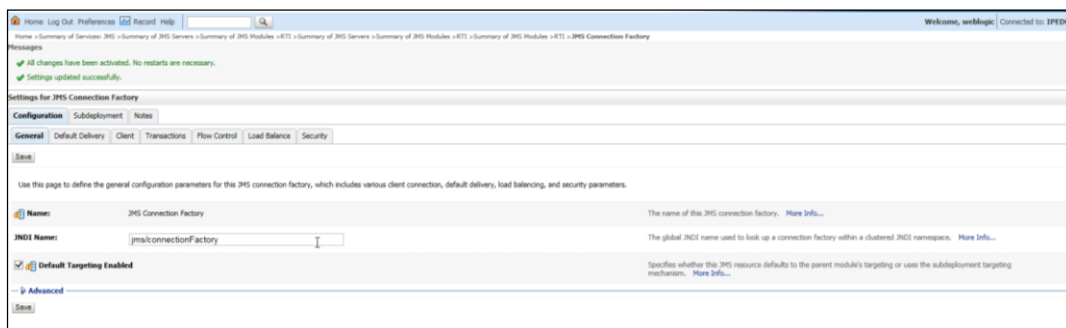
Figure 20: settings for JMS Connection Factory

13. Enter the following details:

Field	Value
Name	The name of the JMS connection factory is displayed as JMS Connection Factory.
JNDI Name	jms/connectionFactory
Default Targeting Enabled	Select the check-box to enable Default Targeting.

14. Click **Save**.

The following confirmation message is displayed.
JMS Connection Factory is created successfully.



3.1.6 Creating JMS Topic

This section discusses the following JMS Topics to be created:

- [Creating RTI Assessment Response Destination Topic](#)
- [Creating Cache Operation Message Destination Topic](#)

3.1.6.1 Creating RTI Assessment Response Destination Topic

To create JMS Topic, follow these steps:

1. In the Domain Structure LHS menu, click **+** to expand **Services**.
2. Click **+** to expand **Messaging**.
3. Click **JMS Modules**. The *JMS Modules* screen is displayed.

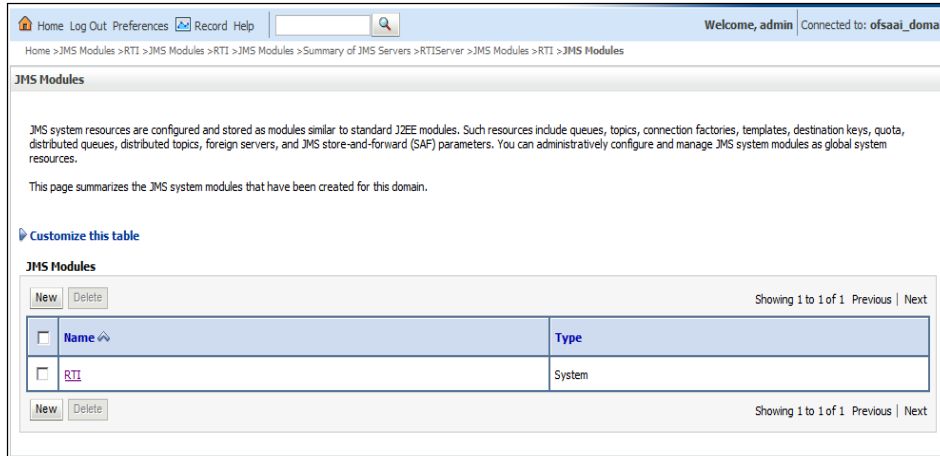


Figure 21: JMS Modules

4. Click **RTI**. The *Settings for RTI* screen is displayed.

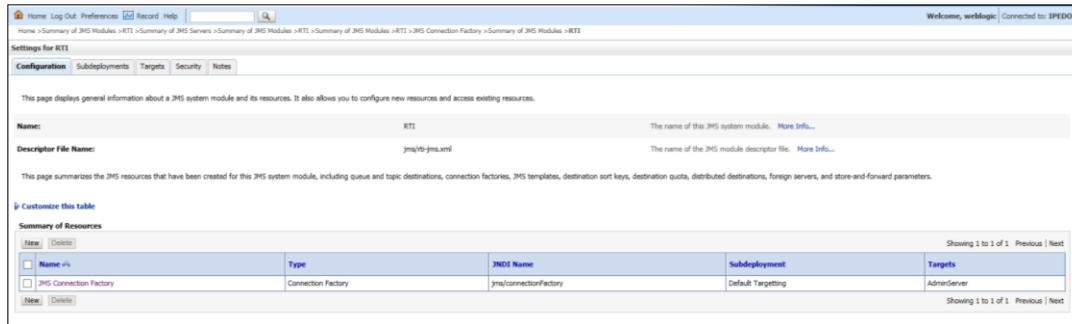


Figure 22: Settings for RTI - JMS topic

5. Click **New**. The *Settings for JMS Connection Factory* screen is displayed.

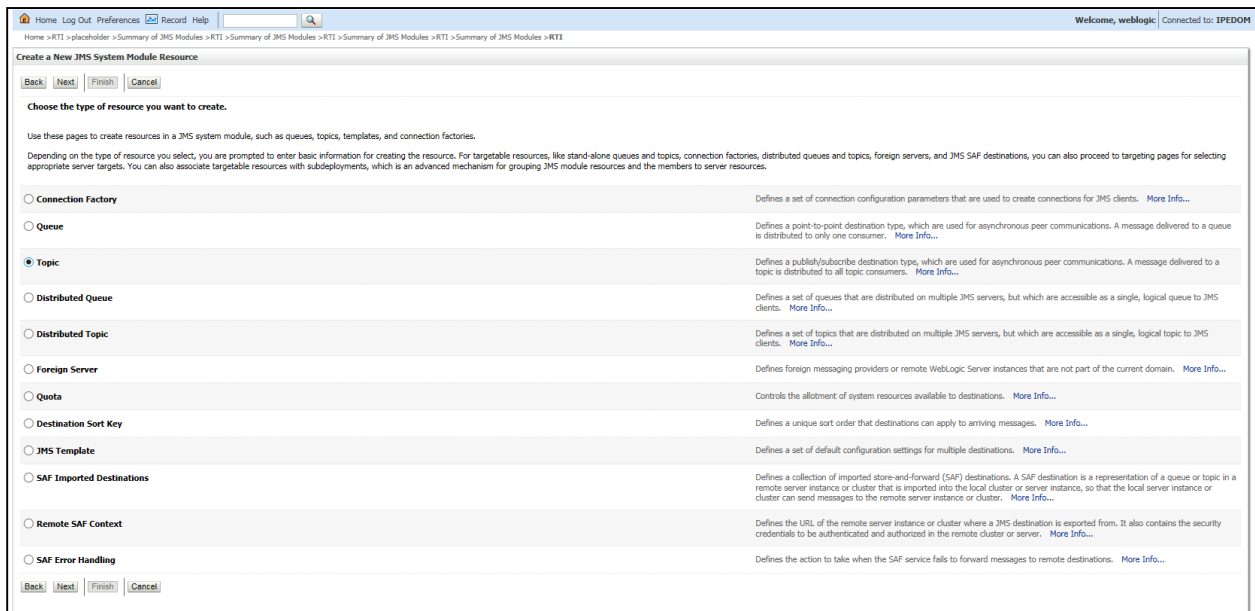


Figure 23: Select type of resource

6. Select **Topic** from the list.

7. Click **Next**. The *Create a New JMS System Module Resource* screen is displayed.

Figure 24: Create a New JMS System Module Resource

8. Enter the following details:

Table 3: JMS Topic - Field Values

Field	Value
Name	RTI Assessment Response Destination Topic
JNDI Name	jms/assessmentResponseDestination

9. Click **Next**. The *Create a New JMS System Module Resource* screen is displayed.

Figure 25: Create a New JMS System Module Resource

10. Select the Subdeployments as **RTISubDeploy**.
11. Select **RTIServer**.
12. Click **Finish**.
13. The following confirmation message is displayed.
JMS Topic is created successfully.

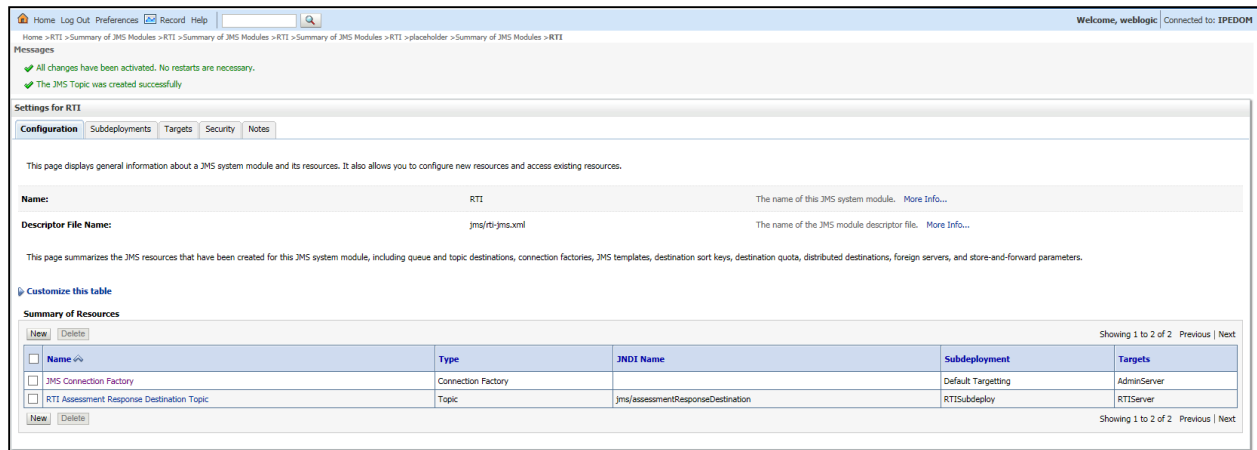


Figure 26: JMS Topic created successfully

3.1.6.2 Creating Cache Operation Message Destination Topic

To create **Cache Operation Message Destination Topic**, follow these steps:

1. Repeat Steps 1 - 13 from section [Creating RTI Assessment Response Destination Topic](#).
2. Enter the following details:

Table 4: JMS Topic - Field Values

Field	Value
Name	Cache Operation Message Destination Topic
JNDI Name	jms/cacheOperationMessageDestination

- The following confirmation message is displayed.
JMS Topic is created successfully.

The screenshot shows the 'Settings for RTI' configuration page. It includes a navigation bar with 'Configuration', 'Subdeployments', 'Targets', 'Security', and 'Notes'. Below the navigation bar, there is a section for 'Summary of Resources' which contains a table with the following data:

Name	Type	JMS Name	Subdeployment	Targets
Cache Operation Message Destination Topic	Topic	jms/cacheOperationMessageDestination	RTISubdeploy	RTIServer
JMS Connection Factory	Connection Factory	jms/connectionFactory	Default Targeting	AdminServer
RTI Assessment Response Destination Topic	Topic	jms/assessmentResponseDestination	RTISubdeploy	RTIServer

Figure 27: JMS Topic created

3.1.7 Creating JMS Queues

This section discusses the following queues to be created:

- RTI Feedback Queue
- RTI Source Entity Queue
- Wire Transaction Source Entity Queue
- RTI Hold JMS Queue

3.1.7.1 RTI Feedback Queue

To create the RTI Feedback Queue, follow these steps:

1. In the Domain Structure LHS menu, click **+** to expand **Services**.
2. Click **+** to expand **Messaging**.
3. Click **JMS Modules**.
4. Click **RTI**. The *Settings for RTI* screen is displayed.

