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- Did you find any errors?
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- Do you need more information? If so, where?
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  500 Oracle Parkway, M/S 3op11
  Redwood Shores, CA 94065
  USA

If you would like a reply, please give your name, address, telephone number, and (optionally) electronic mail address.

If you have problems with the software, please contact your local Oracle Support Services.
Preface

Audience For This Guide

Welcome to the Oracle Internet Expenses Implementation and Administration Guide, Release 11i.

This guide is intended for individuals responsible for implementing, upgrading, and administrating the Internet Expenses application. It assumes you have a working knowledge of:

- principles and customary practices of your business area
- general familiarity with Oracle Applications
- Oracle Internet Expenses
- Oracle Applications graphical user interface

To learn more about the Oracle Applications graphical user interface, read the Oracle Applications User Guide.

Note: Oracle Internet Expenses has a new user interface introduced in the Second Generation release. Second Generation is Mini-pack D (11i.OIE.D) or higher.

See Other Information Sources for more information about Oracle Applications product information.
How To Use This Guide

This guide provides you with the information you need to implement the Oracle Internet Expenses application. This guide contains seven chapters and four appendices:

- Chapter 1 provides a general overview of Internet Expenses.
- Chapter 2 contains a checklist for implementing Internet Expenses and describes the various setup steps in related applications.
- Chapter 3 explains how to use the Internet Expenses Setup Web-based setup utility to perform setup tasks in Oracle Internet Expenses.
- Chapter 4 explains how to set up and use the Audit Automation feature in Oracle Internet Expenses.
- Chapter 5 explains how to use the Oracle Internet Expenses client extensions.
- Chapter 6 explains how to set up and use the Expense Spreadsheet template.
- Chapter 7 describes the Expense Report and Credit Card Workflow processes.
- Appendix A describes the changes you can make to Internet Expenses pages using the Oracle Applications Personalization Framework.
- Appendix B describes the Internet Expenses Audit responsibility, including how to audit expense reports and manage expense report auditors.
- Appendix C describes the corporate credit card process flows in Internet Expenses.
- Appendix D lists all of the programs and reports in Oracle Payables and Internet Expenses that are available for use with expense report management, credit card management, and procurement card management.

This guide also contains an Index.
Documentation Accessibility

Our goal is to make Oracle products, services, and supporting documentation accessible, with good usability, to the disabled community. To that end, our documentation includes features that make information available to users of assistive technology. This documentation is available in HTML format, and contains markup to facilitate access by the disabled community. Standards will continue to evolve over time, and Oracle Corporation is actively engaged with other market-leading technology vendors to address technical obstacles so that our documentation can be accessible to all of our customers. For additional information, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program Web site at http://www.oracle.com/accessibility/.

Accessibility of Code Examples in Documentation

JAWS, a Windows screen reader, may not always correctly read the code examples in this document. The conventions for writing code require that closing braces should appear on an otherwise empty line; however, JAWS may not always read a line of text that consists solely of a bracket or brace.
Other Information Sources

You can choose from many sources of information, including documentation, training, and support services, to increase your knowledge and understanding of Oracle Internet Expenses.

If this guide refers you to other Oracle Applications documentation, use only the Release 11i versions of those guides.

Online Documentation

All Oracle Applications documentation is available online (HTML or PDF).

- **Online Help** - The new features section in the HTML help describes new features in 11i. This information is updated for each new release of Oracle Internet Expenses. The new features section also includes information about any features that were not yet available when this guide was printed. For example, if your administrator has installed software from a mini-packs an upgrade, this document describes the new features. Online help patches are available on MetaLink.

- **11i Features Matrix** - This document lists new features available by patch and identifies any associated new documentation. The new features matrix document is available on MetaLink.

- **About Document** - Refer to the About document for patches that you have installed to learn about new documentation or documentation patches that you can download. The new About document is available on MetaLink.

Related User’s Guides

Oracle Internet Expenses shares business and setup information with other Oracle Applications products. Therefore, you may want to refer to other guides when you set up and use Oracle Internet Expenses.

You can read the guides online by choosing Library from the expandable menu on your HTML help window, by reading from the Oracle Applications Document Library CD included in your media pack, or by using a Web browser with a URL that your system administrator provides.

If you require printed guides, you can purchase them from the Oracle Store at http://oraclestore.oracle.com.
Guides Related to All Products

Oracle Applications User’s Guide
This guide explains how to enter data, query, run reports, and navigate using the graphical user interface (GUI). This guide also includes information on setting user profiles, as well as running and reviewing reports and concurrent processes.

Guides Related to This Product

Oracle Payables User Guide
Use this user guide to learn how to implement flexible address formats for different countries. You can use flexible address formats in the suppliers, customers, banks, invoices, and payments windows in both Oracle Payables and Oracle Receivables. This user guide also explains how to set up your system and run reports in Oracle Payables.

Oracle Workflow Administrator’s Guide
This guide explains how to administer Oracle Workflow. The guide explains how to implement Oracle Workflow for your site, and how to use the Oracle Workflow home page and the Workflow Monitor to administer or view the status of a workflow process. The guide also describes the administrative SQL scripts included with Oracle Workflow.

Oracle Workflow Developer’s Guide
This guide explains how to define new workflow business processes as well as customize existing Oracle Applications-embedded workflow processes. You also use this guide to complete the setup steps necessary for any Oracle Applications product that includes workflow-enabled processes.

Oracle Workflow User’s Guide
This guide explains how to use Oracle Workflow and the Oracle Workflow home page, including how a user can view and act on a workflow notification, and how to use the Workflow Monitor to administer or view the status of a workflow process.

Oracle Workflow API Reference
This guide explains how to understand and use Oracle Workflow APIs. The guide contains a detailed description of all the APIs in Oracle Workflow.
Oracle interMedia User’s Guide and Reference
This user guide and reference provides information about Oracle interMedia. This product enables Oracle9i to store, manage, and retrieve geographic location information, images, audio, video, or other heterogeneous media data in an integrated fashion with other enterprise information. Oracle Trading Community Architecture Data Quality Management uses interMedia indexes to facilitate search and matching.

Oracle Self–Service Web Applications Implementation Guide
This manual contains detailed information about the overview and architecture and setup of Oracle Self–Service Web Applications. It also contains an overview of and procedures for using the Web Applications Dictionary.

Installation and System Administration

Oracle Applications Concepts
This guide provides an introduction to the concepts, features, technology stack, architecture, and terminology for Oracle Applications Release 11i. It provides a useful first book to read before an installation of Oracle Applications. This guide also introduces the concepts behind Applications-wide features such as Business Intelligence (BIS), languages and character sets, and Self-Service Web Applications.

Installing Oracle Applications
This guide provides instructions for managing the installation of Oracle Applications products. In Release 11i, much of the installation process is handled using Oracle Rapid Install, which minimizes the time to install Oracle Applications, the Oracle8 technology stack, and the Oracle8i Server technology stack by automating many of the required steps. This guide contains instructions for using Oracle Rapid Install and lists the tasks you need to perform to finish your installation. You should use this guide in conjunction with individual product user guides and implementation guides.

Oracle Applications Implementation Wizard User Guide
If you are implementing more than one Oracle product, you can use the Oracle Applications Implementation Wizard to coordinate your setup activities. This guide describes how to use the wizard.
Upgrading Oracle Applications
Refer to this guide if you are upgrading your Oracle Applications Release 10.7 or Release 11.0 products to Release 11i. This guide describes the upgrade process and lists database and product-specific upgrade tasks. You must be either at Release 10.7 (NCA, SmartClient, or character mode) or Release 11.0, to upgrade to Release 11i. You cannot upgrade to Release 11i directly from releases prior to 10.7.

Maintaining Oracle Applications
Use this guide to help you run the various AD utilities, such as AutoUpgrade, AutoPatch, AD Administration, AD Controller, AD Relink, License Manager, and others. It contains how-to steps, screenshots, and other information that you need to run the AD utilities. This guide also provides information on maintaining the Oracle applications file system and database.

Oracle Applications System Administrator’s Guide
This guide provides planning and reference information for the Oracle Applications System Administrator. It contains information on how to define security, customize menus and online help, and manage concurrent processing.

Oracle Alert User’s Guide
This guide explains how to define periodic and event alerts to monitor the status of your Oracle Applications data.

Oracle Applications Developer’s Guide
This guide contains the coding standards followed by the Oracle Applications development staff. It describes the Oracle Application Object Library components needed to implement the Oracle Applications user interface described in the Oracle Applications User Interface Standards for Forms-Based Products. It also provides information to help you build your custom Oracle Forms Developer 6i forms so that they integrate with Oracle Applications.

Oracle Applications User Interface Standards for Forms-Based Products
This guide contains the user interface (UI) standards followed by the Oracle Applications development staff. It describes the UI for the Oracle Applications products and how to apply this UI to the design of an application built by using Oracle Forms.
Other Implementation Documentation

Oracle Applications Product Update Notes
Use this guide as a reference for upgrading an installation of Oracle Applications. It provides a history of the changes to individual Oracle Applications products between Release 11.0 and Release 11i. It includes new features, enhancements, and changes made to database objects, profile options, and seed data for this interval.

Oracle Applications Flexfields Guide
This guide provides flexfields planning, setup and reference information for the Oracle Internet Expenses implementation team, as well as for users responsible for the ongoing maintenance of Oracle Applications product data. This guide also provides information on creating custom reports on flexfields data.

Oracle eTechnical Reference Manuals
Each eTechnical Reference Manual (eTRM) contains database diagrams and a detailed description of database tables, forms, reports, and programs for a specific Oracle Applications product. This information helps you convert data from your existing applications, integrate Oracle Applications data with non-Oracle applications, and write custom reports for Oracle Applications products. Oracle eTRM is available on Metalink.

Oracle Applications Message Manual
This manual describes all Oracle Applications messages. This manual is available in HTML format on the documentation CD-ROM for Release 11i.
Training and Support

Training
We offer a complete set of training courses to help you and your staff master Oracle Applications. We can help you develop a training plan that provides thorough training for both your project team and your end users. We will work with you to organize courses appropriate to your job or area of responsibility.

Training professionals can show you how to plan your training throughout the implementation process so that the right amount of information is delivered to key people when they need it the most. You can attend courses at any one of our many Educational Centers, or you can arrange for our trainers to teach at your facility. We also offer Net classes, where training is delivered over the Internet, and many multimedia-based courses on CD. In addition, we can tailor standard courses or develop custom courses to meet your needs.

Support
From on-site support to central support, our team of experienced professionals provides the help and information you need to keep Oracle Internet Expenses working for you. This team includes your Technical Representative, Account Manager, and Oracle's large staff of consultants and support specialists with expertise in your business area, managing an Oracle server, and your hardware and software environment.
Do Not Use Database Tools to Modify Oracle Applications Data

Oracle STRONGLY RECOMMENDS that you never use SQL*Plus, Oracle Data Browser, database triggers, or any other tool to modify Oracle Applications data unless otherwise instructed.

Oracle provides powerful tools you can use to create, store, change, retrieve, and maintain information in an Oracle database. But if you use Oracle tools such as SQL*Plus to modify Oracle Applications data, you risk destroying the integrity of your data and you lose the ability to audit changes to your data.

Because Oracle Applications tables are interrelated, any change you make using Oracle Applications can update many tables at once. But when you modify Oracle Applications data using anything other than Oracle Applications, you may change a row in one table without making corresponding changes in related tables. If your tables get out of synchronization with each other, you risk retrieving erroneous information and you risk unpredictable results throughout Oracle Applications.

When you use Oracle Applications to modify your data, Oracle Applications automatically checks that your changes are valid. Oracle Applications also keeps track of who changes information. If you enter information into database tables using database tools, you may store invalid information. You also lose the ability to track who has changed your information because SQL*Plus and other database tools do not keep a record of changes.

About Oracle

Oracle Corporation develops and markets an integrated line of software products for database management, applications development, decision support, and office automation, as well as Oracle Applications, an integrated suite of more than 160 software modules for financial management, supply chain management, manufacturing, project systems, human resources and customer relationship management.

Oracle products are available for mainframes, minicomputers, personal computers, network computers and personal digital assistants, allowing organizations to integrate different computers, different operating systems, different networks, and even different database management systems, into a single, unified computing and information resource.

Oracle is the world’s leading supplier of software for information management, and the world’s second largest software company. Oracle offers its database, tools, and applications products, along with related consulting, education, and support services, in over 145 countries around the world.
Your Feedback

Thank you for using Oracle Internet Expenses and this user guide.

Oracle values your comments and feedback. In this guide is a reader’s comment form that you can use to explain what you like or dislike about Oracle Internet Expenses or this user guide. Mail your comments to the following address or call us directly at (650) 506-7000.

Oracle Applications Documentation Manager
Oracle Corporation
500 Oracle Parkway
Redwood Shores, CA 94065
U.S.A.

Or, send electronic mail to appsdoc_us@oracle.com.
With Oracle Internet Expenses, employees can enter and submit expense reports using a standard Web browser or a Web-enabled mobile device. Oracle Workflow automatically routes expense reports for approval and enforces reimbursement policies. Internet Expenses integrates with Oracle Payables to provide quick processing of expense reports for payment.

This chapter provides an overview of the features and processes in Oracle Internet Expenses. This chapter includes these topics:

- Administrative Features
- Expense Reporting Features
- Internet Expenses Second Generation
- Process Overview
Administrative Features

This section describes the features in Internet Expenses that are used or implemented by your system administrators.

Credit Card Programs

You can allow your users to include their corporate credit card transactions in their expense reports. Reimbursement for corporate credit card transactions depends upon your company payment policy. See also: Establishing Corporate Credit Cards in Chapter 2, "Setting Up Applications for Internet Expenses" and Appendix C, "Processing Corporate Credit Cards".

Authorized Delegate

You can authorize an employee to enter expense reports for another employee. An employee who is assigned the responsibility to enter expense reports for another employee is an authorized delegate. For example, you can authorize executive assistants to enter expense reports for their managers.

Disconnected Expense Report Spreadsheet

When employees do not have access to the company intranet, they can create disconnected expense reports using an Excel spreadsheet. You define parameters to match your expense report implementation in a spreadsheet template provided by Internet Expenses.

Users can download this spreadsheet template from Internet Expenses to create disconnected expense reports. When users again have access to the company intranet, they can upload the completed spreadsheet to create an expense report, verify and complete any necessary information, and submit the report for approval and payment.

See also: Chapter 6, "Configuring the Expense Spreadsheet".

Descriptive Flexfields

You can have users enter information for which there is no corresponding field in Internet Expenses by setting up descriptive flexfields. Descriptive flexfields are fields that you can use to collect expense information that your organization requires. You can also map descriptive flexfields to expense types that you define. When a user chooses a specific expense type, Internet Expenses displays fields that are defined specifically for that expense type.
Multiple Reimbursement Currencies

The currency in which an expense report is paid is the reimbursement currency. You can set up Internet Expenses to let employees specify a reimbursement currency different from your functional currency.

Multiple Expense Templates

An expense template defines the list of expense types (such as airfare, car rental, and meals) that users choose from when they enter their expense reports. You can define multiple expense report templates for use with Internet Expenses. Employees can then select one of the values when they create expense reports.

Applying an End Date to Expense Types

By applying an end date to expense types, you can retire expense types no longer in use and exclude them from appearing in user interface poplists.

Flexible Requirements for Original Receipts

An original receipt is a receipt issued by a merchant that serves as a record of a transaction. Accounting departments usually require employees to submit at least some original receipts with their expense reports. When you define expense report templates for use with Internet Expenses, you can indicate whether an original receipt is required for an expense type (airfare, meals, car rental, and so on). You can also indicate that an original receipt is required only if the expense exceeds a certain amount. If users do not submit required original receipts, their expense reports may be short paid.

Missing Original Receipts

When employees indicate that they do not have original receipts, you can configure Internet Expenses to change the status of a receipt from required to not required.

Note: Descriptive flexfields collect receipt-level information only; they do not collect header-level information. This means that the information a user enters in a descriptive flexfield relates to a specific expense line, not to the entire report.
Administrative Features

**Line Level Accounting (Second Generation only)**

You can enable cost centers at the line level to let employees split expense reports across cost centers. To obtain manager approval for charges to different cost centers, you must implement Oracle Approvals Management. See: Integrating Oracle Approvals Management with Internet Expenses in Chapter 2, "Setting Up Applications for Internet Expenses".

**Refund Tracking**

You can set up Internet Expenses to let employees enter refunds on expense reports, such as the refund of an unused airline ticket. Employees report the refund of a previously reimbursed expense by entering a negative receipt.

Depending on your company policy, you can apply the credit lines to other expense lines in the same expense report, enter the credit lines on a future expense report, or require the employee to remit payment to the company for the refunded amount.

**Oracle Projects Integration**

Internet Expenses integrates with Oracle Projects to enable employees to enter project-related information on expense reports. Internet Expenses validates the project-related information and creates accounting entries for expense items according to the rules you define in Oracle Projects.

To support employees who use the disconnected expense report spreadsheet, employees can download files with current and valid project-related information using the View Projects and Tasks function in Internet Expenses.

See also: Integrating with Oracle Projects in Chapter 2, "Setting Up Applications for Internet Expenses".

**Oracle Grants Accounting Integration (Second Generation only)**

Internet Expenses integrates with Oracle Grants Accounting to enable users to enter an expense transaction against a specific Oracle Grants Accounting award. An award represents a source of funding for projects, and is required for sponsored projects. See also: Integrate with Oracle Grants Accounting in Chapter 2, "Setting Up Applications for Internet Expenses".

Required Justifications

You can set up Internet Expenses to require employees to enter justifications for specific expenses. When you define expense report templates for use with Internet Expenses, you can indicate whether a justification is required for an expense type (airfare, meals, car rental, and so on). If an expense report contains an invalid or unapproved justification, the report may be short paid.

Required Purpose

You can set up Internet Expenses to require employees to enter a purpose for all expense reports.

Expense Report Number Prefixes

You can define a prefix for every expense report entered in Internet Expenses. Entering a prefix value enables you to easily identify invoices in Oracle Payables originally created as self-service expense reports.

Collecting Tax Information

By indicating that an expense line includes tax, and then choosing a tax code, Internet Expenses automatically calculates the tax amount using the tax code information defined in Oracle Payables.

Multi-Row Display Configuration

You can modify the appearance and behavior of the expense multi-row pages.

Client Extensions

Internet Expenses provides several client extensions to extend the functionality of Oracle Internet Expenses to meet specific requirements.

Expense Itemization Rules (Second Generation only)

The Itemization wizard allows you to require itemization and determine which expense types for the itemization are independent of each other. If itemization is required, you can also identify into which expense types a receipt can or should be itemized. This expedites the expenses entry process and ensures more accurate accounting.
Credit Card Transactions

If your company issues corporate credit cards to employees, you can set up Internet Expenses to let users automatically populate expense reports with credit card transactions. You can also specify whether your company or the employees pay the credit card provider.

The Credit Card workflow automatically informs employees and managers of payments created for corporate card transactions. It also informs employees and managers of any transactions that have not been submitted on an expense report.

Home Currency in Workflow Notifications

Display the expense report amount in a currency meaningful to the approver. The total for an expense report created using a reimbursable currency that is different from the approver’s functional currency is converted for display in the approval notification.

Expense Report Workflow Process

The Expense Report workflow process defines the set of business processes for administrative tasks related to the expense reporting approval process. In particular, the Expense Report workflow process handles the manager approval process and the accounts payable approval process for expense reports. For a detailed description of the process definitions of these workflow processes, see Chapter 7, “Defining Workflow Processes”.

You can set up and configure the process definitions of the Expense Report workflow processes to accommodate your company-specific needs. For a detailed description of the required setup steps and optional configurations you can make to the workflow process, see Overview of the Expense Report Workflow in Chapter 7, "Defining Workflow Processes".

Predefined Methods for Routing Expense Reports for Manager Approval

Internet Expenses includes three predefined methods to determine how workflow routes expense reports to managers for approval. When you set up the Expense Report workflow process, you can choose one of the three methods:

- Go Up Management Chain
- One Stop Then Go Directly
- Go Directly to Person with Signing Authority
For a detailed explanation of how these three methods work, see: Finding and Verifying Approvers in Chapter 7, "Defining Workflow Processes".

**Expense Line Drill Down in Workflow Notifications**

Expense report notifications include the ability to drill down into the details of an expense line. This supplies a manager with additional information to make an appropriate approval decision.

**Online Policy Compliance (Second Generation only)**

The Internet Expenses Setup responsibility enables expense administrators to set up role-based, location-based policy schedules for online enforcement of expense policies. This feature has built-in flexibility for local rules. This feature includes:

- Expense types categorization, to classify expense types into seeded categories.
- Category-based options and rules.
- Category-based new fields (reduce the need for descriptive flexfields).
- Exchange rate defaulting and tolerance checking.
- Policy violation flagging during expense report entry for employees, for managers in Oracle Workflow, and for auditors in accounts payable.
- Preventing or allowing expense report submission based on policy violations.

**Per Diem and Mileage Calculation (Second Generation only)**

The Internet Expenses Setup responsibility enables expense administrators to set up rate schedules for per diem and mileage expense reimbursement calculation. This feature accommodates global statutory requirements with built-in flexibility for local rules:

- Time-based per diems
- Free meals and accommodations for per diems
- Distance mileage thresholds
Simple Setup for Per Diem, Mileage, and Policy Compliance (Second Generation only)

The Internet Expenses Setup responsibility enables:

- Setting up specific options and rules per operating unit, handling multi-org and multi-business groups.
- Sharing or copying rate and policy schedules.
- Access to rate and policy schedule change logs.
- End dating rate and policy schedules.
- Mass updates for rate and policy schedules.

For a detailed description of rate and policy schedule setup, see Setting Up Schedules in Internet Expenses in Chapter 3, "Using the Internet Expenses Setup".

VAT Merchant Fields Setup (Second Generation only)

The Internet Expenses Setup responsibility allows an expense administrator to enable/disable/require merchant-related data captured from users for VAT reclamation, based on location.

Locations Setup (Second Generation only)

The Internet Expenses Setup responsibility includes setting up locations for use in rate and policy schedules, VAT-related setup, and future reporting and analysis purposes.

Adjusting Expense Reports

If an expense line violates a reimbursement policy, your accounts payable department adjusts the expense report by reducing the total amount of the expense line. For example, if you have a travel policy stating that cab fares cannot exceed $100, your accounts payable department can adjust expense lines for cab fares that exceed this limit. The employee receives payment for the expense line, less the amount of the adjustment. When your accounts payable department adjusts expense reports, the AP Approval workflow process informs employees of the reasons for, and amounts of, the adjustments.
Short Paying Expense Reports

Depending on how you set up Internet Expenses, your accounts payable department may require that employees provide original receipts or justifications for some expense lines in their expense reports. Your accounts payable department short pays expense reports by identifying the expense lines which have:

- missing required receipts.
- inadequate justifications.

When your accounts payable department short pays an expense report, the Expense Report workflow process performs these operations:

- Creates a new expense report from the lines that have missing required receipts, and/or creates a new expense report from the lines that have inadequate justifications.
- Eliminates the lines your accounts payable department short paid from the original expense report and approves it.

This process also transitions these new expense reports to the Missing Receipts Shortpay process or the Policy Violation Shortpay process. See also: Chapter 7, "Defining Workflow Processes".

Audit Management (Second Generation only)

The expense report auditor has a new HTML-based tool which dramatically improves usability, including:

- Configurable views of expense report listings
- Configurable views of line information
- Currency and exchange rate information
- All Verified shortcut
- Quick search and advanced search
- Shared service center support for multi-organization environments

Audit Automation (Second Generation only)

The Audit Automation feature lets you automate several processes related to the auditing of expense reports, including selecting which expense reports to audit, identifying expense reports with policy violations, and approving certain types of expense reports automatically without audit.
An automation engine transparent to the user enables the automation of the selection of expense reports for paperless audit. The automation engine is easily configurable, without the need for IT coding or Workflow modification.

**Audit Queue Balancing (Second Generation only)**

Oracle Internet Expenses manages the paperless audit workload between multiple auditors with the Audit Queue. When an expense report is marked for paperless audit, after management approval it is placed in the audit queue of a specific auditor based on the audit manager’s definition of available auditors and their workload.

**Expense and Violation Reporting (Second Generation only)**

Expense analysis, coupled with analysis of employee adherence to company policies, is critical for enterprise spend management. Expense and violation reports provide top management with a multi-dimensional view of employee expenses and their adherence to company policies. These reports also assist decision-makers in forming new policies and evaluating employees.

This multi-dimensional view includes display of expenses by management hierarchy, by expense category, by time period, and by policy violation types. You can also drill down to the details of expense receipts and expense policy violations.

**Management Reporting (Second Generation only)**

Search for employee expense reports based on the employee name, cost center, and period. Managers can also drill down to expense report details and view expense lines. For convenience, expense report details are categorized by expense type.

**Enhancements to Credit Card Outstanding Transactions Management Processes**

To take advantage of discounts for early payments, accounts payable departments need a way to ensure timely submission of credit card transactions on expense reports. The Credit Card Outstanding Transactions Management processes provides three programs and reports with credit card transactions aging, new options and parameters, and escalated notifications to managers and employees.
Expense Reporting Features

This section describes the features in Internet Expenses that are used by employees to enter and submit expense reports.

Active Expense Reports Page

When you log in to Expenses Entry, Internet Expenses displays the Active Expense Reports page. This page serves as the starting point for the user into the application. The Active Expense Reports page includes two tables: the Update Expense Reports table, with the list of expense reports that the user has saved but not submitted; and the Track Submitted Expense Reports table, that lists submitted expense reports that are either outstanding or have been paid within the last 30 days.

Expenses Preferences

Expenses preferences allows users to define default values for fields that are consistent from one expense report to the next. It also lets users define certain data entry preferences, such as the time entry format to use.

Changing Cost Centers

Internet Expenses defaults the employee’s cost center based on information in human resources tables. Employees can charge expense reports to cost centers other than their own by changing the default value.

Designating Approvers

Typically, the direct managers of employees are responsible for approving employee expense reports. However, you can enable employees to direct their expense reports to a different manager.

If an employee enters a different cost center when creating an expense report, you can configure Internet Expenses to require employees to enter an alternate approver. In this case, the approver specified must have authority to approve expense reports assigned to that cost center. See also: Chapter 7, “Defining Workflow Processes”.

Entering Foreign Currency Expenses

In Internet Expenses, employees can enter receipts in currencies other than their reimbursement currency. When entering foreign currency expenses for cash and other expenses, employees must enter the exchange rate between receipt currency
and the reimbursement currency when the expense was incurred; you can also set up default exchange rates. Credit card expenses retrieve the appropriate exchange rate automatically.

For example, an employee at a US company travels on business in Europe and incurs expenses in Great Britain. When creating an expense report for the trip, the employee must enter the exchange rate between the US dollar and the pound sterling on the date each expense was incurred.

**Saving In-Progress Expense Reports**

Employees can save partially completed expense reports as a work-in-progress, then finish and submit them for approval later. Internet Expenses performs no required fields validation on a report when an employee saves a report, so a user can save even though information required for submitting the report may be missing.

Employees can then access the saved expense report, add or update information, and submit the report for approval.

**Reviewing Expense Reports**

Employees can review a summary of an expense report before submitting it for approval. For each item in the report, Internet Expenses displays the amount, the expense type, and other information the employee entered. It also includes totals for each expense type and subtotals for each source of an expense. Employees can also display charges either by expense type, expense group, or project.

**Viewing Expense Report History**

Employees can check the status of their expense reports. The status display indicates whether a report was approved by management or the accounts payable department. Employees can also view payment information, drill down to view information about individual expense lines, and find out why an expense report was adjusted.

**Itemizing Receipts**

Internet Expenses users can track expenses in greater detail by itemizing receipts. This enables an employee to separate a receipt such as a hotel bill into multiple expense lines and assign an expense type to each line. Users can also designate a
portion of the receipt as a personal expense. The system automatically subtracts all personal expenses from the report total.

**Withdraw Expense Report (Second Generation only)**

Employees can withdraw an expense report from the approval process. For example, they may have realized after submission that they forgot to add an item, or they may wish to correct an error that they found after the fact. An expense report can be withdrawn until both manager and accounts payable approvals are received. Once withdrawn, the expense report will remain in the user’s queue either to fix and resubmit or to delete.

**Duplicate Expense Report (Second Generation only)**

Employees who incur the same expenses repeatedly can copy prior expense reports to expedite the entry process. When used, all cash and other expenses are copied (including mileage and per diem) to the new expense report.

**Enhancements to Payables Expense Reports Window**

The Payables Expense Reports window contains improved usability, including increased number of lines viewable at a time, currency and exchange rate information, and an “All Verified” shortcut.
Internet Expenses Second Generation

Oracle Internet Expenses Second Generation is now the preferred version of choice. The new technology stack provides performance improvements and personalization features not possible with the older Blue/Gray version. Therefore, from mini-pack 11i.OIE.F or later, all new functionality and enhancements will only be addressed in the Second Generation version.

If you are currently using the Blue/Gray version of Oracle Internet Expenses, we strongly recommend migrating to the Oracle Internet Expenses Second Generation version as soon as possible. For new Oracle Internet Expenses implementations, we strongly recommend implementing the Oracle Internet Expenses Second Generation version.

To make use of the Second Generation features of Oracle Internet Expenses, you must enter expense reports using the Second Generation UI only. You cannot use the Blue/Gray UI, the Payables Expense Report window, or the Excel spreadsheet template.

If you use Oracle Internet Expenses Second Generation mini-pack 11i.OIE.F or later to create a new expense report, modify an existing expense report, or import an expense report from an Excel spreadsheet template, you can only open or modify these expense reports in the Blue/Gray UI according to the restrictions described in the table below. Second Generation features not listed in this table are not available to the Blue/Gray UI.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Second Generation Feature</th>
<th>Impact on Blue/Gray Version</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rate and Policy Schedules</td>
<td>You cannot access expense report templates that contain expense types assigned a rate or policy schedule.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Itemization</td>
<td>You cannot access expense report templates that contain expense types with itemization definitions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expense Fields</td>
<td>If expense fields are set to Enabled or Required, and if an expense report template uses the applicable expense category, then you cannot access the template.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exchange Rates</td>
<td>You cannot enter or modify an expense report when exchange rate tolerance checking or defaulting is enabled for an operating unit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VAT Merchant Fields</td>
<td>You cannot enter or modify an expense report when VAT Merchant fields are enabled for an operating unit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle Grants Accounting</td>
<td>If you use Oracle Grants Accounting for an operating unit, you cannot enter or modify an expense report.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Line Level Accounting</td>
<td>If you set the OIE: Enable Line Level Accounting profile option, you cannot enter or modify an expense report.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Justification Required</td>
<td>If you set Justification Required to Yes with Violations, the Blue/Gray version treats this as a No setting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audit Automation</td>
<td>All audit components work with the Blue/Gray UI except policy violations. Because Blue/Gray expense reports do not have policy violations, the policy violation portion of an audit rule set does not route these expense reports for audit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expense Analysis and Reporting</td>
<td>All expense reports are available for review in the Expenses and Violations Reporting page, including expense reports entered using the Blue/Gray UI.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Process Overview

This section provides an overview of the Expense Report Workflow process. This illustration demonstrates the complete process flow of expense reports from creation to payment.
Creating Expense Reports

Employees can create expense reports in these ways:

- Online using their computers and a standard Web browser.
- Online using Web-enabled mobile devices.
- Offline using Excel spreadsheets from a configured template.

Employees must have the Internet Expenses responsibility in order to create an expense report. If you implement the credit card functionality, employees can include credit card transactions in their expense reports. See also: Appendix C, “Processing Corporate Credit Cards”.

Creating an Expense Report with the Expense Spreadsheet

The disconnected expense reporting process enables Internet Expenses users to create expense reports while away from the office or when access to the corporate intranet is not available.

The disconnected expense reporting process includes:

- Exporting and saving a copy of the expense spreadsheet template using the Export Expense Spreadsheet function. Access to your corporate intranet is required to export this template.
- Using the expense spreadsheet to enter expense report information.
- Transferring expense reports created with the spreadsheet to Internet Expenses using the Import Expense Spreadsheet function. Once imported, the transferred information appears as an expense report in Internet Expenses and users can update, save, or submit for approval. Access to your corporate intranet is required to import the spreadsheet.

Sending Receipts to Accounts Payable

After an employee submits an expense report, Internet Expenses displays a confirmation page with instructions for the employee. For example, you may want to inform the employee that a notification will be sent when the report is approved by management and at that time all original receipts must be sent to the accounts payable department. Most companies require original receipts for verification before reimbursing employees for business expenses.
Expense Report Workflow Process

When an employee submits an expense report for approval, the Expense Report workflow process begins. Once the workflow process is complete, the expense report in the Payables Expense Reports window has these restrictions on user interaction:

- You cannot add or delete expense lines.
- These fields and check boxes become read-only:
  - Amount field at the header level
  - Amount field for expense lines
  - Invoice Number field (read only once workflow process begins)
  - Reviewed by Payables and Management check boxes
  - Receipt verified, required, and missing check boxes
  - Adjustment or short payment reason
  - Policy violation short payment check box

For information about the Second Generation audit page, see: Appendix B, "Audit Management".

Server Side Validation Process

The Server Side Validation process adds required information to the database tables AP_EXPENSE_REPORT_HEADERS_ALL and AP_EXPENSE_REPORT_LINES_ALL, so that the workflow approval processes and the Expense Report Import program can process the report properly. Once the Server Side Validation process is complete, you can view a report in the Payables Expense Reports window or the Audit Expense Reports page.

See also: Chapter 7, "Defining Workflow Processes".

Manager (Spending) Approval Process

The Manager (Spending) Approval process routes expense reports to managers for approval. A manager’s ability to approve a report depends on the manager’s signing limit. If the total report amount is greater than the manager’s signing limit, Workflow forwards the report to the next person in the management hierarchy that has proper signing authority.
When an expense report receives approval, the workflow transitions to the AP Approval process. For a detailed description of this process, see Manager (Spending) Approval Process in Chapter 7, "Defining Workflow Processes".

If a manager rejects the report, the workflow transitions to the Rejection process.

Rejection Process
When a manager rejects an expense report, the Rejection process begins. The Rejection process notifies the employee that the report has been rejected, with or without a reason. The employee can optionally modify and resubmit the report for approval using the Modify Expense Reports function.

See also: Chapter 7, "Defining Workflow Processes".

AP Approval Process
The AP Approval process first determines whether an expense report requires the approval of the accounts payable department. If approval from the accounts payable department is not required, the process automatically approves the expense report. If the report requires approval from the accounts payable department, the process waits until it receives a response from that department before continuing.

The accounts payable department uses the Expense Reports window in Oracle Payables or the Audit Management feature to review, adjust, short pay, and approve expense reports. After the accounts payable department approves an expense report, the Oracle Expense Report Import program converts the report into an invoice.

Converting Expense Reports into Invoices
Oracle Payables pays invoices only, so before an approved expense report can be paid, it must be converted into an invoice. The Oracle Expense Report Import converts expense reports created in Internet Expenses into invoices in Oracle Payables. An expense report can be processed by the Expense Report Import program only if it receives approval from both the approval manager and the accounts payable department during the Expense Report workflow process.

After running the Expense Report Import program, Payables prints the Invoice Import Exceptions Report. This report lists all expense reports that could not be imported, with the exception (rejection) reason. When a report is rejected by the Expense Report Import program, you must correct all problems in the expense report and then resubmit Expense Report Import to create an invoice.
Reimbursing Expense Reports

After the Expense Report Import program creates invoices for expense reports, you can create payments for the invoices using the same method as for other invoices.
This chapter explains the setup tasks that you must complete in Oracle Applications in order to use Oracle Internet Expenses.

This chapter includes these topics:

- Base Applications Requirements for Internet Expenses
- Implementation Checklist for Internet Expenses
- Explanation of the Implementation Steps
Base Applications Requirements for Internet Expenses

This table lists all of the Oracle applications related to the implementation of Internet Expenses.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application</th>
<th>Required or Optional</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oracle Self-Service Web Applications (ICX)</td>
<td>Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle Payables</td>
<td>Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle Workflow</td>
<td>Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle System Administration</td>
<td>Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle Common Modules - AK</td>
<td>Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle Application Object Library</td>
<td>Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle Human Resources</td>
<td>Optional</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle Projects</td>
<td>Optional (Required if project and task information is required for expense reports)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle Approvals Management</td>
<td>Optional</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle Grants Accounting</td>
<td>Optional</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Internet Expenses is installed with Oracle Payables. The applications are not listed in any particular order. For the correct installation order, refer to the About document for the Internet Expenses patch or release.

For more information, you can refer to one or more of these guides:

- Oracle Self-Service Web Applications Guide
- Oracle Payables User Guide
- Oracle Workflow Administrator’s Guide
- Oracle Workflow Developer’s Guide
- Oracle Workflow User’s Guide
- Oracle Workflow API Reference
- Oracle Applications System Administrator’s Guide
- Oracle Mobile Self Service Applications Server: Installation Guide
- OA Personalization Framework and OA Extensibility Framework Guide
- Oracle Applications Flexfields Guide
- Managing Your Workforce Using Oracle HRMS
- Configuring, Reporting and System Administration in Oracle HRMS
- Implementing Oracle HRMS
- Using Oracle HRMS – The Fundamentals
- Oracle Projects User Guide
- Oracle Approvals Management Implementation Guide
- Oracle Grants Accounting User’s Guide
## Implementation Checklist for Internet Expenses

This tables provide a checklist of the required and optional implementation steps for Internet Expenses, with their areas of integration and setup. Unless otherwise stated each step includes a reference to more detailed sections within this chapter.

### Integrating with Oracle Application Object Library

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step Number</th>
<th>Step Description</th>
<th>Required or Optional</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Define Accounting Flexfield. See: Oracle Applications Flexfield Guide.</td>
<td>Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Update Internet Expenses messages. See: Updating Internet Expenses Messages.</td>
<td>Optional</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Define the Contact Us information. See: Defining Contact Us Information.</td>
<td>Optional</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Integrating with Oracle Human Resources

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step Number</th>
<th>Step Description</th>
<th>Required or Optional</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Define your employees. See: Defining Employees.</td>
<td>Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Set up for cost center reporting. See: Setting Up for Cost Center Reporting.</td>
<td>Optional</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Integrating with Oracle System Administration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step Number</th>
<th>Step Description</th>
<th>Required or Optional</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Specify profile option values. See: Specifying Values for Internet Expenses Profile Options.</td>
<td>Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Define the responsibility attributes. See: Defining Responsibility Attributes.</td>
<td>Optional</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Setting Up Oracle Payables

2-4  Oracle Internet Expenses Implementation and Administration Guide)
### Implementation Checklist for Internet Expenses

**Step Number** | **Step Description** | **Required or Optional**  
--- | --- | ---  
11. | Define Payables Lookups for Internet Expenses. See: Define Payables Lookups for Internet Expenses. | Optional  
12. | Define default expense check address. See: Setting the Expense Check Reimbursement Address. | Required  
14. | Establish Multiple Currencies setup. See: Establishing Multiple Currencies Setup. | Optional  
18. | Set up tax. See: Setting Up Tax. | Optional  
19. | Enable currencies. See: Enabling Currencies. | Required  
21. | Define your employees as suppliers. See: Entering Employees as Suppliers. | Required  
22. | Assign signing limits to your managers. See: Assigning Signing Limits. | Required  
23. | Define your descriptive flexfields. See: Setting Up Descriptive Flexfields. | Optional  
24. | Set up credit cards. See: Establishing Corporate Credit Cards. | Optional  

### Integrating with Other Applications

| Step Number | Step Description | Required or Optional  
--- | --- | ---  
27. | Integrate with Oracle Approvals Management. See: Integrating Oracle Approvals Management with Internet Expenses. | Optional  
### Setting Up Oracle Internet Expenses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step Number</th>
<th>Step Description</th>
<th>Required or Optional</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>29.</td>
<td>Complete the Internet Expenses Setup. See: Chapter 3, &quot;Using the Internet Expenses Setup&quot;.</td>
<td>Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30.</td>
<td>Complete the Audit Automation Setup. See: Chapter 4, &quot;Setting Up Audit Automation&quot;.</td>
<td>Optional</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32.</td>
<td>Configure Expense Spreadsheet. See: Chapter 6, &quot;Configuring the Expense Spreadsheet&quot;.</td>
<td>Optional</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33.</td>
<td>Define Client Extensions. See: Chapter 5, &quot;Implementing Client Extensions&quot;.</td>
<td>Optional</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Explanation of the Implementation Steps

This section provides an explanation of each implementation step, unless the information is covered in more detail elsewhere in this guide. Though some of these implementation steps are also needed for implementing other products, the explanations in this guide refer only to the requirements for using Internet Expenses.

The step explanations are grouped into these topics in the order that they appear in the checklist:

- Integrating with Oracle Application Object Library
- Integrating with Oracle Human Resources
- Integrating with Oracle System Administration
- Setup Steps in Oracle Payables
- Integrating with Other Applications

Attention: After you perform the implementation steps in the base applications, you may need to restart the Apache Listener to reflect the setup in Internet Expenses.

Integrating with Oracle Application Object Library

This section describes the implementation steps that require the use of the Oracle Application Object Library.

Defining the Accounting Flexfield

The first step in implementing Internet Expenses is to define the Accounting flexfield. If you have already implemented Oracle Payables, this step is done. For more information, refer to the Oracle Payables User Guide and the Oracle Application Object Library online help.

Updating Internet Expenses Messages

Use the Messages window in the Oracle Application Object Library to edit Internet Expenses messages. You can update any of the Internet Expenses messages either to add content or to make the content more specific to your business. For example, you might change the instructions in a window to use terminology that is unique within your enterprise or modify the content of an error message to provide additional
information. All Internet Expenses messages use either the prefix AP_WEB or OIE in the message name.

---

**Warning:** Do not perform either of these actions when you edit Internet Expenses messages:

- **Do not insert returns.** Inserting returns into HTML-based messages can cause a fatal system error.
- **Do not modify text strings that contain an ampersand (&).** These text strings are parameters that Internet Expenses replaces with actual values. For example, the text string `&trx_type` represents the transaction type. Internet Expenses cannot display these messages correctly if you modify these strings.

---

**Suggestion:**

Replace all custom messages and store the copy in a directory protected from upgrades. Messages are stored in the directory: `$FND_TOP/mesg/<language>`.

---

This section contains instructions for updating these messages:

- **OIE_ACTIVE_INSTRUCTIONS.** Message text for the Active Expense Reports page.
- **OIE_INVOICE_DESC.** Description message for credit card transactions.

**Adding a Message to the Active Expense Reports Page** You can add your own message text at the header level to the Active Expenses Reports page. The default is no message.

1. Log into Oracle Applications using the Application Developer responsibility.
2. Navigate to the Messages window.
3. Query the message `OIE_ACTIVE_INSTRUCTIONS`.
4. Add the text of your message in the Message Text field.
5. Save your work.
Changing the Description Message for Credit Card Transactions  If you use credit card programs and you have set the OIE: CC Payment Due From profile option to Both, then after the completion of the workflow process Payables creates an expense report invoice for the credit card issuer. By default the payables invoice description displays the credit card number and card holder name, followed by the expense report purpose.

You can change the order of the description, or you can remove either the credit card number and card holder or the expense report purpose.

---

**Note:** If the total number of characters for credit card number, card holder, and description exceeds 240, Internet Expenses truncates the message.

---

1. Log into Oracle Applications using the Application Developer responsibility.
2. Navigate to the Messages window.
3. Query the message `OIE_INVOICE_DESC`. EMP_CARD_NUM represents the credit card number and card holder. EXP_RPT_PURPOSE represents the expense report purpose.
4. Delete EMP_CARD_NUM to remove the credit card number and card holder from the message. Delete EXP_RPT_PURPOSE to remove the expense report purpose from the message.
   
   You can also switch the order of EMP_CARD_NUM and EXP_RPT_PURPOSE.
5. Save your work.

See also: Message Dictionary, Oracle Applications Developer’s Guide

Defining Contact Us Information

Internet Expenses includes a Contact Us icon at the top of each page. By clicking on this icon, your users can submit an email message to a designated contact in your organization with questions or comments.

To enable the Contact Us information:
1. Log into Oracle Applications using the Application Developer responsibility.
2. Navigate to the Form Functions window.
3. Query the function `OIE_CONTACT_US`. 
4. Choose the Web HTML tabbed region.

5. In the HTML Call field, enter the desired email address immediately after mailto: (no spaces) in this format:

   mailto:yourname@yourcompany.com

6. Save your work.

**Defining Global Policy Information**

Internet Expenses includes a Global Policy icon at the top of each page. By clicking on this icon, your employees can access a web page with text describing your company’s expense report policies and procedures.

First create a static web page with the text that you want, then assign the page to the OIE_POL_VIEW_GUIDELINES function.

**To enable access to global policy information:**

1. Log into Oracle Applications using the Application Developer responsibility.

2. Navigate to the Form Functions window.

3. Query the function OIE_POL_VIEW_GUIDELINES.

4. Choose the Web HTML tabbed region.

5. In the HTML Call field, enter the .htm file name of your static web page in this format (the question mark at the end is required):

   oiepolicy.htm?

   Your .htm file then needs to reside in $APPL_TOP/html.

6. Save your work.

**See also:** Menus and Function Security, Oracle Applications Developer’s Guide
Integrating with Oracle Human Resources

This section describes the implementation steps to perform using Oracle Human Resources.

Defining Employees

Define employee information for all persons that will use Internet Expenses. You can enter employee information in Oracle HRMS, or, if you do not use Oracle HRMS, in the Enter Person window in Oracle Payables.

This table lists the personal information to enter for each employee and how Internet Expenses uses this information.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Information</th>
<th>How Information is Used in Internet Expenses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Employee Name</td>
<td>Name that appears in the expense reports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mail To Address</td>
<td>Indicates where expense report reimbursement check is sent (for example, home or work address).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Home Address</td>
<td>Address information for reimbursement, if Home is selected in the Mail To field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supervisor</td>
<td>Person to whom the employee reports; this may also be the person to whom the expense reports are routed for approval.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accounting</td>
<td>Defines default account for expense reports. The value you enter in the Department segment of the accounting flexfield appears as the default Cost Center in the General Expense Report Information page.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See also: Workforce Management, Managing Your Workforce Using Oracle HRMS

Setting Up Security Profiles

Set up security profiles for use with the Internet Expenses Auditor responsibility and the Expense and Analysis Reporting responsibility.

You must set up and assign security profiles for each audit queue auditor responsible for paperless audit of expense reports. If an audit queue auditor does not have a security profile, then Internet Expenses does not know which operating units the audit queue auditor can access and therefore cannot assign expense reports.
You must set up and assign security profiles for employees assigned the Expense Analysis and Reporting responsibility. If these employees do not have a security profile, then they can view the expense reports of all employees in their respective organizations.

