



**SIEBEL**<sup>7</sup>  
eBusiness

## **SIEBEL REPORTS ADMINISTRATION GUIDE**

*VERSION 7.5.3, REV A*

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# Contents

## Introduction

How This Guide Is Organized . . . . .	14
Revision History . . . . .	15

## Chapter 1. Installing the Siebel Reports Server for Microsoft Windows

About the Siebel Reports Server . . . . .	21
Preinstallation Tasks for the Siebel Reports Server . . . . .	22
Siebel Reports Server Installation . . . . .	23
Installing the Actuate e.Reporting Server . . . . .	24
Installing the Actuate Management Console . . . . .	25
Installing the Actuate Active Portal . . . . .	28
Installing the Siebel Report Server Access . . . . .	30
Postinstallation Tasks for the Siebel Reports Server . . . . .	38
Synchronizing Locale-Sensitive Parameters . . . . .	38
Changing the Time Zone on the Reports Server Machine . . . . .	41
Enabling the Siebel Reports Server with the Dedicated Web Client . . . . .	42
Enabling the Siebel Reports Server with the Web Client . . . . .	44
Synchronizing the Reports Administrator . . . . .	47
Synchronizing Reports Server Users . . . . .	48
Testing the Siebel Reports Server from the Dedicated Web Client . . . . .	50
Testing the Siebel Reports Server from the Web Client . . . . .	50
Installing Actuate e.Report Designer Professional . . . . .	51
Installing Actuate e.Report Designer . . . . .	52

Installing Siebel Reports Server Utility . . . . .	56
--	----

## **Chapter 2. Installing the Siebel Reports Server for UNIX**

About the Siebel Reports Server . . . . .	60
Preinstallation Tasks for the Siebel Reports Server . . . . .	61
Siebel Reports Server Installation . . . . .	62
Installing the Actuate e.Reporting Server . . . . .	63
Installing the Actuate Management Console . . . . .	64
Installing the Actuate Active Portal . . . . .	66
Installing the Siebel Report Server Access . . . . .	67
Postinstallation Tasks for the Siebel Reports Server . . . . .	77
Synchronizing Locale-Sensitive Parameters . . . . .	77
Changing the Time Zone on the Reports Server Machine . . . . .	81
Enabling the Siebel Reports Server with the Dedicated Web Client . . . . .	82
Enabling the Siebel Reports Server with the Web Client . . . . .	84
Synchronizing the Reports Administrator . . . . .	87
Synchronizing Reports Server Users . . . . .	88
Testing the Siebel Reports Server from the Dedicated Web Client . . . . .	90
Testing the Siebel Reports Server from the Web Client . . . . .	91

## **Chapter 3. Upgrade Instructions for Siebel 7.5.3**

Upgrading Paths for the Actuate e.Reporting Server . . . . .	93
Upgrading to Actuate 6 SP1 Fix 10 . . . . .	94
Upgrading the Siebel Report Server Access . . . . .	97
Migrating Pre-Siebel 6 Custom Reports to the Siebel Reports Server . . . . .	100
About sssiebel.bas Library Functions . . . . .	101
About Method Name Prefixing . . . . .	102
About Message Boxes . . . . .	105
Changing CreateObject to ssConnect . . . . .	106

## Chapter 4. Reporting in the Siebel Web Clients

About Reporting in the Web Client . . . . .	107
About the System Architecture for Reporting in the Web Client . . . . .	108
Requesting Reports in the Siebel Web Clients . . . . .	110
About DHTML Report Viewer Keyboard Shortcuts . . . . .	116
About Reporting in the Dedicated Web Client . . . . .	117
About System Architecture for Reporting in the Dedicated Web Client . . . . .	117
Requesting Reports in the Dedicated Web Client . . . . .	119
About ActiveX Report Viewer Keyboard Shortcuts . . . . .	120
About Searching in the Siebel Report Viewer . . . . .	120

## Chapter 5. Siebel Reports Server Views

Siebel Reports Server Views . . . . .	123
User Administration View . . . . .	124
Reports Server Administrator Profile View . . . . .	126
Scheduled Requests View . . . . .	127
Completed Request Notifications View . . . . .	128
Active Requests View . . . . .	129
Explorer View . . . . .	130
My Reports View . . . . .	132
Personal Profile View . . . . .	133

## Chapter 6. Restructuring the Reports Server Encyclopedia

Restructuring the Reports Server Encyclopedia Overview . . . . .	135
Installing the Utility for Restructuring Report Encyclopedia . . . . .	135
Restructuring the Report Encyclopedia . . . . .	136

## Chapter 7. Getting Started

Development Environment . . . . .	141
Actuate File Types . . . . .	141

Directory Structure . . . . .	143
Actuate Libraries . . . . .	144
Actuate Design Files . . . . .	146
How the Siebel Application and Actuate Interact . . . . .	148
Run-Time Behavior . . . . .	150
Run-Time Report Parameters . . . . .	152
Data Definition for Reports . . . . .	153
Data Supply ROL Files . . . . .	154
Siebel Report Object Types . . . . .	157
Additional Siebel-Actuate Reporting Issues . . . . .	161
Installation . . . . .	161
Upgrading Custom Reports . . . . .	162
Upgrading Forecasting Reports . . . . .	163
Migration of Non-Actuate Reports . . . . .	164
Maintaining the Actuate e.Reporting Server . . . . .	164
Dynamic Versus Static Reports . . . . .	166
Using a Datastream Twice . . . . .	167
sssiebel.bas and Migration Considerations . . . . .	167
Backing Up Report Design and Library Files . . . . .	167
Emailing a Report . . . . .	168
Printing . . . . .	169

## **Chapter 8. Global Report Modifications**

Changing the Font on All Reports . . . . .	172
Changing the Corporate Logo on All Reports . . . . .	177

## **Chapter 9. Creating a Simple List Report**

Creating a New Report Versus Subclassing a Design . . . . .	181
How a Simple List Report Works . . . . .	182
Example—Creating a Simple List Report . . . . .	187
Creating a New Report Object Definition in Siebel Tools . . . . .	188

Creating a Report Design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional . . . . .	191
Adding Label and Data Elements to the Design . . . . .	196
Compiling and Testing the Report . . . . .	198
Alternative Report Creation Strategies . . . . .	200
Copying a Report Object Definition . . . . .	201
Copying a Report Design . . . . .	201
Using a Custom Component Library . . . . .	202

## **Chapter 10. Reports with Group Sections**

Using Group Sections Overview . . . . .	205
How a Group Section Works . . . . .	206
Example—Creating a Report with a Group Break . . . . .	211
Creating a New Report Object Definition in Siebel Tools . . . . .	212
Creating a Report Design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional . . . . .	214
Adding Label and Data Elements to the Design . . . . .	219
Compiling and Testing the Report . . . . .	222
Group Totals . . . . .	223

## **Chapter 11. Master-Detail Reports**

Master-Detail Report Overview . . . . .	227
How Master-Detail Reports Work . . . . .	230
Example—Creating a Master-Detail Report . . . . .	235
Creating a New Report Object Definition in Siebel Tools . . . . .	235
Creating a Custom Component Library . . . . .	238
Creating a Report Design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional . . . . .	240
Adding Datastreams to the Report Design . . . . .	244
Adding Frame, Data Control, and Label Elements to the Design . . . . .	244
Compiling and Testing the Report . . . . .	247
Example—Creating a Report with Multiple Hierarchies . . . . .	248
Creating a New Report Object Definition in Siebel Tools . . . . .	248

Creating a Report Design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional . . . . . 252  
Adding Frame, Data Control, and Label Elements to the Design . . . . . 253

**Chapter 12. Composite Datastreams**

Datastream Concepts . . . . . 255  
Using Composite Datastreams in Reports . . . . . 257  
    Adding Global Variables to the Report Design . . . . . 259  
    Modifying the Master Datastream Component . . . . . 260  
    Referencing Global Variables in Controls . . . . . 261  
    Debugging Tips for Composite Datastreams . . . . . 262

**Chapter 13. Sorting Records in Memory**

Report Sorted on a Multi-Value Field . . . . . 263  
Report Sorts Records from a Many-to-Many Relationship . . . . . 264  
How a Memory Sort Report Works . . . . . 265  
    Data Filters . . . . . 265  
    Memory Structures . . . . . 266  
    Structure of the Report Design . . . . . 268  
Examining a Report Sorted on a Multi-Value Field (MVF) . . . . . 270  
    Global List Variable . . . . . 274  
    Fetch Method on the Master Datastream . . . . . 275  
    Fetch Method on the Detail Datastream . . . . . 275  
    Fetch Method on the Combined Datastream . . . . . 278  
    Compare Method on the Sort Data Filter . . . . . 279  
Examining a Report Based on a Many-to-Many Relationship . . . . . 281

**Chapter 14. Using Graphics in Reports**

Using Graphics Overview . . . . . 285  
Actuate-Supplied Chart Types . . . . . 286  
Chart Control Properties . . . . . 287



## Chapter 15. Smart Reports

Smart Reports Overview . . . . .	299
Purpose of Smart Reports . . . . .	299
Standard Smart Reports . . . . .	301
Visual Features . . . . .	303
Report Structure and Major Components . . . . .	305
Order-of-Merit Indicator . . . . .	309
Thermometers . . . . .	311
Obtaining the Minimum, Maximum, and Trigger Values . . . . .	313
Obtaining the Data Value . . . . .	315
Positioning a Thermometer on the Dashboard Subpage . . . . .	319
Passing Siebel-Generated Graphics to a Smart Report . . . . .	321
Designing a Smart Report . . . . .	321
Opportunity Detail Report . . . . .	322
Account Service Detail Report . . . . .	345
Account Summary Report . . . . .	353
Pipeline Analysis Report . . . . .	355
Quota Summary Report . . . . .	356
Service Request Performance Report (Service Request Aging Analysis) . . .	358

## Chapter 16. Parameterized Reports

Creating Parameterized Reports . . . . .	362
Siebel Tools . . . . .	363
Actuate . . . . .	366

## Chapter 17. Developing Multilingual Reports

Developing Multilingual Reports Overview . . . . .	375
Designing Multilingual Reports . . . . .	376
Deploying Multilingual Reports . . . . .	378
Viewing Multilingual Reports . . . . .	378

Exceptions for Multilingual Reports . . . . .	379
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## **Chapter 18. Report Business Service**

Report Business Service Overview . . . . .	382
Report Business Service Methods . . . . .	382
Report Business Service Input Parameters . . . . .	383
ExecuteReport . . . . .	383
GrantRolesAccess2Report . . . . .	385
GrantUserAccess2Report . . . . .	386
PrintReport . . . . .	387
RunAndEmailReport . . . . .	388
SaveReport2PDF . . . . .	390
ScheduleReport . . . . .	391
SyncOne . . . . .	393
Example: Invoking a Report Business Service Method Using Scripting . . . .	394

## **Appendix A. Library Reference**

sscustom Library . . . . .	397
Text Controls . . . . .	397
Display of Revenue Information . . . . .	400
Display of Date Information . . . . .	402
CanGrow Property . . . . .	404
Check Box Text Control . . . . .	404
Percentage Text Control . . . . .	404
Label Controls . . . . .	405
Frame Controls . . . . .	406
PageList and Child Components . . . . .	406
Miscellaneous Controls . . . . .	408
Line Controls . . . . .	408
Section Components . . . . .	409
sssiebel Library . . . . .	410

baseCur	411
baseDate	411
baseDateDisplay	411
baseFlow	412
baseFlow1	412
baseFrm	413
baseGrp	413
baseInt	414
baseLbl	414
baseLblSiebel	414
baseLineControlr	414
basePage	415
basePageList	415
basePageNoDisplay	416
basePrintBy	417
baseReport	417
baseReportHeader	418
baseReportTitle	418
baseRpt	418
baseRptCreateBy	419
baseSeq	419
baseSubPage	419
baseTxt	420

## Appendix B. Method Reference

DataStream Function	421
Essential DataStream Methods	422
Start Method	422
Fetch Method	430
Delete Method	435

**Appendix C. Smart Reports List of Values**

List of Values . . . . .437  
    Opportunity Detail Report . . . . . 437  
    Account Service Detail Report . . . . . 438  
    Account Summary Report . . . . . 439  
    Pipeline Analysis Report . . . . . 439

**Chapter 19. List of Selected Reports**

**Index**

# Introduction

This guide will help you use Actuate e.Report Designer Professional to customize, enhance, and create new Siebel reports.

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**NOTE:** Actuate e.Report Designer Professional is a component of the Siebel Reports Server that requires a separate license. Please contact your Siebel sales representative for more information.

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This book will be useful primarily to people whose title or job description matches one of the following:

- |                                      |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| <b>Siebel Application Developers</b> | Persons who plan, implement, and configure Siebel eBusiness Applications, possibly adding new functionality.     |
| <b>Siebel Reports Administrators</b> | Persons responsible for setting up users and maintaining the Actuate components used with Siebel Reports Server. |

This guide expects a familiarity with object-oriented concepts and understanding of the Siebel object model, including business objects, business components, and report object definitions.

You should also be familiar with report writing in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional. The Siebel object model is described in *Siebel Tools Reference* on the *Siebel Bookshelf*. Actuate concepts are covered in *Designing e.Reports* and *Developing Advanced e.Reports* in the Actuate documentation suite. This documentation is located on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* CD-ROM under Actuate.

## **Product Modules and Options**

This Siebel Bookshelf contains descriptions of modules that are optional and for which you may not have purchased a license. Siebel's Sample Database also includes data related to these optional modules. As a result, your software implementation may differ from descriptions in this Bookshelf. To find out more about the modules your organization has purchased, see your corporate purchasing agent or your Siebel sales representative.

## **How This Guide Is Organized**

The guide explains concepts used to customize and develop new Siebel reports.

The first chapters of this guide cover installing the Siebel Reports Server using Actuate's e.Reporting Server and Siebel Report Server Access. The installation instructions cover the Microsoft Windows and the UNIX operating systems. The next chapter explains how the report encyclopedia is restructured to allow for better response time and performance of the Reports Server.

Following the Reports Server installation, the next chapters describe features used for reporting in the Siebel Web Clients. Also covered is information on the screens that users might access while using the Reports Server.

The next group of chapters, starting with [Chapter 7, "Getting Started,"](#) of this guide provides an overview of report implementation and describes the run-time and programming models. Also explained are the implementation procedures for developing reports using Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.

The last section of this guide includes appendices that provide reference information on specific libraries and methods. Also provided is reference information on the list of values used with Smart Reports.

This guide does not duplicate information presented in the documentation provided by Actuate Software Corporation. You need to be familiar with the material in *Using e.Reports* and *Developing Advanced e.Reports* manuals before using this guide. For more information about these and other Actuate manuals, see the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

You will also need Actuate e.Report Designer Professional, Siebel Tools, and at least one Siebel application installed on your computer to work through the examples. Also of interest is *Designing e.Reports*, which explains how to use Actuate e.Report Designer.

## Revision History

*Siebel Reports Administration Guide*

### Version 7.5.3, Rev. A

**Table 1. Changes Made in Version 7.5.3**

Topic	Revision
<a href="#">“Synchronizing Reports Server Users”</a> in Chapter 2, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for UNIX.”	New for 7.5.3: Added information for synchronizing Reports Server Users if using IBM DB2 UDB for OS/390 and z/OS.

### Version 7.5.3

**Table 2. Changes Made in Version 7.5.3**

Topic	Revision
<a href="#">“Importing the Siebel Report Files to the Report Encyclopedia”</a> on page 71 in Chapter 2, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for UNIX.”	New for 7.5.3: Added information for importing the Siebel Reports files for Siebel Industry Applications during the postinstallation steps for the Siebel Report Server Access.
<a href="#">“Synchronizing Locale-Sensitive Parameters”</a> on page 38 in Chapter 1, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for Windows.”	New for 7.5.3: Added information about synchronizing locale-sensitive parameters.
Chapter 3, <a href="#">“Upgrade Instructions for Siebel 7.5.3.”</a>	New for 7.5.3: Added upgrade instructions for this release.
Chapter 14, <a href="#">“Using Graphics in Reports.”</a>	Updated for 7.5.3: Updated information in tables to match Actuate change from graphs to charts.

### Additional Changes

- Added information for using the Disable Caching of ROX parameter to unload the libraries after the completion of report generation in [Chapter 1, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for Microsoft Windows”](#) and [Chapter 2, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for UNIX.”](#)

The Disable Caching of ROX parameter is only available for use with Actuate 6 SP1 (Siebel release 7.5.2.200) or higher.

- Starting with this release, the Java Development Kit (JDK) is no longer required as a preinstallation step before installing the Actuate components in [Chapter 1, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for Microsoft Windows”](#) and [Chapter 2, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for UNIX.”](#)
- For release 7.5.3, the servlet and JavaServer Page container used with the Actuate product is called the Actuate HTTP service. For release 7.5.2, it was referred to as Tomcat.

The default port number for connecting to the Actuate Active Portal is changed from 8080 to 8700. For release 7.5.2, the default port number for connecting to Tomcat was 8080. For release 7.5.2.x and later, the default port number for connecting to Actuate HTTP Service is 8700.

In the “Enabling the Siebel Reports Server with the Dedicated Web Client” and “Enabling the Siebel Reports Server with the Web Client” sections of the *Siebel Reports Administration Guide* on the *Siebel Bookshelf*, the Actuate HTTP service port number for the CFG file parameter (ReportCastHost) or the Server Components parameter (Actuate Server Report Cast Host) must reflect the new port number of 8700. This only applies if you used the default port number of 8080 for the Tomcat service.

The change from Tomcat to the Actuate HTTP service applies to both [Chapter 1, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for Microsoft Windows”](#) and [Chapter 2, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for UNIX.”](#)



**Version 7.5, Rev. B****Table 3. Changes Made in Version 7.5, Rev. B**

Topic	Revision
<a href="#">Chapter 1, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for Microsoft Windows.”</a>	Moved the installation of the Actuate e.Report Designer Professional and the Actuate e.Report Designer to end of Siebel Reports installation.
<a href="#">“Installing Siebel Reports Server Utility” on page 56.</a>	Added information on the Siebel Reports Server Utility that was originally included in the <i>Siebel Server Installation Guide for Microsoft Windows</i> for release 7.0.3.
<a href="#">“Report Business Service Input Parameters” on page 383.</a>	Added an example script for the SyncOne business method that gives the outcome of running SyncOne.
<a href="#">“Importing the Siebel Report Files to the Report Encyclopedia” on page 71 section in Chapter 2, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for UNIX.”</a>	Added information for importing the Siebel Reports files for Siebel Industry Applications during the postinstallation steps for the Siebel Report Server Access.

- Updated the Siebel Reports Server installation instructions in [Chapter 1, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for Microsoft Windows”](#) and [Chapter 2, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for UNIX.”](#)
- Updated instructions for creating reports in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional in “Creating a Report Design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional” sections throughout book.

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**NOTE:** Reports Administration Guide 7.5, Rev. A included installation information specifically for HP-UX platform users.

---

## **Introduction**

*Revision History*

# Installing the Siebel Reports Server for Microsoft Windows

# 1

This chapter describes how to install the Siebel Reports Server and related components. For more information, see the Siebel Server Installation Guide for the operating system you are using.

In Siebel 7.5, the same instance of the Siebel Reports Server allows the generation of reports in multiple languages.

The Actuate e.Reporting Server no longer runs reports based on the regional settings of the host machine. Instead, it refers to the `localemap.xml` file (located in the `\etc` folder of the Actuate e.Reporting Server installation directory). For more information, see the “Configuring Locales” section in the *Administering Actuate e.Reporting System* manual located on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

The Siebel Reports Server can be deployed in a mixed platform environment. Therefore, deployments can include the files for the Siebel Server on a machine using the UNIX operating system, with the files for the Reports Server on a different machine using the Windows operating system, and vice versa. However, administrators should be careful and use the correct installation instructions. See [Chapter 2, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for UNIX”](#) for UNIX instructions when installing the Reports Server in mixed environments.

---

**NOTE:** When deploying in a mixed server environment, you should give your Windows directories and file names UNIX-compatible names and cases.

---

The installation of the Siebel Reports Server consists of several tasks to be completed by the Siebel Reports Administrator. The tasks are listed below.

- 1** Before installing the Reports Server, set up a Windows account for the Reports Administrator. See [“Preinstallation Tasks for the Siebel Reports Server”](#) on [page 22](#).

- 2** Install Actuate e.Reporting Server. See [“Installing the Actuate e.Reporting Server” on page 24.](#)
- 3** Install Actuate Management Console. See [“Installing the Actuate Management Console” on page 25.](#)
- 4** Install Actuate Active Portal. See [“Installing the Actuate Active Portal” on page 28.](#)
- 5** Install Siebel Report Server Access on the same machine as the Actuate e.Reporting Server. See [“Installing the Siebel Report Server Access” on page 30.](#)
- 6** Enable the Reports Server for the Dedicated Web Client. See [“Enabling the Siebel Reports Server with the Dedicated Web Client” on page 42.](#)
- 7** Enable the Reports Server for the Web Client. See [“Enabling the Siebel Reports Server with the Web Client” on page 44.](#)
- 8** Synchronize the Reports Administrator to the Reports Server. See [“Synchronizing the Reports Administrator” on page 47.](#)
- 9** Synchronize Reports Server users. See [“Synchronizing Reports Server Users” on page 48.](#)
- 10** Verify Siebel Reports Server from the Dedicated Web Client. See [“Testing the Siebel Reports Server from the Dedicated Web Client” on page 50.](#)
- 11** Verify Siebel Reports Server from the Web Client. See [“Testing the Siebel Reports Server from the Web Client” on page 50.](#)
- 12** Install Actuate e.Report Designer Professional (optional). See [“Installing Actuate e.Report Designer Professional” on page 51.](#)
- 13** Install Actuate e.Report Designer (optional). See [“Installing Actuate e.Report Designer” on page 52.](#)
- 14** Install Siebel Reports Server Utility. See [“Installing Siebel Reports Server Utility” on page 56.](#)

## About the Siebel Reports Server

In a Windows environment, the Siebel Reports Server consists of the following components:

- **Actuate e.Reporting Server.** Generates and manages live report documents. Actuate e.Reporting Server also contains the Report Encyclopedia, a shared repository that stores report items along with related data, such as access privileges and request queues.
- **Actuate Management Console.** Manages one or more Actuate e.Reporting Servers and Report Encyclopedias. Actuate Management Console also controls user privileges.

The Actuate Management Console replaces the Actuate Administrator Desktop.

- **Actuate Active Portal.** Provides access to the Siebel Reports Server from the Web using JavaScript and Java™ Server Page (JSP) tags. Using Actuate Active Portal, you can access and work with reports through any Web browser.

The Actuate Active Portal replaces the Actuate ReportCast.

For more information about these Actuate products, see the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf*.

- **Siebel Report Server Access.** A Siebel application integration component that provides access to Siebel data for report generation. This component also includes Siebel report executables, Siebel Active Portal templates, and Active Portal security extension library.

For designing reports for use in Siebel applications, you may install the following components on a Windows client:

- **Actuate e.Report Designer Professional (Optional).** Used by professional developers of structured content to design, build, and distribute report object designs and components throughout the enterprise. The Actuate Basic Language and Actuate Foundation Class Library support customizing capabilities.

- **Actuate e.Report Designer (Optional).** Lets you design and build reports using its graphical user interface. This application complements e.Report Designer Professional and is used by business users to design and distribute a variety of reports. No programming is required. This application supports both modifying complex reports and using components from libraries.

For more information about these Actuate products, see the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf*.

## Preinstallation Tasks for the Siebel Reports Server

For important preinstallation considerations, see the section titled “Configuring an e.Reporting System user account” in *Installing Actuate e.Reporting System* guide. (This guide is available on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.) Read this section carefully and discuss it with your system administrator so that an account for the Siebel Reports Server can be allocated.

Note the following information when installing the Actuate e.Reporting System:

- Starting with Siebel 7.5, a separate license key is required when installing the Actuate e.Reporting Server.

If you have the Siebel Reports Server license and have not received the Actuate license key letter, contact Siebel Technical Support to request the Actuate license key referencing Alert 557: Siebel eBusiness Applications version 7.5 - Installation of Reports Server Software.

- The servlet and JavaSever Page container used with the Actuate e.Reporting System is the Actuate HTTP service.

The Actuate HTTP service is included in the installations for the Actuate Management Console and the Actuate Active Portal.

With the Siebel eBusiness Application, the Actuate Management Console and the Actuate Active Portal can not be integrated with an application server.

- The Actuate open security application that uses the Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) is not supported for use with the Siebel eBusiness application.

- For the Siebel eBusiness Application, installing the Actuate e.Reporting System in a cluster environment is not supported.

---

**CAUTION:** To install Siebel eBusiness Applications, you must have 50-100 MB of disk space on your system drive (usually your C: drive) even if you intend to install Siebel eBusiness Applications onto another drive.

---

## Siebel Reports Server Installation

To achieve the best performance, Siebel Systems recommends that Actuate e.Reporting Server be installed on a dedicated machine. Siebel Systems also recommends that Actuate Active Portal and Actuate Management Console be installed on the same machine.

Install the Siebel Reports Server and its associated applications in the following order:

### Server

- Actuate e.Reporting Server
- Actuate Management Console
- Actuate Active Portal
- Siebel Report Server Access

### Client

- Actuate e.Report Designer Professional (Optional)
- Actuate e.Report Designer (Optional)

---

**NOTE:** The following installation instructions apply whether all components of the Siebel Reports Server are installed on the same machine or on multiple machines.

---

### Installing the Actuate e.Reporting Server

Use the following instructions to install the Actuate e.Reporting Server, accepting any defaults.

Siebel Systems recommends that the defaults presented during the Actuate e.Reporting Server installation be accepted. If the defaults are not selected, errors could occur that will affect the performance of the Siebel Reports Server.

#### **To install the Actuate e.Reporting Server**

- 1 Insert the *Windows Server Ancillary Programs, Language* (where *Language* is the Language Pack you want to deploy) CD 1 of 3 into the CD-ROM drive.
- 2 In Windows Explorer, navigate to the following directory:

```
Thirdpty\actuate\language\ereportserver
```

Where:

*language* = the Siebel code for the Language Pack you installed; for example, *enu* for U.S. English.

- 3 Double-click Setup.exe.

#### **Guidelines for the Actuate e.Reporting Server Installation**

During the installation of the Actuate e.Reporting Server, note the following:

- On the Setup Type screen, choose Typical.  
Installing the Actuate e.Reporting System in a cluster environment (a custom installation) is not supported for use with Siebel applications.
- On the Specify Profiles screen, type a services profile user name and password. This is the e.Reporting System user account mentioned in the [“Preinstallation Tasks for the Siebel Reports Server”](#) on page 22.

Siebel Systems suggests that you accept the default to automatically start the Actuate e.Reporting Server when the Process Management Daemon is started.

By setting this, you will not have to manually start the e.Reporting Server after starting the Process Management Daemon.



- On the Configure Actuate System Administration Password screen, type a user-specified password for the Actuate system administrator.

System Administration is accessed through the Actuate Management Console.

The system administration password entered here is the one used when logging into the System Administration from the Management Console. The default user name is Administrator.

To start or stop the e.Reporting Server Services, see *Administering Actuate e.Reporting System* manual on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf*.

## Installing the Actuate Management Console

Actuate Management Console offers the capability to manage one or more Actuate e.Reporting Servers and Report Encyclopedias.

You can install Actuate Management Console on any supported Windows machine on your network.

Siebel Systems recommends that the defaults presented during the Actuate Management Console installation be accepted. If the defaults are not selected, errors could occur that will affect the performance of the Siebel Reports Server.

### **To install the Actuate Management Console**

- 1 Insert the *Windows Server Ancillary Programs*, Language (where *Language* is the Language Pack you want to deploy) CD 1 of 3 into the CD-ROM drive.
- 2 Navigate to the following directory:

```
Thirdpty\actuate\Language\mgmtconsole
```

Where:

*language* = the Siebel code for the Language Pack you installed; for example, *enu* for U.S. English.

- 3 Double-click Setup.exe.

### **Guidelines for the Actuate Management Console Installation**

During the installation of the Actuate Management Console, note the following:

- On the Setup Type screen, choose Typical.
- On the Deployment Options screen, accept the default of using the Actuate HTTP service as the deployment option.

Using a different application server with the Actuate e.Reprting System is not supported.

- On the same screen, accept the default to automatically configure the deployment choice to run this product.
- When Next is clicked, you might see a Question dialog box stating that the Actuate HTTP service is not found in the location specified on the Deployment Options screen.

Click Yes to allow the setup to install the Actuate HTTP service in the previously specified location.

- On the Actuate HTTP Service Information screen, you can accept the default, 8700, as the port number.

You may choose to designate a different port number. For more information, see *Installing Actuate e.Reporting System* manual on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

This is the port number that you will use to connect to when accessing the HTTP service.

- On the Account Name screen, when specifying the account information to be used when running the Actuate HTTP service, type the same information used on the Specify Profiles screen of the Actuate e.Reporting Server installation (see [“Guidelines for the Actuate e.Reporting Server Installation”](#) on page 24).

- On the Server Configuration screen, accept the Host name and port number defaults for the Process Management Daemon and e.Reporting Server Configuration.

You may choose to designate a different port number. For more information, see *Installing Actuate e.Reporting System* manual on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

- On the Volume Name screen, accept the default volume name as displayed.

The defaulted volume name is the host name of the machine that hosts the Actuate e.Reporting Server.

After the Actuate Management Console is installed, you should confirm that the installation was successful.

### **To confirm a successful installation of the Actuate e.Reporting Server and Management Console**

- 1 Start the Process Management Daemon from the Windows Services panel.
- 2 Open a Web browser and access the Management Console's login page by typing the URL:

```
http://host:port/acadmin/login.jsp
```

Where:

*host* = the name of the machine where the Actuate Management Console is installed.

*port* = the port number that the Actuate HTTP Service listens on. The default port number is 8700.

The Management Console login page appears.

- 3 Using the default user name Administrator with a blank password click Log In. The Management Console Files and Folders page appears.

### Installing the Actuate Active Portal

Actuate Active Portal provides access to the Siebel Reports Server from the Web. Using Actuate Active Portal, you can access and work with reports through a Web browser.

Siebel Systems recommends that the defaults presented during the Actuate Active Portal installation be accepted. If the defaults are not selected, errors could occur that will affect the performance of the Siebel Reports Server.

#### **To install the Actuate Active Portal**

- 1 Insert the *Windows Server Ancillary Programs, Language* (where *Language* is the Language Pack you want to deploy) CD 1 of 3 into the CD-ROM drive.
- 2 Navigate to the following directory:

```
Thirdpty\actuate\language\activeportal
```

Where:

*language* = the Siebel code for the Language Pack you installed; for example, *enu* for U.S. English.

- 3 Double-click Setup.exe.

#### **Guidelines for the Actuate Active Portal Installation**

During the installation of the Actuate Active Portal, note the following:

- On the Setup Type screen, choose Typical.
- On the Deployment Options screen, accept the default of using the Actuate HTTP service as the deployment option.

Using a different application server with the Actuate e.Reprting System is not supported.

- On the same screen, accept the default to automatically configure the deployment choice to run this product.

- When Next is clicked, you might see a Question dialog box stating that the Actuate HTTP service already exists and where the installation is located.

If installing Active Portal on the same machine as the Management Console, click Yes to use the existing installation of the Actuate HTTP service.

- On the e.Reporting Server Information screen, you can accept the default, 8000, as the port number.

The host name and the port number are used by Active Portal to contact the e.Reporting Server.

- On the Volume Name screen, accept the default volume name as displayed.

You may choose to designate a different port number. For more information, see *Installing Actuate e.Reporting System* manual on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

The defaulted volume name is the host name of the machine that hosts the Actuate e.Reporting Server.

After the Actuate Active Portal is installed, you should confirm that the installation was successful.

### **To confirm a successful installation of the Actuate Active Portal**

- 1 Confirm that the Actuate HTTP Service used by Active Portal is running.
- 2 Open a Web browser and access Active Portal's login page by typing the URL:

```
http://host:port/acweb/login.jsp
```

Where:

*host* = the name of the machine where the Actuate Active Portal is installed.

*port* = the port number that the Actuate HTTP Service listens on. The default port number is 8700.

- 3 The Active Portal login page appears.
- 4 Using Administrator as the default user name and a blank password click Log In.  
The Active Portal home page appears.

### Installing the Siebel Report Server Access

Siebel Report Server Access consists of libraries used by the Actuate e.Reporting Server to communicate with the Siebel Server.

You must install Siebel Report Server Access on the same machine on which you installed Actuate e.Reporting Server. Siebel Report Server Access will also automatically import report executable files into the Report Encyclopedia.

Siebel Report Server Access also contains customized Active Portal templates and the Active Portal Security Extension library.

Install the Siebel Report Server Access using the user account set up during the Actuate e.Reporting Server installation.

#### **To install the Siebel Report Server Access**

- 1** Before starting the installation, make sure that the Actuate HTTP service and the Actuate Process Management Daemon are stopped.
- 2** Insert the *Windows Server Programs, Siebel Enterprise Server, Base* CD-ROM into the CD-ROM drive.
- 3** In Windows Explorer, navigate to the ses directory and double-click setup.exe.
- 4** Depending on whether you are installing your Siebel Report Server Access for the first time or adding a new language to an existing instance, take the appropriate action:

To install the server software in a new instance, select None as the default and click Next. Proceed to [Step 5](#).

To install a new language in an existing instance, select the displayed instance and click Next. Proceed to [Step 9 on page 32](#).

- 5** The installer prompts you to choose the installation directory for the Siebel application.

By default, setup installs Siebel Server software in the C:\ drive in a directory named sea7xx. If desired, you may choose a different drive for installation.

#### **To choose a different directory**

- Click Browse.

or

- Type the drive and directory location that you recorded in Appendix A, “Deployment Planning Worksheet” of the *Siebel Server Installation Guide* for the operating system you are using.

---

**NOTE:** This directory name must not contain spaces, although underscores are allowed.

---

### 6 Click Next.

The installer prompts you to select the component that you want to install.

### 7 Choose from the following options:

- Install all the servers for which your organization has a license key at once by selecting all the check boxes.

---

**CAUTION:** Some products installable through the All function have preinstallation requirements, which if not met, will make their installation pointless. Before selecting the All function, review the installation instructions for each component you plan to install.

---

or

- Select just the Siebel Report Server Access for installation and configuration. (You would have installed and configured the other server components individually before installing the Siebel Report Server Access.)

Click Next.

---

**NOTE:** If you install all licensed components at once, the SES Installer and the Siebel Software Configuration Wizard will prompt you for the installation parameters of each component individually and in the sequence required.

---

The installer prompts you to select the type of installation setup you prefer.

- 8 Choose the Typical setup option and click Next.

---

**NOTE:** There are three options (Typical, Compact, and Custom) available from the Setup Options screen. For the Siebel Reports Server, only Typical is a valid selection.

---

The Installer language selection screen appears.

- 9 Confirm the Language Pack you are installing for the Siebel Report Server Access and click Next.

Servers are installed, at a minimum, with a base language and, optionally, with one or more additional languages.

---

**NOTE:** Unless your database is Unicode enabled, Siebel Systems does not support installation of any language other than U.S. English on top of a base Japanese, Simplified Chinese, Traditional Chinese, or Korean Language Pack.

---

The installer program performs a validation check to make sure that installation prerequisites are met.

If they are not, a prompt appears stating which installation requirement is not met, such as, installation of Microsoft Data Access Components (MDAC), for example.

The installer prompts you that the setup program will install program shortcuts to your Program menu with the name Siebel Enterprise Server 7.x.x.

---

**NOTE:** To override the default action and install the program icons to a different Program folder in the list under Existing Folders, type the name for that folder.

---

The installer displays the location into which it will install the Siebel Report Server Access and any other servers you have elected to install. It also displays the file size.



- 10** If this is acceptable, click Next. Otherwise, click Back to adjust your installation parameters or location.

The installer proceeds to install the specified files.

After the install, a warning screen appears stating:

Setup did not find the "language" language pack on the current media. Please insert the CD containing the "language" language pack and select "setup.exe" file from the "language" folder.

Where:

*language* = the Siebel code for the Language Pack you installed; for example, enu for U.S. English.

Click OK.

- 11** Remove the current CD from the drive and insert the *Windows Server Programs, Siebel Enterprise Server*, Language CD-ROM (where Language stands for the Language Pack you want to deploy, such as enu for U.S. English) into the CD-ROM drive of the same server.

- 12** In Windows Explorer, navigate to the ses\language directory (where language stands for the Language Pack you want to deploy, such as enu for U.S. English) and double-click setup.exe.

After the language pack installation is complete, a warning screen appears stating:

Please re-insert the base CD and browse to the "setup.exe" file to enable setup to continue.

Click OK.

- 13** Reinsert the *Windows Server Programs, Siebel Enterprise Server, Base* CD-ROM into the CD-ROM drive.
- 14** In Windows Explorer, navigate to the ses directory and double-click setup.exe to continue with the Siebel Reports Server Access installation.
- 15** The Installer screen appears. Click Finish.

### Postinstallation Tasks for the Siebel Report Server Access

After installing Siebel Report Server Access, you must perform the following tasks:

- “Configuring the Active Portal Template Files”
- “Setting Up the Active Portal Security Extension Library” on page 35
- “Setting the Disable Caching of ROX Parameter” on page 36
- “Setting Actuate e.Reporting Server Parameters” on page 37

---

**NOTE:** For running reports in Chinese (Simplified and Traditional), Korean and ENU certified languages, the Arial Unicode MS font needs to be installed under C:\Windows\Fonts on the Windows machine running the Reports Server.

---

### Configuring the Active Portal Template Files

The customized Siebel Active Portal templates will overwrite the ones installed with Actuate Active Portal.

#### To configure the Active Portal Template Files

- 1 Navigate to the following directory under Siebel Report Server Access installation; for example, C:\sea75x\rptsrvr\BIN\RPTCAST\*language*.

Where:

*language* = the Siebel code for the Language Pack you installed; for example, enu for U.S. English

- 2 Double-click the rptcast.zip file and extract the files to the Active Portal directory (for example, C:\Program Files\Actuate6\ActivePortal).

---

**NOTE:** In the Extract pop-up window that appears, accept the default Use Folder Names. If unchecked, the files will not extract into the correct folders, which results in a red cross showing instead of the Siebel logo.

---

- 3 Access the Active Portal login page by typing the following URL:

```
http://ActuateHTTPServiceMachineName:ActuateHTTPServicePortNumber/acweb/login.jsp.
```

Where:

*ActuateHTTPServiceMachineName* = the name of the machine where Actuate Active Portal is installed. Actuate HTTP service is usually installed on the same machine as Active Portal.

*ActuateHTTPServicePortNumber* = the port number of Actuate Active Portal. By default, the port number is 8700.

You should see the Siebel logo on the Actuate Active Portal login page.

---

**NOTE:** The administrator should make sure that all users clear their browser cache after the template files are applied.

---

### Setting Up the Active Portal Security Extension Library

This library enables the Siebel Reports Server Single Sign-On, which allows users to view reports without having to manually log onto the Reports Server.

#### To set up the Active Portal Security Extension Library

- 1 Stop the Actuate HTTP service from the Windows Services panel.
- 2 Move the siebel.jar file from the Siebel Reports Server installation folder to the Active Portal lib directory, for example:

```
C:\Program Files\Actuate6\ActivePortal\WEB-INF\lib
```

- 3 In the same Siebel Reports Server installation folder find the swewase.dll file and do the following:

- a Create the folder Native under the Actuate HTTP Service installation bin directory, for example:

```
C:\Program Files\Common Files\Actuate\6.0\Actuate HTTP Service\bin
```

- b Move the swewase.dll file to this folder.

- 4 Delete the Standalone folder in the Actuate HTTP Service installation work directory, for example:

C:\Program Files\Common Files\Actuate\6.0\Actuate HTTP Service\work

- 5 Start the Actuate HTTP service.

---

**NOTE:** After setting up Active Portal Extension Library, you are no longer able to log into Active Portal by typing the URL `http://ActuateHTTPServiceMachineName:ActuateHTTPServicePortNumber/acweb/login.jsp`. The Actuate HTTP service port number is by default 8700.

---

The Siebel Reports Server cookie (ReportCookie) is used once Single Sign-on is established. The ReportCookie passes a user name and auto-generated password to the Reports Server when a report is requested in the Siebel Web Client. For more information on using the ReportCookie, see *Siebel Web Client Administration Guide* on the *Siebel Bookshelf* for more information.

### Setting the Disable Caching of ROX Parameter

---

**NOTE:** The Disable Caching of ROX parameter is used in Actuate 6 SP1 (Siebel Release 7.5.2.200) or higher.

---

A change in Actuate e.Reporting Server's functionality causes the Siebel report libraries to not be unloaded after report generation completes. This parameter needs to be set to make sure that the libraries are unloaded after the completion of report generation. This allows the factory server to be in a stable state when the next report request arrives.

The following instructions will set the Disable Caching Property of ROX parameter in the Actuate Management Console.

#### **To set the Disable Caching of ROX parameter**

- 1 From the Start menu, open the Actuate Management Console.
- 2 On the Actuate System/Volume Log In page, select System Administration from the drop-down list.
- 3 Log in with the Administrator user name and password.

- 4 From the left pane, select Servers.
- 5 Under the Name column, click the name of the server.  
The server's properties page will appear.
  - a Click the Advanced tab.
  - b In the Properties drop-down list, select Factory service properties.
  - c Select Disable Caching of ROX and click Edit.
  - d Change the value of Disable Caching of ROX to true.  
True is lower cased.
  - e Click OK to close the edit window.
- 6 Click OK on the Advanced page.
- 7 Log out of Actuate Management Console.
- 8 Restart the Actuate e.Reporting Server.

**Setting Actuate e.Reporting Server Parameters**

Siebel Systems strongly recommends that the Reports Server administrator set the Actuate e.Reporting Server parameter ReportingServices - Number of Requests Before Recycling Processes to 100 to avoid memory leaks.

For instructions on how to modify this Actuate e.Reporting Server parameter, see the section titled "Setting advanced server properties" in *Administering Actuate e.Reporting System* guide. This guide is located in PDF format on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

---

**NOTE:** You will find this and other parameters for the Actuate e.Reporting Server by opening the Actuate Management Console, logging into System Administration, selecting a Server, and selecting the Advanced tab.

---

# Postinstallation Tasks for the Siebel Reports Server

Perform the following postinstallation tasks to make Siebel Reports Server available for users on Siebel Web Clients:

- [“Synchronizing Locale-Sensitive Parameters”](#)
- [“Changing the Time Zone on the Reports Server Machine” on page 41](#)
- [“Enabling the Siebel Reports Server with the Dedicated Web Client” on page 42](#)
- [“Enabling the Siebel Reports Server with the Web Client” on page 44](#)
- [“Synchronizing the Reports Administrator” on page 47](#)
- [“Synchronizing Reports Server Users” on page 48](#)
- [“Testing the Siebel Reports Server from the Dedicated Web Client” on page 50](#)
- [“Testing the Siebel Reports Server from the Web Client” on page 50](#)

## Synchronizing Locale-Sensitive Parameters

For the Reports Server to format reports based on user-specified locale, the locale definitions in `localemap.xml` file should match the equivalent parameters in the Siebel Application Object Manager.

When deploying the Siebel Reports Server in a different locale, changes are sometimes needed in how numbers and currencies are read. This is the case for the ITA (Italian) locale.

For example, a customer is deploying Siebel eBusiness Applications in Italy. The Siebel Server and the Reports Server machines are running under the ITA locale. The Siebel application uses the same thousands and decimal separators for numbers and currency (a comma for thousands and a dot for decimals). However, at the operating system level, the separators appear to be different.

The reports server administrator needs to modify the thousand and decimal separators for digits and currency (in the ITA locale) on the Reports Server machine to be in sync with the sThousand and sDecimal parameters defined for the Italian Application Object Manager. For example, sThousand and sDecimal parameters are set to dot and comma respectively. The digits grouping symbol and decimal symbol properties for both numbers and currency in the Windows Regional Settings of the Report Server should also be dot and comma.

In Siebel applications, currency and number data formats are decided in part by sDecimal and sThousand parameters. In Windows, currency and numbers have their own set of properties that allow users to customize the formats separately. The decimal symbol and digits grouping symbol for both currency and number in the Windows Regional Settings of the Report Server should be identical to those of sDecimal and sThousand parameters in the Application Object Manager.

Verify that the locale-specific parameters in Regional Settings match the corresponding parameters in the Application Object Manager. See [Table 4](#) for a list of these parameters.

For more information about setting parameters for application object managers, see *Siebel Server Administration Guide*.

**Table 4. Windows Regional Settings and Application Object Manager Parameters**

Tab in Regional Settings Dialog Box	Windows Parameter	Application Object Manger Parameter	Description
Number	Decimal symbol	sDecimal	Character used to separate the integer part from the fractional part of a number and currency.
	Digit grouping symbol	sThousand	This is the symbol used to separate thousands in numbers and currencies with more than three digits.
	Number of Digits after Decimal	iDigits	Value defining the number of decimal digits that should be used in a number.
	Display leading zeros	iLzero	iLzero=0 > Display without leading zero. siLzero=1 > Display with leading zeros.

**Table 4. Windows Regional Settings and Application Object Manager Parameters**

Tab in Regional Settings Dialog Box	Windows Parameter	Application Object Manger Parameter	Description
Currency	Decimal symbol	sDecimal	Character used to separate the integer part from the fractional part of a number and currency.
	Digit grouping symbol	sThousand	This is the symbol used to separate thousands in numbers and currencies with more than three digits.
		iCurrency	iCurrency=0 > no separation between currency symbol prefix and number. iCurrency=1 > no separation between currency symbol suffix and number. iCurrency=2 > one character separation between currency symbol prefix and number. iCurrency=3 > one character separation between currency symbol suffix and number.
	Negative currency format	iNegCurr	iNegCurr = 0 -> (\$1.1) iNegCurr = 1 -> -\$1.1 iNegCurr = 2 -> \$-1.1 iNegCurr = 3 -> \$1.1- iNegCurr = 4 -> (1.1\$) iNegCurr = 5 -> -1.1\$ iNegCurr = 6 -> 1.1-\$ iNegCurr = 7 -> 1.1\$- iNegCurr = 8 -> -1.1 \$ iNegCurr = 9 -> -\$ 1.1 iNegCurr = 10 -> 1.1 \$- iNegCurr = 11 -> \$ 1.1- iNegCurr = 12 -> \$ -1.1 iNegCurr = 13 -> 1.1- \$ iNegCurr = 14 -> (\$ 1.1) iNegCurr = 15 -> (1.1 \$)



**Table 4. Windows Regional Settings and Application Object Manager Parameters**

Tab in Regional Settings Dialog Box	Windows Parameter	Application Object Manger Parameter	Description
Parameter	Time separator	sTime	Time separator. This character is displayed between hours and minutes, and between minutes and seconds.
	Time style	iTime	iTime=0 > 12-hour clock. iTime=1 > 24-hour clock.
	Time style	iTLZero	Specifies whether or not the hours should have a leading zero. iTLZero=0 > without leading zero. iTLZero=1 > with leading zero.
	AM symbol	s1159	This setting contains the trailing string used for times between 00:00 and 11:59.
	PM symbol	s2359	Trailing string for times between 12:00 and 23:59, when in 12-hour clock format.
Date	Date separator	sDate	Character used to separate the integer part from the month, day and year either using a slash (/) or a dash (-).
	Short date style	sShortDate	Date value in the format mm/dd/yy or mm-dd-yy where the month (mm), day (dd), and year (yy) are expressed as two-digit numbers.
	Long date style	sLongDate	Date value in the format mm/dd/yyyy or mm-dd-yyyy where yyyy represents the year expressed as a four-digit number.

For more information, see *Global Deployment Guide* on the *Siebel Bookshelf*.

## Changing the Time Zone on the Reports Server Machine

If the administrator changes the time zone on the Reports Server machine, Actuate services should be restarted for the changes to take effect.

### Enabling the Siebel Reports Server with the Dedicated Web Client

This section describes how to modify Siebel Web Client files, such as `siebel.cfg` and `uagent.cfg`, on the Dedicated Web Client to run with the Siebel Reports Server.

#### To configure the Siebel Application Object Manager files

- 1 Navigate to the `BIN\language` subdirectory of your Siebel eBusiness Applications installation directory.

Where:

*language* = the Siebel code for the Language Pack you installed; for example, `ENU` for U.S. English.

- 2 Locate and open the appropriate configuration (CFG) file.
- 3 Using your default text editor, edit the following parameters in the [Siebel] and [ActuateReports] sections.

[Siebel]

```
EnableFQDN = TRUE
```

Where:

`EnableFQDN` is the setting that enables the processing of requests to Web sites even if the user does not provide the fully qualified domain name.

`FQDN` = name of local host followed by domain name

Where:

`FQDN` stands for Fully Qualified Domain Name. An example of a fully qualified domain name would be `server1.siebel.com`.

The local host is the machine where the Dedicated Web Client is installed (example: `localhost.Siebel.com`).

`EnableFQDN` and `FQDN` parameters are used in a Single Sign-On environment in which the Reports Server cookie, named `ReportCookie`, with `FQDN` must be passed to different servers in the same domain. The Reports Server uses Single Sign-On to allow users access to reports without having to manually log in.

[ActuateReports]

EnableReportServer = TRUE

ReportServerHost = name of the Reports Server machine followed by SOAP (Simple Object Access Protocol) server port number (example: `server1:8000`).

ReportCastHost = name of the Actuate HTTP service followed by domain name and the Actuate HTTP service port number (example: `server1.siebel.com:8700`).

ReportCastDomain = domain name for the Active Portal machine (example: `siebel.com`).

ProtocolName = name of protocol to use for viewing reports (example: HTTP or HTTPS).

RoxDir = /Siebel Reports/

ConnectionString = `siebel.TCPIP.none.NONE://`  
`GatewayServerName:PortNumber/EnterpriseServerName/`  
`XXXOBJMGR_language/SiebelServerName`

Where:

`siebel.TCPIP` = the networking protocol

`none` (first instance) = the encryption type chosen

`NONE` (second instance) = data compression method chosen

`GatewayServerName` = the name of your Siebel Gateway Server

`PortNumber` = the listening port number (default is 2320)

`EnterpriseServerName` = the name of your Siebel Enterprise Server

`XXXOBJMGR_language` = the type of Object Manager and language pack for the Siebel eBusiness application you are installing, for example:

`SCCOBJMGR_enu` for U.S. English Siebel Call Center Object Manager

`SSEOBJMGR_enu` for U.S. English Siebel Sales Object Manager

*SiebelServerName* = the name of your Siebel Server

When deploying the Reports Server with a load-balanced Siebel Server, the Reports Server should be installed separately on a machine that does not have a Siebel Server installed.

However, if the Siebel Server is deployed with Resonate load-balancing, the Siebel Server name parameter should be excluded from the connect string. Reports will not generate if the Siebel Server name is included in the `ConnectionString` parameter.

## Enabling the Siebel Reports Server with the Web Client

This section describes how to set up the various parameters for enabling Siebel Reports Server for the Web client.

### To set the parameters at the component level

- 1 From the application-level menu, choose View > Site Map > Server Administration > Components.
- 2 Select the component for which you need to enable Reports Server parameters.
- 3 Select the Component Parameters tab.
- 4 Set parameter values in the Current value column for the following parameters and Save.

---

**NOTE:** The Siebel Server has to be restarted for these parameters to take effect.

---

Actuate Server Enable Flag = TRUE

Actuate Server Report Server Host = name of the Reports Server machine followed by SOAP (Simple Object Access Protocol) server port number (example: `server1:8000`).

Actuate Server Report Cast Host = name of the Actuate HTTP service followed by domain name and the Actuate HTTP service port number (example: `server1.siebel.com:8700`).

Actuate Report Cast Domain = domain name for the Active Portal machine (example: siebel.com).

Actuate Server Network Protocol Name = name of protocol to use for viewing reports (example: HTTP or HTTPS).

```
Actuate Server Connect String = siebel.TCPIP.none.NONE://  
GatewayServerName:PortNumber/EnterpriseServerName/  
XXXOBJMGR_language/SiebelServerName
```

Where:

*siebel.TCPIP* = the networking protocol

*none* (first instance) = the encryption type chosen

*NONE* (second instance) = data compression method chosen

*GatewayServerName* = name of your Siebel Gateway Server

*PortNumber* = the listening port number (default is 2320)

*EnterpriseServerName* = name of your Siebel Enterprise Server

*XXXOBJMGR\_language* = type of Object Manager for the Siebel eBusiness application you are installing, for example:

    SCCOBJMGR\_enu for U.S. English Siebel Call Center Object Manager

    SSEOBJMGR\_enu for U.S. English Siebel Sales Object Manager

*SiebelServerName* = the name of your Siebel Server

When deploying the Reports Server with a load-balanced Siebel Server, the Reports Server should be installed separately on a machine that does not have a Siebel Server installed.

However, if the Siebel Server is deployed with Resonate load-balancing, the Siebel Server name parameter should be excluded from the connect string. Reports will not generate if the Siebel Server name is included in the Actuate Server Connect String parameter.

Actuate Server Rox Directory = /Siebel Reports/

`Actuate Server Poll Wait Limit` = time limit (in seconds) after which polling stops for interactively run reports.

The `Actuate Server Poll Wait Limit` parameter defines a duration, at the component level, in seconds, after which application control is returned to the user, whether or not report generation has completed. This provision avoids the client having to wait for an indefinite time period after submitting long-running reports.

---

**NOTE:** The administrator should advise users that they can override the component level setting of `Actuate Server Poll Wait limit`. This is done by choosing `View > User Preferences > Behavior` to set the `Run Report Time Limit` parameter from the application-level menu.

---

`Actuate Request Status Poll Interval` = The component parameter has a default value of `10,0,0,10`

Where:

The first value, `10`, is the initial sleep time before polling, after the report request is submitted. This value is in seconds.

The second value, `0`, is the short sleep interval, in seconds. This is the sleep time used between polls, the second time onwards.

The third value, `0`, is the short sleep interval count. This indicates how many times the short sleep interval should be used.

The fourth value, `10`, is the default sleep interval, in seconds. The polling frequency gets set to this value until the report completes, if the report is not completed within the initial/short poll duration.

See *Siebel Server Administration Guide* for more information on how to modify application object manager parameters.

The parameters described in the following procedure must be set in the `eapps.cfg` file, which can be found under the `\bin` subdirectory of `SWEAPP_ROOT` (where `SWEAPP_ROOT` is the Siebel Web Server Extension installation directory), for the Siebel Reports sign-on to work. The current default for `SWEAPP_ROOT` is `c:\sea75x\SWEApp`.

**To set the parameters in the `eapps.cfg` file**

- 1 Navigate to the file `eapps.cfg` under, for example, `SWEAPP_ROOT\bin`.
- 2 Using a text editor, open `eapps.cfg` and locate the [Defaults] section.
- 3 Set the following parameter values as shown below:

```
EnableFQDN = TRUE
```

Where:

`EnableFQDN` is the setting that enables the processing of requests to Web sites even if the user does not provide the fully qualified domain name.

`FQDN` = machine name followed by domain name

Where:

`FQDN` stands for Fully Qualified Domain Name. An example of a fully qualified domain name would be `server1.siebel.com`.

`EnableFQDN` and `FQDN` parameters are used in a Single Sign-On environment in which the Reports Server cookie, named `ReportCookie`, with `FQDN` must be passed to different servers in the same domain. The Reports Server uses Single Sign-On to allow users access to reports without having to manually log in.

## Synchronizing the Reports Administrator

The Reports Administrator must create an account on the Actuate e.Reporting Server, using an account name that has Siebel administrator privileges, and assign the administrative role to that account by using Actuate Management Console.

---

**NOTE:** The administrator should review the *Administering Actuate e.Reporting System* manual before setting up an account for the administrator using Actuate Management Console.

---

**To set up an administrator in Actuate Management Console**

- 1 Navigating from the Start menu, open Actuate Management Console.

- 2** Choose Administrator as the user name, connect to an appropriate encyclopedia volume, type the appropriate password, and click Log In.
- 3** In the left pane, select Users.
- 4** In the right pane, click Create User.  
The User Properties window appears.
- 5** On the General tab, type the administrator's login name in the name field. For example, type SADMIN.  
Do not make an entry in the Password field, leaving the field blank.
- 6** Complete any other fields, as needed, and click Apply.
- 7** While still in the User Properties window, click the Roles tab.
- 8** Assign the Administrator role to the account (SADMIN) created in [Step 5](#), and click OK.

#### **To synchronize Reports Administrator on the Reports Server**

- 1** Login to Siebel eBusiness Application as the same administrative user (SADMIN) and from the application level menu select View > Site Map > Application Administration > Reports Server Administrator Profile.
- 2** Do not make an entry in the Enter the current password in the Report Server field, leaving the field blank.
- 3** Type a password of your choice in the Enter New Password field and click Save.

The Report Administrator's account is synchronized on the Reports Server. The administrator can now synchronize the accounts of all other Siebel users.

## Synchronizing Reports Server Users

Synchronization is the process of creating accounts for Siebel users on Actuate e.Reporting Server and is required for users to run, schedule, and view reports in Reports Server views.



### To synchronize Reports Server users

- 1 Log into the Siebel eBusiness application as the Siebel Reports Administrator and from the application-level menu selects View > Site Map > Reports Server > User Administration.

---

**NOTE:** The recommendation is to synchronize users in smaller buckets, particularly when a large number of users is synchronized.

---

- 2 With the first user highlighted, click Synchronize One.

The Siebel Users window appears.

- 3 Type the Reports Administrator user name and password.

A confirmation message, stating that the user was successfully added to the Reports Server, appears in the Siebel Users window.

- 4 For the remaining users, click Synchronize All.

---

**NOTE:** You will not see the Siebel Users login window again as long as you remain in the same view.

---

After the users have been synchronized, a confirmation window appears, displaying the total number of new user accounts added to the Reports Server. This confirmation message may also include the number of users already found to exist on the Reports Server.

- 5 If users are being synchronized in smaller buckets repeat [Step 4](#).

---

**NOTE:** If the database is refreshed, the Siebel Reports administrator should perform the user synchronization again to make sure that the Reports Server passwords for these users, which are stored in the Siebel Database, match what is stored in the Actuate e.Reporting Server.

---

### Testing the Siebel Reports Server from the Dedicated Web Client

Follow the instructions below to test Siebel Reports Server from the Dedicated Web Client.

#### **To test the Siebel Reports Server from the Dedicated Web Client**

- 1 Start any Siebel eBusiness application from the Mobile Web Client (for example, Siebel Sales) and connect to the server.

The application's home page appears.

- 2 From the application-level menu, choose View > Site Map > Account > My Accounts.

- 3 From the application-level menu, select View > Reports.

- 4 On the drop-down list, select Account List and click Schedule.

The Schedule Report dialog box appears.

- 5 Indicate that you want to schedule the report for later, specify the date, time, and frequency and click Finish.

- 6 From the application-level menu, choose View > Site Map > Reports Server > Schedule Requests.

The scheduled request appears in the view, indicating the scheduled date, time, and other information.

If the request does not appear, check the order and location in which the Siebel Reports Server components are installed, as described earlier in this chapter.

### Testing the Siebel Reports Server from the Web Client

Follow the instructions below to test the Siebel Reports Server from the Siebel Web Client.

#### **To test Siebel Reports Server from the Web Client**

- 1 Start any Siebel eBusiness Application (for example, Siebel Sales).

The application's home page appears.

- 2** From the application-level menu, choose View > Site Map > Account > My Accounts.
- 3** From the application-level menu, choose View > Reports.
- 4** On the drop-down list, select Account List and click Run Now.
- 5** The program starts generating the report and displays the output in your browser window.

If the report does not appear, check the order and location in which the Siebel Reports Server components are installed, as described earlier in this chapter.

## **Installing Actuate e.Report Designer Professional**

Actuate e.Report Designer Professional offers developers of structured content for the Windows platform the added capability of designing, building, and distributing report object designs and components throughout the enterprise.

You can install Actuate e.Report Designer Professional on any client machine.

---

**NOTE:** Installation of Actuate e.Report Designer Professional is not required to run the Siebel Reports Server.

---

### ***To install Actuate e.Report Designer Professional***

- 1** Insert the *Web Client Ancillary Programs* CD 1 of 2 into your CD-ROM drive of your chosen computer.
- 2** Navigate to the following directory:

`Thirdpty\actuate\language\erdpro`

Where:

*language* = the Siebel code for the Language Pack you installed; for example, enu for U.S. English.

- 3 Double-click Setup.exe.

For the remaining installation steps, refer to *Installing e.Report Designer Professional release 6* on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

### **Postinstallation Task for Actuate e.Report Designer Professional**

After Actuate e.Report Designer Professional is installed, the setting for Internal Basic source encoding must be set to Unicode (UCS-2LE). To make sure that Internal Basic source encoding is set properly, perform the following task.

#### ***To make sure Internal Basic source encoding is set properly***

- 1 From the Start menu, open Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.
- 2 From the menu, choose View > Options and click the General tab.
- 3 In the Internal Basic source encoding section, make sure that Unicode (UCS-2LE) is selected.

## **Installing Actuate e.Report Designer**

Actuate e.Report Designer lets developers for the Windows platform design and create reports, using its graphical user interface.

You may install Actuate e.Report Designer on any client machine.

---

**NOTE:** Installation of Actuate e.Report Designer is not required to run the Siebel Reports Server.

---

#### ***To install Actuate e.Report Designer***

- 1 Insert the *Web Client Ancillary Programs* CD 1 of 2 into your CD-ROM drive of your chosen computer.
- 2 Navigate to the following directory:

`Thirdpty\actuate\Language\erd`

Where:

*language* = the Siebel code for the Language Pack you installed; for example, enu for U.S. English.

### 3 Double-click Setup.exe.

For the remaining installation steps, refer to *Installing e.Report Designer release 6* on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

## Postinstallation Tasks for Actuate e.Report Designer

The following are the postinstallation steps for Actuate e.Report Designer.

### Setting Internal Basic Source Encoding

After Actuate e.Report Designer is installed, the setting for Internal Basic source encoding must be set to Unicode (UCS-2LE). To make sure that Internal Basic source encoding is set properly, perform the same task as stated earlier.

#### **To make sure Internal Basic source encoding is set properly**

- 1 From the Start menu, open Actuate e.Report Designer.
- 2 From the menu, choose View > Options and click the General tab.
- 3 In the Internal Basic source encoding section, make sure that Unicode (UCS-2LE) is selected.

### Creating Reports Using Siebel Report Libraries

To create reports using Siebel Report Libraries (sssiebel.rol file) in Actuate e.Report Designer, perform the following tasks.

The Actuate solution to enable Siebel reporting in Actuate e.Report Designer is based on two files, `siebel_report_building.xml` and `wizard.rod`.

These files reside on the system drive. The following locations are examples of where to locate these files:

- `C:\sea7.x.x\tools\RPTSRC\siebel_report_building.xml`
- `C:\sea7.x.x\tools\RPTSRC\STANDARD\wizard.rod`

Using these files, administrators can use Actuate e.Report Designer without any additional changes.

You can also develop simple reports in Actuate e.Report Designer, based on new or existing reports.

#### **To create a new report in Actuate e.Report Designer**

- 1** Open Actuate e.Report Designer.
- 2** Navigate to the `siebel_report_building.xml` file:
  - a** From the menu, choose View > Options.
  - b** Click File Settings and in the Configuration file section, click browse button (...).
  - c** From the Locate Configuration File window, navigate to the `siebel_report_building.xml` file and click Open.
- 3** While still in the Options window, choose the Global Search Path tab.
  - a** Click New.
  - b** Click browse button (...) and navigate to the following location:  
C:\sea7.x.x\RPTSRC\*language*\LIB file  
  
Where:  
  
*language* = the Siebel code for the Language Pack you installed; for example, enu for U.S. English.
  - c** Click Open.
  - d** Click OK to close the Options window.
- 4** Select File > New > Siebel Report Template.
- 5** Include custom libraries and controls in the same manner as for Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.

### To enable an existing report in Actuate e.Report Designer

- 1 To enable existing projects, first perform [Step 1](#) through [Step 3](#) from “To create a new report in Actuate e.Report Designer”.
- 2 From the menu, choose File > Open to select an existing Siebel report.

---

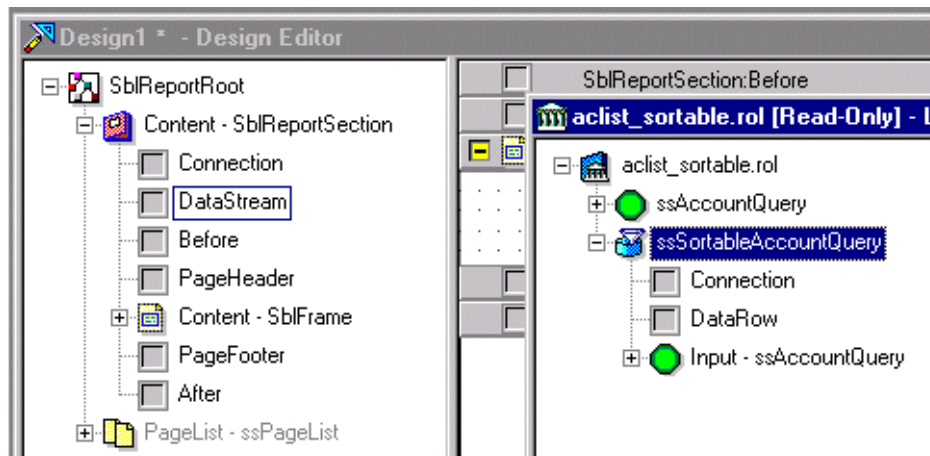
**NOTE:** No way exists to recompile ROX files separately with the exception of clicking the run button from the tool bar in Actuate e.Report Designer.

---

Custom controls and custom code must be added in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional first before using them in Actuate e.Report Designer.

## Adding Sorting to Reports

You can add sorting and grouping capability to a report designed with Actuate e.Report Designer by using a custom ROL prepared in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional (for example, `acelist_sortable.rol` for account list report). The ROL file is based on slightly modified Siebel Tools-generated ROL that includes `ssMemoryDataSorter` on top of an existing `DataStream` (see [Figure 1](#)). This allows you to build entire reports enabled with wizard-based sorting and grouping.



**Figure 1. Account List Report ROL File**

#### **To add sorting to a report**

- 1** Remove the dummy (or existing DataStream) data source.
- 2** Choose Tools > Library Organizer and include aclist\_sortable.rol (as an example) that was created in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.
- 3** Drag and drop the Memory Sort control in the data stream slot of the Report section.
- 4** Choose Tools > Sorting & Grouping.
- 5** The Grouping tab of the Sorting and Grouping dialog box displays the fields available for grouping. These are fields in those report tables and views that have not yet been specified as group keys.
- 6** On the left side of the dialog box, double-click the field to group, or select the field and click > .
- 7** Actuate e.Report Designer adds a grouping field, removing the field from both the Available Fields list and the detail frame of the report.

## Installing Siebel Reports Server Utility

Siebel Reports Server Utility is an executable program that can be used to remove completed request notifications accumulated in the Report Encyclopedia. This utility should reside on the same machine where the Actuate e.Reporting Server is installed.

---

**NOTE:** Before using actcleanup6.exe or modifying the acmetadescription.xml file, you should make a backup of the acmetadescription.xml file.

---

#### **To install Siebel Reports Server Utility**

- 1** Insert the *Web Client Ancillary Programs* CD 1 of 2 into your CD-ROM drive of your chosen computer.
- 2** Navigate to the following directory:  
Thirdpty\actuate\*language*\actutil



- 3 Copy `actcleanup6.exe` to a machine where the Actuate e.Reporting Server is installed.

Place the copy of `actcleanup6.exe` into the `\bin` directory of the Actuate e.Reporting Server, for example `C:\Actuate6\Server\bin`.

The usage of `actcleanup6.exe` is as follows:

```
actcleanup6 -l username1;username2;...;usernameX -d n -u login
name -p password -m report server machine name
```

**-l Required.** Completed request notifications will be cleaned up for the list of users specified. User names are separated by a semicolon (;) only (no spaces). If all completed request notifications are to be erased, enter `ALLUSERS`.

**-d Optional.** Completed request notifications which are *n* days or older will be cleaned up. The *n* must represent a non-negative integer. If `-d` is not specified, all completed request notifications will be cleaned up.

**-u Required.** Login name of the Reports Server administrator.

**-p Required.** Password of the Reports Server administrator.

**-m Required.** Reports Server machine name.

---

**NOTE:** When `-d` option is used, `ALLUSERS` will not include user Administrator.

---

This program must run on a Windows machine where the Actuate e.Reporting Server is installed.

Customers who have more than 5000 Reports Server users and want to use `actcleanup6.exe` will need to perform the following instruction.

#### **To use `actcleanup6.exe` for release 7.5.2.200**

- Set the `RSAPIFetchLimit` volume setting to a number larger than the total number of users in the encyclopedia.

This setting can be changed by opening the `acmetadescription.xml` file and changing the `RSAPIFetchLimit` under the `Volume` element as follows:

```
<Variable Name="RSAPIFetchLimit"
```

```
Type="UnsignedInteger"  
Required="false"  
DisplayName="Maximum  
number of elements that can be returned in one RSAPI request"  
TakesEffect="ServerRestart"  
DefaultValue="5000"  
ContainerObject="Volume"/>
```

The default value of RSAPIFetchLimit is 5000. The acmetadescription.xml file is located in the \etc directory of the Actuate e.Reporting Server installation (for example, C:\Actuate6\Server\etc).

---

**NOTE:** A change in the RSAPIFetchLimit value requires a Server Restart in order for the new default value to take effect.

---

This chapter describes how to install the Siebel Reports Server and related components. For more information, see the system requirements and supported platforms documentation for your Siebel application.

In Siebel 7.5, the same instance of the Siebel Reports Server allows the generation of reports in multiple languages.

The Actuate e.Reporting Server no longer runs reports based on the regional settings of the host machine. Instead, it refers to the `localemap.xml` file (located in the `etc` folder of the Actuate e.Reporting Server installation directory). For more information, see the “Configuring Locales” section in *Administering Actuate e.Reporting System* manual located on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

The Siebel Reports Server can be deployed in a mixed platform environment. Therefore, deployments can include the files for the Siebel Server on a machine using the UNIX operating system, with the files for the Reports Server on a different machine using the Windows operating system, and vice versa. However, administrators should be careful and use the correct installation instructions (see [Chapter 1, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for Microsoft Windows”](#) for Windows instructions) when installing the Reports Server in mixed environments.

The installation of the Siebel Reports Server consists of several tasks to be completed by the Siebel Reports Administrator. The tasks are listed below.

- 1** Before installing Siebel Reports Server, set up a UNIX account for the Reports Administrator. See [“Preinstallation Tasks for the Siebel Reports Server”](#) on page 61.
- 2** Install Actuate e.Reporting Server. See [“Installing the Actuate e.Reporting Server”](#) on page 63.
- 3** Install Actuate Management Console. See [“Installing the Actuate Management Console”](#) on page 64.

- 4 Install Actuate Active Portal. See [“Installing the Actuate Active Portal” on page 66.](#)
- 5 Install Siebel Report Server Access. See [“Installing the Siebel Report Server Access” on page 67.](#)
- 6 Enable the Reports Server for the Dedicated Web Client. See [“Enabling the Siebel Reports Server with the Dedicated Web Client” on page 82.](#)
- 7 Enable the Reports Server for the Web Client. See [“Enabling the Siebel Reports Server with the Web Client” on page 84.](#)
- 8 Synchronize the Reports Administrator on the Actuate e.Reporting Server. See [“Synchronizing the Reports Administrator” on page 87.](#)
- 9 Synchronize Reports Server users on the Actuate e.Reporting Server. See [“Synchronizing Reports Server Users” on page 88.](#)
- 10 Verify Siebel Reports Server on the Dedicated Web Client. See [“Testing the Siebel Reports Server from the Dedicated Web Client” on page 90.](#)
- 11 Verify Siebel Reports Server on the Web Client. See [“Testing the Siebel Reports Server from the Web Client” on page 91.](#)

## About the Siebel Reports Server

In a UNIX environment, the Siebel Reports Server consists of the following components:

- **Actuate e.Reporting Server.** Generates and manages live report documents. Actuate e.Reporting Server also contains the Report Encyclopedia, a shared repository that stores report items along with related data, such as access privileges and request queues.
- **Actuate Management Console.** Manages one or more Actuate e.Reporting Servers and Report Encyclopedias. Actuate Management Console also controls user privileges.

The Actuate Management Console replaces the Actuate Administrator Desktop.

- **Actuate Active Portal.** Provides access to the Siebel Reports Server from the Web using JavaScript and Java™ Server Page (JSP) tags. Using Actuate Active Portal, you can access and work with reports through any Web browser.

The Actuate Active Portal replaces the Actuate ReportCast.

For more information about these Actuate products, see the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf*.

- **Siebel Report Server Access.** A Siebel application integration component that provides access to Siebel data for report generation. This component also includes Siebel report executables, Siebel Active Portal templates, and Active Portal security extension library.

The description of these components, their installation, and usage is available in [Chapter 1, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for Microsoft Windows.”](#)

## Preinstallation Tasks for the Siebel Reports Server

For important preinstallation considerations, see the section titled “Configuring an e.Reporting System user account” in *Installing Actuate e.Reporting System* guide for the operating system that you have installed. (This guide is available in PDF format on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.) Read this section carefully and discuss it with your system administrator so that an account for the Siebel Reports Server can be allocated.

Note the following information when installing the Actuate e.Reporting System:

- Starting with Siebel 7.5, a separate license key is required when installing the Actuate e.Reporting Server.

If you have the Siebel Reports Server license and have not received the Actuate license key letter, contact Siebel Technical Support to request the Actuate license key referencing Alert 557: Siebel eBusiness Applications version 7.5 - Installation of Reports Server Software.

- The servlet and JavaServer Page container used with the Actuate e.Reporting System is the Actuate HTTP service.

The Actuate HTTP service is included in the installations for the Actuate Management Console and the Actuate Active Portal.

With the Siebel eBusiness Application, the Actuate Management Console and the Actuate Active Portal can not be integrated with an application server.

- The Actuate open security application that uses the Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) is not supported for use with the Siebel eBusiness application.
- For the Siebel eBusiness Application, installing the Actuate e.Reporting System in a cluster environment is not supported.

## Siebel Reports Server Installation

To achieve the best performance, Siebel Systems recommends that Actuate e.Reporting Server be installed on a dedicated machine. Siebel Systems also recommends that Actuate Active Portal and Actuate Management Console be installed on the same machine.

Install the Siebel Reports Server and its associated applications in the following order:

- Actuate e.Reporting Server
- Actuate Management Console
- Actuate Active Portal
- Siebel Report Server Access

---

**NOTE:** The following installation instructions apply whether all components of the Siebel Reports Server are installed on the same machine or on multiple machines.

