Chapter 1: Introduction

Organization ................................................................. 1-1
About This Guide .......................................................... 1-2
Audience ................................................................. 1-2
Conventions ................................................................. 1-2

Chapter 2: What’s New

Updated Application Information ........................................ 2-1
New/Revised Idoc Script for 10gR3 ......................................... 2-1
New/Revised Idoc Script for 7.5.1 ......................................... 2-6

Chapter 3: Idoc Script Application

Idoc Naming Conventions .................................................. 3-1
Idoc Script Syntax .......................................................... 3-2
    Idoc Script Tags ...................................................... 3-2
    Idoc Script Comments ................................................ 3-2
Idoc Script Uses .......................................................... 3-2
    Includes .............................................................. 3-3
        Include Example .................................................. 3-4
    Super Tag ............................................................ 3-5
        Super Tag Example ............................................... 3-5
Variables ................................................................. 3-6
    Creating a Variable .................................................. 3-6
    Referencing a Variable .............................................. 3-7
    Assigning a Value ................................................... 3-7
    Using Commas as Separators ....................................... 3-7
    Referencing a Variable in a Conditional ......................... 3-7
    Variable Substitution Order ....................................... 3-8
    Regular Variables .................................................... 3-8
Functions ................................................................. 3-8
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Personalization Functions</td>
<td>3-9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conditionals</td>
<td>3-9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conditional Example</td>
<td>3-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Looping</td>
<td>3-11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ResultSet Looping</td>
<td>3-11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ResultSet Looping Example</td>
<td>3-12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>While Looping</td>
<td>3-12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>While Looping Example</td>
<td>3-13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ending a Loop</td>
<td>3-13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administration Interface</td>
<td>3-13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Workflow Admin</td>
<td>3-14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Web Layout Editor</td>
<td>3-14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Batch Loader</td>
<td>3-15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Archiver</td>
<td>3-15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Properties</td>
<td>3-15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Search Expressions</td>
<td>3-15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-mail</td>
<td>3-15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Keywords</td>
<td>3-16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Keywords vs. Functions</td>
<td>3-17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>exec Keyword</td>
<td>3-17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eval Function</td>
<td>3-18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>include Keyword</td>
<td>3-18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>inc Function</td>
<td>3-18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operators</td>
<td>3-19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comparison Operators</td>
<td>3-19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special String Operators</td>
<td>3-20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wildcards</td>
<td>3-21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Numeric Operators</td>
<td>3-22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boolean Operators</td>
<td>3-22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metadata Fields</td>
<td>3-23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metadata Field Naming</td>
<td>3-23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard Metadata Fields</td>
<td>3-24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common Metadata Fields</td>
<td>3-24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Fields</td>
<td>3-25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Option Lists</td>
<td>3-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Internal Option Lists</td>
<td>3-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Option List Script</td>
<td>3-31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creating an Option List</td>
<td>3-32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Referencing Metadata in Dynamic Server Pages</td>
<td>3-32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date / Time with Verity Integration</td>
<td>3-33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Using Merge Includes to Format Responses</td>
<td>3-34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scoped Local Variables</td>
<td>3-35</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Chapter 4: Idoc Script by Type

- **Conditional Dynamic Variables** ........................................... 4-1
- **Configuration Variables** ................................................. 4-3
  - Content Server Configuration Variables .......................... 4-3
  - Inbound Refinery Configuration Variables ...................... 4-15
  - Link Manager Configuration Variables ............................ 4-18
  - Pop-Up Calendar Configuration Variables ....................... 4-19
  - Record Manager and Retention Manager Configuration Variables ... 4-19
- **Dynamic Variables** ..................................................... 4-20
- **Global Functions** ...................................................... 4-20
- **Page Variables** .......................................................... 4-24
  - Page Display Variables .............................................. 4-25
  - Field Display Variables ............................................ 4-25
    - Field Information Variables ................................... 4-25
    - Common Field Display Variables ............................. 4-26
    - Other Field Display Variables ............................... 4-28
- **Read-Only Variables** .................................................. 4-29
  - Template Read-Only Variables ................................. 4-30
  - Template Read-Only Variable Example ....................... 4-30
  - User Read-Only Variables .................................. 4-31
  - Content Read-Only Variables .................................. 4-32
  - Other Read-Only Variables .................................... 4-32
- **Setable Variables** .................................................... 4-32
- **Value Variables** ....................................................... 4-33
- **Web Server Variables** ................................................ 4-34
- **Workflow Script** ....................................................... 4-35
  - Understanding Workflows ..................................... 4-35
  - Workflow Functions ............................................... 4-36
  - Workflow Variables ............................................... 4-37

### Chapter 5: Idoc Script by Usage

- **Archiver** ................................................................. 5-2
- **Batch Loader** ............................................................ 5-3
- **Clients** ................................................................. 5-3
- **Clustering** ............................................................... 5-4
- **Content Items** .......................................................... 5-4
- **Content Profiles** ..................................................... 5-6
# Table of Contents

- Content Server ........................................... 5-6
- Conversion ................................................ 5-9
  - Inbound Refinery .................................... 5-9
  - PDF Converter ......................................... 5-10
  - XML Converter ........................................ 5-13
  - Dynamic Converter .................................... 5-14
- Database ................................................... 5-15
- Date and Time ............................................ 5-16
- Debugging ................................................ 5-16
- Directories and Paths .................................... 5-18
- Enterprise Search ....................................... 5-20
- Field Display ............................................ 5-20
- Folders and WebDAV ...................................... 5-22
- HTML Preview ............................................ 5-23
- Idoc Script .............................................. 5-23
- Indexing ................................................... 5-24
- JSP ......................................................... 5-25
- Localization .............................................. 5-25
- Page Display ............................................. 5-26
- Personalization .......................................... 5-27
- Pop-Up Calendar .......................................... 5-28
- Record Manager and Retention Manager .............. 5-28
- ResultSets ............................................... 5-28
- Schema .................................................... 5-30
- Searching ................................................ 5-31
- Security ................................................... 5-32
  - Internal Security ...................................... 5-33
  - External Security ...................................... 5-34
- Strings ..................................................... 5-35
- Templates ................................................ 5-36
- Users ....................................................... 5-37
- Web Server ............................................... 5-38
- Workflow ................................................ 5-40
Chapter 6: Idoc Script Index

abortToErrorPage .......................................................... 6-2
AcadUseLISPInterface .................................................... 6-3
AccountMapPrefix .......................................................... 6-4
AcctPermDelim ............................................................... 6-5
AcctPrefix ................................................................. 6-7
addEmptyOption ............................................................. 6-9
AdditionalIndexBuildParams ............................................. 6-10
AdditionalSubscriptionCollatedFieldList ............................. 6-13
AdjustPrinterMargins ...................................................... 6-14
AdminAtLeastOneGroup ................................................... 6-15
AdminDataDir ............................................................... 6-16
AdsSimpleAuth ............................................................. 6-17
AdsUserName ............................................................... 6-18
AdsUserPassword .......................................................... 6-19
AfterLogin ................................................................. 6-20
AllowAllRedirectUrl ....................................................... 6-21
AllowAlternateMetaFile .................................................... 6-22
AllowCheckin ............................................................... 6-23
AllowCheckout ............................................................. 6-24
AllowConcurrentUpdate .................................................... 6-25
AllowForceDelete ......................................................... 6-26
AllowIntranetUsers ....................................................... 6-27
AllowMatchesInDateCheck ............................................... 6-28
AllowPassthru ............................................................. 6-29
AllowPrimaryMetaFile ..................................................... 6-30
AllowRetentionPeriodWithoutCutoff .................................. 6-31
AllowReview ............................................................... 6-32
AllowSamePrimaryAlternateExtensions ............................... 6-33
AllowSecondaryConversion ............................................. 6-34
AllowSkippedHyperlinktoCauseIncomplete ............................ 6-35
AppletChunkSize .......................................................... 6-36
AppletChunkThreshold .................................................... 6-37
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table of Contents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ClusterBinDirRule</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ClusterNodeAddress</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ClusterNodeName</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CollectionDeleteEnabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CollectionHiddenMeta</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CollectionInhibitUpdateMeta</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CollectionLocation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CollectionMeta</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CollectionMoveEnabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CollectionReadOnlyMarkedFolders</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CollectionReadOnlyMeta</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CollectionReleasedOnly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CollectionSecurityReadOnly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CollectionTrashDeleteDate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CollectionTrashDeleteLocation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CollectionTrashDeleteOldName</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CollectionTrashDeleter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CollectionWebDAVServer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ColumnMapFile</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>computeDocUrl</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>computeRenditionUrl</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ComputerName</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ConfigDir</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ConnectionName</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CONTENT_LENGTH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ConversionCacheExpirationPeriodInDays</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>convertXmlAsWebviewable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CookieAuthTimeoutInDays</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CookieProxyPassword</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>coreContentOnly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>createAlternateMetaFile</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CreatePDFThumbnails</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>createPrimaryMetaFile</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variable/Setting</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CreateXMLRendition</td>
<td>6-106</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CURRENT_DATE</td>
<td>6-107</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CURRENT_ROW</td>
<td>6-108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CustomConversionWaitTime</td>
<td>6-109</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CustomConverterPath</td>
<td>6-110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DatabasePreserveCase</td>
<td>6-111</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DatabaseWildcards</td>
<td>6-112</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DataDir</td>
<td>6-113</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dateCurrent</td>
<td>6-114</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DatedCacheIntervalDays</td>
<td>6-116</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DateOutputFormat</td>
<td>6-117</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DCMaxFileSize</td>
<td>6-118</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dcShowExportLink</td>
<td>6-119</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DCTimeOut</td>
<td>6-120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DCViewFormat</td>
<td>6-121</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DebugMode</td>
<td>6-122</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DebugStdConversion</td>
<td>6-123</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default Accounts</td>
<td>6-124</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DefaultAuth</td>
<td>6-125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>defaultFieldInclude</td>
<td>6-126</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DefaultFilterInputFormat</td>
<td>6-127</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DefaultFilterOutputFormat</td>
<td>6-128</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DefaultGraphicTimeout</td>
<td>6-129</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DefaultHtmlConversion</td>
<td>6-130</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DefaultHtmlRefreshTimeoutInSeconds</td>
<td>6-131</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DefaultMasterDomain</td>
<td>6-132</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DefaultNativeTimeout</td>
<td>6-133</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DefaultNetworkAccounts</td>
<td>6-134</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>defaultOptionListScript</td>
<td>6-136</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DefaultPasswordEncoding</td>
<td>6-137</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DefaultPostscriptTimeout</td>
<td>6-138</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DelimitedUserRoles</td>
<td>6-139</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DirectoryLockingLogPath</td>
<td>6-140</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table of Contents

DisableAmberLayouts .................................................. 6-141
DisableClassicLayoutPublishing ................................. 6-142
DisableCollegiateSkinPublishing ............................... 6-143
DisableContentProfiles .............................................. 6-144
DisableDBLongIntegerField ....................................... 6-145
DisableForcedConversions ......................................... 6-146
DisableGzipCompression ............................................. 6-147
DisableHttpUploadChunking ....................................... 6-148
DisableKeeping ForcedConversions ............................ 6-149
DisableOptimizedLatestReleaseQuerying .................... 6-150
DisableSharedCacheChecking ...................................... 6-151
DisableStellent05SkinPublishing ............................... 6-152
DisableStellentSkinPublishing .................................... 6-153
DisableTopMenusPublishing ........................................ 6-154
DisableTraysPublishing .............................................. 6-155
DisableWindowsPublishing ......................................... 6-156
DisplayPSOrigin ....................................................... 6-157
DistillerNormJobSetting ............................................ 6-158
DistillerOptJobSetting .............................................. 6-159
DistillerPath .......................................................... 6-160
DoAutoMaxMerge ....................................................... 6-161
DocConverterEngineDir ............................................... 6-162
docLoadResourceIncludes .......................................... 6-163
docRootFilename ...................................................... 6-165
DocTypeSelected ....................................................... 6-166
DocUrl ................................................................. 6-167
docUrlAllowDisclosure .............................................. 6-168
DoDocNameOrder ......................................................... 6-169
DomainControllerName ............................................... 6-170
DownloadApplet ......................................................... 6-171
DownloadSuggestedName ............................................. 6-172
dpGet ................................................................. 6-173
dpPromote ............................................................. 6-174
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>dpPromoteRs</td>
<td>6-175</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dpSet</td>
<td>6-176</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DtmPort</td>
<td>6-177</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dWfName</td>
<td>6-178</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dWfStepName</td>
<td>6-179</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DynamicConverterHtmlFlavor</td>
<td>6-180</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EmptyAccountCheckinAllowed</td>
<td>6-181</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EnableCopyConvertCopy</td>
<td>6-182</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EnableDocumentHighlight</td>
<td>6-183</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EnableEnvironmentPackager</td>
<td>6-184</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EnableErrorFile</td>
<td>6-185</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EnableExpirationNotifier</td>
<td>6-186</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EnableOptimizedLatestReleaseQuerying</td>
<td>6-188</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EnableRebuildForcesReconversion</td>
<td>6-189</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EnableSchemaPublishing</td>
<td>6-190</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>encodeHtml</td>
<td>6-191</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EnterpriseSearchAsDefault</td>
<td>6-193</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>entryCount</td>
<td>6-194</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eval</td>
<td>6-195</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ExcludeConversionFilter</td>
<td>6-197</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ExclusiveCheckout</td>
<td>6-198</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ExclusiveIncludeConversionFilter</td>
<td>6-199</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>exec</td>
<td>6-200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>executeService</td>
<td>6-202</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ExpireRevisionOnly</td>
<td>6-204</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ExternalUserAccounts</td>
<td>6-205</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ExternalUserRoles</td>
<td>6-206</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fieldCaption</td>
<td>6-207</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fieldCaptionInclude</td>
<td>6-208</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fieldCaptionStyle</td>
<td>6-209</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fieldDefault</td>
<td>6-211</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fieldEditWidth</td>
<td>6-212</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fieldEntryInclude</td>
<td>6-213</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field Name</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fieldExtraScriptInclude</td>
<td>6-214</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fieldInclude</td>
<td>6-215</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fieldIsOptionList</td>
<td>6-216</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fieldMaxLength</td>
<td>6-217</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fieldName</td>
<td>6-218</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fieldOptionListType</td>
<td>6-219</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fieldType</td>
<td>6-220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fieldValue</td>
<td>6-221</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fieldValueStyle</td>
<td>6-222</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fieldWidth</td>
<td>6-224</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FileEncoding</td>
<td>6-225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fileUrl</td>
<td>6-226</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FILTER_DEBUG</td>
<td>6-227</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FIRSTREV</td>
<td>6-228</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ForcedConversionRules</td>
<td>6-229</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ForceDistinctRevLabels</td>
<td>6-230</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ForceDocTypeChoice</td>
<td>6-231</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>forceExpire</td>
<td>6-232</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ForceJdbcSync</td>
<td>6-234</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ForceSecurityGroupChoice</td>
<td>6-235</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>formatDate</td>
<td>6-236</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>formatDateDatabase</td>
<td>6-238</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>formatDateDisplay</td>
<td>6-239</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>formatDateOnly</td>
<td>6-240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>formatDateOnlyDisplay</td>
<td>6-242</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>formatDateOnlyFull</td>
<td>6-243</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>formatDateWithPattern</td>
<td>6-244</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>formatTimeOnly</td>
<td>6-245</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>formatTimeOnlyDisplay</td>
<td>6-246</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FormInheritMetaDataFieldList</td>
<td>6-247</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FrameMakerCyclesAllowed</td>
<td>6-248</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FrameMakerexePath</td>
<td>6-249</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FrameMakerTimeOut</td>
<td>6-250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Function</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GATEWAY_INTERFACE</td>
<td>6-251</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>generateUniqueId</td>
<td>6-252</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getCookie</td>
<td>6-253</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetCopyAccess</td>
<td>6-254</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getDebugTrace</td>
<td>6-255</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getErrorTrace</td>
<td>6-256</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getFieldConfigValue</td>
<td>6-257</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getFieldViewDisplayValue</td>
<td>6-258</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getFieldViewValue</td>
<td>6-259</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getFreeMemory</td>
<td>6-260</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getHelpPage</td>
<td>6-261</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getOptionListSize</td>
<td>6-262</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getParentValue</td>
<td>6-263</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getRequiredMsg</td>
<td>6-264</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getTextFile</td>
<td>6-265</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getTotalMemory</td>
<td>6-266</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getUserValue</td>
<td>6-267</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getValue</td>
<td>6-268</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getValueForSpecifiedUser</td>
<td>6-271</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getViewValue</td>
<td>6-272</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getValueValueResultSet</td>
<td>6-273</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hasAppRights</td>
<td>6-275</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HasExternalUsers</td>
<td>6-276</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HasGlobalUsers</td>
<td>6-277</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HasLocalCopy</td>
<td>6-278</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hasOptionList</td>
<td>6-279</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HasOriginal</td>
<td>6-280</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HasPredefinedAccounts</td>
<td>6-281</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HasSiteStudio</td>
<td>6-282</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HasUrl</td>
<td>6-283</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HeavyClient</td>
<td>6-284</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HelpDir</td>
<td>6-285</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HideVitalReview</td>
<td>6-286</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Table of Contents</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HighlightBegin</td>
<td>6-287</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HighlightEnd</td>
<td>6-288</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HtmlDataInputFilterLevel</td>
<td>6-289</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTMLEditorPath</td>
<td>6-290</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>htmlRefreshTimeout</td>
<td>6-291</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>htmlRefreshUrl</td>
<td>6-292</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP_ACCEPT</td>
<td>6-293</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP_ACCEPT_ENCODING</td>
<td>6-294</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP_ACCEPT_LANGUAGE</td>
<td>6-295</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP_COOKIE</td>
<td>6-296</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP_HOST</td>
<td>6-297</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP_INTERNETUSER</td>
<td>6-298</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP_REFERER</td>
<td>6-299</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP_USER_AGENT</td>
<td>6-300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HttpAbsoluteCgiPath</td>
<td>6-301</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HttpAbsoluteCgiRoot</td>
<td>6-302</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HttpAbsoluteWebRoot</td>
<td>6-303</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HttpAdminCgiPath</td>
<td>6-304</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HttpBrowserFullCgiPath</td>
<td>6-305</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HttpCgiPath</td>
<td>6-306</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HttpCommonRoot</td>
<td>6-307</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HttpEnterpriseCgiPath</td>
<td>6-308</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HttpHelpRoot</td>
<td>6-309</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HttpIgnoreWebServerInternalPortNumber</td>
<td>6-310</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HttpImagesRoot</td>
<td>6-311</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HttpLayoutRoot</td>
<td>6-312</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HttpRelativeAdminRoot</td>
<td>6-313</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HttpRelativeCgiRoot</td>
<td>6-314</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HttpRelativeWebRoot</td>
<td>6-315</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HttpServerAddress</td>
<td>6-316</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HttpSharedRoot</td>
<td>6-317</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HttpSystemHelpRoot</td>
<td>6-318</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HttpWebRoot</td>
<td>6-319</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variable</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IDC_Name</td>
<td>6-320</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IdcAdminServerHostName</td>
<td>6-321</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IdcAdminServerPort</td>
<td>6-322</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IdcAnalyzeLogDir</td>
<td>6-323</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IdcAuthExtraRequestParams</td>
<td>6-324</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IdcCommandFile</td>
<td>6-325</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IdcCommandLog</td>
<td>6-326</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IdcCommandServerHost</td>
<td>6-327</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IdcCommandUser</td>
<td>6-328</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IdcHttpHeaderVariables</td>
<td>6-329</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IdcLocale</td>
<td>6-331</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IdcServerBindAddress</td>
<td>6-332</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IdcServerSocketQueueDepth</td>
<td>6-333</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ImageAlchemyExePath</td>
<td>6-334</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>inc</td>
<td>6-335</td>
</tr>
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<td>incDynamicConversionByRule</td>
<td>6-336</td>
</tr>
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<td>incGlobal</td>
<td>6-337</td>
</tr>
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<td>include</td>
<td>6-338</td>
</tr>
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<td>IncludeXmlFlexionDocType</td>
<td>6-339</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>incTemplate</td>
<td>6-340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IndexableRenditions</td>
<td>6-341</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IndexerAutoWorkInterval</td>
<td>6-342</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IndexerLargeFileSize</td>
<td>6-343</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IndexerPath</td>
<td>6-344</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IndexerPathRecycleManualCopy</td>
<td>6-345</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IndexerPathRecyclePath</td>
<td>6-346</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>indexerSetCollectionValue</td>
<td>6-347</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IndexerStyleDir</td>
<td>6-348</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IndexerStyleDir</td>
<td>6-349</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IndexerTraceCycleListChanges</td>
<td>6-350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IndexerTraceLockFileChanges</td>
<td>6-351</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IndexerTraceStartStop</td>
<td>6-352</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IndexVaultFile</td>
<td>6-353</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xvi</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Function Call</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>InitialColID</td>
<td>6-357</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>InstanceDescription</td>
<td>6-358</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>InstanceMenuLabel</td>
<td>6-359</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IntradocDir</td>
<td>6-360</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IntradocRealm</td>
<td>6-361</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IntradocServerHostName</td>
<td>6-362</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IntradocServerPort</td>
<td>6-363</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isActiveTrace</td>
<td>6-364</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsAllowIndexRenditions</td>
<td>6-365</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsAllowIndexVault</td>
<td>6-366</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsAutoArchiver</td>
<td>6-367</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsAutoNumber</td>
<td>6-368</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsAutoQueue</td>
<td>6-369</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsAutoSearch</td>
<td>6-370</td>
</tr>
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<td>isCheckin</td>
<td>6-371</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsCheckinPreAuthed</td>
<td>6-372</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isComponentEnabled</td>
<td>6-373</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsContentRefineryPresent</td>
<td>6-374</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsContributor</td>
<td>6-375</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsCriteriaSubscription</td>
<td>6-376</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsCurrentNav</td>
<td>6-377</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isDocPage</td>
<td>6-378</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsDpSubmitErrorFatal</td>
<td>6-379</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsDynamic</td>
<td>6-380</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsDynamicConverterEnabled</td>
<td>6-381</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isEditMode</td>
<td>6-383</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsEditRev</td>
<td>6-384</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isExcluded</td>
<td>6-385</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsExternalUser</td>
<td>6-386</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsFailedConversion</td>
<td>6-387</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsFailedIndex</td>
<td>6-388</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isFalse</td>
<td>6-389</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isFieldExcluded</td>
<td>6-391</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>isFieldHidden</td>
<td>6-392</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isFieldInfoOnly</td>
<td>6-393</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isFieldMemo</td>
<td>6-394</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsFilePresent</td>
<td>6-395</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsFormsModule</td>
<td>6-396</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isFormSubmit</td>
<td>6-397</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rule: IsFragmentOnly</td>
<td>6-398</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsFullTextIndexed</td>
<td>6-399</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isHidden</td>
<td>6-400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isInfo</td>
<td>6-401</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isInfoOnly</td>
<td>6-402</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsIntranetAuthOnly</td>
<td>6-403</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsJava</td>
<td>6-404</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsJdbc</td>
<td>6-405</td>
</tr>
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<td>IsJdbcLockTrace</td>
<td>6-406</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsJdbcQueryTrace</td>
<td>6-407</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsJspServerEnabled</td>
<td>6-408</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isLayoutEnabled</td>
<td>6-409</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsLocalSearchCollectionID</td>
<td>6-410</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsLoggedIn</td>
<td>6-411</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsMac</td>
<td>6-412</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsMaxRows</td>
<td>6-413</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isMultiOption</td>
<td>6-414</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsMultiPage</td>
<td>6-415</td>
</tr>
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<td>isNew</td>
<td>6-416</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsNotLatestRev</td>
<td>6-417</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsNotSyncRev</td>
<td>6-418</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsOverrideFormat</td>
<td>6-419</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isPhysicallySplitDir</td>
<td>6-420</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsPrimaryUserBase</td>
<td>6-421</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsPromptingForLogin</td>
<td>6-422</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsProxiedServer</td>
<td>6-423</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isQuery</td>
<td>6-424</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Function Name</td>
<td>Page Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isRelocated</td>
<td>6-425</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isRepromptLogin</td>
<td>6-426</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsRequestError</td>
<td>6-427</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isRequired</td>
<td>6-428</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsSavedQuery</td>
<td>6-429</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsSavedWfCompanionFile</td>
<td>6-430</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsSoap</td>
<td>6-431</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isStrictList</td>
<td>6-432</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsSubAdmin</td>
<td>6-433</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsSun</td>
<td>6-434</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsSysManager</td>
<td>6-435</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsThumbnailPresent</td>
<td>6-436</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isTrue</td>
<td>6-437</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isUpdate</td>
<td>6-439</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isUploadFieldScript</td>
<td>6-440</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsUploadSockets</td>
<td>6-441</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsUserEmailPresent</td>
<td>6-442</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isUserOverrideSet</td>
<td>6-443</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isvalidate</td>
<td>6-444</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isVerboseTrace</td>
<td>6-445</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsWebServerPagesOnly</td>
<td>6-446</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsWindows</td>
<td>6-447</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsWorkflow</td>
<td>6-448</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsXml</td>
<td>6-449</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isZoneField</td>
<td>6-450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JdbcConnectionString</td>
<td>6-451</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JdbcDriver</td>
<td>6-452</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JdbcPassword</td>
<td>6-453</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JdbcPasswordEncoding</td>
<td>6-454</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JdbcUser</td>
<td>6-455</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>js</td>
<td>6-456</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>jsFilename</td>
<td>6-457</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JspAdminQuery</td>
<td>6-458</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JspDefaultIndexPage</td>
<td>6-459</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JspEnabledGroups</td>
<td>6-460</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JvmCommandLine</td>
<td>6-461</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lastEntryTs</td>
<td>6-462</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LatestReleasedTimestampTimeout</td>
<td>6-463</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lc</td>
<td>6-464</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lcCaption</td>
<td>6-466</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LdapAdminDN</td>
<td>6-467</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LdapAdminPassword</td>
<td>6-468</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LdapPort</td>
<td>6-469</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LdapServer</td>
<td>6-470</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LdapSuffix</td>
<td>6-471</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LkDisableOnRebuild</td>
<td>6-472</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LkDisableReferenceInfo</td>
<td>6-473</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LkDisallowConversionFormats</td>
<td>6-474</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LkIsSecureSearch</td>
<td>6-476</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LkReExtractOnRebuild</td>
<td>6-477</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LkRefreshBatchSize</td>
<td>6-478</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LkRefreshErrorPercent</td>
<td>6-480</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LkRefreshErrorsAllowed</td>
<td>6-481</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LkRefreshErrorThreshold</td>
<td>6-482</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LMDefaultLayout</td>
<td>6-483</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LMDefaultSkin</td>
<td>6-484</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lmGetLayout</td>
<td>6-485</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lmGetSkin</td>
<td>6-486</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>loadCollectionInfo</td>
<td>6-487</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>loadDocMetaDefinition</td>
<td>6-488</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>loadDocumentProfile</td>
<td>6-489</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>loadEnterpriseSearchCollections</td>
<td>6-490</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>loadEnterpriseSearchResults</td>
<td>6-491</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>loadSchemaData</td>
<td>6-492</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>loadSearchOperatorTables</td>
<td>6-493</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>loadUserMetaDefinition</td>
<td>6-494</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Table of Contents</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MultiUpload ..........................</td>
<td>6-528</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NetworkAdminGroup ........................</td>
<td>6-529</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NeverTimeoutForcedConversionsTemplateChange</td>
<td>6-530</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NoAutomation ................................</td>
<td>6-531</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>noInfoColumn ................................</td>
<td>6-532</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NoMatches ................................</td>
<td>6-533</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>noMCPrefill ................................</td>
<td>6-534</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>noRevisionsColumn ........................</td>
<td>6-535</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NoSearchConnectionCloseOnDocChange ..........</td>
<td>6-536</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NotationForRequiredFields ...................</td>
<td>6-537</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NotificationIntervalInDays ...................</td>
<td>6-538</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NotificationMaximum ........................</td>
<td>6-539</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NotificationQuery ........................</td>
<td>6-540</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NotifyExtras ................................</td>
<td>6-542</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NotifyTime ................................</td>
<td>6-543</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NtlmSecurityEnabled ........................</td>
<td>6-544</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NumAdditionalRenditions ....................</td>
<td>6-545</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NumConnections ..........................</td>
<td>6-546</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OdbcDateFormat ..........................</td>
<td>6-548</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OneMatch ................................</td>
<td>6-549</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OpenOfficeListenerPort ........................</td>
<td>6-550</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OpenOfficeListenerURL ........................</td>
<td>6-551</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OpenOfficePath ...........................</td>
<td>6-552</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OptimizePDF ................................</td>
<td>6-553</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>optionListKey ............................</td>
<td>6-554</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>optionListName ............................</td>
<td>6-555</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>optionListResultSet ........................</td>
<td>6-557</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>optionListScript ..........................</td>
<td>6-559</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>optionListValueInclude ......................</td>
<td>6-560</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>optionsAllowPreselect ........................</td>
<td>6-562</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>optList ................................</td>
<td>6-563</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PageMakerExePath ..........................</td>
<td>6-565</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PageParent ..............................</td>
<td>6-566</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Function</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>parseDataEntryDate</td>
<td>6-567</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>parseDate</td>
<td>6-568</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>parseDateWithPattern</td>
<td>6-570</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATH_INFO</td>
<td>6-571</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATH_TRANSLATED</td>
<td>6-572</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PdfVersion</td>
<td>6-573</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PLUGIN_DEBUG</td>
<td>6-574</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pmeNavigation</td>
<td>6-575</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PostConversionTimeOut</td>
<td>6-576</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PostprocessPDFPath</td>
<td>6-577</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PostscriptPrinterName</td>
<td>6-578</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PowerPointPrintOutput</td>
<td>6-579</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PreconversionPath</td>
<td>6-580</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PreconversionWaitTime</td>
<td>6-581</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PreviewOutputExtension</td>
<td>6-582</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PreviewPath</td>
<td>6-583</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PrimaryWorkQueueTimeout</td>
<td>6-584</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PrinterPortPath</td>
<td>6-585</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Priority</td>
<td>6-586</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessExcelUrlHyperlinks</td>
<td>6-587</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessInDesignBookMarks</td>
<td>6-588</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessInDesignHyperlinks</td>
<td>6-589</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessInDesignInternalPDFThumbnail</td>
<td>6-590</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessInDesignLinkUpdate</td>
<td>6-591</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessInDesignPDFCompatibility50</td>
<td>6-592</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessPowerpointHyperlinks</td>
<td>6-593</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessVisioInternalHyperlinks</td>
<td>6-594</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessVisioUrlHyperlinks</td>
<td>6-595</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessWordBookMarks</td>
<td>6-596</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessWordComments</td>
<td>6-597</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessWordEmailLinks</td>
<td>6-598</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessWordFootEndNote</td>
<td>6-599</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessWordHeadings</td>
<td>6-600</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ProcessWordHyperlinks</td>
<td>6-601</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessWordToc</td>
<td>6-602</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessWordUrlHyperlinks</td>
<td>6-603</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProfileCacheTimeoutInMins</td>
<td>6-604</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProviderClass</td>
<td>6-605</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProviderConfig</td>
<td>6-606</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProviderConnection</td>
<td>6-607</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProviderDir</td>
<td>6-608</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProviderType</td>
<td>6-609</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>proxiedBrowserFullCgiWebUrl</td>
<td>6-610</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>proxiedCgiWebUrl</td>
<td>6-611</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pucDefaultTime</td>
<td>6-612</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pucEnableOnSearch</td>
<td>6-613</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pucHideTimelnDateFields</td>
<td>6-614</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pucUseMonthLocale</td>
<td>6-615</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pucUseWeekdayLocale</td>
<td>6-616</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pucXOffset</td>
<td>6-617</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pucYOffset</td>
<td>6-618</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pucZIndex</td>
<td>6-619</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QUERY_STRING</td>
<td>6-620</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QueueDir</td>
<td>6-621</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RecordsManagementDenyAuthorFreePassOnRMSecurity</td>
<td>6-622</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RecordsManagementNumberOverwriteOnDelete</td>
<td>6-623</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RedirectHostsFilter</td>
<td>6-624</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>regexMatches</td>
<td>6-625</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>regexReplaceAll</td>
<td>6-626</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>regexReplaceFirst</td>
<td>6-627</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REMOTE_ADDR</td>
<td>6-628</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REMOTE_HOST</td>
<td>6-629</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REQUEST_METHOD</td>
<td>6-630</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RequestAuditAdditionalVerboseFieldsList</td>
<td>6-631</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RequestAuditIntervalSeconds1</td>
<td>6-632</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RequestAuditIntervalSeconds2</td>
<td>6-633</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table of Contents

RequestAuditListDepth1 ........................................... 6-634
RequestAuditListDepth2 ........................................... 6-635
RequestAuditSubClassificationField ......................... 6-636
requiredMsg ....................................................... 6-637
ResultsTitle ....................................................... 6-638
RmaAddDocWhereClauseForScreening ......................... 6-639
RMAHideExternalFieldsFromCheckInUpdate .................... 6-640
RMAHideExternalFieldsFromSearchInfo ....................... 6-641
RmaNotifyDispReviewerAndCatAuthor ......................... 6-642
RmaNotifyReviewerAndAlternateReviewer ....................... 6-643
RolePrefix ......................................................... 6-644
rptDisplayMapValue .............................................. 6-646
rsAddFields ....................................................... 6-647
rsAddRowCountColumn ............................................ 6-648
rsAppend ........................................................ 6-649
rsAppendNewRow ................................................. 6-650
rsAppendRowValues .............................................. 6-651
rsCopyFiltered .................................................... 6-653
rsCreateResultSet ............................................... 6-654
rsDeleteRow ....................................................... 6-655
rsDocInfoRowAllowDisclosure .................................. 6-656
rsExists .......................................................... 6-657
rsFieldByIndex .................................................... 6-658
rsFieldExists ..................................................... 6-659
rsFindRowPrimary .................................................. 6-660
rsFirst ............................................................ 6-661
rsInsertNewRow .................................................... 6-662
rsIsRowPresent .................................................... 6-663
rsMakeFromList ................................................... 6-664
rsMakeFromString .................................................. 6-667
rsMerge .......................................................... 6-670
rsMergeDelete ..................................................... 6-672
rsMergeReplaceOnly .............................................. 6-673
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>rsNext</td>
<td>6-674</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rsNumFields</td>
<td>6-675</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rsNumRows</td>
<td>6-676</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rsRemove</td>
<td>6-677</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rsRename</td>
<td>6-678</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rsRenameField</td>
<td>6-680</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rsSetRow</td>
<td>6-681</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rsSort</td>
<td>6-682</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rsSortTree</td>
<td>6-684</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SafeDir</td>
<td>6-686</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SchemaAllowRecursiveFileMove</td>
<td>6-687</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SchemaBuildDigestFile</td>
<td>6-688</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SchemaPublishCheckInterval</td>
<td>6-689</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SchemaPublishInterval</td>
<td>6-690</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SchemaPublishMaximumInterval</td>
<td>6-691</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SchemaPublishMinimumInterval</td>
<td>6-692</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SchemaPublishRenameRetryInitialInterval</td>
<td>6-693</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SchemaPublishRenameRetryIterations</td>
<td>6-694</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SchemaPublishRetryInterval</td>
<td>6-695</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SchemaPublishRetryIntervalMax</td>
<td>6-696</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SchemaVerifyPublishing</td>
<td>6-697</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SchemaWin32RenameDelayInterval</td>
<td>6-698</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SCRIPT_NAME</td>
<td>6-699</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ScriptDebugTrace</td>
<td>6-700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ScriptErrorTrace</td>
<td>6-701</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SearchCacheCleanerInterval</td>
<td>6-702</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SearchCacheHardLimit</td>
<td>6-703</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SearchCacheMaxItemAge</td>
<td>6-704</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SearchCacheSoftLimit</td>
<td>6-705</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SearchCacheTrace</td>
<td>6-706</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SearchConnectionWaitTimeout</td>
<td>6-707</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SearchDebugLevel</td>
<td>6-708</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SearchDir</td>
<td>6-709</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Function</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SearchIndexerEngineName</td>
<td>6-710</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SearchQueryFormat</td>
<td>6-711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SearchQueryTrace</td>
<td>6-712</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SecondaryConversionStepName</td>
<td>6-713</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SelfRegisteredAccounts</td>
<td>6-714</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SelfRegisteredRoles</td>
<td>6-715</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SERVER_NAME</td>
<td>6-716</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SERVER_PORT</td>
<td>6-717</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SERVER_PROTOCOL</td>
<td>6-718</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SERVER_SOFTWARE</td>
<td>6-719</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setContentType</td>
<td>6-720</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setCookie</td>
<td>6-721</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setExpires</td>
<td>6-722</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setHttpHeader</td>
<td>6-724</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setMaxAge</td>
<td>6-726</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SetPdfVersion</td>
<td>6-727</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setResourceInclude</td>
<td>6-728</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setValue</td>
<td>6-730</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SharedDir</td>
<td>6-731</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SharedWeblayoutDir</td>
<td>6-733</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ShowCreateExternalMenu</td>
<td>6-734</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>showDocActions</td>
<td>6-735</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ShowHyperlinkBox</td>
<td>6-736</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ShowOnlyKnownAccounts</td>
<td>6-737</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ShowRevisionsColumn</td>
<td>6-738</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>showSearchResultsCheckoutColumn</td>
<td>6-739</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SingleGroup</td>
<td>6-740</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SkipMozillaMailToWorkaround</td>
<td>6-741</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SmtpPort</td>
<td>6-742</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SocketHostAddressSecurityFilter</td>
<td>6-743</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SocketHostNameSecurityFilter</td>
<td>6-744</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SourceID</td>
<td>6-745</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SourcePath</td>
<td>6-746</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>StatusCode</td>
<td>6-747</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>StatusMessage</td>
<td>6-748</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>StdPageWidth</td>
<td>6-749</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>stdSecurityCheck</td>
<td>6-750</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>strCenterPad</td>
<td>6-751</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>strCommaAppendNoDuplicates</td>
<td>6-752</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>strConfine</td>
<td>6-753</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>StrConfineOverflowChars</td>
<td>6-755</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>strEquals</td>
<td>6-756</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>strEqualsIgnoreCase</td>
<td>6-758</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>strGenerateRandom</td>
<td>6-759</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>strIndexOf</td>
<td>6-760</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>strLeftFill</td>
<td>6-761</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>strLeftPad</td>
<td>6-762</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>strLength</td>
<td>6-763</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>strLower</td>
<td>6-764</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>strRemoveWs</td>
<td>6-765</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>strReplace</td>
<td>6-766</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>strReplaceIgnoreCase</td>
<td>6-767</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>strRightFill</td>
<td>6-768</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>strRightPad</td>
<td>6-769</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>strSubstring</td>
<td>6-770</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>strTrimWs</td>
<td>6-772</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>strUpper</td>
<td>6-773</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>StyleForRequiredFields</td>
<td>6-774</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SubjectsDir</td>
<td>6-775</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SubscriptionCollatedFieldList</td>
<td>6-776</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SubscriptionMethod</td>
<td>6-777</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SysAdminAddress</td>
<td>6-778</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SystemDateFormat</td>
<td>6-779</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SystemLocale</td>
<td>6-781</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SystemReportsDir</td>
<td>6-783</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SystemResourcesDir</td>
<td>6-784</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variable/Method</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SystemTemplatesDir</td>
<td>6-785</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SystemTimeZone</td>
<td>6-786</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TempDir</td>
<td>6-787</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TemplateClass</td>
<td>6-788</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TemplateFilePath</td>
<td>6-790</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TemplateName</td>
<td>6-791</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TemplateType</td>
<td>6-792</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TextIndexerFilterValidateFormats</td>
<td>6-794</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ThumbnailDPI</td>
<td>6-795</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ThumbnailHeight</td>
<td>6-796</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ThumbnailJPEGQuality</td>
<td>6-797</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ThumbnailSizeLimit</td>
<td>6-798</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ThumbnailSizingMethod</td>
<td>6-799</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ThumbnailTemplate</td>
<td>6-800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ThumbnailWidth</td>
<td>6-801</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TimeoutChangedTemplateForcedConversionsInMins</td>
<td>6-802</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TimeoutMismatchedForcedConversionsInMins</td>
<td>6-803</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TimeoutPerOneMegInSec</td>
<td>6-804</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>toInteger</td>
<td>6-805</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>trace</td>
<td>6-806</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TraceConversionCacheCleanup</td>
<td>6-808</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TraceIsVerbose</td>
<td>6-809</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TraceResourceConflict</td>
<td>6-810</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TraceResourceLoad</td>
<td>6-811</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TraceResourceOverride</td>
<td>6-812</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TraceSectionsList</td>
<td>6-813</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UieHideSearchCheckboxes</td>
<td>6-816</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UniversalSearchAllowFullText</td>
<td>6-817</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UploadApplet</td>
<td>6-818</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>url</td>
<td>6-819</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>urlEscape7Bit</td>
<td>6-820</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseAccounts</td>
<td>6-821</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseAdobeDistiller</td>
<td>6-822</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reference</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseAdsi</td>
<td>6-823</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseAlchemy111</td>
<td>6-824</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseAutoCad2000</td>
<td>6-825</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseAutocadModelSpace</td>
<td>6-826</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseBellevueLook</td>
<td>6-827</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseCascadingStyleSheets</td>
<td>6-828</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseCustomModaling</td>
<td>6-829</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseDatabaseShortIndexName</td>
<td>6-830</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseFourDigitYear</td>
<td>6-831</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseGroupName</td>
<td>6-832</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseGroupFilter</td>
<td>6-833</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseHtmlOrTextHighlightInfo</td>
<td>6-834</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseLightweightToPostscriptStep</td>
<td>6-835</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseLocalGroups</td>
<td>6-836</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseMicrosoftVM</td>
<td>6-837</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseNetscape</td>
<td>6-838</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseNtIm</td>
<td>6-839</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UserAccounts</td>
<td>6-840</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UserAddress</td>
<td>6-841</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UserAppRights</td>
<td>6-842</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UserCache</td>
<td>6-844</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UserCacheTimeout</td>
<td>6-845</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UserDefaultAccount</td>
<td>6-846</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseRedirectedOutput</td>
<td>6-847</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseRevisionCreateDate</td>
<td>6-848</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UserFilteredSubjects</td>
<td>6-849</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UserFullName</td>
<td>6-850</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>userHasAccessToAccount</td>
<td>6-851</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>userHasGroupPrivilege</td>
<td>6-852</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>userHasRole</td>
<td>6-853</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UserIsAdmin</td>
<td>6-854</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UserLanguageId</td>
<td>6-855</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UserLocaleId</td>
<td>6-856</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parameter</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UserName</td>
<td>6-857</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UserPublishCacheDir</td>
<td>6-858</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UserRoles</td>
<td>6-859</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseSearchCache</td>
<td>6-860</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseSearchML</td>
<td>6-861</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseSecureLdap</td>
<td>6-862</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseSelfRegistration</td>
<td>6-863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseShortNamesAlways</td>
<td>6-864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseSSL</td>
<td>6-865</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseVdk4CustomStyle</td>
<td>6-866</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseXmlEmbeddings</td>
<td>6-867</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseXmlExtensibleDTD</td>
<td>6-868</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseXmlNoDTD</td>
<td>6-869</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseXmlNoReference</td>
<td>6-870</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseXmlPStyleNames</td>
<td>6-871</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseXmlSchema</td>
<td>6-872</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseXmlSchemaDTD</td>
<td>6-873</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseXmlUrl</td>
<td>6-874</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UseXpedioLook</td>
<td>6-875</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>utGetValue</td>
<td>6-876</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>utLoad</td>
<td>6-877</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>utLoadDocumentProfiles</td>
<td>6-878</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>utLoadResultSet</td>
<td>6-879</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>valueStyle</td>
<td>6-880</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VaultDir</td>
<td>6-882</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VDKSUMMARY</td>
<td>6-883</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VerboseMode</td>
<td>6-884</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VerityAppName</td>
<td>6-885</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VerityAppSignature</td>
<td>6-886</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VerityEncoding</td>
<td>6-887</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VerityInstallDir</td>
<td>6-888</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VerityLocale</td>
<td>6-889</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WarnAboutTimeZone</td>
<td>6-890</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method/Property</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WebBrowserPath</td>
<td>6-891</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WeblayoutDir</td>
<td>6-892</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WebProxyAdminServer</td>
<td>6-893</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WebServerAuthOnly</td>
<td>6-894</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfAction</td>
<td>6-895</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfAddActionHistoryEvent</td>
<td>6-897</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfAdditionalExitCondition</td>
<td>6-898</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfAddUser</td>
<td>6-899</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfComputeStepUserList</td>
<td>6-900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfCurrentGet</td>
<td>6-901</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfCurrentSet</td>
<td>6-902</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfCurrentStep</td>
<td>6-903</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfDisplayCondition</td>
<td>6-904</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfExit</td>
<td>6-905</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfGet</td>
<td>6-906</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfGetStepTypeLabel</td>
<td>6-907</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfIsFinishedDocConversion</td>
<td>6-909</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfIsNotifyingUsers</td>
<td>6-910</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfIsReleasable</td>
<td>6-911</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfJumpEntryNotifyOff</td>
<td>6-912</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfJumpMessage</td>
<td>6-913</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfJumpName</td>
<td>6-914</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfJumpReturnStep</td>
<td>6-915</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfJumpTargetStep</td>
<td>6-916</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfLoadDesign</td>
<td>6-917</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfMailSubject</td>
<td>6-918</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfMessage</td>
<td>6-919</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfNotify</td>
<td>6-920</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfParentList</td>
<td>6-921</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfReleaseDocument</td>
<td>6-922</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfSet</td>
<td>6-923</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfSetIsNotifyingUsers</td>
<td>6-924</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WfStart</td>
<td>6-925</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Topic</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wfUpdateMetaData</td>
<td>6-926</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WorkflowDir</td>
<td>6-927</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WorkflowIntervalHours</td>
<td>6-928</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xml</td>
<td>6-929</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XMLEncodingMode</td>
<td>6-930</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XMLTimeout</td>
<td>6-931</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apache Software License</td>
<td>7-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W3C® Software Notice and License</td>
<td>7-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zlib License</td>
<td>7-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General BSD License</td>
<td>7-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General MIT License</td>
<td>7-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unicode License</td>
<td>7-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous Attributions</td>
<td>7-7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Idoc Script is a proprietary server-side scripting language. This guide describes Idoc Script usage and syntax, and provides detailed descriptions and examples of predefined Idoc Script functions, variables, and configuration settings.

Further details about Idoc Script and its use can be found in the following books:

- Services Reference Guide
- Working with Components

This section contains these topics:

- Organization (page -1)
- About This Guide (page -2)
- Audience (page -2)

**Organization**

This guide is divided into the following chapters:

- Chapter 2 (What’s New) lists the new and deprecated Idoc Script variables and functions.
- Chapter 3 (Idoc Script Application) describes how Idoc Script is used in Content Server.
Introduction

- Chapter 4 (*Idoc Script by Type*) describes the different types of *Idoc Script* variables and functions, and groups the variables and functions by type.
- Chapter 5 (*Idoc Script by Usage*) groups *Idoc Script* variables and functions by common usage.
- Chapter 6 (*Idoc Script Index*) describes each *Idoc Script* function and variable in detail.

An index is provided at the end of this guide.

**ABOUT THIS GUIDE**

This guide provides detailed information about Content Server services, which are functions or procedures performed by the content server. Calling a content server service (making a service request) is the only way to communicate with the content server or access the database. This guide describes service usage and syntax, and provides detailed descriptions and examples of standard (predefined) Content Server services.

**Note:** The information contained in this guide is based on Content Server 10gR3. The information is subject to change as the product technology evolves and as hardware and operating systems are created and modified. Due to the technical nature of browsers, databases, web servers, and operating systems, Oracle, Inc. cannot warrant compatibility with all versions and features of third-party products.

**Note:** This reference guide is part of the Software Developer’s Kit (SDK). For more information about customizing and integrating Content Server, refer to the SDK.

**AUDIENCE**

This guide is intended for developers who need to use services to customize software and for application developers who need to access Content Server functions.

**CONVENTIONS**

The following conventions are used throughout this guide:

- The notation `<Install_Dir>/` is used to refer to the location on your system where the content server instance is installed.
Forward slashes (/) are used to separate the directory levels in a path name. A forward slash will always appear after the end of a directory name.

Notes, technical tips, important notices, and cautions use these conventions:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Symbols</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Note" /></td>
<td>This is a note. It is used to bring special attention to information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Tech Tip" /></td>
<td>This is a tech tip. It is used to identify information that can be used to make your tasks easier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Important Notice" /></td>
<td>This is an important notice. It is used to identify a required step or required information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Caution" /></td>
<td>This is a caution. It is used to identify information that might cause loss of data or serious system problems.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 2

WHAT’S NEW

This section describes the new information for version 10gR3.

- Updated Application Information (page -1)
- New/Revised Idoc Script for 10gR3 (page -1)
- New/Revised Idoc Script for 7.5.1 (page -6)

UPDATED APPLICATION INFORMATION

For 8.0, information regarding naming conventions for Idoc script variables is included in Idoc Naming Conventions (page -1).

In addition, information regarding scoped local variables is provided. See Scoped Local Variables (page -35) for details.

NEW/REVISED IDOC SCRIPT FOR 10GR3

These Idoc Script variables and functions were revised or newly documented as of version 10gR3:

- AllowAllRedirectUrl (page -21)
- AllowConcurrentUpdate (page -25)
- AllowForceDelete (page -26)
- AllowRetentionPeriodWithoutCutoff (page -31)
What's New

- **AutoNumberWidth** (page -49)
- **clearSchemaData** (page -70)
- **computeDocUrl** (page -92)
- **CookieAuthTimeoutInDays** (page -100)
- **CookieProxyPassword** (page -101)
- **coreContentOnly** (page -102)
- **dcShowExportLink** (page -119)
- **DebugMode** (page -122)
- **DebugStdConversion** (page -123)
- **DefaultHtmlRefreshTimeoutInSeconds** (page -131)
- **DefaultMasterDomain** (page -132)
- **DisableAmberLayouts** (page -141)
- **DisableClassicLayoutPublishing** (page -142)
- **DisableCollegiateSkinPublishing** (page -143)
- **DisableContentProfiles** (page -144)
- **DisableDBLongIntegerField** (page -145)
- **DisableStellent05SkinPublishing** (page -152)
- **DisableStellentSkinPublishing** (page -153)
- **DisableTopMenusPublishing** (page -154)
- **DisableTraysPublishing** (page -155)
- **DisableWindowsPublishing** (page -156)
- **dpGet** (page -173)
- **dpPromote** (page -174)
- **dpPromoteRs** (page -175)
- **dpSet** (page -176)
- **encodeHtml** (page -191)
- **fieldEditWidth** (page -212)
- **fieldMaxLength** (page -217)
- `formatDateOnly` (page -240)
- `generateUniqueId` (page -252)
- `getFieldConfigValue` (page -257)
- `getFieldViewDisplayValue` (page -258)
- `getFieldViewValue` (page -259)
- `getFreeMemory` (page -260)
- `getHelpPage` (page -261)
- `getOptionListSize` (page -262)
- `getParentValue` (page -263)
- `getRequiredMsg` (page -264)
- `getTotalMemory` (page -266)
- `getViewValue` (page -272)
- `getViewValueResultSet` (page -273)
- `HasSiteStudio` (page -282)
- `HideVitalReview` (page -286)
- `HtmlDataInputFilterLevel` (page -289)
- `htmlRefreshTimeout` (page -291)
- `htmlRefreshUrl` (page -292)
- `HttpLayoutRoot` (page -312)
- `HttpSystemHelpRoot` (page -318)
- `IdcAdminServerHostName` (page -321)
- `IdcServerBindAddress` (page -332)
- `IndexableRenditions` (page -343)
- `IndexerPath` (page -346) (location change)
- `indexerSetCollectionValue` (page -349)
- `IndexerStyleDir` (page -350)
- `IsAllowIndexRenditions` (page -365)
- `IsAllowIndexVault` (page -366)
What's New

- IsDpSubmitErrorFatal (page -379)
- isLayoutEnabled (page -409)
- IsSavedWfCompanionFile (page -430)
- isValidateFile (page -444)
- IsWebServerPagesOnly (page -446)
- IsWorkflow (page -448)
- IsXml (page -449)
- isZoneField (page -450)
- lcCaption (page -466)
- LkDisableOnRebuild (page -472)
- LkDisableReferenceInfo (page -473)
- LkDisallowConversionFormats (page -474)
- LkIsSecureSearch (page -476)
- LkReExtractOnRebuild (page -477)
- LkRefreshBatchSize (page -478)
- LkRefreshErrorsAllowed (page -481)
- LkRefreshErrorPercent (page -480)
- LkRefreshErrorThreshold (page -482)
- LMDefaultLayout (page -483)
- LMDefaultSkin (page -484)
- loadDocumentProfile (page -489)
- loadEnterpriseSearchCollections (page -490)
- loadEnterpriseSearchResults (page -491)
- loadUserMetaDefinition (page -494)
- loadSchemaData (page -492)
- localPageType (page -497)
- MaxSavedSearchResults (page -518)
- NotificationIntervalInDays (page -538)
What's New

- NotificationMaximum (page -539)
- NotifyExtras (page -542)
- NotifyTime (page -543)
- pucDefaultTime (page -612)
- pucEnableOnSearch (page -613)
- pucHideTimeInDateFields (page -614)
- pucUseMonthLocale (page -615)
- pucUseWeekdayLocale (page -616)
- pucXOffset (page -617)
- pucYOffset (page -618)
- pucZIndex (page -619)
- RecordsManagementNumberOverwriteOnDelete (page -623)
- RecordsManagementDenyAuthorFreePassOnRMSecurity (page -622)
- RedirectHostsFilter (page -624)
- RmaAddDocWhereClauseForScreening (page -639)
- RMAHideExternalFieldsFromCheckInUpdate (page -640)
- RMAHideExternalFieldsFromSearchInfo (page -641)
- RmaNotifyDispReviewerAndCatAuthor (page -642)
- RmaNotifyReviewerAndAlternateReviewer (page -643)
- rptDisplayMapValue (page -646)
- rsExists (page -657)
- rsFieldByIndex (page -658)
- rsFieldExists (page -659)
- rsIsRowPresent (page -663)
- rsNumFields (page -675)
- rsNumRows (page -676)
- rsRemove (page -677)
- SchemaAllowRecursiveFileMove (page -687)
NEW/REVISED IDOC SCRIPT FOR 7.5.1

These Idoc Script variables and functions were revised or newly documented as of version 7.5.1:

- ClusterBinDirRule (page -72)
- ClusterNodeAddress (page -73)
- ClusternodeName (page -75)
What's New

- IsSoap (page -431)
- MaxStandardDatabaseResults (page -521)
- SelfRegisteredAccounts (page -714)
- setResourceInclude (page -728)
- SkipMozillaMailToWorkaround (page -741)

The following variables are available but are undocumented. They are used to access the Schema cache but are not set by users in any Schema operations:

- getViewValue
- getViewDisplayValue
- getFieldViewValue
- generateUniqueID
- getViewValuesResultSet
- getOtherTableColumn
- getMyTableColumn
- getParentValue
- getFieldViewDisplayValue

The following variable is removed for version 7.5.1:

- CompactIntervalDays
Idoc Script Application

Idoc Script is the server-side custom scripting language for Content Server. It enables you to reference variables, conditionally include content in HTML pages, and loop over results returned from queries. Because Idoc Script is evaluated on the server side rather than the client side, page elements are processed after the browser has made a request, but before the requested page is returned to the client.

Idoc Script is used primarily for the presentation of HTML templates and configuration settings.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Idoc Naming Conventions (page -1)
- Idoc Script Syntax (page -2)
- Idoc Script Uses (page -2)
- Special Keywords (page -16)
- Operators (page -19)
- Metadata Fields (page -23)
- Date / Time with Verity Integration (page -33)
- Using Merge Includes to Format Responses (page -34)
- Scoped Local Variables (page -35)
**IDOC NAMING CONVENTIONS**

Idoc variables (sometimes called configuration variables or environment variables) can be used in Idoc scripts and in configuration files.

In general, if the variable is part of a configuration, it begins with a capital letter. Those variables specified in the config.cfg file or intradoc.cfg file usually have an initial capital letter. See `EnterpriseSearchAsDefault` (page -193) for an example. Many parameters in service requests also begin with upper case letters.

Variables defined on a page, such as those that are derived and then used in files such as std_page.htm, begin with a lower case letter. See `executeService` (page -202) for an example. The variables are calculated from environment variables or service variables then used for presentation.

If a variable is used to define an object, it begins with lower case letters designating the type of object it is defining. See `wfSet` (page -923) for an example of a workflow-specific variable. In addition, all functions start with a lower case letter and many start with a prefix to describe the type of function. For example, most string manipulation functions begin with `str`, or ResultSet functions begin with `rs`.

All database column names that are not custom metadata fields begin with the lower-case letter `d`. All custom metadata database column names create by the content server begin with the lower-case letter `x`.

**IDOC SCRIPT SYNTAX**

Idoc Script follows these basic syntax rules:

- **Idoc Script Tags** (page -2)
- **Idoc Script Comments** (page -2)

**Idoc Script Tags**

All Idoc Script commands begin with `<$` and end with `$>` delimiters. For example:

```plaintext
<$dDocTitle$>
<$if UseGuiWinLook and isTrue(UseGuiWinLook)$>
```
Idoc Script Comments

You can use standard HTML comments or Idoc Script comments in Idoc Script code:

<!-- HTML Comment -->
<$c = "Idoc Script Comment"$>

IDOC SCRIPT USES

There are six basic uses for Idoc Script:

- **Includes** (page -3) enable you to reuse pieces of Idoc Script and HTML code.
- **Variables** (page -6) enable you to define and substitute variable values.
- **Functions** (page -8) enable you to perform actions, including string comparison and manipulation routines, date formatting, and ResultSet manipulation.
- **Conditionals** (page -9) enable you to evaluate *if* and *else* clauses to include or exclude code from an assembled page.
- **Looping** (page -11) enables you to repeat code for each row in a ResultSet that is returned from a query.
- The **Administration Interface** (page -13) allows you to use Idoc Script in content server applets and customizations.

Includes

An *include* defines pieces of code that are used to build the content server web pages. Includes are defined once in a resource file and then referenced by as many template files as necessary. The content server leverages includes very heavily; they are used on almost every page of the content server web site.

**Note:** Includes make it easier for you to customize your content server instance using component architecture and dynamic server pages. For more information on includes and customization, see *Working with Components*.

- An include is defined in an HTM resource file using the following format:
An include is called from an HTM template file using the following Idoc Script format:

```
<${include name}$>
```

Includes can contain Idoc Script and valid HTML code, including JavaScript, Java applets, cascading style sheets, and comments.

Includes can be defined in the same file as they are called from, or they can be defined in a separate file.

Standard includes are defined in the
<install_dir>/shared/config/resources/std_page.htm file.

See the following sections for more information:

- Include Example (page -4)
- Super Tag (page -5)
- Super Tag Example (page -5)
- Special Keywords (page -16)
- Keywords vs. Functions (page -17)

**Include Example**

One of the most common includes is the body definition element `@dynamichtml body_def`. This include sets the page background color, the color of hyperlinks, and the background image. The following code is located in the
<install_dir>/shared/config/resources/std_page.htm file:
Most of the standard template resource files (for example, 
<install_dir>/shared/config/templates/pne_home_page.htm) contain the following Idoc Script code near the top of the page:

```xml
<@dynamichtml body_def@>
<!--Background image defined as part of body tag-->
<body
    <$if background_image$>
        background="<$HttpImagesRoot$><$background_image$>"
    <$elseif colorBackground$>
        bgcolor="<$colorBackground$>"
    <$endif$>
    <$if xpedioLook$>
        link="#663399" vlink="#CC9900"
    <$else$>
        link="#000000" vlink="#CE9A63" alink="#9C3000"
    <$endif$>
    marginwidth="0" marginheight="0" topmargin="0" leftmargin="0"
> ...
<@end@>
```

When the content server resolves a template page containing this code, it looks for the <@dynamichtml body_def@> definition and replaces the placeholder code with the code in the definition.

**Super Tag**

The *super* tag is used to define exceptions to an existing include. The *super* tag tells the include to start with an existing include and then add to it or modify using the specified code.

- The *super* tag uses the following syntax:
  ```xml
  <@dynamichtml my_resource@>
      <$include super.my_resource$>
      exception code
  <@end@>
  ```

- You can use the *super* tag to refer to a standard include or a custom include. The *super* tag incorporates the include that was loaded last.
You can specify multiple *super* tags to call an include that was loaded earlier than the last version. For example, if you want to make an exception to the standard *body_def* include in two different components, you can use the following syntax in the one that is loaded last:

```xml
<$include super.super.body_def$>
```

**Caution:** If you use multiple *super* tags in one include, make sure that you know where the resources are loaded from and the order they are loaded in.

- The *super* tag is particularly useful when making small customizations to large includes or when you customize standard code that is likely to change from one software version to the next. When you upgrade to a new version of Content Server, the *super* tag ensures that your components are using the most recent version of the include, modifying only the specific code you need to customize your instance.

**See Also**
- *Super Tag Example* (page -5)

**Super Tag Example**

In this example, a component defines the *my_resource* include as follows:

```xml
@@dynamichtml my_resource@<br>
  <$a = 1, b = 2$><br>
@@end@
```

Another component that is loaded later enhances the *my_resource* include using the *super* tag. The result of the following enhancement is that “a” is assigned the value 1 and “b” is assigned the value 3:

```xml
@@dynamichtml my_resource@<br>
  <$include super.my_resource$><br>
  <!--Change "b" but not "a" --><br>
  <$b = 3$><br>
@@end@
```

**See Also**
- *Super Tag* (page -5)

**Variables**

A *variable* enables you to define and substitute variable values.
The following sections describe how to work with Idoc Script variables:

- **Creating a Variable** (page -6)
- **Referencing a Variable** (page -7)
- **Assigning a Value** (page -7)
- **Using Commas as Separators** (page -7)
- **Referencing a Variable in a Conditional** (page -7)
- **Variable Substitution Order** (page -8)
- **Regular Variables** (page -8)

## Creating a Variable

Idoc Script variables are created in one of the following ways:

- Many variables are predefined in the content server.
- You can define your own custom variables.
- Some variable values must be generated using queries and services. (Some variable information is not automatically available from the content server database, so it must be asked for by defining a query and service.)

See Chapter 4 (*Idoc Script by Type*) for more information on the types of Idoc Script variables.

## Referencing a Variable

You can reference a variable in templates and other resource files with the following Idoc Script tag:

```IdocScript
<$variable_name$>
```

## Assigning a Value

- A value can be assigned to a variable using the structure:

  ```IdocScript
  <$variable=value$
  ```

  For example, `<$i=0$>` assigns the value of 0 to the variable `i`.

- Variable values can also be defined in an environment resource (CFG) file using the following name/value pair format:

  ```IdocScript
  variable=value
  ```
For example, standard configuration variables are defined in the `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg` file.

**Using Commas as Separators**

Idoc Script supports multiple clauses separated by commas in one script block.

For example, you can use `<$a=1,b=2$>` rather than two separate statements: `<$a=1$>` and `<$b=2$>`.

**Referencing a Variable in a Conditional**

The following structure can be used to evaluate the existence of a variable:

```
<$if variable_name$>
```

If the variable is defined, this conditional is evaluated as TRUE. If the variable is not defined or it is defined as an empty (null) string, it is evaluated as FALSE.

See Conditional Example (page -10) for an example of how this type of reference is typically used.

**See Also**

– Conditionals (page -9)

**Variable Substitution Order**

When a variable value is required to fulfill a service request, the data cached in the DataBinder is evaluated in the following default order:

1. LocalData
2. Active ResultSets
3. Non-active ResultSets
4. Environment

**Note:** For more information on the DataBinder, see the Component Architecture Guide.

**Regular Variables**

A regular variable that does not have special evaluation logic (such as Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)) is equivalent to using the `#active` (page -16) keyword prefix.
For example, the tag `<$variable$>` is equivalent to `<$#active.variable$>`. However, if
`#active` is not explicitly stated and the variable is not found, an error report is printed to the
content server debug output.

## Functions

Idoc Script has a number of built-in global functions. Functions perform actions, including
string comparison and manipulation routines, date formatting, and ResultSet
manipulation. Some functions also return results, such as the results of calculations or
comparisons.

Information is passed to functions by enclosing the information in parentheses after the
name of the function. Pieces of information that are passed to a function are called
parameters. Some functions do not take parameters; some functions take one parameter;
some take several. There are also functions for which the number of parameters depends
on how the function is being used.

See **Global Functions** (page -20) for a complete list of Idoc Script functions.

### See Also

- **Global Functions** (page -20)
- **Keywords vs. Functions** (page -17)
- **Personalization Functions** (page -9)

## Personalization Functions

Personalization functions refer to user properties that are defined in content server
personalization files, also called “user topic” files. Each user’s User Profile settings,
personal links in the left navigation bar, and “workflow in queue” information are all
defined in user topic files, which are HDA files located in the `<install_dir>/data/users/

The following global functions reference user topic files:

- **utGetValue** (page -876)
- **utLoad** (page -877)
- **utLoadResultSet** (page -879)

For example, the Portal Design link in a user’s left navigation bar is generated from the
following code in the `pne_nav_userprofile_links` include (located in the
 `<install_dir>/shared/config/resources/std_page.htm` resource file). If the
portalDesignLink property in the `<install_dir>/data/users/profiles/us/username/pne_portal.hda` file is TRUE, the link is displayed:

```html
<if utGetValue("pne_portal", "portalDesignLink") == 1>
  <$hasUserProfileLinks=1$>
  <tr>
    <td colspan=2 nowrap align="left">
      <a class=pneLink href="<$HttpCgiPath$>?IdcService=GET_PORTAL_PAGE &Action=GetTemplatePage&page=PNE_PORTAL_DESIGN_PAGE">
      <$lc("wwPortalDesign")$></a>
    </td>
  </tr>
</if>
```

**Conditionals**

A *conditional* enables you to use *if* and *else* clauses to include or exclude code from an assembled page.

- Use the following Idoc Script keywords to evaluate conditions:
  - `<if condition>`
  - `<else>`
  - `<elseif condition>`
  - `<endif>`

- Conditional clauses use this general structure:
  ```html
  <$if conditionA$>
  <!--Code if conditionA is true-->
  <$elseif conditionB$>
  <!--Code if conditionB is true-->
  <$else$>
  <!--Code if neither conditionA nor conditionB are true-->
  <$endif$>
  ```

- A *condition* expression can be any Idoc Script function or variable.
  
  See Referencing a Variable in a Conditional (page -7) for more information.

- **Boolean Operators** (page -22) can be used to combine conditional clauses. For example, you can use the `and` operator as follows:
  ```html
  <$if UseBellevueLook and isTrue(UseBellevueLook)$>
  ```

- If the *condition* expression is the name of a ResultSet available for inclusion in the HTML page, the conditional clause returns *true* if the ResultSet has at least one row.
This ensures that a template page presents information for a ResultSet only if there are rows in the ResultSet.

- A conditional clause that does not trigger special computation is evaluated using the #active (page -16) prefix. The result is true if the value is not null and is either a nonempty string or a nonzero integer.

See Conditional Example (page -10) for an example of conditional code.

**Conditional Example**

In this example, a table cell `<td>` is defined depending on the value of the variable `xDepartment`:

```$if xDepartment$
  <td><$xDepartment$></td>
$else$
  <td>Department is not defined.</td>
$endif$

<$xDepartment='''$>

- If the value of `xDepartment` is defined, then the table cell contains the value of `xDepartment`.
- If the value of `xDepartment` is not defined or is an empty (null) string, a message is written as the content of the table cell.
- The last line of code “clears” the `xDepartment` variable by resetting it to an empty string.

**Looping**

Loop structures allow you to execute the same code a variable number of times. Looping can be accomplished in two ways with Idoc Script:

- **ResultSet Looping** (page -11)
- **While Looping** (page -12)

See Ending a Loop (page -13) for information on exiting and ending a loop structure.
**ResultSet Looping**

*ResultSet* looping repeats a set of code for each row in a ResultSet that is returned from a query. The name of the ResultSet to be looped is specified as a variable using the following syntax:

```$loop ResultSet_name$$
  code
$$endloop$`
```

- The code between the `<$loop$>` and `<$endloop$>` tags is repeated once for each row in the ResultSet.
- When inside a ResultSet loop, you can retrieve values from the ResultSet using the `getValue` (page -268) function. Substitution of values depends on which row is currently being accessed in the loop.
- When inside a ResultSet loop, that ResultSet becomes active and has priority over other ResultSets when evaluating variables and conditional statements.
- You cannot use the `<$loop$>` tag to loop over a variable that points to a ResultSet. To do this, you have to loop over the ResultSet manually using the `rsFirst` (page -661) and `rsNext` (page -674) functions.

For example, you cannot use the following code to loop over a ResultSet:

```$name="SearchResults"$
$loop name$
  <!--output code-->
$endloop$
```

Instead, you need to use the following code:

```$name="SearchResults"$
$rsFirst(name)$
$loopwhile getValue(name, "$isRowPresent")$
  <!--output code-->
  $rsNext(name)$
$$endloop$`
```

**ResultSet Looping Example**

In this example, a search results table is created by looping over the *SearchResults* ResultSet, which was generated by the GET_SEARCH_RESULTS service.
While Looping

While looping enables you to create a conditional loop. The syntax for a while loop is:

```xml
<$loopwhile condition$>
  code
</$endloop$

- If the result of the condition expression is true, the code between the <$loopwhile$> and <$endloop$> tags is executed.
- After all of the code in the loop has been executed, control returns to the top of the loop, where the condition expression is evaluated again.
  - If the result is true, the code is executed again.
  - If the code if the result is false, the loop is exited.

While Looping Example

In this example, a variable named `abc` is increased by 2 during each pass through the loop. On the sixth pass (when `abc` equals 10), the condition expression is no longer true, so the loop is exited.
Figure 3-3 Example of a while loop

```<$abc=0$>
<$loopwhile abc<10$>
  <$abc=(abc+2)$>
<$endloop$>
```

See Also
– Ending a Loop (page -13)

Ending a Loop

There are two Idoc Script tags that will terminate a ResultSet loop or while loop:

- `<$endloop$>` returns control to the beginning of the loop for the next pass. All loops must be closed with an `<$endloop$>` tag.
- `<$break$>` causes the innermost loop to be exited. Control resumes with the first statement following the end of the loop.

Administration Interface

You can use Idoc Script in several areas of the administration interface, including:

- Workflow Admin (page -14)
- Web Layout Editor (page -14)
- Batch Loader (page -15)
- Archiver (page -15)
- System Properties (page -15)
- Search Expressions (page -15)
- E-mail (page -15)

Workflow Admin

In the Workflow Admin tool, you can use Idoc Script to define the following:

- step events
- jump messages
- extra exit conditions
tokens
- custom effects for jumps

For example, the following step entry script sends documents in the Secure security group to the next step in the workflow:

```<$if dSecurityGroup like "Secure"$>
  <$wfSet("wfJumpName", "New")$>
  <$wfSet("wfJumpTargetStep", wfCurrentStep(1))$>
  <$wfSet("wfJumpEntryNotifyOff", "0")$>
<$endif$>```

See Workflow Script (page -35) for more information.

**Web Layout Editor**

In the Web Layout Editor, you can use Idoc Script in the page titles, page descriptions, URL descriptions, query result pages, and content queries.

For example:

- You can use Idoc Script tags in the query results page definition to specify the contents of each row in a search results table.
- To set the search results to return all content items up to 7 days, you could define the search query to be:
  ```dInDate > '<$dateCurrent(-7)$>'```
- To define a report that returns results based on the current user, you could define User Name is <$UserName$> as part of the report query expression.

See the Managing System Settings and Processes Guide for more information.

**Batch Loader**

In the Batch Loader, you can use Idoc Script in a mapping file, which tells the BatchBuilder utility how to determine the metadata for file records. See the Managing System Settings and Processes Guide for more information.

**Archiver**

In Archiver, you can use Idoc Script in the following areas:

- **Export query values.** For example, to archive content more than one year old, you could use `<$dateCurrent(-365)$>` as the Release Date value.
Value map output values. For example, to set the expiration date one week in the future for all imported revisions, you could use `<dateCurrent(7)$>` as the Output Value.

See the System Migration Guide for more information.

System Properties

When you set values in the content server System Properties utility, in the Admin Server, or in the Local Configuration or Shared Configuration screens of the Inbound Refinery, you are actually setting Idoc Script configuration variables. See the documentation for these applications for more information.

Search Expressions

You can use Idoc Script in query expressions. For example, you could use the following expressions in a URL to perform a search using Verity Integration, an add-on application:

```
QueryText=dDocAuthor <matches> '<$UserName$>'
QueryText=dInDate > <$dateCurrent(-7)$>
```

E-mail

You can use Idoc Script to customize the subject line and body of a notification e-mail sent by the content server. For example:

```
Hello, <$UserName$>. Content item <$dDocName$> requires your review.
```
## Special Keywords

The following keywords have special meaning in Idoc Script:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Keyword</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| #active | <$#active.variable$> | Retrieves the value of the specified variable from the DataBinder, searching in the following default order:  
1. Local data  
2. Active ResultSets  
3. All other ResultSets  
4. Environment  
Does not send an error report to the content server debug output if the variable is not found. |
| #local | <$#local-variable$> | Retrieves the value of the specified variable from the local data. Does not send an error report to the content server debug output if the variable is not found. |
| #env | <$#env-variable$> | Retrieves the value of the specified variable from the environment settings. Does not send an error report to the content server debug output if the variable is not found. |
| exec | <$exec expression$> | Executes an expression and suppresses the output (does not display the expression on the page).  
**Note:** In earlier versions of Idoc Script, the `exec` keyword was required to suppress the value of any variable from appearing in the output file. In the current version, the `exec` keyword is needed only to suppress an expression from appearing in the output file. |
| include | <$include ResourceName$> | Includes the code from the specified resource. See `Includes` (page -3) for more information. |
Keywords vs. Functions

Content server pages use the *include* and *exec* Special Keywords (page -16) and the *inc* and *eval* Functions (page -8) extensively. This section describes the differences between these commands and gives examples of how to use them.

The *include* and *exec* keywords are standalone commands that operate on defined parameters, but cannot take a variable as a parameter. The *inc* and *eval* functions have similar purposes, but they can take variables for parameters, which allows you to dynamically create Idoc Script code depending on the value of the variables.

The following sections describe these keywords and functions in detail:

- **exec Keyword** (page -17)
- **eval Function** (page -18)
- **include Keyword** (page -18)
- **inc Function** (page -18)

**exec Keyword**

The *exec* keyword executes an Idoc Script expression and suppresses the output (does not display the expression on the page). It is primarily used to set variables without writing anything to the page.

In earlier versions of Idoc Script, the *exec* keyword was required to suppress the value of any variable from appearing in the output file. In the current version, the *exec* keyword is needed only to suppress an expression from appearing in the output.

For example, the first line below is equivalent to the last two lines:

```idocs
<$varA="stringA", varB="stringB"$>
```

See Also

- *Variable Substitution Order* (page -8)
- *Keywords vs. Functions* (page -17)
- *getValue* (page -268)

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Keyword</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>super</td>
<td><code>&lt;$include super.&lt;include&gt;$&gt;</code></td>
<td>Starts with the existing version of the include code. See <em>Super Tag</em> (page -5) for more information.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
See exec (page -200) for more information.

**eval Function**

The `eval` function evaluates an expression as if it were actual Idoc Script.

In the following example, a variable named `one` is assigned the string `Company Name`, and a variable named `two` is assigned a string that includes variable `one`.

```
<one="Company Name"$>
<two="Welcome to <$one$>"$>
<one$><br>
<two$><br>
<eval(two)$>
```

In the page output, variable `one` presents the string `Company Name`, variable `two` presents the string `Welcome to <Company Name>`, and the function `eval(two)` presents the string `Welcome to Company Name`.

Note that the string to be evaluated must have the Idoc Script delimiters `<$ $>` around it, otherwise it will not be evaluated as Idoc Script.

Also note that too much content generated dynamically in this manner can slow down page display. If the `eval` function is used frequently on a page, it may be more efficient to put the code in an include and use the `inc Function` (page -18) in conjunction with the `eval` function.

See eval (page -195) for more information.

**include Keyword**

The `include` keyword is the standard way in which chunks of code are incorporated into the current page. Because `include` is a keyword, it cannot take a variable as a parameter—the parameter must be the name of an include that already exists.

See Includes (page -3) and include (page -339) for more information.

**inc Function**

The `inc` function does the same thing as the `include` keyword, except that it can take a variable as the parameter. This function is most useful for dynamically changing which include will be used depending on the current value of a variable.
For example, say you want to execute some Idoc Script for some, but not all, of your custom metadata fields. You could dynamically create includes based on the field names (such as `specific_include_xComments`) by executing this Idoc Script:

```$loop DocMetaDefinition$
  <$myInclude = "specific_include_" & dName$>
  <$exec inc(myInclude)$>
<$endloop$>
```

Note the use of the `exec Keyword` (page -17), which suppresses the output of the include specified by the `inc` function. If you don’t use `exec` before the `inc` function, the HTML inside the specified include will be displayed on the page.

Note that if the `specific_include_xComments` does not exist, this code will not throw an error because the output is not being displayed.

See `inc` (page -335) for more information.

## OPERATORS

Idoc Script supports a number of operators. This section describes the following:

- **Comparison Operators** (page -19)
- **Special String Operators** (page -20)
- **Numeric Operators** (page -22)
- **Boolean Operators** (page -22)

### Comparison Operators

Use the following comparison operators compare the value of two operands and return a `true` or `false` value based on the result of the comparison. These operators can be used to compare integers and Boolean values in Idoc Script.

**Tech Tip:** If you are using Idoc Script in an HCSP or HCSF page, you must use special comparison operators. For more information, see the *Dynamic Server Pages Guide*.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operator</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>==</code></td>
<td>equality</td>
<td><code>&lt;$if 2 == 3$&gt; evaluates to false</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Use the following special string operators to concatenate and compare strings:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operator</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>!=</td>
<td>inequality</td>
<td>&lt;$if 2 != 3$&gt; evaluates to true</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;</td>
<td>less than</td>
<td>&lt;$if 2 &lt; 2$&gt; evaluates to false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;=</td>
<td>less than or equal</td>
<td>&lt;$if 2 &lt;= 2$&gt; evaluates to true</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt;</td>
<td>greater than</td>
<td>&lt;$if 3 &gt; 2$&gt; evaluates to true</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt;=</td>
<td>greater than or equal</td>
<td>&lt;$if 3 &gt;= 2$&gt; evaluates to true</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Important:** These are numeric operators that are useful with strings only in special cases where the string data has some valid numeric meaning, such as dates (which convert to milliseconds when used with the standard comparison operators).

- For string concatenation, string inclusion, and simple string comparison, use the [Special String Operators](#) (page -20).
- To perform advanced string operations, use `strEquals` (page -756), `strReplace` (page -766), or other string-related global functions.

---

### Special String Operators

Use the following special string operators to concatenate and compare strings:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operator</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&amp;</td>
<td><strong>The string join operator</strong> performs string concatenation. Use this operator to create script that produces Idoc Script for a resource include.</td>
<td>&lt;$&quot;&lt;$include &quot; &amp; VariableInclude &amp; &quot;&quot;&gt;$&gt; evaluates to: &lt;$include VariableName$&gt;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| like | **The string comparison operator** compares two strings.  
- The first string is compared against the pattern of the second string. (The second string can use asterisk and question mark characters as **Wildcards** (page -21).)  
- This operator is not case sensitive. | Evaluates to FALSE: <$if "cart" like "car"$>  
Evaluates to TRUE: <$if "cart" like "car?"$>  
Evaluates to TRUE: <$if "carton" like "car*"$>  
Evaluates to TRUE: <$if "Carton" like "car*"$> |
For example, to determine whether the variable “a” has the prefix `car` or contains the substring `truck`, this expression could be used:

```$if a like "car*|*truck"$```

**Important:** To perform advanced string operations, use `strEquals` (page -756), `strReplace` (page -766), or other string-related global functions. See Strings (page -35) for a complete list.

### Wildcards

The `like` operator recognizes the following wildcard symbols:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wildcard</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| *        | Matches 0 or more characters. | • `grow*` matches `grow`, `grows`, `growth`, and `growing`  
• `*car` matches `car`, `scar`, and `motorcar`  
• `s*o` matches `so`, `solo`, and `soprano` |
| ?        | Matches exactly one character. | • `grow?` matches `grows` and `growl` but not `growth`  
• `grow??` matches `growth` but not `grows` or `growing`  
• `b?d` matches `bad`, `bed`, `bid`, and `bud` |

### Numeric Operators

Use the following numeric operators to perform arithmetic operations. These operators are for use on integers evaluating to integers or on floats evaluating to floats:
Use the following Boolean operators to perform logical evaluations:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operator</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>and</td>
<td>If both operands have nonzero values or are true, the result is 1.</td>
<td><code>&lt;$if 3&gt;2 and 4&gt;3$&gt;</code> evaluates to 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If either operand equals 0 or is false, the result is 0.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or</td>
<td>If either operand has a nonzero value or is true, the result is 1.</td>
<td><code>&lt;$if 3&gt;2 or 3&gt;4$&gt;</code> evaluates to 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If both operands equal 0 or are false, the result is 0.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>not</td>
<td>If the operand equals 0 or is false, the result is 1.</td>
<td><code>&lt;$if not 3=4$&gt;</code> evaluates to 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If the operand has a nonzero value or is true, the result is 0.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** Boolean operators evaluate from left to right. If the value of the first operand is sufficient to determine the result of the operation, the second operand is not evaluated.
METADATA FIELDS

This section includes these topics:

- Metadata Field Naming (page -23)
- Standard Metadata Fields (page -24)
- Option Lists (page -30)
- Referencing Metadata in Dynamic Server Pages (page -32)

Metadata Field Naming

Each metadata field in the content server has an internal field name, which is used in code. In addition, many fields have descriptive captions which are shown on web pages.

- Use field captions when displaying metadata to the user.
- Use internal field names when batch loading files or scripting dynamic server pages (.hcst, .hcsp, and .hcspf pages).
- All internal metadata field names begin with either a “d” or an “x”:
  - Predefined field names begin with a “d”. For example, dDocAuthor.
  - Custom field names begin with an “x”. For example, xDepartment.
- When you create a custom metadata field in the Configuration Manager, the “x” is automatically added to the beginning of your field name.

Important: In all cases, internal metadata field names are case sensitive.

Standard Metadata Fields

This section describes the standard metadata fields that Content Server stores for each content item. The fields are grouped as follows:

- Common Metadata Fields (page -24)
- Other Fields (page -25)
Common Metadata Fields

The following metadata fields are the most commonly used in customizing the content server interface. These fields appear by default on checkin and search pages.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Internal Field Name</th>
<th>Standard Field Caption</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>dDocAccount</td>
<td>Account</td>
<td>Security account.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dDocAuthor</td>
<td>Author</td>
<td>User who checked in the revision.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xComments</td>
<td>Comments</td>
<td>Explanatory comments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dDocName</td>
<td>Content ID</td>
<td>Unique content item identifier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dOutDate</td>
<td>Expiration Date</td>
<td>Date the revision becomes unavailable for searching or viewing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dInDate</td>
<td>Release Date</td>
<td>Date the revision is scheduled to become available for searching and viewing (see also dCreateDate (page -25) and dReleaseDate (page -28)).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dRevLabel</td>
<td>Revision</td>
<td>Revision label (see also dRevisionID (page -29)).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dDocTitle</td>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Descriptive title.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dDocType</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Content type.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Do not confuse the Content ID (dDocName) with the dID (page -25). The dID is an internally generated integer that refers to a specific revision of a content item.

Other Fields

In addition to the Common Metadata Fields (page -24), the following metadata is stored for content items:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Internal Field Name</th>
<th>Standard Field Caption</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>dCheckoutUser</td>
<td>Checked Out By (Content Information page)</td>
<td>User who checked out the revision.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dCreateDate</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>Date the revision was checked in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dDocFormats</td>
<td>Formats (Content Information page)</td>
<td>File formats of the primary and alternate files.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dDocID</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>Unique rendition identifier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dExtension</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>File extension of the primary file.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dFileSize</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>File size of the primary file (in kilobytes).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dFlag1</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>Not used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dFormat</td>
<td>Format (checkin page, “Allow override format on checkin” enabled)</td>
<td>File format of the primary file.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dID</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>Unique revision identifier.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| dIndexerState | None | State of the revision in an Indexer cycle. Possible values are:  
X – The revision has been processed by the rebuild cycle.  
Y – The revision has been processed by the rebuild cycle.  
A, B, C, or D – Values generated at run time that can be assigned to any of the following states:  
• Loading the revision for the active update cycle.  
• Indexing the revision for the active update cycle.  
• Loading the revision for the rebuild cycle.  
• Indexing the revision for the rebuild cycle.  
The specific definitions of these values are stored in the `<install_dir>/search/cyclesymbols.hda` file. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Internal Field Name</th>
<th>Standard Field Caption</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| dIsCheckedOut       | None                   | Indicates whether the revision is checked out.  
0 – Not checked out  
1 – Checked out |
| dIsPrimary          | None                   | Indicates the type of file, primary or alternate.  
0 – Alternate file  
1 – Primary file |
| dIsWebFormat        | None                   | Indicates whether the file is the web-viewable file in the `weblayout` directory.  
0 – Not web-viewable file  
1 – Web-viewable file |
| dLocation           | None                   | Not used. |
| dMessage            | None (Content Information page) | Indicates the success or reason for failure for indexing or conversion. |
| dOriginalName       | Get Native File (Content Information page)  
Original File (revision checkin page) | Original file name of the native file. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Internal Field Name</th>
<th>Standard Field Caption</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| dProcessingState    | None                   | Conversion status of the revision. Possible values are:  
|                     |                        | I – Incomplete Conversion; an error occurred in the conversion after a valid web-viewable file was produced and the file was full-text indexed.  
|                     |                        | Y – Converted; the revision was converted successfully and the web-viewable file is available.  
|                     |                        | P – Refinery PassThru; Inbound Refinery failed to convert the revision and passed the native file through to the web.  
|                     |                        | F – Failed; the revision is deleted, locked, or corrupted, or an indexing error occurred.  
|                     |                        | C – Processing; the revision is being converted by the Inbound Refinery.  
|                     |                        | M – MetaData Only; full-text indexing was bypassed and only the revision’s metadata was indexed. |
| dPublishState       | None                   | Publish state of a revision that is used with Content Publisher. Possible values are:  
|                     |                        | P – Published  
|                     |                        | S – Staged  
|                     |                        | W – Workflow  
|                     |                        | null – Not staged, published, or in a workflow |
| dPublishType        | None                   | Content type for a revision that is used with Content Publisher. Possible values are:  
|                     |                        | H – Home  
|                     |                        | N – Navigation  
|                     |                        | S – Query results pages  
|                     |                        | P – Pages  
|                     |                        | G – Gallery Graphics  
|                     |                        | C – Contributor embedded graphics  
<p>|                     |                        | O – All others |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Internal Field Name</th>
<th>Standard Field Caption</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>dReleaseDate</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>Date that the revision was actually released.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| dReleaseState       | None                    | Release status of a revision.  
                     | N – New, not yet indexed  
                     | E – In a workflow  
                     | R – Processing, preparing for indexing  
                     | I – Currently being indexed; the file has been renamed to the released name  
                     | Y – Released  
                     | U – Released, but needs to be updated in the index  
                     | O – Old revision |
| dRendition1         | None                    | Indicates whether the file is a thumbnail rendition.  
                     | Possible values are:  
                     | null – File is not a thumbnail rendition  
<pre><code>                 | T – File is a thumbnail rendition |
</code></pre>
<p>| dRendition2         | None                    | Not used. |
| dRevClassID         | None                    | Internal integer that corresponds to the Content ID (dDocName (page -24)). Used to enhance query response times. |
| dRevisionID         | None                    | Internal revision number that increments by 1 for each revision of a content item, regardless of the value of dRevLabel (page -24). |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Internal Field Name</th>
<th>Standard Field Caption</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| dStatus             | Status (Content Information page) | State of a revision in the system. Possible values are:  
|                     |                         | **GENWWW** – The file is being converted to web-viewable format or is being indexed, or has failed conversion or indexing.  
|                     |                         | **DONE** – The file is waiting to be released on its specified Release Date.  
|                     |                         | **RELEASED** – The revision is available in the content server.  
|                     |                         | **REVIEW** – The revision is in a workflow and is being reviewed.  
|                     |                         | **EDIT** – The revision is at the initial contribution step of a workflow.  
|                     |                         | **PENDING** – The revision is in a Basic workflow and is waiting for approval of all revisions in the workflow.  
|                     |                         | **EXPIRED** – The revision is no longer available for viewing in the content server. (The revision was not deleted, but it can be accessed only by an administrator.)  
|                     |                         | **DELETED** – The revision has been deleted and is waiting to be completely removed from the content server during the next indexing cycle.  |
| dWebExtension       | None                    | File extension of the web-viewable file. |
Option Lists

An option list is a set of values that can be selected for a metadata field. The following topics describe the use of option lists:

- Internal Option Lists (page -30)
- Option List Script (page -31)
- Creating an Option List (page -32)

Internal Option Lists

Content Server maintains the following internal option lists by default:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Metadata Field</th>
<th>Option List</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Author (dDocAuthor)</td>
<td>docAuthors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Security Group (dSecurityGroup)</td>
<td>securityGroups*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type (dDocType)</td>
<td>docTypes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Account (dDocAccount)</td>
<td>docAccounts*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Role (dRole)</td>
<td>roles</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* The securityGroups and docAccounts option lists are filtered according to the current user’s permissions.
## Option List Script

The following Idoc Script variables and functions are used to generate and enable option lists:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variable or Function</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>optList (page -563) function</td>
<td>Generates the option list for a metadata field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>optionListName (page -555) variable</td>
<td>Specifies the name of an option list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fieldIsOptionList (page -216) variable</td>
<td>Specifies that a metadata field has an option list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fieldOptionListType (page -219) variable</td>
<td>Specifies the type of option list (strict, combo, multi, or access).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hasOptionList (page -279) variable</td>
<td>Set to the value of the fieldIsOptionList variable. This variable is used in conditional statements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>defaultOptionListScript (page -136) variable</td>
<td>Defines a piece of Idoc Script that displays a standard option list field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>optionListScript (page -559) variable</td>
<td>Overrides the standard implementation of option list fields (as defined by the defaultOptionListScript variable).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>optionsAllowPreselect (page -562) variable</td>
<td>Specifies that a metadata field option list can be prefilled with its last value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>addEmptyOption (page -9) variable</td>
<td>Specifies that the first value in the option list is blank.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>optionListResultSet (page -557) variable</td>
<td>Specifies a ResultSet that contains option list values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>optionListKey (page -554) variable</td>
<td>Specifies the name of a ResultSet column that contains option list values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>optionListValueInclude (page -560) variable</td>
<td>Specifies an include that defines the values for an option list.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Creating an Option List

To create an option list, you can use one of the following methods:

- Use the `optList` (page -563) function to generate a basic option list.

  For example, this code displays a list of possible authors as an HTML option list:
  ```
  <select name="dDocAuthors">
   <$optList docAuthors$>
  </select>
  ```

- Use the `rsMakeFromList` (page -664) function to turn the option list into a ResultSet, and then loop over the ResultSet.

  For example, this code creates a ResultSet called `Authors` from the `docAuthors` option list, and loops over the ResultSet to create an HTML option list. (Because the column name is not specified as a parameter for `rsMakeFromList`, the column name defaults to “row”.)
  ```
  <$rsMakeFromList("Authors","docAuthors")$>
  <select name="dDocAuthors">
   <$loop Authors$>
    <option><$row$>
   <$endloop$>
  </select>
  ```

**Tech Tip:** The code samples above are equivalent. Typically, you would use the `rsMakeFromList` function when you want to parse or evaluate the list options.

Referencing Metadata in Dynamic Server Pages

For dynamic server pages, several metadata values are stored with a `ref:` prefix, which makes them available to the page but does not replace ResultSet values. (This prevents “pollution” of ResultSets by dynamic server pages.)

When you reference any of the following metadata values on a dynamic server page, you must include the `ref:` prefix:

- `hasDocInfo`
- `dDocName`
- `dExtension`
- `dSecurityGroup`
- `isLatestRevision`
For example, the following statement determines if the document type is Page:

```$if strEquals(ref:dDocType,"Page")$```

**Note:** See the Dynamic Server Pages Guide for more information.

## DATE / TIME WITH VERITY INTEGRATION

**Note:** Verity Integration is an add-in product available for purchase for use with Content Server.

Certain formatting considerations must be understood when handling date/time with Verity. In most cases, you should use a single-backquotes (ASCII character #96) with the date/time string. Inadvertently using single-straightquotes (ASCII character #39) causes Verity to misread the date.

