# Oracle® Retail Xstore Suite 15.0/Merchandising 15.0

Implementation Guide

Release 15.0

E64570-08

January 2019



Oracle Retail Xstore Suite 15.0/Merchandising 15.0 Implementation Guide

E64570-08

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Oracle Retail Xstore Suite 15.0/Merchandising 15.0 Implementation Guide

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# **Preface**

This implementation guide describes the implementation steps that you should take when integrating the Xstore Suite with the Merchandising applications.

### **Audience**

This Implementation Guide is intended for the integrators and implementation staff, as well as the retailer's IT personnel.

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- Oracle Retail Price Management documentation set
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- Exact error message received
- Screen shots of each step you take

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http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/documentation/oracle-retail-100266.ht
ml

(Data Model documents are not available through Oracle Technology Network. You can obtain them through My Oracle Support.)

## **Conventions**

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.
italic	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.

# **Overview**

The integration of the Merchandising applications and the Xstore Suite consists of two major data flows:

- Foundation and price data from Oracle Retail Merchandising System (RMS) and Oracle Retail Price Management (RPM) to Oracle Retail Xcenter and Xstore Office
- Point of Service transactions from Oracle Retail Xstore Point of Service to Oracle Retail Sales Audit (ReSA)

In combination, these data flows represent the round trip of data between the stores and headquarters. New items, other foundation data, and prices from headquarters are communicated to Xstore. Sales and returns from Xstore are communicated to Merchandising, where these transactions impact inventory. Merchandising further integrates summarized sales and inventory information from Xstore to other Oracle Retail applications, such as Planning and Analytics.

The details of the integration are covered in the remaining sections of this guide:

- Chapter 2, "Data Flow from Merchandising to Xstore": This chapter describes the flow of data from the Merchandising applications to the Xstore applications.
- Chapter 3, "Transaction Flow from Xstore to ReSA": This chapter describes the flow of transactions from Xstore Point of Service to ReSA.
- Chapter 4, "Configuration": This chapter provides information on the configuration changes that can be made for the integration.
- Chapter 5, "Integration Considerations": This chapter covers functional and technical points about the integration that need to be taken into consideration when implementing the integration.
- Chapter 6, "RTLog Generator": This chapter covers how to install, deploy, and configure the RTLog Generator application.
- Chapter 7, "Existing Functionality Gaps": This chapter describes any functional gaps that exist between Xstore and the Merchandising applications.
- Appendix A, Appendix: POSLog to RTLog Mapping Details: This appendix provides tables that list the mappings.
- Appendix B, Appendix: Flat File Mapping: This appendix provides tables that describe the mapping from the RMS and RPM flat file format to the Xstore database format.

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# **Data Flow from Merchandising to Xstore**

This chapter covers the data flow from RMS and RPM to Xcenter/Xstore.

RMS is the source of foundation data. RMS foundation data sent to Xcenter/Xstore is limited to the following:

- Merchandise hierarchy
- Organizational hierarchy
- Store (including addresses)
- Diff IDs
- Diff groups
- Items
- VAT tax rules and item associations
- Related items

RPM is the source of pricing data. RPM pricing data sent to Xcenter/Xstore is limited to the following:

- Price changes
- **Promotions**
- Clearance prices

# **Conceptual Data Flow**

Figure 2–1 illustrates the data flow from the Merchandising applications to Xcenter/Xstore.

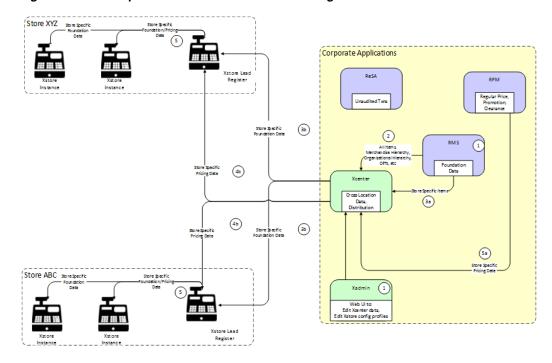


Figure 2–1 Conceptual Data Flow from Merchandising to Xstore Suite

The following steps describe the flow in Figure 2–1:

- Manual process to set up some infrequently changing foundation data in both Xstore Office and RMS, for example, currency codes.
- RMS produces foundation data consumed by Xcenter. Xcenter loads this foundation data to, among other things, facilitate cross location transactions. Xcenter loads foundation data to the appropriate lead registers at individual
- **3.** RMS produces store-specific foundation data consumed by Xcenter (3a). Xcenter does not load this data into its own repository, but instead distributes these files to the appropriate store lead registers (3b).
- RPM produces store-specific pricing data consumed by Xcenter (4a). Xcenter does not load this data into its own repository, but instead distributes these files to the appropriate store lead registers (4b).
- Lead register distributes store specific foundation data to all other Xstore instances in the store. This step occurs when the store is being closed during end of day processing.

## **Technical Implementation**

The technical implementation of the foundation/price data from Merchandising to Xcenter/Xstore consists of three main components:

- **RMS Foundation Data Extracts**
- **RPM Extracts**
- Xstore DataLoader

#### RMS Foundation Data Extracts

RMS writes data to .dat files using a series of .ksh extract scripts. These scripts support both kill/fill (full) and delta processing. Many of these scripts also support creating files that apply either to all stores (for Xcenter, to facilitate cross store processing) or store-specific files. For an example, see Figure 2–5.

There are some entity specific variations, but RMS uses a general pattern for foundation data bulk export as shown in Figure 2–2.

RMS Application UI RMS Application APIs, Back End. =(1A) Bulk Export Components (5) export\_stg\_purge SOR (A) (2B) (3 Insert/Update/ Export Program Outbound Staging Table Delta Mode Flat File Export Program Full Mode

Figure 2–2 RMS Foundation Data Bulk Export

The following steps describe the data bulk export flow shown in Figure 2–2:

- A business user using the RMS application UI (1A) or an API/Batch Process (1B) performs an insert/update/delete on a System of Record (SOR) table.
- Trigger on SOR entity table fires on insert/update/delete (2A). Trigger writes new/changed/deleted information to the outbound staging table (2B).
- In delta mode, the program reads the bulk export staging table to get recently created, modified, and deleted records and writes them to a file. Records are marked as exported.
- In full mode, the program reads all current records from the SOR table and writes them to a file. Note that recently deleted records are not part of the data set.
- export\_stg\_purge.ksh drops aged partitions from the export outbound staging tables.

**Note:** If bulk extract programs are not run for some time, it is possible that delta records will be purged without having been exported. It is important to run these jobs daily.

For more detailed information, see the following documents:

- Retail Reference Architecture available on My Oracle Support
- Oracle Retail Merchandising System Operations Guide, Volume 1 Batch Overviews and Designs

#### **RMS Batch Jobs**

The following batch jobs are used for the integration:

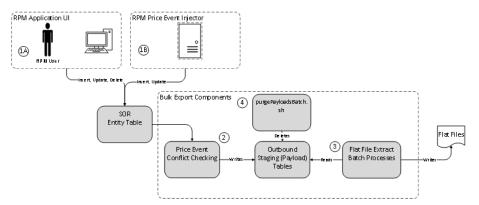
- export\_merchhier.ksh
- export\_orghier.ksh
- export\_stores.ksh
- export\_diffs.ksh
- export\_diffgrp.ksh
- export\_itemmaster.ksh
- export\_itemloc.ksh
- export\_itemvat.ksh
- export\_relitem.ksh
- export\_vat.ksh
- export\_stg\_purge.ksh

For more information, see the Oracle Retail Merchandising System Operations Guide, Volume 1 - Batch Overviews and Designs.

#### **RPM Extracts**

RPM writes data to .dat files using a set of base processes. These base processes send pricing data to both Xcenter/Xstore and Oracle Retail Store Inventory Management (SIM). This ensures consistent price information across the Xstore applications. For an example, see Figure 2–5.

Figure 2-3 RPM Extract Flow



The following steps describe the flow in Figure 2–3:

- A Pricing Analyst creates and approves price events (regular price changes, clearances, and promotion details) in the RPM UI (1A). Price events are created and approved in a bulk fashion using the Price Event Injector batch process (1B).
- With data created on the SOR tables in RPM, the conflict checking process stages data on the outbound (payload) tables (2).
- Data on the outbound staging tables is read by the flat file extraction batch processes to create delimited flat files. The associated outbound staging data is flagged as having been extracted as part of these batch processes (3).

purgePayloadsBatch.sh purges data from the staged outbound tables that has already been extracted. This purge batch is run in conjunction with the extract batch processes (4).

For more detailed information, see the following documents:

- Retail Reference Architecture available on My Oracle Support
- Oracle Retail Price Management Operations Guide

#### **RPM Batch Jobs**

The following batch jobs are used for the integration:

- RegularPriceChangePublishBatch
- PromotionPriceChangePublishBatch
- ClearancePricePublishBatch

For more information, see the *Oracle Retail Price Management Operations Guide*.

### **Data Import Flow**

The following process describes the flow of the Merchandising data file import:

- Xstore Office plays a central role in the Merchandising data importing. It periodically polls the configured auto-deploy directory on the file system. The interval is configurable, and is 15 minutes by default. For information on how to configure these settings, see the Oracle Retail Xstore Office User Guide.
- **2.** Data files (.dat) generated by the RMS/RPM extract programs are delivered to Xstore Office's auto-deploy directory in the form of a zip-format archive file using the file extension .momzip. It is the System Integrator's responsibility to create the archive, and deliver it using a preferred file transfer protocol.
- **3.** Once the archive is detected by Xstore Office, it regroups its content into deployments based on their targeted locations. For data files targeted to corporate, it invokes DataLoader immediately to import them into the Xcenter data source. For data files targeted to a store, it creates a deployment of these files to the store, and uploads them to an Apache Server for the store to download at close time. For details on the set of Merchandising files targeted to corporate or stores, see "Merchandising File Consumption by Location".
- Once a store is closed, Xenvironment of the lead register pulls down the files from the Apache server and runs DataLoader to import all the files deployed into the store primary database.

#### Xstore DataLoader

DataLoader is the Xstore component responsible for translating RPM and RMS flat files into database data that can be used by Xstore. It can consume .mnt files from third-party sources, or the foundation data batch .dat files produced by RMS and RPM.

The DataLoader interacts with Xstore Office, Xcenter, Xenvironment, and Xstore Point of Service to provide a complete automated solution for the propagation of foundation data changes to the centralized and store-level databases used in an enterprise Xstore deployment. Xstore data not supplied by RPM and RMS can also be loaded by the DataLoader using its native .mnt format.

The DataLoader is designed to adapt flat files of data into relational data that Xstore can use. These flat files are referred to generically as data files within the DataLoader. Each field in a data file is delimited by a vertical bar (1) character. The DataLoader is configured to detect file types so it can process a data file's lines in distinct units of work appropriate for the type of file. For most file types, a unit of work corresponds to a single line of flat file data; however, RPM promotion files are an example of a file type where a unit of work can consist of multiple lines of flat file data.

If a failure occurs during DataLoader processing of a data file, all SQL statements associated with the unit of work are rolled back and the error is logged. Processing continues with the next unit of work in the data file.

For more detailed information, see the following documents:

- Retail Reference Architecture
- Oracle Retail Xstore Point of Service Host Interface Guide available on My Oracle Support.

Both documents are available on My Oracle Support.

#### DataLoader Detailed Description

DataLoader is configured at the corporate and store level. It is responsible for detecting and sorting incoming data files, and iterating through them to convert each file record into persistable objects (DAO or SQLQuery) and writing them into the database. All its major components are spring loaded from dataloader-bean.xml, and are therefore highly customizable.

Figure 2–4 shows the flow of the DataLoader.

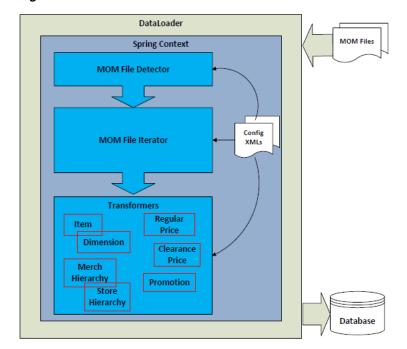


Figure 2–4 DataLoader Flow

The following sections describe each major execution phase.

#### **File Detection**

DataLoader is configured with a list of detectors to identify known file types that can be processed. Unknown file types are skipped and not processed. A Merchandising file detector is configured to identify all types of Merchandising data files and their meta data.

The detection is based solely on file names. Regular expressions are configured to perform pattern matching in file name to identify Merchandising file types and its meta data including target store ID, fill type, timestamp, and line count:

Merchandising file type detection

A file name is matched against regular expressions configured to detect its Merchandising type. If no match is found, the file is not a Merchandising file type. The keys in the bean configuration are the Merchandising file types that Xstore/Xcenter care about.

Target store detection

Target store ID is used by DataLoader as well as Xstore Office to determine the deployment target of a Merchandising file.

A file name is matched against regular expressions configured to detect its target store ID. Not all Merchandising file types have a target store ID configured:

- If a store ID is not detected, the file is deployed to all stores and imported into Xcenter.
- If a store ID is detected and is corp, the file is imported into Xcenter only.
- If a store ID is detected and is not corp, it is deployed to the store. With the exception of Item Header batch, it is also imported into Xcenter.
- Timestamp detection

Timestamp is used by DataLoader to sort the files. For more details, see "File Sorting". A file name is matched against regular expressions configured to detect its timestamp.

Line count detection

Line count is used by DataLoader to validate a file. If the number of lines in the file (excluding FHEAD and FTAIL) does not match the line count, a warning is logged. A file name is matched against regular expressions configured to detect its line count. Only RMS extracts support line count in their file names.

#### File Sorting

There are some data dependencies when importing RMS files into Xstore, such as related item detail that needs to be imported after the related item header. When DataLoader is called to import multiple Merchandising files in the same deployment, it applies sorting to the files before importing them.

A detector is configured to have a sorting strategy, which is used to sort all the files the detector detects. A Merchandising file sorting strategy bean is configured for the Merchandising file detector to perform sorting for all Merchandising files based on their file types. Files of the same Merchandising file type are sorted based on their timestamps. Out of the box the following sorting order is specified:

- Org Hierarchy
- Store
- Store Address

- Merchandise Hierarchy
- VAT
- Diff Group Head
- Diff Group Detail
- Diff
- Item Head
- Item Loc
- VAT Item
- Related Item Head
- Related Item Detail
- Regular Price Change
- Clearance Price Change
- Promotion Price Change

#### File Loading Dependency

Although the sorting strategy configuration lists all Merchandising file types, not all file types have file loading dependencies. The actual dependencies are shown in the following table:

File Type	Depends on
VAT Item	Item Loc
Store Address	Store
Related Item Detail	Related Item Head, Item Loc
Item Loc	Item Head
Item Head	Diff, Diff Group Detail, Diff Group Head, Merchandise Hierarchy
Diff Group Detail	Diff Group Head
Diff	Diff Group Detail, Diff Group Head

#### **File Iteration and Transformation**

DataLoader processes each file in the sorted order. It invokes a file iterator to process each file. A file iterator implements Java Iterator interface. During each iteration, it transforms flat file records into a list of IPersistable (DAO or SQLQuery) objects, and returns them.

A Merchandising file iterator is configured for each Merchandising file type. It processes lines between unit dividers as a data unit that should be transformed together:

- A single line iterator that expects each line in the file, other than FHEAD or FTAIL, is a data unit that gets transformed during each iteration. One and only one line in a unit is expected. An exception is raised if that is not the case.
- A multi-line iterator expects multiple lines to form a data unit that gets transformed together during each iteration. A unit may contain one or more lines. Out of the box, only promotion price change is configured to have a multi-line iterator.

Unit dividers are lines that end a unit. They are configured as unit definitions for each Merchandising file type.

A Merchandising transformer is called to convert a unit of data from a flat file to a list of IPersistable (DAO or SQLQuery) objects. A transformer is configured for each Merchandising file type.

All Merchandising transformers implement the IMOMDataTransformer interface, which defines two APIs:

- The transform API is invoked by the iterator in each iteration. It does all the transformation to turn a unit of flat file data to a list of IPersistable objects to create, update, or delete foundation data records in database.
- The purgeData API is invoked once for a file by the iterator. It is only called if the file is for a full reload. It returns a list of IPersistable objects to remove all existing records sourced from Merchandising.

#### Persisting into the Database

DataLoader saves IPersistable objects to database in batches. A batch contains a list of AtomicPersistables objects. The maximum number of AtomicPersistables objects in a batch is configurable. An AtomicPersistables is a container of a group of IPersistable objects that must all be persisted or rolled back together as a unit. All IPersistable objects returned in one iteration are grouped into one AtomicPersistable object.

DataLoader first attempts to persist and commit all IPersistable objects from all AtomicPersistables objects in a batch together. If it fails, it tries to persist and commit IPersistable objects from one AutomiPersistables at a time. The number of succeeded and failed records are written to summary.ini files.

### Merchandising File Consumption by Location

The files produced by the RPM and RMS extract programs containing data loaded into the Xcenter and Xstore databases comprise four data sets. A data file's targeted location is specified in its file name:

- Data loaded into Xcenter
- Data loaded into Xcenter and all stores
- Data loaded into one store
- Data Loaded into all stores

Figure 2–5 illustrates the type of RMS and RPM files loaded at each location, using a two store chain example.

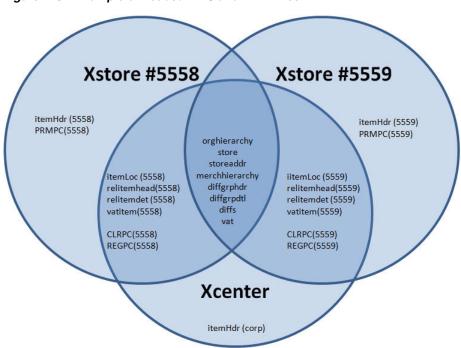


Figure 2–5 Example of Loaded RMS and RPM Files

# Transaction Flow from Xstore to ReSA

Xstore is the source of Point of Sale (POS) transactions, including but not limited to the following:

- Sales
- Returns
- Voids
- Cash management transactions
- Many store activity transactions

All transactions produced in Xstore are sent to ReSA. ReSA processing is primarily concerned with transactions that alter inventory or contain payment. ReSA loads other types of Xstore transactions (such as entering training mode, gift registry creation, and so on) into an OTHER transaction type for full visibility and to avoid gaps in the transactions sequence, but will not out of the box perform any audit functions on these OTHER types of transactions.

ReSA validates Xstore transactions that impact inventory (such as sales, returns, and customer orders) and exports the information to RMS to record the full financial and inventory impact.

# **Conceptual Data Flow**

Figure 3–1 illustrates the transaction flow from Xstore to ReSA.

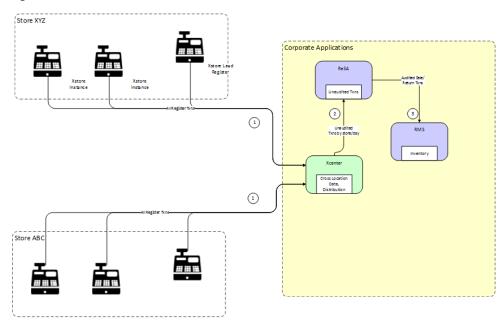


Figure 3–1 Xstore to ReSA Transaction Flow

The following steps describe the flow shown in Figure 3–1:

- All Xstore registers replicate, or persist, all transactions to Xcenter. Note that this includes both customer related transactions (sale, return, void, and so on) and cash management/store operation transactions (paid in, no sale, change to training mode, and so on). Xcenter uses these transactions for activities such as cross location returns.
- Xcenter broadcasts all transactions to ReSA in the form of RTLogs generated multiple times per day. For more information, see "ReSA saimptlog/i".
- 3. After successful totaling and auditing, ReSA sends all sale/return transactions to RMS, where the transactions impact perpetual inventory. For detailed information about uploadsales\_all.ksh, see Oracle Retail Merchandising System Operations Guide, Volume 1 - Batch Overviews and Designs.

## **Technical Implementation**

The technical implementation of the foundation/price data from Merchandising to Xcenter/Xstore consists of three main components:

- **Xstore Broadcaster**
- RTLog Generator
- ReSA saimptlog/i

#### **Xstore Broadcaster**

The broadcast system in Xcenter provides a means to transmit POSLog data to other systems. The data is transmitted just as Xcenter receives it from the registers through the replication system, which is approximately in real-time. The temporal ordering of the POSLog data is also preserved, just as it is with the replication system.

There are a few systems which the base version of Xcenter can readily broadcast data to, simply by making configuration changes.

For more detailed information, see the following documents:

- Retail Reference Architecture available on My Oracle Support
- Oracle Retail Xstore Technical Guide available on My Oracle Support
- *Oracle Retail Xstore Suite Implementation Guide*

### RTLog Generator

RTLog generator is a component that collects and aggregates broadcaster transactions and transforms them to the RTLog file format. The RTLog generator is packaged with Xstore, but is generally deployed in the same file system as ReSA.

For more information, see Chapter 6.

### ReSA saimptlog/i

ReSA is the gateway for POS transactions to integrate to Oracle Retail headquarter systems. There are two ReSA sub-processes that can upload POS files:

- saimptlogi.c validates files and directly inserts the transactions into the ReSA tables. This includes (as necessary) creating errors for the auditors to research and correct.
- saimptlog.c validates POS files and creates Sql\*Loader Files. This includes (as necessary) creating errors for the auditors to research and correct. A subsequent Sql\*Load process loads the transactions and errors into the ReSA tables.

saimptlog and saimptlogi are built with the same shared code and vary only in their approach to physically loading data into the database. The programs are collectively referred to as saimptlog/i.

There are a number of regular prerequisites in the ReSA batch schedule which must be completed before POS transactions can be loaded. For more information about supporting batch jobs, see Oracle Retail Merchandising System Operations Guide, Volume 1 - Batch Overviews and Designs.

For more detailed information about saimptlog/i and the RTLog file format, see the following documents:

- Retail Reference Architecture available on My Oracle Support
- Oracle Retail Merchandising System Operations Guide, Volume 1 Batch Overviews and Designs

Technical	lmn	lementation
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# Configuration

This chapter provides information on the configuration changes that can be made for the integration with RMS. There are no configuration options available for integration with RPM.

### **RMS**

For information on configuration for the integration with RMS for the following type of data, see the following:

- Diffs
- **Item**
- Merchandise Hierarchy
- Organizational Hierarchy
- Related Item
- Store
- **VAT**

Configuration is not available for all the data. If there is no available configuration, that is called out in the following sections.

The Xcenter and Xstore config.jar files contain a Spring bean configuration file used by the DataLoader. Configuration modifications are made in the following file:

dataloader/spring/dataloader\_beans.xml

#### **Diffs**

Diffs (also known as Diff IDs) information provided by RMS is consumed by Xstore using the DataLoader. Diff is short for Differentiator and is similar in concept to Xstore's Dimension concept. Diffs data is the primary source of rms\_diff\_ids records representing an identifier record for a Diff.

RMS Diff information is communicated to Xstore in three separate extract files: Diff Group Header, Diff Group Detail, and Diffs. The rms\_diff\_group\_head table is a staging table supporting the loading of ItemHeader records. The Diff staging tables are accessed by the DataLoader to generate Dimension data when an ItemHeader record is a Style or Style Item. Xstore and Xcenter do not directly access the rms\_diff\_group\_ head table.

Diff Group Header data is the primary source of rms\_diff\_group\_head records representing a header record for a Diff Group. Diff Group Detail data is the primary source of rms\_diff\_group\_detail records representing a detail record for a Diff Group.

#### RMS Diffs

The DataLoader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.DiffTransformer to process RMS Diffs records. This bean has one configuration option.

The prefix used for DIFF Groups generated by the DataLoader as a Default Diff Group for each Diff Type. The prefix must be four characters or less. If not provided, DEF\_ is used as the prefix value.

```
<bean id="diffTransformer" class="dtv.dataloader.mom.DiffTransformer" >
 cproperty name="defaultDiffGroupIdPrefix" value="****" />
</bean>
```

#### **RMS Diff Group Header Records**

The DataLoader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.DiffGroupHeadTransformer to process RMS Diff Group Header records. There are no configuration options for the diffGroupHeadTransformer bean.

```
<bean id="diffGroupHeadTransformer"</pre>
class="dtv.dataloader.mom.DiffGroupHeadTransformer" />
```

#### RMS Diff Group Detail Records

The DataLoader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.DiffGroupDetailTransformer to process RMS Diff Group Detail records. There are no configuration options for the diffGroupDetailTransformer bean.

```
<bean id="diffGroupDetailTransformer"</pre>
class="dtv.dataloader.mom.DiffGroupDetailTransformer" />
```

#### Item

Configuration is available for item header and item location.

#### Item Header

Item Header information provided by RMS is consumed by Xstore using the DataLoader. Item Header data is the primary source of itm\_item records representing physical items. Records representing non-physical items are ignored.

The DataLoader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.ItemHeadTransformer to process RMS ItemHeader records. This bean has one configuration option.

The prefix used for DIFF Groups generated by the DataLoader as a Default Diff Group for each Diff Type. This value must match the property configuration used by the diffTransformer bean. The prefix must be four characters or less. If not provided, DEF\_ is used as the prefix value.

```
<bean id="itemHeadTransformer" class="dtv.dataloader.mom.ItemHeadTransformer" >
 cproperty name="defaultDiffGroupIdPrefix" value="****" />
</bean>
```

#### Item Location

Item Location information provided by RMS is consumed by Xstore using the DataLoader. Item Location data is the primary source of itm\_item\_option records representing store-specific attributes of physical items. Records representing non-physical items are ignored.

The DataLoader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.ItemLocTransformer to process RMS ItemLoc records. This bean has two configuration options:

- When an RMS ItemLoc record's TaxableInd='N', the TaxGroupId of the Xstore item ItemOptions record is populated with the value configured for nonTaxableTaxGroupId.
- When translateItemDescriptionEnabled is true, a com\_translations record is populated using the RMS ItemLoc records' Local Item Description.

**Note:** For anyone configuring Xcenter, this property should be configured with "true" when loading ItemLoc data into the Xstore database; the property should be configured with "false" when loading ItemLoc data into the Xcenter database.

```
<bean id="itemLocTransformer" class="dtv.dataloader.mom.ItemLocTransformer" >
   cproperty name="nonTaxableTaxGroupId" value="0" />
   cproperty name="translateItemDescriptionEnabled" value="true"/>
</bean>
```

### Merchandise Hierarchy

RMS Merchandise Hierarchy information provided by RMS is consumed by Xstore using the DataLoader. RMS supports the following merchandise hierarchy levels:

COMPANY, DIVISION, GROUP, DEPARTMENT, CLASS, SUBCLASS

Xstore has four merchandise hierarchy levels, so mapping the top two RMS merchandise hierarchy levels (COMPANY, DIVISION) is not supported. Only the bottom four RMS levels (GROUP, DEPARTMENT, CLASS, SUBCLASS) can be mapped.