The screenshot shows the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console interface. The main content area is titled 'Settings for RTI' and includes a 'Summary of Resources' table. The table lists the following resources:

Name	Type	JNDI Name	Subdeployment	Targets
Cache Operation Message Destination Topic	Topic	jms/cacheOperationMessageDestination	RTISubDeploy	RTIServer
JMS Connection Factory	Connection Factory	jms/connectionFactory	Default Targeting	AdminServer
RTI Assessment Response Destination Topic	Topic		RTISubDeploy	RTIServer

5. Click **New**. The *Create a New JMS System Module Resource* screen is displayed.

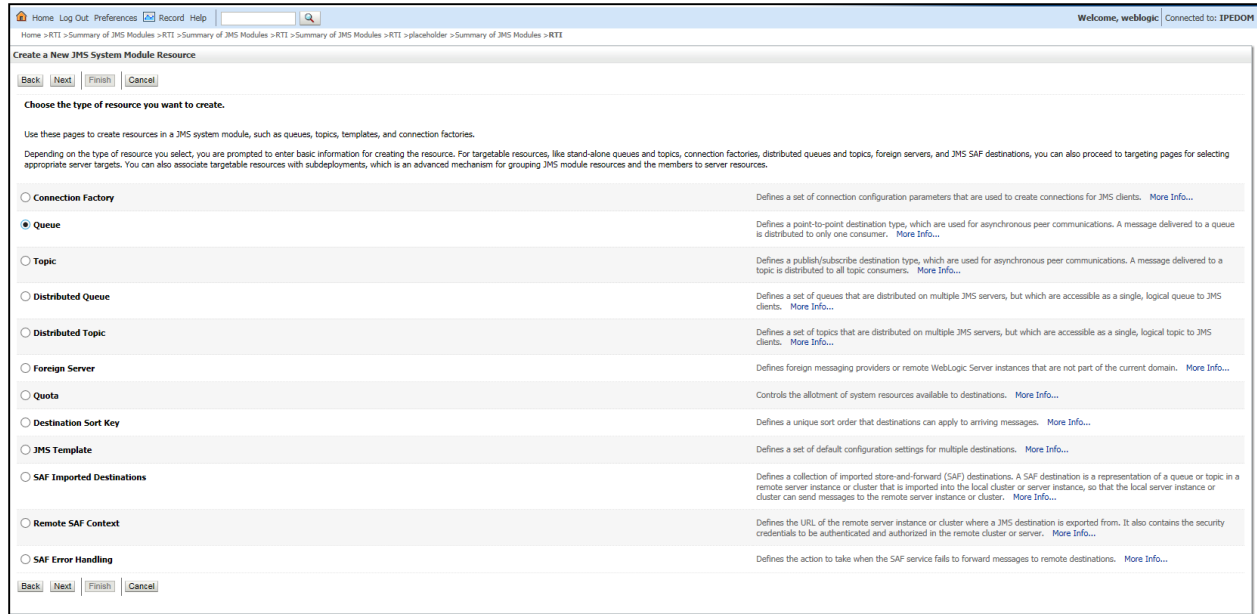


Figure 28: JMS Queue - Create a New JMS system Module

6. Select **Queue** from the list.

7. Click **Next**. The *Create a New JMS System Module Resource* screen is displayed.

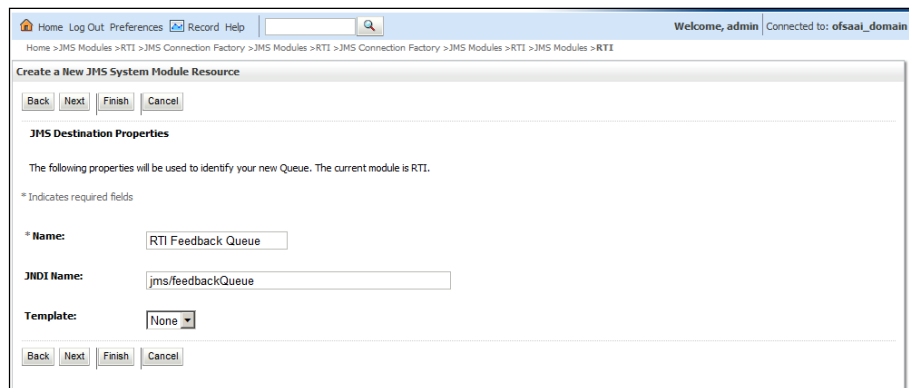


Figure 29: JMS Queue - Create a New JMS system Module

8. Enter the following details:

Table 5: JMS Queue - Field Values

Field	Value
Name	RTI Feedback Queue
JNDI Name	jms/feedbackQueue

9. Click **Next**.

10. Select the Subdeployments as **RTISubDeploy**.

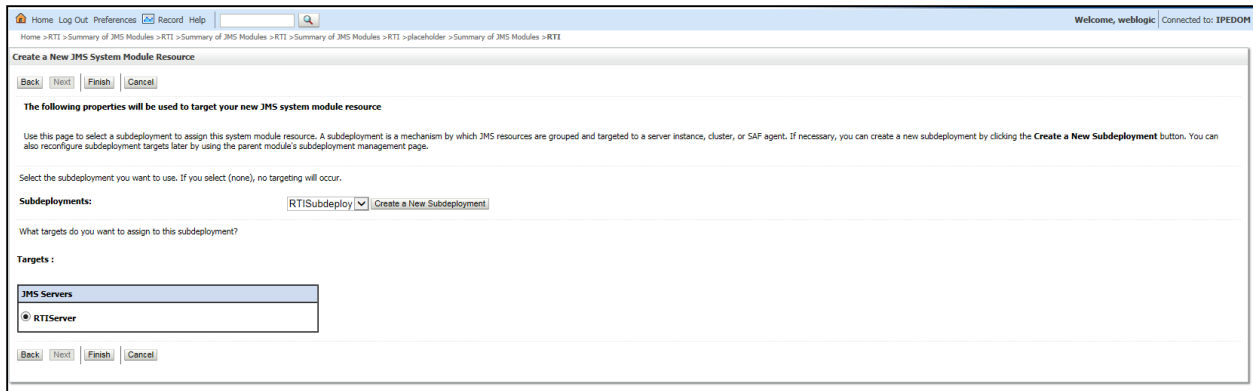


Figure 30: JMS Queue - Create a New JMS System Module Resource

11. Click **Finish**.

12. The following confirmation message is displayed.
RTI Feedback Queue is created *successfully*.

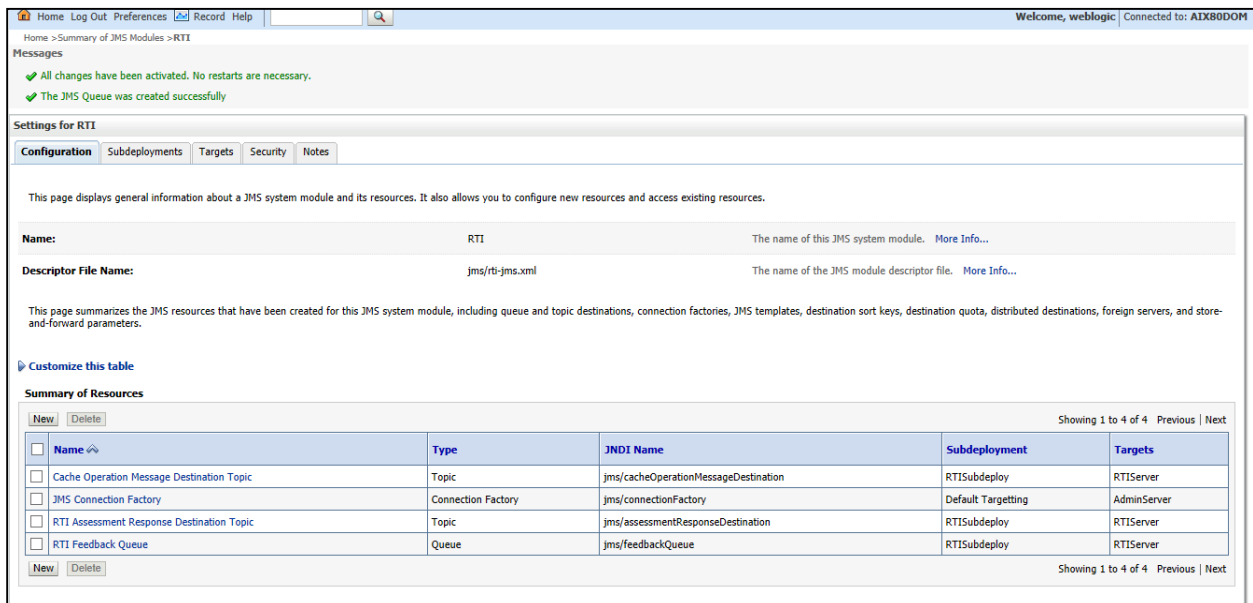


Figure 31: JMS Queue created successfully

3.1.7.2 Creating Remaining JMS Queues

To create the remaining JMS Queues, follow these steps:

1. Repeat Steps 1 - 11 as in section [RTI feedback Queue](#).
2. Enter the values given in the following table.

Table 6: WebLogic JMS Queues - Field Values

Queue Name	Fields		
	Name	JNDI name	Subdeployment
RTI Hold JMS Queue	Enter the name as RTI Hold JMS Queue	Enter the JNDI name as jms/TransactionActionQueue	Select the Subdeployment as RTISubDeploy
RTI Source Entity Queue	Enter the name as RTI Source Entity Queue	Enter the JNDI name as jms/sourceEntityQueue	Select the Subdeployment as RTISubDeploy
Wire Transaction Source Entity Queue	Enter the name as Wire Transaction Source Entity Queue	Enter the JNDI name as jms/wireTrxnQueue	Select the Subdeployment as RTISubDeploy

3. The following confirmation message is displayed.
The JMS Queue was created successfully.

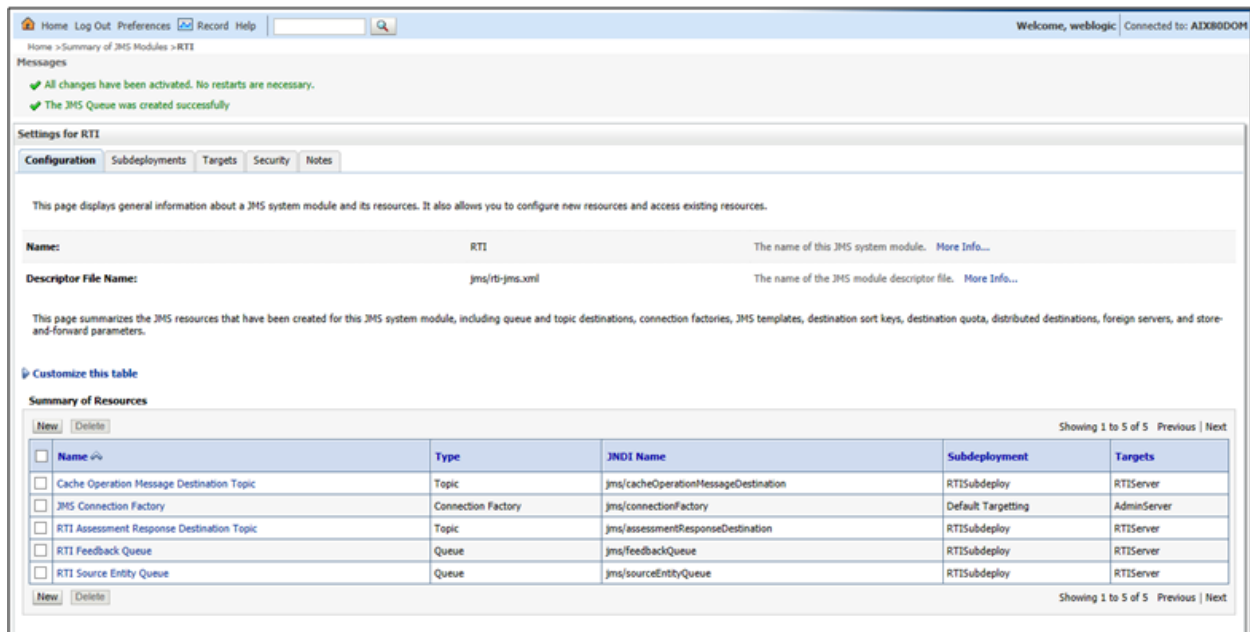


Figure 32: JMS Queues

3.1.8 Restart Weblogic Domain

For more information, refer to the Start/Stop Infrastructure Services section in the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Installation and Configuration Guide available on the [OHC](#) page.

