Oracle® Providers for ASP.NET
Developer's Guide
11g Release 2 (11.2.0.3) for Microsoft Windows
E18737-02

November 2011
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This document is your primary source of introductory, installation, postinstallation configuration, and usage information for Oracle Providers for ASP.NET.

This Preface contains these sections:

- Audience
- Documentation Accessibility
- Related Documents
- Passwords in Code Examples
- Conventions

Audience

*Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Developer's Guide* is intended for programmers who are developing applications using ASP.NET providers to store application state in Oracle databases.

To use this guide, you must be familiar with Microsoft .NET Framework classes, ASP.NET, and ADO.NET, and have a working knowledge of application programming using Microsoft C#, Visual Basic .NET, or another .NET language.

Although the examples in the documentation and the samples in the sample directory are written in C#, developers can use these examples as models for writing code in other .NET languages.

Documentation Accessibility


Access to Oracle Support

Related Documents

For more information, see these Oracle resources:

- Oracle Database Installation Guide for Windows
- Oracle Database Release Notes for Windows
- Oracle Database Platform Guide for Windows
- Oracle Database New Features
- Oracle Database Concepts
- Oracle Database Reference
- Oracle Data Provider for .NET Developer’s Guide
- Oracle Developer Tools for Visual Studio .NET Help

Passwords in Code Examples

For simplicity in demonstrating this product, code examples do not perform the password management techniques that a deployed system normally uses. In a production environment, follow the Oracle Database password management guidelines, and disable any sample accounts. See Oracle Database Security Guide for password management guidelines and other security recommendations.

Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this guide:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Convention</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>boldface</td>
<td>Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>italic</td>
<td>Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>monospace</td>
<td>Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
What's New in Oracle Providers for ASP.NET?

This section describes new features in Oracle Providers for ASP.NET.

**New Features in Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Release 11.2.0.2**

Oracle Providers for ASP.NET release 11.2.0.2 includes the following:

- 64-bit Oracle Providers for ASP.NET XCopy for Windows x64
  
  Now available for Windows x64 systems, Oracle Providers for ASP.NET XCopy provides system administrators with a smaller client install size than the standard client, and is easier to configure. XCopy simplifies embedding the ASP.NET providers in customized deployment packages.

  **See Also:** XCopy under "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Installation" on page 1-5

**New Features in Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Release 11.2.0.1.2**

Oracle Providers for ASP.NET release 11.2.0.1.2 includes the following:

- ASP.NET 4 Support
  
  Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 4 supports ASP.NET 4.
This chapter introduces Oracle Providers for ASP.NET.

This chapter contains these topics:

- Overview of Oracle Providers for ASP.NET
- Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly
- System Requirements
- Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Installation
- Upgrading Oracle Providers for ASP.NET
- File Locations After Installation
- Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Object References

Overview of Oracle Providers for ASP.NET

Oracle Providers for ASP.NET is a collection of ASP.NET providers that follow the ASP.NET provider model and uses Oracle Database as the data source.

Microsoft ASP.NET includes a number of services and providers that store application state in databases and other storage media. Developers can store application state, such as shopping cart or user information, in a persistent data source. By storing the application state in a database, applications ensure high availability and reliable access to the data from any Web server in the server farm. Users can retrieve their ASP.NET state data no matter which Web farm computer they access because it is located centrally on the database. If the particular Web farm computer a user is accessing fails, the information is not lost because the ASP.NET data is persisted in the database. ASP.NET developers can now be more productive as they build their Web applications through these ASP.NET services, which are classes that are part of the .NET Framework.

These ASP.NET services are data-source independent, but they can be configured to use a particular ASP.NET provider, which is implemented specifically to store and retrieve data from a specific data source.

Oracle Providers for ASP.NET, like all ASP.NET providers, follow the ASP.NET provider model to provide all the functionality that the ASP.NET services need. By simply configuring the Oracle Providers for ASP.NET as default providers in a configuration file, ASP.NET applications can store various types of application states in an Oracle database. The application states that can be stored are commonly used...
among Web applications. ASP.NET developers can use these providers, as opposed to creating their own from scratch.

Oracle Providers for ASP.NET are available for both 32-bit and 64-bit (x64) platforms. See "System Requirements" for more details.

Oracle offers the following providers:

- Membership Provider
- Role Provider
- Site Map Provider
- Session State Provider
- Profile Provider
- Web Event Provider
- Web Parts Personalization Provider
- Cache Dependency Provider

Descriptions of each provider that Oracle offers are as follows:

- **Oracle Membership Provider for ASP.NET**
  The Oracle membership provider enables ASP.NET applications to store the registered user information of a Web site in an Oracle database through the ASP.NET membership service. It provides methods for creating users, deleting users, verifying login credentials, changing passwords, and other tasks associated with managing application users.

  **See Also:** ASP.NET membership and membership providers

- **Oracle Role Provider for ASP.NET**
  The Oracle role provider enables ASP.NET applications to store and manage Web site-specific role information in an Oracle database through the ASP.NET role service. The Oracle role provider exposes methods for creating roles, deleting roles, adding users to roles, and other tasks associated with managing roles defined in an ASP.NET application.

  **See Also:** ASP.NET role management and role providers

- **Oracle Site Map Provider for ASP.NET**
  The Oracle site map provider enables ASP.NET applications to store site map information in an Oracle database. The Oracle site map provider reads site map data from the Oracle database to build an upside-down tree of `SiteMapNode` objects, as well as to supply methods for retrieving nodes from the site map.

  **See Also:** ASP.NET site navigation and site map provider

- **Oracle Session State Provider for ASP.NET**
  The Oracle session state provider enables ASP.NET applications to store ASP.NET session information in an Oracle database through the ASP.NET session state
service. This provider manages per-user session state, such as a shopping cart for an e-commerce application.

See Also: ASP.NET session state and session state providers

Oracle Profile Provider for ASP.NET
The Oracle profile provider enables ASP.NET applications to store an individual Web site user's profile information in the Oracle database. The profile provider can write and read Web site user profile properties that are persisted in the database.

See Also: ASP.NET profile properties and profile providers

Oracle Web Event Provider for ASP.NET
The Oracle Web event provider enables ASP.NET applications to store events raised by the ASP.NET health monitoring system in the Oracle database. The provider provides buffering and flushing capabilities to minimize database round-trips.

See Also: ASP.NET health monitoring and web event provider

Oracle Web Parts Personalization Provider for ASP.NET
The Oracle Web parts personalization provider enables ASP.NET applications to store personalization data in an Oracle database through the ASP.NET Web parts personalization service.

It connects to an integrated set of controls for creating Web sites that enable end users to modify the content, appearance, and behavior of Web pages directly from a browser.

See Also:
- ASP.NET Web Parts
  http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/e0s9t4ck.aspx
- ASP.NET Web Parts Personalization

Oracle Cache Dependency Provider for ASP.NET
Oracle cache dependency provider provides automatic invalidation of data that is cached by ASP.NET applications in the System.Web.Caching.Cache object, based on changes made in the Oracle database. This provider can provide performance improvements to ASP.NET applications because ASP.NET applications can use the cached database data and fetch data from the database only when it is needed.

See Also: Oracle Data Provider for .NET Developer's Guide for more information on database change notification
Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly

The Oracle providers for ASP.NET reside in namespaces contained in one assembly: Oracle.Web.dll.

Table 1–1 lists the provider types, class names, and namespaces that are part of Oracle.Web.dll.

Table 1–1 Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Namespaces and Providers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Provider Type</th>
<th>Class Name</th>
<th>Namespace</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Membership</td>
<td>OracleMembershipProvider Class</td>
<td>Oracle.Web.Security</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Role</td>
<td>OracleRoleProvider Class</td>
<td>Oracle.Web.Security</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Site Map</td>
<td>OracleSiteMapProvider Class</td>
<td>Oracle.Web.SiteMap</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Session State</td>
<td>OracleSessionStateStore Class</td>
<td>Oracle.Web.SessionState</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profile</td>
<td>OracleProfileProvider Class</td>
<td>Oracle.Web.Profile</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personalization</td>
<td>OraclePersonalizationProvider Class</td>
<td>Oracle.Web.Personalization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cache Dependency</td>
<td>OracleCacheDependency Class</td>
<td>Oracle.Web.Caching</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

System Requirements

Oracle Providers for ASP.NET requires the following:

- Microsoft ASP.NET
  - Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 2.0 is supported with ASP.NET 2.0, 3.0, and 3.5
  - Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 4 is supported with ASP.NET 4

- Windows operating system

  Oracle supports 32-bit Oracle Providers for ASP.NET on x86, AMD64, and Intel EM64T processors on these operating systems.

  - x64: Windows 7 x64 (Professional, Enterprise, and Ultimate Editions), Windows Vista x64 (Business, Enterprise, and Ultimate Editions), Windows Server 2008 R2 x64 (Standard, Enterprise, Datacenter, Web, and Foundation Editions), Windows Server 2008 x64 (Standard, Enterprise, Datacenter, Web, and Foundation Editions), Windows Server 2003 x64 (all editions), Windows Server 2003 R2 x64 (all editions), or Windows XP x64.

  Oracle supports 32-bit Oracle Providers for ASP.NET and 64-bit Oracle Providers for ASP.NET for Windows x64 on these operating systems.

- Access to Oracle9i Database Release 2 or later.
Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Installation

Oracle Providers for ASP.NET is part of Oracle Data Access Components (ODAC), which can be downloaded from OTN. Beginning with ODAC 11.1.0.6.20, Oracle Providers for ASP.NET can be installed through XCopy or Oracle Universal Installer.

- **XCopy**
  
  Administrators use XCopy to deploy Oracle Providers for ASP.NET to a large number of computers for production deployments. It has a small footprint and fine grain control during installation and setup.

- **Oracle Universal Installer**
  
  Developers or users use Oracle Universal Installer for automatic GUI installation. It includes documentation and code samples that are not part of XCopy deployment.

---

**Note:** This section describes installation using the Oracle Universal Installer. For the XCopy installation instructions and configuration, refer to the README file that is part of that installation.

---

When Oracle Providers for ASP.NET are installed, Oracle Universal Installer automatically registers `Oracle.Web.dll` with the Global Assembly Cache (GAC).

The Oracle Providers for ASP.NET installation creates entries in the `machine.config` file of the computer on which it is installed. These entries provide basic configuration information for the Oracle Membership, Profile, Role, Site Map, Web Parts Personalization, and Web Event Providers. The `machine.config` includes a blank connection string for `OraAspConString`, which a developer can configure to connect to an Oracle database with the Oracle Providers for ASP.NET schema.

**See Also:** "ASP.NET Client Setup" on page 1-8 for more details

Additionally, Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Dynamic Help is registered with Visual Studio, providing context-sensitive online help that is seamlessly integrated with the Visual Studio Dynamic Help. With Dynamic Help, the user can access Oracle Providers for ASP.NET documentation within Visual Studio by placing the cursor on an Oracle Providers for ASP.NET keyword and pressing the F1 function key.

Once you have installed Oracle Providers for ASP.NET, two additional setup tasks are required, as follows:

- **Database Server Setup**
ASP.NET Client Setup

See Also: Oracle Database Installation Guide for Windows for installation instructions

Database Server Setup

The following sections explain how to configure the providers:

- **Database Privileges for Setup**
- **Configuring All Oracle Providers for ASP.NET**
- **Configuring Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Individually**
- **General Setup Information**

**Database Privileges for Setup**

To set up the Oracle database, database administrators must grant the following database privileges to the Oracle Providers for ASP.NET schema. These privileges grant the schema privileges to create the tables, views, stored procedures, and other database objects the Oracle Providers for ASP.NET require. These scripts must be run against the database from which the ASP.NET providers will retrieve their stored state information. These SQL scripts can be run using SQL*Plus or within Oracle Developer Tools for Visual Studio.

Oracle Providers for ASP.NET requires the following privileges during setup:

- Change notification
- Create job
- Create procedure
- Create public synonym
- Create role
- Create session
- Create table
- Create view
- Drop public synonym
- Grant access to and allocate space in an Oracle tablespace

Not all database privileges are required for Oracle Providers for ASP.NET runtime operations. Database administrators may selectively grant and revoke privileges as required. For runtime operations, all providers require that the **CREATE SESSION** privilege be granted to the schema user. In addition, the Site Map and Cache Dependency providers require the **CHANGE NOTIFICATION** privilege during runtime. The remaining privileges can be granted to the schema user just for installation and deinstallation, then revoked for runtime operations.

Errors that occur during the setup script execution may indicate that the user needs to be granted the above privileges. If this is the case, the database administrator must grant these privileges. The Oracle Session State Provider for ASP.NET requires the **CREATE JOB** privilege when Oracle Database 10g or later is the database.
Configuring All Oracle Providers for ASP.NET
To configure all providers in the database at once, run \InstallAllOracleASPNETProviders.sql. This script is found in the ORACLE_BASE\ORACLE_HOME\ASP.NET\sql directory.

To install Oracle Session State Provider with an Oracle Database 9i Release 2, developers must modify the \InstallAllOracleASPNETProviders.sql script to call the appropriate install script for the provider as listed in Table 1–2 on page 1-7. This script calls the configuration script for each provider one by one.

Configuring Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Individually
Applications may not require all Oracle Providers for ASP.NET. Providers can be set up individually. Except for the Oracle Session State Provider and Oracle Cache Dependency Provider, the following install script must be executed before any other install scripts: \InstallOracleASPNETCommon.sql. Then, for each Oracle Provider for ASP.NET, a SQL script specific for that provider must be executed (in any order).

These install scripts are found in the ORACLE_BASE\ORACLE_HOME\ASP.NET\sql directory.

### Table 1–2  ASP.NET Provider Install Scripts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Provider</th>
<th>Required Installation Script</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oracle Membership Provider</td>
<td>\InstallOracleMembership.sql</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle Personalization Provider</td>
<td>\InstallOraclePersonalization.sql</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle Profile Provider</td>
<td>\InstallOracleProfile.sql</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle Role Provider</td>
<td>\InstallOracleRoles.sql</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle Session State Provider</td>
<td>For Oracle Database 10g Release 1 and later</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>\InstallOracleSessionState.sql</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>For Oracle Database 9i Release 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>\InstallOracleSessionState92.sql</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>There are correspondingly named uninstall scripts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>for these install scripts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Note: This provider only requires the execution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>of the appropriate provider-specific .sql script</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>as listed. It does not require the execution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>of \InstallOracleASPNETCommon.sql.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle Site Map Provider</td>
<td>\InstallOracleSiteMap.sql</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle Web Events Provider</td>
<td>\InstallOracleWebEvents.sql</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oracle Cache Dependency Provider</td>
<td>No script execution needed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

General Setup Information
When Oracle Providers for ASP.NET installation scripts run, they execute, in turn, corresponding .plb scripts that are located in the same directory. The .plb scripts create the stored procedures and functions that the providers use. The installation .sql scripts must execute where the .plb file can be accessed.

Each provider also provides corresponding uninstall scripts to remove database objects that were created from the install scripts. These scripts are prefixed with the word Uninstall.

The install and uninstall scripts are the same for Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 2.0 and Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 4.
**ASP.NET Client Setup**

Installation configures the `machine.config` file to enable Oracle Providers for ASP.NET system-wide.

If both .NET Framework 2.0 and .NET Framework 4 are present, then the installer configures the `machine.config` files for both in order to enable Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 2.0 and Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 4 system-wide.

After installation, developers must provide the connection information to the database schema that stores and retrieves the ASP.NET state information. This step requires developers to supply the User Id, Password, Data Source, and other connection string information if necessary. In the `machine.config` file, developers can provide an entry similar to the example below.

```xml
<connectionStrings>
  <add name="OraAspNetConString" connectionString="User Id=aspnet;Password=aspnet;Data Source=oracle; " />
</connectionStrings>
```

Optional, developers can customize the properties of each ASP.NET provider from within the `<system.web>` section of the `machine.config`.

While Oracle Universal Installer automatically configures the `machine.config`, developers can apply more fine grained application-level control over the Oracle Providers for ASP.NET by using the `web.config` file. This file overrides entries from the `machine.config` file, but only for the specific web application it is a part of.

Developers can set up their `web.config` file with the same XML syntax as the `machine.config` file.

Developers can use standard ASP.NET management tools to configure the Oracle Providers for ASP.NET. Specifically, developers can use the Internet Information Services management console. In the ASP.NET Configuration Settings of the console, developers can modify the Oracle provider settings. Alternatively, in a Web Site project in Visual Studio, the ASP.NET Configuration choice under the Website menu item allows developers to set these settings for their specific Web Site projects.

A standard Oracle Providers for ASP.NET installation automatically sets up `machine.config` with default values, but administrators can modify the setup. Users can use the `OraProvCfg` utility to configure the provider-specific entry in the `machine.config` file as follows:

---

**Note:** To configure Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 2.0, use the `OraProvCfg` utility under `ORACLE_BASE\ORACLE_HOME\ASP.NET\Bin\2.x`.

To configure Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 4, use the `OraProvCfg` utility under `ORACLE_BASE\ORACLE_HOME\ASP.NET\Bin\4`.

---

- To display the `OraProvCfg` utility help:
  
  `OraProvCfg` -help

- To add Oracle Providers for ASP.NET-specific entries to the `machine.config` file:
  
  `OraProvCfg` /action:config /product:aspnet /component:all /frameworkversion:v2.0.50727 /providerpath:c:\Oracle\odp.net\bin\2.x\Oracle.Web.dll
Where Framework version and Provider path (especially) may need to change accordingly.

- To remove the Oracle Providers for ASP.NET-specific entries from the machine.config file:

  OraProvCfg /action:unconfig /product:aspnet /component:all /frameworkversion:v2.0.50727

Where Framework version may need to change accordingly.

### Upgrading Oracle Providers for ASP.NET

Administrators who wish to upgrade an older instance of Oracle Providers for ASP.NET to a newer version must upgrade both the Oracle Client and database schema. Oracle does not support using one Oracle Providers for ASP.NET client version, say 11.2, with another Oracle Providers for ASP.NET database schema version, say 11.1.0.6.20. Both the schema and client providers must be the same version.

The following list discusses upgrading the client and database schema:

- **Oracle Client Upgrade:**
  When installing the latest Oracle Providers for ASP.NET version, the machine.config file is automatically updated so that Web applications are directed to use the latest version. If there are applications that use the web.config file, then administrators must make sure to update this file.

- **Database Schema Upgrade:**
  Administrators need to execute the new version's Oracle Providers for ASP.NET SQL scripts on the same schema where the older Oracle Providers for ASP.NET schema exists. The scripts are designed to upgrade older schemas or create the schema if none exists. The scripts preserve existing Oracle Providers for ASP.NET data such that no data is lost.

If the database server itself is being upgraded, then administrators can use standard Oracle upgrade procedures with Oracle Providers for ASP.NET data. Data is preserved when performing the upgrade. Encrypted data remains encrypted and usable after the upgrade.

### Coexistence of Multiple Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Versions

If there are multiple ASP.NET applications using a single Web server or a single Oracle Database, then it is not necessary for all of them to use the same Oracle Providers for ASP.NET version. For example, some of the applications may use Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 11.1.0.7.20, and other applications may use the 11.2 version. Individual web.config files are used to determine as to which Oracle Providers for ASP.NET version to use for each application.

Each Oracle Providers for ASP.NET version must have a database schema specific to its version. For example, all Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 11.2 applications must be able to access at least one schema built using the 11.2 SQL scripts. These 11.2 provider applications can all share one schema, but they cannot use an 11.1.0.7.20 schema. When using multiple Oracle Providers for ASP.NET versions to access the same database, administrators can create separate schemas for each Oracle Providers for ASP.NET version.
File Locations After Installation

Oracle Providers for ASP.NET files are installed as follows:

- **Oracle.Web.dll (For .NET Framework 2.0)**
  
  `ORACLE_BASE\ORACLE_HOME\ASP.NET\Bin\2.x` directory

- **Oracle.Web.dll (For .NET Framework 4)**
  
  `ORACLE_BASE\ORACLE_HOME\ASP.NET\Bin\4` directory

- **Configuration utility OraProvCfg.exe (For .NET Framework 2.0)**
  
  `ORACLE_BASE\ORACLE_HOME\ASP.NET\Bin\2.x` directory. See "ASP.NET Client Setup" on page 1-8.

- **Configuration utility OraProvCfg.exe (For .NET Framework 4)**
  
  `ORACLE_BASE\ORACLE_HOME\ASP.NET\Bin\4` directory. See "ASP.NET Client Setup" on page 1-8.

- **Configuration (SQL) scripts**
  
  `ORACLE_BASE\ORACLE_HOME\ASP.NET\SQL` directory. See "Database Server Setup" on page 1-6.

- **Dynamic Help file**
  
  `ORACLE_BASE\ORACLE_HOME\ASP.NET\Help` directory

- **Documentation (html and pdf) and readme file**

  `ORACLE_BASE\ORACLE_HOME\ASP.NET\Doc` directory

Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Object References

The schema in which the user runs the SQL installation script owns the tables, views, roles, stored procedures, and synonyms that the SQL script creates.

The following schema objects and their tabled information provide descriptions of what privileges each role provides, as well as the relationship between the ASP.NET service methods and the Oracle stored procedure or function.

This section lists the following objects:

- **Tables**
- **Roles**
- **Views**
- **Stored Procedures**
- **Synonyms**

Tables

Table 1–3 lists the tables that are used by each provider.
There are, at most, three types of database roles created for each provider:

- **BasicAccess** - Provides a database user with access to the provider’s basic functionality.
- **ReportAccess** - Provides a database user with report-oriented data gathering capabilities for a provider.
- **FullAccess** - Provides a database user with access to all the database objects associated with a provider.

Table 1–4 lists the roles created for each provider.