For example:

```dInDate > `10/1/03````

Note the use of single-backquotes. Using this format, the content server will parse the date and recreate the date in a format that Verity can handle properly. In this example, `10/1/2003` is interpreted as October 1st, 2003.

Alternatively:

```dInDate > '10/1/03'```

Note the use of single-straightquotes. Using this format, Verity uses the UTC timezone and the YMD (year followed by month followed by day) to evaluate the date. Thus, `10/1/03` is interpreted at January 3rd, 2010.

**Tech Tip:** Use WebLayout Editor Query Design to cut and paste Verity clauses.
**USING MERGE INCLUDES TO FORMAT RESPONSES**

You can use a MergeInclude to format your results from a content server request based on an IdocScript include, rather than an entire template page.

A MergeInclude is a feature often used to integrate ASP pages with the content server using the IdcCommandX ActiveX module. The content server architecture is essentially a modular, secure, service-based application with multiple interfaces, although its architecture was designed to optimize the web interface. Services such as ‘GET_SEARCH_RESULTS’ will generate response data based on the ‘QueryString’ passed, and the user’s security credentials. This response data is internally represented in the form of a HDA file. To see this in action, simply perform a search using the content server, and then add ‘IsJava=1’ to the URL. You will now see how we internally represent the data for the response.

Because this HDA representation is not particularly useful for web-based users, so we use IdocScript includes and templates to format the response into a readable HTML page. A user can modify how this HTML is displayed by changing the template or a few resource includes with a component.

However, if you want to retrieve only a small portion of this search result (for example, to display it on an ASP, JSP, or PHP page where the majority of the code is not IdocScript), or have an IFRAME or DIV element pop up and display the results, or to dynamically change how to display the results, you can simply add these parameters to your URL: `MergeInclude=my_custom_include&IsJava=1`

This will cause the content server to bypass formatting the response according to the template that is specified in the service. It will instead format the response based on the IdocScript in ‘my_custom_include’. For example, if you executed a search, then added the above line to the URL, and the include looked like this in your component:

```html
<@dynamihtml my_custom_include@>
<html>
<table width=300>
<tr>
  <td><b>Name</b></td>
  <td><b>Title (Author)</b></td>
</tr>
$loop SearchResults$
<tr><td><a href="$URL$">$dDocName$</a></td>
  <td>$dDocTitle$ (<$dDocAuthor$>)</td></tr>
$endloop$
</table>
</html>
<@end@>
```
This would display a search result page devoid of all images and formatting that you may not need. Consequently, you can format any content server response with any IdocScript include that you wish. In theory, the IdocScript include can contain any kind of formatting that you wish: XML, WML, or simply plain text.

For example, if you wanted to return search results in a format that can be read in an Excel Spreadsheet, you could create a resource include that returns a comma-separated list of entries. You could then save the returned file to your hard drive, and then open it up in Excel. Another useful trick would be to create a resource include that formats the response into a record set that can be read in as a file by the IdcCommandX utility, or the BatchLoader. Such an include could be used with a search result, or an Active Report created with the Weblayout Editor, to build up batch files specific to arbitrary queries against the content server’s database, or against the search index.

- MergeInclude variables are cached differently than normal resource includes. Therefore, you must restart the content server if you make changes to the resource include. This can be bypassed if you execute a ‘docLoadResourceInclude()’ function to dynamically load different includes from within the MergeInclude.

- As of version 6.0, the content type of the returned data is ‘text/plain’ and not ‘text/html’ for data returned by a MergeInclude. Some clients (such as IE and many versions of Netscape) will still display plain text as html if you have valid HTML in the response, others clients may not. If you experience problems, you may need to manually set the content type when you link to it.

**Scoped Local Variables**

Scoped local variables are a special kind of local variable, used to override how metadata is drawn to the page. These variables are scoped to a specific metadata field by separating them with a colon.

For example, to hide the title and comments fields, you would set the following flags:

```IdocScript
dDocTitle:isHidden=1
xComments:isHidden=1
```

These flags must be set early in the page in the URL or by overriding the include `std_doc_page_definitions`.

In the following list, all flags affect the display of the field `xFieldName`:

- `xFieldName:groupHeader`: This is set in Content Profiles if this field is the first field in a group. It contains the HTML and IdocScript to use for the group header.
- `xFieldName:hasOptionList`: Allows the field to contain a custom option list, instead of using the default option list. Must be used with the `xFieldName:optionListName` variable or `xFieldName:optionListScript` variable.

- `xFieldName:include`: Used to set the value for `fieldInclude` to the name of a custom resource include. This resource will be used throughout the page, including the JavaScript and the HTML. This flag is used rarely. If needed, use the `std_namevalue_field` include file as a guide for making a custom include.

- `xFieldName:isExcluded`: Set to true to exclude a field from the page completely. It will not be displayed as a field, or as a hidden input field. The field will be completely absent from the page.

- `xFieldName:isHidden`: Set to TRUE to hide a field on the page. On pages with form posts, the field will still be present. However, it will only exist as a hidden INPUT field. The value of the field will be blank, unless `xFieldName` or `fieldValue` is defined. This will enable you to create pages with default values that cannot be changed.

- `xFieldName:isInfoOnly`: Set to TRUE to display only the value of a field. This is used instead of `xFieldName:isHidden` to show the user what default values are being submitted.

- `xFieldName:isRelocated`: Set to TRUE to stop the automatic display of a field on the HTML page. By default, all fields on the page have a specific order. To reorder them, you must set this flag, then display the field manually.

```xml
<!-- hide the comments field -->
<xComments:isRelocated = 1/>
<loop DocMetaDefinition$>
  <$strTrimWs(inc("std_meta_field_display"))$>
</endloop>
<!-- now turn off relocation, and display it -->
<xComments:isRelocated = ""$>
  <$fieldName="xComments", fieldCaption="Comments", fieldType="Memo"$>
  <$include std_display_field$>
</xComments:isRelocated = ""$>
```

- `xFieldName:isRequired`: Set to TRUE to turn this field into a required field. This flag must be set in `std_doc_page_definitions`, before the JavaScript validation code is drawn to the page.

- `xFieldName:maxLength`: Similar to `fieldWidth`, this sets the maximum length of a text input field. This is usually greater than `fieldWidth`, and must be less than the width of the field in the database.
- **xFieldName:noSchema**: Set to TRUE to disable a schema option list for a field. Required if you wish to generate option lists in a custom, dynamic way.

- **xFieldName:optionListName**: This flag can only be set if a field is an option list. You can override which option list to use to display values:

  ```
  <$xCountry:hasOptionList = 1$>
  <$xCountry:noSchema = 1$>
  <$xCountry:optionListName = "securityGroups"$>
  <$loop DocMetaDefinition$>
  <$strTrimWs(inc("std_meta_field_display"))$>  
  <$endloop$>
  ```

- **xFieldName:optionListScript**: Similar to `optionListName`, except it can be used to render IdocScript instead of explicitly defined option lists. This allows the option list to be drawn with a ResultSet instead:

  ```
  <$xCountry:hasOptionList = 1$>
  <$xCountry:noSchema = 1$>
  <$xCountry:optionListScript =  
  "<$rsMakeFromList('GROUPS', 'securityGroups')$>"  &  
  "<select>"  &  
  "$loop GROUPS$"  &  
  " <option><$row$>"  &  
  "$endloop$>
  "</select>$>
  <$loop DocMetaDefinition$>
  <$strTrimWs(inc("std_meta_field_display"))$>
  <$endloop$>
  ```

- **xFieldName:rowClass**: Used in `std_nameentry_row`. It sets a Cascading Style Sheet class for the table row that contains this field.

  ```
  <$xComments:rowClass="xuiPageTitleText"$>
  <$loop DocMetaDefinition$>
  <$strTrimWs(inc("std_meta_field_display"))$>  
  <$endloop$>
  ```

- **xFieldName:rowStyle**: Same as `rowClass`, but this can be used to create inline styles. For example, to hide the Comments field with DHTML, use the following code:

  ```
  <$xComments:rowStyle="display:none"$>
  <$loop DocMetaDefinition$>
  <$strTrimWs(inc("std_meta_field_display"))$>  
  <$endloop$>
  ```

  This is useful when you want to hide and display fields dynamically without a page reload.
This chapter describes the different types of Idoc Script variables and functions, and groups the variables and functions by type.

- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Dynamic Variables (page -20)
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Page Variables (page -24)
- Read-Only Variables (page -29)
- Setable Variables (page -32)
- Value Variables (page -33)
- Web Server Variables (page -34)
- Workflow Script (page -35)

**Conditional Dynamic Variables**

Some dynamic variables are conditional and can only be used within a conditional statement such as *if*, *while*, *elseif*, or *loop*. These variables have the following special features:

- Conditional variables are internal flags that are “gettable” but not “settable.”
- Conditional variables will only provide a Boolean response and do not return a value such as a string or integer.
Conditional variables will not accept the \#active keyword prefix. Thus, an error report is printed to the content server debug output if the variable is not found.

The following is a complete list of Idoc Script conditional dynamic variables:

- AdminAtLeastOneGroup (page -15)
- AfterLogin (page -20)
- AllowCheckin (page -23)
- AllowCheckout (page -24)
- AllowReview (page -32)
- dcShowExportLink (page -119)
- EmptyAccountCheckinAllowed (page -181)
- HasPredefinedAccounts (page -281)
- HasUrl (page -283)
- HeavyClient (page -284)
- IsCheckinPreAuthed (page -372)
- isComponentEnabled (page -373)
- IsContributor (page -375)
- IsCriteriaSubscription (page -376)
- IsCurrentNav (page -377)
- IsDynamic (page -380)
- IsExternalUser (page -386)
- IsFilePresent (page -395)
- IsFullTextIndexed (page -399)
- IsLocalSearchCollectionID (page -410)
- IsLoggedIn (page -411)
- IsMac (page -412)
- IsMaxRows (page -413)
- IsMultiPage (page -415)
- IsNotSyncRev (page -418)
- IsPromptingForLogin (page -422)
- IsRequestError (page -427)
- IsSubAdmin (page -433)
- IsSun (page -434)
- IsSysManager (page -435)
- IsUploadSockets (page -441)
- IsUserEmailPresent (page -442)
- IsWindows (page -447)
- IsWorkflow (page -448)
CONFIGURATION VARIABLES

Configuration variables are predefined Idoc Script variables that are generally used as settings in configuration files. These variables can be used within Idoc Script to detect whether a configuration setting is enabled or to return the value of the configuration setting.

- Configuration variables that pass a Boolean value can be set only to the value TRUE (1) or FALSE (0).
- Unless otherwise specified, Boolean-type configuration values will default to FALSE (0), and string-type configuration values will default to an empty string.

This section lists the configuration variables by the configuration file (typically .cfg or .hda) in which they are most commonly located. Your actual application will vary depending on the criteria and selections made during installation.

- Content Server Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Inbound Refinery Configuration Variables (page -15)
- Pop-Up Calendar Configuration Variables (page -19)
- Record Manager and Retention Manager Configuration Variables (page -19)

Content Server Configuration Variables

The following configuration files are located in the content server installation directory (noted by <install_dir>):

<install_dir>/admin/bin/intradoc.cfg (page -3)
<install_dir>/admin/config/config.cfg (page -4)
<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg (page -4)
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg (page -5)
<install_dir>/custom/folders/folders_environment.cfg (page -13)
<install_dir>/data/providers/provider_name/provider.hda (page -13)
<install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda (page -14)
<install_dir>/search/search.cfg (page -15)

<install_dir>/admin/bin/intradoc.cfg

The following configuration variables are located in the <install_dir>/admin/bin/intradoc.cfg file. These variables define directory paths and global settings for the Admin Server.

IntradocDir (page -360)
JvmCommandLine (page -461)
WeblayoutDir (page -892)

<install_dir>/admin/config/config.cfg

The following configuration variables are located in the <install_dir>/admin/config/config.cfg file. These variables define content server instance settings for the Admin Server.

CgiFileName (page -64)
HttpRelativeWebRoot (page -315)
HttpServerAddress (page -316)
IdcAdminServerHostName (page -321)
IdcAdminServerPort (page -322)

<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg

The following configuration variables are located in the <install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg file. These variables define directory paths and other global settings for the content server.

AllowConcurrentUpdate (page -25)
ARCHIVE_COLLECTION (page -38)
BatchLoaderPath (page -50)
BatchLoaderUserName (page -51)
CLASSPATH (page -68)
CleanUp (page -69)
CollectionLocation (page -79)
DataDir (page -113)
EnableErrorFile (page -185)
FileEncoding (page -225)
HTMLEditorPath (page -290)
IdcAnalyzeLogDir (page -323)
IdcCommandFile (page -325)
The following configuration variables are located in the `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg` file. These variables define most of the configuration settings for the content server.

- AdditionalIndexBuildParams (page -10)
- AdditionalSubscriptionCollatedFieldList (page -13)
- AdminDataDir (page -16)
- AllowAllRedirectUrl (page -21)
- AllowAlternateMetaFile (page -22)
- AllowMatchesInDateCheck (page -28)
- AllowPrimaryMetaFile (page -30)
- AllowSamePrimaryAlternateExtensions (page -33)
- AppletChunkSize (page -36)
- AppletChunkThreshold (page -37)
- ARCHIVE_COLLECTION (page -38)
- ArchiverDoLocks (page -39)
- ArchiverTouchMonitorInterval (page -40)
- ArchiverTraceLockMaintenance (page -41)
- ArchiverTraceLocks (page -42)
- AuthorDelete (page -45)
- AutoMaxMergeTrace (page -47)
- AutoNumberPrefix (page -48)
Idoc Script by Type

AutoNumberWidth (page -49)
BinDir (page -52)
CachedResultRowCount (page -56)
CGI_DEBUG (page -61)
CGI_RECEIVE_DUMP (page -62)
CGI_SEND_DUMP (page -63)
CgiFileName (page -64)
CharMap (page -65)
CheckMkvdkDocCount (page -66)
ChunkedRequestTrace (page -67)
CollectionLocation (page -79)
ColumnMapFile (page -91)
ConfigDir (page -95)
ConversionCacheExpirationPeriodInDays (page -98)
CookieAuthTimeoutInDays (page -100)
CookieProxyPassword (page -101)
createAlternateMetaFile (page -103)
createPrimaryMetaFile (page -105)
DatabasePreserveCase (page -111)
DatabaseWildcards (page -112)
DatedCacheIntervalDays (page -116)
DateOutputFormat (page -117)
DCMaxFileSize (page -118)
DCTimeOut (page -120)
DCViewFormat (page -121)
Default Accounts (page -124)
DefaultAuth (page -125)
DefaultFilterInputFormat (page -127)
DefaultFilterOutputFormat (page -128)
DefaultHtmlConversion (page -130)
DefaultHtmlRefreshTimeoutInSeconds (page -131)
DefaultPasswordEncoding (page -137)
DirectoryLockingLogPath (page -140)
DisableAmberLayouts (page -141)
DisableClassicLayoutPublishing (page -142)
DisableCollegiateSkinPublishing (page -143)
DisableContentProfiles (page -144)
DisableDBLongIntegerField (page -145)
DisableForcedConversions (page -146)
DisableHttpUploadChunking (page -148)
DisableKeepingForcedConversions (page -149)
DisableOptimizedLatestReleaseQuerying (page -150)
DisableSharedCacheChecking (page -151)
DisableStellent05SkinPublishing (page -152)
DisableStellentSkinPublishing (page -153)
DisableTopMenusPublishing (page -154)
DisableTraysPublishing (page -155)
DisableWindowsPublishing (page -156)
DoAutoMaxMerge (page -161)
DoDocNameOrder (page -169)
DomainControllerName (page -170)
DownloadApplet (page -171)
DtmPort (page -177)
EnableDocumentHighlight (page -183)
EnableEnvironmentPackager (page -184)
EnableExpirationNotifier (page -186)
EnableOptimizedLatestReleaseQuerying (page -188)
EnableRebuildForcesReconversion (page -189)
EnableSchemaPublishing (page -190)
EnterpriseSearchAsDefault (page -193)
ExclusiveCheckout (page -198)
ExpireRevisionOnly (page -204)
FILTER_DEBUG (page -227)
ForcedConversionRules (page -229)
ForceDistinctRevLabels (page -230)
ForceDocTypeChoice (page -231)
ForceJdbcSync (page -234)
ForceSecurityGroupChoice (page -235)
FormInheritMetaDataFieldList (page -247)
GetCopyAccess (page -254)
HasExternalUsers (page -276)
HasGlobalUsers (page -277)
HelpDir (page -285)
HighlightBegin (page -287)
Idoc Script by Type

- HtmlDataInputFilterLevel (page -289)
- HighlightEnd (page -288)
- HTMLEditorPath (page -290)
- HttpRelativeWebRoot (page -315)
- HttpServerAddress (page -316)
- IdcAuthExtraRequestParams (page -324)
- IdcCommandServerHost (page -327)
- IdcHTTPHeaderVariables (page -329)
- IdcLocale (page -331)
- IDC_Name (page -320)
- IdcServerBindAddress (page -332)
- IdcServerSocketQueueDepth (page -333)
- IndexableRenditions (page -343)
- IndexerAutoWorkInterval (page -344)
- IndexerLargeFileSize (page -345)
- IndexerRebuildStagingManualCopy (page -347)
- IndexerRebuildStagingPath (page -348)
- IndexerTouchMonitorInterval (page -351)
- IndexerTraceCycleListChanges (page -352)
- IndexerTraceLockFileChanges (page -353)
- IndexerTraceStartStop (page -354)
- IndexVaultFile (page -355)
- InstanceDescription (page -358)
- InstanceMenuLabel (page -359)
- IntradocRealm (page -361)
- IntradocServerHostName (page -362)
- IntradocServerPort (page -363)
- IsAllowIndexRenditions (page -365)
- IsAllowIndexVault (page -366)
- IsAutoArchiver (page -367)
- IsAutoNumber (page -368)
- IsAutoQueue (page -369)
- IsAutoSearch (page -370)
- IsContentRefineryPresent (page -374)
- IsDpSubmitErrorFatal (page -379)
- IsWebServerPagesOnly (page -446)
- IsDynamicConverterEnabled (page -381)
MaxSavedSearchResults (page -518)
MaxSearchConnections (page -519)
MaxSizeResourceFileCacheMillions (page -520)
MemoFieldSize (page -522)
MinIntegerAllowed (page -523)
MinMemoFieldSize (page -524)
MinorRevSeq (page -525)
MultiUpload (page -528)
NeverTimeoutForcedConversionsTemplateChange (page -530)
NoAutomation (page -531)
noInfoColumn (page -532)
norevisionsColumn (page -535)
NoSearchConnectionCloseOnDocChange (page -536)
NotificationIntervalInDays (page -538)
NotificationMaximum (page -539)
NotificationQuery (page -540)
NotifyExtras (page -542)
NotifyTime (page -543)
NtlmSecurityEnabled (page -544)
NumAdditionalRenditions (page -545)
NumConnections (page -546)
OdbcDateFormat (page -548)
PLUGIN_DEBUG (page -574)
PrimaryWorkQueueTimeout (page -584)
ProfileCacheTimeoutInMins (page -604)
ProviderDir (page -608)
QueueDir (page -621)
RedirectHostsFilter (page -624)
RequestAuditAdditionalVerboseFieldsList (page -631)
RequestAuditIntervalSeconds1 (page -632)
RequestAuditIntervalSeconds2 (page -633)
RequestAuditListDepth1 (page -634)
RequestAuditListDepth2 (page -635)
RequestAuditSubClassificationField (page -636)
SchemaAllowRecursiveFileMove (page -687)
SchemaBuildDigestFile (page -688)
SchemaPublishCheckInterval (page -689)
SchemaPublishInterval (page -690)
SchemaPublishMaximumInterval (page -691)
SchemaPublishMinimumInterval (page -692)
SchemaPublishRenameRetryInitialInterval (page -693)
SchemaPublishRetryInterval (page -695)
SchemaPublishRetryIntervalMax (page -696)
SchemaPublishRenameRetryIterations (page -694)
SchemaVerifyPublishing (page -697)
SchemaWin32RenameDelayInterval (page -698)
SearchCacheCleanerInterval (page -702)
SearchCacheHardLimit (page -703)
SearchCacheMaxItemAge (page -704)
SearchCacheSoftLimit (page -705)
SearchCacheTrace (page -706)
SearchConnectionWaitTimeout (page -707)
SearchDebugLevel (page -708)
SearchDir (page -709)
SearchIndexerEngineName (page -710)
SearchQueryFormat (page -711)
SearchQueryTrace (page -712)
SelfRegisteredAccounts (page -714)
SelfRegisteredRoles (page -715)
SharedWeblayoutDir (page -733)
ShowCreateExternalMenu (page -734)
showDocActions (page -735)
ShowOnlyKnownAccounts (page -737)
ShowRevisionsColumn (page -738)
showSearchResultsCheckoutColumn (page -739)
SkipMozillaMailToWorkaround (page -741)
SmtpPort (page -742)
SocketHostAddressSecurityFilter (page -743)
SocketHostNameSecurityFilter (page -744)
StatusCode (page -747)
StdPageWidth (page -749)
StrConfineOverflowChars (page -755)
SubjectsDir (page -775)
SubscriptionMethod (page -777)
Idoc Script by Type

SubscriptionCollatedFieldList (page -776)
SysAdminAddress (page -778)
SystemDateFormat (page -779)
SystemLocale (page -781)
SystemReportsDir (page -783)
SystemResourcesDir (page -784)
SystemTemplatesDir (page -785)
SystemTimeZone (page -786)
TempDir (page -787)
ThumbnailHeight (page -796)
ThumbnailWidth (page -801)
TimeoutChangedTemplateForcedConversionsInMins (page -802)
TimeoutMismatchedForcedConversionsInMins (page -803)
TimeoutPerOneMegInSec (page -804)
TraceIsVerbose (page -809)
TraceConversionCacheCleanup (page -808)
TraceResourceConflict (page -810)
TraceResourceLoad (page -811)
TraceResourceOverride (page -812)
TraceSectionsList (page -813)
UniversalSearchAllowFullText (page -817)
UploadApplet (page -818)
UseAccounts (page -821)
UseAdsi (page -823)
UseBellevueLook (page -827)
UseCascadingStyleSheets (page -828)
UseCustomModaling (page -829)
UseFourDigitYear (page -831)
UseFourDigitYear (page -831)
UseMicrosoftVM (page -837)
UseNtlm (page -839)
UserCache (page -844)
UserCacheTimeout (page -845)
UseRedirectedOutput (page -847)
UseRevisionCreateDate (page -848)
UserFilteredSubjects (page -849)
UserPublishCacheDir (page -858)
UseSearchCache (page -860)
UseSelfRegistration (page -863)
UseSSL (page -865)
UseVdk4CustomStyle (page -866)
UseXpedioLook (page -875)
VerityEncoding (page -887)
VerityLocale (page -889)
WarnAboutTimeZone (page -890)
WebBrowserPath (page -891)
WebProxyAdminServer (page -893)
WebServerAuthOnly (page -894)
WorkflowDir (page -927)
WorkflowIntervalHours (page -928)
xml (page -929)
XMLEncodingMode (page -930)

<install_dir>/custom_folders/folders_environment.cfg

CollectionDeleteEnabled (page -76)
CollectionHiddenMeta (page -77)
CollectionInhibitUpdateMeta (page -78)
CollectionMeta (page -80)
CollectionMoveEnabled (page -81)
CollectionReadOnlyMarkedFolders (page -82)
CollectionReadOnlyMeta (page -83)
CollectionReleasedOnly (page -84)
CollectionSecurityReadOnly (page -85)
CollectionTrashDeleteDate (page -86)
CollectionTrashDeleteLocation (page -87)
CollectionTrashDeleteOldName (page -88)
CollectionTrashDeleter (page -89)
CollectionWebDAVServer (page -90)
InitialColID (page -357)
<install_dir>/data/providers/provider_name/provider.hda

The following configuration variables are located in the
<install_dir>/data/providers/provider_name/provider.hda file. These variables define
settings for content server providers.

AcctPermDelim (page -5)
AcctPrefix (page -7)
AttributeMap (page -43)
DefaultNetworkAccounts (page -134)
IsPrimaryUserBase (page -421)
LdapAdminDN (page -467)
LdapAdminPassword (page -468)
LdapPort (page -469)
LdapServer (page -470)
LdapSuffix (page -471)
NumConnections (page -546)
Priority (page -586)
ProviderClass (page -605)
ProviderConfig (page -606)
ProviderConnection (page -607)
ProviderType (page -609)
RolePrefix (page -644)
SourcePath (page -746)
UseGroupFilter (page -833)
UseNetscape (page -838)
UseSecureLdap (page -862)

<install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda

The following configuration variables are located in the
<install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda file. These variables define web server filter
settings.

AccountMapPrefix (page -4)
AcctPermDelim (page -5)
AcctPrefix (page -7)
AdsSimpleAuth (page -17)
AdsUserName (page -18)
AdsUserPassword (page -19)
The following configuration variables are located in the `<install_dir>/search/search.cfg` file. These variables define Verity Integration settings. Verity Integration is an add-on product available for purchase for use with Content Server.

`VerityAppName` (page -885)
`VerityAppSignature` (page -886)
`VerityInstallDir` (page -888)

The following configuration files are located in the Inbound Refinery installation directory (noted by `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/`):

- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg` (page -15)
The following configuration variables are located in the `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg` file. The settings in this file affect only one Inbound Refinery instance (for example, the `intradoc.cfg` file in the `main` directory affects only the `main` connection instance).

- AllowPassthru
- AllowSecondaryConversion
- AllowSkippedHyperlinktoCauseIncomplete
- computeDocUrl
- ConnectionName
- ConvertXmlAsWebviewable
- CreatePDFThumbnails
- CreateXMLRendition
- CustomConversionWaitTime
- CustomConverterPath
- DocConverterEngineDir
- EnableCopyConvertCopy
- ExcludeConversionFilter
- ExclusiveIncludeConversionFilter
- FileEncoding
- IncludeXmlFlexionDocType
- IntradocDir
- JvmCommandLine
- MaxNumberConvertedHistoryShow
- OpenOfficeListenerPort
- OpenOfficeListenerURL
- OpenOfficePath
- OptimizePDF
- PdfVersion
- PostprocessPDFPath
PowerPointPrintOutput (page -579)
PreconversionPath (page -580)
PreconversionWaitTime (page -581)
ProcessExcelUrlHyperlinks (page -587)
ProcessInDesignBookMarks (page -588)
ProcessInDesignHyperlinks (page -589)
ProcessInDesignInternalPDFThumbnail (page -590)
ProcessInDesignLinkUpdate (page -591)
ProcessInDesignPDFCompatibility50 (page -592)
ProcessPowerpointHyperlinks (page -593)
ProcessVisioInternalHyperlinks (page -594)
ProcessVisioUrlHyperlinks (page -595)
ProcessWordBookMarks (page -596)
ProcessWordComments (page -597)
ProcessWordEmailLinks (page -598)
ProcessWordFootEndNote (page -599)
ProcessWordHeadings (page -600)
ProcessWordHyperlinks (page -601)
ProcessWordToc (page -602)
ProcessWordUrlHyperlinks (page -603)
SecondaryConversionStepName (page -713)
SetPdfVersion (page -727)
SharedDir (page -731)
ThumbnailDPI (page -795)
ThumbnailJPEGQuality (page -797)
ThumbnailSizeLimit (page -798)
ThumbnailSizingMethod (page -799)
UseLightweightToPostscriptStep (page -835)
UseSearchML (page -861)
UseXmlEmbeddings (page -867)
UseXmlExtensibleDTD (page -868)
UseXmlNoDTD (page -869)
UseXmlNoReference (page -870)
UseXmlPStyleNames (page -871)
UseXmlSchema (page -872)
UseXmlSchemaDTD (page -873)
VaultDir (page -882)
The following configuration variables are located in the
<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg file. The settings in this file affect all
Inbound Refinery instances on a particular machine.

AcadUseLISPInterface (page -3)
AdjustPrinterMargins (page -14)
AllowPassthru (page -29)
AutoCad2000PlotterFilePath (page -46)
ComputerName (page -94)
DebugMode (page -122)
DebugStdConversion (page -123)
DefaultGraphicTimeout (page -129)
DefaultNativeTimeout (page -133)
DefaultPostscriptTimeout (page -138)
DisplayPSOrigin (page -157)
DistillerNormJobSetting (page -158)
DistillerOptJobSetting (page -159)
DistillerPath (page -160)
FrameMakerCyclesAllowed (page -248)
FrameMakerexePath (page -249)
FrameMakerTimeout (page -250)
HelpDir (page -285)
ImageAlchemyExePath (page -334)
IIsOverrideFormat (page -419)
IsThumbnailPresent (page -436)
LogWithConnectionName (page -500)
MaxNumRecursiveStepDefinitions (page -514)
MSPubexePath (page -527)
PageMakerExePath (page -565)
PostConversionTimeOut (page -576)
PostscriptPrinterName (page -578)
PrinterPortPath (page -585)
ShowHyperlinkBox (page -736)
ThumbnailTemplate (page -800)
UseAdobeDistiller (page -822)
UseAlchemy111 (page -824)
UseAutoCad2000 (page -825)
UseAutocadModelSpace (page -826)

### Link Manager Configuration Variables

The following variables are used to configure the Link Manager application. These variables are set in the `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg` file.

- **AllowForceDelete** (page -26)
- **HasSiteStudio** (page -282)
- **LkDisableOnRebuild** (page -472)
- **LkDisableReferenceInfo** (page -473)
- **LkDisallowConversionFormats** (page -474)
- **LkIsSecureSearch** (page -476)
- **LkReExtractOnRebuild** (page -477)
- **LkRefreshBatchSize** (page -478)
- **LkRefreshErrorsAllowed** (page -481)
- **LkRefreshErrorPercent** (page -480)
- **LkRefreshErrorThreshold** (page -482)

### Pop-Up Calendar Configuration Variables

The following variables are used to configure the Pop-Up Calendar application. These variables are set in the `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg` file.

- **pucDefaultTime** (page -612)
- **pucEnableOnSearch** (page -613)
- **pucUseMonthLocale** (page -615)
- **pucUseWeekdayLocale** (page -616)
- **pucXOffset** (page -617)
- **pucYOffset** (page -618)
- **pucZIndex** (page -619)
Record Manager and Retention Manager Configuration Variables

- AllowRetentionPeriodWithoutCutoff (page -31)
- HideVitalReview (page -286)
- RecordsManagementNumberOverwriteOnDelete (page -623)
- RecordsManagementDenyAuthorFreePassOnRMSecurity (page -622)
- RmaAddDocWhereClauseForScreening (page -639)
- RMAHideExternalFieldsFromCheckInUpdate (page -640)
- RMAHideExternalFieldsFromSearchInfo (page -641)
- RmaNotifyDispReviewerAndCatAuthor (page -642)
- RmaNotifyReviewerAndAlternateReviewer (page -643)

Dynamic Variables

A *dynamic* variable is evaluated on each occurrence of the variable. Thus, each time the variable is encountered the value is recalculated from code. (In contrast, a *value* variable is evaluated once at the beginning of the service call and that value is used throughout the service call. See Value Variables (page -33).) Dynamic variables generally return a value such as a string or an integer.

The following is a complete list of Idoc Script dynamic variables:

- AllowIntranetUsers (page -27)
- computeDocUrl (page -92)
- getFieldConfigValue (page -257)
- getHelpPage (page -261)
- getOptionListSize (page -262)
- HttpIgnoreWebServerInternalPortNumber (page -310)

See Also
- Value Variables (page -33)

Global Functions

Idoc Script has a number of built-in global functions. Functions perform actions, including string comparison and manipulation routines, date formatting, and ResultSet
manipulation. Some functions also return results, such as the results of calculations or comparisons.

Information is passed to functions by enclosing the information in parentheses after the name of the function. Pieces of information that are passed to a function are called parameters. Some functions do not take parameters; some functions take one parameter; some take several. There are also functions for which the number of parameters depends on how the function is being used.

The following is a list of Idoc Script global functions:

- `abortToErrorPage` (page -2)
- `break` (page -53)
- `cacheInclude` (page -57)
- `clearSchemaData` (page -70)
- `computeRenditionUrl` (page -93)
- `dateCurrent` (page -114)
- `docLoadResourceIncludes` (page -163)
- `docRootFilename` (page -165)
- `docUrlAllowDisclosure` (page -168)
- `dpGet` (page -173)
- `dpPromote` (page -174)
- `dpPromoteRs` (page -175)
- `dpSet` (page -176)
- `encodeHtml` (page -191)
- `eval` (page -195)
- `executeService` (page -202)
- `forceExpire` (page -232)
- `formatDate` (page -236)
- `formatDateDatabase` (page -238)
- `formatDateDisplay` (page -239)
- `formatDateOnly` (page -240)
- `formatDateOnlyDisplay` (page -242)
- `formatDateOnlyFull` (page -243)
- `formatDateWithPattern` (page -244)
- `formatTimeOnly` (page -245)
- `formatTimeOnlyDisplay` (page -246)
- `getDebugTrace` (page -255)
- `getErrorTrace` (page -256)
- `getFieldViewDisplayValue` (page -258)
Idoc Script by Type

getFieldViewValue (page -259)
getFreeMemory (page -260)
getParentValue (page -263)
getRequiredMsg (page -264)
getTextFile (page -265)
getTotalMemory (page -266)
getUserValue (page -267)
getValue (page -268)
getValueForSpecifiedUser (page -271)
getViewValue (page -272)
getViewValueResultSet (page -273)
hasAppRights (page -275)
inc (page -335)
incDynamicConversionByRule (page -337)
incGlobal (page -338)
incTemplate (page -342)
indexerSetCollectionValue (page -349)
isActiveTrace (page -364)
isFalse (page -389)
isLayoutEnabled (page -409)
isTrue (page -437)
isUserOverrideSet (page -443)
js (page -456)
jsFilename (page -457)
lc (page -464)
lCaption (page -466)
LMDefaultLayout (page -483)
LMDefaultSkin (page -484)
lmGetLayout (page -485)
lmGetSkin (page -486)
loadCollectionInfo (page -487)
loadDocMetaDefinition (page -488)
loadDocumentProfile (page -489)
loadEnterpriseSearchCollections (page -490)
loadEnterpriseSearchResults (page -491)
loadSchemaData (page -492)
loadSearchOperatorTables (page -493)
loadUserMetaDefinition (page -494)
optList (page -563)
parseDataEntryDate (page -567)
parseDate (page -568)
parseDateWithPattern (page -570)
pneNavigation (page -575)
proxiedBrowserFullCgiWebUrl (page -610)
proxiedCgiWebUrl (page -611)
regexMatches (page -625)
regexReplaceAll (page -626)
regexReplaceFirst (page -627)
rptDisplayMapValue (page -646)
rsAddFields (page -647)
rsAddRowCountColumn (page -648)
rsAppend (page -649)
rsAppendNewRow (page -650)
rsAppendRowvalues (page -651)
rsCopyFiltered (page -653)
rsCreateResultSet (page -654)
rsDeleteRow (page -655)
rsDocInfoRowAllowDisclosure (page -656)
rsExists (page -657)
rsFieldByIndex (page -658)
rsFieldExists (page -659)
rsFindRowPrimary (page -660)
rsFirst (page -661)
rsInsertNewRow (page -662)
rsIsRowPresent (page -663)
rsMakeFromList (page -664)
rsMakeFromString (page -667)
rsMerge (page -670)
rsMergeDelete (page -672)
rsMergeReplaceOnly (page -673)
rsNext (page -674)
rsNumFields (page -675)
rsNumRows (page -676)
rsRemove (page -677)
rsRename (page -678)
rsRenameField (page -680)
rsSetRow (page -681)
rsSort (page -682)
rsSortTree (page -684)
setContentType (page -720)
setExpires (page -722)
setHttpHeader (page -724)
setMaxAge (page -726)
setValue (page -730)
setResourceInclude (page -728)
stdSecurityCheck (page -750)
strCenterPad (page -751)
strCommaAppendNoDuplicates (page -752)
strConfine (page -753)
strEquals (page -756)
strEqualsIgnoreCase (page -758)
strGenerateRandom (page -759)
strIndexOf (page -760)
strLeftFill (page -761)
strLeftPad (page -762)
strLength (page -763)
strLower (page -764)
strRemoveWs (page -765)
strReplace (page -766)
strReplaceIgnoreCase (page -767)
strRightFill (page -768)
strRightPad (page -769)
strSubstring (page -770)
strTrimWs (page -772)
strUpper (page -773)
toInteger (page -805)
trace (page -806)
url (page -819)
urlEscape7Bit (page -820)
userHasAccessToAccount (page -851)
userHasGroupPrivilege (page -852)
userHasRole (page -853)
utGetValue (page -876)
utLoad (page -877)
utLoadDocumentProfiles (page -878)
utLoadResultSet (page -879)
xml (page -929)

**PAGE VARIABLES**

Page variables are set on a particular content server web page to enable specific page attributes or functionality. A page variable applies only to the page on which it is set.

This section includes these topics:

- Page Display Variables (page -25)
- Field Display Variables (page -25)

**Page Display Variables**

Page variables that affect page display are typically set near the top of the page.

**Caution:** Page display variables should be used as “read-only” variables; setting or changing the value of any of these variables will typically change the way all metadata is displayed on the page, which in most cases is not the desired effect.

The following is a complete list of Idoc Script page display variables:

- generateUniqueId (page -252)
- isCheckin (page -371)
- isDocPage (page -378)
- isEditMode (page -383)
- isFormSubmit (page -397)
- isInfo (page -401)
- isQuery (page -424)
- isUpdate (page -439)
- isUploadFieldScript (page -440)
- localPageType (page -497)
- noMCPrefill (page -534)
Field Display Variables

Field display variables can be grouped into the following types:

- **Field Information Variables** (page -25)
- **Common Field Display Variables** (page -26)
- **Other Field Display Variables** (page -28)

Field Information Variables

The following variables define information about a metadata field. The variable values are loaded or computed for each metadata field.

- `fieldCaption` (page -207)
- `fieldDefault` (page -211)
- `fieldIsOptionList` (page -216)
- `fieldName` (page -218)
- `fieldOptionListType` (page -219)
- `fieldType` (page -220)
- `fieldValue` (page -221)
- `fieldWidth` (page -224)
- `isRequired` (page -428)
- `requiredMsg` (page -637)
- `valueStyle` (page -880)

Example

The `std_prepare_metafield_include` include in the `<install_dir>/shared/config/resources/std_page.htm` resource file loads a number of field information variables from the local data in preparation for displaying the current metadata field:

```html
<!--Prepare for presenting field-->
<$fieldName=dName, fieldCaption=dCaption, fieldDefault=dDefaultValue$>
<$fieldType=dType, fieldIsOptionList=dIsOptionList, fieldOptionListType=dOptionListType$>
@end$
```

See Also

- **Common Field Display Variables** (page -26)
- **Other Field Display Variables** (page -28)
Common Field Display Variables

There are several commonly used page variables that affect the display of metadata fields on content server pages. These variables can be set using different syntaxes at different places on a page, depending on how they are being used.

The following formats can be used to set a special field display variable:

- **Name/Value pair**—The variable is set using the standard `variable=value` format. For example, `isHidden=1`. This format is typically used to set the display of the current metadata field at the point in the page where the field is being generated by looped code.

- **FieldName:Variable format**—The variable is set by defining it as a parameter for the metadata field it applies to. For example, `myMetadata:isHidden`. This format is typically used at the top of a page to set the global display of a particular metadata field.

**Tech Tip:** If common field display variable is set at the top of a template page, it should be placed before the `<HEAD>` tag. Placing the variable in or after the `<HEAD></HEAD>` section will result in the field being displayed (or not displayed) as you intended, but the JavaScript validation code in the header will still be evaluated, so an “… is not an object” error will be thrown when you attempt to display a checkin page.

The following is a list of the common field display variables:

- `isExcluded` (page -385)
- `isHidden` (page -400)
- `isInfoOnly` (page -402)
- `isRelocated` (page -425)
- `maxLength` (page -511)
- `optionListScript` (page -559)
Tech Tip: Using a Special Include Variable

If these common field display variables are not sufficient to provide the required flexibility, the entire implementation of a metadata field can be replaced by setting the field variable to the name of a resource include that should be used instead (for example, myField:include=customInclude).

The standard implementation is referred to by the variable defaultFieldInclude, whose value is different depending on whether the field is being generated on a checkin/update, query, or info page. It also varies considerably based on the type of field being displayed. If the standard field include is overridden, then the new implementation must take into consideration all the issues of the different pages, including JavaScript validation and the Upload applet.

Use this approach only as a last resort. It is preferable to extend existing functionality and set local variables to have custom functionality.

If you use the include tag in this way to insert custom HTML code for a special metadata field, you must place the include statement after the </HEAD> tag on the page. If you place it before the </HEAD> tag, the content server will insert your custom HTML code into the header and attempt to read it as JavaScript.

Example

See the Other Field Display Variables (page -28) section for an example of common variable usage.

See Also

– Field Information Variables (page -25)
– Other Field Display Variables (page -28)

Other Field Display Variables

A number of other variables are available to affect the display of metadata fields. Generally, these are used to define the display of a metadata field depending on which field is currently being generated and the value of related common field display variables.

The following is a list of other field display variables:
addEmptyOption (page -9)
captionEntryWidth (page -59)
captionFieldWidth (page -60)
defaultFieldInclude (page -126)
defaultOptionListScript (page -136)
fieldCaptionInclude (page -208)
fieldCaptionStyle (page -209)
fieldEditWidth (page -212)
fieldEntryInclude (page -213)
fieldExtraScriptInclude (page -214)
fieldInclude (page -215)
fieldMaxLength (page -217)
fieldValueStyle (page -222)
hasOptionList (page -279)
isFieldExcluded (page -391)
isFieldHidden (page -392)
isFieldInfoOnly (page -393)
isFieldMemo (page -394)
isMultiOption (page -414)
isStrictList (page -432)
NotationForRequiredFields (page -537)
optionListKey (page -554)
optionListName (page -555)
optionListResultSet (page -557)
optionListValueInclude (page -560)
optionsAllowPreselect (page -562)
StyleForRequiredFields (page -774)

Example

This example shows how the compute_std_field_overrides include in the
(install_dir)/shared/config/resources/std_page.htm resource file determines if the field
currently being generated is hidden, information only, excluded, and/or relocated. This
code is looped over during generation of each metadata field on a page:

<xhtml>
<@dynamichtml compute_std_field_overrides@>
<@$isCustomHidden = getValue("#active", fieldName & ":isHidden")$>
<@$if isHidden or isCustomHidden$>
    <$isFieldHidden = 1$>
<@$else$>
    <$isFieldHidden = ""$>
<$endif$>
<@$isCustomInfo = getValue("#active", fieldName & ":isInfoOnly")$>
<@$if isInfo or isCustomInfo or isFieldHidden or isInfoOnly$>
    <$isFieldInfoOnly = 1$>
Read-only variables can be used to gather information about the current template, the user who is currently logged in, or other current settings. These variables are read-only and cannot be assigned a value.

- Template Read-Only Variables (page -30)
- Template Read-Only Variable Example (page -30)
- User Read-Only Variables (page -31)
- Content Read-Only Variables (page -32)
- Other Read-Only Variables (page -32)

Template Read-Only Variables

Template-related read-only variables make it possible to create conditional content in a template based on the identity of the template. These pre-defined variables allow you to display the class, file path, name, or type of any template on a content server web page. This is particularly useful while you are developing your web site.

The following read-only variables are related to templates:

- TemplateClass (page -788)
- TemplateFilePath (page -790)
- TemplateName (page -791)
- TemplateType (page -792)
See Also
– Template Read-Only Variable Example (page -30)

Template Read-Only Variable Example

In this example, the internal name of the template appears under the Administration link in the left sidebar of all content server web pages. To accomplish this, the pre-defined TemplateName variable (shown in bold below) was added to the pn_e-nav_admin_links include that defines the Administration links.

Figure 4-4  Example of using the TemplateName pre-defined variable to display the internal template name on a web page

```html
<if IsSubAdmin$>
<tr><td>
   <a href="<HttpCgiPath$>?IdcService=GET_ADMIN_PAGE&Action=
      GetTemplatePage&Page=ADMIN_LINKS"
      OnMouseOver="imgAct('admin')"
      OnMouseOut="imgInact('admin')">
      img src="<HttpImagesRoot$>
      <button_admin_grey_ish_image$>" width="<$navImageWidth$>
      height="<$navImageHeight$>" name="admin" border="0"
      alt="<$lc("wwProductAdministration", ProductID)$>"
   </a>
</td>
<tr><td colspan=2><font color=#FFFFFF style="Arial"
      size="-1"><$TemplateName$></font></td>
</if>
</tr>
```

See Also
– Template Read-Only Variables (page -30)
User Read-Only Variables

User-related read-only variables make it possible to gather information about the current user.

The following read-only variables are related to users:

- DelimitedUserRoles (page -139)
- ExternalUserAccounts (page -205)
- ExternalUserRoles (page -206)
- UserAccounts (page -840)
- UserAddress (page -841)
- UserAppRights (page -842)
- UserDefaultAccount (page -846)
- UserFullName (page -850)
- UserName (page -857)
- UserRoles (page -859)

Content Read-Only Variables

One content-related read-only variable, SourceID (page -745), makes it possible to retrieve the Content ID of the current dynamic server page.

This variable returns the same value as ref:dID. See Referencing Metadata in Dynamic Server Pages (page -32).

Other Read-Only Variables

The following variables are set only as internal content server flags, so they can be retrieved but not set directly.

- SafeDir (page -686)

Setable Variables

Setable variables can be set within script or used within a CGI string. For example, the variable ScriptDebugTrace can be used as a parameter to a service call to display debug trace information on a page. Setting one of these variables can change the content of the page.

The following is a complete list of Idoc Script setable variables:
VALUE VARIABLES

A value variable is evaluated once at the beginning of a service call and that value is used throughout the service call. The variable is then re-evaluated on each new service call. In contrast, a dynamic variable is evaluated on each occurrence of the variable. For example, the value variable isNew evaluates whether the content item is new or a revision when performing a check in. That evaluation is used throughout the call to the checkin service.

The following is a complete list of Idoc Script value variables:

AuthorAddress (page -44)
BrowserVersionNumber (page -54)
CURRENT_DATE (page -107)
CURRENT_ROW (page -108)
DocTypeSelected (page -166)
DocUrl (page -167)
DownloadSuggestedName (page -172)
fileUrl (page -226)
FIRSTREV (page -228)
HasOriginal (page -280)
htmlRefreshTimeout (page -291)
htmlRefreshUrl (page -292)
HttpAbsoluteCgiPath (page -301)
HttpAbsoluteCgiRoot (page -302)
HttpAbsoluteWebRoot (page -303)
HttpAdminCgiPath (page -304)
Idoc Script by Type

- HttpBrowserFullCgiPath (page -305)
- HttpCgiPath (page -306)
- HttpCommonRoot (page -307)
- HttpEnterpriseCgiPath (page -308)
- HttpHelpRoot (page -309)
- HttpImagesRoot (page -311)
- HttpLayoutRoot (page -312)
- HttpRelativeAdminRoot (page -313)
- HttpRelativeCgiRoot (page -314)
- HttpSharedRoot (page -317)
- HttpSystemHelpRoot (page -318)
- HttpWebRoot (page -319)
- IdcServerBindAddress (page -332)
- IsEditRev (page -384)
- IsFailedConversion (page -387)
- IsFailedIndex (page -388)
- isNew (page -416)
- IsNotLatestRev (page -417)
- MSIE (page -526)
- NoMatches (page -533)
- OneMatch (page -549)
- PageParent (page -566)
- ResultsTitle (page -638)
- StatusCode (page -747)
- StatusMessage (page -748)
- UseHtmlOrTextHighlightInfo (page -834)

**WEB SERVER VARIABLES**

Web server variables are the CGI environment variables that are set when the server executes the gateway program. In order to pass data about the information request from the server to the script, the server uses command line arguments as well as environment variables. These environment variables can be used to output information to a log file or can be used within Idoc Script statements and as part of evaluations.
For example, this Idoc Script statement evaluates whether the remote host address matches a specific string:

```$if strEquals("207.0.0.1",REMOTE_HOST)$``

This HTML and Idoc Script markup displays a list of web server environment information on the page:

```<P>HTTP_INTERNETUSER=<$HTTP_INTERNETUSER$></P>
<P>REMOTE_HOST=<$REMOTE_HOST$></P>
<P>SCRIPT_NAME=<$SCRIPT_NAME$></P>```

The following is a complete list of web server variables:

- `CONTENT_LENGTH` (page -97)
- `GATEWAY_INTERFACE` (page -251)
- `HTTP_ACCEPT` (page -293)
- `HTTP_ACCEPT_ENCODING` (page -294)
- `HTTP_ACCEPT_LANGUAGE` (page -295)
- `HTTP_COOKIE` (page -296)
- `HTTP_HOST` (page -297)
- `HTTP_INTERNETUSER` (page -298)
- `HTTP_REFERER` (page -299)
- `HTTP_USER_AGENT` (page -300)
- `PATH_INFO` (page -571)
- `PATH_TRANSLATED` (page -572)
- `QUERY_STRING` (page -620)
- `REMOTE_ADDR` (page -628)
- `REMOTE_HOST` (page -629)
- `REQUEST_METHOD` (page -630)
- `SCRIPT_NAME` (page -699)
- `SERVER_NAME` (page -716)
- `SERVER_PORT` (page -717)
- `SERVER_PROTOCOL` (page -718)
- `SERVER_SOFTWARE` (page -719)
**WORKFLOW SCRIPT**

Idoc Script includes predefined functions and variables that are used specifically for workflows.

- **Understanding Workflows** (page -35) provides an overview of the use of Idoc Script for workflows.
- **Workflow Functions** (page -36) perform actions or return results relative to a workflow.
- **Workflow Variables** (page -37) enable you to set values for variables related to workflows.

**Understanding Workflows**

For a detailed description of how workflows are implemented in Content Server, see the *Workflow Implementation Guide*.

The following points summarize the use of Idoc Script in workflows:

- Workflow jumps are initiated through the evaluation of Idoc Script that is defined for a particular step event (entry, update, or exit).
- As a revision moves from step to step, the system creates a *companion file* that maintains information about the state of the revision in the workflow. Along with user-defined options, the system also maintains the history of what steps the revision has been to, the last entry time, and the number of times a revision has entered a particular workflow step.
  - Global state information is maintained as the revision moves from step to step.
  - Localized state information is stored with the step and becomes available when a revision is at that step.
- The companion file uses *keys* to keep track of workflow state information. The syntax for a key is:
  
  \( \text{step\_name@workflow\_name.variable=value} \)

  For example, the following keys define the value of the entry count and last entry variables for the *Editor* step of a workflow called *Marketing*:

  Editor@Marketing.entryCount=1
  Editor@Marketing.lastEntryTs=\{ts '2002-05-28 16:57:00'\)
All workflow script evaluation occurs inside a database transaction. This means that any serious errors or aborts that are encountered cause no change to either the database or the companion file. This also means that no Idoc Script workflow function should take more than a negligible amount of time. Consequently, to trigger an external process, an Idoc Script function should be written to execute in a separate thread.

**Caution:** If you are using Idoc Script or custom components to load workflow information into the local data, keep in mind that there is a risk of data pollution. This is particularly important if you are loading information for a different revision than the current one.

## Workflow Functions

Workflow functions perform actions or return results relative to a workflow. The following is a complete list of workflow functions:

- `wfAddActionHistoryEvent` (page -897)
- `wfAddUser` (page -899)
- `wfComputeStepUserList` (page -900)
- `wfCurrentGet` (page -901)
- `wfCurrentSet` (page -902)
- `wfCurrentStep` (page -903)
- `wfDisplayCondition` (page -904)
- `wfExit` (page -905)
- `wfGet` (page -906)
- `wfIsFinishedDocConversion` (page -909)
- `wfIsNotifyingUsers` (page -910)
- `wfIsReleasable` (page -911)
- `wfLoadDesign` (page -917)
- `wfNotify` (page -920)
- `wfSet` (page -923)
- `wfSetIsNotifyingUsers` (page -924)
- `wfUpdateMetaData` (page -926)

## Workflow Variables

Workflow variables are used to set values related to workflows. The following is a complete list of workflow variables:

- `dWfName` (page -178)
- `dWfStepName` (page -179)
entryCount (page -194)
lastEntryTs (page -462)
wfAction (page -895)
wfAdditionalExitCondition (page -898)
wfGetStepTypeLabel (page -907)
wfJumpEntryNotifyOff (page -912)
wfJumpMessage (page -913)
wfJumpName (page -914)
wfJumpReturnStep (page -915)
wfJumpTargetStep (page -916)
wfMailSubject (page -918)
wfMessage (page -919)
wfParentList (page -921)
wfReleaseDocument (page -922)
WfStart (page -925)
This chapter groups Idoc Script variables and functions by common usage.

- **Archiver** (page -2)
- **Batch Loader** (page -3)
- **Clients** (page -3)
- **Clustering** (page -4)
- **Content Items** (page -4)
- **Content Profiles** (page -6)
- **Content Server** (page -6)
- **Conversion** (page -9)
  - **Inbound Refinery** (page -9)
  - **PDF Converter** (page -10)
  - **XML Converter** (page -13)
  - **Dynamic Converter** (page -14)
- **Database** (page -15)
- **Date and Time** (page -16)
- **Debugging** (page -16)
- **Directories and Paths** (page -18)
- **Enterprise Search** (page -20)
- **Field Display** (page -20)
The following Idoc Script variables are related to the content server Archiver.

**Configuration Variables**

- AllowMatchesInDateCheck (page -28)
- ARCHIVE_COLLECTION (page -38)
- ArchiverDoLocks (page -39)
- ArchiverTouchMonitorInterval (page -40)
- ArchiverTraceLockMaintenance (page -41)
The following Idoc Script variables are related to the content server Batch Loader.

**Configuration Variables**

- BatchLoaderPath (page -50)
- BatchLoaderUserName (page -51)
- CleanUp (page -69)
- EnableErrorFile (page -185)
- MaxErrorsAllowed (page -508)

The following Idoc Script variables are related to client applications that work with the content server.

**Configuration Variables**

- DownloadApplet (page -171)
- MacSupportsSignedApplets (page -501)
- MultiUpload (page -528)
- showDocActions (page -735)
- UploadApplet (page -818)

**Other Variables**

- BrowserVersionNumber (page -54)
- ClientControlled (page -71)
- HasLocalCopy (page -278)
- HeavyClient (page -284)
The following Idoc Script variables are related to the use of Content Server in a clustered environment.

**Configuration Variables**

- AdminDataDir (page -16)
- ClusterBinDirRule (page -72)
- ClusterNodeAddress (page -73)
- ClusterNodeName (page -75)
- ConfigDir (page -95)
- DataDir (page -113)
- DisableSharedCacheChecking (page -151)
- IdcServerBindAddress (page -332)
- IdcServerSocketQueueDepth (page -333)
- SharedDir (page -731)
- UserPublishCacheDir (page -858)

The following Idoc Script variables and functions are related to content items.

**Configuration Variables**

- AllowAlternateMetaFile (page -22)
- AllowPrimaryMetaFile (page -30)
- AllowSamePrimaryAlternateExtensions (page -33)
- AutoNumberPrefix (page -48)
- AutoNumberWidth (page -49)
computeDocUrl (page -92)
cREATELAMEMETAFILE (page -103)
cREATEPRIMARYMETAFILE (page -105)
EnableExpirationNotifier (page -186)
ExpireRevisionOnly (page -204)
ForceDistinctRevLabels (page -230)
IsAutoNumber (page -368)
MajorRevSeq (page -503)
MinorRevSeq (page -525)
NotificationIntervalInDays (page -538)
NotificationMaximum (page -539)
NotificationQuery (page -540)
NotifyExtras (page -542)
NotifyTime (page -543)

**Global Functions**

computeRenditionUrl (page -93)

**Other Variables**

CONTENT_LENGTH (page -97)
DocTypeSelected (page -166)
DocUrl (page -167)
DownloadSuggestedName (page -172)
fileUrl (page -226)
FIRSTREV (page -228)
FormInheritMetaDataFieldList (page -247)
HasLocalCopy (page -278)
HasOriginal (page -280)
HasUrl (page -283)
IsCriteriaSubscription (page -376)
IsEditRev (page -384)
IsFailedConversion (page -387)
IsFailedIndex (page -388)
IsFilePresent (page -395)
IsFullTextIndexed (page -399)
IsLocalSearchCollectionID (page -410)
CONTENT PROFILES

The following functions are used to manage Content Profiles.

dpGet (page -173)
dpPromote (page -174)
dpPromoteRs (page -175)
dpSet (page -176)
DisableContentProfiles (page -144)
getFieldViewValue (page -259)
getRequiredMsg (page -264)
IsDpSubmitErrorFatal (page -379)
loadDocumentProfile (page -489)
utLoadDocumentProfiles (page -878)

CONTENT SERVER

The following Idoc Script variables are related to the content server.

Configuration Variables

AdditionalSubscriptionCollatedFieldList (page -13)
AppletChunkSize (page -36)
AppletChunkThreshold (page -37)
ChunkedRequestTrace (page -67)
CookieAuthTimeoutInDays (page -100)
CookieProxyPassword (page -101)
DefaultHtmlRefreshTimeoutInSeconds (page -131)
DefaultPasswordEncoding (page -137)
DisableAmberLayouts (page -141)
DisableClassicLayoutPublishing (page -142)
DisableCollegiateSkinPublishing (page -143)
DisableDBLongIntegerField (page -145)
DisableHttpUploadChunking (page -148)
DisableSharedCacheChecking (page -151)
DisableStellent05SkinPublishing (page -152)
DisableStellentSkinPublishing (page -153)
DisableTopMenusPublishing (page -154)
DisableTraysPublishing (page -155)
DisableWindowsPublishing (page -156)
DoDocNameOrder (page -169)
DownloadApplet (page -171)
FileEncoding (page -225)
getFieldConfigValue (page -257)
HasExternalUsers (page -276)
HasGlobalUsers (page -277)
HttpAbsoluteCgiRoot (page -302)
HttpAbsoluteWebRoot (page -303)
HttpLayoutRoot (page -312)
HttpRelativeAdminRoot (page -313)
HttpRelativeCgiRoot (page -314)
HttpSharedRoot (page -317)
HttpSystemHelpRoot (page -318)
IDC_Name (page -320)
IdcAdminServerHostName (page -321)
IdcAdminServerPort (page -322)
IdcCommandFile (page -325)
IdcCommandLog (page -326)
IdcCommandServerHost (page -327)
IdcCommandUser (page -328)
IdcServerSocketQueueDepth (page -333)
InstanceDescription (page -358)
InstanceMenuLabel (page -359)
IntradocServerHostName (page -362)
IntradocServerPort (page -363)
isComponentEnabled (page -373)
Idoc Script by Usage

IsContributor (page -375)
IsFormsPresent (page -396)
isLayoutEnabled (page -409)
IsProxiedServer (page -423)
IsWebServerPagesOnly (page -446)
isValidateFile (page -444)
JvmCommandLine (page -461)
LMDefaultLayout (page -483)
LMDefaultSkin (page -484)
lmGetLayout (page -485)
lmGetSkin (page -486)
LogMessagePrefix (page -498)
LogName (page -499)
MacSupportsSignedApplets (page -501)
MailServer (page -502)
MaxIntegerAllowed (page -510)
MaxQueryRows (page -515)
MaxRequestThreadCount (page -516)
MaxSizeResourceFileCacheMillions (page -520)
MaxStandardDatabaseResults (page -521)
MinIntegerAllowed (page -523)
MultiUpload (page -528)
NoAutomation (page -531)
PrimaryWorkQueueTimeout (page -584)
ProviderClass (page -605)
ProviderConfig (page -606)
ProviderConnection (page -607)
ProviderType (page -609)
ShowCreateExternalMenu (page -734)
SkipMozillaMailToWorkaround (page -741)
SmtpPort (page -742)
SubscriptionCollatedFieldList (page -776)
SubscriptionMethod (page -777)
SysAdminAddress (page -778)
UploadApplet (page -818)
UseCustomModaling (page -829)
UseFourDigitYear (page -831)
CONVERSION

This section describes the Idoc Script variables and functions that are related to various conversion products.

- Inbound Refinery (page -9)
- PDF Converter (page -10)
- XML Converter (page -13)
- Dynamic Converter (page -14)
- AutoCAD (page -12)

Inbound Refinery

The following Idoc Script variables are related to Inbound Refinery.
Configuration Variables

AllowPassthru (page -29)
AllowSecondaryConversion (page -34)
ComputerName (page -94)
ConnectionName (page -96)
CustomConversionWaitTime (page -109)
CustomConverterPath (page -110)
DefaultFilterInputFormat (page -127)
DefaultFilterOutputFormat (page -128)
DefaultGraphicTimeout (page -129)
DefaultNativeTimeout (page -133)
DocConverterEngineDir (page -162)
EnableCopyConvertCopy (page -182)
ExcludeConversionFilter (page -197)
ExclusiveIncludeConversionFilter (page -199)
FileEncoding (page -225)
IsAutoQueue (page -369)
IsContentRefineryPresent (page -374)
JvmCommandLine (page -461)
LogWithConnectionName (page -500)
MaxNumberConvertedHistoryShow (page -513)
MaxNumRecursiveStepDefinitions (page -514)
QueueDir (page -621)
PostConversionTimeOut (page -576)
PreconversionPath (page -580)
PreconversionWaitTime (page -581)
SecondaryConversionStepName (page -713)
SharedDir (page -731)
ThumbnailSizingMethod (page -799)
VaultDir (page -882)
VerboseMode (page -884)
WeblayoutDir (page -892)

Other Variables

IsFailedConversion (page -387)
PDF Converter

This section lists the Idoc Script variables and functions that are related to PDF Converter.

- General (page -11)
- Thumbnails (page -11)
- Microsoft Office (page -12)
- AutoCAD (page -12)
- InDesign (page -13)
- Other Formats (page -13)

General

The following Idoc Script variables are related to PDF Converter.

**Configuration Variables**

- DefaultPostscriptTimeout (page -138)
- DisplayPSOrigin (page -157)
- DistillerNormJobSetting (page -158)
- DistillerOptJobSetting (page -159)
- DistillerPath (page -160)
- NumAdditionalRenditions (page -545)
- OptimizePDF (page -553)
- PdfVersion (page -573)
- PostprocessPDFPath (page -577)
- PostscriptPrinterName (page -578)
- PrinterPortPath (page -585)
- SetPdfVersion (page -727)
- ShowHyperlinkBox (page -736)
- UseAdobeDistiller (page -822)
- UseLightweightToPostscriptStep (page -835)

 Thumbnails

The following Idoc Script variables are related to the use of the Thumbnails functionality of PDF Converter.
**Configuration Variables**

CreatePDFThumbnails (page -104)
ImageAlchemyExePath (page -334)
IsThumbnailPresent (page -436)
ThumbnailDPI (page -795)
ThumbnailHeight (page -796)
ThumbnailJPEGQuality (page -797)
ThumbnailSizeLimit (page -798)
ThumbnailTemplate (page -800)
ThumbnailWidth (page -801)
UseAlchemy111 (page -824)

**Microsoft Office**

The following Idoc Script variables are related to the use of Microsoft Office applications with PDF Converter.

**Configuration Variables**

AdjustPrinterMargins (page -14)
AllowSkippedHyperlinktoCauseIncomplete (page -35)
PowerPointPrintOutput (page -579)
ProcessExcelUrlHyperlinks (page -587)
ProcessPowerpointHyperlinks (page -593)
ProcessVisioInternalHyperlinks (page -594)
ProcessVisioUrlHyperlinks (page -595)
ProcessWordBookMarks (page -596)
ProcessWordComments (page -597)
ProcessWordEmailLinks (page -598)
ProcessWordFootEndNote (page -599)
ProcessWordHeadings (page -600)
ProcessWordHyperlinks (page -601)
ProcessWordToc (page -602)
ProcessWordUrlHyperlinks (page -603)

**AutoCAD**

The following Idoc Script variables are related to the use of AutoCAD with PDF Converter.
Configuration Variables

AcadUseLISPInterface (page -3)
AutoCad2000PlotterFilePath (page -46)
UseAutoCad2000 (page -825)
UseAutocadModelSpace (page -826)

InDesign

The following Idoc Script variables are related to the use of Adobe InDesign with PDF Converter.

Configuration Variables

ProcessInDesignBookMarks (page -588)
ProcessInDesignHyperlinks (page -589)
ProcessInDesignInternalPDFThumbnail (page -590)
ProcessInDesignLinkUpdate (page -591)
ProcessInDesignPDFCompatibility50 (page -592)

Other Formats

The following Idoc Script variables are related to the use of various native applications with PDF Converter.

Configuration Variables

FrameMakerCyclesAllowed (page -248)
FrameMakerexePath (page -249)
FrameMakerTimeout (page -250)
MSPubexePath (page -527)
OpenOfficeListenerPort (page -550)
OpenOfficeListenerURL (page -551)
OpenOfficePath (page -552)
PageMakerExePath (page -565)

XML Converter

The following Idoc Script variables are related to XML Converter.
Idoc Script by Usage

**Configuration Variables**

- ConvertXmlAsWebviewable (page -99)
- CreateXMLRendition (page -106)
- IncludeXmlFlexionDocType (page -341)
- UseSearchML (page -861)
- UseXmlEmbeddings (page -867)
- UseXmlExtensibleDTD (page -868)
- UseXmlNoDTD (page -869)
- UseXmlNoReference (page -870)
- UseXmlPStyleNames (page -871)
- UseXmlSchema (page -872)
- UseXmlSchemaDTD (page -873)
- XMLTimeout (page -931)

**Dynamic Converter**

The following Idoc Script variables are related to Dynamic Converter.

**Configuration Variables**

- ConversionCacheExpirationPeriodInDays (page -98)
- DatedCacheIntervalDays (page -116)
- DCMaxFileSize (page -118)
- dcShowExportLink (page -119)
- DCTimeOut (page -120)
- DCViewFormat (page -121)
- DefaultFilterInputFormat (page -127)
- DefaultFilterOutputFormat (page -128)
- DefaultHtmlConversion (page -130)
- DisableForcedConversions (page -146)
- DisableKeepingForcedConversions (page -149)
- DisableOptimizedLatestReleaseQuerying (page -150)
- DynamicConverterHtmlFlavor (page -180)
- EnableOptimizedLatestReleaseQuerying (page -188)
- EnableRebuildForcesReconversion (page -189)
- ForcedConversionRules (page -229)
- HighlightBegin (page -287)
**Global Functions**

*incDynamicConversionByRule* (page -337)

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**DATABASE**

The following Idoc Script variables and functions are related to databases.

**Configuration Variables**

*CLASSPATH* (page -68)
*ColumnMapFile* (page -91)
*DatabasePreserveCase* (page -111)
*DatabaseWildcards* (page -112)
*ForceJdbcSyne* (page -234)
*IsJdbc* (page -405)
*IsJdbcLockTrace* (page -406)
*IsJdbcQueryTrace* (page -407)
*JdbcConnectionString* (page -451)
*JdbcDriver* (page -452)
*JdbcPassword* (page -453)
*JdbcPasswordEncoding* (page -454)
*JdbcUser* (page -455)
*MemoFieldSize* (page -522)
*MinMemoFieldSize* (page -524)
*NumConnections* (page -546)
*UseDatabaseShortIndexName* (page -830)
**Global Functions**

formatDateDatabase (page -238)

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**Date and Time**

The following Idoc Script variables and functions are related to the formatting and manipulation of dates and times in the content server.

**Configuration Variables**

DateOutputFormat (page -117)
SystemDateFormat (page -779)
SystemTimeZone (page -786)
UseFourDigitYear (page -831)
WarnAboutTimeZone (page -890)

**Global Functions**

dateCurrent (page -114)
formatDate (page -236)
formatDateDatabase (page -238)
formatDateOnly (page -240)
formatDateOnlyDisplay (page -242)
formatDateOnlyFull (page -243)
formatDateWithPattern (page -244)
formatTimeOnly (page -245)
parseDataEntryDate (page -567)
parseDate (page -568)
parseDateWithPattern (page -570)

**Other Variables**

CURRENT_DATE (page -107)
lastEntryTs (page -462)
DEBUGGING

The following Idoc Script variables and functions are related to debugging.

**Configuration Variables**

- ArchiverTraceLocks (page -42)
- ArchiverTraceLockMaintenance (page -41)
- AutoMaxMergeTrace (page -47)
- CGI_DEBUG (page -61)
- CGI_RECEIVE_DUMP (page -62)
- CGI_SEND_DUMP (page -63)
- ChunkedRequestTrace (page -67)
- DebugMode (page -122)
- DebugStdConversion (page -123)
- DirectoryLockingLogPath (page -140)
- DisplayPSOrigin (page -157)
- EnableEnvironmentPackager (page -184)
- EnableErrorFile (page -185)
- FILTER_DEBUG (page -227)
- ForceJdbcSync (page -234)
- getFreeMemory (page -260)
- getTotalMemory (page -266)
- IdcAnalyzeLogDir (page -323)
- IndexerTraceCycleListChanges (page -352)
- IndexerTraceLockFileChanges (page -353)
- IndexerTraceStartStop (page -354)
- isActiveTrace (page -364)
- IsJdbcLockTrace (page -406)
- IsJdbcQueryTrace (page -407)
- isVerboseTrace (page -445)
- IsXml (page -449)
- LogMessagePrefix (page -498)
- LogName (page -499)
- LogWithConnectionName (page -500)
- PLUGIN_DEBUG (page -574)
- RequestAuditAdditionalVerboseFieldsList (page -631)
RequestAuditIntervalSeconds1 (page -632)
RequestAuditIntervalSeconds2 (page -633)
RequestAuditListDepth1 (page -634)
RequestAuditListDepth2 (page -635)
RequestAuditSubClassificationField (page -636)
SearchCacheTrace (page -706)
SearchDebugLevel (page -708)
SearchQueryTrace (page -712)
TempDir (page -787)
TraceIsVerbose (page -809)
TraceResourceConflict (page -810)
TraceResourceLoad (page -811)
TraceResourceOverride (page -812)
TraceSectionsList (page -813)
UseRedirectedOutput (page -847)
VerboseMode (page -884)

**Global Functions**

getDebugTrace (page -255)
getErrorTrace (page -256)
trace (page -806)

**Other Variables**

IsJava (page -404)
IsRequestError (page -427)
IsSoap (page -431)
SafeDir (page -686)
ScriptDebugTrace (page -700)
ScriptErrorTrace (page -701)

**DIRECTORIES AND PATHS**

The following Idoc Script variables and functions are related to content server directories and file paths.
**Configuration Variables**

AdminDataDir (page -16)
BinDir (page -52)
CollectionLocation (page -79)
ConfigDir (page -95)
DataDir (page -113)
HelpDir (page -285)
HTMLEditorPath (page -290)
IdcAnalyzeLogDir (page -323)
IntradocDir (page -360)
isPhysicallySplitDir (page -420)
ProviderDir (page -608)
SearchDir (page -709)
SharedDir (page -731)
SharedWeblayoutDir (page -733)
SubjectsDir (page -775)
SystemReportsDir (page -783)
SystemResourcesDir (page -784)
SystemTemplatesDir (page -785)
TempDir (page -787)
UserCache (page -844)
VaultDir (page -882)
WebBrowserPath (page -891)
WeblayoutDir (page -892)
WorkflowDir (page -927)

**Global Functions**

docRootFilename (page -165)
proxiedBrowserFullCgiWebUrl (page -610)
proxiedCgiWebUrl (page -611)

**Other Variables**

DownloadSuggestedName (page -172)
HttpAbsoluteCgiPath (page -301)
HttpAbsoluteCgiRoot (page -302)
HttpAbsoluteWebRoot (page -303)
The following Idoc Script variables are related to Enterprise Search.

**Configuration Variables**

EnterpriseSearchAsDefault (page -193)

The following Idoc Script variables and functions are related to the display of metadata fields on content server web pages.

**Configuration Variables**

ForceDocTypeChoice (page -231)
ForceSecurityGroupChoice (page -235)
IIsOverrideFormat (page -419)
MemoFieldSize (page -522)
MinMemoFieldSize (page -524)
NotationForRequiredFields (page -537)
ShowOnlyKnownAccounts (page -737)
ShowRevisionsColumn (page -738)
StyleForRequiredFields (page -774)
UseFourDigitYear (page -831)

**Global Functions**

optList (page -563)

**Other Variables**

addEmptyOption (page -9)
captionEntryWidth (page -59)
captionFieldWidth (page -60)
defaultFieldInclude (page -126)
defaultOptionListScript (page -136)
fieldCaption (page -207)
fieldCaptionInclude (page -208)
fieldCaptionStyle (page -209)
fieldDefault (page -211)
fieldEditWidth (page -212)
fieldEntryInclude (page -213)
fieldExtraScriptInclude (page -214)
fieldInclude (page -215)
fieldIsOptionList (page -216)
fieldMaxLength (page -217)
fieldName (page -218)
fieldOptionListType (page -219)
fieldType (page -220)
fieldValue (page -221)
fieldValueStyle (page -222)
fieldWidth (page -224)
hasOptionList (page -279)
isExcluded (page -385)
isFieldExcluded (page -391)
isFieldHidden (page -392)
isFieldInfoOnly (page -393)
isFieldMemo (page -394)
isHidden (page -400)
isInfoOnly (page -402)
isMultiOption (page -414)
isRelocated (page -425)
isRequired (page -428)
isStrictList (page -432)
maxLength (page -511)
optionListKey (page -554)
optionListName (page -555)
optionListResultSet (page -557)
optionListScript (page -559)
optionListValueInclude (page -560)
optionsAllowPreselect (page -562)
requiredMsg (page -637)
valueStyle (page -880)

See Also
– Page Display (page -26)

FOLDERS AND WEBDAV

The following Idoc Script variables are related to Folders and WebDAV installation and use.
CollectionDeleteEnabled (page -76)
CollectionHiddenMeta (page -77)
CollectionInhibitUpdateMeta (page -78)
CollectionMeta (page -80)
CollectionMoveEnabled (page -81)
CollectionReadOnlyMarkedFolders (page -82)
CollectionReadOnlyMeta (page -83)
CollectionReleasedOnly (page -84)
CollectionSecurityReadOnly (page -85)
CollectionTrashDeleteDate (page -86)
CollectionTrashDeleteLocation (page -87)
The following Idoc Script variables are related to HTML Preview.

**Configuration Variables**

- **DtmPort** (page -177)
- **PreviewOutputExtension** (page -582)
- **PreviewPath** (page -583)

The following Idoc Script functions and keywords are not related to any specific content server functionality.

**Global Functions**

- **break** (page -53)
- **cacheInclude** (page -57)
- **docLoadResourceIncludes** (page -163)
- **eval** (page -195)
- **executeService** (page -202)
- **forceExpire** (page -232)
- **getTextFile** (page -265)
- **getUserValue** (page -267)
- **getValue** (page -268)
- **inc** (page -335)
- **incGlobal** (page -338)
- **incTemplate** (page -342)
- **isFalse** (page -389)
- **isTrue** (page -437)
- **setExpires** (page -722)
setHttpHeader (page -724)
setMaxAge (page -726)
setResourceInclude (page -728)

**Keywords**

c (page -55)
exec (page -200)
include (page -339)

**INDEXING**

The following Idoc Script variables are related to indexing.

**Configuration Variables**

AdditionalIndexBuildParams (page -10)
AllowConcurrentUpdate (page -25)
AutoMaxMergeTrace (page -47)
CheckMkvdkDocCount (page -66)
DateOutputFormat (page -117)
DoAutoMaxMerge (page -161)
IndexableRenditions (page -343)
IndexerAutoWorkInterval (page -344)
IndexerLargeFileSize (page -345)
IndexerPath (page -346)
IndexerRebuildStagingManualCopy (page -347)
IndexerRebuildStagingPath (page -348)
indexerSetCollectionValue (page -349)
IndexerStyleDir (page -350)
IndexerTouchMonitorInterval (page -351)
IndexerTraceCycleListChanges (page -352)
IndexerTraceLockFileChanges (page -353)
IndexerTraceStartStop (page -354)
IndexVaultFile (page -355)
IsAllowIndexRenditions (page -365)
IsAllowIndexVault (page -366)
MaxCollectionSize (page -505)
MaxDocIndexErrors (page -507)
MaxMergeBaseCount (page -512)
TimeoutPerOneMegInSec (page -804)
UseVdk4CustomStyle (page -866)
VerityAppName (page -885)
VerityAppSignature (page -886)
VerityEncoding (page -887)
VerityInstallDir (page -888)
VerityLocale (page -889)

_Other Variables_

IsFailedIndex (page -388)
IsFullTextIndexed (page -399)
VDKSUMMARY (page -883)

**JSP**

The following Idoc Script variables are related to JSP support.

_Configuration Variables_

IsJspServerEnabled (page -408)
JspAdminQuery (page -458)
JspDefaultIndexPage (page -459)
JspEnabledGroups (page -460)

**LOCALIZATION**

The following Idoc Script variables and functions are related to localization.

_Configuration Variables_

CharMap (page -65)
DefaultFilterInputFormat (page -127)
DefaultFilterOutputFormat (page -128)
FileEncoding (page -225)
IdcLocale (page -331)
PAGE DISPLAY

The following Idoc Script variables and functions are related to the display of content server web pages.

Global Functions
abortToErrorPage (page -2)
docLoadResourceIncludes (page -163)
pneNavigation (page -575)
UseBellevueLook (page -827)
UseXpedioLook (page -875)

Other Variables
AfterLogin (page -20)
coreContentOnly (page -102)
generateUniqueId (page -252)
getHelpPage (page -261)
getOptionListSize (page -262)
isCheckin (page -371)
htmlRefreshTimeout (page -291)
htmlRefreshUrl (page -292)
IsCurrentNav (page -377)
The following Idoc Script functions are related to user topic (personalization) files.

**Global Functions**

- `utGetValue` (page -876)
- `utLoad` (page -877)
utLoadResultSet (page -879)

See Also
– Personalization Functions (page -9)
– Users (page -37)

POP-UP CALENDAR

The following configuration variables are used with Pop-Up Calendar.
pucDefaultTime (page -612)
pucEnableOnSearch (page -613)
pucHideTimeInDateFields (page -614)
pucUseMonthLocale (page -615)
pucUseWeekdayLocale (page -616)
pucXOffset (page -617)
pucYOffset (page -618)
pucZIndex (page -619)

RECORD MANAGER AND RETENTION MANAGER

AllowRetentionPeriodWithoutCutoff (page -31)
HideVitalReview (page -286)
RecordsManagementDenyAuthorFreePassOnRMSecurity (page -622)
RecordsManagementNumberOverwriteOnDelete (page -623)
RmaAddDocWhereClauseForScreening (page -639)
RMAHideExternalFieldsFromCheckInUpdate (page -640)
RMAHideExternalFieldsFromSearchInfo (page -641)
RmaNotifyDispReviewerAndCatAuthor (page -642)
RmaNotifyReviewerAndAlternateReviewer (page -643)

RESULTSETS

The following Idoc Script variables and functions are related to ResultSets.
Global Functions

getValue (page -268)
loadDocMetaDefinition (page -488)
loadEnterpriseSearchCollections (page -490)
loadEnterpriseSearchResults (page -491)
loadSearchOperatorTables (page -493)
loadUserMetaDefinition (page -494)
rsAddFields (page -647)
rsAddRowCountColumn (page -648)
rsAppend (page -649)
rsAppendNewRow (page -650)
rsAppendRowvalues (page -651)
rsCopyFiltered (page -653)
rsCreateResultSet (page -654)
rsDeleteRow (page -655)
rsDocInfoRowAllowDisclosure (page -656)
rsExists (page -657)
rsFieldByIndex (page -658)
rsFieldExists (page -659)
rsFindRowPrimary (page -660)
rsFirst (page -661)
rsInsertNewRow (page -662)
rsIsRowPresent (page -663)
rsMakeFromList (page -664)
rsMakeFromString (page -667)
rsMerge (page -670)
rsMergeDelete (page -672)
rsMergeReplaceOnly (page -673)
rsNext (page -674)
rsNumFields (page -675)
rsNumRows (page -676)
rsRemove (page -677)
rsRename (page -678)
rsRenameField (page -680)
rsSetRow (page -681)
rsSort (page -682)
The following Idoc Script functions are related to schemas.

**Schema publish settings**

Schema are ‘republished’ whenever a change occurs that may affect the relationship between the parts of the schema. These settings relate to publishing factors.

- EnableSchemaPublishing (page -190)
- getFieldViewDisplayValue (page -258)
- getParentValue (page -263)
- getViewValue (page -272)
- getViewValueResultSet (page -273)
- SchemaAllowRecursiveFileMove (page -687)
- SchemaBuildDigestFile (page -688)
- SchemaPublishCheckInterval (page -689)
- SchemaPublishInterval (page -690)
- SchemaPublishMaximumInterval (page -691)
- SchemaPublishMinimumInterval (page -692)
- SchemaPublishRenameRetryInitialInterval (page -693)
- SchemaPublishRenameRetryIterations (page -694)
- SchemaPublishRetryInterval (page -695)
- SchemaPublishRetryIntervalMax (page -696)
- SchemaVerifyPublishing (page -697)
- SchemaWin32RenameDelayInterval (page -698)

**Other Schema Settings**

- clearSchemaData (page -70)
The following Idoc Script variables and functions are related to searching.

**Configuration Variables**

- AllowForceDelete (page -26)
- CachedResultRowCount (page -56)
- EnableDocumentHighlight (page -183)
- EnterpriseSearchAsDefault (page -193)
- HasSiteStudio (page -282)
- indexerSetCollectionValue (page -349)
- IsAutoSearch (page -370)
- isZoneField (page -450)
- LkDisableOnRebuild (page -472)
- LkDisableReferenceInfo (page -473)
- LkDisallowConversionFormats (page -474)
- LkIsSecureSearch (page -476)
- LkReExtractOnRebuild (page -477)
- LkRefreshBatchSize (page -478)
- LkRefreshErrorsAllowed (page -481)
- LkRefreshErrorPercent (page -480)
- LkRefreshErrorThreshold (page -482)
- MaxHitCount (page -509)
- MaxResults (page -517)
- MaxSavedSearchResults (page -518)
- MaxSearchConnections (page -519)
- noInfoColumn (page -532)
- noRevisionsColumn (page -535)
- NoSearchConnectionCloseOnDocChange (page -536)
- SearchCacheCleanerInterval (page -702)
- SearchCacheHardLimit (page -703)
- SearchCacheMaxItemAge (page -704)
- SearchCacheSoftLimit (page -705)
SearchCacheTrace (page -706)
SearchConnectionWaitTimeout (page -707)
SearchDebugLevel (page -708)
SearchDir (page -709)
SearchIndexerEngineName (page -710)
SearchQueryFormat (page -711)
SearchQueryTrace (page -712)
showDocActions (page -735)
showSearchResultsCheckoutColumn (page -739)
UniversalSearchAllowFullText (page -817)

Global Functions
loadCollectionInfo (page -487)

Other Variables
IsCurrentNav (page -377)
IsFullTextIndexed (page -399)
IsLocalSearchCollectionID (page -410)
IsMultiPage (page -415)
IsSavedQuery (page -429)
NoMatches (page -533)
OneMatch (page -549)
QUERY_STRING (page -620)
regexMatches (page -625)
regexReplaceAll (page -626)
regexReplaceFirst (page -627)
ResultsTitle (page -638)
UseHtmlOrTextHighlightInfo (page -834)
UseSearchCache (page -860)
UseXmlUrl (page -874)

SECURITY

This section lists the Idoc Script variables and functions that are related to security.

- Internal Security (page -33)
Internal Security

The following Idoc Script variables and functions are related to internal content server security.

Configuration Variables

- AllowAllRedirectUrl (page -21)
- AuthorDelete (page -45)
- Default Accounts (page -124)
- encodeHtml (page -191)
- ExclusiveCheckout (page -198)
- GetCopyAccess (page -254)
- HtmlDataInputFilterLevel (page -289)
- SelfRegisteredAccounts (page -714)
- SelfRegisteredRoles (page -715)
- ShowOnlyKnownAccounts (page -737)
- StatusCode (page -747)
- UseAccounts (page -821)
- UserFilteredSubjects (page -849)
- UseSelfRegistration (page -863)

Global Functions

- docUrlAllowDisclosure (page -168)
- hasAppRights (page -275)
- isUserOverrideSet (page -443)
- rsDocInfoRowAllowDisclosure (page -656)
- stdSecurityCheck (page -750)
- userHasAccessToAccount (page -851)
- userHasGroupPrivilege (page -852)
- userHasRole (page -853)

Other Variables

- AdminAtLeastOneGroup (page -15)
- AllowCheckin (page -23)
AllowCheckout (page -24)
DelimitedUserRole (page -139)
EmptyAccountCheckinAllowed (page -181)
HasPredefinedAccounts (page -281)
IsCheckinPreAuthed (page -372)
isLoggedIn (page -411)
IsSubAdmin (page -433)
IsSysManager (page -435)
UserAccounts (page -840)
UserAppRights (page -842)
UserDefaultAccount (page -846)
UserIsAdmin (page -854)
UserRoles (page -859)

**External Security**

The following Idoc Script variables are related to external security (web server and NTLM security).

**Configuration Variables**

AccountMapPrefix (page -4)
AcctPermDelim (page -5)
AcctPrefix (page -7)
AdsSimpleAuth (page -17)
AdsUserName (page -18)
AdsUserPassword (page -19)
AttributeMap (page -43)
DefaultAuth (page -125)
DefaultMasterDomain (page -132)
DefaultNetworkAccounts (page -134)
DomainControllerName (page -170)
HasExternalUsers (page -276)
HasGlobalUsers (page -277)
IntradocRealm (page -361)
IsIntranetAuthTokenOnly (page -403)
IsPrimaryUserBase (page -421)
LdapAdminDN (page -467)
LDAPAdminPassword (page -468)
LdapPort (page -469)
LdapServer (page -470)
LdapSuffix (page -471)
LocalGroupServer (page -496)
NetworkAdminGroup (page -529)
NtlmSecurityEnabled (page -544)
Priority (page -586)
ProviderClass (page -605)
ProviderConfig (page -606)
ProviderConnection (page -607)
ProviderType (page -609)
RedirectHostsFilter (page -624)
RolePrefix (page -644)
SocketHostAddressSecurityFilter (page -743)
SocketHostNameSecurityFilter (page -744)
SourcePath (page -746)
UseAdsi (page -823)
UseFullGroupName (page -832)
UseGroupFilter (page -833)
UseLocalGroups (page -836)
UseNetscape (page -838)
UseNtlm (page -839)
UseSecureLdap (page -862)
UseShortNamesAlways (page -864)
UseSSL (page -865)
WebServerAuthOnly (page -894)

Other Variables

AllowIntranetUsers (page -27)
ExternalUserAccounts (page -205)
ExternalUserRoles (page -206)
IsPromptingForLogin (page -422)
IsUploadSockets (page -441)
The following Idoc Script variables and functions are related to strings.

