Oracle® Fusion Middleware Application Adapters

Application Adapter for PeopleSoft User's Guide for Oracle WebLogic Server

12*c* Release 1 (12.1.3.0.0)

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Provides information on how to integrate with PeopleSoft systems and develop applications.



Oracle Fusion Middleware Application Adapter for PeopleSoft User's Guide for Oracle WebLogic Server, 12c Release 1 (12.1.3.0.0)

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Primary Author: Stefan Kostial

Contributors: Vikas Anand, Marian Jones, Sunil Gopal, Bo Stern

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Glossary

Index

Preface

Welcome to *Oracle Fusion Middleware Application Adapter for PeopleSoft User's Guide for Oracle WebLogic Server*. This document provides information on how to integrate with PeopleSoft systems and develop applications.

Audience

This document is intended for system administrators and developers who integrate with PeopleSoft systems and develop applications.

Documentation Accessibility

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Related Documents

For more information, see the following documents in the Oracle Enterprise Repository 12*c* Release 1 (12.1.3.0.0) documentation set:

- Oracle Fusion Middleware Application Adapters Installation Guide for Oracle WebLogic Server
- Oracle Fusion Middleware Application Adapter Upgrade Guide for Oracle WebLogic Server
- Oracle Fusion Middleware Application Adapter Best Practices Guide for Oracle WebLogic Server
- Oracle's Unified Method (OUM)

A wealth of additional Governance information can be found within Oracle's Unified Method (OUM). OUM can be used by Oracle employees, Oracle Partner Network Certified Partners or Certified Advantage Partners, and Clients who either participate in the OUM Customer Program or are engaged on projects

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For more information about OUM, see the OUM FAQ at

http://my.oracle.com/portal/page/myo/ROOTCORNER/KNOWLEDGEAREAS1/BUSIN ESS_PRACTICE/Methods/Learn_about_OUM.html

Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.
italic	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.

Introduction

Oracle WebLogic Server connects to a PeopleSoft system through Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft, which provides connectivity and carries out interactions on a PeopleSoft system. This chapter contains the following topics:

Note: Throughout this document, *<ORACLE_HOME>* refers to the 12*c* installed home location.

<aDAPTER_HOME> refers to the following:

- For SOA:
 - <ORACLE_HOME>\soa\soa\thirdparty\ApplicationAdapters
- For OSB:
 - <ORACLE_HOME>\osb\3rdparty\ApplicationAdapters
- Section 1.1, "Adapter Features"
- Section 1.2, "PeopleSoft Concepts"
- Section 1.3, "Integration with PeopleSoft"
- Section 1.4, "Adapter Architecture"
- Section 1.5, "BSE Versus Oracle Adapter J2CA Deployment"
- Section 1.6, "Sample Projects"
- Section 1.7, "Quick Start Guide"

1.1 Adapter Features

Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft provides a means to exchange real-time business data between PeopleSoft systems and other applications, databases, and external business partner systems. The adapter enables inbound and outbound processing with PeopleSoft. Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft can be deployed as a J2EE Connector Architecture (J2CA) version 1.0 resource adapter. This deployment is referred to as Oracle Adapter J2CA. It can also be deployed as a Web services servlet and is referred to as Oracle Adapter Business Services Engine (BSE).

Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft uses XML messages to enable non-PeopleSoft applications to communicate and exchange transactions with PeopleSoft using services and events. The roles of services and events are outlined as

- Services: Enable applications to initiate a PeopleSoft business event.
- Events: Enable applications to access PeopleSoft data only when a PeopleSoft business event occurs.

To support event functionality, channels are supported. A channel represents configured connections to particular instances of back-end or other types of systems.

The channel is the adapter component that receives events in real time from the enterprise information system (EIS) application. The channel component can be a File reader, an HTTP listener, a TCP/IP listener, or an FTP listener. A channel is always EIS specific. The adapter supports multiple channels for a particular EIS, which enables the user to choose the optimal channel component based on deployment requirements.

Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft provides:

- Synchronous and asynchronous, bidirectional message interactions for PeopleSoft component interfaces and PeopleSoft Application Messaging / Integration Broker.
- Oracle WebLogic Server Adapter Application Explorer (Application Explorer), a GUI tool that explores PeopleSoft metadata and builds XML schemas or Web services.
- XML schemas and WSDL files for the J2CA 1.0 and J2CA 1.5 resource adapter.
- Web services for BSE.

The adapter connects to the PeopleSoft Application Server by accessing APIs for the component interfaces that correspond to its supported business objects. Every component interface contains data and business logic for the business component, thus alleviating a requirement for the adapter to duplicate the processes defined within the business component.

See Also: *Oracle Application Server Adapter Concepts Guide*

1.2 PeopleSoft Concepts

PeopleSoft enables integration with other applications and systems through its component interface framework and its Integration Broker (in release 8.4) or Application Messaging (in release 8.1) facility. Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft uses the PeopleSoft framework and leverages various integration access methods to provide the greatest amount of flexibility and functionality. Integration access methods supported by Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft include:

- PeopleSoft Java API using component interfaces
- PeopleSoft messages using PeopleSoft Application Messaging / Integration Broker This section contains the following topics:
- Section 1.2.1, "PeopleSoft Component Interface"
- Section 1.2.2, "PeopleSoft Application Messaging / Integration Broker"

1.2.1 PeopleSoft Component Interface

In the PeopleSoft environment, a component interface is a container for distributing PeopleSoft application data among PeopleSoft logical systems and for exchanging PeopleSoft application data with non-PeopleSoft systems.

The component interface is based on an existing business process within PeopleSoft. An example is a purchase order entry, which can be a PeopleSoft-delivered process or a user-developed process. The component interface also inherits its methods (Add, Update, and so on) and its business logic from the underlying business process.

PeopleSoft delivers generic component interfaces with each of its applications. These are called Enterprise Integration Points (EIP). Customers can also develop their own custom component interfaces, or they can modify EIP as required. Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft supports both types of component interfaces.

1.2.2 PeopleSoft Application Messaging / Integration Broker

PeopleSoft Application Messaging / Integration Broker facilitates the integration of PeopleSoft XML with PeopleSoft. Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft provides a handler that must be configured within the PeopleSoft application gateway using TCP/IP transport services.

1.3 Integration with PeopleSoft

Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft enables you to:

- Access a PeopleSoft component using a component interface. Component methods are referred to as services.
- Receive messages from a PeopleSoft application. Messages are referred to as events.

When you access a PeopleSoft component from another application, you work with:

- Component interfaces. If a component interface does not exist, then create, secure, and test one. If the component interface exists but you modified it, then secure and test it. For more information, see your PeopleSoft documentation. Alternatively, you can secure and test the component interface and create the component interface API after you generate schemas or Web services.
- Component interface APIs. Create an API for the component interface.
- Schemas and Web services. Create schemas or Web services for the component methods.

For more information, see Chapter 2, "Configuring Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft".

To receive a message from PeopleSoft, you work with:

- The Integration environment. Configure and test your PeopleSoft Integration Broker (release 8.4) or Application Messaging environment (release 8.1). To ensure that the environment is properly configured, see your PeopleSoft documentation.
- Message routing. Configure TCP/IP Target Connector (release 8.4), HTTP Target Connector (release 8.4), or TCP/IP Handler (release 8.1).

See Also:

- Oracle Application Server Adapter Concepts Guide
- Oracle Fusion Middleware Application Adapters Installation Guide for Oracle WebLogic Server

1.4 Adapter Architecture

Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft uses Application Explorer with one of the following components:

- Oracle WebLogic Server Adapter Business Services Engine (BSE)
- Enterprise Connector for J2EE Connector Architecture (J2CA)

Application Explorer (used to configure PeopleSoft connections and create Web services and events) can be configured to work in a Web services environment with BSE. When working in a J2CA environment, the connector uses the Common Client Interface (CCI) to provide integration services using adapters instead of Web services.

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 1.4.1, "Oracle WebLogic Server Adapter Business Services Engine (BSE) Architecture"
- Section 1.4.2, "Oracle WebLogic Server Adapter J2CA Architecture"

1.4.1 Oracle WebLogic Server Adapter Business Services Engine (BSE) Architecture

Figure 1–1 shows the generic architecture for the Oracle Web service adapter for packaged applications. The adapter works with BSE, as deployed to a Web container in a J2EE application server.

Application Explorer, a design-time tool deployed along with BSE, is used to configure adapter connections, browse EIS objects, configure services, and configure listeners to listen for EIS events. Metadata created while you perform these operations are stored in the repository by BSE.

BSE uses SOAP as a protocol for receiving requests from clients, interacting with the EIS, and sending responses from the EIS back to clients.

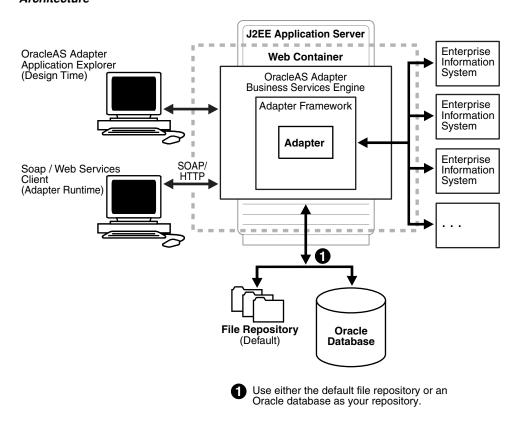


Figure 1-1 Oracle WebLogic Server Adapter Business Services Engine (BSE) Generic **Architecture**

Note: Do not use a file repository for BSE in production environments.

1.4.2 Oracle WebLogic Server Adapter J2CA Architecture

Figure 1–2 shows the generic architecture for Oracle Adapter J2CA for packaged applications. Oracle Adapter J2CA is deployed to a standard J2CA Container and serves as a host container to the adapters. The connector is configured with a repository. The repository can be a file system or an Oracle database. It is deployed as a RAR file and has an associated deployment descriptor called ra.xml. You can create multiple connector factories by editing the Oracle WebLogic Server deployment descriptor ra.xml. For more information, see Chapter 3, "Oracle WebLogic Server Deployment and Integration".

Application Explorer, a design tool that works with the connector, is used to configure adapter connections, browse EIS objects, configure services, and configure listeners to listen for EIS events. Metadata created while you perform these operations are stored in the repository by the connector.

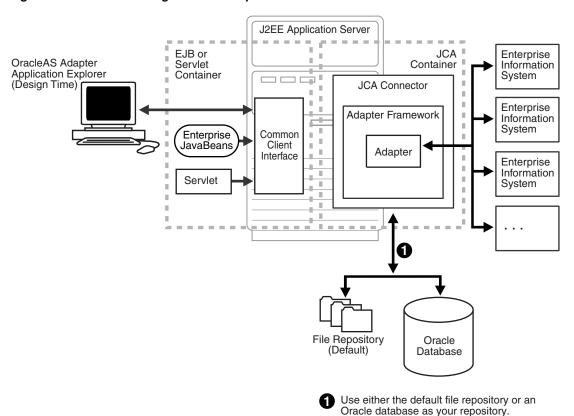


Figure 1–2 Oracle WebLogic Server Adapter J2CA Generic Architecture

1.5 BSE Versus Oracle Adapter J2CA Deployment

If you are using Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft with Oracle SOA Suite components (for example, BPEL, Mediator, BPM, or OSB), then note that:

- Only Oracle Adapter J2CA deployment supports inbound integration (event notification) with Oracle SOA Suite components.
- Oracle Adapter J2CA and BSE deployments support outbound integration (request-response service) with Oracle SOA Suite components.

The following two factors explain the differences between deploying BSE and Oracle Adapter J2CA. Understanding these factors can help in selecting a deployment option.

- BSE has the following advantages:
 - Can be deployed in a separate instance of Oracle WebLogic Server.
 - Provides better distribution of load.
 - Conforms more closely to the Service Oriented Architecture (SOA) model for building applications.
- Oracle Adapter J2CA does provide slightly better performance than BSE.

1.6 Sample Projects

Sample projects for the Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft that demonstrate outbound and inbound integration scenarios using Oracle BPEL, Mediator, BPM, and OSB tools are packaged with the Application Adapters installation. The following table lists the locations of the sample projects:

Sample Project	Location
Outbound BPEL Process (J2CA)	<pre><adapter_home>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_ Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_Samples\BPEL\J2CA\Outbound_Project</adapter_home></pre>
Inbound BPEL Process (J2CA)	<pre><adapter_home>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_ Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_Samples\BPEL\J2CA\Inbound_Project</adapter_home></pre>
Outbound BPEL Process (BSE)	<pre><adapter_home>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_ Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_Samples\BPEL\BSE\Outbound_Project</adapter_home></pre>
Outbound Mediator Process (J2CA)	<pre><adapter_home>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_ Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_Samples\Mediator\J2CA\Outbound_ Project</adapter_home></pre>
Inbound Mediator Process (J2CA)	<pre><adapter_home>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_ Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_Samples\Mediator\J2CA\Inbound_ Project</adapter_home></pre>
Outbound Mediator Process (BSE)	<pre><adapter_home>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_ Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_Samples\Mediator\BSE\Outbound_ Project</adapter_home></pre>
Outbound BPM Process (J2CA)	<pre><adapter_home>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_ Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_Samples\BPM\J2CA\Outbound_Project</adapter_home></pre>
Inbound BPM Process (J2CA)	<pre><adapter_home>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_ Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_Samples\BPM\J2CA\Inbound_Project</adapter_home></pre>
Outbound BPM Process (BSE)	<pre><adapter_home>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_ Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_Samples\BPM\BSE\Outbound_Project</adapter_home></pre>
Outbound OSB sbconsole Process (J2CA)	<pre><adapter_home>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_ Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_Samples\OSB\J2CA\PeopleSoft_Sample_ J2CA_OSB_Outbound_Project</adapter_home></pre>
Inbound OSB sbconsole Process (J2CA)	<pre><adapter_home>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_ Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_Samples\OSB\J2CA\PeopleSoft_Sample_ J2CA_OSB_Inbound_Project</adapter_home></pre>
Outbound OSB sbconsole Process (BSE)	<pre><adapter_home>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_ Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_Samples\OSB\BSE\PeopleSoft_Sample_ BSE_OSB_Outbound_Project</adapter_home></pre>

Sample Project	Location
Outbound OSB Jdeveloper Process (J2CA)	<pre><adapter_home>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_ Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_Samples\OSB_ Jdeveloper\J2CA\PeopleSoft_Sample_J2CA_OSB_Outbound_ Project</adapter_home></pre>
Inbound OSB Jdeveloper Process (J2CA)	<pre><adapter_home>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_ Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_Samples\OSB_ Jdeveloper\J2CA\PeopleSoft_Sample_J2CA_OSB_Inbound_Project</adapter_home></pre>
Outbound OSB Jdeveloper Process (BSE)	<pre><adapter_home>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_ Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_Samples\OSB_ Jdeveloper\BSE\PeopleSoft_Sample_BSE_OSB_Outbound_Project</adapter_home></pre>

1.7 Quick Start Guide

This section enables you to quickly learn the basic steps to install and configure Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft and to use it immediately. It includes the following topics:

- Section 1.7.1, "Installation"
- Section 1.7.2, "Copying Third-Party Library Files"
- Section 1.7.3, "Configuration"
- Section 1.7.4, "WebLogic Server Deployment and Integration"
- Section 1.7.5, "Creating Configurations, Targets, and Channels in Application Explorer"
- Section 1.7.6, "Working With Service Components in the SOA Suite"
- Section 1.7.7, "Working With Oracle Service Bus"
- Section 1.7.8, "Other Features"

1.7.1 Installation

- Download the Oracle Fusion Middleware Application Adapters installation file for the corresponding platform being used and execute the file.
 - Windows: iwora12c_application-adapters_win.exe
 - Linux: iwora12c_application-adapters_linux.bin
 - **Solaris:** iwora12c_application-adapters_solaris.bin
 - HPUX: iwora12c_application-adapters_hpux.bin
 - AIX: iwora12c application-adapters aix.bin
- 2. The Oracle Fusion Middleware Application Adapters must be installed in one of the following directories:
 - For Oracle SOA Suite:

<ORACLE_HOME>\soa\soa\thirdparty\ApplicationAdapters

For OSB:

<OSB_HOME>\osb\3rdparty\ApplicationAdapters

For more information on installing the Oracle Fusion Middleware Application Adapters, see the Oracle Fusion Middleware Application Adapters Installation Guide for *Oracle WebLogic Server.*

1.7.2 Copying Third-Party Library Files

Once the adapter installation is completed, copy the required third-party library files for PeopleSoft to the following directories:

```
<aDAPTER_HOME>\lib
```

<ORACLE_HOME>\user_projects\domains\base_domain\lib

For more information on installing Oracle Fusion Middleware Application Adapters, see the Oracle Fusion Middleware Application Adapters Installation Guide for Oracle WebLogic Server.

1.7.3 Configuration

Navigate to *ADAPTER_HOME*> and make the following changes:

Open iwafjca.rar\META-INF\ra.xml and add the following values under the specified config-property-name parameters, as shown in Table 1–1.

Table 1-1

Config-Property-Name	Config-Property-Value
IWayHome	<adapter_home></adapter_home>
	For example:
	■ For SOA:
	${\tt C:\ 12C_soa\ soa\ third party\ Application Adapters}$
	■ For OSB:
	C:\12c_OSB\osb\3rdparty\ApplicationAdapters
<i>IWayConfig</i>	The name of the configuration. For example:
	jca_sample

Open ibse.war\WEB-INF\web.xml and add the following values under the specified param-name parameters, as shown in Table 1–2.

Table 1-2

Param-Name	Param-Value
ibseroot	<adapter_home>\ibse.xvar</adapter_home>
	For example:
	■ For SOA:
	<pre>C:\12C_ soa\soa\soa\thirdparty\ApplicationAdapters\ibse.war</pre>
	■ For OSB:
	<pre>C:\12c_ OSB\osb\3rdparty\ApplicationAdapters\ibse.war</pre>
IWay.home	<adapter_home></adapter_home>
	For example:
	■ For SOA:
	${\tt C:\ 12C_soa\ soa\ third party\ Application Adapters}$
	■ For OSB:
	<pre>C:\12c_OSB\osb\3rdparty\ApplicationAdapters</pre>
Iway.config	The name of the configuration. For example:
	IBSE

Note: These steps are provided only when configuring a File repository. For more information about configuring a database repository and general configuration information, see Chapter 2, "Configuring Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft" and Chapter 3, "Oracle WebLogic Server Deployment and Integration".

1.7.4 WebLogic Server Deployment and Integration

- 1. Start the WebLogic server and open the WebLogic console.
- Deploy the adapter components (ibse.war, iwafjca.war, and iwafjca.rar files) and start the deployed adapter components.

For more information on deployment, integration, and target creation, see Chapter 3, "Oracle WebLogic Server Deployment and Integration".

1.7.5 Creating Configurations, Targets, and Channels in Application Explorer

For more information on creating configurations, targets, and channels in Application Explorer, see the following sections in this user's guide:

- Starting Application Explorer: Section 2.1, "Starting Application Explorer"
- Creating a BSE Configuration: Section 2.3.1, "Creating a Configuration for BSE"
- Creating a J2CA Configuration: Section 2.3.2, "Creating a Configuration for J2CA"

- Connecting the Created Configurations: Section 2.3.3, "Connecting to a BSE or J2CA Configuration"
- Creating and Connecting to Targets: Section 2.4, "Establishing a Connection (Target) for PeopleSoft"
- Creating and Testing Web Services: Section 2.8, "Creating and Testing a Web Service (BSE Configurations Only)"
- Generating WSDL Files: Section 2.7, "Generating a WSDL (J2CA Configurations Only)'
- Creating and Working With Channels: Section 2.9, "Configuring an Event Adapter"

1.7.6 Working With Service Components in the SOA Suite

Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft integrates with service components in SOA suite such as BPEL, Mediator, and BPM. Required processes are created in JDeveloper and then deployed to the SOA server.

For more information on working with BPEL, Mediator, and BPM service components, see:

- Chapter 4, "Integration With BPEL Service Components in the Oracle SOA Suite"
- Chapter 5, "Integration With Mediator Service Components in the Oracle SOA Suite"
- Chapter 6, "Integration With BPM Service Components in the Oracle SOA Suite"

1.7.7 Working With Oracle Service Bus

Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft integrates with Oracle Service Bus (OSB) to facilitate Web service integration. Required processes are created in the Oracle Service Bus Console. The process can also be created in JDeveloper and then deployed to the SOA server.

For more information on working with OSB Console, see Chapter 7, "Configuring Outbound and Inbound Processing Using Oracle Service Bus".

For more information on working with OSB Jdeveloper, see Chapter 8, "Configuring an Outbound and Inbound Process for Oracle Service Bus Using JDeveloper".

1.7.8 Other Features

The following is list of other features and their relevant sections in this user's guide:

- Configuring the Exception Filter: Section 9.1, "Exception Filter"
- Configuring Credential Mapping:
 - Section 9.2, "Credential Mapping for Oracle SOA Suite (BPEL, Mediator, or BPM)"
 - Section 9.3, "Credential Mapping for Oracle Service Bus (OSB)"

Configuring Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft

Oracle Adapter Application Explorer (Application Explorer) enables the processing of Component Interfaces and Messages.

External applications that access PeopleSoft through the adapter use either XML schemas or Web services to pass data between the external application and the adapter. You can use Application Explorer to create the required XML schemas and Web services.

This chapter contains the following topics:

- Section 2.1, "Starting Application Explorer"
- Section 2.2, "Configuring Repository Settings"
- Section 2.3, "Creating a Repository Configuration"
- Section 2.4, "Establishing a Connection (Target) for PeopleSoft"
- Section 2.5, "Viewing Application System Objects"
- Section 2.6, "Creating XML Schemas"
- Section 2.7, "Generating a WSDL (J2CA Configurations Only)"
- Section 2.8, "Creating and Testing a Web Service (BSE Configurations Only)"
- Section 2.9, "Configuring an Event Adapter"

2.1 Starting Application Explorer

To start Application Explorer:

- Ensure that Oracle WebLogic Server is started, which is where Application Explorer is deployed.
- Open the command prompt.
- **3.** Navigate to the following directory:
 - <ADAPTER_HOME>\user_projects\domains\base_domain\bin
- 4. Execute setDomainEnv.cmd (Windows) or . ./setDomainEnv.sh (UNIX/Linux).

This command sets the class path and other environment variables for Application Explorer in the Oracle WebLogic Server environment. In addition, it allows Application Explorer to access the Oracle WebLogic Server APIs to publish WSDL files to the Oracle Service Bus (OSB) Console.

- **5.** Do not close the command prompt.
- Navigate to the following directory:

```
<ADAPTER_HOME>\tools\iwae\bin
```

7. Execute ae.bat (Windows) or iwae.sh (UNIX/Linux) to start Application

Application Explorer starts. You are ready to define new targets to your PeopleSoft system.

Note: Before you run the **iwae.sh** file on UNIX or Linux platforms, the permissions must be changed. For example:

chmod +x iwae.sh

2.2 Configuring Repository Settings

A repository holds information about configuration details, adapter targets, channels, and other configuration information. For more information on how to configure BSE and J2CA repository settings, see the Oracle Fusion Middleware Application Adapters Installation Guide for Oracle WebLogic Server (Section 2.7.4 "Configuring the Oracle Database Repository").

2.3 Creating a Repository Configuration

Before you use Application Explorer with Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft, you must create a repository configuration. You can create two kinds of repository configurations, Web services and J2CA, depending on the container to which the adapter is deployed.

During design time, the repository is used to store metadata created when using Application Explorer to configure adapter connections, browse EIS objects, configure services, and configure listeners to listen for EIS events. The information in the repository is also referenced at run-time.

Web services and BSE refer to the same type of deployment. For more information, see "Adapter Features" on page 1-1.

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 2.3.1, "Creating a Configuration for BSE"
- Section 2.3.2, "Creating a Configuration for J2CA"
- Section 2.3.3, "Connecting to a BSE or J2CA Configuration"

2.3.1 Creating a Configuration for BSE

To create a repository configuration for BSE using Application Explorer, you must first define a new configuration.

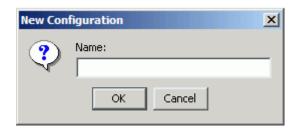
Defining a New Configuration for BSE

To define a new configuration for BSE:

- Start the Application Explorer.
- Right-click **Configurations** and select **New**.

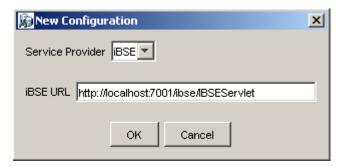
The New Configuration dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 2–1.

Figure 2–1 New Configuration Dialog



Enter a name for the new configuration (for example, myConfig) and click **OK**. The New Configuration dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 2–2.

Figure 2–2 New Configuration Dialog - Service Provider List and iBSE URL



- From the **Service Provider** list, select **iBSE**.
- In the BSE URL field, accept the default URL or replace it with a different URL with the following format:

http://host name:port/ibse/IBSEServlet

Where host name is the system where Oracle WebLogic Server resides and port is the HTTP port for a managed Oracle WebLogic Server (for example, soa_ server1).

6. Click OK.

A node representing the new configuration appears beneath the root Configurations node, as shown in Figure 2–3.

Figure 2–3 New Configuration Node - myConfig



2.3.2 Creating a Configuration for J2CA

To create a configuration for Oracle Adapter J2CA using Application Explorer, you must first define a new configuration.

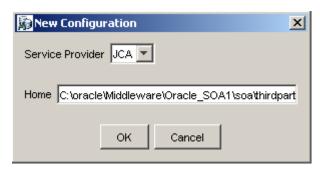
To define a new configuration for J2CA:

1. Start the Application Explorer.

2. Right-click **Configurations** and select **New**.

The New Configuration dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 2–4.

Figure 2-4 New Configuration Dialog



- Enter a name for the new configuration (for example, myConfig) and click **OK**.
- From the **Service Provider** list, select **JCA**.
- Click **OK**.

A node representing the new configuration appears beneath the root Configurations node, as shown in Figure 2–5.

Figure 2–5 New Configuration Node - myConfig



The Oracle Adapter J2CA configuration folder is stored in a location based on your adapter installation:

<ADAPTER_HOME>\config\configuration_name

The configuration_name is the name of the configuration you created (for example, SampleConfig).

2.3.3 Connecting to a BSE or J2CA Configuration

To connect to a new configuration:

- Right-click the configuration to which you want to connect, for example, SampleConfig.
- 2. Select Connect.

Nodes appear for Adapters, Events, and Business Services (also known as Web services). The Business Services node is only available for BSE configurations. If you are connected to a J2CA configuration, then the Business Services node is not shown. As shown in Figure 2–6, the following is an example of a BSE configuration named SampleConfig:

Figure 2–6 The New SampleConfig Configuration That Appears Under The Configurations Node



- Use the **Adapters** node to create inbound interaction with PeopleSoft. For example, you use the PeopleSoft node in the Adapters node to configure a service that updates PeopleSoft.
- Use the Events node (available for J2CA configurations only) to configure listeners that listen for events in PeopleSoft.
- Use the **Business Services** node (available for BSE configurations only) to test Web services created in the Adapters node. You can also control security settings for the Web services by using the security features of the Business Services node.

You can now define new targets to PeopleSoft.

2.4 Establishing a Connection (Target) for PeopleSoft

Part of the application definition includes adding a target for Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft. Setting up the target in Application Explorer requires information that is specific to the target.

To browse PeopleSoft business objects, you must create a target for the system you intend to use. The target serves as your connection point and is automatically saved after you create it. You must establish a connection to this system every time you start Application Explorer or after you disconnect from the system.

When you launch Application Explorer, the left pane displays (as nodes) the application systems supported by Application Explorer, based on the adapters that are installed.

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 2.4.1, "Defining a Target to PeopleSoft"
- Section 2.4.2, "Connecting to a Defined PeopleSoft Target"
- Section 2.4.3, "Managing a Target"

2.4.1 Defining a Target to PeopleSoft

To connect to PeopleSoft for the first time, you must define a new target. Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft supports PeopleSoft standard security, in addition to component interface-level security. Once connected to the PeopleSoft application server, application security is managed by user ID, roles and privileges. For more information on PeopleSoft application security, see the appropriate PeopleSoft documentation.

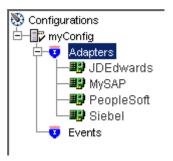
When you define a new target, you must restart the Oracle WebLogic Server to update the repository for run time purposes.

To define a target:

1. In the left pane, expand the **Adapters** node.

The applications systems supported by Application Explorer appear as nodes based on the adapters that are installed, as shown in Figure 2–7.

Figure 2-7 Adapters List



Right-click the **PeopleSoft** node and select **Add Target**.

The Add Target dialog is displayed. Provide the following information:

- **a.** In the **Name** field, enter a descriptive name for the target, for example, PSoftTarget.
- **b.** In the **Description** field, enter a description for the target (optional).
- From the **Target Type** list, select **Application Server**. This is the only possible value for target type.

Click **OK**.

The Application Server dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 2–8. You must specify connection information for PeopleSoft and the application server that is hosting PeopleSoft.

Figure 2-8 Application Server Dialog



Provide the following information:

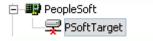
- In the **Application Server** field, enter the host name or IP address for the computer that is hosting the PeopleSoft application.
- **b.** In the **Port** field, enter the port number where the PeopleSoft application is listening.
- **c.** In the **User** field, enter a valid user ID for the PeopleSoft application.

d. In the **Password** field, enter a valid password for the PeopleSoft application.

Click **OK**.

In the left pane, the new target (**PSoftTarget**) appears the PeopleSoft node, as shown in Figure 2–9.

Figure 2–9 Disconnected PeopleSoft Target Node



You are ready to connect to your PeopleSoft target.

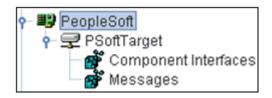
2.4.2 Connecting to a Defined PeopleSoft Target

To connect to an existing target:

- In the left pane, expand the **Adapters** node.
- Expand the **PeopleSoft** node.
- **3.** Click the target name (for example, **PSoftTarget**) under the PeopleSoft node. The Connection dialog displays the values you entered for connection parameters.
- Verify your connection parameters.
- Right-click the target name and select **Connect**.

The x icon disappears, indicating that the node is connected. A list of PeopleSoft business objects is displayed, as shown in Figure 2–10.

Figure 2-10 PeopleSoft Business Objects



2.4.3 Managing a Target

Although you can maintain multiple open connections to different transaction processing systems, it is recommended that you disconnect from connections not in use. After you disconnect, you can modify an existing target.

You can modify the connection parameters when your system properties change. You also can delete a target. The following procedures describe how to disconnect from a target, edit a target, and delete a target.

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 2.4.3.1, "Disconnecting from a Connection to PeopleSoft"
- Section 2.4.3.2, "Modifying Connection Parameters"
- Section 2.4.3.3, "Deleting a Connection to PeopleSoft"

2.4.3.1 Disconnecting from a Connection to PeopleSoft

To disconnect from a connection to PeopleSoft:

- **1.** Expand the **Adapters** node.
- Expand the **PeopleSoft** node.
- Right-click the target to which you are connected (for example, PSoftTarget), and select **Disconnect**, as shown in Figure 2–11.

Figure 2-11 Disconnect



Disconnecting from PeopleSoft drops the connection with PeopleSoft, but the node remains.

The x icon appears, indicating that the node is disconnected, as shown in Figure 2–12.

Figure 2–12 Disconnected PeopleSoft Target Node



2.4.3.2 Modifying Connection Parameters

After you create a target for PeopleSoft using Application Explorer, you can edit any of the information that you provided previously.

When modify connection parameters for a defined target, you must restart the Oracle WebLogic Server to update the repository for run time purposes.

To edit a target:

- Verify that the target you want to edit is disconnected.
- Right-click the target and select **Edit**, as shown in Figure 2–13.

Figure 2-13 PSoftTarget Node Menu



The Application Server dialog displays the target connection information.

3. Change the properties in the dialog as required and click **OK**.

2.4.3.3 Deleting a Connection to PeopleSoft

You can delete a connection, rather than just disconnecting and closing it. When you delete the connection, the node disappears from the list of PeopleSoft connections in the left pane of Application Explorer.

When you delete a connection, you must restart the Oracle WebLogic Server to update the repository for run time purposes.

To delete a connection to PeopleSoft:

- Locate the target you want to delete.
- Right-click the target (for example, PsoftTarget), and select **Delete**, as shown in Figure 2–14.

Figure 2-14 PSoftTarget Node - Delete Option



The node disappears from the list of available connections.

2.5 Viewing Application System Objects

After you are connected to PeopleSoft, Application Explorer enables you to explore and browse business object metadata. For example, Application Explorer enables you to view PeopleSoft Component Interface and Message metadata stored in the PeopleSoft business object repository.

To view application system objects:

1. Click the icon to the left of the target name, for example, PSoftTarget. The target expands and the available system objects are displayed, as shown in Figure 2–15.

Figure 2–15 PSoftTarget Node Objects



To expand the desired PeopleSoft repository node, click the icon to the left of the repository name, for example, Component Interfaces.

A list of PeopleSoft Component Interfaces appears. You can now generate schemas.

2.6 Creating XML Schemas

After you browse the PeopleSoft business object repository, you can generate XML request and response schemas for the object you want to use with your adapter.

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 2.6.1, "Creating XML Request and Response Schemas Against BSE"
- Section 2.6.2, "Creating XML Request and Response Schemas Against the Oracle Adapter J2CA"

2.6.1 Creating XML Request and Response Schemas Against BSE

To create XML request and response schemas for a PeopleSoft Component Interface against a BSE implementation:

- **1.** Expand the PeopleSoft node and then, expand the **Component Interfaces** node.
- **2.** From the list of **Component Interfaces**, select **LOCATION**.
- **3.** Navigate to and right-click an operation.
- **4.** Click the **Request Schema** or **Response Schema** tab to view the request or response schema information.

The schema you selected is displayed.

After you browse the Component Interfaces and make a selection, the request and response XML schemas are automatically created for that Component Interface and stored in the repository you created.

2.6.2 Creating XML Request and Response Schemas Against the Oracle Adapter J2CA

To create XML request and response schemas for a PeopleSoft Component Interface against an Oracle Adapter J2CA implementation:

- Expand the **PeopleSoft** node and then, expand the **Component Interfaces** node.
- From the list of **Component Interfaces**, select **LOCATION**.
- Navigate to and right-click an operation.
- **4.** Click the **Request Schema** or **Response Schema** tab to view the request or response schema information.

The schema you selected is displayed.

After you browse the Component Interfaces and make a selection, the request and response XML schemas are automatically created for that Component Interface and stored in the repository you created.

2.7 Generating a WSDL (J2CA Configurations Only)

The Web Service Definition Language (WSDL) description of a service enables you to make the service available to other services within a host server. You use Application Explorer to create both request-response (outbound) and event notification (inbound) JCA services of the adapter.

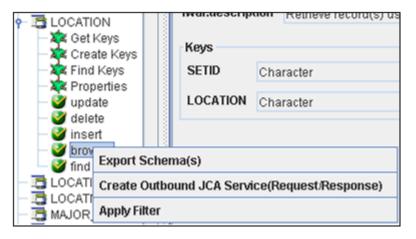
Note: The **Create Inbound JCA Service (Event)** option is only available when the selected node supports events.

Note: PeopleSoft Component Interfaces only support services. As a result, only outbound WSDL files can be generated.

To generate a WSDL file for request-response service:

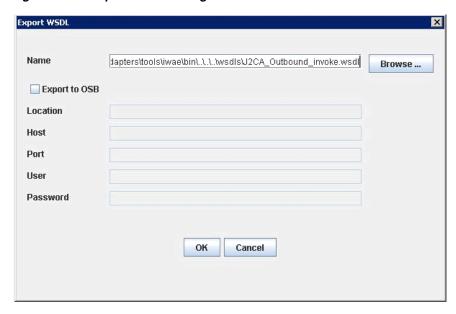
After you create a schema, right-click the respective object. The options are displayed, as shown in Figure 2–16.

Figure 2–16 Create Outbound JCA Service (Request/Response) Option



2. Select Create Outbound JCA Service (Request/Response). The Export WSDL dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 2–17.

Figure 2–17 Export WSDL Dialog



Accept the default name for the file.

The .wsdl file extension is added automatically. By default, the names of WSDL files generated for request-response services end with _invoke, while those generated for event notification end with _receive.

4. Click OK.

The WSDL file is saved in the specified location.

The procedure for generating WSDL for event notification is similar to request-response. To generate WSDL for event notification, you must first create a channel for every event.

2.8 Creating and Testing a Web Service (BSE Configurations Only)

You can create Web services (also known as a **business service**) using Application Explorer. The PeopleSoft Component Interface called LOCATION is used as an example in the following procedure.

Note: In a J2EE Connector Architecture (J2CA) implementation of adapters, Web services are not available. When the adapters are deployed to use Oracle Adapter J2CA, the Common Client Interface provides integration services using the adapters.

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 2.8.1, "Creating a Web Service"
- Section 2.8.2, "Testing a Web Service"
- Section 2.8.3, "Identity Propagation"

2.8.1 Creating a Web Service

To create a Web service, perform the following steps:

- Connect the created PeopleSoft target under the BSE configuration and expand the Component Interfaces node.
- **2.** From the list of **Component Interfaces**, select **LOCATION**.
- Right-click the node from which you want to create a business service and select Create Web Service.

The Create Web Service dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 2–18.

Figure 2–18 Create Web Service Dialog



You can add the business function as a method for a new Web service or as a method for an existing one. Perform the following steps:

- From the **Existing Service Names** list, select either **<new service>** or an existing service.
- If you are creating a new service, then specify a service name. This name identifies the Web service in the list of services under the **Business** Services node.
- Enter a brief description for the service (optional).

4. Click Next.

The license and method dialog is displayed.

Perform the following steps:

- **a.** In the License Name field, select one or more license codes to assign to the Web service. To select more than one, hold down the Ctrl key and click the
- **b.** In the **Method Name** field, leave the default method name.
- **c.** In the **Method Description** field, enter a brief description of the method (optional).
- The **DTD Directory** field specifies a destination for your Web service. You may click **Browse** to change the default location.

Click **OK**. 5.

Application Explorer switches the view to the **Business Services** node, and the new Web service appears in the left pane.

- Right-click the new Web service and select **Save WSDL** from the menu.
 - The Save dialog is displayed.
- 7. Provide a name for the WSDL file and a location to save the WSDL file on your file system.
- Click Save.

2.8.2 Testing a Web Service

After a Web service is created, you can test it to ensure that it functions properly. A test tool is provided for testing the Web service.

To test a business service:

- Click the **Business Services** node to access your Web services.
- Expand the **Services** node.
- **3.** Select the name of the business service you want to test.

The business service name appears as a link in the right pane.

- In the right pane, click the named business services link.
 - The test option appears in a separate BSE Servlet page. If you are testing a Web service that requires XML input, then an input field appears.
- **5.** Enter the appropriate input.
- Click Invoke.

The BSE Servlet page displays the results.

2.8.3 Identity Propagation

If you test or execute a Web service using a third party XML editor, for example XMLSPY, then the user name and password values that you specify in the SOAP header must be valid and are used to connect to PeopleSoft. The user name and password values that you provided for PeopleSoft during target creation using Application Explorer are overwritten for this Web service request. The following is a sample SOAP header that is included in the WSDL file for a Web service:

```
<SOAP-ENV:Header>
  <m:ibsinfo xmlns:m="urn:schemas-iwaysoftware-com:iwse">
   <m:service>String</m:service>
    <m:method>String</m:method>
   <m:license>String</m:license>
   <m:disposition>String</m:disposition>
   <m:Username>String</m:Username>
   <m:Password>String</m:Password>
    <m:language>String</m:language>
  </m:ibsinfo>
</SOAP-ENV:Header>
```

You can remove the <m:disposition> and <m:language> tags from the SOAP header, since they are not required.

2.9 Configuring an Event Adapter

Events are generated by activity in an application system. You can use events to trigger an action in your application. For example, PeopleSoft may generate an event when customer information is updated. If your application performs an action when this happens, then your application is a consumer of this event.

Note: BSE configurations do not support events.

After you create a connection to your application system, you can add events using Application Explorer. To create an event, you must create a channel.

Note: If you are using a J2CA configuration, then you must create a new channel for every event object and select this channel when you generate WSDL. Creating a channel is required for J2CA configurations only.

A channel represents configured connections to particular instances of back-end systems. For more information, see "Creating and Editing a Channel" on page 2-14.

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 2.9.1, "Creating and Editing a Channel"
- Section 2.9.2, "Schema Validation"

2.9.1 Creating and Editing a Channel

This section describes how to create a channel for your event. All defined event ports must be associated with a channel.

When you create, modify, or delete a channel, you must restart the Oracle WebLogic Server to recognize the change and update the repository for run time purposes.

Note: If using a J2CA configuration, then you must create a new channel for every event and select this channel when creating an inbound service. Creating a channel is required for J2CA configurations only.

You can create the following types of channels using Application Explorer:

HTTP

It is recommended to use HTTP channels with PeopleTools Version 8.4.

TCP

It is recommended to use TCP channels with PeopleTools Version 8.1.

File

It is recommended to use File channels for testing purposes only. Do not use File channels in a production environment.

Note: Channels can be configured and started only on the system where the Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft is installed. Configuring and starting a channel for a remote host is not supported.

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 2.9.1.1, "Creating an HTTP Channel"
- Section 2.9.1.2, "Creating a TCP Channel"
- Section 2.9.1.3, "Creating a File Channel"
- Section 2.9.1.4, "Editing a Channel"
- Section 2.9.1.5, "Deleting a Channel"

2.9.1.1 Creating an HTTP Channel

To create an HTTP Channel:

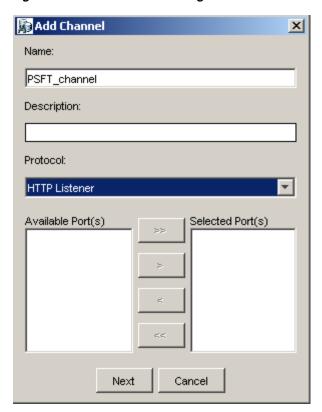
- **1.** Click the **Events** node.
- Expand the **PeopleSoft** node.

The ports and channels nodes appear in the left pane.

Right-click **Channels** and select **Add Channel**.

The Add Channel dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 2–19.

Figure 2–19 Add Channel Dialog

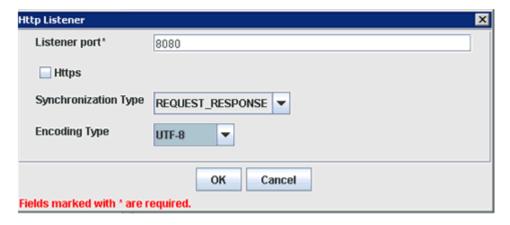


Provide the following information:

- Enter a name for the channel, for example, **PSFT_channel**.
- Enter a brief description.
- From the **Protocol** list, select **HTTP Listener**.
- 4. Click Next.

The Http Listener dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 2–20.

Figure 2-20 Http Listener Dialog



Enter the system information as specified in the following table:

Parameter	Description
Listener port	Port on which to listen for PeopleSoft event data.
Https	For a secure HTTP connection, select the Https check box.
	This option is currently not supported.
	Choose from the following synchronization options:
Туре	REQUEST_RESPONSE
	REQUEST_ACK
	Important: The PeopleSoft channel does not work if the synchronization type is set to REQUEST.
Encoding Type	Choose an encoding type to be used from the list. By default, ASCII is selected.

6. Click OK.

A summary pane is displayed, providing the channel description, channel status, and available ports. All the information is associated with the channel you created.

The channel appears under the channels node in the left pane.

An X over the icon indicates that the channel is currently disconnected. You must start the channel to activate your event configuration.

Note: If you are planning to integrate Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft with BPM, BPEL, Mediator, or OSB inbound process components, then do not start the channel. The channel is managed by the run-time server after the BPM, BPEL, Mediator, or OSB process component is deployed. If you start the channel from Application Explorer for testing and debugging purposes, then stop it before run-time (when working with BPM, BPEL, Mediator, or OSB process components).

Right-click the channel and select **Start**.

The channel you created becomes active. The X over the icon in the left pane disappears.

To stop the channel, right-click the channel and select **Stop**.

2.9.1.2 Creating a TCP Channel

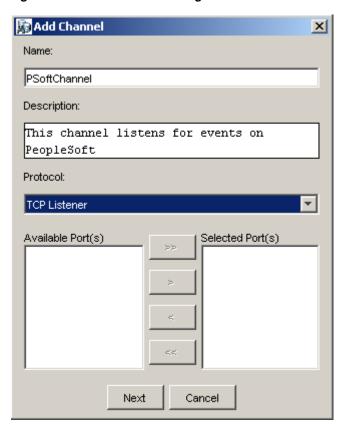
- Click the **Events** node.
- Expand the **PeopleSoft** node.

The ports and channels nodes appear in the left pane.

Right-click **Channels** and select **Add Channel**.

The Add Channel dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 2–21.

Figure 2-21 Add Channel Dialog

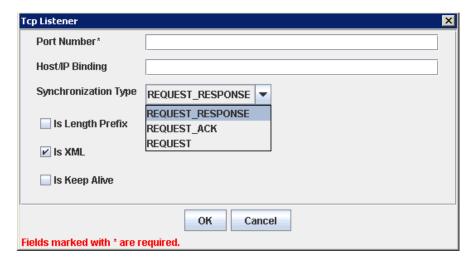


Perform the following steps:

- Enter a name for the channel, for example, PSoftChannel.
- Enter a brief description.
- **c.** From the **Protocol** list, select **TCP Listener**.
- 4. Click Next.

The Tcp Listener dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 2–22.

Figure 2–22 TCP Listener Dialog



Provide the following information:

- In the **Port Number** field, specify the port number for your TCP listener (required).
- **b.** In the **Host/IP Binding** field, specify the host IP for your TCP listener (optional).

Note: Channels can be configured and started only on the system where the Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft is installed. Configuring and starting a channel for a remote host is not supported.

c. From the **Synchronization Type** list, select from the following synchronization type options:

REQUEST_RESPONSE

REQUEST_ACK

REOUEST

Important: The PeopleSoft channel only works with one of these synchronization types.

- **Is Length Prefix** check box: For PeopleSoft events that return data that is not in XML format. The TCP/IP event application must prefix the data with a 4-byte binary length field when writing data to the TCP/IP port.
- Is XML check box: For PeopleSoft events that return data in XML format. No preparser is required.
- Is Keep Alive check box: Maintains continuous communication between the event transaction and the channel.
- Click **OK**.

The channel appears under the Channels node in the left pane, as shown in Figure 2–23.

Figure 2–23 Inactive PeopleSoft Channel Node



An X over the icon indicates that the channel is currently disconnected. You must start the channel to activate your event configuration.

Note: If you are planning to integrate Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft with BPM, BPEL, OSB inbound or Mediator inbound process components, then do not start the channel. The channel is managed by the run-time server after the BPM, BPEL, OSB, or Mediator process component is deployed. If you start the channel from Application Explorer for testing and debugging purposes, then stop it before run-time (when working with BPM, BPEL, OSB, or Mediator process components).

6. Right-click the channel node and select **Start**. The channel becomes active, as shown in Figure 2–24.

Figure 2-24 Active PeopleSoft Channel Node



The X over the icon disappears.

7. To stop the channel, right-click the connected channel node and select **Stop**. The channel becomes inactive and an X appears over the icon.

2.9.1.3 Creating a File Channel

To create a channel for the File listener:

- 1. Click the Events node.
- **2.** In the left pane, expand the **PeopleSoft** node. The ports and channels nodes appear.
- **3.** Right-click **Channels** and select **Add Channel**. The Add Channel dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 2–25.

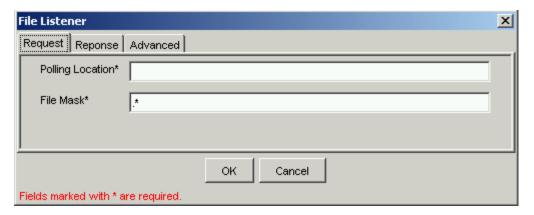
Figure 2-25 Add Channel Dialog



Perform the following steps:

- Enter a name for the channel, for example, **NewFileChannel**.
- Enter a brief description (optional).
- **c.** From the **Protocol** list, select **File Listener**.
- Click Next.
- The File Listener dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 2–26.

Figure 2–26 File Listener Dialog



Enter the system information as follows:

a. In the **Request** tab, enter values for the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Polling Location	Target file system location for the PeopleSoft XML file.
File Mask	File name to be used for the output file generated by the operation.

b. In the **Response** tab, enter values for the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Synchronization Type	Choose from the following synchronization options:
	 REQUEST_RESPONSE
	REQUEST_ACK
	Important: The PeopleSoft channel does not work if the synchronization type is set to REQUEST.
Response/Ack Directory	Target file system location for the PeopleSoft XML file.

c. In the **Advanced** tab, enter values for the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Error directory	Directory to which documents with errors are written.
Poll interval (msec)	Interval (in milliseconds) when to check for new input. The default is three seconds. Optional.
Processing Mode	Sequential indicates single processing of requests.
	Threaded indicates processing of multiple requests simultaneously.
Thread limit	If you selected threaded processing, then indicate the maximum number of requests that can be processed simultaneously.

6. Click OK.

A summary pane is displayed, providing the channel description and channel status. All the information is associated with the channel you created.

The channel appears under the channels node in the left pane. An X over the icon indicates that the channel is currently disconnected. You must start the channel to activate your event configuration.

Note: If you are planning to integrate Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft with BPEL inbound or Mediator inbound process components, then do not start the channel. The channel is managed by the run-time server after the BPEL or Mediator process component is deployed. If you start the channel from Application Explorer for testing and debugging purposes, then stop it before run-time (when working with BPEL or Mediator process components).

7. Right-click the channel and select **Start**.

The channel you created becomes active. The X over the icon in the left pane disappears.

To stop the channel, right-click the channel and select **Stop**.

2.9.1.4 Editing a Channel

You must stop the channel before you can edit it. When you edit the channel, you must also restart the Oracle WebLogic Server to update the repository for run time purposes. To edit a channel:

- In the left pane, locate the channel you want to edit.
- Right-click the channel and select **Edit**. The Edit channels pane is displayed.
- **3.** Make the required changes to the channel configuration and click **Finish**.

2.9.1.5 Deleting a Channel

You must stop the channel before you can delete it. When you delete the channel, you must also restart the Oracle WebLogic Server to update the repository for run time purposes. To delete a channel:

- 1. In the left pane, locate the channel you want to delete.
- Right-click the channel and select **Delete**.

The channel disappears from the list in the left pane.

2.9.2 Schema Validation

Root validation, namespace validation, and schema validation for inbound processing (events) are supported for the Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft.

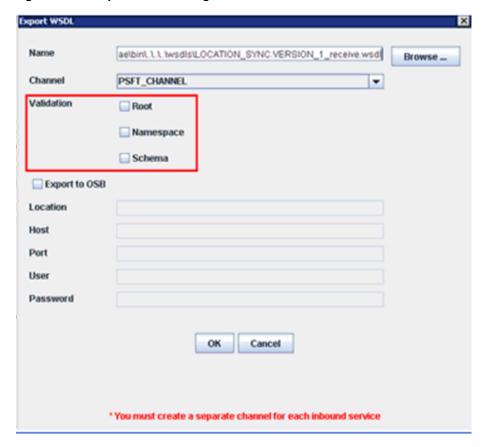
To validate inbound processing using the Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft, perform the following steps. This procedure uses the LOCATION_SYNC.VERSION_1 PeopleSoft Message as an example for inbound processing.

- Start Application Explorer.
- Connect to the PeopleSoft target.
- Expand the **Messages** node.
- Verify that you have already created a channel for the PeopleSoft adapter.

Right-click the LOCATION_SYNC.VERSION_1 node and select Create Inbound **ICA** Service (event).

The Export WSDL dialog opens and includes three check boxes for Root, Namespace, and Schema validation, as shown in Figure 2–27.

Figure 2-27 Export WSDL Dialog



- Selection of multiple validation options is allowed.
- Root validation is used to validate the root element in the inbound XML document.
- Namespace validation is used to validate the namespace in the inbound XML document.
- Schema validation is used to validate the inbound XML document with the schema in the WSDL document.
- During run time, validation is processed based on the validation options that are selected.
- If more than one validation option is selected, during run time if the first validation option fails, then the remaining validation options are not processed.
- Root and namespace validations are considered modest levels of validation. Schema validation is a stricter validation level.
- It is recommended to use root and namespace validation options together, unless the root element and namespace are different between the Messages in the PeopleSoft environment.

- **6.** Generate the WSDL document and create the BPEL, Mediator, BPM, or OSB process.
- **7.** Trigger the transactions (Messages) from the PeopleTools environment.

Oracle WebLogic Server Deployment and Integration

This chapter describes Oracle WebLogic Server (OracleWLS) deployment and integration with Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft.

This chapter contains the following topics:

- Section 3.1, "Adapter Integration with Oracle WebLogic Server"
- Section 3.2, "Deployment of Adapter"
- Section 3.3, "Updating Adapter Configuration"

See Also:

Oracle Application Server Adapter Concepts Guide

3.1 Adapter Integration with Oracle WebLogic Server

Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft is deployed within an OracleWLS container during installation. All client applications run within the OracleWLS environment. In J2CA deployment, the Common Client Interface (CCI) integrates an OracleWLS client application with a resource adapter.

3.2 Deployment of Adapter

Figure 3–1 shows deployment of the J2CA Connector to the Oracle Application Server. In a run-time service scenario, an Enterprise Java Bean, servlet, or Java program client makes CCI calls to J2CA resource adapters. The adapters process the calls as requests and send them to the EIS. The EIS response is then sent back to the client.

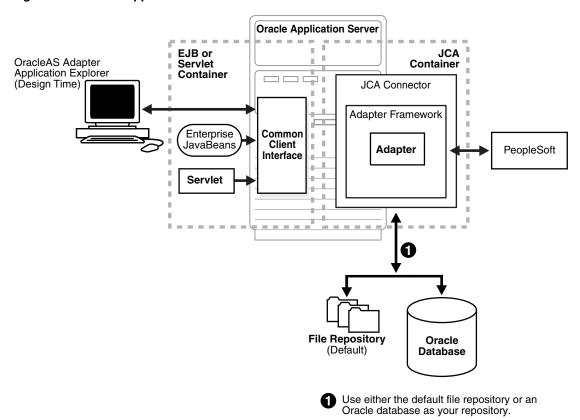


Figure 3–1 Oracle Application Server J2CA Architecture

3.3 Updating Adapter Configuration

During the J2CA deployment of Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft, OracleWLS generates a deployment descriptor called ra.xml, located in:

<ADAPTER_HOME>\iwafjca.rar\META-INF

Your installation contains more than one file named ra.xml. The OracleWLS deployment descriptor that is described in this section is located in the directory specified above.

> **Note:** Multiple managed connection factories are supported only for outbound processing (services).

This topic contains the following sections:

- Section 3.3.1, "Creating a Managed Connector Factory Object"
- Section 3.3.2, "Creating Multiple Managed Connector Factory Objects"
- Section 3.3.3, "Modifying WSDL Files for Additional Connection Factory Values"

3.3.1 Creating a Managed Connector Factory Object

The ra.xml descriptor provides OracleWLS-specific deployment information for resource adapters. For example, the jca_sample configuration in Application Explorer is represented in the ra.xml file as follows:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE connector PUBLIC '-//Sun Microsystems, Inc.//DTD Connector 1.0//EN'
'http://java.sun.com/dtd/connector_1_0.dtd'>
<connector>
  <display-name>IWAFJCA10</display-name>
 <vendor-name>IWAY Software
  <spec-version>1.0</spec-version>
 <eis-type>IWAF</eis-type>
  <version>1.0</version>
  clicense>
   <license-required>false</license-required>
 </license>
 <resourceadanter>
<managedconnectionfactory-class>com.ibi.afjca.spi.IWAFManagedConnectionFactory</ma</pre>
nagedconnectionfactory-class>
<connectionfactory-interface>javax.resource.cci.ConnectionFactory</connectionfacto</pre>
ry-interface>
<connectionfactory-impl-class>com.ibi.afjca.cci.IWAFConnectionFactory</connectionf</pre>
actory-impl-class>
    <connection-interface>javax.resource.cci.Connection/connection-interface>
<connection-impl-class>com.ibi.afjca.cci.IWAFConnection/connection-impl-class>
   <transaction-support>NoTransaction/transaction-support>
   <config-property>
      <config-property-name>AdapterName/config-property-name>
      <config-property-type>java.lang.String</config-property-type>
      <config-property-value></config-property-value>
   </config-property>
   <config-property>
      <config-property-name>Config</config-property-name>
      <config-property-type>java.lang.String</config-property-type>
      <config-property-value></config-property-value>
   </config-property>
   <config-property>
      <config-property-name>IWayHome</config-property-name>
      <config-property-type>java.lang.String</config-property-type>
      <config-property-value>C:\oracle\Middleware\Oracle_
SOA1\soa\thirdparty\ApplicationAdapters</config-property-value>
   </config-property>
   <config-property>
      <config-property-name>IWayConfig</config-property-name>
      <config-property-type>java.lang.String</config-property-type>
      <config-property-value>jca_sample</config-property-value>
    </config-property>
    <config-property>
      <config-property-name>IWayRepoDriver</config-property-name>
      <config-property-type>java.lang.String</config-property-type>
      <config-property-value></config-property-value>
   </config-property>
    <config-property>
      <config-property-name>IWayRepoURL</config-property-name>
      <config-property-type>java.lang.String</config-property-type>
      <config-property-value></config-property-value>
    </config-property>
    <config-property>
      <config-property-name>IWayRepoUser</config-property-name>
      <config-property-type>java.lang.String</config-property-type>
```

```
<config-property-value></config-property-value>
   </config-property>
    <config-property>
     <config-property-name>IWayRepoPassword</config-property-name>
      <config-property-type>java.lang.String</config-property-type>
     <config-property-value></config-property-value>
   </config-property>
    <config-property>
      <config-property-name>LogLevel</config-property-name>
      <config-property-type>java.lang.String</config-property-type>
      <config-property-value>DEBUG</config-property-value>
   </config-property>
    <authentication-mechanism>
      \verb|-authentication-mechanism-type>| Basic Password </authentication-mechanism-type>|
<credential-interface>javax.resource.spi.security.PasswordCredential/credential-i
   </authentication-mechanism>
   <reauthentication-support>true</reauthentication-support>
 </resourceadapter>
</connector>
```

The parameters defined in the ra.xml file are described in the following table:

Parameter Name	Description
IWayHome	The base installation directory for the OracleWLS packaged application adapter.
IWayConfig	The adapter configuration name as defined in Application Explorer. For example, Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft has a preconfigured jca_sample configuration in Application Explorer.
IWayRepoURL	The URL to use when opening a connection to the database. This is necessary only when using an Oracle database as the repository.
IWayRepoUser	User name to use when connecting to the database. This is necessary only when using an Oracle database as the repository.
IWayRepoPassword	Password. If provided, it overwrites configuration. This is necessary only when using an Oracle database as the repository.
loglevel	It overwrites the level set by the ManagedConnectorFactory property.

3.3.2 Creating Multiple Managed Connector Factory Objects

To establish multiple managed connector factory objects, you must edit the weblogic-ra.xml file and add more <connection-instance> nodes. This file is located in:

```
<ADAPTER_HOME>\iwafjca.rar\META-INF
```

For example, the first jca_configuration in Application Explorer is represented in the weblogic-ra.xml file as follows:

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<weblogic-connector xmlns="http://www.bea.com/ns/weblogic/90">
```

```
<enable-access-outside-app>true</enable-access-outside-app>
    <enable-global-access-to-classes>true/enable-global-access-to-classes>
    <outbound-resource-adapter>
        <default-connection-properties>
        <pool-params>
        <initial-capacity>0</initial-capacity>
        </pool-params>
        <transaction-support>LocalTransaction/transaction-support>
        </default-connection-properties>
        <connection-definition-group>
<connection-factory-interface>javax.resource.cci.ConnectionFactory/connection-fac
tory-interface>
           <connection-instance>
                <jndi-name>eis/OracleJCAAdapter/DefaultConnection</jndi-name>
            </connection-instance>
        </connection-definition-group>
    </outbound-resource-adapter>
</weblogic-connector>
To create multiple managed connector factory objects, you must add new
<connection-instance> nodes in the file. For example:
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<weblogic-connector xmlns="http://www.bea.com/ns/weblogic/90">
    <enable-access-outside-app>true</enable-access-outside-app>
    <enable-global-access-to-classes>true</enable-global-access-to-classes>
    <outbound-resource-adapter>
        <default-connection-properties>
        <pool-params>
        <initial-capacity>0</initial-capacity>
        </pool-params>
        <transaction-support>LocalTransaction/transaction-support>
        </default-connection-properties>
        <connection-definition-group>
<connection-factory-interface>javax.resource.cci.ConnectionFactory/connection-fac
tory-interface>
            <connection-instance>
                <jndi-name>eis/OracleJCAAdapter/DefaultConnection</jndi-name>
            </connection-instance>
            <connection-instance>
                <jndi-name>eis/OracleJCAAdapter/DefaultConnection1</jndi-name>
                <connection-properties>
                properties>
                cproperty>
<name>IWayHome</name>
<value>C:\oracle\Middleware\Oracle_SOA1\soa\thirdparty\ApplicationAdapters</value>
                </property>
                cproperty>
                <name>IWayConfig</name>
                <value>jca_sample2</value>
                </property>
                cproperty>
    <name>IWayRepoURL</name>
    <value></value>
                </property>
                cproperty>
      <name>IWayRepoUser</name>
```

```
<value></value>
               </property>
               operty>
     <name>IWayRepoPassword</name>
     <value></value>
               </propert.v>
               opertv>
     <name>LogLevel</name>
      <value>Debug</value>
               </property>
               </properties>
               </connection-properties>
            </connection-instance>
         </connection-definition-group>
   </outbound-resource-adapter>
</weblogic-connector>
```

section, the value is taken from the ra.xml file. You can specify the default properties in the ra.xml file and then override them as required in the weblogic-ra.xml file. In addition, note that the J2CA configuration (for example, jca_sample2) must already be created in Application Explorer.

Note: When you modify the ra.xml and weblogic-ra.xml files, the application server must be restarted. If the application server is already running, stop the application server and then restart it.

In addition, the iwafjca.rar file must be redeployed in the Oracle WebLogic Administration Console to activate these changes.

3.3.3 Modifying WSDL Files for Additional Connection Factory Values

Application Explorer generates the J2CA properties file using the default connection factory name eis/OracleJCAAdapter/DefaultConnection. If you created additional connection factories, the WSDLs generated for the additional configuration and connection factory should be changed to reflect the location field of the jca: address section in the J2CA properties file. The default J2CA properties file for the Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft with a configuration of isdsrv2_ conn2 is shown in the following example.

Notice that the J2CA properties file has the following default connection factory: eis/OracleJCAAdapter/DefaultConnection

```
<jca:address location="eis/OracleJCAAdapter/DefaultConnection"</pre>
        ConnectionSpec="com.ibi.afjca.cci.IWAFConnectionSpec"
        cs.AdapterName="PeopleSoft" cs.Config="isdsrv2_conn2"
UIConnectionName="Connection1"/>
```

The connection factory value must be changed to the following: eis/OracleJCAAdapter/DefaultConnection1

For example:

```
<jca:address location="eis/OracleJCAAdapter/DefaultConnection1"</pre>
                        ConnectionSpec="com.ibi.afjca.cci.IWAFConnectionSpec"
                        cs.AdapterName="PeopleSoft" cs.Config="isdsrv2_conn2"
UIConnectionName="Connection1"/>
```

Note that only the value for the location field in the $\verb"jca:address"$ section should be modified. Do not modify any other field or section.

Updating Adapter Configuration

Integration With BPEL Service Components in the Oracle SOA Suite

Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft integrates seamlessly with Oracle Business Process Execution Language (BPEL) Process Manager to facilitate Web service integration. Oracle BPEL Process Manager is based on the Service-Oriented Architecture (SOA). It consumes adapter services exposed as Web Service Definition Language (WSDL) documents.

This chapter contains the following topics:

- Section 4.1, "Overview"
- Section 4.2, "Deployment of Adapter"
- Section 4.3, "Configuring a New Application Server Connection"
- Section 4.4, "Designing an Outbound BPEL Process for Service Integration (J2CA Configuration)"
- Section 4.5, "Designing an Inbound BPEL Process for Event Integration (J2CA Configuration)"
- Section 4.6, "Designing an Outbound BPEL Process for Service Integration (BSE Configuration)"

4.1 Overview

To integrate with Oracle SOA Suite, Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft must be deployed in the same WLS container as Oracle BPEL Process Manager. The underlying adapter services must be exposed as WSDL files, which are generated during design time in Oracle Application Adapter Application Explorer (Application Explorer) for both request-response (outbound) and event notification (inbound) services of the adapter. For more information, see Chapter 2, "Configuring Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft".

The generated WSDL files are used to design the appropriate BPEL processes for inbound or outbound adapter services. A completed BPEL process must be successfully compiled in JDeveloper and deployed to a SOA server. Upon deployment to the SOA server, every newly built process is automatically deployed to the Oracle Enterprise Manager Console, where you run, monitor, and administer BPEL processes, and listen to adapter events.

4.2 Deployment of Adapter

During installation, Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft is deployed as a J2CA 1.0 resource adapter within the WLS container. The adapter must be deployed in the same WLS container as Oracle BPEL Process Manager.

4.3 Configuring a New Application Server Connection

To configure a new Application Server connection in Oracle JDeveloper:

- Open Oracle JDeveloper on your system.
- From the menu bar, click Window and select Application Server Navigator, as shown in Figure 4–1.

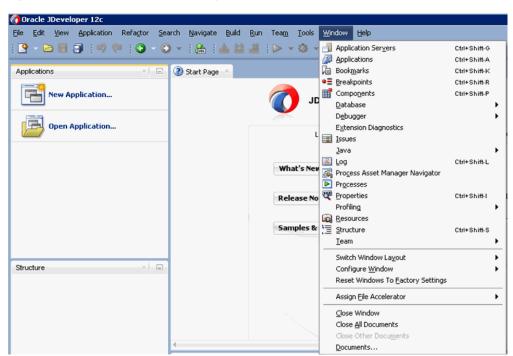
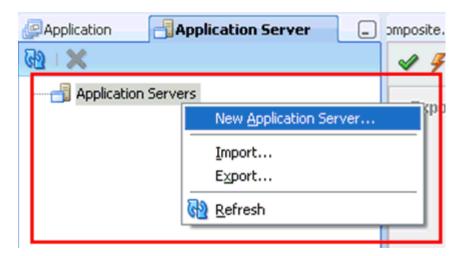


Figure 4–1 Application Server Navigator

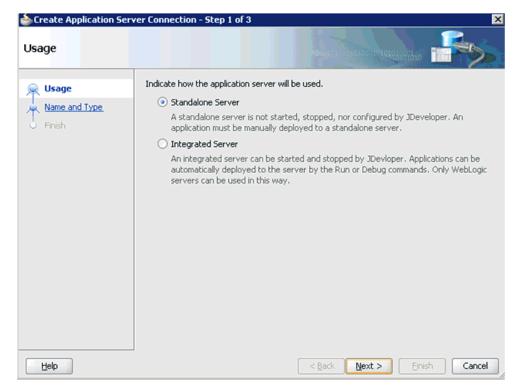
The Application Server tab is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–2.

Figure 4-2 Application Server Tab



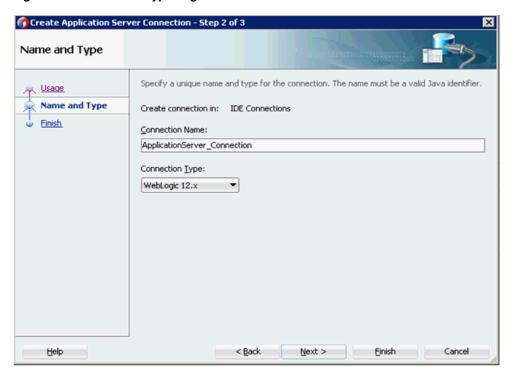
Right-click **Application Servers** and select **New Application Server**. The Create Application Server Connection Wizard is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–3.

Figure 4–3 Create Application Server Connection Wizard



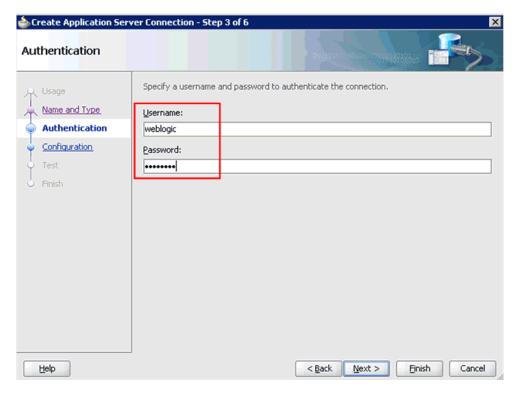
Accept the default selection (Standalone Server) and click **Next**. The Name and Type page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–4.

Figure 4–4 Name and Type Page



5. Specify a new name for the Application Server connection and click **Next**. The Authentication page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–5.

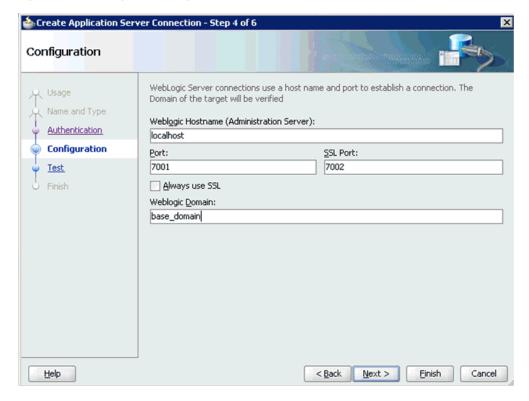
Figure 4–5 Authentication Page



- Specify a valid user name (for example, weblogic) and a password (for example, welcome1) for your new connection.
- **7.** Click **Next**.

The Configuration page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–6.

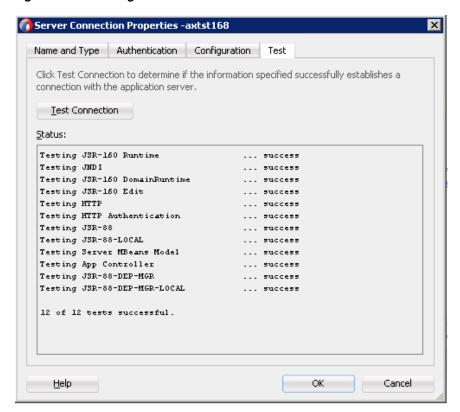
Figure 4–6 Configuration Page



- Specify the Oracle WebLogic host name (for example, localhost), which is the system IP where the process must deploy and Oracle WebLogic domain (for example, base_domain).
- Click **Next**.

The Test page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–7.

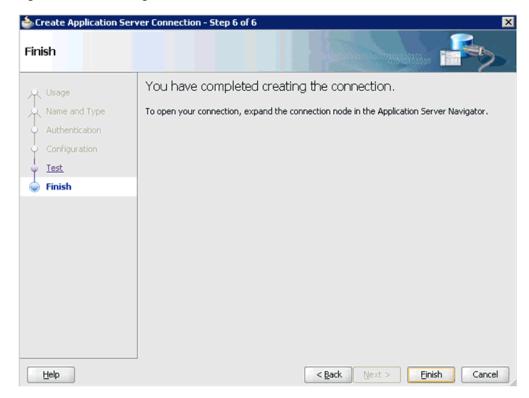
Figure 4-7 Test Page



- 10. Click Test Connection.
- 11. Make sure that the test status is successful.
- 12. Click Next.

The Finish page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–8.

Figure 4–8 Finish Page



13. Click Finish.

The new Application Server connection is listed in the left pane (Application Server tab).

4.4 Designing an Outbound BPEL Process for Service Integration (J2CA **Configuration**)

This section demonstrates how to design an outbound BPEL process for service integration.

A sample project has been provided for this outbound use case scenario in the following folder of the Application Adapters installation:

<ADAPTER_HOME>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_ Samples\BPEL\J2CA\Outbound_Project

The following tools are required to complete your adapter design-time configuration:

- Oracle Adapter Application Explorer (Application Explorer)
- Oracle JDeveloper BPEL Designer (JDeveloper)

Note: The examples in this chapter demonstrate the use of JDeveloper.

Before you design a BPEL process, you must create a schema and generate the respective WSDL file using Application Explorer. For more information, see "Generating WSDL for Request/Response Service" on page 4-8.

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 4.4.1, "Generating WSDL for Request/Response Service"
- Section 4.4.2, "Creating an Empty Composite for SOA"
- Section 4.4.3, "Defining a BPEL Outbound Process"
- Section 4.4.4, "Deploying the BPEL Outbound Process"
- Section 4.4.5, "Invoking the Input XML Document in the Oracle Enterprise Manager Console"
- Section 4.4.6, "Testing Outbound BPEL and Mediator Processes"

4.4.1 Generating WSDL for Request/Response Service

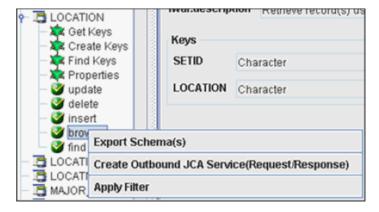
To generate WSDL for outbound interaction in Application Explorer:

1. Start **Application Explorer** and connect to a defined PeopleSoft target or create a new target.

For more information, see "Defining a Target to PeopleSoft" on page 2-5.

