Class User Guide Oracle Banking Trade Finance

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1. Preface

1.1 Introduction

This manual is designed to help you get acquainted with the manner in which various classes can be set up in Oracle Banking Trade Finance.

You can further obtain information specific to a particular field by placing the cursor on the relevant field and striking <F1> on the keyboard.

1.2 <u>Audience</u>

This manual is intended for the following User/User Roles:

Role	Function
Back office clerk	Input functions for contracts
Back office managers/officers	Authorization functions
Product Managers	Product definition and authorization
End of day operators	Processing during end of day/ beginning of day
Financial Controller / Product Managers	Generation of reports

1.3 **Documentation Accessibility**

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at <u>http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc</u>.

1.4 Organization

Chapter	Description
Chapter 1	About this Manual gives a brief introduction to the module. It also lists the various chapters in the User Manual.
Chapter 2	<i>Creating Classes</i> details the procedure to set up different classes in Oracle Banking Trade Finance.

1.5 Glossary of Icons

This User Manual may refer to all or some of the following icons.

lcons	Function		
×	Exit		
+	Add row		
L.	Delete row		

lcons	Function
Q	Option List

1.6 Related Documents

For further information on procedures discussed in the manual, refer to the Oracle Banking Trade Finance manuals on:

• Procedures



2. Creating Classes

2.1 Introduction

You need to create a class and attach certain attributes to it. You can build a charge class, for instance, with the attributes of a specific type of charge, such as Charges for provision of services. Similarly, you can build an event class with the attributes of a specific type of events, such as a Booking a Transaction, Collecting Charges, Cancellation and so on.

Once you create classes, you can link them suitably to products thereby avoiding the need to specify the generic attributes available in the class.

In Oracle Banking Trade Finance, you can categorize these classes into Mandatory and Optional. Unless certain mandatory classes are maintained, you will not be able to process transactions.

The mandatory classes that you need to maintain are:

- Interest Class
- Fee Class
- Charge Class
- Old Charges Class
- Tax Class

The optional classes that you can maintain are:

- Customer Restriction Class
- Discount Accrual Class
- Events Class
- Role to Head Mapping Class

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Section 2.2, "Interest Class"
- Section 2.3, "Charge Class"
- Section 2.4, "Discount Accrual Class"
- Section 2.5, "Events Class Maintenance"
- Section 2.6, "Role to Head Mapping Class"

2.2 Interest Class

This section contains the following topics:

• Section 2.2.1, "Defining Interest Class"

2.2.1 Defining Interest Class

You need to define the attributes of an interest class, in the 'Trade Finance Interest Class Definition' screen, invoked from the Application Browser. You can invoke the 'Trade Finance



		<u> </u>	, ,				
	nce Interest Class D	efinition					-
New Ent	er Query						
	Class Code *			Class Descriptio	n		
	Rule			Rule Descriptio	n		
	Module *			Event Descriptio	n		
	Event						
Basis							
	Amount Type			Grace Perio	d		
	Settlement Currency				\sim		
	Category	~		Pre Payment Metho	d 🗸		
	Category	 Accruals 			Main Compone		
		Bulk Amount			Link Contract a		
		 Allow Amendment 			Propagation R Consider as D		
		Stop Application			Negative Intere		
				Negative Class Cod	e		
Interest							
	Rate Type	~		Borrow Lend Indicate	or 🗸		
	Rate Code			Rate Calculation Typ	e		
	Code Usage	N.		Margin Applicatio	n None ~		
	Reset Tenor			Margin Basi	s 🗸		
	Reset Tenor						
Pricing D	etails						
		External Pricing					
imits.							
< 1 Of	1 🕨 🔤 🖸	60				+ -	
	Currency	Default Rate	Minimum Rate	Maximum Rate	Default Spread	Minimum Spread	ł
							^
<							>
Make	er	Date Time:		Mod No F	Record Status		Exit
Check	er	Date Time:			Authorization		Exit

Interest Class Definition' screen by typing 'CFDTFINC' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

You need to specify the following details:

Class Code

Specify a unique code to identify the class.

Class Description

Specify a brief description for the class.

Rule

Specify the rule that should be linked to the class. The adjoining option list displays all valid rules maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Rule Description

The system displays the description based on the rule chosen.

Event

Specify the event at which collection of the interest should be triggered, The adjoining option list displays all events available in the system for the module specified. You can choose the appropriate one.

