

Oracle® Depot Repair

Implementation Guide

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Oracle Depot Repair Implementation Guide, Release 12.1

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Preface

Intended Audience

Welcome to Release 12.1 of the *Oracle Depot Repair Implementation Guide*.

See Related Information Sources on page x for more Oracle E-Business Suite product information.

Documentation Accessibility

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at <http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc>.

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Structure

1 Introduction to Oracle Depot Repair

This chapter discusses the key concepts, features, and process flows of Oracle Depot Repair.

2 Overview of Setting Up

This chapter provides an overview of the steps required to set up Oracle Depot Repair.

3 Oracle Depot Repair-Specific Setup Steps

This chapter describes implementation tasks that are specific to Oracle Depot Repair.

A Oracle Depot Repair Public APIs

This appendix presents information on the Oracle Depot Repair public API.

B Oracle Depot Repair Lookup Codes

This appendix presents the seeded Oracle Depot Repair lookup codes and values.

C Oracle Depot Repair Update Programs

This appendix presents the Oracle Depot Repair update programs.

Related Information Sources

Oracle Depot Repair User Guide

Oracle Common Application Components Implementation Guide

Integration Repository

The Oracle Integration Repository is a compilation of information about the service endpoints exposed by the Oracle E-Business Suite of applications. It provides a complete catalog of Oracle E-Business Suite's business service interfaces. The tool lets users easily discover and deploy the appropriate business service interface for integration with any system, application, or business partner.

The Oracle Integration Repository is shipped as part of the Oracle E-Business Suite. As your instance is patched, the repository is automatically updated with content appropriate for the precise revisions of interfaces in your environment.

Do Not Use Database Tools to Modify Oracle E-Business Suite Data

Oracle **STRONGLY RECOMMENDS** that you never use SQL*Plus, Oracle Data Browser, database triggers, or any other tool to modify Oracle E-Business Suite data unless otherwise instructed.

Oracle provides powerful tools you can use to create, store, change, retrieve, and maintain information in an Oracle database. But if you use Oracle tools such as SQL*Plus to modify Oracle E-Business Suite data, you risk destroying the integrity of your data and you lose the ability to audit changes to your data.

Because Oracle E-Business Suite tables are interrelated, any change you make using an Oracle E-Business Suite form can update many tables at once. But when you modify Oracle E-Business Suite data using anything other than Oracle E-Business Suite, you may change a row in one table without making corresponding changes in related tables. If your tables get out of synchronization with each other, you risk retrieving erroneous information and you risk unpredictable results throughout Oracle E-Business Suite.

When you use Oracle E-Business Suite to modify your data, Oracle E-Business Suite automatically checks that your changes are valid. Oracle E-Business Suite also keeps track of who changes information. If you enter information into database tables using database tools, you may store invalid information. You also lose the ability to track who has changed your information because SQL*Plus and other database tools do not keep a

record of changes.

Introduction to Oracle Depot Repair

This chapter discusses the key concepts, features, and process flows of Oracle Depot Repair.

This chapter covers the following topics:

- What is Oracle Depot Repair?
- Oracle Depot Repair Key Features
- Business Process Flows
- Integration with Other Oracle Modules
- Business Function Impacts

What is Oracle Depot Repair?

Oracle Depot Repair is part of the Oracle E-Business Suite and offers an enterprise-wide solution for managing depot repair processing. It targets the repair business market from simple, quick repairs to routine maintenance. Oracle Depot Repair integrates with other Oracle E-Business Suite modules to provide an integrated comprehensive solution for the repair business sector.

The depot repair process includes the return of broken and serviceable items, their diagnoses and repair job estimates, customer approvals and repairs management, and subsequent return of items to customers. You use the collection of charges for materials, labor, and expenses for the repairs to invoice the customer.

The depot repair process also includes the processing of item refurbishments, where the items either belong to an internal party, or the items are received from a field service warehouse and then returned to the warehouse after repair.

Customers expect quick and seamless repair processing. Oracle Depot Repair provides end-to-end repair management functionality for service organizations that are committed to delivering a total service solution.

Oracle Depot Repair enables service organizations to meet customer expectations, and

draw maximum benefit by improving service readiness.

Oracle Depot Repair Key Features

The major features of Oracle Depot Repair include:

- Customer Management, page 1-2
- Service Request Management, page 1-2
- Repair Type Processing, page 1-2
- Repair Job Management, page 1-2
- Repair Resolution Management, page 1-2

Customer Management

Oracle Depot Repair can use a call center environment to improve customer interaction with service depots. Customers can use an access number to contact the relevant service depot where they can log Service Requests. The primary focus of the service representatives in the call center is to understand the customer's issue and resolve it on the first call, if possible, thereby avoiding escalations or call transfers. This lets service agency experts focus on their areas of expertise without the constant distraction of explaining well-documented issues and solutions.

Oracle Depot Repair also supports scenarios in which customers walk in at service depots for repair needs.

Oracle Depot Repair provides service organizations with the right tools and knowledge for responding effectively to the repair issues that customers have.

Key customer management features include:

Oracle Depot Repair Workbench

The Repair Orders window in Oracle Depot Repair provides the service agent instant access to information about the customer and enables the agent to effectively address the needs of the customer. The customer Profile menu option enables service agents to view the number of open Repair Orders, open Service Requests, active contracts, and other details for a selected customer. In the Find Repair Orders window, service agents can query for Repair Orders, to see the Repair Order statuses, repair jobs, and repair tasks.

Relationship Management

Oracle Depot Repair lets service agents capture the contact's relationship with others in the concerned organization, or other organizations, enabling service agents to engage

knowledgeably with customers and other service agencies.

Customer Data Store

Oracle Depot Repair enables service agencies to maintain a comprehensive database of all customer interactions with the agency. Oracle Depot Repair maintains detailed service history to trace the origin of a repair issue and the follow up actions that solved it.

Service Request Management

Oracle Depot Repair enables service agencies to offer customers the convenience of accessing service through telephone or over the counter. Key Service Request management processes include:

- Entering Service Requests
- Searching the Oracle Knowledge Management Database

Service Request Builder

Oracle Depot Repair lets you enter new Service Requests to gather appropriate data. It lets service agents record customer information and attempt problem resolution to solve issues in the very first interaction.

Searchable Oracle Knowledge Management Database

Oracle Depot Repair makes available a database of solutions, which the service agents can search with a view to solving the problem while the customer interaction is in progress. The Oracle Knowledge Management database can also provide information, such as guides, policies, procedures, and FAQs.

Where the problem affecting the current Repair Order item is matched up with the solution in the Oracle Knowledge Management database, Oracle Knowledge Management can assist in the Repair Order processing by providing charge lines for WIP and Task estimates, and Bills and Routings for WIP Repair Jobs.

Repair Type Processing

Oracle Depot Repair provides Repair Types that enable service providers to be more efficient in managing the repair through process automation. Repair Types help to classify the Repair Order and determine the repair management processes and logistics to fulfill the repair process.

Oracle Depot Repair supports the following Repair Types:

- Repair and Return, page 1-2
- Loaner, Repair and Return, page 1-2

- Exchange, page 1-2
- Advance Exchange, page 1-2
- Loaner, page 1-2
- Replacement, page 1-2
- Standard, page 1-2
- Refurbishment, page 1-2
- Third Party Repair, page 1-2
- Return Only Repair, page 1-2

Repair and Return

Use this Repair Type when a customer returns the broken or damaged item to the service depot for repair. After completion of the repair, you return the repaired item to the customer. This Repair Type requires:

- A return materials authorization (RMA), or Return line, to receive the customer's broken or damaged item.
- A Sales Order, or Ship line, to ship the repaired item and invoice the customer.

Loaner, Repair and Return

This Repair Type combines two Repair Types, the Repair and Return, with the Loaner. The loaner concept indicates that service depot sends the customer the loaner before the receipt of the customer's broken or damaged item. To track the shipping and return of both the loaner and the broken or damaged item, the system creates four charge lines. This Repair Type requires two RMA Orders and two Sales Orders. Use this Repair Type when a customer uptime is critical.

Exchange

This Repair Type represents a scenario when the service depot sends an exchange item to the customer after receiving the customer's broken or damaged item. The Exchange Repair Type assumes that the repaired item does not return to the customer. The system can generate an internal Repair Order for the returned item, but there is not necessarily an association between the repaired item and the original exchange item.

Advance Exchange

This Repair Type is the same as the Exchange Repair Type except that the service depot can send the item to the customer before the service organization receives the

customer's broken item.

Loaner

Use this Repair Type when the service depot sends an item to the customer solely for the purpose of renting. This Repair Type requires a Sales Order to ship the loaner item to the customer and to create an invoice, and an RMA order to track the return of the loaner item. A deposit and return due date may be requirements. The customer has no expectation of repairs.

Replacement

A Replacement Repair Type refers to a scenario when the service depot sends an item to the customer without expecting a return. In this scenario, the service provider sends the customer an item to replace the customer's item. The service organization can:

- Link the replacement item to the original item in the Oracle Installed Base.
- Change the status of the replaced item to indicate that it is out of service and that the new item has replaced it.

Standard

Use this Repair Type when the service agent is uncertain about the customer's needs. This Repair Type is flexible however, and requires the manual creation of RMAs and Sales Orders.

Refurbishment

A Repair Order and its associated Service Request can be created in the Spares Management module of Oracle Field Service as a result of a demand for refurbishment or replenishment. The Repair Order has a Repair Type of Refurbishment, and has two transaction lines, Move In and Move Out.

The Move In line tracks the shipment of the defective item from Spares Management, and its reception into the depot. The Move Out line processes the shipment of the repaired item back to Spares Management.

The processing of Move In and Move Out lines leverages existing Internal Order and Internal Requisition functionality. From the depot's perspective, defective items are received via the Internal Requisition, and usable/repaired items are shipped via the Internal Order.

Third Party Repair

The repair centres require the ability to interface with third parties to fulfill a customer's service requirements. Repair centres track the movement of products, work, and financial obligation between all the parties involved in executing a repair. For a third

party repair execution, an Outside Processing (OSP) operation is created in the Repair Technician Portal. OSP operations are not specific to Depot Repair, they are standard in Work in Process (WIP). Essentially, completing the OSP operation triggers the creation of a purchase order with a request to procure service from a third party.

Return Only Repair

The return only repair functionality is used when a repair type is setup to have an RMA line. In this case, there is no corresponding ship line. When an item is returned, you have the following options:

- Items are returned for credit
- Items are returned to stock
- Items are returned for salvage

For example, when an item is returned, all the parts are first salvaged, the parts are recycled, and the remaining parts are scrapped.

Repair Job Management

Use either of the following repair modes to manage repairs:

- **WIP (Work In Process):** Recommended for use when the repairs require a series of sequential steps and materials management. The WIP mode leverages the costing of items through Oracle Costing.
- **Task:** Recommended for use when the repairs require minimal steps that do not necessarily require a series of sequential steps. In contrast to WIP mode, Task mode does not integrate with Oracle Costing.

You implement and manage either of these repair modes on separate tabs in the Oracle Depot Repair area.

During implementation, you associate the WIP or Task mode with Repair Types. Though a service organization can have different Repair Types associated with different repair modes, it is recommended that a service organization select only one repair mode for all Repair Types.

Repair Resolution Management

Oracle Depot Repair improves operational efficiency by providing the following key repair resolution management features:

- Automatically creating charge lines based on Repair Type.
- Creating and approving estimates.

- Leveraging of the service depot knowledge base throughout repair processing.
- Creating Repair Jobs and releasing them to shop floor.
- Providing flexible options for receiving items and shipping items.
- Invoicing of final charges.

Business Process Flows

Oracle Depot Repair supports the following business process flows:

- Logistics and Maintenance with Call Center Facility, page 1-7
- Logistics and Maintenance without Call Center Facility, page 1-7
- Internal Repairs, page 1-7

You can use either Oracle Work In Process (WIP) or the Task Manager (in Oracle Common Application Components) to manage the repair process. Based on your choice, the Repair Type for a given Repair Order determines which repair management process to use.

Logistics and Maintenance with Call Center Facility

This business flow starts with a Service Request, where the call center service agent records a problem. If the service agent cannot resolve the problem using information in Oracle Knowledge Management, the service agent refers the Service Request to a service depot repair agent. The service depot agent can then create a Repair Order and an estimate (if required) and seek approval from the customer for further processing.

Depending on the Repair Type, the service depot repair agent completes the different RMA and Sales Order lines to assist the completion of the repair process. The repair mode (associated to the Repair Type) determines whether to use Oracle WIP or the Task Manager in Oracle Common Application Components to manage the Repair Job. After the repair completion, the service depot returns the repaired item to the customer. The system captures the material, labor, and expenses that the repair needed as charges and transfers that information to Oracle Order Management for invoicing.

Logistics and Maintenance without Call Center Facility

This process is similar to the Call Center, Logistics, and Maintenance business process except that there is no call center.

Businesses that do not incorporate a call center facility, or those that integrate their call center into the depot, can use this process, but it requires that their customers to send serviceable items directly to a service depot.

Internal Party Repairs

You can refurbish items that your organization already owns. Oracle Depot Repair lets you process internal repairs in such cases. The customer is an internal party in the corresponding Service Request, and is defined as an internal party either in the Oracle Installed Base Install Parameters, or with an Internal classification type in Oracle Order Management, or both. RMAs and Sales Orders are not required to process internal party repairs. This is under the assumption that items already exist in a subinventory within the organization letting you create Repair Jobs.

Integration with Other Oracle Modules

Oracle Depot Repair integrates with the following Oracle modules:

Advanced Scheduler

Oracle Advanced Scheduler enables optimal scheduling of tasks and trips for field service business needs. While the Assignment Manager (in Oracle Common Application Components) searches for qualified resources to complete a field service task (based upon selection criteria set within the Assignment Manager), these qualified resources transfer to Oracle Advanced Scheduler to make the actual assignments based upon previously defined constraints. Oracle Advanced Scheduler uses the Assignment Manager to schedule Field Service tasks.

Assignment Manager

Oracle Depot Repair uses Assignment Manager to schedule technicians to all open and planned repair tasks. This module permits the planner to use the Assignment Manager in an assisted or unassisted mode. For more information, see the *Oracle Common Application Components User's Guide*.

Bills of Material

Oracle Bills of Material store lists of items that are associated with a parent item, and information about how each item relates to its parent. Oracle Depot Repair uses Oracle Bills of Material to create repair routers that the system uses for a submitted WIP Repair Job, and to create a bill of materials for an item that is linked to a repair router.

Contracts (Contracts Core and Service Contracts)

Oracle Depot Repair integrates with Oracle Service Contracts to manage service contracts associated with a customer's Installed Base item. Oracle Service Contracts holds all service contracts centrally—including warranties, extended warranties or complex service agreements—and provides the service provider visibility to all service entitlement information. It leverages functionality that Oracle Contracts Core provides

to support common contract management activities, such as contract renewal, versioning, article management, and change management.

Counters

Note: Counters is now integrated into Oracle Installed Base.

Counter events and alerts provide a valuable tool to track critical service events that can affect a customer or items in the Installed Base. Oracle Depot Repair uses the Counters module to update item counters periodically, whenever a service depot technician performs work on the item, and saves it in the Installed Base record. The Oracle Counters module also permits a service provider to set up logical or derived counters that use formulas that incorporate calendar dates, time, and cycle counts to trigger an event, such as a warranty or service contract expiration, or to alert the service provider when to schedule preventive maintenance on a customer's Installed Base item. The system can send alerts by the email notification system to inform service personnel about warranty or service contract expiration, or about a preventive maintenance requirement that is due.

Field Service

When an organization sells an item to a customer, service contracts or warranties are often offered to the customer. Most companies offer on-site support for failures of the item. This is where field service is significant. After the customer reports the problem, the field service organization determines:

- Who and when a field service agent should visit the customer.
- What parts are needed to solve the problem.

If a field service agent cannot complete the repair on-site, the repair may need to be transferred to the service depot for completion. Furthermore, internal order refurbishments can be initiated in the Spares Management module within Oracle Field Service.

General Ledger

Oracle Depot Repair integrates with Oracle General Ledger to provide the functionality of recording and tracking all costs associated with every Oracle Depot Repair WIP mode repair, and of creating general ledger accounts.

HRMS (Human Resource Management System)

Oracle Depot Repair uses the Oracle HRMS module to define employees and locations where you ship, deliver internally, or bill the ordered goods and services.

Installed Base

Oracle Installed Base is a repository that tracks all installed customer items. Oracle Installed Base maintains and updates each item record to reflect the most current configuration. Service organizations must rely heavily on their installed base to provide accurate customer and item information. The installed base permits quick access to all item records and information. Oracle Depot Repair leverages this information to expedite the repair process when repairs involve incompatibility, configuration, revision, or counter history issues. Oracle Depot Repair integrates with Oracle Installed Base to assist accurate recording of all part and serial numbers that change during an item's life. It retrieves all service contracts and warranties associated with an Oracle Installed Base serialized item or component. Depending on the definition of Oracle Installed Base transaction sub-types, the TeleService Charges APIs update the location and instance ownership information.

Inventory

Oracle Depot Repair uses the Oracle Inventory module to manage item and spare parts inventory.

iSupport

Self-Service Repair Order reporting is now supported in Oracle iSupport. Oracle Depot Repair customers can now search for their Repair Orders through an Oracle iSupport self-service user interface. Oracle iSupport will properly authenticate the user and display only Repair Orders for accounts which the user is authorized to view.

Knowledge Management

Oracle Knowledge Management is an Oracle Service Core module that provides an open architecture repository to store technical information or solution sets. Service agents and technicians can retrieve this information to find a quick resolution to service issues that customers are reporting, or provide assistance in an inspection or item diagnosis. Oracle Knowledge Management provides a security feature that permits only users with specific responsibility to contribute new information to the constantly enriched active database.

Oracle Depot Repair uses the Oracle Knowledge Management Search Engine to find the best possible solutions to resolve service issues. Agents can access the knowledge repository from the Service Request or the Repair Order. You can search for solutions by entering a Diagnostic Code or keyword string to query on statements that have links to a symptom, cause, action, or fact solution set. A solution set can also include a Task Template or set of objects that can automate or expedite the repair process.

Notes

A note records descriptive information, which users have created, about business transactions to provide referencing. Oracle Depot Repair uses the Notes module to access the comment log that relates to a specific transaction. The Notes module creates and passes information to all other Oracle applications. Upon transmission and receipt of a note, the system automatically sends an alert to the Oracle Depot Repair module to signal that a new note is present. Service employees can pass valuable information that can influence the repair process. The Notes module permits users to post both public or private notes, where public notes can be published to a Web site, and private notes are only accessible to employees that work inside the service organization. For more information, see the *Oracle Common Application Components User's Guide*.

Order Management

Oracle Depot Repair uses the Oracle Order Management module to create RMA and Sales Orders, validate customer accounts, and invoice customers for repairs.

Oracle Depot Repair integrates with Oracle Order Management Pricing to provide an advanced, highly flexible pricing engine that executes pricing and promotional calculations. It allows Oracle Depot Repair users to view and select a Price List while charging a repair, and while receiving or shipping an item.

Purchasing

For receiving, Oracle WIP uses Oracle Purchasing to perform outside processing of a repair from the WIP Router.

Receivables

The Oracle Receivables module integrates with Oracle Depot Repair to track and maintain customer information such as customer name, account, customer contacts, and location.

Resource Manager

Oracle Depot Repair uses Resource Manager to manage employees. The Resource Manager permits a user to import employees and non-employees from HRMS into the resource module. You can set up and manage resources as individual resources, or as a team or group, and assign roles and skill sets to distinguish their qualifications. For more information, see the *Oracle Common Application Components User's Guide*.

Task Manager

Oracle Depot Repair uses the Task Manager to assist repair management. The Tasks

model leverages the core functionality that Oracle Depot Repair provides by its integration with Resource Manager, Assignment Manager, and Oracle Calendar. The Task mode provides an alternate repair process that is intended to manage simple repair work that does not require extensive tracking or management processes. After task completion, the technician uses the Debrief Report in Oracle Depot Repair to log the material, labor, and expense transactions. For more information, see the *Oracle Common Application Components User's Guide*.

TeleService (Charges)

With the Charges module, a service organization can bill customers for provided services in response to support Service Requests, field Service Requests, and service depot repairs. Charges also creates a return material authorization (RMA) to return a defective item for repair, loan, or replacement. Returns from a customer occur for a variety of reasons including damage, shipment error, and repair. With the Charges capability of processing return material, you can manage customer expectations while controlling inventory receipts and processing customer credit. Oracle Depot Repair uses TeleService Charges APIs to automatically create the charge lines when the service depot has determined the Repair Type.

TeleService (Customer Care)

The Customer Profile summarizes customer information and indicates if a customer is critical. It can provide information such as the number of open Service Requests. A system administrator sets up the profile entries, which contain a set of defined verifications that you can configure. The Customer Profile engine displays these verification results. Oracle Depot Repair uses this functionality for customer management.

TeleService (Service Requests)

Service agents typically log a Service Request to record a service issue that a customer is reporting. Oracle Depot Repair invokes Oracle TeleService APIs to automatically create the Service Request after creation of the Repair Order header. The TeleService APIs populate the Service Request number into the Repair Order Header to permanently link the two source documents with an internal form identity. Service depot business flows always start with the creation of a Service Request.

Work in Process

Oracle Depot Repair uses Oracle Work in Process (WIP) to assist the repair of broken or damaged items. Oracle WIP permits assignment of resources, material, and outside processing. A WIP summary report tracks the associated costs with a completed WIP Repair Job. You can submit WIP mode Repair Jobs with or without an assigned routing.

Business Function Impacts

The following table presents the business functions in a depot that the Oracle Depot Repair integrating applications impact.

Integrating Oracle Module	Customer Interaction	Repair Management (WIP Mode)	Repair Management (Task Mode)	Logistics	Billing/ Invoicing
Advanced Scheduler	--	--	X	--	--
Assignment Manager	--	--	X	--	--
Bills of Material	--	X	--	--	X
Contracts (Contracts Core and Service Contracts)	X	--	--	X	X
Counters	X	X	X	X	--
Field Service	--	--	X	--	X
General Ledger	--	--	--	--	X
HRMS	--	X	X	--	--
Installed Base	X	X	X	X	--
Inventory	--	X	X	X	X
iSupport	X	--	--	--	--
Knowledge Management	X	X	X	--	--
Notes	X	X	X	--	--

Integrating Oracle Module	Customer Interaction	Repair Management (WIP Mode)	Repair Management (Task Mode)	Logistics	Billing/ Invoicing
Order Management	--	--	--	X	X
Purchasing	--	--	--	X	--
Receivables	--	--	--	X	X
Resource Manager	--	--	X	--	--
Task Manager	--	--	X	--	X
TeleService (Charges)	--	X	X	X	X
TeleService (Customer Care)	X	--	--	--	--
TeleService (Service Requests)	X	--	--	--	--
Work in Process	--	X	--	--	X

Overview of Setting Up

This chapter provides an overview of the steps required to set up Oracle Depot Repair.