**Configuration Variables**

StrConfineOverflowChars (page -755)

**Global Functions**

js (page -456)
strCenterPad (page -751)
strCommaAppendNoDuplicates (page -752)
strConfine (page -753)
StrConfineOverflowChars (page -755)
strEquals (page -756)
strEqualsIgnoreCase (page -758)
strGenerateRandom (page -759)
strIndexOf (page -760)
strLeftFill (page -761)
strLeftPad (page -762)
strLength (page -763)
strLower (page -764)
strRemoveWs (page -765)
strReplace (page -766)
strReplaceIgnoreCase (page -767)
strRightFill (page -768)
strRightPad (page -769)
strSubstring (page -770)
strTrimWs (page -772)
strUpper (page -773)
toInteger (page -805)
url (page -819)
urlEscape7Bit (page -820)
xml (page -929)
TEMPLATES

The following Idoc Script variables are related to content server templates.

Configuration Variables

SystemReportsDir (page -783)
SystemTemplatesDir (page -785)

Other Variables

TemplateClass (page -788)
TemplateFilePath (page -790)
TemplateName (page -791)
TemplateType (page -792)

USERS

The following Idoc Script variables and functions are related to content server users.

Configuration Variables

Default Accounts (page -124)
ExclusiveCheckout (page -198)
SysAdminAddress (page -778)
UserCacheTimeout (page -845)
UseSelfRegistration (page -863)

Global Functions

getValueForSpecifiedUser (page -271)
isUserOverrideSet (page -443)
userHasGroupPrivilege (page -852)
userHasRole (page -853)
**Other Variables**

AdminAtLeastOneGroup (page -15)
AllowCheckin (page -23)
AllowCheckout (page -24)
AuthorAddress (page -44)
DelimitedUserRole (page -139)
ExternalUserAccounts (page -205)
ExternalUserRoles (page -206)
HasPredefinedAccounts (page -281)
IsCheckinPreAuthed (page -372)
IsExternalUser (page -386)
isLoggedIn (page -411)
IsSubAdmin (page -433)
IsSysManager (page -435)
IsUserEmailPresent (page -442)
UserAccounts (page -840)
UserAddress (page -841)
UserAppRights (page -842)
UserDefaultAccount (page -846)
UserFullName (page -850)
UserIsAdmin (page -854)
UserName (page -857)
UserRoles (page -859)
wfAddUser (page -899)

**See Also**

– Personalization (page -27)

**WEB SERVER**

The following Idoc Script variables are related to web servers and the web server filter plug-in.

**Configuration Variables**

CGI_DEBUG (page -61)
CGI_RECEIVE_DUMP (page -62)
CGI_SEND_DUMP (page -63)
CgiFileName (page -64)
DefaultAuth (page -125)
DefaultMasterDomain (page -132)
DomainControllerName (page -170)
FILTER_DEBUG (page -227)
HttpAbsoluteWebRoot (page -303)
HttpRelativeWebRoot (page -315)
HttpServerAddress (page -316)
IdcAuthExtraRequestParams (page -324)
IdcHttpHeaderVariables (page -329)
IntradocRealm (page -361)
IsIntranetAuthOnly (page -403)
PATH_INFO (page -571)
PLUGIN_DEBUG (page -574)
ProfileCacheTimeoutInMins (page -604)
RedirectHostsFilter (page -624)
SocketHostAddressSecurityFilter (page -743)
SocketHostNameSecurityFilter (page -744)
UseSSL (page -865)
WebServerAuthOnly (page -894)

Other Variables

CONTENT_LENGTH (page -97)
GATEWAY_INTERFACE (page -251)
getCookie (page -253)
HTTP_ACCEPT (page -293)
HTTP_ACCEPT_ENCODING (page -294)
HTTP_ACCEPT_LANGUAGE (page -295)
HTTP_COOKIE (page -296)
HTTP_HOST (page -297)
HTTP_INTERNETUSER (page -298)
HTTP_REFERER (page -299)
HTTP_USER_AGENT (page -300)
HttpIgnoreWebServerInternalPortNumber (page -310)
PATH_TRANSLATED (page -572)
QUERY_STRING (page -620)
The following Idoc Script variables and functions are related to workflows.

**Configuration Variables**
- isRepromptLogin (page -426)
- IsSavedWfCompanionFile (page -430)
- PrimaryWorkQueueTimeout (page -584)
- WorkflowDir (page -927)
- WorkflowIntervalHours (page -928)

**Global Functions**
- getValueForSpecifiedUser (page -271)

**Workflow Functions**
- wfAddActionHistoryEvent (page -897)
- wfAddUser (page -899)
- wfComputeStepUserList (page -900)
- wfCurrentGet (page -901)
- wfCurrentSet (page -902)
- wfCurrentStep (page -903)
- wfDisplayCondition (page -904)
- wfExit (page -905)
- wfGet (page -906)
- wfGetStepTypeLabel (page -907)


\textbf{Idoc Script by Usage}

\begin{itemize}
  \item \texttt{wfIsFinishedDocConversion} (page -909)
  \item \texttt{wfIsNotifyingUsers} (page -910)
  \item \texttt{wfIsReleasable} (page -911)
  \item \texttt{wfLoadDesign} (page -917)
  \item \texttt{wfNotify} (page -920)
  \item \texttt{wfReleaseDocument} (page -922)
  \item \texttt{wfSet} (page -923)
  \item \texttt{wfSetIsNotifyingUsers} (page -924)
  \item \texttt{wfUpdateMetaData} (page -926)
\end{itemize}

\section*{Other Variables}

\begin{itemize}
  \item \texttt{AllowReview} (page -32)
  \item \texttt{dWfName} (page -178)
  \item \texttt{dWfStepName} (page -179)
  \item \texttt{entryCount} (page -194)
  \item \texttt{IsEditRev} (page -384)
  \item \texttt{IsWorkflow} (page -448)
  \item \texttt{lastEntryTs} (page -462)
  \item \texttt{SingleGroup} (page -740)
  \item \texttt{wfAction} (page -895)
  \item \texttt{wfAdditionalExitCondition} (page -898)
  \item \texttt{wfJumpEntryNotifyOff} (page -912)
  \item \texttt{wfJumpMessage} (page -913)
  \item \texttt{wfJumpName} (page -914)
  \item \texttt{wfJumpReturnStep} (page -915)
  \item \texttt{wfJumpTargetStep} (page -916)
  \item \texttt{wfMailSubject} (page -918)
  \item \texttt{wfMessage} (page -919)
  \item \texttt{wfParentList} (page -921)
  \item \texttt{WfStart} (page -925)
\end{itemize}
This section lists Idoc Script variables and functions in alphabetical order, and provides details about each item.
**ABORTTOERRORPAGE**

**Type and Usage**

- [Global Functions](#) (page -20)
- [Page Display](#) (page -26)

**Description**

Aborts the current page and displays an error message.

- This function evaluates the [StatusCode](#) variable, and if a negative numeric value (-1) is returned, the display of the current page is aborted and is substituted with an error page.

- The [StatusMessage](#) variable can be used as the error message string.

**Parameters**

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is the error message string.

**Output**

Returns the error message string on an error page.

**Example**

Aborts the current page and displays *Access Denied* as an error message:

<$abortToErrorPage("Access Denied")$>

Aborts the current page and displays the value of the *StatusMessage* variable as an error message:

<$abortToErrorPage("<$StatusMessage$">")$>

**See Also**

- [executeService](#) (page -202)
- [IsRequestError](#) (page -427)
- [StatusCode](#) (page -747)
- [StatusMessage](#) (page -748)
ACADUSELISPIFERENCE

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- AutoCAD (page -12)

Description
Sets the AutoCAD to use the LISP interface. This works around an AutoCAD bug.
- When set to TRUE, the LISP interface is used. The acadunsupp.arx file needs to be registered in AutoCAD 14.01 before converting.
- Default is TRUE.

Location
<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
AcadUseLISPIfERENCE=true

See Also
- UseAutoCad2000 (page -825)
ACCOUNTMAPPREFIX

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- External Security (page -34)

Description
Defines the prefix that identifies which Windows network groups map to content server accounts.

- Used with NTLM security. Any Windows group that begins with the value of this setting is mapped to a content server account.
- Default is @.

Location

- Configure NT Domain Security page—Account Map Prefix
- <install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
AccountMapPrefix=+
**ACCTPERMDELIM**

**Type and Usage**

- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [External Security](#) (page -34)

**Description**

Defines the string that separates the account name from the account permissions in an Active Directory or LDAP group name.

- If an Active Directory or LDAP group name is mapped to an account and contains this substring, the string to the left of this substring will be the account name, and the string to the right of this substring will be the account permissions.

- For example, if the delimiter is defined as a + (plus sign), the group name `Acct1+rw` would map to an account named `Acct1` with Read and Write permission. If the delimiter is defined as _ (underscore), the `Acct1+rw` group name would map to an account named `Acct1+rw`, with permissions defined by the [DefaultNetworkAccounts](#) setting.

- Default is _ (underscore).

**Location**

**Active Directory Security**

- Active Directory Configuration page—Account Permissions Delimiter
- `<install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda`

**LDAP Security**

- Add/Edit LDAP Provider page—Account Permissions Delimiter
- `<install_dir>/data/providers/provider_name/provider.hda`
Example

Used as a configuration entry:

AcctPermDelim=+

See Also

– DefaultNetworkAccounts (page 134)
ACCTPREFIX

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- External Security (page -34)

Description

Defines the Active Directory or LDAP prefixes that will be mapped to content server accounts.

- This is a semicolon-separated list of LDAP-style strings that are substrings of Active Directory or LDAP group names. If one of these strings is a substring of a group name, the rest of the group name can be mapped to a content server account, according to the specified depth. See the Active Directory Configuration page or the Add/Edit LDAP Provider page for detailed examples.
- The UseGroupFilter (page -833) setting must be TRUE for accounts to be mapped from Active Directory or LDAP groups.
- Default is an empty string.

Location

Active Directory Security

- Active Directory Configuration page—Account Prefix
- `<install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda`

LDAP Security

- Add/Edit LDAP Provider page—Account Prefix
- `<install_dir>/data/providers/provider_name/provider.hda`

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

`AcctPrefix=OU=Accounts,OU=Stellent[1];`
See Also

– *UseGroupFilter* (page 833)
– *RolePrefix* (page 644)
**ADDEMPTYOPTION**

**Type and Usage**
- [Other Field Display Variables](page -28)
- [Field Display](page -20)

**Description**
Specifies that a metadata field option list has blank value as the first option in the list.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the first value in the option is blank.
- Returns FALSE if the first value in the option list is not blank.

**Example**
Specifies that the first value in the option list is blank:

```xml
<$if ForceDocTypeChoice and isTrue(ForceDocTypeChoice)$$>
  <$addEmptyOption = 1$>
<$endif$>
```

**See Also**
- [fieldIsOptionList](page -216)
ADDITIONALINDEXBUILDPARAMS

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Indexing (page -24)

Description

Adds build parameters to every Verity Indexer (`mkvdk.exe`) execution. Verity Integration is an add-on product available for purchase for use with Content Server.

- This can be used to force optimization to occur after every indexing bulkload instead of every few bulkloads. For example, when a collection is not fully merged, the collection can be spread over many files, making searching inefficient and consuming many file handles.
- Default is an empty string.

Parameters

- Each build parameter is prefixed with a hyphen. For example, `-repair`.
- If a build parameter has its own sub-parameters, the first sub-parameter does not have a hyphen. For example, `-optimize maxmerge`.
- If a build parameter has more than one sub-parameter, each sub-parameter after the first one is prefixed with a hyphen. For example, `-optimize maxmerge -squeeze`.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-repair</td>
<td>Repairs the collection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parameter</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| -optimize | Optimizes the collection using one or more of the following sub-parameters:  
  maxmerge—Merges separate partitions into one partition.  
  squeeze—Recovers space from deleted documents.  
  vdbopt—Builds optimized VDBs (Verity databases) by configuring smaller units in the collection.  
  spanword—Creates a word list spanning all partitions.  
  ngramindex—Creates an ngram index into the spanning word list.  
  maxclean—Removes out-of-date collection files. This parameter can be used only when the collection is offline (or read-only).  
  readonly—Makes the collection read-only.  
  tuneup—Fully optimizes the collection for read-write use.  
  publish—Fully optimizes the collection for read-only use. |
| -servlev  | Overrides the service level to allow collection functions to be enabled, using one or more of the following parameters:  
  search—Enables search and retrieval.  
  optimize—Enables collection optimization.  
  assist—Enables building of the word list.  
  housekeep—Enables housekeeping of unneeded files.  
  insert—Enables adding and updating documents.  
  delete—Enables document deletion.  
  backup—Enables backup.  
  purge—Enables background purging.  
  repair—Enables collection repair.  
  index—Same as insert -delete.  
  dataprep—Same as search -optimize -assist -housekeep -index. |

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg
Example

Used as a configuration entry:

AdditionalIndexBuildParams=-repair

AdditionalIndexBuildParams=-optimize maxclean

AdditionalIndexBuildParams=-optimize maxmerge -squeeze

See Also

– DoAutoMaxMerge (page -161)
ADDITIONAL_SUBSCRIPTION_COLLATED_FIELD_LIST

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Defines a list of additional fields displayed for subscriptions.

- The default fields are defined in SubscriptionCollatedFieldList.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

AdditionalSubscriptionCollatedFieldList=dOriginalName

See Also

- SubscriptionCollatedFieldList (page -776)
**ADJUSTPRINTERMARGINS**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [PDF Converter](#) (page -10)

**Description**
Adjusts the printer margins as necessary during conversion of Microsoft PowerPoint files.
- When set to TRUE, printer margins are adjusted as necessary during conversion of Microsoft PowerPoint files.
- When set to FALSE, printer margins are not adjusted during conversion of Microsoft PowerPoint files.
- Default is TRUE.

**Location**

```
<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg
```

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```
AdjustPrinterMargins=false
```
ADMINATLEASTONEGROUP

Type and Usage

- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Internal Security (page -33)
- Users (page -37)

Description

Checks if the current user has the admin role for at least one security group.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the user is an administrator for at least one security group.
- Returns FALSE if the user is not assigned the admin role.

Example

Can be used to do an optional presentation for an administrator:

```<$if (AdminAtLeastOneGroup)$>
    <a href="<$redirect$>">
    <$endif$>`
```

See Also

- UserAppRights (page -842)
- UserIsAdmin (page -854)
**ADMIN_DATA_DIR**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)
- Clustering (page -4)

**Description**
Defines the path to the Admin Server *data* directory.
- Default is `<install_dir>/admin/data/`.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

`AdminDataDir=c:/stellent/admin/data/`
ADS\textsc{SIMPLEAUTH}

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- External Security (page -34)

Description

Specifies whether content server roles and accounts are derived from Active Directory groups.

- When set to TRUE, only user passwords are authenticated from Active Directory; roles and accounts must be derived from another user base (such as an LDAP server).
- When set to FALSE, roles and accounts are derived from Active Directory groups.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

- \texttt{<install\_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda}

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

\texttt{AdsSimpleAuth=true}
ADSUSERNAME

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- External Security (page -34)

Description

Specifies a user name that has Read permission for Active Directory.

- This setting is required only if the web server is running on a Windows Server that does not have Read permission to Active Directory.
- The user name must be in the form DOMAIN_NAME\user_name.
- If this setting and the AdsUserPassword (page -19) setting are not specified, the default is the user name that the web server runs under.

Location

- Active Directory Configuration page—User Name
- <install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

AdsUserName=CORP_DOMAIN\admin_user

See Also

- AdsUserPassword (page -19)
**ADSUSERPASSWORD**

**Type and Usage**

- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [External Security](#) (page -34)

**Description**

Specifies the password for the **AdsUserName** (page -18) setting, which specifies a user name that has Read permission for Active Directory.

- This setting is required only if the web server is running on a Windows Server that does not have Read permission to Active Directory.
- If the **AdsUserName** (page -18) setting and this setting are not specified, the default is the user name that the web server runs under.

**Location**

- Active Directory Configuration page—User Password
- `<install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda`

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

```
AdsUserPassword=idc
```

**See Also**

- **AdsUserName** (page -18)
**AFTERLOGIN**

**Type and Usage**
- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Page Display (page -26)

**Description**
Specifies whether the current page was created immediately after a login.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the page was created immediately after a login.
- Returns FALSE if the page was not created immediately after a login.

**Example**
Displays an alternate URL if the page was not created immediately after a login:

```
<if not AfterLogin$>
  <a href="$redirect$">
  <$endif$
```

```
ALLOWALLREDIRECTURL

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Items (page -4)

Description

Resets functionality defined by RedirectHostsFilter and causes the Content Server to act as it did before that variable was set. Setting this variable to TRUE allows the user to be redirected to any URL instead of those specified by RedirectHostsFilter.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
AllowAllRedirectUrl=true

See Also

- RedirectHostsFilter (page -624)
ALLOWALTERNATEMETAFILE

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Items (page -4)

Description

Allows users to submit “metadata-only” content as the alternate file.

- Enables the metadata-only file creation capability. In this scenario, the contributor does not specify an alternate file. Instead, the system will create the alternate file using a template and the content item’s metadata.

- If set to TRUE in the config.cfg file, an extra check box is added to the checkin page. When this check box is selected, the createAlternateMetaFile (page -103) setting is enabled, which directs the system to actually create the alternate file.

- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
AllowAlternateMetaFile=true

See Also

- createAlternateMetaFile (page -103)
- AllowPrimaryMetaFile (page -30)
ALLOWCHECKIN

Type and Usage

- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Internal Security (page -33)
- Users (page -37)

Description
Checks whether the current user has checkin permission for the content item’s security group.

Output
- Returns TRUE if the user has checkin permission.
- Returns FALSE if the user does not have checkin permission.

Example
Can be used to do an optional presentation for a user with checkin permission:

```html
<if (AllowCheckin)>
    <a href="<redirect>">
<endif>
```
ALLOWCHECKOUT

Type and Usage

- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Internal Security (page -33)
- Users (page -37)

Description

Checks whether current user has checkout permission for the content item’s security group.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the user has checkout permission.
- Returns FALSE if the user does not have checkout permission.

Example

Can be used to do an optional presentation for a user with checkout permission:

```$if (AllowCheckout)$
   <a href="$redirect$">
   <$endif$>
```
ALLOWCONCURRENTUPDATE

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Indexing (page -24)

Description
Used to allow new documents to be added to the existing collection during a rebuild of the index.

Location
<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
AllowConcurrentUpdate=TRUE
ALLOWFORCEDELETE

Type and Usage

- Link Manager Configuration Variables (page -18)
- Searching (page -31)

Description

Used to delete content items that are referenced or used by other content items.

The default setting is AllowForceDelete=FALSE. This configures the Content Server to refuse a request to delete a content item that is referenced as a link.

If AllowForceDelete is set to true, a content item that is referenced as a link can be deleted. This invalidates the link.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
AllowForceDelete=TRUE

See Also

- Managing Repository Content Guide for details about Link Manager use.
ALLOWINTRANETUSERS

Type and Usage

- Dynamic Variables (page -20)
- External Security (page -34)

Description

Checks if Microsoft network (NTLM) authentication is enabled.

Output

- Returns TRUE if NtlmSecurityEnabled (page -544) is set to TRUE.
- Returns FALSE if NtlmSecurityEnabled (page -544) is set to TRUE.

Example

Evaluates Microsoft network security:

<$AllowIntranetUsers$>

See Also

- NtlmSecurityEnabled (page -544)
ALLOWMATCHESINDATECHECK

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Archiver (page -2)

Description

When set to TRUE, the date validation code is changed so that dates that match a prior revision date are valid.

- Setting this variable allows an archive import and batch load process to import revisions of a content item that have matching creation dates or release dates.
- Standard date validation in the archiver normally disallows an import of a revision that matches or is within a minute of the prior revision of a document.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

AllowMatchesInDateCheck=TRUE
ALLOWPASSTHRU

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Inbound Refinery (page -9)

Description

Sets the handling of files that fail conversion.

- When set to TRUE, the file is passed through in its native format when conversion fails or times out.
- When set to FALSE, the file is not passed through when conversion fails or times out. An error message is generated and the file remains in GENWWW status.
- Default is an empty string.

Location

<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
AllowPassthru=false
ALLOWPRIMARYMETAFILE

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Items (page -4)

Description

Allows users to submit “metadata-only” content as the primary file.

- Enables the metadata-only file creation capability. In this scenario, the contributor does not specify a primary file. Instead, the system will create the primary file using a template and the content item’s metadata.

- If set to TRUE in the config.cfg file, an extra check box is added to the checkin page. When this check box is selected, the createPrimaryMetaFile (page -105) setting is enabled, which directs the system to actually create the primary file.

- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

AllowPrimaryMetaFile=true

See Also

- AllowAlternateMetaFile (page -22)
- createPrimaryMetaFile (page -105)
ALLOWRETENTIONPERIODWITHOUTCUTOFF

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Record Manager and Retention Manager (page -28)

Description

Specifies retention periods for non-record content items. If set to TRUE, retention periods for triggers for non-record content items are enabled. If set to FALSE, retention periods are disabled.

The default is TRUE.

Location

<install_dir>/custom/RecordsManagement/records_management_environments.cfg
<install_dir>/custom/RetentionManager/retentionmanager_environments.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

AllowRetentionPeriodWithoutCutoff=false
**ALLOWREVIEW**

**Type and Usage**
- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Workflow (page -40)

**Description**
Checks whether the current user is allowed to approve or reject the current workflow item.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the user is a reviewer for the current workflow step.
- Returns FALSE if the user is not a reviewer for the current workflow step.

**Example**
Displays Approve and Reject buttons if the user is a reviewer:

```html
<if AllowReview$>
    <include workflow_doc_action_buttons$>
</if$>
```
ALLOWSAMEPRIMARYALTERNATEEXTENSIONS

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Items (page -4)

Description
Allows the primary file and alternate file to have the same file extension.
- When set to TRUE, the primary file and alternate file can have the same file extension.
- When set to FALSE, the primary file and alternate file cannot have the same file extension.
- Default is FALSE.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
AllowSamePrimaryAlternateExtensions=true
ALLOWSECONDARYCONVERSION

**Type and Usage**

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Inbound Refinery (page -9)

**Description**

Defines whether the Inbound Refinery will use a backup conversion step if the native conversion step fails.

- When set to TRUE, the backup conversion step will be used upon conversion failure.
- When set to FALSE, no backup conversion step will be used upon conversion failure.
- Default is TRUE.

**Location**

- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—General tab—Allow secondary conversion step
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

```
AllowSecondaryConversion=false
```

**See Also**

- SecondaryConversionStepName (page -713)
ALLOWSKIPPEDHYPERLINKTOCAUSEINCOMPLETE

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

Description

Marks the conversion as “incomplete” when a hyperlink cannot be converted to PDF.

- When set to TRUE, the conversion is marked as “incomplete” when a hyperlink cannot be converted.
- When set to FALSE, hyperlinks that cannot be converted are skipped, and the conversion is marked as “converted”.
- Default is TRUE.

Location

<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

Example

As a configuration entry:
AllowSkippedHyperlinktoCauseIncomplete=false
APPLETCUNKSIZE

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Sets the size of the transfer chunks for the chunking function, in bytes.

- Files that exceed the AppletChunkThreshold (page -37) size will be transferred in chunks of this size.
- Default is 1 MB.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

As a configuration setting:

AppletChunkSize=10000

See Also

- AppletChunkThreshold (page -37)
- ChunkedRequestTrace (page -67)
- DisableHttpUploadChunking (page -148)
APPLETCHUNKTHRESHOLD

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Sets the minimum file size for the chunking function, in bytes.
- The chunking function will not be used for files smaller than this size.
- Default is 1 MB.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

As a configuration setting:
AppletChunkThreshold=500000

See Also

- AppletChunkThreshold (page -37)
- ChunkedRequestTrace (page -67)
- DisableHttpUploadChunking (page -148)
ARCHIVE_COLLECTION

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Archiver (page -2)

Description
Defines the path to the default archive collection directory.
- Default is $<install_dir>/archives/.

Location
- $<install_dir>/config/config.cfg
- $<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg

Note: This setting must be included in both configuration files.

Example
As a configuration setting:
ARCHIVE_COLLECTION=f:/stellent_archives/
ARCHIVERDOLOCKS

Type and Usage

- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Archiver](#) (page -2)

Description

Activates a locking algorithm on archive files at the file system level.

- If you do automated imports or transfers with more than one content server sharing an instance, set this variable to TRUE.
- If only one instance is doing automated imports or transfers in a load balancing configuration, then this variable does not need to be set.
- There is no default setting.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

As a configuration setting:

ArchiverDoLocks=true

See Also

- [ArchiverTraceLocks](#) (page -42)
- [ArchiverTraceLockMaintenance](#) (page -41)
- [ArchiverTouchMonitorInterval](#) (page -40)
ARCHIVER TOUCH MONITOR INTERVAL

Type and Usage

- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [Archiver](page -2)

Description

Defines the time that a contending content server will wait before it will treat an archive lock file whose timestamp has not changed as having expired. The content server will also touch any locks it is maintaining twice during this interval.

- An archive lock is created by placing a lock file into an appropriate directory. In order for the lock to persist, the timestamp on the file must change periodically; otherwise any contending content server will treat the lock as an expired lock.

- The smaller the value of this setting, the quicker that locks can alternate between content servers. The larger the value, the more likely that high activity (which could keep a touch request delayed for many seconds) on the network drive will cause a content server to falsely report a lock as having expired. If a lock is falsely expired, it can cause duplicated effort (although it should not have any long term impact on the state of the content server).

- The default is 12000 milliseconds (12 seconds).

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

As a configuration setting:
ArchiverTouchMonitorInterval=15000

See Also

- [ArchiverDoLocks](page -39)
- [ArchiverTraceLocks](page -42)
- [ArchiverTraceLockMaintenance](page -41)
ARCHIVERTRACELOCKMAINTENANCE

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Archiver (page -2)
- Debugging (page -16)

Description

Dumps trace information to the content server console for timestamp maintenance on any outstanding archive locks and the discovery of timestamp changes on locks maintained by other servers.

- An archive lock is created by placing a lock file into an appropriate directory. In order for the lock to persist, the timestamp on the file must change periodically; otherwise any contending content server will treat the lock as an expired lock.
- There is no default setting.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

As a configuration setting:
ArchiverTraceLockMaintenance=true

See Also

- ArchiverDoLocks (page -39)
- ArchiverTraceLocks (page -42)
- ArchiverTouchMonitorInterval (page -40)

Note: This variable is obsolete as of the Content Server 7.0 release. The functionality is now available in the System Audit Information page available in the Admin Applets.
ARCHIVERTRACELOCKS

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Archiver (page -2)
- Debugging (page -16)

Description
Dumps trace information to the content server console when locks on an archive are acquired and released.
- There is no default setting.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
As a configuration setting:
ArchiverTraceLocks=true

See Also
- ArchiverDoLocks (page -39)
- ArchiverTraceLockMaintenance (page -41)
- ArchiverTouchMonitorInterval (page -40)

Note: This variable is obsolete as of the Content Server 7.0 release. The functionality is now available in the System Audit Information page available in the Admin Applets.
ATTRIBUTE_MAP

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- External Security (page -34)

Description
Specifies the mapping of Active Directory or LDAP user attributes to content server user information fields.
- This is a semicolon-separated list of user attribute maps. Each set of values is separated by a colon. For example, mail:dEmail.
- Default is mail:dEmail;cn:dFullName;title:dUserType.

Location

Active Directory Security
- Active Directory Configuration page—Attribute Map
- <install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda

LDAP Security
- Add/Edit LDAP Provider page—Attribute Map
- <install_dir>/data/providers/provider_name/provider.hda

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
AttributeMap=department:uUserDepartment;mail:dEmail
**AUTHORADDRESS**

**Type and Usage**
- [Value Variables](#) (page -33)
- [Users](#) (page -37)

**Description**
Specifies the e-mail address of the author of a content item.

**Output**
Returns a string or Boolean value depending on use.
- Standard use: Returns the e-mail address of the content item’s author as a string.
- Used in a conditional statement:
  - Returns TRUE if the content item author has a defined e-mail address.
  - Returns FALSE if the content item author has no e-mail address.

**Example**
Can be used to alert the content item author via e-mail when a revision is made.

<$AuthorAddress$>
**AuthorDelete**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Internal Security](#) (page -33)

**Description**
Enables authors to delete their own revisions without Delete permission to the security group.
- When set to TRUE, authors can delete their own revisions without Delete permission to the security group.
- Default is an empty string.

**Location**
- System Properties—Content Security tab—Allow author to delete revision
- Admin Server—Content Security—Allow author to delete revision
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
As a configuration entry:
`AuthorDelete=true`

As script:
```
<if AuthorDelete>
    <AuthorDelete/>
<else>
    false
</endif>
```
**AUTOCAD2000PLOTTERFILEPATH**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [AutoCAD](page -12)

**Description**
Defines the path for the AutoCAD 2000 plotter file.
- Returns the file path as a string.
- Default is an empty string.

**Location**
- Shared Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—AutoCAD Options tab—AutoCAD 2000 Plotter File Path
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg`

**Example**
As a configuration entry, defines the AutoCAD 2000 plotter file path:
```
AutoCad2000PlotterFilePath=c:/autocad2000/plotter/
```

As script, returns the file path as a string:
```
<$AutoCad2000PlotterFilePath$>
```

**See Also**
- [UseAutoCad2000](page -825)
**AUTOMAXMERGETRACE**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Indexing](#) (page -24)
- [Debugging](#) (page -16)

**Description**
Enables a script debug trace for the Verity Indexer “auto tuneup” feature. Verity Integration is an add-on product available for purchase for use with Content Server.

- When set to TRUE, the “auto tuneup” parameters are included in the script debug trace.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

AutoMaxMergeTrace=true

**See Also**
- [DoAutoMaxMerge](#) (page -161)
- [ScriptDebugTrace](#) (page -700)
AutoNumberPrefix

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Items (page -4)

Description

Defines the prefix that will be added to all automatically numbered Content IDs.

- Returns the automatic numbering prefix (returns value in configuration settings).
- Returns a string.

Location

- System Properties—Options tab—Auto Name Prefix
- Admin Server—General Configuration—Auto Number Prefix
- <install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

As a configuration setting, defines the automatic numbering prefix:

AutoNumberPrefix=HR

As script, returns the value of the configuration setting:

<${AutoNumberPrefix}>

See Also

- IsAutoNumber (page -368)
AUTONUMBERWIDTH

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Items (page -4)

Description

Allows you to use more than six digits for a Content ID number, providing support for up to one hundred million content items (eight digits).

Location

- <install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

As a configuration setting:

AutoNumberWidth=8
**BATCHLOADERPATH**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Batch Loader](#) (page -3)

**Description**
Defines the path to the default batch load text file.
- Returns the file path as a string.

**Location**
<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg

**Example**
As a Windows configuration entry:
BatchLoaderPath=c:/stellent/BatchLoader/batchfile.txt

As a Solaris/UNIX configuration entry:
BatchLoaderPath=/u1/intradoc3/batLd/batchfile

As script, returns the file path as a string:
<${BatchLoaderPath}$>
**BatchLoaderUserName**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [Batch Loader](page -3)

**Description**
Defines the authorized user name for the Batch Loader utility. The user name must belong to the *admin* role.
- Default is *sysadmin*.
- Returns the Batch Loader user name as a string.

**Location**

<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

BatchLoaderUserName=sysadmin
**BinDir**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)

**Description**
Defines the path to the content server launch executable files, such as `IdcServer.exe`.

**Location**

```
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg
```

**Example**
As a configuration setting:

```
BinDir=c:/stellent/bin/
```
BREAK

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Idoc Script (page -23)

Description

Often used to terminate a loop.
- The break instruction causes the innermost loop to be exited.
- Control resumes with the first statement following the end of the loop.

Parameters

None.

Output

None.

Example

N/A
**BROWSERVERSIONNUMBER**

**Type and Usage**
- Value Variables (page -33)
- Clients (page -3)

**Description**
Retrieves the version number of the client browser.

**Output**
Returns the browser version number as a string.

**Example**
Can be used to ensure that the user has a browser version compatible with Stellent.

<$BrowserVersionNumber$>
C

Type and Usage

- Idoc Script Comments (page -2)
- Idoc Script (page -23)

Description

Specifies a comment in Idoc Script code.

Example

Places a comment in the code:

```$c = "Sets the variables to empty strings."$>```
CACHEDRESULTROWCOUNT

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Searching](#) (page -31)

**Description**
Sets the size of the search cache.
- The search cache can improve search performance by caching recent search engine queries. Increasing the size reduces search time, but increases memory usage.
- Default is 20,000 rows.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

As a configuration setting:

CachedResultRowCount=30000
CACHEINCLUDE

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Idoc Script (page -23)

Description

This function acts in a similar fashion to the "inc" IdocScript function. It will evaluate the dynamic html include corresponding to 'includeName', and display it on the page. The difference is that if possible, it will pull the rendered html from a cache, instead of evaluating it again.

See Keywords vs. Functions (page -17) for more information.

Parameters

Takes three required parameters and two optional parameters. For example:

\[ \text{cacheInclude}(\text{includeName, scope, lifeSpan [, cacheName, key]}) \]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>includeName</td>
<td>The name of the dynamic html element to evaluate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>scope</td>
<td>Set to 'session' if each user should see different html, or 'application' if all users will see the same thing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lifeSpan</td>
<td>The lifespan of this include in the cache, in seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cacheName</td>
<td>Optional: if you wish to place this data into a named cache instead of the default cache. If an empty string is passed, it will cache the include into the default cache for the session.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Example

This will cache the "std_page_begin" include for each user for ten minutes. This is about 10k per user in the cache.

<$cacheInclude("std_page_begin", "session", 600)>

### See Also

- inc (page -335)
- forceExpire (page -232)
- setExpires (page -722)
- setHttpHeader (page -724)
- setMaxAge (page -726)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>key</td>
<td>Optional: if you do not want automatic name-scoping of your cache to prevent conflicts, you can specify a unique key here.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CAPTIONENTRYWIDTH

Type and Usage

- Other Field Display Variables (page -28)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Specifies the width of a metadata field, in percent.

Output

Returns the width of the current metadata field in percent.

Example

Used as script:

```xml
<$if isInfo$>
  <$captionFieldWidth="30%"$>
  <$captionEntryWidth="70%"$>
<$/elseif isEditMode$>
  <$captionFieldWidth="20%"$>
  <$captionEntryWidth="80%"$>
<$/endif$>
```

See Also

- captionFieldWidth (page -60)
CAPTIONFIELDWIDTH

Type and Usage

- Other Field Display Variables (page -28)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Specifies the width of a metadata field caption, in percent.

Output

Returns the width of the current metadata field caption in percent.

Example

Used as script:

```<$if isInfo$>
    <$captionFieldWidth="30\%"$>
    <$captionEntryWidth="70\%"$>
    <$elseif isEditMode$>
    <$captionFieldWidth="20\%"$>
    <$captionEntryWidth="80\%"$>
    <$endif$>
```

See Also

- fieldCaptionStyle (page -209)
- captionEntryWidth (page -59)
CGI_DEBUG

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Web Server (page -38)
- Debugging (page -16)

Description

Enables logging of high-level information that is passed through the web server filter.

- When set to TRUE, a summary of data and headers sent between the web server filter and content server is recorded in the following log file:
  - IIS: <install_dir>/idcplg/idc_cgi_isapi-<instance>.dll.log
  - Apache or NES: <install_dir>/data/users/authfilt.log
- When changing this setting on IIS or on Content Server v3.72 and lower, the content server and web server must be restarted.
- When changing this setting on Apache and Netscape on Content Server after v3.72, only the content server must be restarted.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
CGI_DEBUG=true

See Also

- CGI_RECEIVE_DUMP (page -62)
- CGI_SEND_DUMP (page -63)
- FILTER_DEBUG (page -227)
- PLUGIN_DEBUG (page -574)
**CGI_RECEIVE_DUMP**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#-3) (page -3)
- [Web Server](#-38) (page -38)
- [Debugging](#-16) (page -16)

**Description**
Enables logging of all incoming data that is passed through the web server filter.

- When set to TRUE, the web server filter records all data it receives in the following log file:
  - **IIS**: `<install_dir>/idcplg/idc_cgi_isapi-<instance>.dll.log`
  - **Apache or NES**: `<install_dir>/data/users/authfilt.log`
- When changing this setting on IIS or on Content Server v3.72 and lower, the content server and web server must be restarted.
- When changing this setting on Apache and Netscape on Content Server after v3.72, only the content server must be restarted.
- There is no default value.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```
CGI_RECEIVE_DUMP=true
```

**See Also**
- [CGI_DEBUG](#-61) (page -61)
- [CGI_SEND_DUMP](#-63) (page -63)
- [FILTER_DEBUG](#-227) (page -227)
- [PLUGIN_DEBUG](#-574) (page -574)
- [DisableGzipCompression](#-147) (page -147)
CGI_SEND_DUMP

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Web Server (page -38)
- Debugging (page -16)

Description

Enables logging of all outgoing data that is passed through the web server filter.

- When set to TRUE, the web server filter records all data it sends in the following log file:
  - IIS: `<install_dir>/idcplg/idc cgi_isapi-<instance>.dll.log`
  - Apache or NES: `<install_dir>/data/users/authfilt.log`
- When changing this setting on IIS or on Content Server v3.72 and lower, the content server and web server must be restarted.
- When changing this setting on Apache and Netscape on Content Server after v3.72, only the content server must be restarted.
- There is no default value.

Location

`<install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda`

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

```text
CGI_SEND_DUMP=true
```

See Also

- `CGI_DEBUG` (page -61)
- `CGI_RECEIVE_DUMP` (page -62)
- `FILTER_DEBUG` (page -227)
- `PLUGIN_DEBUG` (page -574)
CGIFILENAME

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Web Server (page -38)

**Description**
Defines the web server filter file name.
- This setting is used only with IIS.
- Returns the web server filter file name as a string.
- Default is *iis_idc_cgi.dll*.

**Location**
- Content server: `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`
- Admin Server: `<install_dir>/admin/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
As a configuration setting, specifies the web server filter file name:
CgiFileName=idc_cgi_isapi.dll

As script, returns the web server filter file name as a string:
`<$CgiFileName$>`

**See Also**
- *HttpCgiPath* (page -306)
CHARMAP

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Localization (page -25)

Description
Sets the character mapping for Verity. Verity Integration is an add-on product available for purchase for use with Content Server.

- The Verity locale sets this variable automatically.
- Default is 1252 for Western European locales.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
CharMap=sjis
CHECKMKVDKDOCCOUNT

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page 3)
- Indexing (page 24)

Description

Used with Verity Integration. Verity Integration is an add-on product available for purchase for use with Content Server.

Ensures that Microsoft Word files with embedded links are included in the search index.

- Due to a Verity issue, Microsoft Word documents with embedded links are not always included in the search index. This means that by default, these files will not be found in the search queries. This configuration setting includes the metadata of such files (but not the full text) in the search index.

- When set to TRUE, the metadata (but not the full text) of Word files with embedded links is included in the search index.

- When set to FALSE, Word files with embedded links may not be included in the search index.

- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

As a configuration setting:
ChkMkvdkDocCount=true
**CHUNKEDREQUESTTRACE**

**Type and Usage**

- [Configuration Variables](#)
- [Content Server](#)
- [Debugging](#)

**Description**

Outputs chunked file transfer requests on the Content Server Output page in the Admin Server.

- When set to TRUE, chunking requests are output to the Content Server Output page.
- When set to FALSE, chunking requests are not output.
- For this setting to output data, the Chunking function must be enabled using [DisableHttpUploadChunking](#).
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

As a configuration setting:

ChunkedRequestTrace=true

**See Also**

- [AppletChunkSize](#)
- [AppletChunkThreshold](#)
- [DisableHttpUploadChunking](#)
CLASSPATH

Type and Usage

- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [Database](page -15)

Description

Defines the path to the Java class files.

- The default CLASSPATH points at `classes/`, `shared/classes/`, and `shared/classes/server.zip`. If the default is used, the variable does not appear in the configuration file.

- If an Oracle or Informix database is used, the CLASSPATH will include a JDBC driver zip file, such as `shared/classes/classes111.zip`.

Location

- System Properties—Paths tab—Java Classpath
- `<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg`

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

```text
CLASSPATH=$COMPUTEDCLASSPATH;crimson.jar;xalan.jar;jaxp.jar
```
CLEANUP

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Batch Loader (page -3)

Description

Determines whether files should be deleted from the file system as they are being batch loaded.

- When set to TRUE, deletes each batch loaded file from the hard drive after it is successfully checked in or updated.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

CleanUp=true
CLEARSCHEMADATA

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Schema (page -30)

Description

Clears the data from a schema result set.

Parameters

This function can take zero, one, or two parameters.

- If passed zero arguments, it clears the data binder. Returns no value.
- If passed one argument, the argument is the name of the resultset to clear the values from the current row. Returns no value.
- If passed two arguments, the first argument is the resultset name and the second argument is the key identifying the data object to clear. Returns 0 if the data does not exist or 1 if it does exist. The use is True() or False() to conditionally execute scripts based on the return value.

Example

<${clearSchemaData()}$>

See Also

- loadSchemaData (page -492)
CLIENTCONTROLLED

Type and Usage

- **Setable Variables** (page -32)
- **Clients** (page -3)

Description

Checks whether the page was accessed from the ODMA Client.

- This value is passed by the string for controlling the update process that is provided by the client.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the page was accessed from the ODMA Client.
- Returns FALSE if the page was not accessed from the ODMA Client.

Example

Checks if the page was accessed from the ODMA Client:

```<$ClientControlled$>```

See Also

- **HasLocalCopy** (page -278)
- **IsNotLatestRev** (page -417)
**ClusterBinDirRule**

**Type and Usage**

- [Configuration Variables](#)
- [Clustering](#)

**Description**

Required for a cluster.

Specifies how the Admin Server should find the location of the bin directory for the cluster. If a local stub directory is used, this should be set to `local`. On a Veritas-style cluster, where the cluster’s bin directory is on a shared file system, this should be set to `shared`.

**Location**

`<stub_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg`

`<stub_dir>/admin/bin/intradoc.cfg`

On Veritas-style clusters:

`stellent/bin-nodename/intradoc.cfg`

`stellent/admin/bin-nodename/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**

Used as a configuration variable:

ClusterBinDirRule=local

**See Also**

- [ClusterNodeAddress](#)
- [ClusternodeName](#)
**CLUSTERNODEADDRESS**

**Type and Usage**

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Clustering (page -4)

**Description**

Required for a cluster.

Specifies the IP address or DNS name of a specific cluster node.

Unless otherwise specified, all of the following configuration flags will default to the value specified by this variable:

- `IdcServerBindAddress`
- `IdcAdminServerBindAddress`
- `IntradocServerHostName`
- `SocketHostAddressSecurityFilter`
- `IdcAminServerHostName`
- `SocketServerAddress`

**Location**

`<stub_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg`

`<stub_dir>/admin/bin/intradoc.cfg`

On Veritas-style clusters:

`stellent/bin-nodename/intradoc.cfg`

`stellent/admin/bin-nodename/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**

Used as a configuration variable:

```
ClusterNodeAddress=23.10.1.232
```
See Also

– `ClusterBinDirRule` (page -72)
– `ClusterNodeName` (page -75)
**CLUSTERNODENAME**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Clustering](#) (page -4)

**Description**
Required for a cluster.

Specifies a unique name for a node in a cluster. This should be a short, concise name with no spaces that clearly differentiates it from other node names.

**Location**

\(<\text{stub}\_\text{dir}>/\text{bin}/\text{intradoc.cfg}\)
\(<\text{stub}\_\text{dir}>/\text{admin/bin}/\text{intradoc.cfg}\)

On Veritas-style clusters:

stellent/bin-nodename/intradoc.cfg
stellent/admin/bin-nodename/intradoc.cfg

**Example**

Used as a configuration variable:

ClusterNodeName=MSP1

**See Also**
- [ClusterBinDirRule](#) (page -72)
- [ClusterNodeAddress](#) (page -73)
COLLECTIONDELETEENABLED

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Folders and WebDAV (page -22)

Description

Specifies if the Delete icon is displayed so users can delete folders and content items.

- When set to TRUE, displays the Delete icon so users can delete folders and content items from the Exploring page.
- When set to FALSE, hides the Delete icon.
- This variable is set automatically by the Folders installation program according to options specified at install time.

Location

<install_dir>/custom/folders/folders_environment.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

CollectionDeleteEnabled=true
COLLECTIONHIDDENMETA

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Folders and WebDAV (page -22)

Description
Enables users to specify if a virtual folder or content item is hidden or visible.
- This setting adds Hide/Unhide icons to the Exploring page.
- This setting adds a Show hidden when browsing check box to the Folder Configuration page.
- This is set automatically by the Folders installer program according to options specified at install time.

Location
<install_dir>/data/components/folders/install.cfg

See Also
This feature can be enabled manually. See the Folders and WebDAV Guide for details.
**COLLECTIONINHIBITUPDATEMETA**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Folders and WebDAV](#) (page -22)

**Description**
Defines an inhibit field for the metadata propagation function. This enables contributors to copy metadata values from a folder to its subfolders and content items.
- This is set automatically by the Folders installer program according to the field name specified at install time.

**Location**

<install_dir>/custom/folders/folders_environment.cfg

**See Also**
This feature can be enabled manually. See the *Folders and WebDAV Guide* for details.
**COLLECTIONLOCATION**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Archiver](#) (page -2)
- [Directories and Paths](#) (page -18)

**Description**
Defines where the default Archive collection is located.
- Default is `<install_dir>/archives/`.

**Location**
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`
- `<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
CollectionLocation=c:/stellent/new/archives/
```
**COLLECTIONMETA**

**Type and Usage**

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Folders and WebDAV (page -22)

**Description**

Specifies the metadata field that is used to store the unique Collection ID for each virtual folder.

- If this setting is not specified in the configuration file, the default value is \texttt{xCollectionID}.
- This is set automatically by the Folders installer program according to the field name specified at install time.

**Location**

<install_dir>/custom/folders/folders_environment.cfg

**See Also**

This feature can be enabled manually. See the Folders and WebDAV Guide for details.
**COLLECTIONMOVEENABLED**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [Folders and WebDAV](page -22)

**Description**
Specifies if the Move icon is displayed on the Exploring pages.
- When set to TRUE, displays the Move icon so users can move folders and content items to other folders.
- When set to FALSE, hides the Move icon.
- This variable is set automatically by the Folders installation program according to options specified at install time.

**Location**
```
<install_dir>/custom/folders/folders_environment.cfg
```

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
CollectionMoveEnabled=true
```
COLLECTIONREADONLYMARKEDFOLDERS

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Folders and WebDAV (page -22)

Description

Specifies if system-level folders (such as Contribution Server folders and Trash) can be modified (that is, set to “Read Only” status).

- When set to TRUE, prevents modification of system level folders.
- When set to FALSE, enables modifications.
- This variable is set to TRUE by default.
- If this variable is set to FALSE, you should assign an appropriate security group to the system-level folders so only authorized personnel can change them. System-level folders should be changed only if there is a particular reason to do so.

Location

<install_dir>/custom/folders/folders_environment.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

CollectionReadOnlyMarkedFolders=true
Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Folders and WebDAV (page -22)

Description

Enables users to specify if a virtual folder and its contents are read-only.

- “Read-only” is subject to the rules of the operating environment where the instance is run.
- This adds Read-only/Editable icons to the Exploring pages.
- This setting applies only to the current folder level. A subfolder does not inherit the status from the parent.
- This variable is set automatically by the Folders installation program according to options specified at install time.

Location

<install_dir>/data/components/folders/install.cfg

See Also

This feature can be enabled manually. See the Folders and WebDAV Guide for details.
**COLLECTIONRELEASEDONLY**

### Type and Usage
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Folders and WebDAV](#) (page -22)

### Description
Specifies if a revised document is visible to the author and users with Read permission to the content item.

- If set to TRUE and if the item has not released and the user accessing the item is not the author, no part of the content item will be visible.
- When set to FALSE, allows the author and all users with Read permission to the content item to see the latest version.
- This variable is set to FALSE by default.

### Location

<install_dir>/custom/folders/folders_environment.cfg

### Example

Used as a configuration entry:

```
CollectionReleasedOnly=false
```
**COLLECTIONSECURITYREADONLY**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Folders and WebDAV (page -22)

**Description**
Specifies if users can see content items for which they have only Read permission.
- When set to TRUE, allows users to see content items for which they have only Read permissions.
- When set to FALSE, requires that users have at least Write permission to see a content item.
- This variable is set automatically by the Folders installation program according to options specified at install time.

**Location**
<install_dir>/custom/folders/folders_environment.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
CollectionSecurityReadOnly=false
```
COLLECTION TRASH DELETE DATE

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Folders and WebDAV (page -22)

Description

Defines a date metadata field for the Trash function.

- When set, this defines a date metadata field for the Trash function, which enables the deletion date and time to be recorded as metadata for items moved to the Trash folder.
- If set, the deletion date and time are displayed in the Trash folder.
- This variable is set automatically by the Folders installation program if the Trash Bin function is enabled at install time.

Location

<install_dir>/custom/folders/folders_environment.cfg

See Also

This feature can be enabled manually. See the Folders and WebDAV Guide for details.
COLLECTIONTRASHDELETELOCATION

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Folders and WebDAV (page -22)

Description

Defines an integer metadata field designating the parent folder for the Trash function.

- When set, this enables the original parent folder to be recorded as metadata for items moved to the Trash folder.
- If set, users can restore deleted items from the Trash folder.
- If set, the deletion date and time are displayed in the Trash folder.
- This variable is set automatically by the Folders installation program if the Trash Bin function is enabled at install time.

Location

<install_dir>/custom/folders/folders_environment.cfg

See Also

This feature can be enabled manually. See the Folders and WebDAV Guide for details.
**COLLECTION\_TRASH\_DELETE\_OLD\_NAME**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Folders and WebDAV](#) (page -22)

**Description**
Defines a metadata field for the Trash function to track file names of deletions.
- When set, files that are renamed due to a naming conflict in the Trash folder can be restored with their original file names.
- This defines a file name metadata field for the Trash function. This enables the original file name to be recorded as metadata for items that are moved to the Trash folder.
- This variable is set automatically by the Folders installation program if the Trash Bin function is enabled at install time.

**Location**

<install_dir>/custom/folders/folders_environment.cfg

**See Also**
This feature can be enabled manually. See the *Folders and WebDAV Guide* for details.
**COLLECTIONTRASHDELETER**

**Type and Usage**

- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Folders and WebDAV](#) (page -22)

**Description**

Defines a metadata field for the Trash function to track user deletions.

- When set, this defines a metadata field for the Trash function which records the user’s login information as metadata for items that are moved to the Trash folder.
- If set, users can choose to view only the items they have moved to the Trash folder or view all items that everyone has moved to the Trash folder.
- This variable is set automatically by the Folders installation program if the Trash Bin function is enabled at install time.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/custom/folders/folders_environment.cfg`

**See Also**

This feature can be enabled manually. See the *Folders and WebDAV Guide* for details.
**COLLECTIONWEBDAVSERVER**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Folders and WebDAV](#) (page -22)

**Description**
Enables switching views in Windows Explorer.

- If set to a URL, this enables users to switch the view from a Content Server or Collaboration Manager web page to a WebDAV folder in Windows Explorer.
- WebDAV functionality on the content server must be installed to use this function.
- In Microsoft Internet Explorer 5.0 or later, this adds a web folder icon to the virtual Exploring folder (this icon is not displayed in any other browser).
- In Collaboration Manager, this setting adds an Open Web Folder icon to Information pages and folders.
- This variable is set automatically by the Folders installation program if the WebDAV function is enabled at install time.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/custom/folders/folders_environment.cfg`

**Example**

`CollectionWebDAVServer=http://my_computer/root/idcplg/webdav`
COLUMNMAPFILE

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Database (page -15)

Description

Specifies the column mapping HTM resource file.

- The content server uses the column mapping file to map database column names to all uppercase, which is required for Oracle.
- If no path is referenced, the default path is <install_dir>/shared/config/resources/.
- The standard column mapping file provided with Content Server is upper_clmns_map.htm.
- There is no default value.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

ColumnMapFile=upper_clmns_map.htm
**COMPUTEDOCURL**

**Type and Usage**
- Dynamic Variables (page -20)
- Content Items (page -4)

**Description**
This function computes the URL to a content item based on the data on the page.

For example, this function can be called to generate a URL to an item when looping over a ResultSet of items.

The following information must be present on the page:
- dDocAccount (optional)
- dDocName
- dDocType
- dProcessingState
- dRevLabel
- dSecurityGroup
- dWebExtension

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter indicates if the URL is relative, set to TRUE (1) or FALSE (0).
**COMPUTERENDITIONURL**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Content Items (page -4)

**Description**
Returns the URL of a given rendition.

**Parameters**
Takes three parameters:
- The first parameter is the URL of the content item.
- The second parameter is the `dRevLabel` value.
- The third parameter is the `dRendition1` value. Possible values of `dRendition1` include:
  - T = Thumbnail rendition
  - X = XML rendition

**Output**
Returns the complete URL of the rendition as a string.

**Example**
Returns the URL of the rendition as a string.

```$computeRenditionUrl(url, dRevLabel, dRendition1)$```
**COMPUTERNAME**

**Type and Usage**

- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Inbound Refinery](#) (page -9)

**Description**

References the name assigned to the computer where the Inbound Refinery is installed.

- This setting is used in the log files to locate where the Inbound Refinery is running. The log issues the following log entry upon startup: “DocRefinery running on `<ComputerName>` for `<IDC_Name>`”.
- Returns a string.
- Default is `ComputerNameNotSet`.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg`

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

```
ComputerName=maincomputer
```
**CONFIGDIR**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Directories and Paths](#) (page -18)
- [Clustering](#) (page -4)

**Description**
Defines the path to the *config* directory.
- Default is `<install_dir>/config/`.

**Location**
`<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
As a configuration setting:
ConfigDir=c:/stellent/config/
**CONNECTIONNAME**

### Type and Usage

- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Inbound Refinery](#) (page -9)

### Description

References the name assigned to the Inbound Refinery connection.

- Returns the connection name as a string.

### Location

<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

### Example

Used as a configuration entry:

ConnectionName=MAINCONNECTION
CONTENT_LENGTH

Type and Usage

- Web Server Variables (page -34)
- Web Server (page -38)
- Content Items (page -4)

Description

**Important:** This setting is obsolete for version 7.0 and later. The web server filter no longer sends this information.

Retrieves the length in bytes of the requested content item as supplied by the client.

- This variable is specific to the current gateway program request.

Output

Returns the content length in bytes.

Example

As information output on a page or to a log:

CONTENT_LENGTH=0

As part of an Idoc Script statement or evaluation:

```$if CONTENT_LENGTH$
<!--statement-->```
CONVERSIONCACHEEXPIRATIONPERIODINDAYS

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Dynamic Converter (page -14)

Description
Defines the minimum number of days that Dynamic Converter content will remain cached.

- Content converted by Dynamic Converter will not be deleted from the cache before it is this many days old (based on last access date). Content may stay in the cache longer, depending on when the next cleanup scan is run. See DatedCacheIntervalDays (page -116).
- This setting applies only to files that are no longer in the content server or were not generated by a forced or up front conversion. See MaxConversionCacheSizeInMegs (page -506) information on cache cleanup rules.
- Default is 7.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
ConversionCacheExpirationPeriodInDays=14

See Also
- DatedCacheIntervalDays (page -116)
- MaxConversionCacheSizeInMegs (page -506)
**CONVERTXMLASWEBVIEWABLE**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- XML Converter (page -13)

**Description**
Defines whether files are converted only to XML web-viewable renditions.
- When set to TRUE, files will be converted only to XML format; no other conversion to web-viewable format (such as PDF) will occur.
- When set to FALSE, files can be converted to other web-viewable formats in addition to XML format.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—XML Options tab—Convert XML as the only web-viewable file
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
ConvertXmlAsWebviewable=true
```
**COOKIEAUTH_TIMEOUTINDAYS**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#)
- [Content Server](#)

**Description**
Value, then the user needs a logout option that clears the cookie. Used with the ExtranetLook component. This variable is used with the CookieLoginPlugin, which monitors web requests and determines if a request is authenticated. It can support authentication based on browser cookies.

- When `COOKIEAUTH_TIMEOUTINDAYS` is set to a positive numeric value, the cookie will not time out for that number of days. The user needs a logout option that clears the cookie.
- If set to zero (0) or less, the cookie lasts as long as the browser session.

**Location**
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
```plaintext
COOKIEAUTH_TIMEOUTINDAYS=2
```

**See Also**
- [CookieProxyPassword](#)
- [IsWebServerPagesOnly](#)
COOKIE_PROXY_PASSWORD

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Used with the ExtranetLook component. This variable is used to encrypt the passwords when users log in to the web site using cookie authentication. It is used with the CookieLoginPlugin, which monitors web requests and determines if a request is authenticated. It can support authentication based on browser cookies. This can be set to any desired value.

Location

- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

Example

```
CookieProxyPassword=x2x
```

See Also

- CookieAuthTimeoutInDays (page -100)
- IsWebServerPagesOnly (page -446)
**CORECONTENTONLY**

**Type and Usage**

- [Setable Variables](#) (page -32)
- [Page Display](#) (page -26)

**Description**

Set this variable in the URL of a service request to display only the form. The `std_page_begin` and `std_page_end` include files will not be displayed.

**Output**

None.
CREATEALTERNATEMETAFILE

Type and Usage

- **Configuration Variables** (page -3)
- **Content Items** (page -4)

Description

Allows users to submit “metadata-only” content for the alternate file.

- Directs the system to create a metadata-only alternate file. In this scenario, the contributor does not specify an alternate file. Instead, the system will create the alternate file using a template and the content item’s metadata.

- When **AllowAlternateMetaFile** (page -22) is set to TRUE, an extra check box is added to the checkin page. When this check box is selected, the `createAlternateMetaFile` variable is enabled.

- For use in the Batch Loader, `createAlternateMetaFile` must be set to TRUE in the batch load file.

Location

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

```
createAlternateMetaFile=true
```

See Also

- **AllowAlternateMetaFile** (page -22)
- **createPrimaryMetaFile** (page -105)
CREATEPDFTHUMBNAILS

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

Description

Defines whether to create thumbnail images of PDF files.

- When set to TRUE, thumbnails are created for PDF files.
- When set to FALSE, thumbnails are not created for PDF files.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Thumbnail Options tab—Create thumbnail images for PDF files created by the Inbound Refinery
- <install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
CreatePDFThumbnails=true

See Also

- ImageAlchemyExePath (page -334)
- IsThumbnailPresent (page -436)
CREATEPRI
MARYMETAFILE

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Items (page -4)

Description

Allows users to submit “metadata-only” content for the primary file.

- Directs the system to create a metadata-only primary file. In this scenario, the contributor does not specify a primary file. Instead, the system will create the primary file using a template and the content item’s metadata.

- When AllowPrimaryMetaFile (page -30) is set to TRUE, an extra check box is added to the checkin page. When this check box is selected, the createPrimaryMetaFile variable is enabled.

- For use in the Batch Loader, createPrimaryMetaFile must be set to TRUE in the batch load file.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

createPrimaryMetaFile=true

See Also

- AllowPrimaryMetaFile (page -30)
- createAlternateMetaFile (page -103)
CREATEXMLRENDITION

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- XML Converter (page -13)

Description
Defines whether converted XML files are identified as renditions.
- If a thumbnail image is created, the thumbnail is the first rendition.
- When set to TRUE, converted XML files are identified as renditions.
- When set to FALSE, converted XML files are not identified as renditions.
- Default is FALSE.

Location
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—XML Options tab—Create XML renditions for all supported formats
- \$<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
CreateXMLRendition=true
CURRENT_DATE

Type and Usage

- Value Variables (page -33)
- Date and Time (page -16)

Description

Returns the current date and time.

- This variable is similar to dateCurrent (page -114), which is used more frequently.

Parameters

None.

Output

Returns a string formatted according to the user locale.

Example

Used as script:

<$CURRENT_DATE$>

See Also

- dateCurrent (page -114)
CURRENT_ROW

Type and Usage
- Value Variables (page -33)
- ResultSets (page -28)

Description
Evaluates which row of a ResultSet you are in.
- The first row in a ResultSet is row zero (0).

Output
Returns the row number.

Example
Used as script:
<${CURRENT_ROW}$>
CUSTOMCONVERSIONWAITTIME

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Inbound Refinery (page -9)

Description

Defines the custom conversion timeout.

- Returns the custom conversion timeout values.
- This variable must be followed by one of these flags:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flag</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>#factor</td>
<td>This value is multiplied by the file size to determine the amount of time allowed for custom conversion. (The resulting time is limited by the #max and #min flags.) The default value is 1. Increase this value for busy or slow systems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#max</td>
<td>Specifies the maximum time in seconds that the Inbound Refinery waits for the custom conversion to complete. The default time is 10 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#min</td>
<td>Specifies the minimum time in seconds that the Inbound Refinery waits for the custom conversion to complete. The default time is 1 second.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Location

- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Legacy Conversions tab—Custom Converter Timeout
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

```
CustomConversionWaitTime#max=60
```
CUSTOMCONVERTERPATH

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Inbound Refinery (page -9)

Description
Defines the path to an executable that is used to perform custom conversions.
- The specified file must be a Win32 executable.
- Default is an empty string.

Location
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Legacy Conversions tab—Custom Converter Path
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
```
CustomConverterPath=c:/out/custom.bat
```
DATABASEPRESERVECASE

Type and Usage
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Database](#) (page -15)

Description
Defines whether the character case from the database is preserved.
- When set to TRUE, character case is preserved.
- This setting must be TRUE for Oracle and any other database that is case sensitive.
- Default is TRUE.

Location
- System Properties—Database tab—Enable database preserve case
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

Example
Used as a configuration entry:

```
DatabasePreserveCase=false
```
**DATABASEWILDCARDS**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page 3)
- [Database](#) (page 15)

**Description**
Defines the wildcard characters that are used to represent multiple characters in database queries.
- For JDBC databases, the default is `%`.
- For Microsoft Access, the default is `*`.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

DatabaseWildcards=%
**DATADIR**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)
- Clustering (page -4)

**Description**
Defines the path to the *data* directory.
- Default is `<install_dir>/data/`.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

```
DataDir=c:/stellent/data/
```
DATECURRENT

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Date and Time (page -16)

**Description**
Returns the current date and time.
- Can be used to return the current date and time to the user or to create commands using date evaluations.

**Parameters**
Takes one optional parameter:
- The only optional parameter is an integer, which adjusts the date by the specified number of days relative to the current date.

**Output**
Returns a date formatted according to the user locale.

**Example**
In the following examples, dates are formatted according to the default English-US locale: m/d/yy h:mm XM

Returns the current date and the current time (for example, 8/12/01 1:55 PM):
<${dateCurrent()}$>

Returns the date ten days in the future and the current time (for example, 8/22/01 1:55 PM):
<${dateCurrent(10)}$>

Returns the date ten days in the past and the current time (for example, 8/2/01 1:55 PM):
<${dateCurrent(-10)}$>
See Also

- `CURRENT_DATE` (page -107)
DATEDCACHEINTERVALDAYS

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Dynamic Converter (page -14)

Description
Defines the number of days between scans for cached Dynamic Converter content to delete.
- The content server scans at this interval to find and delete old cached content.
- Default is 7.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
DatedCacheIntervalDays=30

See Also
- ConversionCacheExpirationPeriodInDays (page -98)
- MaxConversionCacheSizeInMegs (page -506)
DATEOUTPUTFORMAT

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Date and Time (page -16)
- Indexing (page -24)

Description

Sets the date output format for the Indexer.

- This variable is used with indexing engines other than Verity Integration. Verity Integration is an add-on product available for purchase for use with Content Server.
- There is no default value.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

DateOutputFormat=M/d/yyyy hh:mm:ss a
**DCMaxFileSize**

**Type and Usage**

- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Dynamic Converter](#) (page -14)

**Description**

Defines the maximum size in bytes of files that Oracle Dynamic Converter will process.

- If a source file is larger than the specified value, the conversion will not occur.
- Default is 20000000 (20 megabytes).
- Used in Dynamic Converter version 5.0 and higher.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

DCMaxFileSize=10000000
**DCSHOWEXPORTLINK**

**Type and Usage**
- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Dynamic Converter (page -14)

**Description**
This function verifies if the Dynamic Converter has been configured to convert a content item. The returned value is based on the value for `dFormat` for the item.

This function is typically used on Search Result pages to conditionally display a Dynamic Converter link.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the Dynamic Converter is configured to convert the content item.
- Returns FALSE if the Dynamic Converter is not configured.

**Example**
```$QueryText = "dDocTitle <substring> `test`"$
$executeService("GET_SEARCH_RESULTS")$
$loop SearchResults$
  <$if dcShowExportLink()$>
    <a href="<$HttpCgiPath$>?IdcService=GET_DYNAMIC_CONVERSION&dID=<$dID$>">
      HTML Conversion of <$dDocTitle$></a>
  <$endif$>
$endloop$```
**DCTimeOut**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Dynamic Converter](#) (page -14)

**Description**
Sets the timeout value in minutes for the Oracle Dynamic Converter conversion process.
- Defines the number of minutes to wait for the dynamic conversion of a document into HTML.
- Default is 3 minutes.
- Used in Dynamic Converter version 5.0 and higher.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

DCTimeOut=5
DCViewFormat

Type and Usage
- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [Dynamic Converter](page -14)

Description
Defines which rendition of the source file will be converted by Oracle Dynamic Converter.
- When set to *native*, the native file is converted.
- When set to *webviewable*, the web-viewable file is converted.
- When set to *alternate*, the alternate file is converted.
- Default is *native*.
- Used in Dynamic Converter version 5.0 and higher.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
DCViewFormat=webviewable
**DEBUGMODE**

**Type and Usage**

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Debugging (page -16)

**Description**

Defines whether the content server should run in debug mode. It is set during installation and when the content server is updated.

The default is FALSE.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg`

**Example**

`DebugMode=true`
**DEBUGSTDCONVERSION**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Debugging](#) (page -16)

**Description**
Configuration setting that overrides the conversion/step definitions published by the content server.

**Parameters**
This variable takes one argument, the path to the new definitions.

**Location**
\(<install\_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg\)

**Example**

```
DebugStdConversion=/temp/idcconversions
```
**DEFAULT ACCOUNTS**

**Type and Usage**
- **Configuration Variables** (page -3)
- **Internal Security** (page -33)
- **Users** (page -37)

**Description**
Defines the default accounts for anonymous users.
- This must be a comma-separated list of accounts.
- Permissions for each account must be specified in parentheses after the account name.
- The #none entry grants privileges to content items that have no account assigned. The #all entry grants privileges to all accounts.
- Default is #none(RWDA).
- Returns the list of accounts as a string.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
As a configuration setting, defines default account information:
DefaultAccounts=BOS(R),SEA(RW),MSP/Gen(RWD)

As script, returns the account information as a string:
<$DefaultAccounts$>

**See Also**
- **DefaultNetworkAccounts** (page -134)
- **ExternalUserAccounts** (page -205)
- **SelfRegisteredAccounts** (page -714)
**DEFAULTAUTH**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Web Server (page -38)
- External Security (page -34)

**Description**
Sets the default authentication challenge type.
- This is a Windows-only security option with an IIS install. This setting is not used with Netscape or Apache web servers.
- Default is **Basic** (Stellent database).
- Set this to **NTLM** to define the default authentication challenge as a Microsoft network login when accessing a protected Stellent resource. For example, if a user sends a secured URL by e-mail to a user who has never logged into the system, when the recipient clicks on the URL, they will log in as an external (NTLM) user rather than an internal content server user.
- Once a user has logged in, the browser will remember which login choice was made, even after the browser is closed and restarted. This means if you click on a URL in e-mail, it will remember which authentication protocol to use (Basic for Stellent database or NTLM for Microsoft network).

**Location**
<install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```
DefaultAuth=NTLM
```

**See Also**
- NtlmSecurityEnabled (page -544)
- IntradocRealm (page -361)
DEFAULTFIELDINCLUDE

Type and Usage
- Other Field Display Variables (page -28)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description
Specifies the include to use to display the metadata field.

Output
None.

Example
Sets the default field display include for a hidden field on a query page to std_query_hidden_field:
<$if isFieldHidden$>
  <$if isQuery and not (fieldType like "Date") and not (fieldType like "Int")$>
    <$defaultFieldInclude = "std_query_hidden_field"$>
  <$endif$>
<$/if$>

See Also
- fieldCaptionInclude (page -208)
- fieldEntryInclude (page -213)
DEFAULTFILTERINPUTFORMAT

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Localization (page -25)
- Inbound Refinery (page -9)
- Dynamic Converter (page -14)

Description

Defines the default input character set for conversion filters, such as Dynamic Converter or the Text Indexer Filter component.

- Conversion products use the character encoding of the system to determine the encoding of the input to the conversion filter. This should be sufficient in most cases; however, there may be cases when you want to override this value.
- For a complete list of encoding values, see the lcIsoEncoding values in the std_encoding.htm file, which is located in the <install_dir>/shared/config/resources directory.
- Default is Cp1252.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry for Japanese text:
DefaultFilterInputFormat=shift_jis

Used as a configuration entry for Korean text:
DefaultFilterInputFormat=euc-kr

See Also

- DefaultFilterOutputFormat (page -128)
DEFAULTFILTEROUTPUTFORMAT

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Localization (page -25)
- Inbound Refinery (page -9)
- Dynamic Converter (page -14)

Description

Defines the default output character set for conversion filters, such as Dynamic Converter or the Text Indexer Filter component.

- Conversion products use the character encoding of the system to determine the encoding of the output to the conversion filter. This should be sufficient in most cases; however, there may be cases when you want to override this value.
- For a complete list of encoding values, see the lcIsoEncoding values in the std_encoding.htm file, which is located in the <install_dir>/shared/config/resources directory.
- Default is Cp1252.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry for Japanese text:
DefaultFilterOutputFormat=shift_jis

Used as a configuration entry for Korean text:
DefaultFilterOutputFormat=euc-kr

See Also

- DefaultFilterInputFormat (page -127)
DEFAULTGRAPHICTIMEOUT

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Inbound Refinery (page -9)

Description
Defines the default thumbnail timeout.
- Returns the thumbnail timeout values.
- This variable must be followed by one of these flags:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flag</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>#factor</td>
<td>This value is multiplied by the file size to determine the amount of time allowed for thumbnail conversion. (The resulting time is limited by the #max and #min flags.) The default value is 3. Increase this value for busy or slow systems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#max</td>
<td>Specifies the maximum time in seconds that the Inbound Refinery waits for the thumbnail conversion process to complete. The default time is 60 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#min</td>
<td>Specifies the minimum time in seconds that the Inbound Refinery waits for the thumbnail conversion process to complete. The default time is 5 seconds.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Location
- Shared Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Timeout Values tab—Default Timeout for Graphics
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg`

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
DefaultGraphicTimeout#factor=3
DEFAULTHTMLCONVERSION

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Dynamic Converter (page -14)

Description

 Defines the default template for Dynamic Converter conversions.

- This value must be the Content ID of a checked-in template file that you want to specify as the default.
- There is no default value.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
DefaultHtmlConversion=PLAIN
**DEFAULTHTMLREFRESHTIMELIMITINSECONDS**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#)
- [Content Server](#)

**Description**
Defines the time, in seconds, that a Work In Progress page, My Checked-Out Content page and My Workflow Assignments page refreshes.

In addition to this variable, `htmlRefreshTimeout` can be set in the URL or the service’s databinder. This can be used to set a different refresh time for different pages. If that is needed, do not set `DefaultHtmlRefreshTimeoutInSeconds` in the `config.cfg` file, but instead set `htmlRefreshTimeout` in the URL or databinder.

`htmlRefreshUrl` can be set to the URL of the page to load after the page is refreshed. The default is the current page. This variable can be set in the URL of the page or the databinder.

The default value for `DefaultHtmlRefreshTimeoutInSeconds` is 60.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

`DefaultHtmlRefreshTimeoutInSeconds=120`

**See Also**
- `htmlRefreshTimeout` ([page -291](#))
- `htmlRefreshUrl` ([page -292](#))
**DEFAULTMASTERDOMAIN**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Web Server (page -38)
- External Security (page -34)

**Description**
Defines the default master domain for the web server filter.
- Windows groups from the specified domain will not have a \DOMAINNAME\ prefix added to their name before being translated to roles.
- If a user logs in without specifying a domain, the default master domain is assumed.
- Default is the domain of the Windows Server machine that is hosting the web server.
- Returns the specified domain name as a string.
- This variable can be set to `<none>`, and there will not be a value prefixed to the user name. Note that the brackets must be used when setting the value.

**Location**
- Configure NT Domain Security page—Default Master Domain
- Active Directory Configuration page—Default Master Domain
- `<install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
DefaultMasterDomain=CORP_DOMAIN
```
DEFAULTNATIVE_TIMEOUT

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Inbound Refinery (page -9)

Description
Defines the default native file timeout.
- Returns the native file timeout values.
- This variable must be followed by one of these flags:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flag</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>#factor</td>
<td>This value is multiplied by the file size to determine the amount of time allowed for native-to-PostScript conversion. (The resulting time is limited by the #max and #min flags.) The default value is 3. Increase this value for busy or slow systems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#max</td>
<td>Specifies the maximum time in seconds that the Inbound Refinery waits for the native-to-PostScript conversion process to complete. The default time is 10 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#min</td>
<td>Specifies the minimum time in seconds that the Inbound Refinery waits for the native-to-PostScript conversion process to complete. The default time is 2 seconds.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Location
- Shared Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Timeout Values tab—Default Native to Postscript Timeout
- <install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
DefaultNativeTimeout#factor=3
DEFAULT NETWORK ACCOUNTS

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- External Security (page -34)

Description
Defines the default account permissions for users who are defined in an external user base (NTLM, Active Directory, or LDAP).

- This must be a comma-separated list of accounts.

Important: Do not include spaces before or after the commas separating accounts. For example, BOS (R), MSP (RW) will work, while BOS (R), MSP (RW) will not.

- Permissions for each account can be specified in parentheses after the account name. If permissions are not specified, RWDA permission is granted by default.
- The #none entry grants privileges to content items that have no account assigned. The #all entry grants privileges to all accounts.
- Default is #none(RWDA).
- This setting does not apply to anonymous users. See Default Accounts (page -124).
- This setting defines the minimum account permissions. Account permissions defined by the external user base are added to these permissions. For example, if the default is #none(RW),Project(R) and a user’s group maps to Project(RWD) permission, the user’s permissions are #none(RW),Project(RWD).
- Returns the list of accounts as a string.

Location

NTLM or Active Directory Security

- Configure NT Domain Security page—Default Network Accounts
- Active Directory Configuration page—Default Network Accounts
- <install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda

Important:
Do not include spaces before or after the commas separating accounts. For example, BOS (R), MSP (RW) will work, while BOS (R), MSP (RW) will not.
**LDAP Security**

- Add/Edit LDAP Provider page—Default Network Accounts
- `<install_dir>/data/providers/provider_name/provider.hda`

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

```
DefaultNetworkAccounts=#none,guest_account
```

```
DefaultNetworkAccounts=BOS(R),MSP/Gen(R),#none(RW)
```

**See Also**

- [Default Accounts](page -124)
- [ExternalUserAccounts](page -205)
- [SelfRegisteredAccounts](page -714)
- [AcctPermDelim](page -5)
DEFAULTOPTIONLISTSCRIPT

Type and Usage

- [Other Field Display Variables](page -28)
- [Field Display](page -20)

Description

Defines a piece of Idoc Script that displays a standard option list field.

Output

None.

Example

Generates an option list using the [optList](page -563) function:

```plaintext
<$if optionsAllowPreselect and fieldValue$>
   <$defaultOptionListScript = "<$optList " & optionListName & 
      ":fieldValue$>"$
<$else$>
   <$defaultOptionListScript = "<$optList " & optionListName & 
      ":noselected$>"$
<$endif$>
Loops on the current option list ResultSet to generate an option list:

<@dynamichtml compute_resultset_option_list_script@>
<@end@>

See Also

- [optionListScript](page -559)
- [optList](page -563)
DEFAULTPASSWORDENCODING

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description
Defines the type of encoding to use when storing user passwords.
- Default is to use the Secure Hash Algorithm update 1 (SHA1).
- If you want to have open text passwords, the suggested value is OpenText.
- If any other nonempty value is assigned, no encoding is performed.
- Default value is SHA1-CB.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
DefaultPasswordEncoding=OpenText
DEFAULTPOSTSCRIPTTIMEOUT

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

Description

Defines the default PostScript timeout.

- Returns the default PostScript timeout values.
- This variable must be followed by one of these flags:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flag</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>#factor</td>
<td>This value is multiplied by the file size to determine the amount of time allowed for PostScript-to-PDF conversion. (The resulting time is limited by the #max and #min flags.) The default value is 4. Increase this value for busy or slow systems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#max</td>
<td>Specifies the maximum time in seconds that the Inbound Refinery waits for the PostScript-to-PDF conversion process to complete. The default time is 2 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#min</td>
<td>Specifies the minimum time in seconds that the Inbound Refinery waits for the PostScript-to-PDF conversion process to complete (native or PostScript). The default time is 20 seconds.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Location

- Shared Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Timeout Values tab—Default Postscript to PDF Timeout
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg`

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

`DefaultPostscriptTimeout#factor=4`
DELIMITEDUSERROLES

Type and Usage

- User Read-Only Variables (page -31)
- Internal Security (page -33)
- Users (page -37)

Description

Retrieves a comma-separated, colon-delimited list of roles the current user belongs to.

Output

- Returns the user role list as a string.

Example

Returns a list of roles formatted as follows:
:guest:,PublicContributor:,ClassifiedConsumer:

See Also

- UserRoles (page -859)
DIRECTORYLOCKINGLOGPATH

Type and Usage

- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [Debugging](page -16)

Description

Enables logging and defines the path for the log file during temporary locking of directories.

- Any errors that occur during temporary locking of directories will be reported to this log file.
- If this setting has no value, logging is disabled.
- There is no default value.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

```
DirectoryLockingLogPath=C:/temp/locking.log
```
DISABLEAMBERLAYOUTS

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Disables the layout-based look of Trays and Top Menus.
The default value is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

DisableAmberLayouts=true
DISABLECLASSICLAYOUTPUBLISHING

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Disables the use of the Classic Layout when publishing weblayout or static files. Used in the `<install_dir>/shared/config/resources/std_resources.htm` file.

Location

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

Example

`DisableClassicLayoutPublishing=true`
DISABLECOLLEGIATESKINPUBLISHING

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Disables the use of the Collegiate skin when publishing weblayout or static files. Used in the `<install_dir>/shared/config/resources/std_resources.htm` file.

Location

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

Example

`DisableCollegiateSkinPublishing=true`
DISABLECONTENTPROFILES

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Profiles (page -6)

Description

Used to disable Content Profile functionality but does not remove profiles which have already been created. Profiles remain available through the user interface.

This configuration variable can be used to help determine if specific behavior is caused by Content Profiles or by another component.

After debugging has been completed, remove this variable from the config.cfg file and restart the Content Server to use Content Profiles again.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

DisableContentProfiles=true
DISABLEDBLONGINTEGERFIELD

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description
In older versions of MSDE software, 4-byte integers were allowed. In newer versions of the Content Server, 8-byte integers and larger are used. This variable allows the Content Server to continue to use 4-byte integers.

If you upgrade Content Server 6.2 with MSDE to a newer Content Server 7.0 or later release, the upgraded instance does not start because of the addition of the dRevRank column. Content Server 6.2 uses an older MSDE version than later Content Server versions. The content server will start with the addition of this variable set to TRUE.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
DisableDBLongIntegerField=true
DISABLEFORCEDCONVERSIONS

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Dynamic Converter (page -14)

Description

Defines whether forced and up front conversions in Dynamic Converter are disabled.

- When set to TRUE, files will only be converted by Dynamic Converter when a user views the dynamically converted rendition. Conversions at checkin (forced and up front) will not occur.

- This setting applies to any new files checked in after the setting is set to TRUE. Any existing forced and up front conversions will still be used, unless the DisableKeepingForcedConversions (page -149) setting is enabled.

- This setting might be useful in the following situations:
  - Server space for caching or processing capacity for conversion is limited.
  - Most files are rarely viewed as web pages, so a relatively small number of files need to be converted dynamically.
  - The delay time for “on-the-fly” conversions is acceptable.

- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

DisableForcedConversions=true

See Also

- DisableKeepingForcedConversions (page -149)
- ForcedConversionRules (page -229)
DISABLEGZIPCOMPRESSION

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Conversion (page -9)

Description
Disables gzip compression of HTML pages and log files. Pages are compressed only if the client browser supports compressed HTML. Compression makes pages an average of 80% smaller and is supported by any HTTP 1.1 compatible browser.

- Note that output from FILTER_DEBUG is in gzipped format unless this entry is used.
- When set to TRUE, pages will not be compressed before being sent to a client web browser.
- Default is FALSE.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
DisableGzipCompression=true

See Also
- CGI_RECEIVE_DUMP (page -62)
- CGI_SEND_DUMP (page -63)
- FILTER_DEBUG (page -227)
- HTTP_ACCEPT_ENCODING (page -294)
DISABLEHTTPUPLOADCHUNKING

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Disables the upload chunking function, which is used with the Upload Applet or an HTTP provider.

- When set to TRUE, the chunking function is disabled.
- When set to FALSE, the chunking function is enabled.
- Default is TRUE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

As a configuration setting:
DisableHttpUploadChunking=false

See Also

- AppletChunkSize (page -36)
- AppletChunkThreshold (page -37)
- ChunkedRequestTrace (page -67)
DISABLEKEEPINGFORCEDCONVERSIONS

Type and Usage

- **Configuration Variables** (page -3)
- **Dynamic Converter** (page -14)

Description

Defines whether Dynamic Converter treats converted files as forced conversions for updating purposes.

- When set to TRUE, files that were converted by forced or up front conversion are not considered forced conversions by Dynamic Converter. This means that even if Dynamic Converter would normally use the existing conversion rather than reconverting the file, the existing conversion will not be recognized as a forced conversion and the file will be reconverted.

- Default is FALSE.

Location

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

`DisableKeepingForcedConversions=true`

See Also

- **DisableForcedConversions** (page -146)
DISABLEOPTIMIZEDLATESTRELEASEQUERYING

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Dynamic Converter (page -14)

Description
Defines whether cached timestamps or content server database information is used by Dynamic Converter to determine which files need to be reconverted.

- When set to TRUE, Dynamic Converter queries the content server database rather than the cached timestamps to determine which files need to be reconverted.

- Enabling this setting reverts to pre-6.2 Dynamic Converter behavior. This setting can be used if you are experiencing problems with the optimized query feature (EnableOptimizedLatestReleaseQuerying (page -188)) or you need to troubleshoot a related issue.

- Default is FALSE.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
DisableOptimizedLatestReleaseQuerying=true

See Also
- EnableOptimizedLatestReleaseQuerying (page -188)
**DISABLESHAREDCACHECHECKING**

**Type and Usage**

- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Content Server](#) (page -6)
- [Clustering](#) (page -4)

**Description**

Disables timestamp checking on all loaded resources.

- When set to TRUE, resource files defined in components will be refreshed only when the content server is restarted.
- This setting does not stop timestamp checking on HCST and HCSP pages.
- This setting can be used to limit file system activity, typically when the content server file system is on a network share. This setting is particularly important in production environments where file checking and timestamp overhead can seriously degrade performance. In a development environment this setting can be optional.
- See the clustering documentation for more information.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

`DisableSharedCacheChecking=true`
DISABLESTELLENT05SKINPUBLISHING

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Disables the use of the Stellent05 skin when publishing weblayout or static files. Used in the <install_dir>/shared/config/resources/std_resources.htm file.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

DisableStellent05SkinPublishing=true
DISABLESTELLENTSKINPUBLISHING

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Disables the use of the Stellent skin when publishing weblayout or static files. Used in the `<install_dir>/shared/config/resources/std_resources.htm` file.

Location

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

Example

`DisableStellentSkinPublishing=true`
DISABLETOPMENUSPUBLISHING

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description
Disables the use of the Top Menu layout when publishing weblayout or static files. Used in the <install_dir>/shared/config/resources/std_resources.htm file.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
DisableTopMenusPublishing=true
DISABLETRAYSPUBLISHING

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Disables the use of the Trays layout when publishing weblayout or static files. Used in the 
<install_dir>/shared/config/resources/std_resources.htm file.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

DisableTraysPublishing=true
DISABLEWINDOWSPUBLISHING

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Disables the use of the Trays layout when publishing weblayout or static files. Used in the
<install_dir>/shared/config/resources/std_resources.htm file.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

DisableTraysPublishing=true
**DISPLAYPSORIGIN**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [PDF Converter](#) (page -10)
- [Debugging](#) (page -16)

**Description**
Places a hyperlink to www.stellent.com in a converted PDF file; used for debugging.
- When set to TRUE, a hyperlink to www.stellent.com is placed at ((0,0),(25,25)) in the converted PDF files.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
DisplayPSOrigin=true
**DISTILLERNORMJOBSETTING**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [PDF Converter](#) (page -10)

**Description**
Sets the path to the Adobe Acrobat Distiller job options for normal (not optimized) PDF conversion.
- Returns the path as a string.
- If Adobe Acrobat Distiller is detected during PDF Converter installation, the default is `<IBR_install_dir>/shared/AdobeDistillerJobOptions/Acrobat5.joboptions`.
- If Adobe Acrobat Distiller is not detected during PDF Converter installation, there is no default.

**Location**
- Shared Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Paths tab—Distiller JobOptions File Path for Normal Distilling
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
DistillerNormJobSetting=C:/stellent/IdcRefinery/shared/AdobeDistillerJobOptions/IntradocPDF.joboptions
```

**See Also**
- [UseAdobeDistiller](#) (page -822)
- [DistillerOptJobSetting](#) (page -159)
DISTILLEROPTJOBSETTING

Type and Usage

- **Configuration Variables** (page -3)
- **PDF Converter** (page -10)

Description

Sets the path to the Adobe Acrobat Distiller job options for optimized PDF conversion.

- Returns the path as a string.
- If Adobe Acrobat Distiller is detected during PDF Converter installation, the default is `<IBR_install_dir>/shared/AdobeDistillerJobOptions/Acrobat5FastWebInternalThumbnail.joboptions`.
- If Adobe Acrobat Distiller is not detected during PDF Converter installation, there is no default.

Location

- Shared Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Paths tab—Distiller JobOptions File Path for Optimized Distilling
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg`

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

DistillerOptJobSetting=C:/stellent/IdcRefinery/shared/AdobeDistillerJobOptions/IntradocPDFOptimized.joboptions

See Also

- **UseAdobeDistiller** (page -822)
- **DistillerNormJobSetting** (page -158)
**DISTILLERPATH**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

**Description**
Sets the path to the executable used by PDF Converter to convert files to PDF.
- Returns the path as a string.
- If Adobe Acrobat Distiller is not detected during installation of PDF Converter, the default is the path to the Jaws PDF Library.
- If Adobe Acrobat Distiller is detected during installation of PDF Converter, the default is the path to the Distiller executable.

**Location**
- Shared Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Paths tab—Adobe Distiller Executable File Path
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
DistillerPath=C:/Program Files/IdcRefinery/shared/jaws_ps/ps2pdf.exe
```

**See Also**
- UseAdobeDistiller (page -822)
- DistillerNormJobSetting (page -158)
- DistillerOptJobSetting (page -159)
**DoAutoMaxMerge**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Indexing (page -24)

**Description**
Used with Verity Integration. Verity Integration is an add-on product available for purchase for use with Content Server.

Enables the Verity Indexer “auto tuneup” feature.

- The “auto tuneup” feature automatically adds cleanup build parameters (see AdditionalIndexBuildParams (page -10) parameters) to Verity Indexer execution at calculated intervals. This can improve searching efficiency and indexing performance.
- When set to TRUE, the “auto tuneup” feature is enabled.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

DoAutoMaxMerge=true

**See Also**
- AdditionalIndexBuildParams (page -10)
- AutoMaxMergeTrace (page -47)
- MaxMergeBaseCount (page -512)
**DocConverterEngineDir**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Inbound Refinery](#) (page -9)

**Description**
Defines the location of the Inbound Refinery conversion engine executable files.
- Returns the path as a string.

**Location**
<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
DocConverterEngineDir=c:/stellent/IdcRefinery/ConversionEngines/
**DOCLOADRESOURCEINCLUDES**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Page Display (page -26)
- Idoc Script (page -23)

**Description**
Loads all the includes in a specified content item for use in the display of the current page.
- The content item specified must have the file extension *idoc*.
- This function sets *StatusCode* as a side effect. Use the abortToErrorPage (page -2) function if the specified file must successfully load for the page to correctly display.

**Parameters**
Takes a CGI-encoded parameter list that specifies a content item that is checked into the content server. The parameter options are listed in the following table.

**Note:** When used in *.hcsp* pages, the ampersand (&) character in the CGI-encoded parameter list must be changed to the `&amp;` character.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Optional Parameters</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>dID</td>
<td>If <em>dID</em> is not present, <em>dDocName</em> and <em>RevisionSelectionMethod</em> must be present. A rendition of the revision of the content item with this ID will be returned, if it exists, and the <em>RevisionSelectionMethod</em> parameter does not exist or has the value <em>Specific</em>.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Output
None.

Example
Loads the resource includes in the primary vault rendition of the latest revision of mydoc.
<$docLoadResourceIncludes("dDocName=mydoc&RevisionSelectionMethod=Latest")$>

See Also
– abortToErrorPage (page -2)
**DOCROOTFILENAME**

**Type and Usage**
- [Global Functions](#) (page -20)
- [Directories and Paths](#) (page -18)

**Description**
Retrieves the file name of a file without the extension or directory path.
- This function is typically used to extract the Content ID (*dDocName*) part of a content server-controlled static URL.

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is a path and file name.

**Output**
- Returns the file name as a string.

**Example**
Returns the value *mydoc*:

```plaintext
docRootFilename("/groups/public/documents/adicct/mydoc.pdf")
```
**DOCTYPESELECTED**

Type and Usage
- Value Variables (page -33)
- Content Items (page -4)

Description
Evaluates whether the Type of the current content item matches the Type in the active ResultSet.

Output
- Returns TRUE if the content item Types match.
- Returns FALSE if the content item Types do not match.

Example
Returns value based on whether the content item type matches the type for the ResultSet.

<$DocTypeSelected$>
**DocURL**

**Type and Usage**
- **Value Variables** (page -33)
- **Content Items** (page -4)

**Description**
Retrieves the URL of the file in the `weblayout` directory.

**Output**
Returns the URL of the file as a string.

**Example**
Used to build URL links to content items.