Following are the supported configurations to be used in Xstore's SystemConfig.xml:

GROUP through SUBCLASS mapping

```
<MerchHierarchy dtype="Default">
  <NumberOfLevels dtype="Integer">4</NumberOfLevels>
 <Level1Code dtype="String">GROUP</Level1Code>
 <Level2Code dtype="String">DEPARTMENT</Level2Code>
 <Level3Code dtype="String">CLASS</Level3Code>
  <Level4Code dtype="String">SUBCLASS</Level4Code>
</MerchHierarchy>
```

#### DEPARTMENT through SUBCLASS mapping

```
<MerchHierarchy dtype="Default">
  <NumberOfLevels dtype="Integer">3</NumberOfLevels>
  <Level1Code dtype="String">DEPARTMENT</Level1Code>
 <Level2Code dtype="String">CLASS</Level2Code>
  <Level3Code dtype="String">SUBCLASS</Level3Code>
  <Level4Code dtype="String"/>
</MerchHierarchy>
```

#### 3. CLASS through SUBCLASS mapping

```
<MerchHierarchy dtype="Default">
 <NumberOfLevels dtype="Integer">2</NumberOfLevels>
  <Level1Code dtype="String">CLASS</Level1Code>
  <Level2Code dtype="String">SUBCLASS</Level2Code>
```

```
<Level3Code dtype="String"/>
 <Level4Code dtype="String"/>
</MerchHierarchy>
```

#### **4.** SUBCLASS only mapping

```
<MerchHierarchy dtype="Default">
  <NumberOfLevels dtype="Integer">1</NumberOfLevels>
 <Level1Code dtype="String">SUBCLASS</Level1Code>
 <Level2Code dtype="String"/>
 <Level3Code dtype="String"/>
 <Level4Code dtype="String"/>
</MerchHierarchy>
```

The DataLoader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.MerchHierarchyTransformer to process RMS Merchandise Hierarchy records. There are no configuration options for the merchHierarachyTransformer bean.

```
<bean id="merchHierarchyTransformer"</pre>
class="dtv.dataloader.mom.MerchHierarchyTransformer"/>
```

### Organizational Hierarchy

Organizational Hierarchy information provided by RMS is consumed by Xstore and Xcenter using the DataLoader.

The Dataloader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.OrgHierarchyTransformer to process RMS store records. The orgHierarchyTransformer bean has no configuration options.

```
<bean id="orgHierarchyTransformer"</pre>
class="dtv.dataloader.mom.OrgHierarchyTransformer" />
```

#### Related Item

RMS related items are communicated to Xstore in two separate extract files: Related Item Header and Related Item Detail. The rms related item head table is a staging table supporting the processing of RelatedItemDetail records by the DataLoader. Xstore and Xcenter do not directly access the rms\_related\_item\_head table.

#### Related Item Header

Related Item Header information provided by RMS is consumed by Xstore using the DataLoader. Related Item Header data is the primary source of rms\_related\_item\_head records representing a header related Item record. RMS supports three types of related item relationships, Cross-Sell, Up-Sell, and Substitution. RMS Cross-Sell/Up-Sell records are interpreted as Xstore Attached Items. RMS Substitution Items are interpreted as Xstore substitution items.

The DataLoader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.RelatedItemHeadTransformer to process RMS Related Item Header records. There is one configuration option for the relitemHeadTransformer bean. For the case where itm\_attached\_items records are created, which occurs when a related item header update event results in the change of relationship type from SUBS to CRSL/UPSL, the value assigned the promptToAddMessageKey column will be the configured value.

```
<bean id="relitemHeadTransformer"</pre>
class="dtv.dataloader.mom.RelatedItemHeadTransformer" >
 </bean>
```

#### Related Item Detail

Related Item Detail information provided by RMS is consumed by Xstore using the DataLoader. Related Item Detail data is the primary source of itm\_attached\_items and itm\_substitute\_items records representing a detail related Item record. RMS supports three types of related item relationships, Cross-Sell, Up-Sell, and Substitution. RMS Cross-Sell/Up-Sell records are interpreted as Xstore Attached Items. RMS Substitution Items are interpreted as Xstore substitution items.

The DataLoader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.RelatedItemDetailTransformer to process RMS Related Item Detail records. There is one configuration options for the relitemDetailTransformer bean. The value configured for the promptToAddMessageKey property is used to populate the prompt\_to\_add\_msg\_key column of the itm\_attached\_items table for Cross-Sell and Up-Sell records.

```
<bean id="relitemDetailTransformer"</pre>
class="dtv.dataloader.mom.RelatedItemDetailTransformer" >
 </bean>
```

## Store

Store information provided by RMS is consumed by Xstore using the DataLoader.

The Dataloader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.StoreTransformer to process RMS store records. The following configuration options are available:

- Configure the use\_till\_accountability\_flag value assigned to all records created in loc\_rtl\_loc.
- Configure the location\_type value assigned to all record created in loc\_rtl\_loc. This property is optional. If not set, location\_type will be null.

```
<bean id="storeTransformer" class="dtv.dataloader.mom.StoreTransformer">
 countability" value="false" />
 cproperty name="locationType" value="STORE" />
</bean>
```

### **Store Address**

Store Address information provided by RMS is consumed by Xstore using the DataLoader. RMS Store Address records are interpreted as an instructions to update the Address information of existing Store records. Each location in RMS can have many types of addresses. There is a configuration to specify which RMS AddrType is to be recognized as a store address. In addition, RMS supports multiple addresses for the same addrType. However, only the primary address is used to populate the address fields of an Xstore store record.

The DataLoader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.StoreAddressTransformer to process RMS store records. One configuration option is available.

Configure the addrType value. Only records having this Address Type value, and where the record's PrimaryAddrInd is true, are used as the source for a Store's Address information.

```
<bean id="storeAddressTransformer"</pre>
class="dtv.dataloader.mom.StoreAddressTransformer">
   cproperty name="addrType" value="01" />
</bean>
```

### VAT

VAT information provided by RMS is consumed by Xstore and Xcenter using the DataLoader. RMS VAT information is used to populate the Xstore tax tables for when using VAT. RMS provides a VAT Item file containing the information used to populate an item's TaxGroupId.

The Dataloader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.VATTransformer to process RMS store records. The VATTransformer bean has three configuration options:

- A Boolean flag indicating if tax is calculated at the transaction level.
- A rounding code, such as HALF\_UP, HALF\_DOWN, and so on, set into TaxAuthorityDAO.
- The number of rounding digits set into TaxAuthorityDAO.

```
<bean id="VATTransformer" class="dtv.dataloader.mom.VATTransformer">
     <constructor-arg type="boolean" value="true" />
     <constructor-arg type="java.lang.String" value="HALF_UP" />
     <constructor-arg type="int" value="2" />
   </bean>
```

#### **VAT Item**

VAT Item information provided by RMS is consumed by Xstore and Xcenter using the DataLoader. RMS VAT item information is used to populate an item's TaxGroupId with a VAT Code.

The Dataloader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.VATItemTransformer to process RMS store records. The VATItemTransformer bean does not have any configuration options.

```
<bean id="VATItemTransformer" class="dtv.dataloader.mom.VATItemTransformer" />
```

# **Integration Considerations**

This chapter provides the following considerations that should be taken into account when implementing the integration:

- **Functional Considerations**
- **Technical Considerations**

For information on functionality gaps, see Chapter 7.

# **Functional Considerations**

This section contains functional information that should be considered for the implementation.

#### Sales Tax

RMS is not the system of record for sales tax.

RMS does not provide US Sales tax information to Xstore. This includes Xstore product tax groups. This integration assumes that product tax groups are imported into Xstore from a third-party system using Xstore Point of Service DataLoader and .mnt files.

In standalone mode, DataLoader has to be executed twice, first to import Merchandising files and second to import this .mnt file. If they are placed together in the download directory, .mnt files always get loaded first.

In an integrated environment with Xstore Office/Xenvironment, the retailer has to drop the Merchandising zip file first, and wait until that zip file is processed by Xstore Office before dropping this .mnt file. This guarantees the .mnt file is imported into Xcenter after all Merchandising files, and is staged for store deployment with a deployment ID greater than the deployment ID of the Merchandising files.

After loading RMS data, the following additional steps are required to configure sales tax using the .mnt file format:

- Set up sales tax rules. To set up a simple rate based tax rule, use existing record types TAX\_LOCATION, TAX\_AUTHORITY, TAX\_GROUP, TAX\_GROUP\_RULE, and TAX\_RATE\_RULE to populate tax tables tax\_tax\_loc, tax\_tax\_authority, tax\_ tax\_group, tax\_tax\_group\_rule, and tax\_tax\_rate\_rule. For more details on tax rule configuration, see the TAXING section in the Oracle Retail Xstore Point of Service Host Interface Guide available on My Oracle Support.
- 2. Set up retail store and tax location mapping in table tax\_rtl\_loc\_tax\_mapping using existing record type TAX\_RETAIL\_LOCATION\_MAPPING. For more details on this record type, see the TAXING section in the Oracle Retail Xstore Point of Service Host Interface Guide available on My Oracle Support.

**3.** ITEM\_TAX\_GROUP is used to update the item record in the itm\_item\_options table with sales tax group ID. This .mnt file has to be imported after the RMS data import. There is no built-in mechanism in DataLoader or Xstore Office to ensure this ordering. It has to be enforced by retailer manually.

### **Inventory Functionality**

Inventory functionality in Xstore should be disabled. This integration assumes that inventory functionality in Xstore is not implemented.

#### **Seed Data**

The integration requires that a number of very basic seed data values are the same in both Merchandising and Xstore. These data values are set to common values in both Merchandising and Xstore installation scripts. If changes are made in one system after installation, changes also need to be made in the other system. Synchronized seed data includes the following:

- Currency codes
- Country codes
- Units of measure

### **Currency Exchange**

This integration assumes that Xstore and RMS are fed consistent currency exchange rates from the same source system.

Xstore tender exchange transactions (that is, where a customer is given USD in exchange for CAD) are mapped to the transaction type OTHER in ReSA. These transactions are to have a zero net financial impact, and are not reported to the General Ledger (GL) by ReSA and RMS.

#### **Physical Items**

Physical merchandise items should be mastered in RMS. Xstore Office UIs should not be used to create physical items.

#### Non-Merchandise Items

Non merchandise items, including warranties, fees, services, and so on, should be fully mastered in Xstore Office:

- Non-merchandise items require special attributes for Xstore processing that do not exist in RMS. These attributes do exist in Xstore Office.
- Shell items with the same IDs should be manually created in RMS so that the items are valid on an ReSA upload.
- Note that changes made to these items in RMS are not consumed by Xcenter/Xstore. RMS exports all items, including non-merchandise items. The Xcenter/Xstore DataLoader will not load non-merchandise items.
- Any maintenance of non-merchandise items should occur using Xstore Office.

#### Latitude and Longitude in Lookup

The Xstore inventory lookup functionality, which helps store associates find inventory at nearby stores, requires that stores have latitude and longitude attributes. RMS does not have latitude and longitude. The record type, RETAIL\_LOCATION\_ COORDINATES, is available to DataLoader to populate the latitude and longitude of stores using the .mnt format.

#### **Batch Jobs**

If retailers are using this integration, the following batch jobs do not support the integration and should not be scheduled to run:

- RMS batch jobs batch\_orpos\_extract.ksh, posdnld.pc, posrefresh.pc, poscdnld.pc. and posgpdnld.pc
- RPM jobs RPMtoORPOSPublishBatch.sh and RPMtoORPOSPublishExport.sh

For information on the batch jobs for the integration, see the Oracle Retail *Merchandising System Operations Guide, Volume 1 - Batch Overviews and Designs.* 

### Populate Data at Implementation and Upgrade

At the time of implementation and upgrade, retailers should use the kill/fill export option in the RMS extracts to populate Xstore with RMS data. The upgrade process does not automatically republish all RMS data.

Also, retailers should run the staging batch for every store and then extract the data using the standard batch processes. RPM does not flag the files that would contain the refresh data as anything different than the normal delta data. The upgrade process does not automatically republish all RPM data.

#### In-Store Orders

The Xstore RTLog generator sets the Fulfillment order number in the RTLog to NULL. A fulfillment order number is not required because the order is completed within the store and does not require any participation from an order management system.

### Mapping of Transaction Details

The mapping of transaction details from Xstore POSlog to ReSA RTLog depends on the mappings of valid values. These mappings are detailed in Appendix A. It is critical that the mappings are complete. If additional valid values are configured for Xstore in RTLogMappingConfig.xml, they must also be configured for ReSA for the appropriate code types.

#### Recognition of a Sale

Xstore can be configured to recognize a sale at either the time of sale or time of pickup. Integration with Merchandising requires that this configuration be time of pickup, as that is the time that inventory decrements. (If set to time of sale, inventory would decrement early, causing downstream inventory correctness issues.)

The following setting needs to be set to false (which is the default) under both <Layaway> and <SpecialOrder> in SystemConfig.xml (whose settings are also controllable in Xadmin):

<BookAsSaleOnSetup dtype="Boolean">false/BookAsSaleOnSetup>

#### VAT

This integration allows RMS to be configured for VAT enabled (SVAT), but allows specific zones to be configured as VAT Exempt. This enables a single instance of RMS to support both VAT locations and non-VAT locations. The same Xcenter instance can support both VAT and non-VAT stores. For more information on configuration for VAT, see the *Oracle Retail Xstore Technical Guide*.

## **Technical Considerations**

This section contains technical information that should be considered for the implementation.

### **RMS**

To better integrate with downstream systems, including Xstore, RMS has a unique key to the CLASS and SUBCLASS tables. This means it is possible to identify a class or subclass with a single key value (instead of a composite key including dept/class or dept/class/subclass). The unique key is generated and not displayed to RMS end users.

### **RPM**

RPM has an option to not allow users to use any complex promotions which includes all Multi-Buy promotions, all Threshold promotions, and all Transaction promotions and Finance promotions. This system option can be used to prevent end users from creating complex promotions which are not supported by Xstore including: Multi-Buy promotions with a reward of cheapest free, Multi-Buy promotions that use the OR qualifier between multiple buy and/or reward lists, Threshold promotions created with a qualification of "item level," and Finance promotions.

**Note:** Setting this system option to not allow creation of complex promotions limits the other types of Xstore supported promotions that the RPM user can create.

RPM\_SYSTEM\_OPTIONS.COMPLEX\_PROMO\_ALLOWED\_IND

### **Xstore**

For the Xstore Suite, consider the following:

- The ReSA/RMS and Xstore integration assumes that store inventory is being managed in SIM (or another similar store inventory management application). SIM provides updates to RMS on shipments and receipts and other inventory movements in the store, while Xstore provides this system with updates on sales and returns. Therefore, when these systems are all part of a retailer's implementation, the .sim entry in the configuration path should be used in Xstore to turn off Xstore inventory functionality. Inventory integration outside of sales and returns between ReSA/RMS and Xstore is not supported.
- To allow end users to create non-merchandise items, but prevent users from creating or editing merchandise items, the CFG\_MERCH\_ITEMS privilege should not be granted to any users. The merch items option will still be on the screen, but it will not be accessible.
- By default, the following settings in the Xstore SystemConfig.xml file (whose settings are also controllable by the user in Xstore Office) are false. The settings should not be changed. If they are changed, sales and inventory information may post incorrectly to ReSA.

```
<Lavaway>
      <BookAsSaleOnSetup dtype="Boolean">false/BookAsSaleOnSetup>
<SpecialOrder>
      <BookAsSaleOnSetup dtype="Boolean">false/BookAsSaleOnSetup>
```

Following is the Xstore Merchandise Hierarchy configuration:

```
<MerchHierarchy dtype="Default">
   <NumberOfLevels dtype="Integer">4</NumberOfLevels>
    <Level1Code dtype="String">GROUP</Level1Code>
   <Level2Code dtype="String">DEPARTMENT</Level2Code>
    <Level3Code dtype="String">CLASS</Level3Code>
   <Level4Code dtype="String">SUBCLASS</Level4Code>
</MerchHierarchy>
```

RMS allows up to 10-digit store and warehouse IDs. By default, Xstore is configured to allow four digit store IDs. It is recommended that four or five digit location IDs are used in RMS. The size of Xstore store IDs can be configured in SequenceConfig.xml, but Xstore is only tested with four and five digit store IDs.

# RTLog Generator

This chapter describes how to install, deploy, and configure the RTLog Generator application.

RTLog Generator is a Java and XML based web application that exposes a Spring-JAXWS implemented SOAP web service. It is distributed as a web archive along with a configuration zip file ready to be deployed on an Oracle WebLogic 12c server.

This chapter uses Microsoft Windows path format as the example for paths.

# Configuration

The RTLog Generator application is shipped with a configuration zip file (rtlog-gen-config.zip) which should be used to externally configure and extend the RTLog Generator's functionality.

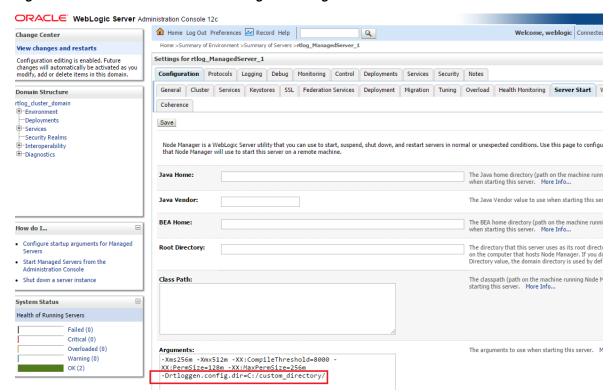
**Note:** Bounce the WebLogic server after making any configuration level changes.

To set up the external configuration feature:

- Extract the configuration file's content into the C:\<*rtlog-gen-config>* directory if installing on Microsoft Windows or /usr/local/<rtlog-gen-config> on Linux OS. These directories are the default locations where the RTLog Generator application will look for the configuration files. These default locations can be overridden/changed by using one of the following ways:
  - Pass a JVM argument to the server startup script and bounce the server:
    - -Drtloggen.config.dir=C:/<custom\_directory>/

If the WebLogic domain is created with a Node manager, the same argument can be passed from the Administration Console in the Arguments field. See Figure 6–1.

Figure 6–1 Administration Console Configuration Page



Specify the context-param field in the RTLog Generator WAR file. This requires opening up the WAR file and making the required changes. Update the web.xml file as shown in the following example:

```
<context-param>
    <param-name>rtlog.generator.config.home</param-name>
    <param-value>C:/<custom_directory>/</param-value>
</context-param>
```

Figure 6-2 Example of context-param Field Update

```
<?xml ·version="1.0" ·encoding="UTF-8"?>
wmlns:wsis="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee".wmlns:web="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee/web-
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance".xsi:schemaLocation="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns
   <display-name>RTLOG-GENERATOR</display-name>
     contextConfigLocation
     <p
  <!---Customizable external location for RTLog config files-->
      <param-name>rtlog.generator.config.home</param-name>
      <param-value>C:/custom_directory/</param-value>
   <!--Customizable RTLog generator app_name. If not unspecified, it remains "rtlog-generator". This
     <param-name>rtlog.generator.application.name</param-name>
     --ram-value -/>
   <!--Customizable external log4j xml file. Specify just the file name without any extension. By de
    --<param-name>rtlog.generator.config.log4j</param-name>
```

The JVM argument takes the precedence over the default location, that is, C:\<rtlog-gen-config>. If either of the two does not exist, the context parameter is used. If nothing is specified, the RTLog Generator application will fail on startup with error messages in the server logs.

- Once the configuration file is extracted to the configured directory, verify the following files:
  - rtlogconfig.properties:

This file contains three properties (key value pairs):

- processing Dir: This directory path specifies the location that RTLog Generator will use to build its RTLog files as it receives data from Xstore Office. This directory needs to be created manually.
- resaFileDropDir: This directory path specifies the destination for the RTLog files this system is producing. It should be configured to the location where ReSA is looking to receive the RTLog files. This directory needs to be created manually.
- clusterNodeNumber: This property should only be enabled when running in a clustered environment. For more information, see "WebLogic Cluster Setup".

Following is an example of the three properties:

```
processingDir = C:/RTLOG_Weblogic/Output/Store/RTLOGS
resaFileDropDir = C:/RTLOG_Weblogic/Output/ReSA
clusterNodeNumber = 1
```

RTLogFormatConfig.xml:

This file specifies the format of the RTLog record as specified by ReSA. You do not make any changes to this file.

- rtlog-generator-log4j.xml: This file configures the logging levels for the RTLog Generator application.
- RTLogMappingBean.xml:

This is a spring configuration XML file that provides metadata for the FieldMapper and Record Accessor beans which get injected into the RTLog Generator business logic classes. The following example is an excerpt from this file:

#### Figure 6-3 RTLogMappingBean.xml File Excerpt

```
<!-- exportability mappers -->
<bean id="retailTrnDetailExportabilityMapper"</pre>
             class="oracle.retail.stores.exportfile.rtlog.fieldmappers.RetailTransactionDetailExportabilityMapper" />
<bean id="retailTrnItemExportabilityMapper"</pre>
             class="oracle.retail.stores.exportfile.rtlog.fieldmappers.RetailTransactionItemExportabilityMapper" />
<bean id="retailTrnItemDiscountExportabilityMapper"</p>
             class="oracle.retail.stores.exportfile.rtlog.fieldmappers.RetailTransactionItemDiscountExportabilityMapper" />
<bean id="retailTrnItemTaxExportabilityMapper"</pre>
             class="oracle.retail.stores.exportfile.rtlog.fieldmappers.RetailTransactionItemTaxExportabilityMapper" />
<bean id="retailTrnTenderExportabilityMapper"</pre>
             class="oracle.retail.stores.exportfile.rtlog.fieldmappers.RetailTransactionTenderExportabilityMapper" />
<bean id="controlTrnTenderExportabilityMapper"</pre>
            class="oracle.retail.stores.exportfile.rtlog.fieldmappers.ControlTransactionTenderExportabilityMapper" />
<bean id="controlTrnTotalExportabilityMapper"</pre>
             class="oracle.retail.stores.exportfile.rtlog.fieldmappers.ControlTransactionTotalExportabilityMapper" />
<bean id="tenderExchangeTrnTenderExportabilityMapper"</pre>
           class="oracle.retail.stores.exportfile.rtlog.fieldmappers.TenderExchangeTransactionTenderExportabilityMapper" />
<bean id="tillAccountabilityTransactionTypeMapper"</pre>
            {\tt class="oracle.retail.stores.exportfile.rtlog.field mappers.Till Accountability Transaction Type Mapper" /> {\tt retail.stores.exportfile.rtlog.field mappers.Till Accountability Transaction Type Mappers / {\tt retail.stores.exportfile.rtlog.field mappers.field map
<!-- RTLog record accessors -->
<bean id="FileHeaderAccessor" class="oracle.retail.stores.exportfile.rtlog.accessors.AccessFileHeader" />
<bean id="TransactionHeaderAccessor" class="oracle.retail.stores.exportfile.rtlog.accessors.AccessTransactionHeader" />
```

RTLogMappingConfig.xml:

The RTLog Generator application relies heavily on the XML-based mapping which provides extensibility and a way to maintain/upgrade features for the application. This file can be used to override all the field values for either mapping strategy:

FieldMapperThenValueMapping: The RecordValue attribute values as shown in the following example can be changed:

```
<MAP sourceField="tenderId" targetRecord="TransactionHeaderTotal"</pre>
targetField="ReferenceNumber1"
mappingStrategyOrder="FieldMapperThenValueMapping"
fieldMapper="trnHeaderTotalMapper">
<VALUE_MAPPINGS handleNotFound="success"> <VALUE_MAPPING</pre>
sourceValue="GIFT_CERTIFICATE" RecordValue="GIFTCERT" />
 <VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="HOUSE_ACCOUNT" RecordValue="HACCNT" />
 <VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="ISSUE_STORE_CREDIT" RecordValue="ISTCRDT"</pre>
/>
 <VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="ISSUE_MERCHANDISE_CREDIT_CARD"</pre>
RecordValue="IMCCARD" />
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="ISSUE_XPAY_GIFT_CARD"</pre>
RecordValue="IXPAYGC" />
<!--For e.g above given value can be changed as shown here.-->
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="ISSUE_XPAY_GIFT_CARD" RecordValue="SAMPLE_</pre>
TXPAYGC" />
 <VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="MALL_CERTIFICATE" RecordValue="MALLCERT"</pre>
 <VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="MERCHANDISE_CREDIT_CARD"</pre>
RecordValue="MCCARD" />
 <VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="PAYPAL" RecordValue="PAYPAL" />
 <VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="COUPON" RecordValue="QPON" />
 <VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="ROOM_CHARGE" RecordValue="ROOMCHAG" />
 <VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="RELOAD_XPAY_GIFT_CARD"</pre>
RecordValue="RXPAYGC" />
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="RELOAD_MERCHANDISE_CREDIT_CARD"</pre>
RecordValue="RMCCARD" />
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="STORE_CREDIT" RecordValue="STCRDT" />
 <VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="XPAY_GIFT_CARD" RecordValue="XPAYGC" />
 </VALUE_MAPPINGS>
</MAP>
```

#### Figure 6-4 RTLogMappingConfig.xml Field Mapper Example 1

```
<MAP sourceField="tenderId" targetRecord="TransactionHeaderTotal" targetField="ReferenceNumber1"
    mappingStrategyOrder="FieldMapperThenValueMapping" fieldMapper="trnHeaderTotalMapper">
<VALUE_MAPPINGS handleNotFound="success"> <VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="GIFT_CERTIFICATE" RecordValue="GIFTCERT" />
<VALUE MAPPING sourceValue="HOUSE ACCOUNT" RecordValue="HACCNT" />
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="ISSUE_STORE_CREDIT" RecordValue="ISTCRDT" />
 <VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="ISSUE_MERCHANDISE_CREDIT_CARD" RecordValue="IMCCARD" />
<VALUE MAPPING sourceValue="ISSUE XPAY GIFT CARD" RecordValue="IXPAYGC" />
<!--For e.g above given value can be changed as shown here.-->
<VALUE MAPPING sourceValue="ISSUE XPAY GIFT CARD" RecordValue="SAMPLE IXPAYGC" />
 <VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="MALL_CERTIFICATE" RecordValue="MALLCERT" />
<VALUE MAPPING sourceValue="MERCHANDISE CREDIT CARD" RecordValue="MCCARD" />
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="PAYPAL" RecordValue="PAYPAL" />
 <VALUE MAPPING sourceValue="COUPON" RecordValue="QPON" />
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="ROOM_CHARGE" RecordValue="ROOMCHAG" />
<VALUE MAPPING sourceValue="RELOAD XPAY GIFT CARD" RecordValue="RXPAYGC" />
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="RELOAD_MERCHANDISE_CREDIT_CARD" RecordValue="RMCCARD" />
<VALUE MAPPING sourceValue="STORE CREDIT" RecordValue="STCRDT" />
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="XPAY_GIFT_CARD" RecordValue="XPAYGC" />
</VALUE MAPPINGS>
</MAP>
```

No mappingStrategyOrder and fieldMapper attributes are defined: The RecordValue attribute values shown in the following example can be changed or a new value can be added:

```
<MAP sourceField="reason" targetRecord="TransactionHeader"</pre>
targetField="ReasonCode">
<VALUE_MAPPINGS handleNotFound="nextMapping">
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="PI1" RecordValue="PI1"/>
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="PI2" RecordValue="PI2"/>
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="PI3" RecordValue="PI3"/>
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="P01" RecordValue="P01"/>
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="PO2" RecordValue="PO2"/>
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="PO3" RecordValue="PO3"/>
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="PO4" RecordValue="PO4"/>
<VALUE MAPPING sourceValue="PO5" RecordValue="PO5"/>
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="SAMPLE" RecordValue="SAMPLE_VALUE"/>
</VALUE_MAPPINGS>
</MAP>
```

### Figure 6–5 RTLogMappingConfig.xml Field Mapper Example 2

```
<MAP sourceField="reason" targetRecord="TransactionHeader" targetField="ReasonCode">
<VALUE MAPPINGS handleNotFound="nextMapping">
<VALUE MAPPING sourceValue="PI1" RecordValue="PI1"/>
<VALUE MAPPING sourceValue="PI2" RecordValue="PI2"/>
<VALUE MAPPING sourceValue="PI3" RecordValue="PI3"/>
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="PO1" RecordValue="PO1"/>
<VALUE MAPPING sourceValue="PO2" RecordValue="PO2"/>
<VALUE MAPPING sourceValue="PO3" RecordValue="PO3"/>
<VALUE MAPPING sourceValue="PO4" RecordValue="PO4"/>
<VALUE MAPPING sourceValue="PO5" RecordValue="PO5"/>
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="SAMPLE" RecordValue="SAMPLE_VALUE"/>
</VALUE MAPPINGS>
</MAP>
```

### spring-scheduler.xml:

It is the most commonly modified file in the RTLog Generator application. It is used to configure the scheduled interval for publishing the RTLog files. In the case of trickle polling, the default interval should be 15 minutes, however, keeping a larger interval (at least greater than or equal to 15 minutes) is recommended as configuring with a smaller interval might affect the performance.