Module

Specify the module to which the class should be applicable. The adjoining option list displays all module codes available in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.



<u>Basis</u>

You can indicate the following details:

Amount Type

If the interest rate type is Fixed or Floating, specify the basis amount on which the interest rate has to be applied. For example, for the FT module, it could be the Transfer amount, for the LC module, it could be the LC Contract Amount and so on.

Settlement Currency

The Settlement Currency is the currency in which the interest amount will be calculated. The interest amount applicable for a contract will be calculated in this currency. The appropriate conversion rate (defined for the product as the applicable Rate Type) will be applied to carry out a conversion if the repayment account is in a different currency.

Category

If the interest rate type is Fixed or Floating, specify the type of balance that has to be considered for interest application. It could be any one of the following:

- Expected
- Overdue
- Normal
- Outstanding

Accruals

Check this box to indicate that accruals have to be carried out for the accruable components.

Bulk Amount

When a contract gets rolled over, you may wish to split it into two contracts - one for the interest amount (I) and the other for the principal amount (P). If you want the floating rate pick-up for both the new contracts (tenor/amount) to be based on P+I of the original contract, check this box.

Allow Amendment

If you would like to allow amendment of the interest amount calculated by the system as per the charge rule, check this box.

Stop Application

Check this box to indicate that collection should stop for the interest component.

Grace Period

Specify the number of grace days, beyond the main interest due date, after which that interest component becomes applicable.

Pre Payment Method

Select the method for actual prepayment penalty computation from the adjoining drop-down list. The options available are:

- Oracle Banking Trade Finance This option is used where pre-payment has to be applied on the deposit contract for contract elapsed days.
- Custom If the Prepayment Method is Custom, then the prepayment penalty in this case will be the minimum of prepayment penalty and Gross interest on the premature withdrawal amount. The system computes the interest amount to be liquidated due to prepayment of principal. You will not be allowed to specify the interest amount during the Payment input in such a case.



Note

Here, the system does not include the Acquired interest for processing.

Also, if you have chosen the prepayment method as Custom, you cannot prepay or manually liquidate either the interest or the principal component. This option is used where pre-payment has to be applied on the deposit contract for contract remaining days.

Main Component

Check this box to indicate that the component should be treated as the main interest component.

Link Contract as Rate code

Check this box to indicate that a fixed rate contract may be linked to the floating rate component, instead of a rate code.

Propagation Required

Check this option to indicate that the charge collected from the borrower must be passed on to the participants of the contract.

Consider as Discount

Check this box to indicate that the fee component should be considered as part of discount accrual.

Negative Interest Allowed

Check this box to allow negative interest for interest class. You can check this box only if interest class is maintained for Money Market, Corporate Deposit or Bills and Collections module and 'Main Component' flag is checked.

If negative interest is allowed for an interest class, system will generate a negative interest component on saving the interest class. Negative Interest Class name is derived as Main Interest Class Code_N. If the length of main interest class code is more than 8, then the system truncates the interest class code to first eight characters and adds '_N".

Negative Class Code

The system displays the negative class code.

<u>Interest</u>

Specify the following details:

Rate Type

Indicate whether the interest is a Fixed Rate, a Floating Rate or a Special amount. If the Rate Type is a Floating Rate, you should also specify the Rate Code.

Rate Code

Each Rate Code corresponds to a rate defined for a combination of Currency, Amount (if it is necessary) and an Effective Date. These details are maintained in the 'Floating Rates Input' screen. This rate will be applied to all contracts under products linked to the class.

Code Usage

Specify the method in which the floating rates have to be applied. It could either be automatic application (meaning the rate has to be applied every time it changes), or periodic application (meaning the rate has to be applied at a regular frequency, defined for each contract involving the product linked to this class).



Reset Tenor

Floating interest rates are defined for specific amount slabs and tenor combinations. If you are defining a floating interest component or a fixed type with rate code attached, you can indicate the reset tenor for which floating rates need to be picked up.

The tenor that you specify for the component is defaulted to all contracts with which the floating interest component is associated.