---

## Installing the Actuate e.Reporting Server

Use the following instructions to install the Actuate e.Reporting Server.

### **To install the Actuate e.Reporting Server**

- 1 Insert the *UNIX\_OS Server Ancillary Programs* CD 1 of 2 into your CD-ROM drive.

Where:

*UNIX\_OS* indicates the type of UNIX being installed

- 2 Navigate to the following directory:

`Thirdpty/actuate/language/ereportserver`

Where:

*language* = the Siebel code for the Language Pack you installed; for example, *enu* for U.S. English.

For the remaining installation steps, refer to *Installing Actuate e.Reporting System* manual on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

---

**NOTE:** After unzipping the installation files, you will need to set permissions for each file before beginning the installation.

---

Perform the following steps during the installation process:

- 1 Bypass all questions about database drivers / clients by entering *n*.
- 2 When prompted about the Java e.Report driver, enter *y*.
- 3 When prompted about the X-Server, enter the number 1 for “Actuate supplied X-Frame Buffer.”

---

**NOTE:** Please note that [Step 2](#) and [Step 3](#) are required to correctly display charts in reports.

---

### Actuate e.Reporting Server Postinstallation Task

After installing the Actuate e.Reporting Server, you must install TrueType fonts in order to view reports in PDF format. For instructions on installing TrueType fonts, please see the section “Using TrueType fonts on UNIX platforms” in *e.Reporting for Multiple Locales* guide. This guide is available in PDF format on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

Below are the TrueType fonts required by Siebel reports:

- ARIAL.TTF
- ARIALBD.TTF
- ARIALBI.TTF
- ARIALUNI.TTF

---

**NOTE:** To view reports in PDF format in Actuate 6, please make sure that you are using the Adobe Acrobat Reader 5.

---

## Installing the Actuate Management Console

Actuate Management Console offers the capability to manage one or more Actuate e.Reporting Servers and Report Encyclopedias.

### **To install the Actuate Management Console**

- 1** Insert the *UNIX\_OS Server Ancillary Programs* CD 1 of 2 into your CD-ROM drive.

Where:

*UNIX\_OS* indicates the type of UNIX being installed

- 2** Navigate to the following directory:

*Thirdpty/actuate/language/mgmtconsole*

Where:

*language* = the Siebel code for the Language Pack you installed; for example, *enu* for U.S. English.



For the remaining installation steps, refer to *Installing Actuate e.Reporting System* manual on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

## **Guidelines for the Actuate Management Console Installation**

During the installation of the Actuate Management Console, note the following:

- When prompted for the context root, enter acadmin.

---

**NOTE:** Siebel Systems recommends that the context root, acadmin, not be changed. This context root is integrated into the Siebel application.

---

After the Actuate Management Console is installed, you should confirm that the installation was successful.

### **Confirming a successful installation of the Management Console**

- 1** Start the Process Management Daemon from the Windows Services panel.
- 2** Open a Web browser and access the Management Console's login page by typing the URL:

`http://host:port/acadmin/login.jsp`

Where:

*host* = the name of the machine where the Actuate Management Console is installed.

*port* = the port number that the Actuate HTTP Service listens on. The default port number is 8700.

The Management Console login page appears.

- 3** Using the default user name Administrator with a blank password click Log In. The Management Console Files and Folders page appears.

### Installing the Actuate Active Portal

Actuate Active Portal provides access to the Siebel Reports Server from the Web. Using Actuate Active Portal, you can access and work with reports through Web browsers.

#### **To install the Actuate Active Portal**

- 1 Insert the *UNIX\_OS Server Ancillary Programs* CD 1 of 2 into your CD-ROM drive.

Where:

*UNIX\_OS* indicates the type of UNIX being installed

- 2 Navigate to the following directory:

*Thirdpty/actuate/language/activeportal*

Where:

*language* = the Siebel code for the Language Pack you installed; for example, *enu* for U.S. English.

For the remaining installation steps, refer to *Installing Actuate e.Reporting System* manual on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

---

**NOTE:** When installing the Active Portal on the same machine as the Management Console, specify the absolute path when prompted for the location of the Actuate HTTP service (for example, */export/home/actuate/actuate\_http\_service*).

---

### Guidelines for the Actuate Active Portal Installation

During the installation of the Actuate Active Portal, note the following:

- When prompted for the context root, enter *acweb*.

---

**NOTE:** Siebel Systems recommends that the context root, *acweb*, not be changed. This context root is integrated into the Siebel application. If changed, you will not be able to view reports over the Internet.

---

After the Actuate Active Portal is installed, you should confirm that the installation was successful.

**Confirming a successful installation of the Actuate Active Portal**

- 1 Confirm that the Actuate HTTP Service used by Active Portal is running.
- 2 Open a Web browser and access Active Portal's login page by typing the URL:

`http://host:port/acweb/login.jsp`

Where:

*host* = the name of the machine where the Actuate Active Portal is installed.

*port* = the port number that the Actuate HTTP Service listens on. The default port number is 8700.

- 3 The Active Portal login page appears.
- 4 Using Administrator as the default user name and a blank password, click Log In.

The Active Portal home page appears.

**Installing the Siebel Report Server Access**

Siebel Report Server Access consists of libraries used by the Actuate e.Reporting Server to communicate with the Siebel Server.

You must install Siebel Report Server Access on the same machine on which you installed Actuate e.Reporting Server.

Siebel Report Server Access also contains report executables, customized Active Portal templates, and the Active Portal Security Extension library.

Install the Siebel Report Server Access using the user account set up during the Actuate e.Reporting Server installation.

**To install the Siebel Report Server Access**

- 1 Before starting the installation, make sure that the Actuate HTTP service and the Actuate Process Management Daemon are stopped.

- 2 Create an environment variable, `AC_SERVER_HOME`, in the account's profile file or `cshrc` file that points to this directory.

For example, in the profile file, input:

```
AC_SERVER_HOME=/export/home/actuate/AcServer
export AC_SERVER_HOME
```

In the `cshrc` file, input:

```
setenv AC_SERVER_HOME /export/home/actuate/AcServer
```

- 3 Insert the *UNIX\_OS Server Programs, Siebel Enterprise Server, Base* CD-ROM into the CD-ROM drive.

Where:

`UNIX_OS` indicates the type of UNIX being installed

- 4 Navigate to the `ses` directory.
- 5 To start the SES installer process enter the following command:

```
./setupUNIX_OS
```

Where:

`UNIX_OS` indicates the type of UNIX being installed

The Installer Welcome window appears.

Click Next.

- 6 Verify the products to be installed and click Next.  
The Installer path screen appears.
- 7 Enter the fully qualified path to the installation directory and click Next.  
The Installer product selection screen appears.
- 8 Choose to install the Siebel Report Server Access and click Next.  
The Installer setup type screen appears.

- 9** Choose the Typical setup option and click Next.

The Installer language selection screen appears.

---

**NOTE:** There are three options (Typical, Compact, and Custom) available from the Setup Options screen. For the Siebel Reports Server, only Typical is a valid selection.

---

- 10** Choose the languages to be installed and click Next.

The Install Selected Language Packs screen appears.

---

**NOTE:** Additional languages can be installed at a later date, if desired. When installing languages at a later date, you must also reinstall any patches that have been run on the directory.

---

- 11** Insert the appropriate language CD and navigate to the selected language. Clear the filter dialog to make sure that you can see the appropriate files. Navigate to *ses/language/setup.jar*

Where:

*language* = the Siebel code for the Language Pack you installed; for example, enu for U.S. English.

---

**NOTE:** If installing more than one language and both languages are on the same CD, you will not be prompted for the second language. If the languages are on different CDs, you will be prompted to change CDs.

---

The Installer Language Pack progress screen appears. When the Language Pack has completed, you are prompted to change CDs.

- 12 Clear the filter dialog to make sure that you can see the appropriate files and navigate to `ses/setupUNIX_OS`.

Where:

`UNIX_OS` indicates the UNIX operating system and the particular `CD_ROM` installed.

Click Next.

- 13 The InstallShield Wizard Complete screen appears. Click Finish to complete the installation.

---

**NOTE:** `SIEBEL_HOME`, `SIEBEL_ROOT` and `SIEBEL_PLATFORM` are no longer set as environment variables on the Reports Server host. As of Siebel 7, these variables are set in the `rptsrvr.cfg` file.

---

### Postinstallation Tasks for the Siebel Report Server Access

After installing Siebel Report Server Access, you must perform the following tasks:

- [“Changing the Operating System Parameter for HP-UX” on page 71](#)
- [“Importing the Siebel Report Files to the Report Encyclopedia” on page 71](#)
- [“Configuring Active Portal Template Files” on page 73](#)
- [“Setting Up the Active Portal Security Extension Library” on page 74](#)
- [“Setting the Disable Caching of ROX Parameter” on page 75](#)
- [“Setting Actuate e.Reporting Server Parameters” on page 76](#)

From here on, refer to the following directories as described:

- Siebel Report Server Access installation directory (for example, `/export/home/sea`) as `SIEBEL_RPT_SRVR_ROOT`.
- Siebel Web Server Extension installation directory (for example, `/export/home/sea/SWEApp`) as `SWEAPP_ROOT`.

- Actuate e.Reporting Server installation directory (for example, /export/home/actuate/AcServer) as *AC\_SERVER\_HOME*.
- Actuate Active Portal installation directory (for example, /export/home/actuate/activeportal) as *ACTIVEPORTAL\_HOME*.
- Actuate HTTP service installation directory (for example, /export/home/actuate/actuate\_http\_service) as *ACTUATE\_HTTP\_SERVICE\_HOME*.

### **Changing the Operating System Parameter for HP-UX**

After the Siebel Reports Server Access is installed, the operating system parameter in the Actuate e.Reporting Server configuration file needs to be changed to reflect HP-UX.

#### **To change the operating system parameter in *rptsrvr.cfg***

- 1 Navigate to *ACTUATE\_HOME*.
- 2 Open *rptsrvr.cfg* in a text editor.
- 3 Change the value of the parameter OS to hpux:  

```
OS = hpux
```
- 4 Save the changes and close the file.

Restart the Actuate e.Reporting Server for the changes to take effect.

### **Importing the Siebel Report Files to the Report Encyclopedia**

After you install Siebel Report Server Access, you must import the Siebel Report executables (the ROX files) to the Report Encyclopedia.

#### **To import the Siebel Reports Server files**

- 1 Shut down the Actuate e.Reporting Server using the instructions in *Administering Actuate e.Reporting System* guide.

This guide is available in PDF format on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

- 2 Navigate to *ACTUATE\_HOME/bin* and at the command prompt, enter the following command:

```
acimport -vol VOLUME_NAME -path AC_SERVER_HOME/etc -if "Siebel Reports" -force -from SIEBEL_RPT_SRVR_ROOT/rptsrvr/reports/volume
```

- 3 From `AC_SERVER_HOME/bin` and at the command prompt, enter the following command:

```
acimport -vol VOLUME_NAME -path AC_SERVER_HOME/etc -if "Siebel Reports/LANGUAGE" -force -from SIEBEL_RPT_SRVR_ROOT/rptsrvr/reports/language/volume
```

Where:

`VOLUME_NAME` = Name of the target volume.

`LANGUAGE` = the Siebel code, in upper case, for the Language Pack you are installing for this server; for example, ENU for U.S. English

`language` = the Siebel code, in lower case, for the Language Pack you are installing for this server; for example, enu for U.S. English

If error messages appear, see Actuate's *Administering Actuate e.Reporting System* guide for troubleshooting procedures. This book is available in PDF format on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

---

**NOTE:** If you are installing the Reports Server for use with Siebel Industry Applications (such as Siebel eFinance and Siebel eGovernment), you will need to complete [Step 4](#) and [Step 5 on page 72](#) before proceeding to [Step 6 on page 73](#).

If you are not installing a Siebel Industry application, you will proceed directly to [Step 6 on page 73](#).

---

- 4 Navigate to `AC_SERVER_HOME/bin` and at the command prompt, enter the following command:

```
acimport -vol VOLUME_NAME -path AC_SERVER_HOME/etc -if "Siebel Reports" -force -from SIEBEL_RPT_SRVR_ROOT/rptsrvr/reportssia/volume_sia
```

- 5 From `AC_SERVER_HOME/bin` and at the command prompt, enter the following command:



```
acimport -vol VOLUME_NAME -path AC_SERVER_HOME/etc -if "Siebel
Reports/LANGUAGE" -force -from SIEBEL_RPT_SRVR_ROOT/rptsrvr/
reports/languagesia/volume_sia
```

Where:

*VOLUME\_NAME* = Name of the target volume.

*LANGUAGE* = the Siebel code, in upper case, for the Language Pack you are installing for this server; for example, ENU for U.S. English

*language* = the Siebel code, in lower case, for the Language Pack you are installing for this server; for example, enu for U.S. English

If error messages appear, see Actuate's *Administering Actuate e.Reporting System* guide for troubleshooting procedures. This book is available in PDF format on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

- 6 Start the Actuate e.Reporting Server by entering:

```
AC_SERVER_HOME/bin/start_srvr.sh
```

### **Configuring Active Portal Template Files**

The customized Siebel Active Portal templates will overwrite the ones installed with Actuate Active Portal.

#### **To configure Active Portal Template files**

- 1 Navigate to *ACTIVEPORTAL\_HOME*.

- 2 Enter:

```
uncompress -c SIEBEL_RPT_SRVR_ROOT/rptsrvr/rptcast/rptcast.tar.Z
| tar xvf -
```

---

**NOTE:** The administrator should make sure that all users clear their browser cache after reloading the templates.

---

- 3 Clear the Actuate HTTP service cache using the following instructions.

- a Make sure that the environment variable *JAVA\_HOME* is set and pointed to the Java/Software Development Kit (JDK/SDK) installation directory, for example, */usr/java*.

- b** Stop the Actuate HTTP service by entering:

```
ACTUATE_HTTP_SERVICE_HOME/bin/shutdown.sh
```

- c** Remove the Actuate HTTP service cache by navigating to `ACTUATE_HTTP_SERVICE_HOME/work` directory and at the command prompt enter:

```
rm -r *
```

- d** Start the Actuate HTTP service by entering:

```
ACTUATE_HTTP_SERVICE_HOME/bin/startup.sh
```

- 4** Access the Active Portal login page by typing the following URL:

```
http://ActuateHTTPServiceMachineName:ActuateHTTPServicePortNumber/  
acweb/login.jsp
```

Where:

*ActuateHTTPServiceMachineName* = the name of the machine where Actuate Active Portal is installed. Actuate HTTP service is usually installed on the same machine as Active Portal.

*ActuateHTTPServicePortNumber* = the port number of Actuate Active Portal. By default, the port number is 8700.

You should see the Siebel logo on the Actuate Active Portal login page.

### Setting Up the Active Portal Security Extension Library

This library enables the Siebel Reports Server Single Sign-On, which allows users to view reports without having to manually log onto the Reports Server.

#### To set up the Active Portal Security Extension Library

- 1** Navigate to the following location:

```
ACTIVEPORTAL_HOME/WEB-INF/lib
```

- 2** Enter:

```
cp SIEBEL_RPT_SRVR_ROOT/rptsrvr/rptcast/siebel.jar .
```

- 3** Navigate to the following location:

```
ACTUATE_HTTP_SERVICE_HOME/bin
```

- 4** Enter:

```
cp SIEBEL_RPT_SRVR_ROOT/rptsrvr/rptcast/libswewase.so .
```

- 5** For AIX and HP-UX, complete the following steps before proceeding to [Step 6](#).

- a** Locate the file setclasspath.sh under `ACTUATE_HTTP_SERVICE_HOME/bin`.
- b** Search for `JAVA_OPTS`, and enter:

```
-Djava.library.path=ACTUATE_HTTP_SERVICE_HOME/bin
```

- 6** Clear the Actuate HTTP service cache using the instructions in [“Configuring Active Portal Template Files”](#) on page 73.

---

**NOTE:** After setting up Active Portal Extension Library, you are no longer able to log into Active Portal by typing the URL `http://ActuateHTTPServiceMachineName:ActuateHTTPServicePortNumber/acweb/login.jsp`. The Actuate HTTP service port number is by default 8700.

---

The Siebel Reports Server cookie (ReportCookie) is used once Single Sign-on is established. The ReportCookie passes a user name and auto-generated password to the Reports Server when a report is requested in the Siebel Web Client. For more information on using the ReportCookie, see *Siebel Web Client Administration Guide* on the *Siebel Bookshelf* for more information.

### **Setting the Disable Caching of ROX Parameter**

---

**NOTE:** The Disable Caching of ROX parameter is used in Actuate 6 SP1 (Siebel Release 7.5.2.200) or higher.

---

A change in Actuate e.Reporting Server’s functionality causes the Siebel report libraries to not be unloaded after report generation completes. This parameter needs to be set to make sure that the libraries are unloaded after the completion of report generation. This allows the factory server to be in a stable state when the next report request arrives.

The following instructions set the Disable Caching Property of ROX parameter in the Actuate Management Console.

**To set the Disable Caching of ROX parameter**

- 1** From the Start menu, open the Actuate Management Console.
- 2** On the Actuate System/Volume Log In page, select System Administration from the drop-down list.
- 3** Log in with the Administrator user name and password.
- 4** From the left pane, select Servers.
- 5** Under the Name column, select the name of the server.

The server's properties page will appear.

- a** Click the Advanced tab.
- b** In the Properties drop-down list, select Factory service properties.
- c** Select Disable Caching of ROX and click Edit.
- d** Change the value of Disable Caching of ROX to true.  
True is lower cased.
- e** Click OK to close the edit window.
- 6** Click OK on the Advanced page.
- 7** Log out of Actuate Management Console.
- 8** Restart the Actuate e.Reporting Server.

**Setting Actuate e.Reporting Server Parameters**

Siebel Systems strongly recommends that the Reports Server administrator set the Actuate e.Reporting Server parameter ReportingServices - Number of Requests Before Recycling Processes to 100 to avoid memory leaks.

For instructions on how to modify this Actuate e.Reporting Server parameter, see the section titled “Setting advanced server properties” in *Administering Actuate e.Reporting System* guide. This guide is located in PDF format on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

---

**NOTE:** Find this and other parameters for the Actuate e.Reporting Server by opening the Actuate Management Console, logging into System Administration, selecting a Server, and selecting the Advanced tab.

---

## Postinstallation Tasks for the Siebel Reports Server

Perform the following postinstallation tasks to make Siebel Reports Server available for users and to confirm proper installation:

- [“Synchronizing Locale-Sensitive Parameters” on page 77](#)
- [“Changing the Time Zone on the Reports Server Machine” on page 81](#)
- [“Enabling the Siebel Reports Server with the Dedicated Web Client” on page 82](#)
- [“Enabling the Siebel Reports Server with the Web Client” on page 84](#)
- [“Synchronizing the Reports Administrator” on page 87](#)
- [“Synchronizing Reports Server Users” on page 88](#)
- [“Testing the Siebel Reports Server from the Dedicated Web Client” on page 90](#)
- [“Testing the Siebel Reports Server from the Web Client” on page 91](#)

### Synchronizing Locale-Sensitive Parameters

For the Reports Server to format reports based on user-specified locale, the locale definitions in `localemap.xml` file should match the equivalent parameters in the Siebel Application Object Manager.

When deploying the Siebel Reports Server in a different locale, changes are sometimes needed in how numbers and currencies are read. This is the case for the ITA (Italian) locale.

For example, a customer is deploying Siebel eBusiness Applications in Italy. The Siebel Server and the Reports Server machines are running under the ITA locale. The Siebel application uses the same thousands and decimal separators for numbers and currency (a comma for thousands and a dot for decimals). However, at the operating system level, the separators appear to be different.

The reports server administrator needs to modify the thousand and decimal separators for digits and currency (in the ITA locale) on the Reports Server machine to be in sync with the `sThousand` and `sDecimal` parameters defined for the Italian Application Object Manager. For example, `sThousand` and `sDecimal` parameters are set to dot and comma respectively. The digits grouping symbol and decimal symbol properties for both numbers and currency in the Windows Regional Settings of the Report Server should also be dot and comma.

In Siebel applications, currency and number data formats are decided in part by `sDecimal` and `sThousand` parameters. In Windows, currency and numbers have their own set of properties that allow users to customize the formats separately. The decimal symbol and digits grouping symbol for both currency and number in the Windows Regional Settings of the Report Server should be identical to those of `sDecimal` and `sThousand` parameters in the Application Object Manager.

Verify that the locale-specific parameters in Regional Settings match the corresponding parameters in the Application Object Manager. See [Table 5](#) for a list of these parameters.

For more information about setting parameters for application object managers, see *Siebel Server Administration Guide*.

**Table 5. Windows Regional Settings and Application Object Manager Parameters**

Tab in Regional Settings Dialog Box	Windows Parameter	Application Object Manger Parameter	Description
Number	Decimal symbol	sDecimal	Character used to separate the integer part from the fractional part of a number and currency.
	Digit grouping symbol	sThousand	This is the symbol used to separate thousands in numbers and currencies with more than three digits.
	Number of Digits after Decimal	iDigits	Value defining the number of decimal digits that should be used in a number.
	Display leading zeros	iLzero	iLzero=0 > Display without leading zero. siLzero=1 > Display with leading zeros.

**Table 5. Windows Regional Settings and Application Object Manager Parameters**

Tab in Regional Settings Dialog Box	Windows Parameter	Application Object Manger Parameter	Description
Currency	Decimal symbol	sDecimal	Character used to separate the integer part from the fractional part of a number and currency.
	Digit grouping symbol	sThousand	This is the symbol used to separate thousands in numbers and currencies with more than three digits.
		iCurrency	iCurrency=0 > no separation between currency symbol prefix and number. iCurrency=1 > no separation between currency symbol suffix and number. iCurrency=2 > one character separation between currency symbol prefix and number. iCurrency=3 > one character separation between currency symbol suffix and number.
	Negative currency format	iNegCurr	iNegCurr = 0 -> (\$1.1) iNegCurr = 1 -> -\$1.1 iNegCurr = 2 -> \$-1.1 iNegCurr = 3 -> \$1.1- iNegCurr = 4 -> (1.1\$) iNegCurr = 5 -> -1.1\$ iNegCurr = 6 -> 1.1-\$ iNegCurr = 7 -> 1.1\$- iNegCurr = 8 -> -1.1 \$ iNegCurr = 9 -> -\$ 1.1 iNegCurr = 10 -> 1.1 \$- iNegCurr = 11 -> \$ 1.1- iNegCurr = 12 -> \$ -1.1 iNegCurr = 13 -> 1.1- \$ iNegCurr = 14 -> (\$ 1.1) iNegCurr = 15 -> (1.1 \$)



**Table 5. Windows Regional Settings and Application Object Manager Parameters**

Tab in Regional Settings Dialog Box	Windows Parameter	Application Object Manger Parameter	Description
Parameter	Time separator	sTime	Time separator. This character is displayed between hours and minutes, and between minutes and seconds.
	Time style	iTime	iTime=0 > 12-hour clock. iTime=1 > 24-hour clock.
	Time style	iTLZero	Specifies whether or not the hours should have a leading zero. iTLZero=0 > without leading zero. iTLZero=1 > with leading zero.
	AM symbol	s1159	This setting contains the trailing string used for times between 00:00 and 11:59.
	PM symbol	s2359	Trailing string for times between 12:00 and 23:59, when in 12-hour clock format.
Date	Date separator	sDate	Character used to separate the integer part from the month, day and year either using a slash (/) or a dash (-).
	Short date style	sShortDate	Date value in the format mm/dd/yy or mm-dd-yy where the month (mm), day (dd), and year (yy) are expressed as two-digit numbers.
	Long date style	sLongDate	Date value in the format mm/dd/yyyy or mm-dd-yyyy where yyyy represents the year expressed as a four-digit number.

For more information, see *Global Deployment Guide* on the *Siebel Bookshelf*.

## Changing the Time Zone on the Reports Server Machine

If the administrator changes the time zone on the Reports Server machine, the Actuate e.Reporting Server should be restarted in order for the changes to take effect.

### Enabling the Siebel Reports Server with the Dedicated Web Client

This section describes how to modify Siebel Web Client files, such as `siebel.cfg` and `uagent.cfg`, on the Dedicated Web Client to run with Siebel Reports Server.

#### To configure the Siebel Application Object Manager files

- 1 Navigate to the `BIN\language` subdirectory of your Siebel eBusiness Applications installation directory.

Where:

*language* = the Siebel code for the Language Pack you installed; for example, `enu` for U.S. English.

- 2 Locate and open the appropriate configuration (CFG) file.
- 3 Using your default text editor, edit the following parameters in the [Siebel] and [ActuateReports] sections.

```
[SIEBEL]
```

```
EnableFQDN = TRUE
```

Where:

`EnableFQDN` is the setting that enables the processing of requests to Web sites even if the user does not provide the fully qualified domain name.

`FQDN` = name of local host followed by domain name

Where:

`FQDN` stands for Fully Qualified Domain Name. An example of a fully qualified domain name would be `server1.siebel.com`.

The local host is the machine where the Dedicated Web Client is installed (example: `localhost.Siebel.com`).

`EnableFQDN` and `FQDN` parameters are used in a Single Sign-On environment in which the Reports Server cookie, named `ReportCookie`, with a `FQDN` must be passed to different servers in the same domain. The Reports Server uses Single Sign-On to allow users access to reports without having to manually log in.

[ActuateReports]

EnableReportServer = TRUE

ReportServerHost = name of the Reports Server machine followed by SOAP (Simple Object Access Protocol) server port number (example: `server1:8000`).

ReportCastHost = name of the Actuate HTTP service followed by domain name and the Actuate HTTP service port number (example: `server1.siebel.com:8700`).

ReportCastDomain = domain name for the Active Portal machine (example: `siebel.com`).

ProtocolName = name of protocol to use for viewing reports (example: HTTP or HTTPS).

RoxDir = /Siebel Reports/

ConnectionString = `siebel.TCPIP.none.NONE://`  
GatewayServerName:PortNumber/EnterpriseServerName/  
XXXOBJMGR\_language/SiebelServerName

Where:

`siebel.TCPIP` = the networking protocol

`none` (first instance) = the encryption type chosen

`NONE` (second instance) = data compression method chosen

`GatewayServerName` = the name of your Siebel Gateway Server

`PortNumber` = the listening port number (default is 2320)

`EnterpriseServerName` = the name of your Siebel Enterprise Server

`XXXOBJMGR_language` = the type of Object Manager and language pack for the Siebel eBusiness application you are installing, for example:

`SCCOBJMGR_enu` for U.S. English Siebel Call Center Object Manager

`SSEOBJMGR_enu` for U.S. English Siebel Sales Object Manager

*SiebelServerName* = the name of your Siebel Server

When deploying the Reports Server with a load-balanced Siebel Server, the Reports Server should be installed separately on a machine that does not have a Siebel Server installed.

However, if the Siebel Server is deployed with Resonate load-balancing, the Siebel Server name parameter should be excluded from the connect string. Reports will not generate if the Siebel Server name is included in the `ConnectionString` parameter.

## Enabling the Siebel Reports Server with the Web Client

This section describes how to set up the various parameters for enabling Siebel Reports Server for the Web client.

### To set the parameters at the component level

- 1 From the application-level menu, select View > Site Map > Server Administration screen > Server Components.
- 2 Select the component for which you need to enable Reports Server parameters.
- 3 Click the Component Parameters tab.
- 4 Set parameter values in the Current value column for the following parameters and Save.

---

**NOTE:** The Siebel Server has to be restarted for these parameters to take effect.

---

Actuate Server Enable Flag = TRUE

Actuate Server Report Server Host = name of the Reports Server machine followed by the SOAP (Simple Object Access Protocol) server port number (example: `server1:8000`).

Actuate Server Report Cast Host = Name of the Actuate HTTP service followed by domain name and the Actuate HTTP service port number (example: `server1.siebel.com:8700`).

Actuate Report Cast Domain = Domain name for the Active Portal machine (example: siebel.com).

Actuate Server Network Protocol Name = name of protocol to use for viewing reports (example: HTTP or HTTPS).

Actuate Server Connect String = `siebel.TCPIP.none.NONE://GatewayServerName:PortNumber/EnterpriseServerName/XXXOBJMGR_language/SiebelServerName`

Where:

`siebel.TCPIP` = the networking protocol

`none` (first instance) = the encryption type chosen

`NONE` (second instance) = the data compression method chosen

`GatewayServerName` = the name of your Siebel Gateway Server

`PortNumber` = the listening port number (default is 2320)

`EnterpriseServerName` = the name of your Siebel Enterprise Server

`XXXOBJMGR_language` = type of Object Manager for the Siebel eBusiness application you are installing, for example:

`SCCOBJMGR_enu` for U.S. English Siebel Call Center Object Manager

`SSEOBJMGR_enu` for U.S. English Siebel Sales Object Manager

`SiebelServerName` = the name of your Siebel Server

When deploying the Reports Server with a load-balanced Siebel Server, the Reports Server should be installed separately on a machine that does not have a Siebel Server installed.

However, if the Siebel Server is deployed with Resonate load-balancing, the Siebel Server name parameter should be excluded from the connect string. Reports will not generate if the Siebel Server name is included in the Actuate Server Connect String parameter.

Actuate Server Rox Directory = `/Siebel Reports/`

Actuate Server Poll Wait Limit = time limit (in seconds) after which polling stops for interactively run reports.

The Actuate Server Poll Wait Limit parameter defines a duration in seconds, at the component level, after which application control is returned to the user, whether or not report generation has completed. This provision avoids the client having to wait for an indefinite time period after submitting long-running reports.

---

**NOTE:** The administrator should advise end users that they can override the component level setting of Actuate Server Poll Wait limit Parameter. This is done by choosing View > User Preferences > Behavior to set the Run Report Time Limit parameter from the application-level menu.

---

Actuate Request Status Poll Interval = The component parameter has a default value of 10,0,0,10

Where:

The first value, 10, is the initial sleep time before polling, after the report request is submitted. This value is in seconds.

The second value, 0, is the short sleep interval. This is the sleep time used between polls, the second time onwards.

The third value, 0, is the short sleep interval count. This indicates how many times the short sleep interval should be used.

The fourth value, 10, is the default sleep interval, in seconds. The polling frequency gets set to this value until the report completes, if the report is not completed within the initial/short poll duration.

See *Siebel Server Administration Guide* for more information on how to modify Application Object Manager parameters.

The parameters described in the following procedure must be set in the `eapps.cfg` file, which can be found under the `/bin` subdirectory of `SWEAPP_ROOT`, for the Siebel Reports sign-on to work.

**To set the parameters in the `eapps.cfg` file**

- 1 Navigate to the file `eapps.cfg` under, for example, `SWEAPP_ROOT/bin`.
- 2 Using a text editor, open `eapps.cfg` and locate the [Defaults] section.
- 3 Set the following parameter values as shown below:

```
EnableFQDN = TRUE
```

`EnableFQDN` is the setting that enables the processing of requests to Web sites even if the user does not provide the fully qualified domain name.

`FQDN` = machine name followed by domain name

Where:

`FQDN` stands for Fully Qualified Domain Name. An example of a fully qualified domain name would be `ebiz.siebel.com`.

`EnableFQDN` and `FQDN` parameters are used in a Single Sign-On environment, in which cookies with `FQDN` must be passed to different servers in the same domain. The Reports Server uses Single Sign-On to allow users to view reports without having to manually log in.

## Synchronizing the Reports Administrator

Synchronizing users on the Reports Server is one of the functions of the Reports Administrator. As such, the Reports Administrator is also synchronized to the Reports Server in advance of performing this function.

However, before the Reports Administrator is synchronized to the Reports Server, an account is created on the Actuate e.Reporting Server using an account name that has Siebel administrator privileges. Also, using the Actuate Management Console, the administrative role is assigned to this account.

---

**NOTE:** The administrator should review the *Administering Actuate e.Reporting System* manual before setting up an account for the administrator using Actuate Management Console.

---

### **To set up an administrator in Actuate Management Console**

- 1 Navigating from the Start menu, open Actuate Management Console.

- 2** Choose Administrator as the user name, connect to an appropriate encyclopedia volume, type the appropriate password, and click Log In.
- 3** In the left pane, select Users.
- 4** In the right pane, click Create User.  
The User Properties window appears.
- 5** On the General tab, type the administrator's login name in the name field. For example, type `SADMIN`.  
Do not make an entry in the Password field, leaving the field blank.
- 6** Complete any other fields, as needed, and click Apply.
- 7** While still in the User Properties window, click the Roles tab.
- 8** Assign the Administrator role to the account (SADMIN) created in [Step 5](#), and click OK.

#### **To synchronize the Reports Administrator on the Reports Server**

- 1** Login to Siebel eBusiness Application as the same administrative user (SADMIN) and from the application level menu select View > Site Map > Application Administration > Reports Server Admin Profile.
- 2** Do not make an entry in the Enter the current password in the Report Server field, leaving the field blank.
- 3** Type a password of your choice in the Enter New Password field and click Save.

The Report Administrator's account is synchronized on the Reports Server. The administrator can now synchronize the accounts of all other Siebel users.

## Synchronizing Reports Server Users

Synchronization is the process of creating accounts for Siebel users on Actuate e.Reporting Server. This process is required for users to run, schedule, and view reports in Reports Server views.



**To synchronize Reports Server users**

- 1 Log into the Siebel eBusiness application as the Siebel Reports Administrator and from the application-level menu selects View > Site Map > Reports Server > User Administration.

---

**NOTE:** The recommendation is to synchronize users in smaller buckets, particularly when a large number of users is synchronized.

---

- 2 With the first user highlighted, click Synchronize One.

The Siebel Users window appears.

- 3 Type the Reports Administrator name and password.

A confirmation message, stating that the user was successfully added to the Reports Server, appears in the Siebel Users window.

- 4 For the remaining users, click Synchronize All.

---

**NOTE:** You will not see the Siebel Users login window again as long as you remain in the same view.

---

After the users have been synchronized, a confirmation window appears, displaying the total number of new user accounts added to the Reports Server. This confirmation message may also include the number of users already found to exist on the Reports Server.

- 5 If users are being synchronized in smaller buckets repeat [Step 4](#).

---

**NOTE:** If the database is refreshed, the Siebel Reports administrator should perform the user synchronization again to make sure that the Reports Server passwords for these users, which are stored in the Siebel Database, match what is stored in the Actuate e.Reporting Server.

---

### **Synchronizing Reports Server Users If Using IBM DB2 UDB for OS/390 and z/OS**

Before synchronizing multiple users using Synchronize All on the User Administration screen, this database platform requires the setting of two additional business component properties.

#### **To synchronize Reports Server users if using IBM DB2 UDB for OS/390 and z/OS**

- 1** Stop the Siebel Server or close the Siebel application.
- 2** Open Siebel Tools and navigate to the business component RS Admin Sync Request.
- 3** From the Properties window, set Maximum Cursor Size and PreFetch Size properties to -1.

---

**NOTE:** Both properties should be set to the same value.

---

- 4** Recompile the Siebel repository file.
- 5** Start the Siebel Server or open the Siebel application.
- 6** Synchronize Siebel Reports Server users following the instructions in [“Synchronizing Reports Server Users” on page 88](#).

### **Testing the Siebel Reports Server from the Dedicated Web Client**

Follow the instructions below to test Siebel Reports Server from the Dedicated Web Client.

#### **To test the Siebel Reports Server from the Dedicated Web Client**

- 1** Start any Siebel eBusiness Application from the Mobile Web Client (for example, Siebel Sales) and connect to server.

The application’s home page appears.

- 2** From the application-level menu, choose View > Site Map > Account > My Accounts.
- 3** From the application-level menu, choose View > Reports.

- 4 From the drop-down list, select Account List and click Schedule.

The Schedule Report dialog box appears.

- 5 Indicate that you want to schedule the report for later, specify the date, time, and frequency. Click Finish.

- 6 From the application-level menu, choose View > Site Map > Reports Server > Schedule Requests.

The scheduled request appears in the view, indicating the scheduled date, time, and other information.

If the request does not appear, check the order and location in which the Siebel Reports Server components are installed, as described earlier in this chapter.

## Testing the Siebel Reports Server from the Web Client

Follow the instructions below to test the Siebel Reports Server from the Siebel Web Client.

### **To test the Siebel Reports Server from the Web Client**

- 1 Start any Siebel eBusiness Application (for example, Siebel Sales).

The application's home page appears.

- 2 From the application-level menu, choose View > Site Map > Account > My Accounts.

- 3 From the application-level menu, choose View > Reports.

- 4 From the drop-down list, select Account List and click Run Now.

The program starts generating the report and displays the output in your browser window.

---

**NOTE:** If the report does not appear, check the order and location in which the Siebel Reports Server components are installed, as described earlier in this chapter.

---

## **Installing the Siebel Reports Server for UNIX**

---

*Postinstallation Tasks for the Siebel Reports Server*

To upgrade the Siebel Reports Server to release 7.5.3, you will use this chapter in combination with [Chapter 1, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for Microsoft Windows”](#) or [Chapter 2, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for UNIX.”](#)

For customers upgrading from a pre-7.5.2 release, see the section [“Upgrading Paths for the Actuate e.Reporting Server.”](#) For these releases, you will install Actuate products directly from release 7.5.3, and then skip the section about upgrading to Actuate 6 SP1 Fix 10 and go directly to the section [“Upgrading the Siebel Report Server Access.”](#)

The following information applies to both the Microsoft Windows and the UNIX Siebel Reports Server installations when upgrading from Siebel 7.5.2 to Siebel 7.5.3.

- If the Siebel Reports Server (Actuate e.Reporting Server and Siebel Report Server Access) have been installed on the same machine as the Siebel Servers, then it is necessary to first upgrade the Actuate e.Reporting Server. After which, the Siebel Servers and the Siebel Report Server Access are upgraded together.

This does not apply if you are installing the Siebel Reports Server (Actuate e.Reporting Server and Siebel Reports Server Access) on a different server than where the Siebel Servers are installed.

## Upgrading Paths for the Actuate e.Reporting Server

The Actuate utility, `acupgrade`, can be used for upgrading a pre-Release 6 e.Reporting Server Report Encyclopedia volume from an earlier Actuate version to the current version. [Table 6](#) contains a listing of releases for Siebel applications with the appropriate Actuate version used with it. For more information, see the “Working with e.Reporting Server utilities” chapter in the *Administering Actuate e.Reporting System* manual on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf*.

**Table 6. Siebel Applications and Actuate e.Reporting System Releases**

Siebel Application Release	Actuate e.Reporting System Release
99 (5.x)	3.2
2000 (6.0)	4.0
6.2, 6.2.1, and 6.3	4.1
7.0	5.0
7.0 (IBM release only)	5.0 SP 2 Patch 1
7.5.2	6.0 Fix 3
7.5.2.7 (HP release only) and 7.5.2.2xx	6.0 SP1
7.5.3	6.0 SP1 Fix 10

For more information on upgrading the Actuate e.Reporting Server, see the *Upgrading to Actuate e.Reporting Suite 6* manual on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf*.

---

**NOTE:** For optimal performance, see the “Optimizing e.Reporting Server performance” section in the *Administering Actuate e.Reporting System* manual on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf*.

---

## Upgrading to Actuate 6 SP1 Fix 10

A new version of Actuate, Actuate 6 SP1 Fix 10, is used with release 7.5.3. Due to this version change, you may need to upgrade the Actuate components from Actuate 6 Fix 3, used for release 7.5.2, to Actuate 6 SP1 Fix 10, used for release 7.5.3.

When upgrading the Siebel Reports Server from release 7.5.2 to release 7.5.3, you must be aware of the following:

- These instructions apply to the upgrade of the Siebel Reports Server from release 7.5.2 to release 7.5.3.
- Actuate 6 SP1 Fix 10 is installed from release 7.5.3 and not from release 7.5.2. However, the Siebel Reports Server Access is installed first from release 7.5.2 followed by release 7.5.3.
- In addition, install the Siebel Reports Server Access release 7.5.2 with the other Siebel servers you are installing for release 7.5.2. You will not be able to go back and install the Siebel Reports Server Access release 7.5.2 after the Siebel servers (releases 7.5.2 and 7.5.3) are installed.

**To upgrade e.Reporting Server to Actuate 6 SP1 Fix 10 on Microsoft Windows**

- 1** Stop Actuate 6 Fix 3 e.Reporting Server.
- 2** Navigate to the Actuate 6 Fix 3 e.Reporting Server directory. For example, C:\Actuate6\Server.
- 3** Copy the encyc folder to a different directory outside the Actuate installation.  
You will use this encyc folder again in [Step 8](#).
- 4** Uninstall the Siebel Reports Server Access.
- 5** Uninstall Actuate 6 Fix 3 e.Reporting Server.
- 6** Install Actuate 6 SP1 Fix 10 e.Reporting Server to a different location than the location used for Actuate 6 Fix 3.
- 7** Stop the Actuate 6 SP1 Fix 10 e.Reporting Server.
- 8** Move the encyc folder copied in [Step 3](#) to the Actuate 6 SP1 Fix 10 e.Reporting Server installation directory, and overwrite the Actuate 6 SP1 Fix 10 folder.  
This will restore the old (Actuate 6 Fix 3) encyclopedia and its contents.
- 9** Start Actuate 6 SP1 Fix 10 e.Reporting Server.

The following section allows you to upgrade the Management Console and Active Portal from Actuate 6 Fix 3 to Actuate 6 SP1 Fix 10 on Microsoft Windows.

### **To upgrade Management Console and Active Portal to Actuate 6 SP1 Fix 10 on Microsoft Windows**

- 1 Install Actuate 6 SP1 Management Console and Active Portal to the same location where the corresponding Actuate 6 Fix 3 products were installed.
- 2 Click Yes when you are prompted by the following question:

```
"Setup found an older version of Actuate Management Console /
Active Portal installed in this directory. If you choose to
upgrade, the old installation will be deleted. Do you want to
upgrade it?"
```

---

**NOTE:** The upgrade will uninstall Tomcat from Actuate 6 Fix 3 and automatically install Actuate HTTP Service from Actuate 6 SP1 Fix 10.

---

- 3 When the installation is complete, start the Actuate HTTP Service as needed.

### **To upgrade Actuate 6 Fix 3 to Actuate 6 SP1 Fix 10 on UNIX**

- 1 Stop Actuate 6 Fix 3 Tomcat process.
- 2 Remove Actuate 6 Fix 3 by deleting the Tomcat installation folder (for example, /export/home/actuate6/jakarta-tomcat-4.0.2) and all its content.
- 3 Install Actuate 6 SP1 Fix 10 e.Reporting Server, Management Console, and Active Portal, *in this order*, to the same location where the corresponding Actuate 6 Fix 3 components were installed.
- 4 If you want to overwrite the existing directory, enter *yes* or *y* when prompted.
- 5 During the Management Console and Active Portal installations, when prompted for the Application Server / JSP Engine, enter the number *1* to select the Actuate HTTP Service.
- 6 During the Management Console installation, when prompted for the full pathname of your Actuate HTTP Service distribution, enter the full path where you would like Actuate HTTP Service to be installed (for example, /export/home/actuate6).



- 7** During the Active Portal installation, when prompted for the full pathname of your Actuate HTTP Service distribution, enter the full path to the Actuate HTTP Service installed as part of the Management Console installation (for example, /export/home/actuate6/actuate\_http\_service).
- 8** Start Actuate 6 SP1 Fix 10 e.Reporting Server and Actuate HTTP Service as needed.

## Upgrading the Siebel Report Server Access

After completing the upgrade for the Actuate e.Reporting System, you will upgrade the Siebel Report Server Access.

---

**CAUTION:** Install the Siebel Report Server Access release 7.5.2 with the other Siebel servers you are installing for release 7.5.2. You will not be able to go back and install the Siebel Report Server Access release 7.5.2 after the Siebel servers (releases 7.5.2 and 7.5.3) are installed.

---

### **To upgrade the Siebel Reports Server Access for Microsoft Windows**

- 1** Install the Siebel Report Server Access for release 7.5.2.
- 2** Install the Siebel Report Server Access for release 7.5.3.
- 3** Import the 7.5.3 Siebel Report files to the Report Encyclopedia.

After you install Siebel Report Server Access, you must import the Siebel Report executables (the ROX files) to the Report Encyclopedia.

From here on, you will refer to the Siebel Report Server Access installation directory (for example, C:\sea) as *SIEBEL\_RPT\_SRVR\_ROOT*, Actuate e.Reporting Server installation directory (for example, C:\Actuate6\Server) as *ACTUATE\_HOME*.

To import report files:

- a** Shut down the Actuate e.Reporting Server.
- b** From the Start menu, choose Programs > Accessories > Command Prompt.

- c** Navigate to `ACTUATE_HOME\bin` and at the command prompt, enter the following command:

```
acimport -vol VOLUME_NAME -path ACTUATE_HOME\etc -if "Siebel Reports" -force -from SIEBEL_HOME\rptsrvr\bin\reports\volume
```

- d** From `ACTUATE_HOME\bin` and at the command prompt, enter the following command:

```
acimport -vol VOLUME_NAME -path ACTUATE_HOME\etc -if "Siebel Reports\LANGUAGE" -force -from SIEBEL_HOME\rptsrvr\bin\reports\LANGUAGE\volume
```

Where:

`VOLUME_NAME` = Name of the target volume

`LANGUAGE` = the Siebel code, in upper case, for the Language Pack you are installing for this server; for example, ENU for U.S. English

If error messages appear, see Actuate's *Administering Actuate e.Reporting System* guide for troubleshooting procedures. This book is available in PDF format on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

- e** Navigate to `ACTUATE_HOME\bin` and at the command prompt, enter the following command:

```
acimport -vol VOLUME_NAME -path ACTUATE_HOME\etc -if "Siebel Reports" -force -from SIEBEL_HOME\rptsrvr\reportssia\volume_sia
```

---

**NOTE:** If you are installing the Reports Server for use with Siebel Industry Applications (such as Siebel **e**Finance and Siebel **e**Government), you will need to complete [Step e](#) and [Step f on page 98](#) before proceeding to [Step 4 on page 99](#).

If you are not installing a Siebel Industry Application, you will proceed directly to [Step 4](#).

---

- f** From `ACTUATE_HOME\bin`, at the command prompt, enter the following command:

```
acimport -vol VOLUME_NAME -path ACTUATE_HOME\etc -if "Siebel
Reports\LANGUAGE" -force -from
SIEBEL_HOME\rptsrvr\reports\languagesia\volume_sia
```

Where:

*VOLUME\_NAME* = Name of the target volume

*LANGUAGE* = the Siebel code, in upper case, for the Language Pack you are installing for this server; for example, ENU for U.S. English

*language* = the Siebel code, in lower case, for the Language Pack you are installing for this server; for example, enu for U.S. English

If error messages appear, see Actuate's *Administering Actuate e.Reporting System* guide for troubleshooting procedures. This book is available in PDF format on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

#### **4** Start the Actuate e.Reporting Server.

---

**NOTE:** To start or stop the e.Reporting Server Services, see *Administering Actuate e.Reporting System*. This manual is available on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

---

#### **5** Perform the postinstallation steps for the Siebel Report Server Access.

These tasks are found in the [Chapter 1, "Installing the Siebel Reports Server for Microsoft Windows."](#)

#### **To upgrade the Siebel Reports Server Access for UNIX**

##### **1** Install the Siebel Report Server Access for release 7.5.2.

##### **2** Import the Siebel Report files to the Report Encyclopedia.

Instructions for importing the Siebel Report files are in the section, "[Importing the Siebel Report Files to the Report Encyclopedia](#)" on page 71 in [Chapter 2, "Installing the Siebel Reports Server for UNIX."](#)

##### **3** Install the Siebel Report Server Access for release 7.5.3.

- 4 Perform all of the postinstallation steps for Siebel Report Server Access.

This will include importing the Siebel Report files for release 7.5.3 as in [Step 2](#).

The rest of the postinstallation tasks are found in the [Chapter 2, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for UNIX.”](#)

## Migrating Pre-Siebel 6 Custom Reports to the Siebel Reports Server

---

**CAUTION:** The information in this section only applies to migrating custom reports from Siebel 99. For more information about migrating custom reports for version 6 and later, see [“Upgrading Custom Reports” on page 162 in Chapter 7, “Getting Started.”](#)

---

Custom reports that were written for Siebel eBusiness Applications versions earlier than Siebel 6.0 will not run successfully on the Reports Server. The Actuate Basic code for methods and custom reports must be modified to achieve compatibility with the Reports Server environment. This section explains the changes that must be made to the code.

Reporting in the pre-Siebel 6.0 environment utilized OLE automation directly between a Siebel application and Actuate software which was located on the same client machine. This kind of communication is not available for the Reports Server and Siebel Web clients.

Instead, library methods are provided that enable access to objects in a platform-independent fashion. Object variables in your custom design and library files must be replaced with integer variables that refer to the corresponding objects, and object methods must be replaced with stand-alone methods.

When a data supply library file is generated from Siebel Tools version 6.0 and later, the generated file contains updated data access logic that uses the new library methods. If you have custom reports, you must regenerate their data supply library files from Siebel Tools 6.0 and later, or they will not work in server reporting or thin client modes.

## About sssiebel.bas Library Functions

Communication between Siebel and Actuate software is enabled in Siebel 6.0 and later by library functions in an Actuate Basic file, sssiebel.bas. The sssiebel.bas file has been loaded into the sssiebel.rol library in Siebel 6.0 and later, and does not need to be explicitly included in each design file. The sssiebel.bas functions provide the report with a system-independent interface to communicate with the Siebel Application Server. While sssiebel.bas functions were used in a limited set of roles in pre-Siebel 6.0 reporting, the role of this library file has expanded to include object interface functions.

The object interface functions in sssiebel.bas are designed to be the sole interface to the Siebel Application Server from all reports, whether standard or custom. In standard reports, the appropriate changes have already been made, and these upgraded files are installed when you upgrade the Siebel application. Your custom reports will, in most cases, run successfully on the Reports Server following regeneration of the data supply library file from Siebel Tools and recompilation of the report design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.

If a custom report works successfully in client reporting mode and does not work in server reporting mode, you will need to locate and replace any Microsoft Windows-specific and object interface function calls with calls to sssiebel.bas object interface functions.

### Changing Object Variables to Integer Variables

The sssiebel.bas functions abstract the Siebel Application Server in terms of four basic objects: model, business object, business component, and property set. These objects can be accessed only using the sssiebel.bas functions. The report uses references of type Integer to these objects.

---

**NOTE:** Model refers to the handle to the top-level object exposed by the interface. In the case of OLE/COM, this is SiebelApplicationServer. The PropertySet object is described in the *Siebel Object Interfaces Reference*.

---

All variables of type Object should be changed to type Integer. Functions in sssiebel.bas take these integer references as arguments, using the references to access objects and perform operations on them.

The integer value is a handle to an automation or C++ object. Variables such as `ssAppServer`, `ssBO`, `theBC`, and `AppServer` change from object variables to integer variables. For example,

```
Set theBC = ssManaged_Person_Forecast
.
.
ssManaged_Person_Forecast.InvokeMethod(...)
```

changes to

```
theBC = ssManaged_Person_Forecast
.
.
ssBusCompInvokeMethod (ssManaged_Person_Forecast, ...)
```

Since all these variables have been converted to type Integer, they can no longer be used as objects with their own methods. Instead, special methods in `ssSiebel.bas` are used to manipulate the objects, such as `ssBusCompInvokeMethod` in the example. These substitute methods are described in [“About Method Name Prefixing” on page 102](#).

Notice also that since the variables are integers, comparison expressions can no longer use “is Nothing” and need to be changed to “= 0”.

## About Method Name Prefixing

Methods on business components, fields, business objects, and application servers can no longer be affixed to object variables, separated by a period. These object variables are now integer reference variables, as previously described. New stand-alone methods provided in `ssSiebel.bas` perform the same functions previously performed by object methods. These have the same names as in the Siebel Object Interfaces, but are prefixed with `ssBusComp`, `ssBusObj`, or `ssModel`.

## Using `ssBusComp` as the Prefix for Business Component Variables

Whenever an API method makes use of business component variables or names, a substitute method with a prefix of `ssBusComp` is used. For example, `FirstRecord` becomes `ssBusCompFirstRecord`, `SuppressNotification` becomes `ssBusCompSuppressNotification`, and so on. For example,

```
theBC.FirstRecord (errCode)
```

changes to

```
ssBusCompFirstRecord (theBC)
```

Methods with an argument list lose the `errCode` argument at the end of the list and acquire the business component integer argument at the beginning. For example,

```
theBC.GetFieldValue ("City", errCode)
```

changes to

```
ssBusCompGetFieldValue (theBC, "City")
```

A reference to a specific business component, such as a business component variable, is moved into the argument list as the first argument, as follows:

```
ssOpportunity.SuppressNotification (errCode)
```

changes to

```
ssBusCompSuppressNotification (ssOpportunity)
```

Field methods adopt the `ssBusComp` prefix as well. A first argument is added for the field name, and the `errCode` argument is dropped. For example,

```
ssAccount.SetSearchExpr (searchSpec, errCode)
```

changes to

```
ssBusCompSetSearchExpr (ssAccount, searchSpec)
```

and

```
ssAccount.SetViewMode (ssReport::ssViewMode, errCode)
```

changes to

```
ssBusCompSetViewMode (ssAccount, CInt (ssReport::ssViewMode))
```

This latter example illustrates the setting of the view mode (visibility). The view mode can be explicitly set to user view, manager view, and so on. For more information, refer to `SetViewMode` in the *Siebel Object Interfaces Reference*. The `ssBusCompSetViewMode` function expects the `ssViewMode` value in integer format, but the parameter in `ssReport` is a string and it needs to be converted.

### Using `ssModel` as the Prefix for AppServer-Related Methods

AppServer-related methods are prefixed by `ssModel`. The `errCode` argument is removed, and the application server name or variable becomes the new first argument. For example,

```
ssAppServer.ActiveBusObject (errCode)
```

changes to

```
ssModelActiveBusObject (ssAppServer)
```

and

```
ssAppServer.GetBusObject (ssReport::ssBusObjectName, errCode)
```

changes to

```
ssModelGetBusObject (ssAppServer, ssReport::ssBusObjectName)
```

### Using `ssBusObj` as the Prefix for Business Objects

The names of methods related to business objects are prefixed by `ssBusObj`. The `errCode` argument is removed, and the business object name or variable becomes the new first argument. For example,

```
busObjName = ssBO.Name (errCode)
```

changes to

```
busObjName = ssBusObjGetName (ssBO)
```

and

```
ssBO.GetBusComp ("Account", errCode)
```

changes to



```
ssBusObjGetBusComp (ssBO, "Account")
```

## Replacing InvokeMethod for use with Business Component

InvokeMethod is replaced by ssBusCompInvokeMethod when it is used by a business component. It is replaced by ssModelInvokeMethod when it is used by appServer or ssAppServer. Also, in both cases, the errCode parameter is no longer used.

For an invoked method on a business component,

```
theBC.InvokeMethod ("Account Status", errCode)
```

changes to

```
ssBusCompInvokeMethod (theBC, "Account Status")
```

For an invoked method on the application server,

```
AppServer.InvokeMethod (parameters)
```

changes to

```
ssModelInvokeMethod (parameters)
```

## About Message Boxes

Reports often use message boxes for reporting errors. However, message boxes are relevant only on the Windows platform on a client machine, and do not work when reports are being generated in batch mode on a Reports Server. sssiebel.bas provides operating-system-independent functions for error reporting, with behavior appropriate to the environment in which the report is executed.

The MsgBox function in method code in ROL and ROD files is replaced with ssDisplayMessage or ssProcessLastError, depending on whether an AppServer variable is used. For a message box that presents an information string, ssDisplayMessage is used, as follows:

```
MsgBox (string)
```

changes to

```
ssDisplayMessage (string)
```

A message box that makes use of the AppServer or ssAppServer variable uses the ssProcessLastError function.

```
MsgBox ssAppServer.GetLastErrText ( )
```

changes to

```
ssProcessLastError (ssAppServer, "", "")
```

The syntax for the ssProcessLastError function is as follows:

```
ssProcessLastError (object_integer, pre_message_string,  
post_message_string)
```

## Changing CreateObject to ssConnect

CreateObject changes to ssConnect. ssiSiebelServer is a global integer variable that keeps track of the connection. For example,

```
If (ssAppServer is Nothing) Then  
Set ssAppServer = CreateObject (ssReport::ssOLEServer)  
If (ssAppServer is Nothing) Then  
Start = False  
Exit Function  
End If  
End If
```

changes to

```
ssReport::ssiSiebelServer = ssConnect(ssReport::ssOLEServer)  
If (ssReport::ssiSiebelServer = 0) Or (errCode <> 0) Then  
ssDisplayMessage ("Login Failed!")  
Exit Sub  
End If
```

This chapter describes the user interaction with the Reports Server product in the Web Client and Dedicated Web Client (both connected and disconnected modes).

Siebel Reports Server is an out-of-the box integration of Actuate e.Reporting Server. While the end user interaction with Siebel Reports Server will be completely within the Siebel application, the administrator still needs to administer the reports encyclopedia using Actuate Management Console. In order for the users to run reports in the Web Client and connected Dedicated Web Client, the administrator should have installed the Siebel Reports Server as described in either [Chapter 1, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for Microsoft Windows”](#) or [Chapter 2, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for UNIX”](#) depending on which operating system you are using.

---

**NOTE:** In the disconnected mode of the Dedicated Web Client, reports can only be run interactively and the Reports Server views will not be available.

---

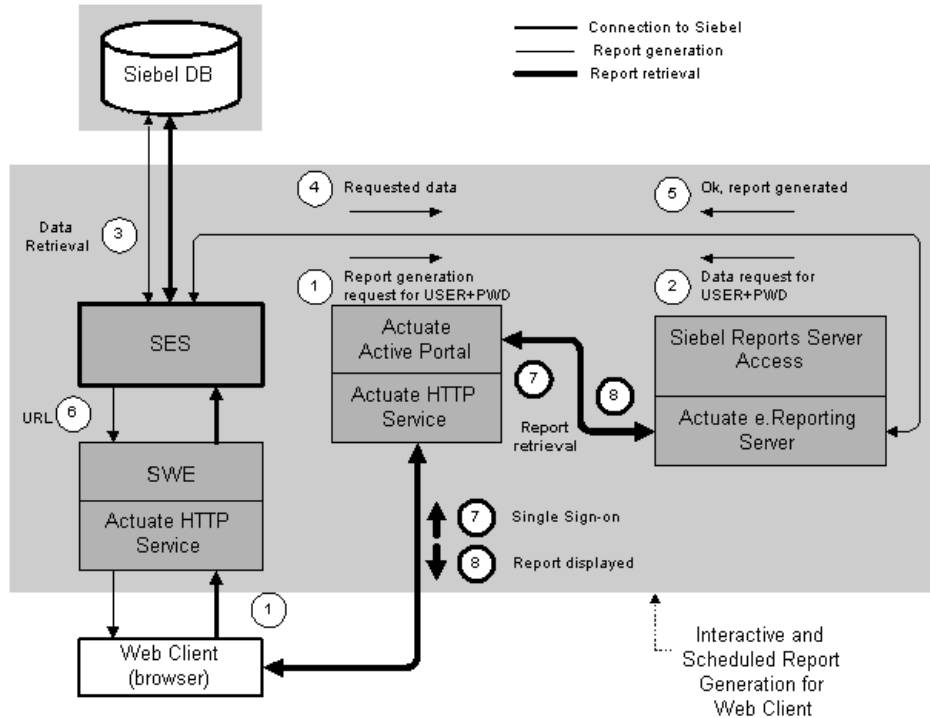
## About Reporting in the Web Client

Siebel Reports Server allows Web Client users of Siebel eBusiness Applications to run reports both in interactive and batch modes. To run a report in a view, users either select View > Reports from the application-level menu or click the reports button on the application toolbar. The report window appears and allows the user to select a report from the drop-down list of reports available in that view. This dialog also allows the user to select the Run Now option to run the report interactively, or the Schedule option to run the report in batch mode at a later time. The Schedule option displays a separate dialog for the user to enter the schedule parameters.

### **About the System Architecture for Reporting in the Web Client**

In this section, an overview of the Web Client report execution with Siebel Reports Server is described. The Reports Server encyclopedia consists of report executables and the user folders. These report executables correspond to the complete set of available reports among all the views. These executables run in the Reports Server factory process (a multi-threaded report execution process) at report execution time and generate the report output file (ROI) by obtaining data from the Siebel Object Manager. The report output (ROI) file will be stored in the user folder in the reports encyclopedia and can be accessed from the Reports Server views in Siebel eBusiness Applications. The report is executed by passing the parameter (ROV) file, which is generated by Siebel Object Manager when the user runs a report from a Siebel eBusiness Application view.

Figure 2 illustrates the report execution process from the Web Client.



**Figure 2. Server-Based Reporting for the Siebel Web Client**

The following is the sequence of steps corresponding to Figure 2:

- 1 The request is submitted by the Web Client through the SES (Siebel Enterprise Server).
- 2 The Actuate e.Reporting Server runs the report and requests data from the SES through Siebel Reports Server Access.
- 3 The data is retrieved by the Siebel Object Manager from the database.
- 4 The Siebel Object Manager provides the data to the Reports Server.
- 5 The report is generated, and the SES retrieves the completed report status.

- 6** The SES creates and passes the Actuate Active Portal report request to the Web Client.
- 7** The Web Client connects to Actuate Active Portal, which authenticates the user on the Reports Server.
- 8** The report in DHTML is displayed in the Web Client.

The report request submitted from the Web Client includes parameter for the current view, active query, sort specifications, and visibility rules. For all reports run in the batch mode (using Schedule option), the status of submitted report requests can be obtained from the Reports Server views.

---

**NOTE:** The user need not be logged into a Siebel eBusiness Application for the scheduled reports to be generated, since report generation by the Reports Server is asynchronous. The data for report generation is obtained from the Siebel Object Manager running under the Siebel Server.

---

## Requesting Reports in the Siebel Web Clients

A user can choose View > Reports from the application-level menu and then select the desired report to be run in the Reports window. Users can also request reports by using the reports button. The next section explains how to activate the reports button feature.

### Activating the Reports Button

The number of clicks used to request a report is reduced with the introduction of the reports button. The reports button is located on the Siebel application toolbar to the right of the customer dashboard button.

---

**NOTE:** The reports button is only available when the application is using the Reports Server to generate reports.

---

**To activate the reports button**

- Using your default text editor open your Siebel application configuration file (for example, siebel.cfg for Siebel Sales), add the following parameter to the [SWE] section:

```
EnableReportsFromToolbar = TRUE
```

**To request a report using the reports button**

- 1 Click the reports button.
- 2 Select the report to generate from the report listing in the drop-down menu.

This is the same listing that would appear in the Reports window (see [Figure 3 on page 112](#)).

From the drop-down menu of the reports button, you can review your previously requested reports by selecting My Reports. For more information, see “[My Reports View](#)” on page 132.

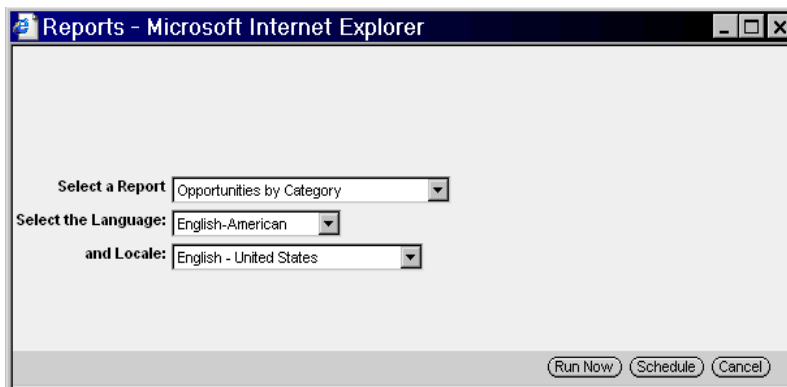
Scheduling reports is also possible by selecting Schedule Reports from the drop-down menu after clicking the reports button. The Schedule Reports window that appears includes a drop-down listing from the Reports field that will allow you to select the report that you would like to schedule. For more information see, [Figure 5 on page 114](#).

---

**NOTE:** If you need to designate a language and locale that is different from the one your Siebel application is currently using, then you will need to request reports using View > Reports from the application-level menu.

---

Figure 3 illustrates the report window started from the Opportunities views.



**Figure 3. Reports Window**

The fields of the Reports window are as follows:

- **Select a Report.** From the drop-down list, select the report you wish to run. In this example, the report selected is Opportunities by Category.
- **Select the Language.** From the drop-down list, select the language of the static text to be displayed in the report.
- **Locale.** From the drop-down list, select the locale setting to use for formatting and displaying the report data.

The language and locale of the report are generated independently of the locale in which the user is currently running Siebel eBusiness Applications.

If no strings are found for the language and locale, labels and properties are defaulted to the original ROD file values for that report.

Then the user may indicate if the report should be run in interactive (Run Now) or batch (Schedule) mode:



- **Run Now mode:** If the user has selected Run Now, there are no further dialogs. After Run Now is selected, the report will be displayed in the Web Client if it can be generated in 30 seconds or less, as defaulted in the Run Report Time Limit parameter. The default value of this parameter can be changed in View > User Preferences > Behavior. If the report generation takes longer than 30 seconds, the control is returned back to the Siebel Web Client and the message in [Figure 4](#) will be displayed. However, the report generation will continue in the Reports Server irrespective of the Run Report Time Limit parameter value. In the Dedicated Web Client, the Run Now option is the Run option.



**Figure 4. Run Report Time Limit Message**

---

**NOTE:** The browser frame displaying the report in DHTML will automatically close if the user navigates to another view in the application. If the user requires the report to be displayed when navigating to other views, they should select the Download or Print option in the viewer to display the report in PDF format.

---

**To change the Run Report Time Limit parameter at the client level**

- 1 From the application-level menu, select View > User Preferences.
- 2 Select the Behavior tab.
- 3 Enter a number in the Run Report Time Limit field to specify the number of seconds you are willing to wait to view the report.

The report will be generated in the Reports Server irrespective of the Run Report Time Limit parameter value.

- **Schedule mode:** In the Web Client, this selection indicates that you wish to run a report in batch mode by scheduling the report for one-time or periodic generation. If Schedule is selected, the Schedule Report window appears, as shown below in [Figure 5](#).

Report: Opportunities by Category

Schedule

Run at: 01:30:18 PM on: 6/20/2002

Repeat:  Daily until: 6/15/2002

Print:  SMTHQPRN01\_SMT0103XR01

Output Name: SADMIN\OPCAT\_ENU\_ENI

Report Server Date: 6/20/2002  
Report Server Time: 01:30:18 PM

Previous Finish Cancel

**Figure 5. Schedule Report Window**

The Schedule Report window allows you to specify the time and date when the report is run, select the option to generate the report with a recurring frequency, and indicate if the report should be printed upon generation. You may also change the name of the report output file.

The fields of the Schedule Report dialog box are as follows:

- **Run at.** The time of day for report generation.
- **On.** For a one-time report, the date when the report is to be generated. For a periodic report, the first date the report is generated.
- **Repeat check box.** Specifies whether the report is one-time or periodic. Checked if periodic, unchecked if one-time.
- **Until.** Applies to periodic reports. This is the date after which the report is no longer run.
- **Print check box.** If this box is checked, the report is printed to the specified system printer upon its generation in the Reports Server.

- **Printer name picklist.** Allows the selection of a printer for report output on execution. The initially displayed printer name is the default printer specified in the user profile. The list of available printers is the set of printers administered for this purpose on the Reports Server.
- **Output Name.** Specifies the pathname in the Report Encyclopedia for the ROI file to be generated each time the report runs. This pathname is of the following form:

*/folder/reportname\_language\_locale.roi*

Where:

*folder* can contain subfolders if necessary. The default value in the Report field is your default Report Encyclopedia folder, as specified in the Personal Profile view, followed by the same *report name* as the executable. You can specify a destination folder other than your own default folder, but it must be present on the Report Encyclopedia, and you must have access to it through a user list.

*language* represents the three-letter code of the language of the static text to be displayed in the report (for example: ENU for U.S. English).

*locale* represents the three-letter code of the locale setting used for formatting and displaying the report data (for example: ENU for U.S. English).

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

- **Report Server Date.** Read-only field that indicates the equivalent Reports Server local date.
- **Report Server Time.** Read-only field that indicates the equivalent Reports Server local time.

After a report has been generated, the report output (ROI file) is available to the user for viewing and printing in the Completed Request Notifications, My Reports, or Explorer views. These views are described in [Chapter 5, “Siebel Reports Server Views.”](#)

---

**NOTE:** Changing passwords on a regular basis affects scheduled reports. When the password is changed, logging on to the Application Object Manager during the report generation fails. As a result, the scheduled report is not generated. This occurs because the `ssPassword` value in the parameter file is not changed when you change your password. Therefore, all scheduled reports requested by you need to be rescheduled as well.

---

## About DHTML Report Viewer Keyboard Shortcuts

The generated report is viewed in the DHTML report viewer for the Web Client. For this viewer, the user interface functions are available as keyboard shortcuts. [Table 7](#) lists the mapping of keyboard shortcuts to the buttons in the DHTML report viewer.

**Table 7. DHTML Report Viewer Keyboard Shortcuts**

Button	Keyboard Shortcut
Save	S
Print	P
Report Navigation	C
Search	E
Go	G
First Page	F
Previous Page	B
Next Page	N
Last Page	L

## About Reporting in the Dedicated Web Client

Reports can be generated both in the connected and the disconnected mode of the Dedicated Web Client. In the disconnected mode of the Dedicated Web Client, reports can only be generated interactively by accessing data from the local Object Manager. Further, interactively run reports (both in connected and disconnected mode) are displayed in the ActiveX report viewer (not in the DHTML report viewer). Finally, reports can be generated in the batch mode (schedule) only in the connected mode of the Dedicated Web Client.

---

**NOTE:** Reports run locally in the disconnected mode of the Dedicated Web Client use the local Object Manager to retrieve data, while reports run on the Reports Server use the Siebel Object Manager. As a result, OLE interface methods are used only in the disconnected mode of the Dedicated Web Client.

---

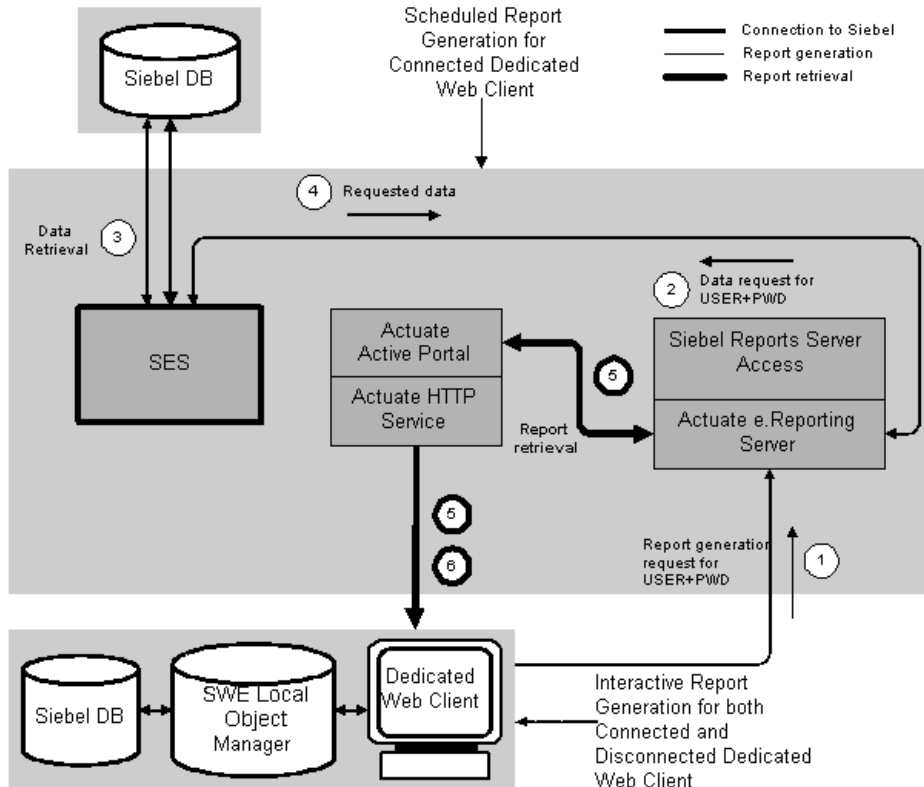
## About System Architecture for Reporting in the Dedicated Web Client

When a report is generated in the Siebel Web client, the Reports Server encyclopedia and the Client consist of the report executables. These report executables correspond to the available reports among all the views.

When a report is run interactively in the Dedicated Web Client (connected or disconnected mode), the corresponding report executable is started in the Client. The data for the report is obtained from the local Object Manager (see [Figure 6](#)), and the report is displayed in the ActiveX viewer in the Client.

In the connected mode of Dedicated Web Client, users can submit report requests to be run in batch mode in the Reports Server. These requests are submitted to the Reports Server in the form of a parameter (ROV) file. At report execution time, the report executable obtains data from the Siebel Object Manager and generates the report output file (ROI). The report output (ROI) file will be stored in the user folder in the reports encyclopedia and can be accessed from the Reports Server views in Siebel eBusiness applications.

Figure 6 illustrates the report execution in the Dedicated Web Client.



**Figure 6. Server-Based Reporting for the Siebel Dedicated Web Client**

The following is the sequence of report generation steps (corresponding to Figure 6) in batch mode in the connected Dedicated Web Client:

- 1 The report request is submitted to the Reports Server through the SES (Siebel Enterprise Server).
- 2 The Reports Server runs the report executable and requests data from the SES through Siebel Reports Server Access.

- 3 Data is retrieved by the Siebel Object Manager from the database and provided to the Reports Server.
- 4 The Siebel Object Manager provides data to the Reports Server. The report is generated and saved in the Reports Server encyclopedia to be retrieved by the user on demand.
- 5 The Dedicated Web Client connects to Actuate Active Portal, which authenticates the user on the Reports Server.
- 6 The report, in ActiveX, is displayed in the Dedicated Web Client.

---

**NOTE:** The user need not be logged into a Siebel eBusiness application for the scheduled reports to be generated since report generation by the Reports Server is asynchronous and data for report generation is obtained from the Siebel Object Manager.

---

## **Requesting Reports in the Dedicated Web Client**

The user interface and process flow section here is similar to the information in [“About Reporting in the Web Client” on page 107](#). The following information reflect any changes that are specific to the Dedicated Web Client.

### **Connected Mode**

Dedicated Web Client reporting in the connected mode is identical to the procedures described in [“About Reporting in the Web Client” on page 107](#).

### **Disconnected Mode**

Reports can be generated in the Dedicated Web Client in the disconnected mode also. However, the data for report generation is obtained from the local object manager. The report generation process in the disconnected mode differs from the connected mode as described below:

- Reports are run locally by obtaining data from the local database.
- Reports cannot be scheduled.
- The Run Report Time Limit message is not available.

