Generic Interface
Oracle FLEXCUBE Universal Banking
Release 11.11.0.0.0

[May] [2022]
Part No. F55411-01





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# 1. About this Manual

# 1.1 Introduction

This User Manual is prepared to familiarize you with the interface between Oracle FLEXCUBE and external systems. The manual gives you an overview of the usage of the system, and the maintenances and process of Generic Interfaces required for its smooth functioning.

# 1.1.1 Audience

This manual is intended for the following User/User Roles:

Role	Function
Back office clerk	Input functions for contracts
Back office managers/officers	Authorization functions
End of day operators	Processing during end of day/ beginning of day
Financial Controller / Product Managers	Generation of reports

# 1.1.2 Abbreviations Used

UI	User Interface
GW	Gateway
DB	Database
SMS	Security Services
ID	Identification Number
SDE	System Defined Element
IB	Inter Branch
GI	Generic Interfaces
AUDF	ASCII User Defined Function
EOD	End Of Day
Mark EOTI	Mark End of transaction Input
Mark TI	Mark transaction Input
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check
os	Operating System



# 1.1.3 Glossary of Icons

This User Manual may refer to all or some of the following icons:



# 1.1.4 Conventions used

The following conventions are used in this User Manual:

- Important information is preceded with the sop symbol
- System/error/override messages are shown in the following manner:

This is a system message

# 1.1.5 Related documents

You may have to refer the other Oracle FLEXCUBE User Manuals as and when required.



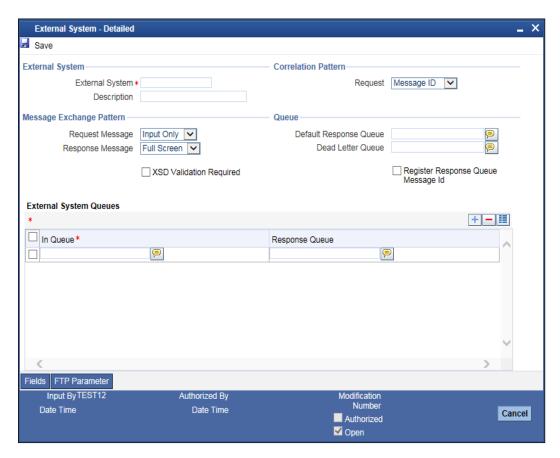
# 2. Generic Interface

# 2.1 Introduction

Oracle FLEXCUBE interfaces with other systems installed at your bank to handle Incoming/Outgoing data using batch mechanism (Flat files). This chapter discusses the features that are supported by Oracle FLEXCUBE to streamline the exchange of data between the system and external systems.

# 2.2 Maintaining External System(s) Details

You need to maintain the details of the external system (s) with which Oracle FLEXCUBE is interfacing using 'External Interface Maintenance' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GWDEXSYS' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.



To maintain details of a new system choose New from the Actions Menu. The External Interface maintenance screen gets displayed without any details.

An external system that you have defined will become operational in Oracle FLEXCUBE only after it is authorized. A user bearing a different Login ID can authorize an external system definition record that you have created.



# **External System**

You can provide the name and details of external system here.

# **External System**

Specify a unique name to identify the external system.

The name that you give the system should contain a maximum of ten characters. It can be a combination of alphabet and numeric characters. You can follow your own convention for devising the code.

### Description

Specify a brief description of the external system here. The description that you enter is for information purposes only.

# **Correlation Pattern**

You can define a way in which the external system should correlate its request message with the response message.

# Request

Select the type of correlation from the drop-down list. The options are:

- Message ID You can choose Message ID of a request message as the Correlation ID in the response message.
- Correlation ID You can choose Correlation ID of a request message and maintain it as the Correlation ID of the corresponding response message.

### Message Exchange Pattern

You can maintain the pattern of message exchange here.

### **Request Message**

Select the pattern of request message from the drop-down options provided. The options available are:

- Input only
- Full Screen

### **Response Message**

Select the pattern of response message from the drop-down options provided. The options available are:

- Primary Screen
- Full Screen

If you select 'Full Screen' as the request message, the response message will also display 'Full Screen'. You can select 'Record Identification Msg' as the response message only if you select 'Input Only' in the request message.



# **XSD Validation Required**

Check this box to indicate if the request message should be validated against its corresponding XSD.

### **Queue**

You can maintain the details of messages in queue here.

# **Default Response Queue**

You can define a response queue for each of the In Queue's through which the External System will communicate with FLEXCUBE.

Specify a valid queue name as the Default Response Queue.

#### **Dead Letter Queue**

If the messages received are non-readable, such messages are directed to Dead Letter Queue defined for the external system.

If the Dead Letter Queue is not defined, such messages will be redirected to a queue with the name of the request queue appended with '\_E'.

### Register Response Queue Message ID

Check this box to indicate if the message ID provided by the Response Queue should be logged when a response message is posted into the queue.

### **External System Queues**

The 'External System Queues' list contains the 'In Queue' and 'Response Queue' lists. To add a record to the 'External System Queues' list click add icon. To delete a record from the list, select the record using its check box and then click delete icon. To view the details of a selected record click view icon.

### In Queue

Specify the name of the queue from which the messages were received. The name of the queue will help identify the external system.

This is required only if an incoming message does not display the source of the message. An In Queue is mapped to only one External System.

You can map multiple queues to a source. System will allow a source to post messages to multiple queues.

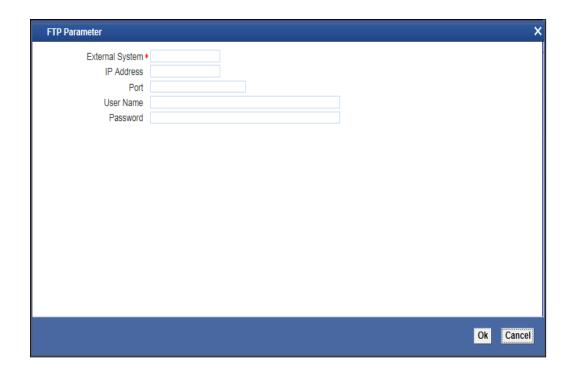
# **Response Queue**

You can define Response Queue for every In Queue. This is required only when the External System fails to display the queue name on posting a request message into the In Queue.

# 2.2.1 Specifying File Transfer Protocol (FTP) Parameters

Click 'FTP' button in the 'External Interface Maintenance' screen to display 'FTP Parameters' screen.





You can specify the File Transfer Protocol (FTP) parameters here.

# **External System**

Specify the external system name here.

### **IP Address**

Specify the Internet Protocol Address of the server here.

### **Port**

Specify the port details of the server here.

# **User Name**

Specify the user name to login to the server here.

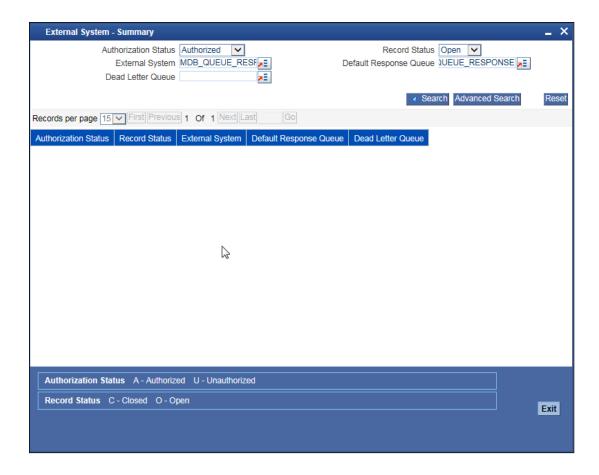
### **Password**

Specify the password to login to the server here.