Borrow Lend Indicator

Indicate the nature of the floating rate that needs to be picked up for the interest component. The options available are:

- Borrow
- Lend
- Mid

Rate Calculation Type

For floating type of interest components and fixed type with rate code attached, you can indicate the manner in which floating rates should be applied. The preference that you specify here is used when an interest component does not fit into any direct parameter defined for the floating rate code. The options available are:

- Up Choose this option to indicate that the rate of the upper tenor slab should be used.
- Down Choose this option to indicate that the rate of the lower tenor slab should be used.
- Interpolate Choose this option to indicate that the rate should be interpolated between the rates of the upper and lower slabs.
- Round Off Choose this option to indicate that the tenor of the component should be rounded off to the nearest whole number. The rate defined for the derived tenor will be applied to the component.

Margin Application

Indicate the frequency of margin application by choosing one of the following options from the drop-down list.

Margin Basis

Indicate the basis for the interest margin and the method for applying the interest margin on the selected interest component. The available options are:

- Facility The system defaults the margin from the borrower facility contract with which the drawdown is linked.
- Tranche The system defaults the margin from the borrower tranche contract with which the drawdown is associated.
- Drawdown If this option is chosen, you must enter the applicable margin when the interest rate is fixed.
 - This component which you select is excluded from all the processing including liquidation and this calculation type is only used for margin application.
 - After defining this component, booked formula for main interest component needs to be modified by replacing INTEREST_RATE with INTEREST_RATE + MARGIN_RATE. By doing this the interest gets calculated based on resolved interest rate (i.e. including floating rate and spread if applicable) and the margin.
- Customer If this option is chosen, then the margin will be applicable to all drawdown contracts under the selected customer.



Limits

Specify the following details:

Currency

Specify the currency of interest rate application. The adjoining option list displays all valid currency codes maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Default Rate

Specify the default rate that should be applied for on contracts under the products linked to this class. Default rate allows negative values if the negative interest is allowed for the class.

Minimum Rate

Specify the minimum interest rate that can be applied on contracts under the products linked to this class. Minimum rate allows negative values if the negative interest is allowed for the class.

Maximum Rate

Specify the maximum interest rate that can be applied on contracts under the products linked to this class. Maximum rate allows negative values if the negative interest is allowed for the class.

Default Spread

You are allowed to specify both positive and negative spread as default for the class you are maintaining. The system validates this spread against the maximum and minimum spread you have specified for the currency. Subsequently, the spread will be defaulted to the contract under the products linked to this class.

Minimum Spread

Specify the minimum spread that can be applied on the rate for the currency.

Maximum Spread

Specify the maximum spread that can be applied on the rate for the currency.

Denominator Basis

This is applicable to the interest methods which have their interest basis set to ACTUAL i.e. 30(EURO)/ACTUAL, 30(US)/ACTUAL and ACTUAL/ACTUAL. Denominator Basis is used to specify how the month of February is treated when the denominator is 'Actual'.

There are two types of denominator basis methods:

• Per Interest Basis – Here the computation would be done based on ACT/ACT–ISMA Interest Method. In this case, the '366 Basis' field will not be applicable

Per Annum (A) – Here the interest calculation will depend on the value you specify for 366 Basis

Basis 366

This is applicable only if the Denominator Basis is set to 'Per Annum'. You can select one of the following values here:

- Leap Year
- Leap Date computation would be done based on ACT/ACT–FRF Interest Method

Note

In the ACT/ACT– ISMA Interest Method the Numerator would be Actual number of days between two interest dates. Denominator would be computed as the product of the number of times interest is to be received.

Number of Interest Period

Specify the number of Interest period.

Pre Payment Spread

Specify the Pre payment spread. This field is specific to Deposits. Based on the Pre Payment Method chosen at the product level, the penalty rate is derived.

2.3 Charge Class

This section contains the following topics:

• Section 2.3.1, "Maintaining Charge Class"

2.3.1 Maintaining Charge Class

You have to build a charge class, for instance, with the attributes of a specific type of charge, such as 'Charges for amending the terms of a transaction', or 'Charges for provision of services'. To recall, a charge rule is built to calculate a specific type of charge component.

Once such a rule is built, you can define attributes like what should be the basis amount on which the charge rule is applied, when the charge should be associated to the contract and when the charge should be calculated and collected.

