Oracle® Marketing

Implementation and Administration Guide Release 11*i*

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Oracle Marketing Implementation and Administration Guide, Release 11i

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Oracle Marketing Implementation and Administration Guide, Release 11*i* Part No. B25005-01

Oracle welcomes your comments and suggestions on the quality and usefulness of this publication. Your input is an important part of the information used for revision.

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Preface

Intended Audience

Welcome to Release 11i of the Oracle Marketing Implementation and Administration Guide.

Welcome to the Oracle Marketing Implementation and Administration Guide, Release 11i.

This guide assumes you have a working knowledge of the following:

- The principles and customary practices of your business area.
- Oracle Marketing

If you have never used Oracle Marketing, Oracle suggests you attend one or more of the Oracle Applications training classes available through Oracle University.

Oracle Self-Service Web Applications

To learn more about Oracle Self-Service Web Applications, read the Oracle Self-Service Web Applications Implementation Manual.

• The Oracle Applications graphical user interface.

To learn more about the Oracle Applications graphical user interface, read the Oracle Applications User's Guide.

See Other Information Sources for more information about Oracle Applications product information.

See Related Documents on page xiv for more Oracle Applications product information.

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Structure

- 1 Product Overview
- 2 Oracle E-Business Suite Dependencies
- 3 Implementing and Administering Oracle Marketing Common Components
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- D Oracle Marketing List Import Field Reference
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- F Seeded Data Source and Data Source Attribute Reference

Related Documents

Oracle Marketing shares business and setup information with other Oracle Applications products. Therefore, you may want to refer to other guides when you set up and use Oracle Marketing.

You can read the guides online by choosing Library from the expandable menu on your HTML help window, by reading from the Oracle Applications Document Library CD included in your media pack, or by using a Web browser with a URL that your system administrator provides.

If you require printed guides, you can purchase them from the Oracle Store at http://oraclestore.oracle.com.

Guides Related to All Products

Oracle Applications User's Guide

This guide explains how to enter data, query, run reports, and navigate using the graphical user interface (GUI). This guide also includes information on setting user profiles, as well as running and reviewing reports and concurrent processes. You can access this user's guide online by choosing "Getting Started with Oracle Applications" from any Oracle Applications help file.

Guides Related to This Product

Oracle Marketing User Guide

This document describes concepts and procedures that business users need to use Oracle Marketing to complete day-to-day tasks.

Installation and System Administration Guides

Oracle Applications Concepts

This guide provides an introduction to the concepts, features, technology stack, architecture, and terminology for Oracle Applications Release 11i. It provides a useful first book to read before an installation of Oracle Applications. This guide also introduces the concepts behind Applications-wide features such as Business Intelligence (BIS), languages and character sets, and Self-Service Web Applications.

Installing Oracle Applications

This guide provides instructions for managing the installation of Oracle Applications products. In Release 11i, much of the installation process is handled using Oracle Rapid Install, which minimizes the time to install Oracle Applications and the Oracle technology stack by automating many of the required steps. This guide contains instructions for using Oracle Rapid Install and lists the tasks you need to perform to finish your installation. You should use this guide in conjunction with individual product user guides and implementation guides.

Upgrading Oracle Applications

Refer to this guide if you are upgrading your Oracle Applications Release 10.7 or Release 11.0 products to Release 11i. This guide describes the upgrade process and lists database and product-specific upgrade tasks. You must be either at Release 10.7 (NCA, SmartClient, or character mode) or Release 11.0, to upgrade to Release 11i. You cannot upgrade to Release 11i directly from releases prior to 10.7.

"About" Document

For information about implementation and user documentation, instructions for applying patches, new and changed setup steps, and descriptions of software updates, refer to the "About" document for your product. "About" documents are available on Oracle *MetaLink* for most products starting with Release 11.5.8.

Maintaining Oracle Applications

Use this guide to help you run the various AD utilities, such as AutoUpgrade, Auto Patch, AD Administration, AD Controller, AD Relink, License Manager, and others. It contains how-to steps, screenshots, and other information that you need to run the AD utilities. This guide also provides information on maintaining the Oracle applications file system and database.

Oracle Applications System Administrator's Guide

This guide provides planning and reference information for the Oracle Applications System Administrator. It contains information on how to define security, customize menus and online help, and manage concurrent processing.

Oracle Alert User's Guide

This guide explains how to define periodic and event alerts to monitor the status of your Oracle Applications data.

Oracle Applications Developer's Guide

This guide contains the coding standards followed by the Oracle Applications development staff and describes the Oracle Application Object Library components that are needed to implement the Oracle Applications user interface described in the Oracle Applications User Interface Standards for Forms-Based Products. This manual also provides information to help you build your custom Oracle Forms Developer forms so that the forms integrate with Oracle Applications.

Oracle Applications User Interface Standards for Forms-Based Products

This guide contains the user interface (UI) standards followed by the Oracle Applications development staff. It describes the UI for the Oracle Applications products and how to apply this UI to the design of an application built by using Oracle Forms.

Other Implementation Documentation

Oracle Applications Product Update Notes

Use this guide as a reference for upgrading an installation of Oracle Applications. It provides a history of the changes to individual Oracle Applications products between Release 11.0 and Release 11i. It includes new features, enhancements, and changes made to database objects, profile options, and seed data for this interval.

Oracle Workflow Administrator's Guide

This guide explains how to complete the setup steps necessary for any Oracle Applications product that includes workflow-enabled processes, as well as how to monitor the progress of runtime workflow processes.

Oracle Workflow Developer's Guide

This guide explains how to define new workflow business processes and customize existing Oracle Applications-embedded workflow processes. It also describes how to define and customize business events and event subscriptions.

Oracle Workflow User's Guide

This guide describes how Oracle Applications users can view and respond to workflow notifications and monitor the progress of their workflow processes.

Oracle Workflow API Reference

This guide describes the APIs provided for developers and administrators to access Oracle Workflow.

Oracle Applications Flexfields Guide

This guide provides flexfields planning, setup and reference information for the Oracle Marketing implementation team, as well as for users responsible for the ongoing maintenance of Oracle Applications product data. This guide also provides information on creating custom reports on flexfields data.

Oracle eTechnical Reference Manuals

Each eTechnical Reference Manual (eTRM) contains database diagrams and a detailed description of database tables, forms, reports, and programs for a specific Oracle Applications product. This information helps you convert data from your existing applications, integrate Oracle Applications data with non-Oracle applications, and write custom reports for Oracle Applications products. Oracle eTRM is available on OracleMetaLink

Oracle Applications Message Manual

This manual describes all Oracle Applications messages. This manual is available in HTML format on the documentation CD-ROM for Release 11i.

Do Not Use Database Tools to Modify Oracle Applications Data

Oracle STRONGLY RECOMMENDS that you never use SQL*Plus, Oracle Data Browser, database triggers, or any other tool to modify Oracle Applications data unless otherwise instructed.

Oracle provides powerful tools you can use to create, store, change, retrieve, and maintain information in an Oracle database. But if you use Oracle tools such as SQL*Plus to modify Oracle Applications data, you risk destroying the integrity of your data and you lose the ability to audit changes to your data.

Because Oracle Applications tables are interrelated, any change you make using an Oracle Applications form can update many tables at once. But when you modify Oracle Applications data using anything other than Oracle Applications, you may change a row in one table without making corresponding changes in related tables. If your tables get out of synchronization with each other, you risk retrieving erroneous information and you risk unpredictable results throughout Oracle Applications.

When you use Oracle Applications to modify your data, Oracle Applications automatically checks that your changes are valid. Oracle Applications also keeps track of who changes information. If you enter information into database tables using database tools, you may store invalid information. You also lose the ability to track who has changed your information because SQL*Plus and other database tools do not keep a record of changes.

Product Overview

This chapter covers the following topics:

- **Key Benefits**
- **Functional Areas**

Key Benefits

Oracle Marketing provides the tools necessary to automate the planning, budgeting, execution, and tracking of your marketing initiatives. By automating these processes your marketing strategy is cost effective and intelligent.

Oracle Marketing enables you to accomplish the following:

Create and manage demand

- Establish and maintain product, service, and brand awareness
- Track and analyze leads and sales activities
- Route leads to the "best" channel

Improve customer profitability

- Understand customer behavior
- Decrease customer acquisition cost
- Reduce customer attrition

Automate marketing processes

- Create and maintain best practices templates
- Expedite time to market

Keep marketing aligned with the overall organization

- Align leads, sales, marketing efforts and objectives
- Distribute marketing information and collateral company wide
- Provide the marketing team with relevant visibility into other parts of the organization

Measure marketing performance

- Track spending
- Provide performance measurements for leads, responses, and revenue

Understand the competitive landscape

- Provide insight into competitor differentiation
- Enable price point competition insight

Functional Areas

The Oracle Marketing application is composed of several functional areas. The implementation and use of each functional area depends on your business requirements.

Core Marketing

Oracle Marketing's "core" functionality includes Programs, Campaigns, Budgets, Events, Metrics and Analysis, Products, Deliverables, Price Lists, eMerchandising (Web marketing), Data Mining, and User Management.

For more information about core Oracle Marketing functionality, see the Oracle Marketing User Guide.

Campaign Workbench

The Campaign Workbench provides a streamlined user interface that enables you to create and execute campaign schedules through various marketing channels (e-mail, direct mail, fax, telemarketing, advertising and Web. This UI is separate from the Campaign tab. Schedules, however, can be executed in both places.

For more information about using Campaign Workbench, see the Oracle Marketing User Guide.

Audience Workbench

The Audience Workbench provides you with an intuitive interface to create and manage lists. This workbench displays customer information that is relevant, logical and easy for you to use.

For more information about using Audience Workbench see the Oracle Marketing User Guide.

Marketing Intelligence

The Marketing Intelligence component within Oracle Marketing provides comprehensive reports for the purpose of:

- Planning
- Performance monitoring
- Analysis

During the planning cycle, marketing organizations should carefully study the results of their past activities. This provides the basis for any changes they will make to the upcoming activities, as well as the benchmark on which they can forecast their returns in the future. During the execution stage, monitoring performance on a daily basis enables marketing professionals to react to their market needs, test their forecast assumptions and make changes if necessary. Throughout all business cycles, analysis needs to be conducted and analysis always starts with reports that contain accurate, timely data.

eMerchandising

The eMerchandising component enables the Web marketing channel within core marketing. Web content, such as Web advertisements, Web offers, and product

recommendations can be created and then displayed on Oracle iStore or any other Web store.

Oracle Personalization (OP) can be integrated with eMerchandising to enable enhanced product recommendation. With OP, product recommendations are based on who the customer is, what the purchase history is, and the product that the customer is currently considering. Oracle Personalization is an automated recommendation engine that takes all relevant data into account and uses a statistical model to determine appropriate recommendations.

Data Mining

Data Mining provides the ability to create predictive models of customer and prospective customer behavior based on historical data. Using these models, you can predict which segments to target for future marketing campaigns. By intelligently targeting only prospective customers with a high propensity to exhibit a desired behavior (e.g., respond to a marketing campaign), you can increase marketing ROI by decreasing the number of contacts and increasing the response rate.

Oracle E-Business Suite Dependencies

This chapter covers the following topics:

- Oracle E-Business Suite Dependency Overview
- Mandatory vs. Conditional Dependencies
- Understanding and Setting Up Mandatory Dependencies
- Creating the Implementation User
- Understanding and Setting Up Conditional Dependencies
- Creating the Discoverer End User Layer
- Importing Discoverer EUL

Oracle E-Business Suite Dependency Overview

Oracle Marketing is a component of the integrated Oracle E-Business Suite. Because of this, you will need to verify that Oracle E-Business Suite dependencies are installed and set up properly for Oracle Marketing. The verification and setup of Oracle E-Business Suite prerequisites is necessary to ensure that supporting functionality and applications infrastructure is in place prior to beginning the Oracle Marketing implementation.

In addition, you can leverage other applications and modules within the Oracle E-Business Suite to provide additional functionality to your Oracle Marketing implementation. For example, if your business requirements mandate that your marketing campaign results be translated into leads, then you can license and implement Oracle Leads Management along with Oracle Marketing. This combined implementation would allow you to analyze and track sales leads as a follow up to your marketing initiatives.

Mandatory vs. Conditional Dependencies

This implementation guide categorizes Oracle E-Business Suite dependencies as follows:

Mandatory Dependencies: Oracle applications and modules that provide underlying infrastructure and support to Oracle Marketing. Implementing these dependencies is required and must be complete before beginning an Oracle Marketing implementation.

For example, the Oracle Trading Community Architecture (TCA) provides a repository for customer and partner information. All customer and partner information used by

Oracle Marketing is stored in the TCA tables. Because this information is critical for Oracle Marketing, TCA is a mandatory dependency, and must be setup properly.

Conditional Dependencies: Oracle applications and modules that extend or enhance Oracle Marketing functionality via integration. Implementing these dependencies is conditional based on business requirements and practices, functionality desired, and licensing.

Understanding and Setting Up Mandatory Dependencies

Applications and modules defined as mandatory must be setup prior to implementing Oracle Marketing. The setups, however, are generally partial and limited to basic functions that are specifically needed for Oracle Marketing.

For example, Oracle Inventory is a mandatory dependency for Oracle Marketing's product functionality. However, to enable products for marketing purposes, you do not need a full Oracle Inventory implementation.

See the following sections for more information on setting up mandatory dependencies:

- Setting Up Oracle CRM Application Foundation, page 2-2
- Setting Up Oracle Territory Manager, page 2-4
- Setting Up Oracle One-to-One Fulfillment, page 2-4
- Setting Up Oracle Applications Object Library, page 2-4
- Setting Up Oracle General Ledger, page 2-4
- Defining the Marketing Calendar, page 2-5
- Setting Up Oracle Human Resources, page 2-5
- Setting Up Oracle Inventory, page 2-7
- Setting Up Product Lifecycle Management, page 2-8
- Setting Up Oracle Receivables, page 2-8
- Setting Up Oracle Web ADI, page 2-8

Setting Up Oracle CRM Application Foundation

Oracle CRM Application Foundation provides a common infrastructure upon which all Oracle CRM applications are built. By providing a set of application components, CRM Application Foundation ensures that all applications interact with key business objects in a consistent manner.

Resource Manager

Resource Manager is mandatory for an Oracle Marketing implementation. This component enables you to use application resources regardless of where they are created. Acting as a central repository, Resource Manager enables the creation of various types of resources, groups, teams, and roles.

You can import resources such as employees, suppliers, parties, or partners, created in other applications. Once imported, the resource becomes available for other applications to use.

Resource Manager enables:

- Groups
- Roles
- Role Types
- **Employee Import**

Task Manager

Task Manager is mandatory for an Oracle Marketing implementation. It provides a mechanism for your application to respond to customer needs in a timely manner. Using Task Manager you can create, assign, manage, sort, and prioritize tasks.

If implementing task transition rules, after defining a rule and assigning it an appropriate responsibility, set the following profile:

Task Manager: Default Task Status

If no rules are assigned to a responsibility, all statuses will be displayed in the Status LOV. In this case, the Task Manager: Default Task Status does not need to be set.

Interaction History

Interaction History is mandatory for an Oracle Marketing implementation. It provides a common framework for capturing and accessing all interaction data associated with customer contact. Acting as a central repository, it provides a consistent API for tracking all customer interactions within the Oracle E-Business Suite.

For example, if using the tracking mechanism within Web marketing, each response (each time a customer responds to a Web ad) is tracked in Interaction History.

Notes and Note Types

A complete notes implementation is optional. This module is used to create, maintain, and share notes related to customers, opportunities, service requests, and other business objects.

Setting up note types is also optional. Although Oracle Notes comes with a set of predefined note types, you can create customized note types. When using Oracle Marketing, both the predefined set of notes and the customized notes are available.

After you create a Note Type, associate it to specific marketing objects that will use this Note Type. If a note type is not associated with a specific marketing object, it becomes available to all marketing objects.

To create Note types, log in with the CRM Administrator responsibility.

Navigation: Notes Setup > Note Type Setup and Notes Setups > Source and Note Type Mappings

Notes

- **Meaning:** Carefully describe the Note Type meaning. It is this description that will later be used to map the Note Type to the marketing object.
- **Application:** The Note Type becomes applicable to the objects of this application.

Assignment Manager

Implementing Assignment Manager is optional. The Assignment engine determines the best resource to be assigned to tasks based on availability and skill set. This engine

is used by the various CRM modules to automatically assign tasks to a resource or a group of people.

For more information on CRM Application Foundation components, see the Oracle Common Application Components Implementation Guide.

Setting Up Oracle Territory Manager

Implementing Oracle Territory Manager is optional. It provides an infrastructure to define territories based on flexible criteria, such as geography, zip code, area code. This engine creates automatic assignment of transactions across the entire CRM suite. For example, leads and opportunities are routed through this engine to the appropriate sales professionals.

See Oracle Territory Manager documentation for more information.

Setting Up Oracle One-to-One Fulfillment

If using e-mail, fax, print schedules, email notifications (or if using the features of e-mail notifications on fulfillment rules) Oracle One-to-One Fulfillment is a mandatory setup. The fulfillment engine supports high volume electronic fulfillment of documents.

When implementing Oracle One-to-One Fulfillment, the following conditions must be met:

- Fulfillment Server is created: A Fulfillment Server is an instance of the request processing software.
- Fulfillment Group is created: Fulfillment group is used to group agents (users) together.
- JFT Fulfillment Admin role is assigned to the Implementor: This role gives access to the Fulfillment administration console for setting up fulfillment, creating master documents and viewing request history. This role and responsibility only needs to be assigned to a Marketing user only if he/she will also be administering the Fulfillment activities (for example, setting up Fulfillment servers, agents, etc.). Typically, only a Marketing Administrator is involved in these activities.
- AMS: Enable Fulfillment is set to Yes

Consult Oracle One-to-One Fulfillment documentation for more information.

Setting Up Oracle Applications Object Library

Oracle Applications Object Library (AOL) 11i enables a multiple language and currency setup for the Oracle Marketing implementation. After being enabled, you can determine the set of languages and currencies to be used.

For more information see Oracle Applications Concepts and Oracle Applications System Administrator's Guide.

Setting Up Oracle General Ledger

Basic accounting information for Oracle Marketing is provided by Oracle General Ledger (GL). Because Oracle Inventory requires at least one organization and associated set of books, at least one business unit must be created in GL.

To implement GL for Oracle Marketing, you must setup the following:

- **Accounting Calendar Types**
- **Accounting Calendar**
- Currencies
- **Currency Conversion Rates**
- Currency Conversion Rate Types
- Set of Books

For specific setup information, see the Oracle General Ledger User Guide.

Defining the Marketing Calendar

The Marketing Calendar defined by this task becomes a value in the LOVs for the profile AMS: Marketing Calendar.

To define the Marketing Calendar, log in to Oracle Forms with System Administrator responsibility.

Navigation: Profile > System

Notes

- **Application:** Specify the application for which you want to define the Calendar.
- **Profile:** Search and select the AMS: Marketing Calendar profile.
- Site Level: You can view available AMS: Marketing Calendar options. Select the appropriate Accounting Calendar.

For information about creating the Marketing Calendar, see Setting Up the Marketing Calendar, page 3-31.

Setting Up Oracle Human Resources

The Oracle Human Resources Management System (HRMS) stores information related to your organization. For detailed Oracle HRMS information, consult *Using Oracle* HRMS - The Fundamentals.

For an Oracle Marketing implementation, see the following sections for information on the HRMS setups that must be performed:

- Determining the HRMS Navigation Path, page 2-6
- Creating Lookup Values for Organization Type, page 2-6
- Creating Locations, page 2-6
- Creating Business Groups, page 2-6
- Creating Organizations, page 2-6
- Assigning Security Profile, page 2-7
- Adding a Legal Entity, Operating Unit, and HR Organization, page 2-7
- Creating a Business Unit, page 2-7
- Assigning Multi Org Responsibilities, page 2-7

Determining the HRMS Navigation Path

The responsibilities and navigation paths for performing HRMS tasks is different depending on the terms of your license (shared vs. full).

- **Shared HRMS lisence**: Create employees using CRM Foundation.
 - Responsibility: CRM Administrator
 - Navigation Path: CRM Foundation > Resource Manager > Maintain Employees > Employees
- **Full HRMS lisence:** Create employees using HRMS.
 - Responsibility: HRMS Manager
 - Navigation Path: People > Enter and Maintain

Creating Lookup Values for Organization Type

In this step you are creating sub organization types. For example, if the organization is divided into business groups, then create an organization type called Business Group.

This procedure adds values for a specific lookup "Organization Types (ORG TYPE)". If the organization is divided into subsidiaries, create an organization type called Subsidiary.

Creating Locations

In Oracle HRMS, you will set up each physical site where your employees work as a separate location. You can set up:

- Global locations: Available in all Business Groups.
- Business Group locations: Available in one Business Group.

Similarly, you enter the addresses of external organizations that you want to maintain in your system, such as employment agencies, tax authorities, and insurance or benefits carriers. When setting up internal or external organizations, you select from a list of these locations.

Creating Business Groups

The business group is the largest organizational unit representing the enterprise. A Business Group may correspond to a company or corporation, or in large enterprises, a holding or parent company. It can be an organization with a physical location, or it may be an abstract representation of a legal entity that employs people assigned to work in organizations beneath it.

A default business organization has been set up for you, therefore this step is not required for Oracle Marketing to be fully operational. However, you must set up an organization if you plan to use any financial ERP applications in the future.

For more information see *Multiple Organizations in Oracle Applications*.

Creating Organizations

The first organization to set up is the Business Group and all other organizations will belong to it. Below the Business Group, you represent the groupings in which employees work, such as branches, departments or sections, by means of internal organizations. To enable the assignment of employees to an internal organization, you classify it as an HR Organization.

Assigning Security Profile

In this step, you will be defining the security level for specific Marketing Responsibilities. To do this, use the profile HR: Security Profile. This profile enables access (based on responsibility) to a single business group.

Notes

- HR: Security Profile, Site level: The organization selected is the business group that users will have access to. They will have access only to records within this business group.
- Validate that the setting for HR: Business Group is the same organization as the HR: Security profile.

Adding a Legal Entity, Operating Unit, and HR Organization

To perform the HRMS task of creating a Legal Entity, Operating Unit, Organization use the following information:

Prerequisites: Appropriate HRMS Manager responsibility

For more information on determining this, see Determining the HRMS Navigation Path, page 2-6.

Adding a Legal Entity Notes

Organization Classification Name: Enable GRE / Legal Entity and select a Set of

Adding an Operating Unit Notes

Classification: Is used to determine the purpose and use of the Operating Unit

Adding an HR Organization Notes

HR Organization: The organization to which employees are assigned

Creating a Business Unit

A business unit is an organization such as a plant, warehouse, division, department, and so on.

Notes

Organization Classification: Is used to determine the purpose and use of the organization

Assigning Multi Org Responsibilities

Oracle Marketing requires the implementation of a Multiple Organization Structure. Please refer to Multiple Organizations in Oracle Applications for additional information.

You will assign Multi Org responsibilities to a selected Oracle Marketing responsibility. This displays the appropriate Business Unit when using that responsibility.

Setting Up Oracle Inventory

Oracle Inventory serves as the repository for items that can be used in Oracle Marketing. Items stored in Oracle Inventory reside in the MTL_SYSTEM_ITEMS table.

Oracle Inventory requires one inventory organization to be identified. Typically this is the Master Inventory Organization. If you need to separate products (sold from

each operating unit) into different inventory organizations, create a separate inventory organization for each operating unit.

Implement Oracle Inventory as described in the Oracle Inventory Implementation Guide.

Setting Up Product Lifecycle Management

Oracle Marketing derives its product data using the product catalog provided by Product Lifecycle Management (PLM). PLM provides a product hierarchy located in the OLTP schemas. This hierarchy is maintained by the user in a product catalog and is expanded to a de-normalized table (designed for efficient traversal) by the Oracle Sales and Marketing applications.

For more information about implementing PLM for Marketing see Implementing Oracle Product Lifecycle Management, page 2-8.

Setting Up Oracle Receivables

Oracle Marketing uses Oracle Receivables to record customer information. Customer registration information is maintained in the Trading Community Architecture (TCA). TCA stores all customer, partner, prospect, and other customer related information in a single repository. This enables consistent message delivery across all channels.

At a minimum, you need to perform the required Oracle Receivables setups, including tax options and address validation, as described in the Oracle Receivable's User's Guide.

Setting Up Oracle Web ADI

Web Applications Desktop Integrator (Web ADI) brings Oracle E-Business Suite functionality to a spreadsheet, where familiar data entry and modeling techniques can be used to complete Oracle E-Business Suite tasks. You can create formatted spreadsheets on your desktop that allow you to download, view, edit, and create Oracle E-Business Suite data. Data entry shortcuts (such as copying and pasting or dragging and dropping ranges of cells) or even using formulas to calculate amounts, can all be used to save time. You can combine speed and accuracy by invoking lists of values for fields within the spreadsheet. After editing the spreadsheet, you can use Web ADI's validation functionality to validate the data before uploading it to the Oracle E-Business Suite. Refer Oracle Web Applications Desktop Integrator Implementation and Administration Guide for information on Web ADI implementation.

Oracle Marketing integrates with Web ADI to provide marketers with a spreadsheet interface to create and update campaign schedule data. For more information on implementing Web ADI for Marketing, see Implementing and Administering Web ADI Integration.

Creating the Implementation User

Each user (or type of user) has a specific collection of responsibilities. Before assigning responsibilities to a user, the employee must be created in the HRMS. After the employee has been created, you can create the user and assign responsibilities and a default application ID.

To create marketing users:

1. Create the employee

- 2. Define a User by adding responsibilities
- Set the default application and responsibility
- Import the employee
- Grant access to Audience and Administration tabs
- Update group access

Creating the Employee

The first step in creating a user is creating the employee in HRMS.

Prerequisites: HRMS Manager Responsibility

Navigation: People > Enter & Maintain

Notes

Social Security #: The information entered here will be checked against existing social security information

Assignment Region Notes

Update: Use to create a new record

Correction: Use to revise existing data

Defining a User by Adding Responsibilities

After creating the employee in HRMS, you can add responsibilities to it.

Based on your functional requirements, add one or more responsibilities to your user.

Navigation: Security > User > Define

For more information about creating Marketing users see:

- Setting up Campaign Users, page 4-1
- Setting Up Audience Users, page 6-1

Setting the Default Application and Responsibility

You can assign a default application and default responsibility to the Implementation user.

Notes

- In the Find System Profile Values Form, at the User Level, search for the user who will be assigned to this application and responsibility.
- **Profile:** enter JFT%DEFAULT%.
- JTF_PROFILE_DEFAULT_APPLICATION: Set this to 690
- JFT_PROFILE_DEFAULT_RESPONSIBILITY: Set this to 21706 (Oracle Marketing Super User)

Importing the Employee

Log in to Oracle Forms with CRM Administrator responsibility. Locate and import the employee as a Resource. Accept the default values. Remember to record the transaction number.

Granting Access to Audience and Administration Tabs

You must specify Roles and Groups for users that need access to the Audience and the Administration tabs. To do so, navigate to Resource Manager.

Roles Region Notes

Role Type: Sales

Role: Sales Representative

Group Region Notes

Usages: Sales and TeleSales and Oracle Marketing. Make sure that the Group Member Role Sales Representative is associated to the above group on the resource details screen.

Updating Group Access

Run the Concurrent Program AMS: Group Access Refresh to complete the process of creating the Implementation user.

Understanding and Setting Up Conditional Dependencies

Oracle Marketing's conditional dependencies can be categorized as follows:

Optional Marketing and Partnering Enhancements: Additional modules that are implemented along with Oracle Marketing that are part of the Oracle Marketing and Partnering product family.

For example, you can purchase Oracle Trade Management (which is part of the Oracle Marketing and Partnering family of applications) to implement along with Oracle Marketing. This is an optional component that enables advanced budgeting, claims, claims settlement, and trade planning.

Optional Integrations: Applications implemented in addition to Oracle Marketing. Any application that is not part of the Oracle Marketing and Partnering product family.

For example, Oracle iStore can be implemented along with Oracle Marketing. Used in conjunction with Oracle Marketing, iStore provides a Web storefront for online Web advertisement and execution. This functionality is optional, is not required for Oracle Marketing to function properly, and is therefore considered an optional integration.

Optional Marketing and Partnering Enhancements

When implementing basic Oracle Marketing, you can optionally implement additional Marketing and Partnering applications.

The following can be implemented with Oracle Marketing:

- Oracle Trade Management, page 2-11
- Oracle Partner Management, page 2-11
- Oracle Leads Management, page 2-11
- Oracle Content Manager, page 2-11

Oracle Trade Management

Designed for the consumer goods sector, Oracle Trade Management provides additional B2B functionality used to:

- Control costs related to promotions
- Track deals made with retailers, distributors or partners
- Process claims and deductions
- Automate and track funds management and promotional spending

Note: Oracle Trade Management must be purchased separately.

For Oracle Trade Management implementation details, see the Oracle Trade Management Implementation Guide.

Oracle Partner Management

Oracle Partner Management assists an organization in maintaining, tracking, managing, and communicating with its partners. When implemented with the rest of the Oracle E-Business Suite, you can manage leads, track and share opportunities with partners, forecast sales, manage partner and customer information, send outbound information, and calendar activities, tasks and notes.

Note: Oracle Partner Management must be purchased separately.

For Oracle Partner Management implementation details, see the Oracle Partner Management Implementation Guide.

Oracle Leads Management

Oracle Leads Management enables you to automate and optimize prospect-to-sales conversion across the enterprise. Leads Management provides a staging area for all prospect leads for data quality processing, prioritization and distribution, enterprise review, and conversion. When implemented in conjunctions with the rest of the Oracle E-Business Suite, Oracle Leads Management enables you to effectively convert prospects into sales by tracking lead activity, aging, and closure.

Note: Oracle Leads Management must be purchased separately.

For more information see the Oracle Leads Management Implementation and Administration Guide.

Oracle Content Manager

Oracle Content Manager (OCM) is the content management system for Oracle Marketing. By providing content management building blocks, Oracle Marketing stores the following content in OCM.

- Attachments: Stores all attachments for cover letters. When a user adds attachments to a cover letter, by default they are created in this directory.
- Marketing Cover Letters: Stores Fulfillment Cover Letters (also referred to as Templates) used in Oracle Marketing. When a user is creating a cover letter, he or she has an option to pick this directory as the location for his cover letter content

item. The appropriate option in this drop-down is: OMO Directory and all its subdirectories excluding Requests subdirectory.

- Queries: Stores all the fulfillment Queries defined in Oracle Marketing. When a user creates a custom fulfillment query using the Oracle Marketing Admin screens, by default the content is stored in this directory.
- **Deliverables:** Stores all deliverable e-mail content. When a user creates e-mail content for the marketing deliverable object, by default they are created in this directory.

OCM has a central repository that manages folders, versions, and translations, and enables an organization to work on content with associated workflows.

For more information about using OCM in the Campaign Workbench, see Administrating Content in the Campaign Workbench, page 5-17.

Optional Integrations

Optionally, Oracle Marketing can be integrated with a variety of other applications to extend its functionality. The following is a list of common integration points for Oracle Marketing:

- Integrating Oracle Data Mining and Oracle Marketing, page 2-12
- Integrating Oracle Marketing and Oracle Sales Online, page 2-12
- Integrating Oracle Marketing and Oracle Telesales, page 2-13
- Integrating Oracle Marketing and Oracle Interaction Center (Scripting), page 2-13
- Integrating Oracle Marketing and Oracle iStore, page 2-13
- Integrating Oracle Marketing and Oracle Discoverer, page 2-15
- Integrating Oracle Personalization and Oracle Marketing, page 2-14

Integrating Oracle Data Mining and Oracle Marketing

Data Mining is an analytic feature providing a complete enterprise view of the Oracle Marketing business flows. Using extensive analytical and reporting capabilities, all personnel within and organization can monitor the status of marketing activities in real time. Data Mining functionality is included in an Oracle Marketing license. However, the decision to implement fully is optional.

Integrating Oracle Marketing and Oracle Sales Online

Oracle Sales Online (OSO) is an application designed for field sales representatives, sales managers, and executives. The application provides a complete set of tools that enables sales teams to manage the sales cycle from beginning to end. OSO supports the key functions of the sales cycle, with features such as:

- Lead and opportunity management
- Forecasting
- Quote generation
- Order placement
- Sales methodologies

When integrated with Oracle Marketing, the critical link in the Campaign to Cash business flow is fulfilled, providing the information to analyze the success of company campaigns.

When integrated, you can also create Sales campaigns as a Sales tool to quickly create and execute cross sell/up sell campaigns that target existing customers.

For more information about implementing and using Oracle Sales Online, see Oracle Sales Online documentation.

Integrating Oracle Marketing and Oracle Telesales

Oracle Telesales (OTS) is an application designed for inside sales professionals, inbound telesales agents, or outbound telemarketing agents. OTS offers a multi-channel selling solution that manages leads, opportunities and forecasts across all sales channels: over the phone, the Web or through mobile devices. It provides a set of tools to help the inside sales team manage the sales cycle from prospecting for customers to booking the order.

When integrating Oracle Marketing and Oracle Telesales, marketers can use the Oracle Marketing List Import feature to assign lists to TeleSales Agents. A TeleSales agent can then use the Universal Work Queue to access the list of customers assigned to them by the marketing team. For implementation details see Implementing List Import for Universal Work Queue, page 6-30.

Integrating Oracle Marketing and Oracle Interaction Center (Scripting)

Oracle Interaction Center is an integrated series of products designed for consistent and effective handling of customer interactions. It provides sophisticated routing, media queuing and enhanced screen pops integration. Interaction center reduces the cost, complexity and risk associated with deploying applications. Interaction Center consists of the following modules:

- Advanced Inbound
- Advanced Outbound
- **Email Center**
- Interaction Center Intelligence
- Scripting
- Universal Work Queue

Oracle Scripting is a set of tools to facilitate the process of gathering of information through guided decision flows, consisting of text, questions, and answers. Oracle Scripting is composed of several components: the Script Author, the Scripting Engine, the Scripting Administration console, and the Survey Administration console.

Integrating Oracle Marketing and Oracle iStore

When Oracle Marketing and Oracle iStore are integrated, you can use the eMerchandising module of Oracle Marketing to personalize Web advertisements for Oracle iStore. Using this functionality, a marketer can make recommendations for customers. Store personalization and customer-specific recommendations are accomplished through specialty store Web postings from eMerchandising and store Event capture.

Integrating Oracle Personalization and Oracle Marketing

Implementing Oracle Personalization (OP) is an optional Oracle Marketing enhancement used for Web product recommendations (referred to as Web dynamic recommendation.) OP is an automated recommendation engine that takes in customer data and returns an intelligent product recommendation. Using OP, you can maximize transactions through intelligent product cross-selling and up-selling.

OP makes product recommendations based on:

- Customer
- Customer purchase history
- Product customer is currently viewing

OP is particularly relevant for companies that:

- Have a large customer base
- Have a large number of products (or SKUs)
- Have an online store that tracks customer browsing and purchase information

For more information about implementing Oracle Personalization see the Oracle MetaLink release note Integrating Oracle Application Server Personalization with Oracle Marketing.

Integrating Oracle Marketing and Oracle Web ADI

Web Application Desktop Integrator or Web ADI is a tool that brings Oracle E-Business Suite functionality to a spreadsheet, where familiar data entry and modeling techniques can be used to complete Oracle E-Business Suite tasks. For Oracle Marketing, the worksheet provides a quick and simple means to create and update multiple campaign schedules from the Campaign Workbench, within and across campaigns.

Use the following sections to implement and administrate Web ADI for Marketing use:

- Implementing Web ADI Integration
- Administering Web ADI Integration

Implementing Web ADI Integration

To implement the Web ADI integration, you will be:

- Setting Up Web ADI Responsibility
- Running Concurrent Programs for Web ADI Integration

Setting Up Web ADI Responsibility

All the functions necessary for marketers, marketing managers, and administrators to use Web ADI must be added to the Campaign Workbench Super User seeded responsibility.

Running Concurrent Programs for Web ADI Integration

Run the following concurrent programs as needed:

- AMS: Schedules Import: this is used to import new schedules
- **AMS: Media Planner Loader:** this is used to map metrics data from the interface table to schedule metrics. If metrics already exist for the schedule, the metric values are updated. If the metrics do not exist, new metrics are created for the schedule.

Administering Web ADI for Marketing

To administer Web ADI for Oracle Marketing, see the following sections:

- Web ADI Templates
- **Customizing Web ADI Templates**
- Security Requirements for Web ADI

Web ADI Templates

A Web ADI template is a combination of a spreadsheet interface consisting of a set of columns, the mapping of attributes from each of these columns to the appropriate column in the underlying data store, and the logic to create or update the data with the necessary validations.

As an adminsitrator, you can customize Web ADI templates for marketing use. See Customizing Web ADI Templates.

Seeded Web ADI Templates

The seeded Web ADI templates include:

Media Planner

This template can be used for working with a large number of Campaign Workbench schedules at a time.

Schedule Metadata Mass Update Worksheet

This template can be used for mass update of basic identifying schedule attributes. Sample scenarios where this template may be used:

- The marketing manager needs to adjust the dates of the Campaign Schedules for a specific Campaign for which the dates have changed
- The marketing administrator needs to mass update the ownership of campaign schedules when the current owner leaves the marketing department
- The marketing administrator needs to change the parent campaign for a set of campaign schedules
- The marketing manager needs to cancel a set of campaign schedules

Customizing Web ADI Templates

To customize a Web ADI template, you can copy a seeded Web ADI template, make the necessary changes to it, and save it as a new MArketing usage specific layout. The following figure depicts the flow for customizing a Web ADI template.

Integrating Oracle Marketing and Oracle Discoverer

Oracle Discoverer is a business intelligence/analytics application that is often implemented with Oracle Marketing for list management purposes.

When implemented, a Discoverer end user layer (containing Oracle Marketing business areas) can be launched from within the Oracle Marketing application. Using this interface, a list manager can create and manage workbooks and worksheets needed for list management purposes.

You can create a list of person and organizational contacts -- and the organization information can be part of the attribute in organization contact list. When creating a list from Discoverer, you will need to select a mandatory identifier, which is a constant key. The other fields including "include organization", "include email", etc. are optional depending on what kind of list you want to generate.

To implement Oracle Discoverer for Oracle Marketing purposes, use the procedures below. After performing these procedure, Oracle Discoverer launches with a single sign-on from within Oracle Marketing.

Setting Discoverer Profile Options

Set the following profile options.

Discoverer Profile Options

Option	Required	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
ICX: Discoverer End User Layer	Yes	Site	User Defined	EUL prefix for Discoverer, usually EUL4.
ICX: Discoverer Launcher	Yes	Site	User Defined	URL to launch Discoverer Web version.
ICX: Discoverer Viewer Launcher	Yes	Site	User Defined	URL to launch Discoverer viewer.
ICX: Discoverer Use Viewer	Optional	Site	Yes/No	Whether to use viewer instead Web Discoverer. Defaulted to No.
AMS: List Workbook B2C Marketing	Optional	Site	User Defined	Workbook name convention prefix for B2C workbooks. The default is B2C. A blank convention prefix will result in more workbooks than you need in the LOV.
AMS: List Workbook B2B Marketing	Optional	Site	User Defined	Workbook name convention prefix for B2B workbooks. The default is B2B. A blank convention prefix will result in more workbooks than you need in the LOV.

Creating and Verifying Discoverer List Lookups

This procedure will populate the LOV for the List functionality.

Lookups for Lists

Key	Туре	Seeded Values	Meanings
AMS_LIST_ ACT_TY PE	User	Employee List List	Target group list selection type.
AMS_LIST_ DEDUP_ TYPE	User	List Import Consumers Import Organizations	Type of Deduplication Rules to be applied.
AMS_LIST_GENERAT ION_ TYPE	System	Incremental Standard Update Update No Purge	New entries added, old entries not deleted, entries not updated. All old entries deleted, new entries added. New entries added, old entries not meeting criteria deleted, entry information updated. New entries added, old entries retained, entry information updated
AMS_LIST_ ROW_ SELECT_ TYPE	System	Nth Record Random Standard	How to select rows during list generation. Standard is top down selection.
AMS_LIST_ SEGMENT_STATUS	User	Archived Available Cancelled Draft Expired	Archived Available Cancelled Draft Expired
AMS_LIST_ SEGMENT_ TYPE	System	Workbook SQL	Two types of segments supported. Based on a Discoverer workbook or an SQL statement.
AMS_LIST_SELECT ION_ACTION	System	Include Exclude Intersect	How each selection is added to the list. Exclude means that all entries that exist in the excluded list are removed from the current list. Intersect causes the current list to become a list of only those entries which are on the intersected list and the current list.

Key	Туре	Seeded Values	Meanings
AMS_LIST_ SELECT	System	Segment	Segment
ION_TYPE		Workbook	Workbook
		Import List	Import List
		List	List
		SQL	SQL
AMS_LIST_STATUS	System	Archived	Archived
		Available	Available
		Cancelled	Cancelled
		Draft	Draft
		Executed	Executed
		Executing	Executing
		Generating	Generating
		Locked	Locked
		New	New
		Pending	Pending
		Reserved	Reserved
		Scheduled	Scheduled
		Validated	Validated
		Validating	Validating
AMS_LIST_ TYPE	System	Manual List	List of possible list
		Standard List	types. Note where these appear in the
		Suppression List	program.
		Target Group	

Running Concurrent Programs for Lists

Run the following Concurrent Programs for Lists:

Concurrent Programs for Lists

Concurrent Manager	Required	Description
AMS : Refresh Party Market Segments	Optional	Generates a list of parties in the segment. This program also updates the size information for all segments so a history of segment sizes may be maintained.
AMS : Generate Suppression list	Optional	Updates and maintains organization defined suppression lists. This is in addition to seeded suppression lists.
AMS : Purge Target Group	Optional	After a target group has been generated and used, this program lets a user purge the list entries.
AMS : Purge Imported List	Optional	During the import process, the user may specify an expiration date or number of uses for a list. This program removes those entries whose expiration date has passed or number of uses reached.
		Optional Parameter: force_purge_flag. This parameter indicates whether to purge a record regardless of the associated campaign status. The default value is No.
Workflow Background Process	Required	The System Administrator must run this program. It populates List generation and target Group Generation data.
		Parameters:
		Item Type: AMS List Generation Process Deferred:
		Yes Process Timeout : yes
		Process Stuck: yes
		Ignore Minimum and Maximum Thresholds

Creating the Discoverer End User Layer

Use the procedures below to create a database user and give the appropriate Applications (APPS) grants to that user. After performing this procedure, the End User Layer (EUL) for Discoverer is set for all APPS.

For specific information about Installing Oracle Discoverer, see Oracle iAS9i Installation Guide and iDS9i Installation Guide.

To create the Oracle Marketing EUL for Discoverer use the following procedure:

Prerequisites

- Oracle Discoverer is installed
- Oracle Marketing is installed

Steps:

- 1. Open a DOS prompt.
- 2. Navigate to the directory where Oracle Discoverer Admin edition is installed. For example, if Oracle Discoverer Admin is installed in D:\orant\discvr4, type:

 - b) cd \orant\discvr4
- 3. If the database schema has not previously been created, run the following:

dis4adm.exe

/CREATE EUL

/APPS_MODE

/CONNECT system/manager@tst115rw (enter in your password and TNS Name entry in place of "manager" and "tst115rw" respectively).

/USER eul4 us

/PASSWORD eul

/DEFAULT_TABLESPACE user_data (enter your tablespace names in place of "user_data")

/TEMPORARY_TABLESPACE temp (enter your tablespace name in place of "temp")

/SET_EUL_LANGUAGE US

/APPS_GRANT_DETAILS apps/apps (enter your Oracle Applications Foundation username and password for "apps" and "apps" respectively).

/SHOW PROGRESS

4. If the database schema has previously been created, run the following:

dis4adm.exe

/CREATE_EUL

/APPS_MODE

/CONNECT eul us/eul us/eul@tst115rw (The "eul us" should be the name of the database schema previously created.)

/APPS_GRANT_DETAILS apps/apps (username and password)

/SHOW_PROGRESS

Importing Discoverer EUL

Use the following procedure to import the Oracle Marketing End User Layer (EUL) that contains the Oracle Marketing Business Areas. Once imported, the Oracle Marketing Business Areas are available for List Management. Alternatively, you may manually import the EEX files from the Oracle Discoverer Admin interface.

- For more information on functional Business Areas see Oracle Marketing User Guide.
- For more information on how to manually import see Oracle Discoverer Administration Guide.

To import the Discoverer EUL follow the procedure below:

Prerequisites

MKS Toolkit is implemented

Steps:

- 1. Start the Korn Shell (MKS Toolkit).
- From the NT box where Discoverer Admin is installed map the \$AU_TOP/discover directory or copy the eex files to the NT box and specify this directory as 'topdir' directory when running the utility.
- 3. APPS User/Responsibility must be specified for import. The imported workbooks will be saved under the specified APPS User.
- On the new EUL make sure the APPS User does have full access privileges to use Discoverer Admin Edition.
- 5. Use the parameter file so that you don't have to specify all values on the command line.

```
sh adupdeul.sh
connect=<username/password{@<two task>}
connect=<username/password{@<two task>}
resp=<APPS responsibility name>
gwyuid=<APPS GWYUID>
fndnam=<APPS FNDNAM>
secgroup=<APPS responsibilty security group>
topdir=<top level directory where discoverer
files are available>
eulprefix=<EUL prefix (for ex EUL4 for EUL4 US)>
language=<NLS language code>
eultype=<OLTP|EDW> default OLTP
{ parfile=<name of parameter file>
     mode=<COMPLETE or DRIVER> default DRIVER> }
   driver=<list of driver files to be loaded
separated by a "," (comma) > }
{ exedir=<directory where discoverer executables are located>}
    logfile=<log file name, default adupdeul.log> }
```

Example

Copy the directory \$AU_TOP/discover/US to C\bblock\import\au_ top\discover\US.

- 6. With Admin Edition connect as EUL owner EUL4_US/EUL@mydb and grant privileges for Admin Edition to apps user SYSTEST.
- 7. In Korn Shell CD C\bblock\import.
- Specify parameter values in a parameter file, for example:

```
parfile.lst
eulprefix=EUL4
exedir=D/orant/discvr4
mode=COMPLETE
topdir=C/bblock/import/au_top/discover
eultype=OLTP
fndnam=APPS
gwyuid=APPLSYSPUB/PUB
resp="Business Views Setup"
secgroup="Standard"
```

9. Start the full import, all eex files in the topdir.

```
sh adupdeul.sh
connect = systest/welcome98@mydb
parfile = parfile.lst
language = US
logfile = imp 010314 EUL4 US mydb.log
```

Or start the import for just the files of specified ARU copy file drivers.

```
sh adupdeul.sh
connect = systest/welcome98@mydb
parfile = parfile.lst
language = US
mode = DRIVER
driver = c1641981.drv
logfile = imp 010314 EUL4 US mydb.log
```

- 10. For the first time to import, we suggest you to use mode=COMPLETE.
- 11. Set the following ICX profiles in Oracle Applications at the responsibility level:
 - ICX_PROFILE ICX_DISCOVERER_LAUNCHER

URL that points to the Web Discoverer Server

Example

http://machinename.domain/diswb4/html/discolaunch.htm?Connect=[APPS_ SECURE]

ICX _PROFILE ICX_DISCOVERER_VIEWER_LAUNCHER

URL that points to the Discoverer Viewer

Example

http://machinename.domain/discoverer4i/viewer?cs=[APPS_SECURE]

ICX_PROFILE ICX_DEFAULT_EUL

This in combination with the language code make up the EUL owner at runtime. Example EUL4 (not EUL4_US)

Implementing and Administering Oracle **Marketing Common Components**

This chapter covers the following topics:

- Common Component Overview
- Implementing Common Components
- Administering Common Components

Common Component Overview

As the Oracle Marketing implementor and/or administrator, you are responsible for setting up and maintaining the common components within the application. Common component is defined as a feature or functional behavior that applies to the entire application.

Implementing Common Components

The following common component setups must be completed:

- Setting Common Component Profiles, page 3-1
- Running Concurrent Programs for Common Components, page 3-4
- Implementing Marketing Users, page 3-5
- Implementing Fulfillment for Oracle Marketing, page 3-7

Setting Common Component Profiles

Set the following profile options as they apply to your implementation:

System Profiles for Common Components

Option	Required	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : System Timezone	Yes	Site	Select the timezone the central server is in.	This profile specifies the default timezone for the implementation. Timezones are defined in HZ_T IMEZONES.
AMS : Admin Group	Yes	Site	Select from any group defined in JTF Resource Groups	Resources that are part of this group will have full access to all Campaigns, Events, and other marketing objects. Note that this should be a single level group.
AMS : Default Currency	Yes	Site	Select from currencies defined in FND_ CURRENCIES	This becomes the default functional currency. All transactions will be converted and stored in this currency. This will be the default currency for Currency LOV.
AMS : Currency Conversion Type	Yes	Site The User level should not be selected.	Corporate, Spot or other conversion type defined in GL	If the functional currency of the organization and the transactional currency of the marketing object are different, this conversion will be used.
AMS : Source Code Date Format	Yes	Site	Any valid date format	Used in the generation of source codes.
AMS : Source Code Sequence Length	Yes	Site	Maximum field length is 30.	Source Code includes Geography code, Month code, Activity code, Source code digits and Suffix. See Source Codes.
AMS : UOM Area	Yes	Site	Depends on UOM Setup	Displays fields that use UOM (for example, area in square feet).

Option	Required	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : UOM Length	Yes	Site	Depends on UOM Setup	Displays fields that use UOM (for example, length in feet).
AMS : UOM Quantity	Yes	Site	Depends on UOM Setup	Displays fields that use UOM (for example, units in each).
AMS : UOM Time	Yes	Site	Depends on UOM Setup	Displays fields that use UOM (for example, time in minutes).
AMS : Profile Search Set Size	Yes	User	Numeric	Indicates the number of rows displayed in selection windows.
AMS : Upgrade Complete	Optional	Site	Yes/No	Set this profile to No if the upgrade has run once already.
AMS : Validation	Optional	User	0-100	This profile option affects the validation severity at the database level. A value of 100 (Maximum value of 100) would cause the APIs to validate the passed data very stringently.
OSO : Minimum search string length	Optional	Site or User	User Defined	The default setting is 0. This profile determines the number of characters that must be entered before performing a search.
OSO : Search Lead Wildcard	Optional	Any	Yes/No	If set to Yes, the wildcard (%) will be allowed as the first character in a search string. If set to No, and the wildcard is entered as the first character, the system will give the user an error message.

Option	Required	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : Grace Period in Days	Yes	User	User/Org determined number of days	When automatic reconciliation of Budgets is performed, this grace period is checked. If the marketing object is older than the ending date plus the grace period, any remaining funds associated with the marketing object are returned to the Budgets they were drawn from.
				This also sets the number of days after the completion of a campaign for the concurrent manager to delete the target group entries from the AMS_LIST_ENTRIES table default is 30 days.
JTF : Home Page File Name	Optional	Site or Appli cation	User Defined.	Enter a file name of the jsp file (for example, jtfhomepage. jsp). If no value is supplied, a generic information page is displayed. If a file is supplied, it will be displayed on the homepage.

Running Concurrent Programs for Common Components

Run the following concurrent programs when implementing core components for Oracle Marketing.

Concurrent Programs for Common Components

Concurrent Manager	Required	Responsibility	Description
AMS Group Access Refresh	Yes	Oracle Marketing Administrator	Updates denormalized tables with group information. Should be run on a periodic basis according the organization's Business Rules. Changes made to the resource groups will not take effect in the application's security until this program is run.
AMS Team Access Refresh	Yes	Oracle Marketing Administrator	Updates denormalized tables with team information. Should be run on a periodic basis according to the organization's Business Rules. Teams added to marketing objects will not gain access to the marketing objects until program is run.
AMS: Portal Cache Daemon	Yes	Oracle Marketing Administrator	Populates the Marketing subtab on the Home tab.
Load Geographic Hierarchies	Yes	CRM Administrator	This program must be run each time that the geographies are changed.
AMS Load Inventory Categories	Yes	Inventory	Loads categories from the MTL schema to the AMS schema denormalized tables. This program should be run if and when a new category is created in Inventory.

Implementing Marketing Users

Oracle Marketing does not ship with seeded users. It does, however, ship with seeded responsibilities. Based on your business requirements, you will create users (that contain a collection of responsibilities) to perform certain functions within the application.

The following table lists several different examples of users (and their associated collection of responsibilities) that are relevant for an implementation. User creation is highly configurable; you can create any user types necessary.

Oracle Marketing Suggested Users

User Type	Responsibilities	Marketing Functionality
Marketing Super User	Oracle Marketing Super User	This user has the ability to create campaigns, events, and programs. With access to all basic tabs, this user can perform most marketing activities, planning, and budgeting.
		Because this user does not have the Audience Workbench User Responsibility or the Campaign Workbench User Responsibility, the Audience Workbench and Campaign Workbench are not visible to this user.
		In addition to having access to all basic tabs, this user also has the ability to administrate marketing activities. This user will create Rules for approvals but will not have approval functionality.
List Manager	Audience Workbench Super User	This user administrates data sources and configures corresponding customer profile attributes that are used by marketers to create lists.
List User	Audience Workbench User	Uses the Audience Workbench to create and manage lists.
Campaign Manager	Campaign Workbench Super User	This user performs administrative and setup activities to support the schedule creation, maintenance and follow up processes. They create and maintain Schedule Templates that are used by the end user to create Campaign Schedules. Super User functions also include creation and maintenance of Web Placements to be used for Web Schedules.

User Type	Responsibilities	Marketing Functionality	
Marketing Administrator	Oracle Marketing Administrator	This user is the overall marketing administrator.	
	Campaign Workbench Super User	This user creates metrics and metric templates,	
	Audience Workbench Super User	activity templates, custom setups, marketing mediums, fulfillment, locking, fatigue,	
	Oracle Marketing Super User	and mandatory rules, user	
	Oracle Marketing System Administrator	statuses, data sources, targets, etc.	
	Oracle Fulfillment Super User		
	Oracle Advanced Outbound Administrator		
Implementation Super User	System Administrator	This user is the overall	
1	Campaign Workbench Super User	implementation user that has the ability to perform all setup, implementation, and	
	Audience Workbench Super User	administrative tasks. This user has all administrative	
	Oracle Marketing Super User	and implementation privileges	
	System Administrator	including: user creation, profile settings, application defaults,	
	CRM Administrator	etc.	
	Inventory Administrator		
	Oracle Content Manager		
	General Ledger Super User		
	HRMS Manager		
	Workflow User Web Applications		
	Oracle Receivables		
	Oracle Payable		
	Advanced Pricing		
	Receivables Manager		
	1-1 fulfillment Administrator.		

Implementing Fulfillment for Oracle Marketing

Oracle Marketing uses the following fulfillment channels for schedule execution:

- Email: Distributes email blast campaigns to a list of customers and/or prospects.
- Fax: Distributes fax blast campaigns to a list of customers and/or prospects.
- Print: Provides print fulfillment capabilities for direct marketing campaigns.

For events, email is the only fulfillment channel. This is established using fulfillment rules. For more information, see Setting Up Fulfillment Rules for Events, page 3-14.

The following sections describe setups for fulfillment in Oracle Marketing:

Setting Up Oracle Content Manager for Fulfillment Purposes, page 3-8

- Assigning JTF Fulfillment Admin Role to Users and Groups, page 3-8
- Setting Fulfillment Profiles, page 3-9
- Setting Up Collateral Content, page 3-9
- Understanding Fulfillment Queries for Cover Letters, page 3-9
- Seeded Campaign and Event Fulfillment Queries, page 3-9
- Associating Seeded Fulfillment Queries with Templates, page 3-10
- Creating a Custom Fulfillment Query, page 3-10
- Creating Content Types for Cover Letters, page 3-11
- Creating a New Cover Letter, page 3-12
- Creating a Click-Through Destination for a Cover Letter, page 3-13
- Adding Images to a Template, page 3-13
- Setting Up Fulfillment Rules for Events, page 3-14

Setting Up Oracle Content Manager for Fulfillment Purposes

Oracle Content Manager (OCM) is the content repository for Oracle Marketing. You must have the appropriate permissions granted to your user in order to create content items in OCM folders. For more information, see the Oracle Content Manager Implementation Guide.

To implement OCM for Marketing use the following guidelines:

- Create OCM Directories. See the Oracle Content Manager Implementation Guide for specific procedures.
- Grant Directory Privileged to Users and Groups. See the Oracle Content Manager *Implementation Guide* for specific procedures.
- Setup Approvals. See the Oracle Content Manager Implementation Guide for specific procedures.

Assigning JTF Fulfillment Admin Role to Users and Groups

Assign the JTF Fulfillment Admin role to Fulfillment users and administrators. This role gives access to the Fulfillment administration console for setting up fulfillment, creating master documents and viewing request history.

This role only needs to be assigned to Marketing users if they will also be administering Fulfillment activities (for example, setting up Fulfillment servers, agents, and so on). Typically, only a Marketing Administrator is involved in these activities. Additionally, if setting up Oracle One-to-One Fulfillment for Events and Campaigns, the user must have this role.

Roles Region Notes

- Select the employee as the resource.
- If the user is to have access to the Audience and/or Administration tabs, add a role type of Sales and a Role of Sales Representative. For Oracle One-to-One Fulfillment:
 - Add JTF_FM_ADMIN role.
 - Assign the Fulfillment Resource Group.

- If the user is the default approver for marketing objects, add a Role of Default Marketing Approver.
- If the user is an approver for marketing objects, a Role of Marketing Approver. Multiple assignments of this Role are permissible.

Setting Fulfillment Profiles

To enable Oracle One-to-One Fulfillment, set AMS: Enable Fulfillment to Yes at site level. Without setting this profile, fulfillment activities will not execute for Campaigns or Events.

Setting Up Collateral Content

Marketing campaigns and events often require that some sort of collateral content is sent to potential customers and event attendees. Collateral content is defined in Oracle Marketing as any electronic marketing material fulfilled to customers through an automated process. This type of content is always outbound and typically requires a cover letter.

Collateral content consists of:

- **Content Types:** Provides a framework or structure for the cover letter. This content type can be re-used for various types of cover letters.
- **Cover Letters:** Represents the actual content for the outbound activity. Contains various content blocks (defined by the content type). Also contains a body (defined by the query).
- Queries: SQL statements that collects data from the database the retrieved data is merged into the cover letter using personalization tags (which are defined by the query).

Marketers can only view cover letters that they have access to. Therefore, they must be given appropriate cover letter folder privileges. Folder privileges are handled through Oracle Content Manager's folder security.

Understanding Fulfillment Queries for Cover Letters

A fulfillment query is a SQL statement that collects data from the database. This data is merged into a template by using personalization tags defined by the query. The Query tags enable the template to dynamically fetch data. Query tags ultimately become SELECT statements that enable data to be retrieved from the database for the cover letter (template).

A query serves two purposes.

- Determines which records meet the defined criteria.
- Determines which fields of those records are returned. The returned data is merged with a template to create a customized e-mail for each recipient.

Seeded Campaign and Event Fulfillment Queries

For Campaigns and Events, Oracle Marketing ships with seeded queries that contain the related mail merge tags.

The following fulfillment queries for seeded for Campaigns:

- Marketing Simple Query: This query is designed to retrieve basic customer information from the AMS tables.
 - Query retrieves: title, first name, last name, pin code, party id, customer id, organization, e-mail, address, fax address, customer type, and source code.
 - Data is retrieved from the following tables: ams_list_entries, ams_act_lists, ams_ campaign schedules.
- Marketing Detailed Query: This query is designed to retrieve extensive customer information from the AMS tables.
 - Query retrieves: title, first name, last name, pin code, campaign source code, offer code, party id, customer id, list header id list id, address line1, address line2, city, state, zip code, country, fax address, phone, e-mail address, customer type.
 - Data is retrieved from the following tables: ams list entries, ams act lists, ams campaign_schedules, ams_campaigns, ams_act_offers.

The following fulfillment queries are seeded for Events:

- Invitation
- Registration
- Venue Change
- Date Change
- Cancelled

Associating Seeded Fulfillment Queries with Templates

To associate a fulfillment query to a template, you can create a query for the template.

Navigation: Administration > Marketing > Fulfillment > Template

Notes

- Query Type: You can select Marketing Simple Query or Marketing Detail Query. If a custom Query has been created, it can be selected here.
- **Directory:** Choose cover letter.

Creating a Custom Fulfillment Query

If Oracle Marketing's seeded fulfillment queries do not meet your business requirements, then you can create custom queries.

Prerequisites: AMS: Enable Fulfillment is set to Yes

Notes

- **SQL:** Add specific SQL statements to meet your custom query business requirements. When creating SQL statements for a custom Query it is required that you include the bind variables found in the Marketing Simple Query and Marketing Detail Query.
 - Marketing Simple Query bind variables: :schedule_id
 - Marketing Detailed Query bind variables: :schedule_id

Note that the Query is not active until the status is Approved.

Creating Content Types for Cover Letters

Oracle Marketing seeds a structure for cover letters. Being the administrator, you can modify the structure by defining different attributes for it. For example, you can modify the footer, header, images for the seeded content type.

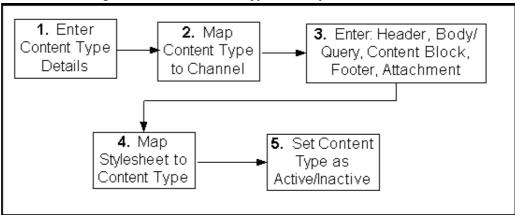
You can also map content types to specific channels. For example, you can map to email, fax, or print fulfillment channels. Based on the mapped templates, end users can search existing cover letters of the particular types you've enabled.

Content Types can bet set as active or inactive. Inactive content types can't be used for content item creation.

The following content types are seeded for cover letters:

- Basic Fulfillment Cover Letter: Contains body, content block, attachments. Does not contain headers or footers.
- Fulfillment Cover Letter: Has a complete structure. Contains headers, body, content block, footers, and attachments.

Administrating Cover Letters Content Types -- Setup Flow



Notes

- **Status:** If the status is active, the content type is available for use in the cover letter. Otherwise, you will not be able to select it when creating the cover letter.
- **Content Group:** Using the provided check boxes, select the appropriate *channel* for this content type. For example, if the content type is created for Fax only, place a check in the Fax check box.
- **Display:** Using these check boxes, determine if the header must be parts of the structure of the content type. You can similarly indicate display option for content blocks, attachments, and footer blocks.
- Header Block: Optionally, select a default header block. The header block typically contains the company logo, and will be added to the main email body.
- **Header Image:** Optionally, select a default image for the header block. If using the header block for the company logo, you will select the image content here.
- **Query:** It is a required field for an active content type. Can create content types without Query when the status is inactive. Example, if this content item is for marketing emails, then you might select Marketing Simple Query.

- **Content Block:** To select the appropriate content block for this content type. Content blocks can be created in OCM or the Deliverables component within Oracle Marketing.
- **Footer Block:** Using the search icon, optionally select a default footer block. This can be any static non-personalizable content.
- **Footer Image:** Using the search icon, optionally select a default image for the footer block.
- Attachments: Using the search icon, you are able to see all file attachment items in OCM repository. You can select any of them to be the default, if needed.
- **Updatable:** For any of the content type attributes, if you want the ability to update the default when creating the actual cover letter, select Yes in this drop-down. Otherwise, select No.
- Required: For any of the content type attributes, if you want field to be a required field when creating the cover letter, select Yes in this drop-down. Otherwise, select No.

Creating a New Cover Letter

Once you have a query and a cover letter content type, you are ready to build the actual cover letter. The cover letter represents the actual content, whereas the content type simply provides a structure or framework for it. At times, your end users will perform this task.

Notes

- **Content Group:** To select the appropriate channel for this cover letter. For example, if the cover letter is for fax, select fax as your channel.
- **Content Types:** The content type provides a predefined structure for the cover letter.
- **Version:** Select either latest version or live version. Live version is the latest approved version of the cover letter. You cannot make a non-live version (latest, for example which is not live) available to your end users for using in the schedule context.
- **Location:** If the default value is not your desired location, you can easily change it by changing the profile IBC: Default Home Folder. For example, if the default is /COMMON you could change it to /AMS.

Personal Profile Values (565656666666666 Profile Name Default Value User Value IBC : Content Type Group IBC : Display Base Lang Yes IBC: Debug Output Directory /slot02/oracle/SMEU1R10 IBC: Debug Type File IBC: Default Home Folder /COMMON IBC: Enable Audit Log IBC: Enable Debug IBC: Enable Encryption No IBC: Enforce Available Date Yes Yes IBC: Enforce Expiration Date IBC: Use Access Control No

Changing the Default Location for a Cover Letter

Content Rendition: This field is required when using the print channel. Using the search icon, upload a PDF file for this email content. The PDF will be stored as a rendition which can later be used in a Print Schedule. This file will not be sent as part of your email. You can embed the mail merge tags used by the query into the PDF document.

Creating a Click-Through Destination for a Cover Letter

When using the e-mail channel, it is likely that the cover letter will include a click-through destination.

If creating your cover letters in Oracle One-to-One Fulfillment (not Oracle Marketing) your click-through actions are pulled from OCM. In this case, your actions are limited to:

- Go to URL
- Go to Content Item

Because of this, it is recommended that you create your cover letters using Oracle Marketing.

Adding Images to a Template

Images can be added to templates. If an image has been added, when the template is displayed, an image appears within the template body. Images are added using the iFrame content creation box. Consequently, you must use a browser, such as Internet Explorer, that supports this technology.

Prerequisites: Profile option JFT_FM_BASE_IMAGE URL is set to the same server value as your applications

Navigation: Administration > Marketing > Fulfillment > Template

Notes

- File: Select if uploading the image from a local file folder. Use the browse button to search for the image.
- **URL:** Select if uploading the image from a URL. Indicate the full path name of the image. For example, if using the Australian flag image found on the Oracle Store landing page, you will need to "View HTML source" on the page, and include the image source path: /OA_MEDIA/jtfaust.gif.

Setting Up Fulfillment Rules for Events

When creating templates for Events, you must set up fulfillment rules. These rules are created to link objects and actions to cover letters. When creating fulfillment rules, it is important to note that Event letters can only use events tokens. Specifically, the event_reg_id token must exist in the query.

For Events, the following actions are seeded:

- Send a letter on Event enrollment or registration.
- Send a letter on Event registration cancellation.
- Send a letter when registration status changes from wait list to confirmed.
- Send letters to Event roster when an Event is cancelled
- Send letters to Event roster when the date of the Event is changed.
- Send letters to Event roster when the venue for the Event is changed. Letters will not be sent if a venue is removed from the Event.

Navigation: Administration > Marketing > Setup > Fulfillment Rules

Notes

Cover Letter: Cover letters available are those created in Oracle Fulfillment.

Administering Common Components

The following administrative components are common the entire application and should be setup or verified before setting up related specific components.

- Creating Custom Setups, page 3-15
- Setting Up Categories, page 3-18
- Setting Up User Statuses, page 3-19
- Setting Up Mandatory Rules, page 3-20
- Setting Up Locking Rules, page 3-20
- Setting Up Approval Rules, page 3-21
- Setting Up Geographic Areas, page 3-26
- Setting Up Existence Checking, page 3-27
- Setting Up Word Replacement Rules, page 3-28
- Setting Up Marketing Source Codes, page 3-29
- Setting Up the Marketing Calendar, page 3-31

Creating Custom Setups

Custom setups dictate how an organization will use marketing objects. They enable an organization to use marketing objects to suit the organization's needs through customized, object-specific side navigation menus.

For example, if a company decides to perform direct marketing campaigns that always use e-mail as the delivery mechanism, a custom setup for the marketing object "Campaign Schedule" can be created. This custom setup would have the following attributes:

- Custom Setup Name: Direct Marketing Email
- Associated with: Campaign Schedule (for the Campaign Email Blast)
- Activity Type: Direct Marketing
- Activity: Email

You can create custom setups for the following marketing objects:

- Campaign
- Campaign Schedule
- Collection
- Deal
- Deliverables
- **Event**
- **Event Schedule**
- **Event Promotion**
- Offer
- One-Off Event
- Price List
- **Trade Promotion**

Custom setup types affect all objects of that type within the application. The setup is restricted to newly created objects of that type.

For example, if a Deliverable is associated with a Campaign but the Deliverable side navigation menu item is disabled on the custom setup, the Deliverable item for currently existing objects will not be visible to users. If the Deliverable item is enabled again, then the associated Deliverable will become available.

Custom Setup Functionality Overview

Custom setups control the following:

- Side Navigation Menu: The vertical menu which appears on the left-hand side of the page once an object is created. The side panel menu does not appear until you create a new object.
- Menu Items: These are the smallest components on the Side Navigation Menu. Menu items are the functional areas within the application where data can be created or where objects are viewed. Some of the menu items have functional implications, others are used for information purposes only.

- Component Groups: Each of the menu items are logically grouped into various sections based on functionality. Component Groups include Planning, Execution, Tracking, Collaboration and Approval. Within each Component Group is a logical collection of menu items.
- Seeded Menu Items: The following is a list of objects you can create Custom Setups to be used with.
 - Main
 - Messages
 - Geography
 - Product
 - Deliverable
 - Budget
 - Team
 - Contact Point
 - Trigger
 - Schedule
 - Offer
 - **Tasks**
 - Notes
 - **Partners**
 - Cost and Revenues
 - Campaign Schedule
 - Metrics
 - Attachments
 - Theme Approval
 - **Budget Approval**
 - Market Eligibility
 - **Products**
 - Allocation
 - Checkbook

Creating a Custom Setup

When creating a custom setup you will associate the custom setup with a marketing object.

Notes

Depending on the marketing object selected, additional fields such as Activity Type and Activity may appear. This indicates that the Custom Setup is valid for the specific combination.

- The selection of Activity Type and Activity determines the available Component Groups and Menu Items. For example, Direct Marketing - Email has a different set of Component Groups and Menu Items as compared to Direct Marketing -Direct Mail.
- The available combinations of Activity Type and Activity in the Create Custom Setup page depend on the definition of the organization's Activities, Activity Types and Categories. In the case of Deliverables, the combination of Activity Type and Activity is based on the parent and child category. Custom Setups for Campaign Schedules depend on the relationship of Activity Type and Activity.
- Active: Select it for the Custom Setup to be available for selection during a marketing object create.
- Allow Essential and Optional Grouping: Select this check box if this Custom Setup can be used with the Side Navigation Look profile option.
- **Suffix:** A suffix is used as part of the source code. The suffix set here is reflected when an object is created. The suffix can be alpha, numeric or a combination. The maximum number of characters is 3.

Setting Up Custom Setup Details

After the Custom Setup has been created, you need to configure it:

Notes

- The combination of Menu Items displayed is based on the marketing object, Activity, and Activity Type combination selected when creating the Custom Setup.
- Component Group: Displays by default based on the marketing object, Activity, and Activity type selected for Custom Setup.
- **Display Sequence:** Use this column to control the order of the marketing Objects (as they appear in the side navigation menu). For example, if Products is to appear on the side navigation menu directly below Main, Product should be sequentially numbered directly after Main. Main is not an optional setting and must be included. In this example, Main could be given a value of 10, and Product could be given a value of 11.
- Available Attributes: Use this column to indicate if the attributes for this object should be made available.
- Essential: To control the display order of a particular marketing object, place a check in the Essential check box (be sure to select the Essential check box that aligns with the correct marketing object). Anything not checked in the "Essential" column is considered "Optional" and is listed in alphabetical order.
- Essential Display Sequence: Display sequence is a numeric setting used to order marketing objects in side navigation menus. If the Essential check box is selected, numeric values provided enable the "Essential" marketing objects to be ordered appropriately. The Display Sequence column is used to determine the order when "Business Process View" profile value is selected.
- **Reports:** Select this check box to enable attributes to be displayed in the portals.

Setting Up Categories

Categories are used to group objects. They can be used as selection and search criteria to locate objects. For some objects, categories can be used to impose a business rule. Categories can be used in the following marketing functional areas:

- Deliverables, page 3-18
- Events, page 3-18
- Metrics, page 3-18
- Budgets, page 3-18
- Approval Rules, page 3-18

To understand and implement Categories see the following sections:

Deliverable Categories

Categories are used by Deliverables to group items together. While creating a Deliverable it is mandatory to choose the category to which it belongs. Examples of Deliverable categories are:

- Collateral
- Creative
- **Email**

You can create sub-categories to further define Deliverables. For example, you can define greetings or confirmation as sub categories under the e-mail category. Email is a special category of Deliverables. These will be used by Campaign Schedules to send as e-mail when attached through the e-mail content screen in Campaign Schedules.

Events Categories

Categories are used with Events to group or categorize them. Examples of Event categories are educational Events or partnered Events.

Metrics Categories

Category is used by metrics to classify the metrics. You can have different categories of metrics such as cost, revenue, leads or opportunities. When you create a rollup or summary metrics, the system ensures that the metric rolls up or is summarized to the metrics of the same category.

Budgets Categories

Budgets use categories to integrate to Oracle General Ledger. Budget categories can also be used to verify Budget eligibility for Campaign Schedules.

Approval Rules and Categories

Approval rules for Deliverables can be linked to Deliverable categories. Approval rule for Budgets can be linked to Budget categories. This means that all Budgets falling within that category would use that particular rule for approval when drawing money from those Budgets.

Setting Up Deliverable Categories for Custom Setups

Custom setups for Deliverables can be created for using Deliverable categories. Therefore, all deliverables using that category will use the custom setup created for the category attached.

To create a Deliverable for a custom setup, you need to:

- Create a Category
- Verify a Category

Creating a Category Notes

- **Enabled:** Select to make the Category available.
- **Created For:** This is the marketing object for which you are creating the category.
- In case of metrics or Deliverables, make sure the parent-child relationship is captured correctly.

Note: Oracle Marketing contains seeded categories for Deliverables and Events. Disable categories that are not needed.

