

BEAWebLogic Integration™

TIBCO Rendezvous Control and Event Generator User Guide

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TIBCO Rendezvous Control

TIBCO[®] RendezvousTM (a product from TIBCO: www.tibco.com) enables exchange of data across applications running on distributed platforms. TIBCO Rendezvous (TIBCO RV) Control in WebLogic IntegrationTM enables seamless connection to, and transfer of data using the Rendezvous daemon. It enables communication via many of the features provided by the TIBCO Rendezvous product, including Certified Message Delivery, Distributed Queue and so on. The sending and receiving applications can be on multiple platforms, as long as the Rendezvous daemon is running on the host machine, or is remotely accessible to the host.

Note: The TIBCO RV control is available in BEA Workshop for WebLogic Platform only for licensed users of WebLogic Integration.

Disclaimer

Use of the TIBCO RV control and event generator with BEA WebLogic Integration in no manner confers or grants the right to use TIBCO Rendezvous including "dynamic libraries". In order to use such TIBCO products, the user of the TIBCO RV control and event generator must obtain a valid license from TIBCO. See http://www.tibco.com for information on how to obtain a licensed copy of Rendezvous.

Topics Included in This Section

Overview: Rendezvous Control

Describes the function of the TIBCO RV control within WebLogic Integration.

Creating and Configuring a New Instance of the TIBCO RV Control

Describes how to create and configure a new TIBCO RV control.

Using Subject in a Message

Describes how to set and retrieve the subject descriptor attributes of the message.

Sending and Receiving Messages

Describes the methods used to send and receive messages.

Setting Dynamic Properties

Describes how to modify the TIBCO RV control properties at run time.

Overview: Rendezvous Control

The TIBCO RV control enables WebLogic Integration business processes to send and receive messages in the Rendezvous environment. In this environment, the messages are conveyed using Rendezvous daemon (rvd) and Rendezvous agent (rva) transports.

Using the TIBCO RV control, you can send and receive messages in XML, String and TIBCO proprietary Rendezvous Message (TibrvMsg) formats. You can specify TIBCO RV control properties while configuring Rendezvous control or dynamically at run time. Following are some of the other features of TIBCO RV control:

- Sending a request message and waiting for a reply
- Sending a reply for a message
- Asynchronous callback facility to confirm delivery or failure of certified messages
- Registration of anticipated listeners

The TIBCO RV control complements the other controls provided in WebLogic Integration, and can be used with other WebLogic Integration business processes. To learn more, see Using Controls in Business Processes in Using Integration Controls, which is located at the following URL:

http://edocs/wli/docs92/controls/index.html.

The TIBCO RV event generator listens on a subject, and publishes the received messages to the WebLogic Integration message broker channels. For more information, see Chapter 2, "TIBCO Rendezvous Event Generator".

Creating and Configuring a New Instance of the TIBCO RV Control

You can create and configure a new instance of the TIBCO RV control and add it to your business process. This topic includes the following sections:

To Add a New TIBCO RV Control

Describes how to add a new TIBCO RV control.

To Specify TIBCO RV Control General Settings

Describes how to configure the general settings for the TIBCO RV control such as port id, host name and so on.

To Specify TIBCO RV Control Advanced Settings

Describes how to configure Certified Message settings for the TIBCO RV control.

To Add a New TIBCO RV Control

- 1. In the **Package Explorer** pane, double-click the business process to which you want to add the Tibco control. The business process is displayed in the **Design** View.
- 2. Click [□] on the **Data Palette** and from the drop-down list choose **Integration Controls** to display the list of controls used for integrating applications.

Note: If the Data Palette view is not visible in BEA Workshop for WebLogic Platform, click Window→Show View→Data Palette from the menu bar.

3. Select Tibco.

The Insert control: Tibco dialog box appears.

- **Note:** If you are creating the control for the first time, the **Locate the Tibco.jar file** dialog box will appear. Browse for the **tibcorv.jar** file located at Tibco series installation and click Open.
- 4. In the Insert control: Tibco dialog box enter the following details:
 - In the Field Name, type the variable name used to access the new Tibco control instance from your business process. The name you enter must be a valid Java identifier.
 - In the **Insertion point**: from the drop-down list select the point where you want the field name to be inserted in the process file.

- Decide whether you want to make this a control factory and select or clear the Make this a control factory that can create multiple instances at runtime check box. For more information about control factories, see Control Factories: Managing Collections of Controls.
- Click Next.