The security profile determines:

- for audit, the operating units from which audit queue auditors receive expense reports for paperless audit. The security profile lists of values in the Auditors page show the security profiles that the audit manager can access.
- for expense analysis and reporting, the employees that a manager has access to for expenses and violations reporting.

**Note:** You must have access to the system administrator responsibility to perform these setup steps.

**To set up security profiles:**

1. Log in to Oracle Applications with the user name and password appropriate for the installation.
2. Select the Human Resources responsibility.

**Define an organization hierarchy** Define an organization hierarchy with a list of operating units for Internet Expenses Audit.

3. Navigate to the Organization Hierarchy window.
4. In the Name field, enter a name that identifies this organization hierarchy for Internet Expenses Audit, for example, *OIE Audit Hierarchy*.
5. Navigate to the Version Number field and accept the default value 1.
6. Enter a value in the Version Date From field.
7. In the Organization Name field, query the operating unit that you want to include in the organization.
8. In the Subordinates region, enter the Names of the operating units that you want.
9. Complete the remaining fields according to your requirements.
10. Save your work.
**Define security profiles**  Define security profiles for Internet Expenses Auditor and Expense and Analysis Reporting.


12. In the Name field, enter a name that identifies the security profile, for example, *OIE Audit* or *OIE Reporting*.

13. Enter a Business Group.

14. In the Security Type field:
   - for Internet Expenses Auditor, enter *Secure organizations by organization hierarchy*.
   - for Expense and Analysis Reporting, enter the appropriate value for your business requirements.

15. In the Organization Hierarchy field:
   - for Internet Expenses Auditor, enter the organization hierarchy you defined for audit.
   - for Expense and Analysis Reporting, enter the appropriate value for your business requirements.

16. Check the Include Top Organization box and enter a Top Organization.

17. Complete the remaining fields according to your requirements.

18. Save your work.


19. Run or wait for the next run of the Security List Maintenance Process (LISTGEN), according to your business practice.

**Assign the security profiles.**  Assign the security profiles that you defined to the appropriate responsibilities.

20. Select the System Administrator responsibility.

**For audit:**

21. Navigate to the Find System Profile Values window.

22. Check the Responsibility box and enter the Internet Expenses Auditor responsibility.
23. In the Profile field, enter the MO: Security Profile profile option.
24. Click Find to display the System Profile Values window.
25. In the Responsibility field, enter the security profile that you defined for audit.
26. Save your work.

For expense reporting:
27. Navigate to the Find System Profile Values window.
28. Uncheck the Site box.
29. Check the Responsibility box and enter the Expense Analysis and Reporting responsibility.
30. In the Profile field, enter the HR: Security Profile profile option.
31. Click Find to display the System Profile Values window.
32. In the Responsibility field, enter the security profile that you defined for expense reporting.
33. Save your work.

See also: Creating Organization Hierarchies, Using Oracle HRMS – The Fundamentals

See also: Defining a Security Profile, Configuring, Reporting and System Administration in Oracle HRMS

See also: Security Processes, Configuring, Reporting and System Administration in Oracle HRMS

See also: System Profile Values Window, Oracle Applications System Administrator’s Guide

Setting Up for Cost Center Reporting
Managers can use the Expense Analysis and Reporting pages to review employee expense reports by charges to cost center and by cost center owner. This includes expense reports by employees who do not belong to the cost center. To make use of these reports, you must perform the necessary setup for cost centers and cost center owners:
- Define cost center organizations.
Assign cost center owners to the cost center organizations.

There are many different ways to enable and use cost centers. Please refer to the appropriate documentation for detailed information about setting up cost centers and cost center owners.

See also: Creating an Organization, Using Oracle HRMS – The Fundamentals

See also: Planning and Installation, Oracle General Ledger User Guide

See also: How To Implement Functionality: Auto Orgs - The Automatic Creation of HR Organizations, Metalink note number 176608.1.

Integrating with Oracle System Administration

This section describes the implementation steps to perform using Oracle System Administration. For more information on each of these topics, refer to the Oracle Applications System Administrator’s Guide.

Specifying Values for Internet Expenses Profile Options

Set values for Internet Expenses profile options to control how information appears, what values are required, and how the system processes data. Internet Expenses also uses profile options from other Oracle Financials applications to control features that affect more than one application (for example, Display Inverse Rate and Sequential Numbering).

The system administrator sets many of these profile options at one or more of these levels: Site, Application, Responsibility, and User. Use the System Profile Values window to define these profile options.

Refer to the Oracle Applications System Administrator’s Guide for a list of profile options common to all Oracle Applications.

Required Profile Options This table lists the required profile options and their available settings for Internet Expenses.

The key for this table is:

- **Update** - You can update the profile option.
■ **View Only** - You can view the profile option but cannot change it.

■ **No Access** - You cannot view or change the profile option value.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Profile Option</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>User Access</th>
<th>User Level Setting</th>
<th>Responsibility Level Setting</th>
<th>Application Level Setting</th>
<th>Site Level Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ICX: Date Format Mask</td>
<td>DD_MON_RRRR</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICX: Language</td>
<td>American English</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICX: Limit Connect</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICX: Limit Time</td>
<td>4 Hours</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICX: Session Timeout</td>
<td>NULL</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

■ **ICX: Date Format Mask**

Determine the default date format. The American English default is **DD-MON-RRRR**, for example, **07-JAN-1999**.

For year 2000 compliance, all year formats are converted to **RRRR**, which accepts four-digit century and year entries verbatim (1950 is stored as 1950) and converts two-digit year entries in this way:

- Entries of **00** to **49** are converted to **2000 to 2049**, respectively.
- Entries of **50** to **99** are converted to **1950 to 1999**, respectively.

Users can specify their preferred date format in their user preferences. User preferences override the default format provided by this profile option.

■ **ICX: Language**

Sets the language. The default is **American English**.

■ **ICX: Limit Connect**

Sets the maximum number of page hits per session. The default is **1000**.

■ **ICX: Limit Time**

Sets the maximum number of hours a user can remain logged on per session. The default value is **4**.

■ **ICX: Session Timeout**
Sets the maximum number of minutes to wait before invalidating an idle ICX session. The default value is NULL.

Most of these profile options impact the login session. In addition, you can control the login session through the Apache Jserv Session. For more information on these settings and how they interact, refer to the applicable version of the guide Configuring and Troubleshooting the Self Service Framework with Oracle Applications available on MetaLink.

Optional Profile Options The table in this section lists all other profile options that affect the operation of Internet Expenses. The table identifies the levels at which each profile option is updatable, and provides any default value. If you are setting a profile option at the application level, you must define it for Oracle Payables. Since Internet Expenses is tightly integrated with Oracle Payables, it does not have a separate application ID in the Applications Object Library.

The key for this table is:

- **Update** - You can update the profile option.
- **View Only** - You can view the profile option but cannot change it.
- **No Access** - You cannot view or change the profile option value.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Profile Option</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>User Access</th>
<th>User Level Setting</th>
<th>Responsibility Level Setting</th>
<th>Application Level Setting</th>
<th>Site Level Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OIE: Allow Credit Lines</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OIE: Enable Credit Card</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OIE: Allow Non-Base Pay</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OIE: CC Approver Req</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OIE: CC Payment Due From</td>
<td>Null</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OIE: CC Payment Notify</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OIE: Maximum Days to Show Credit Card Transactions</td>
<td>No Default Value</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Explanation of the Implementation Steps

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Profile Option</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
<th>User Access</th>
<th>User Level Setting</th>
<th>Responsibility Level Setting</th>
<th>Application Level Setting</th>
<th>Site Level Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OIE: Enable DescFlex</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OIE: Enable Projects</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OIE: Enable Tax</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OIE: Enable Approver</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OIE: Purpose Required</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OIE: Report Number Prefix</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OIE: Grace Period</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OIE: Enable Policy</td>
<td>Inform Approvers</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OIE: Enable Line Level Accounting</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PA: Allow Project Time and Expense</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PA: AutoApprove Expense Reports</td>
<td>No Default Value</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Journals: Display Inverse Rate</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AME: Installed</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default Country</td>
<td>No Default Value</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language</td>
<td>No Default Value</td>
<td>Visible</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MO: Operating Unit</td>
<td>No Default Value</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
<td>No Access</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
- **OIE: Allow Credit Lines**
  Set this profile option to Yes to enable users to enter negative receipts (credit lines). Users enter negative receipts to report the refund of a previously reimbursed expense, for example, an unused airline ticket. Setting this profile option to No prevents users from entering negative expense lines for cash and other expenses. Users can still enter negative corporate credit card expense lines. The default value is Yes.

- **OIE: Enable Credit Card**
  Set this profile option to Yes to enable the credit card functionality to allow users with corporate credit cards to select and add credit card transactions to their expense reports.

- **OIE: Allow Non-Base Pay**
  Set this profile option to Yes to enable users to choose the reimbursement currency for their expense reports. You must set up Payables to use multiple currencies before you can enable this profile option. See also: Establishing Multiple Currencies Setup.

- **OIE: CC Approver Req**
  This profile option indicates whether users must enter an alternate approver when they charge their expense reports to a cost center different from their own.
Set this profile option to Yes to require employees to enter the Alternate Approver field when employees enter a cost center other than their default cost center. If you set this profile option to Yes, you must also set the OIE: Enable Approver profile option to Yes.

Attention: The seeded Find Approver function activity in the Expense Report workflow requires that users enter an alternate approver whenever they charge expense reports to cost centers different from their own. Therefore, you must set this option to Yes if you use the seeded Find Approver function activity.

- **OIE: CC Payment Due From**
  Use this profile option to indicate whether payment for corporate credit card transactions is due from the employee, the enterprise, or from both the employee and the enterprise. Choose one of these values:

  - **Individual** - The employee is billed and pays the credit card issuer for all transactions. The employee then creates an expense report to request reimbursement for the business-related transactions.

  - **Company** - The enterprise is billed and pays the credit card issuer for all transactions. The employee then creates an expense report and marks each item as either Business or Personal. If the total amount of personal transactions processed on an expense report exceeds the total amount of cash and other business expenses for that expense report, the employee will owe the enterprise for these personal transactions. Therefore, the employee may be required to reimburse the enterprise for the difference (depending upon the corporate card policy of the enterprise.)

  - **Both** - The employee is billed and pays the credit card issuer only for personal transactions. The employee then creates an expense report for the remaining business-related expenses. When the report is imported into Payables as an invoice, the enterprise pays the credit card issuer for the employee’s business expenses.

This profile option does not have a default value.

See also: Appendix C, "Processing Corporate Credit Cards".
Explain the Implementation Steps

Setting Up Applications for Internet Expenses

- **OIE: CC Payment Notify**
  
  Use this profile option to specify whether a notification is sent to employees when payment is created in Oracle Payables for corporate credit card transactions. The default value is No.

  See also: Overview of the Expense Report Workflow in Chapter 7, "Defining Workflow Processes".

- **OIE: Maximum Days to Show Credit Card Transactions**
  
  Employees use the Select Credit Card Transactions page to specify which transactions to add to an expense report. Use this profile option to control how long unused credit card transactions appear in the Select Corporate Credit Card Transactions page. The number you specify indicates the number of days from the transaction date that the item is displayed in Internet Expenses.

  If you do not specify a maximum number of days, Internet Expenses displays unused credit card transactions in the Credit Card Transactions page indefinitely.

- **OIE: Enable DescFlex**
  
  This profile option enables Internet Expenses to display descriptive flexfields. You must set up descriptive flexfields specifically for use in Internet Expenses before you can enable this option.

  For more information, see: Defining Descriptive Flexfields in the Expense Spreadsheet.

- **OIE: Enable Projects**
  
  This profile option enables users to enter project-related information on expense reports. You must set up Internet Expenses to integrate with Oracle Projects before you can enable this option.

  The values for this profile option are:
  - Yes - Enables the entry of project information.
  - No - Disables the entry of project information.
  - Required - Requires the entry of project information.

  See also: Integrating with Oracle Projects.

- **OIE: Enable Tax**
  
  This profile option enables the availability of tax-related elements on expense reports. Set this profile option to Yes to display the Tax Code field and Amount
Includes Tax check box on expense reports. Set this profile option to No to conceal the display.

If you set this profile option to No and you set up tax calculation on expense reports, Internet Expenses uses the default values you provide without user intervention. See: Setting Up Tax.

### OIE: Enable Approver

This profile option enables the Alternate Approver field in Internet Expenses. When this profile option is set to Yes, the Alternate Approver field is available for users to specify a different employee to approve their expense report. When this profile option is set to No, the Alternate Approver field is hidden.

---

**Attention:** You must set the OIE: Enable Approver profile option to Yes if you want to use one of the three seeded Find Approver methods.

---

### OIE: Approver Required

This profile option indicates whether users must designate an alternate approver for their expense reports.

---

**Attention:** If you set this profile option to Yes, Internet Expenses requires that users always enter an alternate approver.

---

### OIE: Purpose Required

This profile option controls whether users must enter a purpose when creating an expense report. A purpose is a brief description of the business activities that justify the expenses in a report.

### OIE: Report Number Prefix

This profile option specifies a prefix value for expense report numbers. The expense report number becomes the corresponding invoice number when the expense report is converted into an invoice via the Expense Report Import program. Entering a prefix value enables you to easily identify invoices in Payables that were expense reports created in Internet Expenses. Leave this option blank if you do not want to specify a prefix value for expense report numbers.
For example, if you set this profile option to use the prefix Web, your expense report numbering appears as Web589, Web560, Web561, and so on.

**OIE: Grace Period**

This profile option specifies the number of grace period days beyond an end date that certain OIE setup items remain available for use. The OIE setup items are:

- Rate schedules
- Rate schedule rule values that have end dates
- Location records
- Expense report template Inactive On field
- Expense types

These items remain available for selection and use as long as the system date is before the end date plus the number of grace period days. The default value is 30.

**OIE: Enable Policy**

This profile option controls the behavior of Internet Expenses in relation to reports that contain policy violations. If an expense report is submitted with violations, Internet Expenses captures policy violations for reporting purposes. The values are:

- *Prevent Submission* - The end user cannot submit the expense report because of a policy violation, unless the violation type is “Receipt Missing” or “Airfare Class of Ticket”. An error message informs the user of the policy violation.

- *Warn Users* - The end user can submit the expense report. A warning message informs the user that the report contains policy violations.

- *Inform Approvers* - The end user can submit the expense report. If there are policy violations, they are transparent to the end user, but Internet Expenses documents the violations for approvers.

The default value is *Inform Approvers*.

**OIE: Enable Line Level Accounting**

This profile option determines whether an end user can update the cost center segment value on an expense line. If set to *Yes*, an employee can split expense
reports across cost centers, for both credit card expenses and cash and other expenses. The default value is No.

**Note:** To obtain manager approval for charges to different cost centers, you must implement Oracle Approvals Management.

- **PA: Allow Project Time and Expense**
  This profile option enables users to enter project-related information on expense reports. If you set this option to Yes, then you must set the profile option OIE: Enable Projects to Yes as well.

  You must set up Internet Expenses to integrate with Oracle Projects and Oracle Grants Accounting before you can enable this option. See: Integrating with Oracle Projects and Integrate with Oracle Grants Accounting.

- **PA: AutoApprove Expense Reports**
  This profile option permits automatic approval of project-related expense reports. See: Integrating with Oracle Projects.

- **Journals: Display Inverse Rate**
  This profile option determines how the reimbursable amount is calculated when users enter foreign currency receipts. When this profile option is set to No, the receipt amount is multiplied by the exchange rate to determine the reimbursable amount. When it is set to Yes, the receipt amount is divided by the exchange rate. The default value is No.

  **Note:** This profile option only provides controls for cash and other expenses. It does not control how the reimbursable amount is calculated for corporate credit card expenses because these amounts are already determined for credit card transactions.

- **AME: Installed**
  This profile option enables the integration between Internet Expenses and Oracle Approvals Management. See: Enabling Approvals Management Integration.
### Language

This profile option displays the name of the language used by your application windows and menus. Only your system administrator can change this profile option.

### Printer

Use this profile option to select the printer that prints Internet Expenses data. If a printer cannot be selected, contact your system administrator. Printers must be registered with Oracle Applications. Users can view and update this profile option.

**Application Object Library Profile Options**

You define Application Object Library (AOL) profile options when installing Oracle Financials. These profile options affect all applications:

- Default Country
- Site Language
- Sequential Numbering

**Profile Options for Multiple Organization Support**

The profile option MO: Operating Unit controls to which operating unit a particular responsibility corresponds. This profile option is only used if you have installed multiple organization support.

**See also:** Common User Profile Options, *Oracle Applications User Guide*

**See also:** Profile Options in Oracle Application Object Library, *Oracle Applications System Administrator’s Guide*

**See also:** Multiple Organizations Setup and Implementation, *Multiple Organizations in Oracle Applications Guide*

### Defining and Setting Up Users

You must define your employees as users in order for them to use Internet Expenses. As part of this definition process, you assign the self-service application responsibilities and a securing attribute to each user. You can perform all of these activities in the Users window in System Administration.
To define an employee as a user:
1. Log into Oracle Applications using the System Administrator responsibility.
2. Navigate to the Users window.
3. Enter the name that the employee will use to log in to self-service applications in the User Name field.
4. Define a temporary password for the user in the Password field.
   When the user logs in for the first time, a prompt will appear to request a password change.
5. Select the name of the employee from the list of values in the Person field.
6. Enter the email address of the employee in the E-Mail field, if you use an email system to send workflow notifications to employees.
7. Establish a password expiration.
8. Save your work.

Assigning Responsibilities to Users Your installation includes these seeded responsibilities:

- **Internet Expenses.** Assign this responsibility to employees who will create and track expense reports. This responsibility is required for Internet Expenses users.
- **Internet Expenses Setup.** Assign this responsibility to employees who will perform setup tasks that apply to Internet Expenses only. This responsibility is required for Internet Expenses users.
- **Internet Expenses Auditor.** Assign this responsibility to employees who will perform audits of expense reports.
- **Internet Expenses Audit Manager.** Assign this responsibility to employees who manage the auditing of expense reports and the management of expense report auditors in Internet Expenses.
- **Expense Analysis and Reporting.** Assign this responsibility to employees who will use the Expenses And Violations Reporting page to run expense analysis reports.
- **Workflow User Web Applications.** Assign this responsibility to allow employees to access notifications from the worklist, update user preferences, or define notification routing rules. This responsibility is required only if users
view and respond to notifications and related details while logged on to self-service applications.

- **Workflow User Web (New).** Assign this responsibility to allow users to view, either in a table or a process diagram, the status of workflow processes generated for expense reports and other documents. Users can also view all notifications generated for the workflow process and a list of those who responded to notifications.

- **Workflow Administrator Web (New).** Assign this responsibility to allow workflow administrators access to the views available to the Workflow User Web (New) responsibility, along with administer workflow processes.

**To assign responsibilities to an employee:**

1. Log into Oracle Applications using the System Administrator responsibility.
2. Navigate to the Users window.
3. Query the user name of the employee.
4. Assign the applicable seeded responsibilities described above in the Responsibilities tabbed region.
5. Save your work.

**Assigning Securing Attributes**

You must assign a securing attribute to every user of Internet Expenses. Securing attributes determine for whom a user may enter expense reports. At a minimum, users must have a securing attribute defined for themselves.

The seeded responsibilities in Internet Expenses by default contain the securing attribute ICX_HR_PERSON_ID. This securing attribute confines user access to the user ID value assigned to the securing attribute. You can also use this securing attribute to assign authorized delegates to a user. **Authorized delegates** are users who can enter expense reports for another user. For example, you may want to set up executive assistants as authorized delegates so that they can enter expense reports for their managers.

When creating an expense report for someone else, authorized delegates use their own user name and password to access Internet Expenses, and then choose the name of the person for whom they are creating the expense report from a pulldown list. Users can only see the names of the individuals for whom they have been identified as an authorized delegate.
Prerequisites
Before you can assign securing attributes, you must define as application users the employees you want to make authorized delegates, and assign them the Internet Expenses and Workflow responsibilities. See: Assigning Responsibilities to Users.

To assign securing attributes to an Internet Expenses user:
1. Log into Oracle Applications using the System Administrator responsibility.
2. Navigate to the Users window.
3. Query the user name of an employee that will enter expense reports.
4. In the Securing Attributes tabbed region, enter ICX_HR_PERSON_ID in the Attribute field.
5. In the Value field, enter the Person ID of the employee. If you do not know the employee’s Person ID, select the name of the employee from the list of values. Oracle Applications automatically retrieves the Person ID.
6. Repeat steps 3 and 4 for any persons for whom this employee can enter expense reports.
7. Save your work.

Handling Multiple FND Entries When a preparer enters an expense report for another employee using the authorized delegate functionality, the system refers to the profile options defined for the FND user of the employee, not the profile option settings of the preparer.

It is recommended for most installations to assign only one FND user per employee. When an employee is assigned to multiple FND users, Internet Expenses can send workflow notifications to any of these FND users at random.

For non-Oracle Projects employees, if an employee is assigned to multiple FND users, Internet Expenses only verifies the profile option settings for the first FND user defined for that employee.

For Oracle Projects employees, if an employee is assigned to multiple FND users, Internet Expenses verifies that all FND users defined for the employee are Projects-enabled (OIE: Enable Projects profile option is set to Yes or Required). If all users are Projects-enabled, then Internet Expenses treats the employee as Projects-enabled. Otherwise, Internet Expenses does not treat the employee as Projects-enabled.
Defining Responsibility Attributes

Use the Responsibilities window and the Users window in Oracle Applications System Administration to define responsibility attributes for Internet Expenses.

---

**Note:** You must ensure that you assign the ICX_HR_PERSON_ID securing attribute to any new responsibilities you create for Internet Expenses. Otherwise, users of the responsibility will have the ability to update the expense reports for all employees in the operating unit.

---

Securing the Reviewed by Management Check Box  After managers approve expense reports that have been created through Internet Expenses, the Expense Report workflow process selects the Reviewed by Management check box in the Payables Expense Reports window. For expense reports entered directly through the Payables Expense Reports window, Payables users manually select this check box to indicate that managers have approved an expense report.

To help maintain the integrity of the Internet Expenses Expense Report workflow process, you can secure the Reviewed by Management check box to prevent updates to it. It is recommended that Payables users who are responsible for reviewing Internet Expenses expense reports not have the ability to update this check box.

To prevent a Payables user from updating the Reviewed by Management check box:

1. Log into Oracle Applications using the System Administrator responsibility.
2. Navigate to the Responsibilities window.
3. Query the Payables responsibility that you want to prevent from updating the Reviewed by Management check box.
4. Choose the Menu Exclusions tabbed region.
5. In the Type field, enter *Function*.
6. In the Name field, enter *Expense Reports - Override Manager Approval*.
7. Save your work.
Explanation of the Implementation Steps

Excluding the Project and Tasks Functions  If you want to define an Internet Expenses responsibility that does not include the Search Projects and Tasks form function and Projects and Tasks submenu, complete these steps:

1. Log into Oracle Applications using the System Administrator responsibility.
2. Navigate to the Responsibilities window.
3. Choose the Menu Exclusions tabbed region.
4. In the Type field, enter Function.
5. In the Name field, enter Audit Manager.
6. Save your work.

Setup Steps in Oracle Payables

This section describes implementation steps for integrating with Oracle Payables.

Define Payables Lookups for Internet Expenses

Use the Payables Lookups window to define values for Payables lookups used by Internet Expenses. Payables provides lookup types with seeded values for Expenses Setup, Expenses Entry, and Audit Automation. You can modify existing values and define new values using the Payables Lookups window.

Special considerations apply to these lookup types:

- OIE_AUTO_AUDIT_REASONS. If you define new lookup values for the lookup type OIE_AUTO_AUDIT_REASONS, you must also create a custom program using the Audit List API to extend the use of an existing audit list rule set. See: Audit List API.

- OIE_AUDIT_REASONS. If you create customized reasons for selecting expense reports for audit using the Audit Reasons API, you need to define new, corresponding audit reasons to appear on expense reports by adding new lookup values to the OIE_AUDIT_REASONS lookup type. See: Audit Reasons API.

- OIE_ASSIGN_AUDITOR_STAGE. The values of the OIE_ASSIGN_AUDITOR_STAGE lookup type appear on the Create Audit Rule Set page in the “Assign audit queue auditor for an expense report” poplist in the Paperless Audit section. You can add values to this poplist to provide additional points at which Internet Expenses assigns expense reports to auditors from the audit queue for paperless audit. For example, assign expense reports to an audit queue auditor five days after expense report submission.
If you add values to the OIE_ASSIGN_AUDITOR_STAGE lookup type, you must design corresponding custom code to support the new lookup value and integrate with the Internet Expenses workflow process.

- For the lookup type EXPENSE_REPORT_APPROVER, you cannot add new values but you can update the existing values to suit your business needs, such as the contact names of accounts payable and expenses approvers. The values for lookup type EXPENSE_REPORT_APPROVER appear in the Current Approver column of the Track Submitted Expense Reports table in the Active Expense Reports page.

Note: If you want to disable, update, or add an end date to an Internet Expenses lookup, please ensure that the applicable values are not in use in Expenses Setup, Expenses Entry, or Audit Automation. Internet Expenses does not perform validation on updated or disabled lookups.

The tables below list the lookup types, with their seeded values, that you can modify for use with Internet Expenses.

**OIE_FUEL_TYPE** This lookup represents the mileage schedule rule values for the Fuel Type optional rule.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lookup Value</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BIFUEL</td>
<td>Bi-Fuel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CONVERSION</td>
<td>Conversion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DIESEL</td>
<td>Diesel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ELECTRIC</td>
<td>Electricity Only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HYBRID</td>
<td>Hybrid Electric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OTHER</td>
<td>Fuel type other than fuels listed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PETROL</td>
<td>Petrol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PETROLEUM</td>
<td>Liquid Petroleum Gas</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Explanation of the Implementation Steps

**OIE_VEHICLE_CATEGORY**  This lookup represents the mileage schedule rule values for the Vehicle Category optional rule.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lookup Value</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>COMPANY</td>
<td>Company vehicle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OTHER</td>
<td>Category other than Company, Private, Rental</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRIVATE</td>
<td>Private vehicle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RENTAL</td>
<td>Rental vehicle</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**OIE_VEHICLE_TYPE**  This lookup represents the mileage schedule rule values for the Vehicle Type optional rule.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lookup Value</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CAR</td>
<td>Car</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MOTORCYCLE</td>
<td>Motorcycle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OTHER</td>
<td>Vehicle other than those listed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VAN</td>
<td>Van</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**OIE_AUDIT_REASONS**  This lookup works in conjunction with the Audit Reasons API to define additional audit selection criteria.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lookup Value</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AUDIT_LIST</td>
<td>Audit list member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CUSTOM</td>
<td>Custom audit reason</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OVERDUE_RECEIPTS</td>
<td>Overdue receipts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POLICY_VIOLATION</td>
<td>Policy violation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RANDOM</td>
<td>Random selection</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**OIE_LINE_ADJUSTMENT_REASONS**  This lookup represents the values available in the Shortpay Reason poplist on the Audit Expense Reports page.
### Explanation of the Implementation Steps

#### Setting Up Applications for Internet Expenses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lookup Value</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MISSING_RECEIPT</td>
<td>Missing receipt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POLICY_VIOLATION</td>
<td>Policy violation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**OIE_AUTO_AUDIT_REASONS** This lookup represents the values available in the Audit List Reason poplist on the Add Employees to Audit List page.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lookup Value</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LEAVE_OF_ABSENCE</td>
<td>Leave of absence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POLICY_VIOLATION</td>
<td>Policy violation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TERMINATION</td>
<td>Termination</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RECEIPTS_LATE</td>
<td>Late receipt submission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EXPENSE_TOTAL</td>
<td>Allowable expense amount exceeded</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EXPENSE_COUNT</td>
<td>Allowable number of expense reports exceeded</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AUDITOR_ADDITION</td>
<td>Auditor added</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**OIE_ASSIGN_AUDITOR_STAGE** This lookup represents the values in the “Assign audit queue auditor for an expense report” in the Paperless Audit section of the Create Audit Rule Set page.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lookup Value</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MANAGER_APPROVAL</td>
<td>After manager approval</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUBMISSION</td>
<td>On expense report submission</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**EXPENSE_REPORT_APPROVER** This lookup represents the values displayed in the Current Approver column of the Track Submitted Expense Reports table on the Active Expense Reports page. AP is used when the status of an expense report is Pending Payables Approval, and EXPADMIN is used when the status of an expense report is Pending System Administrator Resolution.
Explanation of the Implementation Steps

### Setting the Expense Check Reimbursement Address

Use the Payables Financials Options window to define the expense report reimbursement check setup. By default, Internet Expenses uses the home or office value defined in the HRMS Mail To setup, if there is one. If not, then Internet Expenses uses the value you define in the Payables Financials Options window.

This setting also provides the value to use to create the supplier site record, if you enable the Automatically Create Employee as Supplier option in the Payables Options window.

You can define employee home and office addresses either in the People window, if you have a full install of Oracle Human Resources, or in the Enter Person window in Oracle Payables.

To set the default expense check address:

1. Navigate to the Payables Financials Options window.
2. Choose the Human Resources tabbed region.
3. Select an Expense Reimbursement Address of either Home or Office.
4. Save your work.

**See also:** Human Resources Financials Options, *Oracle Payables User Guide*

### Defining an Expenses Clearing Account

You define the Expense Clearing Account in the Oracle Payables Financials Options window. Payables uses this as a temporary account to record information about credit card transactions when processing expense reports created in Internet Expenses. This step is only necessary if you are implementing the Company Pay reimbursement policy.

**See also:** Accounting Financials Options, *Oracle Payables User Guide*

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### Lookup Value | Meaning
---|---
AP | Accounts Payable
EXPADMIN | Expenses Administrator

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Establishing Multiple Currencies Setup
The currency in which an expense report is paid is known as the reimbursement currency. Internet Expenses users can specify a reimbursement currency that is different from your enterprise functional currency only if:

- Oracle Payables is set up for multiple currencies.
- Reimbursement currency is enabled in the Currencies window.
- OIE: Allow Non-Base Pay profile option is set to Yes. See also: Specifying Values for Internet Expenses Profile Options.

To enable multiple currencies in Payables:
1. Navigate to the Payables Options window.
2. Enable the Use Multiple Currencies Payables option.
3. In the Exchange Rate Type field, enter Corporate, Spot, or User-defined, according to your business practice.

Attention: You cannot enter an exchange rate type of User. Since end users cannot enter the exchange rate between the reimbursement and functional currency on expense reports, this exchange rate type will cause expense reports to fail in workflow.

4. Save your work.
5. Navigate to the Currencies window.
6. Verify that all currencies your enterprise uses to reimburse employees are enabled.
7. Save your work.
Defining Expense Report Options
The Expense Report tabbed region of the Payables Options window controls certain aspects of the expense reporting process in Payables. Review these settings to become more familiar with them and understand how they affect the expense reporting process.

See also: Expense Report Payables Options, Oracle Payables User Guide

Enabling Automatic Tax Calculation
If you want tax distributions for Payables invoices from Internet Expenses expense reports to be created automatically, enable the Automatic Tax Calculation feature. To access this feature, navigate to the Invoice Tax tabbed region of the Payables Options window.

See also: Automatic Tax Calculation Overview, Oracle Payables User Guide

Establishing Tax Code Defaults Hierarchy
When users need to enter tax information on expense reports, you can configure Internet Expenses to provide default values for the tax code field. To access this feature, navigate to the Tax Defaults and Rules tabbed region of the Payables Options window.

See also: Entering Taxes on Expense Reports, Oracle Payables User Guide

Setting Up Tax
Set up tax in Oracle Payables to capture tax information on expense reports. An expense report can include the Tax Code field and the Amount Includes Tax check box. The tax code defaulted or entered by the user in the Tax Code field determines
the percent of tax associated with an expense report. The Amount Includes Tax check box determines whether or not the tax is inclusive.

Set up the behavior of tax defaulting and tax calculation on expense reports. For the Tax Code field, you define the proper default hierarchy and whether the field is required. You must then set the OIE: Enable Tax profile option to determine whether the Tax Code field and Amount Includes Tax check box are visible on expense reports. If the field and check box are not visible, Internet Expenses calculates taxes according to the default tax behavior you define, without user intervention.

If you need to allow employees to calculate multiple taxes on individual expense lines, you can also set up tax groups. You can combine several tax codes into one tax group to calculate multiple taxes on single taxable items. You can set up tax groups, for example, for countries or regions that apply both national and local taxes to a transaction. You can enter a default tax group for an expense report template using the Tax Code field in the Expense Report Template window. If enabled, users can also enter a tax group in the Tax Code field during expense report entry.

Oracle Payables calculates taxes when the Expense Report Import program creates invoices for expense reports. To illustrate how the tax distribution is eventually created for the expense report invoice, assume a user enters an Airline expense for $100. Also, assume that the tax code rate is 5%. If the check box is selected and the automatic tax calculation feature is enabled when the invoice is created, the amount of $95.24 will be charged to the Airline account and $4.76 will be charged to the tax account.

To enable taxes in Internet Expenses:

1. In the Payables Tax Codes window, check the Enable for Internet Expenses Users check box for each Tax Code that you want to appear on the poplist.

   **Note:** To make the Tax Code field required, select the Include Tax check box for an Expense Item in the expense report template.


4. If you use natural account tax defaulting and want to allow override of tax codes that are assigned to accounts, choose the Allow Override check box in the GL Tax Assignments window.

5. If necessary, use the Tax Groups window to group your tax codes to apply multiple tax codes to a single taxable item.

6. Save your work.

7. Set the OIE: Enable Tax profile option to show or hide the Tax Code field and Amount Includes Tax check box. See: Specifying Values for Internet Expenses Profile Options.

See also: Tax Defaults and Rules Payables Options, Oracle Payables User Guide

See also: Defining Tax Groups, Oracle Payables User Guide

Enabling Currencies
Before users can create expense reports, at a minimum you need to enable the currency that is used as your enterprise’s functional currency. If you allow users to select non-functional currencies as the reimbursement currency, or if users need to enter foreign currency receipts, you will need to enable these currencies as well.

See also: Foreign Currency, Oracle Payables User Guide

Defining Expense Report Templates
You must define at least one expense report template with the Enable for Internet Expenses Users check box selected. Only expense report templates with this option enabled can be used in Internet Expenses. Use the Oracle Payables Expense Report Templates window to define your expense report templates.

For more information about expenses report templates and rate and policy schedules, see: Defining Expense Report Templates in Chapter 3, “Using the Internet Expenses Setup”.

Seeded Expense Report Template An expense report template called Seeded Personal Expense is a seeded template available with your implementation of Internet Expenses. The purpose of this seeded template is to provide the expense type for personal expenses when you use the Company Pay credit card payment option. Do not delete or modify this seeded expense report template. Any changes to this template will cause problems with expense reports in workflow.
Mapping Credit Card Expense Types  In the Oracle Payables Expense Report Templates window, you can specify a Card Expense Type for expense types. The value selected for the Card Expense Type maps to the folio_type column of the AP_CREDIT_CARD_TRXNS_ALL table.

To illustrate how this functionality works, if a credit card transaction has a folio_type of Hotel, when a user adds this credit card transaction to an expense report, the expense type with the Card Expense Type of Hotel is defaulted by the system. Users can also override the default expense type.

Project-Related Expense Report Templates  If your employees enter project-related expense reports in Internet Expenses, you must define a project-related expense report template in Oracle Payables. Employees entering project-related expense reports can only use a project-related expense report template.

To create project-related expense types, you associate an expense item with an Oracle Projects expenditure type in the Projects Expenditure Type field of the Expense Report Templates window. Employees can then associate a project number, task number, and award number (if applicable) with the project-related expense item when they enter expense reports in Internet Expenses.

---

**Note:** Users cannot enter or view project-related information in the Payables Expense Reports window.

---

**See also:** Expense Report Templates, Oracle Payables User Guide

Entering Employees as Suppliers

Before an expense report can be paid, an invoice must be created for it in Oracle Payables. The Expense Report Import program automatically generates invoices for expense reports created in Internet Expenses, but employees who submit them must be defined as suppliers in Payables.

To ensure that employees are defined as suppliers, enable the Create Employee as Supplier option in the Payables Options window. If you enable this option, Payables automatically enters employees as suppliers during the Expense Report Import program.
To automatically create employees as suppliers in Oracle Payables:

1. Navigate to the Payables Options window.
2. Choose the Expense Report tabbed region.
3. Check the Automatically Create Employee as Supplier box.
4. Save your work.

See also: Entering Employees as Suppliers, *Oracle Payables User Guide*

**Assigning Signing Limits**

Managers can approve an expense report only if the total amount of the report does not exceed their *signing limit*. The Manager (Spending) Approval Process in the Expense Reporting workflow uses the signing limits you define to determine whether managers have authority to approve expense reports. See: Chapter 7, "Defining Workflow Processes".

When you assign signing limits to a manager, you specify a cost center to which the signing limit applies. You can also give managers signing limits for multiple cost centers.

Note: If you are using Oracle Approvals Management, assigning signing limits is not required. See: Integrating Oracle Approvals Management with Internet Expenses for more information.

**Multiple Reimbursement Currencies and Signing Limits**

If you set up Internet Expenses to allow multiple reimbursement currencies, employees can request reimbursement in a currency other than your functional (operating) currency. The signing limits that you define for approvers apply to your functional currency. When an employee specifies a different reimbursement currency, the system converts the report total into your functional currency, and then compares this amount to the manager’s signing limits.

For example, Manager A has a signing limit of 500.00 USD (the functional currency). An employee enters an expense report with a reimbursable amount of
700 British pounds (GBP). If the current exchange rate between GBP and USD is 1 GBP = 1.2 USD, the system determines that the total reimbursable amount is 583.33 USD, which exceeds Manager A’s signing limit. The Expense Report workflow then forwards the approval request to a manager whose signing limits allow approval of an expense report for 583.33 USD.

See also: Establishing Multiple Currencies Setup.

**To assign signing limits:**

1. Navigate to the Employee Signing Limits window.
2. Select *AP Expense Report* as the document type.
3. Enter the name of the manager to whom you want to assign a signing limit in the Employee Name field, or choose from the list of values.
4. Enter the cost center for which you want this manager to approve expense reports, or choose from the list of values.
5. Enter a signing limit for this manager.
6. Repeat steps 3 - 5 if you want this manager to be able to approve expense reports for more than one cost center.
7. Save your work.

**Setting Up Descriptive Flexfields**

Descriptive flexfields are an Oracle Applications feature that you can implement to collect additional information about employee expenses. Descriptive flexfields have two kinds of segments, or fields: global and context-sensitive.

Context-sensitive segments appear only when users select expense types to which you have associated flexfield segments. For example, you could associate the segments Airline, Class, Origin, and Destination with the expense type Airfare. When an employee chooses Airfare as the expense type for a receipt, these fields appear as further choices from which the employee can choose.

Global segments always appear in the Expenses Details page, regardless of the expense type entered.

---

**Note:** You must enable the profile option OIE: Enable DescFlex before users can enter flexfield data. See: Specifying Values for Internet Expenses Profile Options.
Reporting on Flexfield Data  Internet Expenses stores flexfield information in the
columns ATTRIBUTE 1-15 in the AP_EXPENSE_REPORT_LINES_ALL table. You
can import flexfield information into the AP_INVOICE_DISTRIBUTIONS_ALL
table by submitting the Expense Report Import program. You can then use this
information for custom reports or programs.

To import descriptive flexfields into the AP_INVOICE_DISTRIBUTIONS_ALL
table, run the Expense Report Import program, and select Yes for the Transfer
Descriptive Flexfield option.

See also: Reporting on Flexfields Data, Oracle Applications
Flexfields Guide

Defining Descriptive Flexfields in the Expense Spreadsheet  The Expense Spreadsheet
enables employees to create expense reports when access to your enterprise intranet
is unavailable. If you define descriptive flexfields to use in Internet Expenses, you
should set up these flexfields in your Expense Spreadsheet at the same time.

See also: Defining Descriptive Flexfields in the Expense Spreadsheet.

Defining Context Field Values  If you are using descriptive flexfields and you check the
Value Required box in the Context Field region of the Descriptive Flexfield
Segments window, then you must enable context field values for each expense type.

To enable context field values:

1. Navigate to the Descriptive Flexfield Segments window.
2. In the Context Field region, select the Required Context Field check box.
3. Save your work.

Planning your Descriptive Flexfields  The Oracle Applications Flexfields Guide describes in
detail how to plan and implement descriptive flexfields in Oracle Applications, but
the guide does not cover the specific tasks to set up the flexfields required for
Internet Expenses. This section provides additional information specific to Internet
Expenses.

Note: The descriptive flexfields you define for Internet Expenses
also appear in the Payables Expense Reports window.

You can define up to fifteen context-sensitive segments for each available expense
type, less the number of global segments that you define. For example, if you define
two global segments, you can define up to thirteen context-sensitive segments for each expense type.

To plan context-sensitive and global descriptive flexfields for use in Internet Expenses, you must:

- Determine expense types for which you want to collect additional information (these are your context-sensitive segments).
- Determine information you want to collect regardless of expense type (these are your global segments).
- Determine how you want users to enter information. You can use:
  - poplist
  - list of values
  - text box

This table provides an example of how to outline your flexfield segments:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Expense Type</th>
<th>Additional Information</th>
<th>How Users are Prompted</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Airfare</td>
<td>Airline</td>
<td>Select an airline from a poplist (for example, United, American, Delta).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Airfare</td>
<td>Class</td>
<td>Select a class from a list of values (for example, First, Business, or Economy).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Airfare</td>
<td>Ticket Number</td>
<td>Type in text box.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Entertainment</td>
<td>Names of Attendees</td>
<td>Type in text box.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Car Rental</td>
<td>Agency</td>
<td>Select an agency from a list of values (for example, Hertz, Avis, National, and Budget).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See also: Flexfield Concepts, Oracle Applications Flexfields Guide

See also: Planning and Defining Descriptive Flexfields, Oracle Applications Flexfields Guide

Defining Descriptive Flexfield Segments  Prior to defining your flexfield segments:

- Complete the steps described in Planning your Descriptive Flexfields
Review the exact spelling of your expense types in the Payables Expense Report Templates window.

Prerequisites
Before you can set up descriptive flexfield segments, you must set the profile option OIE: Enable DescFlex to Yes. See: Specifying Values for Internet Expenses Profile Options.

To set up descriptive flexfield segments for Internet Expenses:
1. Navigate to the Descriptive Flexfields Segments window.
2. Query Oracle Payables as the Application and Expense Report Line as the Title.
3. Deselect the Freeze Flexfield Definition check box.
   The Prompt and Value Set fields in the Context field region have seeded mandatory values. The Prompt field is seeded with Expense Type and the Value Set field is seeded with OIE_EXPENSE_TYPES. Do not make any changes to this value set.

   **WARNING:** Do not change the prompt value as this changes the prompt on the Expense Details pages. Also, do not change the seeded value set, otherwise your expense report template expense types will not work.

4. To create context-sensitive segments, enter expense types as values in the Context Field Values region. In the Code field, enter the expense type exactly how you want it to appear in Internet Expenses. Enter the same value in the Name field.

   **Attention:** Enter the expense types *exactly* as they appear for the Expense Item field in your Internet Expenses-enabled expense report template. If these values do not exactly match, the context-sensitive segments you define do not appear in Internet Expenses.

Examples of expense types you might define include:

- Airfare
Entertainment

Car Rental

5. To create global segments, select the Global Data Elements line, then choose the Segments button. To create context-sensitive segments, select the lines with expense types, then choose the Segments button.

6. In the Segments window, enter these values for each global or context-sensitive segment:

- A name and description for the segment.

---

**Note:** If your employees will use an Excel spreadsheet to enter expense reports, then you must enter a description for each global and context-sensitive segment. If you do not enter a description, the segment does not appear in Internet Expenses for disconnected expense reporting.

---

- A column name. This determines in which columns of the AP_EXPENSE_REPORT_LINES_ALL table the system stores your flexfield segments.

- A number. The number you enter determines the order in which the segments are displayed in Internet Expenses.

- A value set. Either select the proper value set or click Value Set to create a new one.

---

**Attention:** If you want to define a context-sensitive or global segment as a Yes/No selection option, enter `AP_SRS_YES_NO_MAND` as the value set for that segment.

---

- Display size. In order to increase the white space between the two columns in the Details page, it is recommended that you enter a Display Size no greater than 15.

- A window prompt. The text you enter in the Window Prompt field appears next to the segment in Internet Expenses.
7. Select the Enabled and Displayed check boxes. Checking the Enabled box indicates that the segment is available for use. Checking the Displayed box indicates that the new segment appears in Internet Expenses.

8. Save your work.

9. Return to the Descriptive Flexfield Segments window and check the Freeze Flexfield Definition box.

10. Save your work.

The system compiles the descriptive flexfield definition.

**Additional Information:** You can see your changes immediately after freezing and compiling the flexfield, but you must restart your Apache server before other users can access your changes.

**Defining Sets of Values**

You can define a corresponding set of values for descriptive flexfield segments. For example, you can set up the segment Airline to have a set of values containing American, United, Delta, and Northwest. The poplist or list of values appears in the Expense Line Details page next to the segments you define.

To define a list of values you must:

- Define a value set.
- Define a list of segment values.

**Defining a Value Set**

To define a value set, navigate to the Value Sets window in Oracle Payables.

When selecting a validation type for Internet Expenses flexfields, you can only use one of these three validation types:

- **Independent.** If you choose this validation type, the flexfield is either a poplist or list of values. You determine whether to use a poplist or list of values when you define the List Type for the Value Set. You define the values the segment field contains in the Segment Values window. See: Defining a List of Segment Values.

- **None.** If you choose this validation type, the field is enabled as a simple text entry field. Use this type when you want to allow users to enter any value, as long as that value meets the value set formatting rules.

- **Table.** A table-validated value set provides a predefined set of values like an independent set, but its values are stored in an applications table.
See also: Defining Value Sets, *Oracle Applications Flexfields Guide*

**Defining a List of Segment Values** Define a list of segment values to specify the values from which users can select in Internet Expenses. For example, if you are entering segment values for the Airline value set, enter United, American, Delta, TWA, and Northwest.

---

**Note:** If you define your segment as a poplist, the maximum number of defined values for the segment is 50. The recommended number is 20 or less.

---

See also: Defining Segment Values, *Oracle Applications Flexfields Guide*

See also: Segment Values Window, *Oracle Applications Flexfields Guide*

**Testing your Flexfields** After defining your flexfield segments, verify that the segments appear in Internet Expenses as you intended. The flexfield segments you define appear in both Oracle Payables and Internet Expenses. First navigate to the Payables Expense Reports window to review the segments. If you are not satisfied with how they appear, resolve the problems as described in the previous sections, then review the segments again in Payables.

Once you are satisfied with the way the segments appear in Payables, log in to Oracle Self-Service Applications and ensure that the segments appear as intended in Internet Expenses.