Verifying a Category Notes

- Navigate to the Deliverables tab and verify that the Category and Subcategory fields display values in the drop down menu.
- Navigate to the Events tab, create an event, and verify that the Category field displays values in the drop down menu.
- Navigate to Administration > Marketing > General > Metrics and verify that the Category field displays values in the drop down menu.

Setting Up User Statuses

System statuses drive certain behaviors of Marketing objects. User statuses, on the other hand, can be created on top of system statuses. User statuses do not drive behavior, but can be used for the purpose of classification. By setting a User Status, you can configure the values of the object's "status" field. This improves usability and analysis of objects within the application.

For example, a Campaign can have a system status - cancelled. The seeded user status for Campaign with a cancelled status is cancelled. This means that when a Campaign's status moves to cancelled, the UI's status field reflects the value "cancelled".

The system status can be extended using user Status to enhance the analysis and reporting functionality. One such method would be to add a cancellation reason to the cancelled status.

For example:

- Cancelled ROI Below Expectation
- Cancelled Competitor Campaign
- Cancelled Product Overlap
- Cancelled Executive Rejection

Seeded User Statuses

All enabled user statuses are available in the Campaign Status LOV. Seeded user status values are marked Enabled and Default. This means that the system status value will show up for objects as the default value. System status values cannot be disabled.

New user status values can be created. Once a new user status is created for a combination of activity and status and marked enabled, the seeded system status value automatically looses its default flag. There cannot be two default user statuses for given combination of activity and status.

Refer to Seeded User Statuses, page E-1 for a listing of seeded user statuses for release 11.5.10.

Creating User Statuses

Multiple Users Statuses may be created and enabled for a particular System Status. All functionality and rules associated with the system status will be applicable for the user status created for that combination.

Navigation: Administration > Marketing > Setup > User Status > Create

Notes

- **User Status:** This will replace the System Status for the marketing object.
- **Enabled:** Select this check box to make the User Status available.
- **Default:** Select this check box in the overview screen to set this User Status as a default. If not selected, the seeded User Status will be reflected on the Campaign. On update, the default value on the seeded User Status is automatically removed.

Setting Up Mandatory Rules

In Oracle Marketing, most objects can use Mandatory Rules. These rules enable a company to control data entry by mandating that certain fields be entered on specific screens. In other words, rules can be created to make certain data fields mandatory. Certain values in the selected columns are seeded and cannot be changed/modified.

For example, when creating a Campaign, on the Campaign Details page, Purpose is not a mandatory field by default. Seeded, it is an optional field. If your business requirements mandate that users must select a value for this, then you can create a mandatory rule to enforce this business rule.

Navigation: Administration > Marketing > Setup > Mandatory Rules

Notes

- **Parent Object Type:** Select the object for which you want to create a mandatory rule.
- **Object Attribute:** Select the side navigational menu for which the field that must be set as mandatory appears.

Verify the rule by opening an existing campaign and navigating to the details page. Observe that the field you moved from the Available Fields column to the Selected Fields column is now marked as mandatory.

Setting Up Locking Rules

Locking Rules are a way for companies to control data entry by disallowing updates to certain data at certain statuses. For example, if a marketer is not supposed to be able to update a Campaign's version, this field can be locked for this user. In this case, when the user navigates to the Campaign Details page, version (usually an updatable field) will not be updatable.

By design, locking rules are ignored for the Oracle Marketing Super User responsibility. In other words, when an Oracle Marketing Super User is logged in, the fields which are supposed to be locked are updatable. If the user is not logged in as the Oracle Marketing Super User, then the fields will display according to the locking rules defined.

Navigation: Administration > Marketing > Setup > Locking Rules

- **Parent Object Type:** Select the object for which you want to create a locking rule.
- **Object Attribute:** Select the side navigational menu for which the field that must be locked appears.

To verify the rule, log into Oracle Marketing as a user without the super user responsibility. Open an existing campaign and navigate to the details page. Observe that the field you moved from the Available Fields column to the Selected Fields column is now locked and cannot be edited.

Setting Up Approval Rules

Approvals can be used for all objects created within the Oracle Marketing application. It is possible to specify a business unit on an approval rule for a campaign schedule, however the business unit does not appear on the campaign schedule. Although not visible, the business unit is inherited from the campaign. In other words, approval rules for campaign schedules use the business unit from the campaign (if specified).

For core Marketing, approval rules can be created on the following marketing objects:

- Campaigns
- Campaign Schedules
- **Events**
- **Event Schedules**
- One-Off Events
- Offers
- Deliverables
- Price lists
- Claims

Overview of Approval Rules

The following is a list of terms and concepts for approval rules:

Concept Approval

Done prior to approving any finances for the Object. The requirement of 'Concept' approval for any Object is based on the 'Custom Setup' used for creating the Object.

Budget Line Approval

The method in which the money / expense associated with an 'Object' is approved. The requirement of 'Budget Line' approval for any Object is based on the 'Custom Setup' used for creating the Object. This approval is guided by the Budget category used while creating the Budget.

Budget Approval

The final approval for an 'Object'. This happens after the 'Theme' and 'Budget Line' approvals are met. The execution of this approval depends on the Budget 'Cutoff Percentage' being met. See Profile Option, AMS Cutoff Percentage for Approval.

Budget Request Approval

Type of approval is related to the Budget Transfers. Budget transfers are used to transfer funds between two Budgets. This approval is guided by the Budget category used while creating the Budget which the funds are being sourced from. Note: Child Budget creation is also similar to the Budget request approval.

Root Budget Approval

When a Budget is created in the Application, It cannot go 'Active' and be used by other objects without going through the 'Root Budget Approval'. Any Budget without a parent is a 'Root Budget'.

Understanding the Approval Process

If the Custom Setup selected for the marketing object requires both theme and Budget approval, the approval process will proceed in the following manner.

- 1. An object goes through Concept approval when the object's status is changed by the user from New to Planned.
- 2. Upon the next running of the concurrent process, the Concept approval is sent to an approver based on Approval Rules. At this time the object's status goes to Pending Theme Approval.
- 3. Approver approves the request.
- 4. On approval, the object's status goes to Planned.
- 5. When the user changes the object's status from Planned to Active, the object goes through Budget Line approval.
- 6. Upon the next running of the concurrent process, the Budget Line approval is sent to an approver based on Approval Rules. At this time the object's status goes to Pending Budget Approval.
- 7. Once the threshold limit is reached, based on the AMS Cutoff Percentage for Approval, the Budget approval is sent automatically. It does not require a concurrent process. At this time the object's status is still at Pending Budget Approval.
- 8. The Budget approval is sent to an approver based on Approval Rules. Depending on the approval, the object's status will go to Active or Rejected.

Setting Up Approvals

Use the following procedures to implement approvals:

- Setting Up Role Types for Approvals, page 3-23
- Setting Up Roles for Approvers, page 3-23

- Setting Profile Options for Approvals", page 3-24
- Creating Approval Rules, page 3-25
- Assigning Approvers, page 3-25
- Running Workflow Background Process for Approvals, page 3-25

Setting Up Role Types for Approvals

The required role types for approvals are:

- Default Marketing Approver: Approver of any new marketing object requiring approval.
- Marketing Approver: Approvers specified by the approval rules.

To set up Role Types, log in to Oracle Forms with CRM Administrator responsibility.

Navigation: Setup > Role Types

Notes

- Check for the role type of AMSAPPR. If the role type does not exist, it must be created.
- Create a new line for AMSAPPR.
- Code: Enter AMSAPPR.
- **Meaning:** Enter Default Marketing Approver.
- **Description:** Enter Default Marketing Approver.
- If more than one person in the organization will be approving marketing objects, create a role type called Marketing Approver.
- Create a new line for MKTGAPPR as you did for AMSAPPR.

Setting Up Roles for Approvers

The role of Default Marketing Approver must be created and assigned to a user in order for Oracle Marketing to function properly. The Default Marketing Approver receives approval notification for any marketing object not meeting the criteria specified in the approval rules.

The Default Marketing Approver Role may only be assigned to one user. If more than one user receives this role, the approval process will fail. The system will not prevent you from assigning the role to more than one user.

To set up approver roles, log in to Oracle Forms with CRM Administrator responsibility and create a new line. Assign this role to a valid user.

Navigation: Setup > Roles

Notes

- **Code:** Enter AMS_DEFAULT_APPROVER.
- Name Type: Enter Default Marketing Approver.
- Type: Select Default Marketing Approver or the description you gave the Default Marketing Approver Role Type.
- **Active:** Select to activate the new line.

Setting Profile Options for Approvals

See the table below for system profiles and their values.

Profile Options for Approvals

Option	Required	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS: Cutoff Percentage for Approval	AMS: Cutoff Yes	Site	Enter a value between 0 and 100	For a marketing object with an Initial Estimated Amount (IEA) value entered into the Budget page for that object to go to Active status, it must obtain Budget approval for this percentage of the IEA. During the initial stage, before the object status is Active, requests in excess of the IEA are not allowed.
				For example, an object with an IEA of \$1,000 and an AMS: Cutoff Percentage for Approval of 60, requires approval of \$600 in order to become Active. The same object in an organization with an AMS Threshold of 100, requires approval of \$1,000 to become Active.
AMS: Source from Parent	Yes	Site	Yes/No	Determines whether Campaign Schedules and Event Schedules are sourced from their parent Campaigns and Events (select Yes) or from Budgets (select No). Campaigns and Events may only be sourced from Budgets.

Creating Approval Rules

The creation process involves first creating an approval rule and then assigning approvers to the rule.

Notes

- Select an Approval Rule Type from the following:
 - Object: Approval Type: Concept: is for 'Concept Approval', where the theme is approved.
 - Budget Request Approval Type: Budget is for 'Budget Line Approval' (this is for funds requested from a Budget). This is when you request funds from a Budget. This is the rule that will apply for 'Budget Transfers' and Child Budgets. Note that Budget Requests for Transfers and Child Budgets will follow the above rule.
 - **Budget Transfer:** Used while transferring funds from one Budget to another.
 - Root Budget Approval Type: Budget is for Root Budget Approval.
 - Campaign/Event Approval Type: Budget is for Overall Object Approval (this is the third approval after the threshold is met). It is after this approval that the status of the object will go Active.

Assigning Approvers

Approvers can be assigned by role, user, function or a combination of all three. The functions in use will be functions such as 'Object Owner', 'Parent Object Owner', or 'Budget Owner'.

These are similar to approval roles but are different in the sense that they are dynamic based on each 'Object' and do not have to be assigned to a 'User'. If the approval needs to be sent through a chain of approvers, The approvers need to be set in an order.

For example, an advertising Budget for which there are three approvers for the 'Budget Line Approval'. After the rule is created, approvers need to be added to the rule in the order in which they are expected to approve. Approver with Order [1] will be the first approver followed by Approver with Order [2] and so forth.

Running Workflow Background Process for Approvals

Run the following concurrent program to perform background processes necessary for the approvals implementation to be complete.

Workflow Background Process for Approvals

Concurrent Manager	Required	Description
Workflow Background Process	Yes	Parameters required:
		 Set Item Type: AMS Marketing Approvals
		 Minimum Threshold: Leave blank.
		 Maximum Threshold: Leave blank.
		 Process Deferred: Yes
		• Process Timeout: Yes
		The concurrent process is required to process the approvals. As mentioned earlier, there are three approval processes to complete: Concept, Budget Line and Budget.
		The concurrent process is required for Concept and Budget Line approvals. Other approvals, Budget Request, Root Budget and Object approval, occur in real time.

Determining/Verifying the Default Marketing Approver

Use the following SQL statement to determine who the default marketing approver is:

```
SELECT emp.resource_name, rr.role_resource_id
FROM ams_jtf_rs_emp_v emp,
jtf rs role relations rr,
jtf_rs_roles_vl rl
WHERE rr.role_id = rl.role_id
AND rr.role resource id = emp.resource id
and rl.role_type_code in( 'MKTGAPPR','AMSAPPR')
AND rl.role code = 'AMS DEFAULT APPROVER'
AND rr.ROLE RESOURCE TYPE = 'RS INDIVIDUAL'
AND delete flag = 'N'
AND sysdate between rr.start_date_active
and nvl(rr.end date active, sysdate);
```

Setting Up Geographic Areas

Geographies are created in two sections. First the Geographic Location Types are created and then Geographic Areas are created. Each Geographic Area has a Geographic Location Type associated with it. Run the Concurrent Manager Program, Load Geographic Hierarchies, any time Geography is modified.

Navigation:

- Administration > Marketing > Geography > Location Type
- Administration > Marketing > Geography > Geographic Area

Notes

- The Geographic hierarchy should be created from the top down.
- **C Region:** use this field for regions within a Country
- S Region: use this field for regions within a State

Setting Up Existence Checking

Existence Checking is done by using fuzzy keys and word replacement rules. List import programs use algorithms to create any TCA entity. For more information about existence checking and list import, see Performing Existence Checking for List Import, page 6-27.

To understand and implement existing checking and word replacement rules see the following sections:

- Existence Checking Algorithm, page 3-27
- Existence Checking with the Customer Key, page 3-27
- Existence Checking for Address, page 3-28
- Existence Checking for Contacts, page 3-28
- Existence Checking for Contact Points, page 3-28

Existence Checking Algorithm

The following describes existence checking algorithm logic:

If location does not exist then create a Location. If Party does not exists then create a Party. If Part Site does not exist for the combination of above Party and Location then create a Party Site. If a Contact Party does not exist then create a Contact party. If a Relationship of type CONTACT does not exist between Party and Contact Party then create Org Contact, Relationship and Contact Roles. If Contact Points do not exist then create Contact Points.

Existence Checking with the Customer Key

Existence checking is done using customer key in HZ PARTIES. This key is generated by TCA APIs while creating the customer. List Import program populates the AMS IMP SOURCE LINES table with dedupe keys for all records to be imported. If it finds a match on the HZ_PARTIES, then it uses the matching customer, otherwise it creates a new customer using the TCA API. As mentioned above, if there are multiple records with the same customer key then the import record is created for the customer having highest party_id.

Any word replacement rules are defined in TCA then those rules will be applied to the customer name in the table while populating the key in AMS_IMP_SOURCE_LINES table.

Existence checking for a B2B customer is based on Name, Address1 and Country columns. First, the algorithm locates the highest Party ID for the provided Name, Address1 and Country columns. If that fails, it looks for the highest Party ID for the same Name within the Country. If this also fails then it takes the name with the highest Party ID.

Existence Checking for Address

In the TCA customer model, the address consists of the party site in HZ PARTY SITES and location in HZ LOCATIONS. Locations is a physical address, such as 500 Oracle Parkway, Redwood Shores, CA 94065. The Party Site is a logical name associated with a location. For example, the Party Site - "Head Quarters" can be associated with a location 500 Oracle Parkway. Multiple party sites can point to the same location. For example, 500 Oracle Parkway can be both "Head Quarters" and "Human Resources". The List Import program check whether the location exists in HZ_LOCATIONS or not as well as whether the party site for the combination of location and customer exists in HZ_PARTY_SITES.

To check for Address existence, the algorithm uses the Address1, City, Zip Code and Country columns.

If a matching record is found in HZ LOCATIONS then it uses the matching location otherwise it creates a new location using TCA API. As mentioned above if there are multiple records with the same address key then it takes the location having highest location_id.

Once the location_id is created, the program finds out whether a party site exists for the combination of this location id and party id. If such party site already exists then it takes that party_site_id. If not then a new party site is created using TCA API.

Existence Checking for Contacts

In TCA, the contact is stored as a party of type "PERSON" in HZ_PARTIES and a relationship is created between the customer and contact in HZ RELATIONSHIPS. The List Import program checks whether the contact exists in HZ_PARTIES (as a party of type "PERSON") as well as it checks whether a relationship of type "Contact" exists between the customer and contact in HZ RELATIONSHIPS. The existence checking is done using customer key in TCA table (HZ PARTIES). Refer to the above section on customer.

For Contacts, existence checking first compares the First Name, Last Name, Email Address, and Telephone area code, number and extension fields. It first checks Name along with both Email Address and Telephone information. If this fails then it checks the Name and Email Address and if this also fails, then checks Name and Telephone information.

Note that if relationship of any other type exists then List import program will create a new relationship. If a contact with same first name and last name (thus same party name in HZ PARTIES) exists in table then list Import will not create a new contact in TCA tables. It will just create a new relationship if one does not exists and attach the list to that contact.

Existence Checking for Contact Points

List import creates Phone, Email, and WEB information. For Phone, existence checking is based on Name, Phone Country Code, Area Code, Phone Number and Extension. For Email, existence checking is based on Name and Email Address.

Setting Up Word Replacement Rules

If migrating word replacement rules from a local to remote instance, after adding the rules (using the procedure below) you will need to run the concurrent program AMS Migrate Word replacement Rules for Remote List Processing.

To add new words to TCA's word replacement system, log in to Oracle Forms with Trading Community Manager responsibility.

Prerequisite: Oracle Accounts Receivable (TCA) is implemented.

Navigation: Data Quality Management > Setup > Word Replacements

Notes

Word List: Search for the appropriate list. For example, if looking to write a word replacement for Rachael, you would locate the Person Name Dictionary.

Setting Up Marketing Source Codes

Source codes are unique identifiers for the following marketing objects:

- Campaigns
- Campaign Schedules
- **Events**
- **Event Schedules**
- Offers

Source codes play an important role in marketing because the customer, most often, interacts with the application using a source code. Source codes are stored with orders to track the effectiveness of an Event, Campaign, or Offer.

Source Code Construction

Source codes are constructed using various components. The maximum number of characters in a source code is 30. The Geography Code comes from the geographic area code entered in Geography. The Suffix comes from the source code suffix field in Custom Setups. The source code may contain any of the following components:

- Geography Code
- Month Code
- **Activity Code**
- Source Code digits (maximum number equals 30 total of other components)
- Suffix

Campaign Schedules can copy source code from campaigns or can have their own source code. If the source code is created for schedules, it will be parent campaign's source code and sequence number of the schedule.

Source Code Schema

Each marketing object has a column referencing the source code. This source code is unique throughout the application. Given a source code, it can be traced back to its marketing object by looking at the AMS_SOURCE_CODES table.

Source Code Schema Reference

Table	Object ID Fields	Source Code Fields
AMS_CAMPAIGNS_VL	CAMPAIGN_ID	source_code
AMS_CAMPAIGN_ SCHEDULES_VL	SCHEDULE_ID	source_code
AMS_EVENT_HEADERS_VL	EVENT_HEADER_ID	source_code
AMS_EVENT_OFFERS_VL	EVENT_OFFER_ID	source_code
AMS_OFFERS_VL	OFFER_ID QP_LIST_HEADER_ID	offer_code
AMS_SOURCE_CODES	SOURCE_CODE_ID	source_code arc_source_code_for source_code_for_id related_source_code related_source_object related_source_id

The following table shows definitions for the AMS_SOURCE_CODE table:

AMS_SOURCE_CODE Table Definitions

Column Name	Field Type	Description
SOURCE_CODE_ID	NUMBER	Unique identifier for the source code table
SOURCE_CODE	VARCHAR2(30)	Unique identifier for all the marketing objects. Source codes are communicated to the customers.
SOURCE_CODE_FOR_ID	NUMBER	FK to the marketing object to which the source code points to.
ARC_SOURCE_CODE_FOR	VARCHAR2(30)	Four letter code that points to a marketing object (EVEH = Event headers, EVEO = Event Schedules, EONE = One-Off Events, CAMP = Campaigns, CSCH = Campaign Schedules, OFFR = Offers)
ACTIVE_FLAG	VARCHAR2(1)	Flag to indicate if the source code is active or not.
RELATED_SOURCE_CODE	VARCHAR2(30)	Source code of the related object. This is used in case of Event promotions. The customer is interested in the related Event that the Campaign is promoting rather than the Campaign itself.
RELATED_SOURCE_OBJECT	VARCHAR2(30)	Four letter code that points to the related marketing object (EVEH = Event headers, EVEO = Event Schedules, CAMP = Campaigns, CSCH = Campaign Schedules, OFFR = Offers)
RELATED_SOURCE_ID	NUMBER	FK to the marketing object to which the related source code points to.

Setting Up the Marketing Calendar

The Marketing Calendar is a generic calendar available to all marketing users. Different users can have different views of the calendar, however, contents are not personalizable at user level. The calendar displays marketing objects based on statuses and time range. Procedures need to be performed to centrally setup what objects are shown in the calendar.

Marketing objects supported by the Marketing Calendar:

- Campaign Schedules
- **Event Schedules**
- One-Off Events
- Offers

Assigning Usage to Resource Group

Before users can view the Marketing Calendar, their group must be assigned the CRM Foundation Calendar Items Group Usage. Only users on groups with "Calendar Item" usage will be able to view marketing objects. For more information, see the Oracle Marketing User Guide.

Navigation: Administration > Resources > Groups Summary

Notes

- **Group Name:** Name of the group by which Calendar usage privileges are requested.
- **Start Date:** Start date for which the group will be able to access the Marketing Calendar.
- Usage: To enable Calendar functionality, select CRM Foundation Calendar Items from the drop-down menu.

Selecting Calendar Display Parameters

The Marketing Administrator must decide on the parameters that will ultimately be displayed in the Marketing Calendar. The Administrator has 2 options:

- Criteria: Displays marketing objects based on a criteria for which they qualify. For example, an Event Schedule may have a criteria of Status "new" and Date "January 1, 2003 - March 1, 2003".
- Object: Displays marketing objects specified. The Marketing Calendar supports Campaign Schedule, Event Schedule, One-off Events, and Offers.

Navigation: Administration > Marketing > Setup > Calendar Criteria

Notes

- **Object:** Marketing object that will be displayed on the Calendar.
- **Custom Setup:** Select a custom setup for the marketing object selected.
- **Start Date:** Start date by which the marketing object selected will begin appearing on the Calendar.
- **End Date:** End date for which the marketing object selected will stop appearing on the Calendar.
- **Priority:** Priority level by which the marketing object will appear in the Calendar.
- Status: Marketing object status. For example, if the marketing object selected for display is "Campaign Schedule", the status chosen may be Active Schedules. In this case, only Active Campaign Schedules will appear on the Marketing Calendar.

Running Concurrent Program for Calendar

Before the new object or criteria will display on the Marketing Calendar, run the concurrent program AMS: Interface Marketing Objects to Calendar. This program is a workflow background process and will update the Calendar as needed.

Configuring User Profiles

Before a user can view the Marketing Calendar they must specify in their user profile what marketing objects they want to view. Further, users can personalize the Calendar by saving preferences based on their needs.

To configure user profiles for Calendar preferences, use the Profile icon and set the Display Items attribute to Yes.

Setting Up Suppression Lists

Oracle Marketing helps companies to comply with privacy policies by providing pre-defined suppression filters. These filters are applied automatically to every target list so that customers who have opted-out of receiving promotional campaigns are not targeted. Marketers can also create their own user-defined suppression filters and apply them globally to all campaigns, campaigns based on activity (e-mail, direct mail or telemarketing) or only to specific campaigns. Based on this level, the suppression list is automatically applied to filter the target groups of any campaign schedule.

Out-of-the-box, Oracle Marketing provides 10 seeded suppression lists. These include:

- Do Not Contact for Persons and Organization Contacts
- Do Not Mail for Persons and Organization Contacts
- Do Not Phone for Persons and Organization Contacts
- Do Not Email for Persons and Organization Contacts
- Do Not Fax for Persons and Organization Contacts

The seeded suppression lists are based on information stored in the HZ CONTACT PREFERENCES table of the Oracle Customer Model (TCA).

In addition to the previously described suppression method, Oracle Marketing provides marketers with the ability to capture opt-out contact preferences for channels, contact points, product interest and promotion by customizing the contact preferences pages for marketing activities. These 'self-service' screens enable targeted prospects/customers to unsubscribe from future activities by providing the appropriate information.

When a contact un-subscribes, this preference is captured and maintained as part of the suppression list, thereby automatically excluding this contact from future marketing activities (based on the contact's preferences). By capturing preference information directly from targeted individuals, this feature helps marketers target the right people at the right times using the right channels.

Implementing and Administering Campaigns

This chapter covers the following topics:

- Implementing Campaigns
- Deploying Scripts into the Database
- Administering Campaigns

Implementing Campaigns

Implementing Campaigns is slightly different than administrating campaigns. Implementation tasks are considered one time setups. Administrative tasks, on the other hand, are ongoing and may require updates on a frequent basis.

This section includes tasks for implementing Oracle Marketing Campaigns. Procedures listed below relate to setting up functionality existing outside the Campaign Workbench.

To implement Campaigns, see:

- Setting up Campaign Users, page 4-1
- Setting Up Campaign Fulfillment, page 4-2
- Creating and Verifying Lookups for Campaigns, page 4-2
- Understanding Schedule Execution, page 4-4
- Running Concurrent Programs for Campaigns, page 4-4
- Implementing eMerchandising for the Campaign Tab, page 4-5
- Implementing Scripts for Campaigns, page 4-13

Setting up Campaign Users

In Oracle Marketing, a user's ability to perform certain functions depends on the associated responsibilities attached to the user. Depending on job function and related day-to-day tasks, assign one or both of the following responsibilities to your users:

Marketing User Responsibility

This responsibility has the following visibility and privileges:

- Ability to create campaigns, programs, budgets and budget security
- Unable to see the Campaign Workbench

Marketing Super User Responsibility

This responsibility has the following visibility and privileges:

- Accesses all Marketing UI's, including the Campaign and Audience Workbench.
- Ability to navigate from the Oracle Marketing application to the Campaign and Audience Workbench.

Setting Up Campaign Fulfillment

Refer to Implementing Fulfillment for Oracle Marketing, page 3-7 for information on setting up campaign fulfillment.

Creating and Verifying Lookups for Campaigns

As mandated by your business requirements, verify or create the following lookups.

Campaign System Lookups

Lookup Key	Value	Meaning
AMS_ACCESS_TYPE	Group	Group
AMS_ CAMPAIGN_	Active	Active
SCHEDULE_STATUS	Archived	Archived
	Available	Available
	Cancelled	Cancelled
	Closed	Closed
	Completed	Completed
	Denied_BA	Denied Budget Approval
	New	New
	On_Hold	Active, but locked
	Submitted_BA	Pending Budget Approval
AMS_CAMPAIGN_STATUS	Active	Active
	Archived	Archived
	Available	Available
	Cancelled	Cancelled
	Closed	Closed
	Completed	Completed
	Denied_BA	Denied Budget Approval
	Denied_TA	Denied Theme Approval
	New	New
	On_Hold	Active, but locked
	Planning	Planned
	Submitted_Budget Approval	Submitted for Budget Approval
	Submitted_Theme Approval	Submitted for Theme Approval

Awareness Lead Lead_ Maturation Sales_ Readiness Address Email Fax Inbound_ script Outbound_ script Phone Website Proposal Camp CSCH EONE	Awareness Lead Generation Lead Maturation Sales Readiness Address Email Fax Inbound Script Outbound Script Phone Website Proposal Campaign Campaign Schedule
Lead_ Maturation Sales_ Readiness Address Email Fax Inbound_ script Outbound_ script Phone Website Proposal Camp	Lead Maturation Sales Readiness Address Email Fax Inbound Script Outbound Script Phone Website Proposal Campaign Campaign Schedule
Sales_ Readiness Address Email Fax Inbound_ script Outbound_ script Phone Website Proposal Camp	Sales Readiness Address Email Fax Inbound Script Outbound Script Phone Website Proposal Campaign Campaign Schedule
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Fax Inbound_ script Outbound_ script Phone Website Proposal Camp	Fax Inbound Script Outbound Script Phone Website Proposal Campaign Campaign Schedule
Inbound_script Outbound_script Phone Website Proposal Camp	Inbound Script Outbound Script Phone Website Proposal Campaign Campaign Schedule
Outbound_ script Phone Website Proposal Camp CSCH	Outbound Script Phone Website Proposal Campaign Campaign Schedule
Phone Website Proposal Camp CSCH	Phone Website Proposal Campaign Campaign Schedule
Website Proposal Camp CSCH	Website Proposal Campaign Campaign Schedule
Proposal Camp CSCH	Proposal Campaign Campaign Schedule
Camp CSCH	Campaign Campaign Schedule
CSCH	Campaign Schedule
EONE	0 000 F
	One-Off Event
EVEH	Event
Broadcast	Advertising
Deal	Deal
Direct_Marketing	Direct Marketing
Events	Events
Internet	Web Marketing
In_Store	In Store
	Press and Analyst Relations
	Trade Promotions
_ Direct_Sales	Sales
Fast Track	Fast Track
– High	High
Standard	Standard
User Defined	
Active	Active
Archived	Archived
Cancelled	Cancelled
	Completed
New	New
	Active, but locked
	vents check the content of the conte

Lookup Key	Value	Meaning	
AMS_ROLLUP_TYPE	Coll	Collection	
	Deal	Deal	
	ECAM	Campaign	
	EVCAM	Event Promotions	
	Partner	Partner	
	RCAM	Program	
	TRDP	Trade Promotion	
AMS_SCHEDULE_OBJECT IVE	User Defined	User Defined	
AMS_TRIGGER_CHK_METR	Actual	Actual Value	
IC_TYPE	Forecast	Forecast Value	
AMS_TRIGGER_CHK_TYPE	DIWB	Workbook	
	Metric	Metric	
	Static_Value	Static Value	
AMS_ TRIGGER_	Daily	The frequency of trigger	
FREQUENCY_TYPE	Hourly	checking	
	Monthly		
	None		
	Quarterly		
	Weekly		
	Yearly		
AMS_TRIGGER_TYPE	Metric_Metric	Metric to Metric type trigger	
	Metric_Value	Metric to Value type trigger	
	Metric_ Workbook	Metric to Workbook type trigger	
AMS_CAMP_ RELATED_	EONE	One-Off Event	
EVENT	EVEH	Event	
	EVEO	Event Schedule	

Understanding Schedule Execution

The business events system automatically activates schedules on a specified start date. When the schedule is approved, the schedule execution workflow begins. This workflow has business events that can be used for further customizations.

Running Concurrent Programs for Campaigns

Run the following concurrent programs for campaigns:

Campaign Concurrent Programs

Concurrent Program	Required	Description
AMS: Complete Campaign Schedules	Optional	This program picks up active schedules with an end date of today (or, an end date that has passed) and completes them.

Implementing eMerchandising for the Campaign Tab

eMerchandising is the Web marketing module within Oracle Marketing. When used with campaigns it enables Web marketing and personalization. eMerchandising can be implemented with Oracle iStore or any other third-party affiliate Web storefront.

Before setting up eMerchandising the following applications need to be setup (if listed as mandatory).

- Oracle Marketing: Prior to implementing eMerchandising, Oracle Marketing must be properly implemented.
- Oracle iStore: This step is mandatory only if it is integrated with Oracle iStore. See the *Oracle iStore Implementation Guide* for details.
- Oracle Partner Management: This implementation step is optional. See the *Oracle Partner Management Implementation Guide* for details.
- Oracle iSupport: Implementing Oracle iSupport is optional. When implemented, the Oracle iSupport portal displays eMerchandising content.

Note: The eMerchandising module is an optional implementation step. It can only be implemented with Oracle Marketing Campaigns and is not designed to work with the Campaign Workbench.

To implement eMerchandising see the following:

- Setting Web Posting and Placement Profiles, page 4-5
- Verifying and Creating Lookups, page 4-7
- Running Concurrent Programs, page 4-9
- Setting Up the Guest User, page 4-10
- Integrating eMerchandising with Third-Party Web Storefronts, page 4-10

Setting Web Posting and Placement Profiles

A *Web posting* is an object used to define personalized content that is dynamically selected and displayed at run-time in a placement. Web postings allow a particular content selection strategy to be executed depending on the conditions present.

There are two types of postings:

- Universal: Applies the same emerchandising strategy to all the visitors.
- Rule Based: Allows you to specify different merchandising strategies for different customers, using targeting conditions.

A *Web placement* is a logical representation for a physical space on an application page where some content (returned by a posting) is displayed. You can activate a placement once you assign to it a posting and display style.

A Web placement is identified by:

- A site
- A page
- Page parameters

To set system profiles for Web postings and Web placements, log in to Oracle Forms with System Administrator responsibility.

Prerequisites: Oracle iStore and Oracle Partner Management are implemented, if required

Navigation: Profile > System

Notes

• Enter the appropriate value in the column corresponding to the level indicated.

The following table lists the system profiles and their values.

eMerchandising Profile Options

Option	Required	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : Custom Condition Class	Optional	Site	Java class name of the custom condition	This class is invoked at runtime when custom conditions are implemented.
AMS: OA Media	Optional	Site	Physical file path of media directory where the image files are stored.	This is used in the upgrade process to read the files from the media directory and store them in the database.
AMS : Posting Runtime Shopping Cart Currency	Yes	Site	Select from a list of values. USD is the default.	Determines the currency in which shopping cart amounts are measured.
AMS : Upgrade iMarketing	Optional	Site	Yes/No	Used to determine whether to upgrade iMarketing data from the previous version.

Option	Required	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS: Merchant Party ID	Optional	Site	Choose from a list of Parties provided	This value determines the party ID of the current active merchant.
				This sets the merchant ID for the creation of affiliate placements.
				This option must be set before creating an affiliate site.
AMS: Server URL	Optional	Site	User Defined	This value determines the runtime URL path of the server. Used to generate API details for affiliates during placement definition.
				This must be set before creating any affiliate placement definition.
				For example: http: //YourHostName: PortNum
IBE: Use Web Placements	Optional	Арр	Yes/No	Determines whether placements are displayed. Required only when implementing iStore.

Verifying and Creating Lookups

To create and verify lookups, log in to Oracle Forms with System Administrator responsibility.

Navigation: Setups > Lookups

Notes

• Choose View > Find to locate the individual keys.

The following table lists the Lookups and their types, values, and meanings.

Web Posting Lookups

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_POST_ CONTENT_TYPES	System	Product Schedule	Product Web Advertisement
		Offers	Web Offers
AMS_POST_ STRATEGY_TYPE	System	Manual_Selection Product_Relationship Custom	Manually selected strategy Strategy based on product relationship
		OP	Custom strategy
			Used when Oracle Personalization is implemented only works with product content type
AMS_POST_ PREDEF_ PROD_ CONTEXT	System	Prod_viewed Prod_in_cart	The product context for relationship based strategy.
AMS_PRIOR_SORT_	System	Asc	Ascending
ORDER		Desc	Descending
AMS_POST_ CATEGORY	System	Universal Rulebased	Posting types: Universal or based on a rule.
AMS_POST_STATUS	System	Active Inactive	N/A
AMS_POST_BUSPR	System	None	None
IOR		Random	Random (for all)
(Business Priority)		Prod_list_ price	List Price (for products only)
		Campaign_Start_Date Campaign_Priority	Start Date, End Date, or Priority (for campaign schedules)
AMS_POST_ BUSPR IOR	User	Offer_Start_Date Offer_End_Datte	Offer start and end dates are used by Web Offers
IBE_ RELATIONSHI P_TYPES	Extensible	Possible relationships between Products like Cross Sell, Up Sell.	This is an <i>i</i> Store lookup type.
AMS_POST_ RELAT IONSHIPS	System	Promoting Relationship types not covered by <i>i</i> Store	Promoting is a relationship not covered by <i>i</i> Store, as in promoting a product.

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_POST_ COMP_	System	EQ	Equal to
OPERATOR		GTE	Greater than or equal to
		LTE	Less than or equal to
			Used to compare shopping cart amount.
AMS_POST_ AUD	System	S	Segment
IENCE_ TYPE		L	List
AMS_POST_ CND_	System	Float	Data Types returnable
DATA_ TYPE		String	by Custom Condition Class.
AMS_PLCE_ SITE_	System	Oracle_Applications	Oracle Applications
CATEGORY		Other_Applications	Other Applications
		Affiliates	Affiliates
AMS_PLCE_ LOCAT	Extensible	Left1, Left2Left7	Positions for
ION_ CODE		Right1, Right2 Right7	placements
		Тор	
		Bottom	

Note: For Web offers to be displayed in Oracle Marketing, at the application level, set **QP: Source System Code** to Oracle Marketing.

Running Concurrent Programs

Run the following concurrent programs to update eMerchandising functionality.

eMerchandising Concurrent Programs

Concurrent Manager	Required	Description
AMS Web Execution: Specialty Store Items Refresh Program	Yes	Refreshes the denormalized table for minisites periodically to capture items in the <i>i</i> Store minisites.
AMS Web Execution: Campaign Items Refresh Program	Yes	Information about Campaigns is stored in multiple tables. To improve runtime performance, this program periodically collects required information on campaigns and places it into a single table.
OZF-TM: Refresh Trade Management Activities (Offers and Schedules)	Yes	Refreshes the Offer denormalized tables and populates the denormalized tables with up-to-date information of new and changed Offers and Schedules. Both the Activity Summary and Offer Evaluator data is current as of the last time this concurrent program was run.
		The Oracle Marketing Offers functionality will retrieve the Eligible Offers for Products depending on Qualifying parties.
AMS: Refresh Party Market Segments	Optional	Generates a list of parties in the segment.

Setting Up the Guest User

You must create this account before you can view your online stores. If you do not create a guest user account, marketers will be unable to view the content created for eMerchandising.

To create the Oracle Marketing guest user account, log in to Oracle Forms with the System Administrator responsibility.

Navigation: Security > User > Define

Notes

Responsibility: Choose an Oracle Marketing customer responsibility, such as IBE_CUSTOMER

Integrating eMerchandising with Third-Party Web Storefronts

Integrating eMerchandising with Third-Party Web stores enables customers to create segments in Oracle Marketing. These segments can be re-used in rule-based posting conditions to personalize Web Ads.

The Web Ads can be on sites such as the corporate Web site, or an employee portal built with Oracle Portal. This feature is also available even if the database storing the members of these sites are not in the TCA.

Web execution may be implemented by other application through jsp pages or HTML Pages.

For example, suppose a campaign schedule is to be displayed on the homepage:

- Site = MYSITE
- Page = HOME
- Location(s) = TOP_CENTER and UPPER_RIGHT

Consult the following sections to integrate eMerchandising with a third-party storefront:

- Prerequisite Steps, page 4-11
- Implementing Web Execution through JSP Pages, page 4-11
- Implementing Web Execution through HTML Pages, page 4-13

Prerequisite Steps

The following steps must be performed prior to implementing a Web execution through jsp or HTML pages.

Steps

- 1. Define a Site in the Site definition screen (Marketing > Administration > Marketing > Execution > Sites) with a Programmatic Access Name for the site. In our example, the Programmatic Access Name for the site is 'MYSITE'.
- 2. Define a Page for the above defined Site in the Page definition screen (Marketing Online > Administration > Marketing > Execution > Pages) with a Programmatic Access Name for the page. In our example, the Programmatic Access Name for the page is 'HOME'.
- 3. Define a Web placement location. The following locations are available:
 - TOP
 - BOTTOM
 - MIDDLE 1-4
 - LEFT 1-7
 - RIGHT 1-7
- 4. Define posting (Marketing Online > Execution > Web Postings).
- 5. Define a Placement in the Placement definition screen (Marketing Online > Execution > Web Placements).

Implementing Web Execution through JSP Pages

In order to implement Web execution through java server pages, use the following steps.

Note: The jsp scope should always be 'REQUEST' scope, otherwise the recommendation will not be displayed.

- 1. Set site and page attributes
 - 1. These should be set at the top of the User Application jsp.

- 2. Set 'site' and 'page' attributes of page context with the corresponding programmatic access names
- 3. In our scenario, the following would be code snippet for this step:

```
_____
pageContext.setAttribute("page", "HOME",
PageContext.REQUEST SCOPE
pageContext.setAttribute("site", "MYSITE",
PageContext.REQUEST SCO
_____
```

- 2. Set location and include amsWebPlacement.jsp where the recommendation is intended to be displayed. Repeat this step at every location where you want the recommendation to appear.
 - Set Location attributes of page context.
 - Include file amsWebPlacement.jsp
 - In our scenario, following would be code snippets for this step:

```
_____
pageContext.setAttribute("location", "TOP RIGHT",
PageContext.REOU
EST SCOPE);
<jspinclude page="amsWebPlacement.jsp" flush="true" />
_____
pageContext.setAttribute("location", "UPPER RIGHT",
PageContext.RE
QUEST SCOPE);
<jspinclude page="amsWebPlacement.jsp" flush="true" />
-----
```

Note: This amsWebPlacement.jsp will ultimately display a HTML code.

Notes

- Above Step 1 should be done only once in a jsp.
- Above Step 2 should be repeated at every location where you intend to see a recommendation.
- Following are the seeded locations. New locations can be created in Location Lookup Types screen.
 - LEFT1, LEFT2, LEFT3, LEFT4, LEFT5, LEFT6, LEFT7
 - RIGHT1, RIGHT2, RIGHT3, RIGHT4, RIGHT5, RIGHT6, RIGHT7
 - TOP, BOTTOM

Implementing Web Execution through HTML Pages

Web execution can be implemented for HTML applications as well. For this method of implementation, a URL should be invoked with all required name-value parameters. This URL could be invoked through a java script from a HTML page. The invoked URL will get back the recommendations.

Follow these steps to form the URL to be invoked.

1. http://<server name><port number>/OA_HTML/amsWebPlacementLink.jsp?site= <Defined Programmatic Access Name of Site>&page=<Defined Programmatic Access Name of Page>&location=<Location code defined in location lookups>

Note: The jsp to be used for HTML Applications is amsWebPlacementLink.jsp.

2. The API that could be embedded in the HTML code would look something like following

```
<!-- BEGIN Web Placements Tag -->
<script language="JavaScript"
src="http//www.mysite.com:8000/OA_HTML/amsWebPlacementLink.jsp?sit
e=MYSITE&page=HOME&location=TOP_CENTER">
</script>
<noscript>
</noscript>
<!-- END Web Placements Tag -->
```

Implementing Scripts for Campaigns

Using the Scripting branching functionality marketing organizations can react differently to customer input based on a customer profile. Branching enables flow control logic for scripts allowing questions to be scripted based on the customer profile. Ultimately, this improves personalization and customer relationships.

Using the Oracle Scripting Author scripts and surveys are created. After the Script is created, a marketer associates the script or survey to a Campaign Schedule. For more information about Scripting Author see *Oracle Marketing Scripting Integration Guide*.

To understand and implement Scripting for marketing purposes see the following sections:

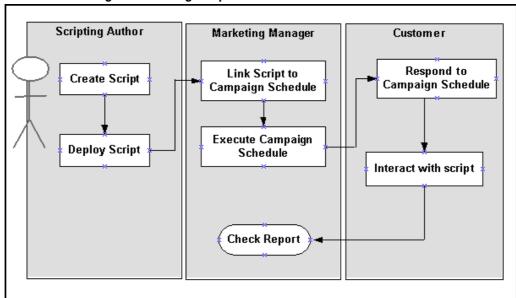
- Process Diagram for Creating Scripts, page 4-14
- Deploying Scripts into the Database, page 4-19
- Creating a Survey Deployment, page 4-14
- Attaching Scripts to a Campaign Schedule, page 4-15
- Attaching Survey Deployment to a Campaign Schedule, page 4-15
- Seeded Script: Customer Authentication Building Block, page 4-16
- Seeded Script: Event Registration, page 4-16
- Seeded Script: Lead Creation, page 4-17

- Seeded Script: Customer Data Acquisition, page 4-17
- Implementing Scripting and Survey Reports, page 4-18
- Understanding Script Dashboard Reports, page 4-18

Process Diagram for Creating Scripts

The following diagram depicts the sequence of tasks and interactions for integrating a script into a marketing campaign.

Process Flow Diagram: Creating Scripts



Creating a Survey Deployment

After deploying the scripts into the database, a Survey deployment must be created. Survey deployments are integrated with the Campaign Schedule in the Click-Through Destination (CTD) Module of Oracle Marketing.

Use the following sequence when creating a survey deployment:

- Using Oracle Scripting create a Survey Campaign.
- Using Oracle Scripting create a cycle for the Campaign.
- Using Oracle Scripting create a Survey deployment.
- Using Oracle Marketing attach deployed survey to its appropriate CTD.

In order to create a Survey Campaign, a "survey resource" must be associated with it. Survey resources are HTML files or file fragments, displayed to users of the survey at runtime. Resources are displayed in each HTML file as a:

- Header section
- Footer section
- Error section
- Final section

Although the resource might not contain dynamic content, it must be saved in Java Server Page (jsp) format. However, survey resources, like any other HTML or jsp page, may include images and hyperlinks.

The following jsp survey resources are seeded with the product:

- amsScriptHeader.jsp can be used to create the header resource
- amsScriptError.jsp can be used to create error resource
- amsScriptFooter.jsp can be used to create footer resource
- amsScriptThankyou.jsp can be used to create a final page resource

If launching a Web script from Oracle iStore, generally the last page of the script will be a "thank you" page. For example, the last page could be the amsScriptThankyou.jsp. In this case, it is recommended that you insert a link (in the thank you page) directing users back to a designated iStore page.

For additional details see the Oracle Scripting Implementation Guide.

Attaching Scripts to a Campaign Schedule

Deployed scripts are attached to a Campaign Schedule using the Campaign Schedule's inbound or outbound Contact Points. The contact points are added under the Collaboration side navigation menu.

Attaching Survey Deployment to a Campaign Schedule

After the script has been added to the contact point, the survey deployment needs to be added to the content side navigation menu (within the campaign schedule). Because a script can contain multiple survey deployments, you must specify scripts at contact point level.

To attach a survey deployment to an existing campaign schedule, navigate to the Click-Through-Destination page for the campaign schedule, and select the "Go to Web Script" action. You can associate only those survey deployments that are created for the scripts attached to the campaign schedule's contact point. For more information see Understanding Click-Through Actions, page 4-35

Implementing Seeded Scripts

Oracle Scripting contains seeded scripts focused on various marketing activities. These scripts can be used with minimum configuration and can be deployed as call-center scripts or Web surveys. In addition to simplifying processes, scripts can help ensure communication consistency.

Scripting Marketing Activities:

- Event Registration: Enables online self service registration for Marketing Events.
- Lead Creation: Captures information from customers/prospects and creates leads based on this information.
- Data Acquisition: For existing customers, this script enables the Marketing application to capture additional information to further enhance the customer profile.

Seeded Scripts:

- amscauth.scr Customer Authentication (building block)
- amserb2b.scr B2B Event registration

- amserb2c.scr B2C Event registration
- amserwca.scr Event registration with customer authentication
- amsldb2c.scr B2C Lead creation
- amsldb2b.scr B2B Lead creation
- amsldwca.scr Lead creation with customer authentication
- amsdatacq.scr Data acquisition

The following scripts are not supported in a single sign environment:

- amscauth.scr Customer Authentication (building block)
- amserwca.scr Event registration with customer authentication
- amsldwca.scr Lead creation with customer authentication
- amsdatacq.scr Data acquisition

To implement seeded scripts see the following:

- Seeded Script: Customer Authentication Building Block, page 4-16
- Seeded Script: Event Registration, page 4-16
- Seeded Script: Lead Creation, page 4-17
- Seeded Script: Customer Data Acquisition, page 4-17

Seeded Script: Customer Authentication Building Block

This seeded script is a building block because it is used with the other scripts to provide core functionality. If you are creating new scripts, the building block script may need to be included.

The Customer Authentication Building Block script provides the following functionality:

- Allows the end users to login using their user id and password.
- Allows the end users to resets their password sends the re-set password to the user through e-mail.
- Allows users to create an Individual or Business user.

Seeded Script: Event Registration

The Event registration script provides a scripted flow of interactions for customer self-service online registration. This script is used for registering for marketing Events. For example, the Marketing Event "Oracle Open World" requires participants to register online. The registration text (questions that users fill out online) are part of a seeded script. This script supports registration to free Events only.

Three seeded scripts are shipped for Event Registration:

- amserb2b.scr B2B Event registration
- amserb2c.scr B2C Event registration
- amserwca.scr Event registration with customer authentication

Implement Event Registration Scripts from the Click-Through-Destination page for a campaign schedule.

Prerequisites:

- A registrable Event is available.
- Scripts are deployed.
- Survey is deployed.
- Script and Survey is attached to a Campaign Schedule.
- Oracle One-to-One Fulfillment is implemented.

Notes

• **Event:** Selecting an event is required for Event Registration scripts. If you do not select an Event object from the LOV, the Event Registration Script will fail.

Seeded Script: Lead Creation

The lead integration script captures information about customers. After capturing this information, it is passed to the lead import interface table AS_IMPORT_INTERFACE. When the lead import process is invoked, the lead engine uses this information to qualify, grade, and route the lead.

After the script has ran successfully, the lead import process should be invoked. This ensures that the lead engine uses this information to qualify, grade, and routes the lead.

Once the customer participates in the Lead Creation Survey, the Lead Import Concurrent Program (Sales Import) should be started to invoke the lead import process. For more information see the *Oracle Leads Implementation Guide*.

The following scripts are seeded for Lead Creation:

- amsldb2c.scr B2C Lead creation
- amsldb2b.scr B2B Lead creation
- amsldwca.scr Lead creation with customer authentication

To implement a Lead creation script, navigate to the campaign schedule's Click-Through-Destination page, select the "Go to Web Script" action, and select a Web script. For Lead scripts, it is not necessary to pick an Event object.

Prerequisites: Script and Survey are deployed and attached to a campaign schedule

Seeded Script: Customer Data Acquisition

This script enhances customer profiles improving segmentation, campaign personalization and customer specific offers. The goal of this script (from a business perspective) is to acquire additional data about a customer (by way of a survey.) By default, this script is paired with the customer authentication building block.

The following fields are used to capture customer information in the TCA HZ_PERSON_PROFILES table:

- DATE OF BIRTH
- PLACE_OF_BIRTH
- GENDER
- MARITAL STATUS
- MARITAL_STATUS_EFFECTIVE_DATE

- PERSONAL_INCOME
- HEAD_OF_HOUSEHOLD_FLAG
- HOUSEHOLD INCOME
- HOUSEHOLD SIZE
- RENT OWN IND

To implement a data acquisition script, navigate to the campaign schedule's Click-Through-Destination page, select the "Go to Web Script" action, and select a Web script. For data acquisition scripts, it is not necessary to pick an Event object.

Prerequisites: Script and Survey are deployed and attached to a campaign schedule

Implementing Scripting and Survey Reports

The survey data report is available for those scripts attached as inbound/outbound contact points of a Campaign Schedule.

The following reports are available:

- Number of people who have started the survey.
- Number of people who have completed the survey.
- Report for questions with pre-defined list of answers.

If the answers are based on a query or API, the last report will not display the data.

Understanding Script Dashboard Reports

A deployed seeded script can be evaluated using a Dashboard Report. These reports are intended for "Marketing Research" types of Web scripts. The list of values is pre-defined using Script Author. The list of values must have "Specific Lookup" associated with them. For more information on Specific Lookup, refer to Oracle Scripting User Guide.

Reporting is possible for the following lookup types:

- Drop down list
- Radio Button
- Check box Group
- Multi select List

The following questions fall under the required criteria. Therefore, the following questions can be reported on.

Scripting Reports

Script Name	Question		Description		Question Type	
Event Registration with Customer Authentication	1.	Select One:	1.	From Sign-In	1.	Radio Button
	2.	Select One:		Page of Customer Authentication	2.	Radio Button
	3.	Select One:		Block	3.	Radio Button
	4.	Event Registration Options:	2.	From Sign-In Page of Customer Authentication Block	4.	Radio Button
			3.	From Sign-In Page of Customer Authentication Block		
			4.	From Event Registration Page		
Lead Creation with Customer Authentication	1.	Select One	1.	From Sign-In Page of Customer Authentication Block	1.	Radio Button
Data Acquisition	1.	Gender	1.	From Data	1.	Radio Button
	2.	Are you the head of your household?		Acquisition Page	2.	Radio Button
			2.	From Data Acquisition Page	3.	Radio Button
	3.	Do you rent or own your house?	3.	From Data Acquisition Page	4.	Radio Button
	4.	Select one:	4.	From Sign-In Page of Customer Authentication Block		
Customer Authentication Block	1.	Select One	1.	From Sign-In Page of Customer Authentication Block	1.	Radio Button

Deploying Scripts into the Database

All scripts need to be deployed into the database before they can be used. If adding a new script or modifying an existing script, database deployment is again required.

To deploy a script into the database (in any environment) use the following procedures:

Steps:

- 1. FTP the script from \$AMS_TOP/scripts directory to your local machine.
- 2. Launch the Script Author Applet from Scripting Administration Console.
 - For more information on the Script Author Applet refer to the following OracleMetaLink note: Oracle Scripting (IES) Interaction Center Family Pack Readme.
- 3. Log into jtflogin.jsp as a user with Scripting Administrator responsibility.

4. Select Launch Script Author.

This starts the Script Author applet.

- 5. In Script Author, open the script (open one at a time).
- 6. From the Tools Menu, select Deploy Script. This will deploy the script into the database.
- 7. Repeat this process for deploying additional (or modified) scripts into the database.

Administering Campaigns

Administrating Campaigns is slightly different than implementing campaigns. Administrative tasks include setups that are on-going and require updates.

To administrate Campaigns use the following procedures:

- Setting Up Marketing Mediums for Campaigns, page 4-20
- Process Flow for Creating Marketing Mediums, page 4-20
- Setting Up Campaign Triggers, page 4-21
- Setting Up Activities for Campaigns, page 4-32
- Setting Up Click-Through-Destinations for Campaigns, page 4-34
- Setting Up Oracle Personalization for Campaigns, page 4-42
- Setting Up Campaign Budgets, page 4-44
- Setting Up Offers for Campaigns, page 4-50

Setting Up Marketing Mediums for Campaigns

Marketing Mediums relate to a specific channel used to execute a Campaign. Therefore, they differ by activity. Certain execution channels, such as Oracle Advanced Outbound, require particular Marketing Mediums to be selected for a Campaign Schedule.

For example, a Valentine's Day direct mail Campaign has a primary Campaign Schedule. The Campaign Schedule includes an activity type of direct marketing, an activity of direct mail, and a Marketing Medium of direct mail house. In this example, the direct mail house is the chosen execution strategy for this Campaign. In other words, the Valentine's Day Campaign will be executed through the mail.

Use the following procedure to create Marketing Mediums used in Campaign Schedules.

Process Flow for Creating Marketing Mediums

The following flow describes the process for creating a marketing medium.

- 1. Determine Business requirements for Marketing Mediums.
- 2. Create Marketing Medium. This task is performed by the Oracle Marketing Administrator.
- 3. Attach marketing medium to the channel (activity) which will be used for schedule execution.
- 4. Create a Campaign. This task is performed by a marketer or user.

- 5. Create Campaign Schedule. This task is performed by a marketer or user.
- 6. Include Marketing Medium as part of the Campaign Schedule. This task is performed by a marketer or user.

For example, assume that a Campaign "Valentine's Day Direct Mail" has been created. To accompany this Campaign, a Campaign Schedule with the following attributes exists:

- Activity type Direct Marketing
- Activity Direct Mail
- Marketing Medium Direct Mail House

In this example, the Marketing Medium (Direct Mail house) is used as the execution channel for the Campaign (Valentine's Direct Mail).

For more information about performing the user tasks see the *Oracle Marketing User Guide*.

Navigation: Administration > Marketing > Marketing Medium

Notes

- Marketing Medium Name: This should reflect the Campaign Schedule, activity type, and activity it will be associated with.
- Activity: Choose the appropriate activity which this medium will support. For
 example, if the Marketing Medium is Direct Mail House, choose Direct Mail for the
 activity.

Setting Up Campaign Triggers

Triggers enable marketers to improve marketing communications by automatically executing campaigns when specific customer or business situations arise.

This functionality is particularly valuable because customers have become sensitive to mass and/or inappropriate marketing communications. Therefore, the trigger's precise ability to execute campaigns based on timing and relevance provides a key marketing advantage

Oracle Marketing includes the following Campaign trigger functionality:

- Trigger for Date Based Repeating Schedules: Allows a marketer to create repeating campaign schedules that repeat based on a date frequency.
- Trigger for Single Condition Based Repeating Schedules: Enables a marketer to execute a "follow-up" campaign schedule based on the satisfaction of single condition.
- Trigger for Single Condition Based Notifications: Enables a notification to be automatically sent (to a specified resource) each time a specific criteria is met.
- Stop Trigger Functionality: Enables a marketer to immediately stop a trigger.

Trigger Terms and Definitions

Prior to using, implementing, or customizing triggers review the terminology listed in the table below.

Trigger Terms and Definitions

Term	Definition			
Trigger	A mechanism that enables an action to be performed on a specific Marketing object. This mechanism is either date based or date <i>and</i> condition based. If the condition defined for the trigger is satisfied then an action is invoked.			
Trigger Action	Once a condition is met, the trigger kicks off an action. The trigger action determines what happens next. The following actions are supported:			
	Seeded Marketing Actions:			
	Sends notification to a specified resource			
	Executes associated campaign schedules			
	Custom Marketing Actions:			
	 Using custom logic, a non-seeded action can be created. 			
Trigger Condition	A condition specifies what the trigger will monitor. Trigger conditions use metrics to measure and compare the performance of Marketing objects.			
	Supported Trigger Conditions:			
	Metric to Metric Comparison			
	Metric to Value Comparison			
	Metric to Workbook Comparison			
Metrics	Oracle Marketing uses metrics to measure the performance of Marketing objects. Many metrics are seeded with the application - if not seeded, a metric can be created manually.			
	The trigger functionality uses metrics to compare Marketing object values; the result of this comparison becomes the trigger condition.			
	When the defined trigger condition is met an action is invoked. In other words, metrics (by being compared to another metric, value, or workbook) cause a trigger action to invoke.			
Metric to Metric Trigger Condition	Compares a Marketing object's metric value to another Marketing object's metric value.			
	For example, campaign forecasted responses (metric) can be compared to campaign actual responses (metric). If the specified condition is met (forecasted responses is equal to actual responses) an action is invoked.			

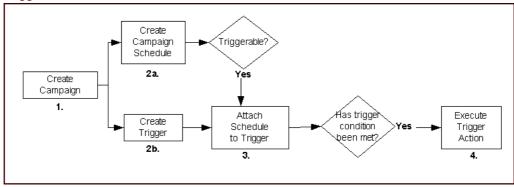
Term	Definition		
Metric to Value Trigger Condition	Compares a Marketing object's metric value to another value.		
	For example, campaign responses (metric) can be compared to 20,000 (value). If the operator (=) is selected, once the campaign responses = 20,000 a trigger initiates an action.		
Metric to Workbook Trigger Condition	Compares a Marketing object's metric value to a Discoverer workbook value. When using this type of condition, a metric value is compared to a remote data source (using a workbook).		
	For example, a person's monthly spending (metric) can be compared to his/her average monthly spending (calculated using Discoverer workbook).		
Date Based Trigger	This type of trigger is based on a predetermined date and time, it does not monitor a condition. In this case, the date criteria replaces the trigger condition. When the predetermined start date is met the trigger action begins.		
	Repeating date based triggers can be created enabling a schedule to automatically re-run on an hourly, daily, monthly, quarterly, or yearly basis.		
Repeating Schedules	Repeating schedules can re-run based on a date or single condition criteria.		
	When a repeating schedule re-executes, a new copy of the schedule is made - the original schedule is preserved. When the condition is met, the trigger picks up the new schedule; the schedule runs based on its defined criteria.		
	The new schedules executes and the old schedule is preserved. In other words, each execution is a new instance of the schedule, therefore a marketer is able to separately track campaign responses for each schedule.		
	For example, a trigger activates schedule A and it runs for a specific period of time. When schedule A is ready to repeat (based on the repeat unit), a copy of schedule A's information is made and becomes schedule B. Schedule A's information is preserved, schedule B becomes the active schedule. This cycle repeats until the trigger end date is reached. All schedule information is separately preserved - therefore, it can be individually viewed for tracking purposes.		

Term	Definition			
Trigger Monitor Frequency	Defines the frequency in which conditions are checked for satisfaction. A trigger runs for a set period of time and conditions are verified only for that period.			
	Trigger Monitor Frequency Determinants:			
	Start and End Date			
	Time Zone			
	 Repeat Every (for example, every 1 hour, 2 days, 1 week, etc.) 			
	Triggers Repeat Units:			
	• Hour			
	• Day			
	• Week			
	• Month			
	• Quarter			
	• Year			
Trigger Notification	A Workflow notification sent to a specified resource. Once a trigger condition is met, if the action is setup to send a notification, one will be sent to the specified resource.			
Trigger Workflow	The major functionality behind triggers is provided by Oracle Workflow.			

Trigger Functional Flow Diagram

Prior to implementing or using triggers, review the functional flow diagram.

Trigger Functional Flow



1. 1. Create Campaign

When creating a campaign, a marketer creates one or more campaign schedule for it. If using a trigger, the campaign must be of type Direct Marketing: e-mail, telemarketing, direct mail, or fax.

1. 2. Create Schedule and Trigger

1. Create Campaign Schedule

A campaign schedule (of type Direct Marketing - Email, Fax, Mail, Telemarketing) is created for the campaign. The schedule must be marked as "Triggered" and can be repeating or one-time.

2. Create Trigger

Triggers are created at the campaign level but associated at the campaign schedule level. Once a campaign schedule is associated with a Trigger, it executes depending on when the condition or date is met

1. 3. Attach Schedule to Trigger

Once a campaign schedule is available it can be associated to a Trigger. When the Trigger condition is satisfied, the schedule is available for automatic execution.

1. 4. Execute Trigger Action

Execution is automatic if the condition is met. A marketer can use a seeded action or create a custom action.

Creating a Date Based Repeating Schedule

This feature enables a marketer to create a campaign schedule that is triggered to repeat based on a date frequency.

Scenario

Amy works in the marketing department at a large retail chain. She has determined that online clothing sales are slow at the end of the month. As a result, Amy needs to create an e-mail blast that starts on June 28 and repeats monthly. Amy wants the e-mail blast to include only recent sign-ups - previously contacted customers must be excluded.

Solution

Amy has created a campaign schedule (of type direct marketing - email) that repeats monthly on the 28th day. When repeating, the schedule is marked to "excludes previous entries from target group" therefore, the e-mail blast is sent only to new customers.

Prerequisites

- Campaign is created and activated
- Campaign Schedule of type Direct Marketing e-mail is created
- Campaign Schedule contains valid target group

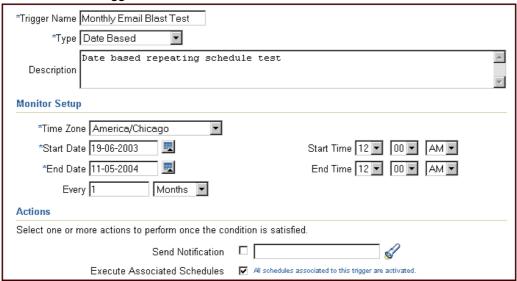
Notes

- Type: Date Based
- Every: Use these fields to specify the repeat frequency
- **Execute Associated Schedules:** If this check box is not selected, the campaign schedule associated to this Trigger will not execute
- **Use Trigger:** Select this check box to indicate that the trigger must be used when the campaign schedule executes
- Repeat: Select this check box to enable the campaign schedule to repeat based on the frequency specified

Exclude previous entries from Target Group: select this check box to ensure only new target group entries are target when the campaign schedule executes

The following figure displays the details for a schedule that must repeat based on a date based trigger.

Date Based Trigger



What Happens Next?

A date based repeating campaign schedule has been created. Because the campaign schedule is marked to repeat and the Trigger is date based, the campaign will repeat on the 28th day of each month.

When the Trigger condition (date = 28) is met, the campaign schedule re-executes and sends out an e-mail blast to the target group. Previously contacted customers will be excluded from the e-mail blast.

Execute Associated Campaign Schedule based on Single Condition

This functionality enables a marketer to execute a "follow-up" campaign schedule based on the satisfaction of a single condition.

Scenario

Bob is the marketing director at Willow Software Company. His group is launching the new release of their flagship product, Willow 9x. To determine if the planned messaging for the launch will be effective, Bob sets up a test email campaign schedule to a subset of the target audience for the launch campaign. If the response to this test schedule is good, Bob wants to automatically expand the email message to a larger target audience using a triggered campaign schedule.

Solution

Bob creates a campaign called Willow 9x Release with two child campaign schedules: "test schedule" and "primary schedule". The campaign contains a single condition based trigger that executes an action (execute associated schedules, in this case the "primary schedule") when/if actual responses for the test schedule are greater than

the forecast responses. When the trigger condition is met, a notification is sent to Bob and the primary schedule is activated. This trigger automatically expands the successful email message to a larger audience.

Prerequisites

- Campaign is created
- Campaign is activated
- Two campaign schedules (listed below) of type direct marketing e-mail are created:
 - Test schedule for product launch
 - Primary schedule for product launch
- Test schedule forecasted responses count is set to 1000
- Test schedule is activated

Notes

- Enter the following general information:
 - Trigger Name: Willow_9x_Release
 - Type: Metric to Metric
 - In this example Actual Responses Count (metric) is being compared to Forecast Responses Count (metric).
 - Description: Optionally enter a description for the Trigger
- Enter the following Monitor Setup information:
 - **Time Zone:** Select the time zone that applies.
 - Start Date: Today's Date
 - End Date: 3 months after start date
 - Every: Use these fields to specify the repeat frequency. In the blank text box enter 1. This is the numeric value for the repeat frequency. Using the drop-down menu, select weeks. By setting this value to every 1 week, the trigger will check the condition for satisfaction once per week.
- In the Condition section, specify the metric comparison parameters.

Condition set 1 (metric):

- Object Type: Campaign Schedule
- **Object Name:** Using the flashlight icon, select the campaign schedule in which this Trigger condition applies. In this example, select TEST CAMP SCHEDULE.
- Metric Name: Responses Count If the expected seeded metric is not appearing in the metric name drop-down menu you might need to add the metric to the marketing object's available metrics. For more information, see the Oracle Marketing User Guide.
- Metric Type: Actual Value

Comparison set 2 (metric):

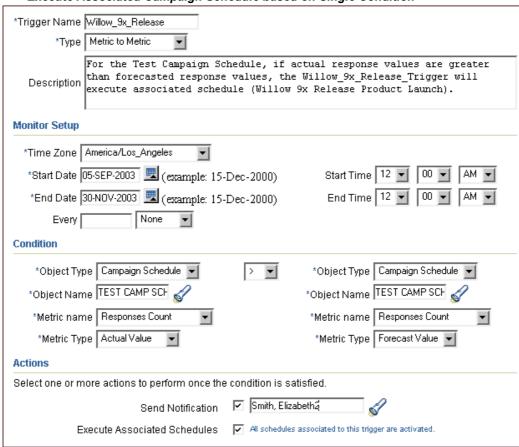
• **Operator:** Select (>). In this example, the trigger business requirements call for the primary campaign schedule to be executed if actual responses for the test campaign

schedule are "greater than" forecasted responses. Therefore, the metric comparison uses the > operator.

- Object Type: Campaign Schedule
- **Object Name:** Using the flashlight icon, select the campaign schedule in which this Trigger condition applies. In this example, select TEST CAMP SCHEDULE.
- Metric Name: Responses Count If the expected seeded metric is not appearing
 in the metric name drop-down menu you might need to add the metric to the
 marketing object's available metrics. For more information, see the Oracle Marketing
 User Guide.
- Metric Type: Forecast Value
- **Send Notification:** The notification will be sent to the selected resource when the trigger condition is met.
- Execute Associated Schedules: Select this check box for the trigger to run
- Navigate to the primary campaign schedule for this campaign. Exact navigation path depends on release number and custom setup groupings.
- **Use Trigger:** Select this check box and, in the Use Trigger drop-down menu, select Willow_9x_Release.

The following figure displays the details for a condition based trigger.

Execute Associated Campaign Schedule based on Single Condition



What Happens Next?

The trigger monitor has been set to re-run each week. When the trigger monitor runs, if the actual responses for the test schedule are greater than the forecast responses, the primary schedule for the product launch is activated and a notification is sent to Bob. The outcome of this trigger is to expand the successful email message from the test schedule to a larger audience.

Sending a Notification Based on the Satisfaction of a Single Condition

This feature enables you to setup a trigger to send a notification when a single condition is met.

Scenario

Tom is creating a Mother's Day floral campaign. Tom manages the marketing group therefore, he needs to monitor the marketing campaign budget. As a result, Tom needs to setup a trigger for this campaign to notify him if he is within \$25,000 of his total budget. Tom's total campaign budget is \$400,000. Therefore, he wants to be notified if the Mother's Day floral campaign costs cause him to reach \$375,000.

Solution

Tom has created a trigger that sends him a notification when campaign costs are within \$25,000 of his total budget. Therefore, Tom will receive an e-mail notification if his costs reach \$375,000.

Navigation: Campaign > Campaigns

- To create the trigger, enter the following general information:
 - Trigger Name: Floral Campaign monitor
 - Type: Metric to Value
 - Description: Optionally enter a description for the Trigger
- Enter the following Monitor Setup information:
 - Time Zone: Select the time zone that applies to your area
 - Start Date: Select Today's date
 - End Date: 4 months after start date
 - Every: Use these fields to specify the repeat frequency. In the blank text box, enter 1. Using the drop-down menu, select hours.
- In the Condition section select the metric comparison values.

Comparison set 1 (Metric):

- **Object Type:** Campaign This is the Metric object type for the first side of the comparison.
- Object Name: Select the campaign to which this Trigger condition applies.
- Metric Name: Total Cost If the expected seeded metric is not appearing in the
 metric name drop-down menu you may need to add the metric to the marketing
 objects available metrics. For more information, see the Oracle Marketing User Guide
- **Metric Type:** Actual Value

Comparison set 2 (Value):

Operator: Select >

Value: \$375,000

Enter the numeric value for the operator (selected previously). In this example, the Trigger needs to execute if the Mother's Day floral Campaign costs cause the manager to come within \$25,000 of the total budget.

After the trigger is created, navigate to the campaign schedule for this campaign, and associate the trigger to the schedule.

- **Use Trigger:** Select this check box to associate the trigger, and in the Use Trigger drop-down menu, select Floral Campaign budget monitor.
- **Send Notification:** Select the resource to whom the notification will be sent. This person must exist as a resource in the JTF_RESOURCES table.

What Happens Next?

The Trigger is marked to send notifications, therefore the marketing manager will receive an email notification if the Mother's Day floral campaign costs come within \$25,000 of the total budget. In order for this to happen, the marketing manager must exist as a resource in the system.

Stopping a Trigger

This feature enables a marketer to stop a trigger at any given time.

Scenario

John is the marketing manager for an annual Summer Khaki Shorts campaign. Starting in May, each Monday an email blast needs to be sent to a target group. The exact length of the campaign is unknown because summer duration depends on annual weather patterns. As a result, John needs the flexibility to immediately stop the campaign.

Solution

Unfortunately, this summer the weather became cool sooner than expected. John was able to manually terminate the trigger and immediately stop the Summer Khaki Shorts Campaign.

Prerequisite:

- Campaign is created
- Campaign Schedule is active
- Campaign Schedule is associated to an active Trigger

Notes

Navigate to the campaign to which the trigger is associated, select Execution, and select Stop Trigger.

What Happens Next?

Because the Trigger has been stopped, the campaign schedules it is associated with will no longer execute based on the conditions specified by the Trigger. In other words, the Trigger is immediately terminated and the schedule must execute using another Trigger or by using manual methods.

Customizing Triggers

Oracle Marketing ships with seeded business events that are used by the Trigger Workflow to launch seeded actions. The seeded Marketing Trigger process is a workflow process that gets initiated when a Marketing trigger's next run time has reached. This could be either the original start time of the trigger, or a scheduled time for the trigger repetition (if the trigger repeats at a specific interval).

To display processes in Oracle Workflow Builder, use the following procedure:

- 1. From the file menu, choose Open from (and connect to the database.)
- 2. Open item type "OMO Triggers" from the database.
- 3. Expand the data source
- 4. Then expand the item type branch within that data source.
- 5. Expand the Processes branch within your item type.
- 6. Select the process activity to display the diagram of the process in a Process workflow.

If these actions do not meet your business requirements, you can subscribe to a seeded event and add your own custom logic. By doing so, you can define your own actions. To accomplish this, you will subscribe your custom logic to the seeded event:

oracle.apps.ams.Trigger.TriggerCustomActionEvent

Although this expands the seeded Workflow - it does not fundamentally change it.

Oracle Marketing Trigger Item Type

The Trigger Workflow process is associated with an item type called OMO Triggers. This item type identifies all workflow processes that are needed to enable the Marketing Trigger functionality.

Currently there are four different processes in the OMO Triggers item type:

- Trigger Process: The main process -- getting run as a subscription to the Workflow Business Event OMO Trigger Event (oracle.apps.ams.trigger.TriggerEvent). The following processes are sub flows of this main process flow.
 - Perform All Actions
 - Execute Schedule
 - Schedule Approval

For more information see the *Oracle Marketing Release Note for Trigger Enhancement*.

Running Workflow Agent Listener for Triggers

To initiate triggers, Workflow Agent Listener must be running on WF_DEFERRED.

To properly initiate triggers, use the following guidelines:

- 1. Start Fulfillment Server.
- 2. Have Workflow Agent Listener running on the following agents:
 - WF_DEFERRED
 - WF_ERROR

For more information about trigger workflow, see the Oracle Marketing Trigger Enhancement release note posted on OracleMetaLink.

Setting Up Activities for Campaigns

An Activity manages the relationship between an object's Activity Type and the Marketing Medium.

Understanding Activity Types

The Activity page within the Administration tab manages the relationship between an object's Activity Type, Activity and available Marketing Medium. Using this page, an organization can specify the available Activity and Marketing Mediums combination for a given Activity Type.

Activities can be created within the application and can be linked to an existing Activity Type. When an Activity Type is selected for a Object Create or Custom Setup, the Activities that have been created for the Activity Type will populate the Activity LOV.

