

**Oracle® GoldenGate for  
Base24**

D24 Dual Site Supplemental Guide  
Version 3.0

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## CHAPTER 1

# Introducing D24



This chapter introduces D24, a supplemental module that facilitates BASE24 data replication in a dual site configuration. Topics include:

## Contents

[Overview](#)

[D24 processing](#)

[D24 implementation overview](#)

## Overview

D24 allows customer and transaction data to be synchronized bi-directionally in real time throughout the day. In the event of an outage on one system, the full transaction load will be processed on the remaining machine, ensuring continuous availability. D24 works in conjunction with the ACI dual site enhancement for BASE24 6.0 version 4 to do the following:

- Set the 'remote flag' in the TLF and PTLF multi-network token BK. D24 will either update the token if found, add the token if not found and if no tokens are found add both the BK token and the Header token. This flag is used by BASE24 Settlement, Super Extract and transaction log record perusal servers.
- Flip the dual site indicator in the TDF, PTDF, ATDD1 and PTDD1 files. This indicator is used in BASE24 Settlement.
- Calculate and apply the delta or transaction amount to the target CAF, PBF and UAF fields. Applying the delta rather than overlaying the entire target field with the source value, means that only the delta (i.e. difference between the 'before' and 'after' field value) is applied to the target fields. This reduces the possibility of records becoming out of sync if changes are being received from both sites in a dual site environment.
- Capture the initial insert of the header record and create the local transaction log files using GoldenGate's own template files. Perform this task if BASE24 is configured to run with two transaction log files for each product (i.e. TLF, PTLF) on each site, one for local BASE24 authorizations and a second for combined site A and B transaction log records. GoldenGate creates the local BASE24 TLF and PTLF files when BASE24 creates the daily combined TLF and PTLF files without the alternate key files. This reduces the authorization response time in BASE24.
- Support notification coordination between the delivery side BASE24 applications closing and re-opening their files when a full refresh completes. This feature also notifies the GoldenGate processes on the source side to close their files. A slightly different configuration of this feature is required if full refreshes are done in parallel on each site.

## Components

The following components comprise D24:

- **TACLB24:** Macro that executes when the TACL process starts. This macro performs the following functions:
  - Starts CHGNOTE on the target system.
  - Renames the newly created file to the current file name.
  - Sends a Marker to the corresponding Replicat process on the source system to close its files. The Replicat will re-open the files as it processes its extract trail records.
  
- **D24UE :** The C user exit bound into the Replicat process that monitors for file RENAME operations. When a RENAME is encountered it will start the GGSPROC (\$GGB00) process to start and monitor the TACL. The user exit also maintains flags used by BASE24 for dual site processing and conflict resolution for CAF, PBF and UAF financial fields.
  
- **GGREFR:** Edit file that contains the names of all the files that will use D24 when they are fully refreshed. It also identifies which Replicat process on the source system that receives the TACLB24 marker prompting BASE24 to close its files.
  
- **Notify:** Runs as a BASE24 satellite process and sends the message to all BASE24 processes on the Refresh notify list in the LCONF to close and open the refreshed file .
  
- **GGSPROC:** Process started by the user exit when it processes a file RENAME operation. This process will start a TACL process and monitor the result of the TACL.

If you are running BASE24 in Native mode on D46-48 servers, you need the following objects:

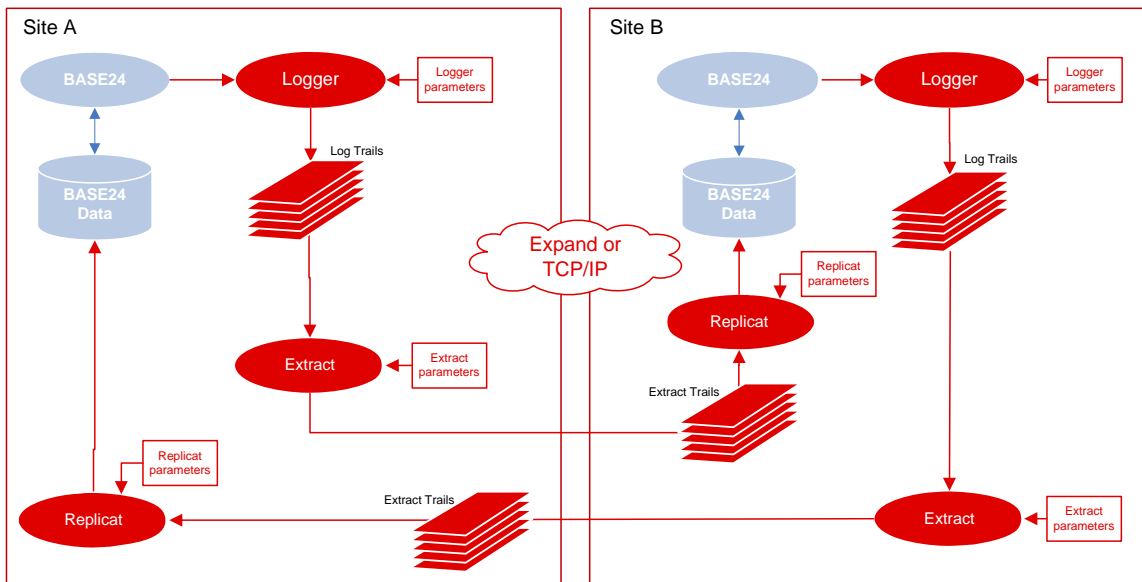
- **GGSPROC:** Native version of **GGSPROC**.
  
- **D24UEN:** Native version of the D24 user exit; must be bound to a native Replicat, which requires super.super.

## D24 processing

To understand how D24 affects your BASE24 and GoldenGate for BASE24 implementation, you must understand its logical dataflow, illustrated in the following diagram.

GoldenGate processes and trails are shown in red. BASE24 processes and databases are shown in gray.

**Figure 1** D24 dataflow overview



Site A Components	Description
BASE24	Application processing ATM and POS records
BASE24 data	Source data for GoldenGate's D24 processing
Logger parameters	Contains parameters that control Logger behavior.



Site A Components	Description
Logger/Logger trails	Captures changes to the PTLF, TLF, PTDF, TDF, and other BASE24 files and write them to Logger trails.
Extract parameters	Controls the behavior of the Extracts in your D24 configuration.
Extract	Reads Logger trails from site A and writes to the Extract trails on site B.
Extract trails	Receives data from the Extract on site B.
Replicat parameters	Controls the behavior of the Replicats in your D24 configuration.
Replicat/Replicat trails	<p>Contains the D24 user exit and CREATETEMPLATE file for creating local TLF and PTLF files.</p> <p>Reads the extract trails with data from site B and writes them to the BASE24 database.</p>
Site B Components	Description
Extract trails	Receives data from the Extract on site A.
Replicat parameters	Controls the behavior of the Replicats in your D24 configuration.
Replicat/Replicat trails	<p>Contains the D24 user exit and CREATETEMPLATE file for creating local TLF and PTLF files.</p> <p>Reads the Extract trails with data from site B and writes them to the BASE24 database.</p>
BASE24	Application processing ATM and POS records

Site B Components	Description
BASE24 data	Source data for GoldenGate's D24 processing
Logger parameters	Contains parameters that control Logger behavior.
Logger/Logger trails	Captures changes to the PTLF, TLF, PTDF, TDF, and other BASE24 files and write them to Logger trails.
Extract parameters	Controls the behavior of the Extracts in your D24 configuration.
Extract	Reads Logger trails from site B and writes to the extract trails on site A.

## D24 implementation overview

Before you begin installing D24 code, it is important to understand and plan each step of your implementation. This section outlines the a basic D24 implementation project; customize it to fit your own business needs.

- Download GoldenGate for NonStop and GoldenGate for BASE24 to the HP NonStop Server.
- Download D24
  - Contact Technical Services to receive a copy of the D24 PAK file that contains all the components required to fully install D24. For HP NonStop Servers running on D42/G02 - D45/G05 or above use the latest D24DVnn file; for D24 running on D46 - D48 & G06 use the latest D24GVnn.

The D24 subvolume will be used as the staging subvolume for moving the D24 files to their proper location.

- Configure GoldenGate parameter files.
- Copy required files to the subvolume where GoldenGate is installed.

---

Site A	Site B
GLOBALS	GLOBALS
MGRPARAM	MGRPARAM
LOGPARAM	LOGPARAM
EXB24AB	EXB24BA
EXTLFAB	EXTLFBA
EXTDFAB	EXTDFBA
RPB24BA	RPB24AB
RPD24BA	RPD24AB
RPTDFBA	RPTDFAB
RPTLFBA	RPTLFAB
RPTLFAA	RPTLFBB

---

- Install the user exit
- Configure full refresh feature
  - TACLB24
  - GGSREFR
  - The Notify process
- Configure the ATD and PTD DDL files
  - Create D24 subvolumes D24ADDL and D24PDDL
  - Copy DDL files into D24ADDL and D24PDDL
  - Modify DDLFATD File
  - DDL compile D24ADDL files

- Modify DDLFPTD File
- DDL compile D24PDDL files
- Configure DEFGEN DELTA File (appendix A)
  - Run DEFGEN
  - Modify DEFGEN output files to designate delta fields
  - Use the supplied CAFDEF, PBFDEF, and UAFDEF as examples for modifying the DEFGEN output file.
- Add GoldenGate components
- Bind BASELIB and GGSLIB to SKELB
- Configure AFT Screens:

Screen Assignments	Usage
LCONF: Assign screen FUP-FILE-NAME	Used by Refresh to set the location of the FUP program to load the refreshed file.
LCONF: Assign screen CAF-<refresh group>	Used by the Notify process and Refresh to notify the Authorization processes to close and open the newly refreshed file. This assign is optional if there is a current assign in your BASE24 system for this file.
LCONF: Assign screen PBFDA-<refresh group>	Used by the Notify process and Refresh to notify the Authorization processes to close and open the newly refreshed file. This assign is optional if there is a current assign in your BASE24 system for this file.

Screen Assignments	Usage
LCONF: Assign screen PBFCC-<refresh group>	Used by the Notify process and Refresh to notify the Authorization processes to close and open the newly refreshed file. This assign is optional if there is a current assign in your BASE24 system for this file.
LCONF: Assign screen PBFVS-<refresh group>	Used by the Notify process and Refresh to notify the Authorization processes to close and open the newly refreshed file. This assign is optional if there is a current assign in your BASE24 system for this file.
LCONF: Assign screen POS-PTLF	Used by POS Settlement, Extract, Refresh and Server-PTLF if a PTLF other than that in the generic LCONF POS-PTLF is to be used by these processes.
LCONF: Assign screen REMOTE-LCONF	Used by DCT to access remote Pathway in order to communicate with remote device handler managing remotely connected ATM.
LCONF: Assign screen REMOTE-PMON	Used by DCT to access remote Pathway in order to communicate with remote device handler managing remotely connected ATM.
LCONF: Assign screen TLF	Used by ATM Settlement, Extract, Refresh and Server-TLF if a TLF other than that in the Generic LCONF TLF is to be used by these processes
LCONF Parameter screen BROADCAST-DELAY	Used by Settlement to control delay period after new (P)TLF creation prior to sending of notify messages to enable creation of GoldenGate copies of file to complete. Used by Refresh to control delay after sending of notify messages to completion of impacting.

Screen Assignments	Usage
LCONF Parameter screen BROADCAST-NOTIFY	Used by Settlement and Refresh to control broadcast of notify messages.
LCONF Parameter screen DUAL-SITE-DISPLAY	Used by Server-TLF and Server-PTLF to control identification of remote records on detail display
LCONF Parameter screen DUAL-SITE-MODE	Used by Settlement, Extract, Refresh and DCT to control access to and management of local and remote records

- Configure transaction file templates:
  - **D24TMPL.POYYMMDD:** Template file for local PTLF when a combined PTLF is also configured.
  - **D24TMPL.TLYYMMDD:** Template file for local TLF when a combined TLF is also configured.

## CHAPTER 2

# Installing D24



This chapter guides you through installing D24. This procedure is discussed in the following topics:

### Contents

- Planning for D24
- Prerequisites
- Installing D24
- N24 full refresh feature
- Configuring the ATD and PTD DDL
- Configuring the D24 user exit
- Configuring delta processing
- Configuring initial data synchronization

## Planning for D24

The following elements impact the success of your D24 implementation:

- Consider the time between Settlement creating the next day's transaction log file and the time it takes to deliver it to the local TLF and PTLF. You can configure the amount of time the Settlement process will wait after creating the transaction log files and before notifying the BASE24 processes in its LCONF Notify list, and adjust it to suit your environment and business needs.
- Plan for significantly increased storage requirements because full record images are required for the following files: TDF, PTDF, ATDD1, PTDD1, UAF, PBF, CAF.
- Plan for larger trail output from your Loggers, Extracts, and Replicats. The UAF, PBF and CAF files require both the 'before' and 'after' images to calculate the transaction amounts, increasing the amount of space they take up in the trails.
- Ensure the replicated ILF files are kept separate from the local ILF files on each site. GoldenGate processing requires that updating files use non-unique alternate keys.

## Prerequisites

Before you upload GoldenGate for D24, you must:

- Install GoldenGate for HP NonStop version 8.0.4.0 (or later) in its own subvolume. Instructions and code downloads are available at <http://support.goldengate.com>.
- Bind the BASELIB and GGSLIB to SKELB in the BASE24 application.
- Configure the PATHCONF file.
- Configure the XPNET environment using NCPCOM or the N1ACONF node obey file.



## Bind the GoldenGate intercept library to SKELB

To bind the GoldenGate intercept library BASELIB into SKELB, you must modify the BINDSKEL macro with the location of your current SKELB library on <BASE24 vol>.XPNET.SKELB.

The following is an example of this modification. Either use EDIT or TEDIT to modify the BINDSKEL file:

```
?tacl macro
#frame
#push bindin fl modts modts2

sink [#definedelete =skelb]
sink [#definedelete =skelbn]
sink [#definedelete =baselib]

add define =skelb, class map, file <BASE24 volume>.xpnet.skelb
add define =skelbn, class map, file <BASE24 volume>.xpnet.skelbn
add define =baselib, class map, file baselib
```

Once the BINDSKEL macro has been modified, run BINDSKEL to generate the new SKELBN library.

The XPNET release determines which subvolume the SKELB is located.

For example:

XPNET 2.1:

```
add define =skelb, class map, file <base24 volume>.spannet.skelb
add define =skelbn, class map, file <base24 volume>.spannet.skelbn
```

XPNET 3.0:

```
add define =skelb, class map, file <base24 volume>.xpnet.skelb
add define =skelbn, class map, file <base24 volume>.xpnet.skelbn
```

There are no expected GoldenGate warnings or errors for the BIND and AXCEL programs. Should you encounter exceptions to the warnings, see the ACI XPNET 2.1 or 3.0 Implementation Guide.

## Configure the PATHCONF file

The GoldenGate library GGSLIB needs to be set for the Pathway Servers that maintain the data files. Enter the following line in the Pathway Configuration file <BASE24 vol>.PRODCNTL.PATHCONF:

```
SET SERVER GUARDIAN-LIB $DATA01.GGSPROD.GGSLIB
```

You must perform this task for the all Servers except:

- NCS
- NCP
- NCPI-xx
- NCSP
- NCSS
- MENUHELP

The following is the PATHCONF CAF Server example:

```
[ CARD ACCOUNT FILE SERVER ]
RESET SERVER
SET SERVER CPUS          0:1
SET SERVER PROGRAM      <BASE24 vol>.BA60OBJ.SVCAF
SET SERVER DELETEDELAY  10 MINS
SET SERVER TIMEOUT      60 SECS
SET SERVER PRI           135
SET SERVER HOMETERM     $VHS
SET SERVER GUARDIAN-LIB <GoldenGatevol>.<GoldenGatesubvol>.GGSLIB
ADD SERVER SERVER-CAF
For the SERVER-DPCT set the GUARDIAN-LIB to <BASE24
volume>.XPNET.SKELBN

[ DEVICE CONTROL TERMINAL SERVER ]
RESET SERVER
SET SERVER CPUS          0:1
SET SERVER PROGRAM      <BASE24 vol>.BA60OBJ.SVDPCT
SET SERVER GUARDIAN-LIB <BASE24 vol>.XPNET.SKELBN
SET SERVER HIGHPIN      OFF
SET SERVER DELETEDELAY  12 HRS
SET SERVER PRI           135
```

```
SET SERVER PROCESS           $PPCT
SET SERVER NUMSTATIC        0
SET SERVER HOMETERM        $VHS
ADD SERVER SERVER-DPCT
```

### **Handling multiple instances of BASE24**

To run GoldenGate for multiple BASE24 networks on the same HP NonStop Server, the second GoldenGate environment needs the following configurations:

- Specify its own prefix (i.e. \$XX)
- Specify its own AUDCFG file (i.e. \$SYSTEM.<GoldenGate subvol>.AUDCFG).
- Set the GUARDIAN-LIB parameter in the PATHCONF file, and add two DEFINE settings. Add the following settings to each server listed above.

```
SET SERVER DEFINE =GGS_PREFIX, CLASS MAP, FILE $<two character prefix>
SET SERVER DEFINE =GGS_AUDCFG, CLASS MAP, FILE $SYSTEM.<GoldenGate
subvol>.AUDCFG
```

The following example illustrates both the GUARDIAN-LIB and DEFINE settings.

```
[ CARD ACCOUNT FILE SERVER ]
RESET SERVER
SET SERVER CPUS           0:1
SET SERVER PROGRAM        <BASE24 vol>.BA6TOBJ.SVCAF
SET SERVER DELETEDELAY    10 MINS
SET SERVER TIMEOUT        60 SECS
SET SERVER PRI            135
SET SERVER HOMETERM       $vhs
SET SERVER GUARDIAN-LIB   <BASE24 volume>.XPNET.SKELBN
SETSERVERDEFINE =GGS_PREFIX,CLASSMAP,FILE$<twocharacterprefix>
SET SERVER DEFINE =GGS_AUDCFG,CLASS MAP,FILE $SYSTEM.<GoldenGate
subvol>.AUDCFG
ADD SERVER                SERVER-CAF
```

### **Configure the N1ACONF file**

<BASE24 volume>.PRODCNTL.N1ACONF is an obey file that can be used instead of NCPCOM (explained on page 32) to configure XPNET. The BASE24 online processes are defined in this file and the Notify process must be added to it. The

following statements must be inserted into the N1ACONF file where the other PROCESS statements are:

```
== GOLDENGATE NOTIFY PROCESS

RESET PROCESS
SET PROCESS BCPU 0
SET PROCESS LIBRARY <BASE24 vol>.XPNET.SKELBN
SET PROCESS PROGRAM <BASE24 vol>.BA60OBJ.REFRP
SET PROCESS PPD $PINO
SET PROCESS PRIORITY 150
SET PROCESS CPU 1
SET PROCESS STARTUP DEMAND
SET PROCESS DEFINES ON
SET PROCESS QAT 64
ADD PROCESS P1A^NOTIFY, UNDER SYSNAME \SITEA, UNDER NODE P1A^NODE
```

For \SITEB the last line would be:

```
ADD PROCESS P1A^NOTIFY, UNDER SYSNAME \SITEB, UNDER NODE P1A^NODE
```

The new library you created above, SKELBN, should replace the SKELB references in the N1ACONF file. The following example illustrates this new library location using a GoldenGate volume/subvolume in the N1ACONF file:

```
RESET PROCESS
SET PROCESS BCPU 1
SET PROCESS LIBRARY <BASE24 vol>.XPNET.SKELBN
SET PROCESS PROGRAM <BASE24 vol>.PS60obj.RTAU
SET PROCESS PPD $p1R1
SET PROCESS PRIORITY 175
SET PROCESS CPU 0
SET PROCESS STARTUP AUTOMATIC
SET PROCESS QAT 64
ADD PROCESS P1A^RTAU1, UNDER SYSNAME \SITEA, UNDER NODE P1A^NODE
```

## Installing D24

To install D24, first you must obtain the product from GoldenGate Technical Support. Once you have the D24 .zip file, complete the following procedure:

- Unzip the file on your workstation. The file is in PAK format. The file name will include information such as the:
  - Version number of the GoldenGate release (e.g. GGv10)
  - Operating system of the NonStop system that will host GoldenGate represented as a letter and number (e.g. G06).
- Transfer the file to the HP NonStop Server in binary mode. Use the <GG5 volume>.D24 as the destination location.
- Restore the D24 files.

- Locate X24UNPAK. This macro is used to restore Base24 modules using the syntax:

```
TACL> RUN X24UNPAK <module>
```

Where <module> may be D24, T24, N24, or M24. If <module> is left blank, HELP is displayed. If multiple modules are entered, only the last is installed.

- Restore the files by running the X24UNPAK macro using D24 as the <module>.

```
TACL> RUN X24UNPAK D24
```

The macro restores the install files to \$<GG5 volume>.D24. Two additional subvolumes that include sample parameter files for site A and site B are restored to \$<GG5 volume>.D24A and \$<GG5 volume>.D24B.

## Notify process full refresh feature

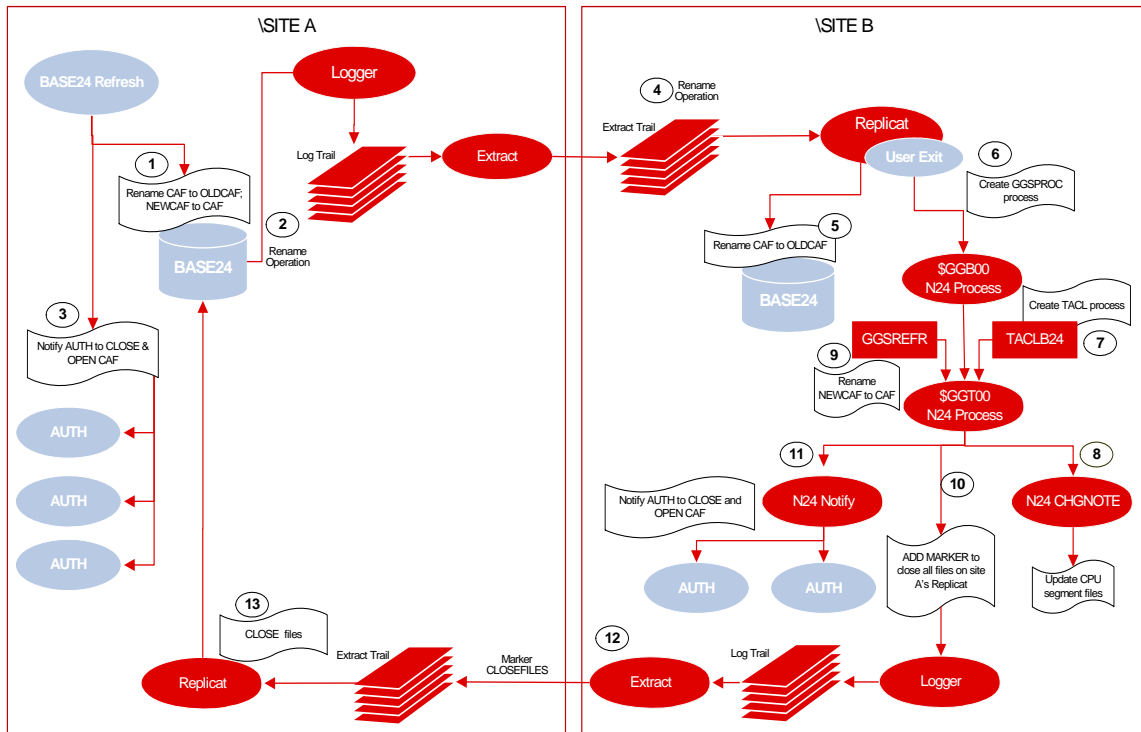
### Overview of full refresh processing

To understand how the Notify process affects your BASE24 and GoldenGate for BASE24 implementation, you must understand its logical dataflow, illustrated in the following diagrams.

### Full refresh replication

The following diagram illustrates dual site full refresh processing using replication. The sequence of events starts with the renaming of the CAF files and continues until the last acknowledgment of the refresh.