### About ActiveX Report Viewer Keyboard Shortcuts

The generated report is viewed in the ActiveX report viewer (the Siebel Reports Viewer) for the Dedicated Web Client. For this viewer, the user interface functions are available as keyboard shortcuts. [Table 8](#) lists the mapping of keyboard shortcuts to the buttons in the ActiveX report viewer.

**Table 8. ActiveX Report Viewer Keyboard Shortcuts**

Button	Keyboard Shortcut
Open	O
Save As	S
Print	P
Print Setup	U
Send Report	R
Table of Contents	C
Search	E
First Page	F
Previous Page	B
Next Page	N
Last Page	L
Go To Page	G
Stop Report In Progress	H

### About Searching in the Siebel Report Viewer

In the DHTML report viewer, you can search in a report and export the results to a Comma Separated Value or Tab Delimited Value format. This functionality is added to the ActiveX report viewer in the 7.5 release. The new Search button is located next to the Table of Contents button. Essentially, the user interaction is the same as that in the DHTML report viewer.



For more information, see the “Searching in Actuate reports” chapter in *Using e.Reports* manual on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

## **Reporting in the Siebel Web Clients**

---

*About Reporting in the Dedicated Web Client*

This chapter describes the views available in the Reports Server and Application Administration sections of the Site Map for use by administrators and end users. Two of the views are used by administrators to administer user access rights and make changes to their own accounts. The other views are used by end users to obtain results of report generation jobs, to access completed reports, to grant others access to their reports, and to administer their passwords and defaults.

## Siebel Reports Server Views

The views described in this chapter appear in the Site Map (View > Site Map) under Reports Server in a Siebel eBusiness application. The only exception is the Reports Server Admin Profile view, which appears under Application Administration on the Site Map. While User Administration and Reports Server Admin Profile views are available only to the reports administrator, all other views are available to the end users.

[Table 9](#) displays the Reports Server views available to end users and administrators. An “x” symbolizes that a view is available. A blank space symbolizes a view is not available.

**Table 9. Availability of Reports Server Views**

View	End User	Administrator
User Administration		x
Reports Server Admin Profile		x
Personal Profile	x	x
Scheduled Requests	x	x
Completed Requests Notifications	x	x

**Table 9. Availability of Reports Server Views**

View	End User	Administrator
Active Requests	x	x
Explorer	x	x
My Reports	x	x

### User Administration View

The User Administration view is only available to an administrator. This view allows the administrator to automatically create and synchronize accounts for Siebel report users in the Actuate reports encyclopedia. The administrator can synchronize one account or multiple accounts at once from this view on an ongoing basis. It is recommended that the administrator run a query in this view to synchronize users in smaller buckets, particularly when a large number of users should be synchronized.

As the result of synchronization, an account with the same user ID that appears in the Siebel applications is created on the Reports Server. Also, a default folder with this name is created on the Reports Server, and basic privileges such as read, write, and execute are granted to that user to access the folder. Each Reports Server account is created with the same user ID as the Siebel user ID and a password. This user ID and password are stored in an encrypted format in the Siebel database, to be passed to the Reports Server when needed.

The navigation path to this view is View > Site Map > Reports Server > User Administration. An administrator account is established in the Actuate encyclopedia as part of the postinstallation tasks of the Reports Server (see [Chapter 1, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for Microsoft Windows”](#) or [Chapter 2, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for UNIX”](#)). This account allows the administrator to log in to the Actuate Management Console to perform ongoing administration tasks such as administering the encyclopedia and cleaning up the encyclopedia. For more information, see [“Maintaining the Actuate e.Reporting Server” on page 164](#).

The User Administration view is shown in [Figure 7](#).

Last Name	First Name	User ID	Job Title
Marino	Mary	MMARINO	eMarketing Manager
Hyatt	Shaun	SHYATT	Vice President, Corporate Marketing-Advertising
Bonds	June	JBONDS	Senior Director, Corporate Marketing
Brown	Oscar	OBROWN	Group Manager, Corporate Marketing
Edwards	Edgar	EEDWARDS	Senior Manager, Corporate Marketing
Pennington	Joan	JPENN	Vice President Operations
Ash	Regina	RASH	President
Beale	Andrea	AROBERTS	Director eBusiness Operations
Moore	Pat	PTG_PMOO	Product Manager
Moore	Pat	FRA_PMOO	Product Manager
Malibu	Dianna	DMALIEU	Director of Telemarketing
Stevens	Berry	BSTEVEN	Field Sales Representative
Osaka	Moiyoku	MOSAKA	Presales Representative
Hansen	Javier	DBROWN	Telemarketing Representative
Smith	Sally	SSMITH	Telemarketing Representative

**Figure 7. User Administration View**

This view has the following buttons and list columns:

- **Last Name.** The last name of the user, as stored in the employee table.
- **First Name.** The first name of the user, as stored in the employee table.
- **User ID.** The Siebel user ID for each user, as stored in the employee table.
- **Job Title.** The position of the employee.
- **Menu button.** The menu contains actions that apply directly to the applet.
- **Query button.** Click this button to generate a new form for entering the query criteria. The query results are displayed in the same applet from which the query was started.
- **Synchronize All button.** Click this button to create accounts (referred to as synchronization) for all displayed users in the Actuate encyclopedia. If a large number of users should be synchronized, please run a query to restrict the displayed list of users and then click Synchronize All.

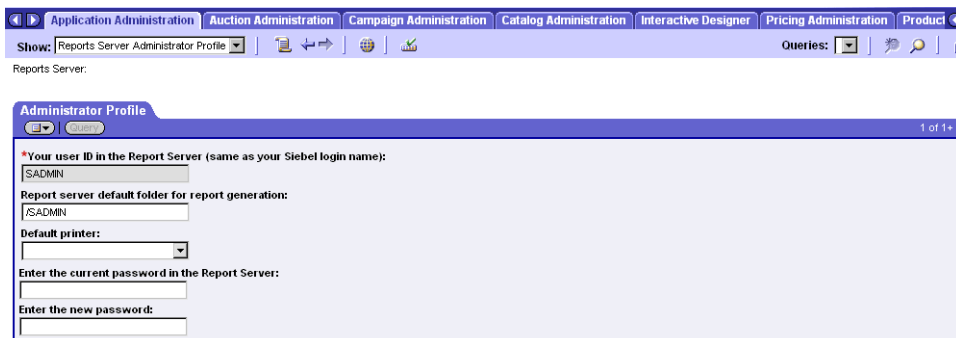
- **Synchronize One button.** Click this button to transfer the currently selected user ID to the Actuate encyclopedia.

## Reports Server Administrator Profile View

The Reports Server Administrator Profile view is also only available to an administrator. This view allows an administrator to establish and change their password, specify a default printer, and select the directory in which the report output files are saved.

This view, unlike the others, is not under Reports Server on the Site Map (View > Site Map). This view is under Application Administration on the Site Map.

The Reports Server Administrator Profile view is shown in [Figure 8](#).



**Figure 8. Reports Server Administrator Profile View**

This view contains the following fields:

- **Menu button.** The menu contains actions that apply directly to the applet.
- **Query button.** Not used on this view.
- **Login Name.** This field displays the login name of the currently logged in user. It is read-only.

- **Default folder.** The administrator's default Report Encyclopedia folder for storage of report output. By default, this folder has the same name as the administrator account. The administrator can specify an existing folder name other than the default folder name.
- **Default printer.** The administrator may select the default printer to display in the schedule dialog.
- **Current Password.** Current password of the administrator.
- **New Password.** If an administrator wishes to change their password, the new password should be entered in this field.

## Scheduled Requests View

The Scheduled Requests view displays the report requests scheduled by the user. If a report is frequently run, the next start time and frequency for that report are displayed in this view.

The Scheduled Requests view is shown in [Figure 9](#).

Reports Server:



**Figure 9. Scheduled Requests View**

This view contains the following buttons and list columns:

- **Menu button.** The menu contains actions that apply directly to the applet.
- **Query button.** Click this button to run a query on the displayed records. The query results are displayed in the same applet from which the query was started.
- **Report Name.** Name of the report executable to be executed.
- **Next Start Time.** Date and time that the scheduled report will start running.
- **Repeat.** Checked for a periodic report, and unchecked for all one-time scheduled reports.
- **Frequency.** Not applicable if a one-time report is scheduled (the field is left blank). The frequency (Daily, Weekly and so on) of the scheduled report is indicated in this field.

## Completed Request Notifications View

The Completed Request Notifications view provides information about the status of completed requests. All completed requests include a hyperlink to the report output.

The Completed Request Notifications view is shown in [Figure 10](#).

Reports Server:

Report Name	Version	Pages	Status	Completed	Status Detail
/SADMIN/BUSSVCDTC_ENU_ENU.roi	1	4	Success	6/20/2002 01:16:08	
/SADMIN/BUSSVSUMC_ENU_ENU.roi	2	1	Success	6/20/2002 01:13:07	
/SADMIN/BUSSVSUMC_ENU_ENU.roi	1	1	Success	6/20/2002 01:13:01	
/SADMIN/ACLIST_ENU_ENU.roi	7	1	Success	6/20/2002 11:48:03	
/SADMIN/ACSVCPRO_ENU_ENU.roi	16	1	Success	6/20/2002 11:43:26	
/SADMIN/ACLIST_ENU_ENU.roi	6	3	Success	6/20/2002 12:26:09	
/SADMIN/QUOTECQ_ENU_ENU.roi	1	8	Success	6/20/2002 11:16:34	
/SADMIN/OPSUM_ENU_ENU.roi	1	21	Success	6/20/2002 11:08:56	
/SADMIN/OPCAT_ENU_ENU.roi	4	3	Success	6/20/2002 11:08:01	
/SADMIN/ESRCHARGE_ENU_ENU.roi	1	1	Success	6/20/2002 11:07:05	
/SADMIN/EXPREP_ENU_ENU.roi	1	1	Success	6/20/2002 11:06:26	
/SADMIN/EXPREP_ENU_ENU.roi	7	1	Success	6/20/2002 11:03:28	
/SADMIN/EMPLIST_ENU_ENU.roi	2	3	Success	6/20/2002 11:00:19	
/SADMIN/SRVREQDT_ENU_ENU.roi	1	2	Success	6/20/2002 10:58:48	
/SADMIN/SRVREQAA_ENU_ENU.roi	4	4	Success	6/20/2002 10:58:09	

**Figure 10. Completed Request Notifications View**



This view has the following buttons and list columns:

- **Menu button.** The menu contains actions that apply directly to the applet.
- **Query button.** Click this button to run a query on the displayed records in the view. The query results are displayed in the same applet from which the query was started.
- **Report Name.** If the request was successful, a link to the report output (ROI) file appears here. Clicking the hyperlink displays the report in the DHTML Report viewer. If the report generation was unsuccessful, the report name field is left blank.
- **Version.** Version number of this report output. Each time a report is run, a different version of that report is created. The highest-numbered version is the most recent.
- **Pages.** Number of pages in the generated report, if it was successful.
- **Status.** Success or Failure, depending on the outcome of the request.
- **Completed.** Date and time that the report completed or aborted.
- **Status Detail.** Explanation of the reason for failure, if this is an unsuccessful report run.

## **Active Requests View**

The Active Requests view provides a list of reports that are currently being generated. This view provides a means to check the status of large reports.

The Active Requests view is shown in [Figure 11](#).



**Figure 11. Active Requests View**

This view contains the following buttons and list columns:

- **Menu button.** The menu contains actions that apply directly to the applet.
- **Query button.** Click this button to run a query on the records displayed in this view. The query results are displayed in the same applet from which the query was started.
- **Report Name.** Name of the report executable that is being run.
- **Start Time.** Date and time when report generation began.

## Explorer View

The Explorer view displays a tree applet displaying the contents in the user's folder and all other accessible reports in the encyclopedia. It also provides a list applet displaying the related contents. Only those reports to which the user has access are shown.

In the tree applet (on the left side) of the Explorer view, the reports server folders are displayed hierarchically. The top-level (root) folder is identified with a slash (/) symbol, and its top-level subfolders correspond to user account names. The top-level folders may have administrator-defined subfolders. When a folder in the tree applet is selected, the list applet on the right side displays reports in that folder.

The Explorer view is shown in Figure 12.

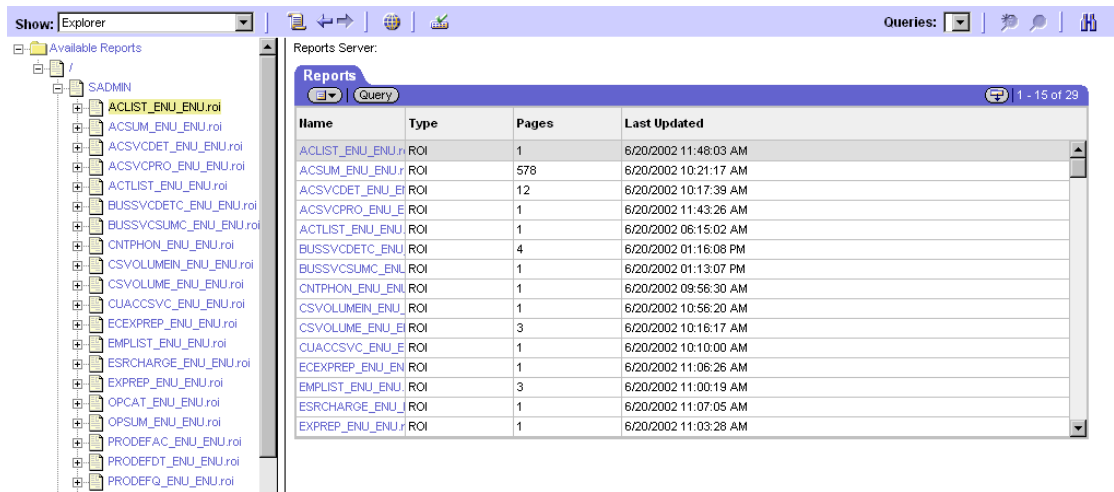


Figure 12. Explorer View

This view contains the following buttons and list columns:

- **Menu button.** The menu contains actions that apply directly to the applet.
- **Query button.** Click this button to run a query on the displayed records in the view. The query results are displayed in the same applet from which the query was started.
- **Name.** A subfolder name or a hyperlink to the report output (ROI) file. Clicking on the report name hyperlink displays the report in a DHTML report viewer.
- **Type.** Indicates the type of contents displayed in the list applet. If reports are displayed, the Type field displays a ROI file extension. If a folder is displayed, “folder” is displayed in the Type field.

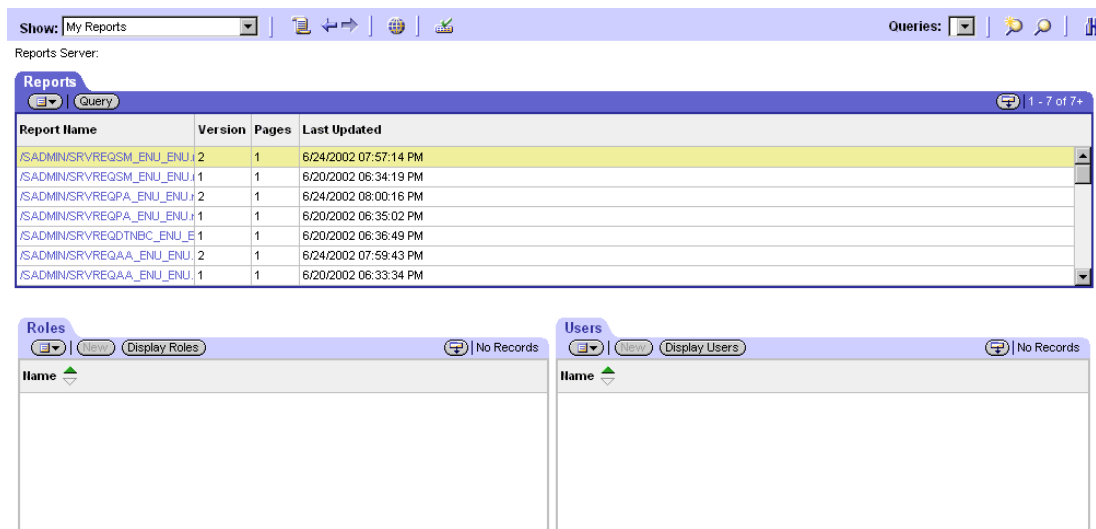
- **Pages.** Number of pages in the generated report.
- **Last Updated.** Date and time of the report run that generated this version.

## My Reports View

The My Reports view displays the report output files that the user has access to in the Reports applet. This includes the reports generated by the user, and the reports that other users granted the user permission to view.

The view also displays Users and Roles applets at the bottom of the view. The user may grant permission to other users and roles to view and print a report using these applets. First the user selects a report from the Reports applet. Then, users and roles are added by creating new records in the Users and Roles applets, respectively.

The My Reports view is shown in [Figure 13](#).



**Figure 13. My Reports View**

This view contains the following buttons and list columns:

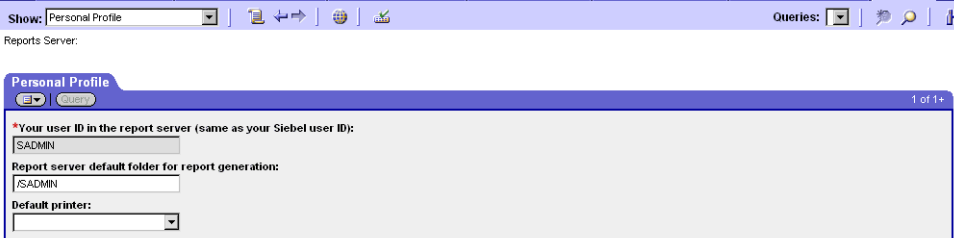
- **Menu button.** The menu contains actions that apply directly to the applet.

- **Query button.** Click this button to run a query on the displayed records in the view. The query results are displayed in the same applet from which the query was started.
- **Report Name.** The full pathname to the report output (ROI) file appearing as a hyperlink. Clicking the hyperlink displays the report in a DHTML report viewer.
- **Version Number.** Version number of this report output. Each time a report is run, a different version of that report is created. The highest-numbered version is the most recent.
- **Pages.** Number of pages in the generated report.
- **Last Updated.** Date and time of the report run that generated this version.
- **Display Roles button.** Displays a list of roles that have been granted access to view a specific report. The button is located on the Roles applet.
- **Display Users button.** Displays a list of users that have been granted access to view a specific report. The button is located on the Users applet.

## Personal Profile View

The Personal Profile view allows a user to specify a default printer and file system folder for report output.

The Personal Profile view is shown in [Figure 14](#).



The screenshot shows a web browser window titled "Personal Profile". The browser's address bar shows "Show: Personal Profile" and "Reports Server:". The main content area contains a form with the following fields:

- A label: **\*Your user ID in the report server (same as your Siebel user ID):**
- A text input field containing "SADMIN".
- A label: **Report server default folder for report generation:**
- A text input field containing "SADMIN".
- A label: **Default printer:**
- A dropdown menu.

**Figure 14. Personal Profile View**

The Personal Profile form contains the following fields:

- **Menu button.** The menu contains actions that apply directly to the applet.
- **Login Name.** This field displays the login name of the currently logged in user. It is read-only.
- **Default folder.** The user's default folder on the report encyclopedia for storing report output files. By default, this folder name has the same name as the user ID. The user may specify a folder name other than the default folder, but it must already exist on the report encyclopedia, and the user must have access to it.
- **Default printer.** The printer to which the report will be sent if the user selected print option in the schedule dialog while scheduling a report. This printer name appears in the schedule dialog when the user is scheduling a report. The user can choose a different printer at that time.

This topic describes the process to restructure the Reports Server Encyclopedia.

## Restructuring the Reports Server Encyclopedia Overview

The folders for reports users are created in the Reports Server encyclopedia at the root level. Therefore, synchronizing 5000 reports users will result in creating 5000 folders at the root level of the encyclopedia. Actuate strongly recommends that folders at the root level of the encyclopedia be minimized to assure better response time and performance of the Reports Server. Therefore, Siebel Systems Inc. created a utility to automatically restructure the encyclopedia so that only a small number of folders exist at the root level. Each of the root-level folders contains a certain number of user folders as chosen by the administrator. The following section describes the installation and usage of this utility.

## Installing the Utility for Restructuring Report Encyclopedia

The following steps describe the installation of the `actrestruct6.exe` utility:

### **To install the `actrestruct6.exe` utility**

- 1** Insert the *Web Client Ancillary Programs* CD 1 of 2 into the CD-ROM drive of a Windows machine.
- 2** Navigate to the following directory:

`Thirdpty\actuate\language\actutil\actrestruct6.exe`

Where:

*language* = the code for the language pack you installed; `enu` for all languages.

- 3 Copy `actrestruct6.exe` into the `\bin` directory of the Actuate e.Reporting Server folder, for example `C:\Actuate6\Server\bin\`.

## Restructuring the Report Encyclopedia

The following describes the usage of the `actrestruct6.exe` utility.

The administrator should run the utility `actrestruct6.exe` from a Windows Command prompt on a machine where Actuate Management Console is installed. The syntax for running this utility is:

```
actrestruct6.exe -u <user name> -p <password> -m <machine> -n  
<starting folder> -r <root level folders> -s <subfolders>
```

Flag	Type	Description
-u	Required	Reports Server administrator login name.
-p	Required	Reports Server administrator password.
-m	Required	Reports Server host name.
-n	Optional	Integer specifying the root-level folder to start with for creating subfolders. If omitted, subfolders will be created starting with the first root-level user folder.  It is important to specify an appropriate value for this parameter if this utility is run periodically.
-r	Optional	Number of root-level folders (of the form <code>foldernnn</code> ) that will be created. Existing folders will not be affected. Default value is 50.
-s	Optional	Number of subfolders per root-level folder. Default value is 250.

The following examples represent sample usage scenarios.

**Example 1:** The administrator synchronizes 8,000 users on the Reports Server and then run the `actrestruct6.exe` utility as shown below:

```
actrestruct6.exe -u administrator -p admin -m Server1 -n 1 -r 40  
-s 400
```

**Result:**



Forty folders are created at the root level in the Server1 Reports Server encyclopedia of the form folder001, folder002, ..., folder040. Each of these root level folders contains the folders of 400 users. The first 400 user folders are created in folder001, the next 400 user folders are created in folder002 and so on. The root-level folders are created first, so all 40 folders will be created at the root level. However, only 20 of them will be used to create subfolders. The remaining root-level folders can be used to populate subfolders when this utility is run subsequent times.

**Example 2:** A couple of weeks later, 500 new employees join the company. As usual, the administrator synchronizes these 500 users on the Reports Server. Then, the administrator run the actrestruct6.exe utility using the following command.

```
actrestruct6.exe -u administrator -p admin -m Server1 -n 21 -s 400
```

**Result:**

At the root level in the Reports Server encyclopedia of Server1, folder021 and folder022 are used to create subfolders for the new users. The folder021 contains the first 400 user folders, and folder022 contains the remaining 100 user folders.

---

**NOTE:** In Example 2, if the administrator specifies -n 20, 400 new user folders will be added to folder020, which will then contain 800 folders. The folder021 will contain the remaining 100 user folders.

---



Siebel applications ship with standard reports. To modify these reports or add new reports, you need to use Siebel Tools and Actuate e.Report Designer Professional as described in this topic.

You create and modify reports in two locations:

- In Siebel Tools, by creating and modifying Report or other object definitions and setting properties within them. These object definitions are executed at run time.
- In Actuate e.Report Designer Professional, by creating and modifying ROD Report Object Design (ROD) files, which are then compiled and executed.

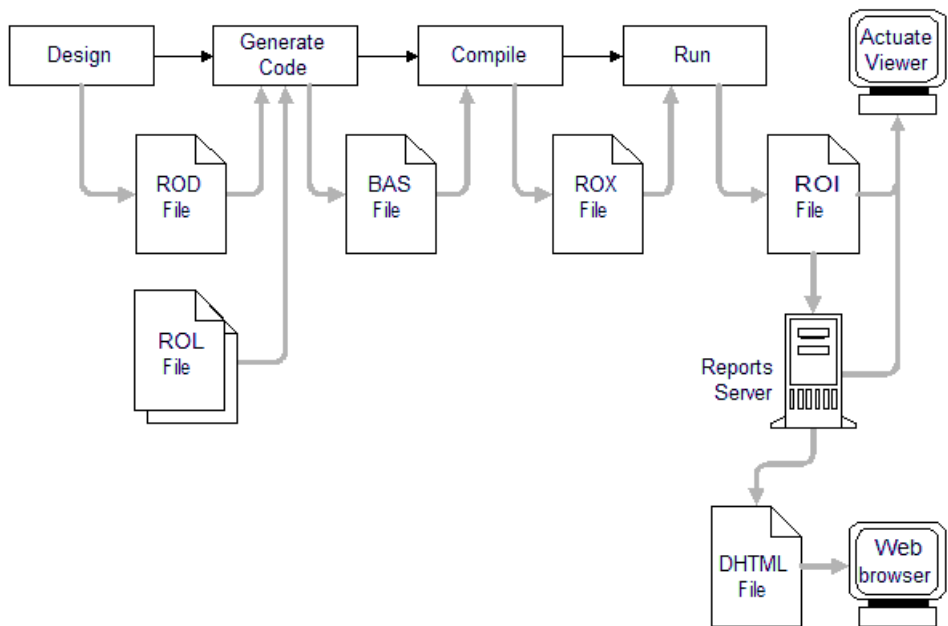
Although changes may be made only in Siebel Tools or in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional, frequently report redesign work requires making changes and additions in both places.

Siebel Tools modifications use the Report, Report Field, Report Locale, Sub Report, Sub Report Field, View Report, and View Report Locale object types. These modifications affect the following areas:

- Defining the structure of the data exported from the Siebel application to the Actuate report, which the Actuate report receives into its datastreams
- Attaching reports to the Reports menu for specific views

ROD file modifications in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional alter various classes and subclasses that define report behavior, appearance, data acquisition, and so on for one report.

Actuate e.Report Designer Professional is a visual design editor from which object-oriented Actuate BASIC code is generated and compiled from the report design (ROD file) and referenced library classes (ROL, or Report Object Library, files) into an executable report program. The resulting executable program is an ROX (Report Object Executable) file. When the executable program is run, the result is an instance file containing both report specifications and data. The instance file is in ROI (Report Object Instance) format, suitable for display in the Actuate Viewer on a Microsoft Windows client (Mobile Web Client). When the instance file is requested by a Web browser (directly from the Reports Server in Web client and dedicated Web client environments), it is converted to browser-specific DHTML format from the ROI. This is illustrated in [Figure 15](#).



**Figure 15. Actuate Report Generation and Display Steps**

As shown in [Figure 15 on page 140](#), the ROI file generated by the Run Now operation can be sent directly to the Siebel Reports Server for long-term storage and availability. The ROI file is also accessed by Web browsers and thin clients. When in the Siebel Web Client, the user specifies whether immediate display or Reports Server processing is required when requesting the report.

## Development Environment

This section summarizes certain features of the Actuate development environment as they apply to Siebel reports. The specifics of using Actuate e.Report Designer Professional are explained in greater detail in *Developing Advanced e.Reports*, in the Actuate documentation set.

### Actuate File Types

Actuate uses or generates files of the following nine types:

- **ROD (Report Object Design).** An ROD file is a report layout file. An ROD file exists for each standard report, and you create a new ROD file for each new report you create. The ROD files for the standard reports are provided with Siebel Tools.
- **ROL (Report Object Library).** An ROL file is a library file. A library file contains reusable components you can add to design files. Since you can subclass, copy, or reference objects from libraries, you usually can reuse existing ones, and you do not have to understand how to construct them.
- **BAS (BASIC source code).** A BAS file is generated during the build and compilation processes. It is generated from the ROD file being compiled and from all included library modules from ROL files. It is an intermediate file format used in the subsequent compilation step and is not directly modified by the developer. A BAS file can also be used to implement reusable Actuate BASIC routines for inclusion in report designs.
- **ROX (Report Object Executable).** An ROX file is an executable report, that is, a compiled ROD file. When you run a report, the Siebel application executes the ROX file. Note that Siebel applications include ROX files for the standard reports. When you customize standard reports or create new reports, you need to replace the corresponding ROX files or add them to the appropriate directory to make them available to the Siebel application.

- **ROI (Report Object Instance).** An instance file is what the user sees when the report is running in the Actuate window in the Siebel application. You interact with an instance file only when saving a report or when viewing it using an external viewer (Siebel Mobile Web Client mode).
- **ROV (Report Parameter Values).** The parameter values file contains a report request's parameter definitions and values. Actuate creates the parameter values file automatically when users issue a request. The user enters parameter values in the Application screen (see parameterized reports documentation) then the information is written to a parameter values file, which can then be used to generate a report based on the specified parameter values.
- **ROP (Report Object Parameter).** A file that contains a list of report parameters used by an open server report.
- **ROW (Report Object Web).** A structured storage file that contains bitmap, graphics, HTML information, and other information needed for an e.report. Report object web files are created by the Actuate e.Reporting Server and can be used only in the Report Encyclopedia.

---

**NOTE:** If a control is not seen properly, or seems to have disappeared in the ROI file, review how the control is placed in the ROD file. Check the positioning, the size, and whether the control is overlapping another control. However, even if the control has the correct position or size, it still may not be seen properly in the ROI file. For more information about this, please review Technical Note 233 on Siebel SupportWeb.

---

- **DHTML (Web page).** A DHTML file is what the user sees when the report is obtained from the Reports Server using a Web browser (Siebel Web Client mode).

## Directory Structure

Actuate files in the Siebel environment reside in the following subdirectories of the Siebel development and client directories:

- **Executables Directory.** *C:\Siebel\_client\reports\language\_code*. In the typical installation for English-speaking users, this is *C:\Siebel\reports\enu*. Report executables (ROX files) must appear in this directory to run. Note that if your installation directory for Siebel applications is not *C:\Siebel*, this will be the *\reports* subdirectory of the directory where the Siebel eBusiness Applications software resides. If multiple languages are supported, a separate subdirectory of *\reports* is provided for each and is identified by its language code, such as *C:\Siebel\reports\deu* or *C:\Siebel\reports\fra*.
- **Development Directory.** *C:\Siebel\_development\rptsrc\language\_code*. *Rptsrc* is the development directory; it holds ROD and ROL files. In the typical installation, this is *C:\Siebdev\rptsrc*. It is divided into subdirectories by language. New reports that you create should be placed here, in the *\language\_code* subdirectory. Each language subdirectory is further divided into *\standard* and *\lib*, such as *C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu\standard* and *C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu\lib*.
- **Standard Reports Directory.**  
*C:\Siebel\_development\rptsrc\language\_code\standard*. An example is *C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu\standard*. This subdirectory is where the design files for the standard reports are located. Do not place custom reports in this directory; use *\language\_code* instead or create a subdirectory of *\language\_code* called *\custom* or something similar.
- **Libraries Directory.** *C:\Siebel\_development\rptsrc\language\_code\lib*. An example is *C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu\lib*. The datastream (source data definition) files are located here. These are generated from within Siebel Tools. This folder also contains the library files that are used by all Siebel reports, such as *sssiebel.rol*, *sscustom.rol*, and so on.

You develop the ROD file in the standard reports directory or the development directory, depending on whether you are modifying a standard report or creating a new report. You compile the finished design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional and move the resulting ROX file to the executables directory. Initially, you would deploy the ROX file on your own computer for testing. When it is ready to be deployed, the ROX file goes to this location on each client computer.

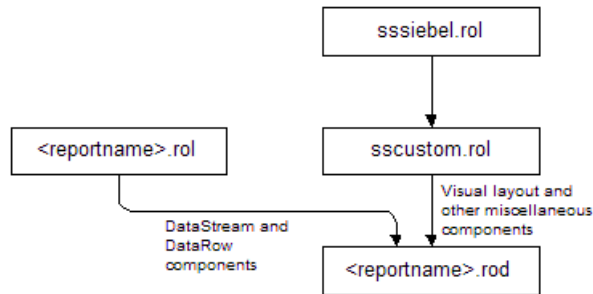
## Actuate Libraries

Every Siebel report, whether standard or custom, includes the following libraries:

- **sssiebel.rol.** This is also known as the Siebel library. It is derived from `afc.rol` and contains all the base classes for the `sscustom` library. It is automatically included as a part of `sscustom.rol`. Do not modify the contents of `sssiebel.rol`.
- **sscustom.rol.** This is also known as the Custom library. It is derived from the `sssiebel.rol` library. You can make modifications in `sscustom.rol` to make global changes to fonts, headings, and so on that impact all reports. While making modifications is accepted, this file is not to be used as a scratch pad. Before making any changes to this library, make a backup copy of the out-of-the-box `sscustom.rol` file. Do not delete any files from this directory. You will frequently incorporate subclassed or copied objects from `sscustom.rol` into report design files you are creating or modifying.
- **<reportname>.rol.** This is your data supply library file; there is one for each Actuate report used by your Siebel application. For example, the ACLIST (Account List) report will have a datastream file called `Aclist.rol`. The data supply library file is automatically generated by Siebel Tools for the currently selected report object definition when you choose the Generate Actuate Report option from the Tools menu.
- **sssiebel.bas.** This is also known as the `sssiebel` BASIC file. It is a BASIC source code file containing methods used by all Siebel reports, especially for object and data interfaces between Siebel and Actuate. It is included in all standard reports by default and must be included in custom reports so that they work correctly for server reporting.



Figure 16 illustrates the inheritance structure of components in a report design file.



**Figure 16. Inheritance Structure of Components in a Siebel Report**

The classes in the sssiebel.rol library are derived from the Actuate Foundation Class library. As shown in Figure 16, the classes in sscustom.rol are derived from sssiebel.rol classes. The sssiebel.rol library is a system layer providing a link between Actuate and Siebel applications. sssiebel.rol is reserved for Siebel product enhancements and should not be modified by a developer. The sscustom.rol library is provided for modifications by developers, although you will use most of its components unmodified in your report designs. You should never modify the sssiebel.rol library, only the sscustom.rol library.

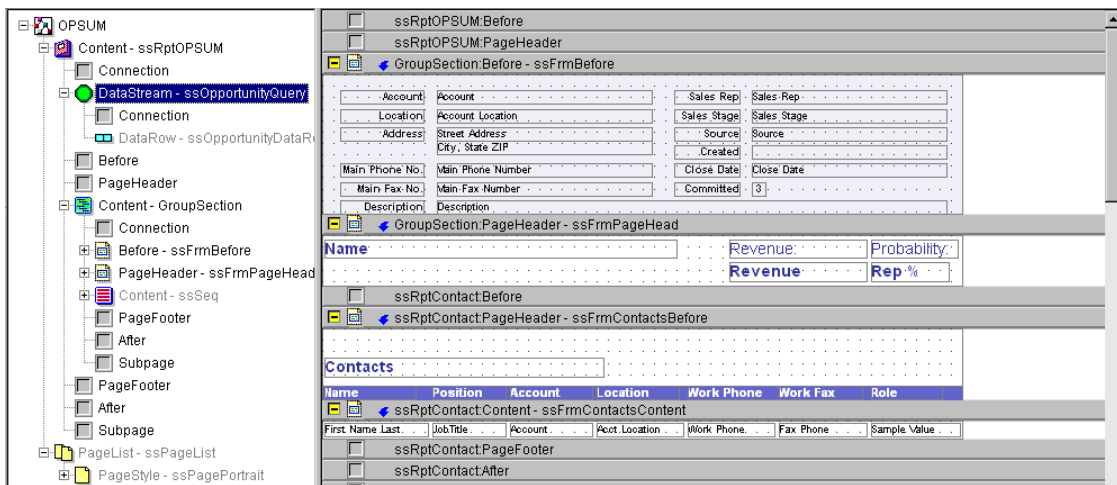
---

**NOTE:** Components from afc.rol (and or components from the Actuate e.Report Designer Professional toolbar) and sssiebel.rol should not be used by report developers for designing Siebel-Actuate reports. When developing Siebel application reports, only use the sscustom.rol library.

---

## Actuate Design Files

An ROD file is a report design file. It defines the layout, structure, and behavior of a report. The ROD files for the standard Siebel reports are provided with Siebel Tools. A design file is modified in the main window of the Actuate e.Report Designer Professional software, called the Design Editor window. The design file for the Opportunity Summary report (Opsum.rod) as it appears in the Design Editor is shown in [Figure 17](#).



**Figure 17. Report Design for a Siebel Report in the Design Editor**

The Design Editor window consists of a structure tree on the left and a layout grid on the right. The structure tree is populated with components. The nodes (also called slots) that hold these components can be of various types according to their use and behavior in the report. Specialized icons identify the types of their corresponding components. Of particular interest are the following node types in the structure:

- **Report node.** Identifies the current report. This is the top-level component (OPSUM in [Figure 17](#)).

- **Content node.** Identifies where the content is coming from in some portion of the report and how it is laid out. A content node often contains page header, before, content, after, and page footer nodes, which correspond to frames (rectangular report areas) in which visual report elements can be laid out.
- **Datastream node.** Identifies the source of data. In reports for Siebel applications, this is a set of rows corresponding to a current view; its columns are from one or more business components. The datastream node in the structure actually points to an external library file, which is generated from Siebel Tools based on the contents of report (and child) object definitions in Siebel Tools.
- **Pagelist node.** Holds general page layout information for the report and generally is also obtained from an external library file that is common to all the reports.

Recall that Actuate is an object-oriented software product. Each of the icons in the structure tree represents an object, which can have child objects (as illustrated in the tree) and which has a properties list that you can edit. You may note the similarity to Siebel Object Explorer.

The class assigned to an object in Actuate determines its behavior. When new objects are created, or moved from one location to another, you need to be careful not to alter the relationship between an object and its current class, except when you are explicitly told to do so. The following three concepts are related to changing the relationship between an object and its class:

- **Subclassing.** Subclassing an object results in the creation of its own class. This class is based on and linked to the class of the original object. All updates to the original object are inherited by your new object, except for updates to the parts you have changed in the subclass. This technique is commonly used in Siebel reports so that your reports inherit new behavior as Siebel products are upgraded.
- **Referencing.** Referencing means referring to an existing component rather than creating a new component. You use a reference when an existing component meets your needs and you want to use it exactly as it is, no matter how it might change in the future.
- **Copying.** You can copy a component from one part of a report design to another. After you copy a component, it has no relationship to the component from which it was copied.

See the information on concepts in *Developing Advanced e.Reports* in the Actuate e.Report Designer Professional documentation for a review of Actuate concepts.

## How the Siebel Application and Actuate Interact

In Siebel Web Client, the report instance is obtained by the client in DHTML rather than ROI format, and the report is viewed using a Web browser child window. In Siebel Mobile Web Client, the Actuate Viewer is called the Siebel Report Viewer.

---

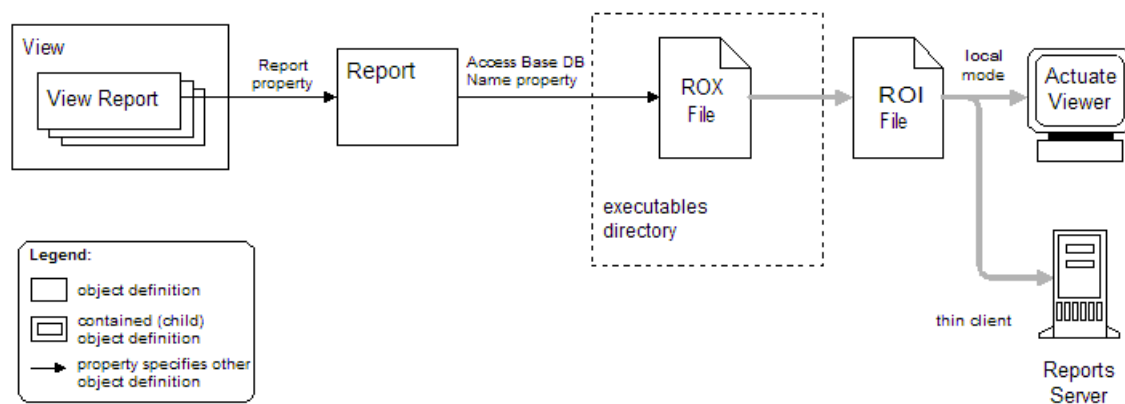
**NOTE:** The Siebel Report Viewer does not allow configuring of the menu items on the actual viewer.

---

The current business object (obtained from the view) and the current query create a context that determines which data is sent to the report. In Mobile Web Client reporting mode in Windows, the data is passed through variables across the interface between the Siebel application and the embedded Actuate viewer, and it is accessed using methods in the report design. In Web Client reporting mode, the object interface is between the Object Manager and the Reports Server.

When the user chooses the report from the Reports Server tab, a corresponding report executable (ROX file) is invoked locally and the resulting instance (ROI file) is displayed. When the user is running a report from Siebel Web Client, the report executable is invoked on the Reports Server at the appropriate time, and the instance is stored on the Reports Server. It may also be obtained automatically from the Reports Server for local display, depending on the environment and the user's request.

Each menu option available in the view exists because a view report object definition is present as a child of the view object definition. Each view report object definition references a report object definition, which in turn references a report name. This is shown in Figure 18.



**Figure 18. Implementation of Menu Options in a View**

The reports available for execution by the Siebel application, in ROX format, are stored by locale in `C:\Siebel_client\reports\language_code`.

The language code is that of the current locale, specified in the CFG file used in invoking the application. For example, U.S. English report executables are in `C:\Siebel\reports\enu`, and this is the directory from which identified report executables are obtained when U.S. English is the current language; that is, the Language parameter in the application's CFG file is unspecified or set to ENU. Additional locale-specific report executables reside in distinct directories, one directory per locale. For example, a `\deu` folder contains German-language report executables.

## Run-Time Behavior

You can demonstrate the relationships (in Dedicated Web Client reporting mode) among a Siebel application, the Actuate software components, and an Actuate report designed for the Siebel environment.

### **To see the relationship between a Siebel report and the Actuate and Siebel software**

- 1** If a Siebel application is running on your desktop, close it. Open the Actuate e.Report Designer Professional software.
- 2** Choose File > Open and navigate to Aclist.rod in C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu.

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

- 3** Click the run button to compile and execute the report.

You see an error message such as:

```
OLE Server couldn't be started.
```

- 4** Click OK.

You see another error message such as:

```
This message is available only in English: A fatal error has occurred while generating the report. Please contact your administrator.
```

- 5** Close this error message box and halt the report execution.
- 6** Open Siebel Sales from the Start menu.
- 7** From the application-level menu, choose View > Site Map > Opportunities > My Opportunities.

The wrong view is intentionally being opened to demonstrate the result.

**8** Return to Actuate e.Report Designer Professional with the Siebel application still open.

**9** Run the report again by clicking the run button.

This time you see a different message, such as:

```
Finishing...  
Idle  
There is no data to display.
```

**10** Close the Actuate Output message box and return to Siebel Sales.

**11** From the application-level menu, choose View > Site Map > Accounts > My Accounts.

**12** Return to Actuate e.Report Designer Professional and click the run button.

This time, the Account List report should run successfully.

This exercise demonstrates that a Siebel report does not run locally in Actuate unless two conditions are met:

- A Siebel application is running, making the Siebel software available as an OLE container.
- The current view in the application is based on the correct business object for supplying data to the report being run. In the case of the example, a report listing account data requires that a view based on the Accounts business object be active.

Since a user executes Siebel reports only from the views in which they are designed to be run, these kinds of errors do not occur in a properly configured Siebel application.

Note that when the user restricts the data in the view with a query, only the data meeting the query constraints appears in the report. The Siebel application passes only the data from the current query to the Actuate viewer.

## Run-Time Report Parameters

Table 10 describes the parameters passed through the report request to the Siebel Object Manager when the report is initiated. The report will not run if parameters are not defined correctly. For more information, see “[baseReport](#)” on page 417.

**Table 10. Report Parameters**

Report Parameter	Description
ssActiveRowId	Active row-id of primary business component for the report. Used for current-record-only reports.
ssBookmark	Contains information about business component state, including queries, when the report request is submitted.
ssBusObjectName	Name of the business object corresponding to the active view.
ssLanguage	Language code.
ssOLEServer	Specifies the OLE server to connect to in order to obtain data displayed in the report. In version 7.0, OLE server is TWSiebel.SiebelWEBApplication.1 for interactively generated reports in Mobile Web Client and Siebel Report Server Access for server-based reports.
ssPassword	Siebel password.
ssPositionId	The current position Id of the user.
ssSearchSpec	Search specification. Set in Tools or in the report design.
ssSiebelSever	Siebel Server connect string. Used for the client to establish connection with the Siebel Server.
ssSortSpec	Sort specification. Set in the report design.
ssUserName	Siebel user name.
ssViewMode	Used for setting view mode on the Siebel Server side during report generation. Based on current view from which report is submitted or value set using Tools.



## Data Definition for Reports

The ROD file for a Siebel report must reference its datastream components from an ROL file, rather than through the data source and query definition processes used for non-Siebel reports in Actuate. This is because the Actuate viewer is obtaining data through the Siebel object interface rather than by directly accessing the database. This is consistent with Siebel standards for making sure that data access is always at the business object level, rather than data object level.

The structure of the exported data must be consistent between the Siebel application and the Actuate executable so that the data will be usable by the report. To accomplish this, the structure of the data for each report is defined in Siebel Tools using a report object definition and its children. It is then exported to a datastream file in ROL format using the Generate Actuate Report option in the Tools menu in Siebel Tools. The name of the ROL file to be generated is specified in the Template Name property in the report object definition in Siebel Tools.

The relationships between the names of the data supply ROL, report design, and executable files are explained in [Table 11](#).

**Table 11. Relationships Between ROL, ROD, and ROX Filenames**

File	How Used	Where Name Is Specified
Data supply (ROL) file	Generated from Siebel Tools and loaded into ROD file as an included module.	Template Name property of the report object definition.
Report design (ROD) file	Specifies the layout and behavior of the report; subsequently compiled into an ROX file.	Identified to the Siebel application using the Access Base DB Name property of the report object definition. Originally created in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.
Executable (ROX) file	Runs the report when executed.	Automatically receives the same name as the ROD, except for the filename extension.

The generated ROL file, by convention, has the same name as the ROD file into which it is intended to be incorporated. For example, the Opportunities - Summary report object definition specifies the name OPSUM in both the Template Name and Access Base DB Name properties, and the corresponding report design file is Opsum.rod. When a data supply library file is exported from Siebel Tools for this report, it is given the name Opsum.rol because of the Template Name setting. When the ROD file is compiled, the resulting executable is given the name Opsum.rox by Actuate e.Report Designer Professional. When the Siebel application invokes the executable from the view, the file it invokes is Opsum.rox because of the Access Base DB Name setting.

---

**NOTE:** It is not required that the data supply ROL filename match the filename of the ROD file into which it is incorporated. However, it is good design practice to have a separate data supply ROL file for each ROD file and to match the names where possible.

---

## Data Supply ROL Files

All ROL files contain reusable components that can be subclassed into design files in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional. For example, a report design subclasses design elements such as label, text, and frame controls from sscustom.rol, as described in [Chapter 8, “Global Report Modifications.”](#) The incorporation of a data supply library file into the corresponding design file is a special application of this subclassing methodology. A report design subclasses the datastream component from the corresponding data supply ROL file.

The datastream component contains methods for accessing the necessary report data from the correct business object through the Siebel object interface. One or more data row components are defined for use by the datastream, each specifying the list of fields for a business component whose records are to be retrieved. The logic for the datastream component fetches and deletes instances of the data row until all records in the current query (and subqueries, if applicable) have been obtained and processed into the report.

You can view the contents of the datastream and data row components in a report design using the Method Editor and the Component Editor.

**To view the contents of a datastream component**

- 1 Open a standard Siebel report in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional, for example, Actlist.rod in C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu\standard.

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

- 2 Expand the main report section component and double-click the datastream component.

The Component Editor window appears.

- 3 Click the Methods tab.
- 4 Choose Start in the method picklist at the upper left in the window.  
The text for the datastream's Start method appears in the Method Editor window.
- 5 Examine the code for this method. Notice that this code activates each exported field in the business component.
- 6 Select Fetch in the Method picklist and examine the code for the Fetch method. Notice that the code obtains the value for each exported field.

The data supply library file for a report is loaded into the report design file by invoking the Tools > Library Organizer menu option in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional. Its datastream and data row components subclass the AcDataSource and AcDataRow components in the Actuate Foundation Class library, respectively. The methods in the data supply library file override corresponding methods in the foundation class library. The contents of these methods are generated code, produced from the list of report fields and other report object definition properties and children in Siebel Tools.

**To view the contents of a data row component**

- 1 If you have not already opened a standard Siebel report, follow [Step 1 on page 155](#) in the previous procedure.

- 2** Expand the datastream component in the component tree and select the data row component.
- 3** Right-click the data row component and select Properties in the pop-up window. The Component Editor window opens.
- 4** Click the Variables tab.

The list of variables defined in the data row appears.

Notice that all the variable names are in black, rather than gray, except for RowNumber. This indicates that these variables are defined locally in the class code, rather than inherited from the parent AcDataRow class.

Notice too that the names of the variables are modified field names from the business component. The prefix *ss* has been added to each, and spaces and special characters have been replaced with underscore (`_`) characters.

The automatic definition of a set of variables, corresponding to the list of exported report fields, is the role of part of the generated code in the data supply library.

## Siebel Report Object Types

The following object types are used in Siebel Tools to define the structure of the data for each report and are used to generate the data supply ROL file for that report:

- **Report object type.** A report object definition provides the high-level properties for one report. Report properties identify the filenames of the generated data supply library and the report executable, the business component name, the report type (Actuate or Access), and so on. The property types:
  - **Business Component property.** This specifies the business component whose data is used in the main report. The business component of the subreport is specified in the subreport object definition.
  - **Template Name property.** This is the name of the data supply library generated in Siebel Tools (without the ROL extension) that supplies information to Actuate about the report. This property is left blank for Access reports. It is also left blank for custom Actuate reports in which the data supply library file is too complex to generate from Siebel Tools, and must be created as program code.
  - **Access Base DB Name property.** For Actuate reports, this is the name of the executable file (without the ROX extension) that the Siebel application will run when the report is selected. For Access reports, this is the MDB (database) file that contains the report specification.
  - **Class property.** The CSSActuateReportViewer class identifies an Actuate report. The CSSAccessReport class identifies an Access report. The CSSReport class identifies a report that is generated as a delimited text file for Microsoft Excel or Crystal Reports.

- **Search Specification property.** The conditional expression used to retrieve a subset of records. If a search specification is defined in the report object definition and you want to run the report from Actuate e.Report Designer Professional, the search specification does not pass through from Siebel Tools. To check if the search specification is working, you will have to run it from the Siebel application.

---

**NOTE:** The same result occurs if the Current Record Only property (a type of search specification) is defined. Setting this property to TRUE does not pass through to Actuate e.Report Designer Professional from Siebel Tools.

---

Also, if you set a search specification on your parent datastream in Actuate Start(), this search spec will override the dynamic view query results in the report and look through all the records in the business component.

- **Sort Specification property.** You can set a sort specification in a report object definition to send the rows to Actuate through the datastream in sorted order. Otherwise, the rows are sent in the sort order on the current view. Ordering the data coming from the Siebel application will, at a minimum, improve performance when the report runs, and may be required to make the report work.

---

**NOTE:** Setting a search or sort specification property is also possible for subreports.

---

- **Menu Text property.** The menu text to appear in the Reports menu when this report is included in the active view by means of a view report object definition.
- **Client Only property.** Determines whether a report is available to Siebel thin clients and for server-mode reporting. If TRUE, the report is available only for client-mode reporting on a dedicated client. If FALSE, the report is available for both client-mode and server-mode reporting on either dedicated or thin clients.
- **Parameter Applet property.** The name of a parameter entry pop-up applet created in Siebel Tools.

- **Report Field object type.** A report field object definition identifies one field to be included in the report from the report's business component. In Actuate reports, the list of report field object definitions is incorporated into the data supply library file when it is generated. For a field to appear in the datastream, and hence in the report when it is run, it must be included as a report field object definition for the report in Siebel Tools. You can list more report fields than are actually used in the report. Note, however, that the system retrieves all listed fields, so listing unused fields needlessly degrades report performance. Each field in the ROL file is a variable on the child data row component of a datastream.
- **Report Locale object type.** A report field object definition that identifies the language-specific overrides associated with the Report object type.
- **Sub Report object type.** A subreport object definition that uses data from a detail business component and contains information to manage a detail portion of a master-detail report. One datastream component is included in the data supply ROL file for the main report and for each subreport child of the report. Each detail datastream component is generated from a subreport object definition and its subreport field children.
- **Sub Report Field object type.** A subreport field object definition identifies one field to be included in the subreport from the subreport's business component. The list of subreport field object definitions goes into the subreport datastream component as variables in the data row.

The following object types are used to attach a specific report, as defined in its report object definition, to a specific view:

- **View Report object type.** A view report object definition creates an association between a report object definition and a view, causing that report to be available in the Reports menu when the view is active.
- **View Report Locale object type.** A view report object definition that identifies the language-specific overrides associated with the View Report object type.

---

**NOTE:** In Actuate, an apostrophe indicates that code after it will be read as comments. As a result, a field name in any of the report objects that contains an apostrophe will result in compilation errors.

---

You can also create Report objects using the New Report wizard in Siebel Tools. As displayed in [Figure 19](#), you will provide the following information:

- From a drop-down list, select the project the report will be a part of.
- Input a new, unique name for the report.
- From a drop-down list, select the business component the report will use to build the output.
- Input the text to be displayed in the Reports menu for the report.

**New Report**

This wizard will help you create a new Report.

Select the Project this Report will be part of from the list.

Account

Enter a name for the new Report. This name must be unique among all Reports in all Projects.

My Report

Choose the Business Component this Report will use to build the output. Select a Business Component from the list.

Account

Enter the text displayed in the Reports menu for this Report. This will be what the user sees when choosing a Report.

My Report

< Back Finish Cancel

**Figure 19. Report Wizard**

This wizard has only one page. When you click Finish, you are taken to the report you just created in the Object List Editor, where you can further configure the new Report object.

For more information about wizards, see *Siebel Tools Reference*.



In addition to report object types, virtual business components may be used to create reports. Virtual business components allow you to represent external data as a business component within a Siebel application. They also allow the use of business services to transfer data. For more information about virtual business components, see *Siebel Tools Reference* and *Overview: Siebel eBusiness Application Integration Volume I*.

---

**NOTE:** For information on the set of properties for these object types, see object types on *Siebel Tools Online Help*.

---

## Additional Siebel-Actuate Reporting Issues

This section covers various additional issues that pertain to reporting in Siebel applications.

### Installation

Note the following points about software installation:

- Actuate e.Report Designer Professional is installed on a Windows client PC from the Siebel Windows client CD-ROM. Follow the instructions in *Installing Actuate e.Report Designer Professional Release 6*, in the Actuate documentation set on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf*.
- Installation of the Report Server components is described in [Chapter 1, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for Microsoft Windows”](#) or [Chapter 2, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for UNIX”](#) depending on the operating system you are using.
- Actuate Report Viewer is automatically installed with a Siebel application when loading the Mobile Web Client environment.
- Siebel Reports Server, as of release 7.5, allows running reports in multiple languages using the same instance of the Reports Server. Unlike in previous versions, there is no need to deploy a language-specific Reports Server on separate machines.

You should also be aware of the following configuration file parameters in `tools.cfg` (the configuration file for Siebel Tools):

- **ActuateeRDProDir.** Specifies the location of the Actuate e.Report Designer Professional software.
- **TemplateDestDir.** Specifies the directory location where data supply library files are created when they are exported from Siebel Tools. The default is `C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu\lib`.

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an `\enu` folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as `\deu` for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

The following parameter in the configuration file for each Siebel application should be set as indicated:

- **EnableOLEAutomation.** By default, this is set to `TRUE`. This setting allows local generation of Siebel reports. Note that this is the case even if you do not have or use the Siebel Object Interfaces feature.

## Upgrading Custom Reports

Upgrading custom reports involves a short process to complete. The following steps will need to be completed for each custom report you have created.

Before starting, make sure that the latest release of Actuate e.Report Designer Professional version 6.0 is installed on your machine. The following upgrade instructions are specifically for Siebel Reports 6.0 and later. For more information, read *Upgrading to Actuate e.Reporting Suite 6* in the Actuate documentation section on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf*.

### **To upgrade a custom report to version 7.x for Actuate 6**

- 1 Using an existing custom report from version 6.0 and later, retrieve an ROD (report design) file.
- 2 Generate an ROL (report library) file from Siebel Tools.

- a** In Siebel Tools, navigate to Reports and select a desired report.
  - b** From the Tools menu, select the Generate Actuate Report option.
- 3** Place the ROD file and the generated ROL file (and other necessary libraries) in a directory on your machine.
- 4** Open the ROD file in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.
- 5** Compile the report to generate an ROX (report executable) file by selecting the Build option from the Report menu.

---

**NOTE:** Regarding upgrading of the `sscustom.rol` file from one release to the next, the format of the file is upgraded, but any custom changes are not. After an upgrade you have to manually add any changes and adjustments to the new version of the `sscustom.rol`.

---

## Upgrading Forecasting Reports

Forecasting reports no longer require special design techniques to create. These reports can be created using Siebel Tools and Actuate e.Report Designer Professional like other custom reports that are described in this book.

The modifications made to Forecasting in this release necessitate creating new forecasting reports. The data from the 6.x forecasting reports can be converted to Siebel 7.x. However, the forecasting reports themselves are not upgradable.

For more information on forecasting see *Siebel Forecasting Guide*.

### Migration of Non-Actuate Reports

Previously designed custom reports in other reporting applications than Actuate accessed data either using a ODBC data source or an external file that is populated when the user navigates to a specific view in Siebel eBusiness Applications. However, such data access is useful only with client-side reporting and can not be used while running server-based reports in the Web Client. Further, report generation and viewing through the Web browser is easier and more convenient with server-based reporting, particularly for business users running the applications in the Web Client from anywhere. Therefore, all custom reports designed in reporting applications other than in Actuate should be redesigned and implemented using this guide with Siebel Tools and Actuate e.Reporting Designer Professional.

While running reports in the Web Client, data access for reports is possible through a custom Siebel-Actuate integration layer from Siebel business objects layer. The same configured business object layer provides data to both the Siebel application user interface and to Siebel report generation processes. Therefore, the business logic built around the underlying tables can be reused consistently across all reports enhancing the access of context specific data, and eliminating the need for high-maintenance SQL queries or custom code. Accessing data from Siebel business objects also enables convenient migration of custom reports and ongoing administration of visibility rules.

### Maintaining the Actuate e.Reporting Server

The administrator should perform certain on-going maintenance tasks to assure the continued performance of the Actuate e.Reporting Server. In addition to maintaining the Report Server performance, the administrator should perform user administration, which includes setting up users and roles, creating and modifying their preferences, configuring printers, creating auto-archive policies, and maintaining security of the encyclopedia. For details of administration tasks please refer to *Administering Actuate e.Reporting System* manual on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

**Managing process groups.** The administrator may create new Factory/View/Print Process Groups as part of managing report server resources. The administrator may increase the number of factory processes to have multiple reports generated simultaneously. Please see *Administering Actuate e.Reporting System* for more details.

**Port configuration.** The administrator may need to open more free ports to Report Server (particularly in a firewall environment) to enhance the number of concurrent user connections for report generation and viewing. Actuate's *Administering Actuate e.Reporting System* describes port configuration both for report generation and viewing.

**Deleting completed requests.** The administrator may modify the user preferences in the Actuate Management Console to have the completed request notifications deleted automatically upon report generation or after a certain length of time. However, this effort might be cumbersome with a large number of users, and an automated process can be used instead.

Periodically, the administrator may run the utility `actcleanup6.exe` as described in the ["Installing Siebel Reports Server Utility"](#) on page 56.

Additionally, the administrator may purge completed request notifications more frequently. See Actuate's *Administering Actuate e.Reporting System* for more information.

**Periodic shutdown.** The Actuate e.Reporting Server maintains a lookup table of the contents of the encyclopedia and updates this table when the report server is shut down and restarted. The lookup table size increases with the number of completed request notifications, report files (ROI), users, or roles. The lookup table does not always automatically decrease in size when these are deleted unless the report server is restarted. Therefore, the administrator should periodically shut down and restart Actuate services (in Windows) and processes (in AIX and Solaris).

### Dynamic Versus Static Reports

Dynamic and static reports are two classifications of reports based on the Dynamic View setting in Siebel Tools. These two classifications are described as follows:

- **Dynamic reports.** Reports with a Dynamic View property setting of TRUE. A dynamic report displays the records in the view from which it is started and includes only those records that are displayed through the current query. All standard Siebel reports are, by default, dynamic.
- **Static reports.** Reports with a Dynamic View property setting of FALSE. A static report ignores the current query and queries the entire business component, subject to the user's visibility. This is useful only when the view's data is too limited for the report, which may be true of certain management reports. Also, reporting on information independently of what is being displayed in the view is another reason for running a static report. You specify the business object, sort specification, search specification, and view mode for a static report directly in the report object definition. Otherwise, these properties are left blank.

---

**NOTE:** If the main report business component has a search or sort specification property, or uses a field that is not already active, its query must be reexecuted. Also, a parent business component for a report will still use a sort specification property, even though it has an asterisk that says for Static reports.

---

You should make sure the Dynamic View property is set to TRUE for custom reports you create, unless static behavior is what you want.

Currently it is not possible to create a static report (a report where the Dynamic View property is FALSE, and the Business Object and View Mode properties are not blank) and then run this report on the Siebel Reports Server. This is a result of the following reasons:

- The business object passed to the Siebel Reports Server is always of the view from where the report was requested.
- The Siebel application will block the report request when one tries to execute a report whose business object entered is different than the one of the current view.

## Using a Datastream Twice

Two sequential report sections can use the same datastream. However, this approach generates the “Operation is not allowed on sql object in forward only mode” error message. The workaround is to comment out the SetForwardOnly mode statement in the ROL’s Fetch method. This approach will negatively impact the performance of the report. The datastream is read once each time it is executed.

Another approach is to retrieve the data once and store the rows in a global list variable that can be used as the datasource of subsequent report sections. The steps to accomplish this, with a few modifications, are described in [Chapter 13, “Sorting Records in Memory.”](#)

## sssiebel.bas and Migration Considerations

The sssiebel.bas BASIC file must be included in all report design files for Siebel reports. This is because some object interface methods are in use that are referenced in this file.

---

**NOTE:** In general, the sssiebel.bas file is automatically loaded when the sssiebel.rol file is loaded for a report. A manual loading of this file is usually not necessary. However, in some cases (such as in legacy design or a lost association with sssiebel.rol), the user may need to include sssiebel.bas if indicated by Actuate.

---

Another important migration consideration is that data supply ROL files must be generated from Siebel Tools version 7.x to work correctly with server reporting. You must regenerate the data supply ROL files for all your custom report design files.

## Backing Up Report Design and Library Files

You should create a set of development directories for report source files—particularly report design files and library files—to make sure that older versions are not overwritten. Ideally, you should employ source code control software for this purpose. When modifications are made repeatedly to a single set of source files in one location, possibly by multiple developers, you risk the loss of report design and development effort. A system for backing up source files and retaining earlier versions significantly reduces this risk.

### Emailing a Report

You can send a report instance (ROI) file to another Siebel user for viewing. The recipient opens the Srviewer.exe application (located in C:\Siebel\bin), clicks the Open File button, and navigates to the desired ROI file. This opens the report instance in the Actuate Report Viewer.

It is not necessary for a Siebel application to be running or for the recipient to have the view or data used in generating the report. This is because an ROI file is self-contained.

However, the Srviewer.exe program cannot be sent to a non-Siebel user. It requires that certain DLL files be installed as well as the executable.

For non-Siebel users who require electronic copies of report output, you can employ one of these alternatives:

- Create a report that looks acceptable in HTML and send it as an HTML file. Be aware that there are limitations such as printability, the entire report being a single HTML page, and so on.
- If the report output is present on the Reports Server, download it in PDF format and send the file.
- For local reports, if you have the appropriate Adobe PDF printer driver installed, you can generate a PDF file by printing with that driver and then emailing the resulting file.

---

**NOTE:** To enable email notification from the Actuate e.Reporting Server, Microsoft Exchange Server must be used as the email Server. Email notification will not work if a standard SMTP email server is used. For more information, see *Administering Actuate e.Reporting System* manual on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf*.

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## Printing

If you set the paper size in the report design, the setting is ignored when the report is printed. The report will always use the default setting in the print setup. Also, the setting in the report design can only take effect if the Actuate API is used. However, the use of Actuate APIs is not recommended in Siebel eBusiness applications.

Also, if the default page size is changed on the Page Setup from Letter to Legal, when in the report viewer, the change will only last as long as your PC is not rebooted or restarted. If you restart, the default paper size reverts back to Letter. This behavior is relevant in the Mobile Web Client environment, which uses the Siebel Report Viewer.

For more information regarding printing, see Actuate's *Using e.Reports* manual on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

## **Getting Started**

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*Additional Siebel-Actuate Reporting Issues*

Global customization applies to all reports, rather than to a single report. It is accomplished by making changes to components in the sscustom library and propagating those changes to all the reports that use those components.

Global layout customization provides a good introduction to Siebel report customization because it is relatively quick and straightforward and generally involves modifications to a small number of property settings. Typical global modifications are those made to the header or footer, such as putting a different company name or logo in the header. Another global modification might be setting a different default font size and style for all reports.

A change to a library component is a global report modification because it affects all the reports that use that component. You always make global modifications in the sscustom library. For example, if you edit the font property of the ssLbl (label) component in the sscustom library, any part of a report that uses ssLbl will use the new font that you specified. You must recompile each report for the change to affect that report.

The procedures in this chapter demonstrate how to modify the page layout objects in the sscustom library, then recompile one report so that the global layout change is applied in that report. Two example procedures are provided:

- Changing the font that is used on all the text and label controls throughout the reports
- Changing the company logo that is used on all the reports

---

**NOTE:** After a global report modification, recompiling reports in batches is possible using the Actuate e.Reporting Designer Professional executable, Erdpro.exe. For more information, see “Upgrading reports to Actuate 6” in *Upgrading to Actuate e.Reporting Suite 6* on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf*.

---

# Changing the Font on All Reports

You can change the font that is used on all the text and label controls throughout the reports. You change the `Font.FaceName` property on the `ssTxt` (text) library control and on the `ssLbl` (label) library control, as shown in the following steps. All report text and label controls are derived from `ssTxt` and `ssLbl`.

In order to make and test the appropriate changes, you will need to:

- Open a report design file.
- Edit the label and text controls in `sscustom`.
- Compile and run the report.
- Save the changes to `sscustom`.

### **To open a report design file and the corresponding Siebel view**

- 1** Open Siebel Sales.
- 2** From the application-level menu, choose `View > Site Map > Accounts > My Accounts`.

This step is necessary so that Siebel data can be communicated to the Actuate report when the report is tested.

- 3** Open the Actuate e.Report Designer Professional software from the Start menu.
- 4** Choose `File > Open`, then locate and select `Aclist.rod` in the `C:\Siebel\rptsrc\enu\standard` folder.

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an `\enu` folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as `\deu` for Germany.

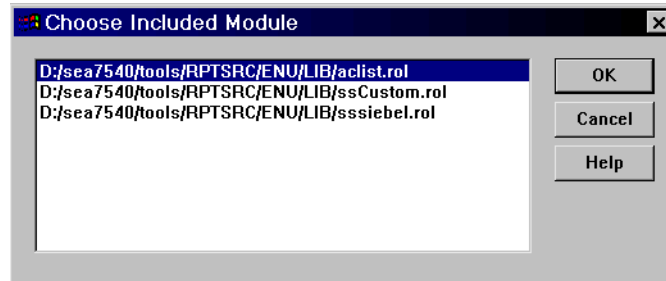
See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

The Design Editor window displays the Account List report design.

**To edit the label and text controls in sscustom**

- 1 Click the library browser button.

The Choose Included Module dialog box appears as shown in the following figure.

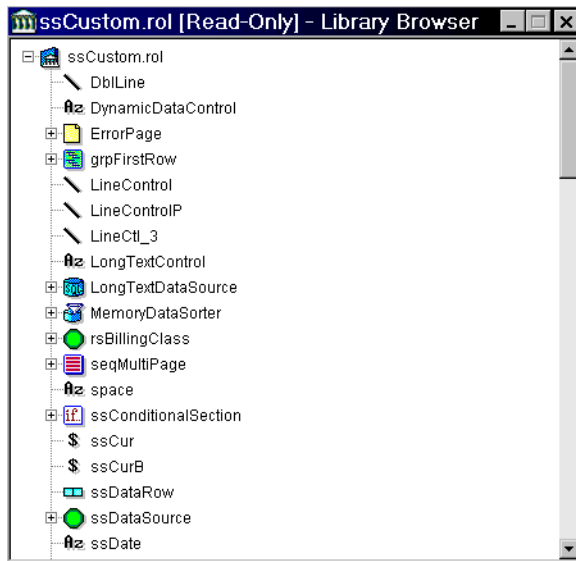


The library browser button and the Choose Included Module dialog box are for opening one of the libraries that has been included in the report design. For this example, the library for Account List (aclist.rol) is included. The sscustom and sssiebel libraries are included in all reports.

- 2 Select `sscustom.rol` and click OK.

As shown in the following figure, the Library Browser window for `sscustom.rol` appears.

The Library Browser window displays all of the library components available in the library you opened, in this case `sscustom.rol`. This library contains such components as `ssLbl` and `ssTxt` that are modified in the following steps.



- 3 Right-click the ssLbl component and select Properties.

The Component Editor window appears, displaying the property settings for ssLbl as seen in the following figure.



The Component Editor window has four tabs—Properties, Methods, Variables, and Class:

- **Properties tab.** Identifies the property setting for each property defined for the current component. Property settings can be changed in this tabbed page.
  - **Methods tab.** Lists the Actuate BASIC methods defined for the component.
  - **Variables tab.** Lists the variables defined for the component.
  - **Class tab.** Identifies the class name and superclass of the component, and the module where it resides (usually either the report design file or an included library).
- 4 Find and expand the Font property in the Property Editor.  
The Font.FaceName property becomes visible.
  - 5 Change the value of Font.FaceName from Arial to Arial Narrow and click Apply.

- 6 Click the Library Browser window to make it active.

You do this to choose a different library component to change its properties.

- 7 Click the ssTxt component in the Library Browser window.

The Component Editor window now shows ssTxt property settings.

- 8 Repeat [Step 4](#) and [Step 5 on page 175](#) for ssTxt and close the Component Editor and Library Browser windows.

#### **To compile and run the report**

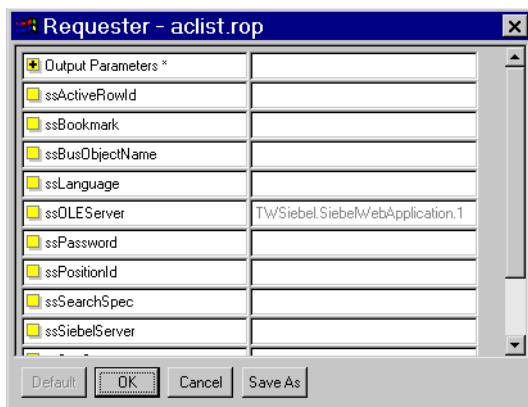
- 1 In Actuate e.Report Designer Professional, click the run button.

The run button invokes the report build, compilation, and execution processes. You can also invoke these processes, collectively or individually, from the Report menu in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.

- 2 The Actuate e.Report Designer Professional dialog box appears with the following caution, “(t)he design has been modified. Do you want to compile first.”

Click Yes.

As the following figure represents, the Requester dialog box appears containing a listing of the parameters for the report such as ssOLEServer and ssPassword.





- 3 Click OK to accept the defaults.

This provides the means to communicate parameter values to the report.

The report is generated and appears in the Actuate e.Report Designer Professional window.

**To save the changes to sscustom**

- 1 Close the report.
- 2 If the Save Modified Modules dialog box appears, this is to notify you that sscustom has been modified and to ask if you want to save the changes.

Click Yes.

- 3 Close Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.
- 4 Copy the Aclist.rox file from the development directory (C:\Siebel\_development\reports\language\_code\standard) to the executables directory (C:\Siebel\_client\reports\language\_code).
- 5 In Siebel Sales, select Account List from the Reports menu.

The revised Account List report appears in the browser screen.

For your change to sscustom to affect other reports, you will need to recompile those reports.

## Changing the Corporate Logo on All Reports

You can change the company logo that is used in all the reports. You change the fileName property of the ssLblSiebel control, as described in the procedures in this section.

To make and test the appropriate changes, you will need to:

- Open a report design file.
- Edit the ssLbIsbl component in sscustom.
- Compile and run the report.

- Save the changes to sscustom.

#### **To open a report design file and the corresponding Siebel view**

- 1 Open Siebel Sales.
- 2 From the application-level menu, choose > View > Site Map > Accounts > My Accounts.
- 3 Open the Actuate e.Report Designer Professional software from the Start menu.
- 4 Choose File > Open.
- 5 Locate and select Aclist.rod in the C:\Siebel\rptsrc\enu\standard folder.

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

The Design Editor window displays the Account List report design.

#### **To edit the label and text controls in sscustom**

- 1 Click the library browser button.  
The Choose Included Module dialog box appears.
- 2 Select sscustom.rol and click OK.  
The Library Browser window for sscustom appears.
- 3 Locate and expand ssReport, PageList, and PageStyle.
- 4 Right-click the ssLblSiebel component and select Properties.  
The Component Editor appears.

- 5 Replace the filename specified in the fileName property.

You can use a graphic file with your company's logo to replace the Siebel logo graphic. Recompiled reports will now display your company's logo.

---

**NOTE:** If there is no logo bitmap for your company, choose any existing bitmap file in the C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\*language*\standard (where *language* stands for the Language Pack you want to deploy, such as enu for U.S. English) directory for demonstration purposes. You will need to change the property setting back to sslogo5.bmp and recompile later.

---

- 6 Click Apply, and save the changes.
- 7 Click Close to close the Component Editor, and then close the Library Browser window.

**To compile and run the report**

- 1 Click the run button to compile and run the report.
- 2 Click OK in the Requester dialog box to accept the defaults.

The report is generated and appears in the Actuate e.Report Designer Professional window.

**To save the changes to sscustom**

- 1 Close the report, then close the report design.
- 2 Copy the Aclist.rox file from the development directory to the executables directory.
- 3 In Siebel Sales, click View > Reports.

The Reports window appears.

- 4 From the drop-down list in the Reports window, select Account List.

- 5 Click Run.

The revised Account List report appears in the browser window.

## **Global Report Modifications**

---

### *Changing the Corporate Logo on All Reports*

The majority of Siebel reports are produced using a landscape orientation (ssLblSiebel control from ssPage pagestyle). For reports that use a portrait orientation, you use ssLblSiebelP from ssPagePortrait. All other instructions remain the same.

New report creation involves putting together report elements from scratch in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional. It is the most commonly employed technique for satisfying the custom reporting requirements of an organization. There are also some shortcut techniques, discussed at the end of this chapter, to speed up the creation of a new custom report.