This chapter covers the following topics:

- Setting Up Oracle Depot Repair
- Related Applications Setup
- Key Implementation Decisions
- Implementation Starting Point
- Implementation Checklist
- WIP and Task Mode Setup Considerations
- Considerations for Related Applications Setup

Setting Up Oracle Depot Repair

This section provides an overview of the setup steps required to implement Oracle Depot Repair.

Setting up Oracle Depot Repair includes setting up related Oracle applications, such as Oracle Inventory and Oracle Installed Base. In setting up these applications, you might only need to make Depot Repair specific modifications to existing data, like existing items. Check with your implementation team to determine which setup requirements have already been fulfilled.

Related Applications Setup

Oracle Depot Repair requires that the following Oracle modules are installed and set up:

- Oracle General Ledger
- Oracle Bills of Material

- Oracle Inventory
- Oracle HRMS
- Oracle Work in Process
- Oracle Order Management
- Oracle Purchasing
- Oracle Payables
- Oracle Receivables
- Oracle Common Application Components
- Oracle Installed Base
- Oracle Customer Support
- Oracle Customer Care
- Oracle TeleService
- Oracle Advanced Scheduler
- Oracle Contracts Core
- Oracle Service Contracts
- Oracle Field Service
- Oracle iSupport

This implementation guide, however, discusses only the Oracle Depot Repair-specific setup steps in detail. For setup of all related applications, please refer to the corresponding documentation as listed in the implementation checklist. Certain Oracle Depot Repair-specific setup steps that you need to perform in other Oracle applications setup windows are also explained in detail in the following chapter.

Key Implementation Decisions

The following sections detail the key decisions that are to be made before you begin implementation.

Loading Customer and Contact Information

Oracle Depot Repair requires that customer information be imported into the system from already available sources. However, Oracle Depot Repair allows you to capture customer contact data in real-time. There may be situations when contact data is already available from other systems. In such cases, you may want to import available customer information along with relationship data.

For example, a service organization already has extensive data on all the customers in its service area. In this scenario, it may serve the agency better if all such data is imported into the system.

Resource Creation

Determine the resources that have to be created in the system. All Call Center Agents, Service Administrators, Receipt Administrators, Service Technicians, Depot Managers, Field Service Agents, and other employees who will be using Oracle Depot Repair must be created as resources.

Calendar Definition

Determine the shifts, patterns, and time periods when resources are available to work.

Location Definition

Define the locations where you plan to ship, deliver internally, or bill the goods and services that you order. This is necessary if you plan to import purchase requisitions from the MRP Planner Workbench to Oracle Purchasing.

Knowledge Base Management

Determine the information that will go into the Knowledge Base. It is recommended that you identify and list the information sources (for example, the technical manuals, parts catalogs, policies, procedures and FAQs) at the outset.

Service Request Builder Setup

Define the Service Request Types, profiles, and the attributes associated with each of them. Also identify the owner for each Service Request Type. You would also need to define the criteria based on which duplicate Service Requests will be identified.

Repair Type Setup

While creating Repair Orders, Logistics transactions are generated based on the default transaction billing types defined in Repair Types. Also, the processing of transaction lines are determined by the definition of the Repair Types. For example, if the Repair

Type has Auto RMA checked, then the RMA line is interfaced to Order Management and the Sales Order is also booked. You can also define your own Repair Types and link them to the seeded Repair Types.

The following are the seeded Repair Types for Oracle Depot Repair:

- Advance Exchange
- Exchange
- Loaner
- Loaner, Repair and Return
- Refurbishment
- Repair and Return
- Replacement
- Standard
- Third Party Repair
- Return Only Repair

These Repair Types determine the proper processing and management of Repair Orders by the application and the depot organization.

WIP and Task Modes

Determine the complexity of the repair management processes required by your organization. Either Oracle WIP or the Task Manager (in Oracle Common Application Components) can be used to manage the repair process. WIP mode is recommended for use when the Repair Jobs require series of sequential steps, and materials management. Task mode is recommended for use when the repairs require minimal steps that are not necessarily completed in sequence. To the user, both of these processes are managed via separate tabs in the user interface.

The Oracle Depot Repair application supports the use of both WIP and Task modes for repair management. However, it is advisable to use only one mode to enhance the user experience.

Note: Oracle Depot Repair provides E-records and E-signature (ERES) functionality in WIP mode via Oracle WIP. In Task mode, ERES functionality is available via the Debrief screen for each Task.

Implementation Starting Point

Before starting the implementation, identify all your implementation team members and the access privileges they require. Oracle Depot Repair provides Oracle Depot Repair Super User as the seeded implementation responsibility. In addition to this, implementation team members may have to use other responsibilities. You may have to create additional implementation responsibilities if you want to restrict access.

Create Oracle Applications users with appropriate responsibilities for performing implementation procedures. The user name you assign can be used to log on to Oracle Depot Repair. To create the user, use the System Administrator responsibility.

Defining an Oracle Applications User

Use the System Administrator responsibility to create the required Oracle Applications user(s). Implementation team members would need access to one or more of the following responsibilities:

- System Administrator
- Depot Repair Super User
- Foundation Administrator
- Support Administrator
- Knowledge Management Administrator

Use the Users window to define Oracle Applications users. Oracle Application user will need to be uniquely identified by an application user name. For detailed instructions on creating application users, please refer to *Oracle E-Business Suite System Administrator's Guide*.

Implementation Checklist

This checklist summarizes each of the steps you must follow to implement Oracle Depot Repair. It includes setup steps for data that may be shared with other Oracle applications, but is required by Oracle Depot Repair. If you have already defined this information when setting up other Oracle Applications, you can skip these steps.

Since some implementation steps build upon information you define in other steps, you must perform the setup in the order listed.

Step No.	Setup Step	Reference
1	Define Key Flexfields	<i>Oracle E-Business Suite Flexfields Guide, Oracle General Ledger User Guide, Implementing Oracle HRMS</i>
2	Set Up Calendars, Currencies, and Set of Books	<i>Oracle General Ledger User Guide, Oracle Bills of Material User's Guide</i>
3	Set Up Payables	<i>Oracle Payables User Guide</i>
4	Set Up Receivables	<i>Oracle Receivables User Guide</i>
5	Set Up Organizations	<i>Implementing Oracle HRMS</i>
6	Define Locations	<i>Implementing Oracle HRMS, Oracle Purchasing User's Guide</i>
7	Set Up Employees	<i>Managing Your Workforce Using Oracle HRMS, Oracle Purchasing User's Guide</i>
8	Set Up Inventory	<i>Oracle Inventory User's Guide</i>
9	Set Up Cost Management	<i>Oracle Cost Management User's Guide</i>
10	Set Up Bills of Material	<i>Oracle Bills of Material User's Guide</i>
11	Set Up Work in Process	<i>Oracle Work in Process User's Guide</i>
12	Set Up Purchasing	<i>Oracle Purchasing User's Guide</i>
13	Set Up Order Management	<i>Oracle Order Management Suite Implementation Manual, Oracle Order Management User's Guide, Oracle Shipping Execution User's Guide</i>
14	Set Up Service Requests	<i>Oracle TeleService Implementation Guide</i>
15	Set Up Customer Profile	<i>Oracle TeleService Implementation Guide</i>
16	Set Up Charges	<i>Oracle TeleService Implementation Guide</i>

Step No.	Setup Step	Reference
17	Set Up Notes	<i>Oracle Common Application Components Implementation Guide</i>
18	Set Up Resource Manager	<i>Oracle Common Application Components Implementation Guide</i>
19	Set Up Task Manager	<i>Oracle Common Application Components Implementation Guide</i>
20	Set Up Assignment Manager	<i>Oracle Common Application Components Implementation Guide</i>
21	Set Up Advanced Scheduler	<i>Oracle Advanced Scheduler Concepts and Procedures Guide</i>
22	Set Up Knowledge Management	<i>Oracle Knowledge Management Implementation Guide</i>
23	Set Up Installed Base	<i>Oracle Installed Base Implementation Guide</i>
24	Set Up Counters and Counter Templates	<i>Oracle Installed Base User Guide</i>
25	Set Up Contracts Core	<i>Oracle Contracts Core Implementation Guide</i>
26	Set Up Service Contracts	<i>Oracle Service Contracts Concepts and Procedures Guide</i>
27	Set Up Field Service	<i>Oracle Field Service Implementation Manual</i>
28	Define Depot Repair Lookup Codes	<i>Chapter 3, Oracle Depot Repair Implementation Guide</i>
29	Define Depot Repair Profile Options	<i>Chapter 3, Oracle Depot Repair Implementation Guide</i>
30	Define Depot Repair Users	<i>Chapter 3, Oracle Depot Repair Implementation Guide</i>
31	Set Up Repair Types	<i>Chapter 3, Oracle Depot Repair Implementation Guide</i>

Step No.	Setup Step	Reference
32	Set Up Statuses, Status Transitions, and Repair Type Transitions	Chapter 3, <i>Oracle Depot Repair Implementation Guide</i>
33	Define Depot Repair Reason Codes	Chapter 3, <i>Oracle Depot Repair Implementation Guide</i>
34	Set Up Diagnostic Codes	Chapter 3, <i>Oracle Depot Repair Implementation Guide</i>
35	Set Up Service Codes	Chapter 3, <i>Oracle Depot Repair Implementation Guide</i>
36	Set Up Service Code Recommendations	Chapter 3, <i>Oracle Depot Repair Implementation Guide</i>
37	Set Up Depot Repair Update Programs	Chapter 3, <i>Oracle Depot Repair Implementation Guide</i>
38	Set Up Service Bulletins	Chapter 3, <i>Oracle Depot Repair Implementation Guide</i>
39	Set Up Defaulting Rules	Chapter 3, <i>Oracle Depot Repair Implementation Guide</i>
40	Setting Up Serial Reservations	Chapter 3, <i>Oracle Depot Repair Implementation Guide</i>
41	Setting Up Aging Threshold	Chapter 3, <i>Oracle Depot Repair Implementation Guide</i>
42	Setting Up Quality Threshold	Chapter 3, <i>Oracle Depot Repair Implementation Guide</i>
43	Setting Up Defect Codes	Chapter 3, <i>Oracle Depot Repair Implementation Guide</i>
44	Setting Up Recall Status	Chapter 3, <i>Oracle Depot Repair Implementation Guide</i>
45	Setting Up Recalls	Chapter 3, <i>Oracle Depot Repair Implementation Guide</i>

Step No.	Setup Step	Reference
46	Setting Up Eco-Impact Threshold	Chapter 3, <i>Oracle Depot Repair Implementation Guide</i>
47	Setting Up Return Stream Reasons	Chapter 3, <i>Oracle Depot Repair Implementation Guide</i>
48	Setting Up Material Disposition Reasons	Chapter 3, <i>Oracle Depot Repair Implementation Guide</i>

Setup steps specific to Oracle Depot Repair are discussed in detail in the following chapter. For detailed instructions on other setup tasks, please refer to the corresponding guides.

WIP and Task Mode Setup Considerations

Oracle Depot Repair uses Work in Process (WIP) to process repairs where costing is relevant. Task mode is recommended for use when the repairs require minimal steps that are not necessarily completed in sequence.

To process repairs in Task mode, you must set up Task Manager, Assignment Manager, and Advanced Scheduler.

If you are processing repairs only in Tasks mode, you do not have to set up WIP.

Similarly, if you are processing repairs only in WIP mode, you need to set up WIP; but do not have to set up Task Manager, Assignment Manager, and Advanced Scheduler. For more information, see *Repair Job Management*, page 1-2.

Also, to use WIP for Repair Job management, you have to set up Resources within BOM (see *Oracle Bills of Material User's Guide*), and to use Tasks, you must set up Resources within the Resource Manager, a module of Oracle Common Application Components (see *Oracle Common Application Components Implementation Guide*).

Note: Oracle Depot Repair provides E-records and E-signature (ERES) functionality in WIP mode via Oracle WIP. In Task mode, ERES functionality is available via the Debrief screen for each Task.

Considerations for Related Applications Setup

The implementation team must take note of the following while setting up the respective related application or module.

- Inventory, page 2-10

- Locations, page 2-11
- Employees, page 2-11
- Bills of Material, page 2-12
- Work in Process, page 2-13
- Purchasing, page 2-13
- Order Management, page 2-13
- Service Request, page 2-14
- Charges, page 2-14
- Tasks, page 2-15
- Knowledge Management, page 2-15

Setting Up Inventory

When setting up items in the Master Items window, the fields that you must select to fulfill different features in Oracle Depot Repair appear in a variety of tabs. The main fields to set up are in the Inventory, Order Management, Invoicing, and Service tabs.

For example, in the Service tab:

- Ensure that you select the Billing Type. For material items, select Material for the Billing Type.
- For items to be tracked in Oracle Installed Base, select the check box Track in Installed Base.
- Select Enabled for the Service Request field.

Comments

1. You must set up items in the Inventory Organization specified by the value of the profile option Service: Inventory Validation Organization.
2. For items to be returned, set up the following Order Management and Inventory flags, as required: Returnable, Customer Ordered, Customer Order Enabled, Shippable, Transactable, and Invoiceable.
3. For items to be shipped, set up the following Order Management and Inventory flags, as required: Customer Ordered, Customer Order Enabled, Shippable, Transactable, and Invoiceable.

4. When you use bills or routings for your WIP mode Repair Jobs, the following must be set up as inventory items:
 - Each bill and each component of the bill.
 - Each routing.
5. When you use task parts for your Task mode Repair Jobs, the following must be set up as inventory items:
 - Each component item of the task part.

For more details, please refer to the following sources of information:

- *Oracle Inventory User's Guide.*
- *Oracle Purchasing User's Guide.*
- The section Setting Up Items in Oracle Inventory in the *Oracle TeleService Implementation Guide.*

Setting Up Locations

Define locations for where you ship, deliver internally, or bill the goods and services that you order. This is a necessary step if you plan on importing purchase requisitions from the MRP Planner Workbench into Oracle Purchasing.

Please refer to *Implementing Oracle HRMS* and the *Oracle Purchasing User's Guide*.

Defining Employees

You must have employees to fulfill certain features of Service Requests and Repair Orders. For example:

- The Default Owner of a Service Request must be an employee.
- When you set up resources, you typically associate one or more employees with a resource.

If you do not install Oracle Human Resource Management Systems (HRMS) with Depot Repair, then use the Enter Employee form to define and maintain employees in Oracle Purchasing. If Oracle HRMS is installed, forms in this application are used to enter and maintain employees.

A resource can be an employee defined in HRMS, and imported into the Resource Manager of Oracle Common Application Components.

For more details, please refer to the following sources of information:

- *Managing Your Workforce Using Oracle HRMS.*
- *Oracle Purchasing User's Guide.*
- The section Setting Up Resource Manager in the *Oracle Common Application Components Implementation Guide.*

Setting Up Bills of Material

You can set up bills, resources, and routings in Oracle Bills of Material (BOM), to help process Repair Orders in Oracle Depot Repair.

Oracle Depot Repair uses bills and routings either through their association with Service Codes, or by allowing users to manually enter bills and routings while creating a job for a Repair Order.

When reviewing the Bills of Material setup for Depot Repair, remember to review with the client whether the manufacturing Bills of Material should be primary. The client can then create alternate Bills of Material to support the repair and upgrade activities of the depot.

Comments

1. For each bill, ensure also the following conditions:
 - The parent item is defined as an Inventory Item.
 - Each component of the bill is set up as an Inventory Item, with a Billing Type of category Material.
 - Each component of the bill has a list line with a value in the Price List to be used in the Repair Order.

To use Oracle WIP for Repair Job management, you must set up resources within Oracle BOM.

2. You need to define at least one department and also set up resources, and then you can create a routing.
3. For each routing, ensure also the following condition:
 - The item for which routing is being set up is defined as an Inventory Item.
4. The Billing Item for each resource has a list line with a value in the Price List to be used in the Repair Order.

For more details, please refer to the following sources of information:

- *Oracle Bills of Material User's Guide.*

- *Oracle Inventory User's Guide*.
- The Price Lists chapter in the *Oracle Order Management Suite Implementation Manual*.

Setting Up Work in Process

When reviewing the WIP setup for Depot Repair, remember that Repair Jobs use the non-standard WIP functionality.

Also confirm with the accounting team to ensure that the appropriate General Ledger accounts have been created to record activity for Rework, Repair, or however the client desires to capture the accounting information.

For more details, please refer to the WIP Accounting Classes section in the *Oracle Work in Process User's Guide*.

Setting Up Purchasing

The three Receipt Routing Options in Oracle Purchasing include the following values: Direct Delivery, Standard Receipt, and Inspection Required. You can inspect items if the Receipt Routing is Standard Receipt or Inspection Required.

Note: While booking an RMA for receiving an item that is both serial and lot controlled, if we pass the serial number information and miss out the lot number, the receiving transaction processor fails. This happens as the program tries to match the lot number we entered with null value and fails eventually. To process a receipt in such a scenario, you must set Validate Lots on RMA Receipts option in Receiving Options page to Unrestricted. This permits you to receive different lot number than the one on the RMA line.

For more information, please refer to the *Oracle Purchasing User's Guide* for more information.

Setting Up Order Management

Oracle WIP decrements inventory when a component is used in repair, but Oracle Order Management decrements inventory again when the repaired item is shipped to the customer. To prevent this, ensure that a "Bill Only" Line Type is set up for the Order Management Line Type mapped to the Service Activity Billing Type for repairs performed in WIP mode. This, however, applies only to component parts, and not to the whole repaired item.

This is specific only to Estimate or Actual charge lines that are interfaced to Oracle Order Management, for items that are not shipped. Do not set the "Bill Only" Line Type for repaired items.

For more details, please refer to *Setting up Charges for Oracle Depot Repair*, page 3-2.

For more information, please refer to the *Oracle Order Management User's Guide* and the *Oracle Shipping Execution User's Guide*.

Setting Up Service Requests in Oracle TeleService

When setting up the Customer Party addresses using the Contact Center form, only if both the site and the site use is set up as active, will the addresses be displayed in the Bill-To and Ship-To addresses List of Values in the Repair Header Information block of the Repair Orders form.

For more information, please refer to the *Oracle TeleService Implementation Guide* for more information.

Setting Up Charges in Oracle TeleService

Setting up Charges includes certain Depot Repair specific steps. These setup steps are detailed in the following chapter.

1. Oracle Order Management and the Charges module in Oracle TeleService must be set up correctly to ensure that items can be used in the Depot Repair process. See *Setting Up Inventory*, page 2-10.
2. All Repair Material, Labor, and Expense items must have a valid Billing Type associated as part of the Item definition setup in Inventory. This Billing Type along with the Repair Type and Service Activity and Billing Type setup determine what Service Activity Billing Type is to be used for the Estimate or Actuals lines being created.
3. The Service Activity Billing Type is linked to an Oracle Order Management Order Type and Line Type for each operating unit.
4. Also, use the Service Request Multi Org Set Up window to set the defaulting rules for the charges operating unit. If the Oracle Applications installation is a multi-org installation, then Oracle Depot Repair derives the appropriate operating unit for the order interfaced to Order Management based on the sequence associated with these rules. If not, the operating unit is derived from the profile option MO: Operating Unit.
5. Use the Time & Material Labor Schedule window to set up a schedule for the Business Process being used for depot repair. This is needed to perform any labor transaction in the Debrief form accessed from the Repair Tasks tab in the Repair Orders form.

For more details, please refer to the following sources of information:

- *Oracle TeleService Implementation Guide*

- Setting up Charges for Oracle Depot Repair, page 3-2

Setting Up Tasks

To use the Task Manager for Repair Job management, you will need to set up Resources within the Resource Manager module of Oracle Common Application Components.

It is recommended that you set up task status transition rules. To define status transition rules for task status and map it to the Oracle Depot Repair responsibility being used, use the Task Status form.

Please refer to the *Oracle Common Application Components Implementation Guide* for more information.

Setting Up Knowledge Management

In order to allow Oracle Depot Repair to make use of solutions stored in Oracle Knowledge Management, you need to perform operations both in Oracle Knowledge Management and in other Oracle applications. You must perform the operations in the related Oracle applications first.

Operations in Related Oracle Applications

The operations in related Oracle applications can be performed in any sequence.

1. Set appropriate profile options in Oracle Depot Repair:
 - CSD: Enable Knowledge Management to Yes.
 - CSD: Use Tasks from Knowledge Base Solutions to Yes.
2. Set up Diagnostic Codes and Service Codes in Oracle Depot Repair.
For more information, see *Setting Up Diagnostic Codes in Oracle Depot Repair*, page 3-42 and *Setting Up Service Codes in Oracle Depot Repair*, page 3-42.
3. Set up Bills and Routings in Oracle Bills Of Material, if WIP mode is used.
4. Set up Task Templates and Task Parts in the Task Manager of Oracle Common Application Components and Oracle Spares Management respectively, if Task mode is used.

Operations in Oracle Knowledge Management

The main objective is to set up Solutions in Oracle Knowledge Management and to associate Diagnostic Codes and Service Codes to Solutions, as follows:

1. If an appropriate Solution does not exist to which you can add the associated objects, then create a Solution.

2. Include the Diagnostic Code (for example, DC100) in the title or body of the Oracle Knowledge Management Solution.
3. Specify one or more Depot Service Codes as External Objects in the Oracle Knowledge Management Solution.
4. Add one or more Related Items to the Oracle Knowledge Management Solution.
In the standard Oracle Knowledge Management search initiated from Oracle Depot Repair, the Repair Order item is matched against the Related Items of a Solution.
5. If you want to be able to add in Task Template Groups directly from a Solution, then add one or more Task Template Groups to the Oracle Knowledge Management Solution.
6. Optionally, add one or more Related Categories to the Oracle Knowledge Management Solution.

These categories are Solution categories, and are used to organize Solutions in Oracle Knowledge Management. They are not used by Oracle Depot Repair directly, but they provide you with more search options, if you want to modify the standard Oracle Knowledge Management search initiated from Oracle Depot Repair.

Please refer to the *Oracle Knowledge Management Implementation Guide* for more information.

Oracle Depot Repair-Specific Setup Steps

This chapter describes implementation tasks that are specific to Oracle Depot Repair.