### Table 1–3 Provider Tables

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Oracle Provider</th>
<th>Table</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Membership</td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Membership</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Applications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Users</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Role</td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Roles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_UsersInRoles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Applications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Users</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profile</td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Profile</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Applications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Users</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personalization</td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Paths</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_PersonaliznAllUsers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_PersonaliznPerUser</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Applications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Users</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Web Events</td>
<td>ora_aspnet_WebEvents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Site Map</td>
<td>ora_aspnet_SiteMap</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Applications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Session State</td>
<td>ora_aspnet_SessionApplications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Sessions</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 1–4 Roles and Privileges

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Oracle Provider</th>
<th>Oracle Database Role</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Membership</td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Mem_BasicAccess</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Mem_ReportAccess</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Mem_FullAccess</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Role</td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Roles_BasicAccess</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Roles_ReportAccess</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Roles_FullAccess</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The following tables show the views that are created for each provider. The tables also list the provider-specific database roles that provide access to these views.

### OracleMembershipProvider Views

*Table 1–5* lists the roles and the view access that the roles provide.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Role</th>
<th>View</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_BasicAccess</code></td>
<td>(none)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_ReportAccess</code></td>
<td><code>ora_vw_aspnet_Applications</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_vw_aspnet_Users</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_vw_aspnet_MemUsers</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_FullAccess</code></td>
<td><code>ora_vw_aspnet_Applications</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_vw_aspnet_Users</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_vw_aspnet_MemUsers</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### OracleRoleProvider Views

*Table 1–6* lists the roles and the view access that the roles provide.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Role</th>
<th>View</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Roles_BasicAccess</code></td>
<td>(none)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Roles_ReportAccess</code></td>
<td><code>ora_vw_aspnet_Applications</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_vw_aspnet_Users</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_vw_aspnet_Roles</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_vw_aspnet_UIR</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Roles_FullAccess</code></td>
<td><code>ora_vw_aspnet_Applications</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_vw_aspnet_Users</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_vw_aspnet_Roles</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_vw_aspnet_UIR</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
OracleProfileProvider Views
Table 1–7 lists the roles and the view access that the roles provide.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Role</th>
<th>View</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ora_aspnet_Prof_BasicAccess</td>
<td>(none)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ora_aspnet_Prof_ReportAccess</td>
<td>ora_vw_aspnet_Applications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_vw_aspnet_Users</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_vw_aspnet_Profiles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ora_aspnet_Prof_FullAccess</td>
<td>ora_vw_aspnet_Applications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_vw_aspnet_Users</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_vw_aspnet_Profiles</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OraclePersonalizationProvider Views
Table 1–8 lists the roles and the view access that the roles provide.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Role</th>
<th>View</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ora_aspnet_Pers_BasicAccess</td>
<td>(none)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ora_aspnet_Pers_ReportAccess</td>
<td>ora_vw_aspnet_Applications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_vw_aspnet_Users</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ora_aspnet_Pers_FullAccess</td>
<td>ora_vw_aspnet_Applications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_vw_aspnet_Users</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OracleSessionStateStore Views
Table 1–9 lists the roles and the view access that the roles provide.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Role</th>
<th>View</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ora_aspnet_Sessn_FullAccess</td>
<td>ora_vew_aspnet_sessions</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Stored Procedures
The following tables list provider-specific database roles and the stored procedures for which the roles provide execution privilege. The tables also list the corresponding ASP.NET service methods that invoke the stored procedures.

OracleMembershipProvider Stored Procedures
Table 1–10 lists the service methods and stored procedures that a user with the ora_aspnet_Mem_BasicAccess role can execute.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service Method</th>
<th>Stored Procedure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GetNumberOfUsersOnline</td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Mem_GetNumOfUsersOn</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetPassword</td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Mem_GetPassword</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 1–11 lists the service methods and stored procedures that a user with the `ora_aspnet_Mem_ReportAccess` role can execute.

**Table 1–11  `ora_aspnet_Mem_ReportAccess` Role**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service Method</th>
<th>Stored Procedure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FindUsersByEmail</td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_FindUsersByEml</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FindUsersByName</td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_FindUsersByName</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetAllUsers</td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_GetAllUsers</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetNumberOfUsersOnline</td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_GetNumOfUsersOn</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetUser</td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_GetUserByUid</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetUserByNameByEmail</td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_GetUserByEml</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 1–12 lists the service methods and stored procedures that a user with the `ora_aspnet_Mem_FullAccess` role can execute.

**Table 1–12  `ora_aspnet_Mem_FullAccess` Role**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service Method</th>
<th>Stored Procedure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Membership methods</td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_ChangePwdQAndA</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_CreateUser</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_FindUsersByEml</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_FindUsersByName</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_GetAllUsers</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_GetNumOfUsersOn</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_GetPassword</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_GetPwdWithFmt</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_GetUserByUid</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_GetUserByEml</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_GetUserByName</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_GetUserByUid</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_ResetPassword</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_SetPassword</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_UnlockUser</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Mem_UpdateUser</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**OracleRoleProvider Stored Procedures**

Table 1–13 lists the service methods and stored procedures that a user with the `ora_aspnet_Roles_BasicAccess` role can execute.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service Method</th>
<th>Stored Procedure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GetRolesForUser</td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_UIR_GetRolesForUser</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsUserInRole</td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_UIR_IsUserInRole</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 1–14 lists the service methods and stored procedures that a user with the `ora_aspnet_Roles_ReportAccess` role can execute.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service Method</th>
<th>Stored Procedure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FindUsersInRole</td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_UIR_FindUsersInRole</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetAllRoles</td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Roles_GetAllRoles</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetRolesForUser</td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_UIR_GetRolesForUser</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetUsersInRole</td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_UIR_GetUsersInRoles</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsUserInRole</td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_UIR_IsUserInRole</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RoleExists</td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Roles_RoleExists</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 1–15 lists the service methods and stored procedures that a user with the `ora_aspnet_Roles_FullAccess` role can execute.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service Method</th>
<th>Stored Procedure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Role Manager methods</td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Roles_CreateRole</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Roles_DeleteRole</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Roles_GetAllRoles</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_Roles_RoleExists</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_UIR_AddUsersToRoles</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_UIR_FindUsersInRole</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_UIR_GetRolesForUser</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_UIR_GetUsersInRoles</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_UIR_IsUserInRole</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_UIR_RemUsersFmRoles</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
OracleProfileProvider Stored Procedures

Table 1–16 lists the service methods and stored procedures that a user with the ora_aspnet_Prof_BasicAccess role can execute.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service Method</th>
<th>Stored Procedure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GetPropertyValues</td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Prof_GetProperties</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SetPropertyValues</td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Prof_SetProperties</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 1–17 lists the service methods and stored procedures that a user with the ora_aspnet_Prof_ReportAccess role can execute.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service Method</th>
<th>Stored Procedure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GetAllProfiles</td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Prof_GetProfiles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetAllInactiveProfiles</td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Prof_GetProfiles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetNumberOfInactiveProfiles</td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Prof_GetNumOfInactPf</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FindProfilesByUserName</td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Prof_GetProfiles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FindInactiveProfilesByUserName</td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Prof_GetProfiles</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 1–18 lists the service methods and stored procedures that a user with the ora_aspnet_Prof_FullAccess role can execute.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>All Profile methods</th>
<th>Stored Procedure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Prof_DeleteInactPf</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Prof_DeleteProfiles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Prof_GetNumOfInactPf</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Prof_GetProfiles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Prof_GetProperties</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Prof_SetProperties</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OraclePersonalizationProvider Stored Procedures

Table 1–19 lists the service methods and stored procedures that a user with the ora_aspnet_Pers_BasicAccess role can execute.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service Method</th>
<th>Stored Procedure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LoadPersonalizationState</td>
<td>ora_aspnet_PPU_GetPgSettings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_PAU_GetPgSettings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ResetPersonalizationState</td>
<td>ora_aspnet_PPU_ResetPgSettings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_PAU_ResetPgSettings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SavePersonalizationState</td>
<td>ora_aspnet_PPU_SetPgSettings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_PAU_SetPgSettings</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 1–20 lists the service methods and stored procedures that a user with the `ora_aspnet_Pers_ReportAccess` role can execute.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service Method</th>
<th>Stored Procedure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FindState</td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_PA_FindState</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetCountOfState</td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_PA_GetCountOfState</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 1–21 lists the service methods and stored procedures that a user with the `ora_aspnet_Pers_FullAccess` role can execute.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service Method</th>
<th>Stored Procedure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Personalization methods</td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_PA_FindState</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_PA_GetCountOfState</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_PA_ResetSharedState</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_PA_ResetUserState</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_PAU_GetPgSettings</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_PAU_ResetPgSettings</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_PAU_SetPgSettings</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_PPU_GetPgSettings</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_PPU_ResetPgSettings</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_PPU_SetPgSettings</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OracleWebEventProvider Stored Procedures

Table 1–22 lists the service methods and stored procedures that a user with the `ora_aspnet_Wevnt_FullAccess` role can execute.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service Method</th>
<th>Stored Procedure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Web Event methods</td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_LogWebEvents</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OracleSiteMapProvider Stored Procedures

Table 1–23 lists the service methods and stored procedures that a user with the `ora_aspnet_Smap_FullAccess` role can execute.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service Method</th>
<th>Stored Procedure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Site Map methods</td>
<td><code>ora_aspnet_GetSiteMapData</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OracleSessionStateStore Provider Stored Procedures

Table 1–24 lists the service methods and stored procedures that a user with the `ora_aspnet_Sessn_FullAccess` role can execute.
Table 1–24   **ora_aspnet_Sessn_FullAccess Role**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service Method</th>
<th>Stored Procedure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Session State methods</td>
<td>ora_aspnet_SessnApp_SetAppID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Sessn_InsUninitItem</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Sessn_RelStateItmEx</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Sessn_RmStateItem</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Sessn_ResetTimeout</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Sessn_UpdStateItem</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Sessn_InsStateItem</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Sessn_GetStateItem</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ora_aspnet_Sessn_GetStateItmEx</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Synonyms**

Public synonyms are created for all stored procedures so that they can be executed by any user in the database who is granted proper provider-specific roles by the user that owns the stored procedures.
This chapter describes the `OracleMembershipProvider` class.

**See Also:** ASP.NET membership and membership providers

This chapter contains the following topic:

- *OracleMembershipProvider Class*
OracleMembershipProvider Class

The OracleMembershipProvider class enables ASP.NET developers to store Web site user account information in an Oracle database.

Class Inheritance
System.Object
   System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderBase

Declaration
// C#
public class OracleMembershipProvider: MembershipProvider

Thread Safety
All public static methods are thread-safe, although instance members are not guaranteed to be thread-safe.

Remarks
This class allows ASP.NET applications to store and manage user information in an Oracle database.

Note that the term user in this chapter refers to an application or user, not a database user. Thus, the user information that this provider manages is application or user information, not database user information.

Example
The following code example shows a web.config file for an ASP.NET application configured to use OracleMembershipProvider as the default provider. This configuration uses the connection string and default attribute values specified in the machine.config file.

```xml
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<configuration xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/.NetConfiguration/v2.0">
    <system.web>
        <membership defaultProvider="OracleMembershipProvider"/>
    </system.web>
</configuration>
```

The following is a web.config example for an ASP.NET application that uses an OracleMembershipProvider with customized settings and an application-specific connection string:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<configuration xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/.NetConfiguration/v2.0">
    <connectionStrings>
        <add name="my_membership_app_con_string" connectionString="User Id=scott;Password=tiger;Data Source=Oracle"/>
    </connectionStrings>
    <system.web>
```

2-2 Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Developer’s Guide
<!-- Enable and customize OracleMembershipProvider settings -->
<membership defaultProvider="MyOracleMembershipProvider">
<providers>
  <add name="MyOracleMembershipProvider"
      type="Oracle.Web.Security.OracleMembershipProvider,
           Oracle.Web, Version=2.112.2.0, Culture=neutral,
           PublicKeyToken=89b483f429c47342"
      connectionStringName="my_membership_app_con_string"
      applicationName="my_membership_app"
      enablePasswordRetrieval="false"
      enablePasswordReset="true"
      requiresQuestionAndAnswer="true"
      requiresUniqueEmail="true"
      passwordFormat="Hashed"
      maxInvalidPasswordAttempts="4"
      minRequiredPasswordLength="9"
      passwordAttemptWindow="8"/>
</providers>
</membership>
</system.web>
</configuration>

Note that the applicationName attribute should be set to a unique value for each ASP.NET application.

Requirements
Namespace: Oracle.Web.Security
Assembly: Oracle.Web.dll
Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Version: Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 2.0 and Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 4

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Members
- OracleMembershipProvider Constructors
- OracleMembershipProvider Static Methods
- OracleMembershipProvider Public Properties
- OracleMembershipProvider Public Methods
- OracleMembershipProvider Public Events
OracleMembershipProvider Members

OracleMembershipProvider members are listed in the following tables.

OracleMembershipProvider Constructors
The OracleMembershipProvider constructor is listed in Table 2-1.

Table 2–1 OracleMembershipProvider Constructor

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Constructor</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OracleMembershipProvider Constructors</td>
<td>Instantiates a new instance of the OracleMembershipProvider class</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OracleMembershipProvider Static Methods
OracleMembershipProvider static methods are listed in Table 2-2.

Table 2–2 OracleMembershipProvider Static Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Static Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Equals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object (Overloaded)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ReferenceEquals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OracleMembershipProvider Public Properties
OracleMembershipProvider public properties are listed in Table 2-3.

Table 2–3 OracleMembershipProvider Public Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Properties</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ApplicationName</td>
<td>Gets or sets the name of the application that is used to group user information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CommandTimeout</td>
<td>Gets the number of seconds that the command is allowed to execute before it is terminated with an exception</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderBase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EnablePasswordReset</td>
<td>Indicates whether or not the membership provider is configured to allow users to reset their passwords</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EnablePasswordRetrieval</td>
<td>Indicates whether or not the membership provider is configured to allow users to retrieve their passwords</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MaxInvalidPasswordAttempts</td>
<td>Gets the number of invalid password or password-answer attempts allowed before the user is locked out</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MinRequiredNonAlphanumericCharacters</td>
<td>Gets the minimum number of special characters that must be present in a valid password</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MinRequiredPasswordLength</td>
<td>Gets the minimum length required for a password</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderBase</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
OracleMembershipProvider Class

OracleMembershipProvider Public Methods
OracleMembershipProvider public methods are listed in Table 2-4.

Table 2-4  OracleMembershipProvider Public Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ChangePassword</td>
<td>Updates the password for a user</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ChangePasswordQuestionAndAnswer</td>
<td>Updates the password question and answer for a user</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CreateUser</td>
<td>Adds a new user to the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DeleteUser</td>
<td>Removes a user from the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object (Overloaded)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FindUsersByEmail</td>
<td>Returns a collection of users whose e-mail addresses match the specified e-mail address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FindUsersByName</td>
<td>Returns a collection of users that match the specified user name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GeneratePassword</td>
<td>Generates a random password that is at least 14 characters in length</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetAllUsers</td>
<td>Returns a collection of all the users in the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetHashCode</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetNumberOfUsersOnline</td>
<td>Returns the number of users that are currently accessing the application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetPassword</td>
<td>Returns the password for the specified user name from the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetType</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetUser</td>
<td>Returns user information from the database based on the unique identifier for the user (Overloaded)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetUserNameByEmail</td>
<td>Returns the user name associated with the specified e-mail address</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Table 2–4 (Cont.) OracleMembershipProvider Public Methods**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Initialize</td>
<td>Initializes the OracleMembership provider with the property values specified in the ASP.NET application configuration file (web.config)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ResetPassword</td>
<td>Resets a user’s password and returns a new automatically generated password</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ToString</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UnlockUser</td>
<td>Unlocks a user so that the user can be validated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UpdateUser</td>
<td>Updates information about a user in the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ValidateUser</td>
<td>Validates the user</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**OracleMembershipProvider Public Events**

OracleMembershipProvider public event is listed in Table 2–5.

**Table 2–5 OracleMembershipProvider Public Event**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Event</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**See Also:**
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
OracleMembershipProvider Constructors

This constructor instantiates a new instance of the OracleMembershipProvider class.

Overload List:
- OracleMembershipProvider()
  This constructor creates an instance of the OracleMembershipProvider class.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members

OracleMembershipProvider()

This constructor instantiates a new instance of the OracleMembershipProvider class.

Declaration

// C#
public OracleMembershipProvider();

Remarks

ASP.NET calls the OracleMembershipProvider constructor to create an instance of the OracleMembershipProvider class, as specified in the configuration for the application. Initialization values for the OracleMembershipProvider object are passed through the Initialize method.

This constructor is not intended to be used directly by the application.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members
OracleMembershipProvider Static Methods

OracleMembershipProvider static methods are listed in Table 2–6.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Static Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Equals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object (Overloaded)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ReferenceEquals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members
## OracleMembershipProvider Public Properties

OracleMembershipProvider public properties are listed in Table 2–7.

**Table 2–7  OracleMembershipProvider Public Properties**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Properties</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>ApplicationName</strong></td>
<td>Gets or sets the name of the application that is used to group user information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CommandTimeout</strong></td>
<td>Gets the number of seconds that the command is allowed to execute before it is terminated with an exception</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Description</strong></td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.Providerbase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>EnablePasswordReset</strong></td>
<td>Indicates whether or not the membership provider is configured to allow users to reset their passwords</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>EnablePasswordRetrieval</strong></td>
<td>Indicates whether or not the membership provider is configured to allow users to retrieve their passwords</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>MaxInvalidPasswordAttempts</strong></td>
<td>Gets the number of invalid password or password-answer attempts allowed before the user is locked out</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>MinRequiredNonAlphanumericCharacters</strong></td>
<td>Gets the minimum number of special characters that must be present in a valid password</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>MinRequiredPasswordLength</strong></td>
<td>Gets the minimum length required for a password</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Name</strong></td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.Providerbase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>PasswordAttemptWindow</strong></td>
<td>Gets the number of minutes in which a maximum number of invalid password or password-answer attempts are allowed before the user is locked out</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>PasswordCompatMode</strong></td>
<td>Gets the password compatibility mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>PasswordFormat</strong></td>
<td>Gets a value indicating the format for storing passwords in the membership data source</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>PasswordStrengthRegularExpression</strong></td>
<td>Gets the regular expression used to evaluate a password</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>RequiresQuestionAndAnswer</strong></td>
<td>Gets a value indicating whether or not the membership provider is configured in such a way that it requires the user to answer a password question for password reset and retrieval</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>RequiresUniqueEmail</strong></td>
<td>Gets a value indicating whether or not the membership provider is configured to require a unique e-mail address for each user name</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ApplicationName

This property gets or sets the name of the application that is used to group user information.

Declaration

// C#
public override string ApplicationName { get; set; }

Property Value

The name of the application. If the applicationName attribute is not specified in the application configuration file, or if the value is an empty string, then this property is set to the application virtual path.

Exceptions

ArgumentException - The application name supplied is an empty string or a null reference.

ProviderException - The application name supplied exceeds 256 characters.

Remarks

The string value of the ApplicationName property is used for organizing user information. Multiple ASP.NET applications can use the same database and create duplicate user names because user information is stored uniquely for each application name. This property can be set programmatically, or it can be set declaratively in the Web application configuration file using the applicationName attribute. The attribute name in the configuration file is case-sensitive.

The ApplicationName property is not thread-safe. It is recommended that the programming code not allow users to set the ApplicationName property in Web applications.

CommandTimeout

This property gets the number of seconds that the command is allowed to execute before it is terminated with an exception.

Declaration

// C#
public int CommandTimeout { get; }
Property Value
An int.

Remarks
To customize a provider, ASP.NET developers can set an integer value for this property through the web.config file using the commandTimeout attribute. The default value is 30 seconds. The attribute name in the configuration file is case-sensitive.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members

EnablePasswordReset
This property indicates whether or not the membership provider is configured to allow users to reset their passwords.

Declaration
// C#
public override bool EnablePasswordReset{get;}

Property Value
Returns true, if the membership provider supports password reset; otherwise, it returns false. The default is true.

Remarks
To customize the membership provider, ASP.NET developers can specify a Boolean value for this property through the web.config file using the enablePasswordReset attribute. The value indicates whether or not users can use the ResetPassword method to overwrite their current password with a new, randomly generated password. The attribute name in the configuration file is case-sensitive.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members

EnablePasswordRetrieval
This property indicates whether or not the membership provider is configured to allow users to retrieve their passwords.

Declaration
// C#
public override bool EnablePasswordRetrieval{get;}

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members
Property Value
Returns true, if the membership provider is configured to support password retrieval; otherwise, returns false. The default is false.

Remarks
To customize a membership provider, ASP.NET developers can set a Boolean value for this property through the web.config file using the enablePasswordRetrieval attribute. The value indicates whether or not users can use the GetPassword method to retrieve their current password from the database. The attribute name in the configuration file is case-sensitive.

If the custom membership provider supports hashed passwords, then the GetPassword method returns an exception if the EnablePasswordRetrieval property is set to true and the password format is set to Hashed. In other words, hashed passwords cannot be retrieved.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members

MaxInvalidPasswordAttempts
This property gets the number of invalid password or password-answer attempts allowed before the user is locked out.

Declaration
// C#
public override int MaxInvalidPasswordAttempts{get;}

Property Value
The number of invalid password or password-answer attempts allowed before the user is locked out. The default number of attempts is 5.

Remarks
To customize a membership provider, ASP.NET developers can set an integer value for this property through the web.config file using the maxInvalidPasswordAttempts attribute. The attribute name in the configuration file is case-sensitive.

The MaxInvalidPasswordAttempts property works in conjunction with the PasswordAttemptWindow property. If the number of invalid passwords or password question entries is greater than or equal to the MaxInvalidPasswordAttempts property value within the PasswordAttemptWindow property value (in minutes), then the user is locked out until the user is unlocked by the UnlockUser method. If a valid password or password answer is supplied before the MaxInvalidPasswordAttempts value is reached, then the counter that tracks the number of invalid attempts is reset to zero.

Invalid passwords and password-answer attempts accumulate independently. For example, if the MaxInvalidPasswordAttempts property is set to 10, and 6 invalid password attempts are made followed by 3 invalid password-answer attempts, 4 more invalid password attempts or 7 more invalid password-answer attempts must be made within the PasswordAttemptWindow for the user to be locked out.
OracleMembershipProvider Class

If the RequiresQuestionAndAnswer property is set to false, invalid password-answer attempts are not tracked.

Invalid password and password-answer attempts are tracked in the ValidateUser, ChangePassword, ChangePasswordQuestionAndAnswer, GetPassword, and ResetPassword methods.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members

MinRequiredNonAlphanumericCharacters

This property gets the minimum number of special characters that must be present in a valid password.

Declaration
// C#
public override int MinRequiredNonAlphanumericCharacters{get;}

Property Value
The minimum number of special characters that must be present in a valid password. The default value is 1.

Remarks
To customize a membership provider, ASP.NET developers can set an integer value for this property through the web.config file using the minRequiredNonalphanumericCharacters attribute. The attribute name in the configuration file is case-sensitive.

The MinRequiredNonAlphanumericCharacters property returns the minimum number of special, nonalphabetic characters that must be entered to create a valid password for the OracleMembershipProvider object.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members

MinRequiredPasswordLength

This property gets the minimum length required for a password.

Declaration
// C#
public override int MinRequiredPasswordLength{get;}

Property Value
The minimum length required for a password. The default value is 7.

OracleMembershipProvider Class
OracleMembershipProvider Public Properties

Remarks
To customize a membership provider, ASP.NET developers can set an integer value for this property through the web.config file using the minRequiredPasswordLength attribute. The attribute name in the configuration file is case-sensitive.

The minRequiredPasswordLength property gets the minimum number of characters that must be entered to create a valid password for the OracleMembershipProvider object.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members

PasswordAttemptWindow
This property gets the number of minutes in which a maximum number of invalid password or password-answer attempts are allowed before the user is locked out.

Declaration
// C#
public override int PasswordAttemptWindow{get;}

Property Value
The number of minutes in which a maximum number of invalid password or password-answer attempts are allowed before the user is locked out. The default value is 10.

Remarks
To customize a membership provider, ASP.NET developers can set an integer value for this property through the web.config file using the passwordAttemptWindow attribute. The attribute name in the configuration file is case-sensitive.

The PasswordAttemptWindow property works in conjunction with the MaxInvalidPasswordAttempts property. If the number of invalid passwords or password question entries is greater than or equal to the MaxInvalidPasswordAttempts property value within the PasswordAttemptWindow property value (in minutes), then the user is locked out until the user is unlocked by the UnlockUser method. If a valid password or password answer is supplied before the MaxInvalidPasswordAttempts value is reached, then the counter that tracks the number of invalid attempts is reset to zero.

Invalid password and password-answer attempts accumulate independently. For example, if the MaxInvalidPasswordAttempts property is set to 10, and 6 invalid password attempts are made followed by 3 invalid password-answer attempts, 4 more invalid password attempts or 7 more invalid password-answer attempts must be made within the PasswordAttemptWindow value for the user to be locked out.

If the RequiresQuestionAndAnswer property is set to false, then invalid password-answer attempts are not tracked.

Invalid password and password-answer attempts are tracked in the ValidateUser, ChangePassword, ChangePasswordQuestionAndAnswer, GetPassword, and ResetPassword methods.
PasswordCompatMode

This property gets the password compatibility mode.

Declaration