**Establishing Corporate Credit Cards**

Employees can add corporate credit card transactions to an expense report. Typically, an organization creates an agreement with a major credit card enterprise to import an electronic data file summarizing all employee transactions for a period.

After the credit card transactions are imported and validated, an employee can view a list of corporate credit card transactions and quickly add these transactions to an expense report. An employee can also classify each item as either Business or Personal.

Oracle fully supports companies that use these credit card transactions data file formats:
Explanation of the Implementation Steps

- American Express KR-1025 format (file name is Card Daily Data Feed)
- Diner’s Club Standard Data File format (file name is TRANS.DAT)
- Master Card Common Data Format (5000 Financial Transaction Record)
- Visa US Bank Visa format

If you want to use another credit card data file format, you will need to create your own loader scripts. For other data file formats, Oracle does not provide any support for the loader portion of the credit card processing. However, Oracle fully supports the remainder of the credit card processing such as the validation process, assuming no other customizations have been made.

To receive support for other credit card data file formats, you should take into account these considerations:

- Certain columns in the AP_CREDIT_CARD_TRXNS_ALL credit card table are defaulted by the supported control files. You should review the existing control files to make sure your loader scripts perform the same defaulting, including providing the CARD_PROGRAM_ID for all credit card transactions. If you fail to properly default columns in the table, data corruption can occur, and your file format would not be supported.

- The Credit Card Transactions Validation program determines if transactions are unique based on a combination of the CARD_PROGRAM_ID, CARD_NUMBER, and REFERENCE_NUMBER columns. If the data file you use does not provide for this uniqueness, the validation process would fail and the file format would not be supported.

**Establishing Corporate Credit Card Reimbursement Policy** Enterprises have different requirements and policies for payment and reimbursement of employee corporate credit cards. You can implement one of these payment and reimbursement scenarios for corporate credit card transactions:

- Individual Pay
- Company Pay
- Both Pay

To choose a reimbursement policy for your enterprise, define the profile option OIE: CC Payment Due From. See: Specifying Values for Internet Expenses Profile Options.

**Overview of Implementing a Corporate Credit Card Program** This section provides an overview of how to establish a corporate credit card program in Internet Expenses.
Make the necessary arrangements with your corporate credit card provider to periodically send data files with the data from your employee's corporate cards. Receive data file from credit card provider, and transfer the data file to your network.

1. Record general information about the corporate credit card program in which your organization participates. See: Defining Credit Card Programs.

2. Set up your credit cards. See: Defining Credit Cards.

3. Modify the credit card import control file that imports your corporate credit card data. See: Modify the Import Control File.

   **Note:** You do not need to perform this step more than once.

4. If your corporate credit card is US Bank Visa or MasterCard, modify your init.ora file. See: Modifying the init.ora File.

   **Note:** You do not need to perform this step more than once.

5. (Optional) Assign credit card expense types to expense items when defining your expense report templates. If you perform this step, Internet Expenses automatically populates the expense type for credit card transactions when you import them into an expense report. See: Defining Expense Report Templates.


7. Set these credit card profile options:
   - OIE: Enable Credit Card
   - OIE: CC Payment Due From
   - OIE: CC Payment Notify
   - OIE: Maximum Days to Show Credit Card Transactions

   See also: Specifying Values for Internet Expenses Profile Options.

**Defining Credit Card Programs** Use the Credit Card Programs window to record the credit card programs in which your enterprise participates. When you record a credit card program, you designate the program as either a corporate procurement card program or a corporate travel card program. Employees use procurement cards
to purchase specific items directly from suppliers. Employees use corporate travel cards to purchase a variety of goods and services for normal business expenses while on a business trip.

See also: Procurement Card Integration, Oracle Payables User Guide

Prerequisites
Before you can define a corporate travel card program, you must:

- Enter the organizations that provide your corporate credit card programs as suppliers in Oracle Payables. Include all information including payment terms and supplier site.
- Define employees.

To define a corporate travel card program:
1. In the Oracle Payables Card Programs window, enter a unique card program name and a description.
2. Select the Card Brand.
3. Select a Card Type of Travel.
4. Select the Supplier that provides this corporate travel card program.
5. Select the supplier site.
6. Enter the name of the employee who administers the corporate travel card program (optional).

Suggestion: The Exposure Limit field is not currently used by Payables or Internet Expenses, but you can use this field to record reference information such as the program’s credit limit.

7. Save your work.
Defining Credit Cards  Use the Credit Cards window to record the names of employees who hold corporate credit cards, and the numbers of the credit cards these employees hold. When recording credit cards, you designate the credit card program to which the credit card belongs.

To define a credit card:

1. Navigate to the Credit Cards window.
2. Select the Card Program to which the card belongs.
3. Enter the employee’s name as it appears on the card in the Card Member Name field.
4. Enter the Card Number exactly as it appears in the card issuer’s transaction file.
5. In the Employee Name field, select the employee’s name from the list of values.
6. Save your work.

See also: Credit Cards, Oracle Payables User Guide

Modify the Import Control File Before you can import credit card data, you must modify the control file that determines how the card issuer’s transaction file maps to the credit card transaction database table. To do this, identify the CARD_PROGRAM_ID of your credit card program and then add this number as a constant to a predefined control file.

Note: Set up the import control file only once. You do not have to repeat this procedure every time you load credit card data files.

You must first define a credit card program for the corporate credit card your organization uses. See: Defining Credit Card Programs.

---

Note: The Exception Clearing Account field and the check boxes in the Do Not Pay If Status Is region are used for Procurement Cards and not for travel card programs.

See also: Card Programs Window Reference, Oracle Payables User Guide
To identify the CARD_PROGRAM_ID of your credit card program:
1. Navigate to the Credit Card Programs window.
2. Query the desired card program.
3. Choose Diagnostics > Examine from the Help menu to open the Examine Field and Variable Values window.
4. Select the list of values button for the Field field to open the Choose a Field window.
5. Select the field CARD_PROGRAM_ID, then choose OK.
6. Note the number that appears in the Value field. You will use this number in the next procedure, Modifying the Control File.
7. Choose OK.

Modifying the Control File
The control files for the credit card import process are located in the directory:
$AP_TOP/bin

The control file you need to modify depends on the credit card program you define. This table provides a list of the credit card issuers and the associated control file with which Internet Expenses currently integrates.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Credit Card Program</th>
<th>Control File</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>American Express</td>
<td>apxamex.ctl</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diner’s Club</td>
<td>apxdiner.ctl</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MasterCard</td>
<td>apxgocmc.ctl</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US Bank Visa</td>
<td>apxusbv.ctl</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To modify a control file:
1. Open the control file you want to edit in a text editor.
2. Replace the number for the credit_card_id constant with the CREDIT_CARD_ID number you noted in the previous section.
3. Save your work and close the control file.

Modifying the init.ora File When you receive data files from the credit card provider, you must save these files in your system. Due to SQL*Loader constraints, US Bank
Visa and MasterCard data files require preformatting before they are loaded into the AP_CREDIT_CARD_TRXNS_ALL table.

**Attention:** This step should only be performed by the Oracle DBA assigned to the Oracle Applications database.

If your credit card provider is US Bank Visa or MasterCard, you must perform these steps:

- Save your credit card data files in a directory path listed by the UTL_FILE_DIR parameter in your init.ora file.
- Include the directory path specified by the APPLTMP variable (in the $APPLTOP/APPLSYS.env file) as a directory path in the UTL_FILE_DIR parameter. This parameter is located in your init.ora file.

If your credit card provider is American Express or Diner’s Club, you do not have to save your credit card data files in a directory path listed by the UTL_FILE_DIR parameter in your init.ora file.

**Note:** You need to modify the init.ora file only once (you do not have to repeat this procedure every time you load credit card data files).

**Prerequisite:**

*Note the directory path specified by the APPLTMP variable in the $APPLTOP/APPLSYS.env file. You must add this directory path to the UTL_FILE_DIR parameter in your init.ora file.*

**To modify your init.ora file:**

1. Locate the init.ora file for the applications database. This file should be located in the $ORACLE_HOME/dbs directory, but may have a different name as the administrator may have copied and created a special file for the applications database.
2. Using a text editor, open the init.ora file.
3. Search for the UTL_FILE_DIR parameter.
Explanation of the Implementation Steps

4. Add a new directory path to the UTL_FILE_DIR parameter and copy your credit card data file to this directory. (You can also copy your credit card data file to an existing directory listed by the UTL_FILE_DIR parameter.)

5. Add the directory path specified by the APPLPTMP variable in the $APPLTOP/APPLSYS.env file to the UTL_FILE_DIR parameter.

6. Save your work.

   **Note:** The Oracle DBA must stop and restart the database before the database will recognize the changes. To verify that these values are present in the database, query V$PARAMETERS.

Integrating with Other Applications

The implementation steps discussed in this section require the interaction with various Oracle applications. You must have the corresponding applications installed in order to integrate with Internet Expenses.

**Modifying Oracle Common Modules - AK**

The Oracle Common Modules - AK (also known as the Web Application Dictionary) is the data dictionary that generates many of the characteristics of Internet Expenses.

The Oracle Common Modules - AK is only used for:

- Blue/Gray UI
- Excel spreadsheet prompts
- Tables in the workflow notifications

**To modify a region using the Web Applications Dictionary:**

1. Using the AK Developer responsibility, open the Regions window.
2. Query the region to modify. To view all Internet Expenses regions, query OIE%.
3. Select the region to modify, then choose Region Items.
4. Select the item to modify, then make your changes.
5. For example, depending on the item, you may be able to change the Sequence in which it appears in a page, the Item Style (text, check box, list of values, and
so on), and whether it appears in a window (Node Display). To modify prompt names, modify the value in the Long Label field.

6. Save your work.

**Note:** If you update a prompt on one page, update it on any other pages that use the same prompt.

---

**Integrating with Oracle Projects**

Internet Expenses integrates with Oracle Projects to enable users to add project-related information to expense reports. To integrate Internet Expenses with Oracle Projects, read the information below and complete the related setup steps.

**Note:** You must have Oracle Projects implemented before you can complete these integration setup steps.

---

**Entering Project-Related Expense Reports** Users who are enabled as Oracle Projects users can enter the Project Number and Task Number in their expense reports. You can enter this data in these ways:

- Online on the Credit Card Expenses or Cash and Other Expenses pages
- Online on the expenses details pages
- Offline in the Excel spreadsheet

Users can enter online data manually or select data from the lists of values. The lists of values are based on internal views maintained by Oracle Projects.

**Deriving Projects Data from Expense Reports** When users enter projects-related expense reports, certain projects data is derived from attributes in this way:

- **Expenditure Type.** The expenditure type is derived from the Expense Type (based on the expense report template setup).
- **Projects Expenditure Organization.** The Projects expenditure organization is derived from the employee’s organization assignment. This organization assignment is defined and maintained in the Oracle Human Resources Assignment window.
- **Expenditure Date.** The expenditure date is derived from the receipt date.
- **Quantity.** The quantity is derived from the receipt amount.
**Understanding Workflow Issues** When a projects-related expense report is submitted, the Expense Report workflow process uses the *Project Expense Report Account Generator* to assign the proper accounting to each project-related expense line on the expense report.

After the Projects accounting is properly derived, the workflow process checks the PA: AutoApprove Expense Reports profile option. If this profile option is set to Yes, then the workflow process can automatically approve the expense report, depending upon how Oracle Projects is implemented.

*See also:*  Workflow: Project Expense Report Account Generator, *Oracle Projects User Guide*

**Enable the Display of Project and Task** Use the Region Items window to enable the display of project and task information. You need to perform this step in order to view projects and tasks in View Expense Report History.

1. Choose the AK Developer responsibility.
2. Navigate to the Regions window.
3. Query the region `ICX_AP_EXP_LINES_D`.
4. Choose Region Items to navigate to the Region Items window.
5. Query the region items `ICX_PROJECT_NUMBER` and `ICX_TASK_NUMBER`.
6. Check the Node Display box for these region items.
7. Save your work.

**Setup Steps for Integrating with Oracle Projects**

1. Enable employees to enter project-related expense reports using Internet Expenses.

To enable an employee to enter project-related expense reports using Internet Expenses, set these profile options in Oracle System Administration:

- set PA: Allow Project Time and Expense Entry to Yes
- set OIE: Enable Projects to Yes or Required

Complete these steps to set both profile options:

a. Using the System Administrator responsibility, navigate to the System Profile Values window.

b. Enter the desired value for each profile option.
c. Save your work.

2. Define the Project Expense Report Account Generator.

The Project Expense Report Account Generator is an Oracle Projects workflow process that determines the account for each project-related expense line created in Internet Expenses. The default logic of this process returns the CCID (Code Combination ID) of the employee who incurred the project-related expenses. You can define the Project Expense Report Account Generator to meet your requirements.

3. To approve project-related expense reports automatically, set the PA: AutoApprove Expense Reports profile option in Oracle Projects (optional).

4. Set up Transaction Controls in Oracle Projects (optional).

5. In the Payables Expense Report Templates window, define a project-related expense report template and associate a list of Projects expenditure types with expense items.

See also: Transaction Controls, Oracle Projects User Guide

See also: Expense Report Templates, Oracle Payables User Guide

Integrating Oracle Approvals Management with Internet Expenses

Oracle Approvals Management enables you to build routing rules for approvals of documents such as expense reports. Currently, expense reports are routed to approvers through the use of predefined Oracle Workflow processes. The integration between Internet Expenses and Approvals Management enables you to configure the routing process and establish expense report approval routing rules.

When enabled, the expense report workflow process uses the Oracle Approvals Management definition in place of the Find Approver Method of the Find Approver function in the Internet Expenses application. In addition, the signing limits of the Verify Authority function are ignored. See also: Chapter 7, "Defining Workflow Processes".

Overview of the Routing Process Upon submission of an expense report, Approvals Management creates an approval chain beginning with either the default approver for the employee or the specified approver in the Alternate Approver field. This approval chain is followed until the expense report has been approved by all managers in the approvals chain. This authority is determined by the routing rules and conditions you have defined.
If an approver transfers ownership of the expense report to another approver, the new approver is qualified by the same routing rules. The approval chain again is followed for this approver escalating the expense report as necessary until an approver with the appropriate authority approves it. If an expense report is rejected, when it is submitted again, it will be routed directly to the approver who rejected it.

If you have set the Level of Manager Involvement client extension to either Bypass Approval or Notification Only, then the expense report is automatically approved and issues notifications of the approval as appropriate. See also: Management Involvement Procedure (DetermineMgrInvolvement).

If you have enabled the OIE: Enable Line Level Accounting profile option to split an expense report between different cost centers, this does not affect the approval process. The approvals for the different cost centers are not split between different approvers.

**Enabling Approvals Management Integration**  To enable this integration, set the profile option AME: Installed to Yes at the application level for Oracle Payables. The default value of this profile option is No.

---

**Warning:** If this profile option is set to Yes and Approvals Management is not installed, expense report processing will fail during the Find Approver function of the Expense Report workflow process.

---

For more information on Oracle Approvals Management, refer to the Oracle Approvals Management Implementation Guide available on MetaLink.

**Integrate with Oracle Grants Accounting**

Oracle Grants Accounting extends the functionality of Oracle Projects to deliver a grants management solution for organizations that rely heavily on grants funding. Oracle Grants Accounting integrates with Internet Expenses to enable users to enter award information on their expense reports and collect reimbursement from the award that sponsored the activity.

Oracle Grants Accounting introduces an Award field in Internet Expenses. Users must associate an expense with the appropriate project, task, and award(s) to collect and bill costs by award. Internet Expenses and Oracle Grants Accounting provide these features for entering and managing award-related expenses:

- Enter award information on expense reports.
- Enter award information in disconnected mode in an Excel spreadsheet and upload to Internet Expenses.
- Search expenses by award number.
- Display the award number in the workflow notification.

**To enable the Award field in Internet Expenses:**

1. Assign the OIE responsibility (MO: Operating Unit profile option) to an operating unit that has Oracle Grants Accounting implemented. OIE will call an API provided by Grants Accounting to verify if Grants is implemented for an operating unit.
2. Set the PA: Allow Project Time and Expenses profile option to Yes.
3. Set the OIE: Enable Projects profile option to Yes.
Explanation of the Implementation Steps
This chapter explains how to use the Internet Expenses Setup responsibility to perform setup tasks in Oracle Internet Expenses.

This chapter includes these topics:
- Oracle Internet Expenses Setup
- Setting Up Schedules in Internet Expenses
- Setting Up Operating Units
- Setting Up Locations
- Setting Up Exchange Rates
- Setting Up Expense Fields
- Setting Up Merchant Fields
Oracle Internet Expenses Setup

Oracle Internet Expenses Setup provides the administrator with the self-service pages necessary to manage the setup of Internet Expenses. To use Internet Expenses Setup, you must have access to the Internet Expenses Setup responsibility. See: Assigning Responsibilities to Users in Chapter 2, "Setting Up Applications for Internet Expenses" for more information.

Internet Expenses Setup is organized into five administrative areas. Each administrative area is represented by a tabbed region:

- Context
- Policy
- General
- Tax
- Audit

Context
The first time you log in using the Internet Expenses Setup responsibility, Internet Expenses displays the Context tabbed region. Subsequent logins display the Policy tabbed region, Schedules sub-tab.

Use the pages in the Context tabbed region to set up and maintain the list of operating units that require Internet Expenses definitions. See: Setting Up Operating Units for more information.

Policy
Use the pages in the Policy tabbed region to set up online policy compliance. You can perform these setup activities:

- Schedules. Create rate and policy schedules for your employees to use when they submit expense reports. See: Setting Up Schedules in Internet Expenses for more information.

- Expense Fields. Set up expense fields to capture additional information on expense reports. See: Setting Up Expense Fields for more information.

- Exchange Rates. Set up exchange rate definitions to validate the exchange rates that employees enter on their expense reports for foreign currency receipts. See: Setting Up Exchange Rates for more information.
General
Use the General tabbed region to set up the locations that you use for expenses reporting. See: Setting Up Locations for more information.

Tax
Use the Tax tabbed region to set up additional fields on detailed expense lines to capture merchant information for VAT and other reporting purposes. See: Setting Up Merchant Fields for more information.

Audit
Use the Audit tabbed region to set up Audit Automation in Internet Expenses. See: Chapter 4, "Setting Up Audit Automation" for more information.
Setting Up Schedules in Internet Expenses

Use the Internet Expenses Setup responsibility to set up your rate and policy schedules for expenses reporting. The schedules that you create provide rules, thresholds, and guidelines for calculating and validating expense reports prepared by your employees. You can set up one or more schedules for each of these expense categories:

- Accommodations
- Airfare
- Car Rental
- Meals
- Mileage
- Miscellaneous
- Per Diem

When a self-service user enters an expense type assigned to one of these expense categories, Internet Expenses uses the active schedule assigned to the expense type to make these calculations:

- **Mileage and per diem rate schedules.** Determine the applicable rate to use, and calculate the expense amount using this rate.

- **Expenses policy schedules.** Compare the value entered by the user to the existing policy guidelines and thresholds, and either allow the entered value or display an error or warning message to change the entered value.

There is setup information common to many schedules, such as locations, reimbursement currencies, and employee roles. In addition, schedules require information specific to its expense category, such as vehicle type for mileage schedules and meal allowances for meals schedules.

For detailed information about creating rate and policy schedules, see:

- Creating Policy Schedules.

- Creating Mileage and Per Diem Rate Schedules.
Navigating the Schedules Setup

Use the pages in Internet Expenses Setup to create and maintain your rate and policy schedules. The pages common to each expense category for setting up schedules are:

- Summary page
- General Information page
- Business Rules page
- Schedule Periods page
- Period Details page

The schedule setup pages guide you through the process of creating a schedule or modifying an existing schedule. The steps to creating a schedule are:

- Enter schedule header information and select the rules to use for the schedule.
- Enter definitions for each of the selected rules.
- Create periods for the schedule.
- Define rates and related information for individual periods.

Summary page

The Summary page is the first page displayed when you choose an expense category. The page shows you the list of schedules for the category and related information.

You can initiate these operations from the Summary page:

- Update general information. Click the Update General icon to navigate to the General Information page.
- Update period information. Click the Update Details icon to navigate to the Schedule Periods page.
- Copy a schedule. Click the Duplicate icon to copy an existing schedule. You can use the setup pages to modify information in the copied schedule.
- Create a new schedule. Click the Create New Schedule button to create a new schedule.
- View the change history on a schedule. Click the History icon to view the change history.
Setting Up Schedules in Internet Expenses

**General Information page**
Internet Expenses displays the General Information page when you click the Create New Schedule button or the Update General icon in the Summary page. Filling out the General Information page is the first step in creating a schedule.

Use this page to:
- Enter header information: schedule name, description, start and end dates.
- Choose the rules to use for a schedule. Some rules are available for all categories, while other rules are specific to one expense category.

**Business Rules page**
Internet Expenses displays the Business Rules page when you click the Next button on the General Information page or the Back button on the Schedule Periods page. Filling out the Business Rules page is the second step in creating a schedule.

Use this page to enter specific definitions for each rule that you selected in the General Information page. By default, Internet Expenses applies the definitions that you enter to all periods of the schedule. You update rule definitions in the Business Rules page; these changes apply to the current and all future schedule periods. You will enter individual rule values for each schedule period using the Period Details page.

**Schedule Periods page**
Internet Expenses displays the Schedule Periods page when you click the Next button on the Business Rules page or the Update Details icon on the Summary page. Defining periods and entering period details information is the third step in creating a schedule.

The Schedule Periods page displays the periods belonging to the schedule. A schedule period designates the mileage and per diem rates or the policy rates to use on employee expense reports for a given time period. By default, Internet Expenses creates the first period when you define the schedule business rules and navigate to the Schedule Periods page. You can create additional periods and modify the values in each period to suit your business needs.

You must enter the start and end dates of schedule periods in chronological order. The start date of the next period must be the day following the end date of the previous period. The start and end dates cannot overlap, and you cannot have gaps between periods.

You can initiate these operations from the Schedule Periods page:
Enter a period name and start and end dates for each period.

Update a period. Click the Update Details icon to navigate to the Period Details page.

Copy a period. Click the Duplicate icon to copy an existing period. You can use the Period Details page to modify information in the copied period.

Create a new period. Click the Create New Period button to create a new period.

Remove a future period. Click the Remove icon to remove a future period. You cannot remove the current period or previous periods.

View the change history for a period. Click the History icon to view the change history.

**Period Details page**

Internet Expenses displays the Period Details page when you click the Details icon for a given period. Use the Period Details page to update information for a period. You can use the Search Function to display the period records that you want.

Internet Expenses generates *period records* based on the rules that you selected for the schedule. Internet Expenses automatically generates a separate read-only period record for each combination of rule definitions belonging to the schedule. You enter values for each record individually, or update existing values individually or using Mass Updates. You can also click the History icon to view the change history for a specific line record.

**Buttons**

The buttons on the Internet Expenses Setup pages provide the functionality described below:

**Go** Clicking the Go button displays the records or page view specified by the entered value. This button is part of the Search Function in Internet Expenses Setup.

**Save** The Save button saves your work on the current page without exiting the page. Use this button to enter and save new work in the current page.

**Apply** The Apply button applies updates to the current page and returns you to the previous page.
Setting Up Schedules in Internet Expenses

Next  The Next button displays the next page in sequence for new entry. If you have unsaved data, Internet Expenses only saves data when you click Next to move from the Business Rules page to the Schedule Periods page. For all other pages, you must save data before exiting Internet Expenses Setup. If there is an error on the current page, Internet Expenses remains on the current page, displays an error message, and does not save your work. You must correct the error before you can save and continue.

Back  The Back button returns you to a previous page in a sequence. Clicking the Back button either redisplays the preceding page, if setup was performed on this page, or returns you to the first page in the sequence, if no setup was performed.

Cancel  The Cancel button cancels activity on the current page and returns you either to the first page of the flow or to the last page that was displayed. If you have unsaved work, Internet Expenses displays a warning message to save or lose this work.

Activate  The first time you click the Activate button after creating a schedule, Internet Expenses performs the necessary validations, then saves your work on the current page and makes the schedule available for assignment to expense types. If there are no errors, Internet Expenses sets all new or updated records to the status Active and returns to the accompanying summary page. If there are errors, Internet Expenses displays a message to correct the errors. Once a schedule is activated, you can assign it to expense types.

Each time you make changes to an existing schedule, you must click Activate again to apply these changes.

Note:  You should only use these buttons to navigate Internet Expenses Setup. If you attempt to navigate from a page that contains unsaved data by clicking menu tabs or page links, Internet Expenses does not save the data and does not warn you that the data will be lost.
Common Setup Features

Use these features in Internet Expenses Setup to help you display and update information for schedule setup:

- Update as a Group/Mass Updates
- Search Function

**Update as a Group/Mass Updates**
The buttons Update as a Group and Mass Updates display a Mass Update page. Use the Mass Update page to apply the same set of updates to many records at once.

**To enter mass updates:**
1. Select the records that you want to update from the current page.
2. Click the Update as a Group or Mass Updates button.
   Internet Expenses displays the records that you selected from the previous page in a read-only table, with the updateable fields in a separate region
3. Enter the values that you want in each field.
4. Click the Apply button to apply these values to each record in the table. Internet Expenses returns to the previous page.

**Search Function**
Use the Search function in Internet Expenses Setup to perform these operations:

- Display a table of records for viewing, creation, or update.
- Create a list of records to use for defining schedules.

**Display updateable records.** Use the Search function in the Define Locations page, Define Exchange Rate Behavior page, and schedule details pages to display selected records for creation and update. By default, Internet Expenses displays all updateable records.

**To select the records that you want:**
1. Choose a column name from the Search poplist.
   The poplist contains the searchable column names belonging to the table of the current page.
2. Enter a column value in the available field. You can enter a partial value with the percentage (%) wildcard character.

3. Click the Go button to display the results of your search.
   
   If you have unsaved data when you click Go, Internet Expenses gives you the option to save before continuing with the search. If you continue the search without saving, any unsaved data is lost.

**Create a list of records.** Use the Search function to create a list of operating units, or to create lists of business rule values for locations, multiple reimbursement currencies, and employee roles to use for your schedule definitions. The operating unit list appears on all pages that require setup at the operating-unit level. The schedule rules lists appear on the Business Rules pages.

You first create an Available list using search criteria. You then create the correct list by drawing from the records in the Available list. You can add and remove records in the Available and current lists at any time.

**To create a list of active records:**

1. Use the Search function to create an Available list.
   
   If you are creating an Available Employee Roles list, select a business group and role type to use to create your Available list. If the role type is Job, then you must also select a business group, because a role type may be unique across business groups.

2. In the Available list, check the Select box of the records that you want, then click the Add to Schedule button to create an active list.

3. Update records in the active list:
   
   - Enter an End Date. If you do not enter an end date, the record remains active.
   - Add new records from the Available list.
   - Click the Remove icon to remove a record. Once a schedule is active and assigned to one or more expense types, you cannot remove rule values. If you add new rule values to a schedule that is already active, you can remove these new values until the schedule is re-activated.
History page
You can click on the History icon to view the change history of a schedule, period, or line record. The History page lists the date and type of change, and which user made the change.

Creating Policy Schedules
Create policy schedules for your employees to use when they submit expense reports. Policy schedules contain the rules, rates, and allowable tolerances to use for a given expense category and time period. You can define policy schedules that reflect the guidelines of your enterprise, or policy schedules that conform to the statutory requirements of a country where you operate. Because you define policy schedules at the site level, you can create different schedules with the guidelines appropriate to each division or sector of your operations.

As a self service user enters items in an expense report, Internet Expenses compares the values entered to the values and value ranges specified by the active policy schedule. If there is a policy violation, the user receives a message and must either change the value or enter a justification for the existing value. Internet Expenses provides a series of alerts to the approvers in your enterprise for all expense reports submitted with policy violations.

A policy schedule contains one or more schedule periods. Because policy guidelines and statutory requirements change frequently, you can create different time periods and modify the rules and values of a policy schedule for each period. Internet Expenses uses the policy guidelines associated with the applicable period to validate expense reports. When you create a new schedule, you can:

- Enter a start date before the system date, to make the schedule available for expense reporting over all applicable periods. For example, a schedule you create in February 2003 for the year 2003 should have a start date of 01-Jan-2003.

- Assign the new start date the day after the end date of the old schedule, when creating a new schedule to replace an old one. Users can then assign the new schedule to an expense report template once the system date is the same as or later than the start date of the new schedule.

When you apply an end date to a policy schedule, Internet Expenses automatically applies the same end date to the open period within the schedule. If the schedule was assigned to expense types, Internet Expenses prompts you to automatically apply the same end date to each expense type. (If any of these expense types are included in an itemization setup, then they are no longer available for itemization.) Once the system date is past the end date plus grace period, an end-dated schedule
is no longer available in the Expense Report Templates window. See: Defining Expense Report Templates for more information.

You create policy schedules for each expense category and assign the expense categories and schedules to each expense item that requires policy compliance. You can create policy schedules for the expense categories Accommodations, Airfare, Car Rental, Meals, and Miscellaneous. Expense reporting for mileage and per diem requires the use of rate schedules See: Creating Mileage and Per Diem Rate Schedules for more information.

**Business Rules for Policy Schedules**

Business rules determine the information that policy schedules use to validate expense reports. A policy schedule consists of line records based on the combination of values belonging to each rule. For example, if a schedule uses the Locations rule with three locations and the Employee Roles rule with three employee roles, there is a separate line record for each combination of role and location. If an expense report violates any line rule record, Internet Expenses responds according to the setting of the OIE: Enable Policy Validations profile option. See: Specifying Values for Internet Expenses Profile Options.

The business rules for policy schedules are:

- Currency
- Locations
- Employee Roles
- Tolerance Limits
- Daily Limits
- Number of Days (Miscellaneous category only)

**Currency**

The Currency rule is a mandatory rule for all categories except the Airfare category, which does not use this rule. This rule governs the activity of reimbursement currencies on a schedule. The choices are Single Reimbursement Currency, Multiple Reimbursement Currencies, and Location Currency Rates. An enterprise that wants to create one schedule per operating unit may prefer the Single Reimbursement Currency rule. An enterprise that wants to create one schedule for their entire enterprise may prefer the Multiple Reimbursement Currencies rule. The Location Currency Rates rule is of particular interest to those customers that want to define their business rules in the currency of the location of the transaction, as opposed to the reimbursable currency. In this context, one schedule can theoretically be used by all employees, regardless of their reimbursement currency preference.
Setting Up Schedules in Internet Expenses

- **Single Reimbursement Currency.** A single currency is used for the entire schedule. If you select this rule, you must choose one of these options on the Business Rules page:
  - *Allow Rate Conversion.* If you choose this option, Internet Expenses converts the schedule rates to the reimbursement currency selected by users during expenses entry. This conversion is based on the rates defined in the GL Daily Rates table using the exchange rate type defined in the Payables Options window. See: Establishing Multiple Currencies Setup.
  - *No Rate Conversion.* If you choose this option, then the reimbursement currency must be the same as the schedule currency. If not, then policies are not enforced on the expense report and the system cannot calculate per diem and mileage rates.

- **Multiple Reimbursement Currencies.** You can select multiple reimbursement currencies on the Business Rules page for this schedule, and then define schedule rates applicable to each currency. This rule is useful, for example, if you want to create one rate schedule that is shared by many business units in different countries.

  When users enter their expense reports, the reimbursement currency must match one of the currencies used on the schedule. If there is no match, then the rate policies defined on a policy schedule are not enforced. For mileage and per diem rate schedules, Internet Expenses cannot determine a reimbursement rate.

- **Location Currency Rates.** You define rates based on the currency of the location to which users travel. If you select this rule, you must select a currency for each schedule record on the Schedule Details page. This rule is useful, for example, if you want to define a single policy or rate amount for each location that is used by your entire global operations. For example, if you define 100 USD as the rate for travel to New York, then this rate applies to all users who travel to New York.

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**Note:** Internet Expenses does not provide validation on the location and currency combinations you define on a schedule.

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For policy schedules, if a user enters a location and currency combination that does not match any combination on the schedule, then the rate policies defined on the schedule are not enforced. For per diem rate schedules, a rate is established based on the location selected by the users. This rule is not available for mileage rate schedules.
Locations
The Location rule takes into account travel locations to determine valid rates. You can define individual rates for specific locations, and a single rate for all locations not specified in the schedule. Use the Search Function to create a list of locations for the schedule. See also: Setting Up Locations.

Employee Roles
The Employee Roles rule is a mandatory rule for the Airfare category. This rule takes into account the self service user’s role in your enterprise to determine valid rates. You can define individual rates for specific employee roles, and a single rate for all roles not specified in the schedule. Use the Search Function to create a list of roles for the schedule.

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Note: Because the Employee Roles rule often uses a business group to identify employee roles, use of this rule can make a schedule business group-specific.

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Tolerance Limits
The Tolerance Limits rule allows for a tolerance level above the amount limits that users can enter on expense reports. This rule provides two options:

- **Individual Lines.** Set different tolerance levels for individual lines.
- **Single Period.** Set a tolerance level for the entire schedule period.

If the OIE: Enable Policy profile option is set to Prevent Submission, then the user cannot submit an expense report when the reimbursable amount exceeds the amount limit plus the tolerance.

Daily Limits
The Daily Limits rule is an embedded rule in the Accommodations, Car Rental, Meals, and Miscellaneous categories. For the Meals category only, you can apply special rules to the calculation of daily limits. You can calculate by:

- **Individual Meal.** Each individual meal.
- **Daily Sum.** Total number of meals per day.
- **Both.** Either individual meal or total number of meals per day.

If you do not select the Daily Limits rule, daily limits are still enabled on the Schedule Details page, with a default of Daily Sum. If the expense reports contains a
value for the number of attendees, then Internet Expenses divides the meal amount by the number of attendees and treats the result as a single value for validation against the policy schedule.

If more than one Meals policy schedule is assigned to the same expense report template, Internet Expenses validates the sum of meal totals against the schedule with the lower value. For example, you assign dinner to Schedule A with a Daily Sum Limit of $100 and lunch to Schedule B with a Daily Sum Limit of $75. Internet Expenses validates the sum of dinner and lunch against Schedule B, for $75.

**Number of Days**
The Number of Days rule applies to the Miscellaneous category only. This rule prevents users from reporting an expense if the number of days entered on the expense report is less than the schedule number of days.

**Modifying business rules**
You can modify the business rule assignments to a policy schedule until you activate the schedule. Once you activate a schedule and assign it to an expense template, you cannot add or remove the business rules on a schedule.

You can apply end dates to rules records for Multiple Currencies, Locations, and Employee Roles. When the system date passes the end date plus grace period, Internet Expenses sets all schedule records that use end-dated rule values to the status Inactive. You can view the status of individual schedule records by clicking the History icon for a schedule or schedule period.

**Prerequisites**
Before you can set up policy schedules, you may need to complete one or more of these tasks:

- Define business groups, job roles, employee positions, and employee grades in Oracle Human Resources.
- Set up Oracle Payables for expense reporting. See: Setup Steps in Oracle Payables.
- Set up locations. See: Setting Up Locations.
Setting Up Schedules in Internet Expenses

Setting Up a New Policy Schedule

Set up one or more policy schedules and schedule periods for each expense category that you require for employee expense reporting. The task flow for setting up a policy schedule is similar for all expense categories except Airfare.

See: Navigating the Schedules Setup for information about using the Internet Expenses Setup pages to create policy schedules.

See: Setting Up a New Airfare Policy Schedule for information about creating a policy schedule for the Airfare category.

To set up a new policy schedule:

1. Log in to Oracle Applications with the user name and password appropriate for the installation.
2. Select the Internet Expenses Setup responsibility for the applicable site.
3. Choose the expense category to create the schedule that you want.
4. Click the Create New Schedule button to navigate to the General Information page.
5. Enter a Schedule Name and Description, and a Start Date for the schedule.
   - You may want to use a schedule name that identifies the usage of this particular schedule.
   - You can enter a Start Date prior to the system date in order to make this schedule available for expense reports over the prior periods that apply to the schedule.
6. Select the Currency Rule and the Optional Rules to use for this schedule.
7. Click Next to navigate to the Business Rules page.
   Internet Expenses displays the schedule header information and the rules that you selected. See: Business Rules for Policy Schedules for an explanation of each rule.
8. Select the values that you want for each rule, then click Next to navigate to the Schedule Periods page. See: Search Function for more information.
   Internet Expenses displays the schedule header information and a line record for the first schedule period.
9. Enter a Period Name and Start Date. Internet Expenses defaults the schedule start date as the read-only start date for the first period. You must enter a start date for subsequent periods.

   Define periods that relate to the type of schedule you are creating. For example, you can define annual periods for fixed expenses, or create seasonal periods that reflect seasonal price fluctuations, such as for hotels. If you want to duplicate seasonal periods, ensure that you duplicate them in the same order that they were originally defined.

10. Do not allow gaps or overlaps between periods. To create a set of periods with continuous date sequences, you can create a new period or use the Duplicate icon to copy the periods and enter the updates that you want.

11. Click the Details icon to navigate to the Period Details page to enter the rate for each line record.

   By default, Internet Expenses displays all records. You can use the Search function to display the records that you want.

12. If this is a Miscellaneous schedule, enter a Minimum Number of Days.

   This value specifies the minimum number of days that must be reported on an expense line to qualify for declaring miscellaneous expenses.

13. Enter the appropriate values for each line record. You can use the Mass Updates button to apply the same percentage to selected records.

14. Click Return to save your work and return to the Schedule Periods page.

15. Click Activate to activate the schedule.

Setting Up a New Airfare Policy Schedule

Set up airfare policy schedules to determine the class of air ticket that your employees can purchase. The setup for airfare policy schedules uses the Employee Roles rule to assign a specific ticket class to each employee role. Internet Expenses creates an “All Other” record to assign a ticket class to all roles not specified in the schedule.

You assign ticket class assignments at the schedule period level. You can create additional period records and change individual ticket assignments according to your enterprise requirements.

To set up a new airfare policy schedule:
1. Log in to Oracle Applications with the user name and password appropriate for the installation.
2. Select the Internet Expenses Setup responsibility for the applicable site.
3. Navigate to the Airfare expense category.
4. Click the Create New Schedule button to navigate to the General Information page.
5. Enter a Schedule Name and Description, and a Start Date for the schedule.
6. Use the Search Function to create a list of employee roles for this schedule, then click Next to navigate to the Schedule Periods page.
7. Enter a Period Name and Start Date.
8. Click the Details icon to navigate to the Period Details page.
9. Select the Domestic and International Class of Ticket that you want for each employee, and the ticket class assignments to use for All Other employees.
10. Click Activate to activate the schedule.
11. Save your work.
12. Assign the Airfare expense category and policy schedules to expense types. See: Defining Expense Report Templates.
Creating Mileage and Per Diem Rate Schedules

Create mileage and per diem rate schedules for your employees to use when they submit expense reports. A rate schedule contains the rules and rates for calculating the reimbursable amounts for mileage and per diem. The Cash and Other Expenses page provides self service users with separate sections for entering and calculating mileage and per diem expenses. Internet Expenses adds these amounts to the user’s credit card and receipt-based expenses to provide a total for an expense report.

A mileage rate schedule can take into account distance traveled, type and category of vehicle, type of fuel, and the number of passengers. A per diem rate schedule can take into account travel locations, rates per unit of time, and free meals and accommodations. Schedules for both expense categories also use the currency and employee role business rules.

When you create a new rate schedule, it is recommended to enter a start date prior to the system date, in order to make your new schedule available for expense reporting over the prior periods that apply to the schedule. If the schedule was assigned to expense types, Internet Expenses prompts you to automatically apply the same end date to each expense type. Once the system date is past the end date plus grace period, an end-dated schedule is no longer available in the Expense Report Templates window. See: Defining Expense Report Templates for more information.

You can define rate schedules that reflect the guidelines of your enterprise, or rate schedules that conform to the statutory requirements of countries that your employees visit. Because you define rate schedules at the site level, you can create different schedules with the guidelines appropriate to each division or sector of your operations.

Business Rules for Rate Schedules

Business rules determine the information that rate schedules use to calculate rates for mileage and per diem. A rate schedule consists of line records based on the combination of values belonging to each rule. For example, if a per diem rate schedule uses the Locations rule with three locations and the Time-Based Entry rule with four time intervals, the schedule calculates a different per diem rate depending upon the applicable combination of location and time interval that the user enters on the expense report.

The business rules for mileage rate schedules are:

- Currency
- Employee Roles
The business rules for per diem rate schedules are:

- Currency
- Employee Roles
- Locations
- Time-Based Entry
- Free Meals
- Free Accommodations

**Currency**

The Currency rule is the only mandatory rule for rate schedules. This rule determines the way in which Internet Expenses chooses a currency for the calculation of reimbursable amounts. See: Currency under Creating Policy Schedules.

**Employee Roles**

The Employee Roles rule takes into account the self service user’s role in your enterprise to determine valid rates. You can define individual rates for specific employee roles, and a single rate for all roles not specified in the schedule. Use the Search Function to create a list of roles for the schedule.

**Mileage Rules**

**Distance Thresholds**

The Distance Thresholds rule uses distance traveled to determine the reimbursable rate. This allows you, for example, to apply a different rate to an employee who travels under 100 miles to employees who regularly travel several thousand miles in the same time period. The schedule periods determine the periods of distance accumulated. Internet Expenses displays the current and two prior periods of distance data on the employee’s Expenses Preferences page.

You create a set of intervals with designated mileage thresholds, and assign the rate to use for each interval. The value that you enter becomes the threshold for the first interval. For example:
Setting Up Schedules in Internet Expenses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Thresholds Entered</th>
<th>Intervals Created</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3000</td>
<td>2 intervals: the first up to and including 3000, and a second interval greater than 3000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100, 1000, 5000</td>
<td>4 intervals: the first up to and including 100; the second greater than 100 and up to and including 1000; the third greater than 1000 and up to and including 5000; the fourth greater than 5000.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** You can only have one rate schedule in use per operating unit at any given time that makes use of the Distance Thresholds rule. If you want to create and apply a new rate schedule that makes use of Distance Thresholds, you must disable the previous schedule by applying an end date.

**Vehicle Category**

The Vehicle Category rule determines which vehicles are available for mileage reimbursement and the rate to use for each vehicle. Internet Expenses provides the categories Personal (employee-owned), Business (owned by enterprise), and Rental (rented or leased). You can define additional categories in the Lookups window. See: Define Payables Lookups for Internet Expenses. You can also specify for each category if the vehicle type and fuel type are required fields.

**Vehicle Type**

The Vehicle Type rule determines which types of vehicle and vehicle engine sizes are available for mileage reimbursement and the rate to use for each type. Internet Expenses includes a number of standard vehicle types, such as cars, vans, and motorcycles. You can define additional vehicle types in the Lookups window. See: Define Payables Lookups for Internet Expenses.

**Fuel Type**

The Fuel Type rule determines which fuels used in vehicles are available for mileage reimbursement and the rate to use for each fuel. Internet Expenses includes a number of standard fuel types, such as gasoline, diesel, and electricity. You can define additional fuel types in the Lookups window. See: Define Payables Lookups for Internet Expenses.
Note: If you enable vehicle or fuel type rules, you may want to ensure that your use of vehicle attributes is consistent across all schedules for the same operating unit or expense report template. Otherwise the defaults that users define on their Expenses Preferences pages may not work in all cases.

Passengers
The Passengers rule assigns a rate to use for each passenger in the vehicle (other than the driver). The calculated amount becomes part of the reimbursable amount according to this formula:

\[(\text{mileage rate} \times \text{distance}) + ((\text{rate per passenger} \times \text{number of passengers}) \times \text{distance}) = \text{reimbursable amount}\]

A passenger rate applies to the entire schedule period and not to individual line records. Because of this you can only use this rule if you choose Single Reimbursement as the Currency rule to use for the schedule.

Per Diem Rules

Locations
The Locations rule takes into account the travel locations to determine valid rates. You can define individual rates for specific locations, and a single rate for all locations not specified in the schedule. Use the Search Function to create a list of locations for the schedule. See also: Setting Up Locations.

Time-Based Entry
The Time-Based Entry rule lets you create different rates based on different time periods. This rule uses two settings:

- Type of 24-hour period. You can choose actual day (midnight to midnight) or a 24-hour period that begins from the per diem expense start time.
- Time intervals. Create different rates for different intervals of time within a 24-hour period.

This allows you, for example, to create different rates for full days worked (24 hours) versus partial days worked, such as half day (12 hours) or regular business day (8 hours).
Note: If you create per diem rate schedules that use the Time-Based Entry rule and other per diem rate schedules that do not use this rule, then it is recommended not to assign a mix of these schedules to the same expense report template. See also: Defining Expense Report Templates.

Free Meals
The Free Meals rule assigns deduction values for free meals during the expense reporting period. You can define a single deduction value or define deduction values for each meal type. After the user enters the number of free meals, Internet Expenses uses the deduction assignments on the schedule to calculate the total deduction for free meals. This deduction amount is then subtracted from the user’s total reimbursable amount.

Free Accommodations
The Free Accommodations rule assigns either deduction or reimbursement amounts for free accommodation during the expense reporting period. After the user enters the number of free accommodation days, Internet Expenses uses either the deduction or reimbursement assignment on the schedule to calculate the total deduction or reimbursement for free accommodation. This amount is then subtracted from or added to the user’s total reimbursable amount.

Modifying business rules
You can modify the business rule assignments to a rate schedule until you activate the schedule. Once you activate a schedule and assign it to an expense template, you cannot add or remove the business rules on a schedule.

You can apply end dates to rules records for Multiple Currencies, Locations, and Employee Roles; and the Mileage rules Vehicle Category, Vehicle Type, and Fuel Type. When the system date passes the end date plus grace period, Internet Expenses sets all schedule records that use end-dated rule values to the status Inactive. You can view the status of individual schedule records by clicking the History icon for a schedule or schedule period.
Prerequisites
Before you can set up rate schedules, you may need to complete one or more of these tasks:

■ Define business groups, job roles, employee positions, and employee grades in Oracle Human Resources.
■ Set up Oracle Payables for expense reporting. See: Setup Steps in Oracle Payables.
■ Set up locations. See: Setting Up Locations.

Setting Up a New Mileage Rate Schedule
Set up one or more mileage rate schedules and schedule periods that you require for employee expense reporting.

To set up a new mileage rate schedule:
1. Log in to Oracle Applications with the user name and password appropriate for the installation.
2. Select the Internet Expenses Setup responsibility for the applicable site.
3. Navigate to the Mileage expense category.
4. Click the Create New Schedule button to navigate to the General Information page.
5. Enter a Schedule Name and Description, and a Start Date for the schedule.
   ■ You may want to use a schedule name that identifies the usage of this particular schedule.
   ■ You can enter a Start Date prior to the system date in order to make this schedule available for expense reports over the prior periods that apply to the schedule.
6. Select Miles or Kilometers as the Distance Unit of Measure to use for the schedule.
7. Select the Currency Rule and the Optional Rules to use for this schedule.
8. Click Next to navigate to the Business Rules page.
   Internet Expenses displays the schedule header information and the rules that you selected. See: Business Rules for Rate Schedules for an explanation of each rule.
9. Select the values that you want for each rule, then click Next to navigate to the Schedule Periods page. See: Search Function for more information.