This chapter covers the following topics:

- Completing the Prerequisite Setups
- Setting Up Charges for Oracle Depot Repair
- Defining Billing Type Codes
- Mapping Billing Type Codes to Billing Categories
- Defining Service Activities and Billing Types
- Defining Service Business Processes
- Defining Installed Base Transaction Sub Types
- Setting Up Time and Material Labor Schedules
- Setting Up Repair Types
- Setting Up Defaulting Rules
- Setting Up Service Bulletins
- Setting Up Statuses, Status Transitions, and Repair Type Transitions
- Setting Up Service Request Types for Depot Repair
- Setting Up Depot Repair Reason Codes
- Setting Up Customer Profiles
- Setting Up Diagnostic Codes in Oracle Depot Repair
- Setting Up Service Codes in Oracle Depot Repair
- Setting Up Service Code Recommendations
- Defining Oracle Depot Repair Lookup Codes
- Setting Up Oracle Depot Repair Profile Options
- Setting Up Message Action Codes

- Setting Up Serial Reservations
- Setting Up Aging Threshold
- Setting Up Quality Threshold
- Setting Up Defect Codes
- Setting Up Recall Status
- Setting Up Recalls
- Setting Up Eco-Impact Threshold
- Setting Up Return Stream Reasons
- Setting Up Material Disposition Reasons
- Setting Up Internal Orders
- Managing Users
- Login Interfaces
- Roles, Responsibilities, and Permissions
- Creating Oracle Depot Repair Users
- Charges and Repair Types Setup Example
- Setting Up Transfer Install Base Ownership
- Integrating with Advanced Pricing
- Personalizing Time Clock Bin
- Personalizing Complete Work Button
- Personalizing Request Parts Button

Completing the Prerequisite Setups

With reference to the Implementation Checklist, page 2-5, make sure that all the implementation steps prior to the Oracle Depot Repair specific tasks are completed and reviewed before proceeding with the tasks detailed here.

Setting Up Charges for Oracle Depot Repair

Note: Every item to be processed using Charges must be set up in Inventory as a Material, Labor, or Expense (MLE) item. This means every item in Oracle Applications that may need repair must be set up as a Charges MLE item.

Charges is a module of Oracle TeleService. Setting up Charges for all service-related processing consists of steps that serves a variety of Oracle applications, including

Oracle Depot Repair. This section describes the Charges setup steps, with a particular orientation to Oracle Depot Repair processes and operations.

For detailed information on setting up Charges, see the *Oracle TeleService Implementation Guide*.

Setting up Oracle Charges for Depot Repair processing includes the following setup steps:

- Defining Billing Type Codes, page 3-3
- Mapping Billing Type Codes to Billing Categories, page 3-4
- Defining Service Activities and Billing Types, page 3-5
- Defining Service Business Processes, page 3-7
- Defining Installed Base Transaction Sub Types, page 3-8
- Setting Up Time and Material Labor Schedules, page 3-11

Billing Categories classify Billing Types into Material, Labor, and Expense. Each serviceable item in Inventory is classified using Billing Type Codes associated to a Billing Category.

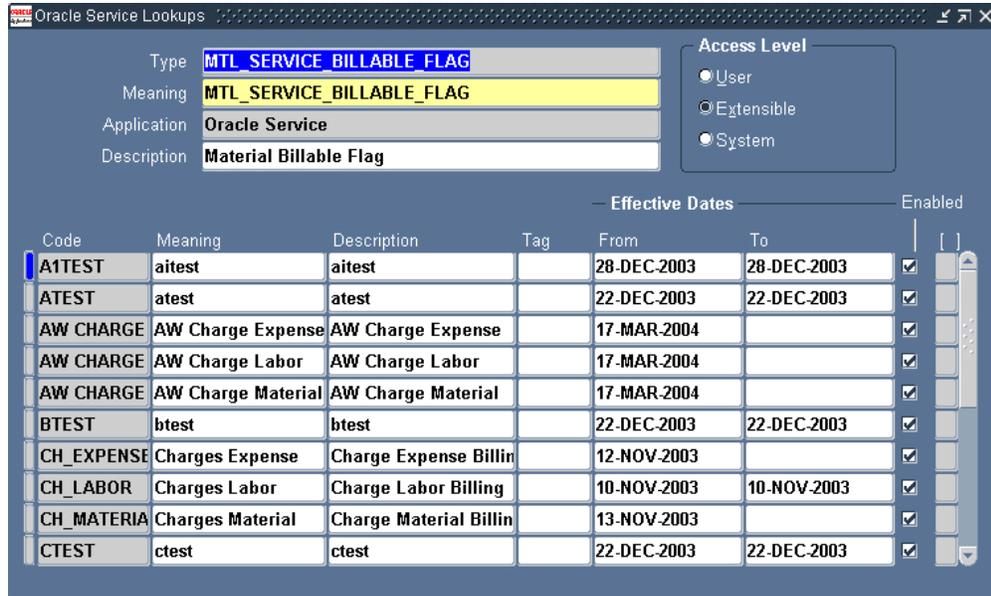
A Service Activity Code is a type of action to be performed, for example, replace, return, install, drain, fill. The combination of Billing Type and Service Activity defines the Order Type for a given operating unit. It also provides the basis upon which discounts for a Service Contract can be applied.

Defining Billing Type Codes

To define the Billing Type Codes, use the Oracle Service Lookups window.

To define Transaction Billing Type Codes:

1. From the Navigator, use the following path to open the Oracle Service Lookups window:
Service Request > Setup > Customer Support Lookups.



2. Query up the Lookup Type MTL_SERVICE_BILLABLE_FLAG.
3. Add the new required Billing Type Codes. You can use the online help for more information.

The seeded Billing Type Codes are M, L, and E.

Mapping Billing Type Codes to Billing Categories

To associate Billing Type Codes to Billing Categories, use the Billing Type Attributes window. The seeded Billing Categories include Material, Labor, and Expense.

Use the following path to navigate to the Billing Type Attributes window:

Switch responsibilities to Customer Support, Vision Operations and navigate to Setup > Charges > Billing Type Attributes.

Billing Type	Billing Category	Start Date	End Date	Rollup Item	Description
FS COMPONENT	Material	18-JUN-2003			
FS TRAVEL	Expense	18-JUN-2003			
FS MEALS	Expense	18-JUN-2003			
Shipping	Expense	20-JUN-2003			
Spare Parts	Material	20-JUN-2003			
Charges Material	Material	16-NOV-2003			
Charges Expense	Expense	13-NOV-2003			
Material	Material	13-AUG-2002			
Expense	Expense	13-AUG-2002		Charges Expense	Charge Expense Item
Labor	Labor	13-AUG-2002		Labor	Labor Charges for Service

Only the Billing Types associated with a Billing Category in this window appear in the Billing Type Name List of Values in the Service Activities and Billing Types form. Similarly only the Billing Type Names associated here appear in the List of Values for Billing Type: Material, Labor, and Expense in the Repair Types form.

Note: You cannot associate the Billing Category Labor to a new Billing Type. The seeded Labor Billing Type is mapped to the Labor Billing Category.

Defining Service Activities and Billing Types

A Service Activity is a business operation, such as Replacement or Return for Repair. Each Service Activity is classified as either an Order or a Return - this is specified by its Line Category.

A Service Activity has a one to many relationship with Service Activity Billing Type. A Service Activity Billing Type, for example, Advanced Exchange: Material, is an intersection between Service Activity Advanced Exchange and Billing Type Material.

The Service Activity Billing Type is linked to an Oracle Order Management Order Type and Line Type for each operating unit.

Oracle Order Management Order and Line Types are associated with Service Activities that are assigned to Repair Types in Oracle Depot Repair. When a user chooses a Repair Type, these Order and Line Types determine the processing of charge lines (RMA, Ship, Estimate) for a Repair Order. Please refer to the *Oracle TeleService Implementation Guide* and the *Oracle Order Management User's Guide* for more details.

Oracle Order Management provides seeded Workflow process definitions for both orders and lines. It enables you to define both order header and order line Service Activities. The seeded Service Activities that Order Management provides are, however, not mapped by default.

A Service Activity is operating unit-specific. The Line Category is set at transaction level to prevent the use of a single Service Activity as an order in one operating unit and a

return in another.

Use the Service Activities and Billing Types window to confirm or define Service Activities and associated Billing Types, Order Management header types, and line types as detailed below.

The Order Management Header & Line Types region is used to specify the organization, header type, and line type - in the Operating Unit, Order Type, and Line Type fields respectively - to be used when a charge line is submitted to Order Management. These values are used to retrieve an Order Management header type and line type from the setup while submitting the order.

Note: You can associate multiple Billing Types to a Service Activity.

To Define Service Activities and Billing Types:

1. Open the Service Activities and Billing Types window using the following navigation path:

Service Request > Setup > Charges > Service Activities and Billing Types.

Service Activity	Description	Line Category	Start Date	End Date	Depot Repair Quantity Update	OM Interface	No Charge
Replacement	Replacement	Order	05-AUG-2001		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Return - Comm and Loco	Loco engines and Communication	Return	04-FEB-2004		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Return Exchange	Return Exchange	Return	25-JUL-2001		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Return Loaner	Return Loaner	Return	25-JUN-2000		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Return Loaner, no-IB	Return Loaner	Return			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Return Test	Return for Receipt	Return	21-JAN-2004		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Return for Credit	Returned for Credit	Return	25-JUN-2000		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Return for Repair	Customer Return for Repair	Return	24-NOV-2003		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Name	Description	Start Date	End Date
Charges Material	Charge Material Billing Type	19-JAN-2004	19-JAN-2004
Material	Billable flag for Service Material Billable		
Material - Non IB	Material - Non IB	23-DEC-2003	23-DEC-2003

Operating Unit	Order Type	Line Type
Vision Financial Services (USA)	Standard Mixed (Insurance)	Standard Return Line
Vision Operations	Mixed	Return (Receipt)
Vision Germany	DE Mixed	DE Return (Receipt)

2. Select the New toolbar icon to create an empty row for your Service Activity Billing Type.
3. Enter the appropriate values in the Service Activity and Line Category Code fields.

4. In the Related Billing Types region, select the appropriate Billing Type to be associated with the Service Activity you are creating.
5. Select the Depot Repair Quantity Update checkbox to update the depot inventory.
Only Service Activities with Depot Repair Quantity Update check box selected will be displayed in the Service Activity list of values in the Logistics tab in the Repair Types window.
6. Leave the OM Interface check box selected (the default value).
This setting means the customer can be billed for charges for this activity.
7. Select the No Charge flag checkbox if you do not want to charge the customer for this Service Activity.

Please note that an estimate or actuals line is discounted based on the contract associated with the Repair Order only if the Service Activity Billing Type of the estimate or actuals line is also set up for the contract. The Service Activity Billing Type of the estimate or actuals line is determined based on the Repair Type for the Repair Order, and the Billing Type for the estimate or actuals line item.

For more information on the contract associated with a Repair Order, see Determine Contract and Price List Defaults at Repair Order Creation in the *Oracle Depot Repair User Guide*.
8. Save the Service Activity and exit the Service Activities and Billing Types window.

Defining Service Business Processes

A Business Process is a group of Service Activities created with a view to restricting Service Activity availability. A Business Process supports the charge lines that the line of business in your organization can utilize, such as, Depot Repair.

Use the Service Business Process window to define your Business Process and associate Service Activities with it. Ensure that the Depot Repair check box is selected when setting up the Business Process. For a particular Business Process, the selected flag check boxes indicate the modules (Service Request, Field Service, Depot Repair) in which this Business Process can be used.

To Define Service Business Processes:

1. Open the Service Business Process window using the following navigation path:
Service Request > Setup > Charges > Service Business Process.

Service Business Processes

Name:

Description:

.. Depot Repair .. Service Request

.. Field Service

Effective Dates: - []

Service Activities

Service Activity	Start Date Active	End Date Active	[]
Return for Repair	27-JUL-2001		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Loaner	02-MAY-1997		<input type="checkbox"/>
Return for Credit	25-JUN-2000		<input type="checkbox"/>
Return for Replacement	25-JUN-2000		<input type="checkbox"/>
Return Loaner	25-JUN-2000		<input type="checkbox"/>
Ship Regular Exchange	01-JUN-2001		<input type="checkbox"/>
Ship Repaired Item	25-JUN-2000		<input type="checkbox"/>
Return without Credit	05-AUG-2001		<input type="checkbox"/>
Return Exchange	25-JUL-2001		<input type="checkbox"/>
Replacement	05-AUG-2001		<input type="checkbox"/>

2. Enter the appropriate value in the Name and Description fields.
3. Select the Depot Repair check box.
You can also optionally select any of the other check boxes for the applications (Service Request, Field Service) where you want this Business Process to be visible.
4. Enter the Effective Dates for the Business Process if you want the Business Process to be used only for a limited time.
5. In the Service Activities region, select the Service Activity you want to associate with the Business Process.
6. Save your work, and exit the Service Business Process window.

Defining Installed Base Transaction Sub Types

Each Service Activity that is required to process an Installed Base trackable item must have an Installed Base Transaction Sub Type with the same name as the Service Activity. For example, for the Service Activity named Return for Repair, we define the corresponding Transaction Sub Type with the name Return for Repair.

Note: For items that are not Installed Base trackable, the Service Activities associated with the Repair Type should not have Installed Base Transaction Sub Types defined. Hence you need to have separate Repair Types and Service Activities defined for Installed Base trackable items and for non-trackable items.

Transaction Sub Types Window

Use the Transaction Sub Types window to specify the type of update that can be performed in an Installed Base instance by transactions originating from Depot Repair that are interfaced with Installed Base.

Transaction Sub Types Area

For Depot Repair, the Service Type checkbox should be selected. When the Service Type checkbox is selected, the Name field List of Values displays the Service Activities for which you can create an Installed Base Transaction subtype.

Source Info and Non Source Info Areas

You can define the transactions and the kind of actions they can perform on the Source, Non Source, and Parent instances.

- Source Info area: Specify details of the instance being transacted, such as in a sales order, as a shipped or a returned item.

Note: Transaction sub types defined as shipments, that is, which have OM_SHIPMENT as their source transaction type, should not have Reference Req'd checked in the Source Info area. This is because Shipping does not understand and does not need Installed Base reference numbers.

Also, for non-serialized Installed Base trackable items, when an item is shipped back to the customer, a new instance with a new Installed Base reference number is created in Installed Base for the shipped instance. For a serialized Installed Base trackable item, the shipped item instance is identified in Installed Base by the shipped item and the serial number.

- Non Source Info area: Specify information on a related instance, such as one that is being replaced by the source instance.

Non Source information is required for the Service Activities associated with the Repair Types Exchange, Advance Exchange, and Replacement. In these cases, to transfer the warranty, the Non Source Info region should have Reference Req'd check box selected. This ensures that at the time of shipping the new item, the

warranty information is transferred.

Note: For the Replacement Repair Type, the damaged item status is changed to EXPIRED by setting this value in the Status field in the Non Source Info area.

- Parent Info area: This area is reserved for future use.

The Change Owner check box and Change Owner To fields determine whether the instance ownership has to be changed.

In the case of Repair Type Return and Repair, for example, the Transaction Sub Type for Return and Ship in the Source Info area has neither the Change Owner check box selected nor the Change Owner To field populated.

But in the case of Repair Type Exchange, the item is changed, and hence the Source Info area for the Transaction Sub Types for Return and Ship has the Change Owner check box and Change Owner To field selected.

Source Transaction Types Area

In the Source Transaction Types area, for Oracle Depot Repair, only Oracle Order Management needs to be set up as a source application. Ensure also that the Update IB check box is selected here.

Detailed information on Installed Base Transaction Sub Types is available in the *Oracle Installed Base Implementation Guide*.

To Define Installed Base Transaction Sub Types:

1. Open the Transaction Sub Types window using the following navigation path:
Service Request > Setup > Charges > Install Base Transaction Types

Transaction Sub Types

Transaction Sub Types

Service Type Name **Replacement** Description **Replacement** Seeded Freeze

Source Info

Reference Req'd
 Change Owner
 Change Owner To **External**
 Status **Replacement**
 Return Req'd
 Revision Req'd

Non Source Info

Reference Req'd
 Change Owner
 Change Owner To
 Status **EXPIRED**
 Return Req'd

Parent Info

Reference Req'd
 Status
 Revision Req'd

Source Transaction Types

Application Name	Transaction Name	Transaction Type	Description	Source Object	In	Out	Default	Update IB
Oracle Order Mar	Order Managemen	OM_SHIPMENT	Order Managemen		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Field Service	Field Service Rep	FIELD_SERVICE	Field Service Repo		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Oracle Order Cap	Order Capture Qu	ORDER_CAPTUF	Order Capture Quo		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
					<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
					<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
					<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

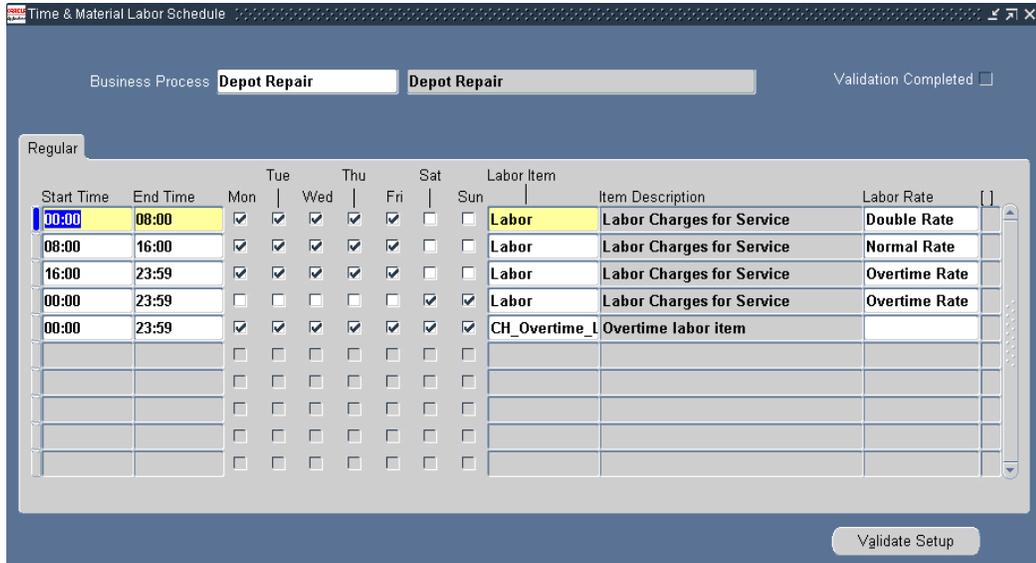
2. Enter the appropriate values in the fields as explained above.
3. Save your work, and exit the Transaction Sub Types window.

Setting Up Time and Material Labor Schedules

Use the Time & Material Labor Schedule window to set up schedules for the Depot Repair Business Process. This is required to process any labor transaction in the Debrief form accessed from the Repair Tasks tab in the Repair Orders form.

From the Navigator, use the following path to access the Time & Material Labor Schedule window:

Service Request > Setup > Charges > T&M Labor Schedule.



For more information, please refer to the *Oracle TeleService Implementation Guide*.

Setting Up Repair Types

Oracle Depot Repair supports the following Repair Types:

- Advance Exchange

The depot sends a replacement item to the customer before receiving the damaged item for core credit.
- Exchange

The depot sends a replacement item to the customer after a broken item is received from the customer for core credit.
- Loaner

The depot sends a loaner item to the customer.
- Loaner, Repair and Return

This is the same as Repair and Return with an item loaned to the customer before receiving the broken item, so as to bridge the gap while the damaged item is being repaired.
- Repair and Return

A broken item is repaired by the depot, and then returned to the customer.
- Replacement

The depot sends a new replacement item to the customer without having to receive a damaged item from the customer.

- Standard

The depot agent is uncertain about a customer need, and is unable to take a decision before further inspection of the damaged item. RMAs and Sales Orders are created manually. The depot agent has the option to carry out all functions in a manual mode.

- Refurbishment

A Repair Order and its associated Service Request is created in the Spares Management of Oracle Field Service as a result of a demand for refurbishment or replenishment. The Repair Order has a Repair Type of Refurbishment, and has two transaction lines, Move In and Move Out.

The Move In line tracks the shipment of the defective item from Spares Management, and its reception into the depot. The Move Out line processes the shipment of the repaired item back to Spares Management.

- Third Party Repair

For a third party repair execution, an Outside Processing (OSP) operation is created in the Repair Technician Portal. Essentially, completing the OSP operation triggers the creation of a purchase order with a request to procure service from a third party.

The Repair Types Screen

Repair Types setup determines the proper processing and management of Repair Orders by the application and service organization. The Repair Types Setup screen determines which, and how each of the seeded Repair Types are used in the service organization, whether the Oracle WIP or the Task Manager module of Oracle Common Application Components is used in repairs management, and how charge lines are identified as they are passed to Oracle Order Management.

A service organization can also make a copy of the selected Repair Type, and customize as necessary. Though the value of the Repair Type Ref field drives application process automation, this capability enables service organizations to better distinguish their Repair Types if necessary.

Use the Repair Types Setup window to perform the following tasks:

- Customize the Repair Types.
- Select Repair Modes for Repair Types. A Repair Order is created with the repair mode defined for the chosen Repair Type.
- Select Repair Type Ref for custom Repair Types.

- Select Business Process for Repair Types.
- Select default Service Activity Codes for RMA order (Return) and Sales order (Ship) lines for the Repair Type. The default item transactions are created with the order and line types associated with the Service Activity Billing Type for the Repair Type and repair item. This classifies the created RMA order and Sales order lines for respective Repair Types.
- Select a Pricelist for the Repair Type. This is optional.

The default price list for a Repair Order is the Pricelist for the Repair Type if either of the following cases is true:

- There is no default contract and the profile option CSD: Default Price List is not set.
- There is a default contract, but the contract does not specify a price list, and the profile option CSD: Default Price List is not set.
- Select Billing Types and enter Service Activity Code for Material, Labor, and Expense charge lines. You can enter more than one Billing Type and Service Activity Code for Material and Expense charge lines. This classifies the Material, Labor, and Expense charge lines for Order Management processing. This is needed only if using Repair Estimates functionality.
- Select preferences to process Product Transaction lines for Repair Types by selecting Automatically Enter and Book RMA.

Note: Only the Service Activities associated with the selected Business Process for the Repair Type will be displayed in the Service Activity Code List of Values in the Repair Types window. The same is true for the Service Activity Code List of Values in the Logistics tab in the Repair Orders window.