```c#
// C#
public string PasswordCompatMode {get;}
```

Property Value

A string.

Remarks

The default value is Framework20. The other acceptable value is Framework40. The string value is case-sensitive.

To customize a provider, ASP.NET developers can set a string value for this property through the web.config file using the case-sensitive passwordCompatMode attribute.

When passwordFormat attribute is set to Hashed, the value of System.Web.Security.Membership.HashAlgorithmType property is used to hash password for a Membership user during the creation and validation of the user.

The value for HashAlgorithmType property can be set in the web.config file through the case-sensitive attribute hashAlgorithmType, as in the following example:

```
<membership defaultProvider="OracleMembershipProvider" hashAlgorithmType="SHA1"/>
```

If hashAlgorithmType attribute is not specified in the web.config file, SHA1 will be used. With .NET Framework 2.0, the other valid value for hashAlgorithmType is MD5.

With .NET Framework 4, if a new application that does not have existing Membership users and would like to use one of the other variants of SHA and HMACSHA hash algorithm types, the passwordCompatMode attribute must be set to Framework40 and the hashAlgorithmType attribute must be set to the desired type, such as SHA256, HMACSHA256, HMACSHA384, or HMACSHA512. Nevertheless, SHA1 and MD5 are still supported when passwordCompatMode is set to Framework40.

Example

The following is a web.config example that sets hashAlgorithmType to HMACSHA255 and passwordCompatMode to Framework40.

```
<!-- Enable and customize OracleMembershipProvider settings -->
<membership defaultProvider="MyOracleMembershipProvider" hashAlgorithmType="HMACSHA256">
    <providers>
    </providers>
</membership>
```
ConnectionStringName="my_membership_app_con_string"
applicationName="my_membership_app"
enablePasswordRetrieval='false'
enablePasswordReset='true'
requiresQuestionAndAnswer='true'
requiresUniqueEmail='true'
passwordFormat='Hashed'
maxInvalidPasswordAttempts='4'
minRequiredPasswordLength='9'
  passwordCompatMode='Framework40'
passwordAttemptWindow='8'/>
</providers>
</membership>

Once one hashAlgorithmType is used to create a Membership user, the same hashAlgorithmType must be used to validate the user. If hashAlgorithmType is changed, the user will not be validated successfully. Thus, the same hashAlgorithmType must be used for a given application during its lifetime.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASPNET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members

PasswordFormat

This property gets a value indicating the format for storing passwords in the membership data source.

Declaration

    // C#
    public override MembershipPasswordFormat PasswordFormat{get;}

Property Value

The format for storing passwords in the data source. The format can be any one of the MembershipPasswordFormat values, such as Clear, Hashed, or Encrypted. The default value is Hashed.

Remarks

To customize a membership provider, ASP.NET developers can specify a MembershipPasswordFormat enumerated value for this property through the web.config file using the passwordFormat attribute. The attribute name in the configuration file is case-sensitive.

The PasswordFormat property indicates that passwords are stored in any one of the following formats: Clear, Encrypted, or Hashed. The format name is case-sensitive. For example, Clear is valid, but clear is invalid.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASPNET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members
PasswordStrengthRegularExpression

This property gets the regular expression used to evaluate a password.

Declaration

// C#
public override string PasswordStrengthRegularExpression { get; }

Property Value

The regular expression that is used to evaluate a password. The default is an empty string.

Remarks

To customize a membership provider, ASP.NET developers can set a string value for this property through the web.config file using the passwordStrengthRegularExpression attribute. The attribute name in the configuration file is case-sensitive.

The PasswordStrengthRegularExpression property gets the regular expression as criteria to evaluate the password. If the password does not meet the criteria, it is not accepted by the membership provider.

Consider the following example:

passwordStrengthRegularExpression = "(?=.{7,})(?=.*\d)(?=.*[A-Z])(?=.*[a-z])"

The code in the preceding example validates passwords against the following criteria:

- Has at least 7 characters.
- Contains at least 1 digit.
- Contains at least 1 special (nonalphanumeric) character.

The minimum password length defined in passwordStrengthRegularExpression must be equal to or greater than the value of the minRequiredPasswordLength attribute.

The minimum number of special (nonalphanumeric) characters defined in the passwordStrengthRegularExpression attribute must be equal to or greater than the value of the minRequiredNonalphanumericCharacters attribute.

The passwordStrengthRegularExpression attribute is not used in automatically generated passwords from the ResetPassword method.

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members

RequiresQuestionAndAnswer

This property gets a value indicating whether or not the membership provider is configured in such a way that it requires the user to answer a password question for password reset and retrieval.

Declaration

// C#
OracleMembershipProvider Public Properties

```
public override bool RequiresQuestionAndAnswer { get; }
```

**Property Value**
Returns true, if a password answer is required for password reset and retrieval; otherwise, returns false. The default value is true.

**Remarks**
To customize a membership provider, ASP.NET developers can set a Boolean value for this property through the web.config file by using the requiresQuestionAndAnswer attribute. The value indicates whether users must supply a password answer in order to retrieve their password using the GetPassword method, or reset their password using the ResetPassword method. The attribute name in the configuration file is case-sensitive.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members

```
public override bool RequiresUniqueEmail { get; }
```

**RequiresUniqueEmail**
This property gets a value indicating whether or not the membership provider is configured to require a unique e-mail address for each user name.

**Declaration**
```
// C#
public override bool RequiresUniqueEmail { get; }
```

**Property Value**
Returns true, if the membership provider requires a unique e-mail address; otherwise, returns false. The default value is false.

**Remarks**
To customize a membership provider, ASP.NET developers can specify a Boolean value for the RequiresUniqueEmail property through the web.config file using the requiresUniqueEmail attribute. The attribute name in the configuration file is case-sensitive.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members
OracleMembershipProvider Public Methods

OracleMembershipProvider public methods are listed in Table 2–8.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ChangePassword</td>
<td>Updates the password for a user</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ChangePasswordQuestionAndAnswer</td>
<td>Updates the password question and answer for a user</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CreateUser</td>
<td>Adds a new user to the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DeleteUser</td>
<td>Removes a user from the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object (Overloaded)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FindUsersByEmail</td>
<td>Returns a collection of users whose e-mail addresses match the specified e-mail address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FindUsersByName</td>
<td>Returns a collection of users that match the specified user name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GeneratePassword</td>
<td>Generates a random password that is at least 14 characters in length</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetAllUsers</td>
<td>Returns a collection of all the users in the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetHashCode</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetNumberOfUsersOnline</td>
<td>Returns the number of users that are currently accessing the application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetPassword</td>
<td>Returns the password for the specified user name from the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetType</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetUser</td>
<td>Returns user information from the database based on the unique identifier for the user (Overloaded)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetUserByNameByEmail</td>
<td>Returns the user name associated with the specified e-mail address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initialize</td>
<td>Initializes the OracleMembership provider with the property values specified in the ASP.NET application configuration file (web.config)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ResetPassword</td>
<td>Resets a user’s password and returns a new automatically generated password</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ToString</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UnlockUser</td>
<td>Unlocks a user so that the user can be validated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UpdateUser</td>
<td>Updates information about a user in the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ValidateUser</td>
<td>Validates the user</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members
ChangePassword

This method updates the password for a user.

Declaration

// C#
public override bool ChangePassword(string userName, string oldPassword,
string newPassword);

Parameters

- **userName**
  The user to update the password for.
- **oldPassword**
  The current password for the specified user.
- **newPassword**
  The new password for the specified user.

Return Value

Returns `true` if the password was updated successfully; otherwise, returns `false`.

Exceptions

- **ArgumentNullException** - The `userName`, `oldPassword`, or `newPassword` parameter is null.
- **System.Web.Security.MembershipPasswordException** - `userName` was not found in the membership database.
- **System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderException** - An error occurred when setting the new password in the database.
- **Exception** - An unhandled exception has occurred.

Remarks

The `ChangePassword` method returns `true` if the supplied user name and password are valid and the password was updated successfully; otherwise, it returns `false`. 
ChangePasswordQuestionAndAnswer

This method updates the password question and answer for a user.

**Declaration**

```csharp
// C#
public override bool ChangePasswordQuestionAndAnswer(string userName, string password, string newPasswordQuestion, string newPasswordAnswer);
```

**Parameters**

- **userName**
  
  The user that the password question and answer change for.

- **password**
  
  The password for the specified user.

- **newPasswordQuestion**
  
  The new password question for the specified user.

- **newPasswordAnswer**
  
  The new password answer for the specified user.

**Return Value**

Returns `true`, if the password question and answer were updated successfully; `false`, if otherwise.

**Exceptions**

`ArgumentException` - One of the following conditions exists:

- The `userName` parameter is an empty string, contains a comma, or is longer than 256 characters.
- The `password` parameter is an empty string or is longer than 128 characters.
- The `newPasswordQuestion` parameter is an empty string or is longer than 256 characters.
- The `newPasswordAnswer` parameter is an empty string or is longer than 128 characters (including the encoded version).

**Remarks**

If the user name and password supplied are valid and the password question and answer were updated successfully, then this method returns `true`. Otherwise, it returns `false`. 

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members
CreateUser

This method adds a new user to the database.

**Declaration**

```csharp
// C#
public override MembershipUser CreateUser(string userName, string password,
    string emailAddress, string passwordQuestion, string passwordAnswer, bool
    isApproved, Object providerUserKey, out MembershipCreateStatus status);
```

**Parameters**

- **userName**
  The user name for the new user.

- **password**
  The password for the new user.

- **emailAddress**
  The email address for the new user.

- **passwordQuestion**
  The password question for the new user.

- **passwordAnswer**
  The password answer for the new user.

- **isApproved**
  A Boolean value that indicates whether or not the new user is approved to be validated.

- **providerUserKey**
  The unique identifier from the database for the new user.

- **status**
  A MembershipCreateStatus enumeration value indicating whether or not the user was created successfully.

**Return Value**

A MembershipUser object populated with the information for the newly created user.

**Remarks**

This method returns a MembershipUser object populated with the information for the newly created user. The status parameter returns a MembershipCreateStatus value that indicates whether or not the user was successfully created. If the CreateUser method failed, a MembershipCreateStatus member indicates the cause of the failure.
OracleMembershipProvider Class

MembershipCreateStatus Enumeration

The MembershipCreateStatus enumeration values are listed in Table 2–9.

### Table 2–9  MembershipCreateStatus Enumeration Values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Member Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DuplicateEmail</td>
<td>The e-mail address for the application already exists in the database.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DuplicateProviderUserKey</td>
<td>The provider user key for the application already exists in the database.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DuplicateUserName</td>
<td>The user name for the application already exists in the database.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>InvalidAnswer</td>
<td>The password answer is not formatted correctly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>InvalidEmail</td>
<td>The e-mail address is not formatted correctly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>InvalidPassword</td>
<td>The password is not formatted correctly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>InvalidProviderUserKey</td>
<td>The provider user key is of an invalid type or format.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>InvalidQuestion</td>
<td>The password question is not formatted correctly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>InvalidUserName</td>
<td>The user name was not found in the database.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProviderError</td>
<td>The provider returned an error that is not described by other MembershipCreateStatus enumeration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Success</td>
<td>The user was successfully created.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UserRejected</td>
<td>The user was not created, for a reason defined by the provider.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members

DeleteUser

This method removes a user from the database.

**Declaration**

```csharp
// C#
public override bool DeleteUser(string userName, bool deleteAllRelatedData);
```

**Parameters**

- `userName`
  - The name of the user to delete.

- `deleteAllRelatedData`  
  - A Boolean value that indicates whether or not all the data related to the user is to be removed from the database.

**Return Value**

Returns `true`, if the user was successfully deleted; `false`, if otherwise or if the user does not exist in the database.
Exceptions

ArgumentException - The userName parameter is an empty string, contains a comma, or is longer than 256 characters.

ArgumentNullException - The userName parameter is a null reference.

Remarks

Leading and trailing spaces are trimmed from the userName parameter value. If deleteAllRelatedData is true, then all data related to the user in the database such as, data for roles, profiles, and personalization, are also deleted, even if the user does not exist in the Oracle membership database.

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members

FindUsersByEmail

This method returns a collection of users whose e-mail addresses match the specified e-mail address.

Declaration

// C#
public override MembershipUserCollection FindUsersByEmail(string emailToMatch, int pageIndex, int pageSize, out int totalRecords);

Parameters

- emailToMatch
  The email address to search for.
- pageIndex
  The index of the page of results to return. ThePageIndex is zero-based.
- pageSize
  The size of the page of results to return.
- totalRecords
  The total number of matched users.

Return Value

Returns a MembershipUserCollection object that contains MembershipUser objects.

Exceptions

ArgumentException - One of the following conditions exists:

- The emailToMatch parameter is an empty string or is longer than 256 characters.
- The pageIndex parameter is less than 0.
- The pageSize parameter is less than 1 or the page upper bound is larger than Int32.MaxValue.
ArgumentNullException - The `emailToMatch`, `pageIndex`, `pageSize`, or `totalRecords` parameter is null.

Remarks
Leading and trailing spaces are trimmed from the `emailToMatch` parameter value. The results returned by the `FindUsersByEmail` method are constrained by the `pageIndex` and `pageSize` parameters. The `pageSize` parameter identifies the maximum number of `MembershipUser` objects to return in the `MembershipUserCollection` object. The `pageIndex` parameter identifies which page of results to return. Zero identifies the first page, as the value is zero-based. The `totalRecords` parameter is an out parameter for the total number of users that matched the `emailToMatch` value.

The `OracleMembershipProvider` class supports extensive searching by accepting the percent character (%) as a wildcard.

**FindUsersByName**

This method returns a collection of users that match the specified user name.

**Declaration**

```csharp
// C#
public override MembershipUserCollection FindUsersByEmail(string userNameToMatch,
    int pageIndex, int pageSize, out int totalRecords);
```

**Parameters**

- `userNameToMatch`
  The user name to search for.
- `pageIndex`
  The zero-based index of the returned results page.
- `pageSize`
  The size of the returned results page.
- `totalRecords`
  The total number of matched users.

**Return Value**

Returns a `MembershipUserCollection` object that contains `MembershipUser` objects.

**Exceptions**

- `ArgumentNullException` - One of the following conditions exists:
  - The `userNameToMatch` parameter is an empty string, contains a comma, or is longer than 256 characters.
■ The pageIndex parameter is less than 0.
■ The pageSize parameter is less than 1 or the page upper bound is larger than Int32.MaxValue.

Note: The page lower bound is (pageIndex*pageSize) and the page upper bound is (pageIndex*pageSize) + (pageSize - 1).

ArgumentNullException - The userNameToMatch, pageIndex, pageSize, or totalRecords parameter is null.

Remarks
Leading and trailing spaces are trimmed from the userNameToMatch parameter value.

The results returned by the FindUsersByName method are constrained by the pageIndex and pageSize parameters. The pageSize parameter identifies the maximum number of MembershipUser objects to return in the MembershipUserCollection object. The pageIndex parameter identifies which page of results to return. Zero identifies the first page, as the value is zero-based. The totalRecords parameter is an out parameter for the total number of users that matched the userNameToMatch value.

The OracleMembershipProvider class supports extensive search by accepting the percent character (%) as a wildcard.

See Also:
■ "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
■ OracleMembershipProvider Class
■ OracleMembershipProvider Members

GeneratePassword
This method generates a random password that is at least 14 characters in length.

Declaration
// C#
public virtual string GeneratePassword();

Return Value
A random string for a password that is at least 14 characters in length.

Remarks
The OracleMembershipProvider object calls the GeneratePassword method to get a randomly generated password that is at least 14 characters but less than 128 characters in length.

The generated password contains only alphanumeric characters and the following punctuation marks: @#$%^&*()_-+=()[{]};:\<>|./?. No hidden or non-printable control characters are included in the generated password.

If the value specified for MinRequiredPasswordLength property is greater than 14, then the length of the password returned by the GeneratePassword property is the
value of the MinRequiredPasswordLength property. Otherwise, the length is 14 characters.

The random password generated by the GeneratePassword method is not guaranteed to pass the regular expression in the PasswordStrengthRegularExpression property. However, the random password meets the criteria established by the MinRequiredPasswordLength and MinRequiredNonAlphanumericCharacters properties.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members

GetAllUsers

This method returns a collection of all the users in the database.

Declaration

// C#
public override MembershipUserCollection GetAllUsers(int pageIndex, int pageSize, out int totalRecords);

Parameters

- pageIndex
  The zero-based index of the page of results to return.
- pageSize
  The size of the page of results to return.
- totalRecords
  The total number of users.

Return Value

A MembershipUserCollection object that contains MembershipUser objects.

Exceptions

ArgumentException - The pageIndex parameter is less than 0, or the pageSize parameter is less than 1 or the page upper bound is larger than Int32.MaxValue.

Note: The page lower bound is (pageIndex * pageSize) and the page upper bound is (pageIndex * pageSize) + (pageSize - 1).

ArgumentNullException - The pageIndex, pageSize, or totalRecords parameter is null.

Remarks

The results returned by the GetAllUsers method are constrained by the pageIndex and pageSize parameters. The pageSize parameter identifies the maximum number of MembershipUser objects to return in the MembershipUserCollection object. The pageIndex parameter identifies which page of results to return. Zero
identifies the first page, as the value is zero-based. The totalRecords parameter is an out parameter for the total number of users for the configured applicationName.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASPNET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members

GetNumberOfUsersOnline

This method returns the number of users that are currently accessing the application.

Declaration

// C#
public override int GetNumberOfUsersOnline();

Return Value

An integer value indicating the total number of users currently accessing the application.

Remarks

The GetNumberOfUsersOnline method returns the number of users of the current application whose last activity date and time is greater than the current date and time less the value (in minutes) of the Membership.UserIsOnlineTimeWindow property.

The count includes only users that are associated with the configured applicationName.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASPNET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members

GetPassword

This method returns the password for the specified user name from the database.

Declaration

// C#
public override string GetPassword(string userName, string passwordAnswer);

Parameters

- **userName**
  The user to retrieve the password for.

- **passwordAnswer**
  The password answer for the user.
**Return Value**
A password string for the specified user name.

**Exceptions**
- **ArgumentNullException** - The `userName` parameter is null or the `passwordAnswer` parameter is null when the `RequiresQuestionAndAnswer` property is true.
- **System.Web.Security.MembershipPasswordException** - The `passwordAnswer` parameter is invalid or the user identified by `userName` is being locked.
- **System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderException** - The `userName` parameter is not found in the membership database, or an error occurred when retrieving the password from the membership database.
- **NotSupportedException** - `EnablePasswordRetrieval` property is set to false.
- **ArgumentException** - One of the following conditions exists:
  - The `userName` parameter is an empty string, contains a comma, or is longer than 256 characters.
  - The `passwordAnswer` parameter is an empty string and the `RequiresQuestionAndAnswer` property is true, or the `passwordAnswer` parameter is longer than 128 characters (including the encoded version).

**Remarks**
Leading and trailing spaces are trimmed from the `userName` and `passwordAnswer` parameter values.

The `GetPassword` method requires that the `EnablePasswordRetrieval` property be set to true. However, if the `PasswordFormat` property is set to Hashed, then a `ProviderException` is thrown when the provider is initialized. In other words, the `GetPassword` method cannot retrieve Hashed passwords. By default, the `EnablePasswordRetrieval` property is set to false.

If the `RequiresQuestionAndAnswer` property is set to true and an incorrect password answer is supplied to the `GetPassword` method, then the internal counter that tracks invalid password-answer attempts is incremented by one. This can result in the user being locked out and unable to log on until the lock status is cleared by a call to the `UnlockUser` method. If the correct password answer is supplied and the user is not currently locked out, then the internal counter that tracks invalid password-answer attempts is reset to zero.

**See Also:**
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- `OracleMembershipProvider Class`
- `OracleMembershipProvider Members`

**GetUser**
This method returns user information from the database based on the unique identifier for the user.

**Overload List:**
- `GetUser(Object, bool)`
This method returns user information from the database based on the supplied unique identifier.

- **GetUser(string, bool)**
  This method returns user information from the database based on the supplied the user name.

  **See Also:**
  - "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
  - OracleMembershipProvider Class
  - OracleMembershipProvider Members

**GetUser(Object, bool)**

This method returns user information from the database based on the supplied unique identifier.

**Declaration**