   Internet Expenses displays the schedule header information and a line record for the first schedule period.

10. Enter a Period Name and Start Date. Internet Expenses defaults the schedule start date as the read-only start date for the first period. You must enter a start date for subsequent periods.

11. Do not allow gaps or overlaps between periods. If you want to create a set of periods with continuous date sequences, you can create a new period or use the Duplicate icon to copy the periods and enter the updates that you want.

12. Click the Details icon to navigate to the Period Details page to enter the rate for each line record.

   By default, Internet Expenses displays all records. You can use the Search Function to display the records that you want.

13. If you selected the Passengers rule, enter the Rate Per Passenger.

14. Enter a value for each line record. You can use the Mass Updates button to apply the same percentage to selected records.

15. Click Return to save your work and return to the Schedule Periods page.

16. Click Activate to activate the schedule.

17. Assign the Mileage expense category and rate schedules to expense types. See: Defining Expense Report Templates.
Setting Up a New Per Diem Rate Schedule

Set up one or more per diem rate schedules and schedule periods that you require for employee expense reporting.

To set up a new per diem rate schedule:
1. Log in to Oracle Applications with the user name and password appropriate for the installation.
2. Select the Internet Expenses Setup responsibility for the applicable site.
3. Navigate to the Per Diem expense category that you want.
4. Click the Create New Schedule button to navigate to the General Information page.
5. Enter a Schedule Name and Description, and a Start Date for the schedule.
   You may want to use a schedule name that identifies the usage of this particular schedule.
6. Select the Currency Rule and the Optional Rules to use for this schedule.
7. Click Next to navigate to the Business Rules page. See: Business Rules for Rate Schedules for an explanation of each rule.
   Internet Expenses displays the schedule header information and the rules that you selected.
8. Select the values that you want for each rule, then click Next to navigate to the Schedule Periods page. See: Search Function for more information.
   Internet Expenses displays the schedule header information and a line record for the first schedule period.
9. Enter a Period Name and Start Date. Internet Expenses defaults the schedule start date as the read-only start date for the first period. You must enter a start date for subsequent periods.
10. Do not allow gaps or overlaps between periods. If you want to create a set of periods with continuous date sequences, you can create a new period or use the Duplicate icon to copy the periods and enter the updates that you want.
11. Click the Details icon to navigate to the Period Details page to enter the rate for each line record.
   By default, Internet Expenses displays all records. You can use the Search Function to display the records that you want.
12. Enter a value for each line record. You can use the Mass Updates button to apply the same percentage to selected records.

13. If you selected the Free Meals or Free Accommodations rule, in the Free Items Calculation Method column choose whether to enter percentage values or specific amounts.

14. Click Return to save your work and return to the Schedule Periods page.

15. Click Activate to activate the schedule.

16. Assign the Per Diem expense category and rate schedules to expense types. See: Defining Expense Report Templates.
Defining Expense Report Templates

Use the Expense Report Templates window to define expense report templates for Internet Expenses. A template contains a list of expense items, and the default information for each item, that self service users can enter on their expense reports. You must define at least one template in order for users to submit expense reports using Internet Expenses.

Expense items and their definitions, category and schedule assignments, and default values appear on poplists in the Internet Expenses entry pages as expense types. The expense report template includes rate and policy schedule information for each expense type. The schedule default values that you can define for expense types are the expense category and the rate or policy schedule.

You choose an expense category and corresponding rate or policy schedule that you previously defined for each expense type. Once you choose an expense category, you can only choose a schedule related to this category from the list of values in the Policy Schedule field. The one exception to this is the use of the Employee Roles rule. If a schedule uses the Employee Roles rule and a business group is specified for the rule, Internet Expenses does not display a schedule if the business group is different from the business group to which the operating unit belongs.

If you choose the Mileage or Per Diem category, you must either choose a rate schedule or the Calculate Amount checkbox in order for Internet Expenses to calculate reimbursement rates. If you choose any other category, the assignment of a policy schedule to an expense type is optional. If you do not choose a policy schedule for an expense type, Internet Expenses does not apply schedule policy validations to that item.

For more information about using expense report templates in Internet Expenses, see: Defining Expense Report Templates in Chapter 2, "Setting Up Applications for Internet Expenses".

Use the Itemizations window to define itemization behavior for expense items. You can define itemizations for all policy schedule expense categories (Accommodations, Airfare, Car Rental, Meals, Miscellaneous). Itemization behavior includes:

- **Itemization required.** Identify the expense types that employees must itemize on the expense report.

- **Itemization lists.** Create the list of items to itemize for each expense type.

Once you assign a category and schedule to an expense type and save your work, you cannot change the assignments. To change an assignment, you must instead apply an end date to the record and create a new record. When you apply an end
date to an expense type, it is no longer available in the Expense Type poplist on expense reports. Internet Expenses will continue to process expense reports with end-dated expense types that had already been submitted, unless the expense report is rejected.

---

**Note:** When you apply an end date to an expense type that is part of an itemization setup, you must take into account this behavior:

- the expense type no longer appears in the Itemization page.
- if all of the expense types in an itemization are end-dated and this itemization is required, then expenses entry will no longer require this itemization.

---

**Prerequisites**

Before you can define expense report templates for Internet Expenses, you must:

- Set up Oracle Payables for expense reporting. See: Setup Steps in Oracle Payables.
- Define rate and policy schedules. See: Setting Up Schedules in Internet Expenses.

**To define an expense report template:**

1. Log in to Oracle Applications with the user name and password appropriate for the installation.
3. Enter a Template Name and Description.
4. Check the Enable for Internet Expenses box.
5. Enter the first Expense Item.
6. Select an Expense Category and Type for this expense item.
7. Select a corresponding rate or policy schedule in the Policy Schedule field. If this is a Mileage or Per Diem expense category, you must enter a rate schedule, unless you check the Calculate Amount box.
8. Check the Viewable From All Templates box, if you want this expense item to appear as an expense type on every Internet Expenses-enabled template. The expense item also appears in the Itemization window.
9. In the Justification Required field:
   - Enter Yes, if you want employees to enter a justification for this expense item.
   - Enter Yes with Violation, if you want employees to enter a justification for this expense item only when there is a policy violation.
     If you assign a Mileage or Per Diem category to this expense item, then the Justification Required field is disabled.

10. If you want to define itemizations for this expense item, choose the Define Itemizations button to navigate to the Itemizations window.

11. Check the Itemization Required box if you want mandatory itemization for this expense item.

12. Check the Allowed in Itemization box for each expense item to include in this itemization, or check the Include All box to include all expense items.

13. Complete the remaining fields for this expense type.

14. Save your work.

15. Repeat steps 5 to 13 for each expense type that you want to define.

See also: Expense Report Templates, Oracle Payables User Guide
Setting Up Operating Units

If your enterprise uses multiple operating units, set up and maintain the list of operating units that require Internet Expenses definitions. The operating units that you select appear in the definition tables on all applicable setup pages. The features in Internet Expenses that require setup at the operating-unit level are:

- Exchange rates
- Merchant VAT
- Accommodations, airfare, car rental, mileage options, and meals expense lines
- Audit Automation

The first time that you access the Internet Expenses Setup responsibility, the system defaults to your own operating unit and displays the Context tabbed region for you to set up a list of operating units. You can use the Context tab at any time to update the list of operating units.

You can perform setup tasks that are operating unit-specific for every operating unit that you define, or for your single operating unit if you have not defined operating units.

Note: If you have function security enabled with access only to the operating unit you are assigned, or if you do not use Multi-Org functionality, then you do not have access to this setup page.

Defining operating units. Define a list of active operating units in the Context tabbed region. The operating units in this list appear in the definition tables on all pages that require setup at the operating-unit level. If you do not define a list of operating units, you can only perform setup on the one operating unit that the Internet Expenses Setup responsibility is assigned to.

See: Search Function for an explanation of how to use Search to create a list of operating units.

Removing operating units. You can remove operating units from the current list at any time. If you have already assigned definitions to an operating unit that you want to remove, the definitions remain active.
Setting Up Locations

Set up and maintain a list of locations that your enterprise uses for expenses reporting. Internet Expenses uses location information for:

- **Merchant fields.** Certain countries require the reporting of VAT on expense receipts. You can set up fields to capture merchant information to reclaim VAT for each applicable location. See: Setting Up Merchant Fields.

- **Per diem calculations.** The per diem rate schedules you define can use location information to determine an employee’s per diem rate. See: Creating Mileage and Per Diem Rate Schedules.

- **Policy compliance.** The policy schedules you define can contain expense reporting rules based on location. See: Creating Policy Schedules.

You maintain a list of locations that are available for expenses reporting. These locations appear as valid choices in the merchant fields, per diem and policy compliance schedule setup pages, and in self-service users' expense reports. You can add locations or apply end dates to locations as often as you need.

If you have more than one language installed in your system, you can translate location information from the base language into each installed language. The translation of location information is a manual process that is not validated by Internet Expenses.

There are three tasks related to the setup of location information:

- Define and maintain a list of locations.

- Translate locations into all installed languages.

- Apply end dates to locations.

**Prerequisites**

Before you can set up locations in Internet Expenses, you must set up countries and territories.

**Defining Locations**

Enter and maintain the list of locations that your employees need for expenses reporting. You can update location information and add new locations to your list at any time. You cannot delete locations, but you can deactivate a location by using the End Date field.
Use the Define Locations page to enter locations. If you have existing location records, you can use the Search Function to display the records that you want.

The important fields for defining locations are:

- **Location.** This is a user-defined field that identifies the specific location, often a city, town, or province within a country or territory. If you only need to refer to an entire country, you can also enter the country name here. The location values that you define here appear on all related setup pages and on expense reports.

- **Description.** This is a user-defined field that explains the scope of this particular location.

- **Country/Territory.** Choose the country or territory for the value that you entered in the Location field from the list of values.

- **End Date.** Use this field to enter a final active date for this location. See: Applying End Dates to Locations.

- **Undefined Locations and Description.** You must create an All Other Locations record for Internet Expenses to use for all locations that you do not specifically define.

The combination of values for Location, Description, and Country/Territory identifies a single location record. Each location record must be unique. You can define several locations in one country or territory, and use the Description field to specify the use of each record. For example, create an “All Other” record to identify travel to regions of a country that do not have their own location record.

This table provides an example of location records:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Country/Territory</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Berlin, Germany</td>
<td>Berlin and surrounding area</td>
<td>Germany</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Munich, Germany</td>
<td>Munich only</td>
<td>Germany</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Germany</td>
<td>All other Germany locations</td>
<td>Germany</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ile-de-France, France</td>
<td>All cities in Ile-de-France</td>
<td>France</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>France</td>
<td>All other France locations</td>
<td>France</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States</td>
<td>All locations in the United States</td>
<td>United States</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
For consistency of data entry, it is recommended to include the country or territory name with the city name in Location field values. Use the same delimiter scheme for all records, such as a comma or comma + space. For example:

- London, UK
- Paris, France
- Western Region, United States

Translating Locations

The Expenses Locations page displays a table of the languages installed in your system. The table indicates the status of the translation of locations into each language [Fully Translated - Yes/No]. To translate location information, click on the Translate icon of the language that you want in order to display its Translate Locations page.

Use the Translate Locations page to translate location records into an installed language. You can use the Search Function to display the records that you want. The search results table displays location records with updateable fields for:

- Undefined Locations and matching Description.
- Location and matching Description for each location record.

Internet Expenses displays the base language values for you to use as a reference for your translations. Internet Expenses does not validate the accuracy of your translations.

When you have finished translating records and click Done, Internet Expenses returns to the Expenses Locations page and marks Yes in the Fully Translated column of the applicable language.

Once Internet Expenses marks a language as Fully Translated, this validation is not reversed. It is up to the responsible administrator to ensure the translation of current location records and all new location records into each installed language.
Applying End Dates to Locations

Apply end dates to location records to remove them from the list of locations. If you set a value other than null in the OIE: Grace Period profile option, then the location remains active until the system date is passed the end date plus grace period days. See: Specifying Values for Internet Expenses Profile Options for more information.

Internet Expenses applies these rules to the use of end-dated locations on schedules and expense reports:

- If you want to use a location that has a future end date on a schedule, then you must apply an end date to the schedule on or before the location end date.
- If you apply a future end date to a location that is in use by one or more schedules, the location remains active on all rate and policy schedules until the system date passes the end date plus grace period. Once the system reaches this date, the location is no longer available for selection in schedules.
- You cannot apply an end date to a location that is in use by an active rate or policy schedule. If you want to apply an end date to the location, you must either apply an end date to the location record in all schedules that use the location or apply an end date to all the schedules.
- You cannot use a location on an expense report where the receipt date is later than the location end date.

Locations in Expenses Entry

Your location setup determines the display and behavior of location information on expenses entry pages.

Multi-row pages

These pages display location fields only if all expense types use location-based schedules, unless you have merchant fields enabled. If you have merchant fields enabled, then Internet Expenses always displays location fields with a list of values.

The list of values contains:

- For receipt-based expenses, all active locations used on all location-based schedules and on enabled merchant fields per operating unit. For enabled merchant fields, this includes all countries defined for all operating units.
- For per diem expenses, only those locations used on the schedule, even if you have merchant fields enabled.
Details pages
If there is no schedule assigned, or if the assigned schedule is not location-based, then these pages display location fields for text entry only. If the assigned schedule is location-based, or if you have merchant fields enabled, then Internet Expenses displays location fields with a list of values.

Expenses Preferences page
The list of values in the location field contains the sum of all active locations used on all location-based schedules and on enabled merchant fields. For enabled merchant fields, this includes all countries defined for all operating units.

Policy Validation
If the expense report uses both location-based schedules and merchant fields, Internet Expenses applies policy validation in this way:

- For receipt-based expenses, if the end user enters a location that is not defined on the schedule but is defined for merchant fields, then policy validation is against the schedule record that uses the Locations All Other value. If the end user enters a location that is not defined for merchant fields but is defined on the schedule, then policy validation is against the schedule record that uses that location and the merchant fields All Other value.

- For per diem expenses, Internet Expenses only uses those locations used on the schedule. In this case, the user must enter the All Other value if no location on the schedule applies.

- For locations defaulted from credit card transactions, the defaulted value is validated against the schedule and merchant fields lists of values.

---

**Note:** There is no location validation against text-entry location fields.
Setting Up Exchange Rates

Define exchange rate behavior for each operating unit in your enterprise. Internet Expenses uses the definitions that you enter to validate the exchange rates that users enter for foreign currency receipts. Exchange rate behavior applies only to cash and other expenses, and not credit card expenses.

If a user enters an exchange rate value, or overrides a defaulted value, the value entered is validated against the current exchange rate definitions. If the exchange rate value violates these definitions, Internet Expenses responds according to the setting of the OIE: Enable Policy Validations profile option. See: Specifying Values for Internet Expenses Profile Options.

---

**Note:** The exchange rate that defaults into a self-service user’s expense report is not necessarily the exchange rate from the GL Daily Rates table, but the policy exchange rate, which is the GL Daily Rates table exchange rate plus any allowance that you set in the Define Exchange Rate Behavior page.

---

You set exchange rate behavior definitions for each operating unit in the Define Exchange Rate Behavior page. The definitions for exchange rate behavior include the defaulting behavior of an exchange rate into an expense report, exchange rate types, exchange rate percentage allowances, and exchange rate tolerances for individual currencies.

**Prerequisites**

Before you can set up exchange rates in Internet Expenses, you must:

- Define currencies.
- Set these Currency Payables Options in the Payables Options window:
  - Check the Use Multiple Currencies box.
  - Check the Require Exchange Rate Entry box.
- If necessary, define exchange rate types.
- Define a list of active operating units. See: Setting Up Operating Units.
To set up exchange rates:

1. Navigate to the Exchange Rates page. The Exchange Rates page displays the active operating units and their current exchange rate definitions.

2. Click Define Defaults to navigate to the Define Exchange Rate Behavior page.

3. If necessary, use the Search Function to display the operating unit records that you want.

4. Navigate to the first operating unit record.

Set exchange rate behavior  Set the basic exchange rate behavior and allowances for each operating unit.

5. In the Default Exchange Rates field, select:
   - Yes, to default the exchange rate.
   - No, to enter an exchange rate manually.
   - User Definable, to allow the user to decide whether to default exchange rates.

   Selecting User Definable activates the Default Exchange Rates check box in the Expenses Preferences page. Users can check this box to default exchange rates into their expense reports, or leave the box unchecked to enter exchange rates manually.

6. Enter an Exchange Rate Type.

7. Enter a value in the Exchange Rate Allowance % field, if you want to default an exchange rate with a percentage allowance. The value you enter increases the exchange rates in the GL Daily Rates table by the percentage you enter.

   For example, you can add a percentage allowance to allow for less favorable rates for travel abroad.

8. In the All Other Currencies Tolerance % field, you can enter an exchange rate fluctuation tolerance to use for all currencies in this operating unit. The fluctuation tolerance is applied to the base exchange rate plus the exchange rate allowance percentage that you previously defined, if there is one.

   The fluctuation tolerance lets users enter a value for the exchange rate above the defined exchange rate without generating a policy violation.
Define tolerance levels for individual currencies  Use the Define Tolerances page to define an exchange rate fluctuation tolerance for individual currencies. This is useful, for example, for countries that experience significant fluctuations in their short-term exchange rates.

9. Click the Tolerance Details icon to display the Define Tolerances page.
10. Use the Search Function to display the currencies that you want.
11. In the Tolerance % fields, enter the fluctuation tolerance for each currency.
12. In the All Other Currencies Tolerance % field, enter the fluctuation tolerance to use for all other currencies in this operating unit. If you define tolerances for individual currencies, then you must enter in this field the fluctuation tolerance to use for all currencies not specifically defined
13. Save your work.

Once you define tolerances for individual currencies, the Individual Currencies Tolerance % column in the Exchange Rates page is set to Yes.
14. Repeat steps 5 to 13 for each operating unit.

See also:  Conversion Rates, Oracle General Ledger User Guide
Setting Up Expense Fields

Set up additional fields for your rate and policy schedules. Additional fields appear on detailed expense lines to capture information for statutory or enterprise requirements, such as monitoring transaction activity with merchants that have special arrangements with your enterprise. You set up additional fields and their behavior for each expense category at the operating unit level. When a self-service user chooses an expense type that is assigned to an expense category with additional field definitions, the defined fields appear in the Additional Information section of the Expense Line Details page.

Set options that apply to all expense reports for a given operating unit. These options define values used by an expense report and the fields that users are required to enter for Internet Expenses.

This table describes the additional fields for each category:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Expense Category</th>
<th>Field/Option Name</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Accommodations</td>
<td>End Date</td>
<td>Provide an end date to confirm the validity of this accommodation line.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Merchant</td>
<td>The name of the accommodation service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Airfare</td>
<td>Merchant</td>
<td>The airline name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Class of Ticket</td>
<td>Poplist: First Class, Business, Coach.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ticket Number</td>
<td>The ticket number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Location From</td>
<td>The originating location.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Location To</td>
<td>The destination location.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Car Rental</td>
<td>Merchant</td>
<td>The name of the car rental service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meals</td>
<td>Number of Attendees</td>
<td>The number of attendees.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Attendees</td>
<td>The names of the attendees.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Setting Up Expense Fields

If you have defined descriptive flexfields for an expense type, these flexfields also appear in the Additional Information section. See: Setting Up Descriptive Flexfields.

You set the behavior of additional expense fields in the Define Expense Fields page. Internet Expenses displays a similar page for each policy expense category. The available behaviors for the applicable fields are:

- **Disabled.** The field does not appear (this option is not available for the Merchant field).
- **Enabled.** The field appears, but entry is optional.
- **Required.** The field appears, and entry is mandatory.

You set these field behaviors for each operating unit that you want. The defined field behavior applies to every expense type that you assign one of these policy expense categories.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Expense Category</th>
<th>Field/Option Name</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mileage</td>
<td>Distance Unit of Measure</td>
<td>Use Miles or Kilometers as the default unit of measure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Daily or Trip Distance</td>
<td>Enter either the daily distance traveled or the total trip distance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Location Fields</td>
<td>Designate the locations traveled To and From.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vehicle License Plate</td>
<td>Enter the license plate number of the vehicle used for travel.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** For the Merchant Name setting, the value Required takes precedence over the value Enabled.

**Prerequisites**
Before you can set up expense line fields and options, you must define a list of active operating units. See: Setting Up Operating Units.

**To set up expense line fields and options:**
1. Navigate to the Categories tabbed region.
2. Click the expense category that you want.
3. Click the Expense Fields link.
Setting Up Expense Fields

Internet Expenses displays the Expense Fields page for the selected category. This page displays a table of the operating units that have expense line field definitions, with the current setting for each field.

4. Click the Define Expense Fields button.

Internet Expenses displays the Define Expense Fields page for the selected category.

5. If necessary, use the Search Function to display the operating unit records that you want.

6. For the first operating unit, select the setting that you want for each field from the available poplists.

7. Repeat step 7 for each operating unit.

8. If you want to update several operating units with the same settings for each field, check the Select box for each operating unit that you want to update, then click the Update as a Group button to navigate to the Mass Updates page.

   See: Update as a Group/Mass Updates for more information.

9. Save your work.
### Setting Up Merchant Fields

Set up additional fields on detailed expense lines to capture merchant information for expenses incurred in other countries. You can use this information for VAT reporting and for statistical purposes, such as using line-level merchant information when you reclaim VAT paid to domestic and foreign tax authorities for employee expenses, or capturing merchant information required by tax authorities for statutory reporting.

Use the Define Merchant Fields page to define a set of merchant field records. A single merchant field record consists of a particular location and the settings for each merchant field to use with this location. This table shows the merchant fields and their corresponding purpose.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Merchant Name</td>
<td>The name of the supplier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Merchant Receipt Number</td>
<td>The receipt number for this expense line.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Merchant Tax Registration Number</td>
<td>The supplier tax registration number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Merchant Taxpayer ID</td>
<td>The supplier taxpayer ID number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Merchant Reference</td>
<td>Additional supplier reference, such as contact name, address, or purchase order number.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The available behaviors for each field are:

- **Disabled.** The field does not appear (this option is not available for the Merchant Name field).
- **Enabled.** The field appears, but entry is optional.
- **Required.** The field appears, and entry is mandatory.

For each applicable operating unit, create a set of records for every location that your enterprise uses for expenses reporting. You should create records for every country or territory that you report on and claim VAT. You can also create a setting for all locations not specifically defined in the operating unit.
Setting Up Merchant Fields

Prerequisites
Before you can set up additional merchant fields, you must:

■ Set up countries and territories.
■ Define locations for Internet Expenses. See: Setting Up Locations.
■ Define a list of active operating units. See: Setting Up Operating Units.
■ Set profile options for tax calculation. See: Integrating with Oracle System Administration.
■ Set up Oracle Payables for tax calculation and reporting. See: Setup Steps in Oracle Payables.

To set up merchant fields:
1. Navigate to the Merchant Fields page.
   The Merchant Fields page displays a table with the available operating units and their update history.
2. Click the Define icon for the first operating unit that you want.
   Internet Expenses displays the Define Merchant Fields page for the selected operating unit.
3. Enter a location in the first Country/Territory field.
   You can only enter countries and territories that you use in location records.
4. Set the behavior of each of the merchant fields.
5. Check the Enable box to activate this record.

Note: The Merchant Name field setting in the Merchant Fields page takes precedence over the Merchant field settings in the Expense Fields pages.

Note: If you have set up tax calculation, then activated records are immediately available for expenses entry.

6. Repeat steps 3 to 5 for each location that you want to define.
7. In the header region, set the behavior of each of the merchant fields for all locations not defined in the table.

8. Save your work.

9. Repeat steps 2 to 8 for each operating unit.
Setting Up Audit Automation

This chapter explains how to set up and use the Audit Automation feature in Oracle Internet Expenses.

This chapter includes these topics:

- Audit Automation in Internet Expenses
- Audit Rule Sets
- Audit List
- Audit List Rule Sets
- Audit List API
- Audit Reasons API
Audit Automation in Internet Expenses

Audit Automation in Internet Expenses works together with your rate and policy schedule setup to manage the auditing of employee expense reports. Audit Automation helps ensure that expense reports comply with the policies of your enterprise without having to audit 100% of expense report submissions.

The Audit Automation feature lets you automate several processes related to the auditing of expense reports. These include:

- Selecting which expense reports to audit.
- Identifying expense reports with policy violations.
- Auditing expense reports with or without a receipt package.
- Approving certain types of expense reports automatically without audit.
- Labeling the audit status of all expense report confirmation pages.
- Creating and updating a list of employees whose expense reports are to be audited.

The key components of Audit Automation setup are audit rule sets, the audit list, and audit list rule sets. Audit rules determine the criteria that Internet Expenses uses to select expense reports for audit. You create one or more audit rule sets, and assign an audit rule set to each operating unit in your enterprise. Each audit rule set can contain its own audit selection criteria, according to the business needs of each operating unit. The audit list is the list of employees whose expense reports are automatically selected for audit. While employees are on the audit list, each expense report that they submit is passed for auditing. Audit list rules determine the criteria that Internet Expenses uses to automatically place employees on the audit list, as well as determining how long employees remain on the audit list. As with audit rule sets, you create one or more audit list rule sets and assign an audit list rule set to each operating unit in your enterprise.

Use the information in this chapter to set up Internet Expenses for audit automation. For information about auditing expense reports and managing expense report auditors, see: Appendix B, "Audit Management".
Audit Rule Sets

Create one or more audit rule sets to automate the selection of expense reports for audit. An audit rule set contains the selection criteria that Internet Expenses uses to select expense reports for audit. You can create audit rule sets that reflect the business requirements of each operating unit in your enterprise. You can update the values in an existing audit rule set, and you can delete an audit rule set by applying an end date, if it is not assigned to any operating unit.

After you create audit rule sets, assign them to the operating units in your enterprise. You can, for example, assign the same audit rule set to each operating unit that uses the same business practices.

If an operating unit does not have an audit rule set assignment, then Internet Expenses does not use the Audit Automation feature. All expense report audits are paper-based only, and there is only this limited automatic approval process:

- If the expense report contains credit lines only, Internet Expenses automatically approves the expense report.
- If the expense report only contains expenses that do not require a physical receipt and justification, Payables automatically approves the expense report.

Prerequisites

Before you can set up audit rule sets in Internet Expenses, you must:

- Set up operating units. See Setting Up Operating Units for more information.
- Set up rate and policy schedules, if the use of schedules is part of your audit rule set or audit list rule set. See Creating Policy Schedules and Creating Mileage and Per Diem Rate Schedules for more information.
- Assign schedules to expense types, if the use of schedules is part of your audit rule set or audit list rule set. See: Defining Expense Report Templates for more information.
Creating an Audit Rule Set

Use the Create Audit Rule Set page to create a new audit rule set or to update an existing audit rule set.

An audit rule set contains four sections of information:

- Header information
- Audit selection criteria
- Paperless audit criteria
- Confirmation page audit indicator

Enter Header Information

Enter an audit rule set name, description, and start date. You can optionally enter an end date. Both Audit Rule Set Name and Description are mandatory fields.

You cannot save an audit rule set that contains header information only. You must choose at least one option from the sections Audit Selection Criteria, Paperless Audit Criteria, or Confirmation Page Audit Indicator to create an audit rule set. These dependencies apply to the selection of audit criteria:

- You must choose at least one option in the section Audit Selection Criteria in order to make use of the Paperless Audit Criteria section.
- If you only use the section Confirmation Page Audit Indicator, and you assign this audit rule set to an operating unit, then Internet Expenses will automatically approve all expense reports for this operating unit.

Enter Audit Selection Criteria

Choose the audit selection criteria that you want for each audit rule set. Internet Expenses chooses expense reports for audit according to the criteria you choose.

Notes on the audit selection criteria:

- “Audit expense reports of employees on the audit list” - If you choose this option and assign this audit rule set to an operating unit, you can create an audit list rule set and assign this audit list rule set to the same operating unit, to automate the management of the audit list. If you do not assign an audit list rule set to this operating unit, then you can only add employees to the audit list manually. See Audit List Rule Sets for more information.
- “Audit all expense reports with receipts older than a specified time limit” - If you choose this option, Internet Expenses looks at the receipt date of all receipts
submitted with the expense report. If at least one receipt date is older than the specified time limit, then the expense report is selected for audit.

Define Paperless Audit
You can allow certain categories of expense reports to be reviewed by an auditor without a receipt package. Use the Paperless Audit section to choose the paperless audit criteria that you want for this audit rule set. You must choose at least one option in the section Audit Selection Criteria in order to use paperless audit.

Internet Expenses first selects expense reports for audit based on the options you chose in the Audit Selection Criteria section, and then decides which of these expense reports are available for paperless audit based on the paperless audit selection criteria. Internet Expenses assigns each expense report available for paperless audit to an auditor for the designated operating unit.

Because the order of manager and accounts payable approval depends on your business practice, use the pulldown list to tell Internet Expenses when to assign an expense report to paperless audit: “On expense report submission” or “After manager approval”.

Define Confirmation Page Audit Indicators
Audit Automation divides expense reports into three audit categories:

- Expense reports that do not require audit.
- Expense reports that require audit but without a receipt package (paperless audit).
- Expense reports that require audit with a receipt package.

Use the Confirmation Page Audit Indicator section to create an alphanumeric code for each audit category. If you choose this option, Internet Expenses prints the corresponding code that you create on the confirmation page of each expense report. For example, your code can say simply “Receipt-based audit”, “Paperless audit”, “Auto-approved”, or you can create a code system known only to your AP department. This provides your accounts payable department with a convenient method for sorting receipt packages.
Assigning an Audit Rule Set

After you create audit rule sets, assign an audit rule set to each operating unit in your enterprise. You can assign the same audit rule set to more than one operating unit. When you update an audit rule set, the changes you make apply to all of the assigned operating units.

If you do not assign an audit rule set to an operating unit, then Internet Expenses does not use the Audit Automation feature for this operating unit.
Audit List

The audit list contains the names of the employees whose expense reports are automatically audited. While on the audit list, every expense report that the employee submits is passed for audit. The type of audit conducted—receipt-based or paperless—depends on the selection criteria of the active audit rule set.

By default, all operating units can use the audit list and administrators can add employees to the audit list manually. If you want to automate the use of the audit list, you must assign the operating unit an audit rule set with the option “Audit expense reports of employees on the audit list” activated and create an audit list rule set.

Viewing and Maintaining the Audit List

The Audit List page contains a table of all employees currently on the audit list. The table displays employee name, organization, audit reason, and start and end dates. When the system date is later than the end date, Internet Expenses removes the employee from the audit list. From the Audit List page, you can choose options to update existing information for an employee or to add employees manually to the audit list.

Use the Maintain Audit List page to manage audit list information. For each employee, you can update:

- Audit reason. If you enter a new audit reason, this change applies to the audit list only. This change is not applied to the employee’s record in your HR system.
- Start and End dates.

You can also use a custom program that accesses the public Audit List API to update employee status information. See: Audit List API.
Adding Employees to the Audit List

You can add employees to the audit list in three ways:

- Automatically in Internet Expenses, based on the criteria you define in the active audit list rule set.
- Manually, using the Add Employees to Audit List page or the Audit Expense Reports page.
- Using a custom program that accesses the public Audit List API.

If you have an audit list rule set assigned to an operating unit, Internet Expenses adds employees to the audit list automatically based on the criteria defined in the audit list rule set. See Audit List Rule Sets for more information.

If Internet Expenses automatically adds an employee to the audit list who is already on the audit list, then the system updates the end date of the current audit list entry with the system date and creates a new entry. (If the employee’s audit reason is Termination or Leave of Absence, then Internet Expenses does not create a new audit list entry.) The employee remains on the audit list according to the value that you set for audit list duration. See Creating an Audit List Rule Set for more information.

You can add employees to the audit list manually at any time. There are two ways to add employees manually to the audit list:

- Add Employees to Audit List page in the Internet Expenses Setup responsibility. Administrators can use this page to add one or more employees to the audit list.
- Always Audit Employee button on the Audit Expense Reports page. An auditor can decide to add an employee to the audit list after reviewing the employee’s expense report.

When you add employees to the audit list manually using the Add Employees to Audit List page, Internet Expenses does not refer to the audit list duration setting for these employees. If you do not enter an end date, the employees remain on the audit list indefinitely.

When an auditor adds an employee to the audit list manually using the Always Audit Employee button on the Audit Expense Reports page, Internet Expenses uses the audit list duration setting. You can also optionally add an end date for this employee in the Maintain Audit List page.
To add employees to the audit list using the Add Employees to Audit List page:
1. Navigate to the Add Employees to Audit List page.
2. Use the Search function and the Select list to create a Selected list of employees to add to the audit list.
3. Enter an audit reason for each employee.
4. Enter a start date and end date for each employee.
   If you do not add an end date, then the employee remains on the audit list indefinitely.
5. You can delete employees from the Selected list that you have created until you click Save.
6. Save your work. Once you click Save, the employees on the Selected list are added to the audit list.
Audit List Rule Sets

Create one or more audit list rule sets to determine how employees are automatically added to the audit list. An audit list rule set contains:

- Criteria that Internet Expenses uses to add an employee to the audit list.
- Number of days that an employee remains on the audit list.

You can update the values in an existing audit list rule set. You can remove an audit list rule set by adding an end date, if it is not assigned to any operating unit.

Creating an Audit List Rule Set

Use the Create Audit List Rule Set page to create a new audit list rule set or to update an existing audit list rule set.

An audit list rule set contains three sections of information:

- Header information
- Audit list criteria
- Audit list duration

Enter Header Information

Enter an audit list rule set name, description, and start date. You can optionally enter an end date. Both Audit List Rule Set Name and Description are mandatory fields.

You cannot save an audit list rule set that contains header information only. You must at least complete the Audit List Duration section. If you create an audit list rule set that contains only header information and audit list duration, and you assign this audit list rule set to an operating unit, then Internet Expenses will not automatically add employees to the audit list. Internet Expenses will assign the audit list duration value to employees added to the audit list by an auditor using the Always Audit Employee button on the Audit Expense Reports page.

Enter Audit List Criteria

Choose the audit list selection criteria that you want for each audit list rule set. Internet Expenses automatically adds employees to the audit list according to the criteria you choose.
Set Audit List Duration
Enter a value in the “Number of days on the audit list” field. This is a required field.

If an employee that is on the audit list is added to the audit list again, then Internet Expenses creates a new entry for the employee and restarts the count of number of days.

Assigning an Audit List Rule Set

After you create audit list rule sets, assign an audit list rule set to each operating unit in your enterprise that you want to use the audit list. You can assign the same audit list rule set to more than one operating unit. When you update an audit list rule set, the changes you make apply to all of the assigned operating units.

If you assign an audit list rule set to an operating unit, you must ensure that you also assign an audit rule set to the same operating unit that has the option “Audit expense reports of employees on the audit list” activated, in order for Internet Expenses to use the audit list.

If you do not assign an audit list rule set to an operating unit but you do assign an audit rule set that uses the option “Audit expense reports of employees on the audit list”, you can still add employees to the audit list manually. In this case, Internet Expenses does not automatically add employees to the audit list or monitor the audit list duration.
Audit List API

Use the Audit List API to develop your own custom solution to maintaining the audit list. You can create programs to add employees to the audit list, update information for existing audit list entries, and extend the use of an existing audit rule set. For example:

- Periodically load the terminated employees from your HR system to the audit list.
- Update the audit reason status and dates of individual employees.
- Enforce expense report audits for certain departments by creating department-specific audit reason codes in the Payables Lookups window and assigning employees in these departments to the audit list.

The AP_WEB_AUDIT_LIST_PUB package is created to database using the code residing in the audit list API files: apwpalas.pls, apwpalab.pls, apwvals.pls, and apwvalb.pls. The audit list API files are located in the directory: $AP_TOP/patch115/sql-

Rules for Audit List Entries

To identify an individual employee, the AUDIT_EMPLOYEE procedure in AP_WEB_AUDIT_LIST_PUB requires the employee’s business group name and a value for at least one of these parameters:

- employee id
- employee number
- social security number
- email address

The Audit List API applies these rules to audit list entries:

- For each entry, you must include the proper employee identifiers, valid audit reason, and a start date. You can optionally include an end date.
- If the audit reason is Termination, you must include either a start date or an end date. You can include an end date without a start date only if the employee record contains an existing entry with the audit reason Termination. Adding an end date to a Termination audit reason means that the employee returned and is removed from the audit list.
■ Audit reasons follow these priorities: *Termination* overrides all other audit reasons; *Leave of Absence* overrides all audit reasons except *Termination*.

■ Start dates must be on or before the system date, unless the audit reason is *Termination* or *Leave of Absence*. If the audit reason is *Termination* or *Leave of Absence*, the entry can contain a future date range.

■ End dates must be in the future, unless the audit reason is *Termination*. You cannot import historical audit list entries for any other audit reason.

**Audit Reason and Date Range Validation**

When you update existing entries, the Audit List API uses these rules to ensure that the date ranges of different audit reasons for the same employee do not overlap:

■ New, imported audit list reason is *Termination* with a start date:
  
a. If the existing active entry contains an audit reason other than *Termination* and the start date of the new entry overlaps the existing entry, the API updates the end date of the existing entry and enters the start date of the new *Termination* entry. If the existing entry is *Leave of Absence* with a future date range, the entry is deleted.

  b. If the existing active entry is a *Termination* entry and the start date of this entry is on or before the start date of the new *Termination* entry, the API does not update the entry with the new start date. In this case, the API only allows the update of the end date.

  c. If the existing active entry is a *Termination* entry and the start date of this entry is further in the future than the start date of the new *Termination* entry, the API updates the start date with the new entry date.

■ New, imported audit list reason is *Leave of Absence*:
  
a. If the existing active entry contains an audit reason other than *Termination*, the API updates either the start date or end date of the existing entry in order that the date range of the new *Leave of Absence* entry will not overlap with the existing entry. If the existing entry is *Leave of Absence* with a future date range, the existing entry is deleted.

  b. If the existing active entry is a *Termination* entry, the *Leave of Absence* dates are adjusted so that the two entries do not overlap.

■ If the new imported audit list reason is other than *Termination* or *Leave of Absence*, and the new date range overlaps with the existing active entry, the API displays an error message.
Sample Entries and Updates
This example illustrates the behavior of the Audit List API with new and existing entries.

At the start of this example the audit list is empty. The system date is 30-NOV-2002.

Example 1
Add first entry:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employee</th>
<th>Start Date</th>
<th>End Date</th>
<th>Audit Reason</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JFrost</td>
<td>01-JAN-2002</td>
<td>01-DEC-2002</td>
<td>Policy Violation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example 2
Add the same entry again:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employee</th>
<th>Start Date</th>
<th>End Date</th>
<th>Audit Reason</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JFrost</td>
<td>01-JAN-2002</td>
<td>01-DEC-2002</td>
<td>Policy Violation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result: The parameter values are the same; the API does not create a new entry.

Example 3
Add an entry with the same employee name and audit reason, but a different date range:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employee</th>
<th>Start Date</th>
<th>End Date</th>
<th>Audit Reason</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JFrost</td>
<td>01-JAN-2002</td>
<td>31-DEC-2002</td>
<td>Policy Violation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result: Because the date range overlaps with the existing entry, and because the audit reason is Policy Violation, the API does not create a new entry.

Example 4
Add three new entries:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employee</th>
<th>Start Date</th>
<th>End Date</th>
<th>Audit Reason</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AMarlin</td>
<td>30-NOV-2002</td>
<td>31-DEC-2002</td>
<td>Policy Violation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Result: The audit list now contains four entries:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employee</th>
<th>Start Date</th>
<th>End Date</th>
<th>Audit Reason</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JFrost</td>
<td>01-MAR-2003</td>
<td>31-MAR-2003</td>
<td>Leave of Absence</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Example 5**
Add an entry with a future date range:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employee</th>
<th>Start Date</th>
<th>End Date</th>
<th>Audit Reason</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JFrost</td>
<td>16-MAR-2003</td>
<td>30-APR-2003</td>
<td>Policy Violation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result: Because the entry contains a future date range and the audit reason is not *Termination* or *Leave of Absence*, the API does not create a new entry.

**Example 6**
Add a new *Leave of Absence* entry for an existing employee:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employee</th>
<th>Start Date</th>
<th>End Date</th>
<th>Audit Reason</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JFrost</td>
<td>01-JAN-2002</td>
<td>15-MAR-2003</td>
<td>Leave of Absence</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result: The API applies a new end date to the employee’s *Policy Violation* entry and updates the start and end dates of the *Leave of Absence* entry:
Example 7
Add a new Leave of Absence entry with a later start date and no end date:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employee</th>
<th>Start Date</th>
<th>End Date</th>
<th>Audit Reason</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JFrost</td>
<td>19-NOV-2002</td>
<td></td>
<td>Leave of Absence</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Result:** The API preserves the earlier start date but updates the end date:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employee</th>
<th>Start Date</th>
<th>End Date</th>
<th>Audit Reason</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JFrost</td>
<td>01-JAN-2002</td>
<td>16-NOV-2002</td>
<td>Policy Violation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JFrost</td>
<td>17-NOV-2002</td>
<td></td>
<td>Leave of Absence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMarlin</td>
<td>30-NOV-2002</td>
<td>31-DEC-2002</td>
<td>Policy Violation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example 8
Add a Termination entry with an end date but no start date for an existing employee:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employee</th>
<th>Start Date</th>
<th>End Date</th>
<th>Audit Reason</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JFrost</td>
<td></td>
<td>01-DEC-2002</td>
<td>Termination</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Result:** Because the employee record did not contain an existing entry with the audit reason Termination, the API does not create a new entry.

Example 9
Add a Termination entry with a start date but no end date for an existing employee:
Result: The API updates the end date of the employee’s Policy Violation entry, creates a new Termination entry, and deletes the existing Leave of Absence entry:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employee</th>
<th>Start Date</th>
<th>End Date</th>
<th>Audit Reason</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JFrost</td>
<td>10-NOV-2002</td>
<td></td>
<td>Termination</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example 10
Add a new Policy Violation entry for a terminated employee:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employee</th>
<th>Start Date</th>
<th>End Date</th>
<th>Audit Reason</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JFrost</td>
<td>01-JAN-2002</td>
<td>09-NOV-2002</td>
<td>Policy Violation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result: Because the employee is terminated, the API does not create a new entry.

Example 11
Add a Termination entry for a terminated employee with an earlier start date:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employee</th>
<th>Start Date</th>
<th>End Date</th>
<th>Audit Reason</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JFrost</td>
<td>09-NOV-2002</td>
<td></td>
<td>Termination</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result: The API updates the start date of the Termination entry:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employee</th>
<th>Start Date</th>
<th>End Date</th>
<th>Audit Reason</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JFrost</td>
<td>01-JAN-2002</td>
<td>09-NOV-2002</td>
<td>Policy Violation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JFrost</td>
<td>09-NOV-2002</td>
<td></td>
<td>Termination</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Example 12

Add a *Termination* entry for a terminated employee with an end date and no start date:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employee</th>
<th>Start Date</th>
<th>End Date</th>
<th>Audit Reason</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JFrost</td>
<td>01-Jan-2002</td>
<td>09-Nov-2002</td>
<td>Policy Violation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JFrost</td>
<td>09-Nov-2002</td>
<td>31-Dec-2002</td>
<td>Termination</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMarlin</td>
<td>30-Nov-2002</td>
<td>31-Dec-2002</td>
<td>Policy Violation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMarlin</td>
<td>15-Jan-2003</td>
<td>31-Jan-2003</td>
<td>Leave of Absence</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Result:** The API updates the *Termination* entry with the end date (i.e., the employee has returned to work):
Audit Reasons API

Use the Audit Reasons API to create customized reasons for selecting expense reports for audit using the audit_expense report procedure in the AP_WEB_AUDIT_HOOK package. Your customized logic can either provide additional audit checks, or it can override the logic that Internet Expenses provides.

The AP_WEB_AUDIT_HOOK package resides in the files apwaudhs.pls and apwaudhb.pls in the directory:

$AP_TOP/patch115/sql-

If you introduce customized logic into the audit selection process, you may also need to define new audit reasons to appear on expense reports. You add these new audit reasons to the OIE_AUDIT_REASONS lookup type. See: Define Payables Lookups for Internet Expenses.
This chapter explains how to use the Internet Expenses client extensions to extend the functionality of Oracle Internet Expenses to meet specific requirements.

This chapter contains these topics:
- Overview of Implementing Client Extensions
- Implementing the Validations and Defaults Client Extension
- Implementing the Workflow Client Extension
- Implementing the Expense Report Summary Client Extension
Overview of Implementing Client Extensions

Many companies have business requirements beyond the standard functionality of Oracle Internet Expenses. To address these requirements, Internet Expenses provides client extensions. Client extensions use PL/SQL procedures to extend Self-Service functionality to implement and automate company-specific business rules. These procedures are called during the standard process flows of Internet Expenses.

Internet Expenses provides three client extension packages:

■ Validations and Defaults client extension
■ Workflow client extension
■ Expense Report Summary client extension

Each package has multiple procedures which you can enable individually. This chapter provides detailed information on these packages and the associated procedures.

To implement client extensions, you must analyze your business requirements, design the client extension logic, and then write the appropriate PL/SQL procedures. Each of these steps is described in this section.

Analyzing Your Business Requirements

To determine if you need to use client extensions:

1. Define and document your company’s business requirements and rules.
2. Determine if these business rules are handled by the standard features of Oracle Internet Expenses.
3. For those business rules not handled by the standard functionality, determine which client extensions can address your specific business needs.

Designing Your Logic

These steps guide you through the logic design process:

1. Understand the client extensions you propose to use, including their purpose, processing flow, when Internet Expenses calls the extensions, and the input values.
2. Define and document the requirements and logic of your business rules under all possible conditions. Determine the inputs, calculations performed, and resulting outputs.

3. Determine the data elements required to enforce your rules and how you will select or derive each of the required elements. Define additional implementation data and document additional business procedures based on the requirements of your business rules.

4. Step through various business scenarios to ensure that your logic handles each condition as you expect. You can use these scenarios as test cases when you test your actual client extension definition and procedure.

5. Give the detailed specification to the team member who will write the PL/SQL procedure.

If you want to use different logic for different parts of your enterprise, write one procedure that branches appropriately.