When building a charge class, you define certain attributes such as:

- The module in which you would use the class
- The charge type (whether borne by the counterparty or by the bank)
- The association event
- The application event
- The liquidation event
- The default settlement currency
- The default charge rule
- The basis amount on which the charge is calculated

You can define the attributes of a charge class in the 'Trade Finance Charge Class Maintenance' screen, invoked from the Application Browser. You can invoke this screen by



and adjoining arrow	battorn.			
Trade Finance Charge Class	Maintenance			- ×
New Enter Query				
Module List	t*	Module Description		^
Class Code	*	Description		
Charge Type	•	Debit or Credit	· ·	
Third Party Type)	Add/Subtract	~	
		Swift Qualifier		
Association Even	t			
Application Even	t			
Liquidation Event	t			
Basis Amount Tag]			
Default Charge Rule				
Default Settlement Currency	/			
				~
Fields				
Maker	Date Time:	Mod No Re	ecord Status	Ewit
Checker	Date Time:	A	Authorization Status	Exit

typing 'CFDTFCCM' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

The following are the features of the Charge Class Maintenance screen.

Class Code

Before defining the attributes of a charge class, you should assign the class a unique identifier, called the Class Code and briefly describe the class. A description would help you easily identify the class.

Module List

A charge class is built for use in a specific module. As a charge component would be applied on different basis amounts, in different modules. In the Letters of Credit module, for instance, you would apply a flat processing charge or fee on all LCs. In the Securities module, you could levy a flat charge or fee on portfolios that you maintain on behalf of a customer. The basis on which the component is applied is different, in these two cases.

Note

The Basis Amount Tags available would depend on the module for which you build the class.

Charge Type

Charges can be collected from the counter party or from a third party. You can select one of the following values from the adjoining drop-down list:

- Counter Party This indicates that the customer is captured as part of the contract.
- Third Party This indicates that the charges are levied on another entity on behalf of customer (Eg: Custodian)
- Their Charges This indicates that your bank is collecting other bank's charges as in the case of LC and BC contracts.

The charges or fee that you levy will be recovered, typically, from the counterparty involved. Therefore, when building a charge class, you may indicate the charge to be of 'Counterparty' type.



Debit /Credit

Choose the Debit option in this field, if the charge component associated with the product is to be debited to the customer. If you would bear the charge component, choose the 'Credit' option.

The following example illustrates how a charge could be of a 'Credit' type.

Propagation Required

Check this option to indicate that the charge collected from the borrower must be passed on to the participants of the contract.

Net Consideration

The sum of the different components of a contract determines the *net value* of the contract. You can indicate that a charge component should be taken into account when determining the net value of a contract by choosing the Net Consideration option.

Note

The Net Consideration option is applicable if you are defining a charge class for Securities module.

Add/Subtract

If you choose to include the charge component in the net value, you should indicate if the charge component is to be *added*, while calculating the net consideration amount, or *subtracted*.

SWIFT Qualifier

You can report the charge component of a contract in the SWIFT messages that you generate. To do this, identify the component, when building it in the 'Charge Class Maintenance' screen, with the appropriate SWIFT code.

Events

A contract goes through different *stages* in its life cycle, such as:

- Initiation
- Amendment
- Rollover

Each of these stages is referred to as an 'Event' in Oracle Banking Trade Finance.

At any of these events, you can choose to apply a charge or fee. When defining a charge class, you should specify:

- The association event
- The application event
- Liquidation event

The event at which you would like to *associate* a charge component to a contract is referred to as the Association Event. At this event, no accounting entry (for the charge component) is passed.

The event at which the charge component is actually *calculated* is referred to as the Application Event. At this event, no accounting entry (for the charge component) is passed. The charge or fee is liquidated at the Liquidation event that you specify.



If the event chosen for the liquidation of the charge component at the charge class and the event chosen for liquidating the same charge component at the 'Product Events and Accounting Entries' screen are different, the charge will not be liquidated and accounting entries will not be posted.

Basis Amount Tag

The basis on which interest, charge, fee, or tax is calculated is referred to as the Basis Amount. (A charge or fee can be on the basis of the contract amount, for instance.) The different basis amounts, available in a module, are associated with a unique 'tag'. When building a charge component, you have to specify the *tag* associated with the Basis Amount. When charge or fee is calculated for a contract, the basis amount corresponding to the tag will be picked up automatically.

Basis amount refers to:

- Principal amount or commitment
- Transaction amount in the case of a teller entry
- Transfer amount in case of a Remittance
- LC amount in the case of a Letter of Credit
- Bill amount in the case of a Bill
- Deal Nominal amount for a Security Deal

Default Charge Rule

You can link a charge rule that you have defined to the charge component that you are building. When you link a rule to a component, the attributes that you have defined for the rule will default to the component.