# 2.2.2 <u>Viewing External System Details</u>

You can view details of external Systems maintained in the system using 'External System Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GWSEXSYS' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.





You can click 'Search' button to view all the object definition records of your bank. However, you can to filter your search based on any of the following criteria:

# **Authorization Status**

Select the authorization status of the external system defined from the dropdown list. The options are:

- Authorized
- Unauthorized

# **External System**

Select the name of the external system from the option list.

### **Record Status**

Select the record status of the external system from the drop-down list. The options are:

- C Closed record
- O Open record

### **Dead Letter Queue**

Select the dead letter queue from the option list.



# **Default Response Queue**

Select the default response queue name from the option list.

When you click 'Search' button the records matching the specified search criteria are displayed. For each record fetched by the system based on your query criteria, the following details are displayed:

- Authorization Status
- External System
- Dead Letter Queue
- Record Status
- Default Response Queue

# 2.2.2.1 Search Functionalities

The search functions available are:

Advanced - Click **Advanced** to specify queries with logical operators such as AND, OR and NOT.

Reset - Click **Reset** to empty the values in the criteria fields, so that you may begin a new search.

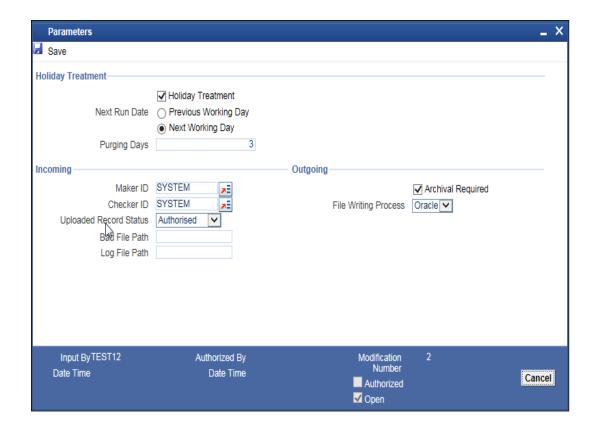
Query - After specifying your search criteria click **Query** to view the list of results which match your search criteria.

Refresh - Click Refresh to refresh the list of results.

# 2.3 Maintaining GI Parameter

You can set the parameters for the framework of Generic Interface processing in the following screen 'Parameters' screen invoked from the Application Browser. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GIDPARAM' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.





You can maintain the following parameters for generic interface here.

# **Holiday Treatment**

You can specify the parameters for interface processing if the schedule date falls on a holiday.

# **Holiday Treatment**

Check this box to indicate your preference for interface processing on a holiday.

# **Next Run Date**

Specify how the system should process if the schedule date falls on a holiday. You can select the options as either move the interface processing to previous working date or next working date if the interface processing day falls on a holiday.



The default holiday treatment is movement to 'next working date'.

### **Purging Days**

Specify the purging days if you want to maintain any days to be purged while processing interface.

# **Incoming**

You can specify the parameters for interface processing for the incoming files.



#### Maker ID

Specify the User ID which you want to keep as the default Maker ID of the transaction upload.

If you are configuring the user ID as authorized then system would authorize the transaction using maker ID.

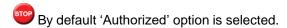
#### Checker ID

Specify the User ID which you want to keep as the default authorizer ID or Checker ID of the transaction upload.

### **Uploaded Record Status**

Select the input status of the transaction record after upload as:

- Authorized
- Unauthorized



### **Bad File Path**

Specify the path where the external tables should write the bad records, while reading from the Incoming file.

# Log file Path

Specify the path where the external tables should write the Log file, while reading from the Incoming file.

# **Outgoing**

You can specify the parameters for interface processing for the outgoing files.

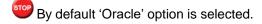
### **Archival Required**

Check this box to specify if the upload table data and file log data should be archived at the time of EOD or before deleting the same.

### File writing process

Select the tool to write the data into output file from the following options:

- Oracle This component uses ORACLE UTIL packages to write the data into output file.
- Java This component uses java libraries ages to write the data into output file



You need to note the following details while selecting the tool for file writing:

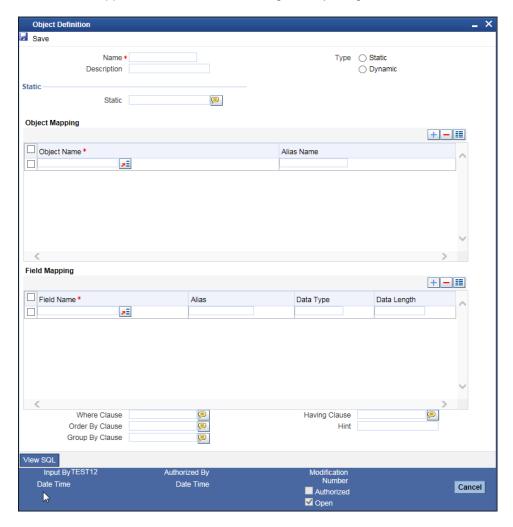
- This feature is applicable only for the outgoing process
- Low volume sites are recommended to use Oracle tool only in case of high volume Java tool is recommended.



If Java tool is selected then the necessary Java software/component should be installed
in the database server and jvm is enabled in database.

# 2.4 <u>Defining GI Object</u>

You can prepare complex queries to use them in the outgoing interface definition for data extraction. 'Object Definition' screen can be used to create queries which can be invoked from the Application Browser. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GIDOBDEF' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.



You can maintain the objective definition for generic interface here.

### Name

Specify the unique interface object name which is created here.

# **Description**

Specify a description for the object name.



# **Type**

Select the required object definition type from the following options:

 Static definition – Select this option if you have a predefined query or you would write query of the object.

Static field gets enabled for you to specify the query when you select the type of definition as 'static'.

 Dynamic definition – Select this option if you want to prepare or create the desired query using the dynamic maintenance.

### Static

Specify the predefined query for the static definition here.

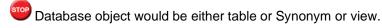
This field gets enabled only if you select the type of definition as 'static'.

# **Object Mapping**

You can map the database object details here.

### **Object Name**

Select the database object name that is used for the dynamic query.



#### Alias Name

The alias name for the database object gets displayed which is same as the object name by default. However, you can edit it.

### Field Mapping

You can map the fields of the database object selected here.

### **Field Name**

Select the column which can be used from the database object.

### **Alias**

The alias of the column name in the select query that is generated which by default the column name itself. However, you can edit it.

# **Data Type**

The data type of the field gets displayed here.

### **Data Type**

The data length of the field gets displayed here.



### **Where Clause**

Specify the where clause for the resultant dynamic query here. You can define the join conditions of multiple tables along with the filter condition of the query.

# **Group By**

Specify the group by clause for the resultant dynamic query here.

# Order By

Specify the order by clause for the resultant dynamic query here.

### **Having Clause**

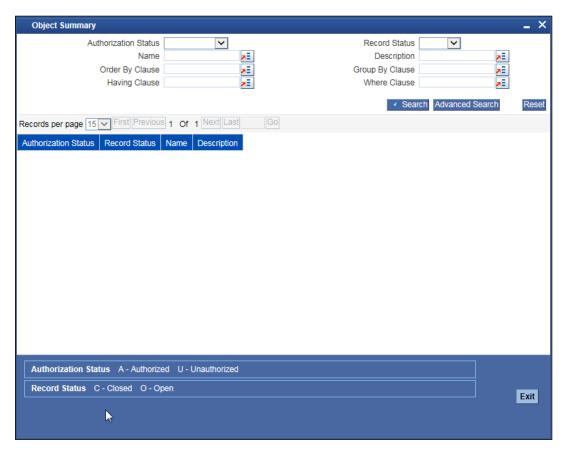
Specify the having clause for the resultant dynamic query here.