3.2 Configuring IPE in WebSphere

This section explains the WebSphere configuration for IPE and includes the following topics:

- [Login to WebSphere](#)
- [JMS Providers](#)
- [JMS Connection Factories](#)
- [JMS Queues](#)
- [JMS Topics](#)

3.2.1 Login to WebSphere

To configure IPE on WebSphere follow these steps:

1. Open the following URL in the browser window:
`http://<ipaddress>:<administrative console port>/ibm/console.`
 (https if SSL is enabled). The Login window is displayed.
2. Login with the Administrator **Username** and **Password**.

3.2.2 Bus Creation

1. Click + to expand **Service Integration** in the LHS menu.
2. Click **Buses**. The Buses page is displayed.

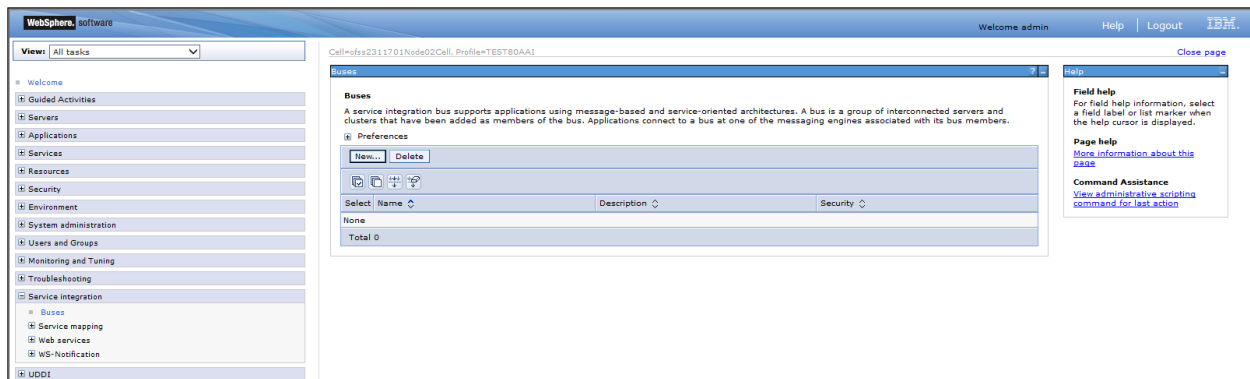


Figure 33: Buses

3. Click **New**. The *Create a New Service Integration Bus* screen is displayed

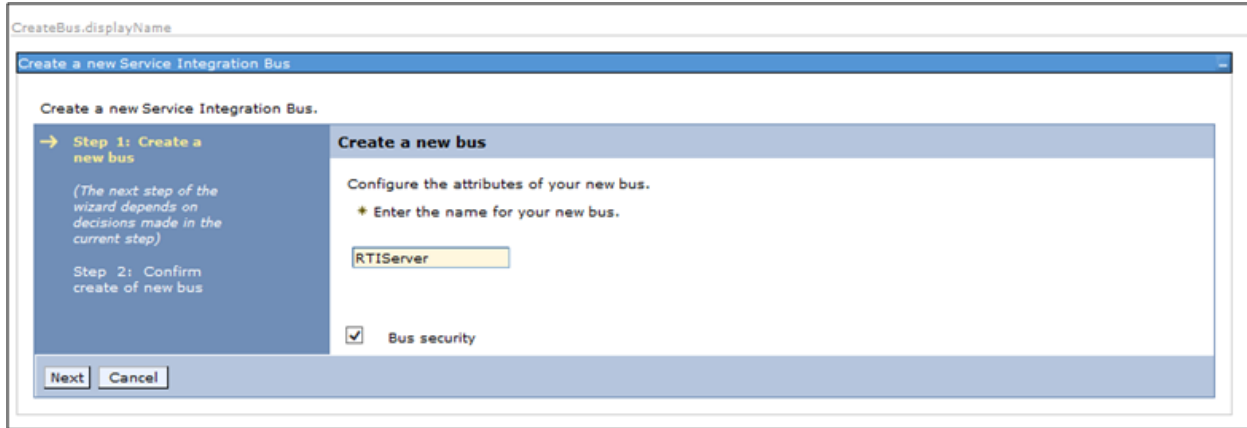


Figure 34: Create a New Service Integration Bus

4. Enter the name as **RTIServer**.
5. Un-check **Bus security**.
6. Click **Next**.

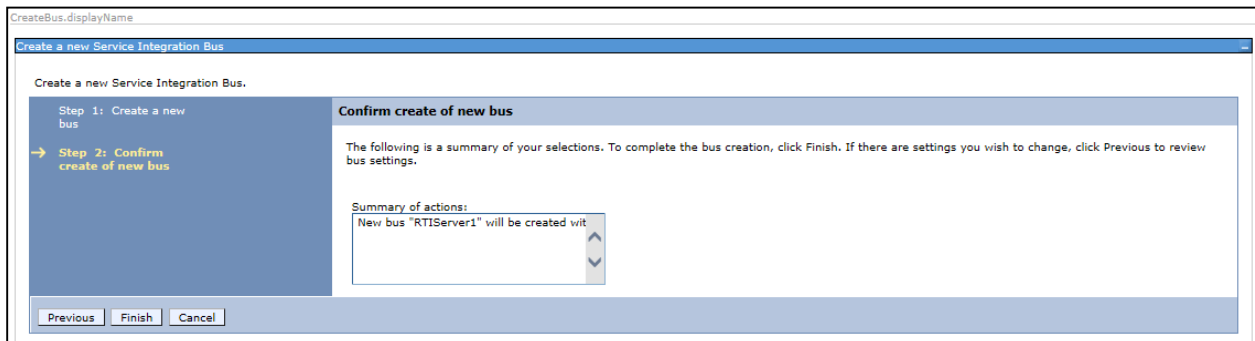


Figure 35: Create a New Service Integration Bus

7. Click **Finish**.
8. Click **Save**.

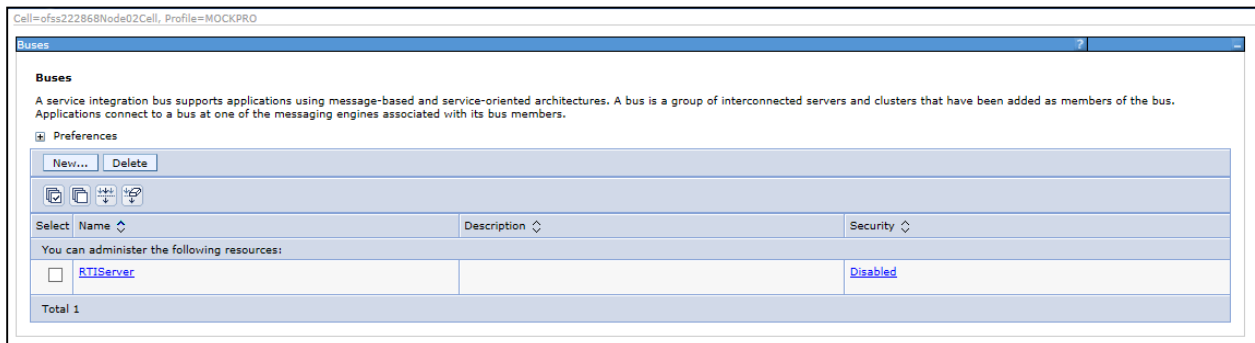


Figure 36: Buses

3.2.3 Bus Member Creation

To create a Bus Member follow these steps:

1. Click + to expand **Service Integration** in the LHS menu.
2. Click **Buses**.
3. Click **RTIServer**. The RTI Server screen is displayed.