Repair Types Setup Fields

Control	Description	Editable	Seeded Values
Repair Type	A short description of the Repair Type. This description appears in the application during Repair Type selection	Yes	Same name as Repair Type Ref, but editable

Control	Description	Editabl e	Seeded Values
Description	A more detailed explanation of the Repair Type	Yes	--
Active (check box)	This read-only field indicates if the Repair Type is active, based on the Start Date and End Date	No	--
Business Process	The combination of Repair Type Ref and Business Process identifies the applicable Transaction Billing Types	Yes	Depot Repair
Repair Mode	Determines whether Oracle WIP or the Task Manager module of Oracle Common Application Components is used for Repair Job management	No	Task WIP
Repair Type Ref	Identifies the type of application logic that applies to the Repair Type	No	Advanced Exchange Exchange Loaner Loaner, Repair and Return Refurbishment Repair and Return Replacement Standard
Pre-Repair RMA	Classifies the created RMA order (Return) line for respective Repair Type reference. If Repair Type reference does not require this RMA line, this entry is disregarded.	Yes	--

Control	Description	Editabl e	Seeded Values
Pre-Repair Ship	Classifies the created Sales order (Ship) line for respective Repair Type reference. If Repair Type does not require this Sales order line, this entry is disregarded.	Yes	--
Post-Repair RMA	Classifies the created RMA order (Return) line for respective Repair Type reference. If Repair Type reference does not require this RMA line, this entry is disregarded.	Yes	--
Post-Repair Ship	Classifies the created Sales order (Ship) line for respective Repair Type reference. If Repair Type reference does not require this Sales order line, this entry is disregarded.	Yes	--
Third Party Ship	Classifies the Service Activity Billing Types. These values must be associated with a third party Ship line to indicate what OM line types to use, what operating unit to associate them with, and what contract entitlements apply.	Yes	--
Third Party RMA	Classifies the Service Activity Billing Types. These values must be associated with a third party RMA line to indicate what OM line types to use, what operating unit to associate them with, and what contract entitlements apply.	Yes	--
Pricelist	Identifies the default price list for the Repair Type.	Yes	--
Start Date	The effective start date of the Repair Type	Yes	--

Control	Description	Editable	Seeded Values
End Date	The effective end date of the Repair Type	Yes	--
Internal Order (check box)	For Internal Order Refurbishments	Yes	--
Third Party (check box)	For creating a third party ship and RMA line if a Service Activity Billing Type is selected in the Third Party column.	Yes	--
Automatically enter and book RMA	Decides whether to default Auto RMA check box as checked or unchecked for Repair Orders. When a Repair Order is created with this check box selected, an RMA (Return) line is entered and booked automatically. You can still manually override the default for individual Repair Orders.	Yes	--
Automatically ship through: Radio buttons: -- Enter Order -- Book Order	<i>This is available only for repair types whose Repair Type Ref is Advance Exchanged Exchange, Loaner, or Loaner, Repair and Return.</i> When a Repair Order is created with this check box and one of the radio button options selected, a Ship line is created and processed according to the option chosen: -- Enter Order results in ship line Status of Submitted. -- Book Order results in ship line Status of Booked.	Yes	--
Material	Enables the classification of Material charge lines for Order Management processing	Yes	Material

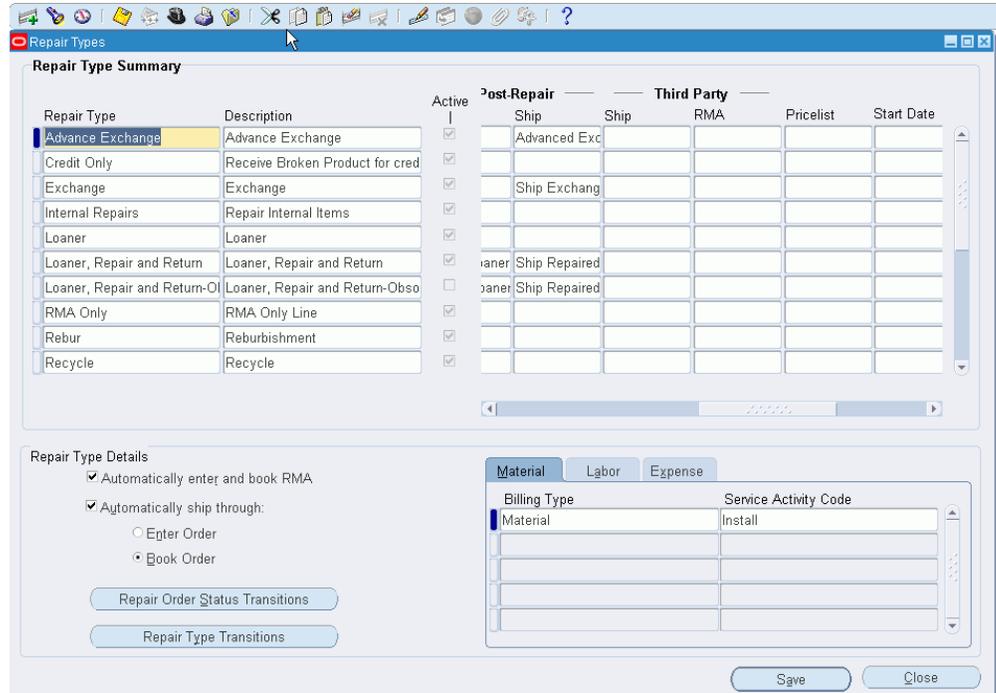
Control	Description	Editabl e	Seeded Values
Labor	Enables the classification of Labor charge lines for Order Management processing	Yes	Labor
Expense	Enables the classification of Expense charge lines for Order Management processing	Yes	Expense

For details on seeded Repair Types setup, see Charges and Repair Types Setup Example, page 3-92.

To Set Up Repair Types

1. From the Depot Repair Navigator, use the following path to open the Repair Types window:

Depot Repair > Setup > Repair Types



2. To define a new repair type, click the New icon on the menu option.
3. Enter the fields in the Repair Types window making necessary selections for defining your Repair Types as explained above.
4. To set up Third Party Repair Type, select Third Party Ship and RMA.

The list of values displays the Service Activity Billing Types, which are setup in the Charges setup windows. These values must be associated with a third party RMA line and third party Ship line to indicate what OM line types to use, what operating unit to associate them with, what contract entitlements apply, and so on.

5. Select the Third Party check box to create a third party ship and RMA line if a Service Activity Billing Type is selected in the Third Party column.

You can select the third party check box and only set up an RMA line. It defaults the RMA line at RO creation. If the third party flag is not checked, no Third party lines will be auto-created, even if service activities are entered in the Third Party Ship and RMA fields.

Note: A repair type having third party lines can also have regular lines, provided the Service Activity Billing Types are set up for them in their respective columns.

Repair Type	Description	Active	Pricelist	Start Date	End Date	Internal Order	Third Party
Advance Exchange	Advance Exchange	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Credit Only	Receive Broken Product for cred	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Exchange	Exchange	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Internal Repairs	Repair Internal Items	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Loaner	Loaner	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Loaner, Repair and Return	Loaner, Repair and Return	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Loaner, Repair and Return-Obso	Loaner, Repair and Return-Obso	<input type="checkbox"/>			31-JAN-2007	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
RMA Only	RMA Only Line	<input type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Rebur	Reburishment	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Recycle	Recycle	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

6. Save your work.

After a Repair Type is set up, it should have default values for the following fields:

- Repair Mode
- Repair Type Ref
- Business Process
- Default Service Activity Codes (Pre-Repair RMA, Pre-Repair Ship, Post-Repair RMA, Post-Repair Ship). Default values are required only for the applicable transaction for the Repair Type.

7. Billing Types and associated Service Activity Codes (Material, Labor, Expense).
Default values are needed only if Repair Estimates functionality is used.

Setting Up Defaulting Rules

Repair types, repair owner, priority and other repair order values default at the time of repair order creation based on customer defined rules. The fields that default are, Inventory Organization, RMA Receiving Organization, RMA Receiving, Subinventory, Repair organization, Repair Owner, Repair Priority, Repair Type, Ship from Organization, Ship from Subinventory, and Vendor Account. Rules are based on repair item, repair location, customer, contract, and the like.

To Set Up Defaulting Rules

1. Navigate to the Defaulting Rules page. This page displays the summary of existing defaulting rules.

Defaulting Rules
* Indicates required field

Find Defaulting Rules

Note that the search is case insensitive

Entity: Rule Name:
Attribute: Precedence:

Go Clear

*Precedence	*Name	Description	Entity	*Defaulted Attribute	*Value Type	Details Duplicate Remove
1	Demo Defaulting Rules	Item = CSD001 => repair priority = high	Repair Order	Repair Priority	Attribute	
1	Demo Defaulting Rules (duplicate)	Item = CSD002 => repair priority = high	Repair Order	Repair Priority	Attribute	
1	Ship from subinv	ship from subinv	Repair Order	Ship From Sub-Inventon	Attribute	
1	Vendor account	Vendor account	Repair Order	Vendor Account	Attribute	
1	vendor account	SR item= CSD001 => vendor =1001	Repair Order	Vendor Account	Attribute	

Add Another Row

2. To set up a new defaulting rule, click Add Another Row button.
3. Enter the values in the following fields:
 - Precedence: Each rule is assigned a Precedence. Rules are evaluated in the order of precedence - the smaller the number, the higher is the precedence. The Precedence field accepts both positive and negative values.
 - Name: Name to the defaulting rule
 - Description: Description of the defaulting rule
 - Entity: Defaults from the system
 - Defaulted Attribute: The value of this field defaults when a defaulting rule is applied to a repair order.
 - Inventory Organization
 - RMA Receiving Organization
 - RMA Receiving Sub-Inventory
 - Repair Organization
 - Repair Owner
 - Repair Priority
 - Repair Type
 - Ship From Organization

- Ship From Sub-Inventory
- Vendor Account
- Value Type: Valid list of values for Value Type are:
 - Attribute: This indicates the type of value, and not the value itself. It can be either PL/SQL, profile or a constant as specified in the setup.
 - PL/SQL API: This defaults the value returned from a call to the specified PL/SQL API to the Depot Workbench when this rule is evaluated to be true.
 - Profile: This defaults the value stored in the specified profile option to the Depot Workbench when this rule is evaluated to be true. When you select Profile as the value type, and there are multiple levels of profile setting, the system behaves in the same way it does for other profile option selections.

4. Click the Details icon to navigate to the Update Defaulting Rule page.

The screenshot displays the 'Update Defaulting Rule' page in the Oracle Depot Repair application. The page title is 'ORACLE Depot Repair'. The breadcrumb trail is 'Defaulting Rules > Update Defaulting Rule'. The main heading is 'Update Defaulting Rule'. Below the heading, there is a note: 'The default value will be applied according to the Precedence value set for the defaulting rule.' and a warning: '* Indicates required field'. The form contains the following fields:

- * Rule Name: Defaulting Rules II
- Description: Vendor Account
- * Precedence: 0
- Defaulted Attribute: Vendor Account
- Entity: Repair Order
- Value Type: Attribute
- * Vendor Account: 1000

 At the bottom of the form, there is a 'Defaulting Conditions' section with the instruction: 'The rule attribute will only be defaulted if all of the conditions are true.' Below this is a table with columns 'Name' and 'Details Remove'. The table currently contains the text 'No results found.' and an 'Add Another Row' button. Navigation buttons 'Cancel', 'Save', and 'Apply' are located at the top right and bottom right of the form area. The footer includes 'Privacy Statement', 'Home Logout Preferences', and 'Copyright (c) 2008, Oracle. All rights reserved.'

This page displays the details of the defaulting rule you entered. Use this page to specify a value for the defaulted attribute and the conditions to trigger the rule.

5. In the Defaulting Conditions region, click Add Another Row to enter a self-explanatory name for the condition.

Defaulting Conditions region enable you to define one or more conditions for a defaulting rule. All the conditions must evaluate to true to execute the defaulting rule.

6. Click Apply to save your work and navigate back to the Defaulting Rules page.

7. Click Save to save the Defaulting Rule.

8. Duplicate icon duplicates the condition.
9. To delete a defaulting rule, click the corresponding Remove icon in the Defaulting Rules page.

Setting Up Service Bulletins

Depot Repair provides an interface to the repair manager enabling him to trigger notifications, escalations, and/or workflows based on key business events in the repair shop. The repair manager can drill down to the details of critical activities to speed up the resolution of issues, thereby increasing customer satisfaction.

To Set Up Service Bulletin

1. Navigate to the Service Bulletins page.

This page displays the existing service bulletins in a summary table. The Simple and Advanced Search options enable you to look for a particular service bulletin.

ORACLE Depot Repair Diagnostics Home Logout Preferences

Service Bulletins
A Service Bulletin that is "active" is one that has been published AND today's date is between the Service Bulletin's start date and end date. Save Search

Simple Search

Note that the search is case insensitive Advanced Search

Name
 Type
 Start Date
 End Date

Mandatory
 Published
 Active

Name	Description	Type	Start Date	End Date	Active	Update	Duplicate
Service Bulletin for Third Party Return Due Date		Bulletin			✓	<input type="button" value="pencil"/>	<input type="button" value="trash"/>
3 strikes rule		Bulletin			✓	<input type="button" value="pencil"/>	<input type="button" value="trash"/>
Bulletin for Expiring Contract		Bulletin			✓	<input type="button" value="pencil"/>	<input type="button" value="trash"/>
Service Bulletin for Loaner Repair Return Order	Service Bulletin for Loaner Repair Return Order	Bulletin			✓	<input type="button" value="pencil"/>	<input type="button" value="trash"/>
test		Bulletin				<input type="button" value="pencil"/>	<input type="button" value="trash"/>

Save Search

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2. Click the New Service Bulletin button to navigate to the Create Service Bulletins page.
3. Enter the information in the following fields. The fields marked with an asterisk (*) are mandatory:
 - Name: Name of the service bulletin
 - Description: Description of the service bulletin
 - Type: Select the type of the service bulletin
 - Workflow Process: Associate a workflow process to the service bulletin

- Frequency: Select how frequently the service bulletin is applied

Apply Once per Item Instance implies that the service bulletin is applied only once for a particular instance. For example, you can set this frequency when an engineering change order is applied only once and for which the same bulletin does not need to be applied repeatedly. A bulletin with this frequency never gets attached to Repair Orders with Non-Installed Base items.

Apply Once Per Repair implies that the service bulletin is applied every time there is a new repair order.

- Mandatory: Select this checkbox to mark the service bulletin as mandatory on the repair order
- Escalation: You can define your own statuses.
- Start Date: The activation date of the service bulletin.
- End Date: The expiration date of the service bulletin.

Note: If the dates field is left blank, it implies that the service bulletin is always active.

Service Bulletins >
 Create Service Bulletin
 * Indicates required field

* Name Demo Service Bulletin
 Description Demo Service Bulletin
 * Type Bulletin
 Workflow Process
 * Frequency Apply Once per Repair

Mandatory
 Escalation
 Start Date
 End Date
 Published

Service Codes

Code	Name	Description	Active From/Active To/Remove
RB011-A	Repair bonnet	Volve leak in bonnet - Repair	13-Sep-2004

Attachments

Search
 Note that the search is case insensitive
 Title

Title	Type	Description	Category	Last Updated By	Last Updated	Usage	Update	Delete	Publish to Catalog
Demo	Short Text		ADI Kiosk Default Logo	EBUSINESS	16-Jul-2008	One-Time			

Rules

Name	Description	Details Duplicate Remove
Item = CS0001		

4. In the Service Codes region, click Add Another Row to define the service codes for the service bulletin.

5. You can add one or more attachments to a service bulletin using the Attachments region. Click Add Attachment to navigate to the Add Attachment page.

Note: You can add a File, URL, or Text as an attachment.

6. The Rules region enables you to define multiple rules to associate to the service bulletin. Click Add Another Row to define rules.

7. Click the Details link in the Rules region to navigate to the Update Service Bulletin Rule page.

8. Use the Conditions region to define conditions for the rule. Click Add Another Row to enter the condition.

A rule can have multiple conditions and all the conditions are evaluated to hold true for the rule to apply.

9. Click the Details link to navigate to the Update Rule Condition page.

10. Enter the required rule conditions and click Apply.

11. Navigate back to the Create Service Bulletin page and click Publish.

Note: Once you publish the service bulletins, it becomes read only. You can only modify the start and end dates.

Setting Up Statuses, Status Transitions, and Repair Type Transitions

In Oracle Depot Repair, you can monitor and record the progress of a repair order through states and statuses. You associate statuses to repair types through record status transitions, where a transition is defined with a Current and a Next status. The status change of repair orders is then controlled by these status transitions.

Statuses in Earlier Releases of Oracle Depot Repair

In earlier releases of Oracle Depot Repair, only repair *statuses* existed to categorize repair order progress. There were four seeded repair statuses - Draft, Open, Hold, Closed - and they were not extensible.

This concept has been extended to allow statuses to be defined within *states*. The current *states* correspond to the earlier *statuses*. What you can now do is to define many lower-level statuses within the new states.

Terminology

State

A state describes the high level condition of a repair order. There are four seeded states in Oracle Depot Repair: Draft, Open, Hold, Closed, and they are not extensible.

Status

A status describes the more detailed mode or condition of a repair order. Each status is associated with one and only one state. Each state can be associated with many statuses.

Each status associated with a state inherits the limitations that are associated with that state. Statuses associated with Hold or Closed states restrict users as to what operations they can perform in Oracle Depot Repair. For more information, see Constraints on User Operations, page 3-26..

You can create as many statuses as you want.

Note: The Draft state is a special case, and has one status, Draft. Both the Draft status and the Draft state are used by the system only. For example, you cannot associate any of your own statuses to the Draft state.

Repair Order Status Transitions

A Repair Order Status Transition is the definition of two repair order statuses, the

Current Status and the Next Status. For each repair type, you must define a start status and one or more repair status transitions: these transitions determine the only allowable status transitions for the given repair type.

You associate a repair status to a repair type only through the status transitions; that is, by specifying it either as a Start status, or a Current or Next status of a status transition pair.

Repair Type Transitions

The same status can be defined for several different repair types.

In this situation, when a repair order status has been defined as associated to other repair types, and your repair order has the appropriate common status, you can update the repair type of the repair order to any of the other repair types.

For example, you can define a status of In Repair for the repair type Repair and Return and also Loaner, Repair and Return. The repair type of a repair order, whose repair type is currently Repair and Return and whose status is In Repair, can be updated to Loaner, Repair and Return.

Note: Repair Type Transitions do not add, delete, nor default any logistic lines. After a repair type transition is performed on a repair order, you must perform manual adjustments to your logistic lines, if your organization processes require this.

Constraints on User Operations

If a status is associated with the Open state, setting that status for a repair order imposes no constraints for users performing Oracle Depot Repair operations.

If the status is associated with the Hold state, the following are the actions that you cannot perform for a repair order in that status:

- Update a Repair Order, other than change the Status
- Select or change the Default Contract field on the Coverage window launched through the menu path Tools > Coverage
- Create, update, submit, or book logistics lines
- Create a repair job
- Perform Material or Complete Job Transactions
- Create or update repair tasks
- Split a repair order

- Update counters

If the status is associated with the Closed state, the following are the only actions that you can perform for a repair order in that status:

- Update the Repair Order Status
- View and update Notes
- View Configuration, from the Details tab
- Send and view messages, from the Data menu option
- View Coverage and Contracts
- Enter Task Debrief
- View and Refresh Repair Jobs
- Print estimates
- View the current workflow

Overview of Status and Transition Setup Processes

This section consists of the following topics:

- Creating the Status Lookup, page 3-26
- Associating the Status to a State, page 3-26
- Adding a Status Transition to a Repair Type, page 3-26
- Creating a Repair Type Transition, page 3-26

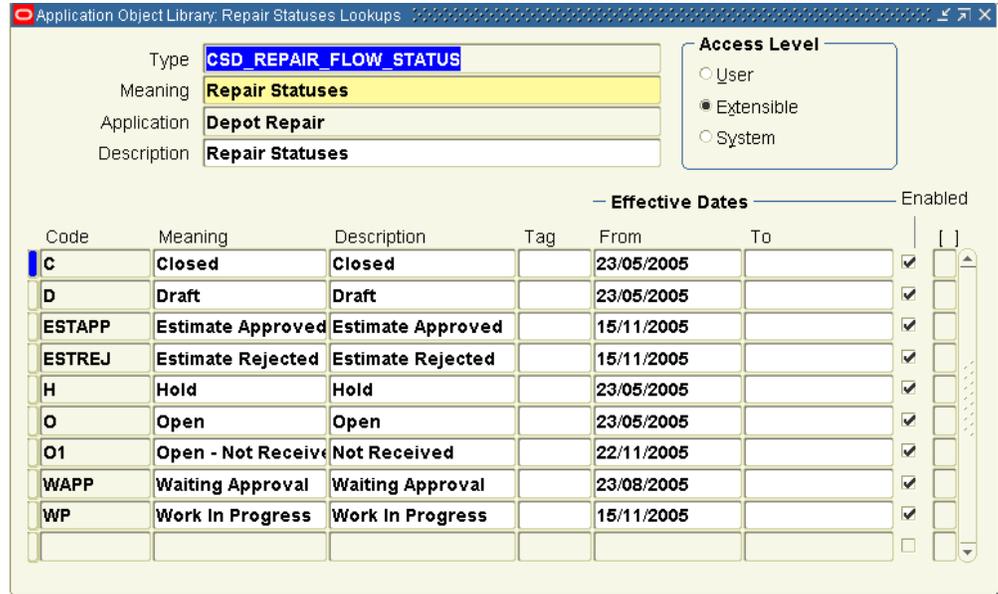
Creating the Status Lookup

You must first create a repair status lookup.

Steps

1. From the Depot Repair Navigator, use the following path to open the Repair Statuses Lookup window:

Depot Repair > Setup > Repair Statuses



2. Add a new record, with values for Code and Meaning.
3. You can also add values for Description, Tag, and Effective From and To dates.
4. To allow activation of the status, ensure that the Enabled check box is set
5. Save your work.

Associating the Status to a State

You must associate each status that you create with a State of Open, Hold, or Closed..

There are limitations on the operations that can be performed on a repair order set to a Status associated with either the Hold or the Closed State. For details, see Constraints on User Operations, page 3-26.

Important: After you have associated a Status with a State, *you cannot update that association.*

Important: You can delete non-seeded Status-State associations, but you should do so with great care. Repair orders whose latest status resulted from a deleted Status-State association may be corrupted.

Steps

1. From the Depot Repair Navigator, use the following path to open the Repair Order

Status Set-Up window:

Depot Repair > Setup > Repair Order Status Set-Up

Status	Description	External Display Status	State	Seeded Flag
Closed	Closed		Closed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
				<input type="checkbox"/>
Estimate Approved	Estimate Approved		Open	<input type="checkbox"/>
Estimate Rejected	Estimate Rejected		Open	<input type="checkbox"/>
Hold	Hold		Hold	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Open	Open		Open	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Open - Not Received	Not Received		Open	<input type="checkbox"/>
Waiting Approval	Waiting Approval		Hold	<input type="checkbox"/>

Save Close

2. Select the Status and State.
3. Optionally enter a Description.
4. Save your work.

Adding a Status Transition to a Repair Type

In order to make use of statuses in repair orders, you must associate your statuses with at least one repair type - through a status transition. For each repair type, you must also specify a start status.