#### Figure 6-6 spring-scheduler.xml Example

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans" xmlns:p="http://www.springframework.org/schema/p"</pre>
       xmlns:task="http://www.springframework.org/schema/task" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
       xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
           http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans-3.0.xsd
           http://www.springframework.org/schema/task
           http://www.springframework.org/schema/task/spring-task-3.0.xsd">
<task:scheduled-tasks scheduler="rtlogScheduler">
<!-- To publish files once every 10 minutes = 600000 milliseconds 15 minutes = 900000 milliseconds
    1 hour = 3600000 milliseconds in fixed-delay below.
     It is not supported if fixed-delay is less than three second (3000 milliseconds). -->
<task:scheduled ref="rtLogFilesPublisher" method="publishFilesToReSA" fixed-delay="900000" />
<!-- You can also use "cron syntax". This simplistic example publishes files once every 5 minutes -->
<!-- <task:scheduled ref="rtLogFilesPublisher" method="publishFilesToReSA" cron="0 */5 * * * ?"/> -->
</task:scheduled-tasks> <task:scheduler id="rtlogScheduler" />
<task:annotation-driven />
```

# **Deployment**

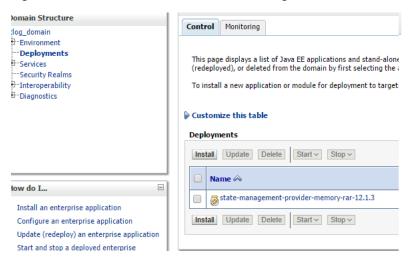
If you are deploying in a cluster, first set up a WebLogic cluster. For more information, see "WebLogic Cluster Setup".

This section covers the deployment in both a clustered and non-clustered environment.

To deploy the RTLog Generator application:

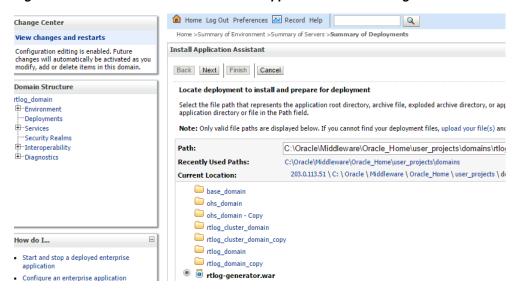
- Log in to the WebLogic 12 Server Administration Console (http://<hostName>:<port>/console).
- Click the Deployment link from the left navigation menu.
- 3. Click Install.

Figure 6–7 Administration Console Control Page



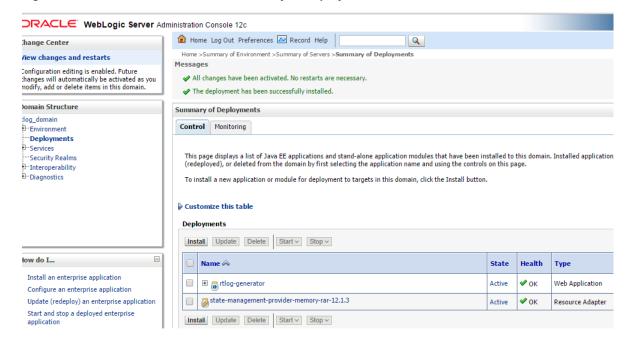
Navigate to the rtlog-generator.war file directory. Select the rtlog-generator.war option.

Figure 6-8 Administration Console Install Application Assistant Page



Click Next and then Finish. Once deployed, RTLog Generator should be listed as one of the deployed applications as shown in Figure 6–9.

Figure 6–9 Administration Console Summary of Deployments



Once the deployment is complete, following are the next steps:

- To deploy on a cluster, see "Deployment of the RTLog Generator Application on a Cluster".
- To enable security for the RTLog Generator application, see "Security Configuration". When deploying in a non-clustered environment, continue at this section.

# WebLogic Cluster Setup

**Note:** WebLogic 12c must be installed on all the clustered machines and the exact same installed directory location must be used on all the machines.

To set up the cluster to use RTLog Generator:

- Start the WebLogic configuration wizard on one machine where the Administration server needs to reside.
- On the Configuration Wizard Configuration Type page, select **Create a new** domain. Enter or browse to the location for the domain. Click Next.

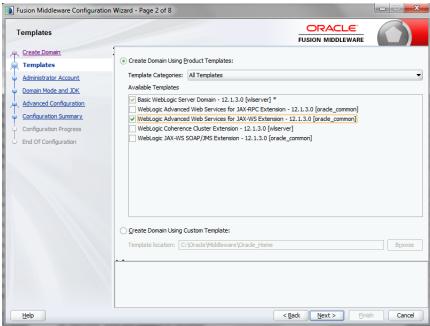


Figure 6-10 Configuration Wizard Configuration Type Page

On the Templates page, select the supported products and click Next. It is recommended to select the following:

WebLogic Advanced Web Services for JAX-WS Extension - 12.1.3.0 [oracle\_common]





On the Administrator Account page, enter the Administrator user name and password. Enter the password a second time to confirm. Click Next.

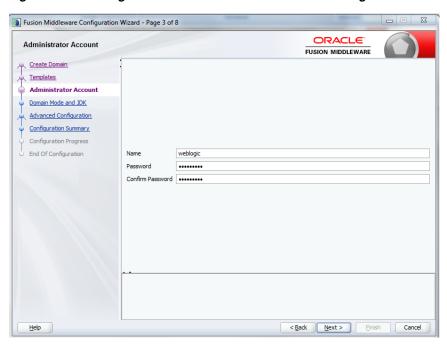


Figure 6-12 Configuration Wizard Administrator Account Page

5. On the Domain Mode and JDK page, select either Development or Production mode. For production mode, you need to manually create the boot.properties file. Click Next.

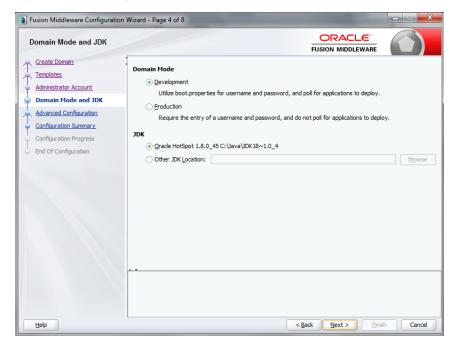


Figure 6–13 Configuration Wizard Domain Mode and JDK

On the Advanced Configuration page, select the Administration Server, Node Manager, and Managed Servers, Clusters and Coherence options. Click **Next**.

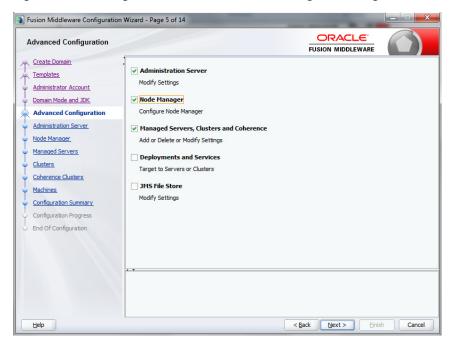


Figure 6-14 Configuration Wizard Advanced Configuration Page

7. On the Administration Server page, enter the values to configure the administration server. The administrator server controls all the managed servers that are part of the cluster.

Enter the server name, select Enable SSL, and enter the listen ports. For the listen address, enter the Machine\_1 IP address. Machine\_1 will be part of the cluster and will have the administrator server running on it. Click Next.

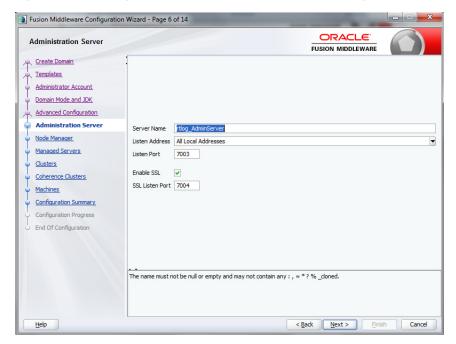
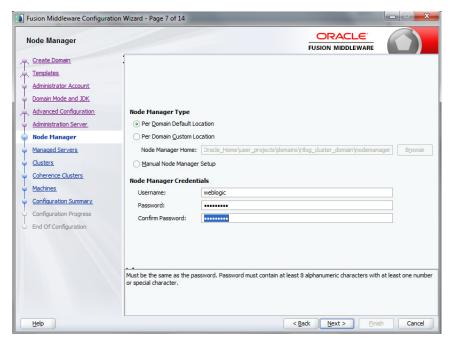


Figure 6–15 Configuration Wizard Administration Server Page

On the Node Manager page, do not change the default node manager settings. For the credentials, enter weblogic as the user name and enter the password. Click Next.

Figure 6–16 Configuration Wizard Node Manager Page



- On the Managed Servers page, add and configure each managed server:
  - For the listen address, enter the IP address of the managed server. Do not select All local Addresses.
  - rtlog\_ManagedServer\_1 will be running on Machine\_1 in this configuration. Enter the Machine\_1 IP address for the server.
  - rtlog\_ManagedServer\_2 will be running on Machine\_2 in this configuration. Enter the Machine\_2 IP address for this server.
  - oracleProxy is running on Machine\_1, but is not a part of the cluster. It is an Oracle proxy HTTP cluster servlet used for failover and load balancing purposes. Enter the Machine\_1 IP address for this server.
  - Enable SSL for all the managed servers.
  - Click Next.

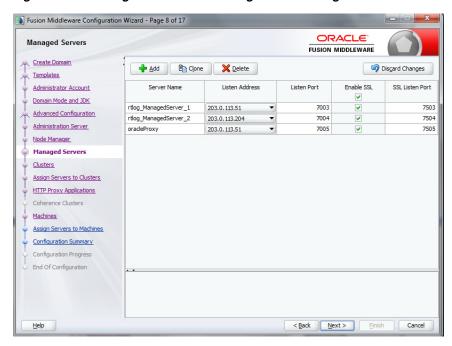


Figure 6-17 Configuration Wizard Managed Servers Page

10. On the Clusters page, add and configure the cluster. Enter the cluster name followed by the cluster address, that is, IP address1:port1, IP address2:port2, so on. Click Next.

Fusion Middleware Configuration Wizard - Page 9 of 17 ORACLE! Clusters FUSION MIDDLEWARE Create Domain ♣ Add X Delete Discard Changes <u>Templates</u> Cluster Name Frontend Frontend Frontend HTTPS Port Cluster Address Administrator Account 203.0.113.51:7006, 203.0.113.204:7006 Domain Mode and JDK rtlog Cluster 1 Advanced Configuration Administration Server Node Manager Managed Servers Assign Servers to Clusters HTTP Proxy Applications Machines Assign Servers to Machines Configuration Summary Configuration Progress

Figure 6-18 Configuration Wizard Clusters Page

End Of Configuration

<u>H</u>elp

11. On the Assign Servers to Cluster page, assign the managed servers to the cluster. and click Next.

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

**Note:** Do not include the Oracle Proxy as part of the cluster.

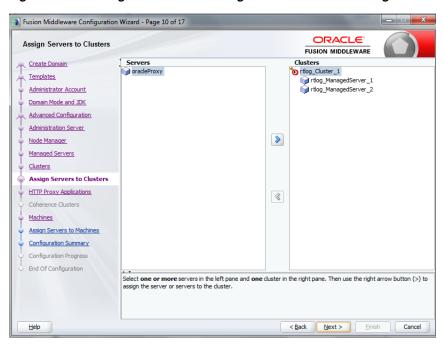


Figure 6-19 Configuration Wizard Assign Servers to Clusters Page

**12.** On the HTTP Proxy Applications page, select Create HTTP Proxy and then select the server from the drop-down list. By default, it should have already been selected. Click Next.

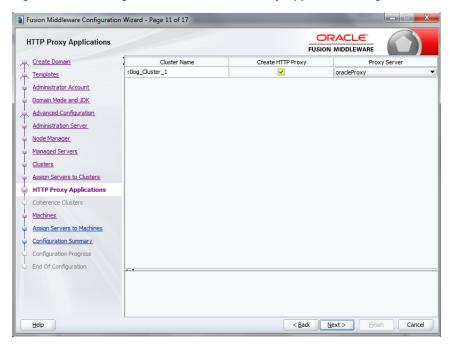


Figure 6–20 Configuration Wizard HTTP Proxy Applications Page

13. On the Machines page, add and configure each machine. To add Machine\_1 and Machine\_2, click Add and enter the respective IP addresses. This configuration is for setting up the Node managers on both the machines. Since these node managers are physically separated, you can select the same host. Click Next.

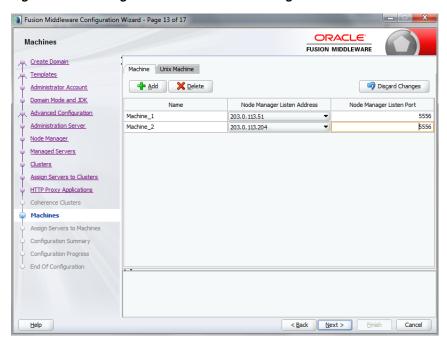


Figure 6-21 Configuration Wizard Machines Page

**14.** On the Assign Servers to Machines page, assign the servers to the machines. In this example, Oracle proxy (load balancer), Administration server, and one managed server are configured on Machine\_1. Another managed server is configured on Machine\_2. Click **Next**.

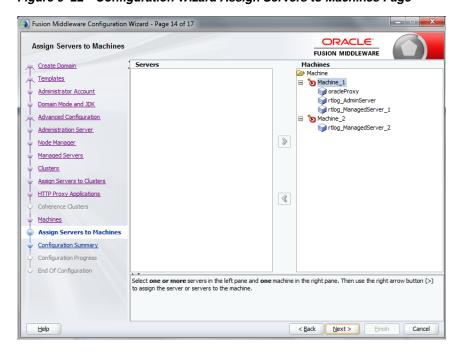


Figure 6–22 Configuration Wizard Assign Servers to Machines Page

**15.** On the Configuration Summary page, verify the selected configuration. Click **Create**. The domain is created.

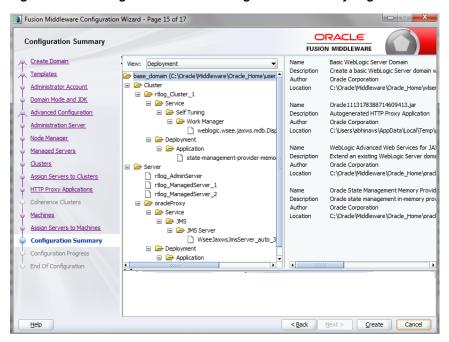


Figure 6–23 Configuration Wizard Configuration Summary Page

To complete the configuration of the cluster:

- Start and stop the node manager. You can find the start up script inside the newly created domain, that is, the *<rtlog\_clust\_domain>*\bin directory.
- In the nodemanager.properties file, set SecureListener=false. This file is found in the <*rtlog\_clust\_domain*>\nodemanager directory.
- Edit the <*rtlog\_clust\_domain*>\config\config.xml file. Use plain communication for the node managers by updating the communication type for the node managers as shown in the following example:

```
<machine>
       <name>Machine_1</name>
       <node-manager>
      <name>Machine_1</name>
      <nm-type>Plain</nm-type>
      <listen-address>203.0.113.51</listen-address>
    </node-manager>
</machine>
 <machine>
   <name>Machine_2</name>
   <node-manager>
      <name>Machine_2</name>
      <nm-type>Plain</nm-type>
      <listen-address>203.0.113.204</listen-address>
    </node-manager>
  </machine>
```

- If the <*rtlog\_clust\_domain*> is created with the production mode option:
  - Run < rtlog\_clust\_domain > \startWeblogic.cmd for the first time. This creates the servers folders under the domain. Enter the administration user name and password.
  - Create a folder named security under the <*rtlog\_clust\_* domain>\servers\Admin server.

**c.** Create the boot.properties file with the following entries under the security

```
password=%admin_server_password%
username=%admin_server_username%
```

%admin\_server\_password% and %admin\_server\_username% are the administrator password and user name.

**d.** After making these changes, if there are any running processes, shut down all the processes.

#### Pack the created domain:

Stop both the Node manager and Admin Server if not already stopped. Use the packing utility to pack the domain on the machine. This utility is found in the following location:

<WL\_HOME>\wlserver\common\bin\pack.cmd

Run the following command:

pack.cmd -domain=<WL\_HOME>\user\_projects\domains\rtlog\_cluster\_ domain -template=<*WL\_HOME*>\user\_projects\domains\rtlog\_cluster\_ domain\rtlog\_cluster\_domain.jar -template\_name="RTLog C domain"

This command creates a jar named rtlog\_cluster\_domain.jar by packing the complete domain into it. Copy the rtlog\_cluster\_domain.jar to Machine\_2 and unpack it.

**b.** Create a *<user\_templates>* directory on the remote machine and copy the rtlog\_ cluster\_domain.jar file to this location. Run the following command:

unpack.cmd -template=<WL\_HOME>\user\_projects\domains\<user\_ templates>\rtlog\_cluster\_domain.jar -domain=<WL\_HOME>\user\_ projects\domains\rtlog\_cluster\_domain

- Start the Administration server and node manager on Machine\_1.
- To enroll the remote (Machine\_2) node manager:
  - Run the WebLogic scripting utility. This utility can be found at the following location: <WL\_HOME>\wlserver\common\bin\as wlst.cmd
  - **b.** Start the node manager on this machine, in this example, Machine\_2. The node managed must be started before connecting to the Machine\_1 Admin server.
  - **c.** Run the following command:

connect ('adminServer\_username', 'adminServer\_password','t3://Machine\_1\_ IPAddress:Admin\_server\_unsecured\_port')

For example: connect ('weblogic', 'weblogic1', 't3://203.0.113.51:7003')

**d.** Once the connect command shows the connection completed successfully, run the following command:

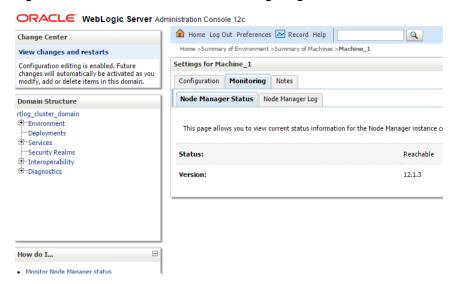
nmEnroll ('<WL\_HOME>/user\_projects/domains/<rtlog\_cluster\_ domain>','<WL\_HOME>/user\_projects/domains/<rtlog\_cluster\_ domain>/nodemanager')

When the command completes successfully, run exit ().

**Note:** Repeat Step 6 for all the remote machines that will be in the cluster on which managed servers will be running. This step used Machine\_2 as the example.

7. Log in to the Administration Server console and make sure all the node managers are reachable. This can be found under Machines. Repeat this step for all the clustered machines to ensure all of them are reachable.

Figure 6-24 Administration Console Settings Page



- **8.** For each managed server, select the Server Start tab. In the Arguments text box, add the following if it does not already exist:
  - -Xms512m -Xmx512m -XX:CompileThreshold=8000 -XX:PermSize=512m
  - -XX:MaxPermSize=512m

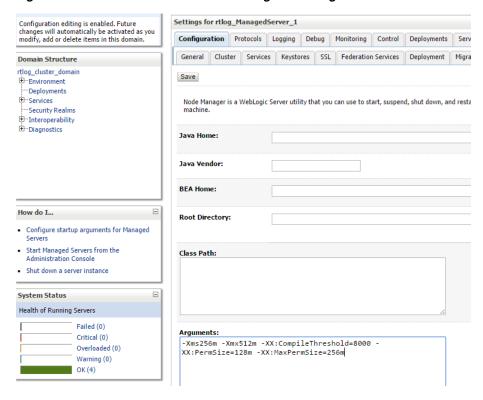


Figure 6–25 Administration Console Configuration Page

If you want to configure the non-default external RTLog configuration directory, include an additional JVM argument:

-Drtloggen.config.dir=C:/<rtlog-gen-config\_1>/

**Note:** The server-start arguments only work when you are using a NodeManager. If you do not have a NodeManager, specify the JVM argument in the start up scripts. You can also configure the same ext directory location in the RTLog Generator WAR's context-param. For more information, see "Configuration".

Start all the managed servers including the Oracle proxy. Figure 6–26 shows an example of the list of managed servers.

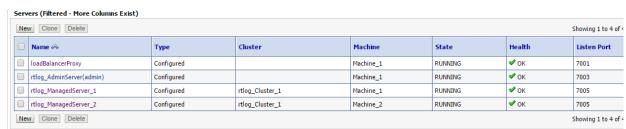


Figure 6–26 Administration Console List of Servers

# Deployment of the RTLog Generator Application on a Cluster

To deploy the application:

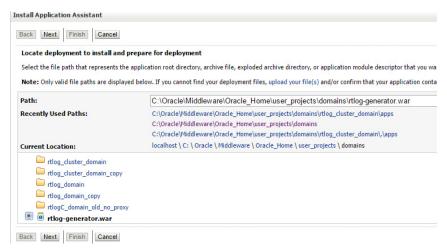
- 1. Oracle proxy creates a web application by creating the web.xml and weblogic.xml files which can be found in the following directory:
  - <WL\_HOME>\user\_projects\domains\<rtlog\_cluster\_ domain>\apps\OracleProxy4\_rtlog\_Cluster\_1\_oracleProxy\WEB-INF
  - You can modify the configurations provided in these two files and redeploy the application from the console by pointing it to this directory, that is, WEB-INF.
- Navigate to the Administration Console home page and click Deployments in the left navigation menu. Figure 6-27 shows an example of the page before deploying the RTLog Generator application.

Figure 6-27 Administration Console Deployments Page



Click **Install**. The Install Application Assistant page appears. Select the path to the RTLog Generator WAR directory. Select the rtlog-generator.war option. Click Next.

Figure 6–28 Administration Console Install Application Assistant Page



**4.** Select only the managed servers and click **Next** to finish the deployment.

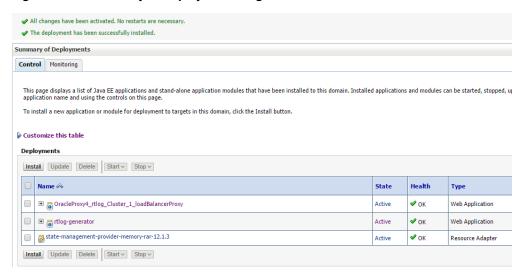
Install Application Assistant Back Next Finish Cancel Select deployment targets Select the servers and/or clusters to which you want to deploy this application. (You can reconfi Servers ☐ loadBalancerProxy rtlog\_AdminServer Clusters ✓ rtlog\_Cluster\_1 All servers in the cluster Part of the cluster rtlog\_ManagedServer\_1 rtlog\_ManagedServer\_2

Figure 6–29 Install Application Assistant Select Deployment Targets Page

After it is successfully deployed, the RTLog Generator application appears in the Summary of Deployments page.

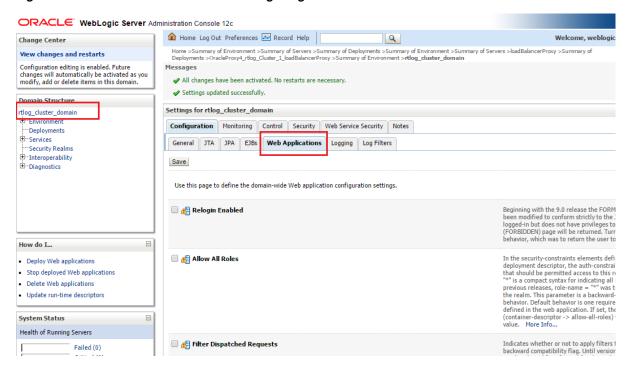
Figure 6–30 Summary of Deployments Page

Back Next Finish Cancel



- To enable container and transport level security, see "Security Configuration".
- To enable the WebLogic Plugin Enabled parameter from the cluster domain:
  - Click the <*rtlog\_cluster\_domain*> link in the left navigation menu. Navigate to the Web Application tab.

Figure 6–31 Administration Console Settings Page



Scroll down the page and select WebLogic Plugin Enabled. Click Save.

Figure 6–32 WebLogic Plugin Enabled Parameter



# **Security Configuration**

The RTLog Generator application is secured by leveraging two levels of security:

- Container level security: Basic HTTP authentication by setting up the security realm in WebLogic. To configure this security, see "Container Level Security".
- Transport level security: SOAP requests are sent over the secured protocol (HTTPS) by configuring the keystore/truststore in the WebLogic domain and importing the public certificate into Xstore Office's (client) truststore. To configure this security, see "Transport Level Security".

# Container Level Security

The following steps assume that a domain has been created with secure port (HTTPS) enabled. To configure container level security:

- Start the WebLogic server and log in to Administration Console.
- Click Security Realms in the left navigation menu.

ORACLE WebLogic Server Administration Console 12c Home Log Out Preferences Record Help Home >Summary of Servers >Summary of Security Realms >myrealm >Summary of Security Real View changes and restarts Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain. Summary of Security Realms A security realm is a container for the mechanisms--including users, groups, security roles, be set as the default (active) realm. Domain Structure rtlog\_domain

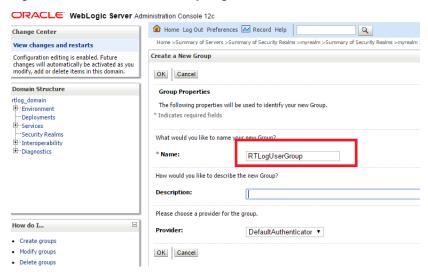
-Environment This Security Realms page lists each security realm that has been configured in this WebLo ---Deployments -Services Customize this table Security Realms

Interoperability Realms (Filtered - More Columns Exist) New Delete myrealm New Delete How do I...

Figure 6-33 Administration Console Summary of Security Realms Page

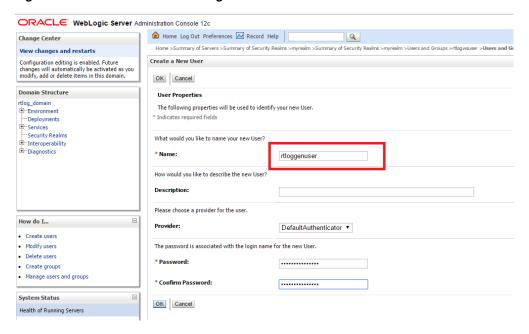
- In the list of realms on the Summary of Security Realms page, select myrealm.
- Select Users and Groups and then the Groups tab. To create a new group, click **New**. Enter a group name, for example RTLogUserGroup, and click **OK**.

Figure 6–34 Create a New Group Page



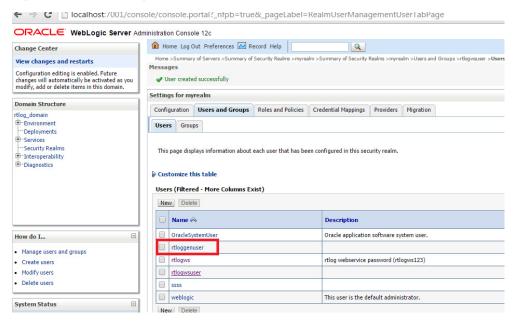
Select the Users tab and click **New**. Enter a user name and password and click **OK**.

Figure 6-35 Create a New User Page



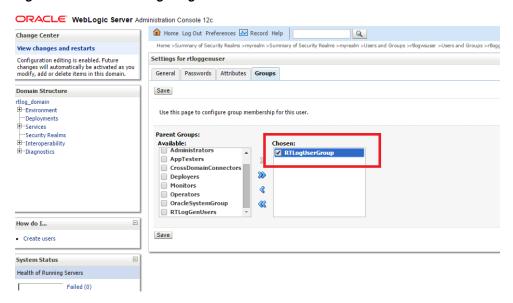
In the list of users, click the newly created user.

Figure 6-36 Users Page



**7.** Select the Groups tab. Assign this user to the same group created in Step 4.

Figure 6–37 User Settings Page



Enter the same user name and password created in Step 5 into Xstore Office's broadcaster configuration for the RTLog Generator Web service.

You should try the MrJaxWsPortProxyFactoryBean bean and create the encrypted values for the user name and password using the String Encryption Utility. For more information, see the Oracle Retail Xstore Point of Service Implementation Guide.

Figure 6–38 Example of MrJaxWsPortProxyFactoryBean Update