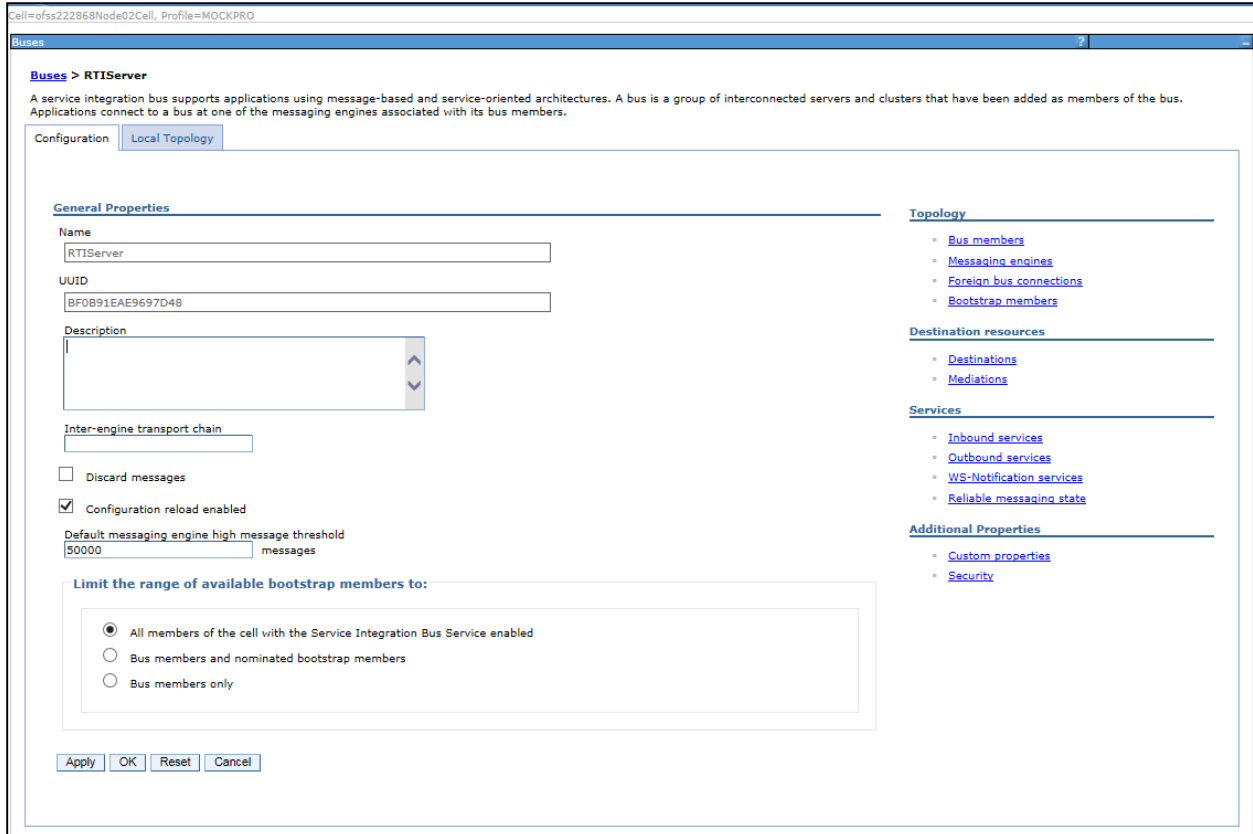


Figure 37: RTI Server

4. In the Topology section, click **Bus members**. The Bus members screen is displayed.

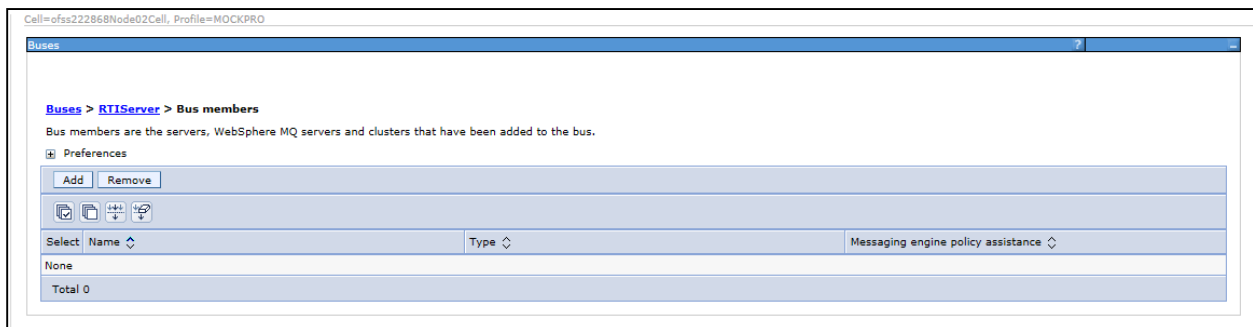


Figure 38: Bus members

5. Click **Add**. The Add a New Bus Member screen is displayed.
6. Select **Server**.

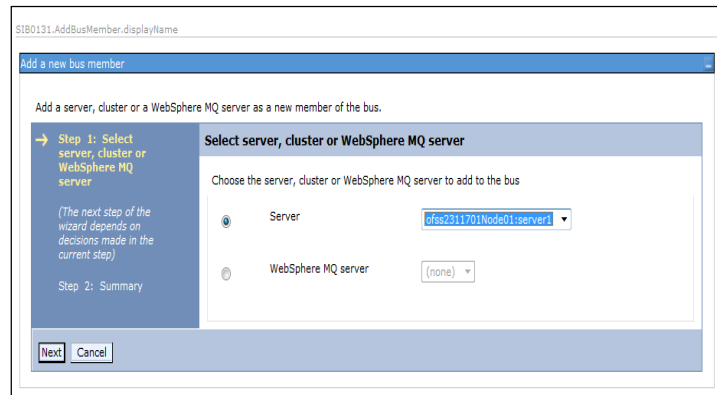


Figure 39: Add a New Bus Member

7. Click **Next**.



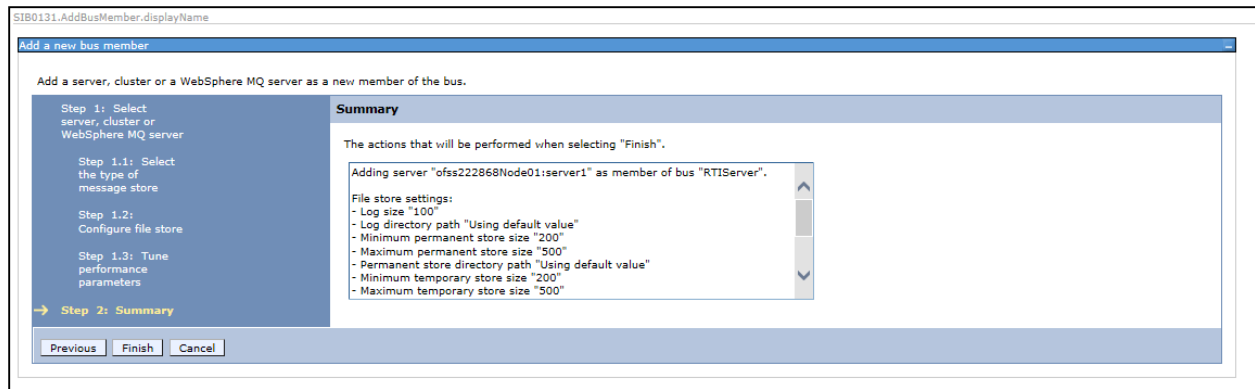
8. Select **File Store**.

9. Click Next.

10. Click Next.

	Current heap sizes	Proposed heap sizes
Initial JVM heap size	0 MB	768 MB
Maximum JVM heap size	0 MB	768 MB

11. Click Next.



12. Click **Finish**. The Buses screen is displayed.

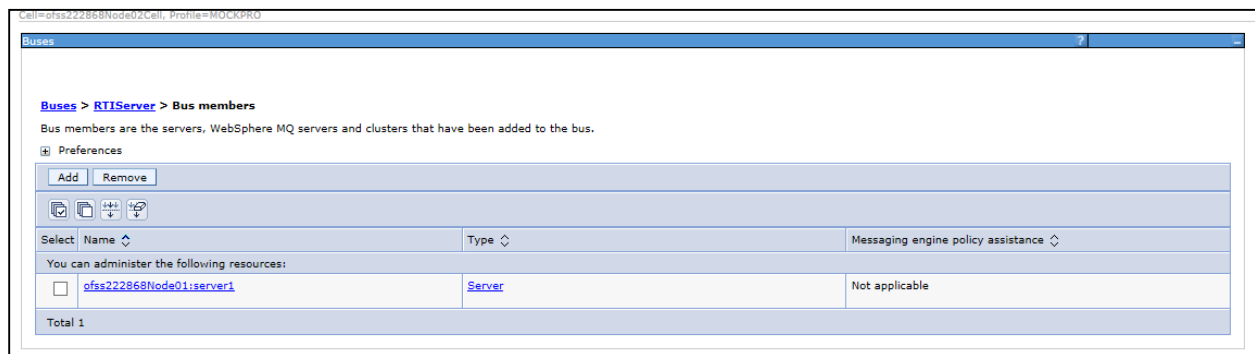


Figure 40: Bus Members created successfully

13. Click **Save**.

3.2.4 Configuring JMS Providers

This section discusses the configuration of JMS providers.

To navigate to JMS Providers sections, follow these steps:

1. Click **+** to expand **Resources**.
2. Click **+** to expand **JMS**.
3. Click **JMS Providers**. The JMS Providers screen is displayed.
4. Select **Cell** as Scope. (for example, Cell=OFSA80Node02Cell)
5. Verify that the Default messaging provider exists.

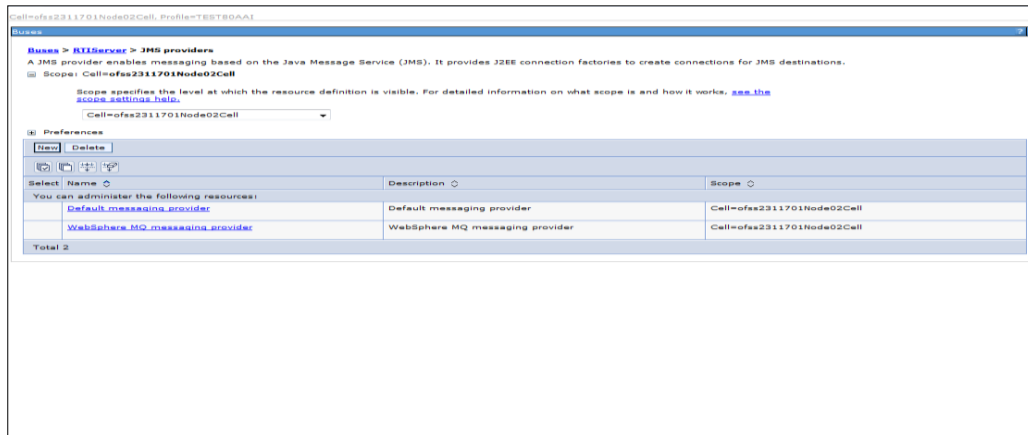


Figure 41: JMS Providers

3.2.5 Configuring JMS Connection Factory

This section explains about configuring JMS Connection Factory.

NOTE: For information about the ports used, refer to section [Check Ports in WebSphere](#).

To configure JMS Connection Factory, follow these steps:

1. Click **+** to expand **Resources**.
1. Click **+** to expand **JMS**.
2. Click **Connection Factories**. The Connection Factories screen is displayed.

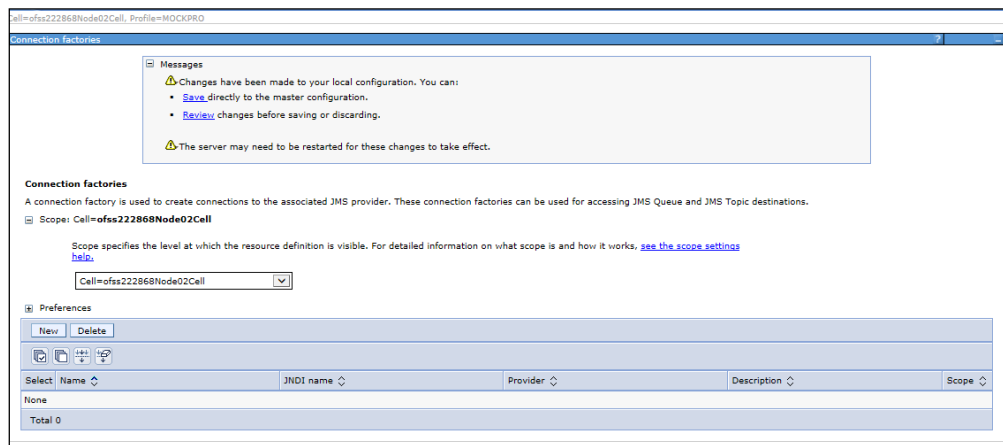


Figure 42: Connection Factories

3. Select the Scope as **Cell**. (for example, Cell=OFSA80Node02Cell)
4. Click **New**.
5. Select **Default Messaging Provider** option.
6. Click **OK**. The *JMS Connection Factory* screen is displayed.

ufcx2228@node02Call... Profile=00000000

Connection factories

Messages

- Changes have been made to your local configuration. You can:
 - Save directly to the master configuration.
 - Revert changes before saving or discarding.
- The server may need to be restarted for these changes to take effect.

Connection factories > Default messaging provider > New...

A JMS connection factory is used to create connections to the associated JMS provider of JMS destinations, for both point-to-point and publish/subscribe messaging. Use connection factory administrative objects to manage JMS connection factories for the default messaging provider.

Configuration

General Properties

Administration

Scope:

Provider:

Name:

JNDI name:

Description:

Category:

Connection

Bus name:

Target:

Target type:

Target significance:

Target inbound transport chain:

Provider endpoints:

Connection proximity:

Durable Subscription

Client identifier:

Durable subscription home:

Quality of Service

Nonpersistent message reliability:

Persistent message reliability:

Advanced Messaging

Read alias:

Temporary queue name prefix:

Temporary topic name prefix:

Share durable subscriptions:

Pass message payload by reference

Applications using this Connection Factory to send messages:
 - do not modify the data Object contained in a JMS Object Message
 - populate a JMS Bytes Message using a single call to `writeBytes(byte[])` and do not modify the byte array once it is contained in the message. Read the help before selecting this option.

Applications using this Connection Factory to receive messages:
 - do not modify the data Object obtained from a JMS Object Message. The data Object is treated as read only. Read the help before selecting this option.

Advanced Administrative

Log missing transaction contexts

Manage cached handles

Share data source with CMP

Security settings

Select the authentication values for this resource.