The Create Control wizard appears.

- 5. In the **Create Control** wizard enter the following details:
 - In the Name field, type the name of your new control extension file.
 - Click Next.

The Insert control- Tibco RV dialog-box appears.

6. In the Insert control- Tibco RV configure the General and Advance settings.

To Specify TIBCO RV Control General Settings

Click the **General** tab in the **Insert control- Tibco RV** dialog-box enter the following details (see Figure 1-1).

Figure 1-1 General Settings

👿 Insert control: Tibco)			×
Insert Control - Tibco	RV			
General Advanced				
Service:				
Network:				
Daemon:				
Use CM 🔲				
	< Back	Next >	Finish	Cancel

- In the **Service** field, enter the service name which the TIBCO RV daemon will use to convey the message.
- In the Network field, enter the name of the network with which the TIBCO RV daemon will communicate. If no network is specified, the default network interface will be used.

- In the Daemon field, enter the location where the TIBCO RV daemon is running to establish communication. If the TIBCO RV daemon is running on a different network, specify the remote_host:port_id details in the Daemon field. For example, beaserv1:1589 where beaserv1 is the remote host name and 1589 is the port id.
- Click Use CM to select the Certified Messaging option.

To Specify TIBCO RV Control Advanced Settings

To specify certified messaging settings for the TIBCO RV click the **Advanced** tab, to display the advanced options for Certified Messaging. This tab is applicable only if you have selected the **Use CM** check box in the **General** tab.

Figure 1-2 Advanced Setting

W Insert control: Tibco	X
Insert Control - Tibco RV	
General Advanced	
CM Name:	
Ledger Name:	
Retain Unacknowledged Messages:	-
Synchronize Ledger:	
< Back	Next > Finish Cancel

- In the CM Name field, provide the CM transport name. The name identifies the CM transport to other CM transports, and is part of the CM label that identifies outbound messages from the CM transport.
- In the Ledger Name field, provide the ledger name with its location. Each CM transport keeps a ledger, in which it records information about every unresolved outbound certified message, every subject for which this CM transport receives (inbound) certified messages, and other cooperating CM transports.
- Select Retain Unacknowledged Messages check box to store any unacknowledged messages as part of its decentralized architecture.

- Select Synchronize Ledger check box to perform a synchronized update of the ledger file. Each time the ledger is updated, the call does not return until data is safely written to the storage medium.
- Click Finish.

The Java Files for a TIBCO RV Control

When you create a new instance of the TIBCO RV control, you create a new Control.java file in your project. The contents of the TIBCO RV control file depends on the selections made in the **Insert Control - TIBCO RV** dialog.

The two examples in this section depict control files created for a certified message and a non-certified message.

Sample Java File for a TIBCO RV Control Using Certified Messaging

```
/*
 * An extended TibcoRV control.
 */
@org.apache.beehive.controls.api.bean.ControlExtension
@com.bea.control.TibcoRV.Transport(service = "Service", network = "",
daemon = "beaserv1:1589")
@com.bea.control.TibcoRV.CMTransport(cmname = "", ledgername = "",
requestold = false, syncledger = false)
@com.bea.control.TibcoRV.UseCM(true)
public interface TibcoRv extends com.bea.control.TibcoRV {
    public void addListenerForCM(String cmName, String subject);
    static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
    public TibcoRv create();
}
```

Sample Java File for a TIBCO RV Control Without Certified Messaging

```
/*
 * An extended TibcoRV control.
 */
@org.apache.beehive.controls.api.bean.ControlExtension
@com.bea.control.TibcoRV.Transport(service = "", network = "", daemon = "")
@com.bea.control.TibcoRV.CMTransport(cmname = "", ledgername = "",
requestold = false, syncledger = false)
@com.bea.control.TibcoRV.UseCM(false)
public interface TibcoCntrl extends com.bea.control.TibcoRV {
    static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
    public TibcoCntrl create();
}
```

Using Subject in a Message

This section provides details on construction of a subject name. Each message in the TIBCO Rendezvous environment contains a **subject** name. An application creates a message and sends it with a **subject** through the Rendezvous environment. Applications at the other end accept the message by listening on the **subject**.

Subject Name Syntax

Subject name definitions have basic restrictions, for example, its length, structure and usage of special characters. System designers and developers can set the conventions for subject names keeping in mind the following:

- **Structure** A subject is a string of characters that is divided into elements by the dot (.) character.
- Length The maximum allocated length of a subject (including dot separators) is 255 characters, some of which is reserved for internal use by Rendezvous.