```
<bean id="ReSA Broadcaster jaxws weblogic"</pre>
  class="com.micros_retail.xcenter.broadcast.MrJaxWsPortProxyFactoryBean" >
 cproperty name="namespaceUri" value="http://v2.ws.poslog.xcenter.dtv/" />
 property name="serviceName" value="PoslogObjReceiverApiService" />
 cproperty name="portName" value="PoslogObjReceiverApiPort" />
```

# Transport Level Security

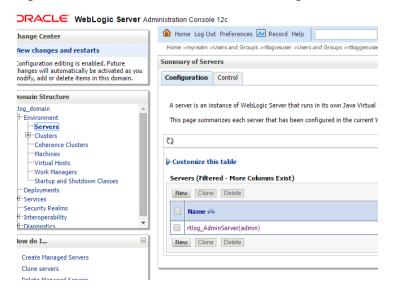
To configure transport level security:

- Create keystore.jks using a keytool utility. For information on keytool utilities, see the Oracle Retail Xstore Point of Service Implementation Guide.
- Export the public certificate into a truststore.jks file. These files are needed to configure the custom key and trust store for Step 3.

**Note:** In a clustered environment, import all the public certificates into one truststore file and configure all the instances of the server, including HttpClusterServlet proxy, to use the same truststore file.

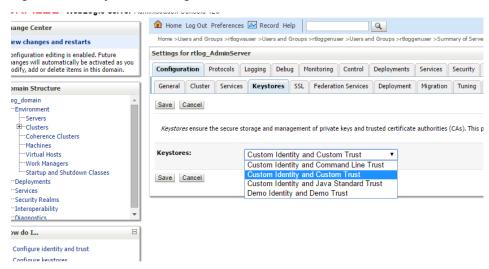
Log in to the WebLogic console. Click Environment and then the Servers link from the left navigations menu.

Figure 6-39 Administration Console Servers Page



Click **Change**. Select Custom Identity and Custom Trust. Click **Save**.

Figure 6-40 Keystores Settings



Click the linked name for the Administration Server. The page containing the settings for the Administration Server appears. Select the Keystores tab.

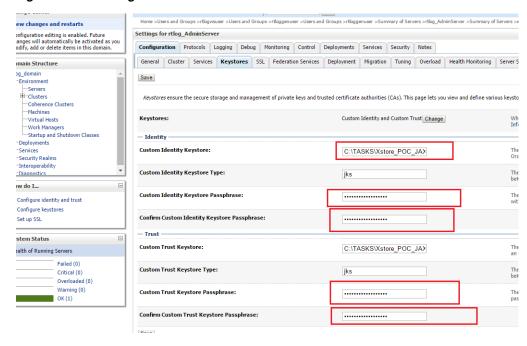


Figure 6-41 Settings for the Administration Server

- Enter the path to keystore.jks, including the file name, and enter the custom Identity Keystore passphrase you created for the keystore. Repeat this for trustore.jks, but enter the appropriate passphrase for the truststore. For an example, see Figure 6–41.
- Switch to the SSL tab. Enter the alias name and private keyphrase as created during the certificate generation. To save the changes, click **Save**.

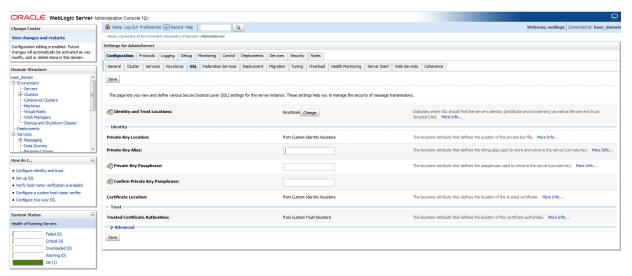


Figure 6–42 Save Settings for Administration Server

**Note:** For a clustered environment, disable the non-SSL port for the HttpClusterServlet proxy.

# Complete the Security Configuration

Test both the container and transport level security using SOAPUI.

To set up the unlimited strength JCE files:

- Download and install the correct version of the unlimited strength JCE files. For more information, see the Oracle Retail Xstore Point of Service Implementation Guide.
- Configure WebLogic 12c with the Xstore suite of product's supported cipher suites. To configure it, update the *<domain*>\*<domain\_name*>\config\config.xml file and add the following inside the ssl block:

```
<ciphersuite>TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA</ciphersuite>
<ciphersuite>TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA</ciphersuite</pre>
<ciphersuite>TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256</ciphersuite>
<ciphersuite>TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA</ciphersuite>
<ciphersuite>TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA</ciphersuite>
<ciphersuite>TLS ECDHE RSA WITH AES 256 CBC SHA384/ciphersuite>
<ciphersuite>TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384/ciphersuite>
```

- Disable the schema validation in WebLogic by passing the JVM argument in the WebLogic startup script:
  - -Dweblogic.configuration.schemaValidationEnabled=false
- **4.** Xstore Office's RTLog Generator broadcaster end point should be configured to use the secured (HTTPS) URL for configuring the container level security section:

```
roperty name="endpointAddress"
value="https://<hostname>:7002/rtlog-generator/service" />
```

The endpoing Address property is defined at xcenter-spring-beans.xml under Xcenter external configuration directory\xcenter-config. There are two required modifications:

Modify broadcasterManager bean in the file by uncommenting the line below.