Authentication alias for JA recovery:

Application configuration alias:

Container-managed authentication alias:

Additional Properties

- Connection pool properties

Related Items

- JMS - J2C authentication data
- Rules

Figure 43: JMS Connection Factory

7. Enter the following details:

Table 7: JMS Connection Factory: Field Values

Field	Value	Description
Name	JMS Connection Factory	Enter the name of JMS Connection Factory
JNDI name	jms/connectionFactory	Enter the JNDI name for the JMS connection factory
Bus Name	RTIServer	Select the bus name.
Target Inbound Transport Chain	<Transport Chain Name>	Enter the transport chain name. Refer Appendix B for Transport chain name. For example: <i>InboundBasicMessaging</i>
Provider endpoints	<HOSTNAME> : <SIB_ENDPOINT_ADDRESS port>: <Transport Chain Name>	Enter the transport chain name. Refer Appendix B for Provider endpoints. For example: ofss222868.in.oracle.com:7280:InboundBasic Messaging

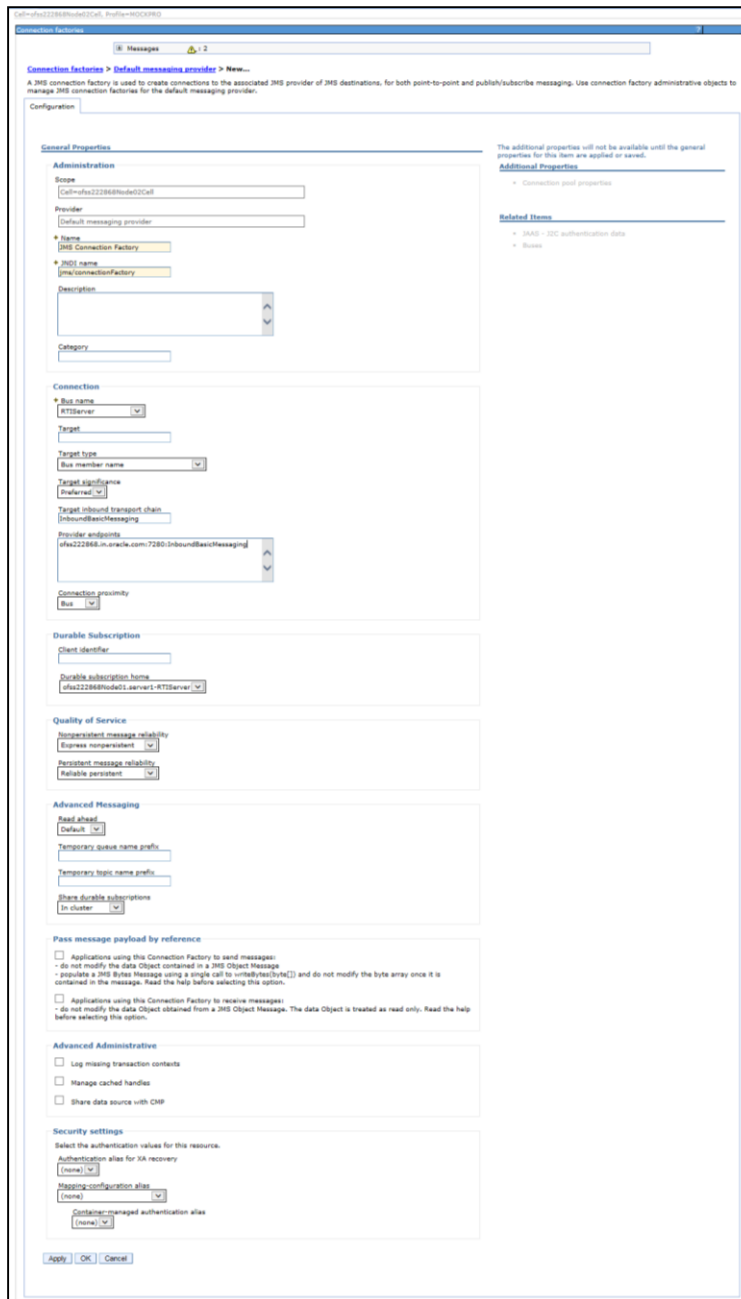


Figure 44: JMS Connection Factory – Not default port

8. Click **Apply** and save the details.

3.2.6 Configuring JMS Queues

This section discusses the following JMS Queues which are to be created:

- RTI Source Entity Queue
- RTI Hold JMS Queue
- RTI Feedback Queue
- Wire Transaction Source Entity Queue

3.2.6.1 Configuring RTI Source Entity Queue

To create RTI Source Entity Queue, follow these steps:

1. Click **+** to expand **Resources** in the LHS menu.
2. Click **+** to expand **JMS**.
3. Click **Queues**.



Figure 45: Queues

4. Select Scope as **Cell**. (For example, cell=OFSA80Node02Cell).

5. Click **New**. The *Select JMS resource provider* screen is displayed.

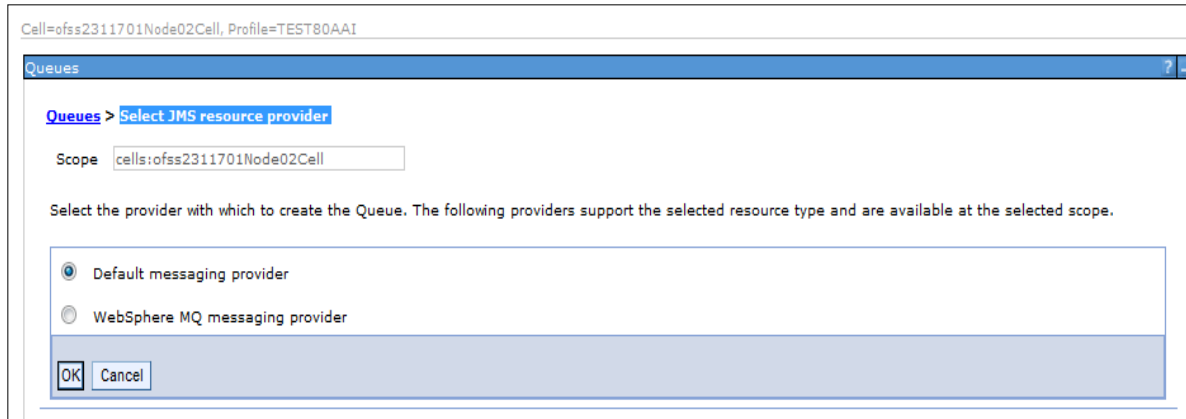


Figure 46: Select JMS resource provider

6. Select Default Messaging Provider.
7. Click **OK**. The General Properties section is displayed.

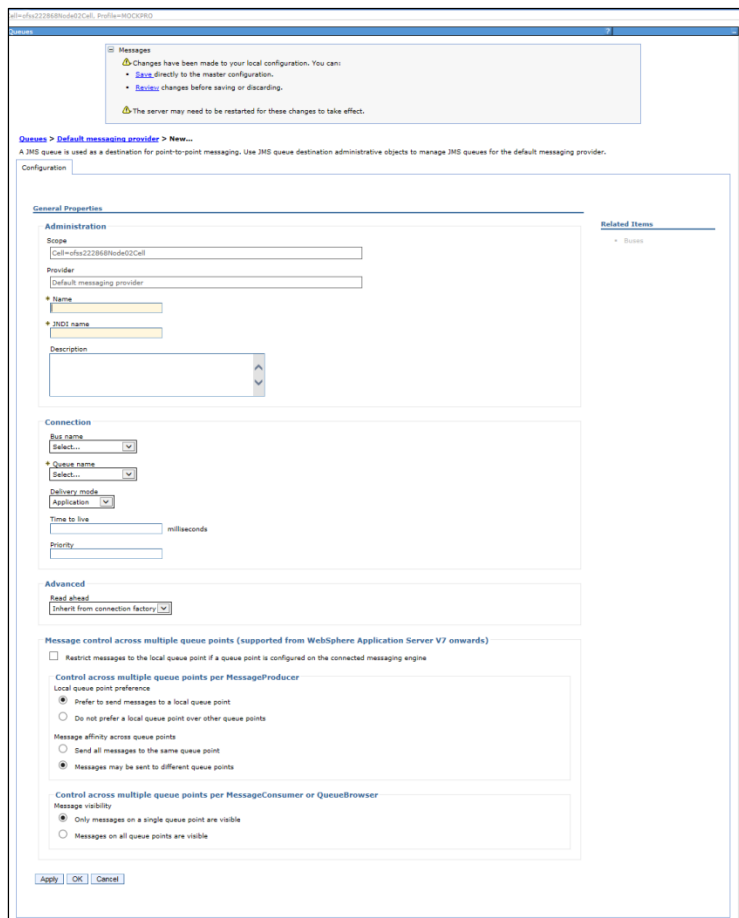


Figure 47: General Properties section

8. Enter the following details:

Table 8: JMS Queues General Properties - Field Values

Field	Value
Name	RTI Source Entity Queue
JNDI Name	jms/sourceEntityQueue
Bus Name	RTIServer

9. Select **Create Service Integration Bus destination** from **Queue Name**.

The screenshot shows the 'General Properties' configuration window. It is divided into two main sections: 'Administration' and 'Connection'.
Administration Section:
 - **Scope:** Cell=ofss2311701Node02Cell
 - **Provider:** Default messaging provider
 - **Name:** (empty field)
 - **JNDI name:** (empty field)
 - **Description:** (empty text area)
Connection Section:
 - **Bus name:** RTIServer (dropdown menu)
 - **Queue name:** Create Service Integration Bus destination (dropdown menu, highlighted in blue)
 Other options in the Queue name dropdown include: Select..., _SYSTEM.Exception.Destination.ofss2311701Node01.server1-RTIServer, rtiSourceEntityQueue, rtiFeedbackQueue, rtiWireTrxnQueue, Queue1, rtiTransactionActionQueue, and other, please specify.

Figure 48: Queue Name

The *Set queue attributes* screen is displayed.