The following Activity Types are seeded:

- Advertising
- Web Advertising
- Web Promotions
- Direct Marketing
- In-Store
- Press and Analyst Relations
- Web Marketing
- Web Dynamic Recommendation
- **Events**
- Sales

Seeded Activities and Activity Types

The following is a list of seeded activities for activity types

- Advertising:
 - Banner Ads
 - Billboard
 - Brochures/Booklets
 - **Directories**
 - Display Signs
 - Magazine
 - **Motion Pictures**
 - Netcast
 - Newspaper

- Posters/Leaflets
- Print Ads
- Radio
- TV
- Direct Marketing:
 - Catalog Direct Mail
 - Email
 - Fax
 - Magazine Insert
 - Telemarketing
- In-Store:
 - Display
 - End-Aisle
 - Grounders
 - Kiosk
 - Menu Boards
 - Package-Inserts
 - Packaging-Outer
 - Point-of-Purchase Displays
 - Shelf
 - Shop around
- Press and Analyst Relations:
 - Article
 - Briefing
 - Community Relations
 - Company Magazine
 - Crisis Communications
 - Internal Communications
 - Investor Relations
 - Lobbying
 - Press Conference
 - Publications
 - Release
 - Tour

Note: For Activity Type "Events", custom setups do not depend on Event Types. Therefore, the Activity LOV displays no values when you create a custom setup for Activity Type "Events".

Setting Up an Activity

The Activity page within the Administration tab manages the relationship between an object's Activity Type, Activity and available Marketing Medium. Using this page, an organization can specify the available Activity and Marketing Mediums combination for a given Activity Type.

Navigation: Administration > Marketing > Setup > Activity

Notes

- **Active:** Only Active Activities are available within the application.
- **Marketing Medium:** Only Active Marketing Mediums are displayed.
- Active From and Active To: These dates should fall within the Active From and Active To dates of the Marketing Medium.
- Marketing Medium displayed on the Object details page is based on the Association of the Marketing Medium with the various activities in the create Activity screen. A single Marketing Medium may be associated with multiple Activities.

Setting Up Click-Through-Destinations for Campaigns

Click-Through-Destinations (CTD) allow marketers to generate URLs in the application. This functionality enables a marketer to create a URL for content, while hiding the complexity of the URL. This simplifies the process of creating a URL because the marketer does not have to know all parameters.

To understand and implement Click-Though-Destinations see the following sections:

- Creating URLs for Click-Through Destinations, page 4-35
- Tracking Click-Through Destinations, page 4-35
- Understanding Click-Through Actions, page 4-35
- Implementing Click-Through Destinations for Campaigns, page 4-36
- Setting the Server URL, page 4-36
- Enabling Encryption for Click-Through Destinations, page 4-36
- Setting Up Default Specialty Store, page 4-37
- Setting the Master Inventory Organization, page 4-37
- Enabling Click-Through Destination Tracking, page 4-37
- Process flow for Creating Click-Through Destinations, page 4-37
- Creating Email Click-Through Destinations, page 4-38
- Creating Web Advertisement Click-Through Destinations, page 4-38
- Creating Web Offers Click-Through-Destinations, page 4-39
- Troubleshooting a Click-Through Destination Implementation, page 4-40

Creating URLs for Click-Through Destinations

There are 3 ways of creating CTD URLs:

- Email Content: A CTD can be created for a Campaign Schedule of type "direct marketing email". In this example, the CTD action is "Go To Web Script". After selecting this action, the user selects the associated Event (in the example, Event registration). Once the e-mail Campaign Schedule becomes active, a targeted e-mail is sent to a group of customers and or prospects. When the targeted group receives the e-mail and clicks the embedded e-mail link he or she is redirected to a Web page for Event registration.
- Web Advertisement Content: For example, a Web advertisement can be placed on the homepage of a Web store using merchandising functionality. In this case, a Campaign Schedule of type "Web Marketing - Advertisement" is used, and the associated click-through destination content is an image displayed on the homepage of the Web store. When a user visits the homepage of the Web store they will see the image, if they choose to click on the image, they will automatically be routed to the specified destination page.
- Web Offer: For example, a Web Offer can be placed on the homepage of a Web store using eMerchandising functionality. This Offer can be associated with an image containing the CTD. The associated could be "Go to iStore Shopping Cart with an Item". Ultimately, the user visits the homepage of the Web store, clicks the image and is routed to the shopping cart page of the Web storefront. The Offer is applied at line level to the shopping cart total.

Tracking Click-Through Destinations

Tracking CTDs enables businesses to gain key intelligence about customer behavior. For example, tracking enables marketers to know who responded to the Campaign Schedule (Internet Advertisement or e-mail) that the CTD is part of. Tracked customer and prospect information is stored in Interaction History. Later, it can easily be used for reporting, targeting, and intelligence purposes. To implement tracking for CTDs, see Enabling Click-Through Destination Tracking, page 4-37.

Understanding Click-Through Actions

When creating a CTD you will select a specific "action" for it. For example, if creating a CTD for Web advertisement, the "action" for the click-though could be to "send the targeted user to a specific URL".

The following actions are seeded with the product:

- Go to URL: Sends the user to the defined URL. The URL for this action must be preceded by HTTP:// or HTTPS://.
- Go to iStore shopping cart: Uses iStore deep linking functionality to directly
 forward the user to the shopping cart page. This action is available only if iStore is
 implemented.
- Go to Product Details page in *i*Store: Uses deep linking to directly forward the user to a specific *i*Store product detail page. When using this functionality, AMS: Item Validation Organization setting must match the IBE: Item Validation Organization setting. These profiles must be set to the same Master Inventory Organization. If they do not match, Products in *i*Store are not visible in Oracle Marketing. This action is available only if *i*Store is implemented.

- Go to Shopping Cart with Item: Uses deep linking to directly forward the user to the iStore shopping cart page. The shopping cart can contain an item that has previously been added. This action is available only if iStore is implemented.
- Go to Section iStore: Uses deep linking to directly forward the user to a specific section within the iStore page hierarchy. This action is available only if iStore is implemented.
- Go to iStore Registration Page: Uses deep linking to forward the user to the iStore registration page. This action is available only if iStore is implemented. If using this action when creating an e-mail CTD be sure to set the profile IBE: Default Specialty Store to the name of the store that you are directing the user to.
- Go to Catalog/Minisite in iStore: Uses deep linking to route user to the home page of a specific specialty store. The home page for the user will vary on the preferences selected by that user. For example, if the user hasn't registered in the store, and has the responsibility of IBE GUEST, the user will be forwarded to the generic home page. However, if the user has previously registered, and has the responsibility of IBE_CUSTOMER with a saved preference of "English", the user will be forwarded to the English humped for that storefront. This action is available only if iStore is implemented.
- Go to a Web Script: Displays a list of available Web script actions. This list will not display all Web scripts deployed, rather, will display all Web scripts associated through the contact point of the Campaign Schedule. For example, you can create a Web script for online Event registration. In this example, a Campaign Schedule of type "e-mail" must exist -- it must have a contact point of type "inbound script". The contact point type must be associated with the Event registration Web script (used as the CTD). Given this setup, the user receives an e-mail, clicks the hyperlink, and is re-directed to the script for online registration.

Implementing Click-Through Destinations for Campaigns

The following tasks must be performed to implement CTD:

- Setting the Server URL, page 4-36
- Enabling Encryption for Click-Through Destinations, page 4-36
- Setting Up Default Specialty Store, page 4-37
- Setting the Master Inventory Organization, page 4-37
- Enabling Click-Through Destination Tracking, page 4-37

Setting the Server URL

To enable the application to use complete URLs for tracking java server pages, set AMS : Server URL at site level. This is the URL where the application is running. This is set to http://host server name:port number.

Enabling Encryption for Click-Through Destinations

Because the party id is exposed in a URL, Oracle Marketing supports encryption for URLs. To implement this functionality use the following procedure:

- Set JTF_FM_LENCRYPT_DELIM to an appropriate delimiter from the list provided.
- Set JTF_FM_RENCRYPT_DELIM to an appropriate delimiter from the list provided.

For JTF_FM_SECURITY_KEY leave to changeme.

Once the values for these profiles have been set you should not change them.

Setting Up Default Specialty Store

If using this action when creating an e-mail CTD be sure to set the profile **IBE**: **Default Specialty Store** to the name of the store that you are directing the user to.

Setting the Master Inventory Organization

If using the CTD action "Go to Product Details Page in iStore" then the following profiles must match:

- AMS: Item Validation Organization
- IBE : Item Validation Organization

If Oracle Marketing and Oracle iStore Products are not pointing to the same Master Inventory Organization then the action "Go to Product Details page in iStore" will not function properly. Therefore, set the profiles listed above to the same Master Inventory Organization.

For example:

- AMS: Item Validation Organization = Vision Operations USA
- IBE: Item Validation Organization = Vision Operations USA

Enabling Click-Through Destination Tracking

To enable the tracking functionality set **AMS**: **Interaction Logging Enabled** at site level. Tracking is an optional setup.

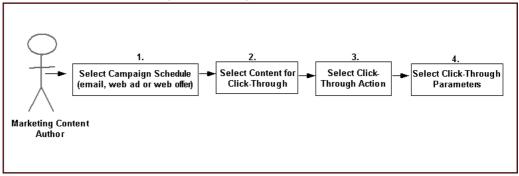
- If set to **Yes**: A checkbox is displayed in the Click-Through-Destination screen tracking is available in the application. This features enables each click-through to be logged in the JTF Interaction History Tables. The logging trail tracks Party-id, Campaign Schedule source code, time, and date of the click-through.
- If set to **No**: The tracking checkbox is not visible in the click-through-destination screen. If set to No, each click-through is not logged in the JTF Interaction History Tables.

Process flow for Creating Click-Through Destinations

A marketer uses the following process when creating CTDs:

- 1. Select Campaign Schedule: Campaign Schedules can be of type e-mail, Web advertisement or Web Offer. For more information see the following sections:
- 2. Select Content Type. Content type must be selected either by using the Content side navigation menu for Web ads and Offers or by using an email authoring tool.
- 3. Select Click-Through Action: For a specific content type, select a specific action.
- 4. Select Click-Through Parameters: Based on the action selected, a parameter automatically becomes available. For example, if the action selected is "go to URL", the available parameter will automatically be populated. In this example, the parameter is a textbox for the marketer to input a destination URL.

Process flow for Creating Click-Through Destinations



Creating Email Click-Through Destinations

To create a CTD for e-mail content, AMS: Enable Fulfillment must be set to Yes.

Navigation: Campaigns > Execution > Campaign Schedule

Notes

- Setup Type: Select Direct Marketing Email. This selection will cause the application to automatically populate the Activity Type to Direct Marketing and the Activity to Email.
- You must select **Update** in the Mail Preferences section after you enter a subject for the e-mail. A pencil icon will appear, enabling you to enter e-mail content.
- Query: Selecting a Query is Mandatory. If you do not select a query you will not be able to create the CTD. By default Oracle Marketing ships with 2 seeded Queries:
 - Marketing Simple Query: For a given e-mail template, this contains simple query parameters for an e-mail.
 - Marketing Detailed Query: For a given e-mail template, in addition to the Marketing Simple Query parameters, additional query parameters are included.
 - A custom query can also be created. Marketers can define their own query parameters. If creating a custom query for an e-mail CTD, the query must contain the customer id and source code (schedule source code) fields.
- **Content Creation box:** Create the e-mail content here.
- Select the hyperlink icon to launch the Campaign Schedule Details Click Through Destination page. Select an action and related parameters.

Note: If you modify a Query after you are finished with the CTD, the CTD will need to be re-created.

Creating Web Advertisement Click-Through Destinations

To create a CTD for Web advertisements, a Campaign using Web advertisements should have been created.

Navigation: Campaigns > Execution > Campaign Schedule

Notes

Setup Type: Select Internet Advertisement. This selection will cause the application to automatically populate the Activity Type to Direct Marketing and the Activity to Email.

- Navigate to Execution > Content to specify content.
- **Type:** Select one of the following:
 - Web Image: Displays an image to the user. The user clicks the image and is routed to the destination page defined.
 - Web Text: Display text to the user. The user click the text and is routed to the destination page defined.
- **File:** Use the File Selector navigator to search and select a stored image.
- Upload New Image: Select this if using an image that has not been uploaded.
- Click-Through-Destination section: Enter an action for the CTD here.
 - Based on the action selected, the application will populate available parameters.
 - For example, if the action "Go to iStore Shopping Cart" is selected, the application will populate, next you will be prompted to select a specialty store.
 - You will not be able to preview the Web advertisement in a Web storefront until you are in a runtime environment.
- **Preview:** A Preview window opens displaying either the image or text selected for the Web advertisement.

Creating Web Offers Click-Through-Destinations

For Web Offers, action "Go to Web Script" is not available. The reason being is that generally you would not create a Web Offer containing a scripted flow of actions.

Prerequisites:

- The Web Offer is request only
- The Web Offer has a discount level of "line"
- The profile AMS: Item Validation Organization and IBE: Item Validation Organization are set to the same Master Inventory Organizations

Navigation: Campaigns > Offer > Execution > Content

Notes

- **Type:** Select one of the following:
 - Web Image: Displays an image to the user. The user clicks the image and is routed to the destination page defined.
 - Web Text: Display text to the user. The user click the text and is routed to the destination page defined.
- Subtype: Select a subtype for the Type chosen in step 8. For example, if Web Image was selected, the subtype could be full banner or half banner.
- **File:** Use the File Selector navigator to search and select a stored image.
- **Upload New Image:** Select this if using an image that has not been uploaded.
- **Click-Through-Destination section:** Select the action "Go to Shopping Cart page in iStore with an item". Enter the following:
 - Specialty Store: Launch the "Choose a minisite" navigator. In the Minisite
 Column, choose the appropriate minisite. This is the Web storefront that is
 displaying the Web Offer to the user.

- Section: Launch the "Section Selector" navigator. In the section name column, choose the appropriate section. This is the section within the Web storefront that contains the item.
- **Product/Item:** Launch the "Product Selector" navigator. In the product name column select the appropriate column. This is the product within the section that is the destination for the Web Offer.
- Navigate to Campaign > Execution > Content to preview the content you have created.

Troubleshooting a Click-Through Destination Implementation

Use the following frequently asked questions to assist you when troubleshooting a CTD implementation.

What if the Scripting LOV does not bring any Scripts for 'Go To Web Script' Action?

Double-check that you have associated Scripts to the Campaign Schedule by creating contact point of type 'Inbound Script'. When using the action "Go to Web Script", you must associate the script to the Campaign Schedule by creating a the contact point listed above.

When I click on an e-mail "Click Thru Link" nothing happens, what am I doing wrong?

Verify that your merge fields in the Click-Through- Destination links are not set up incorrectly. If you have changed the query after creating the CTD, this could be causing the error. If you have changed query parameters, you will need to re-create the CTD. If you do not see customer_id and source_code (shown below) in your URL as merge fields that means you need to re-create the CTD.

http://ap045sun.us.oracle.com/OA_HTML/amstracking.jsp?wcid=13891&t=Y&amsp= <<customer_id>>&sccd={(source_code)}

When I click on a Click Through Link nothing happens. Why?

Make sure you have not changed these profile values:

- JTF FM LENCRYPT DELIM,
- JTF FM RENCRYPT DELIM and JTF FM SECURITY KEY

The Tracking check box "Tracking cannot be performed" is not visible in the UI. Why?

Validate that the profile AMS: Interaction Logging Enabled is set to Yes.

When I select an existing Click Through hyperlink in Email Content and press the Web button in iFrame, I see a javascript prompt instead of the Click Through **Destination Definition Page. Why?**

Existing Click-Through-Destination in Email Content (iFrame) cannot be updated.

When I try to select a product under a section, I cannot see any Products, yet I can see them in iStore. Why?

Check with your iStore Administrator. The Products can be in a sub-section under the section you are trying to select. Also, validate that the following profiles are pointing to the same Inventory Organization:

- AMS: Item Validation Organization
- IBE: Item Validation Organization

When I open the *i*Store customer UI, navigate to a section in a speciality store, and click on a content item, the application throws an error.

Ensure that the end date specified for the IBE_CUSTOMER responsibility associated with the target *i*Store site is greater than the current date.

I cannot see all the Minisites after I have selected a Section/Product combination, why?

The Minisites LOV will show all the Minisites containing the Section and Product combination you have selected. If you want to see all the minisites, deselect the Section/Section and Product you have selected.

I cannot see all the Sections after I have selected a product. Why?

The Sections LOV will show all the Sections containing the Product you have selected. If you want to see all the sections, deselect the Product you have selected.

My URL parameters are not being encrypted, why?

Verify the following profiles:

- JTF_FM_LENCRYPT_DELIM must be set to an appropriate delimiter from the list provided.
- JTF_FM_RENCRYPT_DELIM must be set to an appropriate delimiter from the list provided.
- JTF_FM_SECURITY_KEY must be set to changeme.

I cannot see an Event on the Events LOV even though the Event is Active. Why?

Check the Registration End Date of the Event. The Event LOV shows only those Events which have the Registration End Data later or equal to the current date.

When I go to the Cover Letter Details screen, I do not see the iFrame editor to define the CTDs. Why?

Make sure that the profile "Self Service Accessibility Features" is set to No.

I don't see the actions "Go to item details" and "Go to Shopping cart" with an item in the actions drop down list. Why?

These actions will not be listed if you don't have any product associated with the schedule. Go to the Offering midtab and associate products to the schedule.

I don't see any products under the Product drop-down list. Why?

Go to Products section under the Offering midtab in the Schedule Details page and associate a product to the schedule. Also, make sure the products are Published on the Web.

For the action "Go to Shopping cart with an item" for a Web Promotion Schedule, I do not see any offer in the Offer drop down list. Why?

Go to the Offers section under the Offering midtab in the Schedule Details page and associate an offer to the schedule.

What should I do to track a CTD?

In 11.5.10, all CTDs are tracked, by default if the profile "AMS: Interaction Logging Enabled" is on. Unlike release 11.5.9, there is no option of turning it off and on at the UI level.

Setting Up Oracle Personalization for Campaigns

Implementing Oracle Personalization (OP) is an optional Oracle Marketing enhancement used for Web product recommendations. OP is an automated recommendation engine that takes customer data into account and returns an intelligent product recommendation. Using OP, you can maximize transactions through intelligent product cross-selling and up-selling.

OP makes product recommendations based on:

- Customer
- Customer purchase history
- Product customer is currently viewing

OP is particularly relevant for companies that:

- Have a large customer base
- Have a large number of products (or SKUs)
- Have an online store that tracks customer browsing and purchase information

Oracle Personalization can be setup to make recommendations from the Campaign tab or from the Campaign Workbench. For more information about setting up OP for the Campaign Workbench, see the Oracle MetaLink release note titled Integrating Oracle Application Server Personalization with Oracle Marketing.

To setup Oracle Personalization to make product recommendations from the Campaign tab see the following:

- Setting Personalization Profile, page 4-42
- Creating Posting Strategy for Oracle Personalization, page 4-42
- Configuring Oracle Personalization Strategy Details, page 4-43
- Creating Media Items Types, page 4-43

Setting Personalization Profile

To enable personalization for Oracle Marketing, log in to Oracle Forms with the System Administrator responsibility.

Prerequisites:

- OracleAS Personalization10g Version 9.0.4 is installed.
- For specific details, see the Oracle MetaLink release note Integrating Oracle Application Server Personalization with Oracle Marketing.

Navigation: Profile > System

Notes

Find the profile AMS: Oracle Personalization Enabled and set it to Yes at Site Level.

Creating Posting Strategy for Oracle Personalization

For Oracle Personalization (OP), you will need to create a posting strategy of type Product Recommendation. OP's recommendation strategies look at the posting content type to specify what gets shown when and in what order (if more than one content item can be shown).

The following recommendation strategies are available with postings:

- Manual Selection
- Product Relationship
- Custom

Navigation: Execution > Web Posting > Create

Notes

- **Posting Type:** Select either *Universal* or *Rule Based*. A universal posting applies the same strategy to all the visitors (although different content may be served up to each visitor). A rule-based posting consists of a set of one or more rules. These rules have conditions or criteria which need to be met. Once the conditions are met, the strategy type determines what content to display.
- Status: Active
- Content Type: Web Product Recommendation
- Strategy Type: Oracle Personalization

Configuring Oracle Personalization Strategy Details

To configure the strategy details for the Web product recommendation, select Strategy Details for the Web posting you want to configure.

Filter Contents By Section Notes

- **Exclude Products in the current section:** This enables OP to exclude products that are currently being viewed.
- **Include Products in the current sections:** This enables OP to include products that are in the current sections.

Advanced Options Section Notes

- **Include Products Previously Bought:** Select this check box if you want OP to include previously purchased products in the recommendation. If this check box is not selected, OP will exclude previously purchased products from the recommendation.
- Context: In this region, configure OP to determine the context of the recommendation
- Base Data: In this section, specify which of the tracked data must be used. This flexibility enables you to implicitly limit the scope of recommendations as appropriate. For example, a Web campaign for a video store could want to limit the base data to only the current session data of the renter so that the recommendations returned would most likely be current movies which might have a better margin rather than something related to movies rented a year ago.

Creating Media Items Types

For iStore sites, Oracle Marketing pulls images from *i*Store media items folder (OA_MEDIA). The content is ultimately coming from *i*Store, therefore you must setup your media items using *i*Store.

Once OP returns the product ID, Oracle Marketing:

- 1. Checks the style for the placement that this posting is using.
- 2. Determines the media item type needed from *i*Store.
- 3. Retrieves the necessary media item type for the product ID returned by OP.

Setting Up Campaign Budgets

Budgets are used in Oracle Marketing to supply funds for campaigns, events and other marketing objects. Approval rules determine the budget approval process and direct the approval workflow. Budget funds are released for marketing objects only after approvals are received.

Budgets are not divided by organization. However, they are stored with the organization ID according to the responsibility of the user who created the budget.

- Setting Up Budget Security, page 4-44
- Setting Up Budget Categories, page 4-45
- Understanding Budget Status, page 4-46
- Setting Up Budget Approval Rules, page 4-47
- Setting Up Business Units for Budgets, page 4-48
- Setting Up Multiple Currencies for Budgets, page 4-49
- Setting Up Budget Requests, page 4-49
- Setting Up Budget Reconciliations, page 4-49
- Setting Up Budget Roll-up Views, page 4-50

Setting Up Budget Security

When a user creates a Budget it is created with:

- Responsibility ID of Budget creator
- Organization ID (operating unit ID) of Budget creator

The Oracle Marketing Super User responsibility does not automatically have access to budgets.

For example, John is the owner of Budget A and does not have the "Oracle Marketing Super User" responsibility. User Mary has "Oracle Marketing Super User" responsibility and is a team member with edit metrics capabilities for budget A. The field "category" on the Budget is locked by locking rules. John cannot update this field even though he is the owner, while Mary can.

The table below explains the access security levels for Budgets.

Budget Security Levels

Security Level	User Name	Access Control
1	AMS: Admin Group	Updates all fields:
		 Excluding those locked by system
		 Including those locked by locking rules
2	Owner	Updates all fields:
		Including Owner field
		 Including adding Team members
		 Excluding those locked by system
		 Excluding those locked by locking rules
	Team members with Edit	Updates all fields:
	Metrics	Excluding Owner field
		 Including adding Team members
		 Excluding those locked by system
		 Excluding those locked by locking rules
4	Team members without Edit Metrics	View Budget only
5	Everyone else	No access, no view

Setting Up Budget Categories

Budget Categories serve two purposes:

- Budget Classification: Configurable ways to classify a Budget. When classifications
 are used, Budgets can be divided into sales, marketing, or partnering purposes. For
 example, if a Budget classification for Partners exists, a category, "Partner Marketing
 Funds" can be created.
- Approval Rule Setups: These rules determine who gets to approve Budgets and under what conditions they can approve them. Approval rules can be either root Budget approval rules or Budget approval rules.

Navigation: Administration > Marketing > Setup > Category

Notes

- Created For: Budget
- **Enabled:** Select this check box to make the Category available
- **Prefix:** These are used as a prefix for the Budget numbers that are generated automatically.

Valid Activities: This is optional. Activities defined here will be used to evaluate the Budget eligibility of Campaign Schedules.

Understanding Budget Status

A Budget goes through the following main system statuses:

- Draft: Budget amounts are entered but not approved.
- Pending approval: Budget is being reviewed and needs approval before it becomes active.
- Active: The Budget is active and can be used to fund activities.

Approval rules are used to determine the route from Draft to Active. Approval rules are highly configurable and multiple can be created based on the Budget's characteristics.

Budget Statuses

Status	Description
Draft	Budgets in draft status can be updated at any time in any way.
	Draft status may be updated to Pending Approval or Cancelled.
	It can also be updated to Active directly in case the Budget owner is also the owner of the parent Budget, and the parent Budget is already Active.
Pending Approval	The Budget has been submitted for and is awaiting approval.
	After all approvers have responded positively, a Budget may become Active or On Hold.
	If approvers reject the Budget it will become Rejected.
On Hold	On Hold is an interim status that is used when Budget has already obtained approval, and is just not completely ready to be made active.
	At On Hold status, a user can then manually change it to Active or Closed.
Rejected	Budget approvers have rejected the Budget.
	From Rejected, the status can be manually changed back to Draft.
Active	A Budget that has been approved and is ready to fund various activities and promotions.
	From Active, the status can be changed to Closed and Cancelled.
Cancelled	Indicates the Budget has been aborted.
	From Cancelled, the status can only be changed to Archived.
Archived	The Budget can no longer be used.
	This cannot be changed to any other status.
Closed	From On Hold or Active, Budget status can be manually changed to Closed.
	It indicates that the Budget has ended and is no longer available to fund activities and Offers.

A Budget status changes once it has been updated. Approval rules determine who can change Budget status and under what conditions.

Setting Up Budget Approval Rules

Approval rules determine which users can approve Budgets and under what circumstances their approvals are applied. Approval rules for Budgets can be configured using multiple parameters. For example, Budget approvals can be based on amount or approval organization.

Approval rules are evaluated based on the following hierarchy:

- Business Unit = 6
- Organization = 5
- Approval Object Type = 4
- Budget Category = 3
- Custom Setup = 1

The higher the number, the more important the parameter when determining which approval rule applies to which particular Budget.

Approval rules are contained in the package ams_approval_pvt and the file containing the code is amsvappb.pls.

Navigation: Administration > Marketing > Setup > Approval Rule

Notes

- Approval Rule For: Name of person to whom the rule applies
- Root Budget Request: Select this if defining the rule for who gets to approve a Budget and under what circumstances
- Budget Request: Select this if defining the rule for who gets to approve a marketing objects' request for funding and under what circumstances
- **Organization:** Displays a list of operating units. Select the operating unit for which this approval rule will apply
- **Setup Type:** Custom setups created for Budgets purpose
- Minimum Amount and Maximum Amount: Define the range of Budget amounts or Budget request amounts that will fall into this approval rule
- Approvers Section: This table enables you to define the people who will be approving the Budget:
 - Order:
 - **Type:** This can be Function (for customization purpose), Role (defined for marketing and assigned to Resources), or User (a user type)
 - User/Role: Depending on the Type selected above, this may display a list of functions, roles or users
 - **Start Date:** The date starting from which the approver is active. Within the range of the approval rule, each line can also have a start date and end date.
 - End Date: The date when the approver stops being the approver.

Setting Up Business Units for Budgets

When creating a Budget, the list of values for the Business Unit field comes from Organizations defined in Oracle HRMS. When defining any internal organization in HRMS, you have the ability to classify the organization using "Type". One of the type options is "Business Unit". This Type serves mostly for classification purposes.

Navigation: Work Structures > Organization > Define

Notes

- **New:** This enables you to define a new organization or query for a particular organization.
- Type: Business Unit
- This organization will now appear in the list of values for Business Unit in Oracle Marketing Budgets.

Setting Up Multiple Currencies for Budgets

Companies can create Budgets, as well as other marketing objects in multiple currencies. Marketing automatically does currency conversion based on the conversion rates defined in the profile **AMS: Default Currency.**

Users can transfer Budgets and request money from Budgets in any currency. It is not required that the Budgets sourcing these requests is in the same currency. When a request for money is made in one currency, the user will see the approval notification and money transfer in that same currency. Similarly when Budget Owner receives a request, the system will automatically convert the requested amount into the currency of the Budget. The Budget owner will then approve the amount in Budgets currency.

Although the system has a default currency, a user can specify a different default currency. To change the currency default for a user, the user must first exist in the system.

Navigation: Profile > System

Notes

- Log in to Oracle Forms with System Administrator responsibility
- Application: Oracle Marketing
- Profile block: Enter %JTF%PROFILE% and search for the profile
- After changing the default currency, log into Oracle Marketing as the user for whom
 you changed the default currency. Navigate to Profile > Personalization > Display
 Preferences and verify whether the currency preference is correct.

Setting Up Budget Requests

To access Budget Request screen, the proper security access level for the users must be enabled. For more information see Setting Up Budget Security, page 4-44

Additionally, you may need to define multiple Transfer Reasons to record the reasons for each request. To do so, extend the Lookup "AMS_TRANSFER_REASON".

Setting Up Budget Reconciliations

Budget Reconciliation enables a marketer to return the previously committed, but un-utilized funds, by transferring them from the Committed column to the Available column ("Reconcile Un-Utilized") for marketing objects, such as Campaigns. This functionality should not be performed by all users. As such, this function needs security control.

Budget Reconciliation Security is based on:

• Custom Setups: Enables or disables the Reconcile button to exists on the Budget side navigation menu.

- Responsibility: User responsibility levels enables or disables access to the Budget side navigation menu (regardless of Custom Setup). This can be controlled by including or excluding a function during responsibility setup.
- Including or excluding the Responsibility for Reconcile: Whether a user's responsibility allows him to access the Reconcile button inside the Budget side navigation menu (regardless of the above function) can be controlled by including or excluding another function just for the Reconcile portion. This is controlled during responsibility setup.
- Offer Start and End Date: The Reconcile button will only appear if the Offer's end date has been reached and status is completed, or if Offer has no end date its status should be completed.

To enable Automated Reconciliation, run the concurrent program AMS-TM: Release Committed Budget Amount After Grace Period.

Setting Up Budget Roll-up Views

Budget roll-up view is a way for each Budget to display the amount for itself and also the amount summed up from its children. The roll-up summed view is its own Budget amount + all descendent Budget amounts.

This features gives an organization a high level view of all Budget balances summed up to each level. Activities and usages can be viewed by drilling down into different numbers such as committed and utilized portions of the Budget. When drilled down from a Rollup View, the details will show for the Budget itself and all of its child Budgets.

For example, a Budget called "California" has committed amounts of \$10K. A Budget called "Oregon" has \$20K. Their parent Budget "Western US" funds no other activities, its Rollup View committed therefore = \$30K.

To enable the Budget roll-up view, set the profile option AMS: Universal Currency profile option at site level. This stores the one currency which is used to convert to all other currencies. In addition, for each user, set the JTF_PROFILE_DEFAULT_CURRENCY. This view of the roll-up is specified by the user's preferred currency.

Notes

- Log in to Oracle Forms with System Administrator Responsibility and set the profile AMS: Universal Currency at the site level.
- For each user, set the JTF PROFILE DEFAULT CURRENCY at user level. This determines what currency a user will see in the Budget Rollup View.
- Log in to Oracle Marketing and navigate to the Budget tab.
- Select Rollup View.
 - Self View will show all amounts for the Budget, whereas Rollup View will show all amounts summed for the Budget itself and all Budgets underneath it.
 - The Rollup View converts all Budgets to the profile currency as set up. Because the profile is set at user level, different users will see the Rollup View accordingly.

Setting Up Offers for Campaigns

Offers are generally associated with campaigns and campaign schedules. When Trade Management is implemented, Oracle Marketing's offer functionality is enhanced to include claims that can be recorded against an offers.

Use the following procedures to set up offers:

- Setting System Profiles for Offers, page 4-51
- Creating and Verifying Lookups for Offers, page 4-53
- Running Concurrent Programs for Offers, page 4-55

Prerequisites: Advanced Pricing should have been implemented

Setting System Profiles for Offers

Based on your business requirements, set the following system profiles for Offers.

System Profiles for Offers

Option	Required	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS: Relationship Type for Buying Group	Yes	Site	Any valid relationship type created in TCA	Used to establish a hierarchical group of customers in TCA. For example, if value is set to subsidiaries then all parties who share this relationship will be part of a buying group. These are used as qualification criteria for Offers.
AMS : Choose	Yes	Site	Show All	This profile is used in the Trade Deal Offer User Interface.
Date Qualifier Regions			Show Header Dates Show only Date Qualifiers	
				Based on the setting, the user may either enter date qualifiers or Header Dates or both.
AMS : Default Bucket for discount rules	Yes	Site	Values from Advanced Pricing Lookup PRIC ING_GROUP_ SEQUENCE	The value set here will be used as the default value for buckets in the discount rules.
AMS : Default Phase for Line level discounts	Yes	Site	Available values are derived from Event phase setup in Advanced Pricing	This value will be used as the default value for phase for all discount rules with a discount level of Line.

Option	Required	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : Default Phase for Line Group level discounts	Yes	Site	Available values are derived from Event phase setup in Advanced Pricing	This value will be used as the default value for phase for all discount rules with a discount level of Group of Lines.
AMS : Default Phase for Order level discounts	Yes	Site	Available values are derived from Event phase setup in Advanced Pricing	This value will be used as the default value for phase for all discount rules with a discount level of Order.
AMS : Default value for Print on Invoice Flag	Yes	Site	Yes/No	Used as a default for all discount rules.
AMS : Default value for Product Preference	Yes	Site	User Defined	Used as a default for all discount rules.
AMS : Default Offer Formula	Optional	Site	Available pricing formulas in Advanced Pricing	This option handles discount rules for product categories when the Unit of Measure is not specified.
AMS : Default Forecast UOM	Required	Site	Select from a defined UOM	This value is used to calculate the initial base sales for a Forecast. Users can override this default value on the Forecast page.
QP : Accrual UOM Class	Yes	Site	UOM Classes as set up in Inventory	Used by accrual Offers. All accrual units will fall under this UOM class (for example, frequent flyer miles).

Option	Required	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
QP : Item Validation Organization	Yes	Resp	Select from Inventory Organizations as set up in Inventory	Offers can be defined only for those Products which will be available in the specified organization. Required for all Offers.
				Prices may be defined only for those Products which will be available in the specified organization.
QP : Source System Code	Yes	Resp	Possible Source Systems that can define Offers	Offers created using this relationship are tagged with this system source code and will be used to determine update privileges of Offers within the pricing module.

Creating and Verifying Lookups for Offers

Use the following table when creating and verifying lookups for Offers:

Lookups for Offers

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_OFFER_ DEAL_ CUSTOMER_ TYPES	Extensible	Buyer Customer List Segment	Buyer Group Customer List Segment
AMS_LUMPSUM_D ISTRIBUTION_TYPE	System	% Amt Qty	Percent Amount Quantity
AMS_OFFER_ LUM PSUM_ PAYMENT	System	Accrue Check	Accrue Issue Check
AMS_OFFER_LUMP_ CUST_ TYPES	System	Buyer Customer	Buyer Customer
AMS_OFFER_ STATUS	System	Active Closed Draft Rejected Closed Pending Pending_Active Archived Cancelled Completed Terminated Onhold	Active Closed Draft Budget Rejected Closed Pending Budget approval Pending Active Archived Cancelled Completed Terminated On hold
AMS_OFFER_ TYPE	System	OID Lumpsum Order Accrual Off_Invoice Deal Terms	Promotional Goods Lump sum Order value Accruals Off Invoice Trade Deal Terms Upgrade
AMS_QP_ARITHMET IC _OPERATOR	System	% Amt Lumpsum Newprice	Percent Amount Lump sum New Price
AMS_QP_ VOLUME_ TYPE	System	Pricing_Attribute10 Pricing_Attribute12	Quantity Amount

Running Concurrent Programs for Offers

Run the following concurrent programs for offers:

- AMS-TM: Adjust Backdated Offer: This programs takes the new Offer terms and recalculates the parameters of the Offer retroactively to the start date.
- AMS-TM: Refresh of Base Sales Materialized View: This program takes data from Order Management and loads it into Oracle Marketing. It loads into the following materialized tables:
 - ams base sales my
 - ams_actual_sales_mv

Implementing and Administering the Campaign Workbench

This chapter covers the following topics:

- Implementing the Campaign Workbench
- Administering the Campaign Workbench

Implementing the Campaign Workbench

To implement the Campaign Workbench see the following sections:

- Setting Up Campaign Workbench Users, page 5-1
- Setting Campaign Workbench Profile Options, page 5-2
- Running Campaign Workbench Concurrent Programs, page 5-3
- Implementing Schedule Execution, page 5-4
- Implementing Landing Page URLs for Response Tracking, page 5-4
- Disabling the Campaign Tab for Campaign Execution, page 5-6

Setting Up Campaign Workbench Users

Depending on job function and related application visibility you will assign your users one or more of the following responsibilities:

Campaign Workbench User

Assign this responsibility to the following users:

- Marketer: Uses the Campaign Workbench to execute campaign schedules, creates lists, and associates target groups to campaign schedules.
- Sales Manager: Uses the Campaign Workbench to create sales activities. A sales activity inherits security definitions, metrics, costs, revenues, and tracking from the campaign it is assigned to.
- Sales Representative: Creates and publishes proposal templates (as part of leads follow up). Without this responsibility, a sales representative is unable to publish proposal templates.

Campaign Workbench Super User

Assign this responsibility to users who perform administrative and setup activities to support schedule creation, maintenance and follow up processes. Additionally, this user creates and maintains schedule templates used by marketers, sales managers, or sales representatives. This responsibility also allows you to create and maintain Web placements used for Web schedule.

Note: To remove the quick link to the Audience Administration dashboard, you must exclude the specific function AMS AUD ADMIN DASH PG (for example, from the List Manager/Campaign Workbench responsibility).

Note: To remove the quick link to the Audience Dashboard one must exclude the specific function AMS AUDIENCE DASH PG (for example from the Campaign Workbench responsibility).

Setting Campaign Workbench Profile Options

Set the following profile options:

Campaign Workbench Profile Options

Option	Required	Level	Effect
AMS: Default Campaign Hierarchy Time Range	No	User Site (default value is 180)	Captures default time range for campaigns shown in the Hgrid.
		200)	The campaign hybrid enables a user to view the campaign hierarchy. To minimize the number of campaigns shown, this profile can be set at user level.
			For more information about the hybrid see the Oracle Marketing User Guide.
			The default value (for site) indicates that campaigns having a start date or end date in the last 180 days will be shown in the hgrid.
			When a personalized view is defined on hgrid (and that personalized view is chosen to be applied) the resulting campaigns and campaign schedules will be limited to 180 days.
AMS: My Recent	No	User	Used in the My Recent
Objects Time Range		Site (default is 30)	Schedules bin on the Campaign Dashboard.
			Default value indicates (in days) that the search will be restricted to schedules that were updated within the last 30 days.
			If the end user is a frequent user of campaign schedules, a smaller value can be selected.

Running Campaign Workbench Concurrent Programs

Use the request set **AMS Metrics Refresh** to populate data for:

- Top Performing Campaigns Bin
- Bottom Performing Campaign Bin
- Trend Graph

Schedule this request set to run daily. It has two concurrent programs:

- Refresh the metric: Enter "Yes" in parameter to collect history.
- Populate the denorm table: If "Yes" is entered in parameter, the program will be run in incremental mode.

The top and bottom performing bins and trend graph are found in the Campaign Workbench. Refer *Oracle Marketing User Guide* for information on the Campaign Workbench.

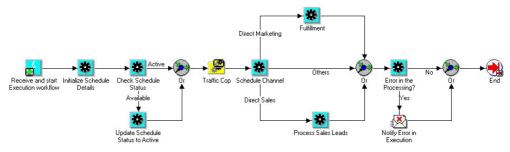
Implementing Schedule Execution

The following workflow business event is seeded for schedule execution:

oracle.apps.ams.campaign.ExecuteSchedule

This business event kicks off the execution process for schedules, which is displayed in the following figure.

Schedule Execution workflow



Implementing Landing Page URLs for Response Tracking

Use the following sections to understand and implement the response tracking mechanism for direct mail print, fax, advertising, and public relations campaign schedules.

- Landing Page URL, page 5-4
- Complete Landing Page URL, page 5-5
- Configuring the Tracking URL, page 5-5
- Enabling Landing Page URL Tracking, page 5-6

Landing Page URL

To enable click through tracking for direct mail print and fax campaign schedules and for indirect marketing channels, such as advertisements, marketers can define and use Landing Page URLs for Campaign Workbench schedules. A Landing Page URL serves as the response handling mechanism for the campaign schedule it is associated with. Using inbound response tracking through Landing Page URLs, marketers can invite advertising schedule responses through Web channels.

Typically, click through destination (CTD) URLs are cryptic and clumsy to handle. Landing Page URLs are short, and make it easy and simple for end users to remember and use them.

Example

If a marketer uses the Landing Page URL "http://www.oracle.com/start" on a billboard or printed brochure, it is easier to remember and use rather than the associated CTD URL that may appear something as follows: "http://qapache.us.oracle.com:22883/ amsWebTracking.jsp?ctdid=17000&sccd=WORLD0205000117&objid=13763"

Complete Landing Page URL

Additional parameters provided by a Web visitor are concatenated with the specified Landing Page URL to arrive at a Complete Landing Page URL.

The following example demonstrates how the additional parameters may be used.

Example

The Landing Page URL "http://www.oracle.com/10gRegister" points to the 10G launch event registration page. A TV advertisement schedule and a newspaper advertisement (in the Chronicle) schedule both use this Landing Page URL to invite customers to register for the event.

The two schedules have additional URL parameters, say "TV" and "Chronicle" associated with them respectively, so that user clicks can be attributed to respective schedules.

During execution, when users enter "http://www.oracle.com/10gRegister" in a browser window, they may be asked where they heard about the promotion. Based on their responses, the additional URL parameter is added to the Landing Page URL as:

- http://www.oracle.com/10gRegister/TV, or
- http://www.oracle.com/10gRegister/Chronicle

These two URLs are the Complete Landing Page URLs. They are now unique and independent of each other, and are tracked as such, even though they both lead to the same destination.

Configuring the Tracking URL

There are two ways by which the system may arrive at the tracking URL:

- Configuring the CTD tracking URL as an alias for the Landing Page URL
- Using the Public API provided by the application

Public API

A marketer defines a Landing Page URL on a static page external to the system. The public API takes the Landing Page URL as an input and makes an anonymous login to the application to log a response. It then retrieves the system generated click through tracking URL and returns it to be displayed on the calling page. Marketers can then send it along with any image that must be displayed to third party Web sites, such as CNN, Google, or Yahoo.

A custom process is required to make the connection between the Complete Landing Page URL and the corresponding Click Through Tracking URL. The user's custom process (jsp) will call a public API provided by Oracle Marketing and get the Click Through Tracking URL. The custom process will then redirect the end user to the final destination set by the marketer. Since the Party ID is available only at runtime, the custom process will need to pass the Party ID to this public API to include the Party ID in the response tracked.

Enabling Landing Page URL Tracking

To enable the Collateral midtab, through which the Landing Page URL definition functionality is enabled, update existing Custom Setups and schedule templates for print, fax, and indirect marketing channels, such as Advertising. A marketer will then be able to associate Landing Page URLs to existing schedules that do not have the Collateral midtab enabled. See Administering Schedule Templates, page 5-7 for information on creating and modifying schedule templates.

Disabling the Campaign Tab for Campaign Execution

Campaign Workbench functionality is packaged as a separate responsibility. If the business decision is made to exclusively use the Campaign Workbench for campaign execution you must create responsibilities to include Campaign Workbench functions packaged in the Campaign Workbench Super User Responsibility (or use default seeded responsibility).

You must also create user accounts that provide access to the Campaign Workbench and Campaign Workbench administration functions. This ensures that the marketing users with responsibilities to access the Campaign Workbench can access it for campaign execution.

To prevent the use of Campaign tab for campaign execution, exclude the following function:

- User Name: OMO Campaign Schedules
- Function name "AMS CAMP CSCH" associated with the Campaign Schedules functionality, from the responsibilities associated with the Campaign tab.

Because Campaigns and Programs can only be created in Campaigns and Programs tabs respectively, for planning and budgeting purposes, some users must have access to these two tabs.

To remove Campaign Schedules from QuickFind, log in to the jtflogin.jsp page with sysadmin responsibility.

Navigation: Settings > System > Properties > Advanced

Notes

- **Applications:** AMS
- Remove the following properties:
 - service.oracle.apps.ams.search.CschSearchFactory.categories
 - service.oracle.apps.ams.search.CschSearchFactory.desc
- Bounce the Apache server.

Administering the Campaign Workbench

Using Campaign Workbench administration functionality, you will perform a variety of tasks that ultimately make the Campaign Workbench simple and efficient for your end users.

Administrative tasks include:

- Administering Schedule Templates, page 5-7
- Administering Activity Purposes, page 5-14

- Administering Fatigue Rules, page 5-15
- Administering Content in the Campaign Workbench, page 5-17
- Administering Web Marketing, page 5-19
- Web Dynamic Recommendations using Oracle Personalization, page 5-24
- Frequently Asked Questions: Campaign Workbench vs. Campaign Tab, page 5-24

Administering Schedule Templates

When a marketer creates a campaign schedule a schedule template must be selected. This template provides a prebuilt framework for the end user that enables them to quickly and accurately create schedules. Oracle Marketing ships with one seeded schedule template for each outbound channel.

Schedule templates include commonly used schedule attributes and details including:

- **Channel**: Includes one or more schedule templates and collateral types.
- **Schedule Purpose:** Seeded with the application and include: cross sell, up sell, customer retention, customer acquisition, and lead maturation.
- List Templates: Associated with schedule purposes and used to create target groups for a schedule. Audience segments are created with either the default list template or a specified one.
- **Schedule Planning Requirements**: Attributes required for planning a schedule and different channels need different attributes defined. For example, outbound content and the target group must be defined for an e-mail schedule.
- **Approval**: An attribute indicating that a campaign schedule needs approval. Campaign Schedules based on seeded schedule templates must be approved.

As the administrator, you can create *customized* schedule templates to suit your specific business needs. A customized schedule template is an extension of a seeded template. As such, a customized templates inherits the following:

- Channel
- Schedule purposes
- Default list template associations (from the seeded templates)

The following templates are seeded:

- Sales: Used by a sales manager to create a campaign schedule that generates leads that are followed up by the sales team. When your end user create a sales schedule, they will choose Sales Template from the template drop-down menu. For more information about the seeded attributes for this template, see Seeded Sales Schedule Templates, page 5-9.
- Direct Marketing: Used by the marker to create email, fax, or print campaign schedules. When the end user creates a direct marketing schedule they will choose either *Email, Fax, or Print* from the template drop-down menu. For more information about the seeded attributes for this template, see Seeded Direct Marketing Schedule Templates, page 5-10.
- **Web Advertisement:** Used by the marketer to create campaign schedules for Internet advertisements. This type of template assists the marketing team in creating Web

- ads that improve product brand, company awareness, or to alert a customer of new and upcoming products or deals. For more information about the seeded attributes for this template see Seeded Web Advertisement Schedule Templates, page 5-11.
- Telemarketing: Used by the marketing team to create campaign schedules for call center or telemarketing purposes. For more information about the seeded attributes for this template see Seeded Telemarketing Schedule Template, page 5-12.
- **Web Offer**: Used by the marketer to create campaigns schedules for Internet promotions. For more information about the seeded attributes for this template see Seeded Web Offer Schedule Template, page 5-13.
- **Web Dynamic Recommendation**: Used by the marketer to create a schedule for Web product recommendations. Product recommendations can be based on product relationships or personalized for the customers based on customer data captured by Oracle Personalization. For more information about the seeded attributes for this type of template see Seeded Web Dynamic Recommendation Schedule Template, page 5-13.

Seeded Sales Schedule Templates

Attribute	Seeded Value
Outbound Channel	Sales
Activity Purposes	Cross-sell, Up-sell
Default List Templates (by activity purpose)	All list templates associated cross sell and up sell
Default List Template	Default List templates for Sales Schedule Template:
	 Cross-sell: Used to cross-sell to businesses based on existing install base.
	 Up-sell: Used to up sell to businesses based on existing install base.
	The Default List Templates includes territory as the first mandatory data filter. If desired, the end user may choose another list template that is not based on Territory.
Available Mid-tabs	Required mid-tabs:
	 Offering (products and offers)
	Target Group (segmentation rules)
	Optional mid-tabs:
	• Partners
	 Collateral, Scripts, Proposal Templates Collaboration:
	• Tracking
	• Notes
Fulfillment	Direct Sales
	Generates leads for all the list entries. The Leads Channel Selection engine should channel these leads to Direct Sales Channel, and specific Territories if applicable.

Seeded Direct Marketing Schedule Templates

Attribute	Seeded Value
Outbound Channel	Email, Fax, Print
Activity Purposes	Cross- Sell, Up-Sell, Customer Retention, Customer Acquisition, Lead Maturation
Default List Templates (by activity purpose)	Default List templates for Direct Marketing:
	 Cross-sell: Used to cross-sell to businesses based on existing install base.
	 Up-sell: Used to up sell to businesses based on existing install base.
	 Customer Retention: Includes, default based on customer data source.
	 Customer Acquisition: Includes default sample third party data source.
	 Lead Maturation: Mature Leads based on low grade Leads.
Available Mid-tabs	Required Mid-tabs:
	Offering
	Target Group
	Outbound Collateral
	Optional Mid-tabs:
	 Partners
	 Supporting Collateral, and Scripts, for Collaboration
	 Tracking (Includes Costs, Revenues and Metrics)
	• Notes
Fulfillment	Associated Outbound Channel (email, fax, print)

Seeded Web Advertisement Schedule Templates

Attribute	Seeded Value		
Outbound Channel	Indirect Marketing Channel, Web		
Activity Purposes	Customer Retention, Customer Acquisition		
Default List Templates (by activity purpose)	For all Advertising channels, the user can choose marketing mediums at the Template level.		
Default List Template	N/A		
Available Mid-tabs	Required Mid-tabs		
	Offering		
	 Collateral 		
	Optional Mid-tabs		
	• Partners		
	 Target Group: Although optional, there could be an intended audience for Advertisement and Web 		
	 Supporting Collateral, and Scripts for Collaboration 		
	• Tracking		
	• Notes		
Fulfillment	Associated Indirect Marketing Channel. For Web, the eMerchandising Engine handles fulfillment.		

Seeded Telemarketing Schedule Template

Attribute	Seeded Value		
Outbound Channel	Direct Marketing		
Activity Purposes	Cross-sell, Up-sell, Customer Acquisition, Customer Retention, Lead Maturation		
Default List Templates (by activity purpose)	Default List templates for Direct Marketing:		
	 Cross-sell: Used to cross-sell to businesses based on existing install base. 		
	 Up-sell: Used to up sell to businesses based on existing install base. 		
	 Customer Retention: Includes, default based on customer data source. 		
	 Customer Acquisition: Includes default sample third party data source. 		
	 Lead Maturation: Mature Leads based on low grade Leads. 		
Default List Template	N/A		
Available Mid-tabs	Offering		
	• Collateral		
	Target Accounts		
	 Collaboration 		
	• Partners		
	• Tracking		
	• Notes		
	Additional Information		
Fulfillment	Associated Outbound Channel		

Seeded Web Offer Schedule Template

Attribute	Seeded Value		
Outbound Channel	Web Marketing		
Activity Purposes	Cross-sell, Up-sell, Customer Acquisition, Customer Retention, Lead Maturation		
Default List Template	N/A		
Available Mid-tabs	 Offering 		
	• Web Planner		
	Target Accounts		
	• Partners		
	• Tracking		
	• Notes		
	 Additional Information 		
Fulfillment	Associated Outbound Channel		

Seeded Web Dynamic Recommendation Schedule Template

Attribute	Seeded Value		
Outbound Channel	Web Marketing		
Activity Purposes	Cross-sell, Up-sell, Customer Acquisition, Customer Retention, Lead Maturation		
Default List Template	N/A		
Available Mid-tabs	 Offering 		
	• Web Planner		
	Target Accounts		
	• Partners		
	 Tracking 		
	• Notes		
	 Additional Information 		
Fulfillment	Associated Outbound Channel		

Creating Custom Schedule Templates

If the seeded schedule templates do not meet your business requirements you can create your own. A custom template inherits all seeded base template associations including the outbound channel, sub-tabs, bins allowed, possible activity purposes and default list template for each activity purpose.

To create a custom schedule template, login as a user who has the Campaign Workbench Super User responsibility.

Navigation: Campaign Dashboard > Administration > Schedule Templates **Notes**

- **Name:** This is the name the user selects when choosing a template, therefore it should be intuitive and relevant.
- **Activity Type:** The values in the Activity type drop-down menu are seeded, if necessary, they can be extended.
- **Activity:** Select the marketing channel.
- **Activity Purpose:** The values in the Activity Purpose drop-down are seeded and can be extended if necessary. For more information, see Administering Activity Purposes, page 5-14.
- **Default List Template:** If the activity type is Direct Marketing or Web Marketing, you will see an option to select a default list template.
 - For Direct Marketing, selecting a list template is mandatory.
 - For Web Marketing, selecting a list template is optional.
- The list templates displayed in the Default List Template drop-down are the templates created in the Audience Administration Dashboard.
- In the Components table, select the mid-tabs that will be displayed to the end user when creating this schedule template. For example, if Main, Collateral, Offering, Target Group, Collaboration, and Partners are selected, then the end user will see these mid-tabs when creating this type of schedule.
- To enable landing page URL tracking for indirect marketing channels, such as advertising, enable the Collateral mid-tab, through which the Landing Page URL definition functionality is enabled.

Note: For existing 11.5.10 seeded and custom schedule templates, to configure the Partners mid-tab functionality, navigate to the Schedule Template Details page and enable the Partners mid-tab component.

Note: To enable marketers to associate Landing Page URLs to existing advertising and other indirect channel schedules, navigate to the Schedule Template Details page and enable the Collateral mid-tab component.

Administering Activity Purposes

Campaign Schedules are created for specific reasons to achieve a specific objectives. To categorize marketing objectives (also referred to as objective driven marketing), schedules are grouped by activity purpose.

All campaign schedules require an activity purpose. In some cases, activity purpose may dictate that a target group is selected. For example, campaign schedules created for cross-sell purposes, requires a target group (consisting of existing customers) to be selected.

Every seeded schedule template contains associated seeded activity purposes. For a complete list of seeded purposes by schedule type, see Administering Schedule Templates, page 5-7.

If the seeded activity purposes do not match your business requirements, you can extend them. For example, if you need to view order details for customers who have recently purchased products, you can create a custom activity purpose to meet this objective.

To create a custom activity purpose, extend the user lookup AMS_ACTIVITY_PUR **POSES**. See Oracle Marketing Lookup Reference, page B-1 for more information.

Administering Fatigue Rules

Fatigue rules provide your end users with a tool that helps prevent them from over contacting customers. As the administrator, you will setup up fatigue rules that define contact parameters.

Fatigue rules provide the following business benefits:

- Promote Brand Awareness: If promotions are strategically timed, customers are not overexposed, therefore when they are contacted they are likely to be more receptive.
- Support Marketing Strategy decisions: Helps enforce marketing rules dictating customer contact boundaries.
- Maximize Marketing Dollar Effectiveness: If strategically contacting customers, every marketing dollar spent receives (in theory) a better response rate, therefore improving effectivity.
- Improve Collaboration: Enables you to setup enterprise wide rules. For example, Telesales, direct mail, and email (all communication channels having the potential to fatigue the consumer) - by centralizing the rules, you can prevent all channels from over-contacting the consumer.

Understanding Fatigue Rules and Time Periods

A fatigue rule defines maximum permissible contacts within a specified time period. For example, "Do not contact customers more than two times per month by any channel." The defined time period adheres to a rolling period.

Rolling Period Example

An e-mail schedule is set to execute on February 13th and Amy is on the target list of customers to be contacted. The fatigue rule specifies, "Do not contact customers more than two times per month by any channel."

On 13th February (when the schedule executes) it determines how many times Amy has been contacted in the last one month.

Contact count for Amy in the last 30 days:

- Email was sent to Amy on Jan. 15 -- one contact was counted.
- Another email was sent to Amy on Jan. 21 -- the count became two.
- As of Feb. 13, Amy had already reached her threshold of "two contacts per month." Therefore, she is *fatigued* and cannot be contacted.

However, if the schedule executed on Feb. 14th, the total number of contacts within the last 30 days would have been 1. The contact on Jan. 15th would have been rolled out from the past 30-day period starting Feb. 14th.

Fatigue rule time periods are defined as follows:

Week = 7 days

- Month = 30 days
- Quarter = 90 days
- Year = 365 days

Creating Global Fatigue Rules

Using this type of rule (threshold) you can set an absolute limit on the number of contacts for a given time period.

- If exclusively setting channel-specific limits -- global rules can be null
- For example: do not contact any customer more than 4 times per month by any channel

To create a global fatigue rule, login as a user that has the Audience Super User responsibility.

Navigation: Administration > Fatigue Rules Setup

Notes

- Global Contact Limit Field: Enter a number to set an absolute limit to the number of contacts that can be initiated by the Marketing department to the customer – for a given time period. For example, if you do not want to contact a customer more than 2 times per month, enter 2 in this field.
- Global Limit: Use this drop-down menu to choose a time period for the numeric limit selected. For example, if you do not want to contact a customer more than 2 times per month, select **Per Month**.
- In addition to setting global limits, you can define further restrictions by selecting a marketing channel. If channel-specific rules are not set, then there is no limit per channel (within the defined global contact limit.)

Creating Channel-Specific Rules

Within the limits set globally, you can also establish specific rules (thresholds) for each outbound channel.

- Includes all direct marketing channels: direct mail (print), email, fax, and telemarketing (phone)
- For example: of the 4 total contacts allowed per month, do not contact customer by phone more than 2 times per month.

When determining which rule to use (global vs. channel) the system will always use the most restrictive combination.

For Example, if you have a global rule (do not contact more than 4 times per month) and a channel specific rule (do not contact more than 2 times per month by email or fax) -- in this example, the system will first look at the channel contact limit. If further restrictions are needed, then the global rules would apply. In other words, if both global and channel specific rules are established, the most restrictive combination is used.

To create channel specific rules, login as a user that has the Audience Super User responsibility.

Navigation: Administration > Fatigue Rules Setup

Notes

- **Channel:** Using the drop-down menu, select a channel for the fatigue rule. The channel selected here will, by default, always use the fatigue rule created. For example, if creating a fatigue rule for the "email" channel, select **email**.
- Maximum Contact: Enter a maximum contact limit for the selected channel. For example, if creating a rule that states you can only contact a customer 2 times per month (by email), enter 2 in this field.
- **Time Frame:** Select a time frame (per week, month, year, quarter) for the fatigue rule. For example, if creating a rule that states you can only contact a customer 2 times per month by email, then select per month.

Running Fatigue Rule Concurrent Program

When executing a campaign schedule (containing a fatigue rule) the following concurrent program must be running in the background. This program must be scheduled and should simultaneously with schedule executions.

AMS: Apply Fatigue Rules

Administering Content in the Campaign Workbench

Using the Campaign Workbench, marketers can author, manage, and fulfill content. To accomplish this, Oracle Marketing integrates with Oracle Content Manager (OCM).

As the administrator, it is important that you understand the various definitions associated with content. The following table gives these definitions.

Content in the Campaign Workbench: Definitions

Content Name	Definition
Content Group	A collection of content types that have been defined in the system. Content Groups are a powerful tool that help ensure content consistency and meta-data. Content Groups can be used to bundle up a set of content types that can be used to create content items. Examples of content type groups are: Web marketing and sales initiatives.
Content Type	A logical set of attributes, attachments, and associations. Refers to data of a certain content type. Examples of content types include a feature article, product information, help files, etc. Content Types should not to be confused with file types like file, URL, PPT, etc. Instead, they are defined as types like images, white papers, or sales presentations.
	OCM provides some seeded content types on installation. The seeded content types can be modified for Collateral content types and content items.
	For example, if a feature article is a content type, then the specific article titled "selecting the right database for your company" is the content item.
	Some Content Items are seeded. For example, stylesheets are seeded for Oracle Marketing. Therefore, OCM provide these on installation and the content items cannot be modified.
Stylesheet	Stylesheets are associated with content types. Stylesheets tell the rendering engines how to display the content item to the calling application. Each content type may have many stylesheets associated to it. You can create many different stylesheets, but only one can be the default stylesheet for a specific content type.

Refer to Implementing Fulfillment for Oracle Marketing, page 3-7 for information on cover letters, fulfillment queries, and content in Oracle Marketing.

Administering Partners for Campaign Schedules

To enable marketers to associate partners to campaign schedules, when you create or update a schedule template, select Partners in the Components table as one of the midtabs that must be displayed for campaign schedules. Marketers can associate one or more partners, remove partner associations, or view partner information in the partner details page.

To be able to navigate to the partner details page, marketers should have been assigned either PV_CHANNEL_ADMIN_VIEW or PV_CHANNEL_ADMIN_UPDATE role.

Note: You can enable the partners association functionality for campaign schedules only if Oracle Partner Relationship Management (PRM) has been installed and implemented.

Administering Web Marketing

Although Oracle Marketing has two different Web marketing strategies (eMerchandising and Web marketing), Web marketing is the only strategy available in the Campaign Workbench.

As the administrator you are responsible for determining what schedule to run, in what order they will run, what content is rendered, and what happens when the rendered content is clicked.

When administering Web schedules you will perform the following tasks:

- Specify Content Type: Before creating a Web placement you will select content types for it. Content types define what content is rendered for a specified Web placement. For details, see Specifying Content Types for Web Marketing, page 5-19.
- Create Placement: Placements are areas on a Web page designated to show marketing content. For details see:
 - Creating Web Placements, page 5-21
 - Determining Exact or Non-Exact Placement Matching, page 5-20
- Enable Target Web site: When an affiliate Web site is implemented you must enable the target Web site. After doing so, you are able to specify placement parameters specifically for that site.
- Create Web Schedule (Associate Placement and Content): After associating the content to a placement you will create a Web schedule. As the administrator, you will create Web schedule templates for the end user. For details see Creating Web Schedule Templates, page 5-23.
- Create Guest User Account: If using iStore for your Web content, you will need to create a guest user account (with the appropriate responsibility) to view your placements.

Specifying Content Types for Web Marketing

Oracle Marketing integrates with Oracle Content Manager (OCM) to provide Web marketing content.

Content Type

For Web marketing, content is displayed by way of a placement. Placements can have multiple content types associated to it. A specific stylesheet is selected for each content type and associated to a placement. Web Marketing groups content types by Web schedule activities. This acts as a template for Web marketing schedules.

For more information about content types see Oracle Content Manager User Guide.

Seeded Content Types for Web Marketing

Oracle Marketing ships with 2 seeded Web marketing content types:

Web Advertisement: Used for both Web ad and Web offer. The seeded stylesheet for Web is ad is called Web Ad. For a schedule of type Web advertisement and Web offer you can create new:

- Content Types
- Stylesheets
- Web Dynamic Recommendation: The seeded stylesheet for Web Dynamic Recommendation is called Web Dynamic Recommendation Stylesheet. For a schedule of type Web dynamic recommendation you can't create new content types. However, you can create new stylesheets.

Unlike a Web advertisement or Web offer, when using Web dynamic recommendations the content rendered is not static therefore cannot be predefined. Recommendations are situational (based on pages browsed, user preference, etc.) therefore, content is dynamically selected. Web dynamic recommendations are only executed when iStore is implemented.

Content Group for Web Marketing

Content groups are a collection of Content Types defined in the system. For example, a feature article, product information, or help file. Web Marketing content types are part of an overall content group.

The seeded content group for Web marketing is:

Content Type Group for Web Marketing

The content types that are part of this group will appear in the content type drop-down in the Web planner midtab. Therefore, the user is able to create content items of this content type.

Content Items for Web Marketing

Content items refer to anything a browser can render. For example an image, text file, etc. With the exception of stylesheets, no content items are seeded. Content items should not be created for Web dynamic recommendations because they are dynamically selected and driven by the product recommendations setup through iStore.

Stylesheets used in Web Marketing

Content types are displayed using OCM stylesheets and are ultimately rendered on a placement. A placement can have multiple content types associated to it however, a specific stylesheet can be selected for each content type and associated to a placement. You can create your own style sheets and use with Web marketing. For more information see Oracle Content Manager Implementation Guide.

The seeded stylesheets for Web marketing are:

- Universal Web Advertisement Stylesheet
- Web Dynamic Recommendation Stylesheet

Determining Exact or Non-Exact Placement Matching

To determine where your content is displayed, you must decide if your placement matching is exact or non-exact.

Exact Matching

Takes priority over non-exact matching. It uses the following matching priority:

- Application
- Page

- Location
- Site
- Section

Non-Exact Matching

Uses the following matching priorities:

- Application
- Page
- Location

Note: This is only true for Oracle *i*Store implementations because of the site and section requirement. Other implementations won't see the site or section parameter (because it is specific to iStore) they will only see page and location.

Creating Web Placements

Placements are areas on particular Web pages that have been designated to show marketing content. A placement can only be selected once within a schedule. Once the schedule is approved and active (start date has passed, end date has not been reached) the schedule automatically becomes part of the Web schedules that can run on the specified placement (if auto-publish is enabled for that Placement.) If not, the Web site manager will have to go into the placement and explicitly publish the schedule. For more information see Determining Exact or Non-Exact Placement Matching, page 5-20.

Logical order for Web placement:

- 1. Placement is picked (exact or non-exact match is determined)
- A Schedule within the placement is executed if no schedule is selected, default content (if specified) is displayed
- Content associated to schedule is rendered

To create a Web placement, login as a user that has the Campaign Workbench Super User responsibility, and define parameters for the following:

- Placement
- **Target**
- Content

Create Placement Region Notes

- Name: Provide a logical name for this placement. Because a single placement can be used by many different schedules, you may want to give it a placement specific name rather than a schedule specific name.
- **Status:** To make the placement available for execution, it must be **active**.
- Selection Method: Choose either random or ordered. When the Web schedule executes, this value determines if the placement is displayed randomly on the page, or if it is ordered on the page.
 - When **Ordered** is selected any Web schedule that subsequently chooses this placement will have the lowest schedule display priority in this placement. You will need to go into the Placement to manually change this priority if needed.

- When **Random** is selected a schedule (assuming it is published) is randomly picked.
- **Auto-Publish:** Select this check box if you want new schedules to automatically publish to the Web placement after the schedule is approved. This assumes that the placement is already active.
 - If not selected, you will need to update the placement and explicitly select this for the new schedule (that picked this placement) to actually run in this placement. You can de-select the check box in the Publish column even if the schedule is already approved and running.
 - When publish is de-selected for a schedule, the schedule remains in the list of that placement and is not deleted. Other Placements defined for that Schedule are not affected.

Target Region Notes

- **Application:** Select to specify what is application is running the target Web site.
 - Oracle Marketing ships with seeded application values (iStore, iSupport, Partners).
 - To add additional applications to the drop-down, you will need to add them as a third party application. To do so, you will use the eMerchandising component.
 - After adding the affiliate Web site (using eMerchandising), it will be available in the application drop-down.
- Application Seeded values:
 - iStore, iSupport, Partner Portal
 - iSupport Only
- **Site:** When implementing Web marketing with Oracle iStore, use this section to specify site level details for the placement. A site refers to a specialty store within the context of iStore. For more information see iStore Implementation and Administration Guide.
- **Section:** When implementing Web marketing with Oracle iStore, use this area to specify section level details for the placement. Within an iStore site, various sections exist. For example, for a given site (Vision USA) several sections could exist (Notebooks, PC, Desktops, etc.)
- **Page:** Specifies the page within the target Web site. This is dependent on the application and/or site specified. Seeded choices include iStore, iSupport, Partner Portal. You can create additional pages for iStore or other defined applications that are currently provided in eMerchandising.
- **Location:** Specified the location on the tab or page. *i*Support Only sites use the location left 1 and right 1.
 - Seeded values:
 - Top
 - **Bottom**
 - Left (1-7)
 - Middle (1-4)

• Right (1-4)

Content Region Notes

- Content Type: Using the search icon, select an OCM content type for this
 placement. Only Web marketing content types are displayed here. The content type
 determines what content is rendered by the placement.
 - For Web Ads and Web Offers you can create custom content types.
 - For Web Dynamic Recommendations the seeded content type must be used.
 - All Content Types for Web Schedules *must* use the seeded Content Type group.
- Stylesheet: Select a default stylesheet for this placement. The following Stylesheets are seeded:
 - Universal Web Advertisement Stylesheet (used for Web ad and Web offer)
 - Web Dynamic Recommendation Stylesheet (used for Web product recommendations)
- **Default Content:** Use this area to select default content items. In the event that a schedule is not selected, the content defined here is displayed. You can't create a default click-through destination for a default content item.
- Default Stylesheet: Use this area to select a default stylesheet for the default content.

Creating Web Schedule Templates

Web Schedules are associated to one or more placements by selecting the placement in the Web planner mid-tab (during the schedule creation process.)

Although all Web schedules use the "Web" channel each type of Web schedule can have specific parameters (and therefore UI's) that are unique to them.

Oracle Marketing ships with three types of seeded Web schedule templates:

- Web Ad: Results in one or more contents (typically image or text) being displayed on a Web page.
- Web Offer: Similar to a Web Ad, but has an offer (in the form of a promo or offer code) associated with content it serves up. One or more offers can be linked to a Web Offer Schedule.
- Web Dynamic Recommendation: Results in a product or set of products recommended and the associated product image being rendered on the Web page.
 - There is a seeded content type and style sheets used when a Placement is used for Web Dynamic recommendations. Together, they pull product content from *i*Store and support the appropriate click through destination action.
 - During the schedule creation process, only Placements with this seeded content type will be visible if the schedule is of type Web Dynamic Recommendation.
 - The seeded style sheets will have layout and click through destination actions associated with it.
 - The two CTD actions are: Go to Item Detail Page, Go to Shopping Cart with Item.

For Web dynamic recommendation, you must use the seeded schedule template.

To create a custom schedule template for Web schedules, login as a user that has the Campaign Workbench Super User responsibility and navigate to the Campaign Dashboard.

Notes

- **Name:** This is the name the user will select when choosing a template, therefore it should be intuitive and relevant.
- **Activity Type:** The values in the Activity type drop-down menu are seeded, if necessary, they can be extended.
- **Activity:** An activity further describes the activity type.
- **Activity Purpose:** The values in the Activity Purpose drop-down are seeded, if necessary, they can be extended.
- **Default List Template:** For Web Marketing, selecting a list template is optional.
- In the Components table, select the mid-tabs that will be displayed to the end user when creating schedules based on this template.

Web Dynamic Recommendations using Oracle Personalization

Using Oracle Personalization intelligent/dynamic recommendations are made based on customer browsing, purchase history, and demographic information.

To enable OP for Marketing purposes set the following profile:

AMS: Use Personalization = Yes

For information on creating Web schedule templates, see Creating Web Schedule Templates, page 5-23.

Administering Scripts

Refer to Oracle Scripting documentation for details on Oracle Scripting functionality and setups.

To administer scripts in the Campaign Workbench:

- Deploy scripts to the database.
- 2. Create Survey Deployment.
- 3. Using the Campaign Workbench, attach the survey deployment as a click-through destination. For specific procedures see the Oracle Marketing User Guide.
- 4. Execute the schedule. For specific procedures see Oracle Marketing User Guide.

Frequently Asked Questions: Campaign Workbench vs. Campaign Tab

What tools are available to create and execute Campaign Schedules?

The Campaign Workbench is provided in 11.5.10 as a new tool to create and execute campaign schedules. The Workbench is designed to give all users (not just marketers) the ability to create and execute campaign schedules quickly and easily. The Campaign tab provides the same functionality as in 11.5.9 to create and execute campaign schedules for sites that used Oracle Marketing 11.5.9.

What are the benefits of using Campaign Workbench?

The enhanced usability in the Campaign workbench User interface increases operational efficiency for marketers. The Campaign Workbench also supports Sales channel for execution to provide better sales alignment. Sales Schedules allow sales managers to target their own territories with promotional activities as required. Campaign workbench has additional tracking and measuring capabilities for improved marketing measurement.

Campaign Workbench has simplified the Web Schedules to provide the marketers more control on the placements of their content.

Which tool should be used to create and execute Campaign Schedules?

With Campaign workbench, Oracle Marketing has greatly improved the ease-of-use and execution capabilities in the campaign schedule functionality. In the upcoming releases more new features will be added to this tool. Campaign workbench can let users create & execute campaign schedules very efficiently.

However, based on the planning, budgeting and execution requirements for the Campaign Schedules, each site must evaluate the two tools provided for Campaign Schedules setup and execution to choose appropriate tool.

Once a decision is made to use for Campaign tab for Marketing execution, how can that decision be enforced?

Campaign workbench functionality is packaged as a separate responsibility. If the decision has been made to use Campaign tab for campaign execution, the administrator should not create responsibilities to include Campaign Workbench functions packaged in the Campaign Workbench Super User Responsibility. This will ensure that the marketing users have access to Campaign tab alone for campaign execution.

Once a decision is made to use for Campaign Workbench for marketing execution, how can that decision be enforced?

Campaign workbench functionality is packaged as a separate responsibility. If the decision has been made to use Campaign Workbench for campaign execution, the administrator must create responsibilities to include Campaign Workbench functions packaged in the Campaign Workbench Super User Responsibility (or use default seeded responsibility). The administrator must also create User accounts to provide access to Campaign Workbench and Campaign Workbench administration functions as appropriate. This will ensure that the marketing users with responsibilities to access Campaign Workbench can access it for campaign execution.

For more information, see Disabling the Campaign Tab for Campaign Execution, page 5-6.

How do I administer the Campaign Workbench?

Campaign workbench administration functions can be accessed from the Campaign Dashboard. An administrator with access to the two functions, Schedule Template and Placements, may access them via the shortcuts on the Campaign Dashboard.

Do I still need perform Administration tasks in the Administration tab?