**Figure 2** Notify process dataflow for full refresh replication



Source objects on site A	Dataflow
--------------------------	----------

---

BASE24 Refresh process	<p>Renames the CAF file to OLDCAF and the NEWCAF file to CAF <b>(1)</b>. The CAF and NEWCAF files are the Card Authorization Files set to be refreshed.</p> <p>Forwards cutover messages to all active BASE24 Refresh processes <b>(3)</b>.</p> <p>Updates the OLDCAF and CAF files until all cutover messages are received <b>(3)</b>.</p> <p>Verifies that all BASE24 processes have closed OLDCAF and opened CAF <b>(3)</b>.</p>
Logger, log trail	<p>Extracts the file rename operations performed by the BASE24 refresh process and writes them to a log trail <b>(2)</b> .</p>
Extract	<p>Reads the log trail and writes the rename operation records to the extract trail on site B <b>(4)</b>.</p>
<b>Target objects on site B</b>	<b>Dataflow</b>
Extract trail	<p>Receives renamed file records from site A <b>(4)</b>.</p>
Replicat	<p>Replicates the file renames <b>(5)</b>.</p> <p>Starts first Notify GGSPROC process, \$GGB00 <b>(6)</b>.</p>
Notify process \$GGB00	<p>Started whenever a renamed file contains an EXITPARAM “NOTIFY” in its MAP statement <b>(6)</b>.</p> <p>Starts the Notify TACL process \$GGT00 <b>(7)</b>.</p>

---

Notify process \$GGT00	<p>TACL process that runs the TACLB24 macro <b>(7)</b>, which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ Verifies the values in incoming reference files</li> <li>◆ Starts the CHGNOTE program <b>(8)</b>. This triggers the intercept libraries to reread the shared segment file.</li> <li>◆ Renames the files as requested by the user exit on site B. Renames NEWCAF to CAF. <b>(9)</b></li> <li>◆ Sends a CLOSEFILE marker to a Logger that writes the marker to its log trail <b>(10)</b>.</li> <li>◆ Starts an NCPCOM process and sends cutover messages to Notify <b>(11)</b>.</li> </ul>
Notify	<p>Receives cutover messages from NCPCOM <b>(11)</b>.          Forwards cutover messages to all active BASE24 Refresh processes <b>(11)</b>.          Updates the OLDCAF and CAF files until all cutover messages are received <b>(11)</b>.          Verifies that all BASE24 processes have closed OLDCAF and opened CAF <b>(11)</b>.</p>
Source objects on site B	Dataflow
Logger, log trail	Extracts CLOSEFILE marker data from \$GGT00 and writes it to a log trail <b>(10)</b> .
Extract	Reads the log trail containing CLOSEFILE markers and writes it to an Extract trail on site A <b>(12)</b> .
Target objects on site A	Dataflow
Extract trail	Receives CLOSEFILE markers from the Extract on site B <b>(12)</b> .



---

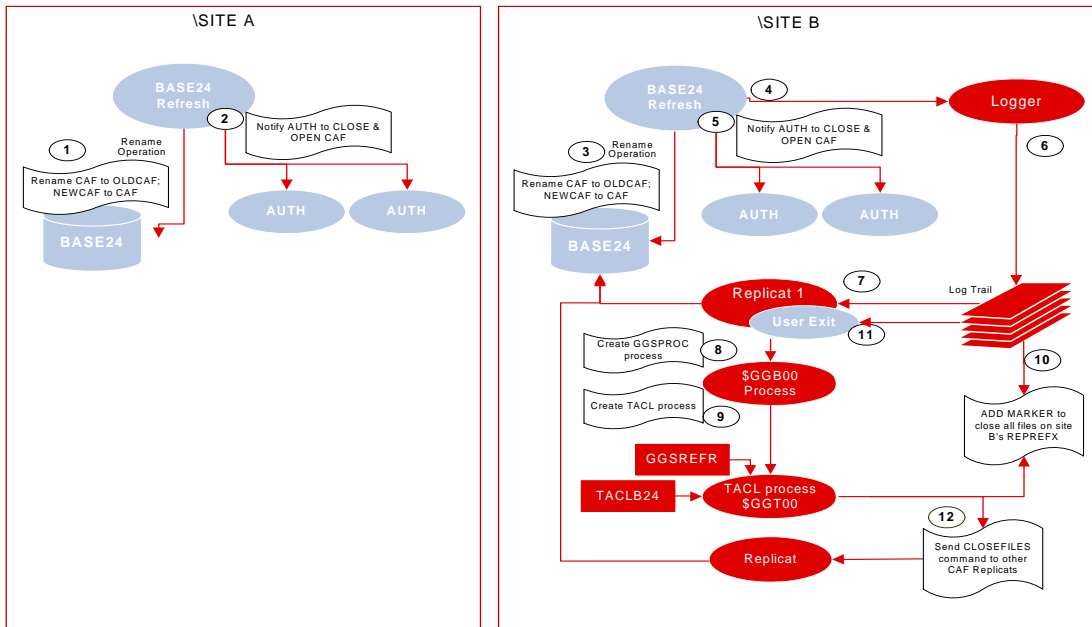
Replicat	Writes the CLOSEFILE marker to BASE24, which closes the current set of CAF and NEWCAF files and kicks off the new renaming process <b>(13)</b> .
----------	--

---

***Parallel full refresh processing***

The following diagram illustrates an environment where the full refresh processing runs independently on two sites. The refresh process on site A does not have the GoldenGate intercept library bound to itself or to the FUP used to load the new file. The refresh process on site B has the GoldenGate intercept library, but the FUP does not. In this case the optional processing flag <optflag> is set in the GGSREFR file.

**Figure 3** Notify process dataflow for parallel full refresh processing



objects on site A	Dataflow
BASE24 Refresh process	<p>Renames the CAF file to OLDCAF and the NEWCAF file to CAF (1).</p> <p>Cutover messages are sent to all active BASE24 Refresh processes (2).</p> <p>Updates the OLDCAF and CAF files until all cutover messages are received (2).</p> <p>Verifies that all BASE24 processes have closed OLDCAF and opened CAF (2).</p>

Objects on site B	Dataflow
BASE24 Refresh process	<p>Renames the CAF file to OLDCAF and the NEWCAF file to CAF <b>(3)</b>.</p> <p>Cutover messages are sent to all active BASE24 Refresh processes <b>(5)</b>.</p> <p>Updates the OLDCAF and CAF files until all cutover messages are received <b>(5)</b>.</p> <p>Verifies that all BASE24 processes have closed OLDCAF and opened CAF <b>(5)</b>.</p>
Logger	<p>Logger captures the rename operation <b>(4)</b>. Since the FUP process does not include the intercept library only file operations are captured by the Logger.</p>
log trail	<p>The rename operations are written to the log trail <b>(6)</b>.</p>
Replicat 1	<p>Reads the log trail and replicates the file renames <b>(7)</b>.</p> <p>Starts first Notify GGSPROC process, \$GGB00 <b>(7)</b>.</p> <p>Reads the log trail and processes the CLOSEFILE <b>(11)</b>.</p>
Notify process \$GGB00	<p>Starts the Notify TACL process \$GGT00 <b>(8)</b>.</p>
Notify process \$GGT00	<p>TACL process that runs the TACLB24 macro <b>(9)</b>, which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ Verifies the values in incoming reference files</li> <li>◆ Sends a CLOSEFILE marker to the Logger process log trail <b>(10)</b>.</li> <li>◆ Sends a GGSCI CLOSEFILES command to all local Replicats identified in the GGSREFR <b>(12)</b>.</li> </ul>

## Configuring the full refresh feature

The Notify process (N24) facilitates communication between dual sites, and is installed as part of D24. Because your sites are both sources and targets, you must install and configure this feature on site A and site B. To install this feature, you must:

- [Move N24 files into position](#)
- [Edit the TACLB24 Macro](#)
- [Edit the GGSREFR file](#)
- [Configure the LCONF](#)
- [Add the Notify process to BASE24](#)

### ***Move N24 files into position***

- Move the following files to your GoldenGate for HP NonStop subvolume:
  - TACLB24
  - GGSREFR
  - GGSPROC
- Move the Notify program to the same volume and subvolume as your BASE24 programs.

### ***Edit the TACLB24 Macro***

Using EDIT or TEDIT, open the TACLB24 macro file in your GoldenGate subvolume. Look for the comment line "==" Customer must populate these values". To configure the TACLB24 macro to work in your environment, you must point it to your Pathway server and a variety of different programs and files, as well as set some GoldenGate default names as shown in the following example.

1. Open the TACLB24 file using NonStop's EDIT or TEDIT.
2. Look for the following comment line in the macro edit file:

```
== Customer must populate these values
```

3. Enter the location of your Pathway PPD for your BASE24 network.

```
[#set :ppmn      $ppmn]
```

4. Enter the location of your NCPCOM program.

```
[#set :ncpcom <GG volume>.xpnetnn.ncpcom]
```

5. Set the location of your CHGNOTE program.

```
[#set :chgnote <GG volume>.<GG subvol>.chgnote]
```

6. Set the location of your Logdump program.

```
[#set :logdump <GG volume>.<GG subvol>.logdump]
```

7. Identify your default GoldenGate prefix.

```
[#set :prfx      $GG]
```

8. Set the location of your AUDCFG file.

```
[#set :audcfg    $system.ggs.audcfg]
```

9. Identify BASE24's Notify logical process name.

```
[#set :notify    <node name>.pla^node.pla^notify]
```

10. Set the location of GGSCI.

```
[#set :ggsci <GG volume>.<GG subvol>.ggsci]
```

11. Set the location of your Refresh edit file.

```
[#set :ggsrefr <GG volume>.<GG subvol>.ggsrefr]
```

The next two steps are optional:

12. Set the Replicat name for site 1.

```
[#set :repref1  REPREF1]
```

13. Set the Replicat name for site 2.

```
[#set :repref2  REPREF2]
```

Your final file will look like this sample:

```

== Customer must populate these values
[#set :ppmn      $ppmn]
[#set :ncpcom    $data8.xpnet30.ncpcom]
[#set :chgnote   $data7.ggs.chgnote]
[#set :prfx      $GG]
[#set :logdump   $data7.ggs.logdump]
[#set :audcfg    $system.ggs.audcfg]
[#set :notify    \ggs2.pla^node.pla^notify]
[#set :ggsci     $data7.ggs.ggsci]
[#set :ggsrefr   $data7.ggs.ggsrefr]
[#set :repref1   REPREF1]
[#set :repref2   REPREF2]
== Customer must populate these values above

```

### **Edit the GGSREFR file**

GGsREFR defines the files that will use D24 when they are renamed as part of the Refresh process. A DEFINE =NOTIFY statement is required as it contains the location of the TACLB24 macro.

In the following sample, see where you must supply your own environment variables.

**Figure 4** Sample space separated list of BASE24 full refresh files:

```

==      <fname>           <refrgrp> <replcat> <refrtype> <optppd> <optnotify> <optflag> <optLCONF>
<location>.PRO1DATA.PBF BK02   RPD24AB   1
<location>.PRO1DATA.CAF 0001   RPD24AB   7      $PPMN      P1A^NOTIFY
<location>.PRO1DATA.NEG BK01   RPD24AB   D      $PPMN      P1A^NOTIFY
<location>.PRO1DATA.CAF0 BK11   RB2423    7      $PPMN      P1A^NOTIFY      5      CAF-0001

```

Explanation of variables:

- **<fname>**: The filename(s) that are to be refreshed. These files should only be specified if there is a full refresh. The files specified should be local and used as target files. If you have files on the same disk and subvolume, specify the order of the files from largest filename size to shortest filename size, and fully qualify each filename with an HP NonStop system name as well.
- **<refrgrp>**: The BASE24 refresh group as defined in the IDF.

- **<replicat>**: The Replicat group name that closes and opens its files to allow bi-directional processing. This Replicat will always be on the source system and not the target.
- **<refrtype>**: Indicates which file has been refreshed. Valid values for files used by the Notify process are as follows:
  - 1 = Positive Balance File (PBF) for DDA and NOW accounts if multiple PBFs are used or all accounts if PBFs are combined
  - 2 = Positive Balance File (PBF) for savings accounts if multiple PBFs are used
  - 3 = Positive Balance File (PBF) for credit card accounts if multiple PBFs are used
  - 5 = Stop Payment File (SPF)
  - 6 = No Book File (NBF) - BASE24-teller only
  - 7 = Cardholder Authorization File (CAF)
  - 9 = Warning/Hold/Float File (WHFF) - BASE24-teller only
  - A = Corporate Check File (CCF) - BASE24-atm self-service banking (SSB) Check Application only
  - B = Check Status File (CSF) - BASE24-atm self-service banking (SSB) Check Application only
  - D = Negative Card File (NEG)
  - E = Customer/Card Information File (CCIF)
  - F = Customer/Card Memo File (CCMF)
  - Blank = Statement Print Data File (SPDF)

You may also choose to use the following optional parameters:

- **<optppd>**: The BASE24 Pathway name that is associated with the filename specified for the target system.  
  
This process name is derived from the customer-specified values in the TACLB24 macro, if not specified here. Use this value when you have multiple BASE24 environments and one GoldenGate environment.

- **<optnotify>**: The BASE24 symbolic name that is used to deliver a command to the associated Notify process for the target system and the particular target filename specified.

The symbolic process name is derived from the customer-specified values in the TACLB24 macro, if not specified with this file. This value is to be used when there are multiple Logical Networks for a BASE24 environment and one GoldenGate environment. You must specify the <optppd> parameter when using this value.

- **<optflag>**: This option flag has two potential uses:
  - Indicates whether the macro should perform a full notification, or send a CLOSEFILES command and marker to local Replicats only. Used mainly when full refreshes are required on target and source independent of each other.
    - **0** = full notification (the default)
    - **1** = only send the CLOSEFILES command and marker to local Replicats
  - Allows specification of an LCONF assign to use in place of the filename in the <optLCONF>. This is required for non-standard ACI files.
    - **5** = allows specification of an LCONF assign to use in place of the file name, but does not generate a notification of a filename mismatch.
    - **6** = allows specification of an LCONF assign to use in place of the file name and notifies when the filename in GGSREFR does not match the LCONF value specified.
- **<optLCONF>**: If the <optflag> is set to 5 or 6, this specifies an LCONF assign to validate.

**Note**                      When the primary refresh file has partitions, only the primary file name should be specified in GGSREFR.

Once you have edited the GGSREFR, you must edit your parameters and ensure that the GLOBALS file includes all the required DEFINES.



## Configure the LCONF

The following LCONF assigns must be available for the Notify process to retrieve the proper filename (usually the CAF/PBF <refresh groupname>). Unless the LCONF value was specified in GGSREFR using the <optflag> = 5 or 6, you must configure the LCONF so Notify can communicate the correct location of the file to be reopened. In each assign message, you must specify:

- The file to be refreshed
- The location of the refreshed file
- The template used to create the file

The following examples show where to place environment-specific information in your LCONF file. These assigns are optional if there is a current assign in your BASE24 system. For more information refer to the explanation on page 28 of the <optFlag> and <optLCONF> parameters in GGSREFR.

**Figure 5** LCONF assign for the CAF

```
***** LCONF ASSIGN MESSAGE *****
      Process Name: *****
      ASSIGN: CAF--<IDF Refresh group>
      TO: <node name>.<volume>.PRO1DATA.CAF
      Template: <node name>.<volume>.PRO1TPLT.CAF
Product Use:
  BASE      ATM      POS
Comments:   THE NAME OF THE CARD AUTHORIZATION FILE.  TEMPLATE REQUIRED FOR
            FULL-FILE REFRESH.  READ BY THE REFRESH PROCESS AND NOTIFY
            PROCESS.
User Field:
Record read O.K.
===== Last Modified 01/10/10 08:44:04 =====
F2=READ F3=ADD F4=DELETE F5=UPDATE F6=RD NEXT F7=PREV F10=PRINT F16=EXIT
SF2=SEARCH-FOR-MATCH
```

## LCONF assign for the PBF

The PBF file can be referenced in four different ways in the LCONF:

- PBF file
- PBFDA for Checking Accounts
- PBFSV for Savings Accounts
- PBFCC for Credit Card Accounts

**Figure 6** LCONF assign for a PBF file

```
***** LCONF ASSIGN MESSAGE *****
      Process Name: *****
      ASSIGN: PBF-<IDF Refresh group>
      TO: <node name>.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PBF
      Template: <node name>.<volume>.PRO1TPLT.PBF
Product Use:
  BASE      ATM      POS

Comments:  THE NAME OF THE POSITIVE BALANCE FILE.  TEMPLATE REQUIRED FOR
           FULL-FILE REFRESH.  READ BY THE REFRESH PROCESS AND NOTIFY
           PROCESS.

User Field:

Record read O.K.
===== Last Modified 01/10/10 08:44:04 =====
F2=READ F3=ADD F4=DELETE F5=UPDATE F6=RD NEXT F7=PREV F10=PRINT F16=EXIT
SF2=SEARCH-FOR-MATCH
```

**Figure 7** LCONF assign for a PBFDA, PBFSV, or PBFCC file

```
***** LCONF ASSIGN MESSAGE *****
Process Name: *****
ASSIGN: PBF<DA|SV|CC>-<IDF Refresh group>
      TO: <node name>.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PBF<DA|SV|CC>
      Template: <node name>.<volume>.PRO1TPLT.PBF
Product Use:
      BASE      ATM      POS
Comments: THE NAME OF THE POSITIVE BALANCE FILE. TEMPLATE REQUIRED FOR
          FULL-FILE REFRESH. READ BY THE REFRESH PROCESS AND NOTIFY
          PROCESS.
User Field:
Record read O.K.
===== Last Modified 01/10/10 08:44:04 =====
F2=READ F3=ADD F4=DELETE F5=UPDATE F6=RD NEXT F7=PREV F10=PRINT F16=EXIT
SF2=SEARCH-FOR-MATCH
```

### LCONF assign for GGSFUP

You must configure the FUP-FILE-NAME assign screen with the location of the GGSFUP program that loads the newly-refreshed files. To create a GGSFUP program:

1. FUP DUP the system's FUP object program into the GoldenGate subvolume and name it GGSFUP
2. Use the BIND PROGRAM command in GGSCI to bind the GGSLIB library to the GGSFUP program.
3. FUP LICENSE the new GGSFUP program
4. Fill in the location of the GGSFUP program in the LCONF FUP-FILE-NAME Assign screen

**Figure 8** LCONF assign for the FUP program

```

BASE24-BASE LOGICAL NET CONFIG FILE PROJ          04/04/19 05:11 02 OF 04
                                LNCF ASSIGN SCREEN
                                READ BY: *****
                                ASSIGN NAME: FUP-FILE-NAME
                                LOCATION/ID: <\system>.<GGS vol>.<GGS subvol>.GGSFUP
                                TEMPLATE FILE:

USAGE CODES:
BASE ATM  POS  _____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
COMMENTS:  FUP THAT IS USED FOR FULL REFRESHES

USER FIELD:
RECORD LAST CHANGED: 04/04/05 06:46 BY USER: 0255 , 00000255 CHANGE
***** BASE24 *****
NEW PAGE:      FILE DESTINATION:      NEW LOGICAL NETWORK ID:
SF2 - SEARCH-FOR-MATCH          F12-HELP
RECORD RETRIEVED FROM \TRILL.$DATA06.CERTDATA.L1CONF                      0000
    
```

**Add the Notify process to BASE24**

**Note** Remember to add N24 to both sites in your implementation.

The Notify process for D24 must be included in your XPNET configuration. Its purpose is to take the place of the standard refresh processing instigated by Replicat. You may have already completed this step using the N1ACONF obey file as explained on page 15. If not, an example of how you might use NCPCOM to add this process to your existing XPNET configuration is listed below.

```

TACL> NCPCOM $PPMN
1 > set process like P1A^REFR
    Process \SITEB.P1A^NODE.P1A^REFR set complete.
2 > set process ppd $P1NO
3 > set process program <BASE24 vol>.<BASE24 subvol>.NOTIFY
4 > add process \SITEB.P1A^NODE.P1A^NOTIFY
    Process \SITEB.P1A^NODE.P1A^NOTIFY added.
    
```

Repeat these steps for every logical network in your dual-site implementation.

## Configuring the ATD and PTD DDL

For GoldenGate D24 to operate correctly, you must configure the ATD and PTD DDL files with the correct record layouts. This is because ACI DDL for the ATDxx and PTDxx data files contain all the definitions but lack adequate record layouts for data mapping. To configure the ATD and PTD DDL you must:

- [Edit the ATM DDLFATD](#)
- [Edit the POS DDLFPTD](#)

### **Edit the ATM DDLFATD**

Changes must be made to the DDLFATD file to be used with GoldenGate. The order of the definitions must be re-arranged so the DDL will compile without any problems.

#### **To edit the DDLFATD:**

1. Create A new subvolume, D24ADDL, for the ATM device files. Copy the following files into the subvolume D24ADDL:
  - DDLFATD
  - DDLFTDF
  - DDLGADEF
  - DDLGATD
  - DDLGDEFS
2. Ensure the BLDDICT file is created to compile files, and contains the following commands:

```
VOLUME <volume>.D24ADDL
FUP PURGE DICT*
DDL / IN DDLGDEFS, OUT $$.#DEFS / DICT
DDL / IN DDLGADEF, OUT $$.#ADEF / DICT
DDL / IN DDLGATD, OUT $$.#GATD / DICT
DDL / IN DDLFATD, OUT $$.#FATD / DICT
DDL / IN DDLFTDF , OUT $$.#TDF / DICT
```

**Note**            The location <volume>.D24ADDL is used in the DICTIONARY parameter located in the GoldenGate RPTDFAB (BA) parameter file.

3. Change the order of the DDLFATD files:

Original Order of Files	Required Order of Files
?section atd-history	?section atd-history
?section atd-deflist	?section atd-deflist
?section atdd1	?section atdd2
?section atdd2	?section atds1
?section atds1	?section atdd1-core
?section atdd1-core	?section atds1-core
?section atds1-core	?section atdd1

4. Comment out the DATA-AREA and perform the following task:

Determine the length of the ATDD1-CORE definition and subtract it from the size of the DATA-AREA field. For example, In the file below, the original DATA-AREA field is 3938 bytes, and the length of the ATDD1-CORE definition is 540 bytes. Therefore the length of the DATA-AREA is 3938 less 540, or 3398.

```
* GoldenGate Dual Site Modification
!00187B00
* 02 DATA-AREA PIC X(3938). !00187B01
* CORE LENGTH = 540 29SEP03
  02 CORE TYPE ATDD1-CORE.
  02 DATA-AREA PIC X(3398).
```

**Note**            The actual values of the DATA-AREA and ATDD1-CORE definitions can change with new fixes or new releases. Check them in the current DDLFATD file before making the above changes. Once the changes are made, re-compile the DDLFATD file.

***Edit the POS DDLFPTD***

Changes must be made to the DDLFPTD file so GoldenGate processes data correctly. The order of the definitions must be re-arranged so the DDL will compile without any problems.

**To edit the POS DDLFPTD:**

1. Create a new subvolume, D24PDDL for the POS device files, and add the following files:
  - DDLFPTD
  - DDLFPTDF
  - DDLGDEFS
  - DDLGPTD
2. Ensure the BLDDICT file is created to compile the files, and contains the following commands:

```
VOLUME <volume>.D24PDDL
FUP PURGE DICT*
DDL / IN DDLGDEFS, OUT $$.#DEFS / DICT
DDL / IN DDLGPTD, OUT $$.#GPTD / DICT
DDL / IN DDLFPTD, OUT $$.#FPTD / DICT
DDL / IN DDLFPTDF, OUT $$.#PTDF / DICT
```

**Note**            The location <volume>.D24PDDL is used in the DICTIONARY parameter, located in the GoldenGate RPTDFAB(BA) parameter file.

3. Change the file order in the DDLFPTD:

Original Order	Required Order
?section ptd-history	?section ptd-history
?section ptd-deflist	?section ptd-deflist
?section ptdd1	?section ptdd2
?section ptdd2	?section ptdds1
?section ptdds1	?section ptdd1-core
?section ptdd1-core	?section ptdds1-core
?section ptdds1-core	?section ptdd1

4. Change the end of the PTDD1 record definition by commenting out the DATA-AREA field and performing the following:

Determine the length of the PTDD1-CORE definition and subtract it from the size of the DATA-AREA field (3916). In the example below, the CORE LENGTH is 2370 bytes. Therefore the length of the DATA-AREA is 3916 less 2370, resulting in 1546.

```
* GoldenGate Dual Site Modifications
*
* 02 DATA-AREA PIC X(3916). !00238A01
* CORE LENGTH = 2370 14NOV03
02 CORE                                TYPE PTDD1-CORE.
02 DATA-AREA                          PIC X(1546).
```

5. Once the changes are made, re-compile the DDLFPTD file.

**Note**            The length of the DATA-AREA and PTDD1-CORE definitions can change with new fixes or new releases. Check the actual values in the current DDLFPTD file before making the above changes.

## Configuring the D24 user exit

The D24 user exit, bound into Replicat, performs three functions:

- Adds or updates the multiple logical net token for the TLF and PTLF files so BASE24 can distinguish local transaction log records from remote log records.
- Merges N24 (full refresh) functionality for BASE24 satellite processes into the dual site product.
- Applies the amount field difference between the source record's 'before' image and 'after' image to the replicated field. Called delta functionality, this eliminates the possibility of overlaying amount values between systems.