### Hint

Specify the indexes which can be used for the query. This index gets used for the query.

# 2.4.1 <u>Viewing Summary Details of Object</u>

You can view the details of objectives maintained in the system through 'Object Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GISOBDEF' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.





You can click 'Search' button to view all the object definition records of your bank. However, you can to filter your search based on any of the following criteria:

#### **Authorization Status**

Select the authorization status of the object defined from the dropdown list. The options are:

- Authorized
- Unauthorized

#### Name

Select the name of the object maintained from the option list.

### Order by Clause

Select the order by clause maintained for the object from the option list

## **Having Clause**

Select the having clause maintained for the object from the option list

#### **Record Status**

Select the record status of the object from the drop-down list. The options are:

- C Closed record
- O Open record

#### **Description**

Select the description maintained for the object from the option list

### **Group by Clause**

Select the group by clause maintained for the object from the option list

### Where Clause

Select the where clause maintained for the object from the option list

When you click 'Search' button the records matching the specified search criteria are displayed. For each record fetched by the system based on your query criteria, the following details are displayed:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Name
- Description

# 2.4.1.1 Search Functionalities

The search functions available are:

Advanced - Click Advanced to specify queries with logical operators such as AND, OR and NOT.

Reset - Click **Reset** to empty the values in the criteria fields, so that you may begin a new search.



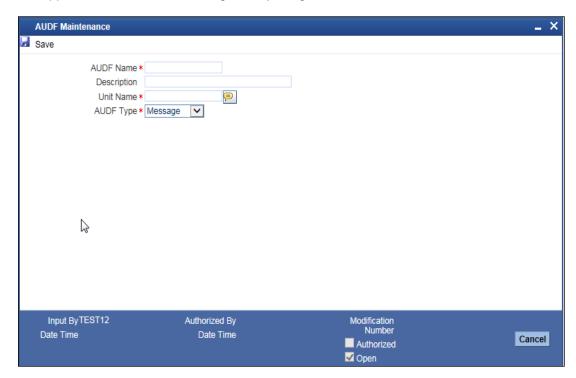
Query - After specifying your search criteria click **Query** to view the list of results which match your search criteria.

Refresh - Click Refresh to refresh the list of results.



# 2.4.2 Maintaining AUDF (ASCII User Defined Function) Details

You can maintain the AUDF (ASCII User Define Function) details in the 'AUDF Maintenance' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GIDAUDFM' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.



Specify the following AUDF details in this screen.

# **AUDF Name**

Specify the name of the AUDF here.

# **Description**

Specify a description for the AUDF here.

#### **Unit Name**

Specify the invoked function name here.

# **AUDF Type**

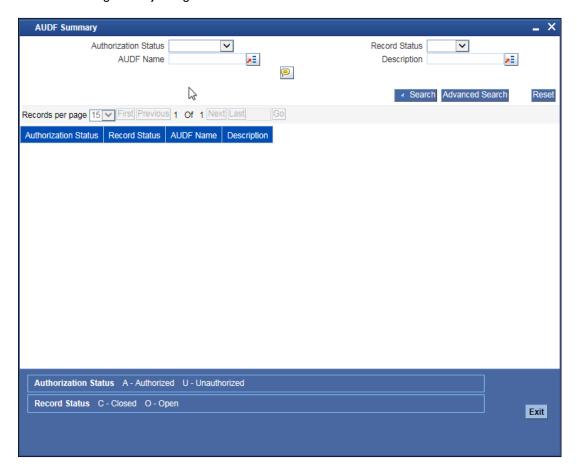
Select the AUDF types from the drop-down list. The following options are available:

- Message
- Component
- Record
- Field

# 2.4.3 Viewing AUDF Summary Details



You can view AUDIF details maintained in the system using 'AUDIF Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GISAUDFM' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.



You can click 'Search' button to view all the AUDF records of your bank. However, you can to filter your search based on any of the following criteria:

### **Authorization Status**

Select the authorization status of the AUDF you want to view the details from the drop-down list. The options are:

- Authorized
- Unauthorized

#### **Record Status**

Select the record status of the AUDF from the drop-down list. The options are:

- C Closed
- O Open

### **AUDF Name**

Select the name of the AUDF from the option list.



# Description

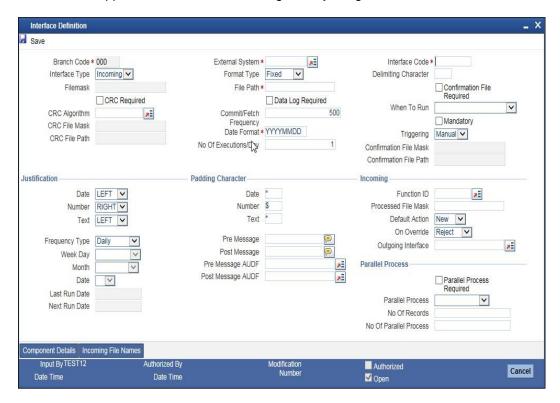
Select the description of the AUDF from the option list.

When you click 'Search' button the records matching the specified search criteria are displayed. For each record fetched by the system based on your query criteria, the following details are displayed:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- AUDF Name
- Description

# 2.5 **Specifying Interface Definition Details**

You can define the format details and properties associated with interface file in the 'Interface Definition' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GIDIFTDF' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.



You can define the following interface file properties, formats and components here.

### **Branch Code**

Specify the code of the branch to which the interface belongs.

# **Interface Type**

Select the interface type from the following options:



- Incoming Select this option if the file data needs to be uploaded into Oracle FLEXCUBE
- Outgoing Select this option if data from Oracle FLEXCUBE needs to be written into file

#### File Mask

Specify the file mask for the outgoing interface file.

### **CRC** Required

Check this box if you want to check the CRC while transferring the data.

In case of incoming interface, system checks for the CRC value in the file name maintained in 'CRC file mask'. For outgoing interface, system generates the CRC value in a CRC file.

### CRC File Algorithm

Specify the CRC algorithm which has to be used to calculate the CRC Value.

#### **CRC File Mask**

The path of CRC File mask gets displayed here.

#### **CRC File Path**

The path of CRC File gets displayed here.

### **External System**

Specify the external system with which Oracle FLEXCUBE is interfacing.

# **Format Type**

Select the type of data length in the interface from the following options:

- Fixed Select this option if the file data has to be in fixed width.
- Delimited Select this option if the file data has to be in delimited format.

Delimiting Character field gets enabled for you to specify the delimiting character if you select the format type of definition as 'Delimited'.

## File Path

Specify the path of the file.

### **Data Log Required**

Check this box to indicate if the confirmation details are required t in logged file

# **Commit/Fetch Frequency**

Specify the number of transaction committed or fetched at a given point of time.

### **Date Format**

Specify the date format for the interface file.



# No of Executions Day

If you select frequency type as 'Daily', specify/select the number of interface file processing executions per day from the drop-down.

This field is applicable only for incoming interface file process.

#### Interface Code

Specify a unique interface code to identify the interface as incoming or outgoing.

## **Delimiting Character**

Specify the delimiting character if you select the format type of definition as 'Delimited'.

### When to Run

Select the stage of application the interface has to be triggered.