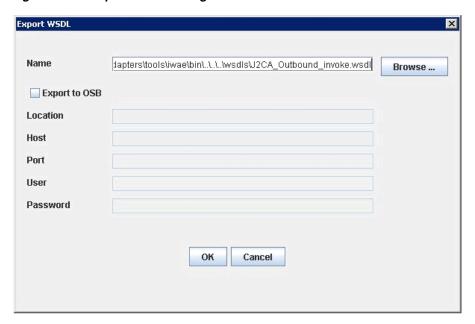
- **2.** Expand **Component Interfaces** and select **LOCATION**.
- 3. Navigate to and right-click an operation, and then select Create Outbound JCA **Service (Request/Response)**, as shown in Figure 4–9.

Figure 4–9 Create Outbound JCA Service (Request/Response) Option



The Export WSDL dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–10.

Figure 4–10 Export WSDL Dialog



- Specify an export location on your file system or accept the default path. The .wsdl file extension is added automatically. By default, the names of WSDL files generated for request-response services end with **_invoke**.
- Click **OK**.

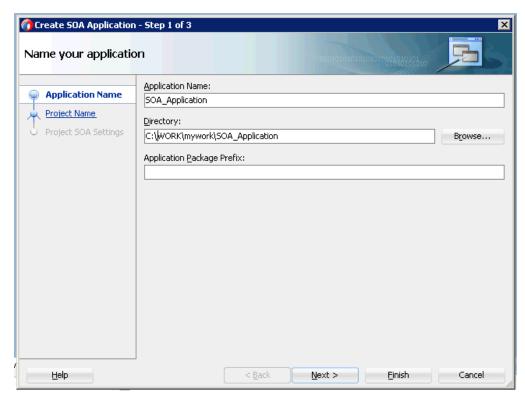
You can now create a new SOA application, which is the first step that is required to define a BPEL outbound process in JDeveloper.

4.4.2 Creating an Empty Composite for SOA

Perform the following steps to create an empty composite for SOA:

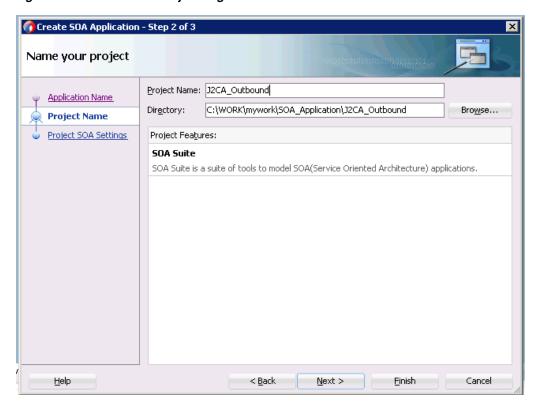
- Create a new SOA application.
- Enter a name for the new SOA Application and click Next, as shown in Figure 4–11.

Figure 4-11 Name Your Application Page



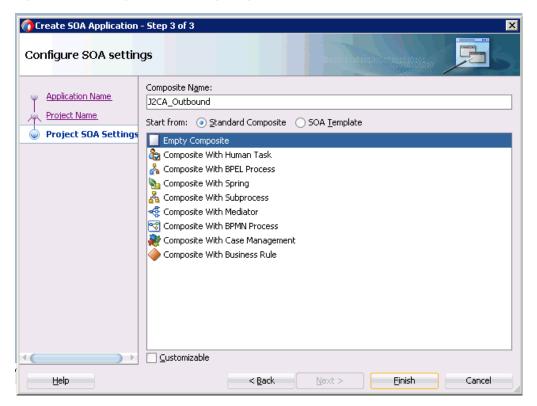
The Name your project page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–12.

Figure 4–12 Name Your Project Page



Enter a project name and click **Next**. The Configure SOA settings page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–13.

Figure 4–13 Configure SOA Settings Page



From the Composite Template list, select **Empty Composite** and click **Finish**.

4.4.3 Defining a BPEL Outbound Process

This section describes how to define a BPEL outbound process, which consists of the following topics:

- Section 4.4.3.1, "Configuring a Third Party Adapter Service Component"
- Section 4.4.3.2, "Configuring an Outbound BPEL Process Component"
- Section 4.4.3.3, "Adjusting for Known Deployment Issues With 12c"

4.4.3.1 Configuring a Third Party Adapter Service Component

Perform the following steps to create a third party adapter service component:

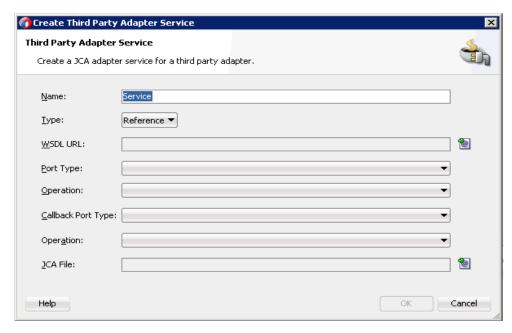
1. Drag and drop the **Third Party Adapter** component from the Service Adapters pane to the External References pane, as shown in Figure 4–14.



Figure 4–14 Third Party Adapter Component

The Create Third Party Adapter Service dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–15.



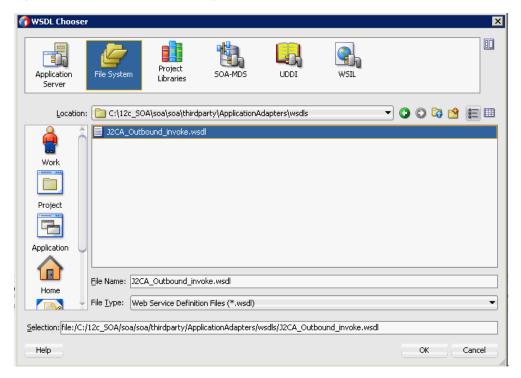


2. Ensure that **Reference** is selected from the Type list (default).

3. Click the Find existing WSDLs icon, which is located to the right of the WSDL URL field.

The WSDL Chooser dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–16.

Figure 4–16 WSDL Chooser Dialog



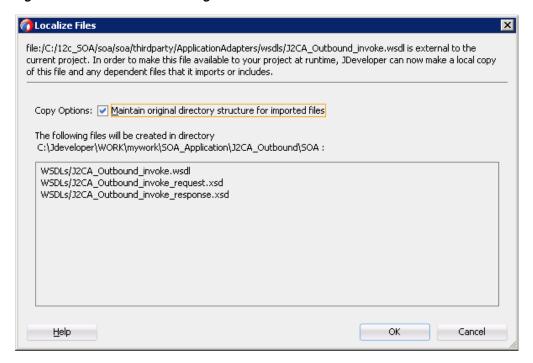
Browse and select an outbound WSDL file from the following directory:

<aDAPTER_HOME>\wsdls

Click **OK**.

The Localize Files dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–17.

Figure 4-17 Localize Files Dialog

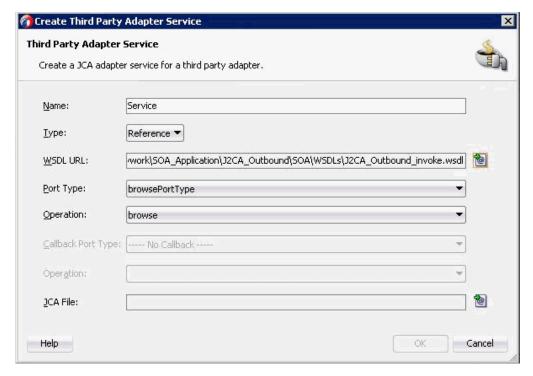


6. Click OK.

The outbound WSDL file and associated request and response XML schema files (.xsd) are imported to the project folder that has been created.

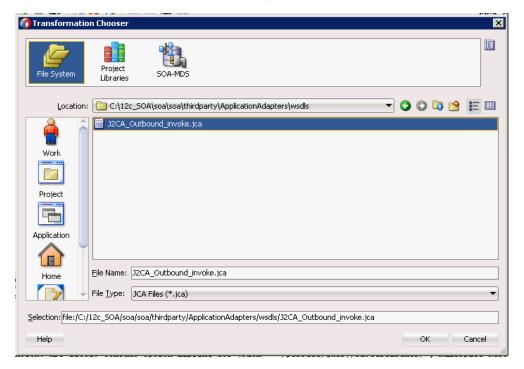
You are returned to the Create Third Party Adapter Service dialog, as shown in Figure 4–18.

Figure 4-18 Create Third Party Adapter Service Dialog



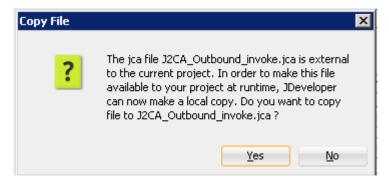
7. Click the **Find JCA file** icon, which is located to the right of the JCA File field. The Transformation Chooser dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–19.

Figure 4–19 Transformation Chooser Dialog



- Browse and select the JCA properties file from the following directory: <aDAPTER_HOME>\wsdls
- Click **OK**. The Copy File message is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–20.

Figure 4-20 Copy File Message



10. Click Yes.

A copy of the JCA properties file is made in the project folder.

You are returned to the Create Third Party Adapter Service dialog, as shown in Figure 4–21.

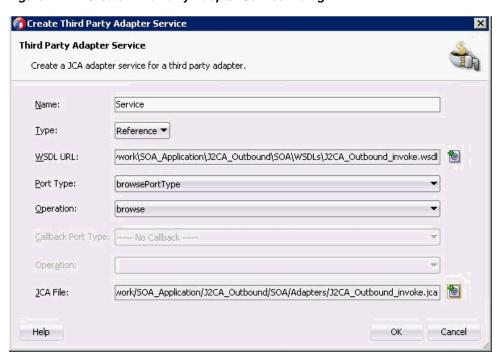


Figure 4–21 Create Third Party Adapter Service Dialog

11. Click OK.

The third party adapter service component is created and displayed in the External References pane.

You are now ready to configure an outbound BPEL process component.

4.4.3.2 Configuring an Outbound BPEL Process Component

Perform the following steps to configure an outbound BPEL process component:

Drag and drop the BPEL Process component from the Components pane to the Components pane.

The Create BPEL Process dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–22.

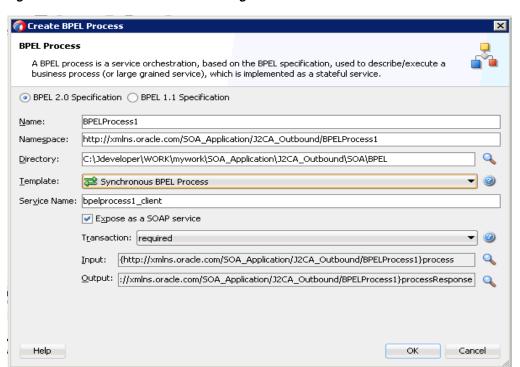


Figure 4–22 Create BPEL Process Dialog

- In the Name field, enter a name to identify the new outbound BPEL process component or leave it to the default value.
 - By default, the BPEL 2.0 Specification option is selected.
- From the Template list, select **Synchronous BPEL Process**.
- Click the **Browse** icon, which is located to the right of the Input field to select the associated XML request schema file.
 - The Type Chooser dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–23.

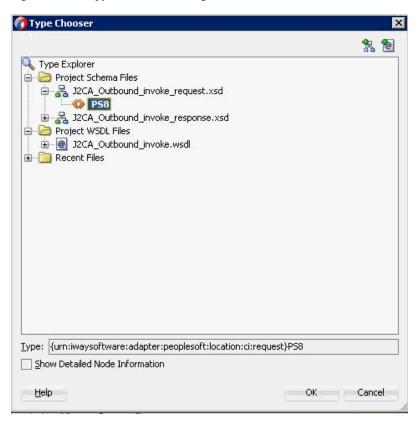


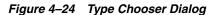
Figure 4–23 Type Chooser Dialog

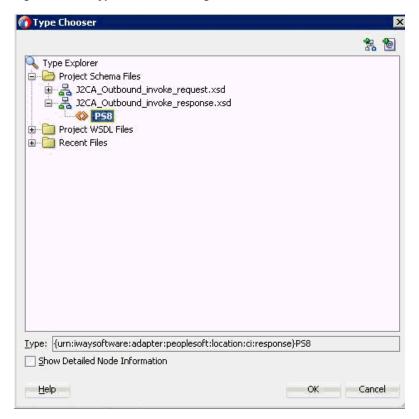
- Expand Project Schema Files, J2CA_Outbound_invoke_request.xsd, and select **PS8**.
- 6. Click OK.

You are returned to the Create BPEL Process dialog.

7. Click the Browse icon, which is located to the right of the Output field to select the associated XML response schema file.

The Type Chooser dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–24.





- Expand Project Schema Files, J2CA_Outbound_invoke_response.xsd, and select PS8.
- 9. Click OK.

You are returned to the Create BPEL Process dialog.

- 10. Click OK.
- 11. Create a connection between the outbound BPEL process component and the third party adapter service component, as shown in Figure 4–25.

③ Start Page × ☐ clean × ☐ BuildDefaultDomain.log × № 32CA_Outbound J2CA_Outbound Exposed Services components External Reference 0 □ \(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \right\} \) BPELProcess1 Operations bpelprocess1_client. queryWithView Operations process

Figure 4-25 Created Connection

- **12.** Double-click the outbound BPEL process component in the Components pane.
- **13.** Drag and drop the **Invoke** activity component under BPEL Constructs Web Service, to the Components pane and place it between the **receiveInput** activity component and the **replyOutput** activity component, as shown in Figure 4–26.

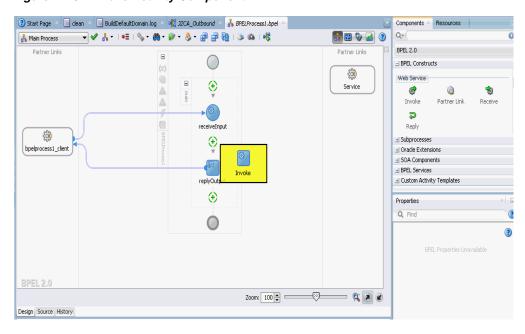


Figure 4-26 Invoke Activity Component

Design Source History

14. Create a connection between the new Invoke activity component Service and the third party adapter service component (Service), as shown in Figure 4–27.

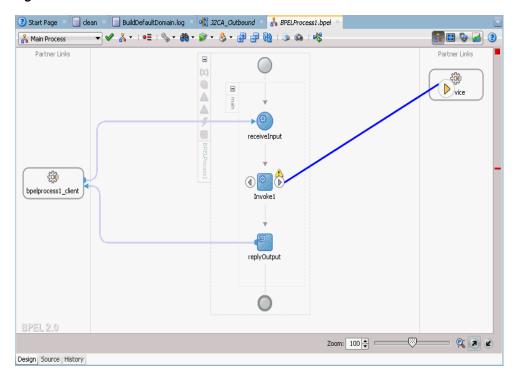


Figure 4–27 Created Connection

The Edit Invoke dialog is displayed.

- 15. Click the Plus sign icon, which is located to the right of the Input field to configure a new input variable.
 - The Create Variable dialog is displayed.
- **16.** Accept the default values that are provided for the new input variable and click OK.

You are returned to the Edit Invoke dialog, as shown in Figure 4–28.

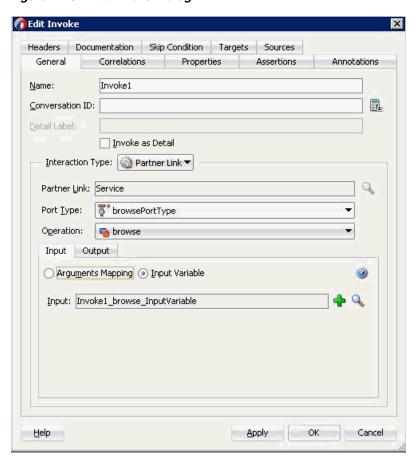


Figure 4-28 Edit Invoke Dialog

- 17. Select the Output tab and click the Plus sign icon, which is located to the right of the Output field to configure a new output variable.
 - The Create Variable dialog is displayed.
- 18. Accept the default values that are provided for the new output variable and click OK.

You are returned to the Edit Invoke dialog, as shown in Figure 4–29.

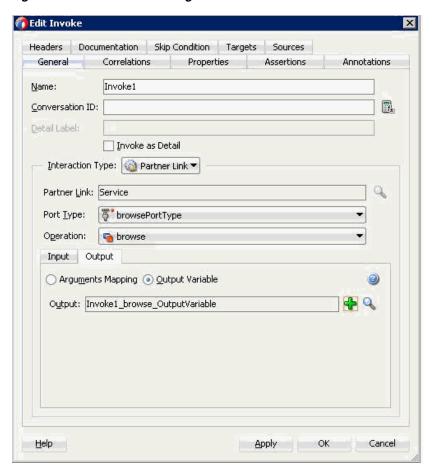


Figure 4–29 Edit Invoke Dialog

- **19.** Click **Apply** and then **OK**.
- 20. Drag and drop the Assign activity under BPEL Constructs Basic Activities component, to the Components pane and place it between the Receive activity component (receiveInput) and the Invoke activity component (Invoke1), as shown in Figure 4–30.

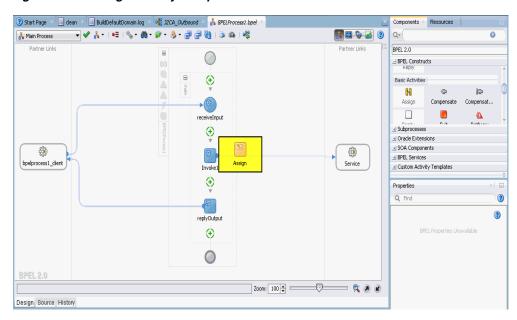
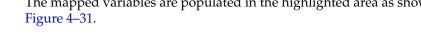


Figure 4–30 Assign Activity Component

- **21.** Double-click the new Assign activity component (**Assign1**). The Edit Assign dialog is displayed.
- **22.** In the left pane, under Variables, expand **InputVariable**, and then select **payload**.
- 23. In the right pane, under Variables, expand Invoke1_browse_InputVariable, and then select **input_browse**.
- **24.** Drag and map the **payload** variable to the **input_browse** variable. The mapped variables are populated in the highlighted area as shown in



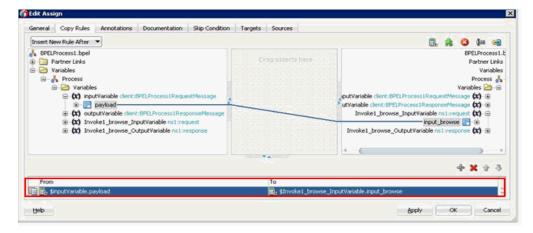


Figure 4-31 Edit Assign Dialog

- **25.** Click **Apply** and then **OK**.
- 26. Drag and drop the Assign activity component to the Components pane and place it between the Invoke activity (Invoke1) and the Reply activity (replyOutput).
- 27. Double-click the new Assign activity component (Assign2), as shown in Figure 4–32.

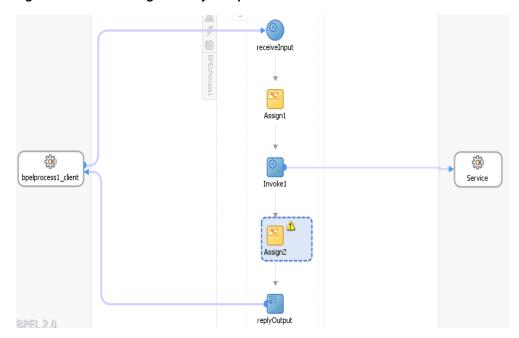
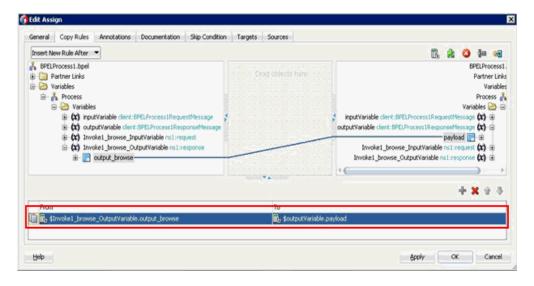


Figure 4–32 New Assign Activity Component

The Edit Assign dialog is displayed.

- 28. In the left pane, under Variables, expand Invoke1_browse_OutputVariable, and then select **output_browse**.
- **29.** In the right pane, under Variables, expand **outputVariable** and select **payload**.
- **30.** Drag and map the **output_browse** variable to the **payload** variable. The mapped variables are populated in the highlighted area as shown in Figure 4–33.

Figure 4–33 Edit Assign Dialog



31. Click **Apply** and then **OK**.

You are returned to the Activity component pane, as shown in Figure 4–34.

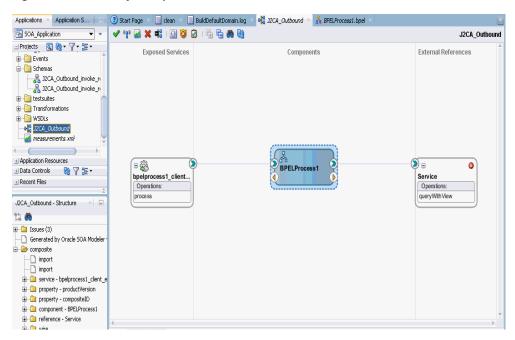


Figure 4-34 Activity Component Pane

32. Click the Save All icon in the menu bar to save the new outbound BPEL process component that was configured.

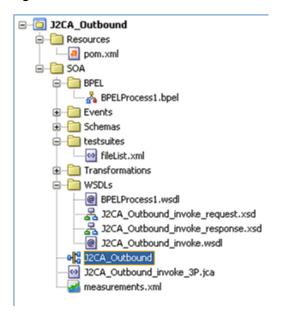
You are now ready to deploy the BPEL outbound process.

4.4.3.3 Adjusting for Known Deployment Issues With 12c

Perform the following steps to adjust for known deployment issues with 12c.

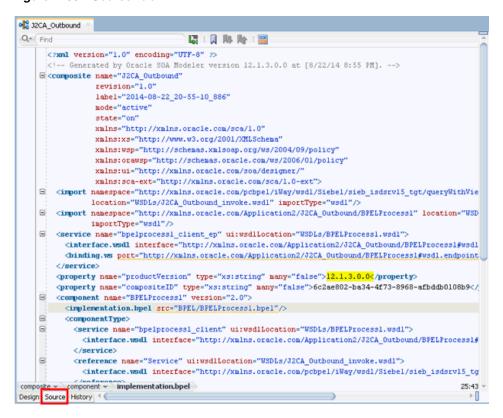
Double-click J2CA_Outbound (created BPEL process) of the created process, as shown in Figure 4–35.





Click the **Source** tab below the opened process, as shown in Figure 4–36.

Figure 4-36 Source Tab



Change the product Version property value from 12.1.3.0.0 to 11, as shown in Figure 4–37.

Figure 4-37 Property Value

```
32CA_Outbound
Q. Find
                                      <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
      <!-- Generated by Oracle SOA Modeler version 12.1.3.0.0 at [8/22/14 8:55 PM]. -->

    □ < composite name="J2CA Outbound"
</p>
                 revision="1.0"
                 label="2014-08-22_20-55-10_886"
                 node="active"
                 state="on"
                 xmlns="http://xmlns.oracle.com/sca/1.0"
                xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchena"
                 xmlns:wsp="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/policy"
                 xmlns:orawsp="http://schemas.oracle.com/ws/2006/01/policy"
                 xmlns:ui="http://xmlns.oracle.com/soa/designer/"
                 xmlns:sca-ext="http://xmlns.oracle.com/sca/1.0-ext">
    <import namespace="http://xmlns.oracle.com/pcbpel/iWay/wsdl/Siebel/sieb_isdsrv15_tgt/queryWithVie</p>
                location="WSDLs/J2CA_Outbound_invoke.wsdl" importType="wsdl"/>
       <import namespace="http://xmlns.oracle.com/Application2/J2CA_Outbound/BPELProcess1" location="WSD</pre>
                importType="wsdl"/>
    Service name="bpelprocessl_client_ep" ui:wsdlLocation="WSDLs/BPELProcessl.wsdl">
          <interface.wsdl interface="http://xmlns.oracle.com/Application2/J2CA_Outbound/BPELProcessl#wsdl</pre>
          dbinding.ws port="http://xmlns.oracle.com/Application2/J2CA_Outbound/BPELProcessl@wsdl.endpoint
        </service>
        cproperty name="productVersion" type="xs:string" many="false">11
        cproperty name="compositeID" type="xs:string" many="false">6c2ae802-ba34-4f73-8968-afbddb0108b9//
    Secomponent name="BPELProcess1" version="2.0"
          <implementation.bpel src="BPEL/BPELProcess1.bpel"/>
          <componentType>
    <service name="bpelprocessl_client" ui:wsdlLocation="WSDLs/BPELProcessl.wsdl">
             <interface.wsdl interface="http://xmlns.oracle.com/Application2/J2CA_Outbound/BPELProcessl#</pre>
            <reference name="Service" ui:wsdlLocation="WSDLs/J2CA_Outbound_invoke.wsdl">
              <interface.wsdl interface="http://xmlns.oracle.com/pcbpel/iWay/wsdl/Siebel/sieb_isdsrv15_tg</pre>
composite -
                                                                                                       ŀ∏
Design Source History
```

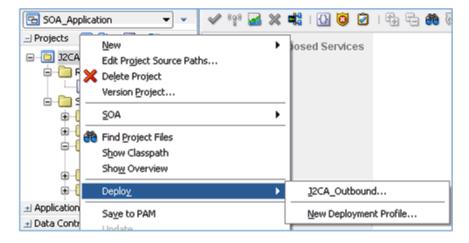
Save the changes and proceed to deploy the project.

4.4.4 Deploying the BPEL Outbound Process

Perform the following steps to deploy the BPEL outbound process.

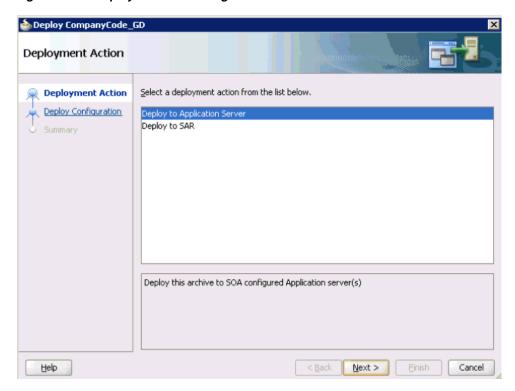
Right-click the project name in the left pane, select Deploy, and then click J2CA_ Outbound, as shown in Figure 4–38.

Figure 4-38 J2CA_Outbound Option



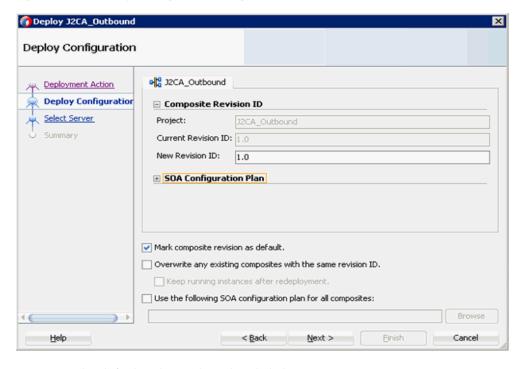
The Deployment Action page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–39.

Figure 4-39 Deployment Action Page



- Ensure that **Deploy to Application Server** is selected.
- Click Next. The Deploy Configuration page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–40.

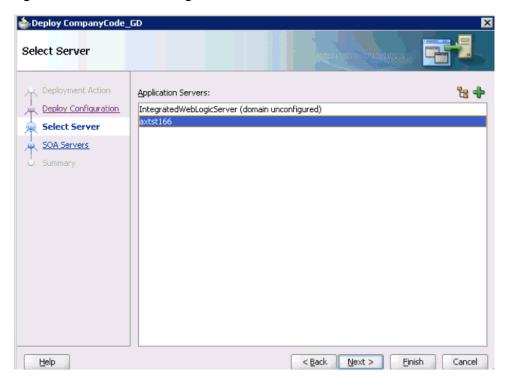
Figure 4–40 Deploy Configurations Page



4. Leave the default values selected and click Next.

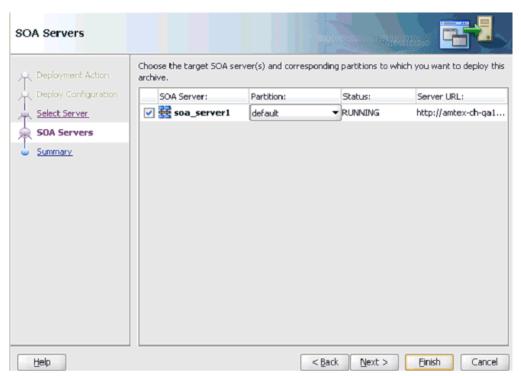
The Select Server page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–41.

Figure 4–41 Select Server Page



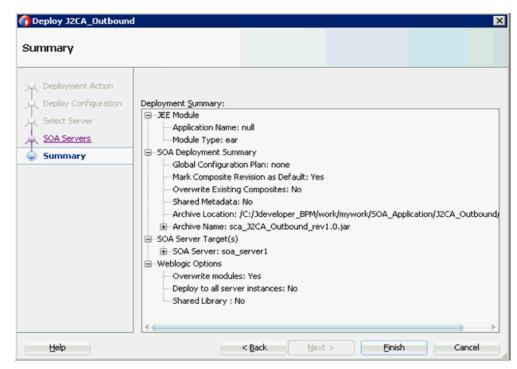
5. Select an available application server that was configured and click Next. The SOA Servers page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–42.

Figure 4-42 SOA Servers Page



6. Select a target SOA server and click **Next**. The Summary page is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–43.

Figure 4-43 Summary Page



7. Review and verify all the available deployment information for your project and click Finish.

The process is deployed successfully, as shown in Figure 4–44.

Figure 4-44 Successful Deployment Message

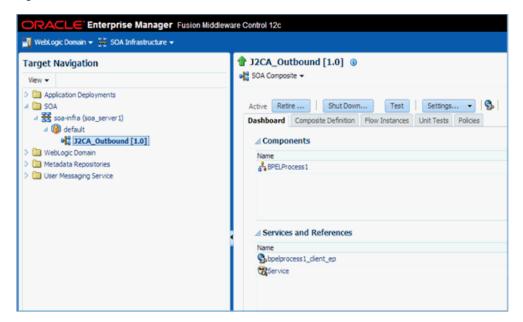


4.4.5 Invoking the Input XML Document in the Oracle Enterprise Manager Console

Perform the following steps to invoke the input XML document in the Oracle Enterprise Manager console.

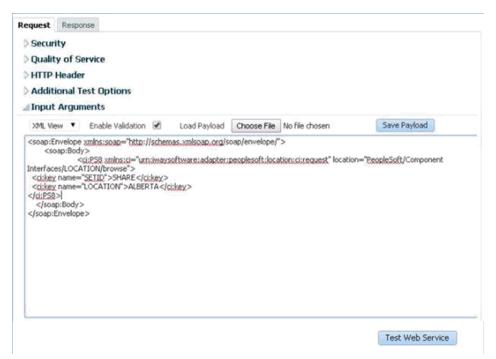
- **1.** Logon to the Oracle Enterprise Manager console.
- Expand SOA, select soa-infra (soa_server1), and then click Default.
- Select an available project (for example, J2CA_Outbound) and click **Test** as shown in Figure 4-45.

Figure 4-45 Test Button



- Click the **Request** tab.
- Select **XML** View from the list, as shown in Figure 4–46.

Figure 4-46 Input Arguments List



Provide an appropriate input XML document in the Input Arguments area and click Test Web Service.

The output response is received in the Oracle Enterprise Manager console, as shown in Figure 4–47.



Figure 4–47 Received Output Response

4.4.6 Testing Outbound BPEL and Mediator Processes

When testing an outbound BPEL process or an outbound Mediator process from the Oracle Enterprise Manager console, do not use the XML envelopes that are generated by these consoles. Instead, remove them and use the XML payloads that are generated from the schemas, which conform to the WSDLs for namespace qualifications.

The Mediator data flows can be tested using the Enterprise Manager console. When creating a Mediator data flow and interactions, the Web services are created and registered with the Oracle Application Server. For more information on creating a Mediator outbound process, see Chapter 5, "Integration With Mediator Service Components in the Oracle SOA Suite".

4.5 Designing an Inbound BPEL Process for Event Integration (J2CA **Configuration**)

This section demonstrates how Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft integrates with PeopleSoft to receive event data. In this example, a PeopleSoft event occurs when a customer record is added to a PeopleSoft system.

A sample project has been provided for this inbound use case scenario in the following folder of the Application Adapters installation:

```
<ADAPTER_HOME>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_
Samples\BPEL\J2CA\Inbound_Project
```

The following tools are required to complete your adapter design-time configuration:

- Oracle Adapter Application Explorer (Application Explorer)
- Oracle JDeveloper BPEL Designer (JDeveloper)

Note: The examples in this chapter demonstrate the use of JDeveloper.

Before you design a BPEL process, you must generate the respective WSDL file using Application Explorer. For more information, see "Generating WSDL for Event Integration" on page 4-34.

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 4.5.1, "Generating WSDL for Event Integration"
- Section 4.5.2, "Creating an Empty Composite for SOA"
- Section 4.5.3, "Defining a BPEL Inbound Process"
- Section 4.5.4, "Deploying the BPEL Inbound Process"
- Section 4.5.5, "Triggering an Event in PeopleSoft"

4.5.1 Generating WSDL for Event Integration

You must create a separate channel for every event and select that channel when you generate WSDL for inbound interaction using Application Explorer.

Note: If two or more events share the same channel, event messages may not be delivered to the right BPEL process.

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 4.5.1.1, "Creating a Channel"
- Section 4.5.1.2, "Generating WSDL for Event Notification"

4.5.1.1 Creating a Channel

To create a channel:

- 1. Click the **Events** node.
- **2.** Expand the **PeopleSoft** node.

The ports and channels nodes appear in the left pane, as shown in Figure 4–48.

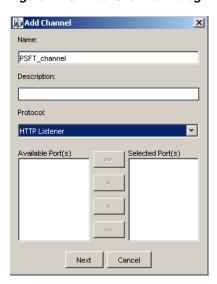
Figure 4–48 Expanded PeopleSoft Events Node



3. Right-click **Channels** and select **Add Channel**.

The Add Channel dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–49.

Figure 4-49 Add Channel Dialog



Provide the following information:

- Enter a name for the channel, for example, **PSFT_Channel**.
- Enter a brief description (optional).
- From the Protocol list, select **HTTP Listener**.
- Click Next.
- When the HTTP listener dialog is displayed, enter the system information as specified in the following table:

Parameter	Description
Listener port	Port on which to listen for PeopleSoft event data.
Https	For a secure HTTP connection, select the Https check box.
Synchronization Type	Choose from the following synchronization options:
	REQUEST_RESPONSE
	■ REQUEST_ACK
	Important: The PeopleSoft channel does not work if the synchronization type is set to REQUEST.

6. Click **OK**.

The channel is displayed under the channels node in the left pane. An X over the icon indicates that the channel is currently disconnected.

Note: Do not start the channel, as it is managed by BPEL PM Server. If you start the channel for testing and debugging purposes, stop it before run-time.

4.5.1.2 Generating WSDL for Event Notification

After you create a channel and verify that it is not started, you must generate WSDL for the event using Application Explorer.

1. Start Application Explorer.

2. Expand the **Adapters** node.

A list of all available adapters is displayed.

- **3.** Expand **PeopleSoft**.
- **4.** Click a target name under the **PeopleSoft** node, for example, **PSFTtarget**. The Logon pane on the right displays the saved parameters.
- **5.** Verify your connection parameters.
- **6.** Right-click the target name and select **Connect**. The x icon disappears, indicating that the target is connected.
- **7.** Expand **Messages** and select **LOCATION_SYNC.VERSION_1**.
- **8.** Right-click LOCATION_SYNC.VERSION_1.

Figure 4-50 Create Inbound JCA Service (Event) Option



9. Select **Create Inbound JCA Service (Event)**, as shown in Figure 4–50.

The Export WSDL dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–51.

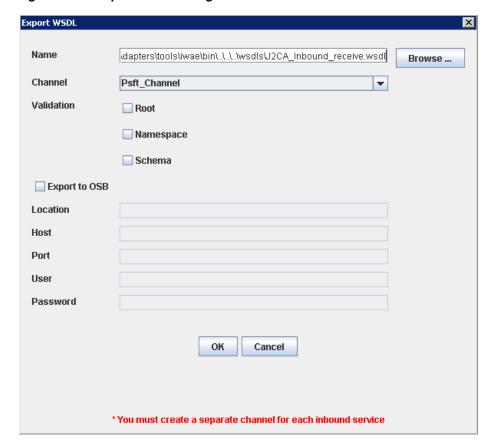


Figure 4–51 Export WSDL Dialog

Perform the following steps:

- In the **Name** field, specify the name of the WSDL file.
 - The .wsdl file extension is added automatically. By default, the names of WSDL files generated for request-response services end with **_receive**.
- From the **Channel** list, select the channel you created for this inbound service.
 - **Important:** You must create a separate channel for every event. Verify that the channel is stopped before run-time.
- Three check boxes for Root, Namespace, and Schema validation are also available. Selection of multiple validation options is allowed.
 - Root validation is used to validate the root element in the inbound XML document.
 - Namespace validation is used to validate the namespace in the inbound XML document.
 - Schema validation is used to validate the inbound XML document with the schema in the WSDL document.

During run time, validation is processed based on the validation options that are selected. If more than one validation option is selected, during run time if the first validation option fails, the remaining validation options are not processed. Root and namespace validations are considered modest levels of validation. Schema validation is a stricter validation level. It is recommended to use root and namespace validation options together, unless the root element and namespace are different between the Messages in the PeopleSoft environment.

10. Click OK.

You can now create a new SOA application, which is the first step that is required to define a BPEL inbound process in JDeveloper.

4.5.2 Creating an Empty Composite for SOA

Perform the following steps to create an empty composite for SOA:

- **1.** Create a new SOA application.
- **2.** Enter a name for the new SOA Application and click **Next**.

The Name your project page is displayed.

- **3.** Enter a project name and click **Next**.
 - The Configure SOA settings page is displayed.
- **4.** From the Composite Template list, select **Empty Composite** and click **Finish**. For more information, see Section 4.4.2, "Creating an Empty Composite for SOA" on page 4-9.

4.5.3 Defining a BPEL Inbound Process

This section describes how to define a BPEL inbound process, which consists of the following topics:

- Section 4.5.3.1, "Creating a Third Party Adapter Service Component"
- Section 4.5.3.2, "Creating an Inbound BPEL Process Component"

4.5.3.1 Creating a Third Party Adapter Service Component

Perform the following steps to create a third party adapter service component:

1. Drag and drop the **Third Party Adapter** component from the Service Adapters pane to the Exposed Services pane, as shown in Figure 4–52.

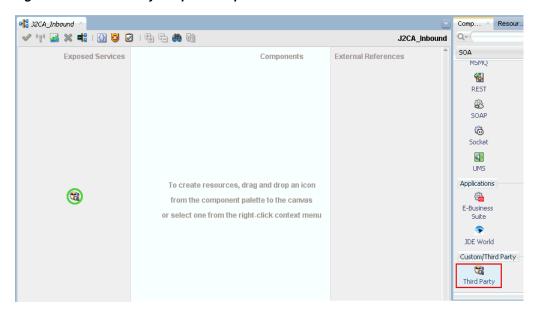
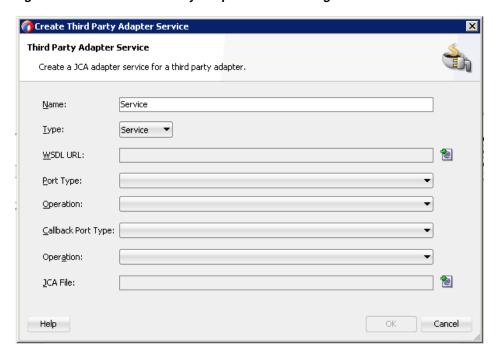


Figure 4-52 Third Party Adapter Component

The Create Third Party Adapter Service dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–53.

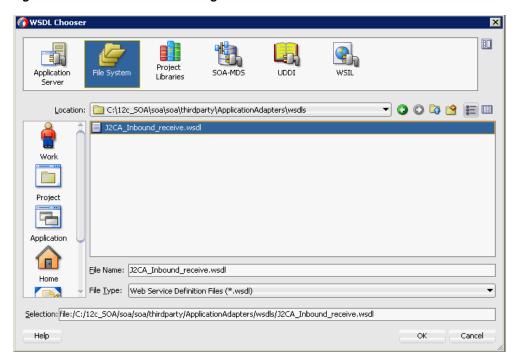
Figure 4-53 Create Third Party Adapter Service Dialog



- Ensure that **Service** is selected from the Type list (default).
- Click the Find existing WSDLs icon, which is located to the right of the WSDL 3. URL field.

The WSDL Chooser dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–54.

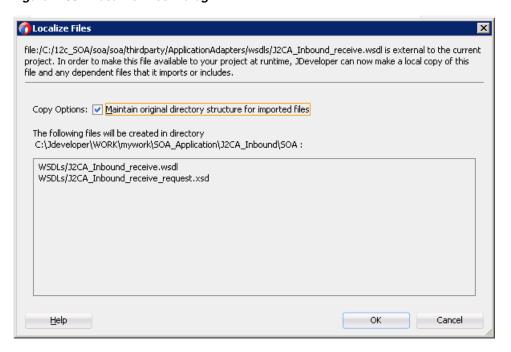
Figure 4–54 WSDL Chooser Dialog



- Browse and select an inbound WSDL file from the following directory: <ADAPTER_HOME>\wsdls
- 5. Click OK.

The Localize Files dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–55.

Figure 4–55 Localize Files Dialog



6. Click OK.

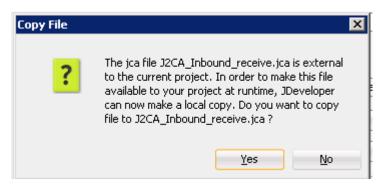
The inbound WSDL file and associated receive/request XML schema file (.xsd) are imported to the project folder that has been created.

You are returned to the Create Third Party Adapter Service dialog.

- 7. Click the **Find JCA file** icon, which is located to the right of the JCA File field. The Transformation Chooser dialog is displayed.
- **8.** Browse and select the JCA properties file from the following directory: <aDAPTER_HOME>\wsdls
- 9. Click OK.

A Copy File message is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–56.

Figure 4–56 Copy File Confirmation Message

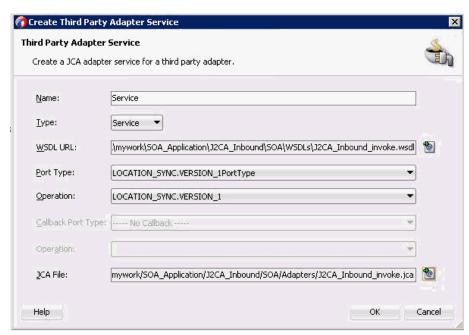


10. Click Yes.

A copy of the JCA properties file is made in the project folder.

You are returned to the Create Third Party Adapter Service dialog, as shown in Figure 4–57.

Figure 4-57 Create Third Party Adapter Service Dialog



11. Click OK.

The third party adapter service component is created and displayed in the Exposed Services pane.

You are now ready to configure an inbound BPEL process component.

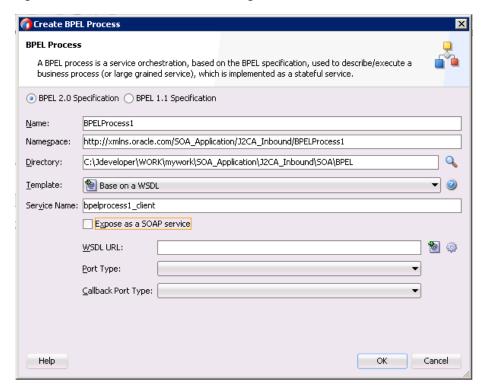
4.5.3.2 Creating an Inbound BPEL Process Component

Perform the following steps to create an inbound BPEL process component:

Drag and drop the BPEL Process component from the Service Components pane to the Components pane.

The Create BPEL Process dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–58.

Figure 4-58 Create BPEL Process Dialog



2. In the Name field, enter a name to identify the new inbound BPEL process component or leave to default.

By default, the BPEL 2.0 Specification option is selected.

- **3.** From the Template list, select **Base on a WSDL**.
- Uncheck the **Expose as SOAP service** check box.
- 5. Click the Find existing WSDLs icon, which is located to the right of the WSDL URL field.

The WSDL Chooser dialog is displayed.

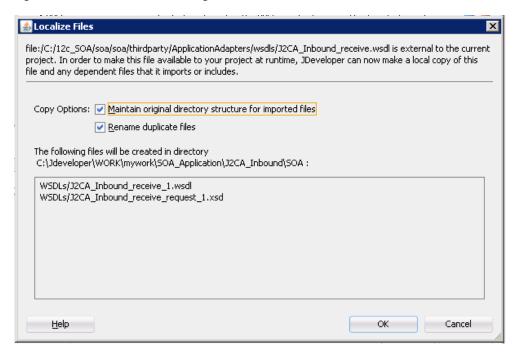
Select an inbound WSDL file from the following directory:

<ADAPTER_HOME>\wsdls

7. Click **OK**.

The Localize Files dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–59.

Figure 4–59 Localize Files Dialog

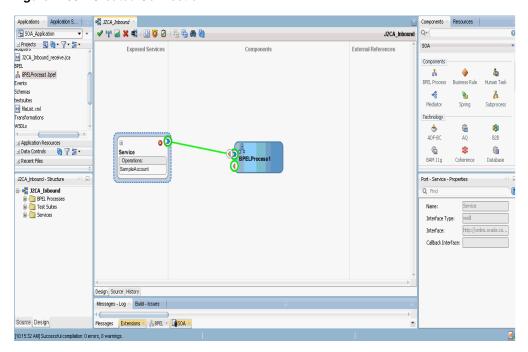


- Uncheck the **Rename duplicate files** option.
- Click **OK**.

You are returned to the Create BPEL Process dialog.

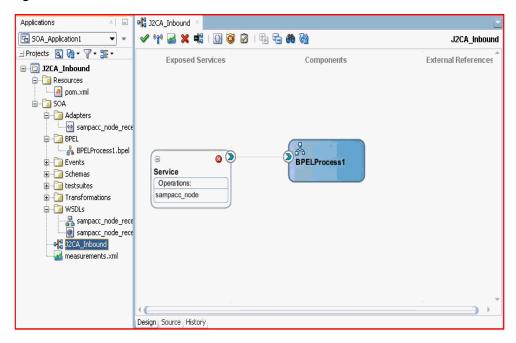
10. Click OK.

Figure 4-60 Created Connection



- 11. Create a connection between the third party adapter service component and the inbound BPEL process component, as shown in Figure 4–60.
- **12.** Double-click **J2CA_Outbound** in the left pane.

Figure 4-61 Save All Icon



13. Click the Save All icon in the menu bar to save the new inbound BPEL process component that was configured, as shown in Figure 4–61.

You are now ready to deploy the BPEL inbound process.

4.5.3.3 Adjusting for Known Deployment Issues With 12c

For more information on how to adjust for known deployment issues with 12c, see Section 4.4.3.3, "Adjusting for Known Deployment Issues With 12c" on page 4-26.

4.5.4 Deploying the BPEL Inbound Process

Perform the following steps to deploy the BPEL inbound process.

Right-click the project name in the left pane, select **Deploy**, and click **J2CA**_ Inbound.

The Deployment Action page is displayed.

- Ensure that **Deploy to Application Server** is selected.
- Click Next.

The Deploy Configuration page is displayed.

- **4.** Leave the default values selected and click **Next**.
 - The Select Server page is displayed.
- Select an available application server that was configured and click **Next**. The SOA Servers page is displayed.
- Select a target SOA server and click **Next**.

The Summary page is displayed.

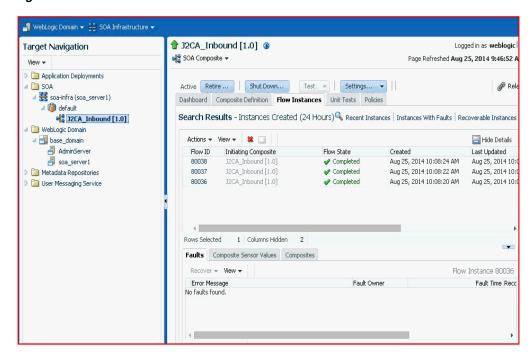
Review and verify all the available deployment information for your project and click **Finish**.

The process is deployed successfully.

For more information, see Section 4.4.4, "Deploying the BPEL Outbound Process" on page 4-28.

Once event messages are triggered through PeopleSoft, successful instances are received in the Oracle Enterprise Manager console, as shown in Figure 4–62.

Figure 4–62 Received Instances



4.5.5 Triggering an Event in PeopleSoft

Events are generated by activity in an application system. For example, PeopleSoft may generate an event as customer information is updated in the system. The following topics describe how to trigger an event in PeopleSoft and verify the event using Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft.

This section consists of the following topic:

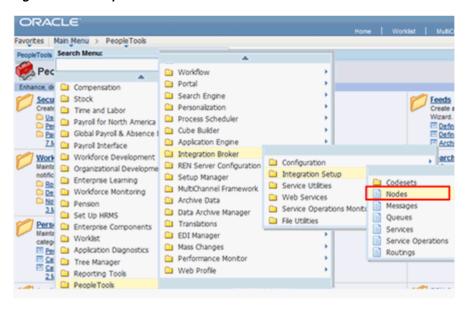
- Section 4.5.5.1, "Triggering an Event in PeopleSoft"
- Section 4.5.5.2, "Verifying the Results"

4.5.5.1 Triggering an Event in PeopleSoft

To trigger an event in PeopleSoft:

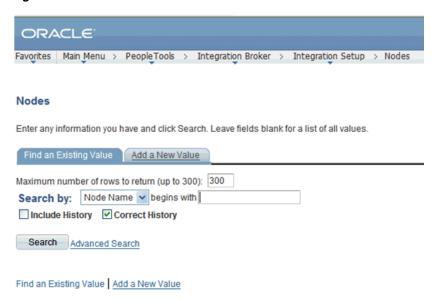
Log in to PeopleSoft, select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Integration Setup and then **Nodes**, as shown in Figure 4–63.

Figure 4-63 PeopleTools Node Definitions



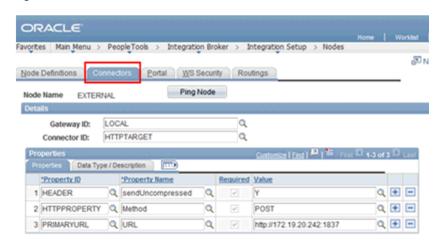
Enter the node name you are using, for example, EXTERNAL, then click Search, as shown in Figure 4–64.

Figure 4-64 External Node Name



Click the **Connectors** tab, as shown in Figure 4–65.

Figure 4-65 Connectors Tab



- Enter HTTPTARGET in the Connector ID field; then enter the listener URL and its port in the **PRIMARYURL** field.
- To save the configuration, click **Save**.

A successful dialog window is displayed.

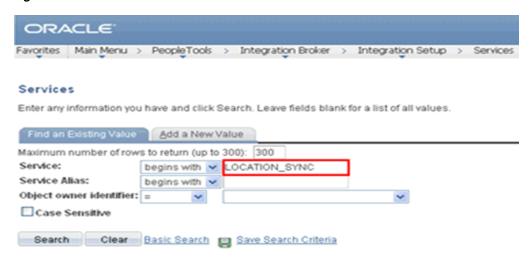
To check the listener status, click on the **Ping Node** button and continue the triggering if a window is displayed, as shown in Figure 4–66.

Figure 4–66 Ping Node



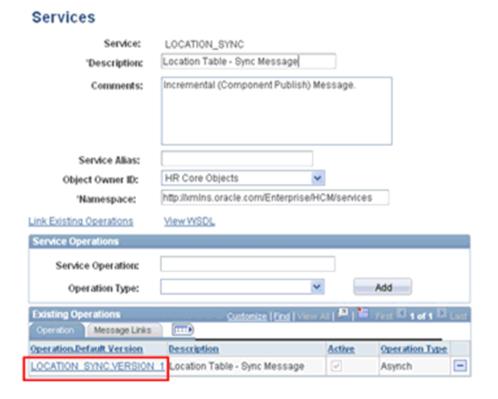
- Select Integration Broker, Integration Setup, and then Services from the main menu.
- 7. Enter LOCATION_SYNC in the Services field, and then click Search, as shown in Figure 4-67.

Figure 4-67 Services



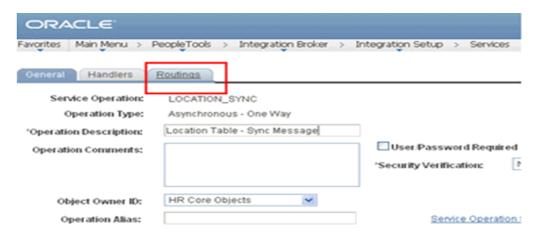
8. Click **LOCATION_SYNC.VERSION_1** in the Operation tab, as shown in Figure 4–68.

Figure 4-68 Operation Tab



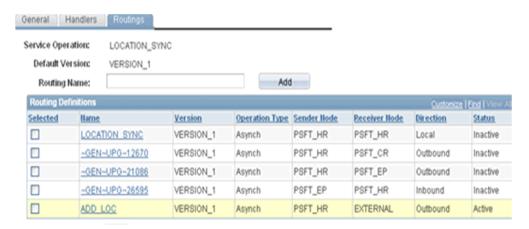
9. Click the **Routings** tab, as shown in Figure 4–69.

Figure 4-69 Routings Tab



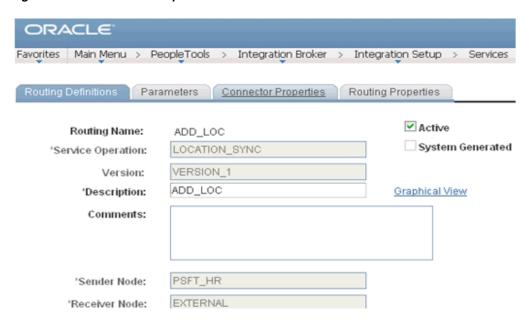
10. Click **ADD_LOC** in the Routing Definitions section, as shown in Figure 4–70.

Figure 4-70 Routing Definitions Section



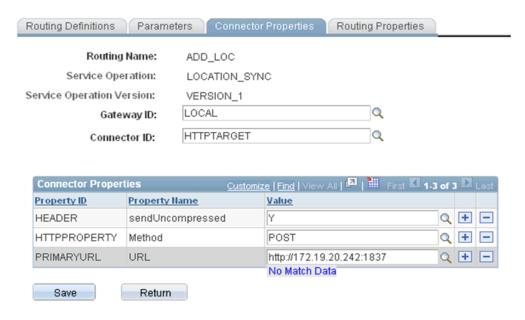
11. Click the **Connector Properties** tab, as shown in Figure 4–71.

Figure 4–71 Connector Properties Tab



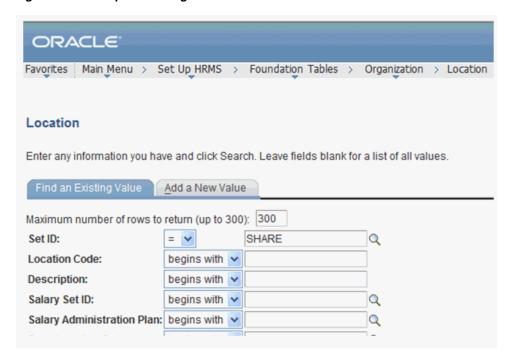
12. Enter the URL and the port number of the HTTP listener in the Connector Properties section and click **Save**, as shown in Figure 4–72.

Figure 4–72 Connector Properties Section



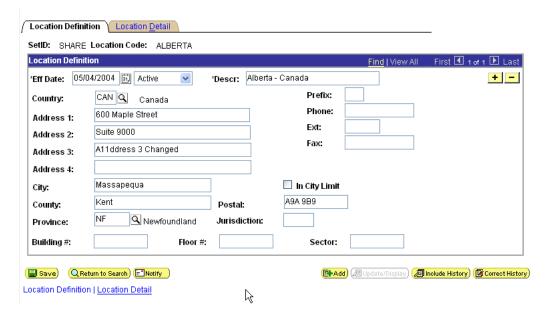
13. From the Main Menu in the left pane, select Set Up HRMS, Foundation Tables, **Organization**, and then **Location**, as shown in Figure 4–73.

Figure 4–73 PeopleSoft Integration Broker Connectors Tab



14. To find the location record you want to update, click Search; then make the changes and click **Save**, as shown in Figure 4–74.

Figure 4-74 Location Definition Pane



4.5.5.2 Verifying the Results

To verify your results:

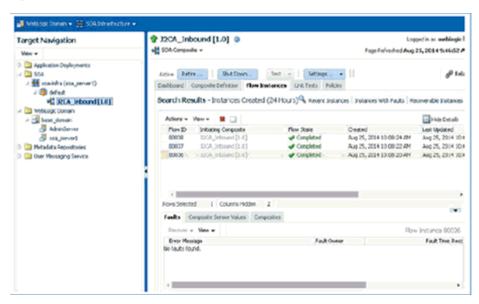
1. Log in to the Oracle Enterprise Manager console by using the following URL:

http://localhost:7001/em

- 2. Click SOA, select soa-infra (soa_server1), default, and then click J2CA_Inbound.
- Click Flow Instances.

Instances will be received, as shown in Figure 4–75.

Figure 4-75 Flow Instances Tab



4.6 Designing an Outbound BPEL Process for Service Integration (BSE **Configuration**)

This section describes how to design an outbound BPEL process for service integration.

A sample project has been provided for this outbound use case scenario in the following folder of the Application Adapters installation:

<ADAPTER_HOME>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_ Samples\BPEL\BSE\Outbound_Project

The following tools are required to complete your outbound design-time configuration:

- Oracle Adapter Application Explorer (Application Explorer)
- Oracle JDeveloper BPEL Designer (JDeveloper)

This section includes the following topics:

- Section 4.6.1, "Generating a WSDL File for Request and Response Services Using a Web Service"
- Section 4.6.2, "Creating an Empty Composite for SOA"
- Section 4.6.3, "Defining a BPEL Outbound Process"

Before you design a BPEL process, you must generate the respective WSDL file using Application Explorer. For more information, see Section 4.6.1, "Generating a WSDL File for Request and Response Services Using a Web Service".

4.6.1 Generating a WSDL File for Request and Response Services Using a Web Service

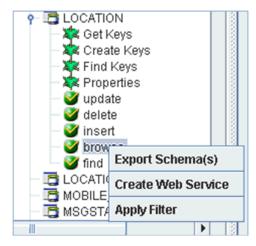
To generate a WSDL file for request and response services using a Web service:

Start Application Explorer and connect to a defined PeopleSoft target (BSE configuration).

For more information on defining a target and connecting to PeopleSoft, see Section 2.4.1, "Defining a Target to PeopleSoft".

- Expand the PeopleSoft target to which you are connected.
- Expand **Component Interfaces** and select **LOCATION**.
- Navigate to and right-click an operation, and select **Create Web Service** from the menu, as shown in Figure 4–76.

Figure 4-76 Create Web Service Option



The Create Web Service dialog is displayed.

- Enter a service name, and click **Next**.
- Click **OK** on the next dialog that is displayed.

Application Explorer switches the view to the Business Services node, and the new Web service is displayed in the left pane.

- Right-click the new Web service and select **Save WSDL** from the menu.
- Save the WSDL in the wsdls folder and click **Save**.

You can now create an empty composite for SOA, which is the first step that is required to define a BPEL outbound process in JDeveloper.

4.6.2 Creating an Empty Composite for SOA

To create an empty composite for SOA:

- Create a new SOA application.
- Enter a name for the SOA Application and click **Next**.

The Name your project page is displayed.

Enter a project name and click **Next**.

The Configure SOA settings page is displayed.

4. From the Composite Template list, select **Empty Composite** and click **Finish**. For more information, see Section 4.4.2, "Creating an Empty Composite for SOA," on page 4-9.

4.6.3 Defining a BPEL Outbound Process

This section describes how to configure a BPEL outbound process component.

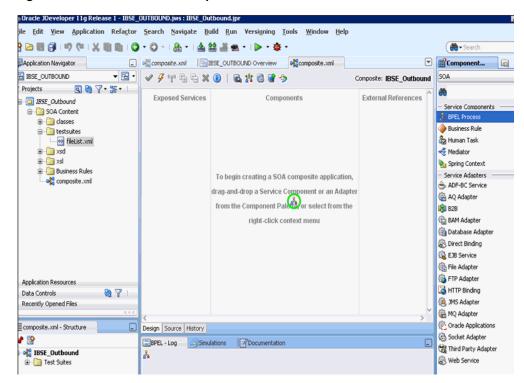
This section includes the following topics:

- Section 4.6.3.1, "Creating a Partner Link"
- Section 4.6.3.2, "Creating BPEL Activities and Mappings With the Created Partner Link"

To define a BPEL outbound process:

1. Drag and drop the **BPEL Process** component from the Service Components pane to the Components pane, as shown in Figure 4–77.

Figure 4-77 BPEL Process Component



- In the Name field, enter a name to identify the new outbound BPEL process component or leave it to the default value.
 - By default, the BPEL 2.0 Specification option is selected.
- From the Template drop-down list, select **Base on a WSDL**.
- Click the Find existing WSDLs icon, which is located to the right of the WSDL URL field, as shown in Figure 4–78.

👩 Create BPEL Process **BPEL Process** A BPEL process is a service orchestration, based on the BPEL specification, used to describe/execute a business process (or large grained service), which is implemented as a stateful service. BPEL 2.0 Specification
 BPEL 1.1 Specification BPELProcess1 Name: Namespace: http://xmlns.oracle.com/SOA_Application/IBSE_Outbound/BPELProcess1 C:\WORK\mywork\SOA_Application\IBSE_Outbound\SOA\BPEL Directory: Template: e Base on a WSDL Service Name: bpelprocess1_client ✓ Expose as a SOAP service WSDL URL: B Port Type: Callback Port Type: OK Cancel Help

Figure 4–78 Find Existing WSDLs Icon

The WSDL Chooser dialog is displayed.

Navigate to the location where the WSDL is exported from Application Explorer, select the WSDL, and click **OK**, as shown in Figure 4–79.

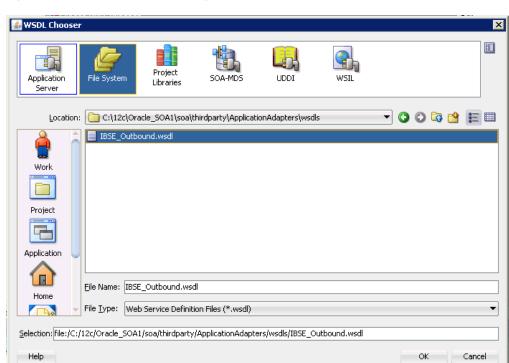
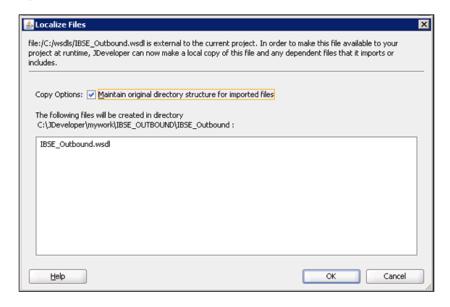


Figure 4–79 WSDL Chooser Dialog

The Localize Files window is displayed.

6. In the displayed Localize Files window, click **OK**. This imports the WSDL file to the project folder, as shown in Figure 4–80.

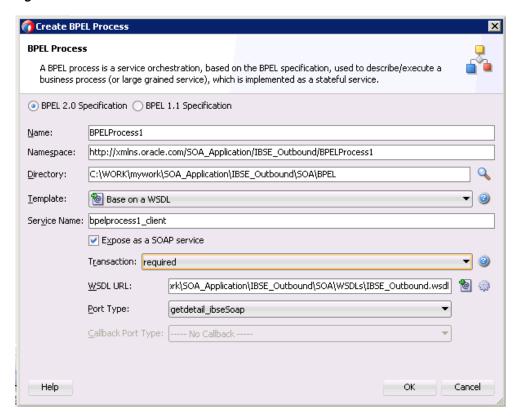
Figure 4-80 Localize Files Window



The Create BPEL Process window is displayed.

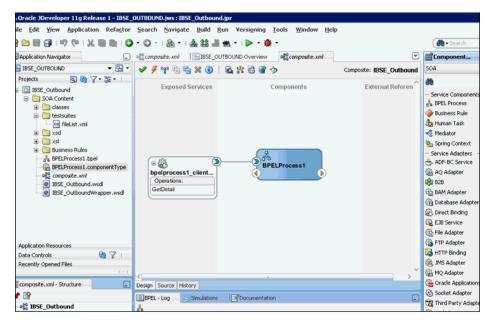
In the BPEL Process pane, click **OK**, as shown in Figure 4–81.

Figure 4-81 BPEL Process Pane



The BPEL Process component is created and displayed, as shown in Figure 4–82.

Figure 4-82 BPEL Process Component



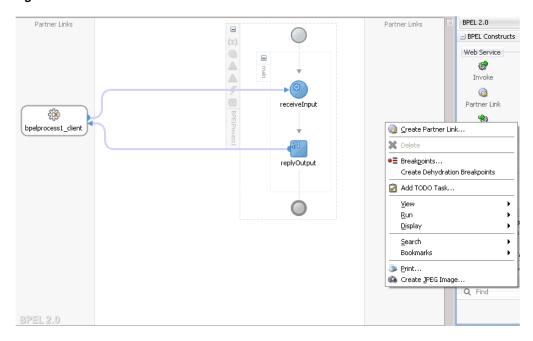
4.6.3.1 Creating a Partner Link

This section describes how to create a partner link.

To create a partner link:

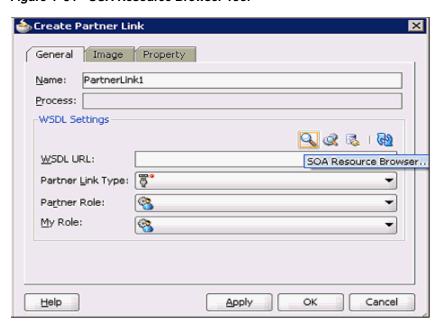
- 1. Double-click the outbound BPEL process component in the Components pane.
- Right-click on the Partner Links pane and select Create Partner Link, as shown in Figure 4–83.

Figure 4-83 Create Partner Link



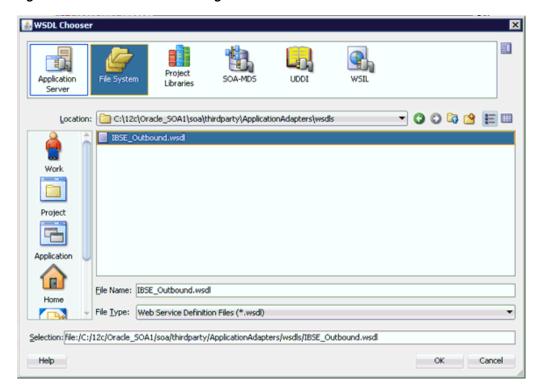
In the displayed Create Partner Link window, provide an appropriate name and click on the SOA Resource Browser tool, as shown in Figure 4–84.

Figure 4–84 SOA Resource Browser Tool



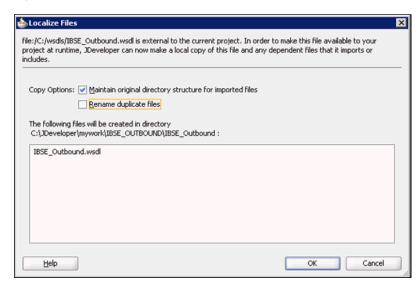
In the WSDL Chooser dialog that is displayed, navigate to the location where the WSDL is exported from Application Explorer, select the WSDL, and click **OK**, as shown in Figure 4–85.

Figure 4-85 WSDL Chooser Dialog



In the displayed Localize Files window, uncheck the **Rename duplicate files** check box and click **OK**, as shown in Figure 4–86.

Figure 4-86 Localize Files Window



Click **Yes** in the displayed Partner Link Type window, as shown in Figure 4–87.

Figure 4–87 Partner Link Type



- 7. In the displayed Create Partner Link window, expand the Partner Role drop-down list and select the available partner role.
- Click **Apply**, and then **OK**, as shown in Figure 4–88.

Figure 4-88 Create Partner Link



4.6.3.2 Creating BPEL Activities and Mappings With the Created Partner Link

This section describes how to create BPEL activities and mappings with the created partner link.

To create BPEL Activities and map with the created partner link:

- 1. Drag and drop the **Invoke** activity component from BPEL Constructs to the Components pane. Place it between the receiveInput activity component and the replyOutput activity component.
- 2. Create a connection between the new **Invoke** activity component (Invoke1) and the **Partner Link** component (Partner link1), as shown in Figure 4–89.

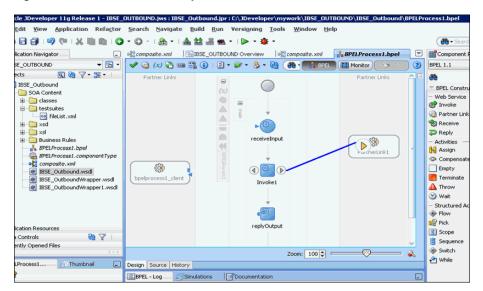


Figure 4-89 Partner Link Component

- In the displayed Edit Invoke window, click the Plus (+) icon, located to the right of the Input field, to configure a new input variable.
- Accept the default values that are provided for the new input variable and click OK.
- Click the Plus (+) icon, which is located to the right of the Output field, to configure a new output variable.
- Accept the default values that are provided for the new output variable and click OK.
- Click **Apply** and then **OK**, as shown in Figure 4–90.

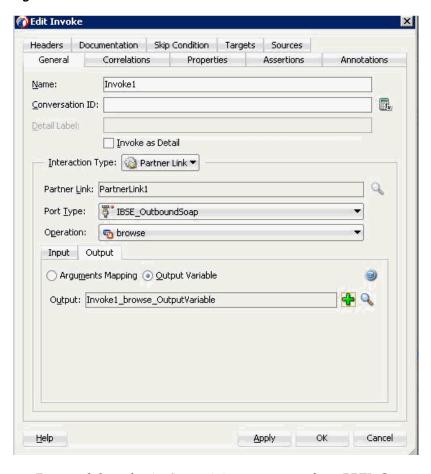


Figure 4-90 Edit Invoke Window

Drag and drop the **Assign** activity component from BPEL Constructs to the Components pane. Place it between the **Receive** activity component (receiveInput) and the **Invoke** activity component (Invoke1), as shown in Figure 4–91.

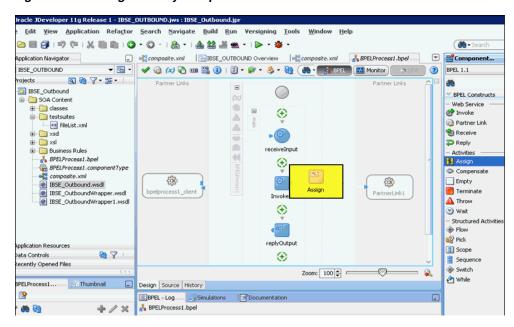
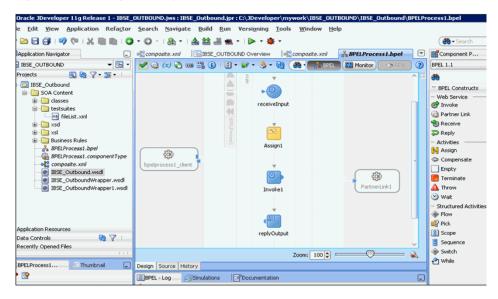


Figure 4–91 Assign Activity Component

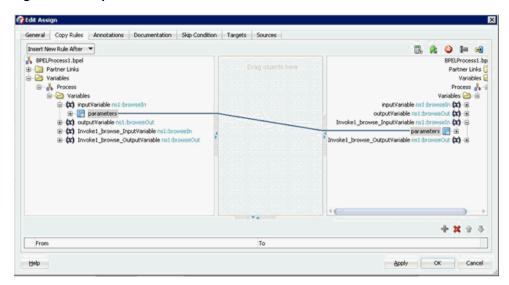
Double-click the new **Assign** activity component (Assign1), as shown in Figure 4-92.

Figure 4-92 Assign Activity Component



- 10. In the left pane, under Variables, expand InputVariable, and then select parameters.
- 11. In the right pane, under Variables, expand Invoke1_browse_InputVariable, and then select **parameters**.
- **12.** Drag and map the **InputVariable** parameters to the **Invoke1_browse_ InputVariable** parameters, as shown in Figure 4–93.