For the user exit to work properly, you must install the code, edit the EXITPARAM, and configure GoldenGate parameters.



## Prerequisite: configure GoldenGate components

In order to preserve data integrity between remote and local systems, you must ensure records are in uncompressed, or full image format. To accomplish this, you must configure the following components:

- **Logger Parameter File:** Use the NOCOMPRESSUPDATES and GETBEFOREUPDATES parameters for the CAF, PBF and UAF files.
- **Extract Parameter File:** Use the GETUPDATEBEFORES parameter.
- **Replicat Parameter File:** Use the GETUPDATEBEFORES, NOCOMPENScriBEMAPS and CUSEREXIT parameters.

## Install the user exit

To execute the BINDEXIT macro that binds the user exit D24UE with the Replicat program, complete the following tasks:

1. Make sure you are on the volume and subvolume where GoldenGate is installed.
2. From the TACL prompt, execute the BINDEXIT utility.

```
TACL> RUN BINDEXIT
```

3. Answer the prompts in the following example:

```
BINDEXIT Utility
```

```
Creates a new EXTRACT or REPLICAT object file with bound in USER  
EXIT routines. Enter X at any prompt to quit.
```

```
Enter type of object to create, EXTRACT or REPLICAT: REPLICAT  
Enter name of your USER EXIT object file: D24UE  
Enter name of the NEW REPLICAT object file: REPD24  
SQL Catalog for SQLCOMP (or N to avoid SQL compile): GGSCAT  
Accelerate code when BIND finished (Y/N)? Y
```

The following page shows an example of the output of the BINDEEXIT utility.

```
Creating new REPLICAT object file...
*** Binder conflicts, check output in $$.#BIND.REPD24 ***

New REPLICAT file $DATA06.GGS7000.REPD24 created with user exits.
Accelerating $DATA06.GGS7000.REPD24...
@ACCELERATOR - T9276D30 - 11MAY01 - (Apr  2 2001)
Copyright Tandem Computers, Incorporated, 1988-1997
Options:  SAFE UC PROCDEBUG NOTLINKABLE INHERITSCC_ON ATOMIC_ON
OVTRAP_ON
TRUNCATEINDEXING_ON SAFEALIASINGRULES_ON

System name = \GGS2
CPU number = 0, CPU type = Unknown
Accelerated on 10/26/2001 at 12:02:39.
204523 TNS instruction words
294909 TNS/R instructions
2.88 inline code expansion factor

TNS File Name: \GGS2.$DATA06.GGS7000.REPD24
Binder Region Present
Symbols Region Present
0 Errors were detected
0 Warnings were issued

Accelerated File Name: \GGS2.$DATA06.GGS7000.REPD24
CPU Time 0:04:05.633
Elapsed Time 0:05:53
Extended segment size = 17545640 bytes.
STOPPED: 0,217
CPU time: 0:00:12.509
1: Process terminated with warning diagnostics

TACL>  FUP LICENSE REPD24 (need to be Super.Super)
```

### **Binding the user exit in a native environment**

To bind your user exit in a native environment, you must run the NLDEXIT macro to bind the native user exit D24UEN with the native Replicat program. Complete the following tasks:

1. Ensure you are on the volume and subvolume where GoldenGate is installed.
2. Make sure you have installed and licensed the native version of Replicat.
3. From a TACL prompt, run the following:

```
TACL> RUN NLDEXIT
```

4. Enter the following prompts:

```
NLDEXIT Utility
```

```
Creates a new Native EXTRACT or REPLICAT object file linked with a  
USEREXIT module.
```

```
Enter X at any prompt to quit.
```

```
Enter type of GGS object to create, Extract or Replicat: Replicat
```

```
GG Object Type: REPLICAT
```

```
Enter $Vol.Subvol for REPLICAT Relinkable: $DATA06.HBSV7020
```

```
Enter location of userexit object: GGSEVN.D24UEN
```

```
Enter name for new object file: REPD24N
```

```
Does your User Exit contain C++ modules (Y/N) : Y
```

```
What C++ runtime version (2/3) : 3
```

```
Does your User Exit contain Cobol modules (Y/N) : Y
```

```
New REPLICAT file $DATA06.HBSV7020.REPD24N created with user exits.
```

```
SQL Catalog for SQLCOMP (or N to avoid SQL compile): GGSCAT
```

## **Configuring delta processing**

When running bi-directional processing in a high-demand environment such as an ATM or POS system, certain files must remain up-to-date. To help ensure fields such as amounts and available balances remain current, D24 will apply delta processing. Delta processing looks at the before and after image fields, then

applies the difference of the two. To do this, the user exit reads a DEFGEN output file and parses it to determine delta processing requirements you specify. You may apply delta processing to any file you wish; see *Appendix 1: Delta Fields* for recommendations for delta processing fields.

Before selecting a field for delta processing, be aware of the following caveats:

- You must run DEFGEN to create a valid output file, and must specify its location in the mapped file structures or definitions. DEFGEN can generate definitions for file segments; however, if a file segment is not designated as a delta field it is ignored.
- You must designate the fields that require delta processing.
- Any field after a variable length field within a segment or definition is not included in the current design.
- Delta processing for entry-sequenced files is currently not supported. In addition, audited files are not supported at this time.

To configure delta processing, you must:

- [Generate DEFGEN for D24](#)
- [Edit the EXITPARAM](#)

## Processing reset transactions

For certain fields, BASE24 applications may set a period of time to accumulate the amount. At the end of that time, the first transaction that is processed will reset the accumulated amount to zero.

In a bi-directional environment if, for any reason, the first transaction of the accumulation period for one of the sites (the *reset transaction*) is processed before an already-processed reset transaction comes in from the other site, the accumulator is reset on and replicated to both sides, which calculates an incorrect accumulator amount.

For example assume an accumulating account has a balance of \$100. At the beginning of the reset period it receives a deposit of \$400 on site A. Normal processing would be:

- Site A receives a \$400 deposit as the first transaction of the period and resets the balance to zero and then to \$400.
- It sends the operation to site B, where delta processing is applied. The site A ending balance (\$400) less the site A beginning balance (- \$100) plus site B current balance(+ \$100) results in \$400.
- Next there is a \$50 withdrawal on site B making the balance \$350.
- This transaction is sent to site A where the delta of the site B ending balance (\$350) minus the site A current balance (\$400) is applied. This calculation of  $(\$350 - \$400) + \$400$  brings site A's balance to \$350 as well.

However, if something causes out-of-order operations, something like the following can occur:

- Site A receives the \$400 deposit and its accumulator is reset to zero and then set to \$400.
- For some reason (e.g. the link is down) the transaction is not sent to site B at this time.
- In the meantime site B receives a \$50 withdrawal that, as far as it knows, is the first transaction of the accumulation period for the account. It processes it as a reset transaction and site B's account balance is reset to zero and then set to negative \$50.
- Whatever delayed the transaction is resolved, so the \$400 deposit comes in from site A to site B. It is processed as a regular transaction and delta processing is applied. The delta of 400 minus the before balance of 100 gets applied to the site B balance of -\$50 resulting in an incorrect \$250 balance.
- Likewise the \$50 withdrawal comes to site A from site B and is processed as a regular transaction. The delta of negative 50 minus 100 gets applied to the site A balance of \$400 resulting in an incorrect \$250 balance.

To help handle this situation, the following types of fields need to be identified in the DEFGGEN output generated for delta processing.

- A *usage accumulator* field, which is reset to zero on a periodic basis determined by the user.
- A *conditional* field, which stores the date of the last reset transaction. This is updated whenever GoldenGate processes a reset transaction.

## Generate DEFGEN for D24

The DEFGEN output file is read the first time a MAP statements calls for the D24 user exit. The MAP statement calls an EXITPARAM, which has the DEFGEN output file name. The user exit builds an internal definition table that identifies each definition as a segment or standard definition, and the delta fields for that definition.

For files, definitions and delta fields to be processed by the D24 user exit, generate an output file from the DEFGEN utility program and edit the output file. For DEFGEN instructions, see the *GoldenGate for HP NonStop Administrator Guide*. Generate your own DEFGEN file for each file type you plan to process. Once you have generated the definitions, copy the definition files into a new DDL source file. All definitions for a file must be contiguous.

### To prepare the DEFGEN output file:

1. Run DEFGEN on each file which requires delta processing.

```
RUN DEFGEN EXPANDDDL MAXCOLNAMELEN 50 EXPANDGROUPARRAYS
RESOLVEDUPGROUP OMITREDEFS
File/Table to create definition for (or Exit): <BASE24 data
volume>.<BASE24 data subvolume>.CAF1 (UNIQUE for Each SEG)
Include DDL record definition (Y?N)? Y
DDL dictionary: <BASE24 dictionary volume>.<BASE24 dictionary
subvolume>
DDL record definition name: POSCAF
```

**Note** The File/Table to create definition for each segment needs to be unique for each prompt or DEFGEN will replace the previous definition. If you have multiple definitions for one file type (e.g. three CAF definitions) use copies of your file so the definitions are not replaced.

2. Open the DEFGEN file for editing (use Edit or Tedit).

```
TACL> TEDIT CAFDEF
```

3. Add a line to identify the definition.

Insert this line in front of the definition; it identifies either a segment or a standard definition. This line ties the segment definition to the actual data by segment id. Each segment in the data record has its segment id at the start of the segment.

Segment Definition Line <exitparm file id> SEGID <segment #>

- <exitparm file id> identifies which file is being processed.
- SEGID identifies a segment definition respectively.
- <segment #> is a four digit number that identifies the segment.

#### 4. Add a column to identify the delta fields

Add a new column at the end of the field line that indicates the fields role in delta processing.

- **D** ( binary delta processing) indicates that the difference between before and after amounts are used to update this field.
- **U** (usage accumulator) indicates this field is used to accumulate the amount over a specified time period.
- **C** (conditional) indicates this field stores the date of the last reset of the usage accumulator fields. Note that only one conditional field should be defined for any segment definition.

## **Edit the EXITPARAM**

For the D24 user exit to enable delta processing functionality, each file being extracted must have a MAP and EXITPARAM statement. The MAP statement specifies which file is extracted and replicated; the EXITPARAM governs how the

file is replicated. The following EXITPARAM string is required and must be in the proper order when using the D24 user exit.

```
EXITPARAM: "<file id>, <def location> [, NOTIFY | NOTIFYT]
           [, WARNINGS | WARNINGD] [, DELTAADD] [, -O<filename>]"
```

Option	Description
<file id>	<p>File identifier that determines the file type to be processed by the user exit. It identifies file types for applying the changes to balance, amount, and accumulation fields as designated by the DEFGEN output file.</p> <p>This identifier can be a maximum of four characters that identify a valid file, such as CAF, PBF or UAF. The user may specify up to 4 alpha-numeric characters per each map statement.</p> <p>TLF or PTLF may not be used as these identifiers indicate files that use the remote flag in the multi-logical net token. All other alpha-numeric field combinations are allowed.</p>
<def location>	<p>Fully qualified file name of the output DEFGEN per file type and based on target filename. If you have differing CAF definitions you will need different definition files generated by DEFGEN and different file identifiers. When only a file name is supplied, the default GoldenGate volume and subvolume is used.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This field is required for the delta function.</p>
NOTIFY   NOTIFYT	<p>NOTIFY is used to identify which files are monitored for BASE24 full refresh renames. This is an optional Notify process parameter for the target mapped file.</p>



Option	Description
	<p>NOTIFYT is used to turn on extensive Trace functionality in the user exit as well as GGSPROC logic.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The NOTIFYT option should only be used when instructed by GoldenGate that it is needed for debugging.</p>
WARNINGS   WARNINGD	<p>WARNINGS triggers the display of warning messages when a mismatch is found between local and remote delta fields. This option only applies to the files that are designated as a delta file and also only applies to those fields designated as delta fields. It is ignored for the TLF and PTLF files. The default is not to display any warnings. This is an optional D24 parameter.</p> <p>WARNINGD turns on the WARNINGS option and also triggers the user exit to call DEBUG when there is a critical error.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The WARNINGD option can have a negative impact on the system and should be used only when instructed by GoldenGate that it is required for debugging.</p>
DELTAADD	<p>DELTAADD changes the processing for the following operations when there is a problem with the target record:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ Insert</li></ul> <p>When the record already exists, DELTAADD turns on delta processing so that the delta value is accumulated to the target.</p>

Option	Description
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ Update</li> </ul> <p>When the record does not exist, the system changes the update to an insert operation. When the record exists, the delta feature (a calculated delta value) is updated for the fields specified in the definition file.</p>
-O<filename>	<p>&lt;filename&gt; identifies the name of a file to be used when the target file does not exist, such as may happen when an update occurs after a file is renamed to OLD&lt;file&gt; but before the NEW&lt;file&gt; is renamed to take its place.</p> <p>If the &lt;filename&gt; is not qualified, as may be required because of space constraints, it must be located on the same volume and subvolume as the missing target file.</p>

**Note** Because the EXITPARAM options may exceed the allotted space, if all parameters are needed, the DEF file should be placed on the GoldenGate default subvolume.

Each file uses specific parameter options. The following table lists the parameter options required for each file.

Function	File ID	Parameter Options
Delta	CAF	<p>Required: &lt;file id&gt;, &lt;def location&gt;</p> <p>Optional: NOTIFY, WARNINGS, DELTAADD, -O&lt;filename&gt;</p>
Delta	PBF	<p>Required: &lt;file id&gt;, &lt;def location&gt;</p> <p>Optional: NOTIFY, WARNINGS, DELTAADD, -O&lt;filename&gt;</p>

Function	File ID	Parameter Options
Delta	UAF	Required: <file id>, <def location> Optional: NOTIFY, WARNINGS, DELTAADD, -O<filename>
Delta Definition File	n/a	Required: filename
Remote Flag	TLF	Required: TLF <file id>
Remote Flag	PTLF	Required: PTLF <file id>
Notify process	full refresh files	Required: NOTIFY

Each file must have its own MAP and EXITPARAM statements. See the following table for examples.

### **Sample EXITPARAMS**

EXITPARAM	Description
MAP <source>.CAF, TARGET <target>.CAF, EXITPARAM "CAF, <volume>.D24.CAFDEF";	Only the delta function will be applied to this CAF file. No warning messages.
MAP <source>.CAF, TARGET <target>.CAF, EXITPARAM "CAF, <volume>.D24.CAFDEF, WARNINGS";	The delta function will be applied to the CAF file, and uses the DEFGEN output of CAFDEF. For each delta field that does not match between the local and remote system, a warning message will be displayed.

<b>EXITPARAM</b>	<b>Description</b>
<pre>MAP &lt;source&gt;.PBF, TARGET &lt;target&gt;.PBF, EXITPARAM "PBF,&lt;volume&gt;.D24.PBFDEF, NOTIFY";</pre>	<p>The delta function will be applied to this PBF file, no warning messages. The Notify process will be invoked.</p>
<pre>MAP &lt;source&gt;.NEG, TARGET &lt;target&gt;.NEG, EXITPARAM "NOTIFY";</pre>	<p>The Notify process will be invoked for this NEG file.</p>
<pre>MAP &lt;source&gt;.CAF, TARGET &lt;target&gt;.CAF, EXITPARAM "NOTIFY";</pre>	<p>Only the Notify process will be invoked for the CAF file.</p>
<pre>MAP &lt;source&gt;.PBF, TARGET &lt;target&gt;.PBF, EXITPARAM "PBF, &lt;volume&gt;.D24.PBFDEF3, NOTIFY, WARNINGS";</pre>	<p>The delta function will be applied to this PBF file using the PBF file id and a DEFGEN output file of PBFDEF3. If any delta fields do not match between the source and target files a warning message will be displayed. The Notify process will be invoked for this PBF file.</p>
<pre>MAP &lt;source&gt;.UAF, TARGET &lt;target&gt;.UAF, EXITPARAM "UAF, &lt;volume&gt;.D24.UAFDEF";</pre>	<p>Only the delta function will be applied to this UAF file type. No warning messages.</p>
<pre>MAP &lt;source&gt;.UAF, TARGET &lt;target&gt;.UAF, EXITPARAM "UAF, &lt;volume&gt;.D24.UAFDEF", NOTIFY, WARNINGS, DELTAADD;</pre>	<p>The delta function will be applied to the UAF file for both inserts and updates. Updates will be changed to inserts if the target record does not exist. Warning messages will be displayed and the Notify process will be invoked for this UAF file.</p>

EXITPARAM	Description
MAP <source>.CAF, TARGET <target>.CAF, EXITPARAM "CAF,<volume>.D24.CAFDEF, -OOLDCAF, WARNINGS";	The delta function will be applied to the CAF file. If the target CAF file is missing, OLDCAF will be opened in its place.

## Configuring initial data synchronization

Before regular dual-site processing can begin with D24, files need to be loaded to change field values between site A and site B. This can be done using GoldenGate's initial load facility or using FUP to duplicate the files required and using the EDIT function in the LCONF server.

If you decide to synchronize your databases using FUP DUP, you must edit the LCONF file to point to your new environment. Specifically, edit the LCONF screen as follows:

```
L*CONF: <Enter NonStop node name> <Enter Volume name>
```

Before starting up both BASE24 environments, one site will have to be designated as the initial master site (i.e. in this example site A). All the BASE24 files have to be loaded from site A to site B. This can be done in one of the following methods:

- BACKUP files from site A and RESTORE the files to site B
- FUP DUP the files from site A to site B
- Use GoldenGate Direct Load for all files. For step-by-step instructions, see the *GoldenGate for HP NonStop Administrator Guide*

### Initial data synchronization requirements

- Make sure the GoldenGate Logger is running and all processes that access the BASE24 database either have the GoldenGate library BASELIB or GGSLIB bound into them.
- If GoldenGate defines are required, make sure all processes have the correct GoldenGate files and processes open.

- It is acceptable to have the Extracts running on \SITEA, however the Replicats on \SITEB must NOT be running.
- Make sure the LCONF is loaded correctly; see [Sample LCONF initial data synchronization parameters](#).
- If you are using Replicat to load files initially, make sure the HANDLECOLLISIONS parameter is set on in the Replicat parameter files. This is to allow changes to the database that happen during the time of backing up and restoring to be applied to the target database without encountering missing or duplicate errors. Once all the Extracts and Replicats show zero lag, stop the Replicats and comment out the HANDLECOLLISIONS parameter. Then restart the Replicats.

## Sample LCONF initial data synchronization parameters

The following sample shows parameter files specifically configured for LCONF initial data synchronization.

Sample Extract parameter file:

```
EILCONF
--
-- EILCONF - This Extract reads the source LCONF file and writes to
-- Remote / Extract File \SITEB.<volume>.B24INIT.LCONF

-- Directly read the LCONF source file
SOURCEISFILE

-- Set the discard file
DISCARDFILE <volume>.GGSDISC.EILCONF, PURGE

-- Use the length of the record read. Do not pad with spaces
NOFILLSHORTRECS

-- Output Extract file to be read by the Replicat RILCONF
EXTFILE \SITEB.<volume>,B24INIT.LCONF, MEGABYTES<megabytes>, PURGE

-- SOURCE DATA FILE TO BE LOADED
FILE \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.L1CONF;
```

### Sample Replicat parameter file:

```
RILCONF
--
-- RILCONF - This Replicat reads the Remote / Extract File
-- <volume>.B24INIT.LCONF and loads the target LCONF file.

-- One time processing for initial load
SPECIAL RUN
-- Tell Replicat to end at end of file
END RUNTIME

-- Set the discard file
DISCARDFILE <volume>.GGSDISC.RILCONF, PURGE
-- Set the dictionary location
DICTIONARY <base24 base volume>.BA60DDL

-- Use the target dictionary
ASSUMETARGETDEFS
-- Do block reads
FASTREADS

-- Identify the EXTRACT FILE to be read
EXTFILE \SITEB.<volume>.B24INIT.LCONF

-- Map the LCONF file and substitute NonStop node and volume.
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1CNTL.L*CONF, TARGET
\SITEB.<volume>.PRO1CNTL.*,
  TARGETDEF LCONF,
  COLMAP (PRIKEY          = PRIKEY,
          PROD-IND        = PROD-IND,
          LCONF.COMMENTS = @STRSUB (LCONF.COMMENTS, "\SITEA",
                                   "\SITEB"),
          LAST-CHNG-TIME = LAST-CHNG-TIME,
          FILE-NAME       = @STRSUB (FILE-NAME, "\SITEA", "\SITEB"),
          TEMPLATE        = @STRSUB (TEMPLATE, "\SITEA", "\SITEB"),
          USER-FIELD      = USER-FIELD,
          USER-FLD2       = USER-FLD2),
          PROD-IND-ADNL   = PROD-IND-ADNL,
          USER-FLD4       = USER-FLD4,
          LAST-AFM        = LAST-AFM),
  WHERE (ITEM-TYP = "A");
```

```
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1CNTL.L*CONF,
TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1CNTL.*,
  TARGETDEF LCONF,
  COLMAP (PRIKEY          = PRIKEY,
          PROD-IND        = PROD-IND,
          LCONF.COMMENTS = @STRSUB (LCONF.COMMENTS, "\SITEA",
          "\SITEB"),
          LAST-CHNG-TIME = LAST-CHNG-TIME,
          PLGTH           = PLGTH,
          PTXT            = @STRSUB (PTXT, "\SITEA", "\SITEB"),
          USER-FLD3       = USER-FLD3,
          PROD-IND-ADNL   = PROD-IND-ADNL,
          USER-FLD4       = USER-FLD4,
          LAST-AFM        = LAST-AFM),
  WHERE (ITEM-TYP = "P");
```



## CHAPTER 3

# Configuring D24



This chapter guides you through configuring change capture on both sites of your dual-site environment. Topics include:

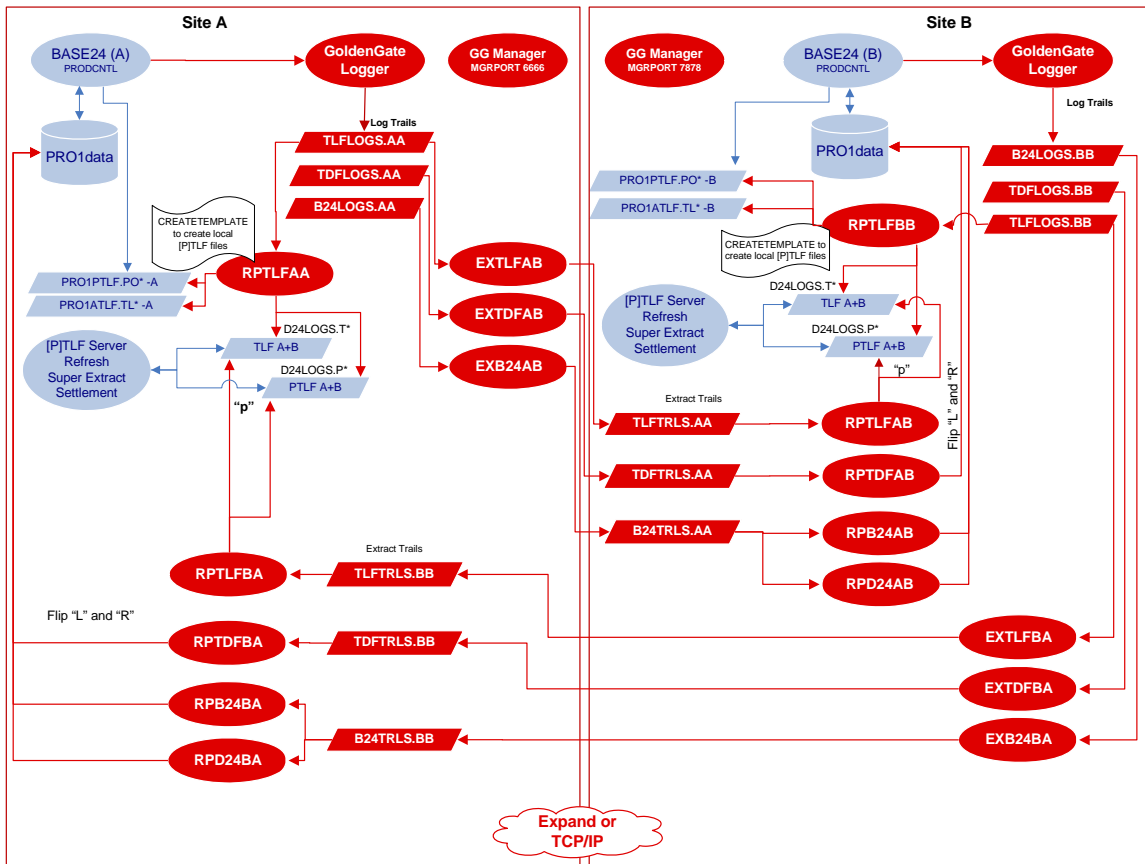
- [Overview](#)
- [Configuring site A parameter files](#)
- [Configuring site B parameter files](#)
- [Adding and starting GoldenGate components](#)

## Overview

This chapter outlines a typical change capture environment for dual site processing, and suggests one way to configure the GoldenGate components. Your business needs, data loads, and other factors are discussed in “Planning for D24” on page 12.