### Mandatory

Check this box to indicate that the interface has to be mandatorily processed before moving on to the next stage of EOD. If this box is checked system checks if the interface has been processed or not and if it is not processed system will not allow movement to the next EOD stage.

### **Triggering**

Select an appropriate option to indicate how the interface should be triggered. The options available are:

- Manual Select this option if the interface has to be triggered manually.
- System Select this option if the interface has to be triggered automatically.

During EOD if there are any mandatory unprocessed interfaces and if the triggering type is selected as 'System' then the interface is triggered automatically. In case of Incoming interface if triggering type is selected as 'System' then system checks if the file is available in the 'ready' folder for that interface. If the file is present the system will process it. In case of outgoing interface if triggering type is selected as 'System' then, system will automatically trigger the Outgoing interface.

If the interface is mandatory the triggering type must be system. However, even if the triggering type is mentioned as System, you can manually trigger the interface whenever required through Interface triggering screen.

### **Conformation File Required**

Check this box to indicate if confirmation is required for an incoming file. If this box is checked then when incoming file is processed, system checks whether confirmation file is available in the folder specified. If the file is not available then incoming file processes will raise an error indicating the confirmation file is not available.

#### **Conformation File Path**

The path of confirmation file gets displayed here.

#### **Conformation File Mask**

The path of confirmation file mask gets displayed here.



# **Justification**

You can specify the justification details of fixed format type interface file here.

Select the justification type for date field from the drop-down list. The options are:

- Right
- Left

### Number

Select the justification type for number field from the drop-down list. The options are:

- Right
- Left

# Text

Select the justification type for text field from the drop-down list. The options are:

- Right
- Left



Default justification type for text and date field type is Left and number field type is right.

# **Frequency Type**

Select the frequency type for interface file processing from the following drop-down options:

- Daily
- Weekly
- Fort Nightly
- Monthly
- Quarterly
- Yearly
- Adhoc



If Adhoc is specified it will override any existing restrictions.

# Week Day

If you select frequency type as 'Weekly', select the day from the drop-down list for processing the interface file. The options available are:

- Sunday
- Monday
- Tuesday
- Wednesday
- Thursday
- Friday



Saturday

### **Month**

If you select frequency type as 'Fort Nightly, Monthly, Weekly, Yearly', select the month for the interface file execution from the drop-down list. The options available are:

- January
- February
- March
- April
- May
- June
- July
- August
- September
- October
- November
- December

### **Date**

If you select frequency type as 'Fort Nightly, Monthly, Weekly, Yearly', select the date of the month for the interface file execution from the drop-down list.

# **Last Run Date**

The last run date gets displayed here

# **Next Run Date**

The day on which the interface can be triggered gets displayed here.

# **Padding Character**

You can specify the padding character of fixed length format type interface file here. All the data types can have the same padding character

### **Date**

Select the padding character for date field from the drop-down.

### Number

Select the padding character for number field from the drop-down.

# Text

Select the padding character for text field from the drop-down.

All the data types can have the same padding character.



# **Pre Message**

Specify the value that should be calculated before triggering the interface in the predefined format.

### **Post Message**

Specify the value that should be calculated after Interface processing is done in the predefined format.

# Pre Message AUDF

Specify the AUDF that needs to be invoked before triggering the interface. You can use this to add additional functionality required at the message level.

# **Post Message AUDF**

Specify the AUDF that needs to be invoked after triggering the interface. You can use this to add additional functionality required at the message level.

## **Incoming File**

You can specify the interface details applicable for incoming file details here.

#### **Function ID**

Specify the function id for which the incoming data need to be sent.

### **Processed File Mask**

Specify the file mask for renaming the incoming file after uploading the data.

### **Default Action**

Select the default action which needs to be invoked to process the uploaded data in the upload table from the drop-down list below:

- New
- Modify

### On Override

Select the action to be taken if an override occurs from the drop-down list below:

- Reject
- Continue
- Skip

### **Outgoing Interface**

Specify the corresponding outgoing interface file for the above incoming file.

### **Parallel Processes**

You can specify the parallel process details here.



# **Parallel Process Required**

Check this box to indicate if parallel processing is required if multiple interface files has to be processed at a given time.

When you select parallel process required parallel process type field gets enabled.

#### **Parallel Process**

Select the type of parallel process you want to keep for the interface processing:

- Record Based Select this option if you want parallel processing to be based on the number of records you maintained.
- Process Based Select this option if you want parallel processing to be based on the number of parallel processes that you maintained.

#### No of Records

Specify the number of records of parallel process can be performed at a given time. This field gets enabled only if you select the parallel process type as 'Record based'.

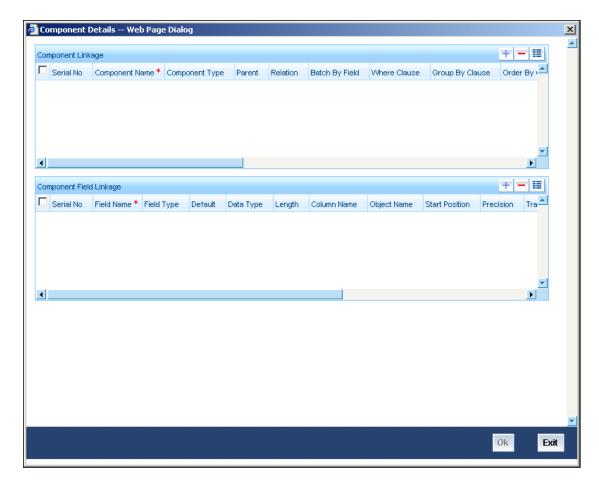
### **No of Parallel Process**

Specify the number of parallel process can be performed at a given time. This field gets enabled only if you select the parallel process type as 'Process based'.

# 2.5.1 Specifying Component Details

You can specify the component details here. Click 'Component Details' button in the 'Interface Definition' screen.





The following details are captured here:

# **Component Linkage**

You can specify the component linkage details here.

### **Serial Number**

Specify the component position here.

# **Component Name**

Specify a name for the component.

# **Component Type**

Select the type of component from the options available in the drop-down list. The options available are:

- Header
- Body
- Footer
- Batch Header
- Batch Footer
- Batch Body



### **Parent**

Specify the parent component to which component is linked

### Relation

If parent component is specified, then specify the relation here.

# **Batch by Field**

Specify the field in the component based on which you want to create a batch.

This is applicable only for Outgoing Interfaces.

#### Where Clause

Specify the where Clause for the component

### **Group By**

Specify the group by clause for the component.

# Order By

Specify the order by clause for the component.

### **Pre Component**

Specify the value to be calculated before the component is processed, if any.

### **Pre Component AUDF**

Specify the AUDF that has to be executed before the component is processed, if any.

You can use this to add any additional functionality required at the component level.

# **Post Component**

Specify the value to be calculated after the Component is processed, if any.

### **Post Component AUDF**

Specify the AUDF that has to be executed after the component is processed, if any.

You can use this to add any additional functionality required at the component level.

# **Pre Record**

Specify the value that needs to be calculated before the record is processed, if any.

# **Pre Record AUDF**

Specify the AUDF that has to be executed before the record is processed, if any.

You can use this to add any additional functionality required at the record level.

### **Post Record**

Specify the value that needs to be calculated after the record is processed, if any.



### Post Record AUDF

Specify the AUDF that has to be executed after the record is processed, if any.

You can use this to add any additional functionality required at the record level.

# **Component Field Linkage**

You can specify the component field linkage details here.

### **Serial Number**

Specify the order of fields here.