```csharp
    // C#
    public override MembershipUser GetUser(Object providerUserKey,
                                             bool userIsOnline);
```

**Parameters**

- **providerUserKey**
  The unique identifier of the user for whom information is being retrieved.

- **userIsOnline**
  A Boolean value that indicates whether or not the method updates the last-activity date/time stamp for the user. If the value is set to `true`, it is updated; otherwise, the method returns user information without updating the last-activity date/time stamp.

**Return Value**

A `MembershipUser` object populated with the specified user's information from the database.

**Exceptions**

- **ArgumentException** - The `providerUserKey` parameter is not of type `GUID`.
- **ArgumentNullException** - The `providerUserKey` parameter is null.

**Remarks**

The `GetUser` method provides an option to update the last-activity date/time stamp for the user.

The `GetUser` method returns a `MembershipUser` object populated with information about the specified user. If the user name is not found in the database, then the `GetUser` method returns a null reference.
OracleMembershipProvider Class

GetUser

This method returns user information from the database based on the supplied user name.

Declaration

// C#
public override MembershipUser GetUser(string userName, bool userIsOnline);

Parameters

- **userName**
  The name of the user to get information for.

- **userIsOnline**
  A Boolean value that indicates whether or not the method updates the last-activity date/time stamp for the user. If the value is set to true, it is updated; otherwise, the method returns user information without updating the last-activity date/time stamp.

Return Value

A MembershipUser object populated with the specified user's information from the database.

Exceptions

- ArgumentException - The userName parameter is an empty string, contains a comma, or is longer than 256 characters.
- ArgumentNullException - The userName parameter is null.

Remarks

The GetUser method provides an option to update the last-activity date/time stamp for the user.

The GetUser method returns a MembershipUser object populated with information about the specified user. If the user name is not found in the database, then the GetUser method returns a null reference.

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members

GetUserNameByEmail

This method returns the user name associated with the specified e-mail address.
Declaration

/// C#
public override string GetUserNameByEmail(string emailAddress);

Parameters

- emailAddress
  The email address to search for.

Return Value
The user name associated with the specified e-mail address. If no match is found, then it returns a null reference.

Exceptions
ArgumentException - E-mail address exceeds 256 characters.
System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderException - More than one user with the same e-mail address exists in the database and the RequiresUniqueEmail property is true.

Remarks
If the value of the RequiresUniqueEmail property is true, then a unique e-mail address must be associated with each user name.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members

Initialize

This method initializes the OracleMembership provider with the property values specified in the ASP.NET application configuration file (web.config).

Declaration

/// C#
public override void Initialize(string name, NameValueCollection config);

Parameters

- name
  The name of the OracleMembership provider instance to initialize.
- config
  A collection of name/value pairs representing the provider-specific attributes specified in the configuration for this provider.

Exceptions
ArgumentException - The config parameter is a null value.
InvalidOperationException - An attempt is made to call the Initialize method on a provider after the provider has already been initialized.
HttpException - The current trust level is less than Low.

System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderException - One of the following is true in the application configuration file:

- The enablePasswordRetrieval, enablePasswordReset, requiresQuestionAndAnswer, or requiresUniqueEmail attribute is set to a value other than a Boolean value.
- The maxInvalidPasswordAttempts or passwordAttemptWindow attribute is set to a value that is not a positive integer.
- The minRequiredPasswordLength attribute is set to a value that is not a positive integer, or the value is greater than 128.
- The minRequiredNonAlphanumericCharacters attribute is set to a negative integer, or the value is greater than 128.
- The value for the passwordStrengthRegularExpression attribute is not a valid regular expression.
- The value for the applicationName attribute is greater than 256 characters.
- The value for passwordFormat attribute is an invalid MembershipPasswordFormat enumeration value.
- The passwordFormat attribute is set to Hashed, and the enablePasswordRetrieval attribute is set to true.
- The passwordFormat attribute is set to Encrypted, and the machineKey configuration element specifies AutoGenerate for the decryptionKey attribute.
- The connectionStringName attribute is empty or does not exist in the application configuration file.
- The value of the connection string for the connectionStringName attribute value is empty, or the specified connectionStringName does not exist in the application configuration file.
- The value for the commandTimeout attribute is set to a negative integer.
- The application configuration file for this OracleMembershipProvider instance contains an unrecognized attribute.

Remarks
The Initialize method is not intended to be called directly by the application.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members

ResetPassword

This method resets a user’s password and returns a new automatically generated password.

Declaration

// C#
public override string ResetPassword(string userName, string passwordAnswer);
Parameters

- **userName**
  The user to reset the password for.

- **passwordAnswer**
  The password answer for the specified user.

Return Value

The new password for the specified user.

Exceptions

- **ArgumentNullException** - The `userName` parameter is a null reference, or the `passwordAnswer` parameter is null when the `RequiresQuestionAndAnswer` property is true.

- **System.Web.Security.MembershipPasswordException** - The `passwordAnswer` parameter is invalid or the user identified by the `userName` parameter is locked out.

- **ArgumentException** - One of the following conditions exists:
  - The `userName` parameter is an empty string, contains a comma, or is longer than 256 characters.
  - The `passwordAnswer` parameter is an empty string and the `RequiresQuestionAndAnswer` property is true, or the `passwordAnswer` parameter is longer than 128 characters (including the encoded version).

- **System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderException** - One of the following conditions exists:
  - `userName` was not found in the membership database.
  - The reset-password operation was canceled by a subscriber to the `ValidatingPassword` event and the `FailureInformation` property was a null reference.
  - An error occurred when resetting the password in the membership database.

- **NotSupportedException** - The `EnablePasswordReset` property is set to `false`.

- **Exception** - An unhandled exception occurred.

Remarks

Leading and trailing spaces are trimmed from the `userName` and `passwordAnswer` parameter values.

The `ResetPassword` method is most commonly used when the `PasswordFormat` property is set to `Hashed`. If a user forgets a password that is in hashed format, the password cannot be retrieved. However, the provider can reset the password to a new, automatically generated password if the user supplies the correct password answer. The `ResetPassword` method requires that the `EnablePasswordReset` property is set to `true`. If an incorrect password answer is supplied to the `ResetPassword` method, then the internal counter that tracks invalid password attempts is incremented by one. This can result in the user being locked out and unable to log on until the lock status is cleared by a call to the `UnlockUser` method. If the correct
password answer is supplied and the user is not currently locked out, then the internal counter that tracks invalid password-answer attempts is reset to zero.

The random password generated by the ResetPassword method is not guaranteed to pass the regular expression in the PasswordStrengthRegularExpression property. However, the random password will meet the criteria established by the MinRequiredPasswordLength and MinRequiredNonAlphanumericCharacters properties.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members

UnlockUser

This method unlocks a user so that the user can be validated.

Declaration

// C#
public override bool UnLockUser(string userName);

Parameters

- **userName**
  The name of the user to be unlocked.

Return Value

Returns true, if the user was successfully unlocked; false, if otherwise.

Exceptions

ArgumentException - The **userName** parameter is an empty string, contains a comma, or is longer than 256 characters.

ArgumentNullException - The **userName** parameter is null.

Remarks

Leading and trailing spaces are trimmed from the **userName** parameter value.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members

UpdateUser

This method updates information about a user in the database.

Declaration

// C#
public override void UpdateUser(MembershipUser membershipUser);
Parameters

- membershipUser
  
  A MembershipUser object populated with user information.

Exceptions

ArgumentException - One of the following conditions exists:

- The userName property of membershipUser is an empty string, contains a comma, or is longer than 256 characters.
- The email property of membershipUser is an empty string and the Requires Unique Email property is set to true, or the mail property is longer than 256 characters.

ArgumentNullException - The membershipUser parameter is null, or the surname or mail property of the membershipUser parameter is null.

System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderException - One of the following conditions exists:

- The surname property of the membershipUser parameter is not found in the membership database.
- The mail property of the membershipUser parameter is equal to an existing e-mail address in the membership database, and the Requires Unique Email property is set to true.
- An error occurred when updating the user in the membership database.

Remarks

The specified user's Mail, Comment, IsApproved, Last Login Date, and LastActivityDate property values can be modified, and then updated by the UpdateUser method. However, the password for a user cannot. To update the password for a user, use the ChangePassword method of the MembershipUser class.

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members

ValidateUser

This method validates the user.

Declaration

// C#
public override bool ValidateUser(string userName, string password);

Parameters

- userName
  
  The name of the user to be validated.
- password
  
  The password for the specified user.
**Return Value**

Returns true if the specified user name and password are valid; returns false if they are not valid or the user does not exist in the database.

**Remarks**

Leading and trailing spaces are trimmed from the `userName` and `password` parameter values.

When a user is successfully validated, the last activity date and last sign-in date values are updated to the current date and time in the database.

The `ValidateUser` method returns false on any user who was created with the `isApproved` parameter set to false.

If an incorrect password is supplied to the `ValidateUser` method, then the internal counter that tracks invalid password attempts is incremented by one. This can result in the user being locked out and unable to log on until the lock status is cleared by a call to the `UnlockUser` method. If the correct password is supplied and the user is not currently locked out, then the internal counters that track invalid password and password-answer attempts are reset to zero.

**See Also:**

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members
OracleMembershipProvider Public Events

OracleMembershipProvider public event is listed in Table 2–10.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Event</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleMembershipProvider Class
- OracleMembershipProvider Members
This chapter describes the OracleRoleProvider class.

See Also: ASP.NET role management and role providers

This chapter contains the following topic:

- OracleRoleProvider Class
The OracleRoleProvider class allows ASP.NET applications to store role and user information in an Oracle database.

**Class Inheritance**
System.Object
  System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderBase
      Oracle.Web.Security

**Declaration**
```csharp
// C#
public class OracleRoleProvider : RoleProvider
```

**Thread Safety**
All public static methods are thread-safe, although instance members are not guaranteed to be thread-safe.

**Remarks**
This class allows ASP.NET applications to store and manage role information in an Oracle database.

Note that the role information that this provider manages are application roles and not database roles.

**Example**
The following is a web.config example for an ASP.NET application that uses the OracleRoleProvider class as the default provider. This configuration uses the connection string and default attribute values specified in the machine.config file:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0"?><configuration xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/.NetConfiguration/v2.0"><system.web><roleManager enabled="true" defaultProvider="OracleRoleProvider"/></system.web></configuration>
```

The following is a web.config example for an ASP.NET application that uses an OracleRoleProvider as the default provider with customized settings and an application-specific connection string.

```xml
<?xml version="1.0"?><configuration xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/.NetConfiguration/v2.0"><connectionStrings>
  <add name="my_role_app_con_string" connectionString="User Id=scott;Password=tiger;Data Source=Oracle"/></connectionStrings><system.web><roleManager enabled="true" defaultProvider="MyOracleRoleProvider"></system.web></configuration>
```
OracleRoleProvider Class

<providers>
  <add name="MyOracleRoleProvider"
       type="Oracle.Web.Security.OracleRoleProvider,
             Oracle.Web, Version=2.112.2.0, Culture=neutral,
             PublicKeyToken=89b483f429c47342"
       connectionStringName="my_role_app_con_string"
       applicationName="my_role_app"/>
</providers>
</roleManager>
</system.web>
</configuration>

Note that the applicationName attribute should be set to a unique value for each ASP.NET application.

Requirements

Namespace: Oracle.Web.Security

Assembly: Oracle.Web.dll

Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Version: Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 2.0 and Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 4

See Also:

■ "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
■ OracleRoleProvider Members
■ OracleRoleProvider Constructors
■ OracleRoleProvider Static Methods
■ OracleRoleProvider Public Properties
■ OracleRoleProvider Public Methods
OracleRoleProvider Members

OracleRoleProvider members are listed in the following tables.

OracleRoleProvider Constructors
The OracleRoleProvider constructor is listed in Table 3–1.

Table 3–1  OracleRoleProvider Constructor

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Constructor</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OracleRoleProvider Constructors</td>
<td>Instantiates a new instance of the OracleRoleProvider class</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OracleRoleProvider Static Methods
OracleRoleProvider static methods are listed in Table 3–2.

Table 3–2  OracleRoleProvider Static Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Static Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Equals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object (Overloaded)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ReferenceEquals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OracleRoleProvider Public Properties
OracleRoleProvider public properties are listed in Table 3–3.

Table 3–3  OracleRoleProvider Public Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Properties</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ApplicationName</td>
<td>Gets or sets the name of the application that stores the role provider information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CommandTimeout</td>
<td>Gets the number of seconds that the command is allowed to execute before it is terminated with an exception</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.Providerbase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.Providerbase</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OracleRoleProvider Public Methods
OracleRoleProvider public methods are listed in Table 3–4.

Table 3–4  OracleRoleProvider Public Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AddUsersToRoles</td>
<td>Adds the specified users to the specified roles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CreateRole</td>
<td>Adds a new role to the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DeleteRole</td>
<td>Deletes a role in the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object (Overloaded)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FindUsersInRole</td>
<td>Returns an array of user names that match the specified user name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetAllRoles</td>
<td>Returns an array of all the roles for an application</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 3–4 ((Cont.) OracleRoleProvider Public Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GetHashCode</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetRolesForUser</td>
<td>Returns an array of role names for the specified user</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetType</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetUsersInRole</td>
<td>Returns an array of users in the specified role name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initialize</td>
<td>Initializes OracleRoleProvider with the property values specified in the ASP.NET application configuration file</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsUserInRole</td>
<td>Indicates whether or not the specified user is in the specified role</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RemoveUsersFromRoles</td>
<td>Removes the specified array of users from the specified array of role names</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RoleExists</td>
<td>Indicates whether or not the specified role name exists in the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ToString</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**See Also:**
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleRoleProvider Class
OracleRoleProvider Constructors

OracleRoleProvider constructors create instances of the OracleRoleProvider class.

Overload List:
- **OracleRoleProvider()**
  This constructor creates an instance of the OracleRoleProvider class.

  **See Also:**
  - "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
  - OracleRoleProvider Class
  - OracleRoleProvider Members

OracleRoleProvider()

This constructor creates an instance of the OracleRoleProvider class.

Declaration

```csharp
// C#
public OracleRoleProvider();
```

Remarks

This constructor creates a new instance of the OracleRoleProvider class.

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleRoleProvider Class
- OracleRoleProvider Members
OracleRoleProvider Class

OracleRoleProvider Static Methods

The OracleRoleProvider static methods are listed in Table 3–5.

Table 3–5  OracleRoleProvider Static Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Static Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Equals(Overloaded)</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ReferenceEquals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleRoleProvider Class
- OracleRoleProvider Members
OracleRoleProvider Public Properties

The **OracleRoleProvider** public properties are listed in Table 3–6.

### Table 3–6  OracleRoleProvider Public Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Properties</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ApplicationName</td>
<td>Gets or sets the name of the application that stores the role provider information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CommandTimeout</td>
<td>Gets the number of seconds that the command is allowed to execute before it is terminated with an exception</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.Providerbase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.Providerbase</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**See Also:**
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleRoleProvider Class
- OracleRoleProvider Members

**ApplicationName**

This property gets or sets the name of the application that stores the role provider information.

**Declaration**

```csharp
// C#
public override string ApplicationName{get; set;};
```

**Property Value**

The name of the application. If the `applicationName` attribute is not specified in the application configuration file, or if the value is an empty string, then this property is set to the application virtual path.

**Exceptions**

HttpException - The user setting the ApplicationName property does not have high ASP.NET hosting permission.

System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderException - The ApplicationName property is set to a string greater than 256 characters.

**Remarks**

The string value of the ApplicationName property is used to associate user names and role names with different applications. Multiple applications can use the same database to store user names and role names without running into any conflict between duplicate names. This property can be set programmatically, or it can be set declaratively in the Web application configuration file using the `applicationName` attribute. The attribute name in the configuration file is case-sensitive.
The `ApplicationName` property is not thread-safe. It is recommended that the programming code not allow users to set the `ApplicationName` property in Web applications.

**See Also:**
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleRoleProvider Class
- OracleRoleProvider Members

**CommandTimeout**

This property gets the number of seconds that the command is allowed to execute before it is terminated with an exception.

**Declaration**

```csharp
// C#
public int CommandTimeout {get;}
```

**Property Value**

An `int`.

**Remarks**

To customize a provider, ASP.NET developers can set an integer value for this property through the `web.config` file using the `commandTimeout` attribute. The default value is 30 seconds. The attribute name in the configuration file is case-sensitive.

**See Also:**
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleRoleProvider Class
- OracleRoleProvider Members
OracleRoleProvider Public Methods

The OracleRoleProvider public methods are listed in Table 3–7.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Method</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AddUsersToRoles</td>
<td>Adds the specified users to the specified roles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CreateRole</td>
<td>Adds a new role to the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DeleteRole</td>
<td>Deletes a role in the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object (Overloaded)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FindUsersInRole</td>
<td>Returns an array of user names that match the specified user name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetAllRoles</td>
<td>Returns an array of all the roles for an application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetHashCode</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetRolesForUser</td>
<td>Returns an array of role names for the specified user</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetUsersInRole</td>
<td>Returns an array of users in the specified role name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initialize</td>
<td>Initializes OracleRoleProvider with the property values specified in the ASP.NET application configuration file</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsUserInRole</td>
<td>Indicates whether or not the specified user is in the specified role</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RemoveUsersFromRoles</td>
<td>Removes the specified array of users from the specified array of role names</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RoleExists</td>
<td>Indicates whether or not the specified role name exists in the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ToString</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleRoleProvider Class
- OracleRoleProvider Members

AddUsersToRoles

This method adds the specified users to the specified roles.

Declaration

```csharp
public override void AddUsersToRoles(string[] userNames, string[] roleNames);
```

Parameters

- **userNames**
  An array of user names to be added to roles.
- **roleNames**
An array of role names to add the user names to.

Exceptions
ArgumentNullException - One of the users in usernames or one of the roles in roleNames is null.
ArgumentException - Either the roleNames or usernames parameter is an empty string, contains a comma, is longer than 256 characters, or contains a duplicate element.
System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderException - One or more role names were not found, or one or more user names are already associated with one or more role names.
OracleException - An Oracle-related error has occurred.

Remarks
This method adds one or more user names to one or more of the specified roles. The updates are performed in a transaction. If an error occurs, then the transaction is rolled back and no updates are made.

If one of the user names does not exist in the database, then the user name will be created and added to the database.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleRoleProvider Class
- OracleRoleProvider Members

CreateRole

This method adds a new role to the database.

Declaration

// C#
public override void CreateRole(string roleName);

Parameters
- resourceName

The role name to be created in the database.

Exceptions
ArgumentNullException - The resourceName parameter is null.
ArgumentException - The resourceName parameter is an empty string, contains a comma, or is longer than 256 characters.
System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderException - The role name already exists in the database.
OracleException - An Oracle-related error has occurred.

Remarks
This method creates a new role in the database.
DeleteRole

This method deletes a role in the database.

Declaration

// C#
public override bool DeleteRole(string roleName, bool throwOnPopulatedRole);

Parameters

- **roleName**
  The role name to be deleted from the database.

- **throwOnPopulatedRole**
  A Boolean value that, if set to true, causes an exception if the role contains any user names. If the value is set to false, deletes the role from the database.

Return Value

Returns true if the specified role was successfully deleted; otherwise, returns false.

Exceptions

- **ArgumentNullException** - The roleName parameter is null.
- **System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderException** - The role name contains at least one user name and the throwOnPopulatedRole parameter is set to true.
- **OracleException** - An Oracle-related error has occurred.
- **ArgumentException** - The roleName parameter is an empty string, contains a comma, or is longer than 256 characters.

Remarks

If the throwOnPopulatedRole parameter is set to false, then it deletes the specified role from the database regardless of whether or not it contains any users. If the throwOnPopulatedRole parameter is set to true, then an exception is thrown if the specified role in the database contains any users, but the role is not deleted.