**Writing PL/SQL Procedures**

This section is a brief overview of PL/SQL procedures. For more information, refer to the *PL/SQL User’s Guide and Reference Manual.*

**Packages**

Packages are database objects that group logically related PL/SQL types, objects, and subprograms. Packages usually consist of two files: a package specification file and a package body file. The Specification file is the interface to your applications. It declares the types, variables, constants, exceptions, cursors, and subprograms available for use in the package. It also contains the package name, procedures, and functions declarations. The package body contains the actual PL/SQL code used to implement the business logic.

**Procedures**

Procedures are subprograms within a package. Procedures are invoked by the application and perform a specific action. Procedures define what parameters will be passed in as context for the program, how the inputs are processed, and what output is returned.

The client extension procedures you write to implement your business rules extend the functionality of Internet Expenses, and are not customizations. These procedures are features that Oracle supports within the product and can be easily
upgraded from one product release to the next. Unlike extensions, customizations are changes made to the product that are not supported by Oracle and cannot be easily upgraded.

**Warning:** You must not directly **insert** or **update** records in any Oracle Applications tables; performing these activities with the client extensions is not supported by Oracle Corporation. Use the public, predefined procedures that Oracle Internet Expenses provides to insert or update records in Oracle Applications tables.

You are responsible for the support and upgrade of the logic within the procedures that you write, which may be affected by changes between releases of the Oracle Applications.
Implementing the Validations and Defaults Client Extension

The Validations and Defaults client extension provides multiple procedures to perform validations or calculations, or provide default values for Cost Center field. This section describes the details for each of the procedures available in this client extension package:

- Default Cost Center Procedure (CustomDefaultCostCenter)
- Cost Center Validation Procedure (CustomValidateCostCenter)
- Calculate Amount Procedure (CustomCalculateAmount)
- Flexfield Validation Procedure (CustomValidateDFlexValues)
- Line Validation Procedure (CustomValidateLine)

Writing the Validations and Defaults Extension

Oracle Internet Expenses provides a template package and procedure that you use as the basis for extension procedures. The name of the template package is AP_WEB_CUST_DFLEX_PKG.

Print out these files before you begin writing procedures for your descriptive flexfields. The files are located in the Oracle Payables $AP_TOP/patch/115/sql directory:

- apwdfcfs.pls
  This file contains the specification template for this extension package. If you create procedures outside the predefined procedure within the AP_WEB_CUST_DFLEX_PKG package, you must also modify this file to include those new procedures.

- apwdfcfb.pls
  This file contains the procedures that you can modify to implement the extension. You can define as many procedures as you want within this package or within the predefined procedure.

Default Cost Center Procedure (CustomDefaultCostCenter)

When a user navigates to the Enter General Expense Report Information page, a default value automatically appears in the Cost Center field. This default cost center value is extracted from the DEFAULT_CODE_COMBINATION_ID column of the HR_EMPLOYEES_CURRENT_V view. Use the default cost center procedure to define a different value for the cost center field.
Modify the CustomDefaultCostCenter procedure so it returns a specific cost center value. The value that CustomDefaultCostCenter returns is the default cost center in the Enter General Expense Report Information page. If CustomDefaultCostCenter returns a value of NULL, Internet Expenses uses the standard default cost center method and inserts the employee’s cost center as the default.

Cost Center Validation Procedure (CustomValidateCostCenter)

When an employee enters an expense report, Internet Expenses checks whether the cost center identified in the expense report is a valid value in your chart of accounts. If the cost center specified is invalid, the system displays an error message when the employee clicks on the Next button in the Enter General Expense Report Information page. You can use the Cost Center Validation Procedure to define additional custom validation rules for the values users enter in the Cost Center field.

To enable the CustomValidateCostCenter procedure, write your code so the function returns a value of TRUE. If the CustomValidateCostCenter procedure returns the value TRUE, Internet Expenses uses your cost center validation logic and skips the predefined cost center validation routine.

When a cost center is valid, your validation logic must set the p_CostCenterValid parameter to TRUE. When a cost center is not valid, your logic must set the p_CostCenterValid parameter to FALSE. You can also modify the error message that appears when validation fails. To modify this error message, assign a value to the p_cs_error variable. If you do not assign a value to this variable, Internet Expenses displays the standard error message.

Calculate Amount Procedure (CustomCalculateAmount)

Use the Calculate Amount Procedure to define company-specific calculations for expense types such as per diem and mileage. For example, if your company’s reimbursement policy includes a mileage allowance, you can use the Calculate Amount Procedure to calculate mileage expenses based on the number of miles an employee reports.

You must define a context-sensitive flexfield segment for each expense type to which you want to associate the Calculate Amount Procedure. The values employees enter into these context-sensitive segments provide the input for your calculation logic.

For example, to write logic to calculate mileage expenses, define a context-sensitive flexfield segment called Miles and associate it with the expense type Mileage. When
an employee selects the Mileage expense type, the Miles flexfield appears. The employee enters a number in the Miles field, then clicks the Calculate Amount button. This executes your custom logic which calculates the number of miles times the rate per mile, and populates the Receipt Amount field.

**Attention:** You must enable the Calculate Amount option in the Payables Expense Report Templates window for each expense type you want to use with the calculate amount procedure.

**Flexfield Validation Procedure (CustomValidateDFlexValues)**

When defining descriptive flexfield segments, you associate a value set to each segment. You can define value sets to include validation rules by using the Format Validation region of the Value Sets window. Use the Flexfield Validation Procedure to define additional validation rules for the values entered in Internet Expenses flexfield segments. If you implement the Flexfield Validation procedure, Internet Expenses executes your custom validation logic as well as the validation you define for value sets.

You can define dynamic validation that is dependent on other fields in the expense report. The same API is called for both expense line level validation and for individual expense-type context-sensitive custom field validation.

**Line Validation Procedure (CustomValidateLine)**

This procedure enables you to define custom validation at the line level. For example, you can prevent users from entering an expense line over a threshold amount, or require users to enter a value in a particular field under certain conditions. If you want to perform custom validations on descriptive flexfields, use the Flexfield Validation procedure.
Implementing the Workflow Client Extension

The Workflow client extension provides multiple procedures to extend and interact with the predefined expense report workflow process. This section describes the details for each of the procedures available in this client extension package:

- Management Involvement Procedure (DetermineMgrInvolvement)
- Authority Verification Procedure (VerifyAuthority)
- Accounts Payable Involvement Procedure (CustomValidateExpenseReport)
- Find Approver Procedure (FindApprover)

Writing the Internet Expenses Workflow Extension

Oracle Internet Expenses provides a template package and procedure that you use as the basis for your workflow procedures. The name of the template package is AP_WEB_EXPENSE_CUST_WF.

Print out these files before you begin writing procedures for your workflow processes. The files are located in the Oracle Payables $AP_TOP/patch/115/sql directory:

- apwxwfcs.pls
  This file contains the specification template for this extension package. If you create procedures outside the predefined procedure within the AP_WEB_EXPENSE_CUST_WF package, you must also modify this file to include those new procedures.

- apwxwfcb.pls
  This file contains the procedures that you can modify to implement the extension. You can define as many procedures as you want within this package or within the predefined procedure.

Management Involvement Procedure (DetermineMgrInvolvement)

Expense reports can be paid only if the Manager (Spending) Approval workflow process marks them as manager approved. By default, expense reports require manager review and approval. However, you can modify this procedure to allow the Level of Manager Involvement activity in the Manager (Spending) Approval workflow process to approve expense reports automatically, without a manager’s approval.
The Level of Manager Involvement activity supports three levels of manager involvement:

- **Manager Approval**
  Managers directly approve expense reports themselves.

- **Manager Notification**
  Expenses reports receive automatic manager approval and the workflow notifies the manager that the expense report was approved.

- **No Manager Involvement**
  Expenses reports receive automatic manager approval, but the workflow does not notify the manager that the expense report was approved.

Use the Manager Involvement Extension to specify how the Level of Manager Involvement processes expense reports. For example, you can define the manager involvement procedure so the level of manager involvement depends on the amount of the expense report or the expense template used.

The DetermineMgrInvolvement API contains some sample logic that is preceded by the comment delimiter. This sample code, if enabled, enforces these rules:

- For expense reports in which the sum of reimbursable amounts for all expense lines is greater than or equal to 500, manager approval is required.
- For expense reports in which the sum of reimbursable amounts for all expense lines is greater than or equal to 100 (and less than 500), only manager notification is required.
- For expense reports in which the sum of reimbursable amounts for all expense lines is less than 100, there is no manager involvement.

You can modify this sample logic by increasing or decreasing the values assigned to the variables `i_approval_req_amount` and `i_notify_only_amount`.

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**Note:** You must add and remove the necessary comment delimiters to make the sample logic in this API control the Level of Manager Involvement activity.

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**Authority Verification Procedure (VerifyAuthority)**

When a manager approves an expense report, the Verify Authority activity in the Manager (Spending) Approval workflow process determines whether the manager has
the signing limit and cost center authority to approve the expense report. The Verify Authority activity bases its verification on values you enter in the Payables Employee Signing Limit window.

You can use the Authority Verification procedure to define additional custom rules that determine whether a manager has the authority to approve an expense report.

**Note:** Any changes to this procedure will be ignored if you have implemented Oracle Approvals Management.

**Accounts Payable Involvement Procedure (CustomValidateExpenseReport)**

Your accounts payable department must review and approve expense reports that contain lines for which a justification or an original receipt is required. Your accounts payable department approves an expense report by checking the Reviewed by Payables check box in the Payables Expense Reports window. Once reviewed by the payables department, the Approval workflow process marks the expense report as Payables Approved.

You can use the Accounts Payable Involvement Procedure to define additional rules for when accounts payables approval is necessary for expense reports. For example, you could define this procedure so only every third expense report requires accounts payable approval, regardless of whether the report contains lines that require a justification or an original receipt.

**Find Approver Procedure (FindApprover)**

The Find Approver activity in the Manager (Spending) Approval workflow process determines the first and (if necessary) subsequent approvers for an expense report based on the supervisor hierarchy defined in Oracle HRMS. You can use the Find Approver procedure to define custom rules for selecting approvers for expense reports.

**Note:** Any changes to this procedure will be ignored if you have implemented Oracle Approvals Management.
Implementing the Expense Report Summary Client Extension

The Expense Report Summary client extension lets you display your own customized message as the expense report summary on the Review page and the Confirmation page. Your customized message can include your own calculations for the expense report and fully-formatted message text.

The Expense Report Summary client extension is provided as a PL/SQL API that lets you add your own PL/SQL custom code. The package AP_WEB_OA_CUSTOM_PKG contains the function GetCustomizedExpRepSummary. The message text that this code returns is displayed on the Review Page and the Confirmation Page. By default, the custom region is not displayed. In order to display the custom message, the GetCustomizedExpRepSummary function must return a message string that you supply.

Note: The API can only access data after the user saves the expense report.

The GetCustomizedExpRepSummary function contains two input parameters:

- P_ReportHeaderId
- P_CurrentPage

P_CurrentPage is set to either:

- AP_WEB_OA_CUSTOM_PKG.C_ReviewPage
- AP_WEB_OA_CUSTOM_PKG.C_ConfirmPage

To implement the Expense Report Summary client extension, perform these tasks:

1. Create a custom package to accept the GetCustomizedExpRepSummary input parameters and return a message string for display as the expense report summary.

2. Modify the AP_WEB_OA_CUSTOM_PKG.GetCustomizedExpRepSummary to override the default null value

3. Hide the default Expense Report Summary region using either the Application Developer Common-Modules (AK) functionality or the Oracle Applications Personalization Framework.

4. Bounce the Application Server (9iAS) for the changes to take affect.
For more information about the Expense Report Summary client extension, see the white paper on MetaLink entitled, *Expense Report Summary Client Extension API* (MetaLink note number 201050.1).
This chapter describes how to configure the expense spreadsheet template.

This chapter contains these topics:

- Disconnected Expense Reporting Process
- Configuring the Excel Template
- Testing your Custom Excel Template
Disconnected Expense Reporting Process

Employees who are travelling or do not have access to the company’s intranet can create expense reports using the disconnected expense reporting process. The disconnected expense reporting process involves entering expenses in a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet on a personal computer or laptop and then importing this spreadsheet into Internet Expenses.

Internet Expenses provides a Microsoft Excel expense spreadsheet template to create a disconnected expense report. You can configure this spreadsheet template to meet the needs of your enterprise. See: Configuring the Excel Template for more information.

To submit a disconnected expense report, an employee completes these steps:

1. Log in to Internet Expenses.
2. Click the Spreadsheet Export link and save the spreadsheet template to your local computer.
3. Open the spreadsheet template in Microsoft Excel and create a working copy using the Save As command.
4. Enter expenses in the spreadsheet using Microsoft Excel.
5. When the spreadsheet is complete, log in to Internet Expenses and click the Expenses Entry link.
6. Click the Import Spreadsheet Expenses button to display the Import Expense Report Spreadsheet page.
7. Copy the contents of the spreadsheet in Excel, then paste the contents in the Spreadsheet Import Area.

**Attention:** Be sure to paste the spreadsheet only once into the Spreadsheet Import Area. If a user pastes the spreadsheet more than once and then successfully uploads it, Internet Expenses creates an expense report with duplicate receipts.

8. Click Skip to Review or Continue to ensure there is no missing or invalid data in the report. If the spreadsheet contains errors:
   a. Clear the contents of the upload page.
b. Modify the spreadsheet in Excel.

c. Copy the contents of the spreadsheet, then paste the contents in the Spreadsheet Import Area.

d. Click Skip to Review or Continue.

9. When the spreadsheet passes validation, a new expense report is created in Internet Expenses. An employee can enter additional expenses, save the report as a work in progress, or submit it for approval.

**Note:** All users assigned to the seeded Internet Expenses responsibility can access the Spreadsheet Export and Import Spreadsheet Expenses functions.
Configuring the Excel Template

The Excel template is a spreadsheet that employees use to create disconnected expense reports. You must configure the Excel template so that it matches your current Internet Expenses implementation. For example, all fields in Internet Expenses must exist in your template, and fields that are set as Required in Internet Expenses must also be Required in the template. If the template does not match your implementation, employees cannot create and import expense reports using the disconnected process.

To configure the Excel template, you must enter specific values from various Oracle Payables windows into the template.

**File Name and Location**
The spreadsheet template is called apwexpmc.xls and is located in the directory:

$AP_TOP/html/US

**Required Tasks**
Perform these tasks to configure the Excel template:

- Displaying the Sheet Tabs
- Configuring the Expense Report Sheet
- Setting Up Currency Codes
- Setting Up Expense Types
- Changing Column and Cell Headings
- Setting Up Text Boxes and Poplists

**Conditional Tasks**
Perform these tasks if required by your spreadsheet configuration:

- Modifying Cell Links (to set default values, or if you modify the list of currency codes or expense types)
- Setting Up Descriptive Flexfields in the Excel Template (if you implement descriptive flexfields for Internet Expenses)

See also: Other Setup Considerations.
Configuring the Excel Template

Displaying the Sheet Tabs

After obtaining the expense spreadsheet template from the operating system directory, display the custom sheet tabs to make any modifications.

You can modify these sheets in the Excel template:

- Expense Report
- Currency Codes and Descriptions
- Expense Types
- Cell Links
- Prompts (to change column and cell headings)

Note: You must use Microsoft Excel 5.0 or higher to configure the expense report spreadsheet template.

Attention: You cannot modify the Custom Field Links sheet or Custom Field Code sheet. The expense spreadsheet template will not function properly if you modify these sheets.

To display the custom sheet tabs in the expense spreadsheet template:

1. Open the spreadsheet file *apwexpmc.xls*.
2. Choose Tools > Protection > Unprotect Sheet.
3. Choose Options from the Tools menu.
4. Open the View tab.
5. Check the Sheet Tabs box, then click OK.
Configuring the Expense Report Sheet

This section describes how to configure the Expense Report sheet.

Defining the Date Format

Users enter a receipt date in the spreadsheet Date From column. For multiple-day receipts, users can define a range of days by entering dates in both the Date From and the Date To columns.

When an employee imports a completed expense report, Internet Expenses compares the date format of the Date From and Date To columns to the date format set using the self-service applications General Preferences function. If the date formats in these columns do not match the date format specified by the General Preferences function, users must re-enter receipt dates in Internet Expenses. An example of a valid date format is DD–MON–YYYY. When a user makes changes to the General Preferences, the changes only affect that user’s login session.

Prerequisite

Determine a date format to use in the Expense Spreadsheet.

To define the date format:

1. Open the Expense Report sheet tab at the bottom of the spreadsheet.
2. Select the Date From and the Date To column, then choose Format > Cells.
3. Open the Number tab, then choose Date as the Category.
4. Choose a date format from the list in the Type region, then click OK.

Entering an Expense Template Name

You must assign a template name to the Excel template to define the list of expense types that are available in Internet Expenses (for example, airfare, meals, lodging, and so on). This template also determines the expense types you can include in the Expense Types sheet in the Excel template. See also: Setting Up Expense Types.

You create expense report templates in the Payables Expense Report Templates window. The template you choose must have the Enable for Internet Expenses option checked (set to Yes).

When an employee imports an Excel expense report, Internet Expenses compares the template name to the names of all active, Internet Expenses-enabled templates. If the template name of an Excel expense report does not match the name of a Internet Expenses-enabled template, Internet Expenses rejects the report.
Prerequisite
Select an Internet Expenses-enabled expense report template from the Payables Expense Report Templates window. Note the exact spelling of the template name.

To enter a template name:
1. Open the Expense Report sheet tab at the bottom of the spreadsheet.
2. Enter the name of an expense report template that is enabled for Internet Expenses into the Expense Template cell.
   The name must exactly match the name of an Internet Expenses-enabled template that appears in the Payables Expense Report Templates window.
3. Save your work.

See also: Expense Report Templates, Oracle Payables User Guide

Modifying the Reimbursable Amount Formula
The predefined formula for the Reimbursable Amount column of the spreadsheet:
\[(\text{receipt amount} \times \text{exchange rate})\]
This formula is provided to match the default setting of No for the Journals: Display Inverse Rate profile option.
If you set this profile option to Yes, you must change the Reimbursable Amount formula for all cells in this column to reflect the inverse of this formula (receipt amount / exchange rate).
To modify the default settings for the reimbursement currency and the Receipt Missing check box, use the Cell Links sheet. See: Modifying Cell Links for more information.

To edit the Reimbursable Amount formula:
1. Place the cursor in the first cell of the Reimbursable Amount column.
2. Change the multiplication symbol (*) to the division symbol (/), then press Enter.

Note: If multiple expense report templates have been defined for use with Internet Expenses, you must set up a separate custom Excel template for each template.
3. Place the cursor over the square in the lower right corner of the cell that you just changed, so that the cross cursor changes to a solid cross. Press and hold the right-click button on your mouse, and while holding the right-click drag down so that all of the remaining cells in this column are highlighted.

4. Release the right-click, and all of the formulas for these cells are automatically updated.

**Protecting Formulas**
The values for Days, Receipt Amount, and Reimbursable Amount columns are derived from formulas. To prevent users from encountering unexpected errors, you should protect these formulas so that users do not manually enter data in the column cells.

**To protect column cells:**
1. Choose Options from the Tools menu.
2. In the Options window, open the View tab and check the Row & Column Headers box to make the row and column headers visible.
3. Click OK.
4. Open the Expense Report sheet tab at the bottom of the spreadsheet.
5. For the Days column, click the column header so that the entire column is highlighted.
6. Choose Cells from the Format menu.
7. In the Format Cells window, open the Protection tab and check the Locked box.
8. Click OK.
9. Repeat steps 4 to 8 for the Receipt Amount and Reimbursable Amount columns.

**Setting Up Currency Codes**
When an employee imports an expense report spreadsheet, Internet Expenses compares the currency code of a receipt with the currency codes enabled in the Currencies window. If the receipt currency code does not match an enabled currency, the user must re-enter the receipt currency code in Internet Expenses.

The predefined Currency Codes and Descriptions sheet includes nearly two hundred currencies (all specified in ISO Standard #4217). Because some of these currencies may not be enabled in the Currencies window, you must edit the
Currency Codes and Descriptions sheet to include only enabled currencies. You should first review the list of enabled currencies in the Currencies window, then remove all disabled currencies from the Currency Codes and Descriptions sheet.

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**Note:** The Currency Codes and Descriptions sheet must contain at least one currency.

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After you update the Currency Codes and Descriptions sheet, you may need to make these modifications to the Cell Links sheet:

- Update the list of currencies in the Cell Links sheet to match the currency list in the Currency Codes and Descriptions sheet.
- Update the default currency for the spreadsheet template expense report.

See: Modifying Cell Links for more information.

When you make changes to the Currency Codes and Descriptions sheet, you can use the Expense Report sheet to confirm your changes.

**Prerequisites**

Before you can set up currency codes, you must review and make a list of all enabled currencies in the Currencies window.

**To set up currency codes:**

1. Open the Currency Codes and Descriptions sheet tab at the bottom of the spreadsheet.

   **Attention:** Do not edit the header region (cells A1 and B1) of the Currency Codes and Descriptions sheet.

2. Delete each row that contains a disabled currency.
3. Realign the remaining currencies to create a sequential list:
   - Leave row 2 (cells A2 and B2) blank.
   - Do not leave gaps of empty rows between currency codes.
4. Open the Expense Report sheet tab at the bottom of the spreadsheet to review the expense report and verify your changes.
5. Save your work.
6. Update the Cell Links sheet to reflect the changes to the Currency Codes and Descriptions sheet.

This illustration depicts the Currency Description and Currency Code columns. Delete all the currencies that you will not use. Do not edit the labels in row 1. Leave row 2 blank.

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**Setting Up Expense Types**

To enter expense types in the Expense Report sheet, users select values from a poplist. The Expense Types sheet contains the values that appear in this poplist. You must configure the Expense Types sheet so it contains only valid expense types. Valid expense types include:

- Expense types defined in the Payables template that you identified in the Expense Report sheet.
- Expense types with the Viewable From All Templates option checked in the Payables Expense Report Templates window.

For example, the Expense Report Templates window in Payables lists the expense types Airfare, Car Rental, Hotel, and Entertainment in the Sales template, and no expense types from any other template have the Viewable From All Templates option.

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**See also:** Defining Currencies, Oracle General Ledger User Guide
option checked. If you enter Sales as the Expense Template for the spreadsheet, you must set up the Expense Type sheet so it contains only the expense types Airfare, Car Rental, Hotel, and Entertainment.

The generic Expense Types sheet within the Excel template includes several sample expense types. You must change the sample expense types to valid expense types and delete any rows that you do not change. To add expense types, insert new rows into the Expense Types sheet. You must insert a new row above an existing row for the expense type to appear in the poplist.

After you update the Expense Types sheet, you may need to update the expense types that appear in the expense report template. (By default, the template does not display expense types.) See: Modifying Cell Links for more information.

When you make changes to the Expense Types sheet, you can use the Expense Report sheet to confirm your changes.

**Prerequisite**
Make a list of the expense types defined by the self–service enabled template you entered in the Expense Report sheet. Note the exact spelling of these expense types.

**To set up expense types:**
1. Open the Expense Types sheet tab at the bottom of the spreadsheet.
2. Change the sample expense types to valid expense types (those defined in the template you entered in the Expense Report sheet). You must spell each expense type exactly as it appears in the Payables Expense Report Templates window.
3. To add an expense type, insert a new row and enter the name of the expense type exactly as it appears in the Payables Expense Report Templates window. To insert a new row, select a cell that contains a value, then choose Insert > Rows. If you select a cell that does not contain a value and use Insert > Rows to add an expense type to this new row, the expense type does not appear in the poplist.
4. Open the Expense Report sheet tab at the bottom of the spreadsheet to review the expense report and verify your changes.

5. Save your work.

This illustration displays a column of possible expense types. Do not edit rows 1 and 2. Insert new rows above rows with values, and do not add or edit any rows beneath the last value.

**Attention:** Do not edit the header region (cells A1 and A2) of the Expense Types sheet.

**Suggestion:** Sort the list of expense types alphabetically. To do this, select the rows to sort, then click on the Sort Ascending button (or choose Data > Sort, click on Ascending, then click OK).
Changing Column and Cell Headings

You can change the column and cell headings of the Expense Report sheet to use terms that are common within your company. For example, you might want to change “Justification” to “Reason” and change “Cost Center” to “Bill Code.” The Prompts sheet lists all of the column and cell headings you can change.

If you change a column or cell heading, you must also change its corresponding Long Label in the Region Items window of the Web Applications Dictionary.

To change column and cell headings in Excel:
1. Open the Prompts sheet tab at the bottom of the spreadsheet.
2. Change any of the values in Column B of the Prompts sheet. Do not change any of the values in Column A. Make a list of both the old and new values.
3. Save your work.

To change Long Label values in the Web Applications Dictionary:
1. Log in to Oracle Applications using the seeded AK Developer responsibility.
2. Navigate to the Regions window (Define Regions).
3. Query the Region ID AP_WEB_DISC_EXP, then choose Region Items.
4. Change the values in the Long Label fields to match the values in Column B of the Prompts sheet.
5. Save your work.

See also: Web Applications Dictionary, Oracle Self–Service Web Applications Implementation Manual

Modifying Cell Links

The Cell Links sheet provides default values for these parameters on the spreadsheet template expense report:

- Column A: Receipt Currencies
- Column B: Expense Type
- Column C: Receipt Missing (True/False)
- Column D: Reimbursement Currency

The values in each column represent the default values based on the position on the relative sheet. The values for columns A and D represent row number plus 1 from
the Currency Codes and Descriptions sheet; the values for column B represent row number plus 1 from the Expense Types sheet.

Use the Cell Links sheet to:

- Update the default values for receipt currencies, expense types, missing receipt and reimbursement currency, according to your business requirements.
- Make adjustments to the Cell Links sheet if you modified the list of currencies in the Currency Codes and Descriptions sheet or the list of expense types in the Expense Types sheet.

The cell link values for currencies and expense types must point to an existing currency or expense type on the respective sheets. If they do not, then errors can occur when users import spreadsheets into Internet Expenses. For example, if you delete all currencies but the US dollar (USD) in the Currency Codes and Descriptions sheet, then you must update columns A and D of the Cell Links sheet with a USD entry only.

When you make changes to currencies or expense types on the Cell Links sheet, you can use the Expense Report sheet to confirm your changes.

To modify cell links:

1. If necessary, review the currency code values on the Currency Codes and Descriptions sheet and the expense type values on the Expense Types sheet.
2. Open the Cell Links sheet tab at the bottom of the spreadsheet.
3. To update the value of an existing receipt currency, enter the new currency code in column A in the row that you want.
   Enter a number that is one value less than the code represented. For example, working from a sheet that contains all currency codes, if the US Dollar code is in row 185, enter 184; for Euro (row 57) enter 56; for British pound sterling (row 142) enter 141.
4. To enter or update the value of an existing expense type, enter the new expense type code in column B in the row that you want. By default, the spreadsheet template does not display expense types.
   Enter a number that is one value less than the code represented. For example, working from a sheet that contains all expense type codes, for Taxi (row 5) enter 4; for Mileage (row 7) enter 6; for Entertainment (row 11) enter 10.
5. To check the Receipt Missing box for a given row, enter True in Column C in the corresponding row.
6. To change the default value in the Reimbursement Currency field, enter a new currency code in Column D.

7. To remove a receipt currency or expense type from a row, you can either delete the value or enter a value of 1.

8. Open the Expense Report sheet tab at the bottom of the spreadsheet to review the expense report and verify your changes.

9. Save your work.

**Setting Up Descriptive Flexfields in the Excel Template**

Set up descriptive flexfields to extend the capabilities of the standard Internet Expenses implementation and enable employees to enter additional information about business expenses.

If descriptive flexfields have been defined for use with Internet Expenses, you must set up the same flexfields in the Excel template. If you do not define the flexfields in the template, errors will occur when users import their disconnected spreadsheets to Internet Expenses.

**Types of Descriptive Flexfields**

You can define two types of descriptive flexfields: context–sensitive and global. **Context–sensitive flexfields** appear in the Internet Expenses Receipt Details page and are associated with expense types.

For example, you can define the flexfields Airline, Class, Origin, and Destination and associate them with the expense type Airfare. Then, when a user chooses an expense type of Airfare when creating an expense report in Internet Expenses, these flexfields dynamically appear in the Receipt Details page.

**Global flexfields** appear in the Receipt Details page regardless of the expense type selected.

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**Suggestion:** To ensure that all flexfields appear in the correct order in the Excel spreadsheet, define your global flexfields first and then define your context–sensitive flexfields.
Defining Flexfields in the Excel Template


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**Note:** You can add or remove columns from the Additional Information region to provide space for the flexfields you need.

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To set up descriptive flexfields in the Excel template, you need specific information from Oracle Applications. Complete these tasks for each flexfield you are using in Internet Expenses:

1. Enter flexfield window prompt values. This is the name of the prompt that appears in Internet Expenses.
2. Determine the flexfield Validation Type. The Validation Type indicates whether the flexfield must be defined as a text box, list of values, or check box.
3. Determine the corresponding list of values for the field (if required). For example, a corresponding list of values for the flexfield Airline might include United, American, KLM, and British Air.

Determining Flexfield Window Prompt Values

For each flexfield used in Internet Expenses, you must enter a Window Prompt value in the Name column of the Expense Types sheet. This value must exactly match the Window Prompt values defined in the Segments Summary window.

When a user imports an expense report and chooses Continue or Skip to Review to validate the report, Internet Expenses compares the names of the segments in the Name column to the Window Prompt values defined in the Segments Summary window. If these values do not match exactly, the import process will fail.

**To determine flexfield window prompt values:**

1. In Payables, navigate to the Descriptive Flexfield Segments window.
2. Query Oracle Payables as the Application and Expense Report Line as the Title. Notice the expense types that appear in the Code fields of the Context Field Values region.
3. Select an expense type and choose the Segments button to open the Segments Summary window. You can associate one or more flexfield segments with each
Configuring the Excel Template

expense type. For example, you can associate the flexfield segments Airline, Class, Origin and Destination with the expense type Airfare.

4. Make a list of the values in the Window Prompt fields and their associated expense types. Repeat this for each expense type that appears in the Descriptive Flexfield Segments window.

5. Select the Global Data Element line in the Descriptive Flexfield Segments window, and then choose the Segments button. The Segments Summary window opens.

6. Make a list of the values in the Window Prompt fields. Note that these values are global flexfields.

7. For each line in the Segments Summary window, write down the value of the Value Set field.

Determining Flexfield Validation Types

A flexfield’s Validation Type indicates whether you need to set up the flexfield as a list of values, a poplist, or a text box in the Excel template. Validation Types include Independent, Table, and None. If the Validation Type is Independent, the flexfield is validated against a value set defined in the Value Sets window. Set up this flexfield in the Excel template as a poplist and define a list of values for it. See also: Defining a List of Values for Descriptive Flexfields.

If the Validation Type is Table, the segment is validated against selected values in a table. If the Value Set Name is AP_SRS_YES_NO_MAND, set up this flexfield in the Excel template as a Yes/No poplist.

If the Validation Type is None, the flexfield is not validated against a list of values. Set up this flexfield in the Excel template as a text box.

To determine a flexfield validation type:

1. Navigate to the Payables Segments Summary window.

2. For each segment, note whether a value appears in the Value Set. If no value appears in the Value Set field, that segment is not validated against a list of values and you must set up this segment in the Excel template as a text box. If a value appears in the Value Set field, select that segment and then choose the Value Set button.

3. In the Value Validation region of the Value Sets window, note the Validation Type.
Defining a List of Values for Descriptive Flexfields

A flexfield’s Validation Type indicates whether you need to define a list of values for it. Descriptive flexfields that require a list of values have a Validation Type of either Independent or Table.

Determining Lists of Values for Flexfields with a Validation Type of Independent

If the validation type of a flexfield is Independent, you must set up a poplist in the Excel template to show the list of values associated with the flexfield. For example, you might associate the flexfield Airline with the values American, United, KLM, and British Airways.

To determine lists of values for flexfields with a validation type of Independent:

1. Navigate to the Value Set window in Payables, then query a value set.
2. Make a list of the values and descriptions that appear in the Segment Values window. Use these values and descriptions to define the list of values for your flexfield in the Excel template.

Determining Lists of Values for Flexfields with a Validation Type of Table

If the Validation Type of a flexfield is Table and the Value Set Name is not AP_SRS_YES_NO_MAND, you must make a list of the values associated with that flexfield.

If the Value Set Name of a flexfield is AP_SRS_YES_NO_MAND, you must set up that flexfield as a poplist in the Excel template with the values Yes and No.

To determine lists of values for flexfields with a validation type of Table:

1. Navigate to the Value Sets window, then query a value set with a validation type of Table.
2. Choose Edit Information.
3. In the Validation Table Information window, make note of the application Table Name and the WHERE clause that defines the list of values. Use these values to define the list of values for your flexfield in the Excel template.

Setting Up Global Flexfields in the Excel Spreadsheet

Set up global flexfields by editing the Custom Field columns in the Expense Types sheet of the Excel template.
**Prerequisites**
Complete the steps described in these sections:

- Determining Flexfield Window Prompt Values
- Determining Flexfield Validation Types

**To set up global flexfields in the spreadsheet:**
1. Open the Expense Type sheet tab at the bottom of the spreadsheet.
2. Add the Window Prompt value of the global flexfield in the Name column for every expense type.
   
   If multiple flexfield segments exist for this global data element, enter a second value in the Custom Field 2 Name column, a third value in the Custom Field 3 Name column, and so on.

   **Attention:** The first value you enter must be in the Name column under the Custom Field 1 heading and subsequent Name column values must form a contiguous sequence. For example, ensure that there are no blank columns between Custom Field 3 and Custom Field 4.

3. If the Validation Type of this flexfield is Independent or Table, define a poplist for the flexfield. To do this, paste a poplist into the corresponding Special Input cells.
   
   See also: Setting Up Text Boxes and Poplists.
4. Save your work.

**Setting Up Context-Sensitive Flexfields in the Excel Template**
Set up context-sensitive flexfields by editing the Custom Field columns in the Expense Types sheet of the Excel template.

**Suggestion:** To ensure that all flexfields appear in the correct order in the Excel spreadsheet, define your global flexfields first and then define your context-sensitive flexfields.
Prerequisites
Complete the steps described in these sections:
■ Determining Flexfield Window Prompt Values
■ Determining Flexfield Validation Types

To set up Name columns in the Expense Types sheet:
1. Open the Expense Type sheet tab at the bottom of the spreadsheet.
2. Locate a row containing an expense type for which one or more flexfield segments have been defined. In the Name column under the Custom Field 1 heading for that row, enter the value that exactly matches the corresponding Window Prompts value.

If multiple flexfield segments exist for this global data element, enter a second value in the Custom Field 2 Name column, a third value in the Custom Field 3 Name column, and so on.

Attention: If you have not defined any global flexfields, the first value you enter must be in the Name column under the Custom Field 1 heading and subsequent Name column values must form a contiguous sequence. For example, ensure that there are no blank columns between Custom Field 3 and Custom Field 4.

If you have defined global flexfields, enter the first value in the next available Custom Field heading. There must be no blank columns between your global and descriptive flexfield columns.

3. If the Validation Type of this flexfield is Independent or Table, define a poplist for the flexfield. To do this, add the Window Prompt value of the global flexfield in the Name column for every expense type. Then paste a poplist or check box into the corresponding Special Input cells. See also: Setting Up Text Boxes and Poplists.

4. Save your work.

This illustration depicts the Custom Field columns and Name sub-columns in the spreadsheet.
Setting Up Text Boxes and Poplists

The values in the Name columns in the Expense Types sheet represent flexfields. Use the Special Input column to set up poplists. Depending on the flexfield’s validation type, it must be defined as either a text box or a poplist. To specify how the flexfield appears in the spreadsheet, you must paste a poplist into the Special Input column, or leave the column empty. See also: Determining Flexfield Validation Types.

There are three sample poplists located below the sample expense types in the Expense Types sheet. The three sample poplists have input ranges that point to sample values which are located to the right of the Custom Field 15 column (use the scroll bar to view this field and the sample values).

To use a sample poplist, copy and paste the cell into a Special Input column, add or edit the sample values as necessary, and modify the input range.

**Note:** When pasting a poplist, ensure that the top left corner of the object falls within the targeted cell.

**Prerequisites**

- For each Name column containing a value, determine whether the corresponding Special Input column must be set up as a text box, check box, or a poplist. See also: Determining Flexfield Validation Types.

- If the column must be set up as a poplist, determine the list of values to display. See also: Defining a List of Values for Descriptive Flexfields.
You can set up these types of columns for the Special Input columns in the Expense Types sheet:

- To define a text box, leave the Special Input column empty.
- To set up a poplist, complete these steps:
  a. Copy and paste a sample poplist into Special Input columns. Ensure the top left corner of the poplist falls within the targeted cell.
  b. Enter the elements of the list of values into the cells of one of the Poplist Contents Definition columns. Note the range of cells that contain the list of values.
  c. Format the poplist so its input range defines the range of cells that contain the list of values.
This illustration demonstrates these steps.

1. Open the Expense Report sheet tab at the bottom of the spreadsheet.
2. Select expense types to which you have associated flexfields.
3. Scroll to the Additional Information region and verify that the flexfields you defined appear.

After you save your changes, you can verify them by performing these steps:

1. Open the Expense Report sheet tab at the bottom of the spreadsheet.
2. Select expense types to which you have associated flexfields.
3. Scroll to the Additional Information region and verify that the flexfields you defined appear.
4. Ensure all poplists display the proper values.

Other Setup Considerations

Review the considerations described below when configuring your spreadsheet template. This will help ensure that your template is set up correctly.

Modifying the Import Status Message

Since all of the spreadsheet information cannot be shown in the Spreadsheet Import Area field, a user may be unsure whether the expense report was successfully imported. Therefore, a status message appears in the field to alert users that the import process completed. This “Import Successful” message ensures that users do not re-paste the data from the spreadsheet and create duplicate expense reports.

You can edit this message to fit your company’s requirements. To edit this message, make the sheet tabs available in the spreadsheet and click the Prompts tab. In the Prompts tab, change the Import Successful prompt as necessary.

Note: Ensure that you have not removed this prompt from the Expense Report sheet of the Excel template during the configuration process. The prompt is not visible, but you can find it in the Line column. Specifically, it is in the first cell below the gray line at the bottom of the sheet.

Additional Information Column Heading

The Additional Information heading is the last column on the spreadsheet template. This column must remain the last column to ensure that the flexfields and flexfield values upload correctly.

Protecting the Custom Excel Template

If users modify the information in your Excel template, it can cause errors when Internet Expenses validates the spreadsheet. To prevent users from making changes, hide the sheet tabs and protect the template.

To protect the Custom Excel Template:

1. Open the Expense Report sheet tab at the bottom of the spreadsheet.
2. Position the sheet at the top left corner cell.
3. Hide the sheet tabs. To do this:
a. Choose Tools > Option.

b. Choose the View tab, then deselect the Sheet Tabs check box.

4. Protect the template by choosing Tools > Protection > Protect Sheet.

5. Save your work.
Testing your Custom Excel Template

Before releasing your custom template for general use, import and validate the spreadsheet in Internet Expenses. Perform these steps to discover and resolve any remaining setup problems that may exist in your template.

To test the Custom Excel Template:

1. Compare the custom Excel template and expense types to the Corporate Credit Card and Cash and Other Expenses pages. Ensure all fields in the template appear in these pages, and all the fields on these pages appear in the template. (Be sure that you also look at the Expense Details page.)

2. Create an expense report with the custom Excel template. Assign each expense type to at least one receipt. If applicable, enter values for each flexfield.

3. Upload the expense report. Make sure the message you entered at the bottom of the spreadsheet template appear in the Spreadsheet Upload Area.

4. Click Next to validate the spreadsheet.

You must fix errors that exist in the spreadsheet template itself before releasing it to employees for general use. Errors that occur because the spreadsheet was incorrectly defined can be fixed only by the system administrator. Errors that occur due to missing or invalid data in the spreadsheet do not indicate a serious problem and the report can still be imported into Internet Expenses. When expense report information is missing or invalid, you can perform either of these actions:

- Click Clear or Cancel to fix the errors in Excel, then import it again later.
- Click Continue to import the report with the errors, then modify the report in Internet Expenses later.
Defining Workflow Processes

This chapter explains the Internet Expenses workflow processes and how you can modify them to meet the specific needs of your enterprise.

This chapter contains these topics:

- Overview of the Expense Report Workflow
- Expense Report Workflow Processes
- Overview of the AP Credit Card Workflow
- Initiating Deferred Workflow Processes
Overview of the Expense Report Workflow

The Expense Report workflow process defines the administrative tasks necessary for managers and your accounting department to review and approve expense reports entered in Internet Expenses. The Expense Report workflow process also routes information about expense reports and various notifications to managers and employees so that these tasks can be completed. You can modify the predefined workflow process by defining any company-specific policies that your business requires.

When an employee submits an expense report, the Workflow Engine initiates the Expense Report workflow process. This workflow consists of several connected processes that send notifications to managers and employees, ensure reports adhere to company policy, check manager approval levels and, if necessary, split an expense report into multiple reports.

Accessing the Expense Report Workflow Processes

You can view the Expense Report workflow process in a Process window using Oracle Workflow Builder.

To display the process in Oracle Workflow Builder:

1. Choose Open from the File menu, and connect to the database.
   Alternatively, you can connect to the workflow definitions file `apwxxwfl.wfl`, located in the product directory tree of your Oracle Applications server.

2. Expand the data source, then the Item Type branch within that data source.

3. Expand the Processes branch within your item type then double-click on a process activity to display the diagram of the process in a Process window.
Setting Up Workflow Builder

Before you can use the Expense Report process to initiate a workflow, you must set up workflow activity attributes, timeouts, and performers using Workflow Builder. This table lists the setup steps and indicates whether each is required or optional:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step Number</th>
<th>Step Description</th>
<th>Required or Optional</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Set workflow activity timeouts. See: Setting Workflow Activity Attributes.</td>
<td>Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Set workflow timeouts. See: Setting Workflow Timeouts.</td>
<td>Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Defer workflow process at submit time. See: Deferring the Workflow Process.</td>
<td>Optional</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Setting Workflow Activity Attributes

To set up workflow activity attributes:

1. From the Processes branch, double click the appropriate process.
2. From the Processes diagram, double click the appropriate function.
3. In the Navigator Control Properties window, click the Node Attributes tab.
4. In the Attribute region, select the activity attribute from the Name field.
5. Select or enter the desired value in the Value field.
6. Click Apply and then, click OK.
7. Save your work.

Define Your Find Approver Method  The associated attribute is Find Approver Method. This Find Approver function activity is part of the Manager (Spending) Approval process. The Find Approver activity controls how workflow routes expense reports during the management approval process. See also: Finding and Verifying Approvers.

Notify Preparer When Resend Count Equals Limit  The associated attribute is Number of Times to Notify Manager. This function activity belongs to the No Manager Response process.
Overview of the Expense Report Workflow

The attribute value (1, 2, 3,...) you define here controls the number of times workflow sends an expense report to a manager for approval. If the number of times a manager does not respond equals the number you define here, then workflow notifies the preparer that the manager did not respond to the approval request.

**Sum of Exp Lines With Missing Receipts Exceeds AP Limit**  The associated attribute is AP Limit of Sum of Missing Receipt Expense Lines. This function activity belongs to the Manager (Spending) Approval process. The attribute value you define here determines whether workflow requests a second approval from managers for an expense report they previously approved. This second approval confirms that managers recognize they have approved expense reports with missing receipts for a specific amount. For example, if you define this value as 200, then expenses reports with missing receipts that exceed $200.00 are forwarded to managers for a second approval.

**Employee Approval Required**  The associated attribute is Employee Approval Required. This function activity belongs to the Third Party Expense Report process. The value you define here (Yes or No) controls the kind of notification employees receive when their authorized delegate submits expense reports for them. (An authorized delegate is an employee with the responsibility to enter expense reports for another employee.) If you define the value as Yes, workflow requests employees to approve or reject expense reports created by their authorized delegates. If you define the value as No, workflow notifies employees when their authorized delegates submit expense reports for them (approval is not required).

**Loop Counter**  The associated attribute is Loop Limit. This function activity belongs to the Third Party Expense Report process. The value you define here limits the number of times workflow transitions through the Request Employee Approval notification activity. (The Request Employee Approval activity requests that an employee approve or reject an expense report entered by their authorized delegate.) If an employee does not respond to the Request Employee Approval notification before this attribute equals the number you specify, workflow transitions to the End (Continue) activity. Therefore, if an employee does not respond to the Request Employee Approval notifications, the Third Party Expense Report process ends with the same result as if the employee had approved the expense report.

**Req Proof Of Payment Even If Mgr Apprvd Receipt Missing**  The associated attribute is Always Require Proof Of Payment. This function activity belongs to the Manager (Spending) Approval process. When you define expense report templates in Payables, you specify whether employees are required to submit receipts (that is, proof of
payment) for expense types that exceed a certain amount. For example, you can specify that employees submit receipts for all meals (an expense type) that exceed a certain value (for instance, 200). If a user submits an expense report with a meal expense type that cost more than 200, Internet Expenses populates the RECEIPT_REQUIRED_FLAG column of the AP_EXPENSE_REPORT_LINES_ALL table with the value “Y”.

When users enter expense reports in Internet Expenses they can check the Original Receipt Missing check box to indicate they do not have proof of purchase (an original receipt) for an expense. The value you define (Y or N) for the Always Require Proof of Payment attribute controls how workflow manages expense items that:

- require proof of payment (as defined in the Expense Report Templates window of Payables)
- have no proof of payment available (as indicated by the user by checking the Original Receipt Missing check box)

If you define the value as “N”, workflow changes the value of the RECEIPT_REQUIRED_FLAG column in the AP_EXPENSE_REPORT_LINES_ALL table from “Y” to “N” if an employee checks the Original Receipt Missing check box. Defining the value as “N” enables workflow to make proof of payment unnecessary if an employee indicates that she does not have proof of payment (for example, she lost the receipt).

**Note:** You can require that managers approve an expense report twice if an expense report has missing receipts of a certain amount. The second approval notification ensures that managers acknowledge they are approving an expense report that contains missing receipts. See also: Sum of Exp Lines With Missing Receipts Exceeds AP Limit.

If you define the value as Y, workflow cannot change the value of the RECEIPT_REQUIRED_FLAG column from “Y” to “N”, even if an employee checks the Original Receipt Missing check box. Setting this value to “Y” makes proof of payment necessary for every expense type in an expense report that exceeds the value defined in the Expense Report Templates window. Expense lines with this expense type that do not have original receipts (proof of payment) cause the report to be short paid during the Missing Receipts Shortpay process.
**Setting Workflow Timeouts**

You can specify any combination of days, hours, and minutes to indicate when a notification activity times out. For example, you can specify that a manager has five days to respond to an expense report approval notification before the notification activity times out. If a notification is not completed by the specified time, workflow redirects the process to transition to another activity. For example, if a manager does not respond to an expense report approval notification in time, the Request Approval process transitions to the No Manager Response process.