You can associate a repair status to several repair types, by including it in the status transitions of each repair type.

A status transition defines the Current and Next statuses that are to be allowed for the repair orders of a given repair type.

Steps

1. If you are not already in the Repair Types window, then, from the Depot Repair Navigator, use the following path:

Depot Repair > Setup > Repair Types

2. Select a Repair Type and click Repair Order Status Transitions.

Repair Type: **Repair and Return** Start Status: **Open**

Current Status	Next Status	Workflow	Require Reason	Capture Activity	Description
Closed	Hold		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Closed to Hold - RF
Closed	Open		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Closed to Open - R
Hold	Closed		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Hold to Closed - RF
Hold	Open		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Hold to Open - RR I
Open	Closed	IBY_PUSH_MAIL	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Open to Closed - R

Allow Responsibilities
 Allow all responsibilities

Milestones

Save Close

3. Select a Start Status.
4. For each status transition, perform the following in the Rule area:
 - Select a Current Status and a Next Status.
 - Optionally select a Workflow that is to be initiated when the repair order status changes from the Current to the Next status.
 - Optionally check Require Reason, if you want to make it mandatory for a status changer to enter a reason at the time of status change.
 - Optionally check Capture Activity, if you want changing to the Next status to result in the creation of a viewable Activity.
 - Optionally enter a Description.
5. For each status transition, select the transition and, in the Allow Responsibilities area, either select the check box "Allow all responsibilities" or select individual responsibilities for which the status transitions are allowed.
6. For each status transition, select the transition and optionally select one or more milestones, to be used for DBI reporting metrics.

If you select Repair Start or Repair End or both as milestones for any transition, you will be able to see the metrics for a repair order in the Repair Order page, designed to process high-volume repairs. The earliest Repair Start time and the latest Repair End time, taken at the times of the status transitions, are recorded for the repair

order, and appear as Key Performance Indicators in the Debrief Report tab of the Repair Order page.

7. Save your work.

Creating a Repair Type Transition

Repair type transitions are possible only when a repair order status is associated with more than one repair type. Defining a repair type transition allows users to switch the repair type of a repair order, when the repair order status is a status common to the repair types.

Important: Repair type transitions do not add, delete, nor default any logistic lines. After a repair type transition is performed on a repair order, you must perform manual adjustments to your logistic lines, if your organization processes require this

Steps

1. If you are not already in the Repair Types window, then, from the Depot Repair Navigator, use the following path:
Depot Repair > Setup > Repair Types
2. Select a Repair Type and click Repair Type Transitions.
The From Repair Type field shows the current repair type.

From Repair Type **Advance Exchange**

Common Status	To Repair Type	Require Reason	Capture Activity
Open	Repair and Return	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Allow Responsibilites

Allow all responsibilites

Description

Save Close

3. For each repair type transition, perform the following in the Rule area:
 - Select a Common Status and a To Repair Type.
 - Optionally check Require Reason, if you want to make it mandatory for a repair type changer to enter a reason at the time of repair type change.
 - Optionally check Capture Activity, if you want changing to the new repair type to result in the creation of a viewable Activity.
4. For each repair type transition, select the transition and, in the Allow Responsibilities area, either select the check box "Allow all responsibilities" or select individual responsibilities for which the repair type changes are allowed.
5. For each repair type transition, select the transition and optionally enter a Description.
6. Save your work.

Setting Up Service Request Types for Depot Repair

Service request types help categorize your service requests. For each service request type, you can set up service request statuses.

Each service request type can be linked to an existing Oracle Workflow process. The

workflow can be automatically launched when the service request is created (not when it is updated) or manually launched depending on the settings you enter while defining service request types.

You must define at least one service request type for Oracle Depot Repair use. Typically you define one service request type called Depot Repair. However, you can use any name for the service request type, so long as it is associated with a Business Process that can be used in Oracle Depot Repair. See *Defining Business Processes*, page 3-7.

The new service request types set up for Oracle Depot Repair use and their related statuses register as entries in the lists of values for their fields in the Repair Orders window. See the *Oracle TeleService Implementation Guide* for more information.

The Service Request Type window is used to link a Service Request Type to a Business Process. The Service Request Type Depot Repair needs to be associated with the applicable Business Process for your organization.

To Set Up Service Request Types

1. Navigate to Service Request Types window using the following path:

Service Request > Setup > Service Requests > Request Types

The window lists all the existing service request types.

The screenshot shows the 'Service Request Types' window. It contains a table with the following columns: Type, Business Process, Status Group Name, Start Date, End Date, Asset Maintenance, Complex Maintenance, and Image File Name. The 'Depot Repair' row is highlighted in yellow. Below the table is a form with fields for Description, Workflow (set to 'Call Support'), and checkboxes for 'Auto Launch Workflow', 'Abort Workflow on Final Status without Warning', and 'Web Entry'.

Type	Business Process	Status Group Name	Start Date	End Date	Asset Maintenance	Complex Maintenance	Image File Name
Customer Service Request	Customer Support		19-NOV-1999		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
DCUSTCALL	Field Service	Site Related			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Defective Product	Customer Support				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Demo	Customer Support				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
DemoTest	Customer Support				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Depot One	Charges Depot Repair				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Depot Repair	Customer Support				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Drug Related	Customer Support	Drug Related	01-JAN-2003		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Description:

Workflow:

Auto Launch Workflow Abort Workflow on Final Status without Warning Web Entry

2. Click the New toolbar button to create a blank row for defining your service request type.

3. In the Type field, enter the name Depot Repair for the service request type.

Typically, you have one service request type called Depot Repair, but it is not essential to have that exact name. You must have at least one service request type that is mapped to the Depot Repair Business Process.

4. In the Business Process field, select the Business Process for which this service

request type is being created. In this case, the Business Process is Depot Repair.

5. Enter the Status Group Name, which in this case is Depot Repair.
6. Enter the effective dates for the service request type in the Start Date and End Date fields.
7. Enter a brief description of the request type in the Description field.
8. In the Workflow field, select the Generic workflow. Do not select the Auto Launch Workflow check box, if this workflow is selected.
9. Optionally, select from the available check boxes. Refer to the following table for details of the actions initiated when the checkboxes are selected.

Checkbox	Action
Auto Launch Workflow	Launches workflow automatically when the service request is saved. Not to be used with Oracle Depot Repair Generic Workflow.
Abort Workflow on Close	Aborts workflow when service request status is set to closed
Web Entry	Makes this service request type accessible to web entry through iSupport. Currently not used with Oracle Depot Repair.

10. Save your work.

Setting Up Depot Repair Reason Codes

Reason Codes are values defined for the different reasons that affect the return of an item for repair.

Oracle Depot Repair provides the following seeded Reason Codes:

Code	Description
ADV_EXCH	Advanced Exchange
APPRV	Customer Approves the RMA

Code	Description
EST	Estimate Approved
HOLD	Repair On-Hold
LOANER	Loaner
PRCD RPAIR	Proceed with Repair
REJECT_1	Product Unrepairable
REJECT_2	Declined Repair
REV_EST	Revised Estimate Approved
WAIT_1	Customer Contacted
WAIT_2	Awaiting Approval

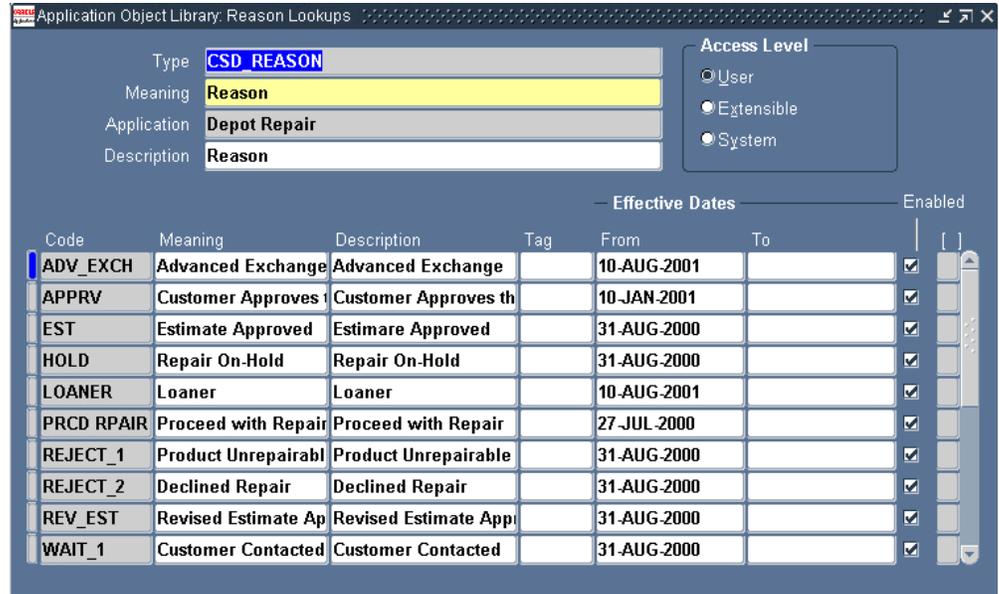
You can set up the reason codes for use in your organization using the Application Object Library: Reason Lookups window.

Note: You can define additional reason Lookup Codes using the Lookups window. For detailed instructions, see *Defining Oracle Depot Repair Lookup Codes*, page 3-48.

To Set Up Depot Repair Reason Codes

1. From the Depot Repair Navigator, use the following path to navigate to the Application Object Library: Reason Lookups window:

Depot Repair > Setup > Reason



2. The Reason Lookups window consists of the following fields:

- Type: refers to the Lookup Type and is seeded value that the user cannot modify
- User Name: refers to a user definable value for this Lookup Type
- Application: refers to the application that owns the reason types being defined
- Description: refers to the description of the Lookup Type
- Code: is the unique code assigned to a reason type
- Meaning: represents the meaning of the Code
- Description: refers to the description for the Code
- Tag: refers to an optional additional category hard code, and is not used by Depot Repair
- Effective Date From: represents the first date that the Reason Code was available and valid
- Effective Date To: represents the last date the Reason Code was available and valid
- Enable checkbox: when selected, enables the use of the Reason Code while using Oracle Depot Repair

3. Enter, or modify the values in the fields as required for use in your depot.
4. Click the Save icon on the toolbar to save your setup.

Setting Up Customer Profiles

A Customer Profile displays summarized information about the customer that is appropriate for the service representative to know. It may contain information such as the number of open service requests. These profile checks are flagged by appropriate ratings and colors that provide instant visual clues to the service representative to assist in appropriate engagement with the customer. Customer Profiles also furnish the ability to drill down from a profile check to a detailed list, and then to the original transaction.

You can define profile checks, and combine multiple checks with complex criteria. It is also possible to define critical customer criteria by using profile checks.

The profile engine (a concurrent program) runs periodically to check and store changes to profile checks.

Use the Customer Profile Setup window to define the profiles based on critical customer information that needs to be readily accessible by the service representative. You may already have set up Customer Profile if other Oracle Service application modules are in use at your organization.

To navigate to the Customer Profile Setup window, use the following path:

Service Requests > Setup > Customer Management > Customer Profiles

Follow these steps to setup Customer Profiles:

- Define Profile Rating Lookup Codes
- Define Profile Variables
- Define Drilldowns
- Define Profile Checks
- Define Profile Groups
- Define Dashboard Groups
- Associate Profiles with Modules
- Define Preferences
- Define Rating Labels
- Define Categories
- Run the Customer Profile Engine

For detailed instructions, refer to the *Oracle TeleService Implementation Guide*.

Setting Up Diagnostic Codes in Oracle Depot Repair

Oracle Depot Repair provides the ability to associate repair problems with a Diagnostic Code, and to associate the potential resolutions with a Service Code. By utilizing Diagnostic Codes and Service Codes, users can quickly document repair efforts for customer charges and depot service history.

You make use of Diagnostic Codes and Service Codes when you process a Repair Order. If you have recorded one or more Solutions in Oracle Knowledge Management to previous problems similar to the one in the current Repair Order, then you can examine these previous cases, and if appropriate, apply one or more of the previous Solutions to the current Repair Order.

The full setup of Diagnostic Codes and Service Codes includes setup steps in both Oracle Depot Repair and Oracle Knowledge Management.

This section deals with the setting up of Diagnostic Codes in Oracle Depot Repair.

For details of setting up Service Codes in Oracle Depot Repair, see *Setting Up Service Codes in Oracle Depot Repair*, page 3-42.

For details of setting up Diagnostic Codes and Service Codes in Oracle Knowledge Management, see *Setting Up Knowledge Management*, page 2-15.

In Oracle Depot Repair, when you create a Diagnostic Code, you associate it with one or more domains. There are two domain types, Item and Category. Each associated domain is either an item or an item category, as defined in Oracle Inventory.

The list of values for the Category field will be a list of all item categories for the category set selected for the profile option CSD: Default Category Set for Diagnostic Codes and Service Codes.

Use the Diagnostic Codes window to define the Diagnostic Codes, and their associated items or categories or both.

To Set Up Diagnostic Codes in Oracle Depot Repair

1. Navigate to Diagnostic Codes window using the following path:

Depot Repair > Setup > Diagnostic Codes

The window lists all the existing Diagnostic Codes.



2. Click the New toolbar button to create a blank row for defining your Diagnostic Code.
3. Enter a Code and a Name for the Diagnostic Code.
4. Optionally, enter a Description for the Diagnostic Code.
5. In the Active From field, enter the date on which the Diagnostic Code is activated. The date defaults to the current date. You can change it to any later date, but not to a prior date.
6. Optionally, set the Active To date field.
7. Click any field in the Domains area, and if necessary, click the New toolbar button to create a blank row for defining a domain.
8. In the Type field, select either Item or Category. from the list of values.
9. Depending on the Type, select either an Item or a Category from the list of values in the Item or Category field respectively.
10. Repeat steps 7 to 9 for as many domains as you want to associate with the Diagnostic Code.
11. Click the Save icon on the toolbar to save your setup.

Setting Up Service Codes in Oracle Depot Repair

Oracle Depot Repair provides the ability to associate repair resolutions with a Service Code.

You make use of Service Codes when you process a Repair Order. If you have recorded one or more Solutions in Oracle Knowledge Management to previous problems similar to the one in the current Repair Order, then you can examine these previous cases, and if appropriate, apply one or more of the previous Solutions to the current Repair Order.

You can use Service Codes with or without Diagnostic Codes.

The full setup of Diagnostic Codes and Service Codes includes setup steps in both Oracle Depot Repair and Oracle Knowledge Management.

This section deals with the setting up of Service Codes in Oracle Depot Repair.

For details of setting up Diagnostic Codes in Oracle Depot Repair, see *Setting Up Diagnostic Codes in Oracle Depot Repair*, page 3-40.

For details of setting up Diagnostic Codes and Service Codes in Oracle Knowledge Management, see *Setting Up Knowledge Management*, page 2-15.

In Oracle Depot Repair, when you create a Service Code, you can associate it with the following:

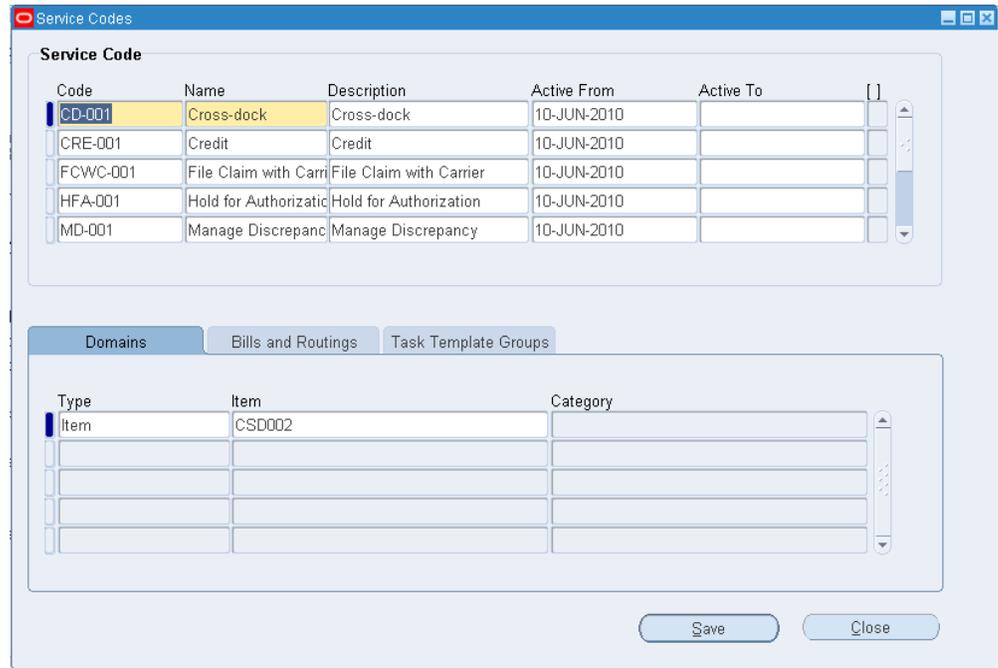
- One or more items
- One or more item categories
The item categories belong to the category set selected for the profile option CSD: Default Category Set for Diagnostic Codes and Service Codes.
- One or more reference bills
- One or more alternate bills
- One or more reference routings
- One or more alternate routings
- One or more task template groups

Use the Service Codes window to define the Service Codes, and their associated elements.

To Set Up Service Codes in Oracle Depot Repair

1. Navigate to the Service Codes window using the following path:
Depot Repair > Setup > Service Codes

The window lists all the existing Service Codes.



2. Click the New toolbar button to create a blank row for defining your Service Code.
3. Enter a Code and a Name for the Service Code.
4. Optionally, enter a Description for the Service Code.
5. In the Active From field, enter the date on which the Service Code is activated.
The date defaults to the current date. You can change it to any later date, but not to a prior date.
6. Optionally, set the Active To date field.
7. In the DFF field, enter flexfield information associated with the Service Code. The DFF name is Depot Repair Service Codes.
8. If you want to associate the Service Code with a domain:
 - Click the Domain tab, if it is not visible
 - Select either Item or Category from the Type list of values
 - Depending on your choice of Type, select either an Item or a Category from the appropriate list of values.

Repeat this step for as many domains as you want to associate with the Service

Code.

9. If you want to associate a bill or routing or both to the Service Code:
 - Click the Bills and Routings tab.
 - Select the organization from the Org list of values.
 - To associate a bill, select from the Bill Reference list of values, and if you require an alternate bill, select also from the Bill Alternate list of values.
 - To associate a routing, select from the Routing Reference list of values, and if you require an alternate routing, select also from the Routing Alternate list of values.

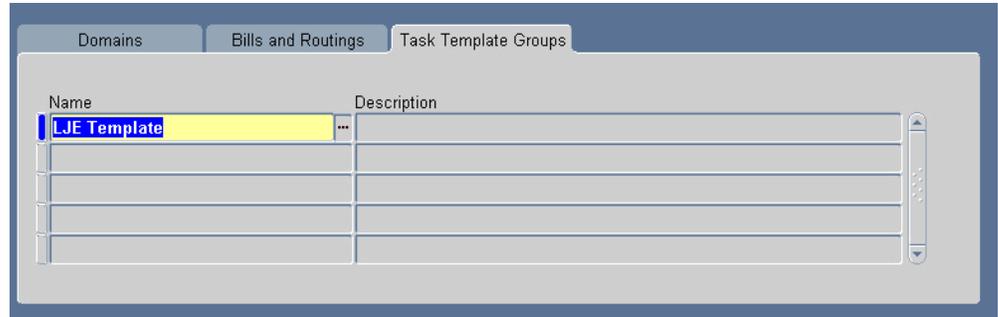
Repeat this step for as many bills and routings as you want to associate with the Service Code.

Bill			Routing	
Org	Reference	Alternate	Reference	Alternate
M1	QADPP-2640			

Save Close

10. If you want to associate one or more task template groups to the Service Code:
 - Click the Task Template Groups tab.
 - Select the task template group from the Name list of values.
This also populates the Description field.

Repeat this step for as many task template groups as you want to associate with the Service Code.



11. Click the Save icon on the toolbar to save your setup.

Setting Up Service Code Recommendations

When you are processing high volume repairs, in the Evaluation tab of the Repair Order page, two of the screen areas are the Diagnostic Codes region and the Service Codes region.

Any diagnostic codes and service codes defined for the same item or item category as the repair item automatically appear in their respective screen areas.

You can also get service codes added to the page if you have set up service code recommendations in advance.

The main elements of a service code recommendation are the following:

- A name
- A service code and one of its domains
- A recommendation type of Sometimes or Always
- One or more requirements involving diagnostic codes and their domains; each requirement mandates either the existence or the absence of a diagnostic code and one of its domains

For example, if an examination of past repairs leads you to the conclusion that the service code S7 will always be useful when diagnostic code D1 is present and diagnostic code D99 is absent, you could set up a service code recommendation whose main elements are as follows (*assume that all domains are the same as the repair item*):

- Recommendation Name: S7_D1Y_D99N
- Recommendation Type: Always
- Service Code: S7
- Diagnostic Requirement 1: Must Have D1

- Diagnostic Requirement 2: Must Not Have D99

Service code recommendations are used in the Repair Order page, as follows:

1. You click the Recommend Services button.
2. The system checks all the diagnostic codes in the Diagnostic Codes region against all the requirements of the service code recommendations.
3. If all the requirements of one or more recommendations are fulfilled, the corresponding service code or codes are added to the Service Codes region.

Any service code added from a recommendation whose Type is Always will be marked as Applicable and disabled, so that any jobs generated from the Service Codes region will include the bills and routings associated with that service code.

For details, select from the following:

1. Querying Service Code Recommendations, page 3-45
2. Adding Service Code Recommendations, page 3-45

Querying Service Code Recommendations

1. Open the Service Code Recommendations window using the following navigation path: Depot Repair > Setup > Service Code Recommendations
The window shows the existing service code recommendations.
2. Select a recommendation to see its diagnostic code requirements at the foot of the screen.:
3. Optionally, click the Update icon for a recommendation to update it.
4. For a new recommendation, click Add Recommendation, page 3-45..

