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Oracle® Retail Fiscal Management User Guide, Release 13.2.2

Oracle welcomes customers' comments and suggestions on the quality and usefulness of this document.

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- Did you understand the context of the procedures?
- Did you find any errors in the information?
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- Do you need different information or graphics? If so, where, and in what format?
- Are the examples correct? Do you need more examples?

If you find any errors or have any other suggestions for improvement, then please tell us your name, the name of the company who has licensed our products, the title and part number of the documentation and the chapter, section, and page number (if available).

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If you require training or instruction in using Oracle software, then please contact your Oracle local office and inquire about our Oracle University offerings. A list of Oracle offices is available on our Web site at [http://www.oracle.com](http://www.oracle.com).
The Retail Fiscal Management (ORFM) User Guide explains the new fiscal management module that handles the fiscal operations and requirements of the Brazilian fiscal system.

This guide describes the ORFM user interface. It provides step-by-step instructions to complete most tasks that can be performed through the user interface.

**Audience**

This User Guide is for users and administrators of Oracle Retail Product. This includes merchandisers, buyers, business analysts, and administrative personnel.

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Related Documents

For more information, see the following documents in the Oracle Retail Fiscal Management Release 13.2.2 documentation set:

- Oracle Retail Merchandising System Release Notes
- Oracle Retail Merchandising System Installation Guide
- Oracle Retail Fiscal Management/RMS Brazil Localization Installation Guide
- Oracle Retail Merchandising System Operations Guide
- Oracle Retail Merchandising System User Guide and Online Help
- Oracle Retail Merchandising Data Conversion Operations Guide
- Oracle Retail Merchandising System Data Model
- Oracle Retail Fiscal Management Data Model
- Oracle Retail Merchandising Batch Schedule
- Oracle Retail Fiscal Management/RMS Brazil Localization Implementation Guide
- RMS-ReSA User Guide for Brazil Localization

Also see the documentation library for Oracle Business Intelligence Enterprise Edition at this URL:

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- Functional and technical description of the problem (include business impact)
- Detailed step-by-step instructions to re-create
- Exact error message received
- Screen shots of each step you take

Review Patch Documentation

When you install the application for the first time, you install either a base release (for example, 13.2) or a later patch release (for example, 13.2.2). If you are installing the base release, additional patch, and bundled hot fix releases, read the documentation for all releases that have occurred since the base release before you begin installation. Documentation for patch and bundled hot fix releases can contain critical information related to the base release, as well as information about code changes since the base release.

Oracle Retail Documentation on the Oracle Technology Network

Documentation is packaged with each Oracle Retail product release. Oracle Retail product documentation is also available on the following Web site:
http://www.oracle.com/technology/documentation/oracle_retail.html

(Data Model documents are not available through Oracle Technology Network. These documents are packaged with released code, or you can obtain them through My Oracle Support.)

Documentation should be available on this Web site within a month after a product release.

Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Convention</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>boldface</strong></td>
<td>Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>italic</em></td>
<td>Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>monospace</strong></td>
<td>Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This user guide provides you information on how to effectively use the Oracle Retail Fiscal Management module of the Oracle Retail Merchandising System.

This chapter contains the following information:
- Brazil Localization Overview
- About Oracle Retail Fiscal Management
- Business Processes

Brazil Localization Overview

The movement of merchandise has to be accompanied by a fiscal document called Nota Fiscal (NF). The shipping location has to generate the NF. When the truck arrives at its destination, and before the physical receiving of the merchandise, the NF has to be validated against the Purchase Order (PO) and the Brazilian fiscal system, in order to ensure that all the taxes are applied correctly.

Nota Fiscal

The Nota Fiscal contains the following information:
- Transaction details, that is the items, and the quantities of items.
- Financial details, such as cost of the item.
- Taxation, and fiscal details such as tax codes, tax values, código fiscal de operações e prestações (CFOP), Cadastro Nacional de Pessoas Jurídicas (CNPJ), and other fiscal attributes used by the government to verify taxes for merchandise in transit.

The recipient of the merchandise has to ensure that the movement of merchandise is accompanied by a valid NF. In case of discrepancy, the shipment may be accepted by issuing supporting correction documents or the shipment may be rejected.

About Oracle Retail Fiscal Management

Oracle Retail Fiscal Management (ORFM) module enables you to verify the merchandise costs, quantities, and taxation details before payment. In ORFM, data can be entered manually or through Electronic Data Interchange (EDI). It integrates all the fiscal operations of the Brazilian fiscal system into RMS. It deals with creation of, and the receiving process of Nota Fiscals (NF), in addition to the issuing and printing of NF.
Business Processes

ORFM supports the following fiscal business operations:

- **PO Receiving** – This is the regular buying process of a retailer. The retailer issues a purchase order (PO) when buying the merchandise from a supplier. When the merchandise is received, this merchandise is matched against the related PO in order to verify that the receiving merchandise has the items that the retailer has bought from the supplier. The retailer issues a PO when buying the merchandise from a supplier.

In case of discrepancies, the ORFM application supports resolving the cost, quantity, and tax discrepancy. For more information on how the application resolves the discrepancies, refer to the Discrepancy Identification and Resolution Process.

- **Transfers** – Transfer is the movement of merchandise from one location to another, either a warehouse or a store. When the transfer is issued, ORFM creates and issues the related NF (based on the transfer information) for the merchandise to be transferred out. After the merchandise is shipped and received in the other location, another inbound NF is created to receive the merchandise in the receiving location.

- **Return to Vendor (RTV)** – This business process needs the creation and issue of a NF in order to return the merchandise to the supplier. The ORFM application issues a NF for the merchandise to be sent back to the supplier.

- **Return from customers or Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA)** – When customer returns merchandise, the retailer issues a RMA in order to receive the merchandise in the store. Since this operation involves the movement of merchandise, a NF has to be issued to receive it.

- **Triangulation** – Triangulation is a process where the retailer creates the PO with the main supplier to whom the payment is made. However, another supplier (a distributor or facilitator) actually delivers the stock on behalf of the main supplier (referred to as the delivery supplier).

- **NFs Processing** – Nota Fiscal Eletrônica (NFs) or Electronic Fiscal Note is a project initiated by the Government of Brazil. The main objective is to replace the current system of issuing fiscal documents in paper with the electronic fiscal document.

Discrepancy Identification and Resolution Process

In the inbound PO process, additional validations and matching of quantity, tax, and cost have to be carried out before physical receiving of merchandising occurs. The retailer has to validate the correctness of the NF before approving the physical receipt. If there are any discrepancies in the quantity, tax, or cost, these have to be resolved before physical receipt of the merchandise can occur.

The overall discrepancy identification, and resolution process can be further divided into the following sub-processes:

- **Validation Process** – The validation process includes validating the NF for errors like incorrect CFOP, header totals, etc. If there are errors on the NF, it is logged in the Error Log window. The NF has to be manually edited to resolve these errors, and the NF has to be re-validated. The validation process has the following three steps:
  - **Data Integrity Validation** – In this process, all the NF totals are matched with the unit cost and quantity entered. This process takes into account the line
item level and header level discounts, non-merchandise cost, insurance, miscellaneous expenses, and taxes while comparing the totals. If the data integrity validation fails, the NF will be in **Error** status. The NF has to be modified and re-validated before proceeding further.

- TaxWeb Tax Rules Call for Tax Breakup – A call is made to the TaxWeb Tax Rules engine for comparing the taxes on NF with system calculated taxes. The taxes returned by TaxWeb Tax Rules are stored at the individual item level. In case of any error during the TaxWeb Tax Rules call, status of the NF is changed to **Error**, and it has to be validated again.

- Discrepancy Identification – In this process, the unit cost of each item, quantity for each item and the taxes on the NF are compared with the corresponding values in the system. Any discrepancy identified during this process, the discrepancy indicators are marked appropriately on the NF header.

  - Discrepancy Identification Process – After validation, the discrepancy identification process is triggered. The quantity or cost discrepancy between the purchase order and NF, and tax discrepancy on the NF and the tax returned by TaxWeb Tax Rules is identified during this process. For tax discrepancy, the ORFM application validates that the NF has used the correct tax rules to calculate the taxes.

  - Discrepancy Resolution Process – Any discrepancies identified during the discrepancy identification process are available in the Discrepancy Resolution window. These discrepancies have to be resolved manually. In a centralized operation it is mandatory to resolve quantity discrepancies in order to proceed with physical receiving. In case of a de-centralized operation it is mandatory to resolve all discrepancies (cost, quantity and tax) in order to proceed with physical receiving.

  - Generation of Return NF, and Merchandise without NF Report – If the NF quantity is greater than the Open PO quantity, a return NF is generated, which is for the supplier to take back the excess stock. Sometimes, the merchandise is returned at the point of receipt in order to reduce shipping costs. The calculation of Return NF quantity and Merchandise without NF quantity is done after the physical receiving is done.

  - Generation of Correction Letter – A correction letter is generated when the PO cost/quantity/tax is different from the NF cost/quantity/tax, and the PO cost/quantity/tax is considered to be correct. The correction letter, with the PO values as the NF values, is automatically generated after all the discrepancies are resolved.
ORFM has its own Foundation Data. The foundation data has to be configured for the proper functioning of the ORFM application.

This chapter has the following sections:

- Foundation Data Setup
- System Options
- Tolerance Parameter
- Location Fiscal Numbers
- NFe Configuration

### Foundation Data Setup

ORFM Foundation Data Setup includes setting up the utilization codes, related parameters, and document type codes.

### Requisition Types

Requisition Type indicates the type of transaction that ORFM supports. ORFM supports the following requisition types:

- **Purchase Order (PO)** – This Requisition Type is applicable when there is movement of merchandise from a supplier to retailer’s location.
- **Transfer (intra-company)** – This Requisition Type is applicable when there is movement of merchandise from one location to another, either a warehouse or a store.
- **Intercompany Transfer** – This Requisition Type is applicable when there is a movement of merchandise between companies.
- **Return to Vendor (RTV)** – This Requisition Type is applicable when the merchandise is returned to the vendor.
- **Repairing** – This Requisition Type is applicable when merchandise is sent out to the external finisher or the supplier for finishing work (such as printing, dyeing, and embroidery) or repair (in the case of damaged goods).
- **Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA)** – This Requisition Type enables the retailer to pick up merchandise that is being returned from the customer.
- **Inventory Adjustment** – This Requisition Type enables total stock-on-hand adjustments or unavailable inventory for one or more item/locations.
Nature of Operation

Nature of Operation (NOP) is a term used in TaxWeb Tax Rules. The nature of operations represents the transactions used to deduce the código fiscal de operações e prestações (CFOP) codes in tax rules. There can be more than one utilization for the same NOP. For each TaxWeb Tax Rules call to retrieve taxes, ORFM returns the NOP related to the transaction to TaxWeb Tax Rules.

Note: ORFM and RMS are integrated with TaxWeb Tax Rules to get the tax break up for the NF. TaxWeb Tax Rules requires NOP to derive the CFOP before tax calculations. Therefore, ORFM maintains the list of NOP and enables you to link utilization and NOP.

Mode

Mode indicates whether the NF is being created for inbound, or outbound operations. The possible values for Mode are Inbound (Entry), and Outbound (Exit).

Utilization Code Maintenance

All merchandise in ORFM is associated with a utilization code. This code provides information about the transaction type and the NF related to the transaction. This information is used to determine the appropriate taxes for the merchandise as well as the impact on warehouse stock and on costs.

Each utilization code is linked to a Requisition Type, a NOP, and one or more document types.