- Special Characters
 - Avoid underscore (_) character at the beginning of the subject name, except if the first element name is _INBOX or _LOCAL.
 - Avoid the dot (.) character as part of an element as it is the reserved delimiter.
 - Greater-than (>) and Asterisk (*) characters are reservoir wildcard characters.
- **Caution:** The restrictions and conventions are implemented by TIBCO Rendezvous and information in this section is indicative only. Refer TIBCO Rendezvous product documentation for more up-to-date information on restrictions, guidelines and examples.

http://www.tibco.com

Sending and Receiving Messages

You can send and receive messages with TIBCO RV control using any one of sendMessage, sendReply or sendRequest functions, and the TIBCO Event Generator, respectively. Messages can be in the form of Rendezvous proprietary data format, string and XML.

Sending Messages

This section provides information on the various functions available for sending messages. To send a message, select a function based on the data type of the message that you want to send. All these functions can send reliable and certified messages, as defined while creating the control. Certified message functions will return sequence numbers while reliable message functions will return zero.

The **sendRequest** function creates a listener that keeps listening for messages to the reply subject and hence, it does not require explicit creation of listeners. The function returns an instance of the TibrvMsg, which can be used for sending replies.

The **sendRequest** and **sendReply** functions are often used together as pairs. An example of such an implementation is:

```
replymsg = sendRequest(msg, "send.Subject","reply.Subject",5.0);
sendReply( replyMsg, newMsg);
```

sendMessage ()

Used to send a message via RVDTransport, or a labelled message via CMTransport.

public long sendMessage(TibrvMsg msg , String subject, double timeout)
 msg: the message that needs to be sent
 subject: subject of the message
 timeout: time limit for delivery of the message

sendMessageAsString ()

Used to send a string message via RVDTransport, or a labelled string message via CMTransport.

```
public long sendMessageAsString(String msg , String fieldName ,String
subject, double timeout)
msg: the string message that needs to be sent
fieldName: name of the TibRV field used to send the payload
```

subject: subject of the message
timeout: time limit for delivery of the message

sendMessageAsXML ()

Used to send an XML message via RVDTransport, or a labelled XML message via CMTransport.

```
public long sendMessageAsXML(XmlObject msg ,String fieldName ,String
subject, double timeout)
msg: the XML message that needs to be sent
fieldName: name of the TibRV field used to send the payload
```

subject: subject of the message

timeout: time limit for delivery of the message

sendRequest ()

Used to send a request message via RVDTransport, or a labelled request message via CMTransport and wait for a reply.

```
public TibrvMsg sendRequest(TibrvMsg msg, String sendSubject, double
timeout)
```

msg: the request message that needs to be sent
sendSubject: the send subject of the message
timeout: amount of time to wait for the reply

sendRequestAsString ()

Used to send a request string message via RVDTransport, or a labelled request string message via CMTransport and wait for a reply.

```
public TibrvMsg sendRequestAsString(String msg, String fieldName, String
sendSubject, double timeout)
```

msg: the request string message that needs to be sent fieldName: name of the TibRV field used to send the payload sendSubject: subject of the message timeout: amount of time to wait for the reply

sendRequestAsXML ()

Used to send a request XML message via RVDTransport, or a labelled request message via CMTransport and wait for a reply.

```
public TibrvMsg sendRequestAsXML(XmlObject msg, String fieldName,String
sendSubject, double timeout)
```

msg: the request XML message that needs to be sent
fieldName: name of the TibRV field used to send the payload
sendSubject: subject of the message
timeout: amount of time to wait for the reply

sendReply ()

Used to send a reply via RVDTransport, or a labelled reply via CMTransport.

```
public long sendReply(TibrvMsg replyMsg, TibrvMsg sendMsg, double timeout)
```

replyMsg: the reply message
sendMsg: the request message
timeout: time limit for delivery of the message

sendReplyAsString ()

Used to send a string type reply via RVDTransport, or a labelled string type reply via CMTransport.

```
public long sendReplyAsString(TibrvMsg replyMsg, String sendMsg, String
fieldName, double timeout)
```

replyMsg: the reply string message
sendMsg: the request string message
fieldName: the name of the TibRV field used to send the payload
timeout: time limit for delivery of the message

sendReplyAsXML ()