**To set up a notification activity's time out value:**

1. From the Processes branch, double click the appropriate process.
2. From the Processes diagram, double click the appropriate notification.
3. In the Navigator Control Properties window, click the Node tab.
4. In the Timeout region, enter desired values in the Value fields for days, hours, and minutes.
5. Click Apply and then click OK.
6. Save your work.

You must specify a timeout value for these notification activities:

- AP Custom Default Error Notification
- Check If Vendor Set (Bothpay process)
- Inform Preparer – No Manager Response (No Manager Response process)
- Inform Preparer of Shortpay Due To Missing Receipts (Missing Receipts Shortpay process)
- Inform Preparer Policy Violation Shortpay Req More Info (Policy Violation Shortpay process)
- Inform Sys Admin of Payables Validation Failure (Server Side Validation process)
- Inform System Administrator – No Approver (Manager (Spending) Approval process)
- Request Approval from APPROVER (Request Approval process)
- Request Employee Approval (Third Party Expense Report process)
- Verify With Mgr the Amt Approved With NO Receipt (Manager (Spending) Approval process)
Overview of the Expense Report Workflow

- Wait for Resubmission (Rejection process)

  See also: Activities, Oracle Workflow Guide

  See also: Process Window, Oracle Workflow Guide

Setting Expense Report Performers

All workflow notifications require a performer to be assigned to the notification. If a performer is not assigned, then Workflow will fail to send the notification.

All of the standard notifications come seeded with a performer. While some of the notification’s performers are based on the item attribute associated with the notification message, other performers need to have a role assigned to the performer. For purposes of this discussion, roles are synonymous to employees defined in the Human Resources database.

When you define a notification’s performer, you need to specify the Type of the Performer as well as the Value. If you select Constant for the Type, then the Value field will be limited to the roles that are loaded into the database. If you select Item Attribute for the Type, then all of the Item Attributes defined in the Expense Report workflow will be available in the Value field.

For ease of maintenance, it is recommended that the notifications discussed below be set to the Type of Item Attribute. Then select either the AP or AP Expense Report Workflow Administrator item attribute.

Perform these steps in Oracle Workflow Builder to set up expense report performers. These steps include recommendations for which item attribute to use for each notification:

1. Load Roles: To load roles (employees):
   a. From the Files menu, select Load Roles from Database.
   b. In the Role Selection window, query the appropriate roles from the Find Roles field.
   c. From the Query Results region, select the required roles and click the Add button to add the roles to the Loaded Roles region.
   d. Click OK to save the loaded roles to the database.
   e. Save your work.

2. Assign Role to Item Attribute: From the Navigator window, open the “AP” attribute (internal name is PAYABLES). In the Navigator Control Properties,
under the Attribute tab the Type in the main region should be set to Role. In the Default region, select the proper Value (role) and click Apply. Save your work.

3. Repeat step 2 for the “AP Expense Report Workflow Administrator” attribute (internal name is WF_ADMINISTRATOR).

4. Define Notification Performers. For each notification outlined in the Performer Definitions table below:
   a. Open the appropriate workflow process.
   b. In the workflow process, open the notification.
   c. In the Navigator Control Properties window, click the Node tab.
   d. In the Node tab’s Performer region, select Item Attribute as the Type.
   e. For the Value, select either AP or AP Expense Report Workflow Administrator as documented in the Performer Definitions table below.
   f. Click Apply and save your work.

Note: By performing the steps above, you are indirectly linking a role to the notification. If you want to directly link a role to a notification, Set Performer Type as Constant instead of Attribute. Then, select the proper role. By using the Constant type, you have more flexibility. However, by using the item attribute, maintenance is minimized when any of the performer roles need to be changed.
Overview of the Expense Report Workflow

**Performer Definitions**  This table lists the notifications and seeded performer for each workflow process.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Workflow Process Name</th>
<th>Notification</th>
<th>Performer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Server Side Validation Process</td>
<td>Inform Sys Admin of Payables Validation Failure</td>
<td>AP Expense Report Workflow Administrator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Server Side Validation Process</td>
<td>Inform Sys Admin of Custom Validation Failure</td>
<td>AP Expense Report Workflow Administrator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manager (Spending) Approval Process</td>
<td>Inform System Administrator - No Approver</td>
<td>AP Expense Report Workflow Administrator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manager (Spending) Approval Process</td>
<td>Inform AP Mgr Approved ShortPay With Missing Receipts</td>
<td>AP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP Approval Process</td>
<td>Request AP To Review For Spending Policy Compliance</td>
<td>AP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rejection Process</td>
<td>Inform AP Exp Report They Reviewed Is Mgr Rejected</td>
<td>AP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Policy Violation Shortpay Process</td>
<td>Provide AP With Missing Info To Rectify Policy Shortpay</td>
<td>AP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bothpay Process</td>
<td>Inform System Administrator - No Vendor</td>
<td>AP Expense Report Workflow Administrator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP Custom Default Error Process *</td>
<td>AP Custom Default Error Notification</td>
<td>AP Expense Report Workflow Administrator</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Additional Information:**  It should be noted that the performers listed in the table above are already seeded in the workflow notifications. In addition, the setup steps above are recommendations on how to use the seeded item attributes. For additional flexibility, you can configure workflow by creating new item attributes and then perform the same setup steps above.

**Deferring the Workflow Process**

To improve the performance at submit time, you can defer the workflow process upon expense report submission.
To defer the workflow process:
1. Using Workflow Builder, open the file:
   `$AP_TOP/patch/115/import/US/apwxwkfl.wft`
2. From the Workflow Builder Navigator, expand the Processes list and double-click on the AP Standard Expense Report Process process.
4. In the Navigator Control Properties region, click the Function tab.
5. Select Properties.
6. Set the Cost field to a non-zero value.
7. Save your work.

See also: Initiating Deferred Workflow Processes.

Extending the Expense Report Workflow

Although you can use the predefined Expense Report workflow in its current state, you may want to configure the process to accommodate your organization’s specific needs. You can modify the predefined PL/SQL client extensions to extend the basic functionality of Internet Expenses to implement and automate company-specific business rules.

Expense Report Workflow Procedures

The PL/SQL procedures of the Expense Report workflow are contained in two packages, `AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.apwxwkfb.pls` and `AP_WEB_EXPENSE_CUST_WF.apwxwfcb.pls` located in `$AP_TOP/patch/115/sql/apwxwfcb.pls`.

`AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.apwxwkfb.pls` Do not configure any of PL/SQL procedures in this package. Modifying, replacing, or removing any of the procedures in this package can interfere with the proper functioning of the Expense Report workflow.

`AP_WEB_EXPENSE_CUST_WF.apwxwfcb.pls` This package contains PL/SQL procedures that you can modify. Some of the procedures in this package contain seeded
business logic while others contain no seeded logic and are simply “hooks” to which you can add custom logic.

**Note:** To help you with modifications, refer to the sections that describe the components of this process so you know what attributes have already been predefined and what activities are requirements in the process.

You can modify these procedures in the AP_WEB_EXPENSE_CUST_WF package:

- DetermineMgrInvolvement
- VerifyAuthority
- CustomValidateExpenseReport
- FindApprover

See also: Chapter 5, "Implementing Client Extensions". We recommend that you do not create custom processes to replace the seeded processes. Doing so interferes with the proper functioning of the Expense Report workflow.

**Finding and Verifying Approvers**

The Manager (Spending) Approval process includes the activities Find Approver and Verify Authority. The functionality of these activities differ based on whether or not you have implemented Oracle Approvals Management to handle expense report approval routing. This section describes the functionality for both scenarios.

**Find Approver and Verify Authority Behavior without Approvals Management**

The behaviors of the approver selection and verify authority for the Manager (Spending) Approval Process are based on your selected Find Approver method. The predefined Find Approver methods are:

- Go Up Management Chain Method
- One Stop Then Go Directly Method
- Go Directly to Person With Signing Authority Method

**Go Up Management Chain Method** This method first sends the expense report to the employee’s direct manager. If the direct manager approves the expense report, the Verify Authority activity determines whether the expense report exceeds the direct
manager’s signing limit. If the expense report does not exceed the manager’s signing limit, then the expense report passes the Verify Authority activity and the expense report continues to the Check if ShortPaid Expense Report activity.

If the expense report exceeds the direct manager’s signing limit, the expense report fails the Verify Authority activity. The expense report then returns to the Find Approver activity which routes the expense report to the direct manager’s manager for approval. This process continues (goes up the employee’s management chain) until the expense report is either rejected or a manager with the necessary signing limit approves the expense report.

**Note:** Managers can reject expense reports even if they do not have the authority to approve them.

**One Stop Then Go Directly Method** This method first sends the expense report to the employee’s direct manager. If this manager approves the expense report, the Verify Authority activity determines whether the expense report exceeds the manager’s signing limit. If the expense report does not exceed the manager’s signing limit, the expense report passes the Verify Authority activity and the expense report continues to the Check if ShortPaid Expense Report activity.

If the expense report exceeds the direct manager’s signing limit, it fails the Verify Authority activity. The expense report then returns to the Find Approver activity. The Find Approver activity routes the expense report to the nearest manager in the employee’s management chain who has the signing authority necessary to approve the expense report. That is, the workflow searches the employee’s management chain until it finds a manager with the necessary signing authority. Because the manager identified has the necessary signing authority, the expense report passes the Verify Authority activity if the manager approves the expense report.

**Go Directly to Person With Signing Authority Method** This method routes the expense report directly to the nearest manager in the employee’s management chain with the signing authority necessary to approve to the expense report. That is, it goes up the employee’s management chain until it finds a manager with the necessary signing authority. If the manager approves the expense report, the report passes the
Verify Authority activity, because the manager identified has the necessary signing authority.

**Note:** If you choose this option as the Find Approver method, expense reports may not be routed to direct managers for approval (the amount of the expense report and the direct manager’s signing limit determine this). The CC Direct Manager notification activity in the Request Approval process informs managers when employees who report to them submit expense reports that do not require their approval.

**Using Alternate Approvers** If a user selects an alternate approver, the approval process first routes the expense report to the alternate approver. If the alternate approver approves the expense report, the Verify Authority activity determines whether the expense report exceeds the alternate approver’s signing limit. The Verify Authority activity also determines whether the alternate approver has signing authority for the cost center to which the expense report is charged. If the expense report does not exceed the alternate approver’s signing limit, and the alternate approver has the correct cost center signing authority, the expense report passes the Verify Authority activity.

**Note:** If an employee enters an alternate approver, the expense report is not routed to the employee’s direct manager for approval. The CC Direct Manager notification activity in the Request Approval process informs managers when employees who report to them submit expense reports that do not require their approval.

If the expense report exceeds the signing limit of the alternate approver, or the alternate approver does not have the correct cost center signing authority, the expense report fails the Verify Authority activity. The expense report then returns to the Find Approver activity. At this point, the Find Approver activity will handle the expense report differently based on the Find Approver method you are using.

- If you are using the Go Up Management Chain method, the Find Approver activity routes the expense report to the manager of the alternate approver for approval. This process continues (moves up the alternate approver’s management chain) until the expense report is either rejected or a manager with the necessary authority approves the expense report.
If you are using the One Stop Then Go Directly method, the Find Approver activity routes the expense report to the nearest manager in the management chain of the alternate approver who has the signing authority necessary to approve to the expense report. If this manager approves the expense report, the report passes the Verify Authority activity because the manager has the necessary signing authority. However, if the user entered an alternate approver who does not have the authority to approve expense reports for the specified cost center, the expense report fails the Verify Authority activity.

However, if you are using the Go Directly to Person with Signing Authority method, both the Find Approver and Verify Authority activities are simplified. The Find Approver activity routes the expense report to the nearest manager in the alternate approver’s management chain with the signing authority necessary to approve the expense report. If this manager approves the expense report, the expense report passes the Verify Authority activity because the manager identified has the necessary signing authority. However, if the user enters an alternate approver who does not have the authority to approve expense reports for the specified cost center, the expense report fails the Verify Authority activity.

The Find Approver activity will not find an approver if users charge expense reports to cost centers different from their default cost centers and they do not enter an Alternate Approver. To prevent users from submitting expense reports with this scenario, set the profile option OIE: CC Approver Req to Yes. If this profile option is set to Yes, employees who charge an expense report to a cost center that is not their own must enter an alternate approver. However, an employee can enter an alternate approver who does not have signing authority for the cost center entered on the expense report.

If an alternate approver is assigned to an expense report and that approver does not have signing authority for the cost center specified, the manager approval process fails when it reaches the Verify Authority function activity regardless of the selected Find Approver method. Internet Expenses users must ensure that the alternate approver entered has signing authority for the specified cost center.

Transferring Approval Ownership

Approvers can change the approval ownership of an expense report. A Reassign button is available on the approval request which enables the approver to designate a new approver.

Find Approver and Verify Authority Behavior with Approvals Management

When enabled, Oracle Approvals Management approval routing rules are used by the Manager (Spending) Approval process. This workflow process still handles the
overall flow of the expense report. However, the behaviors of these activities are modified to account for Approvals Management routing rules:

- Find Approver
- Verify Authority
- Record Forward From Info

The Find Approver activity sends the specified approver of the expense report to an Approvals Management API. This API builds an approval chain based on the normal Human Resources hierarchy of this approver and the rules you have defined in Approvals Management if the approval chain does not exist. For example, you define a rule that specifies that expense reports over a certain dollar amount requires approval from a manager with a job grade level of 2. When an expense report is submitted that exceeds this dollar amount, Approvals Management builds the approval chain based on the HR hierarchy until it reaches an approver with that level.

Once a manager approves the expense report, the Verify Authority checks the authority of the specified approver on the expense report. If the approver has the required authority for the expense report, then the approval process proceeds to the next step in the Manager (Spending) Approval Process. If the approver does not have the required authority, then Verify Authority cancels and the Find Approver activity is reactivated to retrieve the next approver from the pre-built approval chain. The expense report is then sent to this approver. This cycle continues until the expense report is approved by the final approver on the chain.

As the expense report is escalated to each approver, a notification is sent to the preparer that the expense report has been forwarded for approval. The process for releasing this notification is handled by the Record Forward From Info activity.

To summarize, Approvals Management is used to create a temporary approval chain based on the HR hierarchy and rules, and to return the next approver from the approval chain.

**Using Alternate Approvers** The normal Human Resources hierarchy is used by Approvals Management to build the approval chain for an expense report. This chain is rebuilt if a user specifies an alternate approver. In this case, the approval chain is based on the selected alternate approver.

**Transferring Approval Ownership** An approver can transfer the approval ownership of an expense report to another approver. When this occurs, the approval chain is rebuilt based on the new approver.
Expense Report Item Type

The Expense Report workflow is associated with an item type called Expense Report. This item type identifies all of the available Expense Report workflow processes.

These processes are associated with the Expense Report workflow:

- AP Approval Process
- AP Standard Expense Report Process
- Bothpay Process
- Manager (Spending) Approval Process
- Missing Receipts Shortpay Process
- No Manager Response Process
- Policy Violation Shortpay Process
- Rejection Process
- Request Approval Process
- Server Side Validation Process
- Shortpay Unverified Receipt Items Process
- Third Party Expense Report Process

The Expense Report item type has many associated attributes. Most of these attributes reference information in the database tables AP_EXPENSE_REPORT_HEADERS_ALL and AP_EXPENSE_REPORT_LINES_ALL. These attributes are used and maintained by function activities as well as notification activities throughout the process.
Expense Report Workflow Item Type Attributes

The Expense Report Workflow is associated with the item type Expense Report. This item type identifies all workflow processes available.

This table lists all the item type attributes for the Expense Report Workflow with their descriptions, field type, and their associated lengths, formats, or lookup types.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Display Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Length/Format/Lookup Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(Negative) Credit Display Total</td>
<td>The total formatted amount of credit (negative) expense lines in a report.</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Negative) Credit Total</td>
<td>The total amount of credit (negative) expense lines in a report.</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Positive) New Expense Display Total</td>
<td>The total formatted amount of expense lines in a report.</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Positive) New Expense Total</td>
<td>Total amount of expense lines in a report.</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP</td>
<td>The person within the payables department that receives workflow notifications.</td>
<td>Role</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP Required Policy Info</td>
<td>Information required according to accounts payable department policy.</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expense Report Workflow Administrator</td>
<td>The name of the Expense Report workflow administrator.</td>
<td>Role</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approval or Rejection Reason</td>
<td>Reason the report is approved or rejected.</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approver Display Name</td>
<td>How the approver’s name appears in notifications.</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approver ID</td>
<td>The identification number of the approver</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approver Name</td>
<td>The approver’s name.</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Overview of the Expense Report Workflow

#### Bothpay Document Number
The number of the invoice that is created when an expense report containing both out of pocket expenses and credit card transactions is approved in the ‘Bothpay’ payment scenario (OIE:CC Payment Due From is set to Both).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Display Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Length/Format/Lookup Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bothpay Document Number</td>
<td>The number of the invoice that is created when an expense report containing</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>both out of pocket expenses and credit card transactions is approved in the</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>‘Bothpay’ payment scenario (OIE:CC Payment Due From is set to Both).</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currency</td>
<td>The reimbursement currency</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display Total</td>
<td>The total amount of an expense report.</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Document Cost Center</td>
<td>The cost center entered for an expense report.</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employee Cost Center</td>
<td>The cost center of the employee.</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employee Display Name</td>
<td>How the employee’s name appears in notifications.</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employee ID</td>
<td>The unique identification number of the employee.</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employee Name</td>
<td>The name of the employee</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error Activity ID</td>
<td>Activity identification number of the error activity</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error Assigned User</td>
<td>Role assigned to perform error activity</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error Item Key</td>
<td>Item key or error activity</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error Item Type</td>
<td>Item type of error activity</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error Message</td>
<td>Error message that appears in notifications</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error Name</td>
<td>Error code raised by error activity</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error Notification ID</td>
<td>Notification identification number of error activity</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error Result Code</td>
<td>Result of error activity</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error Stack</td>
<td>Error stack of error activity</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expense Report Details</td>
<td>A hypertext link that appears in a notification that employees can click on</td>
<td>URL</td>
<td>Full Window</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>to view details about an expense report</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Display Name</strong></td>
<td><strong>Description</strong></td>
<td><strong>Type</strong></td>
<td><strong>Length/Format/Lookup Type</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------</td>
<td>------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expense Report ID</td>
<td>Expense Report ID</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expense Report Number</td>
<td>Expense Report Number</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expense Report Total</td>
<td>Total amount of the expense report</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Find Approver Count</td>
<td>Number of times the process searches for an approver</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward From Display Name</td>
<td>The display name of the approver who forwarded the report</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward From ID</td>
<td>The identification number of the approver who forwarded the report</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward From Name</td>
<td>The name of the approver who forwarded the report</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Is Employee Project Enabled</td>
<td>Yes or No flag that indicates whether an employee can enter project-related</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>information in expense reports</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Line Info Body</td>
<td>Stores expense lines that are shortpaid or adjusted</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Line Table</td>
<td>Stores information about all expense lines</td>
<td>Document</td>
<td>Full Window</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manager Approval Send Count</td>
<td>Counts how many times a manager sends approval</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manager Display Name</td>
<td>How a manager’s name appears in notifications</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manager ID</td>
<td>A manager’s unique identification number</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manager Name</td>
<td>The manager’s name</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Missing Receipt Total</td>
<td>The total amount of all receipts missing from an expense report</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Missing Receipts Shortpay</td>
<td>The invoice number of the new, short paid report created because of missing</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Document Number</td>
<td>receipts</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Overview of the Expense Report Workflow

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Display Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Length/Format/Lookup Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Missing Receipts Shortpay Expense Report ID</td>
<td>Report identification number for new, short paid report created because of missing receipts</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Missing Receipts Shortpay Total</td>
<td>Total of short paid report created because of missing receipts</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Original Expense Report Doc Num</td>
<td>The expense report from which an expense report is shortpaid</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payment Due From</td>
<td>Checks the setting of the profile option OIE.CC Payment Due From</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Policy Shortpay Document Number</td>
<td>Document number of new expense report created due to a policy violation</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Policy Shortpay Expense Report ID</td>
<td>Expense report identification number of new expense report created due to a policy violation</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Policy Shortpay Total</td>
<td>The total amount the expense report was shortpaid</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preparer Display Name</td>
<td>How the preparer’s name appears in notifications</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preparer Name</td>
<td>Name of the person who created the expense report (usually the employee)</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preparer ID</td>
<td>The identification number of the person who created the expense report</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purpose</td>
<td>The reason provided for creating the expense report</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purpose In Document</td>
<td>The reason provided for creating the expense report</td>
<td>Document</td>
<td>Full Window</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receipt Missing Warning</td>
<td>Text in a notification that informs the employee or manager that a report is missing receipts</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Start from Specified Process</td>
<td>Flag that determines which process begins the Expense Report workflow</td>
<td>Lookup</td>
<td>AP Start from Specified Process</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Overview of the Expense Report Workflow

### Defining Workflow Processes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Display Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Length/Format/Lookup Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vendor ID</td>
<td>The identification number of the vendor that provided goods or services for the employee’s corporate credit card transactions</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vendor Site ID</td>
<td>The identification number of the vendor site that provided goods or services for the employee’s corporate credit card transactions</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Version</td>
<td>The workflow version number</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week Ending Date</td>
<td>The week ending date specified for the expense report</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td>No Access</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**See also:** Item Types, *Oracle Workflow Guide*
Expense Report Workflow Processes

This section details the various processes that comprise the Expense Report workflow. These processes are:

- AP Standard Expense Report Process
- Server Side Validation Process
- Manager (Spending) Approval Process
- Third Party Expense Report Process
- Request Approval Process
- No Manager Response Process
- AP Approval Process
- Shortpay Unverified Receipt Items Process
- Bothpay Process
- Missing Receipts Shortpay Process
- Policy Violation Shortpay Process
- Rejection Process

AP Standard Expense Report Process

The AP Standard Expense Report process manages the entire workflow process for expense reports created in Internet Expenses. This process is initiated automatically when an employee submits an expense report for approval in Internet Expenses. This process activity can also be initiated as a top level process by making calls to the Workflow Engine APIs CreateProcess and StartProcess. You can configure the AP Custom Default Error process to suit your needs.

To view the properties of the AP Standard Expense Report process, select the process in the navigator tree, then choose Properties from the Edit menu. The AP Standard Expense Report process has a result type of Approval, indicating that when the process completes, it has a result of either Approved or Rejected.

The Details property page of the process activity indicates that the AP Standard Expense Report process is associated with an error process called AP_DEFAULT_ERROR_PROCESS. The process initiates the error process only when an error occurs. AP_DEFAULT_ERROR_PROCESS executes the AP Custom Default Error
process, which notifies the system administrator and provides information about the error.

Note that three activities in the Expense Report workflow contain specific error handling logic. When these activities fail, the workflow sends a special error notification to the system administrator.

This table lists these activities and their corresponding error notification activity.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function Activity</th>
<th>Notification Activity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AP Validate Expense Report (Server Side Validation process)</td>
<td>Inform Sys Admin of Payables Validation Failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Custom Validate Expense Report (Server Side Validation process)</td>
<td>Inform Sys Admin of Custom Validation Failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Find Approver (Manager Spending Approval process)</td>
<td>Inform System Administrator – No Approver</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For example, the process sends the workflow system administrator a notification when no approver is found while executing the Find Approver function activity. The system administrator must fix the error before the process can continue.

The AP Standard Expense Report has 10 different activities, one of which is reused, so 11 activity nodes appear in the workflow diagram below. To examine the activities of the process in more detail, we have numbered each node for easy referencing below. The numbers themselves are not part of the process diagram.

The AP Standard Expense Report workflow begins when a user submits an expense report using Internet Expenses (Node 1). At Node 2 the process determines at which
subprocess the approval process begins. By default, all expense reports transition to the Server-Side Validation process. Expense reports created by the Shortpay Unverified Receipt Items process transition to the Manager (Spending) Approval process or the AP Approval process.

Node 3 is a subprocess that updates an expense report with required information (for example, the employee’s expense account) so the approval processes and the Expense Report Import program can process the report.

Node 4 is a subprocess that routes an expense report to the appropriate managers for approval. If it is approved, the report transitions to the AP Approval subprocess (Node 5). Otherwise, the report transitions to the Rejection subprocess (Node 7).

Node 5 is a subprocess that determines whether the report requires approval from the accounts payable department. If the report is approved and is not short-paid, the process checks the setting of the profile option OIE:CC Payment Due From (Node 7). If the profile option is set to Both, the workflow transitions to the Bothpay subprocess (Node 8) which ensures that the report contains required credit card vendor information and determines whether to create a new expense report based on the type and amount of credit card transactions on the report. If the profile option is not set to Both, the workflow ends with a result of Approved (Node 9).

If the accounts payable department short-pays the expense report, the workflow transitions to the Shortpay Unverified Receipts Items process (Node 6). This process creates new expense reports from the lines that the accounts payable department short paid and routes them to either the Missing Receipts Shortpay subprocess, or the Policy Violation Shortpay subprocess.

Node 10 is a process that notifies the employee when the expense report is rejected by management. The process then pauses until the rejected expense report is resubmitted. If the report is not resubmitted within the specified time period, it is deleted from the system.

**AP Standard Expense Report Process Activities**

This section provides a description of each activity in the process, listed by the activity's display name.

- **Start (Node 1)**
  
  This is a standard function activity that simply marks the start of the process.
  
  Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP
  
  Result Type: None
  
  Prerequisite Activities: None
- **Determine Which Process To Start From (Node 2)**
  This function activity checks the value of the Start from Specified Process item attribute to determine whether an expense report should start with the Server Side Validation process, the Manager (Spending) Approval process, or the AP Approval process. By default, the process starts from the Server Side Validation process.
  
  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.DetermineStartFromProcess
  
  Result Type: AP Start from Specified Process
  
  Required: Yes
  
  Prerequisite Activities: Start

- **Server Side Validation Process (Node 3)**
  This process activity adds required information to the AP_EXPENSE_REPORT_HEADERS and the AP_EXPENSE_REPORT_LINES_ALL tables so the workflow approval processes and the Expense Report Import program can function properly.
  
  See also: Server Side Validation Process.
  
  Result Type: None
  
  Required: Yes
  
  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Determine Which Process To Start From

- **Manager (Spending) Approval Process (Node 4)**
  This process activity routes the expense report to the appropriate managers for approval using your organization’s internal management hierarchy. If management approves the report, it transitions to the AP Approval process. If management rejects the report, it transitions to the Rejection process.
  
  See also: Manager (Spending) Approval Process.
  
  Result Type: Approval
  
  Required: Yes
  
  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Determine Which Process To Start From, Server-Side Validation

- **AP Approval Process (Node 5)**
  This process activity determines whether accounts payable review is necessary for an expense report. If your accounts payable department short pays an
expense report, the workflow transitions to the Shortpay Unverified Receipt Items process. If your accounts payable department does not short pay an expense report, the process gives final approval to expense report and transitions to the Check If Bothpay activity.

See also: AP Approval Process.
Result Type: AP Approval Process Result
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start, Determine Which Process To Start From, Server-Side Validation

- **Shortpay Unverified Receipt Items (Node 6)**
  This process activity creates new expense reports from the lines that your accounts payable department short pays and routes them to either the Missing Receipts Shortpay subprocess or the Policy Violation Shortpay subprocess.

  See also: Shortpay Unverified Receipt Items Process.

  Result Type: None
  Required: Yes
  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Determine Which Process To Start From, AP Approval Process

- **Check If Bothpay (Node 7)**
  This function activity checks the setting of the profile option OIE: CC Payment Due From. This profile option indicates whether payment for corporate credit card transactions is due from the employee, the company, or from both the employee and the company.

  If the profile option is set to Both, the workflow transitions to the Bothpay subprocess to verify that the report contains required credit card vendor information and to determine whether to create a new expense report based on the type and amount of credit card transactions on the report.

  If the profile option is *not* set to Both, the workflow ends with a result of Approved.

  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF:CheckIfBothPay

  Result Type: Yes/No
  Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: AP Approval Process or Shortpay Unverified Receipt Items

**Bothpay Process (Node 8)**

This process activity checks whether the report contains required credit card vendor information and whether the report should be split into two reports (depending on the type and amount of credit card transactions on the report).

See also: Bothpay Process.

Result Type: Yes/No

Required: Yes

Prerequisite Activities: AP Approval Process or Shortpay Unverified Receipt Items

**Rejection Process (Node 10)**

This process activity notifies the employee when management rejects an expense report. The process then pauses until the expense report is resubmitted. If the expense report is not resubmitted within the time period specified for the Wait for Resubmission function, it is deleted.

See also: Rejection Process.

Result Type: AP Reject Process Result

Required: Yes

Prerequisite Activities: Start, Determine Which Process To Start From, Server Side Validation Process, Manager (Spending) Approval Process

**End (Nodes 9 and 11)**

This function activity marks the end of the process. Although the activity itself does not have a result type, each node of this activity in the process must have a process result assigned to it. The process result is assigned in the property page of the activity node.

Since the AP Standard Expense Report process activity has a result type of Approval, each End activity node must have a process result matching one of the lookup codes in the Approval lookup type.

Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP

Result Type: None

Prerequisite Activities: Start
Server Side Validation Process

The Server Side Validation process checks that the report contains all required information and populates columns in Oracle Payables tables so the Expense Report workflow and the Expense Report Import program can process the report.

The Server Side Validation process has a result type of None, which indicates that when the process completes there is no specific result. This subprocess cannot be initiated as a top level process to run; it can only be run as a subprocess when called by another, higher level process. To view the properties of the Server Side Validation process, select the process in the navigator tree, then choose Properties from the Edit menu.

The Server Side Validation process has 7 different activities, none of which are reused, so 7 activity nodes appear in the workflow diagram below. To examine the activities of the process in more detail, we have numbered each node for easy referencing below. The numbers themselves are not part of the process diagram.

This process begins at Node 1 with the Start activity. At Node 2 the process validates the report and populates columns in the Oracle Payables tables AP_EXPENSE_REPORT_HEADERS and AP_EXPENSE_REPORT_LINES_ALL so the
workflow approval processes and the Expense Report Import program can process the report. If the report fails at Node 2, the process notifies the system administrator (Node 3).

At Node 5 the process executes custom logic that you define using the Accounts Payable Involvement Extension (see Accounts Payable Involvement Procedure (CustomValidateExpenseReport)). If the report fails at Node 5, the process notifies the system administrator (Node 6). When the problem is fixed and the report passes validation, the process ends (Node 7).

Server Side Validation Process Activities
This section provides a description of each activity in the process, listed by the activity’s display name. Each node corresponds to the workflow icons that appear in the above illustration.

- **Start (Node 1)**
  - This is a standard function activity that simply marks the start of the process.
  - Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP
  - Result Type: None
  - Prerequisite Activities: None

- **AP Validate Expense Report (Node 2)**
  - This function validates information in the expense report and ensures that the information it contains can be imported to Oracle Payables. The system stores Internet Expenses expense report information in these tables:
    - AP_EXPENSE_REPORT_HEADERS
    - AP_EXPENSE_REPORT_LINES_ALL
  - This function activity populates columns in these two tables so the workflow approval processes and the Expense Report Import program can function properly.
  - If it completes successfully, the AP Validate Expense Report activity changes the value of the AP_EXPENSE_REPORT_HEADERS.SOURCE column from NonValidatedWebExpense to WebExpense. You can query and review Self-Service expense reports in the Payables Expense Reports window only if this column has a value of WebExpense (for example, this activity completes successfully).
  - Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.APValidateExpenseReport
Result Type: AP Pass or Fail Result Type
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start
This table identifies the columns this activity populates.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Columns populated in AP_EXPENSE_REPORT_HEADERS</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SOURCE</td>
<td>If AP Validate Expense Report completes successfully, it changes the value of this column from NonValidatedWebExpense to WebExpense</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMPLOYEE_CCID</td>
<td>Indicates the accounting flexfield identifier for an expense report. If the employee’s default cost center is used on the expense report, then this identifier is the same as the default expense account from the employee’s setup in Human Resources. If the cost center is changed on the expense report, then the identifier will be based on the employee’s default expense account overlaid with the cost center.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EXPENSE_CHECK_ADDRESS_FLAG</td>
<td>Indicates where to send expense check: Home or Office</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>APPLY_ADVANCES_DEFAULT</td>
<td>Indicates whether to apply an advance against an expense report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AWT_GROUP_ID</td>
<td>Indicates the withholding tax group identifier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_EXCHANGE_RATE_TYPE</td>
<td>Indicates the exchange rate type: Corporate, EMU Fixed, Spot, User–Defined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_EXCHANGE_DATE</td>
<td>Indicates the date that the exchange rate is effective.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_EXCHANGE_RATE</td>
<td>Indicates the exchange rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CODE_COMBINATION_ID</td>
<td>Indicates the accounting flexfield identifier for the expense account associated with an expense item</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AWT_GROUP_ID</td>
<td>Indicates the withholding tax group identifier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RECEIPT_REQUIRED_FLAG</td>
<td>Indicates whether the accounts payable department requires a receipt for an expense</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JUSTIFICATION_REQUIRED_FLAG</td>
<td>Indicates whether your accounts payable department requires a justification for an expense</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Inform Sys Admin of Payables Validation Failure (Node 3)**

  This activity notifies the system administrator when the AP Validation Expense Report activity fails. After fixing the problem, the expense report returns to the AP Validation Expense Report activity.
If the system administrator does not respond to this notification in the specified time, workflow redirects the process to transition to the AP Validation Expense Report activity.

---

**Note:** You must specify timeout period for this notification activity. To do this, display the properties window for the notification, then enter a new timeout value in the Node tabbed region.

---

Message: Oracle Payables Validation Failure
Result: AP Problem Has Been Fixed
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start, AP Validate Expense Report

- **Reset Emp Cost Center If Null (Node 4)**
  This function activity enters the employee’s cost center if it is not provided.
  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.ResetEmpCostCenter
  Result Type: None
  Required: Yes
  Prerequisite Activities: Start, AP Validate Expense Report, Inform Sys Admin of Payables Validation Failure

- **Custom Validate Expense Report (Node 5)**
  This function activity executes any custom validation you added to the function AP_WEB_EXPENSE_CUST_WF.DoCustomValidation.
  See also: Accounts Payable Involvement Procedure (CustomValidateExpenseReport).
  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF CustomValidateExpense Report
  Result Type: AP Pass or Fail Result Type
  Required: Yes
  Prerequisite Activities: Start, AP Validate Expense Report

- **Inform Sys Admin of Custom Validation Failure (Node 6)**
This activity notifies the system administrator that the Custom Validate Expense Report activity failed. When the system administrator responds that the problem is fixed, the expense report returns to the Custom Validate Expense Report activity.

If the system administrator does not respond to this notification in the specified time, workflow redirects the process to the AP Validation Expense Report activity.

**Note:** If you add custom validation logic to Custom Validate Expense Report activity, you must specify timeout period for this activity. To do this, display the properties window for the notification, then enter a new timeout value in the Node tabbed region.

---

Message: Custom Validation Failure  
Result Type: AP Problem Has Been Fixed  
Required: Yes  
Prerequisite Activities: Start, AP Validate Expense Report, Custom Validate Expense Report

• **End (Node 7)**  
  This function activity marks the end of the process. Since the Server Side Validation process has a result type of None, this activity has no process result.  
Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP  
Result Type: None  
Prerequisite Activities: Start

**Manager (Spending) Approval Process**

The Manager (Spending) Approval process verifies that a report requires manager approval then forwards it to the appropriate managers for approval.

The Manager (Spending) Approval process has a result type of Approval, indicating that when the process completes, it has a result of Approve or Reject. This subprocess cannot be initiated as a top level process. It can only be run as a subprocess when called by another, higher level process. To view the properties of
this process, select the process in the navigator tree, then choose Properties from the Edit menu.

The Manager (Spending) Approval process has 20 different activities, one of which is reused, so 19 activity nodes appear in the workflow diagram. To examine the activities of the process in more detail, we have numbered each node for easy referencing in the next two illustrations. The numbers themselves are not part of the process diagrams.

This process begins at Node 1 with the Start activity. If the Third Party Expense Report subprocess (Node 3) returns a result of Continue, the process transitions to the Find Approver activity. Otherwise, the process ends with a result of Reject (Node 19).
At Node 4 the process attempts to identify an approver for an expense report. If an approver cannot be identified, the process notifies the system administrator (Node 5).

At Node 6 the process determines whether expense reports require manager approval, manager notification, or no manager involvement. If an expense report requires only manager notification, the process notifies the manager when any of the manager’s direct reports submit expense reports that do not require their approval (Node 12) and marks the expense report as manager approved (Node 16). If an expense report does not require any manager involvement, the process marks the expense report with a status of Manager Approved (Node 16).

Expense reports that require manager approval transition to the Request Approval process (Node 7). If the Request Approval process returns a result of Approved, the process transitions to the Verify Authority activity (Node 8). If the Request Approval process returns a result of Reject, the process ends (Node 19).

This diagram is a continuation of this process from the Verify Authority activity (Node 8).
The Verify Authority activity (Node 8) determines whether an expense report exceeds the signing limit of the approver and whether the approver has signing authority for the cost center to which an expense report is charged. If an expense report fails the Verify Authority activity, the process records the name of manager who previously approved the expense report (Node 9), and the process returns to the Find Approver activity (Node 4).

**Note:** The Find Approver and Verify Authority activities function differently if you have Oracle Approvals Management enabled. See: Find Approver and Verify Authority Behavior with Approvals Management.

At Node 13 the process determines whether the total of missing receipts on an expense report exceeds the limit you define. For a description of how to set this limit, see Setting Workflow Activity Attributes. If the expense report exceeds the limit, the process confirms that the approver recognizes that he has approved an expense report that has missing receipts of a certain amount (Node 14).

If the expense report does not exceed the limit, the process marks the expense report with a status of Manager Approved (Node 16). The process then informs the preparer that the expense report has been approved by management (Node 17).

**Manager (Spending) Approval Process Activities**

This section describes each activity in the Manager (Spending) Approval process, listed by the activity’s display name. Each node corresponds to the workflow icons that appear in the illustrations.

- **Start (Node 1)**
  
  This standard function activity marks the start of the process.

  Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP

  Result Type: None

  Prerequisite Activities: None

- **Build Receipt Information For Approval Letter (Node 2)**

  This function activity retrieves information about expense reports and sets some of the item attributes necessary for the Request Expense Report Approval message that workflow sends to managers.

  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.BuildManagerApprvl
Result Type: None
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start

- **Third Party Expense Report Process (Node 3)**
  This process activity ensures that employees approve expense reports created by their authorized delegate, if required. (An *authorized delegate* is an employee who can enter expense reports for other employees.)
  See also: Third Party Expense Report Process.
  Result Type: AP Continue or Reject Result Type
  Required: Yes
  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Build Receipt Information For Approval Letter

- **Find Approver (Node 4)**
  This function activity determines the first and (if necessary) subsequent approvers for an expense report. The attribute value you define for the Find Approver Method function activity controls how this activity chooses approvers. For more information about the three methods, see Finding and Verifying Approvers.

  **Note:** This activity behaves differently if you have Oracle Approvals Management enabled. See: Find Approver and Verify Authority Behavior with Approvals Management.

  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_CUST_WF.FindApprover
  Result Type: Yes/No
  Required: Yes
  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Build Receipt Information For Approval Letter, Third Party Expense Report Process

- **Inform System Administrator – No Approver (Node 5)**
  This activity notifies the workflow administrator when the Find Approver activity cannot find an approver for an expense report.
  Message: No Approver
  Result Type: AP Problem Has Been Fixed
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start, Build Receipt Information For Approval Letter, Third Party Expense Report Process, Find Approver

- **Level of Manager Involvement (Node 6)**

  This function activity determines whether expense reports require:

  - Manager approval
  - Manager notification
  - No manager involvement

  You can configure this function activity to control manager involvement in the expense reporting process. For example, you can configure this activity so that expense reports for less than $100.00 do not require manager approval.

  See also: Management Involvement Procedure (DetermineMgrInvolvement).

- **Default Behavior**

  Expense reports can consist of positive receipts (expense lines), negative receipts (credit lines), or both. Receipts can be either project–related or non–project–related.

  If an expense report contains no project–related receipts, the Level of Manager Involvement activity requires manager approval whenever an expense report contains one or more positive expense lines. If an expense report contains only credit lines, the default behavior requires only that the manager receive a notification. This ensures that manager approval is necessary for every expense report that contains a positive expense line, even if the total amount of the report is less than or equal to zero. For example, an expense report that consists of one expense line of 400 and one credit line of 500 would require manager approval, even though the total amount of the expense report is negative (−100).

---

**Note:** Employees can only enter credit lines (receipts with negative totals) if the profile option OIE:Allow Credit Lines is set to Yes.

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- **Expense Reports with Project-Related Receipts**

  Employees can create expense reports with project–related receipts in Internet Expenses. The default behavior of the *Level of Manager Involvement* activity...
activity depends on whether an expense report contains all, some, or no project-related receipts.

If an expense report contains only project-related receipts, the Level of Manager Involvement activity calls the AutoApproval client extension in Oracle Projects. The Oracle Projects profile option PA:AutoApprove Expense Report controls the default behavior of this client extension. If the AutoApproval extension returns Yes, the Level of Manager Involvement activity gives manager approval to the expense report. If the AutoApproval extension returns No, the Level of Manager Involvement activity requires that a manager approve the expense report manually.

You can configure the AutoApproval client extension in Oracle Projects to define specific rules concerning which expense reports qualify for automatic (manager) approval. For more information, see Expenditure Access, Project User, and AutoApproval Extension in the Oracle Projects User Guide.

If an expense report contains both project–related and non–project–related receipts the Level of Manager Involvement activity calls the AutoApproval API in Oracle Projects and also calls the DetermineMgrInvolvement API in Payables. The activity compares the results from both APIs and uses the result with greater severity to determine the level of manager involvement for the expense report.

For example, if the result of the AutoApproval API in Oracle Projects is Bypass and the result of the DetermineMgrInvolvement API in Payables is Notification, the level of manager involvement is Notification. If the results of the AutoApproval API in Oracle Projects is Approval Required and the result of the DetermineMgrInvolvement API in Payables is Bypass, then the level of manager involvement is Approval Required.

If an expense report contains no project–related receipts, the Level of Manager Involvement activity calls only the DetermineMgrInvolvement API.

Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_CUST_WF.DetermineMgrInvolvement

Result Type: Level of Approval Process Involvement

Required: Yes

Prerequisite Activities: Start, Build Receipt Information For Approval Letter, Third Party Expense Report Process, Find Approver

- Request Approval Process (Node 7)
This process activity sends managers an expense report for review. Managers can approve, reject, or reassign the expense report.

See also: Request Approval Process.

Result Type: Approval

Required: Yes

Prerequisite Activities: Start, Build Receipt Information For Approval Letter, Third Party Expense Report Process, Find Approver, Level of Manager Involvement

- **Verify Authority (Node 8)**

  This function activity determines whether an expense report exceeds the approver’s signing limit. (The approver is the manager the Find Approver identifies as the person to which an expense report is forwarded.)

  This activity also determines whether the approver has signing authority for the cost center to which the expense report is charged. If the expense report does not exceed the signing limit of the approver and the approver has the correct cost center signing authority, the expense report passes the Verify Authority activity.

  This activity behaves differently if you have Oracle Approvals Management enabled. See: Find Approver and Verify Authority Behavior with Approvals Management.

  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_CUST_WF.VerifyAuthority

  Result Type: AP Pass or Fail Result Type

  Required: Yes

  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Build Receipt Information For Approval Letter, Third Party Expense Report Process, Find Approver, Level of Manager Involvement, Request Approval

- **Record Forward From Info (Node 9)**

  The Verify Authority activity determines whether a manager has the authority to approve an expense report. If a manager approves an expense report but does not have sufficient signing limits or does not have approval authority, then the Record Forward From Info activity makes this manager the “forwarded from” manager.
The Inform Preparer of Mgr Approval Has Been Forwarded notification activity informs the preparer that the "forwarded from" Result Type manager approved the expense report but did not have the necessary signing authority (this activity is part of the Request Approval process)

Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.RecordForwardFromInfo
Result Type: None
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start, Build Receipt Information For Approval Letter, Third Party Expense Report Process, Find Approver, Level of Manager Involvement, Request Approval, Verify Authority

■ Check If Shortpaid Expense Report (Node 10)
This function activity determines whether an expense report is the result of another expense report receiving short payment due to a policy violation, unverified receipt items, or missing receipts.

Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.CheckIfShortPaid
Result Type: Yes/No
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start, Build Receipt Information For Approval Letter, Third Party Expense Report Process, Find Approver, Level of Manager Involvement, Request Approval, Verify Authority

■ Inform AP Mgr Approved Shortpay With Missing Receipts (Node 11)
This notification activity informs the accounts payable department when an expense report that is missing original receipts has been shortpaid and received manager approval.
Message: Inform AP Mgr Has Approved Shortpay With No Receipts
Result Type: None
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start, Build Receipt Information For Approval Letter, Third Party Expense Report Process, Find Approver, Level of Manager Involvement, Request Approval, Verify Authority, Check If ShortPaid Expense Report

■ CC Direct Manager (Node 12)
This notification activity informs managers when their direct reports submit expense reports that do not require their approval. For example, if you configure the Level of Manager Involvement activity so expense reports for less than $100.00 do not require manager approval, this activity notifies the manager that the report was submitted.

Message: CC Direct Manager
Result Type: None
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start, Build Receipt Information For Approval Letter, Third Party Expense Report Process, Find Approver, Level of Manager Involvement

- **Sum of Exp Lines With Missing Receipts Exceeds AP Limit (Node 13)**

  Users check the Original Receipt Missing check box to indicate that they do not have a receipt for an expense. This function activity determines whether the total of missing receipts on an expense report exceeds the value you define for the AP Limit of Sum of Missing Receipts Expense Lines attribute.

  See also: Setting Workflow Activity Attributes.

  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.CheckSumMissingReceipts

  Result Type: Yes/No

  Required: Yes

  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Build Receipt Information For Approval Letter, Third Party Expense Report Process, Find Approver, Level of Manager Involvement, Request Approval, Verify Authority, Check If ShortPaid Expense Report

- **Verify With Mgr the Amt Approved With No Receipt (Node 14)**

  This notification activity sends a notification to a manager to confirm that the manager approved an expense report with missing receipts.

  Message: Verify with Manager Approval Amount

  Result Type: Approval

  Required: Yes

  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Build Receipt Information For Approval Letter, Third Party Expense Report Process, Find Approver, Level of Manager
Involvement, Request Approval, Verify Authority, Check If ShortPaid Expense Report, Sum of Exp Lines With Missing Receipts Exceeds AP Limit

- **No Manager Response Process (Node 15)**
  This process activity occurs only if the Verify with Mgr the Amt Approved With No Receipt activity times out before being completed. For example, this activity could time out when managers go on leave or vacation.