## Creating a New Report Versus Subclassing a Design

New report creation is in contrast to report subclassing. You create a new report when your requirements are not satisfied by any existing report and there are significant differences between your desired report and any existing report. You obtain a new report by subclassing when the differences between your new report and an existing report are minor and you want the new report to include any upgrades made to the old one.

The following are some situations in which you create a new report:

- When the list of fields in the report's object definitions differs from that in the existing report by more than a small number of fields.
- When the component structure of the report differs from those of related reports for example, with the addition or removal of a group section or subreport.

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**NOTE:** Group sections are described in [Chapter 10, "Reports with Group Sections."](#) Subreports are described in [Chapter 11, "Master-Detail Reports."](#)

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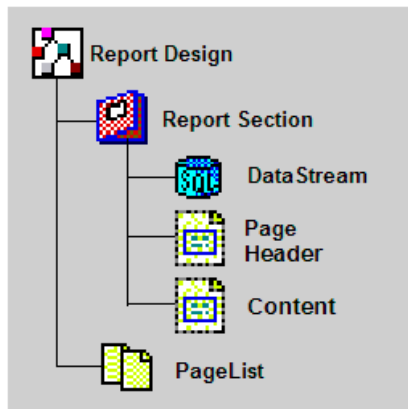
- When the custom report uses a new business component.

The following are some situations in which you subclass an existing report design:

- When you are deploying multiple similar versions of the same report showing slightly different data to different categories of users.
- When two reports show the same data but present it differently.

## How a Simple List Report Works

Figure 20 illustrates the structure of a simple list report.



**Figure 20. Simple List Report Structure**

This list report includes the following major components:

- **Report Design.** This is the top-level component in a report; it corresponds to the ROD file in which it resides. In a simple report, you do not need to modify the top-level component; you only add child components to it. In a more complex design, you may add global variables to the report design component.
- **Report Section.** A report section groups together components that define the source of data, physical layout, and behavior of a master report or subreport.

- **DataStream.** A datastream component defines the source of data for a report section. In simple Siebel reports, the datastream always consists of the contents of the data supply library (ROL) file, which defines the transfer of data from a Siebel view to the Actuate report. In more complex reports, additional datastreams may manipulate the data obtained from the library datastream.
- **Page Header Frame.** A frame is a rectangular layout area for data controls, labels, and other visual components. The contents of the page header frame are displayed at the beginning of each new page. In a simple list report, the page header shows only the column headings for the report columns. In a more complex report with group breaks, the page header shows group break information, such as the account name and location for each group of opportunities by account.
- **Content Frame.** The content frame defines the layout of one report row. Each data record that is obtained through the datastream is formatted according to the layout of data controls in the content frame.
- **Pagelist Section.** The pagelist section defines the page layout of the report, including information to be presented at the top and bottom of the page, such as the report name, page number, and company logo. It also defines the area of the page that can be used for presenting data generated in report sections. You incorporate a standard Siebel report pagelist component and make modifications to a few properties, such as the report title.

### Examining an Existing List Report

To learn more about the configuration of a simple list report, it is helpful to open a standard Siebel report of this type in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional and study it. A good report to study for this purpose is the Activity List report, which is invoked from a view in the Activities screen (typically the My Activities view). You should examine the report output in Siebel Sales, and the report design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional, leaving both open to compare them.

#### **To generate the Activity List report in Siebel Sales**

- 1 Open Siebel Sales.
- 2 From the application-level menu, choose View > Site Map > Activities > My Activities.

## Creating a Simple List Report

### How a Simple List Report Works

- 3 Click View > Reports.

The Reports window appears.

- 4 From the drop-down list, select Activity List.

Click Run Now.

The Activity List report appears in the browser window.

#### To open the report design for the Activity List report

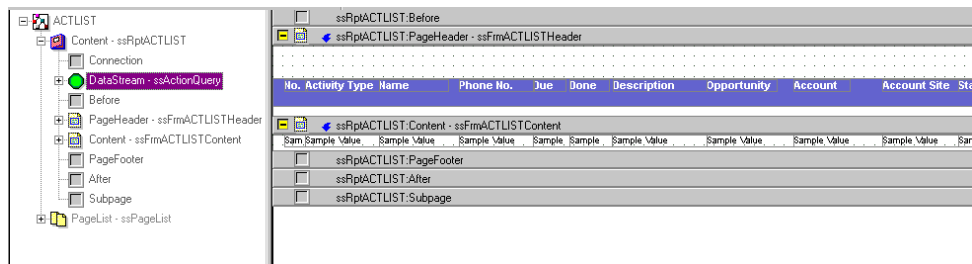
- 1 Open Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.
- 2 Choose File > Open from the menu bar.
- 3 In the Open dialog box, navigate to the C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\language\standard folder (or the equivalent on your computer) and choose Actlist.rod.

---

**NOTE:** Actlist.rod is not to be confused with Aclist.rod, which is the Account List report. The correct one to open here is the Activity List report—Actlist.rod.

---

Figure 21 shows the Actlist.rod report design file in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.



**Figure 21. Activity List Report Design**

Explore the report design, expanding and closing folders in the tree diagram on the left, comparing design elements to the corresponding features in the report output, and right-clicking components to view their property lists.



Notice some features of this report design:

- Component names that are light gray are being referenced in a library. Component names in black have been subclassed, making them available for local modification in the report without affecting the original. The same color scheme is used for methods. The name of a method (in the Methods tab in the Properties window for a component) that has been locally modified is black. The names of unmodified methods obtained from the superclass of the component are light gray.
- The name of the datastream component, `ssActionQuery`, is gray, indicating that it is referenced, not local. If you open the Properties window for this component and click the Class tab, you can see that the original is in the `Aclist.rol` library file. `Aclist.rol` is the data supply library file generated from Siebel Tools.
- If you expand the datastream component, you can see that it has a child data row component, `ssActionDataRow`. This, too, is referenced rather than local, and comes with `ssActionQuery` from the data supply library file. If you open the Properties window for `ssActionDataRow` and click the Variables tab, you can see that the data row component consists of variables (such as `ssAccount_Location`, `ssAccount_Name`, and `ssContact_First_Name`) that are derived from the list of fields in the business component record supplying the data.

---

**NOTE:** Specifically, these fields are generated from the list of report field children of the report object definition from which the data supply ROL file is generated.

---

All the data definition work for the report design is handled for you after you create your report and report field object definitions and generate the ROL file in Siebel Tools. In simple reports, the generated datastream is incorporated into your report design without modification, and you do not need to do anything else to set up data transfer between your Siebel application and Actuate.

- If you expand the page header component (ssFrmACLISTHdr) and its child content frame (ssFrmBlueBack1), you can see how all the column heading labels and the blue line above them are defined. When you click a visual element in the layout pane or the structure pane, it is selected in both places. View the property list for one of the labels to see how its text, font, and other physical attributes are set up. Gray property text is the default from the parent object (ssLblHead in the sscustom.rol library); black text has been changed from the default.
- Click the library browser button. In the Choose Included Module window, double-click sscustom.rol. The listed components are library components; they serve as building blocks for your report. Browse through the list of library components in the sscustom library and compare them to similarly derived components in the report design.

Generally, any items that you need to incorporate into a simple report are derived from generic components in the sscustom.rol library (except the datastream, which comes from the data supply library). These library components generally require only minor modification after they are introduced into the report design. In Actlist.rod, the labels, text controls, content frames, horizontal lines, and pagelist are derived from library components in sscustom.rol.

You can now close or minimize the sscustom.rol Library Browser window.

- Expand the main content frame (ssFrmACTLISTContent). The child objects of this frame are all data controls. A data control displays the value in a field (or fields) obtained through the datastream. Open the Properties window for one of the data controls and note the setting in the ValueExp property. The ValueExp property holds the expression that determines what is displayed in the text control.

In the next section, you will create a similar report design yourself.

## Example—Creating a Simple List Report

In this example, you create an opportunity list report. It lists the account name, opportunity name, expected revenue amount, and close date for every visible opportunity record. The resulting report will look like the one shown in [Figure 22](#).

Test Report			
Opportunity	Account	Revenue	Close Date
Inventory Management System	Valet Closet Systems, Inc.	\$850,000.00	06/01/2000
Process controller for roasting line	South Bay Coffee, Inc	\$400,000.00	08/05/2000
SFA pilot	Acme Inc.	\$352,000.00	05/20/2000
200 PC Southern Reservation systems	Southern Airlines	\$350,000.00	04/29/2000
AMCO POS servers	AMCO Pipe & Line, Co.	\$300,000.00	02/26/2000
MRP system	Berkeley Process Control, Inc.	\$178,000.00	04/29/2000
Lan for Telesales at Parker Distribution	A. K. Parker Distribution	\$112,000.00	05/30/2000
Q4 Deal at Acme	Acme Inc.	\$85,000.00	02/04/2000
Harrington manufacturing systems	Harrington Manufacturers	\$46,500.00	04/26/2000
Web Server	A. K. Parker Distribution	\$20,000.00	02/28/2001
Pentium II California Campaign - Enid Ahl	Turston Steel	\$1,200.00	02/09/2000

**Figure 22. Example Report**

The following tasks are required to create the report:

- Create and export a new report object definition (and children) in Siebel Tools.
- Create a report design in Actuate.
- Add data control and label elements to the design.
- Compile and test the report.

### Creating a New Report Object Definition in Siebel Tools

Each report design, whether custom or standard, normally has its own report object definition in Siebel Tools and a corresponding data supply library file. Report (and child) object definitions and exported datastream libraries are explained in “[Data Definition for Reports](#)” on page 153.

In this example, you create a report object definition and children from scratch. An alternative approach is discussed in “[Copying a Report Object Definition](#)” on page 201.

#### **To create a new report object definition (and children) in Siebel Tools**

- 1 Open Siebel Tools. Navigate to the Report object type in the Object Explorer. Lock the Report project before proceeding to the next step. See Project in [Step 3](#) for more information.
- 2 Click any record in the Object List Editor. Add a report record by choosing Edit > New Record.
- 3 In the new report record in the Object List Editor, enter properties as follows:

- **Name.** Test Report

This is the name used to refer to the report structure in Siebel Tools, for instance when you add the report to the Reports menu for a view.

- **Project.** Report

The Report project is standard for Siebel Sales. Report (SSV) is typically used for Siebel Service. Report projects are usually tied to specific Siebel applications.

- **Access Base DB Name.** TESTREPT

This specifies that Testrept.rox will be the name of the report executable invoked when this report object definition is invoked from the Reports menu in a view.

---

**NOTE:** Capitalization is not required, although this value for standard reports is capitalized.

---

- **Business Component.** Opportunity

The business component specified here is one that provides the records for the main report. Subreports (in more advanced reports) have their own business components.

- **Class.** CSSActuateReportViewer

This specifies that the report is an Actuate report. The other options in the picklist (CSSAccessReport, CSSCrystalReport, and CSSReport) specify other reporting software.

- **Menu Text.** Test Report

This is the text that will appear in the Reports menu for a view when this report is included in the view through the use of a view report object definition.

- **Template Name.** TESTREPT

Specifies the name to be used for the generated data supply library file when the Generate Actuate Report option is invoked for this report object definition.

---

**NOTE:** Capitalization is not required, although the values of this property for standard reports are capitalized.

---

- 4 Expand the Report object type in the Object Explorer tree and click the Report Field child object type to select it.

Add a report field object definition by choosing Edit > New Record. Click the Field property. In the Field pick applet, choose Name.

The Business Component property setting in the parent report object definition determines which fields can be included as report fields—namely, fields in that business component. Each report field object definition that you add as a child of the report defines a field that will be exported in the data supply library.

---

**NOTE:** A business component must be active before you can query a field in that business component. If the business component is not active, the field will not appear in the Reports Field dialog box.

---

Repeat this step for the Account, Revenue, and Close Date fields.

You can type in the name rather than looking it up in the pick applet. Match the spelling exactly.

- 5 Click the parent object definition (Test Report) in the upper Object List Editor window. Choose Tools > Utilities > Generate Actuate Report.

This generates a data supply ROL file, named according to the value in the Template Name property, in the C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu\lib folder (or the equivalent on your system).

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

- 6 Navigate to the View object type in the Object Explorer.
- 7 In the Object List Editor, locate the Opportunity List View object definition. In the Object Explorer, expand View and click on View Report.

This is the My Opportunities view in the Opportunities screen. You will add the new report to the Reports menu for this view.

- 8 Add a view report object definition in the Object List Editor. Enter the name “Test Report” (match spelling and spacing exactly) and a sequence number that is greater by 1 than any other sequence number in the list.

The name that you specify identifies the report object definition that defines the report, including the menu text to display and the report executable to invoke. The sequence number specifies the report’s position in the menu relative to other reports.

- 9 Choose Repository > Compile and recompile the repository. Move the resulting SRF file to C:\Siebel\objects or the equivalent location on your system.

This last step is necessary for your addition to the Reports menu for the Opportunity List view to be recognized. Repository compilation is not necessary for generating the data supply ROL file.

## **Creating a Report Design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional**

A report design file defines the layout and behavior for one report. In this exercise, a new report design is created from scratch, using library components.

### ***To create a report design file in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional***

- 1 Open Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.
- 2 Choose File > New. In the Create New Report window, select Blank Report and click OK.

A blank design report appears.

- 3 Delete the following components from the structure tree.

---

**NOTE:** You will need to expand the Content - Report section on the structure pane to see the components.

---

- **Connection component.** This is a predefined connection that is not used to create Siebel reports.
- **DataStream component.** This component will be replaced with the datastream created in Siebel Tools.

- **Content - Frame component.** This component will be replaced with a subclassed frame.

**4** Choose Tools > Library Organizer and click More.

The Include Library window appears.

- a** Click Browse and navigate to C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu\lib (or equivalent), choose sssiebel.rol, and click Open. Click OK to close the Include Library window.

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

- b** Repeat this step for the files sscustom.rol and Testrept.rol.

The files sssiebel.rol and sscustom.rol are required libraries for all Siebel standard and custom reports. Testrept.rol is the data supply ROL file that you generated from Siebel Tools; it will define the way data is transferred to the new report.

Components from afc.rol (and or components from the Actuate e.Report Designer Professional toolbar) and sssiebel.rol should not be used by report developers for designing Siebel-Actuate reports. When developing Siebel application reports, only use the sscustom.rol library.

**5** Enter the following information for the report:

- a Title.** Test Opportunity Report

- Expand the PageList slot until you see the Content - ReportTitle slot.
- Right-click on the Content - ReportTitle slot and select Properties.

The ReportTitle - Component Editor appears.

- On the Properties tab, scroll down to Text and input Test Opportunity Report as the title for the report.



- ❑ Close the ReportTitle - Component Editor.

This value is used in the window title for the report table of contents in the report viewer.

**b Filename.** C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu\Testrept.rod

For example, this is the filename and folder location where the report design file you are creating will be saved. Because this is a custom report, it should not be stored in the same folder as the standard reports (... \enu\standard), and ROD files also should not be saved in the same folder as the library files (... \enu\lib). You can either save the file directly in ... \enu or create a new subfolder of \enu called \enu\custom (or equivalent).

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

- Choose File > Save and input the filename to be used for this report.

**c Report Root Name.** Testrept

This specifies the name of the top-level report design object in the design file.

- ❑ Right-click on the top-level object (default name NewReportApp) and select Rename.

The Rename window appears.

- ❑ For the new name, input Testrept.

The name must be the same as the name used for the ROD file you saved in [Step b on page 193](#) (without the ROD extension).

- 6** Choose File > Save. Specify Testrept.rod in the ...\\enu (or ...\\enu\\custom) folder.

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \\enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \\deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

Remember to save the design file periodically as you work.

- 7** Double-click the Testrept (top level) icon in the structure tree.
  - a** In the Component Editor window, click the Class tab.
  - b** Change the Super Class value from AcReportSection to ssRpt.

This is an important step. Siebel reports must inherit from ssRpt (the Siebel standard report) instead of directly from AcReportSection (Actuate report). ssRpt is provided in sscustom.rol and inherits from baseReport from sssiebel.rol.

---

**NOTE:** You cannot perform this step until you have included the sssiebel.rol library.

---

Two components are automatically added to the report when you change the report's class: a report section (Report) and a pagelist section (ssPageList).

- 8** Make sure that the Show Empty Slots option in View > Options is checked.

You may want to deselect this option at a later time if you find the display of empty slots in the structure tree and layout pane distracting. For now, the empty slots must be visible because components will be dragged onto them from the sscustom library.
- 9** Expand the top-level report component.
  - a** Right-click the report section child component in the structure tree (Report) and select Slot Information.

The Single Structure Reference window appears.

- b** Change Name in the Contents section to ssRpt and click Close.
- c** Right-click the report section child component now named ssRpt1 and click Subclass. Click Close.

You must subclass each component you introduce into the report if you plan on modifying the component. Otherwise, the system will not allow your changes.

- 10** Right-click the report section component (ssRpt1) and click Rename. Change the name to ssRptOpportunity.

It is good design practice to employ naming conventions for components in your reports and to give them meaningful names. The ssRpt prefix indicates that this is a report section based on the ssRpt library component. The Opportunity suffix identifies this as the master report section in which opportunity records are displayed.

- 11** Click the library browser button and open the sscustom.rol library. From the Library Browser window, drag and drop the ssFrm component onto the Content slot.

---

**NOTE:** When developing Siebel application reports, only use the sscustom.rol library. The use of Actuate components is not supported when modifying or developing reports.

---

This creates a frame that defines what appears in each report row. The frame is a child of the report section component.

- a** Right-click the new frame (ssFrm) and select Slot Information. On the Single Structure Reference window, click Subclass. Click Close.
  - b** Right-click the same frame and select Rename. Rename it ssFrmOpportunityContent. Close the Library Browser window.
- 12** Click the library browser button and choose Testrept.rol in the dialog box.

The Library Browser window opens, displaying the contents of Testrept.rol, which is the data supply library you generated in Siebel Tools.

- 13 Drag and drop the datastream component (ssOpportunityQuery) from the Library Browser window onto the DataStream slot in the Design Editor. Close the Library Browser window.

The datastream component is now a child of the report section component. The datastream defines the way data is supplied to generate report rows. Each data record generates one report row in the parent report section. Note that you do not subclass the datastream component, because it is used in the report in unmodified form.

When making changes in Siebel Tools for a report originally designed in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional and regenerating an ROL file, be aware of the following:

- Make sure that the ROD file that uses the ROL file is not open in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.
- If any report fields are deleted, make sure to remove the fields from your Actuate report as well.
- Changes made to the ROL file are valid only for that instance of the ROL file. The changes will need to be entered again. However, if the changes are locally subclassed, they are safely stored in the ROD file.

## Adding Label and Data Elements to the Design

At this point, you have created the report design file and three of its key structural components: the report design (root), the report section, and the pagelist. You have also obtained the datasource, by reference, from the datasource library file that you previously generated, and put it in the report section whose data it will supply. Now you create a frame for the page header to define the elements that appear at the top of each page, and a main content frame to define the elements that appear in each report row.

### ***To add text and label elements to the design***

- 1 Drag and drop the ssTxt component from the Library Browser window onto the empty Content child slot of the content frame (ssFrmOpportunityContent).

The Component Properties dialog box appears.

- 2** In the Component Properties dialog box, select the ssName field from the datastream by clicking it in the drop-down list, then click OK to dismiss the Component Properties dialog box.

You specify the source of data for a data control in the ValueExp property.

- 3** Resize the new data control on the layout grid to make it the appropriate size for name data (if it is too narrow, the name will be truncated).

Right-click the data control and select Rename in the menu. Give the text control a unique descriptive name, in this case txtOpportunity.

You generally obtain the prefix in a report design component from somewhere in the name of its parent library component. The txt prefix (from ssTxt) is a reasonable standard for dynamic data controls derived from ssTxt and is consistent with naming in standard reports.

- 4** Right-click the data control and select Properties in the menu. Check the CanGrow property to verify that it is set to TRUE.

When this property is TRUE, multiple-line values in the business component fields print as multiple-line values in the report. When it is FALSE, only the first line of each value prints.

---

**NOTE:** When possible, use the Default button in the Component Editor window to reset a property such as CanGrow to its default (TRUE in this case) rather than entering the value manually. This helps to keep the inheritance intact by eliminating unnecessary subclassing.

---

- 5** Repeat [Step 3 on page 197](#) through [Step 7](#) to add the following:
  - A control called txtAccount based on the ssAccount datastream variable
  - A control called txtRevenue based on ssRevenue\_Formatted
  - A control called txtCloseDate based on ssClose\_Date

Note that you drop the ssTxt component on the parent content frame (ssFrmOpportunityContent) because there are no empty child slots for the purpose. Also note that you need to reposition each data control in the layout pane to the right after it is created.

- 6 Drag and drop the `ssFrmBlueBack` library component onto the empty page header slot. Subclass the new frame component (using the subclassing instructions from “[Creating a Report Design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional](#)” on page 191) and rename it `ssFrmOpportunityHeader`.

The page header will contain the column headings. Bold white column heading labels on a blue-green background are standard in Siebel reports and give your custom report the same appearance.

- 7 Drag and drop the `ssLblHead` component onto the page header frame (`ssFrmOpportunityHeader`), once each to create the labels indicated below. Set the Text property for each label as indicated. You will need to resize, reposition, and rename each label after it is created. Each label should be aligned vertically with the corresponding data control:
  - A label called `lblOpportunity`, with a Text property value of Opportunity
  - A label called `lblAccount`, with a Text property value of Account
  - A label called `lblRevenue`, with a Text property value of Revenue
  - A label called `lblCloseDate`, with a Text property value of Close Date
- 8 Set the `AlternateLines` attribute of the `ssFrmOpportunityContent` frame to 1. A line separator is automatically added to each displayed content row frame.

The separator line creates a demarcation between report rows.

- 9 Right-click the top-level report component and choose Properties. Enter a value of Test Report in the `ssReportTitle` property.

This defines the title to be printed in the blue-green area on the upper left.

## Compiling and Testing the Report

The report must be built and compiled in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional for you to run it. Then it can be debugged locally in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional and, when it is ready to be deployed, the executable version of the report is moved to the folder where Siebel applications obtain their report executables.

**To compile and install the report**

- 1 Open Siebel Sales.
- 2 From the application-level menu, choose View > Site Map > Opportunities > My Opportunities.

Make sure that the desired query is active.

The appropriate application and view must be open for the report to obtain records. Also, the set of records displayed in the view is the set of records that is used in the report.

- 3 In Actuate e.Report Designer Professional, click the run button.

The report appears in the Web browser. You can test your report as you develop it in Actuate. Note that the report displays the data records in the same order in which they are displayed in the Siebel application. If the Actuate Output window displays an error message indicating that no data is available for the report, make sure that your Siebel application has queried the appropriate records and that the cursor is positioned on the first record.

---

**NOTE:** If the cursor is positioned on a record other than the first one, not all records will be displayed. This is because of the Forward Only mode of the query.

---

- 4 Make corrections to the report design as necessary and recompile as often as required.

---

**NOTE:** While making corrections to the report, if you need to review the Actuate Output window for the previous error message, go to View > Output Window or use the hotkey Alt-v followed by w.

---

- 5 Use Microsoft Windows Explorer to copy the Testrept.rox file from C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu (or equivalent) to C:\Siebel\reports\enu (or equivalent).

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

- 6 In Siebel Sales, choose View > Reports.

The Report window appears.

- 7 From the drop-down list in the Report window select Test Report.

- 8 Click Run Now.

The report should appear in Siebel Sales. If there are problems, verify the following:

- If there is no Test Report option in the Reports menu, verify that the My Opportunities view is active. If the correct view is active, your problem lies in the configuration of the view report object definition that defines this menu option. Make sure that it is a child of the correct view (Opportunity List view).
- If a message appears that the Siebel application cannot find the report, verify that you have moved the executable to the correct folder.

## Alternative Report Creation Strategies

The procedure outlined in the preceding sections is one approach to creating a new custom report. There are alternative approaches to part or all of the process. Some of these are explained briefly in the sections that follow.



## Copying a Report Object Definition

The procedure for creating a new report object definition (and children) in Siebel Tools, described in [“Creating a New Report Object Definition in Siebel Tools” on page 188](#), may prove cumbersome when a new set of object definitions needs to be created that is very similar to an existing one, and the existing one is complex. An alternative is to copy the desired report object definition. This creates a new one with the same property settings, child report field, and subreport object definitions.

### **To copy an existing report object definition and children**

- 1** In Siebel Tools, navigate to the Report object type and the report object definition you want to copy.
- 2** Lock the Report project (choose Repository > Lock Project).
- 3** Choose Edit > Copy Record.

This creates a new report object definition with the same set of children and duplicated property settings. The exceptions are the Menu Text and Name properties, which you must specify. You should also change the Template Name and Access Base DB name settings, so that the data supply library and executable report have different names from those in the original.

- 4** Make alterations as necessary to the new report object definition and children.
- 5** Export to a data supply library file by choosing Tools > Generate Actuate Report.
- 6** Unlock the Report project.

## Copying a Report Design

An Actuate report design (ROD) file can be copied to a new file (with a different name) using Windows Explorer or the File > Save As option in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional. Actuate treats the new design as independent from the original, but maintains all relationships with included libraries.

This is a desirable approach when you wish to reuse many of the design elements in an existing report design, but have various modifications to make. This is a common situation, and you will find this technique valuable.

After you copy an existing report design, make the following modifications to the new report design:

- Make a copy of the original report design definition with a new name, as described in [“Copying a Report Object Definition” on page 201](#). Remove the existing datastream from the report design, and drag and drop the new one onto the report design from the new data supply library file. This is an important step because it is impractical to have two report designs sharing a single datastream and a single report object definition.

---

**NOTE:** When copying a report design, make sure that the datastream being added is using the same business component as the report object definitions for the new report. Errors will occur if the datastream being replaced is based on a different business component than the datastream that is being added to the new report.

---

- Make sure that the report object definition has the correct settings in the Template Design, and that the Access Base DB Name properties correspond to the new report design.
- Rename the top-level report component. This is not a critical step, but it helps you orient yourself when you are working on each report in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.

## Using a Custom Component Library

If you create a design component and child components that will prove useful in similar reports, you can create a custom component library that allows you to reuse these components. An example of a custom component library is the `ssQuote.rol` library used in various quote reports, including `Quotestd.rod`, `Quotepro.rod`, and `Quosum.rod`.

Typically, this technique is used to reuse page header, page footer, or content frames containing a number of labels and data controls, but any component and its children can be published in this fashion for reuse.

### **To create a custom component library**

- 1 Open the report design that contains the components you want to publish in the custom library.

**2** Choose Tools > Library Organizer.

The Library Organizer window appears.

**a** Click New.

**b** Specify the destination folder (this should be C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu\lib or equivalent) and filename (the filename should begin with ss, to designate it as a Siebel custom library and distinguish its name from those of the datastream libraries). Click Save.

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

**c** Click OK on the Library Organizer window.

The Library Browser window opens for the new library, containing only the top-level library component.

**3** Drag and drop the desired parent component from the report design (such as a content frame) onto the top-level library component.

The Component Drop dialog box appears.

**4** Click the Publish the component radio button and click OK.

The component that you published and its children are added to the library. Their names in the report design file are changed to light gray, indicating that they are now subclassed components from the version in the library.

**5** Move other components to the library from this file and other report design files.

## **Creating a Simple List Report**

*Alternative Report Creation Strategies*

# Reports with Group Sections **10**

This chapter discusses the use of group sections to create reports with group breaks. Group breaks are the points in a list of records where the value changes in a key field, resulting in special processing—usually including the printing of a new heading, and sometimes a page break. For example, in a list of accounts, you may want a heading displaying the account name before the group of records for each account. A change in the account name field between records triggers a new heading.

## Using Group Sections Overview

In Siebel reports, group break behavior is implemented through the use of a group section component in the report design.

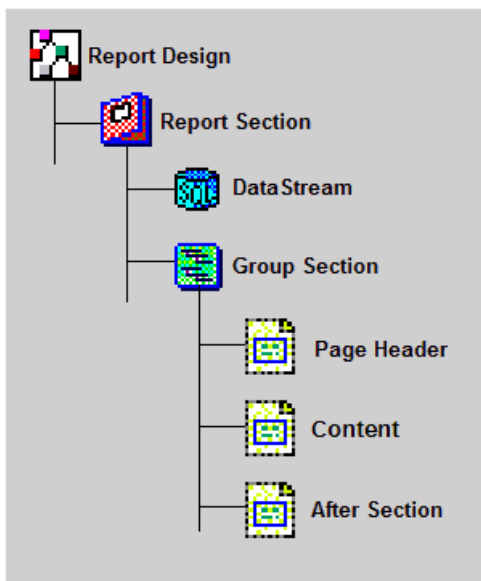
Note that the business component records must be sorted with the group field as the primary sort key (generally in the Sort Specification property of the report object definition, if it is different from the default sort order for the business component). Otherwise, the records do not group properly.

Note also that a group section is for clustering records of a single business component, based on a field or fields in that business component. This is a different scenario from listing detail records of another business component for each master business component record. The latter scenario requires configuration of a master-detail report, as described in [Chapter 11, “Master-Detail Reports.”](#) This does not preclude the use of group sections within a master-detail report, either at the master level or in one or more of the subreports.

The following examples represent reports using single group sections. Group sections can also be placed inside another group section, known as nesting groups. Nesting groups are created by placing the outermost group section in the Content slot of a report section. For more information, see “Working with Sections” in *Developing Advanced e.Reports* manual on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

## How a Group Section Works

Figure 23 illustrates the structure of a simple report that employs a group section.



**Figure 23. Group Report Structure**

This includes the following major components:

- **Report Design.** This is the top-level component in a report; it corresponds to the ROD file in which it resides. There are no special features of the report design component for group reports.

- **Report Section.** A report section groups together components that define the source of data, physical layout, and behavior of a master report or subreport. The group section is a child of the report section whose records the group section will cluster.
- **DataStream.** The datastream component defines the source of data for the report section. There are no special features of a datastream for a grouped report section, other than the requirement that the data be sorted with the group field as the primary sort key.
- **Group Section.** The group section component implements grouping and group break behavior for the records in its parent report section. The group section has a Key property that defines the field that determines how the records are grouped, and other properties that define grouping behavior, such as whether each group break causes a page break.
- **Page Header Frame.** In a report section with a group section, the page header frame is a child of the group section, not of the report section. The contents of the page header frame are displayed at the beginning of each new group, in addition to the beginning of each page. The page header contains group break information, such as the sales stage name for each group of opportunities by sales stage.
- **Content Frame.** The content frame defines the layout of one report row, as it does in a nongrouped report section. However, it is a child of the group section, rather than of the report section.
- **After Section.** The After section defines what appears in the report following each group. This section can be omitted or used to display group totals. See [“Group Totals” on page 223](#) for details.

## **Examining a Report with a Group Section**

To learn more about the configuration of a simple grouped report, it is helpful to open a standard Siebel report of this type in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional and study it. A good report to study for this purpose is the Contacts By State parameterized report, which is invoked from a view in the Contacts screen (typically the My Contacts view). You should examine the report output in Siebel Sales, and the report design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional, leaving both open to compare them.

#### **To generate the Contacts By State report in Siebel Sales**

- 1** Open Siebel Sales.
- 2** From the application-level menu, choose View > Site Map > Contacts > My Contacts.
- 3** While in the My Contacts view, from the application-level menu, choose View > Reports.
- 4** From the drop-down menu, select Contacts By Category and click Run Now.  
The Contact By Category Parameters window appears.
- 5** From the Sort by drop-down menu, select State, and click Finish.  
The Contacts By State report appears.

#### **To open the report design for the Contacts By State report**

- 1** Open Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.
- 2** Choose File > Open.
- 3** In the Open dialog box, navigate to the C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu\standard folder (or the equivalent on your computer) and choose cntcat.rod.

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.



Figure 24 shows the cntcat.rod report design file in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.

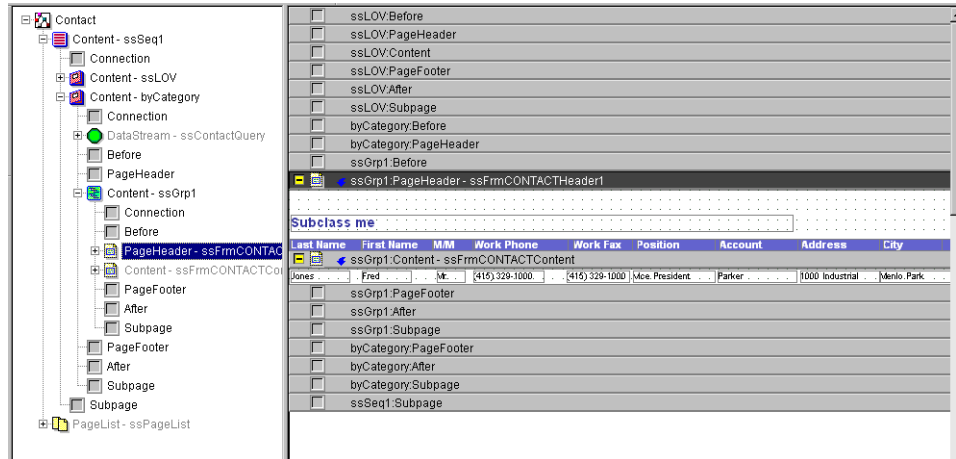


Figure 24. Contacts By State Report Design

Explore the report design, compare design elements to the corresponding features in the report output, and right-click components to view their property lists.

Notice the following features of this report design:

- The group section component, `ssGrpState`, has child page header and content frames. These are `ssFrmCONTACTHeader1` and `ssFrmCONTACTContent`. These frames are subclassed from the `ssCntct.rol` custom component library because the same header and content frames are used in most of the contact reports. For more information on custom component libraries, see [“Using a Custom Component Library” on page 202](#).
- If you expand the page header component (`ssFrmCONTACTHeader1`), you will see a child content frame (`ssFrmBlueBack1`). If you expand the child content frame, you see the column heading labels that appear in the page header.
- Another child component of the page header is a data control called `ssTxtCONTACTHeader1`. When you select this control in the component tree, it is also selected in the layout pane (the sample text in the control says Subclass Me).

- The page header data control (ssTxtCONTACTHeader1) displays the state name abbreviation for each new state. You can see this in the generated report in Siebel Sales. The property in the data control that configures this behavior is ValueExp. The value of this property is ssState, which is the datastream variable corresponding to the State field in the Contact business component.
- If you examine the properties in the group section component (ssGrpState), you will notice that it has a Key property and that this property has a setting of ssState. The Key property value in the group section component determines when a sort break occurs, namely when there is a change in the value in the corresponding field between business component records. The change in group key values triggers the redisplay of the page header with new values.

In the next section, you will create a similar report design yourself.

## Example—Creating a Report with a Group Break

In this example, you create an opportunity list report in which the opportunity records are grouped by sales stage. The report lists the opportunity name, account name, expected revenue amount, and close date for each opportunity record. It also displays the sales stage in the page header before each group of opportunity records with that sales stage. As stated, the resulting report will look like the one in [Figure 25](#).

Group Test Report			
Opportunity	Account	Close Date	Revenue
Badge reader	Unlimited Affairs	06/30/2000	\$0.00
<b>01 - Prospecting</b>			
Opportunity	Account	Close Date	Revenue
Web servers for Dalrymple	Dalrymple, Edwards and Harlan	01/25/2000	\$50,000.00
Word processng	Ball Systems	02/13/2000	\$15,700.00
SFA pilot	Acme Inc.	05/20/2000	\$352,000.00
Accounting systems replacement	Skyline Landscapes, Inc.	06/01/2000	\$1,200.00
Telesales LAN at Masterware Switches	Masterware Switches	12/20/2000	\$67,000.00
Warehouse management system	SRAC North America, Inc.	02/18/2001	\$32,000.00
<b>02 - Potential Lead</b>			
Opportunity	Account	Close Date	Revenue
Inventory Management System	Valet Closet Systems, Inc.	06/01/2000	\$850,000.00
NT Trial	Swan Computer Products	06/30/2000	\$0.00

**Figure 25. Example Report with a Group Break**

The following tasks are required to create the report:

- Create and export a new report object definition (and children) in Siebel Tools.
- Create a report design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.
- Add data control and label elements to the design.
- Compile and test the report.

### Creating a New Report Object Definition in Siebel Tools

Each report design normally has its own report object definition in Siebel Tools and a corresponding data supply library file. In [Chapter 9, “Creating a Simple List Report,”](#) the report object definition was created from scratch. In this example, you copy an existing report object definition (and children) and change some property values.

#### **To create a new report object definition in Siebel Tools by copying**

- 1 In Siebel Tools, navigate to the Report object type in the Object Explorer and select the Opportunity List - Current Query report object definition in the Object List Editor.

Lock the Report project (choose Repository > Lock Project).

- 2 Choose Edit > Copy Record.

This creates a new report object definition, with the same set of children as the original, and duplicated property settings.

- 3 Change the following property settings in the new report object definition (the other property settings do not need to be changed):

- **Name.** Test Group Report

This is the name used to refer to the report structure in Siebel Tools, for instance when you add the report to the Reports menu for a view.

- **Access Base DB Name.** GROUVRPT

This specifies that GROUVRPT.rox will be the name of the report executable invoked when this report object definition is invoked from the Reports menu in a view.

- **Menu Text.** Sales Stage - Test

This is the text that will appear in the Reports menu for a view when this report is included in the view through the use of a view report object definition.

■ **Template Name.** GROUPT

Specifies the name to be used for the generated data supply library file when the Generate Actuate Report option is invoked for this report object definition.

■ **Sort Specification.** Sales Stage

Sorts the opportunity records into sales stage order, which is necessary for the group breaks to work correctly. This specification is translated into corresponding code in the datastream methods.

- 4 Export to a data supply library file by choosing Tools > Utilities > Generate Actuate Report.

This generates a data supply ROL file, named according to the value in the Template Name property, in the C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu\lib folder (or equivalent on your system).

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

- 5 Unlock the Report project.

- 6 Navigate to the View object type in the Object Explorer.

- 7 In the Object List Editor, locate the Opportunity List View object definition. In the Object Explorer, expand View and click on View Report.

This is the My Opportunities view in the Opportunities screen.

- 8 Add a view report object definition in the Object List Editor. Enter the name “Test Group Report” (match spelling and spacing exactly) and a sequence number that is 1 greater than any other sequence number in the list.

- 9 Select Repository > Compile and recompile the repository. Move the resulting SRF file to C:\Siebel\objects (or the equivalent location on your system).

### Creating a Report Design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional

In this exercise, a new report design is created from scratch, using library components.

**To create a report design file in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional**

- 1 Open Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.
- 2 Choose File > New. In the Create New Report dialog box, select Blank Report and click OK.

A blank design report appears.

- 3 Delete the following components from the structure tree.

---

**NOTE:** You will need to expand the Content - Report section on the structure pane to see the components.

---

- **Connection component.** This is a predefined connection that is not used to create Siebel reports.
  - **DataStream component.** This component will be replaced with the datastream created in Siebel Tools.
  - **Content - Frame component.** This component will be replaced with a subclassed frame.
- 4 Choose Tools > Library Organizer and click More.

The Include Library window appears.

- a** Click Browse and navigate to C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu\lib (or equivalent), choose sssiebel.rol, and click Open. Click OK to close the Include Library window.

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

- b** Repeat this step for the files sscustom.rol and Grouprpt.rol.
- 5** Enter the following information for the report:

**a Title.** Grouped Opportunity Report

- Expand the PageList slot until you see the Content - ReportTitle slot.
- Right-click on the Content - ReportTitle slot and select Properties.

The ReportTitle - Component Editor appears.

- On the Properties tab, scroll down to Text and input Test Opportunity Report as the title for the report.
- Close the ReportTitle - Component Editor.

This value is used in the window title for the report table of contents in the report viewer.

**b Filename.** C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu\Grouprpt.rod

This is the filename and folder location where the report design file you are creating will be saved. Because this is a custom report, it should not be stored in the same folder as the standard reports (... \enu\standard), and ROD files also should not be saved in the same folder as the library files (... \enu\lib). You can either save the file directly in ... \enu or create a new subfolder of \enu called \enu\custom (or equivalent).

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

- Choose File > Save and input the filename to be used for this report.

**c Report Root Name.** Grouprpt

This specifies the name of the top-level report design object in the design file.

- Right-click on the top-level object (default name NewReportApp) and select Rename.

The Rename pop-up window appears.

- For the new name, input Grouprpt.

The name must be the same as the name used for the ROD file you saved in [Step b on page 216](#) (without the ROD extension).



- 6 Choose File > Save. Specify Grouprpt.rod in the ...\\enu (or ...\\enu\\custom) folder.

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \\enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \\deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

Remember to save the design file periodically as you work.

- 7 Double-click the Grouprpt (top level) icon in the structure tree.

- a In the Component Editor window, click the Class tab.

- b Change the Super Class value from AcReportSection to ssRpt.

This is an important step. Siebel reports must inherit from ssRpt (the Siebel standard report) instead of directly from AcReportSection (Actuate report). ssRpt is provided in sscustom.rol and inherits from baseReport from sssiebel.rol.

---

**NOTE:** You cannot perform this step until you have included the sssiebel.rol library.

---

Two components are automatically added to the report when you change the report's class, a report section (Report) and a pagelist section (ssPageList).

- 8 Make sure that the Show Empty Slots option in View > Options is checked.

You may want to deselect this option at a later time if you find the display of empty slots in the structure tree and layout pane distracting. For now, the empty slots must be visible because components will be dragged onto them from the sscustom library.

- 9 Expand the top-level report component.

- a Right-click the report section child component in the structure tree (Report) and select Slot Information.

The Single Structure Reference pop-up window appears.

- b** Change Name in the Contents section to ssRpt and click Close.
- c** Right-click the report section child component now named ssRpt1 and click Subclass.

You must subclass each component you introduce into the report if you plan on modifying the component. Otherwise, the system will not allow your changes.

- 10** Right-click the report section component (ssRpt1) and click Rename. Change the name to ssRptOpportunity.
- 11** Expand the report section component (ssRptOpportunity). Click the library browser button and choose sscustom.rol. Drag and drop the ssGrp library component onto the Content child slot of the report section.
- 12** Right-click the group section component (ssGrp) and select Slot Information. On the Single Structure Reference pop-up window, click Subclass. Click Close.
- 13** Right-click the group section component (ssGrp1) and click Rename. Change the name to ssGrpStage.
- 14** Drag an ssFrm control from the Library Browser window onto the group section's Content slot. Repeat [Step 12](#) and [Step 13](#) to rename the subclassed frame ssFrmOpportunityContent.
- 15** Right-click the group section component (ssGrpStage) and click Properties. In the Key property, enter ssSales\_Stage. Close the Component Editor window.
- 16** Drag and drop the ssFrm component from the Library Browser window onto the group section's PageHeader slot.
- 17** Repeating [Step 12](#) and [Step 13](#), subclass the frame and rename it ssFrmStageHeader.
- 18** Close the Library Browser window.
- 19** Click the library browser button and choose Grouprpt.rol in the dialog box.

The Library Browser window opens, displaying the contents of Grouprpt.rol, the data supply library you generated in Siebel Tools.

- 20 Drag and drop the datastream component (ssOpportunityQuery) from the Library Browser window onto the DataStream slot in the Design Editor, then close the Library Browser window.

The datastream component is now a child of the report section component.

## Adding Label and Data Elements to the Design

Now you add data controls in the content frame (for each report row) and column heading labels in the page header (for each page break or sort break). You also define a sales stage control in the page header to display the sales stage with each group or page break.

### To add text and label elements

- 1 Click the library browser button and select sscustom.rol in the Choose Included Module dialog box.
- 2 Drag and drop the ssTxt component from the Library Browser window onto the empty Content child slot of the content frame (ssFrmOpportunityContent).

The Component Properties dialog box appears.

- 3 In the Component Properties dialog box, select the ssName field from the datastream by clicking it in the drop-down list, then click OK to dismiss the Component Properties window.
- 4 Resize the new data control on the layout grid to the appropriate size for opportunity name data (if it is too narrow, the name will be truncated).
- 5 Right-click the data control and select Rename from the pop-up menu, then give the text control a unique descriptive name (in this case, txtOpportunity).
- 6 Right-click the data control and select Properties from the pop-up menu, then check the CanGrow property to verify that it is set to TRUE.

When this property is TRUE, multiple-line values in the business component fields print as multiple-line values in the report. When it is FALSE, only the first line of each value prints.

- 7 Repeat [Step 2](#) through [Step 6](#) to add the following:
  - A control called txtAccount based on ssAccount

- A control called txtCloseDate based on ssClose\_Date

Note that you need to reposition each data control in the layout pane to the right after it is created.

- 8** Drag and drop the ssCur component from the Library Browser window onto the content frame ssFrmOpportunityContent.

The Component Properties dialog box appears.

- 9** In the Component Properties dialog box, select the ssRevenue field from the datastream.
- 10** Close the Component Properties dialog box, resize and reposition the currency control on the layout grid, and rename it curRevenue.

A currency data control is used rather than a text data control when monetary values are to be displayed. This causes correct display and alignment.

---

**NOTE:** The approach described here for currency display is adequate for a test report. However, Siebel reports in version 7.0 will use txtCurrency custom control from sscustom.rol to make calculated currency values localizable (formatted according to user locale). If currency does not require calculation then the currency formatted field from the data supply library must be used in the regular ssTxt control instead.

---

- 11** Enlarge the page header frame (ssFrmStageHeader) vertically by dragging one of its handles so that it is about twice its original height.

Additional space will be required for a divider line and the sales stage data control.

- 12** Drag and drop the LineControl library component onto the page header frame (ssFrmStageHeader), and rename it LineSeparator.

- 13** Drag and drop the ssTxtSectionHeadM library component onto the page header slot, and in the Component Editor window, specify ssSales\_Stage in the ValueExp property.

This text control is for display of the sales stage in the page header. It has a larger, bold font and is maroon.

- 14** Subclass the new data control component and rename it `ssTxtStageName`, then widen the control in the layout pane so that it is large enough to hold sales stage names.
- 15** Drag and drop the `ssFrmBlueBack` library component onto the page header slot.  
It subclasses automatically.
- 16** Rename this frame component `ssFrmOpportunityHeader` and expand it to reveal the child slot.  
  
This frame will contain the column headings.
- 17** Drag and drop the `ssLblHead` component onto the page header frame `ssFrmOpportunityHeader`, once each to create the labels listed below.
- 18** Set the Text property for each label as indicated.  
  
You will need to resize, reposition, and rename each label after it is created. Each label should align vertically with the corresponding data control:
  - A label called `lblOpportunity`, with a Text property value of Opportunity
  - A label called `lblAccount`, with a Text property value of Account
  - A label called `lblCloseDate`, with a Text property value of Close Date
  - A label called `lblRevenue`, with a Text property value of Revenue
- 19** Drag and drop the `LineControl` component onto the `ssFrmStageHeader` frame and rename it `LineSeparator`.
- 20** Reposition the line in the layout pane so that it is above the sales stage data control.  
  
The separator line creates a demarcation between report rows.
- 21** Right-click the top-level report component and choose Properties, then enter a value of Group Test Report in the `ssReportTitle` property.

### Compiling and Testing the Report

The report is built, compiled, and run in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional. Then it can be debugged locally in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional; when it is ready to be deployed, the executable version of the report is moved to the folder where Siebel applications obtain their report executables.

#### **To compile and install the report**

- 1** Open Siebel Sales.
- 2** From the application-level menu, choose View > Site Map > Opportunities > My Opportunities.

Make sure that the desired query is active.

- 3** In Actuate e.Report Designer Professional, click the run button.

The report displays in the browser window.

- 4** Make corrections to the report design as necessary and recompile as often as required.
- 5** Use Windows Explorer to copy the Grouprpt.rox file from C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu (or equivalent) to C:\Siebel\reports\enu (or equivalent).

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

- 6** In Siebel Sales, from the application-level menu, choose View > Reports.
- 7** From the drop-down list in the Reports window, select Sales Stage - Test and click Run Now.

The report should appear in the browser window. If there are problems, check the configuration of the report and view report object definitions in Siebel Tools.

## Group Totals

Group totals can appear beneath one or more numeric report columns, at the end of each group section. They provide subtotals within each group for monetary and quantity fields. A grand total of these fields can appear at the end of the report.

Group total data controls are configured in the child After frame of the group section. A group total control sums the values of a datastream variable in all the report rows in the group. To accomplish this, the Sum function is used. The scope of a Sum function within the After frame of a group section is limited to the records in that group. For additional information on the Sum function, see the information on frames and controls in *Developing Advanced e.Reports*.

This example uses the report created in [“Example—Creating a Report with a Group Break” on page 211](#). A group total control is added to the After section of the ssGroupStage group section. It enables totaling of the revenue values for each group.

### To add revenue totals to the group section

- 1 Click the library browser button. In the Choose Included Module dialog box, select sscustom.rol.
- 2 Drag and drop the ssFrm component from the Library Browser window onto the group section’s child After section. Subclass the frame following the instructions from [Step 12](#) and [Step 13 on page 218](#) of [“Creating a Report Design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional”](#) and rename it ssFrmGroupTotals.
- 3 Enlarge the frame vertically in the layout pane to about twice its original height.
- 4 Drag and drop the ssCur component from the Library Browser window onto the ssFrmGroupTotals frame. Specify the following as the ValueExp:

```
Sum(Val([ssRevenue]))
```

---

**NOTE:** The above expression works only in ENU locale. To make it locale compliant tcCurrency control must be used.

---

- 5 Rename the new ssCur component curGroupRevenueTot. Reposition it in the layout frame so that it is aligned with the revenue column of the report.

- 6 Drag and drop the LineControl component from the Library Browser window onto the ssFrmGroupTotals frame and rename it LineTotal, then reposition it vertically in the layout pane so that it is above the revenue total control and narrow the line (using the left handle) so that it occupies only the space above the total control.
- 7 Save the report design, recompile, and test.

#### **To add a final total to the report**

- 1 Drag and drop the ssFrm component from the Library Browser window onto the child After slot of the report section (ssReportOpportunity), then subclass it following the instructions from [Step 12](#) and [Step 13 on page 218](#) of “[Creating a Report Design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional](#)” and rename it ssFrmReportTotals.
- 2 Enlarge the frame vertically in the layout pane to about twice its original height.
- 3 Drag and drop the ssCur component from the Library Browser window onto the ssFrmReportTotals frame and specify the following as the ValueExp:

```
Sum(Val([ssRevenue]))
```

---

**NOTE:** The above expression works only in ENU locale. To make it locale compliant tcCurrency control must be used.

---

- 4 Rename the new ssCur component curReportRevenueTot, then reposition it in the layout frame so that it is aligned with the revenue column of the report.
- 5 Drag and drop the LineControl component from the Library Browser window onto the ssFrmReportTotals frame and rename it LineRptTotal, then reposition it vertically in the layout pane so that it is above the revenue total control and narrow the line (using the left handle) so that it occupies only the space above the total control.
- 6 Drag and drop the ssLblb component from the Library Browser window onto the ssFrmReportTotals frame and rename it lblRptTotal.
- 7 Reposition it to the immediate left of the revenue total control and set its Text property to Grand Total.



- 8 Save the report design, recompile, and test.

---

**NOTE:** An ssCur component assumes that all amounts are in local currency, as set in the Regional Settings in the Windows Control Panel. See [“Display of Revenue Information” on page 400](#) for more information.

---

## Reports with Group Sections

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*Group Totals*

# Master-Detail Reports 11

This chapter explains how to create master-detail reports. A master-detail report displays a list of detail business component records for each record in a master business component, to which the master and detail business components have a one-to-many relationship. It is similar to a master-detail view in a Siebel application, in that detail records are displayed for each master record. Unlike a master-detail view, a master-detail report lists detail records for all master records at once, rather than for one master record at a time.

A report with record lists for a detail business component is said to contain a *subreport*. In some ways this term is misleading, because it implies the presence of one list of detail records. In fact, there is one list of detail records (one subreport) following each master record. However, in both Siebel Tools and the report design, a single subreport is specified, with the result that one list of detail records appears for each master.

## Master-Detail Report Overview

An example of a master-detail report is the Service Request Activity (All) report in Siebel Service, shown in [Figure 26](#).

This report provides master information for each service request, followed by the list of activities for that service request. Each service request begins on its own page. This report is analyzed in [“How Master-Detail Reports Work” on page 230](#).

Service Request Activity (All)				SIEBEL	
SR No.	2-1CR	Account Name	3COM	Status	Open
Date Opened	04/30/1999 5:50:25 AM	Severity	4-Low	Description	During the upgrade received error messages stating the inability to continue with the upgrade.
Date Closed		Priority	Medium		
Cust Ref No.	1101	Owner	PLEWIS		
<b>Activities</b>					
Date Opened	Created By	Assigned To	Activity	Status	Description
04/30/1999 5:50:25 AM	SREILLY		Field Repair	Done	Examined the cartage for signs of wear, replace drive assembly if necessary
04/30/1999 5:50:25 AM	SREILLY		Recommended Activity	Done	Recommend rebooting computer from a floppy disk to eliminate loading of system drivers
04/30/1999 5:50:25 AM	SREILLY		Call - Inbound	Done	Inbound Call
05/01/1999 1:01:44 PM	SADMIN		Call	Done	Inquire about BIOS settings
05/01/1999 1:02:23 PM	SADMIN		Email - Outbound	Done	Received the customer's win.rep file for further analysis
04/30/1999 8:15:41 AM	CCONWAY		Research	Acknowledged	Review knowledgebase for similar operating system upgrade issues.
04/30/1999 8:15:56 AM	CCONWAY		Field Repair	Done	Check the laser sub-assembly and change the control assembly if needed
04/30/1999 8:16:45 AM	CCONWAY		Resolution	Not Started	Resolve service request

**Figure 26. Service Request Activity (All) Report**

A master-detail report can also have multiple subreports. In this case, a list of detail records appears for each of a number of business components for each master record. For example, the Account Service Profile report provides three lists for each account master record: customer survey responses, opportunities, and service requests. A report with two subreports is described in [“Example—Creating a Master-Detail Report” on page 235](#). Master-detail reports with multiple subreports are common among the Siebel standard reports.

When starting a master-detail report, no need exists to start the report from a view where all business components used in the report are present. Having the master business component in the view of the report is enough for the report to retrieve all the child or grandchild records.

The only requirement is that all business components used in the report should have been added to the business object used by the view from where the report is started. Also, the business components should use the correct links to establish the proper relationships among them, as an Actuate report retrieves the data using the Siebel Business Object Layer.

If a Multi Value Field (MVF) is included in a report, only the first record is displayed. In order to display all the records from an MVF in the report, a subreport should be created in Tools under the associated Report object. The subreport should be based on the business component that contains the MVF to be displayed. Make sure that this business component is included in the business object pertaining to the Report object. If the business component is not already included in the business object, it should be included after defining an appropriate link.

This information is also valid for indirect MVFs. For example, consider the case where the business address (an MVF) of an Account associated with an Opportunity should be displayed in the report. The business addresses in the MVF are not directly related to the Opportunity, but they are related to the Account that it is associated with it. To display all the records in the business address MVF as a subreport, first create a link between Business Address business component and Opportunity business component using Account Id as the source field. Then include Business Address business component under Opportunity business object. Create a subreport with Business Address business component under the Report object and include the necessary MVF to display.

# How Master-Detail Reports Work

Figure 27 illustrates the structure of a master-detail report in Actuate.

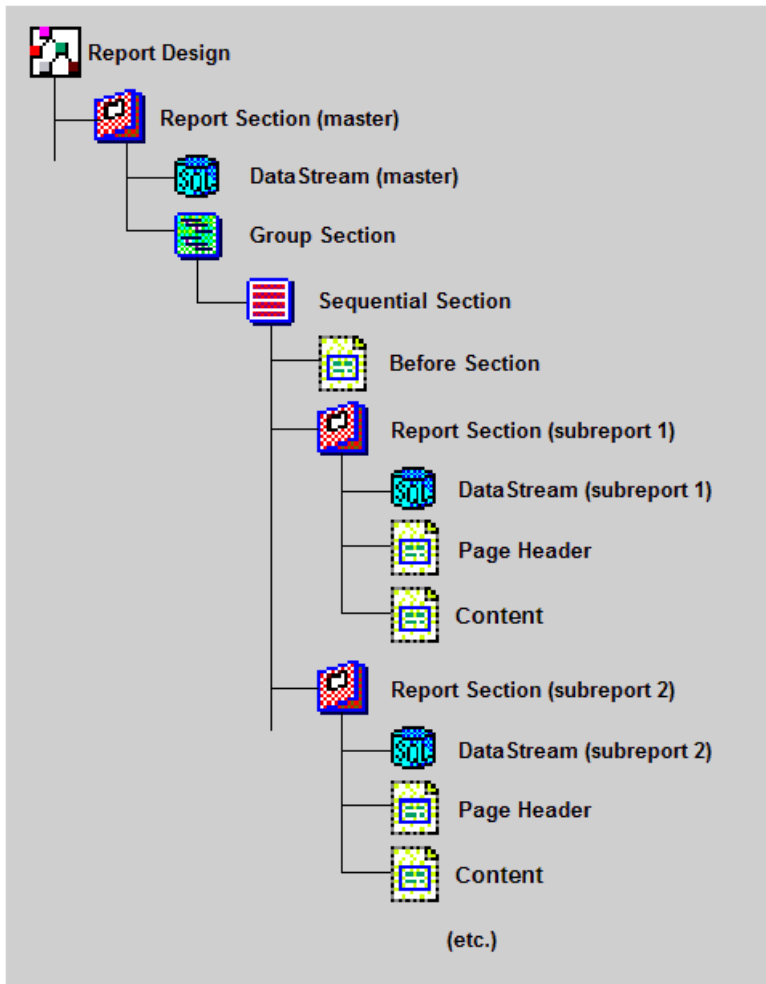


Figure 27. Structure of a Master-Detail Report

This includes the following major components:

- **Report Design.** This is the top-level component in a report and corresponds to the ROD file in which it resides. There are no special features of the report design component for master-detail reports.
- **Master Report Section.** The master report section defines the data acquisition for and display of each master record and, through its child components, defines the subreports.
- **Master Datastream.** The master datastream component defines the source of data for the master records. A separate datastream is defined in each subreport to obtain the detail data. As in group reports, the data must be sorted with the group field as the primary sort key.
- **Group Section.** The group section component implements grouping and group break behavior for the master records in its parent report section. This behavior is defined in the group section's Key property and other properties, such as PageBreakBefore. The subreports are children of the group section component.
- **Sequential Section.** A sequential section causes its child section components to execute one after another in sequence. In a master-detail report, this causes the Before frame to execute before the first subreport section, followed by each additional subreport section if any are present.
- **Before Section.** This section holds the frame that appears once for each master record, displaying master information before the subreports.
- **Subreport Report Section.** Each subreport section defines one subreport in the master-detail report. It has its own datastream and content frames, defined with child components.
- **Subreport Datastream.** Each detail datastream provides data to the detail records in one subreport (its parent report section). The data is obtained through a subquery on the master business component query, requesting all detail records for the current master record.
- **Subreport Page Header Frame.** In a subreport report section, the page header frame defines the heading information for the subreport records. This normally includes a title identifying the subreport and column heading labels to appear above the subreport records.

- **Subreport Content Frame.** The content frame defines the layout of one subreport row.

To learn more about the configuration of a simple master-detail report, it is helpful to open a standard Siebel report of this type. A good report to study for this purpose is the Service Request Activity (All) report, which is invoked from a filter in the Service screen in Siebel Service (typically the My Service Requests filter). You should examine the report output in Siebel Service, and the report design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional, leaving both open to compare them.

#### **To generate the Service Request Activity (All) report in Siebel Service**

- 1 Open Siebel Service.
- 2 From the application-level menu, choose View > Site Map > Service > My Service Requests.
- 3 While in the My Service Requests view, choose View > Reports from the application-level menu.
- 4 From the drop-down list in the Reports window, select Service Request Activity (All) and click Run Now.

The Service Request Activity (All) report appears in the browser window, as shown in [Figure 26 on page 228](#).

#### **To open the report design for the Service Request Activity (All) report**

- 1 Open Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.
- 2 Choose File > Open.
- 3 In the Open dialog box, navigate to the C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu\standard folder (or the equivalent on your computer) and choose srvreqaa.rod.

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.



Figure 28 shows the srvreqaa.rod report design file in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.

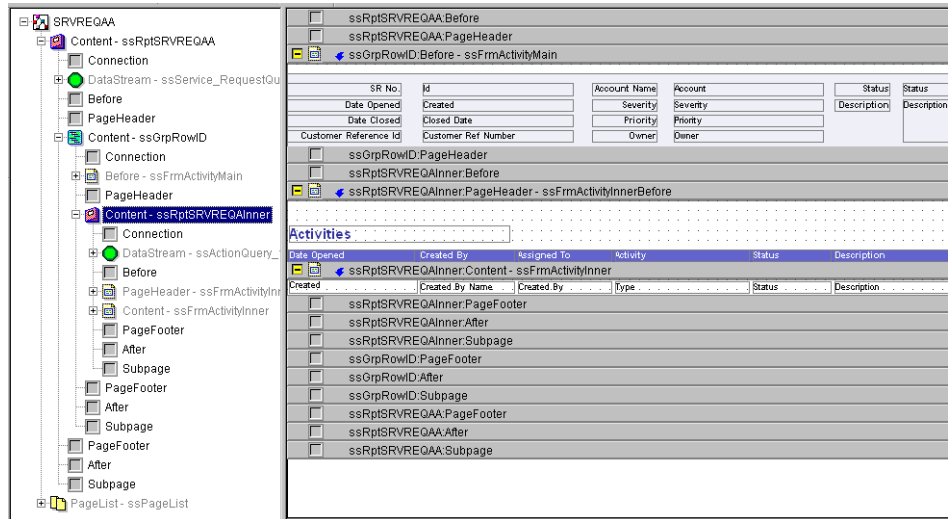


Figure 28. Service Request Activity (All) Report Design

Explore the report design, compare design elements to the corresponding features in the report output, and right-click components to view their property lists.

Notice the following features of this report design:

- There is a page break before each new service request (master) record. This is configured with a value of TRUE for the PageBreakBefore property of the group section component (ssGrpRowID).
- The Before frame in the group section, and the page header and content frames in the report section, are published components obtained from the ssSrvReq.rol custom component library. The contents of these frames are used identically in the two reports that list activities by service request.

## Master-Detail Reports

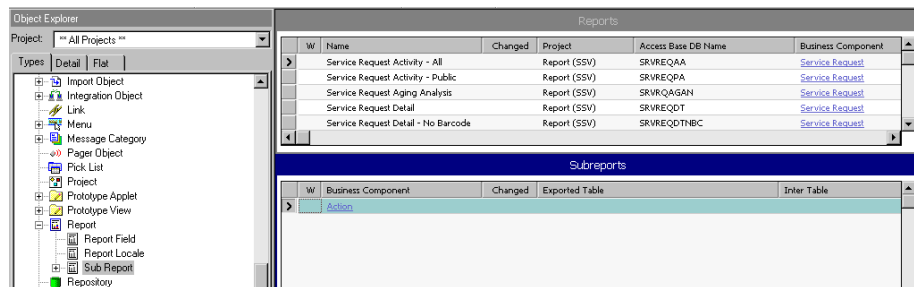
### How Master-Detail Reports Work

- The two datastreams, one (ssService\_RequestQuery) in the master report and one (ssActionQuery\_1) in the activity subreport, are obtained from the data supply library file, srvreqaa.rol. In the data supply library file for a master-detail report, one datastream is provided for the master report and one for each subreport.

Additional useful information is obtained by viewing the report object definition (and children) for this report in Siebel Tools.

#### To view the report object definition and children in Siebel Tools

- 1 Open Siebel Tools.
- 2 Navigate to the Report object type in the Object Explorer and expand it.  
Note the two child object types, Report Field and Sub Report.
- 3 In the Reports window in the Object List Editor, navigate to the Service Request Activity - All object definition.
- 4 Click on the Sub Report object type in the Object Explorer. A second Object List Editor window opens, displaying subreport child object definitions of the current parent report, as shown in the following figure.



The Service Request Activity - All report has one child subreport object definition: Action. The Action subreport object definition defines the activity subreport.

Notice that the business component property setting for the Action subreport is Action. There is no separate report name, because a subreport in Actuate is internal to the report design that uses the subreport object definition's parent.

- 5 Expand the Sub Report object type and select Sub Report Field. Notice the list of fields defined as children of the Action subreport object definition.

Subreport field object definitions perform the same role for a subreport as report field object definitions do for a report—namely, defining fields to export to the report or subreport from the specified business component.

## Example—Creating a Master-Detail Report

In this example, an account report is created, using Actuate e.Report Designer Professional, that provides an opportunity list and a contact list for each account. The following tasks are required to create the report:

- Create and export a new report object definition (and children) in Siebel Tools.
- Create a custom component library.
- Create a report design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.
- Add datastreams to the report design.
- Add frame, data control, and label elements to the design.
- Compile and test the report.

### Creating a New Report Object Definition in Siebel Tools

Each report design normally has its own report object definition in Siebel Tools and a corresponding data supply library file. In [Chapter 10, “Reports with Group Sections,”](#) the report object definition was copied from an existing one, and minor changes were made. In this example, the same technique is employed to save time, but more changes are made.

### **To create a new report object definition in Siebel Tools by copying**

- 1** Open Siebel Tools. Verify that the Account business object has Opportunity and Contact detail business components relative to the Account (master) business component.

This is an unnecessary step in this example, but one you should employ as a precaution when using less common business component relationships. The master-detail relationships specified by the business object components and links in the business object are necessary for any master-detail datastream relationship to work.

The hierarchy of the reports and subreports must be in accordance with the configuration previously done (business object and its business component with the proper links).

---

**NOTE:** The correct approach is to use only the driving business component in a view as the main datastream in the report, because problems may arise otherwise.

---

- 2** Navigate to the Report object type in the Object Explorer. Expand this object type to reveal the child Sub Report object type.
- 3** Locate and select the Account Summary object definition in the Object List Editor window for reports.

Notice that this report has seven subreport children, including Opportunity and Contact. Any account report object definition with these latter two subreports would have sufficed. You will copy this report object definition and delete the unwanted child subreports.

- a** Lock the Report project (choose Repository > Lock Project).
- b** With the Account Summary object definition selected, choose Edit > Copy Record.

A new report object definition is created with empty Name and Menu Text properties and a set of children and properties otherwise matching the original.

- 4 Change the following property settings in the new report object definition (the other property settings do not need to be changed):
  - **Name.** Account - Opty/Contact Detail

This is the name used to refer to the report structure in Siebel Tools, for instance when you add the report to the Reports menu for a view.
  - **Access Base DB Name.** ACOPCOM

This specifies that Acopcom.rox will be the name of the report executable invoked when this report object definition is invoked from the Reports menu in a view.
  - **Menu Text.** Account - Opportunity/Contact Detail

This is the text that will appear in the Reports menu for a view when this report is included in the view through the use of a view report object definition.
  - **Template Name.** ACOPCOM

Specifies the name to be used for the generated data supply library file when the Generate Actuate Report option is invoked for this report object definition.
  - **Sort Specification.** (blank)

By default, sorts the account records into account name order, which is necessary for the group breaks to work correctly. Alternatively, you could specify a value of Account.
- 5 Navigate to the Sub Report list in the Object List Editor for the new report object definition.
- 6 Delete all the subreport object definitions, using Edit > Delete Record, except Opportunity and Contact.
- 7 Expand the Sub Report Fields object definition for the Opportunity subreport.
- 8 Add the following subreport fields if they are not already present: City, Close Date, Description, Name, Postal Code, Rep%, Revenue, Sales Rep, and Sales Stage.

- 9** Export to a data supply library file by choosing Tools > Generate Actuate Report.

This generates a data supply ROL file, named according to the value in the Template Name property, in the C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu\lib folder (or equivalent on your system).

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

- 10** Unlock the Report project and navigate to the View object type in the Object Explorer.
  - a** In the Object List Editor, locate the Account List View object definition. In the Object Explorer, expand View and click View Report.

This is the My Accounts view in the Accounts screen.
  - b** Add a View Report object definition in the Object List Editor.

Enter the name “Account - Opty/Contact Detail” (match spelling and spacing exactly).
  - c** Add a sequence number that is greater by 1 than any other sequence number in the list.
- 11** Choose Repository > Compile and recompile the repository. Move the resulting SRF file to C:\Siebel\objects (or the equivalent location on your system).

## Creating a Custom Component Library

In this exercise, a new report design is created using library components. Components from other report designs and custom libraries are used where possible to shorten the design time. Custom component libraries are described in [“Using a Custom Component Library” on page 202](#). A custom library already exists with opportunity detail frame information: ssOppt.rol. However, the account master and contact detail frame layouts need to be published to a new custom component library from an existing report design, in this case srvreqaa.rod.

**To create a custom component library with account master and contact detail frames**

- 1** Open the `srvreqaa.rod` (Service Request Activity - All) report design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.
- 2** Choose Tools > Library Organizer > New Library. Specify the name `ssrvreq.rol` and the path `C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu\lib`.

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an `\enu` folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as `\deu` for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

- 3** Drag and drop the following frames from the `srvreqaa` report design into the `ssrvreq.rol` custom library (choose the Publish The Component option for each in the Drop Component dialog box):
  - `ssFrmHeadSection`. This is the Before frame for the group section, and displays account header information.
  - `ssFrmContactsBefore`.
  - `ssFrmContactsContent`.
- 4** Close the `srvreqaa.rod` report design and click the Save All button when prompted to save the report design and library.

The `srvreqaa.rod` report and your new Account - Opportunity/Contact Detail report will share frame components from this library. If any customizations need to take place in either report, the component is subclassed first to keep the changes local to one report.

### Creating a Report Design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional

Now the new report design is created and the major structural components are added.

**To create a master-detail report design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional**

- 1 Open Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.
- 2 Choose File > New. In the Create New Report window, select Blank Report and click OK.

A blank design report appears.

---

**NOTE:** Another option for creating a master-detail report design can be found in the postinstallation tasks for Actuate e.Report Designer section in [Chapter 1, “Installing the Siebel Reports Server for Microsoft Windows.”](#)

---

- 3 Delete the following components from the structure tree.

---

**NOTE:** You will need to expand the Content - Report section on the structure pane to see the components.

---

- **Connection component.** This is a predefined connection that is not used to create Siebel reports.
  - **DataStream component.** This component will be replaced with the datastream created in Siebel Tools.
  - **Content - Frame component.** This component will be replaced with a subclassed frame.
- 4 Choose Tools > Library Organizer and click More.

The Include Library window appears.



- a Click Browse and navigate to C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu\lib (or equivalent), choose sssiebel.rol, and click Open. Click OK to close the Include Library window.

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

- b Repeat this step for the files sscustom.rol, sssrvreq.rol, and Acopcon.rol.

**5** Enter the following information for the report:

- **Title.** Account - Opty/Contact Detail
- **Filename.** C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu\Acopcon.rod

This is the filename and folder location where the report design file you are creating will be saved. If you have a \custom subfolder of ...\enu, save it there instead.

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

- **Report Root Name.** Acopcon

This specifies the name of the top-level report design object in the design file.

- 6** Choose File > Save. Specify Acopcon.rod in the ...\\enu (or ...\\enu\\custom) folder.

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \\enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \\deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

Remember to save the design file periodically as you work.

- 7** Double-click the Acopcon (top-level) icon in the structure tree (or right-click it and select Properties).
  - a** In the Component Editor window, click the Class tab.
  - b** Change the Super Class value from AcReportSection to ssRpt.

This is an important step. Siebel reports must inherit from ssRpt (the Siebel standard report) instead of directly from AcReportSection (Actuate report). ssRpt is provided in sscustom.rol and inherits from baseReport from sssiebel.rol.

---

**NOTE:** You cannot perform this step until you have included the sssiebel.rol library.

---

Two components are automatically added to the report when you change the report's class: a report section (ssRpt) and a pagelist section (ssPageList).

- 8** Make sure that the Show Empty Slots option in View > Options is checked.
- 9** Expand the top-level report component.
  - a** Right-click the report section child component in the structure tree (Report) and select Slot Information.

The Single Structure Reference window appears.
  - b** Change Name in the Contents section to ssRpt and click Close.
  - c** Right-click the report section component (ssRpt1) and click Subclass.

- d** Right-click the report section (ssRpt1) and click Rename. Change the name to ssRptAccount.
- 10** Expand the report section component (ssRptAccount).
  - a** Click the library button and click sscustom.rol.
  - b** Drag and drop the ssGrp library component onto the Content child slot of the report section.
- 11** Right-click the group section component (ssGrp) and subclass following [Step 9 on page 242](#).
  - a** Right-click the group section component (ssGrp1) and click Rename.
  - b** Change the name to ssGrpAccount.
  - c** Right-click the group section component (ssGrpAccount) and click Properties. In the Key property, enter ssName.
  - d** Close the Component Editor window.
- 12** Drag and drop the ssSeq library component from the Library Browser window to the content section (ssGrpAccount). When prompted, click Use As Content.

This provides the sequential section that causes the subreports to execute in sequence.
- 13** Subclass the sequential section and rename it ssSeqAccount.
  - a** Drag and drop the ssRpt library component onto the sequential section. Subclass following [Step 9 on page 242](#) and rename it ssRptOpportunity. Expand this report component.
  - b** Drag and drop the ssRpt library component onto the sequential section again. Subclass this report component following [Step 9 on page 242](#) and rename it ssRptContact. Expand this report component.
- 14** Close the Library Browser window.

### Adding Datastreams to the Report Design

Three datastreams are added to report sections in the report design from the data supply library, one each for the master report and the two subreports.

#### **To add datastreams to the report design**

- 1 Click the library browser button and select Acopcon.rol.
- 2 Drag and drop the ssAccountQuery library component onto the DataStream slot beneath the master report section, ssRptAccount.
- 3 Drag and drop the ssOpportunityQuery\_1 library component onto the DataStream slot beneath the opportunity detail report section, ssRptOpportunity.
- 4 Drag and drop the ssContactQuery\_2 library component onto the DataStream slot beneath the contact detail report section, ssRptContact.
- 5 Close the Library Browser window.

### Adding Frame, Data Control, and Label Elements to the Design

Many of these elements will be obtained from two custom component libraries, one of which you have already created.

#### **To add frame, data control, and label elements**

- 1 Click the library browser button and in the Choose Included Module dialog box, select sssrvreq.rol.
- 2 Drag and drop the ssFrmHeadSection library component onto the Before child slot of the group section, ssGrpAccount.
- 3 Collapse the component subtree for ssFrmHeadSection by clicking its minus-sign icon.  
  
Component subtrees for headers and detail rows are distracting in expanded format and should be collapsed for visual clarity and ease of navigation.
- 4 Drag and drop the ssFrmContactBefore library component onto the page header child slot of the contact subreport section, ssRptContact, then collapse the component subtree for ssFrmContactBefore.