The Campaigns, Programs, Products, Budgets, and other existing Oracle Marketing functionality needs to be administered, hence it is necessary for the administration to use Administration tab for some setups. Since only the Schedule Templates and Placements administration is included in the Campaign Workbench, some basic Schedule setup such as Marketing Medium setup, Web Sites and Applications Setup, Oracle One-to-One

Fulfillment setup, and Leads Processing setup needs to be done by accessing these functions in the Administration Tab.

If a decision is made to use Campaign tab as well as Campaign Workbench for marketing execution, how can that decision be implemented and what are the consequences on tracking and reporting of campaign schedules?

Even if it is technically possible to use Campaign tab and Campaign Workbench both for campaign execution, and even if there is no consequence and no impact on execution tracking and reporting, it is recommended to avoid the use of these two tools for campaign execution at the same time due to the following reasons:

- The Campaign tab user interface and the Campaign Workbench user interface for campaign schedule setup and execution has different look and feel. To use both at the same time means dual training efforts. If both the tools are used by the same set of users, the usage is error prone.
- Due to the considerable difference in the User Interface for Campaign tab and Campaign Workbench, the Campaign Schedules created using Campaign tab can be seen, but cannot be accessed from the Campaign Workbench and vice versa.
- Web Marketing Schedules usage and setup differs considerable in both these tools. Web Marketing Implementation in Campaign Workbench has improved usability and better tracking capabilities. If both the tools are used by the same set of users for Web Marketing, the difference is confusing.

Implementing and Administering Audience

This chapter covers the following topics:

- Implementing Audience
- Administering Audience
- Running a Script to Setup Schema in a Remote Database

Implementing Audience

After installation, perform the following implementation procedures:

- Setting Up Audience Users, page 6-1
- Setting Profiles for Lists, page 6-2
- List Concurrent Programs, page 6-3
- Verifying Lookups, page 6-4
- Implementing List Import, page 6-7

Setting Up Audience Users

There are two seeded responsibilities for the Audience Workbench: List Manager and Audience Super User. Because menus, navigation and login flows depend on the responsibility of the logged in user, you will assign one or both of the following to your users:

List Manager Responsibility

Users with this responsibility typically:

- Use the Audience Dashboard as their home page
- Establish and manage the internal list selection process for marketing departments
- Manage lists from affiliates and vendors
- Develop and manage processes for list data quality
- Ensure data enrichment and list data integrity
- Are primarily responsible for list creation and management

Audience Super User Responsibility

Users with this responsibility typically:

- Perform administrative activities to support list management
- Create and maintain data sources used by the end user to create lists
- Configure query templates
- Maintain suppression lists

Note: To remove the quick link to the Campaign Workbench you must exclude the specific function AMES WB CAMP DASHBOARD (for e.g., from List Manager/Audience Super User responsibility).

Setting Profiles for Lists

Set the following profiles for lists. If using Oracle Discoverer for list generation, additional profiles are required.

AMS List Profiles

Profile Name	Required	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS: Enable List Recalculation and Preview	Optional	Site	User Defined	If set to "No", users will not be able to recalculate or preview the entries in a list or target group.
				If set to "Yes", users can recalculate the target audience size and preview list entries after modifying list selection conditions. This helps in estimating and arriving at an optimal list size before actually generating the list.
				The default value is "No".
				See The Recalculation Profile Option, page 6-2 for more information.

The Recalculation Profile Option

The site level profile AMS: Enable List Recalculation and Preview allows businesses to decide if they want to implement the recalculation or preview entries function or not for lists created using Natural Language Query Builder (NLQB) templates. This profile option can take one of two values - Yes or No. The default value for this profile is set to No.

When the Profile is Yes

When the profile value is set to Yes, the Recalculation Table Status field is displayed in the NLQB template definition page. The Recalculation Table Status will be:

- Draft: when the recalculation table is not available.
- In Progress: when you click the Apply button in the NLQB template definition
 page. This implies that the concurrent request is submitted and recalculation table
 generation is in process.
- Available: when the recalculation table generates successfully.
- **Failed:** when the recalculation table generation fails. Click the **Apply** button again to restart the recalculation table generation process.

When marketers use this layout to create lists in the *Standard* list creation method, the **Recalculate** and the **Preview Entries** functions are available. Projected Running Total and Change columns will be displayed. If a marketer completes all the target selections and clicks **Recalculate** or **Preview Entries** when the table is not yet generated, the system will display error messages. However, when the table is available, the system will perform the recalculation and display the entries.

In the *Advanced* list creation method, when a marketer clicks the **Recalculate** or **Preview Entries** buttons, a concurrent request is submitted. The marketer must wait for the concurrent request to be completed to view the data.

When the Profile Value is "No"

When the profile value is set to "No", the Recalculation Table Status field is not displayed in the NLQB template definition page. When you click **Apply** in the NLQB template definition page, no concurrent request is launched. If any associated recalculation table exists, it is dropped. The **Recalculate** and **Preview Entries** functions are not available to the marketers when they create lists. Projected Running Total and Change columns will not be displayed when marketers create lists using the *Standard* method. However, these columns will be displayed for lists created using the *Advanced* method.

Refer Oracle Marketing User Guide for information on list creation methods.

Running List Concurrent Programs

Run the following concurrent programs as needed.

List Concurrent Programs

Concurrent Program	Required	Description
Workflow Agent Listener	Yes	List generation is invoked through business events. These business events need the background agent Workflow Agent Listener to execute them.
		This background agent picks up and executes all the scheduled list generation processes.
		The WS_Deferred parameter must be selected for the Workflow Agent Listener business event.
AMS Migrate Word Replacement Rules for Remote List Processing	Yes	This program migrates word replacement rules from a local to remote instance.
		This is a scheduled program.
AMS Migrate Remote List	Yes	This program migrates a list generated in a remote instance to a local instance. This is a scheduled program and can be executed for a particular list or for all lists.
AMS Generate Materialized View for Template	Yes	This program executes when a query template is created (when the Finish button is selected on the query template screen.) It creates the materialized view for the template.
AMS Re-Generate Materialized View for All Template	No	This program refreshes the materialized views for all templates.
AMS Process to Calculate the List Selection Totals	Yes	This program calculates the running totals for an advanced list. This is launched when the recalculate button is selected from the list generation selections page.
AMS Refresh Metrics	Yes	This request set populates the List Effectiveness bin and the Trend graph on the Audience Dashboard.

Verifying Lookups

The following lookups populate the list of values for list functionality. If implementing Oracle Discoverer for lists, you will need to verify additional lookups. For more information see Creating and Verifying Discoverer List Lookups, page 2-16.

List Lookups

Key	Туре	Seeded Values	Meanings
AMS_LIST_ ACT_TY PE	User	List Import List Workbook Segment SQL	Target group selection type.
AMS_LIST_ DEDUP_ TYPE	User	Import Persons Import Organizations	Type of Deduplication Rules to be applied.
AMS_LIST_GENERAT ION_ TYPE	System	Append New Records Full Refresh Update Attributes Only	New entries added, old entries not deleted, entries not updated. All old entries deleted, new entries added.
AMS_LIST_ ROW_ SELECT_ TYPE	System	Nth Record Random Standard	How to select rows during list generation. Standard is top down selection.
AMS_LIST_ SEGMENT_STATUS	User	Archived Available Cancelled Draft Expired	Archived Available Cancelled Draft Expired
AMS_LIST_ SEGMENT_ TYPE	System	Workbook SQL	Two types of segments supported. Based on a Discoverer workbook or an SQL statement.
AMS_LIST_ SELECT ION_ ACTION	System	Include Intersect Exclude	How each selection is added to the list. Exclude means that all entries that exist in the excluded list are removed from the current list. Intersect causes the current list to become a list of only those entries which are on the intersected list and the current list.
AMS_LIST_ SELECT_ TYPE	System	Segment Workbook Import List List SQL	Components of list used in list selection.

Key	Туре	Seeded Values	Meanings
AMS_LIST_ SEGMENT_STATUS	User	Archived Available Cancelled Draft Expired	Possible list segment statuses.
AMS_LIST_STATUS	System	Archived Available Cancelled Draft Executed Executing Failed Generating Locked Migrating New Pending Reserved	List Statuses
AMS_CHART_TYPE	System	Pie Bar Column	Type of chart available
AMS_QUERY_TEM PLATE_TYPE	System	Standard Parametrized SQL	Two types of templates are supported: Standard and Parameterized SQL. Standard templates are created using the NLQ (natural language query builder) interface.
AMS_LIST_ TYPE	System	Manual List Standard List Suppression List Target Group	List of possible list types. Note where these appear in the program.
AMS_AUDIENCE_ METRIC_TYPES	System	Booked Order Amount Booked Order Count Invoiced Order Amount Leads Opportunities Responses	Metrics that are tracked for Lists used in target groups.

Key	Туре	Seeded Values	Meanings
AMS_EXPN_BU	System	Average	Valid operators for
ILDER_OPERATORS		Maximum	expression builder.
		Minimum	
		Count	
		Sum	
		Sysdate	
AMS_DATA_	System	Local	Data sources are based
SOURCE_LOCAT ION_TYPE		Remote	on tables/views that are located in the current database (local instance) or views/tables located in a remote database (remote instance). The remote instance is accessed using a database link.
AMS_DATASOURCE_ TYPE	System	Parent Child	Types of data sources available.
AMS_DATASOURCE_ CATEGORY	System	Organization Contacts Persons	Category of data source.
AMS_SPLIT_MODE	System	Split by Attribute Split by Percentage	List splitting methods
		Split by Number	

Implementing List Import

List Import is an Oracle Marketing feature that facilitates importing lists of prospects and their related information from outside sources.

The following types of lists can be imported:

- Rented lists
- Purchased mailing lists
- Mailing lists from merged or acquired organizations
- Mailing lists provided by internal or external sales people

Using the List Import feature lists may be added directly to TCA tables. When importing from a purchased list, data is stored in the TCA schema. However, when importing from a rented list data is not stored in the TCA schema. For more information see the TCA Best Practices White Paper.

List Import Table Overview

The Oracle Marketing list import functionality supports many different business requirements. For example, event registration can be automatically executed from list import.

When a list import is performed, B2B or B2C data is imported into the Marketing and TCA tables. When doing so, you can import directly into TCA or you can choose to preview it first.

Marketing import tables:

- AMS_IMP_LIST_HEADERS_ALL
- AMS_IMP_SOURCE_LINES
- AMS_PARTY_SOURCES

TCA import tables:

- HZ PARTIES
- **HZ_LOCATIONS**
- HZ_PARTY_SITES
- HZ_CONTACT_POINTS
- HZ_ORG_CONTACTS

Creating the Bin Directory

Use this procedure to create a location for the SQL loader control file. This step enables you to import data from a file located on the server.

Prerequisites: SQL Loader is installed

Notes

Launch a DOS prompt and create the Bin Directory under PRODUCT TOP (\$AMS_TOP) for the SQL Loader control file. This directory must have read, write and execute privileges.

Setting System Profiles

Set the following list import profile options:

List Import Profile Options

Option	Required	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : IMPORT Yes CONTROL FILE PATH	Yes	Site	Control File Location	Enter the path for the bin directory: (\$AMS_TOP/bin/)
				This path is relative to the mid-tier server that the SQL loader control file is written to.
			Improper setup will cause the server side import to fail.	

Option	Required	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : IMPORT DATA FILE PATH	Yes	Site	Data File Location	Enter the path for the data file location: (\$AMS_TOP/bin/).
				This path is relative to the mid-tier server and indicates the location of the import data file.
				For the data file you may also set a different path to where the data is kept.
				Improper setup will cause the server side import to fail.
AMS : HZ DEDU PE RULE	Optional	Site	Yes/No	Indicates whether de-duplication rules are used during the TCA import process.
				The system may create duplicate records if this profile is not set to Yes.
AMS : Import Client File Size	Yes	Site	Numeric value	Size of file in bytes. Based on this profile, the import program decides whether to use the concurrent manager to upload the file.
				Default value is 1000000. For Oracle Marketing List Import functionality, this value sets the file size limit in terms of bytes that can be uploaded by client.
AMS : Default Data Source	Yes	Site	Data Source name	Data source name that is defaulted in the list/target group creation screens.

Option	Required	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
HZ : Key Word Count	Optional	Site	Number of words	This number determines how many words in the customer name are used to generate the keys
HZ : Address Key Length	Optional	Site	Length of the Address	This determines the length of Address key
HZ : Postal Code Key Length	Optional	Site	Length of the Postal Code	This determines the length of Postal Code key

Verifying Lookups for List Import

Use the following table for Lookups, types, values, and meanings.

List Lookups

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_ IMPORT_ STATUS	System	New	New Import
			Entries are imported and available for
		Scheduled	viewing
		Completed Purged Cancelled	Import is setup and ready to be completed at the scheduled time
		Duplicate Incompdump	
		Incompdumperr	
		Incomperr	The List Import has been cancelled and may not be reactivated
			An error occurred during List Import
			Incomplete-Duplicate found
			Incomplete-Duplicate- Error found
			Incomplete-Error found
AMS_IMPORT_TYI	PE System	B2B Customer B2C Customer Event	Organizations,
			Contacts, Address
			Persons, Addresses
		Lead	Event Registration Leads
			Leaus

Note: For Event Registrations, you can put the Default Registration Method in the import file and then map the default registration method to any value. If you do not map any value, then the Registration method that will be imported will be CALL CENTER.

Running NFS Mount

If the concurrent manager server is different from the server where your data is located (and you want to import data from the server) - you must run NFS Mount. This ensures that your data file directory is mounted to the concurrent manager server.

Administering Audience

To administer the Audience Workbench, see the following:

- Administering Data Sources, page 6-12
- Creating Remote Data Sources, page 6-18

- Administering Query Templates, page 6-19
- Fatigue Rules and Lists, page 6-24
- Setting Up Suppression Lists,
- Setting Up Contact Preferences, page 6-25
- Administering Deduplication Rules, page 6-26
- Administering List Import, page 6-26

Administering Data Sources

As the audience administrator, you are responsible for setting up data sources and their respective attributes. Data sources are a fundamental component of the list management process. In short, they determine the type of data retrieved for lists.

Data source determine:

- Attributes available to the end user during list creation
- TCA information mapping (when remote lists are migrated to a local instance)
- Data available in list entry
- Attributes available for splitting and charting
- Deduplication rules

Data sources map columns from a source table (or view) to the marketing list entries table AMS_LIST_ENTRIES. Once mapped, data from the table or view can be used for lists.

Data sources can be either child or parent.

Parent and Child Data Sources

The parent data source determines the type of list that will be created.

Usually, the attributes included in the parent data source are mapped to the list entries. Each parent data source also includes seeded templates and de-duplication rules.

A child data source provides additional information about the parent. A parent can have an unlimited number of child data sources associated.

Parent and Child Data Source Example

Scenario

Amy is the list administrator for Vision Computers. Her marketing team wants the ability to generate a list for cross sell purposes. The end goal is to generate a list of customers who have recently purchased a Vision Desktop computer.

Based on the business requirements given to her, Amy must create the appropriate data sources. As such, she will create a parent data source "Persons" and a child data source "Order Detail."

Parent Data Source: Persons

Table: AMS PERSON DETAILS V

Unique Identifier: PARTY_ID

- Information of interest: Person First Name, Person Last Name, Email Addresses, Language
- Note: This data source provides details about the person/customer who has recently purchased a Vision Desktop computer

Child Data Source: Order Detail Table: AMS DS ORDERS V Unique Identifier: PARTY_ID

- Information of interest: Booked date, Creation Date, Unit Selling Price, Order ID
- Note: This data source provides transactional information about the person (and customer) who has placed the order

To administer data sources, see:

- Seeded Data Sources, page 6-13
- Related Data Sources, page 6-13
- Creating Parent Data Sources for Lists, page 6-14
- Creating Child Data Sources, page 6-15
- Configuring Data Source Attributes, page 6-15
- Defining the List of Values and Charts for Data Sources, page 6-17
- Linking a Parent to a Child Data Source, page 6-17

Seeded Data Sources

The following parent data sources are seeded:

- Person: Represents Business to Consumer (B2C) customer attributes such as first name, last name, marital status, household income, etc.
- Organization Contacts: Represents Business to Business (B2B) attributes such as first name, last name, job title, work e-mail address, etc.
- Organization: Represents organization attributes such as company name, business type, revenue, etc.

See Seeded Data Source and Data Source Attribute Reference, page F-1 for more information on seeded data sources.

Related Data Sources

Related Data Sources help define the relationship between the corresponding data source and its related data source. For a parent data source, it displays the relationship with its child data sources. For a child data source it displays the relationship with the parent data source.

The Related Data Sources mid tab is displayed for all data sources (parent or child). If a relationship is defined in the parent data source (between itself and a child data source), then on navigating to the child data source, you see the relationship between the child and the parent. This implies that creating a relationship in one data source, displays the inverse relationship in the "Related Data Sources" mid tab of the other data source.

For example, if the Parent Data Source is Organization Contacts and the child data source is Locations, then if a relationship is created between the Organization Contacts and

Locations in Organization Contacts, then the Related Data Sources mid-tab of Locations automatically displays the relationship of Locations to Organization Contacts.

The following related data sources are seeded:

- Person Profile
- Education
- **Employment History**
- Organization Profile
- Account Profile
- Interactions
- Leads
- Order Detail
- Install Base
- Sales Access
- Data mining Aggregates
- **Profitability**
- System Reference
- **Data Mining Score**

Creating Parent Data Sources for Lists

If the seeded parent data sources do not meet your business requirements you can create your own. When doing so, you can point to the Oracle TCA or you can use data that resides in a remote location. For more information about creating remote data sources, see Creating Remote Data Sources, page 6-18.

Whether using the seeded data sources or creating your own, when creating list templates selecting a parent data source is mandatory.

To create a parent data source, login as a user that has the Audience Super User responsibility and navigate to the Audience Administration Dashboard.

Notes

- **Code:** This code is used as a reference for the data source when creating Discoverer Workbooks. For more information about creating Discoverer Workbooks, see Integrating Oracle Marketing and Oracle Discoverer, page 2-15.
- Type: Choose Parent Data Source.
- **Category:** Selecting a category enables you to organize the data source by type. Category selection is mandatory when creating parent data sources and optional when creating child data sources.

Categories determine the type of list that the end user will create. This distinction tells the system (for example, Fulfillment, OTS, Advance Outbound) using the list what types of entries is on the list.

The following categories are seeded:

Organization Contacts

- Persons
- Organization
- **Table or View Name:** Select the appropriate table or view that the data source is using. By selecting a view (given it has been created) you are able to narrow down the amount of data that the end user is able to retrieve when creating lists.
- **Unique Identifier:** All data sources require a unique identifier. It can be any attribute defined in the table or view chosen above. The unique identifier enables you to set a default join condition between a parent and child data source. A common unique identifier for the parent data source is the PARTY_ID.

You can explicitly relate the parent and child during the creation phase or at a later time (using the related data sources mid-tab). If you know your parent and child relationships up front, you can specify the default join condition in the data.

Creating Child Data Sources

After creating parent data sources you can create children for them. This enables you to define additional attributes for the parent.

To create a parent data source, login as a user that has the Audience Super User responsibility and navigate to the Audience Administration Dashboard.

Prerequisites: Table or view is created

Notes

- Code: This code is used as a reference for the data source when creating Discoverer Workbooks.
- **Type:** Choose Child Data Source.
- **Category:** Categories apply only to parent data sources.
- **Table or View Name:** Select the appropriate table or view for the child. If your business requirements mandate that you associate this child data source to a parent, enter the parent table or view name here.
- **Unique Identifier:** Enables you to set a default join condition between a parent and child data source. Specifying the join condition here enables the child and parent to be *explicitly* joined.
- Although you can relate the parent and child at a later time (using the Related Data Sources mid-tab), if you know your parent/child relationships up front, you can join them in the data source creation phase.

Configuring Data Source Attributes

When creating or updating data sources you will define the attributes for it. Using the data source attribute pages, you can define data source attributes for list management as well as data mining. The following table gives the descriptions for data source attributes.

Data Sources Attributes

Attribute Name	Description	
Attribute	The attributes of the table or view that the data source references. The values are displayed as they exist in the table or view.	
Display Name	Allows you to change the display name for the attributes pulled from the table or view. The values entered in this column are displayed to the end user during the list creation process.	
Map to List Entries	Use this field to map or organize how this data source is displayed in the list entries screen for the end user.	
	This attribute is important because if you want to enable the user to split the list, chart distribution of data for this attribute, or use this attribute in a dedupe rule then you must map the attribute to list entries.	
	For example, if you want <i>gender</i> to be the first column displayed to the end user, in this column you would enter COL1.	
	Use the Search and Select flashlight to pick from the list of values.	
Display in List Entries	Use this checkbox to indicate that you want this data source to display data (by default) in the List Entries page for the end user.	
	If this checkbox is left unchecked, the data source will not display by default and the end user will have to explicitly select it through the personalization option.	
Use for Split	The end user has the option to split a list by attribute. Therefore, as the administrator, when defining data source attributes, you must specify that it is available for splitting.	
	If you want to use for splitting you must map the attribute.	
Define LOV Chart	Selecting this icon enables you to define LOV and chart ranges for this data source. If you are charting an attribute, you must also map to list entries.	
LOV	If a list of values are defined for this attribute, then you will see a check in this column.	
Chart	If a chart is defined for this attribute, then you will see a check in this column.	
Enabled	Place a check in this checkbox to enable the attribute for the data source. If this checkbox is left unchecked, this attribute will not be available for use in the list template creation process.	

Defining the List of Values and Charts for Data Sources

When defining data source attributes, you can choose to define a list of values that correspond to it. This list of values can also be used to drive the chart ranges. This reduces the chance of error because you are limiting the data the user can select.

To define the LOV and chart attribute, login as a user that has the Audience Administrator responsibility and navigate to the Administration Dashboard.

Notes

- Locate the Data Source you want to configure and in the Attributes mid-tab, select the Define, LOV chart icon.
- In the Add List of Values Using drop-down, select one of the following:
 - Manual Entries: This option enables you to manually define the LOV for the attribute. If using this option, select "Add Another Row" and enter a value code and display name.
 - **Value code:** Exact value (as it appears in the database). For example, the value code for country could be CAN for Canada.
 - **Display name:** Text box that allows you to change the code name to a more user-friendly display name. For example, the display name for CAN could be Canada.
 - Another List of Values: Allows you to pick a specific list of values that have previously been defined for similar attribute. This option allows you to re-use the LOV that has previously been defined. This will save you time. Using this option you essential share the LOV with other attribute, therefore changing the definition of the LOV will affects all attributes sharing this LOV.
 - **List of Value Name:** Specify the values that you'd like this attribute to have. For example, if you'd like the attribute "COUNTRY" to have "United States" and "Canada" as the list of value options, select them here.
 - Custom SQL: Using this option, you can define the list of values using data retrieved with SQL logic. Use the Custom SQL box to enter an SQL statement.

Linking a Parent to a Child Data Source

To establish a parent and child data source relationship, first create the parent and child data sources. On the audience Administration Dashboard, select the parent data source and navigate to the Related Data Source mid-tab.

Notes

- Related Data Sources: Search and select the child data source.
- **Related Data Sources Column:** Search and select the unique identifier for the child data source. This is the child data source attribute that would define the join condition between the child and the parent. If this column is left blank the child's unique identifier will be used as the join condition.
- Primary Data Source Column: Search and select the unique identifier for the child and the parent. By selecting the same unique identifier, the child becomes associated to the parent. If this column is left blank the parent's unique identifier will be used as the join condition.
- If the parent data source is selected first (and the child is related after) the primary data source columns refers to the parent and the related data source column refers to the child.

To link a child to a parent data source, select the child data source first (and parent is related after) the primary data source columns refers the child and the related data source column refers to the parent.

Creating Remote Data Sources

Data sources can be local or remote. Remote data sources can be setup and used for list generation. Remote data sources point to objects residing in a remote instance. For example, an external data warehouse system. To define a remote data source, you will point to a remote object using a database link (db link).

A list created by the end user using a remote data source will reside in the remote instance until it is migrated.

Optionally, once you have established the db link, you can migrate a single list (or all remote lists) to your local instance. If migrating, remote lists go through a migration process. For target group generation, data validation and TCA inserts are performed. Lists are generated through a package available on the remote instance.

Use the following procedures to setup the remote data sources:

- Running a Script to Setup Schema in a Remote Database, page 6-31
- Creating the Database Link in the Local Instance, page 6-18
- Create Remote Data Sources in the Audience Administration Dashboard, page 6-18

Creating the Database Link in the Local Instance

Use the following guidelines when creating the DB link in the local instance:

- DBLINK_FROM_LOCAL_TO_REMOTE: Database link name
- Username: Username used to connect to remote instance
- Password: Password used to connect to remote instance
- REMOTE DATABASE NAME: Name of remote instance

To create the DB link in the local instance:

CREATE PUBLIC DATABASE LINK DBLINK FROM LOCAL TO REMOTE CONNECT TO USERNAME IDENTIFIED BY PASSWORD USING REMOTE DATABASE NAME;

Creating Remote Data Sources in the Audience Administration Dashboard

After running the script and creating the remote database link you are now ready to create a data source using data in the remote instance. Therefore, when creating a new data source, the remote data will be available to you.

To create a data source, using the remote data, login as a user that has the Audience Super User responsibility and navigate to the Audience Administration Dashboard.

Notes

- Code: This code is used as a reference for the data source when creating Discoverer Workbooks.
- **Type:** Based on requirements, choose either parent or child.

- **Category:** Selecting a category enables you to organize the data source by type. Category selection is mandatory when creating parent data sources and optional when creating child data sources.
- **Table or View Information region:**
 - **Location:** Choose Remote.
 - Database Link: Enter the database link information. This is the link created in Creating the Database Link in the Local Instance, page 6-18.
- **Table or View Name:** Select the appropriate table or view that the data source is using. By selecting a view (given it has been created) you are able to narrow down the amount of data that the end user is able to retrieve when creating lists.
- Unique Identifier: Enables you to set a default join condition between a parent and child data source. Specifying the join condition here enables the child and parent to be *explicitly* joined. Although you can relate the parent and child at a later time (using the Related Data Sources mid-tab), if you know your parent/child relationships up front, you can join them in the data source creation phase.
- Complete the Attributes information for the data source.

Administering Query Templates

As the audience administrator, you will create query templates. These templates enable your end users to quickly and easily create lists. When creating list, your end user has 2 different list template options to choose from:

- Standard List Template: Retrieve data with natural language (using the natural language query builder tool) instead of using SQL
- Parameterized SQL List Template: Retrieve data by filling in parameters which you specify in SQL statements

Seeded Standard Query Templates

The ten commonly used standard query templates that are seeded with the Oracle Marketing application are detailed in the following table.

Seeded Standard Query Templates

Query Template Name	Data Source	Filter Conditions
Cross Sell to Install Base - B2B	Organization Contacts	Current install base products, purchase amounts, firmographics, and contact profile attributes
Cross Sell/Up Sell based on Orders - B2B	Organization Contacts	Purchase history, firmographics, and contact profile attributes
Customer Acquisition - B2B	Organization Contacts	Firmographics and contact profile attributes
Customer Retention based on Orders - B2B	Organization Contacts	Purchase history, firmographics, and contact profile attributes
Lead Maturation - B2B	Organization Contacts	Lead information, firmographics, and contact profile attributes
Interaction Follow Up - B2B	Organization Contacts	Interaction history, firmographics, and contact profile attributes
Cross/Sell Up Sell based on Orders - B2C	Persons	Purchase history, demographics, and person profile attributes
Customer Acquisition - B2C	Persons	Demographics and person profile attributes
Customer Retention based on Orders - B2C	Persons	Purchase history, demographics, and person profile attributes
Interaction Follow Up - B2C	Persons	Interaction history, demographics, and person profile attributes

Creating Standard Query Templates

Within the Audience Administration interface, you can create additional user-defined query templates to meet your business requirements. These query templates can be based on the out-of-box data sources (Organization Contacts, Persons, Organizations) or any user-defined data source (for example, an industry-specific data mart). You can create these templates using either the Standard or Parameterized SQL template options.

To create a user-defined standard query template, login as a user that has the Audience Super User responsibility and navigate to the Audience Administration Dashboard.

Prerequisites: Data Sources are created

Notes

- Query Template Name: Enter a logical name for the template. For example, cross sell list template.
- **Query Template Type:** Choose Standard.

- **Data Source Name:** Select the data source that will be used for this template. The data source determines the type of data retrieved.
 - Note that you need to select the AMS PERSON EMP HIST V view for queries using the "employed as title" parameter. If you are using a custom data source, and need to use the "employed as title" parameter to build a query template condition, the data source should have been created based on the AMS PERSON EMP HIST V view.
- Purpose: When the end users are creating lists, they are required to select a purpose. After solacing the purpose, templates (of that purpose type only) are displayed to them. Therefore, as the administrator, you must carefully organize your template purposes. Purpose types are seeded, however, you can extend the purpose type lookup.

Seeded Purpose Types:

- Cross Sell: Used for creating lists for the cross selling purposes.
- Customer Acquisition: Used for creating lists for customer acquisition purposes.
- Customer Retention: Used for creating lists for customer retention purposes.
- General Purpose: Used for creating general lists (not tied to a specific purpose).
- Lead Maturation: Used for creating lead maturation lists
- Up Sell: Used for creating lists for up selling purposes.

Query Template Selections Section Notes

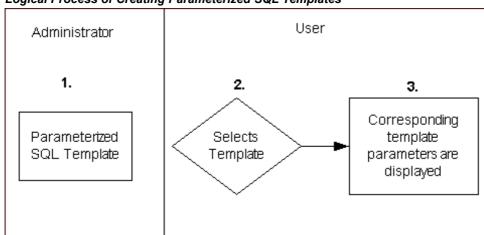
- **Attributes:** Using the search and select icon choose an attribute for the query template. For example, if the list template filters by age or gender, you would select age or gender as an attribute.
- **Attribute Display Name:** Enter a user-friendly display name for the attribute selected.
- **Available Operators:** Select an operator for the attribute. For example, if filtering by "people who are age 30", then the operator would be **Is**.
- Value: Depending on the available operator and default, you will choose an appropriate value mode. The following modes are available:
- Calculation: If the data source is being used for "comparison" purposes, use this type of value mode.
- **Constant:** If the data source has a static value, select this value mode. For example, if your query template is filtering for "age is 30" then constant (as a value mode) would be selected. Once constant is selected in the mode drop-down menu, a text box appears. Enter the constant value in this text box. For example, for "age is 30", enter the value 30.
- **Attributes:** If attributes have previously been defined, you can re-use them by selecting this value mode.
- List of Values: Selecting this value mode enables you to define a list of values for the data source.
- **Value Display:** Use this text box to change the display value for the end user. For example, if the attribute selected is "default city", the value display could simply be "city".

Mandatory: Select this check box to enforce this particular attribute -- a mandatory selection for a template cannot be deleted by the end user.

Creating Parameterized SQL Templates

In some cases, it might be easier to create templates based on a set of parameters. This may be the case when the SQL statement is very complex or if you are a power user of SQL. In these cases, you can set up a template so that the end user only needs to input values for these parameters to generate the list.

If you set up a template using parameterized SQL, then the end user simply selects the template and the corresponding parameters for the template are displayed. The end user selects the *purpose* and the *list template* in the first step of the Create List process. The mechanism to display either the Standard Template (based on natural language) or the Parameterized SQL Template depends on how you have set up the template. The following table displays the Parameterized SQL template creation process.



Logical Process of Creating Parameterized SQL Templates

- 1. **Step 1:** As the Administrator, you will create the template based on a pre-selected SQL statement. Once you have set this up, when creating lists, the user will only need to input values for these parameters.
- 2. **Step 2:** During the create list creation process, because you have setup parameterized SQL templates, this is displayed in the drop-down menu (instead of the standard template).
- **Step 3:** Because the parameters are pre-defined, the corresponding parameterized SQL template parameters are displayed.

To create a parameterized SQL template, login as a user that has the Audience Workbench Super User responsibility and navigate to the Audience Administration Dashboard.

Notes

- Query Template Type: Parameterized SQL.
- **Data Source Name:** Select a Parent Data Source for the template.
- **Purpose:** Select a purpose for the template. For example, if creating a list template for cross selling purposes, choose Cross Sell as the purpose type.

- **SQL Definition Region:** Enter the parameterized SQL condition.
 - **Definition:** Use this field to enter editable text for the SQL Description. The text entered here appears in the end user interface within the Selections section for a list that uses this template.
 - **SQL:** Use this text box to enter a parameterized SQL condition. For example,

```
Select * from Table A
where A.COLUMN NAME1 = :Column Name1
and A.COLUMN NAME2 = :Column Name2"
```

- Validate SQL: After entering the custom SQL, use this button to validate the SQL statement. Clicking the button takes you to the standard Validate SQL page. There are three sections within the Validate SQL page:
- SQL Statement: Read only text of the SQL Statement entered in the Custom SQL page
- **SQL Validation:** Read only text that indicates if there are any errors in constructing the SQL, like SQL syntax, table names, column names within the table, etc.
- **Index Results:** Read only text that identifies if the SQL condition is based on any non-index attributes

Setting Up Query Templates to Support Recalculation and List Entry Preview

Within the Audience Workbench, a marketer can use query templates to create lists. After selecting a query template, the marketer can enter values for the query template conditions and obtain a quick cascading count of these conditions as well as previewing the entries before creating the list. These counts are based on the values (operator, operand) provided by the marketer for the different query template conditions. The numbers for these cascading counts (that is, the Projected Running Total column within the List Selections table) is determined using the table created for the corresponding query template.

The information stored in the table is a snapshot of the data available specifically meeting the conditions of the template at the time of template creation. The tables pre-store the information therefore reducing the need to re-compute the data being queried when the user wants to preview the projected total and entries. Pre-storing the data supports faster viewing of the results.

The table supporting the individual query template is automatically created or updated depending on whether you are creating a new template or updating an existing one. You can also create the tables using a concurrent program.

For seeded query templates (see Seeded Standard Query Templates, page 6-19), you must create the tables supporting the template prior to marketers using these templates to obtain cascading counts. Each query template should be enabled before creating its corresponding table. To create tables supporting each of these templates, simply select the appropriate template(s) and click Apply.

The section below illustrates the process of creating a table for a query template if you choose to use a concurrent program.

Prerequisites:

- Before you run the concurrent program to create the table(s), ensure that all the conditions are defined for the corresponding query template(s) and the template is enabled.
- Ensure that there is sufficient disk space. The space requirement for a table is proportional to the customer and transactional data within the data source and the number of conditions within the query template definition. A large B2C (business to consumer) organization will typically have more customer and transactional data than a B2B (business to business) organization. Hence the table created for B2C implementations will normally require more disk space.
- The conditions for seeded query templates reference data within the Oracle E-Business Suite schema. It is estimated that these query templates will require approximately 35 MB of disk space for each query template. Based on the Oracle E-Business Suite data within your organization, you may require additional disk space.

Notes

Determine the "query template ID" of the query template for which the table is to be generated. You can obtain this ID by navigating to the details page of the query template within the Audience Administration interface. In the query template details page, the token for the template ID (that is, TemplID) is contained within the web browser's URL. For example, the template ID is highlighted in the following URL:

```
http://xyz.com/OA HTML/OA.jsp?OAFunc=AMS LIST QURYTEMPLSTD
CRE PG&Mode=UPD&TemplId=3012&....
```

Note this template ID for the corresponding query template.

- Log in to Oracle Forms and submit a new single request.
- **Find:** AMS Generate Table For Template
- **Template ID:** Enter the template ID as noted previously. If no template ID is provided in this window, then tables for all enabled query templates will be generated (or regenerated).
- Note the Request ID. You can monitor the status of this concurrent request by providing the Request ID within the Find Request window.
- After the table is created successfully, a marketer can use the query template within the Audience Workbench to determine the cascading counts and preview entries that meet the template conditions.

Fatigue Rules and Lists

Fatigue rules provide your end users with a tool that helps prevent them from over contacting customers. As the Campaign/Audience Administrator, you may need to create fatigue rules for your implementation. Refer to Administrating Fatigue Rules, page 5-15 for more information.

Setting Up Suppression Lists

Oracle Marketing helps companies to comply with privacy policies by providing pre-defined suppression filters. Consumers can opt out of marketing activities in a number of ways - by unsubscribing from an e-mail activity, by informing the telesales representative, or by signing up for Do not Call registries set up by government. The

Oracle Customer Model (TCA) has provision to capture contact preference of customers. This information is stored within the HZ_CONTACT_PREFERENCES table.

In addition marketers may create user-defined suppression lists to prevent targeting specified categories of people. For example, an administrator can create a suppression list of all CEOs.

Based on the suppression information stored either within HZ CONTACT PREFERENCES or within user defined suppression lists, members are automatically suppressed during target group generation for a marketing schedule. Members within the target group are checked with the suppression list members and the matching records are automatically suppressed.

Out-of-the-box, Oracle Marketing provides 10 seeded suppression lists. These include:

- Do Not Contact for Persons and Organization Contacts
- Do Not Mail for Persons and Organization Contacts
- Do Not Email for Persons and Organization Contacts
- Do Not Fax for Persons and Organization Contacts

The seeded suppression lists are based on information stored in the HZ CONTACT_PREFERENCES table of the Oracle Customer Model (TCA).

Navigation: Audience Administration Dashboard > Suppression Lists shortcut

Notes

- **Personalize:** The personalize page allows you the flexibility to control the number of rows displayed, the sort order, and any other filter criteria you may want to set. For example, show me all suppression lists where channel is E-mail. By default, the "All Suppression Lists" view is sorted based on the Last Updated Date (descending).
- **Channel:** More than one channel may be associated with a suppression list. When entering multiple channels, separate the names with commas.
- **Use for Suppression:** By default, any suppression source that you add is used for suppression. You can disable a suppression source by deselecting this field.

Setting Up Contact Preferences

Customers of marketing activities receive marketing communication via different channels, such as e-mail, direct mail, fax, and phone. They may wish to select specific channels from which to receive communication and may also wish to modify their contact information. To enable them to modify their contact preferences, navigate to the Contact Preference page from the Audience Administration Dashboard, and set up the following options:

- Channel Preferences: When you include Channel Preferences as one of the options in the Contact Preference page, the end users have the option to unsubscribe from any or all channels for receiving marketing communication. User preferences are stored in the table HZ_CONTACT_PREFERENCES. When a campaign schedule executes, based on suppression lists that use the same table, customers who have opted out of specific channels are identified, and marketing communications do not go to these customers.
- **Primary Contact Points:** If you add the Primary Contact Points option to the Contact Preferences page, the end users can update their primary e-mail address and

primary phone number in the customer database. They can choose values from the active list of existing e-mail addresses and phone numbers from TCA.

Note: For customers of Oracle Marketing Release 11.5.10 or earlier, as the administrator, you must explicitly revisit the Contact Preference page and insert the options currently available. Only then will end users be able to view the contact preference options available to them. Because end users can no longer update campaign opt out and product interest information, any suppression lists created based on this information in earlier releases will not be refreshed.

Note: Functionality that allowed end users to update product interests or to opt out of specific campaigns, is no longer available.

Administering Deduplication Rules

Deduplication rules check for list duplications, such as duplicate names, email addresses, first names, last names, etc. Deduplication rules check data being sent to the TCA APIs.

Because list creation requires a parent data source to be selected, when creating deduplication rules, you are only able to select one that is associated to a parent data source.

To setup deduplication rules, login as a user that has the Audience Workbench Super User responsibility.

Notes

- **Attribute:** Select the attribute that the deduplication rule is being created for. For example, if creating a rule to eliminate duplicate email addresses, you could choose Contact Email Address.
- Word Standardization Rule: Optionally, select a standardization rule for the corresponding attribute. Word standardization allows words that have alias or alternate spellings to be normalize when going through the de-duplication process. For example Oracle Pkwy means the same thing as Oracle Parkway. Therefore, when using word standardization, the system will recognize it to be a duplicate when it goes through the deduplication process.

You can standardize words using the following criteria:

- Address
- First Name
- Key Modifier
- Last Name
- Organization Name

Administering List Import

To administer list import, you will perform one or all the following procedures:

- Performing Existence Checking for List Import, page 6-27
- Existence Checking for Persons, page 6-27

- Existence Checking for Organization, page 6-27
- Existence Checking for Organization Contacts, page 6-28
- Existence Checking for Address, page 6-28
- Existence Checking Using Original System Reference, page 6-28

Understanding Deduplication and Existence Checking for List Import

List import checks for duplicate records during the import process by using deduplication rules and existence checking.

Deduplication rules: Performed before the data is sent to the TCA APIs. For example, if you have created a deduplication rule based on email address and two records exist in a particular file with same email address, the second records is counted as a duplicate and only the first record is processed.

Existence checking: Predefined rules and are used only when the AMS HZ DEDUPE RULES profile is set to "YES".

Existence checking is done for the following:

- Organization
- Org contacts
- Address
- Person

Performing Existence Checking for List Import

Existence checking enables pre-defined rules to be established. This is only possible when AMS: HZ DEDUPE RULES profile is set to YES at site level. Existence checking enables the process of de duplicating import records from the TCA model.

Existence Checking for Persons

Existence checking is based on Person First Name, Person Last Name, Email Address, Phone Country Code, Phone Area Code, Phone Number, Address and Country.

First checks are done to see if the person exists with a provided E-mail address. If it does not exist then it checks with First Name and Last Name with phone attributes. If this fails then it looks for First Name and Last Name with address attributes. If this does not exist, then a new Person record is created (Party of type "Person").

Existence Checking for Organization

Organization existence checking is based on:

- Name
- Address1
- Country columns

First it checks if an organization exists with the same name if it does not exists then it creates a new record. If it does exist then it checks if an organization record exists with this name, address1 and country. If it does not exists then it checks with name and country if this also does not exists then it picks up the maximum (party_id) record with the same name and without checking address1 and country column.

Even if pick up records with name, address1 and country or name and country it always picks up the maximum party_id for the organization name.

Existence Checking for Organization Contacts

Org contact Existence checking is based on:

- Person
- First name
- Last name
- Email address
- Phone area code
- Phone number
- Phone extension

First it checks if a person exists with the provided first name and last name if this exists then it checks if a records exists with first name, last name having the same email address and phone area code, phone number and extension. If this does not exist, then it checks the first name, last name with email address. If this also does not exist, then it checks the first name, last name with phone area code, number and extension.

Existence Checking for Address

Address existence checking is based on:

- Address1
- City
- Postal code
- Country

First it checks if there is a location for the provided address1, city, postal code and country column. It this does not exist then it checks for address1 with country and pick up that location if it's available. Otherwise, it creates a new one.

Existence Checking Using Original System Reference

Original system reference is a target field that has been added to the List Import process. This affects the existence checking logic in the following way:

- Organizations (B2B): If original system reference is mapped, existence checking will use this value along with organization name and other attributes, such as Address1 and Country to find the exact match. If it is unable to find matching record then existence checking is done without the Original System Reference column.
- Organization Contacts (B2B): If original system reference is mapped then existence checking will use this along with Organization Name, Person First Name, Person Last Name and other attributes, such as E-mail Address, Phone Area Code, Phone Number and Phone Extension to find the exact match. If it is unable to find matching records then the existence checking will be done without the original system reference column.
- Persons (B2C): If original system reference is mapped then existence checking will use this along with Person First Name, Person Last Name and other attributes like

Address1, Country, Email Address, Phone Country Code, Phone Area Code and Phone Number to find the exact match. If it is unable to find matching records then the existence checking will be done without the Original System Reference column.

Importing Lists

Use the following sections to import lists:

- Importing Lists from XML or CSV Files, page 6-29
- Implementing List Import for Universal Work Queue, page 6-30
- Creating List Import User Hooks, page 6-31

Importing Lists from XML or CSV Files

Marketers have the ability to import lists from an xml or csv file into Oracle Marketing. Based on the type of imported list data, the Import Wizard will walk a marketers through the steps.

XML Import

The xml import is available for the following:

- Organization
- Person
- Addresses
- Person addresses import

The xml import file must be in zip format. The zip must contain the following:

- XML File: This contains the B2B or B2C customer information, it can be in any format.
- DTD File: This file formats the xml data. For example, if the xml file contains a tag "address" the DTD file will format the tag into "address = city + state + zip" for the application.

B2B and B2C CSV List Import

A csv import can be performed for any B2B or B2C type of import. For more information on how to perform a List Import, using xml or csv see the Oracle Marketing User Guide.

Oracle Marketing also supports a recurring import - an import process that is rescheduled for a later time. This option is available for server and ftp imports. The user must change the data in the file otherwise import will repeat the same data available in the files.

Implementing List Import for Universal Work Queue

When Oracle Marketing is integrated with Oracle Telesales, the list import feature can be used to assign lists to TeleSales Agents. In this scenario, a TeleSales agent can log into Oracle TeleSales Universal Work Queue and access a list of customers assigned to them by the marketing team. This enables a list of prospects collected in marketing to be followed up on by the sales team.

Note that lead creation from Universal Work Queue is supported only for PERSON and ORGANIZATION CONTACT source types. The PARTY ID column must be mapped in AMS LIST ENTRIES for both these source types.

To set up List Import for Universal Work Queue follow the procedures:

- Setting List Import and Work Queue Profiles, page 6-30
- Implementing List Import for Telesales, page 6-30
- Selecting the List in Telesales, page 6-31

Setting List Import and Work Queue Profiles

To enable the list to be displayed in Universal Work Queue the following profiles must

- AMS: Queue: Marketing Lists Manual Assignment at Site or Application level. This profile determines if a Telesales user can work on Marketing Lists - Manual Assignment.
- AMS: Queue Order: Marketing Lists Manual Assignment at Application or Site Level. Choose a display order of 1-56. This profile determines the order of appearance for the "Marketing List – Manual Assignment" in the work queue in relation to the other Queue Order Profiles.

Implementing List Import for Telesales

To set up the List Import for Universal Work Queue, login as a user that has the Audience Workbench Super User responsibility.

Prerequisites:

- TeleSales Agent Responsibility is assigned to the user
- A csv file with the Sales Agent (i.e. the application login id for the sales agent) column is populated
- A Telemarketing Campaign Schedule has been created in Oracle Marketing

Notes

- Import Mapping section: Map the sales agent column from the Source Column to the "Sales Agent ID" target field column. The Sales Agent ID is the application login id for the sales agent(s.).
- Import the data into Oracle Marketing and generate a list using the imported data.
- Associate the generated list to the Telemarketing Schedule created within Oracle Marketing.
- Generate the target group for this Telemarketing Schedule.

Selecting the List in Telesales

After the list has been created in Oracle Marketing it is available for use in Oracle Telesales. To verify that the list has been properly implemented, log in to Oracle Telesales and navigate to the Universal Work Queue tab.

Prerequisites: User has TeleSales Agent Responsibility

Notes

- **Work Type:** Select the Marketing List Manual Assignment.
- View the lists that have been assigned to you from Oracle Marketing.

Creating List Import User Hooks

List Import pre and post user hooks allow you to write custom PL/SQL that is invoked during the list import process prior to list generation. The purpose is to allow you to cleanse the list before the list data is inserted into TCA (pre) and after (post) before list generation.

The following business events are used in the list import user hook process:

List Import - Pre Business Event: oracle.apps.ams.list.ListImportPreEvent.

List Import - Post Event: oracle.apps.ams.list.ListImportPostEvent

Running a Script to Setup Schema in a Remote Database

Use the following steps to create schema used for remote processing.

Steps:

1. Login to SQL*Plus in the remote database.

Note: As a best practice, you should create a new schema and give access to tables and views which will be used for remote data processing. Typically this would be views and tables that will store customer information with which you are going to create lists. By creating new schema, you are limiting apps user access to only the relevant tables and views which might be needed for list generation.

- Download the zip file amsrlpkg.zip and unzip the contents.
- Run the script amsremot.sql on the remote database (for the same schema). This script creates the following tables:
 - AMS_LIST_ENTRIES
 - AMS_HZ_WORD_REPLACEMENTS
 - AMS LIST HEADERS ALL
 - AMS_LIST_SELECT_ACTIONS
- 4. Apply the following AMS .pls files:
 - amslgrms.pls
 - amslgrmb.pls

Implementing Events

This chapter covers the following topics:

- Events Overview
- Setting System Profile Options for Events
- Creating and Verifying Lookups for Events
- Running Concurrent Programs for Events
- Setting Up Event Fulfillment

Events Overview

Events functionality in Oracle Marketing enables Event planning and execution. Event Schedules can be defined for various locations and times. To support rapid Event creation, definition, and maintenance, Events can be setup to define content, messaging, and planning information.

Consult the following sections to set up Events functionality:

- Setting System Profile Options for Events, page 7-1
- Creating and Verifying Lookups for Events, page 7-2
- Running Concurrent Programs for Events, page 7-6
- Setting Up Event Fulfillment, page 7-6

Setting System Profile Options for Events

Set the following profile options for Events:

Profile Options for Events

Option	Required	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : Auto Register for Events upon cancellation	Yes	Site	Yes/No	This is used to determine if the attendee can be moved from the waiting list to registered status if a spot is available

Option	Required	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS: Copy Event Details to Event Schedules	Yes	Site	Yes/No	This is used to allow details of parent Event to be copied to the schedule
AMS : Prefix to Registration Confirmation Code	Optional	Site	User Defined	Characters for the Event Registration Confirmation Code.
AMS : HZ Dedupe Rule	Optional	Site	Yes/No	Indicates whether to use the TCA deduplication rules while performing Event registration.
				This applies only if you are importing list registrants using list import.
OSO : Customer Access Privilege	Required	Resp	Full	Set this profile to Full in order to grant access to the Venue subtab.
OSO : Bypass Group Validation	Required	Resp	Yes/No	Set this profile to Yes to grant access to the Venue subtab.
AMS : Enable Fulfillment	Optional	Site	Yes/No	Enables Oracle Marketing to be integrated with Oracle One-to- One Fulfillment.
AMS : Should Call to Inventory Modules be Made	Yes	Site	Yes/No	Indicates whether an Event may be created as an Oracle Inventory item. Set to Yes if wanting to store Events in inventory as "items".
AMS : Should Call to Pricing Modules be Made	Yes	Site	Yes/No	Indicates whether an Event may be priced.

Creating and Verifying Lookups for Events

Create or verify the following system lookups for Events.

Event Lookups

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_DELIVERY_ MEDIA_TYPE	Extensible	I SEMINAR	I Seminar
		ON_SITE	On Site
		SEMINAR	Seminar
		WEB	Web
AMS_EVENT_	System	Active	Active
STATUS		Archived	Archived
		Available	Available
		Cancelled	Cancelled
		Closed	Closed
		Completed	Completed
AMS_EVENT_	System	Denied_BA Denied_TA New On_Hold Submitted_BA Submitted_TA Planning	Denied Budget Approval Denied Concept Approval New Active, but locked Pending Budget Approval Pending Concept Approval Planning Confirmed
AGENDA_STATUS	System	Unconfirmed	Unconfirmed
AMS_EVENT_TYPE	Extensible	Briefing	Briefing
		Conference	Conference
		Exhibition	Exhibition
		Hospitality	Hospitality
		Internal_Event	Internal Event
		Launch	Launch
		Seminar	Seminar
		Speaking_ Engagement	Speaking Engagement Sponsorship
		Sponsorship_Event	Trade Show
		Trade_Show	Web Seminar
		Web_Seminar	Workshop
		Workshop	<u>*</u>

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_ CONTACT_ PO	Extensible	Address	Address
INT_TYPE		Email	Email
		Fax	Fax
		Inbound_script	In bound Script
		Outbound_script	Outbound Script
		Phone	Phone
		Website	Website
AMS_ MASTER_	System	Camp	Campaign
OBJECT_ TYPE		CSCH	Campaign Schedule
		EONE	One-Off Event
		EVEH	Event
AMS_ PRIORITY	System	Fast_Track	Fast Track
		High	High
		Standard	Standard
AMS_EVENT_S PEAKER_STATUS	System	Booked	Booked
		Cancelled	Cancelled
		Confirmed	Confirmed
		Scheduled	Scheduled
AMS_EVENT_WAITL IST_ ACTION	System	First_Come_First	First Come First Served
AMS_EVENT_ RESOURCE_ TYPE	System	AMS_People	People
AMS_EVENT_REG_	System	Cancelled	Cancelled
STATUS		Enrolled	Enrolled
		Registered	Registered
		Targeted	Targeted
		Waitlisted	Waitlisted
AMS_EVENT_REG_	System	Call_Center	Call Center
SOURCE		External	External
		On_Site	On Site
		Partner	Partner
		Web	Web

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_EVENT_REG_ CANCEL_REASON	System	Agenda_Change Cost	Agenda Change Cost
		Personal_Emergency	Personal Emergency
		Price_Change	Price Change
		Sch_Conflict	Scheduling Conflict
		- Speaker_Change	Speaker Change
		Venue_Change	Venue Change
		Work_Emergency	Work Emergency
AMS_EVENT_	System	Comp	Complimentary
PAYMENT_STATUS	,	Free	Free
		Invoiced	Invoiced
		Paid	Paid
		Refunded	Refunded
AMC EVENIT LEVEL	System	Main	Main
AMS_EVENT_LEVEL	System	Sub	Sub
			Sub
AMS_EVENT_DAY	System	Five	5
		Four	4
		Three	3
		Two	2
		One	1
AMS_EVENT_CERT_	System	General	General
CREDIT_ TYPE		Seed	Seed
AMS_EVENT_ CANCEL_ REASON	System	Disaster	Natural Disaster
		Insufficient_Reg	Insufficient
		Postponed	Registration
		Schedule_Conflict	Postponed
		Speaker_ Unavailable	Schedule Conflict
		Venue_Unavailable	Speaker not available
			Venue not available
AMS_EVENT_	System	Agenda_Change	Agenda Change
ATTENDANCE_FA ILURE		Disaster	Natural Disaster
		Personal_Emergency	Personal Emergency
		Schedule_Conflict	Schedule Conflict
		Speaker_Change	Speaker Change
		Venue_Change	Venue Change
		Work_Emergency	Work Emergency
AMS_EVEH_PUR POSE	User	Organization defined values	Purpose for the Event

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_EVEO_OBJECT IVE	User	Organization defined values	Objective for the Event.
AMS_RATE_CODE	User	User defined entries	Rates for venues.
AMS_VENUE_RAT	User	Excellent	Excellent
ING		Good	Good
		Fair	Fair
		Poor	Poor
AMS_VENUE_TYPE	User	Convention_Center	Convention Center
		Hotel	Hotel
		Kiosk/Booth	Kiosk/Booth
AMS_EVENT_	User	Cancelled	Event Cancellation
CONTENT_ACTIV ITY		Date_Change	Event Date/Time
		Reg_Cancel	Change
		Reg_Confirm	Registration Cancellation
		Reg_Waitlist	Registration
		Venue_Change	Confirmation
			Wait List Confirmation
			Venue Change

Running Concurrent Programs for Events

For Events, run the program Activate Event Schedules. This program accomplishes two things:

- 1. Activates Events: This program activates available event schedules and one-off events for which the start date has passed.
- 2. Completes Events: Picks up and completes event schedules and one-off events for which the end date has passed.

Setting Up Event Fulfillment

See Implementing Fulfillment for Oracle Marketing, page 3-7 for information on setting up fulfillment for Events.

Implementing and Administering Marketing **Metrics**

This chapter covers the following topics:

- Metrics Concepts
- Implementing Metrics
- Administering Metrics
- Seeded Metrics Reference

Metrics Concepts

Metrics are measurements used for tracking the effectiveness of marketing activities. Metrics include both forecast and actual values. These values are either added manually or automatically calculated by the Marketing application. Metrics can also be used to initiate Campaign Triggers. For example, a Responses Count metric greater than a desired value could be used to trigger a follow-up Campaign Schedule to a larger audience.

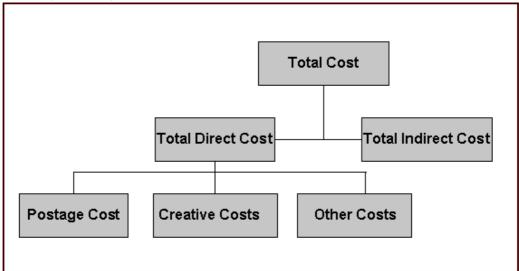
Understanding the Metric Object Hierarchy

The metric hierarchy dictates how objects relate to each other and how their associated metric values will rollup within the hierarchy. Ultimately, the metric hierarchy dictates how metric values will be totalled across marketing objects.

Understanding Summary Hierarchy

Within a single marketing object, metrics of similar categories (cost, revenue, response, and so on) are organized into summary hierarchies. For example, within a direct mail campaign schedule, cost-category metrics can be related hierarchically as shown in the following figure:

Summary Hierarchy

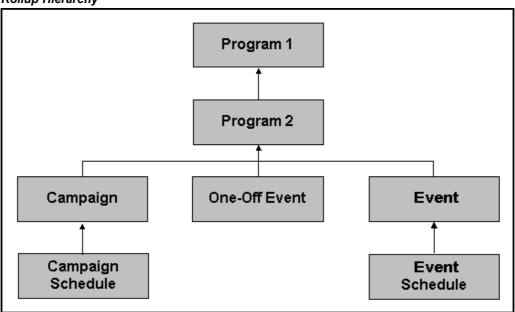


In this example, postage cost, Creative Costs, and Other Costs are summarized to Total Direct Cost. These lower level costs are added to Total Indirect Cost (for example, overhead expenses) to obtain Total Cost for the Campaign Schedule.

Understanding Rollup Hierarchy

The Rollup Hierarchy refers to links between metrics of different objects within the marketing object hierarchy. A typical marketing object hierarchy is shown in the following figure:

Rollup Hierarchy



The Rollup Hierarchy enables metrics from lower-level marketing objects (for example, Campaign Schedules and Event Schedules) to be rolled up to parent objects (Campaigns and Events) and grandparent objects (Programs).

The following figure represents a detailed Rollup Metric Hierarchy. In this example, Direct Costs, Revenues and Responses are rolled up the marketing object hierarchy from the Schedule level to the Campaign/Event level to the Program level.

Marketing Metric Hierarchy Program Rolled-up Ewent Costs Rolled-up Campaign Costs Rolled-up One-Off Event Costs Rolled-up Rolled-up One-Off Event Rolled-up Campaign Revenue Event Rolled-up Event Rolled-up One Off Event Rolled-up Response Response Response One-Off Events Campaigns Events Rolled-up Campaign Costs Rolled-up Event Costs Direct Cost Rolled-up Campaign Rolled-up Event Revenue Rolled-up Campaign Response Rolled-up Event Respons Campaign Schedule Event Schedule Direct Cost Direct Cost Remembe Remembe Response

Marketing Rollup Metric Hierarchy

Understanding Metric Calculation Types

The metric calculation type determines the way in which forecast and actual values for a metric are entered into the system.

Four metric calculation types are available:

- Manual: Receives both forecast and actual values from user input.
- Function: Receives actual values from a custom PL/SQL function or stored procedure. This function or procedure contains logic for calculating the actual value based on information within the Oracle E-Business Suite.
- Summary: Receives both forecast and actual values from lower-level metrics in the summary hierarchy. May have subordinate metrics of any type (summary, manual, rollup or function) within the same metric category (Cost, Revenue, Response, and so on). This metric is automatically associated with a marketing object when any subordinate metric is associated.
- Rollup: Receive both forecast and actual values from lower levels in the marketing object hierarchy. Only manual and function metrics within a lower-level object (for

example, Campaign Schedule) can be linked to a rollup metric in a higher-level object (for example, Campaign). All child metrics of a rollup metric must be in the same metric category (Cost, Revenue, Response, and so on).

Formula: Enables a marketers to measure the performance of a marketing object based upon a composite value. Marketers can define a formula based upon relevant metrics to calculate this composite value.

Understanding Metric Display Types

It drives the method in which metric values are rendered on the screen. Possible types are integer, percent and currency. Integers are displayed and saved as whole numbers.

Understanding Metric Currency Values

Metrics with the categories of Cost and Revenue have an attribute of "Currency". Two currencies apply to each metric, one for the displayed (transactional) value and one for the internal (functional) value.

Rollup and Summary metrics display the currency value according to the marketing object's currency. Manual and Function metrics are defaulted to the marketing object's currency but may be changed for each metric. All Cost and Revenue metrics are rolled up using the internal functional currency, which is the same system wide. Use FND PROFILE.VALUE ('AMS DEFAULT CURR CODE') to determine functional currency.

The transactional value is rounded to the GL 'Minimum Accountable Unit'. The function value is stored without rounding to maintain required precision when converting to the displayed (transactional) currency.

For example if the transactional currency is Mexican Paso (MXP) and functional currency is US Dollar (USD), with the conversion rate of 15,000 MXP/USD then conversion from 10,001 MXP to 0.67 USD (rounded), converting back produces 10,050 MXN, and removing the rounding on the functional currency produces 0.66673333 -- USD to 10,001 MXN.

Implementing Metrics

A number of commonly used metrics are seeded with the product and enabled at time of deployment. If implementing additional metrics, defined specifically for your organization, as the Marketing Administrator you must create and set up these up. The procedures in this section will demonstrate how to accomplish that.

Process Flow for Creating Metrics

Metric creation will depend on the marketing object being measured. When creating a new metric for a marketing object, a calculation method must be selected. The calculation method indicates how a metric receives input values. For example, if the calculation method "values roll up from lower level" is selected, the metric values will roll up from a lower level marketing object.

When creating a new Metric, it can be simple or very complicated, depending on the aspect of the marketing object being measured. Regardless of the complexity, the process flow for creating a metric remains constant. The general flow is shown below.

Process Flow Diagram: Creating Metrics



Setting Metric Profile Options

To maximize metric performance, set the profile **AMS**: **Batch Size** at **site** level. This profile takes an integer that represents the maximum number of records to save in a batch. This helps tune the performance of the metric refresh program. By setting this profile, when updates or inserts are performed, they are limited to the batch size. This prevents the rollback segment from becoming too big and saves any intermediate processing. If the program fails then not all the work would be lost. The refresh would start from where it left off. The batch processing is written to prevent committing any corrupt state.

Implementing Summary Metrics

Summary metrics enable values to be calculated vertically in the hierarchy. Values are totalled at the marketing object level. Summary metrics may have subordinate metrics of any type (summary, manual, or function). Summary metrics should be created to total the manual metrics at that marketing object level.

Summary Metrics are assigned automatically to the marketing object when any subordinate metric is assigned.

For example, you can create a summary metric called "Total Cost" that is used with any object type. Then create other cost metric for campaign schedules, such as "Venue Costs", "Postage Costs", and so on, all of which summarize to "Total Cost". When assigning "Venue Costs" and "Postage Costs" to a campaign schedule, Total Cost will add these values together to give a summary value.

Summary metrics can be rolled up at same level but are not permitted to be rolled up to parent level.

Navigation: Administration > Marketing > General > Metric > Create

Notes

- **Calculation Type region:** To simplify the process of choosing a "used with" object, select a calculation type up front. Select Summarize as the Calculation type. The "used with" object is automatically populated with "*Any*".
- **Display Type:** Display type drives how the metric values are displayed in the UI. Select either integer, percent, or currency.
- **Aggregation Type:** The aggregation type drives the method that calculates the summary metric. It can be calculated by *summarization* or by *average*. When using summarization, all child values are totalled. When using average, instead of creating a total, an average is created.
- Accrual region: Applies to manual and function metrics only. Therefore, this region
 is disabled.
- **Summarize To region:** Select Summarize at Same Level. This is an optional selection. If this option is selected, the value of the metric being created is

summarized to this metric. However, both metrics will always be attached to the same marketing object.

Rollup to Parent: Use this option only when using *manual, rollup,* or *calculate using* PL/SOL metric.

Implementing Rollup Metrics

A rollup metric receives its values from lower level marketing objects. A rollup metric must have the same category as all of its child metrics.

Manual and Function Metrics are assigned to a Rollup Metric, therefore results can be propagated to parent marketing objects. Rollup Metrics may be assigned to themselves so that any hierarchical marketing object structure will collect all values from subordinate objects. Values cannot be entered. All values are totaled from the child level. Rollup Metrics always have a Used With field value of Any.

For example, you may want to establish a venue cost at the Event Schedule level. To view venue costs across multiple Event Schedules, a rollup metric called "Rolled-up Venue cost" can be created for the "Venue cost" manual metric. The rollup metric will appear at the Event and program levels totaling all 'Venue Costs' from the Event Schedules.

Navigation: Administration > Marketing > General > Metric > Create

Notes

- **Calculation type:** Select Rollup
- To have the rollup metric continue to rollup the marketing object hierarchy, set the "Summarize to: of the parent" to this same rollup metric.

Note: To have a rollup metric recursively rollup to itself, you will need to create the rollup with "of the parent" blank then update the rollup metric with this field assigned to itself. During creation of the rollup metric it does not have an entry in the database and the LOV will not show this as an entry.

Set "Summarize to: at the same level" to the desired summary metric to total at the same object level.

Implementing Manual Metrics

A manual metric receives values from user input. Manual metrics are entered by hand into the system.

For example, an Oracle Marketing Administrator can create a manual metric for the Campaign Schedule object called "Venue Cost". This enables a marketer who is using the application to manually enter costs associated with Venues.

- Each manual metric can be assigned to an object multiple times. A transaction date and description distinguishes each entry.
- Each metric is optionally assigned a summary metric, which totals values within the same marketing object. When the manual metric is assigned to the object, the summary metric is also assigned. The summary metric must have the same category, display type, and aggregation type as all its child metrics.
- Each metric is optionally assigned a Rollup Metric, which totals value at the parent business object. When the values of a marketing object are refreshed the rollup metric

is either created at the parent level, or if the appropriate rollup metric exists, a link is made so the rollup can determine which values to total. The Rollup Metric must have the same category, display type, and aggregation type as all its child metrics.

A manual metric receives values from user input. Manual metrics are entered by hand into the system.

For example, an Oracle Marketing Administrator can create a manual metric for the Campaign Schedule object called "Venue Cost". This enables a marketer who is using the application to manually enter costs associated with Venues.

Navigation: Administration > Marketing > General > Metric > Create

Notes

- **Enabled:** Select this check box to make it available for association with marketing objects.
- **Enter Values Manually:** Retain the default setting.
- **Used With:** Select the marketing object that will use this metric.
- Summarize To section: Select a Parent level/and or Same Level metric. This step is optional and only is performed if the manual metric created will be Rolled up to a parent or Summarized at same level.

Implementing PL/SQL Programs for Metrics

PL/SQL Program Metrics enables the Metrics Refresh Engine to interface with database stored procedures and functions. This allows for the implementation of customized logic for calculating metric values based on business needs. Each time the Refresh Metric Engine is invoked, all PL/SQL Program metrics in the system are executed.

Two types of PL/SQL Program metrics are supported:

- Procedure: Procedure Metrics, based on database stored procedures, are executed once regardless of how many times it is used in the system. For example, seeded procedure metrics are used to calculate the number of leads generated from a campaign schedule. Each lead generated is assigned a source code that references a marketing object. The number of leads for a campaign schedule is determined by counting the number of leads with the same source code linked to the campaign schedule.
- Function: Function Metrics, based on database stored functions, are executed once for each usage. For example, if 10 Campaigns use the Function Metric, the function is executed 10 times.

For performance purposes, use of Procedure Metrics is highly recommended over Function Metrics. As the data grows the overhead of function metrics grows proportionally. Execution of the function is proportional to the number of instances of the function metric attached to objects. Where as, procedure metrics are executed once per refresh no matter the size of data. The queries and other program logic are executed once to gather all the required data in bulk and then written in bulk to the activity metric table.

Implementing Procedure Metrics

Procedure Metrics are intended for enabling metric value calculations to be performed in a batch mode. Because Procedure Metrics are expected to update metric values for multiple Marketing objects, the database bulk update features are used.

To understand and implement Procedure Metrics see the following:

- Procedure Metric Overview, page 8-8
- Anatomy of a Procedure Metric, page 8-8
- Creating a Procedure Metric, page 8-8
- Sample Procedure Metric for Calculating Leads, page 8-9
- Calculation Logic, page 8-11
- Using Bulk Collect and Update for Procedure Metric Queries, page 8-12

Procedure Metric Overview

The first select statement represents when the procedure metric is called by the AMS - Metric Refresh program concurrent program. This select statement queries for all activity metrics system wide that are relevant to this operation. The query is not specific to any marketing object.

The second select statement (within "ELSIF p_arc_act_metric_used_by = 'CSCH' THEN") is for a specific object to update. In this case a campaign schedule. The query adds to the where clause for the specific object from the input parameters.

The output of these queries includes a list of activity metric ids and corresponding actual values. Bulk Collect is used to maximize the processing of the query. These results are passed to 'UPDATE ACTMETRICS BULK' to do a bulk update of the activity metrics table. This update also includes setting the dirty flag of the parent activity metrics to be refreshed.

A check should be made to prevent updating the actual value if it has not changed. For example, if the number of leads for a campaign schedule is 20 and on refresh the leads are calculated to be 20 again then do not update the activity metric. The list of activity metric ids and actual values should not include these items. If the activity metric is updated then the refresh engine will attempt to recalculate the rollup and summary metrics, thus wasting processing.

Anatomy of a Procedure Metric

A Procedure Metric must have the following parameters:

Procedure Metric Parameters

Parameter Name	Data Type	Default Value
p_arc_act_metric_used_by	VARCHAR2	Null
P_act_metric_used_by_id	NUMBER	Null

Creating a Procedure Metric

This metric is executed once per refresh for each metric with the same procedure name. All values must be computed and saved in memory for a bulk update.

Procedure metrics are not supported for Cost or Revenue metrics. Once a cost metric has been posted to the budget the actual value cannot be updated. Currency conversions are expensive to process.

An API is used to perform the bulk update. Because of efficiency very little validation is performed.

Procedure Metric Sample

```
PROCEDURE run metrics (p arc act metric used by VARCHAR2 := NULL,
p act metric used by id NUMBER := NULL)
l_actual_values_table num_table_type;
l activity metric id table num table type;
IF p arc act metric used by IS NULL THEN
 SELECT NVL(actual value, 0), activity metric id
 bulk collect INTO 1 actual values table,
 l activity metric_id_table
  FROM some table
ELSIF p arc act metric used by = 'CSCH' THEN
 SELECT NVL(actual value, 0), activity metric id
 bulk collect INTO 1 actual values table,
          l activity metric id table
 FROM some table
 WHERE object type = 'CSCH'
END IF;
update_actmetrics_bulk(l_activity_metric_id_table,
         l_actual_values_table);
END;
```

See Sample Procedure Metric for Calculating Leads, page 8-9 for a detailed use of Procedure Metrics.

Navigation: Administration > Marketing > General > Metric > Create

Notes

- Calculation: Calculate Using Program.
- Procedure Name: SCHEMANAME.RUN METRICS
- To test the metrics, specify the "used with" object as Campaign Schedule. After the metric is created, assign it to a Campaign Schedule. This procedure is executed when either the refresh button is pressed or the concurrent metrics engine executes. Verify results with source tables.

Sample Procedure Metric for Calculating Leads

The following is a sample procedure Metric for Leads. This is an excerpt from package AMS_ACTMETRICS_SEED_PVT.

```
PROCEDURE Calculate Seeded Metrics(
          p arc act metric used by VARCHAR2 := NULL,
          p act metric used by id NUMBER := NULL)
IS
   l_actual_values_table Ams_Actmetrics_Seed_Pvt.num_table_type;
   1 activity metric id table Ams Actmetrics Seed Pvt.num table ty
pe;
BEGIN
   -- Get all object data to update.
  IF p arc act metric_used_by IS NULL THEN
     SELECT NVL(actual_value, 0), activity_metric_id
     bulk collect
```

```
INTO 1 actual values table, 1 activity metric id table
        (SELECT actual value, activity metric id
        FROM (
           -- R9 Campaign Schedule/Leads
          SELECT
           /*+ index(X AS SALES LEADS N4)
               index (B ams campaign schedules b u1)
               index(ALB ams metrics all b n3)
               index(c ams source codes u2)
               index(Y as statuses b u1)
        index(AL AMS ACT METRICS ALL N5) */
    COUNT(1) actual value, AL.activity metric id,
                 AL.func actual value
           FROM ams campaign schedules b B, ams source codes C,
               as_sales_leads X, as_statuses_b Y,
                ams_act_metrics_all AL, ams_metrics_all_b ALB
           WHERE X.status_code = Y.status_code
           AND B.schedule id = C.source code for id
          AND C.arc source code for = 'CSCH'
          AND Y.lead flag = 'Y'
          AND Y.enabled flag = 'Y'
          AND B.source code = C.source code
          AND X.source_promotion_id = C.source_code_id
          AND NVL(X.DELETED FLAG,'N') <> 'Y'
          AND AL.arc_act_metric_used_by = 'CSCH'
          AND AL.act metric used by id = B.schedule id
          AND AL.metric id = ALB.metric id
          AND ALB.metric category = 906 -- Leads
          AND ALB.function name
               = 'AMS ACTMETRICS SEED PVT.CALCULATE SEEDED METRIC
s'
          AND ALB.metric calculation type = 'FUNCTION'
      GROUP BY AL.activity metric id, AL.func actual value)
     WHERE NVL(actual_value,0) <> NVL(func_actual_value,-1)
   ELSIF p arc act metric used by = 'CSCH' THEN
      SELECT NVL(actual value, 0), activity metric id
      bulk collect
      INTO 1 actual values table, 1 activity metric id table
      FROM (
        SELECT actual value, activity metric id
        FROM (
            --R9 Campaign Schedule/Leads
           SELECT
    /*+ index(X AS SALES LEADS N4)
               index(B ams campaign schedules b u1)
               index(ALB ams metrics all b n3)
               index(C ams source codes u2)
               index(Y as_statuses_b_u1)
        index(AL AMS ACT METRICS ALL N5) */
    COUNT(1) actual value, AL.activity metric id,
                 AL.func actual value
           FROM ams campaign schedules b B, ams source codes C,
                as sales leads X, as statuses b Y,
                ams_act_metrics_all AL, ams_metrics_all_b ALB
           WHERE X.status code = Y.status code
           AND B.schedule_id = C.source_code_for_id
```

```
AND C.arc_source_code for = 'CSCH'
          AND Y.lead_flag = 'Y'
          AND Y.enabled_flag = 'Y'
          AND B.source code = C.source code
          AND X.source_promotion_id = C.source_code_id
          AND NVL(X.DELETED FLAG,'N') <> 'Y'
          AND AL.arc act metric used by = 'CSCH'
          AND AL.act metric used by id = B.schedule id
          AND AL.metric id = ALB.metric id
          AND AL.ACT METRIC_USED_BY_ID = p_act_metric_used_by_id
          AND ALB.metric category = 906 -- Leads
          AND ALB.function name =
               'AMS ACTMETRICS SEED PVT.CALCULATE SEEDED METRICS'
          AND ALB.metric calculation type = 'FUNCTION'
     GROUP BY AL.activity metric id, AL.func actual value
     WHERE NVL(actual_value,0) <> NVL(func_actual_value,-1)
        );
  END IF;
  update actmetrics bulk(l activity metric id table,
                         1 actual values table);
END Calculate_Seeded_Metrics;
```

Local Variables

Two PL/SQL tables are needed to "bulk" capture the activity_metric_id and the calculated values corresponding to the ID's. The two tables should be of type num_table_type from the package ams_actmetrics_seed_pvt:

- l_values_tab Ams_Actmetrics_Seed_Pvt.num_table_type;
- 1_ids_tab Ams_Actmetrics_Seed_Pvt.num_table_type;

Calculation Logic

The body of the procedure consists of code to select the values from a business-specific table. The business table needs to be able to join with a corresponding Marketing object table, such as Campaigns.