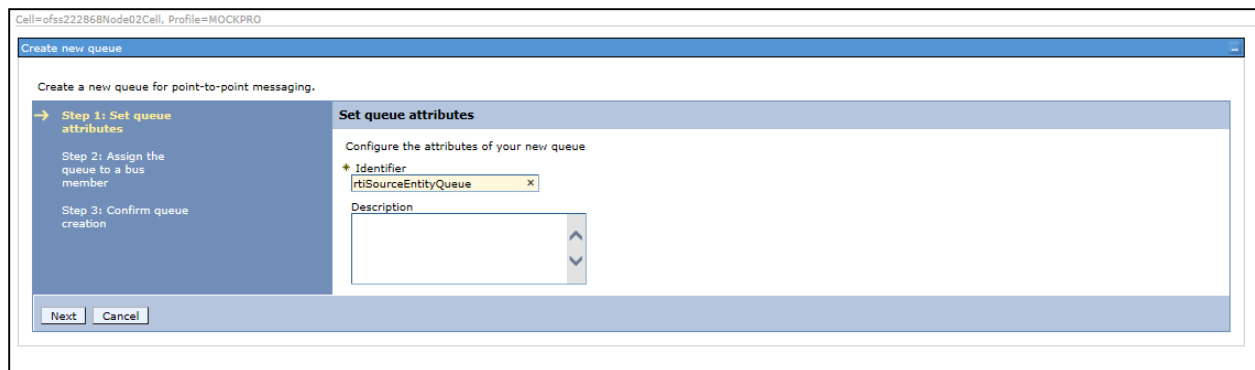


Figure 49: Set queue attributes

10. Enter the Identifier as **rtiSourceEntityQueue**.

11. Click **Next**.



Figure 50: Assign the queue to a bus member

12. Click **Next**.

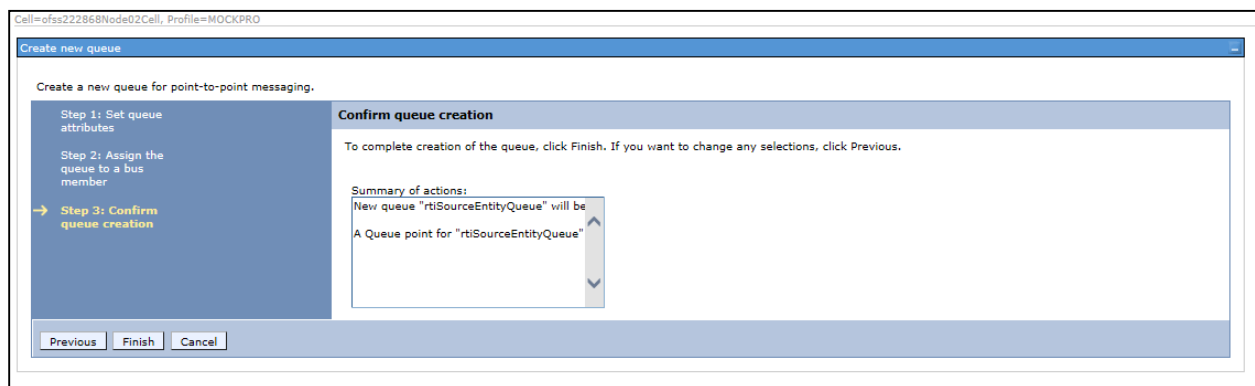


Figure 51: Confirm queue creation

13. Click **Finish**. The Configuration screen is displayed.

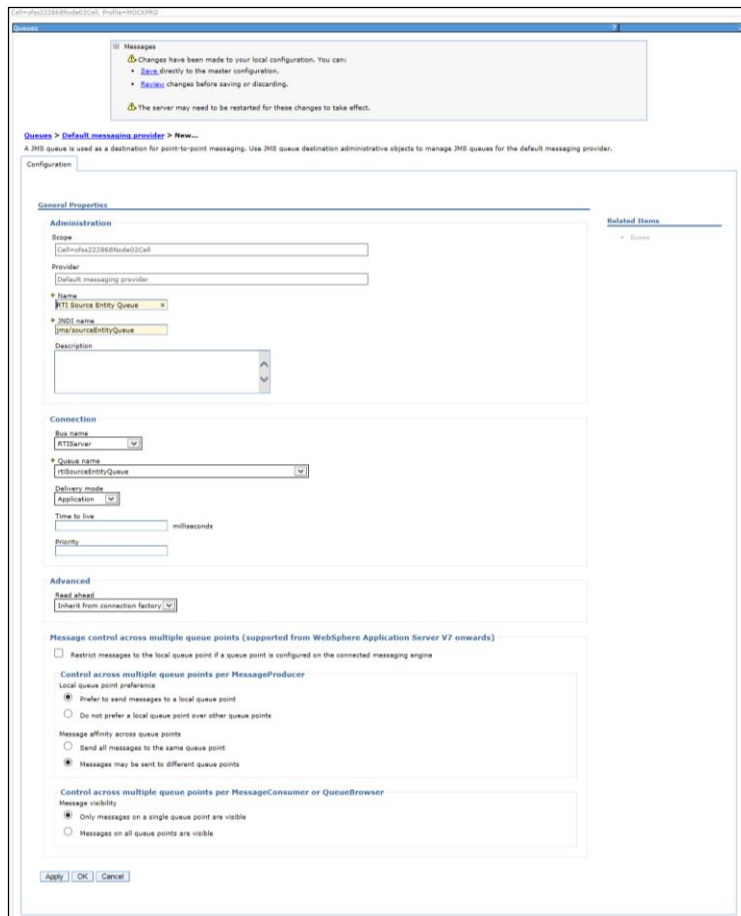


Figure 52: Configuration

14. Click **Apply** and save the details.

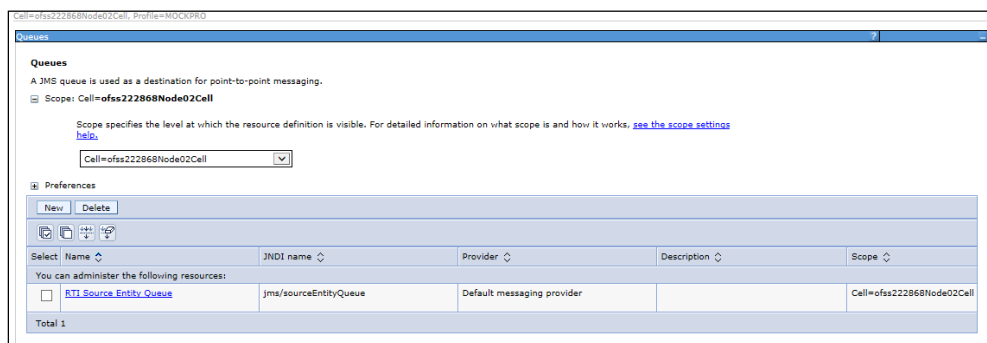


Figure 53: Queues

3.2.6.2 Creating remaining JMS Queues

Similarly, to create the remaining queues, follow these steps:

1. Repeat Steps 1 - 15 from section [RTI Source Entity Queue](#).
2. Enter the following details:

Table 9: WebSphere JMS Queues - Field Values

Queue Name	Fields			
	Name	JNDI name	Bus name	Queue Identifier
RTI Hold JMS Queue	Enter the name as RTI Hold JMS Queue	Enter the JNDI name as jms/TransactionActionQueue	Select the Bus name as RTIServer	Enter the Queue as rtiTransactionActionQueue
RTI Feedback Queue	Enter the name as RTI Feedback Queue	Enter the JNDI name as jms/feedbackQueue	Select the Bus name as RTIServer	Enter the Queue as rtiFeedbackQueue
Wire Transaction Source Entity Queue	Enter the name as Wire Transaction Source Entity	Enter the JNDI name as jms/wireTrxnQueue	Select the Bus name as RTIServer	Enter the Queue as rtiWireTrxnQueue

3. The JMS Queues are created successfully.

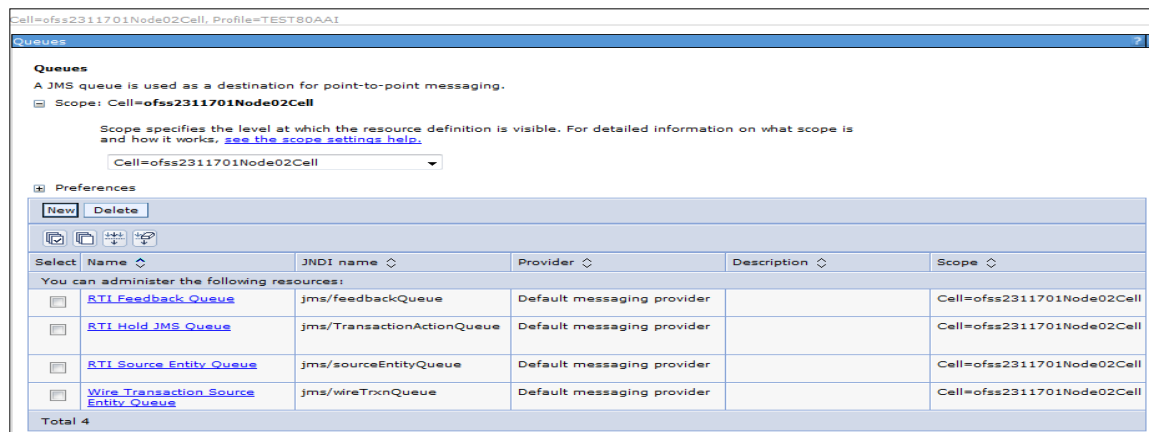


Figure 54: JMS Queue

3.2.7 Configuring JMS Topics

This section discusses the following JMS Topics which are to be created:

- [Creating RTI Cache Operation Message Destination Topic](#)
- [Creating RTI Assessment Response Destination Topic](#)

3.2.7.1 Creating RTI Cache Operation Message Destination Topic

To create JMS topics, follow these steps:

1. Click **+** to expand **Resources** in the LHS menu.
2. Click **+** to expand **JMS**.
3. Click **Topics**.
4. Select Cell as Scope (for example Cell=OFSA80Node02Cell)

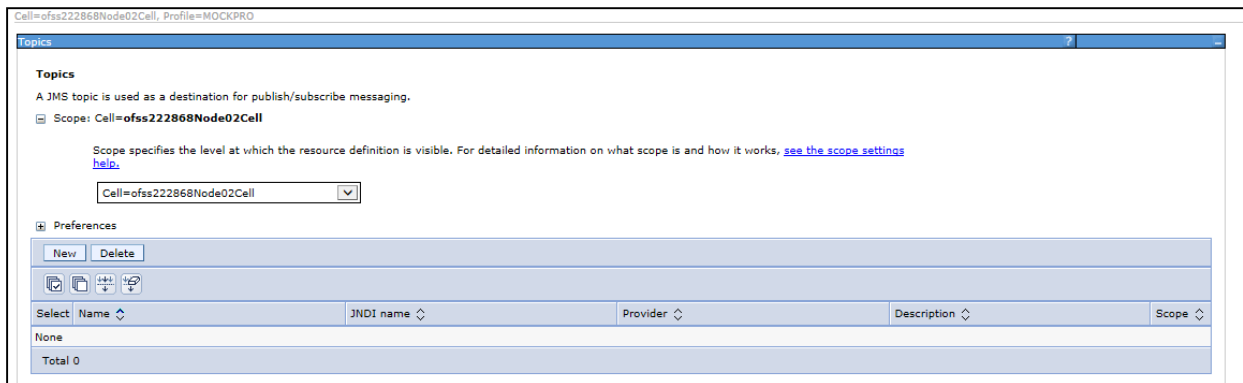


Figure 55: WebSphere - JMS Topics

5. Click **New**. The *Select JMS resource provider* screen is displayed.

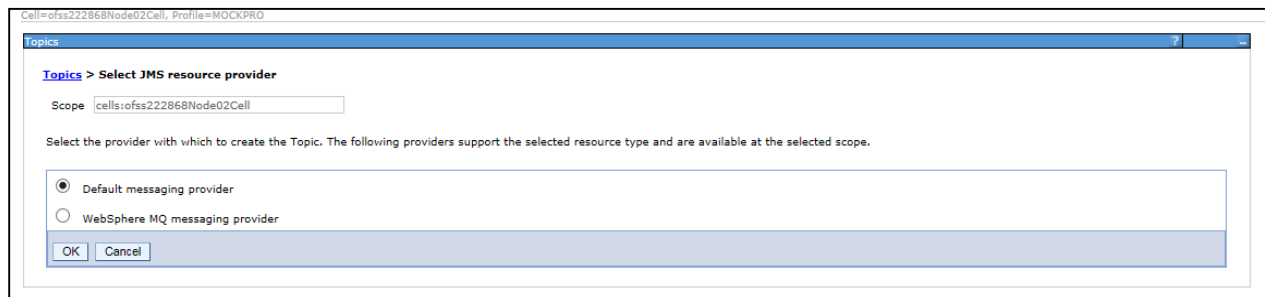


Figure 56: Select JMS resource provider

6. Select **Default messaging provider**.
7. Click **OK**. The *Configuration* screen is displayed.

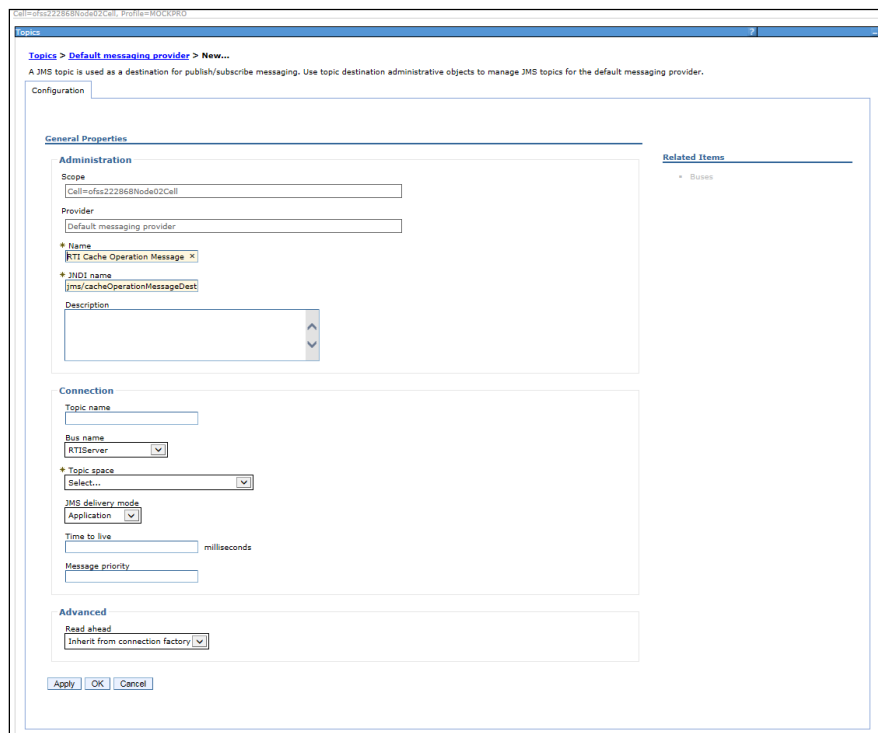


Figure 57: Configuration screen

8. Enter the following details:

Table 10: JMS Topic General Properties - Field Values

Field	Value
Name	RTI Cache Operation Message Destination Topic
JNDI Name	jms/cacheOperationMessageDestination
Bus Name	RTIServer