Figure 4-93 InputVariable Parameters



- **13.** Click **Apply** and then **OK**.
- 14. Drag and drop the Assign activity component to the Components pane and place it between the Invoke activity (Invoke1) and the Reply activity (replyOutput), as shown in Figure 4–94.

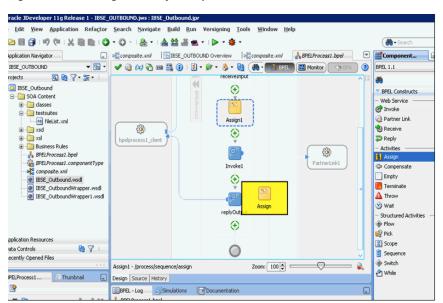
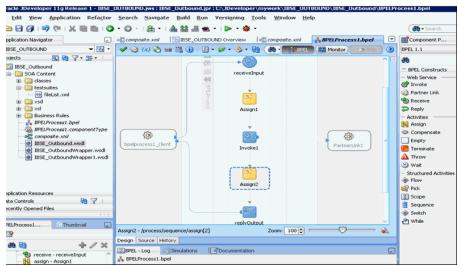


Figure 4–94 Assign Activity Component

15. Double-click the new **Assign** activity component (Assign2), as shown in Figure 4–95.





- **16.** In the left pane, under Variables, expand **Invoke1_browse_OutputVariable**, and then select **parameters**.
- **17.** In the right pane, under Variables, expand **outputVariable**, and then select parameters.
- **18.** Drag and map the **Invoke1_browse_OutputVariable** parameters to the **outputVariable** parameters, as shown in Figure 4–96.

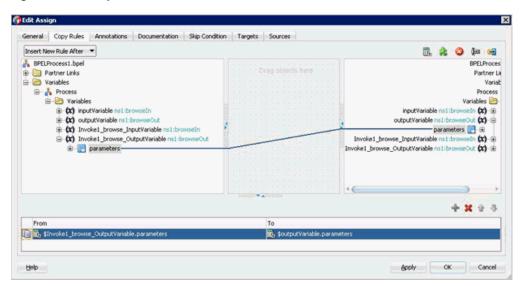
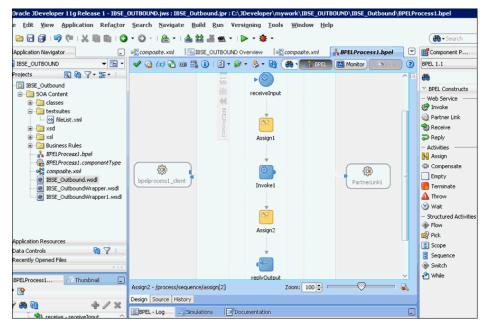


Figure 4-96 output Variable Parameters

19. Click **Apply** and then **OK**.

You are returned to the component pane, as shown in Figure 4–97.





20. Click the **Save All** icon in the menu bar to save the new outbound BPEL process component that was configured.

You are now ready to deploy the BPEL Outbound process. You can follow the same procedure as in Section 4.4.4, "Deploying the BPEL Outbound Process" on page 4-28.

Once deployed you can invoke the input XML, as defined in Section 4.4.5, "Invoking the Input XML Document in the Oracle Enterprise Manager Console" on page 4-31.

esigning an Outbound BPEL Process for Service Integration (BSE Configuration)

Integration With Mediator Service Components in the Oracle SOA Suite

This chapter describes integration with Mediator service components in the Oracle SOA Suite. It contains the following topics:

- Section 5.1, "Configuring a New Application Server Connection"
- Section 5.2, "Configuring a Mediator Outbound Process (J2CA Configuration)"
- Section 5.3, "Configuring a Mediator Inbound Process (J2CA Configuration)"
- Section 5.4, "Configuring a Mediator Outbound Process (BSE Configuration)"

The scenarios shown in this chapter require the following prerequisites.

Prerequisites

The following are installation and configuration requirements:

- Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft must be installed on Oracle WebLogic Server.
- PeopleSoft must be configured for inbound and outbound processing.

See Also: Oracle Fusion Middleware Application Adapters Installation Guide for Oracle WebLogic Server

The examples in this chapter present the configuration steps necessary for demonstrating service and event integration with PeopleSoft. Prior to using this material, you must be familiar with the following:

- How to configure Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft for services and events. For more information, see Chapter 2, "Configuring Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft".
- How to configure a new Application Server and Integration Server connection in Oracle JDeveloper. For more information, see Chapter 4, "Integration With BPEL Service Components in the Oracle SOA Suite".

Overview of Mediator Integration

Mediator provides a comprehensive application integration framework. Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft used with Mediator enables you to seamlessly integrate enterprise software, eliminating the need to write custom code. Functional modeling, as opposed to custom coding solutions, allows for software reuse and reduces the complexity and management challenges that arise over the software lifecycle. This integration model consists of two components--high-level integration logic and low-level platform services.

Adapter integration with Oracle WebLogic Server, Mediator is a two-step process:

- 1. Design Time: Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft is configured in Application Explorer for services and events, as described in Chapter 2, "Configuring Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft". Integration logic is modeled in Oracle JDeveloper. Metadata are stored in repositories.
- **2. Runtime:** The underlying platform treats this metadata as run-time instructions to enable the communication between participating applications.

5.1 Configuring a New Application Server Connection

For more information on how to configure a new Application Server connection in Oracle JDeveloper, see Section 4.3, "Configuring a New Application Server Connection".

5.2 Configuring a Mediator Outbound Process (J2CA Configuration)

This section describes how to configure a Mediator outbound process to your PeopleSoft system, using a Mediator project in Oracle JDeveloper.

A sample project has been provided for this outbound use case scenario in the following folder of the Application Adapters installation:

<ADAPTER_HOME>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_ Samples\Mediator\J2CA\Outbound_Project

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 5.2.1, "Creating an Empty Composite for SOA"
- Section 5.2.2, "Defining a Mediator Outbound Process"
- Section 5.2.3, "Deploying the Mediator Outbound Process"
- Section 5.2.4, "Invoking the Input XML Document in the Oracle Enterprise Manager Console"

Prerequisites

Before you design a Mediator outbound process, you must generate the respective WSDL file using Application Explorer. For more information, see Section 4.4.1, "Generating WSDL for Request/Response Service" on page 4-8.

5.2.1 Creating an Empty Composite for SOA

Perform the following steps to create an empty composite for SOA:

- **1.** Create a new SOA application.
- **2.** Enter a name for the new SOA Application and click **Next**. The Name your project page is displayed.
- Enter a project name and click **Next**. The Configure SOA settings page is displayed.
- From the Composite Template list, select **Empty Composite** and click **Finish**.

For more information, see Section 4.4.2, "Creating an Empty Composite for SOA" on page 4-9.

5.2.2 Defining a Mediator Outbound Process

This section describes how to define a Mediator outbound process, which consists of the following topics:

- Section 5.2.2.1, "Configuring a Third Party Adapter Service Component"
- Section 5.2.2.2, "Configuring an Outbound Mediator Process Component"
- Section 5.2.2.3, "Configuring the Routing Rules"
- Section 5.2.2.4, "Adjusting for Known Deployment Issues With 12c"

5.2.2.1 Configuring a Third Party Adapter Service Component

Perform the following steps to create a third party adapter service component:

- Drag and drop the Third Party Adapter component from the Service Adapters pane to the External References pane.
- Enter a name for the third party adapter service.
- **3.** Ensure that **Reference** is selected from the Type drop-down list (default).
- Click the **Find existing WSDLs** icon, which is located to the right of the WSDL URL field.
- Browse and select an outbound WSDL file from the following directory:
 - <aDAPTER_HOME>\wsdls
- 6. Click OK.
- 7. Click OK.

The outbound WSDL file and associated request and response XML schema files (.xsd) are imported to the project folder that has been created.

- Click the **Find JCA file** icon, which is located to the right of the JCA File field.
- Browse and select the JCA properties file from the following directory:

```
<ADAPTER HOME>\wsdls
```

10. Click OK.

A Copy File confirmation message is displayed.

11. Click Yes.

A copy of the JCA properties file is made in the project folder.

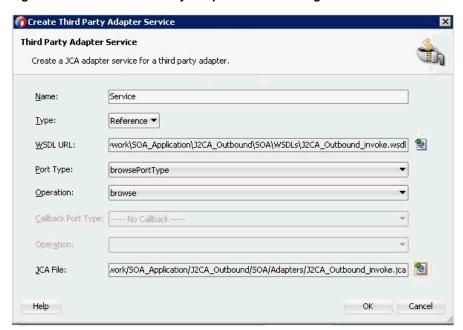


Figure 5–1 Create Third Party Adapter Service Dialog

12. Click OK.

The third party adapter service component (GetDetail) is created in the External References pane.

You are now ready to configure an outbound Mediator process component.

For more information, see Section 6.4.3.1, "Configuring a Third Party Adapter Service Component" on page 6-12.

5.2.2.2 Configuring an Outbound Mediator Process Component

Perform the following steps to configure an outbound Mediator process component:

Drag and drop the Mediator Process component from the Components pane to the Components pane.

The Create Mediator dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 5–2.

Q

Q

Cancel

🕜 Create Mediator **Mediator Component** Create a mediator component to perform routing, filtering, and transformations. Mediator1 Name: Directory: C:\WORK\mywork\SOA_Application\JCA_Outbound\SOA\Mediators

Figure 5–2 Create Mediator Dialog

Iemplate: Synchronous Interface

Help

Expose as a SOAP service

Input: {http://xmlns.oracle.com/singleString}singleString

Output: {http://xmlns.oracle.com/singleString}singleString

- In the Name field, enter a name to identify the new outbound Mediator process component or leave it to the default value.
- From the Template drop-down list, select **Synchronous Interface**.
- Click the **Browse** icon, which is located to the right of the Input field to select the associated XML request schema file.

The Type Chooser dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 5–3.

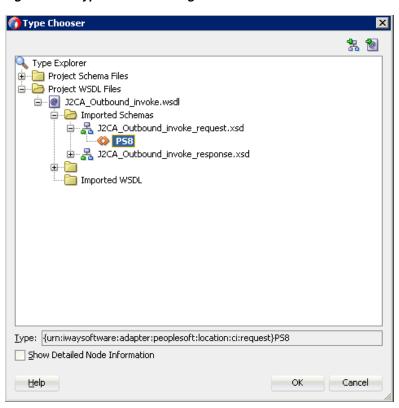


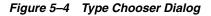
Figure 5–3 Type Chooser Dialog

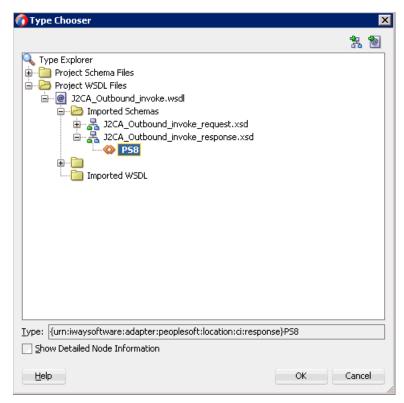
- 5. Expand Project WSDL Files, J2CA_Outbound_invoke.wsdl, Imported Schemas, J2CA_Outbound_invoke_request.xsd, and select PS8.
- 6. Click **OK**.

You are returned to the Create Mediator dialog.

7. Click the **Browse** icon, which is located to the right of the Output field to select the associated XML response schema file.

The Type Chooser dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 5–4.

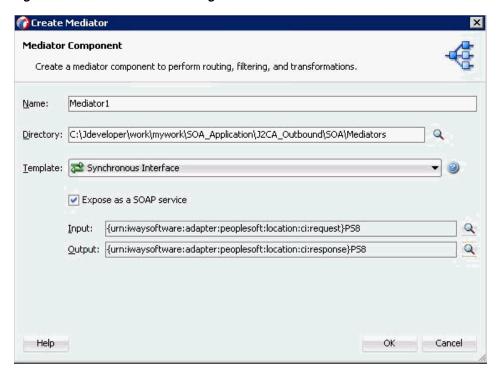




- Expand Project WSDL Files, J2CA_Outbound_invoke.wsdl, Imported Schemas, J2CA_Outbound_invoke_response.xsd, and select PS8.
- 9. Click OK.

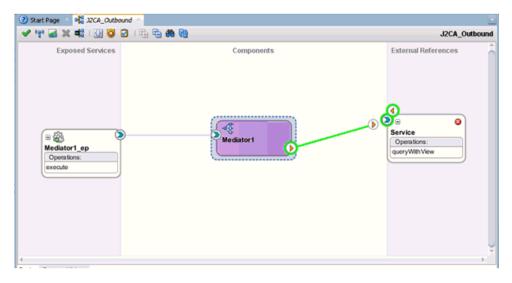
You are returned to the Create Mediator dialog, as shown in Figure 5–5.

Figure 5–5 Create Mediator Dialog



- 10. Click OK.
- 11. Create a connection between the outbound Mediator process component and the third party adapter service component, as shown in Figure 5–6.

Figure 5-6 Created Connection



You are now ready to configure the routing rules.

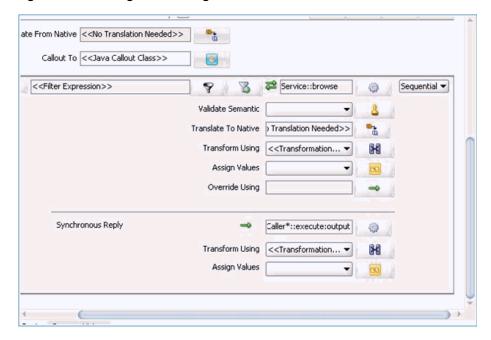
5.2.2.3 Configuring the Routing Rules

Perform the following steps to configure routing rules for the Mediator outbound process component:

Double-click the outbound Mediator process component in the Components pane.

The Routing Rules dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 5–7.

Figure 5–7 Routing Rules Dialog



In the <<Filter Expression>> area, click the icon to the right of the Transform Using field.

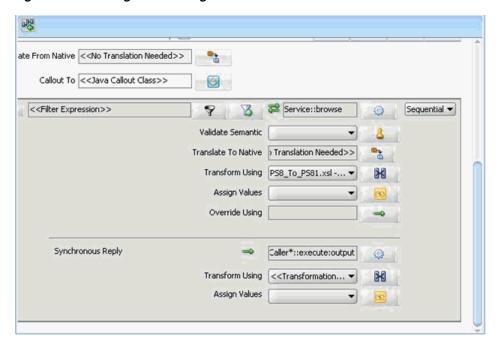
The Request Transformation Map dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 5–8.

Figure 5–8 Request Transformation Map Dialog



- **3.** Click the Add (+) icon.
 - The Create Transformation Map page is displayed.
- Make sure the Type is selected as **XSLT** and click **OK**.
- 5. Click **OK**.
- Map the ns0:PS8 source element to the ns0:PS8 target element. The Auto Map Preferences dialog is displayed.
- Retain the default values and click **OK**.
- Return to the Routing Rules dialog, as shown in Figure 5–9.

Figure 5-9 Routing Rules Dialog



In the Synchronous Reply area, click the icon to the right of the Transform Using field.

The Reply Transformation Map dialog is displayed.

10. Click the Add (+) icon.

The create Transformation Page is displayed.

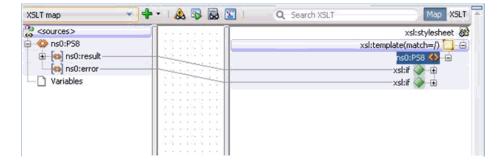
- **11.** Make sure the type is selected as **XSLT** and click **OK**.
 - A mapping page is displayed.
- 12. Click OK.
- **13.** Map the **ns0:PS8** source element to the **ns0:PS8** target element.

The Auto Map Preferences dialog is displayed.

14. Retain the default values and click **OK**.

The mapping is completed, as shown in Figure 5–10.

Figure 5-10 Completed Mapping



15. Click the Save All icon in the menu bar to save the new outbound Mediator process component that was configured.

5.2.2.4 Adjusting for Known Deployment Issues With 12c

For more information on how to adjust for known deployment issues with 12c, see Section 4.4.3.3, "Adjusting for Known Deployment Issues With 12c" on page 4-26.

5.2.3 Deploying the Mediator Outbound Process

Perform the following steps to deploy the Mediator outbound process.

Right-click the project name in the left pane, select **Deploy**, and then click **J2CA**_ Outbound.

The Deployment Action page is displayed.

- **2.** Ensure that **Deploy to Application Server** is selected.
- Click Next.

The Deploy Configuration page is displayed.

4. Leave the default values selected and click Next.

The Select Server page is displayed.

5. Select an available application server that was configured and click **Next**.

The SOA Servers page is displayed.

6. Select a target SOA server and click **Next**.

The Summary page is displayed.

7. Review and verify all the available deployment information for your project and click Finish.

For more information, see Section 4.4.4, "Deploying the BPEL Outbound Process" on page 4-28.

5.2.4 Invoking the Input XML Document in the Oracle Enterprise Manager Console

For more information, see Section 4.4.5, "Invoking the Input XML Document in the Oracle Enterprise Manager Console" on page 4-31.

5.3 Configuring a Mediator Inbound Process (J2CA Configuration)

This section describes how to configure a Mediator inbound process to your PeopleSoft system, using a Mediator project in Oracle JDeveloper.

A sample project has been provided for this inbound use case scenario in the following folder of the Application Adapters installation:

<ADAPTER_HOME>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_ Samples\Mediator\J2CA\Inbound_Project

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 5.3.1, "Creating an Empty Composite for SOA"
- Section 5.3.2, "Defining a Mediator Inbound Process"

Prerequisites

Before you design a Mediator inbound process, you must generate the respective WSDL file using Application Explorer. For more information, see Section 4.5.1, "Generating WSDL for Event Integration" on page 4-34.

5.3.1 Creating an Empty Composite for SOA

Perform the following steps to create an empty composite for SOA:

- **1.** Create a new SOA application.
- Enter a name for the new SOA Application and click **Next**.

The Name your project page is displayed.

Enter a project name and click **Next**.

The Configure SOA settings page is displayed.

4. From the Composite Template list, select **Empty Composite** and click **Finish**.

For more information, see Section 4.4.2, "Creating an Empty Composite for SOA" on page 4-9.

5.3.2 Defining a Mediator Inbound Process

This section describes how to define a Mediator inbound process, which contains the following topics:

- Section 5.3.2.1, "Configuring a Third Party Adapter Service Component"
- Section 5.3.2.2, "Configuring an Inbound Mediator Process Component With a File Adapter"
- Section 5.3.2.3, "Configuring the Routing Rules"
- Section 5.3.2.4, "Adjusting for Known Deployment Issues With 12c"

5.3.2.1 Configuring a Third Party Adapter Service Component

Perform the following steps to create a third party adapter service component:

1. Drag and drop the **Third Party Adapter** component from the Service Adapters pane to the Exposed Services pane.

The Create Third Party Adapter Service dialog is displayed.

- **2.** Enter a name for the third party adapter service.
- Ensure that **Service** is selected from the Type drop-down list (default).
- Click the **Find existing WSDLs** icon, which is located to the right of the WSDL URL field.

The WSDL Chooser dialog is displayed.

Browse and select an inbound WSDL file from the following directory:

<ADAPTER HOME>\wsdls

6. Click OK.

The Localize Files dialog is displayed.

7. Click OK.

The inbound WSDL file and associated receive/request schema file (.xsd) are imported to the project folder that has been created.

You are returned to the Create Third Party Adapter Service dialog.

8. Click the Find JCA file icon, which is located to the right of the JCA File field.

The Transformation Chooser dialog is displayed.

9. Browse and select the JCA properties file from the following directory:

<ADAPTER_HOME>\wsdls

10. Click OK.

The Copy File Confirmation message is displayed.

11. Click Yes.

A copy of the JCA properties file is made in the project folder.

You are returned to the Create Third Party Adapter Service dialog.

12. Click OK.

The third party adapter service component is created in the Exposed Services pane.

You are now ready to configure an inbound Mediator process component.

For more information, see Section 4.5.3.1, "Creating a Third Party Adapter Service Component" on page 4-38.

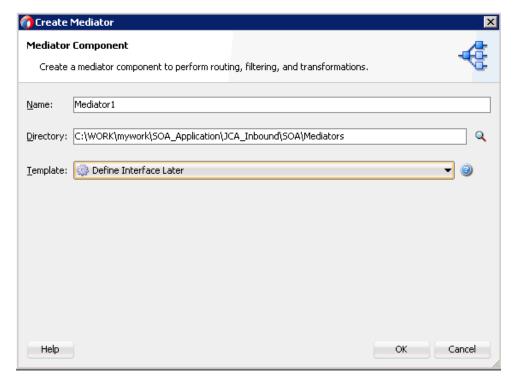
5.3.2.2 Configuring an Inbound Mediator Process Component With a File Adapter

Perform the following steps to configure an inbound Mediator process component with a File adapter.

Drag and drop the **Mediator Process** component from the Service Components pane to the Components pane.

The Create Mediator dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 5–11.

Figure 5–11 Create Mediator Dialog



In the Name field, enter a name to identify the new inbound Mediator process component.

- **3.** From the Template drop-down list, select **Define Interface Later**.
- Click the **OK**.

The new Mediator process component is added to the Components pane.

5. Drag and drop the **File** component from the Technology Adapters pane to the External References pane.

The File Adapter Configuration Wizard is displayed.

6. Type a name for the new File adapter and click **Next**.

The Adapter Interface page is displayed.

- **7.** Ensure that the **Define from operation and schema (specified later)** option is selected.
- 8. Click Next.

The Operation page is displayed.

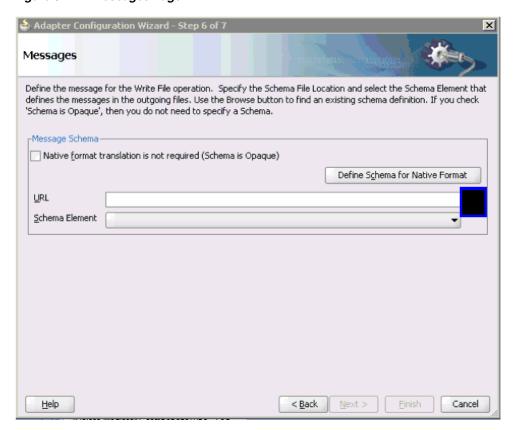
- 9. Click Next.
- 10. Select Write File from the list of Operation Type options and specify an Operation Name (for example, Write).
- 11. Click Next.

The File Configuration page is displayed.

- **12.** Specify a location on your file system where the output file is written.
- **13.** In the File Naming Convention field, specify a name for the output file.
- 14. Click Next.

The Messages page is displayed, as shown in Figure 5–12.

Figure 5–12 Messages Page



15. Click **Browse**, which is located to the right of the URL field.

The Type Chooser dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 5–13.

🕡 Type Chooser 器 包 Type Explorer Project Schema Files
Project WSDL Files ■ ■ J2CA_Inbound_recive.wsdl ☐ 🧀 Imported Schemas ☐ ♣ J2CA_Inbound_recive _request.xsd **LOCATION_SYNC** → PSCAMA Imported WSDL <u>Iype</u>: {urn:iwaysoftware:adapter:peoplesoft:location_sync:message}LOCATION_SYNC Show Detailed Node Information Help OK - Cancel

Figure 5–13 Type Chooser Dialog

- 16. Expand Project WSDL Files, J2CA_Inbound_receive.wsdl, Imported Schemas, J2CA_Inbound_receive_request.xsd, and select LOCATION_SYNC.
- 17. Click OK.

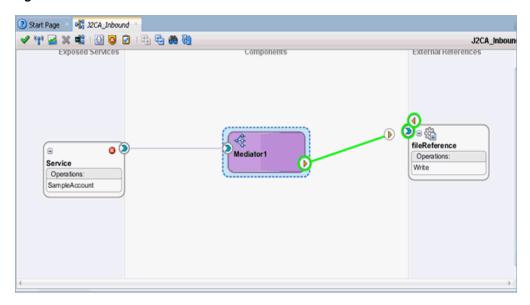
You are returned to the Messages page.

18. Click Next.

The Finish page is displayed.

- 19. Click Finish.
- **20.** Create a connection between the inbound Mediator process component and the third party adapter service component.
- 21. Create a connection between the inbound Mediator process component and the File adapter component, as shown in Figure 5–14.

Figure 5-14 Created Connection



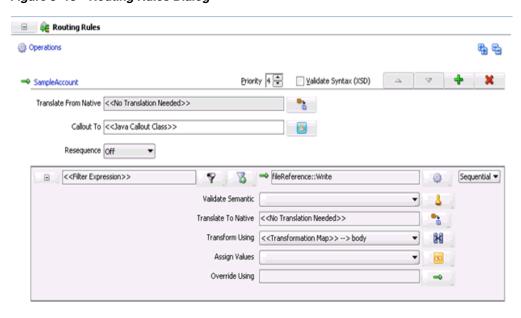
You are now ready to configure the routing rules.

5.3.2.3 Configuring the Routing Rules

Perform the following steps to configure routing rules for the Mediator inbound process component:

Double-click the inbound Mediator process component in the Components page. The Routing Rules dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 5–15.

Figure 5-15 Routing Rules Dialog



In the <<Filter Expression>> area, click the icon to the right of the Transform Using field.

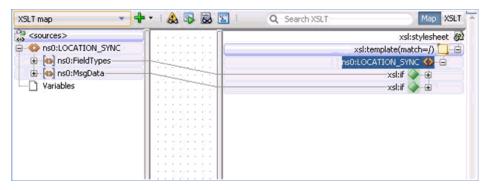
The Request Transformation Map dialog is displayed.

Click the Add (+) icon and ensure that the selected Type is **XSLT**, then click **OK**.

4. Click OK.

The mapping page is displayed, as shown in Figure 5–16.

Figure 5-16 Mapping Page



- 5. Click OK.
- Map the ns0:LOCATION_SYNC source element to the ns0:LOCATION_SYNC target element.

The Auto Map Preferences dialog is displayed.

- **7.** Retain the default values and click **OK**.
 - The mapping is now complete.
- **8.** Click the **Save All** icon in the menu bar to save the new inbound Mediator process component that was configured.

5.3.2.4 Adjusting for Known Deployment Issues With 12c

For more information on how to adjust for known deployment issues with 12c, see Section 4.4.3.3, "Adjusting for Known Deployment Issues With 12c" on page 4-26.

You are now ready to deploy the Mediator inbound process. You can follow the same procedure in Section 4.5.4, "Deploying the BPEL Inbound Process," on page 4-44.

Once event messages are triggered through PeopleSoft, output XML is received in the location that was specified for the File adapter component. For more information on triggering events in PeopleSoft, see Section 4.5.5, "Triggering an Event in PeopleSoft" on page 4-45.

5.4 Configuring a Mediator Outbound Process (BSE Configuration)

This section describes how to configure a Mediator outbound process to your PeopleSoft system, using a Mediator project in Oracle JDeveloper.

A sample project has been provided for this outbound use case scenario in the following folder of the Application Adapters installation:

<ADAPTER_HOME>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_ Samples\Mediator\BSE\Outbound_Project

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 5.4.1, "Creating an Empty Composite for SOA"
- Section 5.4.2, "Defining a Mediator Outbound Process"

Prerequisites

Before you design a Mediator outbound process, you must generate the respective WSDL file using Application Explorer. For more information, see Section 4.6.1, "Generating a WSDL File for Request and Response Services Using a Web Service" on page 4-53.

5.4.1 Creating an Empty Composite for SOA

Perform the following steps to create an empty composite for SOA:

- Create a new SOA application.
- Enter a name for the SOA application, and click **Next**.
- Enter a project name (for example, IBSE_Outbound), and click Next.
- From the Composite Template list, select **Empty Composite** and click **Finish**.

For more information, see Section 4.4.2, "Creating an Empty Composite for SOA" on page 4-38.

5.4.2 Defining a Mediator Outbound Process

This section describes how to define a Mediator outbound process. The following topics are included:

- Section 5.4.2.1, "Configuring a SOAP Service"
- Section 5.4.2.2, "Creating a Mediator Component"
- Section 5.4.2.3, "Configuring the Routing Rules"

5.4.2.1 Configuring a SOAP Service

Perform the following steps to configure a SOAP Service:

- Drag and drop the **SOAP** node from the Technology Adapters pane to the External References pane.
- Enter an appropriate name for the SOAP Service and click on the **Find existing WSDLs** icon, which is located to the right of the WSDL URL field.
- 3. In the displayed SOA Resource Browser window, select the File system tab and navigate to the location where the WSDL is exported from the Application Explorer, select the WSDL, and click **OK**.
- **4.** In the Create Web Service Window, click **OK**.
- 5. In the displayed Localize Files window, click **OK**. This imports the WSDL file to the project folder.

The Web Service is created and displayed.

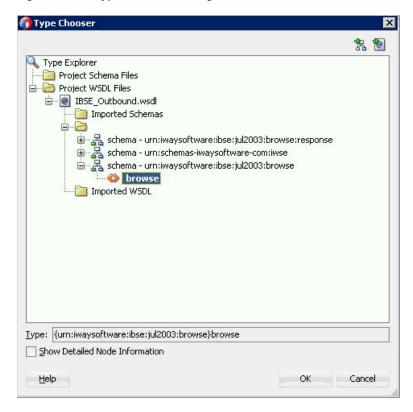
5.4.2.2 Creating a Mediator Component

Perform the following steps to create a Mediator component:

- Drag and drop the **Mediator** component from the Components pane in to the Components pane.
- In the Name field, enter a name to identify the new outbound Mediator process component.
- From the Template drop-down list, select **Synchronous Interface**.

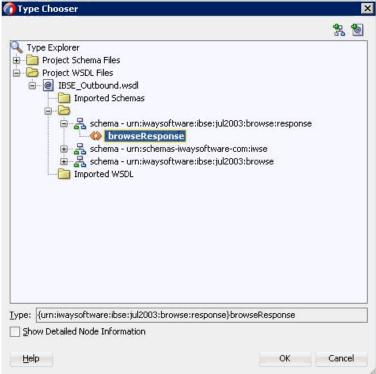
- 4. Click the Browse icon, which is located to the right of the Input field, to select the associated XML request schema file.
- 5. In the Type Chooser dialog, expand Project WSDL Files, select IBSE_ **Outbound.wsdl**, and click **browse**, as shown in Figure 5–17.

Figure 5–17 Type Chooser Dialog



- 6. Click OK.
- Click the **Browse** icon, which is located to the right of the Output field, to select the associated XML response schema file.
- In The Type Chooser dialog, expand Project WSDL Files, select IBSE_ Outbound.wsdl, and click browseResponse, as shown in Figure 5–18.



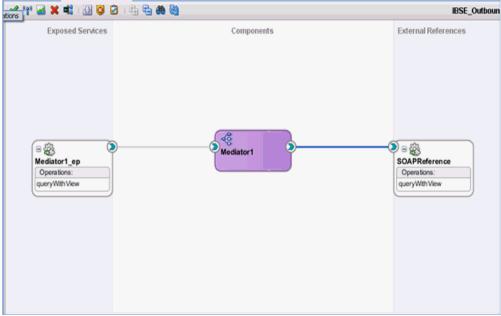


- 9. Click OK.
- 10. Click OK.

The Mediator component is created and displayed.

11. Create a connection between the **Mediator** component and the **SOAP service** component, as shown in Figure 5–19.

Figure 5-19 Created Connection

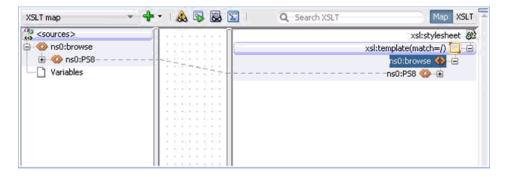


5.4.2.3 Configuring the Routing Rules

Perform the following steps to configure the routing rules:

- Double-click the **Mediator** component in the Components pane.
- In the <<Filter Expression>> area of the Static Routing section, click the icon to the right of the Transform Using field.
- In the displayed Request Transformation Map window, click the Add (+) icon and make sure the selected Type is XSLT in the Create Transformation Map dialog box and click **OK**.
- 4. Click OK.
- Map the ns0:browse source element to the ns0:browse target element, as shown in Figure 5–20.

Figure 5-20 GetDetail_To_GetDetail.xsl Tab



- In the displayed Auto Map Preferences window, retain the default values and click
- In the Synchronous Reply area, click the icon to the right of the Transform Using field.

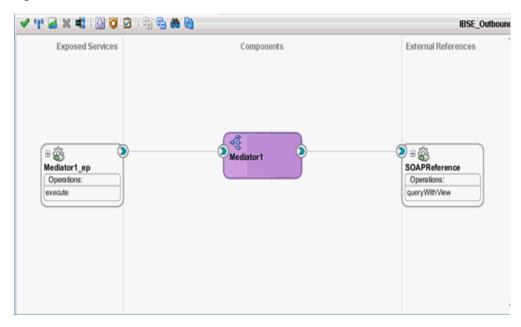
- In the displayed Reply Transformation Map window, click the Add (+) icon and make sure the Type is selected as XSLT in the Create Transformation Map dialog box, and then click **OK**.
- **9.** Map the **ns0:browseResponse** source element to the **ns0:browseResponse** target element, as shown in Figure 5–21.

Figure 5–21 Source and Target Elements



- 10. In the displayed Auto Map Preferences window, retain the default values and click OK.
- **11.** Double-click **composite.xml** in the left pane.
- 12. Click the Save All icon in the menu bar to save the new outbound Mediator component that was configured, as shown in Figure 5–22.

Figure 5-22 Save All Icon



You are now ready to deploy the Mediator IBSE outbound process. You can follow the same procedure found in Section 5.2.3, "Deploying the Mediator Outbound Process" on page 5-11.

Once deployed, you can invoke the input XML, as defined in Section 4.4.5, "Invoking the Input XML Document in the Oracle Enterprise Manager Console" on page 4-31.

Configuring a	Mediator Outbound	Process	(BSE Configuration)	

Integration With BPM Service Components in the Oracle SOA Suite

Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft integrates seamlessly with Oracle Business Process Management (BPM) to facilitate Web service integration. Oracle BPM is based on the Service-Oriented Architecture (SOA). It consumes adapter services exposed as Web Service Definition Language (WSDL) documents.

This chapter contains the following topics:

- Section 6.1, "Overview"
- Section 6.2, "Deployment of Adapter"
- Section 6.3, "Configuring a New Application Server Connection"
- Section 6.4, "Designing an Outbound BPM Process Using Transformations for Service Integration (J2CA Configuration)"
- Section 6.5, "Designing an Inbound BPM Process Using Transformations for Event Integration (J2CA Configuration)"
- Section 6.6, "Designing an Outbound BPM Process Using Transformations for Service Integration (BSE Configuration)"

6.1 Overview

To integrate with Oracle BPM, Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft must be deployed in the same WLS container as Oracle BPM. The underlying adapter services must be exposed as WSDL files, which are generated during design time in Oracle Adapter Application Explorer (Application Explorer) for both request-response (outbound) and event notification (inbound) services of the adapter. For more information, see "Generating a WSDL (J2CA Configurations Only)" on page 2-10.

The generated WSDL files are used to design the appropriate BPM processes for inbound or outbound adapter services. A completed BPM process must be successfully compiled in JDeveloper and deployed to a BPM server. Upon deployment to the BPM server, every newly built process is automatically deployed to the Oracle Enterprise Manager console, where you run, monitor, and administer BPM processes, and listen to adapter events.

6.2 Deployment of Adapter

During installation, Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft is deployed as a J2CA 1.0 resource adapter within the WLS container. The adapter must be deployed in the same WLS container as Oracle BPM.

6.3 Configuring a New Application Server Connection

For more information on how to configure a new Application Server connection in Oracle JDeveloper, see Section 4.3, "Configuring a New Application Server Connection" on page 4-2.

6.4 Designing an Outbound BPM Process Using Transformations for Service Integration (J2CA Configuration)

This section describes how to design an outbound BPM process using transformations for service integration.

A sample project has been provided for this outbound use case scenario in the following folder of the Application Adapters installation:

```
<ADAPTER_HOME>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_
Samples\BPM\J2CA\Outbound_Project
```

The following tools are required to complete your outbound design-time configuration:

- Oracle Adapter Application Explorer (Application Explorer)
- Oracle JDeveloper BPM Designer (JDeveloper)

Note: The examples in this chapter demonstrate the use of IDeveloper.

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 6.4.1, "Creating an Empty Composite for BPM"
- Section 6.4.2, "Defining a BPM Outbound Process"
- Section 6.4.3, "Adjusting for Known Deployment Issues With 12c"
- Section 6.4.4, "Deploying the BPM Outbound Process"
- Section 6.4.5, "Invoking the Input XML Document in the Oracle Enterprise Manager Console"

Before you design a BPM process, you must generate the respective WSDL file using Application Explorer. For more information, see Section 4.4.1, "Generating WSDL for Request/Response Service" on page 4-8.

6.4.1 Creating an Empty Composite for BPM

Perform the following steps to create an empty composite for BPM:

- Create a new BPM application.
- **2.** Enter a name for the new BPM application and click **Next**. The Name your project page is displayed.
- Enter a project name, in the project features select **BPM**, and then click **Next**. The Configure SOA settings page is displayed.
- **4.** From the Composite Template list, select **Empty Composite** and click **Finish**.

6.4.2 Defining a BPM Outbound Process

This section describes how to define a BPM outbound process, which contains the following topics:

- Section 6.4.2.1, "Configuring a Third Party Adapter Service Component"
- Section 6.4.2.2, "Configuring an Outbound BPM Process Component"
- Section 6.4.2.3, "Creating a File Adapter for the Write Operation"

6.4.2.1 Configuring a Third Party Adapter Service Component

Perform the following steps to create a third party adapter service component:

- Double-click the created project to load the components.
- Drag and drop the Third Party Adapter component from the Custom/Thirdparty pane to the External References pane.

The Create Third Party Adapter Service dialog is displayed.

- **3.** Enter a name for the third party adapter service.
- **4.** Ensure that **Reference** is selected from the Type list (default).
- 5. Click the **Find existing WSDLs** icon, which is located to the right of the WSDL URL field.

The WSDL Chooser dialog is displayed.

Browse and select an outbound WSDL file from the following directory:

```
<ADAPTER_HOME>\wsdls
```

7. Click **OK**.

The Localize Files dialog is displayed.

8. Click **OK**.

The outbound WSDL file and associated request and response XML schema files (.xsd) are imported to the project folder that has been created.

You are returned to the Create Third Party Adapter Service dialog.

Click the **Find JCA file** icon, which is located to the right of the JCA File field.

The Transformation Map dialog is displayed.

10. Browse and select the JCA properties file from the following directory:

```
<ADAPTER HOME>\wsdls
```

11. Click **OK**.

The Copy File message is displayed.

12. Click Yes.

A copy of the JCA properties file is made in the project folder.

You are returned to the Create Third Party Adapter Service dialog.

13. Click **OK**.

The third party adapter service component is created and displayed in the External References pane.

You are now ready to configure an outbound BPM process component.

For more detailed information, including screen shots, see Section 4.4.3.1, "Configuring a Third Party Adapter Service Component" on page 4-11.

6.4.2.2 Configuring an Outbound BPM Process Component

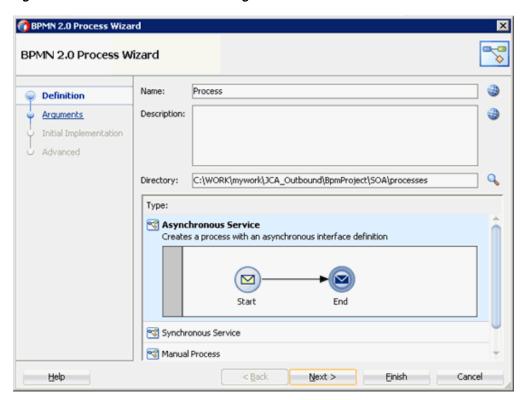
This section describes how to configure an outbound BPM process component.

Perform the following steps to configure an outbound BPM process component:

Drag and drop the BPMN Process component from the Components pane to the Components pane.

The Create BPMN Process dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 6–1.

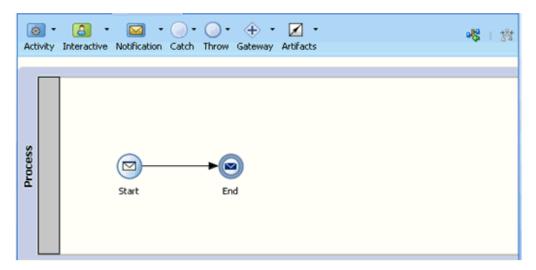
Figure 6-1 Create BPMN Process Dialog



2. Accept the default option that is selected under the Type area (Asynchronous Service) and click Finish.

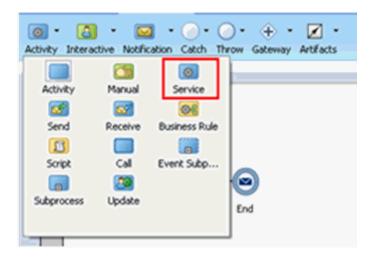
The BPMN process is displayed, as shown in Figure 6–2.

Figure 6-2 BPMN Process



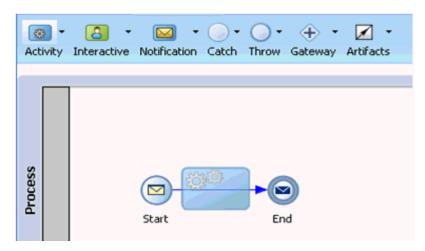
Click the **Activity** drop-down menu and select **Service**, as shown in Figure 6–3.

Figure 6-3 Activity Drop-down Menu



4. Drop the Service icon on the wire between the Start and End event components, as shown in Figure 6–4.

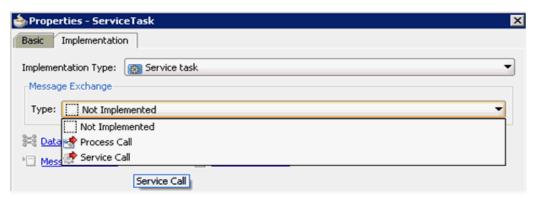
Figure 6-4 Activity Icon



The Properties - ServiceTask window is displayed.

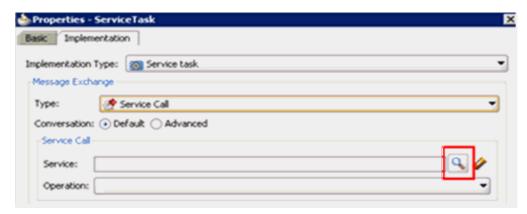
- **5.** Click the **Implementation** tab.
- Select **Service Call** from the Message Exchange Type list, as shown in Figure 6–5.

Figure 6–5 Service Call



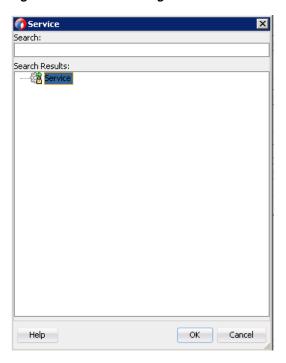
Click the Browse icon to the right of the Service field, as shown in Figure 6–6.

Figure 6-6 Browse Icon



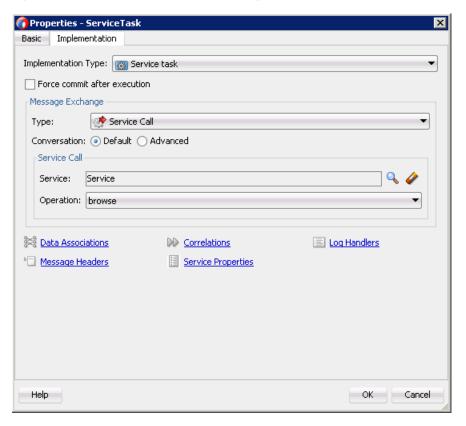
The Service dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 6–7.

Figure 6–7 Service Dialog



8. Select the Third Party Service that has been created and click **OK**. You are returned to the Properties - ServiceTask dialog, as shown in Figure 6–8.

Figure 6-8 Properties - ServiceTask Dialog



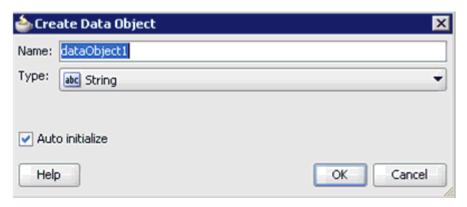
- **9.** Click the **Data Associations** hyperlink. The Data Associations dialog is displayed.
- 10. Right-click the Data Objects node in the left pane under Process, and select New as shown in Figure 6–9.

Figure 6-9 New Option



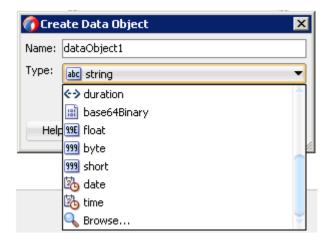
The Create Data Object dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 6–10.

Figure 6–10 Create Data Object Dialog



11. Enter a name in the Name field (for example, Request), click the drop-down button in the Type field, and select **Browse** from the list, as shown in Figure 6–11.

Figure 6-11 Create Data Object Dialog



The Browse Types dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 6–12.

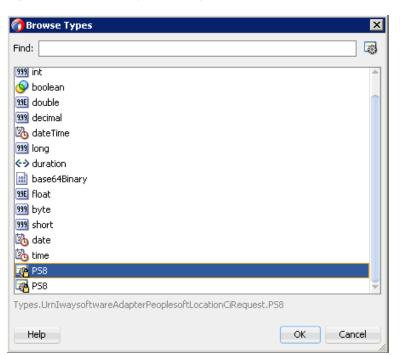


Figure 6–12 Browse Types Dialog

- **12.** Select the first component (for example, PS8) and click **OK**.
 - You are returned to the Create Data Object dialog.
- 13. Click OK.
 - The Data Object (for example, Request) that has been created is displayed under the Data Objects node in the Data Associations dialog.
- **14.** Create another Data Object by right-clicking the **Data Objects** node in the right pane of the Output tab and selecting **New**, as shown in Figure 6–13.

Input Output 9 - Q+ ServiceTask ⊕ Carguments ⊕ Ø Response ⊕ Process Expand All Child Nodes + × 2 3 Validate target after assigning output data associations OK Cancel

Figure 6–13 Data Associations Dialog

The Create Data Object dialog is displayed.

15. Enter a name in the Name field (for example, Response), and then click the drop-down button in the Type field and select **Browse** from the list.

The Browse Types dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 6–14.

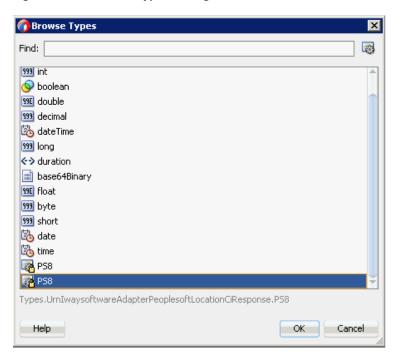


Figure 6–14 Browse Types Dialog

16. Select the second component (for example, PS8) and click **OK**.

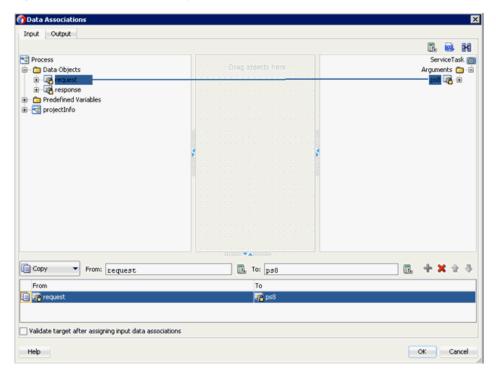
You are returned to the Create Data Object dialog.

17. Click **OK**.

The Data Object (for example, Response) that has been created is displayed under the Process node in the Data Associations dialog.

18. Select the Request Data Object under the Data Objects node in the left pane of the Input tab and drag and connect it to PS8 under the Arguments node in the right pane, as shown in Figure 6–15.

Figure 6-15 Request Data Object



19. Click on the **Output** tab and select **ps8Output** under the Arguments node in the left pane and drag and connect it to the Response Data Object under the Data Objects node, as shown in Figure 6–16.

Input Output ServiceTask Process PS Data Objects 🗀 😑 ± ₹ projectInfo 🚭 🗷 📆 To: response [Сору ▼ From: ps80utput B. То 间 🌃 ps80utp Validate target after assigning output data associations OK Cancel Help

Figure 6–16 Response Data Object

20. Click OK.

You are returned to the Properties - ServiceTask dialog.

21. Click OK.

The Service Task is created between the Start and End Event components, as shown in Figure 6–17.

Figure 6-17 Service Task



22. Save the process and double-click the Start event component.

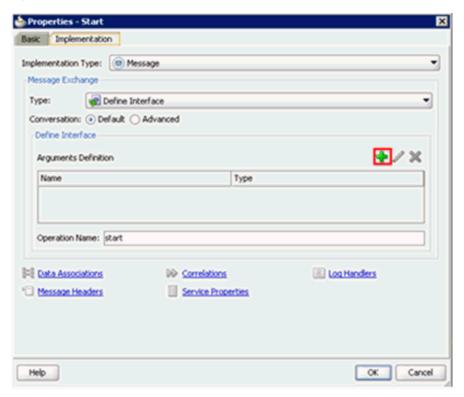
The Properties - Start dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 6–18.

Figure 6-18 Properties - Start Dialog



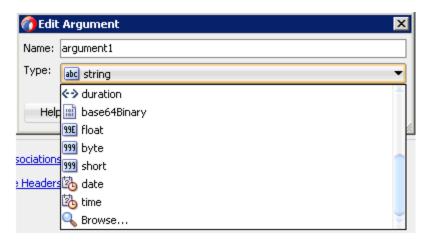
23. Click the **Implementation** tab, as shown in Figure 6–19.

Figure 6-19 Implementation Tab



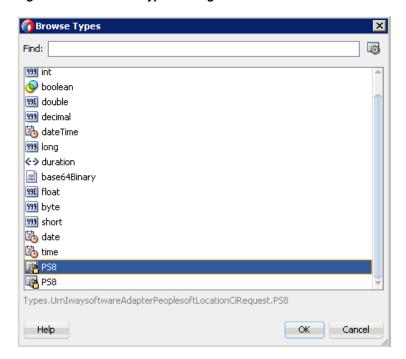
- **24.** Click the **Plus** icon to the right of the Arguments Definition field. The Create Argument dialog is displayed.
- **25.** Enter a name in the Name field (by default, argument1), and then click the drop-down button in the Type field and select Browse from the list, as shown in Figure 6–20.

Figure 6-20 Create Argument Dialog



The Browse Types dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 6–21.

Figure 6-21 Browse Types Dialog



- **26.** Select the first component (for example, PS8) and click **OK**. You are returned to the Create Argument dialog.
- 27. Click OK.

You are returned to the Properties - Start dialog.

28. In the Operation Name field, change start (default) to operation as shown in Figure 6–22.

Note: This change is necessary to work with old BPM payloads.

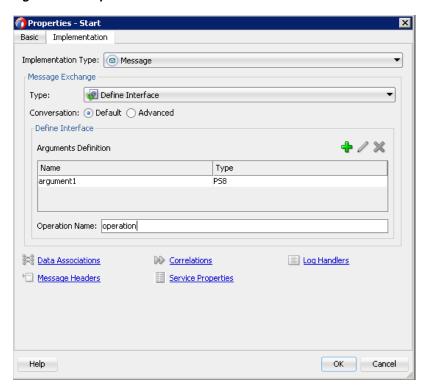
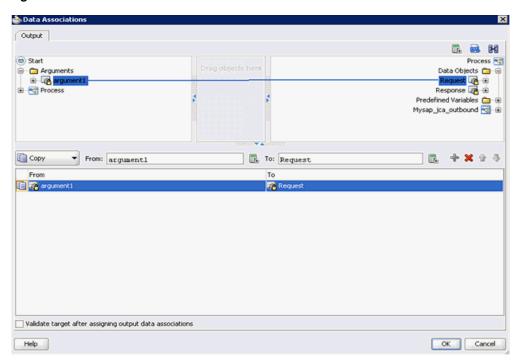


Figure 6-22 Operation Name Field

- **29.** Click the **Data Associations** hyperlink.
 - The Data Associations dialog is displayed.
- 30. Select arguments1 under the Arguments node in the left pane and drag and connect it to the **Request** Data Object under Data Objects in the right pane.
- **31.** Click **OK** as shown in Figure 6–23.

Figure 6-23 OK Button

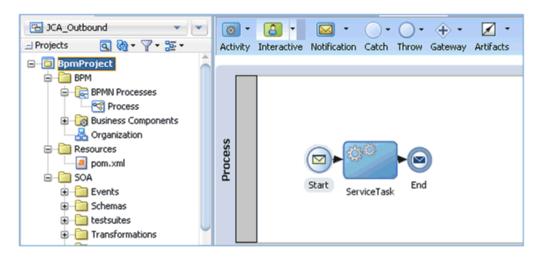


You are returned to the Properties - Start dialog.

32. Click OK.

You are returned to the Process workspace area, as shown in Figure 6–24.

Figure 6-24 Process Workspace Area



- **33.** Double-click the created project to load the components.
- **34.** Click the **Save All** icon in the menu bar to save the new outbound BPM process component that was configured.

You are now ready to create a File adapter for the write operation.

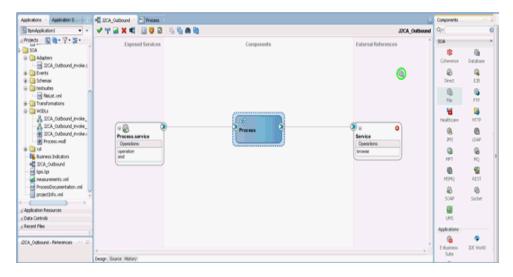
6.4.2.3 Creating a File Adapter for the Write Operation

This section describes how to create a File adapter for the write operation.

Perform the following steps to create a File adapter for the write operation:

Drag and drop the File Adapter component from the Technology Adapters pane to the External References pane, as shown in Figure 6–25.

Figure 6-25 File Adapter Component



The Adapter Configuration Wizard is displayed.

- Provide a Reference Name (for example, FileWrite). 2.
- 3. Click Next.

The Adapter Interface page is displayed.

- Ensure that the **Define from operation and schema (specified later)** option is selected.
- Click Next.

The File Server Connection page is displayed.

Click Next.

The Operation page is displayed.

- Select Write File from the list of Operation Type options and specify an Operation Name (for example, Write).
- Click Next.

The File Configuration page is displayed.

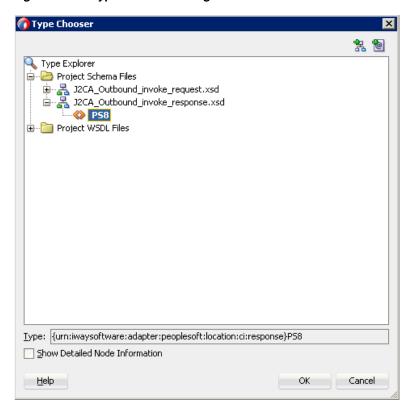
- Specify a location on your file system where the output file is written.
- **10.** In the File Naming Convention field, specify a name for the output file.
- 11. Click Next.

The Messages page is displayed.

12. Click **Browse**, which is located to the right of the URL field.

The Type Chooser dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 6–26.

Figure 6–26 Type Chooser Dialog



- 13. Expand Project Schema Files and J2CA_Outbound_invoke_response.xsd.
- **14.** Select the available schema (for example, PS8).
- 15. Click OK.

You are returned to the Messages page.

16. Click Next.

The Finish page is displayed.

17. Click Finish.

The File Adapter service is created in the External References pane, as shown in Figure 6–27.

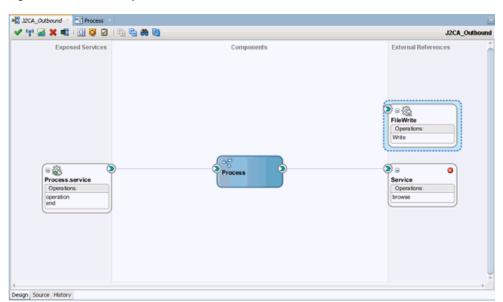
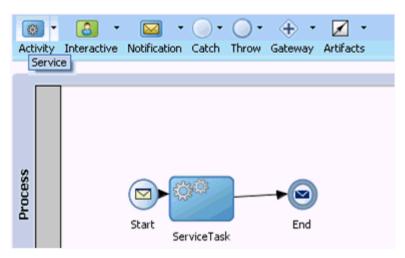


Figure 6–27 File Adapter Service

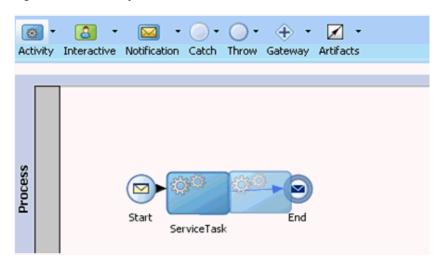
18. Double-click the BPMN Process component. The BPMN process is displayed, as shown in Figure 6–28.

Figure 6-28 BPMN Process



- **19.** Click the **Activity** icon, and select **Service**.
- **20.** Drop the Service icon on the wire between the Service Task and End event components, as shown in Figure 6–29.

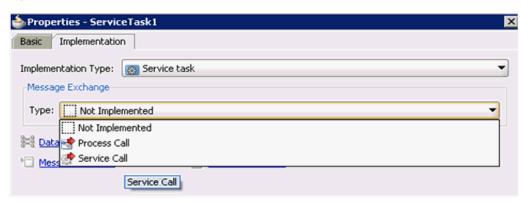
Figure 6-29 Activity Icon



The Properties - ServiceTask1 dialog is displayed.

- **21.** Click the **Implementation** tab.
- 22. Select Service Call from the Type drop-down list in the Message Exchange section, as shown in Figure 6–30.

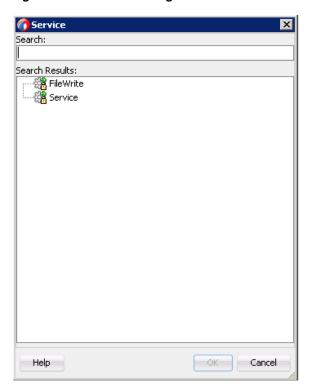
Figure 6–30 Service Call



23. Click the **Browse** icon to the right of the Service field.

The Service dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 6–31.

Figure 6–31 Service Dialog



24. Select the service for write operation that has been created (for example, FileWrite) and click OK.

You are returned to the Properties - ServiceTask1 dialog, as shown in Figure 6–32.

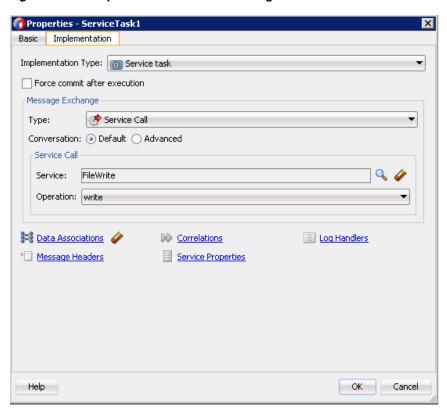


Figure 6–32 Properties - ServiceTask1 Dialog

25. Click the **Data Associations** hyperlink.

The Data Associations dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 6–33.

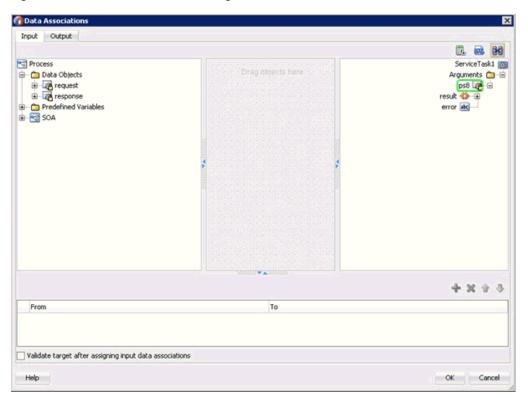


Figure 6–33 Data Associations Dialog

- **26.** In the Input tab, click the XSL Transformation icon in the top right pane.
- **27.** Drag and drop the XSL Transformation icon to the **PS8** node, as shown in Figure 6–34.

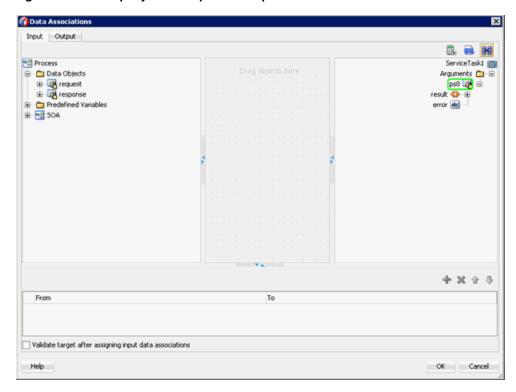
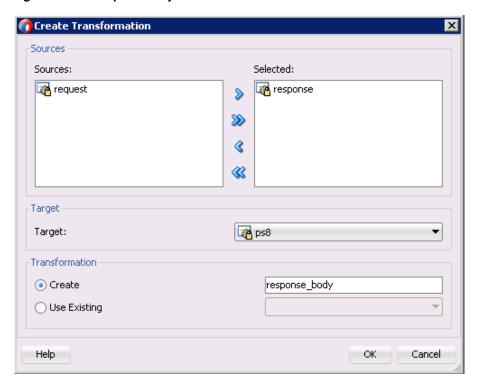


Figure 6-34 CompanyCodePeopleSoftResponse Node

The Create Transformation dialog is displayed.

28. Select **Response** in the Sources section and click the right arrow symbol. The Response object is added to the Selected elements area as shown in Figure 6–35.

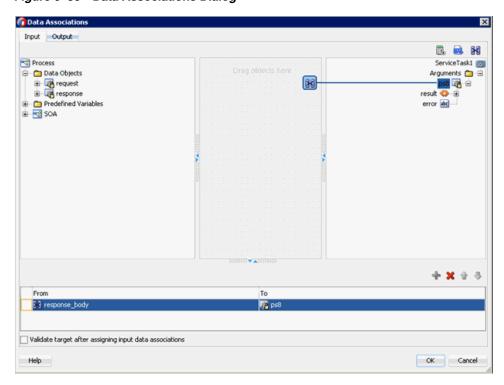
Figure 6-35 Response Object



29. Accept the default value selected in the Target drop-down list and the default name in the Create field by clicking **OK**.

You are returned to the Data Associations dialog window with the XSL transformation created, as shown in Figure 6–36.

Figure 6–36 Data Associations Dialog



30. Click OK.

You are returned to the Properties - ServiceTask1 dialog.

31. Click OK.

The Response_body.xsl tab is displayed.

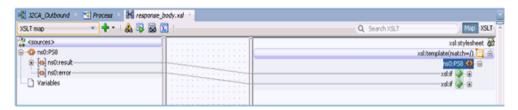
32. Automap the Source and Target elements.

The Auto Map Preferences dialog is displayed.

33. Accept the default values and click **OK**.

The transformation is completed, as shown in Figure 6–37.

Figure 6–37 Completed Transformation



- **34.** Save the transformation.
- **35.** Return to the Process workspace area.

The ServiceTask1 component is created between the ServiceTask component and the End event component.

36. Click the Save All icon in the menu bar to save the new outbound BPM process component that was configured.

You are now ready to deploy the outbound BPM process.

6.4.3 Adjusting for Known Deployment Issues With 12c

For more information on how to adjust for known deployment issues with 12c, see Section 4.4.3.3, "Adjusting for Known Deployment Issues With 12c" on page 4-26.

6.4.4 Deploying the BPM Outbound Process

Perform the following steps to deploy the Mediator outbound process.

1. Right-click the project name in the left pane, select **Deploy**, and then click **J2CA**_ Outbound.

The Deployment Action page is displayed.

- **2.** Ensure that **Deploy to Application Server** is selected.
- 3. Click Next.

The Deploy Configuration page is displayed.

4. Leave the default values selected and click **Next**.

The Select Server page is displayed.

5. Select an available application server that was configured and click **Next**. The SOA Servers page is displayed.

Select a target SOA server and click **Next**.

The Summary page is displayed.

Review and verify all the available deployment information for your project and click Finish.

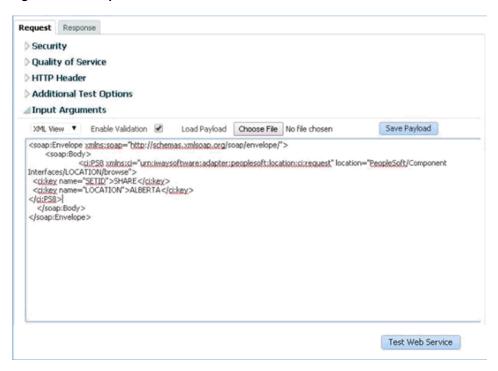
For more information, see Section 4.4.4, "Deploying the BPEL Outbound Process" on page 4-31.

6.4.5 Invoking the Input XML Document in the Oracle Enterprise Manager Console

Perform the following steps to invoke the input XML document in the Oracle Enterprise Manager console.

- Logon to the Oracle Enterprise Manager console.
- Expand your domain in the left pane followed by the **SOA** folder.
- Select an available project (for example, J2CA_Outbound).
- Click **Test**.
- Click the **Request** tab.

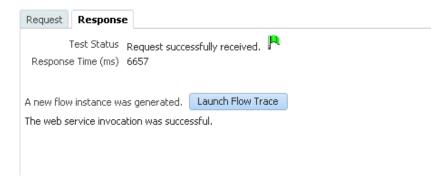
Figure 6-38 Request Tab



Provide an appropriate input value in the Value field and click **Test Web Service**, as shown in Figure 6–38.

A response is received in the Response tab to indicate that invocation was successful in the Oracle Enterprise Manager console, as shown in Figure 6–39.

Figure 6-39 Received Response



7. Navigate to the defined output directory on your file system and open the XML response document that was received.

The XML response document contains the generated output with values.

6.5 Designing an Inbound BPM Process Using Transformations for Event Integration (J2CA Configuration)

This section demonstrates how Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft integrates with PeopleSoft to receive event data.

A sample project has been provided for this inbound use case scenario in the following folder of the Application Adapters installation:

```
<ADAPTER_HOME>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_
Samples\BPM\J2CA\Inbound_Project
```

The following tools are required to complete your adapter design-time configuration:

- Oracle Adapter Application Explorer (Application Explorer)
- Oracle JDeveloper BPM Designer (JDeveloper)

Note: The examples in this chapter demonstrate the use of JDeveloper.

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 6.5.1, "Creating an Empty Composite for BPM"
- Section 6.5.2, "Defining a BPM Inbound Process"

Before you design a BPM process, you must generate the respective WSDL file using Application Explorer. For more information, see Section 4.5.1, "Generating WSDL for Event Integration" on page 4-34.

6.5.1 Creating an Empty Composite for BPM

For more information on how to configure a new Application Server connection in Oracle JDeveloper, see Section 4.3, "Configuring a New Application Server Connection" on page 4-2.

6.5.2 Defining a BPM Inbound Process

This section describes how to define a BPM inbound process, which contains the following topics:

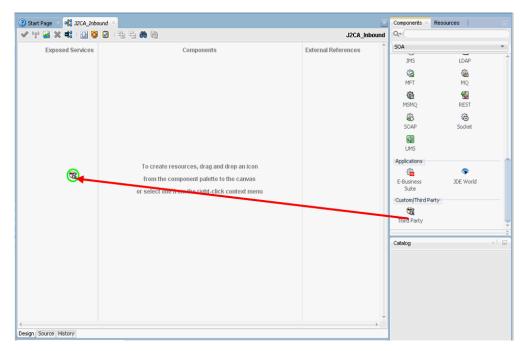
- Section 6.5.2.1, "Configuring a Third Party Adapter Service Component"
- Section 6.5.2.2, "Configuring an Inbound BPM Process Component"
- Section 6.5.2.3, "Creating a File Adapter for the Write Operation"
- Section 6.5.2.4, "Adjusting for Known Deployment Issues With 12c"

6.5.2.1 Configuring a Third Party Adapter Service Component

Perform the following steps to create a third party adapter service component:

- Double-click the created project to load the components.
- Drag and drop the Third Party Adapter component from the Custom/Thirdparty pane to the Exposed References pane, as shown in Figure 6–40.

Figure 6-40 Third Party Adapter Component



The Create Third Party Adapter Service dialog is displayed.

- Enter a name for the third party adapter service.
- Ensure that **Service** is selected from the Type list (default).
- Click the **Find existing WSDLs** icon, which is located to the right of the WSDL URL field.

The WSDL Chooser dialog is displayed.

Select File System, and then browse and select an inbound WSDL file from the following directory:

<ADAPTER_HOME>\wsdls

7. Click **OK**.

The Localize Files dialog is displayed.

8. Click OK.

The inbound WSDL file and associated receive request XML schema file (.xsd) are imported to the project folder that has been created.

You are returned to the Create Third Party Adapter Service dialog.

9. Click the **Find JCA file** icon, which is located to the right of the JCA File field.

The Transformation Chooser dialog is displayed.

10. Select File System, and then browse and select the JCA properties file from the following directory:

<ADAPTER_HOME>\wsdls

11. Click OK.

The Copy File message is displayed.

12. Click Yes.

A copy of the JCA properties file is made in the project folder.

You are returned to the Create Third Party Adapter Service dialog.

13. Click OK.

The third party adapter service component (matmas) is created in the Exposed References pane.

You are now ready to configure an inbound BPM process component.

For more information, see Section 4.4.3.1, "Configuring a Third Party Adapter Service Component" on page 4-11.

6.5.2.2 Configuring an Inbound BPM Process Component

This section describes how to configure an inbound BPM process component.

Perform the following steps to configure an inbound BPM process component:

1. Drag and drop the BPMN Process component from the Components pane to the Components pane.

The Create BPMN Process dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 6–41.

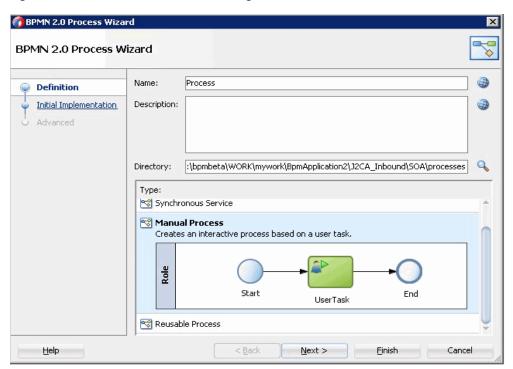
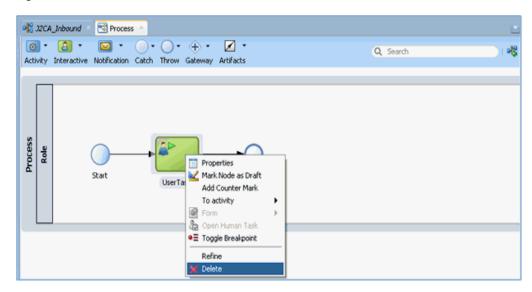


Figure 6-41 Create BPMN Process Dialog

- **2.** Select **Manual Process** in the Type section.
- Click Finish. The BPMN process is displayed, as shown in Figure 6–42.

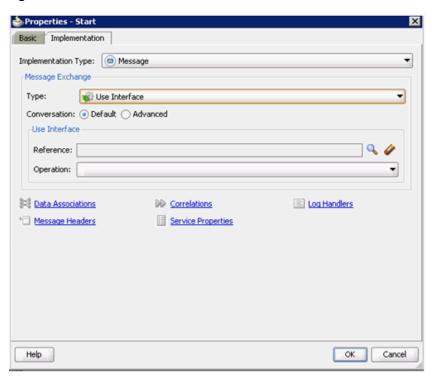
Figure 6-42 BPMN Process



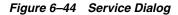
- Right-click **UserTask** and select **Delete** from the menu. 4.
- Double-click the **Start** event component. The Properties - Start dialog is displayed.
- Click the **Implementation** tab.

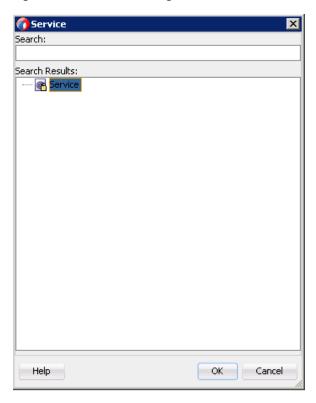
- **7.** Select **Message** from the Implementation Type list.
- Select Use Interface from the Message Exchange Type drop-down list.
- Click the **Browse** icon to the right of the Reference field, as shown in Figure 6–43.

Figure 6-43 Browse Icon



The Service dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 6–44.





10. Select the Third Party Service that has been created and click **OK**. You are returned to the Properties - Start dialog, as shown in Figure 6–45.