The activity metric table includes the id and object type of the corresponding object. For a campaign, the field arc_act_metric_used_by is 'CAMP' and act_metric_used_by_id is the campaign id.

Object Type

Object Type	Object Code	Table Column and Reference
Campaign	CAMP	AMS_CAMPAIGNS_ALL_B. CAMPAIGN_ID
Campaign Schedule	CSCH	AMS_CAMPAIGN_ SCHEDULES_B.SCHEDULE_ ID
Event	EVEH	AMS_EVENT_HEADERS_ ALL_B.EVENT_HEADER_ID
Event Schedule	EVEO	AMS_EVENT_OFFERS_ALL_ B.EVENT_OFFER_ID
One-Off Event	EONE	AMS_EVENT_OFFERS_ALL_ B.EVENT_OFFER_ID
Deliverable	DELV	AMS_DELIVERABLES_ALL_ B.DELIVERABLE_ID
Dialog	DILG	AMS_DIALOGS_ALL_B.D IALOG_ID

Within the object the specific relevant metrics can be referenced by the metric_id. Thus to write the select statement the "where" clause includes

- WHERE Actmetric.Arc_act_metric_used_by = <object_code>
- AND actmetric.act_metric_used_by_id = <object_id>
- AND actmetric_id = <metric_id>

Where the object_id is a join to the business table that references the marketing object. The metric id needs to match the procedure metrics' id. To find the correct metric id query the metric table for the matching procedure name. For example:

- SELECT metric_id, metrics_name, arc_metric_used_for_object
- FROM ams_p_metrics_v
- WHERE FUNCTION_NAME = 'SCHEMANAME.RUN_METRICS' -- Use upper case.

Using Bulk Collect and Update for Procedure Metric Queries

Procedure metric queries must utilize 'BULK COLLECT' feature of PL/SQL to maximize performance. Bulk Collect minimizes the amount of context switching required by fetching values one at a time. Bulk Collect changes context to SQL to read in all values to PL/SQL arrays, which reduces context switching to once. After the data is fetched, the procedure must execute the bulk update procedure:

Ams Actmetrics Seed Pvt.update actmetrics bulk (

```
l activity metric ids tab,
l actual values tab);
```

Implementing Function Metrics

Function metrics execute the PL/SQL function for each instance of the activity metric on the system. The return value of a number is the actual value for the activity metric to update.

To understand and implement Function Metrics see the following:

- Function Metric Overview, page 8-13
- Anatomy of a Function Metric, page 8-13
- Sample Activity Function Metric, page 8-13
- Creating a Function Metric, page 8-14

Function Metric Overview

The stored PL/SQL function or procedure name must be the full name which includes the schema name, package name, and module name (if applicable). Function metrics are similar to a manual metric leaf level metric, data values are entered, however, difference forecasted (marketing is expending) values vs. actual (what they actually spend).

A Function metric is executed once for each assigned metric to a marketing object. The parameter for the function is the activity metric id, which distinctly references the marketing object.

For the marketing object specification - use the following query parameters:

- Table: AMS_ACT_METRICS_ALL
- Object type: ARC_ACT_METRIC_USED_BY
- Object id: ACT METRIC USED BY ID

The function metric returns the actual value to be set. In the case of Cost and Revenue metrics the actual value must be in the 'Default Currency'. (Use Fnd_Profile.Value ('AMS_DEFAULT_CURR_CODE') to derive the default currency). For Costs, once the cost is posted to a budget the actual value cannot be updated.

Because function metrics are executed once per object and the value is updated one at a time, this method is very slow when processing thousands of metrics.

Anatomy of a Function Metric

The parameters include the activity metric id. Each execution of this function is for a single activity metric to retrieve the current actual value. The activity metric id is passed as the parameter. With this activity metric id the all the information about the activity metric can be accessed including the relevant object and current values. The actual value calculation may include counting a number of items, such as leads, or totaling values such as revenue.

Sample Activity Function Metric

The value returned is updated in the corresponding AMS_ACT_METRICS_ALL record. Currency conversion is performed for Cost and Revenue metrics.

```
FUNCTION run metric(p activity metric id IN NUMBER)
RETURNS NUMBER
IS
  L actual value NUMBER;
BEGIN
   -- Query actual value
  SELECT actual value
  INTO 1 actual value
  FROM business, ams act metrics all actmetric
  WHERE actmetric.activity_metric_id = p_activity_metric_id
  AND business.id = actmetric.act metric used by id;
  RETURN 1 actual value;
END;
```

Creating a Function Metric

Navigation: Administration > Marketing > General > Metric > Create

Notes

- Calculation: Calculate Using Program. Enter the schema, package, and function
- Summarize To: select a Parent level/and or Same Level object. This is optional and need only be performed if the function metric being created is to be Rolled up to a parent or Summarized at same level.

Implementing Variable Metrics

When creating a variable metric you are required to select a *multiplier metric*. A multiplier metric can be any manual or function metric with the same "Used With" object - is not a cost or revenue category.

The variable metric unit value can be entered by the user for forecast value. However, the actual unit value is calculated based on the actual value divided by the actual value of the multiplier metric.

When the variable metric is assigned to a marketing object the multiplier metric is also assigned (if not already present). When the metrics are refreshed the variable metric is updated.

For example, "postage costs" can be associated to a number of people in a target group (contacts). To contact them you have a mailer you sent out, and postage for this is.37/person. You have 500 people in the target contact group. The variable metric takes.37 and multiplies it by the # of people in your contact group.

Prerequisites: The multiplier metric must be defined before creating the variable metric

Navigation: Administration > Marketing > General > Metric > Create

Notes

- Calculation: Enter value manually
- **Accrual:** Set to Variable
- **Summarize To:** If required, set summarization to parent or same level, as needed.

Implementing Formula Metrics

Using metric formulas you can measure the effectiveness of a marketing object based on a composite value calculated from different metrics. Using metrics in this way, activity effectiveness is better understood by the marketing department.

Formula metrics:

- Calculate composite values from other metrics defined for the same object type.
- Can be used in the metrics side navigation menus for measuring the performance of various marketing objects.
- Will calculate as null if the dependent metrics are not assigned to the same object.
- Perform basic mathematical calculations including, addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division, along with a parentheses for grouping.
- Is defined by a unique name for a particular object type so that the calculations are consistent throughout the system for the same formula.
- Formulas can also be defined generically for object type 'Any'.

The sources of variables for the formula metrics type 'Any' are either categories or rollup and summary metrics.

For example, to define the ROI formula of type "Any" the source values can be defined as the categories cost and revenue, then the ROI formula can be attached to all supported marketing objects, because there are no object specific dependencies. The category variable will total all the lower level metrics (manual, function, and rollups) within the same category. For a sub-category, only the metrics within the same subcategory are added. The variables within the formula are only from the metrics associated with the same object type. When a formula is added to an object the relevant metrics are automatically added.

Formula metrics calculate measures based on other metrics. This is an extension of the metrics calculation types. Formula metrics can be used in the metrics side navigation menus for measuring the performance of various marketing objects. A Formula Metrics can calculate composite values from other metrics defined for the same object type. If the dependent metrics are not assigned to the same object the formula will calculate null. Formulas can perform basic mathematical calculations including, addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division, along with a parentheses for grouping.

A formula is defined with a unique name for a particular object type so that the calculations are consistent throughout the system for the same formula. Formulas can also be defined generically for object type "Any". The sources of variables for the formula metrics type "Any" are either categories or rollup and summary metrics. For example, to define the ROI formula of type "Any" the source values can be defined as the categories cost and revenue, then the ROI formula can be attached to all supported marketing objects, because there are no object specific dependencies. The category variable will total all the lower level metrics (manual, function, and rollups) within the same category. For a sub-category, only the metrics within the same sub-category are added. The variables within the formula are only from the metrics associated with the same object type. When a formula is added to an object, the relevant metrics are automatically added.

Navigation: Administration > Marketing > General > Metric > Create

Notes

- **Calculation Type region:** To simplify the process of choosing a "used with" object, select a calculation type up front. Select Summarize as the Calculation type. The "used with" object is automatically populated with "Any".
- **Display Type:** Display type drives how the metric values are displayed in the UI. Select either integer, percent, or currency.
- Category: Defaults to Cost. The Category determines the location of the formula metric within the end user interface. If a formula is associated with a Cost or Revenue category, then this formula is displayed within the Cost & Revenue side navigation menu. If the formula is associated with any other category (Response, Lead, Opportunity, and so on), then this formula is displayed within the Metric side navigation menu of the end user interface.
- **Used With:** This drop down box displays the object that the formula metrics is associated with. Metrics sources used for a formula should be within the same object type as the formula metrics. The objects with which users can associate the formula metrics include- campaigns, campaign schedule, events, event schedules, one-off events and deliverables. You can also select "Any" to associate the formula metric to any object type

Note: The Create page is generic for all metric types and some options, such as Aggregation, may not be applicable for all metric calculation types. For example, aggregation does not apply to formula metrics although it does appear in the Create page.

- **Calculation:** Calculate Using Formula. This selection is required for formula metrics.
- In the Formula table enter the following details:
 - **Remove:** Use this check box to remove a line item from the formula definition.
 - **Source Type:** To indicate the type for the formual component. The options include, Category, Metric, Number, and Operator. Note: In this release, six operators are supported: -, +, *, /, (, and).
 - **Source Name**: Use to select the source for metric or category source types.
 - **Sequence:** Use this field to reorder the sequence of entries in the formula. You cannot reuse existing numbers within a sequence order.
- **Update:** When you click this button, the formula is validated. If the formula is valid, the following message appears:
 - Formula is Valid.
 - Total Responses/Target Group Count

If the formula is not valid, the following message appears:

- Formula is Invalid
 - the formula is displayed with a "^ Error " that indicates the spot of the error

Administering Metrics

See the following sections to administer marketing metrics:

Associating Metrics to Marketing Objects, page 8-17

- Running the Metrics Concurrent Program, page 8-17
- Setting Up Metric Templates, page 8-18

Associating Metrics to Marketing Objects

You can create metrics for any object that exists in the Oracle Marketing application. After the metric has been created by the Administrator, the marketer will use the metric in association with the Campaign object being measured.

For example, if a Manual Metric called "total cost" has been created for the Campaign Object, a marketer will simply navigate to the Campaign Details page and select Metric. The Manual Metric "total cost" will be available and will be associated to the Campaign Object by the marketer. For more details, see the *Oracle Marketing User Guide*.

Running the Metrics Concurrent Program

After implementing any type of metric, the concurrent manager for metrics must be set up. The Metrics Refresh Engine utilizes PL/SQL features to quickly, and correctly roll up values.

A check is made to see if any rollup metrics are missing. That is, a metric defined with a rollup parent, and the associated activity metric does not have a rollup parent.

- If so, the rollup is created and the activity metric is updated to point to the new rollup metric.
- Alternatively, if the rollup parent exists, the activity metric is update to point to the existing one.
- All activity metrics marked with a dirty flag (indicates values may not be correctly totaled) are read into memory.
- All parent activity metrics of the dirty metrics are also read into memory.
- Each node in the dirty tree is calculated from the leaf level up.
- Totals are kept in memory until the operation is completed.
- On completion, values are bulk updated into the activity metrics table and the dirty flag is reset.
- This process is broken into 2 parts: Rollups and Summaries.
- Update History is optionally performed as indicated by an input parameter.

The following steps are made in the refresh process:

Prerequisites: Metric is properly set up

Navigation: Applications > Functions > Setups > Concurrent Requests > Submit a New Request

Notes

- Concurrent Manager Program: AMS Metrics refresh program.
- Schedule the program to execute at least once daily.
- Update History.

- Metric history records the activity metric records on a daily basis. History is recorded by the AMS: Metric Refresh Program only when the Update_history flag is set to Yes.
- The refresh must be executed on a daily basis for the history to be recorded. If Update History has been set to No, then no history will be recorded. The history is recorded for each metric as a single record for a given day. If the metric record is updated more than once in a day, only the last value of that day is recorded. If a metric is not updated on a given day then no history is recorded.
- The history can be shown by the history section on the Metrics and Cost & Revenue side navigation menus. Select the Metric Name, Start and End dates, Interval Value Type (cumulative or incremental), then select View History to show a table of values and charts. Recording history is required for support of Business Intelligence for Marketing (BIM).

Setting Up Metric Templates

Metric templates enable you to standardize the metrics associated with a marketing activity. For example, you can define a metric template that automatically associates specific call center costs to all new telemarketing activities. To streamline template setup and administration, each template is associated to a single marketing activity type for exzmple, email, telemarketing, direct mail) or a single marketing object type (for example, Campaign, Campaign Schedule, Event, Event Schedule).

To understand and implement Metric Templates see the following sections:

- Creating a Metric Template, page 8-18
- Enabling Metric Templates, page 8-19
- Using Metric Templates, page 8-19

Creating a Metric Template

Before you create a Metric Template, ensure that metrics have been defined.

Navigation: Administration > Marketing > Metric Templates > Create

Notes

- **Name:** The metric name value must correlate with the marketing object it is associated with.
- **Enabled:** Select to have the template enabled on creation.
- **Associated With:** Select either Object Type or Custom Setup. A Metric Template can be associated with either a marketing object (campaigns, events, and so on) or with a custom setup. If the metric template is associated with a marketing object, all metrics added to the template would have the same "Used With" value.
- If the metric template is associated with a custom setup, all metric added to the template will have the same used with object as the custom setup.
- Existing templates, which refer more than one object type, are to be split into each object type. The Metrics and Custom Setups would be distributed according to the same Object Types to the new templates.
- **Association Name:** Use the flashlight icon to display a list of all the custom setups (in the case where you have selected *custom setup* in the Association Type drop down.) If you have selected used with in the association type drop-down, a list of

all the object types (for example, Campaign Schedules, Campaigns, and so on) is displayed when selecting the flashlight LOV.

Define Metrics table:

- **Metric Name:** Select the metrics that will be part of this template.
- **Used With:** This shows what types of object the metrics can be assigned to. The associations include defining which object types or custom setups these metrics are assigned to on creation.
- **Enabled:** Select this to enable the metric for this template.

Enabling Metric Templates

Enabling occurs at each level of the metric template. The entire template is enabled or disabled, or with each metric individually. If the template is disabled then the associations and metrics within are ignored. If metrics are disabled within the template then those metrics are not assigned (at least because of this template, but another template could still assign that metric).

Using Metric Templates

Usage of a metric template is transparent to the marketer creating the business object. When the marketing object is created, the metric templates are all searched to generate a composite list of metrics to assign. The metrics are required to have the same "Used With" object type as the new business object. The metrics must be enabled at the metric definition. The template, association type, and included metric all must be enabled to assign the metric. If duplicates of a metric are found across the templates only one metric is assigned to the object.

Metric templates can be associated with a marketing object (campaign, campaign schedule, event, and so on) or a custom set up. When a marketer creates a marketing object with a particular custom set up, the metrics available for that particular object will include the metrics included in the metric templates associated with that custom set up and those included in the metric templates associated with that particular marketing object type.

Example

Let us assume that a marketer is creating a campaign 'live it up' with the custom setup 'ABC'. Prior to creating this campaign, you created a metric template 'AA' with metrics A1, A2, and A3, and associated it with the custom setup 'ABC'. You had also created another template 'BB' with metrics B1, B2, and B3, and associated it with the marketing object of type 'Campaign'. The campaign 'live it up' will include the metrics A1, A2, and A3 from metrics template 'AA', which is associated with the custom setup 'ABC', and B1, B2, and B3 from the metrics template 'BB', which is associated with the marketing object of type 'Campaign'.

Seeded Metrics Reference

A number of commonly used marketing metrics, such as Total Cost, Total Revenue, Responses Count and Event Registrants, are included in with the deployment of the Oracle Marketing application. The following is a listing of the metrics which are selectable for association to specific marketing activities/objects.

Seeded Metrics

Metric Name	Metric Id	Used With Object	Calculation Type	Category	Metric Parent Id	Summary Metric Id
Total Campaign Cost	1	Any	Summary	Cost	-	-
Total Campaign Direct Cost	2	Any	Summary	Cost	-	1
Rolled-up Campaign Deliverable Cost	3	Any	Rollup	Cost	3	2
Rolled-up Campaign Event Cost	4	Any	Rollup	Cost	4	2
Rolled-up Campaign Cost	5	Any	Rollup	Cost	5	57
Total Campaign Indirect Cost	6	Any	Summary	Cost	-	1
Total Campaign Revenue	7	Any	Summary	Revenue	-	-
Rolled-up Campaign Revenue	8	Any	Rollup	Revenue	8	62
Total Campaign Response	9	Any	Summary	Response	-	-
Campaign Response	10	Campaign	Manual	Response	11	64
Rolled-up Campaign Response	11	Any	Rollup	Response	11	64
Total Campaign Schedule Cost	12	Any	Summary	Cost	-	-
Total Campaign Schedule Direct Cost	13	Any	Summary	Cost	-	12

Rolled-up Campaign Schedule Deliverable Cost	14	Any	Rollup	Cost	14	13
Rolled-up Campaign Schedule Event Cost	15	Any	Rollup	Cost	15	13
Direct Cost	16	Campaign Schedule	Manual	Cost	171	57
Total Campaign Schedule Indirect Cost	17	Any	Summary	Cost	-	12
Total Campaign Schedule Revenue	18	Any	Summary	Revenue	-	-
Revenue	19	Campaign Schedule	Manual	Revenue	8	62
Total Campaign Schedule Response	20	Any	Summary	Response	-	-
Response	21	Campaign Schedule	Manual	Response	11	64
Total Event Cost	22	Any	Summary	Cost	-	-
Total Event Direct Cost	23	Any	Summary	Cost	-	22
Rolled- up Event Deliverable Cost	24	Any	Rollup	Cost	24	22
Rolled- up Event Campaign Cost	25	Any	Rollup	Cost	25	23
Rolled-up Event Cost	26	Any	Rollup	Cost	26	57
Total Event Indirect Cost	27	Any	Summary	Cost	-	22
Total Event Revenue	28	Any	Summary	Revenue	-	-

Rolled- up Event Revenue	29	Any	Rollup	Revenue	29	62
Total Event Response	30	Any	Summary	Response	-	-
Event Response	31	Event	Manual	Response	32	64
Rolled- up Event Response	32	Any	Rollup	Response	32	64
Total Event Schedule Cost	33	Any	Summary	Cost	-	-
Total Event Schedule Direct Cost	34	Any	Summary	Cost	-	33
Rolled- up Event Schedule Deliverable Cost	35	Any	Rollup	Cost	35	34
Rolled- up Event Schedule Campaign Cost	36	Any	Rollup	Cost	36	34
Direct Cost	37	Event Schedule	Manual	Cost	172	57
Total Event Schedule Indirect Cost	38	Any	Summary	Cost	-	33
Total Event Schedule Revenue	39	Any	Summary	Revenue	-	-
Revenue	40	Event Schedule	Manual	Revenue	29	62
Total Event Schedule Response	41	Any	Summary	Response	-	-
Response	42	Event Schedule	Manual	Response	32	64
Total Deliverable Cost	43	Any	Summary	Cost	-	-
Total Deliverable Direct Cost	44	Any	Summary	Cost	-	43

Creative Cost	45	Deliverable	Manual	Cost	-	57
Other Cost	46	Deliverable	Manual	Cost	-	57
Postage Cost	47	Deliverable	Manual	Cost	-	57
Total Deliverable Indirect Cost	48	Any	Summary	Cost	-	43
Total Deliverable Revenue	49	Any	Summary	Revenue	-	-
Revenue	50	Deliverable	Manual	Revenue	-	62
Total Deliverable Response	51	Any	Summary	Response	-	-
Response	52	Deliverable	Manual	Response	-	64
Other Cost	53	Campaign	Manual	Cost	5	57
Other Cost	54	Event	Manual	Cost	26	57
Allocation	55	Campaign	Allocation	Allocation	-	-
Total Cost	56	Any	Summary	Cost	-	-
Total Direct Cost	57	Any	Summary	Cost	-	56
Rolled-up Deliverable Cost	58	Any	Rollup	Cost	58	57
Rolled- up Event Program Cost	59	Any	Rollup	Cost	59	57
Rolled-up Cost	60	Any	Rollup	Cost	60	57
Total Indirect Cost	61	Any	Summary	Cost	-	56
Total Revenue	62	Any	Summary	Revenue		
Rolled-up Revenue	63	Any	Rollup	Revenue	63	62
Total Response	64	Any	Summary	Response	-	-
Rolled-up Response	65	Any	Rollup	Response	65	64

Campaign Response	66	Program	Manual	Response	65	64
Other Cost	67	Program	Manual	Cost	60	57
Allocation	68	Program	Allocation	Allocation	-	-
Total One- Off Event Cost	69	Any	Summary	Cost	-	-
Total One- Off Event Direct Cost	70	Any	Summary	Cost	-	69
Rolled- up One- Off Event Deliverable Cost	71	Any	Rollup	Cost	71	70
Rolled- up One- Off Event Campaign Cost	72	Any	Rollup	Cost	72	70
Direct Cost	73	One-Off Event	Manual	Cost	173	57
Total One- Off Event Indirect Cost	74	Any	Summary	Cost	-	69
Total One- Off Event Revenue	75	Any	Summary	Revenue	-	-
Revenue	76	One-Off Event	Manual	Revenue	174	62
Total One- Off Event Response	77	Any	Summary	Response	-	-
Response	78	One-Off Event	Manual	Response	175	64
Total Leads	81	Any	Summary	Leads	-	-
Rolled-up Campaign Leads	82	Any	Rollup	Leads	82	81
Leads	83	Campaign Schedule	Function	Leads	82	81
Leads	84	Event Schedule	Function	Leads	86	81
Leads	85	One-Off Event	Function	Leads	87	81

Rolled-up Event Leads	86	Any	Rollup	Leads	86	81
Rolled-up One-Off Event Leads	87	Any	Rollup	Leads	87	81
Total Opportunities	91	Any	Summary	Opportunities	-	-
Rolled-up Campaign Opportuni- ties	92	Any	Rollup	Opportunities	92	91
Opportunities	93	Campaign Schedule	Function	Opportunities	92	91
Opportuni- ties	94	Event Schedule	Function	Opportunities	96	91
Opportunities	95	One-Off Event	Function	Opportunities	97	91
Rolled-up Event Op- portunities	96	Any	Rollup	Opportuni- ties	96	91
Rolled-up One-Off Event Op-	97	Any	Rollup	Opportunities	97	91
portunities						
	101	Any	Summary	Orders Amo	unt	-
portunities Total Orders	101 102	Any	Summary	Orders Amount	unt 102	101
portunities Total Orders Amount Rolled-up Campaign Orders				Orders		
portunities Total Orders Amount Rolled-up Campaign Orders Amount Orders	102	Any	Rollup	Orders Amount	102	101
portunities Total Orders Amount Rolled-up Campaign Orders Amount Orders Amount Orders	102	Any Event Schedule One-Off	Rollup	Orders Amount Orders Amount Orders	102	101
portunities Total Orders Amount Rolled-up Campaign Orders Amount Orders Amount Orders Amount Orders Orders Amount	102103104	Any Event Schedule One-Off Event Campaign	Rollup Function Function	Orders Amount Orders Amount Orders Amount Orders	102 106 107	101101101
Total Orders Amount Rolled-up Campaign Orders Amount	102103104105	Any Event Schedule One-Off Event Campaign Schedule	Rollup Function Function	Orders Amount Orders Amount Orders Amount Orders Amount Orders	102 106 107 102	101101101101

Rolled- up Event Registrants	122	Any	Rollup	Registrants	122	121
Registrants	123	Event Schedule	Function	Registrants	122	121
Registrants	124	One-Off Event	Function	Registrants	125	121
Rolled- up One- Off Event Registrants	125	Any	Rollup	Registrants	125	121
Total Attendees	131	Any	Summary	Attendees	-	-
Rolled- up Event Attendees	132	Any	Rollup	Attendees	132	131
Attendees	133	Event Schedule	Function	Attendees	132	131
Attendees	134	One-Off Event	Function	Attendees	135	131
Rolled- up One- Off Event Attendees	135	Any	Rollup	Attendees	135	131
Total Can- cellations	141	Any	Summary	Cancella- tions	-	-
Rolled-up Event Can- cellations	142	Any	Rollup	Cancella- tions	142	141
Cancella- tions	143	Event Schedule	Function	Cancella- tions	142	141
Cancella- tions	144	One-Off Event	Function	Cancella- tions	145	141
Rolled-up One-Off Event Can- cellations	145	Any	Rollup	Cancella- tions	145	141
Total Orders Count	151	Any	Summary	Orders Count	-	-
Rolled-up Campaign Orders Count	152	Any	Rollup	Orders Count	152	151
Rolled- up Event Orders Count	153	Any	Rollup	Orders Count	153	151

Rolled- up One- Off Event Orders Count	154	Any	Rollup	Orders Count	154	151
Orders Count	155	Campaign Schedule	Function	Orders Count	152	151
Orders Count	156	Event Schedule	Function	Orders Count	153	151
Orders Count	157	One-Off Event	Function	Orders Count	154	151
Total Responses Count	161	Any	Summary	Response	-	-
Rolled-up Campaign Responses Count	162	Any	Rollup	Response	162	161
Rolled- up Event Responses Count	163	Any	Rollup	Response	163	161
Rolled- up One- Off Event Responses Count	164	Any	Rollup	Response	164	161
Responses Count	165	Campaign Schedule	Function	Response	162	161
Responses Count	166	Event Schedule	Function	Response	163	161
Responses Count	167	One-Off Event	Function	Response	164	161
Rolled-up Campaign Direct Cost	171	Any	Rollup	Cost	171	57
Rolled-up Event Direct Cost	172	Any	Rollup	Cost	172	57
Rolled-up One-Off Event Direct Cost	173	Any	Rollup	Cost	173	57
Rolled- up One- Off Event Revenue	174	Any	Rollup	Revenue	174	62

Rolled- up One- Off Event Response	175	Any	Rollup	Response	175	64
Rolled-up Campaign Indirect Cost	176	Any	Rollup	Cost	176	17
Rolled- up Event Indirect Cost	177	Any	Rollup	Cost	177	38
Rolled- up One- Off Event Indirect Cost	178	Any	Rollup	Cost	178	74

Implementing and Administering Data Mining

This chapter covers the following topics:

- Data Mining Overview
- Implementing Data Mining
- Administering Data Mining Functionality

Data Mining Overview

Data Mining is the process of discovering patterns and relationships in large amounts of data. These patterns and behaviors are used to predict the behavior or customers and prospects.

A marketer uses the data by building "models" which act as a set of rules used to predict the value of a specific customer attribute. The prediction is based on the known values of other attributes. Oracle Marketing is integrated out-of-the-box with Oracle9i Data Mining to build predictive models of customer behavior.

After installing Oracle Marketing, several implementation and administrative tasks must be performed to ensure that ODM is configured to fit your business needs.

Some tasks are required and others are optional. Optional procedures need only be performed if the functionality provided is required by your business processes.

Implementing Data Mining

A license for Oracle9i Data Mining is a prerequisite for using data mining functionality within Oracle Marketing. Upon installation of Oracle Marketing, data mining functionality is automatically implemented. In other words, there are no additional required implementation steps.

The implementation steps listed in this section are optional and only necessary if additional functionality is required by specific business processes. This section assumes that Oracle Marketing and Oracle Data Mining are installed on the same database instance. Additionally, this section assumes the following:

- Oracle Marketing is implemented
- Oracle9i Data Mining Release 2 (or higher) is implemented
- The seeded data sources reference information stored within:
 - Oracle Customer Model (Trading Community Architecture or TCA)

- Interaction History
- Order Management
- Customer Intelligence

To perform optional implementation steps, see the following sections:

- Registering Your ODM Password with Oracle Application, page 9-2
- Activating the Data Mining Concurrent Manager, page 9-2
- Starting the ODM Monitor, page 9-2
- Setting System Profiles, page 9-3
- Running Data Mining Concurrent Programs, page 9-5

Registering Your ODM Password with Oracle Applications

Registering the Oracle Data Mining (ODM) schema with Applications Foundation allows ODM to programmatically fetch the ODM username and encrypted password, thus avoiding the security risk of maintaining this information in a property file.

During the installation process the ODM schema is registered as an external schema with Oracle Applications and a default database username (ODM) and password is assigned. For security reasons, you should change this password.

To change the password, log in as a user with System Administrator responsibility.

Navigation: Security > ORACLE > Register

Notes

Search for the ODM database user name, and change and confirm the password.

Activating the Data Mining Concurrent Manager

A concurrent manager is required exclusively for running data mining concurrent requests in order to avoid deadlock when multiple models or scoring runs are generated in parallel.

To activate the data mining concurrent manager, log in to Oracle Applications as a user with the System Administrator responsibility.

Navigation: Concurrent > Manager > Administer

Notes

Activate Marketing Data Mining Manager

Starting the ODM Monitor

Each time the database is started, you must start the ODM Monitor that handles data mining requests.

To start the ODM Monitor:

- 1. Using SQL *Plus, log in to the database and issue the following command: exec odm.odm start monitor
- 2. For the ODM Monitor to start, verify that the "job_queue_processes" database parameter has a minimum value of 2.

3. If there is an abnormal shut down of the database, it is recommended to stop and re-start the ODM Monitor. To stop the ODM Monitor, log in to the database and issue the following command:

 $\verb"exec odm.odm_stop_monitor"$

Setting System Profiles

Set the following data mining system profiles as mandated by your business requirements.

Data Mining System Profiles

Option	Required	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : Data Mining ODM	Optional	User	Default value is No.	Enables debugging
Debug Enabled			If set to Yes - debug is turned on	information to be written in the concurrent request log.
			If set to No - debug is turned off	This is optional because turning on debug is optional.
AMS: Default Fixed Cost for Optimal Targeting	Required	Site	0	Defaults the fixed cost in the Optimal Targeting page.
AMS: Default Margin per Order for Optimal Targeting	Required	Site	2	This profile enables users to set a default value for the margin per order. The profile value will be used for default calculations. Users can change the values as per their need.
AMS: Default Cost per Contact for Optimal Targeting	Required	Site	1	This profile enables users to set a default value for the cost per Contact. The profile value will be used for default calculations. Users can change the values as per their needs.
AMS: Default Conversion to Order Percentage for Optimal Targeting	Required	Site	5	This profile enables users to set a default value for order conversion rate. The profile value will be used for default calculations. Users can change the values as per their needs.

Note: If the application and ODM are in the same database instance, set the profile AMS_ODM_DBLINK as NULL..

Running Data Mining Concurrent Programs

The data mining concurrent programs can be accessed by either logging into applications as System Administrator and navigating to Concurrent > Requests or by logging into Oracle Marketing as the Marketing Super User and navigating to Administration > Marketing > Analytics > Concurrent Requests.

Use the table below to run concurrent programs as mandated by your business requirements.

Data Mining Concurrent Programs

Concurrent Manager	Required	Responsibility	Description
Workflow Background	Yes	System Administrator	Parameters Form:
Process			 Item Type: AMS Data Mining - Build/Score/ Preview
			• Minimum Threshold: Leave blank.
			• Maximum Threshold: Leave blank.
			 Process Deferred: Yes
			Process Timeout: Yes
			• Process Stuck: Yes
			For the Workflow daemon to monitor data mining workflow requests, a frequency of 30 minutes should be sufficient.
AMS Expire Data Mining Models	Optional	Oracle Marketing Administrator	Background process monitoring data mining models for expiration. A frequency of once a day should be sufficient.
AMS Update Data Mining Party Details	Optional	Oracle Marketing Administrator	Updates detail information collected on parties. The frequency should be the same as the Customer Intelligence Model (BIC) Summary Extraction process.

For more information on BIC see Oracle Customer Intelligence Implementation Guide Release 11.5.6.

Administering Data Mining Functionality

After implementing data mining, depending on your business requirements, several administrative procedures may need to be performed.

For more information see:

- Seeded Model Types, page 9-6
- Creating Custom Model Types, page 9-7
- Defining Seeded Data Source Attributes, page 9-8
- Creating new Data Sources for Data Mining, page 9-8
- Creating Targets, page 9-9
- Seeded Targets, page 9-10

Seeded Model Types

Oracle Marketing ships with seeded models. However, custom models can also be created. See Creating Custom Model Types, page 9-7 for more information on custom models. For more information on using the seeded model types, see the Oracle Marketing User Guide.

The following model types are seeded for data mining:

Data Mining Seeded Model Types

Seeded Model Type	Purpose
Response	Used to predict customers/prospects that are most likely to respond to your e-mail, telemarketing, or direct mail campaign.
Loyalty/Retention	Used to predict individuals or businesses that are most likely to defect from your organization. This type of model assists you in converting them to loyal customers.
Custom	Used to predict the value of any customer attribute in TCA or in a user-defined data source. For example, you can set up a custom model that predicts financial risk based on a credit score attribute or a custom model to predict likelihood of high credit card balances vs. low balances.
Product Affinity	Predicts the likelihood of purchasing a particular product. You can also use this model to predict propensity to buy within a given product category based on an analysis of all products in that category.
Customer Profitability	Predicts the likelihood of a customer relationship being profitable.

Creating Custom Model Types

Oracle Marketing uses "predictive models" to predict future customer behavior. They are built using the Naive Bayes algorithm, which can predict binary or multi-class outcomes. Currently in Oracle Marketing, this algorithm is used to predict the binary outcomes of a target field.

For example, you might want to predict which customers are likely to respond to a direct marketing campaign or predict which customers are likely to buy a particular product. The possible values for the target field would be yes or no (i.e., a binary outcome).

A custom model type can be created to predict the value of any customer data attribute in the Oracle TCA customer data model (or in any user-defined data source) for customer information. This feature enables users to model any binary (Yes/No) customer behavior.

For example, marketers can set up a custom model to predict financial risk (based on a credit score attribute or a custom model) to predict likelihood of high credit card balances.

To create custom model types, you need to:

- Add New Lookup Code
- Restart HTTP Server
- Verify New Model Type

Add New Lookup Code

To create a new lookup code for the custom Model type, log in to Oracle Forms with Oracle Marketing Administrator Responsibility.

Navigation: Setups > Lookups

Notes

- Add the new model type to the Lookup Type: AMS_DM_MODEL_TYPE.
- **Meaning:** This will be the display name (in the Oracle Marketing drop-down menu) for the custom model type.

Restart HTTP Server

Lookup types are cached in the HTTP Server. Therefore, after creating a new lookup type, you must restart the HTTP server to refresh the data. The exact procedures for this step will vary depending on your environment.

Verify New Model Type

In order to begin using a new model type, you will need to setup the target field that the new model type will be predicting.

To verify the new model type, log in to Oracle Marketing as a user with super user responsibilities. Navigate to Administration > Marketing > Analytics > Targets and create a target. The custom model type you created must be visible in the Model Type drop-down list.

Defining Seeded Data Source Attributes

Oracle Marketing ships with seeded data sources that are used by both list generation and data mining functionality. The seeded data sources are editable. By default, all attributes (or columns) associated with the seeded data source are active. As the administrator, you must deactivate fields you wish to exclude for list generation and data mining analysis.

To define the data source attribute details for data mining, you should do the following:

- Select the Data Mining Details view within the Attributes mid-tab of a data source.
- Check the "Use for Data Mining" column to select attributes to be used for data mining.

See Seeded Data Source and Data Source Attribute Reference, page F-1 for more information on seeded data sources and data source attributes.

Creating new Data Sources for Data Mining

To create a new data source, login as a user that has the Audience Super User responsibility and navigate to the Audience Administration Dashboard.

Notes

- **Code:** This code is used as a reference for the data source when creating Discoverer Workbooks. For more information about creating Discoverer Workbooks, see Integrating Oracle Marketing and Oracle Discoverer, page 2-15.
- **Type:** Choose Parent Data Source.
- **Category:** Selecting a category enables you to organize the data source by type. Category selection is mandatory when creating parent data sources and optional when creating child data sources.

Categories determine the type of list that the end user will create. This distinction tells the system (for example, Fulfillment, OTS, Advance Outbound) using the list what types of entries is on the list.

The following categories are seeded:

- **Organization Contacts**
 - Persons
 - Organization
- **Table or View Name:** Select the appropriate table or view that the data source is using. By selecting a view (given it has been created) you are able to narrow down the amount of data that the end user is able to retrieve when creating lists.
- **Unique Identifier:** All data sources require a unique identifier. It can be any attribute defined in the table or view chosen above. The unique identifier enables you to set a default join condition between a parent and child data source. A common unique identifier for the parent data source is the PARTY_ID.

You can explicitly relate the parent and child during the creation phase or at a later time (using the related data sources mid-tab). If you know your parent and child relationships up front, you can specify the default join condition in the data.

Update Data Source: In this page, select the Use for Data Mining check box for every attribute you want to use for data mining.

- Auto Binning: Select this if you want the application to automatically bin the data.
- **Binning Details:** Select this icon if you want to manually bin the data and enter the Number of Buckets to be used for the Manual Binning. You can then enter the bucket number and the value for each of these buckets.

In addition, you can also create manual bins within multiple values by specifying the multiple values (for the same bucket) in multiple lines. For example, to create two buckets with multiple values for an attribute of type VARCHAR, you can specify the following:

Bucket Number	Value	
1	A	
1	Е	
1	I	
2	В	
2	С	

- Map to List Entries: If generating a list from the data mining results, then map the data source attributes to the corresponding list entries columns within this column.
- **Display in List Entries:** Select this check box to display these columns within the Entries mid-tab for a list.

Creating Targets

When marketers create predictive models, they are required to choose the model type and the target. As the administrator, you will need to set up the data sources and targets for the marketer. Terms are defined as follows:

- Data Source: A database table (or view) which is the source of data
- *Target:* Associates the data source, model type, and the target field. The target field is a column within the data source whose value you are trying to predict. See Seeded Targets, page 9-10 for a list of seeded targets.

For example, you might define a target called "Laser Printer Indicator". This target associates a specific model type (say, Product Affinity), a user-defined data source (B2B: Orders Data Mart), and a target field (a column within the corresponding data source). When a marketer chooses the Product Affinity model type and the "Laser Printer Indicator," they can then build a predictive model to determine who is likely to purchase a laser printer by mining data stored within the corresponding data source (in this case the "B2B: Orders Data Mart").

Oracle Marketing currently supports binary outcomes for the target field. As such, the possible values for a target field must either be binary or must be mapped to a binary outcome. For example, if you are trying to predict high-income households, then you will set up the "Income" target field such that values greater than 100000 is defined as the positive target (yes) and the other values are non-positive (no).

Navigation: Administration > Marketing > Analytics > Targets

Notes

- Name: Choose a name that logically represents the customer behavior being predicted. For example, if creating a target to predict customers who will purchase a laser printer, then name the target as "Laser Printer Indicator".
- **Model Type:** Select the Model Type that will use this target.
- Target Field: The target field selector LOV displays the attributes of parent data source as well as any selected child data source. Choose the target field within the corresponding parent or child data source.
- **Condition:** Use this column to select a condition operator for the target field.
- Value: Use this column to indicate a value for the condition selected. Certain conditions allow certain value inputs. For example, if the condition "=" is selected for the target field "Response", then an appropriate value could be "Yes". The text input is case sensitive and must match the value in the database exactly. Note: In this example, if the value for "Response" in the database is "yes", then the positive value of "Yes" will not match the database value.
- **Upper Value:** Use this column to indicate a upper value when "BETWEEN" is chosen as the condition operator. Only the BETWEEN operator requires a value in this column. For example, if using the target "household income" with the operator "BETWEEN" and a Value of "100000" and an Upper Value of "150000", then this would consider all household incomes between 100,000 and 150,000 to be positive target values. All other income values are considered non-positive. To build a valid predictive model, the data must contain positive and non-positive values.
- **Value Description:** Use this column to give your values a text description.

Seeded Targets

The following targets are seeded for release 11.5.10:

- **B2C:** Direct Mail Responders
- B2B: Direct Mail Responders
- **B2C:** E-mail Responders
- B2B: E-mail Responders
- **B2C**: Telemarketing Responders
- B2B: Telemarketing Responders
- B2C: Loyalty/Retention
- B2B: Loyalty/Retention
- **B2C**: Profitability
- **B2B**: Profitability
- **B2C: Product Affinity**
- B2B: Product Affinity

Implementing and Administering Products, **Price Lists, and Deliverables**

This chapter covers the following topics:

- Implementing Products
- Administering Products
- Implementing Price Lists
- Implementing Deliverables

Implementing Products

Implementing products for marketing purposes provides marketer's the ability to create, promote, and manage products. After you have properly implemented products, your end users can access products using the Campaign Workbench or the Campaign tab. For the purpose of marketing, products are usually associated with an offer, event, promotion, or deliverable.

Oracle Marketing requires that the following applications are properly implemented:

- Implementing Oracle Product Lifecycle Management, page 10-1
- Implementing Oracle Inventory for Marketing Products, page 10-4

Implementing Oracle Product Lifecycle Management

Oracle Marketing uses Oracle Product Lifecycle Management (PLM) for product cataloging and management. The concept of using a single product hierarchy model provides an efficient and re-usable catalog and product management system.

Using catalog categories you build a structured hierarchy that contains characteristics (such as attributes and functions). These characteristics are inherited throughout the hierarchy.

For example, you can create a catalog category phone. This category can have children mobile phone and land line. All children for the parent phone will inherit all characteristics defined for phone.

Note: Interest Types, primary and secondary codes are no longer used for product categorization.

Setting Up the Product Catalog

Step 1: Step 2: Step 3: Step 4:	Step 5:	Step 6:
Create Create Add Product Add Product Product Categories to Marketing Category Catalog Attributes	Map Categories	Run Concurrent Program

Perform the following steps to set up the product catalog.

Step 1: Create Product Catalog

A catalog is a collection of categories that are setup in a hierarchical format. When building your product catalog (and associated hierarchy), the first thing to do is create the catalog structure.

To create the catalog, login to Self Service as a user that has the Catalog Manager responsibility.

Navigation: Setup > Catalogs

Notes

- Controlled at: Select if you want the product catalog to be associated at the item or organization level.
- Select the following:
 - **Enable Hierarchy for Categories**
 - Enforce a List of Valid Categories

Step 2: Create Product Categories

To create Product Categories, login to Self Service as a user that has the Catalog Manager responsibility.

Prerequisites: Add the following responsibilities to your user:

- Catalog Responsibility: Enables you to access the PLM UI also enables you to execute the Load Catalog Hierarchy concurrent program.
- Inventory responsibility: Enables you to access the Oracle Inventory UI and allows you to see the default category set UI.

Navigation: Setup > Categories

Notes

Flex Structure: Select Sales Categories and fill in mandatory fields.

Step 3: Add Product Categories to Catalog

In this step, you will add the product categories created above to the product catalog. While adding the categories to the catalog, the parent-child relationships are preserved. After creating the category you must associate it to the catalog created.

To add product categories to Catalog, login to Oracle Forms as a user that has the Catalog Manager responsibility. Navigate to the Catalog created in the previous step and add the category and any required sub-categories.

Step 4: Add Marketing Attributes

Product categories in the catalog have additional Sales and Marketing related attributes. These include:

- Include in Forecast: All product categories that can be forecasted against should have this flag set. This is similar to the forecastable flag in interest types in 11.5.9 and previous releases.
- Expected Purchase: All product categories that sales reps can log opportunity/lead lines against should have this flag set. This is similar to the expected purchase flag on interest types in 11.5.9 and previous releases.
- Exclude From User View: Some product categories may be in the catalog for purely reporting and collection purposes. Such product categories should have this flag set. The product hierarchy presented to sales reps will ignore these categories. These can however be used by analytical and reporting tools such as DBI.

To setup these attributes, switch to Catalog Manager responsibility, navigate to the Catalog previously created and update the attributes as desired.

To attach the product reporting functional area, login to Oracle Forms as a user that has the Oracle Marketing Administrator responsibility.

Navigation: Inventory > Setup > Items > Categories > Default Category Sets

Notes

- Attach the functional area Product Reporting to the catalog (the category set) created.
- Next, run Load Catalog Hierarchy using the Catalog Manager responsibility. This enables the categories defined above to be made visible to the Marketing applications. Only categories with the following parameters will be pulled into this view:
 - FORECASTABLE_FLAG = Y
 - PURCHASE_INTEREST = Y

To run Load Catalog Hierarchy, log in to Oracle Forms as a user that has the Catalog Manager responsibility.

Navigation: View > Requests

Notes

Submit a New Request: Specify the request Load Catalog Hierarchy and the Refresh Mode for the request.

Step 5: Viewing Marketing Categories

To see a list of categories used for marketing (to manually map) you will need to run the following script:

AMSUPCMP.sql

This script is located in the Product Top directory (shown below):

ProductTop/patch/11.5/sql

Step 6: Mapping Marketing Categories

After viewing the list of categories for Marketing, you will map them to the catalog previously created.

To access PLM UI for Mapping log in to the SSWA Using Catalog manager responsibility. Navigation: Setup -> Setup Workbench > Catalog > Catalog Category Mapping

Step 7: Run Concurrent Program

After categories are mapped, run AMS Upgrade Product Categories to migrate marketing data.

Implementing Oracle Inventory for Marketing Products

Oracle Product Lifecycle Management handles product cataloging and change management for Oracle Marketing. Oracle Inventory acts as the physical repository for products.

You can create 2 different types of products using inventory:

- Inventory Items: These include tangible items such as books, clothing, appliances, and computers.
- Service Items: Currently, warranties, subscriptions, and contracts are supported as a newly created service product.

To implement products use the following sections:

- Validating Inventory Organization for Products, page 10-4
- Setting System Profiles for Products, page 10-4
- Validating Item Validation Organization, page 10-5
- Creating and Verifying Lookups for Products, page 10-5
- Running Concurrent Programs for Products, page 10-6
- Recompiling Key Flexfield Segments, page 10-7

Validating Inventory Organization for Products

Oracle Inventory must be properly implemented before using the Product Pages in Oracle Marketing. The Master Inventory Organization assigned will appear by default in the Oracle Marketing Product Pages. When creating new Products, they will be placed into the default Master Inventory Organization.

Set the profile AMS: Item Validation Master Organization to the default Master Inventory Oragnization for which Products will be selected from and created to.

Setting System Profiles for Products

Set the following profile option for Products:

Product Profile Options

Option	Required	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS: Inventory Item Update Allowed	No	Site	Yes/No	Seeded value is No. By default, a Marketer is able to update Products created within the Oracle Marketing application. However, if a Marketer wants to be able update Products from Oracle Inventory, set this value to Yes at Site level.
AMS : Item Validation Master Organization	Yes	Site	NA	Indicates the default Master Inventory organization for which Products will be selected from or created to.

Validating Item Validation Organization

This step applies only if implementing Oracle iStore with Oracle Marketing.

Set AMS: Item Validation Master Organization and IBE: Item Validation Organization profiles at site and responsibility levels to the same Master Inventory Organization.

For more information about how iStore uses the IBE: Item Validation Organization profile option to derive its product database, see the Oracle iStore Implementation Guide.

If the two Item Validation Organization profile options do not match at the same levels, then the Create Product button will not be display in the Store Administration UI's Catalog > Products menu. However, the iStore administrator still will have view and update privileges for Products within the inventory organization of the IBE: Item Validation Organization profile option at its lowest-level setting.

Creating and Verifying lookups for Products

Use the following Lookups for Products:

Lookups for Products

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
ITEM_TYPE	Extensible	AI	ATO Option Class
		AOC	ATO item
		ATO	ATO model
		CONSULTING	Contracts - consulting
		EDU	Contracts - Education
		FG	Contracts - KIT
		FRT	Contracts - Media
		I	Contracts - Software
		K	License
		KIT	Contracts - Training
		M	Finished good
		MEDIA	Freight
		NRI	Inventory Type
		OC	Kit
		OP	Model
		P	Non-recurring
		PF	Option Class
		PH	Outside Processing
		PL	Item
		POC	PTO Option Class
		PTO	PTO model
		REF	Phantom item
		RI	Planning
		SA	Product Family
		SI	Purchased Item
		SW LIC	Recurring
		TRAIN	Reference Item
			Subassembly supply item
NVENTORY_ ITE	EM_ User	ACTIVE	Active
STATUS_ CODE		INACTIVE	Inactive

Running Concurrent Programs for Products

If there has been a change in the flexfield structure, compile the Inventory System Items Flexfield and the Inventory Category Flexfield prior to running this concurrent program.

Run the concurrent program listed below to load the Oracle Inventory categories information into the Oracle Marketing database tables. This allows the appearance of current product categories data in the Oracle Marketing pages.

You only need to run the concurrent program after you create new categories in Oracle Inventory.

Profile Option for Products

Concurrent Manager	Required	Description
AMS Load Inventory Categories	Yes	Loads categories from the MTL schema to the AMS schema denormalized tables. This program should be run if and when a new category is created in Inventory or Advanced Product Catalog.

Recompiling Key Flexfield Segments

In Oracle Applications, key flexfields (KFFs) are customized fields used to enter multi-segment values such as part numbers, account numbers, etc.

You must recompile the key flexfield segments -- only once -- after creating them. If you do not perform this step, part numbers will appear as X in the Products pages.

To recompile the KFF segments, log in to Oracle Forms with System Administrator responsibility.

Navigation: Application > Flexfield > Key > Segments

Notes

- Query on:
 - Application: Oracle Inventory
 - Flex Title: System Items (MTL_SYSTEM_ITEMS_B_KFV)
- Select Unfreeze and then select Freeze.
- **Compile:** Recompile the key flexfield by selecting this button.

For more information, see the Oracle Inventory User's Guide. For general information on DFFs, see the Oracle Application's User's Guide.

Administering Products

See the following sections to administer products:

- Administering Product Templates, page 10-7
- Creating a New Product or Service Template, page 10-8
- Setting Up the New Template, page 10-8
- Selecting Product Attributes in Seeded Product Templates, page 10-9

Administering Product Templates

Product templates enable a marketing administrator to configure product attributes. Configurable Product Options enable the marketer to define, at time of installing Oracle Marketing, the list of product attributes to be displayed in the inventory options side navigation menu for any responsibility.

This allows customizing of a list of product attributes based on business needs and integration requirements. Oracle Marketing provides a default template based on

whether you are defining a product or a service. Selecting or clearing the desired product attributes can override the template.

You can define the list of product attributes for each responsibility and you can also specify if the product attributes are editable in the inventory options page. This feature allows you to isolate product attributes and limit their access to the appropriate users in accordance with business and integration requirements. This feature was added as an Enhancement request for Oracle iStore and Oracle Service Online.

Oracle Marketing Product Templates are different from inventory templates. Templates created here are used only in Oracle Marketing screens, which gives the user an option to configure the product attributes, which are displayed in inventory option side navigation menu.

Logical process of creating templates:

- 1. Create Product Templates choose Service or Product Type.
- Associate responsibility to the template.
- For each product attribute select whether the attribute is defaulted, editable or hidden.
- Depending on the responsibility of the user creating the product the templates associated to that responsibility will be implemented. If no templates are associated to the user, the default-seeded template is used.

Creating a New Product or Service Template

To create a new template, log in to Oracle Marketing.

Navigation: Administration > Setup > Product Option > Create Product Template

Notes

Type of Template: Select the radio button for either a Product or Service template. When selecting a type, the PRODUCT_SERVICE_FLAG flag from AMS_PROD_TEMPLATES_B which will have value P/S. Depending upon the value meaning, it is retrieved from the ak_region_items/_tl.

Setting up the New Template

To set up the new template, log in to Oracle Marketing.

Navigation: Administration > Setup > Product Option

Notes

- Responsibilities region: Retrieve the Marketing responsibility which will link to the template. Only one product template and one service template can be assigned to a responsibility. Optionally, remove an assignment.
- **Attributes region:**
 - **Default:** Select this to make an attribute the default when a product is created.
 - **Editable:** Select this to make an attribute updatable in the product screens. This field overrides the Hide field. If you select Editable, Hide is ignored.
 - **Hide:** Select this to make the attribute hidden in the product screens. This is overridden by a selected Editable parameter.

Select All: Select this flag to enable all the attributes belonging to a selection the default and edit enabled.

Selecting Product Attributes in Seeded Product Templates

Different Inventory attributes can be assigned to a product, depending upon the type of product created -- Inventory or Service. If an Inventory product has been created, the attributes screen will display the specific Inventory and Order Management attributes; if the Service option has been selected, the specific Service default attributes will be displayed. The tables in this section list the seeded attributes for each of the two seeded product templates:

- Product (Inventory) Template
- Service Template

See the Oracle Marketing User Guide for more information on seeded Templates for Products and Service Attributes.

Implementing Price Lists

Price Lists are used to price Products. Products can be added to multiple price lists which can be in different currencies support a global pricing strategy. Price lists can have eligibility defined so that customers who match the criteria alone eligible for the price.

Events and Deliverables that are created as inventory items can be added to a price list. Price lists can be attached to Offers as qualifiers so that customers can get a discount on a specific price.

Oracle Quoting-Forms, Oracle Order Management, and Oracle Advanced Pricing must be implemented prior to setting up price lists.

To implement price lists in Oracle Marketing, follow these procedures:

- Setting System Profile Options for Price Lists, page 10-9
- Creating and Verifying Lookups for Price Lists, page 10-10

Setting System Profile Options for Price Lists

Set the following profile options for price lists:

Price List Profile Options

Option	Required	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
QP: Item Validation Organization	Yes	Responsibility	Select from Inventory Organizations set up in Inventory	Prices may be defined only for those Products which will be available in the specified organization.
AMS: Allow Updates to Q P Price Lists in OMO	Yes	Responsibility	Yes/No	Selecting Yes will allow Price lists created using Advanced Pricing to be edited in Oracle Marketing. See also QP: Source System Code
AMS : Root Section for Price List Report	Yes	Site	Sections defined in the hierarchy Tab of iStore's Merchant UI	Price list report available from the overview page will utilize the section set in this profile to determine the section hierarchy. Items can be grouped into sections. Sections in turn can be grouped into other sections, creating a hierarchical structure.

Creating and Verifying Lookups for Price Lists

See the table below for Lookups and their types, values and meanings.

Lookups for Price Lists

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_ PRICE LIST_ STATUS	System	Active	Active
		Draft	Draft
		Rejected	Rejected
		Pending	Pending Budget
		Cancelled	Approval
			Cancelled

Implementing Deliverables

Deliverables are hard or soft, electronic collateral that is transmitted to a customer, prospect or an Event registrant. Deliverables may also be collected into a kit by defining a Deliverable as a kit and then adding other deliverables to the kit. Deliverables are utilized by both Campaigns and Events. Deliverables are integrated into Oracle Inventory. When a Deliverable is created as an inventory item, it is created as a collateral item. These collateral items are available to Oracle Telesales. Physical Deliverables created as inventory items may be priced using Oracle Pricing in Oracle Marketing.

To implement Deliverables in Oracle Marketing follow these procedures:

- Setting System Profile Options for Deliverables, page 10-11
- Creating and Verifying Lookups for Deliverables, page 10-11

Setting System Profile Options for Deliverables

Set the following profile options for Deliverables:

Profile Options for Deliverables

Option	Required	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS: Item Validation Master Organization	Yes	Site	A valid Master Inventory Organization	When a Deliverable is flagged as an inventory item, it is created in Inventory under the specified master organization.
AMS: Should Call to Inventory Modules be Made	Yes	Site	Yes/No	Indicates whether a Deliverable may be created as an Oracle Inventory item.
AMS: Should Call to Pricing Modules be Made	Yes	Site	Yes/No	Indicates whether a Deliverable may be priced.

Creating and Verifying Lookups for Deliverables

See the table below for lookups, types, values and meanings.

Lookups for Deliverables

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_DELIV_STATUS	5 User	Archived	Archived
		Available	Available
		Cancelled	Cancelled
		Denied_BA	Denied - Budget
		New	Approval
		Submitted_BA	New
		Superseded	Submitted - Budget Approval
		Expired	Superseded
		Denied_TA	Expired
		Budget_Appr	Denied - Concept
		Submitted_TA	Approval
			Budget Approved
			Submitted - Concept Approval
AMS_EVENT_FULF	System	On_Cancel	On Cancellation
ILL_ON		On_Enroll	On Enrollment
		On_Reg	On Registration
AMS_CAMP_FULF ILL_ON	System	On_Invite	On Invite
AMS_OBJECT_	System	Created	Created
USAGE_TYPE		Used_By	Used By

Implementing and Administering Web ADI Integration

This chapter covers the following topics:

- Implementing Web ADI Integration
- Administering Web ADI for Oracle Marketing

Implementing Web ADI Integration

Web Application Desktop Integrator or Web ADI is a tool that brings Oracle E-Business Suite functionality to a spreadsheet, where familiar data entry and modeling techniques can be used to complete Oracle E-Business Suite tasks. For Oracle Marketing, the worksheet provides a quick and simple means for marketers to create or update multiple Campaign Workbench campaign schedules, within and across campaigns. Marketers can also save a Web ADI worksheet on their desktops and work with it off line.

To implement the Web ADI integration, see the following sections:

- Setting Up Web ADI, page 11-1
- Setting Up Web ADI Responsibility, page 11-2
- Concurrent Programs for Web ADI Integration, page 11-2

Setting Up Web ADI

Oracle Marketing ships with one seeded menu called "AMS Web ADI Related Functions" (AMS_ADI_ALL_FUNCTIONS). To enable Web ADI for Marketing, you must enable the Grant flag for the menu and place it in the custom menu for Marketing.

The "AMS Web ADI Related Functions" menu contains 3 functions:

- **Desktop Integrator Define Layout:** Select this function to be able to define layouts
- Marketing Schedule Export Integrators: Select this function to enable the basic schedule Update and Media Planner functionality
- Marketing Schedule Import Integrator: Select this function to enable the Import functionality

All of them have the Grant flag disabled by default.

Setting Up Web ADI Responsibility

All the functions (Web ADI Import and Export) necessary for marketers, marketing managers, and administrators to use Web ADI are added to the Campaign Workbench Super User seeded responsibility. They must be added when you create any custom responsibility too.

Concurrent Programs for Web ADI Integration

The following concurrent programs run in the background:

- **AMS: Schedules Import:** When the Import process is invoked.
- AMS: Export and Update Schedule: When the Update process is invoked.
- AMS: Media Planner Loader: When the Schedule Media Planner layout is used to map metrics data from the interface table to schedule metrics. If metrics already exist for the schedule, the metric values are updated. If the metrics do not exist, new metrics are created for the schedule.

Refer Oracle Marketing User Guide for information on Web ADI processes.

Administering Web ADI for Oracle Marketing

To administer Web ADI for Oracle Marketing, see the following sections:

- Web ADI layouts, page 11-2
- Customizing Web ADI layouts, page 11-3
- Security Requirements for Web ADI, page 11-17

Web ADI Layouts

A Web ADI layout is a combination of a spreadsheet interface - consisting of a set of logically grouped columns and the mapping of attributes from each of these columns to the appropriate column in the underlying data store - and the logic to create or update the data with the necessary validations.

As an administrator, you can customize Web ADI layouts for marketing use. You can also modify or delete Web ADI layouts.

Seeded Web ADI Layouts

Oracle Marketing ships with three seeded Web ADI layouts. These include:

Schedule Import

Marketers can use this layout to create new schedules and import them into the Marketing application.

Schedule Update

Marketers can use this layout for mass update of basic identifying schedule attributes. Sample scenarios where this layout may be used:

- The marketing manager needs to adjust the dates of the Campaign Schedules for a specific Campaign for which the dates have changed
- The marketing administrator needs to mass update the ownership of campaign schedules when the current owner leaves the marketing department

- The marketing administrator needs to change the parent campaign for a set of campaign schedules
- The marketing manager needs to cancel a set of campaign schedules
- Schedule Media Planner

Marketers can use this layout to create or update schedule metrics data.

Important: Please do not modify or delete seeded Web ADI layouts.

Creating Customized Web ADI Layouts

The three seeded Web ADI layouts contain a large number of columns, including the columns needed for basic campaign schedule details, different schedule associations, and schedule metrics. For example, your organization may use only 5 metrics, which is a much smaller number to what is provided in the seeded layouts. In such a situation, you may customize the seeded layout by reducing the number of columns in it.

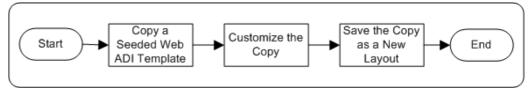
Some usage examples follow.

You may customize a Web ADI layout to create specific import layouts for specific schedule types, such as:

- Advertising Schedules Import Worksheet may include basic schedule details, associations, a few metrics, and Web site response handling details.
- Web Advertising Schedules Import Worksheet may include basic schedule details, associations, media planning details, and click through tracking URL definition for the Web content.
- Direct Marketing Schedules Import Worksheet may include basic schedule details for direct marketing channels, collateral associations, and Web site response handling details.
- Metrics Import Worksheet may include schedule Id, schedule name, and all the metric details and can be used by a marketer to upload metrics only.

The following figure depicts the flow for creating a customized Web ADI layout.

Process Flow for Customizing a Web ADI Layout



To create a customized Web ADI layout, you can do one of the following:

- Duplicate a seeded Web ADI layout, make the necessary changes to it, and save it as a new Marketing usage specific layout.
- Define a new layout based on a seeded layout (referred to as "Integrator").

Navigation: Campaign Dashboard > Administration > Define Layout

Notes

Select from the three integrators available for Marketing:

- Marketing Schedules Import Integrator
- Marketing Schedules Update Integrator
- Marketing Schedules Media Planner
- **Placement:** To define the location of the field on the spreadsheet, you can choose from:
 - **Context:** Appears at the top of the spreadsheet as read only, contextual information. For example, for a layout definition specific for a channel, you may want to place the Channel field as read only contextual information.
 - **Header:** Fields whose values do not change for every record you are uploading. This region appears above the line region in the spreadsheet. For example, for a layout definition specific for a campaign, you may want to place the Campaign field information in the header region.
 - **Line:** Fields whose values change belong in the line region. This is data you add and modify. Most campaign schedule related fields belong in the Line region, and will appear as rows in the spreadsheet.

For the Required fields, the default Placement is Header. You may need to change them to Line, if they must appear in the spreadsheet rows.

- **Default Type:** To specify the nature of the default value, you can choose from:
 - **None:** Use when there no Default Value need be specified.
 - Constant: Use when the text entered in the Default Value field must be displayed as the default value in the spreadsheet.
 - **Environment:** Use to reference an environment variable when setting a default for a field. Examples of values for the Environment Default Type:

sysdate: System date

database: Name of current database

oauser.id: The identification code of the user currently logged in to Oracle Applications

SQL: Use to run a SQL statement to determine the default for the field. Web ADI will run the SQL statement entered in the Default Value field and automatically populate the spreadsheet with the result. If more than one value is returned from the query, the first value is used. Some tokens you can use in the SQL statement include:

\$profile\$.profileName: Enter the name of the profile option, and its value for the current user's profile will be returned

\$env\$.userid: Returns the current user ID

\$env\$.appid: Returns the current application ID

\$env\$.respid: Returns the current responsibility ID

- **Parameter:** Use to reference a parameter that your system administrator stores in the form function (Self Service Link) you use to access the Create Document flow.
- **Cancel:** To be redirected back to the Campaign Dashboard when Cancel is clicked, the profile BNE_REDIRECT_PORTAL must be set up to point to the Campaign Dashboard as follows:

http://OA_HTML/OA.jsp?OAFunc=AMS_WB_CAMP_DASHBOARD

Note: Set the VO_MAX_FETCH_SIZE profile value to define the number of rows that must be downloaded for updates during the Export process. This value is typically set to 200.

The following table provides guidelines for including fields in custom layouts based on the Marketing - Schedules Import Integrator:

Recommendations for Custom Import Layouts

Field Name	Required?	Additional Fields to be Included	Remarks
Campaign	Yes	Campaign Id	Campaign Id must be included in all new layouts
Channel	Yes	Channel Id	Channel Id must be included in all new layouts
Coordinator	Yes	Coordinator Id	-
Schedule Name	Yes	NA	-
Template	Yes	NA	-
Currency	Yes	NA	The Currency field is needed to default metrics values
Timezone	Yes	NA	-
Launch On	Yes	NA	-
Launch Time	No	NA	-
End On	No	NA	-
End Time	No	NA	-
Source Code	No	NA	-
Country	No	Country Id	-
Marketing Medium	No	Marketing Medium Id	For some schedules, such as Advertising schedules, this is a mandatory field, and hence must be included
Repeat Frequency	No	Repeat Frequency UOMRepeat For	-
Schedule Flexfields	No	NA	-
Channel Based Flexfields	No	Channel Based Flexfield Context	-

Field Name	Required?	Additional Fields to be Included	Remarks
Product Category 1	No	Product 1	-
		 Product Category Id 1 	
		• Product Id 1	
Product Category 2	No	• Product 2	-
		 Product Category Id 2 	
		• Product Id 2	
Product 1	No	Product Category 1	-
		 Product Category Id 1 	
		• Product Id 1	
Product 2	No	Product Category 2	-
		 Product Category Id 2 	
		• Product Id 2	
Cover Letter	No	Cover Letter Id	-

Field Name	Required?	Additional Fields to be Included	Remarks
Any Web Planner field	No	• Web Planner - Application	• Including the Web Planner - Title field is
		Web PlannerPlacement	Other than the Web
		Web PlannerPlacement Id	Planner - Title field, either include all the Web Planner fields or none
		Web PlannerContent Item	
		 Web Planner Content Item Id 	
		CTD - Action	
		• CTD - URL	
		• CTD - Parameter 1	
		• CTD - Parameter 2	
		• CTD - Parameter 3	
		• CTD - Parameter Id 1	
		• CTD - Parameter Id 2	
		• CTD - Parameter Id 3	
		If you are using customizable Web scripts, then include the following fields:	
		 CTD - Additional Parameter 1 	
		 CTD - Additional Parameter 1 - Value 	
		• CTD - Additional Parameter 2	
		• CTD - Additional Parameter 2 - Value	
		• CTD - Additional Parameter 3	
		• CTD - Additional Parameter 3 -	
		Implementing and Administ	ering Web ADI Integration 11-
		 CTD - Additional Parameter 4 	

Field Name	Required?	Additional Fields to be Included	Remarks
Any Landing Page URL field	No	• Landing Page URL	-
		Additional Parameter	
		• CTD - Action	
		• CTD - URL	
		• CTD - Parameter 1	
		• CTD - Parameter 2	
		• CTD - Parameter 3	
		• CTD - Parameter Id 1	
		• CTD - Parameter Id 2	
		• CTD - Parameter Id 3	
		If you are using customizable Web scripts, then include the following fields:	
		• CTD - Additional Parameter 1	
		 CTD - Additional Parameter 1 - Value 	
		CTD - Additional Parameter 2	
		 CTD - Additional Parameter 2 - Value 	
		 CTD - Additional Parameter 3 	
		 CTD - Additional Parameter 3 - Value 	
		 CTD - Additional Parameter 4 	
		 CTD - Additional Parameter 4 - Value 	

Field Name	Required?	Additional Fields to be Included	Remarks
Collaboration Content Item 1	No	Collaboration Content Item Id 1	-
Collaboration Content Item 2	No	Collaboration Content Item Id 2	-
Collaboration Content Item 3	No	Collaboration Content Item Id 3	-
Metric 1 - Manual Fixed	No	Metric 1 - Manual Fixed Forecast	-
Metric 2 - Manual Fixed	No	Metric 2 - Manual Fixed Forecast	-
Metric 3 - Manual Fixed	No	Metric 3 - Manual Fixed Forecast	-
Metric 4 - Manual Fixed	No	Metric 4 - Manual Fixed Forecast	-
Metric 5 - Manual Fixed	No	Metric 5 - Manual Fixed Forecast	-
Metric 6 - Manual Fixed	No	Metric 6 - Manual Fixed Forecast	-
Metric 7 - Manual Fixed	No	Metric 7 - Manual Fixed Forecast	-
Metric 8 - Manual Fixed	No	Metric 8 - Manual Fixed Forecast	-
Metric 9 - Manual Fixed	No	Metric 9 - Manual Fixed Forecast	-
Metric 10 - Manual Fixed	No	Metric 10 - Manual Fixed Forecast	-
Metric 1 - Manual Variable	No	Metric 1 - Manual Variable Forecast Unit	-
Metric 2 - Manual Variable	No	Metric 2 - Manual Variable Forecast Unit	-
Metric 3 - Manual Variable	No	Metric 3 - Manual Variable Forecast Unit	-
Metric 4 - Manual Variable	No	Metric 4 - Manual Variable Forecast Unit	-
Metric 5 - Manual Variable	No	Metric 5 - Manual Variable Forecast Unit	-

Field Name	Required?	Additional Fields to be Included	Remarks
Metric 1 - Function Fixed	No	Metric 1 - Function Fixed Forecast	-
Metric 2 - Function Fixed	No	Metric 2 - Function Fixed Forecast	-
Metric 3 - Function Fixed	No	Metric 3 - Function Fixed Forecast	-
Metric 4 - Function Fixed	No	Metric 4 - Function Fixed Forecast	-
Metric 5 - Function Fixed	No	Metric 5 - Function Fixed Forecast	-
Metric 6 - Function Fixed	No	Metric 6 - Function Fixed Forecast	-
Metric 7- Function Fixed	No	Metric 7 - Function Fixed Forecast	-
Metric 8 - Function Fixed	No	Metric 8 - Function Fixed Forecast	-
Metric 9 - Function Fixed	No	Metric 9 - Function Fixed Forecast	-
Metric 10 - Function Fixed	No	Metric 10 - Function Fixed Forecast	-
Metric 1 - Function Variable	No	Metric 1 - Function Variable Forecast Unit	-
Metric 2 - Function Variable	No	Metric 2 - Function Variable Forecast Unit	-
Metric 3 - Function Variable	No	Metric 3 - Function Variable Forecast Unit	-
Metric 4 - Function Variable	No	Metric 4 - Function Variable Forecast Unit	-
Metric 5 - Function Variable	No	Metric 5 - Function Variable Forecast Unit	-

The following table provides guidelines for including fields in custom layouts based on the Marketing - Schedules Update Integrator.

Recommendations for Custom Update Layouts

Field Name	Required?	Additional Fields to be Included	Remarks
Spreadsheet Reference	NA	NA	 A read-only field in the Header region that displays a system generated value
			Value is passed to the concurrent program during the Update process
Schedule Name	Yes	• Schedule Id	-
		 Object version Number 	
Campaign	No	Campaign Id	A read-only field
			 If you include it in the layout and try to set it to Null, it will retain its previous value
Channel	No	Channel Id	A read-only field
			 Include this field if you want to include the field Channel Based Flexfields
Coordinator	No	Coordinator Id	A read-only field
Template	No	NA	A read-only field
Timezone	No	NA	A read-only field
Launch On	No	NA	A read-only field
Launch Time	No	NA	A read-only field
End On	No	NA	A read-only field
End Time	No	NA	A read-only field
Source Code	No	NA	A read-only field
Country	No	Country Id	A read-only field
Marketing Medium	No	Marketing Medium Id	For some schedules, such as Advertising schedules, this is a mandatory field, and hence must be included
Objective	No	NA	A read-only field
Current Status	No	NA	A read-only field
Update Status To	No	NA	-
Schedule Flexfields	No	NA	-

Field Name	Required?	Additional Fields to Remarks be Included
Channel Based Flexfields	No	 Channel - Channel Based Flexfield Context
Intent To Submit for Approval	· No	NA -

The following table provides guidelines for including fields in custom layouts based on the Marketing - Media Planner Integrator.