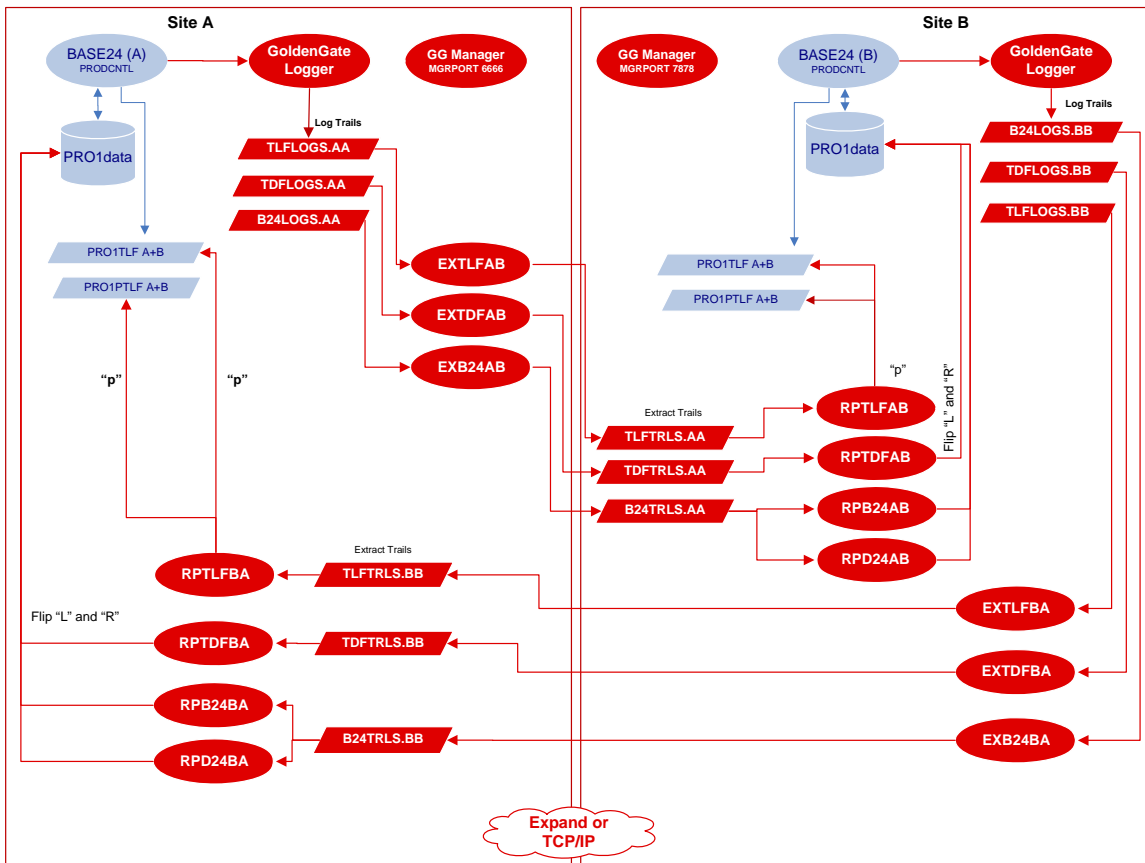
The following diagrams illustrate the typical environment.

**Figure 9** Overview with local and combined transaction log files



The configuration in Figure 9 includes local TLF and PTLF files that are created by GoldenGate and the combined transaction logs. Figure 10 shows a configuration with only the combined transaction logs. GoldenGate processes and trails are shown in red; BASE24 in blue-gray.

**Figure 10** Overview with combined transaction logs



## Naming conventions

In this chapter, GoldenGate components are named according to the following convention. In the table, a sample Replicat name, RPTLFBA, has been broken into three parts:

RP	TLF	BA
GoldenGate Component:	Files to capture, e.g.:	Replication direction:
◆ RP = Replicat	◆ TLF = TLF and PTLF files	◆ BA = site B to site A
◆ EX= Extract	◆ TDF = device files	◆ AB = site A to site B
	◆ B24 = BASE24 data files	◆ AA = siteA to site A
		◆ BB = site B to site B

## Sample D24 components - site A

The site A configuration in this chapter uses the following components:

### One Global parameter file

### One Manager

### ThreeLoggers

- **\$GGL00** (Logger 0): Captures changes to the PTLF and TLF files. It is read by the EXTLFAB Extract and the RPTLFAA Replicat
- **\$GGL01** (Logger 1): Captures changes to the PTD, ATD and TDF files. It is read by the EXTDFAB Extract.
- **\$GGL02** (Logger 2): Captures changes to all the other BASE24 data files. It is read by the EXB24AB Extract.

### Three Extracts

- **EXTLFAB**: Reads logtrail TLFLOGS.AA and writes the trail records to the extract trail TLFTRLS.AA on \SITEB. The Extract will exclude the transaction log header record (i.e. record type "00").

- **EXTDFAB:** Reads logtrail TDFLOGS.AA and writes the extract trail records to TDFTRLS.AA on \SITEB.
- **EXB24AB:** Reads logtrail B24LOGS.AA and writes the extract trail records to B24TRLS.AA on \SITEB.

### Five Replicats

- **RPTLFAA:** Creates local transaction log files and updates combined transaction log files.
- **RPTLFBA:** Updates combined transaction log files only.
- **RPTDFBA:** Updates ATDD1, TDF, PTDF, and PTDD1 files.
- **RPD24BA:** Updates CAF, PBF, UAF, and IDF files.
- **RPB24BA:** Updates other BASE24 files.

## Sample D24 components - site B

The site B configuration in this chapter uses the following components:

### One Global parameter file

### One Manager

### Three Loggers

- **\$GGL00** (Logger 0): Captures changes to the PTLF and TLF files. It is read by the EXTLFBA Extract and the RPTLFBB Replicat
- **\$GGL01** (Logger 1): Captures changes to the PTD, ATD and TDF files. It is read by the EXTDFBA Extract.
- **\$GGL02** (Logger 2): Captures changes to all the other BASE24 data files. It is read by the EXB24BA Extract.

### Three Extracts

- **EXTLFBA:** Reads log trail TLFLOGS.BB and writes the extract trail records to TLFTRLS.BB on \SITEA. The Extract will exclude the transaction log header record (i.e. record type "00").
- **EXTDFBA:** Reads log trail TDFLOGS.BB and writes the extract trail records to TDFTRLS.BB on \SITEA.

- **EXB24BA:** Reads log trail B24LOGS.BB and writes the extract trail records to B24TRLS.BB on \SITEA.

#### Five Replicats

- **RPTLFBB:** Creates local transaction log files and updates combined transaction log files.
- **RPTLFAB:** Updates combined transaction log files only.
- **RPTDFAB:** Updates ATDD1, TDF, PTDF, and PTDD1 files.
- **RPD24AB:** Updates CAF, PBF, UAF, and IDF files.
- **RPB24AB:** Updates other BASE24 files.

## Configuring site A parameter files

Edit parameter files with either the EDIT or TEDIT program. In the following examples, comments explain each parameter's purpose. To learn best practices for editing parameter files, see the *GoldenGate for HP NonStop Administrator Guide*.

The following sample parameter files show you required parameters and options for assigning specific files to specific GoldenGate components.

To configure site A of your dual-site implementation, you must:

- [Create Global parameters](#)
- [Create Manager parameters](#)
- [Create Logger parameters](#)
- [Create Extract parameters](#)
- [Create Replicat parameters](#)

## Create Global parameters

D24 requires statements in the GLOBALS parameter file similar to the following to specify the GoldenGate <prefix>, AUDCFG, and the TACLB24 macro, as well as other information.

```
ADD DEFINE =GGS_AUDCFG, CLASS MAP, FILE $SYSTEM.GGS.AUDCFG
ADD DEFINE =GGS_PREFIX, CLASS MAP, FILE $<prefix>
ADD DEFINE =NOTIFY, CLASS MAP, FILE <GGS volume>.<GGS subvol>.TACLB24
```

## Create Manager parameters

The Manager parameter file must specify the Manager's port for TCP/IP-only communication and configure other parameters as you would for any GoldenGate implementation.

```
PORT <manager port number> (If TCP/IP)

-- Keep the (P)TLF Remote/Extract Trails for at least
-- 2 days and processed
PURGEOLDEXTRACTS <volume>.TLFTRLS.BB, USECHECKPOINTS, MINKEEPDAYS 2

-- Keep the TDF, PTDF, ATDD1 and PTDD1 Remote/Extract Trails for
-- at least 2 days and processed
PURGEOLDEXTRACTS <volume>.TDFTRLS.BB, USECHECKPOINTS, MINKEEPDAYS 2

-- Keep the rest of the BASE24 data files Remote/Extract Trails
-- for at least 2 days and processed
PURGEOLDEXTRACTS <volume>.B24TRLS.BB, USECHECKPOINTS, MINKEEPDAYS 2
```

## Create Logger parameters

### 1. Create Logger 0

Logger 0 captures TLF from PRO1ATLF, PTLF from PRO1PTLF, and D24LOGS. Its parameter file should specify the location, number and size of the logger trails.

### Sample parameter file:

```
LOG <volume>.TLFLOGS.AA , MEGABYTES <megabytes>, NUMFILES <num>,  
SECURE "NCNC"  
  
-- Primary and backup CPU for Logger 0  
CPU 0,1  
  
-- Get unstructured files  
GETUNSTRUCTURED  
  
-- Get bulk loads  
GETBULKIO  
  
-- Use the full record image, do not compress the updates  
NOCOMPRESSUPDATES  
  
-- Make priority higher than BASE24 nucleus (NETWORK)  
PRI 180  
  
-- List the files to be captured  
FILE <volume>.PRO1ATLF.T*  
FILE <volume>.PRO1PTLF.P*  
FILE <volume>.D24LOGS.T*  
FILE <volume>.D24LOGS.P*
```

## 2. Create Logger 1

Captures ATDD1, ATDS1, ATDD2, TDF, PTDD1, PTDS1, PTDD2 and PTDF. Its parameter file should specify the location, number and size of the logger trails, as well as the files to exclude from the Settlement process. If you are going to apply delta processing to the before and after images of certain fields, you must also use NOCOMPRESSUPDATES to ensure calculations are correct.

```
LOG <volume>.TDFLOGS.AA , MEGABYTES <megabytes>, NUMFILES <num>,  
SECURE "NCNC"  
  
-- Primary and backup CPU for Logger 1  
CPU 1,0  
  
-- Get unstructured files  
GETUNSTRUCTURED
```



```
-- Get bulk loads
GETBULKIO

-- Use the full record image, do not compress the updates
NOCOMPRESSUPDATES

-- Make priority higher than BASE24 nucleus (NETWORK)
PRI 180

-- List the files to be captured
FILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.TDF*
FILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.PTDF*
FILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.ATD*
FILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.PTD*

-- List the files to be excluded by the Settlement program
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.TDF*, PROGRAM <volume>.PRO1OBJ.*SETL
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.PTDF*, PROGRAM <volume>.PRO1OBJ.*SETL
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.ATD*, PROGRAM <volume>.PRO1OBJ.*SETL
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.PTD*, PROGRAM <volume>.PRO1OBJ.*SETL
```

### 3. Create Logger 2

Captures all BASE24 data files except ATDD1, ATDS1, ATDD2, TDF , PTDD1, PTDS1, PTDD2 and PTDF.

Sample parameter file:

```
LOG <volume>.B24LOGS.AA, MEGABYTES <megabytes>, NUMFILES <num>,
SECURE "NCNC"

-- Primary and backup CPU for Logger 2
CPU 0,1

-- Get unstructured files
GETUNSTRUCTURED

-- Get bulk loads
GETBULKIO

-- Make priority higher than BASE24 nucleus (NETWORK)
PRI 180
```

```
-- List the files to be captured
FILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.*CAF*, NOCOMPRESSUPDATES, GETBEFOREUPDATES
FILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.*PBF*, NOCOMPRESSUPDATES, GETBEFOREUPDATES
FILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.UAF, NOCOMPRESSUPDATES, GETBEFOREUPDATES
FILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.IDF, NOCOMPRESSUPDATES
FILE <volume>.PRO1CNTL.L*CONF, NOCOMPRESSUPDATES
FILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.*, COMPRESSUPDATES

-- List the files to be excluded
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.TDF*
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.PTDF*
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.ATD*
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.PTD*
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.IDF*, PROGRAM <volume>.PRO1OBJ.*SETL
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.HCF*
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.ECF*
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.*UAF*, PROGRAM <volume>.PRO1OBJ.*SETL
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.PRDF*, PROGRAM <volume>.PRO1OBJ.*SETL
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.FF*, PROGRAM <volume>.PRO1OBJ.*SETL
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.F0*, PROGRAM <volume>.PRO1OBJ.*SETL
```

## Create Extract parameters

### 1. Create Extract group EXB24AB

Extract group EXB24AB reads the log trails \SITEA.<volume>.B24LOGS.AA and moves everything to the remote/extract trail \SITEB.<volume>.B24TRLS.AA. This includes all BASE24 data files not in the other Extracts.

Sample parameter file:

```
EXTRACT EXB24AB

-- Set the discard file
DISCARDFILE <volume>.GGSDISC.EXB24AB, PURGE

-- Get all file operations
GETFILEOPS

-- Get the before images
GETUPDATEBEFORES
```

```
-- Do not pad records that are not maximum size
NOFILLSHORTRECS

-- Do not check if the source files exist, just pass all files through
PASSTHRU

-- Do block writes
FASTIO

-- Do block reads
FASTREADS

-- Set the TCP/IP process name (If TCP/IP)
-- TCPIPPROCESSNAME <tcp/ip process name>
-- Set the TCP/IP address and the manager port number (If TCP/IP)
-- RMTHOST <tcp/ip address> , MGRPORT <manager port number>
-- Set the location of the Remote Trail (If TCP/IP)
-- RMTTRAIL \SITEB.<volume>.B24TRLS.AA

-- Set the location of the Extract Trail (If EXPAND)
-- Comment out(If TCP/IP)
EXTTRAIL \SITEB.<volume>.B24TRLS.AA

-- Move all files in the Logtrail to \SITEB
FILE $*.*.*;
```

## 2. Create Extract group EXTDFAB

EXTDFAB reads the log trails \SITEA.<volume>.TDFLOGS.AA and moves everything to the remote/extract trail \SITEB.<volume>.TDFTRLS.AA. This includes the TDF, PTDF, ATDD1 and PTDD1 files.

### Sample Parameter File:

```
EXTRACT EXTDFAB

-- Set the discard file
DISCARDFILE <volume>.GGSDISC.EXTDFAB, PURGE

-- Get all file operations
GETFILEOPS
```

```
-- Do not pad records that are not maximum size
NOFILLSHORTRECS

-- Do not check if the source files exist, just pass all files through
PASSTHRU

-- Do block writes
FASTIO

-- Do block reads
FASTREADS

-- Set the TCP/IP process name(If TCP/IP)
-- TCPIPPROCESSNAME <tcp/ip process name>
-- set the TCP/IP address and the manager port number (IF TCP/IP)
-- RMTHOST <tcp/ip address> , MGRPORT <manager port number>
-- Set the location of the Remote Trail (IF TCP/IP)
-- RMTTRAIL \SITEB.<volume>.TDFTRLS.AA

-- Set the location of the Extract Trail (IF EXPAND)
-- Comment out (If TCP/IP)
EXTTRAIL \SITEB.<volume>.TDFTRLS.AA

-- Move all files in the Logtrail to \SITEB
FILE $*.*.*;
```

### 3. Create Extract group EXTLFAB

EXTLFAB reads the log trails \SITEA.<volume>.TLFLOGS.AA and moves everything to the remote/extract trail \SITEB.<volume>.TLFTRLS.AA. This includes TLF and PTLF files.

Sample parameter file:

```
EXTRACT EXTLFAB

-- Set the discard file
DISCARDFILE <volume>.GGSDISC.EXTLFAB, PURGE

-- Set the dictionary location
DICTIONARY <base24 atm volume>.AT60DDL
```

```
-- Ignore all file operations
IGNOREFILEOPS

-- Do not pad records that are not maximum size
NOFILLSHORTRECS

-- Do block writes
FASTIO

-- Do block reads
FASTREADS

-- Remove comments and set the TCP/IP process name (If TCP/IP)
-- TCPIPPROCESSNAME <tcp/ip process name>
-- set the TCP/IP address and the manager port number (If TCP/IP)
-- RMTHOST <tcp/ip address> , MGRPORT <manager port number>
-- Set the location of the Remote Trail (If TCP/IP)
-- RMTTRAIL \SITEB.<volume>.TLFTRLS.AA

-- Set the location of the Extract Trail (If EXPAND)
-- Comment out(If TCP/IP)
EXTTRAIL \SITEB.<volume>.TLFTRLS.AA

-- Move all TLF files in the log trail to \SITEB except header record
FILE $*.*.T*,
    DEF TLF,
    NOCOLMAP,
    ALTNAME <volume>.PRO1TMPL.TLYYMMDD,
    WHERE (TLF.HEAD.REC-TYP <> "00");

-- Set the POS dictionary location
DICTIONARY <base24 pos volume>.PS60DDL

-- Move all PTLF files in the log trail to \SITEB except header record
FILE $*.*.P*,
    DEF PTLF,
    NOCOLMAP,
    ALTNAME <volume>.PRO1TMPL.POYYMMDD,
    WHERE (PTLF.HEAD.REC-TYP <> "00");
```

## Create Replicat parameters

### 1. Create Replicat group RPB24BA

RPB24BA reads the remote/extract trail <volume>.B24TRLS.BB and replicates all BASE24 data files from site B except for the CAF, PBF, UAF and IDF files.

Sample parameter file:

```
REPLICAT RPB24BA

-- Set the discard file
DISCARDFILE <volume>.GGSDISC.RPB24BA, PURGE

-- Set the dictionary location
DICTIONARY <base24 base volume>.BA60DDL

-- Only used during Initial Loads
-- HANDLECOLLISIONS

-- Get the Before images
GETUPDATEBEFORES

-- Use the target dictionary
ASSUMETARGETDEFS
--No audited operations required, restarts no re-applied data
NOAUDITREPS

-- Replicat the file operations to the files
GETFILEOPS

-- Do block reads
FASTREADS

-- Map all the BASE24 data files not replicated in other Replicats

MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.* , TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.* ;
MAPEXCLUDE \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.*IDF*
MAPEXCLUDE \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.*CAF*
MAPEXCLUDE \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.*PBF*
MAPEXCLUDE \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.*UAF*

-- Map the LCONF file and substitute NonStop node and volume.
```

```

-- If the SITE, VOLUME or SUBVOLUME is different between sites,
-- substitute the correct SITE, VOLUME or SUBVOLUME name.

MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1CNTL.L*CONF,
  TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1CNTL.*,
  TARGETDEF LCONF,
  COLMAP (PRIKEY          = PRIKEY,
         PROD-IND        = PROD-IND,
         LCONF.COMMENTS =
           @STRSUB (LCONF.COMMENTS, "\SITEB", "\SITEA",
                    "VOLB",        "VOLA",
                    "SUBVOLB", "SUBVOLA"),
         LAST-CHNG-TIME = LAST-CHNG-TIME,
         FILE-NAME =
           @STRSUB (FILE-NAME, "\SITEB", "\SITEA",
                    "VOLB",        "VOLA",
                    "SUBVOLB", "SUBVOLA"),
         TEMPLATE =
           @STRSUB(TEMPLATE, "\SITEB", "\SITEA",
                    "VOLB",        "VOLA",
                    "SUBVOLB", "SUBVOLA"),
         USER-FIELD      = USER-FIELD,
         USER-FLD2       = USER-FLD2,
         PROD-IND-ADNL   = PROD-IND-ADNL,
         USER-FLD4       = USER-FLD4,
         LAST-AFM        = LAST-AFM),
  WHERE (ITEM-TYP = "A");

-- If the site, VOLUME or SUBVOLUME is different between sites,
-- substitute the correct SITE, VOLUME or SUBVOLUME name.

MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1CNTL.L*CONF,
  TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1CNTL.*,
  TARGETDEF LCONF,
  COLMAP (PRIKEY          = PRIKEY,
         PROD-IND        = PROD-IND,
         LCONF.COMMENTS =
           @STRSUB (LCONF.COMMENTS, "\SITEB", "SITEA",
                    "VOLB",        "VOLA",
                    "SUBVOLB", "SUBVOLA"),
         LAST-CHNG-TIME = LAST-CHNG-TIME,

```

```

PLGTH                = PLGTH,
PTXT =
    @STRSUB (PTXT, "\SITEB", "\SITEA",
            "VOLB",      "VOLA",
            "SUBVOLB", "SUBVOLA"),
USER-FLD3            = USER-FLD3,
PROD-IND-ADNL       = PROD-IND-ADNL,
USER-FLD4            = USER-FLD4,
LAST-AFM             = LAST-AFM),
WHERE (ITEM-TYP = "P");

```

## 2. Create Replicat group RPD24BA

RPD24BA - This Replicat reads the remote/extract trail <volume>.B24TRLS.BB and replicates the CAF, PBF, UAF and IDF files from site B.

Sample parameter file:

```

REPLICAT RPD24BA

-- Set the discard file
DISCARDFILE <volume>.GGSDISC.RPD24BA, PURGE
-- Set the dictionary location
DICTIONARY <base24 base volume>.BA60DDL

-- Only used during Initial Loads
-- HANDLECOLLISIONS

-- Set the user exit flag
CUSEREXIT

-- For all file error 11's do exception processing
REPERROR 11, EXCEPTION

-- Get the Before images
GETUPDATEBEFORES

-- Use the target dictionary
ASSUMETARGETDEFS

--No audited operations required, restarts no re-applied data
NOAUDITREPS

```



```
-- Replicate the file operations to the files
GETFILEOPS

-- Do block reads
FASTREADS

-- Treat 'updates' as uncompressed because they are
NOCOMPENScriBEMAPS

-- MAP the CAF file with EXCEPTIONSONLY mapping
MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.CAF,
    TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.CAF,
    EXITPARAM "CAF, <volume>.D24.CAFDEF, -OOLDCAF, WARNINGS" ;

MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.CAF0,
    TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.CAF0;

MAP \SITEB.<olume>.PRO1DATA.CAF,
    TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.OLDCAF,
    EXITPARAM "CAF, <volume>.D24.CAFDEF, WARNINGS" ,
    EXCEPTIONSONLY;

MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.OLDCAF,
    TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.OLDCAF,
    EXITPARAM "CAF, <volume>.D24.CAFDEF, -OCAF, WARNINGS" ;

MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.OLDCAF,
    TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.CAF,
    EXITPARAM "CAF, <volume>.D24.CAFDEF, WARNINGS" , EXCEPTIONSONLY;

-- MAP the PBF file with EXCEPTIONSONLY mapping
MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PBF,
    TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PBF,
    EXITPARAM "PBF, <volume>.D24.PBFDEF, -OPBFDA, WARNINGS" ;

MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PBF,
    TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.OPBFDA,
    EXITPARAM "PBF, <volume>.D24.PBFDEF, WARNINGS" ,
    EXCEPTIONSONLY;

MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.OPBFDA,
    TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.OPBFDA;
    EXITPARAM "PBF, <volume>.D24.PBFDEF, -OPBF, WARNINGS" ;
```

```

MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.OPBFDA,
  TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PBF,
    EXITPARAM "PBF,<volume>.D24.PBFDEF,WARNINGS",
    EXCEPTIONSONLY;

MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.NEWC*,
  TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.*,
    EXITPARAM "CAF,<volume>.D24.CAFDEF,NOTIFY,WARNINGS";

MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.NCAF*,
  TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.*,
    EXITPARAM "CAF,<volume>.D24.CAFDEF,NOTIFY, WARNINGS";

MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.NPBF*,
  TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.*,
    EXITPARAM "PBF,<volume>.D24.PBFDEF,NOTIFY, WARNINGS";

MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.UAF,
  TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.UAF,
    EXITPARAM "UAF,<volume>.D24.UAFDEF,-OOUAF,DELTAADD,WARNINGS";

-- Map the IDF file
-- If the SITE, volume or Subvolume is different between sites,
-- substitute the correct SITE, volume or subvolume name.
MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.IDF,
  TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.IDF,
    TARGETDEF IDF,
    COLMAP (USEDEFAULTS,
      NEG-NAME = @STRSUB (NEG-NAME, "\SITEB", "\SITEA",
        "VOLB", "VOLA",
        "SUBVOLB", "SUBVOLA"),
      UAF-NAME = @STRSUB (UAF-NAME, "\SITEB", "\SITEA"),
      CAF-NAME = @STRSUB (CAF-NAME, "\SITEB", "\SITEA"),
      PBF1-NAME = @STRSUB (PBF1-NAME, "\SITEB", "\SITEA"),
      PBF2-NAME = @STRSUB (PBF2-NAME, "\SITEB", "\SITEA"),
      PBF3-NAME = @STRSUB (PBF3-NAME, "\SITEB", "\SITEA"),
      PBF4-NAME = @STRSUB (PBF4-NAME, "\SITEB", "\SITEA"));

```

### 3. Create Replicat group RPTDFBA

RPTDFBA - This Replicat reads the remote/extract trail <volume>.TDFTRLS.BB and does the following:

- Replicates the TDF records and switches the value between L and R in the field TDF.DUAL-SITE-IND.
- Replicates the ATDD1 records and switches the value between L and R in the field ATDD1.CORE.DUAL-SITE-IND.
- Replicates the PTDF records and switches the value between L and R in the field PTDF.DUAL-SITE-TKN.
- Replicates the PTDD1 records and switches the value between L and R in the field PTDD1.CORE.DUAL-SITE-IND.