- 5 Close the Library Browser window, and choose Tools > Library Organizer.

Select ssOppt.rol in the ...\\enu\\library folder.

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \\enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \\deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

This custom component library is used in opportunity reports; it has the page header and detail line needed for the opportunity subreport you are creating.

- 6 Drag and drop the ssOppHeader library component onto the page header child slot of the opportunity subreport section, ssRptOpportunity, then collapse the component subtree for ssOppHeader.
- 7 Drag and drop the ssOppRowNoAddress library component onto the Content child slot of the opportunity subreport section, ssRptOpportunity, then collapse the component subtree for ssOppRowNoAddress.

Close the Library Browser window.

- 8 Locate and expand the page header child frame of the ssRptOpportunity report section, then subclass this page header frame (ssOppHeader) and rename it ssFrmOpportunityPage.

You need to make some modifications to this page header.

- 9 Select the ssTxtOPPTHeadM child data control of ssFrmOpportunityPage and delete it.
- 10 Open the sscustom.rol library and drag and drop the ssLblSectionHead component from the Library Browser window onto the ssFrmOpportunityPage page header.
- 11 Rename the new section head label ssLblOpportunityHead, then resize and reposition the header label so that it is comparable to the one for contacts.

Close the Library Browser window.

- 12** Select the `ssFrmOPSTATEHeader` content frame in `ssFrmOpportunityPage`, then subclass it and rename it `ssFrmOpportunityHeader`.
- 13** Expand `ssFrmOpportunityHeader` to show its child label components.

You will delete the account label from this header and the detail data row that appears beneath it because the account is already displayed in the master report.
- 14** Select the `ssLblAccount` label child of `ssFrmOpportunityHeader` and delete it.
- 15** Subclass each of the remaining label children of `ssFrmOpportunityHeader` and drag them to the left to fill up the space emptied by deleting `ssLblAccount`.

By clicking each label in the opportunity header while holding down SHIFT, you can create a grouping of labels that you can drag to the left together, maintaining the distances between them and saving time.
- 16** Collapse the `ssFrmOpportunityPage` component tree.
  - a** Expand the `ssOpRowNoAddress` content frame child of `ssRptOpportunity`.
  - b** Subclass `ssOpRowNoAddress` and rename it `ssOpportunityContent`.
  - c** You will now delete the account data control and reposition the other data controls to fill the empty space.
- 17** Select the `ssTxtOPSTATEAccount` data control and delete it.
- 18** Subclass each of the remaining data control children of `ssFrmOpportunityRow` and SHIFT-click each of them in the layout pane (except the name control). Drag them to the left to fill up the space emptied by deleting `ssTxtOPSTATEAccount`.
- 19** Make sure that the data controls line up with the header labels above them.
- 20** Make sure that the `PageBreakBefore` property of the group section (`ssGrpAccount`) is `TRUE` and that its `PageBreakAfter` property is `FALSE`. Also make sure that the `PageBreakBefore` and `PageBreakAfter` properties of the `ssRptContact` and `ssRptOpportunity` subreport sections are all set to `FALSE`.

If you wanted the subreport sections on their own pages, you would set `PageBreakBefore` to `TRUE` in the respective subreport sections. With the `FALSE` settings in all four subreport page break properties, there are no page breaks except between accounts.

- 21 Open the Properties window for the top-level report design component, Acopcon, and set the `ssReportTitle` property to Account - Opportunities/Contacts Detail.

## Compiling and Testing the Report

The report is built, compiled, and run in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional. Debug the report locally in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional and, when it is ready to be deployed, the executable version of the report is moved to the folder where Siebel applications obtain their report executables.

### **To compile and install the report**

- 1 Open Siebel Sales.
- 2 From the application-level menu, choose View > Site Map > Accounts > My Accounts.

Make sure that the desired query is active.

- 3 In Actuate e.Report Designer Professional, click the run button.

The report appears in the browser window.

- 4 Make corrections as necessary to the report design and recompile as often as required.
- 5 Use Windows Explorer to copy the Acopcon.rox file from C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu (or equivalent) to C:\Siebel\reports\enu (or equivalent).

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

- 6 In Siebel Sales, choose View > Reports from the application-level menu.

- 7 From the drop-down list in the Reports window, select Account - Opportunity/Contact Detail.

The report should appear in the browser window. If there are problems, check the configuration of report and view report object definitions in Siebel Tools.

## Example—Creating a Report with Multiple Hierarchies

In this example, an account report is created that provides a list of opportunities and associated competitors for each opportunity, and a list of contacts for each account. Notice that this report displays three levels of hierarchy (parent > child > grandchild) relationship. It is possible to create reports with multiple hierarchies using the methodology laid out in this example.

The following tasks are required to create the report

- 1 Create and export a new report object definition (and children and grand children) in Siebel Tools.
- 2 Create a custom component library.
- 3 Create a report design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.
- 4 Add datastreams to the report design.
- 5 Add frame, data control, and label elements to the design.
- 6 Compile and test the report.

## Creating a New Report Object Definition in Siebel Tools

Only [Step 1](#) from “[Example—Creating a Report with Multiple Hierarchies](#)” is described in detail. All the other steps for developing a Master-Detail report are identical to those explained in “[Creating a New Report Object Definition in Siebel Tools](#)” on page 235.



**To create a new report object definition in Siebel Tools by copying**

- 1** Open Siebel Tools. Verify that the Account business object has Opportunity, Contact, and Competitor detail business components relative to the Account (master) business component. Also verify under Account business object that a link is defined for the Competitor business component between Opportunity and Competitor business components.

This confirms the hierarchical relationship among the business components under Account business object.

In this example, the Opportunity and Contact business components are at the child level, and the Competitor business component is at the grandchild level relative to Account business object.

- 2** Make sure that all the business components to be used in the master detail report are active in the associated business object.

A master detail report can be created with multiple hierarchy levels with as many business components as the user needs, as long as all of these business components belong in the same business object and are active. Further, each business component below the parent level should have a link defined with a parent level business component.

In this example, make sure that the competitor business component (which will appear at the grandchild level in the report) has a link defined with Opportunity business component.

- 3** Navigate to the Report object type in the Object Explorer. Expand this object type to reveal the child Sub Report object type.
- 4** Locate and select the Account Summary object definition in the Object List Editor window for reports.

Notice that this report has seven subreport components, including Opportunity, Contact, and Competitor. Any account report object definition with these latter three subreports would have sufficed. You will copy this report object definition and delete the unwanted subreport components.

- 5** Lock the Report project (choose Tools > Lock Project).

- 6** Select the Account Summary object definition and choose Edit > Copy Record.

A new report object definition is created with empty Name and Menu Text properties and a set of children and properties otherwise matching the original.

- 7** Change the following property settings in the new report object definition (the other property settings do not need to be changed):

- **Name.** Multiple Hierarchy Report

This is the name used to refer to the report structure in Siebel Tools, for instance when you add the report to the Reports menu for a view.

- **Access Base DB Name.** MULHIER

This specifies that Mulhier.rox will be the name of the report executable invoked when this report object definition is invoked from the Reports menu in a view.

- **Menu Text.** Multiple Hierarchy Report

This is the text that will appear in the Reports menu for a view when this report is included in the view through the use of a view report object definition.

- **Template Name.** MULHIER

Specifies the name to be used for the generated data supply library file when the Generate Actuate Report option is invoked for this report object definition.

- **Sort Specification.** (blank)

By default, do not sort the account records into account name order, which is necessary for the group breaks to work correctly. Alternatively, you could specify a value of Account.

- 8** Navigate to the Sub Reports list in the Objects List Editor for the new report object definition.

- 9** Delete all the subreport object definitions (using Edit > Delete Record) except Opportunity, Contacts, and Competitor.

Notice that the position field indicated for Opportunity and Contacts is 1 and 2 respectively, while for Competitor it is 1.1. This indicates that Opportunity and Contacts are at hierarchical level 2 and Competitor is at level 3 under Opportunity.

The position is indicated relative to the main business component. Each hierarchy level is separated by a period, and the number indicates the relative position with respect to the associated parent. For example, position 2.3 indicates that the subreport is two levels below the main business component, and that it is a child, 3, of the business component designated with position 2.

- 10** Expand the Sub Report Fields object definition for the Opportunity subreport.
- 11** Add the following subreport fields if they are not already present: City, Close Date, Description, Name, Postal Code, Rep%, Revenue, Sales Rep, and Sales Stage.
- 12** Expand the Sub Report Fields object definition for the Competitor subreport. Add the subreport fields Threat Value, and Vendor if they are not already present.
- 13** Export to a data supply library file by choosing Tools > Utilities > Generate Actuate Report.

This generates a data supply ROL file, named according to the value in the Template Name property, in the C:\Siebeldev\rptsrsrc\enu\lib folder (or equivalent on your system).

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

- 14** Unlock the Report project.
- 15** Navigate to the View object type in the Object Explorer.
  - a** In the Object List Editor, locate the Account List View object definition.

- b** In the Object Definition, expand View and click on View Report. This is the My Accounts view in the Accounts screen.
  - c** Add a view report object definition in the Object List Editor.
  - d** Enter the name Multiple Hierarchy Report (match the spelling and spacing exactly) and a sequence number that is one higher than any other sequence number in the list.
- 16** Choose Tools > Compile and recompile the repository. Move the resulting SRF file to C:\Siebel\objects (or the equivalent location on your system).

## Creating a Report Design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional

In Creating a Master-Detail Report example, you first created a custom component library and then a new report design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional. In this example, you will create a report design by first copying an existing design and making changes to the copy.

### **To create a report design with multiple hierarchy**

- 1** Open the Acopcom.rod (Account – Opty/Contact Detail) report design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional and choose File > Save As and save the report design as Mulhier.rod.
- 2** Highlight the Report at root level in the design editor and double-click to open the Component Editor. In the Properties tab, change the title by entering Multiple Hierarchy Report for the ssReportTitle parameter.
- 3** Choose Tools > Library Organizer to open the Library Organizer window.

In the Libraries Included in Your Report frame, highlight Acopcom.rol and click the down arrow. If Mulhier.rol is available in the Available Libraries frame, click the up arrow to add to the included libraries.

- a** If Mulhier.rol is not in the Available Libraries frame, browse through the file system clicking More and navigate to the directory that contains Mulhier.rol library.
- b** Select this library in the Available Libraries frame and click the up arrow to add it to the included libraries.

- c** Click the library browser button and select the Mulhier.rol library to open the datastreams of Account (ssAccountQuery), Opportunity (ssOpportunityQuery\_1), Contacts (ssContactsQuery\_2), and Competitor (ssCompetitorQuery\_1\_1) business components.
    - d** Only include the datastream of Competitor business component.
  - 4** Expand the ssRptOpportunity report component in the design editor.
  - 5** Drag and drop the ssSeq library component from the Structure icon into the content section.

This provides the sequential section that causes the subreports to execute in sequence.
  - 6** Subclass the sequential section and rename it ssSeqOpty.
  - 7** Drag and drop the ssRpt library component on the sequential section.
    - a** Subclass it and rename it ssRptCompetitor.
    - b** Expand this report component.
  - 8** Drag and drop data stream object ssCompetitorQuery\_1\_1 into the DataStream node of ssRptCompetitor.
  - 9** Close the Library Browser Window.

## **Adding Frame, Data Control, and Label Elements to the Design**

See [“Adding Frame, Data Control, and Label Elements to the Design” on page 244](#) to add frame, data control, and label elements to the Threat Value and Vendor fields in the Competitor section (the other sections already have the controls added).

## **Master-Detail Reports**

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*Example—Creating a Report with Multiple Hierarchies*

# Composite Datastreams 12

This chapter is in two sections, as follows:

- The datastream concepts that underlie all advanced reporting techniques are described in [“Datastream Concepts.”](#)
- Composite datastreams, which are used to display data from multiple business components in a single frame, are described in [“Using Composite Datastreams in Reports”](#) on page 257.

## Datastream Concepts

A datastream component represents the data from one business component. Datastreams and report sections have a one-to-one relationship, and multiple datastreams are common in report designs. These relationships drive many of the techniques that are used in more complex reports.

Each datastream uses a data row component to store variable values and return formatted data in the report instance. In Siebel/Actuate, the data row component represents the list of fields in the report object definition. Each field in the report object definition maps to one variable defined in the data row. A data row object is created for each row of data in the report object definition.

The data row component is a class that is instantiated to create data row objects at run time. The datastream contains the code to extract data; the data row holds the values. Since data rows are almost wholly defined by their variable attributes, you should modify the report object definition and its children and avoid writing code to the data row component.

A data row object, however, is visible to the report section and can be intercepted after it is created and before it populates controls. You can create a local subclass of the datastream and data row components, and override the Fetch method in the datastream (to process the entire record) or the OnRead method in the data row (to process a single field).

Though a datastream component uses only one data row component in its local space (report section), the creation of a global data row can make fields from multiple data rows available to the entire report design. This technique is described in [“Using Composite Datastreams in Reports” on page 257](#).

In Actuate, a datastream is a collection of components that deliver data to the report. Because Siebel data access is done through OLE and the OMU (the Reports Server interface), queries are always executed outside the Actuate environment.

The role of the datastream is to create an interface through OLE or the OMU and deliver the formatted data row to the report design. Siebel Tools defines the variables required to execute the queries, their values being determined by the requirements of the report design. The datastream variables, with their types and functions, are described in [Table 12](#).

**Table 12. Siebel Datastream Class Variables**

Variable	Type	Function
ssAppServer	Integer	Pointer to the object created in the ssReport::Build Report () method of the datastream. It identifies the active Siebel application server or model.
ssBO	Integer	Pointer to the object created in the Start method. It identifies the active business component.
ssBusCompName	Integer	Pointers to the master and child business components used to obtain data from the view in the Siebel application.

The overridden datastream methods are covered in [Appendix B, “Method Reference.”](#)



## Using Composite Datastreams in Reports

A report often requires a single frame to display data from multiple business components. Each frame gets data from its report section, and each report section has one datastream. Each datastream is associated with a single business component through the report object definition. Normally, a data control cannot see beyond the bounds of its report section.

The solution is to create a data row, global in scope, that is visible to the entire report, not just to its report section. You do this by putting a variable on the report design component. It is then possible to populate the control with the proper data.

The following tasks are required to create and use a global data row:

- 1** Add global variables to the report design.
- 2** Modify the master datastream component.
- 3** Reference global variables in controls.

These steps are illustrated with the Quotestd.rod standard report. This report is the Current Quote report in the Reports menu in views in the Quotes screen.

## Composite Datastreams

Using Composite Datastreams in Reports

In [Figure 29](#), a sample of the report displays quote master information at the top and provides a subreport in the middle containing the list of individual quote line items.

Current Quote				SIEBEL			
<b>Date:</b>	08/30/2001	<b>Sales Representative:</b>	SADMIN				
<b>Quote #:</b>	1-10MLH	<b>Effective From:</b>	08/03/2001				
<b>Rev #:</b>	1	<b>Valid Through:</b>	09/02/2001				
<b>Opportunity ID:</b>		<b>Currency:</b>	USD				
<b>To:</b>	Mike Dalton Marriott International	<b>Bill To:</b>	Jamie Adams Marriott International 10400 Fernwood Road Bethesda, MD, 20817	<b>Ship To:</b>	Jamie Adams Marriott International 10400 Fernwood Road Bethesda, MD, 20817		
Level	Item Name	Part #	Attributes	UOM	Net Price	Qty.	Ext. Price
1	Siebel Quotes	701-SEB-SSE		Per User	\$104.50	1	\$104.50
2	Siebel Quotes	701-SEB-SSE		Per User	\$104.50	1	\$104.50
<b>Payment Method :</b>				<b>Product Sub-Total:</b>	\$209.00		
<b>Name:</b>				<b>Services Sub-Total:</b>	\$0.00		
<b>CC#:</b>				<b>Discounts:</b>	\$11.00		
<b>Exp Date:</b>				<b>Tax:</b>	\$0.00		
				<b>Freight Charges:</b>			
				<b>Total:</b>	\$209.00		

**Figure 29. Current Quote Report Sample Page**

## Adding Global Variables to the Report Design

To make the field values in the master data row available to the subreports, you need to define a global variable that holds the contents of the master data row. This is defined as a public static variable on the report design component, and its type is defined as having the same class as the master data row.

### **To create a global data row variable in the report design**

- 1** Expand the master datastream to view its child data row and note the data row's name.

In the case of the Current Quote report (QUOTESTD), this name is `ssQuoteDataRow`, and the class is the same as the name because it has not been subclassed.

- 2** Navigate to the report design, which is the top-level component, and right-click it. In the pop-up menu, select Properties.
- 3** In the Properties window for the report design component, click the Variables tab.
- 4** Click New. The Class Variable dialog box appears.
- 5** Enter the following values:
  - In the Name field, enter `MasterRow`.
  - In the Type field, enter the previously noted data row class name.
  - Leave Externally Defined Data Type unchecked.
  - In the Storage radio button group, click Static.
  - In the Visibility picklist, select Public.
- 6** Click OK to save the new variable.

### Modifying the Master Datastream Component

In this step, the master datastream component is modified to obtain the data for its data row component from the global data row variable. This is accomplished by overriding the Fetch method on the master datastream.

#### **To override the Fetch method on the master datastream**

- 1 Navigate to the master datastream component (the datastream for the master report, rather than the subreport) and double-click it.

In the Quotestd.rod report, this component is ssQuoteQueryAddGlobalRow.

The Component Editor appears.

- 2 In the Component Editor, choose the Methods tab.
- 3 Select the Fetch method and click Override.
- 4 Replace the existing code in the Method Editor with the following code (using the relevant master data row name, if other than ssQuoteDataRow):

```
Function Fetch( ) As AcDataRow  
  
    Dim aMasterRow As ssQuoteDataRow  
  
    Set aMasterRow = Super::Fetch( )  
  
    If aMasterRow Is Nothing Then  
        Exit Function  
    End If  
  
    Set MasterRow = aMasterRow  
  
    Set Fetch = MasterRow  
  
End Function
```

- 5 Click Close.

The code in the Fetch method sets the MasterRow global variable to the contents of the row returned by the Super::Fetch operation, after first determining that the fetched record is not empty. Each time a master datastream record is obtained, the record in memory in MasterRow is replaced.

## Referencing Global Variables in Controls

Let's say, for example, that the name of the account needs to be referenced in each line item row.

### **To add the account name to line item rows**

- 1 Navigate to the content frame QuoteItemContent1 in the subreport.
- 2 Make space for an account name between two fields.
- 3 Open the sscustom.rol library, if it is not already open, and drag the ssTxtS component from the library browser window to the desired location in the content frame.

The Component Properties dialog box opens for the new text control.

- 4 In the ValueExp property in the Component Properties dialog box, enter the following value:

```
QUOTERPT::MasterRow.ssAccount
```

This sets the text control to display the current value of the ssAccount field in the MasterRow global variable, which stores the current quote.

To use a value from the global variable in a text control, use the ValueExp property of the control, as in the example. The expression is of the following form:

```
GlobalVar.FieldName
```

For example:

```
QUOTERPT::MasterRow.ssAccount
```

### **Debugging Tips for Composite Datastreams**

The report design's MasterRow variable must be Static with Public visibility.

The overridden Fetch method must call Super::Fetch() before using it to create the global data row. If unexpected results occur, assign a breakpoint to the Fetch method (select the line to breakpoint and press F9) and inspect all report variables (Debug > Variables). Make sure that the data row variable aMasterRow is being populated as expected.

The BuildFromRow method on a control can also be overridden for the purpose of using breakpoints to check the value of the MasterRow variable (and its fields) in order to confirm that MasterRow is exposing itself to the control.

# Sorting Records in Memory **13**

Generally, it is possible to obtain the kind of sorting and grouping that is necessary for a report using sort specifications and group breaks, as explained in [Chapter 10, “Reports with Group Sections.”](#) However, when master data is sorted by the contents of a multi-value field (all records, not only the primary), or the master is in a many-to-many relationship with the detail, sorting cannot be defined in a sort specification. In these situations, the data must be passed to Actuate as a master-detail set of datastreams, and additional processing must occur in Actuate through the mechanism of a sort data filter.

This chapter explains how to design reports that require merging of records rather than a simple sort.

## **Report Sorted on a Multi-Value Field**

Memory Sorting is employed when master records must be sorted by the contents of a multi-value field. An example of the situation is the Opportunities by Sales Rep report, obtained in the Opportunities screen by choosing View > Reports, then selecting By Sales Rep from the drop-down menu and clicking Run Now.

Opportunity records are listed in this report, sorted by the sales representative responsible for working on each opportunity. If there were only one sales representative per opportunity, this requirement could be satisfied with a sort specification and a group break. However, an opportunity record is assigned to a sales team, rather than a single sales representative. For you to see all the opportunities for each sales representative, the same opportunity must be listed under the name of each sales representative who is on that opportunity's sales team.

The relationship between an opportunity and the sales representatives assigned to it is a one-to-many relationship. In the Siebel business model, this is defined as a master-detail relationship (link) between the Opportunity and Position business components in the context of the Opportunity business object. The multi-value group displayed in Siebel Sales for opportunity records in the Sales Rep field is defined through the Position multi-value link.

For a report of this kind, the datastream must provide both the master and detail records. If only the opportunity records were sent to Actuate, it would be impossible to determine which sales reps were assigned to each opportunity; only the primary sales representative would be available for each opportunity. To send an interrelated set of opportunities and their detail sales representatives, the datastream must be defined in Siebel Tools with a report object definition for the Opportunity business component and a child subreport object definition for the Position business component. You can verify in Siebel Tools that this has been done for the Opportunities - By Sales Rep report.

Based on the master and detail records in the two datastreams, a set of merged records is created from the two business components that represents their cross-product, consisting of one merged opportunity record for each combination of an opportunity and a position in that opportunity's Sales Rep multi-value field. It is the merged records, created in memory, that are sorted into sales rep order and printed with sales rep sort breaks.

This report is analyzed in greater detail in [“Examining a Report Sorted on a Multi-Value Field \(MVF\)” on page 270](#).

## Report Sorts Records from a Many-to-Many Relationship

Memory sorting is also employed when master and detail business components have a many-to-many relationship, such as between opportunities and contacts or between accounts and opportunities. An example of this situation is the Contacts By Opportunity report, obtained in the Contacts screen by choosing View > Reports, then selecting By Opportunity from the drop-down menu and clicking Run Now.



The situation in this report is very similar to the one in the Opportunities by Sales Rep report, in that there are multiple detail records for each master, and the master records are to be sorted by a field in the detail records. You want to print contacts sorted by opportunity, which requires looking at the many-to-many relationship from the perspective of one opportunity to many contacts.

The set of object definitions in Siebel Tools uses the Opportunity business component as the master and includes a contact subreport. In the report design, merged opportunity records are created in a memory structure with the contact name included as an extra field. They are then sorted into contact order and printed with contact group breaks.

Notice that this could be switched around to create a report that prints contacts sorted by opportunity. The exported data supply library would use Contact as the business component in the master report object definition, and Opportunity in the subreport. In the report design, the structure in memory would hold the contents of each contact record plus an opportunity name field. The contact records would sort in opportunity order, with opportunity group breaks.

This report is analyzed in greater detail in [“Examining a Report Based on a Many-to-Many Relationship”](#) on page 281.

## How a Memory Sort Report Works

This section provides background information that is necessary for understanding memory sort reports, then analyzes two existing standard reports that use this methodology.

### Data Filters

A datastream consists of two types of data adapters: datasources and data filters. Datasources retrieve data from an input source—the COM interface in the case of Siebel reports—and create data rows from the incoming records. Data filters sort, filter, or perform other computations on data rows. While a datastream must have at least one datasource, it is not required to have any data filters, and in the majority of standard reports data filters are not used.

A data filter receives data rows from one or more datasources or other data filters. A data filter processes the data it receives, then passes it to the next data filter (if there is one) or to the report.

Actuate provides three classes of data filters, one for accepting data from one datasource or data filter, one for merging data from multiple datasources and filters, and one for sorting. In the sscustom library, the classes for these three purposes are `ssSingleInputFilter`, `ssMultipleInputFilter`, and `ssMemoryDataSorter`, respectively.

Sort-merge requirements go beyond the capabilities of the standard sorting and grouping methodology and are handled with a data filter subclassed from `ssMemoryDataSorter`. This class inherits from the `baseMemoryDataSorter` class in the `sssiebel` library and ultimately from `AcMemoryDataSorter` in the Actuate Foundation classes. A data filter based on `ssMemoryDataSorter` is also called a sort filter.

## Memory Structures

To sort data by the child business component, you must extract data from the master business component, store it, and re-sort it according to the values in the detail business component. The master and detail business component records are obtained through the master and detail datastreams.

In the Opportunities by Sales Rep (OPSLREP) standard report, each row of the opportunity query is processed before the data is formatted. Because data rows are transient objects, they are written into a temporary structure in memory as they are processed.

A global list or memory data buffer component can be used for this purpose. In the Opportunities by Sales Rep report, data rows from the Opportunities query are stored in a global list component. The `AcList` class, from which global list components are derived, is a smart array structure. A memory buffer (based on the `AcMemoryBuffer` class) is similar to a global list, but exhibits more complex behavior that is not required for most Siebel reports.

The RowList variable is derived from AcList, the AFC class designed to hold an ordered collection of objects. AcList is set up to function globally and has several methods that make it easy to manage lists. Methods for AcList variables are listed and described in [Table 13](#).

**Table 13. Methods Available for AcList Variables**

Method	Class Derived From	Description
AddToHead	AcList	Adds an item to the beginning of the list.
AddToTail	AcOrderedCollection	Adds an item to the end of the collection.
Contains	AcList	Returns TRUE if the list contains the item.
Copy	AcList	Copies the contents from another list to the end of this list.
GetAt	AcOrderedCollection	Returns the item at the specified location in the collection.
GetCount	AcCollection	Returns the number of objects in the collection.
GetHead	AcOrderedCollection	Returns the first item in the collection.
GetIndex	AcList	Returns the position of the node specified in the list.
GetTail	AcOrderedCollection	Returns the last item in the collection.
InsertAfter	AcList	Inserts a node in the list after the specified node.
InsertBefore	AcList	Inserts a node in the list before the specified node.
IsEmpty	AcCollection	Reports whether the collection is empty or not.
NewIterator	AcCollection	Creates an iterator for the collection.
Remove	AcCollection	Removes a specified item from the collection.
RemoveAll	AcCollection	Removes all contents from the collection.
RemoveHead	AcList	Removes the first node from the list.
RemoveTail	AcOrderedCollection	Removes the last item in the collection.

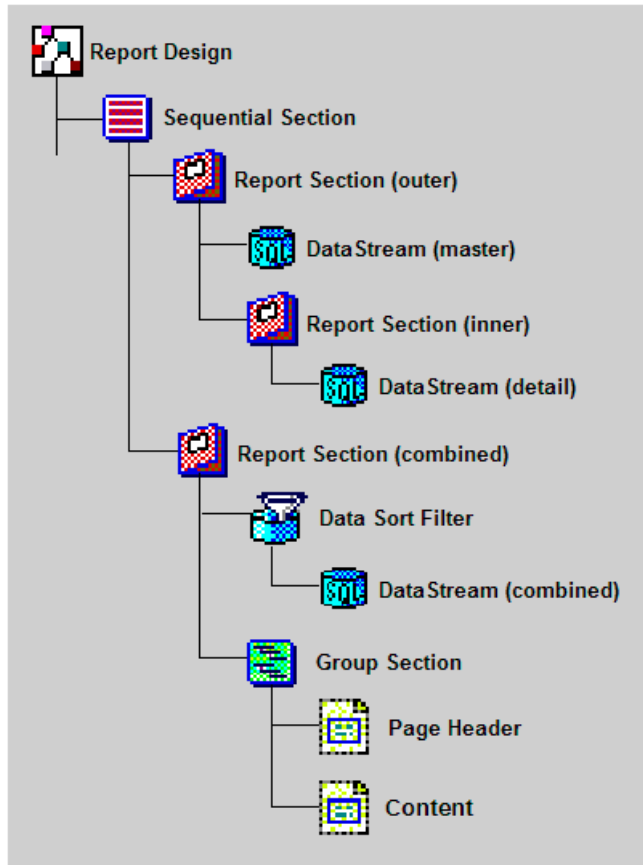
See the *Actuate Foundation Class Reference* for additional information on these methods.

### Structure of the Report Design

Structurally, a memory sort report is similar to a report with group breaks, as described in [Chapter 10, “Reports with Group Sections,”](#) with some additional components. These include:

- A second report section
- A sequential section to group the two report sections
- A data filter in the new report section to reprocess data from the master and detail datastreams in the preceding report section

Figure 30 illustrates the structure of this kind of report.



**Figure 30. Memory Sort Report Structure**

The major components in this structure are as follows:

- **Sequential Section.** This section groups together the outer report section, whose purpose is to obtain the master and detail records without generating any report lines, and the combined report section, which sorts and processes those records into a printed report. The sequential section causes these two processes to take place one after the other, which is necessary because the first process generates the stored set of records that is processed in the second process.
- **Outer Report Section.** This section holds the datastream for the master report.
- **Master Datastream.** This datastream obtains data records from the master business component. It is obtained from the data supply library file for the report.
- **Inner Report Section.** This section holds the datastream for the subreport.
- **Detail Datastream.** This datastream obtains data records from the detail business component for each master record. It is also obtained from the data supply library file.
- **Combined Report Section.** This section holds the data filter that obtains the merged records from the datastreams in the preceding report section and processes them into the appropriate sort order for the report. This report section also holds the content nodes that define the report output.
- **Data Sort Filter.** The data filter processes merged records from the datastreams in the preceding report section into the correct sorted order for the report output.
- **Combined Datastream.** This datastream is a child component of the data sort filter. It obtains merged records from the global list. The merged records have a record structure defined in the combined datastream's child data row component.
- **Group Section.** This section implements sort breaks between groups of like records.

## Examining a Report Sorted on a Multi-Value Field (MVF)

A good MVF-sorted report to study is the Opportunities by Sales Rep report, which is invoked in the Opportunities screen (typically from the My Opportunities filter). You should examine the report output in Siebel Sales, and the report design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional, leaving both open to compare them.

**To generate the Opportunities by Sales Rep report**

- 1** Open Siebel Sales.
- 2** From the application-level menu, choose View > Site Map > Opportunities > My Opportunities.
- 3** While still in the My Opportunities view, choose View > Reports from the application-level menu.
- 4** From the drop-down list in the Reports window, select By Sales Rep, and then click Run Now.

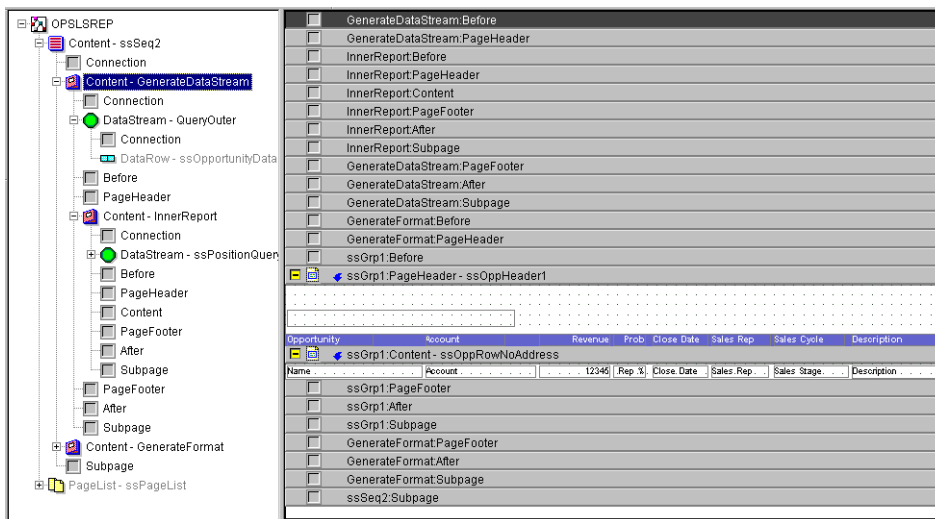
**To open the report design for the Opportunities by Sales Rep report**

- 1** Open Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.
- 2** Choose File > Open.
- 3** In the Open dialog box, navigate to the C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu\standard folder (or the equivalent on your computer) and select Opslsrep.rod.

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

The Opplsrep.rod report design file in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional is shown in [Figure 31](#).



**Figure 31. Opportunities by Sales Rep Design**

Explore the report design, compare design elements to the corresponding features in the report output, and right-click components to view their property lists.

Notice the following features of this report design:

- There are three datastreams, corresponding to the master report, the subreport, and the combined report. The master report (GenerateDataStream) and the subreport (InnerReport) are strictly for data gathering and do not have content frames.
- If you open Siebel Tools and navigate to the report object definitions for the Opplsrep report (Opportunities - By Sales Rep) and its children, you can see that opportunity records are the parent, and position records (with a limited number of fields exposed) are the child. This is also reflected in the report design in Actuate, with the master datastream obtaining opportunities and the detail datastream obtaining positions for each opportunity.



- If you right-click the top-level report design component, choose Properties, and click the Variables tab, you can see that a custom variable has been defined. It is called RowList and is of the AcList class. This list structure variable holds the data rows as they are obtained from the input datastreams, for later access by the sort (combined) datastream. This is described in [“Global List Variable” on page 274](#).
- The Fetch method in each of the three datastreams has been locally overridden in order to change the record acquisition code. You can determine this by opening the Properties window for the datastream, clicking the Methods tab, and noting the dark font used for the name of the Fetch method. Double-click the method name to view the code.
  - The Fetch method on the master datastream (QueryOuter) moves the data in the current master record to a public data row variable called OutSideDataRow. This variable is defined on the master datastream, making the current master record available to the detail datastream, ssPositionQuery. See [“Fetch Method on the Master Datastream” on page 275](#).
  - The Fetch method on the detail datastream (ssPositionQuery) joins the master and detail data rows to create a combined data row, which is subsequently added to the RowList global list. See [“Fetch Method on the Detail Datastream” on page 275](#).
  - The Fetch method on the combined datastream (GetFromList) gets each data row from the global list and passes the data row to the sort filter. See [“Fetch Method on the Combined Datastream” on page 278](#).
- The combined report section, GenerateFormat, uses the GetFromList datastream that has been locally created and defined, rather than imported from the data supply library file generated by Siebel Tools. The parent component of this datastream, rather than the report section itself, is a data filter component. The datastream is created from the ssDataSource library component in sscustom.rol and the data filter from the ssMemoryDataSorter in the same library.

The Compare method on the sort data filter re-sorts the data rows that have been sent to the filter. The sort data filter component is described in [“Compare Method on the Sort Data Filter” on page 279](#).

### Global List Variable

A global list variable, based on the AcList class in the AFC library, holds the data rows as they are obtained from the input datastreams, for later access by the sort datastream. In the Opportunities by Sales Rep report, this variable is called RowList. You add the global list variable to the top-level component in the report design, namely the report design itself.

#### **To create a global list variable in the report design**

- 1** Navigate to the Report Design, which is the top-level component, and right-click it. In the pop-up menu, select Properties.
- 2** In the Properties window for the Report Design component, click the Variables tab.
- 3** Click the New button. The Class Variable dialog box appears.
- 4** Enter the following values:
  - In the Name field, enter RowList.
  - In the Class field, select AcList.
  - Leave Externally Defined Data Type unchecked.
  - In the Storage radio button group, click Static.
  - In the Visibility picklist, select Public.
- 5** Click OK to save the new variable.

In the Opportunities By Sales Rep example, the RowList variable holds the merged data rows that were created in the GenerateDataStream report section. After each combined data row is built, it is added to the list by calling the AddToTail method on the RowList variable.

## Fetch Method on the Master Datastream

The Fetch method on the master datastream (QueryOuter in the example report) moves the data in the current master record to a public data row variable, called OutSideDataRow. This variable is defined on the master datastream, making the current master record available to the detail datastream, ssPositionQuery. The Fetch method on the master datastream contains the following code:

```
Function Fetch( ) As AcDataRow

    Set Fetch = Super::Fetch()

    ' If a row is returned, then assign it to OutSideDataRow Var
    If NOT Fetch Is Nothing Then
        Set OutSideDataRow = Fetch
    End If

End Function
```

## Fetch Method on the Detail Datastream

The Fetch method on the detail datastream joins the master and detail data rows to create a combined data row, which is subsequently added to the RowList global list. The field structure of the combined data row is defined in the data row child component of the combined datastream component. In the Opportunities By Sales Rep example, the combined data row is CombinedDataRow, and this is a child of the GetFromList datastream.

The Fetch method in the detail datastream has the following code:

```
Function Fetch( ) As AcDataRow

    Dim aInsideDataRow As ssPositionDataRow

    Dim aOutsideDataRow As ssOpportunityDataRow
```

## Sorting Records in Memory

*Examining a Report Sorted on a Multi-Value Field (MVF)*

```
Dim aCombinedDataRow As CombinedDataRow

' Initialize the List Object if it has been initialized
' This should only happen for the first time through
  If RowList Is Nothing Then
    Set RowList = New AcSingleList
  End If

' Get the current inside row
  Set aInsideDataRow = Super::Fetch( )
  If aInsideDataRow is Nothing Then
    Set Fetch = Nothing
    Exit Function
  End If

' Get a pointer to the Outside Data Row Variable, declared on the
DataSource
  Set aOutsideDataRow = OPSLSREP::QueryOuter::OutSideDataRow
  If aOutsideDataRow Is Nothing Then
    Exit Function
  End If

' Create a new CombinedDataRow
  Set aCombinedDataRow = New CombinedDataRow
```

```
' Fill Combined Data row with entries from inner row

  aCombinedDataRow.ssSales_Rep = aInsideDataRow.ssLogin_Name

  aCombinedDataRow.ssPosName = aInsideDataRow.ssName

  aCombinedDataRow.ssClose_Date =
aInsideDataRow.ssOpportunity_Close_Date

  aCombinedDataRow.ssClose_Date_Formatted=
aInsideDataRow.ssOpportunity_Close_Date_Formatted

  aCombinedDataRow.ssRevenue_Formatted =
aInsideDataRow.ssOpportunity_Revenue_Formatted

  aCombinedDataRow.ssRevenue=
aInsideDataRow.ssOpportunity_Revenue

' Get values that are required from the outside data row

  aCombinedDataRow.ssName = aOutsideDataRow.ssName

  aCombinedDataRow.ssAccount = aOutsideDataRow.ssAccount

  aCombinedDataRow.ssCity = aOutsideDataRow.ssCity

  aCombinedDataRow.ssDescription =
aOutsideDataRow.ssDescription

  aCombinedDataRow.ssPostal_Code =
aOutsideDataRow.ssPostal_Code

  aCombinedDataRow.ssRep__ = aInsideDataRow.ssOpportunity_Rep__

  aCombinedDataRow.ssSales_Stage =
aOutsideDataRow.ssSales_Stage

  aCombinedDataRow.ssState = aOutsideDataRow.ssState

  aCombinedDataRow.ssStreet_Address =
aOutsideDataRow.ssStreet_Address

' Handle inside row so that Fetch continues to function

  Set Fetch = aInsideDataRow
```

```
' Add the newly created combined datarow to the Global list of rows
    RowList.AddToTail(aCombinedDataRow)

End Function
```

### Fetch Method on the Combined Datastream

The Fetch method on the combined datastream gets data from the global list. For each row in the global list, the GetAt method on the global list variable is invoked to obtain the data, and the AddRow method on the parent data sort filter component is invoked to pass the data row to the filter.

The code for the Fetch method on the combined datastream is as follows:

```
Function Fetch( ) As AcDataRow
    Dim curList As AcList
    Dim curDataRow As CombinedDataRow

    ' Acquire a reference variable to the global RowList from first
    report
        Set curList = RowList
        If curList is Nothing then
            'MsgBox "failure to acquire Row List"
            Exit Function
        End If

    ' Set the data row to the Item in the list at the current position
        Set curDataRow = curList.GetAt(Position)
        If curDataRow Is Nothing Then
```

```

Exit Function
End If

Set Fetch = curDataRow
AddRow (Fetch)

End Function

```

## **Compare Method on the Sort Data Filter**

The Compare method on the sort data filter re-sorts the data rows that have been sent to the filter. A sort filter is configured primarily by overriding the filter's Compare method to specify how the rows should be sorted. Compare takes two rows as arguments and returns one of the following values:

- A positive number if the first row goes after the second row.
- Zero if both rows are the same.
- A negative number if the first row goes before the second row.

The code you define in the Compare method defines the criterion for ordering the records.

The Compare method calls the CompareKeys method (in the AcDataSorter class in the AFC) to compare two key values obtained from the same column. The CompareKeys method returns one of the following values:

- -1 if key1 is less than key2
- 0 if key1 equals key2
- 1 if key1 is greater than key2

## Sorting Records in Memory

### *Examining a Report Sorted on a Multi-Value Field (MVF)*

In the case of the Opportunities By Sales Rep report, opportunities are being ordered primarily by sales rep and secondarily by revenue. That is, within each group with the same sales rep, the opportunities are ordered by revenue. This makes it possible for the group section to provide a group break at each change in sales rep, and within each group for the opportunities to be listed from highest to lowest in revenue.

The code for the Compare method on the sort data filter is as follows:

```
Function Compare( row1 As AcDataRow, row2 As AcDataRow ) As Integer
    Dim aRow as CombinedDataRow
    Dim bRow as CombinedDataRow

    Set aRow = row1
    Set bRow = row2

    ' Order By Sales Reps
    Compare = CompareKeys(aRow.ssSales_Rep, bRow.ssSales_Rep)

    ' Order by Revenue, descending
    ' May want to use the functional data here
    If Compare = 0 Then
        Compare = CompareKeys(Val(bRow.ssRevenue),
        Val(aRow.ssRevenue))
    End If

End Function
```



## Examining a Report Based on a Many-to-Many Relationship

A good many-to-many report to study is the Contacts By Opportunity report, which is invoked from a view in the Contacts screen (typically the My Contacts view). You should examine the report output in Siebel Sales and the report design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional, leaving both open to compare them.

### **To generate the Contacts By Opportunity report**

- 1 Open Siebel Sales.
- 2 From the application-level menu, choose View > Site Map > Contacts > My Contacts.
- 3 While still in the My Contacts view, choose View > Reports from the application-level menu.
- 4 From the drop-down list in the Reports window, select By Opportunity.

The Contacts By Opportunity report appears in a new web browser window.

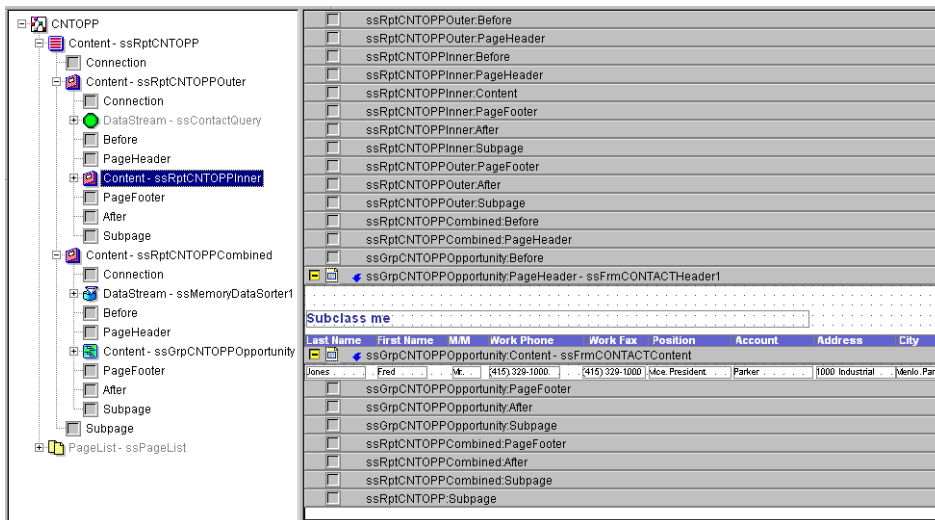
### **To open the report design for the Contacts By Opportunity report**

- 1 Open Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.
- 2 Choose File > Open.
- 3 In the Open dialog box, navigate to the C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu\standard folder (or the equivalent on your computer) and choose Cntopp.rod.

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

The Cntopp.rod report design file in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional is shown in Figure 32.



**Figure 32. Contacts By Opportunity Report Design**

Notice the following features of this report design (especially in comparison to the Opportunities By Sales Rep report described in “Examining a Report Sorted on a Multi-Value Field (MVF)” on page 270):

- The structures of the reports and the code defined on the corresponding datastreams and data filters are very similar between the reports.
- The global list variable and the master row global variable are both defined on the report design component Cntopp.rod. In Opps1srep.rod, the global data row variable was defined in datastream Fetch code, which accomplishes the same result. Defining the data row variable on the report design component is preferable for clarity in your design.
- The Compare method in Cntopp.rod sorts the merged records primarily on opportunity name and secondarily on contact last name. This is consistent with the sorting and grouping requirements of the final report.

- If you open Siebel Tools and navigate to the report object definitions for the Cntopp.rod report (Contacts - By Opportunity) and its children, you can see that contact records are the parent, and opportunity records (with only the Name field exposed) are the child. This is also reflected in the report design in Actuate, with the master datastream obtaining contacts and the detail datastream obtaining opportunities for each contact.

This structure is analogous to what was done in the Opslsrep.rod object definitions and report design. The business component that is to be sorted and printed is the master. The business component that provides the sort key is the detail. While this may seem counterintuitive in the case of a many-to-many report, in which the detail business component provides the group headings and the master business component provides the detail report rows, it is consistent with the data model of the Contact business object. Since the report is invoked from views in the Contacts screen, where the Contact business object is active, it is not possible to obtain records through a master-detail relationship in which Opportunity is the master. To do so would provide no benefit in any case because the records of the two business components are merged before sorting.

## **Sorting Records in Memory**

*Examining a Report Based on a Many-to-Many Relationship*

# Using Graphics in Reports **14**

This chapter explains the techniques for incorporating graphics, such as bar charts and pie charts, in reports. The overall methodology is described, the correspondences between Siebel chart types and Actuate chart types are detailed, and the property settings for a chart are explained. For more information about creating charts, see the “Presenting data in charts” chapters in Actuate’s *Developing Advanced e.Reports* and *Designing e.Reports* manual on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf*.

## Using Graphics Overview

A chart is a control that is positioned in a content frame. In a report that provides only a chart and no textual data, the chart control occupies the entirety of the main content frame in the report section. Another option is to place a chart control in the After frame in a report that has a group break, in which case the chart appears after each group of text rows.

Charts used in reports fall into two categories, depending on the relationship between bars or curve points and the underlying data, as follows:

- **Detail charts.** Each data point is plotted individually as a curve point or a bar. Both the x- and y-axes must be numeric. Detail charts have limited utility and are generally used only for scatter charts. Detail charts are based on the `acDetailChart` class in the Actuate Foundation Class (AFC) library.

---

**NOTE:** The use of a component from the AFC library, rather than the `sscustom` library, is an exceptional situation and applies only to detail charts. AFC components should not be used directly in Siebel reports except in this specific situation.

---

- **Summary charts.** All data points in a given classification are combined, and an aggregate value is plotted for each curve point or bar. Summary charts support plotting data series, in which one set of bars or line chart points is provided for each legend label. They also support text label and date values on the x-axis. Summary charts are based on the `ssSummaryGraph` class in the `sscustom` library.

In either case, the component is dragged onto an empty frame, and the properties are set to configure the use of data. A detail chart control can be added from the Chart button. A summary chart must be added from the Library Browser window for the `sscustom` library.

---

**NOTE:** A third chart type, HLC (high-low-close), is also available, but is not described in this chapter. An HLC chart is added using the chart button, and you select the `AcHLCChart` class when prompted.

---

## Actuate-Supplied Chart Types

Actuate provides many of the same chart types as Siebel eBusiness Applications. This makes it possible to duplicate these kinds of graphics in Siebel views and the reports for those views. All the chart types listed in [Table 14](#) are available for both detail and summary charts, but many will work correctly only in summary charts. [Table 14](#) shows supported chart types in Siebel applications and Actuate and the correspondences between them.

**Table 14. Siebel Chart Types and Corresponding Actuate Chart Types**

Siebel Chart Type	Actuate Chart Type
2dBar	Chart2dBar (vertical)
2dHorizBar	Chart2dBar (horizontal)
2dLine	ChartLine
2dPie	Chart2dPie
2dScatter	ChartScatter

**Table 14. Siebel Chart Types and Corresponding Actuate Chart Types**

Siebel Chart Type	Actuate Chart Type
2dSpline	
2dStackedBar	Chart2dBar (vertical, stacked)
3dBar	Chart3dBar (vertical)
3dClusteredBar	Chart3dBar (vertical, clustered)
3dHorizBar	Chart3dBar (horizontal)
3dLine	
3dPie	Chart3dPie
3dSpline	ChartTape
3dStackedBar	Chart3dBar (vertical, stacked)
Combo	Chart2dArea
	Chart3dArea
	ChartHLC (High-Low-Close)
	ChartOHLC (Open-High-Low-Close)
	ChartCandleStick

## Chart Control Properties

The property settings for a chart control are set in the Component Editor. Access the Component Editor by right-clicking the chart, choosing Properties from the pop-up menu, and clicking the Properties tab. Summary and detail charts have the same set of available properties, with the exception of the properties in the Expressions category, which differ between the two types.

The properties for a chart control, arranged by property category (the folder you must expand to view the property), are described in [Table 15](#).

**Table 15. Chart Properties by Property Category**

Category	Property	Description
	TargetWindow Name	The name of the target window in which the contents of a hyperlink appear.
Advanced	LinkExp	The expression defining a hyperlink for this chart object.
	ObjectVariable	The name of an optional method in the frame that will point to this chart object.
Expressions (in AcDetailChart only)	XLabelExp	Contains a data row variable, in square brackets, from which a text x-axis label can be obtained for each point. Note that values are not aggregated for each label.
	XValueExp	Contains a data row variable, in square brackets, that supplies the X value for each data point. For example, in a scatter chart that plots revenue on the y-axis against sales stage on the x-axis, the setting for this property would be [ssSales_Stage].
	YValueExp	Contains a data row variable, in square brackets, that supplies the Y value for each data point. For example, in a scatter chart that plots revenue on the y-axis against sales stage on the x-axis, the setting for this property would be [ssRevenue].



**Table 15. Chart Properties by Property Category**

Category	Property	Description
Expressions (in ssSummaryGraph only)	CategoryExp	Contains a data row variable or expression that specifies the category, that is, the x-axis value that groups data. This should normally evaluate to an integer. For example, in a summary chart that groups opportunities by month, the category key would be:  Year([ssClose_Date]) * 12 + Month([ssClose_Date]) -1
	CategoryLabelExp	Contains a data row variable or expression that provides the text label for each category. For example, in a summary chart that groups opportunities by month, the category label expression would be:  [ssClose_Date_ Formatted]
	SeriesExp	Contains a data row variable or expression that specifies the series (z-axis) for the data point, that is, the value that determines which bar color or line chart curve the point appears in. This should normally evaluate to an integer.
	SeriesLabelExp	Contains a data row variable or expression that provides the text label to appear in the legend for each series.
	YValueExp	Contains a data row variable or expression that supplies the Y value for each data point. For example, in a summary chart that displays opportunity revenue by month, the value expression would be:  Sum(Val([ssRevenue]))

**Table 15. Chart Properties by Property Category**

Category	Property	Description
General	BackgroundColor	Background color of the chart.
	ChartBackgroundColor	Color of the rectangle around the chart.
	ChartBorderStyle	Style for the border around the chart. Options are ChartNoBorder, ChartSolidBorder, ChartDropShadow, ChartShadowAndBorder, ChartRaisedBorder, and ChartLoweredBorder.
	PointLabelAlignment	Enumerated. The options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ ChartHorizontalAlignment aligns the point labels horizontally.</li> <li>■ ChartVerticalAlignment aligns the point labels vertically.</li> <li>■ ChartAutoAlignment tilts the data point labels such that they do no overlap.</li> </ul>
	PointLabelColor	The color of the labels displayed for each point.
	PointLabelStyle	The style of the labels displayed for each point. Options are ChartNoPointLabels, ChartCustomLabels, ChartNumericLabels, ChartColoredNumericLabels, and ChartColoredCustomLabels.
	ValuesColorList	A comma-separated list of color names or RGB values to identify different data series.
ChartType-Specific	BarGrouping	Specifies that a bar chart is clustered, stacked, or without clustering or stacking. Ignored for charts other than bar charts. Options are ChartBarNoGrouping, ChartBarCluster, ChartBarClusterZ (3D only), ChartBarStack, and ChartBarStackPercentage.
	BarOrientation	Specifies that a bar chart has horizontal or vertical bars. Ignored for charts other than bar charts. Options are ChartBarVertical, ChartBarHorizontal, and ChartBarHorizontalReversed.
	ChartType	Specifies the chart type. Option are Chart2DPie, Chart3DPie, Chart2DBar, Chart3DBar, ChartLine, Chart2DArea, Chart2DScatter, ChartHLC, ChartTape, ChartOHL, Chart2DArea, and Chart3DArea.

**Table 15. Chart Properties by Property Category**

Category	Property	Description
	HLCBarStyle	HLC and OHLC charts only. Determines how the chart displays high, low, and close tick marks. Options are ChartHLCAllBars, ChartHLCThickBars, ChartHLCNoClose, and ChartHLCNoBars.
	LineStyle	Specifies that a line chart has solid lines of default thickness, broken lines of a particular pattern, or thick lines. Applies to line charts only. Options are ChartDefaultLines, ChartPatternLines, and ChartThickLines.
	LineStyleList	Line charts only. A comma-separated list of line styles, one style for each data set. Options are SingleLine, DashLine, DotLine, DashDotLine, DashDotDotLine, and NullLine.
	LineThickness	Line and scatter charts only. Specifies the thickness of lines in chart-specific units.
	PointsArePercent	Area charts only. TRUE indicates that the numbers on the data points are percentage figures. FALSE indicates that the points are absolute numbers.
	ShowAsPercent	Area charts and pie charts only. Draws the chart showing the percentage of each data point as the sum of all points in that dataset. The area always fills the full chart height.
	ShowLines	Line, log/lin, lin/log, and log/log charts only. TRUE shows lines connecting the points.
	ShowSticks	Line, log/lin, lin/log, log/log, and scatter charts only. TRUE shows lines from the y-axis to each point.
	ShowSymbols	Line, log/lin, lin/log, log/log, and scatter charts only. TRUE shows symbols for each point.

**Table 15. Chart Properties by Property Category**

Category	Property	Description
HTML	Alignment	Specifies the alignment of the chart window within the flow of text in the report.
	AlternateText	In browsers that do not support Java applets, specifies the text that appears in place of the chart.
	BorderWidth	The number of pixels of thickness of the border around the chart.
	Margin	The number of pixels of horizontal and vertical space between the window and the surrounding text.
	UseDefaultSize	Determines whether to use the default image size computed by the browser. If it is set to TRUE, the system does not generate the height and width HTML attributes. If FALSE, the system generates these attributes from the Size property.
Legend	LegendBackgroundColor	Background color for the legend.
	LegendBorderStyle	The style of the box to draw around the legend. Options are ChartNoBorder, ChartSolidBorder, ChartDropShadow, ChartShadowAndBorder, ChartRaisedBorder, and ChartLoweredBorder.
	LegendColorText	TRUE if the legend entries are the same color as the lines, points, or bars they identify. FALSE if they are all the color given by Legend.LegendFont.Color.
	LegendFont	A group of properties that defines the font of the legend labels, including Bold, Color, FaceName, Italic, and so on.
	LegendPosition	The position of the legend. Defaults to ChartLegendRight.

**Table 15. Chart Properties by Property Category**

Category	Property	Description
Titles	TitleBackground Color	Background color for the rectangle enclosing the title.
	TitleBorderStyle	Style for the border around the title. Options are ChartNoBorder, ChartSolidBorder, ChartDropShadow, ChartShadowAndBorder, ChartRaisedBorder, and ChartLoweredBorder.
	TitleFont	A set of properties that defines the font for the chart title.
	TitleText	Title that appears above the chart.
TOC	TocAddComponent	<p>Determines whether the component name is added to the report's table of contents. The values are:</p> <p>TOCAlwaysAdd. Always add the component to the table of contents.</p> <p>TOCIfAllVisible. Add component name to the table of contents only if the user can view at least one page generated from the component based on page security. This is the default.</p> <p>TOCIfAnyVisible. Add component to table of contents even if the user cannot view any pages generated from the component based on page security.</p> <p>TOCSkip. Never add the component to the table of contents. Use this to hide components such as parallel or sequential sections or detail frames from the user.</p>
	TocAddContents	Determines whether the component's contents are added to the report's table of contents.
	TocValueExp	Returns a string to show as the table of contents entry for this object.

**Table 15. Chart Properties by Property Category**

Category	Property	Description
Viewing	CursorShape	The kind of cursor to show when the mouse cursor passes over the chart object.
	HelpText	The text to show for this chart object when the user asks for help.
	Searchable	Specifies whether the chart object can be searched in the Viewer.
	SearchAlias	The name to display to the user when building a search for this chart object.
	Selectable	TRUE if the user can select this chart object in the Viewer.
Visual	Position	The position of the chart object in its enclosing frame.
	Size	The size of the chart object.

**Table 15. Chart Properties by Property Category**

Category	Property	Description
X-Axis	XAxisPosition	The position of the x-axis. Options are ChartXAxisAuto, ChartXAxisTop, and ChartXAxisBottom.
	XAxisColor	Color of the axis lines.
	XAxisOrigin	The location of the chart origin. Options are ChartZeroOrigin, ChartAutoOrigin, and ChartCustomOrigin.
	XLabelFont	A set of properties that defines the font for the x-axis values labels, and that of the data labels adjacent to each point.
	XLabelFormat	The format string used to create custom x-axis labels.
	XLabelsList	A comma-separated list of quoted x-axis values.
	XLabelStyle	The kind of labels to show along the x-axis. Options are the following: ChartNoLabels. Displays no labels. ChartAutoLabels. Displays labels computed automatically. ChartCustomLabels. Displays custom labels based on the information you enter in the XLabelsList property. ChartExpressionLabels. Displays labels computed from an expression you specify in the LabelExp property.
XMajGridStyle	The style of line to draw for the major grid lines. Options are SingleLine, DashLine, DotLine, DashDotLine, DashDotDotLine, and NullLine.	

**Table 15. Chart Properties by Property Category**

Category	Property	Description
	XMajorTickCount	The number of ticks to display. For charts with X values, this is the number of ticks to display. For charts without X values, this is the frequency of the ticks (that is, points per tick).
	XMajorTickStyle	The kind of tick marks to include. Options are ChartNoTicks, ChartAutoTicks, and ChartCustomTicks.
	XMax	Sets the maximum x-axis limit. This value is computed when the chart is displayed. When the chart is being designed, this value is used for displaying sample data.
	XMin	Sets the minimum x-axis limit. This value is computed when the chart is displayed. When the chart is being designed, this value is used for displaying sample data.
	XMinorGridStyle	The style of line to draw for the minor grid lines.
	XShowMinorTicks	TRUE indicates that the chart displays minor tick marks. If so, there will always be five minor tick marks between two major tick marks.
	XTitle	The text of the label to show for the x-axis.
	XTitleBackGround Color	The background color of the x-axis title.
	XTitleBorderStyle	The style of the rectangle that encloses the x-axis title. Options are ChartNoBorder, ChartSolidBorder, ChartDropShadow, ChartShadowAndBorder, ChartRaisedBorder, and ChartLoweredBorder.
	XTitleFont	A set of properties that defines the font of the x-axis.
	XValueSet	Indicates how the system should determine how many x-axis values are available.  ChartDefaultXValues. No x-axis values are available; the Chart should provide default spacing along the x-axis.  ChartXValuePerDataSet. There is one set of x-axis values provided in the points for the first (or only) data set that apply to all points.  ChartXValuePerPoint. Each point has its own X value.



**Table 15. Chart Properties by Property Category**

Category	Property	Description
Y-Axis	DualYAxisColor	Color of the axis lines.
	DualYLabelFont	A set of properties that defines the font for the y-axis values labels, and that of the data labels adjacent to each point.
	DualYTitleFont	A set of properties that defines the font of the y-axis titles.
	YAxisColor	Color of the axis lines.
	YAxisPosition	The position of the y-axis. Options are ChartYAxisAuto, ChartYAxisLeft, and ChartYAxisRight.
	YAxisOrigin	The location of the chart origin. Options are ChartZeroOrigin, ChartAutoOrigin, and ChartCustomOrigin.
	YLabelFont	A set of properties that defines the font for the y-axis values labels, and that of the data labels adjacent to each point.
	YLabelFormat	The format string used to create custom y-axis labels.
	YLabelsList	A comma-separated list of quoted y-axis values.
	YLabelStyle	The kind of labels to show along the y-axis. Options are the following: ChartNoLabels. Displays no labels. ChartAutoLabels. Displays labels computed automatically. ChartCustomLabels. Displays custom labels based on the information you enter in the XLabelsList property. ChartExpressionLabels. Displays labels computed from an expression you specify in the LabelExp property.
	YMajorGridStyle	The style of line to draw for the major grid lines. Options are SingleLine, DashLine, DotLine, DashDotLine, DashDotDotLine, and NullLine.
	YMajorTickCount	The number of ticks to display. For charts with y-axis values, this is the number of ticks to display. For charts without y-axis values, this is the frequency of the ticks.

**Table 15. Chart Properties by Property Category**

Category	Property	Description
	YMax	Sets the maximum y-axis limit. This value is computed when the chart is displayed. When the chart is being designed, this value is used for displaying sample data.
	YMin	Sets the minimum y-axis limit. This value is computed when the chart is displayed. When the chart is being designed, this value is used for displaying sample data.
	YMinorGridStyle	The style of line to draw for the minor grid lines. Options are ChartDefaultLines, ChartPatternLines, and ChartThickLines.
	YShowMinorTicks	TRUE indicates that the chart displays minor tick marks. If so, there will always be five minor tick marks between two major tick marks.
	YTitle	The text of the label to show for the y-axis.
	YTitleBackGround Color	The background color of the y-axis title.
	YTitleBorderStyle	The style of the rectangle that encloses the y-axis title. Options are ChartNoBorder, ChartSolidBorder, ChartDropShadow, ChartShadowAndBorder, ChartRaisedBorder, and ChartLoweredBorder.
	YTitleFont	A set of properties that defines the font of the y-axis titles.
	YTitleOrientation	Determines how the text appears for the y-axis title. The default is ChartYLabelUp, which rotates the text 90 degrees counterclockwise. Options are ChartYLabelHoriz, ChartYLabelUp, and ChartYLabelDown.
	YVerticalLabels	TRUE to show x-axis labels rotated 90 degrees.

This chapter describes the essential components of Smart Reports, which include specialized graphical elements and formatted summary information. In addition to the specialized graphical information and formatted summary, Smart Reports provide relevant detailed information. This chapter describes the implementation process, and provides examples to walk you through the process of creating them. This chapter is intended to allow you to configure and extend special graphical components, such as thermometers.

## Smart Reports Overview

Siebel Smart Reports are reports designed to serve the needs of senior managers. In this section their purpose is explained, the standard Smart Reports are listed and described, and the typical visual features are illustrated.

### Purpose of Smart Reports

Typical reports generated from application software tend to be operational/transactional data spanning multiple pages. While this is generally appropriate for operations personnel, senior managers often need reports that go beyond the mere presentation of data and help extract the key information for decision making by bringing it into high visual relief.

In some organizations, high-level executives use reports as their primary form of interaction with Siebel eBusiness Applications, and reports provide their typical means of accessing an application's data. It is important to provide such users with reports that include summary information and performance metrics in graphical form in a concise and intuitive format. Siebel Smart Reports help senior managers users characterize a situation, analyze various issues, and take appropriate action.

For example, sales representatives, sales managers, and call center managers can use Smart Reports to measure their performance against recommended best practices, analyze trends, identify exceptions, and take appropriate action. Smart Reports are organized to start with summary information and proceed to the most detailed information. The contents fall into three sections or categories of information:

- **Dashboard section.** The first section in a Smart Report is a *dashboard*. The dashboard provides intuitive graphical indicators for the key measures of utility and an order of merit. This helps the reader gauge the situation being studied: whether an opportunity is worth pursuing, whether the pipeline is healthy, and so on.
- **Summary sections.** When the reader has identified the key issues, the reader can proceed to the *summary sections* and analyze them. These sections contain charts and diagrams that aid analysis. For example, a summary section may include a Pipeline versus Quota chart that helps pinpoint the region that is in danger of missing targets.
- **Detail sections.** Having analyzed the issue, the reader can drill into the underlying detail sections and take appropriate action. These tend to present information in a format similar to those of conventional standard reports. The manager can target key decision makers with activities that address their main decision issues, or identify the opportunities in the pipeline that need attention.

## Standard Smart Reports

Table 16 describes the standard Smart Reports provided with Siebel applications.

**Table 16. Standard Siebel Smart Reports**

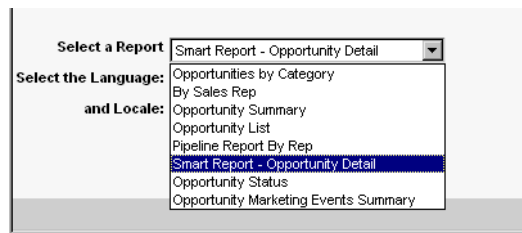
Name	Description	Hierarchy of Data
Opportunity Detail	Describes the relevant details pertaining to the opportunity. It contains information about the relative importance of the opportunity, the likelihood of closing, the steps taken to date, and planned actions.	<p>The dashboard summarizes Deal Size, Buying Influence, Probability of Closing, Competitive Activity, and Stage/Milestone.</p> <p>Summary and detail sections are provided for the following areas: Contacts, Products, Competitors, Decision Issues, Key Activities, All Activities, and Notes.</p>
Account Summary	Describes the relevant details pertaining to the account. It contains information about the account's historical and future revenue, satisfaction, organizational hierarchy, and service requests.	<p>The dashboard summarizes Past Revenue, Pipeline Revenue, Customer Satisfaction, and Competitive Activity.</p> <p>Summary and detail sections are provided for the following areas: Revenue Over Time (closed and pipeline), Current Opportunities, Contact Detail, Products Installed, Customer Satisfaction, Open Service Requests (by severity), and Campaigns/Activities.</p>
Pipeline Analysis	An analysis of the current pipeline. It uses historical information to determine the revenue that is expected to be generated over the next four quarters and how it compares to the quota for that period.	<p>The dashboard summarizes Expected Revenue Current Quarter and Expected Revenue Next Four Quarters.</p> <p>Summary and detail sections are provided for Pipeline Revenue and Opportunities Detail.</p>

**Table 16. Standard Siebel Smart Reports**

Name	Description	Hierarchy of Data
Quota Summary	Measures performance relative to quota for the current period and year-to-date. It tracks closed as well as pipeline revenue to determine whether the goal for the quarter can be met.	<p>The dashboard summarizes Revenue Current Quarter and Revenue YTD.</p> <p>Summary and detail sections include Revenue by Direct Report, Opportunities (closed), and Opportunities (open).</p>
Service Request Aging Analysis	Analyzes the aging of the currently open service requests. It tracks three metrics that may explain performance, the number of open service requests, call volume, and average resolution time during the past months.	<p>The dashboard summarizes Time Open (current SRs), Number of Open SRs, Call Volume, and Average Resolution Time.</p> <p>Summary and detail sections include Open Service Requests (by severity) and Closed Service Requests (by severity).</p>
Account Service Detail	Summarizes the service-related information pertaining to the account. It contains information about currently open service requests, customer satisfaction, and the historical service request resolution for the account.	<p>The dashboard summarizes Revenue, Open SRs, and Customer Satisfaction.</p> <p>The first summary section includes summary graphics for Severity Distribution, Aging by Severity, SR Substatus, and Customer Satisfaction. There is also a Closure Times by Severity summary section.</p> <p>There is one detail section listing Open Service Requests by severity.</p>

## Visual Features

Smart Reports are labeled as such in the Reports drop-down list in particular views. For example, from the Opportunities screen tab navigate to the My Opportunities view. Choose View > Reports from the application-level menu, and expand the drop-down list of reports. The Smart Report - Opportunity Detail selection appears in the listing, as shown in [Figure 33](#).



**Figure 33. Reports Menu in My Opportunities View**

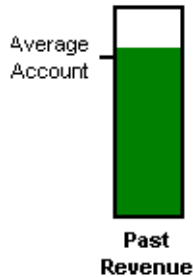
Two important graphical elements specific to Smart Reports are described as follows:

- **Order of Merit indicator.** Reflected in [Figure 34](#), an up, down, or right arrow that indicates the merit of the opportunity, account, and so on, based on one or more criteria being analyzed in the report. The direction of the arrow depends on whether the values measured by the thermometers are above or below their triggers. A right arrow indicates that two of the three thermometers are above their triggers. The up arrow represents that all three thermometers are above their triggers.



**Figure 34. Order of Merit Indicators**

- **Thermometer.** The vertical and horizontal partially filled rectangle graphs are called thermometers. [Figure 35](#) shows the past revenue for an average account.



**Figure 35. Thermometer**

A thermometer is defined by four parameters:

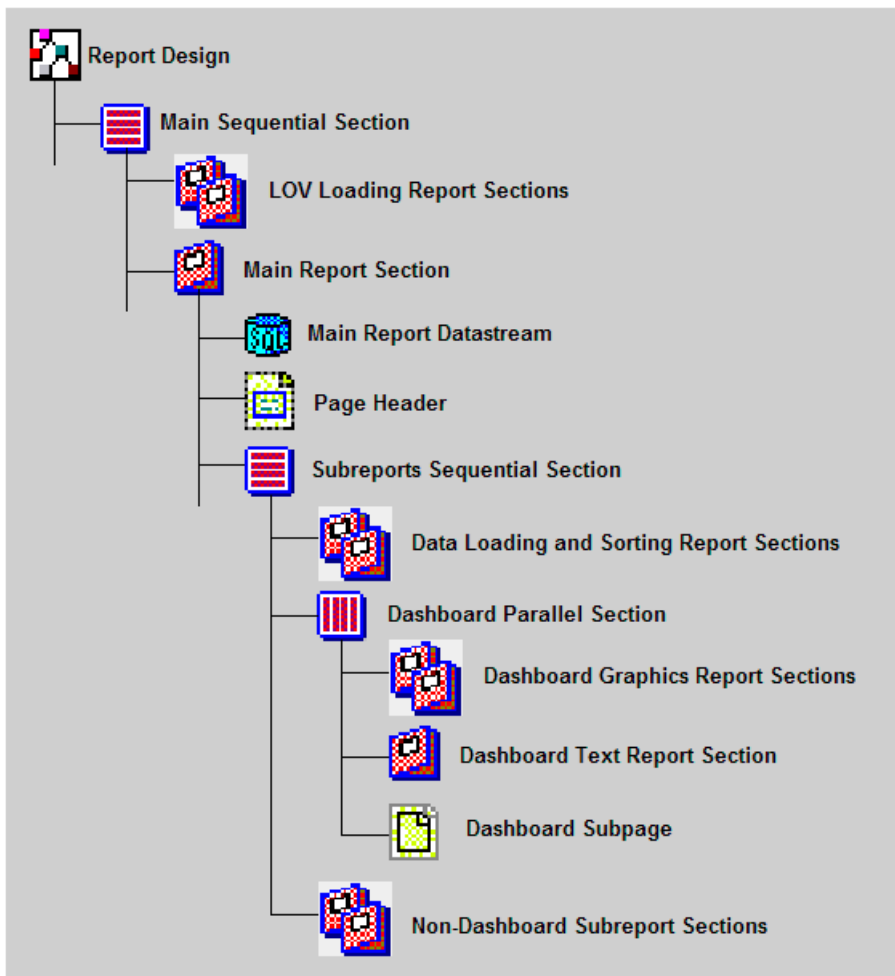
- **Measure.** The quantity being measured by the thermometer. The value of this quantity determines the height of the shaded area within the rectangle.
- **Minimum.** The value represented by the bottom part of the rectangle.
- **Maximum.** The value represented by the top part of the rectangle.
- **Trigger.** A benchmark to which the value of the measure is compared. The order-of-merit indicator depends on whether the value of the measure is above or below the trigger.

For information on the configuration of thermometers, see [“Thermometers” on page 311](#).



## **Report Structure and Major Components**

Smart Reports have a fairly complex structure relative to other standard Siebel reports. The hierarchy of high-level report design components in a Smart Report is illustrated in [Figure 36](#).



**Figure 36. Smart Report Component Hierarchy**

The design components in [Figure 36 on page 306](#) are as follows:

- **Main Sequential Section.** This is the parent component for all the major report sections. It causes its child sections to execute sequentially.

- **LOV Loading Report Sections.** This is the first set of report sections executed. The purpose of these report sections is to obtain high, low, and average (or trigger) values for each of the thermometers from records in the List of Values (LOV) table. For example, in the Account Summary Smart Report, there is one LOV loading section each for the Past Revenue, Pipeline, and Customer Satisfaction thermometers. Each of these report sections obtains a record from the List of Values table corresponding to a particular LOV type. For more information, see [“Obtaining the Minimum, Maximum, and Trigger Values” on page 313](#).
- **Main Report Section.** This report section holds all the design components for the Smart Report, other than the initial data collection sections and the pagelist. Its children are the main report datastream, the page header for the Smart Report, and the sequential section that processes the dashboard and various subreports.
- **Main Report Datastream.** This datastream is the master datastream for the report, providing opportunity records for the opportunity Smart Report, account records for the account Smart Report, and so on. It uses the data row from the master datastream in the data supply library file.
- **Page Header.** This component defines the page header for the Smart Report. In the page header, the name of each major entity (account, opportunity, and so on) appears, as it does in other standard reports. Certain summary values for the entity may be displayed as well. The unique feature of the page header in a Smart Report is that it also displays the order-of-merit indicator for that entity. The configuration of the order-of-merit indicator is discussed in [“Order-of-Merit Indicator” on page 309](#).
- **Subreports Sequential Section.** This section contains and sequentially processes the various report sections for the main report and subreports. These include data sorting sections, the dashboard section, and sections for the subreports that follow the dashboard in the report.

- **Data Loading and Sorting Report Sections.** These report sections are the first to appear in the sequential section, before sections that actually generate report lines and graphics. The data loading and sorting sections obtain and manipulate detail data for the current master record. The data is obtained from the various detail datastreams in the data supply library file.

The detail datastreams accessed at this stage are those that must store data in global memory structures, often with some sorting or merging before storage. Detail datastreams without a global memory storage requirement (such as the contact, product, and activity datastreams in the Account Summary report) do not need to be included before the report sections in which they are used.

- **Dashboard Parallel Section.** A parallel section contains multiple report sections displayed in different flows on the same page, often side by side. To create a dashboard section displaying thermometers and other graphics and text side by side, a parallel section is required. The children of the parallel section are the report sections for graphics and text that appear in the dashboard.
- **Dashboard Graphics Report Sections.** These report sections correspond to individual graphic elements in the dashboard. Each has a datastream, and some have a data filter as well. Each also has a content frame. Included as a child of the content frame is either a graph component or a thermometer frame.