9. Select **Create Service Integration Bus Destination** from **Topic space**.

10. The *Create new topic space* screen is displayed.

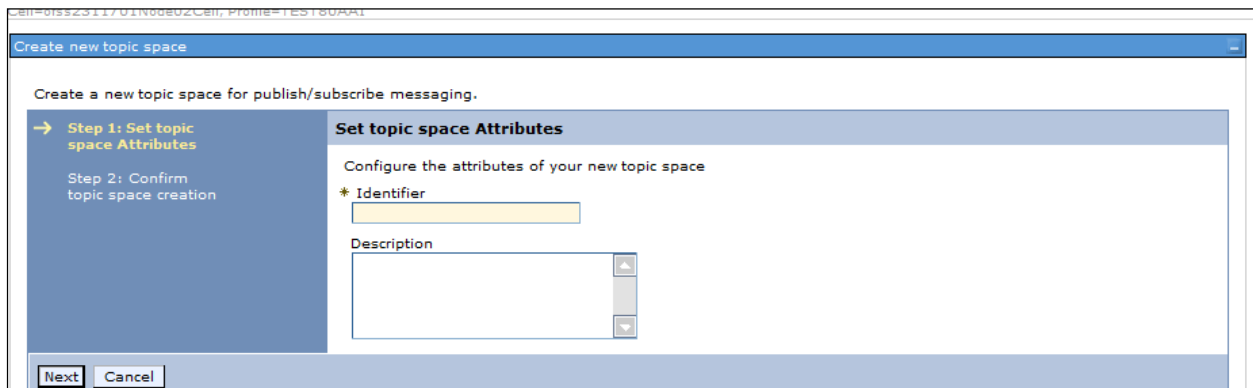


Figure 58: Create new topic space

11. Enter the **Identifier** as **rtiCacheOperationTopic**.

12. Click **Next**.

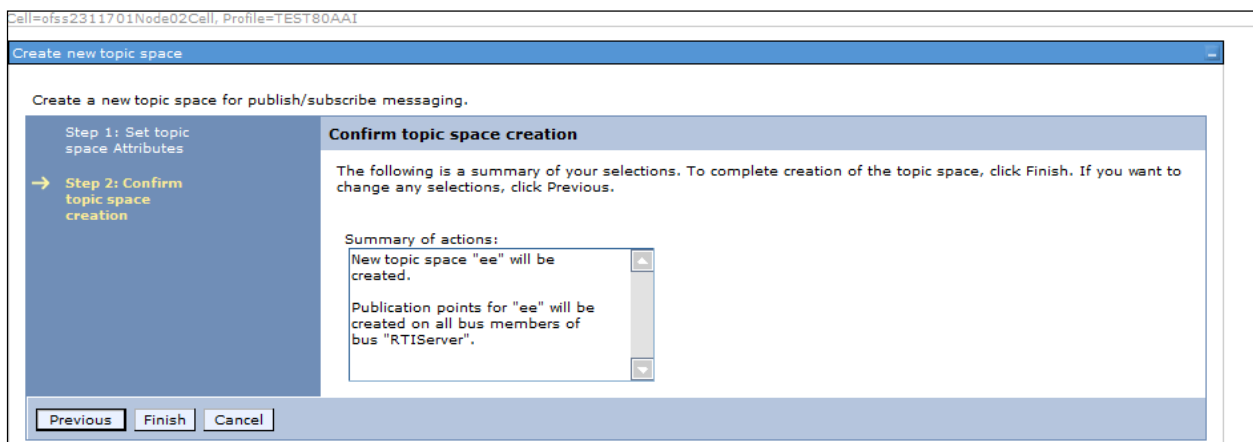


Figure 59: Confirm topic space creation

13. Click **Finish**. The *Configuration* screen is displayed.

14. Click **Apply** and save details.

3.2.7.2 Creating RTI Assessment Response Destination Topic

To create an RTI Assessment Response Destination Topic, follow these steps:

1. Repeat Steps 1-14 from section [RTI Cache Operation Message Destination Topic](#).
2. Enter the following details:

Field	Value
Name	RTI Assessment Response Destination Topic
JNDI name	jms/assessmentResponseDestination
Bus name	RTIServer
Topic Space Identifier	rtiAssessmentResponseDestinationTopic

3.2.8 RMI/IIOP Authentication Settings

This section describes the steps for authentication settings. For security setting, follow these steps:

1. Click **+** to expand **Security** in the LHS menu.
2. Click **+** to expand **Global Security**.
3. Click **+** to expand **RMI/IIOP security** under **Authentication** section.

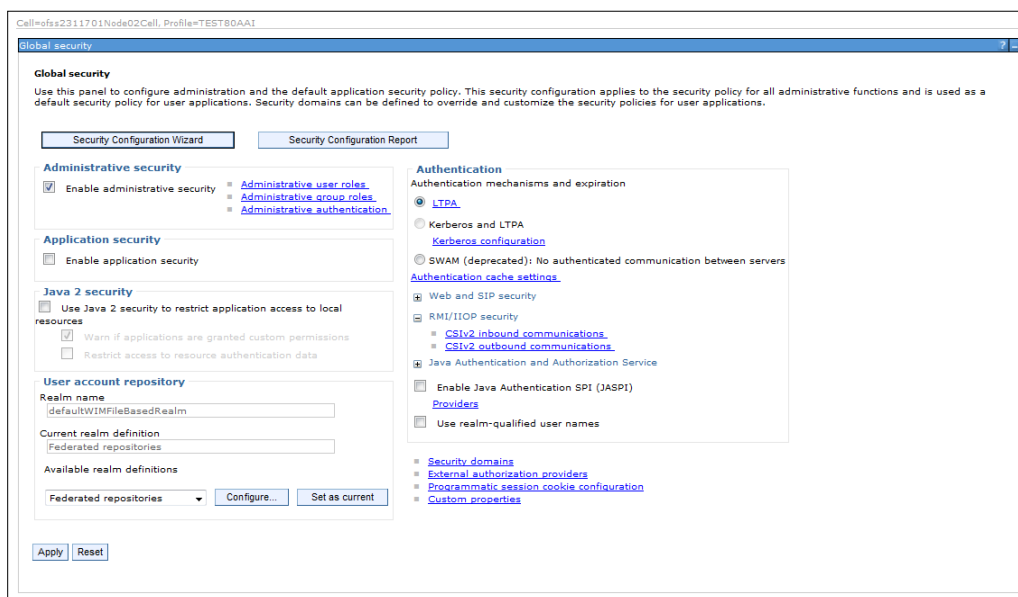


Figure 60: Global Security screen

4. Click **CSlv2 inbound communications/CSlv2 outbound communications**.
5. Select the following values:

Table 11: RMI/IIOP authentication Settings

RMI/IIOP Security	Client certificate authentication	Transport
CSlv2 inbound communications	Supported	SSL-supported
CSlv2 outbound communications	Supported	SSL-supported

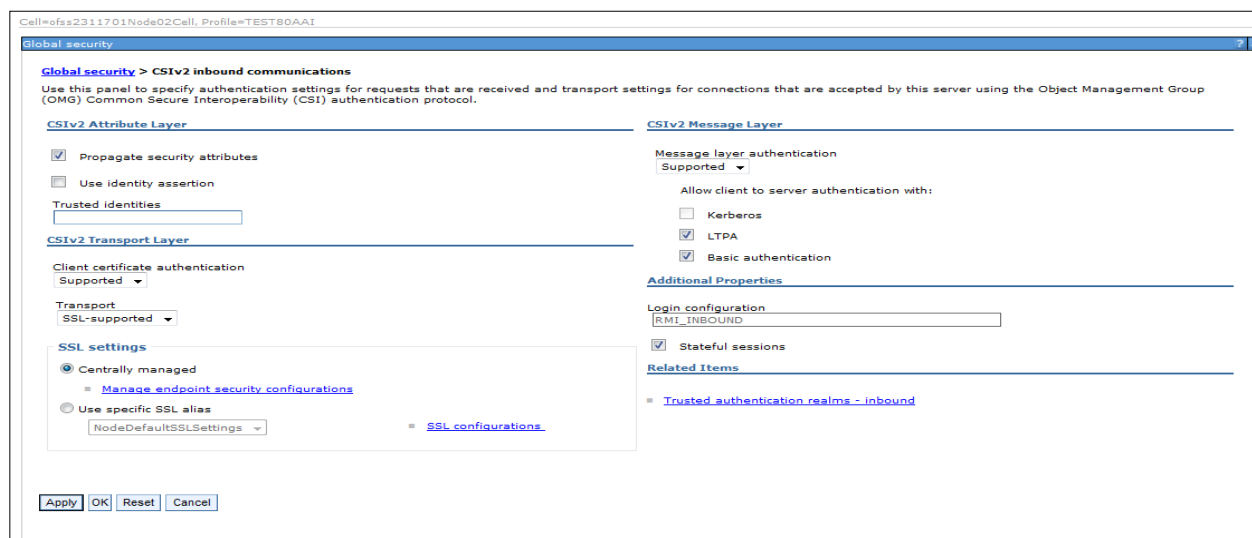


Figure 61: CSiv2 inbound communications



Figure 62: CSiv2 outbound communications

- Click **Apply** and save details.

Note: RMI/IIOP Authentication Settings are not required for WebLogic.

3.2.9 Restart WebSphere Profile

For more information, refer to the Start/Stop Infrastructure Services section in the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Installation and Configuration Guide available on the [OHC](#) page.

4 Appendix A

4.1 Check ports in WebSphere

To check the ports in WebSphere, follow these steps:

1. Open the following URL in the browser window:
<http://<ipaddress>:<administrative console port>/ibm/console>.
 (https if SSL is enabled). The Login window is displayed.
2. Login with the Administrator **Username** and **Password**.
3. Click **+** to expand **Servers**.
4. Click **+** to **Server Types**.
5. Click **WebSphere application servers**.