  See also: No Manager Response Process.

  Result Type: None

  Required: Yes

  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Build Receipt Information For Approval Letter, Third Party Expense Report Process, Find Approver, Level of Manager Involvement, Request Approval, Verify Authority, Check If ShortPaid Expense Report, Verify With Mgr the Amt Approved With No Receipt

- **Mark Expense Report Manager Approved (Node 16)**
  This function activity updates an expense report to indicate that it has received manager approval. Once a report receives this approval, the Reviewed by Management check box is checked when viewing the report in the Payables Expense Report window.

  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.ManagerApproved

  Result Type: None

  Required: Yes

  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Build Receipt Information For Approval Letter, Third Party Expense Report Process, Find Approver, Level of Manager Involvement, Request Approval, Verify Authority, Check If ShortPaid Expense Report, Sum of Exp Lines With Missing Receipts Exceeds AP Limit

- **Inform Preparer Exp Report Approval (Node 17)**
  This notification activity informs the person who created the expense report that the report has received management approval.

  Function: Expense Report Manager Approved

  Result Type: None

  Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start, Build Receipt Information For Approval Letter, Third Party Expense Report Process, Find Approver, Level of Manager Involvement, Request Approval, Verify Authority, Check If ShortPaid Expense Report, Sum of Exp Lines With Missing Receipts Exceeds AP Limit, Mark Expense Report Manager Approver Req Proof Of Payment Even If Mgr Apprvd Receipt

- **Req Proof of Payment Even if Approv Receipt Missing (Node 18)**
  
  This function activity uses the value you enter for the Always Require Proof of Payment attribute (Y or N) to indicate whether proof of payment (receipts) are required for expense items that:

  - Require proof of payment (as defined in the Payables Expense Report Templates window), or
  - Have no proof of payment (the Original Receipt Missing check box is checked when creating the report in Internet Expenses)

  See also: Setting Workflow Activity Attributes.

  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.RequireProofOfPayment

  Result Type: None

  Required: Yes


- **End (Nodes 19 and 20)**

  This function activity marks the end of the process. Although the activity itself does not have a result type, each node of this activity in the process must have a process result assigned to it. The process result is assigned in the property page of the activity node.

  Since the Manager (Spending) Approval process activity has a result type of Approval, each End activity node must have a process result matching one of the lookup codes in the Approval lookup type.

  Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP

  Result Type: None

  Prerequisite Activities: Start
Third Party Expense Report Process

This process activity ensures that, if required, employees approve expense reports created by their authorized delegate (an employee who enters expense reports for another employee). If approval is not required, this process activity simply notifies the employee that an authorized delegate has submitted an expense report on their behalf.

**Note:** Whether expense reports submitted by authorized delegates require employee approval depends on the value you choose for the Employee Approval Required function attribute.

The Third Party Expense Report process has a result type of AP Continue or Reject Result Type, indicating that when the process completes, it has a result of Continue or Do Not Continue (the lookup codes in the AP Continue or Reject Result Type lookup type associated with the Expense Report item type). This subprocess cannot be initiated as a top level process; it can only be run as a subprocess when called by another, higher level process. To view the properties of the Third Party Expense Report process, select the process in the navigator tree, then choose Properties from the Edit menu.

The Third Party Expense Report has 7 different activities, one of which is reused, so 8 activity nodes appear in the workflow diagram below. To examine the activities of the process in more detail, we have numbered each node for easy referencing below. The numbers themselves are not part of the process diagram.
The process begins at Node 1 with the Start activity. The process then checks whether the person who submitted the expense report is the same as the employee name on the report. If the employee and preparer are the same, the process ends at Node 7. Otherwise, the process checks whether employee’s approval is required. If it is, the process requests approval from the employee (Node 4) and then ends at Node 7 if it receives approval and at Node 8 otherwise. If the report does not require the employee’s approval, the process notifies the employee that the report was submitted on their behalf (Node 6) and the process ends (Node 7).

Third Party Expense Report Process Activities
This section provides a description of each activity in the process, listed by the activity’s display name. Each node corresponds to an icon in the above illustration.

- **Start (Node 1)**
  This is a standard function activity that simply marks the start of the process.
  Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP
  Result Type: None
  Required: Yes
  Prerequisite Activities: None

- **Employee Equals to Preparer (Node 2)**
  This function activity determines whether the employee is the same person who prepared the report. If the preparer and the employee are the same, this function activity returns a result type of Yes, and the process ends with a result of Continue.
  If the preparer and the employee are not the same (the report was created by an authorized delegate), this function activity returns a result type of No and the process transitions to the next activity.
  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.EmployeeEqualsToPreparer
  Result Type: Yes/No
  Required: Yes
  Prerequisite Activities: Start

- **Employee Approval Required (Node 3)**
  This function activity determines whether approval is necessary for expense reports entered by an authorized delegate. The value you enter for the
Employee Approval Required function activity determines whether approval is necessary.

Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.EmployeeApprovalRequired
Result Type: Yes/No
Required: No
Prerequisite Activities: Start, Employee Equals to Preparer

- **Request Employee Approval (Node 4)**
  
  This activity requests that an employee approve or reject an expense report entered by the authorized delegate. If an employee approves the report, the Third Party Expense Report process ends with a result type of Continue. Otherwise, the process ends with a result type of Do Not Continue.

  Message: Request Employee Approval
  
  Result Type: Approval
  
  Required: No
  
  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Employee Equals to Preparer, Employee Approval Required

- **Loop Counter (Node 5)**

  This standard function activity limits the number of times the Workflow Engine transitions through the Request Employee Approval notification activity. You can define how many times the Request Employee Approval activity transitions by entering a number for the Loop Limit activity attribute of the Loop Counter activity.

  Message: WF_STANDARD.LOOPCOUNTER
  
  Result Type: Loop Counter
  
  Required: No
  
  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Employee Equals to Preparer, Employee Approval Required, Request Employee Approval

- **Inform Employee Expense Report Submitted by Preparer (Node 6)**

  This activity notifies an employee when an authorized delegate enters an expense report on their behalf. The message summarizes the content of the expense report so the employee can review it.

  Function: Inform Employee Expense Report Submitted by Preparer
Result Type: None
Required: No
Prerequisite Activities: Start, Employee Equals to Preparer, Employee Approval Required

- **End (Nodes 7 and 8)**

  This function activity marks the end of the process. Although the activity itself does not have a result type, each node of this activity in the process must have a process result assigned to it. The process result is assigned in the property page of the activity node.

  Since the Third Party Expense Report process activity has a result type of AP Continue or Reject, each End activity node must have a process result matching one of the lookup codes in the Approval lookup type.

  Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP
  Result Type: None
  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Employee Equals to Employee

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**Request Approval Process**

To view the properties of the *Request Approval* activity process, select the process in the navigator tree, then choose Properties from the Edit menu. The *Request Approval* process has a result type of Approval, indicating that when the process completes, it has a result of Approved or Rejected (the lookup codes in the Approval lookup type associated with the Standard item type). This subprocess cannot be initiated as a top level process to run; it can only be run as a subprocess when called by another, higher level process.

The *Request Approval* process activity has 9 different activities, one of which is reused, so 10 activity nodes appear in the workflow diagram. To examine the activities of the process in more detail, we have numbered each node for easy referencing below. The numbers themselves are not part of the process diagram.
This process begins at Node 1 with the Start activity. At Node 2 the process determines whether a manager has approved the expense report. If a manager has approved the report, the process then checks whether the approver is the employee’s direct manager (Node 3). (The Find Approver activity in the Manager (Spending) Approval process determines the approver.) If the approver and the direct manager are not the same, this process sends a notification to the direct manager (Node 4).

If an expense report has been previously reviewed, the process determines whether the expense report has been forwarded to another manager for approval (Node 5). If so, the process informs the preparer that the expense report was approved by a manager that does not have the necessary signing authority and that the expense report has been forwarded to another manager for review (Node 6).

At Node 7 the process sends the expense report to managers for review. Managers can approve, reject, or reassign the expense report. If the manager does not reply within the time period specified for the notification, the process transitions to the No Manager Response process (Node 8).

**Request Approval Process Activities**

This section provides a description of each activity in the process listed by the activity’s display name. Each node corresponds to an icon shown in the illustration.
■ **Start (Node 1)**
This standard function activity marks the start of the process.

Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP
Result Type: None
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: None

■ **First Approver (Node 2)**
An expense report may require approval from more than one manager. For example, if you choose Go Up the Management Chain value for the Find Approver Method attribute, then an expense report for a large amount could require multiple approvals. The *First Approver* function activity determines whether an expense report has already been approved.

Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.FirstApprover
Result Type: Yes/No
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start

■ **Manager Not Equal to Approver (Node 3)**
This function activity determines whether the selected approver is the direct manager of the person seeking reimbursement. For example, if an employee enters an alternate approver, the expense report is not routed to the direct manager for approval.

Additionally, if the Find Approver method is Go Directly to Person With Signing Authority, an expense report for a large amount may not be sent to the employee’s direct manager for approval if that manager’s signing limits are too low to approve the report.

Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.ManagerNotEqualTo Approver
Result Type: Yes/No
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start, First Approver
■ **CC Direct Manager (Node 4)**

This notification activity informs managers when their direct reports submit expense reports that do not require their approval. For example, if an employee enters an alternate approver on an expense report, workflow sends this notification to the employee’s manager. The notification includes the name of the manager to whom the expense report is being routed for approval and the expense report details.

Function: CC Direct Manager  
Result Type: None  
Required: Yes  
Prerequisite Activities: Start, First Approver, Manager Not Equal To Approver

■ **Exp Report Forwarded to Another Mgr for Approval (Node 5)**

This function activity determines whether an expense report has been forwarded to another manager for approval.

Depending on the total of the expense report and which Find Approver method you specified, it may require approval from more than one manager. Expense reports can be approved by a manager even if the report exceeds that manager’s signing authority. In this case, the report is also forwarded to another manager for approval. The person to whom the expense report is forwarded depends on the Find Approver method you selected.

*Note:* If you have Oracle Approvals Management enabled, the Find Approver method is not used. See: Find Approver and Verify Authority Behavior with Approvals Management.

Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.ApprovalForwarded  
Result Type: Yes/No  
Required: Yes  
Prerequisite Activities: Start, First Approver

■ **Inform Preparer of Mgr Approval Has Been Forwarded (Node 6)**

This notification activity informs users when an expense report needs another manager’s approval. For example, workflow sends this notification to users when expense reports exceed their direct manager’s signing limit or does not have the required authority.
Function: Inform Preparer Exp Report Approval Has Been Forwarded
Result Type: None
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start, First Approver, Exp Report Forwarded To Another Mgr For Approval

- Request Approval from APPROVER (Node 7)
  This notification activity forwards an expense report to a manager for review. Managers can approve, reject, or reassign the expense report.
  Message: Request Expense Report Approval
  Result Type: Approval
  Required: Yes
  Prerequisite Activities: Start, First Approver

- No Manager Response Process (Node 8)
  This process activity handles the approval process when managers do not respond to approval requests within the time period specified (for example, when they are out of the office or on vacation).
  See also: No Manager Response Process.
  Result Type: None
  Required: Yes
  Prerequisite Activities: Start, First Approver, Request Approval from APPROVER

- End (Nodes 9 and 10)
  This function activity marks the end of the process. Although the activity itself does not have a result type, each node of this activity in the process must have a process result assigned to it. The process result is assigned in the property page of the activity node. Since the Request Approval process activity has a result type of Approval, each End activity node must have a process result matching one of the lookup codes in the Approval lookup type.
  Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP
  Result Type: None
  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Request Approval from APPROVER
No Manager Response Process

This process enables the Expense Report workflow to manage the approval process when managers do not respond to approval requests, for example, when they go on leave or vacation. It informs the person who prepared the expense report that the manager responsible for approving it did not respond within the time period specified. The preparer can choose to resend the expense report to the same manager, or direct the expense report to the manager’s manager.

To view the properties of the No Manager Response process, select the process in the navigator tree, then choose Properties from the Edit menu. The No Manager Response process has no result type and cannot be initiated as a top level process; it can be run only as a subprocess when called by another, higher level process.

The Request Approval process activity has 7 different activities, all of which appear as activity nodes in the workflow diagram below. To examine the activities of the process in more detail, we have numbered each node for easy reference below. The numbers themselves are not part of the process diagram.
Defining Workflow Processes

This process activity occurs when either of these notification activities time out before being completed:

- The Request Approval from APPROVER notification activity in the Request Approval process activity.
- The Verify With Mgr the Amt Approved With NO Receipt in the Manager (Spending) Approval process activity.

The process begins at the Start activity (Node 1). At Node 3 the process notifies the person who prepared the expense report that the approver did not respond to any notifications requesting approval.

Attention: The approval process stalls unless employees reply to No Manager Response messages. The No Manager Response process activity continues to send notifications until a response is given.
The process records the approver’s information at Node 5 then identifies and resends the request to the approver’s manager (Node 6).

**No Manager Response Process Activities**

This section provides a description of each activity in the process, listed by the activity’s display name. Each node corresponds to an icon shown in the previous diagram.

- **Start (Node 1)**
  This is a Standard function activity that simply marks the start of the process.
  
  - Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP
  - Result Type: None
  - Required: Yes
  - Prerequisite: None

- **Notify Preparer When Resend Count Equals Limit (Node 2)**
  This function activity determines when the person who created the expense report should be notified that the approver did not respond to the approval request. The value you define for this activity determines how many times a manager is notified about expense reports that are awaiting approval. Once the resend count equals the number you specified, a notification is sent to the preparer.
  
  - Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.NotifyPreparer
  - Result Type: Yes/No
  - Required: Yes
  - Prerequisite Activities: Start

- **Inform Preparer – No Manager Response (Node 3)**
  This activity notifies the employee that the manager responsible for approving the expense report did not respond to the approval request. The employee must choose whether to resend the expense report to the manager again or to send the expense report to the manager’s manager for approval.

  **Attention:** If employees do not reply to the No Manager Response messages, their expense reports cannot be approved and therefore cannot be reimbursed.
Expense Report Workflow Processes

Message: No Manager Response
Result Type: AP Employee Action for Manager Requested
Required: No
Prerequisite Activities: Start, Notify Preparer When Resend Count Equals Limit

**Noop (Node 4)**
This standard function activity acts as a placeholder. It performs no action.
Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP
Result Type: None
Required: No
Prerequisite Activities: Start, Notify Preparer When Resend Count Equals Limit, Inform Preparer – No Manager Response

**Record Forward From Info (Node 5)**
This function activity sets the “forwarded from” item attributes so notifications can inform the manager who was originally responsible for reviewing the expense report.
Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.RecordForwardFromInfo
Result Type: None
Required: No
Prerequisite Activities: Start, Notify Preparer When Resend Count Equals Limit, Inform Preparer – No Manager Response

**Get the Manager of the Approver (Node 6)**
This function activity identifies the approver’s manager. To do this, the activity first calls the AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.GetManager procedure and finds the original approver’s manager in the HR_EMPLOYEES_CURRENT_V table. This function activity then calls the AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.SetPersonAs procedure and indicates that this manager is the new approver.
Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.GetApproverManager
Result Type: None
Required: No
Prerequisite Activities: Start, Notify Preparer When Resend Count Equals Limit, Inform Preparer – No Manager Response, Record Forward From Info
End (Node 7)

This function activity marks the end of the process. Since the No Manager Response process activity has no result type, this End node has no process result associated with it.

Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP
Result Type: None
Prerequisite Activities: Start

AP Approval Process

The AP Approval process has a result type of AP Approval Process Result, indicating that when the process completes, it has a result of Approved or ShortPay. This subprocess cannot be initiated as a top level process; it can only be run as a subprocess when called by another, higher level process. To view the properties of the AP Approval process, select the process in the navigator tree, then choose Properties from the Edit menu.

The AP Approval process has 15 different activities, one of which is reused, so 14 activity nodes appear in the workflow diagram. To examine the activities of the process in more detail, we have numbered each node for easy referencing below. The numbers themselves are not part of the process diagram.
This process begins at Node 1 with the Start activity. At Node 2, the process determines, based on the audit rules, whether the expense report requires accounts payable review. At Node 5 the process automatically approves expense reports that do not require accounts payable review. If an expense report requires accounts payable review, the process checks whether the review is complete (Node 7). If the review is not complete, the process pauses until the accounts payable department reviews the expense report.

**Note:** To indicate a completed review, the accounts payable department either checks the Review by Payables box in the Payables Expense Reports window or clicks the Complete Audit button in the Audit Expense Reports page.

The process determines whether the accounts payable department has adjusted the report (Node 10) and, if necessary, notifies the preparer (Node 11). At Node 12 the process determines whether all expense report lines pass accounts payable.
department approval. The process approves expense reports with no short paid items (Node 13) and the process ends with a result of Approved (Node 15). If an expense report contains short paid items, the process ends with a result of ShortPay (Node 14).

**AP Approval Process Activities**

This section provides a description of each activity in the process, listed by the activity’s display name. Each node corresponds to an icon in the illustration above.

- **Start (Node 1)**
  
  This standard function activity marks the start of the process.
  
  Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP
  
  Result Type: None
  
  Required: Yes
  
  Prerequisite Activities: None

- **AP Audit Expense Report (Node 2)**
  
  This function activity determines whether an expense report is routed for audit using the audit rules, or if it will continue through the AP Approval Process without using audit rules.
  
  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.AuditExpenseReport
  
  Result Type: AP Audit Type
  
  Activity Type: Function
  
  Prerequisite Activities: Start

- **Any Receipt Required for Expense Report (Node 3)**
  
  This function activity determines whether an expense report contains an expense for which your accounts payable department requires proof of payment (a receipt).
  
  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.AnyReceiptRequired
  
  Result Type: Yes/No
  
  Required: Yes
  
  Prerequisite Activities: Start; AP Audit Expense Report

- **Any Missing Justification or Policy Violation for Expense Report (Node 4)**
This function activity determines whether an expense report contains expense items (airfare, meals, car rental, and so on) for which accounts payable requires justification. The Justification Required check box in the Payables Expense Report Templates window controls whether a user must enter a justification for an expense item.

Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.AnyJustificationRequired

Result Type: Yes/No

Required: Yes

Prerequisite Activities: Start; AP Audit Expense Report; Any Receipt Required For Expense Report

- **Auto Approved (Node 5)**

  This function activity indicates whether an expense report has received accounts payable approval. If an expense report transitions through this activity, the Reviewed by Payables check box is checked when viewing the report in the Payables Expense Report window.

  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.Approved

  Result Type: None

  Required: Yes

  Prerequisite Activities: Start; AP Audit Expense Report; Any Receipt Required For Expense Report

- **Request AP to Review for Spending Policy Compliance (Node 6)**

  This notification activity notifies the accounts payable department requesting review of the expense report. Because the accounts payable department requires no receipts for this expense report, they do not receive a package with receipts, so this activity notifies them of a new expense report that requires review.

  Message: Request AP Review Policy

  Result Type: None

  Required: Yes

  Prerequisite Activities: Start; AP Audit Expense Report; Any Receipt Required For Expense Report; Any Justification Required for Expense Report

- **AP Expense Report Review Complete (Node 7)**
Your accounts payable department indicates that an expense report has been reviewed by checking the Reviewed by Payables check box in the Payables Expense Reports window. This function activity determines whether accounts payable has checked this check box for an expense report.

Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.APReviewComplete
Result Type: Yes/No
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start; AP Audit Expense Report; Any Receipt Required For Expense Report

- **Set Status, Approver, and Date (Node 8)**
  This function activity is used to update the status of the expense report, as well as any changes to the approver and date. It is used to provide updates for the Status, Current Approver, and Days Since Last Activity fields in the Track Submitted Expense Reports table on the Active Expense Reports page.

  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.SetStatusApproverAndDate
  Result Type: None
  Required: Yes
  Prerequisite Activities: Start; AP Audit Expense Report; Any Receipt Required For Expense Report; Expense Report Review Complete

- **Block (Node 9)**
  This standard function activity pauses the AP Approval process until the accounts payable department checks the Reviewed by Payables check box and saves the expense report in the Payables Expense Report window.

  Function: WF_STANDARD.BLOCK
  Result Type: None
  Required: Yes
  Prerequisite Activities: Start; AP Audit Expense Report; Any Receipt Required For Expense Report; Expense Report Review Complete

- **AP Adjustment Made Due to Spending Policy Noncompliance (Node 10)**
  Your accounts payable department can adjust (reduce) the amount of an expense report when it violates company reimbursement policy. This function
activity determines whether the accounts payable department has adjusted the report.

Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.AnyAPAdjustment
Result Type: Yes/No
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start; AP Audit Expense Report; Any Receipt Required For Expense Report; Expense Report Review Complete

- **Inform Preparer that Expense Report Has Been Adjusted (Node 11)**
  This notification activity informs preparers that your accounts payable department adjusted their expense reports. This notification includes reasons for the adjustments.

Function: Expense Report Adjustment
Result Type: None
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start; AP Audit Expense Report; Any Receipt Required For Expense Report; Expense Report Review Complete; AP Adjustment Made Due To Spending Policy Noncompliance

- **All Expense Lines Pass AP Approval (Node 12)**
  Your accounts payable department short pays an expense report by indicating that one or more expense items (lines) in an expense report meet one of these two conditions:
  - The preparer did not provide required receipts
  - The preparer provided inadequate justifications for an expense items

This function activity determines whether your accounts payable department has short paid an expense report.

Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.AllPassAPApproval
Result Type: Yes/No
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start; AP Audit Expense Report; Any Receipt Required For Expense Report; Expense Report Review Complete; AP Adjustment Made Due To Spending Policy Noncompliance
Expense Report Workflow Processes

- **Mark Expense Report as Approved (Manual) (Node 13)**
  This function activity indicates that an expense report has received accounts payable approval.
  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.Approved
  Result Type: None
  Required: Yes
  Prerequisite Activities: Start; AP Audit Expense Report; Any Receipt Required For Expense Report; Expense Report Review Complete; AP Adjustment Made Due To Spending Policy Noncompliance; All Expense Lines Pass AP Approval

- **End (Nodes 14 and 15)**
  This function activity marks the end of the process. Although the activity itself does not have a result type, each node of this activity in the process must have a process result assigned to it. The process result is assigned in the property page of the activity node. Since the AP Approval process activity has a result type of AP Approval Process Result, each End activity node must have a process result matching one of the lookup codes in the Approval lookup type.
  Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP
  Result Type: None
  Prerequisite Activities: Start; AP Audit Expense Report

**Shortpay Unverified Receipt Items Process**

The Shortpay Unverified Receipt Items process creates a new expense report for each line that is missing required receipts or contains an inadequate justification. This process has a result type of None which means that when the process completes there is no specific result. The Shortpay Unverified Receipt Items process cannot be initiated as a top level process, it can only be run as a subprocess when called by another, higher level process. To view the properties of the Shortpay Unverified Receipt Items process, select the process in the navigator tree, then choose Properties from the Edit menu.

This process has 11 different activities, one of which is reused, so 10 activity nodes appear in the workflow diagram. To examine the activities of the process in more detail, we have numbered each node for easy referencing below. The numbers themselves are not part of the process diagram.
The process begins at Node 1 with the Start activity. At Node 2 the process creates a new expense report from any lines that have missing required receipts and/or creates a new expense report from the lines that have inadequate justifications. At Node 3 the process determines whether an expense report was created due to inadequate justifications and, if so, transitions to the Spawn Policy Violation Shortpay Subprocess activity (Node 4).

At Node 6 the process determines whether an expense report was created due to missing receipts and, if so, transitions to the Spawn Missing Receipts Shortpay Shortpay process (Node 4). At Node 10 the process approves the original expense report.
Shortpay Unverified Receipt Items Process Activities

This section provides a description of each activity in the process, listed by the activity’s display name. Each node corresponds to an icon shown in the illustration above.

- **Start (Node 1)**
  
  This standard function activity marks the start of the process.
  
  Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP
  
  Result Type: None
  
  Required: Yes
  
  Prerequisite Activities: None

- **Separate Shortpaid Lines into Separate Expense Reports (Node 2)**
  
  When your accounts payable department short pays an expense report, this indicates that the expense report has one or more lines that is missing required receipts, has an inadequate or missing justification, or both. This function activity creates a new expense report for each line matching this criteria and removes the lines from the original report.
  
  The activity assigns a report number to the new expense report by appending –1 to the original expense report number. If two lines have a problem, the system creates two new reports and appends the second report with –2.
  
  For example, expense report 100 is shortpaid. The system creates two new reports numbered 100–1 and 100–2. If, for example, 100–1 is also shortpaid and the system creates two new reports, it numbers them 100–1–1 and 100–1–2.
  
  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.SplitExpenseReport
  
  Result Type: None
  
  Required: Yes
  
  Prerequisite Activities: Start

- **Check for Policy Violation Shortpay (Node 3)**
  
  This function activity determines whether an expense report violates any company expense report policies, such as missing or invalid information.
  
  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.PolicyViolationShortpay
  
  Result Type: Yes/No
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start, Separate Shortpaid Lines into Separate Expense Reports

- **Spawn Policy Violation Shortpay SubProcess (Node 4)**
  This function activity spawns the Policy Violation Shortpay subprocess. This subprocess informs the employee that the accounts payable department short paid one or more lines of an expense report due to inadequate justifications and that these lines have been transferred to a new expense report. The preparer can either delete the new expense report or provide additional information to justify the disputed expenses.
  See also: Policy Violation Shortpay Process.
  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.StartPolicyViolationShortpayProcess
  Result Type: None
  Required: Yes
  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Separate Shortpaid Lines into Separate Expense Reports, Check for Policy Violation Shortpay

- **Or (Node 5 and 8)**
  This standard function activity completes when at least one of the converging branches also completes.
  Function: WF_STANDARD.ORJOIN
  Result Type: None
  Required: Yes
  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Separate Shortpaid Lines into Separate Expense Reports, Check for Policy Violation Shortpay

- **Check for Missing Receipts Shortpay (Node 6)**
  This function activity determines whether an expense report consists of lines that are missing required receipts.
  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.MissingReceiptShortpay
  Result Type: Yes/No
  Required: Yes
Expenses Report Workflow Processes

Prerequisite Activities: Start, Separate Shortpaid Lines into Separate Expense Reports

- **Spawn Missing Receipts Shortpay SubProcess (Node 7)**
  This function activity spawns the Missing Receipts Shortpay subprocess. This subprocess informs the employee that the accounts payable department short paid one or more lines of an expense report due to missing receipts and that these lines have been transferred to a new expense report.

  See also: Missing Receipts Shortpay Process.

  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.StartNoReceiptsShortpayProcess

  Result Type: None

  Required: Yes

  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Separate Shortpaid Lines into Separate Expense Reports, Check for Missing Receipt Shortpay

- **Mark Expense Report As Approved (Manual) (Node 9)**
  This function activity updates the original expense report to indicate that it is approved. To do this, the activity sets the value of the SOURCE column of the AP_EXPENSE_REPORT_HEADERS table to 'SelfService.'

  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.Approved

  Result Type: None

  Required: Yes

  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Separate Shortpaid Lines into Separate Expense Reports

- **And (Node 10)**
  This standard function activity merges the three parallel branches in the Shortpay Unverified Receipt Items process when all activities are complete.

  Function: WF_STANDARD.ANDJOIN

  Result Type: None

  Required: Yes

  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Separate Shortpaid Lines into Separate Expense Reports, Mark Expense Report As Approved (Manual)

- **End (Node 11)**
This function activity marks the end of the process. Although the activity itself does not have a result type, each node of this activity in the process must have a process result assigned to it. The process result is assigned in the property page of the activity node. Since the Shortpay Unverified Receipt Items process activity has a result type of Approval, each End activity node must have a process result matching one of the lookup codes in the Approval lookup type.

Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP

Result Type: None

Prerequisite Activities: Start

**Bothpay Process**

Workflow transitions to the Bothpay process if the Check If Both Pay function activity returns a value of Yes. The Check If Both Pay activity checks the setting of the profile option OIE:CC Payment Due From to determine whether the employee, the company, or both the employee and the company are responsible for remitting payment for corporate credit card transactions. The Check If Both Pay function activity checks the profile option after the AP Approval Process or the Shortpay Unverified Receipt Items process is complete.

The Bothpay process cannot be initiated as a top level process, it can only be run as a subprocess when called by another, higher level process. To view the properties of the this process, select the process in the navigator tree, then choose Properties from the Edit menu.

This process has 7 different activities which appear as nodes in the workflow diagram below. To examine the activities of the process in more detail, we have numbered each node for easy referencing. The numbers themselves are not part of the process diagram.
The process begins at Node 1 with the Start activity. At Node 2 the process checks whether the expense report contains credit card vendor information. If not, a notification is sent to the system administrator (Node 3) to resolve the issue. At Node 4 the Build Bothpay Expense Reports subprocess checks whether the report includes both cash and credit card transactions. If it does, the subprocess creates a new expense report for the credit card issuer (this new expense report generates a new invoice when it is imported to Payables). Otherwise, the expense report is not split and generates only one invoice (for either the employee or the credit card issuer) when imported to Payables.

At Node 5 the process checks whether the expense report was split. If the report was split, the process notifies the person who created the report (Node 6) and the process ends at Node 7.

**Bothpay Process Activities**

This section provides a description of each activity in the process, listed by the activity’s display name. Each node corresponds to an icon shown in illustration above.

- **Start (Node 1)**

  This is a standard function activity that simply marks the start of the process.

  Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP

  Result Type: None
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: None

- **Check If Vendor Set (Node 2)**
  This function activity determines whether the expense report contains required credit card vendor information.
  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.FindVendor
  Result Type: Yes/No
  Required: Yes
  Prerequisite Activities: Start

- **Inform System Administrator – No Vendor (Node 3)**
  If the Check If Vendor Set activity returns a value of No, this notification activity contacts the system administrator and workflow checks the database tables for the vendor information. Once the vendor information is found, the system administrator responds by clicking “Problem Fixed” in the notification and the process continues.
  Result Type: Problem Fixed
  Required: No
  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Check If Vendor Set

- **Build Bothpay Expense Reports (Node 4)**
  This function activity creates a new expense report if the original report includes both cash (out of pocket) and credit card transactions for which the employee must be reimbursed. If it does, the subprocess creates a new expense report for the credit card issuer (this creates a separate payment for the credit card issuer once the report is imported to Oracle Payables). Otherwise, the expense report is not split and generates only one invoice when imported to Payables (for either the employee or the credit card issuer).
  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.BuildBothpayExpReport
  Result Type: None
  Required: Yes
  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Check If Vendor Set
Check If Expense Report Split (Node 5)
This function activity returns Yes or No to indicate whether the expense report was split. An expense report is split when the expense report has corporate credit card expenses and cash and other expenses. If this activity returns Yes, the process sends a notification to the preparer (see below).

Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.CheckIfSplit
Result Type: Yes/No
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start, Check If Vendor Set, Build Bothpay Expense Reports

Inform Preparer Exp Report Split for Both Pay (Node 6)
If the Check If Expense Report Split function returns a value of Yes, this activity notifies the preparer. The notification includes both the original and the new expense report numbers and the transactions included in each report.

Note: When an expense report is split because it contains both cash (out of pocket) and corporate credit card transactions, workflow appends "1" to the new expense report (for example, EXP11223.1). If the report was both short paid and split, the report number is appended with "–1.1" (for example, EXP11223–1.1).

Result Type: None
Required: No
Prerequisite Activities: Start, Check If Vendor Set, Build Bothpay Expense Reports, Check If Expense Report Split

End (Node 11)
This function activity marks the end of the process. Although the activity itself does not have a result type, each node of this activity in the process must have a process result assigned to it. The process result is assigned in the property page of the activity node.

Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP
Result Type: None
Prerequisite Activities: Start
Missing Receipts Shortpay Process

The Missing Receipts Shortpay Process informs the person who prepared the report that the accounts payable department short paid one or more lines of the report due to missing receipts and that these lines have been transferred to a new expense report. The preparer can delete the new expense report, submit the missing receipts to the accounts payable department, or route the new expense report to management for approval despite the missing receipts.

This process has a result type of Approval, which indicates that when the process completes, it has a result of Approve or Reject. This subprocess cannot be initiated as a top level process; it can only be run as a subprocess when called by another, higher level process.

To view the properties of the Missing Receipts Shortpay process, select the process in the navigator tree, then choose Properties from the Edit menu.

The Missing Receipts Shortpay process has 9 different activities, one of which is reused, so 10 activity nodes appear in the workflow diagram. To examine the activities of the process in more detail, we have numbered each node for easy referencing below. The numbers themselves are not part of the process diagram.
The process begins at Node 1 with the Start activity. At Node 3 the process informs the preparer that the accounts payable department short paid one or more lines of the expense report due to missing receipts and that these lines have been transferred to a new expense report. The preparer can delete the new expense report, submit the missing receipts to the accounts payable department, or route the new expense report to a manager for approval without the receipts. If the preparer chooses to delete the new expense report, the process does so at Node 5.

If the preparer chooses to provide the missing receipts, the process updates the new expense report and begins the AP Standard Expense Report process at the AP Approval process (Node 7). The workflow then calls the AP Standard Expense Report process (Node 8). If the preparer forwards the new expense report to a manager for approval, the process updates the expense report and begins the Expense Report process at the Manager (Spending) Approval process (Node 6). The workflow then calls the AP Standard Expense Report process (Node 8).

**Missing Receipts Shortpay Process Activities**

This section provides a description of each activity in the process, listed by the activity’s display name. Each node corresponds to an icon in the above illustration.

- **Start (Node 1)**
  
  This standard function activity marks the start of the process.
  
  Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP
  
  Result Type: None
  
  Required: Yes
  
  Prerequisite Activities: None

- **Build Shortpay Notification Text (Node 2)**
  
  This function activity sets some of the item attributes necessary for the Inform Preparer of Shortpay Due to Missing Receipts message.
  
  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.SetShortPaidLinesInfo
  
  Result Type: None
  
  Required: Yes
  
  Prerequisite Activities: Start

- **Inform Preparer of Shortpay Due to Missing Receipts (Node 3)**
This notification activity informs a preparer that the accounts payable department short paid the expense report due to missing receipts and includes the number of the new expense report. The preparer can then perform any of these activities without providing the missing receipts:

- Delete the new expense report
- Send the missing receipts to your accounts payable department
- Forward the new expense report to a manager for approval

**Attention:** If employees do not reply to Inform Preparer of Shortpay Due to Missing Receipts messages, the short paid expense reports cannot be approved and the employee cannot be reimbursed.

Message: Inform Preparer Missing Receipts Shortpay
Result Type: AP Response to Missing Receipts Shortpay
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start, Build Shortpay Notification Text

- **Noop (Node 4)**
  This standard function activity acts as a placeholder and performs no action.
  Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP
  Result Type: None
  Required: Yes
  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Build Shortpay Notification Text, Inform Preparer of ShortPay Due to Missing Receipts

- **Delete Expense Report From Interface Tables (Node 5)**
  This function activity deletes the short paid expense report.
  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.DeleteExpenseReport
  Result Type: None
  Required: Yes
  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Build Shortpay Notification Text, Inform Preparer of ShortPay Due to Missing Receipts
■ Set Exp Report Process to Start at Mgr Approval Process (Node 6)
This function activity updates the Start from Specified Process item attribute and indicates that the expense report must transition to the Manager (Spending) Approval process.
See also: Manager (Spending) Approval Process.
Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.StartFromManagerApproval
Result Type: None
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start, Build Shortpay Notification Text, Inform Preparer of ShortPay Due to Missing Receipts

■ Set Exp Report Process to Start at AP Approval Process (Node 7)
This function activity updates the Start From Specified Process item attribute to indicate that the expense report transitions to the AP Approval process.
See also: AP Approval Process.
Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.StartFromAPApproval
Result Type: None
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start, Build Shortpay Notification Text, Inform Preparer of ShortPay Due to Missing Receipts Expense Report ID Start from Specified Process

■ AP Standard Expense Report Process (Node 8)
This process activity manages the standard accounts payable expense report approval process.
See also: Expense Report Workflow Processes.
Result Type: Approval
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start, Build Shortpay Notification Text, Inform Preparer of ShortPay Due to Missing Receipts
Item Attributes Retrieved by Function: Expense Report ID
Item Attributes Set by Function: Start from Specified Process
- **End (Nodes 9 and 10)**

  This function activity marks the end of the process. Although the activity itself does not have a result type, each node of this activity in the process must have a process result assigned to it. The process result is assigned in the property page of the activity node. Since the Missing Receipts Shortpay process activity has a result type of Approval, each End activity node must have a process result matching one of the lookup codes in the Approval lookup type.

  Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP

  Result Type: None

  Prerequisite Activities: Start

---

**Policy Violation Shortpay Process**

The Policy Violation Shortpay Process informs the person who created the expense report that the accounts payable department short paid one or more lines due to inadequate justifications and that these lines have been transferred to a new expense report. The preparer can either delete the new expense report or provide additional information to justify the disputed expenses.

This process has a result type of Approval which indicates that when the process completes, it has a result of Approve or Reject. This subprocess cannot be initiated as a top level process; it can only be run as a subprocess when called by another, higher level process. To view the properties of the Policy Violation Shortpay process, select the process in the navigator tree, then choose Properties from the Edit menu.

The Policy Violation Shortpay process has 9 different activities, one of which is reused, so 10 activity nodes appear in the workflow diagram. To examine the activities of the process in more detail, each node is numbered for easy referencing in the illustration below. The numbers themselves are not part of the process diagram.
The process begins at Node 1 with the Start activity. At Node 3 the process informs the employee that the accounts payable department short paid one or more lines of the expense report due to inadequate justifications and that these lines have been transferred to a new report.

The preparer responds to the notification by deleting the new expense report (Node 8) or providing accounts payable with missing information.

If the preparer provides additional information, the process forwards the information to your accounts payable department for review (Node 5). The process then updates the new expense report (Node 6) and transitions to the AP Standard Expense Report process (Node 7).

**Policy Violation Shortpay Process Activities**

This section provides a description of each activity in the process, listed by the activity’s display name. Each node corresponds to an icon in the above illustration.

- **Start (Node 1)**
  
  This standard function activity marks the start of the process.
  
  Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP
  
  Result Type: None
  
  Required: Yes
  
  Prerequisite Activities: None

- **Build Shortpay Notification Text (Node 2)**
  
  This function activity sets some of the item attributes necessary for the Inform Preparer Policy Violation Shortpay Req More Info message.
Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.SetShortPaidLinesInfo
Result Type: None
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start

- **Inform Preparer Policy Violation Shortpay Req More Info (Node 3)**
  This notification activity informs a preparer that the accounts payable department short paid an expense report due to one or more policy violations and provides the number of the new expense report. Policy violations include missing required receipts, incorrect cost center, or inadequate justifications.

  The preparer can respond to the notification by:
  - Deleting the new expense report
  - Providing additional information to justify the expenses

  **Attention:** If employees do not reply to Inform Preparer Policy Violation Shortpay Req More Info messages, the short paid expense report cannot be approved and the employee cannot be reimbursed.

Message: Inform Preparer Policy Violation Shortpay Req More Info
Result Type: AP Response To Policy Violation Shortpay
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start, Build Shortpay Notification Text

- **Noop (Node 4)**
  This standard function activity acts as a placeholder and performs no action.
  Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP
Result Type: None
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start, Build shortpay Notification Text, Inform Preparer Policy Violation Shortpay Req More Info
Expense Report Workflow Processes

- **Provide AP with Missing Info to Rectify Policy Shortpay (Node 5)**
  This notification activity forwards the additional information provided by the preparer to the accounts payable department for review.
  
  **Message:** Provide AP More Info to Rectify Policy Shortpay
  
  **Result Type:** None
  
  **Required:** Yes
  
  **Prerequisite Activities:** Start, Build shortpay Notification Text, Inform Preparer
  
- **Set Exp Report Process to Start at AP Approval Process (Node 6)**
  This function activity updates the Start from Specified Process item attribute to indicate that the expense report should start at the AP Approval process.
  
  **Function:** AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.StartFromAPApproval
  
  **Result Type:** None
  
  **Required:** Yes
  
  **Prerequisite Activities:** Start, Build shortpay Notification Text, Inform Preparer
  
- **AP Standard Expense Report Process (Node 7)**
  This process activity manages the standard accounts payable expense report approval process.

  **See also:** Expense Report Workflow Processes.

  **Result Type:** Approval

  **Required:** Yes

  **Prerequisite Activities:** Start, Build Shortpay Notification Text, Inform Preparer

- **Delete Expense Report from Interface Tables (Node 8)**
  This function activity deletes the short paid expense report.
Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.DeleteExpenseReport
Result Type: None
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start, Build shortpay Notification Text, Inform Preparer

- **End (Nodes 9 and 10)**

  This function activity marks the end of the process. Although the activity itself does not have a result type, each node of this activity in the process must have a process result assigned to it. The process result is assigned in the property page of the activity node. Since the Policy Violation Shortpay process activity has a result type of Approval, each End activity node must have a process result matching one of the lookup codes in the Approval lookup type.

Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP
Result Type: None
Prerequisite Activities: Start

**Rejection Process**

The Rejection process informs the preparer or the accounts payable department that the expense report has been rejected by management. After modifying the report the preparer can resubmit the expense report for approval. However, if the expense report is not resubmitted within the time period specified, the report is deleted.

The Rejection process has a result type of AP Reject Process Result, which indicates that when the process completes, it has a result of Resubmit Report or Abort. This subprocess cannot be initiated as a top level process, it can only be run as a subprocess when called by another, higher level process. To view the properties of the Rejection process, select the process in the navigator tree, then choose Properties from the Edit menu.

The Rejection process has 7 different activities, one of which is reused, so 8 activity nodes appear in the workflow diagram. To examine the activities of the process in more detail, each node is numbered for easy referencing. The numbers themselves are not part of the process diagram.
The process begins at Node 1 with the Start activity. If the report was previously reviewed by the Payables department but rejected by management, a notification is sent to the Payables department (Node 3). The process then informs the preparer that the report has been rejected by management (Node 4). The process then pauses for a specified period of time until the expense report is resubmitted (Node 6). If the expense report is not resubmitted within the specified time period, it is deleted (Node 7).

Note: Rejected expense reports can be corrected and resubmitted.

Rejection Process Activities
This section provides a description of each activity in the process, listed by the activity's display name. Each node corresponds to an icon in the above illustration.

- **Start (Node 1)**
  This standard function activity marks the start of the process.
  Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP
  Result Type: None
  Required: Yes
  Prerequisite Activities: None
■ Expense Report Has Been Payables Reviewed (Node 2)

To indicate that it has reviewed an expense report, your accounts payable department checks the Reviewed by Payables check box in the Payables Expense Report window. This function activity determines whether this check box has been checked for an expense report.

Function: AP_WEB_Expense_WF.PayablesReviewed

Result Type: Yes/No

Required: Yes

Prerequisite Activities: Start

■ Inform AP Exp Report They Reviewed Is Mgr Rejected (Node 3)

This notification activity informs the accounts payable department that an expense report that the department previously reviewed has been rejected by management. It also suggests that any receipts Account Payables received be returned to the preparer.

Message: Exp Report Has Been Mgr Rejected but AP Reviewed

Result Type: None

Required: Yes

Prerequisite Activities: Start, Expense Report Has Been Payables Reviewed

■ Inform Preparer of Expense Report Rejection (Node 4)

This notification activity informs the preparer that an expense report has been rejected by management. It also provides instructions on how the preparer can modify and resubmit the rejected expense report for approval.

Message: Expense Report Rejection

Result Type: None

Required: Yes

Prerequisite Activities: Start, Expense Report Has Been Payables Reviewed
Expense Report Workflow Processes

- **Set Reject Status And Reset Attributes (Node 5)**
  
  This function activity updates the expense report to indicate that it has been rejected. To do this, the activity sets the value of the SOURCE column of the table AP_EXPENSE_REPORT_HEADERS to NonValidatedWebExpense. This activity also updates the Start from Specified Process item attribute and initiates the Server Side Validation process.

  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.SetRejectStatusAndResetAttr

  Result Type: None

  Required: Yes

  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Expense Report Has Been Payables Reviewed, Inform Preparer of Expense Report Rejection

- **Wait for Resubmission (Node 6)**

  This is a standard function activity that pauses the Rejection process until the employee fixes and resubmits the rejected expense report for approval. If a rejected expense report is not resubmitted before this activity “times out,” the process transitions to the Delete Expense Report From Interface Tables activity.

  You can specify any combination of days, hours, and minutes before this activity times out and the expense report is deleted from the system. For example, you can specify that employees have thirty days to resubmit a rejected expense report before it is deleted.

  **To specify a timeout for this function:**

  1. View the properties for the activity.
  2. Select the Node tab.
  3. Choose a Timeout period of Relative Time, then specify a number of days, hours, and minutes.
  4. Save your work.

  Function: WF_STANDARD.BLOCK

  Result Type: None

  Required: Yes

  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Expense Report Has Been Payables Reviewed, Inform Preparer of Expense Report Rejection, Set Reject Status and Reset Attributes
- **Delete Expense Report From Interface Tables (Node 7)**
  
  This function activity deletes the rejected expense report when the Wait for Resubmission activity times out.

  Function: AP_WEB_EXPENSE_WF.DeleteExpenseReport

  Result Type: None

  Required: Yes

  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Expense Report Has Been Payables Reviewed, Inform Preparer of Expense Report Rejection, Set Reject Status and Reset Attributes, Wait for Resubmission

- **End (Node 8 and 9)**
  
  This function activity marks the end of the process. Although the activity itself does not have a result type, each node of this activity in the process must have a process result assigned to it. The process result is assigned in the property page of the activity node. Since the Rejection process activity has a result type of AP Reject Process Result, each End activity node must have a process result matching one of the lookup codes in the AP Reject Process Result lookup type.

  Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP

  Result Type: None

  Prerequisite Activities: Start
Overview of the AP Credit Card Workflow

The AP Credit Card workflow consists of six processes and seven notifications that inform employees and managers of payments created for corporate credit card transactions, as well as any past due, disputed, aged, or unapproved transactions. Each process is independent of all the other processes, though they can be initiated at the same time. The notifications are sent to the person who prepared the expense report, the preparer’s manager, or both, depending on the purpose of the notification.

The AP Credit Card workflow is initiated when:

- A payment is created in Oracle Payables for credit card transactions.
- Payables Credit Card Outstanding Transactions Management (Details) or the Payables Credit Card Outstanding Transactions Management (Aging) report is run with the Send Notifications parameter set to Yes.

To enable the AP Credit Card workflow, you must set the profile option OIE: CC Payment Notify to Yes. This profile option only controls the notifications related to the AP Credit Card Workflow processes. See: Specifying Values for Internet Expenses Profile Options in Chapter 2, "Setting Up Applications for Internet Expenses".

To view the properties of the AP Credit Card process, select the process in the navigator tree, then choose Properties from the Edit menu.