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleRoleProvider Class
- OracleRoleProvider Members

FindUsersInRole

This method returns an array of user names that match the specified user name, for the specified role name.
OracleRoleProvider Class

Declaration

```csharp
// C#
public override string[] FindUsersInRole(string roleName, string userNameToMatch);
```

Parameters

- **roleName**
  The role name being searched for in the database.

- **userNameToMatch**
  The user name being searched for.

Return Value

A string array that contains user names in the specified role that match the specified `userNameToMatch` parameter.

Exceptions

- ArgumentNullException - The `roleName` or `userNameToMatch` parameter is null.
- OracleException - An Oracle-related error has occurred.
- System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderException - The role name does not exist in the database.
- ArgumentException - One of the following conditions exists:
  - The `roleName` parameter is an empty string, contains a comma, or is longer than 256 characters.
  - The `userNameToMatch` parameter is an empty string or is longer than 256 characters.

Remarks

This method returns an array of user names that match the specified user name, for the specified role name. This method supports Oracle wildcard characters. If the `userNameToMatch` parameter is set to "oraUser%", then an array is returned for users such as "oraUser1", "oraUser2", and so on. However, if the `userNameToMatch` parameter is set to "oraUser", then the array is returned with just the username "oraUser", if there is an "oraUser".

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly“ on page 1-4
- OracleRoleProvider Class
- OracleRoleProvider Members

GetAllRoles

This method returns an array of all the roles for an application.

Declaration

```csharp
// C#
public override string[] GetAllRoles();
```
Return Value
A string array containing all the role names in a database for the application.

Exceptions
OracleException - An Oracle related error has occurred.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleRoleProvider Class
- OracleRoleProvider Members

GetRolesForUser
This method returns an array of role names for the specified user.

Declaration
// C#
public override string[] GetRolesForUser(string userName);

Parameters
- userName
  The user name for which an array of role names is returned.

Return Value
An array of role names for the specified user name.

Exceptions
ArgumentNullException - The userName parameter is null.
ArgumentException - The userName parameter contains a comma or is longer than 256 characters.
OracleException - An Oracle-related error has occurred.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleRoleProvider Class
- OracleRoleProvider Members

GetUsersInRole
This method returns an array of users in the specified role name.

Declaration
// C#
public override string[] GetUsersInRole(string roleName);

Parameters
- roleName
The role name for which an array of users is returned.

**Return Value**

An array of user names in the specified role name.

**Exceptions**

- **ArgumentNullException** - The `roleName` parameter is null.
- **OracleException** - An Oracle-related error has occurred.
- **System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderException** - The role name does not exist in the database.
- **ArgumentException** - The `roleName` parameter is an empty string, contains a comma, or is longer than 256 characters.

**See Also:**
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleRoleProvider Class
- OracleRoleProvider Members

### Initialize

This method initializes the OracleRoleProvider instance with the property values specified in the ASP.NET application configuration file (`web.config`).

**Declaration**

```csharp
// C#
public override void Initialize(string name, NameValueCollection config);
```

**Parameters**

- **name**
  
  The name of the OracleRoleProvider instance to initialize.

- **config**
  
  A `Systems.Collections.Specialized.NameValueCollection` object that contains the names and values of configuration options for the role provider.

**Exceptions**

- **System.Web.HttpException** - ASP.NET is not running at medium trust or higher.
- **ArgumentNullException** - The `config` parameter is null.
- **System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderException** - The `connectionStringName` attribute is empty or does not exist in the configuration file, the `applicationName` attribute exceeds 256 characters, or the configuration file contains an invalid attribute.

**Remarks**

The `Initialize` method is not intended to be called directly by the application.
IsUserInRole

This method indicates whether or not the specified user is in the specified role.

**Declaration**

```csharp
// C#
public override bool IsUserInRole(string userName, string roleName);
```

**Parameters**

- **userName**
  The user name being searched for.
- **roleName**
  The role name being searched in.

**Return Value**

Returns `true` if the specified user name is in the specified role name; otherwise, returns `false`.

**Exceptions**

- **ArgumentNullException** - The `userName` or `roleName` parameter is null.
- **OracleException** - An Oracle-related error has occurred.
- **ArgumentException** - One of the following conditions exists:
  - The `roleName` parameter is an empty string, contains a comma, or is longer than 256 characters.
  - The `userName` parameter contains a comma or is longer than 256 characters.

**Remarks**

This method determines if the specified user name exists in the specified role name in the database.

**See Also:**

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleRoleProvider Class
- OracleRoleProvider Members
public override void RemoveUsersFromRoles(string[] userNames, string[] roleNames);

Parameters

- **userNames**
  An array of user names to remove from the role names.

- **roleNames**
  An array of role names to remove the user names from.

Exceptions

- ArgumentNullException - One of the users in the userNames parameter or one of the roles in the roleNames parameter is null.
- OracleException - An Oracle-related error has occurred.
- System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderException - One or more of the role names or user names does not exist in the database, or one or more of the user names is not associated a role name.
- ArgumentException - The roleNames or userNames parameter is an empty string, contains a comma, is longer than 256 characters, or contains a duplicate element.

Remarks

This method removes the specified array of user names from the specified array of role names. The updates are made within a transaction. If an error occurs, the transaction is rolled back.

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleRoleProvider Class
- OracleRoleProvider Members

RoleExists

This method indicates whether or not the specified role name exists in the database.

Declaration

// C#
public override bool RoleExists(string roleName);

Parameters

- **roleName**
  The role name being searched for in the database.

Return Value

Returns true if the role name exists; otherwise, returns false.

Exceptions

- ArgumentNullException - The roleName parameter is null
OracleException - An Oracle-related error has occurred.

ArgumentException - The roleName parameter is an empty string, contains a comma, or is longer than 256 characters.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleRoleProvider Class
- OracleRoleProvider Members
This chapter describes the OracleSiteMapProvider class.

See Also:  ASP.NET site navigation and site map provider

This chapter contains the following topic:

- OracleSiteMapProvider Class
This class allows ASP.NET applications to retrieve site map information from an Oracle database.

**Class Inheritance**

System.Object

System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderBase

System.Web.SiteMapProvider

System.Web.StaticSiteMapProvider

Oracle.Web.SiteMap.OracleSiteMapProvider

**Declaration**

```c#
// C# Public class OracleSiteMapProvider: StaticSiteMapProvider, IDisposable
```

**Thread Safety**

All public static methods are thread-safe, although instance members are not guaranteed to be thread-safe.

**Remarks**

This class allows ASP.NET applications to read and load site map information from an Oracle database.

**Examples**

The following is a `web.config` example for an ASP.NET application that uses `OracleSiteMapProvider` as the default provider. This configuration uses the connection string and default attribute values specified in the `machine.config` file.

```xml
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<configuration xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/.NetConfiguration/v2.0">
  <system.web>
    <siteMap defaultProvider="OracleSiteMapProvider"/>
  </system.web>
</configuration>
```

The following is a `web.config` example for an ASP.NET application that uses `OracleSiteMapProvider` as the default provider, with customized settings and an application-specific connection string:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<configuration xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/.NetConfiguration/v2.0">
  <connectionStrings>
    <add name="my_sitemap_app_con_string" connectionString="User Id=scott;Password=tiger;Data Source=Oracle"/>
  </connectionStrings>
  <system.web>
    <!-- Enable and customize OracleSiteMapProvider -->
    <siteMap defaultProvider="CustomOracleSiteMapProvider">
      <providers>
        <add name="CustomOracleSiteMapProvider"...>
```
type="Oracle.Web.SiteMap.OracleSiteMapProvider,
Oracle.Web, Version=2.112.2.0, Culture=neutral,
PublicKeyToken=89b483f429c47342"
connectionStringName="my_sitemap_app_con_string"
applicationName="my_sitemap_app"
securityTrimmingEnabled="false"/>
</providers>
</siteMap>
</system.web>
</configuration>

Note that the applicationName attribute should be set to a unique value for each ASP.NET application.

**Requirements**

Namespace: Oracle.Web.SiteMap

Assembly: Oracle.Web.dll

Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Version: Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 2.0 and Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 4

OracleSiteMapProvider requires the Change Notification privilege with Oracle Database 10g release 2 (10.2) and later.

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSiteMapProvider Members
- OracleSiteMapProvider Constructors
- OracleSiteMapProvider Public Properties
- OracleSiteMapProvider Public Methods
OracleSiteMapProvider Members

OracleSiteMapProvider members are listed in the following tables.

OracleSiteMapProvider Constructors
The OracleSiteMapProvider constructor is listed in Table 4–1.

Table 4–1 OracleSiteMapProvider Constructor

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Constructor</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OracleSiteMapProvider Constructors</td>
<td>Instantiates a new instance of the OracleSiteMapProvider class</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OracleSiteMapProvider Static Methods
OracleSiteMapProvider static methods are listed in Table 4–2.

Table 4–2 OracleSiteMapProvider Static Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Static Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Equals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object (Overloaded)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ReferenceEquals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OracleSiteMapProvider Public Properties
OracleSiteMapProvider public properties are listed in Table 4–3.

Table 4–3 OracleSiteMapProvider Public Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Properties</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ApplicationName</td>
<td>Gets or sets the name of the application that differentiates site map data for different applications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CommandTimeout</td>
<td>Gets the number of seconds that the command is allowed to execute before it is terminated with an exception</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CurrentNode</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider (Read-Only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderBase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EnableLocalization</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderBase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ParentProvider</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ResourceKey</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RootNode</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider (Read-Only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RootProvider</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SecurityTrimmingEnabled</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
OracleSiteMapProvider Public Methods

OracleSiteMapProvider public methods are listed in Table 4-4.

Table 4–4  OracleSiteMapProvider Public Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BuildSiteMap</td>
<td>Builds a SiteMap tree of the SiteMapNode objects by loading site map data from an Oracle database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dispose</td>
<td>Releases all the resources for this instance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FindSiteMapNode</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.StaticSiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FindSiteMapNodeFromKey</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.StaticSiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetChildNodes</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.StaticSiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetCurrentNodeAndHintAncestorNodes</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetCurrentNodeAndHintNeighborhoodNodes</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetParentNode</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.StaticSiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetParentNodeRelativeToCurrentNodeAndHintDownFromParent</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetParentNodeRelativeToNodeAndHintDownFromParent</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HintAncestorNodes</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsAccessibleToUser</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetHashCode</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetType</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initialize</td>
<td>Initializes the OracleSiteMapProvider instance with the property values specified in the ASP.NET application configuration file</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ToString</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSiteMapProvider Class
OracleSiteMapProvider Constructors

This constructor instantiates a new instance of the OracleSiteMapProvider class.

Overload List:

- OracleSiteMapProvider()
  
  This constructor creates an instance of the OracleSiteMapProvider class.

See Also:

- OracleSiteMapProvider Class
- OracleSiteMapProvider Members

OracleSiteMapProvider()

This constructor instantiates a new instance of the OracleSiteMapProvider class.

Declaration

// C#
public OracleSiteMapProvider();

Remarks

The OracleSiteMapProvider constructor is called by ASP.NET to create an instance of the OracleSiteMapProvider class as specified in the configuration file for the application. Initialization values for the OracleSiteMapProvider object are passed through the Initialize method.

This constructor is not intended to be used directly by the application.

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSiteMapProvider Class
- OracleSiteMapProvider Members
OracleSiteMapProvider Static Methods

OracleSiteMapProvider static methods are listed in Table 4–5.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Static Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Equals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object (Overloaded)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ReferenceEquals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
OracleSiteMapProvider Public Properties

OracleSiteMapProvider public properties are listed in Table 4–6.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Properties</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ApplicationName</td>
<td>Gets or sets the name of the application that differentiates site map data for different applications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CommandTimeout</td>
<td>Gets the number of seconds that the command is allowed to execute before it is terminated with an exception</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CurrentNode</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderBase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EnableLocalization</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderBase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ParentProvider</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ResourceKey</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RootNode</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RootProvider</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SecurityTrimmingEnabled</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSiteMapProvider Class
- OracleSiteMapProvider Members

ApplicationName

This property gets or sets the name of the application that differentiates site map data for different applications.

Declaration

```csharp
public string ApplicationName { get; set; }
```

Property Value

The name of the application. If the `applicationName` attribute is not specified in the application configuration file, or if the value is an empty string, then this property is set to the application virtual path.

Exceptions

HttpException - The `ApplicationName` property was set by a user that does not have high ASP.NET hosting permission.

ArgumentException - The application name supplied is an empty string or a null reference.

Remarks
The string value of the ApplicationName property is used for organizing user information.

Multiple ASP.NET applications can use the same data source and create duplicate user names because user information is stored uniquely for each application name. This property can be set programmatically, or it can be set declaratively in the configuration file for the Web application using the applicationName attribute. The attribute name in the configuration file is case-sensitive.

The ApplicationName property is not thread-safe. It is recommended that program code not allow users to set the ApplicationName property in Web applications.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSiteMapProvider Class
- OracleSiteMapProvider Members

CommandTimeout
This property gets the number of seconds that the command is allowed to execute before it is terminated with an exception.

Declaration
// C#
public int CommandTimeout {get;}

Property Value
An int.

Remarks
To customize a provider, ASP.NET developers can set an integer value for this property through the web.config file using the commandTimeout attribute.

The default value is 30 seconds. The attribute name in the configuration file is case-sensitive.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSiteMapProvider Class
- OracleSiteMapProvider Members
OracleSiteMapProvider Public Methods

OracleSiteMapProvider public methods are listed in Table 4–7.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BuildSiteMap</td>
<td>Builds a SiteMap tree of the SiteMapNode objects by loading site map data from an Oracle database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dispose</td>
<td>Releases all the resources for this instance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FindSiteMapNode</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.StaticSiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FindSiteMapNodeFromKey</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.StaticSiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetChildNodes</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.StaticSiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetCurrentNodeAndHintAncestorNodes</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetCurrentNodeAndHintNeighborhoodNodes</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetParentNode</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.StaticSiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetParentNodeRelativeToCurrentNodeAndHintDownFromParent</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetParentNodeRelativeToNodeAndHintDownFromParent</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HintAncestorNodes</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IsAccessibleToUser</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.SiteMapProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetHashCode</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetType</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initialize</td>
<td>Initializes the OracleSiteMapProvider instance with the property values specified in the ASP.NET application's configuration file</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ToString</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASPNET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSiteMapProvider Class
- OracleSiteMapProvider Members

**BuildSiteMap**

This method builds a SiteMap tree of the SiteMapNode objects by loading site map data from the Oracle database.

**Declaration**

```c# // C#```
OracleSiteMapProvider Class

Public override SiteMapNode BuildSiteMap();

**Return Value**
The root SiteMapNode of the site map navigation structure.

**Exceptions**
InvalidOperationException - The OracleSiteMapProvider instance is not initialized.

ProviderException - One of the following conditions exists:
- Root node is not found.
- Multiple root nodes are found.
- Parent node is not found for any node.

ConfigurationException - One of the following conditions exists:
- The roles of the SiteMapNode contain characters that are not valid.
- A URL is parsed for a SiteMapNode that is not unique.
- A SiteMapNode object was encountered with a duplicate value for Key.
- An error occurred while parsing the URL of a SiteMapNode.

**Remarks**
This method fetches site map data from the database and builds a tree of site map nodes in memory. The OracleSiteMapProvider object could choose to subscribe to database change notifications to get notified about the changes in the site map data in the database. This method is thread-safe.

**See Also:**
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSiteMapProvider Class
- OracleSiteMapProvider Members
- Oracle Data Provider for .NET Developer’s Guide for more information about change notification

**Dispose**
This method releases all the resources for this instance.

**Declaration**

```csharp
// C#
public override void Dispose();
```

**Remarks**
This method releases all the resources for this instance when the application domain is closed.
Initialize

This method initializes the OracleSiteMapProvider instance with the property values specified in the ASP.NET application configuration file (web.config).

Declaration

```csharp
// C#
Public override void Initialize(string name, NameValueCollection config);
```

Parameters

- **name**
  The name of the OracleSiteMapProvider instance to initialize.

- **config**
  A System.Collections.Specialized.NameValueCollection object that contains the names and values of configuration options for the site map provider.

Exceptions

- ArgumentException - The config parameter is null.
- InvalidOperationException - A SiteMapProvider is already initialized.
- ProviderException - One of the following exists:
  - The connectionStringName attribute is null or empty in the configuration file.
  - The connection string corresponding to the value of the connectionStringName attribute is null or empty.
  - The configuration file contains an unrecognized attribute.
  - An error occurred during initialization of the provider.

Remarks

The Initialize method is not intended to be called directly by the application.

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSiteMapProvider Class
- OracleSiteMapProvider Members
This chapter describes the OracleSessionStateStore class.

See Also: ASP.NET session state and session state providers

This chapter contains the following topic:

- OracleSessionStateStore Class
OracleSessionStateStore Class

The OracleSessionStateStore class allows ASP.NET applications to store session information in an Oracle database.

Class Inheritance
System.Object
  System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderBase
    System.Web.SessionState.SessionStateStoreProviderBase
      Oracle.Web.SessionState

Declaration
// C#
public class OracleSessionStateStore : SessionStateStoreProviderBase

Thread Safety
All public static methods are thread-safe, although instance members are not guaranteed to be thread-safe.

Remarks
This class allows ASP.NET applications to store and manage session state information in an Oracle database.

Note that the session information that this provider manages is application session information, not database session information.

Expired session data is periodically deleted from the database.

Example
The following is a web.config example for an ASP.NET application that uses OracleSessionStateStore as the default provider with customized settings and an application-specific connection string:

```xml
<configuration xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/.NetConfiguration/v2.0">
  <connectionStrings>
    <add name="my_sessionstate_app_con_string" connectionString="User Id=scott;Password=tiger;Data Source=Oracle"/>
  </connectionStrings>
  <system.web>
    <!-- Enable and customize OracleSessionStateProvider -->
    <sessionState mode="Custom" customProvider="MyOracleSessionStateStore">
      <providers>
        <add name="MyOracleSessionStateStore" type="Oracle.Web.SessionState.OracleSessionStateStore, Oracle.Web, Version=2.112.2.0, Culture=neutral, PublicKeyToken=89b483f429c47342" connectionStringName="my_sessionstate_app_con_string"/>
      </providers>
    </sessionState>
  </system.web>
</configuration>
```
OracleSessionStateStore Class

Requirements
Namespace: Oracle.Web.SessionState
Assembly: Oracle.Web.dll
Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Version: Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 2.0 and Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 4

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSessionStateStore Members
- OracleSessionStateStore Constructors
- OracleSessionStateStore Public Methods
- OracleSessionStateStore Public Properties
OracleSessionStateStore Members

OracleSessionStateStore members are listed in the following tables.

OracleSessionStateStore Constructors
The OracleSessionStateStore constructor is listed in Table 5–1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Constructor</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OracleSessionStateStore Constructors</td>
<td>Instantiates a new instance of the OracleSessionStateStore class</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OracleSessionStateStore Public Properties
OracleSessionStateStore public properties are listed in Table 5–2.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Properties</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CommandTimeout</td>
<td>Gets the number of seconds that the command is allowed to execute before it is terminated with an exception</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.Providerbase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.Providerbase</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OracleSessionStateStore Public Methods
The OracleSessionStateStore public methods are listed in Table 5–3.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CreateNewStoreData</td>
<td>Creates a new SessionStateStoreData object for the current request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CreateUninitializedItem</td>
<td>Adds a new session state item to the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dispose</td>
<td>Releases all the resources for this instance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EndRequest</td>
<td>Allows the OracleSessionStateStore object to perform any cleanup that may be required for the current request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetItem</td>
<td>Returns a read-only session item from the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetItemExclusive</td>
<td>Locks and returns a session item from the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initialize</td>
<td>Initializes the provider with the property values specified in the ASP.NET application configuration file</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>InitializeRequest</td>
<td>Performs any per-request initializations that the OracleSessionStateStore provider requires</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ReleaseItemExclusive</td>
<td>Releases the lock on a session item in the database, if multiple attempts to retrieve the session item fail</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RemoveItem</td>
<td>Removes the specified session item from the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ResetItemTimeout</td>
<td>Resets the expiration date and timeout for a session item in the database</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 5–3  (Cont.) OracleSessionStateStore Public Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SetAndReleaseItemExclusive</td>
<td>Updates the session time information in the database with the specified session item and releases the lock</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SetItemExpireCallback</td>
<td>Returns a false value to indicate that callbacks for expired sessions are not supported</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSessionStateStore Class
OracleSessionStateStore Constructors

The OracleSessionStateStore constructor instantiates a new instance of the OracleSessionStateStore class.

**Overload List:**

- OracleSessionStateStore()
  
  This constructor creates an instance of the OracleSessionStateStore class.

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASPNET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSessionStateStore Class
- OracleSessionStateStore Members

OracleSessionStateStore()

This constructor instantiates a new instance of the OracleSessionStateStore class.

**Declaration**

// C#
public OracleSessionStateStore();

**Remarks**

This constructor creates a new instance of the OracleSessionStateStore class.

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASPNET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSessionStateStore Class
- OracleSessionStateStore Members
OracleSessionStateStore Public Properties

The OracleSessionStateStore public properties are listed in Table 5–4.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Properties</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CommandTimeout</td>
<td>Gets the number of seconds that the command is allowed to execute before it is terminated with an exception</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.Providerbase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.Providerbase</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSessionStateStore Class
- OracleSessionStateStore Members

CommandTimeout

This property gets the number of seconds that the command is allowed to execute before it is terminated with an exception.

Declaration

```csharp
// C#
public int CommandTimeout {get;}
```

Property Value

An int.

Remarks

To customize a provider, ASP.NET developers can set an integer value for this property through the web.config file using the commandTimeout attribute.