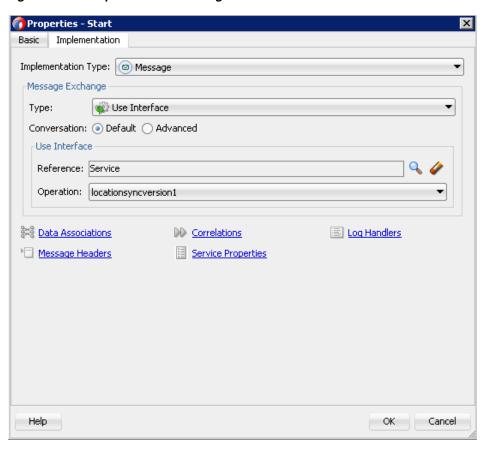


Figure 6-45 Properties - Start Dialog

11. Click the Data Associations icon.

The Data Associations dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 6–46.

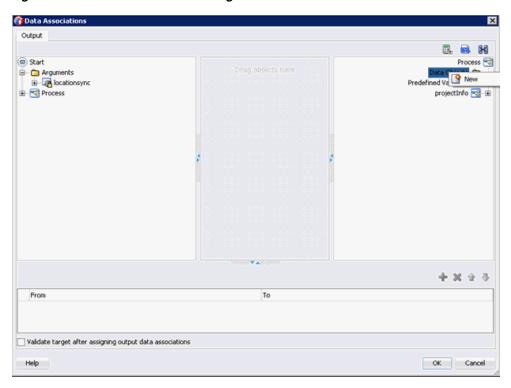
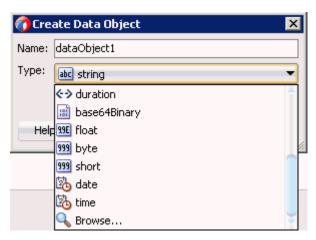


Figure 6–46 Data Associations Dialog

- **12.** Right-click the **Data Object** node in the right pane and select **New**. The Create Data Object dialog is displayed.
- 13. Enter a name in the Name field, and then click the drop-down button in the Type field and select **Browse** from the list, as shown in Figure 6–47.





The Browse Types dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 6–48.

X 🕜 Browse Types Find: (C) abc string 999 int 🤦 boolean 99E double 999 decimal 🖔 dateTime 999 long <-> duration 📓 base64Binary 99E float 999 byte 999 short 🗞 date time LOCATION_SYNC Types.UrnIwaysoftwareAdapterPeoplesoftLocation_syncMessage.LOCATION_SYNC Help OK Cancel

Figure 6-48 Browse Types Dialog

14. Select the component and click **OK**.

You are returned to the Create Data Object dialog.

15. Click OK.

The Data Object that has been created is displayed under the Data Objects node in the Data Associations dialog, as shown in Figure 6–49.

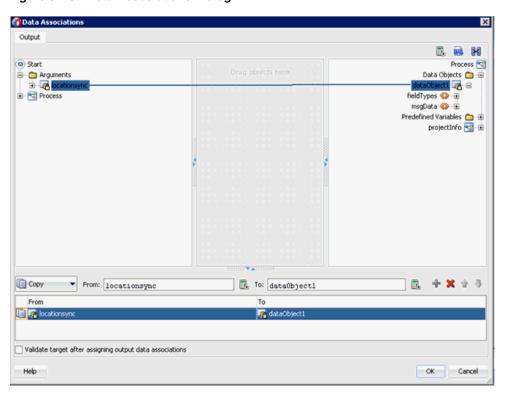


Figure 6-49 Data Associations Dialog

- **16.** Select and drag the **locationsync** Argument under the Start node in the left pane and drag it to the Data Object in the right pane.
- **17.** Click **OK**.

You are returned to the Properties - Start dialog.

18. Click **OK**.

You are returned to the Process workspace area.

- **19.** Double-click the created project to load the components.
- 20. Click the Save All icon in the menu bar to save the new inbound BPM process component that was configured.

You are now ready to create a File adapter for the write operation.

6.5.2.3 Creating a File Adapter for the Write Operation

This section describes how to create a File adapter for the write operation.

Perform the following steps to create a File adapter for the write operation:

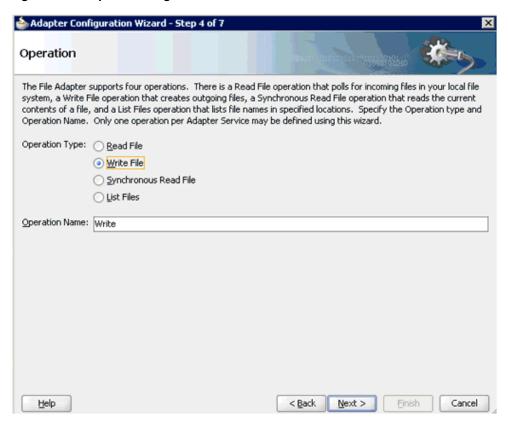
- Drag and drop the File Adapter component from the Technology Adapters pane to the External References pane.
 - The Adapter Configuration Wizard is displayed.
- Type a name for the new File adapter in the Name field and click **Next**. The Adapter Interface page is displayed.
- Ensure that the **Define from operation and schema (specified later)** option is selected.
- Click Next.

The File Server Connection page is displayed.

5. Click Next.

The Operation page is displayed, as shown in Figure 6–50.

Figure 6-50 Operation Page



- **6.** Select **Write File** from the list of Operation Type options and specify an Operation Name (for example, Write).
- **7.** Click **Next**.

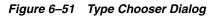
The File Configuration page is displayed.

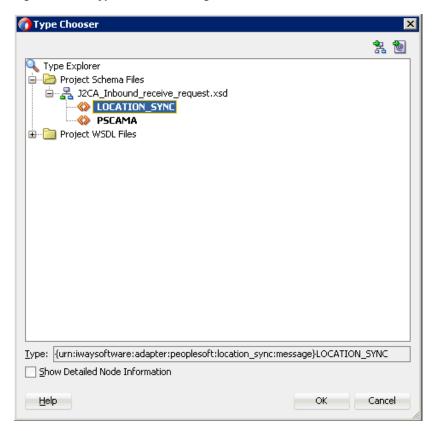
- **8.** Specify a location on your file system where the output file is written.
- In the File Naming Convention field, specify a name for the output file.
- Click Next.

The Messages page is displayed.

11. Click **Browse**, which is located to the right of the URL field.

The Type Chooser dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 6–51.





- **12.** Expand Project Schema Files and J2CA_Inbound_receive_request.xsd.
- **13.** Select the available schema.
- **14.** Click **OK**.

You are returned to the Messages page.

15. Click **Next**.

The Finish page is displayed.

16. Click Finish.

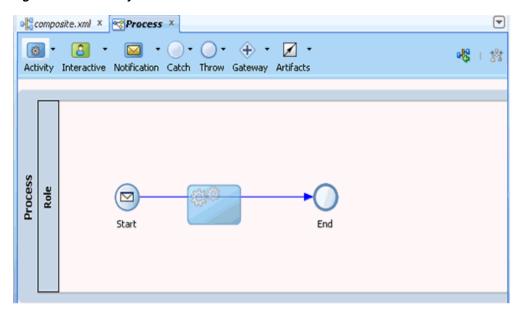
The File Adapter service is created in the External References pane.

17. Double-click the BPMN Process component.

The BPMN process is displayed.

- **18.** Click the **Activity** icon, and select **Service**.
- 19. Drop the Service icon on the wire between the Start and End event components, as shown in Figure 6–52.

Figure 6-52 Activity Icon



The Properties - ServiceTask dialog is displayed.

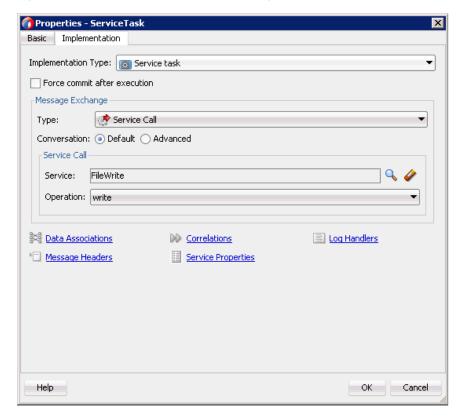
- **20.** Click the **Implementation** tab.
- **21.** Select **Service Task** from the Implementation Type list.
- **22.** Select **Service Call** from the Message Exchange Type list.
- **23.** Click the **Browse** icon to the right of the Service field. The Type dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 6–53.

Figure 6-53 Type Dialog



24. Select the service for write operation that has been created and click **OK**. You are returned to the Properties - ServiceTask dialog, as shown in Figure 6–54.

Figure 6-54 Properties - ServiceTask Dialog



- **25.** Click the **Data Associations** hyperlink.
 - The Data Associations dialog is displayed.
- 26. Right-click the locationsync argument on the right pane and select XSL **Transformation**, as shown in Figure 6–55.

Input Output 🖫 🖶 H Process ServiceTask 👩 ☐ Data Objects
☐ ☐ Data Object1
☐ ☐ Predefined Variables
☐ SOA Arguments 🗀 😑 Expand All Child Nodes Expression + × + + - 🥸 🐻 🗉 Validate target after assigning input data associations OK Cancel Help

Figure 6-55 XSL Transformation

The Create Transformation dialog is displayed.

- 27. Select the created data object in the Sources area and click the right arrow icon so that the created data object is added to the Selected elements area.
- 28. Click OK.

You are returned to the Data Associations dialog, as shown in Figure 6–56.

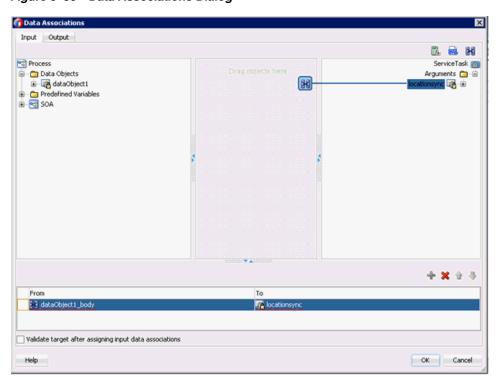


Figure 6-56 Data Associations Dialog

29. Click **OK**.

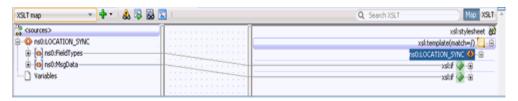
You are returned to the Properties - ServiceTask dialog.

30. Click OK.

The dataobject1_body.xsl tab is displayed.

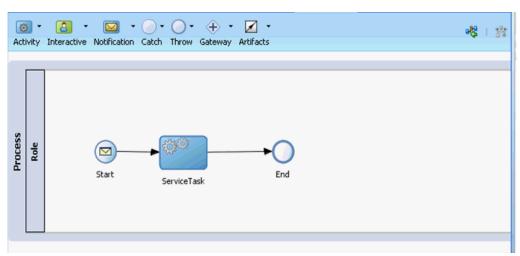
- **31.** Automap the Source and Target elements. The Auto Map Preferences dialog is displayed.
- **32.** Accept the default values and click **OK**. The transformation is completed, as shown in Figure 6–57.

Figure 6-57 Completed Transformation



- **33.** Save the transformation.
- **34.** Return to the Process workspace area, as shown in Figure 6–58.

Figure 6-58 Process Workspace Area



The ServiceTask component is created between the Start event component and the End event component.

35. Click the **Save All** icon in the menu bar to save the new inbound BPM process component that was configured.

6.5.2.4 Adjusting for Known Deployment Issues With 12c

For more information on how to adjust for known deployment issues with 12c, see Section 4.4.3.3, "Adjusting for Known Deployment Issues With 12c" on page 4-26.

You are now ready to deploy the inbound BPM process. You can follow the same procedure that is described in Section 4.5.4, "Deploying the BPEL Inbound Process" on page 4-44. For more information on how to trigger events in PeopleSoft, see Section 4.5.5, "Triggering an Event in PeopleSoft" on page 4-45.

6.6 Designing an Outbound BPM Process Using Transformations for Service Integration (BSE Configuration)

This section describes how to configure a BPM outbound process to your PeopleSoft system, using a BPM project in Oracle JDeveloper.

A sample project has been provided for this outbound use case scenario in the following folder of the Application Adapters installation:

```
<ADAPTER_HOME>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_
Samples\BPM\BSE\Outbound_Project
```

The following tools are required to complete your outbound design-time configuration:

- Oracle Adapter Application Explorer (Application Explorer)
- Oracle JDeveloper BPM Designer (JDeveloper)

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 6.6.1, "Creating an Empty Composite for BPM"
- Section 6.6.2, "Defining a BPM Outbound Process"

Prerequisites

Before you design a BPM outbound process, you must generate the respective WSDL file using Application Explorer. For more information, see Section 4.6.1, "Generating a WSDL File for Request and Response Services Using a Web Service" on page 4-53.

6.6.1 Creating an Empty Composite for BPM

Perform the following steps to create an empty composite for SOA:

- **1.** Create a new BPM application.
- **2.** Enter a name for the BPM Application, and click **Next**.
- **3.** Enter a name in the Project Name field, and click **Next**.
- From the Composite Template list, select **Empty Composite** and click **Finish**. For more information, see Section 4.4.2, "Creating an Empty Composite for SOA" on page 4-9.

6.6.2 Defining a BPM Outbound Process

This section describes how to define a BPM outbound process. It contains the following topics:

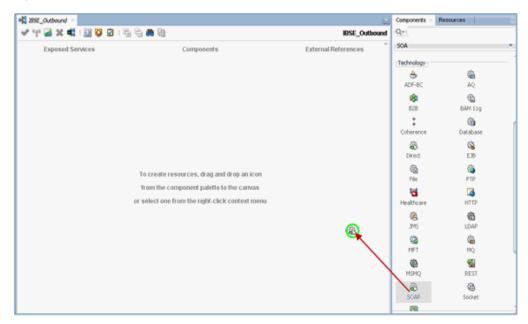
- Section 6.6.2.1, "Configuring a Web Service Component"
- Section 6.6.2.2, "Configuring a BPM Process Component"
- Section 6.6.2.3, "Creating a File Adapter for the Write Operation"

6.6.2.1 Configuring a Web Service Component

Perform the following steps to configure a Web Service component:

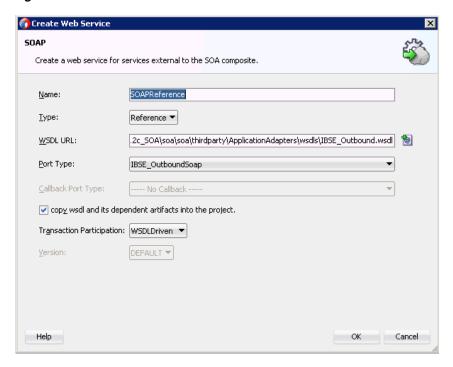
- Double-click the created project to load the components.
- Drag and drop the Web Service node from the Technology Adapters pane to the External References pane, as shown in Figure 6–59.

Figure 6-59 Web Service Node



- Enter an appropriate name for the Web Service and click on the **Find existing** WSDLs icon, which is located to the right of the WSDL URL field.
- In the displayed WSDL Chooser window, navigate to the location where the WSDL is exported from the Application Explorer, and select the WSDL.
- 5. Click **OK**.
- In the Web Service pane, click **OK**, as shown in Figure 6–60.

Figure 6-60 Web Service Pane



7. In the displayed Localize Files window, click **OK**. This will import the WSDL file to the project folder

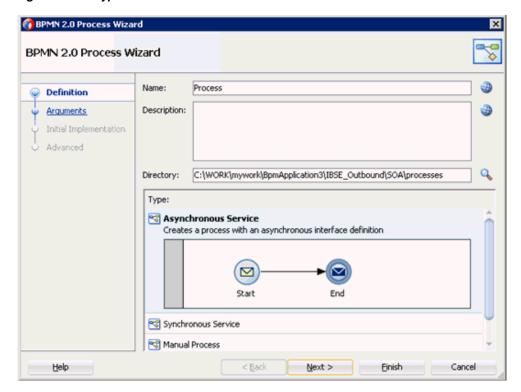
6.6.2.2 Configuring a BPM Process Component

This section describes how to configure an outbound BPM process component.

Perform the following steps to configure a BPM Component:

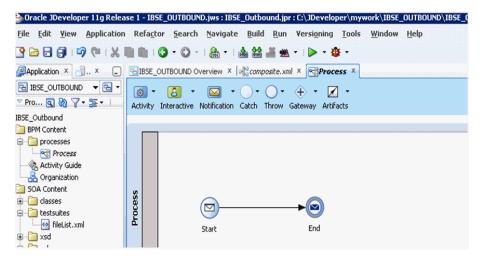
- Drag and drop the **BPMN Process** component from the Components pane in to the Components pane.
- Accept the default option that is selected under the Type area (Asynchronous Service) and click **Finish**, as shown in **Figure** 6–61.

Figure 6-61 Type Area



Double click on the Start Event component, as shown in Figure 6–62.

Figure 6–62 Start Event Component



- In the displayed Properties-start window, click the **Implementation** tab.
- Click the Plus (+) icon to the right of the Arguments Definition field. The Edit Argument window is displayed.
- Enter a name in the Name field, and then click the Type drop-down list and select Browse.
- Select the **Request** component (for example, browse), and click **OK**, as shown in Figure 6–63.

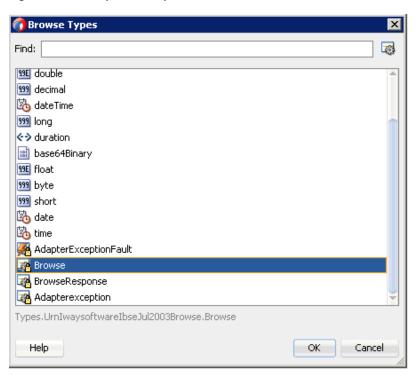


Figure 6-63 Request Component

- **8.** In the Edit Argument window that is displayed, click **OK**. The Properties - Start window is displayed.
- **9.** In the Operation Name field, change the default entry from **start** to **operation**.
- **10.** Click the **Data Associations** hyperlink, as shown in Figure 6–64.

+ / ×

Log Handlers

OK

Cancel

🕜 Properties - Start Basic Implementation Implementation Type:

Message Message Exchange Define Interface Conversation:
O

Default
O

Advanced

Туре

Browse

Correlations

Service Properties

Figure 6-64 Properties - Start Window

Define Interface

Name

argument1

Data Associations Message Headers

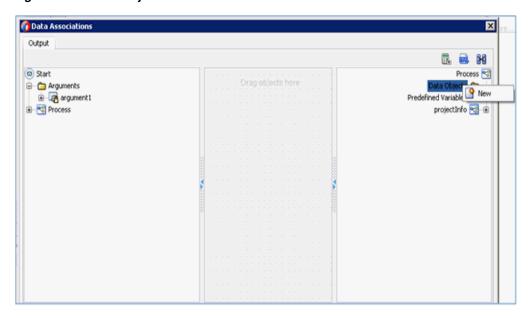
Help

Arguments Definition

Operation Name: operation

11. Right-click the Data Objects node in the right pane, under Process, and select **New**, as shown in Figure 6–65.

Figure 6-65 Data Objects Node

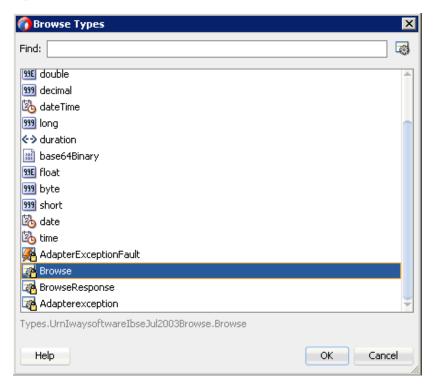


The Create Data Object window is displayed.

12. Enter a name in the Name field, click the Type drop-down list, and select **Browse**.

13. Select the **Request** component (for example, browse) and click **OK**, as shown in Figure 6–66.

Figure 6-66 Request Component



- **14.** In the Create Data Object window, click **OK**. The Data Associations window is displayed.
- 15. Select argument1 under the Arguments node in the left pane and drag and connect it to dataObject1, under Data Objects, in the right pane.
- **16.** Click **OK**, as shown in Figure 6–67.

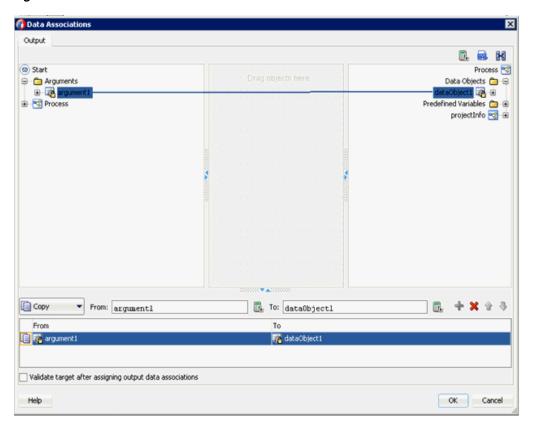
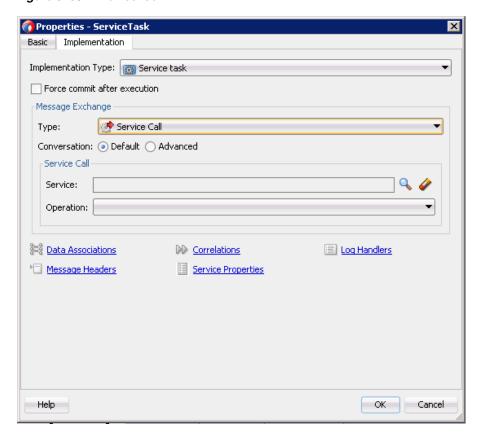


Figure 6-67 Data Associations

- **17.** In the Properties Start window that is displayed, click **OK**. You are returned to the Process workspace area.
- **18.** Click the **Activity** drop-down menu and select **Service**.
- **19.** Drop the **Service** icon on the wire between the **Start** and **End** event components.
- **20.** In the displayed Properties ServiceTask window, click the **Implementation** tab.
- **21.** Select **Service Call** from the Message Exchange Type list.
- **22.** Click the **Browse** icon to the right of the Service field, as shown in Figure 6–68.

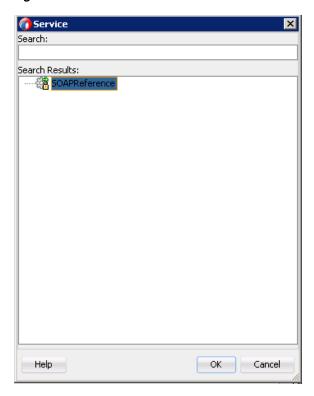
Figure 6-68 Browse Icon



The Service window is displayed.

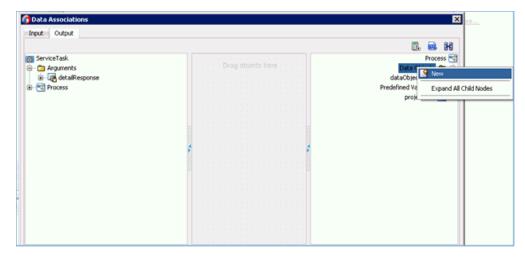
23. Select the Web Service that has been created and click OK, as shown in Figure 6-69.

Figure 6-69 Created Web Service



- 24. In the Properties ServiceTask window that is displayed, click the Data Associations hyperlink.
 - The Data Associations window is displayed.
- 25. Create response Data Object by right-clicking the Data Objects node in the right pane of the Output tab and selecting **New**, as shown in Figure 6–70.

Figure 6-70 Data Objects Node



The Create Data Object window is displayed.

- 26. Enter a name in the Name field, click the Type drop-down list, and select Browse.
- 27. Select the Response component (for example, BrowseResponse) and click OK, as shown in Figure 6–71.

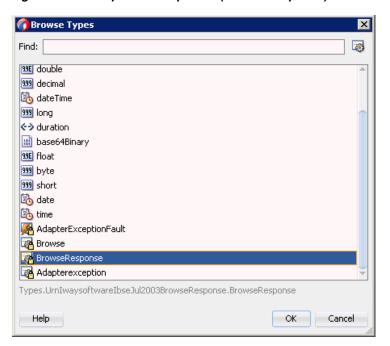


Figure 6–71 Response Component (BrowseResponse)

- **28.** In the Create Data Object window, click **OK**. The Data Associations window is displayed.
- 29. Select dataObject1, under the Data Objects node in the left pane of the Input tab, and drag and connect it to the **browse** node, under the Arguments node in the right pane, as shown in Figure 6–72.

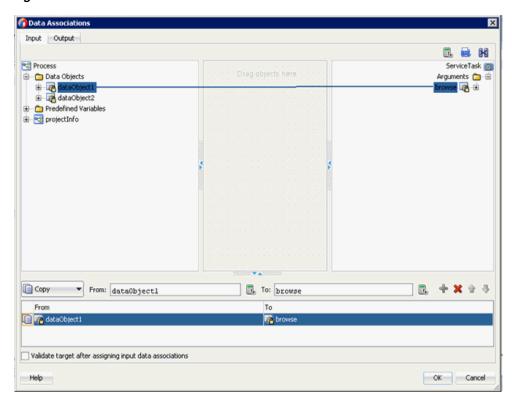
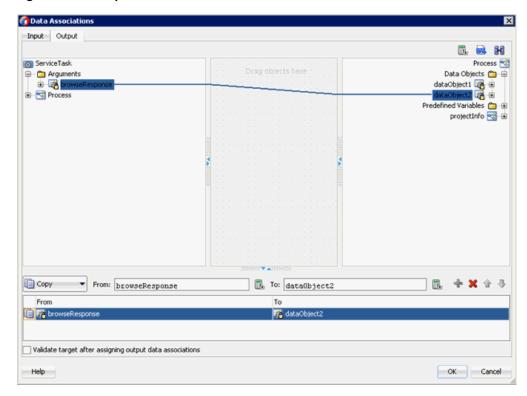


Figure 6-72 Data Associations

- **30.** Click on the **Output** tab and select **BrowseResponse** under the Arguments node in the left pane and drag and connect it to **dataObject2** under the Data Objects node.
- **31.** Click **OK**, as shown in Figure 6–73.

Figure 6-73 Output Tab



- **32.** In the Properties ServiceTask window that is displayed, click **OK**.
- **33.** Click the **Save All** icon in the menu bar to save the new outbound BPM process component that was configured.
- **34.** Double-click the **composite.xml** node in the left pane.

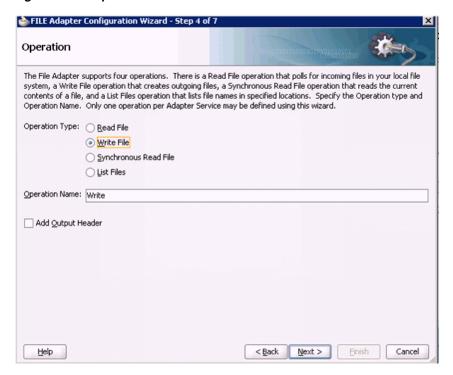
6.6.2.3 Creating a File Adapter for the Write Operation

This section describes how to create a File adapter for the write operation.

Perform the following steps to create a File adapter for the write operation:

- Drag and drop the **File Adapter** component from the Technology Adapters pane to the External References pane, and provide a name for the File Adapter.
- In the Adapter Interface pane that is displayed, ensure that the **Define from operation and schema (specified later)** option is selected, and click **Next**.
- Click Next.
- In the Operation pane that is displayed, select Write File from the list of Operation Type options, and click **Next**, as shown in Figure 6–74.

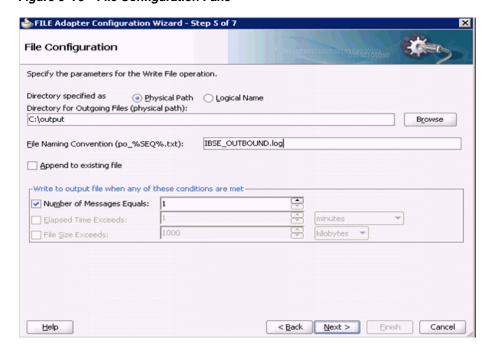
Figure 6-74 Operation Pane



The File Configuration pane is displayed.

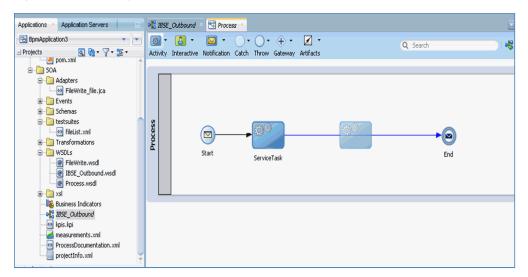
- In the Directory for Outgoing Files (physical path) field, specify a location on your file system where the output file is written.
- In the File Naming Convention field, specify a name for the output file.
- Click **Next**, as shown in Figure 6–75.

Figure 6-75 File Configuration Pane



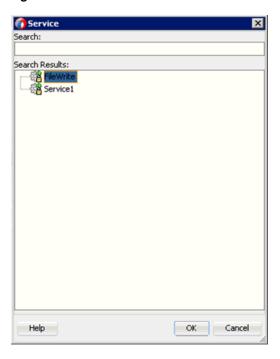
- The Messages pane is displayed.
- Click the **Browse**, which is located to the right of the URL field.
- In the displayed Type Chooser window, expand Project WSDL Files, IBSE_ Outbound.wsdl, Inline Schemas and then select browseResponse.
- 10. Click OK.
- **11.** In the Messages pane, click **Next**.
- **12.** In the Finish pane that is displayed, click **Finish**.
- **13.** Click the **Activity** icon.
- 14. Drop the Activity icon on the wire between the Service Task and End event components, as shown in Figure 6–76.

Figure 6–76 Activity Icon



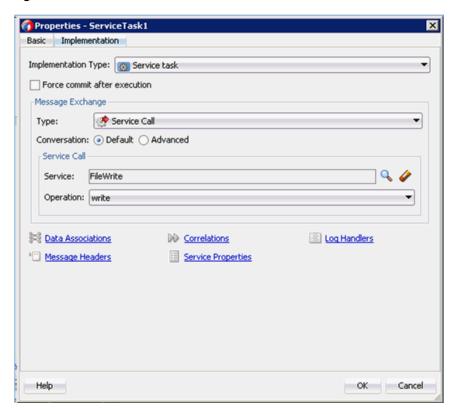
- **15.** In the displayed Properties-ServiceTask1 window, click the **Implementation** tab
- **16.** Select **Service Call** from the Type drop-down list in the Message Exchange section.
- **17.** Click the **Browse** icon to the right of the Service field.
- **18.** Select the service for write operation that has been created and click **OK**, as shown in Figure 6–77.

Figure 6-77 Service Window



19. In the Properties - ServiceTask1 window, click the Data Associations hyperlink, as shown in Figure 6–78.

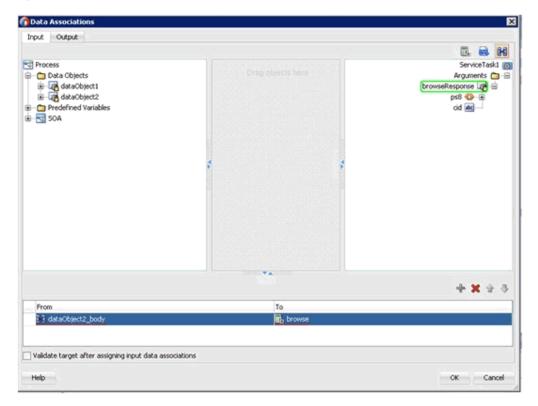
Figure 6-78 Data Associations



20. In the Input tab, click the **XSL Transformation** icon in the top right pane.

21. Drag and drop the **XSL Transformation** icon to the **browseResponse** node, as shown in Figure 6–79.

Figure 6-79 Browse Node



- 22. In the displayed Create Transformation window, select dataObject2 in the Sources section and click the right arrow symbol.
- 23. Accept the default value selected in the Target drop-down list and the default name in the Create field by clicking **OK**.
- **24.** In the Data Associations window, click **OK**, as shown in Figure 6–80.

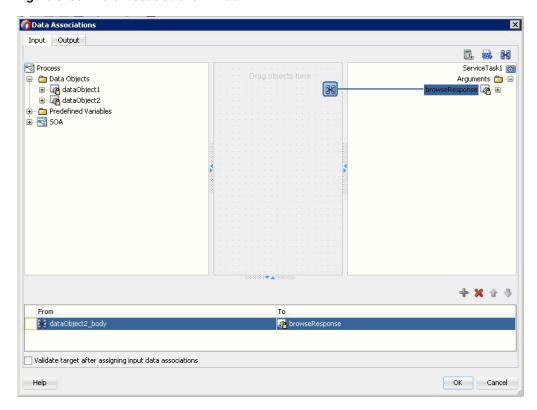
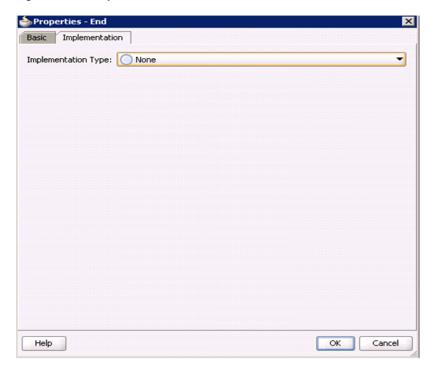


Figure 6-80 Data Associations Window

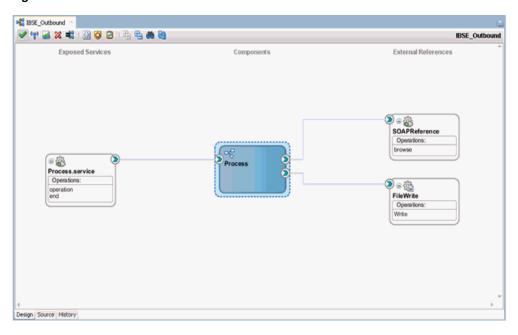
- **25.** In the Properties ServiceTask1 window, click **OK**.
- **26.** In the response_body.xsl tab, map the **ns0:browseResponse** source element to the ns0:browseResponse target element.
- 27. In the displayed Auto Map Preferences window, retain the default values and click OK.
- **28.** Return to the Process workspace area and double-click the **End** event component.
- **29.** In the displayed Properties End window, click the **Implementation** tab.
- **30.** Select **None** from the Implementation Type drop-down list.
- **31.** Click **OK**, as shown in Figure 6–81.

Figure 6-81 Implementation Tab



32. Click the **Save All** icon in the menu bar to save the new outbound BPM component that was configured, as shown in Figure 6–82.

Figure 6-82 Save All Icon



You are now ready to deploy the BPM BSE Outbound process. You can follow the same procedure as Section 6.4.4, "Deploying the BPM Outbound Process" on page 6-26.

Once deployed, you can invoke the input XML as defined in Section 6.4.5, "Invoking the Input XML Document in the Oracle Enterprise Manager Console" on page 6-27.

Configuring Outbound and Inbound Processing Using Oracle Service Bus

Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft integrates seamlessly with Oracle Service Bus (OSB) to facilitate Web service integration. OSB is based on the Service-Oriented Architecture (SOA). It consumes adapter services exposed as Web Service Definition Language (WSDL) documents.

This chapter contains the following topics:

- Section 7.1, "Overview of Application Adapter Integration with Oracle Service Bus"
- Section 7.2, "Configuring an Outbound Process Using sbconsole (J2CA Configuration)"
- Section 7.3, "Configuring an Inbound Process Using sbconsole (J2CA) Configuration)"
- Section 7.4, "Configuring an Outbound Process Using sbconsole (BSE Configuration)"
- Section 7.5, "Configuring JMS Proxy Services Using Oracle Service Bus (J2CA Configuration)"
- Section 7.6, "Configuring HTTP Proxy Services Using Oracle Service Bus (J2CA Configuration)"

7.1 Overview of Application Adapter Integration with Oracle Service Bus

To integrate with Oracle Service Bus (OSB), Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft must be deployed in the same Oracle WebLogic Server as OSB. The underlying adapter services must be exposed as WSDL files, which are generated during design time in Oracle Adapter Application Explorer (Application Explorer) for both request-response (outbound) and event notification (inbound) services of the adapter.

7.2 Configuring an Outbound Process Using sbconsole (J2CA **Configuration**)

This section describes how to configure an outbound process using sbconsole for J2CA configurations.

A sample project has been provided for this outbound use case scenario in the following folder of the Application Adapters installation:

<ADAPTER_HOME>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_

Samples\OSB\J2CA\PeopleSoft_Sample_J2CA_OSB_Outbound_Project

This section includes the following topics:

- Section 7.2.1, "Starting Oracle Service Bus and Creating Project Folders"
- Section 7.2.2, "Setting the Class Path for Application Explorer to Integrate With Oracle Service Bus"
- Section 7.2.3, "Publishing a WSDL From Application Explorer to Oracle Service
- Section 7.2.4, "Configuring a WSDL-based Business Service"
- Section 7.2.5, "Configuring a File Type Business Service"
- Section 7.2.6, "Configuring a Pipeline With Proxy Service"

7.2.1 Starting Oracle Service Bus and Creating Project Folders

This section describes how to start Oracle Service Bus (OSB) and create project folders.

Perform the following steps to start Oracle Service Bus and create project folders:

- Start the Oracle WebLogic Server for the Oracle WebLogic Server domain that you have configured.
- Open the Oracle Service Bus Console in a Web browser by entering the following URL:

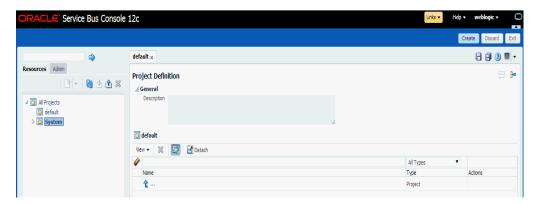
http://hostname:port/sbconsole

Where hostname is the name of the machine where Oracle WebLogic Server is running and port is the port for the domain you are using.

The Oracle Service Bus Console logon page is displayed.

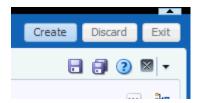
3. Log on to the Oracle Service Bus Console using a valid user name and password. The Oracle Service Bus Console home page is displayed, as shown in Figure 7–1.

Figure 7–1 Oracle Service Bus Console Home Page



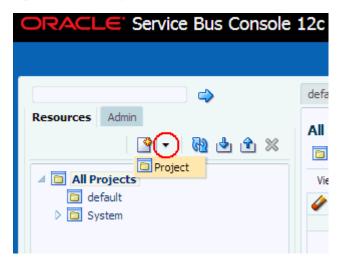
Click **Create** in the right pane of the Oracle Service Bus session, as shown in Figure 7–2.

Figure 7–2 Oracle Service Bus Session



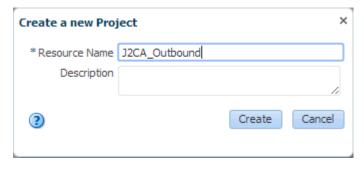
Select All Projects, click the down arrow in the left pane, and select Project, as shown in Figure 7–3.

Figure 7–3 All Projects Folder



The Create a new Project window is displayed, as shown in Figure 7–4.

Figure 7-4 Create New Project Window



- **6.** Provide a valid name for the new project (for example, J2CA_Outbound) in the Resource Name field, and click **Create**.
 - The new project is successfully created and listed.
- 7. Right-click the newly created project, select Create, and click Folder, as shown in Figure 7–5.

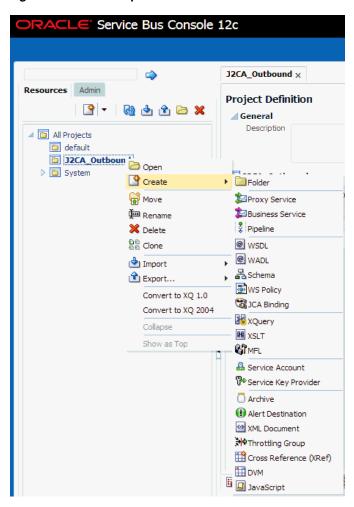


Figure 7–5 Create Option

The Create a new Folder window is displayed.

- In the Resource Name field, type **Business Service** and click **Create**.
- Repeat steps 7 and 8 to create folders with the names **Proxy Service** and **Wsdls**. The Business Service, Proxy Service, and Wsdls folders are listed in the left pane below the project node, as shown in Figure 7–6.

Figure 7-6 Project Node



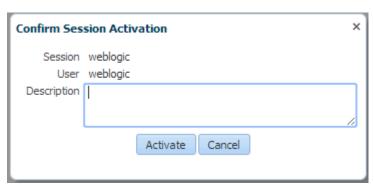
10. Click Activate in the right pane of the Oracle Service Bus session, as shown in Figure 7–7.

Figure 7-7 Activate Button



11. In the Confirm Session Activation page, click **Activate** to save the changes, as shown in Figure 7–8.

Figure 7–8 Confirm Session Activation Window



7.2.2 Setting the Class Path for Application Explorer to Integrate With Oracle Service Bus

Before starting and using Application Explorer to publish a WSDL directly to the Oracle Service Bus (OSB) Console (project/folder), OSB users must perform the following steps:

- 1. Open the command prompt window.
- **2.** Navigate to the following directory:

```
<ORACLE_HOME>\user_projects\domains\base_domain\bin
```

3. Execute setDomainEnv.cmd (Windows) or . ./setDomainEnv.sh (UNIX/Linux).

This command sets the class path for Application Explorer to access the Oracle WebLogic Server APIs to publish the WSDLs to the OSB Console.

- **4.** Do not close the command prompt window.
- **5.** Navigate to the following directory:

```
<ADAPTER_HOME>\tools\iwae\bin
```

6. Execute **ae.bat** (Windows) or **iwae.sh** (UNIX/Linux) to start Application Explorer.

You are now ready to publish WSDLs from Application Explorer to the OSB Console.

7.2.3 Publishing a WSDL From Application Explorer to Oracle Service Bus

Perform the following steps to publish a WSDL from Application Explorer to Oracle Service Bus:

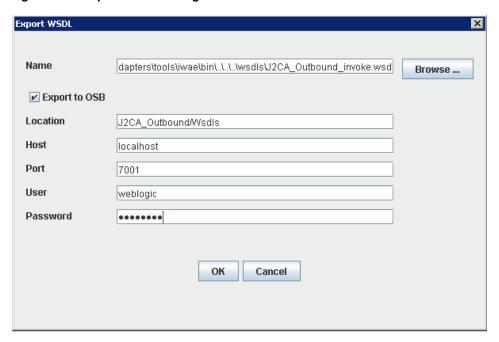
1. Start Application Explorer, connect to a J2CA configuration, and connect to a PeopleSoft target.

For more information, see Chapter 2, "Configuring Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft" on page 2-1.

- **2.** Expand the PeopleSoft target to which you are connected.
- **3.** Expand **Component Interfaces** and then select **LOCATION**.
- 4. Navigate to and right-click an operation, and then select Create Outbound JCA Service (Request/Response).

The Export WSDL dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 7–9.

Figure 7–9 Export WSDL Dialog



- In the Name field, a default file name for the WSDL file is provided. You can accept the default or provide your own.
- Select the **Export to OSB** option.
- 7. In the Location field, enter the folder name in Oracle Service Bus where you want to publish the WSDL document.

The location is composed of an Oracle Service Bus project name and optionally, one or more folder names. The project name and any folder names must be separated by a forward slash character "/".

- In the Host field, enter the name of the machine where Oracle Service Bus is installed.
- **9.** In the Port field, enter the port that is being used by Oracle Service Bus.
- **10.** In the User field, enter your username to access Oracle Service Bus.
- **11.** In the Password field, enter your password to access Oracle Service Bus.
- 12. Click OK.

The WSDL is published to the location specified in the Export WSDL dialog and is now available for use with a Business Service or Proxy Service in Oracle Service Bus.

7.2.4 Configuring a WSDL-based Business Service

Perform the following steps to configure a WSDL-based Proxy Service:

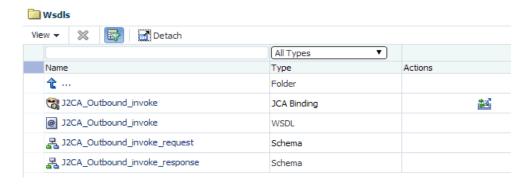
1. Open the Oracle Service Bus Console and click **Create** in the right pane of the Oracle Service Bus session, as shown in Figure 7–10.

Figure 7–10 Create Button



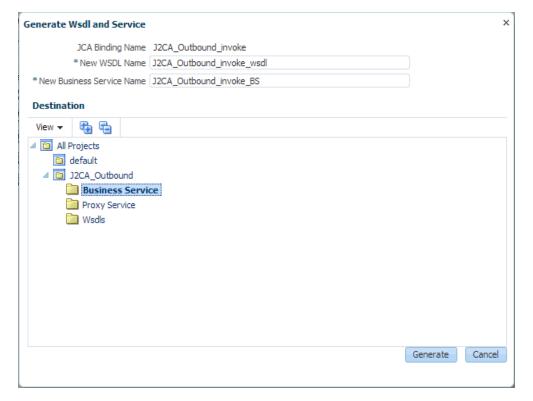
Double-click the created WSDL folder in the left pane (for example, Wsdls) and ensure that the exported WSDL is listed in the right pane, as shown in Figure 7–11.

Figure 7-11 Wsdls Folder



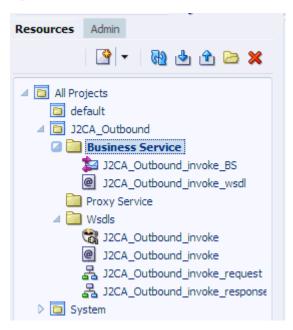
3. Click the icon that corresponds to the JCA Binding in the Actions column. The Generate WSDL and Service window is displayed, as shown in Figure 7–12.

Figure 7–12 Generate WSDL and Service Window



- **4.** Provide a new WSDL name and a new Business Service name in the corresponding fields.
- 5. In the Destination area, select an available project and the sub-folder that is designated for Business Services.
- Click **Generate**.
- Expand Business Service under the project folder and check if the generated WSDL and Business Service are listed, as shown in Figure 7–13.

Figure 7-13 Business Service Folder



7.2.5 Configuring a File Type Business Service

Perform the following steps to configure a File type Business Service:

Right-click the Business Service folder you created in the left pane, select Create, and click **Business Service** as shown in Figure 7–14.

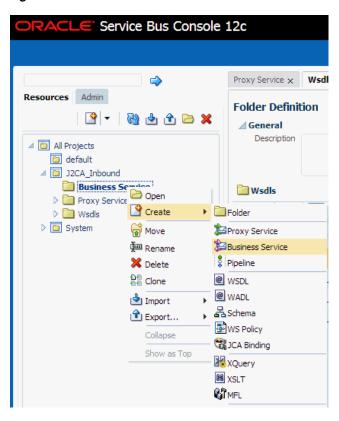
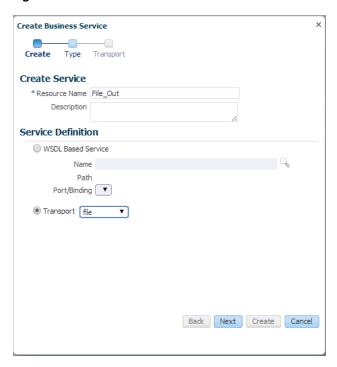


Figure 7–14 Business Service Folder

The Create Business Service window is displayed.

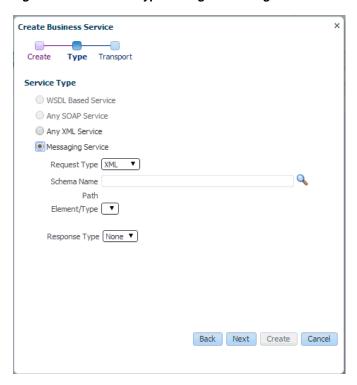
In the Resource Name field, provide a name for the Business Service, select the File option in the Transport section under Service Definition, and click Next, as shown in Figure 7–15.

Figure 7–15 Service Definition



In the Service Type section, select **Messaging Service**. By default, the Request Type is set to XML, and the Response Type is set to None. Then click Next, as shown in Figure 7–16.

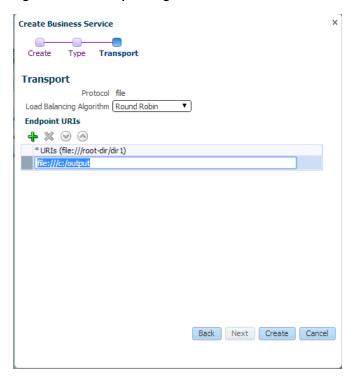
Figure 7–16 Service Type Configuration Page



Enter the path to a destination folder on your file system in the Endpoint URI field.

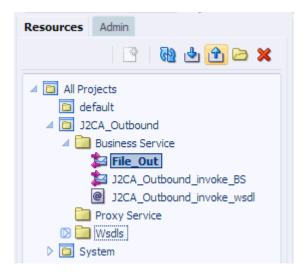
5. Click **Create**, as shown in Figure 7–17.

Figure 7-17 Transport Page



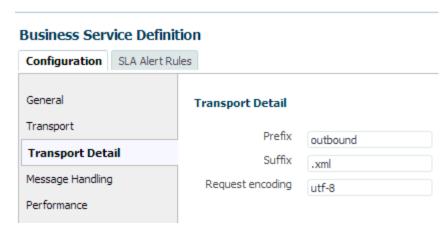
The Business Service File_Out is created and listed under Business Service, as shown in Figure 7-18.

Figure 7-18 File_Out Business Service



Double-click File_Out, click Transport Detail in the left pane, and enter the prefix and suffix for the output file to be received, as shown in Figure 7–19.

Figure 7–19 Transport Detail



7. Click the Save or Save All icon in the right corner, as shown in Figure 7–20.

Figure 7-20 Save/Save All Icons

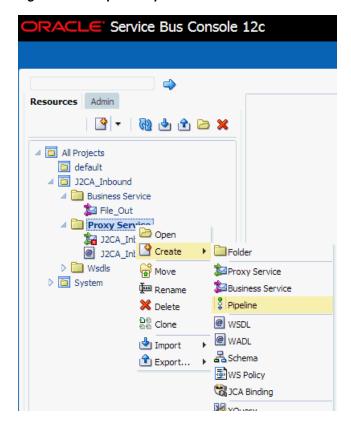


7.2.6 Configuring a Pipeline With Proxy Service

Perform the following steps to configure a Pipeline:

Right-click the Proxy Service folder, select Create and click Pipeline, as shown in Figure 7–21.

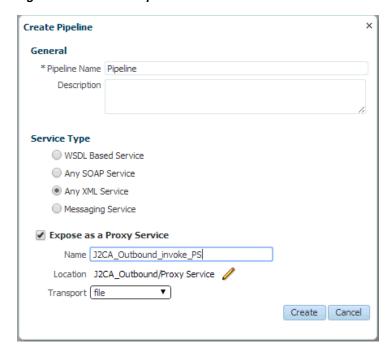
Figure 7-21 Pipeline Option



The Create Pipeline window is displayed.

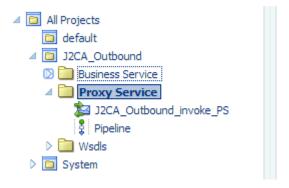
Enter a name in the Pipeline Name field. By default, **Expose as a Proxy Service** is selected. If you wish to change the Proxy Service Name, change it and set Transport as **file**, and click **Create** as shown in Figure 7–22.

Figure 7-22 Create Pipeline Window



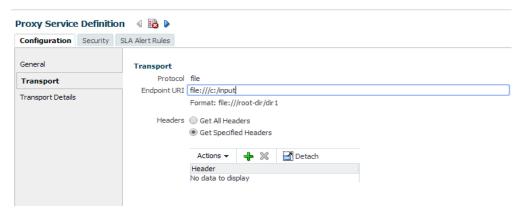
The created Pipeline and the Proxy Service is listed under Proxy Service, as shown in Figure 7-23.

Figure 7-23 Pipeline Node



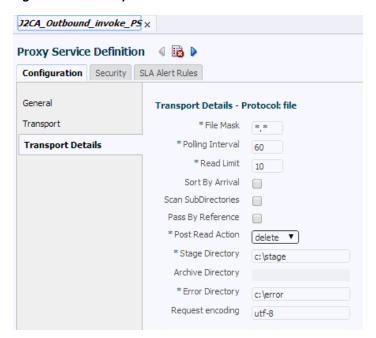
Double-click the created proxy service and click **Transport** in the left pane. Provide the input location in the Endpoint URI field, as shown in Figure 7–24.

Figure 7–24 Transport



Click **Transport Details** in the left pane and provide the location for the Stage Directory and the Error Directory fields, as shown in Figure 7–25.

Figure 7-25 Transport Details



Click the **Save All** icon in the right corner, as shown in Figure 7–26.

Figure 7-26 Save All Icon



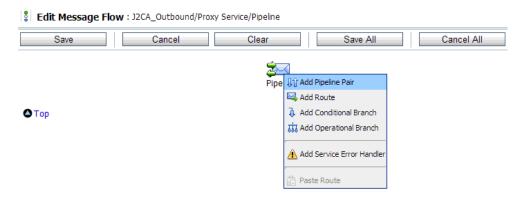
Double-click the **Pipeline** node and click the **Open Message Flow** icon on the right pane to open the message flow, as shown in Figure 7–27.

Figure 7-27 Open Message Flow Icon



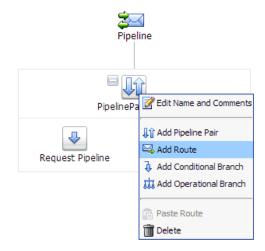
Click the Proxy Service icon and select Add Pipeline Pair from the menu, as shown in Figure 7–28.

Figure 7-28 Add Pipeline Pair Option



Click the PipelinePairNode1 icon and select Add Route from the menu, as shown in Figure 7–29.

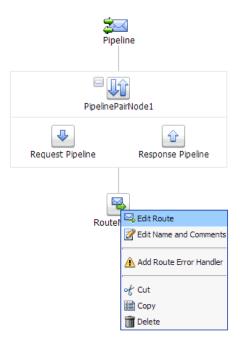
Figure 7-29 Add Route Option



The RouteNode1 icon is added below the PipelinePairNode1 icon.

Click the RouteNode1 icon and select Edit Route from the menu, as shown in Figure 7–30.

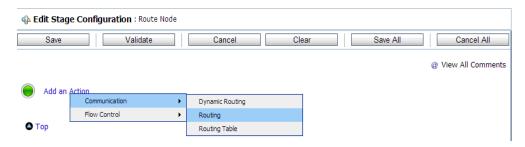
Figure 7–30 Edit Route Option



The Edit Stage Configuration workspace area is displayed.

10. Click Add an Action, select Communication and click Routing, as shown in Figure 7–31.

Figure 7-31 Edit Stage Configuration Workspace Area



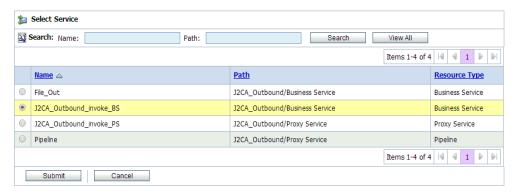
11. Click **<Service>**, as shown in Figure 7–32.

Figure 7-32 Actions



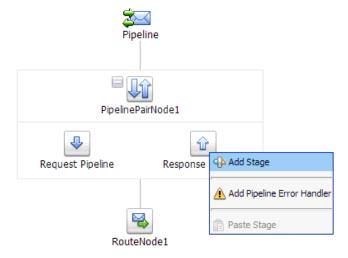
- The Select Service dialog is displayed.
- 12. Select the WSDL type Business Service configured for PeopleSoft and click on **Submit**, as shown in Figure 7–33.

Figure 7-33 Select Service Dialog



- 13. Select the name of the PeopleSoft business object as the operational attribute from the list, and click Save.
- 14. Click the Response Pipeline icon and select Add Stage from the menu, as shown in Figure 7–34.

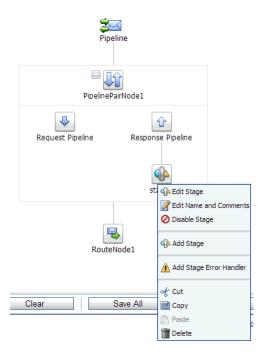
Figure 7-34 Response Pipeline Icon



The Stage1 icon is added below the Response Pipeline icon.

15. Click the Stage1 icon and select **Edit Stage** from the menu, as shown in Figure 7–35.

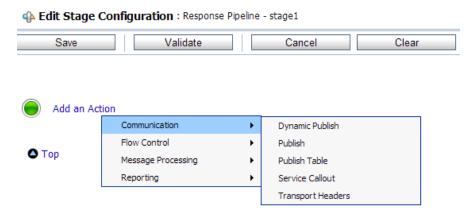
Figure 7–35 Edit Stage Option



The Edit Stage Configuration workspace area is displayed.

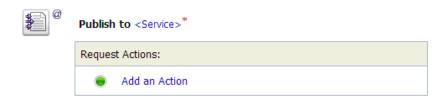
16. Click Add an Action, select Communication, and then click Publish, as shown in Figure 7–36.

Figure 7-36 Edit Stage Configuration Workspace Area



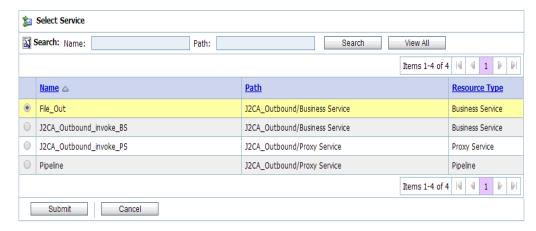
17. Click **<Service>**, as shown in Figure 7–37.

Figure 7-37 <Service> Action



18. In the Select Service dialog, select a File type Business Service and click **Submit**, as shown in Figure 7–38.

Figure 7–38 Select Service Dialog



19. Click **Save All**, as shown in Figure 7–39.

Figure 7-39 Save All Button



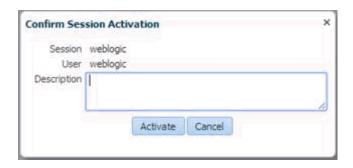
20. Click Activate in the right pane of the Oracle Service Bus session, as shown in Figure 7–40.

Figure 7-40 Activate Button



21. Click **Activate** to save the changes, as shown in Figure 7–41.

Figure 7-41 Confirm Session Activation



22. Copy and paste an input XML file in the input folder you have configured (for example, C:\input). Output is received in the configured output location (for example, C:\output).

7.3 Configuring an Inbound Process Using sbconsole (J2CA **Configuration**)

This section describes how to configure an inbound process using sbconsole for J2CA configurations.

A sample project has been provided for this inbound use case scenario in the following folder of the Application Adapters installation:

```
<ADAPTER_HOME>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_
Samples\OSB\J2CA\PeopleSoft_Sample_J2CA_OSB_Inbound_Project
```

This section includes the following topics:

- Section 7.3.1, "Starting Oracle Service Bus and Creating Project Folders"
- Section 7.3.2, "Setting the Class Path for Application Explorer to Integrate With Oracle Service Bus"
- Section 7.3.3, "Publishing a WSDL From Application Explorer to Oracle Service
- Section 7.3.4, "Configuring a WSDL-based Proxy Service"
- Section 7.3.5, "Configuring a File Type Business Service"
- Section 7.3.6, "Configuring a Pipeline"

7.3.1 Starting Oracle Service Bus and Creating Project Folders

For more information on starting Oracle Service Bus and creating project folders, see Section 7.2.1, "Starting Oracle Service Bus and Creating Project Folders" on page 7-2.

7.3.2 Setting the Class Path for Application Explorer to Integrate With Oracle Service Bus

For more information on setting the class path for Application Explorer to integrate with Oracle Service Bus, see Section 7.2.2, "Setting the Class Path for Application Explorer to Integrate With Oracle Service Bus" on page 7-6.

7.3.3 Publishing a WSDL From Application Explorer to Oracle Service Bus

Perform the following steps to publish a WSDL from Application Explorer to Oracle Service Bus:

Start Application Explorer, connect to a J2CA configuration, and connect to a PeopleSoft target.

For more information, see Chapter 2, "Configuring Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft" on page 2-1.

- Create a PeopleSoft channel.
 - For more information, see Section 4.5.1.1, "Creating a Channel" on page 4-34.
- Under the connected target, expand Messages, and then select LOCATION_ SYNC.VERSION_1.
- Right-click LOCATION_SYNC.VERSION_1 and select Create Inbound JCA **Service(Event)** from the context menu.

The Export WSDL dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 7–42.

Export WSDL Name .dapters\tools\iwae\bin\..\..\..\wsdls\J2CA_Inbound_receive.wsdl Browse ... Channel NS_ch • Validation Root Namespace Schema Export to OSB J2CA_Inbound/Wsdls Location Host localhost Port 7001 Hser weblogic Password ••••• OK Cancel * You must create a separate channel for each inbound service

Figure 7-42 Export WSDL Dialog

- In the Name field, a default file name for the WSDL file is provided. You can accept the default or provide your own.
- From the Channel list, select the channel you created for this inbound service.
- Three check boxes for Root, Namespace, and Schema validation are also available. Selection of multiple validation options is allowed.
- Select the **Export to OSB** option.

9. In the Location field, enter the folder name in Oracle Service Bus where you want to publish the WSDL document.

The location is composed of an Oracle Service Bus project name and optionally, one or more folder names. The project name and any folder names must be separated by a forward slash character "/".

- 10. In the Host field, enter the name of the machine where Oracle Service Bus is installed.
- 11. In the Port field, enter the port that is being used by Oracle Service Bus.
- **12.** In the User field, enter your username to access Oracle Service Bus.
- **13.** In the Password field, enter your password to access Oracle Service Bus.
- 14. Click OK.

The inbound WSDL is published to the location specified in the Export WSDL dialog and is now available for use with a Proxy Service in Oracle Service Bus.

7.3.4 Configuring a WSDL-based Proxy Service

Perform the following steps to configure a WSDL-based Proxy Service:

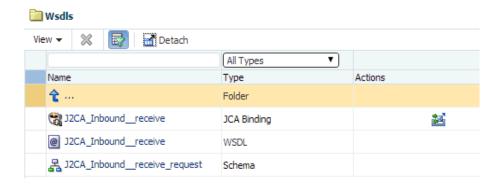
1. Open the Oracle Service Bus Console and click Create in the right pane of the Oracle Service Bus session, as shown in Figure 7–43.

Figure 7–43 Create Button



Double-click the created WSDL folder in the left pane (for example, Wsdls), and ensure that the exported WSDL is listed in the right pane, as shown in Figure 7–44.

Figure 7-44 Exported WSDL



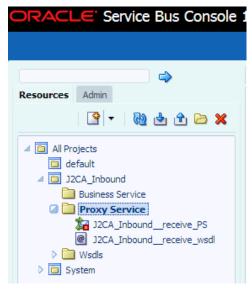
Click the icon that corresponds to the JCA Binding in the Actions column. The Generate WSDL and Service page is displayed, as shown in Figure 7–45.

Generate Wsdl and Service JCA Binding Name J2CA_Inbound__receive * New WSDL Name J2CA_Inbound__receive_wsdl *New Proxy Service Name | J2CA_Inbound__receive_PS View ▼ 👫 🖶 △ In Projects default ■ J2CA_Inbound Business Service Proxy Service Wsdls Generate Cancel

Figure 7-45 Generate WSDL and Service Page

- Provide a new WSDL name and a new Proxy Service name in the corresponding fields.
- In the Destination area, select an available project and the sub-folder that is designated for Proxy Services.
- Click **Generate**.
- 7. Expand Proxy Service under Project Explorer and check if the generated WSDL and Proxy Service are listed, as shown in Figure 7–46.

Figure 7-46 Generated WSDL



7.3.5 Configuring a File Type Business Service

Perform the following steps to configure a File type Business Service:

1. Right-click the Business Service folder you created in the left pane, select Create, and click **Business Service**, as shown in Figure 7–47.

Figure 7-47 Business Service Folder



The Create Business Service window is displayed.

In the Resource Name field, provide a name for the Business Service and select the File option from the Transport drop-down list in the Service Definition area, as shown in Figure 7-48.

Figure 7–48 Create Business Service Window



3. Click Next.

4. In the Service Type area, select **Messaging Service** as the service type, as shown in Figure 7–49.

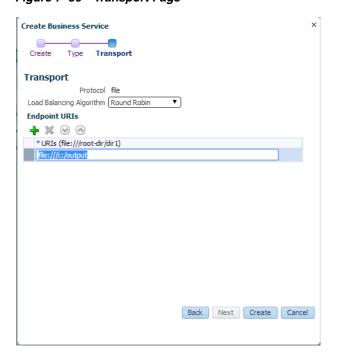
Figure 7–49 Service Type Area



5. Click Next.

The Transport page is displayed, as shown in Figure 7–50.

Figure 7–50 Transport Page



6. Enter the path to a destination folder on your file system in the Endpoint URI field

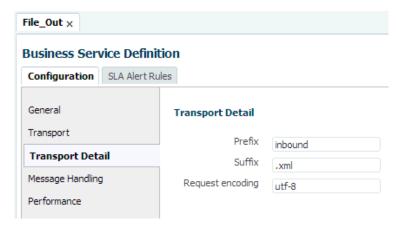
The Business Service File_Out is created and listed under Business Service, as shown in Figure 7–51.

Figure 7-51 File_Out Business Service



7. Double-click File_Out, click Transport Detail in the left pane, and enter the prefix and suffix for the output file to be received, as shown in Figure 7–52.

Figure 7-52 Transport Detail Page



8. Click the Save or Save All icon in the right corner, as shown in Figure 7–53.

Figure 7-53 Save Icons



7.3.6 Configuring a Pipeline

Perform the following steps to configure a Pipeline:

1. Right-click the proxy service you created and select **Create**, and then click **Pipeline**, as shown in Figure 7–54.

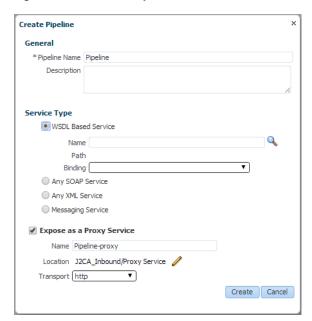
Figure 7-54 Pipeline Option



The Create Pipeline window is displayed.

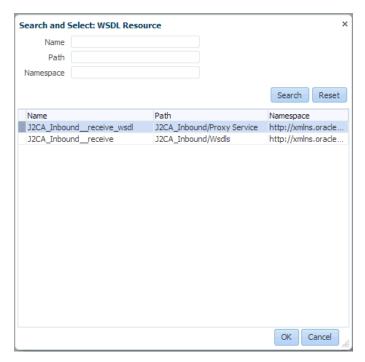
In the Pipeline Name field, enter a name and select the Service Type as WSDL **Based Service**, as shown in Figure 7–55.

Figure 7-55 Create Pipeline Window



Click the Search icon, and in the displayed Search and Select: WSDL Resource window, select J2CA_Inbound_receive_wsdl, and click OK, as shown in Figure 7–56.

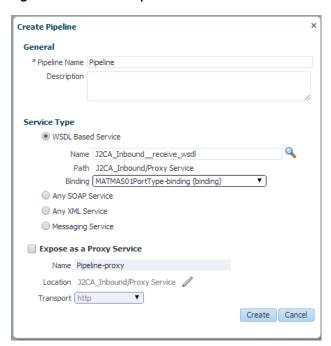
Figure 7-56 Search and Select: WSDL Resource Window



The Create Pipeline window opens.

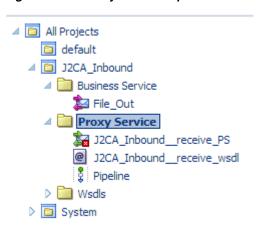
Clear the check box for Expose as a Proxy Service, and click Create, as shown in Figure 7-57.

Figure 7-57 Create Pipeline Window



The pipeline is created and listed under Proxy Service, as shown in Figure 7–58.

Figure 7–58 Proxy Service Pipeline



5. Double-click the J2CA_Inbound_receive_PS node under Proxy Service in the left pane and click the Search icon in the Target area in right pane, as shown in Figure 7-59.

Figure 7-59 Proxy Service Definition Window

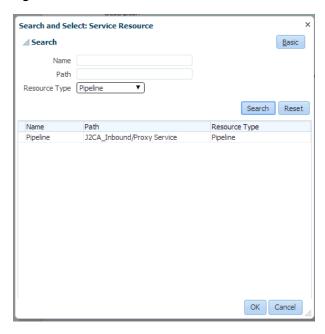


The Search and Select: Service Resource window appears.

From the Resource Type drop-down list, select Pipeline and then click the Search button.

The Pipeline is listed, as shown in Figure 7–60.

Figure 7-60 Search and Select: Service Resource Window



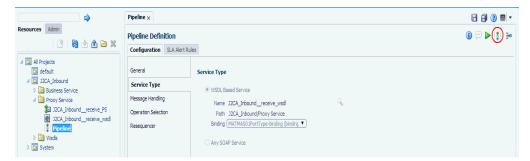
- Select the Pipeline and click **OK**.
- Click the Save or Save All icon in the right corner, as shown in Figure 7–61.

Figure 7-61 Save and Save All Icons



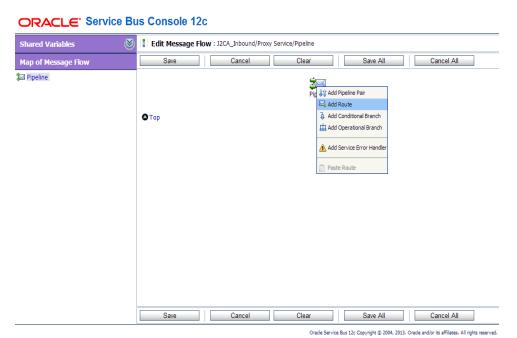
In the left pane, double-click **Pipeline** under the Proxy Service folder and click the down-pointing icon on the right pane to open the message flow, as shown in Figure 7-62.

Figure 7-62 Message Flow



10. Click the displayed Proxy service icon and select Add Route from the menu, as shown in Figure 7–63.

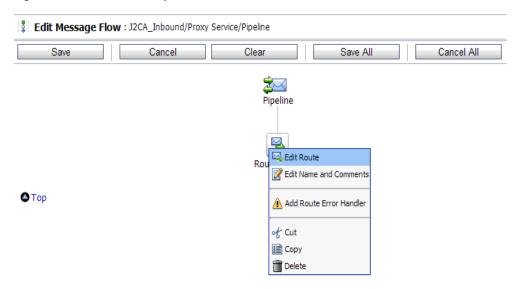
Figure 7-63 Add Route Option



The RouteNode1 icon is added.

11. Click the RouteNode1 icon and select Edit Route from the menu, as shown in Figure 7–64.

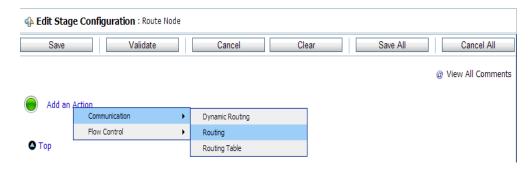
Figure 7-64 Edit Route Option



The Edit Stage Configuration workspace area is displayed.

12. Click **Add an Action**, select **Communication** from the menu, and then click **Routing**, as shown in Figure 7–65.

Figure 7-65 Edit Stage Configuration Workspace



13. Click **<Service>**, as shown in Figure 7–66.

Figure 7-66 Service Route Actions



The Select Service dialog is displayed.

14. Select the **File_Out** Business service and click **Submit** as shown in **Figure** 7–67.

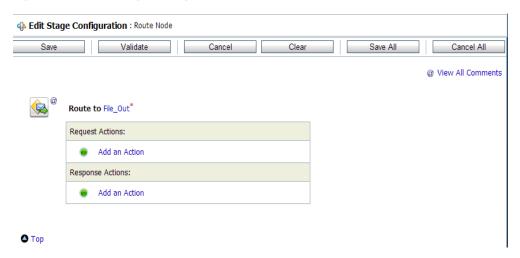
Figure 7-67 Select Service Dialog



You are returned to the Edit Stage Configuration workspace area.

15. Click Save All, as shown in Figure 7–68.

Figure 7–68 Edit Stage Configuration Workspace Area



16. Click **Activate** in the right pane of the Oracle Service Bus session, as shown in Figure 7–69.

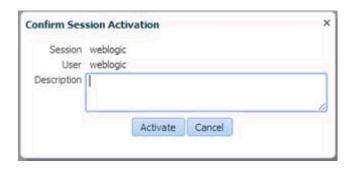
Figure 7-69 Activate Button



The Confirm Session Activation window appears.

17. Click **Activate** to save the changes, as shown in Figure 7–70.

Figure 7–70 Confirm Session Activation Window



18. Trigger an event from the PeopleSoft system and check if the output is received in the configured output location.

For more information on triggering an event, see Section 4.5.5, "Triggering an Event in PeopleSoft" on page 4-45.

7.4 Configuring an Outbound Process Using sbconsole (BSE **Configuration**)

This section describes how to configure an outbound process using sbconsole for BSE configurations.