To recall, a charge rule identifies the method in which charge or fee of a particular type is to be calculated. A rule is built with, amongst others, the following attributes:

- The charge currency
- Whether the charge or fee is to be a flat amount or calculated on a rate basis
- The minimum and maximum charge that can be applied
- The tier or slab structure on which the charge is to be applied
- The customer and currency restrictions, etc.

The charge component to which you link a rule acquires these properties. Charges for the product with which you associate a charge component will be calculated, by default, according to the rule linked to the component. However, when processing a contract, you can choose to *waive* the rule altogether.

When building a charge class, you can choose to allow the amendment of the rule linked to it, in the following conditions:

- You can choose to allow amendment after the association event
- You can choose to allow amendment after the application event
- You can choose to allow amendment of the charge amount

Default Settlement Currency

Charges or fees levied on a contract will be settled in the Settlement Currency that you specify for the charge class associated with the product (under which the contract is processed). However, when processing a contract, you can choose to settle the charge in another currency.

The charge currency defined for the rule is used only for booking charges. The actual settlement is done in the default settlement currency' maintained for the charge class. The



final charge is computed based on preferences defined in the charge rule set-up. The amount is converted to the settlement currency in case the charge currency is different from the contract currency.

Note

- For the liquidation of charge components with a charge currency not equal to the contract currency during discounting, the charge amount is calculated in the contract currency based on the exchange rate between the settlement currency and the contract currency as on the discounting date. The charge amount in contract currency is used for accounting.
- If the charge currency is different from the contract currency and the contract currency is same as the settlement account currency, the exchange rate maintained for the settlement account through the 'Settlement Message Details Account Details' screen is used to convert the charge amount into the contract currency amount.

When you associate a charge component with a product, you can choose to allow the amendment of the rule linked to it, under the following conditions:

Allow Rule Amendments

If you would like to allow the amendment of a rule for a charge component when linked to a contract, check this box.

Amend after Association

If you would like to allow the amendment after association of a rule for a charge component, check this box. Once checked the system will allow you to modify the rule after the association event is triggered for the linked contract.

Allow Amount Amendment

If you would like to allow amendment of the charge amount calculated by the system as per the charge rule, check this box.

Amend After Application

If you would like to allow the amendment of the charge amount after application of a rule for a charge component, check this box. Once checked the system will allow you to modify the charge amount after the application event is triggered for the linked contract.

Default Waiver

Check this box to indicate that even if charge is computed, it should not be liquidated.

Capitalize

You can capitalize the payment of charges and fees. If the charge is not paid on a scheduled date, the outstanding charge amount will be added to the outstanding principal and this becomes the principal for the next schedule. If a partial payment has been made, the unpaid amount will be capitalized (the unpaid charge is added to the unpaid principal and this becomes the principal for the next schedule).

Note

If the 'Capitalize' option is not checked for the broker, deal, product and currency combination, then the option 'Consider as discount' cannot be checked for the securities module.



Consider as Discount

While defining a charge class for either the securities or the bills module, you can indicate whether the charge component is to be considered for discount accrual on a constant yield basis.

If you select this option the charge received against the component is used in the computation of the constant yield and subsequently amortized over the tenor of the associated contract.

Checking this option also indicates that the component is to be used for IRR calculation.

Note

IRR, the Internal Rate of Return is the annualized effective compounded return rate which can be earned on the invested capital, i.e. the yield on the investment.

Accrual Required

Checking this indicates that the charges have to be accrued. Subsequently, the charges are accrued using the upfront fee system.

Note

This option is disabled for BC contracts.

Discount Basis

While defining a charge class for the bills module, you can define the discount basis for the purpose of IRR computation. You can choose either of the following as discount basis:

- Inflow If you choose Inflow, the charge will be considered as an inflow for IRR computation
- Outflow If you choose Outflow, the charge will be treated as an outflow for IRR computation

You can define discount basis only if the 'Consider as Discount' option is enabled. If you have not opted for 'Consider as Discount', the Discount Basis field will be disabled. If the 'Consider as Discount' option is enabled Discount basis has to be defined. On enabling the 'Consider as Discount', the default value of Discount Basis will be 'Inflow' and you will have to change it to 'Outflow' if required.

2.4 Discount Accrual Class

This section contains the following topics:

Section 2.4.1, "Maintaining Discount Accrual Class"

2.4.1 Maintaining Discount Accrual Class

A discount accrual fee class specifies the accrual parameters for interest, charges and fees.