**Note** “L” and “R” values represent flags that indicate whether the device is attached locally or remotely.

Sample parameter file:

```
REPLICAT RPTDFBA

-- Set the dictionary location
DICTIONARY <volume>.D24ADDL

-- Use the target site definitions
ASSUMETARGETDEFS

-- Set the discard file
DISCARDFILE <volume>.GGSDISC.RPTDFBA, PURGE

--No audited operations required, restarts no re-applied data
NOAUDITREPS

-- Replicat the file operations to the files
GETFILEOPS

-- Do block reads
FASTREADS
```

```
-- Set handlecollisions only for Initial Loads
-- HANDLECOLLISIONS

-- Map the TDF records
MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.TDF,
  TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.TDF,
  TARGETDEF TDF,
  COLMAP (USEDEFAULTS,
    TDF.DUAL-SITE-IND =
    @IF (@STRCMP (TDF.DUAL-SITE-IND, "R") = 0, "L", "R"));

MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.ATDD1,
  TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.ATDD1,
  TARGETDEF ATDD1,
  COLMAP (USEDEFAULTS, ATDD1.CORE.DUAL-SITE-IND =
    @IF (@STRCMP (ATDD1.CORE.DUAL-SITE-IND, "R") = 0, "L", "R"));

-- Map the ATDD2 records
MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.ATDD2,
  TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.ATDD2;

-- Map the ATDS1 records
MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.ATDS1,
  TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.ATDS1;

-- Set the POS dictionary location
DICTIONARY <volume>.D24PDDL

-- Map the PTFDF records
MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PTFDF,
  TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PTFDF,
  TARGETDEF PTFDF,
  COLMAP (USEDEFAULTS,
    PTFDF.REC.DUAL-SITE-IND =
    @IF (@STRCMP (PTDF.REC.DUAL-SITE-IND, "R") = 0, "L", "R"));
```

```
-- Map the PTDD1 records
MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PTDD1,
    TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PTDD1,
        USEDEFAULTS,
        PTDD1.CORE.DUAL-SITE-IND =
            @IF (@STRCMP (PTDD1.CORE.DUAL-SITE-IND, "R") = 0, "L", "R"));

-- Map the PTDS1 records
MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PTDS1,
    TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PTDS1;

-- Map the PTDD2 records
MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PTDD2,
    TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PTDD2;
```

#### 4. Create Replicat group RPTLFAA

RPTLFAA reads the local (P)TLF log trails <volume>.TLFLOGS.AA and does the following:

- Replicates the create and purge operations to the combined A+B (P)TLF files for site A.
- Replicates the (P)TLF the header record write from Settlement to the local (P)TLF. This will cause the Replicat to create local (P)TLF file using the CREATETEMPLATE parameter. The local (P)TLF file will be created without alternate key files.
- Replicates the local (P)TLF records into the combined A+B (P)TLF files.

Settlement creates the combined A+B (P)TLF files and the authorization processes update the local A (P)TLF files.

#### Sample parameter file:

```
REPLICAT RPTLFAA

-- Set the dictionary location
DICTIONARY <base24 atm volume>.AT60DDL

-- Set the discard file
DISCARDFILE <volume>.GGSDISC.RPTLFAA, PURGE
```

```
-- Use the target site definitions
ASSUMETARGETDEFS

-- No Audited Operations required, restarts no re-applied data.
NOAUDITREPS
-- Do not replicate file operations for the local (P)TLF files
IGNOREFILEOPS
-- Do block reads
FASTREADS

-- Map the TLF records
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1ATLF.T*, TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.D24LOGS.*,
    TARGETDICT <base24 atm volume>.AT60DDL,
    TARGETDEF TLF,
    NOCOLMAP;;

-- Set the dictionary location
DICTIONARY <base24 pos volume>.AT60DDL
-- Map the PTLF records
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1PTLF.P*, TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.D24LOGS.*,
    TARGETDICT <base24 pos volume>.PS60DDL,
    TARGETDEF PTLF,
    NOCOLMAP;

-- Set the dictionary location
DICTIONARY <base24 atm volume>.AT60DDL

-- Map only the header TLF record to the local file
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.D24LOGS.T*, DEF TLF,
    TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1ATLF.*,
    COLMAP ( USEDEFAULTS ),
    TARGETDICT <base24 atm volume>.AT60DDL,
    TARGETDEF TLF,
    CREATETEMPLATE <volume>.D24TMPL.TLYMMDD,
    ALTFILECHAR 2,
    WHERE (TLF.HEAD.REC-TYP = "00");

-- Set the dictionary location
DICTIONARY <base24 pos volume>.PS60DDL
```

```
-- Map only the header PTLF record to the local file
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.D24LOGS.P*, DEF PTLF,
    TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1PTLF.*,
    COLMAP ( USEDEFAULTS ),
    TARGETDICT <base24 pos volume>.PS60DDL,
    TARGETDEF PTLF,
    CREATETEMPLATE <volume>.D24TMPL.POYYMMDD,
    ALTFILECHAR 2,
    WHERE ( PTLF.HEAD.REC-TYP = "00" );
```

## 5. Create Replicat group RPTLFBA

Depending on your site, configure one of the following two Replicats.

### **Option 1:** Local and combined transaction log files

RPTLFBA reads the remote/extract trails <volume>.TLFTRLS.BB. This Replicat has the DUALTKN user exit to add to or update the field DUAL\_SITE\_IND in the MULT\_LN\_TKN token. This field is used to indicate if the (P)TLF is from a remote site.

- The user exit performs the following functions:
  - If the token exists, the user exit updates the DUAL\_SITE\_IND field with P.
  - If the token does not exist, the user exit adds the token with the DUAL\_SITE\_IND field set to P.
  - If the header token does not exist, the user exit adds both the header token and the MULT\_LN\_TKN token with the field set to P.

The Replicat updates local and combined A+B (P)TLF files.

Sample parameter file:

```
REPLICAT RPTLFBA

-- Set the dictionary location
DICTIONARY <base24 atm volume>.AT60DDL

-- Use the target site definitions
ASSUMETARGETDEFS

-- Set the user exit
CUSEREXIT
```

```
-- Set the discard file
DISCARDFILE <volume>.<prefix>SDISC.RPTLFBA, PURGE

-- No Audited Operations required, restarts no re-applied data.
NOAUDITREPS

-- Ignore the file operations to the combined A+B (P)TLF files
IGNOREFILEOPS

-- Do block reads
FASTREADS

-- Map financial and exception TLF records
MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1ATLF.T*, TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.D24LOGS.*,
    TARGETDEF TLF,
    NOCOLMAP,
    EXITPARAM "TLF",
    WHERE (TLF.HEAD.REC-TYP <> "00");

-- Map 'Forced Balanced' TLF records
MAP \SITEB.<volume>.D24LOGS.T*, TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.D24LOGS.*,
    TARGETDEF TLF,
    NOCOLMAP,
    EXITPARAM "TLF",
    WHERE (TLF.HEAD.REC-TYP <> "00");

-- Set the dictionary location
DICTIONARY <base24 pos volume>.PS60DDL

-- Map financial and exception PTLF records
MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1PTLF.P*, TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.D24LOGS.*,
    TARGETDEF PTLF,
    NOCOLMAP,
    EXITPARAM "PTLF",
    WHERE (PTLF.HEAD.REC-TYP <> "00");

-- Map 'Forced Balanced' PTLF records
MAP \SITEB.<volume>.D24LOGS.P*, TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.D24LOGS.*,
    TARGETDEF PTLF,
    NOCOLMAP,
    EXITPARAM "PTLF",
    WHERE (PTLF.HEAD.REC-TYP <> "00");
```



## Option 2: Combined transaction log files only

RPTLFBA reads the remote/extract trails <volume>.TLFTRLS.BB. This Replicat has the D24 user exit to add or update the DUAL\_SITE\_IND field in the MULT\_LN\_TKN token. This field is used to indicate if the (P)TLF is from a remote site.

- The user exit will do the following:
  - If the token exists, the user exit updates the DUAL\_SITE\_IND field with P.
  - If the token does not exist, the user exit adds the token with the DUAL\_SITE\_IND field set to P.
  - If the header token does not exist, the user exit adds both the header token and the MULT\_LN\_TKN token with the field set to P.

The replicat only updates the combined A+B (P)TLF files.

### Sample parameter file:

```
REPLICAT RPTLFBA

-- Set the dictionary location
DICTIONARY <base24 atm volume>.AT60DDL

-- Use the target site definitions
ASSUMETARGETDEFS

-- Set the user exit
CUSEREXIT

-- Set the discard file
DISCARDFILE <volume>.GGSDISC.RPTLFBA, PURGE

-- Ignore the file operations to the combined A+B (P)TLF files
IGNOREFILEOPS

-- Do block reads
FASTREADS

-- Map financial and exception TLF records
```

```
MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1ATLF.T*, TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1ATLF.* ,
    TARGETDEF TLF ,
    NOCOLMAP ,
    EXITPARAM "TLF" ,
    WHERE (TLF.HEAD.REC-TYP <> "00");

-- Set the dictionary location
DICTIONARY <base24 pos volume>.PS60DDL

-- Map financial and exception PTLF records
MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1PTLF.P*, TARGET \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1PTLF.* ,
    TARGETDEF PTLF ,
    NOCOLMAP ,
    EXITPARAM "PTLF" ,
    WHERE (PTLF.HEAD.REC-TYP <> "00");
```

## Configuring site B parameter files

To configure site B, you must:

- [Configure GLOBALS parameters](#)
- [Configure Manager parameters](#)
- [Create Logger parameters](#)
- [Create Extract parameters](#)
- [Create Replicat parameters](#)

### Configure GLOBALS parameters

D24 requires statements in the GLOBALS parameter file similar to the following to specify the GoldenGate <prefix>, AUDCFG, and the TACLB24 macro, as well as other information. Execute the following:

```
ADD DEFINE =GGS_AUDCFG, CLASS MAP, FILE $SYSTEM.GGS.AUDCFG
ADD DEFINE =GGS_PREFIX, CLASS MAP, FILE $<prefix>
ADD DEFINE =NOTIFY, CLASS MAP, FILE <GGS volume>.<GGS subvol>.TACLB24
```

## Configure Manager parameters

The Manager parameter file must specify the Manager's port for TCP/IP-only communication and configure other parameters as you would for any GoldenGate implementation.

Sample parameter file:

```
-- *****
-- Manager Parameter File
-- *****
-- Manager port for the Extracts on the \SITEB site to use as
-- RMTHOST mgrport
PORT <manager port number> (IF TCP/IP)

-- Keep the (P)TLF remote/extract trails for at least 2 days
-- and processed
PURGEOLDEXTRACTS <volume>.TLFTRLS.AA, USECHECKPOINTS, MINKEEPDAYS 2

-- Keep the TDF, PTDF, ATDD1 and PTDD1 Remote/Extract Trails
-- for at least 2 days and processed
PURGEOLDEXTRACTS <volume>.TDFTRLS.AA, USECHECKPOINTS, MINKEEPDAYS 2

-- Keep the rest of the BASE24 data files remote/extract trails
-- for at least 2 days and processed
PURGEOLDEXTRACTS <volume>.B24TRLS.AA, USECHECKPOINTS, MINKEEPDAYS 2
```

## Create Logger parameters

### 1. Create Logger 0

Logger 0 captures TLF from PRO1ATLF and D24LOGS and PTLF from PRO1PTLF and D24LOGS.

Sample parameter file:

```
-- LOGGER 0
-- Location, number and size of the Logger trails
LOG <volume>.TLFLOGS.BB , MEGABYTES <megabytes>, NUMFILES <num>,
SECURE "NCNC"
```

```
-- Primary and backup CPU for Logger 0
CPU 0,1

-- Get unstructured files
GETUNSTRUCTURED

-- Get bulk loads
GETBULKIO

-- Use the full record image, do not compress the updates
NOCOMPRESSUPDATES

-- Make priority higher than BASE24 nucleus (NETWORK)
PRI 180

-- List the files to be captured
FILE <volume>.PRO1ATLF.T*
FILE <volume>.PRO1PTLF.P*
FILE <volume>.D24LOGS.T*
FILE <volume>.D24LOGS.P*
```

## 2. Create Logger 1

Logger 1 captures ATDD1, ATDS1, ATDD2, TDF, PTDD1, PTDS1, PTDD2 and PTDF files.

Sample parameter file:

```
-- LOGGER 1
LOG <volume>.TDFLOGS.BB , MEGABYTES <megabytes>, NUMFILES <num>,
SECURE "NCNC"

-- Primary and backup CPU for Logger 1
CPU 1,0

-- Get unstructured files
GETUNSTRUCTURED

-- Get bulk loads
GETBULKIO

-- Use the full record image, do not compress the updates
NOCOMPRESSUPDATES
```

```
-- Make priority higher than BASE24 nucleus (NETWORK)
PRI 180

-- List the files to be captured
FILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.TDF*
FILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.PTDF*
FILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.ATD*
FILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.PTD*

-- List the files to be excluded by the Settlement program
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.TDF*, PROGRAM <volume>.PRO1OBJ.*SETL
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.PTDF*, PROGRAM <volume>.PRO1OBJ.*SETL
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.ATD*, PROGRAM <volume>.PRO1OBJ.*SETL
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.PTD*, PROGRAM <volume>.PRO1OBJ.*SETL
```

### 3. Create Logger 2.

Logger 2 captures all BASE24 data files except the ATDD1, ATDS1, ATDD2, TDF, PTDD1, PTDS1, PTDD2 and PTDF files

Sample parameter file:

```
--  LOGGER 2
LOG <volume>.B24LOGS.BB , MEGABYTES <megabytes>, NUMFILES <num>,
SECURE "NCNC"

-- Primary and backup CPU for Logger 2
CPU 0,1

-- Get unstructured files
GETUNSTRUCTURED

-- Get bulk loads
GETBULKIO

-- Make priority higher than BASE24 nucleus (NETWORK)
PRI 180

-- List the files to be captured
FILE<volume>.PRO1DATA.*CAF*,   NOCOMPRESSUPDATES, GETBEFOREUPDATES
FILE<volume>.PRO1DATA.*PBF*,   NOCOMPRESSUPDATES, GETBEFOREUPDATES
FILE<volume>.PRO1DATA.UAF,     NOCOMPRESSUPDATES, GETBEFOREUPDATES
```

```
FILE <volume>.PRO1CNTL.L*CONF, NOCOMPRESSUPDATES
FILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.* , COMPRESSUPDATES

-- List the files to be excluded
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.TDF*
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.PTDF*
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.ATD*
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.PTD*
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.IDF* , PROGRAM<volume>.PRO1OBJ.*SETL
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.HCF*
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.ECF*
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.*UAF* , PROGRAM<volume>.PRO1OBJ.*SETL
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.PRDF* , PROGRAM<volume>.PRO1OBJ.*SETL
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.FF* , PROGRAM<volume>.PRO1OBJ.*SETL
EXCLUDEFILE <volume>.PRO1DATA.F0* , PROGRAM <volume>.PRO1OBJ.*SETL
```

## Create Extract parameters

### 1. Create EXB24BA

EXB24BA reads the log trails \SITEB.<volume>.B24LOGS.BB and moves everything to the remote/extract trail \SITEA.<volume>.B24TRLS.BB. This includes all BASE24 data files not in the other Extracts.

Sample parameter file:

```
EXTRACT EXB24BA
-- Set the discard file
DISCARDFILE <volume>.GGSDISC.EXB24BA, PURGE

-- Get all file operations
GETFILEOPS

-- Get the before images
GETUPDATEBEFORES

-- Do not pad records that are not maximum size
NOFILLSHORTRECS

-- Do not check if the source files exist, just pass all files through
PASSTHRU
```

```
-- Do block writes
FASTIO

-- Do block reads
FASTREADS

-- Set the TCP/IP process name (If TCP/IP)
-- TCPIPPROCESSNAME <tcp/ip process name>
-- set the TCP/IP address and the manager port number (If TCP/IP)
-- RMTHOST <tcp/ip address> , MGRPORT <manager port number>
-- Set the location of the remote trail (If TCP/IP)
-- RMTTRAIL \SITEA.<volume>.B24TRLS.BB

-- Set the location of the remote trail (If EXPAND)
-- Comment out(If TCP/IP)
EXTTRAIL \SITEA.<volume>.B24TRLS.BB

-- Move all files in the log trail to \SITEA
FILE $*.*.*;
```

## 2. Create Extract EXTDFBA

EXTDFBA reads the log trails \SITEB.<volume>.TDFLOGS.BB and moves everything to the remote/extract trail \SITEA.<volume>.TDFTRLS.BB. This includes the TDF, PTDF, ATDD1 and PTDD1 files.

### Sample parameter file:

```
EXTRACT EXTDFBA

-- Set the discard file
DISCARDFILE <volume>.<prefix>SDISC.EXTDFBA, PURGE

-- Get all file operations
GETFILEOPS

-- Do not pad records that are not maximum size
NOFILLSHORTRECS

-- Do not check if the source files exist, just pass all files through
PASSTHRU
```

```
-- Do block writes
FASTIO

-- Do block reads
FASTREADS

-- Set the TCP/IPprocess name (If TCP/IP)
-- TCPIPPROCESSNAME <tcp/ip process name>
-- set the TCP/IP address and the manager port number (If TCP/IP)
-- RMTHOST <tcp/ip address> , MGRPORT <manager port number>
-- Set the location of the Remote Trail (If TCP/IP)
-- RMTTRAIL \SITEA.<volume>.TDFTRLS.BB

-- Set the location of the Remote Trail (If EXPAND)
-- Comment out(If TCP/IP)
EXTTRAIL \SITEA.<volume>.TDFTRLS.BB

-- Move all files in the Logtrail to \SITEA
FILE $*.*.*;
```

### 3. Create Extract EXTLFBA

EXTLFBA reads the log trails \SITEB.<volume>.TLFLOGS.BB and moves everything to the remote/extract trail \SITEA.<volume>.TLFTRLS.BB. This includes TLF and PTLF files.

#### Sample parameter file:

```
EXTRACT EXTLFBA
-- Set the discard file
DISCARDFILE <volume>.GGSDISC.EXTLFBA, PURGE

-- Set the dictionary location
DICTIONARY <base24 atm volume>.AT60DDL

-- Ignore all file operations
IGNOREFILEOPS

-- Do not pad records that are not maximum size
NOFILLSHORTRECS

-- Do block writes
FASTIO
```



```
-- Do block reads
FASTREADS

-- Remove comments and set the TCP/IPprocess name (If TCP/IP)
-- TCPIPPROCESSNAME <tcp/ip process name>
-- set the TCP/IP address and the manager port number (If TCP/IP)
-- RMTHOST <tcp/ip address> , MGRPORT <manager port number>
-- Set the location of the Remote Trail (If TCP/IP)
-- RMTTRAIL \SITEA.<volume>.TLFTRLS.BB

-- Set the location of the Remote Trail (IF EXPAND)
-- Comment out (If TCP/IP)
EXTTRAIL \SITEA.<volume>.TLFTRLS.BB

-- Move all TLF files in the Logtrail to \SITEA except header record
FILE $*.*.T*,
    DEF TLF,
    NOCOLMAP,
    ALTNAM <volume>.PRO1TMPL.TLYYMMDD,
    WHERE (TLF.HEAD.REC-TYP <> "00");

-- Set the POS dictionary location
DICTIONARY <base24 pos volume>.PS60DDL

-- Move all PTLF files in the Logtrail to \SITEA except header record
FILE $*.*.P*,
    DEF PTLF,
    NOCOLMAP,
    ALTNAM <volume>.PRO1TMPL.POYYMMDD,
    WHERE (PTLF.HEAD.REC-TYP <> "00");
```

## Create Replicat parameters

### 1. Create Replicat RPB24AB

RPB24AB reads the remote/extract trail <volume>.B24TRLS.AA and replicates all BASE24 data files from site A except for the CAF, PBF, UAF and IDF files.

### Sample parameter file:

```
REPLICAT RPB24AB

-- Set the discard file
DISCARDFILE <volume>.GGSDISC.RPB24AB, PURGE

-- Set the dictionary location
DICTIONARY <base24 base volume>.BA60DDL

-- Only used during Initial Loads
-- HANDLECOLLISIONS

-- Get the Before images
GETUPDATEBEFORES
-- Use the target dictionary
ASSUMETARGETDEFS

-- Replicat the file operations to the files
GETFILEOPS

-- Do block reads
FASTREADS

-- Map all the BASE24 data files not replicated in other Replicats
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.* , TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.* ;
MAPEXCLUDE \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.*IDF*
MAPEXCLUDE \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.*CAF*
MAPEXCLUDE \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.*PBF*
MAPEXCLUDE \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.*UAF*

-- Map the LCONF file and substitute NonStop node and volume.
-- If the SITE, volume or subvolume is different between sites,
-- substitute the correct SITE, volume or subvolume name.
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1CNTL.L*CONF,
TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1CNTL.* ,
```

```

TARGETDEF LCONF,
    COLMAP (PRIKEY          = PRIKEY,
            PROD-IND       = PROD-IND,
            LCONF.COMMENTS =
                @STRSUB (LCONF.COMMENTS, "\SITEA",  "\SITEB",
                        "VOLA",      "VOLB",
                        "SUBVOLA",  "SUBVOLB"),
            LAST-CHNG-TIME = LAST-CHNG-TIME,
            FILE-NAME =
                @STRSUB (FILE-NAME, "\SITEA",  "\SITEB",
                        "VOLA",      "VOLB",
                        "SUBVOLA",  "SUBVOLB"),
            TEMPLATE =
                @STRSUB(TEMPLATE, "\SITEA",  "\SITEB",
                        "VOLA",      "VOLB",
                        "SUBVOLA",  "SUBVOLB"),
            USER-FIELD     = USER-FIELD,
            USER-FLD2      = USER-FLD2,
            PROD-IND-ADNL  = PROD-IND-ADNL,
            USER-FLD4      = USER-FLD4,
            LAST-AFM       = LAST-AFM),
    WHERE (ITEM-TYP = "A");

-- If the SITE, VOLUME or SUBVOLUME is different between sites,
-- substitute the correct SITE, VOLUME or SUBVOLUME name.
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1CNTL.L*CONF, TARGET
\SITEB.<volume>.PRO1CNTL.*,
    TARGETDEF LCONF,
        COLMAP (PRIKEY          = PRIKEY,
                PROD-IND       = PROD-IND,
                LCONF.COMMENTS =
                    @STRSUB (LCONF.COMMENTS, "\SITEA",  "\SITEB",
                            "VOLA",      "VOLB",
                            "SUBVOLA",  "SUBVOLB"),
                LAST-CHNG-TIME = LAST-CHNG-TIME,
                PLGTH          = PLGTH,
                PTXT =
                    @STRSUB (PTXT, "\SITEA",  "\SITEB",
                            "VOLA",      "VOLB",
                            "SUBVOLA",  "SUBVOLB"),

```

```
USER-FLD3      = USER-FLD3 ,  
PROD-IND-ADNL = PROD-IND-ADNL ,  
USER-FLD4      = USER-FLD4 ,  
LAST-AFM       = LAST-AFM) ,  
WHERE (ITEM-TYP = "P");
```

## 2. Create Replicat RPD24AB

RPD24AB reads the remote/extract trail <volume>.B24TRLS.AB and replicates the CAF, PBF, UAF and IDF files from site A.