These processes are associated with the AP Credit Card workflow:

- Aging Credit Card Transactions
- Unsubmitted Credit Card Transactions
- Unapproved Expense Report
- Payment to Card Issuer
- Payment to Employee
- Payment to Employee By Check

The AP Credit Card item type has several associated attributes. Some of these attributes reference expense report and employee information in the database tables AP_EXPENSE_REPORT_HEADERS and HR_EMPLOYEES. These attributes are used and maintained by the notification activities throughout the process.
AP Credit Card Workflow Item Type Attributes

This table lists the item type attributes of the AP Credit Card workflow. For more information, refer to AP Credit Card Process Activities.
## Overview of the AP Credit Card Workflow

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Display Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Length/Format/Lookup Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amount</td>
<td>The payment (reimbursement) amount.</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank Account</td>
<td>The name of the bank account to which the employee's reimbursement is sent via direct deposit.</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank Name</td>
<td>The name of the bank to which the employee's reimbursement is sent via direct deposit.</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Card Program ID</td>
<td>The Card Program ID number of the employee's corporate credit card.</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check Number</td>
<td>The number of the check sent to the employee as reimbursement for business expenses.</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credit Card Company</td>
<td>The name of the company issuing the corporate credit card.</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currency</td>
<td>The reimbursement currency.</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date 1</td>
<td>The beginning date that corporate credit card transactions were incurred.</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date 2</td>
<td>The ending date that corporate credit card transactions were incurred.</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date Object 1</td>
<td>From dispute date</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date Object 2</td>
<td>To dispute date</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employee Display Name</td>
<td>How the employee's name appears in notifications</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employee ID</td>
<td>The employee’s unique identification number</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employee Name</td>
<td>The employee’s name</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expense Report Number</td>
<td>The expense report for which the employee received reimbursement</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>List</td>
<td>List of disputed credit card transactions</td>
<td>Document</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manager Name</td>
<td>The manager’s name</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Overview of the AP Credit Card Workflow

Defining Workflow Processes

AP Credit Card Process Activities

This section provides a description of the activities in each process, listed by the activity’s display name. All of the processes except Unsubmitted Credit Card Transactions consist simply of a Start, a notification, and an End process. Therefore, only the Unsubmitted Credit Card Transactions process includes an illustration.

To avoid duplication, the Start and End activities are described only once in the Standard Function Activities section.

Standard Function Activities

**Start**  This standard function activity simply marks the start of the process.

Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP

Result Type: None

Required: Yes

Prerequisite Activities: None

**End**  This standard function activity simply marks the end of the process. Although the activity itself does not have a result type, each node of this activity in the process must have a process result assigned to it. The process result is assigned in the property page of the activity node.

Function: WF_STANDARD.NOOP

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Display Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Length/Format/Lookup Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Amount</td>
<td>The minimum amount of disputed transactions required to initiate the Notification of Outstanding Disputed Charges process</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Days</td>
<td>The number of days that corporate card transactions have been outstanding</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payment Date</td>
<td>The date payment was created for an approved expense report</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See also: Defining Workflow Process Components, Oracle Workflow Developer’s Guide
Overview of the AP Credit Card Workflow

Result Type: None
Prerequisite Activities: Start

Aging Credit Card Transactions Process
This process is initiated when an Oracle Payables user runs the Credit Card Outstanding Transactions Management (Aging) concurrent program with the Send Notifications parameter set to Yes.

This section provides a description of each activity in the process, listed by the activity’s display name. Each node corresponds to an icon shown in the above illustration.

■ Start (Node 1)
See: Standard Function Activities.

■ Inform Manager of Employee’s Credit Card Transactions with Aging (Node 2)
This notification activity informs managers when employees that report to them have outstanding corporate card transactions with aging that are not yet submitted in an expense report. This notification includes the employee’s name as well as the amount and currency of the unsubmitted transactions.
Message: Notification of Unsubmitted Transactions to Manager
Result Type: None
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start

■ Inform Employee of Credit Card Transactions with Aging (Node 3)
This notification activity informs employees of corporate credit card transactions with aging that have not been submitted in an expense report. This notification includes the dates the transactions took place, the amount and currency of the transactions, and the name of the card issuer.
Message: Notification of Unsubmitted Transactions
Result Type: None
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start

■ And (Node 4)
Overview of the AP Credit Card Workflow

This standard function activity merges the two branches in the Aging Credit Card Transactions process when all activities are complete.

Function: WF_STANDARD.ANDJOIN
Result Type: None
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start, Notification of Unsubmitted Transactions with Aging, Notification of Unsubmitted Transactions with Aging to Manager

- **End (Node 5)**
  See: Standard Function Activities.

**Unsubmitted Credit Card Transactions Process**
This process is initiated when an Oracle Payables user creates the Credit Card Outstanding Transactions Management (Details) report with the Send Notifications parameter set to Yes.

![Diagram of the AP Credit Card Workflow]

This section provides a description of each activity in the process, listed by the activity’s display name. Each node corresponds to an icon shown in the above illustration.

- **Start (Node 1)**
  See: Standard Function Activities.
- Notification of Unsubmitted Transactions to Manager (Node 2)
  This notification activity informs managers when employees that report to them have outstanding corporate card transactions not yet submitted in an expense report. This notification includes the employee’s name as well as the amount and currency of the unsubmitted transactions.
  
  Message: Notification of Unsubmitted Transactions to Manager
  Result Type: None
  Required: Yes
  Prerequisite Activities: Start

- Notification of Unsubmitted Transactions (Node 3)
  This notification activity informs employees of corporate credit card transactions that have not been included in an expense report. This notification includes the dates the transactions took place, the amount and currency of the transactions, and the name of the card issuer.
  
  Message: Notification of Unsubmitted Transactions
  Result Type: None
  Required: Yes
  Prerequisite Activities: Start

- And (Node 4)
  This standard function activity merges the two branches in the Unsubmitted Credit Card Transactions process when all activities are complete.
  
  Function: WF_STANDARD.ANDJOIN
  Result Type: None
  Required: Yes
  Prerequisite Activities: Start, Notification of Unsubmitted Transactions, Notification of Unsubmitted Transactions to Manager

- End (Node 5)
  See: Standard Function Activities.
Unapproved Expense Report Process
This process is initiated when an Oracle Payables user creates the Credit Card Outstanding Transactions Management (Details) report with the Send Notifications parameter set to Yes.

- **Start**
  See: Standard Function Activities.

- **Notification of Unapproved Report**
  This notification activity informs managers of submitted expense reports that require review. This notification includes the employee’s name, the report amount, and the expense report number for each report awaiting approval.

  - **Message:** Notification of Unapproved Report
    - **Result Type:** None
    - **Required:** Yes
    - **Prerequisite Activities:** Start

- **End**
  See: Standard Function Activities.

Payment to Card Issuer Process
This process is initiated when payment is created in Oracle Payables for an employee’s credit card transactions.

- **Start**
  See: Standard Function Activities.

- **Notification of Payment to Credit Card Issuer**
  This notification activity informs the employee that the company has remitted payment directly to the credit card issuer for the employee’s corporate credit card transactions. This notification includes the payment amount, currency, date, and the related expense report number.

  - **Message:** Notification of Payment to Credit Card Issuer
    - **Result Type:** None
    - **Required:** Yes
    - **Prerequisite Activities:** Start
End
See: Standard Function Activities.

Payment to Employee Process
This process is initiated when payment is created in Oracle Payables for an employee’s credit card transactions.

Start
See: Standard Function Activities.

Notification of Payment to Employee by Direct Deposit
This notification activity informs the employee that the company has remitted payment directly to the employee’s bank account via direct deposit for corporate credit card transactions. This notification includes the payment amount, bank account number, bank name, and the related expense report number.

Message: Notification of Payment to Employee by Direct Deposit
Result Type: None
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start

End
See: Standard Function Activities.

Payment to Employee by Check Process
This process is initiated when payment is created in Oracle Payables for an employee’s credit card transactions.

Start
See: Standard Function Activities.

Notification of Payment to Employee by Check
This notification activity informs the employee that the company has sent a check to the employee as reimbursement for corporate credit card transactions. This notification includes the payment amount, payment date, check number, employee name, and the related expense report number.

Message: Notification of Payment to Employee by Check
Result Type: None
Required: Yes
Prerequisite Activities: Start

- **End**

See: Standard Function Activities.
Initiating Deferred Workflow Processes

Deferred workflow processes handle notifications and time-consuming tasks that can be automated and placed in the background so that users can continue working in the application without waiting for the requested task to complete. These deferred workflow processes need at least one background engine to monitor background activities in order to ensure consistent processing. Therefore, you must submit a request to enable a concurrent program for workflow background processing.

To submit a request:
1. Using the Oracle Applications System Administrator responsibility, navigate to the Submit Requests form.
2. Submit the Workflow Background Process concurrent program as a request.
3. Schedule the process to repeat itself at appropriate intervals.

See also: Submitting a Request, Oracle Applications Users Guide

See also: Setting Up Oracle Workflow, Oracle Workflow Guide
A

Configuring the User Interface

This appendix describes the changes you can make to Internet Expenses pages using the Oracle Applications Personalization Framework.
Oracle Applications Personalization Framework

The Oracle Applications Personalization Framework allows administrators and users to personalize the display of Oracle Self-Service Web Applications without modifying the underlying code. In this way, you can make changes to the application display without affecting your ability to upgrade to future versions of the application. The OA Personalization Framework is available for all self-service applications built using the Oracle Applications Framework technology.

Oracle Applications for Internet Expenses no longer uses the Oracle Common Modules - AK application, except for workflow notifications, spreadsheet prompts, and the Blue-Gray version of Internet Expenses.

**Attention:** You can only make personalization changes to Internet Expenses Entry and Audit pages that are documented in this appendix, using the Oracle Applications Personalization Framework. Changes to Entry and Audit pages not described in this appendix and changes made outside of the OA Personalization Framework are not supported.

For more information about the Oracle Applications Personalization Framework, refer to these guides available on MetaLink:

- **OA Personalization Framework and OA Extensibility Framework Guide.** MetaLink Note number 210191.1.
- **Configuring and Troubleshooting the Self Service Framework with Oracle Applications.** Metalink Note number 139863.1.
- **Configuring and Troubleshooting the Self Service Framework 5.6 with Oracle Applications 11.5.7.** MetaLink Note number 186247.1.
- **Configuring and Troubleshooting the Self Service Framework 5.6 with Oracle Applications 11.5.8.** MetaLink Note number 205571.1.
Using the Personalization Framework with Internet Expenses

The OA Personalization Framework enables users to personalize your user interface at distinct levels of the application. This allows you to target changes to specific user and work environments. The personalization levels that apply to Internet Expenses are:

- **Localization level.** All personalizations at this level apply only to a designated localization of Internet Expenses, such as a specific country or language group.
- **Site level.** All personalizations at this level apply to all users of one installation of Internet Expenses.
- **Organization level.** All personalizations at this level apply to all users in one Org (either an organization or business unit).
- **Responsibility level.** All personalizations at this level apply to all users of the responsibility.
- **User level.** All personalizations at this level are entered by an individual user and apply to this end user only.

The Localization, Site, Organization, and Responsibility levels are collectively referred to as Administrator-Level (Admin-level) personalizations.

Internet Expenses supports these personalizations:

- **Admin-level personalizations:** Expenses Entry pages.
- **User-level personalizations:**
  - Expense Reports History page
  - Project and Task page
  - Audit Expense Reports pages
  - Manage Expense Reports pages

**See also:** Creating User-Level Personalizations, OA Personalization Framework and OA Extensibility Framework Guide

You make all personalization changes while logged in to Internet Expenses. Some restrictions may apply to personalization changes due to the controller class. A controller class is the code that controls how a page is rendered and how events are handled on the page. The restrictions are:
You cannot create new controller classes or modify existing controller classes. Any modifications to controller classes are not supported.

In some cases, the controller class for a given page may override your personalization settings.

The following section summarizes the personalizations that are allowed for each Expenses Entry page.
Admin-level Personalizations for Expenses Entry

This section describes the Admin-level personalization changes that you can make to the pages of the Internet Expenses responsibility. You can make some changes at the region level to apply to the entire page, while other changes apply to specific columns and/or tables.

---

**Note:** You cannot make these personalization changes to fields in the application:

- You cannot add a new field.
- You cannot change a field type. For example, you cannot change a poplist field to a list of values field, or a list of values field to a read-only field.

---

**Region Personalizations**

You can perform these personalizations:

- Control the number of rows to display per page for table data (only on pages that show Previous/Next icons).
- Provide a description of your personalization in all regions.
- Update the field label.

**Column Personalizations**

You can make some personalization changes to both single row and multi-row pages, and other changes to multi-row pages only. Within the Personalization Framework UI, if the page contains the field “Number of Rows Displayed”, then it is a multi-row page. Otherwise, it is a single row page.
Admin-level Personalizations for Expenses Entry

Basic Column Settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Personalization</th>
<th>Single Row</th>
<th>Multi-Row</th>
<th>Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Change the display order</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>You cannot change the sequence of the week-cycle set of columns. If, for example, you try to change Sunday - Saturday to Saturday - Friday in the Review Type table, the cell data will not readjust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show or hide specific columns or fields</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Do not hide a field or column that is required and does not contain a default value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Determine the column sort order (up to 3 levels)</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>This change is for searchable tables and the tables on the Active Expense Reports page only.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Advanced Column Settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Personalization</th>
<th>Single Row</th>
<th>Multi-Row</th>
<th>Restrictions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Change the column label</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>You must change all occurrences of the column label. For example, Reimbursement Currency on the General Information page has both a poplist entry and a text entry. If you change the name of the text entry, you must also change the name of the poplist entry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specify whether or not a column is required</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specify the CSS style for the column value</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default values</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>You cannot change the default value of any column. This restriction exists because all fields associated with an underlying View Object/View Attribute cannot be configured. In addition, the controller class may also set the default value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modify the Tip type</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modify the Tip message</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Many columns do not have associated tip text. You can add tip text by using a predefined tip message or creating your own tip messages.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Field Personalization Exceptions

The tables in this section describe the changes you can make to specific fields outside of the Basic and Advanced column settings. In a number of cases, the behavior of a particular field is controlled by a profile option setting or by the context in which a field is used. This may influence the personalization changes that you can make.

General Information page

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Personalization Attribute</th>
<th>Setup to Modify Behavior</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Purpose</td>
<td>Change required setting</td>
<td>OIE: Purpose Required</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Alternate Approver | Show or Hide/ Change required setting | OIE: Enable Approver  
|                |                                        | OIE: Approver Required                       |
|                |                                        | OIE: CC Approver Req                         |
Admin-level Personalizations for Expenses Entry

Credit Card page and Cash and Other Expenses page

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Personalization Attribute</th>
<th>Setup to Modify Behavior</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Project Number and Task Number</td>
<td>Show or Hide/Change required setting</td>
<td>OIE: Enable Projects Expense Template setup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Award Number</td>
<td>Show or Hide</td>
<td>OIE: Enable Projects Expense Template setup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Grants Accounting Integration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount Includes Tax and Tax Code</td>
<td>Show or Hide/Change required setting</td>
<td>OIE: Enable Tax Payables and Vendor setup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Justification</td>
<td>Change required setting</td>
<td>Expense Template setup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Per Diem fields</td>
<td>Show or Hide/Change required setting</td>
<td>Per Diem schedule setup Expense Fields setup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mileage fields</td>
<td>Show or Hide/Change required setting</td>
<td>Mileage schedule setup Expense Fields setup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Per Diem and Non-Mileage fields</td>
<td>Show or Hide/Change required setting</td>
<td>Expense Fields setup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VAT fields</td>
<td>Show or Hide/Change required setting</td>
<td>OIE: Enable Tax VAT setup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost center</td>
<td>Show or Hide</td>
<td>OIE: Enable Line Accounting</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This appendix describes the Internet Expenses Audit responsibility, including how to audit expense reports and manage expense report auditors.
Internet Expenses Audit Pages

Internet Expenses Audit provides two pages for auditing expense reports:

- Audit Expense Reports
- Manage Expense Reports

The Audit Expense Reports page displays the detailed information of a single expense report for you to conduct an audit. Click on the Manage Expense Reports subtab or the Advanced Search link in the Audit Expense Reports page to display the Manage Expense Reports page. The Manage Expense Reports page displays a table of expense report headers that matches either the view you have selected or the advance search query criteria you have entered. You can click on an expense report number in the Manage Expense Reports page to drill down to the expense report in the Audit Expense Reports page.

If your expense report audit process is receipt-based, then most of the time you will use the Audit Expense Report page. You can enter an expense report number in the quick search field, then click Go to display and audit the report.

If you are making use of paperless audit and auditing expense reports from the audit queue, then you first use the Manage Expense Reports page to identify expense reports for audit, then click on a report number link to audit the report. To streamline this process, you can define a personalized view that contains your audit queue.

Using Personalizable Views

You can create personalizable views in the Audit Expense Reports page and the Manage Expense Reports page. You can personalize the table display in these ways:

- Show/hide specific rows or columns
- Change column order
- Change column labels
- Determine the sort order
- Determine the number of rows displayed per page

You can also set a default personalized view. When you access the page, Internet Expenses displays information using the default view. The Audit Expense Reports page has these seeded views:

- Expense Lines
- Accommodations
- Airfare
- Car Rental
The Expense Lines view displays receipt-level information. The other views display information specific to an expense category.

Creating a Paperless Audit View

The Manage Expense Reports page has one seeded view: Paperless Audit Queue. This view shows all expense reports that require paperless audit. If you are auditing expense reports from the audit queue, you can define your own default view that shows your audit queue and then set this as your default view.

To create a paperless audit view:
1. Navigate to the Manage Expense Reports page.
2. Select the “Show table data when all conditions are met” radio button.
3. Select Auditor is yourself.
4. Choose Requires Paperless Audit? from the Add Column poplist and click Add.
5. Select Requires Paperless Audit? is yes.
6. Click Go to display the resulting data.
7. Click Save Search to navigate to the Create View page.
8. Enter a View Name.
9. Enter the Number of Rows Displayed.
10. Check the Set as Default box to set this as the default view.
11. Use the Create View page to apply any other changes that you want to the view.
12. Click Apply. Internet Expenses saves the view and displays the complete list of views.
13. You can use the Return to Audit Expense Report Search link to return to the Manage Expense Reports page.
Managing Paperless Audit

The audit manager defines and maintains the list of audit queue auditors and how much time they devote to paperless audit. Paperless audit refers to auditing expense reports from the audit queue without the receipt package. You can create an audit rule set that determines when expense reports are routed for paperless audit.

Based on the audit queue auditor setup, the Internet Expenses audit queue engine assigns expense reports requiring paperless audit to the audit queue auditor with the smallest workload. The engine takes into account the audit queue auditor’s workload, the number of expense reports in each auditor’s queue, and the complexity of the expense report. Audit queue auditors are considered active if their workload for the day is greater than 0 and they have a valid audit queue security profile assignment.

You can create new auditors using the Auditors page under the Auditor Setup tab. The Auditors page displays the current list of audit queue auditors, each auditor’s workload, the report count of each auditor’s audit queue, and each auditor’s security profile. Auditors can access expense reports of multiple operating units based on the MO: Security Profile profile option value of the Internet Expenses Audit Responsibility. The security profile determines the operating units that each audit queue auditor receives expense reports from for paperless audit. The security profile list of values shows all the security profiles assigned to the Internet Expenses Audit responsibilities that the auditor can access. If the audit queue auditor has only one Audit Responsibility with a security profile, the list of values contains only this one entry.

Fall-Back Auditor

If an expense report is routed for paperless audit from an operating unit that none of the active audit queue auditors can access, the audit queue engine assigns the expense report to the fall-back auditor. The fall-back auditor is a seeded audit queue auditor that you cannot delete from the system. If you do not want the audit queue engine to assign expense reports to the fall-back auditor, you must ensure that you have active audit queue auditors for every operating unit in your enterprise where employees submit expense reports.

Redistributing the Audit Queue

To redistribute the expense reports in an auditor’s audit queue, click the Redistribute icon. Internet Expenses redistributes the expense reports to active audit queue auditors with access to the same operating unit. Internet Expenses assigns all expense reports that do not match an active auditor to the fall-back auditor. You can try to redistribute the fall-back auditor’s audit queue by clicking the Redistribute
icon. If the queue count does not decrease, this means that none of the active audit queue auditors can access the expense reports in the fall-back auditor’s queue. You can then redistribute the fall-back auditor queue manually, by displaying the corresponding expense reports in the Manage Expense Reports page and entering a new auditor name in the Auditor fields.

If you change the security profile assignment for the responsibility an audit queue auditor uses to access Internet Expense Audit to perform paperless audit, it is possible that the auditor would lose access to the expense reports in his/her audit queue. To ensure that audit queue auditors always have access to the expense reports in their audit queue, run the Redistribute Orphaned Audit Expense Reports program each time you change the MO: Security Profile profile option for the Internet Expenses Audit responsibilities. This program reassigns the expense reports as necessary to ensure that each audit queue auditor can access the expense reports in his/her audit queue.
Auditing Expense Reports

Use the Audit Expense Reports page to audit an expense report. The header region contains two optional fields to help manage receipt package information:

- Receipt Package Received Date
- Report Filing Number

Use the Receipt Package Received Date field to track how long it takes the AP department to receive the expense report receipt package. When you first query an expense report, Internet Expenses defaults the system date in this field, if there is no receipt package received date. You can update the default value. If you are using an audit list rule set with the “Receipt package received after the maximum number of days” option, you must ensure that auditors update this field for all expense reports, including both auto-approved expense reports and expense reports routed for paperless audit.

Use the Report Filing Number field for additional information about where the receipt package is stored.

To audit an expense report:

1. In the Audit Expense Reports Page, query the expense report you want to review, audit, or approve. The Show/Hide setting is saved if the application user is defined as an HR employee.

2. Check the Receipt Verified box for each line item that the accounts payable department has both a valid receipt and all required information. If a line item requires a receipt and the receipt is not verified, the item is subject to shortpay. You can use the Set All Receipts Verified poplist to check or uncheck the Receipt Verified box for all expense lines.

   **Note:** If an expense item does not require a receipt and if the Receipt Required check box is not checked, then you do not need to check the Receipt Verified check box. We recommend that you do not adjust the Receipt Missing check box, since this value is entered by the employee to indicate that an original receipt was not available for submission.

3. If an expense item is not reimbursable under your current policy guidelines, or if you want to adjust the amount for another reason, then adjust the amount of the expense item in the Amount field. Include an Adjustment Reason to the
Shortpay Reason and Shortpay Comment columns. If appropriate, use the Receipt Verified check box to indicate if your accounts payable department has received a valid receipt for this item from the employee. If the expense item requires a receipt and if the receipt is not verified, then the item is subject to shortpay.

**Note:** The Allowable Amount field only contains a value if the receipt for the Accommodations, Car Rental, Meals, or Miscellaneous categories contains a policy violation.

Oracle Workflow, in its standard configuration, will automatically notify the employee of an adjustment to the expense report when you save your changes. The workflow notification only includes the Shortpay Comment.

4. If an employee does not provide sufficient information for an expense item, you can shortpay the expense item. To shortpay an expense item due to insufficient information, include a Shortpay Reason and Shortpay Comment indicating what information the employee needs to provide, and check the Policy Violation Shortpay check box.

5. If appropriate, check the Receipt Verified check box for the expense item. Oracle Workflow, in its standard configuration, will automatically notify the employee to provide the missing information about the item to the accounts payable department.

6. Use the seeded views (Accommodations, Airfare, Car Rental, Meals, Mileage, Per Diem) to review information specific to an expense category.

**Note:** If you change any information at the receipt lines, you must save the changes before you can change the view.

7. If you want to add this employee to the audit list, click the Always Audit Employee button.

8. After completing your review and audit of an expense report, including receipt verification and adjustment, click the Complete Audit button. Once you click Complete Audit, you cannot change the receipt level information of the expense report.
Auditing Expense Reports
This appendix describes the corporate credit card process flows in Internet Expenses.
Credit Card Process Flows

When you implement the corporate credit card functionality for Internet Expenses, one of the essential decisions you need to make is whether your company or your employees are responsible for paying the credit card provider. The three payment options which you can implement in Internet Expenses are:

- **Individual Pay.** Employee pays the credit card provider for all credit card transactions
- **Both Pay.** The employee pays the credit card provider for personal expenses, and your company pays the credit card provider for business expenses.
- **Company Pay.** Company pays the credit card provider for all transactions.

The entire credit card transactions process flow is different for each of the three payment options. This section provides examples of the transactions process flow for each payment option. For the examples, assume that an employee reports both cash and other expenses, and categorizes credit card transactions as both business and personal when creating and submitting the expense report.

For information about setting up credit cards for use with Internet Expenses, see: Establishing Corporate Credit Cards.

**See also:** Expense Reports and Credit Cards, *Oracle Payables User Guide*
Individual Pay

The individual pay scenario is the most simple of the three options. Whether a user identifies credit card transactions as business or personal expenses, the user pays the credit card provider for all transactions. When the employee creates an expense report, only those transactions designated as business are reported on the expense report. Therefore, the employee is eventually reimbursed by their employer for those credit card business expenses.

To process credit card transactions:

1. Obtain the credit card transactions data file from your credit card provider.

2. Load the credit card transactions data file.

   There are four loader programs that are available for use if you use one of the designated credit card providers. Transactions are loaded in the AP_CREDIT_CARD_TRXNS_ALL database table.

3. Validate the credit card transactions.

   After you have successfully loaded the transactions, run the Credit Card Transaction Validation Report program. Once transactions are validated, users can then add them to expense reports.

4. Create and submit expense report.

   When users create expense reports, they select the credit card transactions that they want to submit on an expense report. During this step, users determine if transactions are business or personal expenses. By default, transactions are flagged as Business. Users will only be reimbursed by their employers for business expenses. Once processed on an expense report, credit card transactions are no longer available in the list of transactions to be added to expense reports. This is true for both business and personal expenses.

5. Approve and Review Expense Reports.

   After the user submits the expense report, the manager needs to approve the expense report. After the manager has approved the expense report, then your expense report needs to be verified to ensure that required receipts are sent in

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Note: Oracle Payables comes seeded with four Request Sets so that you can perform steps 2 and 3 at the same time.
and that the expense report is in compliance with your company's business policies.

6. Import the Expense Reports into Payables.

After the expense report has been approved and reviewed, it is ready to be imported into Payables as an invoice. To create the invoice due to the employee, you need to select the Source of 'Oracle Internet Expenses' when you run the Expense Report Import program.

This diagram illustrates the Individual Pay Scenario.

---

**Notes:**

The assumption for this illustration is that the employee enters both cash and other expenses, as well as credit card expenses.
Both Pay Scenario

For the Both Pay scenario, your company pays the credit card provider for transactions that are categorized as business expenses. Employees are expected to pay the credit card provider for all credit card transactions reported as personal expenses. As shown in the illustration, an invoice cannot be created for the credit card provider until the expense report is imported into Oracle Payables as an invoice.

To process a Both Pay expense report:
1. Obtain the credit card transactions data file from your credit card provider.
2. Load the credit card transactions data file.
3. Validate the credit card transactions.
4. Create and submit expense report.
   When users create expense reports, they select the credit card transactions that they want to submit on an expense report. For the Both Pay Scenario, users will only be reimbursed by their employers for cash and other business expenses. Once processed on an expense report, credit card transactions are no longer available in the list of transactions to be added to expense reports. This is true for both business and personal expenses.
5. Approve and review expense reports.
   Once the Payables review process is complete for an expense report, the expense report immediately splits into two expense reports. The cash and other expenses remain on the original expense report while a new “expense report” is created for the business expenses. This expense report has the same number as the original expense report appended with “.1”.
6. Import the expense reports into payables.
   To create the invoice due to the employer, you need to select the Source of ‘Oracle Internet Expenses’ when you run the Expense Report Import program. To create the invoice due to the credit card provider, you need to select the Source of ‘Credit Card’ when you run the Expense Report Import program.
This diagram illustrates the Both Pay Scenario.

Notes:
The assumption for this illustration is that the employee enters both cash and other expenses, as well as credit card expenses.
Company Pay Scenario

For the Company Pay scenario, employers pay for all credit card transactions incurred by their employees. Employees are only reimbursed for cash and other (out of pocket) business expenses. Credit card transactions reported as business expenses have no effect on the amount that is reimbursed to the employee. On the other hand, if an employee reports any transactions as personal expenses, these transactions are offset against any cash and other expenses reported on the expense report. In other words, the amount reimbursable to the employee will be reduced by the amount of credit card personal expenses.

To process a Company Pay expense report:
  1. Obtain the credit card transactions data file from your credit card provider.
  2. Load the credit card transactions data file.
  3. Validate the credit card transactions.
  4. Create the credit card provider invoice.

   To create the credit card provider invoice, you need to run the Create Credit Card Invoice Interface program in Oracle Payables.

  5. Import the credit card provider invoice.

   To import the credit card provider invoice into Oracle Payables, you need to run the Payables Open Interface Import program. When you run this program, you must specify ‘Credit Card’ as the Source.

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**Note:** It is not necessary to run this step immediately after the invoice is created in the open interface tables. However, until you perform this step, you will not be able to pay your credit card provider.

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6. Create and submit expense report.

   When users create expense reports, they select the credit card transactions that they want to submit on an expense report. During this step, users determine if transactions are business or personal expenses. Users will be reimbursed by their employers for only cash and other business expenses. (Cash and other expenses represents expenses that were not charged to the company credit card but are business expenses.) They will not be reimbursed for any business credit card expenses. Credit card transactions designated as personal expenses will
reduce the amount that the employee will be reimbursed. Once processed on an expense report, credit card transactions are no longer available in the list of transactions to be added to expense reports. This is true for both business and personal expenses.

7. Approve and Review Expense Reports.
For both the manager approval and expense report audit/review, any credit card transactions designated as personal expenses will be listed as a separate negative line item on the expense report. This negative line item will have an expense type of "Personal".

8. Import the Expense Reports into Payables.
To create the invoice due to the employee, you need to select the Source of ‘Oracle Internet Expenses’ when you run the Expense Report Import program. When the employee invoice is created, an API is called that is used to account for expense reports when the Company Pay option is used.
This diagram illustrates the Company Pay Scenario:

- Credit Card Issuer
  - Load and Validate CC Transactions
  - Run Create Credit Card Interface Summary Program
  - Create Invoice
  - Run Payables Open Interface Import Program
  - Invoice due to Credit Card Issuer

- Employee
  - Create Expense Report
  - Submit Expense Report
  - Manager, Payables Approves
  - Run Payables Invoice Import
  - Invoice due to Employee
  - Reimbursed Employee

*Note: Credit card transactions cannot be viewed/adDED to expense reports until the Create Credit Card Interface Interface Summary program has been run.

The assumption for this illustration is that the employee enters both cash and credit card expenses, as well as credit card expenses.*
Credit Card Processing Steps

This section discusses the tasks that you must perform to process credit card transactions.

Obtaining the Credit Card Transactions Data File

Make arrangements with your credit card provider to receive daily or monthly credit card transaction data files. You can use various mechanisms to receive the data files such as by using file transfer protocol (ftp). When you receive the files, be sure to save them with unique names to a secure network directory so that you do not overwrite any existing data files.

Loading the Credit Card Transactions Data File

Depending on which credit card program your company uses, run one of these four programs to load the credit card transactions in the system:

- American Express Loader Transaction
- Diner’s Club Loader Transaction
- US Bank Visa Loader Transaction
- MasterCard Loader Transaction

To run these programs, from the Submit Request window specify the Name of the program. In the Parameters window specify the exact directory path where you stored the data file.

Note: For the US Bank and MasterCard loader programs, you first need to run the Credit Card Transaction Loader Preformat program. Also, for these two credit card programs, instead of specifying the data file path in the loader programs, you specify the path in the Preformat program. In addition, you need to specify an Output Data File path.

Validating the Credit Card Transactions

After you have successfully loaded credit card transactions into the system, you need to validate the transactions. To perform this step, you need to run the Credit Card Transactions Validation program. To run this program, from the Submit Request window specify the name of this program. In the Parameters window,
select the correct Card Program. You can also specify the Transaction Start Date and Transaction End Date to limit the range of transactions that are validated.

The Credit Card Transactions Validation Report concurrent program validates credit card transactions and issues a report of invalid transactions. This report lists all invalid credit card transactions in the AP_CREDIT_CARD_TRXNS_ALL table. At the end it also gives the total number of transactions processed, the total number of invalid transactions, and the total number validated.

The Credit Card Transactions Validation Report lists invalid transactions according to one of these rejection reasons:

- **Duplicate Transactions.** Another transaction already exists with the same card program ID, card number, and reference number.
- **Invalid Billed Amounts.** The billed amount of the transaction is either null or less than or equal to 0.
- **Invalid Billed Currency Codes.** The billed currency code of the transaction is not recognized.
- **Invalid Billed Date.** The billed date of the transaction is null.
- **Invalid Card Numbers.** The credit card number does not match a defined credit card.
- **Invalid Merchant Names.** The merchant name of the transaction is null.
- **Invalid Posted Currency Codes.** The transaction amount is either null or less than or equal to 0.
- **Invalid Transaction Dates.** The date of the transaction is null.

You submit this report from the Submit Requests window.

**Note:** You can perform the load and validate steps in one step by running one of these seeded Request Sets from the Submit Request Set window:

- American Express Transaction Load and Validate
- Diner’s Club Transaction Load and Validate
- US Bank Visa Transaction Preformat, Load, and Validate
- MasterCard Preformat, Load, and Validate
Creating the Credit Card Provider Invoice

For the Company Pay payment option only, you must perform this step. To create the invoice due to the credit card provider, run the Create Credit Card Invoice Interface program in Oracle Payables. To run this program, you must specify the credit card program. You can optionally specify the From Billing Date and To Billing Date to limit the range of transactions that are picked up by the program. After this program completes successfully, a single invoice is created in the Oracle Payables open interface table. Specifically, the invoice is created in the AP_INVOICES_INTERFACE and the invoice lines are created in the AP_INVOICE_LINES_INTERFACE table.

In addition to creating the invoice, the invoice id is also copied back to the credit card transactions that were used to create the invoice. Specifically, the invoice id is copied to the company_prepaid_invoice_id column of the AP_CREDIT_CARD_TRXNS_ALL database table.

**Attention:** Until the invoice ID is copied to the credit card transactions, users will not be able to view the credit card transactions when they are creating an expense report. Also, you must first set up the Expenses Clearing account in the Payables Financial Options window.

After the invoice is created in the open interface tables, run the Payables Open Interface program to import the invoice into Oracle Payables.

Creating and Submitting an Expense Report

This step and the next step are performed by your self-service users. When they create an expense report, they have the option to categorize credit card transactions as business or personal expenses. Depending on the payment scenario your company uses, how employees categorize the transactions will determine how much the employee is reimbursed, as well as who pays the credit card provider. After the expense report is complete, users then submit the expense report for approval.

Approving and Reviewing Expense Reports

Once submitted, managers need to approve the expense reports. After approval, the expense reports need to be reviewed for business policy compliance and also to
verify that all required receipts have been received. Once this process is done, the expense reports are ready to be imported into Oracle Payables as invoices.

Importing the Expense Report into Oracle Payables

To perform this step, from the Submit Request window select the Expense Report Import program in Oracle Payables. Among other parameters, you must select the Source of Oracle Internet Expenses. This process imports the expense report into Oracle Payables as an invoice.

For the Both Pay payment scenario only, you must run this program twice for each expense report. You first run it with the Source of Oracle Internet Expenses to create the invoice due to the employee for cash and other expenses. You then must run it with the Source of Credit Card to create the invoice due to the credit card provider.
Company Pay Credit Card Transactions Accounting

When you use the Company Pay scenario, accounting for credit card transactions is different from the other two payment options. If you use either the Individual Pay or Both Pay options, credit card transactions are not accounted for until the expense report is imported into Payables as an invoice. For Company Pay, there are two stages of the entire credit card transactions process that involve accounting activity. The first stage is when the credit card provider invoice is created, and the second stage is when employee expense reports are imported into Payables.

By its very nature, the Company Pay option requires accounting estimates to properly record credit card transaction expenses to your general ledger. To illustrate, when the credit card provider invoice is created, you will not know at that point what is the actual accounting for these transactions. Therefore, to properly account for credit card transactions, you first need to record the accounting activity to a clearing account. Then, when the expense reports are imported into Payables, you can record the actual expenses to the proper general ledger accounts with offsetting entries to the clearing account.

To facilitate accounting for credit card transactions, a GL Account field has been developed just for accounting for Internet Expenses credit card transactions. Specifically, this GL Account is the Expenses Clearing field on the Oracle Payables Financial Options window.

When you define the Expenses Clearing account, you should evaluate your business process before you select the proper natural account segment. Specifically, you need to determine which Account Type the natural account segment should be. (The Account Type is determined when you define your accounting segments in the Qualifiers field of the Segment Values window.) Given that most if not all of the transactions will represent business expenses, you might want to define this account as an Expense Account Type. Then, once the credit card provider’s invoice is created, the credit card transactions would be immediately recorded to the income statement.

As for the activity in the Expenses Clearing account, there most likely will be timing differences between when the credit card transactions are first recorded, and when the actual accounting is determined via the expense reports. To illustrate, if all credit card transactions are submitted on expense reports AND the expense reports are all imported as invoices into Payables in the same period as when the credit card provider’s invoice was created, the balance in the Expenses Clearing account will be unchanged for the accounting period. On the other hand, if all expense reports are not imported as invoices in the same accounting period as when the invoice is
created, these are considered timing differences and there will be net changes to the clearing account.

If there are timing differences, you may need to record reversing journal entries to properly record expenses in the accounting period in which they were incurred. In other words, you may need to create reversing entries at the end of each accounting period to estimate to which GL expense accounts the transactions will eventually be recorded. You should also take into consideration any personal expenses that may be reported when you create reversing journal entries.

In addition to recording estimates of expenses, it is recommended that you reconcile credit card transactions each accounting period. You will need to establish a business process to perform this activity. To properly perform your reconciliation, take into account these considerations:

■ Beginning balance for the expenses clearing account
■ Transactions charged to the clearing account for the accounting period
■ Expenses cleared from the account when expense reports are imported into Payables
■ Ending balance for the expenses clearing account
Accounting for Credit Card Transactions

The accounting entries that are created will be different depending on which payment option is used. To illustrate the accounting entries, assume that an expense report was created with these details:

- Cash and Other Expenses: $500
- Credit Card Business Expenses: $650
- Credit Card Personal Expenses: $299

Also, assume that the total credit card transactions received from the credit card provider was $949 (the sum of the business and personal expenses). In addition, assume that there are no employee advances applied to the expense report. This table summarizes who will be invoiced based on the payment scenario.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Payment Scenario</th>
<th>Report Total *</th>
<th>Amount Due Employee</th>
<th>Amount Due Credit Card Company</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Individual Pay</td>
<td>1,150.00</td>
<td>1,150.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Both Pay</td>
<td>1,150.00</td>
<td>500.00</td>
<td>650.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Company Pay</td>
<td>1,150.00</td>
<td>201.00</td>
<td>949.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* The report total only includes cash and other expenses and credit card business expenses.

When the employee’s invoice is first imported into Payables, the invoice amount at the header level will equal the Amount Due Employee as noted above. This table describes the complete accounting for all invoices created (note that all lines shown as expense lines, whether business or personal, represent the invoice distribution lines for the invoices):

**Individual Pay**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Expense Line</th>
<th>Debit</th>
<th>Credit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OOP Business Expense</td>
<td>500.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC Business Expense</td>
<td>650.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liability (due to employee)</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,150.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Both Pay

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Expense Line</th>
<th>Debit</th>
<th>Credit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OOP Business Expense</td>
<td>500.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liability (due to Employee)</td>
<td></td>
<td>500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC Business Expense</td>
<td>650.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liability (due to cc provider)</td>
<td></td>
<td>650.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Company Pay 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Expense Line</th>
<th>Debit</th>
<th>Credit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Expense Clearing account</td>
<td>949.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liability (credit card provider)</td>
<td></td>
<td>949.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To create invoice due to a credit card provider. Note that all credit card transactions are charged to the Expenses Clearing account. This is always the case.

Company Pay 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Expense Line</th>
<th>Debit</th>
<th>Credit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OOP business expense</td>
<td>500.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC business expense</td>
<td>650.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC business expense clearing a/c offset</td>
<td></td>
<td>650.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC personal Expenses</td>
<td>299.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liability (due to employee)</td>
<td>201.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To create invoice due to an employee.

As outlined above, when the Company Pay payment scenario is used, there are two different points in the process when accounting entries are created in relation to the
clearing account. The first accounting entry is created when the invoice due to the credit card provider is created.

The second accounting entry is created once a user submits their expense report and it is imported into Payables by running Expense Report Import. The first four lines in the accounting entry are the actual lines that you will see in the invoice Distributions window in Payables for the invoice due to the employee.
Managing Credit Card Transactions

When your company uses either the Both Pay or Company Pay payment scenario, you need a way to ensure that employees are submitting the credit card transactions on expense reports in a timely basis. This is necessary since employees will have less incentive to process transactions in a timely basis since they are not responsible for paying the credit card issuer except for personal transactions in the Both Pay scenario.

To help you ensure timely submission of credit card transactions on expense reports, use the Credit Card Outstanding Transactions Management (Details) report and the Credit Card Outstanding Transactions Management (Aging) report. These reports provide managers with information about credit card transactions that have not been processed on expense reports and generate notifications to employees and managers for transactions not processed.

See also: Managing Credit Card Outstanding Transactions, Oracle Payables User Guide
This appendix lists all of the programs and reports in Oracle Payables and Internet Expenses that are available for use with expense report management, credit card management, and procurement card management.
Oracle Payables Programs and Reports

Oracle Payables provides a number of programs and reports for use with Internet Expenses. This section provides a brief description of each program and report. For detailed information about using these programs and reports, please refer to the appropriate documentation in the Oracle Payables User Guide.

Internet Expenses

**Expense Report Template Listing.** This report prints a listing of all the expense report templates that you have defined.

**Expense Report Import Program.** This program creates Payables invoices from expense reports. You can then use Oracle Payables to validate and pay your invoices, and create accounting entries.

**Expense Report Import Report.** This report prints detailed information for expense report invoice that Payables imports during the run of the Expense Report Import program.

**Exceptions Report.** This report prints the exceptions that occurred during the run of the Expense Report Import program. This report is generated automatically by the Expense Report Import program, and is included in the Expense Report Import report.

**Payments Applied Report.** This report prints the advances (prepayments) applied to expense reports during the run of the Expense Report Import program. This report is generated automatically by the Expense Report Import program when you choose to apply advances, and is included in the Expense Report Import report.

See also: Expense Report Templates, *Oracle Payables User Guide*

See also: Expense Reports, *Oracle Payables User Guide*
Procurement Cards

Procurement Card Transactions Validation program. This program validates the procurement card transactions imported from your card issuer.

Procurement Card Transactions Validation report. This report prints a listing of all transactions validated during the run of the Procurement Card Transactions Validation program, and all transactions that could not be validated.

Create Procurement Card Issuer Invoice. This program creates invoices for your procurement card issuers in the Payables open interface tables.

Procurement Card Transactions Verification Process. This program initiates the AP Procurement Card Employee Verification workflow. This workflow determines whether Oracle Workflow notifies a card holder of transactions created with the card holder’s card, and also determines if the card holder is required to verify transactions.

Procurement Card Transactions Approval Process. This program initiates the AP Procurement Card Manager Approval Transaction workflow. This workflow determines whether Oracle Workflow notifies a manager of transactions created by a direct report’s procurement card, and also determines if the manager must approve the transactions.

See also: Procurement Card Management, Oracle Payables User Guide
Credit Cards

**Credit Card Transactions Loader Preformat program.** This program converts US Bank Visa and MasterCard transaction data into the correct format for loading into the AP_CREDIT_CARD_TRXNS_ALL table. This program is a prerequisite for US Bank Visa and MasterCard data only.

**MasterCard Transactions Loader program.** This program imports MasterCard transaction data into the AP_CREDIT_CARD_TRXNS_ALL table. You must run the Credit Card Transactions Loader Preformat program on MasterCard data first before running this program.

**US Bank Visa Transactions Loader program.** This program imports US Bank Visa transaction data into the AP_CREDIT_CARD_TRXNS_ALL table. You must run the Credit Card Transactions Loader Preformat program on US Bank Visa data first before running this program.

**Diner's Club Transactions Loader program.** This program imports Diner’s Club transaction data into the AP_CREDIT_CARD_TRXNS_ALL table.

**American Express Transactions Loader program.** This program imports American Express transaction data into the AP_CREDIT_CARD_TRXNS_ALL table.

**Credit Card Transactions Validation program.** This program validates a card issuer’s credit card transaction data that is loaded into the AP_CREDIT_CARD_TRXNS_ALL table.

**Credit Card Transactions Validation report.** This report prints a listing of all transactions validated during the run of the Credit Card Transactions Validation program, and all transactions that could not be validated.

**Create Credit Card Issuer Invoice.** This program creates invoices for your credit card issuers in the Payables open interface tables. You only use this program if your enterprise uses the Company Pay reimbursement policy.

**Credit Card Outstanding Transactions Management (Details) program and report.** This program and report generates detailed information about the outstanding transactions of a particular credit card program.

**Credit Card Outstanding Transactions Summary Report.** This report prints summary transaction information of a particular credit card for one or more employees.

**Credit Card Outstanding Transactions Management (Aging) program and report.** This program and report generates aging information on outstanding transactions of a particular credit card for one or more employees, and generates notifications to employees and managers.
Audit

**Reassign Inaccessible Expense Reports Program.** This program reassigns expense reports to auditors to ensure that each audit queue auditor can access their own expense reports. You should run this program whenever you change the MO: Security Profile profile option for the Internet Expenses Audit responsibilities.

**See also:** Credit Card Management, *Oracle Payables User Guide*
Internet Expenses Programs and Reports

Expense Analysis and Reporting

The Expense Analysis and Reporting responsibility provides managers with a dedicated tool for reviewing expense reports and company policy violations. The Expense Analysis and Reporting link takes you to the Expenses And Violations Reporting page to run expense analysis reports.

Use the Expenses and Violations Reporting page to review company expenses and trends in policy violations. The page provides a Search function for displaying expense report and policy violation data, and displays data according to the view you select. You can review data by Management Hierarchy, Expense Category, Violation Type, and Employee.

An expense report is available for viewing using the Expense Analysis and Reporting tool once workflow has completed. Whenever you purge the Expense Report interface tables, this data is no longer available for review by Expense Analysis and Reporting.

Expense Analysis and Reporting provides these views of expense report and policy violation data:

- **By Management Hierarchy.** Displays expenses and policy violations for a manager and all direct reports to the manager.

- **By Expense Category.** Displays expenses and policy violations by one or more expense categories.

- **By Violation Type.** Displays expenses and policy violations by one or more violation types.

- **By Employee.** Displays an employee’s expense reports for a designated period. You can also view the employee’s expense reports by cost center and expense category.
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