#### Field Name

Specify the field name here

# Field Type

Select the type of field from the options available in the drop-down list. The options available are

- Message
- Intermediate
- Start Identifier
- End Identifier

#### **Default**

Specify the default value for the field here.

# Data type

Specify the data type of the field here.

### Length

Specify the length of the field here.

# **Column Name**

Specify the column name in the database of the field here.

# **Object Name**

Specify the object name from which the field should be derived.

### **Start Position**

Specify the start index of the field in the fixed length format.

## **Precision**

If the field is of numeric type, then specify precision here.



### **Translation**

If the field value needs to be translated then select the translation code that has to be used for the translation.

### **Un-translated**

Specify the action to be taken if the translation value is not present

### **Derivation**

Specify the derivation logic for the field.

### **Pre Field**

Specify the value that needs to be calculated before the field value is processed.

#### **Pre Field AUDF**

Specify the AUDF that should be executed before the processing of the field here.

### **Post Field**

Specify the value that needs to be calculated after the field value is processed.

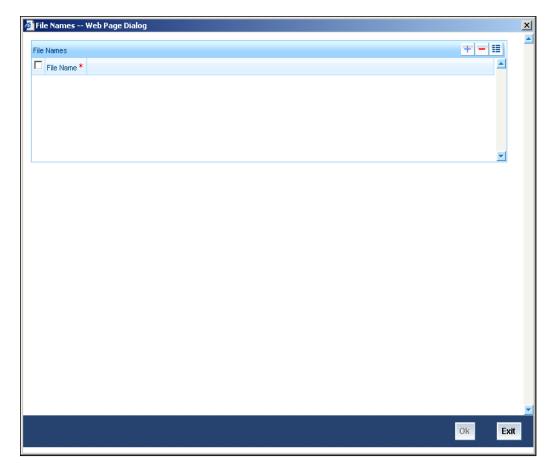
# **Post Field AUDF**

Specify the AUDF that should be executed after the processing of the field.

# 2.5.2 **Specifying Incoming File Names**

Click on 'Incoming File Names' button in the 'Interface Definition' screen to specify the incoming interface file names.





You can specify the Incoming file names here.

# File Names

The incoming file names are maintained here.

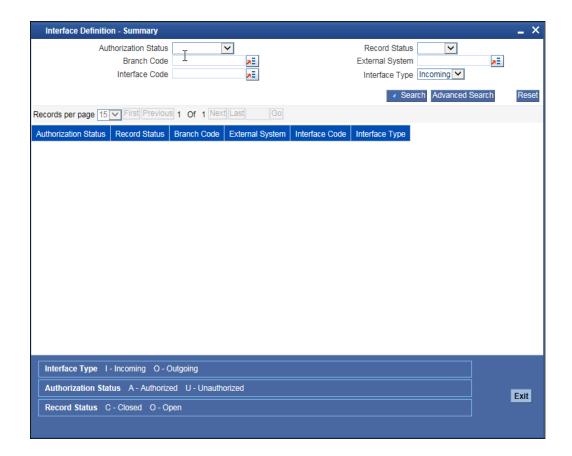
# **File Name**

Specify the incoming interface file name here.

# 2.5.3 <u>Viewing Interface Definition Summary</u>

You can view the interface details maintained in the system using 'Interface Definition Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GISIFTDF' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.





You can click 'Search' button to view all the interface records of your bank. However, you can to filter your search based on any of the following criteria:

# **Authorization Status**

Select the authorization status of the Interface definition you want to view the details from the drop-down list. The options are:

- Authorized
- Unauthorized

## **Branch code**

Select the branch code belonged to the interface details from the option list.

# Interface code

Select the interface code belonged to the interface details from the option list

### **Record Status**

Select the record status of the interface details from the drop-down list. The options are:

- C Closed
- O Open



## **External System**

Select the name of the external system belonged to the interface details from the option list.

# Interface Type

Select the type of interface from the option list as incoming or outgoing.

When you click 'Search' button the records matching the specified search criteria are displayed. For each record fetched by the system based on your query criteria, the following details are displayed:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Branch Code
- External System
- Interface Code
- Interface Type

# 2.5.3.1 Search Functionalities

The search functions available are:

Advanced - Click Advanced to specify gueries with logical operators such as AND, OR and NOT.

Reset - Click **Reset** to empty the values in the criteria fields, so that you may begin a new search.

Query - After specifying your search criteria click **Query** to view the list of results which match your search criteria.

Refresh - Click Refresh to refresh the list of results.

# 2.6 Generating Dynamic Interface Component

While saving the Interface Definition details, a dynamic package is created in the database along with external tables for each component in case of incoming file.

# 2.6.1 **Processing Outgoing Interface**

The steps involved in Outgoing interface file processing is explained below:

- When a Outgoing Interface Definition is saved, a dynamic package is created in the Database. The outgoing package consists of fn\_handoff, fn\_process\_components functions and function per component as defined in the Outgoing Interface definition.
- Function fn\_handoff is the triggering point for the Outgoing process, which internally call
  the function fn\_process\_components after the completion of initiation and message level
  processing.
- Except the child component functions, independent component functions are invoked by the fn\_process\_components function in the order on the Component Definition.
- Child component functions are internally invoked by the corresponding parent component function with required parameters based on the relationship between them.
- Each function call gets appended with its result in the Clob which is at package level.
   This Clob is the result of the Outgoing process, which is written into a flat file for Outgoing in the relevant folder.



• Update the last and next run date of the interface. If data logging is required then the system would insert the file data into log table.

# 2.6.2 Processing Incoming Interface

There are two upload tables for handling the process of incoming interface. The master Upload table is for handling the master data and detail Upload table for the child data which can have 200 VARCHAR2 (4000) fields to store data for each field in the file. Intermediate fields cannot be considered for transaction processing but could be used only for derivation/transaction of transaction data.

- When an Incoming Interface Definition is saved, a dynamic package and external tables for each component is created in the Database. The generated dynamic package consists of fn\_process\_file, fn\_upload\_table\_to\_type, fn\_upload functions.
- External tables per component will be created on the file name mentioned in the Interface Maintenance, which is used for reading the corresponding component's data from the file.
- The processing of the Incoming interface would takes place in two steps
  - > File process (FP): This process transfers data from file to upload tables.
  - > **Data process (DP):** This process transfers data from upload table to the base tables using the function ID specific FCJ package invocation.

# 2.6.3 Processing File Transfer to Upload Tables

You can trigger file transfer process by invoking the fn\_process\_file function in the dynamic package. This function consists of cursors based on the external tables created. When a parent record is read from the external table a Record Identifier is generated for that record and it is assigned to the children when inserted into the upload table which helps in identifying the corresponding children for that parent record in 'D' Process.

If a relation is mentioned in the component definition and the relation fields are provide in the file then the corresponding fields are used for identifying the child records. Which one to use will be determined by the dynamic package generator based on the Interface Maintenance parameters.

# 2.6.4 Processing Data Process from Upload Table to Base Table

You can trigger data process by invoking the fn\_upload function in the dynamic package. This function can be divided into two parts:

- Populating the appropriate FCJ type with values from the upload tables.
- Invoking the FCJ function ID package for processing the data.

Populating the appropriate FCJ type with values from the upload tables is taken care by invoking the fn\_upload\_table\_to\_type function which populates the data from upload table to type using the cursors on upload table based on the base table columns.

Invoking the FCJ function ID package for processing the data is taken care by the function itself by invoking the appropriate function ID package's fn\_main function with the populated type and action. The validation and business process which are already incorporated as part of the function ID development.