Adding Utilization Code

To add a Utilization Code, do the following:

Navigate: From the RMS Start Menu, select Fiscal Management, then Fiscal Configuration.

1. In the Contents Of Fiscal Configuration, select Fiscal Utilization.
2. In the Contents Of Fiscal Utilization window, click Edit. The Fiscal Utilization Setup window appears.

Note: Click View in the Contents Of Fiscal Utilization window to view the fiscal utilization codes. In the View mode, the multi-record block is non-editable, and the Add and Delete buttons are disabled.
3. On the Fiscal Utilization Setup window, click **Add**. A highlighted blank row appears.

4. Enter the Utilization Code, and Description. The Utilization Code is the unique identifier for each utilization. The Description column describes the fiscal utilization.

5. Select the Requisition Type from the list in the Req.Type column. The requisition types are: Purchase Order, Transfer, Return to Vendor, Return Merchandise Authorization, Stock Out, PO for Rural Producer, InterCompany Transfers, Repairing, Return NF, and Sales.


7. Enter the mode of operation. The Mode is either Entry or Exit.

**Deleting Utilization Code**

1. On the Fiscal Utilization Setup window, select the utilization you want to delete, and click **Delete**. The following message is displayed:

2. Click **Yes** to delete the utilization.
**Fiscal Utilization Options**

The Fiscal Utilization Options menu consists of the following items:

- Doc Type
- Parameters
- Reason Code

**Doc Type**

The utilization code is linked to one or more document types, and each fiscal document type has to be associated with a utilization code.

**Adding Doc Type**

To add Doc Type to the Utilization Code, do the following:

**Navigate**: From the RMS Start Menu, select Fiscal Management, then select Fiscal Configuration.

1. In the Contents Of Fiscal Configuration window, select Fiscal Utilization.
2. In the Contents Of Fiscal Utilization window, click Edit. The Fiscal Utilization Setup window appears.

**Note**: Click View in the Contents Of Fiscal Utilization window to view the fiscal utilization codes. In the View mode, the multi-record block is non-editable, and the Add and Delete buttons are disabled.

3. In the Fiscal Utilization Setup window, select the Utilization Code for which Doc Types are being defined.
4. From the Options menu, select Doc Type. The Fiscal Utilization Document Type window appears.

**Figure 2–3 Fiscal Utilization Document Type Window**

5. Click Add. A highlighted blank row is displayed.
6. From the Doc Type ID LOV, select the value.
7. Click OK to exit the window.
Deleting Doc Type

To delete document types, do the following in the Fiscal Utilization - Document Type window:

1. Select the doc type that you want to delete. Click **Delete** in the Fiscal Utilization - Document Type window.
   
   A message appears. Click **Yes** to delete the document type.

2. Click **OK** to exit the window.
Parameters
Parameters are defined for each of the utilization codes.

To associate the parameters with the utilization codes, do the following:

**Navigate:** From the RMS Start Menu, select Fiscal Management, then select Fiscal Configuration.

In the Contents Of Fiscal Utilization, select Edit. The Fiscal Utilization Setup window appears.

1. On the Fiscal Utilization Setup window, click the Options menu.
2. Select Parameters. The Fiscal Utilization Attributes window appears.

**Figure 2–4 Fiscal Utilization Attributes Window**

3. Select or deselect the check boxes to configure the parameters for every Utilization Code. The table below provides the list of parameters, and their description.

**Table 2–1 Parameters**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Complementary NF for Triangulation</td>
<td>Select this check box to indicate that the utilization has to be used only for complementary NFs such as NF from delivery supplier for triangulation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Complementary NF for Freight</td>
<td>Select this check box to indicate that the utilization has to be used only for complementary NFs such as generating NF for freight.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| ICMS-ST Recovery                     | Select this check box to indicate that the particular transaction is marked for recovery of the Imposto sobre Circulação de Mercadorias e prestação de Serviços-Substituição Tributária (ICMS-ST) tax. 

This flag is used for entry and exit transactions.

If the flag for entry or exit utilization is selected, the FlagGravaHistorico field is sent the following values:

- If PO Receiving – Location has ST control and NF status = Approved and utilization = “ICMS-ST Recovery.” Send FlagGravaHistorico = 2.
- If NF Issuing – Location has ST control and Utilization = “Record ST.” Send FlagGravaHistorico = 3.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Automatic NF Approval</th>
<th>Select this check box to validate and approve the fiscal documents automatically.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Automatic NF approval is relevant only for outbound NFs generated by ORFM. You may decide to approve all intra-company NFs automatically but manually approve RTV NFs.
Reason Code

The Reason Code is created by the retailer for inventory adjustment and repairing operations. It is used to identify returns and can be configured in the ORFM module.

Note: A utilization can have any number of Reason Codes attached to it. However, the Reason Code cannot be attached to utilization if the Reason Code is already attached to any other Utilization ID. The Reason Code LOV shows only the Reason Codes that are not attached any type of utilization ID.

To associate Reason Code with the Utilization Code, do the following:

Navigate: From the RMS Start Menu, select Fiscal Management, then select Fiscal Configuration.

1. On the Fiscal Utilization Setup window, click the Options menu.

   Note: This option is enabled only if the Requisition Type selected for the Utilization Code is Inventory Adjustment (Stock).

2. Select the inventory adjustment for which you want to add the Reason Code. From the Options menu, select Reason Code. The Fiscal Utilization Reason Codes window appears.

Figure 2–5 Fiscal Utilization Reason Codes Window
3. Click **Add**. In the highlighted row that appears, select the reason code from the list.

4. Click **OK**. The reason code is associated with the inventory adjustment.

To delete the reason code, do the following in the Fiscal Utilization Codes Reason Codes window:

1. Select the reason code that you want to delete. Click **Delete** in the Fiscal Utilization Codes Reason Codes window. A message appears. Click **Yes** to delete the reason code.

2. Click **OK** to exit the window.

**Fiscal Document Types Maintenance**

The document type codes are defined by the fiscal authorities and each NF must have a document type code at the header level.

To associate Fiscal Document Types with a Utilization Code, do the following:

**Navigate:** From the RMS Start Menu, select **Fiscal Management**, then select **Fiscal Configuration**.

1. In Contents Of Fiscal Configuration window, select **Fiscal Document Types**.


   **Figure 2–6 Fiscal Document Type Window**

3. Select the document type from the list. The list contains the all possible Fiscal Doc Types. The list displays the Fiscal Document Type ID and Description.

4. Click **Add** to add a fiscal document type. A new highlighted row is displayed.

5. The Description field displays the Fiscal Document Type description.

6. Click **OK** to exit the window.

To delete the document type, do the following:

1. Select the document type that you want to delete. Click **Delete**. A confirmation message appears.

2. Click **Yes** to delete the document type.

3. Click **OK** to exit the window.
**Fiscal Doc Type**

To associate the document type with the Utilization Code, do the following:

**Navigate**: From the RMS Start Menu, select Fiscal Management, then select Fiscal Configuration.

1. Select the document type to which you want to associate a Utilization Code.
2. Click Util in the Fiscal Document Type window. The Fiscal Doc Type Utilization window appears.

![Figure 2–7 Fiscal Doc Type Utilization Window](image)

3. Click Add in the Fiscal Doc Type Utilization window.
4. A new row appears. Select the Utilization Code from the list.
5. Click OK to save your changes and exit the window.

To delete the utilization, do the following:

1. To delete a utilization, select the utilization, and click Delete.
2. Confirm the deletion in the message that appears. Click OK to exit the window.
System Options

Set up the system configuration variables using the System Setup link.
The system options can be set up for the following operations:

- Purge
- Discrepancy
- Fiscal Management

Purge System Options

These system options decide when the purge operations have to be implemented.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>System Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>History Days for Worksheet Documents</td>
<td>Number of days a document in worksheet status should reside in active tables</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>History Days for Deleted Documents</td>
<td>Number of days a document in inactive status should reside in active tables</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>History Days for Completed PO Documents</td>
<td>Number of days a PO document in completed status should reside in active tables</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>History Days for Completed Documents Other than PO</td>
<td>Number of days a document in completed status should reside in active tables</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>History Days for History Tables</td>
<td>Number of days the data in history table should be maintained</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Discrepancy System Options

These system options in ORFM decide what is the action that has to be taken for discrepancy resolution.

While resolving discrepancies, the values on the Purchase Order (PO) may be considered as correct, or the NF values may be considered as correct. In some cases, you can evaluate both the values, and decide what value to choose to resolve the discrepancy. In order to facilitate these requirements following three new system options are introduced:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>System Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Quantity Discrepancy Resolution Rule</td>
<td>This option can have the following values: System, Nota Fiscal and Reconcile.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>In case of quantity discrepancy, the system value is the PO value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost Discrepancy Resolution Rule</td>
<td>This option can have the following values: System, Nota Fiscal and Reconcile.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>In case of cost discrepancy, the system value is the PO value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax Discrepancy Resolution Rule</td>
<td>This option can have the following values: System, Nota Fiscal, and Reconcile.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>In case of tax discrepancy, system values are provided by TaxWeb Tax Rules.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Fiscal Management System Options

These system options help in the successful functioning of the fiscal management module.

The system options, and their descriptions are given below

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>System Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HOUR_FORMAT</td>
<td>Format to represent fields of hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PURGE_DAYS</td>
<td>Days before records are purged from the tables</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ORIGIN_CST_IND</td>
<td>Default Origin Code and CST Type for ICMS tax situation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOC_TYPE_PO</td>
<td>Default fiscal doc type code (e.g. 1 - Nota Fiscal - Modelo 1, 1A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PERCENT_FORMAT</td>
<td>Percentage Field Format</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NUMBER_FORMAT</td>
<td>Value Field Format</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_PO_TYPE</td>
<td>Default PO Type when null in ORMS (fiscal utilization code in the Retail Fiscal Management module)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_SALES_TYPE</td>
<td>Default SALES Type when null in ORMS (fiscal utilization code in the Retail Fiscal Management module)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_COUNTRY</td>
<td>Default supplier country</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_CURRENCY</td>
<td>Default currency code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_DOCUMENT_TYPE</td>
<td>Default document type used by the process to create an EDI document based on external systems</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOLERANCES_MANDATORY</td>
<td>Tolerances are applied or not</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_FREIGHT_TYPE</td>
<td>Default freight type used by the process to create an EDI document based on external systems</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QTY_FORMAT</td>
<td>Quantity Field Format</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RFC_REASON</td>
<td>Return from customer reason code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ORFMI_MIN_DAYS</td>
<td>Number of days minus the ORFMI date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ORFMO_MIN_DAYS</td>
<td>Number of days minus the ORFMO date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ORFMO_MAX_DAYS</td>
<td>Number of days minus the ORFMO date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ORFMI_MAX_DAYS</td>
<td>Number of days minus the ORFMI date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDI_DEF_PTNR_ID</td>
<td>Indicates the default partner id when importing EDI documents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDI_DEF_PTNR_TYPE</td>
<td>Indicates the default partner type when importing EDI documents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GET_ORIGIN_DOC_TAXES</td>
<td>Requisition type for use of parameters of taxes of the origin fiscal document</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHECK_APPROVED_DOCS</td>
<td>Variable to check whether it is mandatory to approve all fiscal documents before approving the schedule</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Option</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CALC_TOL_TYPE</td>
<td>The calculation tolerance type (P/V)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CALC_TOL_VALUE</td>
<td>The calculation tolerance value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QTY_RESOLUTION_RULE</td>
<td>Default Resolution Action for Quantity Discrepancies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COST_RESOLUTION_RULE</td>
<td>Default Resolution Action for Cost Discrepancies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TAX_RESOLUTION_RULE</td>
<td>Default Resolution Action for Tax Discrepancies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_RMA_UTIL_ID</td>
<td>Default Utilization ID for RMA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_RMA_DOC_TYPE</td>
<td>Default Document Type for RMA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_RTV_DOC_TYPE</td>
<td>Default Document Type for RTVs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_RTV_UTIL_ID</td>
<td>Default Utilization ID for RTVs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDI_RTV</td>
<td>Indicates whether the requisition type for RTV is &quot;ENTRY” or &quot;EXIT”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_OUTBOUND_TSF_DOC_TYPE</td>
<td>Default Document Type for Outbound Transfers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_OUTBOUND_TSF_UTIL_ID</td>
<td>Default Utilization ID for Outbound Transfers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_INBOUND_TSF_DOC_TYPE</td>
<td>Default Document Type for Inbound Transfers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_INBOUND_TSF_UTIL_ID</td>
<td>Default Utilization ID for Inbound Transfers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDI_TSF</td>
<td>Indicates whether the requisition type for TSF is &quot;ENTRY” or &quot;EXIT”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_STOCK_DOC_TYPE</td>
<td>Default Document Type for Inventory Adjustments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDI_STOCK</td>
<td>Indicates whether the requisition type for STOCK is &quot;ENTRY” or &quot;EXIT”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOLERANCES_PRIORITY</td>
<td>Tolerances Priority is applied: All, Supplier, Location, Company</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_RNF_UTILIZATION_ID</td>
<td>Default Utilization Id for Return NF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HISTORY_DAYS_COMPLETED_NON_POs</td>
<td>Indicates the number of days for completed docs other than POs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HISTORY_DAYS_COMPLETED_PO</td>
<td>Indicates the number of days for the completed POs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HISTORY_DAYS_DELETED_DOCS</td>
<td>Indicates the number of days for the Deleted NF docs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HISTORY_DAYS_HIST_TABLES</td>
<td>Indicates the number of days the history table can hold the records</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HISTORY_DAYS_WORKSHEET_STATUS</td>
<td>Indicates the number of days the NF can be worksheet status</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_NOP</td>
<td>Default Nature of Operation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_NFE_DOC_TYPE</td>
<td>Default Document Type for Nfe</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Setting Up System Options