```json
<$if HasUrl$>
   <a href="<$DocUrl$"><$dDocName$></a>
<$/else$>
   <$dDocName$>
<$/endif$>
```
**DOCURLALLOWDISCLOSURE**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Internal Security (page -33)

**Description**
Evaluates whether a URL can be disclosed to the current user.

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is an absolute path (such as `http://mycomputer/stellent/groups/.../documents/mydoc.pdf`) or a full relative path (such as `/stellent/groups/.../documents/mydoc.pdf`).

**Output**
Returns a Boolean value.
- Returns TRUE if the URL can be disclosed.
- Returns FALSE if the URL is restricted.

**Example**
Determines whether the user can view the URL of the *mydoc.pdf* document.

```$docUrlAllowDisclosure("/stellent/groups/documents/mydoc.pdf")$>```
**DoDocNameOrder**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Content Server](#) (page -6)

**Description**
Sorts content items in the Repository Manager by `dDocName`. When Repository Manager is started, a default query is run against the database. By default the query results are sorted by the `dDocName` of the items. Ordering by `dDocName` makes the order predictable but can result in longer query results.

- When set to TRUE, content items are sorted by `dDocName`.
- When set to FALSE, content items are not sorted.
- Default is TRUE.

You can enable the JDBC Query Trace to log information to the console log and verify that the `order by` clause is no longer part of the query. To enable the JDBC Query Trace, select `systemdatabase` as an option in the Edit Active Console Output Tracing section of the System Audit Information page.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

DoDocNameOrder=false
**DOMAINCONTROLLERNAME**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Web Server](#) (page -38)
- [External Security](#) (page -34)

**Description**
Defines the domain controller to use for NTLM calls.
- If a value is not set, an API call is made to find a domain controller to talk to.
- Default is an empty string.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
DomainControllerName=PDC servername
```
DOWNLOADAPPLET

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)
- Clients (page -3)

Description

Enables the multiple file Download Applet.

- When set to TRUE, the Download Applet is enabled so that multiple files can be downloaded from a search results page.
- When set to FALSE, the Download Applet is disabled.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

- System Properties—Options tab—Enable download applet
- Admin Server—General Configuration—Enable download applet
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

Example

As a configuration setting, enables the Download Applet:

`DownloadApplet=true`

As script, evaluates the condition of the Download Applet:

`<$DownloadApplet$>`

See Also

- MultiUpload (page -528)
- UploadApplet (page -818)
**DOWNLOAD SUGGESTED NAME**

**Type and Usage**
- [Value Variables](#) (page -33)
- [Content Items](#) (page -4)
- [Directories and Paths](#) (page -18)

**Description**
Retrieves the default path and suggested name for a file being downloaded.
- The suggested name is based on the original file name of the content item.

**Output**
Returns the path and suggested name for the downloaded file as a string.

**Example**
Returns the path and suggested name for the downloaded file:

<$DownloadSuggestedName$>
DPGET

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Content Profiles (page -6)

Description

Function used to return the value set by the dpSet function.

Both dpGet and dpSet are used to control the logic of Content Profile rules that are to be displayed. Commonly, a user may create an activation condition that sets a value for a specified key. Even if the condition evaluates to false (that is, the rule fails to fire), the key is set. Another rule can now access the key and retrieve the value when evaluating its activation condition. By using these two functions, a user can create a dependency between rules. For example, a user may want a rule to be evaluated only when a preceding rule is evaluated.

Parameters

This function takes one parameter:

- Key: The designation for the value to be returned.

Example

<$myValue = dpGet("myKey")$>

See Also

- dpSet (page -176)
**DPPROMOTE**

**Type and Usage**

- [Global Functions](#) (page -20)
- [Content Profiles](#) (page -6)

**Description**

Function used to ‘promote’ values from a rule evaluation context into the request context. After the evaluation of all rules, the key and value specified by this function are pushed into the local data.

**Parameters**

This function takes two parameters:

- The first parameter is the designation for the value to be returned.
- The second parameter is the value to be returned.

**Example**

This example changes the value for AutoNumberPrefix for one request to be the value for dDocType:

```xml
<dpPromote("AutoNumberPrefix", dDocType)>
```

This example causes the Title field to be hidden on checkin pages:

```xml
<dpPromote("dDocTitle:isHidden", "1")>
```

**See Also**

- [dpPromoteRs](#) (page -175)
dpPROMOTERS

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Content Profiles (page -6)

Description

Similar to dpPromote, this function allows a ResultSet that is generated in a profile rule to be promoted to the request context. The ResultSet is pushed into the databinder after the evaluation of all rules. The values are not evaluated during rule activation or manipulation but are available for page presentation.

Parameters

This function can take two parameters:

- The first parameter is the name of the ResultSet to push into the data.
- Optional. The second parameter is an alternate name for the ResultSet.

See Also

- dpPromote (page -174)
**DPSET**

**Type and Usage**

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Content Profiles (page -6)

**Description**

Function used to set temporary values during the evaluation of activation conditions or rule values anywhere Idoc Script is evaluated.

The values are set into a working area and can be retrieved by the `dpGet` function call. The key and value that is set does not persist, but is globally available for the profile being evaluated. All key/value pairs can be accessed by the rules of the profile.

Both `dpGet` and `dpSet` are used to control the logic of Content Profile rules that are to be displayed. Commonly, a user may create an activation condition that sets a value for a specified key. Even if the condition evaluates to false (that is, the rule fails to fire), the key is set. Another rule can now access the key and retrieve the value when evaluating its activation condition. By using these two functions, a user can create a dependency between rules. For example, a user may want a rule to be evaluated only when a preceding rule is evaluated.

**Parameters**

This function takes two parameters:

- Key: The designation for the value to be returned.
- Value: Value associated with the key.

**Example**

```
<$dpSet("myKey", "1")$
```

**See Also**

- `dpGet` (page -173)
**DtmPort**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [HTML Preview](#) (page -23)

**Description**
Defines the port number on which the DtmServer (required for HTML Preview) listens to connections from Oracle Content Publisher clients.
- Default is 4441.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

DtmPort=4442
**DWFNAME**

**Type and Usage**
- Workflow Variables (page -37)
- Workflow (page -40)

**Description**
Retrieves the name of the workflow.

**Output**
Returns the name of the workflow as a string.

**Example**
The following code in the `<install_dir>/shared/config/templates/workflow_info.htm` template page is used to display the workflow name on the Workflow Step Information page:

```html
<td align=right><span class=infoLabel><$lc("wwLabelWorkflow")$></span></td>
<td><span class=tableEntry><$dWfName$></span></td>
```
**dWfStepName**

### Type and Usage

- [Workflow Variables](#) (page -37)
- [Workflow](#) (page -40)

### Description

Retrieves the name of the current step in the workflow.

### Output

Returns the name of the current step as a string.

### Example

The following code in the `<install_dir>/shared/config/templates/workflow_info.htm` template page is used to display the current step name on the Workflow Step Information page:

```html
<td align=right><span class=infoLabel><$lc("wwCurrentStep")$></span></td>
<td><span class=tableEntry>
    <$loop WorkflowStep$>
    <$dWfStepName$>
    <$exec RequiredUsers = dWfStepWeight$>
    <$if isTrue(dWfStepIsAll)$><$exec RequiredUsers = 0$><$endif$>
    <$endloop$></span>
</td>
```

```html
</td>
```
**DYNAMIC CONVERTER HTML FLAVOR**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Dynamic Converter](#) (page -14)

**Description**
Defines the HTML flavor used by Dynamic Converter.
- Possible settings are:
  - Internet Explorer 4.0
  - Netscape 4.0
  - HTML 3.0
  - HTML 4.0
- Default is `null`.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

```
DynamicConverterHtmlFlavor=HTML 4.0
```
EMPTYACCOUNTCHECKINALLOWED

Type and Usage

- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Internal Security (page -33)

Description

Checks whether an account needs to be specified on the checkin page.

- Used on the Standard Page Resources page to display an error message if an account is not specified.

Output

- Returns TRUE if an Account value is required.
- Returns FALSE if an Account value is not required.

Example

Evaluates whether an account number is required and displays an error message.

```$if not EmptyAccountCheckinAllowed$
   <$isRequired = 1, requiredMsg = "Please specify an account."$>
<$endif$>`
**ENABLECOPYCONVERTCOPY**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Inbound Refinery (page -9)

**Description**
Enables copying of native files to the local file system before conversion.
- When set to TRUE, the Inbound Refinery copies native files to the local file system, runs the applicable conversion steps, and then copies the results to the `weblayout` directory.
- When set to FALSE, native files are not copied to the local file system.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**

```
<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg
```

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```
EnableCopyConvertCopy=true
```
ENABLEDOCUMENTHIGHLIGHT

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Searching (page -31)

Description

Enables highlighting of full-text search terms in PDF, text, and HTML files.

- When set to TRUE, search term highlighting is enabled.
- When set to FALSE, search term highlighting is disabled.
- Default is FALSE after installation of Content Server.
- Default is TRUE after installation of PDF Converter.

Location

- System Properties—Options tab—Enable search keyword highlighting
- Admin Server—General Configuration—Enable search keyword highlighting
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

Example

As a configuration setting:

`EnableDocumentHighlight=false`

As script, returns the value of the configuration setting:

`<$EnableDocumentHighlight$>`

See Also

- `UseHtmlOrTextHighlightInfo` (page -834)
**ENABLEENVIRONMENTPACKAGER**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Debugging](#) (page -16)

**Description**
Enables the Environment Packager debugging function.

- This function enables an administrator to package all files in the *admin*, *config*, and *bin* directories into a Zip archive, along with a text file called *environment.txt*. This text file contains additional information about the Java virtual machine, and the operating system of the server. The Zip file, *server_environment.zip*, is placed in the root directory of the content server.
- When set to TRUE, the Environment Packager function is enabled.
- When set to FALSE, the Environment Packager function is disabled.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**

```
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg
```

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

```
EnableEnvironmentPackager=true
```
ENABLEERRORFILE

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Batch Loader (page -3)
- Debugging (page -16)

Description
Generates a Batch Loader error file.
- If errors are encountered during a batch load, an error file is generated with those problem records added.
- When set to TRUE, an error file is generated.
- There is no default value.

Location
<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
EnableErrorFile=true
ENABLEEXPIRATIONNOTIFIER

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Items (page -4)

Description
Enables notification of expiration (NOE) of content items. This provides email notification to authors and administrators for documents that will be expired in a short time.

- After enabling the NOE and restarting, an entry is included in the ScheduledEvents file.
- The include that controls when the NOE runs is set_doevent_for_notification_of_expiration. The NotifyTime parameter described below is used in this include.
- Note that in the following parameters, NotificationQuery can be set to 30 (not 7, as is the default) and NotificationIntervalInDays can be set to 7; this provides weekly emails about what will expire within the month.
- The table that defines scheduled events is in the file. The table is named IdcScheduledSystemEvents and the row is named NotificationOfExpiration.
- To obtain debugging information for the NOE, set the following variables in the file: Logging goes to the server output:
  
  TraceSectionsList=system,scheduledevents
  TraceIsVerbose=true

Location
<install_dir>/bin/config.cfg

Parameters
Takes the following optional parameters:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Parameter</strong></th>
<th><strong>Description</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| NotificationQuery | Specifies the query to be run to find the expired documents for the notification. The default is the following:  
dOutDate > $\langle$dateCurrent()$\rangle$ <AND>  
dOutDate < $\langle$dateCurrent(7)$\rangle$ |
| NotificationMaximum | Specifies the maximum number of documents returned from the query. Default: 1000. |
| NotifyExtras | Denotes the administration users who receive the notification emails. If this entry is not used, the default is sysadmin. If left blank, no extra notification is sent. |
| NotifyTime | The time of day to send the notification. Default: 00:01. Specified in 24-hour clock notation. |
| NotificationFieldNames | Specifies the field names to include in the notification. Default: dDocAuthor, dOutDate, dDocTitle, dDocName, dDocType, dID, dInDate, dRevLabel, dSecurityGroup |
| NOEUsePlainTextEmail | Allows the use of plain text email for the notification. Default: false. The email template is named QUERY_NOTIFICATION. If NOEUsePlainTextEmail=true, emailFormat=text. |
| NotificationIntervalInDays | Specifies the interval in days. Default: 1. |

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

EnableExpirationNotifier=true
ENABLEOPTIMIZEDLATESTRELEASEQUERYING

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Dynamic Converter (page -14)

Description

Defines whether the timestamp of a content item is updated when its metadata is updated.

- Timestamps are cached and used by Dynamic Converter to determine which files need to be reconverted.
- When set to TRUE, the timestamps for all dynamically converted, web-viewable renditions are updated by one second when the metadata is updated for the source content item. This ensures that the change will be recognized by Dynamic Converter, and the file will be reconverted.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
EnableOptimizedLatestReleaseQuerying=true

See Also

- DisableOptimizedLatestReleaseQuerying (page -150)
- LatestReleasedTimestampTimeout (page -463)
**ENABLEREBUILDFORCESRECONVERSION**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Dynamic Converter (page -14)

**Description**
Defines whether up front and forced Dynamic Converter conversions are reevaluated during a rebuild of the search index.

- When set to TRUE, content items being indexed during an index rebuild will be reevaluated for conversion by Dynamic Converter based on the conversion rules for forced and up front conversions.
- This setting can be used to dynamically convert files during an index rebuild after you have created a new conversion rule.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
EnableRebuildForcesReconversion=true

**See Also**
- ForcedConversionRules (page -229)
**ENABLESCHEMA PUBLISHING**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Schema](#) (page -30)

**Description**
Enables or disables schema publishing.
- When set to TRUE, publishing is enabled. When set to FALSE, publishing is disabled.
- Default is TRUE.

**Caution:** If set to FALSE, publishing will be disabled even if the Republish Schema option is used on the Configuration Manager Admin Applet. Setting this value to FALSE is normally used in clusters where Schema Publisher should be enabled only on selected nodes.

**Location**

\(<install_dir>/config/config.cfg\)

**Example**

EnableSchemaPublishing=false
ENCODEHTML

Type and Usage
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Security (page -32)

Description
Idoc function used to filter data input for illegal or corruptive HTML constructs. This function is used by default in Threaded Discussions, a former component which is now available during installation of Content Server 8.0.

All input data received by the Content Server when using the unsafe value for the rule parameter applies only to well-known unsafe script tags. This functionality can be altered by using the HtmlDataInputFilterLevel configuration variable to change the filtering that is done.

Parameters
Takes two required and one optional parameter:
- The first parameter is the string to encode.
- The second parameter is the rule to apply when encoding HTML constructs. The following values are allowed:
  - none: no conversion is done to HTML constructs.
  - unsafe: only well-known unsafe script tags are encoded.
  - exceptsafe: well-known safe script tags are not encoded.
  - lexceptsafe: recommended for use when extended comments are entered by users and line breaks in the original text must be preserved.

See the Managing Security and User Access Guide for details about comment handling, attribute values, parenthesis handling, and allowed values for unsafe and safe script tags.
- An optional parameter is also available that specifies if long strings without space characters are to be broken up and what maximum word size to apply. Specify either wordbreak or nowordbreak.
Output

Returns the encoded string.

See Also

– Managing Security and User Access Guide, for complete details on usage and allowed values for all parameters.
– HtmlDataInputFilterLevel (page -289)
**ENTERPRISESEARCHASDEFAULT**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Searching (page -31)
- Enterprise Search (page -20)

**Description**
Enables Oracle Enterprise Search on standard search pages.
- When set to TRUE, Enterprise Search options appear on standard search pages.
- Default is TRUE.

**Location**
- System Properties—Options tab—Enable Enterprise Search on standard query pages
- Admin Server—General Configuration—Enable Enterprise Search on standard query pages
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
EnterpriseSearchAsDefault=true
ENTRYCOUNTER

Type and Usage

- Workflow Variables (page -37)
- Workflow (page -40)

Description

Retrieves the number of times the current workflow step has been entered by the current revision.

- This variable can be used to create conditional statements, but it should not be hard-coded or altered.
- This variable is localized in the companion file and maintained in the key:
  
  `<step_name>@<workflow_name>.entryCount`

Output

Returns the entry count as an integer.

Example

The following code defines a jump called MaxEntry, which exits to the parent workflow and notifies the reviewers if the last time the step was entered was more than one week ago:

```<$if wfCurrentGet("entryCount")==2$>
  <$wfSet("WfJumpName","MaxEntry")$>
  <$wfSet("WfJumpTargetStep",wfExit(0,0))$>
  <$wfSet("WfJumpEntryNotifyOff","0")$>
<$endif$>`
EVAL

Type and Usage
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Idoc Script (page -23)

Description
Evaluates a variable definition as if it were Idoc Script.
- Can be used to recursively evaluate a literal string.

Parameters
Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is a variable that defines a string to be evaluated as Idoc Script.

Output
Returns the parameter string, with any Idoc Script in the variable definition resolved.

Example
Variable one is assigned the string CompanyName, and variable two is assigned a string that includes variable one within Idoc Script delimiters. On a page, variable one presents the string “CompanyName,” variable two presents the string “Welcome to <$one$>” and eval(two) presents the string “Welcome to CompanyName.”

<$one="CompanyName"$>
<$two="Welcome to <$one$>"$>
<$one$><br>
<$two$><br>
<$eval(two)$>
Say you wanted to exclude all metadata fields that have the prefix \textit{xPrefix} in their names. You could use the \textit{eval} function to dynamically write and evaluate Idoc Script for this purpose:

\begin{verbatim}
<$loop DocMetaDefinition$>
<$if strIndexOf("xPrefix", dName) >= 0$>
  <$myScript = "<$" & dName & ":isExcluded=1$>"$>
  <$eval(myScript)$>
<$endif$>
<$endloop$>
\end{verbatim}

\textbf{See Also}

- \textit{Keywords vs. Functions} (page -17)
- \textit{exec} (page -200)
- \textit{setResourceInclude} (page -728)
**EXCLUDECONVERSIONFILTER**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Inbound Refinery (page -9)

**Description**
Specifies a list of conversion formats that will not be processed by the Inbound Refinery.
- This is a comma-separated list.
- Formats are listed in the Conversion column on the File Formats tab of the Configuration Manager.
- Default is an empty string.

**Location**

<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

ExcludeConversionFilter=FrameMaker,MSPub
**EXCLUSIVECHECKOUT**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Internal Security](#) (page -33)
- [Users](#) (page -37)

**Description**
Determines whether users can check out content that was authored by another user.
- When set to TRUE, only the author or a user with Admin permission to the security group can check out a content item.
- When set to FALSE, users with Write permission to the security group can check out content that was authored by another user.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
- System Properties—Content Security tab—Allow only original contributor to check out
- Admin Server—Content Security—Allow only original contributor to check out
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
As a configuration setting, only original contributor can check out a content item.
`ExclusiveCheckout=true`

As script, returns the value of the configuration setting:
`<$ExclusiveCheckout$>`

**See Also**
- [isUserOverrideSet](#) (page -443)
**EXCLUSIVEINCLUDECONVERSIONFILTER**

**Type and Usage**
- **Configuration Variables** (page -3)
- **Inbound Refinery** (page -9)

**Description**
Specifies a list of conversion formats that will be processed by the Inbound Refinery.
- Conversion formats not listed will not be processed by the Inbound Refinery.
- This is a comma-separated list.
- Formats are listed in the Conversion column on the File Formats tab of the Configuration Manager.
- Default is an empty string.

**Location**

<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

ExclusiveIncludeConversionFilter=FrameMaker,MSPub
EXEC

Type and Usage

- [Special Keywords](page -16)
- [Idoc Script](page -23)

Description

Executes an Idoc Script expression and suppresses the output (does not display the expression on the page).

- In earlier versions of Idoc Script, the `exec` keyword was required to suppress the value of any variable from appearing in the output file. In the current version, the `exec` keyword is needed only to suppress an expression from appearing in the output.

For example, the first line below is equivalent to the last two lines:

```
<$varA="stringA", varB ="stringB"$>
<$exec varA="stringA"$>
<$exec varB="stringB"$>
```

- The `exec` keyword is typically used to evaluate “behind-the-scenes” code, such as specifying an include to be used later in the page.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is an Idoc Script expression.

Output

Returns the value of the expression, but does not display the expression on the page.
**Example**

Evaluates the *inc* global functions to incorporate the specified includes without displaying their code on the page:

```html
#{@dynamichtml std_definitions@>
    <$exec inc("std_page_variable_definitions")$>
    <$exec inc("define_image_files")$>
@end@>
```

**See Also**

- *Keywords vs. Functions* (page -17)
- *eval* (page -195)
EXECUTESERVICE

Type and Usage

- [Global Functions](#) (page -20)
- [Idoc Script](#) (page -23)

Description

Executes a content server service.

- This function allows the specified service to be executed while the page is being constructed. Generally, services are executed using a tool such as IdcCommand or the CGI URL on the browser.
- Used with dynamic server pages.
- Services that can be called with the `executeService` function must be “scriptable”, meaning that they do not require parameter input. Scriptable services have an access level of 32 or more.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is the name of the service to be executed.

**Note:** The live data in the DataBinder is used as parameters to the specified service.

Output

- Returns a [StatusCode](#) (page -747) of 0 if the service was executed successfully.
- Returns a [StatusCode](#) (page -747) of -1 if an error in the service execution occurred.

**Note:** All output of the executed service is suppressed, but any ResultSets and loaded values are available.

Example

Executes a service when given a service name:

```
<$executeService("servicename")$>
```
See Also

– StatusCode (page -747)
EXPRIEREVISIONONLY

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Items (page -4)

Description

Determines whether all revisions or only a specific revision of a content item is expired on the specified Expiration Date.

Note: This variable applies to Content Server 6.2 and later. Before version 6.2, only the specific revision expired on the specified Expiration Date. Starting with version 6.2, the default behavior is that if the current revision expires, all revisions of that content item also expire. Setting this variable to TRUE returns the content server to the pre-6.2 behavior.

- When set to TRUE, only the current revision expires, and the most recent unexpired revision becomes the current revision.
- When set to FALSE, all revisions expire when the current revision expires.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

ExpireRevisionOnly=true
EXTERNALUSERACCOUNTS

Type and Usage

- [User Read-Only Variables](page -31)
- [External Security](page -34)
- [Users](page -37)

Description

Retrieves the default roles for users who are defined by an external user base (NTLM, Active Directory, or LDAP).

Output

- Returns a comma-separated list of accounts, with permissions for each account specified in parentheses after the account name.
- The `#none` entry grants privileges to content items that have no account assigned.
- The `#all` entry grants privileges to all accounts.

Example

As script, returns the default account information as a string:

```text
<$ExternalUserAccounts$>
```

See Also

- [ExternalUserRoles](page -206)
- [UserAccounts](page -840)
- [Default Accounts](page -124)
- [DefaultNetworkAccounts](page -134)
**EXTERNALUSERROLES**

**Type and Usage**
- User Read-Only Variables (page -31)
- External Security (page -34)
- Users (page -37)

**Description**
Retrieves the default roles for users who are defined by an external user base (NTLM, Active Directory, or LDAP).

**Output**
- Returns the list of roles as a string.

**Example**
As script, returns the default role information as a string:

`<$ExternalUserRoles$>`

**See Also**
- ExternalUserAccounts (page -205)
- UserRoles (page -859)
FIELDCAPTION

Type and Usage

- Field Information Variables (page -25)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Specifies the caption label for a metadata field.

Output

Returns the caption of the metadata field as a string.

Example

Defines the caption for the dDocTitle metadata field as the wwTitle localized string:

```xml
<$fieldName = "dDocTitle", fieldCaption = lc("wwTitle"), isRequired = 1, fieldType = "BigText", requiredMsg = lc("wwSpecifyTitle")$>
```

Note: See Resolving Localized Strings in the Customizing Content Server guide for more information.
FIELD_CAPTIONINCLUDE

Type and Usage

- Other Field Display Variables (page -28)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Specifies the include to use to display the caption for the metadata field.

Output

None.

Example

Sets the caption display include to std_field_caption:

<%fieldCaptionInclude = "std_field_caption"%>

See Also

- defaultFieldInclude (page -126)
- fieldEntryInclude (page -213)
- fieldCaptionStyle (page -209)
FIELDCAPTIONSTYLE

Type and Usage

- Other Field Display Variables (page -28)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Specifies the style of the caption for the metadata field.

- The following SPAN styles are typically used for captions. They are defined in the std_style_declaration include in the <install_dir>/shared/config/resources/std_page.htm resource file:
  - searchLabel
  - infoLabel
  - tableEntry
  - requiredField

Output

Returns the name of the caption style.

Example

Sets the caption style to requiredField:

```text
<if isRequired and not suppressCaptionHighlighting$>
  <$fieldCaptionStyle = "requiredField"$>
<endif$>
```

Generates the standard field caption:

```text
@end@
```

See Also

- fieldCaption (page -207)
- fieldCaptionInclude (page -208)
- fieldValueStyle (page -222)
Idoc Script Index

- NotationForRequiredFields (page -537)
- StyleForRequiredFields (page -774)
FIELDDEFAULT

Type and Usage

- Field Information Variables (page -25)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Specifies the default value for a metadata field.

Output

Returns the default value of the metadata field as a string.

Example

Defines the default value for the dDocTitle metadata field:

<$fieldName = "dDocTitle", fieldCaption = lc("wwTitle"), isRequired = 1, fieldType = "BigText", requiredMsg = lc("wwSpecifyTitle"), fieldDefault="Enter a Title">
FIELDEDITWIDTH

Type and Usage

- Other Field Display Variables (page -28)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Specifies the character width of the metadata input field on the HTML page. It is set in `compute_namevalue_edit_widths`, which is included in the resource `compute_std_field_includes`.

Output

None.
FIELDENTRYINCLUDE

Type and Usage
- Other Field Display Variables (page -28)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description
Specifies the include to use to display the value for the metadata field.

Output
None.

Example
Sets the value display include to std_checkbox_entry:
<$fieldEntryInclude = "std_checkbox_entry"$>

See Also
- defaultFieldInclude (page -126)
- fieldCaptionInclude (page -208)
- fieldValueStyle (page -222)
FIELD EXTRA SCRIPT INCLUDE

Type and Usage
- Other Field Display Variables (page -28)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description
Specifies the name of the include file containing additional JavaScript validation for a specific metadata field. This is set in the resource compute_std_field_includes.

Output
None.
FIELDINCLUDE

Type and Usage

- Other Field Display Variables (page -28)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Specifies the name of the include to display a metadata field. The include file is usually std_namevalue_field, but it can be set to another include.

This is usually set at the top of the page with $xField:include$ but can also be set by overriding the resource compute_std_field_includes.

Output

None.
FIELDISOPTIONLIST

Type and Usage

- Field Information Variables (page -25)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Specifies whether a metadata field has an option list.

- When set to TRUE, the field has an option list.
- When set to FALSE, the field does not have an option list.
- Default is FALSE.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the field has an option list.
- Returns FALSE if the field does not have an option list.

Example

Defines the dDocAccount metadata field as an option list if predefined accounts exist:

```xml
<if HasPredefinedAccounts$>
  <$fieldIsOptionList = 1, optionListName = "docAccounts",
   fieldOptionListType = "combo"$>
<endif$>
```

See Also

- hasOptionList (page -279)
- fieldOptionListType (page -219)
- optionListName (page -555)
FIELD MAX LENGTH

Type and Usage

- [Other Field Display Variables](page -28)
- [Field Display](page -20)

Description

Specifies the maximum length of the metadata field. This is not the size of the field but the maximum number of characters that the field can contain. It is usually set at the top of the page with `xFieldName:include` but can also be set by overriding the resource `compute_std_field_includes`.

Output

None.
FIELDNAME

Type and Usage

- Field Information Variables (page -25)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Specifies the internal name of a metadata field.

- Predefined metadata fields begin with a lowercase “d” (for example, dDocName).
- Custom metadata fields begin with a lowercase “x” (for example, xComments).

Output

Returns the name of the metadata field as a string.

Example

Defines the dDocTitle metadata field:

```<$fieldName = "dDocTitle", fieldCaption = lc("wwTitle"), isRequired = 1, fieldType = "BigText", requiredMsg = lc("wwSpecifyTitle")$>```
FIELDOPTIONLISTTYPE

Type and Usage

- Field Information Variables (page -25)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Specifies the type of option list for a metadata field.

- Possible values for this variable are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>fieldOptionListType Value</th>
<th>Corresponding option in Configuration Manager</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>strict</td>
<td>Select List Validated or Select List Not Validated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>combo</td>
<td>Edit and Select List</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>multi</td>
<td>Edit and Multiselect List</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>access</td>
<td>None (Used in Collaboration Server for member access lists)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Output

Returns the option list type as a string.

Example

Defines the dDocAccount option list type as combo (Edit and Select List):

```<$if HasPredefinedAccounts$>
    <$fieldIsOptionList = 1, optionListName = "docAccounts",
    fieldOptionListType = "combo"$>
<$endif$>
```

See Also

- fieldIsOptionList (page -216)
- optionListName (page -555)
FIELDTYPE

Type and Usage

- Field Information Variables (page -25)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Specifies the type of metadata field.

- Possible values for this variable are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>fieldType Value</th>
<th>Corresponding option in Configuration Manager</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Text</td>
<td>Text</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BigText</td>
<td>Long Text</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Int</td>
<td>Integer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td>Date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Memo</td>
<td>Memo</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Output

Returns the metadata field type as a string.

Example

Defines the dDocTitle metadata field as a BigText (Long Text) field:

```xml
<$fieldName = "dDocTitle", fieldCaption = lc("wwTitle"), isRequired = 1, fieldType = "BigText", requiredMsg = lc("wwSpecifyTitle")$>
FIELDVALUE

Type and Usage

- Field Information Variables (page -25)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Specifies the value for a metadata field.

Output

Returns the value of the current metadata field.

Example

Generates the standard field value:

```html
<@dynamichtml std_value_label@>
  <span class="<$fieldValueStyle$>"#$fieldValue$></span><!--"-->
<@end@>
```

See Also

- fieldEntryInclude (page -213)
- fieldCaptionStyle (page -209)
- fieldValueStyle (page -222)
- optionListName (page -555)
FIELDVALUESTYLE

Type and Usage

- Other Field Display Variables (page -28)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Specifies the style of the value for the metadata field.

- The following SPAN styles are typically used for values. They are defined in the std_style_declaration include in the <install_dir>/shared/config/resources/std_page.htm resource file:
  - tableEntry
  - xxs
  - small
  - strongHighlight

Output

Returns the name of the value style.

Example

Sets the value style:

```html
<@if isFieldInfoOnly$>
  <@if valueStyle$>
    <$fieldValueStyle = valueStyle$>
  </@else$>
    <$fieldValueStyle = "tableEntry"$>
  </@endif$>
</@endif$>

Generates the standard field value:

```html
<@dynamichtml std_value_label@>
  <span class="$fieldValueStyle">$fieldValue$</span><!--'-->
</@end@>
See Also

- `fieldEntryInclude` (page -213)
- `fieldCaptionStyle` (page -209)
- `valueStyle` (page -880)
FIELDWIDTH

Type and Usage

- Field Information Variables (page -25)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Specifies the width of a metadata field, in characters.

Output

Returns the width of the current metadata field.

Example

Generates the Extension field with a width of 10 characters:

\<\$fieldName = "dExtension", fieldCaption = lc("wwNativeExtension"), fieldWidth = 10\>

See Also

- fieldCaptionStyle (page -209)
FILEENCODING

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Localization](#) (page -25)
- [Content Server](#) (page -6)
- [Inbound Refinery](#) (page -9)

**Description**
Specifies the file encoding to be used.
- If the content server is configured to use languages other than operating system’s native language (for example, using both English and Japanese locales on an English system), this variable must be set to **UTF8** in both the Content Server and the Inbound Refinery.

**Location**
- Content server: `<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg`
- Inbound Refinery: `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
FileEncoding=UTF8
```
**FILEURL**

**Type and Usage**
- [Value Variables](#)
- [Content Items](#)

**Description**
Retrieves the relative URL of the current dynamic server page (HCSP or HCST).
- This variable is typically used in self-referencing pages, such as a form that posts back to itself.

**Output**
Returns the URL as a string.

**Example**
Returns the relative URL of the current dynamic server page:

```
<$fileUrl$>
```
FILTER_DEBUG

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Web Server (page -38)
- Debugging (page -16)

Description

Enables logging of events that occur inside the web server filter.

- When set to TRUE, web server filter authentication and authorization errors are recorded in the following log file:
  - **IIS**: `<install_dir>/idcplg/idc_cgi_isapi-<instance>.dll.log`
  - **Apache or NES**: `<install_dir>/data/users/authfilt.log`
- Default is FALSE.

Location

`<install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda`

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

FILTER_DEBUG=true

See Also

- `CGI_DEBUG` (page -61)
- `CGI_RECEIVE_DUMP` (page -62)
- `CGI_SEND_DUMP` (page -63)
- `PLUGIN_DEBUG` (page -574)
- `DisableGzipCompression` (page -147)
FIRSTREV

Type and Usage

- Value Variables (page -33)
- Content Items (page -4)

Description

Returns the first revision label for the current revision label sequence.

Output

Returns the first revision label as a string.

Example

Returns the first revision label (default is “1”):

<$FIRSTREV$>
FORCED\textsc{CONVERSIONRULES}

\section*{Type and Usage}

- \textit{Configuration Variables} (page -3)
- \textit{Dynamic Converter} (page -14)

\section*{Description}

Defines the Dynamic Converter rules that will apply forced conversions upon file checkin.

- This is a comma-separated list.
- If a content item matches any of the specified conversion rules upon checkin, the file will be converted according to that rule. Each file can be converted into multiple renditions.
- There is no default.

\textbf{Note}: The forced conversion process does not apply the same Dynamic Converter template twice. For example, if you set \texttt{ForcedConversionRules=RuleA,RuleB}, but \texttt{RuleA} and \texttt{RuleB} specify the same template with a different layout, the conversion according to \texttt{RuleB} will not occur. (Best practice in this case would be to merge the layouts and use Idoc Script to dynamically select the appropriate layout elements.)

\section*{Location}

\texttt{<install_dir>/config/config.cfg}

\section*{Example}

Used as a configuration entry:

\texttt{ForcedConversionRules=Rule1,Rule2,Rule3}

\section*{See Also}

- \textit{DisableForcedConversions} (page -146)
- \textit{incDynamicConversionByRule} (page -337)
- \textit{rule:IsFragmentOnly} (page -398)
**FORCEDISTINCTREVLABELS**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Content Items](#) (page -4)

**Description**
Defines whether additional revisions for the same content item can have the same revision label.
- Changing this setting will apply to new content only.
- When set to TRUE, two revisions of the same content cannot have the same revision label.
- Default setting is FALSE.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

`ForceDistinctRevLabels=true`
**FORCEDOCTYPECHOICE**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [Field Display](page -20)

**Description**
Adds a blank option as the default for the Type option list on checkin pages. This requires the user to select a Type.
- Used on pages as a display option.
- When set to TRUE, the checkin page displays the Type option list with a blank option.
- Default setting is FALSE.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
ForceDocTypeChoice=true
FORCE_EXPIRE

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Idoc Script (page -23)

Description

This function can be used to force the cache for a particular include to expire. This is useful in the case of a change in the page display, such as adding new metadata fields, or if the user has saved a new query, or altered which links are viewable.

If the value for 'includeName' is null, or an empty string, then the entire cache will be eliminated. This is useful when all includes for a particular page are placed into the same cache, and need to be expired at the same time.

See Keywords vs. Functions (page -17) for more information

Parameters

Takes two required parameters and two optional parameters. For example:

forceExpire(includeName, scope [, cacheName, key])

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>includeName</td>
<td>The name of the dynamic html element to evaluate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>scope</td>
<td>Set to 'session' if each user should see different html, or 'application' if all users will see the same thing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cacheName</td>
<td>Optional: if you wish to place this data into a named cache instead of the default cache. If an empty string is passed, it will cache the include into the default cache for the session.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>key</td>
<td>Optional: if you do not want automatic name-scoping of your cache to prevent conflicts, you can specify a unique key here.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Example**

This can be used as a replacement for the 'std_page_begin' include. It will check to see if the user executed one of the standard service calls to modify the links on the standard left navigation bar (saving a query, altering the portal design). If so, the cached html for the standard page begin will be invalidated. Then, the next 'cacheInclude' function will reevaluate the include, and place it back into the cache.

<$if strEquals(IdcService, "PNE_SAVE_QUERY") or strEquals(IdcService, "PNE_UPDATE_PORTAL_INFO")$>
<$forceExpire("std_main_page_begin", "session", ",", "std_main_page_begin")$>
<$endif$>
<$cacheInclude("std_main_page_begin", "session", 600, ",", "std_main_page_begin")$>

**See Also**

- *inc* (page -335)
- *cacheInclude* (page -57)
- *setExpires* (page -722)
- *setHttpHeader* (page -724)
- *setMaxAge* (page -726)
FORCEJDBC_SYNC

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Database (page -15)
- Debugging (page -16)

Description

Restricts access to the database to one query at a time.

- This setting is typically used for debugging or for problematic JDBC drivers.
- If the content server is being used mostly for read-only type activity, setting this to FALSE will improve the throughput to the database.
- When set to TRUE, one query at a time can access the database.
- When set to FALSE, multiple queries can access the database at a time.
- Default setting is FALSE. (Default for version 4.5 and earlier was TRUE.)

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

ForceJdbcSync=true
FORCESECURITYGROUPCHOICE

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Adds a blank option as the default for the Security Group option list on checkin pages. This requires the user to select a Security Group.

- Used on pages as a display option.
- When set to TRUE, the checkin page displays the Security Group option list with a blank option.
- Default setting is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
ForceSecurityGroupChoice=true
FORMATDATE

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Date and Time (page -16)

Description

Reformats a date/time to the default date/time format.
- Database-formatted dates cannot be evaluated (for example, 2001-06-15).
- Long-formatted dates cannot be evaluated (for example, June 15, 2001).

Parameters

Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is a string that specifies a date/time.

Output

- Returns the date/time in the format used by dateCurrent (page -114) (for example, 6/15/01 1:55 PM).
- Returns null if the parameter cannot be evaluated.
- If a time is not provided, returns a default time of 12:00 AM.

Example

The following example formats the date and time and displays it as 12/14/99 2:00 PM:
<$formatDate("12/14/1999 02:00 PM")$>

The following example formats the date, assigns the default time, and displays it as 9/15/03 12:00 AM:
<$formatDate("09/15/2003")$>

The following script formats and displays a specified date and time. Line one evaluates an alternate date and time format and assigns it to a custom variable. Line two displays this date to a user.
<$my_customDateTime = formatDate("06/14/2004 15:05:34")$>
Final Approval: <$my_customDateTime$>

**Output:**

Final Approval: 6/14/04 3:05 PM
FORMATDATEDATABASE

Type and Usage

- [Global Functions](#)  (page -20)
- [Date and Time](#)  (page -16)
- [Database](#)  (page -15)

Description

Formats the date and time in preparation for an SQL query.

- Long-formatted dates cannot be evaluated (for example, May 22, 2000).

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is a string or variable that specifies a date/time.

Output

- Returns an ODBC-formatted date/time:
  
  \[ts 'yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss']

- Returns null if the parameter cannot be evaluated.
- If a time is not provided, returns a default time of 00:00:00.

Example

Formats the current date and time for an SQL query:

\<\$formatDateDatabase(dateCurrent())\>

Formats the date and time and displays as 2001-03-19 15:32:00:

\<\$formatDateDatabase("03/19/2001 3:32 PM")\>

Formats the date and time and displays as 1999-04-03 00:00:00:

\<\$formatDateDatabase("4/3/99")\>
**FORMATDATEDISPLAY**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Date and Time (page -16)

**Description**
Reformats a date/time to a date/time format for display to the user. Uses the "Display Date Format" in System Properties to format the date.

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is a string that specifies a date/time.

**Output**
- Returns the date/time in the format used.
- Returns null if the parameter cannot be evaluated.

**Example**
<${formatDateDisplay}$>

**See Also**
- formatDateOnlyDisplay (page -242)
FORMATDATEONLY

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Date and Time (page -16)

Description

Reformats a date/time to the default date format and strips out the time.

- Database-formatted dates cannot be evaluated (for example, 2000-02-02).
- Long-formatted dates cannot be evaluated (for example, June 12, 2001).

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is a string that specifies a date/time.

Output

- Returns the date only in the format used by dateCurrent (page -114) (for example, 7/12/00).
- Returns null if the parameter cannot be evaluated.

Example

Returns the current date only (for example, 9/12/01):

<$formatDateOnly(dateCurrent())$>

Returns the date ten days in the future (for example, 9/22/01):

<$formatDateOnly(dateCurrent(10))$>

Formats the date and time and displays the date only as 1/17/00:

<$formatDateOnly("01/17/2000 2:00 PM")$>
This script displays the current date and a date 100 days in the future. Line one assigns the current date only to a custom variable. Line two assigns a date 100 days in the future to a second custom variable. Line three displays these dates to a user (for example, Start Date: 10/12/01 and End Date: 1/20/02):

<$my_startDate = formatDateOnly(dateCurrent())$>
<$my_endDate = formatDateOnly(dateCurrent(100))$>
Start Date: <$my_startDate$> and End Date: <$my_endDate$>
FORMATDATEONLYDISPLAY

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Date and Time (page -16)

Description

Reformats a date to a date format for display to the user. Uses the "Display Date Format" in System Properties to format the date.

- Similar to formatDateDisplay but only formats the date.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is a string that specifies a date.

Output

- Returns the date in the format used.
- Returns null if the parameter cannot be evaluated.

Example

<${formatDateOnlyDisplay}$>

See Also

- formatDateDisplay (page -239)
**FORMATDATEONLYFULL**

**Type and Usage**
- [Global Functions](#) (page -20)
- [Date and Time](#) (page -16)

**Description**

**Important:** This setting is deprecated for version 5.1 and later—use [formatDateWithPattern](#) (page -244).

Reformats a date/time to the long date format and strips out the time.

- Database-formatted dates cannot be evaluated (for example, 2000-02-02).

**Parameters**

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is a string that specifies a date/time.

**Output**

- Returns a long-formatted date:
  
  *month d, yyyy*

- Returns null if the parameter cannot be evaluated.

**Example**

Returns the current date in long format:

<$formatDateOnlyFull(dateCurrent())$>

Returns the date 365 days in the future in long format (for example, September 12, 2002):

<$formatDateOnlyFull(dateCurrent(365))$>

Formats the date only and displays as June 12, 2001:

<$formatDateOnlyFull("6/12/01 3:00 PM")$>
FORMATDATEWITHPATTERN

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Date and Time (page -16)

Description

Reformats a date/time to a specified date/time pattern.

Parameters

Takes two parameters:

- The first parameter is a date string used by the content server, or a date object created with the parseDate (page -568) or dateCurrent (page -114) functions.
- The second parameter is the date/time pattern, such as MM/dd/yyyy.
  The capital letter Z denotes the use of a UTC time zone for the entry. The lower case zzzz denotes the time offset (HHMM) from the UTC time, preceded by a plus (+) or minus (-) sign to indicate the offset (available in Content Server version 8.0 and later).

Output

- Returns the date/time in the format specified by the pattern parameter.
- Returns null if the parameter cannot be evaluated.

Example

Displays Wed, 5 Jul 2006 12:08:56 -0700:

`<$formatDateWithPattern(dateCurrent(),"EEE, d MMM yyyy HH:mm:ss zzzz")$>`

Displays 2006-07-05 14:30:33Z:

`<$formatDateWithPattern(dateCurrent(),"yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ssZ")$>`

See Also

- Using Content Server in International Environments for descriptions of date formatting
FORMAT_TIMEONLY

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Date and Time (page -16)

Description

Reformats a date/time to the default time format and strips out the date.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is a string or variable that specifies a date/time.

Output

- Returns a time only in the format used by dateCurrent (page -114) (for example, 1:15 PM).
- Returns null if the parameter cannot be evaluated.

Example

Returns the current time only:

<%formatTimeOnly(dateCurrent())%>

Formats the time only and displays as 5:00 PM:

<%formatTimeOnly("2/2/99 5:00 PM")%>

Formats the time only and displays as 6:14 PM:

<%formatTimeOnly("04/21/2001 18:14:00")%>
FORMATTIMEONLYDISPLAY

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Date and Time (page -16)

Description

Reformats a time to a time format for display to the user. Uses the "Display Date Format" in System Properties to format the time.

- Similar to formatDateDisplay but only formats the time.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is a string that specifies the time.

Output

- Returns the time in the format used.
- Returns null if the parameter cannot be evaluated.

Example

<$('formatTimeOnlyDisplay$')>

See Also

- formatDateDisplay (page -239)
FormInheritMetaDataFieldList

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Items (page -4)

Description

Defines the custom metadata fields that are inherited by subsequent revisions of a PDF form.

- This is a comma-separated list.
- Standard metadata fields (such as Type, Security Group, and Account) are inherited by default.
- Custom metadata fields begin with a lowercase “x” (for example, xComments).

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

FormInheritMetaDataFieldList=xDepartment,xRegion
**FRAMEMAKER CYCLES ALLOWED**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

**Description**
The maximum number of 30-second cycles that the Inbound Refinery allows before FrameMaker is considered to be “not responding”.
- The Inbound Refinery watches the `consfile.txt` file for FrameMaker activity.
- Default is 1.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg`

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

`FrameMakerCyclesAllowed=1`
FRAME_MAKER_EXE_PATH

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page 3)
- PDF Converter (page 10)

Description

Defines the path for the Adobe FrameMaker executable file.

- Returns the path as a string.
- Default is an empty string.

Location

- Shared Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Paths tab—FrameMaker Executable File Path

- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg`

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

```
FrameMakerexePath=c:/Program Files/Adobe/FrameMaker6.0/FrameMaker.exe
```
FRAMEMAKERTIMEOUT

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

Description

Defines the FrameMaker conversion timeout.

- Returns the FrameMaker timeout values.
- This variable must be followed by one of these flags:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flag</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>#factor</td>
<td>This value is multiplied by the file size to determine the amount of time allowed for FrameMaker conversion. (The resulting time is limited by the #max and #min flags.) The default value is 1. Increase this value for busy or slow systems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#max</td>
<td>Specifies the maximum time in seconds that the Inbound Refinery waits for the FrameMaker conversion process to complete. The default time is 10 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#min</td>
<td>Specifies the minimum time in seconds that the Inbound Refinery waits for the FrameMaker conversion process to complete. The default time is 1 second.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Location

- Shared Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Timeout Values tab—FrameMaker to PostScript Timeout
- <install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

FrameMakerTimeout#factor=2
GATEWAY_INTERFACE

Type and Usage

- [Web Server Variables](page -34)
- [Web Server](page -38)

Description

Retrieves the revision level of the CGI specification to which this server complies.

- This variable is not request-specific; it is set for all requests.

Output

Returns the revision level as a string in the format CGI/revision.

Example

As information output on a page or to a log:
GATEWAY_INTERFACE=CGI/1.1

As part of an Idoc Script statement or evaluation:
<$if GATEWAY_INTERFACE$>
<!--statement-->

</$if GATEWAY_INTERFACE$>
**GENERATEUNIQUEID**

**Type and Usage**
- Page Variables (page -24)
- Page Display (page -26)

**Description**
This function returns the unique ID for an HTML page. This is used in conjunction with the id attribute in an HTML element to guarantee a unique ID.

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is the field name for which the ID will be generated.

**Output**
Returns the ID for an HTML page.
GETCOOKIE

Type and Usage

- **Setable Variables** (page -32)
- **Web Server** (page -38)

Description

Obtains a cookie from a browser.

- This is useful for tracking user sessions when the information does not need to be stored in the personalization.
- Can be used to track the last pages navigated to, or the last searches which were run.

Parameters

This function takes one parameter, the name of the cookie.

Example

```<$myCounter=getCookie(“myCounter”)$>
<$if not myCounter$>
   <$myCounter=1$>
<$endif$>
Num times loaded: <$myCounter$>
<$setCookie(“myCounter”, myCounter+1, dateCurrent(1))$>
```

See Also

- **setCookie** (page -721)
**GETCOPYACCESS**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Internal Security](#) (page -33)

**Description**
Determines what permission a user needs to get a copy of a content item.

- When set to TRUE, users can get a copy of a content item for which they have only Read permission.
- When set to FALSE, users must have Write permission to a content item to be able to get a copy.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
- System Properties—Content Security tab—Allow get copy for user with read privilege
- Admin Server—Content Security—Allow get copy for user with read privilege
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
As a configuration setting:
`GetCopyAccess=true`

As script, returns the value of the configuration setting:
`<GetCopyAccess>`
**GETDEBUGTRACE**

**Type and Usage**
- `Global Functions` (page -20)
- `Debugging` (page -16)

**Description**
Retrieves the output of the debug trace.

**Parameters**
None.

**Output**
- Returns the output of the accumulated debug trace for the page being constructed.
- Returns an empty string if `ScriptDebugTrace` (page -700) has not been set.

**Example**
Retrieves the output of the debug trace and outputs the information to a page:

```
<$getDebugTrace()$>
```

**See Also**
- `ScriptDebugTrace` (page -700)
**GETERRORTRACE**

### Type and Usage
- [Global Functions](page -20)
- [Debugging](page -16)

### Description
Retrieves the output of the error trace.

- Error trace output is encoded for display in HTML pages. For example, the `<` and `>` delimiters are HTML-escaped and carriage returns are converted to `<br>` tags.

### Parameters
None.

### Output
- Returns the output of the accumulated error trace for the page being constructed.
- The function returns an empty string if [ScriptErrorTrace](page -701) has not been set.

### Example
Retrieves the output of the error trace and outputs the information to a page:

```
<$getErrorTrace()$>
```

### See Also
- [ScriptErrorTrace](page -701)
**GETFIELDCONFIGVALUE**

**Type and Usage**
- Dynamic Variables (page -20)
- Content Server (page -6)

**Description**
This function returns a configuration flag for a specific field. If the field does not exist, the default is returned instead.

**Parameters**
Takes three parameters:
- The name of a metadata field.
- The flag to return for the field when it is found.
- A default value to return if the field does not exist.

**Output**
Returns the specified configuration flag.

**Example**

```<$caption = getFieldConfigValue("dDocTitle", "fieldCaption", lc("wwTitle"))$>```
**getFieldViewDisplayValue**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Schema (page -30)

**Description**
Returns the display value for an item in a Schema option list.

For example, assume an option list exists for a custom metadata field named Customer. In the database there is a schema table with the CustomerName and a unique CustomerID. On checkin the CustomerName is visible to the user but the CustomerID is what is stored in the database. The getFieldViewDisplayValue function extracts the human-readable CustomerName based on the CustomerID.

**Parameters**
Takes three parameters:
- The first parameter is the name of the field to be used for the option list.
- The second parameter is the name of the schema view used for the current field.
- The third parameter is the value assigned to the field.

**Output**
Returns the display value.

**Example**

```$customerName = getFieldViewDisplayValue("xCustomer", "Customer_View", "1234")$```

**See Also**
- Get View Display Value
**GETFIELDVIEWVALUE**

**Type and Usage**

- [Global Functions](#) (page -20)
- [Content Profiles](#) (page -6)

**Description**

This function is used when defining a content rule for a field. The value of a field for a content profile can be made dependent on a view by using this function. Because a field can have both a default as well as a derived value, the view can be used to create an interdependency between fields.

**Parameters**

Takes three parameters:

- Field. The name of a metadata field. This field must have an associated view.
- Value. A lookup key for value.
- Column name. A column in the view’s table.

**Output**

Returns the value in the column specified using the field value as a lookup.

**Example**

In the following example, the view table for the field `xEmployee` has a column called `type`. Using the value as specified in the `xEmployee` metadata field, this function provides a lookup into this table and returns the `type` column value.

```
getFieldViewValue("xEmployee", #active.xEmployee, "type")
```
GETFREEMEMORY

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Debugging (page -16)

Description

This function returns the amount of free memory in the Java Virtual Machine (JVM). This is a performance auditing function used on the System Audit Information page.

Parameters

None.

See Also

- getTotalMemory (page -266)
GETHELPPage

Type and Usage

- Dynamic Variables (page -20)
- Page Display (page -26)

Description

This function returns a relative URL to a help page based on the name of the page.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The name of the page used.

Example

<input type=Button value="$1c("wwQuickHelp")$"
onclick="QuickHelp('$getHelpPage("QH_AdvancedSearch")$',
'Search')"/>
GETOPTIONLISTSIZE

Type and Usage

- Dynamic Variables (page -20)
- Page Display (page -26)

Description

This function returns the size of an option list. It is used to determine whether to display custom user metadata fields on the User Profile page.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is the option list to be sized.

Output

- Returns the size of the specified option list.
GETPARENTVALUE

Type and Usage

- **Global Functions** (page -20)
- **Schema** (page -30)

Description

This function returns a parent value from a Schema view. This is needed prior to generating the dependent option list for the current field.

In most cases this function returns the same value as the internal parent value parameter because most option lists trigger their dependency on the unique key for the parent field. However, this is not a requirement for complex dependent choice lists.

Parameters

Takes four parameters:

- The name of the schema view used for the current field.
- The name of the schema relation between this field and the parent field.
- The name of the parent field.
- The internal value for the parent field. This may be different than the value displayed on the page. This is often a unique number stored internally.

Example

```<$parentValue=getParentValue("xState", "Country_State", "xCountry", "123")$>```
**GETREQUIREDMSG**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Content Profiles (page -6)

**Description**
This function is used on presentation pages to populate the Java script with the desired error message. The error message is set from the content rule user interface for a field that is designated as required. It returns a required message based on the following algorithm:

1. The function looks for the `fieldname:requiredMsg`.
2. If the value exists, it is localized.
3. If the value is undefined or the message is empty, the function returns the default message and does not localize it. To localize the message, the caller of the function must use the `lc` function on the default message before passing it to this function (`getRequiredMsg`).

**Parameters**
This function takes two parameters:
- Fieldname: Field associated with the error message.
- Message: Default message to be used.

**See Also**
lc (page -464)
GETTEXTFILE

Type and Usage

- [Global Functions](page -20)
- [Idoc Script](page -23)

Description

Gets the web version of a text file and returns its contents to a string.

- This can be used only with files that have a format containing text, such as text/html, text/plain, or text/xml.
- There must be enough information to determine the content item’s web URL. The following information must be present:
  - dDocName, dWebExtension, dSecurityGroup, dRevLabel, and dDocType.
  - If Accounts are enabled, dDocAccount must also be specified.
  - This information is available automatically after a GET_SEARCH_RESULTS call or after a DOC_INFO call.
- This function should be wrapped with a cacheInclude call for greater performance. That can, however, create a security issue if all docs go to the same cache.

Parameters

This function does not take parameters but uses variables on the page to determine the document’s URL.

Example

```<$loop SearchResults$>
    <$fullDocument=getTextFile()>$
    <$h2><$dDocTitle$></h2>
    <$div><$fullDocument$></div>
<$endloop$>```

See Also

- [cacheInclude](page -57)
GETTOTALMEMORY

Type and Usage
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Debugging (page -16)

Description
This function returns the amount of total memory in the Java Virtual Machine (JVM). This is a performance auditing function used on the System Audit Information page to determine how much memory the server is using.

Parameters
None.

See Also
- getFreeMemory (page -260)
**GETUSERVALUE**

**Type and Usage**
- [Global Functions](#) (page -20)
- [Idoc Script](#) (page -23)
- [Users](#) (page -37)

**Description**
Retrieves the value of a user metadata field for the current user.

- The parameter must refer to a column in the Users database table. Unlike the user personalization functions that have no support for global reference, information assigned to the user in the Users table can be available to the content server.

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is a user-related variable.

**Output**
- Returns the value of the metadata field for the current user.
- Evaluates to TRUE if the user value was retrieved.
- Evaluates to FALSE if an error in retrieval occurred.
- Returns a [StatusCode](#) of -1 if the value is unspecified or unknown.

**Example**
Returns the User Type of the currently logged on user:

```
<$getUserValue('dUserType')$>
```
**GETVALUE**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Idoc Script (page -23)
- ResultSets (page -28)

**Description**
This function has multiple uses:
- Retrieves the value of a particular metadata field from local, active, or environment data.
- Retrieves the value of a particular column from a specific ResultSet.
- Retrieves information about ResultSet rows.

**Parameters**
Takes two parameters:
- The first parameter is either the type of data or the name of a ResultSet.
- The second parameter is the name of a metadata field, the column name, or a ResultSet row parameter.

**Variations**
You can also use a shorthand format that returns results identical to the `getValue(arg1,arg2)` function. The format uses the form `<$arg1.arg2$>`, where `arg1` and `arg2` are the literal string arguments "arg1" and "arg2" to the `getValue` function.

**Note:** Data types (local, active, and env) and ResultSet parameters must start with the # symbol.
The following parameter combinations can be used:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>getValue and Shorthand Formats</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>getValue(&quot;#local&quot;,fieldName)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;$#local.fieldName$&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retrieves the value of the specified metadata field from the local data.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getValue(&quot;#active&quot;,fieldName)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;$#active.fieldName$&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Attempts to retrieve the value of the specified metadata field from the data in the following order:  
  1. Local data  
  2. Active ResultSets  
  3. All other ResultSets  
  4. Environment settings |
| getValue("#env",fieldName)    |
|  <$#env.fieldName$>           |
| Retrieves the value of the specified metadata field from the environment settings. |
| getValue(ResultSetName,fieldName) |
|  <$ResultSetName.fieldName$> |
| Retrieves the value of the specified metadata field from the current row of the specified ResultSet. |
| getValue(ResultSetName,columnName) |
|  <$ResultSetName.columnName$> |
| Retrieves the value of the specified column from the current row of the specified ResultSet. |
| getValue(columnName)          |
|  <$columnName$>               |
| Retrieves the value of the specified column from the current row of the current ResultSet. |
| getValue(ResultSetName,"#row") |
|  <$ResultSetName.#row$>      |
| Retrieves the number of the current row in the specified ResultSet.  
  The first row is 0. |
| getValue(ResultSetName,"#numRows") |
|  <$ResultSetName.#numRows$>  |
| Retrieves the total number of rows in the specified ResultSet. |
| getValue(ResultSetName,"#isRowPresent") |
|  <$ResultSetName.#isRowPresent$> |
| Checks if at least one row is present in the specified ResultSet.  
  This is useful when looping manually with rsNext (page -674). |
### getValue and Shorthand Formats

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>getValue(ResultSetName,&quot;#isEmpty&quot;)</th>
<th>Checks if the specified ResultSet does not contain any rows.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&lt;$ResultSetName.#isEmpty$&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Output

- See [Variations](#) for output values.
- Returns an empty string if a value is not found.

### Example

- Gets the Content ID from the ResultSet named `DOC_INFO`:
  
  ```
  <$name = getValue("DOC_INFO","dDocName")$>
  
  or
  
  <$name = <$DOC_INFO.dDocName$>
  
  - Checks to see if the passed parameter `dDocType` (which is in the local data) is the same as the value in the active ResultSet:
    
    ```
    <$loop DocTypes$>
    <$if strEquals(#active.dDocType, getValue("#local","dDocType"))$>
    <!--do special HTML for selected document type-->
    <$endif$>
    <!-- additional statement-->
    <$endloop$>
    ```

### See Also

- [Special Keywords](#) (page -16)
**getValueForSpecifiedUser**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Users (page -37)
- Workflow (page -40)

**Description**
Retrieves the value of a user attribute for a specific user.
- This function can be useful for defining extended workflow functionality.

**Parameters**
Takes two parameters:
- The first parameter is the user name.
- The second parameter is the name of a column in the Users database table that specifies a user attribute (such as dFullName, dUserType, or dEmail).

**Output**
- Returns the value of the user attribute for the specified user.
- Returns an empty string if the value is not found.

**Example**
Retrieves the full name for mjones.
<$getValueForSpecifiedUser('mjones', 'dFullName')$>
GETVIEWVALUE

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Schema (page -30)

Description

Returns the display value for an item in a Schema option list.

For example, assume an option list exists for a custom metadata field named Customer. In the database there is a schema table with the CustomerName and a unique CustomerID. On checkin the CustomerName is visible to the user but the CustomerID is what is stored in the database. The getFieldViewDisplayValue function extracts the human-readable CustomerName based on the CustomerID.

Parameters

Takes three parameters:

- The name of the schema view used for the current field.
- The value stored in the database for the ID.
- The column name associated with the view.

Output

Returns the display value.

Example

<$custName = getViewValue("Customer_View", "1234", "CustomerName")$>
<$custRegion = getViewValue("Customer_View", "1234", "CustomerRegion")$>

See Also

- getFieldViewDisplayValue (page -258)
GETVIEWVALUERESULTSET

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Schema (page -30)

Description

This function loads a schema table and places it on the page as a ResultSet named SchemaData. The column names in the ResultSet are the same as the names in the database table.

This function is most useful to obtain a list of dependent choices based on a parent value.

Parameters

Takes three parameters:

- The name of the schema view used.
- The relation for the schema and the view.
- The value for the schema parent.

Example

Assume you have a schema table and view for a list of countries. The view is named Country_view.

To output the contents of that table to the page, use the following code.

```<$getViewValuesResultSet("Country_View", ",", ",")$>
<$loop SchemaData$>
<$count = 0, num = rsNumFields("SchemaData")$>
  <$loopwhile count < num$>
    <$fieldName=rsFieldByIndex("SchemaData", count)$>
    <$fieldName$> = <$getValue("SchemaData", fieldName)$>
    <$count = count + 1$>
  <$endloop$>
<$endloop$>

This will output the table even if you do not know the column name.
In the following example, assume you have a DCL for the fields Country and State. The list of States depends on which Country is selected. To obtain the list of States when the Country is USA, use this code:

<$getViewValuesResultSet("State_View", "Country_State", "USA")$>
HASAPPRIGHTS

Type and Usage
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Internal Security (page -33)

Description
Checks if the current user has rights to an administrative application.

Parameters
Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is one of the following administrative applications:
  - UserAdmin
  - WebLayout
  - RepoMan
  - Workflow
  - ConfigMan
  - Archiver

Output
- Returns TRUE if the user has rights to the specified application.
- Returns FALSE if the user does not have rights to the specified application.
- Returns a StatusCode (page -747) of -1 if the value is unspecified or unknown.

Example
Evaluates whether the current user has rights to the specified application.
<$hasAppRights('RepoMan')$>
**HASEXTERNALUSERS**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)
- External Security (page -34)

**Description**
Indicates to the content server that an external user database is present.

- When set to TRUE, the content server recognizes external users. If a custom component has been written to support an external user integration (such as LDAP), this should be set to TRUE.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
As a configuration setting:

```
HasExternalUsers=true
```

As script, returns the value of the configuration setting:

```
<HasExternalUsers>
```

**See Also**
- NtlmSecurityEnabled (page -544)
HASGLOBALUSERS

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)
- External Security (page -34)

Description
Specifies that the content server has users in a global database from another content server.
- Set this variable when multiple master content servers have a shared user base from a system other than NTLM, LDAP, or Active Directory.
- For a master content server, default is FALSE.
- For a proxied content server, default is TRUE.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
HasGlobalUsers=true
HASLOCALCOPY

Type and Usage

- **Setable Variables** (page -32)
- **Content Items** (page -4)
- **Clients** (page -3)

Description

Checks whether the client machine has a copy of the requested content item in the download target directory.

- Generally used to query the user whether to overwrite when downloading. For example, this variable is used by the Oracle ODMA Client.

Output

- Returns TRUE if a local copy is detected.
- Returns FALSE if a local copy is not detected.

Example

Checks for a local copy of the content item:

<$HasLocalCopy$>

See Also

- **ClientControlled** (page -71)
- **IsNotLatestRev** (page -417)
HASOPTIONLIST

Type and Usage

- Other Field Display Variables (page -28)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Specifies that the metadata field has an option list.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the field has an option list.
- Returns FALSE if the field does not have an option list.

Example

Specifies that the field has an option list:

\$hasOptionList=1\$

Generates the option list values if the field has an option list:

\$if hasOptionList\$
  \$if isQuery\$
    \$include std_option_list_entry\$
  \$endif\$
\$endif\$

See Also

- fieldIsOptionList (page -216)
HASORIGINAL

Type and Usage
❖ Value Variables (page -33)
❖ Content Items (page -4)

Description
Checks whether an original file exists for a revision.
❖ This variable checks for a dOriginalName value.
❖ It is possible for a content item to be checked in but to not have an original file (for example, when a Basic workflow has been started but files have not been checked in at the initial contribution step).

Output
❖ Returns TRUE if an original file exists.
❖ Returns FALSE if no original file exists.

Example
Checks for an original file:
<$if HasOriginal and not isNew$>
HASPREDEFINEDACCOUNTS

Type and Usage
- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Internal Security (page -33)
- Users (page -37)

Description
Checks whether the current user has permission to any predefined accounts.
- Predefined accounts are those that are created in the User Admin utility.

Output
- Returns TRUE if the user is assigned to any predefined accounts.
- Returns FALSE if the user is not assigned to any predefined accounts.

Example
Displays the Accounts option list if the user is assigned to any predefined accounts:
<$if HasPredefinedAccounts$>
    <$fieldIsOptionList = 1, optionListName = "docAccounts",
    fieldOptionListType = "combo"$
<$endif$>
HASSITESTUDIO

Type and Usage

- Link Manager Configuration Variables (page -18)
- Searching (page -31)

Description

Used with the Link Manager functionality.

This variable is used to enable Site Studio-specific link patterns for parsing friendly URLs for the pattern engine. If set to TRUE, this variable enables the Site Studio-specific link patterns.

The default value is FALSE, disabling the Site Studio-specific link patterns.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

HasSiteStudio=TRUE

See Also

- Managing Repository Content Guide for details about Link Manager use.
HASURL

Type and Usage
- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Content Items (page -4)

Description
Checks whether a file exists in the weblayout directory for the current content item.

Output
- Returns TRUE if a weblayout file exists.
- Returns FALSE if no weblayout file exists.

Example
Checks for a web layout file:

```$if HasUrl$
  <$include doc_url_field$
<$endif$>
```
HEAVYCLIENT

Type and Usage

- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Clients (page -3)

Description

Checks if the checkin is through the Stellent ODMA client or Upload applet.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the ODMA client or Upload applet is being used for checkin.
- Returns FALSE if the ODMA client and Upload applet are not being used for checkin.

Example

Checks for check in method:

<$HeavyClient$>
HELPDIR

Type and Usage
✓ Configuration Variables (page -3)
✓ Directories and Paths (page -18)

Description
Defines the path to the directory that contains the online help files.
✓ This path can be set separately for the content server and the Inbound Refinery.
✓ Returns the path as a string.
✓ Default for the content server is $<install_dir>/weblayout/help$.
✓ Default for the Inbound Refinery is $<SharedDir>/help$.

Location
✓ Content server: $<install_dir>/config/config.cfg$
✓ Inbound Refinery: $<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg$

Example
Used as a configuration entry for Content Server:
HelpDir=c:/stellent/weblayout/help/

Used as a configuration entry for Inbound Refinery:
HelpDir=c:/stellent/IdcRefinery/shared/help/
**HIDEVITALREVIEW**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Record Manager and Retention Manager](#) (page -28)

**Description**
If set to TRUE, hides Subject to Review related fields on Retention Manager and Records Manager search and checkin pages. If set to FALSE, fields are revealed. The default is TRUE.

**Location**

<install_dir>/custom/RecordsManagement/records_management_environments.cfg
<install_dir>/custom/RetentionManager/retentionmanager_environments.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

HideVitalReview=false
**HighlightBegin**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Dynamic Converter (page -14)

**Description**
Sets the opening HTML tag of the text highlighting style for files converted by Dynamic Converter.
- Default is `<strong>`.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
HighlightBegin=<b><font color=blue>

**See Also**
- HighlightEnd (page -288)
**HIGHLIGHTEND**

**Type and Usage**

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Dynamic Converter (page -14)

**Description**

Sets the closing HTML tag of the text highlighting style for files converted by Dynamic Converter.

- Default is `<strong>`.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

```
HighlightEnd=`</font></b>
```

**See Also**

- HighlightBegin (page -287)
**HTMLDataInputFilterLevel**

### Type and Usage

- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [Security](page -32)

### Description

A configuration entry used in conjunction with `encodeHtml` (page -191). This entry applies a level of encoding to filter all input to the Content Server for bad HTML constructions.

All input data received by the Content Server when using the `unsafe` value for the `encodeHtml` rule parameter applies only to well-known unsafe script tags. This functionality can be altered by using the `HtmlDataInputFilterLevel` configuration variable to change the filtering that is done.

### Parameters

This entry takes one parameter, the filter level. Accepted values are:

- none: no filtering is performed.
- unsafe: protects against bad HTML constructions.
- exceptsafe: allows only well-known safe constructions through the filter.

### Location

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

### See Also

- `encodeHtml` (page -191)
- *Managing Security and User Access Guide*
**HTMLEDITORYPATH**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Directories and Paths](#) (page -18)

**Description**
Defines the path for the executable that is used to edit component files from within the Component Wizard.

- This path is defined in the Component Wizard.
- You should specify a text editor (such as WordPad) rather than a graphical HTML editor (such as FrontPage). Graphical editors can insert or change HTML tags and may cause Idoc Script tags to be converted into a string of characters that will not be recognized by the content server.
- There is no default value.

**Location**
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`
- `<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

HTMLEDitorPath=C:/Program Files/Windows NT/Accessories/wordpad.exe
**HTMLREFRESHTIMEOUT**

**Type and Usage**
- Value Variables (page -33)
- Page Display (page -26)

**Description**
Similar to DefaultHtmlRefreshTimeoutInSeconds. Defines the time, in seconds, that a Work In Progress page, My Checked-Out Content page or My Workflow Assignments page refreshes.

htmlRefreshTimeout can be set in the URL or the service’s databinder. This can be used to set a different refresh time for different pages. If that is needed, do not set DefaultHtmlRefreshTimeoutInSeconds in the config.cfg file, but instead set htmlRefreshTimeout in the URL or databinder.

**Example**
In the page’s URL:
&htmlRefreshTimeout=90

**See Also**
- DefaultHtmlRefreshTimeoutInSeconds (page -131)
- htmlRefreshUrl (page -292)
**HTMLREFRESHURL**

**Type and Usage**

- Value Variables (page -33)
- Page Display (page -26)

**Description**

Used to set the URL of the page to load after a Work In Progress page, My Checked-Out Content page or My Workflow Assignments page is refreshed. The default is the current page. This variable can be set in the URL of the page or the databinder of the service.

**Example**

In the page’s URL:

```
&amp;htmlRefreshUrl=http://www.home.com
```

**See Also**

- DefaultHtmlRefreshTimeoutInSeconds (page -131)
- htmlRefreshTimeout (page -291)
HTTP_ACCEPT

Type and Usage

- Web Server Variables (page -34)
- Web Server (page -38)

Description

Retrieves a list of content types that the browser can accept.

Output

Returns a list of content types as a comma-separated string.

Example

As information output on a page or to a log:

HTTP_ACCEPT=text/xml,application/xml,application/xhtml+xml,text/html;q=0.9,text/plain;q=0.8,video/x-mng,image/png,image/jpeg,image/gif;q=0.2,text/css,*/*;q=0.1

As part of an Idoc Script statement or evaluation:

<![if HTTP_ACCEPT$>]
<![!--statement-->]
HTTP_ACCEPT_ENCODING

Type and Usage

- [Web Server Variables](#) (page -34)
- [Web Server](#) (page -38)

Description

Retrieves a list of compression encodings that the browser supports.

- As of version 7.0, HTML files are compressed for delivery. GZIP compression is the default.

Output

Returns a list of compression encodings as a comma-separated string.

Example

As information output on a page or to a log:

```
HTTP_ACCEPT_ENCODING=gzip, deflate, compress;q=0.9
```

As part of an Idoc Script statement or evaluation:

```
<$if HTTP_ACCEPT_ENCODINGS$>
<!--statement-->
HTTP_ACCEPT_LANGUAGE

Type and Usage
- Web Server Variables (page -34)
- Web Server (page -38)

Description
Retrieves a list of ISO languages that are set for the browser.
- This variable might be useful for estimating which user locale to set for new or guest users.

Output
Returns a list of languages as a comma-separated string.

Example
As information output on a page or to a log:
HTTP_ACCEPT_LANGUAGE=en-us,en;q=0.50

As part of an Idoc Script statement or evaluation:
<$if HTTP_ACCEPT_LANGUAGE$>
<!--statement-->
HTTP_COOKIE

Type and Usage
- [Web Server Variables](#) (page -34)
- [Web Server](#) (page -38)

Description
Retrieves the name/value pair of the cookie in the HTTP request header.

Output
Returns a string in the format `name1=string1; name2=string2`.

Example
As information output on a page or to a log:

```
HTTP_COOKIE=IntradocAuth=Basic; IntrdocLoginState=1
```

As part of an Idoc Script statement or evaluation:
```
<$if HTTP_COOKIE$>
<!--statement-->  
```
HTTP_HOST

Type and Usage

- Web Server Variables (page -34)
- Web Server (page -38)

Description

Retrieves the name of the web server.

Output

Returns the web server name as a string.

Example

As information output on a page or to a log:

HTTP_HOST=centralserver

As part of an Idoc Script statement or evaluation:

<$if HTTP_HOST$>
<!--statement-->
HTTP_INTERNETUSER

**Type and Usage**
- [Web Server Variables](#) (page -34)
- [Web Server](#) (page -38)

**Description**
Retrieves the CGI parameter that the web server security filter passes to the content server so that the content server can set the user.

- If this variable is not set, the value of the REMOTE_USER variable is used.
- If HTTP_INTERNETUSER and REMOTE_USER are not set, the user is anonymous.

**Output**
Returns the user name as a string.

**Example**
As information output on a page or to a log:
HTTP_INTERNETUSER=admin

As part of an Idoc Script statement or evaluation:
$$if
HTTP_INTERNETUSER$$
$$end-if$$
HTTP_REFERER

Type and Usage

- [Web Server Variables](#) (page -34)
- [Web Server](#) (page -38)

Description

Retrieves the complete URL of the referenced directory on the local server.

Output

Returns the complete URL as a string.

Example

As information output on a page or to a log:

HTTP_REFERER=http://centralserver/stellent/

As part of an Idoc Script statement or evaluation:

```<$if HTTP_REFERER$>
<!--statement-->```
HTTP_USER_AGENT

Type and Usage
- Web Server Variables (page -34)
- Web Server (page -38)

Description
Retrieves the client browser type, version number, library, and platform the browser is configured for.

Output
Returns a string in the format software/version (library) (platform).

Example
As information output on a page or to a log:
HTTP_USER_AGENT=Mozilla/4.7 [en] (WinNT; U)

As part of an Idoc Script statement or evaluation:
<$if HTTP_USER_AGENT$>
<!--statement-->
HTTPABSOLUTECGIPATH

Type and Usage

- Value Variables (page -33)
- Content Server (page -6)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)

Description

Retrieves the content server CGI path as a complete URL.

- This variable cannot be modified directly; to change the path, use the HttpAbsoluteCgiRoot (page -302) configuration setting.

Output

Returns the content server CGI path as a string.

Example

Returned for a master content server (stellent):
HttpAbsoluteCgiPath=http://localhost/stellent/idcplg/

Returned for a proxied content server (stellent_2):
HttpAbsoluteCgiPath=http://localhost/stellent/idcplg/stellent_2/pxs

See Also

- HttpCgiPath (page -306)
- HttpAbsoluteCgiRoot (page -302)
- HttpBrowserFullCgiPath (page -305)
HTTPABSOLUTECGIROOT

Type and Usage

- Value Variables (page -33)
- Content Server (page -6)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)

Description

Defines the content server CGI path as a complete URL.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

For a master content server:

HttpAbsoluteCgiRoot=http://my_computer/idcplg/idc_cgi_isapi-
<instance>.dll

For a proxied content server (stellent_2):

HttpAbsoluteCgiRoot=http://my_computer/idcplg/idc_cgi_isapi-
<instance>.dll/stellent_2/pxs

See Also

- HttpAbsoluteCgiPath (page -301)
HttpAbsoluteWebRoot

Type and Usage

- Value Variables (page -33)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)
- Web Server (page -38)

Description

Defines the web server root directory as a complete URL.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

For a master content server:
HttpAbsoluteWebRoot=http://my_computer/stellent/

For a proxied content server (stellent_2):
HttpAbsoluteWebRoot=http://my_computer/stellent_2/

See Also

- HttpRelativeWebRoot (page -315)
**HTTPADMINCGIAllocator**

**Type and Usage**
- **Value Variables** (page -33)
- **Content Server** (page -6)
- **Directories and Paths** (page -18)

**Description**
Retrieves the Admin Server CGI path as a relative URL.

**Output**
Returns the Admin Server CGI path as a string.

**Example**
Returned for a master or proxied content server:

HttpAdminCgiPath=/idcplg/idc_cgi_isapi-<instance>.dll/cs-admin/pxs
HTTPBROWSERFULLCGIPATH

Type and Usage

- Value Variables (page -33)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)
- Clients (page -3)

Description

This variable is used to set explicit control over the CGI path construction made for applets and the Admin Server.

- The Content Server evaluates the HTTP address in the address bar of the browser. If the HttpIgnoreWebServerInternalPortNumber configuration entry is not sufficient to assist the evaluation, HttpBrowserFullCgiPath can be set with an explicit answer.

- Specify a relative path to the content server (idc1 in the example below).

Example

HttpBrowserFullCgiPath=http://localhost/idc1/idcplg

See Also

- HttpIgnoreWebServerInternalPortNumber (page -310)
**HTTPCGIPATH**

**Type and Usage**
- Value Variables (page -33)
- Content Server (page -6)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)

**Description**
Retrieves the content server CGI path.
- The following configuration settings are used to determine the value of this variable:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variable</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UseSSL (page -865)</td>
<td>When set to TRUE, the secure sockets layer (SSL) is used (https instead of http).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isAbsoluteCgi</td>
<td>Defines whether the complete URL is used instead of a relative path. This is an internal flag set by the content server and is not intended for user configuration.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Output**
Returns the content server CGI path as a string.

**Example**
Returned for a master content server:
```
HttpCgiPath=/stellent/idcplg
```

Returned for a proxied content server (stellent_2):
```
HttpCgiPath=/stellent/idcplg/stellent_2/pxs
```

**See Also**
- HttpAbsoluteCgiPath (page -301)
- HttpEnterpriseCgiPath (page -308)
- UseSSL (page -865)
HTTPCOMMONROOT

Type and Usage

- **Value Variables** (page -33)
- **Content Server** (page -6)
- **Directories and Paths** (page -18)

Description

Retrieves the URL of the *common* directory.

- Multiple content servers can share resources from one content server installation. This variable defines the URL path to the `<install_dir>/common/` directory of the content server whose resources are being shared. For example, the *HttpCommonRoot* defines the prefix to use for accessing the shared common directory where web applets are located.

Output

Returns the relative URL as a string. If the URL is external, the complete URL is returned rather than the relative path.

Example

Returned for a master or proxied content server:

```
HttpCommonRoot=/stellent/common/
```

See Also

- *HttpHelpRoot* (page -309)
- *HttpImagesRoot* (page -311)
- *HttpSharedRoot* (page -317)
- *HttpWebRoot* (page -319)
HTTP ENTERPRISE CGI PATH

Type and Usage

- Value Variables (page -33)
- Content Server (page -6)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)

Description

Retrieves the CGI path of a master content server as a relative URL.

- When multiple content servers share the same web login, one of them is designated as the master or enterprise server.

Output

Returns the master content server CGI path as a string.

Example

Returned for a master or proxied content server:

HttpEnterpriseCgiPath=/idcplg/idc_cgi_isapi-<instance>.dll

See Also

- HttpCgiPath (page -306)
**HTTPHELPROOT**

**Type and Usage**
- [Value Variables](#)
- [Content Server](#)
- [Directories and Paths](#)

**Description**
Retrieves the URL of the help directory.

- Multiple content servers can share online help files from one content server installation. This variable defines the URL path to the `<install_dir>/weblayout/help` directory of the content server whose help files are being shared.

**Output**
Returns the relative URL as a string. If the URL is external, the complete URL is returned rather than the relative path.

**Example**
Returned for a master or proxied content server:

```
HttpHelpRoot=/stellent/help/
```

**See Also**
- [HttpCommonRoot](#)
- [HttpImagesRoot](#)
- [HttpSharedRoot](#)
- [HttpWebRoot](#)
**HTTP_IGNORE_WEB_SERVER_INTERNAL_PORT_NUMBER**

**Type and Usage**
- Dynamic Variables (page -20)
- Web Server (page -38)

**Description**
When set to TRUE, causes the HTTP address computed for the Admin Server and applets to **not** use the server port value provided by the web server.

- This prevents a load balancing configuration problem in which the load balancing server is using a different port number than the internal web server actually delivering the response to the request.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

HttpIgnoreWebServerInternalPortNumber=true

**See Also**
- HttpBrowserFullCgiPath (page -305)
HTTPIMAGESROOT

Type and Usage

- Value Variables (page -33)
- Content Server (page -6)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)

Description

Retrieves the URL of the images directory.

- Multiple content servers can share user interface images from one content server installation. This variable defines the URL path to the \(<install_dir>/weblayout/images\) directory of the content server whose image files are being shared.

Output

Returns the relative URL as a string. If the URL is external, the complete URL is returned rather than the relative path.

Example

Returned for a master or proxied content server:

HttpImagesRoot=/stellent/images/

See Also

- HttpCommonRoot (page -307)
- HttpHelpRoot (page -309)
- HttpSharedRoot (page -317)
- HttpWebRoot (page -319)
HTTP_LAYOUT_ROOT

Type and Usage

- Value Variables (page -33)
- Content Server (page -6)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)

Description

Retrieves the URL of the folder containing the current layout files. This is useful if you have additional JavaScript resources specific to the current layout.
HTTPRELATIVEADMINROOT

Type and Usage

- Value Variables (page -33)
- Content Server (page -6)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)

Description

Retrieves the relative URL of the Admin Server.
- Defaults to /cs-admin/ during installation.

Output

Returns the relative URL as a string.

Example

Returned for a master or proxied content server:
HttpRelativeAdminRoot=/cs-admin/
**HTTPRELATIVECGIROOT**

**Type and Usage**
- [Value Variables](#) (page -33)
- [Content Server](#) (page -6)
- [Directories and Paths](#) (page -18)

**Description**
Defines the content server CGI path as a relative URL.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
For a master content server:
HttpRelativeCgiRoot=/idcplg/idc_cgi_isapi-<instance>.dll

For a proxied content server (stellent_2):
HttpRelativeCgiRoot=/idcplg/idc_cgi_isapi-<instance>.dll/stellent_2/pxs

**See Also**
- [HttpAbsoluteCgiRoot](#) (page -302)
HTTPRELATIVEWEBROOT

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)
- Web Server (page -38)

Description

Defines the web server root directory as a relative URL.

- A relative root such as /stellent/ is used rather than a full root such as http://www.mycomputer.com/stellent/.
- Returns the relative web root directory as a string.
- There is no default value.

Location

- System Properties—Internet tab—Http Relative Web Root
- Content server: <install_dir>/config/config.cfg
- Admin Server: <install_dir>/admin/config/config.cfg

Example

As a configuration setting, defines the relative web root:

HttpRelativeWebRoot=/stellent/

As script, returns the relative web root as a string:

<$HttpRelativeWebRoot$>

See Also

- HttpAbsoluteWebRoot (page -303)
**HTTPSERVERADDRESS**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Directories and Paths](#) (page -18)
- [Web Server](#) (page -38)

**Description**
Defines the web server address as a partial URL.
- A partial URL such as `mycomputer` is used rather than a full address such as `http://www.mycomputer.com/`.
- Returns the web server address as a string.
- There is no default value.

**Location**
- System Properties—Internet tab—HTTP Server Address
- Content server: `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`
- Admin Server: `<install_dir>/admin/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
As a configuration setting, defines the web server address:

```
HttpServerAddress=mycomputer
```

As script, returns the web server address as a string:

```
<$HttpServerAddress$>
```

**See Also**
- [IdcAdminServerHostName](#) (page -321)
- [IdcCommandServerHost](#) (page -327)
- [IntradocServerHostName](#) (page -362)
HTTPSHAREDROOT

Type and Usage

- Value Variables (page -33)
- Content Server (page -6)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)

Description

Retrieves the URL path of the shared directory.

- Multiple content servers can share resources from one content server installation. This variable defines the URL path to the \(<install\_dir>/shared/\) directory of the content server whose resource files are being shared.

Output

Returns the relative URL as a string. If the URL is external, the complete URL is returned rather than the relative path.

Example

Returned for a master or proxied content server:

\texttt{HttpSharedRoot=\textbackslash stellent/}

See Also

- \texttt{HttpCommonRoot (page -307)}
- \texttt{HttpHelpRoot (page -309)}
- \texttt{HttpImagesRoot (page -311)}
- \texttt{HttpWebRoot (page -319)}
- \texttt{SharedDir (page -731)}
HTTPSYSTEMHELPROOT

Type and Usage

- Value Variables (page -33)
- Content Server (page -6)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)

Description

Similar to the HttpHelpRoot variable except this variable returns the path to the help files for the default system language.

Output

Returns the path to the help files.

Example

HttpSystemHelpRoot=/stellent/help/

See Also

- HttpCommonRoot (page -307)
- HttpHelpRoot (page -309)
- HttpImagesRoot (page -311)
- HttpWebRoot (page -319)
HTTPWEBROOT

Type and Usage

- Value Variables (page -33)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)

Description

Retrieves the URL path of the weblayout directory.

- Multiple content servers can share resources from one content server installation. This variable defines the URL path to the `<install_dir>/weblayout/` directory of the content server whose resource files are being shared.
- The following configuration settings determine the value of this variable:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variable</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UseSSL (page -865)</td>
<td>When set to TRUE, the secure sockets layer (SSL) is used (https instead of http).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isAbsoluteWeb</td>
<td>Defines whether the complete URL is used instead of a relative path. This is an internal flag set by the content server and is not intended for user configuration.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Output

Returns the relative URL as a string. If the URL is external, the complete URL is returned rather than the relative path.

Example

Returned for a master or proxied content server:

```
HttpWebRoot=/stellent/
```

See Also

- UseSSL (page -865)
- HttpCommonRoot (page -307)
- HttpHelpRoot (page -309)
- HttpImagesRoot (page -311)
- HttpSharedRoot (page -317)
IDC_NAME

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Defines the unique name of the content server instance.

Caution: Using duplicate IDC_Names will cause data corruption. The Archiver cannot be used to move or copy data between two instances that share the same IDC_Name. To do so will corrupt the data on the target system. Give each of your content server instances a unique IDC_Name.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

IDC_Name=StellentMSP

See Also

- InstanceDescription (page -358)
- InstanceMenuLabel (page -359)
**IDCADMINSERVERHOSTNAME**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

**Description**
Defines the host name that the Admin Server uses. This is usually similar to HttpServerAddress (page -316) in small-enterprise deployments.

**Location**

<install_dir>/admin/config/config.cfg

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

IdcAdminServerHostName=stellent.company.com

**See Also**
- HttpServerAddress (page -316)
IDCADMINSERVERPORT

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Defines the port that the Admin Server uses.

- Default is 4440.

Location

<install_dir>/admin/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

IdcAdminServerPort=5550
**IDC AnalyzeLogDir**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Debugging](#) (page -16)
- [Directories and Paths](#) (page -18)

**Description**
Specifies the location where the Content Server Analyzer utility writes output files and transfers extra files detected during the file system analysis process.
- You can specify a partial or complete directory path.
  - If a partial directory path (such as *analyzer_logs*) is specified, this subdirectory will be created in the `<install_dir>/bin` directory.
  - If a complete directory path (such as `c:/analyzer_logs`) is specified, this will be the log directory.
- The log file name is specified by the [LogName](#) (page -499) setting.
- Default is `<install_dir>/bin/logs/`.

**Location**
`<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
As a configuration setting:
```
IdcAnalyzeLogDir=f:/stellent/analyzer_logs/
```

**See Also**
- [LogName](#) (page -499)
- [SafeDir](#) (page -686)
- [TempDir](#) (page -787)
**IDC/AuthExtraRequestParams**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Web Server (page -38)

**Description**
Specifies values for the web server plug-in to get from its local data and send in the header of its requests.

- For example, if you have a plug-in to the web server filter getting some attributes for a user and placing them into a local value, you could specify the name of the attributes in `IdcAuthExtraRequestParams`, and the data would be passed to the content server.

- This setting can also be used to access extra HTTP header values using Idoc Script. These variables will become part of the Data Binder “environment” variable set.
  - The names in the `IdcAuthExtraRequestParams` list must match the header names without regard for case (case insensitive match).
  - When used as Idoc Script variables, the names in the `IdcAuthExtraRequestParams` must match exactly (case sensitive match).

- There is no default value.

**Location**

```
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg
```

**Example**
The following setting tells the IIS web server plug-in to send the local value of `HTTP_REFERER` in the header (IIS automatically adds the `HTTP_` prefix):

```
IdcAuthExtraRequestParams=referer
```
**IDCCommandFile**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

**Description**
Specifies a file containing commands to execute using IdcCommand.
- See the *IdcCommand—Java Command Utility Reference Guide* for more information.
- There is no default setting.

**Location**

<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

IdcCommandFile=c:/idc/add_user.txt
**IDCCOMMANDLOG**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Content Server](#) (page -6)

**Description**
Specifies the path to the log file for IdcCommand execution.
- The log file contains the time the command was executed and the success or failure status of the command.
- See the *IdcCommand—Java Command Utility Reference Guide* for more information.
- There is no default setting.

**Location**

<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

IdcCommandLog=c:/idc/idccommand.log
IDCCOMMANDSERVERHOST

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Specifies the web server address of the content server that IdcCommand is connecting to.

- Default is the HttpServerAddress (page -316) of the content server that IdcCommand is connecting to.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

IdcCommandServerHost=instance_name.company.com

See Also

- HttpServerAddress (page -316)
**IDCCOMMANDUSER**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

**Description**
Specifies the user that is permitted to execute commands using IdcCommand.
- There is no default setting.

**Location**

<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

IdcCommandUser=sysadmin
IDCHTTPHEADERVARIABLES

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Web Server (page -38)

Description

Defines data parameters to include in HTTP header responses.

- This is a comma-separated list.
- The format for encoding the name value pairs is the typical hda format after applying the content server HTTP header encoding.
- The values are UTF-8 encoded and special characters are %xx encoded.
- This setting is specifically designed for web server plug-ins that wish to audit the requests made by the client. The plug-ins can examine the HTTP headers in the content server responses, but not the body of the content. By pushing some of the parameters of the request into an HTTP header response, a plug-in can audit which documents were accessed and what actions were performed on them.
- The name of the HTTP header generated by the content server when sending a response to an HTTP-based client is IdcVariables.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg
Example

If `IdcHttpHeaderVariables=IdcService,dDocName`, then prior to the UTF-8 encoding being applied, the header value might be:

```plaintext
@Properties LocalData
IdcService=GET_DOC_PAGE
dDocName=TestDoc
blDateFormat=M/d{yy} h:mm[:ss]{ a}!mAM,P!m!tAmerica/New_York
blFieldTypes=
@end
```

The UTF-8 encoding would leave all the above characters alone, except that it would change every line feed character into the `%0A` characters. The `blDateFormat` is the system date format for the content server.
IDCLOCALE

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Localization (page -25)

Description
Sets the value that is placed in the HTTP cookie of the client to keep track of the current user’s locale.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

IdcLocale=Deutsch
**IDC_SERVER_BIND_ADDRESS**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Clustering (page -4)

**Description**
Used in clustered environments to bind the Content Server to a specific IP address.

**Location**
Set in the config.cfg file of the content server listening for requests:

\(<install_dir>/config/config.cfg\)

**Example**
Used as a configuration variable:

\(\text{IdcServerBindAddress}=\text{IPaddress}\)
**IDC_SERVER_SOCKET_QUEUE_DEPTH**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)
- Clustering (page -4)

**Description**
Specifies the depth of the TCP/IP socket queue.
- This setting can be used to tune content server performance, particularly in a clustered environment. Decreasing this value might limit content server throughput.
- Default is 200.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```bash
IdcServerSocketQueueDepth=256
```
**IMAGEALCHEMYEXEPATH**

**Type and Usage**
- **Configuration Variables** (page -3)
- **PDF Converter** (page -10)

**Description**
Sets the path for the Image Alchemy executable file, which is used by the Thumbnails program to create thumbnails of PDF files.
- Returns the path as a string.
- Default is `<SharedDir>/alchemy/ALCHLONG.EXE`.