Service Code Recommendations

 **TIP** A service code recommendation will be given only if all of its diagnostic requirements are satisfied.

Add Recommendation							
Select	Name	Recommendation Type	Active	Service Code			Update
				Domain	Code	Name	
<input type="radio"/>	Rec 7 Test Multiple Not	Sometimes	✓	AS54888	SC7	SC 7	
<input type="radio"/>	Rec 5 test multiple	Sometimes	✓	AS54888	SC5	SC 5	
<input type="radio"/>	Rec 4 - Test Must Not Have	Sometimes	✓	AS54888	SC4	SC 4	
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Rec 6 Test multiple mixed	Sometimes	✓	AS54888	SC6	SC 6	
<input type="radio"/>	Recommendation2	Always	✓	AS54888	SC2	SC 2	
<input type="radio"/>	Recommendation for SC1	Sometimes	✓	AS54888	SC1	SC 1	
<input type="radio"/>	SC2 rec for CSD001	Always	✓	CSD001	SC2	SC 2	
<input type="radio"/>	SC3CatTest	Always	✓	Inv.Items	SC3	SC 3 Category Test	

Rec 6 Test multiple mixed: Diagnostic Requirements

Domain Type	Domain	Diagnostic Code	Name	Requirement
Item	AS54888	DC1	DC 1	Must Have
Item	AS54888	DC2	DC 2	Must Not Have

Adding Service Code Recommendations

Service Code Recommendation

 **TIP** A service code recommendation will be given only if all of its diagnostic requirements are satisfied.

* Indicates required field

Cancel

Apply

* Name Start Date 

Recommendation Type End Date 

Service Code

* Service Code 
 Name **SC 7**
 Description
 Service Domain **AS54888**
 Domain Type **Item**

Diagnostic Requirements

Diagnostic Code	Requirement	Name	Description	Domain	Domain Type	Remove
<input type="text" value="DC3"/> 	<input type="text" value="Must Not Have"/>	DC 3 Cat	DC3 Category test	COMPUTER_DESKTOP	Category	
<input type="text" value="DC1"/> 	<input type="text" value="Must Not Have"/>	DC 1		AS54888	Item	
<input type="text" value="DC2"/> 	<input type="text" value="Must Not Have"/>	DC 2	DC2 Description	AS54888	Item	

1. Enter a Name for the recommendation.
2. Select a Recommendation Type, of Sometimes or Always.
3. Optionally, select a Start and End Date.
4. Select a Service Code.

From the list of values, select the entry with the item or category domain that you want to associate with the recommendation. This is the domain that will be compared with the repair order item domain, to try to find a match when you click Recommend Services in the Repair Order page.

5. You can create one or more entries in the Diagnostic Requirements area.

For each diagnostic requirement, select the following

- Diagnostic Code

Selecting from the list of values populates the Name, Description, Domain, and Domain Type fields.

From the list of values, select the entry with the item or category domain that you want to associate with the recommendation. This is the domain that will be compared with the repair order item domain, to try to find a match when you click Recommend Services in the Repair Order page.

- Requirement - either Must Have or Must Not Have

6. In the process of entering the requirements, you can Remove an entry.

7. Save your work.

Defining Oracle Depot Repair Lookup Codes

You can maintain existing Lookups as well as define additional Lookups for your shared Lookup Types.

Each Lookup has a Code, a Meaning, and a Description. Lookup Codes are not editable, but Meanings and Descriptions are. If you make changes to a Lookup, you must log out and then log back on before your changes take effect.

The following Lookup Types are pre-seeded in Oracle Depot Repair. For more information, refer to Appendix B.

Lookup Type	Description
CSD_APPROVAL_STATUS	Repair Approval Status (Approved, Rejected)
CSD_ESTIMATE_STATUS	Estimate Status (Accepted, Bid, Closed, Draft, Hold, Rejected)
CSD_EST_BILLING_TYPE	Estimate Billing Type (Expense, Labor, Material)

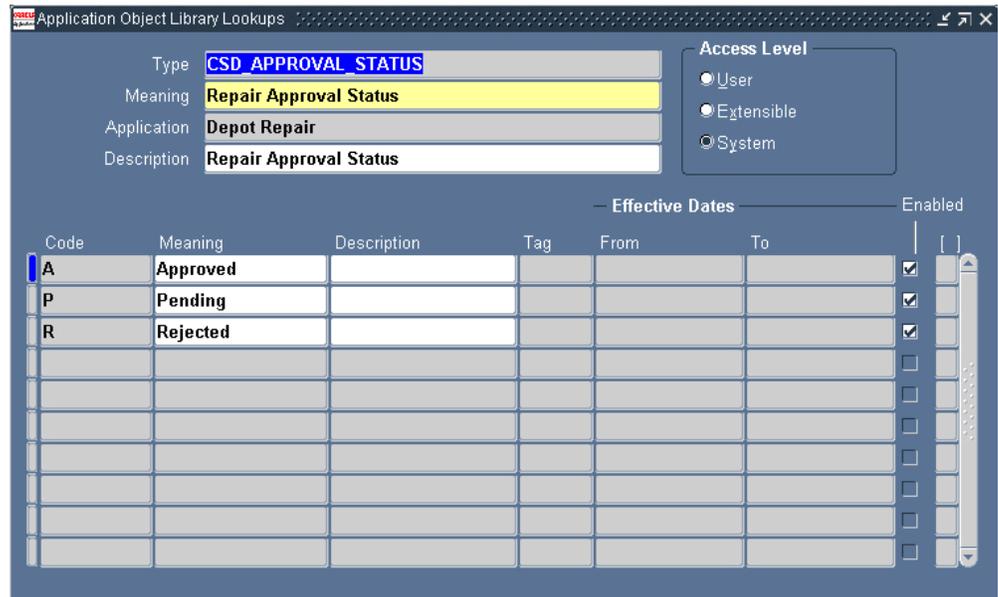
Lookup Type	Description
CSD_EVENT	Repair Event (Customer Approved, Charges Recorded, Repair Diagnosed, Repair Job Completed)
CSD_PRODUCT_ACTION_CODE	Product Transaction Action Code for Repair Orders (Customer Item, Exchange, Loaner, Replacement, Defective, Usable)
CSD_PROD_ACTION_TYPE	Depot Repair Order Product Transaction Action Types (Return, Ship, Move In, Move Out)
CSD_PRODUCT_TXN_STATUS	Product Transaction Status (Booked, Entered, Received etc.)
CSD_REASON	Reason for current status of repair process (Customer Approves the Estimate, Estimate Approved, Repair On Hold)
CSD_REJECT_REASON	Estimate Reject Reasons (Customer Reject, Machine Unavailable, Resource shortage)
CSD_REPAIR_MODE	Repair Mode for the depot repair processes (WIP, Tasks, None, All)
CSD_REPAIR_STATUS	Repair Status (Closed, Open, On Hold)
CSD_REPAIR_TYPES	Depot Repair Types (Advance Exchange, Walk-In with Return and Repair etc.)
CSD_RO_TXN_STATUS	Repair Order Transaction Status (OM Booked, OM Received, OM Released etc.)
CSD_UNIT_OF_MEASURE	Lead Time Unit of Measure (Hour, Week, Day)
CSD_WIP_JOB_STATUS	Repair Job Status (Released, Unreleased)
CSD_WARRANTY_STATUS	Supplier Warranty Status (Rejected, Submitted, Approved)

Lookup Type	Description
CSD_SOURCE_TYPE	Repair BOM
CSD_DEF_ENTITY_ATTR_RO	Repair Owner, Ship From Sub-Inventory, RMA Receiving Sub-Inventory, Repair Organization, Ship From Organization, Inventory Organization, RMA Receiving, Organization, Repair Priority, Repair Type, Vendor Account
CSD_BULLETIN_TYPES	Notification, Recall, Regulatory Compliance, Soft Entitlement, ECO, Bulletin
CSD_BULLETIN_SOURCE_TYPE	Rule, Manual
CSD_DEFAULTING_ENTITIES	Repair Order
CSD_DEFAULTING_VALUE_TYPES	Attribute, PL/SQL API, Profile
CSD_RULE_TYPES	Service Bulletin Rule, Defaulting Rule
CSD_RULE_OPERATORS	<, <., >, =
CSD_BULLETIN_FREQUENCY	Apply Once Per Repair, Apply Once Per Item Instance
CSD_ESCALATION_CODES	New, Reopened
CSD_BULLETIN_ACTION	Mark as Viewed, Mark as Unviewed
CSD_WARRANTY_VIOLATION	Yes, No
CSD_REWORK	Yes, No
CSD_RECALL_FLOW_STATUS	Recall Flow Status (Closed, Draft, Open)

To Define Oracle Depot Repair Specific Lookup Codes

Switch to the Application Developer responsibility.

1. From the Application Developer Navigator window, use the following path to navigate to the Applications Object Library Lookups window:



2. Run a query to display the details of the Lookup Type under which you want to define the lookup code. Several lookup types (listed above) are pre-seeded in Oracle Depot Repair.
3. Click anywhere in the spread table. Now click the New tool bar button to open a blank row.
4. Enter a name for the Lookup Code in the Code field. The code name is internal to the system.
5. Enter a User Name for the Lookup Code in the meaning field. This value is displayed in the LOV.
6. Optionally enter a description in the Description field.
7. If you want the Lookup Code to be effective only for a specific period, set the period by selecting the Effective Dates From and To fields.
8. Verify that the Enabled check box is selected. Only enabled Lookup Codes will appear in the List of Values.
9. Save your work.

Setting Up Oracle Depot Repair Profile Options

Profile options are changeable parameters that affect the way your application looks

and behaves. As System Administrator, you control how Oracle Depot Repair operates by setting profile options to the values you want. You can set profile options at four different levels: site, application, responsibility, and user. For a detailed discussion of User Profile options, refer to the *Oracle E-Business Suite System Administrator's Guide*.

When a profile option may be set at more than one level, site has the lowest priority, superseded by application, then responsibility, with user having the highest priority. For example, a value entered at the site level may be overridden by values entered at any other level. A value entered at the user level has the highest priority, and overrides values entered at any other level.

Use the System Profile Values window to set up the profile values. The following profile options may be modified to customize Oracle Depot Repair to suit your specific requirements.

Profile Name	Default Value (Site Level)	Possible Values	Description
CSD: Add to Order Num Within Repair Order Default	No	Yes or No	When the new item transaction is created, the Add to Order Number is derived based on this profile and CSD: Add to Order Num Within Service Request Default.
CSD: Add to Order Num Within Service Request Default	No	Yes or No	When the new item transaction is created, the Add to Order Number is derived based on this profile and CSD: Add to Order Num Within Repair Order Default. This profile takes the precedence over CSD: Add to Order Num Within Repair Order Default. Setting this profile will cause it to use the order number of the Service Request.

Profile Name	Default Value (Site Level)	Possible Values	Description
CSD: Allow Charge Override for Actuals	No	Yes or No	Determines whether to allow overriding of the Charge field for Actuals lines.
CSD: Allow Charge Override for Estimates	No	Yes or No	Determines whether to allow overriding of the Estimated Charge field for Estimate lines.
CSD: Allow Creating WIP Job Without RMA	No	Yes or No	Determines whether the creation of a WIP Job without an RMA is allowed.
CSD: Allow Price Override for Logistics Lines	No	Yes or No	Determines whether to allow overriding of the Price field in the Logistics Tab. Cannot be updated by a User, only by Sysadmin. If not set, the value is taken as No.
CSD: Close SR When All Repair orders are Closed	None	Yes or No	When set to Yes, automatically closes the Service Request when the last Repair Order is closed.
CSD: Currency Conversion Type	None	Daily conversion types available in GL (gl_daily_conversion_types)	Conversion type to use when converting a cost to the currency of an estimate charge line.
CSD: Customer Approval Required	Yes	Yes or No	Determines whether customer approval of the estimate is required for creating a Repair Job.

Profile Name	Default Value (Site Level)	Possible Values	Description
CSD: Debug Level	0	1 to 10	Determines the Debug level for Depot Repair transactions.
CSD: Default Category Set for Diagnostic Codes and Service Codes	Inv.Items	<Category Set>	Determines the default Category Set for setting up Diagnostic Code and Service Code domains.
CSD: Default Country Code (Phone)	None	< free text >	Specifies the Default Country Code for phone number fields.
CSD: Default Job Name Prefix	No	<Any user entered value is allowed>	Specifies the Default Job Name Prefix used while submitting a Repair Job for creation. This profile is applicable only when the profile CSD: Use CSD as Job Name Prefix is set to No.
CSD: Default Labor Item for Estimate Line From Tasks	None	Eligible labor items from Inventory	Labor item to use when auto-creating estimate labor lines from tasks.
CSD: Default Pick Release Rule for Sales Orders	None	Standard, etc.	Determines default Pick Release Rule for Repair Order related sales orders.
CSD: Default Price List	None	< Price List >	Sets the default price list for the Depot Repair application.
CSD: Default Repair Job Status	None	Released or Unreleased	Determines the default Repair Job status.

Profile Name	Default Value (Site Level)	Possible Values	Description
CSD: Default Repair Order	Yes	Yes and No	Determines whether to default line values into the new line when you arrow down from last repair order line in the Depot Repair Workbench.
CSD: Default Repair Type	Standard	<Repair Types>	Determines default Repair Type for new Repair Orders.
CSD: Default Return Reason Code for RMAs	Damaged Product	Damaged Product, etc.	Determines default Return Reason Code for item transaction: RMAs.
CSD: Default Program Created Service Request Severity	None	<List of Incident Severities>	When creating Service Requests from RMA lines via concurrent manager, this severity will be used for the Service Request.
CSD: Default Program Created Service Request Status	None	<List of Incident Statuses>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. When creating new Service Requests for internal order refurbishments, this status will be used for the Service Request. 2. When creating Service Requests from RMA lines via concurrent manager, this status will be used for the Service Request.

Profile Name	Default Value (Site Level)	Possible Values	Description
CSD: Default Program Created Service Request Type	None	<List of Service Request Types for Depot Repair>	When creating Service Requests from RMA lines via concurrent manager, this type will be used for the Service Request.
CSD: Default Program Created Service Request Urgency	None	<List of Incident Urgencies>	<p>1. When creating new Service Requests for internal order refurbishments, this urgency will be used for the Service Request.</p> <p>2. When creating Service Requests from RMA lines via concurrent manager, this urgency will be used for the Service Request.</p>
CSD: Default Work Summary for Service Request	None	< free text >	When creating Service Requests from RMA lines via concurrent manager, this work summary will be used for the Service Request.
CSD: Default Service Request Severity for Internal Repair Order	None	<Service Request Severity>	When creating new Service Requests for internal order refurbishments, this severity will be used for the Service Request. List of values displays all active Service Request severities.

Profile Name	Default Value (Site Level)	Possible Values	Description
CSD: Default Service Request Type for Internal Repair Order	None	<Service Request Types>	When creating new Service Requests for internal order refurbishments, this type will be used for the Service Request. List of values displays all active Service Request types.
CSD: Default WIP MRP Net Qty to Zero	None	Yes or No	Determines if the net quantity for a WIP job should be defaulted to zero. If it is set to null or No, then the net quantity will be set to job quantity.
CSD: Directory for Depot Repair Log Files	None	No predefined set of values. The value is specified at the time of implementation. For example, it can be set up as /sqlcom/log/SRVSTR9	Determines directory for Depot Repair log files. This is a mandatory profile option.
CSD: Enable Costing	Yes	Yes or No	Enables/disables cost fields and buttons for estimates.
CSD: Enable Estimates	Yes	Yes or No	This determines whether the Repair Estimate tab will be enabled or disabled.

Profile Name	Default Value (Site Level)	Possible Values	Description
CSD: Enable Knowledge Management	None	Yes or No	If the user sets this option to No, the applicable Knowledge Management area in the Diagnostics tab will be grayed out. If this profile option is not set, Knowledge Management will be enabled.
CSD: Number of Days to Rollback Currency Conversion	300	<Integer value>	Number of Days to rollback currency conversion when converting a cost from GL currency to currency of estimate charge line.
CSD: Printer Name	None	<Printer Name>	Determines printer for printing repair estimate report.
CSD: Printer Required	None	Yes or No	Determines whether a printer is required.
CSD: Repair Mode for Depot Repair Orders	Work In Process	Work In Process, Task, None/ Not Applicable, All	Determines Repair Mode for Depot Repair Processes - site level.

Profile Name	Default Value (Site Level)	Possible Values	Description
CSD: Repair Type Internal Repair Order	None	List of values displays all Repair Types where Repair Type Ref is Refurbishment and Internal Order flag is checked.	List of values will display at least one value, as Oracle Depot Repair seeds one Refurbishment Repair Type. Customer can add more Repair Types with Refurbishment set for the Repair Type Ref and Internal Order flag checked, for example, one each for Task and WIP mode. A value for this profile is required to create internal Repair Orders from Spares Management.
CSD: Require Item For Service Request	Yes	Yes or No	Makes the item and related fields required/not required in the Service Request header.
CSD: Show Service Request Descriptive Flexfield	No	Yes or No	If set to Yes, a descriptive flexfield appears in the Service Request block of the Depot Repair Workbench. Note: If you set up the application to have context sensitive service request descriptive flexfields, then this profile must be set to No.

Profile Name	Default Value (Site Level)	Possible Values	Description
CSD: Use CSD as Job Name Prefix	No	Yes or No	If set to Yes, CSD is used as the Job Name Prefix while submitting a Repair Job and the prefix value cannot be updated in the Submit Repair Jobs window. If set to No, the Job Name Prefix defaults to the value specified for the profile CSD: Default Job Name Prefix and the prefix value can be updated in the Submit Repair Jobs window.
CSD: Use Tasks from Knowledge Management Solutions	Yes	Yes or No	When set to Yes, auto-creates estimate lines from tasks that are linked to applicable solutions (even if they are not linked via a service code), when you click Add Lines from Diagnostics in the Repair Estimate tab.

Profile Name	Default Value (Site Level)	Possible Values	Description
CSD: Default Repair Item as Material on Job	No	Yes or No or Non-Serialized Only	<p>Setting this profile to Yes automatically defaults the Item value that is captured on the repair order as a material demand for repair jobs. The repair order item can be seen in the Materials table on the Execution tab of the Repair Technician module as soon as a repair job is created.</p> <p>Setting this profile to Non-Serialized Only when repairing non-serialized items, defaults the repair item as material demand to more than one job. Businesses repairing non-serialized items may require more than one job, and this value defaults to all jobs instead of only the first job.</p> <p>Note: The Non-Serialized Only option is only valid for businesses always repairing only non-serialized items and not for business repairs for serialized items.</p>

Profile Name	Default Value (Site Level)	Possible Values	Description
CSD: Default Material WIP Supply Type	<Null>	Push, Assembly Pull, Operation Pull	This profile allows a repair organization to specify a single supply type, generally Push, for all materials used in repairs. This overrides setups done in the Item Master. This is applicable for organizations that use only a single supply type in the repair business and do not want to have distinct setups for manufacturing versus repair when the repair supply type is always the same. If set, this default supply type will be used for material requirements manually created in the Technician Portal or created from Estimate lines.

Profile Name	Default Value (Site Level)	Possible Values	Description
CSD: Number of Days in Quality Check Period	<Null>	<Null> or <Any positive integer>	A service bulletin can be created for Number of Repairs During Quality Check Period that checks to see whether an item instance has been returned multiple times within a defined time period. This is used to ensure that neither the item instance nor the service performed is of low quality. Setting the Number of Days in Quality Check Period to <null> will treat the check period as infinite and will check for repeat returns from the very first repair record in the database. Any positive integer value will restrict the search to the number of days specified.
CSD: Enable Advanced Pricing	No	Yes or No	Setting this profile to YES enables the use of Advanced Pricing modifiers, qualifiers, static and dynamic pricing formulas, secondary price lists and price breaks on Estimates and Actuals.

Profile Name	Default Value (Site Level)	Possible Values	Description
CSD: Default Repair Inventory Org		Possible values of any of the valid defined Inventory Organizations.	Each repair order is associated with an Inventory Org. This is used as the default value to create new logistics lines and for reporting. The profile is that value from which the default is derived.
CSD: Enable Expected Receipts for Bulk Receiving	No	Yes and No	Setting this profile to Yes enables the Bulk Receiving module to allow for expected receipts as well as unexpected receipts.
CSD: Create Logistics Lines for OSP	No	Yes or No	Setting this profile to Yes enables a technician to automatically create a third party ship and RMA line on the Logistics tab whenever an OSP operation is completed.
CSD: Default BOM Resource	No	Yes or No	This profile option specifies the BOM resource to transact when clocking out.
CSD: Complete Work Repair Order Status	No	Yes or No	This profile option specifies the flow status that the repair order will be changed to when the complete work button is clicked.

Profile Name	Default Value (Site Level)	Possible Values	Description
CSD: Default Material Sub-Inventory	None		The default sub-inventory to use when issuing materials in the Repair Technician portal
CSD: Automatic Service Bulletin Retrieval after Repair Order Creation	No	Yes or No	Whether or not to retrieve service bulletins when a repair order is created
CSD: Custom Estimate Report Concurrent Name	None		Name of the concurrent program to launch for custom estimate reports
CSD: Custom Traveler Concurrent Name	None		Name of the concurrent program to launch for custom travelers
CSD: Default Completion Sub-Inventory	None		The default sub-inventory to use when completing a job in the Repair Technician portal
CSD: Default Current Item Revision for Job Completions	Yes	Yes or No	Whether or not to default the latest item revision when completing a job in the Repair Technician portal
CSD: Default Current Item Revision for Material Transactions	Yes	Yes or No	Whether or not to default the latest item revision for materials in the Repair Technician portal

Profile Name	Default Value (Site Level)	Possible Values	Description
CSD: Default Department for Operations	None		The department to default for a new operation on a job in the Repair Technician portal
CSD: Default HR Resource	None		The default employee for a resource on a job in the Repair Technician portal
CSD: Default Repair Type for Bulk Receiving	None		Repair Type of repair orders created through Bulk Receiving module
CSD: Default Service Request Owner for Bulk Receiving	None		Owner for Service Requests created through Bulk Receiving module
CSD: Default Service Request Severity for Bulk Receiving	None		Severity for Service Requests created through Bulk Receiving module
CSD: Default Service Request Status for Bulk Receiving	None		Status for Service Requests created through Bulk Receiving module
CSD: Default Service Request Summary for Bulk Receiving	None		Summary statement for Service Requests created through Bulk Receiving module
CSD: Default Service Request Type for Bulk Receiving	None		Service Request Type for Service Requests created through Bulk Receiving module

Profile Name	Default Value (Site Level)	Possible Values	Description
CSD: Default Service Request Urgency for Bulk Receiving	None		Urgency for Service Requests created through Bulk Receiving module
CSD: Default Subinventory for Bulk Receiving	None		Subinventory to receive items into when using the Bulk Receiving module
CSD: Transfer of Ownership for Bulk Receiving	None	Yes or No	Whether or not to automatically transfer ownership of an item being received through Bulk Receiving to the Service Request customer
CSD: Process Auto Pick Release	All ship lines in an order	Selected ship line only / All ship lines in an order	This profile allows user to pick release all ship lines in an order or selected ship line only on the Depot logistics tab
CSD: Price List Derivation Excludes Contract Header	No	Yes or No	The repair order price list derivation excludes the contract header if this profile set to Yes.
CSD: Update Instance Number on Shipped Lines for Non-Serialized Installed Base Item	No	Yes or No	The update logistics and Shipment Update concurrent program does update the source instance number for the non serialized IB repair item on the logistics ship line if this profile set to Yes

Profile Name	Default Value (Site Level)	Possible Values	Description
CSD: Default Repair Order Status After Receiving		All repair order flow statuses.	The default repair order status after the item is received.
CSD: Enable Auto Update of Repair Order Status upon Receiving	No	Yes and No	Set this option to Yes to enable automatic update of repair order status when the item is received.
CSD: Enable Flexfield Defaulting for Repair Orders Flexfield	No	Yes or No	Enables defaulting of values in the repair orders flexfield. When set to yes, the create repair order API will try to default values for the flexfield segments if anything is defined.
CSD: Default WIP Accounting Class	None	All defined accounting classes for non-standard discrete jobs	Default accounting class used in the create job functionality. Used when the jobs get created from all channels except Submit Jobs form.
CSD: View Warning or Confirmation Messages in Logistics	None	Yes or No (A null value evaluates to No)	The pick release or ship confirmation shows a series of messages. When this profile is set to No, only one message will be shown.