Recommendations for Custom Media Planner Layouts

Fields	Required?	Additional Fields to be Included	Remarks
Spreadsheet Reference	NA	NA	A read-only field in the Header region that displays a system generated value
			 Value is passed to the concurrent program during the Update process
Schedule Name	Yes	• Schedule Id	-
		Object version Number	
Campaign	No	Campaign Id	A read-only field
			 If you include it in the layout and try to set it to Null, it will retain its previous value
Channel	No	Channel Id	A read-only field
			 Include this field if you want to include the field Channel Based Flexfields
Coordinator	No	Coordinator Id	A read-only field
Template	No	NA	A read-only field
Timezone	No	NA	A read-only field
Launch On	No	NA	A read-only field
Launch Time	No	NA	A read-only field
End On	No	NA	A read-only field
End Time	No	NA	A read-only field

Fields	Required?	Additional Fields to be Included	Remarks
Source Code	No	NA	A read-only field
Country	No	Country Id	A read-only field
Marketing Medium	No	Marketing Medium Id	For some schedules, such as Advertising schedules, this is a mandatory field, and hence must be included
Status	No	NA	A read-only field
Purpose	No	NA	A read-only field
Channel Based	No	Channel Based	A read-only field
Flexfields		Flexfield Context	 If you include this field, also include the field "Channel"
Primary Product Category	No	Primary Product	A read-only field
Primary Product	No	Primary Product Category	A read-only field
Metric 1 - Manual Fixed	No	 Metric 1 - Manual Fixed Forecast 	-
		 Metric 1 - Manual Fixed Currency 	
Metric 2 - Manual Fixed	No	 Metric 2 - Manual Fixed Forecast 	-
		 Metric 2 - Manual Fixed Currency 	
Metric 3 - Manual Fixed	No	 Metric 3 - Manual Fixed Forecast 	-
		 Metric 3 - Manual Fixed Currency 	
Metric 4 - Manual Fixed	No	 Metric 4 - Manual Fixed Forecast 	-
		 Metric 4 - Manual Fixed Currency 	
Metric 5 - Manual Fixed	No	 Metric 5 - Manual Fixed Forecast 	-
		 Metric 5 - Manual Fixed Currency 	
Metric 6 - Manual Fixed	No	 Metric 6 - Manual Fixed Forecast 	-
		 Metric 6 - Manual Fixed Currency 	

Fields	Required?	Additional Fields to be Included	Remarks
Metric 7 - Manual Fixed	No	• Metric 7 - Manual Fixed Forecast	-
		 Metric 7 - Manual Fixed Currency 	
Metric 8 - Manual Fixed	No	 Metric 8 - Manual Fixed Forecast 	-
		 Metric 8 - Manual Fixed Currency 	
Metric 9 - Manual Fixed	No	 Metric 9 - Manual Fixed Forecast 	-
		 Metric 9 - Manual Fixed Currency 	
Metric 10 - Manual Fixed	No	 Metric 10 - Manual Fixed Forecast 	-
		 Metric 10 - Manual Fixed Currency 	
Metric 1 - Manual Variable	No	 Metric 1 - Manual Variable Forecast Unit 	-
		 Metric 1 - Manual Variable Currency 	
		 Metric 1 - Manual Variable Actual 	
Metric 2 - Manual Variable	No	 Metric 2 - Manual Variable Forecast Unit 	-
		 Metric 2 - Manual Variable Currency 	
		 Metric 2 - Manual Variable Actual 	
Metric 3 - Manual Variable	No	 Metric 3 - Manual Variable Forecast Unit 	-
		 Metric 3 - Manual Variable Currency 	
		 Metric 3 - Manual Variable Actual 	

Fields	Required?	Additional Fields to be Included	Remarks
Metric 4 - Manual Variable	No	Metric 4 - Manua Variable Forecast Unit	
		• Metric 4 - Manual Variable Currency	
		 Metric 4 - Manual Variable Actual 	I
Metric 5 - Manual Variable	No	 Metric 5 - Manual Variable Forecast Unit 	
		• Metric 5 - Manual Variable Currency	
		 Metric 5 - Manual Variable Actual 	I
Metric 1 - Function Fixed	No	 Metric 1 - Function Fixed Forecast 	-
		 Metric 1 - Function Fixed Currency 	
Metric 2 - Function Fixed	No	 Metric 2 - Function Fixed Forecast 	-
		 Metric 2 - Function Fixed Currency 	
Metric 3 - Function Fixed	No	• Metric 3 - Function Fixed Forecast	-
		 Metric 3 - Function Fixed Currency 	
Metric 4 - Function Fixed	No	• Metric 4 - Function Fixed Forecast	-
		 Metric 4 - Function Fixed Currency 	
Metric 5 - Function Fixed	No	• Metric 5 - Function Fixed Forecast	-
		 Metric 5 - Function Fixed Currency 	

Fields	Required?	Additional Fields to be Included	Remarks
Metric 6 - Function Fixed	No	 Metric 6- Function Fixed Forecast 	-
		 Metric 6 - Function Fixed Currency 	
Metric 7 - Function Fixed	No	 Metric 7- Function Fixed Forecast 	-
		 Metric 7 - Function Fixed Currency 	
Metric 8 - Function Fixed	No	 Metric 8- Function Fixed Forecast 	-
		 Metric 8 - Function Fixed Currency 	
Metric 9 - Function Fixed	No	 Metric 9- Function Fixed Forecast 	-
		 Metric 9 - Function Fixed Currency 	
Metric 1 - Function Variable	No	 Metric 1 - Function Variable Forecast Unit 	-
		 Metric 1 - Function Variable Currency 	
Metric 2 - Function Variable	No	 Metric 2 - Function Variable Forecast Unit 	- :
		 Metric 2 - Function Variable Currency 	
Metric 3 - Function Variable	No	 Metric 3 - Function Variable Forecast Unit 	
		 Metric 3 - Function Variable Currency 	

Fields	Required?	Additional Fields to be Included	Remarks
Metric 4 - Function Variable	No	• Metric 4 - Function Variable Forecast Unit	-
		 Metric 4 - Function Variable Currency 	
Metric 5 - Function Variable	No	 Metric 5 - Function Variable Forecast Unit 	-
		 Metric 5 - Function Variable Currency 	

Security Requirements for Web ADI

Web ADI security is based on the access permissions to the application that the logged in user has.

Marketing administrators with FULL ACCESS privileges can create and update schedules and access all the schedules data in the system.

For marketers and marketing managers, the following restrictions must be applied on the Web ADI layouts:

- Access to parent campaigns should be based on team access security restrictions.
- Access to Oracle Content Manager (OCM) content and cover letters should be based on OCM security definitions. Refer to OCM documentation for more information.
- Marketers can update the metrics of a schedule only if they have edit metrics privileges for the parent campaign (unless the user is the schedule owner or a system administrator).
- When the Update process is invoked to process data from a spreadsheet saved earlier, logged in users can update only those schedules to which they have access.

Implementing Marketing Intelligence

This chapter covers the following topics:

- Marketing Intelligence Overview
- Implementing Marketing Intelligence
- Defining Marketing Calendar Periods
- Implementing Lead Intelligence

Marketing Intelligence Overview

Oracle Marketing's marketing intelligence is displayed as home page bins, reports, and charts that provide summary information about key marketing activities, along with links to recently accessed campaigns and events.

Marketing intelligence displays the following:

- Most Recent Bins: Display links to recently accessed campaigns and events. The
 links are generated automatically when you create or edit a campaign or event. The
 links navigate you to the details page for the object type. Most Recent bins are
 available for campaign and event objects.
- Reporting Bins: Display trend performance information for key marketing
 activities. Some examples include campaign effectiveness, event effectiveness, and
 marketing budgets. Each reporting bin contains links to more granular detailed
 reports.
- Reports: Displayed directly on the homepage are drill-down reports linked from
 a reporting bin, but with a configurable date range specified by the user. The date
 aggregate for the report is inherited from the calling bin. For example, when
 drilling down on the month of September, all data for the drilldown reports is
 about September.
- Charts: Display trend performance information for key marketing activities. They illustrate information based on date ranges specified by the user. In Oracle Marketing, charts render the top comparisons. For example, if you are viewing a Campaigns by Leads chart and the number of rows to display is10, then the chart for Campaigns by Leads will show the Top 10 Campaigns by Leads.

For more information on using Bins, Reports and Charts see the *Oracle Marketing User Guide*.

Implementing Marketing Intelligence

This section describes how to implement Marketing Intelligence functionality displayed on the homepage of the Oracle Marketing. This includes the Bins, Charts and Reports. Displaying the following marketing objects is covered in this section:

- Campaigns
- **Events**
- **Budgets**
- Key performance indicators
- Marketing activities
- Interaction history responses

See the following procedures to implement Marketing Intelligence:

- Setting System Profile Options for Marketing Intelligence, page 12-2
- Defining Marketing Calendar Periods, page 12-8
- Implementing Lookups for Marketing Intelligence, page 12-2
- Defining Exchange Rates, page 12-3
- Loading Marketing Facts for a First Time Build, page 12-3
- Creating Initial Build of Materialized Views, page 12-5
- Refreshing Materialized View for Campaigns, Events, and Budgets, page 12-6
- Loading Marketing Facts From a Previous Refresh Date, page 12-7

Setting System Profile Options for Marketing Intelligence

Set the following system profiles for Marketing Intelligence.

Marketing Intelligence Profile Options

Option	Required	Level	Setting
BIM Month Period Type	Yes	System	Select the month period type corresponding to the Marketing Calendar.
BIM Quarter Period Type	Yes	System	Select the quarter period type corresponding to the Marketing Calendar.
BIM Year Period Type	Yes	System	Select the year period type corresponding to the Marketing Calendar.

Implementing Lookups for Marketing Intelligence

This procedure is only necessary if using the Web response interface public APIs: AMS_RESP_REJECT_REASON and AMS_RESP_GRADE.

See the table below for lookups, types, values, and meanings:

Lookups for Marketing Intelligence - Web Responses

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_RESP_REJECT_ REASON	User	User Defined	Organization defined rejection reasons.
AMS_RESP_GRADE	User	User Defined	Organization defined response grades.

Defining Exchange Rates

Exchange rates need to be defined between the transaction currency and the default currency code associated to the profile AMS Default Currency. The rates must be defined between the currencies, from the date the transactions will be loaded.

For example, if loading all the campaigns which started on or after 01/SEP/00 where the minimum approval date is 01/Mar/00, the currency exchange rates need to be defined from 01/Mar/00.

All the transactions amounts will be converted to the default currency code associated to the profile **AMS**: **Default Currency**. All currencies used in transactions must have a conversion rate defined with the conversion rate type specified in the profile **AMS**: **Currency Conversion Type**.

To define exchange rates, log into Forms for General Ledger Super User responsibility.

Navigation: Setup > Currencies > Rates > Daily > Enter by Date Range

Notes

• **Type:** Set the type equal to the type specified in the profile AMS : Currency Conversion Type

Loading Marketing Facts for a First Time Build

Execute this Request Set only for the first time load. The Request for a first time build consists of 8 concurrent programs.

To run a request set, log in to Oracle Marketing as Marketing Intelligence Collection Manager.

Navigation: Requests > Run

Notes

- Select the Request Set option and choose BIM: Load Marketing facts for the first time from the LOV. The Program block will list the concurrent programs in this request set. When programs are first listed, the Parameters column is blank for all programs.
- Start Date: The Start Date should be the first date for which data should be shown.
- Set the parameter values for the first row and verify that the Parameter columns of the second and third rows display the values defaulted from the first row. The Request set will run and execute the concurrent programs sequentially.

The following table lists the concurrent programs in the Request Set and their parameters.

Request Set: Loading Marketing Facts for a First Time Build

Sequence	Concurrent Program	Parameters	Est Time	Comments
0	BIM: Truncate all facts	Objects (select from: All, Campaigns, Events, Budgets, Leads, Lead Import, Response)	NA	This program removes all previously loaded facts. It should be used only when the data should be removed in its entirety
1	BIM: Load Marketing Facts for the First Time	Object to Load: Campaign	2 Hrs., 15 Mins	Loads all Campaign Facts
	Tor the First Time	Start Date: 01-SE P-00		
		End Dates: (SYSDATE)		
2	BIM: Load Marketing Facts for the First Time	Object to Load: Event	6 Mins	Loads all Event Facts
		Start Date: 01-SE P-00		
		End Dates: (SYSDATE)		
3	BIM:Load Marketing Facts for the First Time	Object to Load: Budget	20 Mins	Loads all Budgets Facts
		Start Date: 01-SE P-00		Ü
		End Dates: (SYSDATE)		
4	BIM:Load Key Performance Indicator Facts		1 Min	Loads KPI facts
5	BIM: Load Marketing Facts	Object to Load: Leads	30 Mins	Loads Lead Facts
	for the First Time	Start Date: 01-SE P-00		
		End Dates: (SYSDATE)		

Sequence	Concurrent Program	Parameters	Est Time	Comments
6	BIM: Load Marketing Facts	Object to Load: Lead_Import	7 Mins	Loads Lead Import Facts
	for the First Time	Start Date: 01-SE P-00		
		End Dates: (SYSDATE)		
7	BIM:Load Marketing Facts	Object to Load: Response	5 Mins	Loads Web Response Facts
	for the First Time	Start Date: 01-SE P-00		
		End Dates: (SYSDATE)		

Creating Initial Build of Materialized Views

Execute this Request Set only for the first time. This prepares the pre-built tables for all materialized views. This program has to be run only once and should not be run during subsequent loads.

If for any reason, a user intends to re-run this request set again, execute the Concurrent Program, **BIM**: **Truncate all facts**, before running the Concurrent Manager Program, **BIM**: **Load Marketing facts** for the first time.

To run the request set, log in to Oracle Marketing as Marketing Intelligence Collection Manager.

Navigation: Requests > Run

- Select the Request Set option and choose BIM: Initial build of Materialized Views from the LOV. The Program block will list the concurrent programs in this request set. When programs are first listed, the Parameters column is blank for all programs.
- Parameter window: The Number of Parallel Processors is defaulted automatically to 8. Change the value for this parameter to 4. Four processors are sufficient to run this Request Set.
- The system displays a Parameter window with the parameter, Number of Parallel Processors, defaulted automatically to 4 for the second, third, and fourth rows.
- The Request set will run and execute all the above concurrent programs sequentially.

Request Set: BIM: Initial Build of Materialized Views

Seq	Concurrent Program	Parameters	Est Time	Comments
1	BIM: Initial build of Campaigns Materialized Views	Number of Parallel Processors: 4	1 Min	Prepares pre- built tables for Campaigns Materialized views
2	BIM: Initial build of Events Materialized Views	Number of Parallel Processors: 4	1 Min	Prepares pre- built tables for Events Materialized views
3	BIM: Initial build of Budgets Materialized Views	Number of Parallel Processors: 4	1 Min	Prepares pre- built tables for Budgets Materialized views
4	BIM: Initial build of Key Performance Indicators Materialized Views	Number of Parallel Processors: 4	1 Min	Prepares pre- built tables for Key Performance Indicators Materialized views
5	BIM: Initial Build of Interaction History Response Materialized Views		1 Min	Prepares pre- built tables for Interaction History Response Materialized views

Refreshing Materialized View for Campaigns, Events, and Budgets

The Request set: BIM: Refresh Materialized Views, builds the materialized views for Campaigns, Events, Budgets, Key Performance Indicators and Marketing Activities.

This Request Set should be run only after the facts are loaded, either by the Request Set: BIM: Load Marketing facts for the first time or by Request Set: BIM: Load Marketing facts from the previous refresh date.

This program has to be run each time after facts are loaded or refreshed.

To run the request set, log in to Oracle Marketing as Marketing Intelligence Collection Manager.

Navigation: Requests > Run

- Select the Request Set option and choose BIM: Refresh Materialized Views from the LOV. The Program block will list the concurrent programs in this request set. When programs are first listed, the Parameters column is blank for all programs.
- Parameter window: The Number of Parallel Processors is defaulted automatically to 8. Change the value for this parameter to 4. Four processors are sufficient to run this Request Set.

- The system displays a Parameter window with the parameter, Number of Parallel Processors, defaulted automatically to 4 for the second, third, and fourth rows.
- The Request set will run and execute all the concurrent programs sequentially.

Loading Marketing Facts From a Previous Refresh Date

This request set will load all the marketing facts from the previous refresh date. Execute this Request Set on a daily basis. This program has to be run each time facts are loaded or refreshed.

Prerequisites: Marketing facts are properly implemented

To run a request set, log in to Oracle Marketing as Marketing Intelligence Collection Manager.

Navigation: Requests > Run

- Select the Request Set option and choose BIM: Load Marketing facts from previous refresh date from the LOV. The Program block will list the concurrent programs in this request set. When programs are first listed, the Parameters column is blank for all programs.
- End Date: Change the End Date as desired in the Parameter column of the first row in the Parameter window.
- Verify that the Parameter columns of the second and third rows display the values defaulted from the first row. Change dates as desired. The Request set will run and execute the concurrent programs sequentially.
- Note that this program must be run on a daily basis. Run the Request Set: BIM: Refresh Materialized Views, above, to build the materialized views following the steps instructions listed above.

Request Set: BIM Load Marketing Facts from a Previous Refresh Date

Seq	Concurrent Program	Parameters	Est Time	Comments
1	BIM: Load Marketing Facts from previous refresh date	Object to Load: Campaign End Date: (SYSDATE)	5 Mins	Loads all Campaign Facts
2	BIM: Load Marketing Facts from previous refresh date	Object to Load: Event End Date: (SYSDATE)	5 Mins	Loads all Events Facts
3	BIM: Load Marketing Facts from previous refresh date	Object to Load: Budget End Date: (SYSDATE)	5 Mins	Loads all Budget Facts
4	BIM: Load Key Performance Indicator facts from previous refresh date		5 Mins	Loads all KPI Facts
5	BIM: Load Marketing Facts from previous refresh date	Object to Load: Leads End Date (SYSDATE)	5 Mins	Loads Lead Facts
6	BIM: Load Marketing Facts from previous refresh date	Object to Load: Lead_Import End Date (SYSDATE)	5 Mins	Loads Lead Import Facts
7	BIM: Load Marketing Facts from previous refresh date	Object to Load: Response End Date (SYSDATE)	5 Mins	Loads Web Response Facts

Defining Marketing Calendar Periods

The calendar periods must be defined for the Marketing Calendar for the fiscal year containing the date one year prior to the start date. The Start Date is the first date for which data in the Bins, Charts and Reports should be displayed. Also define the periods: Month, Quarter and Year.

Identify the Calendar associated with the profile AMS: Marketing Calendar and define Periods on this calendar for the Fiscal Year, which contains the date one year prior to the start date of the first time facts load, to the current Fiscal Year. It is required that periods of type Month, Quarter, and Year should be defined.

For example, the Fiscal Year starts from 1st June of every year. To load the facts from 01-SEP-00, it is required to define the periods for the Marketing Calendar starting with the Fiscal Year containing the date 01-SEP-99 to the current Fiscal Year.

To define marketing calendar periods, use the following procedure.

Steps:

- 1. Log into Forms with System Administrator responsibility.
- Navigate to Profile > System.
- 3. Use Find to locate the profile AMS: Marketing Calendar and note the calendar entered in this profile.
- 4. Switch responsibility to General Ledger Super User.
- 5. Navigate to Setup > Financials > Calendars > Accounting.
- 6. Locate the Calendar noted above and verify the required periods of Month, Quarter and Year are defined.

Implementing Lead Intelligence

This section describes how to implement Lead Intelligence functionality that is displayed on the home page of the Oracle Marketing. This section covers how to display the following marketing objects on the home page:

- Leads
- Lead Import
- Web Surveys

See the following procedures to implement Lead Intelligence:

- Creating Initial Build of Materialized View for Lead Intelligence, page 12-9
- Refreshing Materialized Views for Lead Intelligence, page 12-11
- Loading Marketing Facts from Previous Refresh Date, page 12-12

Creating Initial Build of Materialized View for Lead Intelligence

Execute this Request Set only for the first time. This prepares the pre-built tables for all materialized views for Lead Intelligence. This program has to be run only once and should not be run during subsequent loads.

To run the request set, log in to Oracle Marketing as Marketing Intelligence Collection Manager.

Navigation: Requests > Run

- Select the Request Set option and choose BIM: Initial build of Materialized Views from the LOV. The Program block will list the concurrent programs in this request set. When programs are first listed, the Parameters column is blank for all programs.
- Parameter window: The Number of Parallel Processors is defaulted automatically to 8. Change the value for this parameter to 4. Four processors are sufficient to run this Request Set.
- The system displays a Parameter window with the parameter, Number of Parallel Processors, defaulted automatically to 4 for the second, third, and fourth rows.
- The Request set will run and execute all the above concurrent programs sequentially.

Request Set BIM: Initial Build of Materialized Views for Lead Intelligence

Seq	Concurrent Program	Parameters	Est Time	Comments
1	BIM: Initial build of Lead KPI Materialized Views	Number of Parallel Processors: 4	1 Min	Prepares pre- built tables for Lead KP I Materialized views
2	BIM: Initial build of Lead Quality Materialized Views	Number of Parallel Processors: 4	1 Min	Prepares pre- built tables for Lead Quality Materialized views
3	BIM: Initial build of Lead Sources Materialized Views	Number of Parallel Processors: 4	1 Min	Prepares pre- built tables for Lead Sources Materialized views
4	BIM: Initial build of Lead Import Materialized Views	Number of Parallel Processors: 4	1 Min	Prepares pre- built tables for Lead Import Materialized views
5	BIM: Initial Build of Responses Materialized Views	Number of Parallel Processors: 4	1 Min	Prepares pre- built tables for Responses Materialized views

Request Set: BIM: Refresh Materialized View

Seq	Concurrent Program	Parameters	Est Time	Comments
1	BIM: Refresh of Campaign Materialized views	Number of Parallel Processors: 4	10 Mins	Builds Campaign Materialized views
2	BIM: Refresh of Events Materialized views	Number of Parallel Processors: 4	5 Mins	Builds Events Materialized views
3	BIM: Refresh of Budgets Materialized views	Number of Parallel Processors: 4	20 Mins	Builds Budgets Materialized views
4	BIM: Refresh of Key Performance Indicator Materialized views	Number of Parallel Processors: 4	5 Mins	Builds Key Performance Indicators Materialized views
5	BIM: Refresh of Marketing Activities Materialized views	Number of Parallel Processors: 4	5 Mins	Builds Marketing Activities Materialized views
6	BIM: Refresh of Interaction History Response Materialized views	Number of Parallel Processors: 4	5 Min	Builds Interaction History Response Materialized views

Refreshing Materialized Views for Lead Intelligence

Builds the Materialized views for Leads, Lead Import and Web Responses. This Request Set should be run only after the facts are loaded, either by the Request Set: BIM: Load Marketing facts for the first time or by Request Set: BIM: Load Marketing facts from the previous refresh date. This program has to be run each time facts are loaded or refreshed.

To run the request set, log in to Oracle Marketing as Marketing Intelligence Collection Manager.

Navigation: Requests > Run

- Select the Request Set option and choose BIM: Refresh Materialized Views from the LOV. The Program block will list the concurrent programs in this request set. When programs are first listed, the Parameters column is blank for all programs.
- Parameter window: The Number of Parallel Processors is defaulted automatically to 8. Change the value for this parameter to 4. Four processors are sufficient to run this Request Set.

- The system displays a Parameter window with the parameter, Number of Parallel Processors, defaulted automatically to 4 for the second, third, and fourth rows.
- The Request set will run and execute all the concurrent programs sequentially.

Request Set: BIM Refresh of Materialized Views for Lead Intelligence

Seq	Concurrent Program	Parameters	Est Time	Comments
1	BIM: Refresh of Summary by Group Hierarchy	Number of Parallel Processors: 4	10 Mins	Prepares summarized tables based on group hierarchy. This has to be run first before running any other lead intelligence refresh materialized view program.
2	BIM: Refresh of Lead KPI Materialized Views	Number of Parallel Processors: 4	45 Mins	Builds Lead K PI Materialized Views
3	BIM: Refresh of Lead Quality Materialized Views	Number of Parallel Processors: 4	60 Mins	Builds Lead Quality Materialized Views
4	BIM: Refresh of Lead Sources Materialized Views	Number of Parallel Processors: 4	60 Mins	Builds Lead Sources Materialized Views
5	BIM: Refresh of Lead Import Materialized Views	Number of Parallel Processors: 4	5 Mins	Builds Lead Import Materialized Views
6	BIM: Refresh of Responses Materialized Views	Number of Parallel Processors: 4	5 Min	Builds Responses Materialized Views

Loading Marketing Facts from Previous Refresh Date

This request set will load all the marketing facts from the previous refresh date. Execute this Request Set on a daily basis. This program has to be run each time facts are loaded or refreshed.

To run a request set, log in to Oracle Marketing as Marketing Intelligence Collection Manager.

Navigation: Requests > Run

- Select the Request Set option and choose BIM: Load Marketing facts from previous refresh date from the LOV. The Program block will list the concurrent programs in this request set. When programs are first listed, the Parameters column is blank for all programs.
- **End Date:** Change the End Date as desired in the Parameter column of the first row in the Parameter window.
- Verify that the Parameter columns of the second and third rows display the values defaulted from the first row. Change dates as desired. The Request set will run and execute the concurrent programs sequentially.
- Note that this program must be run on a daily basis. Run the Request Set: BIM: Refresh Materialized Views, above, to build the materialized views following the steps instructions listed above.

Request Set: BIM Load Marketing Facts from Previous Refresh Date

Seq	Concurrent Program	Parameters	Est Time	Comments
1	BIM: Load Marketing Facts	Object to Load: Campaign	5 Mins	Loads all Campaign Facts
	from previous refresh date	End Date: (SYSDATE)		
2	BIM: Load Marketing Facts	Object to Load: Event	5 Mins	Loads all Events Facts
	from previous refresh date	End Date: (SYSDATE)		
3	BIM: Load Marketing Facts	Object to Load: Budget	5 Mins	Loads all Budget Facts
	from previous refresh date	End Date: (SYSDATE)		
4	BIM: Load Key Performance Indicator facts from previous refresh date		5 Mins	Loads all KPI Facts
5	BIM: Load Marketing Facts	Object to Load: Leads	5 Mins	Loads Lead Facts
	from previous refresh date	End Date (SYSDATE)		
6	BIM: Load Marketing Facts	Object to Load: Lead_Import	5 Mins	Loads Lead Import Facts
	from previous refresh date	End Date (SYSDATE)		
7	BIM: Load Marketing Facts	Object to Load: Response	5 Mins	Loads Web Response Facts
	from previous refresh date	End Date (SYSDATE)		

Oracle Marketing Profile Option Reference

This appendix covers the following topics:

- Before You Begin
- Setting Profile Options
- Oracle Marketing Profile Option Reference

Before You Begin

Before making Oracle Forms settings, ensure that all Oracle Applications server processes are up and running. In particular, if you stopped concurrent managers before applying Oracle Applications patchsets, restart them now by changing to \$COMMON TOP/admin/scripts, and executing adcmctl.sh <APPS username/APPS password> start.

Setting Profile Options

Most profile options ship with a seeded value. Setting or changing profile option values is one way to change the default behavior of the application. You may or may not want to change profile option values depending on business requirements.

Profile options can be set at four levels:

- Site: Settings at this level affect the entire Oracle E-Business Suite.
- Application: Setting profiles at this level overrides the site level setting for the particular application. This level enables the setting to be applied to the specific application you are working with.
- Responsibility: Setting profiles at this level affects users of a given responsibility. At this level it overrides the application level setting for users of the particular responsibility.
- User: Setting profiles at the user level affect the individual user only. At this level it overrides the responsibility level setting for an individual user.

To set any profile option, log in to Oracle Forms with the System Administrator responsibility.

Navigation: Profile > System

Notes

Set the profile option(s) at the levels you selected.

- Profile: enter the profile name, such as AMS: Default Percent Formula, or a wildcard search criterion such as AMS%.
- Field and Variable Values window: Choose APPLICATION_ID. The Value field in the Examine Field and Variable Values window is populated with this value.
- Examine Field and Variable Values window: Choose RESPONSIBILITY_ID. The Value field in the Examine Field and Variable Values window is populated with this value.

Note: When setting profile options it may be necessary to log out and back in (and stop/restart the Web server) for changes to take

Oracle Marketing Profile Option Reference

The following table displays profile options used by Oracle Marketing.

Oracle Marketing Profile Options

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : Admin Group	Required	Site	Select from any group defined in JTF Resource Groups	Resources that are part of this group will have full access to all campaigns, Events, and other marketing objects. Note that this should be a single level group.
AMS : Allow committed budget to exceed total budget	Required	Site Appl Resp User	Yes/No	If set to Yes , the committed amount for a budget can exceed its total budget amount. If set to No , the committed amount may not exceed the total budget amount. Set to no if you
				intend to use budget not just for sourcing but also for imposing financial control over budgetary usage.

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : Allow Recalculation of Committed Budget	Optional	Site	Yes/No	Re-Calculated Committed is an option to re-calculate the necessary funding level based on the actual sales performance of a promotion (i. e. offer). Funds can be increased or decreased. If the promotion performs well, funding can be automatically increased, and vice versa.
				If set to Yes the concurrent process(for recalculate commit) will perform re- calculation of offers' committed amounts.
				If set to No recalculation will not be performed. Users are still able to see the Re-Calculated Committed budget column, it will simply be equal the Committed column.
AMS : Allow updates to Price Lists created in Advanced Pricing from Oracle Marketing	Required	Resp	Yes/No	Selecting Yes will allow Price lists created using Advanced Pricing can be edited in Oracle Marketing.

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : Allow Un- Related ShipTo On Claims	Optional	Site	Yes/No	This profile determines whether the ship to site can be un-related to the bill to site. In both Order Management and in AR this is possible. For example, the bill-to and ship-to may have absolutely no relationship set up. Since TM integrates closely with these two, a similar profile is provided.
AMS : Auto Register for Events upon cancellation	Required	Site	Yes/No	This is used to determine if the attendee can be moved from the waiting list to registered status if a spot is available
AMS : AR Credit Method For Rule	Required	Site Resp	Credit method values from AR	Determines who revenue and transaction line balances will impact when TM creates an invoice credit to settle a deduction. The selections are passed to AR.
AMS : AR Credit Method For Installment	Required	Site Resp	Credit method values from AR	Determines who revenue and transaction line balances will impact when TM creates an invoice credit to settle a deduction. The selections are passed to AR.
AMS: Budget has Grace Period	Optional	Site Appl Resp User	Yes/No	Yes indicates that budgets can have grace periods.

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : Budget Adjustment Grace Period in Days	Optional	Site Appl Resp User	Enter any integer (for number of days)	Budget reconciliation may be performed manually or automatically.
				• If automatic: The "AMS- TM: Release Committed Budget Amount After Grace Period concurrent program is used to reconcile budgets. This program waits before reconciling the sourced budgets of an object after the closing date of the object.
				• If manual: The offer is evaluated on a case by case basis. Use automatic if you would like to sys- tematically reconcile the budgets.
AMS : Choose Date Qualifier Regions	Required	Site	Show All Show Header Dates Show only Date Qualifiers	This profile is used in the Trade Deal Offer User Interface. Based on the setting, the user may either enter date qualifiers or Header Dates or both.

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : Claim Write Off Threshold		Site Appl Resp User		This write- off threshold is defined as the difference between the total and the settlement value returned from AR. For an invoice related deduction, if the difference amount (Claim amount less the AR credit memo amount) is less than this write- off threshold amount, Trade Management will automatically create a write-off claim line and create a negative adjustment to the
AMS: Confirmation URL	Required	Site	URL	invoice. Contact preferences can be updated by the user using self service pages which are invoked by updating the contact preferences link in an e-mail text body. Once the user updates the contact preferences he or she is redirected to the page specified in this
AMS : Copy Event Details to Event Schedules	Required	Site	Yes/No	This is used to allow details of parent Event to be copied to the schedule

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS: Cut Off Percentage for Approval	Optional	Site	Enter any number (for percentage)	This determines what percentage of the estimated budget amount an object must secure in actual funding before the object can go active.
				For example, if you enter 100, it means 100%. An offer's estimated budget amount is \$10K, meaning that it is estimated that this offer must get budget approved for \$10K before the offer can go active.
				This applies only to a Trade Management implementation.
AMS : Implement Contra Charge Payment Method	Required	Site	Yes/No	If set to Yes, "Contra Charge" is a settlement option available when settling claims. Contra charges are used to track offsetting balances for creditors who are also debtors.
AMS : Currency Conversion Type	Required	Site	Select from conversions defined in GL, such as Corporate or Spot.	This is the exchange rate used for converting transactional amounts into the default currency.
AMS : Custom Condition Class	Optional	Site	Java class name of the custom condition	This class is invoked in the runtime when custom conditions are implemented.

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : Cut off percentage for Approvals	Required	Site	Enter a value between 0 and 100	For a marketing object with an Initial Estimated Amount (IEA) value entered into the Budget page for that object to go to Active status, it must obtain budget approval for this percentage of the IEA. During the initial stage, before the object status is Active, requests in excess of the IEA are not allowed.
AMS : Data Mining Across Database Link	Optional	Site	Yes or No	Profile to determine if data mining uses a DB Link. Determines if the installation is a single or dual installation
				No (or no value) for this profile means single installation scenario.
				Yes means a dual installation scenario.
AMS : Data Mining Engine Output Schema	Required	Site	Free form text corresponding to the scoring output schema.	The scoring run result processing program will use the scheme specified to fetch the results.
AMS : Data Mining Debug Enabled	Optional	User	Default value is No. When set to Yes, debug is turned on, when set to No, debug is turned off.	Enables debugging information to be written in the concurrent request log.

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : Data Mining Server JDBC URL	Required for a dual installation	Site	This site level profile option is required if the customer is	The JDBC connect string for the ODM server.
			implementing a dual installation system, where Apps is in one instance and ODM is in another.	Only required for a dual installation data mining scenario.
AMS : Default Amount Formula	Required	Site	Supported Formulas	Used to set the default formula for discount rule. For example, if the value is set to "handling", then when changing the discount type to "amount", the value of the formula is set to "handling".
AMS : Default Bucket for discount rules	Required	Site	Values from Advanced Pricing Lookup PRIC ING_GROUP_ SEQUENCE	The value set here will be used as the default value for buckets in the discount rules.
AMS : Default Budget for a Person	Required	Site Appl Resp User	Choose a budget name from the list of available budgets	During budget request for all objects, users may decide to source from a Budget or from a Person. When sourcing is made to a person, the system will automatically default the budget name specified on this profile on to the budget request. Users will be able to change it on screen.
AMS : Default Currency Code	Required	Site	Select from currencies defined in FND_ CURRENCIES	This becomes the default functional currency. All transactions will be converted and stored in this currency. This will be the default currency for Currency LOV.

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : Default Cust View	Optional	Site Appl	Yes/No	Default value is No .
		Resp User		If set to Yes , a user can see the Budget Customer View from the Budget summary page.
AMS : Default Offer Formula	Optional	Site	Available pricing formulas in Advanced Pricing	This option handles discount rules for product categories when the Unit of Measure is not specified.
AMS : Default Partner Budget	Optional	Site Appl Resp User	Choose a budget name from the list of available budgets	Default budget for a partner
AMS : Default Period in Days for recalculating committed budget	Optional	Site Appl Resp User	Enter any integer (for number of days)	This profile determines how often updates to Re-Calculated Committed are performed. Enter any number greater than or equal to one.
				For example:
				• If set to 1, Re- Calculated Committed change after 1 day.
				• If set to 2, Re- Calculated Committed change after 2 days.

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : Default Percent Formula	Required	Site	Formulas Supported in Advanced Pricing	Used to set the default formula for a Discount Rule having Discount Type "Percent". For example, if the Value is set to "Handling" then when changing the Discount Type to "Percent" the value of Formula is set to "Handling".
AMS : Default Phase for Line level discounts	Required	Site	Available values are derived from Event phase setup in Advanced Pricing	This value will be used as the default value for phase for all discount rules with a discount level of Line.
AMS : Default Phase for Line Group level discounts	Required	Site	Available values are derived from Event phase setup in Advanced Pricing	This value will be used as the default value for phase for all discount rules with a discount level of Group of Lines.
AMS : Default Phase for Order level discounts	Required	Site	Available values are derived from Event phase setup in Advanced Pricing	This value will be used as the default value for phase for all discount rules with a discount level of Order.
AMS : Default Product Stylesheet	Required	Site	User defined	Determines the default stylesheet file for Products.
AMS : Default Schedule Stylesheet	Required	Site	User Defined	Determines the default stylesheet file for Schedules.
AMS : Default Task Status for creating Task Templates	Optional	Site	Depends on JTF Task Statuses	If nothing is entered here, tasks will default to 'unassigned'.
AMS : Default value for Print on Invoice Flag	Required	Site	Yes/No	Used as a default for all discount rules.

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : Default value for Product precedence	Required	Site	User Defined	Used as a default for all discount rules.
AMS : Default value for incompatibility group	Optional	Site Appl Resp User	Choose an incompatibility group from a list of available incompatibility groups set up in Advanced Pricing.	This profile only applies to fully accrued budget. Incompatibility Group is setup Advanced Pricing, it determines how promotions will be grouped together and which ones will be applied together with other promotions.
				Being that a fully accrued budget creates an offer in the background, and being that the offer will by default have this incompatibility group, this concerns a fully accrued budget.
				Users can change this defaulted value while setting up the fully accrued budget.
AMS : Email Footer Banner	Optional	User	Image File and Path	Image for the email footer of an email blast.
AMS : Email Header Banner	Optional	User	Image File and Path	Image for the email header of an email blast.
AMS Enable Fulfillment	Optional	Site	Yes/No	Enables Oracle One-to-One Fulfillment Service Integration.
AMS : Enable Tip Text	Optional	User	Yes/No	Tip text will be displayed in the UI.

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : HZ Dedupe Rule	Optional	Site	Yes/No	Indicates whether deduplication rules are in effect for records placed into TCA.
AMS: Implement Contra Charge payment method	Required	Site	Yes/No	If set to Yes, "Contra Charge" is a settlement option available when settling claims. Contra charges are used to track offsetting balances for creditors who are also debtors.
AMS : Implement Client File Size	Required	Site	Numeric value	Default value is 1000000. For Oracle Marketing List Import functionality, this value sets the file size limit in terms of bytes that can be uploaded by client.
AMS : Implement Payables Integrations	Optional	Site Appl Resp User	Yes/No	This profile value will determine the availability of the "check" settlement method in Trade Management. A setting of Yes means that settlement by Check is available.
AMS : Import Control File Path	Required	Site	Control File Location	Path for the bin directory (\$AMS_ TOP/bin)
				Improper setup will cause the server side import to fail.
AMS : Import Date File Path	Required	Site	Data File Location	Path for the data file location Improper setup will cause the server side import to fail.

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS: Interaction Logging Enabled	Optional	Site	-	To enable click-through destination logging in Interaction History, each time a customer/ prospect clicks the URL, set AMS: Interaction Logging Enabled at site level.
				If set to Yes, each click-through is logged in Interaction History, in the JTF Interaction History Tables.
				If set to No, each click-through is not logged. This logging trail tracks the following information from the click through:
				• Party-id
				 Campaign Schedule source code
				 Time and Date of the click-through
AMS : Item Validation Master Organization	Required	Site	A Valid Master Inventory Organization	When a deliverable is flagged as an inventory item, it is created in Inventory under the specified master organization.

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS: Inventory Item Update Allows	Optional	Site	Yes/No	Default value is no. a Marketer is able to update products created within the Oracle Marketing application. However, if a Marketer wants to be able update products from Oracle Inventory, set this value to Yes at Site level.
AMS : Marketing Calendar	Required	Site	Accounting Setting	Seeded value for this profile is Null. The Calendar needs to be created and associated to this profile. For Oracle Marketing objects, the time periods come from the marketing calendar. The Marketing Calendar setups are performed prior to implementing Oracle Marketing.
AMS : Marketing to ODM Database Link	Required	Site	All database links in the database.	This profile is only necessary if implementing ODM in a dual instance environment. The value of this profile options should be the name of the database link from the Oracle Marketing database instance to the ODM database instance. It allows Oracle Marketing to read scoring run results from the ODM results tables.

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS: Merchant Party ID	Optional	Site	Choose from a list of Parties provided	This value determines the party ID of the current active merchant.
				This sets the merchant ID for the creation of affiliate placements.
				This option must be set before creating an affiliate site.
AMS : OA_Media Path	Optional	Site	Physical file path of media directory where the image files are stored.	This is used in the upgrade process to read the files from the media directory and store them in the database.
AMS : ODM to Marketing Database Link	Optional	Site	Name of database link	Profile to determine the DB Link from ODM to APPS database. It is only required for a dual installation data mining scenario.
AMS : Offer Confidential Flag	Optional	Site	Yes/No	Used to set default value for Confidential flag in Offer Creation form. For example, if setting to Yes, then every time an offer is created, it will default to confidential (which can be overridden).
AMS : Offer Discount Level	Required	Site		Used to set default value for Offer discount level. For example if setting to Line, and minimum volume is 5, then each order line will have a minimum quantity of five to get a discount.

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : Posting Runtime Shopping Cart Currency	Required	Site	Select from a list of values. USD is the default.	Determines the currency in which shopping cart amounts are measured.
AMS : Queue : Marketing Lists - Manual Assignments	Optional	All	Yes/No	This profile determines if a user can work on Marketing Lists - Manual Assignments. This profile assigns the user a universal work queue. In UWQ you can enable or disable a note that is exposed by telesales.
AMS : Queue Order : Marketing Lists - Manual Assignments	Optional	All	Yes/No	This profile is only applicable when Oracle Marketing is integrated with Oracle Telesales. Determines the order of appearance for the Universal Work Queue. This is only applicable if the profile AMS: Queue: Marketing Lists - Manual Assignment is enabled.
AMS : Prefix to Registration Confirmation Code	Optional	Site	User Defined	Characters for the Event Registration Confirmation Code.
AMS : Pricelist Header Name for Events	Required	Site	User defined entry	Enter the name of the default price list for Events.

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : Price Different Budget	ent Budget Appl from a list of		This is used for accruals created by the AMS-TM: Charge back Accruals concurrent process (which do not have any budgets assigned).	
				imports sell- through sales data into TM, often for the purpose of forecasting or creating promotional accruals for indirect customers.
AMS : Profile Search Set Size	Required	User	Numeric	Indicates the number of rows displayed in selection windows.
AMS: Relationship Type for Buying Group	Required	Site	Any valid relationship type created in TCA	Used to establish a hierarchical group of customers in TCA. For example, if value is set to subsidiaries then all parties who share this relationship will be part of a buying group. These are used as qualification criteria for offers.

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : Root Section for Price List Report	Required	Site	Sections defined in the hierarchy Tab of iStore's Merchant UI	Price list report available from the overview page will utilize the section set in this profile to determine the section hierarchy. Items can be grouped into sections. Sections in turn can be grouped into other sections, creating a hierarchical structure.
AMS: Server URL	Optional	Site	User Defined	This value determines the runtime URL path of the server. Used to generate API details for affiliates during placement definition.
				before creating any affiliate placement definition. For example: http:
				//YourHostName: PortNum
AMS : Scan Data UOM	Required	Site	All possible UOM values	Used to set the default value for UOM in the Discount rules for Scan Data Offers. For example if you choose "Each" then each empty Discount Rule in Scan Data Offers will appear with UOM as "Each".
AMS : Should Call to Inventory Modules be Made?	Required	Site	Yes/No	Indicates whether a deliverable or an Event may be created as an Oracle Inventory item.

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : Should call to Pricing Modules be Made?	Required	Site	Yes/No	Indicates whether a deliverable or an Event may be priced.
AMS : Show GL Accounts On Screen	Required	User	Yes/No	Default is Yes. If Yes is selected the Sales/ Expense Account field and the Accrual Liability Account field appear in the Create Budget page.
AMS : Source Code Date Format	Required	Site	Less than 6 characters	Used in the generation of source codes. The value has to be less than 6 characters (ex. "MMDDYY").
				Apache Server needs to be bounced after setting the profile options.
AMS : Source Code sequence length	Required	Site	Value must be between 1 and 10	Source Code includes Geography code, Month code, Activity code, Source code digits and Suffix. 2.
				The value can be anything between 1 to 10 (4 or 5 is recommended).
				Apache Server needs to be bounced after setting the profile options.

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : Source From Parent Object	Required	Site	Yes/No	Determines whether campaign schedules and Event Schedules are sourced from their parent campaigns and Events (Yes) or from budgets (No). Campaigns and Events, themselves, may only be sourced from budgets.
AMS : Store Date in Qualifiers	Required	Site	Yes/No	Used to specify the location to store date qualifiers in the offers. If this is set to Yes, the date qualifier (for example, shipping date) is stored in the qualifier. If the value is set to No, the date qualifier is stored in the header.

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : Universal Currency	Required	Site	Choose any valid currency from a list of available currencies	This profile determines the currency for the rollup view. It allows the rollup view of a budget to display correctly by converting all entries to a single currency.
				Different users will, however, be able to see the Rollup View in different currencies based on the user level profile option JTF_PROFILE_DEFAULT_CURRENCY. (In other words, the universal currency profile is simply for storage in the background).
				Once set the profile should not be changed.
AMS : Update Claim Access	Optional	Site User	Yes/No	This profile controls whether non-claim owners AND non-claim team members get update or view access to the claims.
AMS : UOM Area	Required	Site	Depends on UOM Setup	If not set correctly, will not be displayed for fields that use UOM (for example, area in square feet).
AMS : UOM Length	Required	Site	Depends on UOM Setup	If not set correctly, will not be displayed for fields that use UOM (for example, length in feet).

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : UOM Quantity	Required	Site	Depends on UOM Setup	If not set correctly, will not be displayed for fields that use UOM (for example, units in each).
AMS: UOM Time	Required	Site	Depends on UOM Setup	If not set correctly, will not be displayed for fields that use UOM (for example, time in minutes).
AMS : Upgrade Complete Flag	Optional	Site	Yes/No	Yes means no upgrade and No means will upgrade data.
AMS : Upgrade iMarketing	Optional	Site	Yes/No	Used to determine whether to upgrade iMarketing data from the previous version.
AMS : User Country	Required	User	Select from valid countries	Defaults new objects to this country when created.

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
AMS : Validate Market and	Required	Site	Yes/No	Default value is No .
Product Eligibility Between Object and Budget				If set to Yes, the product and marketing eligibility of an offer must fall within the targets of the budget. The eligibilities of a budget must include those of an offer. Even if different parameters are used for defining these eligibilities (e.g. budget uses Territories, but offer uses Customer), the validation procedure can still decide whether the offer falls within budget (e.g. budget says "US West" territory, offer says "Business World", the procedure will figure out, based on the definition of the US West territory, whether it includes the customer Business World in it).
AMS : Validation Level	Optional	User	0-100	This profile option affects the validation severity at the database level. A value of 100 (Maximum value of 100) would cause the APIs to validate the passed data very stringently.
HZ: Address Key Length	Optional	Site	Length of the Address	This determines the length of Address key.

Option	Required/	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
BIM Month Period Type	Optional Required	Syst	-	Select the month period type defined on the Marketing Calendar.
BIM Quarter Period Type	Required	Syst	-	Select the quarter period type defined on the Marketing Calendar.
BIM Year Period Type	Required	Syst	-	Select the year period type defined on the Marketing Calendar.
Client Timezone	Required	User	Select from a List of Timezone Values	This profile is used by the Marketing AP Is for converting user entered date and time to server specific date and time.
				This profiles replaces AMS: CLIENT_TIME_ZONE_ID.
HZ: Key Word Count	Optional	Site	Number of words	This number determines how many words in the customer name are used to generate the keys.
HZ: Postal Code Key Length	Optional	Site	Length of the Postal Code	This determines the length of Postal Code key.
IBE: Use Web Placements	Required	Арр	Yes/No	Determines whether placements are displayed. Required only when implementing iStore.
ICX: Discoverer End User Layer	Required	Site	User Defined	EUL prefix for Discoverer, Usually EUL4
ICX: Discoverer Launcher	Required	Site	User Defined	URL to launch Discoverer Web version

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
ICX: Discoverer Use Viewer	Optional	Site	Yes/No	Whether to use viewer instead Web Discoverer. Defaulted to No.
ICX: Discoverer Viewer Launcher	Required	Site	User Defined	URL to launch Discoverer viewer
JTF Home Page File Name	Optional	Site or App	User Defined.	Enter a file name of the jsp file (for example, jtfhomepage. jsp). If no value is supplied, a generic information page is displayed. If a file is supplied it will be displayed on the homepage.
JTF_FM_BASE_ IMAGE_URL	Optional	Site	Host and port name of application installation instance	If adding images to templates this profile must be set at site level. When uploading images to be stored in the database, the application must be enabled to retrieve files from the database. This profile enables this retrieval. The value of this profile must be set to the same value as your application installation. For example: http:// <host_name>:<port_number>/OA_HTML/</port_number></host_name>

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
JTF_FM_ UNSUBSCRIBE_ TEXT	Optional	Site	Replace host and port with your host name and port number.	Use this profile to enable users to unsubscribe from email blasts.
				@ Click <a a="" here<="" href="http://host:port/ OA_HTML/ amsContact PreferencesMain. jsp?PAGE.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>OBJ.requestId=
&PAGE.OBJ.obj
Id=">to unsubscribe.
OSO: Minimum search string length	Optional	Site or User	User Defined	The default setting is 0. This profile determines the number of characters that must be entered before performing a search.
OSO: Search Lead Wildcard	Optional	Any	Yes/No	If Yes, the wildcard (%) will be allowed as the first character in a search string. If No, and the wildcard is entered as the first character, the system will give the user an error message.
OSO : Customer Access Privilege	Required	Resp	Full	Set this profile to Full in order to grant access the Venue subtab.
QP: Accrual UOM Class	Required	Site	UOM Classes as set up in Inventory	Used by accrual offers. All accrual units will fall under this UOM class. For example, frequent flyer miles.

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
QP: Item Validation Organization	Required	Resp	Select from Inventory Organizations as set up in Inventory	Offers can be defined only for those products which will be available in the specified organization. Required for all offers.
				Prices may be defined only for those products which will be available in the specified organization.
Server Timezone	Required	Site	Select from a List of Timezone Values	This profile is used by the Marketing AP Is for converting user entered date and time to server specific date and time.
				Note: AMS : SERVER_T IMEZONE_ID is obsolete and Server Timezone should be used instead.
QP: Source System Code	Required	Resp	Possible Source Systems that can define offers	Offers created using this relationship are tagged with this system source code and will be used to determine update privileges of offers within the pricing module.
Task Manager: Default assignee status	Optional	App	User Defined	Specifies the default assignee status when creating or assigning a task.
Task Manager: Default Priority	Optional	App	User Defined	Specifies the default task priority when creating a task.

Option	Required/ Optional	Level	Setting	Effect/Limitation
Task Manager: Default Task Status	Optional	Арр	User Defined	Required for implementing a task transition rule. This profile option must be set to the initial status of the rule.
Task Manager: Owner type for a task	Optional	Арр	User Defined	Specifies the default task type when creating a task.
AMS: Enable List Recalculation and Preview	Optional	Site	User Defined	If this profile value is set to "Yes", the Recalculate and the Preview Entries functions are enabled.

Oracle Marketing Lookup Reference

This appendix covers the following topics:

- Understanding Lookups
- Creating New Lookup Types
- Oracle Marketing Lookup Reference

Understanding Lookups

Lookups provide the list of values (LOVs) that appear in Oracle Marketing user interface drop-down lists. Lookup values make choosing information quick and easy, they ensure that users enter only valid data into Oracle Marketing.

Most Lookups are predefined (seeded in the application), the seeded value can be left as is, or they can be customized to fit your business needs. Lookups are stored in the FND_LOOKUPS table which is part of the Application Object Library (AOL).

You can add new Lookups Values at any time. You can set the Enable Flag for a Value to No, so that it will no longer appear in the list of values, or you can use the Start and End Dates to control when a value will appear in a list.

When implementing Oracle Marketing you will be setting three types of Lookups:

- System: System Lookups may not be modified or deleted, and may not have additional values added.
- Extensible: Extensible Lookups may have additional values added to the list. Seeded extensible Lookups may not be deleted.
- User: User Lookups are completely modifiable. They may be modified and/or added to. Seeded user Lookups, if any, may be modified or deleted.

Note: All levels of Lookups may have their visible values modified.

Creating New Lookup Types

To create a new lookup type, add values to an existing lookup type, or prevent existing values from appearing in a lookup type, use the Application Utilities Lookups window. You must log out and log in again to see the effect of your changes.

To define a new Lookup type and Lookup value, log in to Oracle Forms with System Administrator Responsibility.

Navigation: Application > Lookups

Notes

- Global Security Group: If you want to add lookup values specific to the security group/business group linked to your current responsibility, de-select the Global Security Group check box. Existing lookup values are available to all business groups.
- Start Date: If you do not enter a start date, the new lookup is valid immediately. If you do not enter an end date, the new lookup is valid indefinitely.
- To add a new value to an existing Lookup, query and find the existing lookup. Note that you may add values to Extensible and User lookups.

Oracle Marketing Lookup Reference

The following table lists the Lookup settings used by Oracle Marketing.

Oracle Marketing Lookup Values

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AGGREGATE_BY	System	YEAR	Year
		MONTH	Month
		QTR	Quarter
		INCREMENT	Increment
AMS_ACCESS_TYPE	System	Group	Group
		User	User
AMS_ ACCRUAL_	System	Customer	Customer
BASIS		Sales	Sales
AMS_ ADJUST-	Extensible	Decrease_Committed	Decrease Committed
MENT_TYPE		Decrease_ Comm_	Amount
		Earned	Decrease Committed and Earned Amounts
		Decrease_ Earned	Decrease Earned
		Standard	Amount
			Increase Earned
			Amount
AMS_ BUDGET_	System	Approved	Approved
SOURCE_STATUS		Closed	Closed
		New	Planning
		Pending	Pending
		Rejected	Rejected
AMS_ BUDGET_	User	Credit	Credit
TRANS_TYPE		Debit	Debit
AMS_CAMP_FULF ILL_ON	System	On_Invite	On Invite

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_CAMP_	System	EONE	One-Off Event
RELATED_ EVENT		EVEH	Event
		EVEO	Event Schedule
AMS_CAMPAIGN_	Extensible	Awareness	Awareness
PURPOSE		Lead	Lead Generation (?)
		Lead_ Maturation	Lead Maturation
		Sales_ Readiness	Sales Readiness
AMS_CAMPAIGN_	System	Active	Active
SCHEDULE_STATUS		Archived	Archived
		Available	Available
		Cancelled	Cancelled
		Closed	Closed
		Completed	Completed
		Denied_BA	Denied Budget
		New	Approval
		On_Hold	New
		Submitted_BA	Active, but locked
			Pending Budget Approval
AMS_ CAMPAIGN_	System	Active	Active
STATUS		Archived	Archived
		Available	Available
		Cancelled	Cancelled
		Closed	Closed
		Completed	Completed
		Denied_BA	Denied Budget
		Denied_TA	Approval
		New	Denied Theme Approval
		On_Hold	New
		Planning	Active, but locked
		Submitted_Budget	Planned
		Approval	Submitted for Budget
		Submitted_Theme Approval	Approval
		11 **	Submitted for Theme Approval
AMS_CLAIM_ CLASS	System	Claim	Claim
	*		

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_CLAIM_ H	System	Changes	Changes
ISTORY_ EVENT		Line	Line
		New	New
		Split	Split
AMS_CLAIM_	System	Check	Check
PAYMENT_ METHOD		Credit_Memo	Credit Memo
		Debit_Memo	Debit Memo
AMS_CLAIM_	System	Approved	Approved
STATUS		Cancelled	Cancelled
		Closed	Closed
		Complete	Complete
		Duplicate	Duplicate
		New	New
		Open	Open
		Pending	Pending
		Pending_Approval	Pending Approval
		Pending_Close	Pending Close
		Rejected	Rejected
AMS_CONTACT_PO	Extensible	Address	Address
NT_TYPE		Email	Email
		Fax	Fax
		Inbound_script	Inbound Script
		Outbound_script	Outbound Script
		Phone	Phone
		Website	Website
		Proposal	Proposal
AMS_CONTENT_TY	Extensible	HTML	HTML
PE		Text	Text
			Used for email schedules
AMS_ CREATION_ S	System	+	Positive
GN	,	-	Negative
AMS_DEDUCTION_	System	Adjustment	Adjustment
PAYMENT_ METHOD		Chargeback	Chargeback
		Contra_Charge	Contra Charge
		Credit_Memo	On Account Credit
		Debit_Memo	Debit Memo
		Reg_Credit_Memo	Invoice Credit
		Write_Off	Write Off

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_DELIV_STATUS	User	Archived	Archived
		Available	Available
		Cancelled	Cancelled
		Denied_BA	Denied - Budget Approval
		New	New
		Submitted_BA	Submitted - Budget
		Superceded	Approval
		Expired	Superceded
		Denied_TA	Expired
		Budget_Appr Submitted_TA	Denied - Concept Approval
			Budget Approved
			Submitted - Concept Approval
AMS_DELIVERY_	Extensible	I SEMINAR	I Seminar
MEDIA_TYPE		ON_SITE	On Site
		SEMINAR	Seminar
		WEB	Web
AMS_DM_ MODEL_	System	Available	Available
STATUS		Draft	Draft
		Building	Building
		Scheduled	Scheduled
		Scoring	Scoring
		Archived	Archived
		Expired	Expired
		Custom	Custom
		Preview	Preview
		Queued	Queued
AMS_DM_ MODEL_	System	Email	Email Response
TYPE		Telemarketing DirectMail	Telemarketing Response
			Direct Mail Response
		Loyalty Custom	Loyalty
		Custom	Custom

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_DM_ SCORE_ STATUS	System	Draft	Draft
		Scheduled	Scheduled
		Scoring	Scoring
		Completed	Completed
		Archived	Archived
		Preview	Preview
		Queued	Queued
AMS_DM_ SOURCE_	System	Standard	Generated List
TYPE		Cell	Segment
		CSCH	Campaign Schedule
		DIWB	Discoverer Workbook
AMS_DM_ TARGET_	System	Business	Organization Contacts
GROUP_ TYPE		Consumer	Persons
AMS_DM_ TARGET_	System	Binary	Binary
VALUE_ TYPE		Categorical	Categorical
		Continuous	Continuous
AMS_EVENT_	System	Confirmed	Confirmed
AGENDA_STATUS		Unconfirmed	Unconfirmed
AMS_EVENT_	System	Agenda_Change	Agenda Change
ATTENDANCE_FA ILURE		Disaster	Natural Disaster
ILORE		Personal_Emergency	Personal Emergency
		Schedule_Conflict	Schedule Conflict
		Speaker_Change	Speaker Change
		Venue_Change	Venue Change
		Work_Emergency	Work Emergency
AMS_EVENT_	System	Disaster	Natural Disaster
CANCEL_ REASON		Insufficient_Reg	Insufficient
		Postponed	Registration
		Schedule_Conflict	Postponed
		Speaker_ Unavailable	Schedule Conflict
		Venue_Unavailable	Speaker not available
			Venue not avaialble
AMS_EVENT_CERT_	System	General	General
CREDIT_ TYPE		Seed	Seed

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_EVENT_DAY	System	Five	5
		Four	4
		Three	3
		Two	2
		One	1
AMS_EVENT_FULF	System	On_Cancel	On Cancellation
ILL_ON		On_Enroll	On Enrollment
		On_Reg	On Registration
AMS_EVENT_FULF	System	On_Cancel	On Cancellation
ILL_ON		On_Enroll	On Enrollment
		On_Reg	On Registration
AMS_EVENT_LEVEL	System	Main	Main
		Sub	Sub
AMS_EVENT_	System	Comp	Complimentary
PAYMENT_STATUS	,	Free	Free
		Invoiced	Invoiced
		Paid	Paid
		Refunded	Refunded
AMS_EVENT_PUR POSE	N/A	N/A	(Obsolete)
AMS_EVEH_PUR POSE	User	Organization defined values	Purpose for the Event.
AMS_EVENT_REG_	System	Agenda_Change	Agenda Change
CANCEL_REASON		Cost	Cost
		Personal_Emergency	Personal Emergency
		Price_Change	Price Change
		Sch_Conflict	Scheduling Conflict
		Speaker_Change	Speaker Change
		Venue_Change	Venue Change
		Work_Emergency	Work Emergency
AMS_EVENT_REG_	System	Call_Center	Call Center
SOURCE		External	External
		On_Site	On Site
		Partner	Partner
		Web	Web

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_EVENT_REG_	System	Cancelled	Cancelled
STATUS		Enrolled	Enrolled
		Registered	Registered
		Targeted	Targeted
		Waitlisted	Waitlisted
AMS_EVENT_ RESOURCE_TYPE	System	AMS_People	People
AMS_EVENT_ SCHEDULE_OBJECT IVE	N/A	N/A	(Obsolete)
AMS_EVEO_OBJECT IVE	User	Organization defined values	Objective for the Event.
AMS_EVENT_S	System	Booked	Booked
PEAKER_STATUS		Cancelled	Cancelled
		Confirmed	Confirmed
		Scheduled	Scheduled
AMS_EVENT_	System	Active	Active
STATUS		Archived	Archived
		Available	Available
		Cancelled	Cancelled
		Closed	Closed
		Completed	Completed
		Denied_BA	Denied Budget
		Denied_TA	Approval
		New	Denied Concept Approval
		On_Hold	New
		Submitted_BA	Active, but locked
		Submitted_TA	Pending Budget
		Planning	Approval Pending Concept
			Approval Planning
AMS_EVENT_	System	٨	_
STREAM_ TYPE	System	A B	A B
		С	С
		D	D
		ν	ν

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_EVENT_TYPE	System	Briefing	Briefing
(Event Activities)		Conference	Conference
		Exhibition	Exhibition
		Hospitality	Hospitality
		Internal_Event	Internal Event
		Launch	Launch
		Seminar	Seminar
		Speaking_	Speaking Engagement
		Engagement	Sponsorship
		Sponsorship_Event	Trade Show
		Trade_Show	Web Seminar
		Web_Seminar	Workshop
		Workshop	
AMS_EVENT_WAITL IST_ ACTION	System	First_Come_First	First Come First Served
AMS_FUND_	System	CAMP	Campaign
SOURCE		EVEH	Event
		EVEO	Event Schedule
		FUND	Budget
		CSCH	Campaign Schedule
		DELV	Deliverable
		EONE	One Off Event
		OFFR	Offer
		PTNR	Partner
		OPTN	Other Partner
		VEND	Vendor
		USER	Person
AMS_FUND_ STATUS	System	Active	Active
AMS_TOND_STATES	System	Archived	Archived
		Cancelled	Cancelled
		Closed	Closed
		Draft	Draft
		On_Hold	On Hold
		Pending	Pending Approval
		Rejected	Rejected
		•	•
AMS_FUND_ TYPE	System	Fixed	Fixed
		Fully_ Accrued	Fully Accrued
AMS_GL_ DATE_TY	System	Claim_Date	Claim Date
PE		Due_Date	Due Date
		System_Date	System Date
		, <u> </u>	•

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_GL_EVENT_L INE_TYPE	System	Accrual_Liability Expense_Account Rec_Clearing Ven_Clearing	Accrual Liability Expense Account Receivable Clearing Acct. Vendor Clearing Account
AMS_GL_ EVENT_ STATUS	System	Accounted Accounted_With_ Error Created	Accounted Accounted with Error Created a New Transaction
AMS_GL_ EVENT_TY PE	System	Accrual Accrual_Adjustment Contra_Charge Settle_By_Credit Settle_By_WO Settle_By_Check	Accrual Liability Accrual Adjustment Settle by Contra Charge Settle by Credit Memo Settle to Writing Off Settle by Payment Voucher
AMS_ HISTORY_ RULES_ OBJECT	System	Claim	Claim
AMS_ IMPORT_ STATUS	System	New Staged Scheduled Completed Purged Cancelled Error	New Import Entries are imported and available for viewing Import is setup and ready to be completed at the scheduled time. Import completed. Imported entries have been purged from the Marketing Import Table. The list import has been cancelled and may not be reactivated. An error occurred during list import.
AMS_IMPORT_TYPE	System	Customer Event Lead	Organizations, Persons and TCA data. Event registration data. Leads data.
AMS_LIST_ ACT_TY PE	User	Employee List List	Target group list selection type

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_LIST_ DEDUP_ TYPE	User	List Import Consumers Import Organizations	Type of Deduplication Rules to be applied.
AMS_LIST_GENERAT ION_ TYPE	System	Incremental Standard Update Update No Purge	New entries added, old entries not deleted, entries not updated All old entries deleted, new entries added New entries added, old entries not meeting criteria deleted, entry information updated New entries added, old entries retained, entry information updated
AMS_LIST_ ROW_ SELECT_ TYPE	System	Nth Record Random Standard	How to select rows during list generation. Standard is top down selection.
AMS_LIST_ SEGMENT_STATUS	User	Archived Available Cancelled Draft Expired	Archived Available Cancelled Draft Expired
AMS_LIST_ SEGMENT_ TYPE	System	Workbook SQL	Two types of segments supported. Based on a Discoverer workbook or an SQL statement.
AMS_LIST_SELECT ION_ ACTION	System	Include Exclude Intersect	How each selection is added to the list. Exclude means that all entries that exist in the excluded list are removed from the current list. Intersect causes the current list to become a list of only those entries which are on the intersected list and the current list.
AMS_LIST_ SELECT ION_ TYPE	System	Segment Workbook Import List List SQL	Segment Workbook Import List List SQL

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_LIST_STATUS	System	Archived	Archived
		Available	Available
		Cancelled	Cancelled
		Draft	Draft
		Executed	Executed
		Executing	Executing
		Generating	Generating
		Locked	Locked
		New	New
		Pending	Pending
		Reserved	Reserved
		Scheduled	Scheduled
		Validated	Validated
		Validating	Validating
AMS_LIST_ TYPE	System	Manual List	List of possible list
		Standard List	types. Note where these appear in the
		Suppression List	program.
		Target Group	
AMS_LUMPSUM_D	System	%	Percent
ISTRIBUTION_ TYPE		Amt	Amount
		Qty	Quantity
AMS_ MASTER_ OBJECT_ TYPE	System	Camp	Campaign
Object_111E		CSCH	Campaign Schedule
		EONE	One-Off Event
		EVEH	Event
AMS_MEDIA_TYPE	System	Broadcast	Advertising
		Deal	Deal
		Direct_Marketing	Direct Marketing
		Events	Events
		Internet	Web Marketing
		In_Store	In Store
		Public_Relations	Press and Analyst Relations
		Trade_Promotion	Trade Promotions
AMS_OBJECT_	System	Invoice	Invoice
CLASS		Order	Order
		Order_line	Order Line
		PCHO	

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_OBJECT_	System	Created	Created
USAGE_TYPE		Used_By	Used By
AMS_OFFER_ DEAL_	Extensible	Buyer	Buyer Group
CUSTOMER_ TYPES		Customer	Customer
		List	List
		Segment	Segment
AMS_OFFER_ LUM	System	Accrue	Accrue
PSUM_ PAYMENT		Check	Issue Check
AMS_OFFER_	System	Active	Active
STATUS		Closed	Closed
		Draft	Draft
		Rejected	Budget Rejected
		Closed	Closed
		Pending	Pending budget
		Pending_Active	approval
		Archived	Pending Active
		Cancelled	Archived
		Completed	Cancelled
		Terminated	Completed
		Onhold	Terminated
			On hold
AMS_OFFER_ TYPE	System	OID	Promotional Goods
		Lumpsum	Lump sum
		Order	Order value
		Accrual	Accruals
		Off_Invoice	Off Invoice
		Deal	Trade Deal
		Terms	Terms Upgrade
AMS_OFFER_LUMP_	System	Buyer	Buyer
CUST_ TYPES		Customer	Customer
AMS_PARTNER_	System	PTNR	Partner
HOLDING_TYPE		VEND	Vendor
(Holding Owner)			Only used when Partners Online is implemented.
AMS_ PAYMENT_	System	Incomplete	Incomplete
STATUS		Interfaced	Interfaced
		Paid	Paid

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_PLCE_ LOCAT ION_ CODE	Extensible	Left1, Left2Left7	Positions for
		Right1, Right2 Right7	placements
		Тор	
		Bottom	
AMS_PLCE_ SITE_ CATEGORY	System	Oracle_Applications Other_Applications Affiliates	Oracle Applications Other Applications Affiliates
AMS_POST_ AUD	System	S	Segment
IENCE_ TYPE	,	L	List
AMS_POST_ BUSPR	System	None	None
IOR	,	Random	Random (for all)
(Business Priority)		Prod_list_ price Campaign_ Start_Date Campaign_ End_Date Campaign_ Priority	List Price (for products only) Start Date, End Date, or Priority (for campaign schedules).
AMS_POST_ CATEGORY	System	Universal Rulebased	Posting types: Universal or based on a rule.
AMS_POST_ CND_ DATA_ TYPE	System	Float String	Data Types returnable by Custom Condition Class.
AMS_POST_ COMP_	System	EQ	Equal to
OPERATOR		GTE LTE	Greater than or equal to
		LIL	Less than or equal to
			Used to compare shopping cart amount.
AMS_POST_	System	Product	Product
CONTENT_TYPES		Offer	Web Offer
		Schedule	Web Advertisement
AMS_POST_	System	Prod_viewed	The product context
PREDEF_ PROD_ CONTEXT		Prod_in_cart	for relationship based strategy.
AMS_POST_ RELAT IONSHIPS	System	Promoting Relationship types not covered by <i>i</i> Store	Promoting is a relationship not covered by <i>i</i> Store, as in promoting a product.
AMS_POST_STATUS	System	Active	-
		Inactive	

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_POST_ STRATEGY_ TYPE	System	Manual_Selection Product_Relationship	Manually selected strategy
		Inferred_OP	Strategy based on product relationship
		Custom	Inferred based on Personalization
			Custom strategy
AMS_ PRICE LIST_	System	Active	Active
STATUS		Draft	Draft
		Rejected	Rejected
		Pending Cancelled	Pending Budget Approval
		Cancened	Cancelled
AMS_PRIOR_ SORT_	System	Asc	Ascending
ORDER	,	Desc	Descending
AMS_ PRIORITY	System	Fast_Track	Fast Track
	-	– High	High
		Standard	Standard
AMS_ PRODUCT_ LEVEL	System	Product	Product
		Family	Product Family
AMS_ PROGRAM_ OBJECTIVE	User	User Defined	-
AMS_ PROGRAM_	System	Active	Active
STATUS	•	Archived	Archived
		Cancelled	Cancelled
		Completed	Completed
		New	New
		On_Hold	Active, but locked
AMS_QP_ARITHMET	System	%	Percent
IC _OPERATOR		Amt	Amount
		Lumpsum	Lump sum
		Newprice	New Price
AMS_QP_ VOLUME_	System	Pricing_Attribute10	Quantity
TYPE		Pricing_Attribute12	Amount
AMS_QUARTERS	System	Q1	Q1
		Q2	Q2
		Q3	Q3

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings	
AMS_ REASON_ CODE_TYPE	User	Adjust_Reason	Adjustment Reason	
		Invoicing_Reason	Invoicing Reason	
AMS_ROLLUP_TYPE	Extensible	Coll	Collection	
		Deal	Deal	
		ECAM	Campaign	
		EVCAM	Event Promotions	
		Partner	Partner	
		RCAM	Program	
		TRDP	Trade Promotion	
AMS_SCHEDULE_ OBJECTIVE	User	User Defined	-	
AMS_TRANSFER_ REASON	User	Sourcing	Initial Sourcing	
AMS_TRANSFER_TY	Extensible	Release	Release	
PE		Reserve	Reserve	
		Transfer	Transfer	
		Request	Request	
		Utilized	Utilized	
AMS_TRIGGER_ CHK_METRIC_TYPE	System	Actual	Actual Value	
		Forecast	Forecast Value	
AMS_ TRIGGER_	System	DIWB	Workbook	
CHK_TYPE		Metric	Metric	
		Static_Value	Static Value	
AMS_ TRIGGER_	System	Daily	The frequency of	
FREQUENCY_TYPE	S) Stelli	Hourly	trigger checking	
		Monthly		
		None		
		Quarterly		
		Weekly		
		Yearly		
AMS_TRIGGER_TY	System	Metric_Metric	Metric to Metric type	
PE	-	Metric_Value	trigger	
		Metric_Workbook	Metric to Value type trigger	
			Metric to Workbook type trigger	

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
AMS_UTILIZATION_	System	Accrual	Accrual
TYPE		Adjustment	Adjustment
		Sales_ Accrual Utilized	Sales Accrual (refers to the salesperson)
		Cunzea	Utilized
AMS_VALUE_LIMIT	Extensible	Balance	Balance
		Committed	Committed
		Paid	Paid
		Planned	Planned
		Utilized	Utilized
AMS_YEARS	System	1995	1995
		1996	1996
		1997	1997
		1998	1998
		1999	1999
		2000	2000
		2001	2001
		2002	2002
IBE_ RELATIONSHI P_TYPES	Extensible	Possible relationships between Products like Cross Sell, Up Sell.	This is an <i>i</i> Store lookup type.

Key	Туре	Values	Meanings
INVENTORY_ITEM_ STATUS_CODE	User	ACTIVE	Active
		INACTIVE	Inactive
ITEM_TYPE	Extensible	AI	ATO Option Class
		AOC	ATO item
		ATO	ATO model
		CONSULTING	Contracts - consulting
		EDU	Contracts - Education
		FG	Contracts - KIT
		FRT	Contracts - Media
		I	Contracts - Software
		K	License
		KIT	Contracts - Training
		M	Finished good
		MEDIA	Freight
		NRI	Inventory Type
		OC	Kit
		OP	Model
		P	Non-recurring
		PF	Option Class
		PH	Outside Processing
		PL	Item
		POC	PTO Option Class
		PTO	PTO model
		REF	Phantom item
		RI	Planning
		SA	Product Family
		SI	Purchased Item
		SW LIC	Recurring
		TRAIN	Reference Item
			Subassembly supply item

Oracle Marketing Request Set and **Concurrent Program Reference**

This appendix covers the following topics:

- Running Concurrent Programs
- Checking Concurrent Program Status
- **Oracle Marketing Request Sets**
- Oracle Marketing Concurrent Program Reference

Running Concurrent Programs

Many operational processes for Oracle Marketing require Concurrent Programs to run. They can run on a scheduled basis or on an as required basis. Use the following instructions for running any Oracle Applications concurrent program or program set.

See the Oracle Applications System Administrator's Guide for complete details on Oracle Applications concurrent programs.

To run concurrent programs, log in to Oracle Forms with appropriate responsibility and submit a new request. For Oracle applications concurrent programs, the responsibility varies by module.

Checking Concurrent Program Status

To check the status of a concurrent program, log in to Oracle Forms with System Administrator Responsibility.