A thermometer frame is derived from the `ssThermometer` component in the `ssSmart.rol` library. The `OnRow` method in a thermometer frame calculates values for, and passes four parameters to, the corresponding method in the parent library thermometer: `MinimumValue`, `MaximumValue`, `TriggerDataValue`, and `DataValue`. The thermometer is drawn based on these four values. The thermometer label, trigger label, and fill color are specified in properties in the thermometer frame. For information on thermometer configuration, see [“Thermometers” on page 311](#).

When a graph is displayed instead of a thermometer (such as the Competitive Activity graph in the Opportunity Detail and Account Summary reports), the content frame holds an `AcDetailGraph` or `ssSummaryGraph` control, configured as described in [Chapter 14, “Using Graphics in Reports.”](#)

- **Dashboard Text Report Section.** This section includes the datastream and content frame for the textual master report information. The report text in the dashboard is from one master record; for example, in the Account Summary report, the fields for the account record are printed in the dashboard text report section. The datastream for this section is the master datastream in the data supply library file. The content frame provides blank space for the thermometers and other dashboard graphics, although these are positioned using the dashboard subpage rather than this content frame.
- **Dashboard Subpage.** A subpage establishes the physical layout of visual elements in a section. The dashboard subpage specifies the layout of the dashboard parallel section. The locations of the thermometers, dashboard graphs, and text report section are determined here by defining and positioning a flow for each in the subpage. Generally, the flow for the text report section occupies the entire subpage, and the other flows each occupy some portion of this area.
- **Nondashboard Subreport Sections.** The subreports that make up the summary and detail sections appear sequentially in the report following the dashboard parallel section. These are configured as typical subreports, each with a datastream and a content section. However, the data may be obtained from a memory structure (previously loaded in the data loading and sorting sections) and sorted or merged using a data filter.

## Order-of-Merit Indicator

The order-of-merit indicator appears at the top right of the first page in a Smart Report and is configured in the page header. It consists of an up, down, or right arrow that indicates the merit of the opportunity, account, and so on, based on one or more criteria being analyzed in the report. The direction of the arrow depends on whether the values measured by the thermometers are above or below their triggers. [Figure 37](#) shows the three order-of-merit indicators. A right arrow indicates that two of the three thermometers are above their triggers. The up arrow represents that all three thermometers are above their triggers.



**Figure 37. Up, Right, and Down Order-of-Merit Indicators**

The order-of-merit indicator is derived from one of three predefined image components in the `ssSmart.rol` library: `ssOrderOfMeritUpImage`, `ssOrderOfMeritDownImage`, or `ssOrderOfMeritPushImage`. Code in the `Finish` method of the page header component determines, from the status of all thermometers relative to their targets, whether the arrow direction to display is up, down, or right.

For example, in the Account Summary report, the page header component is `ssOrderOfMeritHeader1`. The following code appears in the `Finish` method:

```
ArrowDirection = "DOWN"

If CustomerSatisfactionAboveTarget And
PipelineThermometerAboveTarget Then

ArrowDirection = "UP"

End If

If PastRevenueThermometerAboveTarget And Not
PipelineThermometerAboveTarget Then

ArrowDirection = "PUSH"

End If
```

In the case of this report, the order-of-merit indicator direction is based on the status of two thermometers, Past Revenue and Pipeline. If both are above target, the arrow direction is up. If Past Revenue is above target and Pipeline is not, the direction is right (called PUSH in the code example). If Past Revenue is below target, regardless of Pipeline, the direction is down.

The code that generates the Boolean values for the two `xxAboveTarget` variables is located in the `OnRow` methods of the respective thermometers, as described in [“Obtaining the Data Value” on page 315](#).

Code in the Finish method of the page header determines the arrow direction to use and passes a value of UP, DOWN, or PUSH (the right arrow) in the ArrowDirection variable. Code in the Finish method of the page header's parent library component (ssOrderOfMeritHeader) loads and generates the arrow image for the correct direction, using image components in the ssSmart.rol library and bitmap files saved in C:\Siebdev\rptsrc\enu\lib.

---

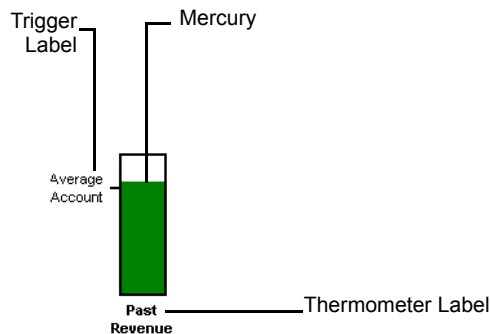
**NOTE:** If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

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## Thermometers

A thermometer is a partially filled rectangle graph in the dashboard section of a Smart Report. [Figure 38](#) shows the parts of a typical thermometer. The parts are the trigger label, the mercury level, and the thermometer label.



**Figure 38. Parts of a Thermometer**

A thermometer frame is derived from the `ssThermometer` component in the `ssSmart.rol` library by subclassing. Most of the functionality required for implementing a thermometer is already defined in the `ssThermometer` library component. A custom thermometer can be defined by adding an `ssThermometer` component to a frame in a report section; configuring three properties; and writing code to calculate four values and pass them, by way of global variables, to methods in the parent component.

The three properties to configure in the thermometer component are the following:

- **Color.** Color of the mercury in the thermometer. Each thermometer in a dashboard should use a different mercury color.
- **Thermometer Label.** The text of the label that appears beneath the thermometer.
- **TriggerLabel.** The text of the label that appears to the left of the trigger tick mark on the left side of the thermometer.

The four parameters that are passed to the `ssThermometer` library component are the following:

- **DataValue.** The value of the parameter being displayed. This determines the height of the mercury. For example, in a thermometer displaying past revenue for an account, the value of the past revenue of the current account would be displayed as a height relative to the minimum and maximum values for all accounts. Unlike the other three parameters, this one is calculated for the specific entity being reported on—in this case, one account rather than all accounts.
- **MinimumValue.** The minimum value for this entity among all like entities (accounts, opportunities, and so on). Determines the value associated with the bottom edge of the thermometer frame.
- **MaximumValue.** The maximum value for this entity among all like entities. Determines the value associated with the top edge of the thermometer frame.
- **TriggerDataValue.** The value that determines whether the data value for this entity is above, is below, or meets the target established for this kind of entity. In the Past Revenue example, the trigger data value establishes the height, relative to the maximum and minimum values of the trigger tick mark.



These four values are passed in the OnRow method in the thermometer component. They are passed, by way of global variables defined in the report design (top-level) object, to the corresponding method in the parent library thermometer, ssThermometer. The thermometer is drawn based on these four parameters and on the text and color properties specified in the thermometer component.

Much of the effort in configuring a thermometer lies in obtaining values for the minimum, maximum, and trigger from all records, and for the data value from the current record. The thermometer must also be positioned as a flow in the dashboard subpage. These configuration issues are explained in separate subsections.

## Obtaining the Minimum, Maximum, and Trigger Values

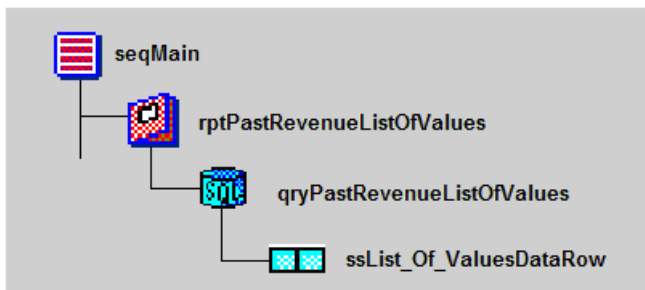
Various techniques are employed to determine the minimum, maximum, and trigger values for a thermometer. These values are constant through the entire report and all entities of the same type. For example, the minimum, maximum, and trigger values for the Past Revenue thermometer in the Account Summary report are constant for all accounts.

For many thermometers, the constant values are administered in List of Values Administration in a Siebel application. In the case of the Past Revenue thermometer, the three constants are set in the TARGET\_ACCNT\_LIFE\_REV type. The minimum is set in the Target Low field, the maximum in the Target High field, and the trigger in the Order field. For information on configuring lists of values, see *Applications Administration Guide*.

Settings in the List of Values table in a Siebel application are communicated to Actuate reports through a datastream, similarly to the passing of business component records by way of the data supply library file. In the case of an LOV datastream, the appropriate datastream is subclassed from the ssList\_Of\_ValuesQuery datastream component in the ssSmart.rol library, rather than from a data supply library file.

The ssList\_Of\_ValuesQuery datastream component is subclassed for all LOV datastreams. The only differences between LOV datastreams lie in the name, the search specification—which is the means through which the desired LOV type is accessed—and the logic in the Fetch method.

The LOV report section for the Past Revenue thermometer provides a good example. The structure of this report section is illustrated in [Figure 39](#).



**Figure 39. Structure of an LOV Data Loading Report Section**

This report section consists of the following components:

- **Report section.** The LOV data loading report section—`rptPastRevenueListOfValues` in this case—serves no purpose other than to contain the LOV datastream. One such report section is provided for each LOV datastream to be defined. There will be one LOV datastream for each set of minimum, maximum, and target values to be obtained from an LOV record, generally one set of values per thermometer.
- **Datastream.** The LOV datastream—`qryPastRevenueListOfValues` in this case—is subclassed from the `ssList_Of_ValuesQuery` component in the `ssSmart.rol` library. The datastream is configured in the `SearchSpec` property and in the code in the `Fetch` method.
- **SearchSpec property.** The text in this property specifies how to obtain the LOV record that provides the set of constants. This is based on the `Type` field in the LOV record. In the case of the Past Revenue thermometer, the search specification expression in the data loading datastream is the following:

```
[Type] = 'TARGET_ACCNT_LIFE_REV'
```

- **Fetch method.** The code in the Fetch method specifies which fields provide the maximum, minimum, and target values in the LOV record and perform any necessary computations and conversions. The values obtained are passed to the global variables in the report design object that have been defined for the set of constants for one thermometer. For the Past Revenue thermometer, the Fetch method includes the following lines of code:

```
PastRevenueAverage = Val( aRow.ssOrder_By )  
PastRevenueHigh = Val( aRow.ssTarget_High )  
PastRevenueLow = Val( aRow.ssTarget_Low )
```

- **Data row.** The data row component is always `ssList_Of_ValuesDataRow`. It is included in the datastream component when the datastream component is created in the report design by subclassing. The data row contains the set of input variables corresponding to the record structure of the LOV table in the Siebel application.

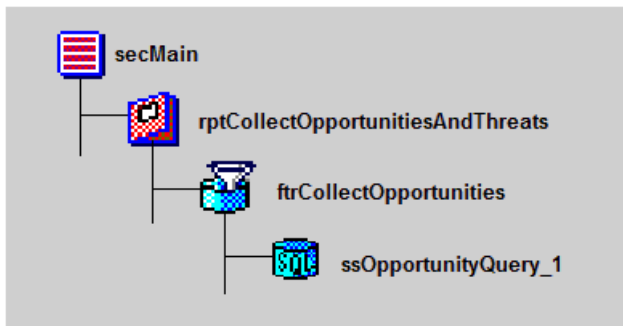
## Obtaining the Data Value

The Past Revenue thermometer example (in the `Acsum.rod` [Account Summary] report) uses a total of past revenue for opportunities for the current account as its data value. The components and logic for deriving this data value are described here.

The components for deriving the data value occur in two areas in the report structure:

- An array of opportunity records is loaded in one of the data loading report sections for later access.
- A dashboard report section totals the relevant opportunity records and passes the total in the `DataValue` parameter to the thermometer component.

The components for loading the opportunity record array are in the rptCollectOpportunitiesAndThreats report section, near the beginning of secMain, as shown in Figure 40.



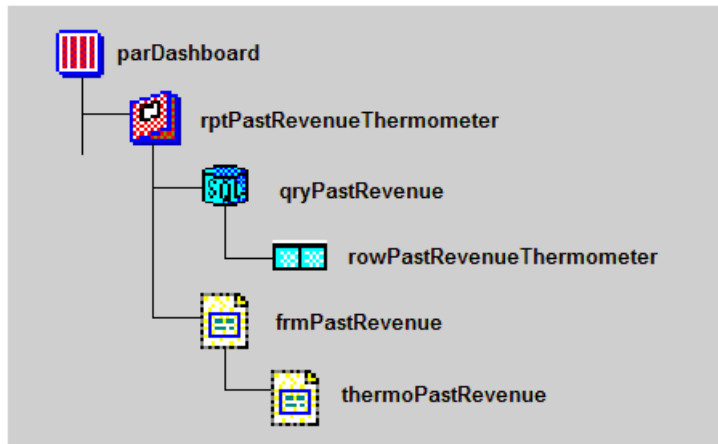
**Figure 40. Components for Loading the Opportunity Array**

This report section loads two global arrays (attached as variables to the top-level report design object), PastOpportunityArray and PipelineOpportunityArray. These both hold opportunity records for the current account, but meet different criteria. The former of these is used later in the report logic to derive the data value for the thermometer of interest (the latter is used for another thermometer, thermoPipeline).

The datastream that supplies this report section, ssOpportunityQuery\_1, is a subreport datastream in the data supply library file for the report.

The processing logic for the report section is in the Start and Fetch methods for the filter component, ftrCollectOpportunities. The Start method empties the two arrays. The Fetch method sorts records from the opportunity datastream that match specified criteria into the two arrays. Records for PastOpportunityArray are those that have a Rep% (percentage) of 100; those for PipelineOpportunityArray have a Rep% lower than 100 and a close date later than the date the report is run.

The components and logic for determining the past revenue for the current account, based on the opportunity records stored in memory, are in the rptPastRevenueThermometer report section in the dashboard parallel section (parDashboard). This report section and its child components are illustrated in [Figure 41](#).



**Figure 41. Thermometer Report Section Components**

The components in [Figure 41 on page 317](#) are as follows:

- **Report section.** The thermometer report section, rptPastRevenueThermometer, contains datastream and data row components for extracting a past revenue total for the account from opportunity records in memory. It also contains a container frame, frmPastRevenue, that holds the thermometer component, thermoPastRevenue. The thermometer component generates the thermometer based on the values passed to it in property settings and parameter variables.
- **Data row.** The data row component, rowPastRevenueThermometer, holds one variable: PastRevenue. A single row containing this value is all that the data row and datastream need to generate for the thermometer.

- **Datastream.** The Start and Fetch methods in the datastream component process the opportunity records in the PastOpportunityArray memory structure. An iterator, PastRevenueIterator, is set up for this array, and the ssFunctionalRevenue value in each opportunity record is accumulated in the PastRevenue variable. It is the value of this variable that the datastream provides to the thermometer as the DataValue parameter.
- **Content Frame.** The frmPastRevenue frame is a standard content frame, allowing the thermometer component to be included in the report structure. It serves no other purpose.
- **Thermometer.** The thermoPastRevenue component is a thermometer, derived from the ssThermometer library component in the ssSmart.rol library. The Color, Label, and TriggerLabel properties are set in thermoPastRevenue to configure these features of the thermometer. The OnRow method (in code located both in thermoPastRevenue and in its parent, ssThermometer) retrieves the one row generated by the datastream and passes the PastRevenue value as the method's input parameter, DataValue. The other input parameters, MinimumValue, MaximumValue, and TriggerDataValue, are obtained from previous logic, as described in [“Obtaining the Minimum, Maximum, and Trigger Values” on page 313](#).

An additional role of the OnRow method is to compare DataValue with TriggerDataValue in order to obtain a TRUE or FALSE value for PastRevenueThermometerAboveTarget. This Boolean variable and corresponding ones for the other thermometers are collectively used to determine the direction of the order-of-merit indicator arrow at the top of the account's page.

## Positioning a Thermometer on the Dashboard Subpage

A *page* is a component that specifies the visual design of a page in the report. A page component primarily consists of flows, which determine the printable area of the page and may also contain graphics, labels, and various controls. When you run a report, Actuate builds frames to display the data. As each frame is created, Actuate places it in the flow on the current page, starting from the top of the flow and aligning each frame with the left edge of the flow. If a frame is too long to fit in the current flow, Actuate places it at the top of the next flow, which may be on the same page or another page. The main page layout for a Siebel report is specified in the `PageStyle` child component of the `PageList` component.

Every section in a report design can optionally have an associated *subpage*. A subpage is just like a page, except that it fits into a flow on the active page. The active page is the page in the report currently being generated when the subpage starts. Like a page, a subpage contains one or more flows and can contain frames and controls.

You usually use a subpage when you want to change the page style for the contents of a section in the middle of a page. In the case of Smart Reports, a subpage is used to position thermometers, graphics, and report text within the dashboard. In a parallel section such as the one used to implement the dashboard, each flow in the subpage corresponds to one of the report sections in the parallel section. This correspondence is implemented by entering the name of the flow in the `FlowName` property of each report section component in the parallel section. Normally this property is not used except to pair up report sections and subpage flows in a parallel section.

Figure 42 illustrates the report sections and subpage flows in the dashboard parallel section in the Account Summary report.

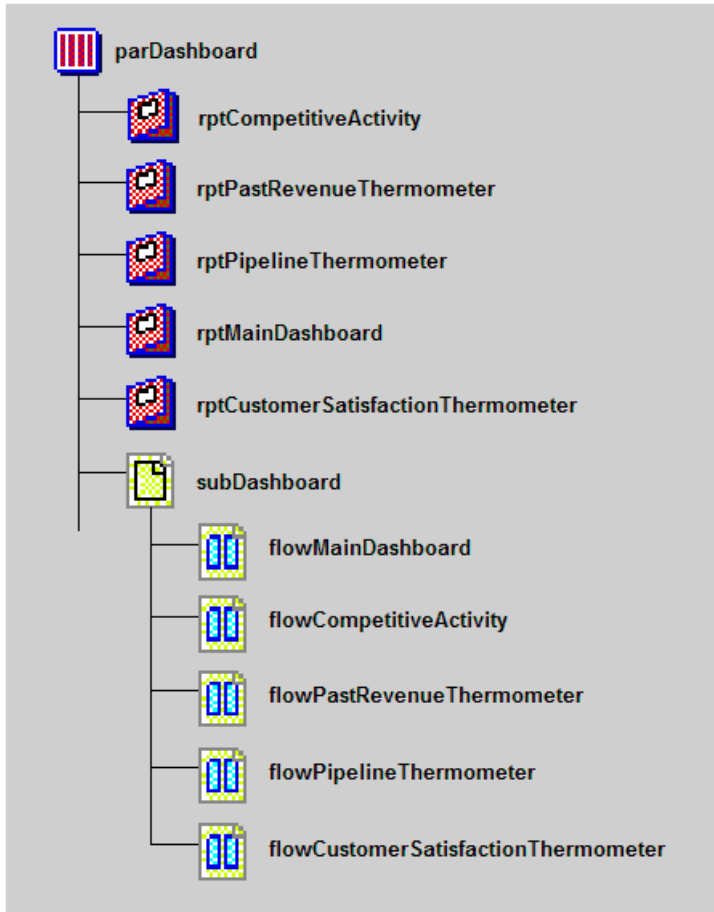


Figure 42. Dashboard Parallel Section Structure



The standard subpage and flow components are used, rather than specialized `ssSmart.rol` components. A subpage component is dragged from the Pages toolbar to the section to which it will be added. You then manually resize it by dragging the sizing handles. A flow is dragged from the Pages toolbar onto the subpage area and then resized and positioned. The size of the flow should be sufficient to hold the thermometer, the graph, the report text, or whatever is to be included, and any associated labels. Also, the flows should not overlap, although the text report flow in standard Smart Reports is often the size of the entire subpage for optimal use of space.

## Passing Siebel-Generated Graphics to a Smart Report

Some specialized graphics in Smart Reports are too complex to be defined using `AFC` and `sscustom` graph classes. These must be generated in the Siebel application and transferred to the Actuate report as bitmaps by way of OLE automation (or similar application-to-application object communication). Some examples of passed graphics in Smart Reports are the three charts in the Account Service Detail Report: Severity Distribution, Service Request Substatus, and Aging By Severity.

Because creation and modification of specialized classes in Siebel Tools are not supported, Siebel Systems does not support creation and modification of passed graphics in Smart Reports by customers. If you have a requirement of this kind, contact Siebel Technical Services.

## Designing a Smart Report

This section will explain how the Smart Reports are designed beginning with the Smart Report - Opportunity Detail report.

### Opportunity Detail Report

The Opportunity Detail report presents each opportunity with graphical information including order-of-merit indicator, Competitive Activity, Deal Size Thermometer, Buying Influencers Thermometer, Probability Thermometer, Sales Stage Slider, Contacts/Influence Map, and other details in the dashboard section and detail sections on contacts, products, competitors, activities, and notes. First a functional description of the components in this report is provided, followed by the report design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional.

#### Functional Detail

The functional detail includes a high-level description of all the components of the Opportunity Detail report. This section also describes the properties of the specialized graphical components.

#### Graphical Components

**Order-of-merit indicator.** The order-of-merit indicator indicates the overall measure for the opportunity and is calculated based on the following logic:

All three Thermometers above target = Up

Two of the Three Thermometers above target = Right

Otherwise = Down

**Sales stage slider.** This indicates how close the opportunity is in terms of closing the deal.

**Deal size thermometer.** This thermometer displays the deal size of the opportunity relative to the average across all opportunities. The minimum value is taken as zero, the trigger value is calculated to be the average across all opportunities, and the maximum is twice the trigger value.

**Competitive activity.** The competitive activity depicts the top four competitors in descending order; the value indicates the relative threat, which is determined by the sales representative or the status of each competitor. The value displayed in the graph is obtained from the List of Values table under type = 'TARGET\_COMP\_THREAT' and Value = Threat.

**Buying influencers thermometer.** The Buying Influencers thermometer depicts the buying influence based on the weighted average of the contacts involved with the opportunity (TASOrgStatusArray, ContactRoleArray, and TASPpolitical AnalysisArray).

**Probability thermometer.** This thermometer shows an amount between 0 and 100, the percentage probability of converting the opportunity into an order.

**Contacts influence map.** The map shows the contacts associated with the opportunity, highlighting the decision makers.

### Other Components

**Page header.** The page header includes a snapshot of the opportunity and shows the name of the opportunity, the revenue, the probability, and the order-of-merit indicator.

**Dashboard.** In this section, the graphical and textual information for the opportunity is displayed. The thermometers described earlier are all in the dashboard, along with opportunity summary text.

**Contact detail.** This is one of the detail sections (or a subreport section) of the opportunity master section. The details of the contacts associated with this opportunity are shown in the form of a list report.

**Products.** The product offerings relevant to the opportunity are listed in this detail section.

**Competitors.** This section lists all the competitors for this opportunity.

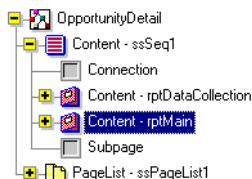
**Decision issues.** In this section, the decision issues for the opportunity are listed in order of priority.

**All activities.** This section lists all the activities undertaken for this opportunity.

**Notes.** This section shows the email messages, correspondence, and proposals sent for this opportunity.

## Technical Detail

The Opportunity Strategy Detail Report consists of two report sections. The first is the data collection section and the second is the main section, as shown in [Figure 43](#).



**Figure 43. Opportunity Strategy Report Main Section**

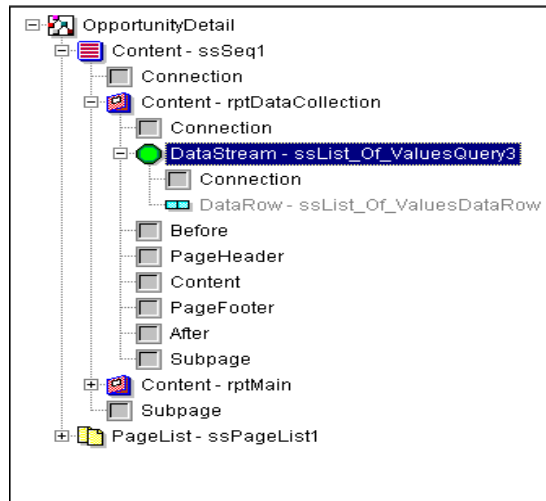
The purpose of the data collection section is to obtain and manipulate data for the current master record (which is a record from the Opportunity business component). Specifically, the data from the List\_of\_Values of Opportunity object is obtained in the Fetch method for determining the values for the Buying Influencers thermometer.

### Data Collection Section

List of Values data collection is required for weighting factors used in the Buying Influencers thermometer. Three types of weighting factors, CONTACT\_ROLE, TAS\_POLITICAL\_ANALYSIS, and TAS\_ORG\_STATUS, are stored in separate static arrays defined in the OpportunityDetail component. Also, minimum and maximum weighting factors are stored in separate static variables for each of the three types.

Data rows are collected by a component subclassed from the ssList\_Of\_ValuesQuery class defined in ssSmart.rol. The SearchSpec property is set to [Type] = 'CONTACT\_ROLE' or [Type] = 'TAS\_POLITICAL\_ANALYSIS' or [Type] = 'TAS\_ORG\_STATUS'; DefaultWeightingFactor is a local property set to 1; NeutralTAS\_ORG\_STATUS is a local property set to Neutral. The Fetch method of ssList\_Of\_ValuesQuery3 decodes the type of weighting factor and populates the variables described above.

The data collection section can be created using the following procedure. The contents of this section appear in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional, as shown in [Figure 44](#) and explained in the procedure.

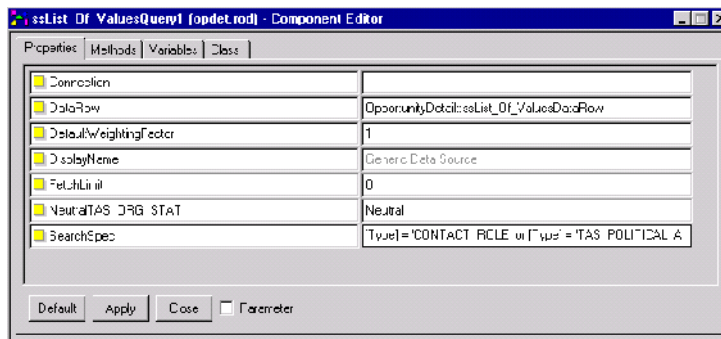


**Figure 44. Data Collection Section**

**To create a data collection section**

- 1 Drag and drop a reference to the ssRpt class from the sscustom.rol into the Content slot of ssSeq1.
- 2 Right-click the reference and subclass it following the instructions in [“To create a report design file in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional” on page 191](#).
- 3 Right-click again and choose Rename from the menu. Then type rptDataCollection in the box.
- 4 Drag and drop the Query button from the main toolbar into the DataStream component of the report section.
- 5 Click the library button in the menu bar and then double-click ssSmart.rol library.

- 6 Drag and drop a reference to the `ssList_Of_ValuesQuery` class from the `ssSmart.rol` library into the `DataStream` slot of `rptDataCollection`.
- 7 Subclass this component and rename it `ssList_Of_ValuesQuery3`.
- 8 Open the Component Editor window for `ssList_Of_ValuesQuery3` by double-clicking.
- 9 Click the Variables tab and add two new properties: `DefaultWeightingFactor` (type = Integer) and `NeutralTAS_ORG_STATUS` (type = String).
- 10 Under the Properties tab set the `DefaultWeightingFactor` property to 1, set the `NeutralTAS_ORG_STATUS` property to Neutral, and set the `SearchSpec` to `[Type] = 'CONTACT_ROLE' or [Type] = 'TAS_POLITICAL_ANALYSIS' or [Type] = 'TAS_ORG_STATUS'`. The resulting Component Editor Properties tab window is illustrated in the following figure.



- 11 Click the Methods tab (shown in the figure following [Step 10](#)), choose the Fetch method and click Override. Include the following Actuate VB script in the Fetch method. This correctly changes the Fetch method from a Sub to a Function.

```
Function Fetch( ) As AcDataRow

    Dim aRow As ssList_Of_ValuesDataRow

    Set aRow = Super::Fetch( )

    Do While Not aRow Is Nothing

        If Trim$(aRow.ssWeighting_Factor) = "" Then
            aRow.ssWeighting_Factor = Str$(DefaultWeightingFactor)
        End If
    End Do
End Function
```

```
If aRow.ssType = "CONTACT_ROLE" Then
    ContactRoleArraySize = ContactRoleArraySize + 1
    If MaxContactRole < Val( aRow.ssWeighting_Factor )
Then MaxContactRole = Val( aRow.ssWeighting_Factor )
    If MinContactRole > Val(aRow.ssWeighting_Factor) Then
MinContactRole = Val(aRow.ssWeighting_Factor)
    ContactRoleArray( 2, ContactRoleArraySize ) =
aRow.ssWeighting_Factor
    ContactRoleArray( 1, ContactRoleArraySize ) =
aRow.ssName
ElseIf aRow.ssType = "TAS_POLITICAL_ANALYSIS" Then
    TASPoliticalAnalysisArraySize =
TASPoliticalAnalysisArraySize + 1
    If MaxTASPoliticalAnalysis < Val(
aRow.ssWeighting_Factor Then MaxTASPoliticalAnalysis =
Val(aRow.ssWeighting_Factor)
    If MinTASPoliticalAnalysis >
Val(aRow.ssWeighting_Factor) Then MinTASPoliticalAnalysis =
Val(aRow.ssWeighting_Factor)
    TASPoliticalAnalysisArray( 2,
TASPoliticalAnalysisArraySize = aRow.ssWeighting_Factor
    TASPoliticalAnalysisArray( 1,
TASPoliticalAnalysisArraySize = aRow.ssName
ElseIf aRow.ssType = "TAS_ORG_STATUS" Then
    TASOrgStatusArraySize = TASOrgStatusArraySize + 1
    If MaxTASOrgStatus < Val( aRow.ssWeighting_Factor )
Then MaxTASOrgStatus = Val( aRow.ssWeighting_Factor )
    If MinTASOrgStatus > Val(aRow.ssWeighting_Factor)
Then MinTASOrgStatus = Val(aRow.ssWeighting_Factor)
    If aRow.ssName = NeutralTAS_ORG_STATUS Then
NeutralWeightingFactor = Val(aRow.ssWeighting_Factor)
```

```

        TASOrgStatusArray( 2, TASOrgStatusArraySize ) =
aRow.ssWeighting_Factor

        TASOrgStatusArray( 1, TASOrgStatusArraySize ) =
aRow.ssName

Else

        ssDisplayMessage("Invalid LOV Type" & aRow.ssType )

End If

        Set aRow = Super::Fetch( )

Loop

Set Fetch = Nothing

End Function

```

This method requires variables to be defined in the OpportunityDetail report component (the topmost component) as shown in [Table 17](#).

**Table 17. OpportunityDetail Report Components**

Variable Name	Type	Storage	Visibility	Comment
ContactRoleArray(2,10)	String	Static	Public	Stores contact roles and weighting factors
ContactRoleArraySize	Integer	Static	Public	Used in array integration loops
TASOrgStatusArray(2,10)	String	Static	Public	Stores organization status identifiers and weighing factors
TASOrgStatusArraySize	Integer	Static	Public	Used in array integration loops
TASPoliticalAnalysisArray (2.10)	String	Static	Public	Stores political analysis identifiers and weighing factors
TASPoliticalAnalysisSize	Integer	Static	Public	Used in array integration loops
MaxContactRole	Integer	Static	Public	Maximum weighting factor
MinContactRole	Integer	Static	Public	Minimum weighting factor
MaxTASOrgStatus	Integer	Static	Public	Maximum weighting factor
MinTASOrgStatus	Integer	Static	Public	Minimum weighting factor



**Table 17. OpportunityDetail Report Components**

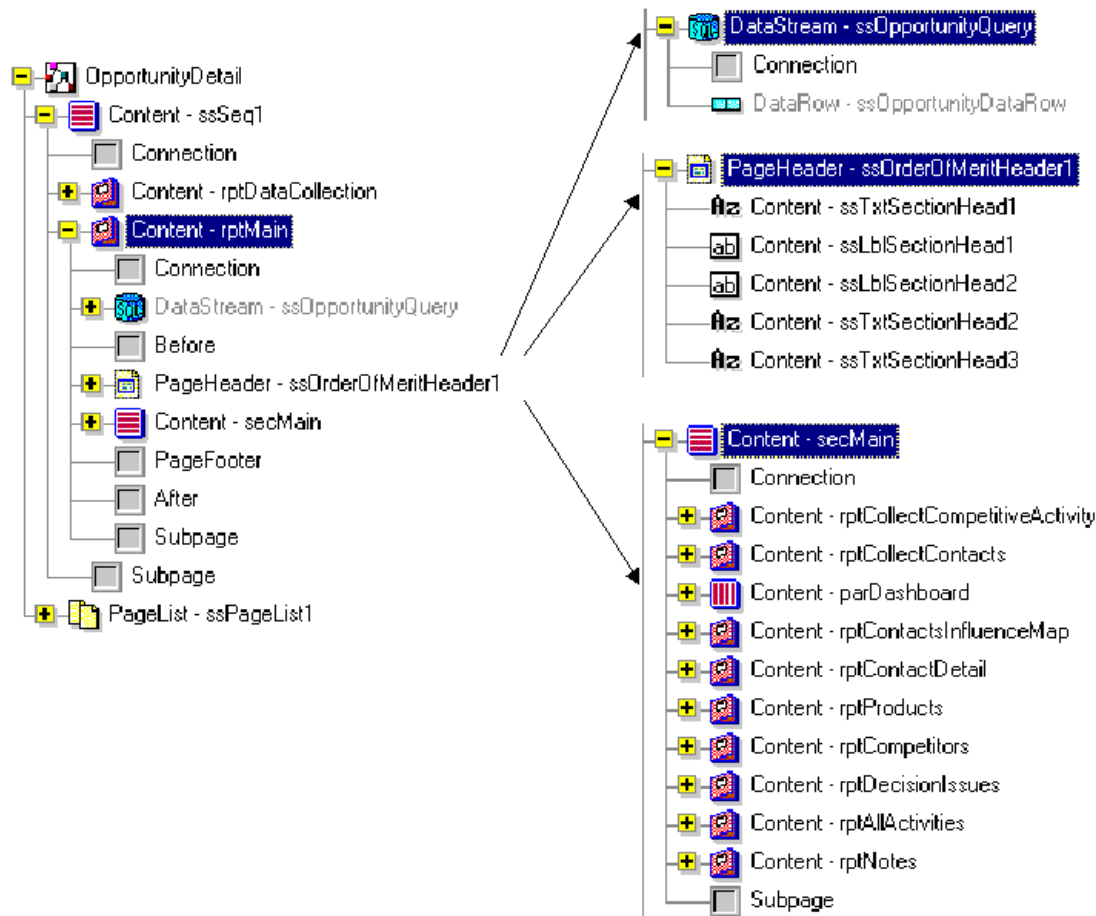
Variable Name	Type	Storage	Visibility	Comment
MaxTASPoliticalAnalysis	Integer	Static	Public	Maximum weighting factor
MinTASPolitical Analysis	Integer	Static	Public	Minimum weighting factor

## Main Report Section

The Main Report section provides the structure for gathering and displaying all the data for each opportunity available from the Opportunity business component. Making the Opportunity data row available to detail sections (or subreports) requires static data row storage. OpportunityRow is a static variable of type ssOpportunityDataRow, defined in the OpportunityDetail component. The OnRow method of the rptMain report section assigns this variable equal to the current row from the ssOpportunityQuery as shown below.

```
Sub OnRow( row As AcDataRow )
    Super::OnRow( row )
    Set OpportunityRow = row
End Sub
```

The Main Report section contains components in the DataSource, PageHeader, and Content slots, as shown in Figure 45.



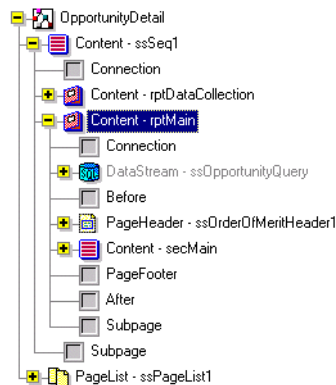
**Figure 45. Main Report Section**

- The DataStream section obtains data from the main business component, Opportunity, for this report.

- PageHeader contains the information displayed in the header section of the report: the name of the opportunity, the revenue, the probability, and the order-of-merit indicator.
- The Main Content section consists of the components (data collection sections, dashboard parallel section, and detail sections).
  - The Data Collection section consists of the Competitive Activity and Contacts sections. (The Data Collection sections are needed because this data is required in multiple report sections for each opportunity, but it is only possible to query the linked subreport business components once for each opportunity.)
  - The Dashboard parallel section contains sales stage slider graphics, a Main Dashboard section, a Competitive Activity section, a Deal Size thermometer, a Buying Influencers thermometer, and a Probability thermometer.
  - The Detail section consists of subsections on the contacts influence map, contact detail, products, competitors, decision issues, activities, and notes.

### Creating the Sequential Report Section

Create the main report section by subclassing from `ssRpt` into the content slot of `ssSeq1`. Rename this Report Section to `rptMain`. The `rptMain` section appears in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional as shown in [Figure 46](#).



**Figure 46. rptMain Section**

#### Defining the DataStream Section

Click the library button and double-click opdet.rol to open the library. Drag and drop ssOpportunityQuery into the DataStream section under rptMain. It is not necessary to subclass.

#### Defining the Page Header Section

The PageHeader frame provides the Order Of Merit graphic display because it is subclassed from the ssOrderOfMeritHeader class defined in ssSmart.rol library. The direction of the order-of-merit indicator is determined by assigning the ArrowDirection class variable in the Finish method before calling the superclass Finish method. In this method, the arrow direction is determined by the variable NumberOfThermometersAboveTarget, which is a static integer variable defined in the OpportunityDetail component.

If all three thermometers display data values higher than their trigger values, the up arrow is displayed. If only two of the thermometer data values exceed their trigger values, the right arrow is displayed. If one or none of the thermometer data values exceeds its trigger value, the down arrow is displayed.

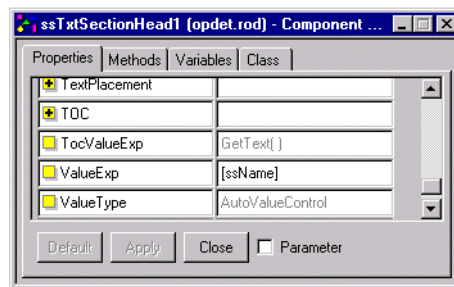
#### To create a Page Header section

- 1 Click the library button and double-click ssSmart.rol to open the library. Drag and drop the ssOrderOfMeritHeader frame into the Page Header section under rptMain. Subclass this frame and rename it ssOrderOfMeritHeader1.
- 2 Override the Finish method as follows:

```
Sub Finish( )  
  
    If NumberOfThermometersAboveTarget = 3 Then  
        ArrowDirection = "UP"  
  
    ElseIf NumberOfThermometersAboveTarget < 2 Then  
        ArrowDirection = "DOWN"  
  
    Else  
        ArrowDirection = "PUSH"  
  
    End If  
  
    Super::Finish( )
```

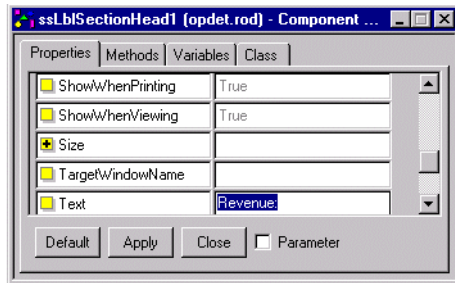
End Sub

- 3 Define the NumberOfThermometersAboveTarget variable (Type = Integer, Storage = Static) in the OpportunityDetail component.
- 4 Create the contents of the Page Header section by dragging and dropping the appropriate text control and label controls. First click the library button and double-click sscustom.rol to open the library.
- 5 Drag and drop the ssTxt text control from this Library Browser into the ssOrderOfMeritHeader1 frame. Rename the ssTxt control ssTxtSectionHead1. Then highlight ssTxtSectionHead1, right-click, and choose Properties from the menu. Select the value in ValueExp to be the [ssName] variable as reflected in the following figure.



- 6 Repeat [Step 5](#) two more times and rename the ssTxt control ssTxtSectionHead2 and ssTxtSectionHead3, respectively. Select the ValueExp in these text controls to be [ssRevenue\_Formatted] and [ssRep\_] & "%", respectively.

- 7 Drag and drop the `ssLblBlueBlack` label control from the `sscustom.rol` Library Browser into the `ssOrderOfMeritHeader1` frame. Rename the label control `ssLblSectionHead1`. Then select this label, right-click and choose Properties from the menu. In the Properties tab, enter `Revenue:` in the field against Text as shown in the following figure.



- 8 Repeat [Step 7](#) and rename the label `ssLblSectionHead2`. Enter `Probability:` in the field against Text Property.

### Defining Content Main Section

Subclass from `ssSeq` to create `secMain` in the Content slot of `rptMain`.

### rptCollectCompetitiveActivity

The `rptCompetitiveActivity` and `rptCompetitors` sections require Competitor data collection. The results of `ssCompetitorQuery_3` query in `Opdet.rol` are stored in `CompetitorDataList`, a static variable defined in the `OpportunityDetail` component.

`CompetitorIndexArray`, an array of list position numbers, is maintained to facilitate retrieval of the four competitors with the highest threat value. The array is defined in the `OpportunityDetail` component.

The `sifCompetitiveActivity` component is subclassed from the `ssSingleInputFilter` class in `sscustom`. The `Start` method of the `sifCompetitiveActivity` filter initializes the array values to zero for each opportunity. The `Start` method of the `rptCollectCompetitiveActivity` report section initializes the list for each opportunity. The `Fetch` method of the filter populates the list and the array.

**To create a `rptCollectCompetitiveActivity` section**

- 1** Place, subclass, and rename the components for the `rptCollectCompetitiveActivity` section.
- 2** Define the `CompetitorDataList` variable (Type = `AcList`, Storage = `Static`) in the `OpportunityDetail` component.
- 3** Override the `Start` method in `sifCompetitiveActivity` to initialize the `CompetitorIndexArray` for each opportunity.

```
Function Start( ) As Boolean
    Dim i As Integer
    Start = Super::Start( )
    For i = 0 To 3
        CompetitorIndexArray(i) = 0
    Next
End Function
```

- 4** Override the `Fetch` method in `sifCompetitiveActivity` to obtain the top four competitors and the associated threat values as entered by the sales representative and to build the `CompetitorDataList`.

```
Function Fetch( ) As AcDataRow
    Dim aRow As ssCompetitorDataRow
    Dim bRow As ssCompetitorDataRow
    Dim i As Integer
    Dim j As Integer
    Set aRow = New ssCompetitorDataRow
    Set aRow = InputAdapter.Fetch()
    If Not aRow Is Nothing Then
        CompetitorDataList.AddToTail(aRow)
    For i = 0 To 3
```

```
        If CompetitorIndexArray(i) > 0 Then
            Set bRow =
            CompetitorDataList.GetAt(CompetitorIndexArray(i))

            If Val(aRow.ssThreat_Value) >=
            Val(bRow.ssThreat_Value) Then

                For j = 3 To i Step - 1

                    CompetitorIndexArray(j + 1) =
                    CompetitorIndexArray(j)

                Next

                CompetitorIndexArray(i) =
                CompetitorDataList.GetCount()

            Exit For

        End If

    Else

        CompetitorIndexArray(i) =
        CompetitorDataList.GetCount()

        Exit For

    End If

Next

Set Fetch = aRow

End If

End Function
```

### **rptCollectContacts**

The rptBuyingInfluencersThermometer, rptContactsInfluenceMap and rptContactDetail sections require Contact data collection. The results of ssContactQuery\_1 query defined in Opdet.rol, are stored in the ContactDataList, a static variable defined in the OpportunityDetail component.

#### **To create a rptCollectContacts section**

- 1 Place, subclass, and rename the components for the rptCollectContacts section.



- 2 Define the ContactDataList variable (Type = AcList, Storage = Static) in the OpportunityDetail component.
- 3 Include code under the Fetch method in ftrContacts to obtain the contacts list.

```
Function Fetch( ) As AcDataRow
    Dim aRow As ssContactDataRow
    Do
        Set aRow = InputAdapter.Fetch()
        If aRow Is Nothing Then Exit Function
        ContactDataList.AddToTail(aRow)
    Loop
End Function
```

### **parDashboard**

See the general Smart Reports documentation for a general description of Dashboard parallel sections ([“Report Structure and Major Components” on page 305](#)).

#### **To create a parDashboard section**

- 1 Subclass from ssParallelSection to create parDashboard in the Content slot of secMain.
- 2 Set up subDashboard in the SubPage slot.

#### **Defining the Subpage Layout.**

In the subpage layout, set up a flow for each of the report sections described in the sections that follow.

**rptSalesStageSlider.** The frmStageSlider component simulates a horizontal bar graph by dynamically instantiating a dark-background control and sizing it based on the value of the Sales Stage Win Percent field for the current opportunity. Other elements of the graphic, such as ticks and label, are placed in the frmStageSliderHolder frame.

**rptMainDashboard.** The MainDashboard report section displays details for this opportunity and a general functional description of this report.

**rptDealSizeThermometer.** The DealSizeThermometer component is a subclass of the ssThermometer defined in ssSmart.rol. The four thermometer control variables, TriggerDataValue, DataValue, MinimumValue, and MaximumValue, are set in the OnRow method. TriggerDataValue is set from the Order By LOV field, MaximumValue is set from the Target High LOV field, and MinimumValue is set from the Target Low LOV field. DataValue is set from the Functional Revenue field of OpportunityRow, which was stored earlier. The OnRow method also adjusts the NumberOfThermometersAboveTarget variable to have the appropriate effect on the OrderOfMerit image.

**rptCompetitiveActivity.** The Competitive Activity chart is a standard Actuate horizontal-bar-chart summary graph. The data rows that feed the graph are pulled from the CompetitorDataList using the list row numbers saved in CompetitorIndexArray. The list and the array were saved earlier in the rptCollectCompetitiveActivity report section. The number of rows fed to the graph is limited to a maximum of four, and they are ordered so that the most threatening competitor is shown at the top.

**rptBuyingInfluencersThermometer.** The BuyingInfluencersThermometer graphic display is driven by scores calculated from values stored in arrays by the rptDataCollection section.

The ssContactQuery\_2 data source component iterates through the ContactDataList, feeding the data rows to the ftrCalculateWeightedScore single input filter. The Fetch method for ssContactQuery\_2 follows.

```
Function Fetch( ) As AcDataRow
    Dim aRow As ssContactDataRow
    If Position <= ContactDataList.GetCount() Then
        Set aRow = ContactDataList.GetAt(Position)
        Set Fetch = aRow
        AddRow(Fetch)
    End If
End Function
```

The Fetch method of the ftrCalculateWeightedScore single input filter calculates a score for an opportunity by averaging the scores for each contact associated with that opportunity. The score for each contact is the product of three weighting factors collected earlier and stored in static arrays.

The first weighting factor is retrieved from the TASOrgStatusArray by matching the 'Org Status' field with a TAS\_ORG\_STATUS type LOV value stored in the array. The second weighting factor is retrieved from the ContactRoleArray by matching the 'Role' field with a CONTACT\_ROLE type LOV value stored in the array. The third weighting factor is retrieved from the TASPoliticalAnalysisArray by matching the 'Political Analysis' field with a TAS\_POLITICAL\_ANALYSIS type LOV value stored in the array. The script for ftrCalculateWeightedScore follows.

```
Function Fetch( ) As AcDataRow

    Dim aRow As ssContactDataRow

    Dim finalRow As OpportunityDetail::rowBuyingInfluencers

    Dim i As Integer

    Dim score As Integer

    Dim totalScore As Integer

    Dim numberOfContacts As Integer

    Set aRow = Super::Fetch( )

    If aRow Is Nothing AND Position > 1 Then Exit Function

    Do While Not aRow Is Nothing

        If Not Trim$(aRow.ssOrg_Status) = "" Then

            For i = 1 to TASOrgStatusArraySize

                If aRow.ssOrg_Status = TASOrgStatusArray( 1, i ) Then

                    score = Val( TASOrgStatusArray( 2, i ) )

                Exit For

            End If

        End If

    Next
```

```
For i = 1 to ContactRoleArraySize
    If aRow.ssRole = ContactRoleArray( 1, i ) Then score =
        score * Val( ContactRoleArray( 2, i ) )
    Exit For
End If
Next
For i = 1 To TASPpoliticalAnalysisArraySize
    If aRow.ssPolitical_Analysis =
        TASPpoliticalAnalysisArray1, i ) Thenscore = score *
        Val( TASPpoliticalAnalysisArray( 2, i ) )
    Exit For
End If
Next
totalScore = totalScore + score
numberOfContacts = numberOfContacts + 1
End If
Set aRow = Super::Fetch( )
Loop
Set finalRow = New OpportunityDetail::rowBuyingInfluencers
If numberOfContacts = 0 Then
    finalRow.Score = 0
Else
    finalRow.Score = totalScore / numberOfContacts
End If
Set Fetch = finalRow
```

```
        AddRow( Fetch )  
    End Function
```

**rptProbabilityThermometer.** The ProbabilityThermometer component is a subclass of ssThermometer, defined in ssSmart.rol. As usual, the four thermometer control variables, TriggerDataValue, DataValue, MinimumValue, and MaximumValue, are set in the OnRow method.

TriggerDataValue is set from the Order By LOV field, MaximumValue is set from the Target High LOV field, and MinimumValue is set from the Target Low LOV field. DataValue is set from the Rep% field for the opportunity. The OnRow method also adjusts the NumberOfThermometersAboveTarget variable so it will have the appropriate effect on the OrderOfMerit image. The script for the OnRow method follows.

```
Sub OnRow( row As AcDataRow )  
    Dim aRow As ssList_Of_ValuesDataRow  
    Super::OnRow( row )  
    Set aRow = row  
    DataValue = Val( OpportunityRow.ssRep__ )  
    TriggerDataValue = Val( aRow.ssOrder_By )  
    MaximumValue = Val( aRow.ssTarget_High )  
    MinimumValue = Val( aRow.ssTarget_Low )  
    If DataValue > TriggerDataValue Then  
        NumberOfThermometersAboveTarget =  
            NumberOfThermometersAboveTarget + 1  
    End If  
End Sub
```

**rptContactDetail.** Instructions on creating the rptContactDetail section follow.

### To create a *rptContactDetail* section

- 1 Define the *rptContactDetail* report section, add a Query DataStream, and rename it *dsTransferContactList*.

- a In Properties, make *DataRow* *ssContactDataRow*.

- b Add a Before section by dragging and dropping a frame from the main toolbar into the *rptContactDetail* section.

Similarly, define the *PageHeader* and *Content* sections.

The *Before* section includes the labels in the header for the *Contacts* child section.

- c Drag and drop the *ssLblSectionHead* control from *sscustom.rol* into the *frmContactsHeadings1* frame to create the headings for the *Contacts* child section.

These include *lblName*, *lblJobTitle*, *lblAccount*, *lblSite*, *lblWorkPhone*, *lblWorkFax*, and *lblRole*, and correspond to the titles *Name*, *Job Title*, *Account*, *Site*, *Work Phone*, *Work Fax*, and *Role*.

- 2 In the *PageHeader* section (*frmContactsContinuedHeader* frame), drag and drop the *ssLabelSectionHeadContinued* control from *sscustom.rol* to create *lblContacts* and *lblContinued* titles.

Also, drag and drop *ssLineControlP* from *sscustom.rol* and rename it *LineControlP2*.

- 3 In the content frame (*frmMainContactData*), drag and drop *lblBlueBlack* control from *sscustom.rol* to create the contents *lblName*, *lblJobTitle*, *lblAccount*, *lblSite*, *lblWorkPhone*, *lblWorkFax*, and *lblRole*, which correspond to the contents *Name*, *Job Title*, *Account*, *Site*, *Work Phone*, *Work Fax*, and *Role*, respectively.

These appear as list columns under the child report section *Contacts* and get values from *ssFull\_Name*, *ssJob\_Title*, *ssAccount\_Location*, *ssWork\_Phone\_*, *ssFax\_Phone\_*, and *ssRole*, respectively, by setting the *ValueExp* property.

**rptProducts.** Instructions on creating the *rptProducts* section follow.

**To create a rptProducts section**

- 1 Define the rptProducts report section and drag and drop the ssOpportunity\_ProductQuery2 data source from the opdet.rol library.
- 2 Drag and drop a frame into the Page Header section and rename it frmHeaderAndTitleforProducts, and include the necessary control as part of the Page Header for the Products child report. This includes the headings Product, Expected Delivery Date, Quantity, and Comment.
- 3 Include the Contents section to appear as list columns under the child report section Products and get values from ssVendor, ssStatus, and ssComment by setting the ValueExp property.

**rptCompetitors section.** Instructions on creating the rptCompetitors section follow.

**To create a rptCompetitors section**

- 1 Define the rptCompetitors report section and drag and drop the ssCompetitorQuery\_3 data source from the opdet.rol library.
- 2 Drag and drop a frame into the PageHeader section and rename it frmHeaderAndTitleforCompetitors1. Include the necessary control as part of the Page Header for the Competitors child report section.
- 3 Include the Contents section to appear as list columns under the child report section Competitors and get values from ssProduct, ssExpectedDeliveryDate, ssQuantity, and ssComment from ValueExp. Status, and ssComment by setting the ValueExp property.

**rptDecisionIssues section.** Instructions on creating the rptDecisionIssues section follow.

**To create a rptDecisionIssues section**

- 1 Define the rptDecisionIssues report section and drag and drop the ssDecision\_IssueQuery\_4 data source from the opdet.rol library.
- 2 Drag and drop a frame into the PageHeader section and rename it frmHeaderAndTitleforDecisionIssues, and include the necessary control as part of the Page Header for the DecisionIssues child report section.

- 3 Include the Contents section to appear as list columns under the child report section Decision Issues and get values from ssName, ssComment, and the ssRank product by setting the ValueExp property.

**rptAllActivities section.** Instructions on creating the rptAllActivities follow.

#### **To create a rptAllActivities section**

- 1 Define the rptAllActivities report section and drag and drop the ssActionQuery\_5 data source from the opdet.rol library.
- 2 Drag and drop a frame into the PageHeader section and rename it frmHeaderAndTitleforAllActivities1. Include the necessary control as part of the Page Header for the All Activities child report section.
- 3 Include the Contents section to appear as list columns under the child report section All Activities and get values from ssFull\_Name, ssStart\_Date-Formatted, ssType, ssDescription, and ssStatus. Drag and drop the Red Dot control from ssSmart.rol and include the OnRow method to indicate incomplete activities in red.

**rptNotes section.** Instructions on creating the rptNotes section follow.

#### **To create a rptNotes section**

- 1 Define the rptNotes report section and drag and drop the ssOpportunity\_NoteQuery\_6 data source from the opdet.rol library.
- 2 Drag and drop a frame into the PageHeader section and rename it frmHeaderAndTitleforNotes1. Include the necessary control as part of the page header for the DecisionIssues child report section.
- 3 Include the Contents section to appear as list columns under the child report section Notes and get values from ssNote, ssCreated\_By\_Name, and ssCreated\_Formatted by setting the ValueExp property.



## Account Service Detail Report

The report summarizes all the service-related information pertaining to the account. It contains information about currently open service requests, customer satisfaction, and the historical service request resolution for the account.

Here, the specialized graphical components and the related sections (including the data collection section) in Account Service Detail report are described. Except for specialized graphical elements and the related data collection sections, the contents of all Smart Reports are very similar and therefore are not described in remaining reports.

### Order Of Merit

The Order Of Merit graphic is determined in the Finish method of the `ssOrderOfMeritHeader1` frame according to the following logic. Add values according to [Table 18](#).

**Table 18. Thermometer Variables for Order of Merit Graphic**

Thermometer Variable	Value If Above Target (Trigger)
Customer Satisfaction	3
Open Service Request	2
Revenue	1

If the result is greater than 4, then the arrow direction is up. If the result is 3 or 4, then the arrow direction is facing right (push). Otherwise, the arrow direction is down.

### Data Collection And Calculation

All service requests for an Account are collected and stored in memory lists in the `rptAllServiceRequests` report section. Open Service Requests are stored in a separate list for use in the ensuing detail sections. Closure times for closed service requests are divided up into an array of lists that will be used in the `rptClosureTimesBySeverity` section to feed the line graphs, traffic lights, and calculated summary data.

As the arrays are populated, totals and counts are maintained to facilitate calculation of averages and standard deviations. High and low closure times are also stored for each severity, as determined by the Status field of the Service Request data row.

## Dashboard

The thermometers in this dashboard function are like other Smart Report thermometers. They are, however, different in that they reside as frames within a single frame instead of in separate flows belonging to a subpage in a parallel section. The Start method of each thermometer sets the data, trigger, maximum, and minimum variables from report-level variables calculated or collected earlier in the report.

### Revenue Thermometer

[Table 19](#) reflects the variables for use with the Revenue Thermometer.

**Table 19. Variables for the Revenue Thermometer**

Thermometer	Report-level Variable	Calculation Point	Comment
MaximumValue	revenueHigh	dsRevenueLOV	Collected once per report.
MinimumValue	revenueLow	dsRevenueLOV	Collected once per report.
TriggerDataValue	revenueAverage	dsRevenueLOV	Collected once per report.
DataValue	totalRevenue	sifAllOpportunities	The sum of the revenues for all opportunities associated with this account.

## Open Service Request Thermometer

Table 20 reflects the variables for use with the Open Service Request Thermometer.

**Table 20. Variables for the Open Service Request Thermometer**

Thermometer Variable	Report-Level Variable	Calculation Point	Comment
MaximumValue	NA	Local	TriggerDataValue * 1.5.
MinimumValue	NA	Local	Fixed at zero.
TriggerDataValue	avgOpenSRs	dsTargetOpenSRsLOV	Collected once per report.
DataValue	countOpenSRs	sifAllServiceRequests	The count of open service requests for this account.

## Customer Satisfaction Thermometer

Table 21 reflects the variables for use with the Customer Satisfaction Thermometer.

**Table 21. Variables for the Customer Satisfaction Thermometer**

Thermometer Variable	Report-level Variable	Calculation Point	Comment
MaximumValue	CustomersatisfactionHigh	ssList_Of_ValuesQuery1	Collected once per report.
MinimumVales	CustomerSatisfactionLow	ssList_Of_ValuesQuery1	Collected once per report.
TriggerDataValue	CustomerSatisfactionTarget	ssList_Of_ValuesQuery1	Collected once per report.
DataValue	TotalSatisfactionScore, countSurveys	local	The ratio of the total satisfaction score to the number of surveys.

## rptAllServiceRequests

The method overrides of the `sifAllServiceRequests` (single input filter class) perform list storage, array storage, and calculations. [Table 22](#) shows the methods that can be overridden for `sifAllServiceRequests`.

**Table 22. Methods Overrides for `sifAllServiceRequests`**

Method	Scope	Comment
Fetch	<code>sisAllServiceRequests</code>	Stores a list of data rows for open service requests. Calculates the closure time for closed service requests and stores them in an array of lists, one list for each severity. Accumulates total closure time and a count for each severity. Tracks high and low closure time for each severity and stores them in arrays.
Finish	<code>sifAllServiceRequests</code>	Calculates average closure time and standard deviation for each severity and stores the values in arrays.

## Closure Time Summary Data Display

The following section describes the Closure Time Summary Data display.

### rptClosureTimesAllSeverities

This is an outer report section that produces one blank data row for each Service Request Severity. This makes possible the reuse of `rptClosureTimesBySeverity` report section for a variable number of severities. [Table 23](#) shows the relevant variables for `rptClosureTimesAllSeverities`.

**Table 23. Relevant Variables for `rptClosureTimesAllSeverities`**

Variable Name	Scope	Type	Storage	Visibility	Comment
<code>MaxSeverity</code>	<code>AccountServiceDetail</code>	Integer	Static	Public	Total number of possible service request severities.
<code>currentSeverity</code>	<code>AccountServiceDetail</code>	Integer	Static	Public	Used by the inner report section.

The Fetch method overrides to result in subreport executing once for each severity. [Table 24](#) shows the scope for this method.

**Table 24. Fetch Method Override**

Method	Scope	Comment
Fetch	dsOneBlankRowPerSeverity	Produces one blank row per service request severity.

### **rptClosureTimesBySeverity**

This is an inner report section that produces identically formatted closure time summary information for each service request severity. Service request data was collected earlier and stored in an array of lists. The data list used for an instance of this report section is specified by the currentSeverity variable. The components in this report section are described below.

**dsGatherOneList.** The code in dsGatherOneList class sorts the list by resolution time so that the medium closure time can be determined. The rows are then pulled from the list in correct sort order and passed to sifClosureTimes class. [Table 25](#) explains how the Start and Fetch methods affects each class.

**Table 25. Methods for dsGatherOneList**

Method	Scope	Comment
Start	dsGatherOneList	Sorts the list of service requests by resolution time.
Fetch	dsGatherOneList	Pulls the service request data rows from the list in proper sort order.
Start	sifClosureTimes	Establishes graph horizontal boundaries as plus or minus 2 standard deviations from the mean. Establishes the median position in the data list.
Fetch	sifClosureTimes	Produces a data row for each of a predetermined number of buckets that correspond to a time increment. The time increments are represented by the x-axis of the graph. The count of service requests with closure times falling within the time increment is represented on the y-axis.

**Before frame.** Code in the Before frame produces and positions the graph target closure time marker. [Table 26](#) reflects the method that needs changing to produce the closure time marker.

**Table 26. Method to Produce the Closure Time Marker**

Method	Scope	Comment
Finish	ssFrmP1	Dynamically produces the visual line element representing the closure time goal.

**Summary data values.** Summary data values are calculated in code. [Table 27](#) reflects the method to use to calculate the summary data values.

**Table 27. Methods for Calculating Summary Data Values**

Method	Scope	Comment
Finish	txtSeverityLabel	From currentSeverity variable.
Finish	txtGoal	From targetResolutionTime array.
Finish	txtMedian	From medianResolutionTime array.
Finish	txtHigh	From highResolutionTime array.
Finish	txtLow	From lowResolutionTime array.
Finish	txtMean	From meanResolutionTime array.
Finish	tstStdDeviation	FromstdDevResolution Time array.
Finish	txtTotal	From countClosedSRs array.

**Traffic lights.** Traffic lights are resized, repositioned, and colored in code. [Table 28](#) shows how code is used in methods to change Traffic lights.

**Table 28. Methods Used for Traffic Lights**

Method	Scope	Comment
Finish	dotTop	Green light. Mean closure time is faster than the target.
Finish	dotMiddle	Yellow light. Mean closure time is slower than the target, but not by more than one standard deviation.
Finish	dotBottom	Red light. Mean closure time is slower than target by more than one standard deviation.

**Closure time.** Closure time graph y-axis labels are customized in code. [Table 29](#) shows the method to use to produce better performance for the Closure Time class.

**Table 29. Method Used for Closure Time**

Method	Scope	Comment
CustomYLabels	ssSummaryGraph1	Produces improved graph performance over a wide range of sample sizes.

**sifClosureTimes.** Code in the sifClosureTimes class initializes the graph boundaries, establishes the sorted list position of the median closure time and counts service requests for each time increment, or bucket. One data row represents each bucket on the graph. [Table 30](#) shows the variables for use with this class.

**Table 30. Variables for Use With sifClosureTimes Class**

Variable Name	Scope	Type	Storage	Visibility	Comment
graphMax	sifClosureTimes	Double	Static	Public	Closure time for right edge of graph.
graphMin	sifClosureTimes	Double	Static	Public	Closure time for left edge of graph.

**Table 30. Variables for Use With sifClosureTimes Class**

Variable Name	Scope	Type	Storage	Visibility	Comment
meanResolutionTime()	AccountServiceDetail	Double	Static	Public	Array populated in sifAllServiceRequests.
stdDevResolutionTime()	AccountServiceDetail	Double	Static	Public	Array populated in sifAllServiceRequests.
targetResolutionTime()	AccountServiceDetail	Double	Static	Public	Set from LOV for each severity.
targResTimeUnits()	AccountServiceDetail	Double	Static	Public	Used to scale summary data to hours, days, or weeks.
targResTimeGraphPercent	AccountServiceDetail	Double	Static	Public	Scales position of target indicator.
currentSeverity	AccountServiceDetail	Integer	Static	Public	Set by outer report section. Used as an index into all arrays sized to MaxSeverities.
maxBuckets	sifClosureTimes	Integer	Static	Public	Determines horizontal resolution of graphs.
bucketIncrement	sifClosureTimes	Double	Static	Public	Width in minutes of closure time bucket.
ResolutionTimeList()	sifLCsureTimes	AcList	Static	Public	Array of data lists populated in sifAllServiceRequests.
countClosedSRs()	AccountServiceDetail	Integer	Static	Public	Array populated in sifAllServiceRequests.



## Account Summary Report

The report describes the relevant details pertaining to the account. It contains information about the account's historical and future revenue, satisfaction, organizational hierarchy, and service requests.

### Order of Merit

The Order Of Merit graphic is determined in the Finish method of the ssOrderOfMeritHeader1 frame according to the following logic:

- If the Customer Satisfaction thermometer is above the target line, and the Pipeline thermometer is above the target line, then the arrow direction is up.
- If the Past Revenue thermometer is above the target line, and the Pipeline thermometer is below the target line, then the arrow direction is right.
- In all other cases, the arrow points down.

### Past Revenue Thermometer

[Table 31](#) shows the variables for use with the Past Revenue Thermometer.

**Table 31. Variables for Past Revenue Thermometer**

Thermometer Variable	Report-Level Variable	Calculation Point	Comment
MaximumValue	PastRevenueHigh	qryPastRevenueLostOfValues	Collected once per report.
MinimumValue	PastRevenueLow	qryPastRevenueLostOfValues	Collected once per report.
TriggerDataValue	PastRevenueAverage	qryPastRevenueLostOfValues	Collected once per report.
DataValue	PastRevenue	qryPastRevenue	Sum of the revenues for all opportunities associated with this account with 100% probability.

## Pipeline Thermometer

Table 32 shows the variables for use with the Pipeline Thermometer.

**Table 32. Variables for Pipeline Thermometer**

Thermometer Variable	Report-Level Variable	Calculation Point	Comment
MaximumValue	PipelineHigh	qryPipelineListOfValues	Collected once per report.
MinimumValue	PipelineLow	qryPipelineListOfValues	Collected once per report.
TriggerDataValue	PipelineAverage	qryPipelineListOfValues	Collected once per report.
DataValue	PipelineRevenue	fttPipelineThermometer	Sum of the revenues for all of the opportunities associated with this account.

## Customer Satisfaction Thermometer

Table 33 shows the variables for use with the Customer Satisfaction Thermometer.

**Table 33. Variables for Customer Satisfaction Thermometer**

Thermometer Variable	Report-Level Variable	Calculation Point	Comment
MaximumValue	CustomerSatisfactionHigh	qryCustomerSatisfactionList_Of_Values	Collected once per report.
MinimumValue	CustomerSatisfactionLow	qryCustomerSatisfactionList_Of_Values	Collected once per report.
TriggerDataValue	CustomerSatisfactionTarget	qryCustomerSatisfactionList_Of_Values	Collected once per report.
DataValue	AverageScore	qryCustomerSatisfactionThermometer	The ratio of the total satisfaction score to the number of surveys.

## Products Installed Graphic

The Products Installed graphic consists of controls generated dynamically in code overrides in the frmTimeLineAndHeader class. The OnRow method builds an array of unique install dates from the Install Date field of the Customer Product Business Component. The Finish method positions line and label controls along a time line based on the values in the array.

Two kinds of markers exist: year markers and install markers. Year markers are determined by iterating through the arrays, finding the oldest and newest install dates. The chart is scaled horizontally from these dates, and the individual install markers are placed proportionally.

## Pipeline Analysis Report

This report analyzes the current pipeline. Historical information is used to determine the revenue that is expected to be generated over the next four quarters and how that revenue compares to the quota for that period.

### Order of Merit

The Order of Merit graphic is determined in the Finish method of the ssOrderOMeritHeader1 frame according to the following logic:

- If the Revenue versus All Current Quotas thermometer is above the target line, then the arrow direction is up.
- If the thermometer is between the target line and the acceptable revenue line, then the arrow direction is right.
- If the thermometer is below the acceptable revenue line, then the arrow direction is down.

#### Revenue versus All Current Quotas Thermometer

This thermometer has added functionality compared to standard thermometers. A dashed line is added at a point below the trigger to indicate a revenue level that is below the target but still acceptable. The position of the dashed line is based on the value of the AcceptableRange variable. [Table 34](#) shows the variables for use with this thermometer.

**Table 34. Variables for Revenue Versus All Current Quotas Thermometer**

Thermometer Variable	Report-Level Variable	Calculation Point	Comment
MaximumValue	NA	local	TriggerDataValue * 1.5.
MinimumValue	NA	local	Always zero.
TriggerDataValue	totalQuota	sifQuota	Based on Prorated Target Amount field of Quota Objective Assignment Business Component.
DataValue	ExpectedRevenueNext4Q	frmDashboard	Based on the Probability Matrix derived from LOV.
AcceptableRange	targetQuotaRange	dsTargetQuotaRange	Based on value from LOV.

## Quota Summary Report

This report measures performance relative to quota for the current period and year-to-date. Closed revenue, as well as pipeline revenue, are tracked to determine whether the goal for the quarter can be met.

### Order of Merit

The Order of Merit graphic is determined in the Finish method of the ssOrderOfMeritHeader1 frame according to the following logic:

- If the Revenue versus All Current Quotas thermometer is above the target line, then the arrow direction is up.
- If the thermometer is between the target line and the acceptable revenue line, then the arrow direction is right.
- If the thermometer is below the acceptable revenue line, then the arrow direction is down.

## Revenue versus All Current Quotas Thermometer

This thermometer has added functionality compared to standard thermometers. A dashed line is added at a point below the trigger to indicate a revenue level that is below the target but still acceptable. The position of the dashed line is based on the value of the AcceptableLevel variable. [Table 35](#) shows the variables for use with this thermometer for the Quota Summary Report.

**Table 35. Variables for Revenue Versus All Current Quotas Thermometer**

Thermometer Variable	Report-Level Variable	Calculation Point	Comment
MaximumValue	NA	local	TriggerDataValue * 1.5.
MinimumValue	NA	local	Always zero.
TriggerDataValue	totalThermQuota	txtTotalQuota	Based on Quota field of the Opportunity Rollup.
DataValue	totalThermActualRevenue	txtActualRevenue	Based on ActualRevenue field of the Opportunity Rollup.
AcceptableLevel	acceptablePercentageOfQuota	frmDashboard	Based on value from LOV.
DataValue	ExpectedRevenueNext4Q	frmDashboard	Based on the Probability Matrix derived from LOV.
AcceptableRange	targetQuotaRange	dsTargetQuotaRange	Based on value from LOV.

## Revenue By Direct Report Section

This section contains special graphic components generated dynamically in the OnRow method of the frmDirectReportData component. The code sizes the Pipeline Revenue bar based on the sum of pipeline revenue and actual revenue. The Actual Revenue bar is sized according to the actual revenue value. The Quota Indicator line is superimposed in a position based on the quota value. The code also calculates the percent difference between the actual revenue and the quota, and determines whether or not the under-quota indicator will be displayed.

## Service Request Performance Report (Service Request Aging Analysis)

This report analyzes the aging of the currently open service requests. Three metrics are tracked that may explain performance: the number of open service requests, call volume, and average resolution time during the past months.

### Data Collection and Calculation

All service requests are collected and stored in a memory list in the `rptAllServiceRequests` report section. Later, in the `rptServiceRequestDetail` section, the service requests are pulled from the list, grouped by status and severity, and displayed in detail. As the service requests are collected, calculations are made and values stored in arrays for use in the `TimeOpen`, `OpenServiceRequests`, `NewServiceRequests`, and `ResolutionTime` sections.

### `rptAllServiceRequests`

List storage, array storage, and calculations are accomplished in method overrides of the `sifAllServiceRequests` single input filter class. [Table 36](#) shows the method overrides used for this class.

**Table 36. Method Overrides for `rptAllServiceRequests`**

Method	Scope	Comment
Fetch	<code>sifAllServiceRequests</code>	Stores a list of data rows for all Service Requests.
GetTimeOpenData	<code>sifAllServiceRequests</code>	<p> Ignores closed service requests.</p> <p> Calculates time in days the service request was open.</p> <p> Categorizes the service request based on how many weeks it was open.</p> <p> Adds to the running count and total resolution time of service requests severity.</p> <p> Tracks high and low resolution times for severity.</p>
GaetOpenSRData	<code>sifAllServiceRequests</code>	Calculates call volume by month and severity.

**Table 36. Method Overrides for rptAllServiceRequests**

Method	Scope	Comment
GetNewSRData	sifAllServiceRequests	Counts service requests that are less than six months old.
GetAverageResolutionTimeData	sifAllServiceRequests	Determines average resolution time by month and severity.





# Parameterized Reports 16

This chapter describes creating parameterized reports in Siebel Tools and Actuate e.Report Designer Professional. The majority of steps for creating parameterized reports are the same as those for creating any other report. Therefore, both in Siebel Tools and Actuate, only the steps specific to parameterized reports are described in this chapter.

Parameterized reports allow users to pass data into a report executable at runtime and customize the output of that report. The user may narrow the query, sort specification, or grouping by a field at the report's execution time. A parameterized report can produce different reports from the same report executable. The administrator defines the parameters and the attributes of a report during design time in Siebel Tools. For more information on report parameters, please see the "Designing report parameters" section in the *Developing Advanced e.Reports* manual on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

Siebel eBusiness Applications include several parameterized reports. Most of the parameterized reports are available in the Forecasting, Opportunity, and eAuction modules. When requesting a parameterized report, the parameters window appears after selecting the report from the drop-down menu and clicking Run Now. If the report is run using the Schedule option, the parameters window appears after the parameters on the Schedule window are specified.

---

**NOTE:** Some applications may not include parameterized reports.

---

# Creating Parameterized Reports

Like all Siebel reports, parameterized report objects are first defined in Siebel Tools, and the corresponding ROL file is generated. As a prerequisite to creating a parameterized report, a specialized business component and an applet based on that business component are created. The business component contains fields that correspond to the report parameters. The applet contains the parameters and standard controls (such as Submit and Cancel). The reports created are included in the views that need to display them.

At the next step, the report design (ROD file) is created in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional referencing the parameters created in the ROL file. The report design file is then compiled with the Siebel libraries to create the report executable (ROX file). This report executable is deployed in the appropriate location (on the Siebel Reports Server or Siebel Mobile Web Client or both). When a parameterized report is run, the options on the parameter window allows the user to select or enter the values for the parameters included in the report design. The parameter variables and schedule variables (if any) are included in a report parameter file (ROV file) and submitted to the Reports Server. The report executable obtains these variables from the ROV file at report execution time. If the user runs the report interactively (using the Run Now option), the report is displayed in a DHTML viewer (in Siebel Web Client or Siebel Dedicated Web Client modes) or Siebel Report Viewer (in Siebel Mobile Web Client mode).