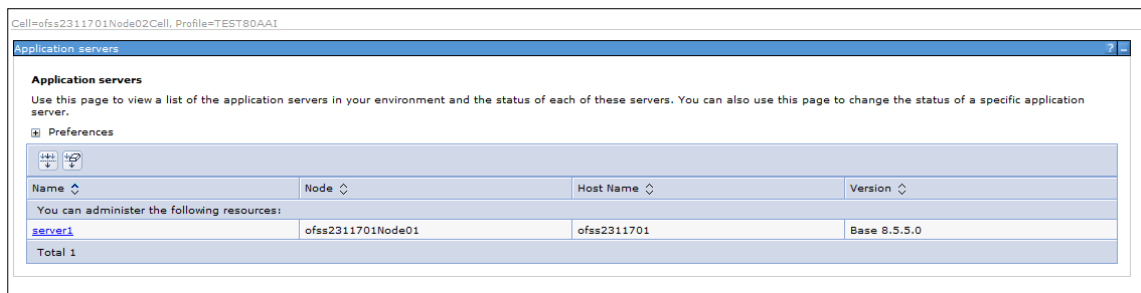


Figure 63: Application Servers

6. Click **server1**.

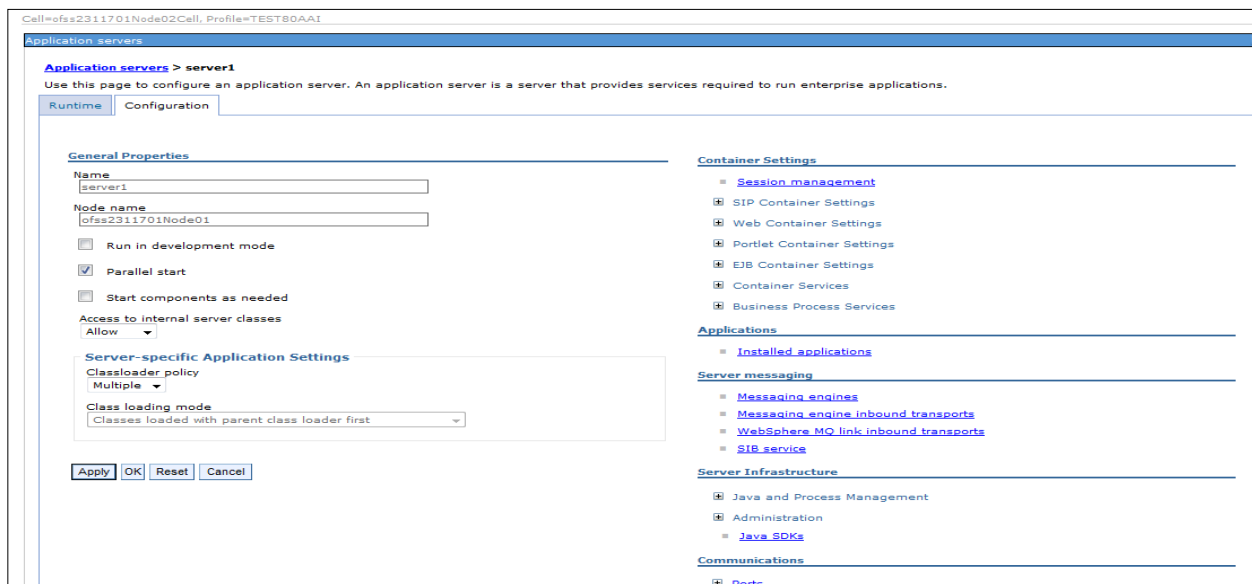


Figure 64: Application Servers

7. Click + to expand **Ports** under **Communications**.

The screenshot shows the Oracle IPE configuration console. On the left, there are settings for 'Classloader policy' (set to 'Multiple') and 'Class loading mode' (set to 'Classes loaded with parent class loader first'). Below these are 'Apply', 'OK', 'Reset', and 'Cancel' buttons. The main area is divided into sections: 'Server messaging' (with links for Messaging engines, Messaging engine inbound transports, WebSphere MQ link inbound transports, and SIB service), 'Server Infrastructure' (with expandable sections for Java and Process Management, Administration, and Java SDKs), and 'Communications'. Under 'Communications', the 'Ports' section is expanded, showing a table of port configurations. Below the table are sections for 'Messaging' (with a link for Communications Enabled Applications (CEA)) and 'Performance'.

Port Name	Port	Details
BOOTSTRAP_ADDRESS	2811	
SOAP_CONNECTOR_ADDRESS	8882	
ORB_LISTENER_ADDRESS	9102	
SAS_SSL_SERVERAUTH_LISTENER_ADDRESS	9409	
CSIV2_SSL_SERVERAUTH_LISTENER_ADDRESS	9408	
CSIV2_SSL_MUTUALAUTH_LISTENER_ADDRESS	9407	
WC_adminhost	9062	
WC_defaulthost	9083	
DCS_UNICAST_ADDRESS	9355	
WC_adminhost_secure	9045	
WC_defaulthost_secure	9445	
SIP_DEFAULTHOST	5065	
SIP_DEFAULTHOST_SECURE	5064	
SIB_ENDPOINT_ADDRESS	7278	
SIB_ENDPOINT_SECURE_ADDRESS	7288	
SIB_MQ_ENDPOINT_ADDRESS	5560	
SIB_MQ_ENDPOINT_SECURE_ADDRESS	5580	
IPC_CONNECTOR_ADDRESS	9635	
OVERLAY_UDP_LISTENER_ADDRESS	11007	
OVERLAY_TCP_LISTENER_ADDRESS	11008	

Figure 65: Ports List

5 Appendix B

5.1 Checking Target Inbound transport chain and Provider endpoints values

To check the values, follow these steps:

1. Open the following URL in the browser window:
`http://<ipaddress>:<administrative console port>/ibm/console.`
 (https if SSL is enabled). The Login window is displayed.
2. Login with the Administrator **Username** and **Password**.
3. Click **+** to expand **Servers** in the LHS menu.
4. Click **+ Server Types**.
5. Click **WebSphere application servers**. The Application servers screen is displayed.

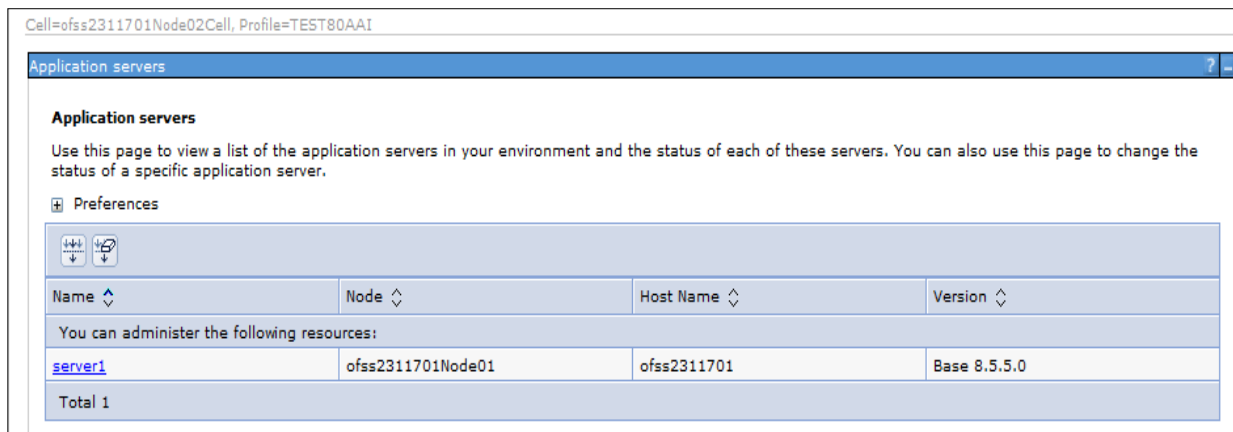


Figure 66: Application servers

6. Click **server1**.
7. Navigate to **Configuration** tab.

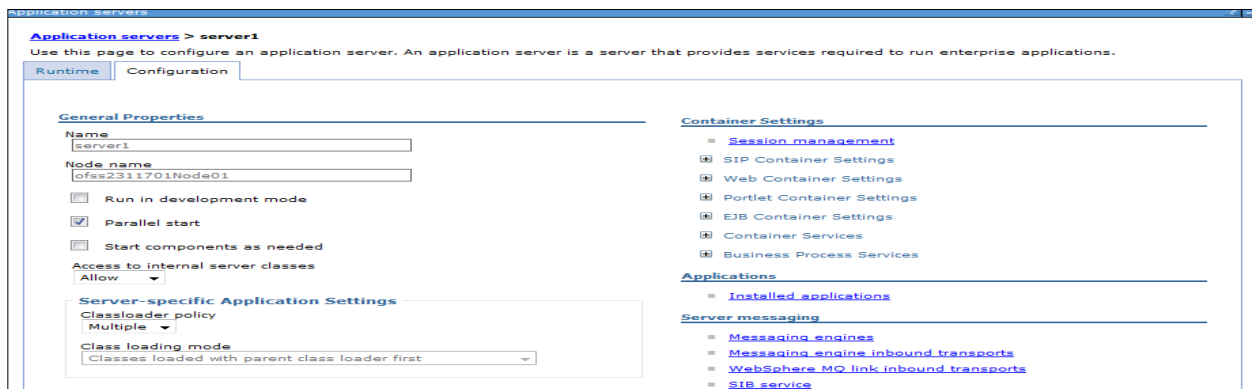


Figure 67: Configuration

- Under **Server messaging**, select **Messaging engine inbound transports**. The *Transport Chain* screen is displayed.

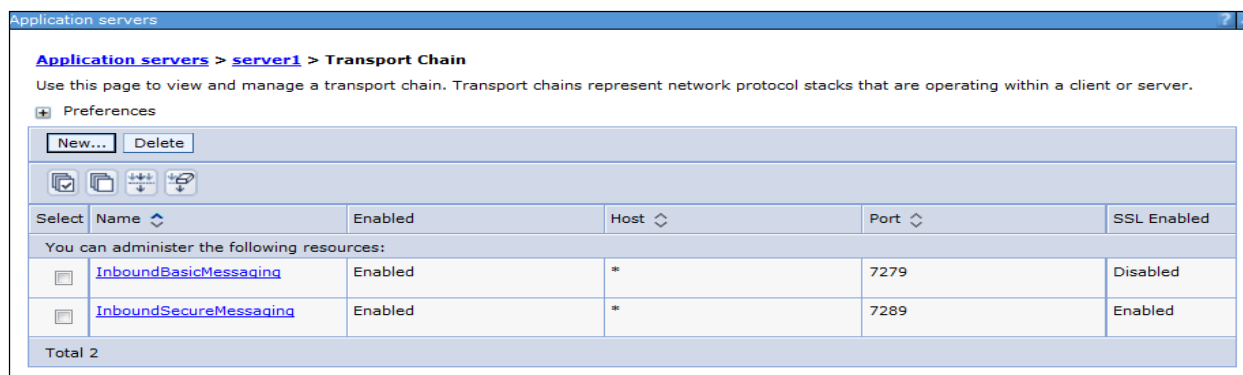


Figure 68: Transport Chain

- Note the Transport chain name `InboundBasicMessaging` for Target Inbound Transport Chain.
- Use the following **Provider endpoints** format: `<WebSphere_HostName> : <SIB_ENDPOINT_ADDRESS port>: <Transport Chain Name>`
 - `<WebSphere_HostName>`: The hostname of the server where WebSphere is installed.
 - `<SIB_ENDPOINT_ADDRESS port>`: The transport chain port corresponding for Transport chain name as `InboundBasicMessaging`.
 - `<Transport Chain Name>`: The Transport chain name as `InboundBasicMessaging`.

For example: `ofss222868.in.oracle.com:7279:InboundBasicMessaging`

NOTE: The transport chain name and Provider endpoints should be entered during configuration of JMS Connection Factory. Refer to section [Configuring JMS Connection Factory](#) for more details.



OFS AAA IPE

8.0.0.0.0 Configuration Guide

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