```
<ref bean="ReSA_Broadcaster"/>
```

Configure endpointAddress of the ReSA\_Broadcaster\_jaxws bean.

# **Existing Functionality Gaps**

There are certain functionality gaps that exist in the integration that are not remedied at this time. This chapter describes these functional gaps.

### **RMS**

Table 7–1 is a list of functionality gaps that exist for the RMS to Xstore integration.

#### Table 7–1 RMS to Xstore Functionality Gaps

### **Identified Functionality Gap**

Xstore has functionality to configure non-physical items to be used for certain tasks, such as repairs, warranties, and shipping fees. However, the attributes needed to fully configure these items for processing in Xstore are not currently available in RMS. Therefore, to configure these types of items, a two-step process is needed.

First, the items should be created in RMS as non-inventory and non-merchandise. Then, the same item, using the same item ID/barcode, is created in Xstore and assigned the needed attributes to drive processing. This will ensure the smooth handling of sales of these items between systems through ReSA, but will also ensure that these items will be filtered out of the item integration from RMS to Xstore, to avoid duplication after the initial configuration.

RMS does not provide kit components for a kit header. Kits will appear as standard items in Xstore.

RMS supports up to four differentiators for each item. Xstore supports only three. RMS Diff4 is ignored. If the fourth differentiator is used in RMS, it will be exported from RMS, but Xstore DataLoader will not load the fourth value.

Xstore item records support four merchandise levels. The RMS Item Header records contain only three Merchandise Hierarchy levels: Department, Class, and Subclass. The Group Merchandise Hierarchy level is not included, and therefore cannot be mapped to an Xstore merchandise level.

Xstore can support up to four levels of merchandise hierarchy. RMS supports five levels. Levels above group in the RMS hierarchy will not be used in Xstore. For store operations, the lower four levels of the RMS merchandise hierarchy (group, department, class, subclass) are the most important, so these are the levels integrated into Xstore.

The data type and length of the RMS field MfgRecRetail is Number (20). When provided, the MfgRecRetail value is used to populate the itm\_item table's list\_price column, which can contain a max of Number(17,6).

### Table 7–1 (Cont.) RMS to Xstore Functionality Gaps

### **Identified Functionality Gap**

It is possible in RMS to range a child item to a store without also ranging its parent to the store. RMS items can be associated with diffs without having a parent item (for example, a broom is red; red is an attribute of the item, but there is no parent for brooms and the same broom is not available in other colors). Xstore must receive from RMS the parent item's information in order to take advantage of Xstore Style features. Without a parent item available to create a Style in Xstore's database, Xstore will not display dimension values such as size, color, and width for an L1 item having Diff ID assignments.

In Xstore, a Style is an entry in the Item database that has properties such as size, color, width, and so. These properties are known as Dimensions in Xstore, and DIFFs in RMS. Multiple regular items may be associated with a Style ID. If you enter a Style ID in Xstore's Scan Item Prompt, the system prompts with additional item selection criteria by displaying dimension value choices. The Style ID, also known as the dimension system, is the RMS parent (or grandparent if one exists) of the transaction level item. If the RMS item used to represent a Style item in Xstore is not ranged to the store, items associated with the Style cannot be selected by scanning the Style ID. In addition, when a Style record does not exist in the database, the item dimension values are not displayed in the Xstore UI.

RMS items can be associated with DIFFs without having a parent item associated with one or more DIFF Groups. Without a parent item that can be set up in Xstore as an Item Style, these kinds of items will not be associated with a Dimension System.

RMS does not have a item restocking fee indicator.

The data type and length of the RMS field SellingUnitRetail is Number (20). When provided, the SellingUnitRetail value is used to populate the itm\_item\_prices table's price column, which can contain a maximum of Number (17,6).

In RMS, the data type of manufacture's recommended retail is NUMBER (20,4). In Xstore, the value is mapped to ITM\_ITEM.LIST\_PRICE, which is a NUMBER (17,6). If an RMS recommended retail value is over 17 digits, DataLoader into Xstore will fail for this record. Non-failing records from the same file will continue to be loaded.

RMS and SIM both support the concept that an item can be a serialized item in one store, but not in another. In Xstore, the SERIALIZED\_ITEM\_FLAG applies to an item in all locations.

Serialized item is an item/location level flag in RMS, but an item level flag in Xstore. The Xstore DataLoader maps the item/location level information from RMS to the item level in Xstore. This means that if the serialized flag actually varies by location for an item in RMS, the last location to be processed by the integration code sets the item level serialized flag in Xstore.

RMS does not export Age and Quantity product restrictions.

RMS does not provide enough information in an ItemLoc record for the integration layer to identify above-transaction level items that do not need to be created as itm\_item\_options records. If above-transaction records are ranged to stores, which is likely, itm\_item\_options will be populated with records using Item IDs that do not exist in itm\_item.

The ID displayed in the RMS UI for Class and Subclass is not the same ID as the numeric portion of the merchandise hierarchy displayed in the Xstore UI. RMS displays a display ID. Xstore's UI displays the RMS-supplied unique Class ID and Subclass ID (fields that are not displayed in RMS UI). The inconsistent display of identifiers in the two systems may cause some confusion.

RMS supports cross-sell and up-sell related item types. Xstore does not. RMS CRSL/UPSL records are mapped to Xstore's AttachedItems.

RMS supports creation of CRSL/UPSL items with above-transaction level parents; however this relationship is not useful in Xstore. In Xstore, both members of the relationship must be transaction level items.

Xstore's attached items can be auto-attached or prompt-to-attach. RMS does not have the same auto-attach concept, so attached items are always prompt-to-attach in Xstore.

#### Table 7–1 (Cont.) RMS to Xstore Functionality Gaps

### Identified Functionality Gap

RMS sends the VAT code for an item along with the active date for the VAT code to be applicable. Retailers use the active date for future planning. However, Xstore currently does not support an active date for VAT code:

- Xstore will ignore the active date for VAT code.
- Whenever the retailer sends the VAT code, the changes will be effective immediately. It is recommended that retailers send the VAT code change only when they need it.

Restocking fee is not maintained by RMS. Xstore Point of Service uses this to prompt for a restocking fee during returns.

Buying from a VAT store and returning to a non-VAT store (and vice versa) is not supported.

RMS product restrictions are not integrated to Xstore.

Packs are sent from RMS to Xstore as they are items. But pack details (the items that make up a pack) are not integrated. In Xstore, RMS packs are kits. Xstore does not have visibility to drill into kit components.

Xstore supports defining partial refunds for certain products based on item attribution. RMS does not export any attributes to support this Xstore functionality.

RMS does not manage coupons. Coupons should instead be managed in Oracle Retail Customer Engagement or another system that directly integrates with Xstore.

RMS UDAs and CFAS are not integrated to Xstore.

Xstore supports translation of some data; however, RMS only exports data in the primary integration language to stores. The exception to this is item description. RMS can hold a local item description at the item/location level. Retailers can use this to hold item descriptions in the store's local language or dialect.

### **RPM**

Table 7–2 is a list of functionality gaps that exist for the RPM to Xstore integration.

### Table 7–2 RPM to Xstore Functionality Gaps

#### **Identified Functionality Gap**

In RPM, the data type of selling unit retail is NUMBER (20,4). In Xstore, the value is mapped to ITM\_ITEM\_PRICE.PRICE, which is a NUMBER (17,6). If an RPM retail value is over 17 digits, DataLoader into Xstore will fail. Non-failing records from the same file will continue to be loaded.

RPM supports multi-buy promotions with a reward of cheapest free. Xstore does not support a cheapest free (Buy N and get Cheapest Free) promotion.

RPM and Xstore have different approaches to multi-unit pricing. RPM regular price update information for multiple units is not supported in this integration. Xstore converts multi-unit prices to single price, but cannot accurately do this without rounding information which varies from stores to stores.

RPM enables the execution of Finance Promotions. Xstore Point of Service does not support Finance Promotion components.

RPM integration includes customer segment information. Xstore does not support the integration.

RPM supports the integration of Multi-Buy promotions that use the OR condition between buy lists and/or reward lists. Xstore does not support the integration.

RPM supports the integration of threshold promotions with a qualifier of item level. Xstore does not support the integration.

### Xstore to ReSA Integration

Table 7–3 is a list of functionality gaps that exist for the Xstore to ReSA integration.

### Table 7–3 Xstore to ReSA Integration Functionality Gaps

### **Identified Functionality Gap**

Till ID is not available for retail transactions. Xstore workstation and ReSA register are equivalent concepts. ReSA does not have an entity equivalent to the Xstore till.

When integrated with Xstore, ReSA should be configured with a balancing level of Register. Xstore always sends the workstation ID as the register. The separate concept of a till is not supported in the integration, so Xstore cannot be configured for till-level balancing when integrated with ReSA.

Bounce back coupon number length in Xstore can be 60 characters long, but ReSA only allows 16 characters. If retailers want to use the integration, they should as a business process, not use IDs with more than 16 characters.

In Xstore, the Sales person field length can be 60 characters in length, but ReSA only allows 10 characters. Retailers should, as a business process, not use Xstore sales person IDs with more than 10 characters.

Commerce Anywhere is not supported. For Commerce Anywhere orders, the Xstore RTLog generator sets the Fulfillment order number in the RTLog to UNKNOWN. The fulfillment order number is not known at the time the order is created, because information has not yet been sent to the order management system.

Xstore supports a tender type of Home Office Check. This tender type is not supported by ReSA. Retailers using this integration should not use the Xstore Home Office Check tender

Many Xstore transaction types and subtypes are exported as OTHER/OTHER. For more information on the types and subtypes, see Appendix A.

Xstore allows multiple sales associates at the line item level, however ReSA does not. Only the transaction level sales associate is exported to ReSA.

## **Appendix: POSLog to RTLog Mapping** Details

The mapping from the POSLog format to the RTLog format is defined in the Xstore configuration file RTLogMappingConfig.xml. This appendix provides details on the following mappings:

- Transaction Type Mapping
- Tender Type Mapping
- **Total Tender ID Mapping**
- Item Type Mapping
- Reason Code Mapping
- Item Status/Sales Type Mapping

## **Transaction Type Mapping**

- The ReSA transaction type values are defined in code\_type TRAT.
- The ReSA sub-transaction type values are defined in code\_type TRAS.

Table A–1 describes the Xstore to ReSA transaction type mapping.

Table A-1 Transaction Type Mapping

Xstore Transaction Type	ReSA Transaction Type TRAT	ReSA Sub-Transaction Type TRAS	Description
ACCOUNT_LOOKUP	OTHER	OTHER	ACCOUNT_LOOKUP transactions are passed from Xstore to ReSA for full visibility audit, but not otherwise implemented in ReSA.
BALANCE_INQUIRY	OTHER	OTHER	BALANCE_INQUIRY transactions are passed from Xstore to ReSA for full visibility audit, but not otherwise implemented in ReSA.
CREDIT_ APPLICATION	OTHER	OTHER	CREDIT_APPLICATION transactions are passed from Xstore to ReSA for full visibility audit, but not otherwise implemented in ReSA.
ESCROW	OTHER	OTHER	ESCROW transactions are passed from Xstore to ReSA for full visibility audit, but not otherwise implemented in ReSA.

Table A-1 (Cont.) Transaction Type Mapping

Xstore Transaction Type	ReSA Transaction Type TRAT	ReSA Sub-Transaction Type TRAS	Description
EXCHANGE_RATE	OTHER	OTHER	EXCHANGE_RATE transactions are passed from Xstore to ReSA for full visibility audit, but not otherwise implemented in ReSA.
GNRIC	OTHER	OTHER	GNRIC transactions are passed from Xstore to ReSA for full visibility audit, but not otherwise implemented in ReSA.
INVENTORY_ CONTROL	OTHER	OTHER	INVENTORY_CONTROL transactions are mapped from Xstore to ReSA for full visibility audit, but not otherwise implemented in ReSA.
			Xstore should be configured so that inventory control transactions are not generated, and therefore not sent to ReSA.
INVENTORY_ SUMMARY_COUNT	OTHER	OTHER	INVENTORY_SUMMARY_COUNT transactions are mapped from Xstore to ReSA for full visibility audit, but not otherwise implemented in ReSA.
			Xstore should be configured so that inventory summary count transactions are not generated, and therefore not sent to ReSA.
MOVEMENT_ PENDING	OTHER	OTHER	MOVEMENT_PENDING transactions are mapped from Xstore to ReSA for full visibility audit, but not otherwise implemented in ReSA.
			Xstore should be configured so that inventory summary count transactions are not generated, and therefore not sent to ReSA.
NO_SALE	NOSALE	NOSALE	NA
POST_VOID	PVOID	VOID	NA
RETAIL_SALE	SALE	SALE	Regular transaction.
(can be mapped to multiple ReSA	NOSALE	SUSPND	Suspend transaction.
transaction types	VOID	CANCEL	Cancel transaction.
depending on other conditions)	VOID	CANCEL	Cancel orphaned transaction.
SESSION_CONTROL	OTHER	OTHER	Issue till.
	OTHER	OTHER	Assign till/assign till tender transfer.
	OTHER	OTHER	Attach till.
	OTHER	OTHER	Remove till.
	OTHER	OTHER	Return till.
SYSTEM_CLOSE	CLOSE	CSTORE	Close store.
	OPEN	OSTORE	Open store.

Table A-1 (Cont.) Transaction Type Mapping

Xstore Transaction Type	ReSA Transaction Type TRAT	ReSA Sub-Transaction Type TRAS	Description
TENDER_CONTROL	OPEN	OTILL	Begin till count.
(can be mapped to multiple ReSA transaction types	CLOSE with TOTAL /OTHER	CTILL with CTILLT /OTHER	Till closing count (register accountability/till accountability).
depending on other conditions)	CLOSE and TOTAL	CTILL and CTILLT	Till reconcile. Each counted tender type has a corresponding TOTAL and CTILLT as a THEAD.
	PAIDIN	PITILL	Pay in.
	PAIDOU	POTILL	Pay out.
	OTHER	AUDIT	Till audit.
	PULL	PUTILL	Mid-day deposit. Place funds in store bank.
	OTHER	BANK	Bank deposit.
	LOAN	LOTILL	Till loan (cash transfer).
	PULL	PUTILL	Pick up till (cash pickup).
	OTHER	OTHER	Open store bank.
	OTHER	OTHER	Store bank reconcile.
TENDER_EXCHANGE	PAIDIN	PITILL	NA
TILL_CONTROL	OTHER	OTHER	NA
TIMECLOCK	OTHER	OTHER	Employee clock in.
	OTHER	OTHER	Employee clock out.
TRAINING_MODE_ ENTRY	OTHER	NTRAIN	NA
TRAINING_MODE_ EXIT	OTHER	XTRAIN	NA
WORKSTATION_ CLOSE	CLOSE	CREG	NA
WORKSTATION_ COMPLETE_REMOTE_ CLOSE	CLOSE	CRGRC	NA
WORKSTATION_OPEN	OPEN	OREG	NA
WORKSTATION_ START_REMOTE_ CLOSE	OTHER	CRGRC	NA
GIFT_REGISTRY	OTHER	OTHER	Assign gift registry (register operation)
	OTHER	OTHER	Reissue gift registry (register operation)
RAIN_CHECK	OTHER	OTHER	Redeem rain check.
BATCH_CLOSE	OTHER	OTHER	Credit and debit settlement.

## **Tender Type Mapping**

The ReSA tender type groups are defined in code\_type TENT.

The ReSA tenders are defined in the seeded data table POS\_TENDER\_TYPE\_

Table A–2 describes the Xstore to ReSA transaction tender type mapping.

Table A-2 Tender Type Mapping

Xstore		Xstore POS Log Tender Group Type		ReSA RTLog	
TenderTypeCode	TenderTypeID	Tender Type	Tender ID	TenderTypeGroup	TenderTypeID
CURRENCY	USD_ CURRENCY	Cash	USD_ CURRENCY	CASH	If primary 1000, if alternate 1010.
	AUD_ CURRENCY	Cash	AUD_ CURRENCY	CASH	If primary 1000, if alternate 1010.
	CAD_ CURRENCY	Cash	CAD_ CURRENCY	CASH	If primary 1000, if alternate 1010.
	EUR_ CURRENCY	Cash	EUR_ CURRENCY	CASH	If primary 1000, if alternate 1010.
	GBP_ CURRENCY	Cash	GBP_ CURRENCY	CASH	If primary 1000, if alternate 1010.
CREDIT_CARD	VISA	CreditDebit	VISA	CCARD	3000
	MASTERCARD	CreditDebit	MASTERCARD	CCARD	3010
	AMERICAN_ EXPRESS	CreditDebit	AMERICAN_ EXPRESS	CCARD	3020
	DINERS_CLUB	CreditDebit	DINERS_CLUB	CCARD	3040
	DISCOVER	CreditDebit	DISCOVER	CCARD	3030
	JCB	CreditDebit	JCB	CCARD	3090
	DEBITCARD	CreditDebit	DEBITCARD	DCARD	8000
ACCOUNT	HOUSE_ ACCOUNT	dtv:Account	HOUSE_ ACCOUNT	CCARD	3120
	A new type of credit card	CreditDebit	A new type of credit card	CCARD	Map to UNKNW.
CHECK	CHECK	Check	CHECK	CHECK	If primary 2000, if foreign 2050.
TRAVELERS_ CHECK	USD_ TRAVELERS_ CHECK	dtv:TravelersC heck	USD_ TRAVELERS_ CHECK	CHECK	If primary 2020, if foreign 2060.
	CAD_ TRAVELERS_ CHECK	dtv:TravelersC heck	CAD_ TRAVELERS_ CHECK	CHECK	If primary 2020, if foreign 2060.

Table A-2 (Cont.) Tender Type Mapping

Xstore		Xstore POS Log Tender Group Type		ReSA RTLog	
TenderTypeCode	TenderTypeID	Tender Type	Tender ID	TenderTypeGroup	TenderTypeID
VOUCHER	GIFT_ CERTIFICATE	Voucher	GIFT_ CERTIFICATE	VOUCH	If primary 4030, if foreign 4100.
	ISSUE_GIFT_ CERTIFICATE	Voucher	ISSUE_GIFT_ CERTIFICATE	VOUCH	If primary 4030, if foreign 4100.
	ISSUE_ MERCHANDIS E_CREDIT_ CARD	Voucher	ISSUE_ MERCHANDISE _CREDIT_CARD	VOUCH	4050
	ISSUE_STORE_ CREDIT	Voucher	ISSUE_STORE_ CREDIT	VOUCH	4050
	ISSUE_XPAY_ GIFT_CARD	Voucher	ISSUE_XPAY_ GIFT_CARD	VOUCH	4040
	MALL_ CERTIFICATE	Voucher	MALL_ CERTIFICATE	VOUCH	4060
	MERCHANDIS E_CREDIT_ CARD	Voucher	MERCHANDISE _CREDIT_CARD	VOUCH	4050
	RELOAD_ MERCHANDIS E_CREDIT_ CARD	Voucher	RELOAD_ MERCHANDISE _CREDIT_CARD	VOUCH	4050
	RELOAD_ XPAY_GIFT_ CARD	Voucher	RELOAD_ XPAY_GIFT_ CARD	VOUCH	4040
	STORE_ CREDIT	Voucher	STORE_CREDIT	VOUCH	If primary 4050, if foreign 4090.
	XPAY_GIFT_ CARD	Voucher	XPAY_GIFT_ CARD	VOUCH	4040
COUPON	COUPON	Manufacturer Coupon	COUPON	QPON	5000
	ROOM_ CHARGE	CreditDebit	ROOM_ CHARGE	VOUCH	4050
CREDIT_CARD	PAYPAL	TBD	PAYPAL	PAYPAL	3075
HOME_OFFICE_ CHECK	HOME_ OFFICE_ CHECK	NA	NA	Not supported in the office check tenders used in Xstore if it is ReSA.	should not be

## **Total Tender ID Mapping**

Table A–3 describes the ReSA mapping for the total ID record in the transaction header.

Table A-3 Total Tender ID Mapping

Xstore ReSA RTLog				
TenderType	TenderID	Total ID		
CURRENCY	USD_CURRENCY	CASH		
	AUD_CURRENCY	CASHAC		
	CAD_CURRENCY	CASHAC		
	EUR_CURRENCY	CASHAC		
	GBP_CURRENCY	CASHAC		
TRAVELERS_CHECK	USD_TRAVELERS_CHECK	TCHECK		
	AUD_TRAVELERS_CHECK	TCHECKAC		
	CAD_TRAVELERS_CHECK	TCHECKAC		
	EUR_TRAVELERS_CHECK	TCHECKAC		
	GBP_TRAVELERS_CHECK	TCHECKAC		
	MXN_TRAVELERS_CHECK	TCHECKAC		
CREDIT_CARD	CREDIT_CARD	CCARD		
VOUCHER	GIFT_CERTIFICATE	GIFTCERT		
	MALL_CERTIFICATE	MALLCERT		
	MERCHANDISE_CREDIT_CARD	MCCARD		
	RELOAD_MERCHANDISE_CREDIT_CARD	RMCCARD		
	RELOAD_XPAY_GIFT_CARD	RXPAYGC		
	STORE_CREDIT	STCRDT		
	XPAY_GIFT_CARD	XPAYGC		
	ISSUE_XPAY_GIFT_CARD	IXPAYGC		
	ISSUE_STORE_CREDIT	ISTCRDT		
	ISSUE_MERCHANDISE_CREDIT_CARD	IMCCARD		
ACCOUNT	HOUSE_ACCOUNT	HACCNT		
COUPON	COUPON	COUPON		

## **Item Type Mapping**

ReSA tender type values are defined in code SAIT and used in the following:

- RTLOG TITEM record, item type field
- Sa\_tran\_item.item\_type

Table A–4 describes the Xstore item type mapping.

Table A-4 Item Type Mapping

Xstore Item Type	ReSA Item Type	Description
Alteration	NMITEM	NA
Deposit	NMITEM	NA
dtv:GiftCertificate	GCN	Gift Card and Gift Certificate

Table A-4 (Cont.) Item Type Mapping

Xstore Item Type	ReSA Item Type	Description
dtv:NonMerchandise	NMITEM	NA
dtv:Payment	NMITEM	NA
Fee	NMITEM	NA
ItemCollection	ITEM	NA
Service	NMITEM	NA
Stock	ITEM	NA
Warranty	NMITEM	NA

### **Reason Code Mapping**

Xstore has a single set of reason codes, used both for reason codes, price override codes, and other modifications. ReSA separates these concepts into individual sets used in different RTLog fields and saved to different database table/fields. Because reason codes can be mixed coming out of Xstore, ReSA has mapped some code values to multiple code types to avoid the possibility of errors.

### **ReSA Reason Codes**

ReSA reason codes:

Code type REAC

**Note:** ReSA supports a number of other transaction level reason codes. Only reason codes related to Xstore integration are listed here.

- SA\_TRAN\_HEAD.REASON\_CODE
- Used for further information on a number of transaction types.
- Mapped to Xstore miscellaneous reason codes.

Table A–5 describes the reason code mapping.

Table A-5 ReSA Reason Codes

Xstore Reason Code	ReSA Reason Code	Description
PV1	PV1	Cashier Error
PV2	PV2	Supervisors Discretion
PV3	PV3	Customer Satisfaction
NS1	NS1	Making Change
NS2	NS2	Employee Check Cashed
NS3	NS3	Petty Cash In
NS4	NS4	Petty Cash Out
NS5	NS5	Spiff/Bonus Out 1
CF1	CF1	Holiday Adjustment
CF2	CF2	Register Down

Table A-5 (Cont.) ReSA Reason Codes

Xstore Reason Code	ReSA Reason Code	Description
PAID_IN	PI1	Change from Paid Out
PAID_IN	PI2	Found Money
PAID_IN	PI3	Drawer Loan 1
PAID_IN	TENDEX	Tender exchange
PAID_OUT	PO1	Stocks
PAID_OUT	PO2	Delivery
PAID_OUT	PO3	Postage
PAID_OUT	PO4	Contractor Services
PAID_OUT	PO5	Store Incentives

### **ReSA Return Reason Codes**

ReSA return reason codes:

- Code type = SARR
- SA\_TRAN\_ITEM. RETURN\_REASON\_CODE

Table A-6 describes the return reason code mapping.

Table A-6 ReSA Return Reason Codes

Xstore Reason Code	ReSA Reason Code	Description
RET1	RET1	Did not like
RET2	RET2	Better price somewhere else
RET3	RET3	Did not fit
RET4	RET4	Damaged
RET5	RET5	Exchange
RET6	RET6	Poor quality
RET41	RET41	Open box
RET42	RET42	Unusable
RET43	RET43	Repairable

### **ReSA Discount Reason Codes**

ReSA discount reason codes:

Code type SADT

**Note:** ReSA supports a number of other discount types. Only discount types related to Xstore integration are listed here.

SA\_TRAN\_DISC.DISC\_TYPE

Table A–7 describes the discount reason code mapping.

Table A-7 ReSA Discount Reason Codes

Xstore Reason Code	ReSA Reason Code	Description
DC1	S	Incorrect Label
DC2	MS	Manager Discretion
DC3	СР	Price Guarantee
DC4	D	Damage Adjustment
NEW_PRICE_RULE	NEWPRC	New Price Rule
DOCUMENT	DOC	Document
MANUFACTURER_ COUPON	MCOUP	Manufacturer Coupon
REFUND_PRORATION	REFUND	Refund Proration
CALCULATED_ WARRANTY_PRICE	CALWAR	Warranty Price

### **ReSA Item Price Override Reason Codes**

ReSA item price override reason codes:

- Code type ORRC
- SA\_TRAN\_ITEM.OVERRIDE\_REASON

Table A-8 describes the item price override reason code mapping.

Table A-8 ReSA Item Price Override Reason Codes

Xstore Reason Code	ReSA Reason Code	Description		
AR_PR_1	AR_PR_1	Insufficient Funds		
AR_PR_2	AR_PR_2	Wrong Amount		
AR_PR_3	AR_PR_3	Wrong Amount		
AR_PR_4	AR_PR_4	Wrong Invoice		
COMMENT	NEWPRC	Other - Enter Comments		
PC1	S	Incorrect Label		
PC2	MS	Supervisors Discretion		
PC3	СР	Competitive Price Match		
PC4	D	Damage Adjustment		
BASE_PRICE_RULE	BSPRC	Base Price Rule		
PROMPT_PRICE_ CHANGE	PROMPT	Price Prompt		
AUTHORIZED_ AMOUNT	AUTHMT	Authorized Amount		

## **Item Status/Sales Type Mapping**

ReSA item status:

Code type SASI

### SA\_TRAN\_ITEM.ITEM\_STATUS

Valid values for the ReSA item status are shown in the following table:

V	Voided
S	Sale
R	Return
О	Other
ORI	Order Initiate
ORC	Order Cancel
ORD	Order Complete
LIN	Layaway Initiate
LCA	Layaway Cancel
LCO	Layaway Complete

### ReSA sales type:

- Code type SASY
- SA\_TRAN\_ITEM.SALES\_TYPE

Valid values for the ReSA sales type are shown in the following table:

R	Regular
I	In-Store Customer Order
E	External Customer Order

Table A–9 describes the item status and sales type mapping.

Table A-9 ReSA Item Status/Sales Type Mapping

Xstore Item	Xstore Action	ReSA Item Status	ReSA Sales Type	
Regular Sale	Sale	S	R	
	Return	R	R	
	Void	S and V (two lines)	R	
Layaway Item	Init	LIN	I	
	Cancel	LCA	I	
	Pickup	LCO	I	
	Void	S and V (two lines)	I	
Locate Order	Init	ORI	Е	
	Cancel	ORC	Е	
	Pickup	ORD	Е	
	Void when update or pickup	ORC	Е	
	Void when Init	S and V (two lines)	Е	

Table A-9 (Cont.) ReSA Item Status/Sales Type Mapping

Xstore Item	Xstore Action	ReSA Item Status	ReSA Sales Type
Special Order	Init	ORI	Е
	Cancel	ORC	Е
	Pickup	ORD	Е
	Void when update or pickup	ORC	Е
	Void when Init	S and V (two lines)	Е
Work Order	Work Order Init ORI		I
	Cancel	ORC	I
	Pickup	ORD	I
	Void when update or pickup	ORC	I
	Void when Init	S and V (two lines)	I
Pre-Sale	Init ORI		I
	Cancel	ORC	Е
	Pickup	ORD	Е
	Void when update or pickup	ORC	Е
	Void when Init	S and V (two lines)	Е
On Hold	Init	ORI	I
	Cancel	ORC	I
	Pickup	ORD	I
	Void when update or pickup	ORC	I
	Void when Init	S and V (two lines)	I
Send Sale	Init	ORI	Е
	Cancel	ORC	Е
	Pickup	ORD	Е
	Void when update or pickup	ORC	Е
	Void when Init	S and V (two lines)	Е

# **Appendix: Flat File Mapping**

This appendix describes the mapping from the RMS and RPM flat file format to the Xstore database format. Details are provided for the following mappings:

- RMS Diff Group Detail
- RMS Diff Group Header
- **RMS Diffs**
- RMS Item Header
- **RMS Item Location**
- **RMS** Merchandise Hierarchy
- RMS Organizational Hierarchy
- RMS Related Item Detail
- RMS Related Item Header
- **RMS Store**
- **RMS Store Address**
- **RMS VAT**
- **RMS VAT Item**
- **RPM Clearance Price**
- **RPM Regular Price**
- **RPM Promotions**

### **RMS Diff Group Detail**

Table B–1 describes the RMS Diff Group Detail mapping.

Table B-1 RMS Diff Group Detail Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
0	Family	Value is always DIFFGRPDTL. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-1 (Cont.) RMS Diff Group Detail Mapping

	RMS				Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment	
1	Туре	Value is always FULL when the program is run in full mode.	Character	15	NA	NA	NA		Determines action.	
		If the program is run in delta mode, the type will vary based on the type of change (CRE, MOD, DEL). Valid values are:								
		DIFFGRPDTLCRE - Creation of diff group group header information.								
		DIFFGRPDTLMOD - Modification of diff group header information.								
		DIFFGRPDTLDEL - Deletion of diff group header information.								
		Data will always be present in this field.								
2	DiffGro upId	This field holds the ID of the diff group.	Character	10	rms_diff_ group_ detail	DIFF_ GROUP_ ID	VARCHA R2(10 CHAR)		NA	
		Data will always be present in this field.					,			
3	DiffId	This field holds a unique number ID for the diff.	Character	10	rms_diff_ group_ detail	DIFF_ID	VARCHA R2(10 CHAR)		NA	
		Data will always be present in this field.								
4	Display Seq	Optional sequence to describe the order in which diffs within the diff group should be displayed in user interfaces.	Character	4	rms_diff_ group_ detail	DISPLAY _SEQ	NUMBER (4)		NA	
		Data is optional in this field.								
	NA	NA	NA	NA	rms_diff_ group_ detail	CREATE_ DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	NA	
	NA	NA	NA	NA	rms_diff_ group_ detail	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	NA	

## **RMS Diff Group Header**

Table B–2 describes the RMS Diff Group Header mapping.

Table B–2 RMS Diff Group Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
0	Family	Value is always DIFFGRPHDR. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
1	Туре	Value is always FULL when the program is run in full mode.	Character	15	NA	NA	NA		Determines action.
		If the program is run in delta mode, the type will vary based on the type of change (CRE, MOD, DEL). Valid values are:							
		DIFFGRPHDRCRE - Creation of diff group group header information.							
		DIFFGRPHDRMO D - Modification of diff group header information.							
		DIFFGRPHDRDEL - Deletion of diff group header information.							
		Data will always be present in this field.							
2	DiffGro upId	This field holds a unique number ID for the differentiator group. As primary ID, DiffGroupId cannot be modified.	Character	10	rms_diff_ group_ head	DIFF_ GROUP_ ID	VARCHA R2(10 CHAR)		NA
		Data will always be present in this field.							

Table B-2 (Cont.) RMS Diff Group Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
3	DiffGro upDesc	Description of the differentiator group (for example: Men's Shirt Sizes, Women's Shoe Sizes, Girls Dress Sizes, Shower Gel Scents, Yogurt Flavors, and so on).	Character	120	rms_diff_ group_ head	DIFF_ GROUP_ DESC	VARCHA R2(120 CHAR)		NA
		Data will always be present in this field in the DIFFGRPHDRCRE and DIFFGRPHDRMO D records.							
4	DiffTyp eId	This field holds a value of the types of differentiators contained in this differentiator group including, but not limited to:	Character	6	rms_diff_ group_ head	DIFF_ TYPE	VARCHA R2(6 CHAR)		NA
		S - size							
		C - color							
		F - flavor							
		E - scent							
		P - pattern							
		Data will always be present in this field in the DIFFGRPHDRCRE and DIFFGRPHDRMO D records.							
5	DiffTyp eDesc	Contains the description of the differentiator type.	Character	120	NA	NA	NA		Ignored. It is already captured in
		Data will always be present in this field in the DIFFGRPHDRCRE and DIFFGRPHDRMO D records.							the diff id tab.
	NA	NA	NA	NA	rms_diff_ group_ head	CREATE_ DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)		NA
	NA	NA	NA	NA	rms_diff_ group_ head	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)		NA

## **RMS Diffs**

Table B–3 describes the RMS Diffs mapping.

Table B-3 RMS Diffs Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
0	Family	Value is always DIFFS. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
1	Туре	Value is always FULL when the program is run in full mode.	Character	15	NA	NA	NA		Determines action.
		If the program is run in delta mode, the type will vary based on the type of change (CRE, MOD, DEL). Valid values are:							
		DIFFCRE - Creation of diff information.							
		DIFFMOD - Modification of diff information.							
		DIFFDEL - Deletion of diff information.							
		Data will always be present in this field.							
2	DiffId	Contains the unique ID of the diff.  Data will always be present in this field.	Character	10	rms_diff_ ids	DIFF_ID	VARCHA R2(10 CHAR)		Also used to populate rms_diff_ group_ detail for the default Diff Group membershi p.
3	DiffDes c	Contains the text description of the diff.  Data will always exist in this field for DIFFCRE and DIFFMOD.	Character	120	rms_diff_ ids	DIFF_ DESC	VARCHA R2(120 CHAR)		NA
4	DiffTyp e	Contains the type code for the diff. All diffs belong to one and only one type.	Character	6	rms_diff_ ids	DIFF_ TYPE	VARCHA R2(6 CHAR)		Also used to populate rms_diff_ group_ head for
		Data will always exist in this field for DIFFCRE and DIFFMOD.							the default Diff Group.

Table B-3 (Cont.) RMS Diffs Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
5	DiffTyp eDesc	Contains the description of the diff.  Data will always exist in this field for DIFFCRE and	Character	120	rms_diff_ ids	DIFF_ TYPE_ DESC	VARCHA R2(120 CHAR)		Also used to populate rms_diff_ group_ head for the default
		DIFFMOD.							Diff Group.
6	IndustryCode	Can optionally hold the unique code used by industry standards to identify the differentiator. For example, in the US, the National Retail Federation defines a standard Color and Size Codes that gives retailers, vendors, and manufacturers a common language for product color and size identification for EDI purposes. This supplements the information conveyed by UPC codes. For example, mens pants size combination 32x32 has an NRF code number 10492.	Character	10	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
7	Industr ySubgro up	Can optionally hold a sub-grouping code used by industry standards to further identify the differentiator. For example, in the US, the National Retail Federation uses a subgroup for colors (for example, purple is defined as 500; dark purple represents a range from 501 to 509, medium purple represents a range from 510 to 519, bright purple represents a range from 520 to 529, and so on).	Character	10	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-3 (Cont.) RMS Diffs Mapping

RMS		Xstore						
Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
NA	NA	NA	NA	rms_diff_ ids	CREATE_ DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	NA
NA	NA	NA	NA	rms_diff_ ids	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	NA

## **RMS Item Header**

Table B-4 describes the RMS Item Header mapping.

Table B-4 RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment	
0	Family	Value is always ITEMS. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.	
1	Туре	Value is always FULLHDR when the program is run in full mode.	Character	15	NA	NA	NA		Determines action.	
		In delta mode, valid values are:								
		ITEMHDRCRE								
		ITEMHDRMOD								
		ITEMHDRDEL								
		Data will always be present in this field.								
2	Locatio n	For corporate level files, this field holds the string CORPORATE. In location specific files, this field holds the numeric ID of the store of WH.	Character	10	itm_item, itm_ item_ dimensio n_value, itm_ item_ dimensio n_type	ORG_ CODE, ORG_ VALUE	VARCHA R(30)	11*11	Dimension Value and Dimension Type are only used for Style items.	
3	Item	ID of the item. This field will always have data.	Character	25	itm_item, itm_ item_ dimensio n_value, itm_ item_ dimensio n_type	ITEM_ID, DIMENSI ON_ SYSTEM	VARCHA R(60)		DIMENSIO N_ SYSTEM is populated with ItemID for Style items.	

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
4	ItemPar	ID of the parent of the item. ItemParents can be used as a mechanism to group items together. The ItemParent will also exist as an Item in another row. Data is optional in this field for many items.	Character	25	itm_item, itm_ item_ cross_ reference	PARENT _ITEM_ ID, ITEM_ID	VARCHA R(60)		If the record represents a UPC item, an itm_item_cross_ reference record is created. Otherwise, the parent is stored in itm_item.parent _item_id. If a UPC item, ItemParent is set in itm_item_cross_ reference.it em_id, and the item is stored in itm_item_cross_ reference.m anufacturer _upc.
5	ItemGra ndpare nt	ID of the grandparent of the Item. ItemGrandparents can be used as a mechanism to group items together. The ItemGrandparent will also exist as an Item in another row. Data is optional in this field for many items.	Character	25	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment	
6	PackInd	This field indicates if the item is a pack. A pack is a type of item that acts as a collection of other items. Packs have a Y value. Regular items have an N value.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.	
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.								
7	SimpleP ackInd	This field indicates if the pack item is a simple pack. A simple pack is a collection that consists of multiple of the same item (for example, 10 pack of the same item). Only simple packs have a Y value. Both complex packs (which consist of a mixture of different items) and regular items have an N value.  This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.	

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment	
8	ItemLev el	Number indicating in which of the three levels the item resides. The item level determines if the item stands alone or if it is part of a family of related items.	Number	1	NA	NA	NA		Used to distinguish Item from Style, and UPC from Item.	
		The concept is best explained with the following typical (although not exhaustive) examples.								
		Staple items generally have a item level = 1. UPCs for staple items generally have an item level = 2 (and the staple item is the UPC's parent item).								
		Fashion styles generally have an item level = 1. Fashion skus generally have an item level = 2. UPCs for fashion skus generally have an item level = 3.								
		Valid values are 1, 2, and 3.								
		This field will always have data.								

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
9	TranLev	Number indicating which of the three levels of transactions occur for the item's group. The transaction level is the level at which the items inventory is tracked in the system. The transaction level item will be inventoried, counted, transferred, shipped, and so on. Only one level of the hierarchy of an item family may contain transaction level items.	Number	1	NA	NA	NA		Used to distinguish Item from Style, and UPC from Item.
		The concept is best explained with the following typical (although not exhaustive) examples.							
		Staple items generally have a TranLevel = 1. UPCs for staple items generally have a TranLevel = 1 (inventory transactions occur at the staple sku level; sales of the item roll up to the parent staple sku).							
		Fashion styles generally have a TranLevel = 2 (the style itself is not sold/inventoried).							
		Fashion skus generally have an TranLevel = 2 (the fashion sku is sold/inventoried).							
		UPCs for fashion skus generally have a TranLevel = 2 (the fashion sku is sold/inventoried).							

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment	
	TranLev el (Contin ued)	There are some rare cases in vendor-managed inventory where the TranLevel equals 3.								
		Valid values are 1, 2, and 3.								
		This field will always have data.								
10	Invento ryInd	This indicator is used to determine if inventory is held for the item/item family. Inventory is not held (value = N) in some cases, such as:	Character	1	itm_item	NOT_ INVENT ORIED_ FLAG	NUMBE R(1,0)		When N, then 1; otherwise 0.	
		Concession items that are sold by independent in location concessions.								
		Consignment items that are not owned by the retailer; financial and inventory processing occurs after the item is sold to a consumer.								
		Containers sold/returned for deposit.								
		Some items that are transformed for sale.								
		Valid values are Y and N.								
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.								

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment	