**Location**

```
<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg
```

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

```
ImageAlchemyExePath=c:/Program Files/Alchemy/alchlong.exe
```

**See Also**
- **CreatePDFThumbnails** (page -104)
- **IsThumbnailPresent** (page -436)
INC

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Idoc Script (page -23)

Description

Adds the code from an include resource to the page.

- This function does the same thing as the include keyword, except that it can take an Idoc Script variable as the parameter. See Keywords vs. Functions (page -17) for more information.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is a variable that defines the name of an include.

Output

Displays the code that is defined in the specified include resource.

Example

Say you wanted to execute some Idoc Script for some, but not all, of your custom metadata fields. You could dynamically create includes based on the field names (such as specific_include_xComments) by executing this Idoc Script:

```idoc
<$loop DocMetaDefinition$>
    <$myInclude = "specific_include_" & dName$>
    <$exec inc(myInclude)$>
<$endloop$>
```

Note the use of the exec keyword, which suppresses the output of the include specified by the inc function. If you don’t use exec before the inc function, the HTML inside the specified include will be displayed on the page.

Note that if the specific_include_xComments does not exist, this code will not throw an error because the output is not being displayed.
See Also

- *Keywords vs. Functions* (page 17)
- *include* (page 339)
- *setResourceInclude* (page 728)
INCDYNAMICCONVERSIONBYRULE

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Dynamic Converter (page -14)

Description

Returns the results of converting the “LatestReleased” revision of a document using the template and layout associated with a particular Dynamic Converter conversion rule.

- Fragments created through forced conversions can be referenced directly using this function.

Parameters

Takes two parameters:

- The first parameter is the Content ID of a document.
- The second parameter is the name of a conversion rule.

Output

Retrieves the specified document converted according to the template and layout defined for the specified conversion rule.

Example

Retrieves the converted rendition of the content item with a Content ID of PhoneList, converted according to conversion rule RuleA:

<$incDynamicConversionByRule("PhoneList","RuleA")$>

See Also

- ForcedConversionRules (page -229)
**INCGLOBAL**

### Type and Usage
- [Global Functions](#) (page -20)
- [Idoc Script](#) (page -23)

### Description
Includes the entire contents of a text file in the display of the current page.

- This function is used to generate the default portal page.
- A global include file is a text file that contains HTML and/or Idoc Script code. It is loaded on server startup.
- Global include files must have a .inc extension, and must be located in the `<install_dir>/data/pages/` directory.

### Parameters
Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is the name of a global include file without the .inc file extension.

### Output
Displays the code that is defined in the specified global include file.

### Example
When you change the portal page using the Update Portal function in the Web Layout Editor, a global include file called `portal_message.inc` is created to contain your modified text. This file is then referenced in the `pne_home_page.htm` template file as follows:

```html
<${incGlobal("portal_message")}>
```
INCLUDE

Type and Usage

- Special Keywords (page -16)
- Idoc Script (page -23)

Description

Adds the code from an include resource (defined by `<@dynamichtml include_name@>`) to the page.

- This keyword is the most commonly used command in Idoc Script, as it allows you to reuse small chunks of code on multiple template pages.
- See Includes (page -3) for more information.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is the name of the include.

Output

Displays the code that is defined in the specified include resource.

Example

The following includes are used to create the beginning and end of most content server web pages. These includes are defined in the `<install_dir>/shared/config/resources/standard_page.htm` file:

```
$include std_html_head_declarations$
$include body_def$
$include std_page_begin$
    Hello World!
$include std_page_end$
```
See Also

- *Keywords vs. Functions* (page -17)
- *Includes* (page -3)
- *setResourceInclude* (page -728)
- *inc* (page -335)
**INCLUDEXMLFLEXIONDOCTYPE**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [XML Converter](#) (page -13)

**Description**
Creates a DOCTYPE tag referencing a Document Type Definition (DTD) in the XML output when using the FlexionDoc schema.
- This setting is valid only when [UseXmlSchema](#) (page -872) is set to TRUE.
- When set to TRUE, a DOCTYPE tag referencing the *flexiondoc.dtd* is included in the XML output.
- When set to FALSE, the DOCTYPE tag is not included in the XML output.
- Default is TRUE.

**Location**
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—XML Options tab—Include a DOCTYPE tag in FlexionDoc xml output
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
IncludeXmlFlexionDocType=true
```

**See Also**
- [UseXmlSchema](#) (page -872)
**INCTEMPLATE**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Idoc Script (page -23)

**Description**
Adds the contents of a content server template to a page, after evaluating any Idoc Script.
- You can use this function to include the content of an entire template. However, this usage is discouraged because resource includes are usually sufficiently flexible to support all requirements for the sharing of Idoc Script between pages.

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is the name of a content server template file without the .htm file extension.

**Output**
Displays the code that is defined in the specified template.

**Example**
Retrieves the new_look template file.

```$incTemplate("new_look")$```
INDEXABLERENDITIONS

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Indexing (page -24)

Description

A comma-separated list of single character codes for renditions to be indexed other than the primary, alternate, or webviewable renditions. Typically only one letter will be used because only one rendition will be indexable (such as the XML rendition).

This is used in conjunction with IsAllowIndexRenditions.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

See Also

- IsAllowIndexRenditions (page -365)
INDEXERAUTOWORKINTERVAL

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Indexing (page -24)

Description
Defines the interval in seconds at which the Indexer automatic update cycle checks for changes.
- Default is 300 (5 minutes).

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
IndexerAutoWorkInterval=600
**INDEXERLARGEFILeSIZE**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Indexing](#) (page -24)

**Description**
Determines the file size in megabytes at which the Indexer will place the file in its own bulkload (batch) file.
- Files larger than this setting are indexed in a separate bulkload. Files smaller than this setting will be indexed in a batch with other files.
- Default is 1 megabyte.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

IndexerLargeFileSize=2
INDEXERPATH

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Indexing (page -24)

Description
Defines the path to the Indexer program.

Location
pre-10.0 versions of Content Server: <install_dir>/config/config.cfg
10.0 versions and later: <install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
IndexerPath=c:/stellent/shared/search/vdk/_nti40/bin/mkvdk.exe

See Also
- IndexerStyleDir (page -350)
INDEXERREBUILDSTAGINGMANUALCOPY

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Indexing (page -24)

Description

Enables an index rebuild to create the collection in another location.

- This variable is typically used when rebuilding extremely large collections. When the rebuild is finished, the results can be merged back to the content server collection manually.
- When set to TRUE, the rebuilt index is created in the location set by the IndexerRebuildStagingPath (page -348) value.
- When set to FALSE, the rebuilt index is created in the next active index directory.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

IndexerRebuildStagingManualCopy=true

See Also

- IndexerRebuildStagingPath (page -348)
INDEXERREBUILDSSTAGINGPATH

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Indexing (page -24)

Description

Defines the path where an Indexer rebuild will be created.

- This variable is typically used when rebuilding extremely large collections. When the rebuild is finished, the results can be merged back to the content server collection manually.
- There is no default value.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

IndexerRebuildStagingPath=c:/buildX/

See Also

- IndexerRebuildStagingManualCopy (page -347)
INDEXER_SET_COLLECTION_VALUE

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Searching (page -31)

Description

Used with Verity Integration. Verity Integration is an add-on product available for purchase for use with Content Server.

This function modifies the logic of the Verity search indexer. It is only used in the verity_indexer_params_override include file. This function is designed to allow calculation of cumulative statistics about the index collection.

Parameters

Takes two parameters:

- The first parameter is the name of the flag used.
- The second parameter is the value attributed to the flag.

Any name and value can be used. These values become available the next time the resource include is executed for the index collection.
INDEXERSTYLEDIR

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Indexing (page -24)

Description

Used with Verity Integration. Verity Integration is an add-on product available for purchase for use with Content Server.

Defines the path to the style files for the Verity indexer on a proxied instance of the Content Server.

Location

pre-8.0 versions of Content Server: <install_dir>/config/config.cfg

8.0 versions and later: <install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

IndexerStyleDir=c:/newlocation/search/style/basic

See Also

- IndexerPath (page -346)
INDEXERTOUCHMONITORINTERVAL

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Indexing (page -24)

Description

Defines the time that the content server will wait before it will treat an Indexer lock file whose timestamp has not changed as having expired. The content server will also touch any locks it is maintaining twice during this interval.

- An Indexer lock is created by placing a lock file into an appropriate directory. In order for the lock to persist, the timestamp on the file must change periodically; otherwise the content server will treat the lock as an expired lock.

- The smaller the value of this setting, the quicker that locks can alternate between Indexing cycles. The larger the value, the more likely that high activity (which could keep a touch request delayed for many seconds) will cause the content server to falsely report a lock as having expired. If a lock is falsely expired, it can cause duplicated effort (although it should not have any long term impact on the state of the content server).

- Default is 12000 milliseconds (12 seconds).

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

As a configuration setting:
IndexerTouchMonitorInterval=15000

See Also

- IndexerTraceCycleListChanges (page -352)
- IndexerTraceLockFileChanges (page -353)
INDEXERTRACECYCLELISTCHANGES

Type and Usage
- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [Indexing](page -24)
- [Debugging](page -16)

Description
Dumps trace information to the content server console for changes to the list of active indexing cycles maintained by the content server.

- At certain points in an indexing cycle, an exclusive lock is required, so indexing cycles may have to wait for other cycles to become inactive. Enabling this setting can help you audit the performance of the Indexer.
- When set to TRUE, changes to the indexing cycle list are output to the content server console.
- When set to FALSE, changes to the indexing cycle list are not output.
- Default is FALSE.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
IndexerTraceCycleListChanges=true

See Also
- [IndexerTouchMonitorInterval](page -351)
- [IndexerTraceLockFileChanges](page -353)

Note: This variable is obsolete as of the Content Server 7.0 release. The functionality is now available in the System Audit Information page available in the Admin Applets.
INDEXERTRACELOCKFILECHANGES

Type and Usage

- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [Indexing](page -24)
- [Debugging](page -16)

Description

Dumps trace information to the content server console for changes the content server makes to the Indexer lock and suspension files.

- When set to TRUE, changes to the files are output to the content server console.
- When set to FALSE, changes to the files are not output.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

IndexerTraceLockFileChanges=true

See Also

- [IndexerTouchMonitorInterval](page -351)
- [IndexerTraceCycleListChanges](page -352)

Note: This variable is obsolete as of the Content Server 7.0 release. The functionality is now available in the System Audit Information page available in the Admin Applets.
INDEXERTRACESTARTSTOP

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Debugging (page -16)
- Indexing (page -24)

Description
- When set to TRUE, traces the starting and stopping of index cycles.
- Default is FALSE.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
IndexerTraceStartStop=true

See Also
- IndexerTouchMonitorInterval (page -351)
- IndexerTraceCycleListChanges (page -352)

Note: This variable is obsolete as of the Content Server 7.0 release. The functionality is now available in the System Audit Information page available in the Admin Applets.
INDEXVAULTFILE

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Indexing (page -24)

Description

If large files exist which are not converted by Inbound Refinery, only one file is needed in the repository. This variable is used to create files in the weblayout area that point to files in the vault.

- Used with files designated as PASSTHRU (that is, files which do not go through Inbound Refinery).
- If IndexVaultFile is set to TRUE, a .hcst file is placed in the weblayout which points to the corresponding vault file, if the file was set to PASSTHRU.
- Changing this configuration variable requires that the server be restarted.
- The contents of the .hcst file are controlled by the contents of redirectionfile_template.htm.
- Default is FALSE.
- The following limitations exist in this implementation:
  - The GET_FILE service is used to deliver the file, so no PDF highlighting or byte serving is available. This can be resolved by reconfiguring the webserver or overriding the template.
  - A simple template is used; the browser’s Back button may not be functional and layout differences may occur.
  - There is no reduction in the number of files because there is still an .hcst file in the weblayout. There is some disk space savings if the vault file is large.

Location

- <install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

IndexVaultFile=true
See Also

- `IndexableRenditions` (page 343)
- `IsAllowIndexRenditions` (page 365)
- `IsAllowIndexVault` (page 366)
**INITIALCOLID**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Folders and WebDAV (page -22)

**Description**
Defines the counter that initializes the first collection ID.
- This defines the initial folder identifier for the server (in millions).
- This variable is set automatically by the Folders installation program if the WebDAV function is enabled at install.
- Default is 0.

**Location**
- `<install_dir>/custom/folders/folders_environment.cfg`

**Example**
```
InitialColID=0
```
INSTANCEDESCRIPTION

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description
Defines a description for the instance.
- The instance description is used in the content server interface.

Location
- System Properties—Server tab—Instance Description
- <install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
As a configuration entry:
InstanceDescription=Master_on_Server1

As script, returns the server instance description as a string:
<${InstanceDescription}>

See Also
- IDC_Name (page -320)
- InstanceMenuLabel (page -359)
INSTANCEMENULABEL

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description
Defines the label for the content server instance that is used in the Windows Start menu.
- There is no default value.

Location
- System Properties—Server tab—Instance Menu Label
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
```
InstanceMenuLabel=Master_on_Server1
```

See Also
- IDC_Name (page -320)
- InstanceDescription (page -358)
**INTRADOC_DIR**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#)
- [Directories and Paths](#)

**Description**
Defines the path to the content server installation directory.
- There is no default value.

**Location**
- Content server: `<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg`
- Admin Server: `<install_dir>/admin/bin/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```
IntradocDir=c:/stellent/
```
**INTRADOCREALM**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Web Server](#) (page -38)
- [External Security](#) (page -34)

**Description**
Defines the realm used when the content server or the web server plug-in challenge for Basic authentication.
- In browsers, the realm is usually called a *resource* when it is displayed in the login dialog.
- NTLM does not use a realm; authentication is always against the entire Microsoft network.
- Default is *IDC Security*.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

IntradocRealm=main

**See Also**
- [NtlmSecurityEnabled](#) (page -544)
- [DefaultAuth](#) (page -125)
**INTRADOCSERVERHOSTNAME**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

**Description**
Defines the host name to use when opening a socket connection to the content server.
- This setting is used by the CGI code that translates calls from the web server to requests to the Server.
- Default value is `localhost`.

**Note:** To call services remotely, **IntradocServerHostName** must be set to IP or DNS.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```
IntradocServerHostName=IP
```

**See Also**
- `HttpServerAddress` (page -316)
**INTRADOCSERVERPORT**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Content Server](#) (page -6)

**Description**
Defines the port that the web server filter or any other application should use to talk to the content server.

- This setting tells the CGI code that translates from a call to the web server to a request to the content server to use this port when talking to the content server. The CGI code will pick up this value automatically if the web server is stopped and started after the content server has been stopped and started.
- In IIS, the CGI code is implemented by the `iis_idc_cgi.dll` ISAPI extension.
- Default is 4444.

**Note:** To call services remotely, the server port must be defined.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```
IntradocServerPort=5550
```
ISACTIVETRACE

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Debugging (page -16)

Description

Checks whether a “section” is being traced in the core.

Parameters

None.

Output

- Returns active trace results.

Example

<$isActiveTrace()$>

See Also

- isVerboseTrace (page -445)
ISALLOWINDEXRENDITIONS

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Indexing (page -24)

Description

If set to TRUE, allows extra renditions of a document. This is only used if there are no indexable vault renditions or webviewable renditions.

The accepted rendition types are listed in IndexableRenditions.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

See Also

- IndexableRenditions (page -343)
ISALLOWINDEXVAULT

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Indexing (page -24)

Description

This entry is only valid if IndexVaultFile is not enabled (that is, if it is set to FALSE). If IsAllowIndexVault is set to TRUE, it allows the vault file to be indexed if the webviewable rendition is not of an appropriate format type. The vault file chosen is always the primary rendition.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

See Also

- IndexVaultFile (page -355)
**IsAutoArchiver**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Archiver](#) (page -2)

**Description**
Enables the automatic import or transfer of content items.
- When set to TRUE, the content server will automatically import and transfer archives.
- When set to FALSE, the content server will not automatically import or transfer archives.
- The [NoAutomation](#) (page -531) setting overrides this setting.
- Default is TRUE.

**Location**

\(<install\_dir>/config/config.cfg\)

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

\(\text{IsAutoArchiver}=false\)

**See Also**
- [NoAutomation](#) (page -531)
**IsAutoNumber**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Content Items](#) (page -4)

**Description**
Enables automatic numbering of Content IDs.
- When set to TRUE, a Content ID ($dDocName$) is automatically assigned to each new content item upon checkin.
- When set to FALSE, the user must specify a Content ID for each new content item.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
- System Properties—Options tab—Automatically assign a Content ID on check in
- Admin Server—General Configuration—Automatically assign a content ID on check in
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```
IsAutoNumber=true
```

**See Also**
- [AutoNumberPrefix](#) (page -48)
IsAutoQueue

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Inbound Refinery (page -9)

Description
Enables the processing of content items after conversion by the Inbound Refinery.
- If set to TRUE, the content server will process content items after conversion by the Inbound Refinery.
- If set to FALSE, the content server will not process content items after conversion by the Inbound Refinery.
- The NoAutomation (page -531) setting overrides this setting.
- Default is TRUE.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
IsAutoQueue=false

See Also
- NoAutomation (page -531)
ISAUTOSEARCH

Type and Usage
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Searching](#) (page -31)

Description
Enables automatic indexing and archive export.
- When set to TRUE, the content server will automatically index content items or automatically export documents to an archive.
- When set to FALSE, the content server will not automatically index content items or automatically export documents to an archive.
- The [NoAutomation](#) (page -531) setting overrides this setting.
- Default is TRUE.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
IsAutoSearch=true

See Also
- [NoAutomation](#) (page -531)
**ISCHECKIN**

**Type and Usage**
- Page Display Variables (page -25)
- Page Display (page -26)

**Description**
Specifies if the current page is a checkin page.
- When set to TRUE, the current page is identified as a checkin page.
- When set to FALSE, the current page is not identified as a checkin page.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the page is a checkin page.
- Returns FALSE if the page is not a checkin page.

**Example**
Set at the top of a page:
isCheckin=1

Used as script:

```<$if isCheckin or isUpdate or isQuery$>
  <$isFormSubmit = 1$>
  <$if not isQuery$>
    <$isEditMode = 1$>
    <$formName = "Checkin"$>
  <$endif$>
  <$else$>
    <$isFormSubmit = ""$>
    <$isEditMode = ""$>
  <$endif$>```
**ISCHECKINPREAUTHED**

**Type and Usage**

- [Conditional Dynamic Variables](#) (page -1)
- [Internal Security](#) (page -33)
- [Users](#) (page -37)

**Description**

Checks whether a checkin application pre-authorized the current checkin by getting a security token.

**Output**

- Returns TRUE if the checkin is pre-authorized.
- Returns FALSE if the checkin is not pre-authorized.

**Example**

Checks for checkin pre-authorization:

<code>$IsCheckinPreAuthed$</code>
ISCOMPONENTENABLED

Type and Usage

- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Checks whether the defined component in enabled.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is the component name.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the defined component is enabled.
- Returns FALSE if not enabled.

Example

<$isComponentEnabled("Folders")$>
**ISCONTENTREFINERYPRESENT**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Inbound Refinery](#) (page -9)

**Description**
Specifies if the Inbound Refinery is installed.
- This value is set to FALSE during initial content server installation.
- This value is set to TRUE during Inbound Refinery installation.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
`${install_dir}/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
`IsContentRefineryPresent=true`
ISCONTRIBUTOR

Type and Usage

- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Used to evaluate whether a user is a contributor. Generally used to determine whether to show special links on a page (for example, std_page uses it to decide whether to display the Content Manager link).

Output

- Returns TRUE if the user is a contributor.
- Returns FALSE if the user is not a contributor.

Example

Used to evaluate whether a user is a contributor:

<$if IsContributor$>
**ISCRITERIASUBSCRIPTION**

**Type and Usage**
- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Content Items (page -4)

**Description**
Evaluates whether a subscription to the content item is criteria-based rather than based on the Content ID (*dDocName*).

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the subscription is criteria-based.
- Returns FALSE if the subscription is to a particular content item.

**Example**
Evaluates whether subscription is criteria based:

<${IsCriteriaSubscription}$>
**ISCURRENTNAV**

**Type and Usage**
- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Page Display (page -26)
- Searching (page -31)

**Description**
Checks whether the page currently being displayed is the same as the page being looped over while building the Next/Previous navigation on search results pages.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the navigation loop is at the same page as the current page.
- Returns FALSE if the navigation loop is not at the same page as the current page.

**Example**
If the navigation loop is at the current page, the page number is displayed as plain text. If the navigation loop is not at the current page, the page number is displayed as a hypertext link:

```idoc
<$loop NavigationPages$>
<$if IsCurrentNav$>
  <$HeaderPageNumber$>
<$else$
  <a href="<$strRemoveWs(inc("searchapi_navigation_specific_page"))$">">
    <$HeaderPageNumber$></a>
<$endif$
<$endloop$>
**isDocPage**

**Type and Usage**
- [Page Display Variables](#) (page -25)
- [Page Display](#) (page -26)

**Description**
Specifies if the current page is a page that displays metadata (such as search, checkin, and content information pages).
- When set to TRUE, the current page is identified as a document page.
- When set to FALSE, the current page is not identified as a document page.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the page is a document page.
- Returns FALSE if the page is not a document page.

**Example**
Set at the top of a page:

```isDocPage=1```

Used as script:

```<if isDocPage>
   <!--statement-->
</if>```
**ISDpSubmitErrorFatal**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Profiles (page -6)

**Description**
Used with Content Profiles. When set to TRUE, enables the Content Server to issue a fatal error when a global rule violation is encountered.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

IsDpSubmitErrorFatal=true

**See Also**
- Managing Repository Content Guide
**ISDYNAMIC**

**Type and Usage**
- [Conditional Dynamic Variables](#) (page -1)
- [Page Display](#) (page -26)

**Description**
Checks whether the page is presented dynamically to the user.
- Most pages viewed by the user are dynamic. However, some static pages are designed to be delivered to the user without changes. Examples are the guest portal page and the content of some auto generated e-mails.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the page is being presented dynamically to the user.
- Returns FALSE if the page is static or cannot be displayed.

**Example**
Evaluates whether the page is presented dynamically:
```$if IsDynamic$
  <a href="$redirect$"></a>
$endif$```
IS_DYNAMIC_CONVERTER_ENABLED

Type and Usage

- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Dynamic Converter](#) (page -14)

Description

Enables Oracle Dynamic Converter.

- This value is set to FALSE during initial content server installation.
- This value is set to TRUE during Dynamic Converter installation.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

- System Properties—Options tab—Enable Dynamic Converter
- Admin Server—General Configuration—Enable Dynamic Converter
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

Example

As a configuration setting, enables Dynamic Converter functionality:

```
IsDynamicConverterEnabled=true
```
As script, used to evaluate whether dynamic converter functionality is enabled:

```html
<$if IsDynamicConverterEnabled and isTrue(IsDynamicConverterEnabled)$o>
  <tr>
    <td align="center" width="75">
      <a href="<$HttpCgiPath$>?IdcService=GET_TEMPLATE_CONVERSIONS">
        <img src="<$HttpImagesRoot$><$admin_conversion_image$>
            border="0" width="<$adminImageWidth$">
            height="<$adminImageHeight$"></a>
      </td>
      <td width="10">&nbsp;</td>
      <td width="245">$lc("wwTemplateConversions")$</td>
  </tr>
</$endif$>
```
**ISEDITMODE**

**Type and Usage**
- [Page Display Variables](#) (page -25)
- [Page Display](#) (page -26)

**Description**
Specifies if metadata fields on the current page can be edited.
- This variable is set on checkin and content information update pages.
- When set to TRUE, metadata fields on the current page can be edited.
- When set to FALSE, metadata fields on the current page cannot be edited.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if metadata fields on the current page can be edited.
- Returns FALSE if metadata fields on the current page cannot be edited.

**Example**
Set at the top of a page:
```plaintext
isEditMode=1
```

Used as script:
```plaintext
<if isCheckin or isUpdate or isQuery$>
  <$isFormSubmit = 1$>
  <$if not isQuery$
    <$isEditMode = 1$>
    <$formName = "Checkin"$>
  <$endif$>
  <$else$
    <$isFormSubmit = ""$>
    <$isEditMode = ""$>
  <$endif$>
```
**ISEDITREV**

**Type and Usage**

- **Value Variables** (page -33)
- **Content Items** (page -4)
- **Workflow** (page -40)

**Description**

Checks whether the current revision is in an Editor step in a workflow.

- When set to TRUE, reviewers can check out, edit, and check in the revision.
- This variable is set by defining a workflow step as an Editor step in the Workflow Admin tool. This variable is evaluated on the checkin page.

**Output**

- Returns TRUE if the current revision is in an Editor step in a workflow.
- Returns FALSE if the current revision is not in an Editor step in a workflow.

**Example**

Provides workflow details:

```html
<$if IsEditRev$>
  addCheckinValue("IdcService", "WORKFLOW_CHECKIN");
if (form.isFinished.checked)
  addCheckinValue("isFinished", form.isFinished.value);
<$else$>
  addCheckinValue("IdcService", "CHECKIN_SEL");
<$endif$>
```
**ISEXCLUDED**

**Type and Usage**
- Common Field Display Variables (page -26)
- Field Display (page -20)

**Description**
Completely excludes the metadata field from the page.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the metadata field is excluded from the page.
- Returns FALSE if the metadata field is not excluded from the page.

**Example**
Excludes the current metadata field from the page:

```<$isExcluded=1$>
```

Sets a custom variable depending on the active value of isExcluded for the current metadata field:

```$isCustomExcluded = getValue("#active", fieldName & ":isExcluded")$
$isCustomRelocated = getValue("#active", fieldName & ":isRelocated")$
<if isCustomExcluded or (isCustomRelocated and not isRelocated)
or isExcluded or (isFieldHidden and not isFormSubmit)>
  <$isFieldExcluded = 1$>
<endif$>
```

**See Also**
- isFieldExcluded (page -391)
- isHidden (page -400)
- isInfoOnly (page -402)
- isRelocated (page -425)
- optionListScript (page -559)
**ISEXTERNALUSER**

**Type and Usage**
- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page 1)
- Users (page 37)

**Description**
Checks whether the user is accessing the content server from an external system, such as a proxied server or LDAP system.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the user is accessing the content server from an external system.
- Returns FALSE if the user is accessing the content server directly.

**Example**
Checks if user is at an external location:

```
<{$IsExternalUser$>
```
**ISFAILEDCONVERSION**

**Type and Usage**

- Value Variables (page -33)
- Content Items (page -4)
- Inbound Refinery (page -9)

**Description**

Checks whether the Inbound Refinery has failed to convert the content item.

**Output**

- Returns TRUE if the conversion process failed.
- Returns FALSE if no conversion failure was detected.

**Example**

Displays text if the conversion process was not complete:

```<if IsFailedConversion$>
<p><font face="arial" size="2">
The Refinery was unable to complete the conversion process.</p>
</if>```
**ISFAILEDINDEX**

**Type and Usage**
- [Value Variables](#) (page -33)
- [Content Items](#) (page -4)
- [Indexing](#) (page -24)

**Description**
Checks whether the Indexer has failed to index the content item.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the Indexer was unable to index the content item.
- Returns FALSE if the content item was indexed successfully.

**Example**
Displays text if the content item was not indexed:

```
<$if IsFailedIndex $>
  <p><font face="arial" size="2">
    Unable to index content item.</p>
<$endif$>
```
ISFALSE

Type and Usage

- **Global Functions** (page -20)
- **Idoc Script** (page -23)

Description

Checks if a string or expression evaluates to FALSE.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is the string or expression to be evaluated.

Output

If the parameter is a string:

- Returns TRUE if the string begins with F, f, N, n, or is “0”.
- Returns FALSE if the string begins with any other character.

If the parameter is not a string:

- Returns TRUE if the value is 0.
- Returns FALSE if the value is not 0.

Example

Evaluates the string “false” and returns TRUE (1):

```<$isFalse("false")$>
```

Evaluates that the integer five is greater than one and returns FALSE (0):

```<$isFalse(5>1)$>
```

Evaluates the result of the equation as zero and returns TRUE (1):

```<$isFalse(1-1)$>```
Evaluates the string equality statement as true and returns FALSE (0):
<$isFalse(strEquals("abc","abc"))$>

See Also
– $isTrue$ (page 437)
**isFIELDEXCLUDED**

**Type and Usage**
- Other Field Display Variables (page -28)
- Field Display (page -20)

**Description**
Specifies that the metadata field is excluded.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the field is excluded.
- Returns FALSE if the field is not excluded.

**Example**
Determines if the metadata field is excluded:
```
<if isCustomExcluded or (isCustomRelocated and not isRelocated) or isExcluded or (isFieldHidden and not isFormSubmit)>
    <$isFieldExcluded = 1$>
<endif$>
```

**See Also**
- isExcluded (page -385)
- isFieldHidden (page -392)
- isFieldInfoOnly (page -393)
- isFieldMemo (page -394)
**ISFIELDHIDDEN**

**Type and Usage**
- Other Field Display Variables (page -28)
- Field Display (page -20)

**Description**
Specifies that the metadata field is hidden.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the field is hidden.
- Returns FALSE if the field is not hidden.

**Example**
Determines if the metadata field is hidden:
```<if isHidden or isCustomHidden$>
  <$isFieldHidden = 1$>
</if$>
Else$
  <$isFieldHidden = "$"$>
</endif$>
```

**See Also**
- isHidden (page -400)
- isFieldExcluded (page -391)
- isFieldInfoOnly (page -393)
- isFieldMemo (page -394)
**isFieldInfoOnly**

**Type and Usage**
- [Other Field Display Variables](page -28)
- [Field Display](page -20)

**Description**
Specifies that the metadata field is an information only field.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the field is an information only field.
- Returns FALSE if the field is not an information only field.

**Example**
Determines if the metadata field is information only:

```xml
<if isInfo or isCustomInfo or isFieldHidden or isInfoOnly>
   <$isFieldInfoOnly = 1$>
<else>
   <$isFieldInfoOnly = ""$>
<endif>
```

**See Also**
- [isInfoOnly](page -402)
- [isFieldExcluded](page -391)
- [isFieldHidden](page -392)
- [isFieldMemo](page -394)
**isFIELDMEMO**

**Type and Usage**
- Other Field Display Variables (page -28)
- Field Display (page -20)

**Description**
Specifies that the metadata field is a memo field.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the field is a memo field.
- Returns FALSE if the field is not a memo field.

**Example**
Determines if the field is a memo field:
```html
<@dynamichtml compute_std_entry_type_info@>
<$if not hasOptionList and #active.fieldType like "Memo"$>
  <$isFieldMemo = 1$>
<$else$>
  <$isFieldMemo = ""$>
<$endif$>
<$endif$>
<@end@>
```

**See Also**
- isFieldExcluded (page -391)
- isFieldHidden (page -392)
- isFieldInfoOnly (page -393)
**ISFILEPRESENT**

**Type and Usage**
- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Content Items (page -4)

**Description**
Checks if the page currently being displayed is for the revision being looped over while building the Revision History table on a content information page.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the loop is at the same revision as the current revision.
- Returns FALSE if the loop is not at the same revision as the current revision.

**Example**
If the loop is at the current revision, the revision number is displayed as plain text. If the loop is not at the current revision, the revision number is displayed as an active button.

```html
<dynamichtml doc_rev_info@>
  <$if IsFilePresent$>
    <td width=10% align=center><span class=strongHighlight><$dRevLabel$></span></td>
    <td nowrap width=30%><span class=strongHighlight><$dInDate$></span></td>
    <td nowrap width=30%><span class=strongHighlight><$if dOutDate$><$dOutDate$><$else$><$lc("wwNone")$><$endif$></span></td>
    <td width=20%><span class=strongHighlight><$rptDisplayMapValue("StatusList", dStatus)$></span></td>
  <$else$>
    <td width=10%><form action="$HttpCgiPath$" method=GET>
      <input type=hidden name=IdcService value="DOC_INFO">
      <input type=hidden name=dID value="$dID$">
      <input type=hidden name=dDocName value="$dDocName$">
      <input type=submit value="       <$dRevLabel$>      ">
    </form></td>
  <$endif$></dynamichtml>
```
**ISFORMSPRESENT**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Content Server](#) (page -6)

**Description**

Note: This variable applies to versions before 4.5, when PDF Forms was a separate product. Since PDF Forms is now incorporated into PDF Converter, use the [IsContentRefineryPresent](#) variable instead.

Specifies if the PDF Forms software is installed.
- This value is set to FALSE during initial content server installation.
- This value is set to TRUE during PDF Forms installation.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

IsFormsPresent=false

**See Also**
- [IsContentRefineryPresent](#) (page -374)
Idoc Script Index

ISFORMSUBMIT
Type and Usage
 Page Display Variables (page -25)
 Page Display (page -26)

Description
Specifies if the current page is a submittable HTML form.
 When set to TRUE, the current page is a submittable HTML form.
 When set to FALSE, the current page is not a submittable HTML form.

Output
 Returns TRUE if the page is a submittable HTML form.
 Returns FALSE if the page is not a submittable HTML form.

Example
Set at the top of a page:
isFormSubmit=1
Adds a colon after the field captions if the page is not a submittable HTML form:
<@dynamichtml std_field_caption@>
<span class=<$fieldCaptionStyle$>>
<$fieldCaption$><$if not isFormSubmit$><$":"$><$endif$>
</span>
<@end@>

Idoc Script Reference Guide

6-397


**rule:** ISFRAGMENTONLY

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Dynamic Converter (page -14)

**Description**
Specifies that a particular forced conversion rule creates a fragment in Dynamic Converter.

- Fragments are pieces of content that will be included in another content item. Fragments generally do not include `<HTML>` or `<BODY>` tags, and are not intended to be viewed by themselves.
- When this variable is set to 1, the specified forced conversion rule converts files to fragments.
- The specified forced conversion rule must be included in the ForcedConversionRules (page -229) setting.
- There is no default.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
Specifies that the RuleA forced conversion rule converts files to fragments:

RuleA:IsFragmentOnly=1
ForcedConversionRules=RuleA

**See Also**
- ForcedConversionRules (page -229)
**IsFullTextIndexed**

**Type and Usage**
- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Content Items (page -4)
- Indexing (page -24)
- Searching (page -31)

**Description**
Checks whether the Indexer has full-text indexed the content item.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the content item has been full-text indexed.
- Returns FALSE if the content item has not been full-text indexed.

**Example**
Provides a specified URL if the content item is full-text indexed:

```$if IsFullTextIndexed$
  <a href="$redirect$">
  <$endif$>
```
**ISHIDDEN**

**Type and Usage**
- [Common Field Display Variables](#) (page -26)
- [Field Display](#) (page -20)

**Description**
Hides the metadata field from the user but includes the field as hidden data on the page.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the metadata field is hidden on the page.
- Returns FALSE if the metadata field is not hidden the page.

**Example**
Hides the current metadata field from the user:

```
<isHidden=1/>
```

Sets a custom variable depending on the active value of `isHidden` for the current metadata field:

```
<isCustomHidden = getValue("#active", fieldName & ":isHidden")>
  <$if isHidden or isCustomHidden$>
  <$isFieldHidden = 1$>
  <$else$>
    <$isFieldHidden = ":$>
  <$endif$>
```

**See Also**
- [isExcluded](#) (page -385)
- [isFieldHidden](#) (page -392)
- [isInfoOnly](#) (page -402)
- [isRelocated](#) (page -425)
- [optionListScript](#) (page -559)
ISINFO

Type and Usage

- Page Display Variables (page -25)
- Page Display (page -26)

Description

Specifies if the current page is an information-only page.

- When set to TRUE, the current page is identified as an information-only page.
- When set to FALSE, the current page is not identified as an information-only page.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the page is an information-only page.
- Returns FALSE if the page is not an information-only page.

Example

Set at the top of a page:

isInfo=1

Used as script:

<$if isInfo$>
  <$captionFieldWidth="30%"$>
  <$captionEntryWidth="70%"$>
  <$elseif isEditMode$>
    <$captionFieldWidth="20%"$>
    <$captionEntryWidth="80%"$>
  <$endif$>
ISINFOONLY

**Type and Usage**
- Common Field Display Variables (page -26)
- Field Display (page -20)

**Description**
Displays the metadata field as information only, not as an input field.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the metadata field is displayed as information only.
- Returns FALSE if the metadata field can be edited.

**Example**
Displays the current metadata field as information only:
<$isInfoOnly=1$

Sets a custom variable depending on the active value of isInfoOnly for the current metadata field:
<<$isCustomInfo = getValue("#active", fieldName & ":isInfoOnly")$>
<$if isInfo or isCustomInfo or isFieldHidden or isInfoOnly$>
   <$isFieldInfoOnly = 1$>
<$else$>
   <$isFieldInfoOnly = ""$>
<$endif$>

**See Also**
- isExcluded (page -385)
- isFieldInfoOnly (page -393)
- isHidden (page -400)
- isRelocated (page -425)
- optionListScript (page -559)
ISINTRANETAUTHONLY

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Web Server (page -38)
- External Security (page -34)

Description
Sets the default authorization type to intranet.
- When set to TRUE, the web server filter assumes the authorization type to be intranet. The first time a user logs in to the content server and accesses a CGI URL, NTLM security will be used rather than Stellent database security.
- When set to FALSE, no authorization type is assumed.
- Default is FALSE.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
IsIntranetAuthOnly=true
**ISJAVA**

**Type and Usage**
- *Setable Variables* (page -32)
- *Debugging* (page -16)

**Description**
Displays the local data of a content server web page.

- This variable can be set as a flag on a page or as a parameter to a service call.

**Output**
- When set to TRUE, returns the local data in the DataBinder.

**Example**
When included in the code on a content server web page, displays the local data of a page:

```
<$IsJava=1$>
```

When included in a content server URL, displays the local data for the New Checkin page:

```
http://myinstance.com/idcplg/idc_cgi_isapi-<instance>.dll?IdcService=CHECKIN_NEW_FORM&IsJava=1
```
**ISJDBC**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Database (page -15)

**Description**
Enables Java Database Connectivity (JDBC).
- This setting is automatically configured during content server installation if there are no network errors that make it impossible for the system to connect to the database. This setting must be changed manually if the database is changed or if the system could not find the database during content server installation.
- If the runtime version of Microsoft Access or MSDE is used, there are no database configuration options to set.

**Location**
- System Properties—Database tab—Use Java Database Connectivity
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
As a configuration setting, disables Java Database Connectivity:
IsJdbc=false

As script, returns the value of the configuration setting:
<$IsJdbc$>

**See Also**
- JdbcConnectionString (page -451)
- JdbcDriver (page -452)
**ISJdbcLockTrace**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [Database](page -15)
- [Debugging](page -16)

**Description**
Dumps trace information to the content server console for database lock activity.
- Used only with SQL Server and Oracle databases.
- On Solaris, this output also appears in a log file in the `<install_dir>/etc/log` directory.
- Default is an empty string.

**Location**
`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
IsJdbcLockTrace=true

**See Also**
- [IsJdbcQueryTrace](page -407)

**Note:** This variable is obsolete as of the Content Server 7.0 release. The functionality is now available in the System Audit Information page available in the Admin Applets.
ISJDBCQUERYTRACE

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Database (page -15)
- Debugging (page -16)

Description

Dumps trace information to the content server console for database query activity.

- Used only with SQL Server and Oracle databases.
- On Solaris, this output also appears in a log file in the <install_dir>/etc/log directory.
- Default is an empty string.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

IsJdbcQueryTrace=true

See Also

- IsJdbcLockTrace (page -406)

Note: This variable is obsolete as of the Content Server 7.0 release. The functionality is now available in the System Audit Information page available in the Admin Applets.
**ISJspServerEnabled**

## Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- JSP (page -25)

## Description

Enables Java Server Page functionality.

- Java Server Page support enables developers to access and modify Content Server content, ResultSets, personalization and security definitions, and predefined variables and configuration settings through Java Server Pages rather than through standard Stellent component architecture. Stellent services and Idoc Script functions can also be executed from Java Server Pages, which reside as executable content in the content server.

- Default is FALSE.

## Location

- System Properties—Server tab—Execute Java Server Page (Jsp)
- Admin Server—General Configuration—Enable Java Server Page (Jsp)
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

## Example

Used as a configuration entry:

```
IsJspServerEnabled=true
```

## See Also

- JspEnabledGroups (page -460)
**ISLAYOUTENABLED**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Content Server (page -6)

**Description**
Used to determine if a particular Content Server layout is installed and enabled.

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter:
- The ID of the layout.

**Example**
In the std_resources.htm file:

```html
<$if isLayoutEnabled("Trays")$><$do Publish=1$><$endif$>
```
**ISLOCALSEARCHCOLLECTIONID**

**Type and Usage**
- [Conditional Dynamic Variables](page -1)
- [Content Items](page -4)
- [Searching](page -31)

**Description**
Checks whether the content item is in the local search collection.
- Searches for the content item’s Content ID in the local search collection.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the content item is in the local collection.
- Returns FALSE if the content item is not found in the local collection.

**Example**
Evaluates whether a content item is from a local collection:

```html
<@dynamichtml searchapi_define_result_doc_parameters@>
<$exec IsLocalSearchCollection="1"$>
<$if not IsLocalSearchCollectionID$>
  <!--Collection has external ID-->
<$exec IsLocalSearchCollection=""$>
```
ISLOGGEDIN

Type and Usage

- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Internal Security (page -33)
- Users (page -37)

Description

Checks whether the current user is logged in to the content server.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the user has logged in.
- Returns FALSE if the user has not logged in.

Example

Checks whether the user is logged in and has an e-mail address before performing a function.

```<@dynamichtml subscription_action_script@>
function allowSubscription(form)
    {$if IsLoggedIn$>
    {$if IsUserEmailPresent$>
    {$else$>
    ...
    }$else$>
    <@end@>
IsMac

Type and Usage

- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Clients (page -3)

Description

Checks whether the client browser is running on a Macintosh operating system.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the client browser is running on a Mac.
- Returns FALSE if the client browser is not running on a Mac.

Example

Redirects to a different URL if the browser is running on a Mac:

```<$if IsMac$>
   <a href="$redirect$">
   <$endif$>
IsMaxRows

Type and Usage

- [Conditional Dynamic Variables](#) (page -1)
- [Page Display](#) (page -26)

Description

Checks whether there are more results on a Work In Progress or Report page than the [MaxQueryRows](#) (page -515) setting allows.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the number of results is greater than the number of rows permitted.
- Returns FALSE if the number of results is less than the number of rows permitted.

Example

Returns an error message if the maximum number of rows is exceeded:

```xml
<elseif IsMaxRows$>
<table border=0 cellpadding=1 cellspacing=1 width="100%">
  <tr>
    <span class=smallHighlight><$lc("wwOutputLimitedByMaxRows")$>
  </tr>
</table>
```
**ISMULTIOPTION**

**Type and Usage**
- [Other Field Display Variables](page -28)
- [Field Display](page -20)

**Description**
Specifies that a metadata field option list allows multiple values to be selected.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the field is a multiselect option list.
- Returns FALSE if the field is not a multiselect option list.

**Example**
Specifies that the field is a multiselect option list:

```xml
<$isMultiOption=1$>
```

Determines the type of option list:

```xml
<$if #active.fieldOptionListType like "*multi*"$>
   <$exec isMultiOption=1$>
<$elseif #active.fieldOptionListType like "access*"$>
   <$exec isAccessList=1$>
   <$exec isStrictList=1$>
<$elseif not (#active.fieldOptionListType like "*combo*"$)>
   <!--Strict choice-->
   <$exec isStrictList=1$>
<$endif$>
```

**See Also**
- [isStrictList](page -432)
**IsMultiPage**

**Type and Usage**
- [Conditional Dynamic Variables](#) (page -1)
- [Page Display](#) (page -26)
- [Searching](#) (page -31)

**Description**
Checks whether multiple pages are needed for search results.
- This variable depends on the number of rows displayed per page, which is defined by the `ResultCount` input variable (default is 25).

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the number of search results is greater than the number of rows permitted per page.
- Returns FALSE if the number of search results is less than the number of rows permitted per page.

**Example**
Evaluates number of rows and determines if multiple pages are needed:

```<$IsMultiPage$>`
ISNEW

Type and Usage
- Value Variables (page -33)
- Content Items (page -4)
- Page Display (page -26)

Description
Checks whether the content item is new or a revision.
- This variable is set to TRUE by the CHECKIN_NEW_FORM and CHECKIN_SIMILAR_FORM standard services.

Output
- Returns TRUE if the content item is new.
- Returns FALSE if the content item is a revision to an existing content item.

Example
If the content item is new, a specified service is performed:
<$if isNew$>
    <input type=hidden name=IdcService value="CHECKIN_NEW"/>
<$endif$>

If the content item is a revision, the original content item author is used:
<$if not isNew$>value="$<dDocAuthor$>"<$endif$>

If the content item is new, the default accounts for the current user are used:
<$if isNew$>
    <$defaultAccounts$>
<$endif$>
**ISNOTLATESTREV**

**Type and Usage**
- Value Variables (page -33)
- Content Items (page -4)

**Description**
Checks whether the revision is the last revision to be checked in.
- This is not necessarily the last released revision.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the content item is other than the latest revision to be checked in.
- Returns FALSE if the content item is the latest revision to be checked in.

**Example**
Checks for the latest revision:
<$IsNotLatestRev$>

**See Also**
- ClientControlled (page -71)
- HasLocalCopy (page -278)
**ISNOTSYNCREV**

**Type and Usage**
- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Content Items (page -4)

**Description**
Checks whether the file on the client computer matches the most current revision by performing a revision ID (dID) comparison.
- This variable is generally used to display an error message when the local copy of a content item has not been updated to the latest revision.
- This variable is used to interface with client-side products, such as Oracle Desktop.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if revisions do not match.
- Returns FALSE if revisions match.

**Example**
Checks for a match with the latest revision and displays an error message:

```
<$if IsNotSyncRev$>
The local copy of this content item has not been updated to the latest revision. Use Get Native File or Check Out to update your local copy of <$dDocName$>.
<$endif$>
```
IISOVERRIDEFORMAT

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description
Enables users to select a different conversion format upon checkin.
- When set to TRUE, a Format option list is displayed for the Primary File and Alternate File on the checkin page.
- Default is FALSE.

Location
- System Properties—Options tab—Allow override format on check in
- Admin Server—General Configuration—Allow override format on check in
- <install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
As a configuration setting:
IsOverrideFormat=true

As script, returns the value of the override format function:
<IsOverrideFormat>
**isPhysicallySplitDir**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)

**Description**
Tells the content server that the *vault* and *weblayout* directories are on different file systems.
- When set to TRUE, tells the server that the directories are on different file systems.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
`<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```
isPhysicallySplitDir=true
```

**See Also**
- *WeblayoutDir* (page -892)
ISPRIMARYUSERBASE

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- External Security (page -34)

Description

**Important:** This setting is obsolete for version 7.0 and later. See Priority (page -586) for information on setting the order in which LDAP providers will be checked.

Specifies whether the LDAP provider is the primary LDAP server where external users are defined.

- When set to TRUE, the provider will be used to authenticate new LDAP users who have not previously logged in to the content server.
- When set to FALSE, the provider will be used to authenticate only LDAP users who have previously logged in using credentials from that provider.
- Default is TRUE.

Location

- Add/Edit LDAP Provider page—Primary User Base
- `<install_dir>/data/providers/provider_name/provider.hda`

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

```
IsPrimaryUserBase=false
```
ISPROMPTINGFORLOGIN

Type and Usage
- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- External Security (page -34)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description
Checks whether the content server is set to prompt for login or if login is being handled programmatically.
- This variable is set to TRUE in situations such as cookie login pages, where the last request failed because the user isn’t logged in yet.

Output
- Returns TRUE if the content server is set to prompt for login.
- Returns FALSE if login is being handled programmatically.

Example
Evaluates if server is set to prompt for login:
<$IsPromptingForLogin$>
**ISPROXIEDSERVER**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Content Server](#) (page -6)

**Description**
Specifies that the content server is a proxied server.
- When set to TRUE, the content server is a proxied server.
- For a master content server, there is no default.
- For a proxied content server, the default is TRUE.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

IsProxiedServer=true
**ISQUERY**

**Type and Usage**
- Page Display Variables (page -25)
- Page Display (page -26)

**Description**
Specifies if the current page is a search page.
- When set to TRUE, the current page is identified as a search page.
- When set to FALSE, the current page is not identified as a search page.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the page is a search page.
- Returns FALSE if the page is not a search page.

**Example**
Set at the top of a page:

```
isQuery=1
```

Used as script:
```
<if isCheckin or isUpdate or isQuery$>
  <$isFormSubmit = 1$>
  <$if not isQuery$>
    <$isEditMode = 1$>
    <$formName = "Checkin"$>
  <$endif$>
  <$else$>
    <$isFormSubmit = ""$>
    <$isEditMode = ""$>
  <$endif$>
```
ISRELOCATED

Type and Usage

- Common Field Display Variables (page -26)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Excludes the metadata field unless the local variable is set to TRUE while the include is evaluated.

- This variable is typically used to set a custom location for a metadata field. It allows a field to be defined on a page more than once, with the location of the field that is actually generated depending on the value of this variable.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the metadata field is included at that location on the page.
- Returns FALSE if the metadata field is excluded from that location on the page.

Example

Includes the current metadata field on the page:

\(<\$\text{isRelocated}=1\>$

Sets a custom variable depending on the active value of `isRelocated` for the current metadata field:

\(<\$\text{isCustomExcluded} = \text{getValue("#active", fieldName & ":isExcluded")}$\>
\(<\$\text{isCustomRelocated} = \text{getValue("#active", fieldName & ":isRelocated")}$\>
\(<\$\text{if isCustomExcluded or (isCustomRelocated and not isRelocated) or isExcluded or (isFieldHidden and not isFormSubmit)}$\>
  \(<\$\text{isFieldExcluded} = 1\>$
\(<\$\text{endif}$\>

See Also

- isExcluded (page -385)
- isHidden (page -400)
- isInfoOnly (page -402)
- optionListScript (page -559)
**ISREPromPTLOGIN**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Workflow](#) (page -40)

**Description**
This configuration entry is a suffix appended to a workflow step, forcing a new authentication challenge.
- When set to TRUE, this configuration variable forces a login at a specific step of a workflow. This acts as a digital signature for that step.
- This variable can be added at multiple steps of a workflow.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
In the following example, a review step named *VPApproval* requires a digital signature before continuing in the workflow. Set the *isRepromptLogin* configuration entry as follows before initiating the workflow:

`VPApproval:isRepromptLogin=true`

**See Also**
- *The Workflow Implementation Guide*
ISREQUESTERROR

Type and Usage

- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Debugging (page -16)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Checks whether there is a request error condition present on the content server by evaluating the StatusCode (page -747) variable.

- If StatusCode is set to a negative numeric value (-1), there is a request error condition present on the content server.
- The typical behavior when a request error condition is present is to abort the display of the current page and substitute an error page. See abortToErrorPage (page -2).

Output

- Returns TRUE if there is a request error condition present on the content server (StatusCode = -1).
- Returns FALSE if there is no request error condition present on the content server (StatusCode is other than a negative numeric value).

Example

Evaluates the request error condition:

<$IsRequestError$>

See Also

- abortToErrorPage (page -2)
- executeService (page -202)
- StatusCode (page -747)
ISREQUIRED

Type and Usage

- Field Information Variables (page -25)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Specifies whether a value is required for a metadata field.

- When set to TRUE, the metadata field is required.
- When set to FALSE, the metadata field is optional.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the metadata field is required.
- Returns FALSE if the metadata field is optional.

Example

Defines the dDocTitle metadata field as a required field:

```xml
<$fieldName = "dDocTitle", fieldCaption = lc("wwTitle"), isRequired = 1, fieldType = "BigText", requiredMsg = lc("wwSpecifyTitle")$>
```

See Also

- requiredMsg (page -637)
ISAVEDQUERY

Type and Usage
- Setable Variables (page -32)
- Page Display (page -26)
- Searching (page -31)

Description
Checks whether a query has been saved to the current user’s portal navigation bar.

Output
- Returns TRUE if the current query has been saved.
- Returns FALSE if the current query has not been saved or no query is found.

Example
Evaluates query status:
<ISavedQuery>
**ISSAVEDWFCOMPANIONFILE**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Workflow (page -40)

**Description**
Saves a copy of the companion file that is created when a piece of content enters a workflow. Normally the companion file is deleted when the content is approved and exits the workflow.

To use this variable, insert the variable as shown into the config.cfg file and restart the Content Server. The file will be saved in the `<install_dir>/data/workflow/saved` directory.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**

As a configuration variable:

`IsSaveWfCompanionFiles=true`
**IsSOAP**

**Type and Usage**
- [Setable Variables](#) (page -32)
- [Debugging](#) (page -16)

**Description**
Displays the local SOAP data of a content server web page.
- This variable can be set as a flag on a page or as a parameter to a service call.

**Output**
- When set to TRUE, returns the underlying SOAP code.

**Example**
When included in the code on a content server web page:

```$IsSoap=1$```

When included in a content server URL:

```
http://myinstance.com/idcplg/idc_cgi_isapi-<instance>.dll?IdcService=CHECKIN_NEW_FORM&IsSoap=1
```
**isStrictList**

**Type and Usage**
- Other Field Display Variables (page -28)
- Field Display (page -20)

**Description**
Specifies that a metadata field option list does not allow multiple values to be selected.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the field is not a multiselect option list.
- Returns FALSE if the field is a multiselect option list.

**Example**
Specifies that the field is not a multiselect option list:

```xml
<isStrictList=1$>
Determines the type of option list:
```xml
<if #active.fieldOptionListType like "*multi*"$>
  <$exec isMultiOption=1$>
<elseif #active.fieldOptionListType like "access*"$>
  <$exec isAccessList=1$>
  <$exec isStrictList=1$>
<elseif not (#active.fieldOptionListType like "*combo*"))$>
  <!--Strict choice-->
  <$exec isStrictList=1$>
</endif$>

**See Also**
- isMultiOption (page -414)
**ISSubAdmin**

**Type and Usage**
- [Conditional Dynamic Variables](#) (page -1)
- [Internal Security](#) (page -33)
- [Users](#) (page -37)

**Description**
Checks whether the current user has subadministrator rights to at least one administrative application.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the user has subadministrator rights.
- Returns FALSE if the user does not have subadministrator rights.

**Example**
Checks whether the user is logged in and has subadministrator rights before performing a function.

```html
<@dynamichtml subscription_action_script@>
  function allowSubscription(form)
  {
    <!--[if IsLoggedIn]>
    <![if IsSubAdmin]>
    <!--[else]>
    ...
    <![endif]>
    <![endif]>
  }
<@end@>
```
**IsSun**

**Type and Usage**
- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Clients (page -3)

**Description**
Checks whether the client browser is running on a Sun machine.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the client browser is running on Sun.
- Returns FALSE if the client browser is not running on Sun.

**Example**
Redirects to a different URL if the browser is running on Sun:

```$if IsSun$
    <a href="$redirect$">
    <$endif$>
**IsSysManager**

**Type and Usage**
- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Internal Security (page -33)
- Users (page -37)

**Description**
Checks if the current user has the `sysmanager` role, meaning the user has access to the Admin Server. This variable is usually used to conditionally display specific navigation links.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the user has the `sysmanager` role.
- Returns FALSE if the user does not have the role.
**ISTHUMBNAILPRESENT**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

**Description**
Enables the Thumbnails functionality.
- When set to TRUE, the Thumbnails program is enabled.
- When set to FALSE, the Thumbnails program is disabled.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
IsThumbnailPresent=true

**See Also**
- CreatePDFThumbnails (page -104)
- ImageAlchemyExePath (page -334)
IS_TRUE

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Idoc Script (page -23)

Description
Checks if a string or expression evaluates to TRUE.

Parameters
Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is the string or expression to be evaluated.

Output
If the parameter is a string:
- Returns TRUE if the string begins with T, t, Y, y, or is “1”.
- Returns FALSE if the string begins with any other character.

If the parameter is not a string:
- Returns TRUE if the value is not 0.
- Returns FALSE if the value is 0.

Example
Evaluates the string “yes” and returns TRUE (1):
<$isTrue("yes")$>

Evaluates that the integer five is greater than one and returns TRUE (1):
<$isTrue(5>1)$>

Evaluates the result of the equation as zero and returns FALSE (0):
<$isTrue(1-1)$>
Evaluates the string equality statement as true and returns TRUE (1):
```
<isTrue(strEquals("abc","abc"))>
```

**See Also**
- `isFalse` (page 389)
**ISUPDATE**

**Type and Usage**

- [Page Display Variables](#) (page -25)
- [Page Display](#) (page -26)

**Description**

Specifies if the current page is a content information update page.

- When set to TRUE, the current page is identified as a content information update page.
- When set to FALSE, the current page is not identified as a content information update page.

**Output**

- Returns TRUE if the page is a content information update page.
- Returns FALSE if the page is not a content information update page.

**Example**

Set at the top of a page:

```plaintext
isUpdate=1
```

Used as script:

```plaintext
<$if isCheckin or isUpdate or isQuery$>
  <$isFormSubmit = 1$>
  <$if not isQuery$>
    <$isEditMode = 1$>
      <$formName = "Checkin"$>
      <$endif$>
    <$else$>
      <$isFormSubmit = ""$>
      <$isEditMode = ""$>
    <$endif$>
  <$endif$>
$$
ISUPLOADFIELDSCRIPT

Type and Usage

- Page Display Variables (page -25)
- Page Display (page -26)

Description

Specifies that an include is being used inside JavaScript. It is used to determine how metadata fields are uploaded.

- When set to TRUE, the include is being used inside JavaScript.
- When set to FALSE, the include is being used inside JavaScript.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the include is being used inside JavaScript.
- Returns FALSE if the include is not being used inside JavaScript.

Example

Set in the include that defines the JavaScript wrapper:

```html
<@dynamichtml std_upload_java_script@>
    <script language="JavaScript">
        // Java script for uploading.
        <$isUploadFieldScript = 1$>
        <$include std_upload_info_script$>
        <$isUploadFieldScript = "$"$>
    </script>
</@end@>

Used as script:

<$if isUploadFieldScript$>
    <$defaultFieldInclude = "std_file_entry"$>
<$else$>
    <$defaultFieldInclude = "std_nameentry_row"$>
    <$fieldCaptionInclude = "std_field_caption"$>
    <$fieldEntryInclude = "std_file_entry"$>
<$endif$>
ISUPLOADSOCKETS

Type and Usage

- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- External Security (page -34)
- Clients (page -3)

Description

Used by the Upload applet to determine whether the upload socket should be used.

- This is an internal flag set by the content server and is not intended for user configuration.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the upload socket is defined for use with the Upload applet.
- Returns FALSE if the upload socket should not be used.

Example

N/A
**ISUSEREMAILPRESENT**

**Type and Usage**
- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Users (page -37)

**Description**
Checks whether an e-mail address is defined for the current user.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if an e-mail address is defined for the user.
- Returns FALSE if an e-mail address is not defined for the user.

**Example**
Checks whether the user is logged in and has an e-mail address before performing a function.

```html
<@dynamichtml subscription_action_script@>
  function allowSubscription(form) {
    <$if IsLoggedIn$>
    <$if IsUserEmailPresent$>
      ...
    <$else$>
      ...
    <$else$>
      ...
  }
<@end@>
```
**isUserOverrideSet**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Internal Security (page -33)
- Users (page -37)

**Description**
Enables users to check in content for other users.
- This affects the Author option list on checkin pages. By default, only administrators are allowed to specify another user as the Author during checkin.

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is the value TRUE or FALSE.

**Output**
Evaluates to TRUE if the user override is enabled.

**Example**
Enables users to check in content items with another user specified as the Author:

```
<isUserOverrideSet(true)>
```

**See Also**
- ExclusiveCheckout (page -198)
ISVALIDATEFILE

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Used as a parameter to the Upload applet. This variable verifies that the file to be uploaded exists. In order to be used, a component must be created that overwrites the applet definition as defined in the std_multiupload_applet_definition include in the std_page.htm resource file.

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

isValidateFile=true
ISVERBOSETRACE

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Debugging (page -16)

Description
Checks whether a “section” is being traced in the core.
- Verbose trace generates a full report.

Output
- Returns TRUE if tracing is set to Verbose.
- Returns FALSE if tracing is set to any other debug level.

Example
<$isVerboseTrace()$>

See Also
- isActiveTrace (page -364)
ISWEBSERVERPAGESONLY

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Used with the ExtranetLook component. This variable determines if cookie-based authentication is used or not. See the Managing System Settings and Processes Guide for details about using the ExtranetLook functionality.

- When ISWEBSERVERPAGESONLY is set to TRUE, basic authentication is used and cookie-based logon/logoff functionality is disabled. Customized versions of the web server filter are used.
- If set to FALSE, cookie-based authentication is used.

Location

- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

Example

ISWEBSERVERPAGESONLY=FALSE

See Also

- CookieAuthTimeoutInDays (page -100)
- CookieProxyPassword (page -101)
ISWINDOWS

Type and Usage

- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Clients (page -3)

Description

Checks whether the client browser is running on a Windows operating system.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the client browser is running on Windows.
- Returns FALSE if the client browser is not running on Windows.

Example

Redirects to a different URL if the browser is running on Windows:

```<$if IsWindows$>
    <a href="<$redirect$>">
    <$endif$>
ISWORKFLOW

Type and Usage
- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Workflow (page -40)

Description
Checks if the content item on a checkin page is in a workflow.

Output
- Returns TRUE if the content item is in a workflow.
- Returns FALSE if the content item is not in the workflow.
**ISXML**

**Type and Usage**

- **Setable Variables** (page -32)
- **Debugging** (page -16)

**Description**

Displays a raw dump of the HTML form when set to TRUE in a URL to a HCSP or HCSF file. This is useful for extracting form data or submitting forms from a remote application.

**Output**

- Returns the XML data contained in the form.

**See Also**

- *IsJava*
- *IsSoap*
**ISZONEFIELD**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Searching](#) (page -31)

**Description**
Used with Verity Integration. Verity Integration is an add-on product available for purchase for use with Content Server.

This function returns TRUE if the specified metadata field is present in a Verity zone. Zones are used to optimize Verity search performance. If the field is in a zone, the search query syntax must be slightly different.

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter:
- The name of the field to be checked.
**JDBCConnectionString**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Database](#) (page -15)

**Description**
Defines the Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) connection (SQL Server Data Source Name), including the hostname, port number, and instance name.

- This setting is automatically configured during content server installation if there are no network errors that make it impossible for the system to connect to the database. This setting must be changed manually if the database is changed or if the system could not find the database during content server installation.
- If the runtime version of Microsoft Access or MSDE is used, there are no database configuration options to set.
- Default is `JdbcConnectionString=JDBC:ODBC:SQLForInstance_name`.

**Location**
- System Properties—Database tab—JDBC Connection String
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Defines the JDBC connection path:
```
JdbcConnectionString=jdbc:oracle:thin:@hostname:port_number:instance_name
```

**See Also**
- `JdbcDriver` (page -452)
**JDBC**

### Type and Usage
- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [Database](page -15)

### Description
Defines the Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) device driver name.

- This setting is automatically configured during content server installation if there are no network errors that make it impossible for the system to connect to the database. This setting must be manually changed if the database is changed or if the system could not find the database during the installation.
- If the runtime version of Microsoft Access or MSDE is used, there are no database configuration options to set.
- There is no default value.

### Location
- System Properties—Database tab—JDBC Driver options/JDBC Driver Name
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

### Example
Defines the JDBC device driver:

`JdbcDriver=oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver`

### See Also
- [IsJdbc](page -405)
- [JdbcConnectionString](page -451)
**JDBCPASSWORD**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Database (page -15)

**Description**
 Defines the SQL Server database password.
- There is no default value.

**Location**
- System Properties—Database tab—JDBC User Password
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```text
JdbcPassword=password
```

**See Also**
- JdbcUser (page -455)
- JdbcPasswordEncoding (page -454)
JDBCPasswordEncoding

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Database (page -15)

Description
Defines the type of encoding to use when storing the SQL Server database password.
- To disable password encryption, set this value to ClearText.
- Default is Intradoc.
- If any other nonempty value is assigned, no encoding is performed.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
JdbcPasswordEncoding=ClearText
**JDBCUser**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Database](#) (page -15)

**Description**
Defines the SQL Server database user name.
- Default is sa.

**Location**
- System Properties—Database tab—JDBC User Name
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
JdbcUser=sa
```

**See Also**
- [JdbcPassword](#) (page -453)
Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Strings (page -35)

Description

Formats a string for use in a “...” JavaScript literal string declaration.

- This function performs string manipulation such as changing double quotes to single quotes.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is the string.

Output

Returns a string formatted for use in a JavaScript string declaration.

Example

Formats the string `variablestring` for use in a JavaScript string declaration:

```
<$js("variablestring")>
```
JSFILENAME

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Schema (page -30)

Description

Used by schema. Encodes a string that may contain non-ASCII characters into the valid filename strings required for the operating system and Java Script (performs an encoding function).

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is the string to be encoded.

Output

Returns an encoded string.

Example

<$jsFilename(fileNam)$>
**JspAdminQuery**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [JSP](#) (page -25)

**Description**
Defines which files are to be made available as web application files.

- This setting is generally used to define the query to find the web application archiver (.war file) when deploying the Stellent JavaBean.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

JspAdminQuery=dExtension <matches> war

**See Also**
- [IsJspServerEnabled](#) (page -408)
**JspDefaultIndexPage**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- JSP (page -25)

**Description**
Defines the default page for a web application.
- This is a comma-separated list of file names that defines a search sequence. If the first file is not present, the second file will be the default page, and so on.
- Default is `index.html,index.htm,index.jsp`.

**Location**
`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
JspDefaultIndexPage=index.html,index.htm,index.jsp
```

**See Also**
- IsJspServerEnabled (page -408)
**JSPENABLEDGROUPS**

**Type and Usage**

- [Configuration Variables](#)
- [JSP](#)

**Description**

Defines the security groups to be enabled for Java Server Page functionality.

- Since Java Server Pages usually have full privileges to any resource on the hosting machine, it can be important to restrict Java Server Pages to security groups which allow only contributors with certain permissions.

**Location**

- System Properties—Server tab—Jsp Enabled Groups
- Admin Server—General Configuration—Jsp Enabled Groups
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

```
JspEnabledGroups=jsp,group1
```

**See Also**

- [IsJspServerEnabled](#) (page -408)
**JVMCOMMANDLINE**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)
- Inbound Refinery (page -9)

**Description**
Defines the location of the executable for the Java Virtual Machine command line.
- There is no default value.

**Location**
- Content server: `<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg`
- Admin Server: `<install_dir>/admin/bin/intradoc.cfg`
- Inbound Refinery: `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```
JvmCommandLine="c:/jdk1.3.1/bin/java.exe" -classpath $CLASSPATH
$STARTUPCLASS
```
LASTENTRYTS

Type and Usage

- Workflow Variables (page -37)
- Workflow (page -40)
- Date and Time (page -16)

Description

Retrieves the timestamp from the last time the workflow step was entered.

- This variable can be used to create conditional statements, but it should not be hard-coded or altered.
- The last entry time is localized in the companion file and maintained in the key:
  `<step_name>@<workflow_name>.lastEntryTs`

Output

Returns the timestamp in the format defined by `dateCurrent` (page -114).

Example

The following code defines a jump called `LastEntry`, which exits to the parent workflow and notifies the reviewers if the last time the step was entered was more than one week ago:

```xml
<$if parseDate(wfCurrentGet("lastEntryTs")) < parseDate(dateCurrent(-7))$>
  <$wfSet("WfJumpName","LastEntry")$>
  <$wfSet("WfJumpTargetStep",wfExit(0,0))$>
  <$wfSet("WfJumpNotifyOff","0")$>
<$endif$>
```
**LatestReleasedTimestampTimeout**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Dynamic Converter](#) (page -14)

**Description**
Defines the minimum interval in milliseconds at which the timestamp of a converted content item will be checked.

- For a particular cached web-viewable file, Dynamic Converter will consult the timestamp again only after the time specified by this setting has passed.
- If the timestamp of a cached content item has changed, Dynamic Converter reconverts the file.
- Default is 1500 milliseconds (1.5 seconds).

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```
LatestReleasedTimestampTimeout=60000
```

**See Also**
- [EnableOptimizedLatestReleaseQuerying](#) (page -188)
Type and Usage
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Localization (page -25)

Description
Retrieves the value of a localization string based on the current user’s locale.

Parameters
Takes one required parameter and any number of optional parameters:
- The first parameter is the localization key (such as `apLabelHelp` or `wwMyString`).
- The optional parameters are expressions that are resolved according to arguments inside curly braces in the localized string (for example, `{1}`).

Note: For information on localization strings and locales, see Using Content Server in International Environments.

Output
- Returns the value of the localization string for the current user’s locale.
- Returns the string ID (such as `wwMyString`) if the value is not found.

Example
Retrieves the options for metadata search operators on a search page:
```xml
<select name="op" >
    <option value="Contains"><$lc("wwContains")$>
    <option value="Matches"><$lc("wwMatches")$>
    <option value="Starts"><$lc("wwStarts")$>
    <option value="Ends"><$lc("wwEnds")$>
    <option selected value="Substring"><$lc("wwSubstring")$>
</select>
```
Sets the subject line for a “workflow started” notification e-mail. If the name of the workflow \((dWfName)\) is \(Marketing\), the resulting value in English is “Workflow 'Marketing' has been started.”

\(<@\text{dynamichtml} \text{wf\_started\_subject}@>\)

\(<\text{lce}("wwWfStarted", dWfName)>\)

\(<@\text{end}@>\)
**LC\texttt{CAPTION}**

**Type and Usage**

- [Global Functions](#) (page -20)
- [Localization](#) (page -25)

**Description**

Function that wraps a string into a caption. This will usually place a colon to the right of the string. For right-to-left reading languages, such as Hebrew and Arabic, the colon is placed on the left of the string.

**Parameters**

Takes one required parameter:

- The string to be wrapped.
- Optional parameters are expressions that are resolved according to arguments inside curly braces in the localized string (for example, \{1\}).
**LDAPAdminDN**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [External Security](#) (page -34)

**Description**
Specifies a user name that has Read permission for the LDAP server.
- If this setting is not defined, the provider will connect to the LDAP server anonymously.
- If the LDAP provider is communicating with Active Directory, a user name and password is required, and must be a valid domain user in the format `DOMAIN\username`.

**Location**
- Add/Edit LDAP Provider page—LDAP Admin DN
- `<install_dir>/data/providers/provider_name/provider.hda`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
LdapAdminDN=ldap_admin
```

**See Also**
- [LdapAdminPassword](#) (page -468)
**LDAPADMINPASSWORD**

Type and Usage

- [Configuration Variables](#)
- [External Security](#)

Description

Specifies the password for the `LdapAdminDN` setting, which specifies a user name that has Read permission for the LDAP server.

Location

- Add/Edit LDAP Provider page—LDAP Admin Password
- `<install_dir>/data/providers/provider_name/provider.hda`

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

```
LdapAdminPassword=idc2
```

See Also

- `LdapAdminDN` (page 467)
**LDAPPORT**

**Type and Usage**

- [Configuration Variables](#)
- [External Security](#)

**Description**

Defines the port number the LDAP server listens on.

- Default is 389, unless you are using SSL.
- If you are using SSL (see [UseSecureLdap](#)), set this value to 636.

**Location**

- Add/Edit LDAP Provider page—LDAP Port
- `<install_dir>/data/providers/provider_name/provider.hda`

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

```
LdapPort=636
```

**See Also**

- [UseSecureLdap](#)
**LDAPServer**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [External Security](page -34)

**Description**
Host name of the LDAP server.
- If the provider is communicating with Active Directory, this should be the host name of a primary domain controller.

**Location**
- Add/Edit LDAP Provider page—LDAP Server
- `<install_dir>/data/providers/provider_name/provider.hda`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

`LDAPServer=iplanet_dir`
**LDAPSuffix**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [External Security](#) (page -34)

**Description**
Specifies the root suffix (naming context) to use for all LDAP operations (such as `o=company.com` or `dc=company,dc=com`).
- All mapping of LDAP groups to content server roles and accounts will begin at this root.
- Do not include spaces before or after commas.

**Location**
- Add/Edit LDAP Provider page—LDAP Suffix
- `<install_dir>/data/providers/provider_name/provider.hda`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```
LdapSuffix=dc=company,dc=com
```
**LKDISABLEONREBUILD**

**Type and Usage**
- Link Manager Configuration Variables (page -18)
- Searching (page -31)

**Description**

Used with the Link Manager functionality.

This variable controls link extraction during the indexing rebuild cycle.

If set to TRUE, this variable prevents Link Manager from extracting links during the index rebuild cycle. If set to FALSE, links are extracted.

The default is FALSE.

**Note:** Because Link Manager does all of its work during the indexing cycle, it will increase the amount of time required to index documents and to rebuild collections.

However, the time taken may not be noticeable because most of the time is spent indexing the document into the collection. The amount of time required depends on the type and size of the documents involved. That is, if the file needs to be converted, this requires more time than text-based (HTML) files.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

LkDisableOnRebuild=TRUE

**See Also**

- Managing Repository Content Guide for details about using Link Manager.
**LkDisableReferenceInfo**

**Type and Usage**
- Link Manager Configuration Variables (page -18)
- Searching (page -31)

**Description**
Used with the Link Manager functionality.

This variable enables or disables the Resources section on the Content Information page. If set to TRUE, it configures the Content Server to suppress the References section. Link Manager then does not compute the link references for presentation.

If set to FALSE, Content Server displays the Show and Hide toggle switches on the Content Information page. By clicking on the toggle switch, link references are displayed or concealed.

The default is FALSE.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

```
LkDisableReferenceInfo=TRUE
```

**See Also**

- Managing Repository Content Guide for details about using Link Manager.
**LkDisallowConversionFormats**

**Type and Usage**
- [Link Manager Configuration Variables](#) (page -18)
- [Searching](#) (page -31)

**Description**
Used with the Link Manager functionality.

This variable provides a list of file formats that Link Manager disregards during the link extraction process. By default, this is empty.

There are some file formats (such as Word) that need to be converted by HtmlExport before links can be extracted. However, links in text-based file formats (HTML) can be extracted by Link Manager without requiring conversion by HtmlExport.

For example, you may have PHP files (or files in some other custom format) that are actually text-based. For such files, conversion by HtmlExport may not be necessary before Link Manager processes them for link extraction. Such formats can be listed in this configuration variable.

**Parameters**
The only parameter(s) are the formats.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Examples**
In the following example, specifying the full MIME type format limits the variations of the listed types that are excluded. For example, listing application/msword will not exclude application/vnd.msword or other variations. In this case, you must include each specific MIME type variation in the list that you want to exclude.

LkDisallowConversionFormats=application/msword,audio/wav,video/avi

In the following example, all variations of each MIME type in the list are excluded. Using the shortened format of the MIME type is more advantageous in that it allows greater flexibility.
LkDisallowConversionFormats=msword,wav,avi

**Important:** Link Manager does not use HtmlExport to convert files that contain any of the following strings in the file format: hcs, htm, image, text, xml, jsp, and asp. These files are handled by Link Manager without need for conversion. To check the current file formats and extension mappings of your system, use the File Formats window in the Configuration Manager.

**See Also**

– *Managing Repository Content Guide* for details about using Link Manager.
LKISSECURESEARCH

Type and Usage
- Link Manager Configuration Variables (page -18)
- Searching (page -31)

Description
Used with the Link Manager functionality.
This variable is used to manage security restriction checks for non-admin users during a link search.
If set to TRUE, this configures Link Manager to perform a security check on non-admin users while implementing a managed link search. This is the default setting.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
LkIsSecureSearch=TRUE

See Also
- Managing Repository Content Guide for details about using Link Manager.
**LkReExtractOnRebuild**

**Type and Usage**

- [Link Manager Configuration Variables](#) (page -18)
- [Searching](#) (page -31)

**Description**

Used with the Link Manager functionality.

This variable controls link extraction from previously indexed documents during a rebuild. If set to TRUE, it configures Link Manager to extract links from documents as they are indexed into the system during a rebuild. This is the default setting.

If set to FALSE, this prevents Link Manager from extracting links from documents as they are indexed into the system during a rebuild.

**Note:** Because Link Manager does all of its work during the indexing cycle, it will increase the amount of time required to index documents and to rebuild collections.

However, the time taken may not be noticeable since most of the time is spent indexing the document into the collection. Although, the amount of time required does depend on the type and size of the documents involved. That is, if the file needs to be converted, this requires more time than text-based (HTML) files.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

```
LkReExtractOnRebuild=FALSE
```

**See Also**

- Managing Repository Content Guide for details about using Link Manager.
**LkRefreshBatchSize**

**Type and Usage**
- Link Manager Configuration Variables (page -18)
- Searching (page -31)

**Description**

Used to control the number of links submitted to Site Studio during a refresh process. By default, the batch size value is set to 100.

Depending on the value, this configuration variable can make the refresh processes more (or less) receptive to an abort request. The calculation for LkRefreshErrorsAllowed is completed after, not during, each batch process. Therefore, the lower the value for LkRefreshBatchSize, the more likely it is that the refresh activity will promptly terminate because the number of allowed errors is more quickly exceeded.

**Tech Tip:** If you are using Site Studio, LkRefreshBatchSize enables you to have better control over the refresh abort option than using the combined LkRefreshErrorPercent and LkRefreshErrorThreshold settings. For example, if you set the percent value to 5 and the threshold value to 20, you would expect the refresh activity to abort after the first error. However, Link Manager might actually process more than one error before aborting.

The reason for this is that during refresh activities, all the links recognized as Site Studio links (or those requiring Site Studio processing) are grouped and sent to Site Studio as a batch. Consequently, refreshes are more efficient, but abort requests are unresponsive during this time because Site Studio is unaware of aborts and total error counts.

However, Site Studio is aware of the number of errors it has encountered in the current batch. For this reason, the Link Manager’s abort calculation can not take place in all situations and the error configuration values (percent and threshold) are simply suggestions to Link Manager for when an abort should occur. Using LkRefreshBatchSize, however, enables you to more accurately control the abort receptivity during refresh activities that involve Site Studio link batches.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg
Example

Used as a configuration entry:
LkRefreshBatchSize=200

See Also

– Managing Repository Content Guide for details about using Link Manager.
**LKREFRESHERRORPERCENT**

**Type and Usage**
- Link Manager Configuration Variables (page -18)
- Searching (page -31)

**Description**
Used with Link Manager functionality.

This variable is used with LkRefreshErrorThreshold to compute if the refresh activity should be aborted. When the refresh activity processes more links than the threshold value, Link Manager calculates the proportion of errors. If the number of errors exceeds the percent value, the refresh activity is aborted.

The percent value is set to 10 by default.

**Note:** If you choose to set a value for LkRefreshErrorsAllowed, it could override the combination of threshold and percent values. For example, if the value is less than the calculated threshold/percent value for links/errors, then the refresh activity could abort even if the number of links processed does not exceed the threshold limit. Therefore, it is recommended that you use either the LkRefreshErrorsAllowed configuration setting or the combination of the LkRefreshErrorThreshold and LkRefreshErrorPercent configuration settings.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
LkRefreshErrorPercent=20

**See Also**
- Managing Repository Content Guide for details about using Link Manager.
- LkRefreshErrorsAllowed (page -481)
- LkRefreshErrorThreshold (page -482)
**LkRefreshErrorsAllowed**

**Type and Usage**

- [Link Manager Configuration Variables](#) (page -18)
- [Searching](#) (page -31)

**Description**

Used with Link Manager functionality.

This variable sets an absolute error count for refresh processes. When the set number of errors is encountered, the refresh activity aborts. This configuration setting is not used by default.

**Note:** If you choose to set a value for LkRefreshErrorsAllowed, it could override the combination of threshold and percent values. For example, if the value is less than the calculated threshold/percent value for links/errors, then the refresh activity could abort even if the number of links processed does not exceed the threshold limit. Therefore, it is recommended that you use either the LkRefreshErrorsAllowed configuration setting or the combination of the LkRefreshErrorThreshold and LkRefreshErrorPercent configuration settings.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

LkRefreshErrorsAllowed=10

**See Also**

- Managing Repository Content Guide for details about using Link Manager.
- [LkRefreshErrorPercent](#) (page -480)
- [LkRefreshErrorThreshold](#) (page -482)
LKREFRESHERROFFRTHRESHOLD

Type and Usage

- Link Manager Configuration Variables (page -18)
- Searching (page -31)

Description

Used with Link Manager functionality.

This variable is used with LkRefreshErrorPercent to compute if the refresh activity should be aborted. When the refresh activity processes more links than the threshold value, Link Manager calculates the proportion of errors. If the number of errors exceeds the percent value, the refresh activity is aborted.

The threshold value is set to 100 by default.

Note: If you choose to set a value for LkRefreshErrorsAllowed, it could override the combination of threshold and percent values. For example, if the value is less than the calculated threshold/percent value for links/errors, then the refresh activity could abort even if the number of links processed does not exceed the threshold limit. Therefore, it is recommended that you use either the LkRefreshErrorsAllowed configuration setting or the combination of the LkRefreshErrorThreshold and LkRefreshErrorPercent configuration settings.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
LkRefreshErrorThreshold=200

See Also

- Managing Repository Content Guide for details about using Link Manager.
- LkRefreshErrorsAllowed (page -481)
- LkRefreshErrorPercent (page -480)
**LMDefaultLayout**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Content Server (page -6)

**Description**
Defines the default layout to use (for example, Top Menus or Trays).
The default installation value is Trays.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
LMDefaultLayout=Top Menus
**LMDEFAULTSKIN**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Content Server (page -6)

**Description**
Defines the default skin to use (for example, Collegiate, Stellent, Windows).
The default installation value is Stellent.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
LMDefaultSkin=Collegiate
**LMGETLAYOUT**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Content Server (page -6)

**Description**
Retrieves the layout selected by the user (for example, Top Menus or Trays).

**Parameters**
None.

**Example**

```<$lmGetLayout()$>``

**See Also**
- lmGetSkin (page -486)
**LMGETSKIN**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Content Server (page -6)

**Description**
Retrieves the skin selected by the user.

**Parameters**
None.

**Example**
<lmGetSkin()>

**See Also**
- lmGetLayout (page -485)
LOADCOLLECTIONINFO

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Searching (page -31)

Description

Loads metadata for a search collection.

- Used by the search service to load metadata about a search collection.
- This function is not intended for user configuration.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The name of the search collection to be loaded.

Output

None.

Example

Loads search collection information:

<${loadCollectionInfo(collection_name)}$>
LOADDOCMETADEFINITION

Type and Usage
- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)

Description
Loads the DocMetaDefinition database table into the active data as a ResultSet.
- After the DocMetaDefinition database table is loaded, it can be looped on.

Parameters
None.

Output
None.

Example
Loads the DocMetaDefinition table into the active data as a ResultSet.
<$loadDocMetaDefinition()$>
LOADDOCUMENTPROFILE

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Content Profiles (page -6)

Description

Loads a content profile as specified by the trigger value for page presentation. This is called during the presentation of Search, Check In, Info, and Update pages. This function is called on request and the page on which it is called determines the action (for example, search, or info).

This information is dependent on context. The isCheckin, isUpdate, isQuery, or isInfo variables are set in local data and direct the loadDocumentProfile function to the page to be loaded and presented.

Parameters

None.

Output

None.

Example

<$loadDocumentProfile()$>

See Also

- utLoadDocumentProfiles (page -878)
LOAD ENTERPRISE SEARCH COLLECTIONS

Type and Usage
- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)

Description
This function loads the ResultSet EnterpriseSearchCollections, used to display a list of remote Content Servers that can be queried with Enterprise Search. This data is used on a Search page to allow the user to select which servers to query.

Parameters
Takes one parameter:
- When set to zero, the ResultSet will not include the names of servers that are automatically searched.
LOAD ENTERPRISE SEARCH RESULTS

Type and Usage
- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)

Description
This function renames certain ResultSets on the page in order to support Enterprise Search. It is used when looping over the ResultSet EnterpriseSearchResults. It loads the ResultSet from the specific server and renames it to SearchResults. This helps to simplify the IdocScript used on the Search Results page.

Parameters
- None
LOADSCHEMADATA

Type and Usage
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Schema (page -30)

Description
Loads the data from a schema resultset into the local data of the current data binder.

Parameters
This function can take zero, one, or two parameters.
- If passed zero arguments, it fills the data binder with the data in the active resultset’s row. Returns no value.
- If passed one argument, the argument is the name of the resultset to get the values from the current row. Returns no value.
- If passed two arguments, the first argument is the resultset name and the second argument is the key identifying the data object to load. Returns 0 if the data does not exist or 1 if it does exist. The use is True() or False() to conditionally execute scripts based on the return value.

Example
<$loadSchemaData()$>

See Also
- clearSchemaData (page -70)
LOAD SEARCH OPERATOR TABLES

Type and Usage
- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)

Description
Loads mappings between the full set of operator names and the search syntax
- Used on the Search page.

Parameters
- None

Output
Returns expressions associated with operator names (search operator map).

Example
<{$loadSearchOperatorTables()$>
LOADUSERMETADEFINITION

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)

Description

This function loads the custom user metadata definition. This exists in the UserMetaDefinition table which is placed on the page as a ResultSet. This is used on LDAP administration pages to help administrators map user metadata to the Content Server.