Before defining the attributes of a discount accrual fee class, you should assign the class a unique identifier, called the Class Code and briefly describe the class. A description would help you easily identify the class.

When building a discount accrual fee class, you define certain attributes such as:

• Whether Discount accrual should be performed for the class.



- The frequency at which discount accrual should be performed. This can be either Daily or Monthly. For monthly accruals, the discount accrual will be done on the last day of the month.
- How foreclosures in respect of the contracts using the class, must be handled. You can opt for complete accruals, or refund.
- The day count methods for each currency using the class. You can define the day count methods for both the numerator and the denominator.

You can define the attributes of a discount accrual fee class in the 'Trade Finance Discount Accrual Class Maintenance' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'DADTFACL' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Trade F	Finance Discount Accrua	al Class Maintanence					-	×
New	Enter Query							
	Class Code * Description Module	DA						^
	Module Description	Discount Accural						
Accr	ual Preference							
Class	Accrual Frequency Handling of Foreclosure Acquisition Type	Discount Accrual Ree Daily v Refund v Par	quired ~					
	-	Go				+		
	Currency *	Currency Name	Numerator Method	Denominator Method				
Fields							,	~ ~
	Maker hecker	Date Time: Date Time:		Mod No	Record Status Authorization Status		Ex	cit

You can specify the following details.

Class Code

Specify a unique code to identify the class.

Description

Specify a brief description for the class.

Module

Specify the module to which the class should be applicable. The adjoining option list displays all module codes available in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Module Description

The system displays a brief description of the chosen module.

Accrual Preference

Specify the following details:

Discount Accrual Required

Check this box to indicate that discount accrual is required.

Accrual Frequency

If you check the box 'Accrual Required', you will have to select the accrual frequency from the adjoining drop-down list:

- Daily
- Weekly



- Monthly
- Half-Yearly
- Annual

Handling of Foreclosure

Select the method of handling foreclosure from the adjoining drop-down list:

- Complete Accrual
- Refund

Acquisition Type

The Acquisition Type is determined by the cash flows of Interest, charges and fees for which 'Consider as Discount' option is checked. The drop down list comprises of the following values:

- Par
- Par/Discount
- Par/Premium
- Par/Discount/Premium

If the incoming cash flows of all the above components are greater than outgoing cash flows considering Incoming flow as Positive (In case of Loans) then acquisition type is considered as Discount.

If the incoming cash flows of all the above components are less than outgoing cash flows considering Incoming flow as Positive (In case of Loan) then acquisition type is considered as Premium.

If the incoming cash flows of all the above components are equal to outgoing cash flows considering Incoming flow as Positive (In case of Loan) then acquisition type is considered as Par.

Class Currency Preference

Specify the following details:

Currency

Specify the currency code. The adjoining option list displays all currency codes available in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Currency Name

The system displays the name of the currency.

Numerator Method

Specify the numerator method.

Denominator Method

Specify the denominator method.

You can maintain multiple currency codes.

2.5 Events Class Maintenance

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 2.5.1, "Invoking Event Class Maintenance Screen"
- Section 2.5.2, "Accounting Entries Button"



- Section 2.5.3, "Advices Button"
- Section 2.5.4, "Fields Button"
- Section 2.5.5, "Maintaining Event Class for Account Initial Funding"

2.5.1 Invoking Event Class Maintenance Screen

You can build a charge class, for instance, with the attributes of a specific type of charge, such as Charges for provision of services. Similarly, you can build an event class with the attributes of a specific type of events, such as a Booking a Transaction, Collecting Charges, Cancellation and so on.

You can identify an Events Class with a unique Code and Description. When you define an Events Class, you choose, first of all, the set of events that would belong to the class. Events are, typically, unique to a module.

You can build the events that you would like to include in an Events Class in the 'Trade Finance Events Class Maintenance' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'CSDTFEVM' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Trade Finance Events Cla	ass Maintenance			- ×
New Enter Query				
Class	Code *			<i>,</i>
Descri	ption			
Mo	odule *			
Descri	ption			
Event Class				
🖌 < 1 Of 1 🕨 🗎	Go			+
Event Code *	Event Description			
Accounting Entries Advi	ces Fields			
Maker Checker	Date Time: Date Time:	Mod No	Record Status Authorization Status	Exit

Here you can specify the following details:

Module

Specify the module to which the class should be applicable. The adjoining option list displays all module codes available in the system. You can choose the appropriate one. Based on the module chose, the corresponding events will be available for selection.