11	Diff1Le vel	This field describes whether the Diff1 information represents a Diff Group or Diff ID.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Used to identify Style Item. When GROUP, DataLoade	
		A Diff Group is a collection of possible Diff IDs. When assigned to a parent item, the diffs in the diff group limit the possible diff IDs that can be assigned to a child of the parent item.							r fetches RMS DIFF Group Details to create Dimension System informatio n. When ID, DataLoade	
		Valid Values are GROUP and ID.							r fetches the Default	
		Data is optional in this field for many items.							DIFF Group for the Diff1Type.	
12	Diff1Ty pe	This field contains the type of the Diff1 information. Valid values can be configured by the retailer. Common examples include:	Character	6	itm_ item_ dimensio n_type	DIMENSI ON	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)		Only used when Diff1Level is provided.	
		C - Color								
		WS - Waist Sizes								
		F - Flavor								
		SC - Scent  Note that these examples are not consistent or required. They are presented here simply to help explain the field.  Data is optional in								
		this field for many items.								

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment	
13	Diff1	This field contains the ID of the Diff1 information. If the Diff1Level is GROUP, this field contains a Diff Group ID. If the Diff1Level is ID, it contains the ID of a diff (a size, color, and so on.)	Character	10	itm_item	DIMENSI ON1	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)		NA	
		This field is optional.								
14	Diff2Le vel	This field describes whether the Diff2 information represents a Diff Group or Diff ID.  A Diff Group is a collection of possible Diff IDs. When assigned to a parent item, the diffs in the diff group limit the possible diff IDs that can be assigned to a child of the parent item.  Valid values are GROUP and ID.  Data is optional in this field for many items.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Used to identify Style Item. When GROUP, DataLoade r fetches RMS DIFF Group Details to create Dimension System informatio n. When ID, DataLoade r fetches the Default DIFF Group for the	

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
15	Diff2Ty pe	This field contains the type of the Diff2 information. Valid values can be configured by the retailer. Common examples include:	Character	6	itm_ item_ dimensio n_type	DIMENSI ON	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)		Only used when Diff2Level is provided.
		C - Color							
		WS - Waist Sizes							
		F - Flavor							
		SC - Scent							
		Note that these examples are not consistent or required. They are presented here simply to help explain the field.							
		Data is optional in this field for many items.							
16	Diff2	This field contains the ID of the Diff2 information. If the Diff1Level is GROUP, this field contains a Diff Group ID. If the Diff1Level is ID, it contains the ID of a diff (a size, color, and so on).	Character	10	itm_item	DIMENSI ON2	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)		NA
		Data is optional in this field for many items.							

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
17	Diff3Le vel	This field describes whether the Diff3 information represents a Diff Group or Diff ID.  A Diff Group is a collection of possible Diff IDs. When assigned to a parent item, the diffs in the diff group limit the possible diff IDs that can be assigned to a child of the parent item.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Used to identify Style Item. When GROUP, DataLoade r fetches the RMS DIFF Group Details to create the Dimension System informatio n. When
		Valid values are GROUP and ID.							ID, DataLoade r fetches
		Data is optional in this field for many items.							the Default DIFF Group for the Diff3Type.
18	Diff3Ty pe	This field contains the type of the Diff3 information. Valid values can be configured by the retailer. Common examples include:	Character	6	itm_ item_ dimensio n_type	DIMENSI ON	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)		Only used when Diff3Level is provided.
		C - Color							
		WS - Waist Sizes							
		F - Flavor							
		SC - Scent							
		Note that these examples are not consistent or required. They are presented here simply to help explain the field.							
		Data is optional in this field for many items.							

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
19	Diff3	This field contains the ID of the Diff3 information. If the Diff1Level is GROUP, this field contains a Diff Group ID. If the Diff1Level is ID, it contains the ID of a diff (a size, color, and so on).	Character	10	itm_item	DIMENSI ON3	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)		NA
		Data is optional in this field for many items.							
20	Diff4Le vel	This field describes whether the Diff4 information represents a Diff Group or Diff ID.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		A Diff Group is a collection of possible Diff IDs. When assigned to a parent item, the diffs in the diff group limit the possible diff IDs that can be assigned to a child of the parent item.							
		Valid values are GROUP and ID.							
		Data is optional in this field for many items.							

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS			Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
21	Diff4Ty pe	This field contains the type of the Diff4 information. Valid values can be configured by the retailer. Common examples include: C - Color	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		WS - Waist Sizes							
		F - Flavor							
		SC - Scent							
		Note that these examples are not consistent or required. They are presented here simply to help explain the field.							
		Data is optional in this field for many items.							
22	Diff4	This field contains the ID of the Diff4 information. If the Diff1Level is GROUP, this field contains a Diff Group ID. If the Diff1Level is ID, it contains the ID of a diff (a size, color, and so on).	Character	10	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field for many items.							
23	Dept	Number identifying the department in the merchandise hierarchy to which the item belongs.	Number	4	itm_item	MERCH_ LEVEL_2 (or configure d level)	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)		D is always appended to the value. The value is
		If the item has a parent, the item's department will be the same as that of its parent.							used to look up the parent from the loc_org_ hierarchy
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							to populate merch_ level_1.

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
24	Class	Number identifying the class in the merchandise hierarchy to which the item belongs.	Number	4	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		If the item has a parent, the item's class will be the same as that of its parent.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							
25	Unique Class	Number uniquely identifying the class node to which the item belongs.	Number	10	itm_item	MERCH_ LEVEL_3 (or configure	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)		C is always appended to the value.
		Class ID is not unique in the level of the merchandise hierarchy. The combination of Dept/Class is unique, but requires the use of a composite key.				d level)			
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
26	Subclas s	Number identifying the subclass in the merchandise hierarchy to which the item belongs.	Number	4	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Subclass ID is not unique in the level of the merchandise hierarchy. The combination of Dept/Class/Subcla ss is unique.							
		If the item has a parent, the item's class will be the same as that of its parent.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							
27	Unique Subclas s	Number uniquely identifying the subclass node to which the item belongs.	Character	10	itm_item	MERCH_ LEVEL_4 (or configure d level)	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)		S is always appended to the value.
		Subclass ID is not unique in the level of the merchandise hierarchy. The combination of Dept/Class/Subcla ss is unique, but requires the use of a composite key.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records							

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
28	Status	Item life cycle status of the item.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		For this release, this field always contains the character A as only approved items are exported.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							
29	ItemDes c	Long description of the item.	Character	250	com_ translatio	TRANSL ATION	VARCHA R2(4000		If Location is
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.			ns		CHAR)		CORPORA TE, the com_ translations record is created using ItemDesc.
30	Seconda ryItem Desc	Secondary description of the item.	Character	250	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
31	ShortDe scriptio n	Shortened item description. This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.	Character	120	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
32	BrandN ame	This field contains the brand associated to an item.	Character	30	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
33	Mercha ndiseIn d	Indicates if the item is a merchandise item (Y, N).  Merchandise items are generally physical items (things that must be shipped/received and of which there is an inventory).  Non-merchandise items are often items which do not	Character	Width 1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	Value	If N, then NON_PHYSICAL item so the record is skipped.
		have inventory. Common examples include extra fees for service (extended warranties, alterations) or endlessly available items (downloads, in-app purchases of bonus content, subscriptions).							
		All items, both merchandise and non-merchandise, are exported from RMS.							
		This field will always have data for all records.							

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
34	Primary RefItem Ind	Indicates if the sub-transaction level item is designated as the primary sub-transaction level item.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		For transaction level items and above, the value in this field will be N.							
		For sub-transaction level items, this field may be either Y (if the current record is a primary UPC) or N (if the current record is not the primary UPC).							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							
35	CostZo neGrou pId	Cost zone group associated with the item for ELC calculations.	Number	4	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
36	Standar dUOM	Unit of measure in which stock of the item is tracked at a corporate level.	Character	4	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Unit of measure may have to be manually synchronized between the systems as this is foundation data that is not currently bulk integrated out of Merchandising.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
37	UOMC onvFact or	Conversion factor between an Each and the standard_uom when the standard_uom is not in the quantity class (such as if standard_uom = lb and 1 lb = 10 eaches, this factor will be 10). This factor is used to convert sales and stock data when an item is retailed in eaches, but does not have eaches as its standard unit of measure.  Data is optional in this field.	Number	20	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
38	Package Size	Holds the size of the product printed on any packaging (for example, 24 ounces). This field can be used for reporting purposes and to determine same sized and different sized items.  Data is optional in this field.	Number	12	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
39	Package UOM	Holds the unit of measure associated with the package size. This field can be used for reporting purposes and to determine same sized and different sized items.  Data is optional in this field.	Character	4	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
40	StoreOr dMulti	Merchandise shipped from the warehouses to the stores must be specified in this unit type. Valid values are: C = Cases; I = Inner; E = Eaches.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							
41	Forecast Ind	Indicates if sales forecasts will be produced for this item. Valid values are: Y, N.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							
42	Original Retail	The original retail price of the item per unit. This field is stored in the primary currency of the Merchandising systems.	Number	20	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
43	Original RetailC urrency	The currency code of the OriginalRetail.	Character	3	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
	Code	Data is optional in this field.							
44	MfgRec Retail	Data is optional in this field.	Number	20	itm_item	LIST_ PRICE	NUMBE R(17,6)		NA
45	MfgRec RetailC urrency Code	The currency code of the MfgRecRetail.  Data is optional in this field.	Character	3	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
46	RetailLa belType	This field indicates any special label type associated with an item (that is, pre-priced or cents off). This field is used in RMS for reporting purposes only.  Data is optional in this field.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
47	RetailLa belValu e	This field represents the value associated with the RetailLabelType. Data is optional in this field.	Number	20	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
48	ItemAg gregateI nd	This field holds an indicator of whether the retailer wants to aggregate inventory and sales for the item with the inventory and sales of other child items.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		For staple items, this indicator is N. For fashion items, this indicator may be Y. If this indicator is Y, the retailer may also define which diff positions should be aggregated into item/diff combinations.							
		Aggregated sales and inventory planning data can be used for inventory decision making and other reporting.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
49	Diff1Ag gregateI nd	This field holds an indicator (Y/N) of whether the retailer wants to aggregate inventory and sales for the item by the first Diff defined for the item (such as Style/Color).	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Aggregated sales and inventory planning data can be used for inventory decision making and other reporting.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							
50	Diff2Ag gregateI nd	This field holds an indicator (Y/N) of whether the retailer wants to aggregate inventory and sales for the item by the first Diff defined for the item (such as Style/Waist Size).	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Aggregated sales and inventory planning data can be used for inventory decision making and other reporting.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
51	Diff3Ag gregateI nd	This field holds an indicator (Y/N) of whether the retailer wants to aggregate inventory and sales for the item by the first Diff defined for the item (such as Style/Inseam).	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Aggregated sales and inventory planning data can be used for inventory decision making and other reporting.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							
52	Diff4Ag gregateI nd	This field holds an indicator (Y/N) of whether the retailer wants to aggregate inventory and sales for the item by the first Diff defined for the item (such as Style/Pattern).	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Aggregated sales and inventory planning data can be used for inventory decision making and other reporting.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
53	ItemNu mberTy pe	This field holds a code descriptor of the type of item number. Valid values for this field include, but are not limited to:	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		ITEM - Oracle Retail Item Number							
		UPC-A - UCC12							
		UPC-AS - UCC12 with Supplement							
		UPC-E - UCC8							
		UPC-ES - UCC8 with Supplement							
		EAN8 - EAN/UCC-8							
		EAN13 - EAN/UCC-13							
		EAN13S - EAN/UCC-13 with Supplement							
		ISBN10 - SBN-10							
		ISBN13 - ISBN-13							
		NDC - NDC/NHRIC - National Drug Code							
		PLU - PLU							
		VPLU - Variable Weight PLU							
		SSCC - SSCC Shipper Carton							
		UCC14 - EAN/UCC-14							
		MANL - Manual							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
54	FormatI D	This field holds the format ID that corresponds to the item's variable UPC. This value is only used for items with variable weight PLU/variable weight UPCs (ItemNumberType = VPLU). Valid values include, but are not limited to:	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		A 1-4-6-1							
		В 1-5-5-1							
		C 1-4-6-1							
		D 1-5-5-1							
		E 2-4-5-1							
		F 2-4-5-1							
		G 2-5-4-1							
		H 2-5-5-1							
		I 2-4-6-1							
		J 2-4-6-1							
		K 2-5-5-1							
		In the case of a type A, this means the total barcode will be at least 6 digits. The prefix of the barcode will be 1 digit in the first position. The item ID is 4 digits and will be in digits 2 to 5 of the barcode. The variable weight will start in digit 6 of the barcode and be at least 1 (possibly more digits).							
		Data is optional in this field, and can only exist for the ItemNumberType = VPLU.							

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
55	Prefix	This column holds the prefix for variable weight UPCs. The size of the prefix (1 or 2 digits) depends on the FormatID. The prefix is used to standardize variable weight UPCs.	Number	2	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field, and can only exist for the ItemNumberType = VPLU.							
56	RecHan dlingTe mp	Holds the temperature information associated with the item. Valid values include, but are not limited to:	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		FRIDGE - Keep Refrigerated at 35°F/1.6°C							
		FROZEN - Keep Frozen at 0°F/-18C							
		ROOM - Keep at Room Temperature							
		Data is optional in this field.							
57	RecHan dlingSe ns	Holds the sensitivity information associated with the item. Valid values include, but are not limited to:	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		AERO - Aerosol Container - flammable							
		COMPUS - Combustible							
		EXPLOD - Explosive							
		FRAG - Fragile							
		TOXIC - Toxic							
		Data is optional in this field.							

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
58	Perisha bleInd	Grocery item attribute used to indicate whether an item is perishable. Valid values are Y and N.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							
59	WasteTy	Identifies the wastage type as either sales or spoilage wastage. Sales wastage occurs during processes that make an item saleable (for example, fat is trimmed off at customer request). Spoilage wastage occurs during the products shelf life (for example, evaporation causes the product to weigh less after a period of time). Valid values are: SP - Spoilage SL - Sales Wastage is not applicable to pack items. Data is optional in this field.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
60	WastePc t	Average percent of wastage for the item over its shelf life. Used in inflating the retail price for wastage items.	Number	12	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
61	Default WastePc t	Default daily wastage percent for spoilage type wastage items. This value defaults to all item locations and represents the average amount of wastage that occurs on a daily basis.	Number	12	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
62	Constan tDimIn d	This field will always have data.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
63	Contain sInnerI nd	Indicates that the dimensions of the product are always the same, regardless of the supplier. Valid values are Y and N.  This field will always have data for the	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							
64	Sellable Ind	Indicates if the item may be sold as a unit. If it is Y, the item will have its own unique unit retail. If it is N, the item will not have a unit retail.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment	
65	Orderab leInd	Indicates if the item may be ordered as a unit.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.	
		Valid values are:								
		Y - Yes, this item/pack may be ordered from a single supplier.								
		N - No, this item/pack may not be ordered from a single supplier.								
		Non-orderable items might be transformed or produced (in-house bakery items for example) by the retailer. Examples might include, but are not limited to:								
		Ground beef item is not orderable because the retailer orders a side of beef and transforms it into ground beef.								
		In-house bakery items are not orderable because the retailer produces them in house.								
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.								

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
66	PackTy pe	Indicates if a pack item is a vendor pack or a buyer pack.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		A vendor pack is a pack that the vendor or supplier recognizes and sells to the retailer. If the pack item is a vendor pack, communication with the supplier will use the vendor pack number.							
		A buyer pack is a pack that a buyer has created for ease of use within the retail business. If the pack item is a buyer pack, communication with the supplier will explode the pack out to its component items.							
		This field will only contain data if the item is a pack item. If the pack item is not orderable, this field must be NULL. Valid values are: V - Vendor, B - Buyer.							
		Data is optional in this field.							

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS			Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
67	OrderA sType	Indicates if a pack item is receivable at the component level or at the pack level (for a buyer pack only). This field is required if a pack item is an orderable buyer pack. This field must be NULL if the pack is sellable only or a vendor pack. This field will only be available if the item is a pack item. Valid values are:  E - Eaches (component level)  P - Pack (buyer pack only)  Data is optional in this field.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
68	ItemSer viceLev el	Default shipping option for consumers. Valid values include, but are not limited to:  2DAY - Second Day GRND - Ground  OVRNT - Overnight  POVRNT - Priority Overnight  Data is optional in this field.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
69	GiftWra pInd	This field contains a value of Y if the item is eligible to be gift wrapped. If not explicitly defined, this field defaults to N.  This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
70	ShipAlo neInd	This field contains a value of Y if the item must be shipped alone to consumers. If not explicitly defined, this field defaults to N.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							
71	ItemXformInd	This field contains a value of Y if the item is associated with an item transformation. The item will either be the sellable item or orderable item in the transformation process.  Transformations include a side of beef (orderable transformation item) cut into steaks/ground beef and so on (sellable transformation items).  This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
72	CatchW eightIn d	Indicates whether the item should be weighed when it arrives at a location. Valid values for this field are Y and N. This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.	Character	1	itm_item	MEASUR E_REQ_ FLAG	NUMBE R(1,0)		If Y, then 1.

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
73	CatchW eightTy pe	This field holds the catch weight type for a simple pack catch weight item. The value is based on the component items order_type and sale_type.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		2 - order_type = Variable Weight, sale_type = Loose Weight							
		4 - order_type = Variable Weight, sale_type = Variable Weight Each							
		Data is optional in this field and will only exist for catch weight, simple pack items.							
74	CatchW eightOr derType	This field holds a code that indicates how catch weight items are ordered. Valid values are:	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		F - Fixed weight							
		V - Variable weight							
		Data is optional in this field and will only exist for catch weight items.							
75	CatchW eightSal eType	This field holds a code that indicates how catch weight items are sold in store locations. Valid values are:	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		V - variable weight each							
		L - Loose weight							
		Data is optional in this field and will only exist for catch weight items.							
76	CatchW eightU	UOM for Catchweight Items.	Character	4	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
	OM	Data is optional in this field and will only exist for catch weight items.							

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment	
77	Deposit ItemTyp e	This is the deposit item component type.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.	
		A NULL value in this field indicates that this item is not part of a deposit item relationship. Valid values include:								
		E - Contents								
		A - Container								
		Z - Crate								
		T - Returned Item (Empty bottle)								
		P - Complex pack (with deposit items)								
		The Returned Item is flagged only to enable these items to be mapped to a separate GL account if required.								
		Data is optional in this field.								
78	Contain erItem	This field holds the container item number for a contents item. This field is only populated and required if the DepositItemType is E. It will hold an item number that has a DepositItemType of A.	Character	25	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.	
		Data is optional in this field.								

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
79	Deposit InPrice PerOU M	This field indicates if the deposit amount is included in the price per UOM calculation for a contents item ticket. This value is only required if the DEPOSIT_ITEM_TYPE = E. Valid values are:	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		I - Includes deposit amount							
		E - Excludes deposit amount							
		Data is optional in this field.							
80	SOHInq uiryAtP ackInd	This field indicates if stock on hand inquiries from downstream systems should be allowed at the pack level for this item.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		It defaults to N for non-pack items.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							
81	Notiona lPackIn d	If this indicator is Y, SIM and other downstream systems should track pack inventory at the pack level. If the indicator is N, SIM and other downstream systems track inventory at the component level.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		It defaults to N for non-pack items.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment	
82	Comme nts	Holds any free-form comments associated with the item.  Data is optional in this field.	Character	2000	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.	
	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item	MERCH_ LEVEL_1	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)		Populated by looking up the parent of the merch_ level_2 value in loc_org_ hierarchy.	
	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item	ITEM_ TYPCOD E	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	STAND ARD	NA	
	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item	DESCRIP TION	VARCHA R2(254 CHAR)		Contains synthesize d Translation key following the pattern: "+item:[ITE M ID]:descrip tion". Key maps to the com_translation record populated from RMS ItemLoc.	
	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item	NAME	VARCHA R2(254 CHAR)		Contains synthesize d Translation key following pattern: "+item:[ITE M ID]:descrip tion". Key maps to com_translation record populated from RMS ItemLoc.	

Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

RMS				Xstore					
Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment	
NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item, itm_ item_ dimensio n_value, itm_ item_ dimensio n_type	ORGANI ZATION _ID	NUMBE R(10,0)	\${dtv.loc ation.or ganizati onId}	Always uses default value.	
NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item, itm_ item_ dimensio n_value, itm_ item_ dimensio n_type	CREATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type =ITEMHD RMOD.	
NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item, itm_ item_ dimensio n_value, itm_ item_ dimensio n_type	CREATE _USER_ ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	Not set when Type =ITEMHD RMOD.	
NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item, itm_ item_ dimensio n_value, itm_ item_ dimensio n_type	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type =FULLHD R.	
NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item, itm_ item_ dimensio n_value, itm_ item_ dimensio n_type	UPDATE _USER_ ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	Not set when Type =FULLHD R.	

## **RMS Item Location**

Table B–5 describes the RMS Item Location mapping.

Table B-5 RMS Item Location Mapping

	RMS				Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment	
0	Family	Value is always ITEMLOC. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.	
1	Туре	Value is always FULLITEMLOC when the program is run in full mode.	Character	15	NA	NA	NA		Determines action.	
		In delta mode, valid values are:								
		ITEMLOCCRE								
		ITEMLOCMOD								
		ITEMLOCDEL								
		Data will always be present in this field.								
2	LocTyp e	This field indicates whether the location is a Store or Warehouse. Valid	Character	1	itm_item_ options	LEVEL_ CODE	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	STORE	If not S, entire record is ignored.	
		values are:							8	
		S - Store								
		W - Warehouse								
		E - External Finisher								
		Data will always be present in this field.								
3	Locatio n	This field holds the numeric ID of the store of WH.	Number	10	itm_item_ options	LEVEL_ VALUE	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)		NA	
		Data will always be present in this field.								
4	Item	ID of the item.	Character	25	itm_item_	ITEM_ID	VARCHA		NA	
		Data will always be present in this field.			options		R2(60 CHAR)			
5	ItemPar ent	ID of the parent of the item. Item parent does not vary by location, but is included in this feed as a denormalized convenience for downstream systems.	Character	25	NA	NA	NA		Ignored, obtained from ItemHdr feed.	
		Data is optional in this field for many items.								

Table B-5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
6	ItemGra ndpare nt	ID of the grandparent of Item. Item grandparent does not vary by location, but is included in this feed as a denormalized convenience for downstream systems.  Data is optional in this field for many items.	Character	25	NA	NA	NA		Ignored, obtained from ItemHdr feed.
7	InitialU nitRetai l	Initial Unit Retail of the item in the item's standard unit of measure.  Data is optional in this field for some type of items. Data is only included in this field for the ITEMLOCCRE and FULLITEMLOC records.  After initial item creation, unit retail and other pricing information should come from RPM. If this program is run in full mode and produces FULLITEMLOC records, a full extract from RPM of pricing should also be performed to update all price records.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
8	Selling UnitRet ail	Data is optional in this field for some type of items. Data is only included in this field for the ITEMLOCCRE and FULLITEMLOC records.	Number	20	itm_item_ prices	PRICE	NUMBER (17,6)		When non-null, a Regular Price Event record will be created in itm_item_
		After initial item creation, unit retail and other pricing information should come from RPM. If this program is run in full mode and produces FULLITEMLOC records, a full extract from RPM of pricing should also be performed to update all price records.							prices.
9	Currenc yCode	Currency Code of retail values.  This field should be populated for the ITEMLOCCRE and FULLITEMLOC records that have InitialUnitRetail and SellingUnitRetail values.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
10	Selling UOM	Data is optional in this field for some type of items. Data is only included in this field for the ITEMLOCCRE and FULLITEMLOC records.	Character	4	itm_item_ options	UNIT_ OF_ MEASUR E_CODE	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)		NA
11	TaxableI nd	Indicates if the item is taxable at the location. This field will always have data for FULLITEMLOC, ITEMLOCCRE, and ITEMLOCMOD.	Character	1	itm_item_ options	TAX_ GROUP_ ID	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)	0	If N, then 0, or configured value, (dataloader -beans.xml)

Table B-5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
12	LocalIte mDesc	Contains the local description of the item. This may be the same as the primary description of the item, a regional description of the item (jimmies versus sprinkles in the US or roll versus bap versus cob versus bun in the UK), or a value in a local language (Overlay dress - true black knit at US stores versus Lagenkleid - Strick, tiefschwarz at stores in Germany). The intent is that this string is appropriate to print this description on signage/receipts at this location.  This field will always have data.	Character	250	com_ translatio ns	TRANSLATION	VARCHA R2(4000 CHAR)		If translated, ItemDescri ptionsEnabl ed is true (see dataloader- beans.xml), and then com_ translations record is created using ItemDesc. It is recommend ed that translated ItemDescri ptionsEnabl ed be set to false when loading Xcenter because non-local description s are used in translation records when loading ItemHdr.
13	LocalSh orDesc	May contain an abbreviated local description of the item. This may be the same as the primary abbreviated description of the item, an abbreviation of regional description of the item, or an abbreviation in a local language.  The intent is that this string is appropriate to print this description on signage/receipts at this location.  Data is optional in this field.	Character	120	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
14	Ti	Number of shipping units (cases) that make up one tier of a pallet of this item for this location. A location may use a local pallet configuration if there are special space or receiving configurations that make typical pallets impractical.  Multiply TI by HI to get the total number of cases for a pallet.  Data is optional in this field.	Number	12	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
15	Hi	Number of tiers that make up a complete pallet (height). A location may use a local pallet configuration if there are special space or receiving configurations that make typical pallets impractical.  Multiply TI by HI to get the total number of cases for a pallet.  Data is optional in this field.	Number	12	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
16	StoreOr derMult iple	Contains the multiple in which the item needs to be shipped from a warehouse to the location.  This field will always have data for FULLITEMLOC, ITEMLOCCRE, and ITEMLOCMOD.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
17	Status	Current status of item at the location. Valid values are:	Character	1	itm_item_ options	ITEM_ AVAILAB ILITY_ CODE,	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR, VARCHA		If itemLoc:sta tus=A or C, the item_
		A - Active, item is valid and can be ordered and sold.				STOCK_ STATUS	R2(60 CHAR)		availability _code is Available.
		I - Inactive, item is valid, but cannot be ordered or sold.							If itemLoc:sta tus=I or D,
		C - Discontinued, item is valid and sellable, but no longer orderable.							the item_ availability _code is NA. If itemLoc:sta
		D - Delete, item is pending delete and cannot be ordered or sold.							tus=C, the stock_ status is DISCONTI
		This field will always have data for FULLITEMLOC, ITEMLOCCRE, and ITEMLOCMOD.							NUED. Otherwise, stock_ status is null.
18	DailyW astePct	Average percentage lost from inventory on a daily basis due to natural wastage.	Number	12	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
19	Measur eOfEac h	Size of an each in terms of the uom_of_price, for example, 12 oz. This information can be used in ticketing and display to consumers.	Number	12	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
20	Measur eOfPric e	Size to be used on the ticket in terms of the uom_of_ price. For example, if the user wants the ticket to have the label print the price per ounce, this value would be 1. If the user wants the price per 100 grams, this value would be 100. Used in ticketing.	Number	12	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							

Table B-5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
21	UomOf Price	Unit of measure that is used on the ticket for this item.	Character	4	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
22	Primary Variant	This field is used to address sales of PLUs (that is, above transaction level items) when inventory is tracked at a lower level (that is, UPC). This field only contains a value for items one level higher than the transaction level. Valid choices are any transaction level item that is a child of this item. In order to select a transaction level item as the primary variant, the item/location relationship must exist at the transaction level. When a transaction level item is specified as a primary variant for an item higher than the transaction level, an extra pos_mods record will be written. Both the transaction level item (that is, UPC) and the higher than transaction level item (that is, PLU) will be sent to the POS to allow the store to sell the PLU. The information sent for the transaction level item (that is, UPC). Data is optional in this field.	Character	25	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
23	Primary CostPac k	This field contains an item number that is a simple pack containing the item in the item column for this record. If populated, the cost of the future cost table will be driven from the simple pack and the deals and cost changes for the simple pack.  Data is optional in	Character	25	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