Profile Name	Default Value (Site Level)	Possible Values	Description
CSD: Repair Execution Mode	Depot	Depot and WIP	Decides whether to use HVR or traditional WIP forms for performing different actions like material transaction, resource transaction, move job, complete job etc. When this profile is set to Depot Execute Job button is rendered in repair jobs tab. When its WIP, we will get a Dropdown in the same tab with links to WIP forms.
CSD: Default Logistics Addresses to Primary Customer Account Sites	None	Yes or No	If set to yes: Depot Repair workbench will default the Bill To and Ship To on the Logistics lines from the Primary Customer Account Sites for the users Operating Unit. If no primary account site can be found, then the logistics addresses will be defaulted from the SR bill-to and ship-to fields. If set to no: The logistics bill to and ship to addresses defaulted from the bill-to and ship-to fields in the SR.
CSD: Default RMA Subinventory	None	List of subinventories	The default Subinventory to RMA an item into from the depot workbench

Profile Name	Default Value (Site Level)	Possible Values	Description
CSD: Estimate Report Print Mode	None	Oracle Report, HTML, PDF, RTF, TXT, XLS	Format for estimate reports
CSD: Mandate Service Code Recommendations	None	Yes or None	When a user clicks the Recommend Service Codes button in the repair technician portal, the service codes that are recommended as Always will be automatically checked and disabled so that the user must apply the service code when generating jobs.
CSD: Returns Dashboard Visibility Level	Operating Unit	Enterprise, Operating Unit	This profile restricts your ability to query returns dashboard at an enterprise or operating unit level.
CSD: Returns Dashboard Default Weight UOM	None	Any active UOM defined with UOM Class = Weight	This profile option defaults the Weight UOM field in the returns dashboard header.
CSD: Read Only Workbench	No	Yes or No	Set this option to Yes to view the Depot Workbench in read-only mode.
CSD: Enable Sales Order Drill-down	No	Yes or No	This profile enables the Sales Order hyperlink on the logistics tab and Repair Actuals window.

Profile Name	Default Value (Site Level)	Possible Values	Description
CSD: Enable Service Request Drill-down	No	Yes or No	Set this profile to Yes to launch the Update Service Request page from the Request Num link.
CSD: Import WIP to Actuals - Net Quantity	Yes	Yes or No	If the profile set to Yes, the import actuals from WIP feature will only import the Net Quantity to Actuals line. If the profile set to No, it will import the issued quantity to actuals line.
CSD: Update Logistics Program Error Handling	Stop On Error	Stop On Error or Process All	If the profile set to Stop On Error, the update logistics concurrent program will stop if there is any error. If the profile set to Process All, the update logistics concurrent program will skip bad record and continue process the rest of the record.
CSD: Default Repair Order Status After Final Shipping	Null (none)	List of the all the repair order status on the repair order status set-up UI page.	It is the default repair order status after the final shipping on the logistics line.

Profile Name	Default Value (Site Level)	Possible Values	Description
CSD: Default Service Request Status for Bulk Receiving	None	All valid service request statuses.	This profile is referred when creating service request from bulk receiving screens. If this profile is not set, the bulk receiving concurrent program would fail to create the service request.
CSD: Default Pick Release Rule for Usable SubInventory	None	All valid and active pick release rules.	This is the default pick release rule when performing a move out action from depot in the spares to depot flow. The usables are picked up from this subinventory and are staged.
CSD: Defective Pick Release Rule for Defective Sub Inventory.	None	All valid and active pick release rules.	This is the default pick release rule when performing a move in action to depot in the spares to depot flow. The defectives are picked up from this subinventory and are staged.
CSD: Default Material Sub-Inventory Locator	None	All valid subinventories in a particular inventory organization and subinventory.	This profile is the default profile used for transacting materials from HVR if the item is locator controlled or the subinventory is locator controlled.
CSD: Default Repair Organization	None	All active repair organizations	Default repair owning organization.

Profile Name	Default Value (Site Level)	Possible Values	Description
CSD: Validate bill-to and ship-to before opening Service Request	None	Yes or No	This will enable/disable the validation of bill-to and ship-to address before opening the service request in Depot Repair.
CSD: Always Create Install Base Instance	None	Yes or No	During repair order creation, if this profile option is set to yes, an install base instance is always created by-passing the prompt to the user to create an IB instance or save as is.
CSD: Automatic Serial Number Reservation	None	Yes or No	If this profile is set to yes, the serial number is automatically reserved before pick release, sparing the user from having to manually reserve it using the Data->Reserve Serial Number menu option.
CSD: Number of days from the current date to default Return By Date	None	Any number	The Return By Date on a logistics line in the depot Repair Workbench to the current date + the number of days specified in this profile option, if that logistic line's IB transaction type requires a source or non-source return.

Profile Name	Default Value (Site Level)	Possible Values	Description
CSD: Requisition Lead Time (Days)	None	Any number	The need by date for an internal requisition is defaulted to the current date + the number of days specified in this profile option.

The following profile options, though not owned by Oracle Depot Repair, provide certain application functionality:

Profile Name	Possible Values	Description
Service: Default Group Owner for Service Requests	Profile options Service: Default Group Owner for Service Requests and Service: Default Group Owner Type for Service Request both have to be either defined or NULL	Restricts the Service Request Owner List of Values depending on the selected profile value.
Service: Default Group Owner Type for Service Request	Profile options Service: Default Group Owner for Service Requests and Service: Default Group Owner Type for Service Request both have to be either defined or NULL	Restricts the Service Request Owner List of Values depending on the selected profile value.
Service: Default Service Request Owner	No predefined set of values. The value has to be specified during implementation.	This defaults the Service Request Owner in the Repair Order form.
Service: Default Service Request Owner Type	No predefined set of values. The value has to be specified during implementation.	This defaults the Service Request Owner Type. This field is not displayed in the Repair Orders form.
Service: Inventory Validation Organization	No predefined set of values. The value has to be specified during implementation.	Items are validated against the Organization specified by this profile. This is mandatory and can usually be set to the Master Inventory Organization.

Profile Name	Possible Values	Description
Service: Restrict Installed Base for location validation	Yes or No	If set to Yes, the Installed Base Reference Number List of Values will be restricted to HZ_PARTY_SITES or HZ_LOCATIONS.
Task Manager: Default Task Status	The value has to be specified during implementation.	<p>If a status transition rule is defined, and is mapped to the Oracle Depot Repair responsibility being used, then this profile is mandatory. This profile specifies the default starting status for a Task in the Repair Tasks tab in the Repair Order form. If this profile is not set, then when creating a task, the status LOV will have no values.</p> <p>If no status transition rule is mapped to the Depot Repair Responsibility, then this profile is not mandatory, and the task status LOV in this case will list all the task statuses.</p> <p>It is recommended to setup status transition rules.</p>
Task Manager: Default Task Owner	The value has to be specified during implementation.	Determines the default value for the Task Owner field on the Repair Tasks tab in the Repair Orders window
Task Manager: Default Priority	The value has to be specified during implementation.	Determines the default Task Priority value on the Repair Tasks tab.
Task Manager: Default Task Type	The value has to be specified during implementation.	Determines the default Task Type on the Repair Tasks tab in the Repair Orders window

Profile Name	Possible Values	Description
Task Manager: Owner Type for a Task	The value has to be specified during implementation.	Determines the default Owner Type for a task selected on the Repair Tasks tab in the Repair Orders window.
Server Timezone	The value has to be specified during implementation.	Determines the server time zone, and is mandatory. This is used in the Product Coverage tab in the Repair Orders window to sort the contracts by response resolution time.
Start Menu in Quickmenu	Depot Repair Quick Menu	Quick Menu under the Tools Menu in the Repair Orders window points to the menu specified by this profile. This profile has to be set at the responsibility level, and must be set to the seeded menu: Depot Repair Quick Menu.

Setting Up Message Action Codes

Please refer to *Oracle TeleService Implementation Guide* for instructions on setting up Message Action Codes. Message Action Codes are used to specify the type of action you want a message recipient to take.

Setting Up Serial Reservations

Serial Reservation is done for items serialized at receipt or predefined to avoid opening Transact Move Order screen. Depot uses group API to create batch and pick release.

Note: The Transact Move Order screen is not required to ship items that are serialized at Sales Order Issue.

Auto-reservation takes place when the user pick releases the item, thus the serial number is not reserved immediately after booking in Depot.

The following criteria must be satisfied for the serial reservation capability to work:

- The subinventory is specified.
- The source serial number is specified.
- The line is of type Ship or Ship Third Party.
- The item on the ship line is defined in Item Master as Reservable.
- The item on the ship line is defined in Item Master as serialized At Receipt or Pre-defined.

Serial reservation is triggered when you process the pick release from the Depot Workbench. Items are not reserved after booking.

To activate auto reservation in Depot, please check the following setups:

1. Set profile: CSD: Automatic Serial Number Reservation to Yes
2. Navigate to the Release Rules page.
3. Click the Inventory tab and set the Auto Allocate to Yes.

The screenshot shows the 'Release Rules' window with the 'Inventory' tab selected. The 'Effective' date is set to '20-AUG-2008'. The 'Auto Allocate' dropdown is set to 'Yes'. Other fields include Warehouse, Subinventory, Project, Task, Pick Slip Grouping Rule, Allocation Method (Inventory Only), Cross Dock Criteria, Plan Tasks, Task Priority, Pull Replenishment, Pick From (Subinventory, Locator), and Default Stage (Subinventory, Locator).

4. Save and close the form.
5. Navigate to the Organization Parameters page.
6. Select the Revision, Lot, Serial And LPN tab.

7. In the Serial Control region, set Allocate Serial Numbers to No.

The screenshot shows the Oracle Inventory Parameters (AVG) form. The 'Starting Revision' is set to 'A'. The 'Lot Control' section includes 'Uniqueness' set to 'Across items', 'Generation' set to 'At organization level', 'Lot Name Generation' with 'Zero Pad Suffix' checked, 'Prefix' 'L', and 'Total Length' '30'. The 'Child Lot Control' section includes 'Child Generation' set to 'Parent+Child', 'Zero Pad' unchecked, 'Prefix' and 'Total Length' fields, and 'Format Validation' and 'Copy Lot Attributes' unchecked. The 'Auto Create Lot UOM Conversion' and 'Allow Different Material Status' are set to empty. The 'Serial Control' section includes 'Uniqueness' set to 'Within inventory model and items', 'Generation' set to 'At item level', 'Prefix' 'S', 'Starting Serial Number' '192854', and 'Allocate Serial Numbers' set to 'No'. The 'LPN Generating Option' section includes 'Total Length', 'Prefix', 'UCC-128 Suffix (Modulo-10)' unchecked, 'Starting LPN Number', and 'Suffix' fields.

8. Save and Close the form.
9. Navigate to the Depot Repair Workbench and open a repair order with a ship line on it.
10. In the Logistics tab, enter a Subinventory on the ship line. The selected subinventory from which you are shipping out must be reservable. The item you are shipping must be reservable (in the organization you are shipping out from).
For information on how to make a subinventory reservable, see: Inventory Attribute Group, *Oracle Inventory User's Guide*

Setting Up Aging Threshold

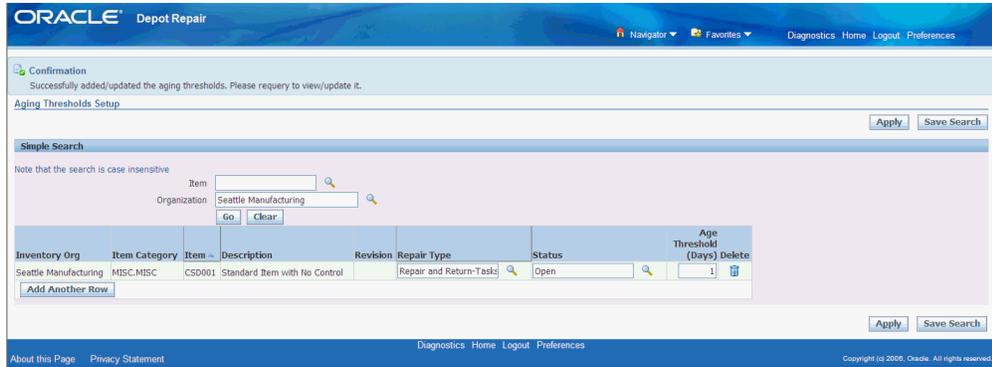
Aging is defined as the amount of time from repair orders creation or the amount of time that a repair order is in a specific status. Aging is related to elapsed calendar time and not to actual repair time. The unit of measure (UOM) for aging is time-bound, for example, days, hours, minutes, and so on.

To set up aging threshold:

1. Navigate to the Aging Thresholds Setup page from the Depot Repair Setup menu.
2. Select an organization. To search for an existing aging threshold go to step 3 or continue to step 4 to set up a new aging threshold.
3. Click Go to search for an existing aging threshold in the selected organization.
4. Click the Add Another Row button to enter aging threshold details.

The screenshot shows the Oracle Depot Repair Aging Thresholds Setup page. At the top, there is a navigation bar with 'ORACLE Depot Repair' and links for 'Navigator', 'Favorites', 'Diagnostics', 'Home', 'Logout', and 'Preferences'. Below the navigation bar is the 'Aging Thresholds Setup' section. It includes a 'Simple Search' area with a note that the search is case insensitive. There are input fields for 'Item' and 'Organization' (set to 'Seattle Manufacturing'), and 'Go' and 'Clear' buttons. Below this is a table with columns: 'Inventory Org', 'Item Category', 'Item', 'Description', 'Revision', 'Repair Type', 'Status', 'Age Threshold (Days)', and 'Delete'. The table contains one row with the following data: 'Seattle Manufacturing', 'MISC.MISC', 'CS0001', 'Standard Item with No Control', an empty 'Revision' field, 'Repair and Return-Task', 'Open', '1', and a delete icon. There is an 'Add Another Row' button at the bottom left of the table. At the bottom of the page, there are links for 'About this Page', 'Privacy Statement', 'Diagnostics', 'Home', 'Logout', 'Preferences', and a copyright notice for Oracle (c) 2006.

5. Enter the following information:
 - **Inventory Org:** Displays the default organization to which you belong based on your user profile organization.
 - **Item Category:** Select the item category. If you choose an Item Category, the Item field is disabled.
 - **Item:** Select the item. If you select an Item, the Item Category field is disabled.
 - **Description:** Describes the item.
 - **Revision:** For revision-controlled items, you can optionally specify thresholds to specific revision number.
 - **Repair Type:** Specifies the repair type for which age threshold applies.
 - **Status:** Specifies the status to which age threshold applies.
 - **Age Threshold (Days) :** Specifies the number of days at which a repair is considered aging. It must be a positive value (>0).
 - **Delete:** This icon deletes an aging threshold entry.
6. Click Apply to record the new aging threshold.



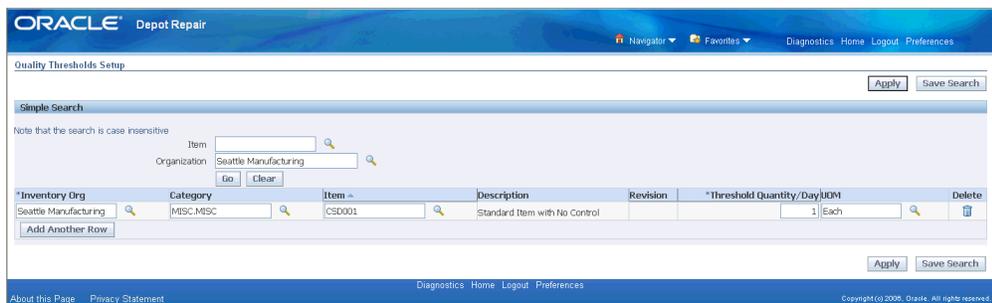
A confirmation message appears on the top of the page.

Setting Up Quality Threshold

Quality thresholds setup page enables you to create item record and corresponding quantity per day. Use quality thresholds to set how many items can be returned per day.

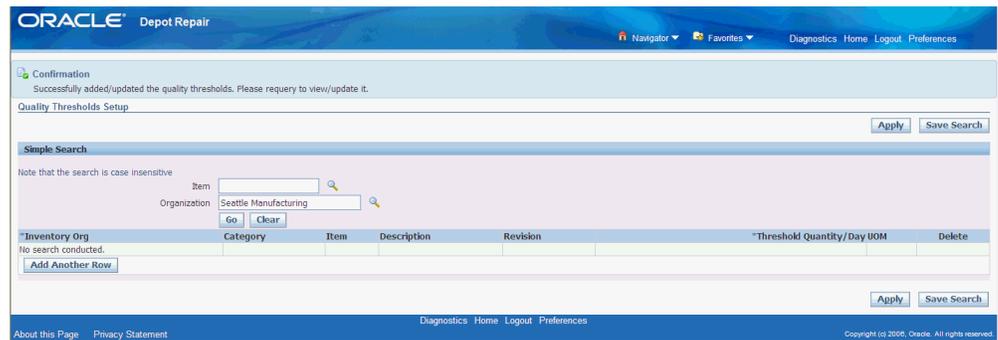
To set up quality threshold:

1. Navigate to the Quality Thresholds Setup page from the Depot Repair Setup menu.
2. Select an organization. To search for an existing quality threshold go to step 3 or continue to step 4 to set up a new quality threshold.
3. Click Go to search for an existing aging threshold in the selected organization.
4. Click the Add Another Row button to enter aging threshold details.



5. Enter the following information:
 - Inventory Org: Displays the default organization to which you belong based on your user profile organization.

- **Category:** Select the item category. If you choose a Category, the Item field is disabled.
 - **Item:** Select the item. If you select an Item, the Category field is disabled.
 - **Description:** Describes the item.
 - **Revision:** Active only for revision-controlled item.
 - **Threshold Quantity/Day:** Represents the number of returns per day at which a repair is considered a quality event. It must be a positive value (>0).
 - **UOM:** Describes the item's unit of measurement.
 - **Delete:** This icon deletes a quality threshold entry.
6. Click Apply to record the new quality threshold.



A confirmation message appears on the top of the page.

Setting Up Defect Codes

Oracle Depot Repair provides a setup interface where each root cause code is linked to specific items or item categories. On the basis of this setup, the Repair Technician module displays only the root cause codes that match the item or category of the required item.

To set up defect codes:

1. Navigate to Defect Code Domains page using the following path:
 Depot Repair > Setup > Defect Code Domains
 The page lists all the existing Defect Codes.
2. Click Add Another Row to create a blank row to define the new defect codes.

Defect Code Domains

Personalize Query: (MainRN) Save Save Search

Simple Search

Personalize "Simple Search"
Personalize Default Double Column: (DefectCodeDomainSimpleSearchRN)

Note that the search is case insensitive

Defect Code Category Domain
Item Domain Domain Type

Go Clear Advanced Search

Personalize Advanced Table: (DefectCodeDomainResultsTableRN)

Defect Code	Meaning	Description	Domain Type	Item	Category Set	Category	Remove
<input type="text"/>							
NTF	No Trouble Found	No Trouble Found	Item	CSD001			<input type="text"/>
BATTCORR			Item	CSD001			<input type="text"/>

Add Another Row

Save Save Search

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3. Select the new Defect Code from the list of values.
4. Select the Domain Type and the Item.
5. Repeat steps 2 to 4 for as many domains as you want to associate with the Defect Code.
6. Click Save to save the new setup.
7. A confirmation page appears displaying that the new setup is saved.

Information
All defect have been saved.

Defect Code Domains

Personalize Query: (MainRN) Save Save Search

Simple Search

Personalize "Simple Search"
Personalize Default Double Column: (DefectCodeDomainSimpleSearchRN)

Note that the search is case insensitive

Defect Code Category Domain
Item Domain Domain Type

Go Clear Advanced Search

Personalize Advanced Table: (DefectCodeDomainResultsTableRN)

Defect Code	Meaning	Description	Domain Type	Item	Category Set	Category	Remove
<input type="text"/>							
NTF	No Trouble Found	No Trouble Found	Item	CSD001			<input type="text"/>
BATTCORR	Battery Corrosion	Battery Corrosion	Item	CSD001			<input type="text"/>

Add Another Row

Save Save Search

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Setting Up Recall Status

The recall statuses indicate the stage of the recall lifecycle and critical milestones. Each status is associated with one and only one state. Each business defines its own status and transitions.

To set up recall status:

1. Navigate to the Recall Status Setup page. The page defaults to the existing statuses.

Recall Status State	Seeded
Open	<input type="checkbox"/>
Draft	<input type="checkbox"/>
Closed	<input type="checkbox"/>

2. The Recall Status Transitions Setup region allows you to enter various recall statuses. Click the Add Another Row button to define new status.
3. Click the Apply button to save the new status.

Setting Up Recalls

The Recalls Setup page enables you to set up various recall options.

The Recall Options region displays the following information:

- The Service Request Defaults region contains the mandatory fields required for the creation of Service request from the Recalls page.
- The Repair Order Default region specifies the default repair type to be used for the Repair Orders created via Recalls page.
- The Job Defaults region specifies the default job attributes to be used for the WIP jobs created via Recalls.

Recall Status Transitions region enables you to perform the following actions:

1. Specify the Default Start Status for the recall.
2. Setup status transitions if any. For example, you can set up a transition from Draft to Open. In this case, you can change the status of recall to Open only from draft. Any other status transition is disallowed.