Used to send an XML type reply via RVDTransport, or a labelled XML type reply via CMTransport.

public long sendReplyAsXML(TibrvMsg replyMsg, XmlObject sendMsg, String fieldName, double timeout)

replyMsg: the reply XML message
sendMsg: the request XML message
fieldName: the name of the TibRV field used to send the payload
timeout: time limit for delivery of the message

setStringEncoding ()

Used to set the character encoding for converting between Java Unicode strings and wire format strings.

```
void setStringEncoding(java.lang.String encoding) throws
java.io.UnsupportedEncodingException;
encoding: determines encoding
```

Additional Functions for Certified Messaging

You can include the following two functions when using the CMTransport.

onCMMessageReceipt ()

Used to define a callback method to receive confirmation for message sent. It can only be used with **sendMessage** or **sendReply** functions. TIBCO RV control subscribes to two confirmation advisories: _RV.INFO.RVCM.DELIVERY.COMPLETE.> and _RV.ERROR.RVCM.DELIVERY.FAILED.>.

Note: A TIBCO RV control with certified messaging enabled must have an **onCMReceipt()** method implemented in the process definition. Without this, a runtime exception will be thrown.

```
public void onCMMessageReceipt(byte[] data);
```

data: message data

addListenerForCM ()

Used to pre-register an anticipated listener. When a sending application pre-registers listeners, Rendezvous will store all outbound messages in the sender's ledger. So, when the listener requests certified delivery, it receives the backlogged messages. This function is the same as the addListener method in Rendezvous. Refer TIBCO Rendezvous product documentation for more details.

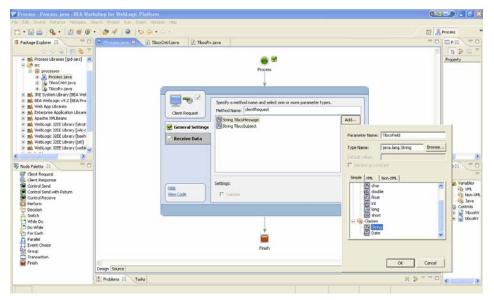
```
void addListenerForCM(String cmName, String subject);
    cmName: the certified message name
    subject: subject of the message
```

Using the sendMessage Function In a Business Process

The following procedure in an example that describes how to add any TIBCO RV control sendMessage function to a business process.

1. Open the **Client Request** node (see Figure 1-3).





- 2. In the General Settings tab, enter a name for the new method.
- 3. Click Add.
- 4. Select **String** from the **Simple** list and enter a name for the variable in the **Parameter Name** field.
- 5. Click **OK** to add your selection to the **Client Request** node. This represents the message for the sendMessage function.

- 6. Repeat steps 3 to 5 above to add two more variables to the list. The new variables represent the field name and the subject name of the sendMessage function.
- 7. In the **Receive Data** tab, create a new variable for each parameter that you created in the **General Settings** tab of the **Client Request** node. You must provide variable names for all the parameters. The variable type is pre-defined, based on the parameters to which you are assigning the variable.
- 8. Close the Client Request node.
- 9. Drag and drop the **Perform** node from the **Nodes Palette** and convert the message data from String to **TibrvMsg** format. See sample code below:

```
// Generating a Tibrv message from the string data format
public void perform() throws Exception
{
    com.tibco.tibrv.TibrvMsg tibrvMsg = new com.tibco.tibrv.TibrvMsg();
    tibrvMsg.update(TibcoField,TibcoMessage);
}
```

- 10. Drag and drop the sendMessage function from the **Controls** tab in the **Data Palette** into your business process, just below the **Client Request** node.
- 11. Open the **Send Data** tab of the sendMessage function node. From the **Select variables to assign** drop-down list, assign the variables that you created in the **Receive Data** tab of the **Client Request** node, to the corresponding parameter of the sendMessage function listed in the **Control Expects** column.
- 12. Open the **Receive Data** tab of the sendMessage function note. From the Select variables to assign drop-down list, create a new variable in which to store the sequence number provided by the sendMessage function.

You can use similar steps to send messages using the sendMessageAsString or the sendMessageAsXML functions. Ignore step 9 above as these functions do not require conversion to TibrvMsg format.

Receiving Messages

To receive messages, use the TIBCO RV Event Generator utility. For details, refer Chapter 2, "TIBCO Rendezvous Event Generator".