Siebel eBusiness Applications include out-of-the box parameterized reports. As part of customizing these reports, the reports administrator may add or delete the parameters in these reports. The administrator may also create custom parameterized reports. Parameterized reports are created and customized in Siebel Tools and Actuate e.Report Designer Professional as described in the following sections using the creation of the Revenue Analysis Summary report as an example.

## Siebel Tools

This section describes how to create and customize reports in Siebel Tools.

### **To create and customize parameterized reports in Siebel Tools**

- 1** Create a business component object Revenue Report Parameters.

Specify the properties of this business component as follows:

Class and Name properties are required:

Class = CSSBCVReportParameters.

Name = Revenue Report Parameters. It is recommended that the business component be named to recognize that it forms the basis for the parameter applet for a specific report.

Accept the default properties for all other properties of this business component, and any other business component created for a custom parameterized report.

- 2** Create the picklists to be used with the field object.

In the Object Explorer select the Pick List object type and create picklists with the following properties:

Picklist = Revenue Report By PickList; Revenue Report Show PickList;  
Revenue Report then PickList

Business Component = PickList Generic for all picklists

- 3 Expand the business component in the Object Explorer and select Field. Create as many fields as the number of parameters in the report. The fields can be created as entry fields or picklists. For entry fields, the creation and association of picklists to business component fields can be skipped.

There are three parameters in the Revenue Analysis Detail report that allow filtering data at three levels. Therefore, create three fields with the following properties:

Name and picklist properties are required:

Name: By In Revenue; Show In Revenue; Then In Revenue.

PickList: Revenue Report By PickList; Revenue Report Show PickList; Revenue Report Then PickList.

- 4 Create an applet for the business component. The applet is the pop-up window that appears as the second or third screen when requesting a parameterized report.

Set the applet properties as follows:

Class: C\$SSWEFrameReportParam. This class contains the logic for translating the selected parameters into the ROV file in Actuate.

HTML Popup Dimension: 200 x 200. This is the default size of the pop-up window, but this can be changed depending on the number of parameters.

Title: Revenue Parameter Applet. Set this property appropriately to represent the parameter applet for a custom parameterized report.

Business Component: Revenue Report Parameters. This is the name of the business component created for parameter applet in [Step 1 on page 363](#).

- 5 Create an applet Web template to associate with the parameter applet.
  - a Highlighting the applet created in [Step 4](#), expand the Applet object in the Object Explorer.

- b** Select Applet Web Template object and add two applet Web templates with the following required properties:

Type: Edit. This property specifies the mode in which this applet is rendered at run-time. Type should always be set to Edit since users need to select or enter values for parameters at run-time.

Web Template: Applet Popup Form. You may select any other Web template that has the desired layout for the parameter pop-up window.

- 6** Create the necessary controls for the Parameter pop-up window. These controls include labels, text, parameter fields, and standard controls. The properties for the controls for Revenue Parameter Applet are shown below:

For standard controls:

Name: Submit Button; CancelButton. This property can be set to any meaningful name, but it is recommended that they indicate the function of the control.

Method Invoked: Submit; CloseApplet. This property is required for standard controls and should be left blank for all other controls.

HTML Type: MiniButton for both of the controls. This property should be set appropriately depending on the type of control. For example, set this value to FieldLabel for the label controls ByLabel, ReportLabel, ShowLabel, and ThenLabel.

For parameter field controls:

Name: ByInRevenue; ShowInRevenue; ThenInRevenue. This property can be set to any meaningful name, but it is recommended that the name indicate the function of the control. In Control User Prop, make Name equal to SHOWNONE, where the value equals FALSE. This means that for the dropdown field shown on the UI, a blank entry is not allowed. This avoids the situation where a user clicks enter without selecting a valid value from the dropdown list.

HTML Type: Field, for all three parameter field controls.

Field: By In Revenue; Show In Revenue; Then In Revenue. Recall that these are the fields created in [Step 2 on page 363](#). This property should be left blank for all other controls.

- 7** Create a report object to associate with the parameter applet. Set the Parameter Applet property of this report object to the name of the applet previously created.
- 8** Include the report object created in [Step 7](#) in the views that should display this report.
- 9** Create the Actuate ROL file using Tools > Utilities > Generate Actuate Report.

The configuration in Tools is complete. The next steps involve creating the design in Actuate for the parameterized report.

## Actuate

Make sure that you have installed Actuate e.Report Designer Professional from the CD-ROM. Since the report design process is similar to any other report, only the design specific to a parameterized report is described here. The description of creating parameterized report design in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional is described in the Designing report parameters chapter of Actuate's *Designing Advanced e.Reports* manual. The general process in designing a parameterized report includes two main steps:

- Creating parameters and referencing the parameters where they are used.
- Additionally, certain report methods to be modified using Actuate e.Report Designer Professional to pass the parameter values selected or entered by the Siebel applications user.

The first step is generic to all parameterized reports and described in Actuate's *Designing Advanced e.Reports* manual. The second step is specific to Siebel parameterized reports and is described here for the Revenue Analysis Summary report.

When Revenue Analysis Summary report is run from a Revenue screen, the parameter screen appears after the Run Now option is selected or after the schedule parameters are entered with the Schedule option. The user needs to select a value for each of the three parameters from the drop-down lists before clicking Finish.

The report is then generated and displays the first parameter field (which is the grouping field) in a cross tab format with the second parameter in aggregated date scale along columns, and the third parameter as rows. Therefore, this report is essentially a cross tab report (for more details, see [Chapter 10, “Reports with Group Sections”](#) in this book and the “Presenting data in crosstabs” section in the *Developing Advanced e.Reports Actuate* manual) with the displayed field selected by the user at run time. The second parameter defines the columns and the third parameter defines the rows.

### **To set report parameters**

The report process parameters are set by the user in the client in the following order.

- 1** Store language dependent parameters fetched from the report ROV file (in the Start() method of root node ‘revd’) as global variables.

```
Sub Start()  
.....  
    ' get language values from user entered parameters  
    ThenParameterV=ThenInRevenue  
    ValueParameterV=ShowInRevenue  
    ByParameterV=ByInRevenue  
.....  
End Sub
```

- 2 Get the language independent codes for the parameter values selected by the user from the LOV table.

ThenParameter = represents a group key.

ValueParameter = represents a metric key.

ByParameter = represents a date key.

These values are necessary to support internal report logic that is language independent. The parameter retrieval is based on the ssSmart.rol library custom DataStream control ssList\_Of\_ValuesQuery (select ssSmart.rol from Library Organizer menu, double click on ssList\_Of\_ValuesQuery, and select Class tab).

Modify the control methods Start() and Fetch() to set a search specification dynamically and store retrieved parameter language independent values.

```
Function Start() As Boolean

Dim DateSt as String

Dim ValueSt as String

Dim ThenSt as String

` create Search Spec date portion based on LOV or default `
` value
if revdet::ByParameterV <> "" Then
DateSt = "[Value] = '" & revdet::ByParameterV & "'"
else
DateSt = "[Name] = 'Month'"
end if

` create Search Spec Value portion based on LOV or default `
` value
```



```
if revdet::ValueParameterV <> "" Then
    ValueSt = "[Value] = '" & revdet::ValueParameterV & "'"
else
    ValueSt = "[Name] = 'Revenue'"
end if

' create Search Spec Then portion based on LOV or default '
' value
if revdet::ThenParameterV <> "" Then
    ThenSt = "[Value] = '" & revdet::ThenParameterV & "'"
else
    ThenSt = "[Name] = 'Account'"
end if

' dynamic search spec
SearchSpec="[Type] = 'REVN_FUNCTIONCAPTIONS' AND " & ValueSt
+ & " OR [Type] = 'REVN_SERIESCAPTIONS' AND " & ThenSt
+ & " OR [Type] = 'FCST_INTVL_PERD_TYPE' AND " & DateSt
Start = Super::Start( )
End Function

Function Fetch( ) As AcDataRow
    Dim aRow As ssList_Of_ValuesDataRow

    Set Fetch = Super::Fetch( )
```

```
If Fetch Is Nothing Then
    Exit Function
End If

set aRow = fetch

Select Case aRow.ssValue
    case revdet::ByParameterV
        revdet::ByParameter=aRow.ssName
    case revdet::ValueParameterV
        revdet::ValueParameter=aRow.ssName
    case revdet::ThenParameterV
        revdet::ThenParameter=aRow.ssName
End Select

End Function
```

- 3 Use date parameter ByParameterV to set a search specification for ssPeriodQuery data stream from revper.rol. As a result Period business component returns only period record of specified type (day or month or quarter or year).

```
Sub Start( )
Super::Start( )
' set search spec to get only needed period type records
ssReport::ssSearchSpec = "[Period Type]=' " &
revdet::ByParameterV & "' "
End Sub
```

- 4 Use ByParameter and ValueParameter parameter values to fill out revenue Line Item record dynamically. The purpose here is to create a list of revenue records that are independent of user parameters to make sure that general logic works correctly. Later, line item records are stored in a memory list for further aggregation.

```
Function CreateUListRow(Rec as acDataRow ) as uListRow

    Dim uRec as uListRow

    Dim aRec as ssRevenueDataRow

    dim CurrentSection as integer ' put into root

    ' calculate section key and UnitKeyStat
    CurrentSection=GetGroupKey()

    Set aRec = rec

    set uRec = New uListRow

    ' filter ByParameter
    Select Case LCase(revdet::ThenParameter)

        case "account"

            uRec.uThen=aRec.GetValue("ssAccount")

        case "campaign"

            uRec.uThen=aRec.GetValue("ssCampaign")

        case "opportunity"

            uRec.uThen=aRec.GetValue("ssOpportunity")

        case "project"

            uRec.uThen=aRec.GetValue("ssProject")

        case "partner"
```

```
        uRec.uThen=aRec.GetValue( "ssPartner" )
    case "product"
        uRec.uThen=aRec.GetValue( "ssProduct" )
    case "product line"
        uRec.uThen=aRec.GetValue( "ssProduct_Line" )
    case "description"
        uRec.uThen=aRec.GetValue( "ssDescription" )
    case "revenue type"
        uRec.uThen=aRec.GetValue( "ssRevenue_Type" )
    case "revenue class"
        uRec.uThen=aRec.GetValue( "ssRevenue_Class" )
    case "win probability"
        uRec.uThen=aRec.GetValue( "ssWin_Probability" )
    case "sales rep"
        uRec.uThen=aRec.GetValue( "ssSales_Rep" )
    case "contact last name"
        uRec.uThen=aRec.GetValue( "ssContact_Last_Name" )
    case "Quote"
        uRec.uThen=aRec.GetValue( "ssQuote" )
    Case Else
        if gErrorMsg = "" then gErrorMsg =
''Then' parameter is invalid"
        Exit Function
    End Select
```

```
' filter ValueParameter
Select Case LCase(revdet::ValueParameter)
    case "revenue"
        uRec.uValue=toCur(aRec.GetValue("ssFunctional_Revenue_
        Formatted"))
    case "margin"
        uRec.uValue=toCur(aRec.GetValue("ssFunctional_Margin_
        Formatted"))
    case "cost"
        uRec.uValue=toCur(aRec.GetValue("ssFunctional_Cost_
        Formatted"))
    case "upside"
        uRec.uValue=toCur(aRec.GetValue("ssFunctional_Upside_
        Formatted"))
    case "downside"
        uRec.uValue=toCur(aRec.GetValue("ssFunctional_Downside
        _Formatted"))
    case "average price"
        uRec.uValue=toCur(aRec.GetValue("ssFunctional_Average_
        Price_Formatted"))
    case "quantity"
        uRec.uValue=toCur(aRec.GetValue("ssQuantity_Formatted"))

Case Else ' default
    if gErrorMsg = "" then gErrorMsg = "'Show' parameter
```

```
is invalid"

Exit Function

End Select

' Get values for the remaining fields
uRec.uItem=aRec.GetValue("ssProduct")
uRec.uCommit=aRec.GetValue("ssCommitted")
uRec.uProb=aRec.GetValue("ssWin_Probability_Formatted"))
uRec.uSalesRep=aRec.GetValue("ssSales_Rep")
uRec.uRevCls=aRec.GetValue("ssRevenue_Class")
uRec.uRevTp=aRec.GetValue("ssRevenue_Type")
uRec.uCurrencyCode=aRec.GetValue("ssFunctional_Currency_Co
de")

uRec.uDate=CDate(aRec.GetValue("ssDate_Formatted"))

uRec.SectionKey = CurrentSection

uRec.uDateUnit = UnitKeyStat ' GetUnitKey(uRec.uDate)

' create key for Item grouping based on displayed attributes
' Item+Commit+Prob
uRec.ItemKey= Trim(uRec.uItem) & Trim(uRec.uCommit) &
Trim(uRec.uProb)

Set CreateUListRow = uRec

End Function
```

Parts of the described approach to handling the user parameters can be of general use for other parameterized reports. They include Parameters retrieval, filtering Periods, and fetching values from the LOV table.

# Developing Multilingual Reports **17**

In the prior versions of Siebel eBusiness applications, a separate report design was needed for each language due to the hardcoding of user visible, language specific strings in the design. The format (locale) in which the fields were displayed was also hardcoded in the report design. As of release 7.5, users will be able to externalize the visible strings, locale information, and certain properties of data from the report design. At report generation time, the user interface strings of the desired language are obtained from an external file. The locale information is obtained from a locale map, and the report data is formatted.

## Developing Multilingual Reports Overview

This section describes how extracting user-visible strings automatically from report design and Siebel report libraries can greatly simplify the localization process, reduce the time to create translations, and lower the localization cost. You need not be familiar with Actuate e.Report Designer Professional. The externalized strings of the reports can be more easily translated and maintained separately without affecting the report design and the executable file.

New functions to export and import user interface strings have been implemented in `sscustom.bas`. When the report is first designed and run in the Design mode, all the control names, text strings, and certain user interface properties from the report are extracted to an external file. This external file is in plain text format and is referred to as an user interface file. You can then localize the text strings in this file. When the report is run in the Deployment mode (which is the mode in which report executables are deployed), the report will read the text strings from this user interface file.

Previously, to translate user-visible strings in a report, you would manually open each report design file and modify the properties of the label controls, text controls, and so on. With this user interface externalization feature in release 7.5, you will be able to translate the texts for label controls and the search alias for text controls in the user interface files created by the user interface externalization feature.

## Designing Multilingual Reports

Designing a multilingual report is essentially the same as that of any standard report. The only additional step is to externalize the user interface elements for localization in the desired languages. The same report executable obtains the language-specific strings from the localized text files based on user's specification. The following instructions will describe the details of the additional step for localization of user interface strings.

### **To design multilingual reports**

- 1** Design a report in the default language first; for example, ENU (English).

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an \enu folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as \deu for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

This part of the design is the same as already discussed in using Siebel Tools to create the ROL file and using Actuate e.Report Designer Professional to create the ROD and ROX files. For more information, see [Chapter 9, “Creating a Simple List Report.”](#)

- a** Run report in Design mode to externalize user interface strings and data properties to an external file.
- b** Set gExportUI to 1 in the beginning of the Start method of ssReport in sscustom.rol.



- c** Compile and run by setting `ssLanguage` to `ENU` or `PSE`.

If your installation uses a non-English version of Siebel eBusiness Applications, you do not have an `\enu` folder. Instead, you have a folder in the appropriate language code for your installation, such as `\deu` for Germany.

See *Global Deployment Guide* for a list of three-letter International Standards Organization (ISO) language extensions.

- d** Generate the report executable, for example, `ACLIST.rox` and `ACLIST.txt`.

---

**NOTE:** This executable is for design time use only.

---

- 2** Localize the contents of `ACLIST.txt` into separate language specific files.

Use the contents of `ACLIST.txt` for localization into desired languages.

- a** Generate `ACLIST.txt` file specific to each language.
- b** Place each of the language specific `TXT` file in `Siebdev_Root\RPTSRC\Lang\ACLIST.txt`

Where:

*Lang* = the Siebel code for the language the report will use; for example, `enu` for U.S. English.

- 3** Run the report in Deployment mode to verify localization.

- a** Set `gExportUI` to `0` in the beginning of the `Start` method of `ssReport` in `sscustom.rol`.
- b** Recompile to create the report executable for the runtime deployment by setting `ssLanguage` to `FRA` (French), `DEU` (German), `JPN` (Japanese) and so forth as needed.

- c Verify that the language specific labels are displayed in the Actuate e.Report Designer Professional for each user specified language parameter.

---

**NOTE:** After testing a multilingual report, make sure that the report executable is created in the Deployment mode; for example, set `gExportUI` to 0 at the beginning of the Start Method in `ssReport` in `sscustom.rol`.

---

## Deploying Multilingual Reports

With the report executable completed, you will need to package the reports for deployment to the Siebel eBusiness application.

### To deploy multilingual reports

- Package the tested multilingual report.
  - Upload the ACLIST.ROX file (and any multilocale report) using Actuate Management Console into the Siebel Reports folder in the Report Encyclopedia.

All language specific ROX files should be uploaded into Siebel Reports\*LANG* folder in the report encyclopedia

Where:

*LANG* = the Siebel code for the language the report will use; for example, `enu` for U.S. English.

- Save the ACLIST.txt files into `C:\Sea\Rptsrvr\BIN\UI\Lang\` directory for each language in the Actuate e.Reporting Server host machine.

## Viewing Multilingual Reports

At report generation time, the enhanced user interface of the report generation wizard in Siebel eBusiness Applications now displays drop-down lists for the user to select the language and locale.

**To view multilingual reports**

- 1** Select a multilingual report, which was developed previously, from a Siebel view.
- 2** Select the report, language, and locale from the drop-down lists in the Reports window.
- 3** Generate the report with the data and labels per specified language formatted to a specified locale.

Locale information is read from a locale map.

If no strings are found, labels and properties are defaulted to the original ROD file values for that report.

For more information, see [“Requesting Reports in the Siebel Web Clients” on page 110](#).

## Exceptions for Multilingual Reports

Some exceptions exist when developing multilingual reports since some reports are not amenable to this single report ROX model. The following list consists of the exceptions for developing multilingual reports.

- Language specific address blocks are not adjusted automatically. For example, the ZIP code and telephone numbers fields are not adjusted to match the new language locale for the report.
- Fields based on locale are not automatically set to be included and or suppressed based on the locale selected for the report; for example, the JPN name alias field.
- Language specific search aliases are not automatically substituted.
- Reports that contain Charts and Graphs with labels will not reflect the locale of the selected locale for the report.



# Report Business Service 18

This chapter describes the report business service methods. These methods can be used in scripts or workflow processes to automate reporting related business processes. For example, the administrator can define workflow processes to automate the business processes for generating a report with a specific query, or saving a report in the PDF format, or emailing a report to the customer.

Most users are familiar with report generation in the Siebel eBusiness Application views. In this mechanism, users may run a query in the view and then generate a report interactively or in the batch mode against that data. Subsequently, the report may be printed or shared with other Siebel users. Clearly this mechanism requires user interaction to accomplish reporting business needs. Using the report business service methods, customers can generate, share, and print reports automatically without user interaction. Since the report is automatically generated when certain business rules are satisfied, there is no way for the user to pass a query. Therefore, the view mode applied on the report executable is used for obtaining data.

Siebel Business Process Designer is an interactive software tool that lets you automate how your organization handles workflow processes.

For more information, please refer to *Siebel Business Process Designer Administration Guide* on the *Siebel Bookshelf*.

---

**NOTE:** Currently, the report business service methods are supported only on the runtime events. Therefore, a user must be logged on to trigger an event that will invoke these methods.

---

## Report Business Service Overview

Knowledge of Siebel Tools, scripting, Siebel Business Process Designer and Siebel Reports Server is necessary to use the report business service methods. Understanding of running the business services is also necessary. Administrators can create as many workflow processes as needed to satisfy their business requirements and include the necessary report business service methods as steps (recall that workflow processes can include one or more business services as steps). The designers can test these workflow processes in the Business Process simulator. For more details on workflow processes and workflow policies, please refer to *Siebel Business Process Designer Administration Guide* on the *Siebel Bookshelf*.

---

**NOTE:** The report business service methods are only executed in the Web Client.

---

## Report Business Service Methods

The Report Business Service consists of methods that can be used in workflow processes or scripts. The following methods can be called in a workflow to automate report generation on the Reports Server.

---

**NOTE:** The report business service methods always operate on the Reports Server. Therefore, the administrator should make sure that the Reports Server is installed, configured, and is up and running.

---

[Table 37](#) lists the available business methods.

**Table 37. Report Business Service Methods Available for Reports**

Name of Business Method	Purpose
ExecuteReport	Runs a report on the Reports Server. See <a href="#">Table 38 on page 383</a> for more information.
GrantRolesAccess2Report	Grants access of report to roles (view only). See <a href="#">Table 39 on page 385</a> for more information.

**Table 37. Report Business Service Methods Available for Reports**

Name of Business Method	Purpose
GrantUserAccess2Report	Grants access of report to other users (view only). See <a href="#">Table 41 on page 387</a> for more information.
PrintReport	Prints a report to a valid printer. See <a href="#">Table 41 on page 387</a> for more information.
RunAndEmailReport	Generates a report and sends it as an email attachment to one or more users. See <a href="#">Table 42 on page 389</a> for more information.
SaveReport2PDF	Saves a report in PDF in the user folder on the Reports Server. See <a href="#">Table 43 on page 390</a> for more information.
ScheduleReport	Schedules a report on the Reports Server. See <a href="#">Table 44 on page 391</a> for more information.
SyncOne	Synchronizes a single user on the Reports Server. See <a href="#">Table 45 on page 393</a> for more information.

## Report Business Service Input Parameters

The following tables describe the input parameters for the Report Business Service methods.

### ExecuteReport

[Table 38](#) contains the input parameters for the ExecuteReport business method.

**Table 38. ExecuteReport Parameters**

Input	Description	Examples	Optional	Default
reportDefName	The name of the report object definition.	Employee Achievement Report	No	None
activeBOName	Name of Business Object.	Incentive Compensation Employee Position	No	None

**Table 38. ExecuteReport Parameters**

Input	Description	Examples	Optional	Default
reportName	Access Base DB Name.	EMPACH	Yes	Use information from report object definition.
OutputName	Full path/filename of the output ROI file.	/SADMIN/ OPLIST.roi	Yes	Default folder to /mylogin/ reportName.roi.
viewMode	View mode of report.	0, 1, 2, 3, and so on.	Yes	0
ssSearchSpec	Search specification of the report.		Yes	Use search specification on report object definition.
activeRowId	Active record row ID.		Yes	None
Locale	Locale	enu	Yes	Object Manager's language setting.
Language	Language	enu	Yes	Object Manager's locale setting.
ActuateServerHost	Actuate server host machine name.	bptu60s018	Yes	Use Object Manager's ActuateReportServerHost.
SSLoginName	Siebel Login.		Yes	User's login name, whose action triggers this business service.
SSPassword	Siebel Password.		Yes	User's password, whose action triggers this business service.
AcLoginName	Actuate login name.		Yes	Same as Siebel.
ActuatePassword	Actuate password.		Yes	Query from the business component RS Employee.
<b>Concerning PollRequest Loop</b>				
InitSleep	Initial sleep time (in seconds).	20	Yes	10



**Table 38. ExecuteReport Parameters**

Input	Description	Examples	Optional	Default
Intvl	Polling Interval (in seconds).	10	Yes	30
MaxWait	Time Out.	100000	Yes	1000000

## GrantRolesAccess2Report

[Table 39](#) contains the input parameters for the GrantRolesAccess2Report business method.

**NOTE:** The roles used for the RoleList input parameter needs to be defined in the Actuate Management Console by the administrator prior to being used for sharing reports.

**Table 39. GrantRolesAccess2Report Parameters**

Input	Description	Examples	Optional	Default
ReportRoiName	An existing ROI filename in the Actuate Report Encyclopedia.	/SADMIN/ OPLIST.roi	No	None
Version	Version number of ROI file.		Yes	0 (latest ROI file is used).
RoleList	Comma-delimited list of roles.	Director, President, Manager	No	None
ActuateServerHost	Actuate server host machine name.	bptu60s018	Yes	Use Object Manager's ActuateReportServerHost.
SSLoginName	Siebel Login.		Yes	User's login name, whose action triggers this business service.
SSPassword	Siebel Password.		Yes	User's password, whose action triggers this business service.

**Table 39. GrantRolesAccess2Report Parameters**

Input	Description	Examples	Optional	Default
AcLoginName	Actuate login name.		Yes	Same as Siebel.
ActuatePassword	Actuate password.		Yes	Query from the business component RS Employee.

## GrantUserAccess2Report

Table 40 contains the input parameters for the GrantUserAccess2Report business method.

**Table 40. GrantUserAccess2Report Parameters**

Input	Description	Examples	Optional	Default
ReportRoiName	An existing ROI filename in the Actuate Report Encyclopedia.	/SADMIN/ OPLIST.roi	No	None
Version	Version number of ROI file.		Yes	0 (latest ROI file is used).
UserList	Comma-delimited list of users.	AFOSTER, KCHAN, RGAMPALA	No	None
ActuateServerHost	Actuate server host machine name.	bptu60s018	Yes	Use Object Manager's ActuateReportServer Host.
SSLoginName	Siebel Login.		Yes	User's login name, whose action triggers this business service.
SSPassword	Siebel Password.		Yes	User's password, whose action triggers this business service.

**Table 40. GrantUserAccess2Report Parameters**

Input	Description	Examples	Optional	Default
AcLoginName	Actuate login name.		Yes	Same as Siebel.
ActuatePassword	Actuate password.		Yes	Query from the business component RS Employee.

## PrintReport

Table 41 contains the input parameters for the PrintReport business method.

**Table 41. PrintReport Parameters**

Input	Description	Examples	Optional	Default
OutputName	An existing ROI filename in the Actuate Report Encyclopedia.	/SADMIN/ OPLIST.roi	No	None
Version	Version number of ROI file.		Yes	0 (latest ROI file is used).
Printer	A valid printer name for the Actuate e.Reporting Server.		No	User's default printer or Actuate Server default printer.
ActuateServerHost	Actuate server host machine name.	bptu60s018	Yes	Use Object Manager's ActuateReportServer Host.
SSLoginName	Siebel Login.		Yes	User's login name, whose action triggers this business service.
SSPassword	Siebel Password.		Yes	User's password, whose action triggers this business service.
AcLoginName	Actuate login name.		Yes	Same as Siebel.
ActuatePassword	Actuate password.		Yes	Query from the business component RS Employee.

### RunAndEmailReport

Emailing a report as an attachment to another user is available in the method `RunAndEmailReport()`. The attached report will be sent as an ROI file. For viewing the ROI file, download the Actuate Viewer from the Actuate web site (<http://www.actuate.com/resourcecenter/index.asp>) if you are using the Siebel Web Client. The Dedicated Web Client includes the Siebel Report Viewer that will allow viewing of the ROI file.

However, the following limitations do apply:

- You can only use this method for generating and then emailing that specific report. In other words, you will not be able to send a report attachment for reports that have already been generated.
- Related user preferences must be set manually within the Actuate Management Console. The report administrator has to specify how each user should handle report completion notification (see [“Receiving Email Notifications and Adding Report Attachments”](#) following this section).
- The email message (besides the particular report) can not be customized. The format is as provided in the Siebel application.

To configure Actuate to send email (using `RunAndEMailReport`), run `c:\Actuate6\Server\bin\mailinst.exe` and setup email profile.

---

**NOTE:** To enable email notification from the Actuate e.Reporting Server, Microsoft Exchange Server must be used as the email Server. Email notification will not work if a standard SMTP email server is used. For more information, see *Administering Actuate e.Reporting System* manual on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf*.

---

### Receiving Email Notifications and Adding Report Attachments

For users to receive email notifications for both successful and failed requests and add reports as attachments (for successful cases), the Actuate administrator needs to make certain changes in the Actuate Management Console.

#### **To receive email notifications and add report attachments**

- 1 From the Start menu, open the Management Console and log in as Actuate administrator.

- 2 Click the Users icon on the left hand side.
  - a Choose a user and move the mouse pointer over the down arrow icon next to it.
  - b Select Properties from the drop-down list. Click the Jobs tab.
- 3 In the section For jobs that succeed, check both Send e-mail notification and Attach document options.
- 4 In the section For jobs that fail, check Send e-mail notification option.
- 5 Make sure that the Create completion notice option in both sections are checked (this is the default). Click OK.

Table 42 contains the input parameters for the RunAndEmailReport business method.

**Table 42. RunAndEmailReport Parameters**

Input	Description	Examples	Optional	Default
<b>Include ALL relevant parameters in ExecuteReport( ) to specify the report to be run</b>				
UserList	Comma-delimited list of users to receive email notices.	AFOSTER, KCHAN, RGAMPALA	No	None
ActuateServerHost	Actuate server host machine name.	bptu60s018	Yes	Use Object Manager's ActuateReportServer Host.
SSLoginName	Siebel Login.		Yes	User's login name, whose action triggers this business service.
SSPassword	Siebel Password.		Yes	User's password, whose action triggers this business service.
AcLoginName	Actuate login name.		Yes	Same as Siebel.
ActuatePassword	Actuate password.		Yes	Query from the business component RS Employee.

## SaveReport2PDF

Table 43 contains the input parameters for the SaveReport2PDF business method.

**Table 43. SaveReport2PDF Parameters**

Input	Description	Examples	Optional	Default
ReportRoiName	An existing ROI filename in the Actuate Encyclopedia.	SADMIN/ OPLIST.roi	No	Assume personal folder, for example /myfolder/reportName.roi.
Version	Version number of ROI files.		Yes	0 (latest ROI is used).
PDFReportName	Name of output file in PDF.	OPLIST.pdf	Yes	Default to /mylogin/reportName.pdf.
ActuateServerHost	Actuate server host machine name.	bptu60s018	Yes	Use Object Manager's ActuateReportServer Host.
SSLoginName	Siebel Login.		Yes	User's login name, whose action triggers this business service.
SSPassword	Siebel Password.		Yes	User's password, whose action triggers this business service.
AcLoginName	Actuate login name.		Yes	Same as Siebel.
ActuatePassword	Actuate password.		Yes	Query from the business component RS Employee.

## ScheduleReport

Table 44 contains the input parameters for the ScheduleReport business method.

**Table 44. ScheduleReport Parameters**

Input	Description	Examples	Optional	Default
reportDefName	The name of the report object definition.	Employee Achievement Report	No	None
activeBOName	Name of Business Object.	Incentive Compensation Employee Position	No	None
reportName	Access Base DB Name.	EMPACH	Yes	Use information from report object definition.
OutputName	Full path/filename of the output ROI file.	/SADMIN/OPLIST.roi	Yes	Default folder to /mylogin/reportName.roi.
viewMode	View mode of report.	0, 1, 2, 3, and so on	Yes	0
ssSearchSpec	Search specification of the report.		Yes	Use search specification on report object definition.
activeRowId	Active record row ID.		Yes	None
Locale	Locale	enu	Yes	Object Manager's language setting.
Language	Language	enu	Yes	Object Manager's locale setting.
ActuateServerHost	Actuate server host machine name.	bptu60s018	Yes	Use Object Manager's ActuateReportServer Host.

**Table 44. ScheduleReport Parameters**

<b>Input</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Examples</b>	<b>Optional</b>	<b>Default</b>
SSLoginName	Siebel Login.		Yes	User's login name, whose action triggers this business service.
SSPassword	Siebel Password.		Yes	User's password, whose action triggers this business service.
AcLoginName	Actuate login name.		Yes	Same as Siebel
ActuatePassword	Actuate password.		Yes	Query from the business component RS Employee.
StartDate	Starting date for report generation schedule.	1/1/2002	No	None
StartTime	Starting time for report generation schedule.	12:00:00	No	None
Repeat	A Y/N flag for recurring report generation.		No	None
Frequency	Frequency of report generation, for Repeat = Y.	Daily, Weekly, Monthly, Quarterly, and so on	No	None
UntilDate	Stop date for report generation schedule.	12/1/2002	No	None
Print	A Y/N flag for report printing.		No	None
Printer	A valid printer name for Actuate Report Server.		Yes	None



## SyncOne

Table 45 contains the input parameters for the SyncOne business method.

**Table 45. SyncOne Parameters**

Input	Description	Examples	Optional	Default
AcAdminLogin	Actuate Administrator Login.	administrator	No	None
AcAdminPassword	Actuate Administrator Password.	" "	No	None
UserID	User to be synchronized.	SADMIN	No	None

Following is an example script for the SyncOne business method. When this script is run, you are returned feedback in the variable *sText*.

In the script below, SyncOne is executed on users VSILVER and DRA three times while storing the user feedback messages in the variable *msg*. You can consult *msg* on the status of the SyncOne request.

In this example, the script reflects three possible outcomes:

- The user is created.
- The user's password is reset.
- The script fails.

These outcomes are indicated in *msg*.

```
.....
var svc = TheApplication().GetService("Report Business Service");
var Inputs = TheApplication().NewPropertySet();
var Outputs = TheApplication().NewPropertySet();
var msg = "";
for(var x = 1; x < 3; x++) {
    with (Inputs) {
```

```
        SetProperty ("AcAdminLogin", "administrator");  
        SetProperty ("AcAdminPassword", "");  
        SetProperty ("UserID", "VSILVER,DRA");  
    }  
    try {  
        svc.InvokeMethod ("SyncOne", Inputs, ExtOutputs);  
    }  
    catch (e)  
    {  
        var sText = e.errText;  
        var nCode = e.errCode;  
        msg += sText;  
    }  
}  
.....
```

For information on enabling these business methods, see information on object interfaces and scripting on *Siebel Tools Online Help* and in *Siebel Business Process Designer Administration Guide* on the *Siebel Bookshelf*.

## Example: Invoking a Report Business Service Method Using Scripting

Workflow processes can be invoked programmatically from a script using Siebel VB or Siebel eScript. By using scripts, workflow processes can be invoked from anywhere in the Siebel application or from external programs.

The following is a Siebel eScript code sample for scheduling the Employee Achievement Report to run at a specified time, one time only, using the `ScheduleReport` method.

```
var svc = TheApplication().GetService("Report Business Service");
```

```
var Inputs = TheApplication().NewPropertySet();
var Outputs = TheApplication().NewPropertySet();
var paramArgs = TheApplication().NewPropertySet();

with (Inputs) {
    SetProperty ("reportDefName", "Employee Achievement Report");
    SetProperty ("activeBOName", "Incentive Compensation Employee
Position");
    SetProperty ("viewMode", "3");
    SetProperty ("StartDate", "05/01/02");
    SetProperty ("StartTime", "10:00:00 AM");
    SetProperty ("Repeat", "N");
    SetProperty ("Frequency", "");
    SetProperty ("UntilDate", "");
    SetProperty ("Print", "");
    SetProperty ("Printer", "");
}
Inputs.AddChild (paramArgs);
svc.InvokeMethod ("ScheduleReport", Inputs, Outputs);
```

## **Report Business Service**

---

*Report Business Service Input Parameters*

This appendix presents reference information about the library components in the sscustom and sssiebel libraries.

## sscustom Library

Components in the sssiebel library are subclassed in the sscustom library. The components in the sscustom library may be further subclassed within sscustom.

All the components in the sssiebel library have a prefix of `base`; the corresponding descendent in the sscustom library start with `ss`. All additional descendents of `ssTxt` in the sscustom library are start with `ssTxt`.

This component relationship also applies to label controls, date controls, and the frame controls. The composite objects, `ssReport` and `ssPageList`, use slightly different naming conventions. The superclass for `ssPage` (landscape) is `basePage`, and `ssPage` is the superclass for `ssPagePortrait`. You must take care whenever you change the composite objects.

## Text Controls

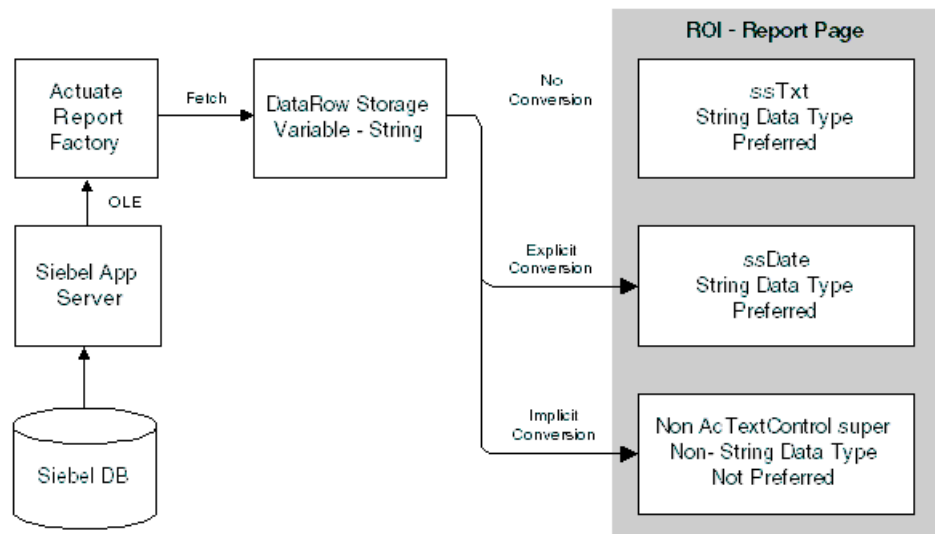
The following components are for displaying text:

- **ssTxt**. Basic text control
- **ssTxtB**. Bold text control
- **ssTxtBI**. Bold italic text control
- **ssTxtBlueBack**. Bold text control (white text on a blue background)
- **ssTxtChkBox**. Check box control
- **ssTxtP**. Percentage text control

- **ssTxtS.** Small text control
- **ssTxtSB.** Small bold text control
- **ssTxtSBI.** Small bold italic text control
- **ssTxtSectionHead.** Section head text control
- **ssTxtSectionHeadM.** Maroon section head text control
- **ssTxtSNoRepeat.** Small text control used in calendar reports
- **space.** Space control (aligns multiple text sections)

Actuate uses OLE automation to acquire data from the Siebel Application Server. In the first implementation of this architecture, all the data that is transferred is in the string data type format, including numeric and date information. The baseTxt control is the most appropriate method available for displaying string data.

Actuate can implicitly convert string data to other control types; for example, String data will be converted to the date data type if the control being used is a date control. Unfortunately, the implicit conversion methods for date and numeric data are not appropriate under some conditions, particularly when you are providing multilanguage support. See [Figure 1](#).



**Figure 1. Actuate Control Creation Process with Siebel Applications**

[Figure 1](#) shows the steps that data goes through before it populates an Actuate control. All data that is brought through the OLE interface is placed in DataRow Variables as string data. Then Actuate, in the course of instantiating controls to the ROI page, takes the data from the row and populates the various controls.

As long as the information to be displayed is string data, no conversion takes place. This provides the best support for multiple languages and is the preferred method.

Date information and revenue information are handled differently. Siebel Systems has developed methods that are appropriate for working with both date and revenue information.

## Display of Revenue Information

When you are creating datastreams with Siebel Tools, each field is mapped to a data row variable, of string data type. If the field is defined in the Siebel application as being a currency, then Siebel Tools will map two string variables into the data row:

- `ssFieldName`
- `ssFieldName_Formatted`

The standard revenue contains the value of the field, contained in a string (for example, "1243" or "1000000"). The formatted revenue will contain the value of the field with the appropriate formatting information for currency for that record (for example, "\$1,243" or "£1.000.000"). As long as the data does not need to be used in a calculation, the formatted data field is the preferred display method. Standard revenue field (unformatted) is not used at all in reports due to its localization inability.

The following explains how Siebel reports handle calculated currency.

There are three steps involved in the calculation and display of currencies:

- 1** Convert the formatted currency string fetched from the Siebel application to a currency data type value that can be used in arithmetic operations, using the `ToCur( )` wrapper.
- 2** Perform any calculations.



- 3 Display the currency data using `txtCurrency` as the superclass for the layout field. This changes the calculated currency value back to a formatted string for display purposes. The details are given below.

Formatting currency string to number for calculation:

Problem: Actuate conversion functions such as `CCur()` or `CDBl()` do not correctly interpret a formatted currency string if any text is attached to the value.

For example, `CCur(DM 55,77)` yields 0.

Solution: To assure proper conversion from string to number, use `ToCur()` defined in `sssiebel.bas`. This function removes any nonnumeric content from the string and then applies `CCur()` to the input string.

For example, `ToCur(DM 55,77)` yields 55,77

Formatting number to currency for display:

Problem: Actuate cannot format currency values for a specific currency code (Actuate can do it for the system currency only).

Solution: Use `FormatSpecificCurrency()`, defined in `sscustom.bas` to make sure there is proper currency value formatting for a specified currency code.

Example: `cur = FormatSpecificCurrency(55.77, USD)`

One more issue to handle for currencies is multicurrency calculations.

Multicurrency processing is a long-existing issue for reports because of their inability to do conversion between currencies. A solution is to have two values (item and system currency) for any currency type field (revenue, cost, . . .). This way, we have a unified approach to the aggregation of different currency values. System currencies display line items in their item currency formats, and aggregate values are displayed in the system currency format. To support this idea, the business component that supplies a report with data must have each currency field in two flavors: Function-Currency-Value (system-based) and Currency-Value (item currency).

If the text control represents the sum of multiple rows of data in the AFTER section, use the numeric revenue amount. The ValueExp property can be formulated as follows:

```
FormatSpecificCurrency(Sum(CurrencyValue),”USD”).
```

Actuate cannot sum formatted data, so the expression shown previously will be formatted by the FormatSpecificCurrency( ) function described in the sscustom.bas.

For multicurrency calculations, include the Functional Revenue (the revenue value in the functional currency) and the Functional Currency Code (for example, USD) in your report and subreport fields when you define the ROL file in Siebel Tools. For an example of multicurrency calculations, see the Pipeline Report By Rep (PIPEREP) standard report.

## Display of Date Information

---

**NOTE:** The information described in this section concerning dates is for legacy Siebel reports. In version 7 reports, all newly created date fields must use Formatted date fields from Application and ssDateTimeControl from sscustom. This new Actuate control has verity of format options to pick including Short-Date, Long-Date and Medium-Date (same for time).

---

Date information is more complicated than revenue data. As with the currency information, each Report Object field is mapped to two variables in the data row:

- **ssDateFieldName.** The standard field is in the format of Siebel’s internal date representation and is always in the format MM/DD/YY HH:MM:SS.

- **ssDateFieldName\_Formatted.** The formatted field comes in the format specified for the business component that is used to get the data, and it uses the locale settings of the machine. If the screen displays dates using the system short date format, the DataRow variable will be populated with 31/12/01, 12/31/01, or 01/12/31, depending on the locale setting of the machine.

The key factor is that the string does not need any additional formatting and can be displayed using the ssTxt control. Attempting to use the ssDate control with Date\_Formatted information will cause a fatal error within Actuate e.Report Designer Professional or the Siebel application.

---

**NOTE:** Use ssTxt when using the formatted date.

---

To display the full month name, date, and year (November 24, 2001), use ssDate.

The ssDate control forces an explicit conversion of the string date expression using known settings. The string is then converted back into string format and displayed using the format from the Format property. If the string is an empty string, the control is detached from the frame so that no data is shown.

Five predefined date formats are used within the standard reports. ssDate, ssDateLongDate, and ssDateShortDate all use date settings from the regional locale settings on the machine. ssDateHNNAP and ssDateMMMMDDYYYY use hard-coded format strings to display the information in a specialized format. The date library components are the following:

- **ssDate.** Short date and standard time
- **ssDateHNNAP.** Time with AM or PM, as in 12:55 AM
- **ssDateLongDate.** Long date (regional setting)
- **ssDateMMMMDDYYYY.** Date with text month, as in November 24, 2001
- **ssDateShortDate.** Short date (regional setting)

You can modify the date formats in the sscustom library by changing the Format property of the date control. New date formats can be added by subclassing from ssDate. To change the Short Date or Long Date displays, change the regional settings on the machine.

## CanGrow Property

The CanGrow property is available to all ssTxt and ssDate controls. Presently, this availability is only in the Windows environment. In the UNIX environment, the CanGrow property is not available with the Reports Server.

## Check Box Text Control

The ssTxtChkBox control displays Boolean information. A check mark is displayed whenever TrueCondition is TRUE. TrueCondition evaluates the DataValue of the control with the string expression in the TrueCondition Property; if they match, the condition is TRUE and the check mark is displayed.

You can adjust TrueCondition by changing the value of the TrueCondition property. The default property value is Y.

The ssTxtChkBox control uses the Monotype Sorts font to display check marks. If the Monotype Sorts font is unavailable on the local machine, a 3 is displayed for TRUE conditions and “” for FALSE conditions. The code that controls this can be adjusted in the OnRow method of the control.

## Percentage Text Control

The percentage text control is used to display string numeric data as a percentage. [Table 1](#) shows the various rules for displaying the percentage strings.

**Table 1. Percentage Data Conversion**

Input Value	Output Value
0	0
3.0	3 %
3.3	3.3 %

The code used to format the data is in the OnRow method and can be modified to change the behavior for the control and its children.

## Label Controls

The following label components are available in the sscustom library:

- **ssLbIB.** Bold label control
- **ssLbIBI.** Bold italic label control
- **ssLbIHead.** Header label control
- **ssLbIHeadBlack.** Header label control
- **ssLbIQuotation.** Quotation label control
- **ssLbISB.** Small bold label control
- **ssLbISBI.** Small bold italic label control
- **ssLbISectionHead.** Section heading label control

The label control displays fixed text strings that you set at design time. To change the text of an individual control, you modify the text property in the component editor window or you modify the control directly by single-clicking the control twice.

The advantage of using multiple types of label controls is that it increases maintainability within the entire report library. For example, to change a font in all the text controls, you simply modify the font.FaceName property in the ssTxt control. To change all the row headings within the reports, you change the desired property in the ssLbIHead control.

The controls in the sscustom library have intentionally been made generic and simple. The small bold label control (ssLbIB) can be any font size, although the standard reports use a small font size of 8 points.

### Frame Controls

The following frame components are available:

- **ssFrmRecordSeparator.** Landscape frame that contains a line
- **ssFrmBlueBack.** Landscape frame with blue background
- **ssFrmBlueBackP.** Portrait frame with blue background
- **ssFrmGrayBack.** Landscape frame with gray background
- **ssFrmGrayBackP.** Portrait frame with gray background

All the ssFrm controls inherit from the baseFrm class. Any text control that is using the CanGrow function (CanGrow = TRUE) requires that its container frame be of type baseFrm or a type derived from baseFrm. If the container frame is not of type baseFrm, a run-time error will occur.

Use a portrait mode frame if the report is designed for portrait orientation.

### PageList and Child Components

The page controls are perhaps the most complicated feature in the Siebel report libraries. By default, Siebel reports use the ssPageList control. The pageList control is a container control that holds the list of all the pages. As each page is instantiated, it is added to the list as a persistent object.

The pageList component can add pages in landscape mode, portrait mode, or any custom page layout desired. Siebel reports ship with two basic page styles, the landscape style (ssPage) and the portrait style (ssPagePortrait). Landscape is the default page style.

#### **To switch from landscape style to portrait style**

- 1 Click the ssPage component, under the ssPageList component, and click Delete.

This will drop the ssPage component and leave the slot blank.

- 2 Drag the `ssPagePortrait` component from the library and drop it onto the `ssPageList` component.

The report will now use a portrait-style page. Make sure that the frames used in the report have portrait dimensions.

To create a different page layout, you subclass from the `basePage` component. To create a new page from scratch that does not use any of the existing controls, you subclass directly from the `AcSimplePageList` control.

All the portrait style controls are inherited from the landscape controls. To modify the existing page layout, change the `ssPage` layout, then determine whether changes to the `ssPagePortrait` component are required.

All other controls on the `ssPage` and `ssPagePortrait` components descend directly from the sssiebel library components. Inheritance of page control components is as follows:

- `basePageList > ssPageList`
- `basePage > ssPage > ssPagePortrait`
- `baseFlow > ssFlow > ssFlow1 > ssFlowP`
- `baseReportHeaderBar > ssReportHeaderBar > ssTitleBarP`
- `basePrintBy > ssPrintBy > ssPrintByP`
- `baseDateDisplay > ssDateDisplay > ssDateDisplayP`
- `basePageNoDisplay > ssPageNoDisplay > ssPageNoDisplay`
- `baseRptCreateBy > ssRptCreateBy > ssRptCreateByP`
- `baseReportTitle > ssReportTitle > ssReportTitleP`
- `baseLblSiebel > ssLblSiebel > ssLblSiebelP`

### Miscellaneous Controls

All of the following controls have been placed in the *sscustom* library to allow future enhancements. These controls are not currently used in the standard reports:

- **ssCur.** Currency control.
- **ssCurB.** Bold currency.
- **ssFloat.** Float control.
- **ssInt.** Integer control.
- **ssSubPage.** Subpage.
- **ssImageControl.** Image control with no changes, placed for future support. The Image control is used to display bitmap images on the screen.
- **ssSummaryGraph.** Graph control with enhanced Y-label support. The Graph control used in Siebel applications has been modified to allow increased control of the Y-labels.

### Line Controls

The line controls are straightforward. Some property-level changes give the controls varying behavior or appearance.

- **LineControlIP.** Line control with portrait width
- **DbLine.** Double-line control



## Section Components

The conditional and parallel sections have special roles:

- **ssConditionalSection.** Conditional section. The conditional section control allows the selection of one of two frames based on a run-time condition. This function is displayed in the Quote Configuration report.
- **ssParallelSection.** Parallel section. In general, frames are placed on the page sequentially. Parallel sections allow multiple frames to be filled on a page at the same time (that is, in parallel). See the Actuate product documentation for further information on the use of parallel sections.

The group, sequential, and report section controls inherit all their properties and methods directly from their superclasses in the sssiebel library without modification.

- **ssGrp.** Group section
- **ssSeq.** Sequential section
- **ssRpt.** Report section

## sssiebel Library

All the commonly used components in the Actuate Foundation Class (AFC) library have been extended into the sssiebel library, shown in [Figure 2](#). This section provides a list of the components in the sssiebel library and explains how they have been modified.

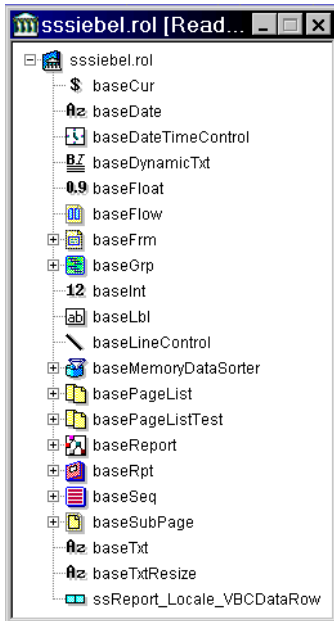


Figure 2. The sssiebel Library

## baseCur

<b>Superclass</b>	AcCurrencyControl		
<b>Properties</b>	Font.FaceName	Arial	
	Font.Size	10	
<b>Methods</b>	None		
<b>Variables</b>	None		
<b>Notes</b>	Not used in existing standard reports but included in the library for completeness and possible future use. Components derived from baseTxt are used to display currency fields as described in <a href="#">“sscustom Library” on page 397</a> .		

## baseDate

<b>Superclass</b>	baseTxt		
<b>Properties</b>	None		
<b>Methods</b>	OnRow		
<b>Variables</b>	None		
<b>Notes</b>	Parses the standard date string in ‘MM/DD/YY HH:MM:SS’ into a serial date data type. It then formats the date as a string according to the current locale setting. If the string is blank, the width becomes zero.		

## baseDateDisplay

<b>Superclass</b>	baseTxt		
<b>Properties</b>	LabelPrefix	“Date “	
	ValueExp	Format(Now()),	
		“Short Date”	
<b>Methods</b>	Finish		
<b>Variables</b>	LabelPrefix	Property	String
	LabelSuffix	Property	String

**Notes** Shows the report run date. The Short Date format is used as specified by the locale setting. `baseDateDisplay` concatenates the values in the `LabelPrefix` string and the `labelSuffix` string:  
`LabelPrefix & Format(Now(), "Short Date") & LabelSuffix`

## baseFlow

**Superclass** AcTopDownFlow  
**Properties** Position, Size  
**Methods** AddHeader  
**Variables** None  
**Notes** The AddHeader method is modified to work with the CanGrow functionality.

## baseFlow1

**Superclass** baseFlow  
**Properties** None  
**Methods** None  
**Variables** None  
**Notes** The flow represents the area on each page in which the information from the data rows is displayed. `baseFlow1` has been subclassed for future flexibility.

## baseFrm

<b>Superclass</b>	AcFrame		
<b>Properties</b>	Size AlternateColor AlternateLines		
<b>Methods</b>	AdjustAssociatedControl AdjustControlPositions AdjustSize BindToFlow GrowFrame Start		
<b>Variables</b>	AlternateColor AlternateLines MostRecentContainer MostRecentFlow OriginalSize RowNumber SomethingGrew	Property Property Public Public Public Public Public	AcColor Integer AcReportComponent AcFlow AcSize Integer Boolean
<b>Notes</b>	baseFrm has been modified to support CanGrow functions; no user-level adjustments should be made to the CanGrow function.  baseFrm no longer supports alternate line colors as of the Siebel 7 release.		

## baseGrp

<b>Superclass</b>	AcTopDownFlow
<b>Properties</b>	Page.ShowHeaderOnFirst True
<b>Methods</b>	StartFlow StartGroup
<b>Variables</b>	None
<b>Notes</b>	baseGrp has been modified to make it compatible with the CanGrow functionality.

### baseInt

<b>Superclass</b>	AcIntegerControl
<b>Properties</b>	Font.FaceName          Arial Font.Size                  10
<b>Methods</b>	None
<b>Variables</b>	None
<b>Notes</b>	Not used in existing standard reports.

### baseLbl

<b>Superclass</b>	AcLabelControl
<b>Properties</b>	Font.Size                  10
<b>Methods</b>	None
<b>Variables</b>	None

### baseLblSiebel

<b>Superclass</b>	AcImageControl
<b>Properties</b>	FileName                  "...\\lib\\ssLogo.bmp"
<b>Methods</b>	None
<b>Variables</b>	None
<b>Notes</b>	Displays the Siebel corporate logo. Change FileName to place a different corporate logo on the report.

### baseLineControlr

<b>Superclass</b>	AcLineControl
<b>Properties</b>	Position EndPosition

<b>Methods</b>	Start
<b>Variables</b>	None

## basePage

<b>Superclass</b>	AcPage
<b>Properties</b>	Size.Height 8.27
<b>Methods</b>	None
<b>Variables</b>	None
<b>Notes</b>	<p>Determines the report's page dimensions. Landscape mode is the default. Portrait mode is available in the sscustom Library.</p> <p>The basePage uses the least common denominators between A4 and 8.5x11 so that the reports will display on a page of either size, as shown below:</p>

	8.5 x 11	A4	Siebel Actuate Reports
<b>Height</b>	8.5	8.27	8.72
<b>Width</b>	11	11.69	11

If the reports will be printing on predominantly A4-size pages, you can modify the Position variable in the sscustom library to center the information on the page.

## basePageList

<b>Superclass</b>	AcSimplePageList										
<b>Properties</b>	<table> <tr> <td>LabelMidString</td> <td>“of “</td> </tr> <tr> <td>LabelPrefix</td> <td>“Page “</td> </tr> <tr> <td>PageStyle</td> <td>basePage</td> </tr> <tr> <td>PageXofX</td> <td>True</td> </tr> <tr> <td>cstr_PageNoObject</td> <td>ssPageNoDisplay</td> </tr> </table>	LabelMidString	“of “	LabelPrefix	“Page “	PageStyle	basePage	PageXofX	True	cstr_PageNoObject	ssPageNoDisplay
LabelMidString	“of “										
LabelPrefix	“Page “										
PageStyle	basePage										
PageXofX	True										
cstr_PageNoObject	ssPageNoDisplay										

<b>Methods</b>	AddFrameToFlow Finish SetPageXofX Start		
<b>Variables</b>	cstr_PageNoObject LabelMidString LabelPrefix LabelSuffix PageXofX	Property Property Property Property Property	String String String String Boolean
<b>Notes</b>	The key feature of the basePageList component is the PageXofX property. If PageXofX is TRUE, the component specified in cstr_PageNoObject displays the following string:  LabelPrefix & curPageNum & LabelMidString & TotalPages & LabelSuffix  The default display reads as Page X of Y, where X is the current page number and Y is the total number of pages.		
	<hr/> <b>NOTE:</b> The cstr_PageNoObject variable is the name of the component that holds the page number. <hr/>		

## basePageNoDisplay

<b>Superclass</b>	baseTxt
<b>Properties</b>	None
<b>Methods</b>	None
<b>Variables</b>	None
<b>Notes</b>	basePageNoDisplay is a blank control that is filled in by the basePageList.PageXofX code.



## basePrintBy

<b>Superclass</b>	baseTxt		
<b>Properties</b>	LabelPrefix	“Printed By “	
<b>Methods</b>	Finish		
<b>Variables</b>	LabelPrefix	Property	String
	LabelSuffix	Property	String
<b>Notes</b>	basePrintBy uses a parameter passed by the Siebel client to show the user name of the person running the report. If the client fails to provide a user name for the report, the component displays the name of the user on the local operating system. As with the page number control, the basePrintBy control concatenates LabelPrefix, UserName, and LabelSuffix into one string, such as “LabelPrefix & UserName & LabelSuffix.”		

## baseReport

<b>Superclass</b>	AcReport		
<b>Properties</b>	Content	baseRpt	
	PageList	basePageList	
<b>Methods</b>	Start		
<b>Variable</b>	pubReportTitleg	Public Variable	String
	ssBusObjectName	Parameter	String
	ssOLEServer	Parameter	String
	ssReportName	Parameter	String
	ssReportTitle	Property	String
	ssSearchSpec	Parameter	String
	ssUserName	Parameter	String
	ssViewMode	Parameter	String

- Notes** The baseReport component is required for all Siebel reports. The Siebel client passes these parameters to the report when a report is initiated. The report will not run if parameters are not defined correctly.
- The ssReportTitle property allows the user to set the report name, independent of the report object definition in the repository. The report title is displayed in the header of the report and can be modified in the ssReport object for language customizations or company-specific name changes.
- The Start method moves the value in the ssReportTitle variable into the pubReportTitle variable so that it can be accessed from anywhere within the report.

### baseReportHeader

- Superclass** baseLbl
- Properties** None
- Methods** None
- Variables** None
- Notes** baseReportHeader is the solid black bar that appears at the top of every report.

### baseReportTitle

- Superclass** baseLbl
- Properties** None
- Methods** Finish
- Variables** None
- Notes** The baseReportTitle control looks up the name of the report specified in the ssReportTitle property of the ssReport (top object) and displays that information in the header of the report.

### baseRpt

- Superclass** AcReportSection

<b>Properties</b>	Page.ShowHeaderOnFirst	True
	Page.ShowFooterOnLast	True
<b>Methods</b>	BuildOnePass	
	StartFlow	
	StartGroup	
<b>Variables</b>	FirstRowFetched	Public Boolean
<b>Notes</b>	baseRpt has been modified to work with the CanGrow functionality in the text control.	

## baseRptCreateBy

<b>Superclass</b>	baseLbl	
<b>Properties</b>	Text	“Report Created by Siebel Software”
<b>Methods</b>	None	
<b>Variables</b>	None	
<b>Notes</b>	baseRptCreateBy is a label string that can be used to add any text message that is common to every report.	

## baseSeq

<b>Superclass</b>	AcSequentialSection	
<b>Properties</b>	TocAddComponent	True
	TocAddContents	True
<b>Methods</b>	None	
<b>Variables</b>	None	

## baseSubPage

<b>Superclass</b>	AcSubpage
<b>Properties</b>	None
<b>Methods</b>	None

**Variables**      None**baseTxt****Superclass**      AcTextControl      True

**Properties**

CanGrow	True
CharacterWrap	True
Font.FaceName	Arial
Font.Size	10
TextPlacement.MultiLine	True
TextPlacement.WordWrap	TextWordWrap

**Method**

- BuildFromRow
- GetFormattedText
- GetText
- GrowControl

**Variables**

AssociatedControl	Property	String
CanGrow	Property	Boolean
CharacterWrap	Property	Boolean
ControlAdjusted	Public	Boolean
OriginalSize	Public	AcSize

**Notes**      By default, every Siebel text control can grow so that all the text in the control is displayed. You can change this function by modifying the CanGrow and CharacterWrap properties.

When a control grows, it adjusts its container (frame) to fit the new control size. In addition, it adjusts any controls that are underneath it to make room for the adjusted control.

You can enter the name of a label control in the AssociatedControl property to specify a persistent association between label control and text control.

This appendix defines the `DataStream` function used when developing reports using Actuate. Also described are the three `datastream` methods used with Siebel standard reports. Sample code is included for each of the `datastream` methods. For more information, see *Developing Advanced e.Reports*, a part of the Actuate documentation set that is found on the *Siebel eBusiness Third-Party Bookshelf* under Actuate.

## DataStream Function

In Actuate, the term *datastream* refers to a collection of components that deliver data to the report. Because Siebel data access is accomplished through the Siebel Object Manager, queries are executed outside the Actuate environment. The role of the `datastream` is to create the Siebel Object Manager interface and deliver the formatted data row to the report design. Siebel Tools defines the variables required to execute the Siebel Object Manager automation; their values are determined by the requirements of the report design. The `datastream` variables, with their types and functions, are listed in [Table 2](#).

**Table 2. Siebel Datastream Variables**

Variable	Type	Function
SsAppServer	Integer	Created in the Start method of the <code>datastream</code> ; set to the active Siebel application server.
ssBO	Integer	Created in the Start method; holds the value of the active business component.
SsBusCompName	Integer	Holds the value of the master business component for the active view in the Siebel client.

## Essential DataStream Methods

Three essential datastream methods are used in Siebel standard reports:

- Start
- Fetch
- Delete

These are described in the sections that follow.

### Start Method

The Start method has two prominent roles. It creates the Siebel Object Manager interface objects required to populate the data row, and it makes sure that the required fields are active. The Start method is called only on the master datastream. If a subreport uses the same business object, the subreport (child) datastream uses the interface created by the parent (master) datastream. Similarly, since fields are activated in the Start method, the master datastream activates fields for all its children.

---

**NOTE:** The code is written such that the user's screen does not change while the report is being generated, even if a subreport uses a different business component.

---

The following code sample is from the Start method in the ssAccountQuery datastream component in the Aclist (Account List) report.

```
Function Start () As Boolean

    Dim bCurRowOnly As Boolean

    Dim bReExecute As Boolean

    Dim bUpdateLinks As Boolean

    Dim bStatus As Boolean

    Dim mainRowId As String
```

```
Dim busObjName As String
Dim SortSpecDyn As String
Dim searchSpec As String
Dim curViewMode As Integer

bCurRowOnly = False
baseReport::bCurRowOnly = bCurRowOnly
bReExecute = False
baseReport::bQueryExecuted = False
bUpdateLinks = False
errCode = 0
mainRowId = ""
busObjName = ""

bStatus = Super::Start ()
If (bStatus = False) Then
    Start = False
    Exit Function
End If

ssAppServer = ssReport::ssiSiebelServer

ssModelSetPositionId (ssAppServer, ssReport::ssPositionId)
```

```
        ssBO = ssModelGetBusObject (ssAppServer,
ssReport::ssBusObjectName)

        ssReport::ssActiveBusObject = ssBO

        ' SearchSpec is recieved depending on where it is originated
        SearchSpec = ""

        If (ssReport::ssSearchSpec <> "") And (errCode = 0) Then
searchSpec = ssReport::ssSearchSpec

        ' SortSpec is recieved depending on where it is originated
        SortSpecDyn = "Name"

        If (ssReport::ssSortSpec <> "") And (errCode = 0) Then
SortSpecDyn = ssReport::ssSortSpec

        If (errCode = 0) Then ssAccount = ssBusObjGetBusComp (ssBO,
"Account")

        If (errCode = 0) Then ssBusCompSuppressNotification (ssAccount)

        If (errCode = 0) And (ssType = 2) Then ssBusCompDeactivateFields
(ssAccount)

        If (errCode = 0) Then curViewMode = ssBusCompGetViewMode
(ssAccount)

        ' If the main report BusComp has a search or sort spec,
        ' or uses a field that isn't already active, its query
        ' must be re-executed.

        If (ssType = 2) Then bReExecute = True

        If (Not bReExecute) Then bReExecute = (searchSpec <> "") Or
(SortSpecDyn <> "")
```



```
If (errCode = 0) And (Not bReExecute) Then bReExecute =
(ssBusCompInvokeMethod (ssAccount, "IsExecuted", "") = "N")

If (errCode = 0) And (Not bReExecute) Then bReExecute =
(ssBusCompInvokeMethod (ssAccount, "IsFieldActive", "Account
Status") = "N")

If (errCode = 0) And (Not bReExecute) Then bReExecute =
(ssBusCompInvokeMethod (ssAccount, "IsFieldActive", "City") = "N")

If (errCode = 0) And (Not bReExecute) Then bReExecute =
(ssBusCompInvokeMethod (ssAccount, "IsFieldActive", "Competitor") =
"N")

If (errCode = 0) And (Not bReExecute) Then bReExecute =
(ssBusCompInvokeMethod (ssAccount, "IsFieldActive", "Country") =
"N")

If (errCode = 0) And (Not bReExecute) Then bReExecute =
(ssBusCompInvokeMethod (ssAccount, "IsFieldActive", "Description")
= "N")

If (errCode = 0) And (Not bReExecute) Then bReExecute =
(ssBusCompInvokeMethod (ssAccount, "IsFieldActive", "Industry") =
"N")

If (errCode = 0) And (Not bReExecute) Then bReExecute =
(ssBusCompInvokeMethod (ssAccount, "IsFieldActive", "Location") =
"N")

If (errCode = 0) And (Not bReExecute) Then bReExecute =
(ssBusCompInvokeMethod (ssAccount, "IsFieldActive", "Main Fax
Number") = "N")

If (errCode = 0) And (Not bReExecute) Then bReExecute =
(ssBusCompInvokeMethod (ssAccount, "IsFieldActive", "Main Phone
Number") = "N")

If (errCode = 0) And (Not bReExecute) Then bReExecute =
(ssBusCompInvokeMethod (ssAccount, "IsFieldActive", "Name") = "N")

If (errCode = 0) And (Not bReExecute) Then bReExecute =
(ssBusCompInvokeMethod (ssAccount, "IsFieldActive", "Parent Account
Name") = "N")

If (errCode = 0) And (Not bReExecute) Then bReExecute =
(ssBusCompInvokeMethod (ssAccount, "IsFieldActive", "Postal Code")
= "N")
```

```
    If (errCode = 0) And (Not bReExecute) Then bReExecute =
(ssBusCompInvokeMethod (ssAccount, "IsFieldActive", "State") = "N")

    If (errCode = 0) And (Not bReExecute) Then bReExecute =
(ssBusCompInvokeMethod (ssAccount, "IsFieldActive", "Street
Address") = "N")

    If (errCode = 0) And (Not bReExecute) Then bReExecute =
(ssBusCompInvokeMethod (ssAccount, "IsFieldActive", "Synonym") =
"N")

    If (errCode = 0) And (Not bReExecute) Then bReExecute =
(ssBusCompInvokeMethod (ssAccount, "IsFieldActive", "Type") = "N")

    ' Last check if business component needs to be re-executed

    If (errCode = 0) And (Not bReExecute) Then bReExecute =
(ssBusCompInvokeMethod (ssAccount, "ReExecuteReport", "") = "Y")

    ' Cache the current row-id so it can be re-queried

If (bCurRowOnly) Then mainRowId = ssReport::ssActiveRowId

If (errCode = 0) And (ssType = 1) And (bReExecute) Then

    ' To re-execute a current-row-only report, the active
    ' BusComp need not be disturbed. Another BusObj can
    ' be constructed just for this query.
    ' This is NOT applicable for server based report generation.

If (bCurRowOnly) And (ssReport::ssBusObjectName = "") Then

    baseReport::bQueryExecuted = True

    If Not ( ssAccount = 0 ) Then ssBusCompAllowNotification
(ssAccount)

    If (errCode = 0) Then busObjName = ssBusObjGetName (ssBO)

    If (errCode = 0) Then ssBO = ssModelGetBusObject (ssAppServer,
busObjName)

    If (errCode = 0) Then ssAccount = ssBusObjGetBusComp (ssBO,
"Account")
```

```
        If (errCode = 0) Then ssBusCompSetViewMode (ssAccount,
curViewMode)

        If (errCode = 0) Then ssBusCompSuppressNotification
(ssAccount)

        End If

    End If

    ' Now actually setup the main report BusComp

    If (errCode = 0) Then ssBusCompActivateField (ssAccount, "Account
Status")

        If (errCode = 0) Then ssBusCompActivateField (ssAccount, "City")

            If (errCode = 0) Then ssBusCompActivateField (ssAccount,
"Competitor")

                If (errCode = 0) Then ssBusCompActivateField (ssAccount,
"Country")

                    If (errCode = 0) Then ssBusCompActivateField (ssAccount,
"Description")

                        If (errCode = 0) Then ssBusCompActivateField (ssAccount,
"Industry")

                            If (errCode = 0) Then ssBusCompActivateField (ssAccount,
"Location")

                                If (errCode = 0) Then ssBusCompActivateField (ssAccount, "Main
Fax Number")

                                    If (errCode = 0) Then ssBusCompActivateField (ssAccount, "Main
Phone Number")

                                        If (errCode = 0) Then ssBusCompActivateField (ssAccount, "Name")

                                            If (errCode = 0) Then ssBusCompActivateField (ssAccount, "Parent
Account Name")

                                                If (errCode = 0) Then ssBusCompActivateField (ssAccount, "Postal
Code")

                                                    If (errCode = 0) Then ssBusCompActivateField (ssAccount, "State")
```

```
    If (errCode = 0) Then ssBusCompActivateField (ssAccount, "Street  
Address")
```

```
    If (errCode = 0) Then ssBusCompActivateField (ssAccount,  
"Synonym")
```

```
    If (errCode = 0) Then ssBusCompActivateField (ssAccount, "Type")
```

```
    If (errCode = 0) Then ssBusCompInvokeMethod (ssAccount,  
"SetIgnoreMaxCursorSize", "Y")
```

```
    If (errCode = 0) And (ssType = 2) And (bCurRowOnly = FALSE) Then
```

```
        If (baseReport::bSetForward) Then
```

```
            ssBusCompInvokeMethod(ssAccount, "GotoBookmarkT",  
ssReport::ssBookmark)
```

```
        Else
```

```
            ssBusCompInvokeMethod(ssAccount, "GotoBookmarkF",  
ssReport::ssBookmark)
```

```
        End If
```

```
    End If
```

```
    If (errCode = 0) And (searchSpec <> "") And ((Not bCurRowOnly) Or  
(ssReport::ssBusObjectName <> "")) Then
```

```
        ssBusCompSetSearchExpr (ssAccount, searchSpec)
```

```
    End If
```

```
    If (errCode = 0) And (SortSpecDyn <> "") Then
```

```
        ssBusCompSetSortSpec (ssAccount, SortSpecDyn)
```

```
    End If
```

```
    If (errCode = 0) And (ssReport::ssBusObjectName <> "") And
(ssReport::ssViewMode <> "") Then ssBusCompSetViewMode (ssAccount,
CInt (ssReport::ssViewMode))

    ' Re-execute business components as necessary
    If (errCode = 0) Then
        If (bReExecute) Then
            If (bCurRowOnly) And (mainRowId <> "") Then
                ssBusCompSetSearchExpr (ssAccount, "Id = "" + mainRowId + """)
                If (errCode = 0) Then ssBusCompExecuteQuery2 (ssAccount,
                baseReport::bSetForward, True)
            Elseif (bUpdateLinks) Then
                ssBusCompInvokeMethod (ssAccount, "UpdateLinks", "")
            End If
        End If

    ' Process errors and return
    If (errCode = 0) Then
        bStatus = True
    Else
        bStatus = False
        ssProcessLastError(ssAppServer, "", "")
    End If

    Start = bStatus
End Function
```

At this point, the Siebel business component, in this case Account, has been exposed to Actuate, and the Siebel Object Manager interface has been called. The fields for the business object identified by the Siebel client's active view have been activated and are available to the data row object.

## Fetch Method

The Fetch method performs three functions:

- 1** Positions the Siebel Object Manager interface to a single row in the business object.
- 2** Creates a blank instance of the data row.
- 3** Populates the data row by calling methods on the business component Siebel Object Manager interface.

The following code sample is from the Fetch method in the `ssAccountQuery` datastream component in the Aclist (Account List) report.

```
Function Fetch () As AcDataRow

    Dim    bStatus      As Boolean

    Dim    bCurRowOnly As Boolean

    Dim    custDataRow  As ssAccountDataRow

    Dim    theBC        As Integer

    errCode = 0

    bStatus = False

    bCurRowOnly = False

    theBC = ssAccount

    If (bCurRowOnly = True) Then
```

```
    If (Position = 1) Then
        If (baseReport::bQueryExecuted = True) Then
            bStatus = ssBusCompFirstRecord (theBC)
        Else
            bStatus = True
        End If
    End If
Else
    If (Position = 1) Then
        bStatus = ssBusCompFirstRecord (theBC)
        If (errCode = 0) And (baseReport::bSetForward) Then
            ssBusCompInvokeMethod (theBC, "SetForwardOnly", "")
        Else
            bStatus = ssBusCompNextRecord (theBC)
        End If
    End If

    If (bStatus = True) And (errCode = 0) Then
        Set custDataRow = NewDataRow

        If (errCode = 0) Then custDataRow.ssAccount_Status =
            ssBusCompGetFieldValue (theBC, "Account Status")

        If (errCode = 0) Then custDataRow.ssCity =
            ssBusCompGetFieldValue (theBC, "City")

        If (errCode = 0) Then custDataRow.ssCompetitor =
            ssBusCompGetFieldValue (theBC, "Competitor")
    End If
End If
```

```
        If (errCode = 0) Then custDataRow.ssCountry =
ssBusCompGetFieldValue (theBC, "Country")

        If (errCode = 0) Then custDataRow.ssDescription =
ssBusCompGetFieldValue (theBC, "Description")

        If (errCode = 0) Then custDataRow.ssIndustry =
ssBusCompGetFieldValue (theBC, "Industry")

        If (errCode = 0) Then custDataRow.ssLocation =
ssBusCompGetFieldValue (theBC, "Location")

        If (errCode = 0) Then custDataRow.ssMain_Fax_Number =
ssBusCompGetFormattedFieldValue (theBC, "Main Fax Number")

        If (errCode = 0) Then custDataRow.ssMain_Phone_Number =
ssBusCompGetFormattedFieldValue (theBC, "Main Phone Number")

        If (errCode = 0) Then custDataRow.ssName =
ssBusCompGetFieldValue (theBC, "Name")

        If (errCode = 0) Then custDataRow.ssParent_Account_Name =
ssBusCompGetFieldValue (theBC, "Parent Account Name")

        If (errCode = 0) Then custDataRow.ssPostal_Code =
ssBusCompGetFieldValue (theBC, "Postal Code")

        If (errCode = 0) Then custDataRow.ssState =
ssBusCompGetFieldValue (theBC, "State")

        If (errCode = 0) Then custDataRow.ssStreet_Address =
ssBusCompGetFieldValue (theBC, "Street Address")

        If (errCode = 0) Then custDataRow.ssSynonym =
ssBusCompGetFieldValue (theBC, "Synonym")

        If (errCode = 0) Then custDataRow.ssType =
ssBusCompGetFieldValue (theBC, "Type")

' Now retrieve the system fields

        If (errCode = 0) Then custDataRow.ssId = ssBusCompGetFieldValue
(theBC, "Id")

        If (errCode = 0) Then custDataRow.ssCreated =
ssBusCompGetFieldValue (theBC, "Created")
```



```
        If (errCode = 0) Then custDataRow.ssCreated_Formatted =
ssBusCompGetFormattedFieldValue (theBC, "Created")

        If (errCode = 0) Then custDataRow.ssCreated_By =
ssBusCompGetFieldValue (theBC, "Created By")

        If (errCode = 0) Then custDataRow.ssUpdated =
ssBusCompGetFieldValue (theBC, "Updated")

        If (errCode = 0) Then custDataRow.ssUpdated_Formatted =
ssBusCompGetFormattedFieldValue (theBC, "Updated")

        If (errCode = 0) Then custDataRow.ssUpdated_By =
ssBusCompGetFieldValue (theBC, "Updated By")

        Set Fetch = custDataRow

        AddRow (Fetch)

    Else

        Set Fetch = Nothing

    End If

    If (errCode <> 0) Then

        ssProcessLastError(ssAppServer, "", "")

    End If

End Function
```

In this example, the value of `bStatus` defines the position of the first data row. While `bStatus` is true, `custDataRow` continues to pass rows until no values are returned. The `SetForwardOnly` method makes sure that all rows are processed and that duplicate rows are not passed.