Sample parameter file:

```
REPLICAT RPD24AB  
  
-- Set the discard file  
DISCARDFILE <volume>.GGSDISC.RPD24AB, PURGE  
  
-- Set the dictionary location  
DICTIONARY <base24 base volume>.BA60DDL  
  
-- Only used during Initial Loads  
-- HANDLECOLLISIONS  
  
-- Set the user exit flag  
CUSEREXIT  
  
-- For all file error 11's do exception processing  
REPERROR 11, EXCEPTION  
  
-- Get the Before images  
GETUPDATEBEFORES  
  
-- Use the target dictionary  
ASSUMETARGETDEFS  
  
-- Replicate the file operations to the files  
GETFILEOPS  
  
-- Do block reads  
FASTREADS
```

```
-- Treat 'updates' as uncompressed because they are
NOCOMPENSCRIBEMAPS

-- MAP the CAF file with EXCEPTIONSONLY mapping
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.CAF,
    TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.CAF,
        EXITPARAM "CAF,<volume>.D24.CAFDEF,-OOLDCAF, WARNINGS" ;

MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.CAF0,
    TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.CAF0 ;

MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.CAF,
    TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.OLDCAF,
        EXITPARAM "CAF,<volume>.D24.CAFDEF, WARNINGS" ,
        EXCEPTIONSONLY ;

MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.OLDCAF,
    TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.OLDCAF,
        EXITPARAM "CAF,<volume>.D24.CAFDEF,-OCAF, WARNINGS" ;

MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.OLDCAF,
    TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.CAF,
        EXITPARAM "CAF,<volume>.D24.CAFDEF, WARNINGS" ,
        EXCEPTIONSONLY ;

-- MAP the PBF file with EXCEPTIONSONLY mapping
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PBF,
    TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PBF,
        EXITPARAM "PBF,<volume>.D24.PBFDEF, WARNINGS" ;

MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PBF,
    TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.OPBFDA,
        EXITPARAM "PBF,<volume>.D24.PBFDEF, WARNINGS" ,
        EXCEPTIONSONLY ;

MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.OPBFDA,
    TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.OPBFDA,
        EXITPARAM "PBF,<volume>.D24.PBFDEF,-OPBF, WARNINGS" ;
```

```

MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.OPBFDA,
  TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PBF,
    EXITPARAM "PBF,<volume>.D24.PBFDEF,WARNINGS",
    EXCEPTIONSONLY;

MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.NEWC*,
  TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.*,
    EXITPARAM "CAF,<volume>.D24.CAFDEF,NOTIFY,WARNINGS";

MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.NPBF*,
  TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.*,
    EXITPARAM "PBF,<volume>.D24.PBFDEF,NOTIFY,WARNINGS";

MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.NCAF*,
  TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.*,
    EXITPARAM "CAF,<volume>.D24.CAFDEF,NOTIFY,WARNINGS";

MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.UAF,
  TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.UAF,
    EXITPARAM "UAF,<volume>.D24.UAFDEF,-OOUAF,DELTAADD,WARNINGS";

-- Map the IDF file
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.IDF,
  TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.IDF, TARGETDEF IDF,
    COLMAP (USEDEFAULTS,
      NEG-NAME      = @STRSUB (NEG-NAME, "\SITEA", "\SITEB",
                              "VOLA", "VOLB",
                              "SUBVOLA", "SUBVOLB")
      UAF-NAME      = @STRSUB (UAF-NAME, "\SITEA", "\SITEB"),
      CAF-NAME      = @STRSUB (CAF-NAME, "\SITEA", "\SITEB"),
      PBF1-NAME     = @STRSUB (PBF1-NAME, "\SITEA", "\SITEB"),
      PBF2-NAME     = @STRSUB (PBF2-NAME, "\SITEA", "\SITEB"),
      PBF3-NAME     = @STRSUB (PBF3-NAME, "\SITEA", "\SITEB"),
      PBF4-NAME     = @STRSUB (PBF4-NAME, "\SITEA", "\SITEB"));

```

### 3. Create Replicat RPTDFAB

RPTDFAB reads the remote/extract trail <volume>.TDFTRLS.AA and does the following:

- Replicates the TDF records and switches the value L to R in the field TDF.DUAL-SITE-IND.

- Replicates the ATDD1 records and switches the value L to R in the field ATDD1.CORE.DUAL-SITE-IND.
- Replicates the PTDF records and switches the value L to R in the field PTDF.DUAL-SITE-TKN.
- Replicates the PTDD1 records and switches the value L to R in the field PTDD1.CORE.DUAL-SITE-IND.

**Note** L and R values represent flags that indicate whether a record came from the device is attached locally or remotely.

Sample parameter file:

```
REPLICAT RPTDFAB

-- Set the dictionary location
DICTIONARY <volume>.AT60DDL

-- Use the target site definitions
ASSUMETARGETDEFS

-- Set the discard file
DISCARDFILE <volume>.GGSDISC.RPTDFAB, PURGE

-- Replicat the file operations to the files
GETFILEOPS

-- Do block reads
FASTREADS

-- Set handlecollisions only for Initial Loads
-- HANDLECOLLISIONS

-- Map the TDF records
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.TDF,
    TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.TDF,
    TARGETDEF TDF,
    COLMAP (USEDEFAULTS,
            TDF.DUAL-SITE-IND =
                @IF (@STRCMP (TDF.DUAL-SITE-IND, "R") = 0, "L", "R"));
```

```
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.ATDD1,
    TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.ATDD1,
    TARGETDEF ATDD1,
    COLMAP (USEDEFAULTS,
            ATDD1.CORE.DUAL-SITE-IND =
            @IF (@STRCMP (ATDD1.CORE.DUAL-SITE-IND, "R") = 0, "L", "R"))

-- Map the ATDD2 records
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.ATDD2,
    TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.ATDD2;

-- Map the ATDS1 records
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.ATDS1,
    TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.ATDS1;

-- Set the POS dictionary location
DICTIONARY <volume>.D24PDDL

-- Map the PTDF records
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PTDF,
    TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PTDF,
    TARGETDEF PTDF,
    COLMAP (USEDEFAULTS,
            PTDF.REC.DUAL-SITE-IND =
            @IF (@STRCMP (PTDF.REC.DUAL-SITE-IND, "R") = 0, "L", "R"));

-- Map the PTDD1 records
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PTDD1,
    TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PTDD1,
    TARGETDEF PTDD1,
    COLMAP (USEDEFAULTS,
            PTDD1.CORE.DUAL-SITE-IND =
            @IF (@STRCMP (PTDD1.CORE.DUAL-SITE-IND, "R") = 0, "L", "R"));

-- Map the PTDS1 records
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PTDS1,
    TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PTDS1;

-- Map the PTDD2 records
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PTDD2,
    TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1DATA.PTDD2;
```



#### 4. Create Replicat RPTLFBB

RPTLFBB reads the local (P)TLF log trails <volume>.TLFLOGS.BB and does the following:

- Replicates the create and purge operations to the combined A+B (P)TLF files for Site B.
- Replicates the (P)TLF the header record write from Settlement to the local (P)TLF. This will cause the Replicat to create the local (P)TLF file using the CREATETEMPLATE parameter. The local (P)TLF file will be created without alternate key files.
- Replicates the local (P)TLF records into the combined A+B (P)TLF files.

Settlement creates the combined A+B (P)TLF files and the authorization processes update the local (P)TLF files.

Sample parameter file:

```
REPLICAT RPTLFBB

-- Set the dictionary location
DICTIONARY <base24 atm volume>.AT60DDL

-- Set the discard file
DISCARDFILE <volume>.GGSDISC.RPTLFBB, PURGE

-- Use the target site definitions
ASSUMETARGETDEFS

-- Do not replicate file operations for the local (P)TLF files
IGNOREFILEOPS

-- Do block reads
FASTREADS

-- Map the TLF records
MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1ATLF.T*, TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.D24LOGS.*
   TARGETDICT <base24 atm volume>.AT60DDL,
   TARGETDEF TLF,
   NOCOLMAP;
```

```
-- Set the dictionary location
DICTIONARY <base24 pos volume>.PS60DDL

-- Map the PTLF records
MAP \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1PTLF.P*, TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.D24LOGS.*
    TARGETDICT <base24 pos volume>.PS60DDL,
    TARGETDEF PTLF,
    NOCOLMAP;

-- Set the dictionary location
DICTIONARY <base24 atm volume>.PS60DDL

-- Map only the header TLF record to the local file
MAP \SITEB.<volume>.D24LOGS.T*, DEF TLF
    TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1ATLF.*,
    COLMAP ( USEDEFAULTS ),
    TARGETDICT <base24 atm volume>.AT60DDL,
    TARGETDEF TLF,
    CREATETEMPLATE <volume>.D24TMPL.TLYYMMDD,
    ALTFILECHAR 2,
    WHERE ( TLF.HEAD.REC-TYP = "00" );

-- Set the dictionary location
DICTIONARY <base24 pos volume>.PS60DDL

-- Map only the header PTLF record to the local file
MAP \SITEB.<volume>.D24LOGS.P*, DEF PTLF,
    TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1PTLF.*,
    COLMAP ( USEDEFAULTS ),
    TARGETDICT <base24 pos volume>.PS60DDL,
    TARGETDEF PTLF,
    CREATETEMPLATE <volume>.D24TMPL.POYYMMDD,
    ALTFILECHAR 2,
    WHERE ( PTLF.HEAD.REC-TYP = "00" );
```

## 5. Create Replicat RPTLFAB

Depending on your site, configure one of the following Replicats.

### **Option 1:** Local and combined transaction log files

RPTLFAB reads the remote/extract trails <volume>.TLFTRLS.AB. This Replicat has the D24 user exit that adds or updates the field DUAL\_SITE\_IND in the MULT\_LN\_TKN token. This field is used to indicate if the (P)TLF is from a remote site.

- The user exit will do the following:
  - If the token exists, it updates the DUAL\_SITE\_IND field with P
  - If the token does not exist, it adds the token with the DUAL\_SITE\_IND field set to P
  - If the header token does not exist, it adds both the header token and the MULT\_LN\_TKN token with the field set to P
- The Replicat updates the local and combined A+B (P)TLF files

#### Sample parameter file:

```
REPLICAT RPTLFAB

-- Set the dictionary location
DICTIONARY <base24 atm volume>.AT60DDL
-- Use the target site definitions
ASSUMETARGETDEFS
-- Set the user exit
CUSEREXIT
-- Set the discard file
DISCARDFILE <volume>.<prefix>SDISC.RPTLFAB, PURGE

-- Ignore the file operations to the combined A+B (P)TLF files
IGNOREFILEOPS
-- Do block reads
FASTREADS

-- Map financial and exception TLF records
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1ATLF.T*, TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.D24LOGS.*,
    TARGETDEF TLF,
    NOCOLMAP,
    EXITPARAM "TLF",
    WHERE (TLF.HEAD.REC-TYP <> "00");
```

```
-- Map 'Forced Balanced' TLF records
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.D24LOGS.T*, TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.D24LOGS.* ,
    TARGETDEF TLF ,
    NOCOLMAP ,
    EXITPARAM "TLF" ,
    WHERE (TLF.HEAD.REC-TYP <> "00");

-- Set the dictionary location
DICTIONARY <base24 pos volume>.PS60DDL

-- Map financial and exception PTLF records
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1PTLF.P*, TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.D24LOGS.* ,
    TARGETDEF PTLF ,
    NOCOLMAP ,
    EXITPARAM "PTLF" ,
    WHERE (PTLF.HEAD.REC-TYP <> "00");

-- Map 'Forced Balanced' PTLF records
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.D24LOGS.P*, TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.D24LOGS.* ,
    TARGETDEF PTLF ,
    NOCOLMAP ,
    EXITPARAM "PTLF" ,
    WHERE (PTLF.HEAD.REC-TYP <> "00");
```

## Option 2: Combined transaction files only

RPTLFAB reads the remote/extract trails <volume>.TLFTRLS.AB. This Replicat has the D24 user exit that adds or updates the field DUAL\_SITE\_IND in the MULT\_LN\_TKN token. This field is used to indicate if the (P)TLF is from a remote site.

- The user exit will do the following:
  - If the token exists, it updates the DUAL\_SITE\_IND field with P
  - If the token does not exist, it adds the token with the DUAL\_SITE\_IND field set to P
  - If the header token does not exist, it adds both the header token and the MULT\_LN\_TKN token with the field set to P

The Replicat only updates the combined A+B (P)TLF files

### Sample parameter file:

```
REPLICAT RPTLFAB

-- Set the dictionary location
DICTIONARY <base24 atm volume>.AT60DDL
-- Use the target site definitions
ASSUMETARGETDEFS
-- Set the user exit
CUSEREXIT
-- Set the discard file
DISCARDFILE <volume>.GGSDISC.RPTLFAB, PURGE

-- Ignore the file operations to the combined A+B (P)TLF files
IGNOREFILEOPS
-- Do block reads
FASTREADS

-- Map financial and exception TLF records
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1ATLF.T*, TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1ATLF.*,
    TARGETDEF TLF,
    NOCOLMAP,
    EXITPARAM "TLF",
    WHERE (TLF.HEAD.REC-TYP <> "00");

-- Set the dictionary location
DICTIONARY <base24 pos volume>.PS60DDL

-- Map financial and exception PTLF records
MAP \SITEA.<volume>.PRO1PTLF.P*, TARGET \SITEB.<volume>.PRO1PTLF.*,
    TARGETDEF PTLF,
    NOCOLMAP,
    EXITPARAM "PTLF",
    WHERE (PTLF.HEAD.REC-TYP <> "00");
```

## Adding and starting GoldenGate components

With your parameter files configured, you are ready to add the components you need for your particular dual-site environment. In this section, sample

commands show how to optimize and run the parameters you have built in the previous sections.

To add all your GoldenGate components, you must:

- Start site A Manager
- Add site A Loggers
- Add site A Extracts
- Add extract/remote trails for site A Extracts
- Start site B Manager
- Add site B Loggers
- Add site B Extracts
- Add extract/remote trails for site B Extracts
- Add site A Replicats
- Add site B Replicats
- Start site A components
- Start site B components

## Start site A Manager

**Syntax**            GGSCI> START MANAGER

Starts the Manager process, which is responsible for keeping Extracts and Replicats running and maintaining extract trails. The Manager process is part of the default GoldenGate environment, therefore when GoldenGate is installed the Manager process is automatically added. The Manager process only has to be started.

## Add site A Loggers

**Syntax**            GGSCI> ADD LOGGER

This single command adds all your Logger processes to your GoldenGate environment. The Logparm file defines:

- the number of Logger processes

- the location, number and size of the log trails for each Logger process
- the files to be monitored

## Add site A Extracts

**Syntax**

```
GGSCI> ADD EXTRACT EXB24AB, LOGTRAILSOURCE <vol>.B24LOGS.AA
GGSCI> ADD EXTRACT EXTDFAB, LOGTRAILSOURCE <vol>.TDFLOGS.AA
GGSCI> ADD EXTRACT EXTLFAB, LOGTRAILSOURCE <vol>.TLFLOGS.AA
```

This command adds the Extracts for each parameter file built previously. The ADD command specifies which logtrail the Extract reads.

## Add extract/remote trails for site A Extracts

**Syntax**

```
GGSCI> ADD EXTTRAIL \SITEB.<volume>.B24TRLS.AA, EXTRACT
EXB24AB

GGSCI> ADD EXTTRAIL \SITEB.<volume>.TDFTRLS.AA, EXTRACT
EXTDFAA

GGSCI> ADD EXTTRAIL \SITEB.<volume>.TLFTRLS.AB, EXTRACT
EXTLFAB
```

These commands add the extract trail to the GoldenGate environment. The actual files are not created until the first log record is written to the target site.

## Start site B Manager

**Syntax**

```
GGSCI> START MANAGER
```

This command starts the Manager process, which keeps the Extracts and Replicats running and maintains the Extract Trails. When GoldenGate is installed the Manager process is automatically added; the Manager process only has to be started.

## Add site B Loggers

**Syntax**

```
GGSCI> ADD LOGGER
```

Description:

This single command adds all your Logger processes to your GoldenGate environment. The Logparm file defines:

- the number of Logger processes
- the location, number and size of the log trails for each Logger process
- the files to be monitored

## Add site B Extracts

**Syntax**

```
GGSCI> ADD EXTRACT EXB24BA, LOGTRAILSOURCE  
<volume>.B24LOGS.BB  
  
GGSCI> ADD EXTRACT EXD24BA, LOGTRAILSOURCE  
<volume>.D24LOGS.BB  
  
GGSCI> ADD EXTRACT EXTDFBA, LOGTRAILSOURCE  
<volume>.TDFLOGS.BB  
  
GGSCI> ADD EXTRACT EXTLFBA, LOGTRAILSOURCE  
<volume>.TLFLOGS.BB
```

These commands add the Extract processes for the Extract parameter files built previously, and specify the logtrails to be read.

## Add extract/remote trails for site B Extracts

**Syntax**

```
GGSCI> ADD EXTTRAIL \SITEA.<volume>.B24TRLS.BB, EXTRACT  
EXB24BA  
  
GGSCI> ADD EXTTRAIL \SITEA.<volume>.TDFTRLS.BB, EXTRACT  
EXTDFBA  
  
GGSCI> ADD EXTTRAIL \SITEA.<volume>.TLFTRLS.BB, EXTRACT  
EXTLFBA
```

These commands add extract/remote trails to the GoldenGate environment. The actual files are not created until the first log records are written to the target site.



## Add site A Replicats

**Syntax**

```
GGSCI> ADD REPLICAT RPB24BA, EXTTRAILSOURCE  
<volume>.B24TRLS.BB
```

```
GGSCI> ADD REPLICAT RPD24BA, EXTTRAILSOURCE  
<volume>.B24TRLS.BB, PROGRAM REPD24
```

```
GGSCI> ADD REPLICAT RPTDFBA, EXTTRAILSOURCE  
<volume>.TDFTRLS.BB
```

```
GGSCI> ADD REPLICAT RPTLFBA, EXTTRAILSOURCE  
<volume>.TLFTRLS.BB PROGRAM REPD24
```

These commands add the Replicat processes for the parameter files you built previously.

### **Optional Replicat:**

**Syntax**

```
GGSCI> ADD REPLICAT RPTLFAA, LOGTRAILSOURCE  
<volume>.TLFLOGS.AA
```

This command adds the Replicat process RPTLFAA. This Replicat is used to deliver the TLF file changes from the local transaction log files on \SITEA to combined transaction log files on \SITEA.

**Note** This Replicat is only required if two transaction log files are used; one for the local A files and a second for the combination of A and B transaction log files.

## Add site B Replicats

**Syntax**

```
GGSCI> ADD REPLICAT RPB24AB, EXTTRAILSOURCE  
<volume>.B24TRLS.AA
```

```
GGSCI> ADD REPLICAT RPD24AB, EXTTRAILSOURCE  
<volume>.B24TRLS.AA, PROGRAM REPD24
```

```
GGSCI> ADD REPLICAT RPTDFAB, EXTTRAILSOURCE  
<volume>.TDFTRLS.AA
```

```
GGSCI> ADD REPLICAT RPTLFAB, EXTTRAILSOURCE  
<volume>.TLFTRLS.AA, PROGRAM REPD24
```

These commands add the Replicat processes for the parameter files you built previously.

**Optional Replicat:**

```
GGSCI> ADD REPLICAT RPTLFBB, LOGTRAILSOURCE <volume>.TLFLOGS.BB
```

This command adds the Replicat process RPTLFBB. This Replicat is used to deliver the TLF file changes from the local transaction log files on \SITEB to combined transaction log files on \SITEB.

This Replicat is only required if two transaction log files are used; one for the local B files and a second for the combination of A and B transaction log files.

## Start site A components

1. Start Logger.

```
GGSCI> START LOGGER
```

This command starts the Logger processes. The information in the Logparm file that is used by the Logger and intercept libraries is loaded into each CPU'S memory.

2. Start the Extracts.

```
GGSCI> START EXB24AB
```

```
GGSCI> START EXTDFAB
```

```
GGSCI> START EXTLFAB
```

3. Start Replicat

```
GGSCI> START RPB24BA
```

```
GGSCI> START RPD24BA
```

```
GGSCI> START RPTDFBA
```

```
GGSCI> START RPTLFBA
```

```
GGSCI> START RPTLFAA
```

**Note** This Replicat is only required if two transaction log files are used; one for the local B files and a second for the combination of A and B transaction log files.

## Start site B components

### 1. Start Logger.

```
GGSCI> START LOGGER
```

This command starts the Logger processes. The information in the Logparm file that is used by the Logger and intercept libraries is loaded into each CPU's memory.

### 2. Start Extract

```
GGSCI> START EXB24BA
```

```
GGSCI> START EXTDFBA
```

```
GGSCI> START EXTLFBA
```

### 3. Start Replicat

```
GGSCI> START RPB24AB
```

```
GGSCI> START RPD24AB
```

```
GGSCI> START RPTDFAB
```

```
GGSCI> START RPTLFAB
```

```
GGSCI> START RPTLFB
```

**Note** This Replicat is only required if two transaction log files are used; one for the local B files and a second for the combination of A and B transaction log files.

## CHAPTER 4

# D24 Messages



This chapter lists messages you may see in your BASE24/GoldenGate environment while running D24. Topics include:

- [Overview](#)
- [Error messages](#)
- [N24 EMS and TACL messages](#)
- [Warning messages](#)
- [Informational messages](#)

## Overview

This chapter covers two types of messages: those generated by the delta and remote flag functions, and messages generated by EMS or TACL. Messages generated by flag functions use the following numbering:

- If the message number is in the range of 200 to 299 it is a warning message. The user exit will display the message and processing continues.
- If the message number is in the range between 300 and 399, it is an error message. The user exit will display the message and cause the Replicat to abend.
- Messages generated by the N24 function retain their original formats

## Error messages

**UE 201: WARNING: POSSIBLE OUT OF SYNC CONDITION FOR FILE <FILE NAME> RECORD <RECORD #> FIELD <FIELD NAME> FIID: <NAME> ACCOUNT: <ACCOUNT #> AFTER VAL: <VALUE> TARGET BEFORE: <VALUE> DELTA VAL: <VALUE> TARGET AFTER: <VALUE> MIS-MATCH RECS: <#> LAST BEFORE IMAGE TRAIL <TRAIL #> AT <TRAIL RBA>**

**Cause** The initial value of the source did not match the initial value of the target. AFTER VAL is the value captured from the source after update/insert was applied. TARGET BEFORE is the value on target before the update or insert is applied For an update, the DELTA VAL is the difference between AFTER VAL and TARGET BEFORE. For an insert, it is the accumulated total. TARGET AFTER is the resulting value on the target. The MIS-MATCH RECS displays the number of records with unmatched values if the WARNINGS option is included.

**Recovery** Use either the card number or account number in BASE24 to research the records. This message can display if the delivery between the sites is being delayed. It may be necessary to re-sync the files if the problem persists. Please contact GoldenGate Support for additional help.

**UE 301: ERROR: INVALID EXITPARAM VALUE. LAST BEFORE IMAGE TRAIL <TRAIL #> AT <TRAIL RBA>.**

**Cause** At least one of the values in the EXITPARAM parameter was invalid.

**Recovery** Check the Replicat parameter file and correct the EXITPARAM.

**UE 302: ERROR: <FILE NAME> UPDATES ARE COMPRESSED.**

**Cause** The update record in the trail is in compressed format.

**Recovery** On the source side please check the Logparm parameter file and make sure the files are captured in 'uncompressed' format. Use Logdump to determine the next RBA. In GGSCI use the ALTER command to change the Replicat's positioning and restart the Replicat.

**UE 303: ERROR: <FILE NAME> 'BEFORE' AND 'AFTER' IMAGES ARE OUT OF SYNC .**

**Cause** The user exit expects the order of the records to be first the 'Before' image followed immediately by the 'After' image. In this case the 'After' image record came before the 'Before' record. The Logparm, Extract or Replicat parameter files may not be configured correctly.

**Recovery** Please contact GoldenGate Support.

**UE 304: ERROR: INVALID "<EXITPARAM VALUE>" PARAMETER.**

**Cause** The EXITPARAM contains values that start with one of the following names CAF, PBF, UAF, NOTIFY, or WARNINGS but contains additional characters.