To set up the System Options, do the following:

Navigate: From the RMS Start Menu, select Fiscal Management, then select System Setup.

1. In the Contents Of System Setup window, select System Options.
2. In the Contents Of System Options window, click Edit. The System Options window appears.

### Table 2–4 (Cont.) Fiscal Management System Options

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>System Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RECOVERABLE_TAX_CST</td>
<td>Value related to the selected CST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_INBOUND_IC_DOC_TYPE</td>
<td>Default Document Type for Inbound IC Transfers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_INBOUND_IC_UTIL_ID</td>
<td>Default Utilization ID for Inbound IC Transfers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_OUTBOUND_IC_DOC_TYPE</td>
<td>Default Document Type for Outbound IC Transfers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_OUTBOUND_IC_UTIL_ID</td>
<td>Default Utilization ID for Outbound IC Transfers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_RURAL_PROD_UTILIZATION</td>
<td>Default Utilization Id for Rural Producer NF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_RURAL_PROD_DOC_TYPE</td>
<td>Default Document Type for Rural Producer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_INBOUND_REP_DOC_TYPE</td>
<td>Default Document Type for Inbound Repairing Transfers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_INBOUND_REP_UTIL_ID</td>
<td>Default Utilization ID for Inbound Repairing Transfers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_OUTBOUND_REP_DOC_TYPE</td>
<td>Default Document Type for Outbound Repairing Transfers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFAULT_OUTBOUND_REP_UTIL_ID</td>
<td>Default Utilization ID for Outbound Repairing Transfers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDI_REP</td>
<td>Indicates whether the requisition type for REP is &quot;ENTRY&quot; or &quot;EXIT&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. Click the Variable field LOV to view the description and variables.

4. Click Add. A new row is displayed.

**Note:** Adding parameters will not have any impact on the system functionality.

5. Enter the details in the Variable and Description fields.

6. Select the Type from the list.

7. Enter the details in the Value field.

8. Click OK to exit the window.
Tolerance Parameter

Tolerance is the variance allowed between a NF and the requisition document, and also within a NF. If the NF is within tolerances, then the NF can be considered matched (without discrepancy). ORFM supports the following three types of tolerances:

- Cost Tolerance: Use it when comparing the unit cost of the item on the PO as against the unit cost of the item on the NF.
- Quantity Tolerance: Use it when matching the quantity ordered, against the quantity provided in NF for each item.
- Calculation Tolerance: Use it to avoid the NFs from going into discrepancies due to rounding or truncation issues.

**Note:** The cost, and quantity tolerances can be set in the Tolerance Maintenance screen of the ORFM, and calculation can be set as a system variable.

Setting up Tolerances

To set up the tolerances, do the following:

**Navigate:** From the RMS Start Menu, select Fiscal Management, then select System Setup.

1. In the Contents Of System Setup window, select Tolerances.
2. In the Contents Of Tolerances window, click Edit. The Tolerances window appears.

**Figure 2–9  Tolerances Window**

3. In the Tolerances window, the list in the Level field has two values – Supplier, and Company. Select the level applicable.
4. The Name field displays the list of all the Supplier names or Company names based on the level selected. Select the supplier, or the company name.
5. Click **Search**. The existing tolerances for the supplier or company is displayed in the multi-record block. If there are no tolerances for the selected level, the following message is displayed: "Query caused no records to be retrieved".

6. If there are tolerances for the selected values, the following parameters are displayed in the multi-record block:
   - **Tolerance Level** – Choose from Line Quantity, and Line Cost.
   - **Lower Limit Inclusive** – The lower limit for the range. This value is included in the range.
   - **Upper Limit Exclusive** – The upper limit for the range. This value is excluded from the range.
   - **Tolerance Type** – Select the Requisition Document Tolerance Type from the list. The list includes Percentage or Value.
   - **Tolerance Value** – Enter the tolerance value for matching between the NF and the requisition document of the NF.

7. Click **OK** to save the changes.

The other options available on the window includes:
   - Click **Add** to add a new row in the multi-record block.
   - Click **Delete** to delete the selected row from the multi-record block.
   - Click **Refresh** to clear the filter criteria, and the data in the multi-record block.
   - Click **Cancel** if you do not want to save the changes that you have entered.

---

**Note:** Select **View** mode in the Contents Of Tolerances window to view the tolerances. The **Add** and **Delete** button in the Tolerances window are disabled.

---

**Location Fiscal Numbers**

Location Fiscal Numbers are numbers assigned to a store/warehouse. In Brazil, the sequence of NF document numbers are controlled and has to be correctly followed during the NF issuing process. Each location controls its own sequence based on the following:

- Serial/Sub-serial
- Sequence

Any transaction that involves that particular store/warehouse should have the fiscal numbers falling within a particular range.

**Adding Fiscal Numbers**

To add fiscal numbers, do the following:

**Navigate:** From the RMS **Start Menu**, select **Fiscal Management**, then **System Setup**. From **System Setup**, select **Fiscal Numbers**.

1. In the Contents Of Fiscal Numbers window, click **Edit**. The Location Fiscal Numbers window appears.
2. To add a number, select the store/warehouse from the Location LOV. Click Add. In the multi-record block, a row is highlighted as shown.

3. Assign values to Series No, Subseries No, Minimum Fiscal Number, and Maximum Fiscal Number.
Deleting Fiscal Numbers

1. Select the row that you want to delete in the Location Fiscal Numbers window.

   **Figure 2–12 Location Fiscal Numbers Window**

2. Click *Delete*. A confirmation message appears. Click *Yes* if you want to delete the row.

Viewing Fiscal Numbers

1. In the Contents Of Fiscal Numbers window, click *View*. The Location Fiscal Numbers window appears.
   
   In the View mode, the *Add*, and the *Delete* button are disabled. By default, the Location Fiscal Numbers displays the locations, and their fiscal numbers.

   **Figure 2–13 Location Fiscal Numbers Window**

2. Select the location type from the Location Type list. The Location field is highlighted after selecting the location type.

3. Select the location from the Location LOV.

4. Click the filter icon. Based on the filter criteria, the multi-record block displays the Location Type, the Location, and the values associated with the Series No, Subseries No, Minimum Fiscal Number, and Maximum Fiscal Number.
NFe Configuration

Nota Fiscal Eletronica (NF-e) is a Brazilian government project with the objective of implementing a national model of electronic fiscal document to substitute the current system of issuing the fiscal documents in paper. The virtual document will have the juridical validity guaranteed by the digital signature of the issuer. It will simplify the fiscal obligations of the taxpayers and will allow the follow up of the commercial operations by the tax authority.

The NF-e issuer will generate an electronic file with all NF information in a more detailed level than the regular NF. This file must be digitally signed to guarantee the integrity of the data and the authorship of the issuer. This electronic file will be transmitted by the internet to the Secretaria da Fazenda - Brazilian Tax Authority (SEFAZ) in the origin state of the issuer. The SEFAZ will provide a pre-validation of the file and will return a receiving protocol (Authorization for Use), that will be necessary for the movement of merchandise.

The ORFM application allows the generation of NFe by location and utilization code. A new system option is used to identify the location that issues the NFe. NFe is applicable only for transactions such as transfers, intercompany transfers and RTVs.

Configuring Location for NFe processing

To configure the location for NFe processing:

Navigation: From the RMS Start Menu, select Fiscal Management, then System Setup. From System Setup, select NFe Configuration.

1. In the Contents of NFe Configuration, click Edit. The NFe Configuration window appears.

2. In the NFe Parameterization block of the window, click Add. A row is highlighted.

3. Select the Location Type from the list.

4. Select the Location from the LOV.

5. Assign the Utilization for the location. This utilization code associated to each location is the same utilization code set in system variables as default utilization for outbound transactions, such as transfers, intercompany transfers, and return to vendors (RTVs).
6. The location is now enabled for NFe processing.

**Viewing the NFe Configured Locations**

1. In the Filter block of the NFe Configuration window, select the Location Type from the list. The choices available are Store or Warehouse.

2. The Location LOV lists all the locations for the selected location type. Select the location.

   The multi-record block displays the rows for the entered store/warehouse, which are enabled for NFe processing.

---

**Note:** For more information on setting up the utilization code, see Adding Utilization Code.
Purchase Order (PO) is the regular buying process of a retailer. The retailer issues a PO when buying the merchandise from a supplier. When the merchandise is received, this merchandise is matched against the related PO in order to verify that the receiving merchandise has the items that the retailer has bought to the supplier.

This chapter contains the following sections:
- Business Flow
- NF Processing – PO Receiving
- Triangulation
- Complementary NF for Freight

**Business Flow**

The business flow for PO receiving is as follows:

1. Enter the Nota Fiscal (NF) in the Retail Fiscal Management (ORFM) module.
2. When the shipment arrives at the warehouse or the store, create a schedule and enter the NFs received.

**Note:** More than one NF can be linked to a schedule.

3. After NF entry, validate the NFs. In the validation process, the ORFM application checks for data integrity. Match the NF with the requisition documents in the Retail Merchandising System (RMS). This process is called as the Fiscal Receiving.