---

**NOTE:** Because all data is returned as strings, two methods are called on the `GetFieldValue` business component Siebel Object Manager interface variable (for all data types) and on `GetFormattedFieldValue` (for date, currency, and other data types that require formatting).

---

`GetFieldValue` and `GetFormattedFieldValue` are described in [Table 3](#).

**Table 3. GetFieldValue and GetFormattedFieldValue**

Method	Comments
<code>GetFieldValue</code>	Gets the raw data value. Dates are always mm/dd/yy hh:mm:ss. Numbers and currency are always strings. Can be used to sum numeric values.
<code>GetFormattedFieldValue</code>	Uses the format specified in the Siebel client. Called by default for each currency field (“\$1,234.34”). Called by default for any date field (“01/12/31”). Numeric values cannot be summed.

---

**NOTE:** These calls to the two methods are no longer done directly. Instead, these are called as `ssBusCompGetFieldValue` and `ssBusCompGetFormattedFieldValue`. These methods are implemented in `ssSiebel.bas` and call the above mentioned methods.

---

## Delete Method

The Delete method destroys the datastream object and frees system resources. In the example below, custom code has been added before the Delete method on the superclass is called. Note that ssAccount has handled the deletion duties for its child datastreams and has handed the calls back to the server (EnableNotify).

The following code sample is from the Delete method in the ssAccountQuery datastream component in the Aclist (Account List) report.

```
Sub Delete ()

    ssRestoreActiveRow (ssAccount)

    If Not (ssAccount = 0) Then ssBusCompInvokeMethod (ssAccount,
"SetIgnoreMaxCursorSize", "N")

    If Not (ssAccount = 0) Then ssBusCompAllowNotification (ssAccount)

    ssAccount = 0

    Super::Delete ()

End Sub
```

Reports frequently have multiple report sections nested within one another to display detail, summary, or related data. Each report section requires a separate datastream component, and it is desirable that the datastreams be nested as well. This allows the master datastream to perform Start and Delete tasks for the child, enhancing efficiency.

The roles of the master datastream are:

- To create the Siebel Object Manager interface handling calls to the server
- To activate all fields for itself and its children
- To decide whether a query needs to be executed again in order to accommodate a sort specification

- To delete itself and all its children

The roles of the child datastream are:

- To fetch DataRows
- To format the fields as required
- To perform sort specifications

---

**NOTE:** Master datastreams do not have numbers appended to their names.

---

# Smart Reports List of Values

# C

This appendix summarizes the List Of Values used in Smart Reports and indicates how they are currently used in the graphical elements. For more information see, [Chapter 15, “Smart Reports.”](#)

## List of Values

The following tables list the List Of Values used by certain Smart Reports.

### Opportunity Detail Report

[Table 4](#) lists the List Of Values used with the Opportunity Detail report.

**Table 4. Opportunity Detail Report List Of Values**

Graphical Element	List of Values Used	Thermometer Variable	Calculation Point	Comment
Buying Influencers Thermometer	NA	Trigger Value	ssList_Of_ValuesQuery3	The weighted average score is calculated based on LOV types CONTACT_ROLE, TAS_POLITICAL_ANALYSIS, and TAS_ORG_STATUS.
	NA	Max Value		
	NA	Min Value		
	NA	Data Value		
Probability Thermometer	Order_By	Trigger Value	Content - Probability Thermometer (under Content - frmProbability)	The probability of the opportunity in Rep_field of the opportunity displayed.
	Target_High	Max Value		
	Target_Low	Min Value		
	Rep_	Data Value		
Deal Size Thermometer	Order_By	Trigger Value	Content - Deal Size Thermometer (under rptDealSizeThermometer)	The LOV values associated with Functional Revenue field are used.
	Target_High	Max Value		
	Target_Low	Min Value		
	Functional_Revenue	Data Value		

### Account Service Detail Report

Table 5 lists the List Of Values used with the Account Service Detail report.

**Table 5. Account Service Detail Report List of Values**

Graphical Element	List Of Values Used	Thermometer Variable	Calculation Point	Comment
Revenue Thermometer	Order_By Target_High Target_Low totalRevenue	Trigger Value Max Value Min Value Data Value	dsRevenueLOV dsRevenueLOV dsRevenueLOV sifAllOpportunities	Total Revenue for the account relative to the average of across all accounts is shown.
Open Service Request Thermometer	avgOpenSRs 0 countOpenSRs	Trigger Value Max Value Min Value Data Value	dsTargetOpenSrsLOV Local Local sifAllServiceRequests	The count of the open service requests for this account relative to the average across all accounts is shown.
Customer Satisfaction Thermometer	Order_By Target_High Target_Low NA	Trigger Value Max Value Min Value Data Value	ssList_Of_ValuesQuery1 ssList_Of_ValuesQuery1 ssList_Of_ValuesQuery1 Local	The ratio of total customer satisfaction score to the total number of surveys shown.

## Account Summary Report

Table 6 lists the List Of Values used with the Account Summary report.

**Table 6. Account Summary Report List of Values**

Graphical Element	List Of Values Used	Thermometer Variable	Calculation Point	Comment
Past Revenue Thermometer	Order_By Target_High Target_Low totalRevenue	Trigger Value Max Value Min Value Data Value	qryPastRevenueListOfValues qryPastRevenueListOfValues qryPastRevenueListOfValues qryPastRevenue	Sum of revenues for the opportunities associated with an account is displayed.
Pipeline Thermometer	Order_By Target_High Target_Low Pipeline Revenue	Trigger Value Max Value Min Value Data Value	qryPipelineListOfValues  ftrPipelineThermometer	Pipeline revenue for all opportunities associated with an account is displayed.
Customer Satisfaction Thermometer	Order_By Target_High Target_Low NA	Trigger Value Max Value Min Value Data Value	qryCustomerSatisfactionList_Of_Values (all)	The ratio of total customer satisfaction score to the total number of surveys is shown.

## Pipeline Analysis Report

Table 7 lists the List Of Values used with the Pipeline Analysis report.

**Table 7. Pipeline Analysis Report List Of Values**

Graphical Element	List Of Values Used	Thermometer Variable	Calculation Point	Comment
Revenue versus All Current Quotas Thermometer	totalQuota (Calculated) (Calculated) 0 ExpectedRevenueNext4Q	Trigger Value Acceptable Range Max Value Min Value Data Value	sifQuota dsTargetQuotaRange Local Local frmDashboard	Sum of revenues for the next four quarters is displayed. Also displayed is a dashed line below the trigger that indicates a revenue level that is acceptable, but below the target.

## Smart Reports List of Values

---

*List of Values*



# List of Selected Reports

# D

The reports, with navigational paths, included in this list are those available across various modules in Siebel 7.x. Some of these reports may be removed and new reports added in later versions of the Siebel application. Also, the functionality of the reports listed may be modified in future releases.

Template Name refers to the report design file name in ...\\Tools\\rptsrc\\enu\\standard. Parameterized reports are clearly marked.

---

**NOTE:** An asterisk (\*) represents those reports that were redesigned in Siebel 7.5. Two asterisks (\*\*) represent reports new in Siebel 7.5.

---

[Table 8](#) contains a listing of reports in the Siebel eBusiness Application that can be modified using Actuate.

**Table 8. Listing of Reports in Siebel eBusiness Application**

Report Name	Template Name	Menu Text	Description	Parameter Report	Navigation Path
Accounts - Current Query	ACLIST	Account List	Lists all the accounts		Accounts > My Accounts
Account Summary	ACSUM	Smart Report Account Summary	Smart Report - Describes all details about the account graphically		Accounts > My Accounts

**Table 8. Listing of Reports in Siebel eBusiness Application**

Report Name	Template Name	Menu Text	Description	Parameter Report	Navigation Path
Account Service Detail	ACSVCDDET	Smart Report Account Service Detail	Smart Report - Summarizes all the service-related info. about the account graphically		Accounts > My Accounts
Account Service Profile	ACSVCPRO	Account Service Profile	Report list all the accounts' service profiles		Accounts > My Accounts
Activity - Current Query	ACTLIST	Activity List	Lists all the activities		Activity > My Activities
Admin Competitors List - Current Query	ADCOMP	Admin Competitor List	Marketing administration competitors list		Data Administration > Competitor
Admin Decision Issues - Current Query	ADDECIS	Admin Decision Issue List	Marketing administration decision issues list		Data Administration > Decision Issues
Admin Client - Current Query	ADLIST	Mobile Client List	Siebel Remote Admin Mobile Client List		Siebel Remote Administration > Replication Servers
Admin Literature - Current Query	ADLIT	Admin Literature List	Marketing administration literature list		Document Administration > Literature
Admin Products - Current Query	ADPROD	Admin Product List	Marketing administration product list		Product Administration
Admin Product Line - Current Query	ADPRODLI	Admin Product Line List	Marketing administration product line list		Application Administration > Product Lines

**Table 8. Listing of Reports in Siebel eBusiness Application**

Report Name	Template Name	Menu Text	Description	Parameter Report	Navigation Path
Admin Sales Cycle - Current Query	ADSLSCYC	Admin Sales Cycle List	Siebel Assistant Admin Sales Cycle List		Application Administration > Sales Methods
Agreement Detail	AGDET	Current Agreement Detail	List of all agreements with details		Agreements
Agreement Summary	AGSUM	Agreement Summary	List of summaries of all agreements		Agreements > My Agreements
Agent Performance Detail	AGTPERDET	Employee Performance Detail	List all Open Service Requests, group by Employee Login, with one "Severity" pie chart per login		Service > My Team's Service Request
Agent Roles and Responsibilities	AGTROLRES	Employee Roles and Responsibilities	List of Employees, with their Skills and Skill Items		User Admin > Employees
ePricer - Account Specific Price Book	APRICEBOOK	Account Specific Price Book	Lists all quotes and their accounts		Quotes
Assignment Manger Detail	ASMANDET	Assignment Manager Detail	Assignment Manager Detail Report		Assignment Administration > Assignment Rules
DCommerce: Customer List Report	AUCCUSLST	Customer List Report	Displays list of customers	Yes	eSales > eAuction home page > Select Reports Link from Lister Area

**Table 8. Listing of Reports in Siebel eBusiness Application**

Report Name	Template Name	Menu Text	Description	Parameter Report	Navigation Path
DCommerce: Auction Detail Report	AUCDET	Auction Detail Report	Displays all details about Auction	Yes	eSales > eAuction home page > Select Reports Link from Lister Area
DCommerce: Auction/RFQ Overview Report	AUCRFQSUM	Auction/RFQ Overview Report	Displays RFQ overview data	Yes	eSales > eAuction home page > Select Reports Link from Lister Area
DCommerce: Runner's up Report	AUCRUNUP	Runner's up Report	Displays list of losers	Yes	eSales > eAuction home page > Select Reports Link from Lister Area
DCommerce: Winners Report	AUCWIN	Winners Report	Displays list of winners	Yes	eSales > eAuction home page > Select Reports Link from Lister Area
FS Below Minimum Inventory Quantity Per Location	BELOWMIN	Products Below Minimum Level By Location	Products (inventory quality) below minimum level by location		Inventory
DCommerce: Bid List By Customer	BIDLSTCUST	Bid List By Customer	Displays bids for a Customer	Yes	eSales > eAuction home page > Select Reports Link from Lister Area

**Table 8. Listing of Reports in Siebel eBusiness Application**

Report Name	Template Name	Menu Text	Description	Parameter Report	Navigation Path
DCommerce: Bid List By Auction	BIDLSTLOT	Bid List By Auction	Displays bids for an Auction	Yes	eSales > eAuction home page > Select Reports Link from Lister Area
Business Service Detail (Client)	BUSSVCDETC	Business Service Detail	List of all business services with details		Business Service Administration
Business Service Summary (Client)	BUSSVCSUMC	Business Service Summary	List of summaries of all business services		Business Service Administration
Campaign - Current Query	CAMPLIST	Campaign List	List of all campaigns		Campaigns > My Campaigns
Campaign Response Detail	CAMPRESPDET	Campaign Response Detail	List of all responses with details		Response > My Responses
Campaign Response Summary	CAMPRESPSUM	Campaign Response Summary	Summarizes all responses (sort by campaigns)		Response > My Responses
Campaign Summary	CAMPSUM	Campaign Summary	Summary of all campaigns		Campaigns
eChannel - CHAMP Partner Plan	CHAMPPLAN	CHAMP Partner Plan	Displays plan data for current partner		Partners
Calendar - Daily*	CLDAY	Current Day	Lists all activities for current day		Calendar
Calendar - Monthly*	CLMON	Current Month	Lists all activities for current month		Calendar

**Table 8. Listing of Reports in Siebel eBusiness Application**

Report Name	Template Name	Menu Text	Description	Parameter Report	Navigation Path
Calendar - Weekly*	CLWEEK	Current Week	Lists all activities for current week		Calendar
Contacts By Category	CNTCAT	Contacts By Category	Lists all contacts by category	Yes	Contacts
Contacts - Current Query	CNTLIST	Contact List	List of all contacts		Contacts
Contact - Current Query (Personal)	CNTLISTPER	Contact List	List of all personal contacts		Contacts > Personal Contacts
Contacts - By Opportunity	CNTOPP	By Opportunity	List of all contacts (sort by opportunities)		Contacts
Contacts - Alphabetic Phone List	CNTPHON	Alphabetic Phone List	A phone list of all contacts in alphabetical order		Contacts
Contacts - Alphabetic Phone List (Personal)	CNTPHONPER	Alphabetic Phone List	A phone list of all personal contacts in alphabetical order		Contacts > Personal Contacts
eTraining - Curriculum Detail	COCURR	Curriculum Detail	Curriculum detail report		Training Administration > Curriculums
eTraining - Course List	COLIST	Course List Report	eTraining Course List Report		Training Administration > Course Lists
Competitors List - Current Query	COMPLIST	Competitor List	List of all competitors		Competitors

**Table 8. Listing of Reports in Siebel eBusiness Application**

Report Name	Template Name	Menu Text	Description	Parameter Report	Navigation Path
Compensation Statement	COMPSTAT	Compensation Statement	Compensation Statement		Compensation
eTraining - Course Registration	COREGIS	Course Registration Report	Course registrant report		Training Administration > Course Lists
eTraining - Curriculum Registrant	COREGNT	Curriculum Registrants	Curriculum registrant report		Training Administration > Curriculums
Correspondence - Current Query	CORESP	Correspondence Request List	Correspondence Request List		Correspondence
eTraining - Course Schedule	COSCHED	Course Schedule Report	Course schedule report		Training Administration > Course Lists
eTraining - Skills Test Detail	COSKEXAM	Skills Test Detail	Skills examination detail report		Training Administration > Test > Test Question
PS - Combined Time Expense Summary*	COTESUM	Combined Time and Expense Summary	List of expenses involved with all projects		Projects > All Projects
eTraining - Training Library List	COTRLIB	Training Library List	Training library report		Training Administration > Training Library
Call Center Volume	CSVOLUME	Call Center Volume	Generate spreadsheet and pie charts of both Inbound and Outbound communication channels		Communication Administration > Report

**Table 8. Listing of Reports in Siebel eBusiness Application**

Report Name	Template Name	Menu Text	Description	Parameter Report	Navigation Path
Call Center Volume (Inbound)	CSVOLUMEIN	Call Center Volume (Inbound)	Generate spreadsheet and pie charts of Inbound communication channels		Communication Administration > Report
Call Center Volume (Outbound)	CSVOLUMEOUT	Call Center Volume (Outbound)	Generate spreadsheet and pie charts of Outbound communication channels		Communication Administration > Report
Current Account Service Profile	CUACCSVC	Current Account Service Profile	List of service for current account		Accounts > My Accounts
Current Siebel Remote Session	CUDOCSES	Current Siebel Remote Session	Displays the status of current remote session		User Preferences > Remote Status
FS - Customer Invoice	CUSTINV	Customer Invoice	Reports customer invoices		Invoices
FS Cycle Count Detail	CYCCOUNTDETAIL	Cycle Count Detail	Reports all product cycle counts with details		Cycle Counts
Decision Issues - Current Query	DESISS	Decision Issue List	List of all decision issues		Decision Issues > All Decision Issues
EC Expense Report	ECEXPREP	Euro Expense Report	Euro Expense Report		Expense Reports > My Expense Reports



**Table 8. Listing of Reports in Siebel eBusiness Application**

Report Name	Template Name	Menu Text	Description	Parameter Report	Navigation Path
Employee Achievement Report	EMPACH	Employee Achievement	Lists all quota achievements for the employees		Compensation > Quota Achievement
Employee List - Current Query	EMPLIST	Employee List	List of all employees		User Administration > Employees
PS - Employee Staffing Schedule	EMPSCHED	Employee Schedule	Displays data for each employee		User Administration > Employees > Employee Availability
PS - Employee Time Expense Summary*	EMPTESUM	Employee Time and Expense Summary	List of expenses involved with a project for the employee		Application Administration > Employees > Employee Availability
PS - Employee Utilization	EMPUTL	Employee Utilization	Lists workable hours versus Total hours and calculates utilization %		User Administration > Employees > Employee Availability
Release - Engineer Task Detail	ENGTASKDET	Engineer Task Detail Summary	Lists engineering tasks and details		Release > End Task
All Projects Overview**	ERMPROJOV	All Projects Overview	Reports an overview of all projects		Projects > All Projects
Workflow Log	ESCLOG	Workflow Log	Reports the Workflow Log for Workflow Administration		Siebel Workflow Administration > Workflow Policy Log

**Table 8. Listing of Reports in Siebel eBusiness Application**

<b>Report Name</b>	<b>Template Name</b>	<b>Menu Text</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Parameter Report</b>	<b>Navigation Path</b>
Workflow Policy	ESCPOL	Workflow Policy	Reports workflow policies for Workflow Administration		Siebel Workflow Administration > Workflow Policies
ESP Account Plan Overview Report	ESPCOV	Account Plan Overview	ESP page report. Shows Account/BU objectives in a page format		Account > ESP > Account Plan Overview
ESP Account Map Report*	ESPSS	ESP Account Map	ESP Account Map: Spreadsheet report. Shows crosstab BusUnits versus Offerings		Account > ESP > Account Plan Overview
Expense Summary Report - Accounts	ESRACC	Expense Summary By Account	Summarizes all expenses by accounts		Expense Reports > My Expense Reports
Expense Summary Report - Charge Number	ESRCHARGE	Expense Summary By Charge #	Summarizes all expenses by charge numbers		Expense Reports > My Expense Reports
Expense Summary Report - Opportunities	ESROPP	Expense Summary By Opportunity	Summarizes all expenses by opportunities		Expense Reports > My Expense Reports
Event Status Report	EVENTSTAT	Event Status	Displays event status		Events
Event Summary Report*	EVENTSUM	Event Summary	Summary of events		Events

**Table 8. Listing of Reports in Siebel eBusiness Application**

Report Name	Template Name	Menu Text	Description	Parameter Report	Navigation Path
Expense Report	EXPREP	Expense Report	Report of all expenses		Expense Reports > My Expense Reports
FS Field Engineer Detail	FEADET	Field Engineer Activity Detail	Reports detailed field engineer activities		Activities > All/My Activities
FS Field Engineer Activity Summary	FEASUM	Field Engineer Activity Summary	Summarizes field engineer activities		Activities > All/My Activities
Release - Feature Detail	FEATDET	Feature Detail Summary	Summary of feature details		Release > Feature
Forecast Analysis Detail	FODET	Forecast Analysis Detail	Forecast Revenue Spreadsheet detailed by products	Yes	Forecast > Forecast Detail
Forecast Analysis Summary	FOSUM	Forecast Analysis Summary	Forecast Revenue Spreadsheet aggregated	Yes	Forecast > Forecast Detail
eChannel - Fund Request Summary	FUNDREQSUM	Fund Request Summary	Lists all fund requests		Fund Request
IC - Compensation Groups	ICCGROUPS	Compensation Groups	Displays Incentive Compensation Groups		Incentive Compensation Admin > Compensation Groups

**Table 8. Listing of Reports in Siebel eBusiness Application**

<b>Report Name</b>	<b>Template Name</b>	<b>Menu Text</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Parameter Report</b>	<b>Navigation Path</b>
IC - Manager Summary	ICMSUM	Manager Compensation Summary	Displays compensation summary and revenue analysis for the team (direct reports)		Compensation > My Team's Compensation
IC - Employee Sales Compensation**	ICPERPLAN	Employee Personal Sales Compensation Plan	Communicates sales compensation plans to the sales representatives		Incentive Compensation Administration > Participant > Plan > Incentive Compensation Plan Participant Component View
IC - Participant Groups	ICPGROUPS	Participant Groups	Displays list of participating compensation groups for each participant		Incentive Compensation Admin > Plans
IC - Plan Definition	ICPLANDEF	Plan Definition	Displays compensation plan components		Incentive Compensation Admin > Plans
IC - Rep Summary	ICRSUM	Representative Order Summary	Displays revenue and order summary analysis for a Sales Representative		Compensation > All/My Compensation
Incentive Component Payout	INCOMPAY	Incentive Compensation Component	Compensation summary of the representative		Incentive Compensation Tracking > Plan Rule Payout

**Table 8. Listing of Reports in Siebel eBusiness Application**

Report Name	Template Name	Menu Text	Description	Parameter Report	Navigation Path
FS - Inventory Cost Detail	INCOSTDET	Inventory Cost Detail	Displays field service inventory cost detail		Inventory > My/All Inventory Location > Reports
Literature - Current Query	LITCUR	Literature List	List of all literatures		Literature
Literature Fulfillment	LITFUL	Literature Fulfillment	Reports all literature fulfillments		Fulfillment
eChannel - Marketing Funds Detail	MKTFUNDDDET	Market Development Funds Detail	List all funds		Fund design
Release - MRD Detail	MRDDET	MRD Detail Summary	Summary of MRD details		Release > MRD
Message List	MSGLIST	Message List	List of Messages		Messages
Opportunities - By Category	OPCAT	Opportunities By Category	List of Opportunities by category	Yes	Opportunities
Opportunity Detail	OPDET	Smart Report - Opportunity Detail	A detailed list of all opportunities		Opportunities
Opportunity List - Current Query	OPLIST	Opportunity List	Lists all opportunities		Opportunities

**Table 8. Listing of Reports in Siebel eBusiness Application**

<b>Report Name</b>	<b>Template Name</b>	<b>Menu Text</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Parameter Report</b>	<b>Navigation Path</b>
Opportunity Marketing Events Summary Reports**	OPMRKTSUM	Opportunity Marketing Events Summary	Number of opportunities that are generated/ accepted by each category of Marketing events and by region		Opportunities > My Opportunities
Opportunities - By Sales Rep	OPSLSREP	By Sales Rep	Lists all opportunities sorted by sales representatives		Opportunities
Opportunity Status Report**	OPSTATUS	Opportunity Status	Total number of opportunities created in the current calendar or fiscal quarter by status		Opportunities > My Opportunities
Opportunities - Summary	OPSUM	Opportunity Summary	Smart Report - Summarizes all opportunities graphically		Opportunities
Order Detail	ORDET	Order Detail (Barcode)	A detailed list of current order		Orders
Orders Detail	ORDETALL	All Orders Detail	A detailed list of all orders (barcoded)		Orders
Order Detail - No Barcode	ORDETNBC	Order Detail (No Barcode)	A detailed list of all orders (no barcode)		Orders
Orders Summary	ORSUMALL	All Orders Summary	Summarizes all orders		Orders

**Table 8. Listing of Reports in Siebel eBusiness Application**

Report Name	Template Name	Menu Text	Description	Parameter Report	Navigation Path
eChannel - Partner Operations	PARTOP	Partner Operations	Channel partner operations list		Partner Operations
eChannel - Partner Profile	PARTPRO	Current Partner Profile	List of all data for a current partner		Partners
Partner List	PARTRLIST	Partner List	List of partners		Partners
eChannel - Partner Report Card	PARTRPTCARD	Partner Report Card	Displays graphs based on objectives for current partner		Partners
FS Pick Ticket Details	PICKTICKET	Pick Ticket Details (Barcode)	Reports details of pick tickets barcoded (shipping)		Shipping
FS Pick Ticket Details - No Barcode	PICKTICKETN BC	Pick Ticket Details (No Barcode)	Reports details of pick tickets no barcoding (shipping)		Shipping
Pipeline Analysis	PIPEANA	Smart - Report Pipeline	Smart Report - Measures performance relative to all active quota plans graphically		Opportunities > My Team's Opportunities
Pipeline Report By Rep.	PIPEREP	Pipeline Report By Rep	Pipeline Report by Representative (Opportunities)		Opportunities

**Table 8. Listing of Reports in Siebel eBusiness Application**

<b>Report Name</b>	<b>Template Name</b>	<b>Menu Text</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Parameter Report</b>	<b>Navigation Path</b>
PS - Project Labor Burn Rate	PLBURNRATE	Labor Burn Rate	Lists all projects and calculates actual and forecasted burn rates for each project		Projects
ePricer - Price List based Price book generation	PLPRICEBOOK	Price List Based Price Book	Displays pricing information in a price list		Pricing Administration
Position List - Current Query Group	POSLSTCQ	Position List	List of positions (Application Administration)		Administration > Positions
Price List - Current Query	PRICELST	Price Lists	Price List		Pricing Administration > Price List
Pricing Factors - All	PRICERFACTA	Pricing Factors - All	List of all pricing factors		Pricing Administration > Pricing Manager > Pricing Factor Designer
Pricing Factors - Single	PRICERFACTS	Pricing Factors - Single	Current pricing factor		Pricing Administration > Pricing Manager > Pricing Factor Designer
Pricing Factors	PRICINGFACT	Pricing Models - All	List of all pricing models and their factors		Pricing Administration > Pricing Manager



**Table 8. Listing of Reports in Siebel eBusiness Application**

Report Name	Template Name	Menu Text	Description	Parameter Report	Navigation Path
Products - Current Query	PRODCQ	Product List	List of all products		Products
Product Defect Activity	PRODEFAC	Product Defect Activity	Product Defect Activity (Quality)		Quality > All Change Requests
Product Defect - Current Query	PRODEFQ	Product Defect Summary	Product Defect Summary		Quality > All Change Requests
Product List	PRODLIST	Product List	Lists all products (Service Inventory)		Products
FS Product List By Location	PRODLISTLOC	Product List By Location	Lists all products by location (Service Inventory)		Inventory
Project Status Report	PROJSTAT	Project Status	List of all projects and their status		Projects > My/ All Projects
PS - Project Limits	PROLMT	Project Limits	Lists all time expense limitation for the project		Projects
PS - Project Time and Expense SummarySummary	PRTESUM	Project Time and Expense	List of expenses involved with a project		Projects
Quota Summary	QUOSUM	Smart Report - Quota	Smart Report - Measures performance relative to all active quota plans graphically		Opportunities > My Team's Opportunities

**Table 8. Listing of Reports in Siebel eBusiness Application**

<b>Report Name</b>	<b>Template Name</b>	<b>Menu Text</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Parameter Report</b>	<b>Navigation Path</b>
Quote - Current Query	QUOTECQ	Quote List	Quote List		Quotes
Quote Summary	QUOTENPKG	Summary Quote	Summary of Quote		Quotes
Quote with Packages	QUOTEPKG	Package Quote	Summary of quote with packages		Quote
Proposal Quote	QUOTEPRO	Proposal Quote	Defined for use by Proposal Generator. Will not appear in a view		Available only with Proposal Generator (not in views)
Standard Quote	QUOTESTD	Current Quote	Standard quote report		Quotes
FS Repair Detail	REPDET	Repair Detail (Barcode)	Detailed list of Repairs (barcoded)		Repairs
FS Repair Detail - No Barcode	REPDETNBC	Repair Detail (No Barcode)	Detail list of Repairs (no barcoding)		Repairs
FS Repair Summary	REPSUM	Repair Summary	Summary of Repairs		Repairs > All Repairs
Revenue Analysis Detail	REVDET	Revenue Analysis Detail	Revenue Spreadsheet detailed by products	Yes	Revenues
Revenue Analysis Summary	REVSUM	Revenue Analysis Summary	Revenue Spreadsheet aggregated	Yes	Revenues
Service Request Activity - All	SRVREQAA	Service Request Activity (All)	List of all service requests		Service > My Service Requests

**Table 8. Listing of Reports in Siebel eBusiness Application**

Report Name	Template Name	Menu Text	Description	Parameter Report	Navigation Path
Service Request Detail	SRVREQDT	Service Request Detail (Barcode)	Lists service requests with details (barcoded)		Service > My Service Requests
Service Request Detail - No Barcode	SRVREQDTNBC	Service Request Detail (No Barcode)	Lists service requests with details (no barcoding)		Service > My Service Requests
Service Request Activity - Public	SRVREQPA	Service Request Activity (Public)	List of all public service requests		Service > My Service Requests
Service Request Summary	SRVREQSM	Service Request Summary	Summarizes service requests		Service > My Service Requests
Service Request Aging Analysis	SRVRQAGAN	Smart Report - Service Request Performance	Smart Report - Analyzes the aging of currently open service requests graphically		Service > My Service Requests
Service Status By Channel	SRVSTATCH	Service Status by Channel	Bar chart and table with counts of all open Service Requests with Channel: Fax, Email, Web, or Phone		Service > My Team's Service Request
Release - Strategy Detail	STRATEGYDET	Test Strategy Detail Summary	Summary of test strategy details		Release > Strategy
Opportunities - Strategic Selling	STRATSEL	Blue Sheet	Strategic Selling		Opportunity > Strategic Selling

**Table 8. Listing of Reports in Siebel eBusiness Application**

Report Name	Template Name	Menu Text	Description	Parameter Report	Navigation Path
PS - Subcontractor Cost Margin Rate	SUBCOMR	Subcontractor Cost and Margin	Lists expenses for the Subcontractor		Projects > All Projects > Subcontractors > Account Field > Subcontractor Employee
TAS - Initial Plan*	TASIPLAN	TAS Initial Plan	TAS - Initial Plan (Opportunities)		Opportunity > TAS (all views)
TAS - Opportunity Plan*	TASOPLAN	TAS Opportunity Plan	TAS - Opportunity Plan (Opportunities)		Opportunities > TAS > Plan
Release - Tech Doc Detail	TECHDET	Technical Publications	Summary of technical publications details		Release > Tech Doc
Territory Assignment Detail	TERASDET	Territory Assignment	Reports Territory Assignment with details (Assignment Administration)		Assignment Administration
Release - Test Detail	TESTDET	Test Detail Summary	Summary of test details		Release > QA Test
Release - Test Plan DetailSummary	TESTPLDET	Test Plan Detail	Summary of test plan details		Release > QA Test Plan
PS - New Time Sheet	TIMESH	Time Sheet	Lists the time sheet		Time Sheets
Test Plan Defect Summary	TRACKDEFECT 2000	Test Plan Defect Summary	Summary of test plan defects		Release > QA Test

**Table 8. Listing of Reports in Siebel eBusiness Application**

Report Name	Template Name	Menu Text	Description	Parameter Report	Navigation Path
Client Stability Status Execution	TRACKSTAB STATUS2000	Test Plan Execution Summary	Summary of test plan execution		Release > QA Test
Client Stability Status Summary	TRACKSTATUS 2000	Client Stability Summary	Summary of Client stability		Release > QA Test
Server Stability Status Summary	TRACKSTATUS 2000	Server Stability Status Summary	Summary of Server stability		Release > QA Test



# Index

## Numerics

- 7.0, upgrading custom reports to 162
- 7.5.3
  - See* Siebel 7.5.3, upgrade instructions

## A

- Access Base DB Name property, report
  - object type 157
- Account Service Detail report
  - about 345
    - Closure Time Summary Data display 348
    - dashboard function 346
    - data collection and calculation 345
    - described and hierarchy of data 302
    - List of Values used by (table) 438
    - Order of Merit graphic, about and variable 345
- Account Summary report
  - about 353
    - Customer Satisfaction Thermometer, table of variables 354
    - described and hierarchy of data 301
    - List of Values used by (table) 439
    - listing of report 441
    - Order of Merit 353
    - Past Revenue Thermometer, table of variables 353
    - Pipeline Thermometer, table of variables 354
    - Products Installed graphic, about 355
- Accounts - Current Query report 441
- Active Portal Security Extension Library
  - UNIX, setting up 74
  - Windows, setting up 35
- Active Portal Template files
  - UNIX, configuring for 73
  - Windows, configuring for 34
- Active Requests view, about and screen example 129
- ActiveX report viewer keyboard shortcuts 120
- Activity List report
  - generating 183
  - report design, opening and exploring 184
- Activity-Current Query report 442
- Actuate 6 SP1 Fix 10, upgrading to e.Reporting Server, upgrading on Windows 95
  - Management Console and Active Portal, upgrading on Windows 96
- Actuate 6 SP1 Fix10, upgrading to Actuate 6 Fix 3 to Actuate 6 SP1 Fix 10 on UNIX 96
- Actuate Active Portal
  - UNIX environment, Siebel Reports Server component described 61
  - UNIX, installation guidelines 66
  - Windows environment, Siebel Reports Server component described 21
  - Windows, installation guidelines 28
  - Windows, installing 28
- Actuate Basic file, described 141
- Actuate design files
  - about and screen example 146
  - structure and node types 146
- Actuate development environment
  - Actuate file types 141
  - Actuate libraries 144

- directory structure 143
- Actuate e.Report Designer
  - installing 52
  - postinstallation tasks 53
  - Siebel Reports Server component
    - described 22
  - Siebel Reports Server Utility,
    - installing 56
  - sorting, adding to reports 55
- Actuate e.Report Designer Professional
  - installation issues 161
  - installing 51
  - master-detail report design,
    - creating 240
  - parameterized reports, about using 366
  - post installation tasks 52
  - reports, about using to create and modify 139
  - Windows environment, Siebel Reports Server component described 21
- Actuate e.Reporting Server
  - installation guidelines 24
  - localemap.xml file, about using to run reports 19
  - maintaining, administrator tasks 164
  - UNIX environment, Siebel Reports Server component described 60
  - UNIX, Actuate Active Portal installation guidelines 66
  - UNIX, Actuate Management Console,
    - installing 64
  - UNIX, installing 63
  - UNIX, installing and performance 62
  - UNIX, postinstallation tasks 64
  - UNIX, setting parameters 76
  - UNIX, Actuate Management Console
    - installation guidelines 65
  - Windows environment, Siebel Reports Server component described 21
  - Windows, Actuate Active Portal
    - installation guidelines 28
  - Windows, Actuate Management Console,
    - installing 25
  - Windows, installing 24
  - Windows, installing Actuate Active Portal 28
  - Windows, setting parameters 37
  - Windows, Actuate Management Console
    - installation guidelines 26
- Actuate file types 141
- Actuate Foundation Class (AFC) library
  - See sssiebel library
- Actuate graph types, and corresponding Siebel chart type 286
- Actuate libraries
  - data supply library file, described 144
  - sscustom library, described 144
  - sssiebel BASIC file, described and inheritance structure diagram 144
  - sssiebel library, described 144
- Actuate Management Console
  - UNIX environment, Siebel Reports Server component described 60
  - UNIX, installation guidelines 65
  - UNIX, installing 64
  - Windows environment, Siebel Reports Server component described 21
  - Windows, installation guidelines 26
  - Windows, installing 25
- Actuate ReportCast
  - installing 66
- Actuate Reporting
  - Actuate e.Reporting Server, maintaining (administrator tasks) 164
  - backing up report design and library files 167
  - custom report, upgrading to version 7.x 162
  - datastream, using twice 167
  - dynamic versus static reports 166
  - emailing a report 168
  - forecasting reports, about
    - upgrading 163
  - installation issues, list of 161
  - non-Actuate reports, migrating 164



- sssiebel.bas Basic file and migration issues 167
- Actuate Software Corporation,
  - documentation information 14
- ActuateDevWBDDir parameter, Tools.cfg configuration file 162
- Admin Competitors List - Current Query report 442
- Admin Decision Issues - Current Query report 442
- Admin Literature - Current Query report 442
- Admin Product Line - Current Query report 442
- Admin Products - Current Query report 442
- Admin Sales Cycle - Current Query report 443
- Agent Performance Detail report 443
- Agent Roles and Responsibilities report 443
- Agreement Detail report 443
- Agreement Summary report 443
- All Projects Overview report 449
- Assignment Manger Detail report 443
- attachments, receiving report
  - attachments 388
- audience for guide 13
- B**
- backing up, report design and library files 167
- bar charts
  - See graphs
- BAS file, (BASIC source code)
  - described 141
- baseCur, sssiebel library component 411
- baseDate, sssiebel library component 411
- baseDateDisplay, sssiebel library component 411
- baseFlow, sssiebel library component 412
- baseFlow1, sssiebel library component 412
- baseFrm, sssiebel library component 413
- baseGrp, ssSiebel library component 413
- baseInt, sssiebel library component 414
- baseLbl, sssiebel library component 414
- baseLblSiebel, sssiebel library component 414
- baseLineControlr, sssiebel library component 414
- basePage, sssiebel library component 415
- basePageList, sssiebel library component 415
- basePageNoDisplay, sssiebel library component 416
- basePrintBy, sssiebel library component 417
- baseReport, sssiebel library component 417
- baseReportHeader, sssiebel library component 418
- baseReportTitle, sssiebel library component 418
- baseRpt, sssiebel library component 418
- baseRptCreateBy, sssiebel library component 419
- baseSeq, sssiebel library component 419
- baseSubPage, sssiebel library component 419
- baseTxt, sssiebel library component 420
- BASIC source code file, described 141
- Before section, component described 231
- business component 102
- Business Component property
  - parent report object definition, setting in 190
  - report object type, described 157
- business object 102
- business processes, automating
  - See Report Business Service
- Business Service Detail (Client) report 445
- Business Service Summary (Client) report 445

**C**

- Calendar - Daily report 445
- Calendar - Monthly report 445
- Calendar - Weekly report 446
- Call Center Volume (Inbound) report 448
- Call Center Volume (Outbound) report 448
- Call Center Volume report 447
- Campaign - Current Query report 445
- Campaign Response Detail report 445
- Campaign Response Summary report 445
- Campaign Summary report 445
- CanGrow property, controls available 404
- check box text controls, sscustom library 404
- Class Property, report object type 157
- Client Only property, report object type 158
- Client Stability Status Execution report 461
- Client Stability Status Summary report 461
- Closure Time Summary Data display, described 348
- Compare method, using on the sort data filter 279
- Compensation Statement report 447
- Competitors List - Current Query report 446
- compiling master-detail report 247
- Completed Request Notification view, about and screen example 128
- Component Editor, using to set graph property settings 287
- composite datastreams
  - combined datastream, using Fetch method 278
  - concept described 255
  - data filters, types of for memory sort report 265
  - debugging tips 262
  - detail datastream, using Fetch method 275
  - global data row variable, creating in the report design 259
  - global datarow variable, creating in the report design 259
  - global variables in controls, referencing 261
  - master datastream component, modifying 260
  - master datastream, using Fetch method 275
  - reports, about using in 257
- conditional section, library reference 409
- Contact - Current Query (Personal) report 446
- Contacts - Alphabetic Phone List (Personal) report 446
- Contacts - Alphabetic Phone List report 446
- Contacts - By Opportunity report 446
- Contacts - Current Query report 446
- Contacts By Category report 446
- content frame component, simple list report structure 183
- content node, about 147
- copying
  - report design 201
  - report object definition 201
- corporate logo
  - baseLblSiebel library component, described 414
  - changing on all reports 177
- Correspondence - Current Query report 447
- CreateObject function 106
- current query, restricting report data with 148
- Current Siebel Remote Session report 448
- custom component library
  - creating 238
  - using 202
- Custom library
  - See sscustom library
- custom reports, upgrading to 7.x 162
- customization, global

- corporate logo, changing on all reports 177
  - fonts, changing on all reports 172
  - global layout customization, about 171
  - library component, affect of 171
  - recompiling after modifying, about 171
- D**
- dashboard
  - Smart Reports, described 300
  - thermometer, positioning on 319
- data definition
  - data row component, viewing contents 155
  - data supply ROL files, about 154
  - datastream component, viewing contents 155
  - object types, list of 157
  - ROL, ROD, and ROX filenames, relationships between 153
- data filters, types of for memory sort report 265
- data information, about and format 402
- data row component
  - See also* datastream components
  - Compare method, using to resort 279
  - contents, viewing 155
  - purpose 255
- data supply library file
  - described 144
  - relationships with other files 153
- datastream components
  - about and table of variables 421
  - combined datastream, using Fetch method 278
  - component, described 183
  - composite datastreams, about using in reports 257
  - concept, described 255
  - data filters, types of for memory sort report 265
  - datastream object, destroying using Delete method 435
  - debugging tips 262
  - detail datastream, using Fetch method 275
  - Fetch method, about and code example 430
  - Fetch method, overriding on the master datastream 260
  - global data row variable, creating in the report design 259
  - global variables in controls, referencing 261
  - master datastream, using Fetch method 275
  - report stream, adding to 244
  - sequential report section, using same datastream 167
  - Start method, about and code example 422
  - viewing contents 155
- datastream node, about 147
- DataValue, ssThermometer parameter described 312
- date
  - sssiebel library component that parses date string 411
  - sssiebel library component, shows current date 411
- DCommerce
  - Auction Detail Report 444
  - Auction/RFQ Overview Report 444
  - Bid List By Auction report 445
  - Bid List By Customer report 444
  - Customer List Report 443
  - Runner's up Report 444
  - Winners Report 444
- Decision Issues - Current Query report 448
- Dedicated Web Client
  - ActiveX report viewer keyboard shortcuts 120
  - architecture 117
  - connected mode, about running in 119
  - disconnected mode, about running in 117, 119

- reports, about running in 107
  - running reports in 117
  - searching in ActiveX report viewer,
    - about 120
  - server-based reporting (diagram) 117
  - Siebel Reports Server, enabling for use
    - with UNIX 82
  - Siebel Reports Server, enabling for use
    - with Windows 42
  - UNIX, testing the Siebel Reports Server
    - from 90
  - Windows, testing the Siebel Reports Server from 50
  - Delete method, about and code
    - example 435
  - deploying multilingual reports 378
  - Design Editor window, structure and components 146
  - detail graphs, described 285
  - development directory, described 143
  - development environment
    - Actuate file types 141
    - Actuate libraries 144
    - directory structure 143
  - DHTML file, described 142
  - DHTML report viewer shortcuts 116
  - directory structure
    - development directory, described 143
    - executables directory, described 143
    - libraries directory, described 143
    - standard reports directory,
      - described 143
  - disconnected mode, about running in 117
  - dynamic reports, versus static reports 166
- E**
- EC Expense Report 448
  - eChannel - CHAMP Partner Plan report 445
  - eChannel - Fund Request Summary report 451
  - eChannel - Marketing Funds Detail report 453
  - eChannel - Partner Operations report 455
  - eChannel - Partner Profile report 455
  - eChannel - Partner Report Card report 455
  - email
    - email notifications, receiving 388
    - RunAndEmailReport business method,
      - about and limitations 388
    - RunAndEmailReport business method,
      - configuring Actuate 388
  - emailing reports 168
  - Employee Achievement Report 449
  - Employee List - Current Query report 449
  - employee records, transferring user IDs 124
  - EnableOLEAutomation parameter, Tools.cfg configuration file 162
  - ePricer - Account Specific Price Book report 443
  - ePricer - Price List based Price book generation report 456
  - ESP Account Map Report 450
  - ESP Account Plan Overview Report 450
  - eTraining - Course List report 446
  - eTraining - Course Registration report 447
  - eTraining - Course Schedule report 447
  - eTraining - Curriculum Detail report 446
  - eTraining - Curriculum Registrant report 447
  - eTraining - Skills Test Detail report 447
  - eTraining - Training Library List report 447
  - Event Status Report 450
  - Event Summary Report 450
  - executable file, Report Object Executable file, described 141
  - executables directory
    - described 143
    - locale-specific report executable 149
  - ExecuteReport business method parameters (table) 383
  - Expense Report 451
  - Expense Summary Report - Accounts report 450

Expense Summary Report - Charge Number report 450  
 Expense Summary Report - Opportunities report 450  
 Explorer view, about and screen example 130

## F

Fetch method  
 about and code example 430  
 combined datastream, using and code example 278  
 detail datastream, using and code example 275  
 GetFieldValue and  
   GetFormattedFieldValue, about 434  
 master datastream component, using to modify 260  
 master datastream, using and code example 275  
 font, changing on all reports 172  
 Forecast Analysis Detail report 451  
 Forecast Analysis Summary report 451  
 Forecasting reports, about upgrading 163  
 frame components, available in sscustom library 406  
 FS - Inventory Cost Detail report 453  
 FS Below Minimum Inventory Quantity Per Location report 444  
 FS Cycle Count Detail report 448  
 FS Field Engineer Detail report 451  
 FS Pick Ticket Details - No Barcode report 455  
 FS Pick Ticket Details report 455  
 FS Product List By Location report 457  
 FS Repair Detail - No Barcode report 458  
 FS Repair Detail report 458  
 FS Repair Summary report 458

## G

global data row variable, creating in report design 259

global list variable, described and creating in the report design 274  
 global report modification  
   *See* customization, global  
 global variables, referencing 261  
 GrantRolesAccess2Report business method parameters (table) 385  
 GrantUserAccess2Report business method parameters (table) 386  
 graphs  
   Actuate graph types and corresponding Siebel chart types, table of 286  
   categories of 285  
   graph properties, table of 287  
   HLC graph, about 286  
   property settings, accessing 287  
   Siebel-generated graphics, passing to Smart Reports 321  
 group breaks in reports  
   *See also* group section  
 group section  
   *See also* group totals; group section, example creating report component, described 231  
   overview 205  
   report with group section, examining 207  
   structure diagram and components 206  
 group section, example creating report  
   *See also* group section; group totals  
   about 211  
   compiling and testing the report 222  
   label and data elements, adding to the design 219  
   new report object definition, creating by copying 212  
   report design file, creating in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional 214  
 group totals  
   *See also* group section; group section, example creating report  
   about 223

- example, adding final total to the report 224
- example, adding revenue totals to the group section 223
- guide
  - audience for 13
  - organization of 14
  - revision history 15

**H**

- history of revisions 15
- HLC graph, about 286
- HP-UX, changing the operating system parameter 71

**I**

- IC - Compensation Groups report 451
- IC - Employee Sales Compensation report 452
- IC - Manager Summary report 452
- IC - Participant Groups report 452
- IC - Plan Definition report 452
- IC - Rep Summary report 452
- implicit conversion of string data 399
- Incentive Component Payout report 452
- inheritance of components, diagram 145
- installation
  - Actuate e.Report Designer Professional 51
  - Reports Server Encyclopedia 135
  - Siebel Reports Server Utility 56
  - Siebel-Actuate reporting issues 161
- installing
  - Actuate ReportCast 66
- instance file
  - See ROI file (Report Object Instance)
- integer references to objects 101
- InvokeMethod 105

**L**

- label components, available in sscustom library 405

- landscape, switching from portrait to 407
- language
  - See multilingual reports, developing
  - designating different language and locale 111
- layout pane, Design Editor window 146
- libraries directory, described 143
- library files
  - backing up 167
  - data supply, about 154
- line controls, about 408
- List of Values
  - Account Service Detail report, used by (table) 438
  - Account Summary report, used by (table) 439
  - Opportunity Detail report, used by (table) 437
  - Pipeline Analysis report, used by (table) 439
- Literature - Current Query report 453
- Literature Fulfillment report 453
- locale, designating different locale and language 111
- localemap.xml file, about using to run reports 19
- locale-sensitive parameters
  - UNIX, synchronizing 77
- logo
  - changing on all reports 177
  - sssiebel library component 414

**M**

- master datastream component
  - described 231
  - modifying using Fetch method 260
- master report section, component
  - described 231
- master-detail reports
  - See also master-detail reports, example
  - creating a report
  - described and example 227
  - multiple subreports, example 228

- report object definition and children, viewing in Siebel Tools 234
  - Service Request Activity (All) report, generating 232
  - Service Request Activity (All) report, opening the report design for 232
  - structure diagram and components 230
  - master-detail reports, example creating a report
    - See also* master-detail reports
    - about 235
    - compiling and testing the report 247
    - custom component library, creating 238
    - datastreams, adding to the report design 244
    - frame, data control, and label elements, adding to the design 244
    - master-detail report design, creating in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional 240
    - new report object definition, creating by copying 235
  - MaximumValue, ssThermometer parameter described 312
  - memory data buffer component, using to sort data 266
  - memory sort report, how it works
    - See also* memory sorting
    - AcList variables, methods available about 266
    - data filters, about 265
    - report design, structure of 268
  - memory sorting
    - See also* memory sort report, how it works
    - many-to-many relationship, examining report based on 281
    - multi value field, examining report sorted on 270
    - multi value field, sorting on 263
    - records from a many-to-one relationship, sorting on 264, 265
  - memory structures, AcList variables, methods available 266
  - message boxes 105
  - Message List report 453
  - method name prefixing 102
  - Microsoft Exchange Server, about using as email server 168
  - migrating custom reports to 6.0 100
  - migration
    - non-Actuate reports 164
    - sssiebel BASIC file, considerations 167
    - upgrading custom reports to 7.x 162
  - MinimumValue, ssThermometer parameter described 312
  - multi value field
    - report, examining report sorted on 270
    - sorting on 263
  - multilingual reports, developing
    - about and new functions 375
    - deploying multilingual reports 378
    - designing multilingual reports 376
    - exceptions for 379
    - testing, about the report executable in Deployment mode 378
    - viewing multilingual reports 379
  - multiple hierarchies, creating a report with frame, data control, and label elements, about adding to the design 253
  - new report object definition, creating in Siebel Tools 248
  - report design, creating with multiple hierarchy 252
  - tasks overview 248
- N**
- New Report wizard, about 159
  - nodes types, described 147
  - non-Actuate reports, migrating 164

**O**

- object managers, table of parameters 39, 78
- object types, list of 157
- Opportunities - By Category report 453
- Opportunities - By Sales Rep report 454
- Opportunities - Strategic Selling report 459
- Opportunities - Summary report 454
- Opportunity Detail report 453
  - data collection section, creating 325
  - described and hierarchy of data 301
  - Main Report section 329
  - Page Header section, creating 332
  - parDashBoard section, creating 337
  - report sections 322
  - rptAllActivities section, creating 344
  - rptCollectCompetitiveActivity section, creating 335
  - rptCollectContacts section, creating 336
  - rptCompetitors section, creating 343
  - rptContactDetail section, creating 342
  - rptDecisionIssues section, creating 343
  - rptNotes section, creating 344
  - rptProducts section, creating 343
  - subpage layout, defining 337
  - technical details 324
- Opportunity Detail report, List of Values used by (table) 437
- Opportunity List - Current Query report 453
- Opportunity Marketing Events Summary Report 454
- Order Detail - No Barcode report 454
- Order Detail report 454
- Order of Merit graphic
  - Account Service Detail report, about and variables 345
  - Account Summary report, about 353
  - Pipeline Analysis report, about 355
  - Quota Summary report, about 356
- order-of-merit indicator, about and example 309

- Orders Detail report 454
- Orders Summary report 454
- organization of guide 14

**P**

- page
  - defined and positioning thermometer on 319
  - layout, creating and modifying 407
  - sssiebel library component, determine page size 415
  - sssiebel library component, using to show current page and total number of pages 415
- page header frame component, simple list report structure 183
- pageList control, about and switching from landscape to portrait 406
- pagelist node, about 147
- pagelist section component, simple list report structure 183
- parallel section, library reference 409
- Parameter Applet property, report object type 158
- parameterized reports
  - about and applications that include reports 361
  - Actuate e.Report Designer Professional, about using 366
  - creating and customizing in Siebel Tools 363
  - creating, steps to 362
  - report parameters, setting 367
- parameters
  - Report Business Service input parameters 383
  - UNIX, synchronizing locale-sensitive parameters 77
- Partner List report 455
- percentage text control, about and table of conversions 404
- Personal Profile view, about and screen example 133



- pie charts
    - See* graphs
  - Pipeline Analysis report
    - about 355
    - described and hierarchy of data 301
    - List of Values used by (table) 439
    - listing of report 455
    - Order of Merit 355
    - revenue versus All Current Quotas thermometer 356
  - Pipeline Report By Rep. report 455
  - platform-independent data access
    - methods 100
  - portrait, switching from landscape to 407
  - Position List - Current Query Group report 456
  - Price List - Current Query report 456
  - Pricing Factors - All report 456
  - Pricing Factors - Single report 456
  - Pricing Factors report 456
  - printing
    - Personal Profile view, about using to specify a default printer 133
  - PrintReport business method parameters (table) 387
  - Product Defect - Current Query report 457
  - Product Defect Activity report 457
  - Product List report 457
  - Products - Current Query report 457
  - Project Status Report 457
  - Proposal Quote report 458
  - PS - Combined Time Expense Summary report 447
  - PS - Employee Staffing Schedule report 449
  - PS - Employee Time Expense Summary report 449
  - PS - Employee Utilization report 449
  - PS - New Time Sheet report 460
  - PS - Project Labor Burn Rate report 456
  - PS - Project Time and Expense Summary Summary report 457
  - PS - Subcontractor Cost Margin Rate report 460
- Q**
- Quota Summary report
    - about 356
    - described and hierarchy of data 302
    - listing of report 457
    - Order of Merit graphic 356
    - revenue by direct report section 357
    - revenue versus All Current Quotas thermometer 357
  - Quote - Current Query report 458
  - Quote Summary report 458
  - Quote with Packages report 458
- R**
- records, merging
    - See* memory sorting
  - referencing a component 147
  - Regional Settings and object manager parameters (table) 39, 78
  - Release - Engineer Task Detail report 449
  - Release - Feature Detail report 451
  - Release - MRD Detail report 453
  - Release - Strategy Detail report 459
  - Release - Tech Doc Detail report 460
  - Release - Test Detail report 460
  - Release - Test Plan Detail Summary report 460
  - Report Business Service
    - email notifications, receiving 388
    - ExecuteReport business method parameters (table) 383
    - GrantRolesAccess2Report business method parameters (table) 385
    - GrantUserAccess2Report business method parameters (table) 386
    - invoking using scripting, example 394
    - methods, about and list of (table) 382
    - PrintReport business method parameters (table) 387

- report attachments, receiving 388
- RunAndEmailReport business method,
  - about and limitations 388
- RunAndEmailReport business method,
  - configuring Actuate 388
- RunAndEmailReport parameters
  - (table) 389
- SaveReport2PDF business method
  - parameters (table) 390
- ScheduleReport business method
  - parameters (table) 391
- SyncOne business method parameters
  - (table) and example 393
- report design
  - See also* multilingual reports, developing
  - backing up, about 167
  - component, described 231
  - component, simple list report
    - structure 182
  - copying 201
  - diagram and components 268
  - frame, data control, and label elements,
    - adding 244
  - global data row variable, creating 259
  - global datarow variable, creating 259
  - inheritance structure of components in
    - file, diagram 145
  - master-detail report design, creating in
    - Actuate e.Report Designer Professional 240
  - multiple hierarchy, creating with 252
- Report Encyclopedia
  - Siebel Report files, importing to 71
- report example, creating with multiple
  - hierarchies
    - frame, data control and label element,
      - about adding to the design 253
    - new report object definition, creating in
      - Siebel Tools 248
  - report design, creating with multiple
    - hierarchy 252
  - tasks overview 248
- report executable, passing data to
  - See* parameterized reports
- Report Field object type, described 159
- Report Locale Object Type, described 159
- report modification
  - See* customization, global
- report node, about 146
- report object
  - copying definition 201
  - executable file, relationship between ROL
    - and ROD filenames 153
  - new report object definition, creating in
    - Siebel Tools 248
  - Report Object type, used in Tools to define
    - report structure 157
- Report Object Design file
  - See* ROD file (Report Object Design)
- Report Object Executable file,
  - described 141
- Report Object Instance file
  - See* ROI file (Report Object Instance)
- Report Object Library file
  - data supply, about 154
  - described 141
- Report Object Parameter file,
  - described 142
- Report Object Web file, described 142
- Report Parameter Values file,
  - described 142
- report section component, simple list report
  - structure 182
- report, example sorted on a many-to-many
  - relationship
    - generating report 281
    - report design, opening 281
- report, example sorted on a multi value field
  - combined datastream, Fetch method
    - on 278
  - detail datastream, Fetch method on 275
  - generating the report 270, 271
  - global list variable, creating in the report
    - design 274
  - master datastream, Fetch method
    - on 275

- report design, opening 271
  - sort data filter, using Compare method 279
  - reports
    - See master-detail reports; server-based reporting; parameterized reports; simple list reports
    - Account Service Detail report, List of Values used by (table) 438
    - Account Summary report, List of Values used by (table) 439
    - creating and modifying, locations to listing of (table) 139
    - non-Actuate reports, migrating 164
    - Opportunity Detail report, List of Values used by (table) 437
    - output, using Personal Profile view to specify file system folder 133
    - Pipeline Analysis report, List of Values used by (table) 439
    - report status, using Active Requests view to check 129
  - Reports Administrator
    - UNIX, synchronizing 87
    - Windows, synchronizing 47
  - Reports applet, using My Reports view, to display report output files 132
  - reports button
    - activating 111
    - requesting a report, using to 111
  - Reports Server Encyclopedia, restructuring
    - actrestruct6.exe utility, using and examples 136
    - installing 135
    - Reports Server Encyclopedia, about and restructuring 135
  - Reports Server for UNIX, installing
    - Actuate Active Portal installation guidelines 66
    - Actuate e.Reporting Server recommended installation location 62
    - Actuate e.Reporting Server, installing 63
    - Actuate e.Reporting Server, postinstallation tasks 64
  - Actuate Management Console installation guidelines 65
  - Actuate Management Console, installing 64
  - preinstallation tasks 61
  - Siebel Report Server Access, installing 67
  - Siebel Report Server Access, post installation tasks 70
  - Siebel Reports Server, components 60
  - Reports Server for UNIX, postinstallation locale-sensitive parameters, synchronizing 77
  - Reports Administrator, synchronizing 87
  - Reports Server users, synchronizing 88
  - Siebel Reports Server, enabling with the Dedicated Web Client 82
  - Siebel Reports Server, enabling with the Web client 84
  - testing Siebel Reports Server from the Dedicated Web Client 90
  - testing the Siebel Reports Server from the Web client 91
  - time zone, about changing 81
- Reports Server for Windows, installing
    - Actuate Active Portal installation guidelines 28
    - Actuate Active Portal, installing 28
    - Actuate e.Reporting Server installation guidelines 24
    - Actuate e.Reporting Server, installing 24
    - Actuate e.Reporting, recommended installation location 23
  - Actuate Management Console installation guidelines 26
  - Actuate Management Console, installing 25
  - preinstallation tasks 22
  - Siebel Report Server Access, installing 30

- Siebel Report Server Access, post installation tasks 34
- Siebel Reports Server components, list of 21
- tasks, list of 19, 59
- Reports Server for Windows, postinstallation
- Actuate e.Report Designer Professional, installing 51
- Actuate e.Report Designer Professional, postinstall tasks 52
- Actuate e.Report Designer, installing 52
- Actuate e.Report Designer, postinstall tasks 53
- Reports Administrator, synchronizing 47
- Reports Server users, synchronizing 49
- Siebel Reports Server Utility, installing 56
- Siebel Reports Server, enabling with the Dedicated Web Client 42
- Siebel Reports Server, enabling with the Web client 44
- sorting, adding to reports 55
- testing Siebel Reports Server from the Dedicated Web Client 50
- testing the Siebel Reports Server from the Web client 50
- time zone, about changing 41
- Reports Server views
  - Active Request view, about and screen example 129
  - Completed Request Notifications view, about and screen example 128
  - Explorer view, about and screen example 130
  - My Reports view, about and screen example 132
  - Personal Profile view, about and screen example 133
  - Scheduled Requests view, about and screen example 127
  - User Administration view, about and screen example 124
  - views available (table) 123
- requests, viewing completed requests 128
- Revenue Analysis Detail report 458
- Revenue Analysis Summary report 458
- revenue information, sscustom library, about and format 400
- revision history 15
- ROD file (Report Object Design)
  - about and screen example 146
  - about and where name is specified 153
  - control not seen or disappeared, troubleshooting 142
  - described 141
  - developing directory location, about 143
  - structure and node types 146
- ROI file (Report Object Instance)
  - described 142
  - email, sending as 168
- ROL file (Report Object Library)
  - data supply, about 154
  - described 141
- RoleList input parameter, about defining roles 385
- ROP, Report Object Parameter file, described 142
- ROV, Report Parameter Values file, described 142
- ROW, Report Object Web file, described 142
- ROX file, Report Object Executable file, described 141
- ROX parameter
  - UNIX, setting the disable caching 76
  - Windows, setting the disable caching 36
- Run Report Time Limit parameter, changing at the client level 113
- RunAndEmailReport business method, about and limitations 388

**S**

- SaveReport2PDF business method
  - parameters (table) 390
- Scheduled Requests view, about and screen example 127
- ScheduleReport business method
  - parameters (table) 391
- Search Specification Property, report object type 158
- sequential section, component
  - described 231
- Server Stability Status Summary
  - report 461
- server-based reporting
  - See* Reports Server views
- Service Request Activity - All report 458
- Service Request Activity - Public
  - report 459
- Service Request Activity (All) report
  - generating 232
  - report design, opening for 232
- Service Request Aging Analysis report 459
  - See also* Service Request Performance report
  - about 358
  - data collection and calculation 358
  - described and hierarchy of data 302
  - rptAllServiceRequests 358
- Service Request Detail - No Barcode
  - report 459
- Service Request Detail report 459
- Service Request Performance report
  - See also* Service Request Aging Analysis report
  - report 358
  - about 358
  - data collection and calculation 358
  - rptAllServiceRequests 358
- Service Request Summary report 459
- Service Status By Channel report 459
- Siebel 7.5.3, upgrade instructions
  - about 93
  - Actuate 6 Fix 3 to Actuate 6 SP1 Fix 10 on UNIX 96
  - Actuate 6 SP 1 Fix 10, upgrading to on Windows 95
  - Management Console and Active Portal, upgrading on Windows 96
  - Siebel Reports Server Access for UNIX 99
  - Siebel Reports Server Access for Windows 97
  - Siebel application-Actuate interaction
    - about, screen example, and implementation of menu options in view 148
    - Siebel report, viewing relationship
      - between Actuate and Siebel software 150
  - Siebel chart type, corresponding to Actuate graph type 286
  - Siebel corporate logo, sssiebel library component 414
  - Siebel Report files
    - Report Encyclopedia, importing to 71
  - Siebel Report Server Access
    - UNIX environment, Siebel Reports Server component described 61
    - UNIX, installing 67
    - UNIX, postinstallation tasks 70
    - Windows environment, Siebel Reports Server component described 21
    - Windows, installing 30
    - Windows, postinstallation tasks 34
  - Siebel Reports Server
    - Regional settings and Object Manager parameters (table) 39, 78
    - UNIX environment, components 60
    - UNIX, installing Actuate Management Console 64
    - UNIX, server components 60
    - Windows environment, components 21
    - Windows, installing Actuate Management Console 25
    - Windows, server components 21

- Siebel Reports Server Access
  - UNIX, upgrading to Siebel 7.5.3 99
  - Windows, upgrading to Siebel 7.5.3. 97
- Siebel Reports Server Utility, installing 56
- Siebel Reports Server views
  - Active Request view, about and screen example 129
  - Completed Request Notifications view, about and screen example 128
  - Explorer view, about and screen example 130
  - My Reports view, about and screen example 132
  - Personal Profile view, about and screen example 133
  - Scheduled Requests view, about and screen example 127
  - User Administration view, about and screen example 124
  - views available (table) 123
- Siebel Reports Server, installing
  - Actuate ReportCast, installing 66
  - UNIX, installation order 62
  - Windows, installation order 23
- Siebel Tools
  - parameterized reports, creating and customizing in 363
  - report modifications, about 139
- Siebel Web Client, about running reports in 107
- Siebel-generated graphics, passing to Smart Reports 321
- simple list reports
  - See also* simple list reports, creating report example
  - components and structure diagram 182
  - custom component library, using 202
  - examining existing list report 183
  - existing report object definition and children, copying 201
  - new report creation, situations for 181
  - report design, copying 201
  - simple list reports, creating report example
  - See also* simple list reports
    - about 187
    - compiling and testing the report 198
    - label and data elements, adding to the design 196
    - new report object definition, creating 188
    - report design file, creating in Actuate e.Report Designer Professional 191
- Smart Reports
  - See also* thermometer; Smart Reports, designing example
  - components 306
  - contents of 300
  - graphical elements 303
  - order-of-merit indicator, about and example 309, 311
  - purpose of 299
  - Reports drop-down list, about 303
  - standard Smart Reports, table of 301
  - structure diagram 305
- Smart Reports, designing example
  - See also* Smart Reports
  - Account Service Detail report 345
  - Account Summary report 353
  - data collection section, creating 325
  - graphical components 322
  - Main Report section 329
  - Opportunity Detail Report sections 322
  - Opportunity Detail Report technical details 324
  - other components 323
  - Page Header section, creating 332
  - parDashBoard section. creating 337
  - Pipeline Analysis report 355
  - Quota Summary report 356
  - rptAllActivities section. creating 344
  - rptCollectCompetitiveActivity section. creating 335
  - rptCollectContacts section. creating 336
  - rptCompetitors section. creating 343
  - rptContactDetail section. creating 342
  - rptDecisionIssues section. creating 343

- rptNotes section. creating 344
- rptProducts section. creating 343
- Service Request Performance report 358
- subpage layout, defining 337
- sort data filter, using Compare method 279
- Sort Specification Property, report object type 158
  - See also* group section
- sorting
  - multi value field, on 263
  - records from a many-to-many relationship 264
  - records from a many-to-many relationship, example 281
  - reports, adding to 55
- Srviewer application 168
- ssAppServer datastream class variable, type and function 256
- ssBO datastream class variable, type and function 256
- ssBusComp prefix 103
- ssBusCompGetFieldValue, calls
  - GetFieldValue 434
- ssBusCompGetFormattedFieldValue, calls
  - GetFormattedFieldValue 434
- ssBusCompName datastream class variable, type and function 256
- ssBusObj prefix 104
- ssCur component. about amounts in local currency, and setting 225
- sscustom library
  - about 397
  - CanGrow property, controls
    - available 404
  - check box text controls, about 404
  - conditional and parallel sections,
    - about 409
  - controls not currently used 408
  - data information, displaying 402
  - described 144
  - frame components, list of and about 406
  - label controls, list of and about 405
  - line controls, about 408
  - pageList control, about and switching
    - from landscape to portrait 406
  - percentage text control, about and table of conversions 404
  - revenue information, displaying 400
  - text controls, components for display of text 397
- sscustom.rol
  - See* sscustom library
- ssDateFieldName, about 402
- ssDateFieldName\_Formatted, about 402
- ssModel prefix 104
- ssSiebel BASIC file
  - library functions 101
- sssiebel BASIC file
  - described and inheritance structure
    - diagram 144
  - migration considerations 167
- sssiebel library
  - about 410
  - baseCur component 411
  - baseDate component 411
  - baseDateDisplay component 411
  - baseFlow component 412
  - baseFlow1 component 412
  - baseFrm component 413
  - baseGrp component 413
  - baseInt component 414
  - baseLbl component 414
  - baseLblSiebel component 414
  - baseLineControlr component 414
  - basePage component 415
  - basePageList component 415
  - basePageNoDisplay component 416
  - basePrintBy component 417
  - baseReport component 417
  - baseReportHeader component 418
  - baseReportTitle component 418
  - baseRpt component 418
  - baseRptCreateBy component 419
  - baseSeq component 419
  - baseSubPage component 419
  - baseTxt component 420

- ssSiebel.library.rol, described 144
  - ssSiebel.bas
    - See ssSiebel BASIC file
  - Standard Quote report 458
  - standard reports directory, described 143
  - Start method, about and code
    - example 422
  - static reports, versus dynamic reports 166
  - structure pane, Design Editor window 146
  - Sub Report Field object type 159
  - Sub Report object type 159
  - subclassing component 147
  - subpage, defined and position thermometer
    - on 319
  - subreport
    - content frame component,
      - described 232
    - datastream, component described 231
    - defined 227
    - page header frame, component
      - described 231
    - report section, component
      - described 231
  - summary graphs, about 285
  - summary sections, in a Smart Report 300
  - synchronizing
    - UNIX, Reports Server users 88
    - Windows, Reports Server users 49
  - SyncOne business method parameters
    - (table) and example 393
- T**
- TAS - Initial Plan report 460
  - TAS - Opportunity Plan report 460
  - Template Name property, report object
    - type 157
  - TemplateDestDir parameter, Tools.cfg
    - configuration file 162
  - templates
    - Siebel Report Server Access, configuring
      - for UNIX 73
      - Siebel Report Server Access, configuring
        - for Windows 34
    - Territory Assignment Detail report 460
    - Test Plan Defect Summary report 460
    - testing master-detail report 247
    - thermometer
      - See also Smart Reports; Smart Reports,
        - designing example
      - about, properties, and parameters 311
      - component 318
      - dashboard subpage, positioning on 319
      - data value, obtaining 315
      - minimum, maximum, and trigger values,
        - obtaining 313
    - time zone
      - UNIX, about changing on Reports Server
        - machine 81
      - Windows, about changing on Reports
        - Server machine 41
    - TriggerDataValue, ssThermometer
      - parameter described 312
- U**
- UNIX, installation of Reports Server
    - Actuate Active Portal, installation
      - guidelines 66
    - Actuate e.Reporting Server recommended
      - installation location 62
    - Actuate e.Reporting Server, installing 63
    - Actuate e.Reporting Server,
      - postinstallation tasks 64
    - Actuate Management Console Installation
      - guidelines 65
    - Actuate Management Console,
      - installing 64
    - preinstallation tasks 61
    - Siebel Report Server Access,
      - installing 67
    - Siebel Report Server Access, post
      - installation tasks 70
    - Siebel Reports Server, components 60
    - UNIX, postinstallation of Reports Server
      - locale-sensitive parameters,
        - synchronizing 77



- Reports Administrator, synchronizing 87
  - Reports Server users, synchronizing 88
  - Siebel Reports Server, enabling with the Dedicated Web Client 82
  - Siebel Reports Server, enabling with the Web client 84
  - testing Siebel Reports Server from the Dedicated Web Client 90
  - testing the Siebel Reports Server from the Web client 91
  - time zone, about changing 81
  - User Administration view, about and screen example 124
  - user folder, using Explorer view to view contents of 130
  - users
    - UNIX, synchronizing Reports Server users 88
    - Windows, synchronizing Reports Server users 49
- V**
- View Report Locale object type 159
  - View Report object type 159
  - viewing multilingual reports 379
  - virtual business components 161
- W**
- Web Client
    - batch (Schedule) or interactive (Run Now) mode, indicating 112
    - DMTML report viewer keyboard shortcuts 116
    - reports button, activating 111
    - reports button, requesting a report using 111
    - Reports Server for Windows, enabling 44
    - reports, about running in 107
    - Run Report Time Limit parameter, changing at the client level 113
    - running a report in 107
    - Schedule Report window, about and fields 114
    - server-based reporting (diagram) 108
    - server-based reporting steps 109
    - system architecture 108
    - Windows, testing the Siebel Reports Server from 50
  - Web client
    - Reports Server for UNIX, enabling 84
    - UNIX, testing the Siebel Reports Server from 91
  - Web Client reporting
    - See Reports Server views
  - Web page, DHTML file described 142
  - Windows, installation of Reports Server
    - Actuate Active Portal, installation guidelines 28
    - Actuate Active Portal, installing 28
    - Actuate e.Reporting Server installation guidelines 24
    - Actuate e.Reporting Server, installing 24
    - Actuate e.Reporting, recommended installation location 23
    - Actuate Management Console Installation guidelines 26
    - Actuate Management Console, installing 25
    - preinstallation tasks 22
    - Regional Settings, table of 39, 78
    - Siebel Report Server Access, installing 30
    - Siebel Report Server Access, post installation tasks 34
    - Siebel Reports Server components, list of 21
    - tasks, list of 19, 59
  - Windows, postinstallation of Reports Server
    - Actuate e.Report Designer Professional, installing 51
    - Actuate e.Report Designer Professional, postinstall tasks 52
    - Actuate e.Report Designer, installing 52

- Actuate e.Report Designer, postinstall tasks 53
- Reports Administrator, synchronizing 47
- Reports Server users, synchronizing 49
- Siebel Reports Server Utility, installing 56
- Siebel Reports Server, enabling with the Dedicated Web Client 42
- Siebel Reports Server, enabling with the Web client 44
- sorting, adding to reports 55
- testing Siebel Reports Server from the Dedicated Web Client 50
- testing the Siebel Reports Server from the Web client 50
- time zone, about changing 41
- Workflow Log report 449
- Workflow Policy report 450