**Recovery** Please edit the Replicat parameter file and fix the EXITPARAM. Then restart the Replicat

**UE 305: ERROR: <GUARDIAN ERROR NUMBER> RETURNED BY FILE\_GETINFOLISTBYNAME\_ . LAST BEFORE IMAGE TRAIL <TRAIL #> AT <TRAIL RBA>.**

**Cause** An error occurred calling the function FILE\_GETINFOLISTBYNAME\_ .

**Recovery** Research the file error and contact GoldenGate Support

**UE 306: ERROR: <FILE NAME>, FILE IS UNSTRUCTURED.**

**Cause** The target file is an unstructured file.

**Recovery** Edit the YReplicat parameter file and fix the MAP statement.

**UE 308: ERROR: <ERROR NUMBER> RETURNED BY GET\_ALTKEY\_INFO FUNCTION.**

**Cause** Getting the record key information returned an error.

**Recovery** Contact GoldenGate Support.

**UE 307 ERROR: INVALID SEG LGTH FOR <SEG #> IN TRAIL <TRAIL #> AT <TRAIL RBA>**

**Cause** The length for a particular segment is out of bounds or zero. The prior segment may have had an invalid length.

**Recovery** Contact GoldenGate Support.

**UE 309: ERROR:<ERROR NUMBER> RETURNED BY GET\_DELTA\_FLDS FOR FILE <TARGET FILE NAME>.**

**Cause** The WARNINGS parameter was found in the EXITPARAM, however it must be used with one of the following files CAF, PBF or UAF.

**Recovery** Check the Replicat parameter file and correct the EXITPARAM.

**UE 310 ERROR: THE NUMBER OF <FILE NAME> FILE IDS HAS EXCEEDED ITS LIMIT.**

**Cause** The user exit allows for 100 opens for each of the delta files. This limit has been exceeded.

**Recovery** Contact GoldenGate Support.

**UE 311 ERROR: DEFGEN FILE IS NOT AN EDIT FILE FOR <DEFGEN FILE NAME>. LAST BEFORE IMAGE TRAIL <TRAIL #> AT <TRAIL RBA>.**

**Cause** The file identified in the EXITPARAM as the DEFGEN output file is not an edit file and therefore invalid.

**Recovery** Check the Replicat parameter file, and correct the DEFGEN file name.

**UE 312 ERROR: TOO MANY PARAMETERS ENTERED. LAST BEFORE IMAGE TRAIL <TRAIL #> AT <TRAIL RBA>.**

**Cause** Depending on the file identifier, there may be from 1 to 4 parameters. Too many parameters were entered for this file type.

**Recovery** Check the Replicat parameter file and correct the EXITPARAM.



**UE 313 ERROR: <GUARDIAN ERROR NUMBER>, CALLING DEFINEINFO. LAST BEFORE IMAGE TRAIL <TRAIL #> AT <TRAIL RBA>.**

- Cause** The user exit encountered an internal error calling the DEFINEINFO procedure.
- Recovery** Please contact GoldenGate Support.

**UE 314 ERROR: <GUARDIAN ERROR NUMBER>, CALLING GET\_RECORD <UNIQUE IDENTIFIER>. LAST BEFORE IMAGE TRAIL <TRAIL #> AT <TRAIL RBA>.**

- Cause** The user exit encountered an internal error calling the GET\_RECORD procedure.
- Recovery** This message is located a number of times in the user exit. The <unique identifier> identifies the specific call.

**UE 315 ERROR: <GUARDIAN ERROR NUMBER>, CALLING FILE\_GETINFOLIST.**

- Cause** The user exit encountered an internal error calling the FILE\_GETINFOLIST procedure.
- Recovery** Please contact GoldenGate Support.

**UE 316 ERROR: <GUARDIAN ERROR NUMBER>, CALLING KEYPOSITIONX FOR FILE <TARGET FILE NAME>.**

- Cause** The user exit encountered an internal error calling the KEYPOSITIONX procedure.
- Recovery** Contact GoldenGate Support.

**UE 317 ERROR: <GUARDIAN ERROR NUMBER>, CALLING KEYPOSITIONX FOR FILE <TARGET FILE NAME>. LAST BEFORE IMAGE TRAIL <TRAIL #> AT <TRAIL RBA>**

- Cause** The user exit encountered an internal error calling the KEYPOSITIONX procedure.
- Recovery** Contact GoldenGate Support.

**UE 318 ERROR: <GUARDIAN ERROR NUMBER>, CALLING READUPDATELOCKX FOR FILE <FILE NAME>. LAST BEFORE IMAGE TRAIL <TRAIL #> AT <TRAIL RBA>**

- Cause** The user exit encountered an internal error calling the READUPDATELOCKX procedure.
- Recovery** Check the error number and file in the message. If possible, correct the error and restart the Replicat. If the error cannot be corrected, please contact GoldenGate Support.

**UE319 ERROR: <GUARDIAN ERROR NUMBER>, CALLING READUPDATELOCKX FOR FILE <FILE NAME>. LAST BEFORE IMAGE TRAIL <TRAIL #> AT <TRAIL RBA>**

- Cause** The user exit encountered an internal error calling the READUPDATELOCKX procedure.
- Recovery** Contact GoldenGate Support.

**UE 320 ERROR: SEGMENT <SEGMENT NUMBER> NOT VALID FOR RECORD <REC KEY>.**

- Cause** A segment was found in the data record <rec key> without a corresponding definition.
- Recovery** Check the DEFGEN output file for the missing segment definition.

**UE 321 ERROR: <ERROR NUMBER> RETURNED FROM PROCESS\_DELTADEFS**

- Cause** An error was returned by the process\_deltadefs function. Another error message should have preceded this message to identify the exact problem.
- Recovery** If the problem cannot be resolved, please contact GoldenGate Support

**UE 322 ERROR: SEGMENT <SEGMENT NUMBER> NOT FOUND FOR RECORD <REC KEY>**

- Cause** A field in the DEFGEN output file had a definition but no corresponding data field was found in the record <rec key>.
- Recovery** Check the DEFGEN output file to make sure the segment definition is correct. Contact GoldenGate Support if the problem cannot be resolved.

**UE 323 ERROR: INVALID FIELD TYPE <FIELD DATA TYPE> FOR RECORD <REC KEY>**

**Cause** A D was found for a field that did not have a valid data field type (i.e. 130, 132 or 134).

**Recovery** Check the DEFGEN output file for the field in question.

**UE 400 ERROR: <GUARDIAN ERROR NUMBER>, UNABLE TO OPEN DEF FILE <FILE NAME>**

**Cause** The user exit encountered an error opening the DEFGEN file.

**Recovery** Check the error number and file in the message. If possible, correct the error and restart the Replicat. If the error cannot be corrected, please contact GoldenGate Support.

**UE 401 ERROR: <GUARDIAN ERROR NUMBER>, UNABLE TO ALLOCATE SPACE FOR <FILE NAME>**

**Cause** The user exit encountered an error allocating space for the delta field definitions.

**Recovery** Check the error number and file in the message. If possible, correct the error and restart the Replicat. If the error cannot be corrected, please contact GoldenGate Support.

**UE 402 ERROR: <GUARDIAN ERROR NUMBER>, UNABLE TO ALLOCATE MORE SPACE MAXFIELDS IN <FILE NAME>**

**Cause** The user exit encountered an error allocating more space for the delta field definitions, the maximum number of delta fields has been allocated.

**Recovery** Please contact GoldenGate Support.

**UE 403 ERROR: <GUARDIAN ERROR NUMBER>, UNABLE TO REALLOCATE FOR ACTUAL SPACE FOR <FILE NAME>**

- Cause** The user exit encountered an error allocating space for the delta field definitions.
- Recovery** Check the error number and file in the message. If possible, correct the error and restart the Replicat. If the error cannot be corrected, please contact GoldenGate Support.

**UE 404 ERROR: <GUARDIAN ERROR NUMBER>, INVALID DEF FILE LINE <FIELD NAME> SEG <DEFINITION ID> IN <FILE NAME>**

- Cause** The DEFGEN file has an invalid value for the line specified.
- Recovery** Check the line specified for a valid field type and offset. Typically this is for fields identified as a delta field with the wrong field. The field must be types 130, 132, or 134. If possible, correct the DEFGEN file error and restart the Replicat. If the error cannot be corrected, please contact GoldenGate Support.

**UE 405 ERROR: <GUARDIAN ERROR NUMBER>, INVALID DEF FILE NO DELTA FIELDS <FIELD NAME>**

- Cause** The DEFGEN file is either not a valid DEFGEN output or does not have delta fields designated by a D in the last column.
- Recovery** Check the file specified and validate there are delta fields defined. Typically this is for those that do not page right after the last column of data in the DEFGEN file. The field must be identified by a D in the very last column. If possible, correct the DEFGEN file error and restart the Replicat. If the error cannot be corrected, please contact GoldenGate Support.

**7285 GGSCI FILE NAME NOT FOUND IN THE LCONF**

- Cause** The LCONF assign for GGSCI is not defined.
- Recovery** Please add the LCONF ASSIGN to support this function. Take the appropriate action to CLOSEFILES for the associated Replicats if required.

**7290 GGSCI-IN-FILE NAME NOT FOUND IN THE LCONF**

- Cause** The LCONF assign for GGSCI-IN-FILE is not defined.
- Recovery** Please add the LCONF ASSIGN to support this function. Take the appropriate action to CLOSEFILES for the associated Replicats if required.

**7295 ERROR <ERROR> ON PROCESS\_CREATE**

- Cause** An error has occurred while trying to create a process.
- Recovery** Please take the appropriate action to CLOSEFILES for the associated Replicats if required. Typically you can use the SEND REPLICAT <replicat names> CLOSEFILES command from GGSCI on the local system to do this. Please call GoldenGate Support if this error persists.

**7300 ERROR <ERROR> ON OPEN. UNABLE TO COMMUNICATE WITH PROCESS <NAME>**

- Cause** An error has occurred while trying to open a GGSCI process.
- Recovery** Please take the appropriate action to CLOSEFILES for the associated Replicats if required. Typically you can use the SEND REPLICAT <replicat names> CLOSEFILES command from GGSCI on the local system to do this. Please call GoldenGate Support if this error persists.

**7305 ERROR <ERROR> ON WRITE. UNABLE TO COMMUNICATE WITH PROCESS <NAME>**

- Cause** An error has occurred while trying to write the startup message to the GGSCI process.
- Recovery** Please take the appropriate action to CLOSEFILES for the associated Replicats if required. Typically you can use the SEND REPLICAT <replicat names> CLOSEFILES command from GGSCI on the local system to do this. Please call GoldenGate Support if this error persists.

**7310 ERROR <ERROR> ON CLOSE. UNABLE TO COMMUNICATE WITH PROCESS <NAME>**

- Cause** An error has occurred while trying to close communication with a GGSCI process.
- Recovery** Please take the appropriate action to CLOSEFILES for the associated Replicats if required. Typically you can use the SEND REPLICAT <replicat names> CLOSEFILES command from GGSCI on the local system to do this. Please call GoldenGate Support if this error persists.

**7315 NOTIFY IS NOT CURRENTLY SET UP TO SUPPORT 9503**

- Cause** The Notify process does not have a GGSCI or GGSCI-IN-FILE defined to support the 9503 message.
- Recovery** Please set up the appropriate ASSIGNS to support this function.

## **N24 EMS and TACL messages**

**EXPECTING VALID ORIGINAL <FILENAME>**

- Cause** The file specified as the original file is not in a valid format. The TACL macro will not complete processing unless the file and associated parameters passed to the macro are in a valid Tandem format for a filename. The macro will return and not complete.
- Recovery** Check all mapping parameters contained with the Replicat and start the full Refresh process again. Please call GoldenGate Support if this error persists.

**EXPECTING VALID TARGET <FILENAME>**

- Cause** The file specified as the target file is not in a valid format. The TACL macro will not complete processing unless the file and

associated parameters passed to the macro are in a valid Tandem format for a filename. The macro will return and not complete.

**Recovery** Check all mapping parameters contained with the Replicat and start the full Refresh process again. Please call GoldenGate Support if this error persists.

**RENAME ERROR <GUARDIAN ERROR> ON <ORIGINAL FILE> <TARGET FILE>**

**Cause** The rename for the specified files could not take place, the Guardian Error specified is the reason and cause. The TACL macro will not compete processing unless the files are renamed. The macro will return and not complete.

**Recovery** Fix the problem with the rename and restart the Replicat to complete the full Refresh process on the target side.

**EXPECTING EXISTING <FILENAME>**

**Cause** The rename for the specified file could not take place, the file specified does not exist. The TACL macro will not compete processing unless the files are renamed. The macro will return and not complete.

**Recovery** Fix the problem with the rename and restart the Replicat to complete the full Refresh process on the target side.

**EXPECTING EXISTING <GGSREFR FILE> <FILENAME SPECIFIED>**

**Cause** The file specified as the GGSREFR file is not in a valid format or does exist. The TACL macro will not compete processing unless the file and associated parameters within the macro are in a valid Tandem format for a filename and the GGSREFR file exists. The macro will return and not complete.

**Recovery** Check the GGSREFR file location contained within the TACLB24 macro and start the full Refresh process again. Please call GoldenGate Support if this error persists.

**\*ERROR\* <NCPCOM PROCESS> IS NOT A PROCESS !**

**Cause** The process specified as the NCPCOM process is not in a valid format or does exist as a PATHMON process. The TACL macro will not complete processing unless the process :ncpcom associated within the macro are in a valid Tandem format for a process and the process exists. The macro will return and not complete.

**Recovery** Check the NCPCOM process contained within the TACLB24 macro and change the process name. Or, if it is specified within the GGSREFR file please modify the GGSREFR file appropriately. Start the Replicat process again. Please call GoldenGate Support if this error persists.

**\*ERROR\* <NCPCOM PROCESS> IS NOT A PATHWAY MONITOR !**

**Cause** The process specified as the NCPCOM process is not in a valid format or does exist as a PATHMON process. The TACL macro will not compete processing unless the process :ncpcom is associated within the macro is in a valid Tandem format for a process and the process exists as a PATHMON process. The macro will return and not complete.

**Recovery** Check the NCPCOM process contained within the TACLB24 macro and change the process name. Or, if it is specified within the GGSREFR file please modify the GGSREFR file appropriately. Start the Replicat process again. Please call GoldenGate Support if this error persists.

**\*ERROR\* IN SENDING NCPCOM MESSAGE <OUTPUT FROM NCPCOM>**

**Cause** The process starting NCPCOM was not able to deliver the message to the Notify process for reasons specified in the message output. The TACLB24 will not compete processing unless the Notify process message is delivered. The macro will return and not complete. However prior steps have been completed.

**Recovery** Check the BASE24 processes that have the OCAF still open. If all items completed successfully for the Refresh and the Replicat you may send the 9503 message 9503\*\*\*<filename><refrg><refrt> to



Notify or just WARMBOOT your BASE24 processes. Please validate that the processing of all other steps have been completed before manual intervention. Please call GoldenGate Support if this error persists.

**<LCONF ASSIGN> ASSIGN NAME NOT FOUND IN THE LCONF**

**Cause** The Notify process was not able to deliver the message to all BASE24 process for reasons specified in the message output. The TACLB24 will compete processing but the Notify process message is not delivered. The macro will return and complete. All prior steps have been completed.

**Recovery** Check the BASE24 processes that have the old file still open. This is mostly like a case of not adding the right LCONF values or a typo within the GGSREFR for the REFRESH GROUP. Please fix those issues. If all items completed successfully for the Refresh and the Replicat you may send the 9503\*\*\*<filename><refrg><refrt> to Notify or just WARMBOOT your BASE24 processes. Please validate that the processing of all other steps have been completed before manual intervention. Please call GoldenGate Support if this error persists.

**NO NOTIFY MESSAGE DELIVERED TO B24 PROCESSES**

**Cause** The Notify process was not able to deliver the message to all BASE24 process for reasons specified in the message output. The TACLB24 will compete processing but the Notify process message is not delivered. The macro will return and complete. All prior steps have been completed.

**Recovery** Check the BASE24 processes that have the old file still open. This may be caused by not adding the right LCONF values or a typo within the GGSREFR for the REFRESH GROUP. Please fix those issues. If all items completed successfully for the Refresh and the Replicat you may send the 9503\*\*\*<filename><refrg><refrt> to Notify or just WARMBOOT your BASE24 processes. Please validate that the processing of all other steps have been completed before

manual intervention. Call GoldenGate Support if this error persists.

**\*ERROR\* PARTITION SPECIFIED IN GGSREFR FILE HAS TO BE THE PRIMARY FILE ONLY.**

- Cause** A partition was specified as a file name in the GGSREFR file.
- Recovery** Change the <filename> to the name and location of the primary file. Specifying a partitioned file without the optional LCONF parameter will not notify the proper file name within BASE24. Specify the <optflag> = 5 or 6 and add an <optLCONF> parameter to the GGSREFR file.

**\*ERROR\* ALTKEY SPECIFIED IN GGSREFR FILE HAS TO BE THE PRIMARY FILE ONLY.**

- Cause** An alternate key file was specified as a file name in the GGSREFR file.
- Recovery** Change the <filename> to the name of the primary file. Specifying an alternate key file without the optional LCONF parameter will not notify the proper file name within BASE24. Specify the <optflag> = 5 or 6 and add an <optLCONF> parameter to the GGSREFR file.

## Warning messages

**MACRO EXITING <FILENAME> NOT FOUND IN <EDIT FILE NAME>**

- Cause** The file specified is not in the EDIT file for BASE24 full file refreshes. The TAACL macro will not complete processing unless the file and associated parameters are contained in the GGSREFR edit file. The macro will return and not complete.
- Recovery** Add the Refresh filename to the edit file GGSREFR along with all parameters and start the full Refresh process again.

### **ASSUMING RESTART OF REPLICAT <FILENAME> EXISTS**

- Cause** The rename for the specified file could not take place, the file specified already exists. The TACL macro will complete processing yet the files will not be renamed. The macro will complete processing without renaming the files.
- Recovery** The problem with the rename and restart of the Replicat is to be fixed prior to this message. The full Refresh process to complete once the Replicat is restarted on the target side. The message is only to inform you that processing is completed within the TACL macro even though the rename was not accomplished.

### **REFRESH GROUP TRUNCATED**

- Cause** The file GGSREFR contains an entry for the REFRESH GROUP that is greater than the maximum size of a refresh group. The TACLB24 will truncate the value and continue processing. The macro completes using the truncated value.
- Recovery** Modify the GGSREFR file for the REFRESH GROUP that is longer than it should be. Start the full Refresh process again or if all items completed successfully for the Refresh and the Replicat you may send the 9503\*\*\*<filename><refrg><refrt> to Notify or just WARMBOOT your BASE24 processes. Please validate that the processing of all other steps have been completed before manual intervention. Please call GoldenGate Support if this warning persists.

### **REPLICAT NAME TRUNCATED**

- Cause** The file GGSREFR contains an entry for a Replicat that is greater than the maximum size of a Replicat name. The TACLB24 will truncate the value and continue processing. The macro completes using the truncated value.
- Recovery** Modify the GGSREFR file for the Replicat name that is longer than it should be. Start the full Refresh process again. Please call GoldenGate Support if this warning persists.

## REFRESH TYPE TRUNCATED

- Cause** The file GGSREFR contains an entry for the REFRESH TYPE that is greater than the maximum size of a refresh type. The TACLB24 will truncate the value and continue processing. The macro completes using the truncated value.
- Recovery** Modify the GGSREFR file for the REFRESH TYPE that is longer than it should be. Start the full Refresh process again or if all items completed successfully for the Refresh and the Replicat you may send the 9503\*\*\*<filename><refrg><refrt> to Notify or just WARMBOOT your BASE24 processes. Please validate that the processing of all other steps have been completed before manual intervention. Please call GoldenGate Support if this warning persists.

## Informational messages

### RENAME FOR <ORIGINAL FILE> TO <TARGET FILE> COMPLETED.

The rename for the specified file was successful.

### CHGNOTE COMPLETED.

The CHGNOTE process was executed.

### NOTIFY MESSAGE QUEUED TO <BASE24 NOTIFY PROCESS> FOR REFRESH <REFRESH GROUP>

The message was sent to the BASE24 Notify process and was delivered successfully.

### REFRESH FOR <FILENAME> ACKNOWLEDGED BY ALL PROCESSES.

The message was sent to each BASE24 process contained on the REF-Notifyxx list and was acknowledged successfully.

## APPENDIX 1: Delta Fields

.....

This appendix outlines recommended records and fields that may benefit from delta processing. For delta processing configuration information, see [Configuring delta processing](#) in Chapter Two.

**Table 1 PBF Fields**

Field	Redef	Debit/ Credit	Description
Base Segment			
AVAIL-BAL		DB	Available balance for non-credit accounts.
AVAIL-CR	X	CR	Available credit for credit accounts.
LEDG-BAL		DB	Current account balance for non-credit accounts.
AVAIL-CR	X	CR	Credit limit for credit accounts

Field	Redef	Debit/ Credit	Description
AMT-ON-HLD	X	DB	Total amount of non-credit account funds being held.
CR-BAL	X	CR	Current credit balance for credit accounts.
CASH-OUT-TODAY		DB	Total amount of cash paid out during the current processing day.
CASH-IN-TODAY		DB	Total amount of cash deposited during the current processing day.
OVRDRFT-LMT		DB	Amount of overdraft protection available for non-credit accounts.
<b>POS Segment</b>			
TTL-FLOAT		CR	Balance of credit transactions associated with this account for which the paperwork has not been received.
CUR-FLOAT		CR	Amount of credit used by this account since the last refresh.

**Table 2 CAF Fields**

Field	Redef	Debit/ Credit	Description
Base Segment			
TTL-WDL-PRD		DB	Total amount of purchases and cash withdrawals made against non-credit accounts.
OFFL-WDL-PRD		DB	Total amount of purchases and cash withdrawals made offline against non-credit accounts.
TTL-CCA-PRD		CR	Total amount of cash advanced against credit accounts.
OFFL-CCA-PRD		CR	Total amount of cash advanced offline against credit accounts.
TTL-WDL-LMT		DB	Maximum amount of purchases and cash withdrawals allowed against non-credit accounts.
OFFL-WDL-LMT		DB	Maximum amount of purchases and cash withdrawals allowed offline against non-credit accounts.
TTL-CCA-LMT		CR	Maximum amount of cash advances allowed against credit accounts.
OFFL-CCA-LMT		CR	Maximum amount of cash advances allowed offline against credit accounts.

Field	Redef	Debit/ Credit	Description
AGGR-LMT		DB/CR	Maximum aggregate amount of cash disbursements allowed against credit and non-credit accounts, plus purchases allowed against non-credit accounts.
OFFL-ACCR-LMT		DB/CR	Maximum aggregate amount of offline cash disbursements allowed against credit and non-credit accounts, plus offline purchases allowed against non-credit accounts.
<b>ATM Segment</b>			
TTL-WDL-PRD		DB	Total amount of cash withdrawals made against non-credit accounts.
OFFL-WDL-PRD		DB	Total amount of cash withdrawals made offline against non-credit accounts.
TTL-CCA-PRD		CR	Total amount of cash advanced against credit accounts.
OFFL-CCA-LMT		CR	Maximum amount of cash advances allowed offline against credit accounts.
DEP-CR-PRD		--	Total amount of deposit credit accumulated during the current usage period.
DEP-CR-LMT		--	Maximum amount of deposit credit single usage accumulation period



Field	Redef	Debit/ Credit	Description
NUM-DEP-CR-PRD		--	Number of deposit credits during the current usage accumulation period.
<b>POS Segment</b>			
TTL-PUR-PRD		CR	Total amount of purchases made against credit accounts.
OFFL-PUR-PRD		CR	Total amount of purchases made offline against credit accounts.
TTL-CCA-PRD		CR	Total amount of cash advanced against credit accounts.
OFFL-CCA-PRD		CR	Total amount of cash advanced offline against credit accounts.
TTL-WDL-PRD		DB	Total amount of purchases and cash withdrawals made against non-credit accounts.
OFFL-WDL-PRD		DB	Total amount of purchases and cash withdrawals made offline against non-credit accounts.
TTL-PUR-LMT		CR	Maximum amount of purchases allowed against credit accounts.
OFFL-PUR-LMT		CR	Maximum amount of purchases allowed offline against credit accounts.
TTL-CCA-LMT		CR	Maximum amount of cash advances allowed against credit accounts.