Setting Dynamic Properties

You can change the TIBCO RV control properties dynamically at runtime. The TIBCO RV control properties that you can modify are specified in the TibRVDynamicPropertiesDocument type document. This document conforms to the TIBCO RV Control Dynamic Properties schema, which is available in the TibRVSchemas.jar file.

The following is an example on how to change properties dynamically.

- 1. Open the Client Request node, as shown in the following figure.
- 2. In the General Settings tab, add a variable of type TibRVDynamicPropertiesDocument.
- 3. In the **Receive Data** tab, create a new variable for the parameter that you previously created in the **General Settings** tab by entering a name for the variable. The variable type is already pre-defined based on the parameter to which you are assigning the variable.
- 4. Drag and drop the **setXMLProperties** function from the **Controls** tab of the **Data Palette**, into your business process.
- 5. Open the Send Data tab of the setXMLProperties function node. From the Select variables to assign drop-down list, assign the variable that you created in the Receive Data tab of the Client Request node to the corresponding parameter of the setXMLProperties function listed in the Control Expects column. All TIBCO RV Control send message operations (following the setXMLProperties function in the business process) using the properties you specified in the TibRVControlDynamicPropertiesDocument.
- 6. While executing your business process at runtime, provide the TibRVControlDynamicPropertiesDocument as input.

Schema of TIBCO RV Control Dynamic Properties

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<xs:schema
   xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
   xmlns="http://www.bea.com/wli/control/TibRVControlDynamicProperties.xsd"
   targetNamespace="http://www.bea.com/wli/control/TibRVControlDynamicPropert
ies.xsd"
   elementFormDefault="qualified"
    attributeFormDefault="unqualified">
    <xs:element name="TibRVDynamicProperties">
```

```
<xs:complexType>
         <xs:sequence>
             <xs:element name="service" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0"</pre>
maxOccurs="1"/>
             <xs:element name="network" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0"</pre>
maxOccurs="1"/>
             <xs:element name="daemon" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0"</pre>
maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="useCM" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="0"</pre>
maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="cmName" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0"</pre>
maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="ledgerName" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0"</pre>
maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="requestOld" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="0"</pre>
maxOccurs="1"/>
      <xs:element name="syncLedger" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="0"</pre>
maxOccurs="1"/>
         </xs:sequence>
      </xs:complexType>
   </xs:element>
</xs:schema>
```

Sample TIBCO RV Control Dynamic Properties Document

The following is a sample TIBCO RV Control document. You must provide this document at runtime when you execute your business process:

```
<tib:TibRVDynamicProperties>
<!--Optional:-->
<tib:service>7500</tib:service>
<!--Optional:-->
<tib:network>beaserv1</tib:network>
<!--Optional:-->
<tib:daemon>beaserv1:7500</tib:daemon>
<!--Optional:-->
<tib:useCM>true</tib:useCM>
<!--Optional:-->
<tib:useCM>true</tib:useCM>
<!--Optional:-->
```

<!--Optional:-->

<tib:ledgerName>c:/file.txt</tib:ledgerName>

<!--Optional:-->

<tib:requestOld>false</tib:requestOld>

<!--Optional:-->

<tib:syncLedger>false</tib:syncLedger>

</tib:TibRVDynamicProperties>



TIBCO Rendezvous Event Generator

 $TIBCO^{\textcircled{B}}$ RendezvousTM (a product from TIBCO: www.tibco.com) enables exchange of data across applications running on distributed platforms. TIBCO Rendezvous (TIBCO RV) Event Generator is one of the WebLogic IntegrationTM event generators that you can create from the WebLogic Integration Administration Console. The TIBCO RV event generator listens for messages on a subject and raises events to the message broker on receiving the desired message.

Note: The TIBCO RV event generator (EG) is available in BEA Workshop for WebLogic Platform only for licensed users of WebLogic Integration.

Disclaimer

Use of the TIBCO RV control and event generator with BEA WebLogic Integration in no manner confers or grants the right to use TIBCO Rendezvous including "dynamic libraries". In order to use such TIBCO products, the user of the TIBCO RV control and event generator must obtain a valid license from TIBCO. See http://www.tibco.com for information on how to obtain a licensed copy of Rendezvous.

Topics Included in This Section

Overview: TIBCO RV Event Generator

Describes the function of the TIBCO RV event generator within WebLogic Integration.

Creating and Using the TIBCO RV Event Generator

Describes how to create an event generator and to use it for receiving messages.

Overview: TIBCO RV Event Generator

The TIBCO RV event generator enables WebLogic Integration generate events to message broker channels. The messages are received in most formats supported by Rendezvous, converted to binary and then published to the WebLogic Integration message broker.

Using TIBCO RV event generator, you can receive messages over the base Rendezvous and certified messaging (CM) transports. Certified messages can be received in either single or distributed queues, with support for clustering in the distributed queues processing. Receipt of each message can be acknowledged by implicit or explicit confirmation.

To learn more, see Event Generators in Using the WebLogic Integration Administration Console, which is located at the following URL:

http://edocs/wli/docs92/adminhelp/evntgen.html

Clusters

TIBCO RV event generators can be deployed on a cluster with load balancing, high availability and failover features. They use distributed queues to support these clustering features. All event generators are automatically deployed on all managed servers from the WebLogic Integration Administration Console.

TIBCO RV event generators on a cluster subscribe to a subject with a single RV daemon machine, a distributed queue option and a distinct CM name entered at the time of event generator creation. Distributed queues work with the concept of scheduler and workers. One of the queues will act as a scheduler and others as workers. A scheduler distributes the messages to workers on a round robin basis, making sure the message is received by one and only one worker. This is also referred to as the "once and only once delivery".

Load balancing

The scheduler node sends messages to the worker nodes on a round robin basis. This is done by checking for pending tasks at individual workers end. Depending on the which worker is relatively free, the scheduler will assign the task. This is termed as load balancing.

High Availability

This implies that at any given instance, a worker and a scheduler node is always available. If a worker node goes down with a managed server, another worker will be available. If a scheduler node goes down with a managed server, a worker will take over the role of the scheduler node.

Failover

This indicates that even if a worker node goes down before acknowledging receipt of message, the scheduler node will re-assign the task to the next available worker node.

Prerequisites to Using the TIBCO RV Event Generator

Before adding the TIBCO RV Event Generator to the WebLogic Platform, perform the following:

- 1. Install and configure Rendezvous on your machine.
- 2. Deploy the TIBCO RV event generator application file **TibRVEG.ear** (available in \$WL_HOME/integration/lib directory) into the integration domain template.

After successful deployment, you will be able to create event generators from the WebLogic Integration console.

Note: In a cluster environment, deploy the TibRVEG.ear file on the admin server only.

Creating and Using the TIBCO RV Event Generator

Perform the following steps to create a TIBCO RV event generator.

1. Enter the following URL in your html browser:

```
http://localhost:port/wliconsole
```

Replace port with the specific port id, for example 7001.

- 2. In the WebLogic Integration Administration Console home page, click **Event Generators** to display the Event Generators home page.
- 3. Click **TIBCO RV** option in the left frame and select **Create New** option that appears below it, to create an event generator.
- 4. In the **Generator Name** field, enter a unique name for the new event generator and click **Submit**.
- 5. In the next frame, click **Define a New Channel Rule** to display a form (see Figure 2-1).

File	Home > Event Generators		WELCOME WEBLOOIC JUNE 16, 2004 1:13:32 PM P			
Email	B TibcoRV Generator Channel Rule Definition					
IMS	Use this page to define a new file channe					
Channel Name		/SamplePrefix/Samples/MultiChannelBinaryReturnsBinary (rawData)	The Channel Name			
fimer	Description		Description of the channel			
TibcoRV	Publish As	×	Select a user to impersonate.			
a View All Create New	Transport Details		WE REMARK AND MADE AND A REMARK MADE AND A REMARK			
	TIDRV Service Name		TibRV service that this transport uses for communication			
elated Modules	TibRV Network Name		TibRV Network Name			
Message Broker Process Monitoring	TibRV Deamon Name		TibRY Deamon Name			
	Subject Name of the Message		Subject Name of the Message			
TTP	Certified Message Name		Enter a CM name for Certified Messaging/ Distributed Queue			
MQ Series	Use Default Event Queue		Use Default Event Queue			
	Use Certified Messaging	п	Select If u required Certified Messaging			
	Use Distributed Queues	C	select Only for clustered Environment			
	Event Queue Details	1				
	Name		Event Quede Name			
	Priority	0	Priority of the Event Queue Name			
	LimitAmount	DISCARD_NONE *	Choose from the values of Limit Policy			
	Max Events	0	number of events that a queue can hold, 0 means unlimited			
	Discard Amount	DISCARD_NONE *	Choose from the values of Discard Amount			
	Dispatch Policy		TAN TO DATE OF			
	Dispatch Type	DISPATCH .	Select the dispatch Type			
	Dispatch Timeout	0	Enter the dispatch Timeout, if u have chosen TIMED_DISPATCH as the Dispatch Type			
	Certified Messaging Details					
	Retain Unacknowledged Messages	r.	Indicates whether to Retain unacknowledged messages sent to this persistent correspondent			
	Ledger Name		A Valid File Name, if Nall then a process Ledger is used			
	Sync Ledger	с.	Indicates how the Changes are written synchronous/assynchronous			
	Confirm Message	Г	Indicates whether the listener should explicitly confirm messages after publishing to Message broker			
	Distributed Queue Details					
	Worker Tasks	0	Maximum number of tasks that a worker can accept			
	Odanit Daniel Convert					
	Submit Reset Cancel					

Figure 2-1 Creating a TIBCO RV Event Generator: Channel Rule Definition

- 6. Enter the desired information in the fields; a brief description of each is displayed adjacent to the field. Refer TIBCO Rendezvous documentation for information on Rendezvous transport, event queues and certified messaging parameters.
 - **Note:** Select **Use Distributed Queues** option for the event generator to work on a cluster. Doing this would also make it mandatory to specify a CM name.
- 7. Click Submit to effect creation of the channel rule and the event generator.
- **Note:** While creating an event generator, if incorrect Rendezvous related values are entered (like network, daemon and so on), the event generator is created but, a runtime exception error will be displayed.

These Rendezvous properties are not verified at the form submission stage. These values are used only when the application attempts to connect to the specified Rendezvous daemon; hence, the runtime error.

On successful creation of an event generator, a WLI_TIBRV_event-gen.jar file is created in the WebLogic server domain folder. Here, event-gen is the unique name of the event generator as

specified in step 4 above. This file connects to the Rendezvous daemon, as specified in the Channel Rule Definition form, and creates a listener on the subject.

Note: Always create a single rule definition for each unique event generator. Whenever an event generator is created with multiple channel rule definitions, only the first channel rule definition is recorded and used.

Explicit Confirmation

Explicit confirmation directs the listener to explicitly confirm delivery of message after publishing to the message broker. To employ the explicit confirmation feature, select the **Confirm Message** option while defining the rules for an event generator.

If **explicit confirmation** is selected in the OAM console, the TIBCO RV event generator will confirm the message only on successful completion of the subscribed JPDs.

Notes: Process.java files need to have a synchronous subscription to confirm explicitly.

If any of the subscribed Process.java files throw an exception error, the TIBCO RV event generator will not confirm the message.

Retrieving Messages

Once the event generator has been created, it will start publishing messages on the subscribed subject to the WebLogic Integration message broker channel. Applications subscribed to that channel will receive the messages in raw data format. To retrieve the content of the message, insert a perform node with the following code:

TibrvMsg RecvdMsg = new TibrvMsg(**receivedData**.byteValue());

Where **receivedData** is of type com.bea.data.RawData and contains the message published by the TIBCO RV event generator.

In addition, you need to edit the following annotation in the JPD file:

```
/**
* @jpd:mb-static-subscription channel-name="/Soak/reply/TibcoDataChannel"
message-body="{x0}"
*/
to read as follows:
/**
* @jpd:mb-static-subscription channel-name="/Soak/reply/TibcoDataChannel"
message-body="{x0}" message-metadata="{x1}"
*/
```

Important: The parameter used in the annotation also needs to be added to the method definition. For an example, refer to Retrieving Information From a TIBCO RV Event Generator Header.

TIBCO RV Event Generator Header

This section provides the schema of a TIBCO RV event generator header and an example code to retrieve information from the header.

Schema of a TIBCO RV Event Generator Header

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<xs:schema targetNamespace="http://www.bea.com/wli/control/TibHeaders"</pre>
xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
xmlns="http://www.bea.com/wli/control/TibHeaders"
elementFormDefault="qualified">
   <xs:element name="TibHeaders">
      <xs:complexType>
         <xs:sequence>
             <xs:element name="ReplySubject" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0"</pre>
maxOccurs="1"/>
             <xs:element name="SendSubject" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0"</pre>
maxOccurs="1"/>
             <xs:element name="TibrvTransport" type="Transport"</pre>
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1"/>
         </xs:sequence>
      </xs:complexType>
   </xs:element>
      <xs:complexType name="Transport">
         <xs:sequence>
         <xs:element name="Service" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0"</pre>
maxOccurs="1"/>
         <xs:element name="Network" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0"</pre>
maxOccurs="1"/>
         <xs:element name="Daemon" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0"</pre>
maxOccurs="1"/>
         </xs:sequence>
      </xs:complexType>
</xs:schema>
```