   If the NF and the PO does not match, the NF is in discrepancy. You can identify the following discrepancies with the ORFM application:
   - Unit Cost Discrepancy for each item in the NF
   - Quantity Discrepancy for each item in the NF
   - Tax Discrepancy happens between system (tax details from TaxWeb Tax Rules) and NF.

4. After validation, send the schedule to the warehouse management system and store inventory management system. After physical receiving, both the systems publish the receipt updates to ORFM. This completes the NF processing.

5. Send the transaction data in RMS and ORFM to a financial application. For fiscal reporting purposes, send the NF data in ORFM to the fiscal reporting system like TaxWeb Tax Rules.
NF Processing – PO Receiving

The Receiving/Issuing module of ORFM enables you to create the required NF. This module enables you to validate the NF, match the NF with the PO, resolve discrepancy, and approve the NF with correction documents.

To create the Nota Fiscal for PO Receiving, perform the following steps:

**Navigate:** From the RMS Start Menu, select Fiscal Management, then Login of Location. The Location Login window appears.

1. In the Location Login window, select the store or warehouse for receiving/issuing the fiscal document. Click the Location LOV to obtain the list of stores or warehouses. Select the location, and click OK.

   ![Location Login Window](image)

   **Figure 3–1 Location Login Window**

2. You are returned to the RMS main screen. In Contents Of Fiscal Management, select Receiving/Issue.

   In Contents Of Receiving/Issue, click Edit. The Receiving/Issue Schedule window appears.

   ![Receiving/Issue Schedule window](image)

   **Figure 3–2 Receiving/Issue Schedule window**

3. Select the Mode from the list. For PO receiving, select Entry.

   The other option available is Exit. This mode is for outbound flow.

4. The Filter section in the Receiving/Issue Schedule window displays the following:
- Location Type – This field displays the information that flows from the Location Login window. The list contains Store or Warehouse.
- Location – The sender/receiver location.
- Schedule – Select the schedule number from the Schedule LOV or click Add to create a new schedule number.
- Select the appropriate status from the list in the Status field. For PO Receiving, the status has to be Worksheet.

The different statuses are given below.

### Table 3–1 Status Of Schedule

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Worksheet</td>
<td>Schedule is in worksheet status even if one of its component NFs is in worksheet and none of the NFs are in error status.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Validated</td>
<td>This option is displayed when all the NFs in the schedule do not have any data integrity errors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error</td>
<td>This option is displayed when even one NF in the schedule has incorrect information in it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subm. for Recv.</td>
<td>This option is displayed when all the NFs in the schedule are submitted for receiving.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In Discrepancy</td>
<td>This option is displayed when even one NF in the schedule is in the discrepant status.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Received</td>
<td>This option is displayed when the merchandise in the schedule have been received.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receipt-Verified</td>
<td>This option is displayed when the merchandise have been verified against the schedule.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved</td>
<td>The status of schedule automatically changes to approved when all the NFs in that schedule are approved.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Completed</td>
<td>This option is displayed when processing of all the NFs in the schedule is completed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post Sefaz Approve Error</td>
<td>This option is displayed when the schedule is transmitted through the internet to the SEFAZ (Secretaria da Fazenda–Brazilian Tax Authority) of the origin state of the issuer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financials Posted</td>
<td>This option is displayed when the schedule details are posted in the financial staging tables.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Enter the Start Date and the End Date in their respective fields.

5. Click Fiscal in the Receiving/Issue Schedule window. The Fiscal Docs Find window appears. This screen displays all the NFs attached to that schedule.
6. In the Fiscal Docs Find screen, click **Add**. The Fiscal Documents window appears. The Fiscal Documents window can be divided into three sections – Fiscal Document Details, Header Detail and Line Item Level Detail.

![Fiscal Docs Find Window](image)

### Figure 3–3 Fiscal Docs Find Window

**In the Fiscal Document Details section, enter the details as given in the table.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Requisition Type</td>
<td>Select Purchase Order for the PO receiving transaction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The other options available are: Transfer, Return to Vendor, Return Merchandise Authorization, Stock Out, InterCompany Transfers, Repairing, Return NF, Sales</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utilization</td>
<td>This field is enabled only when the Requisition Type is entered.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Select the Utilization from the list that is specific to the PO operation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 3–2 (Cont.) Fields in the Fiscal Document Details section

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Entry CFOP</td>
<td>This field is populated by the tax integration. The Entry CFOP is used for the fiscal bookkeeping and Public System of Digital Bookkeeping or SPED. This field is non-editable. Note: SPED (Sistema Público de Escrituração Digital) is a digital file composed of a group of bookkeeping registers of fiscal documents and other information that the fiscal authorities of Brazilian government are interested in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NF CFOP</td>
<td>Enter the value for NF CFOP. CFOP is the Operations and Service-Providing Fiscal Code.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fiscal No</td>
<td>Enter the fiscal number here.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Status       | Contains the possible status of the NF. When you are entering the details in the system, the status of NF is Worksheet. The other statuses are as follows:  
  - In Discrepancy – The application displays this status, when the NF is in the discrepant status. Discrepancies can be in quantity, cost, and tax.  
  - Validated – The NF status changes to Validated, if there are no data integrity errors.  
  - Error – The application displays this status for validation related errors, errors in NF generation using the EDI file, errors in NFe transmission or TaxWeb Tax Rules call for taxes.  
  - Approved – Post approval.  
  - Received – When the merchandise in the NF is received, the status of NF changes to Received.  
  - Receipt Verified – This status is displayed when the merchandise has been verified against the NF.  
  - Completed – This status is displayed when processing of the NF is completed.  
  - NFe Pending – This is applicable for NFe processing only. During the NFe issuing process, when the NFe has to be approved, the status of the NF is NFe Pending. 
    With the fiscal document in that status, the related information is sent to the fiscal partner solution which captures the data, generates the NFe file and submits it for approval in the Brazilian Governments systems.  
  - Financials Posted – This is applicable when the transaction details are entered in the transaction data table after NF approval.  
  - Post Sefaz Approve Error – This option is displayed when the NF is transmitted through the internet to the SEFAZ (Secretaria da Fazenda–Brazilian Tax Authority) of the origin state of the issuer. |
| Serial       | Enter the serial number for the NF.                                                                                                          |
| Document Type| Select the document type for the PO from the Document Type LOV.                                                                                 |
| Mode Type    | This field is populated from the Receiving/Issue Schedule screen. This field displays Entry for PO Receiving, and Exit for outbound operations. |
| Sub Serial   | Enter the sub-serial number of the NF.                                                                                                         |
7. In the Header Details section, enter the following details – Header Info, Header Taxes, Additional Info, and Transportation Details.

- The Header Info Tab is as shown in Figure 3–5 and the fields are described in Table 3–3.

![Figure 3–5 Header Info Tab](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
<td>This is external entity type from which NF is received.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Select the Type from the list. The list contains Supplier, Partner, Location, Outside Location, Company, Customer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schedule No</td>
<td>This field is populated from the Receiving/Issue Schedule screen. It could be the number of the schedule receiving or the number of the schedule issuing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub Type</td>
<td>Enter the sub-type number of the NF. Example: If the Type is partner, then the subtype is agent, wholesaler, external finisher, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>This field is disabled when the type is supplier for the NF.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplier</td>
<td>The sender/receiver of the NF.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NFe Access Key</td>
<td>This field is not applicable for PO Receiving. Used to search NFe.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Totals Informed and Calculated Service, Informed and Calculated Merchandise, and Informed and Calculated Total.</td>
<td>Enter the details in each field. The Calculated Costs come from the system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional Costs Freight, Insurance, and Other Expenses.</td>
<td>When processing complementary NF for Freight, only these fields are enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discounts</td>
<td>Select Percentage or Value from the Type list. Enter the value in the Value field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discrepancy</td>
<td>Three check boxes, one each for Cost, Quantity and Tax are present. If the NF is in cost discrepancy, then the check box for Cost is selected. Likewise for Quantity and Tax.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Header Taxes Tab is shown in Figure 3–6 and the description of the fields is provided in Table 3–4.

**Figure 3–6  Header Taxes Tab**

**Table 3–4  Fields in the Header Taxes Tab**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fields</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tax Code</td>
<td>The tax code that are part of the Brazilian tax system are present in the list. Select the tax code from the list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxable Basis</td>
<td>Enter the taxable basis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modified Taxable Basis</td>
<td>This column displays the changed/modified taxable basis. This value flows from the external tax engine. In Brazil, some items are eligible to a tax rule that modifies the taxable basis. The tax rate for such items is applied on the modified taxable basis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Tax Value</td>
<td>Enter the value. After entering the value for one tax code, click <strong>Add</strong> to enter additional details. In case, you want to delete any record, select the entry, and click <strong>Delete</strong>.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Additional Info Tab is as shown in Figure 3–7 and the fields and description are provided in Table 3–5.

**Figure 3–7 Additional Info Tab**

![Figure 3–7 Additional Info Tab](image)

**Table 3–5 Fields in the Additional Info Tab**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fields</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sender/Receiver</td>
<td>In this block, enter the following details of the sender/receiver:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• CNPJ/CPF – CNPJ is the company code. The full form is Cadastro Nacional da Pessoa Jurídica. CPF is the personal code of the sender/receiver. The full form of CPF is Cadastro de Pessoa Física.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• City</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Neighborhood</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• ZIP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• State</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplier Payments</td>
<td>In this block, enter the following details for the supplier payments:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Date – Date of payment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Value – Amount to be paid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Click Add to add additional details.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Click <strong>Delete</strong> in case you want to delete a record.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Process</td>
<td>In this block, select the Origin from the list. The list includes the following values:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Sefaz (State Tax Authority)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Federal Justice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• State Justice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Secex/SRF – Impotation Tax Authority</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Others</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>In the <strong>Value</strong> field, enter the value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>These fields meet SPED requirements.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
- The Transportation Details is shown in Figure 3–8 and the fields and description are provided in Table 3–6.

**Figure 3–8 Transportation Details Tab**

![Transportation Details Tab Image]

**Table 3–6 Field on the Transportation Details Tab**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fields</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Select from the list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The list includes Bank, Agent, Freight Forwarder, Importer, Broker, Factory, Consolidator, Applicant, Consignee, Manufacturer, Distributor, Wholesaler, Expense Vendor, Import Authority, Escheat-State, Excheat-Country, and External Finisher.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freight Type</td>
<td>Select the type of freight.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The list includes Cost Inclusive of Freight (CIF) and Free on Board (FOB).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Qty</td>
<td>Enter the quantity of items.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UOM</td>
<td>Enter the unit of measure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plate State</td>
<td>Select the Plate State from the list. This displays the state of the vehicle plate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>This field is for SPED requirement.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CNPJ/CPF</td>
<td>Enter the CPF/CNPJ number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net Weight</td>
<td>Enter the net weight.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Weight</td>
<td>Enter the total weight.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vehicle Plate</td>
<td>This field is for SPED requirement.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8. In the Line Item Level Details section, the detailed information about the purchase order (PO) and the items are displayed. There are two ways of populating this section.

**Note:** The Line Item Details section has been implemented as custom view. For example, if the requisition type is Return to Vendor, the Line Item Details section displays RTV and information related to RTV.

In default view DOC is displayed.

- Click PO in the Detail Info tab of the Item Level Details section. Select the PO details from the list, or enter the PO details. The Detail Info tab has the following fields:
Click the **Req. Doc.** button in the Header Details section. The Match Document window appears.

An example of the Match Document window is given below.

![Match Document Window](image)

In the Match Document window, all the open POs of that particular supplier are displayed.