A sample project has been provided for this outbound use case scenario in the following folder of the Application Adapters installation:

```
<ADAPTER_HOME>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_
Samples\OSB\BSE\PeopleSoft_Sample_BSE_OSB_Outbound_Project
```

This section includes the following topics:

- Section 7.4.1, "Starting Oracle Service Bus and Creating Project Folders"
- Section 7.4.2, "Setting the Class Path for Application Explorer to Integrate With Oracle Service Bus"
- Section 7.4.3, "Publishing a WSDL From Application Explorer to Oracle Service Bus"
- Section 7.4.4, "Configuring a File Type Business Service"
- Section 7.4.5, "Configuring a WSDL-based Business Service"
- Section 7.4.6, "Configuring a Pipeline With Proxy Service"

7.4.1 Starting Oracle Service Bus and Creating Project Folders

For more information on starting Oracle Service Bus and creating project folders, see Section 7.2.1, "Starting Oracle Service Bus and Creating Project Folders" on page 7-2.

7.4.2 Setting the Class Path for Application Explorer to Integrate With Oracle Service Bus

For more information on setting the class path for Application Explorer to integrate with Oracle Service Bus, see Section 7.2.2, "Setting the Class Path for Application Explorer to Integrate With Oracle Service Bus" on page 7-6.

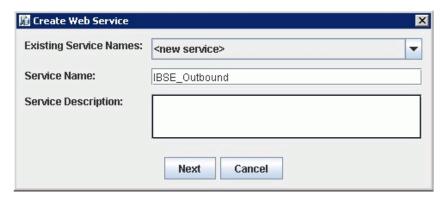
7.4.3 Publishing a WSDL From Application Explorer to Oracle Service Bus

This section describes how to publish a WSDL from Application Explorer (BSE configuration) to Oracle Service Bus.

- Start Application Explorer, connect to a BSE configuration, and connect to a PeopleSoft target.
- Expand Component Interfaces and select Location.
- Navigate to and right-click an operation, and then select Create Web Service from the menu.

The Create Web Service dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 7–71.

Figure 7–71 Create Web Service Dialog



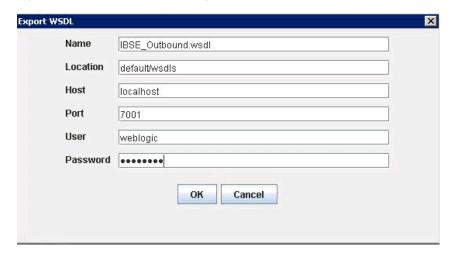
- Enter a service name and click Next.
- Click **OK** on the next dialog that is displayed.

Application Explorer switches the view to the Business Services node, and the new Web service appears in the left pane.

Right-click the new Web service and select **Export WSDL** from the menu.

The Export WSDL dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 7–72.

Figure 7–72 Export WSDL Dialog



In the Name field, a default file name for the WSDL file is provided. You can accept the default or provide your own.

8. In the Location field, enter the location where you want to publish the WSDL

The location is composed of an Oracle Service Bus project name and optionally, one or more folder names. The project name and any folder names must be separated by a forward slash character "/".

- 9. In the Host field, enter the name of the machine where Oracle WebLogic Server is running.
- **10.** In the Port field, enter the port for the domain you are using.
- **11.** In the User field, enter your username to access Oracle Service Bus.
- **12.** In the Password field, enter your password to access Oracle Service Bus.
- 13. Click OK.

The WSDL is published to the location specified in the Export WSDL dialog and is now available for use with a Business Service or Proxy Service in Oracle Service

7.4.4 Configuring a File Type Business Service

For more information on configuring a file type business service, see Section 7.2.5, "Configuring a File Type Business Service" on page 7-9.

7.4.5 Configuring a WSDL-based Business Service

This section describes how to configure a WSDL type Business Service using the Oracle Service Bus Console.

Perform the following steps to configure a WSDL-based Proxy Service:

Right-click on the Business Service folder in the left pane and select Business Service.

The Create Business Service window is displayed, as shown in Figure 7–73.

Create Business Service Create Type Transport Create Service * Resource Name | BSE_Outbound_BS Description Service Definition WSDL Based Service Q Name Path Port/Binding ▼ Back Next Create Cancel

Figure 7–73 Create Business Service Window

Provide a name for the Business Service, and in Service Definition area, select the WSDL Based Service option and click the search icon.

The Search and Select: WSDL Resource window is displayed, as shown in Figure 7-74.

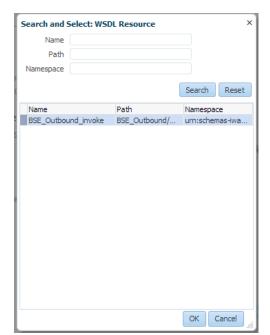
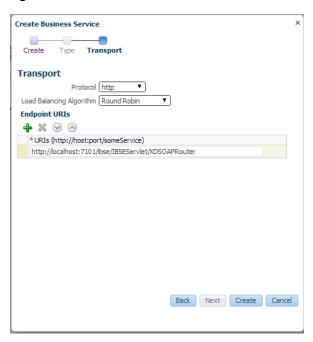


Figure 7–74 Search and Select: WSDL Resource Window

Click the **Search** button, select the BSE Outbound WSDL, and click **OK**. You are returned to the Create Business Service window.

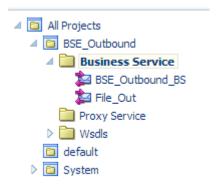
- 4. Click Next.
- **5.** Accept the default values and click the **Create** button, as shown in Figure 7–75.

Figure 7–75 Create Business Service Window



The created WSDL-based Business Service is listed under the Business Service folder, as shown in Figure 7–76.

Figure 7–76 WSDL-based Business Service

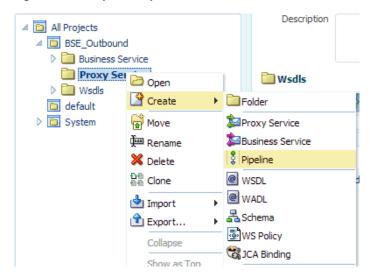


7.4.6 Configuring a Pipeline With Proxy Service

This section describes how to configure a Proxy Service using the Oracle Service Bus Console.

Right-click the Proxy Service folder, select Create and click Pipeline, as shown in Figure 7–77.

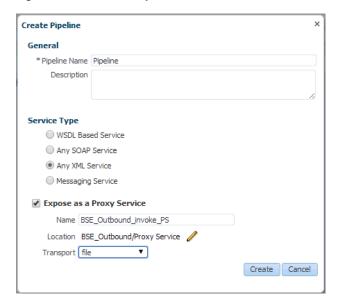
Figure 7-77 Pipeline Option



The Create Pipeline window is displayed.

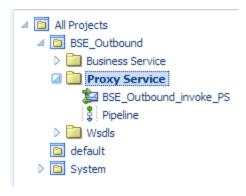
Enter a name in the Pipeline Name field. By default, Expose as a Proxy Service is selected. If you wish to change the Proxy Service Name, change it and set Transport to **file**, and click **Create** as shown in Figure 7–78.

Figure 7–78 Create Pipeline Window



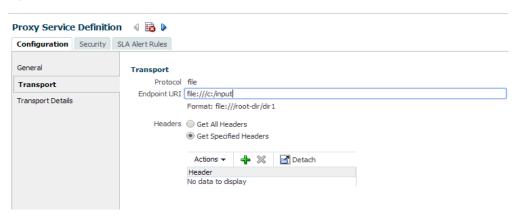
The created Pipeline and the Proxy Service is listed under Proxy Service, as shown in Figure 7–79.

Figure 7-79 Pipeline Node



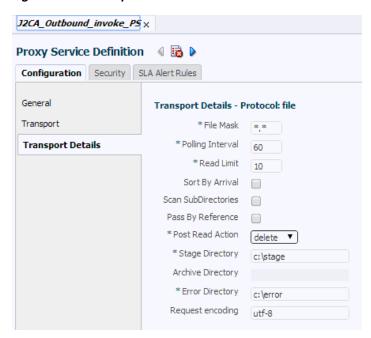
Double-click the created proxy service and click **Transport** in the left pane. Provide the input location in the Endpoint URI field, as shown in Figure 7–80.

Figure 7-80 Transport



Click **Transport Details** in the left pane and provide the location for the Stage Directory and the Error Directory fields, as shown in Figure 7–81.

Figure 7-81 Transport Details



Click the **Save All** icon in the right corner, as shown in Figure 7–82.

Figure 7-82 Save All Icon



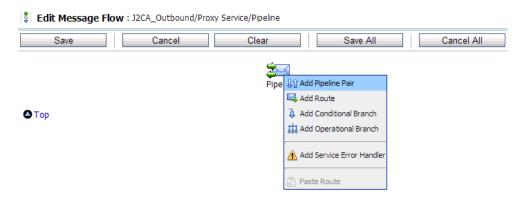
Double-click the **Pipeline** node and click the **Open Message Flow** icon on the right pane to open the message flow, as shown in Figure 7–83.

Figure 7-83 Open Message Flow Icon



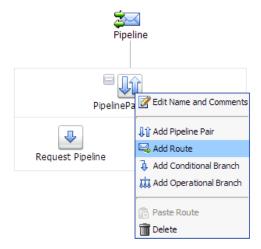
Click the Proxy Service icon and select **Add Pipeline Pair** from the menu, as shown in Figure 7–84.

Figure 7-84 Add Pipeline Pair Option



Click the PipelinePairNode1 icon and select Add Route from the menu, as shown in Figure 7–85.

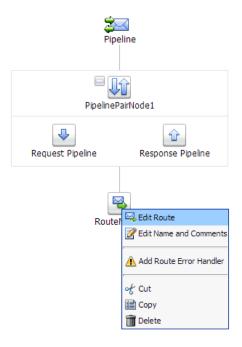
Figure 7-85 Add Route Option



The RouteNode1 icon is added below the PipelinePairNode1 icon.

Click the RouteNode1 icon and select Edit Route from the menu, as shown in Figure 7–86.

Figure 7-86 Edit Route Option



The Edit Stage Configuration workspace area is displayed.

10. Click Add an Action, select Communication and click Routing, as shown in Figure 7–87.

Figure 7-87 Edit Stage Configuration Workspace Area



11. Click **<Service>**, as shown in Figure 7–88.

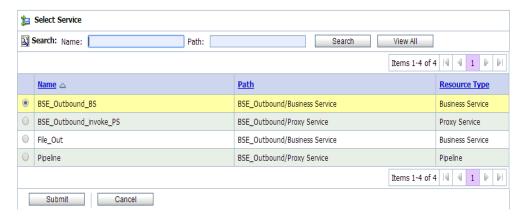
Figure 7-88 Actions



The Select Service dialog is displayed.

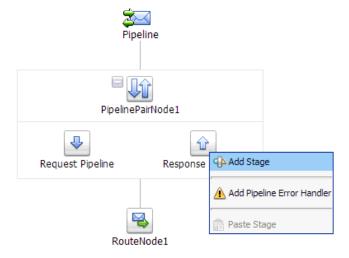
12. Select the WSDL type Business Service configured for PeopleSoft and click on **Submit**, as shown in Figure 7–89.

Figure 7-89 Select Service Dialog



- 13. Select the name of the PeopleSoft business object as the operational attribute from the list, and click Save.
- 14. Click the Response Pipeline icon and select Add Stage from the menu, as shown in Figure 7-90.

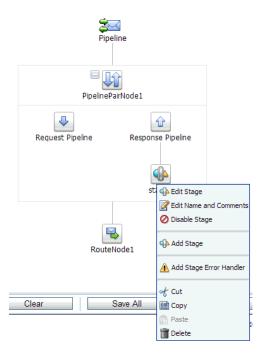
Figure 7-90 Response Pipeline Icon



The Stage1 icon is added below the Response Pipeline icon.

15. Click the Stage1 icon and select Edit Stage from the menu, as shown in Figure 7–91.

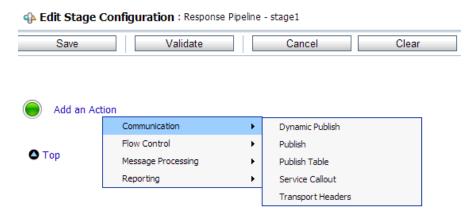
Figure 7-91 Edit Stage Option



The Edit Stage Configuration workspace area is displayed.

16. Click Add an Action, select Communication, and then click Publish, as shown in Figure 7–92.

Figure 7-92 Edit Stage Configuration Workspace Area



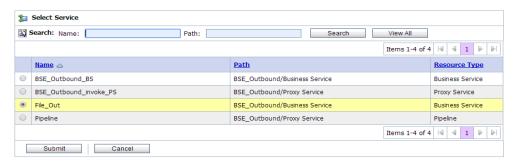
17. Click **<Service>**, as shown in Figure 7–93.

Figure 7-93 <Service> Action



18. In the Select Service dialog, select a File type Business Service and click **Submit**, as shown in Figure 7–94.

Figure 7–94 Select Service Dialog



19. Click **Save All**, as shown in Figure 7–95.

Figure 7-95 Save All Button



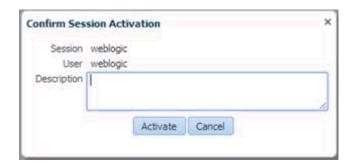
20. Click Activate in the right pane of the Oracle Service Bus session, as shown in Figure 7–96.

Figure 7-96 Activate Button



21. Click **Activate** to save the changes, as shown in Figure 7–97.

Figure 7–97 Confirm Session Activation



22. Copy and paste an input XML file in the input folder you have configured (for example, C:\input).

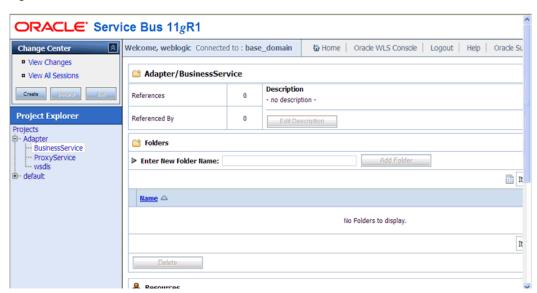
Output is received in the configured output location (for example, C:\output).

7.5 Configuring JMS Proxy Services Using Oracle Service Bus (J2CA **Configuration**)

This section describes how to configure JMS Proxy Services using Oracle Service Bus for a J2CA configuration.

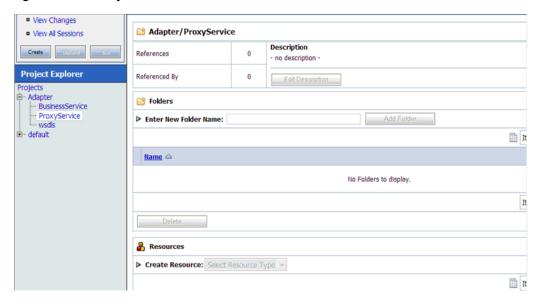
- 1. Start Oracle Service Bus and create the required project folder. For more information, see Section 7.2.1, "Starting Oracle Service Bus and Creating Project Folders" on page 7-2.
- Generate and publish the WSDL from Application Explorer to the created project folder. Using the published WSDL, create a Business Service.
 - For more information, see Section 7.2.3, "Publishing a WSDL From Application Explorer to Oracle Service Bus" on page 7-6.
- Open the Service Bus Console page, as shown in Figure 7–98.

Figure 7-98 Service Bus Console



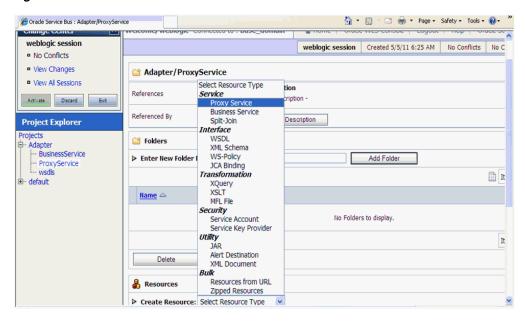
4. Select the ProxyService project folder in the left pane, and click **Create**, as shown in Figure 7-99.

Figure 7-99 Proxy Service



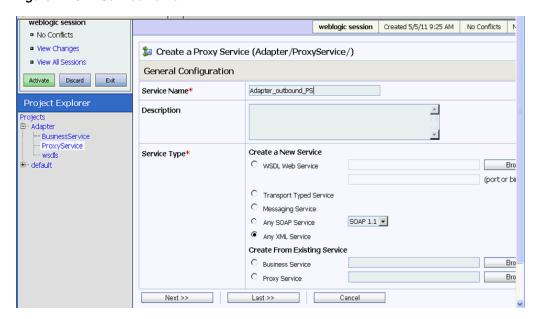
In the right pane, select **Proxy Service** from the Create Resource list, as shown in Figure 7–100.

Figure 7-100 Create Resource Menu



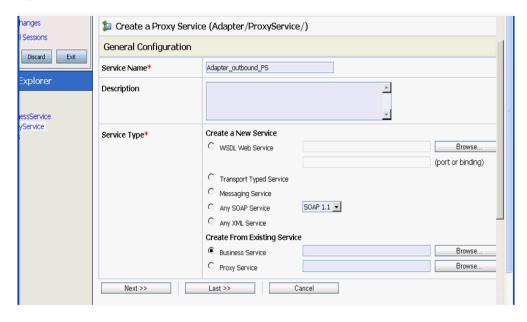
Enter an appropriate name in the **Service Name** field, as shown in Figure 7–101.

Figure 7-101 Service Name



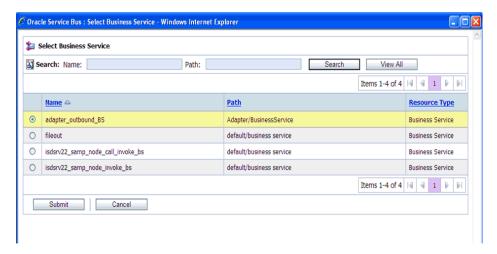
In the Service Type section, under Create From Existing Service, select the Business Service radio button and click Browse, as shown in Figure 7–102.

Figure 7-102 Business Service



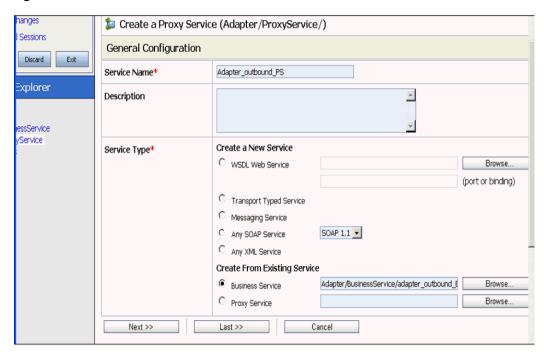
Select the existing business service and click **Submit**, as shown in Figure 7–103.

Figure 7-103 Existing Business Service



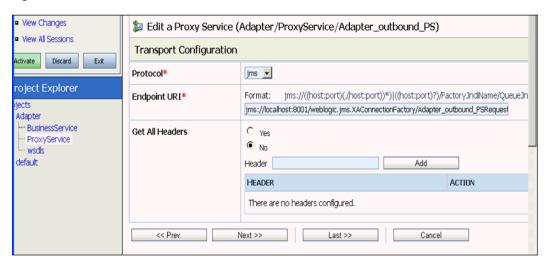
Click **Next**, as shown in Figure 7–104.

Figure 7-104 Next



10. Select **jms** from the Protocol list and click **Next**, as shown in Figure 7–105.

Figure 7-105 Protocol List

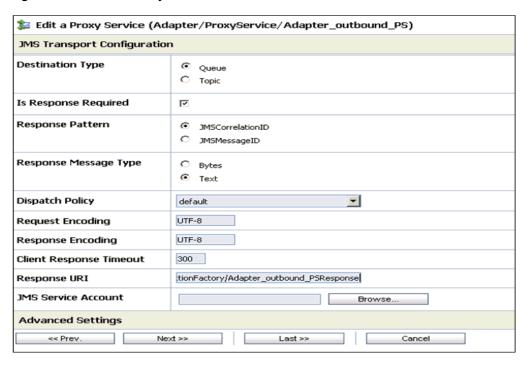


- **11.** Provide the following parameters, as shown in Figure 7–106.
 - Select **Queue** in the Destination Type section.
 - **b.** Enable the **Is Response Required** check box.
 - **c.** Select **Text** in the Response Message Type section.
 - **d.** In the Response URI field, provide the Endpoint URI used in the Transport Configuration and change Request to Response.

For example:

jms://localhost:8001/weblogic.jms.XAConnectionFactory/Adap ter_outbound_PSResponse

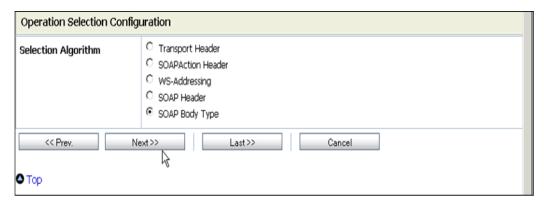
Figure 7–106 Edit a Proxy Service



12. Click Next.

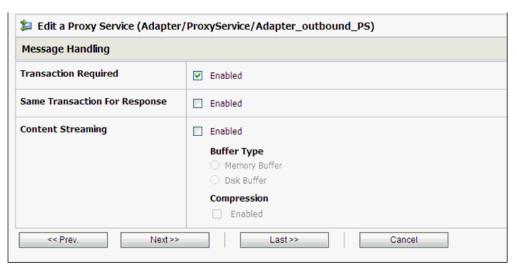
The Operation Selection Configuration pane appears, as shown in Figure 7–107.

Figure 7–107 Operation Selection Configuration Pane



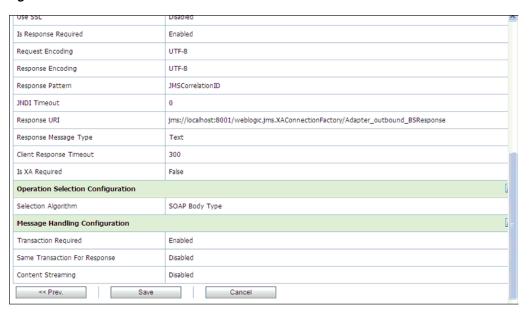
- **13.** Ensure the **SOAP Body Type** is selected and click **Next**.
- **14.** Enable the **Transaction Required** box and click **Next**, as shown in Figure 7–108.

Figure 7-108 Message Handling



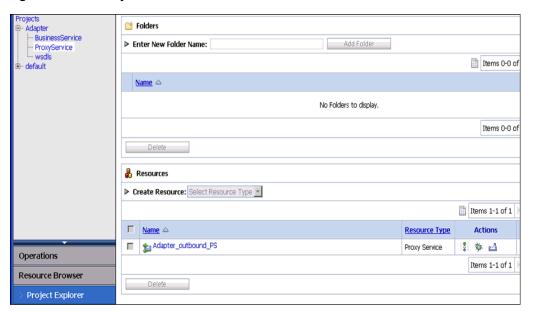
15. Click **Save**, as shown in Figure 7–109.

Figure 7-109 Save



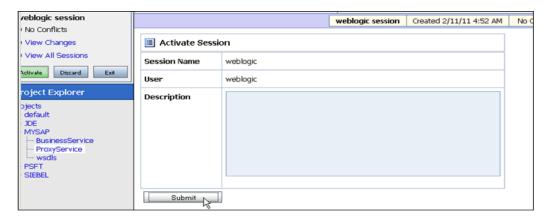
The created Proxy Service is saved, as shown in Figure 7–110.

Figure 7-110 Proxy Service



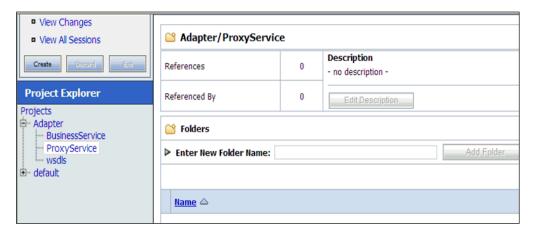
16. In the left pane, click **Activate**, and then **Submit**, as shown in Figure 7–111.

Figure 7-111 Activate Session



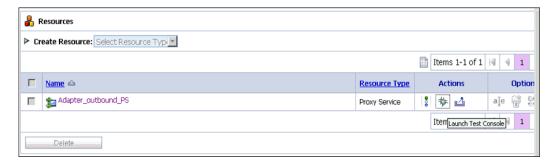
17. In the left pane, click ProxyService under the Projects folder, as shown in Figure 7–112.

Figure 7-112 Adapter/ProxyService



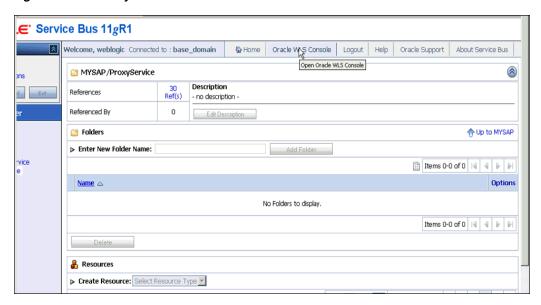
18. Click the Launch Test Console icon for the created Proxy Service, as shown in Figure 7–113.

Figure 7-113 Launch Test Console Icon



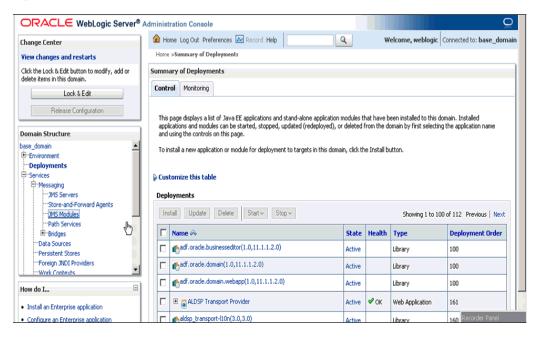
- 19. Provide the input values for Payload, uncheck the Direct Call box, and click Execute.
- **20.** Review the Response document, and then click **Close**.
- **21.** Click the **Oracle WLS Console** tab, as shown in Figure 7–114.

Figure 7-114 ProxyService



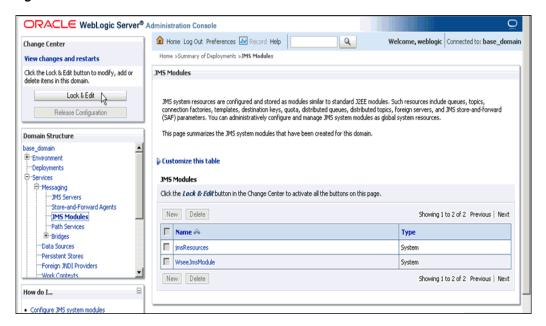
22. In the Oracle WLS Console, expand Services, expand Messaging, and click JMS **Modules**, as shown in Figure 7–115.

Figure 7-115 Oracle WLS Console



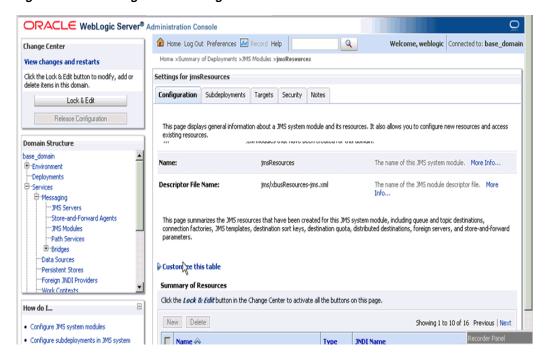
23. Click **jmsResources**, as shown in Figure 7–116.

Figure 7-116 JMS Modules



24. Click **Lock & Edit**, as shown in Figure 7–117.

Figure 7–117 Configuration Settings



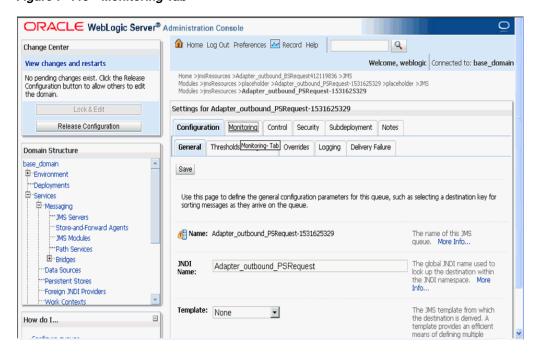
25. Click the appropriate request link, for example, **Adapter_outbound_PSRequest**, as shown in Figure 7–118.

Summary of Resources How do I... New Delete Showing 1 to 10 of 14 Previous | Next · Configure 3MS system modules · Configure subdeployments in JMS system Name 🚕 **INDI Name** Type modules · Configure resources for JMS system modules Adapter outbound PSRequest-1531625329 Oueue Adapter_outbound_PSRequest Adapter_outbound_PSResponse2015668417 Oueue Adapter_outbound_PSResponse System Status П OueueIn Oueue OueueIn Health of Running Servers QueueIn.Quota Quota N/A Failed (0) TemporaryTmplt Template Critical (0) weblogic.wlsb.jms.transporttask.QueueConnectionFactory | CormectionFactory | Factory Connection Overloaded (0) weblogic.wlsb.jms.transporttask.QueueC Warning (0) Connection OK (2) wli.reporting.jmsprovider.ConnectionFact wli.reporting.jmsprovider.ConnectionFactory Factory wli.reporting.jmsprovider.queue Queue wli.reporting.jmsprovider.queue wli.reporting.jmsprovider_error.queue Queue wli.reporting.jmsprovider_error.queue wli.reporting.purge.queue wli.reporting.purge.queue New Delete Showing 1 to 10 of 14 Previous | Next

Figure 7-118 Adapter_outbound_PSRequest

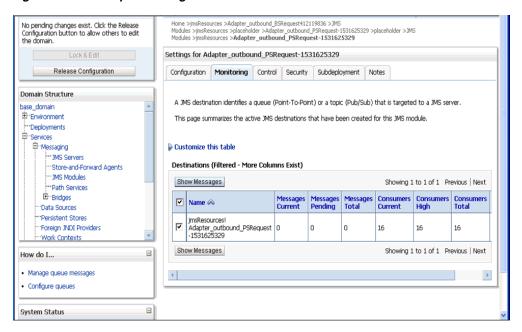
26. Click the **Monitoring** tab, as shown in Figure 7–119.

Figure 7-119 Monitoring Tab



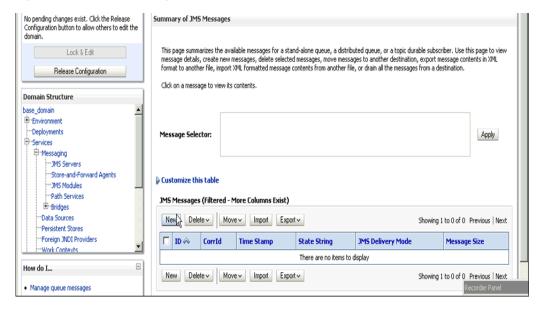
27. Enable the check box and click **Show Messages**, as shown in Figure 7–120.

Figure 7-120 Adapter Settings



28. Click **New**, as shown in Figure 7–121.

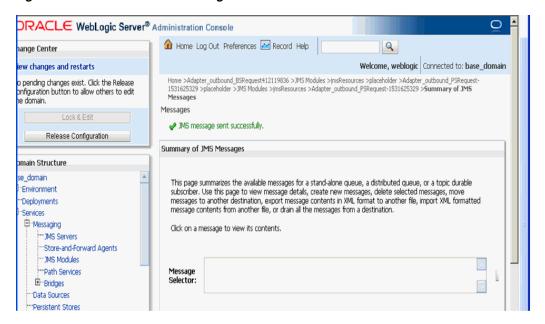
Figure 7-121 JMS Messages



29. Provide the input payload in the **Body** field and click **OK**.

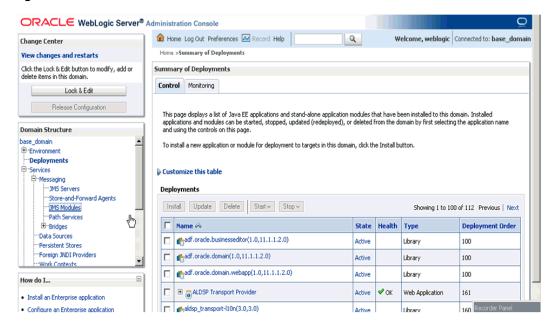
A Success message appears, as shown in Figure 7–122.

Figure 7–122 JMS Success Message



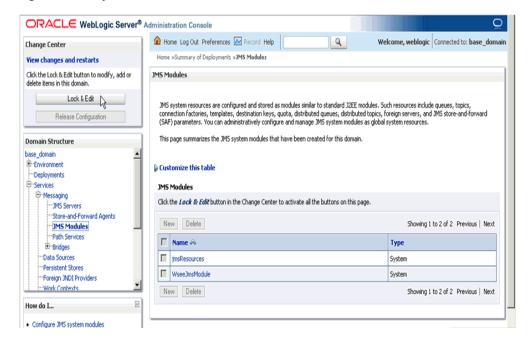
30. In the Oracle WLS Console, expand Services, expand Messaging, and click JMS **Modules**, as shown in Figure 7–123.

Figure 7-123 JMS Modules



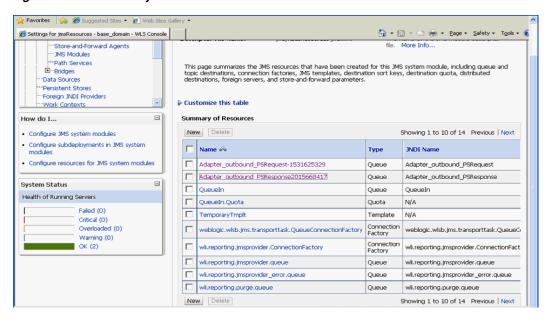
31. Click **imsResources**, as shown in Figure 7–124.

Figure 7-124 jmsResources



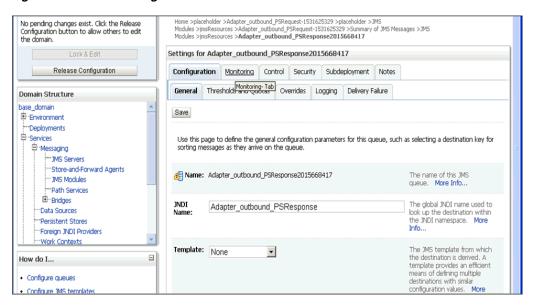
32. Click the appropriate response link, for example, **Adapter_outbound_ PSResponse**, as shown in Figure 7–125.

Figure 7–125 Summary of Resources



33. Click the **Monitoring** tab, as shown in Figure 7–126.

Figure 7–126 Monitoring Tab



34. Enable the check box and click **Show Messages**, as shown in Figure 7–127.

Figure 7–127 Destination Messages



35. Click the **ID** link, as shown in Figure 7–128.

Environment Click on a message to view its contents. --- Deployments □ Services □ Messaging JMS Servers --- Store-and-Forward Agents Selector: -- JMS Modules Path Services ⊕-Bridges Customize this table "Data Sources "Persistent Stores JMS Messages (Filtered - More Columns Exist) "Foreign JNDI Providers New Delete ✓ Move ✓ Import Export ✓ Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous | Next "Work Contexts Ξ How do I... JMS Delivery Mode ID 🙈 CorrId Time Stamp String Size · Manage queue messages Thu May 05 ID:<851920.1304596143994.0> visible Persistent 2043 07:49:03 EDT 2011 · Manage distributed queue messages · Manage topic durable subscribers New Delete ✓ Move ✓ Import Export ✓ Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous | Next System Status

Figure 7-128 JMS Messages

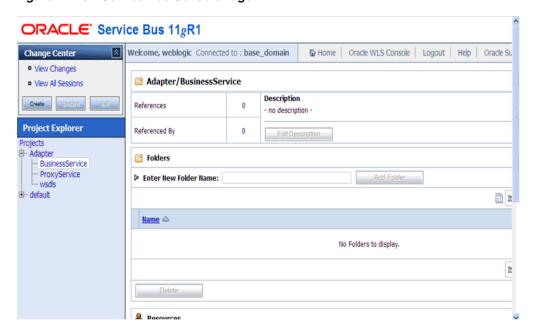
The response document is shown under the Text field.

7.6 Configuring HTTP Proxy Services Using Oracle Service Bus (J2CA **Configuration**)

This section describes how to configure HTTP Proxy Services using Oracle Service Bus for a J2CA configuration.

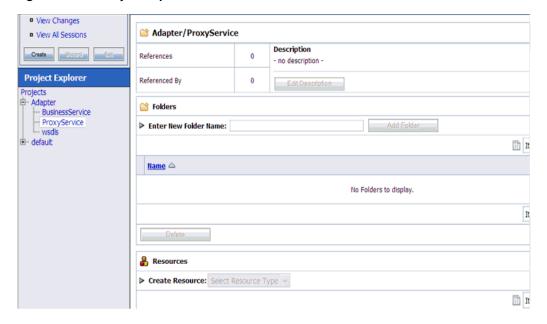
- **1.** Start the Oracle Service Bus and create the required project folders. For more information, see Section 7.2.1, "Starting Oracle Service Bus and Creating Project Folders" on page 7-2.
- 2. Generate and publish the WSDL from Application Explorer to the created project folder, and create a Business Service using the published WSDL.
 - For more information, see Section 7.2.3, "Publishing a WSDL From Application Explorer to Oracle Service Bus" on page 7-6.
- Open the Service Bus console page, as shown in Figure 7–129.

Figure 7–129 Service Bus Console Page



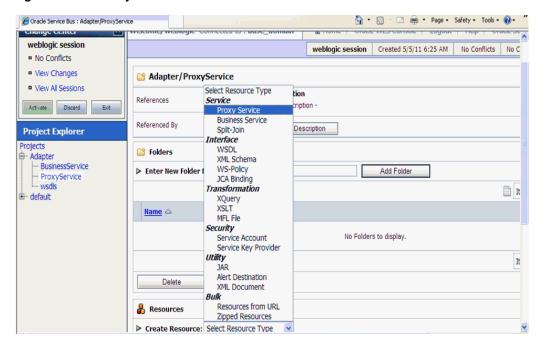
In the Project Explorer, select the ProxyService project folder, and click Create, as shown in Figure 7-130.

Figure 7-130 Project Explorer



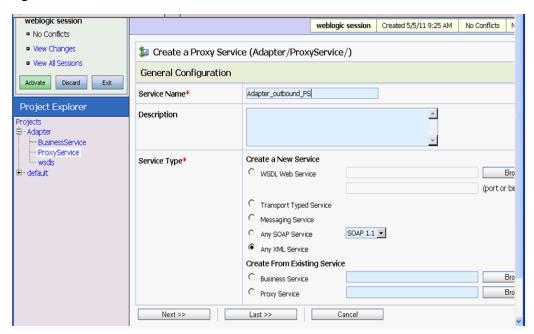
In the Create Resource list on the right pane, select **Proxy Service**, as shown in Figure 7–131.

Figure 7-131 Proxy Service



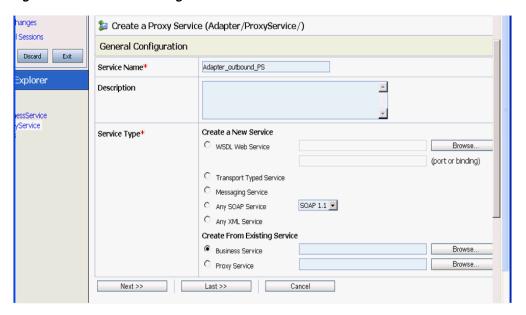
In the Service Name field, enter an appropriate name, as shown in Figure 7–132.

Figure 7-132 Service Name



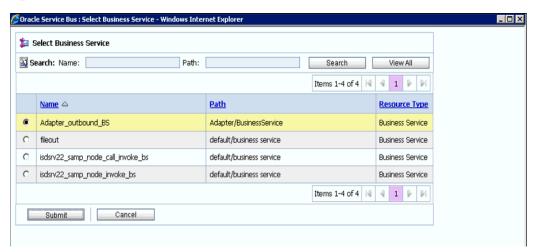
In the Service Type section, under Create From Existing Service, select the Business Service radio button and click Browse, as shown in Figure 7–133.

Figure 7–133 General Configuration



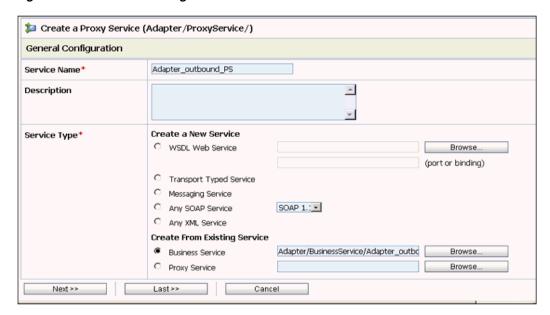
Select the existing Business Service and click **Submit**, as shown in Figure 7–134.

Figure 7-134 Business Service



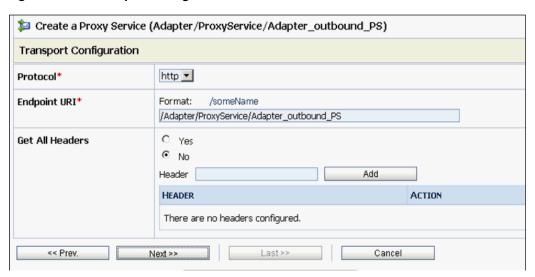
Click **Next**, as shown in Figure 7–135.

Figure 7–135 General Configuration



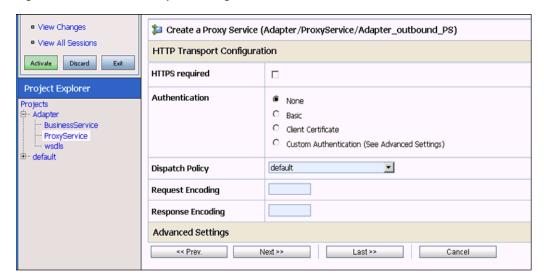
10. Select **http** in the Protocol list and click **Next**, as shown in Figure 7–136.

Figure 7-136 Transport Configuration



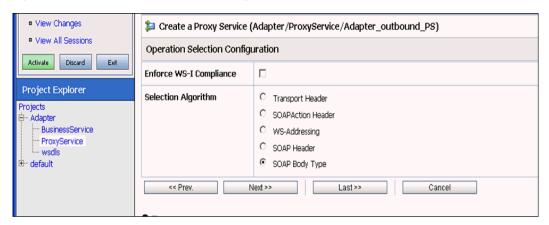
11. Click **Next**, as shown in Figure 7–137.

Figure 7-137 HTTP Transport Configuration



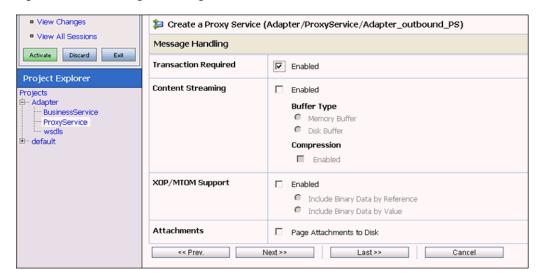
12. Click **Next**, as shown in Figure 7–138.

Figure 7–138 Operation Selection Configuration



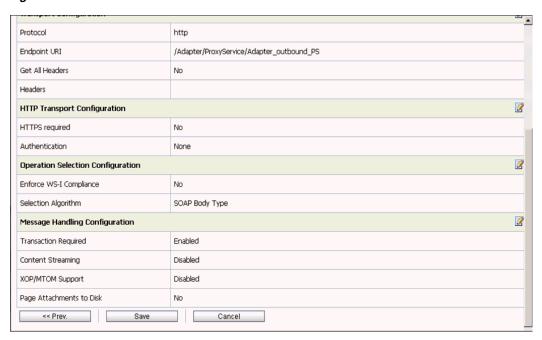
13. Enable the **Transaction Required** check box and click **Next**, as shown in Figure 7–139.

Figure 7-139 Message Handling



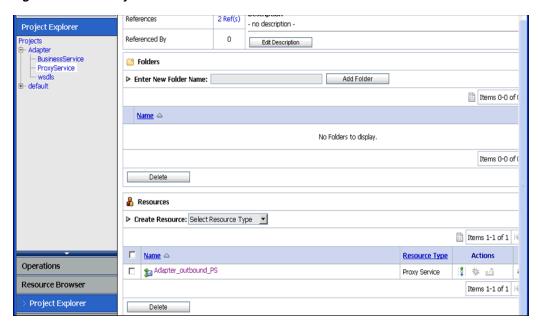
14. Click **Save**, as shown in Figure 7–140.

Figure 7-140 Save



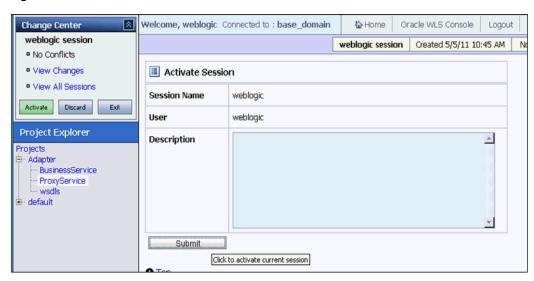
The created Proxy Service is saved, as shown in Figure 7–141.

Figure 7-141 Proxy Service



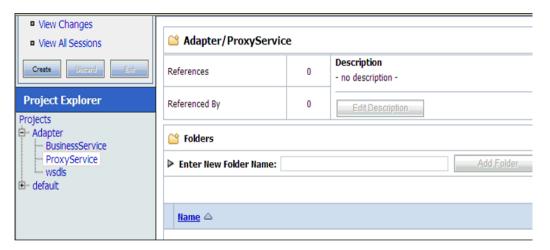
15. Click **Activate** in the left pane, and then **Submit** on the right pane, as shown in Figure 7–142.

Figure 7-142 Activate Session



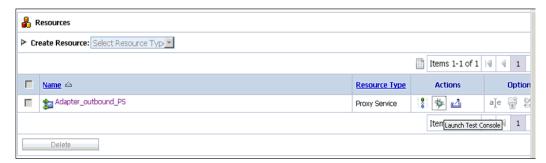
16. Click **ProxyService** in the Projects folder on the left pane, as shown in Figure 7-143.

Figure 7-143 ProxyService



17. Click the Launch Test Console icon for the created Proxy Service, as shown in Figure 7–144.

Figure 7-144 Launch Test Console



- 18. Uncheck the Direct Call check box, provide the input values for Payload, and click Execute.
- **19.** Review the **Response Document**.

Configuring an Outbound and Inbound **Process for Oracle Service Bus Using JDeveloper**

Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft integrates seamlessly with Oracle JDeveloper to facilitate Web service integration.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Section 8.1, "Configuring an OSB Outbound Process Using JDeveloper (J2CA Configuration)"
- Section 8.2, "Configuring an OSB Inbound Process Using JDeveloper (J2CA Configuration)"
- Section 8.3, "Configuring an OSB Outbound Process Using JDeveloper (BSE Configuration)"
- Section 8.4, "Configuring a JMS Inbound Process Using JDeveloper (J2CA Configuration)"
- Section 8.5, "Configuring a JMS Outbound Process Using JDeveloper (J2CA Configuration)"
- Section 8.6, "Configuring an HTTP Outbound Process Using JDeveloper (J2CA Configuration)"

8.1 Configuring an OSB Outbound Process Using JDeveloper (J2CA **Configuration**)

This section describes how to configure an OSB outbound process to your PeopleSoft system, using Oracle JDeveloper for J2CA configurations.

A sample project has been provided for this outbound use case scenario in the following folder of the Application Adapters installation:

<ADAPTER_HOME>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_Samples\OSB_ Jdeveloper\J2CA\PeopleSoft_Sample_J2CA_OSB_Outbound_Project

This section includes the following topics:

- Section 8.1.1, "Creating a Service Bus Application for OSB"
- Section 8.1.2, "Defining an OSB Outbound Process"
- Section 8.1.3, "Deploying the OSB Outbound Process"

Prerequisites

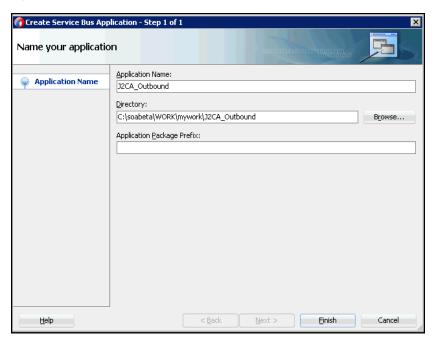
Before you design an OSB outbound process, you must generate the respective WSDL file using Application Explorer. For more information, see Section 4.4.1, "Generating WSDL for Request/Response Service" on page 4-8.

8.1.1 Creating a Service Bus Application for OSB

Perform the following steps in JDeveloper to create a service bus application for OSB.

- **1.** Create a new OSB application.
- Enter a name for the OSB Application (for example, J2CA_Outbound) and click Finish, as shown in Figure 8–1.

Figure 8-1 Name Your Application Pane



3. Enter a project name (for example, JCA_Outbound), and click **Finish**, as shown in Figure 8-2.

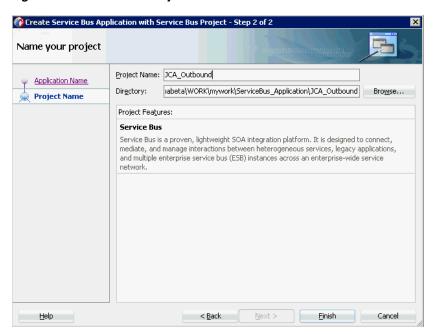


Figure 8–2 Name Your Project Pane

8.1.2 Defining an OSB Outbound Process

This section describes how to define an OSB outbound process. The following topics are included:

- Section 8.1.2.1, "Configuring a Third-Party Adapter Service Component"
- Section 8.1.2.2, "Configuring a File Transport Type Business Service"
- Section 8.1.2.3, "Creating a Proxy Service With Pipeline"
- Section 8.1.2.4, "Configuring the Routing Rules"

8.1.2.1 Configuring a Third-Party Adapter Service Component

Perform the following steps to create a third party adapter service component along with the Business Service:

Drag and drop the Third Party Adapter component from the Service Bus Components pane to the External Services pane, as shown in Figure 8–3.

Applications × Application Servers 📗 💿 Start Page × 👊 JCA_Outbound × ServiceBus_Application ₩ 🗸 💥 JCA_Outbound ₫ 🗞 - 🎖 - 🏗 -■ 🛅 JCA Outbound JCA_Outbound
pom.xml £ File Trans £§} To create resources, drag and drop an icon from the component palette to the canvas or select one from the right-click context menu JCA 63 *ફ*ઉફ MQ Transpor £ Application Resources Running: Integrated/VebLogicServer - Log \times Live Issues; overview.xml - Issues

Figure 8-3 Third Party Adapter Component

The Create Third Party Adapter Service dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 8–4.

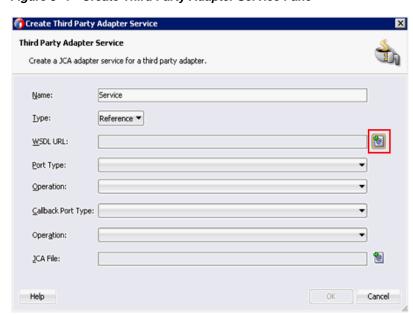
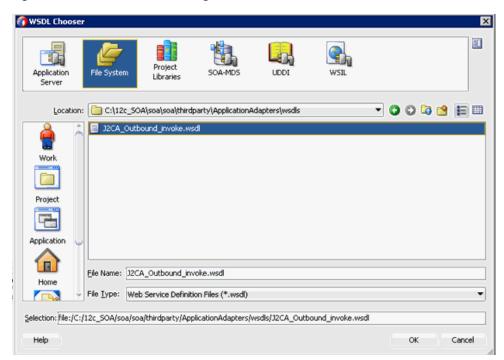


Figure 8-4 Create Third Party Adapter Service Pane

- 2. Enter an appropriate name for the Third Party Adapter Service which will be used as the Business Service name.
- **3.** Ensure that **Reference** is selected from the Type drop-down list (by default).
- Click the Find existing WSDLs icon, which is located to the right of the WSDL URL field.

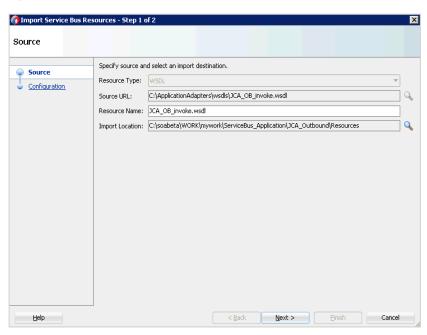
The WSDL Chooser dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 8–5.

Figure 8–5 WSDL Chooser Dialog



- Select the File System tab, then browse, and select an outbound WSDL file from the WSDL directory.
- 6. Click OK. The Import Service Bus Resources dialog is displayed.
- Click **Next**, as shown in Figure 8–6.

Figure 8-6 Source Pane



In the Configuration pane, click **Finish**.

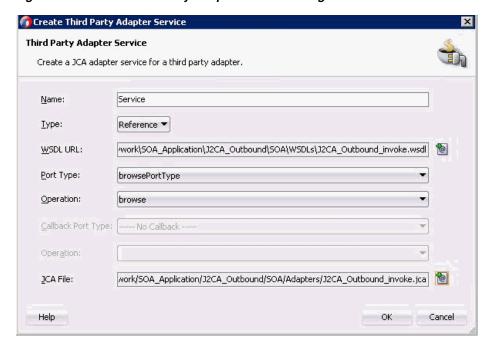
You are returned to the Create Third Party Adapter Service Dialog.

- **9.** Click the Find JCA file icon which is located to the right of the JCA File field. The Transformation Chooser dialog is displayed.
- **10.** Select the JCA properties file from the WSDL directory.
- **11.** Click **OK**. The Copy File message is displayed.
- 12. Click Yes.

A copy of the JCA properties file is made in the project folder.

You are returned to the Create Third Party Adapter Service dialog, as shown in Figure 8–7.

Figure 8–7 Create Third Party Adapter Service Dialog



13. Click OK.

The Business service component is created in the External Services pane.

8.1.2.2 Configuring a File Transport Type Business Service

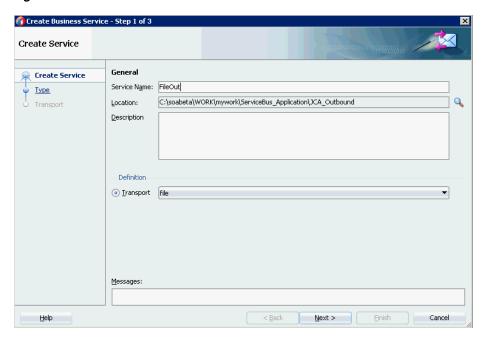
Perform the following steps to create a File Transport Business Service:

1. Drag and drop the **File Transport** component from the Advanced pane to the External Services pane.

The Create Business Service dialog is displayed.

2. In the Service Name field, enter any name you wish for the Business Service (for example, FileOut), and click **Next**, as shown in Figure 8–8.

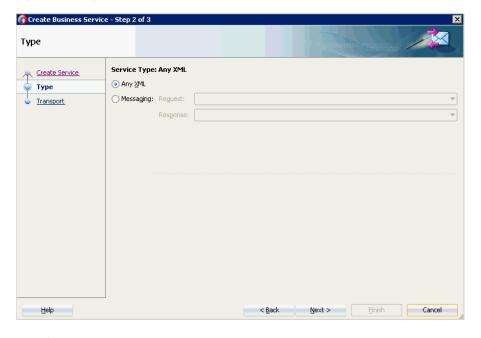
Figure 8-8 Create Service Pane



The Type pane is displayed. The **Any XML** option is selected by default.

Click **Next**, as shown in Figure 8–9.

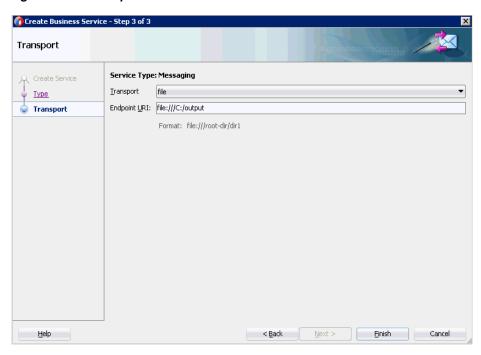
Figure 8–9 Type Pane



The Transport pane appears.

Provide the output location in the Endpoint URI field (for example, c:/output) and click **Finish**, as shown in **Figure 8–10**.

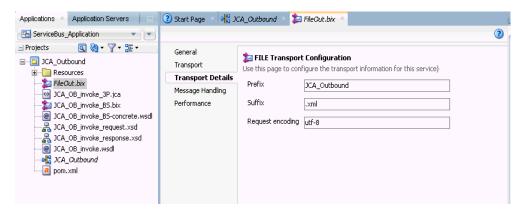
Figure 8-10 Transport Pane



The File Transport Business service Fileout is created and displayed.

Double-click the created Business service Fileout and provide the values for the Prefix and Suffix fields in the Transport Details Tab, as shown in Figure 8–11.

Figure 8-11 Transport Details



8.1.2.3 Creating a Proxy Service With Pipeline

Perform the following steps to create a Proxy Service with Pipeline:

Drag and drop the File Transport component from the Advanced Components pane to the Proxy Services pane, as shown in Figure 8–12.

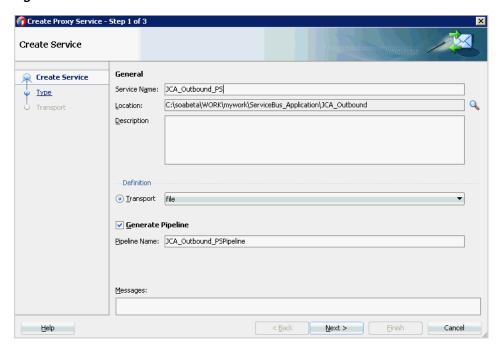
3 Start Page 2 12CA_Outbound Components J2CA_Outbound Q-Tuxedo 1 0 W5 Applications 3) 463-9 FileOut 3 SAP <u>ې بې</u> Advanced Service 63 3 BPEL 10g Custom 0 0 DSP EJB 0 Email

Figure 8-12 File Transport Component

The Create Proxy Service pane is displayed.

- In the Service Name field, enter any name you wish for the Proxy service (for example, JCA_Outbound_PS). By default, **Generate Pipeline** is selected.
- Click **Next**, as shown in Figure 8–13.

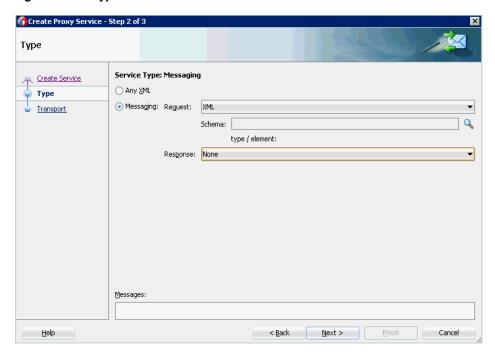
Figure 8–13 Create Service Pane



The Type pane is displayed.

Select the Messaging option, set the Request to XML and Response as None, and then click **Next**, as shown in Figure 8–14.

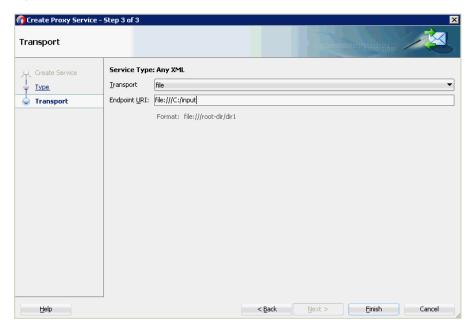
Figure 8–14 Type Pane



The Transport window is displayed.

Provide the input location in the Endpoint URI field (for example, c:/input) and click **Finish**, as shown in Figure 8–15.

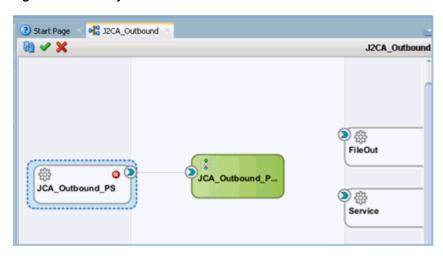
Figure 8-15 Transport Window



The Proxy service along with the pipeline is created and displayed.

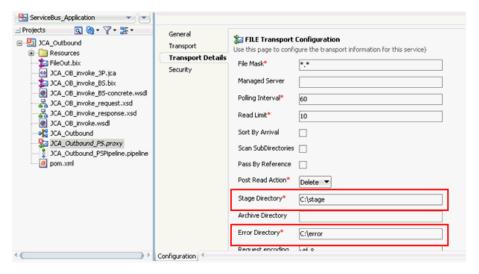
Double-click the created Proxy Service (for example: JCA_Outbound_PS), as shown in Figure 8–16.

Figure 8-16 Proxy Service Edit



In the displayed Proxy Service configuration page, select Transport Details and provide the values for Stage and Error Directory, as shown in Figure 8–17.

Figure 8-17 File Transport Configuration



Save and close the Proxy Service configuration page.

8.1.2.4 Configuring the Routing Rules

Perform the following steps to configure the routing rules:

Connect the Pipeline to the Business Service (for example, Service) as shown in Figure 8–18.

 Start Page □ P
 J2CA_Outbound **8** ✓ × J2CA_Outbound **②**競 FileOut JCA Outbound P JCA_Outbound_PS Service

Figure 8–18 Business Service Pipeline

- Double-click on the pipeline (for example, JCA_Outbound_PSPipeline) in the Pipelines/Split Joins pane.
 - The Pipeline configuration page is displayed.
- Drag and drop the **Pipeline Pair** node from Nodes pane to the area below the Pipeline (for example: JCA_Outbound_PSPipeline), as shown in Figure 8–19.

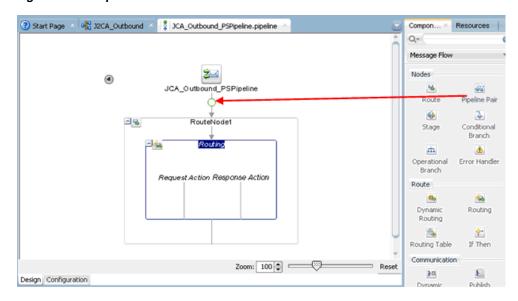
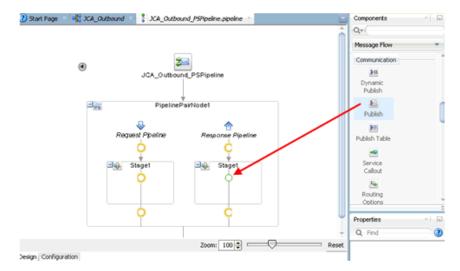


Figure 8–19 Pipeline Pair Node

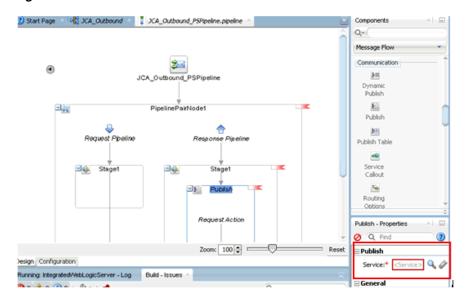
Drag and drop the **Publish** node from the Communication pane to the area beneath Stage1 of the Response Pipeline, as shown in Figure 8–20.

Figure 8-20 Publish Node



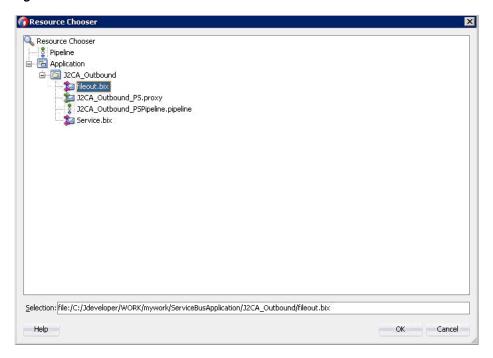
Click on the browse icon to the right of the Service field in the right pane of Publish Properties, as shown in Figure 8–21.

Figure 8-21 Browse Icon



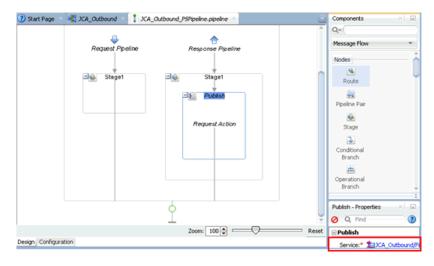
In the displayed Resource Chooser window, select the Fileout.bix File Transport Business service and click **OK**, as shown in Figure 8–22.

Figure 8–22 Resource Chooser



In the right pane, the selected service is configured in the Publish pane, as shown in Figure 8–23.

Figure 8-23 Publish Pane



7. Click on the Routing to verify the Service is selected properly, as shown in Figure 8–24.

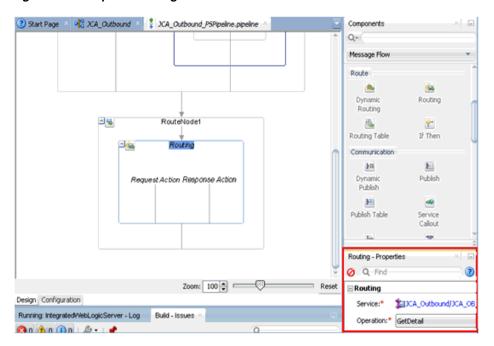


Figure 8–24 Pipeline Configuration

- Save and Close the Pipeline configuration page.
- Double-click the overview.xml file (for example: JCA_Outbound), and click Save All in the menu bar to save the OSB process, as shown in Figure 8–25.

Applications Application Servers J2CA_Outbound **₩** ✓ X 🔁 ServiceBusApplication . • J2CA Outbound → Projects **₫ %**- 7- 5-Proxy Services Pipelines/Split Joins **External Services** 32CA_Outbound Resources 32CA_Outbound_invoke_response.xsd

32CA_Outbound_invoke.jca

32CA_Outbound_invoke.wsdl

Service-concrete.wsdl 눌 fileout.bix **₽** ala J2CA_Outbound 32CA_Outbound_P5.proxy
32CA_Outbound_P5Pipeline.pipeline pom.xml J2CA_Outbound_PS 눌 Service.bix Service

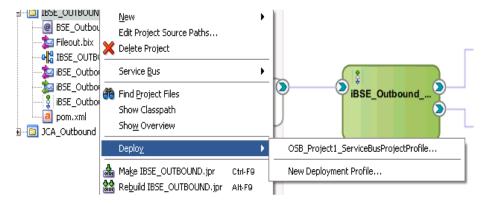
Figure 8–25 Save All Icon

8.1.3 Deploying the OSB Outbound Process

Perform the following steps to deploy the OSB outbound process.

1. Right-click the OSB project, select **Deploy**, and then select **OSB_Project1_ ServiceBusProjectProfile...**, as shown in Figure 8–26.

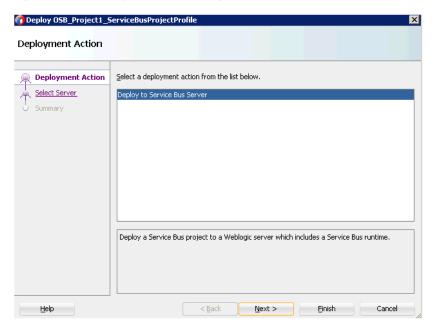
Figure 8-26 Deploy Option



The Deployment Action page is displayed.

2. Click **Next**, as shown in Figure 8–27.

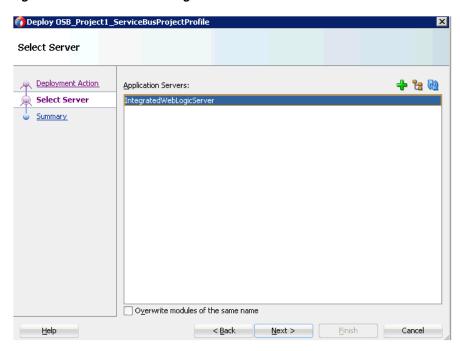
Figure 8–27 Deployment Action Page



The Select Server page is displayed.

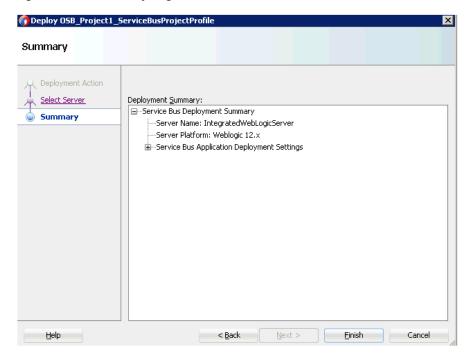
Select an available application server that was configured and click **Next**, as shown in Figure 8–28.

Figure 8–28 Select Server Page



The Summary page is displayed, as shown in Figure 8–29.

Figure 8–29 Summary Page



Review and verify all the available deployment information for your project and click **Finish**.

The process is deployed successfully, as shown in Figure 8–30.

Figure 8–30 Successful Deployment Message



5. Copy and paste an input XML file in the input folder you have configured (for example, C:\input).

The output is received in the configured output location (for example, C:\output).

8.2 Configuring an OSB Inbound Process Using JDeveloper (J2CA) **Configuration**)

This section describes how to configure an OSB inbound process to your PeopleSoft system, using Oracle JDeveloper for J2CA configurations.

A sample project has been provided for this inbound use case scenario in the following folder of the Application Adapters installation:

```
<ADAPTER_HOME>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_Samples\OSB_
Jdeveloper\J2CA\PeopleSoft_Sample_J2CA_OSB_Inbound_Project
```

This section includes the following topics:

- Section 8.2.1, "Creating a Service Bus Application for OSB"
- Section 8.2.2, "Defining an OSB Inbound Process"
- Section 8.2.3, "Deploying the OSB Inbound Process"

Prerequisites

Before you design an OSB inbound process, you must generate the respective WSDL file using Application Explorer. For more information, see Section 4.5.1, "Generating WSDL for Event Integration" on page 4-34.

8.2.1 Creating a Service Bus Application for OSB

To configure an OSB inbound process, you must create service bus application for OSB. For more information, see Section 8.1.1, "Creating a Service Bus Application for OSB" on page 8-2.

8.2.2 Defining an OSB Inbound Process

This section describes how to define an OSB inbound process. The following topics are included:

- Section 8.2.2.1, "Configuring a Third-Party Adapter Service Component"
- Section 8.2.2.2, "Creating a Pipeline"
- Section 8.2.2.3, "Configuring a File Transport Type Business Service"

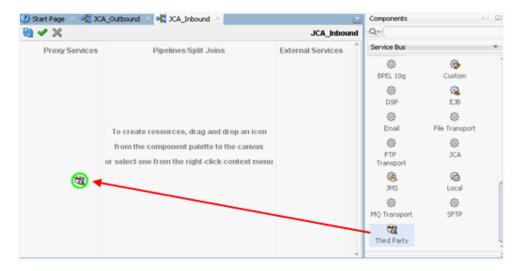
Section 8.2.2.4, "Configuring the Routing Rules"

8.2.2.1 Configuring a Third-Party Adapter Service Component

Perform the following steps to create a third party adapter service component:

Drag and drop the Third Party adapter component from the Service Bus Components Pane to the Proxy Services, as shown in Figure 8–31.

Figure 8-31 Third Party Adapter Service Component



The Create Third Party Adapter Service dialog is displayed.

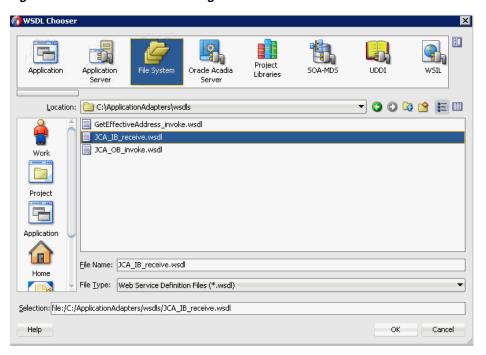
- 2. Enter any name you wish for the Third Party Adapter Service or leave it to the default value.
- Ensure that **Service** is selected from the Type drop-down list (by default).
- Click the Find existing WSDLs icon, which is located to the right of the WSDL URL field, as shown in Figure 8–32.

Figure 8–32 Third Party Adapter Service Dialog



The WSDL Chooser dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 8–33.

Figure 8–33 WSDL Chooser Dialog



- Select the File system folder, then browse and select an inbound WSDL file from the WSDL directory.
- 6. Click OK.

The Import Service Bus Resources dialog is displayed.

7. Click Next.

8. In the Configuration window, click **Finish**.

You are returned to the Create Third Party Adapter Service dialog.

- **9.** Click the Find JCA file icon, which is located to the right of the JCA File field. The Transformation Chooser dialog is displayed.
- **10.** Select the JCA properties file from the WSDL directory.
- 11. Click OK.

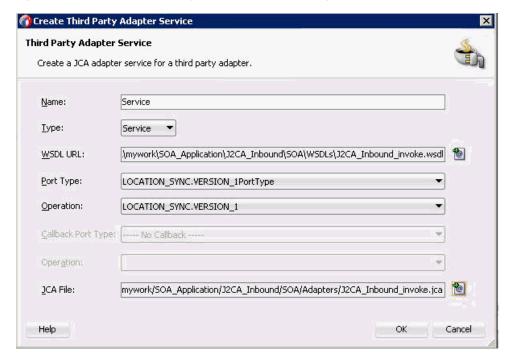
The Copy File message is displayed.