The default value is 30 seconds. The attribute name in the configuration file is case-sensitive.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSessionStateStore Class
- OracleSessionStateStore Members
OracleSessionStateStore Public Methods

The OracleSessionStateStore public methods are listed in Table 5–5.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CreateNewStoreData</td>
<td>Creates a new SessionStateStoreData object for the current request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CreateUninitializedItem</td>
<td>Adds a new session state item to the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dispose</td>
<td>Releases all the resources for this instance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EndRequest</td>
<td>Allows the OracleSessionStateStore object to perform any cleanup that may be required for the current request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetItem</td>
<td>Returns a read-only session item from the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetItemExclusive</td>
<td>Locks and returns a session item from the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initialize</td>
<td>Initializes the provider with the property values specified in the ASP.NET application configuration file</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>InitializeRequest</td>
<td>Performs any per-request initializations that the OracleSessionStateStore provider requires</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ReleaseItemExclusive</td>
<td>Releases the lock on a session item in the database, if multiple attempts to retrieve the session item fail</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RemoveItem</td>
<td>Removes the specified session item from the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ResetItemTimeout</td>
<td>Resets the expiration date and timeout for a session item in the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SetAndReleaseItemExclusive</td>
<td>Updates the session time information in the database with the specified session item and releases the lock</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SetItemExpireCallback</td>
<td>Returns a false value to indicate that callbacks for expired sessions are not supported</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSessionStateStore Class
- OracleSessionStateStore Members

CreateNewStoreData

This method creates a new SessionStateStoreData object for the current request.

Declaration

```csharp
// C#
public override SessionStateStoreData CreateNewStoreData(HttpContext context, int timeout);
```

Parameters

- `context`
  The HttpContext object for the current request.
- `timeout`
The timeout value for the SessionStateStoreData object that is created.

Return Value
A new SessionStateStoreData object for the current request.

Remarks
This method creates a new SessionStateStoreData object for the current request based on the HttpContext and timeout values. The SessionStateModule calls this method at the beginning of a request for an ASP.NET page, if the request does not contain a session ID or if the request contains a session ID for a session that is not found in the database. This method creates a new SessionStateStoreData object with an empty ISessionStateItemCollection object, an HttpStaticObjectsCollection collection, and the specified timeout value.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSessionStateStore Class
- OracleSessionStateStore Members

CreateUninitializedItem
This method adds a new session state item to the database.

Declaration
// C#
public override void CreateUninitializedItem(HttpContext context, string id, int timeout);

Parameters
- context
  The HttpContext object for the current request.
- id
  The session ID for the current request.
- timeout
  The timeout value for the current request.

Exceptions
ArgumentOutOfRangeException - The input parameter is null.
OracleException - An Oracle-related error has occurred.

Remarks
This method adds an uninitialized session state entry into the database and is called when the cookieless and regenerateExpiredId attributes are both set to true. After a new session ID is created, this method is called to store an uninitialized entry with this new session ID in the database. The browser is redirected to the URL containing the new session ID. The new session ID exists in the database, so there is no conflict with an expired session ID.
Dispose

This method releases all the resources for this instance.

**Declaration**

// C#
public override void Dispose();

**Remarks**

This method releases all the resources for this instance when the application domain is closed.

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSessionStateStore Class
- OracleSessionStateStore Members

EndRequest

This method allows the OracleSessionStateStore object to perform any cleanup that may be required for the current request.

**Declaration**

// C#
public override void EndRequest(HttpContext context);

**Parameters**

- context

  The HttpContext object for the current request.

**Remarks**

This method is called by the SessionStateModule object at the end of a request.

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSessionStateStore Class
- OracleSessionStateStore Members

GetItem

This method returns a read-only session item from the database.
Declaration

// C#
public override SessionStateStoreData GetItem(HttpContext context, string id,
   out bool locked, out TimeSpan lockAge, out Object lockId,
   out SessionStateActions actions);
HttpRuntimeSection.ExecutionTimeout value, then the session state service calls the GetItemExclusive method to release the lock. It then calls the GetItem method again.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSessionStateStore Class
- OracleSessionStateStore Members

GetItemExclusive

This method locks a session item and returns it from the database.

Declaration

```csharp
// C#
public override SessionStateStoreData GetItemExclusive(HttpContext context,
            string id, out bool locked, out TimeSpan lockAge, out Object lockId,
            out SessionStateActions actions);
```

Parameters

- **context**
  The HttpContext object for the current request.
- **id**
  The session ID for the current request.
- **locked**
  A Boolean value that is true if the session item was successfully locked in the database; otherwise, it is false.
- **lockAge**
  A TimeSpan object that indicates the amount of time the session item has been locked in the database.
- **lockId**
  A lock identifier object.
- **actions**
  A SessionStateActions enumeration value that indicates whether or not the session is uninitialized and cookieless.

Return Value

A SessionStateStoreData object that contains session information from the database.

Exceptions

- ArgumentNullException - The input parameter is null.
- OracleException - An Oracle-related error has occurred.
- System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderException - The session state information is invalid and might be corrupted.
Remarks
This method returns a SessionStateStoreData object from the database and updates the expiration date of the session item. This method is called only if the attribute in the page is set to the default value of true. The session item is retrieved only if no other requests are currently using it. The session item in the database is locked for the duration of the request.

If no session data is found, the lockedOut parameter is set to false and a null reference is returned. The session state service then calls the CreateNewStoreData method to create a new session item in the database.

If the session data is locked in the database, then the locked parameter is set to true, the lockAge parameter is set to the amount of time the session item has been locked in the database, the lockId parameter is set to the lock identifier and a null reference is returned. The session state service then keeps calling this method at half-second intervals. If the lockAge value exceeds the ExecutionTimeout value, then the session state service calls the ReleaseItemExclusive method to release the lock. It then calls the GetItemExclusive method again.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSessionStateStore Class
- OracleSessionStateStore Members

Initialize
This method initializes the provider with the property values specified in the ASP.NET application configuration file (web.config).

Declaration
// C#
public override void Initialize(string name, NameValueCollection config);

Parameters
- name
  The name of the provider instance to initialize.
- config
  A Systems.Collections.Specialized.NameValueCollection object that contains the names and values of configuration options for the provider.

Exceptions
ArgumentNullException - The config parameter is null.
System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderException - The connectionStringName attribute is empty or does not exist in the configuration file, or an invalid attribute is found in the configuration file.

Remarks
The Initialize method is not intended to be called directly by the application.
See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSessionStateStore Class
- OracleSessionStateStore Members

**InitializeRequest**

This method performs any per-request initializations that the OracleSessionStateStore provider requires.

**Declaration**

```csharp
// C#
public override void InitializeRequest(HttpContext context);
```

**Parameters**

- `context`
  The HttpContext object for the current request.

**Exceptions**

- `ArgumentNullException` - The `context` parameter is null.

**Remarks**

This method is called by the session state service before calling any other methods.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSessionStateStore Class
- OracleSessionStateStore Members

**ReleaseItemExclusive**

This method forcibly releases the lock on a session item in the database, if multiple attempts to retrieve the session item fail.

**Declaration**

```csharp
// C#
public override void ReleaseItemExclusive(HttpContext context, string id, Object lockId);
```

**Parameters**

- `context`
  The HttpContext object for the current request.

- `id`
  The session ID for the current request.

- `lockId`
  The lock identifier for the current request.
Exceptions

ArgumentNullException - The input parameter is null.
OracleException - An Oracle-related error has occurred.

Remarks

This method is called by the session state service to release the lock on a session item in the database and update the expiration date. The SessionStateModule calls this method at the end of a request if the session values are unchanged or when the lock has exceeded the HttpRuntimeSection.ExecutionTimeout property value.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSessionStateStore Class
- OracleSessionStateStore Members

RemoveItem

This method removes the specified session item from the database.

Declaration

// C#
public override void RemoveItem(HttpContext context, string id, Object lockId, SessionStateStoreData item);

Parameters

- context
  The HttpContext object for the current request.
- id
  The session ID for the current request.
- lockId
  The lock identifier for the current request.
- item
  The session item to remove from the database.

Exceptions

ArgumentNullException - The input parameter is null.
OracleException - An Oracle-related error has occurred.

Remarks

The session state service calls this method to remove the specified session item from the database. An application can call the Session.Abandon method to cancel a session.
OracleSessionStateStore Public Methods

**ResetItemTimeout**
This method resets the expiration date and timeout for a session item in the database.

*Declaration*

```csharp
// C#
public override void ResetItemTimeout(HttpContext context, string id);
```

*Parameters*
- **context**
  The HttpContext object for the current request.
- **id**
  The session ID for the current request.

*Exceptions*
- ArgumentNullException - The input parameter is null.
- OracleException - An Oracle-related error has occurred.

*Remarks*
The session state service calls this method to reset the expiration date and timeout for a session item in the database, to the current date and time.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSessionStateStore Class
- OracleSessionStateStore Members

**SetAndReleaseItemExclusive**
This method updates the session time information in the database with the specified session item, and releases the lock.

*Declaration*

```csharp
// C#
public override void SetAndReleaseItemExclusive(HttpContext context, string id,
   SessionStateStoreDataItem item, Object lockId, bool newItem);
```

*Parameters*
- **context**
  The HttpContext object for the current request.
- **id**
  The session ID for the current request.
- **item**
  The session state data item.
- **lockId**
  The lock identifier.
- **newItem**
  A Boolean value indicating whether the item is new.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSessionStateStore Class
- OracleSessionStateStore Members
The session ID for the current request.

- **item**
  The session item containing new values to update the session item in the database with.

- **LockId**
  The lock identifier for the current request.

- **newItem**
  A Boolean value that indicates whether or not the session item is new in the database. A false value indicates an existing item.

**Exceptions**

- **ArgumentNullException** - The input parameter is null.
- **OracleException** - An Oracle-related error has occurred.

**Remarks**

If the session items have been modified, the session state service calls this method at the end of a request, to either create a new item or update an existing session item in the database with the provided session values. This method also updates the expiration time for the session item and releases the lock on the session data.

**See Also:**

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSessionStateStore Class
- OracleSessionStateStore Members

**SetItemExpireCallback**

This method returns a false value to indicate that callbacks for expired sessions are not supported.

**Declaration**

```csharp
// C#
public override bool SetItemExpireCallback(SessionStateItemExpireCallback expireCallback);
```

**Parameters**

- **expireCallback**
  The delegate for the Session_OnEnd event defined in the Global.asax file.

**Return Value**

A false value.

**Remarks**

This method always returns a false value to indicate that callbacks for expired sessions are not supported.
See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleSessionStateStore Class
- OracleSessionStateStore Members
This chapter describes OracleProfileProvider class.

**See Also:** ASP.NET profile properties and profile providers  

This chapter contains the following topic:

- OracleProfileProvider Class
OracleProfileProvider Class

OracleProfileProvider enables ASP.NET developers to easily store Web site user profile information in an Oracle database.

Class Inheritance
System.Object
    System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderBase
        System.Configuration.SettingsProvider
            System.Web.Profile.ProfileProvider
                Oracle.Web.Profile.OracleProfileProvider

Declaration
// C#
public class OracleProfileProvider : ProfileProvider

Thread Safety
All public static methods are thread-safe, although instance members are not guaranteed to be thread-safe.

Remarks
This class allows ASP.NET applications to store and manage profile information in an Oracle database.

Example
The following is a web.config file example for an ASP.NET application that uses OracleProfileProvider as the default provider. This configuration uses the connection string and default attribute values specified in the machine.config file. Profile properties are specified in the properties section.

This example also enables anonymous identification and allows anonymous users to set properties.

<?xml version="1.0"?>
<configuration xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/.NetConfiguration/v2.0">
    <system.web>
        <anonymousIdentification enabled="true"/>
        <profile enabled="true" defaultProvider="OracleProfileProvider">
            <!-- Profile properties -->
            <properties>
                <add name="hire_date" allowAnonymous="true" type="DateTime"/>
                <add name="location" allowAnonymous="true" defaultValue="Redwood Shores"/>
                <add name="experience" allowAnonymous="true" type="int"/>
            </properties>
        </profile>
    </system.web>
</configuration>

The following is a web.config file example for an ASP.NET application that uses an OracleProfileProvider with customized settings and an application-specific
connection string. Profile properties are specified in the properties section. This example also enables anonymous identification and allows anonymous users to set properties.

```xml
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<configuration xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/.NetConfiguration/v2.0">
  <connectionStrings>
    <add name="my_profile_app_con_string" connectionString="User Id=scott;Password=tiger;Data Source=Oracle"/>
  </connectionStrings>
  <system.web>
    <!-- Enable and customize OracleProfileProvider settings -->
    <anonymousIdentification enabled="true"/>
    <profile enabled="true" defaultProvider="MyOracleProfileProvider">
      <providers>
        <add name="MyOracleProfileProvider" type="Oracle.Web.Profile.OracleProfileProvider,
          Oracle.Web, Version=2.112.2.0, Culture=neutral,
          PublicKeyToken=89b483f429c47342"
          connectionStringName="my_profile_app_con_string"
          applicationName="my_profile_app"/>
      </providers>
      <!-- Profile properties -->
      <properties>
        <add name="hire_date" allowAnonymous="true" type="DateTime"/>
        <add name="location" allowAnonymous="true"
          defaultValue="Redwood Shores"/>
        <add name="experience" allowAnonymous="true" type="int"/>
      </properties>
    </profile>
  </system.web>
</configuration>
```

Note that the applicationName attribute should be set to a unique value for each ASP.NET application.

**Requirements**

Namespace: Oracle.Web.Profile

Assembly: Oracle.Web.dll

Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Version: Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 2.0 and Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 4

**See Also:**

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleProfileProvider Members
- OracleProfileProvider Constructors
- OracleProfileProvider Static Methods
- OracleProfileProvider Public Properties
- OracleProfileProvider Public Methods
OracleProfileProvider Members

OracleProfileProvider members are listed in the following tables.

OracleProfileProvider Constructors
The OracleProfileProvider constructor is listed in Table 6–1.

Table 6–1 OracleProfileProvider Constructor

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Constructor</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OracleProfileProvider Constructors</td>
<td>Instantiates a new instance of the OracleProfileProvider class</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OracleProfileProvider Static Methods
OracleProfileProvider static methods are listed in Table 6–2.

Table 6–2 OracleProfileProvider Static Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Static Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Equals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object (Overloaded)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ReferenceEquals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OracleProfileProvider Public Properties
OracleProfileProvider public properties are listed in Table 6–3.

Table 6–3 OracleProfileProvider Public Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Properties</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ApplicationName</td>
<td>Gets or sets the name of the application that groups the profile information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CommandTimeout</td>
<td>Gets the number of seconds that the command is allowed to execute before it is terminated with an exception</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.Providerbase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.Providerbase</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OracleProfileProvider Public Methods
OracleProfileProvider public methods are listed in Table 6–4.

Table 6–4 OracleProfileProvider Public Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DeleteInactiveProfiles</td>
<td>Deletes user profile data that has its last activity date on or before the specified date and time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DeleteProfiles</td>
<td>Deletes profile properties and information from the data source for the supplied profile collection or list of user names (Overloaded)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object (Overloaded)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FindInactiveProfilesByUserName</td>
<td>Retrieves inactive profile information for the specified user name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Methods</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FindProfilesByUserName</td>
<td>Retrieves profile information for the specified user name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetAllInactiveProfiles</td>
<td>Retrieves all profile information for profiles with the last activity date on or before the specified date and time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetAllProfiles</td>
<td>Retrieves all profile information from the data source</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetHashCode</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetNumberOfInactiveProfiles</td>
<td>Returns the count of profiles where the last activity date is on or before the specified date and time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetPropertyValues</td>
<td>Retrieves profile properties and values from the Oracle profile database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetType</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initialize</td>
<td>Initializes the OracleProfileProvider instance with the property values specified in the ASP.NET application configuration file (web.config)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SetPropertyValues</td>
<td>Updates the Oracle profile database with the specified profile property values</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ToString</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleProfileProvider Class
OracleProfileProvider Constructors

This constructor instantiates a new instance of the OracleProfileProvider class.

Overload List:

- OracleProfileProvider()
  This constructor creates an instance of the OracleProfileProvider class.

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleProfileProvider Class
- OracleProfileProvider Members

OracleProfileProvider()

This constructor instantiates a new instance of the OracleProfileProvider class.

Declaration

// C#
public OracleProfileProvider();

Remarks

This constructor is called by ASP.NET to create an instance of the OracleProfileProvider class as specified in the configuration file for the application. Initialization values for an OracleProfileProvider instance are passed through the Initialize method.

This constructor is not intended to be used directly by the application.

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleProfileProvider Class
- OracleProfileProvider Members
OracleProfileProvider Static Methods

OracleProfileProvider static methods are listed in Table 6–5.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Static Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Equals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object (Overloaded)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ReferenceEquals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleProfileProvider Class
- OracleProfileProvider Members
OracleProfileProvider Public Properties

OracleProfileProvider public properties are listed in Table 6–6.

Table 6–6 OracleProfileProvider Public Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Properties</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ApplicationName</td>
<td>Gets or sets the name of the application that groups the profile information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CommandTimeout</td>
<td>Gets the number of seconds that the command is allowed to execute before it is terminated with an exception</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.Providerbase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.Providerbase</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleProfileProvider Class
- OracleProfileProvider Members

ApplicationName

This property gets or sets the name of the application that groups the profile information.

Declaration

```csharp
// C#
public override string ApplicationName {get; set;}
```

Property Value

The name of the application. If the applicationName attribute is not specified in the application configuration file, or if the value is an empty string, then this property is set to the application virtual path.

Exceptions

- `HttpException` - The ApplicationName property was set by a caller that does not have high ASP.NET hosting permission.
- `ArgumentException` - The application name supplied is an empty string or a null reference.

Remarks

The string value of the ApplicationName property is used for organizing user information.

Multiple ASP.NET applications can use the same data source and create duplicate user names because user information is stored uniquely for each application name. This property can be set programmatically, or it can be set declaratively in the configuration.
file for the Web application using the `applicationName` attribute. The attribute name in the configuration file is case-sensitive.

The `ApplicationName` property is not thread-safe. It is recommended that application code not allow users to set the `ApplicationName` property in Web applications.

**See Also:**
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleProfileProvider Class
- OracleProfileProvider Members

**CommandTimeout**

This property gets the number of seconds that the command is allowed to execute before it is terminated with an exception.

**Declaration**

```csharp
// C#
public int CommandTimeout {get;}
```

**Property Value**

An int.

**Remarks**

To customize a provider, ASP.NET developers can set an integer value for this property through the `web.config` file using the `commandTimeout` attribute. The default value is 30 seconds. The attribute name in the configuration file is case-sensitive.

**See Also:**
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleProfileProvider Class
- OracleProfileProvider Members
OracleProfileProvider Public Methods

OracleProfileProvider public methods are listed in Table 6-7.

Table 6-7  OracleProfileProvider Public Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DeleteInactiveProfiles</td>
<td>Deletes user profile data that has its last activity date on or before the specified date and time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DeleteProfiles</td>
<td>Deletes profile properties and information from the data source for the supplied profile collection or list of user names (Overloaded)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equals</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>FindInactiveProfilesByUserName</td>
<td>Retrieves inactive profile information for the specified user name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FindProfilesByUserName</td>
<td>Retrieves profile information for the specified user name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetAllInactiveProfiles</td>
<td>Retrieves all profile information for profiles with the last activity date on or before the specified date and time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetAllProfiles</td>
<td>Retrieves all profile information from the data source</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetHashCode</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetNumberOfInactiveProfiles</td>
<td>Returns the count of profiles where the last activity date is on or before the specified date and time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetPropertyValues</td>
<td>Retrieves profile properties and values from the Oracle profile database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetType</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initialize</td>
<td>Initializes the OracleProfileProvider instance with the property values specified in the ASP.NET application configuration file (web.config)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SetPropertyValues</td>
<td>Updates the Oracle profile database with the specified profile property values</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ToString</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly” on page 1-4
- OracleProfileProvider Class
- OracleProfileProvider Members

DeleteInactiveProfiles

This method deletes user profile data that has its last activity date on or before the specified date and time.

Declaration

// C#            
public override int DeleteInactiveProfiles(ProfileAuthenticationOption profileAuthenticationOption, DateTime inactiveSinceDateTime);
Parameters

- **profileAuthenticationOption**
  
  The options are Anonymous, Authenticated, or All, to indicate which profiles to delete.

- **inactiveSinceDateTime**
  
  The cut-off date and time that indicate a profile is inactive.

Return Value

An integer value that indicates the number of inactive profiles deleted from the data source.

Remarks

This method deletes inactive profile data from the data source for the application specified by the `applicationName` attribute in the configuration file. The `profileAuthenticationOption` parameter specifies whether to search only anonymous profiles, only authenticated profiles, or all profiles. This method deletes any profile with a last activity date and time occurring on or before the specified `inactiveSinceDateTime` parameter value.

The delete profiles operation is a transactional operation. If an error is encountered, the transaction is rolled back and no changes are made.

**See Also:**

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleProfileProvider Class
- OracleProfileProvider Members

**DeleteProfiles**

This method deletes profile properties and information from the data source for the supplied profile collection or list of user names.

**Overload List**

- **DeleteProfiles(ProfileInfoCollection)**
  
  This method deletes profile properties and information from the data source for the supplied profile collection.

- **DeleteProfiles(string[])**
  
  This method deletes profile properties and information from the data source for the supplied list of user names.

**See Also:**

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleProfileProvider Class
- OracleProfileProvider Members

**DeleteProfiles(ProfileInfoCollection)**

This method deletes profile properties and information from the data source for the supplied profile collection.
Declaration

// C#
public override int DeleteProfiles(ProfileInfoCollection profileInfoCollection);

Parameters

- profileInfoCollection

  A ProfileInfoCollection object that contains profile information for profiles to be deleted.

Return Value

An integer value indicating the number of profiles that were deleted from the data source.