To include the PO details in the NF, do the following:

- In the Additional Filter section of the Match Documents window, you can select POs from different supplier sites of the same supplier.

  Click **Add** in the Additional Filter section of the Match Documents window to view the POs from different supplier sites of that particular supplier in the multi-record block.

- Select one or more requisition documents from the list.

- Click **Add to NF**. The item level information from those POs is defaulted on the NF. This saves significant data entry efforts.
9. Select the check box for the **Unexpected Item** to indicate any unexpected item in the NF. When this check box is selected, the PO column is disabled and the value for the PO number is set to null.

Enter the item quantity and cost. The cost and the quantity of the unexpected item is not matched with the PO.

10. Click **Item**. Enter the items associated with the PO. If the PO contains pack items the **Pack Ind** check box is selected.

    **Note:** The Show Components, Explode, and Explode All button is enabled for pack items.

11. In the Detail Taxes tab, enter the tax details for the item.

    **Table 3–8  Fields and Description of the Detail Taxes Tab**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fields</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Indicates the type of tax such as ICMS, COFINS, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax Base</td>
<td>Indicates whether the tax is value-based or percentage-based.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax Basis</td>
<td>The basis for calculating the taxes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modified Tax Basis</td>
<td>Displays the modified or changed taxable basis. The external tax engine provides this basis, and this value is used for tax calculation. In Brazil, some items are eligible for a tax rule that modifies the taxable basis, mostly lower taxable basis. For such items, the tax rate is applied on the modified taxable basis. TaxWeb Tax Rules calculates the modified base and then calculates the tax values accordingly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax Rate</td>
<td>The tax rate applied.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Value</td>
<td>The informed total value for the tax.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legal Message</td>
<td>The legal message associated with the tax code at the line level.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

    **Note:** If you enter detail level taxes, you have to enter the detail level taxes for each item which are on the Item Detail grid. The Totals on the Detail Taxes tab has to match the Header tax information within the tolerance level.

An example of the Detail Taxes tab is given in **Figure 3–10**.
12. After you have entered the relevant details, from the **Options** menu, select **Validate**. If there is no discrepancy, the status of NF changes to **Validated**.

The different menu items of the Options menu in the Fiscal Documents window are given below.

**Table 3-9 Options Menu Items and Description**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Menu Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Worksheet</td>
<td>To edit the Nota Fiscal, change the status of NF to worksheet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Validate</td>
<td>Use this option to validate the NF after entry. Validation process has the following steps involved:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>■ Data Integrity Validation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>■ TaxWeb Tax Rules Call for Tax Breakup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>■ Discrepancy Identification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>For more information refer to <strong>Discrepancy Identification and Resolution Process</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Verify Received Qty</td>
<td>Use this option to review any discrepancy between the expected quantity as per the NF and the actual received quantity. This option is enabled for Inbound NFs only.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cancel</td>
<td>Use this option to cancel the NFs. ORFM allows cancellation for few types of NFs only, such as the NF for RMA.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approve</td>
<td>Use this option to manually approve the NF. This is not applicable for inbound NFs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Print Correction Docs.</td>
<td>This option is enabled only if the NF had undergone discrepancy or there is a damaged or excess/less receiving. This is enabled only after physical receiving. Use this option to list the correction documents for that NF and print them for sending it to the supplier or for internal reference. From the <strong>Options</strong> menu, select <strong>Print Correction Docs</strong>. The Print Fiscal Document window appears. This window displays the documents that are already printed and yet to be printed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error Log</td>
<td>Use this option to view the error log in order to take corrective actions, if needed. The error log can contain the following information:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>■ Validation related errors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>■ Any error during the NF generation using the EDI file.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>■ Errors during NFe transmission or TaxWeb Tax Rules call for taxes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discrepancy Resolution</td>
<td>Use this option to view all the discrepancies (resolved or unresolved) and resolve the unresolved discrepancies. From the <strong>Options</strong> menu, select <strong>Discrepancy Resolution</strong> to access the Discrepancy Resolution window.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note**: The NFs in Submitted for Receiving status, and greater cannot be changed to Worksheet status for editing.

13. Click **OK**. You are returned to the Fiscal Docs Find window.

14. Click **OK** in the Fiscal Docs Find window. You are returned to the Receiving/Issue Schedule window.
15. In the Receiving/Issue Schedule window, from the Options menu, select Sub. for Recv. The schedule is submitted for receiving.

The different menu items on the Options menu in the Receiving/Issue Schedule window are as given below.

**Table 3–10 Options Menu Items and Descriptions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Menu Items</th>
<th>Descriptions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Worksheet</td>
<td>Select this option to bring the schedule to worksheet status. A schedule</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>can be edited only in this status.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Validate</td>
<td>Select this option to validate all the NFs on the schedule.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub. for Recv.</td>
<td>This option is enabled only when the schedule is in Validated status.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Select this option to change the schedule status to Submitted for Receiving.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Print Rec. Report</td>
<td>This option is enabled only after submission.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Select this option to print a new report that shows the details of the</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>schedule and the NF details.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Print Document</td>
<td>Select this option to print the documents.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approve</td>
<td>This option is enabled only for outbound NFs. Use this option to manually</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>approve NF.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error Log</td>
<td>Select this option to see the Error Log associated with the schedule. For</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>more information on Error log, see Viewing the Error Log.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

16. After the merchandise is received, ORFM uses the receipt updates, and the NF status is updated to Receipt Verified, if the received quantity is the same as the NF quantity. If there is a difference, the status changes to Received.

17. If the status is Received, from the Options menu in the Fiscal Documents windows, select Verify Received Qty. The Received Quantities window opens. Click Verify. The status changes to Receipt Verified, after reviewing the received quantity in this window.

18. After the receipt is verified, the NF status and schedule status changes to Approved. Upon approval, ORFM calculates the landed cost. The landed cost is determined by subtracting the recoverable taxes from the non-recoverable taxes and non-merchandise costs. The recoverable taxes include ICMS, Programa de Integração Social (PIS), and Contribuição para Financiamento da Seguridade Social (COFINS). These three taxes are part of the unit cost. After removing the recoverable tax, add the nonrecoverable taxes like Imposto sobre Produtos Industrializados (IPI), and the non-merchandise cost (such as freight insurance).

19. ORFM then publishes the receipts with the updated landed cost to RMS.
Viewing the Error Log

To view the error log, do the following:

**Navigate:** In the Receiving/Issue Schedule window, from the **Options** menu, select **Error Log**. The Error Log window appears.

---

**Note:** To view the error log at the NF level, in the Fiscal Documents window, from the **Options** menu, select **Error Log**.

---

**Figure 3–11  Error Log Window**

---

1. In the filter section of the Error Log, you can enter any or all of the details as given in the following table:

**Table 3–11  Error Log Window Fields and Descriptions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Filter section</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schedule No</td>
<td>Enter the schedule number here.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Document No</td>
<td>Enter the number of the fiscal document.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Document Type</td>
<td>The document type list includes Purchase Order, Sell, Return Merchandise Authorization, Transfer, Return to Vendor, Stock Out, EDI Doc. Select the document type.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error Type</td>
<td>This list contains two values: Warning and Error.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error Date</td>
<td>Enter the date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error Status</td>
<td>The error status can be Open or Closed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Click the filter button after entering the values. The multi-record block displays the records that meet the filter criteria along with the Error Message.

3. Select the error and click **Fiscal Doc** to see the Fiscal Documents window.

4. Click **Close** to exit the window.
Discrepancy Resolution

The NF processing for PO Receiving described in the section — NF Processing – PO Receiving works when there is no discrepancy. When there is a difference between the NF cost and PO Cost or NF quantity and PO Quantity, or NF tax and tax details from TaxWeb Tax Rules, the NF is said to be discrepant or in the In Discrepancy status.

Note: The discrepancy resolution and matching process does not address the identification of discount discrepancy and landed cost component discrepancy. The Nota Fiscal values for the landed cost component has to be apportioned to individual items.

The two approaches that are supported in ORFM for the resolution of discrepancies are as follows:

- Centralized Discrepancy Resolution – In the centralized discrepancy resolution process, the quantity discrepancies identified during the discrepancy identification has to be resolved before submitting the NF for receiving. The quantity discrepancy can be resolved at the receiving location or at the centralized location. However, the cost and tax discrepancy can be resolved at the central location after the physical receipt of the merchandise. The centralized location may refer to company headquarter or the regional office.

The status of NF or schedule in centralized receiving flow is as follows:

| Table 3–12 Status of the NF for Centralized Discrepancy Resolution |
|------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Quantity Discrepancy | Cost Discrepancy | Tax Discrepancy | Status          |
| Yes                   | No                | No              | In Discrepancy  |
| Yes                   | Yes               | No              | In Discrepancy  |
| Yes                   | No                | Yes             | In Discrepancy  |
| No                    | Yes               | Yes             | Validated       |
| No                    | No                | Yes             | Validated       |
| Yes                   | Yes               | Yes             | In Discrepancy  |

The NF status will not change to Approved unless all the discrepancies are resolved.

In addition, the Discrepancy Resolution item on the Options menu in the Fiscal Documents window is enabled till all the discrepancies are resolved. The check box in the Discrepancy section of the Header Details section is selected for the unresolved discrepancy.

- De-centralized Discrepancy Resolution – In the de-centralized discrepancy resolution approach, all the discrepancies are resolved at the location where the merchandise is to be received. The receiving location may be a warehouse or store.

In this approach, the NF status is set to In Discrepancy if any discrepancy exists after validation.

You cannot submit the NF for receiving until all the discrepancies are resolved, and hence physical receiving before discrepancy resolution is not possible. Only after all the discrepancies are resolved, will the NF status change to Validated, and you can submit the NF for receiving.
User Interface Indicators for Discrepancy

The Fiscal Docs Find displays the status of NF as **In Discrepancy** as shown below:

*Figure 3–12 Fiscal Docs Find Window*

If there is quantity, cost or tax discrepancy, the Fiscal Documents window displays the status of NF as **In Discrepancy**.

*Figure 3–13 Fiscal Documents Window with NF In Discrepancy status*

In the Header area of the Fiscal Documents window, the check box is selected for the discrepancy that is present on the NF and is as shown in *Figure 3–14*.

*Figure 3–14 Header Info Tab of the Fiscal Documents Window*
Centralized Resolution Discrepancy Process

In the centralized discrepancy resolution process, the quantity discrepancy is resolved at the receiving location or at the centralized location. The cost and tax discrepancies may not be resolved, but the nota fiscal will be in Validated status. The process to resolve quantity discrepancy is given below.

Quantity Discrepancy

In order to resolve quantity discrepancy, do the following:

1. From the Options menu in the Fiscal Documents window, select Discrepancy Resolution. The Discrepancy Resolution window appears.

*Figure 3–15 Discrepancy Resolution Window*

As highlighted in Figure 3–15, the check box for Qty is selected to indicate quantity discrepancy.

**Note:** It is not necessary for the all the discrepancies to exist together.

2. Click Resolve Qty in the Discrepancy Resolution window to resolve only quantity discrepancy. The Discrepancy Resolution window displays the quantity details.
3. In the Discrepancy Resolution window, the list in the Resolution Action field has two options – System or Nota Fiscal. Select one of the options. Click Resolve Disc.

**Note:** Depending on the system options set, ORFM decides the action to be taken for discrepancy resolution.

For example, in case the system option is set to System, the Nota Fiscal option is disabled. You have to select System to resolve the discrepancy.