# 2.6.5 Parallel Processing of Generic Interface

Parallel processing feature is available only for Incoming file process and under incoming process it would be supported for data process i.e D-process. You need to select parallel option and the number of parallel processes or each process for processing specified number of records in the 'Interface Definition' screen.



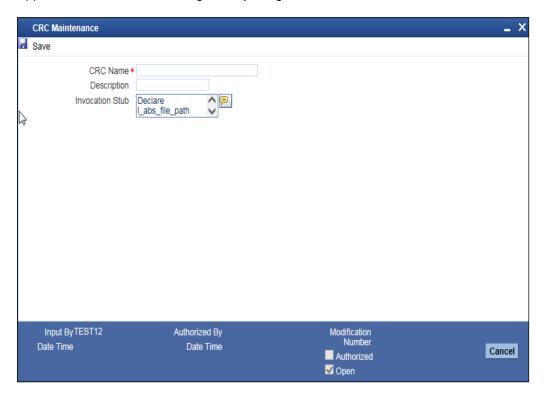
During file processing stage, system would check whether parallel process is required or not. If required, based on the parallel process parameter system would internally updates the process number field of master upload table.

During data processing stage, system could check maximum number of process and submit job for each process number. System would wait till all the processes are completed. If any process is resulted in error then the interface would be considered as error.

# 2.6.6 Maintaining CRC Algorithm Details

Generic Interface supports CRC-32 and Adler-32 Checksum algorithms for generating CRC value of the file. Other CRC components which are developed in Java and PL/SQL are also supported by GI using the 'CRC Maintenance' screen.

You can invoke this screen by typing 'GIDCRCFN' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.



You can write the invocation stub along with the CRC componenet details here:

# **CRC Name**

Specify the CRC Algorithm used to calculate the CRC value for the file.

# **Description**

Specify the description of the CRC Algorithm here.

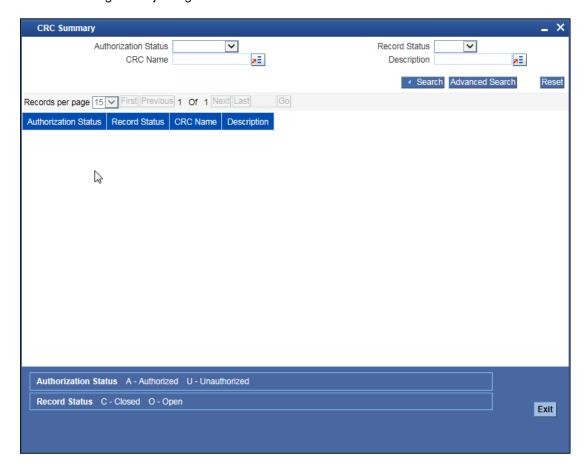
### **Invocation Stub**

Specify the stub to invoke the CRC generation component.



# 2.6.7 <u>Viewing CRC Summary Details</u>

You can view the CRC details maintained in the system using 'CRC Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GISCRCFN' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.



You can click 'Search' button to view all the CRC records of your bank. However, you can to filter your search based on any of the following criteria:

### **Authorization Status**

Select the authorization status of the CRC algorithm from the drop-down list. The options are:

- Authorized
- Unauthorized

### **CRC Name**

Select the name of the CRC algorithm from the option list.

### **Record Status**

Select the record status of the CRC algorithm from the drop-down list. The options are:

C – Closed



O - Open

### Description

Select the description of the CRC algorithm from the option list.

When you click 'Search' button the records matching the specified search criteria are displayed. For each record fetched by the system based on your query criteria, the following details are displayed:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- CRC Name
- Description

# 2.6.7.1 Search Functionalities

The search functions available are:

Advanced - Click Advanced to specify queries with logical operators such as AND, OR and NOT.

Reset - Click **Reset** to empty the values in the criteria fields, so that you may begin a new search.

Query - After specifying your search criteria click **Query** to view the list of results which match your search criteria.

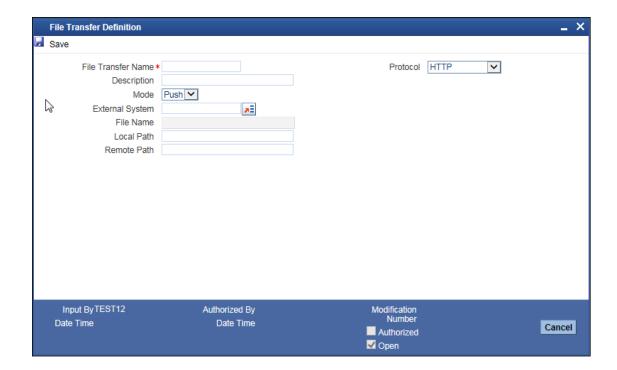
Refresh - Click Refresh to refresh the list of results.

# 2.6.8 Maintaining File Transferring Details

Though Generic Interface doesn't support file transfer, file transfer components available as independent component can be used for transferring files.

You can maintain the file transfer details in 'External System Maintenance' screen and other details in 'File Transfer Definition'. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GIDFTPDF' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.





You can maintain file following transfer details here:

#### **File Transfer Name**

Specify a name for the File Transfer here.

# **Description**

Specify a description for the FTP name given here.

### Mode

Select the mode of transaction of the file from the drop-down list. The options are:

- Push Select this option if you are transferring the file from your system to another one.
- Pull Select this option if you are transferring the file from another system to yours.

# **External System**

Select the external system name, whose credentials are used to do the FTP transfer

#### **File Name**

Specify the file which has to be transferred.

### **Local Path**

Specify the path from where the file has to be taken for transferring.

### **Remote Path**

Specify the path in the external system to where the file has to be transferred.



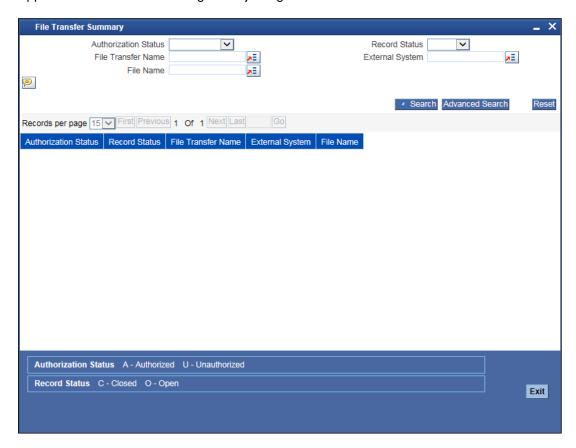
### **Protocol**

Select the protocol to be used for file transfer from the drop-down list. They are:

- FTP (File Transfer Protocol)
- HTTP (Hypertext Transfer Protocol) MIME(From Client to Application Server)
- Connect Direct (Only in case of Mainframes)

# 2.6.9 Viewing File Transfer Summary

You can view the details of file transferred in the system using 'File Transfer Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GISFTPDF' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.



You can click 'Search' button to view all the file transaction records of your bank. However, you can to filter your search based on any of the following criteria:

### **Authorization Status**

Select the authorization status of the file transaction you want to view the details from the dropdown list. The options are:

- Authorized
- Unauthorized



### **File Transfer Name**

Select the name of file transfer used for file transaction from the option list.

#### **File Name**

Select the name of the file used for file transaction from the option list

#### **Record Status**

Select the record status of the file transaction from the drop-down list. The options are:

- C Closed
- O Open

## **External System**

Select the name of the external system belonged to the file transaction from the option list.