Navigation: Concurrent > Request

Notes

- In the Find Request window, search for your concurrent program request.
 - If the server is not busy, then selecting Find may be the fastest way to find your
 - If the server is busy, it may be better to enter search criteria and look for Specific Requests.
- Select Refresh Data occasionally to check the completion status.
- When in the "red" state or Phase = "completed", the "View Output" and "View Log" buttons will become active (if the log output files have been setup correctly).

Oracle Marketing Request Sets

Request sets are sets of concurrent manager programs which may be executed as a group. If desired, any concurrent manager program which is part of a request set may be executed individually.

Oracle Marketing Request Sets

Request Set Name	Concurrent Manager Programs
BIM: Load Marketing Facts for the First Time	BIM: Load Marketing Facts for the First Time, Object to Load: Campaign
	BIM: Load Marketing Facts for the First Time, Object to Load: Event
	BIM: Load Marketing Facts for the First Time, Object to Load: Budget
	BIM: Load Marketing Facts for the First Time, Object to Load: Leads
	BIM: Load Marketing Facts for the First Time, Object to Load: Lead_Import
	BIM: Load Marketing Facts for the First Time, Object to Load: Response
	BIM: Load Key Performance Indicator Facts
BIM: Initial Build of Materialized Views	BIM: Initial Build of Campaign Materialized Views
	BIM: Initial Build of Event Materialized Views
	BIM: Initial Build of Budget Materialized Views
	BIM: Initial Build of Key Performance Indicators Materialized Views
	BIM: Initial Build of Interaction History Responses Materialized Views
BIM: Refresh Materialized Views	BIM: Refresh Campaign Materialized Views
	BIM: Refresh Event Materialized Views
	BIM: Refresh Budget Materialized Views
	BIM: Refresh Key Performance Indicators Materialized Views
	BIM: Refresh Marketing Activities Materialized Views
	BIM: Refresh of Interaction History Responses Materialized Views

Request Set Name	Concurrent Manager Programs
BIM: Refresh Materialized Views - Lead Intelligence	BIM: Refresh Summary by Group Hierarchy Materialized Views
	BIM: Refresh of Lead KPI Materialized Views
	BIM: Refresh of Lead Quality Materialized Views
	BIM: Refresh of Lead Sources Materialized Views
	BIM: Refresh of Lead Import Materialized Views
	BIM: Refresh of Responses Materialized Views
BIM: Load Marketing Facts from Previous Refresh Date	BIM: Load Marketing Facts from Previous Refresh Date, Object to Load: Campaign
	BIM: Load Marketing Facts from Previous Refresh Date, Object to Load: Event
	BIM: Load Marketing Facts from Previous Refresh Date, Object to Load: Budget
	BIM: Load Marketing Facts from Previous Refresh Date, Object to Load: Leads
	BIM: Load Marketing Facts from Previous Refresh Date, Object to Load: Lead_Import
	BIM: Load Marketing Facts from Previous Refresh Date, Object to Load: Response
	BIM: Load Key Performance Indicator Facts from Previous Refresh Date

Oracle Marketing Concurrent Program Reference

The table below indicates the Concurrent Manager programs for Oracle Marketing.

Oracle Marketing Concurrent Manager Programs

Concurrent Manager	Required	Description
Activate Event Schedules	Yes	This will pick up all the Event Schedules which are in Available status and for which the start date has passed and its Event is active and make the Schedule Active. For Events, run the program Activate Event Schedules. This program accomplishes two things:
		 Activates Events: This program activates available event schedules and one-off events for which the start date has passed.
		 Completes Events: Picks up and completes event schedules and one-off events for which the end date has passed.
AMS Activate Schedule	Optional	This will pick up all the Campaign Schedules which are in Available status and for which the start date has passed and its Campaign is active and make the Schedule Active.
AMS: Complete Campaign Schedules	Optional	This program accomplishes the following:
		 Picks up available schedules with a start date of today (or, a start date that has already passed) and activates them.
		 Picks up active schedules with an end date of today (or, an end that has passed) and completes them.
AMS Expire Data Mining Models	Yes	Background process that monitors data mining models to see if they have expired. A frequency of once a day should be sufficient.
AMS: Generate Suppression list	Optional	Updates and maintains organization defined suppression lists. This is in addition to seeded suppression lists.

Concurrent Manager	Required	Description
AMS Group Access Refresh	Yes	Updates denormalized tables with group information. Should be run on a periodic basis according the organization's Business Rules.
AMS Web Execution: Specialty Store Items Refresh Program	Yes	Refreshes the denormalized table for minisites periodically to capture items in the <i>i</i> Store minisites.
AMS Web Execution: Campaign Items Refresh Program	Yes	Information about Campaigns is stored in multiple tables. To improve runtime performance, this program periodically collects required information on campaigns and places it into a single table.
OZF - TM: Refresh Trade Management Activities (Offers and Schedules)	Required if using Offers and Web Posting	This program populates denormalized tables with up-to-date information of new and changed Offers and Schedules. Both the Activity Summary and Offer Evaluator data is current as of the last time this concurrent program was run.
		The Oracle Marketing Offers functionality will retrieve the Eligible Offers for Products depending on Qualifying parties.
AMS Load Inventory Categories	Yes	Loads categories from the MTL schema to the AMS schema denormalized tables. This program should be run if and when a new category is created in Inventory.
AMS : Interface Marketing Objects to Calendar	Yes	Before the new object or criteria will display on the Marketing Calendar, you must run the concurrent program This program is a workflow background process and will update the Calendar as needed.

Concurrent Manager	Required	Description
Load Catalog Hierarchy	Yes	Next, run Load Catalog Hierarchy from the Catalog Manager responsibility.
		This enables categories defined for Products to be visible to the Marketing applications. Only categories with the following parameters will be pulled into this view:
		FORECASTABLE_FLAGY
		PURCHASE_INTERESTY
AMS Refresh Metrics	-	Use this request set for updating bin and graph data in the Campaign and Audience Workbenches:
		 Campaign Effectiveness Bin
		• List Effectiveness Bin
		• Trend Graphs
		It is recommended that you schedule this request set to run daily it has two concurrent programs:
		• AMS METRICS REFRESH programEnter "Yes" in parameter to collect history. Recording history is required for support of Business Intelligence for Marketing (BIM)
		AMS METRICS DENORM REFRESH programIf "Yes" is entered in parameter , the program will be run in incremental mode. For example, just update mvs for the data updated since last time.
AMS Portal Cache Daemon	Yes	Populates the Marketing subtab on the Home tab.

Concurrent Manager	Required	Description
AMS: Purge Imported List	Optional	During the import process, the user may specify an expiration date or number of uses for a list. This program removes those entries whose expiration date has passed or number of uses reached.
		Optional Parameter: force_purge_flag. This parameter indicates whether to purge a record regardless of the associated campaign status. The default value is No.
AMS: Purge Target Group	Optional	After a target group has been generated and used, this program lets a user purge the list entries.
AMS: Refresh Party Market Segments	Optional	Generates a list of parties in the segment. This program also updates the size information for all segments so a history of segment sizes may be maintained.
AMS Team Access Refresh	Yes	Updates denormalized tables with team information. Should be run on a periodic basis according to the organization's Business Rules.
AMS-TM: Adjust Backdated Offer	Yes	Concurrent program to adjust backdated offers. This should be run after running the AMS-TM: Funds Accrual Engine concurrent program.

Required	Description
Yes	Ability to calculate budget utilization and earnings based on ship confirmed orders (provided the offer's phase is set to 'Ship', else the accruals will be calculated at the phase the offer is applied).
	In case of Fully Accrued type of Budgets with accrue to is 'customer', Budget, Committed and Earned columns are to be updated with the accrued amount. But in case of budgets with accrue to 'Sales', only Budget column will have to be updated. Committed and Earned should not be populated. This allows users to transfer money from Fully accrued budget to any other Fixed Budgets. If max cap is specified against the Fully accrued budget, the budget can be accumulated only to the level of max cap.
	Parameters: p_run_exception. Set to Y to run Order Management Except Queue.
Yes	This concurrent program uploads the hierarchy data from jtf_territories to AMS schema to be able to perform budget allocation to that territory hierarchy. The concurrent program expects a hierarchy id meaning which particular hierarchy the user wants to import. Parameters: Hierarchy Id
	Yes

Concurrent Manager	Required	Description
AMS-TM: Release Committed Budget Amount After Grace Period	Yes	A budget has been committed for an offer or any other activity. The Activity or offer date has ended or the offer is going to be closed or canceled. There might be a situation that the budget has not been utilized completely. This feature can be implemented through a concurrent process would return back the unused committed amount back to the sourcing budget. If there is a grace period, release of committed amount from a fixed type fund would take place whenever a offer is closed or canceled after the attainment of the grace period. Parameters: p_object_type
		(Object Type, for example, CAMP, OFFR, EVEH)
AMS-TM: Validate Budget Thresholds	Yes	Threshold Alert provides the feature to monitor over spending or under spending from time to time. The concurrent program performs the automatic process of verification and notifies the owner of the budget on over & under utilization.
		Parameters: None
AMS-TM Utilize Lumpsum Offers	Yes	A user initiated background process that will account budget utilizations against lumpsum offer whenever the offer start date arrives rather than on offer approved or created date.
		In case when the Offer is active on the date when Offer was created, then the budget utilization will be updated immediately.

Concurrent Manager	Required	Description
AMS-TM: Claims Aging Population	Yes	Claims aging program populates the summary table for the claims aged by customer for an aging bucket. Aging will be run based on the system date. This program has to be run on a daily basis to get the daily aging analysis for the customers.
		Claims may be aged using a future type. This type will display claims that will become due, based on the Due Date, the specified number of days in the future.
		Parameter: Aging bucket defined in Oracle Receivables
AMS-TM: Claims Autopay	Yes	Autopay program is used to pay accruals on a regular basis to customers. Autopay can be set up to pay accruals based on a customer, budget, campaign or offer.
		Parameters:
		 Customer
		• Budget
		• Offer
		• Campaign
AMS-TM: Claims Settlement Fetcher	Yes	Settlement fetcher gets the settlement data created in receivables and payables after settling a claim. Claim settlement on a manual claims gets created through autoinvoice or payables invoice import. These are programs which run on a batch mode and after the actual payment gets created in receivables or payables, settlement fetcher has to be run to get the settlement data to be shown in claims.
		Parameters: None
AMS-TM: Import Claims	Yes	Import Claims imports the data from interface tables into claims. This program runs through the standard validations for claims creation and rejects the claims that are not successful for import. Parameters: None
		i arameters. INOME

Concurrent Manager	Required	Description	
AMS-TM: Perform Recalculated Commitment for Offers	Optional	Performs recalculation of committed budget for offers.	
AMS-TM: Transfer to General Ledger	Yes	Transfer to General Ledger is run to transfer the sub-ledger accounting entries created by claims/accruals into General Ledger accounting tables.	
		Parameters:	
		 Selection Type (1-Batch Transfer) 	
		Set Of Books - Primary set of books	
		 Transfer Reporting Books Yes/No 	
		Batch Name - Name of batch for transfer	
AMS Update Data Mining Models	Optional	Updates detail information collected on parties. The frequency should be the same as the BIC Summary Extraction process.	
AMS Web Execution: Specialty Store Items Refresh Program	Yes	This refreshes the denormalized table for minisites periodically to capture items in the <i>i</i> Store minisites.	
AMS Web Execution: Campaign Items Refresh Program	Yes	Information about Campaigns is stored in multiple tables. To improve runtime performance, this program periodically collects required information on campaigns and places it into a single table.	
OZF: Refresh Trade Management Activities (Offers and Schedules)	Yes	-	

Concurrent Manager	Required	Description
AutoInvoice - Oracle Receivables	Yes	AutoInvoice is an Oracle Receivables concurrent program used to create credit memos/debit memos in receivables. It is used for creating credit memos on settling manual claims. Claims settled with receivables payment method gets created with the batch source defined in system parameters. For more information on parameters and options see the Oracle Receivables Implementation Guide.
BIM: Load Marketing Facts for the First Time	Optional	Loads all Facts for the first time. Repeat for each object: Campaign, Event, Budget, Leads, Lead Import and Response.
		Parameters:
		Start Date
		End Date
		Part of the Request Set: BIM: Load Marketing Facts for the First Time
BIM: Load Marketing Facts from the Previous Refresh Date	Optional	Loads all Facts from the Previous Refresh Date. Repeat for each object: Campaign, Event, Budget, Leads, Lead Import and Response.
		Parameters:
		Start Date
		End Date
		Part of the Request Set: BIM: Load Marketing Facts from the Previous Refresh Date
BIM: Load Key Performance	Optional	Loads KPI Facts.
Indicator Facts		Part of the Request Set: BIM: Load Marketing Facts for the First Time
BIM: Initial build of Campaigns Materialized Views	Optional	Prepares pre-built tables for Campaign Materialized Views Parameters:
		Number of Parallel Processors:
		Part of the Request Set: BIM: Initial build of Materialized Views

Concurrent Manager	Required	Description
BIM: Initial build of Events Materialized Views	Optional	Prepares pre-built tables for Events Materialized Views
		Parameters:
		Number of Parallel Processors: 4
		Part of the Request Set: BIM: Initial build of Materialized Views
BIM: Initial build of Budgets Materialized Views	Optional	Prepares pre-built tables for Budgets Materialized Views
		Parameters:
		Number of Parallel Processors: 4
		Part of the Request Set: BIM: Initial build of Materialized Views
BIM: Initial build of Interaction History Materialized Views	Optional	Prepares pre-built tables for Interaction History Materialized Views
		Parameters:
		Number of Parallel Processors: 4
		Part of the Request Set: BIM: Initial build of Materialized Views
BIM: Initial build of Key Performance Indicators Materialized Views	Optional	Prepares pre-built tables for Key Performance Indicators Materialized Views
		Parameters:
		Number of Parallel Processors: 4
		Part of the Request Set: BIM: Initial build of Materialized Views
BIM: Initial build of Leads Quality Materialized Views	Optional	Prepares pre-built tables for Leads Quality Materialized Views
		Part of the Request Set: BIM: Initial build of Materialized Views - Lead Intelligence
BIM: Initial build of Leads Sources Materialized Views	Optional	Prepares pre-built tables for Leads Sources Materialized Views
		Part of the Request Set: BIM: Initial build of Materialized Views - Lead Intelligence

Concurrent Manager	Required	Description
BIM: Initial build of Lead Import Materialized Views	Optional	Prepares pre-built tables for Lead Import Materialized Views
		Part of the Request Set: BIM: Initial build of Materialized Views - Lead Intelligence
BIM: Initial build of Responses Materialized Views	Optional	Prepares pre-built tables for Responses Materialized Views
		Part of the Request Set: BIM: Initial build of Materialized Views - Lead Intelligence
BIM: Refresh Campaign Materialized Views	Optional	Builds Campaigns Materialized views
		Parameters:
		Number of Parallel Processors: 4
		Part of the Request Set: BIM: Refresh of Materialized Views
BIM: Refresh Events Materialized Views	Optional	Builds Events Materialized views
		Parameters:
		Number of Parallel Processors: 4
		Part of the Request Set: BIM: Refresh of Materialized Views
BIM: Refresh Budgets Materialized Views	Optional	Builds Budgets Materialized views
		Parameters:
		Number of Parallel Processors: 4
		Part of the Request Set: BIM: Refresh of Materialized Views
BIM: Refresh of Interaction History Materialized Views	Optional	Builds Interaction History Materialized views
		Parameters:
		Number of Parallel Processors: 4
		Part of the Request Set: BIM: Refresh of Materialized Views
BIM: Refresh Key Performance Indicators Materialized Views	Optional	Builds Key Performance Indicators Materialized views
		Parameters:
		Number of Parallel Processors: 4
		Part of the Request Set: BIM: Refresh of Materialized Views

Concurrent Manager	Required	Description
BIM: Refresh Marketing Activities Materialized Views	Optional	Builds Marketing Activities Materialized Views
		Parameters:
		Number of Parallel Processors: 4
		Part of the Request Set: BIM: Refresh of Materialized Views
BIM: Refresh of Summary by Group Hierarchy	Optional	Builds summarized tables based on group hierarchy.
		Part of the Request Set: BIM: Refresh of Materialized Views - Lead Intelligence
BIM: Refresh of Leads KPI Materialized Views	Optional	Builds Leads KPI Materialized Views.
		Part of the Request Set: BIM: Refresh of Materialized Views - Lead Intelligence
BIM: Refresh of Leads Quality Materialized Views	Optional	Builds Leads Quality Materialized Views.
		Part of the Request Set: BIM: Refresh of Materialized Views - Lead Intelligence
BIM: Refresh of Leads Sources Materialized Views	Optional	Builds Leads Sources Materialized Views.
		Part of the Request Set: BIM: Refresh of Materialized Views - Lead Intelligence
BIM: Refresh of Lead Import Materialized Views	Optional	Builds Lead Import Materialized Views.
		Part of the Request Set: BIM: Refresh of Materialized Views - Lead Intelligence
BIM: Refresh of Responses Materialized Views	Optional	Builds Responses Materialized Views.
		Part of the Request Set: BIM: Refresh of Materialized Views - Lead Intelligence

Concurrent Manager	Required	Description
BIM: Load Marketing Facts from previous refresh date	Optional	Loads all facts from the previous refresh date. Repeat for each object: Campaign, Event, Budget.
		Parameters:
		Object to Load: Campaign
		End Date
		Number of Parallel Processors: 4
		Part of the Request Set: Load Marketing Facts from previous refresh date
BIM: Load Key Performance Indicator facts from previous refresh date	Optional	Loads all KPI facts from the previous refresh Date.
Initial Build of Campaigns mys	-	Obsolete in Release 7.
1 0		Replaced by BIM: Initial Build of Campaigns Materialized Views.
Initial Build of Events mvs	-	Obsolete in Release 7.
		Replaced by BIM: Initial Build of Events Materialized Views.
Initial Build of Funds mys	-	Obsolete in Release 7.
		Replaced by BIM: Initial Build of Budgets Materialized Views.
Load Geographic Hierarchies	Yes	This program must be run each time that the geographies are changed.
Marketing Facts Load	-	Obsolete in Release 7.
Ü		Replaced by BIM: Load Marketing Facts for the First Time.
Marketing Materialized views	-	Obsolete in Release 7.
prebuilt tables (AMS)		Replaced by BIM: Initial Build of Materialized Views
Marketing Materialized views	-	Obsolete in Release 7.
Refresh (ÅMS)		Replaced by BIM: Refresh Materialized Views

Concurrent Manager	Required	Description	
Payables Open Interface Import Yes - Oracle Payables		Payables open interface import is an Oracle Payables concurrent program used to create invoices in payables. It has to be run for the batch source defined in system parameters since all the claims settlement for payables get created with that batch source. For more information on parameters and options see the Oracle Payables Implementation Guide.	
Refresh of Campaigns mvs	-	Obsolete in Release 7. Replaced by BIM: Refresh Campaigns Materialized Views.	
Refresh of Events mvs	-	Obsolete in Release 7. Replaced by BIM: Refresh Events Materialized Views.	
Refresh of Funds mvs	-	Obsolete in Release 7. Replaced by BIM: Refresh Budgets Materialized Views.	

Concurrent Manager	Required	Description
Workflow Background Process	Required	The System Administrator must run this program.
		For lists purposes, this background process makes a list active. It populates List generation and target group generation data. For list generation , it requires the following parameters:
		 Item Type: AMS List Generation
		• Yes Process Timeout : yes
		Process Stuck: yes
		 Ignore Minimum and Maximum Thresholds
		For data mining , this process must be run with the following parameters:
		 Item Type: AMS Data Mining - Build/Score/ Preview
		 Minimum Threshold: Leave blank.
		 Maximum Threshold: Leave blank.
		 Process Deferred: Yes
		• Process Timeout: Yes
		 Process Stuck: Yes
		For the Workflow daemon to monitor data mining workflow requests, a frequency of 30 minutes should be sufficient.
		For budget approval purposes, the workflow background process must run with the following parameters:
		 Set Item Type: AMS Marketing Approvals
		 Minimum Threshold: Leave blank.

Maximum Threshold:

Process Deferred: Yes Process Timeout: Yes

Leave blank.

Concurrent Manager	Required	Description
Trigger Workflow Process	Yes	The Trigger Workflow process is associated with an item type called OMO Triggers. This item type identifies all workflow processes that are needed to enable the Marketing Trigger functionality.
		Currently there are four different processes in the OMO Triggers item type:
		Trigger Process: The main process getting run as a subscription to the
		Workflow Business Event OMO Trigger Event
		(oracle.apps.ams.trigger. TriggerEvent).
		The following processes are sub flows of this main process flow.
		– Perform All Actions
		– Execute Schedule
		 Schedule Approval
		For more information see Oracle Marketing Release Note for Trigger Enhancement.
AMS: Schedules Import	-	This executes when the Web ADI Import process is launched.
AMS: Export and Update Schedule	-	This executes when the Web ADI Update process is launched.
AMS: Media Planner Loader		This executes when the Schedule Media Planner layout is used to map metrics data from the interface table to schedule metrics. If metrics already exist for the schedule, the metric values are updated. If the metrics do not exist, new metrics are created for the schedule

Oracle Marketing List Import Field Reference

This appendix covers the following topics:

- B2B List Import Fields
- **B2C List Import Fields**
- **Event List Import Fields**
- Lead List Import Fields

B2B List Import Fields

The following sections describe the fields which can be used in list import. There are four sections B2B List Import, B2C List Import, Event Import and Lead Import.

B2B List Import Fields

Field in Import File	Data Type	Table Name	Import Requires Entry	Column Name
ADDRESS LINES PHONETIC	VARCHAR2(150)	HZ_LOCATIONS	No	ADDRESS LINES PHONETIC
ADDRESS1	VARCHAR2(150)	HZ_LOCATIONS	No	ADDRESS1
ADDRESS2	VARCHAR2(150)	HZ_LOCATIONS	No	ADDRESS2
ADDRESS3	VARCHAR2(150)	HZ_LOCATIONS	No	ADDRESS3
ADDRESS4	VARCHAR2(150)	HZ_LOCATIONS	No	ADDRESS4
ANALYSIS_FY	VARCHAR2	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	No	ANALYSIS_FY
CATEGORY CODE	VARCHAR2	HZ_PARTIES	No	CATEGORY CODE
CEO NAME	VARCHAR2(50)	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	No	CEO NAME
CITY	VARCHAR2(60)	HZ_LOCATIONS	No	CITY
COUNTRY	VARCHAR2(60)	HZ_LOCATIONS	No	COUNTRY
COUNTY	VARCHAR2(60)	HZ_LOCATIONS	No	-

'COUNTRY'	-	-	-	-
CREATED BY	NUMBER	HZ_PARTIES	No	CREATED BY
CREATION Date	DATE	HZ_PARTIES	No	CREATION DATE
CURR FY POTENTIAL REVENUE	NUMBER	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	No	CURR FY POTENTIAL REVENUE
DECISION MAKER FLAG	VARCHAR2(1)	HZ_ORG_ CONTACTS	No	DECISION MAKER FLAG
DEDUPE KEY	VARCHAR2(150)	HZ_PARTIES	No	DEDUPE KEY
DEPARTMENT	VARCHAR2(60)	HZ_ORG_ CONTACTS	No	DEPARTMENT
DUNS NUMBER	NUMBER	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	No	DUNS NUMBER
EMAIL ADDRESS	VARCHAR2(150)	HZ_CONTACT_ POINTS	No	EMAIL ADDRESS
EMPLOYEES TOTAL	NUMBER	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	No	EMPLOYEES TOTAL
FISCAL YEAREND MONTH	VARCHAR2(30)	HZ_PARTIES	No	FISCAL YEAREND MONTH
FLOOR	VARCHAR2	HZ_LOCATIONS	No	FLOOR
GSA INDICATOR FLAG	VARCHAR2	HZ_PARTIES	No	GSA INDICATOR FLAG
HOUSE NUMBER	VARCHAR2	HZ_LOCATIONS	No	HOUSE NUMBER
IMPORT LIST HEADER ID	NUMBER	AMS_IMP_ SOURCE_LINES	No	IMPORT LIST HEADER ID
IMPORT SOURCE LINE ID	NUMBER	AMS_IMP_ SOURCE_LINES	No	IMPORT SOURCE LINE ID
JGZZ FISCAL CODE	VARCHAR2	HZ_PARTIES	No	JGZZ FISCAL CODE
JOB TITLE	VARCHAR2(60)	HZ_ORG_ CONTACTS	No	JOB TITLE
LAST UPDATE DATE	DATE	AMS_IMP_ SOURCE_LINES	No	LAST UPDATE DATE
LAST UPDATE LOGIN	NUMBER	AMS_IMP_ SOURCE_LINES	No	LAST UPDATE LOGIN
LAST UPDATED BY	NUMBER	AMS_IMP_ SOURCE_LINES	No	LAST UPDATED BY

LEGAL STATUS	VARCHAR2(30)	HZ_PARTIES	No	LEGAL STATUS
LINE OF BUS INESS	VARCHAR2(30)	HZ_PARTIES	No	LINE OF BUS INESS
MISSING STATEMENT	VARCHAR2	HZ_PARTIES	No	MISSING STATEMENT
NEXT FY POTENTIAL REVENUE	NUMBER	HZ_PARTIES	No	NEXT FY POTENTIAL REVENUE
NOTES	VAR- CHAR2(4000)	AMS_IMP_ SOURCE_LINES	No	NOTES
ORGANIZAT ION NAME PHONETIC	VARCHAR2	HZ_PARTIES	No	ORGANIZAT ION NAME PHONETIC
PARTY NAME	VARCHAR2(150)	HZ_PARTIES	Yes	PARTY NAME
PERSON FIRST NAME	VARCHAR2(150)	HZ_PARTIES	No	PERSON FIRST NAME
PERSON LAST NAME	VARCHAR2(150)	HZ_PARTIES	No	PERSON LAST NAME
PERSON M IDDLE NAME	VARCHAR2(60)	HZ_PARTIES	No	PERSON M IDDLE NAME
PERSON NAME SUFFIX	VARCHAR2(30)	HZ_PARTIES	No	PERSON NAME SUFFIX
PERSON TITLE	VARCHAR2(60)	HZ_PARTIES	No	PERSON TITLE
PHONE AREA CODE	VARCHAR2(10)	HZ_CONTACT_ POINTS	No	PHONE AREA CODE
PHONE COUNTRY CODE	VARCHAR2(10)	HZ_CONTACT_ POINTS	No	PHONE COUNTRY CODE
PHONE EXTENT ION	VARCHAR2(20)	HZ_CONTACT_ POINTS	No	PHONE EXTENT ION
PHONE NUMBER	VARCHAR2(40)	HZ_CONTACT_ POINTS	No	PHONE NUMBER
PO BOX NUMBER	-	HZ_LOCATIONS	No	PO BOX NUMBER
POSTAL CODE	VARCHAR2(60)	HZ_LOCATIONS	No	POSTAL CODE
POSTAL PLUS4 CODE	-	HZ_LOCATIONS	No	POSTAL PLUS4 CODE
PROVINCE	VARCHAR2(60)	HZ_LOCATIONS	No	PROVINCE
SALES AGENT LOGIN ID	VAR- CHAR2(2000)	AMS_IMP_ SOURCE_LINES	No	SALES AGENT LOGIN ID
SIC CODE	VARCHAR2	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	No	SIC CODE

SIC CODE TYPE	VARCHAR2	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	No	SIC CODE TYPE
SITE USE TYPE	VARCHAR2	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	No	SITE USE TYPE
STATE	VARCHAR2(60)	HZ_LOCATIONS	No	STATE
STATE				
STREET	VARCHAR2	HZ_LOCATIONS	No	STREET
STREET NUMBER	VARCHAR2	HZ_LOCATIONS	No	STREET NUMBER
STREET SUFFIX	VARCHAR2	HZ_LOCATIONS	No	STREET SUFFIX
SUITE	VARCHAR2	HZ_LOCATIONS	No	SUITE
TAX REFERENCE	VARCHAR2(50)	HZ_PARTIES	No	TAX REFERENCE
VEHICLE RE PONSE CODE	VARCHAR2(30)	AMS_IMP_ SOURCE_LINES	No	VEHICLE RE PONSE CODE
YEAR ESTABL ISHED	NUMBER(4)	HZ_PARTIES	No	YEAR ESTABL ISHED
ADDRESS EFFECTIVE DATE	DATE	HZ_LOCATIONS	-	ADDRESS EFFECTIVE DATE
ADDRESS EXP IRATION DATE	DATE	HZ_LOCATIONS	-	ADDRESS EXP IRATION DATE
BRANCH FLAG	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	BRANCH FLAG
BUSINESS LINE	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	BUSINESS LINE
BUSINESS SCO PE	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	BUSINESS SCO PE
CHIEF EXECUT IVE TITLE	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	CHIEF EXECUT IVE TITLE
CONGRESS IONAL DISTR ICT CODE	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	CONGRESS IONAL DISTR ICT CODE
CONTROL YEAR	NUMBER	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	CONTROL YEAR

CORPORATION VARCHAR HZ_ORGAN - IZATION_PROF ILES	CORPORATION CLASS
CREDIT SCORE VARCHAR HZ_ORGAN - IZATION_PROF ILES	CREDIT SCORE
CREDIT SCORE VARCHAR HZ_ORGAN - COMMENTARY IZATION_PROF ILES	CREDIT SCORE COMMENTARY
DB RATING VARCHAR HZ_ORGAN - IZATION_PROF ILES	DB RATING
DATE OF BIRTH DATE HZ_PERSON PROFILES	DATE OF BIRTH
DATE OF DEATH DATE HZ_PERSON PROFILES	DATE OF DEATH
DEBARMENTS NUMBER HZ_ORGAN - COUNT IZATION_PROF ILES	DEBARMENTS COUNT
DEBARTMENTS DATE HZ_ORGAN - DATE IZATION_PROF ILES	DEBARTMENTS DATE
DECLARED VARCHAR HZ_PERSON ETHNICITY PROFILES	DECLARED ETHNICITY
DEBARTMENT VARCHAR HZ_ORGAN - IZATION_PROF ILES	DEBARTMENT INDICATOR
DESCRIPTION VARCHAR HZ_LOCATIONS -	DESCRIPTION
D VARCHAR HZ_ORGAN - ISADVANTAGED IZATION_PROF INDICATOR ILES	D ISADVANTAGED INDICATOR
ENQUIRY DUNS VARCHAR HZ_ORGAN - IZATION_PROF ILES	ENQUIRY DUNS
EXPORT IND VARCHAR HZ_ORGAN - IZATION_PROF ILES	EXPORT IND ICATOR
FAILURE SCORE VARCHAR HZ_ORGAN - IZATION_PROF ILES	FAILURE SCORE
FAILURE SCORE VARCHAR HZ_ORGAN - IZATION_PROF ILES	FAILURE SCORE COMMENTARY
FAILURE SCORE VARCHAR HZ_ORGAN - NATL PERCENT IZATION_PROF ILE ILES	FAILURE SCORE NATL PERCENT ILE

FAILURE SCORE OVERRIDE CODE	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	FAILURE SCORE OVERRIDE CODE
FISCAL CODE	VARCHAR	HZ_PARTIES	-	FISCAL CODE
GLOBAL FA ILURE SCORE	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	GLOBAL FA ILURE SCORE
HEADQUARTER BRANCH IND ICATOR	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	HEADQUARTER Branch ind Icator
HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD FLAG	VARCHAR	HZ_PERSON_ PROFILES	-	HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD FLAG
HOUSEHOLD SIZE	VARCHAR	HZ_PERSON_ PROFILES	-	HOUSEHOLD SIZE
IMPORT IND ICATOR	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	IMPORT IND ICATOR
ORGANIZAT ION KNOWN AS	VARCHAR	HZ_PARTIES	-	ORGANIZAT ION KNOWN AS
ORGANIZAT ION KNOWN AS2	VARCHAR	HZ_PARTIES	-	ORGANIZAT ION KNOWN AS2
ORGANIZAT ION KNOWN AS3	VARCHAR	HZ_PARTIES	-	ORGANIZAT ION KNOWN AS3
ORGANIZAT ION KNOWN AS4	VARCHAR	HZ_PARTIES	-	ORGANIZAT ION KNOWN AS4
ORGANIZAT ION KNOWN AS5	VARCHAR	HZ_PARTIES	-	ORGANIZAT ION KNOWN AS5
PERSON KNOWN AS	VARCHAR	HZ_PARTIES	-	PERSON KNOWN AS
PERSON KNOWN AS2	VARCHAR	HZ_PARTIES	-	PERSON KNOWN AS2
PERSON KNOWN AS3	VARCHAR	HZ_PARTIES	-	PERSON KNOWN AS3
PERSON KNOWN AS4	VARCHAR	HZ_PARTIES	-	PERSON KNOWN AS4
PERSON KNOWN AS5	VARCHAR	HZ_PARTIES	-	PERSON KNOWN AS5
LABOR SUR PLUS IND ICATOR	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	LABOR SUR PLUS IND ICATOR

LOCAL ACTIV ITY CODE	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	LOCAL ACTIV ITY CODE
LOCAL ACTIV ITY CODE TYPE	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	LOCAL ACTIV ITY CODE TYPE
LOCATION D IRECTIONS	VARCHAR	HZ_LOCATIONS	-	LOCATION D IRECTIONS
LOCATION STATUS	VARCHAR	HZ_LOCATIONS	-	LOCATION STATUS
MARITAL STATUS	VARCHAR	HZ_PERSON_ PROFILES	-	MARITAL STATUS
MARITAL STATUS EFFECT IVE DATE	DATE	HZ_PERSON_ PROFILES	-	MARITAL STATUS EFFECT IVE DATE
MINORITY OWNED IND ICATOR	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	MINORITY OWNED IND ICATOR
MINORITY OWNED TYPE	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	MINORITY OWNED TYPE
ORGANIZAT ION ALIAS	VARCHAR	HZ_PARTIES	-	ORGANIZAT ION ALIAS
ORGANIZAT ION TYPE	VARCHAR	HZ_PARTIES	-	ORGANIZAT ION TYPE
ORGANIZAT ION URL	VARCHAR	HZ_PARTIES	-	ORGANIZAT ION URL
OUT OF BUS INESS IND ICATOR	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	OUT OF BUS INESS IND ICATOR
PERSONAL INCOME	NUMBER	HZ_PERSON_ PROFILES	-	PERSONAL INCOME
PERSON ACADEMIC T ITLE	VARCHAR	HZ_PERSON_ PROFILES	-	PERSON ACADEMIC T ITLE
PERSON FIRST NAME PHONET IC	VARCHAR	HZ_PARTIES	-	PERSON FIRST NAME PHONET IC
PERSON LAST NAME PHONET IC	VARCHAR	HZ_PARTIES	-	PERSON LAST NAME PHONET IC
MIDDLE NAME PHONETIC	VARCHAR	HZ_PARTIES	-	MIDDLE NAME PHONETIC
PERSON NAME PHONETIC	VARCHAR	HZ_PARTIES	-	PERSON NAME PHONETIC

PERSON PREV IOUS TITLE NAME	VARCHAR	HZ_PARTIES	-	PERSON PREV IOUS TITLE NAME
PLACE OF B IRTH	VARCHAR	HZ_PERSON_ PROFILES	-	PLACE OF B IRTH
PRINCIPAL NAME	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	PRINCIPAL NAME
PRINCIPAL T ITLE	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	PRINCIPAL T ITLE
PUBLIC PRIVATE OWNERSHIP FLAG	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	OWNERSHIP FLAG
RENT OWNED INDICATOR	VARCHAR	HZ_PERSON_ PROFILES	-	RENT OWNED INDICATOR
SECOND TITLE	VARCHAR	HZ_PERSON_ PROFILES	-	PERSON ACADEMIC T ITLE
SHORT DESCRI PTION	VARCHAR	HZ_LOCATIONS	-	SHORT DESCRI PTION
SMALL BUS INESS IND ICATOR	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	SMALL BUS INESS IND ICATOR
TAX ID	VARCHAR	HZ_PERSON_ PROFILES	-	TAX REFERENCE
WOMAN OWNED IND ICATOR	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	WOMAN OWNED IND ICATOR
ORGANIZAT ION ATTR IBUTE1	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	ATTRIBUTE1
ORGANIZAT ION ATTR IBUTE2	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	ATTRIBUTE2
ORGANIZAT ION ATTR IBUTE3	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	ATTRIBUTE3
ORGANIZAT ION ATTR IBUTE4	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	ATTRIBUTE4
ORGANIZAT ION ATTR IBUTE5	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	ATTRIBUTE5
ORGANIZAT ION ATTR IBUTE6	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	ATTRIBUTE6

ORGANIZAT ION ATTR IBUTE7	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	ATTRIBUTE7
ORGANIZAT ION ATTR IBUTE8	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	ATTRIBUTE8
ORGANIZAT ION ATTR IBUTE9	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	ATTRIBUTE9
ORGANIZAT ION ATTR IBUTE10	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	ATTRIBUTE10
ORGANIZAT ION ATTR IBUTE11	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	ATTRIBUTE11
ORGANIZAT ION ATTR IBUTE12	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	ATTRIBUTE12
ORGANIZAT ION ATTR IBUTE13	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	ATTRIBUTE13
ORGANIZAT ION ATTR IBUTE14	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	ATTRIBUTE14
ORGANIZAT ION ATTR IBUTE15	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	ATTRIBUTE15
ORG CONTACT ATTRIBUTE1	VARCHAR	HZ_ORG_ CONTACTS	-	ATTRIBUTE1
ORG CONTACT ATTRIBUTE2	VARCHAR	HZ_ORG_ CONTACTS	-	ATTRIBUTE2
ORG CONTACT ATTRIBUTE3	VARCHAR	HZ_ORG_ CONTACTS	-	ATTRIBUTE3
ORG CONTACT ATTRIBUTE4	VARCHAR	HZ_ORG_ CONTACTS	-	ATTRIBUTE4
ORG CONTACT ATTRIBUTE5	VARCHAR	HZ_ORG_ CONTACTS	-	ATTRIBUTE5
ORG CONTACT ATTRIBUTE6	VARCHAR	HZ_ORG_ CONTACTS	-	ATTRIBUTE6
ORG CONTACT ATTRIBUTE7	VARCHAR	HZ_ORG_ CONTACTS	-	ATTRIBUTE7
ORG CONTACT ATTRIBUTE8	VARCHAR	HZ_ORG_ CONTACTS	-	ATTRIBUTE8
ORG CONTACT ATTRIBUTE9	VARCHAR	HZ_ORG_ CONTACTS	-	ATTRIBUTE9

ORG CONTACT ATTRIBUTE10	VARCHAR	HZ_ORG_ CONTACTS	-	ATTRIBUTE10
ORG CONTACT ATTRIBUTE11	VARCHAR	HZ_ORG_ CONTACTS	-	ATTRIBUTE11
ORG CONTACT ATTRIBUTE12	VARCHAR	HZ_ORG_ CONTACTS	-	ATTRIBUTE12
ORG CONTACT ATTRIBUTE13	VARCHAR	HZ_ORG_ CONTACTS	-	ATTRIBUTE13
ORG CONTACT ATTRIBUTE14	VARCHAR	HZ_ORG_ CONTACTS	-	ATTRIBUTE14
ORG CONTACT ATTRIBUTE15	VARCHAR	HZ_ORG_ CONTACTS	-	ATTRIBUTE15
ADDRESS ATTR IBUTE1	VARCHAR	HZ_LOCATIONS	-	ATTRIBUTE1
ADDRESS ATTR IBUTE2	VARCHAR	HZ_LOCATIONS	-	ATTRIBUTE2
ADDRESS ATTR IBUTE3	VARCHAR	HZ_LOCATIONS	-	ATTRIBUTE3
ADDRESS ATTR IBUTE4	VARCHAR	HZ_LOCATIONS	-	ATTRIBUTE4
ADDRESS ATTR IBUTE5	VARCHAR	HZ_LOCATIONS	-	ATTRIBUTE5
ADDRESS ATTR IBUTE6	VARCHAR	HZ_LOCATIONS	-	ATTRIBUTE6
ADDRESS ATTR IBUTE7	VARCHAR	HZ_LOCATIONS	-	ATTRIBUTE7
ADDRESS ATTR IBUTE8	VARCHAR	HZ_LOCATIONS	-	ATTRIBUTE8
ADDRESS ATTR IBUTE9	VARCHAR	HZ_LOCATIONS	-	ATTRIBUTE9
ADDRESS ATTR IBUTE10	VARCHAR	HZ_LOCATIONS	-	ATTRIBUTE10
ADDRESS ATTR IBUTE11	VARCHAR	HZ_LOCATIONS	-	ATTRIBUTE11
ADDRESS ATTR IBUTE12	VARCHAR	HZ_LOCATIONS	-	ATTRIBUTE12
ADDRESS ATTR IBUTE13	VARCHAR	HZ_LOCATIONS	-	ATTRIBUTE13
ADDRESS ATTR IBUTE14	VARCHAR	HZ_LOCATIONS	-	ATTRIBUTE14
ADDRESS ATTR IBUTE15	VARCHAR	HZ_LOCATIONS	-	ATTRIBUTE15

FAX COUNTRY CODE	VARCHAR	HZ_CONTACT_ POINTS	-	FAX COUNTRY CODE
FAX AREA CODE	VARCHAR	HZ_CONTACT_ POINTS	-	FAX AREA CODE
FAX NUMBER	VARCHAR	HZ_CONTACT_ POINTS	-	FAX NUMBER
ORG ATTRIBUTE CATEGORY	VARCHAR	HZ_ORGAN IZATION_PROF ILES	-	ORG ATTRIBUTE CATEGORY
ORG CONTACT ATTRIBUTE CATEGORY	VARCHAR	HZ_ORG_ CONTACTS	-	ORG CONTACT ATTRIBUTE CATEGORY
ADDRESS ATTRIBUTE CATEGORY	VARCHAR	HZ_LOCATIONS	-	ADDRESS ATTR IBUTE CATEGORY
PARTY SITE USE	VARCHAR	HZ_PARTY_S ITE_USES	-	PARTY SITE USE
ORIGINAL SYSTEM REFERENCE	VARCHAR	HZ_PARTIES	-	ORIG SYSTEM REFERENCE

B2C List Import Fields

The following table indicates B2C List Import Fields.

B2C List Import Fields

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Table Requires Entry	Import Requires Entry	Valid Values	Comments
ADDRESS_ LINES_ PHONETIC	VARCHAR2	No	No	-	-
ADDRESS1	VAR- CHAR2(150)	No	No	-	Required every time if address is required.
ADDRESS2	VAR- CHAR2(150)	No	No	-	-
ADDRESS3	VARCHAR2	No	No	-	-
ADDRESS4	VARCHAR2	No	No	-	-

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Table Requires Entry	Import Requires Entry	Valid Values	Comments
CITY	VAR- CHAR2(60)	No	No	Select distinct location_ segment_ description, location_ segment_ user_value from ar_ location_ values where location_ segment_ qualifier = 'CITY'	-
COUNTRY	VAR- CHAR2(60)	No	No	Select territory_ short_name, territory_code, description from fnd_ territories_vl	Required only if any of address columns are provided in the data file.
COUNTY	VAR- CHAR2(60)	No	No	Select distinct location_ segment_ description, location_ segment_ user_value from ar_ location_ values where location_ segment_ qualifier = 'COUNTRY'	-
CREATED_BY	NUMBER	Yes	No	-	Populated by the list import program.
CREATION_ DATE	DATE	Yes	No	-	Populated by the list import program.
DEDUPE_ KEY	VAR- CHAR2(150)	No	No	-	Populated by the list import program.
EMAIL_ ADDRESS	VAR- CHAR2(150)	No	No	-	-
FLOOR		No	No	-	-
GENDER	VAR- CHAR2(30)	No	No	-	-

Table Column / Field in	Data Type	Table Requires	Import Requires	Valid Values	Comments
Import File		Entry	Entry		
HOUSE_ NUMBER		No	No	-	-
HOUSE- HOLD_ INCOME	NUMBER	No	No	-	-
IMPORT_ LIST_ HEADER_ID	NUMBER	Yes	No	-	Auto Generated
IMPORT_ SOURCE_L INE_ID	NUMBER	Yes	No	-	Auto Generated
IMPORT_ SUCCESSFUL_ FLAG	VAR- CHAR2(1)	No	No	-	
LAST_U PDATE_DATE	DATE	Yes	No	-	Populated by the list import program.
LAST_U PDATE_LOG IN	NUMBER	Yes	No	-	Populated by the list import program.
LAST_U PDATED_BY	NUMBER	Yes	No	-	Populated by the list import program.
NOTES	VAR- CHAR2(4000)	No	No	-	-
OBJECT_ VERSION_ NUMBER	NUMBER	Yes	No	-	Populated by the list import program.
PERSON_F IRST_NAME	VAR- CHAR2(150)	No	Yes	-	This is a required column in the data file for B2C type of data
PERSON_ LAST_NAME	VAR- CHAR2(150)	No	Yes	-	This is a required column in the data file for B2C type of data
PERSON_ MIDDLE_ NAME	VAR- CHAR2(60)	No	No	-	-
PERSON_ NAME_SUFF IX	VAR- CHAR2(30)	No	No	-	-

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Table Requires Entry	Import Requires Entry	Valid Values	Comments
PERSON_ PRE_NAME_ ADJUNCT		No	No	-	-
PERSON_T ITLE	VAR- CHAR2(60)	No	No	-	-
PHONE_ AREA_CODE	VAR- CHAR2(10)	No	No	-	-
PHONE_ COUNTRY_ CODE	VAR- CHAR2(10)	No	No	-	-
PHONE_ EXTENTION	VAR- CHAR2(20)	No	No	-	-
PHONE_ NUMBER	VAR- CHAR2(40)	No	No	-	Required if any of the phone information is provided.
PO_BOX_ NUMBER	VARCHAR2	No	No	-	-
POSTAL_ CODE	VAR- CHAR2(60)	No	No	Select min(p. from_postal_code),	-
				Max(p.to_ postal_code) from	
				Ar_postal_ code_ranges_v p,	
				Ar_location_ values a where	
				p.location_ segment_id = a.location_ segment_ id and a. location_ segment_ qualifier	
				= 'CITY' and a.location_ segment_ value like 'X%'	
POSTAL_ PLUS4_CODE		No	No	-	-

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Table Requires Entry	Import Requires Entry	Valid Values	Comments
PROVINCE	VAR- CHAR2(60)	No	No	Select distinct location_ segment_ description, location_ segment_ user_value from ar_ location_ values where location_ segment_ qualifier = 'PROVINCE'	-
SALES_ AGENT_LOG IN_ID	VAR- CHAR2(2000)	No	No	-	-
SALUTATION	VARCHAR2	No	No	-	-
SITE_USE_TY PE	VARCHAR2	No	No	-	-
STATE	VAR- CHAR2(60)	No	No	Select distinct location_ segment_ description, location_ segment_ user_value from ar_ location_ values where location_ segment_ qualifier = 'STATE'	-
STREET	VARCHAR2	No	No	-	-
STREET_ NUMBER	VARCHAR2	No	No	-	-
STREET_SUFF IX	VARCHAR2	No	No	-	-
SUITE	VARCHAR2	No	No	-	-
VEHICLE_ RESPONSE_ CODE	VAR- CHAR2(30)	No	No	-	Based on lookup AMS_ Vehicle_ Response_ Code

Event List Import Fields

Following table shows the mapping for Event registration import. Note that only Event Source code is a required field. But many other fields are conditionally required.

- 1. If the Party ID and Contact ID are provided in the csv file, the import will not create party but will use the ids provided in the csv and register them.
- 2. If the Party ID and Contact ID are not provided, then registrant first name, last name and email address are required as the import program will use those fields to create the party and register them. If the Attendant first name, last name and email address are not provided in the csv file, the import program will use the details from the registrant fields for attendant information.

Event List Import Fields

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Valid Values	Comments	Table Name	Column Name
EVENT_ SOURCE_ CODE/ Event Source Code	VARCHAR2 (100)		Source code for Event - how the Event being	ams_Event_ registrations	SOURCE_ CODE
Table Entry Required: Yes			registered for is identified.		
Import Entry Required: Yes					
REGISTRAT ION_ SOURCE_ TYPE/ Registration Source Type	VAR- CHAR2(30)	Lookup AMS_ EVENT_ REG_ SOURCE	How the party registered for the Event (Web, phone, etc.).	ams_Event_ registrations	REG_ SOURCE_TY PE_CODE
ATTEN- DANCE_ FLAG/ At- tendance Flag	VAR- CHAR2(1)	Y/N	Whether or not the party has attended the Event.	ams_Event_ registrations	ATTENDED_ FLAG
WAITL ISTED_ FLAG/ Waitlisted Flag	VAR- CHAR2(1)	Y/N	Whether or not to force the system to waitlist the party or not waitlist the party. If null, the system will waitlist if registrations are full.	ams_Event_ registrations	SYSTEM_ STATUS_ CODE (If the waitlisted_ flag is "Y" then registration status will be Waitlisted).

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Valid Values	Comments	Table Name	Column Name
CANCELLAT ION_FLAG/ Cancellation Flag	VAR- CHAR2(1)	Y/N	Whether or not to cancel the party's registration.	ams_Event_ registrations	SYSTEM_ STATUS_ CODE (If the cancellation flag is "Y" then registration status will be cancelled).
CANCELLAT ION REASON_ CODE/ Cancellation Reason	VAR- CHAR2(30)	Lookup AMS_ EVNT_REG_ CANCEL_ REASON	The reason for cancellation.	ams_Event_ registrations	CANCELLAT ION_ REASON_ CODE
CONFIRMAT ION_CODE/ Confirmation Code	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	This code will uniquely identify any registration.	ams_Event_ registrations	CONFIRMAT ION_CODE
ORIGINAL_ SYSTEM_ REFERENCE/ Original System Reference	VARCHAR2 (240)	-	The original system reference of the registration	hz_parties	ORG_ SYSTEM_ REFERENCE
REG_ PARTY_ID/ Registrant Party ID Table Entry Required: Yes	NUMBER	-	The party id corresponding to the registrant (B2C) or the registrant's company (B2B).	hz_parties	PARTY_ID
REG_ PARTY_TY PE/Registrant Party Type	VAR- CHAR2(30)	Fnd_ Lookups_ Party_Type	The Party Type of the registrant's company	hz_parties	PARTY_TY PE
REG_ CONTACT_ ID/ Registrant Contact ID	NUMBER	-	The party ID corresponding to the registrant	hz_parties	PARTY_ID
Table Entry Required: Yes					
REG_ PARTY_ NAME/ Registrant Party Name	VARCHAR2 (360)	-	The name of the registrant's company (forces B2B).	hz_parties	PARTY_ NAME

Table Column / Field in	Data Type	Valid Values	Comments	Table Name	Column Name
REG_TITLE/ Registrant Title	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	Title (Mr. Ms.) of the registrant	hz_org_ contacts	TITLE
REG_FIRST_ NAME/ Registrant First Name	VARCHAR2 (150)	-	First Name of registrant	hz_parties	PERSON_F IRST_NAME
Table Entry Required: Yes					
REG_M IDDLE_ NAME/ Registrant Middle Name	VAR- CHAR2(60)	-	Middle name of registrant	hz_parties	PERSON_ MIDDLE NAME
REG_LAST_ NAME/ Registrant Last Name	VARCHAR2 (150)	-	Last Name of registrant	hz_parties	PERSON_ LAST_NAME
Table Entry Required: Yes					
REG_ ADDRESS1/ Registrant Address1	VARCHAR2 (240)F	-	Address (first line) of the registrant	hz_parties	ADDRESS1
REG_ ADDRESS2/ Registrant Address1	VARCHAR2 (240)F	-	Address (second line) of the registrant	hz_parties	ADDRESS2
REG_ ADDRESS3/ Registrant Address1	VARCHAR2 (240)F	-	Address (third line) of the registrant	hz_parties	ADDRESS3
REG_ ADDRESS4/ Registrant Address1	VARCHAR2 (240)F	-	Address (fourth line) of the registrant	hz_parties	ADDRESS4
REG_ GENDER/ Registrant Gender	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	Gender of the registrant	hz_person_ profiles	GENDER
REG_ ADDRESS_ LINE_ PHONETIC/ Registrant Address Line Phonetic	VARCHAR2 (360)	-	Phonetic address of the registrant	hz_locations	ADDRESS_ LINES_ PHONETIC

Table Column / Field in	Data Type	Valid Values	Comments	Table Name	Column Name
Import File					
REG_ ANALYS IS_FY/ Registrant Analysis FY	VAR- CHAR2(5)	-	FY analysis for the registrant	hz_parties	ANALYSIS _FY
REG_A PT_FLAG/ Registrant Apt Flag	VAR- CHAR2(1)	-	Whether or not the registrant's address is an apartment	hz_locations	A PARTMENT_ FLAG
REG_BEST_ TIME_ CONTACT_ BEGIN/ Registrant Best Time Contact Begin	DATE	-	Best time to begin contacting the registrant	hz_person_ profiles	BEST_TIME_ CONTACT_ BEGIN
REG_BEST_ TIME_ CONTACT_ END	DATE	-	Best time to stop contacting the registrant	hz_person_ profiles	BEST_TIME_ CONTACT_ END
Registrant Best Time Contact End					
REG_ CATEGORY_ CODE/ Registrant Category Code	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	Category code of the registrant	hz_parties	CATEGORY_ CODE
REG_CEO_ NAME/ Registrant CEO Name	VARCHAR2 (360)	-	CEO of the registrant's company	hz_ organization_ profiles	CEO_NAME
REG_CITY/ Registrant City	VAR- CHAR2(60)	-	City of the Registrant's Address	hz_parties	CITY
REG_ CONTACT_ ME_FLAG/ Registrant Contact Me Flag	VAR- CHAR2(1)	Y/N	Whether or not it is OK to contact the registrant (Do or Do Not Contact)	hz_contact_ preferences	PREFER- ENCE_CODE (if Contact_ Type is ALL)
REG_ COUNTRY/ Registrant Country	VAR- CHAR2(60)	-	Country of the registrant's address	hz_parties	COUNTRY

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Valid Values	Comments	Table Name	Column Name
REG_ COUNTY/ Registrant County	VAR- CHAR2(60)	-	County of the registrant's address	hz_parties	COUNTY
REG_ CURRENT_ FY_POTENT IAL_REV/ Registrant Current FY Potential Revenue	NUMBER	-	Current fiscal year potential revenue of the registrant's company	hz_parties	CURR_FY_ POTENT IAL_ REVENUE
REG_NEXT_ FY_POTANT IAL_REV/ Registrant Next FY Potential Revenue	NUMBER	-	Next fiscal year potential revenue of the registrant's company	hz_parties	NEXT_FY_ POTENT IAL_ REVENUE
REG_ HOUSEHOLD INCOME/ Registrant Household Income	NUMBER _	-	Household income of the registrant	hz_person_ profiles	HOUSE- HOLD_ INCOME
REG_DEC ISION_ MAKER_ FLAG/ Registrant Decision Maker Flag	VAR- CHAR2(1)	Y/N	Whether or not the registrant is a decision maker	hz_org_ contacts	DECISION_ MAKER_ FLAG
REG_DE PARTMENT/ Registrant Department	VARCHAR2 (360)	-	The registrant's company department	hz_org_ contacts	DE PARTMENT
REG_DUN_ NO_C/ Registrant Dun No.	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	The Duns Number of the registrant's company	hz_parties	DUNS_ NUMBER
REG_ EMAIL_ ADDRESS/ Registrant email address Table Entry Required: Yes	VARCHAR2 (2000)	-	Email address of the registrant	hz_parties	EMAIL_ ADDRESS

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Valid Values	Comments	Table Name	Column Name
REG_EMA IL_OK_ FLAG/ Registrant Email OK Flag	VAR- CHAR2(1)	Y/N	Whether or not it is OK to email the registrant	hz_contact_ preferences	PREFER- ENCE_CODE (if Contact_ Type is EMA IL)
REG_EM PLOYEE_ TOTAL/ Registrant Employee Total	NUMBER	-	Employee total of the registrant's company	hz_parties	EM PLOYEES_ TOTAL
REG_FY_ END_ MONTH/ Registrant FY End Month	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	The month in which the registrant's company's fiscal year ends	hz_parties	FISCAL_ YEAREND_ MONTH
REG_ FLOOR/ Registrant's Floor	VAR- CHAR2(50)	-	The floor (address) of the registrant	hz_locations	FLOOR
REG_ GSA_IND ICATOR_ FLAG/ Registrant GSA Indicator Flag	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	The GSA Indicator Flag of the registrant's company	hz_parties	GSA_IND ICATOR_ FLAG
REG_ HOUSE_ NUMBER/ Registrant House Number	NUMBER	-	The house number of the registrant's address	hz_locations	HOUSE_ NUMBER
REG_IDENT IFYING_ ADDRESS_ FLAG/ Registrant Identifying Address Flag	VAR- CHAR2(1)	Y/N	Whether or not this is the registrant's primary address	hz_party_ sites	IDENT IFYING_ ADDRESS_ FLAG
REG_JGZZ_ FISCAL_ CODE/ Registrant JGZZ FISCAL Code	VAR- CHAR2(20)	-	The JGZZ Fiscal Code of the registrant's company	hz_parties	JGZZ_F ISCAL_ CODE

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Valid Values	Comments	Table Name	Column Name
REG_JOB_ TITLE/ Registrant Job Title	VARCHAR2 (100)	-	The job title of the registrant		JOB_TITLE
REG_LAST_ ORDER_ DATE/ Registrant Last Order Date	DATE	-	Deprecated	hz_parties	LAST_ ORDERED_ DATE
REG_ORG_ LEGAL_ STATUS/ Registrant Org Legal Status	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	The legal status of the registrant's company	hz_ organization_ profiles	LEGAL_ STATUS
REG_L INE_OF_ BUSINESS/ Registrant Line of Business	VARCHAR2 (240)	-	The line of business with which the registrant is associated	hz_ organization_ profiles	LINE_OF_ BUSINESS
REG_M ISSION_ STATEMENT/ Registrant Mission Statement	VARCHAR2 (2000)	-	The mission statement for the registrant's company	hz_parties	MISSION_ STATEMENT
REG_ORG_ NAME_ PHONETIC/ Registrant Org Name Phonetic	VARCHAR2 (320)	-	The phonetic name of the registrant's company	hz_parties	ORGANIZAT ION_NAME_ PHONETIC
REG_ OVERSEAS_ ADDRESS_ FLAG/ Registrant Overseas Address Flag	VAR- CHAR2(1)	Y/N	Whether or not the address is overseas	hz_locations	OVERSEAS_ ADDRESS_ FLAG
REG_NAME_ SUFFIX/ Registrant Name Suffix	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	The suffix of the registrant (Jr., M.D., etc.)	hz_parties	PERSON_ NAME_SUFF IIX

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Valid Values	Comments	Table Name	Column Name
REG_ PHONE_ AREA_ CODE/ Registrant Phone Area Code	VAR- CHAR2(10)	-	The area code of the registrant's phone number	hz_contact_ points	PHONE_ AREA_CODE
REG_ PHONE_ COUNTRY_ CODE/ Registrant Phone Country Code	VAR- CHAR2(10)	-	The country code of the registrant's phone number	hz_contact_ points	PHONE_ COUNTRY_ CODE
REG_ PHONE_ EXTENSION/ Registrant Phone Extension	VAR- CHAR2(20)	-	The extension of the registrant's phone number	hz_contact_ points	PHONE_ EXTENSION
REG_ PHONE_ NUMBER/ Registrant Phone Number	VAR- CHAR2(40)	-	The registrant's phone number	hz_contact_ points	PHONE_ NUMBER
REG_ POSTAL_ CODE/ Registrant Postal Code	VAR- CHAR2(60)	-	The postal code of the registrant's address	hz_parties	POSTAL_ CODE
REG_ POSTAL_ PLUS4_ CODE/ Registrant Postal plus4 Code	VAR- CHAR2(4)	-	The postal plus-four code of the registrant's address	hz_locations	POSTAL_ PLUS4_ CODE
REG_PO_ BOX_NO/ Registrant PO Box No	VAR- CHAR2(50)	-	The PO Box number of the registrant's address	hz_locations	PO_BOX_ NUMBER
REG_PROV INCE/ Registrant Province	VAR- CHAR2(60)	-	The province of the registrant's address	hz_locations, hz_parties	PROVINCE

Table	Dete Time	\/alid \/alica -	Comments	Table Name	Column
Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Valid Values	Comments	Table Name	Column Name
REG_ RURAL_ ROUTE_NO/ Registrant Rural Route No	VAR- CHAR2(50)	-	The rural route number of the registrant's address	hz_locations	RURAL_ ROUTE_ NUMBER
REG_ RURAL_ ROUTE_ TYPE / Registrant Rural Route Type	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	The rural route type of the registrant's address	hz_locations	RURTAL_ ROUTE_TY PE
REG_ SECONDARY SUFFIX_ ELEMENT/ Registrant Secondary Suffix Element	VAR- _CHAR2(30)	-	The secondary suffix (such as Jr. or M.D.) of the registrant	hz_locations	SEC- ONDARY_ SUFFIX_ ELEMENT
REG_SIC_ CODE/ Registrant S IC Code	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	The SIC Code of the registrant's company	hz_parties	SIC_CODE
REG_SIC_ CODE_TYPE/ Registrant S IC Code Type	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	The SIC Code Type of the registrant's company	hz_parties	SIC_CODE_ TYPE
REG_SITE_ USE_CODE/ Registrant Site Use Code	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	The site use code of the registrant's address	Not Used	Not Used
REG_STATE/ Registrant State	VAR- CHAR2(60)	-	The state of the registrant's address	hz_locations, hz_parties	STATE
REG_ STREET/ Registrant Street	VAR- CHAR2(50)	-	The street of the registrant's address	hz_locations	STREET
REG_ STREET_ NUMBER/ Registrant Street Number	VAR- CHAR2(50)	-	The street number of the registrant's address	hz_locations	STREET_ NUMBER

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Valid Values	Comments	Table Name	Column Name
REG_ STREET_ SUFFIX/ Registrant Street Suffix	VAR- CHAR2(50)	-	The street suffix of the registrant's address	hz_locations	STREET_ SUFFIX
REG_SUITE/ Registrant Suite	VAR- CHAR2(50)	-	The suite of the registrant's address	hz_locations	SUITE
REG_TAX_ NAME/ Registrant Tax Name	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	The tax name of the registrant's company	hz_parties	TAX_NAME
REG_TAX_ REFERENCE/ Registrant Tax Reference	VAR- CHAR2(50)	-	The tax reference of the registrant's company	hz_parties	TAX_ REFERENCE
REG_TIME_ ZONE/ Registrant Time Zone	NUMBER	-	The timezone of the registrant's address	hz_locations	TIME_ZONE
REG_ TOTAL_NO_ OF_ORDER/ Registrant Total Number of Orders	NUMBER	-	Deprecated	hz_parties	TOTAL_ NUM_OF_ ORDERS
REG_ TOTAL_ ORDER_ AMOUNT/ Registrant Total Order Amount	NUMBER	-	Deprecated	hz_parties	TOTAL_ ORDERED_ AMOUNT
REG_YEAR_ ESTABL ISHED/ Registrant Year Established	NUMBER	-	The year the registrant's company was established	hz_parties	YEAR_ ESTABL ISHED
REG_URL/ Registrant URL	VARCHAR2 (2000)	-	The URL of the registrant's company	hz_contact_ points, hz_ parties	URL

Table Column / Field in	Data Type	Valid Values	Comments	Table Name	Column Name
Import File					
ATT_PARTY_ ID/ attendant Party ID	NUMBER	-	The party id corresponding to the attendant (B2C)	hz_parties	PARTY_ID
Table Entry Required: Yes			or the attendant's company (B2B).		
ATT_PARTY_ TYPE/ Attendant Party Type	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	The Party Type of the attendant's company	hz_parties	PARTY_TY PE
ATT_ CONTACT_ ID/ Attendant Contact ID	NUMBER	-	The party ID corresponding to the attendant	hz_parties	PARTY_ID
Table Entry Required: Yes					
ATT_PARTY_ NAME/ Attendant Party Name	VARCHAR2 (360)	-	The name of the attendant's company (forces B2B).	hz_parties	PARTY_ NAME
ATT_TITLE/ Attendant Title	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	Title (Mr. Ms.) of the attendant	hz_org_ contacts	TITLE
ATT_FIRST_ NAME/ Attendant First Name	VARCHAR2 (150)	-	First Name of attendant	hz_parties	PERSON_F IRST_NAME
Table Entry Required: Yes					
ATT_M IDDLE_ NAME/ Attendant Middle Name	VAR- CHAR2(60)	-	Middle name of attendant	hz_parties	PERSON_ MIDDLE NAME
ATT_LAST_ NAME/ Attendant Last Name	VARCHAR2 (150)	-	Last Name of attendant	hz_parties	PERSON_ LAST_NAME
Table Entry Required: Yes					
ATT_ ADDRESS1/ Attendant Address1	VARCHAR2 (240)F	-	Address (first line) of the attendant	hz_parties	ADDRESS1

Table	Data Type	Valid Values	Comments	Table Name	Column
Column / Field in Import File)[-				Name
ATT_ ADDRESS2/ Attendant Address1	VARCHAR2 (240)F	-	Address (second line) of the attendant	hz_parties	ADDRESS2
ATT_ ADDRESS3/ Attendant Address1	VARCHAR2 (240)F	-	Address (third line) of the attendant	hz_parties	ADDRESS3
ATT_ ADDRESS4/ Attendant Address1	VARCHAR2 (240)F	-	Address (fourth line) of the attendant	hz_parties	ADDRESS4
ATT_ GENDER/ Attendant Gender	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	Gender of the attendant	hz_person_ profiles	GENDER
ATT_ ADDRESS_ LINE_ PHONETIC/ Attendant Address Line Phonetic	VARCHAR2 (360)	-	Phonetic address of the attendant	hz_locations	ADDRESS_ LINES_ PHONETIC
ATT_ ANALYSIS_ FY/ Attendant Analysis FY	VAR- CHAR2(5)	-	FY analysis for the attendant	hz_parties	ANALYSIS _FY
ATT_A PT_FLAG/ Attendant Apt Flag	VAR- CHAR2(1)	Y/N	Whether or not the attendant's address is an apartment	hz_locations	A PARTMENT_ FLAG
ATT_BEST_ TIME_ CONTACT_ BEGIN/ Attendant Best Time Contact Begin	DATE	-	Best time to begin contacting the attendant	hz_person_ profiles	BEST_TIME_ CONTACT_ BEGIN
ATT_BEST_ TIME_ CONTACT_ END	DATE	-	Best time to stop contacting the attendant	hz_person_ profiles	BEST_TIME_ CONTACT_ END
Attendant Best Time Contact End					

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Valid Values	Comments	Table Name	Column Name
ATT_ CATEGORY_ CODE/ Attendant Category Code	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	Category code of the attendant	hz_parties	CATEGORY_ CODE
ATT_CEO_ NAME/ Attendant CEO Name	VARCHAR2 (360)	-	CEO of the attendant's company	hz_ organization_ profiles	CEO_NAME
ATT_CITY/ Attendant City	VAR- CHAR2(60)	-	City of the attendant's Address	hz_parties	CITY
ATT_ CONTACT_ ME_FLAG/ Attendant Contact Me Flag	VAR- CHAR2(1)	Y/N	Whether or not it is OK to contact the attendant (Do or Do Not Contact)	hz_contact_ preferences	PREFER- ENCE_CODE (if Contact_ Type is ALL)
ATT_ COUNTRY/ Attendant Country	VAR- CHAR2(60)	-	Country of the attendant's address	hz_parties	COUNTRY
ATT_ COUNTY/ Attendant County	VAR- CHAR2(60)	-	County of the attendant's address	hz_parties	COUNTY
ATT_ CURRENT_ FY_POTENT IAL_REV/ Attendant Current FY Potential Revenue	NUMBER	-	Current fiscal year potential revenue of the attendant's company	hz_parties	CURR_FY_ POTENT IAL_ REVENUE
ATT_NEXT_ FY_POTANT IAL_REV/ Attendant Next FY Potential Revenue	NUMBER	-	Next fiscal year potential revenue of the attendant's company	hz_parties	NEXT_FY_ POTENT IAL_ REVENUE
ATT_ HOUSEHOLD INCOME/ At- tendant Household Income	_		Household income of the attendant	hz_person_ profiles	HOUSE- HOLD_ INCOME

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Valid Values	Comments	Table Name	Column Name
ATT_DEC ISION_ MAKER_ FLAG/ Attendant Decision Maker Flag	VAR- CHAR2(1)	Y/N	Whether or not the attendant is a decision maker	hz_org_ contacts	DECISION_ MAKER_ FLAG
ATT_DE PARTMENT/ Attendant Department	VARCHAR2 (360)	-	The attendant's company department	hz_org_ contacts	DE PARTMENT
ATT_DUN_ NO_C/ Attendant Dun No.	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	The Duns Number of the attendant's company	hz_parties	DUNS_ NUMBER
ATT_EMAIL_ ADDRESS/ Attendant email address Table Entry	VARCHAR2 (2000)	-	Email address of the attendant	hz_parties	EMAIL_ ADDRESS
Required: Yes					
ATT_EMAIL_ OK_FLAG/ Attendant Email OK Flag	VAR- CHAR2(1)	Y/N	Whether or not it is OK to email the attendant	hz_contact_ preferences	PREFER- ENCE_CODE (if Contact_ Type is EMA IL)
ATT_EM PLOYEE_ TOTAL/ Attendant Employee Total	NUMBER	-	Employee total of the attendant's company	hz_parties	EM PLOYEES_ TOTAL
ATT_FY_ END_ MONTH/ Attendant FY End Month	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	The month in which the attendant's company's fiscal year ends	hz_parties	FISCAL_ YEAREND_ MONTH
ATT_FLOOR/ Attendant's Floor	VAR- CHAR2(50)	-	The floor (address) of the attendant	hz_locations	FLOOR
ATT_ GSA_IND ICATOR_ FLAG/ Attendant GSA Indicator Flag	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	The GSA Indicator Flag of the attendant's company	hz_parties	GSA_IND ICATOR_ FLAG

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Valid Values	Comments	Table Name	Column Name
ATT_ HOUSE_ NUMBER/ Attendant House Number	NUMBER	-	The house number of the attendant's address	hz_locations	HOUSE_ NUMBER
ATT_IDENT IFYING_ ADDRESS_ FLAG/ Attendant Identifying Address Flag	VAR- CHAR2(1)	Y/N	Whether or not this is the attendant's primary address	hz_party_ sites	IDENT IFYING_ ADDRESS_ FLAG
ATT_JGZZ_ FISCAL_ CODE/ Attendant JGZZ FISCAL Code	VAR- CHAR2(20)	-	The JGZZ Fiscal Code of the attendant's company	hz_parties	JGZZ_F ISCAL_ CODE
ATT_JOB_ TITLE/ Attendant Job Title	VARCHAR2 (100)	-	The job title of the attendant	hz_org_ contacts	JOB_TITLE
ATT_LAST_ ORDER_ DATE/ Attendant Last Order Date	DATE	-	Deprecated	hz_parties	LAST_ ORDERED_ DATE
ATT_ORG_ LEGAL_ STATUS/ Attendant Org Legal Status	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	The legal status of the attendant's company	hz_ organization_ profiles	LEGAL_ STATUS
ATT_LINE_ OF_BUS INESS/ Attendant Line of Business	VARCHAR2 (240)	-	The line of business with which the attendant is associated	hz_ organization_ profiles	LINE_OF_ BUSINESS
ATT_M ISSION_ STATEMENT/ Attendant Mission Statement	VARCHAR2 (2000)	-	The mission statement for the attendant's company	hz_parties	MISSION_ STATEMENT

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Valid Values	Comments	Table Name	Column Name
ATT_ORG_ NAME_ PHONETIC/ Attendant Org Name Phonetic	VARCHAR2 (320)	-	The phonetic name of the attendant's company	hz_parties	ORGANIZAT ION_NAME_ PHONETIC
ATT_ OVERSEAS_ ADDRESS_ FLAG/ Attendant Overseas Address Flag	VAR- CHAR2(1)	Y/N	Whether or not the address is overseas	hz_locations	OVERSEAS_ ADDRESS_ FLAG
ATT_NAME_ SUFFIX/ Attendant Name Suffix	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	The suffix of the attendant (Jr., M.D., etc.)	hz_parties	PERSON_ NAME_SUFF IIX
ATT_ PHONE_ AREA_ CODE/ Attendant Phone Area Code	VAR- CHAR2(10)	-	The area code of the attendant's phone number	hz_contact_ points	PHONE_ AREA_CODE
ATT_ PHONE_ COUNTRY_ CODE/ Attendant Phone Country Code	VAR- CHAR2(10)	-	The country code of the attendant's phone number	hz_contact_ points	PHONE_ COUNTRY_ CODE
ATT_ PHONE_ EXTENSION/ Attendant Phone Extension	VAR- CHAR2(20)	-	The extension of the attendant's phone number	hz_contact_ points	PHONE_ EXTENSION
ATT_ PHONE_ NUMBER/ Attendant Phone Number	VAR- CHAR2(40)	-	The attendant's phone number	hz_contact_ points	PHONE_ NUMBER
ATT_ POSTAL_ CODE/ Attendant Postal Code	VAR- CHAR2(60)	-	The postal code of the attendant's address	hz_parties	POSTAL_ CODE

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Valid Values	Comments	Table Name	Column Name
ATT_ POSTAL_ PLUS4_ CODE/ Attendant Postal plus4 Code	VAR- CHAR2(4)	-	The postal plus-four code of the attendant's address	hz_locations	POSTAL_ PLUS4_ CODE
ATT_PO_ BOX_NO/ Attendant PO Box No	VAR- CHAR2(50)	-	The PO Box number of the attendant's address	hz_locations	PO_BOX_ NUMBER
ATT_PROV INCE/ Attendant Province	VAR- CHAR2(60)	-	The province of the attendant's address	hz_locations, hz_parties	PROVINCE
ATT_ RURAL_ ROUTE_NO/ Attendant Rural Route Number	VAR- CHAR2(50)	_	The rural route number of the attendant's address	hz_locations	RURAL_ ROUTE_ NUMBER
ATT_ RURAL_ ROUTE_TY PE/ Attendant Rural Route Type	VAR- CHAR2(30)	_	The rural route type of the attendant's address	hz_locations	RURTAL_ ROUTE_TY PE
ATT_ SECONDARY_ SUFFIX_ ELEMENT/ Attendant Secondary Suffix Element	VAR- _CHAR2(30)	-	The secondary suffix (such as Jr. or M.D.) of the attendant	hz_locations	SEC- ONDARY_ SUFFIX_ ELEMENT
ATT_SIC_ CODE/ Attendant S IC Code	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	The SIC Code of the attendant's company	hz_parties	SIC_CODE
ATT_SIC_ CODE_TYPE/ Attendant SIC Code Type	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	The SIC Code Type of the attendant's company	hz_parties	SIC_CODE_ TYPE
ATT_SITE_ USE_CODE/ Attendant Site Use Code	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	The site use code of the attendant's address	Not Used	Not Used

Table Column / Field in	Data Type	Valid Values	Comments	Table Name	Column Name
ATT_STATE/ Attendant State	VAR- CHAR2(60)	-	The state of the attendant's address	hz_locations, hz_parties	STATE
ATT_ STREET/ Attendant Street	VAR- CHAR2(50)	-	The street of the attendant's address	hz_locations	STREET
ATT_ STREET_ NUMBER/ Attendant Street Number	VAR- CHAR2(50)	-	The street number of the attendant's address	hz_locations	STREET_ NUMBER
ATT_ STREET_ SUFFIX/ Attendant Street Suffix	VAR- CHAR2(50)	-	The street suffix of the attendant's address	hz_locations	STREET_ SUFFIX
ATT_SUITE/ Attendant Suite	VAR- CHAR2(50)	-	The suite of the attendant's address	hz_locations	SUITE
ATT_TAX_ NAME/ Attendant Tax Name	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	The tax name of the attendant's company	hz_parties	TAX_NAME
ATT_TAX_ REFERENCE/ Attendant Tax Reference	VAR- CHAR2(50)	-	The tax reference of the attendant's company	hz_parties	TAX_ REFERENCE
ATT_TIME_ ZONE/ Attendant Time Zone	NUMBER	-	The timezone of the attendant's address	hz_locations	TIME_ZONE
ATT_ TOTAL_NO_ OF_ORDER/ Attendant Total Number of Orders	NUMBER	-	Deprecated	hz_parties	TOTAL_ NUM_OF_ ORDERS
ATT_ TOTAL_ ORDER_ AMOUNT/ Attendant Total Order Amount	NUMBER	-	Deprecated	hz_parties	TOTAL_ ORDERED_ AMOUNT

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Valid Values	Comments	Table Name	Column Name
ATT_YEAR_ ESTABL ISHED/ Attendant Year Established	NUMBER	-	The year the attendant's company was established	hz_parties	YEAR_ ESTABL ISHED
ATT_URL/ Attendant URL	VARCHAR2 (2000)	-	The URL of the attendant's company	hz_contact_ points, hz_ parties	URL

Lead List Import Fields

The following field is new:

PERSON_INITIALS

Obsolete columns:

- CUSTOMER_KEY
- ADDRESS_KEY
- CONTACT_KEY

Event List Import Fields

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Table Requires Entry	Import Requires Entry	Valid Values	Comments
ACCEPT_ FLAG	-	-	-	-	-
ACTIVE_ FLAG	VAR- CHAR2(1)	-	-	-	-
ADDRESS_ EFFECTIVE_ DATE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
ADDRESS_ KEY	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	Stores the Address Key generated
ADDRESS_ LINES_ PHONETIC	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
ADDRESS_ STYLE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
ADDRESSEE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Table Requires Entry	Import Requires Entry	Valid Values	Comments
ASSIGN_ DATE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
ASSIGN_ SALES_ GROUP_ID	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
ASSIGN_TO_ PERSON_ID	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
ASSIGN_TO_ SALESFORCE ID		-	-	-	-
ATTEN- DANCE_ FAILURE_ REASON	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	-	AMS_ EVENT_ ATTENDANC FAILURE_ CODE LOOKUP	- E_
ATTEN- DANCE_ RESULT_ CODE	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	-	-	-
ATTEN- DANT_ ACCOUNT_ ID	NUMBER	-	-	CUSTOMER_ ACCOUNT_ ID	-
ATTEN- DANT_ CONTACT_ ID	NUMBER		Yes	CONTACT_ ID	-
ATTEN- DANT_ LANGUAGE	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	-	-	-
ATTEN- DANT_ PARTY_ID	NUMBER	-	-	PARTY_ID	-
ATTENDED_ FLAG	VAR- CHAR2(1)	-	-	-	-
ATTRIBUTE_ CATEGORY	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	-	-	-
ATTRIBUTE1	VAR- CHAR2(150)	-	-	-	-
ATTR IBUTE10	VAR- CHAR2(150)	-	-	-	-
ATTR IBUTE11	VAR- CHAR2(150)	-	-	-	-

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Table Requires Entry	Import Requires Entry	Valid Values	Comments
ATTR IBUTE12	VAR- CHAR2(150)	-	-	-	-
ATTR IBUTE13	VAR- CHAR2(150)	-	-	-	-
ATTR IBUTE14	VAR- CHAR2(150)	-	-	-	-
ATTR IBUTE15	VAR- CHAR2(150)	-	-	-	-
ATTRIBUTE2	VAR- CHAR2(150)	-	-	-	-
ATTRIBUTE3	VAR- CHAR2(150)	-	-	-	-
ATTRIBUTE4	VAR- CHAR2(150)	-	-	-	-
ATTRIBUTE5	VAR- CHAR2(150)	-	-	-	-
ATTRIBUTE6	VAR- CHAR2(150)	-	-	-	-
ATTRIBUTE7	VAR- CHAR2(150)	-	-	-	-
ATTRIBUTE8	VAR- CHAR2(150)	-	-	-	-
ATTRIBUTE9	VAR- CHAR2(150)	-	-	-	-
AUTO_ASS IGNMENT_ TYPE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
AUTO_REG ISTER_FLAG	VAR- CHAR2(1)	-	-	-	-
BUDGET_ AMOUNT	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
BUDGET_ AMOUNT_1	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
BUDGET_ AMOUNT_2	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
BUDGET_ AMOUNT_3	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
BUDGET_ AMOUNT_4	NUMBER	-	-	-	-

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Table Requires Entry	Import Requires Entry	Valid Values	Comments
BUDGET_ AMOUNT_5	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
BUDGET_ STATUS_ CODE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
CANCELLAT ION_CODE	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
CANCELLAT ION_ REASON_ CODE	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	-	AMS_ EVENT_ REG_ CANCEL_ REASON LOOKUP	-
CHANNEL_ CODE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
CLOSE_ REASON	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
CNT_PNT_ CONTENT_ SOURCE_TY PE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	This is a mandatory column in HZ_ CONTACT_ POINTS, but if not given, default it to 'USER_ ENTERED'
CNT_PNT_T IME_ZONE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
CONF IRMED_ FLAG	VAR- CHAR2(1)	-	-	-	-
CONTACT_ KEY	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	Stores the Contact Key generated
CONTACT_ NUMBER	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
CONTACT_ PARTY_ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
CONTACT_ ROLE_CODE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Table Requires Entry	Import Requires Entry	Valid Values	Comments
CONTENT_ SOURCE_TY PE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	This is a mandatory column in HZ_LOCAT IONS, but if not given, default it to 'USER_ENTERED'
CREATED_ BY	NUMBER	Yes	-	-	Populated by the list import program.
CREATION_ DATE	DATE	Yes	-	-	Populated by the list import program.
CURRENCY_ CODE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
CUSTOMER_ KEY	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	Stores the customer Key generated
DATE_REG ISTRATION_ PLACED	DATE	-	-	-	-
DECISION_ MAKER_ FLAG	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
DECISION_T IMEFRAME_ CODE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
DELETED_ FLAG	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
DE Partment	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
DE PARTMENT_ CODE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
DESCRIPT ION	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
DESCRIPT ION	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
DO_NOT_ EMAIL_ FLAG	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	If 'Y' then no emails sent to Contact.