4. The message – “Selected Resolution Action will be applied to all the discrepant records. Are you sure you want to continue?” is displayed. Click Yes. You are returned to the Discrepancy Resolution window. Notice that the check box for quantity is not selected, and the Resolve Qty button is disabled as highlighted in Figure 3–17.

**Figure 3–17 Discrepancy Resolution with Resolved Quantity**

5. Click OK. You are returned to the Fiscal Documents window. The status of the Nota Fiscal is changed to Validated, if no other discrepancies exist.
6. In the Receiving/Issue Schedule window, from the **Options** menu, select **Sub. for Recv**.

7. The status of schedule changes from **Validated** to **Subm. for Recv**.

8. After the items are received, the status of the nota fiscal changes to **Received**.

9. Since there is a quantity discrepancy, you have to review the received quantities, before the nota fiscal can be approved. From the **Options** menu, select **Verify Received Qty**. The Received Quantities window appears.

**Figure 3–18 Received Quantities Window**

10. In the Received Quantities window, click **Verify**.
   
   In this window, review the quantity of merchandise received. After reviewing the quantity of merchandise received, the status of the NF changes to **Approved** if there are no pending discrepancies to be resolved.

11. A correction document is generated, depending on what you have selected while resolving the quantity.
**Return NF and Merchandise without NF Report Generation**

Return NF and Merchandise without NF report can be generated at every NF level in the schedule. These reports are generated only if there is any return NF quantity or merchandise without NF quantity for any item on the NF.

The Return NF is sent to the supplier for the extra or damaged quantities. The cost and the tax details for the quantity of merchandise to be returned to the supplier are calculated.

To generate merchandise without NF, do the following:

1. In the Fiscal Documents window, from the Options menu, select **Print Correction Docs**. The Correction Documents List window opens.

![Figure 3–19 Correction Documents List Window](image)

The Correction Documents grid section lists all the correction document types that can be generated for the NF. The list may include the following, and depends on the corrective action taken:

- **Return NF** – To return the stock to the supplier that was either received in excess or was damaged and hence rejected by warehouse management system or store inventory management system, a Return NF is generated.

  After excess or damaged receiving, if system generates Return NF report, system also auto generates Return NF in Exit mode with the reference number of main NF.

- **Merchandise without NF** – If any item is received without mention on the NF, it is listed in the merchandise without NF report. This is an internal report that need not be sent to the supplier. Any such inventory is handled outside the system. The inventory featuring in this report is not accounted as on-hand inventory.

- **Discrepancy Report** – This document is generated when there are discrepancies. You can send the discrepancy report to correct the cost, quantity and tax discrepancies.

- **Complementary NF Request** – This document is generated when the supplier has incorrectly charged lower taxes than system calculated taxes. Print this document and send it to the supplier requesting the complementary NF with corrected taxes.

2. To print the document, select the check box for merchandise without NF.

3. Click **Print**. The merchandise without NF is printed.
De-centralized Discrepancy Resolution Process

In the de-centralized discrepancy resolution approach, all the discrepancies are resolved at the location where the merchandise is to be received. The receiving location may be a warehouse or store.

The cost and tax discrepancy resolution processes are described below.

**Note:** To know more about resolving quantity discrepancy, refer to *Quantity Discrepancy*.

**Cost Discrepancy**

In order to resolve cost discrepancy, do the following:

1. From the *Options* menu in the Fiscal Documents window, select *Discrepancy Resolution*. The Discrepancy Resolution window is displayed.

   *Figure 3–20  Discrepancy Resolution Window*

   As shown in *Figure 3–20*, if there is cost, and tax discrepancy, the check boxes for Cost, and Tax are selected.

2. Click *Resolve Cost* in the Discrepancy Resolution window to resolve the discrepancy in cost.
3. The Discrepancy Resolution window displays the cost details. In this window, the list in the Resolution Action field has two options – System or Nota Fiscal. Select one of the options. Click Resolve Disc.

*Figure 3–21 Discrepancy Resolution Window*

Note: Depending on the system options set, ORFM decides the action to be taken for discrepancy resolution.

For example, in case the system option is set to System, the Nota Fiscal option is disabled. The list for resolution is disabled and the default method of resolution then becomes 'System'.

4. The message – "Selected Resolution Action will be applied to all the discrepant records. Are you sure you want to continue?" is displayed. Click Yes. You are returned to the Discrepancy Resolution window. Notice that the check box for Cost is not selected, and the Resolve Cost button is disabled as highlighted in Figure 3–22.

*Figure 3–22 Discrepancy Resolution with Resolved Cost*
5. Click OK. You are returned to the Fiscal Documents window. The status of the NF changes to Validated.

6. Click Close. You are returned to the Receiving/Issue Schedule window. From the Options menu, select Sub. for Recv.

7. After the items are received, the status of the nota fiscal changes to Received, if there are any overages/damages and under-receiving. Else, the status of NF changes to Approved.

Printing Correction Documents

If the System Option is set to System, then a correction document is generated whenever a discrepancy occurs. The NF has to be in Approved status.

1. From the Options menu in the Fiscal Documents window, select Print Correction Docs. The Corrections Document List is displayed.

   **Note:** The Print Correction Docs option is enabled only for approved NFs.

   *Figure 3–23 Corrections Document List Window*

2. Select the check box for Discrepancy Report.

3. Click Print. The correction document for the cost discrepancy is printed.
Tax Discrepancy

In order to resolve tax discrepancy, do the following:

1. From the Options menu, select Discrepancy Resolution. The Discrepancy Resolution window is displayed.

   *Figure 3–24  Discrepancy Resolution window with Tax Discrepancy*

2. Click Resolve Tax in the Discrepancy Resolution window. The system and informed tax are displayed in the Discrepancy Resolution window.

   The system tax includes:
   - Base Value – The basis for calculation of the tax
   - Modified Base Value – Contains the taxable basis changed by external tax engine for tax calculation. This happens when a tax rule modifies the taxable basis, mostly in the form of a lower taxable basis. It reflects the taxable basis the tax rate is actually applied on by external tax engine
   - Value – The total value

   The informed tax includes
   - Base Value – Informed calculated basis for the tax
   - Modified Base Value – The changed basis, which flows from the external tax engine. This value is applicable for only certain items that are eligible for a tax rule, which modifies the basis on which the tax rate is calculated.
   - Value – The informed total value for the tax
3. In this Discrepancy Resolution window, click **Item Details**. The Item Tax Details is displayed in the Discrepancy Resolution window.

**Table 3–13  Item Tax Details Fields and Descriptions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fields</th>
<th>Descriptions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tax Code</td>
<td>The tax code returned by the external tax engine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Taxable Base Value</td>
<td>The basis on which the tax is calculated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Tax Value</td>
<td>The tax value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Informed Taxable Base Value on NF</td>
<td>The informed taxable basis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Informed Tax Value on NF</td>
<td>The informed total value for the tax</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item Tax Details Section</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item</td>
<td>The merchandise</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Order No</td>
<td>The purchase order number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Base Value</td>
<td>System Tax – The basis used while calculating the tax</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Apportioned Tax on NF – The apportioned tax basis value calculated for the fiscal line using the header tax basis values</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4. In the Resolution By field, click the list, and select from resolve by either System or Nota Fiscal. Click Resolve Disc.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fields</th>
<th>Descriptions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Modified Base Value</td>
<td>System Tax – Modified Base Value is applicable to items that are eligible to a tax rule that modifies the taxable basis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Apportioned Tax on NF – Modified apportioned tax basis value calculated for the fiscal line using the modified header tax basis values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rate</td>
<td>System Tax – The tax rate at the item level</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Apportioned Tax on NF – The apportioned tax rate calculated at the fiscal line level</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Value</td>
<td>System Tax – The system tax value of the individual item</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Apportioned Tax on NF – The apportioned tax value calculated for the fiscal line using the header tax value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Value/Unit</td>
<td>System Tax – The unit tax amount calculated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Apportioned Tax on NF – The apportioned unit tax amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resolution By</td>
<td>The resolution can be either as per the System or as per the Nota Fiscal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reason</td>
<td>The reason (optional)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Depending on the system options set, ORFM decides the action to be taken for discrepancy resolution.

For example, in case the system option is set to System, the Nota Fiscal option is disabled. The list for resolution is disabled and default method of resolution is set as 'System'.

5. The message – "Selected Resolution Action will be applied to all the discrepant records. Are you sure you want to continue?" is displayed. Click Yes. You are returned to the Discrepancy Resolution window. Click Close.

Note: If more than one component of the tax is in discrepant state, then the Discrepancy Resolution window displays the details of all the tax components. Follow the procedure listed in steps three to five to resolve the tax discrepancy.

In the Discrepancy Resolution window, notice that the check box for Tax is not selected, and the Resolve Tax button is disabled as highlighted in Figure 3–27. The Status of the Nota Fiscal is changed to Validated.
6. Click Close in the Discrepancy Resolution window. You are returned to the Fiscal Documents window. The status of the NF is changed to Validated.

7. Click OK in the Fiscal Documents window. The Fiscal Docs Find window appears. The status of the NF is displayed as Validated.

8. Click Close in the Fiscal Docs Find window. The Receiving/Issue Schedule window appears. From the Options menu, select Sub. for Recv.

9. After the items are received, the status of the nota fiscal changes to Received, if there are any overages/damages and under-receiving. Else, the status of NF changes to Approved.

10. After the NF is approved, a correction document or complementary NF for tax is generated, based on what you have selected while resolving the discrepancies.
Triangulation

While creating the purchase order, the user can mention a supplier (referred to as the main supplier) to whom the payment is made and another supplier (a distributor or facilitator) who actually delivers the stock on behalf of the main supplier (referred to as the delivery supplier). This mechanism is referred to as the triangulation purchase.

The main supplier and the delivery supplier may be located in different states. In such cases, the state level taxes like ICMS and ICMS-ST are calculated based on the location of the delivery supplier.

In triangulation purchases, the retailer receives two NFs for the same inventory. One from the main supplier, which primarily serves as an invoice for making the payment and another from the delivery supplier, which serves as a bill of lading document. This document is referred to as the complementary NF for triangulation. Since ICMS and ICMS-ST depend on the delivery supplier's location, they appear on the delivery supplier's NF.

NF Processing for Triangulation

To create a NF for triangulation, do the following:

Note: The retailer has to create a purchase order, and label it as triangulation.

Navigate: From the RMS Start Menu, select Fiscal Management, then Contents Of Fiscal Management.

1. In Contents Of Fiscal Management, select Login of Location. The Location Login window appears.
2. In the Location Login window, select the store or warehouse of the main supplier. Click the Location LOV to obtain the list of stores or warehouses. Select the location and click OK.
4. In the Receiving/Issue Schedule window, click Add. A new NF is created in the Entry mode.
5. Click Fiscal in the Receiving/Issue Schedule window. The Fiscal Docs Find window appears.
6. Click Add in the Fiscal Docs Find window. The Fiscal Documents window appears. Enter the Utilization code for triangulation.
7. Enter the other values in the Fiscal Documents window. The NF is created in the Worksheet status.
8. Click OK. You are returned to the Fiscal Docs Find window. The Fiscal Docs Find window displays the NF that is created in the worksheet status.
9. Create another NF using the same process as given above. This is the complementary NF, and it has to be in the same schedule as the main NF. It should have the same item details as the main NF.
10. After creating another NF, return to the Fiscal Docs Find window, and select the first NF created for the main supplier.
11. Click OK. The Fiscal Document with the details of the first NF is displayed. Click **Complement** on the Fiscal Document window. The Complement Fiscal Doc window appears.