Exceptions

ArgumentException - One of the following conditions exists:

- The value of Count in the profileInfoCollection parameter is 0.
- One of the ProfileInfo objects in the profileInfoCollection collection has an invalid UserName property, such as an empty string, exceeds 256 characters, or contains a comma.

ArgumentNullException - One of the following conditions exists:

- The profileInfoCollection parameter is a null reference.
- One of the ProfileInfo objects in profileInfoCollection collection has a UserName property that is a null reference.

Remarks

This method deletes all profile properties and information for the supplied profile collection from the data source for the application specified by the applicationName attribute in the configuration file. A ProfileInfoCollection object can be obtained from the GetAllProfiles, GetAllInactiveProfiles, FindProfilesByUserName, and FindInactiveProfilesByUserName methods.

The value returned may be different from the Count value of the supplied collection, because some of the profiles in the supplied collection are no longer found in the data source.

The delete profiles operation is a transactional operation. If an error is encountered, the transaction is rolled back and no changes are made.

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleProfileProvider Class
- OracleProfileProvider Members

DeleteProfiles(string[])

This method deletes profile properties and information from the data source for the supplied list of user names.

Declaration

// C#
public override int DeleteProfiles(string[] userNames);

**Parameters**
- **userNames**
  A string array of user names whose profiles are to be deleted.

**Return Value**
An integer value indicating the number of profiles that were deleted from the data source.

**Exceptions**
- **ArgumentNullException** - The `userNames` parameter is a null reference or one of the items in `userNames` array has a null reference.
- **ArgumentException** - One of the following conditions exists:
  - The length of the `userNames` array is 0.
  - One of the items in the `userNames` array has an invalid user name, such as an empty string, exceeds 256 characters, or contains a comma.
  - There are duplicated user names in the `userNames` array.

**Remarks**
This method deletes all profile properties and information from the data source for the supplied list of user names for the application specified by the `applicationName` attribute in the configuration file.

The value returned may be different from the length of the supplied string array of user names because some of the profiles are no longer found in the data source.

The delete profiles operation is a transactional operation. If an error is encountered, then the transaction is rolled back and no changes are made.

**See Also:**
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleProfileProvider Class
- OracleProfileProvider Members

**FindInactiveProfilesByUserName**
This method retrieves inactive profile information for the specified user name.

**Declaration**
```csharp
// C#
public override ProfileInfoCollection FindInactiveProfilesByUserName
(ProfileAuthenticationOption profileAuthenticationOption, string userName,
DateTime inactiveSinceDateTime, int pageIndex, int pageSize,
out int totalRecords);```

**Parameters**
- **profileAuthenticationOption**
Anonymous, Authenticated, or All profiles to be searched to find inactive profiles.

- **userName**
  The user name to match.

- **inactiveSinceDateTime**
  The cut-off date and time that indicate a profile is inactive.

- **pageIndex**
  The zero-based index of the results page.

- **pageSize**
  The size of the page of the results page.

- **totalRecords**
  The total number of profiles.

**Return Value**
A `ProfileInfoCollection` object that contains inactive user profiles where the user name matches the supplied user name.

**Exceptions**
*ArgumentException* - One of the following conditions exists:

- The `userName` parameter is an empty string or exceeds 256 characters.
- The `pageSize` parameter is less than 1.
- The `pageIndex` parameter is less than 0 or `pageIndex` multiplied by `pageSize` is larger than the `Int32.MaxValue`.

*ArgumentNullException* - The `userName` parameter is a null reference.

**Remarks**
This method retrieves inactive profiles from the data source for the application specified by the `applicationName` attribute in the configuration file. The `profileAuthenticationOption` parameter specifies whether to search only anonymous profiles, only authenticated profiles, or all profiles. The `OracleProfileProvider` object searches for a match of the supplied `userName` parameter using the LIKE keyword and supports wildcard characters using the percent sign (%). This method retrieves profiles with a last activity date and time on or before the specified `inactiveSinceDateTime` parameter value.

The results returned by this method are constrained by the `pageIndex` and `pageSize` parameters. The `pageSize` parameter identifies the number of `ProfileInfo` objects to return in the `ProfileInfoCollection` object. The `pageIndex` parameter identifies which page of results to return. The `totalRecords` parameter is an out parameter for the total number of inactive user profiles that match the `userName` and `inactiveSinceDateTime` parameters.

**See Also:**
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- `OracleProfileProvider` Class
- `OracleProfileProvider` Members
FindProfilesByUserName

This method retrieves profile information for the specified user name.

Declaration

// C#
public override ProfileInfoCollection FindProfilesByUserName
(ProfileAuthenticationOption profileAuthenticationOption, string userName,
int pageIndex, int pageSize, out int totalRecords);

Parameters

■ profileAuthenticationOption
Anonymous, Authenticated, or All profiles to be searched to find active profiles.
■ userName
The user name to match.
■ pageIndex
The zero-based index of the results page.
■ pageSize
The size of the page of results page.
■ totalRecords
The total number of profiles.

Return Value
A ProfileInfoCollection object that contains user profiles where the user name matches the supplied user name.

Exceptions

ArgumentException - One of the following conditions exists:
■ The userName parameter is an empty string or exceeds 256 characters.
■ The pageSize parameter value is less than 1.
■ The pageIndex parameter value is less than 0 or pageIndex multiplied by pageSize is larger than Int32.MaxValue.

ArgumentNullException - The userName parameter is a null reference.

Remarks

This method retrieves profiles from the data source for the application specified by the applicationName attribute in the configuration file. The profileAuthenticationOption parameter specifies whether to search only anonymous profiles, only authenticated profiles, or all profiles. The OracleProfileProvider object searches for a match of the userName parameter supplied using the LIKE keyword and supports wildcard characters using the percent sign (%).

The results returned by this method are constrained by the pageIndex and pageSize parameters. The pageSize parameter identifies the number of ProfileInfo objects to return in the ProfileInfoCollection object. The pageIndex parameter identifies which results page to return. The totalRecords
parameter is an out parameter for the total number of inactive user profiles that matched the userName parameter.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleProfileProvider Class
- OracleProfileProvider Members

GetAllInactiveProfiles

This method retrieves all profile information for profiles with the last activity date on or before the specified date and time.

Declaration

// C#
public override ProfileInfoCollection GetAllInactiveProfiles
(ProfileAuthenticationOption profileAuthenticationOption, DateTime inactiveSinceDateTime, int pageIndex, int pageSize, out int totalRecords);

Parameters

- profileAuthenticationOption
  Anonymous, Authenticated, or All profiles to be searched.
- inactiveSinceDateTime
  The cut-off date and time that indicate a profile in inactive.
- pageIndex
  The zero-based index of the results page.
- pageSize
  The size of the page of the results page.
- totalRecords
  The total number of profiles.

Return Value

A ProfileInfoCollection object that contains inactive user profiles that matches the supplied inactive date and time.

Exceptions

ArgumentException - One of the following conditions exists:

- The pageSize parameter value is less than 1.
- The pageIndex parameter value is less than 0 or pageIndex multiplied by pageSize is larger than Int32.MaxValue.

Remarks

This method retrieves inactive profiles from the data source for the application specified by the applicationName attribute in the configuration file. The profileAuthenticationOption parameter specifies whether to search only anonymous profiles, only authenticated profiles, or all profiles. This method retrieves
profiles with a last activity date and time on or before the specified `inactiveSinceDateTime` parameter value.

The returned results are constrained by the `pageIndex` and `pageSize` parameters. The `pageSize` parameter identifies the number of `ProfileInfo` objects to return in the `ProfileInfoCollection` object. The `pageIndex` parameter identifies which page of results to return. Zero identifies the first page, as the value is zero-based. The `totalRecords` parameter is an out parameter for the total number of inactive user profiles that match the `inactiveSinceDateTime` parameter.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleProfileProvider Class
- OracleProfileProvider Members

GetAllProfiles

This method retrieves all profile information from the data source.

Declaration

```csharp
// C#
public override ProfileInfoCollection GetAllProfiles(ProfileAuthenticationOption profileAuthenticationOption,
    int pageIndex, int pageSize,
    out int totalRecords);
```

Parameters

- `profileAuthenticationOption`
  Anonymous, Authenticated, or All profiles to be searched.
- `pageIndex`
  The 0-based index of the results page.
- `pageSize`
  The size of the page of the results page
- `totalRecords`
  The total number of profiles.

Return Value

A `ProfileInfoCollection` object that contains all user profiles from the data source.

Exceptions

`ArgumentException` - One of the following conditions exists:
- The `pageSize` parameter is less than 1.
- The `pageIndex` parameter is less than 0 or `pageIndex` multiplied by `pageSize` is larger than `Int32.MaxValue`.

Remarks

This method retrieves all profiles from the data source for the application specified by the `applicationName` attribute in the configuration file. The
profileAuthenticationOption parameter specifies whether to search only anonymous profiles, only authenticated profiles, or all profiles.

The returned results are constrained by the pageIndex and pageSize parameters. The pageSize parameter identifies the number of ProfileInfo objects to return in the ProfileInfoCollection object. The pageIndex parameter identifies which page of results to return. The totalRecords parameter is an out parameter for the total number of user profiles retrieved.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleProfileProvider Class
- OracleProfileProvider Members

GetNumberOfInactiveProfiles

This method returns the count of profiles where the last activity date is on or before the specified date and time.

Declaration

// C#
public override int GetNumberOfInactiveProfiles
(ProfileAuthenticationOption profileAuthenticationOption,
 DateTime inactiveSinceDateTime);

Parameters

■ profileAuthenticationOption
  Anonymous, Authenticated, or All profiles to be searched.

■ inactiveSinceDateTime
  The cut-off date and time that indicate a profile is inactive.

Return Value

An integer value indicating the number of user profiles that match the inactive date and time supplied.

Remarks

This method returns a count of inactive profiles from the data source for the application specified by the applicationName attribute in the configuration file. The profileAuthenticationOption parameter specifies whether to search only anonymous profiles, only authenticated profiles, or all profiles. Of the searched user profiles, any profiles with a last activity date and time on or before the specified inactiveSinceDateTime parameter value are counted.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleProfileProvider Class
- OracleProfileProvider Members
GetPropertyValues

This method retrieves profile properties and values from the Oracle profile database.

Declaration

```csharp
// C#
public override SettingsPropertyValueCollection GetPropertyValues(SettingsContext settingsContext, SettingsPropertyCollection settingsPropertyCollection);
```

Parameters

- `settingsContext`
  The `SettingsContext` object that contains user profile information.

- `settingsPropertyCollection`
  The `SettingsPropertyCollection` object that contains profile information for the properties to be retrieved.

Return Value

A `SettingsPropertyValueCollection` object that contains profile property information and values.

Remarks

This method retrieves profile properties and values from the Oracle database for the user profile specified by the context. Profile properties and values are returned as a collection of `SettingsPropertyValue` objects.

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleProfileProvider Class
- OracleProfileProvider Members

Initialize

This method initializes the `OracleProfileProvider` instance with the property values specified in the ASP.NET application configuration file (`web.config`).

Declaration

```csharp
// C#
public override void Initialize(string name, NameValueCollection config);
```

Parameters

- `name`
  The name of the `OracleProfileProvider` instance to initialize.

- `config`
  A collection of the name/value pairs representing the provider-specific attributes specified in the configuration for the provider.

Exceptions

- `ArgumentNullException` - The `config` parameter is a null reference.
OracleProfileProvider Public Methods

HttpException - The current trust level is less than Low.

InvalidOperationException - An attempt is made to call the Initialize method on a provider that has already been initialized.

ArgumentNullException - The config parameter is a null.

System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderException - One of the following conditions is true in the application configuration file:

- The connectionStringName attribute is empty or does not exist in the application configuration file.
- The value of the connection string for the connectionStringName attribute is empty or the specified connectionStringName value does not exist in the application configuration file.
- The applicationName attribute value exceeds 256 characters.
- The application configuration file for this OracleProfileProvider instance contains an unrecognized attribute.

Remarks
The Initialize method sets options and property values for the provider instance, including provider-specific values and options specified in the machine configuration file (machine.config) or the ASP.NET application configuration file (web.config).

The Initialize method is not intended to be called directly by the application.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleProfileProvider Class
- OracleProfileProvider Members

SetPropertyValues
This method updates the Oracle profile database with the specified profile property values.

Declaration

// C#
public override void SetPropertyValues(SettingsContext settingsContext, SettingsPropertyValueCollection settingsPropertyValueCollection);

Parameters

- settingsContext
  The SettingsContext object that contains user profile information.

- settingsPropertyValueCollection
  A SettingsPropertyValueCollection object that contains profile information and values for updating the user profile properties.

Remarks
ASP.NET profile services use this method to update profile properties and values in the Oracle database for the user profile specified by the context.
Property values are set at the data source for the application specified by the applicationName attribute in the configuration file. Profile properties and values to be updated are specified as a collection of SettingsPropertyValue objects.

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleProfileProvider Class
- OracleProfileProvider Members
This chapter describes the OracleWebEventProvider class.

See Also: ASP.NET health monitoring and web event provider

This chapter contains the following topic:

- OracleWebEventProvider Class
The OracleWebEventProvider class allows ASP.NET applications to store Web events in an Oracle database.

**Class Inheritance**
System.Object
  System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderBase

**Declaration**
// C#
public class OracleWebEventProvider : BufferedWebEventProvider

**Thread Safety**
All public static methods are thread-safe, although instance members are not guaranteed to be thread-safe.

**Remarks**
This class allows ASP.NET applications to store Web event information in an Oracle database.

**Example**
The following is a web.config example for an ASP.NET application that uses the OracleWebEventProvider class as the default provider. This configuration uses the connection string and default attribute values specified in the machine.config file.

Applications must provide any required configuration entries for event mapping, buffer modes, and rules in the web.config file, because the machine.config file does not provide these configuration entries. The following web.config file provides an example:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<configuration xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/.NetConfiguration/v2.0">
  <system.web>
    <healthmonitoring enabled="true"/>
    <bufferModes>
      <add name="Notification"
        maxBufferSize="1000"
        maxFlushSize="200"
        urgentFlushThreshold="500"
        regularFlushInterval="00:00:6"
        urgentFlushInterval="00:00:03"
        maxBufferThreads="1"/>
    </bufferModes>
    <eventMappings>
      <add name="CustomEvent"
        type="CustomEventSource.CustomEvent, CustomEventSource"/>
    </eventMappings>
  </system.web>
</configuration>
```
<rules>
  <add name="CustomRule"
    eventName="CustomEvent"
    provider="OracleWebEventProvider"
    minInterval="00:00:00"/>
</rules>
</healthMonitoring>
</system.web>
</configuration>

The following is a web.config example for an ASP.NET application that uses an OracleWebEventProvider class as the default provider, using customized settings for the connection string name and application name, and an application-specific connection string, along with other configurations as described in the previous example:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<configuration xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/.NetConfiguration/v2.0">
  <connectionStrings>
    <add name="my_webevent_app_con_string" connectionString="User Id=scott;Password=tiger;Data Source=Oracle"/>
  </connectionStrings>
  <system.web>
    <!-- Enable and customize OracleWebEventProvider -->
    <healthMonitoring enabled="true">
      <providers>
        <add name="CustomOracleWebEventProvider"
          connectionStringName="my_webevent_app_con_string"
          bufferMode="CustomBufferMode">
        </providers>
        <bufferModes>
          <add name="CustomBufferMode"
            maxBufferSize="1000"
            maxFlushSize="200"
            urgentFlushThreshold="500"
            regularFlushInterval="00:00:06"
            urgentFlushInterval="00:00:03"
            maxBufferThreads="1"/>
        </bufferModes>
        <eventMappings>
          <add name="CustomEvent"
            type="CustomEventSource.CustomEvent, CustomEventSource"/>
        </eventMappings>
        <rules>
          <add name="CustomRule"
            eventName="CustomEvent"
            provider="CustomOracleWebEventProvider"
            minInterval="00:00:00"/>
        </rules>
      </providers>
    </healthMonitoring>
  </system.web>
</configuration>

Note that the applicationName attribute should be set to a unique value for each ASP.NET application.
Requirements

Assembly: Oracle.Web.dll

Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Version: Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 2.0 and Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 4

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleWebEventProvider Members
- OracleWebEventProvider Constructors
- OracleWebEventProvider Static Methods
- OracleWebEventProvider Public Properties
- OracleWebEventProvider Public Methods
OracleWebEventProvider Members

OracleWebEventProvider members are listed in the following tables.

OracleWebEventProvider Constructors
The OracleWebEventProvider constructor is listed in Table 7–1.

Table 7–1 OracleWebEventProvider Constructor

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Constructor</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OracleWebEventProvider Constructors</td>
<td>Instantiates a new instance of the OracleWebEventProvider class</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OracleWebEventProvider Static Methods
OracleWebEventProvider static methods are listed in Table 7–2.

Table 7–2 OracleWebEventProvider Static Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Static Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Equals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object (Overloaded)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ReferenceEquals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OracleWebEventProvider Public Properties
OracleWebEventProvider public properties are listed in Table 7–3.

Table 7–3 OracleWebEventProvider Public Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Properties</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BufferMode</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.Management.BufferedWebEventProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CommandTimeout</td>
<td>Gets the number of seconds that the command is allowed to execute before it is terminated with an exception</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderBase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderBase</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OracleWebEventProvider Public Methods
OracleWebEventProvider public methods are listed in Table 7–4.

Table 7–4 OracleWebEventProvider Public Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Method</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Initialize</td>
<td>Initializes the OracleWebEventProvider instance with the property values specified in the ASP.NET application configuration file</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessEvent</td>
<td>Processes the event passed to it as an argument</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessEventFlush</td>
<td>Flushes the information passed to it as an argument</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shutdown</td>
<td>Releases all resources</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 7–4  (Cont.) OracleWebEventProvider Public Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Method</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flush</td>
<td>Inherited from <code>System.BufferedWebEventProvider</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equals(Overloaded)</td>
<td>Inherited from <code>System.Object</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetHashCode</td>
<td>Inherited from <code>System.Object</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetType</td>
<td>Inherited from <code>System.Object</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ToString</td>
<td>Inherited from <code>System.Object</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleWebEventProvider Class
OracleWebEventProvider Class

OracleWebEventProvider Class

OracleWebEventProvider Constructors

This constructor creates an instance of the OracleWebEventProvider class.

**Overload List:**

- **OracleWebEventProvider()**

  This constructor creates an instance of the OracleWebEventProvider class.
  
  **See Also:**
  
  - "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
  - OracleWebEventProvider Class
  - OracleWebEventProvider Members

OracleWebEventProvider()

This constructor creates an instance of the OracleWebEventProvider class.

**Declaration**

```csharp
// C#
public OracleWebEventProvider();
```

**Remarks**

This constructor creates a new instance of the OracleWebEventProvider class.

**See Also:**

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleWebEventProvider Class
- OracleWebEventProvider Members
OracleWebEventProvider Static Methods

The OracleWebEventProvider static methods are listed in Table 7-5.

Table 7-5  OracleWebEventProvider Static Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Static Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Equals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object (Overloaded)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ReferenceEquals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleWebEventProvider Class
- OracleWebEventProvider Members
OracleWebEventProvider Public Properties

The OracleWebEventProvider public properties are listed in Table 7–6.

Table 7–6  OracleWebEventProvider Public Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Properties</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BufferMode</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.Management.BufferedWebEventProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CommandTimeout</td>
<td>Gets the number of seconds that the command is allowed to execute before it is terminated with an exception</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderBase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderBase</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleWebEventProvider Class
- OracleWebEventProvider Members

CommandTimeout

This property gets the number of seconds that the command is allowed to execute before it is terminated with an exception.

Declaration

// C#
public int CommandTimeout {get;}

Property Value

An int.

Remarks

To customize a provider, ASP.NET developers can set an integer value for this property through the web.config file using the commandTimeout attribute. The default value is 30 seconds. The attribute name in the configuration file is case-sensitive.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleWebEventProvider Class
- OracleWebEventProvider Members
OracleWebEventProvider Public Methods

The OracleWebEventProvider public methods are listed in Table 7–7.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Method</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Initialize</td>
<td>Initializes the OracleWebEventProvider instance with the property values specified in the ASP.NET application configuration file.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessEvent</td>
<td>Processes the event passed to it as an argument.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessEventFlush</td>
<td>Flushes the information passed to it as an argument.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shutdown</td>
<td>Releases all resources.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flush</td>
<td>Inherited from System.BufferedWebEventProvider.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equals(Overloaded)</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetHashCode</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetType</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ToString</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleWebEventProvider Class
- OracleWebEventProvider Members

Initialize

This method initializes the OracleWebEventProvider instance with the property values specified in the ASP.NET application configuration file (web.config).

Declaration

// C#
public override void Initialize(string name, NameValueCollection config);

Parameters

- name
  The name of the OracleWebEventProvider instance to initialize.

- config
  A Systems.Collections.Specialized.NameValueCollection object that contains the names and values of configuration options for the OracleWebEventProvider.

Exceptions

- InvalidOperationException - If the OracleWebEventProvider instance is already initialized.
- ProviderException - One of the following conditions exists:
  - The connectionStringName attribute in the configuration file is null or empty.
OracleWebEventProvider Class

- The connection string corresponding to value of the `connectionStringName` attribute is null or empty.
- An unrecognized attribute is found in the configuration file.
- Another error occurs during initialization of the provider.

Remarks
The `Initialize` method is not intended to be called directly by the application.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleWebEventProvider Class
- OracleWebEventProvider Members

ProcessEvent
This method processes the event passed to it as an argument.

Declaration

```csharp
// C#
public override void ProcessEvent(WebBaseEvent eventRaised);
```

Parameters
- `eventRaised`
  The `WebBaseEvent` object to be processed.

Remarks
This method is called by ASP.NET applications to start event processing. If buffering is enabled, then the event is added to the buffer of events, otherwise, the event information is directly written into Oracle Database.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleWebEventProvider Class
- OracleWebEventProvider Members

ProcessEventFlush
This method flushes the information passed to it as an argument.