Parameters

None.
**LocaleArchiverDateFormat**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Localization (page -25)
- Archiver (page -2)

**Description**
Specifies the naming format for Archiver batch file subdirectories. Often used when exporting and importing with different versions of Content Server.
- Default is `yy-MMM-dd_HH.mm.ss_SSS`. For example, `03-feb-04_15.04.14_174`.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```
LocaleArchiverDateFormat=dd-mm-yy
```
LOCALGROUPSERVER

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- External Security (page -34)

Description

Specifies a Windows Server on which local groups are treated like global (domain) groups for NTLM security.

- When the UseLocalGroups (page -836) setting is TRUE, local groups on the Windows Server specified by this setting are mapped to roles and accounts as if they were global (domain) groups in the default master domain.
- Default is the domain controller of the default master domain.

Location

- Configure NT Domain Security page— Local Group Server
- <install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
LocalGroupServer=server1

See Also

- UseLocalGroups (page -836)
LOCAL \textsc{PageType} \par

\textbf{Type and Usage} \par
- \textit{Page Display Variables} (page -25) \par
- \textit{Page Display} (page -26) \par

\textbf{Description} \par
This function returns the page type for a page in the library folders. This may be a directory or a query page. This function is usually used by the Layout Manager API. When \textit{Trays} is the selected layout it is used to construct a tree view of the library’s pages. \par

\textbf{Parameters} \par
Takes one parameter: \par
- The link data used to construct the tree view.
**LOGMESSAGEPREFIX**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)
- Debugging (page -16)

**Description**
Adds a prefix to log entries to designate which content server is creating the entry.
- Typically used in a master/proxy environment.
- There is no default value.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

```
LogMessagePrefix=Master
```
**LogName**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Debugging (page -16)
- Content Server (page -6)

**Description**
Specifies the file name of the log file created by the Content Server Analyzer utility.
- This log file will be created in the directory specified by the `IdcAnalyzeLogDir` (page -323) setting.
- Default is `IdcAnalyze.log`.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
As a configuration setting:
LogName=contentserver1_analyze.log

**See Also**
- `IdcAnalyzeLogDir` (page -323)
- `SafeDir` (page -686)
- `TempDir` (page -787)
LOGWITHCONNECTIONNAME

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Inbound Refinery (page -9)
- Debugging (page -16)

Description

Adds the connection name to Inbound Refinery logs.

- When set to TRUE, each log entry starts with the string “The connection <ConnectionName> logs:”. This is helpful when multiple refineries are pointed at one content server.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

LogWithConnectionName=true
MACSUPPORTSSIGNEDAPPLETS

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)
- Clients (page -3)

Description

Enables the Upload and Download Applets for Macintosh clients.

- Used only when Macintosh clients are used.
- When set to TRUE, Macintosh clients can use the Upload and Download Applets for checking multiple files in and out.
- When set to FALSE, Macintosh clients cannot use the Upload and Download Applets.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

MacSupportsSignedApplets=true
**MAILSERVER**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [Content Server](page -6)

**Description**
Defines the e-mail server that is used to process content server e-mails.
- E-mail support is required for workflow notifications, subscription notifications, and project notifications in Oracle Collaboration Server.
- There is no default value.

**Location**
- System Properties—Internet tab—Mail Server
- Admin Server—Internet Configuration—Mail Server
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
MailServer=mail.company.com
```

**See Also**
- [SysAdminAddress](page -778)
- [SmtpPort](page -742)
MAJORREVSEQ

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Items (page -4)

Description

Defines the major sequence for revision numbers.

**Note:** See Revision Label Sequence in the Content Server System Administration Guide for information on revision sequences.

- Returns the major revision label sequence (returns the value of the configuration setting).
- Returns a string.
- Default is 1-99.

Location

- System Properties—Options tab—Major Revision Label Sequence
- Admin Server—General Configuration—Major Revision Label Sequence
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

Example

As a configuration setting:

MajorRevSeq=A-Z

As script, returns the value of the configuration setting:

<$MajorRevSeq$>

See Also

- MinorRevSeq (page -525)
MAXARCHIVEERRORSALLOWED

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Archiver (page -2)

Description

Sets the number of errors after which the Archiver stops importing or exporting.
- Default is 50.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
MaxArchiveErrorsAllowed=10
**MAXCOLLECTIONSIZE**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Indexing (page -24)

**Description**
Defines the number of files to be passed to the Indexer in one batch.
- Valid range is 1 to 65535.
- A value of 2000 is recommended for large index collections. Lower values will result in inefficient indexing performance.
- Returns the number of files per batch.
- Default is 25.

**Location**
- Repository Manager—Indexer tab—Configure—Content Items Per Indexer Batch
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
As a configuration setting, defines the batch size:
```
MaxCollectionSize=25
```

As script, returns the value from configuration files:
```
<MaxCollectionSize>
```
**MAXCONVERSIONCACHESIZEINMEGS**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Dynamic Converter](#) (page -14)

**Description**
Defines the maximum size of the Dynamic Converter cache, in megabytes.

- When a cleanup scan is run (see [DatedCacheIntervalDays](#) (page -116)), the cache is cleaned up according to this setting as follows:
  - If the Dynamic Converter cache is larger than this size, the oldest cached files (determined by last access date) are deleted until the cache is smaller than this size.
  - If the Dynamic Converter cache is smaller than this size, only files that are older than the [ConversionCacheExpirationPeriodInDays](#) (page -98) and were not converted using conversion rules (forced or up front conversion) are deleted.
- Default is 10,000 (10 gigabytes).

**Location**

```
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg
```

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```
MaxConversionCacheSizeInMegs=5,000
```

**See Also**
- [ConversionCacheExpirationPeriodInDays](#) (page -98)
- [DatedCacheIntervalDays](#) (page -116)
MAXDOCINDEXERRORS

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Indexing (page -24)

Description
Sets the number of errors after which the Indexer stops indexing or rebuilding.
- Default is 50.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
MaxDocIndexErrors=50
MAXERRORSALLOWED

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Batch Loader (page -3)

Description
Sets the number of errors after which the Batch Loader stops processing records from the batch load file.

- If you plan to run the Batch Loader with a large number of content items overnight, then increase the default value. If you monitor the Batch Loader with a small amount of content items, then decrease the default value.

- Default is 50.
- Returns value as integer.

Location
<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
MaxErrorsAllowed=50
**MAXHITCOUNT**

**Type and Usage**

- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Searching](#) (page -31)

**Description**

Sets the maximum number of results that can be found during a search.

- Default is 100000.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

```
MaxDocIndexErrors=50000
```
MAXINTEGERALLOWED

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Sets the maximum value allowed in custom Integer metadata fields.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

As a configuration setting:
MaxIntegerAllowed=1000000

See Also

- MinIntegerAllowed (page -523)
MAXLENGTH

Type and Usage

- Common Field Display Variables (page -26)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description
Sets the maximum number of characters allowed in a metadata field.

Output
Returns the maximum length of the field.

Example
Sets the maximum length of the field to 100 characters:
<$maxLength=100$>

Specifies a custom field length based on the length of the current field:
<$customFieldLength = getValue("#active", fieldName & ":maxLength")$>
MAXMERGEBASECOUNT

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Indexing (page -24)

Description

Used with Verity Integration. Verity Integration is an add-on product available for purchase for use with Content Server.

Sets the frequency at which the Verity Indexer “auto tuneup” feature is executed.

- This value determines if “tuneup” parameters should be included in the Verity Indexer execution command. This value is a threshold that takes into account the number and file size of indexed files. Increasing this setting tends to decrease the frequency of automatic cleanup.

- Default is 200.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

AutoMaxMergeTrace=true

See Also

- DoAutoMaxMerge (page -161)
- AdditionalIndexBuildParams (page -10)
- ScriptDebugTrace (page -700)
MAXNUMBERCONVERTEDHISTORYSHOW

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Inbound Refinery (page -9)

Description

Defines how many conversions are displayed on the Inbound Refinery screen.

- Default is 50.

Location

<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

MaxNumberConvertedHistoryShow=25
**MAXNUMRECURSIVESTEPDEFINITIONS**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Inbound Refinery](#) (page -9)

**Description**
Specifies the maximum number of levels that recursion can be used when defining a custom conversion.

- A custom conversion engine can call another conversion, but to prevent loops, this setting limits the number of levels of such calls.
- Default is 2.

**Location**

<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

MaxNumRecursiveStepDefinitions=3
MAXQUERYROWS

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Sets the maximum number of rows that are displayed in the Repository Manager, Active Report pages, and the Work In Progress page.

- Increasing this value will slow response time.
- Default is 200.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
MaxQueryRows=50

See Also

- IsMaxRows (page -413)
MAXREQUESTTHREADCOUNT

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Sets the maximum number of simultaneous request threads.

- Default is 100.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

MaxRequestThreadCount=50
MAXRESULTS

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Searching (page -31)

Description

Sets the maximum number of content items returned from a search.

- Specifying a value overrides the programmed default.
- There is no default value.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
MaxResults=200
**MaxSavedSearchResults**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Searching](#) (page -31)

**Description**
Sets the maximum number of saved searches a user can make. Specifying a value overrides the default (10).

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
MaxSavedSearchResults=25
MAXSEARCHCONNECTIONS

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Searching (page -31)

Description

Sets the maximum number of search connections that are open at one time.

- For example, if MaxSearchConnections=5 and six search requests are made at the same time, the sixth request goes into a queue until one of the first five requests is completed.
- Default is 10.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
MaxSearchConnections=5
MAXSIZERESOURCEFILECACHEMILLIONS

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

**Description**
Sets the maximum size of resource files, in millions of double-byte characters.
- This value limits the size of files before they are read in and parsed.
- Multiply file sizes by 2.5 to get a better estimate of true size in memory.
- Default is 10.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
MaxSizeResourceFileCacheMillions=20
**MAXSTANDARDDATABASERESULTS**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

**Description**
Sets the maximum number of users displayed.
- This is valid for any applet that allows you to select users from a list.
- Default is 500.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
MaxStandardDatabaseResults=1000
**MEMOFIELDSIZE**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Field Display](#) (page -20)
- [Database](#) (page -15)

**Description**
Defines the field size created in the database for memo fields.
- Ensure that the database supports whatever size is chosen.
- Default is 255 characters.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
MemoFieldSize=300

**See Also**
- [MinMemoFieldSize](#) (page -524)
**MININTEGERALLOWED**

**Type and Usage**
- **Configuration Variables** (page 3)
- **Content Server** (page 6)

**Description**
Sets the minimum value allowed in custom Integer metadata fields.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
As a configuration setting:
MinIntegerAllowed=0

**See Also**
- **MaxIntegerAllowed** (page 510)
MINMEMOFIELDSIZE

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Field Display (page -20)
- Database (page -15)

Description

Defines the size at which a custom metadata field is defined as a memo field rather than a long text field.

- If the field sizes of the DocMeta table have been edited directly in the database, the content server classifies the varchar field types by their lengths.
- Default is 255 characters.
- The following field type rules apply when this setting is defined:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Type</th>
<th>Evaluation Rules</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Text</td>
<td>&lt;50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long Text</td>
<td>&gt;= 50 and &lt; MinMemoFieldSize</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Memo</td>
<td>&gt;= MinMemoFieldSize</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
MinMemoFieldSize=300

See Also

- MemoFieldSize (page -522)
**MINORREVSEQ**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Content Items](#) (page -4)

**Description**
Defines the minor sequence for revision numbers.

**Note:** See Revision Label Sequence in the Content Server System Administration Guide for information on revision sequences.

- Returns the minor revision label sequence (returns the value of the configuration setting).
- Returns a string.

**Location**
- System Properties—Options tab—Minor Revision Label Sequence
- Admin Server—General Configuration—Minor Revision Label Sequence
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
As a configuration setting:

```
MinorRevSeq=a-c
```

As script, returns the value of the configuration setting:

```
<$MinorRevSeq$>
```

**See Also**
- [MajorRevSeq](#) (page -503)
MSIE

Type and Usage

- **Value Variables** (page -33)
- **Clients** (page -3)

Description

Checks whether the client browser is Microsoft Internet Explorer.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the client browser is Internet Explorer.
- Returns FALSE if the client browser is not Internet Explorer.

Example

Redirects to a different URL if the browser is anything other than Internet Explorer:

```html
<$if not MSIE$>
    <a href="<$redirect$>">
<$/endif$>
```
MSPubexepath

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

Description
Defines the path for the MS Publisher executable file.
- Returns the path as a string.
- Default is an empty string.

Location
- Shared Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Paths tab—MS Publisher Executable Path
- \(<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
MSPubexePath=c:/Program Files/Microsoft Publisher/mspub.exe
MULTIUPLOAD

Type and Usage

- **Configuration Variables** (page -3)
- **Content Server** (page -6)
- **Clients** (page -3)

Description

Enables the multiple file Upload Applet.

- When set to TRUE, the Upload Applet is enabled so that multiple files can be zipped and checked in as a single content item.
- When set to FALSE, the Upload Applet is disabled.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

- System Properties—Options tab—Enable upload applet
- Admin Server—General Configuration—Enable upload applet
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

Example

As a configuration setting, enables the Upload Applet:

```
MultiUpload=true
```

As script, evaluates the condition of the Upload Applet:

```
<$MultiUpload$>
```

See Also

- [DownloadApplet](#) (page -171)
- [UploadApplet](#) (page -818)
NETWORKADMINGROUP

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- External Security (page -34)

Description
Maps a specific Windows network group to the admin role.
- Used with NTLM security.
- Default is Domain Admins.

Location

- Configure NT Domain Security page—Network Admin Group
- <install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

NetworkAdminGroup=admins
NEVERTIMEOUTFORCEDCONVERSIONSTEMPLETCHANGE

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Dynamic Converter (page -14)

Description

Defines whether Dynamic Converter will reconvert a file when the template or layout has changed.

- When set to TRUE, files that were converted by forced or up front conversion will not be reconverted when the template or layout is changed.
- If a conversion rule is changed to use a different template or layout, the normal evaluation logic is used.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

NeverTimeout ForcedConversions TemplateChange=true

See Also

- TimeoutChangedTemplateForcedConversionsInMins (page -802)
- TimeoutMismatchedForcedConversionsInMins (page -803)
NOAUTOMATION

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Disables all automated content server activity.

- This setting overrides the IsAutoArchiver (page -367), IsAutoQueue (page -369), and IsAutoSearch (page -370) settings.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

NoAutomation=true

See Also

- IsAutoArchiver (page -367)
- IsAutoQueue (page -369)
- IsAutoSearch (page -370)
NOINFOCOLUMN

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Searching (page -31)
- Page Display (page -26)

Description

Defines whether to display the Info column on search results pages.

- When set to TRUE, a column containing links to Content Information pages is displayed on the standard search results page.
- When set to FALSE, Info links are not displayed on the standard search results page.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

noInfoColumn=1

See Also

- showDocActions (page -735)
- showSearchResultsCheckoutColumn (page -739)
- noRevisionsColumn (page -535)
NoMatches

**Type and Usage**
- Value Variables (page -33)
- Searching (page -31)

**Description**
Checks whether matches were found from a search query.
- Generally used to display a message on the search results page.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if no matches were found.
- Returns FALSE if any matches were found.

**Example**
Displays text if no matches were found from a query:
```
<if NoMatches$>
  <p><font face="arial" size="2">Found no matches out of <$TotalDocsProcessed$> documents searched matching the query.</p>
<endif$>
```
**NO MCPREFILL**

**Type and Usage**
- [Page Display Variables](#) (page -25)
- [Page Display](#) (page -26)

**Description**
Specifies that the MultiCheckin component should not prefill metadata fields.
- This variable can be used on special pages such as custom HCST and Folders component pages.
- When set to TRUE, the MultiCheckin component will not prefill metadata fields.
- When set to FALSE, the MultiCheckin component will prefill metadata fields.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the MultiCheckin component will not prefill metadata fields.
- Returns FALSE if the MultiCheckin component will prefill metadata fields.

**Example**
Set near the top of the page:

```
noMCPrefill=1
```

Used as script:

```
<noMCPrefill>
```
**noRevisionsColumn**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [Searching](page -31)
- [Page Display](page -26)

**Description**
Defines whether to display the Revisions column on search results pages.

- When set to TRUE, a column containing links to Revision History pages is displayed on the standard search results page.
- When set to FALSE, Revision History links are not displayed on the standard search results page.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```
noRevisionsColumn=1
```

**See Also**
- [showDocActions](page -735)
- [showSearchResultsCheckoutColumn](page -739)
- [noInfoColumn](page -532)
NOSEARCHCONNECTIONCLOSEONDCCCHANGE

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Searching (page -31)

Description

Disables automatic closure of all search connections when a document has been modified (inserted, updated, or deleted).

Caution: Setting this to TRUE may lead to incorrect search results when the system is under high stress.

- When set to TRUE, search connections stay open even when a document is changed.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

NoSearchConnectionCloseOnDocChange=true
**NOTATIONFORREQUIREDFIELDS**

**Type and Usage**
- [Other Field Display Variables](#) (page -28)
- [Field Display](#) (page -20)

**Description**
Formats how a required metadata field is displayed.
- When set, the required field appears with the indicated string in front of the metadata field.
- The string is included in a cascading style sheet.
- If `StyleForRequiredFields` is defined, `NotationforRequiredFields` will be formatted in the style defined by `StyleForRequiredFields`.

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is the string.

**Location**
`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
To set an asterisk in front of a required field:
`NotationForRequiredFields= *`

**See Also**
- `StyleForRequiredFields` (page -774)
**NOTIFICATIONINTERVALINDAYS**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page 3)
- [Content Items](#) (page 4)

**Description**
This configuration variable defines how often a notification query is run. Notification queries define the criteria used to search for expired content.

*If NotificationIntervalInDays is not set, the default value is one day.*

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
NotificationIntervalInDays=3

**See Also**
- [EnableExpirationNotifier](#) (page 186)
- [NotificationMaximum](#) (page 539)
- [NotificationQuery](#) (page 540)
- [NotifyExtras](#) (page 542)
- [NotifyTime](#) (page 543)
NOTIFICATIONMAXIMUM

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Items (page -4)

Description

This configuration variable defines the maximum number of content items that will be returned by a notification query. Notification queries define the criteria used to search for expired content.

If NotificationMaximum is not set, the default value is 1000.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

NotificationMaximum=500

See Also

- EnableExpirationNotifier (page -186)
- NotificationIntervalInDays (page -538)
- NotificationQuery (page -540)
- NotifyExtras (page -542)
- NotifyTime (page -543)
NOTIFICATIONQUERY

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Items (page -4)

Description

This setting defines criteria for the automatic query that searches for expired content.

If NotificationQuery is not set, the default value is all content that expires in the next seven days.

Parameters

There is one parameter, the query to be used. The query can be one of the following. See the EXAMPLES section for sample queries.

- An Idoc script query, built from Idoc script.
- A URL encoded query. This uses the URL displayed in the web browser address when a search is performed.
- A plain text query which defines the search variables.

Note: If Verity is used as the search engine, email notifications cannot be sent for already expired content.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Idoc Script Example

When used in conjunction with database indexing, the following query provides email notification for all documents that expire in seven days:

NotificationQuery=dOutDate < `<$dateCurrent(7)$>`
URL Encoded Example

The following query returns all content expiring after August 1, 2007. The URL from the browser address line is copied, beginning with the `QueryText` portion:

```
NotificationQuery=QueryText=dOutDate+%3C+%608%2F1%2F06%60&SearchProviders= [...]}
```

Plain Text Query

The following query returns all content expiring after August 1, 2007:

```
NotificationQuery=8/1/07
```

See Also

- `EnableExpirationNotifier` (page -186)
- `NotificationIntervalInDays` (page -538)
- `NotificationMaximum` (page -539)
- `NotifyExtras` (page -542)
- `NotifyTime` (page -543)
**NOTIFYEXTRAS**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#)
- [Content Items](#)

**Description**
This configuration variable defines the users who will receive a list of expired content in addition to the authors of each content item. Notification queries define the criteria used to search for expired content.

If `NotifyExtras` is not set, the default value is `sysadmin`. If the `NotifyExtras` setting is in the config.cfg file but has no value defined, no extra notification is sent.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**

`NotificationExtras=jwilson, nadams`

**See Also**
- [EnableExpirationNotifier](#)
- [NotificationIntervalInDays](#)
- [NotificationMaximum](#)
- [NotificationQuery](#)
- [NotifyTime](#)
NOTIFYTIME

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Items (page -4)

Description

This configuration variable defines the time of day the notification query is run, specified in 24-hour notation. Notification queries define the criteria used to search for expired content.

If NotifyTime is not set, the default value is midnight (00:01).

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

The following example sets the time to 11:30 AM:
NotifyTime=11:30

The following example sets the time to 1:30 PM:
NotifyTime=13:30

See Also

- EnableExpirationNotifier (page -186)
- NotificationIntervalInDays (page -538)
- NotificationMaximum (page -539)
- NotificationQuery (page -540)
- NotifyExtras (page -542)
NTLMSECURITYENABLED

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- External Security (page -34)

Description

Enables Windows network authentication for the content server.
- This option is available only when using an IIS web server.
- When set to TRUE, users defined on a Windows network (NTLM) or in Active Directory can log in to the content server using their network credentials.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

- System Properties—Internet tab—Use Microsoft Security
- Admin Server—Internet Configuration—Use Microsoft Security
- <install_dir>/config/config.cfg
- <install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda

Example

Enables NTLM security:

NtlmSecurityEnabled=true

See Also

- UseNtlm (page -839)
- UseAdsi (page -823)
- AllowIntranetUsers (page -27)
- HasExternalUsers (page -276)
- DefaultAuth (page -125)
- IntradocRealm (page -361)
**NUMADDITIONALRENDITIONS**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Items (page -4)
- Inbound Refinery (page -9)

**Description**
Used by the Thumbnails program to set the number of renditions of a content item.
- When set to 0, thumbnails are not created on search results pages.
- When set to 1, thumbnails are created on search results pages.
- Default is 0.

**Location**
```
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg
```

**Example**
Used to determine if `useThumbnails` should be set:
```
<@dynamichtml searchapi_result_definitions@>
  <$if NumAdditionalRenditions and NumAdditionalRenditions > 0$>
    <$useThumbnails=1$>
  <$endif$>
<$endif$>
<@end@>
NUMCONNECTIONS

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Database (page -15)

Description

Sets the number of open connections to the database.
- Default is 15. The default for standalone applets is 4.
- This setting applies to the content server and any stand-alone applications and utilities, so each application will use the specified number of connections.

Tech Tip: If your database does not allow enough connections to be open at one time, an error will occur when you attempt to start an application or utility.

To avoid this problem, you can isolate the NumConnections setting for the content server from the setting for applications and utilities as follows:

1. Specify the NumConnections setting for the content server in the <install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg file rather than <install_dir>/config/config.cfg.
2. Make a copy of the <install_dir>/bin/ directory and give it a unique name (such as <install_dir>/applet_bin/).
3. Set the NumConnections value for application and utilities in the intradoc.cfg file in the new directory (for example, NumConnections=2).
4. Run applications and utilities from the new directory (change any scripts and shortcuts in Windows), but continue to run the content server from the <install_dir>/bin/ directory.

If necessary, you can create a separate directory and NumConnections setting for each application and utility.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
NumConnections=10
**ODBCDATEFORMAT**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Archiver](#) (page -2)

**Description**
Used in Content Server version 6.x to provide backward compatibility for importation of Content Server 7.x archives.
- Content Server 7.x includes a millisecond data format that was not present in earlier versions. When the 6.x Archiver attempts to import the 7.x archives, the millisecond field causes an error.

**Example**
Perform the following steps to add this entry to the 6.x `config.cfg` file:
1. Copy the Content Server 6.x `config.cfg` file to another name (to save it as a backup).
2. Edit the `config.cfg` file in a text editor, adding the following setting:
   ```
   OdbcDateFormat='{ts' "yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss{.SSS}"'}'
   ```
3. Restart the server.
**ONEMATCH**

**Type and Usage**
- [Value Variables](page -33)
- [Searching](page -31)

**Description**
Checks whether only one match was found from a search query.
- Generally used to display a message on the search results page.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if only one match was found.
- Returns FALSE if no matches or more than one match were found.

**Example**
Displays text if only one match was found from a query:

```<$if OneMatch$>
   <p><font face="arial" size="2">
   Found <$TotalRows$> document matching the query.</p>
<$endif$>```
**OPENOFFICELISTENERPORT**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

**Description**
Defines the socket port for the OpenOffice listener.
- This setting is used by PDF Converter’s OpenOffice connection string:
  
  ```
  uno:socket,host=<OpenOfficeListenerURL>,
  port=<OpenOfficeListenerPort>;urp;StarOffice.ServiceManager
  ```

- Default is 8100.

**Location**

```install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg```

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
OpenOfficeListenerPort=8110
```

**See Also**
- OpenOfficeListenerURL (page -551)
**OPENOFFICELISTENERURL**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

**Description**
 Defines the URL (socket hostname) for the OpenOffice listener.

- This setting is used by PDF Converter’s OpenOffice connection string:
  
  ```
  uno:socket,host=<OpenOfficeListenerURL>,
  port=<OpenOfficeListenerPort>;urp;StarOffice.ServiceManager
  ```

- Default is *localhost*.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

```
OpenOfficeListenerURL=/mycomputer/localhost
```

**See Also**
- *OpenOfficeListenerPort* (page -550)
**OPENOFFICEPATH**

**Type and Usage**
- **Configuration Variables** (page -3)
- **PDF Converter** (page -10)

**Description**
Defines the path for the OpenOffice listener.
- If PDF Converter cannot connect to the OpenOffice connection, it attempts to open the listener defined by this path.
- Default is an empty string.

**Location**
<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```plaintext
OpenOfficePath=C:\Program Files\Open Office.org.1.0.1\program\quickstart.exe
```
OPTIMIZEPDF

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

Description
Defines whether PDF files are optimized during conversion.

- Optimizing removes graphics and text that appear multiple times in the content item, and replaces them with pointers to the first display of each item. Optimizing enables you to begin to view the first pages of a PDF file before the entire content item is downloaded. (As of version 5.0 of Adobe Acrobat, this feature is called “Fast Web View.”)
- When set to TRUE, PDF files are optimized during conversion.
- Default is FALSE.

Location
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Native Options tab—Optimize PDF
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

Example
Used as a configuration entry:

```
OptimizePDF=true
```
OPTIONLISTKEY

Type and Usage

- Other Field Display Variables (page -28)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Specifies the name of a ResultSet column that contains option list values.

Output

Returns the values of the option list ResultSet column.

Example

Specifies dFormat as the column in the DocFormats ResultSet to get option list values from for the standard Format field on a checkin page:

```html
<@dynamichtml std_override_format_field@>
<$if not isInfo and IsOverrideFormat$>
  <$fieldIsOptionList = 1, optionListResultSet = "DocFormats", optionListKey = "dFormat", optionListValueInclude = "std_override_format_option_value", addEmptyOption = 1, emptyOptionLabel = lc("wwEmptyFormatOption")$>
  <$include std_display_field$>
<$/endif$>
<@end@>7
```

See Also

- optionListResultSet (page -557)
OPTIONLISTNAME

Type and Usage

- Other Field Display Variables (page -28)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Specifies the name of an option list.

- For standard metadata fields, this is the name of the internal option list (see Internal Option Lists (page -30)).
- For custom metadata fields, this is the name of the field with a suffix of .options.

Output

Returns the option list name.

Example

Sets the option list name to docAuthors if the field is not restricted to a single user:

```$if SingleUser$
  <$isInfoOnly = 1$>
  <$else$>
  <$fieldIsOptionList = 1, optionListName = "docAuthors"$>
  <$if HasExternalUsers$><$fieldOptionListType= "combo"$>
  <$endif$>
  <$endif$>
```

Defines the default option list script:

```$if optionsAllowPreselect and fieldValue$
  <$defaultOptionListScript = "<$optList " & optionListName & ":fieldValue$"$>
  <$else$>
  <$defaultOptionListScript = "<$optList " & optionListName & ":noselected$"$>
  <$endif$>
```

See Also

- defaultOptionListScript (page -136)
Idoc Script Index

- **fieldValue** (page -221)
- **optionListScript** (page -559)
- **optList** (page -563)
- **fieldIsOptionList** (page -216)
- **fieldOptionListType** (page -219)
OPTIONLISTRESULTSET

Type and Usage

- Other Field Display Variables (page -28)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Specifies the name of a ResultSet that contains option list values.

Output

Returns the option list ResultSet.

Example

Specifies DocFormats as the option list ResultSet for the standard Format field on a search page:

```html
<@dynamichtml std_format_fields@>
<$if ClientControlled or dFormat or dExtension$>
   <$fieldName = "dFormat", fieldCaption = lc("wwNativeFormat"),
   optionListResultSet = "DocFormats"$> <$include
   std_display_field$>
   <$fieldName = "dExtension", fieldCaption =
   lc("wwNativeExtension"), fieldWidth = 10$>
   <$include std_display_field$>
<$endif$>
<$end$>
```

Creates an option list by looping over a ResultSet:

```html
<@dynamichtml compute_resultset_option_list_script@>
<$if not optionListKey$>
   <$optionListKey = fieldName$>
<$endif$>
<$defaultOptionListScript = "<$loop " & optionListResultSet & "$" & "$inc('std_resultset_option_list_item')$" & 
   "<$endloop$>$"$>
<$end$>
```
See Also

- `optionListKey` (page -554)
- `defaultOptionListScript` (page -136)
- `optionListValueInclude` (page -560)
OPTIONLISTSCRIPT

Type and Usage

- Common Field Display Variables (page -26)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

When this variable is set to a non-empty value, the eval (page -195) function is used when displaying the option list for the field. This variable allows the standard implementation of option lists (defined by the defaultOptionListScript (page -136) variable) to be overridden.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the value is nonempty.
- Returns FALSE if the value is an empty string.

Example

Defines a custom script for creation of an option list:

```$customOptionListScript = getValue("#active", fieldName & ":optionListScript")$```

See Also

- defaultOptionListScript (page -136)
OPTIONLISTVALUEINCLUDE

Type and Usage

- Other Field Display Variables (page -28)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Specifies an include that defines the values for an option list.

Output

Returns the include code.

Example

Defines std_override_format_option_value as the option list value include:

```html
<?dynamichtml std_override_format_field@>
<?if not isInfo and IsOverrideFormat$>
    <$fieldIsOptionList = 1, optionListResultSet = "DocFormats",
    optionListKey = "dFormat", optionListValueInclude = "std_override_format_option_value",
    addEmptyOption = 1, emptyOptionLabel = lc("wwEmptyFormatOption")$>
    <$include std_display_field$>
<?endif$>
<?end$>

<?dynamichtml std_override_format_option_value@>
<$dDescription$>
<?end$>
```

Specifies the include to use to display options in an option list from a ResultSet:

```html
<?dynamichtml std_resultset_option_list_item@>
    <$curValue = getValue("#active", optionListKey)$>
    <option value="<$curValue$>" <$if optionsAllowPreselect and
    strEquals(curValue, fieldValue)$>selected<$endif$>>
    <$if optionListValueInclude$>
        <$inc(optionListValueInclude)$>
    <$else$>
        <$curValue$>
```
See Also

– optionListResultSet (page 557)
OPTIONSALLOWPRESELECT

Type and Usage

 настоящие Other Field Display Variables (page -28)
 настоящие Field Display (page -20)

Description

Specifies that the metadata field option list can be prefilled with its last value.

Output

 настоящие Returns TRUE if the option list can be prefilled.
 настоящие Returns FALSE if the option list cannot be prefilled.

Example

Specifies that the option list can be prefilled:

\$optionsAllowPreselect=1\$

Determines if the option list will be prefilled:

\$if optionsAllowPreselect and fieldValue\$
    \$defaultOptionListScript = "\$optList " & optionListName & " :fieldValue\"\$
\$else\$
    \$defaultOptionListScript = "\$optList " & optionListName & " :noselected\"\$
\$endif\$
**OPTLIST**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Field Display (page -20)

**Description**
Generates an option list.
- This function is used extensively to create option lists on content server pages.

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter and one optional argument to the parameter:
- The only parameter is a field name, option list key, or a variable.
  - **Field name** syntax is `<$optList fieldName$>`. For custom metadata fields, the field name will resolve to `<$optList xFieldName.options$>`, or you can specify the `.options` suffix directly.
  - **Option list key** syntax is `<$optList ListName$>`.
    - For standard metadata fields, the *ListName* is the name of the internal option list (such as *docAuthors*). See Internal Option Lists (page -30).
    - For custom metadata fields, the *ListName* is the name of the option list key, such as *FieldNameList*.
  - **Variable** syntax is `<$optList variable$>`. The variable must resolve to a field name or an option list key.
- One of the following optional arguments can be added to the parameter:
  - **noselected**—No values are selected when the option list is displayed.
  - **fieldValue**—The value specified by the *fieldValue* variable is selected as the default value in the option list.

**Output**
Returns a list of values.

**Example**
This script generates a list of possible authors from the internal *docAuthors* list:
This script generates a list of the options specified in the xRegion custom metadata field:

This script generates an option list from the variable optionListName and specifies the default value:

```
<if optionsAllowPreselect and fieldValue>
  <defaultOptionListScript = "<optList " & optionListName & 
    ":fieldValue"">$
<else>
  <defaultOptionListScript = "<optList " & optionListName & 
    ":noselected"">$
<endif>
```

See Also

- Option Lists (page -30)
- defaultOptionListScript (page -136)
- optionListName (page -555)
- optionListScript (page -559)
- optionsAllowPreselect (page -562)
- rsMakeFromList (page -664)
**PageMakerExePath**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [PDF Converter](#) (page -10)

**Description**
Defines the path for the Adobe PageMaker executable file.
- Returns the path as a string.
- Default is an empty string.

**Location**
- Shared Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Paths tab—PageMaker Executable File Path
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```plaintext
PageMakerExePath=c:/Program Files/Adobe/PageMaker 6.5/pagemaker.exe
```
PAGEPARENT

Type and Usage

- Value Variables (page 33)
- Page Display (page 26)

Description

Checks whether a directory page in the Library has a parent page.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the directory page is a child (subfolder) of another directory page.
- Returns FALSE if the directory page is not a child (subfolder).

Example

Checks if the directory page is a subfolder:

<$PageParent$>
PARSEDATAENTRYDATE

Type and Usage
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Date and Time (page -16)

Description
Parses a date but uses the failover logic for using the alternate parsing formats.
- Dates convert to milliseconds when used with standard comparison operators. For example, the expression \((60*60*1000)\) is equal to one hour.
- A common usage of this function is to adjust the current time using a multiplication expression that represents a number of seconds, minutes, hours, or days.

Parameters
Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is an expression to be parsed.

Output
Returns a Java date object, which is converted to a string for display.

Example
<${parseDataEntryDate}$>
PARSEDATE

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Date and Time (page -16)

Description

Parses a date/time to allow evaluation and arithmetic.

- Dates convert to milliseconds when used with standard comparison operators. For example, the expression \((60*60*1000)\) is equal to one hour.
- A common usage of this function is to adjust the current time using a multiplication expression that represents a number of seconds, minutes, hours, or days.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is an expression to be parsed.

Output

Returns a Java date object, which is converted to a string for display.

Example

Each of the following expressions returns the date and time one day in the past:

<$parseDate(dateCurrent(-1))$>
<$parseDate(dateCurrent()-(24*60*60*1000))$>
<$dateCurrent(-1)$>
<$dateCurrent()-(24*60*60*1000)$>

Returns the time one hour in the future. The first line adds one hour using a time multiplication expression, assigns that time and date to a custom variable, and suppresses the output. The second line references the custom variable and defines that only the time is displayed:

<$exec my_customParseTime parseDate(dateCurrent()+(1000*60*60))$>
<$formatTimeOnly(my_customParseTime)$>
Returns the date one year in the future. The first line adds one year using a time multiplication expression, assigns that time and date to a custom variable, and suppresses the output. The second line references the custom variable and defines that only the date in long format is displayed:

```$exec my_customParseTime
parseDate(dateCurrent()+(1000*60*60*24*365))$
```

```$formatTimeOnly(my_customParseTime)$
```

This script evaluates whether the date seven days in the future is greater than the expiration date and returns a message to the user if true:

```<$if dOutDate$

  <$if dateCurrent(7) > parseDate(dOutDate)$$
    Content item expires in one week.
  <$endif$

<$endif$>
```

This script uses `parseDate` within a conditional statement for customized workflow jumps. The script specifies that if the last time we entered this step was four days ago, go to the first step in workflow `wf_late` and set the return step to be the next step:

```<$if parseDate(wfCurrentGet("lastEntryTs")) < dateCurrent(-4)$

  <$wfSet("wfJumpName", "lateJump")$
  <$wfSet("wfJumpTargetStep", "step_1@wf_late")$
  <$wfSet("wfJumpReturnStep", wfCurrentStep(1))$
  <$wfSet("wfJumpEntryNotifyOff", "0")$>

<$endif$>
```

**See Also**

– `dateCurrent` (page -114)
PARSEDATEWITHPATTERN

Type and Usage
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Date and Time (page -16)

Description
Parses a date/time to a specified date/time pattern.
- Dates convert to milliseconds when used with standard comparison operators. For example, the expression \((60*60*1000)\) is equal to one hour.
- A common usage of this function is to adjust the current time using a multiplication expression that represents a number of seconds, minutes, hours, or days.

Parameters
Takes two parameters:
- The first parameter is a date string used by the content server, or a date object created with the parseDate (page -568) or dateCurrent (page -114) functions.
- The second parameter is the date/time pattern, which is a standard Java SimpleDateFormat pattern string, such as MM/dd/yyyy.

Output
Returns a Java date object, which is converted to a string for display.

Example
Displays the current date and time in the format specified by the pattern (for example, Wed, 4 Jul 2001 12:08:56 -0700):
<\$parseDateWithPattern(<\$dateCurrent()$>,"EEE, d MMM yyyy HH:mm:ss Z")$>

See Also
- parseDate (page -568)
- dateCurrent (page -114)
- formatDateWithPattern (page -244)
PATH_INFO

Type and Usage

- [Web Server Variables](#) (page -34)
- [Web Server](#) (page -38)

Description

**Important:** This setting is obsolete for version 7.0 and later. The web server filter no longer sends this information.

Retrieves additional information about the file system path to the CGI machine.

- When the virtual path is returned by the [PATH_TRANSLATED](#) (page -572) variable, any additional information at the end of this path is also returned as PATH_INFO.
- This variable is specific to the current gateway program request.

Output

Returns the additional virtual path information as a string.

Example

Retrieves additional CGI path information:

```{$PATH_INFO$}
```

See Also

- [PATH_TRANSLATED](#) (page -572)
**PATH_TRANSLATED**

**Type and Usage**
- [Web Server Variables](#) (page -34)
- [Web Server](#) (page -38)

**Description**
Retrieves the file system path to the CGI machine.
- For example, `c:/stellent/weblayout/idcplg/idc_cgi_isapi-idcm1.dll`.
- This variable is specific to the current gateway program request.

**Output**
Returns the virtual path as a string.

**Example**
Retrieves the CGI path:

`<PATH_TRANSLATED>`
**PDFVERSION**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

**Description**
Sets the version of the PDF files produced by PDF Converter.

- SetPdfVersion (page -727) must be TRUE to enable this setting.
- When set to 1.3, PDF Converter produces PDF version 1.3 (Acrobat 4.0 compatible) files.
- When set to 1.4, PDF Converter produces PDF version 1.4 (Acrobat 5.0 compatible) files.
- This setting can be used to resave older PDF files to a later version.
- Default is 1.4.

**Location**
<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
PdfVersion=1.3

**See Also**
- SetPdfVersion (page -727)
PLUGIN_DEBUG

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Web Server (page -38)
- Debugging (page -16)

Description

Enables logging of events that occur inside the web server plugin filters.

- When set to TRUE, events that occur inside any plugins that understand this flag will be recorded in the following log file:
  - IIS: <install_dir>/idcplg/idc_cgi_isapi-<instance>.dll.log
  - Apache or NES: <install_dir>/data/users/authfilt.log
- When changing this setting on IIS or on Content Server v3.72 and lower, the content server and web server must be restarted.
- When changing this setting on Apache and Netscape on Content Server after v3.72, only the content server must be restarted.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

PLUGIN_DEBUG=true

See Also

- CGI_DEBUG (page -61)
- CGI_RECEIVE_DUMP (page -62)
- CGI_SEND_DUMP (page -63)
- FILTER_DEBUG (page -227)
PNENAVIGATION

Type and Usage
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Page Display (page -26)

Description
Enables the left sidebar navigation.

Parameters
Set as a name/value pair:

pneNavigation=1

- Default value is 1 (enabled).
- To disable this function, it must be set to a null string.

Output
Evaluates to TRUE or FALSE.

Example
Enables the sidebar navigation:

<$pneNavigation=1$>

To force the sidebar navigation off, set it to a null string:

<$pneNavigation=""$>

Setting the definition to other than 1 or a null string value is invalid and will not disable
the sidebar navigation:

<$pneNavigation=0$>
**POSTCONVERSIONTIMEOUT**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Inbound Refinery (page -9)

**Description**
Defines the default post-conversion timeout.
- Returns the post-conversion timeout values.
- This variable must be followed by one of these flags:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flag</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>#factor</td>
<td>This value is multiplied by the file size to determine the amount of time allowed for post-conversion processing. (The resulting time is limited by the #max and #min flags.) The default value is 1. Increase this value for busy or slow systems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#max</td>
<td>Specifies the maximum time in seconds that the Inbound Refinery waits for any post-conversion processes to complete. The default time is 10 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#min</td>
<td>Specifies the minimum time in seconds that the Inbound Refinery waits for any post-conversion processes to complete. The default time is 1 second.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Location**
- Shared Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Timeout Values tab—Post PDF Production Timeout
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```plaintext
PostConversionTimeOut#factor=1
```
POSTPROCESSPDFPATH

Type and Usage

- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [PDF Converter](#) (page -10)

Description

Defines the path to an executable that is used to process PDF files after conversion.

- The PDF file path is the only command line parameter.
- The specified file must be a Win32 executable.
- This process is invoked after the conversion to PDF and before the optimization of the PDF. Since this is invoked once for each file that is processed by the Inbound Refinery, it could also be used for other events that might need to be synchronized to the conversion of a file. If the value is not empty, the Inbound Refinery will attempt to run the process.
- Default is an empty string.

Location

- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—General tab—Post PDF Production Path
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

PostprocessPDFPath=c:/stellent/IdcRefinery/ConversionProcess/IDCWaterPost.exe
**POSTSCRIPTPRINTERNAME**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [PDF Converter](#) (page -10)

**Description**
Specifies the name of the printer that is used to convert files to PostScript.
- This must be the name of a valid PostScript printer.
- Default is *IDC PDF Converter*.

**Location**

<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

PostscriptPrinterName=Acrobat Distiller
**PowerPointPrintOutput**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [PDF Converter](#) (page -10)

**Description**
Defines how Microsoft PowerPoint content items are converted.
- When set to *slide*, each page of the PDF file contains one slide.
- When set to *notes*, each page of the PDF file contains a slide with its notes.
- When set to *handout*, each page of the PDF file contains six slides.
- Default is *slide*.

**Location**
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Native Options tab—Convert in PowerPoint format options
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
PowerPointPrintOutput=notes
```

**See Also**
- [ProcessPowerpointHyperlinks](#) (page -593)
**PRECONVERSIONPATH**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Inbound Refinery](#) (page -9)

**Description**
Defines the path to an executable that is used to process files before conversion.
- The specified file must be a Win32 executable.
- Default is an empty string.

**Location**
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Legacy Conversions tab—Preconversion Path
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```bash
PreconversionPath=c:/out/preconversion.bat
```
**PRECONVERSIONWAITTIME**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#)
- [Inbound Refinery](#)

**Description**
Defines the preconversion timeout.
- Returns the preconversion timeout value.
- This variable must be followed by one of these flags:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flag</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>#factor</td>
<td>This value is multiplied by the file size to determine the amount of time allowed for preconversion processes. (The resulting time is limited by the #max and #min flags.) The default value is 1. Increase this value for busy or slow systems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#max</td>
<td>Specifies the maximum time in seconds that the Inbound Refinery waits for the preconversion process to complete. The default time is 10 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#min</td>
<td>Specifies the minimum time in seconds that the Inbound Refinery waits for the preconversion process to complete. The default time is 1 second.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Location**
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Legacy Conversions tab—Pre-Converter Timeout
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```
PreconversionWaitTime#max=60
```

**PREVIEWOUTPUTEXTENSION**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [HTML Preview](#) (page -23)

**Description**
Defines the file extension output from Content Publisher that is to be used in HTML Preview.
- Default is *HCSP*.

**Location**

<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

PreviewOutputExtension=jsp
PREVIEWPATH

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- HTML Preview (page -23)

Description
Defines the path for HTML Preview executable.
- The `tcpreview.exe` file resides in the Content Publisher installation directory.

Location
`${install_dir}/bin/intradoc.cfg`

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
```
PreviewPath=C:/Program Files/Stellent Content Publisher/tcpreview.exe
```
**PRIMARY WORK QUEUE TIMEOUT**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Content Server](#) (page -6)
- [Workflow](#) (page -40)

**Description**
Sets the number of seconds until workflow and subscription notification e-mails are sent.

- Set this to a lower number if you do not want e-mails to be delayed or if you want immediate response during debugging.
- Default is 600 (10 minutes).

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

PrimaryWorkQueueTimeout=30
**PRINTERPORTPATH**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

**Description**
Defines the location of the PostScript file created by the Inbound Refinery.
- This setting must match the port setting of the printer used by the Inbound Refinery.
- Default is `c:/temp/idcoutput.ps`.

**Location**

<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

PrinterPortPath=c:/temp/idcrefinery/idcoutput.ps

**See Also**
- PostscriptPrinterName (page -578)
**PRIORITY**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#)
- [External Security](#)

**Description**
Specifies the order in which LDAP providers will be checked for the user credentials.

- This field is used only when a user has not previously logged into the content server. If the user has previously requested credentials, the [SourcePath](#) will be stored for that user, so the LDAP provider specified by the Source Path will be used.

- Each LDAP provider in a content server instance must have a unique Priority number.
- Default is 1.

**Location**
- Add/Edit LDAP Provider page—Priority
- `<install_dir>/data/providers/provider_name/provider.hda`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
Priority=2

**See Also**
- [SourcePath](#)
- [IsPrimaryUserBase](#)
**PROCESSExcelUrlHyperlinks**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [PDF Converter](#) (page -10)

**Description**
Enables the processing of URL hyperlinks in Microsoft Excel content items.
- When set to TRUE, URL hyperlinks in Excel files are processed.
- When set to FALSE, URL hyperlinks in Excel files are not processed.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Native Options tab—Process Excel URL links
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
ProcessExcelUrlHyperlinks=true
```
**PROCESSINDESIGNBOOKMARKS**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [PDF Converter](#) (page -10)

**Description**
Enables the conversion of internal document links in Adobe InDesign content items.
- When set to TRUE, internal document links in Adobe InDesign files are processed.
- When set to FALSE, internal document links in Adobe InDesign files are not processed.
- Default is TRUE.

**Location**
<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
ProcessInDesignBookmarks=false

**See Also**
- [ProcessInDesignHyperlinks](#) (page -589)
- [ProcessInDesignInternalPDFThumbnail](#) (page -590)
- [ProcessInDesignLinkUpdate](#) (page -591)
- [ProcessInDesignPDFCompatibility50](#) (page -592)
PROCESSINDESIGNHYPERLINKS

Type and Usage

- **Configuration Variables** (page -3)
- **PDF Converter** (page -10)

Description

Enables the conversion of URL links in Adobe InDesign content items.

- When set to TRUE, URL links in Adobe InDesign files are processed.
- When set to FALSE, URL links in Adobe InDesign files are not processed.
- Default is TRUE.

Location

<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

ProcessInDesignHyperlinks=false

See Also

- **ProcessInDesignBookMarks** (page -588)
- **ProcessInDesignInternalPDFThumbnail** (page -590)
- **ProcessInDesignLinkUpdate** (page -591)
- **ProcessInDesignPDFCompatibility50** (page -592)
**PROCESSINDESIGNINTERNALPDFTHUMBNAIL**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [PDF Converter](#) (page -10)

**Description**
Enables the creation of PDF page thumbnails when converting Adobe InDesign content items.
- When set to TRUE, the PDF file will include page thumbnails.
- When set to FALSE, the PDF file will not include page thumbnails.
- This setting does not affect the creation of thumbnails on search results pages.
- Default is TRUE.

**Location**

<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
ProcessInDesignInternalPDFThumbnail=false

**See Also**
- [ProcessInDesignBookMarks](#) (page -588)
- [ProcessInDesignHyperlinks](#) (page -589)
- [ProcessInDesignLinkUpdate](#) (page -591)
- [ProcessInDesignPDFCompatibility50](#) (page -592)
**PROCESSINDESIGNLINKUPDATE**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

**Description**
Enables an update of all links in Adobe InDesign content items before conversion.
- When set to TRUE, links in Adobe InDesign files are updated before conversion. If linked objects are not available, the conversion will fail.
- When set to FALSE, links in Adobe InDesign files are not updated before conversion.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```bash
ProcessInDesignLinkUpdate=true
```

**See Also**
- ProcessInDesignBookMarks (page -588)
- ProcessInDesignHyperlinks (page -589)
- ProcessInDesignInternalPDFThumbnail (page -590)
- ProcessInDesignPDFCompatibility50 (page -592)
Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

Description

Sets the version of the PDF files that PDF Converter produces from Adobe InDesign content items.

- When set to TRUE, PDF Converter produces PDF version 1.4 (Acrobat 5.0 compatible) files from Adobe InDesign files.
- When set to FALSE, PDF Converter produces PDF version 1.3 (Acrobat 4.0 compatible) files from Adobe InDesign files.
- This setting overrides the PdfVersion (page -573) setting for Adobe InDesign files.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

ProcessInDesignPDFCompatibility50=true

See Also

- PdfVersion (page -573)
- SetPdfVersion (page -727)
**PROCESSPOWERPOINTHYPERLINKS**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [PDF Converter](page -10)

**Description**
Enables the processing of hyperlinks in Microsoft PowerPoint content items.

- When set to TRUE and the [PowerPointPrintOutput](page -579) setting is set to SLIDE, the following hyperlinks in PowerPoint files are processed:
  - URL links
  - Next slide
  - Previous slide
- When set to FALSE, hyperlinks in PowerPoint files are not processed.
- If the [PowerPointPrintOutput](page -579) setting is set to NOTES or HANDOUT, hyperlinks in PowerPoint files are not processed.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Native Options tab—Process PowerPoint Hyperlinks
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
ProcessPowerpointHyperlinks=true
```

**See Also**
- [PowerPointPrintOutput](page -579)
**PROCESSVISIOINTERNALHYPERLINKS**

**Type and Usage**
- **Configuration Variables** (page -3)
- **PDF Converter** (page -10)

**Description**
Enables the conversion of internal hyperlinks in Microsoft Visio content items.
- When set to TRUE, internal hyperlinks in Visio files are processed.
- When set to FALSE, internal hyperlinks in Visio files are not processed.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Native Options tab—Process internal Visio links
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
`ProcessVisioInternalHyperlinks=true`

**See Also**
- `ProcessVisioUrlHyperlinks` (page -595)
PROCESSVISOURLHYPERLINKS

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

Description
Enables the conversion of URL links in Microsoft Visio content items.
- When set to TRUE, URL links in Visio files are processed.
- When set to FALSE, URL links in Visio files are not processed.
- Default is FALSE.

Location
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Native Options tab—Process Visio URL links
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
ProcessVisioUrlHyperlinks=true

See Also
- ProcessVisioInternalHyperlinks (page -594)
**PROCESSWORDBOOKMARKS**

### Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

### Description
Enables the conversion of page reference bookmarks in Microsoft Word content items.
- When set to TRUE, page reference bookmarks in Microsoft Word files are converted to PDF bookmarks. (All other types of bookmarks are ignored.)
- When set to FALSE, bookmarks in Microsoft Word files are not processed.
- Default is TRUE.

### Location
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Native Options tab—Process document bookmarks
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

### Example
Used as a configuration entry:
```
ProcessWordBookMarks=false
```

### See Also
- ProcessWordHyperlinks (page -601)
PROCESSWORDCOMMENTS

Type and Usage

- [Configuration Variables](#)
- [PDF Converter](#)

Description

Enables the conversion of comments in Microsoft Word content items to PDF notes.

- When set to TRUE, comments in Microsoft Word files are converted to PDF notes.
- When set to FALSE, comments in Microsoft Word files are not processed.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Native Options tab—Process document comments to PDF notes
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

```
ProcessWordComments=true
```

See Also

- [ProcessWordHyperlinks](#)
**PROCESSWORDEMAILLINKS**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [PDF Converter](#) (page -10)

**Description**
Enables the conversion of e-mail hyperlinks in Microsoft Word content items.
- The [ProcessWordUrlHyperlinks](#) (page -603) setting must be TRUE for this setting to be valid.
- When set to TRUE, e-mail hyperlinks in Microsoft Word files are processed.
- When set to FALSE, e-mail hyperlinks in Microsoft Word files are not processed.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Native Options tab—Process mailto links
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
ProcessWordEmailLinks=true
```

**See Also**
- [ProcessWordHyperlinks](#) (page -601)
- [ProcessWordUrlHyperlinks](#) (page -603)
**PROCESSWORDFOOTENDNOTE**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

**Description**
Enables the conversion of footnotes and endnotes in Microsoft Word content items to hyperlinks.
- When set to TRUE, footnotes and endnotes in Microsoft Word files are converted to hyperlinks.
- When set to FALSE, footnotes and endnotes in Microsoft Word files are not processed.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Native Options tab—Process document links to footnotes and endnotes
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
`ProcessWordFootEndNote=true`

**See Also**
- *ProcessWordHyperlinks* (page -601)
PROCESSWORDHEADINGS

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

Description

Enables the conversion of standard headings in Microsoft Word content items to PDF bookmarks.

- When set to TRUE, standard heading paragraph styles (Heading 1 through Heading 9 and any custom styles based on these standard styles) in Microsoft Word files are converted to PDF bookmarks.
- If a table of contents has already been processed using the ProcessWordToc (page -602) setting, then this setting is ignored and headings will not be converted to bookmarks.
- When set to FALSE, heading styles in Microsoft Word files are not processed.
- Default is TRUE.

Location

- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Native Options tab—Process heading styles to PDF bookmarks
- <install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

ProcessWordHeadings=false

See Also

- ProcessWordHyperlinks (page -601)
- ProcessWordToc (page -602)
**PROCESSWORDHYPERLINKS**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [PDF Converter](#) (page -10)

**Description**
Enables the conversion of hyperlinks in Microsoft Word content items.
- When set to TRUE, all types of hyperlinks in Microsoft Word files are processed.
- When set to FALSE, hyperlinks in Microsoft Word files are not processed.
- Default is TRUE.

**Location**

<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
ProcessWordHyperlinks=true

**See Also**
- [ProcessWordBookMarks](#) (page -596)
- [ProcessWordComments](#) (page -597)
- [ProcessWordEmailLinks](#) (page -598)
- [ProcessWordFootEndNote](#) (page -599)
- [ProcessWordHeadings](#) (page -600)
- [ProcessWordToc](#) (page -602)
- [ProcessWordUrlHyperlinks](#) (page -603)
**PROCESSWORDTOC**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [PDF Converter](#) (page -10)

**Description**
Enables the conversion of tables of contents in Microsoft Word content items to PDF bookmarks.

- When set to TRUE, tables of contents entries that are automatically generated in Microsoft Word files are converted to PDF bookmarks.
- When set to FALSE, tables of contents in Microsoft Word files are not processed. (However, if the table of contents entries have hyperlinks, they will be processed according to the [ProcessWordUrlHyperlinks](#) (page -603) setting.)
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Native Options tab—Process Table of Contents to PDF bookmarks
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```plaintext```
ProcessWordToc=true
```

**See Also**
- [ProcessWordHyperlinks](#) (page -601)
- [ProcessWordUrlHyperlinks](#) (page -603)
- [ProcessWordHeadings](#) (page -600)
**PROCESSWORDURLHYPERLINKS**

**Type and Usage**
- **Configuration Variables** (page -3)
- **PDF Converter** (page -10)

**Description**
Enables the conversion of URL hyperlinks in Microsoft Word content items.
- When set to TRUE, URL hyperlinks in Microsoft Word files are processed.
- When set to FALSE, URL hyperlinks in Microsoft Word files are not processed.
- Default is TRUE.

**Location**
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Native Options tab—Process URL links
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
ProcessWordUrlHyperlinks=false

**See Also**
- **ProcessWordHyperlinks** (page -601)
PROFILECACHE_TIMEOUT_IN_MINS

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Web Server (page -38)

Description
Sets the number of minutes the web server filter should use as a timeout for its cache.
- Default is 2 minutes.

Location
<install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
ProfileCacheTimeoutInMins=10
**PROVIDERCLASS**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [External Security](#) (page -34)
- [Content Server](#) (page -6)

**Description**
Specifies the name of a Java class that implements the provider.
- The default depends on the type of provider:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Provider Type</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Outgoing</td>
<td>intradoc.provider.SocketOutgoingProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database</td>
<td>intradoc.jdbc.JdbcWorkspace</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incoming</td>
<td>intradoc.provider.SocketIncomingProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preview</td>
<td>intradoc.provider.SocketOutgoingProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ldapuser</td>
<td>intradoc.provider.LdapUserProvider</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Location**
- Add/Edit Provider pages—Provider Class
- `<install_dir>/data/providers/provider_name/provider.hda`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
ProviderConnection=intradoc.provider.SocketOutgoingProvider
```
PROVIDERCONFIG

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- External Security (page -34)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description
Specifies the name of a Java class that performs some extra configuration for a provider.
- This setting is most useful for database providers, where the connection classes are already providers.
- There is no default.

Location
- Add/Edit Provider pages—Configuration Class
- `<install_dir>/data/providers/provider_name/provider.hda`

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
ProviderConfig=intradoc.provider.CustomClass
**PROVIDER**

**CONNECTION**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [External Security](#) (page -34)
- [Content Server](#) (page -6)

**Description**
Specifies the name of a Java class that implements the provider connection.
- The default depends on the type of provider:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Provider Type</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Outgoing</td>
<td>intradoc.provider.SocketOutgoingConnection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database</td>
<td>intradoc.jdbc.JdbcConnection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incoming</td>
<td>intradoc.provider.SocketIncomingConnection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preview</td>
<td>intradoc.provider.SocketOutgoingConnection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ldapuser</td>
<td>intradoc.provider.LdapConnection</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Location**
- Add/Edit Provider pages—Connection Class
- `<install_dir>/data/providers/provider_name/provider.hda`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
ProviderConnection=intradoc.provider.SocketOutgoingConnection
**PROVIDERDIR**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Directories and Paths](#) (page -18)

**Description**
Defines the path to the *providers* directory.
- Default is `<install_dir>/data/providers`.

**Location**
<br>
`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
As a configuration setting:

`ProviderDir=c:/stellent/data/providers`
**PROVIDERTYPE**

### Type and Usage

- [Configuration Variables](page-3) (page -3)
- [External Security](page -34) (page -34)
- [Content Server](page -6) (page -6)

### Description

Specifies the type of provider.

- The following provider types are available:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Provider Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Outgoing</td>
<td>outgoing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Database</td>
<td>database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incoming</td>
<td>incoming</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preview</td>
<td>preview</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ldapuser</td>
<td>Ldapuser</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Location

`<install_dir>/data/providers/provider_name/provider.hda`

### Example

Used as a configuration entry:

```
ProviderType=ldapuser
```
**PROXIEDBROWSERFULLCGIWEBURL**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)

**Description**
Returns the complete CGI path of a proxied content server.

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is the relative web root of the proxied content server. This value is found in the `HttpRelativeWebRoot` (page -315) setting.

**Output**
Returns the complete CGI path of the specified proxy as a string.

**Example**
Returns `http://<localhost>/idcplg/idc_cgi_isapi-idcm1.dll/intradoc4/pxs`:

```<$proxiedBrowserFullCgiWebUrl("/intradoc4/")$>```

**See Also**
- `HttpRelativeWebRoot` (page -315)
PROXIEDCGIWEBURL

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)

Description

Returns the CGI path of a proxied content server.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is the relative web root of the proxied content server. This value is found in the HttpRelativeWebRoot (page -315) setting.

Output

Returns the CGI path of the specified proxy as a string.

Example

Returns /idcplg/idc_cgi_isapi-idcm1.dll/intradoc4/pxs:

<$proxiedCgiWebUrl("/intradoc4/")$>

See Also

- HttpRelativeWebRoot (page -315)
PUCDEFAULTTIME

Type and Usage

- Pop-Up Calendar Configuration Variables (page -19)
- Pop-Up Calendar (page -28)

Description

Specifies how the time is entered into the date/time fields when using the pop-up calendar. If this option is not set, the time defaults to midnight of the selected date.

This is a string value which can be set in the following ways:

- current: sets the time equivalent to the client computer’s clock.
- any time, expressed in the system locale format. Missing values are interpreted as a zero. Missing AM/PM designations are interpreted as using 24-hour format. For example, 1:15 PM, 01:15 PM, and 13:15 are interpreted the same within a system locale that designates AM and PM.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

pucDefaultTime=current
**PUCENABLEONSEARCH**

**Type and Usage**

- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Pop-Up Calendar](#) (page -28)

**Description**

If set to TRUE, specifies if the pop-up calendar is available on a search page. If set to FALSE, disables the pop-up calendar on the search page.

The default is TRUE.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

pucEnableOnSearch=false
**pucHideTimeInDateFields**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [Pop-Up Calendar](page -28)

**Description**
Specifies if date fields display only the date or the date and time.

If set to TRUE, disables the display of the time in a date field and forces the Content Server to parse the check-in time as midnight of the selected date, regardless of how `pucDefaultTime` (page -612) is set.

If set to false, displays the time in a date field.

The default is FALSE.

**Location**

```
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg
```

**Example**

```
pucHideTimeInDateFields=true
```

**See Also**
- `pucDefaultTime` (page -612)
**pucUseMonthLocale**

Type and Usage

- Pop-Up Calendar Configuration Variables (page -19)
- Pop-Up Calendar (page -28)

Description

Determines how the month names are displayed in the pop-up calendar.

This is a string value which can be set in the following ways:

- short: truncates the month name based on user locale. For example, January is truncated to Jan, February to Feb, and so on.
- long: displays the full month name based on user locale.

Default is long.

Example

pucUseMonthLocale=short

See Also

- pucUseWeekdayLocale (page -616)
**pucUseWeekdayLocale**

**Type and Usage**

- [Pop-Up Calendar Configuration Variables](page -19)
- [Pop-Up Calendar](page -28)

**Description**

Determines how the day names are displayed in the pop-up calendar.

This is a string value which can be set in the following ways:

- 1char: uses the first letter of the day. Note that this starts with the numeral ‘1’, not a lower-case ‘L’.
- short: uses two characters to represent the day name.
- medium: uses the standard three-character day names
- long: displays the full name based on user locale.

Default is long.

**Example**

```
pucUseWeekdayLocale=short
```

**See Also**

- [pucUseMonthLocale](page -615)
PUCXOFFSET

Type and Usage

- Pop-Up Calendar Configuration Variables (page -19)
- Pop-Up Calendar (page -28)

Description

Specifies the horizontal location of the pop-up calendar on the page in pixels, relative to the default position. This is a value set as an integer. The default is 0.

Example

pucXOffset=10

See Also

- pucYOffset (page -618)
### PUCYOFFSET

#### Type and Usage

- [Pop-Up Calendar Configuration Variables](page -19)
- [Pop-Up Calendar](page -28)

#### Description

Specifies the vertical location of the pop-up calendar on the page in pixels, relative to the default position. This is a value set as an integer. The default is 0.

#### Example

```
pucYOffset=10
```

#### See Also

- [pucXOffset](page -617)
**PUCZINDEX**

**Type and Usage**
- [Pop-Up Calendar Configuration Variables](#) (page -19)
- [Pop-Up Calendar](#) (page -28)

**Description**
Specifies the z-ordering object position of the pop-up calendar layer. The larger the number, the higher the placement within the page layer positions. Use a positive number greater than any other z-index style attribute specified on the page to ensure the calendar is displayed over other elements.

This is specified as an integer value. Default is 0.

**Example**

```
pucZIndex=10
```
**QUERY_STRING**

**Type and Usage**
- [Web Server Variables](#) (page -34)
- [Web Server](#) (page -38)
- [Searching](#) (page -31)

**Description**
Retrieves the string that follows the ? delimiter in the URL for a query.
- This variable is specific to the current CGI request.

**Output**
- Returns the query information as a string.

**Example**
As information output on a page or to a log:

```
QUERY_STRING=IdcService=GET_DOC_PAGE&Action=GetTemplatePage&Page=STD_QUERY_PAGE
```

As part of an Idoc Script statement or evaluation:

```
<$if QUERY_STRING$>
<!--statement--> 
```
**QUEUEDir**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Inbound Refinery](#) (page -9)

**Description**
Defines the path to the working directory for the Inbound Refinery queue.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
As a configuration setting:
QueueDir=x:/stellent_refinery/
**RECORDSMANAGEMENTDENYAUTHORFREEPASSONRMSECURITY**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Record Manager and Retention Manager (page -28)

**Description**
When a content item is placed in an acl-restricted folder (RW recordsmanager alias), users have only RW accesss, except for the author who can delete the item. Setting this configuration variable to true dissallows deletion of the item by the author, restricting the author to only RW access.

The default is FALSE.

**Location**
<install_dir>/custom/RecordsManagement/records_management_environments.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
RecordsManagementDenyAuthorFreePassOnRMSecurity=true
RECORDSMANAGEMENTNUMBEROVERWRITEONDELETE

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page 3)
- Record Manager and Retention Manager (page 28)

Description

Record Manager only: Sets the number of disk scrubbing passes used for a destroy action. The default is 2.

Location

<install_dir>/custom/RecordsManagement/records_management_environments.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

RecordsManagementNumberOverwriteOnDelete=4
**RedirectHostsFilter**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Web Server (page -38)
- External Security (page -34)

**Description**
Used to indicate a filter of allowed redirect hosts. The current host is added to this filter by default.
- Use a pipe character | to separate multiple addresses. Make sure there are no spaces on either side of the pipe.
- Use wildcards to indicate groups of addresses (* for zero or more characters, ? for a single character).
- Default is the URL of the local host.

**Location**
- System Properties—Server tab—IP Address Filter
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```
RedirectHostsFilter=*.google.com|www.cnn.com
```
**REGEXMATCHES**

**Type and Usage**
- [Global Functions](#) (page -20)
- [Searching](#) (page -31)

**Description**
Searches a string for a specific pattern using a regular expression to do matching. Regular expression constructs can contain characters, character classes, and other classes and quantifiers. See [http://java.sun.com](http://java.sun.com) for details about the Java API for Class Pattern.

- This feature is only available with JVM 1.4 or later versions; this is the default version for Content Server version 7.0 and later.

**Parameters**
This function takes two parameters:
- The first parameter is the string to match.
- The second parameter is the expression.

**Example**
The following example returns FALSE, because the string does not match the expression:
<$regexMatches("abcdef","abc")$>
The following example returns TRUE because the wild cards are present. If standard wild cards such as the asterisk (*) were used instead of the dot-asterisk (.* *) convention, the match would fail.
<$regexMatches("abcdef", ".*abc.*")$>

**See Also**
- [Operators](#) (page -19)
- [regexReplaceAll](#) (page -626)
- [regexReplaceFirst](#) (page -627)
- [strEquals](#) (page -756)
- [strIndexOf](#) (page -760)
REGEXREPLACEALL

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Searching (page -31)

Description

Searches a string for a specific pattern using a regular expression to do matching and replacing. Regular expression constructs can contain characters, character classes, and other classes and quantifiers. See http://java.sun.com for details about the Java API for Class Pattern.

- This feature is only available with JVM 1.4 or later versions; this is the default version for Content Server version 7.0 and later.
- It replaces all instances of the regular expression with the replacement string.

Parameters

This function takes three parameters:

- The first parameter is the original string.
- The second parameter is the string to match.
- The third parameter is the replacement string.

Example

The following example returns xyzdef xyzdef:

<$regexReplaceAll(“abcdef abcdef”,“abc”,“xyz”)>

See Also

- Operators (page -19)
- regexMatches (page -625)
- regexReplaceFirst (page -627)
- strEquals (page -756)
- strIndexOf (page -760)
- strSubstring (page -770)
**REGEXREPLACEFIRST**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Searching (page -31)

**Description**
Searches a string for a specific pattern using a regular expression to do matching and replaces the first instance with a replacement string. Regular expression constructs can contain characters, character classes, and other classes and quantifiers. See http://java.sun.com for details about the Java API for Class Pattern.
- This feature is only available with JVM 1.4 or later versions; this is the default version for Content Server version 7.0 and later.

**Parameters**
This function takes three parameters:
- The first parameter is the original string.
- The second parameter is the string to match.
- The third parameter is the replacement string.

**Example**
The following example returns `xyzdef abcdef`:
```<$regexReplaceFirst("abcdef abcdef","abc","xyz")$>```

**See Also**
- Operators (page -19)
- regexMatches (page -625)
- regexReplaceAll (page -626)
- strEquals (page -756)
- strIndexOf (page -760)
- strSubstring (page -770)
REMOTE_ADDR

Type and Usage
- Web Server Variables (page -34)
- Web Server (page -38)

Description
Returns the IP address of the remote host making the request.
- This variable is specific to the current gateway program request.

Output
- Returns the IP address as a string.

Example
As information output on a page or to a log:
REMOTE_ADDR=207.0.0.1

As part of an Idoc Script statement or evaluation:
<$if REMOTE_ADDR$>
<!--statement--> 

See Also
- REMOTE_HOST (page -629)
REMOTE_HOST

Type and Usage

- [Web Server Variables](page -34)
- [Web Server](page -38)

Description

Returns the name of the remote host making the request.

- This variable is specific to the current gateway program request.

Output

- Returns the host name as a string.
- If the hostname is unknown to the server, returns the value of [REMOTE_ADDR](page -628) as a string.

Example

As information output on a page or to a log:

REMOTE_HOST=207.0.0.1

As part of an Idoc Script statement or evaluation:

```$if REMOTE_HOST$$
<!--statement-->```

See Also

- [REMOTE_ADDR](page -628)
REQUEST_METHOD

Type and Usage

- [Web Server Variables](#) (page -34)
- [Web Server](#) (page -38)

Description

Retrieves the method that was used to make the request.
- This variable is specific to the current gateway program request.

Output

Returns the request method as a string.

Example

As information output on a page or to a log:
REQUEST_METHOD=GET

As part of an Idoc Script statement or evaluation:
<{$if REQUEST_METHOD$}>
<!//--statement-->
REQUESTAUDITADDITIONALVERBOSEFIELDSLIST

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Debugging (page -16)

Description

Used with verbose tracing when the Request Audit trace is activated.

- The Request Audit trace appears on the System Audit Information Page. This trace creates two separate summaries calculated over two different time intervals. The trace calculates the number of service requests and length of time to perform the requests. After a summary is reported for the specified interval the values are reset and the cumulative totals and averages are computed again for the next interval period.

- This configuration variable is a comma-separated list of additional fields to display when reporting information about the request.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

RequestAuditAdditionalVerboseFieldsList=xComment,dDocType

See Also

- RequestAuditIntervalSeconds1 (page -632)
- RequestAuditIntervalSeconds2 (page -633)
- RequestAuditListDepth1 (page -634)
- RequestAuditListDepth2 (page -635)
- RequestAuditSubClassificationField (page -636)
REQUESTAUDITINTERVALSECONDS1

Type and Usage

- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [Debugging](page -16)

Description

Used to specify the short audit interval for the Request Audit trace.

- The Request Audit trace appears on the System Audit Information Page. This trace creates two separate summaries calculated over two different time intervals. The trace calculates the number of service requests and length of time to perform the requests. After a summary is reported for the specified interval the values are reset and the cumulative totals and averages are computed again for the next interval period.

- Specify the value in seconds.
- The default value is 120 seconds (2 minutes).

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

RequestAuditIntervalSeconds1=240

See Also

- RequestAuditAdditionalVerboseFieldsList (page -631)
- RequestAuditIntervalSeconds2 (page -633)
- RequestAuditListDepth1 (page -634)
- RequestAuditListDepth2 (page -635)
- RequestAuditSubClassificationField (page -636)
REQUESTAUDITINTERVALSECONDS2

**Type and Usage**
- **Configuration Variables** (page -3)
- **Debugging** (page -16)

**Description**
Used to specify the long audit interval for the Request Audit trace.

- The Request Audit trace appears on the System Audit Information Page. This trace creates two separate summaries calculated over two different time intervals. The trace calculates the number of service requests and length of time to perform the requests. After a summary is reported for the specified interval period the values are reset and the cumulative totals and averages are computed again for the next interval period.

- Specify the value in seconds.
- The default value is 3600 seconds (1 hour).

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

RequestAuditIntervalSeconds2=7200

**See Also**
- **RequestAuditAdditionalVerboseFieldsList** (page -631)
- **RequestAuditIntervalSeconds1** (page -632)
- **RequestAuditListDepth1** (page -634)
- **RequestAuditListDepth2** (page -635)
- **RequestAuditSubClassificationField** (page -636)
REQUESTAUDITLISTDEPTH1

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Debugging (page -16)

Description
Used to specify the number of services to present in the Request Audit trace.
- This configuration value applies only to the short audit period.
- The Request Audit trace appears on the System Audit Information Page. This trace creates two separate summaries calculated over two different time intervals. The trace calculates the number of service requests and length of time to perform the requests.
- This variable is used to specify the number of services to present from a sorted list of requests. The list is sorted in descending order by elapsed time consumed.
- The default value is 5.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
RequestAuditListDepth1=7

See Also
- RequestAuditAdditionalVerboseFieldsList (page -631)
- RequestAuditIntervalSeconds1 (page -632)
- RequestAuditIntervalSeconds2 (page -633)
- RequestAuditListDepth2 (page -635)
- RequestAuditSubClassificationField (page -636)
REQUESTAUDITLISTDEPTH2

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Debugging (page -16)

Description
Used to specify the number of services to present in the Request Audit trace.
- This configuration value applies only to the long audit period.
- The Request Audit trace appears on the System Audit Information Page. This trace creates two separate summaries calculated over two different time intervals. The trace calculates the number of requests and length of time to perform the requests.
- This variable is used to specify the number of services to present. The list is sorted in descending order by elapsed time consumed.
- The default value is 20.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
RequestAuditListDepth2=25

See Also
- RequestAuditAdditionalVerboseFieldsList (page -631)
- RequestAuditIntervalSeconds1 (page -632)
- RequestAuditIntervalSeconds2 (page -633)
- RequestAuditListDepth1 (page -634)
- RequestAuditSubClassificationField (page -636)
REQUESTAUDITSUBCLASSIFICATIONFIELD

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Debugging (page -16)

Description

Used to specify an internal field, usually a metadata field for documents, whose value is appended to the service name in order to differentiate the name in the Request Audit list.

- The Request Audit trace appears on the System Audit Information Page. This trace creates two separate summaries calculated over two different time intervals. The trace calculates the number of service requests and length of time to perform the requests.
- In some cases, the service name does not create an adequate breakdown of the different types of requests. This entry helps to differentiate the types of entries.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

RequestAuditSubClassificationField=xDepartment

See Also

- RequestAuditAdditionalVerboseFieldsList (page -631)
- RequestAuditIntervalSeconds1 (page -632)
- RequestAuditIntervalSeconds2 (page -633)
- RequestAuditListDepth1 (page -634)
- RequestAuditListDepth2 (page -635)
REQUIREDMSG

Type and Usage
- Field Information Variables (page -25)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description
Specifies the error message to be displayed if a required metadata field does not have a value upon checkin.

Output
Returns the error message as a string.

Example
Defines the required field error message for the dDocTitle metadata field as the wwSpecifyTitle localized string:
<$fieldName = "dDocTitle", fieldCaption = lc("wwTitle"),
isRequired = 1, fieldType = "BigText", requiredMsg =
lc("wwSpecifyTitle")$>

Note: See Resolving Localized Strings in the Customizing Content Server guide for more information.

See Also
- isRequired (page -428)
RESULTSTITLE

Type and Usage

- [Value Variables](#) (page -33)
- [Page Display](#) (page -26)
- [Searching](#) (page -31)

Description

Defines a title for the search results page.

- This variable is used by the Web Layout Editor to name the search results page and display a heading at the top of that page.

Output

- Returns the page title as a string.

Example

As an HDA entry, names the search results page:

```
@Properties LocalData
ResultsTitle=Content Items
@end
```

As script, returns the defined name:

```
<$if ResultsTitle$>ResultsTitle=<$url(ResultsTitle)$>
```
RmaAddDocWhereClauseForScreening

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Record Manager and Retention Manager (page -28)

Description

Retention Manager only.

Allows users with the retadmin role to screen for frozen items to which they do not have access (via ACLs) on the screening page or the Freeze Information Page.

The default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/custom/RetentionManager/retentionmanager_environments.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

RmaAddDocWhereClauseForScreening=true
RMAHIDEEXTERNALFIELDSFROMCHECKINUPDATE

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Record Manager and Retention Manager (page -28)

Description

If set to TRUE, hides external fields on the Checkin and Update pages.

The default is TRUE.

Location

<install_dir>/custom/RecordsManagement/records_management_environments.cfg
<install_dir>/custom/RetentionManager/retentionmanager_environments.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
RmaHideExternalFieldsFromCheckInUpdate=false
RMAHIDEEXTERNALFIELDSFROMSEARCHINFO

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Record Manager and Retention Manager (page -28)

Description

If set to TRUE, hides external fields on the Search and Content Information pages. The default is TRUE.

Location

<install_dir>/custom/RecordsManagement/records_management_environments.cfg
<install_dir>/custom/RetentionManager/retentionmanager_environments.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

RmaHideExternalFieldsFromSearchInfo=false
RMANOTIFYDISPREVIEWERANDCATAUTHOR

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Record Manager and Retention Manager (page -28)

Description
Controls who is notified when events are triggered by a disposition rule. If set to TRUE, both the specified notification reviewer and the original category author receive e-mail notifications of the event. If set to FALSE, only the category author receives e-mail.

The default is TRUE.

Location

<install_dir>/custom/RecordsManagement/records_management_environments.cfg
<install_dir>/custom/RetentionManager/retentionmanager_environments.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
RmaNotifyDispReviewerAndCatAuthor=false
**RmaNotifyReviewerAndAlternateReviewer**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Record Manager and Retention Manager (page -28)

**Description**
Controls if an alternate user can perform review actions and process assigned disposition events. If set to TRUE, both the original user and the alternative reviewer receive e-mail notifications about the action. If set to FALSE, only the alternative reviewer receives e-mail.

The default is TRUE.

**Location**

<install_dir>/custom/RecordsManagement/records_management_environments.cfg
<install_dir>/custom/RetentionManager/retentionmanager_environments.cfg

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:
RmaNotifyReviewerAndAlternateReviewer=false
**ROLEPREFIX**

**Type and Usage**

- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [External Security](#) (page -34)

**Description**

Defines the Active Directory or LDAP prefixes that will be mapped to content server roles.

- This is a semicolon-separated list of LDAP-style strings that are substrings of Active Directory or LDAP group names. If a group matches one of these strings, the rest of the group definition can be mapped to a content server role, according to the depth definition. See the Active Directory Configuration page or the Add/Edit LDAP Provider page for detailed examples.

- The [UseGroupFilter](#) (page -833) setting must be TRUE for roles to be mapped from Active Directory or LDAP groups.

- Default is an empty string.

**Location**

**Active Directory Security**

- Active Directory Configuration page—Role Prefix
- `<install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda`

**LDAP Security**

- Add/Edit LDAP Provider page—Role Prefix
- `<install_dir>/data/providers/provider_name/provider.hda`

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

```
RolePrefix=OU=Roles,OU=Stellent[1];
```
See Also

– `UseGroupFilter (page 833)`
– `AcctPrefix (page 7)`
RPTDISPLAylMAPVALUE

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Localization (page -25)

Description

This function is meant for internal use only.

This function returns a localized string representation of an internal key code. These key codes are used to store status and state flags for content items. This function is used on the Content Information page and workflow pages to display descriptions of the internal state.

Parameters

Takes two parameters:

- The name of the table where the keys are stored.
- The key to be localized.
**RSADDFIELDS**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)

**Description**
Adds new fields to a ResultSet. This function will only add the field if it is not already present. Note that setValue(...) can also add new fields but it only works on ResultSets that are nonempty and are on a currently valid row.

**Parameters**
Takes two parameters:
- The first parameter is the name of the ResultSet to get new fields (columns) added.
- The second parameter is a comma separated list of fields to add.(the column names to be added).

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the function is successful.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails.

**Example**
<$rsAddFields(rsName, fieldsList)>
RSADDROWCOUNTCOLUMN

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)

Description

This function adds a new field whose value for each row is the row count for that row. The count starts at 0. This function is useful to use just before using “rsSort(...)” on XML data island ResultSets (inside “hcsp” files) so that the original row location can be preserved.

Parameters

Takes two parameters:

- The first parameter is the name of ResultSet to be modified so that it has an new row count column.
- The second parameter is the name of the field that will hold the row count.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the function is successful.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails.

Example

<srsAddRowCountColumn(rsName, countFieldName)>
RSAPPEND

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)

Description

This function is similar in nature to “rsMerge”, except there are no merge test criteria. All rows from the ResultSet “rsNameSource” are appended to the ResultSet “rsNameTarget”. In addition, all fields in “rsNameSource” not in “rsNameTarget” will be added to “rsNameTarget”. Useful for doing a simple combining of ResultSets.

Parameters

Takes two parameters:

- The first parameter is the ResultSet that will be modified by the merge
- The second parameter is the ResultSet containing the rows that will be appended to the target.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the function is successful.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails.

Example

<$rsAppend(targetRsetName, sourceRsetName)>

See Also

- rsMerge (page -670)
RSAPPENDNEWROW

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)

Description

Appends a new row to the end of the ResultSet.

- The “current row” is not affected.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is the name of the ResultSet to receive the new row.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the function is successful.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails or the ResultSet is empty.

Example

<$rsAppendNewRow("SearchResults")$>
**RSAPPENDROWVALUES**

**Type and Usage**

- [Global Functions](#) (page 20)
- [ResultSets](#) (page 28)

**Description**

A utility function for adding new rows to a ResultSet. The values list is a comma-separated list of values (using the escape rule of ``,', `^^', `^^' -> `##', `#' -> `##` to encode each value) split up into rows. Assume “nfields” is the number of fields in the ResultSet. The values list is split up into rows by counting “nfields” values to create a new row and then taking the next “nfields” values to create each following row and so on. If the number of values is not an exact multiple of “nfields” then the last row has its fields values padded out with empty strings. This function is useful for compactly hard coding ResultSets using Idoc script.

**Parameters**

Takes two parameters:

- The first parameter is the name of the ResultSet that is to get new rows.
- The second parameter is the new values to add.

**Output**

- Returns TRUE if the function is successful.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails.

**Example**

```<$rowValues = "a1, b1, a2, b2"$>
<$rsCreateResultSet("ResultSet1", "ColumnA, ColumnB")$>
<$rsAppendRowvalues("ResultSet1", rowValues$>
<table border=2>
  <tr><td><$ColumnA$></td><td><$ColumnB$></td></tr>
  <$loop ResultSet1$>
    <tr><td><$ColumnA$></td><td><$ColumnB$></td></tr>
  <$end$>
</table>```
The resulting HTML would look like the following.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column A</th>
<th>Column B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A1</td>
<td>B1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A2</td>
<td>B2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**RSCOPYFILTERED**

**Type and Usage**
- [Global Functions](#) (page -20)
- [ResultSets](#) (page -28)

**Description**
This function copies only selected rows from one ResultSet to create another ResultSet. Any prior ResultSet with name “rsNameTarget” will be replaced. The rows are selected by testing each row’s value of “filterField” using a test against the pattern in “filterPattern”. The pattern match is the same as used in the Idoc script “like” operator.

**Parameters**
Takes four parameters:
- The first parameter is the ResultSet that is providing the rows to copy.
- The second parameter is the new ResultSet created by the copy.
- The third parameter is the name of the field being tested.
- The fourth parameter is the pattern match to apply to see if the row should be copied.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the function is successful.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails.

**Example**
```javascript
<$rsCopyFiltered(rsNameSource, rsNameTarget, filterField, filterPattern)$>
```
RSCREATERESULTSET

**Type and Usage**

- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)

**Description**

Creates a ResultSet initialized with the list of fields in “fieldList”.

- All the fields will be set as “string” type.

**Parameters**

Takes two parameters:

- The first parameter is the name of the ResultSet to create.
- The second parameter is a comma separated list of fields.

**Output**

- Returns TRUE if the function is successful.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails.

**Example**

<rsCreateResultSet(rsName, fieldList)>
**rsDELETEROW**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)

**Description**
Deletes the “current row” in the ResultSet. The “current row” is advanced to the next row (or points to after the end of the ResultSet if the end row in the ResultSet is deleted).

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is the name of the ResultSet whose current row is deleted.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the function is successful.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails or the ResultSet is empty.

**Example**
<$rsDeleteRow("Folders")$>
**rsDocInfoRowAllowDisclosure**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)
- Internal Security (page -33)

**Description**
Checks if the current user is allowed to view the URL of the content item referenced by the current row of a ResultSet.
- This function is useful for selectively showing the URLs of a ResultSet generated by a content item query.

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is the name of a ResultSet whose current row contains information about a content item.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the user is allowed to view the URL of the content item.
- Returns FALSE if the user is not allowed view the URL or the ResultSet is empty.

**Example**
Checks whether the user can view the URL of the content item in the current row of resultSet1.

<rsDocInfoRowAllowDisclosure("resultSet1")>
**rsEXISTS**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)

**Description**
Checks to see if a result set exists.

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter:
- The name of the result set.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the result set is found.
- Returns FALSE if the result set does not exist or if it is empty.

**Example**
```<$if rsExists("resultSet1")$>
    code to execute if TRUE
<$endif$>`
**RSFIELDINDEX**

**Type and Usage**
- [Global Functions](#) (page -20)
- [ResultSets](#) (page -28)

**Description**
Retrieves the name of the field at a specified column index, starting from zero.

**Parameters**
Takes two parameters:
- The name of the ResultSet.
- The index number.

**Example**
<rsFieldName = rsFieldByIndex("resultSet", "2")>
**RSFIELDEXISTS**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)

**Description**
Checks to see if the named result set contains the specific field.

**Parameters**
Takes two parameters:
- The name of the result set to be searched.
- The name of the field to be found.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the field is found.
- Returns FALSE if the field does not exist.

**Example**
<if rsFieldExists("resultSet", "FieldName")>
  code to execute if TRUE
<endif>
**RSFINDROWPRIMAR Y**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions  (page -20)
- ResultSets  (page -28)

**Description**
Searches the first column of a ResultSet for a matching value.

**Parameters**
Takes two parameters:
- The first parameter is the name of a ResultSet whose first column is to be searched.
- The second parameter is the value to be searched for.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the specified value is found in the first column of the specified ResultSet.
- Returns FALSE if the specified value is not found.

**Example**
Searches the first column of *resultSet1* until a value matching *value1* is found.

<SENSORFINDROWPRIMARY("resultSet1","value1")>
**rsFirst**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)

**Description**
Moves to the first row in a ResultSet.

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is the name of a ResultSet.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the function is successful.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails or the ResultSet is empty.

**Example**
Advances the SearchResults ResultSet to the first row:
<$exec rsFirst("SearchResults")$>
**RSINSERTNEWROW**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)

**Description**
Inserts a row just before the “current row” of the ResultSet being manipulated. The new row then becomes the “current row”.

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is the name of the ResultSet in which to have a new row inserted.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the function is successful.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails.

**Example**

```<$rsInsertNewRow("SearchResults")$>```
**RSISROWPRESENT**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)

**Description**
Checks the status of the current row in a result set.

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter:
- The name of the result set.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the result set is currently on a valid row.
- Returns FALSE if not on a valid row.

**Example**
```
<if rsIsRowPresent("resultSet1")>
    code to execute if TRUE
<endif>
```
**RSMAKEFROMLIST**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)

**Description**
Creates a single-column ResultSet from an option list.

**Parameters**
Takes two required parameters and one optional parameter:
- The first parameter is the name of the ResultSet to be created.
- The second parameter is the name of an existing option list (for example, docAccounts or xMyCustomField.options).
- The third optional parameter is the name of the ResultSet column. If no value is specified, the column name defaults to “row”.

**Output**
Creates a ResultSet with one column, populated by the values in the specified option list.
**Example**

Creates two ResultSets called *ListA* and *ListB* from the *securityGroups* and *docAuthors* option lists:

```<lista = "securityGroups">`<br>
```<rsMakeFromList("ListA", lista)>`<br>
```<rsMakeFromList("ListB", "docAuthors", "name")>`<br>

```
<table border=2>
  <tr><td>Security Groups</td><td>Authors</td></tr>
  <tr>
    <td><$loop ListA$><$row$></td><td><$loop ListB$><$name$></td>
  </tr>
</table>
```

The ResultSets would look like the following.

```
@ResultSet ListA
1 row
Public
Secure
@end

@ResultSet ListB
1 name
hchang
pkelly
sysadmin
user1
@end
```

The resulting HTML would look like the following.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Security Groups</th>
<th>Authors</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Public</td>
<td>hchang</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secure</td>
<td>pkelly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>sysadmin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>user1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also

- `rsMakeFromString` (page -667)
- `Option Lists` (page -30)
- `optList` (page -563)
**RSMAKEFROMSTRING**

**Type and Usage**
- [Global Functions](#) (page -20)
- [ResultSets](#) (page -28)

**Description**
Creates a single-column ResultSet from a string.

**Parameters**
Takes two required parameters and one optional parameter:
- The first parameter is the name of the ResultSet to be created.
- The second parameter is a comma-separated list of strings to be parsed (such as “a,b,c,d”), or a variable that has a comma-delimited string as its value.
- The third optional parameter is the name of the ResultSet column. If no value is specified, the column name defaults to “row”.

**Output**
Creates a ResultSet with one column, populated by the specified string values.
Example

Creates two ResultSets called "StringA" and "StringB."