*Figure 3–28 Complement Fiscal Doc Window*

12. In the Complement No column, select the complementary NF. Click **Add** to link this NF with the main NF.

13. Click OK to return to the main NF. From the **Options** menu, select **Validate**. The status of NF changes to **Validated**, if there is no discrepancy between the two NFs. You are returned to the Receiving/Issue Schedule window.

**Note:** The data integrity validation has to display an error if either of the NF is not entered in the application.

14. In the Receiving/Issue Schedule window, select the NF and submit it for receiving. From the **Options** menu, select **Sub. for Recv**.
Complementary NF for Freight

Complementary NF for freight is generated to account for the freight charges incurred during transportation of merchandise. The non-merchandise cost refers to Freight Cost, Insurance Cost, and Other Expenses. Non-merchandise cost is charged by a different supplier (or partner). In such cases, the supplier has to issue an additional NF or complementary NF in addition to the regular NF.

To do the NF Processing for non-merchandise or freight, do the following:

**Navigate:** From the RMS Start Menu, select Fiscal Management, then Login of Location. The Location Login window appears.

1. Select the location from the Location LOV in the Location Login window. Click OK to exit the window.
2. From the RMS Start Menu, select Receiving/Issue. In the Contents Of Receiving/Issue, click Edit. The Receiving/Issue Schedule window appears.
3. Click Add in the Receiving/Issue Schedule window. A new schedule is created.

---
**Note:** The Complementary NF for freight is always associated with a new schedule, and there is only one complementary NF.

4. Select the new schedule and click Fiscal in the Receiving/Issue Schedule window. The Fiscal Docs Find window appears.
5. In the Fiscal Docs Find window, click Add. The Fiscal Documents window appears.
6. In the Fiscal Documents window, select Purchase Order as the Requisition Type from the list.
7. In the Utilization field, set the Utilization to Comp NF for Freight.

After you enter the Utilization as Comp NF for Freight, in the Header Details of the Fiscal Documents window, the Service and Merchandise Cost fields are disabled. Requisition Doc button is disabled.

The Additional Costs fields that include Freight, Insurance and Other Expenses are enabled. In the Line Item Detail section, the fields in the Detail Info tab and Detail Taxes tab are disabled.

8. Enter the expenses incurred for freight and insurance in their respective fields. If other expenses are present, enter the details in the Other Expenses field.

The Totals in the Header Details section is also enabled.
9. Click Complement to associate this NF with the main NF.
10. In the Fiscal Documents window, from the Options menu, click Validate. During the validation process, the total cost is validated. After the validation, status automatically changes to Approved.
The Return to Vendor (RTV) operation is considered as the cancellation of the original purchase. The reference of the purchase NF has to be provided on the NF generated for RTV. The cost at which the merchandise are returned and the taxes are the same as mentioned in the purchase NF.

To initiate the RTV flow in ORFM, the inventory that has to be returned is picked and shipped in warehouse management system and store inventory management system. After the RTV shipment details are available in the ORFM application, it generates an outbound schedule and NF.

This chapter contains the following:

- **Business Flow**
- **NF Processing for RTV**
- **NFe Processing**

### Business Flow

The process is similar for both the RTV from a store or RTV from a warehouse. The business process can include the following:

- Create an outbound NF from the shipment details.
- Enable the auto-approve parameter of the utilization code to validate and approve the NF immediately.
- For manual validation, and approval process, disable the auto-approve parameter of the utilization code. Manually edit the NF to resolve the errors that occur during the validation process.

Here, the validation process includes sending the NF to TaxWeb Tax Rules for CFOP determination. For each item being returned, the system selects the last received PO related NF for that item from the same supplier as the reference NF for the RTV NF. If the last reference NF is found, the taxes on RTV NF are copied from that NF. If the last reference NF is not found, the TaxWeb Tax Rules call returns the taxes applicable on the RTV transaction.

- After the NF is approved, print the NF, and send it along with the shipment. The inventory is updated in RMS.
NF Processing for RTV

To create a NF for RTV, do the following:

**Navigate:** From the RMS Start Menu, select Fiscal Management, then Login of Location. The Location Login window appears.

1. In the Location Login window, select the store or warehouse for receiving/issuing of the fiscal document. Click the Location LOV to obtain the list of stores or warehouses. Select the location, and click OK.


   In the Receiving/Issue Schedule window, set the Mode as Exit. Click Add to create a schedule for the RTV.

3. Click Fiscal in the Receiving/Issue Schedule window. The Fiscal Docs Find window appears.

4. Click Add. The Fiscal Documents window appears. In the Fiscal Documents window, the details of the shipment that is created in warehouse management system, and that flows to ORFM are displayed.

   In the Fiscal Documents window, the fields that are specific to RTV are covered below.

   **Table 4–1 Differences in values for RTV on the Fiscal Documents window**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fiscal Document section</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Requisition Type</td>
<td>This field displays Return to Vendor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utilization</td>
<td>This field displays the utilization code for RTV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Document Type</td>
<td>RTV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mode Type</td>
<td>Exit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Header Details section</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transportation Details Tab</td>
<td>The Type list displays External Finisher</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Line Item Details section</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detail Info Tab</td>
<td>RTV details are displayed in the RTV secondary tab</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5. If the Auto Approve parameter for the utilization code is set to ‘Yes’, an automatic validation happens, and the NF is approved.

6. If the Auto Approve parameter for the utilization code is disabled, validation and approval of the NF has to be done manually.

   From the Options menu in the Fiscal Documents window, select Validate. If there are no errors, the status of NF changes to Validated.

   The NF will be in Error status, if errors occur during the validation process. You have to manually edit the NF to resolve validation errors.

7. After auto approval, or manual approval, print the schedule with the approved NF, and send it along with the shipment.

   To print the schedule, in the Receiving/Issue Schedule window, select the schedule. From the Options menu, select Print Document. The Print Fiscal Documents window appears.
8. The Filter section of the Print Fiscal Documents window displays the schedule. Select the Document Type, and click the filter button.

9. Based on the filter criteria, the records are displayed. Click Print. The PDF is printed.

10. Send the printed NF along with the shipment. The inventory is updated in the RMS.

**NFe Processing**

To initiate the NFe processing, the location has to be configured in the NFe Configuration window.

---

**Note:** For information on enabling a location for NFe processing, see Configuring Location for NFe processing.

---

NFe is applicable only for transfers, intercompany transfers, and RTVs.

The flow is the same as the one defined for the transfers, intercompany transfers, and RTVs. The change in process as given below:

- Create an outbound NF.
- In the Fiscal Documents window, the document type is auto-filled with 55. If the document type is 55, it refers to NFe.
- The status of the NFe will be **NFe Pending**, after validation. With the fiscal document in that status, the related information is sent to the fiscal partner solution. The fiscal partner solution captures the data, generates the NFe file and submits it to approval in the Government systems.
ORFM supports the following inventory functionalities:

- Transfers
- Inventory Adjustment

## Transfers

Transfer is the movement of merchandise from one location to another, either a warehouse or a store. When a transfer is initiated, ORFM creates and issues the related NF (based on the transfer information) for the merchandise to be transferred out. After the merchandise is shipped, the NF that was created, is matched with the related transfers in order to receive the merchandise in the receiving location.

Transfers can be of two types:

- Transfers (Regular, Intra-company and Inter-company, single-legged transfers)
- Two-legged Transfers (for finishing and repairing)

## Business Flow

The NF processing flow of intra-company transfers is identical to intercompany transfers. The process flow for Transfers can be divided into the following subprocesses:

- Transfers Creation in RMS
- Transfer Shipment at Warehouse
- Transfer Receiving at Store

### Transfer Creation in RMS

1. Create the transfer in RMS either manually or automatically through APIs or allocation or replenishment.

   **Note:** For information on creating transfers in RMS, refer to the RMS User Guide.

2. For the manually-created transfers, enter a valid utilization code.

3. The transfer is interfaced with warehouse management system. If the transfer is initiated in warehouse management system as a stock order, it flows to RMS. If the
RMS initiated transfer is modified in warehouse management system, the modifications flow back to RMS.

**Transfer Shipment at Warehouse**

1. Create an outbound NF in ORFM after the merchandise are shipped in warehouse management system.

   The NF is based on the information provided by warehouse management system, which includes the transfer cost, and other master data.

   **Note:** For seamless NF processing, transfer information has to be available in the Oracle Retail Merchandising System (RMS) before the transfer is shipped from the shipping location.

2. Validate this NF. This NF is sent to TaxWeb Tax Rules to retrieve the CFOP, and for each line item and tax breakup details.

3. After the CFOP and tax breakup details are retrieved, approve the NF.

4. If the Auto-Approve indicator is enabled for the Utilization Code, the NF validation and approval is automatic.

5. As the outbound NF is approved, an inbound NF is created in the background in Validated status.

6. Print the NF and send it along with the shipment. The inventory in RMS has to be updated after the outbound NF is generated and approved.

**Transfer Receiving at Store**

1. After the shipment reaches the destination, retrieve the inbound NF that is available in ORFM.

   **Note:** Because the inbound NF is created using the outbound NF, validation exclusively for data integrity is not required. The tax breakup and CFOP information for the inbound NF is available as it is generated. The NF is created in Validated status.

2. Since the NF is in Validated status, submit the NF for receiving.

3. The NF receiving process is similar to the NF Processing for receiving except that there is no discrepancy and resolution process for transfers.
NF Processing for Transfers

Create the transfer, and set the utilization code for transfers in RMS. After the merchandise is shipped in warehouse management system, create the NF in Exit mode for the warehouse.

---

**Note:** For information about adding utilization codes for transfers, see the RMS/ReSA Brazil Localization User Guide.

---

To create the NF in the warehouse, do the following:

**Navigate:** From the RMS Start Menu, select Fiscal Management, then Login of Location. The Location Login window appears.

1. In the Location Login window, select the store/warehouse that is transferring the merchandise from the location list. Click OK. You are returned to the main menu.

2. From the RMS Start Menu, select Fiscal Management, then Receiving/Issue. In Contents Of Receiving/Issue window, click Edit. The Receiving/Issue Schedule window appears.

3. Select the schedule that is created in worksheet status. The Mode is Exit.

ORFM creates an outbound NF based on the information that flows from warehouse management system.


5. In the Fiscal Docs Find window, click Add. The Fiscal Document window appears.

6. In the Fiscal Documents window, from the Options menu, select Validate. The CFOP and tax breakup is retrieved from TaxWeb Tax Rules.

The Header Taxes details are as shown below:

---

**Table 5-1 Fields and values for transfers**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fields</th>
<th>Values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Requisition Type</td>
<td>Transfers. This field is disabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mode</td>
<td>Exit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**Figure 5-1 Header Taxes Tab**

[Image of Header Taxes Tab]

Note: For information about adding utilization codes for transfers, see the RMS/ReSA Brazil Localization User Guide.
The Details tab of the Fiscal Documents window displays the line item detail taxes.

Figure 5–2  Detail Taxes Tab

7. If the Auto-Approve indicator is enabled for the Utilization Code, the validation process needs no manual intervention.

8. Print the approved outbound NF, and send it along with the shipment. The on-hand inventory is reduced at the source warehouse.

9. As the outbound NF is approved, an inbound NF is created in the background in Validated status with a new NF number.

Transfers at the Receiving

1. At the receiving store, select the location from the location list in the Location Login window.

2. Validated inbound NF is generated based on the approved outbound NF for the transfer.

3. In the Receiving/Issue Schedule window, select the schedule with the inbound NF. The schedule is in Validated status.

Figure 5–3  Receiving/Issue Schedule Window

4. In the Receiving/Issue Schedule window, from the Options menu, select Sub. for Recv. The receiving process is similar to that of PO Receiving, except that there is no discrepancy identification and resolution process available for transfers.