12. Click Yes.

A copy of the JCA properties file is created in the project folder.

You are returned to the Create Third Party Adapter Service dialog, as shown in Figure 8–34.

Figure 8-34 Create Third Party Adapter Service Dialog



13. Click OK.

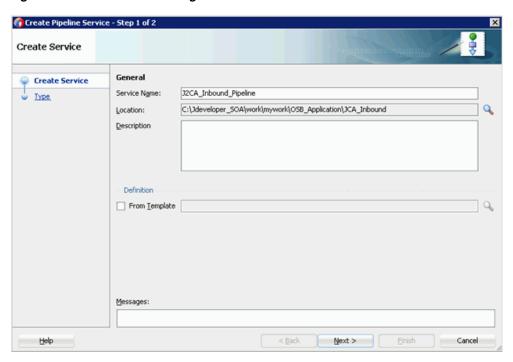
The third party adapter service component is created in the Proxy Services pane.

8.2.2.2 Creating a Pipeline

Perform the following steps to generate inbound proxy service with Pipeline:

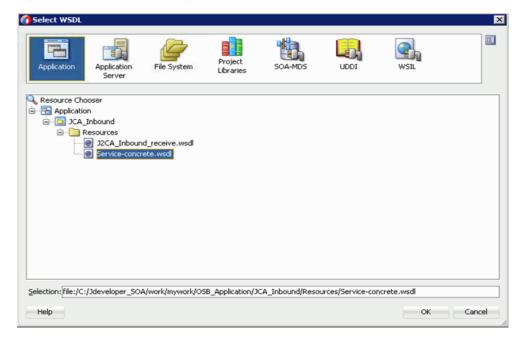
- 1. Under Service Bus, click **Resources**.
- Drag and drop the Pipeline to the Pipelines/Split Joins pane.
- Provide a name for the Pipeline and click next, as shown in Figure 8–35.

Figure 8-35 Create Service Page



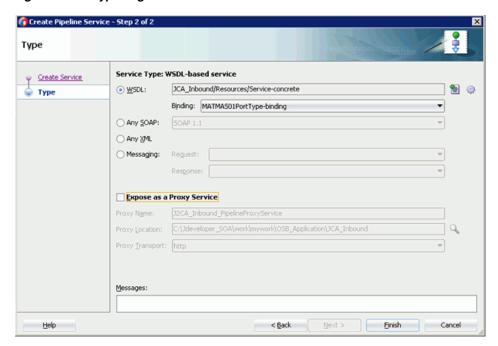
- 4. In the Create Pipeline Service window, select the WSDL option and click on the WSDL URL.
- **5.** Select **Application** in the WSDL chooser window, then select service-concrete.wsdl in the appropriate OSB project, and then click OK, as shown in Figure 8-36.

Figure 8-36 Select WSDL Page



Clear the Expose as a Proxy Service check box and click Finish, as shown in Figure 8-37.

Figure 8–37 Type Page



Drag and drop the Proxy Service to the Pipelines/Split Joins pane.

8.2.2.3 Configuring a File Transport Type Business Service

Perform the following steps to create the File Transport Type Business Service:

Drag and drop the **File Transport** component from the Advanced pane to the External Services pane, as shown in Figure 8–38.

? Start Page DCA_Inbound Components **№** ✓ × JCA_Inbound Q-Service Bus External Service Proxy Services Pipelines/Split Joins 8 BPEL 10g Custom **(2)** 6 DSP EJB 63 8 Email e Transport 8 JCA_IB_receive_ JCA_IB_receive_PS FTP 3CA Transport œ, (a) JMS Local 83 83 MQ Transport SETP 8 Third Party

Figure 8–38 File Transport Node

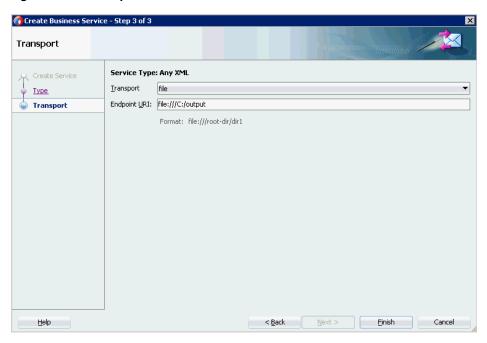
The Create Business Service dialog is displayed.

In the Service Name field, enter any name you wish for the Business Service (for example, FileOut), and click **Next**.

In the displayed Type Window, the Any XML option is selected by default.

- 3. Click Next.
- In the displayed Transport window, provide the output location in the Endpoint URI field (for example, c:\output), and click **Finish**, as shown in Figure 8–39.

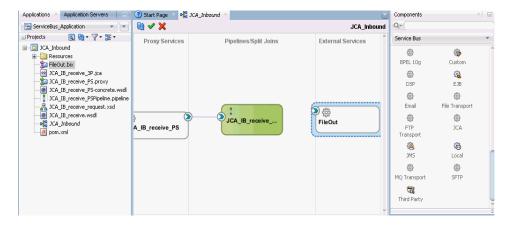
Figure 8-39 Transport Pane



The FileOut Business service is created.

Double-click the FileOut Business service, as shown in Figure 8–40.

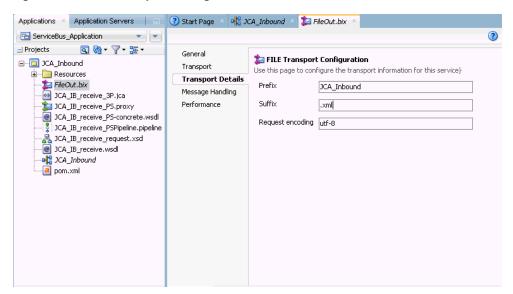
Figure 8-40 FileOut Business Service



The Configuration page is displayed.

Navigate to the Transport Details tab and provide the values for the Prefix and Suffix fields, as shown in Figure 8–41.

Figure 8-41 File Transport Configuration



Save and close the Configuration page.

8.2.2.4 Configuring the Routing Rules

Perform the following steps to configure the routing rules.

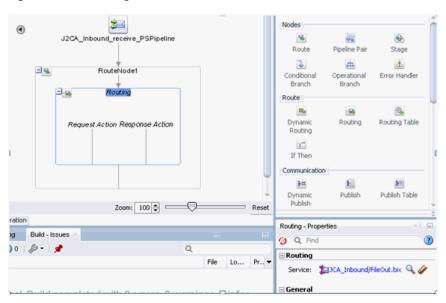
Create a connection between the Pipeline (for example, JCA_IB_receive_ PSPipeline) and the File Type Business Service (for example, FileOut), as shown inFigure 8–42.

Applications × Application Servers ServiceBus_Application ₩ 🗸 💥 JCA Inbound Proxy Services Pipelines/Split Joins External Services ⊡---[iii] JCA_Inbound - 🎉 FileOut.bix JCA_IB_receive_3P.jca Sproxy JCA_IB_receive_PS.proxy JCA_IB_receive_PS-concrete.wsdl JCA_IB_receive_request.xsd JCA_IB_receive.wsdl JCA_IB_receive_. FileOut JCA_Inbound IB receive PS pom.xml

Figure 8-42 Mapping Proxy and FileOut

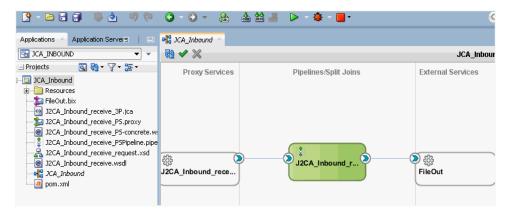
- Double-click the Pipeline (for example, J2CA_Inbound_receive_PSPipeline).
- Click the Routing pane and ensure that the File Type Business Service (for example, FileOut) is properly configured in the Service field, as shown in Figure 8-43.

Figure 8-43 Routing Pane



- Save and close the Pipeline configuration page.
- Double-click on the overview.xml file (for example, JCA_Inbound) and click Save All in the menu bar to save the OSB process, as shown in Figure 8–44.

Figure 8-44 Save All



8.2.3 Deploying the OSB Inbound Process

To deploy the created OSB inbound process, see steps 1 - 4 in Section 8.1.3, "Deploying the OSB Outbound Process" on page 8-15.

Once the OSB inbound process is deployed successfully, trigger an event from the PeopleSoft system and check if the output is received in the configured output location (for example, C:\output).

For more information on triggering an event, see Section 4.5.5, "Triggering an Event in PeopleSoft" on page 4-45.

8.3 Configuring an OSB Outbound Process Using JDeveloper (BSE **Configuration**)

This section describes how to configure an OSB outbound process to your PeopleSoft system, using Oracle JDeveloper for BSE configurations.

A sample project has been provided for this outbound use case scenario in the following folder of the Application Adapters installation:

<ADAPTER_HOME>\etc\sample\PeopleSoft_Samples.zip\PeopleSoft_Samples\OSB_ Jdeveloper\BSE\PeopleSoft_Sample_BSE_OSB_Outbound_Project

This section includes the following topics:

- Section 8.3.1, "Creating a Service Bus Application for OSB"
- Section 8.3.2, "Defining an OSB Outbound Process"
- Section 8.3.3, "Deploying the OSB Outbound Process"

Prerequisites

Before you design an OSB outbound process, you must generate the respective WSDL file using Application Explorer. For more information, see Section 4.6.1, "Generating a WSDL File for Request and Response Services Using a Web Service" on page 4-53.

8.3.1 Creating a Service Bus Application for OSB

To configure an OSB outbound process, you must create a service bus application for OSB. For more information, see Section 8.1.1, "Creating a Service Bus Application for OSB" on page 8-2.

8.3.2 Defining an OSB Outbound Process

This section describes how to define an OSB outbound process. The following topics are included:

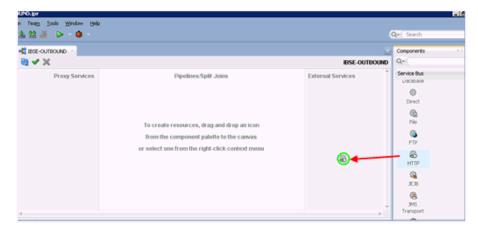
- Section 8.3.2.1, "Configuring a WSDL-based Business Service"
- Section 8.3.2.2, "Creating a Proxy Service With Pipeline"
- Section 8.3.2.3, "Configuring a File Transport Type Business Service"
- Section 8.3.2.4, "Configuring the Routing Rules"

8.3.2.1 Configuring a WSDL-based Business Service

Perform the following steps to configure a WSDL-based Business Service:

Drag and drop the HTTP component from the Technology Components pane to the External Services area, as shown in Figure 8–45.

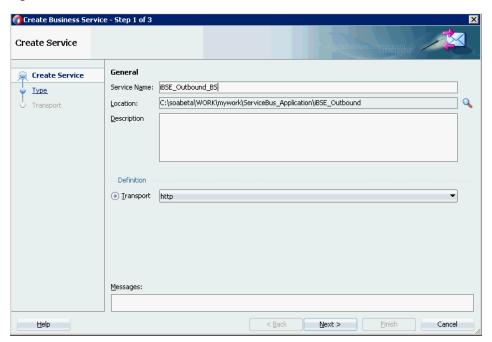
Figure 8–45 HTTP Component



The Create Business Service window is displayed.

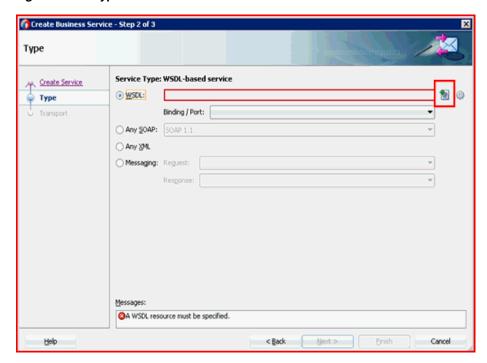
In the Service Name field, enter any name you wish for the Business Service and click **Next**, as shown in Figure 8–46.

Figure 8-46 Create Business Service



In the displayed Service Type window, select the WSDL option and click the **Select** WSDL icon, as shown in Figure 8–47.

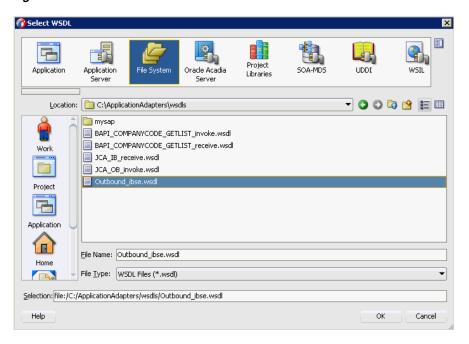
Figure 8-47 Type Pane



The Select WSDL window is displayed.

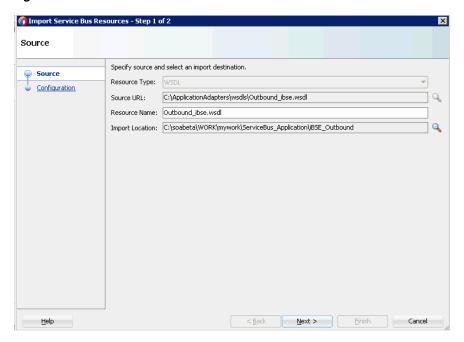
Select the File System folder icon, browse to the iBSE WSDL file and select it from the WSDL location, and then click **OK**, as shown in Figure 8–48.

Figure 8-48 Select WSDL Window



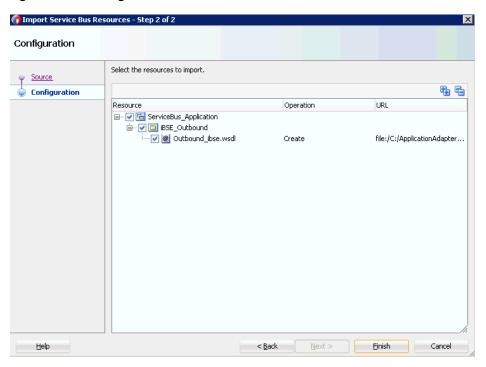
In the displayed Source pane, click **Next**, as shown in Figure 8–49.

Figure 8-49 Source Pane



In the displayed Configuration pane, click **Finish**, as shown in Figure 8–50.

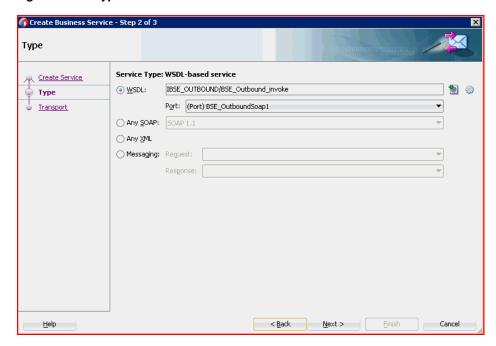
Figure 8-50 Configuration Pane



You are returned to the Create Business Service window.

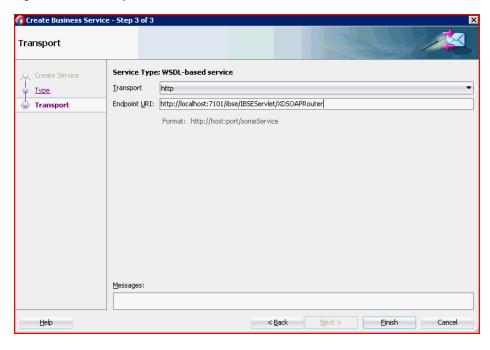
In the displayed Type pane, click **Next**, as shown in Figure 8–51.

Figure 8-51 Type Pane



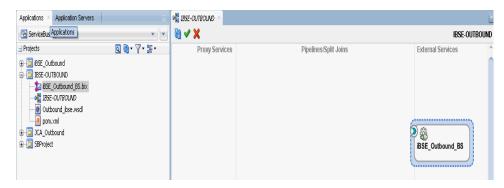
In the displayed Transport window, you can modify the Endpoint URI field if the hostname and port number varies, and then click Finish, as shown in Figure 8–52.

Figure 8-52 Transport Pane



The Business Service is created and displayed in the External Services pane, as shown in Figure 8-53.

Figure 8-53 External Services Pane

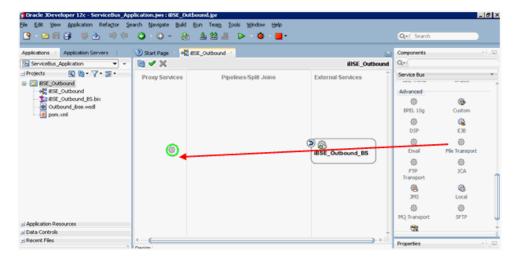


8.3.2.2 Creating a Proxy Service With Pipeline

Perform the following steps to create a Proxy Service with Pipeline:

1. Drag and drop the File Transport component from the Advanced Components pane to the Proxy Services pane, as shown in Figure 8–54.

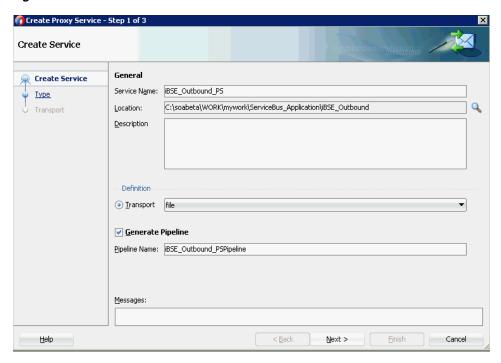
Figure 8-54 File Transport Component



The Create Proxy Service pane is displayed.

- In the Service Name field, enter any name you wish for the Proxy service (for example, JCA_Outbound_PS). By default, **Generate Pipeline** is selected.
- Click **Next**, as shown in Figure 8–55.

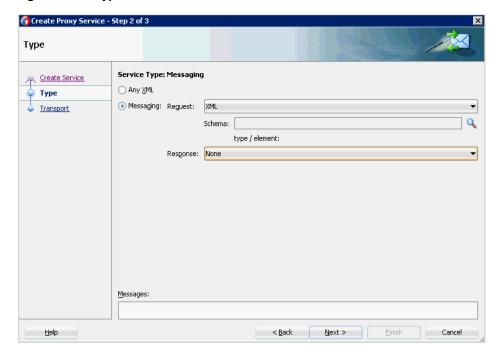
Figure 8-55 Create Service Pane



The Type pane is displayed.

Select the **Messaging** option, set the Request to **XML** and Response as **None**, and then click **Next**, as shown in Figure 8–56.

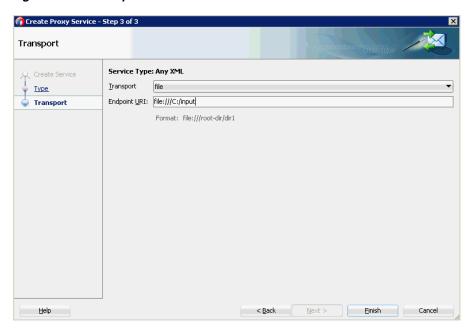
Figure 8–56 Type Pane



The Transport window is displayed.

Provide the input location in the Endpoint URI field (for example, c:/input) and click **Finish**, as shown in **Figure 8–57**.

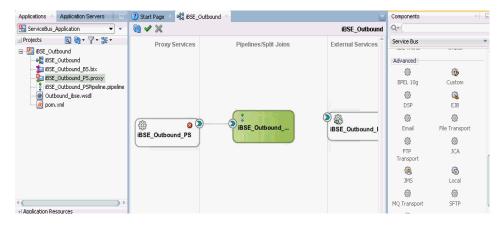
Figure 8-57 Transport Window



The Proxy service along with the pipeline is created and displayed.

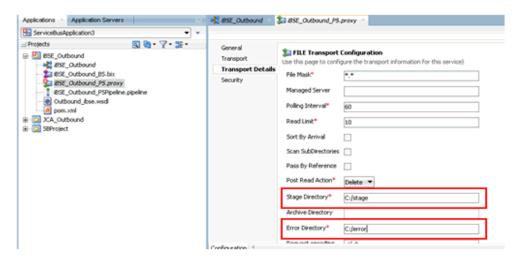
Double-click the created Proxy Service (for example: iBSE_Outbound_PS), as shown in Figure 8–58.

Figure 8-58 Proxy Service Edit



7. In the displayed Proxy Service configuration page, select Transport Details and provide the values for Stage and Error Directory, as shown in Figure 8–59.

Figure 8-59 File Transport Configuration



- Save and close the Proxy Service configuration page.
- Double-click the overview.xml file (for example, iBSE_Outbound). The Proxy service is updated and displayed, as shown in Figure 8-60.

Figure 8-60 Proxy Service



8.3.2.3 Configuring a File Transport Type Business Service

Perform the following steps to create a File Transport Type Business Service:

Drag and drop the File Transport component from the Advanced pane to the External Services pane, as shown in Figure 8–61.

② Start Page □ ♣ 85E_Outbound Applications - Application Servers Components E ServiceBus_Application • **®** ✓ X Q+ iBSE Outbound Service Bus Proxy Services Pipelines/Split Joins External Services ■ □ BSE_Outbound SE_Outbound Advanced SE Outbound BS.bix 0 ٠ BSE_Outbound_PS.proxy

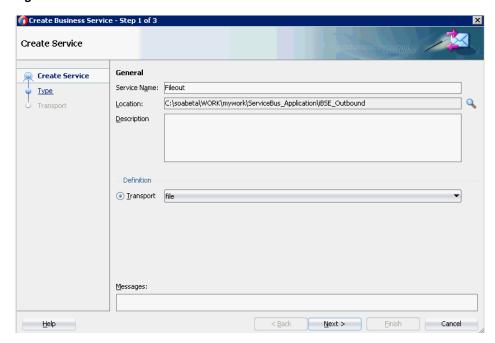
BSE_Outbound_PSPpeline.pipeline BPEL 10g Custon Outbound_ibse.wsdl lmx.moq 🚹 DSP E38 () B 0 0 iBSE Outbound iBSE_Outbound_BS 0 FTP JCA. (8 6 JMS Local 0 0 MQ Transport SETP ▲ Application Resources en en ± Data Controls

Figure 8-61 File Transport Component

The Create Business Service dialog is displayed.

In the Service Name field, enter any name you wish for the Business Service (for example, FileOut), and click Next, as shown in Figure 8-62.

Figure 8-62 Create Service Pane



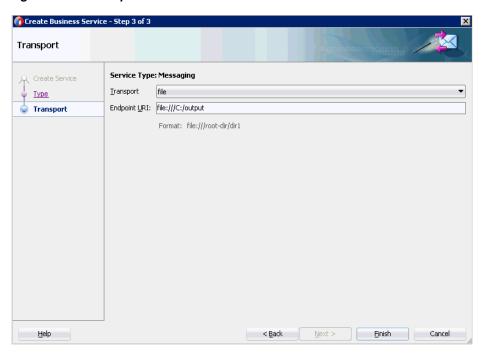
The Type pane is displayed. The **Any XML** option is selected by default.

3. Click Next.

The Transport pane appears.

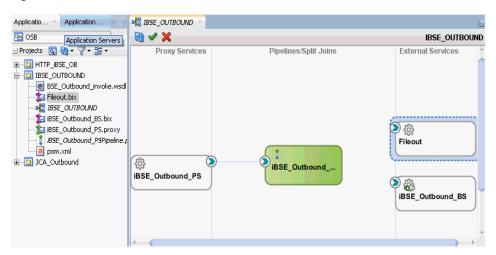
Provide the output location in the Endpoint URI field (for example, c:/output) and click **Finish**, as shown in Figure 8–63.

Figure 8-63 Transport Pane



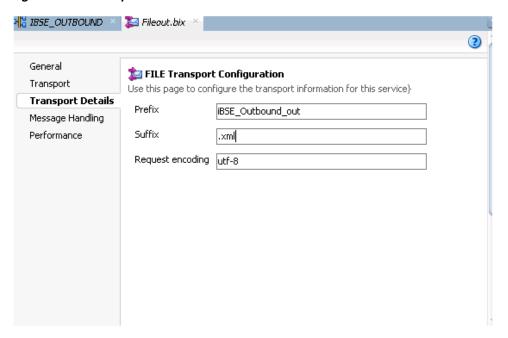
The File Transport Business service Fileout is created and displayed, as shown in Figure 8–64.

Figure 8-64 Fileout Business Service



Double-click the created Business service Fileout and provide the values for the Prefix and Suffix fields in the Transport Details Tab, as shown in Figure 8–65.

Figure 8-65 Transport Details



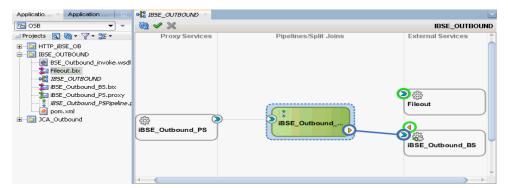
Save and close the configuration page, and double-click on overview.xml (for example, iBSE_Outbound).

8.3.2.4 Configuring the Routing Rules

Perform the following steps to configure the routing rules:

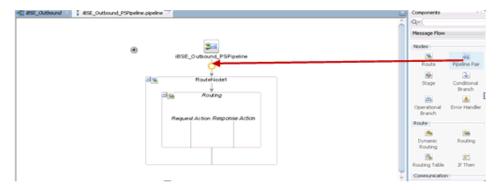
Create a connection between the Pipeline Component (for example, iBSE Outbound_PSPipeline) and the WSDL based Business Service (for example, iBSE_ Outbound_BS), as shown in Figure 8–66.

Figure 8-66 Pipeline Component



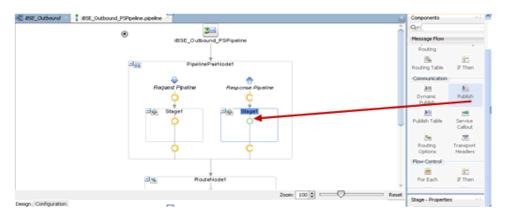
- Double-click on the **Pipeline** component (for example, iBSE_Outbound_ PSPipeline) in the Pipelines/Split Joins pane.
- Drag and drop the Pipeline Pair node from Nodes pane to the area between the Pipeline (for example: iBSE_Outbound_PSPipeline) and RouteNode1, as shown in Figure 8–67.

Figure 8-67 Pipeline Pair Node



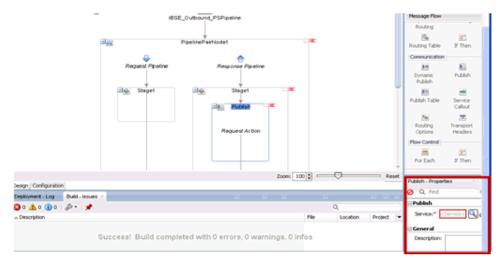
Drag and drop the **Publish** node from the Communication pane to the area beneath Stage1 of the Response Pipeline, as shown in Figure 8–68.

Figure 8-68 Publish Node



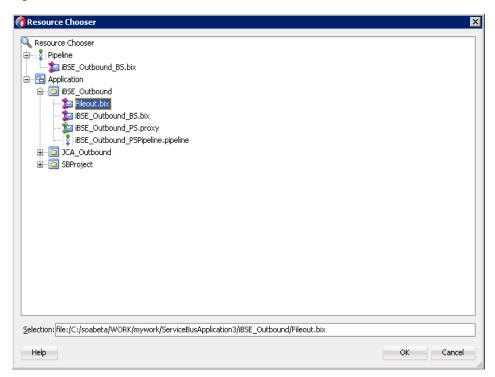
Click on the browse icon to the right of the Service field in the right pane of Publish Properties, as shown in Figure 8–69.

Figure 8-69 Browse Icon



In the displayed Resource Chooser window, select the Fileout.bix File Transport Business service and click **OK**, as shown in Figure 8–70.

Figure 8-70 Resource Chooser



You are returned to the Pipeline configuration page.

In the right pane, the selected service is configured in the Publish pane, as shown in Figure 8–71.

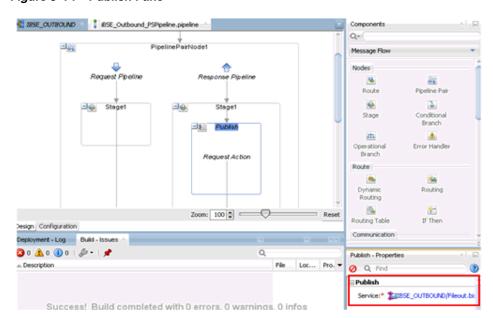
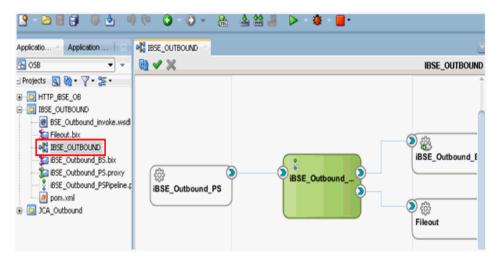


Figure 8-71 Publish Pane

- **7.** Save and close the Pipeline configuration page.
- Double-click the overview.xml file (for example: iBSE_Outbound), and click Save All in the menu bar to save the OSB process, as shown in Figure 8–72.

Figure 8-72 Save All Icon



8.3.3 Deploying the OSB Outbound Process

To deploy the created OSB outbound process and invoke the input XML document, see Section 8.1.3, "Deploying the OSB Outbound Process" on page 8-15.

8.4 Configuring a JMS Inbound Process Using JDeveloper (J2CA **Configuration**)

This section describes how to configure a JMS inbound process to your PeopleSoft system, using Oracle JDeveloper for J2CA configurations.

- Before you design a JMS process, you must generate the respective WSDL file using Application Explorer. For more information, see Section 4.5.1, "Generating WSDL for Event Integration" on page 4-34.
- Start the Oracle JDeveloper and create a Service Bus Application for OSB. For more information, see Section 8.1.1, "Creating a Service Bus Application for OSB" on page 8-2.
- Create a Third Party Adapter Service Component. For more information, see Section 8.2.2.1, "Configuring a Third-Party Adapter Service Component" on page 8-19.
- Create a Proxy Service along with the pipeline from the JCA Binding File. For more information, see Section 8.2.2.2, "Creating a Pipeline" on page 8-21.
- Create a JMS Transport Business Service and perform the following steps:
 - Drag and drop the **JMS Transport** component from the Technology Components pane to the External Services pane, as shown in Figure 8–73.

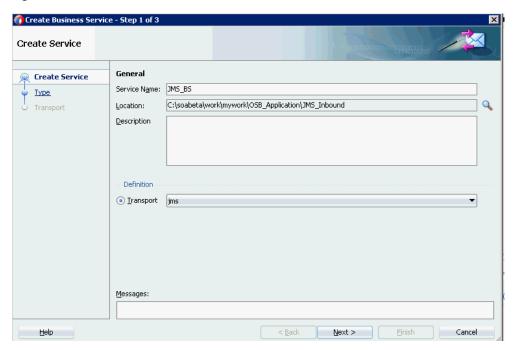
MATMASO1 PSPI MATMAS01_PS 8 3MS Tr Create a JMS proxy or business service 0

Figure 8–73 JMS Transport Component

The Create Business Service dialog is displayed.

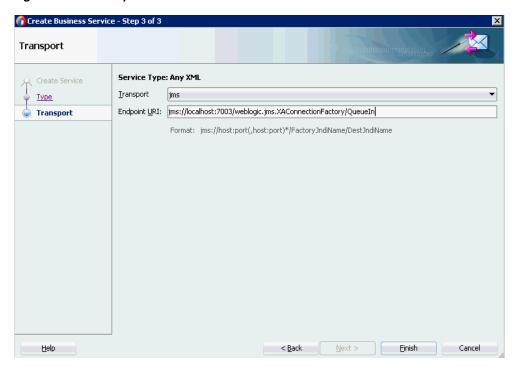
b. In the Service Name field, enter any name you wish for the Business service (for example, JMS_BS) and click Next, as shown in Figure 8–74.

Figure 8-74 Create Service Pane



- In the displayed Type window, select **Any XML** and then click **Next**. The Transport window is displayed.
- **d.** Modify the appropriate hostname and port number by replacing DestJndiName with QueueIn in the Endpoint URI field (for example, jms://localhost:7003/weblogic.jms.XAConnectionFactory/Queu eIn), and then click **Finish**, as shown in Figure 8–75.

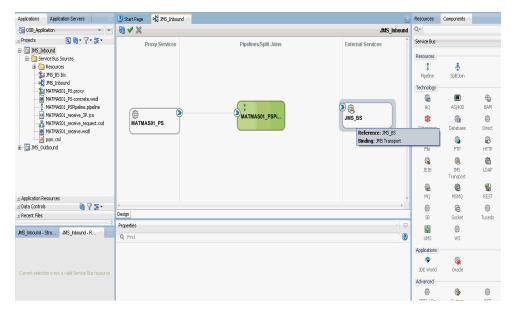
Figure 8-75 Transport Window



The JMS Business service is created and displayed.

Double-click **JMS_BS** as shown in Figure 8–76.

Figure 8-76 JMS Business Service



In the displayed Business Service configuration page, provide the following parameters in the Transport Details tab, as shown in Figure 8–77.

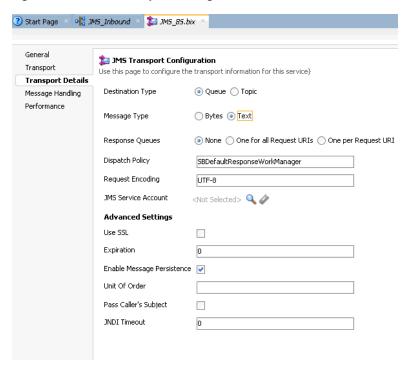


Figure 8–77 JMS Transport Configuration

- In the Destination Type section, select **Queue**.
- In the Message Type section, select **Text**.
- Save and close the Configuration page of the business service.
- 7. Create a connection between **Pipeline** (for example, xxxx_PSPipeline) and **JMS Business Service** (for example, JMS_BS) as shown in figure Figure 8–78.

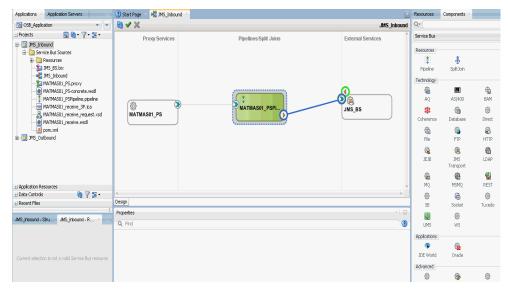


Figure 8–78 Configuration Page

Double-click Pipeline.

The Pipeline Configuration page is displayed as shown in Figure 8–79.

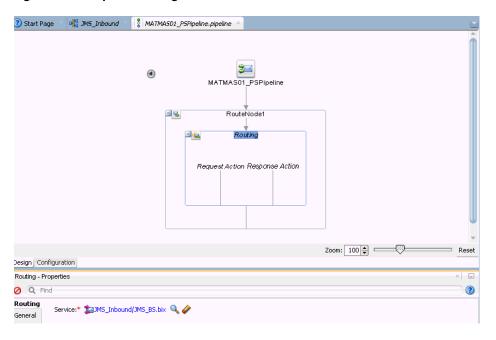
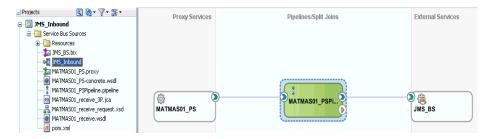


Figure 8-79 Pipeline Configuration

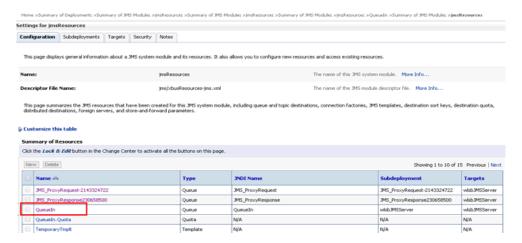
- Check that the details are configured properly, and then save and close the Pipeline configuration page.
 - You are returned to the composite editor window.
- **10.** Click **Save All** in the menu bar to save the OSB JMS process, as shown in Figure 8–80.

Figure 8-80 Save All Icon



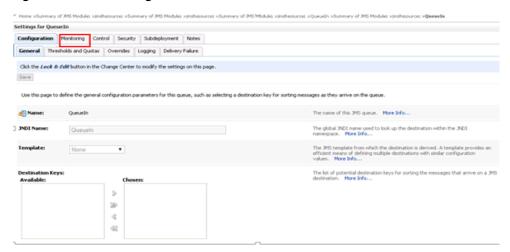
- 11. Deploy the OSB JMS inbound process. For more information, see Section 8.2.3, "Deploying the OSB Inbound Process" on page 8-26.
- 12. Once the process is deployed successfully, trigger the event messages. For more information, see Section 4.5.5, "Triggering an Event in PeopleSoft" on page 4-45.
- **13.** Log on to the Oracle WLS console.
- 14. In the Oracle WLS console, expand Services, click Messaging, select JMS Modules, and then click jmsResources.
- 15. Click the appropriate response link (for example, QueueIn) as shown in Figure 8–81.

Figure 8-81 Queueln Response Link



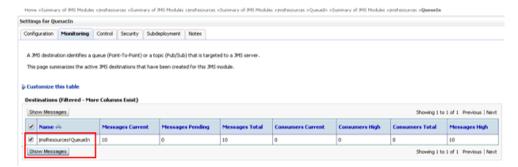
16. Click the Monitoring tab, as shown in Figure 8–82.

Figure 8-82 Monitoring Tab



17. Select the check box and click the **Show Messages** button, as shown in Figure 8–83.

Figure 8-83 Show Messages Button



18. Click the ID link with the appropriate time and date.

The response document is shown under the Text field.

8.5 Configuring a JMS Outbound Process Using JDeveloper (J2CA **Configuration**)

This section describes how to configure a JMS outbound process to your PeopleSoft system, using Oracle JDeveloper for J2CA configurations.

- Before you design a JMS process, you must generate the respective WSDL file using Application Explorer. For more information, see Section 4.4.1, "Generating WSDL for Request/Response Service" on page 4-8.
- Start the Oracle JDeveloper and create a Service Bus Application for OSB. For more information, see Section 8.1.1, "Creating a Service Bus Application for OSB" on page 8-2.
- Create a Third Party Adapter Service Component. For more information, see Section 8.1.2.1, "Configuring a Third-Party Adapter Service Component" on page 8-3.
- Create a WSDL-based Business Service from the JCA Binding File. For more information, see Section 8.1.2.2, "Configuring a File Transport Type Business Service" on page 8-6.
- Create a JMS Proxy Service with a Pipeline and perform the following steps:
 - Drag and drop the **JMS Transport** component from the Technology Components pane to the Proxy Services pane, as shown in Figure 8–84.

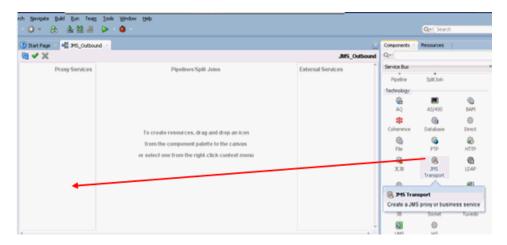


Figure 8–84 JMS Transport Component

The Create Business Service dialog is displayed.

- In the Service Name field, enter any name you wish for the Proxy service (for example, JMS_Proxy). By default, Generate Pipeline is selected.
- Click **Next**, as shown in Figure 8–85.

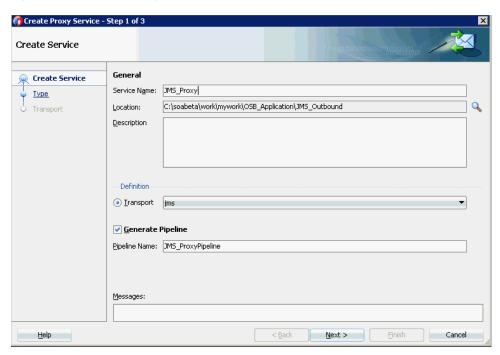


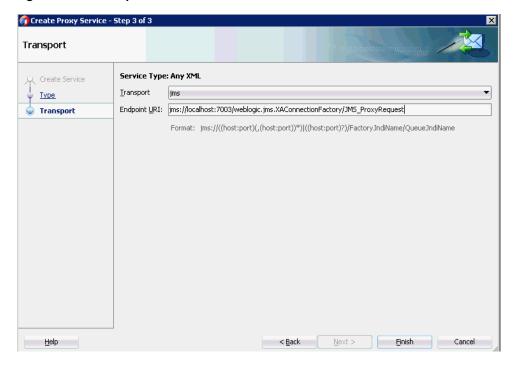
Figure 8–85 Create Proxy Service Pane

d. In the displayed Type window, select **Any XML** and then click **Next**. The Transport window is displayed.

ProxyRequest), and then click **Finish**, as shown in Figure 8–86.

e. Modify the appropriate hostname and port number by replacing the Endpoint URI field (for example, jms://localhost:7003/weblogic.jms.XAConnectionFactory/JMS_

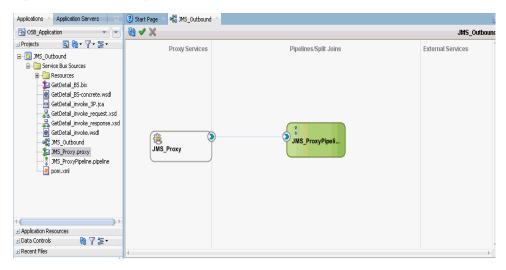
Figure 8-86 Transport Window



The JMS Proxy service along with the pipeline is created and displayed.

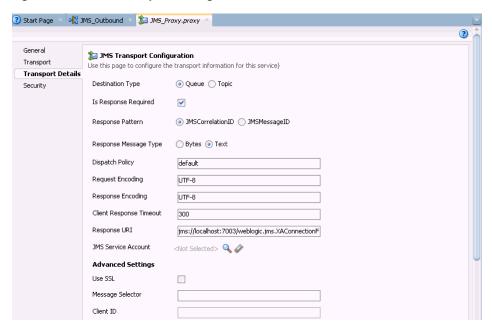
Double-click the created Proxy Service (for example, JMS_Proxy), as shown in Figure 8–87.

Figure 8-87 JMS Proxy Service



In the displayed configuration page of the Proxy Service, provide the following parameters in the Transport Details tab, as shown in Figure 8–88.

Figure 8–88 JMS Transport Configuration



- In the Destination Type section, select **Queue**.
- Select the **Is Response Required** check box. i.
- In the Response Message Type section, select **Text**. j.
- In the Response URI field, provide the Endpoint URI used in the JMS Transport Configuration and change Request to Response. For example,

jms://localhost:7003/weblogic.jms.XAConnectionFactory/JMS_ ProxyResponse

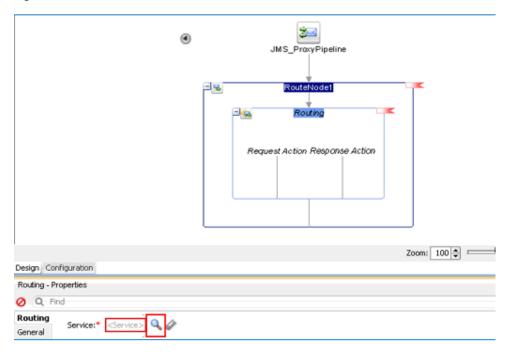
- **6.** Save and close the Configuration page of the Proxy service.
- **7.** Configure the Routing Rules and proceed with the following steps:
 - Double-click on the pipeline (for example, JMS_ProxyPipeline) in the Pipelines/Split Joins pane.
 - The Pipeline configuration page is displayed.
 - **b.** Drag and drop the **Routing** component from the Route section to the area below the Pipeline (for example, JMS_ProxyPipeline), as shown in Figure 8–89.

Figure 8–89 Routing Component



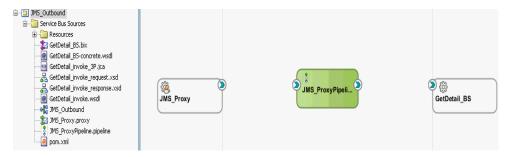
c. In the Pipeline Configuration page, select **Routing** and click the browse icon to the right of the Service field in the Routing Properties pane, as shown in Figure 8–90.

Figure 8-90 Browse Service



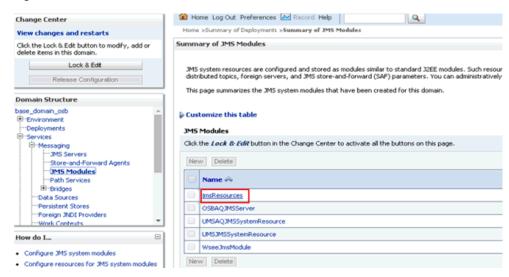
- d. In the displayed Resource Chooser window, select the WSDL-based Business service (for example, xxxxx_BS.bix) and click **OK**.
 - You are returned to the Pipeline configuration page.
- Save and Close the Pipeline configuration page. You are returned to the composite editor window.
- Click Save All in the menu bar to save the OSB JMS process, as shown in Figure 8–91.

Figure 8-91 Transport Window



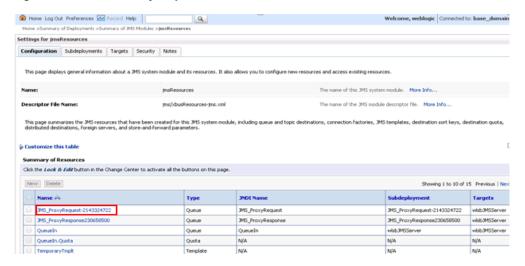
- **8.** Deploy the OSB JMS outbound process. For more information, see Section 8.1.3, "Deploying the OSB Outbound Process" on page 8-15.
- Once the process is deployed successfully, log on to the Oracle WLS Console.
- 10. In the Oracle WLS console, expand Services, click Messaging, select JMS **Modules**, and then click **jmsResources**, as shown in Figure 8–92.

Figure 8–92 JMS Resources



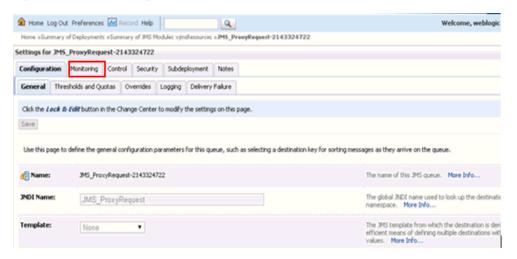
11. Click the appropriate request link (for example, JMS_ProxyRequest) as shown in Figure 8-93.

Figure 8-93 JMS_ProxyRequest Link



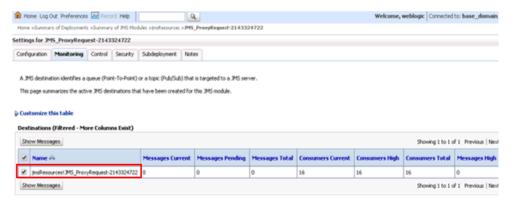
12. Click the Monitoring tab, as shown in Figure 8–94.

Figure 8–94 Monitoring Tab



13. Select the check box and click the **Show Messages** button, as shown in Figure 8–95.

Figure 8-95 Show Messages Button



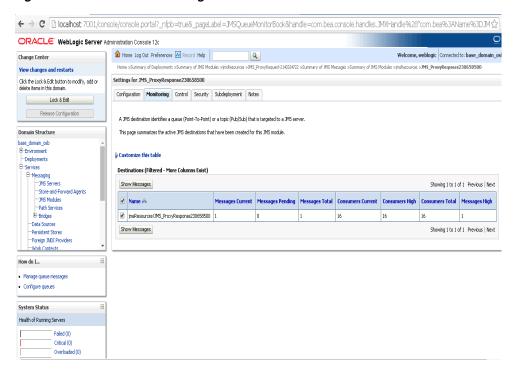
14. Click **New**, as shown in Figure 8–96.

Figure 8-96 JMS Messages



- **15.** Provide the input payload in the Body field and click **OK**.
- **16.** In the Oracle WLS console, expand **Services**, click **Messaging**, select **JMS** Modules, and then click jmsResources.
- **17.** Click the appropriate response link (for example, JMS_ProxyResponse).
- **18.** Click the Monitoring tab.
- **19.** Select the check box and click **Show Messages**, as shown in Figure 8–97.

Figure 8–97 Destination Messages



20. Click the ID link with the appropriate time and date, as shown in Figure 8–98.

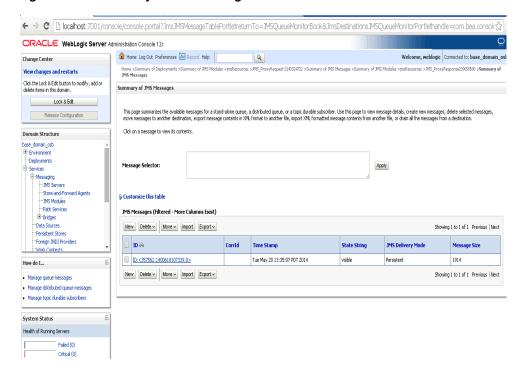


Figure 8–98 Summary of JMS Messages Window

The response document is shown under the Text field.

8.6 Configuring an HTTP Outbound Process Using JDeveloper (J2CA **Configuration**)

This section describes how to configure HTTP Outbound process to your PeopleSoft system, using Oracle JDeveloper for J2CA configurations.

- Before you design an HTTP Outbound process, you must generate the respective WSDL file using Application Explorer. For more information, see Section 4.4.1, "Generating WSDL for Request/Response Service" on page 4-8.
- 2. Start the Oracle JDeveloper and create a Service Bus Application for OSB. For more information, see Section 8.1.1, "Creating a Service Bus Application for OSB" on page 8-2.
- Create a Third Party Adapter Service Component. For more information, see Section 8.1.2.1, "Configuring a Third-Party Adapter Service Component" on page 8-3.
- **4.** Create an HTTP Proxy Service with a Pipeline and perform the following steps:
 - **a.** Drag and drop the **HTTP** component from the Technology Components pane to the Proxy Services pane, as shown in Figure 8–99.

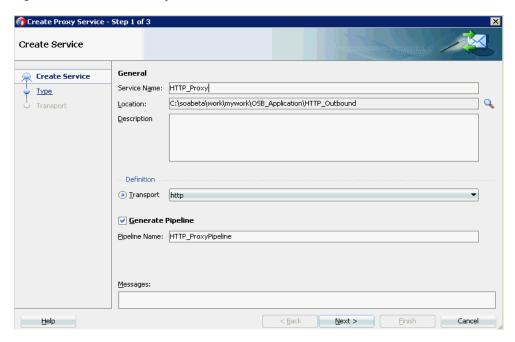
Figure 8-99 HTTP Component



The Create Proxy Service dialog is displayed.

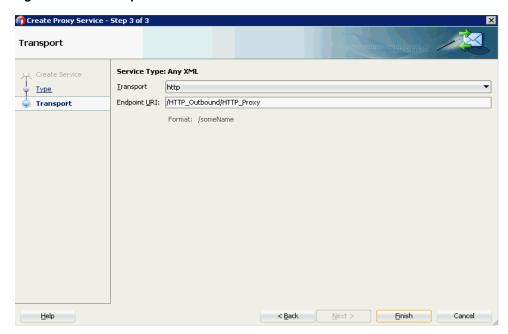
- In the Service Name field, enter any name you wish for the Proxy service (for example, HTTP_Proxy). By default, Generate Pipeline is selected.
- Click **Next**, as shown in Figure 8–100.

Figure 8-100 Create Proxy Service Pane



- **d.** In the displayed Type window, select **Any XML** and then click **Next**. The Transport window is displayed.
- Leave the default values and then click **Finish**, as shown in Figure 8–101.

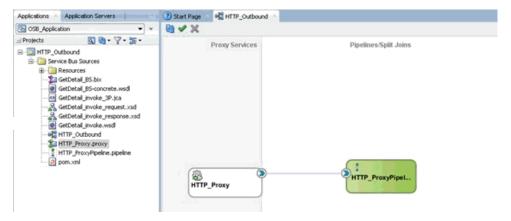
Figure 8–101 Transport Window



The HTTP Proxy service along with the pipeline is created and displayed.

Double-click the created pipeline (for example, HTTP_ProxyPipeline) in the Pipelines/Split Joins pane, as shown in Figure 8–102.

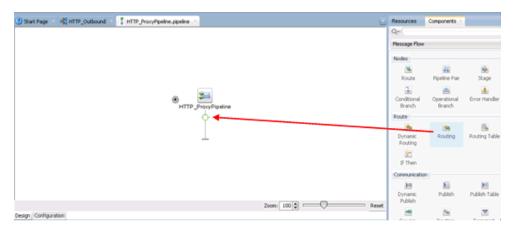
Figure 8-102 Proxy Service



The Pipeline Configuration page is displayed.

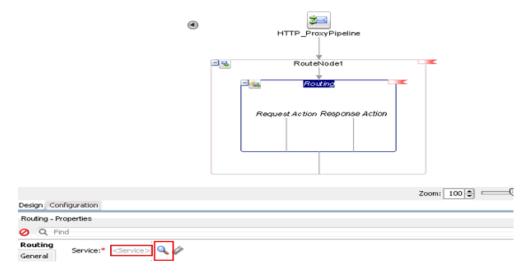
- **5.** Configure the Routing Rules and proceed with the following steps:
 - Drag and drop the **Routing** component from the Route section to the area below the Pipeline (for example, HTTP_ProxyPipeline), as shown in Figure 8–103.

Figure 8–103 Routing Component



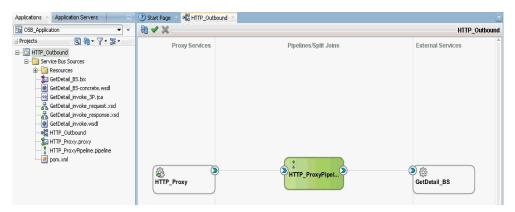
b. In the Pipeline Configuration page, select **Routing** and click the browse icon to the right of the Service field in the Routing Properties pane, as shown in Figure 8–104.

Figure 8-104 Browse Service



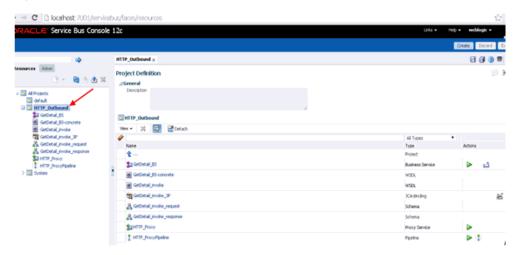
- In the displayed Resource Chooser window, select the WSDL-based Business service (for example, xxxxx_BS.bix) and click **OK**.
 - You are returned to the Pipeline configuration page.
- **d.** Save and Close the Pipeline configuration page. You are returned to the composite editor window.
- Click Save All in the menu bar to save the OSB HTTP process, as shown in Figure 8–105.

Figure 8–105 Transport Window



- **6.** Deploy the OSB HTTP outbound process. For more information, see Section 8.1.3, "Deploying the OSB Outbound Process" on page 8-15.
- Once the process is deployed successfully, log on to the Service Bus Console.
- In the Service Bus console, click on the deployed HTTP Outbound project (for example, HTTP_Outbound), as shown in Figure 8–106.

Figure 8-106 Service Bus Console



9. Click on the Test OSB Console icon for the created pipeline, as shown in Figure 8–107.

Figure 8-107 Test OSB Console Icon



10. In the displayed Test OSB Console page, provide the input XML and click the Execute button.

In the displayed Test OSB Console page, the response is received.

Configuring an HTTP Outbound Process Using JDeveloper (J2CA Configuration

Key Features

This chapter describes key features for the Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft. This chapter contains the following topics:

- Section 9.1, "Exception Filter'
- Section 9.2, "Credential Mapping for Oracle SOA Suite (BPEL, Mediator, or BPM)"
- Section 9.3, "Credential Mapping for Oracle Service Bus (OSB)"

9.1 Exception Filter

This section describes how to configure exception filter functionality for the Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft and includes a sample testing scenario. This section contains the following topic:

Section 9.1.1, "Configuring the Exception Filter"

The exception filter is supported only for outbound processes that use J2CA configurations. This feature is not supported for BSE configurations and inbound processes that use J2CA configurations.

The exception filter uses the com.ibi.afjca.oracle.AdapterExceptionFilterclass to filter the generated exceptions. This class filters the exceptions and categorizes them into the following categories:

- PCRetriableResourceException
- **PCResourceException**

The following exceptions are represented in the fault policies file:

- PCRetriableResourceException A remote fault.
- PCResourceException A binding fault.

9.1.1 Configuring the Exception Filter

Exception filter configuration consists of the following steps:

- Generate a WSDL file.
- Create a BPEL process with exception filter functionality.
- Create fault policies and fault binding files.
- Deploy and test the BPEL process with exception filter functionality.

9.1.1.1 Generating a WSDL File

To generate the WSDL file:

- 1. Open Application Explorer and create a J2CA configuration.
 - For more information, see "Creating a Configuration for J2CA" on page 2-3.
- **2.** Create a target for the PeopleSoft adapter and then connect to the target.
 - For more information, see "Establishing a Connection (Target) for PeopleSoft" on page 2-5.
- **3.** Generate a WSDL for the appropriate object.
 - For more information, see "Generating a WSDL (J2CA Configurations Only)" on page 2-10.

9.1.1.2 Creating a BPEL process With Exception Filter Functionality

To create a BPEL process with exception filter functionality:

- 1. Open JDeveloper and create a new SOA application.
 - For more information, see Section 4.4.2, "Creating an Empty Composite for SOA" on page 4-9.
- **2.** Create a new SOA project (for example, Exception_Filter).
- **3.** Create a third party adapter service component.
 - For more information, see Section 4.4.3.1, "Configuring a Third Party Adapter Service Component" on page 4-11.
 - Once the third party adapter service component is created, the WSDL file (with corresponding schemas and JCA file) is imported to the JDeveloper project.
 - For more information, see Section 4.4.3, "Defining a BPEL Outbound Process" on page 4-11.
- **4.** Modify the imported JCA file.
 - **a.** Right-click the imported JCA file and select **Open** from the menu, as shown in Figure 9–1.

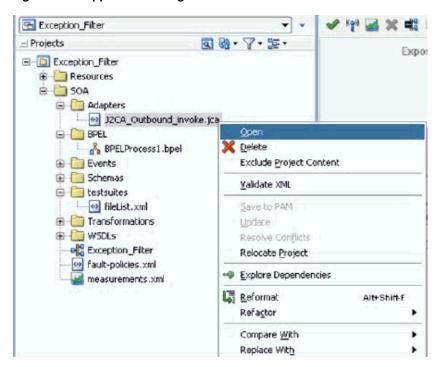


Figure 9-1 Application Navigator Tab

b. In the <interaction-spec> element, add the ExceptionFilter property. For example:

```
<interaction-spec className="com.ibi.afjca.cci.IWAFInteractionSpec">
property name="FunctionName" value="PROCESS"/>property
name="ExceptionFilter"
value="com.ibi.afjca.oracle.AdapterExceptionFilter"/></interaction-spec>
```

- **c.** Save the modified JCA file.
- **5.** Once the third party adapter service component is created and the JCA file is modified, continue with the remainder of the BPEL process creation.

For more information, see Section 4.4.3, "Defining a BPEL Outbound Process," on page 4-11.

9.1.1.3 Creating Fault Policies and Fault Binding Files

To create fault binding files:

1. Right-click the created SOA project (for example, Exception_Filter), select New, and then click **From Gallery**, as shown in Figure 9–2.

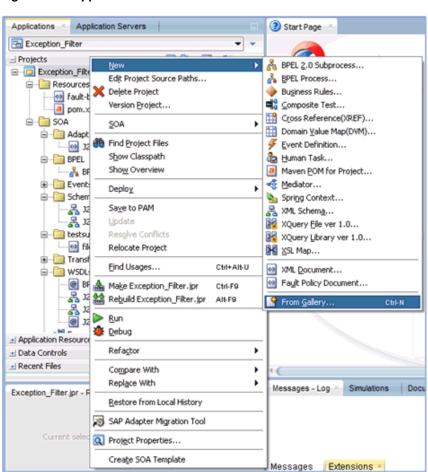
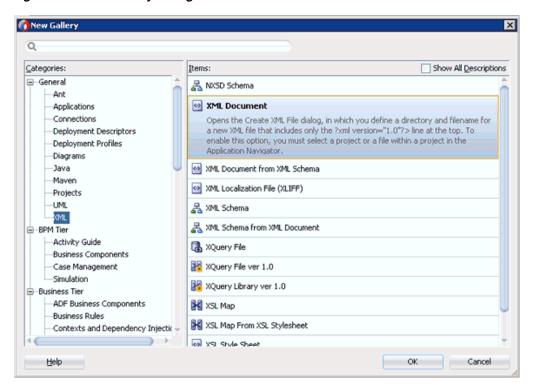


Figure 9–2 Applications Tab

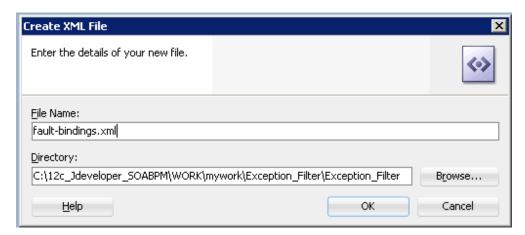
The New Gallery dialog is displayed. Under the General category, click XML, as shown in Figure 9–3.

Figure 9-3 New Gallery Dialog



Select XML Document under Items and then click OK. The Create XML File dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 9–4.

Figure 9-4 Create XML File Dialog



- In the File Name field, type **fault-bindings.xml** and click **OK**.
- Add the appropriate fault binding functions in the fault-bindings.xml file. To view a sample fault-bindings.xml file, see "Sample Fault-Bindings.xml File" on page 9-6.

Note: The parameter in the <name> element is the name of the created BPEL process.

5. Save the **fault-bindings.xml** file.

Sample Fault-Bindings.xml File

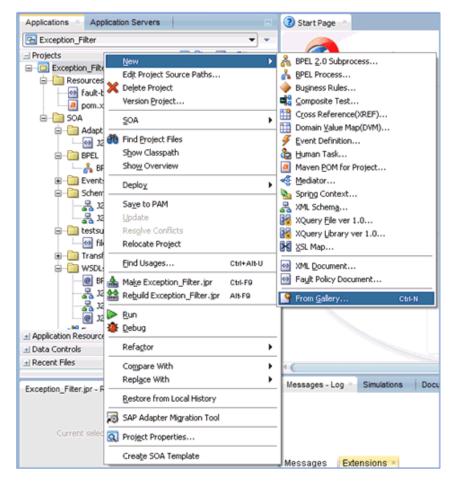
```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<faultPolicyBindings version="2.0.1"
xmlns="http://schemas.oracle.com/bpel/faultpolicy"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
<component faultPolicy="bpelFaultHandling">
<name>BPELProcess1</name>
</component>
</faultPolicyBindings>
```

Creating Fault Policies Files

To create fault policies files:

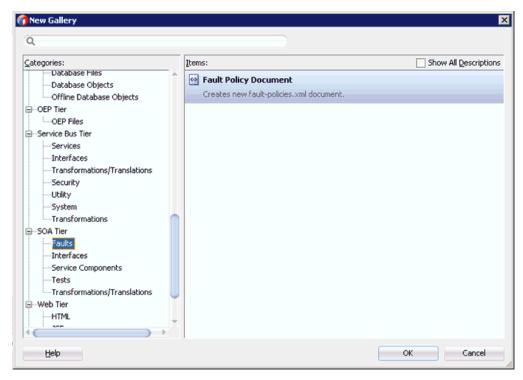
Right-click the created SOA project (for example, Exception_Filter), select New, and then click **From Gallery**, as shown in Figure 9–5.





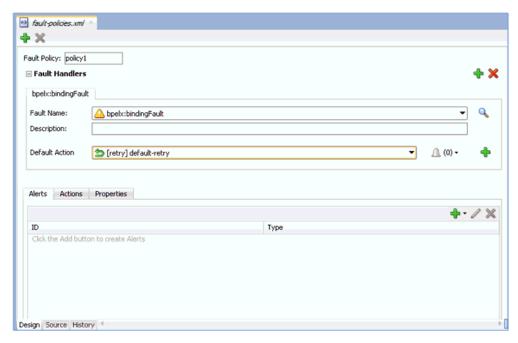
The New Gallery dialog is displayed. Under the SOA Tier category, select Faults, as shown in Figure 9–6.

Figure 9-6 New Gallery Dialog



- Select **Fault Policy Document** under Items and then click **OK**.
- In the fault-policies.xml tab, select **bpelx:bindingFault** from the Fault Name drop-down list and [retry] default-retry from the Default Action drop-down list, as shown in Figure 9–7.

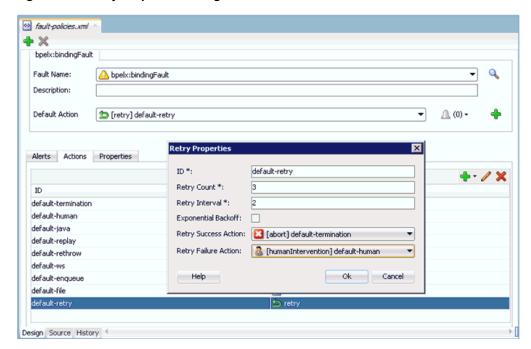
Figure 9-7 Fault-policies.xml Tab



4. Click the **Actions** tab and then double-click **default-retry**.

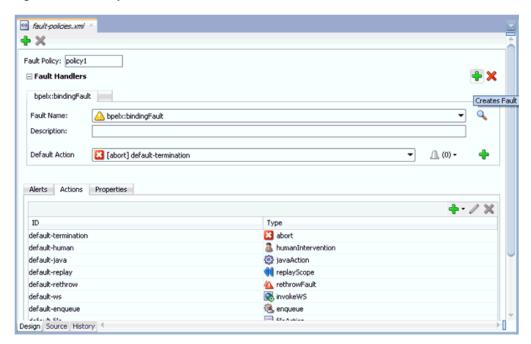
The Retry Properties dialog box is displayed, as shown in Figure 9–8.

Figure 9-8 Retry Properties Dialog Box



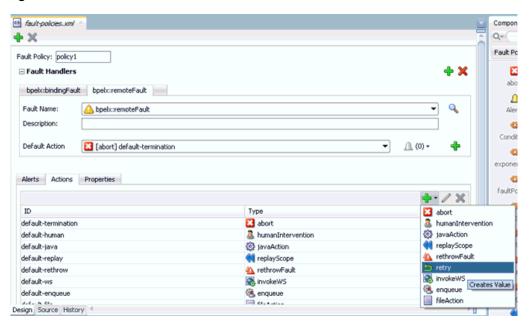
- 5. Select [abort] default-termination from the Retry Success Action drop-down list and [humanIntervention] default-human from the Retry Failure Action drop-down list.
- Click **OK**.
- 7. Click **Add** to create another fault handler, as shown in Figure 9–9.

Figure 9-9 Fault-policies.xml Tab



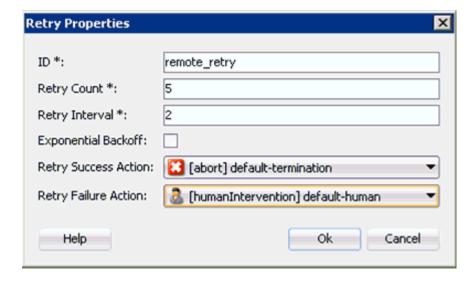
- In the fault-policies.xml tab, select **bpelx:remoteFault** from the Fault Name drop-down list and [abort] default-termination from the Default Action drop-down list.
- In the Actions tab, click **Add** and then select **retry**, as shown in Figure 9–10.

Figure 9-10 Actions Tab



The Retry Properties dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure 9–11.

Figure 9-11 Retry Properties Dialog Box

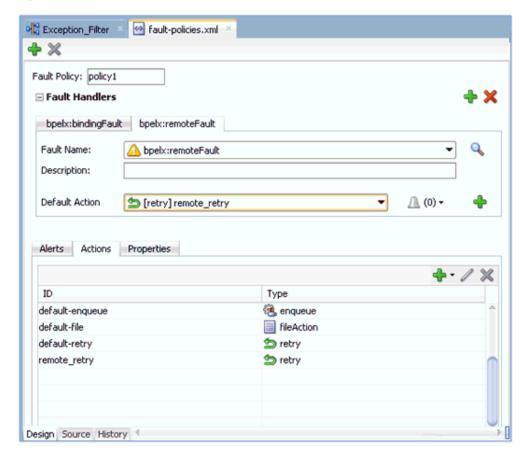


- 10. Provide values for the ID, Retry Count, and Retry Interval fields.
- 11. Select [abort] default-termination from the Retry Success Action drop-down list and [humanIntervention] default-human from the Retry Failure Action drop-down list.
- 12. Click OK.

The created Retry ID will be listed under the Actions tab.

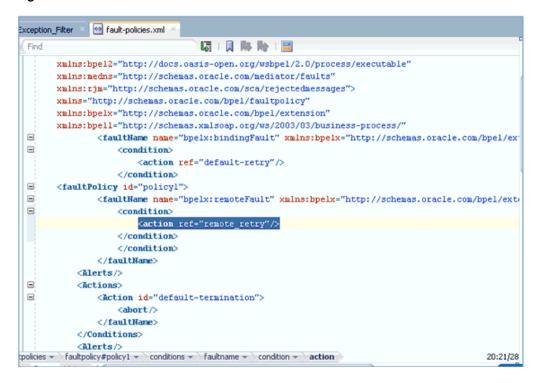
From the Default Action drop-down list, select the newly created Retry ID (for example, remote_retry) as shown in Figure 9–12.

Figure 9–12 Fault-policies.xml Tab



- 13. Click Save All.
- 14. Click the Source tab to verify that the fault polices are added properly, as shown in Figure 9–13.

Figure 9-13 Source Tab



15. Double-click the Exception_Filter project and then click Edit Composite Fault Policies.

The Composite Fault Policies window is displayed. Ensure that the Fault Policy and the fault-bindings are selected properly, as shown in Figure 9–14.

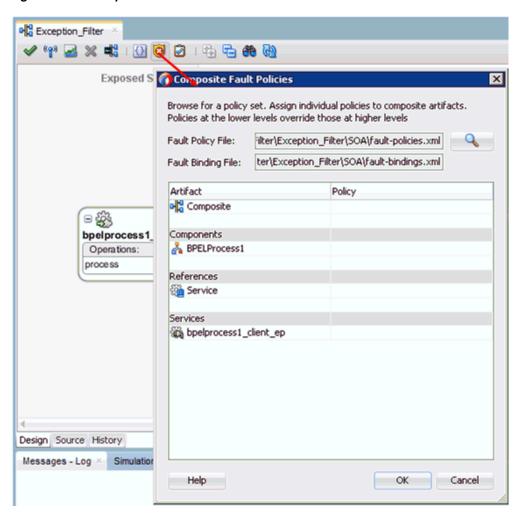
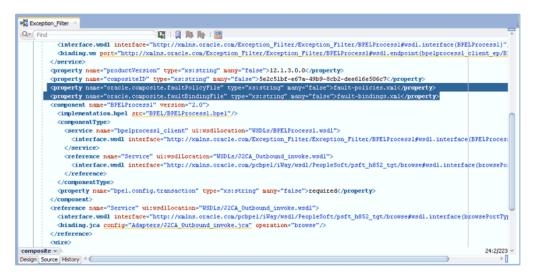


Figure 9–14 Composite Fault Policies Window

- 16. Click Save All.
- **17.** Click the **Source** tab to verify that the *fault-bindings.xml* and fault-policies.xml files are added properly, as shown in Figure 9–15.

Figure 9-15 Source Tab



9.1.1.4 Adjusting for Known Deployment Issues With 12c

For more information on how to adjust for known deployment issues with 12c, see Section 4.4.3.3, "Adjusting for Known Deployment Issues With 12c" on page 4-26.

9.1.1.5 Deploying and Testing the BPEL Process With Exception Filter **Functionality**

To deploy and test the BPEL process with exception filter functionality:

- **1.** Deploy the created BPEL process. For more information, see Section 4.4.4, "Deploying the BPEL Outbound Process" on page 4-28.
- 2. Simulate a communication error by disconnecting the system (where the servers are running) from the network.
- Invoke the deployed BPEL process with a valid input. For more information, see Section 4.4.5, "Invoking the Input XML Document in the Oracle Enterprise Manager Console" on page 4-31.
- **4.** Select the process ID.

You can observe the BPEL process being retried or aborted based on the configuration of the **fault-policies.xml** file.

9.2 Credential Mapping for Oracle SOA Suite (BPEL, Mediator, or BPM)

This section describes how to configure credential mapping functionality for the Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft in a configuration that uses Oracle SOA Suite (BPEL, Mediator, or BPM). A sample testing scenario is also included. This section contains the following topic:

Section 9.2.1, "Configuring Credential Mapping"

Credential mapping is supported only for outbound processes that use J2CA configurations. This feature is not supported for BSE configurations and inbound processes that use J2CA configurations.

Note: The J2CA connector is common to all four application adapters (SAP R/3, PeopleSoft, Siebel, and J.D. Edwards OneWorld). If credential mapping is required, then ensure that only one application adapter is used in a particular instance. For example, in one adapter instance only the PeopleSoft application adapter can be used. Credential mapping cannot be configured at the individual adapter level. If you require the use of credential mapping for two adapters, then both adapters must be running in two independent adapter instances.