24	Primary Supplie r	this field.  Numeric identifier of the supplier who will be considered the primary supplier for the specified item/loc. The supplier/origin country combination will determine the value of the unit cost field on item_loc. If the supplier is changed and ELC = N, the unit cost field on item_loc will be updated with the new supplier's cost.  Data is optional in this field.	Number	10	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
25	Primary OriginC ountry	Contains the identifier of the origin country which will be considered the primary country for the specified item/location.  Data is optional in this field.	Character	3	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
26	Receive AsType	This column determines whether the stock on hand for a pack component item or the buyer pack itself will be updated when a buyer pack is received at a warehouse. Valid values are Each or Pack.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
27	Inboun dHandl ingDays	This field indicates the number of inbound handling days for an item at a warehouse type location.	Number	2	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
28	Source Method	This value is used to specify how the ad-hoc PO/TSF creation process should source the item/location request. If the value is Warehouse, the process will attempt to fill the request by creating a transfer from the warehouse in the source_wh field. If this warehouse does not have enough inventory to fill the request, a purchase order will be created for the item/location's primary supplier. For warehouses, it is used by Oracle Retail Allocation to determine the valid sources and destinations for warehouse to warehouse allocations.  Data is optional in this field.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
29	Source Wh	This value is used by the ad-hoc PO/Transfer creation process to determine from which warehouse to fill the stores request. It is also used by the Allocation process to support warehouse to warehouse allocations. A value is required in this field if the sourcing method is Warehouse.  Data is optional in this field.	Number	10	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
30	UinTyp e	This column contains the unique identification number (UIN) used to identify the instances of the item at the location.  Data is optional in this field.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Used to determine a Serialized Item. If empty, itm_item.seriali zed_item_flag is set to 0. Otherwise, itm_item.seriali zed_item_flag is set to 1.
31	UinLab el	This column contains the label for the UIN when displayed in SIM.  Data is optional in this field.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
32	Capture TimeIn Proc	This column indicates when the UIN should be captured for an item during transaction processing.  Data is optional in this field.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
33	ExtUinI nd	This Yes/No indicator indicates if the UIN is being generated in the external system.  This field will always have data for FULLITEMLOC, ITEMLOCCRE, and ITEMLOCMOD.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
34	Intentio nallyRa ngedIn d	Determines if the location is ranged intentionally by the user for replenishment/selling (Y) or incidentally ranged (N) by the RMS programs when the item is not ranged to a specific location on the transaction.  This field will always have data	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		for FULLITEMLOC, ITEMLOCCRE, and ITEMLOCMOD.							
35	Costing Locatio n	Numeric identifier of the costing location for the franchise store. This field may contain a store or a warehouse.	Number	10	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
36	Costing LocTyp e	This field holds the type of costing location in the CostingLocation field.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
37	Launch Date	Holds the date that the item should first be sold at the location; in the human readable format DD-MON-YYYY.	Character	12	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							

Table B-5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

	RMS				Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment	
38	QtyKey Options	Determines whether the qty key on a POS should be used for this item at the location. Valid values include, but are not limited to: R - Required P - Prohibited O - Optional Data is optional in this field.	Character	6	itm_item_ options	PROMPT _FOR_ QUANTI TY_ FLAG, FORCE_ QUANTI TY_OF_ ONE_ FLAG	NUMBER (1,0)		PROMPT_FOR_QUANTIT Y_FLAG-1 if R, otherwise 0. FORCE_QUANTIT Y_OF_ ONE_FLAG-1 if P, otherwise 0.	
39	Manual PriceEn try	Determines whether the price can/should be entered manually on a POS for this item at the location. Valid values include, but are not limited to: R - Required P - Prohibited O - Optional Data is optional in this field.	Character	6	itm_item_ options	PROMPT _FOR_ PRICE_ FLAG	NUMBER (1,0)		1 if R, othewise 0.	
40	Deposit Code	Indicates if a deposit is associated with this item at the location. Deposits are not subtracted from the retail of an item uploaded to RMS, and so on. This kind of processing is the responsibility of the client and should occur before sales are sent to ReSA and RMS.  Data is optional in this field.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.	

Table B-5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
41	FoodSta mpInd	Indicates whether the item is approved for food stamps at the location. This indicator does not impact processing in ReSA and RMS. Data is optional in	Character	1	itm_item_ options	FOODST AMP_ ELIGIBLE _FLAG	NUMBER (1,0)		1 if Y, otherwise 0.
		this field.							
42	WicInd	Indicates whether the item is approved for WIC at the location. This indicator does not impact processing in ReSA and RMS.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
43	Proporti onalTar ePct	Holds the value associated for the packaging in items sold by weight at the location. The proportional tare is the proportion of the total weight of a unit of an item that is packaging (that is, if the tare item is bulk candy, this is the proportional of the total weight of one piece of candy that is the candy wrapper).  Data is optional in this field.	Number	12	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
44	FixedTa reValue	Holds the value associated for the packaging in items sold by weight at the location. Fixed tare is the tare of the packaging. This value is fixed, regardless of how much of the item is sold (that is, if the tare item is bulk candy, this is weight of the bag and twist tie).  Data is optional in this field.	Number	12	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
45	FixedTa reUom	Holds the unit of measure value associated with the tare value.  Data is optional in	Character	4	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
46	Reward EligibleI nd	this field.  Holds whether the item is legally valid for various types of bonus point/award programs at the location.  Data is optional in	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		this field.							
47	NatlBra ndCom pItem	Holds the nationally branded item to which the current item should be compared.	Character	25	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
48	ReturnP olicy	Holds the return policy for the item at the location. Retailers may configure any number of return policies.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
49	StopSal eInd	Indicates that sale of the item should be stopped immediately at the location (that is, in case of recall, and so on).	Character	1	itm_item_ options	ITEM_ AVAILAB ILITY_ CODE	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR		If stopSaleInd =Y, item_ availability _code is RECALL. Otherwise, see the
		Data is optional in this field.							itemLoc:sta tus mapping.
50	ElectMt kClub	Holds the code that represents the marketing clubs to which the item belongs at the location. Retailers may configure any number of marketing clubs.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							

Table B-5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
51	Report Code	Code to determine which reports the location should run.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
52	ReqShel fLifeOn Selectio n	Holds the required shelf life for an item on selection in days. This field is not required.	Number	4	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
53	ReqShel fLifeOn Receipt	Holds the required shelf life for an item on receipt in days.	Number	4	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
54	IBShelf Life	Holds the Investment Buy-specific shelf life for the item/location in days.	Number	4	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
55	StoreRe orderab leInd	Indicates whether the store may reorder the item. This field is required to be either Y - yes or N - no. The field defaults to N.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
56	RackSiz e	Indicates the rack size that should be used for the item. This field is not required.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
57	FullPall etItem	Indicates whether a store must reorder an item in full pallets only. This field is required to be either Y - yes or N - no. The field defaults to N.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							

Table B-5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

	RMS				Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment	
58	InStore Market Basket	Holds the in-store market basket code for this item/location combination.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.	
		Data is optional in this field.								
59	Storage Locatio n	Holds the current storage location or bin number for the item at the location.	Character	7	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.	
		Data is optional in this field.								
60	AltStora geLocat ion	Holds the preferred alternate storage location or bin number for the item at the location.	Character	7	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.	
		Data is optional in this field.								
61	Returna bleInd	This field contains a value of Yes when the item can be returned to the location.	Character	1	itm_item_ options	NOT_ RETURN ABLE_ FLAG	NUMBER (1,0)		1 if N, otherwise 0.	
		Data is optional in this field.								
62	Refund ableInd	This field contains a value of Yes when the item is refundable at the location.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.	
		Data is optional in this field.								
63	BackOr derInd	This field contains a value of Yes when the item can be back-ordered to the location.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.	
		Data is optional in this field.								

Table B-5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
64	Mercha ndiseIn d	Note that the MerchandiseInd does not vary by locations (items are not physical entities in one location and fees in another). The MerchandiseInd is denormalized to the item/location level because it is a common use case for some downstream systems to care only about physical or non-physical items. This field is denormalized to assist those systems in their filtering logic.  All items, both merchandise, are exported from RMS.  This field will always have data for all records.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		If N, then NON_PHYSICAL item so record is skipped.
	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item, itm_item_ options	ORGANI ZATION_ ID	NUMBER (10,0)	\${dtv.loc ation.or ganizati onId}	Always uses default value.
	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item, itm_item_ options	CREATE_ DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type =ITEMLOC MOD.
	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item, itm_item_ options	CREATE_ USER_ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	Not set when Type =ITEMLOC MOD.
	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item, itm_item_ options	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type =FULLITE MLOC.
	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item, itm_item_ options	UPDATE _USER_ ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	Not set when Type =FULLITE MLOC.

## **RMS Merchandise Hierarchy**

Table B–6 describes the RMS Merchandise Hierarchy mapping.

Table B–6 RMS Merchandise Hierarchy Mapping

	RMS			Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
0	Family	Value is always MERCHHIERARC HY.	Character	20	ITM_ MERCH_ HEIRAR CHY	NA	NA		No need to store this information. This information is only consumed by the transformer to determine the feed type.

Table B-6 (Cont.) RMS Merchandise Hierarchy Mapping

	RMS				Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment	
1	Туре	Value is always FULL when the program is run in full mode.	Character	15	ITM_ MERCH_ HEIRAR CHY	NA	NA		No need to store this information. This	
		If the program is run in delta mode, the type will vary, and be composed of the entity (DIVISION, GROUP, DEPT, CLASS, SUBCLASS) and the type of change (CRE, MOD, DEL). Examples include:							information is only consumed by the transformer to determine the action type.	
		DIVISIONCRE								
		DIVISIONMOD								
		DIVISIONDEL								
		GROUPCRE								
		GROUPMOD								
		GROUPDEL								
		DEPTCRE								
		DEPTMOD								
		DEPTDEL								
		CLASSCRE								
		CLASSMOD								
		CLASSDEL								
		SUBCLASSCRE								
		SUBCLASSMOD								
		SUBCLASSDEL								
		Note: Deleting a node of the merchandise hierarchy is unusual, and can only be done if no items are associated with the node.								

Table B-6 (Cont.) RMS Merchandise Hierarchy Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
2	Hierarc hyLevel	Value is always DIVISION, GROUP, DEPT, CLASS, SUBCLASS. This field cannot be null.	Character	10	ITM_ MERCH_ HEIRAR CHY	level_ code	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)		level
		This information identifies the level of the merchandise hierarchy that is described by this record.							
		It is not possible to modify a HierarchyLevel on an existing record.							
3	Hierarc hyNode Id	HierarchyNodeId is only unique within a HierarchyLevel (meaning it is possible, for example, that there is both a DIVISION 1 and a GROUP 1 in the full merchandise hierarchy).	Number	10	ITM_ MERCH_ HEIRAR CHY	heirarchy _id	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)		heirarchy id+first letter of hierarchy level.
		It is not possible to modify HierarchyNodeId on an existing record.							
4	Hierarc hyNode Name	Name of the organizational hierarchy entity. This field cannot be null.	Character	150	ITM_ MERCH_ HEIRAR CHY	descriptio n	VARCHA R2(254 CHAR)		node name
		Description data is only sent in the primary integration language of the system.							
		HierarchyNodenam e can be modified.							

Table B-6 (Cont.) RMS Merchandise Hierarchy Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
5	ParentL evel	Level of the organizational hierarchy above the current node. Both ParentLevel and ParentId should be evaluated to correctly traverse the hierarchy.  It is not possible to modify ParentLevel on an existing record.	Character	10	ITM_ MERCH_ HEIRAR CHY	NA	NA		This ID is used to validate the parent child relationship. It is not persisted into the database, but plays a key role in the parent child relationship validation of the merchandis e hierarchy.
6	ParentI d	ID of the level of the organizational hierarchy above the current node. Both ParentLevel and ParentId should be evaluated to correctly traverse the hierarchy.  ParentId can be modified, meaning it is possible to change the division to which a group belongs.	Number	10	ITM_ MERCH_ HEIRAR CHY	parent_id	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)		parent heirarchy id

Table B-6 (Cont.) RMS Merchandise Hierarchy Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
7	Grandp arentMe rchDisp layId	Only populated for SUBCLASS entities. For subclasses, this column holds the department ID used for display purposes in RMS (department is the grandparent of subclass).	Number	4	NA	NA	NA		NA
		Note that in RMS, dept, class, and subclass display IDs are combined to form a composite unique key. Every department can have a class 1. Every class in Department 1000 can have a subclass 1. Looking only at the display IDs, all three values are required for uniqueness.							
8	parent MerchD isplayId	Only populated for CLASS and SUBCLASS entities.	Number	4	NA	NA	NA		NA
		For classes, this column holds the department ID used for display purposes in RMS (department is the parent of class).							
		For subclasses, this column holds the class ID used for display purposes in RMS.							
		Note that in RMS, dept, class, and subclass display IDs are combined to form a composite unique key. Every department can have a class 1. Every class in Department 1000							
		can have a subclass 1. Looking only at the display IDs, all three values are required for uniqueness.							

Table B-6 (Cont.) RMS Merchandise Hierarchy Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
9	merchD isplayId	Only populated for DEPARTMENT, CLASS, and SUBCLASS entities.	Number	4	NA	NA	NA		NA
		For departments, this column holds the department display ID.							
		For classes, this column holds the class display ID.							
		For subclasses, this column holds the subclass display ID.							
		Note that in RMS, dept, class, and subclass display IDs are combined to form a composite unique key. Every department can have a class 1. Every class in Department 1000 can have a subclass 1. Looking only at the display IDs, all three values are required for uniqueness.							
	NA	NA	NA	NA	ITM_ MERCH_ HEIRAR CHY	CREATE_ DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)		NA
	NA	NA	NA	NA	ITM_ MERCH_ HEIRAR CHY	CREATE_ USER_ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)		NA
	NA	NA	NA	NA	ITM_ MERCH_ HEIRAR CHY	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)		NA
	NA	NA	NA	NA	ITM_ MERCH_ HEIRAR CHY	UPDATE _USER_ ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)		NA

# **RMS Organizational Hierarchy**

Table B–7 describes the RMS Organizational Hierarchy mapping.

Table B-7 RMS Organizational Hierarchy Mapping

	RMS			Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
0	Family	Value is always ORGHIERARCHY.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-7 (Cont.) RMS Organizational Hierarchy Mapping

	RMS				Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment	
1	Туре	Value is always FULL when the program is run in full mode.	Character	15	NA	NA	NA		Determines action.	
		If the program is run in delta mode, the type will vary, and be composed of the entity (COMP, CHAIN, AREA, REGION, DISTRICT, STORE, WH) and the type of change (CRE, MOD, DEL). Examples include:								
		COMPCRE - Creation of a Company node. COMPMOD -								
		Modification of a Company node.								
		CHAINCRE - Creation of Chain node.								
		CHAINMOD - Modification of a Chain node.								
		CHAINDEL - Delete of Chain node.								
		AREACRE - Creation of an Area node.								
		AREAMOD - Modification of Area node.								
		AREADEL - Delete of Area node.								
		REGIONCRE - Creation of Region node.								
		REGIONMOD - Modification of Region node.								
		REGIONDEL - Delete of Region node.								
		DISTRICTCRE - Creation of District node.								

Table B-7 (Cont.) RMS Organizational Hierarchy Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
	Type (Contin ued)	DISTRICTMOD - Modification of District node.							
		DISTRICTDEL - Delete of a District node.							
		STORECRE - Creation of a Store node.							
		STOREMOD - Modification of Store node.							
		STOREDEL - Delete of Store node.							
		WHCRE - Creation of WH node.							
		WHMOD - Modification of WH node.							
		WHDEL - Delete of WH node.							
		<b>Note:</b> Deletion of Company node is not allowed.							
2	Hierarc hyLevel	Value is always COMPANY, CHAIN, AREA, REGION, DISTRICT, STORE, or WAREHOUSE. This field cannot be null.	Character	10	loc_org_ hierarchy	org_code	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)		For the root COMPANY node, the column is hard-coded as "*".
		This information identifies the level of the organizational hierarchy that is described by this record.							
		It is not possible to modify a HierarchyLevel on an existing record.							

Table B-7 (Cont.) RMS Organizational Hierarchy Mapping

	RMS				Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment	
3	Hierarc hyNode Id	This information identifies the node of the organizational hierarchy that is described by this record. This field cannot be null.	Number	10	loc_org_ hierarchy	org_code	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)		For the root COMPANY node, the column is hard-coded as "*".	
		HierarchyNodeld is only unique within a HierarchyLevel (meaning it is possible, for example, that there is both a DISTRICT 1 and a REGION 1 in the full organizational hierarchy).								
		It is not possible to modify HierarchyNodeId on an existing record.								
4	Hierarc hyNode Name	Name of the organizational hierarchy entity. This field cannot be null.	Character	150	loc_org_ hierarchy	descriptio n	VARCHA R2(254 CHAR)		NA	
		Description data is only sent in the primary integration language of the system.								
		HierarchyNodenam e can be modified.								

Table B-7 (Cont.) RMS Organizational Hierarchy Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
5	ParentL evel	Level of the organizational hierarchy above the current node. Both ParentLevel and ParentId should be evaluated to correctly traverse the hierarchy.	Character	10	loc_org_ hierarchy	parent_code	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)		For the root COMPANY node, the column is hard-coded as null. For the second level
		ParentLevel is null for the COMPANY, but will exist for all other hierarchy levels. Warehouses always have the COMPANY node as their ParentLevel.							CHAIN node, the column is hard-coded to "*".
		It is not possible to modify ParentLevel on an existing record.							
6	ParentI d	ID of the level of the organizational hierarchy above the current node. Both ParentLevel and ParentId should be evaluated to correctly traverse the hierarchy.	Number	10	loc_org_ hierarchy	parent_ value	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)		For the root COMPANY node, the column is hard-coded as null. For the second level
		ParentId is null for the COMPANY, but will exist for all other hierarchy levels. Warehouses always have the COMPANY node ID as their ParentId.							CHAIN node, the column is hard-coded to "*".
		ParentId can be modified, meaning it is possible to change the REGION ID that a DISTRICT ID belongs to (but a DISTRICT will always belong to a REGION as it is not possible to change the ParentLevel).							

Table B-7 (Cont.) RMS Organizational Hierarchy Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
7	MgrNa me	Manager of the current node of the hierarchy.	Number	10	loc_org_ hierarchy	level_mgr	VARCHA R2(254 CHAR)		NA
		MgrName is null for the COMPANY, and is optional for CHAIN, AREA, REGION, DISTRICT, and WAREHOUSE. It will always exist for STORE in Cre and Mod records.							
		MrgName can be modified.							
8	Currenc yCode	Currency of the current node of the hierarchy.	Character	3	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		CurrencyCode is null for the COMPANY and optional for CHAIN, AREA, REGION, DISTRICT, and WAREHOUSE. It will always exist for STORE in Cre and Mod records.							
		CurrencyCode can be modified for a CHAIN, AREA, REGION, and DISTRICT. It cannot be modified for a STORE or Warehouse.							
	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_org_ hierarchy	level_ order	NUMBER (10,0)		0 - COMPANY 10 -
									CHAIN 20 - AREA
									30 - REGION
									40 - DISTRICT
									1000 - STORE
									2000 - Warehouse
	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_org_ hierarchy	sort_ order	NUMBER (10,0)		Always set to 0.

Table B-7 (Cont.) RMS Organizational Hierarchy Mapping

RMS				Xstore				
Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_org_ hierarchy	inactive_ flag	NUMBER (1,0)		Use default 0.
NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_org_ hierarchy	ORGANI ZATION_ ID	NUMBER (10,0)	\${dtv.loc ation.or ganizati onId}	Always uses default value.
NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_org_ hierarchy	CREATE_ DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type represents UPDATE.
NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_org_ hierarchy	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type represents CREATE.
NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_rtl_ loc	UPDATE _USER_ ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	Always set.

#### **RMS Related Item Detail**

Table B–8 describes the RMS Related Item Detail mapping.

Table B–8 RMS Related Item Detail Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
0	Family	Value is always ITEMS. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
1	Туре	Value is always FULLRELITEMDET when the program is run in full mode.	Character	15	NA	NA	NA		Determines Action. Relationshi pType is
		If the program is run in delta mode, the type will vary based on the type of change (CRE, MOD, DEL). Valid values are:							looked up from rms_ related_ item_head by Relationshi pId, Location,
		RELITEMDETCRE RELITEMDETMOD							and Organizatio
		RELITEMDETDEL							nId.
		Data will always be present in this field.							

Table B-8 (Cont.) RMS Related Item Detail Mapping

	RMS				Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment	
2	Relation shipID	Unique identifier for each relationship header. Data will always be present in this field.	Number	10	itm_ substitute _items, itm_ attached_ items	EXTERN AL_ID	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)		NA	
3	RelatedI tem	Item ID of the related item  Data will always be present in this field.	Character	25	itm_ substitute _items, itm_ attached_ items	ATTACH ED_ ITEM_ID, SUBSTIT UTE_ ITEM_ID	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)		NA	
4	Locatio n	For corporate level files, this field holds the string CORPORATE.  In location specific files, this field holds the numeric ID of the store of WH.  Data will always be present in this field.	Character	10	itm_ substitute _items, itm_ attached_ items	LEVEL_ VALUE	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)		NA	
5	Priority	Priority is only defined if the relationship is of the type SUBS at the related item header level. In the case of multiple related substitute items, this column could be used (optionally) to define relative priority. If there are multiple substitute items, it is possible not to define a priority, in which case all possible substitutions have the same relative priority.  Data is optional in this field.	Number	4	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.	

Table B-8 (Cont.) RMS Related Item Detail Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
6	StartDat e	Optional start date that the item should be used in the relationship in DD-MON-YYYY format. If defined, this date indicates the first date the item should be offered as an upsell, substitute, or cross sell.  Data is optional in	Character	11	itm_ substitute _items, itm_ attached_ items	BEGIN_ DATETI ME	TIMESTA MP(6)		NA
7	EndDat e	this field.  Optional end date that the item should be used in the relationship; in DD-MON-YYYY format. If defined, this date indicates the last date the item should be offered as an upsell, substitute or cross sell.  Data is optional in this field.	Character	11	itm_ substitute _items, itm_ attached_ items	END_ DATETI ME	TIMESTA MP(6)		NA
	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	itm_ substitute _items, itm_ attached_ items	ORGANI ZATION_ ID	NUMBER (10,0)	\${dtv.loc ation.or ganizati onId}	Always uses default value.
	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_ substitute _items, itm_ attached_ items	CREATE_ DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type =RELITEM DETMOD.
	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_ substitute _items, itm_ attached_ items	CREATE_ USER_ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	Not set when Type =RELITEM DETMOD.
	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_ substitute _items, itm_ attached_ items	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type =FULLREL ITEMDET.

Table B-8 (Cont.) RMS Related Item Detail Mapping

RMS								
Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_ substitute _items, itm_ attached_ items	UPDATE _USER_ ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	Not set when Type =FULLREL ITEMDET.
NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_ attached_ items	PROMPT _TO_ ADD_ FLAG	NUMBER (1,0)	TRUE	Configurab le in dataloader- beans.xml.
NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_ attached_ items	PROMPT _TO_ ADD_ MSG_ KEY	VARCHA R2(254 CHAR)	commo nAttach edItems Prompt	Configurab le in dataloader- beans.xml.

## **RMS Related Item Header**

Table B–9 describes the RMS Related Item Header mapping.

Table B-9 RMS Related Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
0	Family	Value is always ITEMS. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
1	Type	Value is always FULLRELITEMHD R when the program is run in full mode.  If the program is run in delta mode, the type will vary based on the type of change (CRE, MOD, DEL). Valid values are:  RELITEMHEADCR E  RELITEMHEADM OD  RELITEMHEADDE L  Data will always be present in this field.	Character	15	NA	NA	NA		Determines action. MOD will move records between itm_ substute_ items and item_ attached_ items when the modified record represents a relationship type change between CRSL/UPS L and SUBS.

Table B-9 (Cont.) RMS Related Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
2	Relation shipID	Unique identifier for each relationship header. Data will always be present in this field.	Number	20	rms_ related_ item_ head	RELATIO NSHIP_ ID	NUMBER (20,0)		Used as externald in itm_ substute_ items and item_ attached_ items records.
3	Item	Item for which the relationships are defined.  Data will always be present in this field.	Character	25	rms_ related_ item_ head	ITEM	VARCHA R2(25 CHAR)		When SUBS, this is the primaryIte m. When CRSL/UPS L, this is the soldItem.
4	Locatio n	For corporate level files, this field holds the string CORPORATE.  In location specific files, this field holds the numeric ID of the store of WH.  Data will always be present in this field.	Character	10	rms_ related_ item_ head	LOCATI ON	VARCHA R2(10 CHAR)		Used as levelValue in itm_ substute_ items and item_ attached_ items records.
5	Relation shipNa me	Name given to the relationship.  Data will always be present in this field for the RELITEMHEADCR E and RELITEMHEADM OD records, but will not be present for RELITEMHEADDE L records.	Character	255	rms_ related_ item_ head	RELATIO NSHIP_ NAME	VARCHA R2(255 CHAR)		Ignored.

Table B-9 (Cont.) RMS Related Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
6	Relation shipTyp e	Describes the type of relationship. Valid values are: CRSL Cross Sell SUBS Substitution UPSL Up Sell Data will always be present in this field for the RELITEMHEADCR E and RELITEMHEADM OD records, but will not be present for RELITEMHEADDE L records.	Character	6	rms_ related_ item_ head	RELATIO NSHIP_ TYPE	VARCHA R2(6 CHAR)		Determines the .type of Xstore related item. SUBS = Xstore Substitute Items, CRSL/UPS L = Xstore Attached Items.

Table B-9 (Cont.) RMS Related Item Header Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
7	Mandat oryInd	This field indicates whether the relationship should be mandatory.	Character	1	rms_ related_ item_ head	MANDA TORY_ IND	VARCHA R2(1 CHAR)		No logic is based on this data.
		For example, an item such as a laptop may have a mandatory cross sell relationship. The related items could be power cords for the US, UK, Mainland Europe, India, and so on. When the laptop is sold, it should be mandatory that one of the related power cords also be selected. Note that RMS/ReSA do not validate that the mandatory related item is also sold. Generally, only cross sell relationships are mandatory. Substitution and upsell relationships can be defined as mandatory, but in those cases, the definition of mandatory is at the discretion of the client and generally means that substitution or upsell must, as business process, be offered to consumers.  Data will always be present in this field for the RELITEMHEADM OD records, but will not be present for			nead				
		E and RELITEMHEADM OD records, but will not be present							

Table B-9 (Cont.) RMS Related Item Header Mapping

RMS				Xstore					
Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment	
NA	NA	NA	NA	rms_ related_ item_ head	ORGANI ZATION_ ID	NUMBER (10,0)	\${dtv.loc ation.or ganizati onId}	Always uses default value.	
NA	NA	NA	NA	rms_ related_ item_ head	CREATE_ DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type =ITEMHD RMOD.	
NA	NA	NA	NA	rms_ related_ item_ head	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type =FULLREL ITEMHDR	
NA	NA	NA	NA	item_ item_ options	ATTACH ED_ ITEMS_ FLAG	NUMBER (1,0)		Set to 1 when CRSL or UPSL, otherwise 0 for Item.	
NA	NA	NA	NA	item_ item_ options	SUBSTIT UTE_ AVAILAB LE_FLAG	NUMBER (1,0)		Set to 1 when SUBS, otherwise 0 for Item.	

#### **RMS Store**

Table B–10 describes the RMS Store mapping.

Table B–10 RMS Store Mapping

	RMS			Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
0	Family	Value is always STORES. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-10 (Cont.) RMS Store Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
1	Туре	Value is always FULL when the program is run in full mode.	Character	15	NA	NA	NA		Determines action.
		If the program is run in delta mode, the type will vary based on the type of change (CRE, MOD, DEL). Valid values are:							
		STORECRE - Creation of an Area node							
		STOREMOD - Modification of Area node							
		STOREDEL - Delete of Area node							
		Data will always be present in this field.							
2	StoreId	Contains the unique ID of the store. Data will always be present in this field.	Number	10	loc_rtl_ loc, tax_ rtl_loc_ tax_ mapping	STORE_ NBR, RTL_ LOC_ID	NUMBER (10,0)		NA
3	StoreNa me	Contains the full name of the store. Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	150	loc_rtl_ loc	DESCRIP TION	VARCHA R(254)		NA
4	StoreNa me10	Contains a shortened, no more than 10 character name, for the store. Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	10	loc_rtl_ loc	STORE_ NAME	VARCHA R(254)		NA
5	StoreNa meAbbr	Contains an abbreviation for the store name. Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	3	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-10 (Cont.) RMS Store Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
6	StoreNa meSec	Contains an secondary name for this store. Data in this field is optional.	Character	150	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
7	StoreCl assId	Contains the code letter indicating the class of which the store is a member. Valid values are A, B, C, D, E, and X. Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
8	StoreCl assDesc	Contains the description of the store class. Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	250	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
9	Manage r	Contains the name of the store manager. Data will always be present in this field. for creation and modification records.	Character	120	loc_rtl_ loc	STORE_ MANAG ER	VARCHA R(254)		NA
10	OpenD ate	Contains the date on which the store opened. Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records. Format is YYYYMMDD.	Date	8	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
11	CloseD ate	Contains the date on which the store closed. Data in this field is optional. Format is YYYYMMDD.	Date	8	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
12	Aquire Date	Contains the date on which the store was acquired. Data in this field is optional. Format is YYYYMMDD.	Date	8	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-10 (Cont.) RMS Store Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
13	Remode IDate	Contains the date on which the store was last remodeled. Data in this field is optional. Format is YYYYMMDD.	Date	8	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
14	FaxNu mber	Contains the fax number for the store. Data in this field is optional.	Character	20	loc_rtl_ loc	TELEPH ONE_2	VARCHA R(32)		Optional fax number.
15	PhoneN umber	Contains the phone number for the store. Data in this field is optional.	Character	20	loc_rtl_ loc	TELEPH ONE_1	VARCHA R(32)		Optional phone number.
16	Email	Holds the email address for the location. Data in this field is optional.	Character	100	loc_rtl_ loc	EMAIL_ ADDR	VARCHA R(254)		Optional email address.
17	TotalSq Feet	Contains the total square footage of the store. Data in this field is optional.	Number	8	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
18	SellingS qFeet	Contains the total square footage of the stores selling area. Data in this field is optional.	Number	8	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
19	LinearD istance	Holds the total merchandisable space of the location. Data in this field is optional.	Number	8	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
20	VatRegi on	Contains the number of the Value Added Tax region in which this store is contained. Data in this field is optional.	Number	4	tax_rtl_ loc_tax_ mapping	taxLocati onId	VARCHA R2(60)		NA
21	VatInclI nd	Indicates whether Value Added Tax will be included in the retail prices for the store. Valid values are Y or N. Data in this field is optional.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-10 (Cont.) RMS Store Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
22	StockH oldingI n	This column indicates whether the store can hold inventory. Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
23	Channe IId	Contains the channel with which the store is associated. Data in this field is optional.	Number	4	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
24	Channe lName	Contains the name of the channel. Data in this field is optional.	Character	120	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
25	StoreFo rmat	Contains the number indicating the format of the store. Data in this field is optional.	Number	4	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
26	StoreFo rmatNa me	Contains the description of the format of the store (for example, mall, standalone, city express, and so on). Data in this field is optional.	Character	60	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
27	MallNa me	Contains the name of the mall in which the store is located. Data in this field is optional.	Character	120	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