When you click 'Search' button the records matching the specified search criteria are displayed. For each record fetched by the system based on your query criteria, the following details are displayed:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- File Transfer Name
- External System
- File Name

### 2.6.9.1 Search Functionalities

The search functions available are:

Advanced - Click Advanced to specify queries with logical operators such as AND, OR and NOT.

Reset - Click **Reset** to empty the values in the criteria fields, so that you may begin a new search.

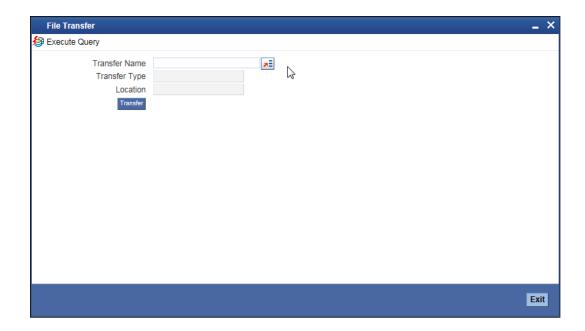
Query - After specifying your search criteria click **Query** to view the list of results which match your search criteria.

Refresh - Click Refresh to refresh the list of results.

# 2.6.10 Triggering File Transfer

You can use 'File Transfer' to trigger the file transfer. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GIDFTPTF' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.





You can specify the file details to transfer the same.

### **Transfer Name**

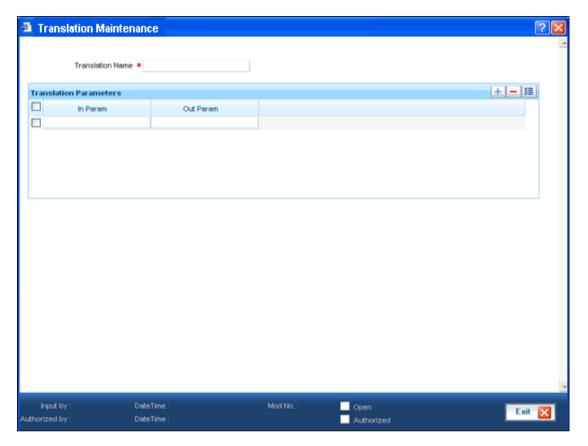
Select the name of the file which has to be transferred.

By default 'Transfer Type' and 'Location' gets displayed. Click Transfer to transfer the selected file.

# 2.6.11 Maintaining Translation Details

You can maintain translation details required between the external system values to Oracle FLEXCUBE Values and vice Versa in the 'Translation Maintenance' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing " in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.





You can capture the following details here:

### **Translation Name**

Specify the translation name you want to keep for the set. The translation name gets linked to the interface field whose value needs to be translated during Interface Processing.

# **Translation Parameters**

The following details are specified here:

### In Param

Specify the system value for the corresponding external systems value.

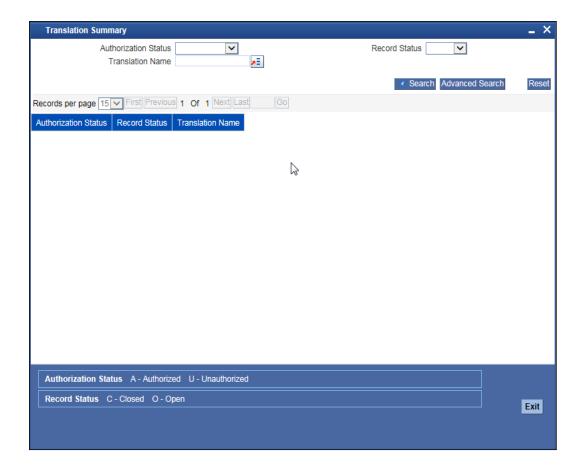
### **Out Param**

Specify the external system's value for the corresponding Oracle FLEXCUBE value.

# 2.6.12 <u>Viewing Translation Summary Details</u>

You can view the translation details maintained in the system using 'Translation Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GISTRANS' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.





You can click 'Search' button to view all the translation records of your bank. However, you can to filter your search based on any of the following criteria:

#### **Authorization Status**

Select the authorization status of the translation you want to view the details from the drop-down list. The options are:

- Authorized
- Unauthorized

### **Record Status**

Select the record status of the translation from the drop-down list. The options are:

- C Closed
- O Open

### **Translation Name**

Select the name of the translation from the option list.

When you click 'Search' button the records matching the specified search criteria are displayed. For each record fetched by the system based on your query criteria, the following details are displayed:



- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Translation Name

# 2.6.12.1 <u>Search Functionalities</u>

The search functions available are:

Advanced - Click Advanced to specify queries with logical operators such as AND, OR and NOT.

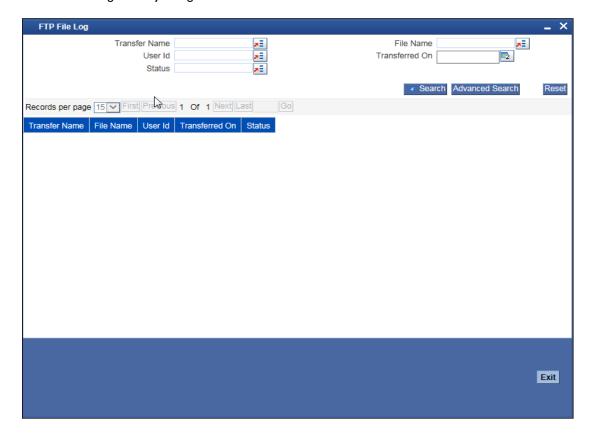
Reset - Click **Reset** to empty the values in the criteria fields, so that you may begin a new search.

Query - After specifying your search criteria click **Query** to view the list of results which match your search criteria.

Refresh - Click Refresh to refresh the list of results.

# 2.6.13 <u>Viewing FTP Log Files</u>

You can view the log files of the files that are transferred using the 'FTP File Log' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GISFTPLG' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.



You can click 'Search' button to view all the FTP file log records of your bank. However, you can to filter your search based on any of the following criteria:



### **Transfer Name**

Select the transfer maintenance name used to transfer the file from the option list.

### User Id

Select the user id used for transferring the file from the option list.

#### Status

Select the status of file transfer process from the option list.

#### File Name

Select the name of the file which is transferred from the option list.

#### Transferred On

Select the timestamp at which the file is transferred from the adjoining calendar.

When you click 'Search' button the records matching the specified search criteria are displayed. For each record fetched by the system based on your query criteria, the following details are displayed:

- Transfer Name
- File Name
- User Id
- Transferred on
- Status

### 2.6.13.1 <u>Search Functionalities</u>

The search functions available are:

Advanced - Click Advanced to specify queries with logical operators such as AND, OR and NOT.

Reset - Click **Reset** to empty the values in the criteria fields, so that you may begin a new search.

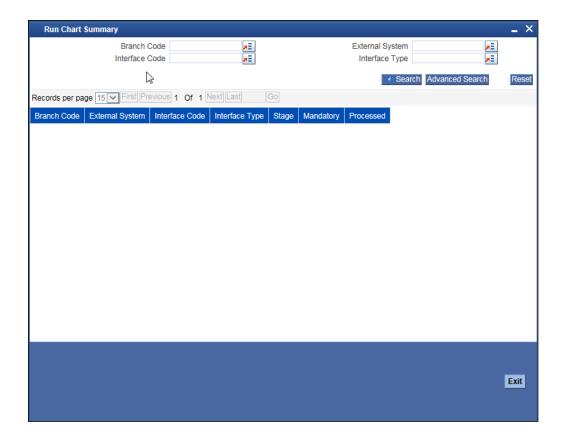
Query - After specifying your search criteria click **Query** to view the list of results which match your search criteria.