Retrieving Information From a TIBCO RV Event Generator Header

Following is a code example for retrieving **replySubject** from the TIBCO RV event generator header.

```
/**
* @jpd:mb-static-subscription channel-name="/Soak/reply/TibcoDataChannel"
message-body="{x0}" message-metadata="{x1}"
*/
public void subscription(com.bea.data.RawData x0, com.bea.xml.XmlObject x1)
{
   //#START: CODE GENERATED - PROTECTED SECTION - you can safely add code
above this comment in this method. #//
   // input transform
   // parameter assignment
   this.recievedBytes = x0;
   this.Header = x1;
   //#END : CODE GENERATED - PROTECTED SECTION - you can safely add code
below this comment in this method. #//
   TibHeaders
tibHeader=TibHeadersDocument.Factory.newInstance().addNewTibHeaders();
      tibHeader.set(this.Header);
   String replySubject=tibHeader.getReplySubject();
} Tibco
```



TIBCO Rendezvous Sample

This chapter gives you a complete understanding of TIBCO[®] RV control and event generator with the help of a real-life application. The sample application provided is working code and implements a simple loan processing application that uses request/reply, certified messaging and TIBCO event generator headers.

Note: This sample application is provided for your convenience and is not supported by BEA.

What the Sample Does

The application works in the following manner:

- 1. The LoanRequest process will send a loan request message through a TIBCO RV control with subject loan.request.
- 2. The **Bank** process will listen to messages (of subject loan.request) through a TIBCO RV event generator and reply to these messages as approved.
- 3. In processing the loan request, the **Bank** process will send certified messages to loan.process and the **ProcessDesk** process will receive these messages and process the loan request.
- **Note:** It is important that you read through Chapter 1, "TIBCO Rendezvous Control," and Chapter 2, "TIBCO Rendezvous Event Generator," before you proceed.

Prerequisites to Using the Sample Application

Before you start using the sample application, you need to ensure that you can create TIBCO RV controls and event generators. Use the following as a checklist.

- Ensure the TIBCO RV event generator application (TibRVEG.ear) is deployed in the integration domain template, and TIBCO EG is displayed in the event generators tab of the WebLogic IntegrationTM Administration Console.
- 2. Ensure the tibrvj.jar file from the TIBCO[®] Rendezvous[™] installation is imported into the Libraries folder of the application where the TIBCO RV control is used.
- 3. Ensure the TibRVControl.jar and TibRVSchemas.jar files are copied to the Libraries folder of the application.
- 4. Ideally, build this sample application in **development** mode. However, if you are in **production** mode, turn on the testConsoleFlag.

Getting Started With the Sample Application

The sample application RvSample.zip is available at the following URL:

https://wli8.projects.dev2dev.bea.com/servlets/ProjectDocumentList?folderID=57&expandFolder=57&folderID=0

The sample file is listed as **TIBCO Rendezvous Control and Event Generator Sample**. Download the RvSample.zip file and perform the following steps to integrate and use the application.

- 1. Unzip the RvSample.zip file to extract all the application code files. These files are automatically extracted under a RvSample directory.
- 2. Open the RvSample.work file in BEA Workshop for WebLogic Platform.
- Create two TIBCO RV event generators in the WebLogic Integration Administration Console. You can provide any names for these two event generators, as long as they are unique. Specify the following values for the respective event generators.

```
Subject: loan.request
Channel: /loan/request/EG
Subject; loan.process
Channel: /loan/request/backendProcess
CM: true
```

Leave the rest of the parameter fields blank.

- 4. Press **F7** to build the application in BEA Workshop for WebLogic Platform, which should also automatically deploy it.
- 5. On successful build, execute the LoanRequest process by pressing Ctrl+F10.
- 6. After successful execution of the application, the WebLogic console displays the following statements, one for each of the three processes:

Loan Request: Loan Approved Bank: Loan is successfully getting processed at the process desk Process Desk: Received the loan request... will process

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