```<$stringa = "a,b,c,d"$>
<$rsMakeFromString("StringA", stringa)$>
<$rsMakeFromString("StringB", "A,B,C,D", "name")$>
<table border=2>
  <tr><td>StringA</td><td>StringB</td></tr>
  <tr>
    <td><$loop StringA$><$row$><br>
    <$endloop$></td>
    <td><$loop StringB$><$name$><br>
    <$endloop$></td>
  </tr>
</table>
```

The ResultSets would look like the following.

```@ResultSet StringA
1
row
a
b
c
d
@end
```

```@ResultSet StringB
1
name
A
B
C
D
@end
```

The resulting HTML would look like the following.
stringA | stringB
---|---
a | A
b | B
c | C
d | D

See Also

- rsMakeFromList (page -664)
RSMERGE

Type and Usage

- [Global Functions](page -20)
- [ResultSets](page -28)

Description

Merges the rows of one ResultSet into another. If the value from the “rsNameSource” ResultSet in the “rsCommonField” field matches the value for the same field in a row for “rsNameTarget”, then that row will be replaced. Otherwise, the row from rsNameSource will be appended. If there are multiple rows in “rsNameTarget” that are matched by the same value, then only the first row is replaced and it is replaced by the last row in “rsNameSource” that has a matching row. Any fields in the ResultSet “rsNameSource” that are not in “rsNameTarget” are added as new fields to “rsNameTarget”. This function is best performed on ResultSets that have only unique values in the “rsCommonField” field so that issues with multiple matches are avoided.

Parameters

Takes three parameters:

- The first parameter (rsNameTarget) is the ResultSet that will be modified by the merge.
- The second parameter (rsNameSource) is the ResultSet containing the rows that will be merged into the target.
- The third parameter (rsCommonField) is the field that occurs in both result sets that will be used as the basis of the merge.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the function is successful.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails.

Example

<{$rsMerge(rsNameTarget, rsNameSource, commonField$)>
See Also

- `rsAppend` (page 649)
**RS.MergeDelete**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)

**Description**
Analogous to “rsMergeReplaceOnly”, except matching rows in the ResultSet “rsNameTarget” are removed instead of replaced. It is useful for removing rows from one ResultSet that already occur in another.

**Parameters**
Takes three parameters:
- The first parameter (rsNameTarget) is the ResultSet that will be modified by the merge.
- The second parameter (rsNameSource) is the ResultSet containing the rows that will be merged into the target.
- The third parameter (rsCommonField) is the field that occurs in both results sets that will be used as the test for which rows to remove from “rsNameTarget”.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the function is successful.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails.

**Example**

```<$rsMergeDelete(rsNameTarget, rsNameSource, rsCommonField)$>```
**RSMERGEREPLACEONLY**

**Type and Usage**
- [Global Functions](#) (page -20)
- [ResultSets](#) (page -28)

**Description**
Similar to rsMerge, but rows are only replaced; none are appended to the ResultSet “rsNameTarget”. In addition, new fields from “rsNameSource” are not added to “rsNameTarget”.

**Parameters**
Takes three parameters:
- The first parameter (rsNameTarget) is the ResultSet that will be modified by the merge.
- The second parameter (rsNameSource) is the ResultSet containing the rows that will be merged into the target.
- The third parameter (rsCommonField) is the field that occurs in both results sets that will be used as the basis of the merge

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the function is successful.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails.

**Example**
<rsMergeReplaceOnly(rsNameTarget, rsNameSource, rsCommonField) $>
RSNEXT

Type and Usage

- [Global Functions](page -20)
- [ResultSets](page -28)

Description

Moves to the next row in a ResultSet.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is the name of a ResultSet.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the function is successful.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails or the ResultSet is empty.

Example

Advances the SearchResults ResultSet to the next row:

<exec rsNext("SearchResults")>
RSNUMFIELDS

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)

Description

Provides a count of the number of fields in a result set. This is useful when combined with rsFieldByIndex.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The name of the result set.

Output

- Returns the number of fields.

Example

```
<?numFields = rsNumFields("resultSet1") ?>
```

See Also

- rsFieldByIndex (page -658)
**rsNumRows**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)

**Description**
Provides a count of the number of rows in a result set.

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter:
- The name of the result set.

**Output**
- Returns the number of rows.

**Example**
<$numRows = rsNumRows("resultSet1")$>
RSREMOVE

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)

Description

Removes a result set.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The name of the result set.

Example

<$rsRemove("resultSet1")$>
RSRENAME

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)

Description

Renames a ResultSet.

- If you use a variable to define the new ResultSet name, you will need to loop over the new ResultSet variable manually using rsFirst, rsNext, and #isRowPresent. For example:

```$
<rsNewName="MySearchResults"$

<rsRename("SearchResults", rsNewName)>

<rsFirst(rsNewName)>
<loopwhile getValue(rsNewName, "#isRowPresent")>
 <!--output code-->
  <rsNext(rsNewName)>
<endloop>
```

Parameters

Takes two parameters:

- The first parameter is the name of an existing ResultSet.
- The second parameter is the new ResultSet name. The call will fail if the resultset already exists.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the function is successful.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails.

Example

Renames the SearchResults ResultSet to “MySearchResults”: 
<$rsRename("SearchResults", "MySearchResults")$>
**RSRENAMEFIELD**

**Type and Usage**
- [Global Functions](#) (page -20)
- [ResultSets](#) (page -28)

**Description**
Renames a field in the ResultSet.

**Parameters**
Takes three parameters:
- The first parameter is the name of the ResultSet whose field is being renamed.
- The second parameter is the current name of the field.
- The third parameter is the new name of the field.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the function is successful.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails.

**Example**
Renames the ‘invoice’ field to ‘outlays’ in the warehouse ResultSet.

```execsRenameField("warehouse", "invoice", "outlays")
```
RSSETROW

Type and Usage

- [Global Functions](#) (page -20)
- [ResultSets](#) (page -28)

Description

Moves to a specified row in a ResultSet.

Parameters

Takes two parameters:

- The first parameter is the name of the ResultSet.
- The second parameter is the number of the row.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the function is successful.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails or the ResultSet is empty.

Example

Advances the SearchResults ResultSet to the 10th row:

<$exec rsSetRow("SearchResults",10)[]>
**RS$SORT**

**Type and Usage**
- [Global Functions](#) (page -20)
- [ResultSets](#) (page -28)

**Description**
Sorts a ResultSet by a particular column.

**Parameters**
Takes four parameters. For example:
```
rsSort(rsName, sortCol, sortType, sortOrder)
```

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>rsName</td>
<td>The name of the ResultSet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sortCol</td>
<td>The name of the column to sort by.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| sortType  | The type of sort (defaults to int):
  - string—sort alphabetically
  - int—sort numerically
  - date—sort by date |
| sortOrder | The sort order (defaults to asc):
  - asc—ascending order
  - desc—descending order |

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the function is successful.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails or the ResultSet is empty.
Example

Sorts the SearchResults ResultSet by Content ID in descending order:

<$rsSort("SearchResults","dDocName","string","desc")$>
**rssorttree**

**Type and Usage**
- [Global Functions](#) (page -20)
- [ResultSets](#) (page -28)

**Description**
Sorts a ResultSet that is a representation of an XML data structure (with nodes, parent nodes, and depth attributes).

**Parameters**
Takes seven parameters. For example:

```
rsSortTree(rsName, itemIdCol, parentIdCol, nestLevelCol, sortCol, sortType, sortOrder)
```

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>rsName</td>
<td>The name of the ResultSet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>itemIdCol</td>
<td>The name of the column that contains the unique ID for each node.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>parentIdCol</td>
<td>The name of the column that contains the ID for the parent node, if one exists.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nestLevelCol</td>
<td>The name of the column that contains the nest level (depth) for each node.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sortCol</td>
<td>The name of the column to sort by.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sortType</td>
<td>The type of sort (defaults to int):</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>string—sort alphabetically</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>int—sort numerically</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>date—sort by date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sortOrder</td>
<td>The sort order (defaults to asc):</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>asc—ascending order</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>desc—descending order</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Output

- Returns TRUE if the function is successful.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails or the ResultSet is empty.

Example

Sorts the *discussionPosts* ResultSet by the *itemNumber* column in ascending order:

```$rsSortTree("discussionPosts", "discussionPosts!itemNumber", 
"discussionPosts!parentNumber", "dpItemNestLevel", 
"discussionPosts!itemNumber", "int", "asc")$```
SAFE\textsc{dir}

\textbf{Type and Usage}

- Other Read-Only Variables (page -32)
- Debugging (page -16)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)

\textbf{Description}

Retrieves the location where extra content server files are moved by the Content Server Analyzer utility.

- Default is a subdirectory in the log directory specified by the \texttt{IdcAnalyzeLogDir} (page -323) setting.
- This variable is not settable.

\textbf{Location}

N/A

\textbf{Example}

As script, returns the value of the configuration setting:

\texttt{<\$SafeDir\$>}

\textbf{See Also}

- \texttt{IdcAnalyzeLogDir} (page -323)
**SCHEMAALLOWRECURSIVEFILEMOVE**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Schema](#) (page -30)

**Description**
If set to TRUE, enables the ability to move files on UNIX systems on an individual basis from a schema publishing location into the production location. This allows swapping of the schema directory into its production directory.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

SchemaAllowRecursiveFileMove=true
**SCHEMABUILDDIGESTFILE**

**Type and Usage**

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Schema (page -30)

**Description**

If set to TRUE, builds a file containing digests of all the files published. Setting this to TRUE increases the time required to publish schema.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

SchemaBuildDigestFile=true

**See Also**

- SchemaPublishCheckInterval (page -689)
SCHEMAPUBLISHCHECKINTERVAL

Type and Usage

- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [Schema](page -30)

Description

Establishes the interval between checks for non-subject-driven schema publishing requests.

- This is triggered if the data/schema/publishlock/publish.dat file is accessed.
- Specify the value in seconds.
- Default is 120 seconds (two minutes).
- Change this setting if there is an external program that modifies data in schema-managed tables and which accesses the file `<install_dir>/data/schema/publishlock/publish.dat`.
- On a development server, use a low value to ensure prompt publishing (for example, `SchemaPublishCheckInterval=2`).
- Lowering the default value on a production server may cause performance problems.

Location

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

Example

To set this interval for 10 minutes, use the following:

`SchemaPublishCheckInterval=600`
SCHEMAPUBLISHINTERVAL

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Schema (page -30)

Description
The interval between unprovoked schema operations (that is, operations that are not caused by an event).
- Specify this value in seconds.
- Default is 14400 (four hours).
- SchemaPublisher will usually publish at least once during this interval.
- On a development server, use a low value to ensure prompt publishing (for example, SchemaPublishInterval=30).
- Lowering the default value on a production server may cause performance problems.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
To set this interval to one week, use the following:
SchemaPublishInterval=604800
SCHEMAPUBLISHMAXIMUMINTERVAL

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Schema (page -30)

Description

The maximum amount of time between automatic schema publishing cycles.

- Specify this value in seconds.
- Default is 86400 (one day).
- On a development server, set a low value to ensure prompt publishing (for example, SchemaPublishMaximumInterval=30).
- Lowering the default value on a production server may cause performance problems.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

To specify this value as four hours, use the following:

SchemaPublishMaximumInterval=14400
SCHEMAPUBLISHMINIMUMINTERVAL

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Schema (page -30)

Description
The minimum amount of time between automatic schema publishing cycles.
- Specify this value in seconds.
- Default is four seconds.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
SchemaPublishMinimumInterval=8
**SCHEMAPUBLISHRENAMERETRYINITIALINTERVAL**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Schema (page -30)

**Description**
Specifies the delay before retrying a rename operation.
- The rename operation involves renaming of the schema directory to schema.old or the schema.work directory to schema.
- After a failed retry, the delay value is doubled.
- If SchemaPublishRenameRetryIterations is reached, the publishing operation fails.
- Specify the value in milliseconds.
- The default value is 100 milliseconds.
- This affects behavior on Windows systems only.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

```
SchemaPublishRenameRetryInitialInterval=50
```

**See Also**
- SchemaPublishRenameRetryIterations (page -694)
SCHEMAPUBLISHRENAME_RETRY_ITERATIONS

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Schema (page -30)

Description
Specifies the number of times a rename operation will be tried.
- This affects operations on Windows systems only.
- The operation involves renaming of the schema directory to schema.old or the schema.work directory to schema.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
SchemaPublishRenameRetryIterations=6

See Also
- SchemaPublishRenameRetryInitialInterval (page -693)
SCHEMAPUBLISHRETRYINTERVAL

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Schema (page -30)

Description

Specifies the delay introduced after SchemaPublisher fails to publish the schema.
- This delay prevents the SchemaPublisher from continually starting and failing.
- After a failed retry, this value is doubled but is never larger than the value of SchemaPublishRetryIntervalMax.
- When publishing succeeds, the value is reset to the original value.
- Default value is three seconds.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

SchemaPublishRetryInterval=4

See Also

- SchemaPublishRetryIntervalMax (page -696)
**SchemaPublishRetryIntervalMax**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Schema (page -30)

**Description**
Specifies the longest length of time for SchemaPublishRetryInterval.
- Specify this value in seconds.
- Default value is 300 (five minutes).

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
SchemaPublishRetryIntervalMax=120

**See Also**
- SchemaPublishRetryInterval (page -695)
**SCHEMA_VERIFY_PUBLISHING**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#)
- [Schema](#)

**Description**
If set to TRUE, digests will be used to verify the files that SchemaPublisher creates before doing the final renaming.
- Setting `SchemaVerifyPublishing=TRUE` will increase the time required to publish schema.
- This should be set to TRUE on a production server.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**

```
SchemaVerifyPublishing=true
```

**See Also**
- [SchemaBuildDigestFile](#)
- [SchemaPublishCheckInterval](#)
SCHEMAMWIN32RENAMEDELAYINTERVAL

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Schema (page -30)

Description

Specifies the size of the delay prior to closing a file before attempting to rename it.
- This affects behavior only on Windows systems.
- Tune this number as low as possible.
- Value should be specified in milliseconds.
- The default value is 10 milliseconds.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

SchemaWin32RenameDelayInterval=4
SCRIPT_NAME

Type and Usage

- [Web Server Variables](page -34)
- [Web Server](page -38)

Description

Retrieves the relative path to the CGI linking file.

- The CGI linking file is the executable file for the web server security filter, which is a different file for each operating system and web server. For example, the file name is `nph-idc_cgi.exe` file for Solaris.

Output

- Returns the relative path as a string.

Example

As information output on a page or to a log:

```
SCRIPT_NAME=/idcplg/idc_cgi_isapi-<instance>.dll
```

As part of an Idoc Script statement or evaluation:

```
<$if SCRIPT_NAME$>
<!-- statement -->
</$if-->
```
SCRIPTDEBUGTRACE

Type and Usage

- Setable Variables (page -32)
- Debugging (page -16)

Description

Enables a trace of all includes and calls to the Idoc Script eval (page -195) function.

- The contents of the eval function and any dynamically assigned includes are also shown as part of the trace. The trace is indented by one + character per nested level of include or eval call. The trace also shows any error messages (without the nested location information) and the output of any calls to the Idoc Script function trace (page -806).
- Can be used as a setting in a configuration file or as a parameter to a service call.

Output

When set to TRUE, performs a trace of all includes and calls to the Idoc Script function eval, and displays the results of the trace on the page.

Example

As script, returns the value of the configuration setting:

<$ScriptDebugTrace$>

When included in a content server URL, all debug trace information is added to the bottom of the New Checkin page:

http://<home>/idcplg/idc_cgi_isapi-<instance>.dll?IdcService=CHECKIN_NEW_FORM&ScriptDebugTrace=true

See Also

- eval (page -195)
- ScriptErrorTrace (page -701)
- setResourceInclude (page -728)
- trace (page -806)
SCRIPTERRORTRACE

Type and Usage

- Setable Variables (page -32)
- Debugging (page -16)

Description

Enables a trace of script errors.

- Can be used as a setting in a configuration file or as a parameter to a service call.

Output

- If set to TRUE, script error information is added to the bottom of the displayed page.
  If no errors are detected, the message “No Errors” is displayed.

Example

As script, returns the value of the configuration setting:

```<$ScriptErrorTrace$>```

When included in a content server URL, error trace information is added to the bottom of the New Checkin page:

```
http://<home>/idcplg/idc_cgi_isapi-<instance>.dll?IdcService=
CHECKIN_NEW_FORM&ScriptErrorTrace=true
```

See Also

- ScriptDebugTrace (page -700)
- setResourceInclude (page -728)
- trace (page -806)
SEARCHCACHECLEANERINTERVAL

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Searching (page -31)

Description

Sets the time between search cache cleanup attempts in seconds.

- Default is 120 (2 minutes).

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

As a configuration setting:

SearchCacheCleanerInterval=60
SEARCHCACHEHARDLIMIT

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Searching (page -31)

Description

Defines the maximum number of results that will be included in the search cache when a search request includes the “hard” limit.

- If the end row is larger than SearchCacheSoftLimit but less than or equal to SearchCacheHardLimit, the search cache contains all rows from 1 to SearchCacheHardLimit.
- If the end row is larger than SearchCacheHardLimit, nothing is cached for the search.
- Typically, this setting should match the maximum number of search results displayed per page. See MaxResults (page -517).
- Default is 200.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

As a configuration setting:
SearchCacheHardLimit=300

See Also

- MaxResults (page -517)
- SearchCacheSoftLimit (page -705)
**SEARCHCACHEMAXITEMAGE**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Searching](#) (page -31)

**Description**
Sets the maximum age of an item in the search cache in minutes.
- Default is 60 (1 hour).

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
As a configuration setting:

`SearchCacheMaxItemAge=30`
**SEARCHCACHESOFTLIMIT**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#)
- [Searching](#)

**Description**
Defines the maximum number of results that will be included in the search cache when a search request includes the “soft” limit.

- If the end row of the search is less than or equal to `SearchCacheSoftLimit`, the search cache contains the rows from 1 to `SearchCacheSoftLimit`.
- If the end row is larger than `SearchCacheSoftLimit` but less than or equal to the `SearchCacheHardLimit`, the search cache contains all rows from 1 to `SearchCacheHardLimit`.
- If the end row is larger than `SearchCacheHardLimit`, nothing is cached for the search.
- Typically, this setting should match the default number of search results displayed per page.
- Default is 25.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**

As a configuration setting:

```
SearchCacheSoftLimit=50
```

**See Also**
- [SearchCacheHardLimit](#)
SEARCHCACHETRACE

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Searching (page -31)
- Debugging (page -16)

Description

Dumps trace information to the content server console for the search cache cleaning algorithm.

- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

SearchCacheTrace=true

Note: This variable is obsolete as of the Content Server 7.0 release. The functionality is now available in the System Audit Information page available in the Admin Applets.
SEARCHCONNECTIONWAIT_TIMEOUT

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [Searching](page -31)

**Description**
Sets the search connection wait timeout in milliseconds.
- This is the maximum amount of time that a search request waits in the queue before the search is refused.
- Default is 60000 (1 minute).

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

SearchConnectionWaitTimeout=120000
SEARCHDEBUGLEVEL

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Searching (page -31)
- Debugging (page -16)

Description

Defines the level of detail for entries in the Indexer log files.

- The log files are located at /weblayout/groups/secure/logs/.
- The following list shows the debug levels:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>none</td>
<td>No log is generated. This is the default.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>verbose</td>
<td>Displays information for each file accessed. Indicates indexed, ignored, or failed, and generates a full report.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>debug</td>
<td>Additional information at the functional level is generated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>trace</td>
<td>Information is logged as each activity is performed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>all</td>
<td>A full report including debug, trace, and verbose information is generated.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tech Tip: If you set the debug level to anything but none, a log file will be generated for each index cycle. You may need to perform system maintenance periodically to reduce the number of log files.

Location

- Repository Manager—Indexer tab—Configure—Indexer Debug Level
- <install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

SearchDebugLevel=all
**SEARCHDIR**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)
- Searching (page -31)

**Description**
Defines the path to the *search* directory.
- There is no default value.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

`SearchDir=f:/search/`
SEARCHINDEXERENGINE

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page 3)
- Searching (page 31)

Description

This variable specifies the name of the search engine to use. Supported values include:

- DATABASE
- DATABASEFULLTEXT
- VERITY

The default is VERITY. If you are switching to the DATABASE option, you do not need to perform additional steps to use another search index.

Each search engine uses its own format for query strings. The default uses universal query syntax, but database search requires SQL syntax.

When using Verity on Content Server 8.0 or later, use all upper case for the value.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

SearchIndexerEngineName=DATABASE
**SEARCHQUERYFORMAT**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Searching](#) (page -31)

**Description**
Retrieves search query pages with query syntax that is recognized regardless of supported search engines.

- If used dynamically, appends the following to the URL:
  
  \[\text{SearchQueryFormat} = \text{Universal}\]

- When used dynamically, the universal search syntax is maintained through one search session. The syntax is maintained on a query page, result page and its navigation link and during actions such as searching within the page or saving the query. It is maintained until the user clicks the menu selection to re-load a search query page.

- This can also be added to the Content Server config.cfg file so that the universal search query page is always used.

**Location**

\(<insta\_dir>/config/config.cfg\)

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

\[\text{SearchQueryFormat} = \text{Universal}\]

**See Also**

- [UniversalSearchAllowFullText](#) (page -817)
SEARCHQUERYTRACE

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Searching (page -31)
- Debugging (page -16)

Description

Dumps trace information to the content server console for search queries.

- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

SearchQueryTrace=true

Note: This variable is obsolete as of the Content Server 7.0 release. The functionality is now available in the System Audit Information page available in the Admin Applets.
SECONDARYCONVERSIONSTEPNAME

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Inbound Refinery (page -9)

Description

Defines the name of the backup conversion step that the Inbound Refinery will use if the native step conversion step fails.

- Default is OIXConverter (Outside In).
- AllowSecondaryConversion (page -34) must be set to TRUE.

Location

<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

SecondaryConversionStepName=OIXConverter

See Also

- AllowSecondaryConversion (page -34)
SELFREGISTEREDACCOUNTS

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Internal Security (page -33)

Description

Defines the default accounts and permissions to be given to self-registered users.

- This is a comma-separated list.
- Permissions for each account must be specified in parentheses after the account name.
- The #none entry grants privileges to content items that have no account assigned. The #all entry grants privileges to all accounts.
- There is no default value.
- Returns the list of accounts as a string.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

As a configuration setting:
SelfRegisteredAccounts=#none(RWDA),USERS/<$NewUser$>,BOS(R)

As script, returns the defined account information as a string:
<$SelfRegisteredAccounts$>

See Also

- UseSelfRegistration (page -863)
- SelfRegisteredAccounts (page -714)
SELFREGISTEREDROLES

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Internal Security (page -33)

Description

Defines the default roles to be given to self-registered users.

- This is a comma-separated list.
- There is no default value.
- Returns the roles as a string.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

As a configuration setting:
SelfRegisteredRoles=guest,salesRole

As script, returns the defined roles as a string:
$SelfRegisteredRoles$

See Also

- UseSelfRegistration (page -863)
- SelfRegisteredRoles (page -715)
SERVER_NAME

Type and Usage

- Web Server Variables (page -34)
- Web Server (page -38)

Description

Retrieves the hostname, DNS alias, or IP address of the web server as it would appear in a self-referencing URL.

- This variable is not request-specific; it is set for all requests.

Output

- Returns the server information as a string.

Example

As information output on a page or to a log:
SERVER_NAME=centralserver

As part of an Idoc Script statement or evaluation:
<$if SERVER_NAME$>
<!--statement-->
SERVER_PORT

Type and Usage

- Web Server Variables (page -34)
- Web Server (page -38)

Description

Retrieves the web server port number to which the request was sent.
- This variable is specific to the current gateway program request.

Output

- Returns the port number as a string.

Example

As information output on a page or to a log:

```
SERVER_PORT=80
```

As part of an Idoc Script statement or evaluation:

```
<if SERVER_PORT$>
<!--statement--> 
```

SERVER_PROTOCOL

Type and Usage

- Web Server Variables (page -34)
- Web Server (page -38)

Description

Returns the protocol and revision of the incoming request.

- This variable is specific to the current gateway program request.

Output

- Returns a string in the format `protocol/revision`.

Example

As information output to a log:

SERVER_PROTOCOL=HTTP/1.0

As part of an Idoc Script statement or evaluation:

```<$if SERVER_PROTOCOL$>
            <!-- statement -->
```
SERVER_SOFTWARE

Type and Usage

- Web Server Variables (page -34)
- Web Server (page -38)

Description

**Important:** This setting is obsolete for version 7.0 and later. The web server filter no longer sends this information.

Returns the name and version of the web server software that is answering the request.
- This is also the server running the gateway.
- This variable is not request-specific; it is set for all requests.

Output

Returns a string in the format `name/version`.

Example

As information output on a page or to a log:

```
SERVER_SOFTWARE=Microsoft-IIS/4.0
```

As part of an Idoc Script statement or evaluation:

```
<$if SERVER_SOFTWARE$>
<!-- statement -->
```
**SETCONTENTTYPE**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)

**Description**
Sets the content type for the returned page so the browser renders it properly. For example, a content type (file-format type or MIME type) of “text/plain”, “application/excel”, or “text/xml”.

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is the content type.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the function is successful.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails.

**Example**
```
<$setContentType("text/plain")$>
```
SETCOOKIE

Type and Usage

- Setable Variables (page -32)
- Web Server (page -38)

Description

Sets a cookie value in a browser.

- Used to retain session information or information about anonymous users.
- An expiration date can also be passed to make the cookie expire at a specified time.

Important: Do not store secure data in a cookie. You should limit the use of cookies due to the risk of malicious users setting cookies on your site.

Parameters

This function can take three parameters:

- The first parameter is the name of the cookie.
- The second parameter is the value to be set.
- The third optional parameter is an expiration indicator specifying when the cookie will expire.

Example

The following example sets the cookie `myCounter` in the user’s browser and increments the value when the user visits the page. The cookie will expire in one day.

```
<myCounter=getCookie("myCounter")>
<if not myCounter>
  <myCounter=1>
<endif>
Num times loaded: <myCounter>
<setCookie("myCounter", myCounter+1, dateCurrent(1))>
```

See Also

- getCookie (page -253)
**SETEXPIRES**

**Type and Usage**
- [Global Functions](page -20)
- [Idoc Script](page -23)

**Description**
This function can be used to set an absolute time for an expiration of a page. This is best used for pages with a long life that may be requested frequently. Due to problems in time synchronization between the client and the server, it is not totally reliable, especially for short-lived caches. The data must follow one of the acceptable HTTP date formats.

- Refer to the W3 Protocols for more information:
  [http://www.w3.org/Protocols/rfc2616/rfc2616-sec3.html#sec3.3](http://www.w3.org/Protocols/rfc2616/rfc2616-sec3.html#sec3.3)

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is an absolute date, formatted in the manner HTTP requires, after which this page should be refreshed

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the function is successful.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails.

**Example**
This will cause the page to expire at the given absolute time. Note that all time stamps must be in the GMT time zone.

```$setExpires("Sat, 02 Aug 2003 24:00:00 GMT")$>
```

This is a way to use other IdocScript functions to set the expiration date to 14 days from the current date.

```$date=formatDateWithPattern(dateCurrent(14), "EEE, dd MMM yyy")$>
$setExpires(date & " 24:00:00 GMT")$ >```
See Also

- `setHttpHeader` (page -724)
**SETHTTPHEADER**

**Type and Usage**
- [Global Functions](#) (page -20)
- [Idoc Script](#) (page -23)

**Description**
This function can be used to set any HTTP header. Values include, but are not limited to, 'Cache-Control', 'Content-Type', 'Last-Modified', or any of the other acceptable HTTP headers.

- Refer to the W3 Protocols for more information:
  http://www.w3.org/Protocols/rfc2616/rfc2616-sec3.html#sec3.3

**Parameters**
Takes two parameters. For example:
```
setHttpHeader(headerName, headerValue)
```

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>headerName</td>
<td>The name of a valid HTTP header.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>headerValue</td>
<td>The value for the header.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the function is successful.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails.

**Example**
This sets the content-type to XML, to enable your browser to render it with the passed XSLT.
```
<$setHttpHeader("Content-Type", "text/xml")$>
```
See Also

– `setMaxAge` (page 726)
**SETMAXAGE**

**Type and Usage**

- [Global Functions](#) (page -20)
- [Idoc Script](#) (page -23)

**Description**

This function can be used to set an absolute time for an expiration of a page. This is best used for pages with a long life that may be requested frequently. Due to problems in time synchronization between the client and the server, it is not totally reliable, especially for short-lived caches. The data must follow one of the acceptable HTTP date formats.

- Refer to the W3 Protocols for more information:
  
  http://www.w3.org/Protocols/rfc2616/rfc2616-sec3.html#sec3.3

**Parameters**

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is the lifetime of this page in seconds.

**Output**

- Returns TRUE if the function is successful.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails.

**Example**

This will expire the content of the page immediately:

```<$setMaxAge(0)$>```

This will set the cache lifetime for this page to 10 minutes, and tell the browser that it absolutely must try to refresh the page after that time is up:

```
<$setMaxAge(600)$>
<$setHttpHeader("Cache-Control", "must-revalidate")$>
```

**See Also**

- [setHttpHeader](#) (page -724)
**SETPdfVERSION**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

**Description**
Enables the ability to specify the version of PDF files that PDF Converter produces.

- When set to TRUE, PDF Converter produces PDF files according to the value of the `PdfVersion` (page -573) setting.
- When set to FALSE, PDF Converter produces PDF version 1.4 (Acrobat 5.0 compatible) files.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**

\(<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg\)

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

```
SetPdfVersion=true
```

**See Also**
- `PdfVersion` (page -573)
SETRESOURCEINCLUDE

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Idoc Script (page -23)

**Description**
Defines an include.
- This function allows dynamically constructed script to be assigned to an include (much as the eval (page -195) function enables such script to be parsed and evaluated).
- If the specified include already exists, the super keyword can be used in the new script to refer to the existing include.

**Parameters**
Takes two parameters:
- The first parameter is the name of the include.
- The second parameter is a string that defines the contents of the include. This string can contain Idoc Script.

**Output**
Returns 0 if the include could not be parsed, 1 if it can be parsed.
Use exec to suppress this behavior.

**Example**
Uses the string “My name is resource include” to dynamically construct script:
<$$setResourceInclude("my_name","My name is \$my_name\$")$$>

Uses the super keyword to modify the std_display_field include:
<$$myInclude="<span class='field'>\$include super.std_display_field\$/</span>"$$>
<$$setResourceInclude("std_display_field",myInclude)$$>
The following example suppresses the returned result:

<$exec setResourceInclude("std_display_field",myInclude)$>
**SETVALUE**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- ResultSets (page -28)

**Description**
The target can either be “#local” or the name of a ResultSet. If the target is “#local”, then the parameter “name” identifies the name of a local data variable whose value is to be set by the parameter “value”. If the target area is nonempty and is not “#local”, then a field in a ResultSet named by the parameter “target” is being set. If the ResultSet exists and is currently on a valid “current row”, then that particular column’s value (column named by the parameter “name”) on that row will be set with the value in the parameter “value”. If the field is currently not a part of that ResultSet, then the field will be added as a new column to the ResultSet and the value will be set. If the “target” ResultSet is not on a valid row, then this function will have no effect (but an internal exception will be reported on the server output). Note that this function should be contrasted with “getValue (…)”.

**Parameters**
Takes three parameters:
- The first parameter is the target area to be set (either #local or the name of a ResultSet)
- The second parameter is the name of key that holds the value to be set (either a local variable or a ResultSet field)
- The third parameter is the value to be set.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the function is successful.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails.

**Example**
<$setvalue(target, name, value)>
**SHAREDDIR**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Directories and Paths](#) (page -18)
- [Inbound Refinery](#) (page -9)
- [Clustering](#) (page -4)

**Description**
Defines the path to the *shared* directory.
- The *shared* directory contains shared files for the content server.
- If the Inbound Refinery is installed, the *shared* directory contains the conversion engines. All Inbound Refinery temp work is done in this directory and its subdirectories.
- In a clustered Windows content server configuration, this setting allows the content server to refer to code and resource files in a local directory (“stub” directory) rather than the file system where the content server is installed. It uses the format `SharedDir=<stub_dir>/shared`, where `<stub_dir>` is the path of the stub directory (such as `f:/stellclust/`). See the clustering documentation for more information.
- The default value is `<install_dir>/shared`. If the default is used, the variable does not appear in the configuration file.

**Location**
- System Properties—Paths tab—Shared Directory Path
- `<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
`SharedDir=c:/stellent/shared/`
See Also

- `HttpSharedRoot` (page 317)
**SHAREDWEBLAYOUTDIR**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Directories and Paths](#) (page -18)

**Description**
Specifies the path to the *weblayout* directory for proxied content servers.

- Typically, this setting is used to point to the master content server when you don’t want to duplicate the */weblayout/help/* and */weblayout/images/* directories on the proxied content server.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

```
SharedWeblayoutDir=c:/stellent/weblayout/
```
SHOWCREATEEXTERNALMENU

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Record Manager and Retention Manager Configuration Variables (page -19)

Description

This Content Server configuration variable is specific to URM. Set this variable to true to display the following create external source features in your content server interface:

- **Create** `<external_source_name>` **Item** option in the External Content—`<external_source_name>` sub-menu. Note that the External Content menu is displayed only if an external source has been created.

- **Create** `<external_source_name>` **Record** option (record categories) or Check in New `<external_source_name>` Item option (non-record categories) in the Action menu on the Exploring Retention Category page.

- **Create** `<external_source_name>` **Record** option (record categories only) in the Action menu on the Exploring Records Folder page.

- **Link New** `<external_source_name>` **Item** option in the Action menu on any link page.

When set to false, these features will not be displayed:

The default is FALSE.

Location

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

`ShowCreateExternalMenu=true`
SHOWDOCACIONS

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Searching (page -31)
- Page Display (page -26)
- Clients (page -3)

Description

Defines whether to display checkout links on the search results page.

- This variable is also used to evaluate additional code for ODMA applications, such as Oracle Desktop. To display checkout links for a content server that is not accessed by ODMA clients, use the showSearchResultsCheckoutColumn (page -739) variable.
- When set to TRUE, a column containing checkout links is displayed on the search results page.
- When set to FALSE, checkout links are not displayed on the search results page.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

showDocActions=1

See Also

- showSearchResultsCheckoutColumn (page -739)
- noInfoColumn (page -532)
- noRevisionsColumn (page -535)
**SHOWHYPERLINKBOX**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [PDF Converter](page -10)

**Description**
Defines whether a box is placed around hyperlinks in PDF files.
- When set to TRUE, a box is placed around hyperlinks in PDF files.
- When set to FALSE, a box is not placed around hyperlinks in PDF files.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
ShowHyperlinkBox=true
```
SHOWONLYKNOWNACCOUNTS

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Internal Security (page -33)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Defines whether to display only predefined accounts on checkin and search pages.

- When set to TRUE, only predefined accounts appear in the Accounts option list on checkin and search pages.
- When set to FALSE, any user-defined accounts that the user belongs to are also displayed in the option list.
- Default is an empty string.

Location

- System Properties—Content Security tab—Show only known accounts
- Admin Server—Content Security—Show only known accounts
- <install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

ShowOnlyKnownAccounts=true
**SHOWREVISIONSCOLUMN**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Field Display](#) (page -20)

**Description**
In later versions of the Content Server, the revision number of a document is not displayed on the Search Results page while using Classic view. This configuration variable is used to display the revision number.

- When set to TRUE, the revision number of a document is displayed on the Search Results page while using Classic View.
- This setting works in Classic search mode only.
- Default is TRUE.

**Location**
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
ShowRevisionsColumn=false
```
SHOWSEARCHRESULTSCHECKOUTCOLUMN

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Searching (page -31)
- Page Display (page -26)

Description

Defines whether to display checkout links on the standard search results page.

- When set to TRUE, a column containing checkout links is displayed on the standard search results page.
- When set to FALSE, checkout links are not displayed on the standard search results page.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

showSearchResultsCheckoutColumn=1

See Also

- showDocActions (page -735)
- noInfoColumn (page -532)
- noRevisionsColumn (page -535)
SINGLEGROUP

Type and Usage

- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Content Items (page -4)
- Workflow (page -40)

Description

Evaluates whether the current revision is in a contributor step of a Basic workflow.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the revision is in a contributor step.
- Returns FALSE if the revision is not in a contributor step.

Example

Evaluates whether revision is in a contributor step:

<$if not SingleGroup$>
**SKIPMOZILLAMAILTOWORKAROUND**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Content Server](#) (page -6)

**Description**
Used to disable an email solution that allows Mozilla mail applications to accurately handle email from the Search Result and Content Info page. If your mailer does not send correctly formatted email, set this variable to TRUE.

**Location**
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Disables special email handling:

`SkipMozillaMailToWorkaround=true`
**SMTP PORT**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

**Description**
Defines the Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) port number.
- Default is 25.

**Location**
- System Properties—Internet tab—SMTP Port
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```
SmtpPort=25
```

**See Also**
- SysAdminAddress (page -778)
- MailServer (page -502)
**SOCKETHOSTADDRESSSECURITYFILTER**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Web Server (page -38)
- External Security (page -34)

**Description**
Defines the IP addresses that are allowed to make calls to the content server.
- Either this setting or SocketHostNameSecurityFilter (page -744) is required to allow remote IdcCommandX calls to the content server. (Generally, both settings should not be used at the same time.) See the IdcCommand—Java Command Utility Reference Guide for more information.
- Use a pipe character | to separate multiple addresses. Make sure that there are no spaces on either side of the pipe.
- Use wildcards to indicate groups of addresses (* for zero or more characters, ? for a single character).
- Default is the IP address of the local host.

**Location**
- System Properties—Server tab—IP Address Filter
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
SocketHostAddressSecurityFilter=10.10.3.*|127.0.0.1
```

**See Also**
- SocketHostNameSecurityFilter (page -744)
SOCKETHOSTNAMESECURITYFILTER

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Web Server (page -38)
- External Security (page -34)

Description

Defines the server names that are allowed to make calls to the content server.

- Either this setting or SocketHostAddressSecurityFilter (page -743) is required to allow remote IdcCommandX calls to the content server. (Generally, both settings should not be used at the same time.) See the Idc Command Reference Guide for more information.

- Use a pipe character | to separate multiple server names. Make sure that there are no spaces on either side of the pipe.

Location

- System Properties—Server tab—Hostname Filter
- <install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

SocketHostNameSecurityFilter=olympus|localhost|zeus

See Also

- SocketHostAddressSecurityFilter (page -743)
**SOURCEID**

**Type and Usage**
- [Content Read-Only Variables](#) (page -32)
- [Content Items](#) (page -4)

**Description**
Provides the Content ID for the current dynamic server page.

- This variable returns the same value as `ref:dID`. See [Referencing Metadata in Dynamic Server Pages](#) (page -32).

**Output**
Returns the Content ID as a string.

**Example**
Sets the `dID` variable to the value of the current HCSF page:

```html
<input type=hidden name="dID" value="<$SourceID$>"/>
```
**SOURCEPATH**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [External Security](#) (page -34)

**Description**
Specifies a unique string that identifies an LDAP provider. The first time a user requests credentials through the provider, this string is stored with the user information so it can be used to match the user with the provider next time the user asks for credentials.
- We suggest using the name of the LDAP provider as the Source Path.
- There is no default.

**Location**
- Add/Edit LDAP Provider page—Source Path
- `<install_dir>/data/providers/provider_name/provider.hda`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
SourcePath=LdapProvider1
```

**See Also**
- [Priority](#) (page -586)
STATUSCODE

Type and Usage

- Value Variables (page -33)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Indicates whether the last function call was successful or failed.

- Certain functions set this variable to zero (0) upon success.
- Certain functions set this variable to a negative numeric value (-1) upon failure. Typically, the abortToErrorPage (page -2) function is called to display an error page with the StatusMessage (page -748) from the most recent function call.

Output

- Returns 0 if the last function call was successful.
- Returns -1 if the last function call failed.

Example

Returns the current status code:

<$StatusCode$>

See Also

- abortToErrorPage (page -2)
- getUserValue (page -267)
- hasAppRights (page -275)
- StatusMessage (page -748)
**STATUSMESSAGE**

**Type and Usage**
- [Value Variables](#) (page -33)
- [Content Server](#) (page -6)

**Description**
Defines the error message for the last function call.

- This variable is typically displayed on an error page when the [abortToErrorPage](#) (page -2) function is called.

**Output**
- Returns OK if the last function call was successful.
- Returns a localized error message if the last function call failed.

**Example**
Returns the current status message:

```
<$StatusMessage$>
```

**See Also**
- [abortToErrorPage](#) (page -2)
- [StatusCode](#) (page -747)
**STDPAGEWIDTH**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Page Display](#) (page -26)

**Description**
Sets the page width in pixels.
- Default is 550.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```
StdPageWidth=1000
```

Returns the page width as a string:

```
<${StdPageWidth}>
```
STDSECURITYCHECK

Type and Usage
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Internal Security (page -33)

Description
Checks if the current user has access to the requested content item based on the standard security model.

- The active data is checked to determine if the standard (or default) security model allows the user to have access to the content item. This enables a custom implementation of security to still execute the standard security model as a baseline.

Parameters
None.

Output
- Returns TRUE if the current user has access to the content item.
- Returns FALSE if the current user does not have access to the content item.

Example
Compares the permission level of the user to the requested content item:
<${stdSecurityCheck()}$>
**STRCENTERPAD**

**Type and Usage**
- [Global Functions](#) (page -20)
- [Strings](#) (page -35)

**Description**

Pads equal space on both sides of a string. An equal number of spaces is added to each side of the string to make it at least the specified length. A character will be added to the length of the string if required.

**Note:** Use the [Special String Operators](#) (page -20) for string concatenation, string inclusion, and simple comparison.

**Parameters**

Takes two parameters:
- The first parameter is the string.
- The second parameter is the string length.

**Output**

Returns a string with spaces on both sides.

**Example**

Pads equal space on each side and creates a string seven characters long, using the form<br>\(<space><space>inf<space><space>:\)<br>\(<$strCenterPad("inf", 7)$>\

Pads equal space on each side and creates a string nine characters long, using the form<br>\(<space><space><space>inf<space><space><space>:\)<br>\(<$strCenterPad("inf", 8)$>\

Pads equal space on each side and creates a string nine characters long, using the form<br>\(<space><space><space><space>inf<space><space><space>:\)<br>\(<$strCenterPad("inf", 9)$>
STRCOMMAAPPENDNODUPLICATES

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Strings (page -35)

Description

This function appends a new token to an existing string. It returns the string plus a comma plus the new token. If the token already exists in the string, it is not added.

Parameters

Takes two parameters:

- The first parameter is the string.
- The second parameter is the token.

Example

<$myString = strCommaAppendNoDuplicates(myString, "A")$>
<$myString = strCommaAppendNoDuplicates(myString, "B")$>
<$myString = strCommaAppendNoDuplicates(myString, "C")$>
<$myString = strCommaAppendNoDuplicates(myString, "A")$>
<$myString = strCommaAppendNoDuplicates(myString, "B")$>
STRCONFINE

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Strings (page -35)

Description

Confines a string to a maximum length and appends padding if necessary.

- If the string is equal to or shorter than the specified length, it is unaffected.
- If the string is longer than the specified length, it is shortened and three padding characters are appended to equal the specified length. The character used for padding can be specified by changing the StrConfineOverflowChars (page -755) variable.

Note: Use the Special String Operators (page -20) for string concatenation, string inclusion, and simple comparison.

Parameters

Takes two parameters:

- The first parameter is the string.
- The second parameter is the maximum string length.

Output

Returns a string.

Example

Confines the string and appends three padding characters (dots) to make it a string five characters long, using the form in<dot><dot><dot>:

<$strConfine("inform", 5)> 

Confines the string and appends padding characters (dots) to make it a string five characters long, using the form i<dot><dot><dot><dot>:

<$strConfine("i", 5)>
Confines the string to a maximum of ten characters in length, so this six-character string is unaffected:
<$strConfine("inform", 10)$>

Confines the string to a maximum of six characters in length, so this six-character string is unaffected:
<$strConfine("inform", 6)$>

**See Also**

– *StrConfineOverflowChars (page -755)*
**STRCONFINEOVERFLOWCHARS**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Strings](#) (page -35)

**Description**
Defines a string padding character.
- Defines the character used for padding by the `strConfine` function.
- Default is a dot.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

```
StrConfineOverflowChars=.
```

**See Also**

- [strConfine](#) (page -753)
**STR\_EQUALS**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Strings (page -35)

**Description**
Checks if two strings are equal, including case.

*Note:* Use the Special String Operators (page -20) for string concatenation, string inclusion, and simple comparison.

**Parameters**
Takes two parameters:
- The first parameter is a string.
- The second parameter is the string to be compared to the first parameter.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the strings are equal.
- Returns FALSE if strings are not equal.

**Example**
Evaluates whether the strings are equal and returns TRUE (1):

```
<$strEquals("Home","Home")$>
```

Evaluates whether the strings are equal and returns FALSE (0):

```
<$strEquals("home","Home")$>
```

**See Also**
- `regexMatches` (page -625)
- `regexReplaceAll` (page -626)
- `regexReplaceFirst` (page -627)
– `strEqualsIgnoreCase` (page 758)
STR_EQUALS_IGNORE_CASE

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Strings (page -35)

Description

Checks if two strings are equal, not including case.

**Note:** Use the Special String Operators (page -20) for string concatenation, string inclusion, and simple comparison.

Parameters

Takes two parameters:
- The first parameter is a string.
- The second parameter is the string to be compared to the first parameter.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the strings are equal.
- Returns FALSE if strings are not equal.

Example

Evaluates whether the strings are equal and returns TRUE (1):

```${strEqualsIgnoreCase("home","Home")}$``

Evaluates whether the strings are equal and returns FALSE (0):

```${strEqualsIgnoreCase("home","page")}$``

See Also

- `strEquals` (page -756)
STRGENERATERANDOM

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Strings (page -35)

Description

This function generates a random string of hexadecimal characters. It outputs as many
characters as specified by the length parameter. If length is not specified, it defaults to 16
characters.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The length of the string.
**STRINDEXOF**

**Type and Usage**
- **Global Functions** (page -20)
- **Strings** (page -35)

**Description**
Determines if one string is a substring of another.

*Note:* Use the **Special String Operators** (page -20) for string concatenation, string inclusion, and simple comparison.

**Parameters**
Takes two parameters:
- The first parameter is a string.
- The second parameter is the possible substring.

**Output**
- If the second string is a substring of the first, returns an index value that indicates where in the first string the substring begins. The first character has an index value of 0.
- If the second string is not a substring of the first, returns a value of -1.

**Example**
Evaluates whether “xy” is a substring of “xyz” and returns the index value 0:
<$if strIndexOf("xyz","xy") >=0$> check for substring <$endif$>

Evaluates whether “yz” is a substring of “xyz” and returns the index value 1:
<$if strIndexOf("xyz","yz") >=0$> check for substring <$endif$>

Evaluates whether “ab” is a substring of “xyz” and returns the index value –1 to indicate that this is not a substring:
<$if strIndexOf("xyz","ab") >=0$> check for substring <$endif$>
STRLEFTFILL

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Strings (page -35)

Description

Fills the left side of a string with characters to make it a specified length.

Note: Use the Special String Operators (page -20) for string concatenation, string inclusion, and simple comparison.

Parameters

Takes three parameters:

- The first parameter is the string.
- The second parameter is the fill character.
- The third parameter is the length.

Output

Returns a string, left-filled with the specified character if necessary.

Example

Formats the string sleep by left-filling with the character “Z” to ten spaces. This returns the string ZZZZZsleep:

<$strLeftFill("sleep","Z",10)$>

Returns the string sleep:

<$strLeftFill("sleep","Z",4)$>
STRLEFTPAD

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Strings (page -35)

Description

Pads extra space to the left of a string to make it a specified length.

Note: Use the Special String Operators (page -20) for string concatenation, string inclusion, and simple comparison.

Parameters

Takes two parameters:

- The first parameter is the string.
- The second parameter is the length.

Output

Returns a string, left-filled with spaces if necessary.

Example

Pads extra space on the left to make it a string five characters long, using the form
<space><space>inf:
<$strLeftPad("inf", 5)> 

Returns the string “information”:
<$strLeftPad("information", 5)>
STRLENGTH

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Strings (page -35)

Description

Evaluates the length of a string.

Note: Use the Special String Operators (page -20) for string concatenation, string inclusion, and simple comparison.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is the string.

Output

- Returns an integer value.

Example

Evaluates the length of the string “home” and returns the integer 4:

<$strLength("home")$>
STRLOWER

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Strings (page -35)

Description

Formats a string in all lowercase letters.

Note: Use the Special String Operators (page -20) for string concatenation, string inclusion, and simple comparison.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is the string.

Output

Returns a string in all lowercase letters.

Example

Evaluates the string “Home” and returns home.

<${strLower("Home")}>
STRREMOVEWS

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Strings (page -35)

Description

Removes empty spaces from a string.

Note: Use the Special String Operators (page -20) for string concatenation, string inclusion, and simple comparison.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is the string.

Output

Returns a string with no spaces.

Example

Formats the string “h o m e” as the string home:

<$strRemoveWs("h o m e")$>
STRREPLACE

Type and Usage

- **Global Functions** (page -20)
- **Strings** (page -35)

Description

Replaces an existing substring with another substring.

- If there are multiple occurrences of the substring to be replaced, they will all be replaced by the new substring.

**Note:** Use the **Special String Operators** (page -20) for string concatenation, string inclusion, and simple comparison.

Parameters

Takes three parameters:

- The first parameter is the string on which the substitution will be performed.
- The second parameter is the substring to be replaced.
- The third parameter is the substring that will replace the existing substring.

Output

Returns a string.

Example

Replaces the word *classified* with *restricted* and results in the string “This document is restricted.”

<$strReplace("This document is classified.","classified","restricted")$>

Replaces the slashes in the date with periods, giving a date in the form “6.20.2001”:

<$strReplace(formatDateOnly(dateCurrent()),"/",".")$>
STRREPLACEIGNORECASE

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Strings (page -35)

Description

Replaces an existing substring with another substring, performing the search without using case sensitivity.
- If there are multiple occurrences of the substring to be replaced, they will all be replaced by the new substring.

Parameters

Takes three parameters:
- The first parameter is the string on which the substitution will be performed.
- The second parameter is the substring to be replaced.
- The third parameter is the substring that will replace the existing substring.

Output

Returns a string.

Example

<$hello = "Hello world! I love the world!"$>
<$strReplaceIgnoreCase(hello, "WORLD", "universe")$>
STRRIGHTFILL

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Strings (page -35)

Description

Fills the right side of a string with characters to make it a specified length.

Note: Use the Special String Operators (page -20) for string concatenation, string inclusion, and simple comparison.

Parameters

Takes three parameters:

- The first parameter is the string.
- The second parameter is the fill character.
- The third parameter is the length.

Output

Returns a string, right-filled with the specified character if necessary.

Example

Formats the string sleep by right filling with the character “Z” to ten spaces. This returns the string sleepZZZZZ:

<$strRightFill("sleep","Z",10)$>

Returns the string “sleep”:

<$strRightFill("sleep","Z",4)$>
STRRIGHTPAD

Type and Usage
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Strings (page -35)

Description
Pads extra space to the right of a string to make it a specified length.

Note: Use the Special String Operators (page -20) for string concatenation, string inclusion, and simple comparison.

Parameters
Takes two parameters:
- The first parameter is the string.
- The second parameter is the length.

Output
Returns a string, right-filled with spaces if necessary.

Example
Pads extra space on the right to make it a string five characters long, using the form inf<space><space>:
<$strRightPad("inf", 5)$>

Returns the string “information”:
<$strRightPad("information", 5)$>
STRSUBSTRING

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Strings (page -35)

Description

Retrieves a substring from a string.

- The first character has an index value of 0.

Note: Use the Special String Operators (page -20) for string concatenation, string inclusion, and simple comparison.

Parameters

Takes either two or three parameters:

- The first parameter is the string.
- The second parameter is a number representing the start index.
- The third optional parameter is a number representing the stop index.

Output

Returns a substring.

- If the stop index parameter is specified, the substring starting with the character at the start index and ending one character before the stop index is returned.
- If the stop index parameter is not specified, the substring from the start index to the end of the string is returned.

Example

Retrieves the first two characters of the string my:

<$strSubstring("mystring",0,2)>

Retrieves the string after the second character string:

<$strSubstring("mystring",2)>
See Also

- `regexReplaceAll` (page -626)
- `regexReplaceFirst` (page -627)
STRTRIMWS

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Strings (page -35)

Description

Removes spaces from the beginning and end of a string.

Note: Use the Special String Operators (page -20) for string concatenation, string inclusion, and simple comparison.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is the string.

Output

Returns a string with no leading or trailing spaces.

Example

Formats the string “ homepage ” as the string homepage:

<$strTrimWs(" homepage ")$>
STRUPPER

Type and Usage
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Strings (page -35)

Description
Formats a string in all uppercase letters.

Note: Use the Special String Operators (page -20) for string concatenation, string inclusion, and simple comparison.

Parameters
Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is the string.

Output
Returns a string in all uppercase letters.

Example
Evaluates the string “Home” and returns HOME.
<${strUpper("Home")}>

STYLEFORREQUIREDFIELDS

Type and Usage

- Other Field Display Variables (page -28)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Formats how a required metadata field is displayed.

- When set, the required field is displayed in the style as defined in a cascading style sheet.
- Values for the style can be any of the field caption styles defined for the Content Server.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is the specified style.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

The following example displays a required field in red:

StyleForRequiredFields=requiredField

See Also

- fieldCaptionStyle (page -209)
- NotationForRequiredFields (page -537)
 SUBJECTS_DIR

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)

Description

Defines the path to the subjects directory.

- Subjects are subsystems that are notified when a content server service makes a change in the system, such as modifying an option list or adding a new user.
- Default is <install_dir>/data/subjects/.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
SubjectsDir=c:/stellent_temp/data/subjects
SUBSCRIPTIONCOLLATEDFIELDLIST

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Defines a list of fields displayed for subscriptions.

- The default fields that are defined at startup are dID and dDocName.
- Additional fields can be defined using AdditionalSubscriptionCollatedFieldList.
- It is recommended that you use AdditionalSubscriptionCollatedFieldList to add subscription fields to the collated list rather than change SubscriptionCollatedFieldList.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

See Also

- AdditionalSubscriptionCollatedFieldList (page -13)
**SUBSCRIPTIONMETHOD**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page 3)
- [Content Server](#) (page 6)

**Description**
Specifies how subscriptions are processed.
- The possible values are:
  - **SubscriptionOriented**—The content server compares each subscription with the content items that have been indexed.
    
    This value should be used when the number of subscriptions is small relative to the number of content items (for example, 100,000 content items and 1000 subscriptions).
  - **DocumentOriented**—The content server compares each indexed content item with the active subscriptions.
    
    This value should be used when the number of subscriptions is large relative to the number of content items (for example, 1000 content items and 1000 subscriptions).

- Default is **SubscriptionOriented**.

**Location**

```<install_dir>/config/config.cfg```

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

```
SubscriptionMethod=DocumentOriented
```
SYSADMINADDRESS

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Users (page -37)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Defines the system administrator e-mail address.

- This is the address used in workflow and subscription notification e-mails that come from the content server.
- Returns a string.
- There is no default value.

Location

- System Properties—Internet tab—Administrator Mail Address
- Admin Server—Internet Configuration—Administrator Mail Address
- $install_dir$/config/config.cfg

Example

As a configuration setting:
SysAdminAddress=admin@companyname.com

As script, returns the value of the configuration setting:
<$SysAdminAddress$>

See Also

- MailServer (page -502)
- SmtpPort (page -742)
**SYSTEMDATEFORMAT**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Date and Time](#) (page -16)
- [Localization](#) (page -25)

**Description**
Sets the date/time format for the content server.

Note that there are two types of date formats: one that stores seconds and one that truncates seconds and stores the date up to the minute. If seconds are used, dates can only be stored up to the year 2037.

- If *[SystemLocale]* (page -781) is not specified as a configuration setting, the *SystemDateFormat* will be deduced directly from the OS settings in the Java VM instead of using the content server configuration table settings for the *[SystemLocale]*. If *[SystemLocale]* is explicitly defined, then the date/time format from the content server configuration tables for that locale will be used instead.

- The syntax for this format is an extension of the date format functionality provided in the standard Java class libraries.

**Note:** See *Using Content Server in International Environments* for information on date and time formats.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry to set the standard US date time using the four digit year format:

SystemDateformat=M/d{/yyyy} {h:mm[ss] {aa}{zzz}"

**See Also**
- *[SystemLocale]* (page -781)
– SystemTimeZone (page 786)
SYSTEMLOCAL

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Localization (page -25)

Description

Sets the system locale for the content server.

- This setting controls the following:
  - localized strings used in the content server interface
  - character encoding for web pages
  - date/time format
  - time zone
  - parameters used for full-text indexing

Any of these individual features can be controlled by separate configuration entries or by changing the settings for the SystemLocale.

- This setting can be changed on the Server tab of the System Properties utility. The defaults for a specific locale can be changed on the Localization tab of the System Properties utility.

- If SystemLocale is not specified as a configuration setting, the SystemDateFormat (page -779) will be deduced directly from the OS settings in the Java VM instead of using the content server configuration table settings for the SystemLocale. If SystemLocale is explicitly defined, then the date/time format from the content server configuration tables for that locale will be used instead.

- The configuration entries VerityLocale (page -889) and VerityEncoding (page -887) will still override settings from the SystemLocale, but configuring the SystemLocale directly is the preferred solution because there are many choices for VerityLocale and VerityEncoding that are not compatible.

Note: See Using Content Server in International Environments for information on localization.
Location

- System Properties—Server tab—System Locale
- `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

```
SystemLocale=Deutsch
```

See Also

- `SystemDateFormat (page -779)`
- `SystemTimeZone (page -786)`
**SYSTEMREPORTSDIR**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)
- Templates (page -36)

**Description**
Defines the path to the reports directory, which contains templates for Web Layout Editor reports.
- Default is `<install_dir>/shared/config/reports/`.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

```
SystemReportsDir=c:/myreports/
```
SYSTEMRESOURCESDIR

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)

Description

Defines the path to the resources directory, which contains the standard content server resources.

- Default is `<install_dir>/shared/config/resources/`.

Location

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

```
SystemResourcesDir=c:/std_resources/
```
**SYSTEMTEMPLATESDIR**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Directories and Paths](#) (page -18)
- [Templates](#) (page -36)

**Description**
Defines the path to the *templates* directory, which contains the standard content server page templates.
- Default is `<install_dir>/shared/config/templates/`.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

```
SystemTemplatesDir=c:/std_templates
```
SYSTEMTIMEZONE

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Date and Time (page -16)
- Localization (page -25)

Description

Sets the default time zone for the content server.

- The SystemTimeZones table in the <install_dir>/shared/config/resources/std_locale.htm file lists the time zones that can be specified.
- Default is the time zone set for the local computer’s operating system. If the default is used, the variable does not appear in the configuration file.

Note: See Using Content Server in International Environments for information about time zone formats.

Location

- System Properties—Server tab—System Timezone
- <install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

SystemTimeZone=Europe/Berlin

See Also

- SystemDateFormat (page -779)
- SystemLocale (page -781)
**TEMPDIR**

**Type and Usage**

- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Debugging](#) (page -16)
- [Directories and Paths](#) (page -18)

**Description**

Specifies the location where the Content Server Analyzer utility duplicates and tests files.

- Default is a *temp* subdirectory in the log directory specified by the [IdcAnalyzeLogDir](#) (page -323) setting.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

TempDir=f:/stellent/analyzer_logs/temp/

**See Also**

- [IdcAnalyzeLogDir](#) (page -323)
**TEMPLATECLASS**

**Type and Usage**

- [Template Read-Only Variables](page -30)
- [Page Display](page -26)
- [Templates](page -36)

**Description**

Retrieves the classification of the template for the current page.

- This variable makes it possible to create conditional content in a template based on the identity of the template. Use this variable within a template page to determine the source of the pages delivered by the server.

- For standard templates, this variable is defined in the `class` column of the `IntradocTemplates` table in the `templates.hda` file.

- For search results templates, this variable evaluates to `Results`.

- For report templates, this variable evaluates to `Reports`.

- For dynamic server pages, this variable is typically `IdcDynamicFile`.

**Output**

Returns a string.

**Example**

This markup displays a table of template information on the page:

```html
<TABLE>
  <TR><TD>Template Name</TD>
  <TD><$TemplateName$></TD></TR>
  <TR><TD>Template Class</TD>
  <TD><$TemplateClass$></TD></TR>
  <TR><TD>Template Type</TD>
  <TD><$TemplateType$></TD></TR>
  <TR><TD>Template File Path</TD>
  <TD><$TemplateFilePath$></TD></TR>
</TABLE>
```
See Also

- `TemplateFilePath` (page 790)
- `TemplateName` (page 791)
- `TemplateType` (page 792)
**TEMPLATEFILEPATH**

**Type and Usage**

- [Template Read-Only Variables](page -30)
- [Page Display](page -26)
- [Templates](page -36)

**Description**

Retrieves the path from where the template was actually loaded.

- This variable makes it possible to create conditional content in a template based on the identity of the template. Use this variable within a template page to determine the source of the pages delivered by the server.

**Output**

Returns the path as a string.

**Example**

This markup displays a table of template information on the page:

```html
<TABLE>
  <TR><TD>Template Name</TD><TD><$TemplateName$></TD></TR>
  <TR><TD>Template Class</TD><TD><$TemplateClass$></TD></TR>
  <TR><TD>Template Type</TD><TD><$TemplateType$></TD></TR>
  <TR><TD>Template File Path</TD><TD><$TemplateFilePath$></TD></TR>
</TABLE>
```

**See Also**

- [TemplateClass](page -788)
- [TemplateName](page -791)
- [TemplateType](page -792)
TemplateName

Type and Usage

- Template Read-Only Variables (page -30)
- Page Display (page -26)
- Templates (page -36)

Description

Retrieves the internal name of the template for the current page. For example, DOC_INFO or CHECKIN_NEW_FORM.

- This variable makes it possible to create conditional content in a template based on the identity of the template. Use this variable within a template page to determine the source of the pages delivered by the server.

Output

Returns the template name as a string.

Example

This markup displays a table of template information on the page:

```
<TABLE>
  <TR><TD>Template Name</TD></TR>
  <TD>TemplateName</TD></TR>
  <TR><TD>Template Class</TD></TR>
  <TD>TemplateClass</TD></TR>
  <TR><TD>Template Type</TD></TR>
  <TD>TemplateType</TD></TR>
  <TR><TD>Template File Path</TD></TR>
  <TD>TemplateFilePath</TD></TR>
</TABLE>
```

See Also

- TemplateClass (page -788)
- TemplateFilePath (page -790)
- TemplateType (page -792)
**TEMPLATE TYPE**

**Type and Usage**
- Template Read-Only Variables (page -30)
- Page Display (page -26)
- Templates (page -36)

**Description**
Provides the template type for the current page.
- This variable makes it possible to create conditional content in a template based on the identity of the template. Use this variable within a template page to determine the source of the pages delivered by the server.
- For standard templates, this variable is defined in the `formtype` column of the `IntradocTemplates` table in the `templates.hda` file.
- For search results templates, this variable is defined in the `formtype` column of the `SearchResultTemplates` table in the `templates.hda` file.
- For report templates, this variable is defined in the `datasource` column of the `IntradocReports` table in the `reports.hda` file.
- For dynamic server pages, this variable is either `hcsp` or `hcsf`.

**Output**
Returns the template type as a string.

**Example**
This markup displays a table of template information on the page:

```html
<TABLE>
  <TR><TD>Template Name</TD>
  <TD><$TemplateName$></TD></TR>
  <TR><TD>Template Class</TD>
  <TD><$TemplateClass$></TD></TR>
  <TR><TD>Template Type</TD>
  <TD><$TemplateType$></TD></TR>
  <TR><TD>Template File Path</TD>
  <TD><$TemplatePath$></TD></TR>
</TABLE>
```
See Also

- TemplateClass (page 788)
- TemplateFilePath (page 790)
- TemplateName (page 791)
**TEXTINDEXERFILTERVALIDATEFORMATS**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Indexing](#) (page -24)

**Description**
This variable specifies a comma-delimited list of file types that are verified for unreadable characters. When this variable is used, specified file formats are checked for unreadable characters and those characters are corrected before the text file is passed to be indexed with Verity Integration. Verity Integration is an add-on product available for purchase for use with the Content Server.

**Location**

<install_dir>/custom/TextIndexerFilter/textindexerfilter_environment.cfg

**Example**

TextIndexerFilterValidateFormats=application/pdf
THUMBNAILDPI

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

Description

Sets the resolution of thumbnails in dots-per-inch (DPI).

- Pixels are different sizes on various target devices, so thumbnails could appear with lower quality than intended. This setting can be used to set a specific resolution to ensure that thumbnails are an appropriate size and resolution for the target devices.
- Valid range is 1 to 2400.
- Default is 34.

Location

- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Thumbnail Options tab—Thumbnail DPI
- <install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

Example

As a configuration setting, defines the thumbnail resolution:

ThumbnailDPI=96

See Also

- ThumbnailHeight (page -796)
- ThumbnailWidth (page -801)
**THUMBNAILHEIGHT**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [PDF Converter](#) (page -10)

**Description**
Sets the thumbnail height in pixels.
- Default is 80.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Note:** This variable can also be in the Inbound Refinery local configuration file (<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg), but it **must** be in the content server configuration file for the Inbound Refinery to read it.

**Example**

As a configuration setting, defines the thumbnail height in pixels:

ThumbnailHeight=100

As script, returns the value of the configuration setting:

<$ThumbnailHeight$>
THUMBNAIIJPE6GQUALITY

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

Description
Sets the lossyness of JPEG compression used to create thumbnails.
- Valid range is 1 to 100, where 100 is the highest quality but the least compression, and 1 is the lowest quality but the most compression.
- Default is 100.

Location
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Thumbnail Options tab—Thumbnail quality
- <install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

Example
As a configuration setting, defines the thumbnail lossyness:
ThumbnailJPEGQuality=50
**THUMBNAILSIZELIMIT**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

**Description**
Sets the maximum size of thumbnail images in pixels.
- This setting can be used to prevent large graphics from being converted to unnecessarily large thumbnails.
- This setting overrides all other settings that affect the size of a thumbnail image.
- Default is 0 (no limit).

**Location**

<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

**Example**
As a configuration setting:

```
ThumbnailSizeLimit=100
```
THUMBNAILSIZINGMETHOD

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Inbound Refinery (page -9)

Description

Determines the method used to size graphics when creating thumbnails.

- This setting is not valid when PDF Converter is installed, because PDF Converter uses a different thumbnailing engine than Inbound Refinery.
- When set to QuickSizing, the fastest sizing method is used.
- When set to SmoothSizing, the most accurate sizing method is used.
- When set to GraySizing, the most accurate sizing method is used for grayscale graphics and the fastest sizing method is used for color graphics.
- Default is SmoothSizing.

Location

- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—Thumbnail Options tab—Sizing options
- <install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

Example

As a configuration setting:

ThumbnailSizingMethod=QuickSizing
**THUMBNAILTEMPLATE**

Type and Usage

- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [PDF Converter](#) (page -10)

Description

Defines the path for the template used by HTML Export when creating a thumbnail.

- Returns the path as a string.
- Default is `<SharedDir>/config/resources/std_thumbnail.htm`.

Location

`<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg`

Example

As a configuration setting:

```
ThumbnailTemplate=c:/stellent/IdcRefinery/shared/config/resources/custom_thumbnail.htm
```
**THUMBNAILWIDTH**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [PDF Converter](#) (page -10)

**Description**
Sets the thumbnail width in pixels.
- Default is 80.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Note:** This variable can also be in the Inbound Refinery local configuration file (<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg), but it **must** be in the content server configuration file for the Inbound Refinery to read it.

**Example**

As a configuration setting, defines the thumbnail width in pixels:

```
ThumbnailWidth=100
```

As script, returns the value of the configuration setting:

```
<$ThumbnailWidth$>
```
**TIMEOUTCHANGEDTEMPLATENANTEDFORCEDCONVERSIONSINMINS**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [Dynamic Converter](page -14)

**Description**
Defines the minimum interval in minutes at which Dynamic Converter will reconvert a file when the template or layout has changed.

- When set to a positive value, forced or up front conversions will be reconverted because of a change to the template or layout only after the time specified by this setting has passed.
- If a conversion rule is changed to use a different template or layout, the normal evaluation logic is used.
- This setting is ignored if the [NeverTimeoutForcedConversionsTemplateChange](page -530) setting is TRUE.
- When set to 0, the [TimeoutMismatchedForcedConversionsInMins](page -803) setting is used.
- Default is 0.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
TimeoutChangedTemplateForcedConversionsInMins=1
```

**See Also**
- [NeverTimeoutForcedConversionsTemplateChange](page -530)
- [TimeoutMismatchedForcedConversionsInMins](page -803)
**TIMEOUTMISMATCHEDFORCEDCONVERSIONSINMINS**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Dynamic Converter (page -14)

**Description**
Defines the minimum interval in minutes at which Dynamic Converter will reconvert a file when the source document, template, or layout has changed.

- When set to a positive value, forced or up front conversions will be reconverted because of a change to the source document, template, or layout only after the time specified by this setting has passed.

- If a conversion rule is changed to use a different template or layout, the normal evaluation logic is used.

- If the TimeoutChangedTemplate ForcedConversionsInMIns (page -802) is set to a positive value, this setting applies only to changes in the source document.

- When set to 0, forced or up front conversions will not be reconverted because of a change to the source document.

- Default is 15 minutes.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
TimeoutMismatchedForcedConversionsInMins=10

**See Also**
- NeverTimeoutForcedConversionsTemplateChange (page -530)
- TimeoutChangedTemplate ForcedConversionsInMIns (page -802)
### TimeoutPerOneMegInSec

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Indexing (page -24)

**Description**
Sets the timeout for indexing files into the index collection.
- The size of a bulkload file being indexed is rounded up to the nearest megabyte, and then multiplied by this setting to determine the timeout value in seconds.
- If files have a large amount of numerical data, the timeout should be increased to 3000–6000. Indexing cleanup cycles, which occur after every four or so bulkloads and count toward the timeout, can take longer for numerical data.
- Default is 600 seconds per megabyte.

**Location**
`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
TimeoutPerOneMegInSec=3000
```
TOINTEGER

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Strings (page -35)

Description

Converts a string to an integer.

Note: Use the Special String Operators (page -20) for string concatenation, string inclusion, and simple comparison.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is the string.

Output

Returns an integer value. If the string does not evaluate to a number, or evaluates to a non-integer number, an error is thrown.

Example

Converts the string “4” to an integer and returns the value 4:

<$toInteger("4")$>
TRACE

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Debugging (page -16)

Description

Enables logging a debug or trace message to the ScriptDebugTrace output. A message can also be output to the console or to the system logs.

Parameters

Takes one required and two optional parameters:

- The first parameter is the message which is output. The value can be one of the following:
  - A string. If the string is passed as the only parameter, the ScriptDebugTrace (page -700) variable must be set for this function to execute. The string is added to the accumulated debug trace.
  - #local, which prepares a dump of all current local variables.
  - #all, which prepares a full HDA dump of all local data, result sets, and environment data.

- The second (optional) parameter is the location where the message will be relayed. The values can be the following:
  - #console, to display to a console
  - #log to log a message in the HTML log files
  - the name of a variable (such as StatusMessage). In that case, the message is appended to the current value.

- The third (optional) parameter is for the appropriate tracing section and is only relevant if the location parameter is set to #console.

Example

The following example logs the string message to the system console, which is always logged:

<$trace("message", "#console")$>
The following example logs the string message to the system console in the pagecreation tracing section.
<$trace("message", "#console", "pagecreation")$>

The following example logs the string message to the HTML content server log file.
<$trace("message", "#log")$>

The following example dumps all local variables and their values to the system console.
<$trace("#local", "#console")$>

The following example dumps all local variables, result sets, and environment variables to the system console.
<$trace("#all", "#console")$>

The following example dumps all data to the variable MyTraceDump, which can then be displayed on the page. This is useful for HCSP developers who may not have the appropriate access rights to view the console logs.
<$trace("#all", "MyTraceDump")$>
<$MyTraceDump$>

See Also
− ScriptDebugTrace (page -700)
**TRACECONVERSIONCACHECLEANUP**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [Dynamic Converter](page -14)

**Description**
Outputs a report to the debug trace during the Dynamic Converter cache cleanup cycle.

- When set to TRUE, the debug trace includes a report of which documents were deleted, the conversion type of deleted documents (forced or not), and whether documents were deleted because of cache size constraints.

- See [ConversionCacheExpirationPeriodInDays](page -98), [DatedCacheIntervalDays](page -116), and [MaxConversionCacheSizeInMegs](page -506) for more information on the Dynamic Converter cache cleanup cycle.

- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
TraceConversionCacheCleanup=true

**See Also**
- [ConversionCacheExpirationPeriodInDays](page -98)
- [DatedCacheIntervalDays](page -116)
- [MaxConversionCacheSizeInMegs](page -506)
**TRACEISVERBOSE**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [Debugging](page -16)

**Description**
When set to TRUE, this variable enables verbose reporting on sections specified with the [TraceSectionsList](page -813) configuration option. Note that not all sections support verbose output; this configuration setting will enable verbose output on those that are specified and that do support verbose output.
- Reporting is set to FALSE by default.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
TraceIsVerbose=true

**See Also**
- [TraceSectionsList](page -813)
**TRACERESOURCECONFLICT**

**Type and Usage**
- **Configuration Variables** (page -3)
- **Debugging** (page -16)

**Description**
When the content server is started from a command line, each system resource that is overridden twice by component resources is output to the command line.
- When set to TRUE, system resources that are overridden by two or more component resources are output.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
TraceResourceConflict=true

**See Also**
- **TraceResourceLoad** (page -811)
- **TraceResourceOverride** (page -812)
**TRACERESOURCELOAD**

### Type and Usage
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Debugging](#) (page -16)

### Description
When the content server is started from a command line, all resource loading activities are output to the command line.
- When set to TRUE, all resources loaded, resource overrides, resource conflicts, and resource merges are output.
- Default is FALSE.

### Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

### Example

TraceResourceLoad=true

### See Also
- [TraceResourceConflict](#) (page -810)
- [TraceResourceOverride](#) (page -812)
**TraceResourceOverride**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Debugging (page -16)

**Description**
When the content server is started from a command line, system resources and non-system component resources that are overridden by a component resource are output to the command line.

- When set to TRUE, system resources and non-system resources that are overridden by one or more component resources are output.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
TraceResourceOverride=true

**See Also**
- TraceResourceConflict (page -810)
- TraceResourceLoad (page -811)
**TRACESECTIONSLIST**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Debugging](#) (page -16)

**Description**
This variable sets tracing options that are active when the Content Server starts.
- Tracing can be activated on a section basis. The “system” section is set by default.
- Other sections can be added in a comma-separated list.
- Components can add their own tracing sections.
- Some tracing sections support verbose reporting. To enable verbose reporting, use the [TraceIsVerbose](#) (page -809) configuration option.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Sections**
The table below lists the sections which can be traced.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>all</td>
<td>Traces all sections.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>applet</td>
<td>Enables general applet tracing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>archiver</td>
<td>Traces standard archiving activities, including reading and writing of archiver data files.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>archiverlocks</td>
<td>Traces locks put on files and archives for lengthy archive activities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Section</strong></td>
<td><strong>Description</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>chunkedrequest</td>
<td>Traces messages and headers created to implement protocol that splits large requests into multiple smaller requests.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>filelock</td>
<td>Traces short term locks on directories; focus is on collisions and time-outs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>filelonglock</td>
<td>Traces the creation, removal, and maintenance of long term locks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>filequeue</td>
<td>Traces accesses to file queues.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>indexermonitor</td>
<td>Traces the start and stop of update and rebuild indexing activities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>localization</td>
<td>Traces localization configuration activities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mail</td>
<td>Traces mail sent by the content server’s internal API.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pagecreation</td>
<td>Creates performance and audit data during the creation of Idoc script pages.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>scheduledevents</td>
<td>Traces hourly or daily scheduled background activities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>schema</td>
<td>Traces custom metadata schema information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>searchquery</td>
<td>Traces data and performance of queries executed against search collection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>socketrequests</td>
<td>Traces low-level data on incoming requests.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>system</td>
<td>Traces internal messages.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>systemdatabase</td>
<td>Creates data on database activity, including queries executed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>transfermonitor</td>
<td>Traces archiver batchfile transferring activities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>userstorage</td>
<td>Traces the parameters and results of accessing external user repositories.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>workflow</td>
<td>Traces data on content items going through a workflow.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Example**

`TraceSectionsList=system, mail, pagecreation`

**See Also**

- `TraceIsVerbose` (page 809)
UIEHIDESEARCHCHECKBOXES

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Record Manager and Retention Manager (page -28)

Description

Records Manager only.
Controls if the metadata field check boxes on the search page are shown.
If set to TRUE, the metadata field check boxes are not shown on the page. If set to FALSE, the metadata field check boxes are shown.
The default is TRUE.

Location

<install_dir>/custom/RecordsManagement/records_management_environments.cfg
<install_dir>/custom/RetentionManager/retentionmanager_environments.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
UieHideSearchCheckboxes=false
UNIVERSALSEARCHALLOWFULLTEXT

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Searching (page -31)

Description

Changes the displayed fields when `SearchQueryFormat=Universal` is used. If `UniversalSearchAllowFullText` is set to FALSE, the Full Text Search field is not displayed on the Search page.

The default is TRUE.

Location

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

Example

`UniversalSearchAllowFullText=false`

See Also

- `SearchQueryFormat` (page -711)
**UPLOADAPPLET**

**Type and Usage**

- **Configuration Variables** (page -3)
- **Content Server** (page -6)
- **Clients** (page -3)

**Description**

Enables the multiple file Upload Applet.

**Important:** This setting is only for use by custom legacy versions of the Upload Applet. It should not be enabled when the standard *MultiUpload* (page -528) variable is enabled.

- When set to TRUE, the Upload Applet is enabled so that multiple files can be zipped and checked in as a single content item.
- When set to FALSE, the Upload Applet is disabled.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**

As a configuration setting, enables the Upload Applet:

```
UploadApplet=true
```

As script, evaluates the condition of the Upload Applet:

```
<$UploadApplet$>
```

**See Also**

- *DownloadApplet* (page -171)
- *MultiUpload* (page -528)
URL

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Strings (page -35)

Description

Formats a string for use in a URL.

- This function converts blank spaces and reserved characters to an escape sequence.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is the string.

Output

Returns a string formatted for use in a URL.

Example

Formats the string “home page” as home%20page:

<$url("home page")$>

Formats the string “home/page” as home%2fpage:

<$url("home/page")$>

Formats the string “home?page” as home%3fpage:

<$url("home?page")$>
**URL**\texttt{ESCAPE7BIT}

**Type and Usage**

- [Global Functions](#) (page -20)
- [Strings](#) (page -35)

**Description**

This function returns a URL-encoded version of the string parameter. This is similar to the `url` function but it only encodes characters that are not 7-bit clean (ASCII). Therefore this function can be called repeatedly on the same string.

If the `url` function is used to double encode a string, every `%` character is encoded to `%25`.

**Parameters**

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is the string.

**Output**

Returns a string formatted for use in a URL.

**Example**

```plaintext
<\$path = "m\ý ûl\é.txt"$>
20fil\é.txt = <\$url(path)$>
m\ý%2520fil\é.txt = <\$url(url(path))$>
m\ý%2520fil\é.txt = <\$urlEscape7Bit(url(path))$>
m%ff%20f%e1%eb.txt = <\$urlEscape7Bit(urlEscape7Bit(url(path))))$>
```

**See Also**

- [url](#) (page -819)
USEACCOUNTS

Type and Usage

- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Internal Security](#) (page -33)

Description

Enables the use of accounts.

- When set to TRUE, accounts are enabled.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

```
UseAccounts=true
```
USEADOBEDISTILLER

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

Description
Specifies that PDF Converter uses Adobe Acrobat Distiller rather than Jaws PDF Library.
- When set to TRUE, PDF Converter uses Adobe Acrobat Distiller.
- When set to FALSE, PDF Converter uses Jaws PDF Library.
- If Adobe Acrobat Distiller is detected upon installation of PDF Converter, the default is TRUE.
- If Adobe Acrobat Distiller is not detected upon installation of PDF Converter, there is no default.

Location
- <install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
UseAdobeDistiller=true

See Also
- DistillerPath (page -160)
USEADSI

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- External Security (page -34)

Description

Enables Active Directory (ADSI) authentication for the content server.

- This setting is valid only when NtlmSecurityEnabled (page -544) is TRUE.
- This option is available only when using an IIS web server.
- When set to TRUE, users defined in Active Directory can log in to the content server using their network credentials.
- There is no default value.

Location

- System Properties—Internet tab—Active Directory Security (ADSI) option
- Admin Server—Internet Configuration—Active Directory Security option
- <install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Enables ADSI security:

UseAdsi=true

See Also

- NtlmSecurityEnabled (page -544)
- UseNtlm (page -839)
USEALCHEMY111

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

Description

Defines which version of Image Alchemy the Inbound Refinery constructs parameters for (for use in creating thumbnails for PDF files).

- When set to TRUE, the Inbound Refinery constructs parameters for Image Alchemy 1.11.
- When set to FALSE, the Inbound Refinery constructs parameters for the latest version of Image Alchemy.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

UseAlchemy111=true
USEAUTOCADE2000

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- AutoCAD (page -12)

Description

Defines whether to use AutoCAD 2000 or AutoCAD 14 for conversion of AutoCAD files.
- If set to FALSE, AutoCAD 14 is used for conversion.
- If set to TRUE, AutoCAD 2000 is used for conversion.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

- Shared Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—AutoCAD Options tab—Use AutoCAD 2000
- <install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
UseAutoCad2000=true
USEAUTOCADMODELSPACE

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- AutoCAD (page -12)

Description
Defines whether AutoCAD DWF files will be plotted in “model space” or “paper space”.
- If set to TRUE, model space is used.
- If set to FALSE, paper space is used.
- Default is FALSE.

Location
- Shared Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—AutoCAD Options tab—View space options
- <install_dir>/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
UseAutocadModelSpace=true
USEBELLEVUELOOK

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Page Display (page -26)

Description

Enables an alternate look-and-feel for the content server interface.

- When set to TRUE, the “Bellevue” look-and-feel (green and red color scheme) is used.
- If UseXpedioLook (page -875) is TRUE, it overrides this setting.
- There is no default value.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
UseBellevueLook=true

See Also

- UseXpedioLook (page -875)
USECASCADINGSTYLESHETS

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Dynamic Converter (page -14)

Description

Enables the use of cascading style sheets (CSS) for Dynamic Converter.

- When set to TRUE, cascading style sheets are enabled.
- When set to FALSE, cascading style sheets are disabled. This option is useful only for older browsers that do not support CSS.
- Default is TRUE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

UseCascadingStyleSheets=false
USECUSTOMMODALING

Type and Usage

- **Configuration Variables** (page -3)
- **Content Server** (page -6)

Description

Setting this variable to FALSE enables a modal dialog to lock only the frame below the dialog instead of locking all frames. This variable only has effect on systems using Red Hat Linux ES 3.

For example, if both Repository Manager and Archiver are active and a dialog is opened from Repository Manager, Archiver does not function. But if this variable is set to FALSE, Archiver can continue to function with the other dialog open.

- Default is TRUE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

UseCustomModaling=false
**USEDATABASESHORTINDEXNAME**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Database](#) (page -15)

**Description**
Required if the database in use does not support index names longer than eighteen characters.
- When set to TRUE, short index names are used.
- When set to FALSE, short index names are not used.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

UseDatabaseShortIndexName=false
USEFOURDIGITYEAR

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Date and Time (page -16)

Description

**Important:** This setting is obsolete for version 5.1 and later—use SystemDateFormat (page -779).

Specifies a four-digit or two-digit year display format.

- When set to TRUE, the content server displays years with four digits.
- When set to FALSE, the content server displays years with two digits.
- The content server supports both two-digit and four-digit years for data entry.
- Default is TRUE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

UseFourDigitYear=false

See Also

- SystemDateFormat (page -779)
USEFULLGROUPNAME

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- External Security (page -34)

Description
Specifies whether the entire hierarchy for an Active Directory or LDAP group should be included in the mapping to a content server role or account.
- When set to TRUE, the entire group hierarchy (up to the specified prefix or naming context) is included in the role or account name.
- When set to FALSE, the group hierarchy is not included in the role or account name.
- See the Active Directory Configuration page or the Add/Edit LDAP Provider page for detailed examples.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

Active Directory Security
- Active Directory Configuration page—Use Full Group Names
- \<install_dir\>/data/users/config/filter.hda

LDAP Security
- Add/Edit LDAP Provider page—Use Full Group Names
- \<install_dir\>/data/providers/<provider_name>/provider.hda

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
UseFullGroupName=true
USEGROUPFILTER

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- External Security (page -34)

Description

Enables the use of a filter for selecting the Active Directory or LDAP groups that will be mapped to content server roles and accounts.

- Used with Active Directory or LDAP security. When set to TRUE, the RolePrefix (page -644) and AcctPrefix (page -7) settings are used to map Active Directory or LDAP groups to content server roles and accounts.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

Active Directory Security

- Active Directory Configuration page—Group Filtering
- `<install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda`

LDAP Security

- Add/Edit LDAP Provider page—Group Filtering
- `<install_dir>/data/providers/ldap_provider_name/provider.hda`

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

UseGroupFilter=true

See Also

- AcctPrefix (page -7)
- RolePrefix (page -644)
USEHTMLORTEXTHIGHLIGHTINFO

Type and Usage

- **Value Variables** (page -33)
- **Searching** (page -31)

Description

Checks whether full-text search keyword highlighting is enabled and the file format supports highlighting (such as PDF, HTM, or TXT).

- If the **EnableDocumentHighlight** (page -183) setting is TRUE, keyword highlighting is enabled.

Output

- Returns TRUE if highlighting is enabled.
- Returns FALSE if highlighting is not enabled.

Example

Returns search keyword highlighting status:

<$UseHtmlOrTextHighlightInfo$>

See Also

- **UseXmlUrl** (page -874)
- **EnableDocumentHighlight** (page -183)
USELIGHTWEIGHTTOPOSTSCRIPTSTEP

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- PDF Converter (page -10)

Description
Defines whether the Inbound Refinery uses Outside In or Adobe Acrobat Distiller to convert to PostScript.
- When set to TRUE, the Inbound Refinery uses Outside In to convert to PostScript.
- When set to TRUE, the Inbound Refinery uses Adobe Acrobat Distiller to convert to PostScript.
- Default is FALSE.

Location
<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
UseLightweightToPostscriptStep=true
USELOCALGROUPS

Type and Usage

- **Configuration Variables** (page -3)
- **External Security** (page -34)

Description

Defines whether Windows network users in local groups are granted content server permission.

- Used with NTLM security. When set to TRUE, local groups on the Windows Server specified by the **LocalGroupServer** (page -496) setting are mapped to roles and accounts as if they were global (domain) groups in the default master domain.

- Default is FALSE.

Location

- Configure NT Domain Security page—Use Local Groups
- `<install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda`

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

```
UseLocalGroups=true
```

See Also

- **LocalGroupServer** (page -496)
USEMICROSOFTVM

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Specifies the use of Microsoft’s Java Virtual Machine (JVM).

- When set to TRUE, Microsoft’s JVM is used.
- When set to FALSE, Sun’s JVM is used.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

UseMicrosoftVM=true
USENETSCAPE

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- External Security (page -34)

Description
Specifies the method used to connect to an LDAP server through a provider.
- When set to TRUE, the Netscape SDK will be used. This is the recommended setting for better performance.
- When set to FALSE, the JNDI connection will be used.
- Default is TRUE.

Location
- Add/Edit LDAP Provider page—Use Netscape SDK
- <install_dir>/data/providers/provider_name/provider.hda

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
UseNetscape=0
USENTLM

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- External Security (page -34)

Description

Enables NT LAN Manager (NTLM) authentication for the content server.

- This setting is valid only when NtlmSecurityEnabled (page -544) is TRUE.
- This option is available only when using an IIS web server.
- When set to TRUE, users defined on a Windows network (NTLM) can log in to the content server using their network credentials.
- There is no default value.

Location

- System Properties—Internet tab—NT Domain Security (NTLM) option
- Admin Server—Internet Configuration—NT Domain Security option
- <install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Enables NTLM security:

UseNtlm=true

See Also

- NtlmSecurityEnabled (page -544)
- UseAdsi (page -823)
USERACCOUNTS

Type and Usage

- User Read-Only Variables (page -31)
- Internal Security (page -33)
- Users (page -37)

Description

Retrieves a comma-separated list of accounts the current user is assigned to.

- The #none entry indicates privileges to content items that have no account assigned.
- The #all entry indicates privileges to all accounts.

Output

Returns the account list as a string.

Example

For example:

UserAccounts=BOS,SEA,MSP/Gen

This markup displays user variables on a page:

```$if UserName$>
    Logon Name: <$UserName$><BR>
    User Name: <$UserFullName$><BR>
    E-mail Address: <$UserAddress$><BR>
    Accounts: <$UserAccounts$><BR>
</$endif$>
**USERADDRESS**

**Type and Usage**

- User Read-Only Variables (page -31)
- Users (page -37)

**Description**

Retrieves the e-mail address of the current user.

**Output**

Returns the e-mail address as a string.