Field	Redef	Debit/ Credit	Description
OFFL-CCA-LMT		CR	Maximum amount of cash advances allowed offline against credit accounts.
TTL-WDL-LMT		DB	Maximum amount of purchases and cash withdrawals allowed against non-credit accounts.
OFFL-WDL-LMT		DB	Maximum amount of purchases and cash withdrawals allowed offline against non-credit accounts.
TTL-RFND-CR-PRD		CR	Total amount of refund/replenishment credit received during the current usage accumulation period.
OFFL-RFND-CR-PRD		CR	Total amount of refund/replenishment credit received offline during the current usage accumulation period.
TTL-RFND-CR-LMT		CR	Maximum amount of refund/replenishment credits that can be received.
OFFL-RFND-CR-LMT		CR	Maximum amount of refund/replenishment credits that can be received offline.
NUM-RFND-CR-PRD		CR	Number of refund/replenishment credits during the current usage period.

**Table 3 UAF Fields**

Field	Re-def	Debit/ Credit	Description
<b>Base Segment</b>			
TTL-WDL-PRD		DB	Total amount of purchases and cash withdrawals made against non-credit accounts.
OFFL-WDL-PRD		DB	Total amount of purchases and cash withdrawals made offline against non-credit accounts.
TTL-CCA-PRD		CR	Total amount of cash advanced against credit accounts.
OFFL-CCA-PRD		CR	Total amount of cash advanced offline against credit accounts.
<b>ATM Segment</b>			
TTL-WDL-PRD		DB	Total amount of cash withdrawals made against non-credit accounts.
OFFL-WDL-PRD		DB	Total amount of cash withdrawals made offline against non-credit accounts.
TTL-CCA-PRD		CR	Total amount of cash advanced against credit accounts.
OFFL-CCA-LMT		CR	Maximum amount of cash advances allowed offline against credit accounts.

Field	Re-def	Debit/ Credit	Description
POS Segment			
TTL-PUR-PRD		CR	Total amount of purchases made against credit accounts.
OFFL-PUR-PRD		CR	Total amount of purchases made offline against credit accounts.
TTL-CCA-PRD		CR	Total amount of cash advanced against credit accounts.
OFFL-CCA-PRD		CR	Total amount of cash advanced offline against credit accounts.
TTL-WDL-PRD		DB	Total amount of purchases and ash withdrawals made against non-credit accounts.
OFFL-WDL-PRD		DB	Total amount of purchases and cash withdrawals made offline against non-credit accounts.
TTL-WDL-PRD		DB	Total amount of purchases and cash withdrawals made offline against non-credit accounts.
OFFL-WDL-PRD		DB	Total amount of purchases and cash withdrawals made offline against non-credit accounts.
TTL-RFND-CR-PRD		CR	Total amount of refund credits received during the accumulation period.

Field	Re-def	Debit/ Credit	Description
OFFL-RFND-CR-PRD		CR	Total amount of refund credits received offline during the accumulation period.
NUM-RFND-CR-PRD			Number of refund credits received during the accumulation period.
<b>PRE-AUTH Segment</b>			
TTL-WDL-PRD		DB	Total amount of cash withdrawals made against non-credit accounts.
OFFL-WDL-PRD		DB	Total amount of cash withdrawals made offline against non-credit accounts.
TTL-CCA-PRD		CR	Total amount of cash advanced against credit accounts.
OFFL-CCA-PRD		CR	Total amount of cash advanced offline against credit accounts.

## APPENDIX 2:

# Templates



This appendix depicts layout templates for TLF and PTLF files.

## Sample templates

**Figure 11** TLF template

```
D24TMPL.TLYYMMDD
ENSCRIBE
TYPE E
FORMAT 1
EXT ( <number of primary extents> PAGES, <number of secondary extents>
PAGES )
REC 4072
BLOCK 4096
MAXEXTENTS 100
BUFFERED
```

**Figure 12** PTLF template

```
D24TMPL.POYMMDD
ENSCRIBE
TYPE E
FORMAT 1
EXT ( <number of primary extents> PAGES, <number of secondary extents>
PAGES )
REC 4072
BLOCK 4096
MAXEXTENTS 100
BUFFERED
```

## APPENDIX 3:

# Dual Site LCONF Records



This appendix illustrates the changes required in the BASE24 configuration to support GoldenGate for D24 Dual Site.



## Assign REMOTE-LCONF

Used by DCT to access remote Pathway in order to communicate with remote Device handler managing remotely connected ATM.

**Figure 13** Assign REMOTE-LCONF

```
BASE24-BASE LOGICAL NET CONFIG FILE PRO1      04/04/29 14:44 02 OF 04
                LNCF ASSIGN SCREEN
                READ BY: *****
                ASSIGN NAME: REMOTE-LCONF
                LOCATION/ID: <\remote node>.<volume>.PRODCNTL.L1CONF
                TEMPLATE FILE:
USAGE CODES:
-----
-----
-----
-----
-----
-----
-----
-----
COMMENTS:  LCONF FOR THE REMOTE LCONF

USER FIELD:
RECORD LAST CHANGED: 03/11/04 15:42  BY USER: 0255 , 00000255  CHANGE
***** BASE24 *****
NEW PAGE:          FILE DESTINATION:          NEW LOGICAL NETWORK ID:
SF2 - SEARCH-FOR-MATCH          F12-HELP
RECORD RETRIEVED FROM <node>.<volume>.PRODCNTL.L1CONF          0000
```

## Assign REMOTE-PMON

Used by DCT to access remote Pathway in order to communicate with remote Device Handler managing remotely connected ATM

**Figure 14** Assign REMOTE-PMON

```
BASE24-BASE LOGICAL NET CONFIG FILE PRO1 04/04/29 14:46 02 OF 04
          LNCF ASSIGN SCREEN
          READ BY: *****
          ASSIGN NAME: REMOTE-PMON
          LOCATION/ID: <\remote node>.$PPMN
          TEMPLATE FILE:
USAGE CODES:
-----
-----
-----
-----
-----
-----
-----
-----
-----
-----
COMMENTS:  PATHMON FOR THE REMOTE PATHWAY

USER FIELD:
RECORD LAST CHANGED: 03/11/04 15:41 BY USER: 0255 , 00000255 CHANGE
***** BASE24 *****
NEW PAGE:          FILE DESTINATION:          NEW LOGICAL NETWORK ID:
SF2 - SEARCH-FOR-MATCH          F12-HELP
RECORD RETRIEVED FROM <\node>.<volume>.PRODCNTL.L1CONF 00
```

## Param BROADCAST-DELAY

Used by Settlement to control delay period after new (P)TLF creation prior to sending of notify messages to enable creation of GoldenGate copies of file to complete. Used by Refresh to control delay after sending of notify messages to completion of impacting.

**Figure 15** Param BROADCAST-DELAY

```
BASE24-BASE LOGICAL NET CONFIG FILE PRO1      04/04/29 14:49 03 OF 04
                                LNCF PARAM SCREEN
      READ BY: *****
      PARAM NAME: BROADCAST-DELAY
      TEXT: 30

      USAGE CODES:
      ATM POS _____
      _____
      _____
      _____
      _____
      _____
      _____
      _____

      COMMENTS:  USED BY REFRESH TO DELAY NOTIFY TO AUTHS AND SETL TO DELAY THE
                  BROADCAST CUTOVER AFTER THE (P)TLF FILES ARE CREATED. THIS PARAM
                  IS VALID ONLY IF THE BROADCAST-NOTIFY PARAM HAS BEEN SET. THE
                  TEXT VALUE IS IN SECONDS

      RECORD LAST CHANGED: 03/10/15 09:30 BY USER: 0255 , 00000255 CHANGE
      ***** BASE24 *****
      NEW PAGE:          FILE DESTINATION:      NEW LOGICAL NETWORK ID:
      SF2 - SEARCH-FOR-MATCH      F12-HELP
      RECORD RETRIEVED FROM <\node>.<volume>.PRODCNTL.L1CONF      0000
```



## Param DUAL-SITE-DISPLAY

Used by Server-TLF and Server-PTLF to control identification of remote records on detail display.

**Figure 17** Param DUAL-SITE-DISPLAY

```
BASE24-BASE LOGICAL NET CONFIG FILE PRO1      04/04/29 14:55 03 OF 04
              LNCF PARAM SCREEN
          READ BY: *****
          PARAM NAME: DUAL-SITE-DISPLAY
          TEXT: Y

          USAGE CODES:
          ATM
          _____
          _____
          _____
          _____
          _____
          _____

          COMMENTS: DUAL-SITE TRANSACTIONS CAN BE FLAGGED IF THIS PARAM SET TO 'Y'.
                   'N' OR THE NON EXISTENCE OF THIS PARAM SWITCH THE DISPLAY OFF.
                   N.B. YOU MUST SET A SPECIFIC TLF ASSIGN FOR SERVER-TLF

          RECORD LAST CHANGED: 03/12/18 12:27 BY USER: 0255 , 00000255 ADD
          ***** BASE24 *****
          NEW PAGE:          FILE DESTINATION:          NEW LOGICAL NETWORK ID:
          SF2 - SEARCH-FOR-MATCH          F12-HELP
          RECORD RETRIEVED FROM <\node>.<volume> .PRODCNTL.L1CONF          0000
```



If Dual Site is configured for a single combined file (i.e. combine Site A and Site B) for TLF and a combined file for PTLF on each site, no changes are required. The standard POS-PTLF and TLF LCONF assign records are used (all asterisks in the READ BY: field).

**Figure 19** Assign POS-PTLF record for the Authorization processes (Local and Combined PTLFs or Combined Only)

```

BASE24-BASE LOGICAL NET CONFIG FILE PRO1 04/04/29 14:27 02 OF 04
          LNCF ASSIGN SCREEN
          READ BY: *****
          ASSIGN NAME: POS-PTLF
          LOCATION/ID: <\node>.<volume>.PRO1PTLF.POYYMMDD
          TEMPLATE FILE: <\node>.<volume>.PRO1TPLT.POYYMMDD
USAGE CODES:
POS  _____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
COMMENTS:  POS TRANSACTION LOG FILE

          |
USER FIELD:
RECORD LAST CHANGED: 99/07/13 15:09 BY USER: 0000 , 00000000 ADD
***** BASE24 *****
NEW PAGE:          FILE DESTINATION:          NEW LOGICAL NETWORK ID:
SF2 - SEARCH-FOR-MATCH          F12-HELP
RECORD RETRIEVED FROM <\node>.<volume>.PRODCNTL.L1CONF
  
```

**Figure 20** Assign TLF record for the Authorization processes (Local and Combined TLFs or Combined Only)

```
BASE24-BASE LOGICAL NET CONFIG FILE PRO1      04/04/29  14:47  02 OF 04
                LNCF ASSIGN SCREEN
                READ BY: *****
                ASSIGN NAME: TLF
                LOCATION/ID: <\node>.<volume>.PRO1ATLF.TLYYMDD
                TEMPLATE FILE: <\node>.<volume>.PRO1TPLT.TLYYMDD
USAGE CODES:
ATM
-----
-----
-----
-----
-----
-----
-----
-----
COMMENTS:  TRANSACTION LOG FILE

USER FIELD:
RECORD LAST CHANGED: 03/08/23 21:49 BY USER: 0255 , 00000255 CHANGE
*****BASE24*****
NEW PAGE:          FILE DESTINATION:          NEW LOGICAL NETWORK ID:
SF2 - SEARCH-FOR-MATCH          F12-HELP
RECORD RETRIEVED FROM <\node>.<volume>.PRODCNTL.L1CONF          0000
```





**Figure 22** Assign POS-PTLF record for the Slave POS Settlement (Local and Combined PTLFs)

```
BASE24-BASE LOGICAL NET CONFIG FILE PRO1          04/04/29 14:27 02 OF 04
                LNCF ASSIGN SCREEN
                READ BY: P1A^PSETLS
                ASSIGN NAME: POS-PTLF
                LOCATION/ID: <\node>.<volume>.D24LOGS.POYMMDD
                TEMPLATE FILE: <\node>.<volume>.PRO1TPLT.POYMMDD
USAGE CODES:
POS  _____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
COMMENTS:  POS TRANSACTION LOG FILE

USER FIELD:
RECORD LAST CHANGED: 99/07/13 15:09 BY USER: 0000 , 00000000 ADD
***** BASE24 *****
NEW PAGE:          FILE DESTINATION:          NEW LOGICAL NETWORK ID:
SF2 - SEARCH-FOR-MATCH          F12-HELP
RECORD RETRIEVED FROM <\node>.<volume>.PRODCNTL.L1CONF
```



**Figure 24** Assign POS-PTLF record for the Refresh process (Local and Combined PTLFs)

```
BASE24-BASE LOGICAL NET CONFIG FILE PRO1      04/04/29  14:27  02 OF 04
                LNCF ASSIGN SCREEN
                READ BY: P1A^REFR
                ASSIGN NAME: POS-PTLF
                LOCATION/ID: <\node>.<volume>.D24LOGS.POYMMDD
                TEMPLATE FILE: <\node>.<volume>.PRO1TPLT.POYMMDD
USAGE CODES:
POS  _____
____
____
____
____
____
____
____
COMMENTS:  POS TRANSACTION LOG FILE

USER FIELD:
RECORD LAST CHANGED: 99/07/13 15:09  BY USER: 0000 , 00000000  ADD
***** BASE24 *****
NEW PAGE:          FILE DESTINATION:          NEW LOGICAL NETWORK ID:
SF2 - SEARCH-FOR-MATCH          F12-HELP
RECORD RETRIEVED FROM <\node>.<volume>.PRODCNTL.L1CONF
```













**APPENDIX 4:**

# **GoldenGate for D24 Utilities**



This appendix explains utility programs that can be used with GoldenGate for D24 Dual Site. These utilities include:

- [FILEPRG file purge macro](#)
- [GGSCIIN file rename notify](#)

## FILEPRG file purge macro

A dual site may be configured with both local files and combined PLF and TPLF files on each site. The combined transaction log files are created by BASE24 Settlement and used by Settlement, Super Extract, Refresh, and the TLF/PTLF Pathway server. The local transaction files are created by GoldenGate and are used only for authorization. They do not contain alternate key files, so the overall response time for authorization is reduced.

Older combined files are purged by Settlement during its normal processing. The FILEPRG Macro can be used to purge local TLF/PTLF files created by GoldenGate.

New elements include the FILEPRG macro and the FILEPSEG segment for optional EMS logging. The FILEPSEG segment file attaches to the FILEPRG macro to provide processing needed to log messages to EMS. There are optional variables that can be attached before running the macro.

### FILEPRG Macro

The FILEPRG macro selects files based on an input file name that may include wildcards. If the last modification date of a selected file is equal or greater than the current date adjusted for the the number of days files are to be retained, it is purged.

**Syntax**            `RUN FILEPRG <days retention> <filename>`

Option	Description
<code>&lt;days retention&gt;</code>	The number of days that files are to be retained. If the last modification date of a selected file is equal or greater than the current date adjusted for the the <code>&lt;days retention&gt;</code> , it is purged.
<code>&lt;filename&gt;</code>	The fully qualified name of the file to purge if the retention period has been exceeded. Wildcards can be used.

**Example** The following example purges all of the files in the \$DATA01.YYYY subvolume since the retention days are zero.

```
RUN FILEPRG 0 $DATA01.YYYY.*
```

**Example** The next example purges all files in the \$DATA01.YYYY subvolume that are 10 days or older based on the last modification date.

```
RUN FILEPRG 10 $DATA01.YYYY.*
```

## Optional variables

The following optional variables can be set before the macro is executed to change or enhance the output options. If the value entered for the variable is not valid based on the criteria outlined below, or if nothing is entered, the default will be used.

Variable	Description
:spooler <process/filename>	A valid spooler location to use for the output of all application messages.
:ems <process>	A valid EMS collector <process> to receive critical output. The default is \$0.
:corrective <process/filename>	A valid file or process name to receive output if there is an error on the file purge. The purge command and name of the file are output. The default is to create a file named CO<yymmdd> using the last two digits of the current year and a two digit month and day.
:openinfo	Triggers output of error detail when a file open fails.

Variable	Description
:spooler^only	Output is directed only to the spooler location <:spooler>. Application messages are not logged to the terminal or a process. The default is to log application messages to all devices specified.
:bydate <YYMMDD>	This option works only when the filename is in the format XYYYMMDD. It triggers processing that uses the date <YYMMDD> of the filename when testing against the days to retain files. The default is to purge files based on the modification date of the file
:dayoweeek	<p>A valid day of the week number:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ 0 – Sunday</li> <li>◆ 1 – Monday</li> <li>◆ 2 – Tuesday</li> <li>◆ 3 – Wednesday</li> <li>◆ 4 – Thursday</li> <li>◆ 5 – Friday</li> <li>◆ 6 – Saturday</li> </ul> <p>This variable causes the macro to interrogate the YYMMDD of the filename and only select those that fall on the indicated day of the week.</p>

## Alternate methods for running FILEPRG

NonStop TAACL OBEY files can be created to run the file purge macro. These can contain multiple RUN FILEPRG statements.

The following example runs FILEPRG using the OBEY file PRGOBEY. It sets the spooler location to \$s.#testing and outputs open errors to

\$DATA01.PRO1TACL.CO060307. Since the :EMS variable has no value, it will default to \$0. All variables that are not set will assume their default value.

```
1> #push :spooler :ems :corrective
2> #set :spooler $s.#testing
3> #set :corrective $data01.pro1tacl.CO060307
4> RUN FILEPRG PRGOBEY
```

The macro can also be run from the shared segment as shown below. This might be used with NETBATCH, for example.

```
1> attachseg shared filepseg :cln
2> #push #uselist
3> #set #uselist [#uselist] :cln
4> FILEPRG PRGOBEY
5> #unframe
```

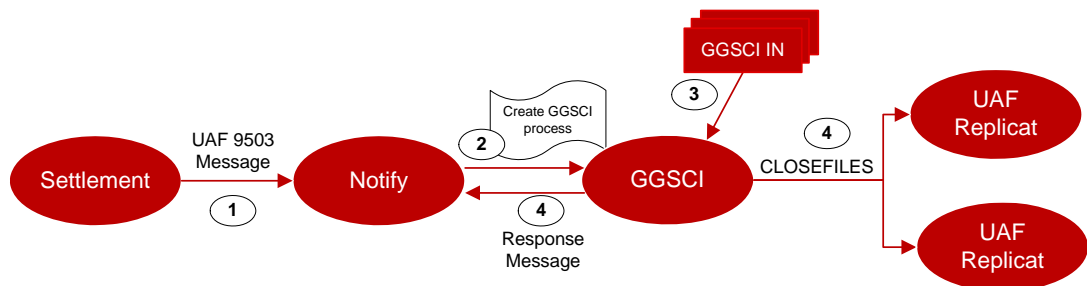
## GGSCIIN file rename notify

A dual site may be configured to run the Settlement on both nodes simultaneously. In this environment Logger is not set up to capture the operations of Settlement, so when Settlement is used to rename the old UAF file and create a new one, the close and reopen of the files is not triggered.

Setting up to use the GGSCIIN obey file ensures that the local Replicat processes are notified when the Settlement process runs locally in this environment. This obey file alerts Replicat to close its open files and begin using the new UAF file that was created during Settlement.

### Overview of bi-directional flow using GGSCIIN

Both sites should be performing the processing illustrated in the diagram and steps outlined below. The UAF cutover processes on the two sites are independent of each other.



1. Settlement cuts over a UAF file. It sends a 9503 message requesting close and reopen of the UAF to all of the processes on the notify list. GoldenGate's Notify process is included in the list.
2. The Notify process receives the 9503 message and creates a GGSCI process and sends it the location of the GGSCIIN file.
3. GGSCI reads the GGSCIIN file and executes its commands.
4. The CLOSEFILES command is sent to all the UAF Replicats.

5. The Notify process receives the response message from GGSCI. If there is an error this will be sent to the NonStop's Event Message System (EMS).

**Note** All GGSCI output is logged to the GGSCI-OUT-FILE or the PRI\_COLL that is specified.

## BASE24 Institution file set up

The Persistent UAF field on the Base Institution File window should be set to “Yes, with SETL support” as shown in the following illustrations.

```
BASE24-BASE INSTITUTION FILE    PRO1 BNK1 06/09/11 08:19 03 OF 42

      FIID: BNK1    FI-NAME: TEST BANK 1- ABC

                                PROCESSING CONTROL PARAMETERS

                                FIELD CUTOVER: 2  (PURGE UAF, CLEAR CAF AT MIDNIGHT)
                                PERSISTENT UAF: 1  (YES, WITH SETL SUPPORT)
                                HOST ADJ. PROCESSING: 00 (MANUAL ADJUSTMENTS)
                                CURRENCY CODE: 840 (USD)

RECORD LAST CHANGED: 05/11/11 11:28 BY USER: 0255 , 00000255 CHANGE
***** BASE24 *****
NEW PAGE:    FILE DESTINATION:    NEW LOGICAL NETWORK ID:
              F12-HELP
DATA O.K.
```



BASE24-BASE INSTITUTION FILE PRO1 BNK1 06/09/11 08:19 03 OF 42

FIID: BNK1 FI-NAME: TEST BANK 1- ABC

PROCESSING CONTROL PARAMETERS

FIELD CUTOVER: 0 (NO UAF PURGE)  
PERSISTENT UAF: 1 (YES, WITH SETL SUPPORT)  
HOST ADJ. PROCESSING: 00 (MANUAL ADJUSTMENTS)  
CURRENCY CODE: 840 (USD)

RECORD LAST CHANGED: 05/11/11 11:28 BY USER: 0255 , 00000255 CHANGE

\*\*\*\*\* BASE24 \*\*\*\*\*

NEW PAGE: FILE DESTINATION: NEW LOGICAL NETWORK ID:  
F12-HELP

DATA O.K.



## 2. GGSCI-IN-FILE record

Assign the GGSCI-IN-FILE record for the Notify process. (UAF bi-directional and Settlement for RENAMES only)

```
BASE24-BASE LOGICAL NET CONFIG FILE PRO1 04/04/19 05:11 02 OF 04
                                LNCF ASSIGN SCREEN
                                READ BY: *****
                                ASSIGN NAME: GGSCI-IN-FILE
                                LOCATION/ID: <\system>.<GGS vol>.<GGS subvol>.<GGSCIIN
                                TEMPLATE FILE:
USAGE CODES:
BASE ATM POS _____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
COMMENTS: LOCATION OF THE GOLDENGATE GGSCI INPUT EDIT OBEYFILE. TO BE USED FOR
ALL REPLICATS TO CLOSE THEIR FILES AFTER UAF CUTOVER.
EX: SEND REPLICAT REPD24* CLOSEFILES
USER FIELD:
RECORD LAST CHANGED: 04/04/05 06:46 BY USER: 0255 , 00000255 CHANGE
***** BASE24 *****
NEW PAGE:          FILE DESTINATION:      NEW LOGICAL NETWORK ID:
SF2 - SEARCH-FOR-MATCH F12-HELP
RECORD RETRIEVED FROM <\node>.<volume>.<DVLPPDATA.L1CONF                                0000
```





### Assign Settlement Mightnight Notify

If the optional midnight cutover is used, assign the POS-SETL-MIDNIGHT-NOTIFY-100 record that is used by Settlement to send the Notify 9503 message in the broadcast of Notify messages. UAF bi-directional and Settlement are used for RENAMES only.

```

BASE24-BASE LOGICAL NET CONFIG FILE PRO1          04/04/29  14:55  03 OF 04
                                LNCF PARAM SCREEN
      READ BY: *****
PARAM NAME: POS-SETL-MIDNIGHT-NOTIFY-100
      TEXT:  PLA^NOTIFY

USAGE CODES:
ATM  POS  _____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____
COMMENTS:  ADD THE NOTIFY PROCESS TO THE MIDNIGHT SETL LIST. TO BE USED FOR
           NOTIFYING ALL REPLICATS TO CLOSE THEIR FILES AFTER UAF CUTOVER
           THIS WILL CAUSE ALL REPLICATS TO OPEN THE NEW UAF FILE.

RECORD LAST CHANGED: 03/12/18  12:27  BY USER: 0255 , 00000255  ADD
***** BASE24 *****
NEW PAGE:          FILE DESTINATION:          NEW LOGICAL NETWORK ID:
SF2 - SEARCH-FOR-MATCH          F12-HELP
RECORD RETRIEVED FROM <\node>.<volume>.PRODCNTL.L1CONF          0000

```

## Modify the GGSCIIN obey file

For bi-directional UAF processing, both sites must have the edit obey file GGSCIIN. This is used by the Notify process on each site. GGSCIIN may need to be changed as follows to match your local sites.

1. Check the local LCONF assignment for the <volume>.<subvolume> where the file is located and then edit the file.

```
TEDIT <volume>.<subvolume>.GGSCIIN
```

2. Change the following statement to the Replicat naming convention that is used on your site.

```
SEND REPLCIAT RPD24* CLOSEFILES
```