To pass user credentials to the J2CA resource adapter, create a credential map from the Oracle WebLogic Server user credentials to the EIS user credentials (PeopleSoft adapter). These credentials are mapped to the EIS user credentials and then passed to the J2CA container, which uses them to connect with the EIS adapter (PeopleSoft).

9.2.1 Configuring Credential Mapping

This section discusses configuring credential mapping, and consists of the following steps and topics:

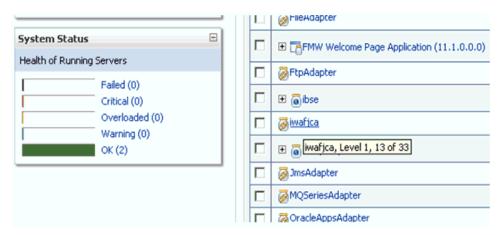
- **1.** Deploy the adapter.
 - For more information, see Chapter 3, "Oracle WebLogic Server Deployment and Integration".
- **2.** Associate Oracle WebLogic Server credentials with EIS credentials.
 - For more information, see Section 9.2.1.1, "Associating Oracle WebLogic Server Credentials With EIS Credentials" on page 9-14.
- **3.** Generate a WSDL file.
 - For more information, see Section 9.2.1.2, "Generating a WSDL File" on page 9-17.
- **4.** Create and deploy an outbound process.
 - For more information, see Section 9.2.1.3, "Creating and Deploying an Outbound Process" on page 9-18.
- **5.** Invoke and verify that the EIS credentials have passed.
 - For more information, see Section 9.2.1.4, "Verifying the EIS Credentials" on page 9-18.

9.2.1.1 Associating Oracle WebLogic Server Credentials With EIS Credentials

To associate Oracle WebLogic Server credentials with EIS credentials:

- 1. Log in to the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console.
- **2.** In the Domain Structure section in the left pane, click **Deployments**.
 - The Deployments page is displayed, as shown in Figure 9–16.

Figure 9-16 Deployments Page



3. Click the **iwafjca** resource adapter.

The Settings for iwafica page is displayed, as shown in Figure 9–17.

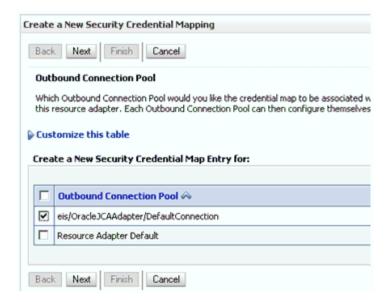
Figure 9–17 Settings for iwafjca Page



Click the Outbound Credential Mappings tab under the Security tab, and then click **New**.

The Create a New Security Credential Mapping page is displayed, as shown in Figure 9–18.

Figure 9-18 Create a New Security Credential Mapping Page



5. Select the outbound connection pool.

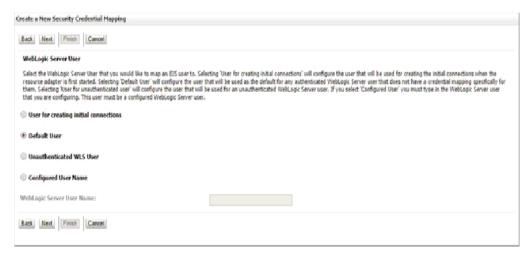
For example:

eis/OracleJCAAdapter/DefaultConnection

6. Click **Next**.

The WebLogic Server User page is displayed, as shown in Figure 9–19.

Figure 9-19 WebLogic Server User Page



7. Select **Default User**, enter a valid Oracle WebLogic Server user name, and then click Next.

The EIS User Name and Password page is displayed, as shown in Figure 9–20.



Figure 9–20 EIS User Name and Password Page

Enter the user name and password for the EIS and click **Finish**.

The credentials for an Oracle WebLogic Server user are now mapped with an EIS user (PeopleSoft). The mapping is invoked automatically before invoking the J2CA service.

9.2.1.2 Generating a WSDL File

To generate a WSDL file:

- Open Application Explorer and create a J2CA configuration.
 - For more information, see Section 2.3.2, "Creating a Configuration for J2CA" on page 2-3.
- Create a target for the PeopleSoft adapter and then connect to the target.
 - For more information, see Section 2.4, "Establishing a Connection (Target) for PeopleSoft" on page 2-5.
- Generate an outbound WSDL for the appropriate object.
 - For more information, see Section 2.7, "Generating a WSDL (J2CA Configurations Only)" on page 2-10.

9.2.1.3 Creating and Deploying an Outbound Process

This section describes how to configure an outbound process. For demonstration purposes, specific references to the BPEL outbound process are made. However, the same steps apply to Mediator and BPM outbound processes.

For more information about creating a Mediator outbound process, see Chapter 5, "Integration With Mediator Service Components in the Oracle SOA Suite".

For more information about creating a BPM outbound process, see Chapter 6, "Integration With BPM Service Components in the Oracle SOA Suite".

To create and deploy a BPEL outbound process, see the following sections:

Section 4.4.2, "Creating an Empty Composite for SOA"

- Section 4.4.3, "Defining a BPEL Outbound Process"
- Section 4.4.4, "Deploying the BPEL Outbound Process"

9.2.1.4 Verifying the EIS Credentials

Invoke the input XML and ensure that the EIS target credentials are overridden with the credentials configured in the WebLogic Administration Console for the Default User as described in this section.

- 1. Invoke the deployed BPEL outbound process with a valid input. For more information, see Section 4.4.5, "Invoking the Input XML Document in the Oracle Enterprise Manager Console" on page 4-31.
- Check the J2CA log files and locate the encrypted password, which shows that the user credentials have been passed to the EIS through Oracle WebLogic Server.

```
FINEST IWAFManagedConnectionFactory com.ibi.afjca.Util
getPasswordCredential(78) InLoop:
User-iwayga: Password-ENCR (3109311731831131382333215315332323192322731773172)
FINEST IWAFManagedConnectionFactory com.ibi.afjca.Util
getPasswordCredential(90) Use the system PasswordCredential:
User-iwayga: Password-ENCR (3109311731831131382333215315332323192322731773172)
```

9.3 Credential Mapping for Oracle Service Bus (OSB)

This section describes how to configure credential mapping functionality for the Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft in a configuration that uses Oracle Service Bus (OSB). A sample testing scenario is also included. This section contains the following topic:

Section 9.3.1, "Configuring Credential Mapping"

Credential mapping is supported only for outbound processes that use J2CA configurations. This feature is not supported for BSE configurations and inbound processes that use J2CA configurations.

Note: The J2CA connector is common to all four application adapters (SAP R/3, PeopleSoft, Siebel, and J.D. Edwards OneWorld). If credential mapping is required, then ensure that only one application adapter is used in a particular instance. For example, in one adapter instance only the PeopleSoft application adapter can be used. Credential mapping cannot be configured at the individual adapter level. If you require the use of credential mapping for two adapters, then both adapters must be running in two independent adapter instances.

To pass user credentials to the J2CA resource adapter, create a credential map from the Oracle WebLogic Server user credentials to the EIS user credentials (PeopleSoft adapter). Then associate a credential policy with a Web service and invoke the Web service using Oracle WebLogic Server user credentials. These credentials are mapped to the EIS user credentials and then passed to the J2CA container, which uses them to connect with the EIS adapter (PeopleSoft).

9.3.1 Configuring Credential Mapping

Configuring credential mapping consists of the following steps:

1. Deploy the adapter.

For more information, see Chapter 3, "Oracle WebLogic Server Deployment and Integration".

2. Associate Oracle WebLogic Server credentials with EIS credentials.

For more information, see "Associating Oracle WebLogic Server Credentials With EIS Credentials" on page 9-19.

3. Generate a WSDL file.

For more information, see "Generating a WSDL File" on page 9-22.

4. Create an Oracle Service Bus (OSB) outbound process.

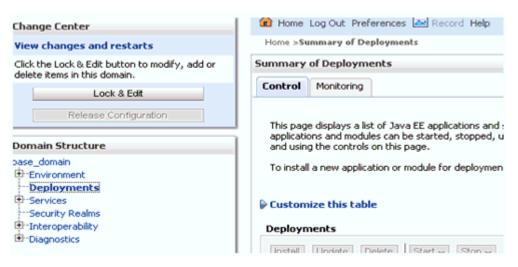
For more information, see Section 9.3.1.3, "Creating an Oracle Service Bus (OSB) Outbound Process" on page 9-22.

9.3.1.1 Associating Oracle WebLogic Server Credentials With EIS Credentials

To associate Oracle WebLogic Server credentials with EIS credentials:

- Log in to the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console.
- In the Domain Structure section in the left pane, click **Deployments**, as shown in Figure 9–21.

Figure 9-21 Domain Structure Section



The Deployments page is displayed, as shown in Figure 9–22.

Figure 9-22 Deployments Page



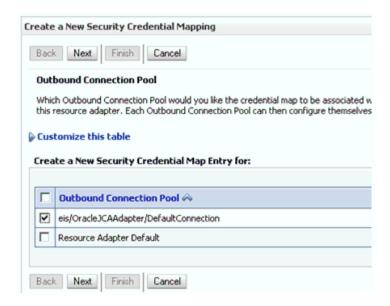
3. Click the **iwafjca** resource adapter. The Settings for iwafjca page is displayed, as shown in Figure 9–23.

Figure 9–23 Settings for iwafjca Page



4. Click the **Credential Mappings** tab under the Security tab, and then click **New**. The Create a New Security Credential Mapping page is displayed, as shown in Figure 9–24.

Figure 9–24 Create a New Security Credential Mapping Page



Select the outbound connection pool.

For example:

eis/OracleJCAAdapter/DefaultConnection

Click Next.

The WebLogic Server User page is displayed, as shown in Figure 9–25.

Figure 9-25 WebLogic Server User Page



7. Select Configured User Name, enter a valid Oracle WebLogic Server user name, and then click Next.

The EIS User Name and Password page is displayed, as shown in Figure 9–26.

Create a New Security Credential Mapping Back Next Finish Cancel EIS User Name and Password Configure the EIS User Name and Password that you would like to map the WebLogic Server User to: * Indicates required fields Enter the EIS User Name: * EIS User Name:: iwayqa. Enter the EIS Password: * EIS Password:: * Confirm Password:: Back Next Finish Cancel

Figure 9–26 EIS User Name and Password Page

Enter the user name and password for the EIS and click **Finish**.

The credentials for an Oracle WebLogic Server user are now mapped with an EIS user (PeopleSoft). The mapping is invoked automatically before invoking the J2CA service.

9.3.1.2 Generating a WSDL File

To generate a WSDL file:

1. Set the class path for Application Explorer to integrate with Oracle Service Bus (OSB).

For more information, see Section 7.2.2, "Setting the Class Path for Application Explorer to Integrate With Oracle Service Bus" on page 7-6.

- **2.** Open Application Explorer and create a J2CA configuration. For more information, see "Creating a Configuration for J2CA" on page 2-3.
- **3.** Create a target for the PeopleSoft adapter and then connect to the target. For more information, see "Establishing a Connection (Target) for PeopleSoft" on page 2-5.
- **4.** Generate a WSDL for the appropriate object.

For more information, see Section 4.4.1, "Generating WSDL for Request/Response Service" on page 4-8.

9.3.1.3 Creating an Oracle Service Bus (OSB) Outbound Process

This section describes how to create an Oracle Service Bus (OSB) outbound process with credential mapping functionality, using Oracle JDeveloper.

For more information on creating an Oracle Service Bus (OSB) Outbound Process, see Section 8.1.2, "Defining an OSB Outbound Process" on page 8-3.

Configure a Service account by right-clicking the OSB Project, selecting New, and then clicking **Service Account**, as shown in Figure 9–27.

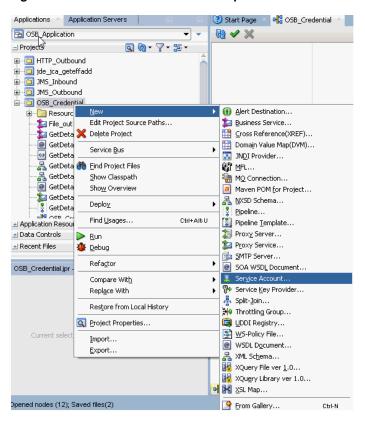
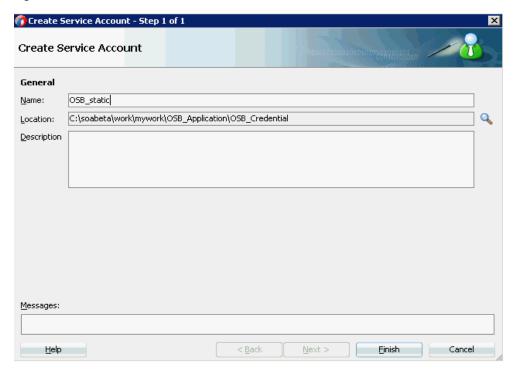


Figure 9-27 Select Service Account Option

The Create Service Account pane is displayed, as shown in Figure 9–28.



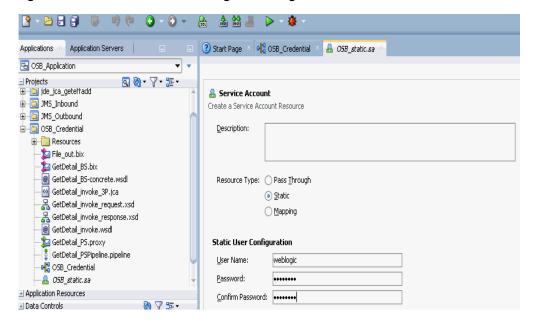


2. Provide a name for the Service Account and click Finish.

The configuration page of Service Account is displayed.

- In the Resource Type section, select **Static**.
- Provide a valid user name and password for the Oracle WebLogic Server, as shown in Figure 9–29.

Figure 9–29 Service Account Configuration Page

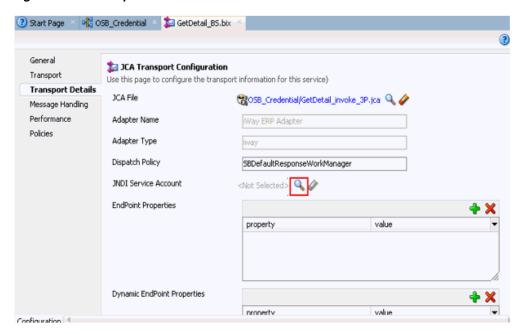


- Save and close the configuration page.
- In the composite Editor window, double-click the created WSDL-based Business Service from step 3.

The configuration page of the WSDL-based Business Service is displayed.

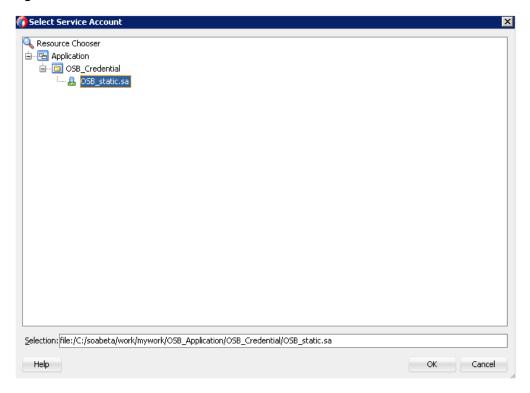
Select the Transport Details tab, as shown in Figure 9–30.

Figure 9-30 Transport Details Tab



- In the JNDI Service Account section, click the Browse icon. The Select Service Account window is displayed.
- Select the created service account and click **OK**, as shown in Figure 9–31.

Figure 9-31 Select Service Account



10. Save and close the configuration page, as shown in Figure 9–32

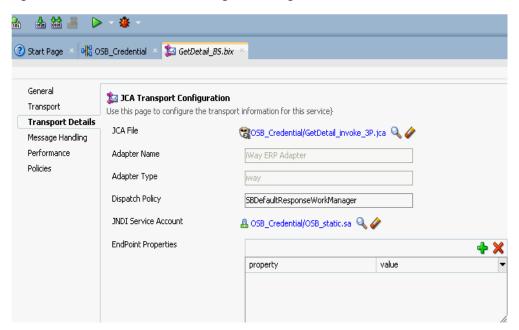


Figure 9-32 Business Service Configuration Page

11. Deploy the OSB process.

For more information, see Section 8.1.3, "Deploying the OSB Outbound Process" on page 8-16.

- 12. Once the process is deployed successfully, copy and paste a valid input XML file in the input folder you configured, and check to see that the output is received in the configured output location.
- 13. Check the J2CA log files and locate the encrypted password, which shows that the user credentials have been passed to the EIS through Oracle WebLogic Server.

For example:

```
FINEST IWAFManagedConnectionFactory com.ibi.afjca.Util
getPasswordCredential(78) InLoop:
User-iwayqa: Password-ENCR (31893197318311321823333215323332323192322731773252)
FINEST IWAFManagedConnectionFactory com.ibi.afjca.Util
getPasswordCredential(90) Use the system PasswordCredential:
User-iwayga: Password-ENCR (3109313331831131702333215320132323192322731773236)
```

Troubleshooting and Error Messages

This chapter explains the limitations and workarounds when connecting to PeopleSoft. It contains the following sections:

- Section 10.1, "Troubleshooting"
- Section 10.2, "BSE Error Messages"

The adapter-specific errors listed in this chapter can arise whether using the adapter with an Oracle Adapter J2CA or with an Oracle Adapter Business Services Engine (BSE) configuration.

10.1 Troubleshooting

This section provides troubleshooting information for PeopleSoft. It contains the following topics:

- Section 10.1.1, "Application Explorer"
- Section 10.1.2, "PeopleSoft"
- Section 10.1.3, "Oracle Adapter J2CA"

Log file information that can be relevant in troubleshooting can be found in the following locations based on your adapter installation:

The Oracle Adapter J2CA trace information can be found under the following directory:

```
<ADAPTER_HOME>\config\configuration_name\log
```

BSE trace information can be found under the following directory:

```
<ORACLE_HOME>\user_projects\domains\base_domain\servers\soa_
server1\stage\ibse\ibse.war\ibselogs
```

The log file for Application Explorer can be found under the following directory:

```
<ADAPTER_HOME>\tools\iwae\bin
```

10.1.1 Application Explorer

This topic discusses the different types of errors that can occur when using Application Explorer.

Error	Solution
Cannot connect to Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft from Application Explorer. The following error message appears: Problem activating adapter	 Ensure that: PeopleSoft is running. The PeopleSoft user ID and password are correct. The port number is correct. The custom component interface is properly installed.
The following error message appears: java.lang.IllegalStateException: java.lang.Exception: Error Logon to PeopleSoft System	properly installed. You have provided invalid connection information for PeopleSoft or the wrong psjoa.jar is in the lib directory. The psjoa.jar file version is specific to the PeopleTools release.
PeopleSoft does not appear in the Application Explorer Adapter node list.	Ensure that the PeopleSoft JAR files, iwpsci84.jar (or iwpsci81.jar) and psjoa.jar, are added to the lib directory.
Logon failure error at run-time.	A password is required for connecting to your PeopleSoft system through the Edit option in Application Explorer or when creating a target. The connection password is not saved in repository.xml. Update the password using the Edit option in Application Explorer, then restart the application server.
The following error message appears: Jolt Session Pool cannot provide a connection to the appserver. This appears to be because there is no available application server domain. [Fri Aug 27 13:06:27 EDT 2004] bea.jolt.ServiceException: Invalid Session	The host name or port number for PeopleSoft is incorrect.
Properties are not displayed for a component interface.	You are using the wrong iwpsci8x.jar file.
Cannot generate schemas.	If the error message "Index: -1, Size:0" appears, or if you can log on to Application Explorer but you cannot see any Component Interfaces or Messages, then you may have both the iwpsci81.jar and iwpsci84.jar files in your 1ib directory. Stop your server, remove the unrequired jar file, and restart the server.
The following exception occurs when you start Application Explorer by activating ae.bat (not iaexplorer.exe):	This is a benign exception. It does not affect adapter functionality. Download BouncyCastle files from:
<pre>java.lang.ClassNotFoundException: org.bouncycastle.jce.provider.Boun cyCastleProvider</pre>	ftp://ftp.bouncycastle.org/pub

Error	Solution
Unable to start Application Explorer in a Solaris environment. The following exception is thrown in the console:	JAVACMD is not set on the user system. Before starting Application Explorer, export JAVACMD as follows:
javax.resource.ResourceException: IWAFManagedConnectionFactory: License violation.at com.ibi.afjca.spi.IWAFManagedConne ctionFactory.createConnectionFacto ry(IWAFManagedConnectionFactory.ja va:98)at com.iwaysoftware.iwae.common.JCATr ansport.getConnectionFactory(JCATr ansport.java:133) at com.iwaysoftware.iwae.common.JCATr ansport.initJCA(JCATransport.java: 69)at com.iwaysoftware.iwae.common.JCATr ansport. <init>(JCATransport.java:6 2)at com.iwaysoftware.iwae.common.Adapt erClient.<init>(AdapterClient.java:85)at com.ibi.bse.ConfigWorker.run(ConfigWorker.java:41)at java.lang.Thread.run(Thread.java:5 34)</init></init>	JAVACMD=/ <jdk_home>/bin/java, where <jdk_home> is the directory where JDK is installed on your system.</jdk_home></jdk_home>
Could not create the connection factory.	

10.1.2 PeopleSoft

Error	Solution	
Services are not working properly when using the PeopleSoft Component Interface testing	To test properly using the Component Interface testing tool:	
tool in three-tier mode.	1. Open Application Designer.	
	2. Select the Component Interface.	
	3. Use the test tool.	
	If service works in test tool, then review the XML and check for redundant fields in XML.	
The following error message appears:	The host name or port number for PeopleSoft is incorrect.	
Jolt Session Pool cannot provide a connection to the appserver. This appears to be because there is no available application server domain. [Fri Aug 27 13:06:27 EDT 2004] bea.jolt.ServiceException: Invalid Session		
Component Interfaces and Messages do not appear in the adapter tree.	The project is not installed properly on the PeopleSoft system.	

Error	Solution	
Return error code -1 is received from PeopleSoft at run-time, for example: <locationprocessresponse xmlns="http://xmlns.oracle.com/LOC ATION"></locationprocessresponse>	You are either using the incorrect version of psjoa.jar, or have both the iwpsci81.jar and iwpsci84.jar files in your lib directory. In the second case, you must delete the unused JAR file, and then restart the	
<pre><error xmlns="">-1</error></pre>	server.	
	The psjoa.jar file version is specific to the PeopleTools release.	
Pstools.properties file has not been initialized.	This file is required for PeopleSoft 8.1. If you are using PeopleSoft 8.1, you should add this file. If you are not using PeopleSoft 8.1 and this error message still appears, ignore the message.	
The following error message appears:	The reason may be either of the following:	
Cannot find Component Interface {CI name}	■ The Java API for the selected component interface is not found in the API JAR file. Please check the Java API for the class file for the CI. If not found, please add the class file for the CI.	
	 The component interface name is mentioned incorrectly in the request document. 	
The following error message appears: Not Authorized (90,6) Failed to execute PSSession request	The component interface does not have the necessary access to perform the operation. Change the permission settings in the PeopleSoft > Security > Permission list for the component interface.	
The following error message appears:	The reason may be any of the following:	
Must also provide values for keys {keyname}	■ The request XML document does not have the element for the mandatory key. Please include the keyname and the value in the request document.	
	 The Key field name is mentioned incorrectly in the request document. 	
	■ The Perform operation is mentioned incorrectly in the request XML document.	

10.1.3 Oracle Adapter J2CA

Error	Solution
In Application Explorer, the following error message appears when you attempt to connect to an Oracle Adapter J2CA configuration:	In the Details tab in the right pane, ensure that the directory specified in the Home field points to the correct directory, for example: <pre><adapter home="">\tools\iwae\bin\\\</adapter></pre>
Could not initialize JCA	\ADAFIER_nome>\toots\twae\bill\\.\

10.2 BSE Error Messages

This section discusses the different types of errors that can occur when processing Web services through Oracle WebLogic Server Adapter Business Services Engine (BSE).

This section consists of the following topics:

- Section 10.2.1, "General Error Handling in BSE"
- Section 10.2.2, "Adapter-Specific Error Handling"

10.2.1 General Error Handling in BSE

BSE serves as both a SOAP gateway into the adapter framework and as the engine for some of the adapters. In both design time and run-time, various conditions can cause errors in BSE when Web services that use adapters run. Some of these conditions and resulting errors are exposed the same way, regardless of the specific adapter; others are exposed differently, based on the adapter being used. This topic explains what you can expect when you encounter some of the more common error conditions on an adapter-specific basis.

Usually, the SOAP gateway (agent) inside BSE passes a SOAP request message to the adapter required for the Web service. If an error occurs, how it is exposed depends on the adapter and the API or interfaces that the adapter uses. The APIs are generated from PeopleTools and are specific to the PeopleTools release. A few scenarios cause the SOAP gateway to generate a SOAP fault. In general, anytime the SOAP agent inside BSE receives an invalid SOAP request, a SOAP fault element is generated in the SOAP response. The SOAP fault element contains fault string and fault code elements. The fault code contains a description of the SOAP agent error.

The following SOAP response document results when BSE receives an invalid SOAP request:

```
<SOAP-ENV:Envelope xmlns:SOAP-ENV="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
     <SOAP-ENV:Fault>
         <faultcode>SOAP-ENV:Client</faultcode>
         <faultstring>Parameter node is missing</faultstring>
      </SOAP-ENV:Fault>
   </SOAP-ENV:Body>
</SOAP-ENV:Envelope>
```

In this example, BSE did not receive an element in the SOAP request message that is mandatory for the WSDL for this Web service.

10.2.2 Adapter-Specific Error Handling

When an adapter raises an exception during run-time, the SOAP agent in BSE produces a SOAP fault element in the generated SOAP response. The SOAP fault element contains fault code and fault string elements. The fault string contains the native error description from the adapter target system. Since adapters use the target system interfaces and APIs, whether an exception is raised depends on how the target systems interface or API treats the error condition. If a SOAP request message is passed to an adapter by the SOAP agent in BSE, and that request is invalid based on the WSDL for that service, the adapter may raise an exception yielding a SOAP fault.

While it is almost impossible to anticipate every error condition that an adapter may encounter, the following is a description of how adapters handle common error conditions and how they are then exposed to the Web services consumer application.

This section consists of the following topics:

- Section 10.2.2.1, "Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft Invalid SOAP Request"
- Section 10.2.2.2, "Empty Result From PeopleSoft Request"

- Section 10.2.2.3, "Failure to Connect to PeopleSoft"
- Section 10.2.2.4, "Invalid SOAP Request"
- Section 10.2.2.5, "Empty Result From Oracle WebLogic Server Application Adapter Request"

10.2.2.1 Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft Invalid SOAP Request

If the PeopleSoft agent receives a SOAP request message that does not conform to the WSDL for the Web service being executed, then the following SOAP response is generated.

```
<SOAP-ENV:Envelope xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/1999/XMLSchema-instance"
xmlns:SOAP-ENV="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/1999/XMLSchema">
  <SOAP-ENV:Body>
  <m:CARRIERResponse xmlns:m="urn:schemas-iwaysoftware-com:iwse"</pre>
  xmlns="urn:schemas-iwaysoftware-com:iwse"
  cid="2A3CB42703EB20203F91951B89F3C5AF">
   <PS8>
      <error>Cannot find Component Interface {VARRIER} (91,2)Initialization
    failed (90,7)Not Authorized (90,6)Failed to execute PSSession request Cannot
find Component Interface {VARRIER} (91,2)</error>
       </PS8>
      </m:CARRIERResponse>
   </SOAP-ENV:Body>
</SOAP-ENV:Envelope>
```

10.2.2.2 Empty Result From PeopleSoft Request

If Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft executes a component interface as a Web service using input parameters passed in the SOAP request that do not match records in PeopleSoft, then the following SOAP response is generated.

```
<SOAP-ENV: Enve
lope xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/1999/XMLSchema-instance"
xmlns:SOAP-ENV="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/1999/XMLSchema">
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
 <m:CARRIERResponse xmlns:m="urn:schemas-iwaysoftware-com:iwse"</pre>
xmlns="urn:schemas-iwaysoftware-com:iwse" cid="2A3CB42703EB20203F91951B89F3C5AF">
   <PS8>
        <error>No rows exist for the specified keys. {CARRIER} (91,50)Failed to
execute PSBusComp request</error>
   </PS8>
 </m:CARRIERResponse>
</SOAP-ENV:Body>
</SOAP-ENV:Envelope>
```

10.2.2.3 Failure to Connect to PeopleSoft

If Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft cannot connect to PeopleSoft, then the following SOAP response is generated.

```
<?xml version="1.0" enco</pre>
ding="ISO-8859-1" ?>
<SOAP-ENV: Envelope xmlns: SOAP-ENV="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
  <SOAP-ENV:Fault>
  <faultcode>SOAP-ENV:Server</faultcode>
  <faultstring>java.lang.Exception: Error Logon to PeopleSoft
```

```
System<faultstring>
</SOAP-ENV:Fault>
</SOAP-ENV:Body>
</SOAP-ENV:Envelope>
```

10.2.2.4 Invalid SOAP Request

If Oracle WebLogic Server Application Adapter receives a SOAP request message that does not conform to the WSDL for the Web services being executed, then the following SOAP response is generated.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1"</pre>
?>
<SOAP-ENV:Envelope xmlns:SOAP-ENV="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
<SOAP-ENV:Body>
<SOAP-ENV:Fault>
 <faultcode>SOAP-ENV:Server</faultcode>
 <faultstring>RPC server connection failed: Connection refused:
connect</faultstring>
</SOAP-ENV:Fault>
</SOAP-ENV:Body>
</SOAP-ENV:Envelope>
```

10.2.2.5 Empty Result From Oracle WebLogic Server Application Adapter Request

If the adapter executes a SOAP request using input parameters passed that do not match records in the target system, then the following SOAP response is generated.

Note: The condition for this adapter does not yield a SOAP fault.

```
<SOAP-ENV:Envelope xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/1999/XMLSchema-instance"
xmlns:SOAP-ENV="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/1999/XMLSchema">
   <SOAP-ENV:Body>
      <m:RunDBQueryResponse xmlns:m="urn:schemas-iwaysoftware-com:iwse"</pre>
        xmlns="urn:schemas-iwaysoftware-com:iwse"
        cid="2A3CB42703EB20203F91951B89F3C5AF">
        <RunDBQueryResult run="1" />
     </m:RunDBQueryResponse>
  </SOAP-ENV:Body>
</SOAP-ENV:Envelope>
```

Generating Component Interface APIs

This appendix describes how to generate component interface APIs to use with Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft. It contains the following topics:

- Section A.1, "Building the PeopleSoft API Java Programs"
- Section A.2, "Compiling the PeopleSoft API Java Programs"

A.1 Building the PeopleSoft API Java Programs

Whether you are using an Enterprise Integration Point (EIP) supplied by PeopleSoft or a customized component interface, you must create a PeopleSoft API to enable communications with the PeopleSoft application. The API is a collection of Java class files that reside on the client system and mediate between the client application layer and PeopleSoft.

Before using your component interface, you must apply security to it and test it. To build a PeopleSoft API Java program:

Open the PeopleSoft Application Designer, as shown in Figure A–1.

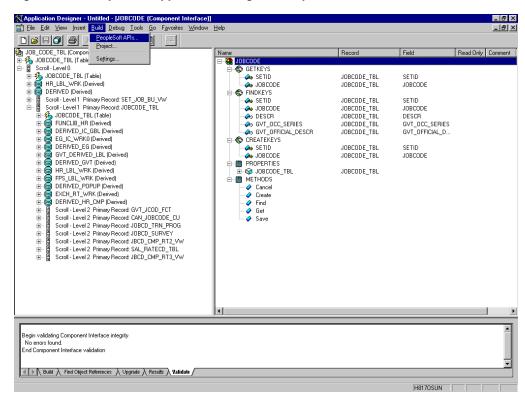


Figure A-1 PeopleSoft Application Designer Component Interface

- From the PeopleSoft Application Designer, open a component interface.
- Click the right pane and select **PeopleSoft APIs** from the **Build** menu. The Build PeopleSoft API Bindings dialog prompts you for the types of bindings to create, as shown in Figure A–2.

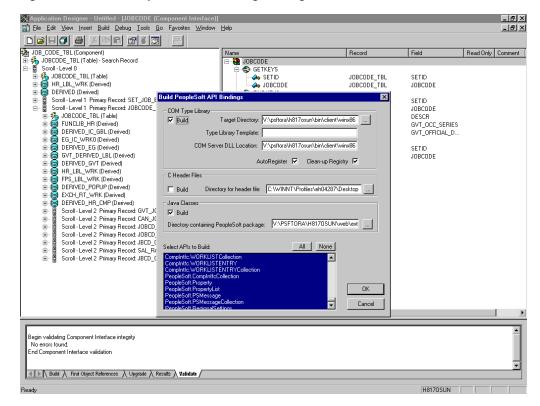


Figure A-2 Build PeopleSoft API Bindings Dialog

- Because you are creating Java files, ensure you deselect **COM Type Library Build**.
- Ensure that Java Classes Build is selected, and then select a directory on your local system where the Java files are to be placed, for example, c:\psoft8_ components.
 - To build all API files, select the default, All (potentially a large number), and click OK.

PeopleSoft generates the files. This takes a few minutes. After the process is complete, a message appears in the output window.

You are now ready to compile the Java files. For more information, see "Compiling the PeopleSoft API Java Programs" on page A-5.

The following pane illustrates the GP_PYE_ERN_DED_ASGN component interface from the HR 8.1 application, as shown in Figure A–3.

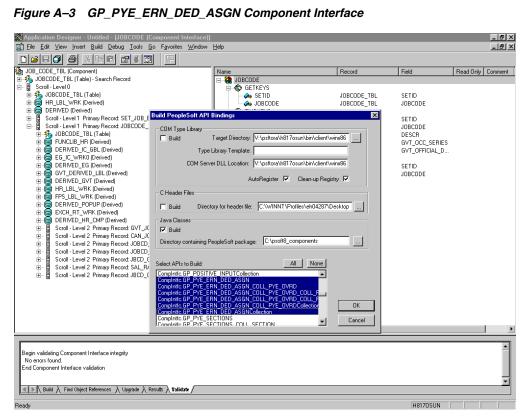


Figure A-3 GP_PYE_ERN_DED_ASGN Component Interface

To create APIs for a specific component interface or interfaces, click **None**.

This clears the selected APIs, so you can select the appropriate APIs for your component interface. These APIs begin with the name of your component interface. There may be fewer than five, or more than 50 APIs, for a particular component interface.

The following dialog displays the following APIs, including generic component interface properties, as shown in Figure A-4.

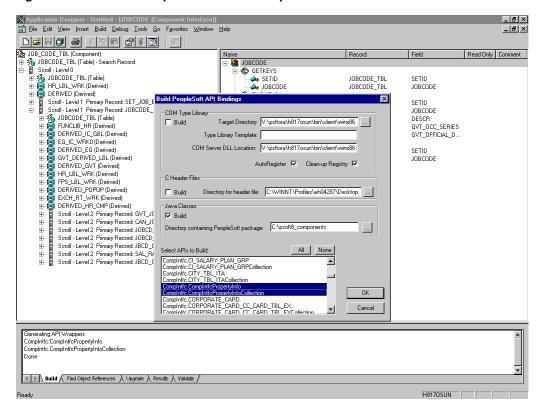


Figure A–4 Generic Component Interface Properties

In addition to the APIs for the selected component interface, you also must generate the API files for the following generic component interface properties:

CompIntfcPropertyInfo

CompIntfcPropertyInfoCollection

You may select these items in the same step as the component interface build, or you may select them separately.

b. Click **OK**.

PeopleSoft generates the files. This takes a few minutes. After the process is complete, a message appears in the output window. You are now ready to compile the Java files. For more information, see "Compiling the PeopleSoft API Java Programs" on page A-5.

A.2 Compiling the PeopleSoft API Java Programs

PeopleSoft places the Java programs to compile in the directory called psoft8_ components\PeopleSoft\Generated\CompIntfc.

Where psoft8_components is the directory specified during the build process.

If you chose to generate all APIs, the systems creates a second directory, psoft8_ components\PeopleSoft\Generated\PeopleSoft. You are not required to access it.

The process for compiling the PeopleSoft API Java programs depends on whether you are compiling on the system where you installed Application Explorer or on another system.

Note: There are two Java programs for every API file that you selected when you built the Java programs. For more information, see "Building the PeopleSoft API Java Programs" on page A-1.

Before you compile the Java programs, you require the PeopleSoft Java Object Adapter, the psjoa.jar file that resides on your PeopleSoft Application Server under the *PS_HOME*\Web\psjoa directory. This is the file that you placed in the adapter lib directory during installation.

If you are compiling on the same system where you installed Application Explorer

Point to the psjoa.jar file or copy it to the directory where you placed the Java API files, for example, c:\psoft8_components.

If you are compiling on a system other than the one where you installed **Application Explorer**

Perform the following steps:

- Obtain a copy of the psjoa.jar file from the PeopleSoft Application Server. Ensure that the psjoa.jar file is in the Java class path before you compile the programs.
- Compile the Java programs and ensure that you include the \PeopleSoft\Generated\CompIntfc path.

The path is case-sensitive.

The following Windows batch file, run from the psoft8_components directory, properly compiles the Java APIs. The code assumes that psjoa.jar was placed in psoft8_components.

```
@echo off
set JAVA_HOME=<my-java-home>
set PATH=%JAVA_HOME%\bin;%PATH%
set CLASSPATH=%JAVA_HOME%\lib\tools.jar;psjoa.jar;%CLASSPATH%
javac -classpath %CLASSPATH% .\PeopleSoft\Generated\CompIntfc\*.java
```

Where <my-java-home> is the fully qualified path name of your Java home directory.

This code places the class files in the same directory with the Java files, but you can choose a different location depending on your site requirements.

3. Compress the class files into a JAR file.

The following Windows batch file, if run from the psoft8_components directory, creates a correct JAR file:

```
@echo off
set JAVA_HOME= my-java-home
set PATH=%JAVA_HOME%\bin;%PATH%
set CLASSPATH=%JAVA_HOME%\lib\tools.jar;%CLASSPATH%
jar cvf my-jar-file.jar .\PeopleSoft\Generated\CompIntfc\*.class
```

Where appropriate, substitutions are made for my-java-home and my-jar-file.

To verify that your JAR file is correct, open it with the WinZip application, as shown in Figure A-5.

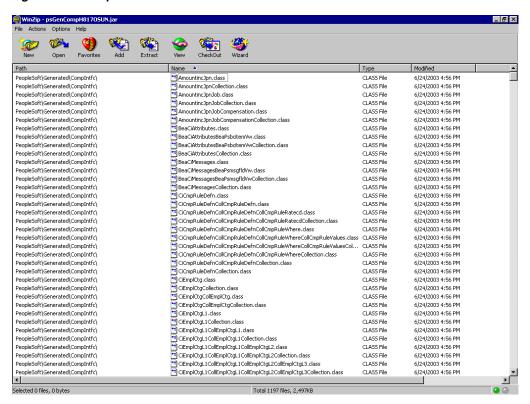


Figure A-5 PeopleSoft Jar Files

If the JAR file does not use the case-sensitive PeopleSoft\Generated\CompIntfc\ path, you must go back and correct it.

Place the JAR file in the adapters common lib directory, which enables the Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft to communicate with the PeopleSoft component interface.

<ADAPTER_HOME>\lib

Note: If you run on UNIX, perform the compile and JAR steps on Windows and then move the file to your UNIX system. The JAR file is binary. If you use an FTP-based tool to move your JAR file from Windows to UNIX, the file format must be set to binary.

Compiling the	PeopleSoft API	Java Programs

Configuring the PeopleSoft Message Router

This appendix describes how to configure and test a TCP/IP or HTTP target connector and a TCP/IP handler for PeopleSoft. It contains the following topics:

- Section B.1, "Configuring the TCP/IP or HTTP Target Connector for PeopleSoft
- Section B.2, "Configuring the TCP/IP Target Connector"
- Section B.3, "Configuring the Node for the TCP/IP 8.4 Connector"
- Section B.4, "Configuring the TCP/IP Handler for PeopleSoft 8.1"
- Section B.5, "Configuring the HTTP Handler for PeopleSoft 8.1"
- Section B.6, "Testing Your PeopleSoft Configuration"

The information in this appendix assumes that you are familiar with PeopleSoft Integration Broker (in release 8.4) or Application Messaging (in release 8.1). For more information, see Appendix D, "Using PeopleSoft Integration Broker". For a complete description before you work with Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft, see your PeopleSoft documentation.

Note: In PeopleSoft release 8.1, the messaging architecture is called Application Messaging and includes Application Messaging Gateway. In release 8.4, the messaging architecture is called Integration Broker, which includes Integration Gateway. When discussing releaseindependent issues, this section uses release 8.4 terminology. When discussing release-specific issues, it uses release-specific terminology.

B.1 Configuring the TCP/IP or HTTP Target Connector for PeopleSoft 8.4

The procedures in this topic assume that your Integration Broker environment is configured and tested. For more information, see Appendix D, "Using PeopleSoft Integration Broker".

Configure the gateway for the TCP/IP Target Connector or HTTP Target Connector. For more information, see "Configuring the TCP/IP Target Connector" on page B-2.

Note: This step is optional when configuring the HTTP Connector. The HTTP Target Connector is supplied with your PeopleSoft application, and no special configuration steps are required. If you choose, you may configure default connection values on the Gateway. You can override these values when you configure the node.

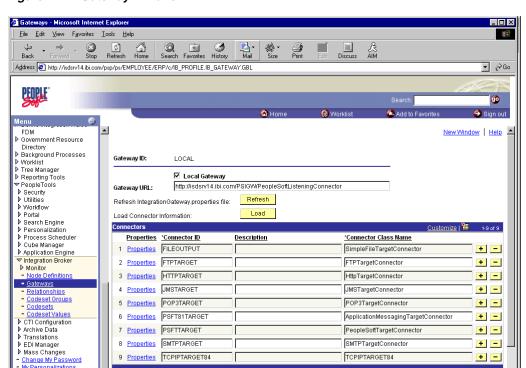
Configure the node. For more information, see "Configuring the Node for the TCP/IP 8.4 Connector" on page B-3.

Note: Starting with release 8.4, the Integration Broker is delivered with an HTTP Outbound Connector. For more information, see "Configuring the HTTP Connector" on page B-8.

B.2 Configuring the TCP/IP Target Connector

To configure the gateway for the TCP/IP Target Connector:

- In a Web browser, open your PeopleSoft release 8.4 application.
- In the menu pane, expand PeopleTools, then expand Integration Broker, and click Gateways.
- **3.** Open the **LOCAL Gateway ID**. A pane similar to the following Gateway ID pane is displayed, as shown in Figure B–1.



Internet

Figure B-1 Gateway ID Pane

If you do not see the TCPIPTARGET84 Connector ID, click Load and scroll to locate TCPIPTARGET84 in the list.

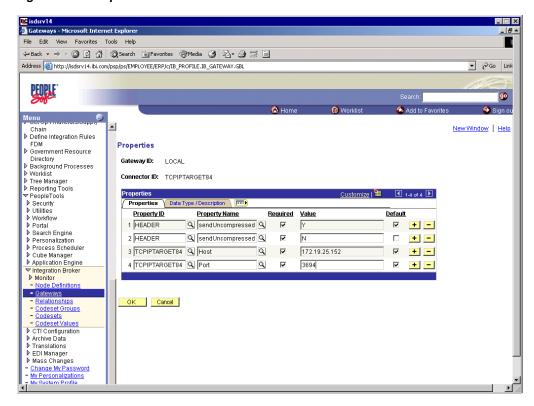
If TCPIPTARGET84 still does not appear, the connector class file was not installed in the Integration Gateway.

Perform the following steps:

Click the **Properties** URL for TCPIPTARGET84.

The Properties pane for TCPIPTARGET84 is displayed, as shown in Figure B–2. Default values appear for the host and the port. For complex business situations, you can override this setting on the individual node.

Figure B-2 Properties Pane



- **b.** Enter the values for the host and the port for the system on which your PeopleSoft XML listener is listening for incoming messages.
- Click **OK**.

The Gateway window is displayed.

Scroll to the bottom of the window and click **Save**.

You have finished configuring the gateway for the TCP/IP Target Connector.

B.3 Configuring the Node for the TCP/IP 8.4 Connector

This section consists of the following topics:

- Section B.3.1, "Configuring the HTTP Target Connector"
- Section B.3.2, "Configuring the HTTP Connector"

To configure the node for the TCP/IP 8.4 Connector:

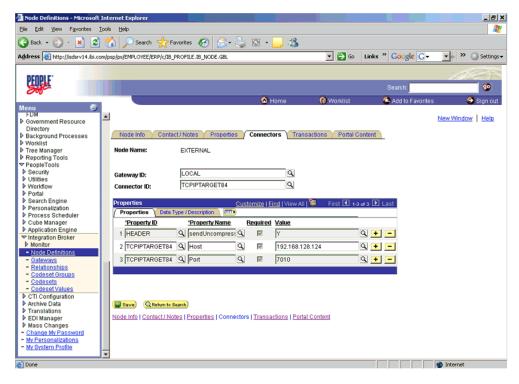
- 1. In the Menu pane, select **PeopleTools**, **Integration Broker**, and then click **Node** Definitions.
- **2.** Select the node that you want to configure.

Note: This procedure uses a node called EXTERNAL. For more information about creating and using nodes, see Appendix D, "Using PeopleSoft Integration Broker" or your PeopleSoft documentation.

Perform the following steps:

- Select **External** from the **Node Type** list.
- Select **Implicit** from the **Routing Type** list.
- Select the **Connectors** tab, as shown in Figure B–3.

Figure B-3 Connectors Tab



Perform the following steps:

- Select **TCPIPTARGET84** as the Connector ID.
 - Default values appear for the host and the port.
- **b.** Enter the values for the host and the port for the system and port that route XML to Oracle WebLogic Server. You can accept or override the default values for individual nodes.
- **c.** Click **Save**.
- If you are warned that you are changing the connector, click **OK**.
- Select the **Transactions** tab, as shown in Figure B–4.

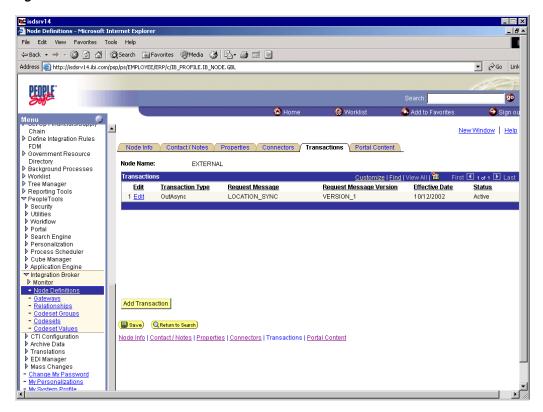


Figure B-4 Transactions Tab

Perform the following steps:

- If there are no transactions, click **Add Transaction** to add the message with which you are working. In this procedure, the node is already configured with the LOCATION_SYNC message.
- To view transaction details for the LOCATION_SYNC message, click **Edit**. The Transaction Detail tab appears, as shown in Figure B–5.

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Government Resource
Directory
Background Processes
Worklist
Tree Transaction Detail Messages Node Name: EXTERNAL Transaction Detail ▶ Tree Manager
 ▶ Reporting Tools
 ▼ PeopleTools *Status: Active Effective Date: 10/12/2002 Security
Utilities Transaction Type: OutAsync Workflow
 Portal
 Search Engine Request Message: LOCATION SYNC Request Message Version: VERSION 1 Personalization Implicit 🔻 Routing Type: Process Scheduler Override Connector Dube Manager ➤ Application Engine
➤ Integration Broker
➤ Monitor
- Node Definitions ٨ - <u>Gateways</u> - <u>Relationships</u> Ψ - Codeset Groups
- Codesets
- Codeset Values
- CTI Configuration Return to Transaction L Save Fransaction Detail | <u>Messages</u> Archive Data > Translations ▶ EDI Manager Mass Changes
 Change My Password
 My Personalizations
 Mhy System Profile

Figure B-5 Transaction Detail Tab

- Add the message with which you are working.
- Verify that the **Routing Type** is **Implicit**.
- 6. Click Save.
- Return to the **Transactions** tab.

Perform the following steps:

- a. Edit additional transactions by clicking Edit and navigating to the Transaction Detail tab.
- **b.** In the **Transaction Detail** tab, select **Inactive** from the **Status** list.

Inactive status is for initial testing only. After you test your configuration, you may change the status to Active and have as many nodes and transactions as required to satisfy your business requirements.

Click Save.

You can now send XML messages to your PeopleSoft XML listener.

B.3.1 Configuring the HTTP Target Connector

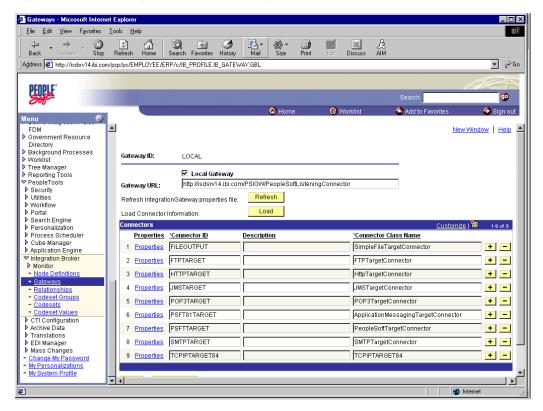
The HTTP Target Connector is supplied with your PeopleSoft application, and no special configuration steps are required. If you choose, you may configure default connection values on the Gateway. You can override these values when you configure the node. To configure the gateway for the HTTP Target Connector:

- In a Web browser, open your PeopleSoft 8.4 application.
- In the Menu pane, expand **PeopleTools**, then expand **Integration Broker**, and click **Gateways**.

3. Open the LOCAL Gateway ID.

A pane similar to the following Gateway ID pane is displayed, as shown in Figure B–6.

Figure B-6 HTTP Target Connector Gateway ID Pane



If you do not see the **HTTPTARGET Connector ID**, click **Load**.

If it does not appear, your Gateway was not installed properly. Check with your PeopleSoft system administrator.

Click the **Properties** URL for HTTPTARGET.

The Properties pane for HTTPTARGET displays default values, as shown in Figure B–7.

PeopleSoft. ✓ My Favorites 38 HEADER Max-Forwards + -- Gateways 39 HEADER Q Pragma Q + -Location Monitor Message 40 HEADER Proxy-Authenticate + -Node Definitions
SYNC TEST COMP GBL Proxy-Authorization Q 41 HEADER + -Synchronous Details Web Services for Cls Range Q 42 HEADER + -- Edit Favorites

D Employee Self-Service

Manager Self-Service 43 HEADER Referer Q [+ -Retry-After 44 HEADER Q + -Demand Planning 45 HEADER SOAPAction QF D Enterprise Planning Production Planning Q TimeOut D Production Planning
D Customers
D Products
D Promotions
D Customer Contracts
D Order Management 46 HEADER Q + -Trailer 47 HEADER Q + -☐ Transfer-Encoding ☐ ☐ 48 HEADER + -49 HEADER Q Upgrade Q $\pm \Box$ D Order Pricing D Customer Returns 50 HEADER Q User-Agent Q + -D Items D Items
D Cost Accounting
D Vendors
D Purchasing
D Inventory
D eProcurement Q Vary 51 HEADER Q + -Q 52 HEADER Q Via + -53 HEADER + -Sourcing Q D Engineering 54 HEADER Q Warning + -Manufacturing Definitions 55 HEADER SendUncompressed Q 🗸 + -Production Control D ProjectsendUncompressed Q 🔽 + -57 HTTPPROPERTY Q Method QF ⋉ + -58 HTTPPROPERTY Q Method Projects QF GET + -D Engagement Planning
D Resource Management
D Travel and Expenses 59 PRIMARYURL Q URL QV http://172.30.172.39:5576 ☑ + -D Billing
D Accounts Receivable
D Accounts Payable OK Cancel D Asset Management

Figure B-7 HTTPTARGET Properties Pane

Scroll to the bottom and enter a value for the **PRIMARYURL**.

This is the default HTTP address (system and port) on which your PeopleSoft XML listener is listening for incoming messages.

Note: For complex business situations, you can override this setting on the individual node.

7. Click OK.

The Gateway window is displayed.

Scroll to the bottom of the window and click **Save**.

You have finished configuring the gateway for the HTTP Target Connector.

B.3.2 Configuring the HTTP Connector

Starting with release 8.4, the Integration Broker is delivered with an HTTP Outbound Connector. This connector can be used in place of the TCP/IP 8.4 connector for sending messages to Oracle WebLogic Server.

To configure the node to use the HTTP Connector:

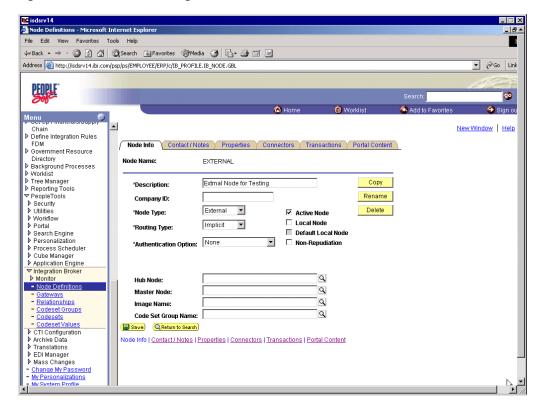


Figure B-8 Connector Configuration Pane

- In the Menu pane, expand **PeopleTools**, **Integration Broker**, and then click **Node Definitions**, as shown in Figure B–8.
- Select the node that you want to configure.

Note: This procedure uses a node called EXTERNAL. For more information about creating and using nodes, see Appendix D, "Using PeopleSoft Integration Broker" or your PeopleSoft documentation.

Perform the following steps:

- From the **Node Type** list, select **External**.
- From the **Routing Type** list, select **Implicit**.

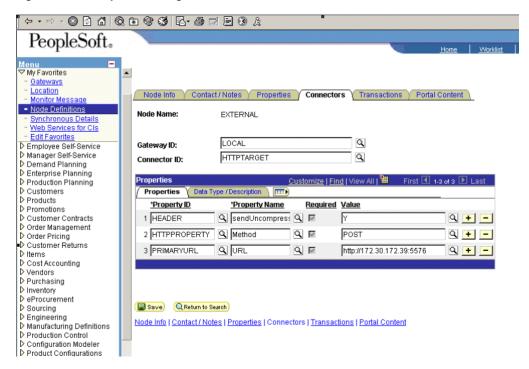


Figure B-9 PeopleSoft Integration Broker Connectors Tab

Select the **Connectors** tab, as shown in Figure B–9.

Perform the following steps:

- Change the Connector ID to HTTPTARGET.
- Enter a value for each property based on the following:

Property ID	Property Name	Value
HEADER	sendUncompressed	Υ
HTTPPROPERTY	Method	POST
PRIMARYURL	URL	URL and the port of the HTTP listener

Note: For complex business situations you can configure multiple nodes and multiple listeners.

- Click **Save**.
- If you are warned that you are changing the Connector, click **OK**.
- Select the **Transactions** tab, as shown in Figure B–10.

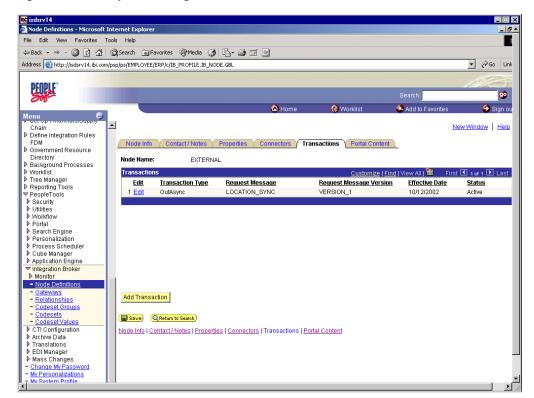


Figure B-10 PeopleSoft Integration Broker Transactions Tab

7. If there are no transactions, click **Add Transaction**.

In this procedure, the node is already configured with the LOCATION_SYNC message.

The Transaction Detail tab appears, as shown in Figure B–11.

_ 🗆 × Node Definitions - Microsoft Internet Explo
 ← Back - → - ② ② ② ③ ② Search
 ☑ Favorites
 ④ Media
 ③ □ □ □
 ▼ 🔗 Go Link Address (a) http://isdsrv14.ibi.com/psp/ps/EMPLOYEE/ERP/c/IB_PROFILE.IB_NODE.GBL (ii) Worklis New Window | Help Chain
Define Integration Rules Transaction Detail Messages ▶ Government Resource Government Resource
 Directory
 Background Processes
 Worklist
 Tree Manager
 Reporting Tools
 PeopleTools
 Security EXTERNAL Node Name: 10/12/2002 ▶ Security
▶ Utilities Workflow
 Portal
 Search Engine
 Personalization
 Process Scheduler
 Cube Manager
 Application Engine LOCATION SYNC Request Message: Request Message Version: VERSION 1 Implicit 💌 Routing Type: Override Conn Application Engine ✓ Integration Broker
▶ Monitor - Node Definition Α ¥ Relationships Return to Transaction List - Codeset Values

▶ CTI Configuration
▶ Archive Data Transaction Detail | Messages Translations EDI Manager Mass Changes
 Change My Password
 My Personalizations
 Mw System Profile

Figure B-11 Transaction Detail Tab

You can add the message with which you are working.

- Verify that the **Routing Type** is **Implicit**.
- b. Click Save.
- Return to the Transaction List. Perform the following steps:
 - If there are other transactions, edit them.
 - Set the status to **Inactive**.

Inactive status is for initial testing only. After you test your configuration, you may change the status to Active and have as many nodes and transactions as required to satisfy your business requirements.

Click **Save** on the Transaction List.

You can now send XML messages to your PeopleSoft XML listener.

B.4 Configuring the TCP/IP Handler for PeopleSoft 8.1

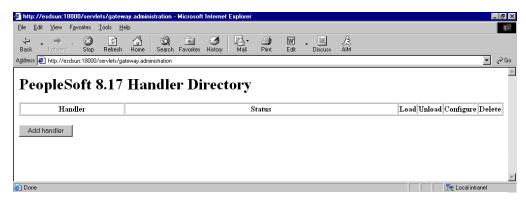
The following procedure assumes that your Application Messaging environment is properly configured and tested. For more information, see Appendix D, "Using PeopleSoft Integration Broker".

To configure the TCP/IP Handler for PeopleSoft 8.1 to send messages to Oracle WebLogic Server:

- In a Web browser, launch the **PeopleSoft 8.1 Gateway Configuration** servlet interface.
- If the Simple File Handler is currently loaded, unload and delete it before proceeding.

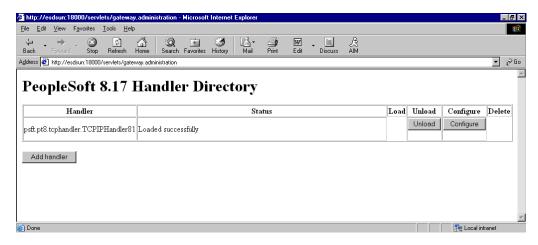
You must see an empty Handler directory, as shown in Figure B–12.

Figure B-12 Empty Handler Directory



Click **Add handler**, as shown in Figure B–13.

Figure B-13 Loaded Add Handler Directory



Perform the following steps:

Enter the full path of the TCP/IP Handler for PeopleSoft 8.1:

psft.pt8.tcphandler.TCPIPHandler81

This value is case-sensitive and must be entered exactly as shown.

- b. Click Save.
- 4. Click Load.

The PeopleSoft Handler Directory window is displayed.

5. Click **Configure**.

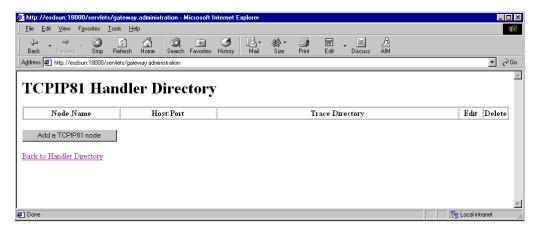
The TCPIP81 Handler Directory window is displayed.

Click Add a TCPIP81 node.

Note: The screens illustrating this procedure show a node named EXTERNAL. For more information about creating and using nodes, see Appendix D, "Using PeopleSoft Integration Broker" or your PeopleSoft documentation.

The Add TCPIP81 Handler window is displayed, as shown in Figure B-14.

Figure B-14 Add TCPIP81 Handler Window



7. Enter the requested values based on the information in the following table.

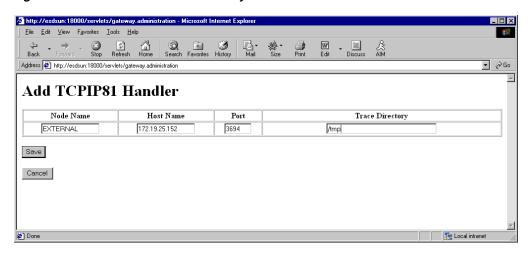
Field	Value Example	Description
Node Name	EXTERNAL	The name of the TCP/IP node.
Host Name	172.19.25.152	The system on which your PeopleSoft XML listener is listening for incoming messages.
Port	3694	The port on which your PeopleSoft XML listener is listening for incoming messages.
Trace Directory	/tmp	The directory where a trace file is created when errors occur in message delivery.

The system does not validate your entries.

8. Click Save.

The TCPIP81 Handler Directory window is displayed, as shown in Figure B–15.

Figure B-15 TCPIP81 Handler Directory Window



- For your changes to take effect, click **Back to Handler Directory** to return to the PeopleSoft 8.1 Handler Directory window.
- 10. Click Unload and re-Load TCPIPHandler81.

You can now send messages from PeopleSoft to Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft.

B.5 Configuring the HTTP Handler for PeopleSoft 8.1

After the TCP/IP Handler is configured, perform the following steps to configure the HTTP Handler.

- In a Web browser, launch the **PeopleSoft 8.1 Gateway Configuration** servlet interface.
- Click Add handler. 2.
- Enter the full path of the HTTP Handler for PeopleSoft 8.1:

```
psft.pt8.tcphandler.HTTPHandler81
```

This value is case-sensitive and must be entered exactly as shown.

- Click Save.
- Load the TCP/IP Handler to configure the node.
- Provide the port number configured for the HTTP channel and then save the Handler.

For more information, see step 7 in Section B.4, "Configuring the TCP/IP Handler for PeopleSoft 8.1" on page B-12.

- Unload the TCP/IP Handler.
- Reload the HTTP Handler and trigger the events.

B.6 Testing Your PeopleSoft Configuration

PeopleSoft 8.1 and 8.4 provide a ping node mechanism for testing your configuration. The mechanism functions identically in both versions.

Test your configuration to ensure that:

- Oracle WebLogic Server is up and running.
- The server name and port number for PeopleSoft and Oracle WebLogic Server match.
- The default page for HTTP exists.

To test a PeopleSoft configuration:

- In a Web browser, open your PeopleSoft application.
- Navigate to the message monitoring menu.

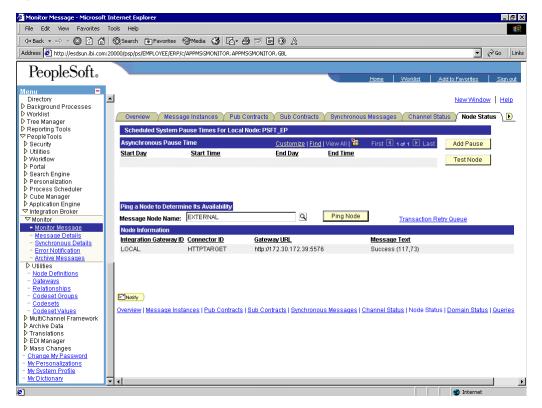
For PeopleSoft 8.4:

- In the menu pane, expand **PeopleTools**, **Integration Broker**, and **Monitor**.
- Select **Monitor Message**.

For PeopleSoft 8.1:

- In the menu pane, expand Home, PeopleTools, Application Message Monitor, and Use.
- **b.** Select **Application Message Monitor**.
- Click the **Node Status** tab, as shown in Figure B–16.

Figure B-16 Node Status Tab



Perform the following steps:

- From the Message Node Name list, select your node.
- Click **Ping Node**.

If you properly configured both PeopleSoft and Oracle WebLogic Server, you receive a Success message.

An error indicates a configuration problem. For more information, see the Integration Broker error log.

Testing Your PeopleSoft Configura

Using Component Interfaces

This appendix describes how to create new and modify existing component interfaces for use with Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft. It also describes how to apply security to those component interfaces and how to test them.

You can:

- Use component interfaces supplied by PeopleSoft with your application.
- Component interfaces also are known as Enterprise Integration Points (EIP).
- Modify an existing component interface.
- Create a new component interface.

Before using your component interface you must apply security to it and test it.

After securing and testing a component interface, you must generate its API. For more information, see Appendix A, "Generating Component Interface APIs".

Note: This section is intended as a helpful supplement; it is not a substitute for PeopleSoft documentation. For complete and up-to-date information about PeopleSoft component interfaces, see the PeopleSoft Online Library for your PeopleSoft system.

This appendix contains the following topics:

- Section C.1, "Working With Properties"
- Section C.2, "Securing a Component Interface"
- Section C.3, "Testing a Component Interface"

C.1 Working With Properties

You create component interfaces using the PeopleSoft Application Designer. For more information about Application Designer, see your PeopleSoft documentation.

You can add properties from the records in the component view. You can delete a property in the component interface that you do not want to expose. You can rename properties by clicking the property and then clicking again until you can enter a new name. If you rename a property, it can be referenced in the component interface only by the new name, not by the underlying component name.

Properties may have various icons adjacent to them. For example, EMPLID has an icon indicating that it is a key field from the underlying record. NAME has an icon

indicating that it is an alternate key field from the underlying record. For a complete list of property icons, see the PeopleBooks documentation.

This section consists of the following topics:

- Section C.1.1, "Creating a New Component Interface"
- Section C.1.2, "Viewing or Changing Available Methods"

C.1.1 Creating a New Component Interface

This section contains the following topic:

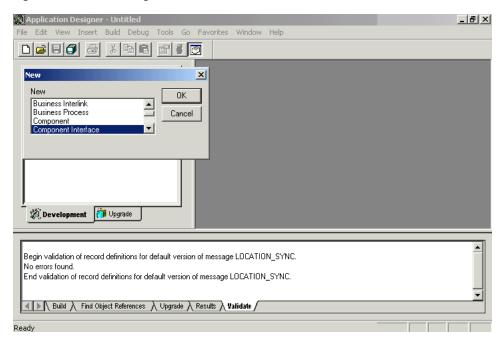
Section C.1.1.1, "Standard Methods"

To create a component interface:

- 1. Open the PeopleSoft Application Designer.
- Select **New** from the **File** menu.

The New dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure C-1.

Figure C-1 New Dialog



Perform the following steps:

- Select Component Interface.
- b. Click OK.

The Select Source Component for Component Interface dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure C-2.

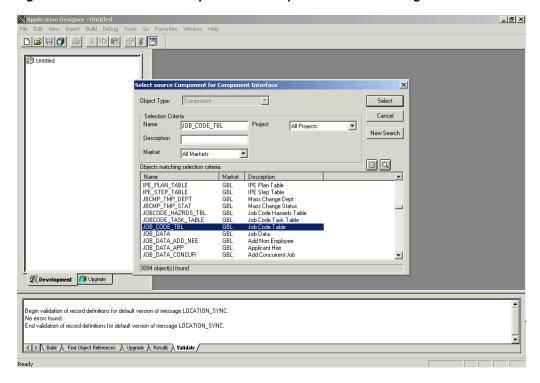


Figure C-2 Select Source Component for Component Interface Dialog

Highlight the component to use as a basis for the component interface and click Select.

The Application Designer dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure C–3.

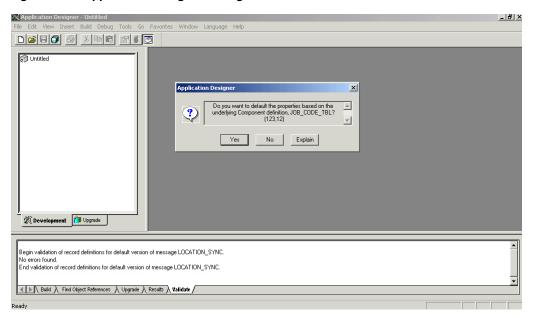


Figure C-3 Application Designer Dialog

Note: If the component interface is large, expose the component properties manually.

To create the component interface without displaying properties and to expose component properties manually, click No.

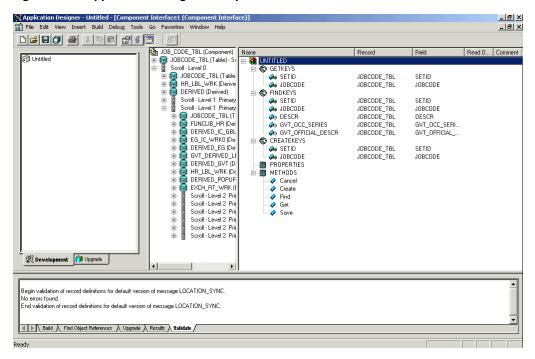
Perform the following steps:

- Drag the relevant fields from the left pane to the right pane.
- To select various functions to perform, right-click either the right or left pane, depending on which pane is active, as shown in Figure C-4.

For a complete list of functions, see the PeopleBooks documentation.

5. To create the component interface and display the properties of the underlying component interface, click **Yes**.

Figure C–4 Application Designer Component Interface



C.1.1.1 Standard Methods

The standard methods for the component interface are:

- Create
- Find
- Get
- Save

Only those methods in the underlying component are available. For example, if the underlying component does not contain Add capabilities, Create is not available.

C.1.2 Viewing or Changing Available Methods

To view or change available methods:

1. Display the Component Interface Properties dialog, as shown in Figure C-5.

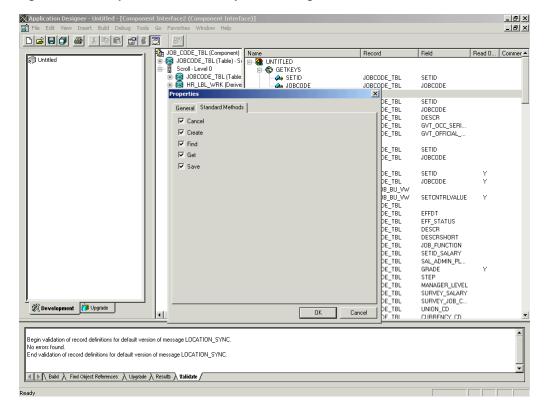


Figure C-5 Component Interface Properties Dialog

- Click the **Standard Methods** tab.
- Select the desired methods.

C.2 Securing a Component Interface

You must set up security for the component interface before you can begin testing. This section consists of the following topics:

- Section C.2.1, "Configuring Component Interface Security for PeopleSoft Version 8.1x"
- Section C.2.2, "Configuring Component Interface Security for PeopleSoft Version 8.4 or Higher"

C.2.1 Configuring Component Interface Security for PeopleSoft Version 8.1x

The following procedure describes how to configure component interface security for PeopleSoft Version 8.1 in 2- and 3-tier mode.

To configure component interface security:

File Edit View Go Favorites Use Setup Process Help My Profile > **+ √ √ /** Forgot My Password User Profiles Administer Personalizations Delete User Profile Roles Role Save As Delete Role General Permission List Save As Pages Delete Permission List PeopleTools Process Sign-on Times Component Interface 🕨 Add Update/Display Message Monitor Web Libraries Query Mass Change Other Settings Audit

Figure C-6 Component Interface Security Options

From the **Use** menu, select **Permission Lists**, **Component Interface**, and then click Update/Display, as shown in Figure C-6.

The Permission Lists dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure C–7.

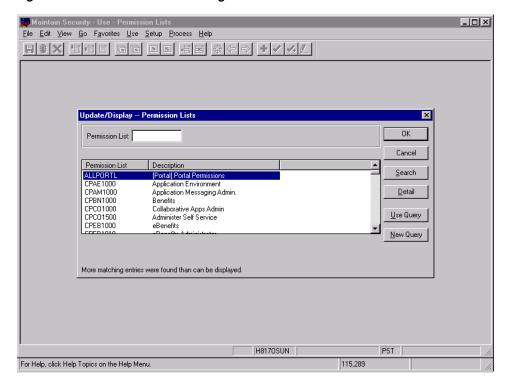


Figure C-7 Permission Lists Dialog

Before Security can be set, you must identify the permission lists.

Select the relevant permission list and click **OK**. For more information on permission lists, see the PeopleBooks documentation. The Permissions Lists pane is displayed, as shown in Figure C–8.

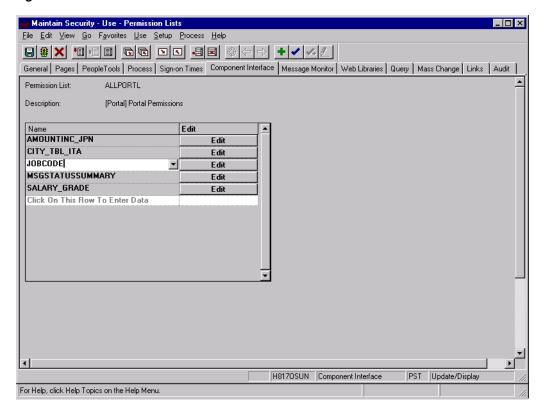


Figure C-8 Peremission Lists Pane

- Insert the new component interface that you created.
- Click Edit.

When you select the component interface, all available methods appear, including user-defined methods. You can specify whether this particular Permission List must have full or partial access.

The ALLPORTL Permission List has full access to all methods, as shown in Figure C-9.

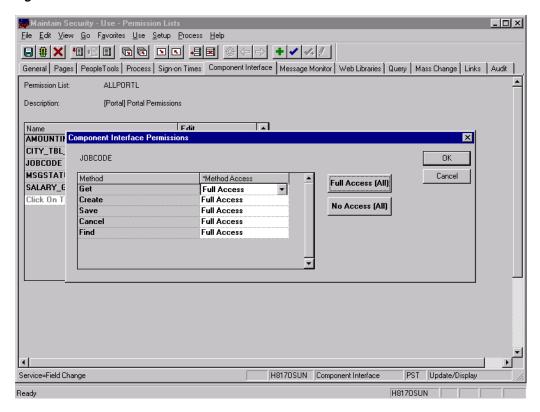


Figure C-9 ALLPORTL Permission List

- Select the desired level of access.
- Click **OK**. 6.

C.2.2 Configuring Component Interface Security for PeopleSoft Version 8.4 or Higher

The following procedure describes how to configure component interface security for PeopleSoft Version 8.4 or higher.

To configure interface security:

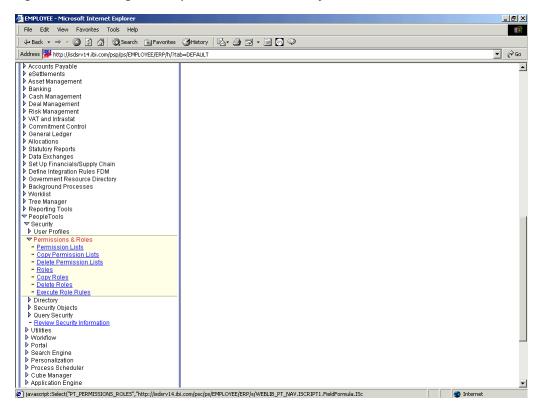


Figure C-10 Configure Component Interface Security

- Expand PeopleTools, Security, User Profiles, and Permissions & Roles and then click **Permission Lists**, as shown in Figure C–10.
- Click Search. 2.

The Permission Lists Search pane is displayed.

Select the relevant permission list, as shown in Figure C–11.

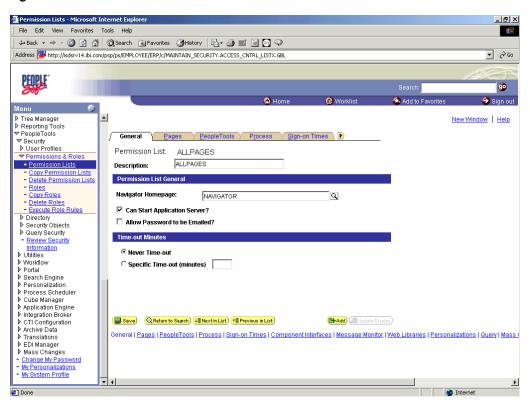


Figure C-11 Permission List Pane

Click the right arrow next to the **Sign-on Times** tab.

The **Component Interfaces** tab appears, as shown in Figure C–12.

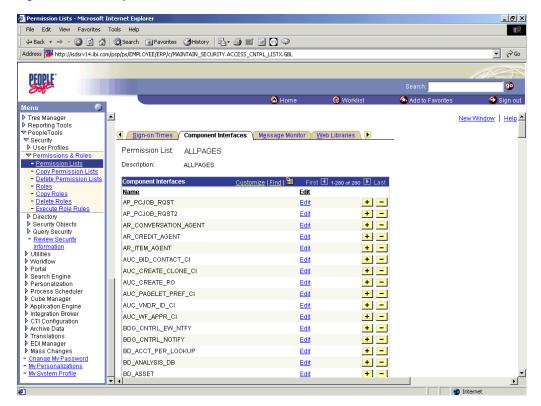


Figure C-12 Component Interfaces Tab

- Click the **Component Interfaces** tab. 5.
- Click + to add a new row to the Component Interfaces list.

A field appears where you can enter the component interface name, as shown in Figure C–13.

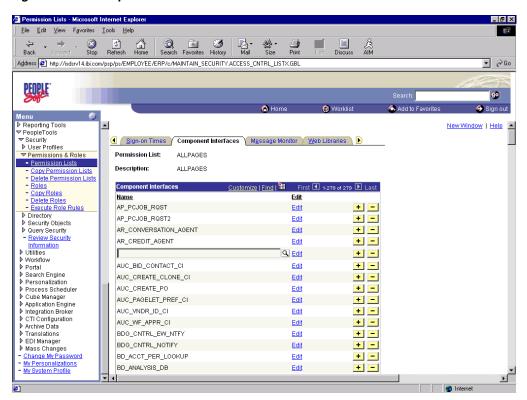


Figure C-13 Component Interface Name Field

7. Enter the component interface name and click **Edit**.

This example uses the component interface AR_ITEM_AGENT, as shown in Figure C-14.

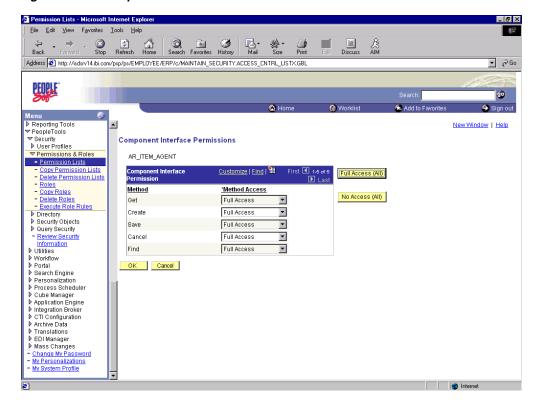


Figure C-14 Component Interface Permissions Window

- From the lists, select the desired access level for each method. 8.
- 9. Click **OK**.

The Permissions list window is displayed, as shown in Figure C–15.

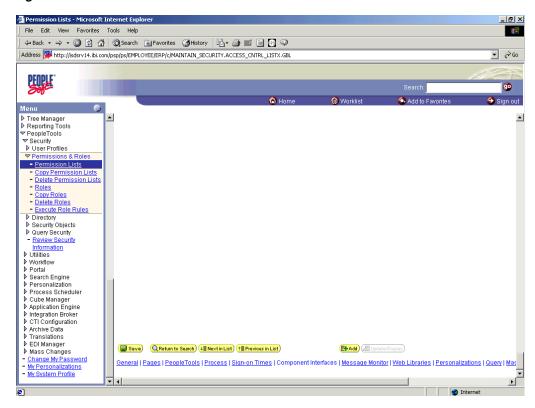


Figure C-15 Permissions List Window

10. Scroll down in the right pane and click **Save**.

C.3 Testing a Component Interface

Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft uses PeopleSoft metadata and component interfaces; therefore, it can accommodate new or modified component interfaces. The adapter makes no assumptions about component interfaces except that they are logical and valid. Each component interface must be tested before being used as a source for the adapter.

If changes are made to the underlying application by the user or by a PeopleSoft upgrade and the changes invalidate a component interface, the user must repair the invalid component interface before the adapter uses it.

To test a component interface:

1. In Application Designer, select **Test Component Interface** from the **Tools** menu. The Component Interface Tester dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure C–16.

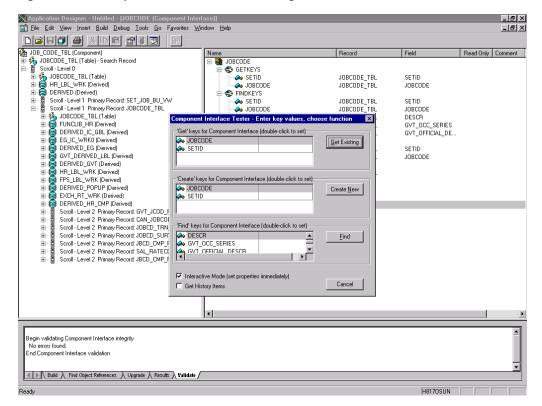


Figure C-16 Component Interface Tester Dialog

- If required, click the Component Interface Tester dialog to bring it to the foreground.
- 3. To test the component interface, use one the following methods.
 - To test the component interface using the Find method, click **Find**. The Component Interface Tester - Find Results dialog displays all of the possible entries for the underlying component, as shown in Figure C-17. If there are more than 300 entries, a message appears.

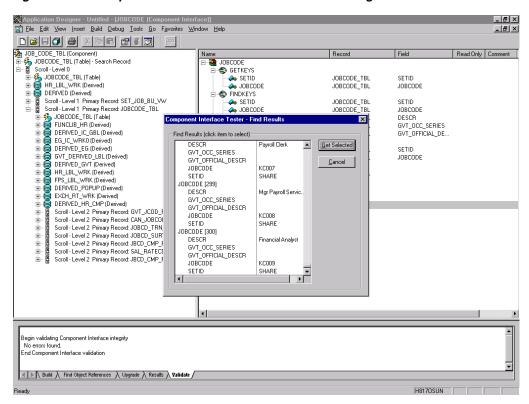


Figure C-17 Component Interface Tester - Find Results Dialog

- In the left pane of the Find Results dialog, select a field.
- To display the relevant data for that particular field, click **Get Selected**. The Find Results dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure C–18.

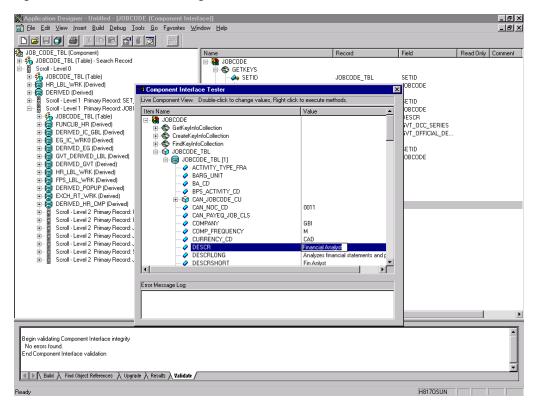


Figure C-18 Find Results Dialog

- If the security settings permit, you can change the values in the individual fields.
- To test the component interface using the Get method, perform the following
 - Enter the existing key(s).
 - Click **Get Existing**.

This returns the exposed properties for the key that you entered. You can change values if Update access was specified.

Alternatively, you can test using the Create method, as shown in Figure C–19.

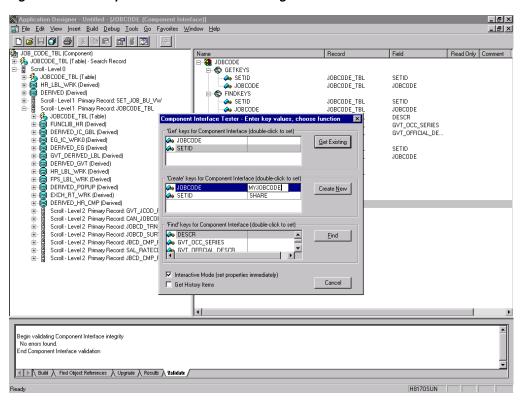


Figure C-19 Component Interface Tester Dialog

- Enter all required key values.
- Click **Create New**.

When you enter valid values in Create keys, a pane showing the JOBCODE data is displayed after the Table name is expanded with default data in place, as shown in Figure C-20.

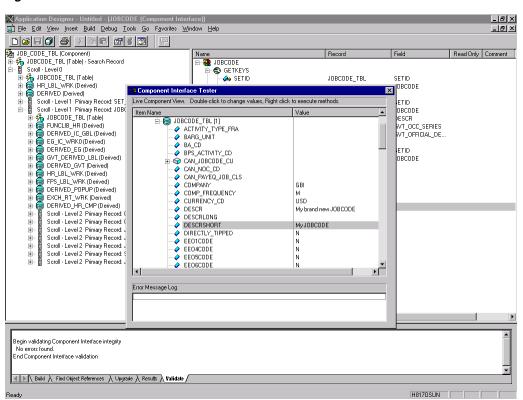


Figure C-20 JOBCODE Data

You can change fields at this point. Changes are validated against the component's underlying business logic.

- After you finish making changes, right-click the top item in the pane.
- To save your changes, click **Save**.

The keys used to create the record can be used with the Get method for viewing data. The data that was added can be viewed in the PeopleSoft Component as shown in the following example. The Effective Date is one of the default values.

You have finished testing the component interface. Before using the component interface, you must generate its API. For more information, see Appendix A, "Generating Component Interface APIs".

Using PeopleSoft Integration Broker

This appendix describes how to configure and test PeopleSoft Integration Broker (release 8.4) and PeopleSoft Application Messaging (release 8.1) using a PeopleSoft-supplied File Output interface. In PeopleSoft release 8.1, the messaging architecture is called Application Messaging and includes Application Messaging Gateway. In release 8.4, the messaging architecture is called Integration Broker, which includes Integration Gateway. When discussing release-generic issues, this section uses release 8.4 terminology. When discussing release-specific issues, it uses release-specific terminology.

Note: This section is not a substitute for PeopleSoft documentation. For more complete and up-to-date information on PeopleSoft Messaging and Integration Broker, see the *PeopleSoft* Online Library for your PeopleSoft system.

This appendix contains the following sections:

- Section D.1, "PeopleSoft Integration Broker"
- Section D.2, "Configuring Application Messaging in PeopleSoft Release 8.1"
- Section D.3, "Viewing the PeopleCode for a Message"
- Section D.4, "Testing the Integration Broker"
- Section D.5, "Using Outbound Synchronous Messages"
- Section D.6, "Using PeopleTools Version 8.48 and Higher to Generate Events"

D.1 PeopleSoft Integration Broker

PeopleSoft Integration Broker provides a mechanism for communicating with the outside world using XML files. Communication can take place between different PeopleSoft applications or between PeopleSoft and third-party systems.

To subscribe to data, third-party applications can accept and process XML messages posted by PeopleSoft using the available PeopleSoft connectors or by adding a custom built connector to the Integration Gateway. This topic primarily covers publishing outbound asynchronous messages from a PeopleSoft system to a third-party application using the delivered File Output connector. For information on outbound synchronous messages, see "Using Outbound Synchronous Messages" on page D-24.

To send a message, you must properly configure various internal structures and processes. The following descriptions are generally release-generic. Detailed differences between releases 8.1 and 8.4 are discussed in other topics.

Message

A Message is a container for the data that goes into the XML. It contains basic structural information, such as records and fields. The Message must be in an Active status to send the XML file

Message Channel

The Message Channel is a mechanism for structuring records into logical groupings. Each Message can belong to only one Message Channel. The Message Channel must be in an Active (Run) status for the Message to be delivered.

In release 8.1, the Message Channel also provides preliminary routing instructions; you can specify which Message Nodes handle the message. Each Message Channel can route messages to multiple Message Nodes

Message Node

Message node functionality changed from 8.1 to 8.4:

In release 8.1, the primary function of the Message Node is to specify which Gateway receives the messages.

In release 8.4, much of the "intelligence" that was built into the Message Channel moved to the Message Node. This provides additional flexibility over release 8.1. You can specify which messages the Message Node can handle. In addition, the Gateway Connector is bound to the Message Node. Each Message Node can route messages to only one Connector.

Integration Gateway

The Integration Gateway is a program that runs on the PeopleSoft Web Server. It is the physical hub between PeopleSoft and the third-party system.

Target Connector/Handler

Connectors are Java programs that run under the control of the Integration Gateway and control the final output destination of the XML file. PeopleSoft release 8.4 comes with several connectors including HTTP, FTP, SMTP, JMS, POP3, and a Simple File connector that places the file in a directory on the Web Server. This section discusses the Simple File connector.

PeopleCode

PeopleCode is the programming tool provided with PeopleTools that enables you to create complex application functionality. A message can only be initiated using specific PeopleCode instructions. This code is typically triggered by an application event, such as creating a new database entry through an online panel or through a batch job.

Most of the examples in this section use the LOCATION_SYNC message, which is a PeopleSoft Enterprise Integration Point (EIP) and is supplied with most PeopleSoft applications. If LOCATION_SYNC is not part of your package, you may use any supplied message.

This section consists of the following topic:

Section D.1.1, "Configuring Integration Broker in PeopleSoft 8.4"

D.1.1 Configuring Integration Broker in PeopleSoft 8.4

You can configure PeopleSoft 8.4 to send an asynchronous outbound message to the File Output connector.

This section consists of the following topics:

- Section D.1.1.1, "Ensuring the Message Is Active and Is Routed Correctly"
- Section D.1.1.2, "Configuring the IntegrationGateway.properties File"
- Section D.1.1.3, "Configuring the Integration Gateway and the File output Connector"
- Section D.1.1.4, "Creating and Configuring a New Gateway Node"

To configure application messaging in PeopleSoft 8.4:

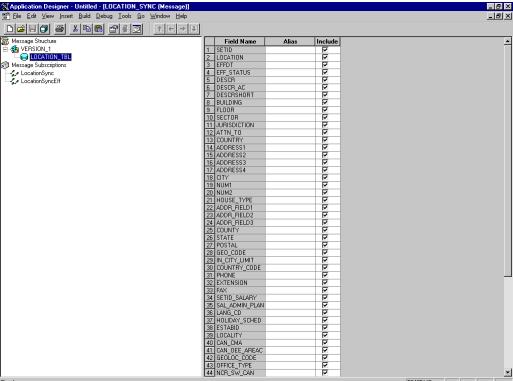
- Ensure that the message is active and is routed to the proper Message Channel.
- Configure the Message Channel.
- Configure the IntegrationGateway.properties file to communicate with your PeopleSoft 8.4 application.
- Configure the Integration Gateway and File Output connector.
- Create and configure a new Gateway node. These tasks are described in detail in the following procedures.

D.1.1.1 Ensuring the Message Is Active and Is Routed Correctly

To ensure that the message is active and is routed to the proper Message Channel:

- Open Application Designer.
- On the File menu, point to Open, click Message, and then open the LOCATION_ **SYNC** message, as shown in Figure D–1.

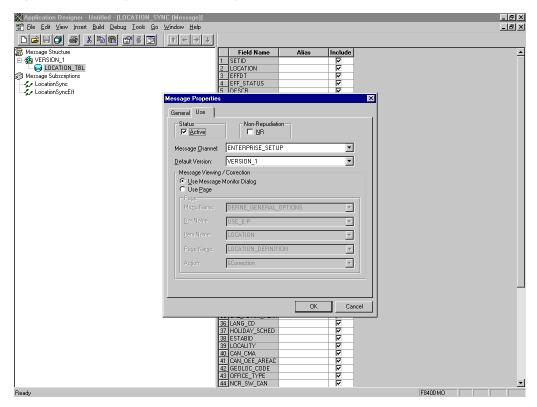
Figure D-1 LOCATION_SYNC Message 🌠 Application Designer - Untitled - [LOCATION_SYNC (Message)]



- To view the fields that are included in the Message, highlight LOCATION_TBL.
- Right-click LOCATION_TBL and select Properties.

The Message Properties dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure D–2.

Figure D-2 Message Properties Dialog



- Select the **Use** tab.
- Ensure the **Active** check box is selected.

The message is routed to the Message Channel, ENTERPRISE_SETUP, and the default message version is VERSION_1 (messages can have multiple versions).

Click **OK** and then save the message.

You have finished ensuring that the message is active and is routed correctly.

D.1.1.2 Configuring the IntegrationGateway.properties File

To configure the IntegrationGateway.properties file:

- Open the IntegrationGateway.properties file using the editor of your choice.
- Find the section of the file that specifies the JOLT connect string setting for the default application server. This is usually near line 75, and looks similar to the following:

```
## JOLT connect string setting for optional Default Application Server. Do NOT
specify a NODENAME.
# Example:
#ig.isc.serverURL=//MYSERVER:9000
#ig.isc.userid=MYUSERID
```

```
#ig.isc.password=MYPASSWORD
#ig.isc.toolsRel=8.40
```

- **3.** Uncomment (or copy and uncomment) the four lines that specify the connection.
- **4.** Enter the appropriate information.

In the following example, the tools release is 8.40.09:

```
ig.isc.serverURL=//isdsrv14:9000
ig.isc.userid=VP1
ig.isc.password=VP1
ig.isc.toolsRel=8.40.09
```

The PeopleSoft tools release must be precise to the last decimal.

Note: With release 8.42, the password must be stored in an encrypted format. PeopleSoft provides a script called PSCipher.bat (PSCipher.sh on UNIX) to accomplish encryption. Typically, this script is located in the path of the IntegrationGateway.properties file. Follow the instructions supplied by PeopleSoft to run this script.

You have finished configuring the IntegrationGateway.properties file.

D.1.1.3 Configuring the Integration Gateway and the File output Connector

To configure the Integration Gateway and the File Output Connector:

- In a Web browser, open your PeopleSoft 8.4 application in 4-tier mode.
- In the Menu pane, expand **PeopleTools**, **Integration Broker**, and then click Gateways.
- **3.** Open the LOCAL Gateway ID and enter the following Gateway URL:

```
host name/PSIGW/PeopleSoftListeningConnector
```

Where host name is the name of your PeopleSoft Web Server.

4. Click **Refresh**.

A message appears stating the outcome of the refresh process, as shown in Figure D–3.

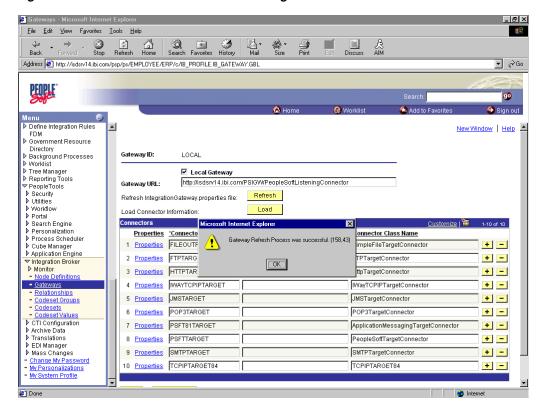


Figure D-3 Refresh Process Outcome Message

Click **OK** and scroll down to click **Save**.

You must click Save before continuing.

6. Click the **Properties** link for the FILEOUTPUT Connector ID.

The Properties window for the FILEOUTPUT Connector is displayed.

7. Accept or overwrite the default values.

The FilePath PROPERTY from the c:\temp default was changed to d:\ps\cache, as shown in Figure D-4.

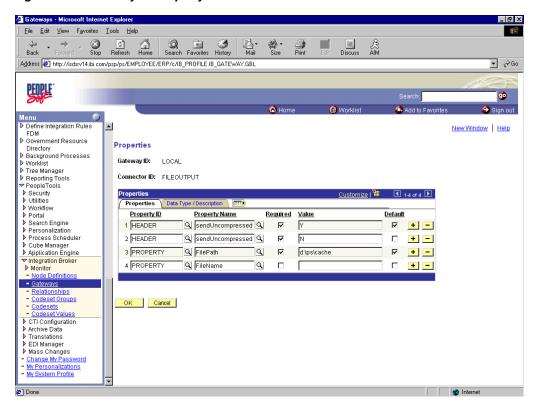


Figure D-4 Gateway ID Property Pane

- To return to the Gateway window, click **OK**.
- Scroll down and click Save.

You have finished configuring the Integration Gateway and the File Output Connector.

D.1.1.4 Creating and Configuring a New Gateway Node

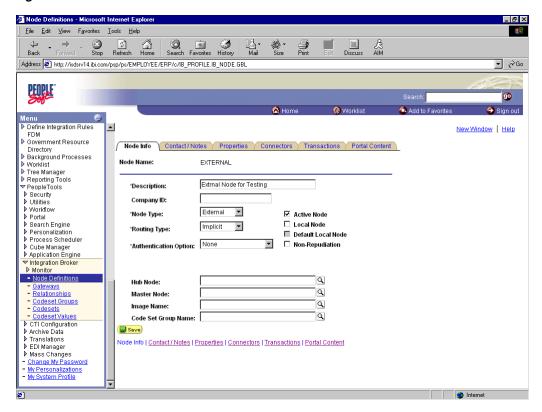
To create and configure a new Gateway Node:

- In the Menu pane, expand PeopleTools, Integration Broker, and then, click Node Definitions.
- Select the **Add a New Value** tab.
- In the **Node Name** field, enter a node name.

It is recommended that you name your first (trial) message node EXTERNAL. After successfully configuring and sending messages using this node, you can create additional message nodes with names appropriate for your application.

The Node Info tab becomes available, as shown in Figure D–5.

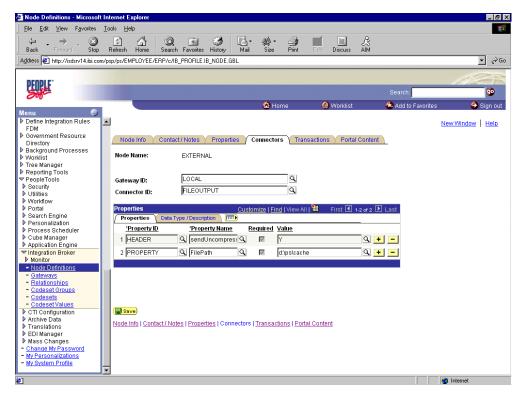
Figure D-5 Node Info Tab



- In the **Description** field, enter an appropriate description.
- From the **Node Type** list, select **EXTERNAL**.
- From the **Routing Type** list, select **Implicit**.
- Select the **Connectors** tab.

The Connectors tab becomes available, as shown in Figure D–6.

Figure D-6 Connectors Tab



- Specify **LOCAL** for the **Gateway ID**.
- Specify **FILEOUTPUT** for the **Connector ID**.
- Accept or overwrite the default Gateway property values.
- Click Save.
- To specify the transactions to route messages to your node, select the **Transactions** tab and click Add Transaction.

The Node Transactions pane is displayed, as shown in Figure D–7.

_ 🗆 × <u>File Edit View Favorites Tools Help</u> Stop Refresh Home Search Favorites History ▼ ∂Go Address 🐔 http://isdsrv14.ibi.com/psp/ps/EMPLOYEE/ERP/c/IB_PROFILE.IB_NODE.GBL PEOPLE 90 Mome Worklist FDM New Window | Help FOWN
Government Resource
Directory
Background Processes
Worklist **Node Transactions** D Worklist
D Tree Manager
D Reporting Tools
PeopleTools
D Security
D Utilities
D Workflow
D Portal
D Search Engine
D Personalization Find an Existing Value Add a New Value Node Name: EXTERNAL Q 10/12/2002 Outbound Asynchrone Transaction Type: Request Message: LOCATION_SYNC Q ▶ Personalization▶ Process Scheduler Request Message Version: VERSION_1 Process Scheduler

Description Description

Application Broker

Description

Node Definitions

Cateways Add Find an Existing Value | Add a New Value - Gateways
- Relationships
- Codeset Groups
- Codesets
- Codeset Values - Codesct Values

CTI Configuration

Archive Data

Translations

EDI Manager

Mass Changes

Change My Password

My Personalizations

My System Profile My System Profile Internet

Figure D-7 Node Transactions Pane

- From the Transaction Type list, select Outbound Asynchronous.
- In the **Request Message** field, specify **LOCATION_SYNC**.
- In the **Request Message Version** field, specify **VERSION_1**. In the **Request Message Version** field, specify **VERSION_1**.
- Click Add.

The Transaction Detail pane is displayed, as shown in Figure D–8.

_ 🗆 × $\underline{F} ile \quad \underline{E} dit \quad \underline{V} iew \quad \underline{F} \underline{\underline{a}} vorites \quad \underline{\underline{I}} ools \quad \underline{\underline{H}} elp$ Stop Refresh Home Search Favorites History Address 🗗 http://isdsrv14.ibi.com/psp/ps/EMPLOYEE/ERP/c/IB_PROFILE.IB_NODE.GBL ▼ 🔗 Go PEOPLE go FDM New Window | Help ▶ Government Resource Directory Transaction Detail Messages Background Processes
Worklist D Worklist
D Tree Manager
D Reporting Tools
▼ PeopleTools
D Security
D Utilities Node Name: EXTERNAL Transaction Detail 'Status: Active Effective Date: 10/12/2002 ▶ Workflow
▶ Portal Search Engine
Personalization Request Message: LOCATION SYNC Process Scheduler
 Cube Manager
 Application Engine Request Message Version: VERSION 1 Implicit 💌 Routing Type: Override Connector ✓ Integration Broker
▶ Monitor - Node Definition Gateways Relationships Codeset Groups Α $\overline{\mathbf{v}}$ - Codesets - Codeset Values D CTI Configuration Return to Transaction List 📳 Save Archive Data ▶ EDI Manager
▶ Mass Changes
- Change My Pass Transaction Detail | Messages My System Profile

Figure D-8 Transaction Detail Pane

- Verify that the **Routing Type** is **Implicit**.
- Click Save, then click the Return to Transaction List link.
- To ensure that your data entry is not lost, click **Save** again.

You have finished creating and configuring the new Gateway Node.

For more information, see "Viewing the PeopleCode for a Message" on page D-26.

D.2 Configuring Application Messaging in PeopleSoft Release 8.1

You can configure PeopleSoft 8.1 to send an asynchronous outbound message to the Simple File Handler.

This section consists of the following topics:

- Section D.2.1, "Creating and Configuring a New Message Node"
- Section D.2.2, "Ensuring the Message is Active and Is Routed Correctly"
- Section D.2.3, "Configuring the Message Channel"
- Section D.2.4, "Configuring the Simple File Handler in the Gateway"

To configure application messaging in PeopleSoft 8.1:

- Create and configure a new Message Node.
- Ensure the message is active and is routed to the proper Message Channel. 2.
- 3. Configure the Message Channel.
- Configure the Simple File Handler in the Gateway.

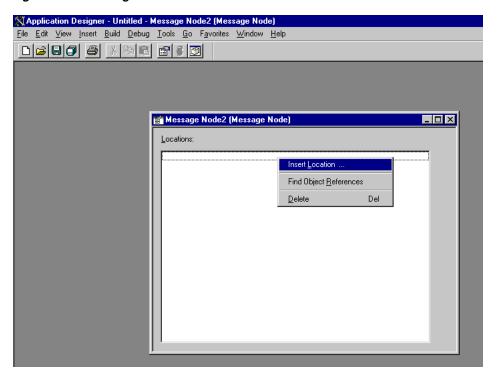
These tasks are described in detail in the following procedures.

D.2.1 Creating and Configuring a New Message Node

To create and configure a new message node:

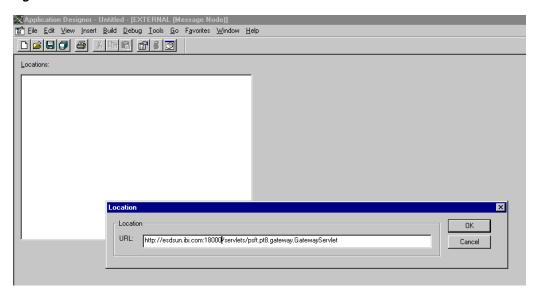
1. Select **New** from the File menu and click **Message Node**. A Message Node window is displayed, as shown in Figure D-9.

Figure D-9 Message Node Window



Right-click anywhere inside the white space and select **Insert Location**. The Location URL box is displayed, as shown in Figure D–10.

Figure D-10 Location URL Box



Enter the following URL for the PeopleSoft Application Gateway (handler directory):

host name:port/servlets/psft.pt8.gateway.GatewayServlet

Where host name is the host name of your PeopleSoft Web server and port is the socket on which the server is listening. The characters you enter after host name are case-sensitive.

- Click **OK**.
- Display the Message Node Properties dialog, as shown in Figure D–11.

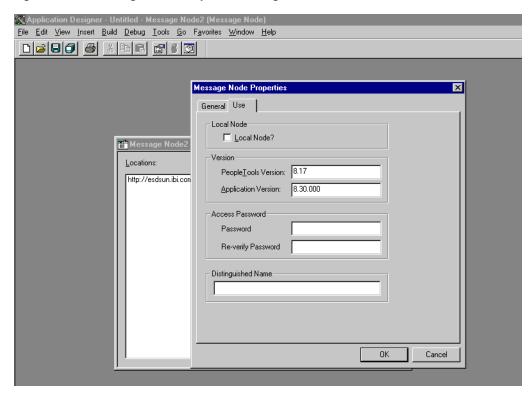
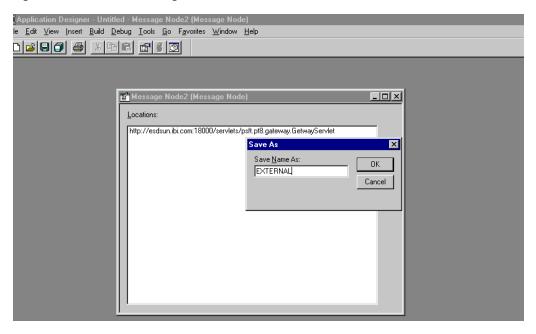


Figure D-11 Message Node Properties Dialog

Perform the following steps:

- Select the **Use** tab.
- **b.** In the text boxes, enter the PeopleTools and Application Version numbers.
- c. Click OK.
- Display the Save As dialog, as shown in Figure D–12.

Figure D-12 Save As Dialog



To save the Message Node, click **OK**.

It is recommended that you name your first (trial) message node EXTERNAL. After successfully configuring and sending messages using this node, you can create additional message nodes with names appropriate for your application.

If you intend to migrate this message node to a different PeopleSoft environment (for example, from Test to QA), you can create a PeopleSoft project and insert the Message Node into the project.

You have finished creating and configuring the message node.

D.2.2 Ensuring the Message is Active and Is Routed Correctly

To ensure that the message is active and is routed to the proper message channel:

- Open Application Designer.
- On the **File** menu, point to **Open**, click **Message**, and open the **LOCATION**_ SYNC message, as shown in Figure D-13.

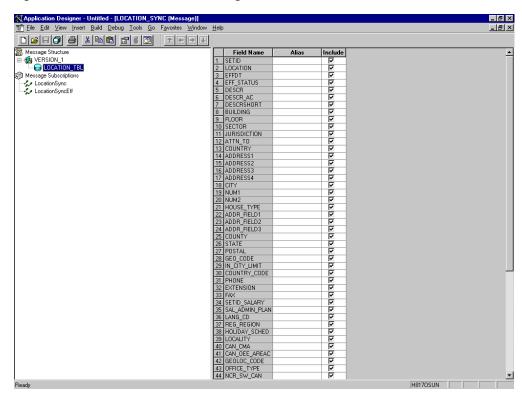


Figure D-13 LOCATION_SYNC Message

- To view the fields that are included in the message, highlight LOCATION_TBL.
- Right-click LOCATION_TBL and select Properties.

The Message Properties dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure D-14.

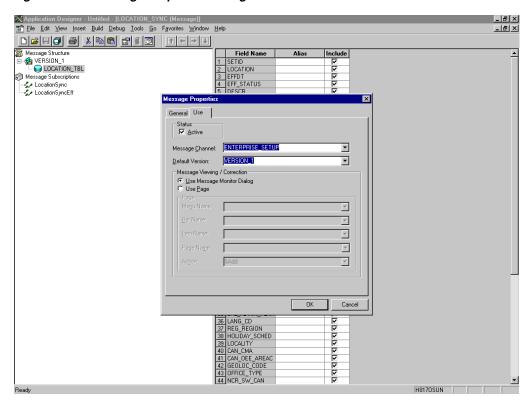


Figure D-14 Message Properties Dialog

Perform the following steps:

- Select the **Use** tab.
- Ensure the **Status** check box is selected, which indicates that the message is active.
- From the Message Channel list, select **ENTERPRISE_SETUP**.
- **d.** From the Default Version list, select **VERSION_1** (messages can have multiple versions).
- Click **OK**.
- Save the message.

D.2.3 Configuring the Message Channel

To configure the message channel:

- From the File menu, choose Open and click Message Channel.
- To open the ENTERPRISE_SETUP Message Channel, select ENTERPRISE_ SETUP.
- Right-click ENTERPRISE_SETUP and select Properties.

The Message Channel Properties dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure D–15.

tion Designer - Untitled - ENTERPRISE_SETUP (Mes <u>File Edit View Insert Build Debug Tools Go Window H</u>elp ENTERPRISE_SETUP (Message Chann Message Channel Propertie Messages:

ALTACCT_CF_FULLSYNC
ALTACCT_CF_SYNC
BUDGET_REF_CF_SYNC
BUDGET_REF_CF_SYNC
BUDGET_SCENARIO_FULLSYNC
BUDGET_SCENARIO_FULLSYNC
BUS_UNIT_FS_FULLSYNC
BUS_UNIT_FS_FULLSYNC
CHARTFIELD_FULLSYNC
CHARTFIELD_FULLSYNC
CHARTFIELD_FULLSYNC
CHARTFIELD_FULLSYNC
CHARTFIELD_SYNC
CHARTFIELD_SYNC
CHARTFIELD_SYNC
CLASS_CF_SYNC
CLASS_CF_SYNC
CLASS_CF_SYNC
COUNTRY_FULLSYNC <u>M</u>essages General Use Quality of service

O Best Effort

O Guaranteed OK Cancel

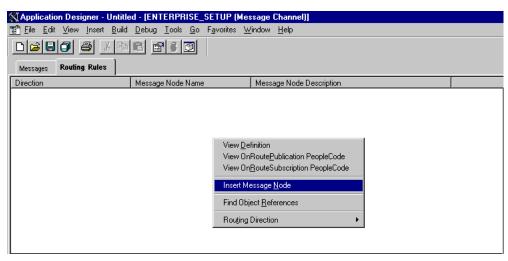
Figure D-15 Message Channel Properties Dialog

Perform the following steps:

- Select the **Use** tab.
- Ensure that the Message Channel status is set to **Run**.
- Click **OK**.
- From the left pane, select the **Routing Rules** tab.

The pane is blank, as shown in Figure D–16.

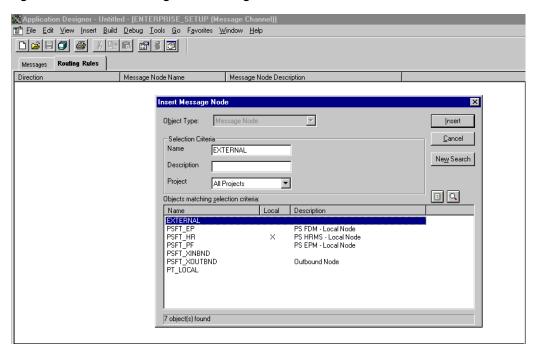
Figure D-16 Routing Rules Pane



Right-click the pane and select **Insert Message Node**.

The Insert Message Node dialog is displayed, as shown in Figure D–17.

Figure D-17 Insert Message Node Dialog

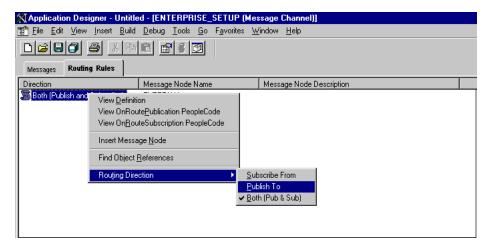


Perform the following steps:

- **a.** Select the message node that you created in "Creating and Configuring a New Message Node" on page D-12, for example, EXTERNAL.
- **b.** Click **Insert**.
- Click **Cancel**.

Information appears on the Routing Rules tab, as shown in Figure D–18.

Figure D-18 Routing Rules Tab



Perform the following steps:

a. Right-click the message node and point to **Routing Direction**.

- **b.** From the **Routing Direction** menus, select **Publish To**.
- **7.** Save the Message Channel, and if you require it, place it in your project. You have finished configuring the Message Channel.

D.2.4 Configuring the Simple File Handler in the Gateway

To configure the Simple File Handler in the Gateway:

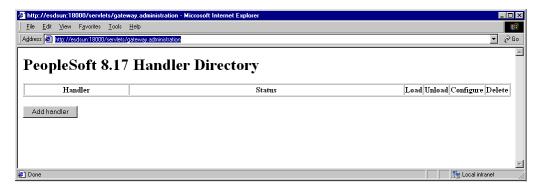
In a Web browser, launch the PeopleSoft 8.1 configuration servlet interface (also known as the server gateway) by entering the following URL:

host name:port/servlets/gateway.administration

Where host name is the name of the application server that hosts PeopleSoft and port is the port number on which the application server is listening.

The Handler Directory window is displayed, as shown in Figure D–19.

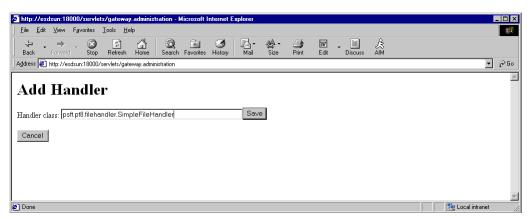
Figure D-19 Handler Directory Window



Click Add Handler.

The Add Handler window is displayed, as shown in Figure D–20.

Figure D-20 Add Handler Window



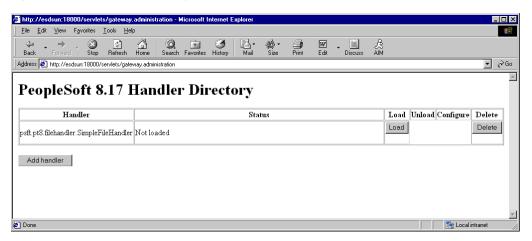
Enter the full name of the Simple File Handler class, psft.pt8.filehandler.SimpleFileHandler.

Note: The name is case-sensitive.

4. Click Save.

The Handler Directory window is displayed, as shown in Figure D–21.

Figure D-21 Handler Directory Window



- To load the handler, click **Load**. After the handler loads, "Loaded successfully" appears in the Status column.
- 6. Click Configure. The Simple File Handler Directory window is displayed, as shown in Figure D-22.

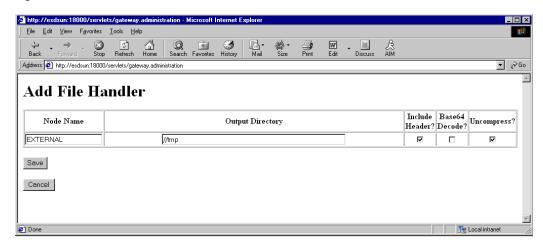
Figure D-22 Simple File Handler Directory Window



7. Click Add a file handler node.

The Add File Handler window is displayed, as shown in Figure D–23.

Figure D-23 Add File Handler Window



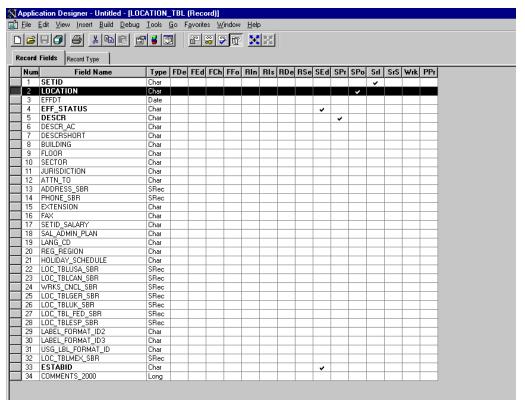
In the Node Name field, enter the name of the message node that you created in "Creating and Configuring a New Message Node" on page D-12, for example, EXTERNAL.

D.3 Viewing the PeopleCode for a Message

Messages are initiated by the PeopleCode that is attached to a record. Usually, this record is one of the records associated with the message itself.

1. Open Application Designer, as shown in Figure D-24.

Figure D-24 Application Designer



- **2.** On the **Record Fields** tab, select the **LOCATION_TBL** record.
- Select the PeopleCode display option.
- Select the **Save Post Change (SPo)** box for the **LOCATION** field.

The following window displays the PeopleCode that initiates a LOCATION_SYNC message, as shown in Figure D–25.

Figure D-25 PeopleCode

```
Application Designer - Untitled - [LOCATION_TBL.LOCATION.SavePostChange [Record PeopleCode]]
                                                                                                                                                                   , File Edit ⊻iew Insert Build Debug Tools Go Favorites Window Help
                                                                                                                                                                    _ B ×
 LOCATION (field)
                                                                                   ▼ SavePostChange
 Local Message &MSG;
Local Rowset &RSO, &RSO1, &RS11;
 Local Row &R1:
 PanelGroup string &PubNodeName;
PanelGroup boolean &ActionCodeRowAdd;
 If aMSG. IsActive Then
        /* If the program is called by a Component Interface, then flush the extra row (Created by Component Create(), CopySetupRowset on lent Interface "LOCATION".) from panel buffer.*/
        If ((%ComponentName = Component.LOCATION) And (&ActionCodeRowAdd = True)) Then
            &RSO = GetLevelO():
            «RSO1 = CreateRowset(«RSO):
            aRSO.CopyTo(aRSO1);
aRS11 = aRSO1(1).GetRowset(Scroll.LOCATION_TBL);
           &R1 = &RS0(1).GetRowset(Scroll.LOCATION_TBL).GetRow(1);
&R1.CopyTo(&RS11.GetRow(1));
           aRSO1.CopyTo(aRSO);
        &MSG.CopyRowsetDelta(GetLevel0()(1).GetRowset(Scroll.LOCATION_TBL));
        /* prevent circular publishes, do not publish back to originating node */ If All(&PubNodeName) Then
            &MSG.DoNotPubToNodeName = &PubNodeName;
        End-If:
        &MSG.Publish();
```

For more information about PeopleCode, consult your PeopleSoft Online Library.

You have finished viewing the PeopleCode for a message. You can now test Integration Broker (in PeopleSoft 8.4) or Application Messaging (in PeopleSoft 8.1).

D.4 Testing the Integration Broker

To test the Integration Broker by generating a message, you can navigate to the Location Transaction window and add, update, or delete a location entry in your application. Depending on your application, the way you navigate varies.

An example that illustrates a Financials 8.4 application where a new location with a SetID of SHARE and a Location Code of TEST001 was added, as shown in Figure D–26.

_ 🗆 × <u>File Edit View Favorites Tools</u> Stop Refresh Home Search Favorites History Mail Address Addres ₹ ∂Go go A Home (ii) Worklist 🙆 Add to Favorites ▼ Location

- Country

- Country Statistics

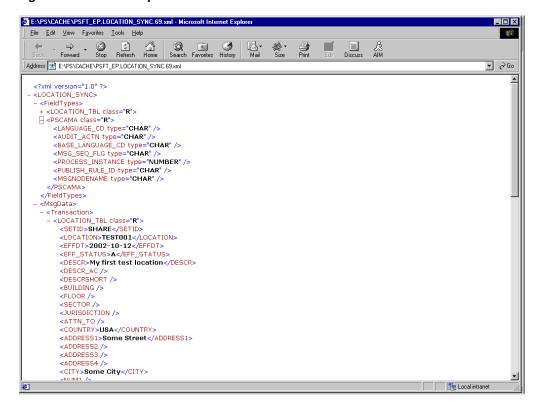
- Division Area Code

- Fax Location New Window | Help | Location Definition | Location Detail SetID: SHARE Location Code: TEST001 First 🚺 1 of 1 🕨 Last Location Definition - Region Codes - Region Type Codes - State 'Eff Date: 10/12/2002 🗊 Active 'Descr: My first test location + -Market Rates USA Q United States Prefix: ▶ Notes Notes
 Position Accounting
 Process Partition ID
 Sales and Use Tax
 Shipping and Receiving
 Team Members
 Units of Measure
 User Professions Phone: Some Street Address 1: Ext: Address 2: Fax: Address 3: User Preferences
VAT and Intrastat ☐ In City Limit Some City City: ▶ Workflow Vmorkflow
 Xml Schema
 Product Related
 Utilities
 Define Integration Rules
 FDM County: Postal: NY Q Jurisdiction State: Building #: Floor #: Sector: ▶ Government Resource Directory ▶ Background Processes Save Motify Add Update/Display Include History Correct History > Worklist Tree Manager
Reporting Tools
PeopleTools
Change My Password Location Definition | Location Detail My Personalizations

Figure D-26 Financials 8.4 Application

A portion of the XML output is shown in Figure D–27.

Figure D-27 XML Output



Note: The name of the file is PSFT_EP.LOCATION_SYNC.69.xml, which is the concatenation of PSFT EP (the local Publishing Node), the name of the message, and the number of the Publication ID.

If you cannot send a message successfully, PeopleSoft provides a set of tools for monitoring the progress of your messages. In release 8.1, you use a tool called the Application Messaging Monitor. In release 8.4, you use the Monitor Menu in the Integration Broker.

For a complete description on how to isolate and resolve problems with your messaging environment, consult your PeopleSoft Online Library. If you are still unable to send your XML file, the PeopleSoft Customer Connection can help solve your problem.

D.5 Using Outbound Synchronous Messages

Starting with PeopleTools 8.4, you can send outbound synchronous messages. From a high-level point of view, the primary difference between outbound synchronous and asynchronous is that with outbound asynchronous, the transaction is completed whether the message is actually sent or received.

This section consists of the following topics:

- Section D.5.1, "Configuring Outbound Synchronous Messages"
- Section D.5.2, "Viewing the PeopleCode for a Synchronous Message"

For synchronous outbound messages:

- The transaction must wait for a response from the external system before continuing.
- The transaction must process the response message.
- The external system must ensure that the response message is correctly formatted.

Oracle Application Adapter for PeopleSoft can work with PeopleSoft outbound synchronous messages. Outbound synchronous messages involve additional configuration steps, both within PeopleSoft and in Oracle WebLogic Server. This topic briefly describes the configuration requirements within PeopleSoft.

Note: The instructions in this topic build upon the instructions for outbound asynchronous messages. It is strongly recommended that you familiarize yourself with outbound asynchronous messaging before attempting outbound synchronous. For more information on outbound asynchronous messages, see "Configuring Integration Broker in PeopleSoft 8.4" on page D-2.

Ensure that both outbound and inbound messages are created and active. PeopleSoft provides template examples called IB_INST_VER_ SYNC_MSG and IB_INST_VER_RESP_MSG. For information on examining these messages, see "Ensuring the Message is Active and Is Routed Correctly" on page D-15.

D.5.1 Configuring Outbound Synchronous Messages

You can use an existing node, or you can create a new node to configure outbound synchronous messages. For more information on creating and configuring a node, see

"Creating and Configuring a New Message Node" on page D-12. In either case, you must set up your outbound synchronous transaction.

This section consists of the following topic:

Section D.5.1.1, "Configuring an Outbound Synchronous Message"

The following example uses a node and transaction delivered by PeopleSoft. However, this example is for illustrative purposes only and does not actually work as delivered without additional steps. As of Financials release 8.42, there are no preconfigured outbound synchronous transactions that you can use for testing purposes.

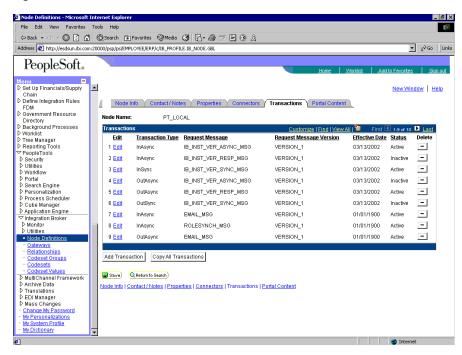
D.5.1.1 Configuring an Outbound Synchronous Message

To configure an outbound synchronous message:

- Navigate to the **Node Definitions** page and open the **PT_LOCAL** node.
- Click the **Transactions** tab.

The Transactions pane is displayed, as shown in Figure D–28.

Figure D-28 Transactions Pane



One outbound synchronous message, IB_INST_VER_SYNC_MSG, appears in the Transaction Type list.

Click the **Edit** link in the IB INST VER SYNC MSG row. The following pane is displayed, as shown in Figure D-29.

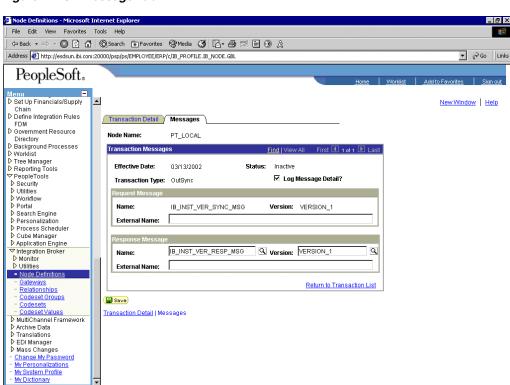


Figure D-29 Message Tab

Click the **Messages** tab.

Both request and response messages appear. The target system must ensure that the response message follows the format of the request message. As the target system is your Oracle WebLogic Server, you must transform the XML that is sent and returned from your final destination.

internet

Note: You must use the PeopleSoft-supplied HTTP target connector when you are working with synchronous outbound messages. You cannot use the TCPIP84TARGET connector for outbound synchronous messages.

D.5.2 Viewing the PeopleCode for a Synchronous Message

The sample PeopleCode in the following example is for a synchronous outbound message. It differs from asynchronous outbound in that it must handle a response message.

This section consists of the following topic:

Section D.5.2.1, "Viewing the PeopleCode for a Financials Synchronous Outbound Message"

D.5.2.1 Viewing the PeopleCode for a Financials Synchronous Outbound Message

The following sample code is supplied with the Financials application and is associated with the two messages IB_INST_VER_SYNC_MSG and IB_INST_VER_ RESP MSG.

To view the code, perform the following steps:

- From Application Designer, open the **PSINST_VER** record.
- Select the **PeopleCode** display option. 2.
- Select the **Field Change (FCh)** box for the **IB_SEND_SOS_BTN** field.

The following window is displayed, as shown in Figure D–30.

Figure D-30 Field Change Box

```
File Edit View Insert Build Debug Tools Go
FieldChange
IB SEND SOS BTN (field)
/* SyncRequest example */
Local Message arequest_MSG, aresponse_MSG;
Local Rowset arequest_RS, aresponse_RS, aIB INST_VER_TRX_RS;
Local Record aresponse_REC, aIB_INST_VER_DB_REC;
Local SQL deletes_SQL;
Local SQL deletes_SQL;
 arequest_RS = GetLevel0();
arequest_KS = Octavero();
arequest_MSG = CreateMessage(Message.IB_INST_VER_SYNC_MSG);
arequest_MSG.CopyRowset(&request_RS);
    Create the database record object for the response data */
&IB_INST_VER_DB_REC = CreateRecord(Record.PSINST_VER_TRX);
/* publish the request and wait for the response */
eresponse_MSG = @request_MSG.SyncRequest();
If (&response_MSG.ResponseStatus = 0) Then
    /* Get the response rowset object from the buffer */
cresponse_RS = cresponse_MSG.GetRowset();
   End-For;
/* Manual refresh of scrollable area */
&IB_INST_VER_TRX_PS = GetLevelO()(1).GetRowset(Scroll.PSINST_VER_TRX);
&IB_INST_VER_TRX_PS.INSh();
&IB_INST_VER_TRX_PS.Select(Record.PSINST_VER_TRX);
                                                                                                                                                            F842OSUN NUM
```

D.6 Using PeopleTools Version 8.48 and Higher to Generate Events

This section provides a tutorial that walks you through the PeopleSoft event generation process. PeopleTools versions 8.48, 8.49, 8.50, and 8.51 are supported. The tutorial uses the PeopleTools version 8.48.02 and 8.90 Financial / SCM application. As a result, if you are using a different platform, then correlate the terms and commands specific to that operating system. For more information, refer to the appropriate user guide for each specific component.

This section consists of the following topics:

- Section D.6.1, "Configuring PeopleSoft Services"
- Section D.6.2, "Triggering the Event in PeopleSoft"
- Section D.6.3, "Verifying the Event Results"

D.6.1 Configuring PeopleSoft Services

This section describes how to configure PeopleSoft services and consists of the following topics:

- Section D.6.1.1, "Adding a Remote Node"
- Section D.6.1.2, "Selecting the Service"

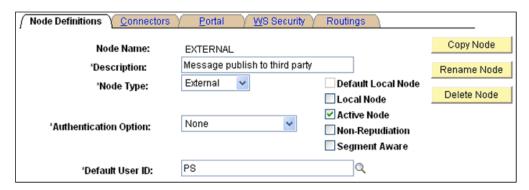
- Section D.6.1.3, "Activating the Gateway"
- Section D.6.1.4, "Activating the Domain"
- Section D.6.1.5, "Activating the Service"
- Section D.6.1.6, "Activating the Service Operation (Queue and Message Node)"

D.6.1.1 Adding a Remote Node

To add a remote node:

- 1. Logon to PeopleSoft using the browser-based GUI (Pure Internet Architecture).
- Select **PeopleTools**, **Integration Broker**, **Integration Setup**, followed by **Nodes**. The Node Definitions tab is displayed, as shown in Figure D–31.

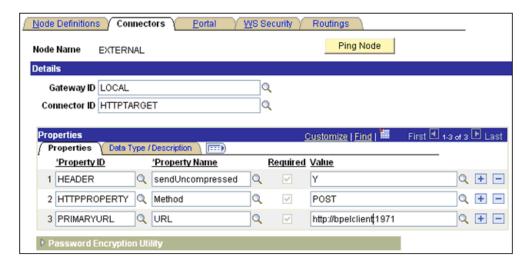
Figure D-31 Node Definitions Tab



- **3.** Perform the following steps:
 - **a.** In the Node Name field, type a name for the new node definition, for example, EXTERNAL.
 - **b.** In the Description field, type a brief description for the new node definition.
 - From the Node Type drop-down list, select **External**.
 - From the Authentication Option drop-down list, ensure that the default option, **none**, is selected.
 - **e.** In the Default User ID field, type the user ID that is being used by the PeopleSoft system, for example, **PS**.
 - Select the **Active Node** check box.
- **4.** Click the **Connectors** tab.

The Connectors tab is displayed, as shown in Figure D–32.

Figure D-32 Connectors Tab



- Perform the following steps:
 - In the Gateway ID field, type **LOCAL**.
 - In the Connector ID field, type **HTTPTARGET**.
 - For the PRIMARYURL value, enter the host and port number of the PeopleSoft adapter instance that is used to listen for events.
 - Leave the default values for the remaining properties.
- Save your changes.

D.6.1.2 Selecting the Service

To select a service:

- Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Integration Setup, followed by Services.
- Search for the DEPT_SYNC service and select it. The DEPT_SYNC Services pane is displayed, as shown in Figure D-33.

Services Service: DEPT_SYNC Dept Sync Incr. Message 'Description: Incremental (Component Publish) Dept Sync Comments: Message Service Alias: Human Resources Object Owner ID: http://xmlns.oracle.com/Enterprise/Tools/services 'Namespace: View WSDL Provide Web Service Service Operation: ADD Operation Type: Existing Operations Customize | Find | View All | Operation Message Links Operation.Default Version Description <u>Active</u> Operation Type ADD_DEPT.v1 Add Department Asynch DEPT SYNC.VERSION 1 Dept Sync Incr. Message Asynch V^c

Figure D-33 DEPT_SYNC Services Pane

3. From the Existing Operations section on the lower-left, click the **DEPT**_ **SYNC.VERSION_1** service operation.

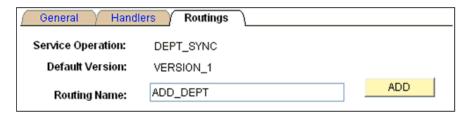
The Service Operation - General pane is displayed, as shown in Figure D-34.

Figure D-34 Service Operation - General Pane



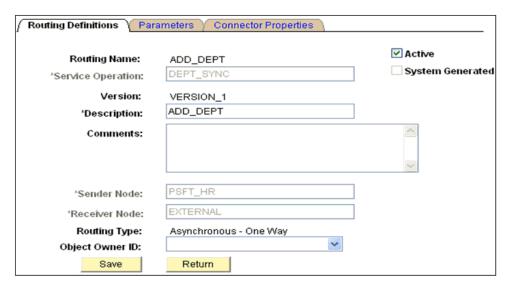
- Click the **Active** check box.
- Click the **Routings** tab to add a new routing, as shown in Figure D–35.

Figure D-35 Routings Tab



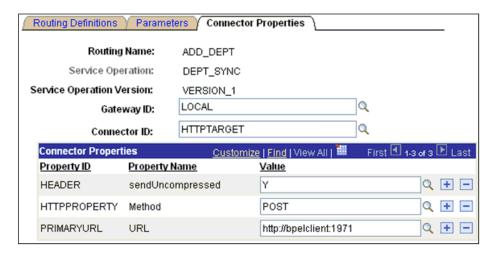
- In the Routing Name field, type a name for the new routing, for example, ADD_ DEPT.
- 7. Click **Add**.
- Click the **Routing Definitions** tab to add a new routing definition, as shown in Figure D–36.

Figure D-36 Routing Definitions Tab



- Perform the following steps:
 - In the Sender Node field, type PSFT_HR, which is the default PeopleSoft node that publishes the message.
 - In the Receiver Node field, type EXTERNAL, which is the new node that has been created to subscribe the message published by PeopleSoft.
- **10.** Click the **Connector Properties** tab, as shown in Figure D–37.

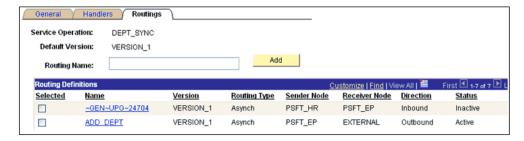
Figure D-37 Connector Properties Tab



- **11.** Perform the following steps:
 - In the Gateway ID field, type **LOCAL**.
 - In the Connector ID field, type **HTTPTARGET**.
 - **c.** For the PRIMARYURL value, enter the host and port number of the PeopleSoft adapter instance that is used to listen for events.
- **12.** Click **Save** and then click **Return**.

You are returned to the Routing Definitions pane. Notice that the new routing definition (ADD_DEPT) is now added to the list, as shown in Figure D–38.

Figure D-38 Routing Definitions Pane



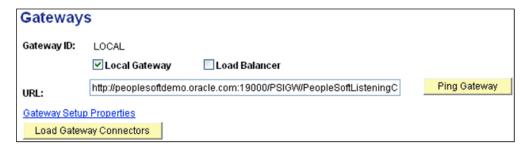
- 13. Click Save to save the details of the Service Operation.
- **14.** Click the **Return to Service** link to return to the Services pane.
- **15.** Click **Save** on the Services pane.

D.6.1.3 Activating the Gateway

To activate the gateway:

- Select **PeopleTools**, **Integration Broker**, **Configuration**, followed by **Gateways**.
- Search for the Integration Gateway ID, for example, Local and select it. The Gateways pane is displayed, as shown in Figure D-39.

Figure D-39 Gateways Pane



Click **Ping Gateway**.

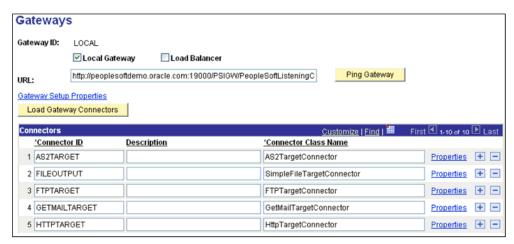
A new browser window is displayed, which shows that the gateway is active, as shown in Figure D–40.

Figure D-40 New Browser Window



Close the new browser window to return to the Gateways pane, as shown in Figure D–41.

Figure D-41 Gateways Pane



Ensure that HTTPTARGET is listed in the Connectors section. If it is not listed, click **Load Gateway Connectors** to refresh the available connectors.

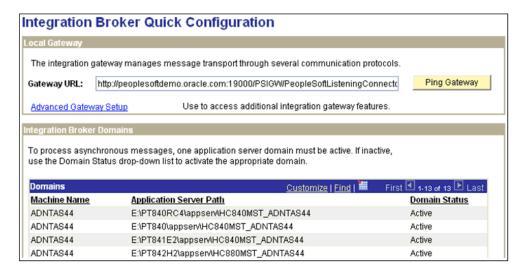
D.6.1.4 Activating the Domain

To activate the domain:

Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Configuration, followed by Quick Configuration.

The Quick Configuration pane is displayed, as shown in Figure D-42.

Figure D–42 Quick Configuration Pane



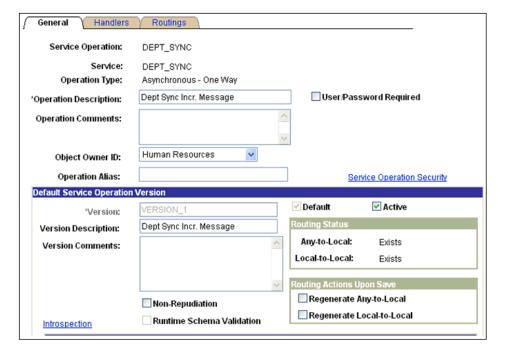
2. Ensure that the domain is active.

D.6.1.5 Activating the Service

To activate the service:

1. Select **PeopleTools**, **Integration Broker**, **Integration Setup**, followed by **Services**. The Services pane is displayed, as shown in Figure D-43.

Figure D-43 Services Pane



Ensure that the service is active.

D.6.1.6 Activating the Service Operation (Queue and Message Node)

To activate the service operation:

1. Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Configuration, Integration Setup, followed by Services.

The Services pane is displayed, as shown in Figure D-44.

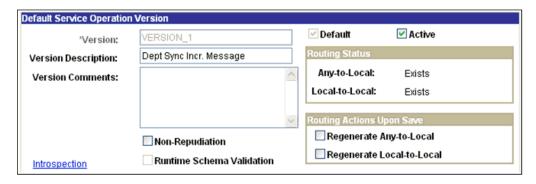
Figure D-44 Services Pane

Existing Operations		Customize Find View	All 🏭 🛮 First 🖯	1.2 of 2 ▶ Last
Operation ○	Message Links	(IIII)		
Operation.Defa	ult Version	<u>Description</u>	<u>Active</u>	Operation Type
ADD_DEPT.v1		Add Department	✓	Asynch
DEPT SYNC.VE	ERSION 1	Dept Sync Incr. Message	*	Asynch

2. From the Existing Operations section on the lower-left, click the DEPT_ **SYNC.VERSION_1** service operation.

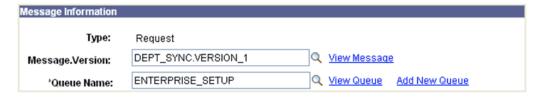
The Service Operation - General pane is displayed, as shown in Figure D-45.

Figure D-45 Service Operation - General Pane



In the message information section on the bottom of the page, note the value in the Queue Name field of the service operation, as shown in Figure D-46.

Figure D-46 Message Information Section



Click the **View Queue** link.

The Queue Definitions pane is displayed, as shown in Figure D-47.

BUS_UNIT_FS_SYNC

CHARTFIELD1_SYNC

CHARTFIELD2_SYNC

Save

CHARTFIELD1_FULLSYNC VERSION_1

CHARTFIELD2_FULLSYNC VERSION_1

Return

Queue Definitions Archive Unordered Queue Name: ENTERPRISE_SETUP EC Setup Data Description: Queue Status: Entr Comp 💌 Object Owner ID: EC Setup Data Comments: Define Partitioning Fields Operations Assigned to Queue View All First 1-10 of Service Common Fields First 🕙 1-3 of 3 🕨 Last Operations 42 Last <u>Include</u> <u>Alias Name</u> Field Operation Version OPERATIONNAME ALTACCT_CF_FULLSYNC VERSION_1 PUBLISHER ALTACCT_CF_SYNC VERSION_1 BUDGET_REF_CF_FULLSYNC VERSION_1 PUBPROC BUDGET_REF_CF_SYNC VERSION_1 BUS_UNIT_FS_FULLSYNC VERSION_1

Add Field

Figure D-47 Queue Definitions Pane

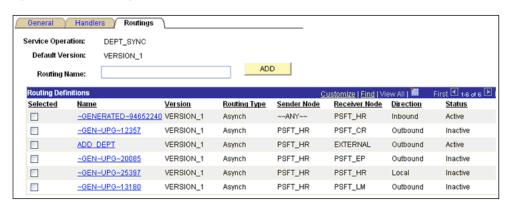
- Ensure that the Queue Status drop-down list has **Run** selected.
- Click **Return** to return to the Service operation pane.
- Click the **Routings** tab, as shown in Figure D–48.

VERSION_1

VERSION 1

VERSION_1

Figure D-48 Routings Tab



- Ensure that the routings are active.
- Click the **Return to Service** link on the bottom of the pane to return to the Services pane.
- **10.** Click **Return to Search** to go to the Services search pane.

In the above steps, if the status has been activated in any of the panes for any of the components, then make sure to save the status at the appropriate pane and the respective components.

11. Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Configuration, Integration Setup, **Services**, followed by **Nodes**.

The Node Definitions pane is displayed, as shown in Figure D–49.

Figure D-49 Node Definitions Pane



12. Ensure that the status of the External node is active.

This completes the configuration on the PeopleSoft side.

D.6.2 Triggering the Event in PeopleSoft

This section describes how to trigger the event in PeopleSoft and consists of the following topic:

Section D.6.2.1, "Triggering the Event"

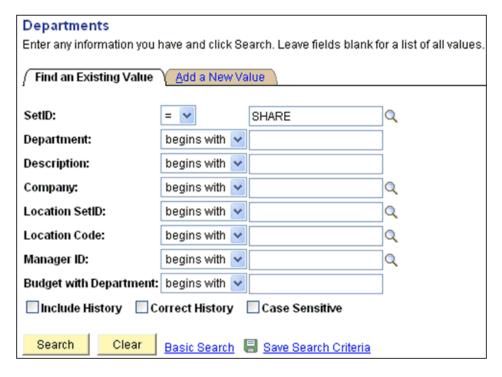
D.6.2.1 Triggering the Event

To trigger the event:

- Logon to PeopleSoft using the browser-based GUI (Pure Internet Architecture).
- Navigate to Main Menu, Set up HRMS, Foundation Tables, followed by 2. Departments.

The Departments pane is displayed, as shown in Figure D–50.

Figure D-50 Departments Pane



3. Click the **Add a New Value** tab, as shown in Figure D–51.

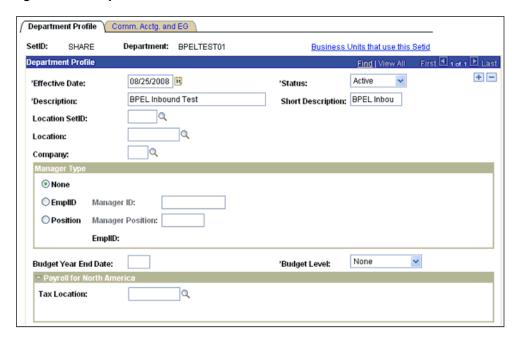
Figure D-51 Add a New Value Tab



- Enter the appropriate value in the SetID and Department fields
- Click Add.

The Department Profile tab is displayed, as shown in Figure D–52.

Figure D-52 Department Profile Tab



- Provide the necessary information according to your requirements to create a new Department record.
- Click **Save** at the bottom of the pane when you are finished.

D.6.3 Verifying the Event Results

This section describes how to verify the event results and consists of the following topic:

Section D.6.3.1, "Verifying the Results"

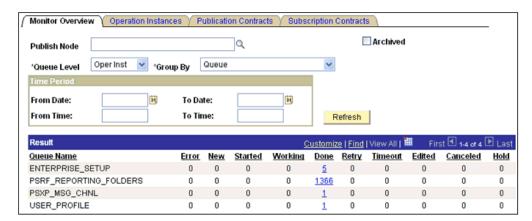
D.6.3.1 Verifying the Results

To verify the results:

- Logon to PeopleSoft using the browser-based GUI (Pure Internet Architecture).
- Navigate to Main Menu, PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operation Monitor, followed by Asynchronous Services.

The Monitor Overview tab is displayed, as shown in Figure D–53.

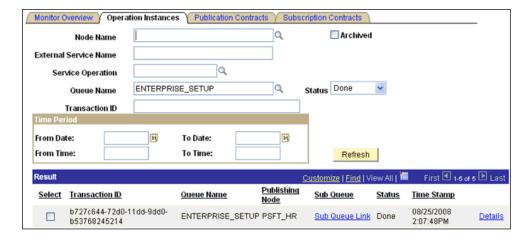
Figure D-53 Monitor Overview Tab



Here you can view the results of the events at the queue level.

Click the number link (5) queue (Enterprise_Setup) in the Result section. The Operation Instances tab is displayed, as shown in Figure D–54.

Figure D-54 Operation Instances Tab



Notice that a new record for the event (department) is available.

Click the **Details** link on the lower-right.

A new browser window (Asynchronous Details) is displayed, as shown in Figure D-55.

Figure D-55 Asynchronous Details



Notice that the status of the transaction is **DONE** for the Publishing and Subscriber nodes.

Glossary

adapter

Provides universal connectivity by enabling an electronic interface to be accommodated (without loss of function) to another electronic interface.

agent

Supports service protocols in listeners and documents.

business service

Also known as a Web service. A Web service is a self-contained, modularized function that can be published and accessed across a network using open standards. It is the implementation of an interface by a component and is an executable entity.

channel

Represents configured connections to particular instances of back-end systems. A channel binds one or more event ports to a particular listener managed by an adapter.

listener

A component that accepts requests from client applications.

port

Associates a particular business object exposed by the adapter with a particular disposition. A disposition is a URL that defines the protocol and location of the event data. The port defines the end point of the event consumption.

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