**Example**

This markup displays user variables on a page:

```<$if UserName$>
    Logon Name: <$UserName$><BR>
    User Name: <$UserFullName$><BR>
    E-mail Address: <$UserAddress$><BR>
    Default Account: <$UserDefaultAccount$><BR>
</$endif$>```
USERAPPRIIGHTS

Type and Usage

- User Read-Only Variables (page -31)
- Internal Security (page -33)
- Users (page -37)

Description

Checks the application rights of the current user.

Output

- Returns a bit flag number specifying the user’s rights:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Admin Application</th>
<th>Bit Flag</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>User Admin</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Web Layout Editor</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repository Manager</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Workflow Admin</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Configuration Manager</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Archiver</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example

Displays application rights of the current user:

<${UserAppRights}$>

For example, the following combinations would result in the following numbers:

- User Admin + Web Layout Editor = 3
- Repository Manager + Workflow Admin + Archiver = 44
- All six applications = 63
See Also

- `AdminAtLeastOneGroup` (page -15)
- `UserIsAdmin` (page -854)
USERCACHE

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)

Description
Defines the path to the users directory, which is the location where user personalization information is stored.
- Default is <install_dir>/data/users/.

Location
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
UserCache=c:/myuserdata/
USERCACHE_TIMEOUT

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Content Server](#) (page -6)
- [Users](#) (page -37)

**Description**
Sets the timeout in milliseconds for the temporary cache of global and external user information.
- Default is 60000 milliseconds (1 minute).

**Location**
`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
UserCacheTimeout=120000
```
USERDEFAULTACCOUNT

Type and Usage

- User Read-Only Variables (page -31)
- Internal Security (page -33)
- Users (page -37)

Description

Retrieves the default account for the current user.

Output

- Returns the account name as a string.

Example

This markup displays user variables on a page:

```<$if UserName$>
    Logon Name: <$UserName$><BR>
    User Name: <$UserFullName$><BR>
    E-mail Address: <$UserAddress$><BR>
    Default Account: <$UserDefaultAccount$><BR>
</$endif$>`
**USEREDIRECTEDOUTPUT**

**Type and Usage**

- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Debugging](#) (page -16)

**Description**

Enables the capture of output from the Java Virtual Machine. This includes logging output from any enabled tracing facilities as well as stack dumps resulting from the VM crash.

**Note:** Used only on Windows systems and if the content server is running as a service.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**

`UseRedirectedOutput=true`
**USEREVISIONCREATEDATE**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

**Description**
When this variable is set in the system importing an archive, the Archiver uses the dCreateDate for comparisions.
- This allows the Content Server to differentiate revisions by their intial create date and not by the assigned dInDate.
- This is not set by default.

**Important:** Use this configuration setting if no legacy content from older versions (pre 7.5) of Content Server are being imported.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
UseRevisionCreateDate=true
USERFILTEREDSUBJECTS

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Internal Security (page -33)

Description

Specifies the subjects that must be refreshed if the current user’s security credentials have changed.

- Subjects are subsystems that are notified when a content server service makes a change in the system, such as modifying an option list or adding a new user.
- Add any custom security subjects to this setting. Custom subjects are typically created only for unusually complex security integrations.
- This is a comma-separated list.
- Default is users,accounts.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

UserFilteredSubjects=users,accounts,licenses
USERFULLNAME

Type and Usage

- User Read-Only Variables (page -31)
- Users (page -37)

Description

The full name of the current user.

Output

- Returns the user’s full name as a string.
- If the user is not logged in, returns the string anonymous.

Example

This markup displays user variables on a page:

```html
<$if UserName$>
    Logon Name: <$UserName$><BR>
    User Name: <$UserFullName$><BR>
    E-mail Address: <$UserAddress$><BR>
    Default Account: <$UserDefaultAccount$><BR>
<$endif$>
```
USERHASACCESSTOACCOUNT

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Internal Security (page -33)
- Users (page -37)

Description

This function returns TRUE if the user has access to a named account at a specific privilege level. The privilege is a one-character representation of the access level, as follows:

- R: Read. Specified as R or 1.
- W: Write. Specified as W or 2.
- D: Delete. Specified as D or 4.
- A: Administration. Specified as A or 8.

If alphabetic designators are used, they must be surrounded by quotation marks.

Parameters

Takes two parameters:

- The first is the account name.
- The second is the access level to be checked.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the current user has the specified access.
- Returns FALSE if the user does not have the specified access.

Example

Evaluates whether the user has Read access to the specified account. The following two examples return identical results:

<$userHasAccessToAccount("profile_account", "R")$>
<$userHasAccessToAccount("profile_account", 1)$>
USERHASGROUPPRIVILEGE

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Internal Security (page -33)
- Users (page -37)

Description

This function returns TRUE if the user has the specified privilege to the specified group. The privilege is a one-character representation of the access level, as follows:

- R: Read
- W: Write
- D: Delete
- A: Administration

Parameters

Takes two parameters:

- The security group to be checked.
- The access level to be checked.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the current user does have the specified access.
- Returns FALSE if the user does not have the specified access.

Example

Evaluates whether the user has the specified role:

<$userHasGroupPrivilege("Public", "R")$>
<$userHasGroupPrivilege("Secure", "A")$>
**USERHASROLE**

**Type and Usage**
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Internal Security (page -33)
- Users (page -37)

**Description**
Checks if the current user has a particular role.

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is the name of a role.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the current user does not have the specified role.
- Returns FALSE if the user does not have the specified role.

**Example**
Evaluates whether the user has the specified role:

```<$userHasRole("admin")$>```
USERISADMIN

Type and Usage
- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Internal Security (page -33)
- Users (page -37)

Description
Checks whether the current user has rights to any administration applets.

Output
- Returns TRUE if the user has any administrative rights.
- Returns FALSE if the user does not have any administrative rights.

Example
Evaluates administrative rights of user:
<$UserIsAdmin$>

See Also
- AdminAtLeastOneGroup (page -15)
- UserAppRights (page -842)
USERLANGUAGEID

Type and Usage
- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Localization (page -25)

Description
Returns the two-letter code that represents the user’s preferred language, as in en for English, fr for French, or ja for Japanese.
This is useful when constructing URLs to localized content.

Output
- Returns the code for the preferred language.
**USERLOCALEID**

**Type and Usage**
- Conditional Dynamic Variables (page -1)
- Localization (page -25)

**Description**
Returns the full name for a user’s locale, as in English-US, English-UK or Japanese. The locale contains information about language, date, and number formatting.

**Output**
- Returns the name of the preferred language.
USERNAME

Type and Usage
- User Read-Only Variables (page -31)
- Users (page -37)

Description
Retrieves the username of the current user.

Output
- Returns the username as a string.
- If the user is not logged in, evaluates to the string anonymous.

Example
This markup displays user variables on a page:

```<$if UserName$> Logon Name: <$UserName$><BR>
  User Name: <$UserFullName$><BR>
  E-mail Address: <$UserAddress$><BR>
  Default Account: <$UserDefaultAccount$><BR>
<$endif$>```
USERPUBLISHCACHEDIR

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Clustering (page -4)

Description

Allows the web server plug-in to refer to data in a local directory (“stub” directory) rather than the file system where the content server is installed.

- This setting is used for clustered Windows content server configurations. See the clustering documentation for more information.
- Use the format UserPublishCacheDir=<stub_dir>/data/users, where <stub_dir> is the path of the stub directory (such as f:/stellent/).

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

UserPublishCacheDir=f:/stellent/data/users
USERROLES

Type and Usage

- User Read-Only Variables (page -31)
- Internal Security (page -33)
- Users (page -37)

Description

Retrieves a comma-separated list of roles the current user belongs to.

Output

- Returns the user role list as a string.

Example

For example:

PublicContributor,ClassifiedConsumer

References the list of user roles:

<$if UserRoles$>
    <$include optional_field$>
<$/endif$>
**USESEARCHCACHE**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Searching](#) (page -31)

**Description**
When set to TRUE, enables the search cache.
- The search cache improves search performance by caching recent search engine queries.
- Default is TRUE.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
As a configuration variable:

UseSearchCache=true

If this variable is set to FALSE and used on the CGI line of a browser URL request doing a query, it forces the query to execute each time. This makes it possible to measure the speed of the query being executed and to verify the cache results (because a new search result is generated each time).

http://...?IdcService=GET_SEARCH_RESULTS&...UseSearchCache=false
**USESEARCHML**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [XML Converter](#) (page -13)

**Description**
Uses the SearchML XML schema for XML conversion.
- When set to TRUE, the SearchML XML schema is used for XML conversion. The [UseXmlSchema](#) (page -872) setting must be FALSE.
- When set to FALSE and the [UseXmlSchema](#) (page -872) setting is TRUE, the FlexionDoc schema is used for XML conversion.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—XML Options tab—Use SearchML Schema
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```
UseSearchML=true
```

**See Also**
- [UseXmlSchema](#) (page -872)
- [UseXmlEmbeddings](#) (page -867)
- [UseXmlExtensibleDTD](#) (page -868)
- [UseXmlNoDTD](#) (page -869)
- [UseXmlNoReference](#) (page -870)
- [UseXmlPStyleNames](#) (page -871)
- [UseXmlSchemaDTD](#) (page -873)
**USESECURELDAP**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [External Security](#) (page -34)

**Description**
Specifies whether SSL is used with the LDAP provider.
- When set to TRUE, SSL is used. You must have the appropriate certificates installed on the LDAP server. Once SSL is initiated, the certificates will secure communication between the LDAP server and the content server.
- When set to FALSE, SSL is not used.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
- Add/Edit LDAP Provider page—Use SSL
- `<install_dir>/data/providers/provider_name/provider.hda`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
UseSecureLdap=true
```

**See Also**
- [LdapPort](#) (page -469)
USESELFREGISTRATION

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Internal Security (page -33)
- Users (page -37)

Description

Enables users to create their own user profile.

- Self-registered users are global users.
- Default roles and accounts can be set for self-registered users using SelfRegisteredRoles (page -715) and SelfRegisteredAccounts (page -714).
- When set to TRUE, a “Self-Registration” link is displayed under the “Login” link in the portal navigation bar. (The portal page must be updated in the Web Layout Editor for the link to appear.)
- Default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

As a configuration setting:
UseSelfRegistration=true

As script, returns the value of the configuration setting:
<$UseSelfRegistration$>

See Also

- SelfRegisteredAccounts (page -714)
- SelfRegisteredRoles (page -715)
USESHORTNAMESALWAYS

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- External Security (page -34)

Description
Specifies whether the web server filter removes the DOMAIN_NAME\ prefix from Active Directory user names.
- When set to TRUE, the DOMAIN_NAME\ prefix is removed from Active Directory user names, assuming the default master domain is the same as the domain name.
- When set to FALSE, the DOMAIN_NAME\ prefix is included with the user name.
- Default is FALSE.

Location
- Active Directory Configuration page—Use Short Names
- <install_dir>/data/users/config/filter.hda

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
UseShortNamesAlways=true
USESSL

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- External Security (page -34)
- Web Server (page -38)

Description

Enables the secure sockets layer (SSL).

- This setting affects the variables HttpWebRoot (page -319) and HttpCgiPath (page -306).
- Use the Secure Sockets Layer only if you are using an SSL-enabled web server.
- When set to TRUE, SSL is used (https instead of http).
- Default is FALSE.

Location

- System Properties—Internet tab—Use Secure Sockets Layer
- <install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

As a configuration setting, enables SSL:

UseSSL=true

As script, returns the value of the configuration setting:

<$UseSSL$>

See Also

- HttpCgiPath (page -306)
- HttpWebRoot (page -319)
USEVdk4CustomStyle

**Type and Usage**

- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Indexing](#) (page -24)

**Description**

Uses the Verity Integration style files in the `<install_dir>/search/vdk4_custom_style/` directory instead of the default `<install_dir>/shared/search/style/basic/` directory. Verity Integration is an add-on product available for purchase for use with Content Server.

- Before customizing Verity style files, copy the default files from the `<install_dir>/shared/search/style/basic/` directory to the `<install_dir>/search/vdk4_custom_style/` directory. All customizations should be done in the `/vdk4_custom_style/` directory.

- Default is FALSE.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry:

UseVdk4CustomStyle=true
USEXMLEMBEDDINGS

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- XML Converter (page -13)

Description
Includes embeddings in the XML conversion process when using the SearchML schema.
- This setting is valid only when UseSearchML (page -861) is set to TRUE.
- When set to TRUE, embeddings are included during XML conversion.
- When set to FALSE, embeddings are not included during XML conversion.
- Default is FALSE.

Location
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—XML Options tab—Include embeddings in the SearchML processing
- <install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
UseXmlEmbeddings=true

See Also
- UseSearchML (page -861)
**USEXMLEXTENSIBLEDTD**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [XML Converter](#) (page -13)

**Description**
Creates a reference to an XML schema definition (XSD) in the XML output when using the SearchML schema.

- This setting is valid only when [UseSearchML](#) (page -861) is set to TRUE.
- When set to TRUE, a tag referencing the `searchml.xsd` is included in the XML output.
- When set to FALSE, the XML schema definition reference is not included in the XML output.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—XML Options tab—Use a reference to an XML Schema in SearchML output
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

```
UseXmlExtensibleDTD=true
```

**See Also**
- [UseSearchML](#) (page -861)
- [UseXmlSchemaDTD](#) (page -873)
- [UseXmlNoDTD](#) (page -869)
**USEXmlNoDTD**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [XML Converter](page -13)

**Description**
Removes any Document Type Definition (DTD) reference from the XML output when using the SearchML schema.
- This setting is valid only when [UseSearchML](page -861) is set to TRUE.
- When set to TRUE, any definition references are not included in the XML output.
- When set to FALSE, any definition references remain in the XML output.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—XML Options tab—Remove any definition reference in SearchML output
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
UseXmlNoDTD=true
```

**See Also**
- [UseSearchML](page -861)
- [UseXmlSchemaDTD](page -873)
- [UseXmlExtensibleDTD](page -868)
USEXMLNOREFERENCE

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- XML Converter (page -13)

Description

Suppresses the creation of the XML declaration when using the SearchML schema.

- This setting can be used to generate an XML segment that can be included in another XML file.
- This setting is valid only when UseSearchML (page -861) is set to TRUE.
- When set to TRUE, the XML declaration is included in the XML output.
- When set to FALSE, the XML declaration is not included in the XML output.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—XML Options tab—Suppress the creation of the XML Declaration
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

`UseXmlNoReference=true`

See Also

- UseSearchML (page -861)
USEXMLPSTYLENAMES

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- XML Converter (page -13)

Description

Includes paragraph style information in the XML output when using the SearchML schema.

- This setting is valid only when UseSearchML (page -861) is set to TRUE.
- When set to TRUE, paragraph style information is included in the XML output.
- When set to FALSE, paragraph style information is not included in the XML output.
- Default is FALSE.

Location

- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—XML Options tab—Include paragraph style information in generated SearchML output
- <install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:
UseXmlPStyleNames=true

See Also

- UseSearchML (page -861)
**USEXMLSCHEMA**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- XML Converter (page -13)

**Description**
Uses the FlexionDoc XML schema for conversion to XML.
- When set to TRUE, the FlexionDoc XML schema is used for XML conversion. The UseSearchML (page -861) setting must be FALSE.
- When set to FALSE and the UseSearchML (page -861) setting is TRUE, the SearchML schema is used for XML conversion.
- Default is TRUE.

**Location**
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—XML Options tab—Use FlexionDoc XML Schema
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
`UseXMLSchema=false`

**See Also**
- UseSearchML (page -861)
- IncludeXmlFlexionDocType (page -341)
USEXMLSCHEMADTD

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- XML Converter (page -13)

Description
Creates a DOCTYPE tag referencing a Document Type Definition (DTD) in the XML output when using the SearchML schema.

- This setting is valid only when UseSearchML (page -861) is set to TRUE.
- When set to TRUE, a DOCTYPE tag referencing the searchml.dtd is included in the XML output.
- When set to FALSE, the DOCTYPE tag is not included in the XML output.
- Default is FALSE.

Location
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—XML Options tab—Include a DOCTYPE reference in SearchML output
- <install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:

UseXmlSchemaDTD=false

See Also
- UseSearchML (page -861)
- UseXmlExtensibleDTD (page -868)
- UseXmlNoDTD (page -869)
USEXMLURL

**Type and Usage**
- **Conditional Dynamic Variables** (page -1)
- **Searching** (page -31)

**Description**
Checks whether search keyword highlighting for XML documents is enabled.
- When set to TRUE, an XML URL is constructed when performing a keyword search.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if XML keyword highlighting is enabled.
- Returns FALSE if XML keyword highlighting is not enabled.

**Example**
Returns the status of search keyword highlighting for XML documents.

<pre><$UseXmlUrl$></pre>

**See Also**
- **UseHtmlOrTextHighlightInfo** (page -834)
- **EnableDocumentHighlight** (page -183)
**USEXPEDIOLOOK**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#)
- [Page Display](#)

**Description**
Enables an alternate look-and-feel for the content server interface.
- When set to TRUE, the “Xpedio” look-and-feel (purple and blue color scheme) is used.
- If this setting is TRUE, it overrides the [UseBellevueLook](#) setting.
- There is no default value.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
UseXpedioLook=true

**See Also**
- [UseBellevueLook](#)
UTGETVALUE

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Personalization (page -27)

Description

Returns the value of a user property from a specified personalization (user topic) file.

- User topic files are HDA files that are located in the <install_dir>/data/users/profiles/us/username/ directories.

Parameters

Takes two parameters:

- The first parameter is the name of a user topic HDA file.
- The second parameter is the name of a property defined in the user topic file.

Output

Returns the value of the property in the specified user topic file.

Example

Returns the value of the emailFormat property in the current user’s pne_portal.hda file:

<utGetValue("pne_portal","emailFormat")>

See Also

- utLoad (page -877)
- utLoadResultSet (page -879)
**UTLoad**

### Type and Usage
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Personalization (page -27)

### Description
Loads a personalization (user topic) file so it is available for use by the `utGetValue` (page -876) and `utLoadResultSet` (page -879) functions.

- User topic files are HDA files that are located in the `<install_dir>/data/users/profiles/us/username/` directories.

### Parameters
Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is the name of a user topic HDA file.

### Output
None.

### Example
Loads the current user’s `wf_in_queue.hda` file and makes it available to other user topic functions:

```
<utLoad("wf_in_queue")>
```

### See Also
- `utGetValue` (page -876)
- `utLoadResultSet` (page -879)
**UTLOADDOCUMENTPROFILES**

### Type and Usage
- Global Functions (page -20)
- Content Profiles (page -6)

### Description
Used to retrieve information about a user’s current My Check In and My Search links for content profiles.

### Parameters
Takes two parameters:
- The user topic name.
- The name of the result set containing the content profiles available for the user on the personalization links.

### Output
None.

### Example
```
<utLoadDocumentProfiles("pne_portal", "PneDocumentProfiles")
```

### See Also
- loadDocumentProfile (page -489)
**UTLOADRESULTSET**

**Type and Usage**
- [Global Functions](#) (page -20)
- [Personalization](#) (page -27)
- [ResultSets](#) (page -28)

**Description**
Loads a ResultSet specified in a personalization (user topic) file into the DataBinder.
- User topic files are HDA files that are located in the `<install_dir>/data/users/profiles/us/username/` directories.

**Parameters**
Takes two parameters:
- The first parameter is the name of a user topic HDA file.
- The second parameter is the name of a ResultSet defined in the user topic file.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the ResultSet is successfully loaded into the DataBinder.
- Returns FALSE if the function fails.

**Example**
Loads the `SavedQueries` ResultSet from the current user’s `pne_portal.hda` file into the DataBinder:

```$utLoadResultSet("pne_portal","SavedQueries")$```

**See Also**
- [utGetValue](#) (page -876)
- [utLoad](#) (page -877)
VALUESTYLE

Type and Usage

- Field Information Variables (page -25)
- Field Display (page -20)

Description

Specifies the style of the value for the metadata field.

- The following SPAN styles are typically used for values. They are defined in the std_style_declaration include in the <install_dir>/shared/config/resources/std_page.htm resource file:
  - tableEntry
  - xxsmall
  - strongHighlight

Output

Returns the name of the value style.
Example

Sets the value style:

```$if isFieldInfoOnly$
  <$if valueStyle$
    <$fieldValueStyle = valueStyle$
  <$else$
    <$fieldValueStyle = "tableEntry"$
  <$endif$
$endif$
```

Uses the `xxsmall` style for the field value when the Download applet is used:

```$if useDownloadApplet$
  <$valueStyle="xxsmall", fieldValue =
    strTrimWs(inc("download_file_by_applet_form_content"))$>
$else$
  <$fieldValue = strTrimWs(inc("doc_file_get_copy"))$>
$endif$
```

See Also

- `fieldValueStyle` (page -222)
**VAULTDIR**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)
- Inbound Refinery (page -9)

**Description**
Defines the path to the *vault* directory.
- This is the root directory of the content server native file repository.
- This setting is required only if the *vault* directory is not located in the content server root directory.
- There is no default value.

**Location**
- Content server: `<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg`
- Inbound Refinery: `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
VaultDir=f:/vault
```
VDKSUMMARY

Type and Usage

- Value Variables (page -33)
- Indexing (page -24)
- Content Items (page -4)

Description

Retrieves a summary of the Verity Integration full-text index of a content item. Verity Integration is an add-on product available for purchase for use with Content Server.

Output

- Returns a string.

Example

Displays a generated content item summary:

<$VDKSUMMARY$>
**VERBOSEMODE**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [Inbound Refinery](page -9)
- [Debugging](page -16)

**Description**
Specifies the level of logging in the Inbound Refinery log.
- When set to TRUE, the Inbound Refinery log records all messages and configuration information (such as whether the PDF is optimized, where the custom converter path is located, and how much time is allowed for custom conversions).
- When set to FALSE, the Inbound Refinery log records only error messages.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**
- Local Inbound Refinery Configuration screen—General tab—Verbose logging
- `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
VerboseMode=true
```
**VerityAppName**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Indexing (page -24)

**Description**
Verity license key. Verity Integration is an add-on product available for purchase for use with Content Server.

**Caution:** Do not change this setting unless you have been given a specific Verity license key by Support or Consulting Services.

**Location**

<install_dir>/search/search.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

VerityAppName=INTRANET SOLUTIONS
**VERITYAPPSIGNATURE**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Indexing](#) (page -24)

**Description**
Verity license key. Verity Integration is an add-on product available for purchase for use with Content Server.

**Caution:** Do not change this setting unless you have been given a specific Verity license key by Support or Consulting Services.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/search/search.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
`VerityAppSignature=S62D-4MFB-623K-EB6D-9KUX`
**VERITYENCODING**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Indexing](#) (page -24)
- [Localization](#) (page -25)

**Description**
Sets the character encoding for Verity collections. Verity Integration is an add-on product available for purchase for use with Content Server.

- This value will override the setting specified by the [SystemLocale](#) (page -781), but configuring the `SystemLocale` directly is the preferred solution because there are many choices for [VerityLocale](#) (page -889) and `VerityEncoding` that are not compatible.
- The `LocaleConfig` table in the `<install_dir>/shared/config/resources/std_locale.htm` file lists the encoding schemes for the supported system locales. For details on supported encoding schemes, refer to [http://java.sun.com/products/jdk/1.2/docs/guide/internat/encoding.doc.html](http://java.sun.com/products/jdk/1.2/docs/guide/internat/encoding.doc.html).
- Default is the encoding of the `SystemLocale`.

**Note:** See *Using Content Server in International Environments* for more information.

**Location**
```
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg
```

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
VerityEncoding=EUC_KR
```
**VERITYINSTALLDIR**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Indexing (page -24)

**Description**
Defines the installation directory for the Verity indexing and search engine. Verity Integration is an add-on product available for purchase for use with Content Server.

- Default is `<install_dir>/shared/vdk/common` or `<install_dir>/shared/vdk4/common`.

**Caution:** Do not change this setting unless you have been advised to do so by Support or Consulting Services.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/search/search.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

`VerityInstallDir=c:/search97/common`
**VERITYLOCALE**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Indexing (page -24)
- Localization (page -25)

**Description**
Defines the language for the Verity locale. Verity Integration is an add-on product available for purchase for use with Content Server.

- This value will override the setting specified by the SystemLocale (page -781), but configuring the SystemLocale directly is the preferred solution because there are many choices for VerityLocale and VerityEncoding (page -887) that are not compatible.
- The VerityLocaleConfig table in the `<install_dir>/shared/config/resources/std_locale.htm` file lists the Verity locales that correspond to the system locales.
- Default is the encoding of the SystemLocale.

**Note:** See *Using Content Server in International Environments* for more information on localization.

**Location**

`<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

VerityLocale=germanx
**WARNABOUTTIMEZONE**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Date and Time](#) (page -16)
- [Localization](#) (page -25)

**Description**
Specifies whether the content server installer displays a warning if it cannot determine the computer’s time zone.
- When set to TRUE, a default time zone is used and a warning is displayed.
- When set to FALSE, a default time zone is used, but no warning is displayed.
- Default is FALSE.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:

WarnAboutTimeZone=true
WEBBROWSERPATH

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)

Description

Defines the path to the web browser that displays the Content Server Help files from stand-alone applications.

- There is no default value.

Location

- System Properties—Paths tab—Browser Executable Path
- \(<install\_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

WebBrowserPath=c:/Program Files/Internet Explorer/Iexplore.exe
**WEBLAYOUTDIR**

**Type and Usage**
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Directories and Paths (page -18)
- Inbound Refinery (page -9)

**Description**
Defines the path to the `weblayout` directory.
- This is the root directory of the content server web site.
- This setting is required only if the `weblayout` directory is not located in the content server root directory.
- There is no default value.

**Location**
- Content server: `<install_dir>/bin/intradoc.cfg`
- Admin Server: `<install_dir>/admin/bin/intradoc.cfg`
- Inbound Refinery: `<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
WeblayoutDir=f:/weblayout
```
WEBPROXYADMINSERVER

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Content Server (page -6)

Description

Defines whether an Admin Server is controlling the content server instance.

- When set to TRUE, the content server is directly controlled by an Admin Server.
- When set to FALSE, the content server is not directly controlled by an Admin Server. (However, the content server could be controlled by the Admin Server of a different content server instance.)
- For a master content server, the default is TRUE.
- For a proxied content server, the default is FALSE.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

WebProxyAdminServer=false
**WEBSERVERAUTHONLY**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Web Server](#) (page -38)
- [External Security](#) (page -34)

**Description**
Specifies whether the web server filter will authenticate users that are defined in the content server database.

- When set to TRUE, the web server filter will not validate users against the internal user names and passwords from the content server database.

- If Basic Authentication is enabled in IIS, then this setting must be TRUE. This enables browsers to use Basic authentication when logging into the Microsoft Network; users can log in using a Windows user name and password using the Netscape browser.

- If this option is enabled, new users can be added only by adding them to a Windows network domain, since users are not authenticated against the content server user database. However, if the content server database happens to have a user of the same name as a Windows network user, then the content server security profile is used instead of the Windows network profile.

- Default is FALSE.

**Location**

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**

Used as a configuration entry to enable web server authorization only:

WebServerAuthOnly=true
WFACTION

Type and Usage

- [Workflow Variables](#)(page -37)
- [Workflow](#)(page -40)

Description

Retrieves the action that is currently being performed on the revision.

- This variable is set after the Exit event of a workflow step, so it is normally evaluated during the Entry event of the next step.

- The possible actions are:
  - APPROVE
  - REJECT
  - CHECKIN
  - CONVERSION
  - META_UPDATE
  - TIMED_UPDATE
  - RESUBMIT

Output

Returns the name of the action as a string.

Example

If the revision is in the process of being rejected, notify the original author:

```html
<$if wfAction like "REJECT"$>
  <$wfSet("wfJumpName", "notifyAuthor")$>
  <$wfSet("wfJumpEntryNotifyOff", "0")$>
  <$wfNotify(dDocAuthor, "user")$>
<$endif$>
```
If the revision is currently being approved but the metadata value of xDept is not “HR”,
terminate the approval and display an error page:

```xml
<$if wfAction like "APPROVE" and not(xDept like "HR")$>
    <$abortToErrorPage("The revision is not in HR.")$>
<$endif$>
```
WFADDACTIONHISTORYEVENT

Type and Usage

- Workflow Functions (page -36)
- Workflow (page -40)

Description

Inserts an event into the WorkflowActionHistory table, in the workflow’s companion data. The three parameters to this function are required. The rest of the row’s values are computed or inherited from local data.

Parameters

Takes three parameters:
- The first parameter is the workflow action.
- The second parameter is the message associated with the action.
- The third parameter is a comma-separated list of users for the current workflow step.
  
  See wfComputeStepUserList for a function which computes the current list.

Output

None.

See Also

- wfComputeStepUserList (page -900)
WFADDITIONALEXITCONDITION

Type and Usage

- Workflow Variables (page -37)
- Workflow (page -40)

Description

Retrieves the exit condition that has been defined for the current step.

Output

Returns the exit condition as a string.

Example

The following code in the <install_dir>/shared/config/templates/workflow_info.htm template page is used to display the exit condition on the Workflow Step Information page:

<$wfDisplayCondition(dWfName, currentStepName, "wfAdditionalExitCondition")>

Typical exit condition output for this variable would look like:

dSecurityGroup like "Secure"
WFADDUSER

Type and Usage

- Workflow Functions (page -36)
- Workflow (page -40)
- Users (page -37)

Description

Adds a user, alias, or workflow token to the list of reviewers for a workflow step. This function can only be used inside a token.

Parameters

Takes two parameters:

- The first parameter indicates the user name, alias, or token name.
- The second parameter indicates the type, either user or alias.

Output

None.

Example

Adds the user “mjones” as a reviewer:

<$wfAddUser("mjones", "user")$>

Adds the original author token and the “hr” alias as reviewers:

<$wfAddUser(dDocAuthor, "user")$>
<$wfAddUser("hr", "alias")$>
**WFCOMPUTESTEPUSERLIST**

- [Workflow Functions](page -36)
- [Workflow](page -40)

**Description**
Computes the list of users from the current step in the workflow.

**Parameters**
None.

**Output**
Returns a comma-separated list of users.

**See Also**
- [wfAddActionHistoryEvent](page -897)
**WFCURRENTGET**

**Type and Usage**
- [Workflow Functions](page-36) (page -36)
- [Workflow](page -40) (page -40)

**Description**
Retrieves a local state value from the companion file.

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is the key.

**Output**
Returns the local state value from the companion file.

**Example**
Returns the value of the local key “<step_name>@<workflow_name>.myKey”:

```
<wfCurrentGet("myKey")>
```

**See Also**
- [wfGet](page -906) (page -906)
WFCURRENTSET

Type and Usage

- Workflow Functions (page -36)
- Workflow (page -40)

Description

Sets the local state value of a key in the companion file.

Parameters

Takes two parameters:

- The first parameter is the key.
- The second parameter is the value.

Output

None.

Example

Sets the key “<step_name>@<workflow_name>.myKey” to “myValue”:

<$wfCurrentSet("myKey", "myValue")$>

See Also

- wfSet (page -923)
WFCURRENTSTEP

Type and Usage

- Workflow Functions (page -36)
- Workflow (page -40)

Description

Retrieves the name of a step relative to the current step.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is an integer that represents the number of steps relative to the current step.

Output

- Returns a step name.
- Reaching the beginning or the end of the workflow returns the name of the first or last step, respectively.

Example

Returns the current step name:

<WFCurrentStep(0)>

Returns the previous step name:

<WFCurrentStep(-1)>

Returns the next step name:

<WFCurrentStep(1)>

To actually move to the next step you must set up a jump, as in this example:

<WFSet("wfJumpName", "move to next step")>
<WFSet("wfJumpTargetStep", WFCurrentStep(1))>
<WFSet("wfJumpEntryNotifyOff", "0")>
**WFDisplayCondition**

**Type and Usage**
- Workflow Functions (page -36)
- Workflow (page -40)

**Description**
Retrieves the exit condition for a workflow step.

**Parameters**
Takes three parameters:
- The first parameter is the workflow name.
- The second parameter is the step name.
- The third parameter is the exit condition to be displayed.

**Output**
Returns the exit condition expression.

**Example**
The following code in the `<install_dir>/shared/config/templates/workflow_info.htm` template page is used to display the exit condition on the Workflow Step Information page:

```html
<$wfDisplayCondition(dWfName, currentStepName, "wfAdditionalExitCondition")$>
```

where:
- `dWfName` (page -178) is the internal variable for the workflow name.
- `currentStepName` is set earlier in the template page to be equal to `dWfStepName` (page -179), which is the internal variable for the step name.
- `wfAdditionalExitCondition` (page -898) is the internal variable for the exit condition expression. Typical exit condition output would look like:
  - `dSecurityGroup like "Secure"`
**WFEXIT**

**Type and Usage**
- [Workflow Functions](#) (page -36)
- [Workflow](#) (page -40)

**Description**
Exits a workflow step. This function moves the revision to a particular step according to the function parameters and resets the parent list information.

**Tech Tip:** To completely exit out of a workflow, use `wfExit(100,100)`.

**Parameters**
Takes two parameters:
- The first parameter indicates the number of jumps to rewind.
- The second parameter indicates the target step relative to the step determined by the first parameter.

**Tech Tip:** To completely exit out of a workflow, use `wfExit(100,100)`, or any parameters that ensure that the revision returns to the parent workflow and then gets moved past the last step in that workflow.

**Output**
None.

**Example**
Exits to the parent step in the workflow:

```$wfExit(0,0)$```

Returns to the previous jump step:

```$wfExit(1,0)$```

Returns to the previous jump step and moves to the next step in that workflow:

```$wfExit(1,1)$```
**WFGET**

**Type and Usage**
- Workflow Functions (page -36)
- Workflow (page -40)

**Description**
Retrieves a state value from the companion file.

**Parameters**
Takes one parameter:
- The only parameter is the state key.

**Output**
Returns the state value from the companion file.

**Example**
Returns the current jump name:

```html
<wfGet("wfJumpName")>
```

**See Also**
- `wfCurrentGet (page -901)`
WFGETSTEPETYPELABEL

Type and Usage

- Workflow Variables (page -37)
- Workflow (page -40)

Description

This function takes an internal workflow step type value and turns it into a human readable label. For example, :C:CA:CE: is the three states :C: (contribution), :CA: (autocontribute or original author step) and :CE: (Edit revision). Applying the Idoc script function the label might become "Auto Contributor, Edit Revision".

Here are the possible current states.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>States</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>:CA:</td>
<td>Auto contribution step or step that occurs before all administrator defined workflow steps (&quot;original author handles document rejection&quot;).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>:CE:</td>
<td>Edit current revision. All edits replace current revision.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>:CN:</td>
<td>Create new revision. All edit create new revision.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>:R:</td>
<td>Review. Document can be approved or rejected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>:C:</td>
<td>Contribution. The document can be edited.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A workflow document step state has all the states that are true for it combined together as a single fields with multiple values separated by colons (":") (redundant colons are eliminated). So a contributor/reviewer step that creates new revisions would have the state :R:C:CE:. Order does not matter. But :C: must be present even though it can be presumed by the presence of :CE:. (:CE: also implies that the step is a contributor step). The value :C: accurately describes one capability of the current workflow step and the content server...
Idoc Script Index

does not chase “implication” rules (:CE: -> :C:) so the content server will see the absence of :C: (even with :CE: present) as a statement that the workflow step does not allow core contributor types of activities (such as checkout or undo checkout).

**Parameters**

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is the internal workflow step type value.

**Example**

<SwfGetStepTypeLabel(stepType)>

Idoc Script Reference Guide
WFISFINISHEDDOCCONVERSION

**Type and Usage**
- [Workflow Functions](#) (page -36)
- [Workflow](#) (page -40)

**Description**
Indicates if the document will not be in GENWWW after the current action finishes. If this Idoc Script function returns true, the conversion process has finished and the content item is no longer in GENWWW.

**Parameters**
None.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if the document has finished conversion.
- Returns FALSE if the content item is still in GENWWW and has not finished conversion.

**Example**
<$wfIsFinishedDocConversion()$>
**WFISNOTIFYINGUSERS**

**Type and Usage**
- Workflow Functions (page -36)
- Workflow (page -40)

**Description**
Returns TRUE if this workflow is currently suppressing all workflow notifications for this particular workflow event. Suppression includes notification into both the workflow in queue and email until either the current action is ended or the `wfSetIsNotifyingUsers` function is used to re-enable notification.

Suppression of notifications is temporary. If notification is enabled or allowed to remain on for a later workflow action, all notifications that were not sent out for the current step are then sent out and workflows in queues are appropriately updated.

**Parameters**
None.

**Output**
- Returns TRUE if notifications are suppressed.
- Returns FALSE if notifications are being suppressed.

**Example**

```
<$wFIsNofifyingUsers()$
```

**See Also**
- `wfSetIsNotifyingUsers` (page -924)
WFISRELEASABLE

Type and Usage

- Workflow Functions (page -36)
- Workflow (page -40)

Description

Indicates if the document is released as far as the workflow is concerned. The document may be still in GENWW or DONE, but if this Idoc Script function returns true, then the workflow is not preventing the release of the document. If it returns false, then the document will not be released until the workflow allows it to be released. This Idoc script function takes no parameters. It evaluates the “active” release state value for any document info that may be present (in Idoc script terms it checks if #active.dReleaseState is not the value “E”).

Parameters

None.

Output

- Returns TRUE if the document is available to be released.
- Returns FALSE if the content item is not available to be released. For example, the content item has not completed the check in and/or conversion process.

Example

<$wfIsReleasable()$>
**WFJUMPENTRYNOTIFYOFF**

**Type and Usage**
- [Workflow Variables](#) (page -37)
- [Workflow](#) (page -40)

**Description**
Turns the jump entry notification on and off.
- If this variable is TRUE, reviewers will not be notified when the jump is entered.
- If this variable is FALSE, reviewers will be notified when the jump is entered.

**Output**
Returns TRUE or FALSE.

**Example**
The following code sets the step entry notification to 0, which means that reviewers will be notified upon jump entry:

```<$wfSet("wfJumpEntryNotifyOff","0")$>```
**WFJUMPMESSAGE**

**Type and Usage**
- [Workflow Variables](page -37)
- [Workflow](page -40)

**Description**
Defines a message that will be included in the notification e-mail that is sent to users when a jump is entered.
- If no message is specified, the e-mail message will include only the information in the e-mail template.
- The jump message can include Idoc Script, which must be executed using the [eval](page -195) function. For example:
  
  `<$eval(dDocName)$> is ready for your review.`

**Output**
Returns the message as a string.

**Example**
The following code includes the message “This is the message text” in the e-mail message that notifies users upon jump entry:

`<$wfSet("wfJumpMessage","This is the message text")$>`

**See Also**
- [eval](page -195)
**WFJUMPNAME**

**Type and Usage**
- Workflow Variables (page -37)
- Workflow (page -40)

**Description**
Retrieves the name of the current jump.

**Output**
Returns the jump name as a string.

**Example**
The following code sets the name of the current jump to “MyJump”:

```<$wfSet("wfJumpName","MyJump")$>```
wfJUMPRETURNSTEP

Type and Usage

- Workflow Variables (page -37)
- Workflow (page -40)

Description

Retrieves the name of the step in the parent workflow that the revision returns to upon exiting a workflow after the current jump.

- The return step applies only if the revision properly completes the last step in the workflow that was jumped to and exits the workflow normally. Consequently, the return step is not applied when the revision jumps to another workflow.

- In the companion file, the return step is stored in the local key:
  `<step_name>@<workflow_name>.returnStep`

Output

Returns the step name as a string.

Example

The following code sets the return step to be the next step in the parent workflow:

```
<wfSet("wfJumpReturnStep",wfCurrentStep(1))>
```
**WFJUMP_TARGETSTEP**

**Type and Usage**
- Workflow Variables (page -37)
- Workflow (page -40)

**Description**
Retrieves the name of the step the revision will jump to if the condition is met.

- The target step can be referred to symbolically (such as `wfCurrentStep(1)`) or explicitly (such as `MyStep@MyWorkflow`).

**Note:** We strongly recommend that you use symbolic references in step event scripts, because they make the script easier to modify and reuse.

**Output**
Returns the step name as a string.

**Example**
The following code sets the target step explicitly. When the jump criteria is met, the revision jumps to a step named “step_1” in the “Marketing” workflow:

```
<$wfSet("wfJumpTargetStep","step_1@Marketing")$>
```

The following code sets the target step symbolically. When the jump criteria is met, the revision jumps to the first step in the current workflow:

```
<$wfSet("wfJumpTargetStep",WfStart)$>
```
**WFLoadDesign**

**Type and Usage**
- [Workflow Functions](#) (page -36)
- [Workflow](#) (page -40)

**Description**
This function is used to obtain information about the existing steps in a workflow or about exit conditions in a workflow.

This function loads the `<install_dir>/data/workflow/design/workflowname.hda` file and returns a result set containing design information for a workflow. `workflowname` corresponds to the value for the `dWfName` variable, usually available on workflow pages, email templates, and jump scripts.

- Takes one parameter, the name of the workflow.

**Output**
Returns the information as a result set.

**Example**

```html
<$WFLoadDesign(WorkflowName)$>
```
**WFMAILSUBJECT**

**Type and Usage**
- [Workflow Variables](#) (page -37)
- [Workflow](#) (page -40)

**Description**
Defines the subject line of a workflow e-mail notification.
- If no subject line is specified, the e-mail will use the default subject for the type of notification (review, reject, or workflow started).
- Idoc Script can be included in the subject string.

**Output**
Returns the subject line as a string.

**Example**
Notifies the original author with the subject line “Content ID has been released”:

```
<wfMailSubject="File <$dDocName$> has been released">  
<wfNotify(dDocAuthor, "user")>
```

**See Also**
- [wfNotify](#) (page -920)
- [wfMessage](#) (page -919)
**WFMESSAGE**

**Type and Usage**
- [Workflow Variables](#) (page -37)
- [Workflow](#) (page -40)

**Description**
Defines a message that will be included in a workflow e-mail notification.
- If no message is specified, the e-mail will use the default message for the type of notification (review, reject, or workflow started).
- Idoc Script can be included in the message string.

**Output**
Returns the message as a string.

**Example**
Notifies the original author with the message “Content ID has been released”:

```xml
<wfMessage="File <$dDocName$> has been released"/>
<wfNotify(dDocAuthor, "user")>
```

**See Also**
- [wfNotify](#) (page -920)
- [wfMailSubject](#) (page -918)
**WFNOTIFY**

**Type and Usage**

- [Workflow Functions](page -36)
- [Workflow](page -40)

**Description**

Sends an e-mail message to a specified user, alias, or workflow token.

- The [wfMailSubject](page -918) and [wfMessage](page -919) variables can be set to customize the notification message.

**Parameters**

Takes two parameters and an optional third parameter:

- The first parameter specifies the user name, alias, or token to be notified.
- The second parameter indicates the type, either `user`, `alias` or `token`.
- The optional third parameter specifies the name of the e-mail template to use for constructing the message. (See the `<install_dir>/shared/config/templates/templates.hda` file for template definitions.)

**Output**

None.

**Example**

Notifies the original author:

```
<wfNotify(dDocAuthor, "user")>
```

Notifies all users in the “myAlias” alias, using the `<install_dir>/shared/config/templates/reject_mail.htm` file as a template:

```
<wfNotify("myAlias", "alias", "WF_REJECT_MAIL")>
```

**See Also**

- [wfMailSubject](page -918)
- [wfMessage](page -919)
**wFPARENTLIST**

**Type and Usage**
- Workflow Variables (page -37)
- Workflow (page -40)

**Description**
Retrieves a list (parent list) of the workflow steps that the revision has visited. This tells the system where jumps occurred and how to unwind the steps during an error, a reject, or an exit.

- This variable can be used to create conditional statements, but it should not be hard-coded or altered.
- If the parent list is unwound due to an error, reject, or exit, steps are removed from the list, so the parent list may not reflect the complete step history.
- The parent list is global, and is not localized with a step name.
- Steps in the parent list are listed with the most recent step first. Steps are separated with a pound sign (#). An asterisk before a step name indicates that it is a jump step. For example:

  Step_B@Workflow_2#*Step_A@Workflow_2#Step_1@Workflow_1

**Output**
Returns the parent list as a string.

**Example**
One use for the parent list is to simulate the jumps that a content item has visited when you are testing a workflow script. For example, on the Test tab or the Edit Script screen, selecting a content item and clicking Load Item’s Workflow State could result in the following line:

wfParentList=step_1@Marketing#contribution@Marketing
**wfRELEASEDOCUMENT**

**Type and Usage**
- [Workflow Variables](#) (page -37)
- [Workflow](#) (page -40)

**Description**
Causes a workflow to release all outstanding document revisions for a document that are currently being locked by the workflow. Such released revisions are free to be evaluated by the indexing engine and one of the released revisions may be full-text indexed as a result.

This function can only be used in the context of the evaluation of Idoc Script for a workflow step going through a workflow event. The function will have no effect if the document has already been released by the workflow. Note that this function does not cause the document to exit workflow.

Any new revision that is created for the document will be back in a "locked" ("unreleasable") state. In other words, this function releases current revisions but has no implications for any new revision that may be created. This function takes no parameters and returns no result. It acts on the current active workflow document.

**Parameters**
None.

**Output**
None

**Example**
<$wfReleaseDocument()$>
WFSET

**Type and Usage**
- Workflow Functions (page -36)
- Workflow (page -40)

**Description**
Sets a key with a particular value in the companion file.

**Parameters**
Takes two parameters:
- The first parameter is the key.
- The second parameter is the value.

**Output**
None.

**Example**
Sets the key “wfJumpName” to “MyJump”:
<$wfSet("wfJumpName", "MyJump")>

**See Also**
- wfCurrentSet (page -902)
 WFSETISNOTIFYINGUSERS

Type and Usage

- Workflow Functions (page -36)
- Workflow (page -40)

Description

Sets an internal flag indicating if workflow notification will be sent out during the current action (check in, update, resubmit, and so on).

The suppression is on both email and updates to the workflow in queue. An additional use for this function is to suppress workflow notification until after a document has been converted. This prevents a document from advancing out of the auto-contributor workflow step when the document finishes a conversion.

Parameters

Takes one parameter, the internal flag. If set to 1 (TRUE), notifications are not suppressed. If set to 0 (FALSE), notifications are suppressed.

Output

None.

Example

<WFSetIsNotifyingUsers(0)>  

See Also

- WFIsNotifyingUsers (page -910)
**WFSTART**

**Type and Usage**
- Workflow Variables (page -37)
- Workflow (page -40)

**Description**
Sends the revision to the first step in the current workflow.
- Note that this variable begins with an uppercase “W”.

**Output**
None.

**Example**
Sets the target step for a jump to restart the workflow:

```
<$wfSet("wfJumpTargetStep",WfStart)$>
```
WFUPDATEMETADATA

Type and Usage

- Workflow Functions (page -36)
- Workflow (page -40)

Description

Defines a metadata value for the current content item revision in a workflow.

Note: The wfUpdateMetaData function can be used only for updating custom metadata fields. You cannot use this function to update standard, predefined fields.

Parameters

Takes two parameters:

- The first parameter is the name of the metadata field.
- The second parameter is the value of the metadata field.

Output

None.

Example

Defines “This is my comment.” as the value of the Comments field:

```$wfUpdateMetaData("xComments", "This is my comment.")$>```
**WORKFLOWDIR**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](#) (page -3)
- [Directories and Paths](#) (page -18)
- [Workflow](#) (page -40)

**Description**
Defines the path to the workflow directory, which contains workflow data.
- Default is `<install_dir>/data/workflow/`.

**Location**
 `<install_dir>/config/config.cfg`

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
```
WorkflowDir=c:/workflow_info/
```
WORKFLOWINTERVALHOURS

Type and Usage

- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- Workflow (page -40)

Description

Defines the time between workflow update cycles, in hours.
- The update event scripts for any revisions in a workflow are executed at this interval.
- Default is 1 hour.

Location

<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

Example

Used as a configuration entry:

WorkflowIntervalHours=2
XML

Type and Usage

- Global Functions (page -20)
- Strings (page -35)

Description

Formats a string for use in XML.

- This function replaces non-alphanumeric characters with the correct XML sequence that represents the character. For example, the ampersand "&" character is replaced with the "&amp;" sequence.
- When using a double-quote character within a string, a backslash "\" must precede the double-quote to display it as a character. If the backslash is not used as an escape flag, the double-quote is interpreted as ending the string.

Parameters

Takes one parameter:

- The only parameter is the string.

Output

Returns a string formatted for use in a URL.

Example

Escapes the ampersand and returns the XML formatted string, "Me &amp; you."
<xml("Me & you.")>

Escapes the non-alphanumeric characters and returns the XML-formatted string, “Test the &quot; &gt; and &lt; characters.”
<xml("Test the ", >, and < characters.")>
**XMLEncodingMode**

**Type and Usage**
- [Configuration Variables](page -3)
- [Content Server](page -6)

**Description**
Used to specify international characters in URLs in the browser used for the content server.

Setting this variable to FULL may be useful in the following instances:
- If a content server is being used in a browser that is using UTF-8 (that is, with the setting “Always send URLs as UTF-8” enabled). This usually occurs only in older versions of Microsoft browsers.
- If a custom component is created that puts content server URLs into Javascript variables. In that case, the URLs may need to be fully encoded.
- If a content server is being accessed through a PDA-type device (PALM, handheld computer, and so on). If a component is used that provides accessibility through these devices, then the URLs may need to be fully encoded. These devices may not support non-7-bit characters in their URLs.
- Default is PARTIAL.

**Location**
<install_dir>/config/config.cfg

**Example**
Used as a configuration entry:
XMLEncodingMode=full
XMLTIMEOUT

Type and Usage
- Configuration Variables (page -3)
- XML Converter (page -13)

Description
Defines the XML conversion timeout in seconds.
- Returns the XML timeout value.
- Default is 60 (1 minute).

Location
<install_dir>/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg

Example
Used as a configuration entry:
XMLTimeout=30
Idoc Script Index
Idoc Script Index
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* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library

  version 1.2.3, July 18th, 2005

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# Index

## #
- active, 3-16
- env, 3-16
- local, 3-16
- % operator, 3-22
- & operator, 3-20
- * operator, 3-22
- * wildcard, 3-21
- + operator, 3-22
- - operator, 3-22
- / operator, 3-22
- ? wildcard, 3-22
- | operator, 3-21

## A
- abortToErrorPage, 6-2, 6-2
- AcadUseLISPInterface, 6-3
- Account, 3-24
- AccountMapPrefix, 6-4
- AcctPermDelim, 6-5
- AcctPrefix, 6-7
- active keyword, 3-16
- addEmptyOption, 6-9
- AdditionalIndexBuildParams, 6-10
- AdditionalSubscriptionCollatedFieldList, 6-13
- AdjustPrinterMargins, 6-14
- AdminAtLeastOneGroup, 6-15
- AdminDataDir, 6-16
- administration interface, 3-13
- AdsSimpleAuth, 6-17
- AdsUserName, 6-18
- AdsUserPassword, 6-19
- AfterLogin, 6-20
- AllowAllRedirectUrl, 6-21
- AllowAlternateMetaFile, 6-22
- AllowCheckin, 6-23
- AllowCheckout, 6-24
- AllowConcurrentUpdate, 6-25
- AllowForceDelete, 6-26
- AllowIntranetUsers, 6-27
- AllowMatchesInDateCheck, 6-28
- AllowMrSidRetryCompressionLevel, 6-29
- AllowPass thru, 6-29
- AllowPrimaryMetaFile, 6-30
- AllowRetentionPeriodWithoutCutoff, 6-31
- AllowReview, 6-32
- AllowSamePrimaryAlternateExtensions, 6-33
- AllowSecondaryConversion, 6-34
- AllowSkippedHyperlinktoCauseIncomplete, 6-35
- and operator, 3-22
- Ampersand (&) operator, 3-20
- AppletChunkSize, 6-36
- AppletChunkThreshold, 6-37
- ARCHIVE_COLLECTION, 6-38
- Archiver, 3-15, 5-2
- ArchiverDoLocks, 6-39
- ArchiverTouchMonitorInterval, 6-40
- ArchiverTraceLockMaintenance, 6-41
- ArchiverTraceLocks, 6-42
- ASCII character #39, 3-33
- ASCII character #96, 3-33
- asterisk (*) wildcard, 3-21
- AttributeMap, 6-43
- Author, 3-24
- AuthorAddress, 6-44
- AuthorDelete, 6-45
- AutoCAD, 5-12
- AutoCad2000PlotterFilePath, 6-46
- AutoMaxMergeTrace, 6-47
- AutoNumberPrefix, 6-48
- AutoNumberWidth, 6-49

## B
- Batch Loader, 3-15, 5-3
- BatchLoaderPath, 6-50
- BatchLoaderUserName, 6-51
- BinDir, 6-52
- Boolean operators, 3-22
- break, 3-13, 6-53
Index

BrowserVersionNumber, 6-54

C

c, 6-55
CachedResultRowCount, 6-56
cachexclude, 6-57
captionEntryWidth, 6-59
captionFieldWidth, 6-60
CGI_DEBUG, 6-61
CGI_RECEIVE_DUMP, 6-62
CGI_SEND_DUMP, 6-63
CgiFileName, 6-64
CharMap, 6-65
CheckMkvdkDocCount, 6-66
ChunkedRequestTrace, 6-67
CLASSPATH, 6-68
CleanUp, 6-69
clearSchemaData, 6-70
ClientControlled, 6-71
clients, 5-3
ClusterBinDirRule, 6-72
clustering, 5-4
ClusterNodeAddress, 6-73
ClusterNodeName, 6-75
cmDiscussionDocType, 6-76
cmMemoFieldSize, 6-76
Collaboration Manager, 5-4
CollectionDeleteEnabled, 6-76
CollectionHiddenMeta, 6-77
CollectionInhibitUpdateMeta, 6-78
CollectionLocation, 6-79
CollectionMeta, 6-80
CollectionMoveEnabled, 6-81
CollectionReadOnlyMarkedFolders, 6-82
CollectionReadOnlyMeta, 6-83
CollectionReleasedOnly, 6-84
CollectionSecurityReadOnly, 6-85
CollectionTrashDeleteDate, 6-86
CollectionTrashDeleteLocation, 6-87
CollectionTrashDeleteOldName, 6-88
CollectionTrashDeleter, 6-89
CollectionWebDAVServer, 6-90
ColumnMapFile, 6-91
commas, using as separators, 3-7
Comments, 3-24
comments
  Idoc Script, 3-2
common field display variables, 4-26
comparison operators, 3-19
CompressionMinHeight, 6-92
computeDocUrl, 6-92
computeRenditionUrl, 6-93

ComputerName, 6-94
conditional dynamic variables, 4-1
conditionals, 3-9
  example, 3-10
  referencing variables, 3-7
ConfigDir, 6-95
configuration files
  content server, 4-3
  Inbound Refinery, 4-15
  install_dir/admin/bin/intradoc.cfg, 4-3
  install_dir/admin/config/config.cfg, 4-4
  install_dir/bin/intradoc.cfg, 4-4
  install_dir/config/config.cfg, 4-5
  install_dir/data/users/filter.hda, 4-13, 4-14
  install_dir/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg, 4-15
  install_dir/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg, 4-17
  install_dir/search/search.cfg, 4-15, 4-15
configuration variables, 4-3
ConnectionName, 6-96
Content ID, 3-24
content items, 5-4
content server, 5-6
  configuration files, 4-3, 4-3, 4-4, 4-4, 4-5, 4-13, 4-14, 4-15, 4-15
CONTENT_LENGTH, 6-97
conversion, 5-9
  AutoCAD, 5-12
  Dynamic Converter, 5-14
  Inbound Refinery, 5-9
  PDF Converter, 5-10
  XML Converter, 5-13
ConversionCacheExpirationPeriodInDays, 6-98
ConvertXmlAsWebviewable, 6-99
CookieAuthTimeoutInDays, 6-100
CookieProxyPassword, 6-101
coreContentOnly, 6-102
createAlternateMetaFile, 6-103
CreatePDFThumbnails, 6-104
createPrimaryMetaFile, 6-105
CreateXMLRendition, 6-106
creating
  option lists, 3-32
  variables, 3-6
CURRENT_DATE, 6-107
CURRENT_ROW, 6-108
CustomConversionWaitTime, 6-109
CustomConverterPath, 6-110

D

database, 5-15
DatabasePreserveCase, 6-111
DatabaseWildcards, 6-112
DataDir, 6-113
Date / Time with Verity, 3-33
date and time, 5-16
dateCurrent, 6-114
DatedCacheIntervalDays, 6-116
DateOutputFormat, 6-117
dcheckoutUser, 3-25
DCMaxFileSize, 6-118
dcShowExportLink, 6-119
DCTimeOut, 6-120
dcViewFormat, 6-121
dDocAccount, 3-24
dDocAuthor, 3-24
dDocFormats, 3-25
dDocID, 3-25
dDocName, 3-24, 3-32
dDocTitle, 3-24
dDocType, 3-25, 3-33
d debugging, 5-16
DebugMode, 6-122
DebugStdConversion, 6-123
Default Accounts, 6-124
DefaultAuth, 6-125
defaultFieldInclude, 6-126
DefaultFilterInputFormat, 6-127
DefaultFilterOutputFormat, 6-128
DefaultGraphicTimeout, 6-129
DefaultHtmlConversion, 6-130
DefaultHtmlRefreshTimeoutInSeconds, 6-131
DefaultMasterDomain, 6-132
DefaultNativeTimeout, 6-133
DefaultNetworkAccounts, 6-134
defaultOptionListScript, 6-136
DefaultPasswordEncoding, 6-137
DefaultPostscriptTimeout, 6-138
deleteActionItemInterval, 6-139
deleteWatchdogInterval, 6-139
DelimitedUserRoles, 6-139
deprecated Idoc Script, 2-1
dExtension, 3-25, 3-32
dFileSize, 3-25
dFlag1, 3-25
dFormat, 3-25
dID, 3-25, 3-33
dInDate, 3-24, 3-33
dIndexerState, 3-26
directories and paths, 5-18
DirectoryLockingLogPath, 6-140
DisableAmberLayouts, 6-141
DisableClassicLayoutPublishing, 6-142
DisableCollegiateSkinPublishing, 6-143
DisableContentProfiles, 6-144
DisableDBLongIntegerField, 6-145
DisableForcedConversions, 6-146
DisableGzipCompression, 6-147
DisableHttpUploadChunking, 6-148
DisableKeepingForcedConversions, 6-149
DisableMeetingCenter, 6-150
DisableOptimizedLatestReleaseQuerying, 6-150
DisableSharedCacheChecking, 6-151
DisableStellent05SkinPublishing, 6-152
DisableStellentSkinPublishing, 6-153
DisableTopMenusPublishing, 6-154
DisableTraysPublishing, 6-155
DisableWindowsPublishing, 6-156
dlsCheckedOut, 3-26
DisplayPSOrigin, 6-157
dlsPrimary, 3-26
DistillerNormJobSetting, 6-158
DistillerOptJobSetting, 6-159
DistillerPath, 6-160
dlsWebFormat, 3-26
divide (/) operator, 3-22
dLocation, 3-26
dMessage, 3-26
dDoAutoMaxMerge, 6-161
docAccounts list, 3-30
docAuthors list, 3-30
DocConverterEngineDir, 6-162
docLoadResourceIncludes, 6-163
docRootFilename, 6-165
docTypes list, 3-30
DocTypeSelected, 6-166
DocUrl, 6-167
docUrlAllowDisclosure, 6-168
DoDocNameOrder, 6-169
DomainControllerName, 6-170
dOriginalName, 3-27
dOutDate, 3-24
DownloadApplet, 6-171
DownloadSuggestedName, 6-172
dpGet, 6-173
dpPromote, 6-174
dpPromoteRs, 6-175
dProcessingState, 3-27
dpSet, 6-176
dPublishState, 3-27
dPublishType, 3-28
dReleaseState, 3-28
dRendition1, 3-28
dRendition2, 3-28
dRevClassID, 3-28
dRevLabel, 3-24
dSecurityGroup, 3-24, 3-32
dStatus, 3-29
DtmPort, 6-177
dWebExtension, 3-29
Index

dWfName, 6-178
dWfStepName, 6-179
Dynamic Converter, 5-14
dynamic server pages
    referencing metadata, 3-32
dynamic variables, 4-33
DynamicConverterHtmlFlavor, 6-180
dynamichtml, 3-3

E

e-mail, 3-15
else conditional, 3-9
elseif conditional, 3-10
EmptyAccountCheckinAllowed, 6-181
EnableCopyConvertCopy, 6-182
EnableDocumentHighlight, 6-183
EnableEnvironmentPackager, 6-184
EnableErrorFile, 6-185
EnableExpirationNotifier, 6-186
EnableOptimizedLatestReleaseQuerying, 6-188
EnableRebuildForcesReconversion, 6-189
EnableSchemaPublishing, 6-190
encodeHtml, 6-191
endif conditional, 3-10
ending a loop, 3-13
endloop, 3-13
Enterprise Search, 5-20
EnterpriseSearchAsDefault, 6-193
entryCount, 6-194
env keyword, 3-16
eval, 3-18, 6-195
example
    conditionals, 3-10
    field information variables, 4-26
    includes, 3-4
    other field display variables, 4-29
    ResultSet looping, 3-12
    super tag, 3-5
    template read-only variable, 4-30
    while looping, 3-13
ExcludeConversionFilter, 6-197
ExclusiveCheckout, 6-198
ExclusiveIncludeConversionFilter, 6-199
exec, 3-16, 3-17, 6-200
executeService, 6-202
Expiration Date, 3-24
ExcludeRevisionOnly, 6-204
external security, 5-34
ExternalUserAccounts, 6-205
ExternalUserRoles, 6-206

F

field display, 5-20
field display variables, 4-25
    common, 4-26
    example, 4-29
    other, 4-28
field information variables, 4-25
    example, 4-26
fieldCaption, 6-207
fieldCaptionInclude, 6-208
fieldCaptionStyle, 6-209
fieldDefault, 6-211
fieldEditWidth, 6-212
fieldEntryInclude, 6-213
fieldExtraScriptInclude, 6-214
fieldInclude, 6-215
fieldIsOptionList, 6-216
fieldMaxLength, 6-217
fieldName, 6-218
fieldOptionListType, 6-219
fields
    metadata, 3-23
    option lists, 3-30
    standard metadata, 3-24
fieldType, 6-220
fieldValue, 6-221
fieldValueStyle, 6-222
fieldWidth, 6-224
FileEncoding, 6-225
fileUrl, 6-226
FILTER_DEBUG, 6-227
FIRSTREV, 6-228
Folders and WebDAV, 5-22
ForcedConversionRules, 6-229
ForceDistinctRevLabels, 6-230
ForceDocTypeChoice, 6-231
forceExpire, 6-232
ForceJdbcSync, 6-234
ForceSecurityGroupChoice, 6-235
formatDate, 6-236
formatDateDatabase, 6-238
formatDateDisplay, 6-239
formatDateOnly, 6-240
formatDateOnlyDisplay, 6-242
formatDateOnlyFull, 6-243
formatDateTimePattern, 6-244
formatTimeOnly, 6-245
formatTimeOnlyDisplay, 6-246
FormInheritMetaDataFieldList, 6-247
FrameMakerCyclesAllowed, 6-248
FrameMakerexePath, 6-249
FrameMakerTimeout, 6-250
functions, 3-8
eval, 3-18
inc, 3-18
personalization, 3-9
vs. keywords, 3-17
workflow, 4-36, 5-40

G
GATEWAY_INTERFACE, 6-251
generateUniqueId, 6-252
getCookie, 6-253
getCopyAccess, 6-254
getDebugTrace, 6-255
gerErrorTrace, 6-256
getFieldConfigValue, 6-257
getFieldViewDisplayValue, 6-258
ggetFieldViewValue, 6-259
getFreeMemory, 6-260
getHelpPage, 6-261
getOptionListSize, 6-262
getParentValue, 6-263
getRequiredMsg, 6-264
gTextFile, 6-265
tTotalMemory, 6-266
getUserValue, 6-267
gValue, 6-268
getValueForSpecifiedUser, 6-271
getViewValue, 6-272
getViewValueResultSet, 6-273
global functions, 4-20

H
hasAppRights, 6-275
hasDocInfo, 3-32
HasExternalUsers, 6-276
HasGlobalUsers, 6-277
HasLocalCopy, 6-278
hasOptionList, 6-279
HasOriginal, 6-280
HasPredefinedAccounts, 6-281
HasSiteStudio, 6-282
HasUrl, 6-283
HeavyClient, 6-284
HelpDir, 6-285
HighlightBegin, 6-287
HighlightEnd, 6-288
HTML Preview, 5-23
HtmlDataInputFilterLevel, 6-289
HTMLEditorPath, 6-290
htmlRefreshTimeout, 6-291
htmlRefreshUrl, 6-292
HTTP_ACCEPT, 6-293
HTTP_ACCEPT_ENCODING, 6-294
HTTP_ACCEPT_LANGUAGE, 6-295
HTTP_COOKIE, 6-296
HTTP_HOST, 6-297
HTTP INTERNETUSER, 6-298
HTTP_REFERER, 6-299
HTTP_USER_AGENT, 6-300
HttpGetAbsoluteCgiPath, 6-301
HttpGetAbsoluteCgiRoot, 6-302
HttpGetAbsoluteWebRoot, 6-303
HttpGetAdminCgiPath, 6-304
HttpGetBrowserFullCgiPath, 6-305
HttpGetCgiPath, 6-306
HttpGetCommonRoot, 6-307
HttpGetEnterpriseCgiPath, 6-308
HttpGetHelpRoot, 6-309
HttpGetIgnoreWebServerInternalPortNumber, 6-310
HttpGetImagesRoot, 6-311
HttpGetLayoutRoot, 6-312
HttpGetRelativeAdminRoot, 6-313
HttpGetRelativeCgiRoot, 6-314, 6-315
HttpGetRelativeWebRoot, 6-315
HttpGetServerAddress, 6-316
HttpGetSharedRoot, 6-317
HttpGetSystemHelpRoot, 6-318
HttpGetWebRoot, 6-319

I
IDC_Name, 6-320
IdcAdminServerHostName, 6-321
IdcAdminServerPort, 6-322
IdcAnalyzeLogDir, 6-323
IdcAuthExtraRequestParams, 6-324
IdcCommandFile, 6-325
IdcCommandLog, 6-326
IdcCommandServerHost, 6-327, 6-328
IdcCommandUser, 6-328
IdcHttpHeaderVariables, 6-329
IdcLocale, 6-331
IdcRegistrationPath, 6-332
IdcServerBindAddress, 6-332
IdcServerSocketQueueDepth, 6-333
Idoc Script, 5-23
comments, 3-2
syntax, 3-2
tags, 3-2
uses, 3-2
if conditional, 3-9
ImageAlchemyExePath, 6-334
Inbound Refinery, 5-9
configuration files, 4-15, 4-15, 4-17
inc, 3-18, 6-335
incDynamicConversionByRule, 6-337
incGlobal, 6-338
include, 3-16, 6-339
include keyword, 3-18
includes, 3-3
example, 3-4
IncludeXmlFlexionDocType, 6-341
incTemplate, 6-342
InDesign, 5-13
IndexableRenditions, 6-343, 6-343
IndexerAutoWorkInterval, 6-344
IndexerLargeFileSize, 6-345
IndexerPath, 6-346
IndexerRebuildStagingManualCopy, 6-347
IndexerRebuildStagingPath, 6-348
indexerSetCollectionValue, 6-349
IndexerStyleDir, 6-350
IndexerTouchMonitorInterval, 6-351
IndexerTraceCycleListChanges, 6-352
IndexerTraceLockFileChanges, 6-353
IndexerTraceStartStop, 6-354
indexing, 5-24
IndexVaultFile, 6-355
InitialColID, 6-357
install_dir/admin/bin/intradoc.cfg, 4-3
install_dir/admin/config/config.cfg, 4-4
install_dir/bin/intradoc.cfg, 4-4
install_dir/config/config.cfg, 4-5
install_dir/data/users/config/filter.hda, 4-13, 4-14
install_dir/IdcRefinery/connections/main/intradoc.cfg, 4-15
install_dir/IdcRefinery/shared/idcrefinery.cfg, 4-17
install_dir/search/search.cfg, 4-15, 4-15
InstanceDescription, 6-358
InstanceMenuLabel, 6-359
interface, administration, 3-13
internal security, 5-33
IntradocDir, 6-360
IntradocRealm, 6-361
IntradocServerHostName, 6-362
IntradocServerPort, 6-363
isActiveTrace, 6-364
IsAllowIndexRenditions, 6-365
IsAllowIndexVault, 6-366
IsAutoArchiver, 6-367
IsAutoNumber, 6-368
IsAutoQueue, 6-369
IsAutoSearch, 6-370
isCheckin, 6-371
IsCheckinPreAuthed, 6-372
isComponentEnabled, 6-373
IsContentRefineryPresent, 6-374
IsContributor, 6-375
IsCriteriaSubscription, 6-376
IsCurrentNav, 6-377
isDocPage, 6-378
IsDpSubmitErrorFatal, 6-379
IsDynamic, 6-380
IsDynamicConverterEnabled, 6-381
isEditMode, 6-383
IsEditRev, 6-384
isExcluded, 6-385
IsExternalUser, 6-386
IsFailedConversion, 6-387
IsFailedIndex, 6-388
isFalse, 6-389
isFieldExcluded, 6-391
isFieldHidden, 6-392
isFieldInfoOnly, 6-393
isFieldMemo, 6-394
IsFilePresent, 6-395
IsFormsPresent, 6-396
isFormSubmit, 6-397
IsFragmentOnly, 6-398
isFullTextIndexed, 6-399
isHidden, 6-400
isInfo, 6-401
isInfoOnly, 6-402
IsIntranetAuthOnly, 6-403
IsJava, 6-404
IsJdbc, 6-405
IsJdbcLockTrace, 6-406
IsJdbcQueryTrace, 6-407
IsJspServerEnabled, 6-408
isLatestRevision, 3-32
isLayoutEnabled, 6-409
IsLocalSearchCollectionID, 6-410
IsLoggedln, 6-411
IsMac, 6-412
IsMaxRows, 6-413
isMultiOption, 6-414
IsMultiPage, 6-415
isNew, 6-416
IsNotLatestRev, 6-417
IsNotSyncRev, 6-418
IsNTCompressionPresent, 6-419
IsOverrideFormat, 6-419
IsPhysicallySplitDir, 6-420
IsPrimaryUserBase, 6-421
IsPromptingForLogin, 6-422
IsProxiedServer, 6-423
isQuery, 6-424
isRelocated, 6-425
isRepromptLogin, 6-426
IsRequestError, 6-427
isRequired, 6-428
IsSavedQuery, 6-429
IsSavedWFCompanionFile, 6-430
IsSoap, 6-431
isStrictList, 6-432
IsSubAdmin, 6-433
IsSun, 6-434
IsSysManager, 6-435
IsThumbnailPresent, 6-436
isTrue, 6-437
isUpdate, 6-439
isUploadFieldScript, 6-440
IsUploadSockets, 6-441
IsUserEmailPresent, 6-442
isUserOverrideSet, 6-443
isValidateFile, 6-444
isVerboseTrace, 6-445
IsWebServerPagesOnly, 6-446
IsWindows, 6-447
IsWorkflow, 6-448
IsXml, 6-449
isZoneField, 6-450

J
JdbcConnectionString, 6-451
JdbcDriver, 6-452
JdbcPassword, 6-453
JdbcPasswordEncoding, 6-454
JdbcUser, 6-455
js, 6-456
jsFilename, 6-457
JSP, 5-25
JspAdminQuery, 6-458
JspDefaultIndexPage, 6-459
JspEnabledGroups, 6-460
JvmCommandLine, 6-461

K
keywords, 3-16, 5-24
exec, 3-17
include, 3-18
vs. functions, 3-17

L
lastEntryTs, 6-462
LatestReleasedTimestampTimeout, 6-463
lc, 6-464
lcCaption, 6-466, 6-490
LdapAdminDN, 6-467
LdapAdminPassword, 6-468
LdapPort, 6-469
LdapServer, 6-470
LdapSuffix, 6-471
like operator, 3-21
wildcards, 3-21
lists, option, 3-30, 3-30
creating, 3-32
functions, 3-31
variables, 3-31
LkDisableOnRebuild, 6-472
LkDisableReferenceInfo, 6-473
LkDisallowConversionFormats, 6-474
LkIsSecureSearch, 6-476
LkReExtractOnRebuild, 6-477
LkRefreshBatchSize, 6-478
LkRefreshErrorPercent, 6-480
LkRefreshErrorsAllowed, 6-481
LkRefreshErrorThreshold, 6-482
LMDefaultLayout, 6-483
LMDefaultSkin, 6-484
lmGetLayout, 6-485
lmGetSkin, 6-486
loadCollectionInfo, 6-487
loadDocMetaDefinition, 6-488
loadDocumentProfile, 6-489
loadEnterpriseSearchCollections, 6-490
loadEnterpriseSearchResults, 6-491
loadSchemaData, 6-492
loadSearchOperatorTables, 6-493
loadUserMetaDefinition, 6-494
local keyword, 3-16
LocaleArchiverDateFormat, 6-495
LocalGroupServer, 6-496
localization, 5-25
localPageType, 6-497
LogMessagePrefix, 6-498
LogName, 6-499
LogWithConnectionName, 6-500
looping, 3-11
ending, 3-13
ResultSet, 3-11
ResultSet example, 3-12
while, 3-12
while example, 3-13

M
MacSupportsSignedApplets, 6-501
MailServer, 6-502
MajorRevSeq, 6-503
MaxArchiveErrorsAllowed, 6-504
MaxCollectionSize, 6-505
MaxConversionCacheSizeInMegs, 6-506
Index

MaxDocIndexErrors, 6-507
MaxErrorsAllowed, 6-508
MaxHitCount, 6-509
MaxIntegerAllowed, 6-510
maxLength, 6-511
MaxMergeBaseCount, 6-512
MaxNumberOfConvertedHistoryShow, 6-513
MaxNumRecursiveStepDefinitions, 6-514
MaxQueryRows, 6-515
MaxRequestThreadCount, 6-516
MaxResults, 6-517
MaxSavedSearchResults, 6-518
MaxSearchConnections, 6-519
MaxSizeResourceFileCacheMillions, 6-520
MaxStandardDatabaseResults, 6-521
MemoFieldSize, 6-522
MergeInclude, 3-34
metadata
  option lists, 3-30
    referencing in dynamic server pages, 3-32
    standard fields, 3-24
metadata fields, 3-23
  naming, 3-23
Microsoft Office, 5-12
MinIntegerAllowed, 6-523
MinMemoFieldSize, 6-524
MinorRevSeq, 6-525
minus (-) operator, 3-22
modulus (%) operator, 3-22
MSIE, 6-526
MSPubexePath, 6-527
multiply (*) operator, 3-22
MultiUpload, 6-528

N
naming conventions, 3-1
naming, metadata fields, 3-23
NetworkAdminGroup, 6-529
NeverTimeoutForcedConversionsTemplateChange, 6-531
new Idoc Script, 2-1
NoAutomation, 6-531
noInfoColumn, 6-532
NoMatches, 6-533
noMCPFrefill, 6-534
noRevisionsColumn, 6-535
NoSearchConnectionCloseOnDocChange, 6-536
not operator, 3-23
NotationForRequiredFields, 6-537
NotificationIntervalNDays, 6-538
NotificationMaximum, 6-539
NotificationQuery, 6-540
NotifyExtras, 6-542
NotifyTime, 6-543
NtlmSecurityEnabled, 6-544
NumAdditionalRenditions, 6-545
NumConnections, 6-546
numeric operators, 3-22

O
OdbcDateFormat, 6-548
OneMatch, 6-549
OpenOfficeListenerPort, 6-550
OpenOfficeListenerURL, 6-551
OpenOfficePath, 6-552
operators, 3-19
  ampersand (&), 3-20
  and, 3-22
  Boolean, 3-22
  comparison, 3-19
  divide (/), 3-22
  like, 3-21
  minus (-), 3-22
  modulus (%), 3-22
  multiply (*), 3-22
  not, 3-23
  numeric, 3-22
  or, 3-23
  pipe (|), 3-21
  plus (+), 3-22
  special string, 3-20
OptimizePDF, 6-553
option lists, 3-30
  creating, 3-32
  Idoc Script, 3-31
  internal, 3-30
optionListKey, 6-554
optionListName, 6-555
optionListResultSet, 6-557
optionListScript, 6-559
optionListValueInclude, 6-560
optionsAllowPreselect, 6-562
optList, 3-32, 6-563
or operator, 3-23
organization, 1-1
other field display variables, 4-28
overview
  Audience, 1-2

P
page display, 5-26
  variables, 4-25
page variables, 4-24
PageMakerExePath, 6-565
PageParent, 6-566
parseClbraProject, 6-567
parseDataEntryDate, 6-567
parseDate, 6-568
parseDateWithPattern, 6-570
PATH_INFO, 6-571
PATH_TRANSLATED, 6-572
paths and directories, 5-18
PDF Converter, 5-10
general, 5-11
other formats, 5-13
PdfVersion, 6-573
personalization, 5-27
functions, 3-9
pipe (|) operator, 3-21
PLUGIN_DEBUG, 6-574
plus (+) operator, 3-22
pneNavigation, 6-575
PostConversionTimeOut, 6-576
PostprocessPDFPath, 6-577
PostscriptPrinterName, 6-579
PreconversionPath, 6-580
PreconversionWaitTime, 6-581
PreviewOutputExtension, 6-582
PreviewPath, 6-583
PrimaryWorkQueueTimeout, 6-584
PrinterPortPath, 6-585
Priority, 6-586
prjUseCustomRouting, 6-587
prjWizardTokens, 6-587
ProcessExcelUrlHyperlinks, 6-587
ProcessInDesignBookMarks, 6-588
ProcessInDesignHyperlinks, 6-589
ProcessInDesignInternalPDFThumbnail, 6-590
ProcessInDesignLinkUpdate, 6-591
ProcessInDesignPDFCompatibility50, 6-592
ProcessPowerpointHyperlinks, 6-593
ProcessVisioInternalHyperlinks, 6-594
ProcessVisioUrlHyperlinks, 6-595
ProcessWordBookMarks, 6-596
ProcessWordComments, 6-597
ProcessWordEmailLinks, 6-598
ProcessWordFootEndNote, 6-599
ProcessWordHeadings, 6-600
ProcessWordHyperlinks, 6-601
ProcessWordToc, 6-602
ProcessWordUrlHyperlinks, 6-603
ProfileCacheTimeoutInMins, 6-604
ProviderClass, 6-605
ProviderConfig, 6-606
ProviderConnection, 6-607
ProviderDir, 6-608
ProviderType, 6-609
proxiedBrowserFullCgiWebUrl, 6-610
proxiedCgiWebUrl, 6-611
pucDefaultTime, 6-612
pucEnableOnSearch, 6-613
pucHideTimeInDateFields, 6-614
pucUseMonthLocale, 6-615
pucUseWeekdayLocale, 6-616
pucXOffset, 6-617
pucYOffset, 6-618
QUERY_STRING, 6-620
question mark (?) wildcard, 3-22
QueueDir, 6-621
read-only variables, 4-29
template, 4-30
template example, 4-30
user, 4-31
RecordsManagementDenyAuthorFreePasOnRMSecurity, 6-622
RecordsManagementNumberOverwriteOnDelete, 6-623
RedirectHostsFilter, 6-624
ref
prefix, 3-32
referencing a variable, 3-7
in conditionals, 3-7
referencing metadata in dynamic server pages, 3-32
regexMatches, 6-625
regexReplaceAll, 6-626
regexReplaceFirst, 6-627
regular variables, 3-8
Release Date, 3-24
REMOTE_ADDR, 6-628
REMOTE_HOST, 6-629
REQUEST_METHOD, 6-630
RequestAuditAdditionalVerboseFieldsList, 6-631
RequestAuditIntervalSeconds1, 6-632
RequestAuditIntervalSeconds2, 6-633
RequestAuditListDepth1, 6-634
RequestAuditListDepth2, 6-635
RequestAuditSubClassificationField, 6-634
requiredMsg, 6-637
ResultSet looping, 3-11
example, 3-12
ResultSets, 5-28
ResultsTitle, 6-638
Index - 10

Idoc Script Reference Guide

Revision, 3-24
RmaAddDocWhereClauseForScreening, 6-639
RMAHideExternalFieldsFromCheckInUpdate, 6-640
RMAHideExternalFieldsFromSearchInfo, 6-641
RmaNotifyDispReviewerAndCatAuthor, 6-642
RmaNotifyReviewerAndAlternateReviewer, 6-643
RolePrefix, 6-644
roles list, 3-30
rptDisplayMapValue, 6-646, 6-752
rsAddFields, 6-647
rsAddRowCountColumn, 6-648
rsAppend, 6-649
rsAppendNewRow, 6-650
rsAppendRowValues, 6-651
rsCopyFiltered, 6-653
rsCreateResultSet, 6-654
rsDeleteRow, 6-655
rsDocInfoRowAllowDisclosure, 6-656
rsExists, 6-657
rsFieldByIndex, 6-658
rsFieldExists, 6-659
rsFindRowPrimary, 6-660
rsFirst, 6-661
rsInsertNewRow, 6-662
rsIsRowPresent, 6-663
rsMakeFromList, 3-32, 6-664
rsMakeFromString, 6-667
rsMerge, 6-670
rsMergeDelete, 6-672
rsMergeReplaceOnly, 6-673
rsNext, 6-674
rsNumFields, 6-675
rsNumRows, 6-676
rsRemove, 6-677
rsRename, 6-678
rsRenameField, 6-680
rsSetRow, 6-681
rsSort, 6-682
rsSortTree, 6-684

S
SafeDir, 6-686
Schema, 5-30
Schema Publisher, 5-30
SchemaAllowRecursiveFileMove, 6-687
SchemaBuildDigestFile, 6-688
SchemaPublishCheckInterval, 6-689
SchemaPublishInterval, 6-690
SchemaPublishMaximumInterval, 6-691
SchemaPublishMinimumInterval, 6-692
SchemaPublishRenameRetryInitialInterval, 6-693
SchemaPublishRenameRetryiterations, 6-694
SchemaPublishRetryInterval, 6-695
SchemaPublishRetryIntervalMax, 6-696
SchemaVerifyPublishing, 6-697
SchemaWin32RenameDelayInterval, 6-698
script, workflow, 4-35
SCRIPT_NAME, 6-699
ScriptDebugTrace, 6-700
ScriptErrorTrace, 6-701
SearchCacheCleanerInterval, 6-702
SearchCacheHardLimit, 6-703
SearchCacheMaxItemAge, 6-704
SearchCacheSoftLimit, 6-705
SearchCacheTrace, 6-706
SearchConnectionWaitTimeout, 6-707
SearchDebugLevel, 6-708
SearchDir, 6-709
SearchIndexerEngineName, 6-710
searching, 5-31
SearchQueryFormat, 6-711
SearchQueryTrace, 6-712
SecondaryConversionStepName, 6-713
security, 5-32
external, 5-34
internal, 5-33
Security Group, 3-24
securityGroups list, 3-30
SelectAccessMemberResultLimit, 6-714
SelfRegisteredAccounts, 6-714
SelfRegisteredRoles, 6-715
SERVER_NAME, 6-716
SERVER_PORT, 6-717
SERVER_PROTOCOL, 6-718
SERVER_SOFTWARE, 6-719
setable variables, 4-32
setContentType, 6-720
setCookie, 6-721
setExpires, 6-722
setHttpHeader, 6-724
setMaxAge, 6-726
SetPdfVersion, 6-727
setResourceInclude, 6-728
setValue, 6-730
SharedDir, 6-731
SharedWeblayoutDir, 6-733
ShowCreateExternalMenu, 6-734
showDocActions, 6-735
ShowHyperlinkBox, 6-736
ShowOnlyKnownAccounts, 6-737
ShowRevisionsColumn, 6-738
showSearchResultsCheckoutColumn, 6-739
ShowWebDavUrlInBrowserRequest, 6-740
single-backquotes, 3-33
single-straightquotes, 3-33
SingleGroup, 6-740
Index

T

tags
  Idoc Script, 3-2
  super, 3-5

TempDir, 6-787
template read-only variable, 4-30
  example, 4-30

TemplateClass, 6-788
TemplateFileDir, 6-790
TemplateName, 6-791
templates, 5-36

TemplateType, 6-792

TextIndexerFilterExtensionMaps, 6-794
TextIndexerFilterFormats, 6-794

ThumbnailDPI, 6-795
ThumbnailHeight, 6-796

ThumbnailJPEGQuality, 6-797
ThumbnailSizingMethod, 6-799

ThumbnailTemplate, 6-800

ThumbnailWidth, 6-801
time and date, 5-16

TimeoutChangedTemplateForcedConversionsInMins, 6-802

TimeoutMismatchedForcedConversionsInMins, 6-803

TimeoutPerOneMegInSec, 6-804

Title, 3-24
toInteger, 6-805

trace, 6-806

TraceConversionCacheCleanup, 6-808

TraceIsVerbose, 6-809

TraceResourceConflict, 6-810

TraceResourceLoad, 6-811

TraceResourceOverride, 6-812

TraceSectionsList, 6-813

Type, 3-25

U

UieHideSearchCheckboxes, 6-816

understanding workflows, 4-35

UniversalSearchAllowFullText, 6-817

UploadApplet, 6-818

url, 6-819

urlEscape7Bit, 6-820

UseAccounts, 6-821

UseAdobeDistiller, 6-822

UseAdsi, 6-823

UseAlchemy111, 6-824

UseAutoCad2000, 6-825

UseAutocadModelSpace, 6-826
UseBellevueLook, 6-827
UseCascadingStyleSheets, 6-828
UseCustomModaling, 6-829
UseDatabaseShortIndexName, 6-830
UseDCApplet, 6-831
UseFourDigitYear, 6-831
UseFullName, 6-832
UseGroupFilter, 6-833
UseHtmlOrTextHighlightInfo, 6-834
UseLightweightToPostscriptStep, 6-835
UseLocalGroups, 6-836
UseMicrosoftVM, 6-837
UseNetscape, 6-838
UseNtlm, 6-839
user read-only variable, 4-31
user topics, 3-9
UserAccounts, 6-840
UserAddress, 6-841
UserAppRights, 6-842
UserCache, 6-844
UserCacheTimeout, 6-845
UserDefaultAccount, 6-846
UserRedirectedOutput, 6-847
UserRevisionCreateDate, 6-848
UserFilteredSubjects, 6-849
UserFullName, 6-850
userHasAccessToAccount, 6-851
userHasGroupPrivilege, 6-852
userHasRole, 6-853
UserIsAdmin, 6-854
UserLanguageID, 6-855
UserName, 6-857
UserPublishCacheDir, 6-858
UserRoles, 6-859
users, 5-37
UserSelectAppletDatabaseIso8859DictionaryOrder, 6-860
UserSelectAppletExternalAliasDefaultPermissions, 6-860
UserSelectAppletInternalUserDefaultPermissions, 6-860
values, 3-6
value variables, 4-33
valueStyle, 6-880
valueStyle, 6-880
V
value variables, 3-6
assigning a value, 3-7
common field display, 4-26
conditional dynamic, 4-1
creation, 3-6
dynamic, 4-20, 4-33
field display, 4-25, 4-28
field information, 4-25
functions, 3-31
option lists, 3-31
page, 4-24
page display, 4-25
read-only, 4-29
referencing, 3-7
regular, 3-8
setable, 4-32
substitution order, 3-8
template read-only, 4-30
template read-only example, 4-30
user read-only, 4-31
using commas as separators, 3-7
value, 4-33
web server, 4-34
workflow, 4-37
VaultDir, 6-882
VDKSUMMARY, 6-883
VerboseMode, 6-884
Vergy, 3-15, 3-33
VergyAppName, 6-885
VergyAppSignature, 6-886
VergyEncoding, 6-887
VergyInstallDir, 6-888
VergyLocale, 6-889
W
WarnAboutTimeZone, 6-890, 6-891
watchdogInterval, 6-891
Web Layout Editor, 3-14
web server, 5-38
variables, 4-34
WebBrowserPath, 6-891
WebLayout Editor Query Design, 3-33
WeblayoutDir, 6-892
WebProxyAdminServer, 6-893
WebServerAuthOnly, 6-894
wfAction, 6-895
wfAddActionHistoryEvent, 6-897
wfAdditionalExitCondition, 6-898
wfAddUser, 6-899
wfComputeStepUserList, 6-900
wfCurrentGet, 6-901
wfCurrentSet, 6-902
wfCurrentStep, 6-903
wfDisplayCondition, 6-904
wfExit, 6-905
wfGet, 6-906
wfGetStepTypeLabel, 6-907
wfIsFinishedDocConversion, 6-909
wfIsReleasable, 6-911
wfJumpEntryNotifyOff, 6-912
wfJumpMessage, 6-913
wfJumpName, 6-914
wfJumpReturnStep, 6-915
wfJumpTargetStep, 6-916
wfLoadDesign, 6-917
wfMailSubject, 6-918
wfMessage, 6-919
wfNotify, 6-920
wfParentList, 6-921
wfReleaseDocument, 6-922
wfSet, 6-923
wfSetIsNotifyingUsers, 6-924
WfStart, 6-925
wfUpdateMetaData, 6-926
while looping, 3-12
example, 3-13
wildcards, 3-21
asterisk (*), 3-21
question mark (?), 3-22
Workflow Admin, 3-14
WorkflowDir, 6-927
WorkflowIntervalHours, 6-928
workflows, 5-40
functions, 4-36, 5-40
script, 4-35
understanding, 4-35
variables, 4-37

X
xComments, 3-24
xml, 6-929
XML Converter, 5-13
XMLEncodingMode, 6-930
XMLTimeout, 6-931