Description

The system displays a brief description of the chosen module.

Class Code

Specify a unique code to identify the class.

Description

Specify a brief description for the class.

Event Class

You can specify the evnt class code and the event class description.



2.5.2 Accounting Entries Button

For every event constituting the class that you are building, you have to specify the accounting entries that should be passed (if any), and the advices that should be generated. You can do this through the 'Accounting Entries' screen.

Accounting Entries			×
Event Code		Event Description	^
Accounting Entries Details			
┥ ┥ 1 Of 1 🕨 🗎 🛛 🖓 Go		+ - =	
Accounting Role *	Amount Tag * Dr/Cr *	Transaction Code * Ne	
		^	
			_
			~
			Ok Cancel

The system displays the following details from the main screen:

- Event Code
- Event Description

You can specify the following accounting details:

- Accounting Role
- Amount Tag
- Transaction Code
- Netting Indicator
- MIS Head

2.5.3 Advices Button

At an event, you can opt to generate an advice if the accounting entry involves a customer account. Click 'Advices' button to define the advices that should be generated for an event.

ivices						
Event Coo	Je			De	escription	
lvices Details						
1 Of 1 > >	Go			+ - =		
Advice Name *	Description	Generation Time	Suppress	Priority		
				1	^	
						01. 0
						Ok Cance

The system displays the following details from the main screen:

- Event Code
- Event Description

Event Advice Class

You need to specify the following details:

Advice Name

Specify the advices that you would like to generate. The adjoining option list displays all advices that can be generated at an event. You can choose the appropriate one.

Description

The system displays a brief description of the advice.

Generation Time

Specify the time of generation.

Suppress

Select this option to suppress this message.

Priority

You can indicate the order of importance in the Priority field.

2.5.4 Fields Button

You can capture user-defined fields (UDFs) in the 'User Defined Fields' screen. Click 'Fields' button and invoke the following screen.

User Defined Fields				
UDF Details				
1 Of 1				
	Field Name *		Value	Value Description
•		III		

Here you can specify the following details:

Field Name

Specify the UDF that should be linked to the class. The adjoining option list displays all valid UDFs maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Value

Specify the value for each UDF. You can maintain multiple UDFs.



2.5.5 Maintaining Event Class for Account Initial Funding

You can create an event class to define accounting entries that should be posted for initial funding on a customer account. Similarly, you can also define accounting entries for charges that should be collected on account opening. For this, you need to invoke the 'Trade Finance Events Class Maintenance' screen.

Trade Finance Events Cl	ass Maintenance				-	×
New Enter Query						
Class	Code *					^
Descr	iption					
м	odule *					
Descr	iption					
Event Class						
🖌 < 1 Of 1 🕨 🗎	Go			+ -		
Event Code *	Event Description					
Accounting Entries Adv	iana I Eialda					
Accounting Entries Adv	ices Fields					
Maker Checker	Date Time: Date Time:	Mod No	Record Status Authorization Status		Exi	t

Specify the following values.

Class Code

Specify a unique identifier for the class code.

Description

Give a brief description to identify the class code.

Module

Specify 'DE' as the module code for the event class.

Module Description

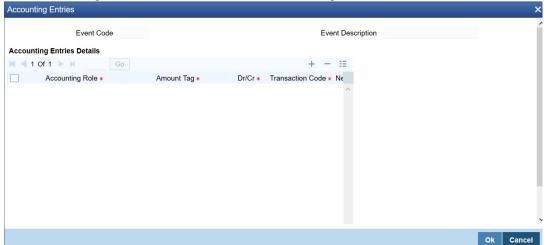
The system displays the description as 'Data Entry' on specifying 'DE' as the module.

Event Class

Specify the following events.

Event Code

Specify 'INIT'.



Click 'Accounting Entries' button and invoke the following screen.

You need to maintain the following accounting entries.

Accounting Role	Amount Tag	Dr/Cr	Description
OFS_ACC	TXN_AMT	Debit	Offset Account
OFS_ACC_USER	TXN_AMT	Credit	Customer Account
CHARGEINC	CHG-AMT	Credit	Charge Income
OFS_ACC_USER	CHG-AMT	Debit	Customer Account.

Click 'Advices' button and invoke the following screen.