Declaration

```csharp
// C#
public override void ProcessEventFlush(WebEventBufferFlushInfo flushEvent);
```

Parameters
- `flushEvent`
  The `WebEventBufferFlushInfo` object that contains a collection of buffered Web events.
Remarks
This method is called by ASP.NET applications to flush all events into Oracle Database.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleWebEventProvider Class
- OracleWebEventProvider Members

Shutdown
This method releases all resources.

Declaration

// C#
public override void Shutdown();

Remarks
This method is called by ASP.NET applications when the provider is unloaded. All the buffered events are first flushed into Oracle Database before the provider proceeds with shutdown.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleWebEventProvider Class
- OracleWebEventProvider Members
This chapter describes the `OraclePersonalizationProvider` class.

See Also:

- ASP.NET Web Parts
  [http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/e0s9t4ck.aspx](http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/e0s9t4ck.aspx)
- ASP.NET Web Parts Personalization

This chapter contains the following topic:

- `OraclePersonalizationProvider Class`
OraclePersonalizationProvider Class

The OraclePersonalizationProvider class enables ASP.NET developers to store Web parts personalization information in an Oracle database.

Class Inheritance
System.Object
  System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderBase

Declaration
// C#
public class OraclePersonalizationProvider : PersonalizationProvider

Thread Safety
All public static methods are thread-safe, although instance members are not guaranteed to be thread-safe.

Remarks
This class allows ASP.NET applications to store and manage personalization information in an Oracle database.

Example
The following is a web.config example for an ASP.NET application that uses an OraclePersonalizationProvider as the default provider. This configuration uses the connection string and default attribute values specified in the machine.config file.

```xml
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<configuration xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/.NetConfiguration/v2.0">
  <system.web>
    <webParts>
      <personalization defaultProvider="OraclePersonalizationProvider"/>
    </webParts>
  </system.web>
</configuration>
```

The following is a web.config example for an ASP.NET application that uses an OraclePersonalizationProvider as the default provider, with customized settings and an application-specific connection string:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<configuration xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/.NetConfiguration/v2.0">
  <connectionStrings>
    <add name="my_personalization_app_con_string" connectionString="User Id=scott;Password=tiger;Data Source=Oracle"/>
  </connectionStrings>
  <system.web>
    <webParts>
      <!-- Enable and customize OraclePersonalizationProvider -->
    </webParts>
  </system.web>
</configuration>
```
<personalization defaultProvider="CustomOraclePersonalizationProvider">  
<providers>  
<add name="CustomOraclePersonalizationProvider"  
type="Oracle.Web.Personalization.OraclePersonalizationProvider,  
Oracle.Web, Version=2.112.2.0, Culture=neutral,  
PublicKeyToken=89b483f429c47342"  
connectionStringName="my_personalization_app_con_string"  
applicationName="my_personalization_app"/>  
</providers>  
</personalization>  
</webParts>  
</system.web>  
</configuration>

Note that the applicationName attribute should be set to a unique value for each ASP.NET application.

Requirements
Namespace: Oracle.Web.Personalization
Assembly: Oracle.Web.dll
Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Version: Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 2.0 and Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 4

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Members
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Constructors
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Static Methods
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Public Properties
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Public Methods
OraclePersonalizationProvider Members

OraclePersonalizationProvider members are listed in the following tables.

OraclePersonalizationProvider Constructors
The OraclePersonalizationProvider constructor is listed in Table 8–1.

Table 8–1 OraclePersonalizationProvider Constructor

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Constructor</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OraclePersonalizationProvider</td>
<td>Instantiates a new instance of the OraclePersonalizationProvider class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Constructors</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OraclePersonalizationProvider Static Methods
OraclePersonalizationProvider static methods are listed in Table 8–2.

Table 8–2 OraclePersonalizationProvider Static Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Static Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Equals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ReferenceEquals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OraclePersonalizationProvider Public Properties
OraclePersonalizationProvider public properties are listed in Table 8–3.

Table 8–3 OraclePersonalizationProvider Public Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Properties</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ApplicationName</td>
<td>Gets or sets the name of the application that is used to specify personalization information specific to an application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CommandTimeout</td>
<td>Gets the number of seconds that the command is allowed to execute before it is terminated with an exception</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.Providerbase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.Providerbase</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OraclePersonalizationProvider Public Methods
OraclePersonalizationProvider public methods are listed in Table 8–4.

Table 8–4 OraclePersonalizationProvider Public Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FindState</td>
<td>Returns a collection containing zero or more PersonalizationStateInfo-derived objects based on scope and specific query parameters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetCountOfState</td>
<td>Returns the number of rows in the underlying Oracle database that are within the specified scope</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initialize</td>
<td>Initializes the Oracle personalization provider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object (Overloaded)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## OraclePersonalizationProvider Public Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ResetState</td>
<td>Deletes personalization state information from the underlying data source, based on the specified parameters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ResetUserState</td>
<td>Deletes user personalization data from the underlying Oracle data source, based on the specified parameters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetHashCode</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetType</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ToString</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SavePersonalizationState</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.UI.WebControls.WebParts.PersonalizationProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DetermineInitialScope</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.UI.WebControls.WebParts.PersonalizationProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DetermineUserCapabilities</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.UI.WebControls.WebParts.PersonalizationProvider</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Class
OraclePersonalizationProvider Constructors

OraclePersonalizationProvider constructors create instances of the OraclePersonalizationProvider class.

**Overload List:**
- **OraclePersonalizationProvider()**
  This constructor creates an instance of the OraclePersonalizationProvider class.

  **See Also:**
  - "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
  - OraclePersonalizationProvider Class
  - OraclePersonalizationProvider Members

**OraclePersonalizationProvider()**

This constructor creates an instance of the OraclePersonalizationProvider class.

**Declaration**

```csharp
public OraclePersonalizationProvider();
```

**Remarks**

ASP.NET applications call this constructor to create an instance of the OraclePersonalizationProvider class as specified in the application configuration file. Initialization values for the OraclePersonalizationProvider instance are passed through the Initialize method.

**See Also:**
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Class
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Members
OraclePersonalizationProvider Static Methods

The OraclePersonalizationProvider static methods are listed in Table 8–5.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Static Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Equals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ReferenceEquals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Class
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Members
OraclePersonalizationProvider Public Properties

The OraclePersonalizationProvider public properties are listed in Table 8–6.

Table 8–6  OraclePersonalizationProvider Public Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Properties</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ApplicationName</td>
<td>Gets or sets the name of the application that is used to specify personalization information specific to an application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CommandTimeout</td>
<td>Gets the number of seconds that the command is allowed to execute before it is terminated with an exception</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.Providerbase</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Configuration.Provider.Providerbase</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Class
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Members

ApplicationName

This property gets or sets the name of the application that the personalization information is specific to.

Declaration

// C#
public override string ApplicationName {get; set;}

Property Value

The name of the application. If the applicationName attribute is not specified in the application configuration file, or if the value is an empty string, then this property is set to the application virtual path.

Exceptions

HttpException - The caller does not have high trust for ASP.NET hosting.

ProviderException - The ApplicationName string is greater than 256 characters.

Remarks

The main purpose of the ApplicationName property is to scope the data managed by OraclePersonalizationProvider object. Applications that specify the same ApplicationName string when configuring the Web parts personalization service share personalization state, but applications that specify unique ApplicationName strings do not. The OraclePersonalizationProvider must associate the personalization state with application names so operations performed on personalization data sources can be scoped accordingly.
The following example shows typical code that the OraclePersonalizationProvider might use to retrieve the personalization state for a user named Scott and an application named App:

```sql
SELECT * FROM PersonalizationState
WHERE UserName='Scott' AND Path='~/Default.aspx'
AND ApplicationName='App'
```

The final AND in the WHERE clause ensures that other applications that contain personalization state keyed by the same user name and path do not conflict with the App application.

If no value is specified for the applicationName attribute in the configuration file, then the default is the ApplicationPath property value for the current request. The attribute name in the configuration file is case-sensitive.

The ApplicationName property is not thread-safe. It is recommended that application code not allow users to set the ApplicationName property in Web applications.

**See Also:**
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Class
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Members

### CommandTimeout

This property gets the number of seconds that the command is allowed to execute before it is terminated with an exception.

**Declaration**

```csharp
// C#
public int CommandTimeout {get;}
```

**Property Value**

An int.

**Remarks**

To customize a provider, ASP.NET developers can set an integer value for this property through the web.config file using the commandTimeout attribute. The default value is 30 seconds. The attribute name in the configuration file is case-sensitive.

**See Also:**
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Class
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Members
OraclePersonalizationProvider Public Methods

The OraclePersonalizationProvider public methods are listed in Table 8–7.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FindState</td>
<td>Returns a collection containing zero or more PersonalizationUserInfo-derived objects based on scope and specific query parameters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetCountOfState</td>
<td>Returns the number of rows in the underlying Oracle database that are within the specified scope.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initialize</td>
<td>Initializes the Oracle personalization provider.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object (Overloaded)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ResetState</td>
<td>Deletes personalization state information from the underlying data source, based on the specified parameters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ResetUserState</td>
<td>Deletes user personalization data from the underlying Oracle data source, based on the specified parameters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetHashCode</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetType</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ToString</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SavePersonalizationState</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.UI.WebControls.WebParts.PersonalizationProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DetermineInitialScope</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.UI.WebControls.WebParts.PersonalizationProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DetermineUserCapabilities</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Web.UI.WebControls.WebParts.PersonalizationProvider</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Class
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Members

FindState

This method returns a collection containing zero or more PersonalizationUserInfo-derived objects based on scope and specific query parameters.

Declaration

```
// C#
public override PersonalizationUserInfoCollection FindState(PersonalizationScope scope, PersonalizationStateQuery query, int pageIndex, int pageSize,
```
out int totalRecords);

Parameters

- scope
  The scope of query (User or Shared) for personalization information. This cannot be a null reference.

- query
  The query to be used for filtering personalization information. This can be a null reference.

- pageIndex
  The location where the query starts.

- pageSize
  The number of records to return.

- totalRecords
  The total number of records available.

Return Value

A PersonalizationStateInfoCollection object containing zero or more PersonalizationStateInfo-derived objects.

Exceptions

- ArgumentOutOfRangeException - The scope contains a value other than PersonalizationScope.User or PersonalizationScope.Shared.
- OracleException - An Oracle-related error has occurred.
- ArgumentException - One of the following conditions exists:
  - The value of the pageSize parameter is 0 or 1.
  - The pageIndex or pageSize parameter is less than 0.
  - (pageIndex * pageSize + pageSize) - 1) is greater than Int32.MaxValue. -1 accounts for zero-based indexing of records.

Remarks

The PersonalizationStateInfo-derived objects should be returned in alphabetic order and sorted by a combination of their Path and Username property values, both in ascending order.

This method passes the query wildcard characters to the underlying Oracle database. The database performs a wildcard search on a partial path with the wildcard character appearing at the beginning, the end, or the middle of the search string text in the PathToMatch property of the query parameter. For example, setting the PathToMatch property to ~/appdir% finds all paths that start with ~/appdir.

Likewise, in a wildcard search on a partial user name, the wildcard character can appear at any point in the text string of the UsernameToMatch property of the query parameter. For example, to find all user names that start with scott, the UsernameToMatch parameter looks like scott%.

The following query rules must be followed:
- If only the `scope` parameter is provided, and the `query` parameter is null or all the properties on the `query` parameter return either a null reference or default values, then all records matching the indicated `scope` parameter are returned.

- If the `PathToMatch` property is not a null reference, then the returned records are also filtered based on paths that match the `PathToMatch` value.

- If the `UsernameToMatch` property is not a null reference, then the returned records are also filtered based on user names that match the `UsernameToMatch` property value.

- If the `UserInactiveSinceDate` property is not equal to the `MaxValue`, then the records returned are also filtered to return only those records associated with inactive users. The comparison includes records where the `LastActivityDate` property is less than or equal to the `UserInactiveSinceDate` property.

This method does not validate combinations of query parameters. For example, the application code can request a set of personalization state records associated with a specific user name in the shared scope. Because user names are not associated with shared information, the returned collection is empty.

**See Also:**
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Class
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Members

### GetCountOfState

This method returns the number of rows in the underlying Oracle database that are within the specified scope.

**Declaration**

```csharp
// C#
public override int GetCountOfState(PersonalizationScope scope,
                                  PersonalizationStateQuery query);
```

**Parameters**

- `scope`
  The scope of query (User or Shared) for personalization information. This cannot be a null reference.

- `query`
  The query to be used for filtering personalization information. This can be a null reference.

**Return Value**

The number of rows in the underlying data source that are within the specified scope parameter.

**Exceptions**

`ArgumentNullException` - The `PathToMatch` or the `UsernameToMatch` property of `query` is a non-null reference and is an empty string ("") after trimming.
ArgumentOutOfRangeException - The scope specified is not a valid value from the
PersonalizationScope enumeration.

OracleException - An Oracle-related error has occurred.

Remarks
This method passes the query wildcard characters to the underlying Oracle database.
The database performs a wildcard search on a partial path with the wildcard character
appearing at the beginning, the end, or the middle of the search string text in the
PathToMatch property of the query parameter. For example, setting the
PathToMatch property to ~/appdir% finds all paths that start with ~/appdir.

Likewise, in a wildcard search on a partial user name, the wildcard character can
appear at any point in the text string of the UsernameToMatch property of the query
parameter. For example, to find all user names that start with scott, the
UsernameToMatch parameter looks like scott%

The following query constraints must be followed:
- If only the scope parameter is provided, and the query parameter is a null
  reference or all the properties on the query parameter return either a null
  reference or default values, then all records matching the indicated scope
  parameter are returned.
- If the PathToMatch property is not a null reference, then the records returned are
  also filtered based on paths that match the PathToMatch value.
- If the UsernameToMatch property is not a null reference, then the returned
  records are also filtered based on user names that match the UsernameToMatch
  property value.
- If the UserInactiveSinceDate property is not equal to the MaxValue, then the
  returned records are also filtered to return only those records associated with
  inactive users. The comparison includes records where the LastActivityDate
  property is less than or equal to the UserInactiveSinceDate property.

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Class
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Members

Initialize

This method initializes the OraclePersonalizationProvider with the property
values specified in the ASP.NET application configuration file (web.config).

Declaration

```
// C#
public override void Initialize(string name, NameValueCollection config);
```

Parameters

- `name`
  The friendly name of the provider.
- `config`
  A collection of the name/value pairs configuration options for this provider.
Exceptions

HttpException - The current trust level is less than Low.

InvalidOperationException - An attempt is made to call the Initialize method on a provider that has already been initialized.

ArgumentNullException - The config parameter is a null reference.

System.Configuration.Provider.ProviderException - One of the following conditions exists in the application configuration file:

- The connectionStringName attribute is empty or does not exist in the application configuration file.
- The value of the connection string for the connectionStringName attribute value is empty, or the specified connectionStringName attribute does not exist in the application configuration file.
- The applicationName attribute value exceeds 256 characters.
- The application configuration file for this OraclePersonalizationProvider instance contains an unrecognized attribute.

Remarks

The Initialize method is not intended to be called directly by the application.

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Class
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Members

ResetState

This method deletes personalization state information from the underlying data source, based on the specified parameters.

Declaration

// C#
public override int ResetState(PersonalizationScope scope, string[] paths,
string[] usernames);

Parameters

- scope
  A PersonalizationScope type indicating the personalization information to be queried. This value cannot be a null reference.
- paths
  The paths for personalization information in the shared scope parameter to be deleted.
- usernames
  The user names for personalization information in the user scope parameter to be deleted.
Return Value

The number of rows deleted.

Exceptions

ArgumentOutOfRangeException - The `scope` parameter specified is not a member of the `PersonalizationScope` enumeration value.

OracleException - An Oracle-related error has occurred.

ArgumentException - Either of the following conditions exists:

- The `paths` or `usernames` parameter is an empty array.
- Elements of the `paths` or `usernames` arrays do not meet the validation rules. Validation rules are discussed in the following Remarks section.

Remarks

This method performs its operations as a single, atomic transaction.

Any `paths` and `usernames` elements contained within the respective arrays must meet the following validation rules. If a validation rule fails for any member of the parameter arrays, then an `ArgumentException` exception is thrown. The validation rules are:

- Null reference values are not allowed.
- An empty string ("") is not allowed. Parameters should be trimmed prior to performing an empty string check.
- The `usernames` array cannot contain a comma (,).

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly” on page 1-4
- `OraclePersonalizationProvider Class`
- `OraclePersonalizationProvider Members`

ResetUserState

This method deletes user personalization data from the underlying Oracle data source, based on the specified parameters.

Declaration

```csharp
// C#
public override int ResetUserState(string path, DateTime userInactiveSinceDate);
```

Parameters

- `path`

  The path of the personalization data to be deleted. This value can be a null reference but cannot be an empty string ("").

- `userInactiveSinceDate`

  The date that indicates the last activity.

Return Value

The count of rows deleted from the underlying Oracle data source.
Exceptions

ArgumentException - The path parameter is an empty string.

OracleException - An Oracle-related error has occurred.

Remarks

The parameters of this method have the following restrictions:

- The path parameter cannot contain wildcard characters.
- If the path parameter is a non-null reference, then only per-user personalization records associated with the path parameter are deleted.
- Only per-user personalization records associated with users that are considered inactive since the date specified in the userInactiveSinceDate parameter are deleted. The exact comparison deletes records where the Last Activity Date property is less than or equal to the userInactiveSinceDate parameter.
- If both parameters are provided, then records that match both constraints are deleted.
- The path parameter can be a null reference.
- The path parameter cannot be an empty string after trimming.
- The userInactiveSinceDate parameter cannot be a null reference.

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Class
- OraclePersonalizationProvider Members
OracleCacheDependency Provider

This chapter describes the OracleCacheDependency class.

See Also: ASP.NET CacheDependency class

This chapter contains the following topic:

OracleCacheDependency Class
OracleCacheDependency Class

The OracleCacheDependency object enables ASP.NET applications to invalidate cached items based on changes made in an Oracle database.

**Class Inheritance**

System.Object


**Declaration**

// C#
public sealed class OracleCacheDependency : CacheDependency

**Thread Safety**

All public static methods are thread-safe, although instance members are not guaranteed to be thread-safe.

**Remarks**

This class invalidates data that is cached by ASP.NET applications, based on changes in the Oracle database.

This feature uses the Oracle Database Change Notification feature and requires Oracle Database release 10.2 or later.

The user must have the CHANGE NOTIFICATION privilege, which can be granted with the following SQL statement:

GRANT change notification TO username;

**Requirements**

Namespace: Oracle.Web.Caching

Assembly: Oracle.Web.dll

Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Version: Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 2.0 and Oracle Providers for ASP.NET 4

**See Also:**

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleCacheDependency Members
- OracleCacheDependency Constructors
- OracleCacheDependency Properties
- OracleCacheDependency Methods
OracleCacheDependency Members

OracleCacheDependency members are listed in the following tables.

OracleCacheDependency Constructors
The OracleCacheDependency constructor is listed in Table 9–1.

Table 9–1 OracleCacheDependency Constructor

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Constructor</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OracleCacheDependency</td>
<td>Instantiates a new instance of the OracleCacheDependency class</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OracleCacheDependency Properties
OracleCacheDependency properties are listed in Table 9–2.

Table 9–2 OracleCacheDependency Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Properties</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HasChanged</td>
<td>Inherited from System.CacheDependency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UtcLastModified</td>
<td>Inherited from System.CacheDependency</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OracleCacheDependency Methods
OracleCacheDependency methods are listed in Table 9–3.

Table 9–3 OracleCacheDependency Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dispose</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object (Overloaded)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetHashCode</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetType</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetUniqueID</td>
<td>Returns a unique identifier for the OracleCacheDependency object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ReferenceEquals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ToString</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleCacheDependency Class
OracleCacheDependency Constructors

This constructor instantiates a new instance of the OracleCacheDependency class.

Overload List:

- OracleCacheDependency(OracleCommand)

  This constructor creates an instance of the OracleCacheDependency class.

  See Also:
  - "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
  - OracleCacheDependency Class
  - OracleCacheDependency Members

OracleCacheDependency(OracleCommand)

This constructor instantiates a new instance of the OracleCacheDependency class.

Declaration

// C#
public OracleCacheDependency(OracleCommand cmd);

Parameters

- cmd
  
The OracleCommand object has the command text on which the change notification is based.

Remarks

When this constructor is invoked, the OracleCacheDependency object is instantiated and the OracleCommand object is configured for change notification. When the supplied OracleCommand object is executed by the application, the change notification is registered and the OracleCacheDependency instance is notified when changes are detected on the server side.

See Also:

- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleCacheDependency Class
- OracleCacheDependency Members
OracleCacheDependency Properties

OracleCacheDependency properties are listed in Table 9–4.

Table 9–4  OracleCacheDependency Properties

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<th>Properties</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>Inherited from System.CacheDependency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UtcLastModified</td>
<td>Inherited from System.CacheDependency</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleCacheDependency Class
- OracleCacheDependency Members
OracleCacheDependency Methods

OracleCacheDependency methods are listed in Table 9–5.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Methods</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<tr>
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<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object (Overloaded)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetHashCode</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetType</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GetUniqueID</td>
<td>Returns a unique identifier for the OracleCacheDependency object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ReferenceEquals</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ToString</td>
<td>Inherited from System.Object</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleCacheDependency Class
- OracleCacheDependency Members

GetUniqueID

This method returns a string that uniquely identifies the OracleCacheDependency object.

Declaration

// C#
public override string GetUniqueID();

See Also:
- "Oracle Providers for ASP.NET Assembly" on page 1-4
- OracleCacheDependency Class
- OracleCacheDependency Members
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