5. As the merchandise is received, the status of NF changes to Approved.
Business Flow for Two-Legged Transfer

The business flow for two-legged transfer can be divided into three sub-processes as follows:

- **Transfer Creation**
- **Two-Legged Transfer Shipment**
- **Two-Legged Transfer Receiving**

**Transfer Creation**

- For two-legged transfers, create the transfer in RMS. If the transfer type is repair, the context type is Repairing. After the transfer is approved, RMS creates the second leg of the transfer as a separate transfer.
- RMS publishes the first transfer to warehouse management system or store inventory management system.
- If the context type is Repair, warehouse management system takes in the message and creates a stock order, where type = Repair.

---

**Note:** Stock orders where type = Repair are not selected in Wave. Repair stock orders are handled separately.

---

- In order to repair the merchandise, initiate a transfer in either WMS or RMS. If the transfer is used for stocking or finishing the merchandise, you must initiate the transfer in RMS only.

**Two-Legged Transfer Shipment**

- After the merchandise is sent from either the warehouse management system or the store inventory management system, the shipment information is published. ORFM uses this shipment information. A NF is generated in Exit mode.
- The transfer cost on the exit NF is equal to the weighted average cost (WAC). The taxes and CFOP are retrieved from TaxWeb Tax Rules.
- After the approved NF is printed, the shipment is ready to move out of the location. The inventory in RMS is updated as the outbound NF is approved.
- If the auto-receiver indicator is enabled at the finisher location, the in-transit quantities at the finisher location are automatically cleared. If the indicator is not enabled, RMS receives the receipt details.
  
  It is assumed that the shipment quantity has been received at the finisher.

**Two-Legged Transfer Receiving**

- When the finished/repaired merchandise is to be returned to the supplier, a valid NF has to be generated.
- Enter the NF in the system that is generated by the repairer/finisher. This is inbound flow.
- Validate the NF for data integrity, and send it to TaxWeb Tax Rules for inbound CFOP determination. TaxWeb Tax Rules does not return the taxes, as there is no discrepancy identification done for this transaction.
- Submit the schedule containing this NF to store inventory management system or warehouse management system.
After physical receipt, ORFM uses the receipt message to process the NF. The application processes the NF as any other entry NF.

NF Processing for Two-Legged Transfers
For processing of two-legged transfers in ORFM, you have to create the transfer in RMS with the context type as Repairing. The warehouse management system has to publish the shipment information before the NF processing for two-legged transfer is initiated in ORFM. ORFM generates an outbound NF in Approved status, based on the shipment information provided by warehouse management system.

NF Processing for Two-Legged Transfer Shipment
To process NF for the two-legged transfer shipment, do the following:

1. In the Location Login window, select the store or warehouse that has to receive the shipment for repairing/finishing. Click the Location LOV to obtain the list of stores or warehouses. Select the location, and click OK.


3. Click Fiscal. The Fiscal Docs Find window appears.

4. Click OK. The Fiscal Documents window appears.

   In the Fiscal Document section, the Requisition Type is displayed as Repairing, and the Utilization field displays the values set in the RMS Transfer Maintenance screen.

   If the Auto Approve parameter is set to ‘Y’, the NF is automatically approved. Otherwise, the NF has to be manually approved.

5. The inventory in RMS is updated, after the NF is approved.
NF Processing for Two-Legged Transfer Receiving

1. In the Location Login window, select the location that receives the merchandise after the repairing/finishing work is done.

2. To receive the repaired/finished merchandise, create the schedule in worksheet status. Click Add in the Receiving/Issue Schedule window. The NF is created in Entry mode.

3. Select the schedule and click Fiscal in the Receiving/Issue Schedule window. The Fiscal Docs Find window appears.

4. Click Add. The Fiscal Documents window appears. Select Repairing from the Requisition Type LOV for this NF. Select the Utilization from the list. Set the Sub Type to External Finisher.

5. From the Options menu, select Validate. If there are no errors, the NF status changes to Validated.

6. Click OK. You are returned to the Receiving/Issue Schedule window. In the Receiving/Issue Schedule window, from the Options menu, select Sub. for Recv. The NF is submitted for receiving.

7. If there are no errors, from the Options menu, select Approve. The NF is approved, and the merchandise that has been repaired/finished can be received.
Inventory Adjustment

Inventory adjustments allows total stock-on-hand (SOH) adjustments or unavailable (un-sellable) inventory for one or more item/locations.

In Brazil:

- Stock outs can have different taxes related to the process.
- The inventory adjustments have to be linked to a NF according to the inventory adjustment reason.
- A tax call is made to TaxWeb Tax Rules for stock adjustment.

Business flow

The business flow for inventory adjustment is as follows:

- The store inventory management system, or the warehouse management system publish the details of the inventory adjustment.
- ORFM uses this information. The inventory adjustment reason code is associated with the utilization code.
- Create a NF in Exit mode or create an outbound NF.
- If the auto-approve parameter of the utilization code is set to ‘Yes’, validation, and approval of the NF happens automatically. If the auto-approve parameter of the utilization code is set to ‘No’, validate and approve the NF manually.
- After the NF has been approved, the inventory is updated in RMS.

**Note:** No NF is generated for positive inventory adjustments irrespective of the reason code.
NF Processing for Inventory Adjustments
In order to do NF processing for inventory adjustments, do the following:

1. From Fiscal Management, select **Login of Location**. The Location Login window appears. Select the store or warehouse from the Location list for which the inventory adjustments have to be made.

2. From **Fiscal Management**, select **Receiving/Issue**. Click **Edit** in the Contents Of Receiving/Issue window. The Receiving/Issue Schedule window appears.

3. Select the schedule in this window. This schedule has the outbound NF that is created based on the stock adjustment published by store inventory management system or warehouse management system. These details are published in ORFM.

4. Click **Fiscal**. The Fiscal Docs Find window appears.

5. Click **OK** in the Fiscal Docs window. The Fiscal Documents window appears.

6. In the Fiscal Documents window, from the **Options** menu, select **Validate**. The NF is validated for data integrity errors.

7. From the **Options** menu, select **Approve** to approve the NF. The inventory adjustments are made for the location after the NF is approved.

8. If the Auto-Approve indicator for the Utilization Code is set to yes, then the validation, and approval happens automatically.
The Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA) process occurs when the customer wants to return the merchandise without visiting the store.

In order to implement the RMA process, the fiscal management module and warehouse management system applications have to be integrated with a third-party Customer Order Management (OM) system.

Based on the information provided by the Order Management system, ORFM creates the inbound Nota Fiscal for RMA. Send this inbound Nota Fiscal to the customer authorizing the return.

After the RMA records are uploaded in the fiscal management module, the records are visible in the RMA NF Creation screen.

Business Flow

1. Create a schedule and select the required RMA records to create the NFs for RMA.
2. Create the NF in worksheet status, and link it to the schedule.

   **Note:** The status of the RMA record is changed, and the RMA record is not available for NF generation again.

3. Validate the NF either manually or automatically. The validation depends on the auto-approve parameter for the utilization for that NF. If the Auto-approve parameter for the utilization is set to ‘y’, then the NF is validated automatically. Otherwise, the validation has to be done manually.
4. After validation, the status of NF changes to **Pending for Receiving**. The customer returns the RMA with the merchandise.
NF Processing for RMA

To process NF for RMA, do the following:

**Navigate:** From the RMS Start Menu, select Fiscal Management, then Login of Location. The Location Login window appears.

1. In the Location Login window, select the store or warehouse for receiving/issuing of the fiscal document. Click the LOV in the Location field to obtain the list of stores or warehouses. Select the location, and click OK.


**Figure 6–1 Receiving/Issue Schedule window**

3. Click Add. A new schedule is created in worksheet status.

4. Click Fiscal. In the Fiscal Docs Find window that appears, click RMA. In the RMA NF Creation window that appears, select the RMA documents that are to be added to the schedule.

**Figure 6–2 RMA NF Creation Window**

5. Click Add to Schedule. The selected documents are displayed in the Fiscal Docs Find window with the status Pending for Receiving.
6. Select one of the documents and click **OK**. The Fiscal Documents window appears with all the values of that particular document.

7. After RMA processing is complete in the Order Management System, the updates are sent by the Order Management System to the ORFM application to close the Nota Fiscal for RMA.

8. After the application receives all the Nota Fiscals in an inbound schedule for RMA, the status of the inbound schedule is changed to **Approved**.
Searching Fiscal Documents

Fiscal Documents for all the requisition types discussed in the previous chapters can be accessed using the Fiscal Docs Find window.

Accessing Fiscal Documents

You can access the individual NFs from the schedule screen or directly from the main menu.

To access the NF from the main menu, do the following:

Navigate: From the RMS Start Menu, select Fiscal Management, then Fiscal Documents. The Fiscal Docs Find window opens.

1. In the Fiscal Docs Find window, the Action field has a list, which contains the following:
   - View – Only to view the NF. The NF cannot be edited when the Action is View.
   - Edit – To edit the NF, select this Action.
2. Enter the search criteria in the remaining fields. The fields and the descriptions are given below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fiscal No</td>
<td>Enter the fiscal number here.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schedule No</td>
<td>Enter the schedule number in this field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mode Type</td>
<td>The mode type can be either Entry or Exit. Select from the list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Document Type</td>
<td>Select the document type from the list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Status</td>
<td>Select the status of the NF from the list. The link includes: Worksheet, Validated, Error, Subm. for Recv., In Discrepancy, Approved, Pending for Receiving, Inactive, Received, NFe Pending, Receipt Verified, Cancelled, Nullified by SEFAZ, Completed, Post Sefaz Approve Error, Financials Posted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utilization</td>
<td>Select the Utilization from the list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CFOP</td>
<td>Enter the CFOP number here.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NFe Access Key</td>
<td>Applicable only for NFe.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sender/Receiver Section**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
<td>This is external entity type from which the NF is received. The list includes Supplier, Partner, Location, Outside Location, Company, and Customer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Enter the name of the sender/receiver.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub Type</td>
<td>Select the value from the list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CNPJ/CPF</td>
<td>Select the CNPJ/CPF from the list.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Dates Section**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Issue</td>
<td>Date of issue or stock receipt. Select from the date editor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Entry/Exit</td>
<td>The date the NF was entered.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exit Hour</td>
<td>The exit time of the NF</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Doc Detail Section**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Requisition Type</td>
<td>Select the Requisition Type from the list. The list includes Purchase Order, Transfer, Return to Vendor, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Doc</td>
<td>If the requisition type is PO, the Doc list includes the list of POs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item</td>
<td>Select the items on the PO.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. After entering the search criteria, click **Find**. The Fiscal Docs Find window opens. All the NFs that meet search criteria are displayed.
4. Select the NF and click OK. The Fiscal Documents window appears. Here you can view and edit the NF details.

5. The following buttons are enabled only when the Fiscal Docs Find window is accessed through Schedule window:
   - Add – Click Add to add NF details in the Fiscal Document window.
   - RMA – Click RMA to add NF information to the schedule, when customer has returned the merchandise.
   - EDI – Click EDI to add to the schedule NF information that has come from the supplier in the window of EDI.

   **Note:** The EDI button is enabled only when the schedule is in status less than Submitted for Receiving.

6. Click Refresh to return to the previous window and enter the criteria again.

7. Click Close to exit the window.