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Table Requires Entry	Import Requires Entry	Valid Values	Comments
DO_NOT_ FAX_FLAG	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	If 'Y' then no fax sent to Contact.
DO_NOT_ PHONE_ FLAG	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	If 'Y' then no phone calls to Contact.
DUNS_ NUMBER	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
EMAIL_ FORMAT	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
EVALU- ATED_FLAG	VAR- CHAR2(1)	-	-	-	-
EVENT_ OFFER_ID	NUMBER	-	Yes	AMS_ EVENT_ OFFERS_ ALL_B	-
FA_LOCAT ION_ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
FAX_AREA_ CODE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
FAX_ COUNTRY_ CODE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
FAX_ EXTENSION	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
FAX_ NUMBER	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
FLOOR	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
GROUP_TY PE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
GSA_IND ICATOR_ FLAG	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
HOUSE_ NUMBER	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
HQ_ BRANCH_ IND	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
IMPORT_ FLAG	NUMBER	-	-	-	-

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Table Requires Entry	Import Requires Entry	Valid Values	Comments
IMPORT_ LIST_ HEADER_ID	NUMBER	Yes	-	-	Auto Generated
IMPORT_ SOURCE_L INE_ID	NUMBER	Yes	-	-	Auto Generated
IMPORT_ SUCCESSFUL FLAG	VAR- _CHAR2(1)	-	-	-	Populated by the list import program.
INBOUND_ CHANNEL_ ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
INBOUND_ MEDIA_ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
INCUM- BENT_ PARTNER_ PARTY_ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	Partner specific
INCUM- BENT_ PARTNER_ RESOURCE_ ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	Partner specific
INTEREST_ TYPE_ID_1	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
INTEREST_ TYPE_ID_2	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
INTEREST_ TYPE_ID_3	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
INTEREST_ TYPE_ID_4	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
INTEREST_ TYPE_ID_5	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
INVEN- TORY_ITEM_ ID_1	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
INVEN- TORY_ITEM_ ID_2	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
INVEN- TORY_ITEM_ ID_3	NUMBER	-	-	-	-

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Table Requires Entry	Import Requires Entry	Valid Values	Comments
INVEN- TORY_ITEM_ ID_4	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
INVEN- TORY_ITEM_ ID_5	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
INVITE_ ONLY_ OVERRIDE_ FLAG	VAR- CHAR2(1)	-	-	-	-
JGZZ_F ISCAL_ CODE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
JOB_TITLE_ CODE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	Stores the job title code
KEEP_FLAG	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
KNOWN_AS	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
KNOWN_ AS2	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
KNOWN_ AS3	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
KNOWN_ AS4	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
KNOWN_ AS5	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
LANGUAGE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
LAN- GUAGE_ NAME	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
LAST_ ORDERED_ DATE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
LAST_REG_ STATUS_ DATE	DATE	-	-	Date when the registration closed.	-
LAST_U PDATE_LOG IN	NUMBER	Yes	-	-	Populated by the list import program.
LAST_U PDATED_BY	NUMBER	Yes	-	-	Populated by the list import program.

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Table Requires Entry	Import Requires Entry	Valid Values	Comments
LEAD_DATE	DATE	-	-	-	-
LEAD_ NUMBER	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
LEAD_ RANK_ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	Stores the sales lead rank id. Need not supply if supplied will get validated
LOAD_ ERROR_ MESSAGE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	Currently, not used. To find the error messages, query from ams_errors
LOC_DESCRI PTION	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
LOC_H IERARCHY_ ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
LOC_VAL IDATED_ FLAG	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
LOCATION_ DIRECTIONS	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
LOCATION_ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	Location Id to which address info is mapped
MAIL_STOP	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
MAILSTOP	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
MARKET ING_SCORE	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
MAX_ ATTENDEE_ OVERRIDE_ FLAG	VAR- CHAR2(1)	-	-	-	-
MIDDLE_IN ITIAL	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
MISSION_ STATEMENT	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
NET_ Worth	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	free text format

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Table Requires Entry	Import Requires Entry	Valid Values	Comments
NEW_CON_ FLAG	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	<pre><< DO NOT POPULATE >> if 1 - new contact, 0- existing Contact</pre>
NEW_LOC_ FLAG	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	<< DO NOT POPULATE >> if 1 - this is a new location. If 0- this is already existing.
NEW_ PARTY_ FLAG	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	<< DO NOT POPULATE >> If 1 - party is newly created. If 0, existing party is used.
NEW_PS_ FLAG	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	<< DO NOT POPULATE >> if 1 - new PS, if 0 - PS already existing
NEW_REL_ FLAG	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	<< DO NOT POPULATE >> if 1 - new relationship, 0- existing Rel
OBJECT_ VERSION_ NUMBER	NUMBER	Yes	-	-	Populated by the list import program.
OFFER_ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
OFFER_ID_1	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
OFFER_ID_2	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
OFFER_ID_3	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
OFFER_ID_4	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
OFFER_ID_5	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
ORDER_ HEADER_ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
ORDER_L INE_ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	-

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Table Requires Entry	Import Requires Entry	Valid Values	Comments
ORG_CNT_ COMMENTS	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
ORG_CNT_T ITLE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
ORGANIZAT ION_ID_1	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
ORGANIZAT ION_ID_2	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
ORGANIZAT ION_ID_3	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
ORGANIZAT ION_ID_4	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
ORGANIZAT ION_ID_5	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
ORGANIZAT ION_NAME_ PHONETIC	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
ORIG_ SYSTEM_ CODE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	Source application code where the lead originated example OTN
ORIG_ SYSTEM_ REFERENCE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	May be populated as <orig_system_code> <identifier> example OTN10100</identifier></orig_system_code>
ORIG INAL_REG ISTRANT_ CONTACT_ ID	NUMBER	-	Yes	-	-
OWNER_ USER_ID	NUMBER	-	Yes	-	-
PARENT_ PROJECT	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
PART IES_VAL IDATED_ FLAG	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Table Requires Entry	Import Requires Entry	Valid Values	Comments
PARTY_ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	Party Id to which the customer info is mapped
PARTY_ NUMBER	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
PARTY_ REFERENCE_ USE_FLAG	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
PARTY_S ITE_ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	Party Site Id to which the party and location info is mapped
PARTY_S ITE_NAME	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
PARTY_ SITE_ NUMBER	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	Can be populated ONLY when profile "HZ Generate Party Number" set to 'N'
PARTY_TY PE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
PAYMENT_ STATUS_ CODE	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	-	-	-
PERSON_ FIRST_ NAME_ PHONETIC	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
PERSON_ IDEN_TYPE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
PERSON_ IDENTIFIER	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
PERSON_ LAST_ NAME_ PHONETIC	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
PERSON_ NAME_SUFF IX	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Table Requires Entry	Import Requires Entry	Valid Values	Comments
PERSON_ PREVIOUS_ LAST_NAME	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
PHONE_ CALLING_ CALENDAR	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
PHONE_ COUNTRY_ CODE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
PHONE_ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	DO NOT PO PULATE
PO_BOX_ NUMBER	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
LOCATION_ POSITION		-	-	-	-
POSTAL_ PLUS4_ CODE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
PRIMARY_ CONTACT_ FLAG	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
PRIMARY_ CONTACT_ PER_ROLE_ TYPE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	'Y' or 'N'
PRIMARY_ INTEREST_ CODE_ID_1	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
PRIMARY_ INTEREST_ CODE_ID_2	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
PRIMARY_ INTEREST_ CODE_ID_3	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
PRIMARY_ INTEREST_ CODE_ID_4	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
PRIMARY_ INTEREST_ CODE_ID_5	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
PRIMARY_ PER_TYPE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	'Y' or 'N'

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Table Requires Entry	Import Requires Entry	Valid Values	Comments
PRM_ASS IGNMENT_ TYPE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
PRM_EXEC_ SPONSOR_ FLAG	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	Partner specific
PRM_IND_ CLASSIF ICATION_ CODE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	Partner specific
PRM_PRJ_ LEAD_IN_ PLACE_ FLAG	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	Partner specific
PRM_ SALES_ LEAD_TYPE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	Partner specific
PROGRAM_ APPLICAT ION_ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
PROGRAM_ APPLICAT ION_ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	DO NOT PO PULATE
PROGRAM_ ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
PROGRAM_ ID		-	-	-	Concurrent process generated
PROGRAM_ UPDATE_ DATE	DATE	-	-	-	-
PROGRAM_ UPDATE_ DATE	DATE	-	-	-	-
PROMOT ION_CODE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	If given and promotion_ id is not provided, then this will be transferred to promotion_ id.

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Table Requires Entry	Import Requires Entry	Valid Values	Comments
PROMOT ION_ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	If given, this is used for creating the sales lead header.
PROSPECT_ FLAG	VAR- CHAR2(1)	-	-	-	-
PS_USES_ COMMENTS	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
QUALIFIED_ FLAG	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
QUANTITY_ 1	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
QUANTITY_ 2	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
QUANTITY_ 3	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
QUANTITY_ 4	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
QUANTITY_ 5	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
RANK	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
RAW_ PHONE_ NUMBER	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
REG_ SOURCE_TY PE_CODE	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	-	AMS_ EVENT_ REG_ SOURCE_TY PE LOOKUP	-
REG ISTRANT_ ACCOUNT_ ID	NUMBER	-	Yes	CUSTOMER_ ACCOUNT_ ID	-
REG ISTRANT_ CONTACT_ ID	NUMBER	-	Yes	CONTACT_ ID	-
REG ISTRANT_ PARTY_ID	NUMBER	-	Yes	PARTY_ID	-

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Table Requires Entry	Import Requires Entry	Valid Values	Comments
REGISTRAT ION_GROU P_ID	NUMBER	-	Yes	-	-
REGISTRAT ION_ SOURCE_ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
REJECT_ REASON_ CODE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
REL_PARTY_ ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	Relationship's party ID to which the relationship is mapped.
REQUEST_ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
REQUEST_ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
ROLE_ LEVEL	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
SALES_ LEAD_ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	<< DO NOT POPULATE >> Sales Lead ID to which the sales lead info is mapped.
SALES_TAX_ GEOCODE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
SALES_TAX_ INSIDE_C ITY_LIMITS	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
SALESREP_ ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
SCORE- CARD_ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
SEC- ONDARY_ INTEREST_ CODE_ID_1	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
SEC- ONDARY_ INTEREST_ CODE_ID_2	NUMBER	-	-	-	-

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Table Requires Entry	Import Requires Entry	Valid Values	Comments
SEC- ONDARY_ INTEREST_ CODE_ID_3	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
SEC- ONDARY_ INTEREST_ CODE_ID_4	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
SEC- ONDARY_ INTEREST_ CODE_ID_5	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
SECURITY_ GROUP_ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
SECURITY_ GROUP_ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
SHORT_ DESCRIPT ION	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
SIC_CODE_ TYPE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
SITE_USE_ TYPE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	This is a mandatory column for HZ_PARTY_SITE_USES. But if not given, it will be defaulted to 'BILL_TO'
SOURCE_ CODE	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	Yes	AMS_ EVENT_ OFFERS_ ALL_B	-
SOURCE_ PROMOT ION_ID_1	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
SOURCE_ PROMOT ION_ID_2	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
SOURCE_ PROMOT ION_ID_3	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
SOURCE_ PROMOT ION_ID_4	NUMBER	-	-	-	-

Table Column / Field in Import File	Data Type	Table Requires Entry	Import Requires Entry	Valid Values	Comments
SOURCE_ PROMOT ION_ID_5	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
STREET	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
STREET_ NUMBER	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
STREET_ SUFFIX	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
SUITE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
SYSTEM_ STATUS_ CODE	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	-	AMS_ EVENT_ REG_STATUS LOOKUP	-
TARGET_L IST_ID	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
TAX_NAME	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
TIME_ZONE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
TOTAL_ NUM_OF_ ORDERS	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
TOTAL_ ORDERED_ AMOUNT	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
UOM_ CODE_1	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
UOM_ CODE_2	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
UOM_ CODE_3	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
UOM_ CODE_4	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
UOM_ CODE_5	NUMBER	-	-	-	-
URGENT_ FLAG	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
USER_ STATUS_ID	NUMBER	-	Yes	AMS_USER_ STATUS LOOKUP	-

Table	Data Type	Table	Import	Valid Values	Comments
Column / Field in Import File		Requires Entry	Requires Entry		
VEHICLE_ RESPONSE_ CODE	VARCHAR2	-	-	-	-
WAITL ISTED_PR IORITY	VAR- CHAR2(30)	-	-	-	-

Seeded User Statuses

This appendix covers the following topics:

- User Status Overview
- Seeded User Statuses

User Status Overview

User statuses can be created across the application for a combination of activity and status. Oracle Marketing is seeded with the following user statuses. These user statuses can be modified or extended to meet an organization's business rules.

It is important to note that the addition of a high number of user statuses would mean that the number of values seen in the drop-down list for an object's status will also increase.

Seeded User Statuses

The seeded user status values are as follows:

Seeded User Statuses

User Status For	SYSTEM_STATUS	SYSTEM_NAME	User Status Name
Budget Sourcing Status	APPROVED	Approved	Approved
Budget Sourcing Status	CLOSED	Closed	Accounting Closed
Budget Sourcing Status	NEW	Planning	Planning
Budget Sourcing Status	PENDING	Pending	Pending Approval
Budget Sourcing Status	REJECTED	Rejected	Rejected by Approver
Budget Status	ACTIVE	Active	Active
Budget Status	ARCHIVED	Archived	Archived
Budget Status	CANCELLED	Cancelled	Cancelled
Budget Status	CLOSED	Closed	Closed
Budget Status	DRAFT	Draft	Draft
Budget Status	ON_HOLD	On Hold	On Hold

Hear Status For	CVCTEM CTATUC	CVCTEM NAME	Hear Status Name
User Status For	SYSTEM_STATUS	SYSTEM_NAME	User Status Name
Budget Status	PENDING	Pending Approval	Pending Approval
Budget Status	REJECTED	Rejected	Rejected
Campaign Schedule Status	ACTIVE	Active	Active
Campaign Schedule Status	ARCHIVED	Archived	Archived
Campaign Schedule Status	AVAILABLE	Available	Available
Campaign Schedule Status	CANCELLED	Cancelled	Cancelled
Campaign Schedule Status	CLOSED	Closed	Closed
Campaign Schedule Status	COMPLETED	Completed	Completed
Campaign Schedule Status	DENIED_BA	Budget Rejected	Denied Budget Approval
Campaign Schedule Status	NEW	New	New
Campaign Schedule Status	ON_HOLD	Active Locked	On Hold
Campaign Schedule Status	SUBMITTED_BA	Pending Budget Approval	Pending Budget Approval
Campaign Status	ACTIVE	Active	Active
Campaign Status	ARCHIVED	Archived	Archived
Campaign Status	AVAILABLE	Available	Available
Campaign Status	CANCELLED	Cancelled	Cancelled
Campaign Status	CLOSED	Closed	Closed
Campaign Status	COMPLETED	Completed	Completed
Campaign Status	DENIED_BA	Denied - Budget Approval	Budget Denied
Campaign Status	DENIED_TA	Denied - Theme Approval	Theme Denied
Campaign Status	NEW	New	New
Campaign Status	ON_HOLD	On-hold	On Hold
Campaign Status	PLANNING	Planning	Planned
Campaign Status	SUBMITTED_BA	Submitted - Budget Approval	Pending Budget approval

User Status For	SYSTEM_STATUS	SYSTEM_NAME	User Status Name
Campaign Status	SUBMITTED_TA	Submitted - Theme Approval	Pending Theme approval
Claim Status	APPROVED	Approved	Approved
Claim Status	CANCELLED	Cancelled	Cancelled
Claim Status	CLOSED	Closed	Closed
Claim Status	COMPLETE	Complete	Complete
Claim Status	DUPLICATE	Duplicate	Duplicate
Claim Status	NEW	New	New
Claim Status	OPEN	Open	Open
Claim Status	PENDING	Pending	Pending
Claim Status	PENDING_AP PROVAL	Pending Approval	Pending Approval
Claim Status	PENDING_CLOSE	Pending Close	Pending Close
Claim Status	REJECTED	Rejected	Rejected
Deliverable Status	ARCHIVED	Archived	Archived
Deliverable Status	AVAILABLE	Available	Final Loaded
Deliverable Status	BUDGET_APPR	Budget Approved	Budget Approval
Deliverable Status	CANCELLED	Cancelled	Cancelled
Deliverable Status	DENIED_BA	Denied - Budget Approval	Budget Denied
Deliverable Status	DENIED_TA	Denied - Concept Approval	Denied Concept Approval
Deliverable Status	EXPIRED	Expired	Expired
Deliverable Status	NEW	New	New
Deliverable Status	SUBMITTED_BA	Submitted - Budget Approval	Pending Budget approval
Deliverable Status	SUBMITTED_TA	Submitted - Concept Approval	Pending Concept Approval
Deliverable Status	SUPERCEDED	Superceded	Superceded
List Import Status	COMPLETED	Completed	Completed
List Import Status	ERROR	Error	Error
List Import Status	NEW	New	New
List Import Status	PURGED	Purged	Purged
List Import Status	SCHEDULED	Scheduled	Scheduled

User Status For	SYSTEM_STATUS	SYSTEM_NAME	User Status Name
List Import Status	STAGED	Staged	Staged
List Status	ARCHIVED	Archived	Archived
List Status	AVAILABLE	Available	Available
List Status	CANCELLED	Cancelled	Cancelled
List Status	DRAFT	Draft	Draft
List Status	EXECUTED	Executed	Executed
List Status	EXECUTING	Executing	Executing
List Status	GENERATING	Generating	Generating
List Status	LOCKED	Locked	Locked
List Status	SCHEDULED	Scheduled	Scheduled
List Status	VALIDATED	Validated	Validated
List Status	VALIDATING	Validating	Validating
Marketing Event Agenda Status	CONFIRMED	Confirmed	Confirmed
Marketing Event Agenda Status	UNCONFIRMED	Unconfirmed	Unconfirmed
Marketing Event Registration Status	CANCELLED	Cancelled	Cancelled
Marketing Event Registration Status	ENROLLED	Enrolled	Enrolled
Marketing Event Registration Status	REGISTERED	Registered	Registered
Marketing Event Registration Status	TARGETED	Targeted	Targeted
Marketing Event Registration Status	WAITLISTED	Waitlisted	Waitlisted
Marketing Event Speaker Status	BOOKED	Booked	Booked
Marketing Event Speaker Status	CANCELLED	Cancelled	Cancelled
Marketing Event Speaker Status	CONFIRMED	Confirmed	Confirmed
Marketing Event Speaker Status	SCHEDULED	Scheduled	Scheduled
Marketing Event Status	ACTIVE	Active	Active
Marketing Event Status	ARCHIVED	Archived	Archived
Marketing Event Status	AVAILABLE	Available	Available

User Status For	SYSTEM_STATUS	SYSTEM_NAME	User Status Name
Marketing Event Status	CANCELLED	Cancelled	Cancelled
Marketing Event Status	CLOSED	Closed	Closed
Marketing Event Status	COMPLETED	Completed	Completed
Marketing Event Status	DENIED_BA	Denied Budget Approval	Budget Denied
Marketing Event Status	DENIED_TA	Denied Theme Approval	Theme Denied
Marketing Event Status	NEW	New	New
Marketing Event Status	ON_HOLD	On Hold	On Hold
Marketing Event Status	PLANNING	Planning	Planned
Marketing Event Status	SUBMITTED_BA	Submitted Budget Approval	Pending Budget approval
Marketing Event Status	SUBMITTED_TA	Submitted Theme Approval	Pending Theme approval
Model Status	ARCHIVED	Archived	Archived
Model Status	AVAILABLE	Available	Available
Model Status	BUILDING	Building	Building
Model Status	CUSTOM	Custom	Custom
Model Status	DRAFT	Draft	Draft
Model Status	EXPIRED	Expired	Expired
Model Status	QUEUED	Queued	Queued
Model Status	SCHEDULED	Scheduled	Scheduled
Model Status	SCORING	Scoring	Scoring
Offer Status	ACTIVE	Active	Active
Offer Status	ARCHIVED	Archived	Archived
Offer Status	CANCELLED	Cancelled	Cancelled
Offer Status	CLOSED	Closed	Closed
Offer Status	COMPLETED	Completed	Completed
Offer Status	DRAFT	Draft	Draft
Offer Status	ONHOLD	On Hold	On-Hold
Offer Status	PENDING	Pending Budget Approval	Submitted - Budget Approval
Offer Status	PENDING_ACTIVE	Pending Active	Pending Active

User Status For	SYSTEM_STATUS	SYSTEM_NAME	User Status Name
Offer Status	REJECTED	Budget Rejected	Rejected - Budget Approval
Offer Status	TERMINATED	Terminated	Terminated
Price List Statuses	ACTIVE	Active	Active
Price List Statuses	CANCELLED	Cancelled	Cancelled
Price List Statuses	DRAFT	Draft	Draft
Price List Statuses	PENDING	Submitted For Approval	Submitted For Approval
Price List Statuses	REJECTED	Rejected	Rejected
Program Status	ACTIVE	Active	Active
Program Status	ARCHIVED	Archived	Archived
Program Status	CANCELLED	Cancelled	Cancelled
Program Status	COMPLETED	Completed	Completed
Program Status	NEW	Draft	Draft
Program Status	ON_HOLD	On Hold	On Hold
Score status	ARCHIVED	Archived	Archived
Score status	COMPLETED	Completed	Completed
Score status	DRAFT	Draft	Draft
Score status	QUEUED	Queued	Queued
Score status	SCHEDULED	Scheduled	Scheduled
Score status	SCORING	Scoring	Running
Segment Status	ARCHIVED	Archived	Archived
Segment Status	AVAILABLE	Available	Available
Segment Status	CANCELLED	Cancelled	Cancelled
Segment Status	DRAFT	Draft	Draft
Segment Status	EXPIRED	Expired	Expired

Seeded Data Source and Data Source **Attribute Reference**

This appendix covers the following topics:

- Seeded Data Sources
- Seeded Data Source Parent-Child Relationships
- Data Source Attribute Reference

Seeded Data Sources

The following parent data sources are seeded for release 11.5.10:

- Person: Represents Business to Consumer (B2C) customer attributes such as first name, last name, marital status, household income, etc.
- Organization Contacts: Represents Business to Business (B2B) attributes such as first name, last name, job title, work e-mail address, etc.
- Organization: Represents organization attributes such as company name, business type, revenue, etc.

Seeded Data Source Parent-Child Relationships

The following table describes parent-child relationships for each of the seeded data sources.

Seeded Data Source Parent-Child Relationships

Parent Data Source	Child Data Sources
Persons	Person Profile
	Person Interest
	Person Accounts
	Person Education
	Employment History
	• Phone1 – 6 (11.5.9)
	• Fax (11.5.9)
	System Reference
	 Interactions
	• Leads
	Order Detail
	 Install Base Details
	Sales Access
	Data Mining Aggregates
	 Data Mining Scores
	Party Profitability

Parent Data Source	Child Data Sources	
Organization Contacts	Organizations	
	Organization Profiles	
	Organization Accounts	
	• Phone1 – 6 (11.5.9)	
	• Fax (11.5.9)	
	System Reference	
	 Interactions 	
	• Leads	
	Order Detail	
	Install Base Details	
	Sales Access	
	Data Mining Aggregates	
	Data Mining Score	
	Party Profitability	
	Person Profile	
	Person Interest	
	Person Education	
	Employment History	
Organization	Organization Profiles	
	Organization Accounts	
	System Reference	
	Order Detail	
	• Install Base Details	
	• Sales Access	
	Data Mining Aggregates	
	Data Mining Scores	
	Party Profitability	

Data Source Attribute Reference

The following table lists seeded data source attributes, the tables or logic from which attribute values are derived, and the name of the data source(s) that use the attribute.

Data Source Attributes

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
ACCOUNT_ACTIVATION_ DATE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
ACCOUNT_ESTABLISHED_ DATE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
ACCOUNT_LIABLE_FLAG	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
ACCOUNT_NAME	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
ACCOUNT_NUMBER	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
ACCOUNT_TERMINATION_ DATE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
ACCT_LIFE_CYCLE_STATUS	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
AUTOPAY_FLAG	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
COMPETITOR_TYPE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
COTERMINATE_DAY_ MONTH	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
CREDIT_CLASSIFICATION_ CODE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
CURRENT_BALANCE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
CUST_ACCOUNT_ID	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
CUSTOMER_CLASS_CODE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
CUSTOMER_TYPE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
DATE_TYPE_PREFERENCE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
DATES_NEGATIVE_ TOLERANCE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
DATES_POSITIVE_ TOLERANCE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
DEPARTMENT	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
DEPOSIT_REFUND_ METHOD	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
DORMANT_ACCOUNT_ FLAG	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
FOB_POINT	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
FREIGHT_TERM	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
HELD_BILL_EXPIRATION_ DATE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
HIGH_PRIORITY_IND ICATOR	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
HOLD_BILL_FLAG	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
HOTWATCH_SERVICE_ FLAG	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
HOTWATCH_SVC_BAL_IND	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
ITEM_CROSS_REF_PREF	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
MAJOR_ACCOUNT_ NUMBER	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
NOTIFY_FLAG	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
NPA_NUMBER	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
ORIG_SYSTEM_REFERENCE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
OVER_RETURN_ TOLERANCE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
OVER_SHIPMENT_ TOLERANCE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
PAYMENT_TERM_ID	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
PERSON_NAME_SUFFIX	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
PO_EFFECTIVE_DATE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
PO_EXPIRATION_DATE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
POSTAL_CODE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
PRICING_EVENT	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
PRIMARY_SALESREP_ID	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
PRIMARY_SPECIALIST_ID	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
REALTIME_RATE_FLAG	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
RESTRICTION_LIMIT_ AMOUNT	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
SALES_CHANNEL_CODE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
SECONDARY_SPECIALIST_ID	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
SHIP_PARTIAL	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
SHIP_VIA	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
SINGLE_USER_FLAG	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
SOURCE_CODE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
STATUS	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
STATUS_UPDATE_DATE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
SUSPENSION_DATE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
TAX_CODE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
TAX_HEADER_LEVEL_FLAG	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
TAX_ROUNDING_RULE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
UNDER_RETURN_ TOLERANCE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
UNDER_SHIPMENT_ TOLERANCE	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
WATCH_ACCOUNT_FLAG	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
WATCH_BALANCE_IND ICATOR	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
WRITE_OFF_ADJUSTMENT_ AMOUNT	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
WRITE_OFF_AMOUNT	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
WRITE_OFF_PAYMENT_ AMOUNT	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Account
ACCOUNT_RECEIVABLE	HZ_FINANCIAL_NUMBERS. (FINANCIAL_NUMBER and FINANCIAL_NUMBER_ CURRENCY where FINANC IAL_NUMBER_NAME = 'ACCOUNTS_RECEIVABLE')	Data Mining Aggregates
AVG_CALL_LENGTH	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
AVG_CLOSED_SRS	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
AVG_COMPLAINTS	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
AVG_DISC_OFFERED	Derived using AMS_ACT_ OFFERS and AMS_CAMPA IGN_SCHEDULES_VL fields	Data Mining Aggregates
AVG_HOLD_TIME	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
AVG_LEN_OF_EMP	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
AVG_ORDER_AMOUNT	BIC_PARTY_SUMM. ORDER_ AMT divided by ORDER_ NUM	Data Mining Aggregates
AVG_RESOLVE_DAYS_1_ MONTH	BIC_PARTY_SUMM.AVG_SR_ RESL_TIME	Data Mining Aggregates
AVG_RESOLVE_DAYS_3_ MONTHS	BIC_PARTY_SUMM. AVG_ SR_RESL_TIME over the last 3 months	Data Mining Aggregates
AVG_RESOLVE_DAYS_6_ MONTHS	BIC_PARTY_SUMM. AVG_ SR_RESL_TIME over the last 6 months	Data Mining Aggregates

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
AVG_RESOLVE_DAYS_YEAR	BIC_PARTY_SUMM. AVG_ SR_RESL_TIME over the past year	Data Mining Aggregates
AVG_TALK_TIME	BIC_PARTY_SUMM. AVG_ TALK_TIME	Data Mining Aggregates
AVG_TRANSFERS_PER_SR	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
AVG_UNITS_PER_ORDER	BIC_PARTY_SUMM. ORDER_ QTY divided by ORDER_NUM	Data Mining Aggregates
AVG_WORKLOAD	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
CAPITAL_AMOUNT	"HZ_FINANCIAL_ NUMBERS.[FINANCIAL_ NUMBER and FINANCIAL_ NUMBER_CURRENCY where FINANCIAL_NUMBER_ NAME IN ('ISSUED_CAP ITAL', 'PAID_IN_CAPITAL' 'NOMINAL_CAPITAL', 'AUTHORIZED_CAPITAL')]"	Data Mining Aggregates
CAPITAL_TYPE_INDICATOR	HZ_FINANCIAL_NUMBERS. FINANCIAL_NUMBER_ NAME (where FINANC IAL_NUMBER_NAME in ('ISSUED_CAPITAL', 'PAID_ IN_CAPITAL', 'NOMINAL_ CAPITAL', 'AUTHORIZED_ CAPITAL'))	Data Mining Aggregates
CLOSED_SRS	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
COGS	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
CONTRACT_AMT	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
CONTRACT_DURATION	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
CONTRACTS_CUML	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
CURRENT_ASSETS	HZ_FINANCIAL_NUMBERS. (FINANCIAL_NUMBER and FINANCIAL_NUMBER_ CURRENCY where FINANC IAL_NUMBER_NAME = 'TOTAL_CURRENT_ASSETS')	Data Mining Aggregates
CURRENT_LIABILITIES	HZ_FINANCIAL_NUMBERS. (FINANCIAL_NUMBER and FINANCIAL_NUMBER_ CURRENCY where FINANC IAL_NUMBER_NAME = 'TOTAL_CURR_LIABILITIES')	Data Mining Aggregates

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
DAYS_SINCE_FIRST_ CONTACT	Derived using MIN (AMS_L IST_HEADERS_VL. SENT_ OUT_DATE) where SENT_ OUT_DATE is not Null and AMS_LIST_ENTRIES fields	Data Mining Aggregates
DAYS_SINCE_LAST_EVENT	MAX (AMS_EVENT_OFFERS_ VL.EVENT_START_DATE) where PARTY_ID in (AMS_ EVENT_REGISTRATIONS. ATTENDANT_PARTY_ID)	Data Mining Aggregates
DAYS_SINCE_LAST_ TARGETED	Derived using MAX (AMS_ LIST_HEADERS_VL. SENT_ OUT_DATE) where party in AMS_LIST_ENTRIES. PARTY_ ID	Data Mining Aggregates
DEBT_TO_INCOME_RATIO	HZ_FINANCIAL_NUMBERS. (FINANCIAL_NUMBER and FINANCIAL_NUMBER_ CURRENCY Where FINANC IAL_NUMBER_NAME = 'LONG_TERM_DEBT')	Data Mining Aggregates
ESCALATED_SRS	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
FIRST_CALL_CL_RATE	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
GROSS_ANNUAL_INCOME	HZ_FINANCIAL_NUMBERS. (FINANCIAL_NUMBER and FINANCIAL_NUMBER_ CURRENCY where FINANC IAL_NUMBER_NAME = 'GROSS_INCOME')	Data Mining Aggregates
GROSS_ANNUAL_SALES	HZ_FINANCIAL_NUMBERS. (FINANCIAL_NUMBER and FINANCIAL_NUMBER_ CURRENCY where FINANC IAL_NUMBER_NAME = 'SALES')	Data Mining Aggregates
HZ_PARTY_SITE_USES.BEG IN_DATE and END_DATE for SITE_USE_TYPE = RESIDES_ AT	HZ_PARTY_SITE_USES	Data Mining Aggregates
INACTIVE_CONTRACTS	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
LAST_TARGETED_ CHANNEL_CODE	Derived using AMS_CAM PAIGN_SCHEDULES_VL AMS_LIST_HEADERS_VL and AMS_LIST_ENTRIES fields	Data Mining Aggregates

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
NET_PROFIT	HZ_FINANCIAL_NUMBERS. (FINANCIAL_NUMBER and FINANCIAL_NUMBER_ CURRENCY where FINANC IAL_NUMBER_NAME='PROF IT_BEFORE_TAX')	Data Mining Aggregates
NET_WORTH	HZ_FINANCIAL_NUMBERS. (FINANCIAL_NUMBER and FINANCIAL_NUMBER_ CURRENCY where FINANC IAL_NUMBER_NAME = 'NET_WORTH')	Data Mining Aggregates
NEW_CONTRACTS	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
NUM_OF_COMPLAINTS	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
NUM_OF_INTERACTIONS	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
NUM_OF_SR_1_MONTH	BIC_PARTY_SUMM. SRS_ LOGGED	Data Mining Aggregates
NUM_OF_SR_3_MONTHS	SUM (BIC_PARTY_SUMM. SRS_LOGGED) over the last 3 months	Data Mining Aggregates
NUM_OF_SR_6_MONTHS	SUM (BIC_PARTY_SUMM. SRS_LOGGED) over the last 6 months	Data Mining Aggregates
NUM_OF_SR_YEAR	SUM (BIC_PARTY_SUMM. SRS_LOGGED) over the past year	Data Mining Aggregates
NUM_OF_TRANSFERS	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
NUM_TGT_BY_OFFR_TYP1	Derived using AMS_L IST_ENTRIES AMS_LIST_ HEADERS_ALL AMS_CAM PAIGN_SCHEDULES_B AMS_ACT_OFFERS	Data Mining Aggregates
NUM_TGT_BY_OFFR_TYP2	Derived using AMS_L IST_ENTRIES AMS_LIST_ HEADERS_ALL AMS_CAM PAIGN_SCHEDULES_B AMS_ACT_OFFERS	Data Mining Aggregates
NUM_TGT_BY_OFFR_TYP3	Derived using AMS_L IST_ENTRIES AMS_LIST_ HEADERS_ALL AMS_CAM PAIGN_SCHEDULES_B AMS_ACT_OFFERS	Data Mining Aggregates
NUM_TGT_BY_OFFR_TYP4	Derived using AMS_L IST_ENTRIES AMS_LIST_ HEADERS_ALL AMS_CAM PAIGN_SCHEDULES_B AMS_ACT_OFFERS	Data Mining Aggregates

Source	Data Source Name(s)
AMS_LIST_HEADERS_VL. SENT_OUT_DATE is not Null AND party is in AMS_LIST_ ENTRIES. PARTY_ID	Data Mining Aggregates
Derived using AMS_L IST_ENTRIES AMS_LIST_ HEADERS_ALL AMS_CAM PAIGN_SCHEDULES_B AMS_MEDIA_VL	Data Mining Aggregates
Derived using AMS_L IST_ENTRIES AMS_LIST_ HEADERS_ALL AMS_CAM PAIGN_SCHEDULES_B AMS_MEDIA_VL	Data Mining Aggregates
Derived using AMS_L IST_ENTRIES AMS_LIST_ HEADERS_ALL AMS_CAM PAIGN_SCHEDULES_B AMS_MEDIA_VL	Data Mining Aggregates
Derived using AMS_ACT_ OFFERS And AMS_CAMPA IGN_SCHEDULES_VL fields	Data Mining Aggregates
BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
	Data Mining Aggregates
BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
	AMS_LIST_HEADERS_VL. SENT_OUT_DATE is not Null AND party is in AMS_LIST_ ENTRIES. PARTY_ID Derived using AMS_L IST_ENTRIES AMS_LIST_ HEADERS_ALL AMS_CAM PAIGN_SCHEDULES_B AMS_MEDIA_VL Derived using AMS_L IST_ENTRIES AMS_LIST_ HEADERS_ALL AMS_CAM PAIGN_SCHEDULES_B AMS_MEDIA_VL Derived using AMS_L IST_ENTRIES AMS_LIST_ HEADERS_ALL AMS_CAM PAIGN_SCHEDULES_B AMS_MEDIA_VL Derived using AMS_ACT_ OFFERS AND AMS_CAMPA IGN_SCHEDULES_B AMS_MEDIA_VL Derived using AMS_ACT_ OFFERS AND AMS_CAMPA IGN_SCHEDULES_VL fields BIC_PARTY_SUMM BIC_PARTY_SUMM

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
RETAINED_EARNINGS	HZ_FINANCIAL_NUMBERS. (FINANCIAL_NUMBER and FINANCIAL_NUMBER_ CURRENCY where FINANC IAL_NUMBER_NAME = 'RETAINED_EARNINGS')	Data Mining Aggregates
RETURN_BY_VALUE	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
RETURN_BY_VALUE_PCT	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
RETURNS	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
SALES	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
TIMES_TARGETED_12_ MONTH	Derived using AMS_LIST_ HEADERS_VL. SENT_OUT_ DATE (if not Null) and party in AMS_LIST_ENTRIES. PARTY_ ID for last year	Data Mining Aggregates
TIMES_TARGETED_3_ MONTH	Derived using AMS_LIST_ HEADERS_VL. SENT_OUT_ DATE (if not Null) and party in AMS_LIST_ENTRIES. PARTY_ ID for last 3 months	Data Mining Aggregates
TIMES_TARGETED_6_ MONTH	Derived using AMS_LIST_ HEADERS_VL. SENT_OUT_ DATE (if not Null) and party in AMS_LIST_ENTRIES. PARTY_ ID for last 6 months	Data Mining Aggregates
TIMES_TARGETED_9_ MONTH	Derived using AMS_LIST_ HEADERS_VL. SENT_OUT_ DATE (if not Null) and party in AMS_LIST_ENTRIES. PARTY_ ID for last 9 months	Data Mining Aggregates
TIMES_TARGETED_MONTH	Derived using AMS_LIST_ HEADERS_VL. SENT_OUT_ DATE (if not Null) and party in AMS_LIST_ENTRIES. PARTY_ ID for last month	Data Mining Aggregates
TOT_CALLS	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
TOT_NUM_ORDER_3_ MONTHS	SUM (BIC_PARTY_SUMM. ORDER_QTY) over the past 3 months	Data Mining Aggregates
TOT_NUM_ORDER_6_ MONTHS	SUM (BIC_PARTY_SUMM. ORDER_QTY) over the past 6 months	Data Mining Aggregates
TOT_NUM_ORDER_9_ MONTHS	SUM (BIC_PARTY_SUMM. ORDER_QTY) over the past 9 months	Data Mining Aggregates

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
TOT_NUM_ORDER_YEAR	SUM (BIC_PARTY_SUMM. ORDER_QTY) over the past year	Data Mining Aggregates
TOT_ORDER_AMOUNT_3_ MONTHS	SUM (BIC_PARTY_SUMM. ORDER_AMT) over the past 3 months	Data Mining Aggregates
TOT_ORDER_AMOUNT_6_ MONTHS	SUM (BIC_PARTY_SUMM. ORDER_AMT) over the past 6 months	Data Mining Aggregates
TOT_ORDER_AMOUNT_9_ MONTHS	SUM (BIC_PARTY_SUMM. ORDER_AMT) over the past 9 months	Data Mining Aggregates
TOT_ORDER_AMOUNT_ YEAR	SUM (BIC_PARTY_SUMM. ORDER_AMT) over the past year	Data Mining Aggregates
TOTAL_ASSETS	HZ_FINANCIAL_NUMBERS. (FINANCIAL_NUMBER and FINANCIAL_NUMBER_ CURRENCY where FINANC IAL_NUMBER_NAME = 'TOTAL_ASSETS')	Data Mining Aggregates
TOTAL_DEBT_OUTSTAND ING	HZ_FINANCIAL_NUMBERS. (FINANCIAL_NUMBER and FINANCIAL_NUMBER_ CURRENCY where FINANC IAL_NUMBER_NAME = 'LONG_TERM_DEBT')	Data Mining Aggregates
TOTAL_SR_RESPONSE_TIME	BIC_PARTY_SUMM	Data Mining Aggregates
ARC_USED_FOR_OBJECT	AMS_DM_SOURCE	Data Mining Scores
CONTINUOUS_SCORE	AMS_DM_SOURCE	Data Mining Scores
CREATED_BY	ams_dm_scores_all_b	Data Mining Scores
CREATION_DATE	ams_dm_scores_all_b	Data Mining Scores
DECILE	AMS_DM_SOURCE	Data Mining Scores
LAST_UPDATE_DATE	ams_dm_scores_all_b	Data Mining Scores
LAST_UPDATE_LOGIN	ams_dm_scores_all_b	Data Mining Scores
LAST_UPDATED_BY	ams_dm_scores_all_b	Data Mining Scores
MODEL_ID	ams_dm_scores_all_b	Data Mining Scores
MODEL_NAME	ams_dm_models_all_tl	Data Mining Scores
MODEL_TYPE	ams_dm_scores_all_tl	Data Mining Scores
PARTY_ID	AMS_DM_SOURCE	Data Mining Scores
SCORE_ID	ams_dm_scores_all_b	Data Mining Scores

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
SCORE_NAME	ams_dm_scores_all_tl	Data Mining Scores
USED_FOR_OBJECT_ID	AMS_DM_SOURCE	Data Mining Scores
BEGIN_DATE	HZ_EMPLOYMENT_H ISTORY	Employment History
BRANCH	HZ_EMPLOYMENT_H ISTORY	Employment History
EMPLOYED_AS_TITLE	HZ_EMPLOYMENT_H ISTORY	Employment History
EMPLOYED_BY_DIVISION_ NAME	HZ_EMPLOYMENT_H ISTORY	Employment History
EMPLOYED_BY_NAME_ COMPANY	HZ_EMPLOYMENT_H ISTORY	Employment History
EMPLOYMENT_HISTORY_ID	HZ_EMPLOYMENT_H ISTORY	Employment History
END_DATE	HZ_EMPLOYMENT_H ISTORY	Employment History
MILITARY_RANK	HZ_EMPLOYMENT_H ISTORY	Employment History
PARTY_ID	HZ_EMPLOYMENT_H ISTORY	Employment History
RESPONSIBILITY	HZ_EMPLOYMENT_H ISTORY	Employment History
SERVED	HZ_EMPLOYMENT_H ISTORY	Employment History
STATION	HZ_EMPLOYMENT_H ISTORY	Employment History
SUPERVISOR_NAME	HZ_EMPLOYMENT_H ISTORY	Employment History
ACTIVE_END_DATE	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
ACTIVE_START_DATE	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
ACTUAL_RETURN_DATE	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
CATEGORY_DESC	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
CITY	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
COMPLETENESS_FLAG	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
CONCAT_CAT_PARENTAGE	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
CONCATENATED_ SEGMENTS	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
CONTEXT	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
COUNTRY	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
COUNTY	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
CREATED_BY	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
CREATION_COMPLETE_ FLAG	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
CREATION_DATE	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
DESCRIPTION	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
INSTALL_DATE	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
INSTANCE_DESCRIPTION	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
INSTANCE_ID	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
INSTANCE_NUMBER	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
INSTANCE_STATUS_ID	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
INSTANCE_USAGE_MEAN ING	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
INV_MASTER_ORGANIZAT ION_ID	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
INV_ORGANIZATION_ID	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
INVENTORY_ITEM_ID	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
ITEM_DESCRIPTION	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
ITEM_TYPE	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
LAST_CUST_PO_NUMBER	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
LAST_HEADER_ID	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
LAST_LINE_ID	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
LAST_LINE_NUMBER	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
LAST_OE_ORDER_LINE_ID	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
LAST_ORDER_NUMBER	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
LOCATION_ID	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
LOCATION_TYPE_CODE	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
LOT_CONTROL_CODE	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
MANUALLY_CREATED_ FLAG	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
NAME	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
OWNER_PARTY_ ACCOUNT_ID	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
OWNER_PARTY_ID	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
PADDED_CONCATENATED_ SEGMENTS	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
POSTAL_CODE	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
PROVINCE	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
QUANTITY	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
RETURN_BY_DATE	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
SERIAL_NUMBER_ CONTROL_CODE	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
SHIPPED_DATE	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
STATE	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
TERMINATED_FLAG	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
UNIT_OF_MEASURE	CSI_ITEM_INSTANCES	Install Base Details
ACTION	JTF_IH_ACTIONS_TL	Interactions
ACTION_ID	JTF_IH_ACTIVITIES	Interactions
ACTION_ITEM	JTF_IH_ACTION_ITEMS_TL	Interactions
ACTION_ITEM_ID	JTF_IH_ACTIVITIES	Interactions
ACTIVE	JTF_IH_ACTIVITIES	Interactions
ACTIVITY	JTF_IH_ACTION_ITEMS_TL	Interactions
ACTIVITY_ID	JTF_IH_ACTIVITIES	Interactions
CREATION_DATE	JTF_IH_ACTIVITIES	Interactions
CUST_ACCOUNT_ID	JTF_IH_INTERACTIONS	Interactions
DIRECTION	JTF_IH_ACTIVITIES	Interactions
DOC_ID	JTF_IH_MEDIA_ITEMS	Interactions
DOC_REF	JTF_IH_ACTIVITIES	Interactions
END_DATE_TIME	JTF_IH_ACTIVITIES	Interactions
HANDLER_ID	JTF_IH_ACTIVITIES	Interactions
INTERACTION_ID	JTF_IH_INTERACTIONS	Interactions
MEDIA_ID	JTF_IH_ACTIVITIES	Interactions
MEDIA_ITEM_TYPE	JTF_IH_ACTIVITIES	Interactions
OBJECT_ID	JTF_IH_MEDIA_ITEMS	Interactions
OUTCOME_CODE	JTF_IH_ACTIVITIES	Interactions

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
OUTCOME_DESCRIPTION	JTF_IH_OUTCOMES_TL	Interactions
OUTCOME_ID	JTF_IH_ACTIVITIES	Interactions
PARTY_ID	JTF_IH_INTERACTIONS	Interactions
POSITIVE_RESPONSE_FLAG	JTF_IH_RESULTS_TL	Interactions
REASON_CODE	JTF_IH_REASONS_TL	Interactions
REASON_DESCRIPTION	JTF_IH_ACTIVITIES	Interactions
REASON_ID	JTF_IH_INTERACTIONS	Interactions
RESOURCE_ID	JTF_IH_RESULTS_TL	Interactions
RESULT_CODE	JTF_IH_ACTIVITIES	Interactions
RESULT_DESCRIPTION	JTF_IH_ACTIVITIES	Interactions
RESULT_ID	JTF_IH_OUTCOMES_TL	Interactions
SCRIPT_ID	JTF_IH_REASONS_TL	Interactions
SCRIPT_TRANS_ID	JTF_IH_RESULTS_TL	Interactions
SOURCE_CODE	JTF_IH_ACTIVITIES	Interactions
SOURCE_CODE_ID	JTF_IH_ACTIVITIES	Interactions
START_DATE_TIME	JTF_IH_ACTIVITIES	Interactions
PARTY_NAME	HZ_PARTIES	Interactions, Organization, and Person
ACCEPT_FLAG	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
ADDRESS_ID	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
ASSIGN_SALES_GROUP_ID	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
ASSIGN_TO_PERSON_ID	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
ASSIGN_TO_SALESFORCE_ID	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
BUDGET_AMOUNT	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
BUDGET_STATUS	AS_LOOKUPS	Leads
BUDGET_STATUS_CODE	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
CATEGORY_ID	AS_SALES_LEAD_LINES	Leads
CATEGORY_SET_ID	AS_SALES_LEAD_LINES	Leads
CHANNEL_CODE	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
CLOSE_REASON	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
CONTACT_ROLE_CODE	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
CREATION_DATE	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
CURRENCY_CODE	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
CUSTOMER_ID	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
DECISION_TIMEFRAME_ CODE	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
DESCRIPTION	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
GROUP_NAME	AS_LOOKUPS	Leads
INVENTORY_ITEM_ID	AS_SALES_LEAD_LINES	Leads
LAST_UPDATE_DATE	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
LEAD_NUMBER	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
LEAD_RANK_CODE	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
LEAD_RANK_ID	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
LEAD_STATUS	AS_STATUSES_TL	Leads
ORGANIZATION_ID	AS_SALES_LEAD_LINES	Leads
ORIG_SYSTEM_REFERENCE	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
PRIMARY_CNT_PERSON_ PARTY_ID	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
PRIMARY_CONTACT_ PARTY_ID	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
PRIMARY_CONTACT_ PHONE_ID	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
QUALIFIED_FLAG	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
QUANTITY	AS_SALES_LEAD_LINES	Leads
RANK	AS_SALES_LEAD_RANKS_ TL	Leads
SALES_CHANNEL	ASO_I_SALES_CHANNELS_ V	Leads
SALES_LEAD_ID	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
SOURCE_PROMOTION_ CODE	AMS_P_SOURCE_CODES_V	Leads
SOURCE_PROMOTION_ID	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
SOURCE_PROMOTION_ NAME	AMS_P_SOURCE_CODES_V	Leads
STATUS_CODE	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
TIME_FRAME	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
UNIT_OF_MEASURE_TL	MTL_UNITS_OF_MEASURE	Leads
UOM_CODE	AS_SALES_LEAD_LINES	Leads
URGENT_FLAG	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
VEH_RESP_CODE_MEAN ING	AS_LOOKUPS	Leads
VEHICLE_RESPONSE_CODE	AS_SALES_LEADS	Leads
CONCAT_CAT_PARENTAGE	ENI_PROD_DEN_HRCHY_ PARENTS_V	Leads and Order Details
CONCATENATED_ SEGMENTS	MTL_SYSTEM_ITEMS_VL	Leads and Order Details
TEM_DESCRIPTION	MTL_SYSTEM_ITEMS_VL	Leads and Order Details
CATEGORY_DESC	ENI_PROD_DEN_HRCHY_ PARENTS_V	Leads and Order Details
RESOURCE_NAME	JTF_RS_RESOURCE_EXTNS	Leads and Sales Access
ACTUAL_ARRIVAL_DATE	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
ACTUAL_SHIPMENT_DATE	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
ATO_LINE_ID	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
BOOKED_DATE	OE_ORDER_HEADERS_ALL	Order Details
BOOKED_FLAG	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
CANCELLED_FLAG	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
CANCELLED_QUANTITY	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
CREATION_DATE	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
EXTENDED_PRICE	NVL(OL.UNIT_SELLING_PR ICE,0)*(NVL(OL.ORDERED_ QUANTITY,0) - NVL(OL. CANCELLED_QUANTITY,0))	Order Details
FULFILLED_QUANTITY	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
HEADER_ID	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
INVENTORY_ITEM_ID	MTL_SYSTEM_ITEMS_VL	Order Details
INVOICE_TO_ORG_ID	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
TEM_NUMBER	MTL_SYSTEM_ITEMS_VL	Order Details
LAST_UPDATE_DATE	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
LINE_CATEGORY_CODE	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
LINE_ID	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
LINE_NUMBER	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
LINE_TYPE_ID	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
MARKETING_SOURCE_ CODE_ID	OE_ORDER_HEADERS_ALL	Order Details
OPEN_FLAG	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
OPTION_NUMBER	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
ORDER_QUANTITY_UOM	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
ORDER_SOURCE_ID	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
ORDERED_DATE	OE_ORDER_HEADERS_ALL	Order Details
ORDERED_QUANTITY	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
ORG_ID	OE_ORDER_HEADERS_ALL	Order Details
PARTY_ID	HZ_CUST_ACCOUNTS	Order Details
PRICING_QUANTITY	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
PRICING_QUANTITY_UOM	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
PROMISE_DATE	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
REQUEST_DATE	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
SALES_CHANNEL_CODE	OE_ORDER_HEADERS_ALL	Order Details
SCHEDULE_ARRIVAL_DATE	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
SCHEDULE_SHIP_DATE	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
SHIP_TO_CONTACT_ID	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
SHIP_TO_ORG_ID	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
SHIPMENT_PRIORITY_ CODE	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
SHIPPED_QUANTITY	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
SHIPPING_METHOD_CODE	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
SHIPPING_QUANTITY	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
SHIPPING_QUANTITY_UOM	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
SOLD_FROM_ORG_ID	OE_ORDER_HEADERS_ALL	Order Details
SOLD_TO_ORG_ID	OE_ORDER_HEADERS_ALL	Order Details
TRANSACTIONAL_CURR_CODE	OE_ORDER_HEADERS_ALL	Order Details
UNIT_LIST_PRICE	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details
UNIT_SELLING_PRICE	OE_ORDER_LINES_ALL	Order Details

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
ANALYSIS_FY	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
AVG_HIGH_CREDIT	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
BRANCH_FLAG	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
CEO_NAME	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
CEO_TITLE	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
CONG_DIST_CODE	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
CONTROL_YR	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
CORPORATION_CLASS	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
CREDIT_SCORE	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
CURR_FY_POTENTIAL_ REVENUE	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
CUSTOMER_KEY	HZ_PARTIES	Organization
DB_RATING	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
DISADV_8A_IND	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
EFFECTIVE_END_DATE	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
EFFECTIVE_START_DATE	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
EMP_AT_PRIMARY_ADR	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
EMPLOYEES_TOTAL	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
EXPORT_IND	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
FAILURE_SCORE	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
FAILURE_SCORE_NATL_ PERCENTILE	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
FISCAL_YEAREND_MONTH	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
GLOBAL_FAILURE_SCORE	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
GSA_INDICATOR_FLAG	HZ_PARTIES	Organization
HIGH_CREDIT	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
HQ_BRANCH_IND	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
IMPORT_IND	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
INCORP_YEAR	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
INTERNAL_FLAG	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
LANGUAGE_NAME	HZ_PARTIES	Organization
LEGAL_STATUS	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
LINE_OF_BUSINESS	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
LOCAL_BUS_IDEN_TYPE	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
LOCAL_BUS_IDENTIFIER	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
PRIMARY_CONTACT_ID	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
STATUS	HZ_PARTIES	Organization
TOTAL_EMPLOYEES_IND	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization
VALIDATED_FLAG	HZ_PARTIES	Organization
PARTY_TYPE	HZ_PARTIES	Organization and Organization Contact
GROUP_TYPE	HZ_PARTIES	Organization and Organization Contact
NEXT_FY_POTENTIAL_ REVENUE	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization and Organization Contact
ORIG_SYSTEM_REFERENCE	HZ_PARTIES	Organization and Organization Contact
PUBLIC_PRIVATE_ OWNERSHIP_FLAG	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization and Organization Contact
TAX_NAME	HZ_PARTIES	Organization and Organization Contact

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
OOB_IND	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization and Organization Profile
ORGANIZATION_NAME	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization and Organization Profile
ORGANIZATION_TYPE	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization and Organization Profile
PARENT_SUB_IND	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization and Organization Profile
PAYDEX_NORM	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization and Organization Profile
PAYDEX_SCORE	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization and Organization Profile
PAYDEX_THREE_MONTHS_ AGO	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization and Organization Profile
PREF_FUNCTIONAL_ CURRENCY	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization and Organization Profile
REGISTRATION_TYPE	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization and Organization Profile
SIC_CODE	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization and Organization Profile
SIC_CODE_TYPE	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization and Organization Profile
SMALL_BUS_IND	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization and Organization Profile
TOTAL_EMP_EST_IND	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization and Organization Profile
TOTAL_EMP_MIN_IND	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization and Organization Profile
TOTAL_NUM_OF_ORDERS	HZ_PARTIES	Organization and Organization Profile
TOTAL_ORDERED_ AMOUNT	HZ_PARTIES	Organization and Organization Profile
TOTAL_PAYMENTS	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization and Organization Profile
WOMAN_OWNED_IND	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization and Organization Profile
YEAR_ESTABLISHED	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization and Organization Profile
LAST_ORDERED_DATE	HZ_PARTIES	Organization and Person
PARTY_NUMBER	HZ_PARTIES	Organization and Person
SALUTATION	HZ_PARTIES	Organization and Person

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
CONTACT_ID	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact
CONTACT_NUMBER	HZ_ORG_CONTACTS	Organization Contact
CUSTOMER_KEY	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact
DECISION_MAKER_FLAG	HZ_ORG_CONTACTS	Organization Contact
DEPARTMENT	HZ_ORG_CONTACTS	Organization Contact
DEPARTMENT_CODE	HZ_ORG_CONTACTS	Organization Contact
GENDER	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact
HQ_BRANCH_IND	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact
JOB_TITLE	HZ_ORG_CONTACTS	Organization Contact
JOB_TITLE_CODE	HZ_ORG_CONTACTS	Organization Contact
MANAGED_BY	HZ_ORG_CONTACTS	Organization Contact
NATIVE_LANGUAGE	HZ_ORG_CONTACTS	Organization Contact
ORGANIZATION_ID	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact
ORGANIZATION_PARTY_ NAME	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact
PARTY_CONTACT_NAME	HZ_ORG_CONTACTS	Organization Contact
PERSON_ACADEMIC_TITLE	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact
PERSON_PREVIOUS_LAST_ NAME	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact
PHONE_COUNTRY_CODE	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact
PHONE_EXTENSION	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact
PHONE_NUMBER	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact
RANK	HZ_ORG_CONTACTS	Organization Contact
RELATIONSHIP_CODE	HZ_RELATIONSHIPS	Organization Contact
ROLE_TYPE	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact
SIC_CODE	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact
SIC_CODE_TYPE	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact
TITLE	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact
VALIDATED_FLAG	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact
EMAIL_ADDRESS	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact and Person
MAIL_STOP	HZ_ORG_CONTACTS	Organization Contact and Person

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
PARTY_SITE_ID	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact and Person
PERSON_FIRST_NAME	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact and Person
PERSON_LAST_NAME	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact and Person
PERSON_MIDDLE_NAME	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact and Person
PERSON_NAME_SUFFIX	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact and Person
PERSON_PRE_NAME_ ADJUNCT	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact and Person
PHONE_AREA_CODE	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact and Person
PERSON_IDENTIFIER	HZ_PARTIES	Organization Contact and Person Profile
MINORITY_OWNED_IND	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization Profile
MINORITY_OWNED_TYPE	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization Profile
PARTY_ID	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization Profile
TAX_NAME	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization Profile
TAX_REFERENCE	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization Profile
TOTAL_EMPLOYEES_TEXT	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization Profile
ADDRESS4	HZ_PARTIES	Organization and Organization Contact
DUNS_NUMBER	HZ_PARTIES	Organization and Organization Contact
POSTAL_CODE	HZ_PARTIES	Organization and Organization Contact
PROVINCE	HZ_PARTIES	Organization and Organization Contact
REFERENCE_USE_FLAG	HZ_PARTIES	Organization, Organization Contact, and Person
COUNTY	HZ_PARTIES	Organization, Organization Contact, and Person
KNOWN_AS	HZ_PARTIES	Organization, Organization Contact, and Person Profile

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
TAX_REFERENCE	HZ_PARTIES	Organization, Organization Contact, Person
ADDRESS1	HZ_PARTIES	Organization, Organization Contact, Person, and Account
ADDRESS2	HZ_PARTIES	Organization, Organization Contact, Person, and Account
ADDRESS3	HZ_PARTIES	Organization, Organization Contact, Person, and Account
CITY	HZ_PARTIES	Organization, Organization Contact, Person, and Account
COUNTRY	HZ_PARTIES	Organization, Organization Contact, Person, and Account
STATE	HZ_PARTIES	Organization, Organization Contact, Person, and Account
URL	HZ_PARTIES	Organization, Organization Contact, Person, and Account
JGZZ_FISCAL_CODE	HZ_PARTIES	Organization, Organization Contact, Person, Person Profile
RENT_OWN_IND	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization, Organization Contact, Person, Person Profile
PARTY_ID	HZ_PARTIES	Organization, Person, and Organization Contact
BEST_TIME_CONTACT_BEG IN	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization, Person, and Person Profile
BEST_TIME_CONTACT_END	HZ_ORGANIZATION_PROFILES	Organization, Person, and Person Profile
CUSTOMER_KEY	HZ_PARTIES	Person
LANGUAGE	HZ_PARTY_SITES	Person
LAST_ORDERED_DATE	HZ_PARTIES	Person
PARTY_SITE_NAME	HZ_PARTY_SITES	Person
PHONE_COUNTRY_CODE	HZ_CONTACT_POINTS	Person
PHONE_EXTENSION	HZ_CONTACT_POINTS	Person
PHONE_NUMBER	HZ_CONTACT_POINTS	Person
AGE	trunc(months_ between(sysdate date_of_birth) / 12,0)	Person and Person Profile
DATE_OF_BIRTH	HZ_PERSON_PROFILES	Person and Person Profile
DATE_OF_DEATH	HZ_PERSON_PROFILES	Person and Person Profile
DECLARED_ETHNICITY	HZ_PERSON_PROFILES	Person and Person Profile

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
GENDER	HZ_PERSON_PROFILES	Person and Person Profile
HEAD_OF_HOUSEHOLD_ FLAG	HZ_PERSON_PROFILES	Person and Person Profile
HOUSEHOLD_INCOME	HZ_PERSON_PROFILES	Person and Person Profile
HOUSEHOLD_SIZE	HZ_PERSON_PROFILES	Person and Person Profile
INTERNAL_FLAG	HZ_PERSON_PROFILES	Person and Person Profile
MARITAL_STATUS	HZ_PERSON_PROFILES	Person and Person Profile
MARITAL_STATUS_EFFECT IVE_DATE	HZ_PERSON_PROFILES	Person and Person Profile
PERSON_NAME	HZ_PERSON_PROFILES	Person and Person Profile
PERSONAL_INCOME	HZ_PERSON_PROFILES	Person and Person Profile
PLACE_OF_BIRTH	HZ_PERSON_PROFILES	Person and Person Profile
COURSE_MAJOR	HZ_EDUCATION	Person Education
DEGREE_RECEIVED	HZ_EDUCATION	Person Education
EDUCATION_ID	HZ_EDUCATION	Person Education
LAST_DATE_ATTENDED	HZ_EDUCATION	Person Education
PARTY_ID	HZ_EDUCATION	Person Education
SCHOOL_ATTENDED_ NAME	HZ_EDUCATION	Person Education
START_DATE_ATTENDED	HZ_EDUCATION	Person Education
TYPE_OF_SCHOOL	HZ_EDUCATION	Person Education
INTEREST_NAME	HZ_PERSON_INTEREST	Person Interest
INTEREST_TYPE_CODE	HZ_PERSON_INTEREST	Person Interest
LEVEL_OF_INTEREST	HZ_PERSON_INTEREST	Person Interest
LEVEL_OF_PARTICIPATION	HZ_PERSON_INTEREST	Person Interest
PARTY_ID	HZ_PERSON_INTEREST	Person Interest
PERSON_INTEREST_ID	HZ_PERSON_INTEREST	Person Interest
SINCE	HZ_PERSON_INTEREST	Person Interest
SUB_INTEREST_TYPE_CODE	HZ_PERSON_INTEREST	Person Interest
TEAM	HZ_PERSON_INTEREST	Person Interest
AMS_PERSON_PROFILE_ID	HZ_PERSON_PROFILES	Person Profile
CONTENT_SOURCE_TYPE	HZ_PERSON_PROFILES	Person Profile
DECLARED_ETHNICITY	HZ_PERSON_PROFILES	Person Profile

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
PARTY_ID	HZ_PERSON_PROFILES	Person Profile
PERSON_IDEN_TYPE	HZ_PERSON_PROFILES	Person Profile
PERSON_PERVIOUS_LAST_ NAME	HZ_PERSON_PROFILES	Person Profile
TAX_REFERENCE	HZ_PERSON_PROFILES	Person Profile
ACCOUNTS1	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
ACCOUNTS2	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
ACCOUNTS3	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
ACCOUNTS4	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
ACCOUNTS5	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
BALANCE1	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
BALANCE2	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
BALANCE3	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
BALANCE4	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
BALANCE5	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
CACC_TOTAL	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
CACC1	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
CACC2	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
CACC3	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
CACC4	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
CACC5	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
CONTRIB_AFTER_CPTL_ CHG	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
EXPENSE_TOTAL	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
EXPENSE1	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
EXPENSE2	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
EXPENSE3	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
EXPENSE4	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
EXPENSE5	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
ISO_CURRENCY_CD	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
LTD1	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
LTD2	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
LTD3	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
LTD4	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
LTD5	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
PARTNER_VALUE_INDEX	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
PARTY_ID	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
PROFIT	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
PROFIT_PCT	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
PROFIT_TOTAL	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
PROFIT1	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
PROFIT2	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
PROFIT3	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
PROFIT4	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
PROFIT5	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
RATIO1	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
RATIO2	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
RATIO3	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
RATIO4	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
RATIO5	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
RELATIONSHIP_EXPENSE	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
REVENUE_TOTAL	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
REVENUE1	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
REVENUE2	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
REVENUE3	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
REVENUE4	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
REVENUE5	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
TOTAL_EQUITY	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
TOTAL_GROSS_CONTRIB	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
TOTAL_ROE	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
TRANSACTION1	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
TRANSACTION2	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
TRANSACTION3	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability

Attribute	Source	Data Source Name(s)
TRANSACTION4	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
TRANSACTION5	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
VALUE1	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
VALUE2	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
VALUE3	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
VALUE4	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
VALUE5	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
YTD1	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
YTD2	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
YTD3	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
YTD4	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
YTD5	FEM_PARTY_PROFITABILITY	Profitability
CUSTOMER_ID	AS_ACCESSES_ALL	Sales Access
GROUP_ID	JTF_RS_GROUPS_VL	Sales Access
GROUP_NAME	JTF_RS_GROUPS_VL	Sales Access
RESOURCE_ID	JTF_RS_RESOURCE_EXTNS	Sales Access
SALESFORCE_ID	AS_ACCESSES_ALL	Sales Access
ORIG_SYSTEM	HZ_ORIG_SYS_REFERENCES	System Reference
ORIG_SYSTEM_REFERENCE	HZ_ORIG_SYS_REFERENCES	System Reference
OWNER_TABLE_ID	HZ_ORIG_SYS_REFERENCES	System Reference
OWNER_TABLE_NAME	HZ_ORIG_SYS_REFERENCES	System Reference
STATUS	HZ_ORIG_SYS_REFERENCES	System Reference

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