Advices					×
Event C	Code				Description
Advices Details					
📕 < 1 Of 1 🕨 🗎	Go			+ -	== · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Advice Name *	Description	Generation Time	Suppress	Priority	
					^
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
					Ok Cancel

You need to associate the message 'ACC_OPADV' to the event 'INIT'.

Refer the section' Maintaining Message Type for Account Opening' in the chapter titled 'Maintaining Messaging Branch Preferences' in the Messaging System User Manual for details about maintaining messages.

2.6 Role to Head Mapping Class

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 2.6.1, "Invoking Role to Head Mapping Class Maintenance Screen"
- Section 2.6.2, "Fields Button"
- Section 2.6.3, "Maintaining a Class for Account Opening Charge"

2.6.1 Invoking Role to Head Mapping Class Maintenance Screen

You can build a role to head mapping class in the 'Trade Finance Role to Head Mapping Class Maintenance' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'CSDTFRHM' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Trade Finance Role	to Head Mapping Class Ma	intenance					×
New Enter Query							
	Class Code *						^
	Description						
	Module *						
1	Description						
Role To Head Mappin	ng						
🔘 < 1 Of 1 🕨 🗎	Go				+ -		
Мар Туре	Accounting Role *	Accounting Role Desc	ription Role Type	Account Head *	Accounting Head Description		
						~	~
Fields							
Maker Checker	Date Time: Date Time:		Mod No	Record Status Authorization	1	Exit	

Here you can specify the following details:

Class Code

Specify a unique code to identify the class.

Description

Specify a brief description for the class.

Module

Specify the module to which the class should be applicable. The adjoining option list displays all module codes available in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Description

The system displays a brief description of the chosen module.

Role to Head Mapping

Specify the following details:

Accounting Role

Specify an Accounting Role. The adjoining option list displays all roles available in the system. You can select the appropriate one by double clicking on it. Next, in the Account Head column, select an accounting head from the adjoining option list.

Accounting Role Description

A brief description of each accounting role that you choose is displayed.



Account Head

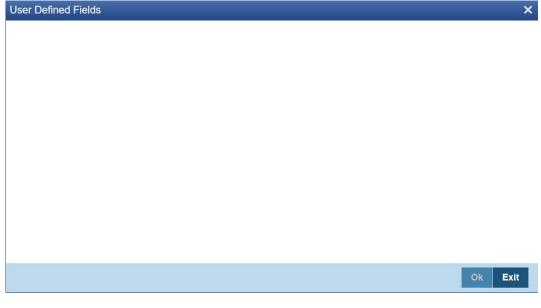
If you choose not to associate the product with a class, you have to specify the account heads for the product, in this field. You can invoke a list of the accounting heads that you have maintained from the option list positioned next to this field. Choose a head by double clicking on it.

Accounting Head Description

A brief description of each accounting head that you choose is displayed.

2.6.2 Fields Button

You can capture user-defined fields (UDFs) in the 'User Defined Fields' screen. Click 'Fields' button and invoke the following screen.



Here you can specify the following details:

Field Name

The system displays the UDFs.

Value

Specify the value for each UDF.

2.6.3 Maintaining a Class for Account Opening Charge

You can create a class to define role to head mapping for levying charges on account opening. For this, you need to invoke the 'Role to Head Mapping Class Maintenance' screen

Enter CSDRHCLM in the in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and click enter. The **Trade Finance Role to Head Mapping Class Maintenance** page appears.



Trade Finance Role	to Head Mapping Class Ma	intenance				-	×
New Enter Query							
C	Class Code *						^
	Description						
	Module *						
	Description						
Role To Head Mappir	ng						
┥ ┥ 1 Of 1 🕨 🗎	Go				+ -		
Map Type	Accounting Role *	Accounting Role Description	Role Type	Account Head *	Accounting Head Description		
						^	~
Fields							
Maker Checker	Date Time: Date Time:	ľ	Mod No	Record Status Authorization	1	Exi	ĩ

Specify the following values.

Class Code

Specify a unique identifier for the class code.

Description

Give a brief description to identify the class code.

Module

Specify 'DE' as the module code for the event class.

Module Description

The system displays the description as 'Data Entry' on specifying 'DE' as the module.

Role To Head Mapping

Maintain the following details.

Accounting Role

Specify the role available for charge income.

Accounting Head

Specify an accounting head (GL) that should be used for recovering account opening charge.



3. Function ID Glossary

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