Refresh - Click Refresh to refresh the list of results.

### 2.6.14 Viewing Interface Run chart

You can use 'Run Chart Summary' to list the interfaces that should be processed in the branch on current branch date. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GISRNCHT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.





You can click 'Search' button to view the list the interfaces that should be processed on the current date. However, you can to filter your search based on any of the following criteria:

#### **Branch Code**

Select the branch code of the branch for which you want to view the run chart from the option list.

# **External System**

Select the name of the external system to which the interface code is linked from the option list.

### **Interface Code**

Select the name of interface code which has to be processed from the option list.

### **Interface Type**

Select the type of interface from the option list as incoming or outgoing.

When you click 'Search' button the records matching the specified search criteria are displayed. For each record fetched by the system based on your query criteria, the following details are displayed:

- Branch Code
- External System
- Interface Code
- Interface Type



- Stage
- Mandatory
- Processed

# 2.6.14.1 <u>Search Functionalities</u>

The search functions available are:

Advanced - Click Advanced to specify queries with logical operators such as AND, OR and NOT.

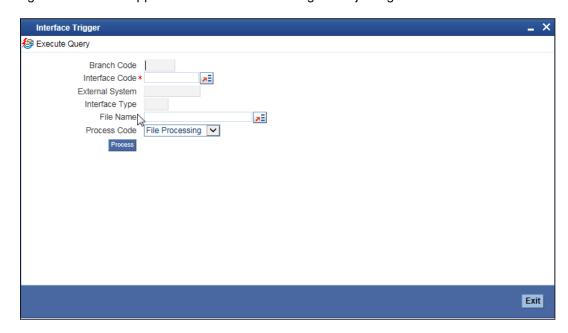
Reset - Click **Reset** to empty the values in the criteria fields, so that you may begin a new search.

Query - After specifying your search criteria click **Query** to view the list of results which match your search criteria.

Refresh - Click Refresh to refresh the list of results.

# 2.7 <u>Invoking of GI Process</u>

You can trigger the process of Generic Interface using Gateway Messages, EOD run or through 'Interface Trigger' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GIDIFPRS' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.



You can provide the following details here to invoke the GI routing package.

### **Branch Code**

Specify the branch code from where the GI file process has to be initiated.

#### **Interface Code**

Select the Interface Code that has to be processed.



### **External System**

Specify the external system from/to where the details have to be picked up or delivered respectively.

### **Interface Type**

Select the type of interface from the drop-down list. The options available are:

- Incoming
- Outgoing

#### **File Name**

Specify the file name if the selected Interface Code is Incoming.

#### **Process Code**

Select the process code from the drop-down list, if the selected Interface Code is Incoming. The options available are:

- FP Populating the Upload tables using the file data.
- DP- Populating the Base tables from the Upload tables.
- AL-This is will trigger 'FP' and 'DP' processes one after another.
- RT-This is Retry operation the previous process that failed is triggered.
- RE-This will rerun the 'DP' process for error records.

For an outgoing file it is a single process of reading for database and writing in to file. But for incoming file there are two steps,

- 1. Reading the data from file and inserting into upload table File Process (FP)
- 2. Reading the data from upload table and uploading as part of base table Data Process (DP)

# 2.7.1 Archiving Process

When you select the interface data for archiving while maintaining the parameters, the data gets archived. The upload table data and file log data is moved to archive tables. If parameter is set to delete then data is deleted from the upload/log tables without archiving.

# 2.7.2 Folder Structure

During generic interface for an incoming file, the file is placed in the ready folder when it's ready for upload. When Interface is triggered and after the successful file validation, it is moved to WIP folder and the interface processing unit gets triggered.

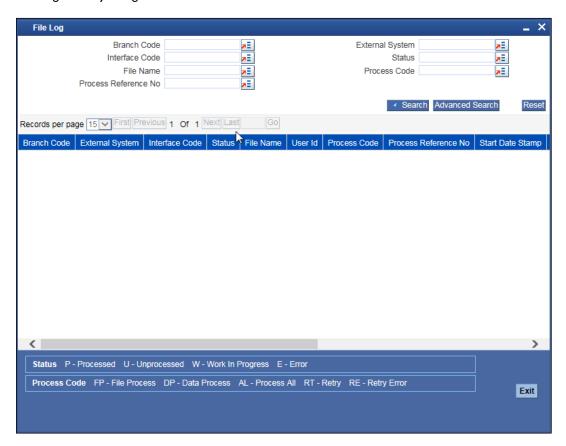
If the file validation fails the file is moved to the Error folder. After the successful processing of the file, it is renamed based on the processed file mask and moved to the processed folder.

During generic interface for an outgoing file, the file writing process takes place in the WIP folder and after the successful completion of the writing process, the file is moved to the Ready folder. The file is renamed based on the file mask maintained.

# 2.8 Tracking the Status of Interface Processing



You can track the status of interface processing using the 'File Log' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GISFILOG' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.



You can click 'Search' button to view all the interface transaction records of your bank. However, you can to filter your search based on any of the following criteria:

## Branch code

Select the branch code of the interface file you want to track from the option list.

### **Interface Code**

Select the interface code of the interface file you want to track from the option list.

### **Date of Processing**

Select the date of the interface file transaction you want to track from the option list.

### External System

Select the external system name with which the interface files transaction you want to track from the option list.

#### **Status**

Select the status of the interface file transaction you want to track from the option list.



#### Process code

Select the process code of the interface file you want to track from the option list.

When you click 'Search' button the records matching the specified search criteria are displayed. For each record fetched by the system based on your query criteria, the following details are displayed:

- Branch Code
- External System
- Interface code
- Status
- Date of Processing
- File Name
- User ID
- Process Code
- Last Maker Date Stamp

# 2.9 Integrating GI with EOD

During the EOD batch run, GI EOD process also gets invoked at every stage. GI EOD process would in turn check whether all the required interfaces are processed at that stage or not.

System executes the following GI processes as part of EOD operation:

- Processing unprocessed interface
- GI Batch

# 2.9.1 Processing Unprocessed Interface

GI EOD process checks if all the required interfaces are process at that stage. If any interface is not processed, system process these interface and if it's a mandatory interface system would wait till it processed.

If any mandatory interface is not processed before the respective stage then system would raise an error.

### 2.9.2 Processing GI Batch

Based on the interface frequency information and GI Batch would publish the Run-Chart for the present day run. Also it archives the interface data. GI Batch runs after Mark TI.

# 2.10 Global Variables and mask Attributes

The global variables and mask attributes used in the generic interface are explained here.

# 2.10.1 Global variables

The global variables used in the generic interface are explained below:

- @BRANCH defaults the value to Current Branch of the User
- @BRANCHDATE defaults the value to branch date.
- @LCY defaults the value local currency of the branch



- @APPDATE defaults the value application date
- @LENGTH defaults the value length of the value of this field.
- @LENGTH ([COMPONENT\_NAME]. [FIELD\_NAME]) defaults the length of the mentioned field and assigns to this field.
- @SUM ([COMPONENT\_NAME]. [FIELD\_NAME]) –defaults the sum of the field mentioned.
- @RECNUM () defaults the number of rows of the mentioned component.

# 2.10.2 Mask Attributes

The mask attributes used in the generic interface are explained below:

\$D - Date
 \$M - Month
 \$Y - Year
 \$H - Hour
 \$I - Minute
 \$S - Second

/ - will indicate the following character is a Constant





Generic Interface [May] [ 2022] Version 11.11.0.0.0

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