28	District	Contains the number of the district in which the store is a member. Data will always be present in this field. for creation and modification records. Further organizational hierarchy information is available in the Organizational Hierarchy Extract.	Number	10	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
29	Transfer Zone	NA	Number	4	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-10 (Cont.) RMS Store Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
30	Default Wh	Contains the number of the warehouse that may be used as the default for creating cross-dock masks.	Number	10	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
31	StopOr derDay s	Contains the number of days before a store closing when the store will stop accepting orders. This column is used when the store_close_date is defined.	Number	3	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
32	StartOr derDay s	Contains the number of days before the store_ open_date that the store will begin accepting orders. Data will always be present in this field. for creation and modification records.	Number	3	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
33	Currenc yCode	This field contains the currency code under which the store operates. Data will always be present in this field. for creation and modification records.	Character	3	loc_rtl_ loc	CURREN CY_ID	VARCHA R(3)		ISO Currency Code.
34	StoreLa ngISOC ode	This column identifies the language to be used for the given store. Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-10 (Cont.) RMS Store Mapping

	RMS		-		Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
35	TranNo Generat e	Contains the level at which unique POS transaction numbers are generated. If the store has one sequence number that is used for all registers, then the value in this column will be S (Store). Otherwise, the store has unique sequence numbers for each register and the value in this column will be R (Register).  Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
36	IntPOSI nd	Indicates whether or not the POS system at the store is integrated. Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
37	DunsN umber	This field holds the Dun and Bradstreet (D&B) number to identify the store. A D&B number is a unique identification number for each physical location of a business. A DUNS number may be issued to any business worldwide, and is required by many credit reporting, national government, and trade organizations. Data in this field is optional.	Character	9	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
38	DunsLo c	Legacy, generally not used. Data in this field is optional.	Character	4	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-10 (Cont.) RMS Store Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
39	SisterSt ore	This field holds a store number which is used to relate the current store to the historical data of an existing store. Data in this field is optional.	Number	10	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
40	TsfEntit yId	Data in this field is optional.	Number	10	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
41	OrgUnit Id	Column contains the organizational unit ID value. Data in this field is optional.	Number	15	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
42	AutoRc v	This column indicates whether the client is allowing automatic receipt for the store. Valid values are Y (Yes), N (No), and D (System Default). Default value should be D. Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
43	Remerc hInd	Identifies stores that are undergoing a significant re-merchandising effort. Defaults to N. Other values may be present if AIP is integrated with RMS. Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
44	StoreTy pe	This indicates whether a particular store is a franchise (F) or company store (C). Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-10 (Cont.) RMS Store Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
45	WFCust omer	Numeric ID of the customer. Data in this field is optional.	Number	10	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
46	Timezo ne	Indicates the time zone of the store. For example, America/New_York. Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	64	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
47	Custom erOrder LocInd	This column determines whether the location is a customer order location. If the indicator is Y, the location can be used by OMS for sourcing/fulfillment or both. Otherwise, it cannot be used. It is used only for the company stores.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_rtl_ loc	STORE_ NBR	VARCHA R(254)		Always RMS StoreId.
	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_rtl_ loc, tax_ rtl_loc_ tax_ mapping	ORGANI ZATION_ ID	NUMBER (10,0)	\${dtv.loc ation.or ganizati onId}	Always uses the default value.
	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_rtl_ loc	LOCATI ON_ TYPE	VARCHA R(60)	STORE	Value can be configured in dataloader- beans-xml. If not configured, then null.
	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_rtl_ loc	use_till_ accountab ility_flag	NUMBER (1,0)	FALSE	Value can be configured in dataloader- beans-xml.

Table B-10 (Cont.) RMS Store Mapping

RMS				Xstore					
Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment	
NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_rtl_ loc	CREATE_ DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type = STOREMO D.	
NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_rtl_ loc	CREATE_ USER_ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	Not set when Type = STOREMO D.	
NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_rtl_ loc	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Always set.	
NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_rtl_ loc	UPDATE _USER_ ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	Always set.	

#### **RMS Store Address**

Table B–11 describes the Store Address mapping.

Table B-11 RMS Store Address Mapping

	RMS		Xstore						
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
0	Family	Value is always STORES. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-11 (Cont.) RMS Store Address Mapping

	RMS		Xstore						
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
1	Туре	Value is always FULL when the program is run in	Character	15	NA	NA	NA		Determines action.
		full mode.  If the program is run in delta mode, the type will vary based on the type of change (CRE, MOD, DEL). Valid values are:							STOREDTL CRE, and STOREDTL MOD are all interpreted as updates to an
		STOREDTLCRE Creation of store address information.							existing loc_rtl_loc record. STOREDTL DEL results
		STOREDTLMOD Modification of store address information.							in the setting of all non-PK address
		STOREDTLDEL Deletion of store address information.							mapped fields with an empty string.
		Data will always be present in this field.							
2	StoreId	Contains the unique ID of the store.	Number	10	loc_rtl_ loc	RTL_ LOC_ID	NUMBER (10,0)		NA
		Data will always be present in this field.							
3	AddrTy pe	Contains the code used to identify the address type. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	2	NA	NA	NA		Must match the configurabl e AddrType code, otherwise record is ignored.
4	AddrTy peDesc	Description of the address type code. Common examples include:	Character	20	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		01 - Business, 02 - Postal, 03 - Returns, 04 - Order, 05 - Invoice, 06 - Remittance							
		Optional.							

Table B-11 (Cont.) RMS Store Address Mapping

	RMS				Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment	
5	Primary AddrIn d	Indicates whether the address is the primary address for the address type. Valid values are Y and N. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		If not Y, the entire record is ignored.	
6	Add1	Contains the first line of the address. Data will always be present in this field for STOREDTLCRE and STOREDTLMOD.	Character	240	loc_rtl_ loc	ADDRES S1	VARCHA R2(254 CHAR)		NA	
7	Add2	Contains the second line of the address. Optional.	Character	240	loc_rtl_ loc	ADDRES S2	VARCHA R2(254 CHAR)		NA	
8	Add3	Contains the third line of the address. Optional.	Character	240	loc_rtl_ loc	ADDRES S3	VARCHA R2(254 CHAR)		NA	
9	City	Contains the name of the city that is associated with the address. Data will always be present in this field for STOREDTLCRE and STOREDTLMOD.	Character	120	loc_rtl_ loc	CITY	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)		NA	
10	County	Contains the county name for the location. Optional.	Character	250	NA	NA	NA		NA	
11	State	Contains the state abbreviation for the address. Optional.	Character	3	loc_rtl_ loc	STATE	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)		NA	
12	Country	Contains the country where the address exists, using ISO 3166-1 alpha-2. Data will always be present in this field for STOREDTLCRE and STOREDTLMOD.	Character	3	loc_rtl_ loc	COUNTR Y	VARCHA R2(254 CHAR)		NA	
13	PostCo de	Contains the postal code name for the location. Optional.	Character	30	loc_rtl_ loc	POSTAL_ CODE	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)		NA	
14	Jurisdic tionCod e	Contains the tax jurisdiction code for the location. Optional.	Character	10	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.	

Table B-11 (Cont.) RMS Store Address Mapping

	RMS		Xstore						
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
15	Contact Name	Contains the name of the contact person at this address. Optional.	Character	120	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
16	Contact Phone	Contains a phone number of the contact person at this address. Optional.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
17	Contact Fax	Contains a fax number of the contact person at this address. Optional.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
18	Contact Email	Contains an email for the contact person at this address. Optional.	Character	100	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_rtl_ loc	ORGANI ZATION_ ID	NUMBER (10,0)	\${dtv.loc ation.or ganizati onId}	Always uses default value.
	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_rtl_ loc	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	NA
	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_rtl_ loc	UPDATE _USER_ ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	NA

## **RMS VAT**

Table B–12 describes the RMS VAT mapping.

Table B-12 RMS VAT Mapping

	RMS				Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment	
0	Family	Value is always VAT. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.	

Table B-12 (Cont.) RMS VAT Mapping

	RMS				Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment	
1	Туре	Value is always FULL when the program is run in full mode.	Character	15	NA	NA	NA		Determines action.	
		If the program is run in delta mode, the type will vary based on the type of change (CRE, MOD, DEL). Valid values are:								
		VATCRE - Creation of VAT information.								
		VATMOD - Modification of VAT information.								
		VATDEL - Deletion of VAT information.								
		Data will always be present in this field.								
2	VatRegi on	ID of the VAT region. Stores are assigned to a VAT region (if VAT is used in RMS).	Number	4	tax_tax_ loc, tax_ tax_ authority, tax_tax_	TAX_ LOC_ID, TAX_ AUTHOR ITY_ID	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)		Use RMS VAT region ID as the tax authority	
		This field will always have data.			group_ rule, tax_ tax_rate_ rule				ID in Xstore.	
3	VatRegi onNam e	This field contains the alphanumeric identification for the VAT code.	Character	120	tax_tax_ loc, tax_ tax_ authority	NAME, DESCRIP TION	VARCHA R(254)		Use RMS VAT region name as the tax	
		Valid values include, but are not limited to:							authority name in Xstore.	
		S - Standard								
		C - Composite								
		Z - Zero								
		E - Exempt								
		This field will always have data.								
4	VatCod e	This field contains the description of the VAT Code. This field will always have data in the VATCRE and VATMOD records.	Character	6	tax_tax_ group, tax_tax_ group_ rule, tax_ tax_rate_ rule	TAX_ GROUP_ ID	VARCHA R(60)		NA	

Table B-12 (Cont.) RMS VAT Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
5	VatCod eDesc	This field contains the description of the VAT Code. This field will always have data in the VATCRE and VATMOD records.	Character	120	tax_tax_ group, tax_tax_ group_ rule	NAME, DESCRIP TION	VARCHA R(254)		For the root COMPANY node, the column is hard-coded as null. For the second level CHAIN
									node, the column is hard-coded to "*".
6	ActiveD ate	This field is the date the VAT code is active for the VAT region, in human readable format DD-MON-YYYY.	Character	12	tax_tax_ rate_rule	PERCEN TAGE	NUMBER (8,6)		NA
		This field will always have data.							
7	VatRate	VAT rate for the VAT code/VAT region. This field will always have data in the VATCRE and VATMOD records.	Number	20	tax_tax_ rate_rule	EFFECTI VE_ DATETI ME	TIMESTA MP(6)		NA
	NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ group_ rule	TAX_ TYPCOD E	VARCHA R(30)	VAT	Always uses default value.
	NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ group_ rule	TAX_ RULE_ SEQ_ NBR	NUMBER (10,0)	1	Always uses default value. The assumption is that there can only be one tax rule per VAT region/VA T code combinatio n.

Table B-12 (Cont.) RMS VAT Mapping

RMS			Xstore					
Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ group_ rule	TAXED_ AT_ TRANS_ LEVEL_ FLAG	NUMBER (1,0)	TRUE	A configurati on spring loaded by the transformer . The out-of-box default is TRUE.

Table B-12 (Cont.) RMS VAT Mapping

RMS				Xstore					
Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment	
NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ rate_rule	EXPR_ DATETI ME	TIMESTA MP(6)		This has to be derived by the integration layer.	
								During a CRE/FULL , if there is a	
								subsequent rate rule as sorted by effective date, expire this rate rule by setting its expiration date to be 1 millisecond less than the effective date of the subsequent rate rule; otherwise do not expire this rate rule by setting its expiration date to NULL.	
								During a CRE/FULL, if there is a prior rate rule as sorted by effective date, expire the prior rate rule by setting its expiration date to be 1 millisecond less than this effective date.	

Table B-12 (Cont.) RMS VAT Mapping

RMS				Xstore				
Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
					EXPR_DATETI ME (Continue d)			During a DEL, if there is a prior rate rule as sorted by effective date, extend the prior rate rule by setting its expiration date to be the expiration date of this rate rule.
NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ rate_rule	TAX_ RULE_ SEQ_ NBR		1	Always uses the default value. The assumption is that there can only be one tax rule per VAT region/VA T code combinatio n.
NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ rate_rule	TAX_ RATE_ RULE_ SEQ	NUMBER (10,0)		This has to be derived by the integration layer. For a newly created VAT rate, its sequence number is one after the maximum rate rule sequence number in the table.

Table B-12 (Cont.) RMS VAT Mapping

RMS				Xstore				
Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ authority	ROUNDI NG_ CODE	VARCHA R(30)	HALF_ UP	A configurati on spring loaded by the transformer . The out-of-box default is HALF_UP.
NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ authority	ROUNDI NG_ DIGITS_ QUANTI TY	NUMBER (10,0)	2	A configurati on spring loaded by the transformer . The out-of-box default is 2.
NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ loc, tax_ tax_ authority, tax_tax_ group, tax_tax_ group_ rule, tax_ tax_rate_ rule	EXTERN AL_ SYSTEM	VARCHA R(30)	RMS	Always uses the default value.
NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ loc, tax_ tax_ authority, tax_tax_ group, tax_tax_ group_ rule, tax_ tax_rate_ rule	ORG_ CODE	VARCHA R(30)	*	Always uses the default value.
NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ loc, tax_ tax_ authority, tax_tax_ group, tax_tax_ group_ rule, tax_ tax_rate_ rule	ORG_ VALUE	VARCHA R(60)	*	Always uses the default value.

Table B-12 (Cont.) RMS VAT Mapping

RMS				Xstore				
Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ loc, tax_ tax_ authority, tax_tax_ group, tax_tax_ group_ rule, tax_ tax_rate_ rule	ORGANI ZATION_ ID	NUMBER (10,0)	\${dtv.loc ation.or ganizati onId}	Always uses the default value.
NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ loc, tax_ tax_ authority, tax_tax_ group, tax_tax_ group_ rule, tax_ tax_rate_ rule	CREATE_ DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type represents UPDATE.
NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ loc, tax_ tax_ authority, tax_tax_ group, tax_tax_ group_ rule, tax_ tax_rate_ rule	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type represents CREATE.

## **RMS VAT Item**

Table B–13 describes the RMS VAT Item mapping.

**Note:** Do not import a . dat file containing multiple VATITEM records with the same item ID. More than one record for the same item ID could result in an undesired outcome.

Table B-13 RMS VAT Item Mapping

	RMS			Xstore					
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
0	Family	Value is always VATITEM. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-13 (Cont.) RMS VAT Item Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
1	Туре	Value is always FULL when the program is run in full mode.	Character	15	NA	NA	NA		Determines actions.
		If the program is run in delta mode, the type will vary based on the type of change (CRE, MOD, DEL). Valid values are:							
		VATITEMCRE- Creation of VAT Item information.							
		VATITEMMOD - Modification of VAT Item information.							
		VATITEMDEL - Deletion of VAT Item information.							
		Data will always be present in this field.							
2	Item	ID of the item.  Data will always be present in this field.	Character	25	itm_item_ options	item_id	VARCHA R(60 CHAR)		NA
3	VatRegi on	ID of the VAT region. Stores are assigned to a VAT region if VAT is used in RMS. Additional information about VAT Regions is stored in RMS, but is not integrated out of the system. VAT region information may need to the synchronized to downstream systems as a manual process. This field will	Number	4	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		always have data.							
4	ActiveD ate	Date that the VAT rate becomes active, in DD-MON-YYYY format.	Character	11	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
		This field will always have data in the VATITEMCRE and VATITEMMOD records.							

Table B-13 (Cont.) RMS VAT Item Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
5	VatType	The field describes what the VAT rate applies to: C - Cost values R - Retail values B - Both Cost and Retail values This field will always have data.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Record ignored when VatType=C.
6	VatCod e	This field contains the alphanumeric identification for the VAT code.  Valid values include, but are not limited to:  S - Standard  C - Composite  Z - Zero  E - Exempt  If additional VAT  Codes are defined in RMS, the VAT code information may need to the synchronized to downstream systems as a manual process.  This field will always have data.	Character	6	itm_item_ options	tax_group_id	VARCHA R(60)		Column tax_group_ id is set to null if Type is VATITEMD EL. Column tax_group_ id is unchanged when VatType is C. Otherwise, column tax_group_ id is set to the value of the VatCode.
7	VatRate	VAT rate for the item/VAT region. This field will always have data in the VATITEMCRE and VATITEMMOD records.	Number	20	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.

Table B-13 (Cont.) RMS VAT Item Mapping

	RMS				Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Max Width	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
8	Reverse VatInd	Indicates if the item is subject to reverse charge VAT at the VAT region. VAT reversal can apply to invoices on some items in some VAT regions. Valid values are Y and N. This field will always have data in the VATITEMCRE and VATITEMMOD records.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ options	UPDATE _USER_ ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	NA
	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ options	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	NA

## **RPM Clearance Price**

The following tables describe the RPM Clearance Price mapping.

Table B–14 describes the Clearance Price FDETL record mapping. FDETL records are interpreted as Create or Update events.

Table B-14 RPM Clearance Price FDETL Record Mapping

	RPM			Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
0	Record Descriptor	File Detail Marker (1 per clearance create/modify)	Char(5)	NA	NA	NA		Used to determine unit type.
1	Line Id	Unique line identification	Number( 10)	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
2	Event Type	CRE = Create, MOD = Modify	Char(3)	NA	NA	NA		Used to determine the action type.
3	Id	Clearance identifier	Number( 15)	itm_item_ prices	EXTERNA L_ID	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)		NA
4	Item	Item identifier	Char(25)	itm_item_ prices	ITEM_ID	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)		NA
5	Effective Date	Clearance Effective Date (YYYYMMDDHH2 4MISS)	Date	itm_item_ prices	EFFECTIV E_DATE	TIMESTAM P(6)		NA

Table B-14 (Cont.) RPM Clearance Price FDETL Record Mapping

	RPM			Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
6	Selling Retail	Selling retail with price change applied	Number( 20,4)	itm_item_ prices	PRICE	NUMBER(1 7,6)		NA
7	Selling Retail UOM	Selling retail unit of measure	Char(4)	NA	NA	NA		Ignored
8	Selling Retail Currency	Selling retail currency	Char(3)	NA	NA	NA		Ignored (assumed to be base Currency).
9	Reset Clearance ID	Clearance reset identification	Number( 15)	NA	NA	NA		Used to detect clearance reset. Clearance reset is when this value exactly matches the ID field's value.
	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	ORGANIZ ATION_ID	NUMBER(1 0,0)	\${dtv.loc ation.or ganizati onId}	Always uses default value.
	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	PROPERTY _CODE	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)		CLEARA NCE_ PRICE when Clearance event, or REGULA R_PRICE when Clearance Reset event.
	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	CREATE_ DATE	TIMESTAM P(6)	now()	Not set when EventType = Mod.
	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	CREATE_ USER_ID	VARCHAR 2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	Not set when EventType = Mod.
	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	UPDATE_ DATE	TIMESTAM P(6)	now()	Always set.
	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	UPDATE_ USER_ID	VARCHAR 2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	Always set.
	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	EXTERNA L_SYSTEM	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)	RPM-C LRPC	NA

Table B–15 describes the Clearance Price FDELE record mapping. FDELE records are interpreted as Delete events.

Table B-15 RPM Clearance Price FDELE Record Mapping

	RPM			Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
0	Record Descriptor	File Detail Delete Marker (1per clearance delete)	Char(5)	NA	NA	NA		Used to determine unit type.
1	Line Id	Unique line identification	Number( 10)	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
2	Id	Clearance identifier	Number( 15)	itm_item_ prices	EXTERNA L_ID	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)		NA
3	Item	Item identifier	Char(25)	itm_item_ prices	ITEM_ID	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)		NA
	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	ORGANIZ ATION_ID	NUMBER(1 0,0)	\${dtv.loc ation.or ganizati onId}	Always uses default value.
	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	EXTERNA L_SYSTEM	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)	RPM-C LRPC	NA

## **RPM Regular Price**

The following tables describe the RPM Regular Price mapping.

Table B–16 describes the Regular Price FDETL record mapping. FDETL records are interpreted as Create or Update events.

Table B-16 RPM Regular Price FDETL Record Mapping

	RPM			Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
0	Record Descriptor	File Detail Marker (1 per price change create or modify)	Char(5)	NA	NA	NA		Type of event.
1	Line Id	Unique line identification	Number( 10)	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
2	Event Type	CRE = Create, MOD = Modify	Char(3)	NA	NA	NA		Used by the transform er to determine the type of event.
3	Id	Price change identifier	Number( 15)	itm_item_ prices	EXTERNA L_ID	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)		NA
4	Item	Item identifier	Char(25)	itm_item_ prices	ITEM_ID	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)		NA

Table B-16 (Cont.) RPM Regular Price FDETL Record Mapping

	RPM			Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
5	Effective Date	Effective Date of the price change (YYYYMMDDHH2 4MISS)	NA	itm_item_ prices	EFFECTIV E_DATE	TIMESTAM P(6)		NA
6	Selling Unit Change Ind	Indicates whether the selling unit retail changed with this price event (0 = no change, 1 = changed).	Number(1)	NA	NA	NA		This field need not be persisted in the Xstore database.
								This field is used in transform er logic.
7	Selling Retail	Selling retail with price change applied	Number( 20,4)	itm_item_ prices	PRICE	NUMBER(1 7,6)		NA
8	Selling Retail UOM	Selling retail unit of measure	Char(4)	itm_item	UNIT_OF_ MEASURE _CODE	VARCHAR 2(30 BYTE)		Ignored.
9	Selling Retail Currency	Selling retail currency	Char(3)	NA	NA	NA		Ignored (assumed to be base Currency).
10	Multi-Unit Change Ind	Did multi-unit retail change with this price event (0 = no change, 1 = changed)	Number(1)	NA	NA	NA		NA
11	Multi-Unit	NA	Number( 12,4)	NA	NA	NA		NA
12	Multi-Unit Retail	Number of multi-units	Number( 20,4)	NA	NA	NA		NA
13	Multi-Unit UOM	Multi-Unit Retail unit of measure	Char(4)	NA	NA	NA		NA
14	Multi-Unit Currency	Multi-Unit Retail Currency	Char(3)	NA	NA	NA		NA
	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	ORGANIZ ATION_ID	NUMBER(1 0,0)	\${dtv.loc ation.or ganizati onId}	Always uses the default value.
	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	PROPERTY _CODE	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)		REGULA R_PRICE will be the value.

Table B-16 (Cont.) RPM Regular Price FDETL Record Mapping

RPM			Xstore				
Field Name	Description	Field Type	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	CREATE_ DATE	TIMESTAM P(6)	now()	Current time stamp. Not set when the event type =MOD.
NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	CREATE_ USER_ID	VARCHAR 2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	This is the user ID stored in the database. Not set when event type = Mod.
NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	UPDATE_ DATE	TIMESTAM P(6)	now()	Current time stamp. Field value only set when event type=MO D.
NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	UPDATE_ USER_ID	VARCHAR 2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	DATALO ADER will be the user ID stored in the database. Set only when the event type=MO D.
NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	EXTERNA L_SYSTEM	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)	RPM-RE GPC	NA

 $\begin{tabular}{l} \textbf{Table B-17 describes the Regular Price FDELE record mapping. FDELE records are interpreted as Delete events. \end{tabular}$ 

Table B-17 RPM Regular Price FDELE Record Mapping

	RPM			Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
0			Char(5)	NA	NA	NA		Used by the transformer to determine the unit type.

Table B-17 (Cont.) RPM Regular Price FDELE Record Mapping

	RPM			Xstore				
	Field Name	Description	Field Type	Table	Column	Data Type	Default Value	Comment
1	Line Id	Unique line identification	Number( 10)	NA	NA	NA		Ignored.
2	Id	Price change identifier	Number( 15)	itm_item_ prices	EXTERNA L_ID	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)		NA
3	Item	Item identifier	Char(25)	itm_item_ prices	ITEM_ID	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)		NA
	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	ORGANIZ ATION_ID	NUMBER(1 0,0)	\${dtv.loc ation.or ganizati onId}	NA
	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	EXTERNA L_SYSTEM	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)	RPM-C LRPC	NA

## **RPM Promotions**

Table B–18 describes the RPM Promotions mapping.

Table B-18 RPM Promotions Record Mappings

RPM					Xstore		
Record Name	Field Name	Field Type	Default Value	Description	Table	Field	Comment
FHEAD	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	FHEAD	File head marker	NA	NA	NA
	Line ID	Number(10)	1	Unique line identifier	NA	NA	NA
	File Type	Char(5)	PROMO	Promotions	NA	NA	NA
	Export Timestamp	Number(10)		System clock timestamp (YYYYMMDDHHMI SS)	NA	NA	NA
	Format Version	Char(5)	1.0	File Format Version	NA	NA	NA
	Location	Number(10)		Location identifier	NA	NA	NA
	Location Type	Char(1)		S = Store, W = Warehouse	NA	NA	NA
TIMBPE	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	TIMPBE	Promotion (transaction head). Defines an action associated with a promotion.	NA	NA	NA
	Line ID	Number(10)		Unique line identifier	NA	NA	NA
	Event Type	Char(3)		CRE = Create, MOD = Modify	NA	NA	NA
TPDTL	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	TPDTL	Promotion Detail Component. Defines a new component.	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Line ID	Number(10)		Unique line identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.

Table B-18 (Cont.) RPM Promotions Record Mappings

RPM					Xstore		
Record Name	Field Name	Field Type	Default Value	Description	Table	Field	Comment
	Promo ID	Number(10)		Promotion identifier	prc_deal	deal_id (partially)	NA
	Promo Comp ID	Number(10)		Promotion Component Id	prc_deal	deal_id (partially)	NA
	Promo Name	Char(160)		Promotion Header Name	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Promo Desc	Char(640)		Promotion Header Description	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Promo Comp Desc	Char(160)		Promotion Component Name	prc_deal	descriptio n	NA
	Promo Type	Number(2)		Valid values:	NA	NA	Determines
				0 = Multi-Buy Promotion			structure of resulting deal
				1=- Simple Promotion			deal
				2 = Threshold Promotion			
				3 = Finance Promotion (formerly tied to a value of 6)			
				4 = Transaction Promotion			
	Promo Comp Detail ID	Number(10)		Promotion Component Detail identifier	prc_deal	deal_id (partially)	NA
	Date Start	Date		Start Date of Promotion Component Detail (YYYYMMDDHH24 MISS)	prc_deal	effective_ date	NA
	End Date	Date		End Date of Promotion Component Detail (YYYYMMDDHH24 MISS)	prc_deal	end_date	NA

Table B-18 (Cont.) RPM Promotions Record Mappings

RPM					Xstore		
Record Name	Field Name	Field Type	Default Value	Description	Table	Field	Comment
	Apply to Code	Number(1)		Holds the Apply to Code for the promotion detail. Determines if the promotion is applied to regular retail only (no clearances in effect), clearance retail only (only when a clearance is in effect), or both regular and clearance retail.	prc_field_ test	NA	ApplyTo is mapped to an additional field test (PRICE BETWEEN X Y).
				Valid values:			
				0 = Regular Only			
				1 = Clearance Only			
				2 = Regular and Clearance			
	Discount Limit	Number(3)		The number of times that the promotion can be applied to a transaction.	prc_deal	iterationCa p	NA
	Apply Order	Number(1)		Application Order of the Promotion	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Threshold ID	Number(6)		Threshold identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Customer Type ID	Number(10)		Customer Type identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Threshold Qualification Type	Number(1)		The qualification type for the threshold. Will only be populated for threshold promotions. Valid values are 0 for item level and 1 for threshold level.	NA	NA	Ignored.
TPGRP	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	TPGRP	Promotion Detail Group	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Line ID	Number(10)		Unique line identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Group ID	Number(10)		Group Number	prc_deal_ item	ordinal	Mapped structurally, not by value.
TGLIST	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	TGLIST	Promotion Group List. Defines an item list.	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Line ID	Number(10)		Unique line identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	List ID	Number(10)		List identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.

Table B-18 (Cont.) RPM Promotions Record Mappings

RPM					Xstore		
Record Name	Field Name	Field Type	Default Value	Description	Table	Field	Comment
	Reward Application	Number(1)		How this reward is applied to the promotion detail.	NA	NA	Not mapped directly, but rather used to determine whether an action from the underlying TPDSC record should be used.
	Description	Char(120)		Description	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Price Range Min	Number(20, 4)		Contains price range promotion minimum valid retail value.	prc_deal_ field_test	NA	Mapped to an additional field test (PRICE BETWEEN X Y).
	Price Range Max	Number(20, 4)		Contains price range promotion maximum valid retail value.	prc_deal_ field_test	NA	Mapped to an additional field test (PRICE BETWEEN X Y).
TLITM	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	TLITM	Promotion Group List. RPM defines lists by providing SKUs of eligible items.	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Line ID	Number(10)		Unique line identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Item ID	Char(25)		Transaction Item Identifier	prc_deal_ field_test	value1	Mapped as SKU EQUAL field test.
TPDSC	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	TPDSC	Discount Detail for List. Defines a discount to apply to a preceding list of items.	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Line ID	Number(10)		Unique line identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.

Table B-18 (Cont.) RPM Promotions Record Mappings

RPM					Xstore		
Record Name	Field Name	Field Type	Default Value	Description	Table	Field	Comment
	Change Type	Number(2)		Change Type Valid values: -1 = No Change 0 = Percent Off 1 = Amount Off 2 = Fixed Price	prc_deal_ item	action	Type of action:  AMOUNT_OFF > CURRENC Y_OFF  PERCENT_OFF > PERCENT_OFF > PERCENT_OFF  FIXED_PRICE > NEW_PRICE
	Change Amount	Number(20, 4)		Change Amount	prc_deal_ item	action_arg	Discount amount when Change Type is AMOUNT_ OFF or FIXED_ PRICE. Negated for AMOUNT_ OFF.
	Change Currency	Char(3)		Change Currency	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Change Percent	Number(20, 4)		Change Percent	prc_deal_ item	action_arg	Discount amount when Change Type is PERCENT_ OFF. Negated.
	Change Selling UOM	Char(4)		Change Selling UOM	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Qual Type	Number(2)		Qualification Type	NA	NA	Affects where the Qual Value goes.

Table B–18 (Cont.) RPM Promotions Record Mappings

RPM					Xstore		
Record Name	Field Name	Field Type	Default Value	Description	Table	Field	Comment
	Qual Value	Number(2)		Qualification Value	prc_deal_ item	min_qty / max_qty or min_ item_total	Target field is picked based on the Qual Type value. PRC_DEAL_ITEM.max_qty either gets the same value or receives some big number depending on the deal type.
	Change Duration	Number(20, 4)		Change Duration	NA	NA	Ignored.
TPISR	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	TPISR	This record type is ignored for now.	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Line ID	Number(10)		Unique line identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Item ID	Char(25)		Transaction Item Identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Selling Retail	Number(20, 4)		Selling retail of the item	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Selling UOM	Char(4)		Selling UOM of the item	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Effective Date	Date		Effective Date of the selling retail - YYYYMMDDHH24 MISS	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Selling Retail Currency	Char(3)		Selling retail currency	NA	NA	Ignored.
TPCDT	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	TPCDT	Credit Detail	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Credit Detail ID	Number(10)		Credit Detail Identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Line ID	Number(10)		Unique line identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Credit Type	Char(40)		Credit Type	NA	NA	Ignored.
	binNumberFro m	Number(10)		Bin Number From	NA	NA	Ignored.
	binNumberTo	Number(10)		Bin Number To	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Commission Rate	Number(10)		Commission Rate	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Comments	Char(160)		Comments	NA	NA	Ignored.

Table B-18 (Cont.) RPM Promotions Record Mappings

RPM					Xstore		
Record Name	Field Name	Field Type	Default Value	Description	Table	Field	Comment
TPCIL	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	TPCIL	Cancel Item Loc	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Line ID	Number(10)		Unique line identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Promo ID	Number(10)		Identifier of the promotion	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Promo Comp ID	Number(10)		Promotion Component Identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Promo Comp Detail ID	Number(10)		Promotion Component Detail identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Item ID	Char(25)		Transaction Item Identifier for item	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Cancellation Date	Date		Cancellation effective date - YYYYMMDDHH24 MISS	NA	NA	Ignored.
TTAIL	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	TTAIL	Transaction Tail	NA	NA	NA
	Line ID	Number(10)		Unique line identifier	NA	NA	NA
FPDEL	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	FPDEL	Delete Promotion	NA	NA	NA
	Line ID	Number(10)		Unique line identifier	NA	NA	NA
	Promo ID	Number(10)		The ID of the promotion	NA	NA	NA
	Promo Comp ID	Number(10)		Promotion Component Identifier	NA	NA	NA
	Promo Comp Detail ID	Number(10)		Promotion Component Detail identifier	NA	NA	NA
	Group ID	Number(10)		Group Number	NA	NA	NA
	List ID	Number(10)		List identifier	NA	NA	NA
	Item ID	Char(25)		Transaction Item Identifier for item	NA	NA	NA
FTAIL	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	FTAIL	File tail marker	NA	NA	NA
	Line ID	Number(10)		Unique line identifier	NA	NA	NA
	Number of lines	Number(10)		Number of lines in the file not including FHEAD and FTAIL	NA	NA	NA