ORACLE Depot Repair

Navigator Favorites Diagnostics Home Logout Preferences Help

Recalls Setup
* Indicates required field Apply

Recall Options

Service Request Defaults	Job Defaults
Service Request Type: Depot Repair	Service Code: Replace Mother Board
* Service Request Severity: High	WIP Accounting Class: Rework
* Service Request Urgency: Respond - 72	Upgrade Item: 03CR Item1
* Service Request Owner: Anderson, Steve	Inventory Org: Seattle Manufacturing
* Service Request Status: Open	Job Status: Released
* Service Request Summary: Repair	Department: ASSEMBLY
	Supply Subinventory: 1277871519

Repair Order Defaults
Repair Type: Repair and Return-WIP

Recall Status Transitions
* Default Start Status: Draft

From Status	To Status
Draft	Open

Add Another Row Apply

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Note: A new concurrent program named Update Recall Metrics is created. This program is initiated from the Concurrent Program Manager, set to perform periodic updates, or is called real-time from the Update Recall Metrics button on the Recall page.

Setting Up Eco-Impact Threshold

The Eco-Impact Threshold Setup page enables you to setup the thresholds for:

- Percentage of Returned Units
- Percentage of Returned Weight
- Number of Units
- Weight

ORACLE Setup

Navigator Favorites Diagnostics Home Logout Preferences Help

Setup Eco-Impact Thresholds

Save Save Search

Find Eco-Impact Threshold

Note that the search is case insensitive

Metric: % Returned Units
Disposition:
Visibility:
Go Clear

TIP Threshold amount is either a daily amount or overall percentage

Visibility	Operating Unit	Inventory Organization	Metric	Disposition	Limit	Threshold	UOM	Delete
Enterprise			% Returned Units	Scrap	Upper	2		
Enterprise			% Returned Units	Hazardous Materials	Upper	2		
Enterprise			% Returned Units	Recycle	Upper	100		
Enterprise			% Returned Units	Disassembled	Upper	100		
Enterprise			% Returned Units	Recover	Upper	100		
Enterprise			% Returned Units	Re-use	Upper	100		

Add Another Row

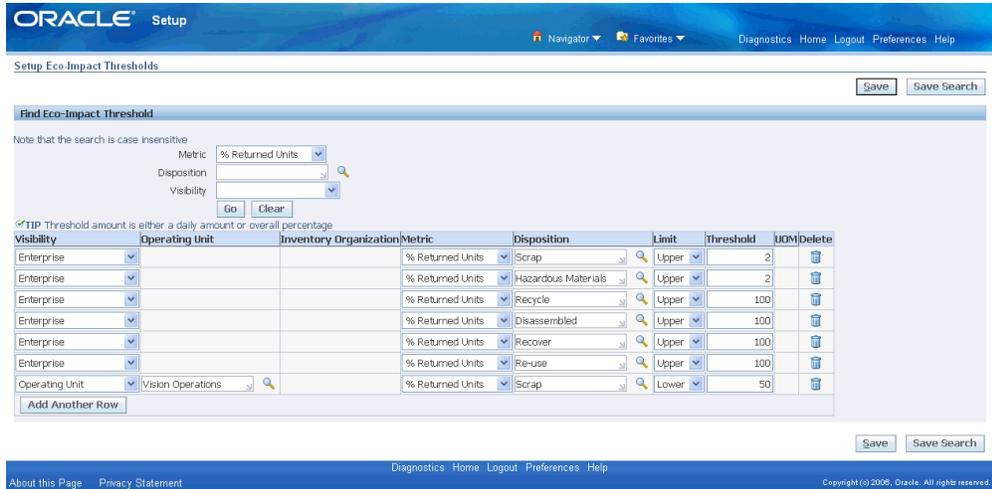
Save Save Search

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To facilitate the availability of data within a specific inventory organization for an entire operating unit or for the enterprise, the system allows setting up thresholds for each of these levels.

To define an eco-impact threshold:

1. Navigate to the Setup Eco-Impact Thresholds page. The Find Eco-Impact Threshold region enables you to search for existing thresholds. Enter any one of the following search criteria:
 - Metric
 - Disposition
 - Visibility
2. Click the Go button. The thresholds matching the search criteria are displayed.
3. Click Add Another Row to define a new threshold.



4. Select a Visibility from the list.
 - If you select Enterprise, both the Operating Unit and Inventory Organization fields are not visible.
 - If you select Operating Unit, the Operating Unit field is visible. You can enter the required operating unit.
 - If you select Inventory Organization, the Inventory Organization field is visible. You can enter the required Inventory Organization.

5. Choose the appropriate Metric from the list.
 - If you choose % Returned Units, the UOM field is disabled.
 - If you choose % Returned Weight, the UOM field is disabled.

Note: The percentage (%) thresholds are an overall percentage for the period queried in the returns dashboard.

 - If you choose Number of Units, the UOM field is enabled.
 - If you choose Weight, the UOM field is enabled.

Note: The thresholds for Number of Units and Weight are a daily threshold.

6. Enter a Disposition. See: Setting Up Material Disposition Reasons

7. Enter the Limit. You can enter either Lower or Upper.
8. Enter the required Threshold value.
9. Click the Save button. A confirmation message appears stating that all eco-impact thresholds have been saved.

Setting Up Return Stream Reasons

The Setup Return Stream Reasons page enables you to define which RMAs are grouped together into each return stream. Each RMA Return Reason Code is linked with only one single Return Stream. However, a Return Stream can be composed of many RMA Return Reason Codes.

To set up a new Return Stream for Return Reason:

1. Navigate to the Setup Return Stream Reasons page.

The screenshot shows the Oracle Depot Repair interface for setting up return stream reasons. At the top, there's a navigation bar with 'ORACLE Depot Repair' and links for 'Navigator', 'Favorites', 'Diagnostics', 'Home', 'Logout', 'Preferences', and 'Help'. Below the navigation bar, the page title is 'Setup Return Stream Reasons'. There are 'Save' and 'Save Search' buttons in the top right corner.

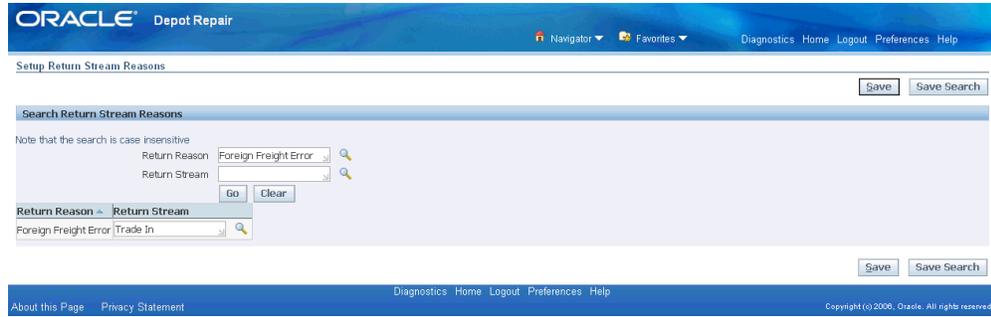
The main content area is titled 'Search Return Stream Reasons'. It includes a note: 'Note that the search is case insensitive'. There are two search input fields: 'Return Reason' and 'Return Stream', each with a magnifying glass icon. Below the search fields are 'Go' and 'Clear' buttons.

The search results are displayed in a table with two columns: 'Return Reason' and 'Return Stream'. The table has a header row with 'Return Reason' and 'Return Stream'. Below the header, there are several rows of data. Each row has a magnifying glass icon to the right of the 'Return Stream' value. The data rows are:

Return Reason	Return Stream
Accounts Receivables Billing Error	Customer Return For Cr
Cancellation	Excess and Obsolete
Contract Line Terminated	Internal Return For Cred
Credit Memo from Projects	Retired Assets
Credit and Rebill	Retired Spares
Damaged Product	Excess and Obsolete
Data Entry Error	Trade In
Discount	e-Waste
Duplicate Billing	Retired Spares
Employee Terminated	

At the bottom of the table, there are navigation buttons: 'Previous', '1-10', and 'Next 10'. Below the table, there are 'Save' and 'Save Search' buttons. At the very bottom of the page, there is a footer with 'About this Page', 'Privacy Statement', 'Diagnostics Home Logout Preferences Help', and 'Copyright (c) 2006, Oracle. All rights reserved.'

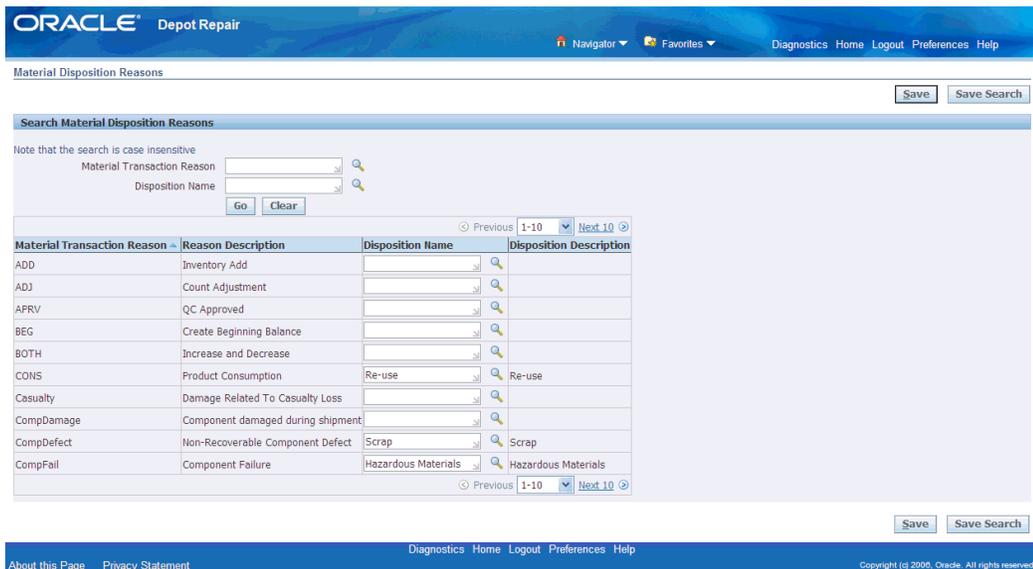
2. Search for a return reason that does not have a return stream associated with it.
3. Enter the Return Stream for the searched Return Reason.



4. Click the Save button. A confirmation message appears stating that all return stream reasons have been saved.

Setting Up Material Disposition Reasons

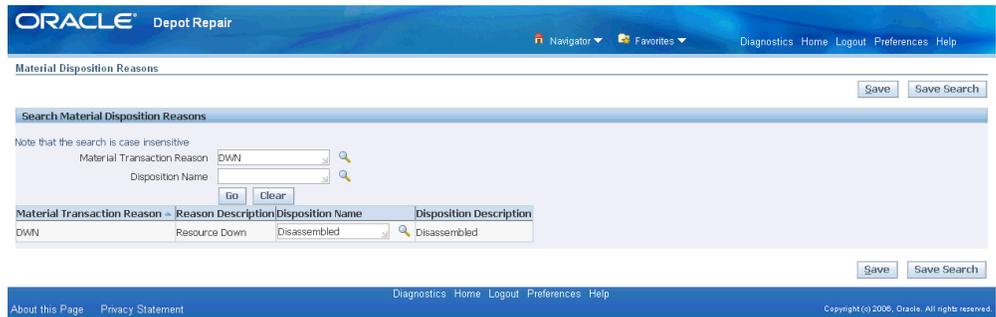
The Setup Material Disposition Reasons page enables you to define which WIP Material Transactions are grouped together into each Material Disposition. Each WIP material transaction reason is linked with only one single Disposition. However, a Disposition can be composed of many Material transaction reason. Currently, only WIP returns and negative issues are counted in the disposition metrics for the Returns Dashboard.



To set up a new disposition:

1. Navigate to the Material Disposition Reasons page.
2. In the Search Material Disposition Reasons region, query the Material Transaction Reason that does not have an associated Disposition.

3. Click the Go button.
4. Enter the Disposition Name to associate.



5. Click the Save button. A confirmation message appears stating that all material disposition reasons have been saved.

Setting Up Internal Orders

The Internal Move capability allows you to move items or parts from one location to another from a single window. The Internal Move window wraps the capabilities provided by the Internal Requisition and Internal Sales Order modules provided by Purchasing and Order Management. This new capability enables a single repair order to track both internal and external logistical operations. You can perform logistical transactions without leaving the Depot Repair interface.

Prerequisites to create Internal Orders:

The following steps outline the setups required to use the Internal Requisition functionality.

Use the responsibility: Inventory, Vision Operations (USA)

1. Navigate to Inventory Management and create an Internal Requisition item from the Master Item page.
2. The item must be assigned to both the Source and Destination Inventory Organizations.
3. Ensure the item is stockable (under Inventory tab in master items), Internal Ordered (under OM tab) and has a default subinventory defined (under Receiving tab).
4. Create the shipping network using the Shipping Networks window. You must select the Internal Order Required check box for Internal Orders.
5. Create the location using the Location window. The location that you create is tied to the Destination Location in the requisition form to the Internal Customer to be

used on the Sales Order window.

6. Conduct a miscellaneous receipt using the Miscellaneous receipt window. Perform this step to satisfy the Internal Sales Order that is created, as it ensures that ample quantity is available On Hand to perform the shipping part of the Internal Sales Order process.

See: Defining Items, Oracle Inventory User's Guide

Switch to responsibility: Order Management Super User, Vision Operations (USA)

1. Create an internal customer. You can also query for an existing internal customer.
2. Assign the location you created in Inventory setup. This association ties the customer to the location.
3. Create a Bill To Usage record for the new internal customer.

Note: You must create the customer in the Operating Unit of the Source Inventory Organization that is used on the Internal Requisition.

See: Adding Customers using the Add Customer Window, Oracle Order Management User's Guide

Switch to responsibility: Purchasing, Vision Operations (USA)

1. (Optional) Navigate to the Item Costs Summary window and query for the Internal Requisition item created in Oracle Inventory.
2. (Optional) The window shows the item price that used while creating the Internal Requisition. Purchasing derives the price when creating the Internal Requisition. It uses the price for the Cost - in the Source Inventory Organization. Whatever the price is in the Source Inventory Organization used on the requisition - the price is derived. The reason is that the Sales Order is being created in the Source Organization, so the price in the Source Organization is used.
3. Setup a new sourcing rule. Select Global radio button.
4. Choose transfer from and choose the org from which you want to transfer internal orders.
5. Select shipment methods if any.
6. Assign the newly created Source rule to the Assignment set identified by MRP: Default Sourcing Assignment Set profile. The assignment set mentioned in this profile is used by the PO system by default. Assign this sourcing rule at the organization level.

Managing Users

This section discusses how to handle user management issues when setting up Oracle Depot Repair.

- Login Interfaces, page 3-91
- Roles, Responsibilities, and Permissions, page 3-91
- Creating Oracle Depot Repair Users, page 3-91

Login Interfaces

The menus that appear after login depend upon the roles and responsibilities assigned to the log in parameters assigned to a user. Users will not be able to access Oracle Depot Repair functionality until they have been assigned both roles and responsibilities.

Roles, Responsibilities, and Permissions

During the implementation process and throughout the life span of Oracle Depot Repair, it will be necessary for an administrator to assign roles, responsibilities, and permissions to users.

A role is a collection of page and function level permissions that are granted to maintain application security. A permission is the smallest unit making up a role.

There are two types of permissions: Functional and Data Access Control (DAC). Permissions dictate the actions that a user can perform.

Responsibilities control the presentation of menus, tabs, and screens. For example, the responsibility Depot Repair Super User gives users a different set of menus than the responsibility given to a technician.

Oracle Depot Repair provides Depot Repair Super User as the seeded responsibility.

Creating Oracle Depot Repair Users

A user refers to any person who needs access to Oracle Depot Repair. This includes employees ranging from call center agents to depot planners, technicians, accountants etc.

While you can create a number of user types, the basic procedures for defining them remain identical. The roles and responsibilities assigned to each user type may be different.

Creating users involves the following tasks:

- Defining responsibilities
- Defining users
- Assigning responsibilities to users

To perform these tasks, switch to the System Administrator Responsibility and navigate to Security > Responsibility, or Security > User as the case may be, then select Define to open the Responsibilities or Users window.

For detailed instructions on creating users, refer to the online help available from the two windows.

Charges and Repair Types Setup Example

The following examples illustrate Charges and Repair Types setup for Installed Base and Non-Installed Base trackable items. Separate Service Activities and Repair Types are required for Installed Base trackable items and non-Installed Base trackable items. Refer to the relevant sections within this document for navigation paths and other details.

Service Activities and Billing Types

Perform the following steps to set up Service Activities and Billing Types.

Service Activity: Return for Repair, Installed Base Trackable Item

Consider the Service Activity Return for Repair for an Installed Base trackable item. This Service Activity will be used for returns for repair, and requires a corresponding Installed Base Transaction Sub Type.

Perform the following set up.

Service Activity

- Service Activity: Return for Repair
- Line Category: Return
- Depot Repair Quantity Update check box: Selected

Billing Type

- Billing Type: Material

Order Management Header and Line Types

- Operating Unit: Vision Operations

- Order Type: Mixed
- Line Type: Return (Receipt)

Service Activity: Return for Repair, Non-Installed Base Trackable Item

Consider the Service Activity Return for Repair for a non-Installed Base item. This Service Activity will be used to process returns for repair, and does not have a corresponding Installed Base Transaction Sub Type set up.

Enter Service Activity value as Return for Repair, non-Installed Base. Set Billing Type and Order Management Header and Line Types as detailed above for the Installed Base item.

Service Activity: Replacement, Installed Base Trackable Item

Consider the Service Activity Replacement for an Installed Base item. This Service Activity will be used for shipping replacements, and requires a corresponding Installed Base Transaction Sub Type. Perform the following set up.

- Service Activity: Replacement
- Line Category: Order
- Depot Repair Quantity Update: Selected

Set up Billing Type and Order Management Header and Line Types as explained in the first example.

Service Activity: Replacement, Non-Installed Base Trackable Item

A separate Service Activity has to be set up for Replacement of non-Installed Base items. Set up the Replacement Service Activity for a non-Installed Base item as you did for the Return for Repair example. This Service Activity setup does not have a corresponding Installed Base Transaction Sub Type set up.

Service Business Processes

After defining required Service Activities and Billing Types as illustrated in the above example, define a Service Business Process and include the required Service Activities.

Installed Base Transaction Sub Types

After defining Service Activities and Billing Types and Service Business Processes, set up the Installed Base Transaction Sub Types as follows:

- Transaction Sub Type: Return for Repair. This Transaction Sub Type is seeded.

- Transaction Sub Type: Replacement. The Change Owner checkbox in the Source Info region of the Transaction Sub Types window is selected when the Service Activity is Replacement. Also select the Reference Req'd checkbox in the Non Source Info region. The Change Owner To Status and Status fields in the Source Info region must be populated with the values External and Replaced respectively. The Status field in the Non Source Info region has the value EXPIRED.

Other seeded Transaction Sub Types include Ship Loaner, Return Loaner, Material Transaction, and Ship Repaired Item. For Return for Repair, Ship Repaired Item, Ship Loaner, and Return Loaner, the Change Owner checkbox in the Source Info region is not selected. This is because, in these transactions, the owner does not change.

Repair Types Setup

After you set up all the required Installed Base Transaction Sub Types, set up the Repair Types as follows:

You have to set up separate Repair Types for Installed Base trackable items and non-Installed Base trackable items.

Repair Type: Repair and Return, Installed Base Trackable Product

Enter the following values:

- Repair Type: Repair and Return
- Business Process: Depot Repair
- Repair Mode: Work in Process
- Repair Type Reference: Repair and Return
- Pre-Repair RMA: Return for Repair
- Pre-Repair Ship: (Not Applicable)
- Post-Repair RMA: (Not Applicable)
- Post-Repair Ship: Ship Repaired Item
- Automatically Enter and Book RMA checkbox: Select

If you are using the Estimates functionality, you need to set up the Billing Type and Service Activity Codes for Material, Labor, and Expense.

- Material: Material Transaction
- Labor: Labor Transaction

- Expense: Expense Transaction

Repair Type: Repair and Return, Non-Installed Base Trackable Product

Enter the following values:

- Repair Type: Repair and Return, non-Installed Base
- Business Process: Depot Repair
- Repair Mode: Work in Process
- Repair Type Reference: Repair and Return
- Pre-Repair RMA: Return for Repair, non-Installed Base
- Pre-Repair Ship: (Not Applicable)
- Post-Repair RMA: (Not Applicable)
- Post-Repair Ship: Ship Repaired Item, non-Installed Base
- Automatically Enter and Book RMA checkbox: Select

If you are using Estimates functionality, you need to set up the Billing Type and Service Activity Codes for Material, Labor, and Expense.

Note: Since estimate lines are created as Bill Only lines in Order Management, Transaction Sub Types for the associated Service Activity Codes are not relevant. This implies that even if a Transaction Sub Type exists for the Service Activity Code set up for the estimate line, it is ignored.

- Material: Material Transaction
- Labor: Labor Transaction
- Expense: Expense Transaction

Repair Type: Replacement, Installed Base Trackable Product

Enter the following values:

- Repair Type: Replacement
- Business Process: Depot Repair
- Repair Mode: None/Not Applicable

- Repair Type Reference: Replacement
- Pre-Repair RMA: (Not Applicable)
- Pre-Repair Ship: (Not Applicable)
- Post-Repair RMA: (Not Applicable)
- Post-Repair Ship: Replacement
- Automatically Enter and Book RMA checkbox: Do not select (leave unchecked)

Since Estimates may not be needed in case of Replacements, you do not have to set up the Billing Type and Service Activity Codes for Material, Labor and Expense.

Repair Type: Replacement, Non-Installed Base Trackable Product

You will need to set up a separate Repair Type for Replacement of non-Installed Base trackable items, just as you did for the Repair and Return example.

Seeded Repair Types Setup

This section describes the Repair Type setup summary for all the seeded Repair Types. The Repair Type details can be set up as explained in the examples in the section Repair Types Setup, page 3-92.

The following table, Seeded Repair Types Setup, applies to Installed Base trackable items.

Note: For Non-Installed Base trackable items, you will need to define separate Repair Types, as illustrated in the above examples.

In the following Seeded Repair Types Setup table, the Service Activities Return Exchange, Ship Exchange, and Replacement need to be defined before they can be set up in the Repair Type form. The other Service Activities are available as seeded.

For Repair Types Exchange, Advance Exchange, and Replacement, the owner of the item is changed when the item is returned or shipped. This is specified in the Source Info region for Transaction Sub Types Return Exchange, Ship Exchange, and Replacement. For Transaction Sub Types Ship Exchange and Replacement, the Reference Req'd checkbox in the Non Source Info region should be selected, so that the warranty information is transferred to the shipped item.

Repair Type	Business Process	Repair Mode	Repair Type Reference	Pre Repair RMA	Pre Repair Ship	Post Repair RMA	Post Repair Ship
Repair and Return	Depot Repair	Work In Process	Repair and Return	Return for Repair	-	-	Ship Repaired Item
Replacement	Depot Repair	None/Not Applicable	Replacement	-	-	-	Replacement
Advance Exchange	Depot Repair	None/Not Applicable	Advance Exchange	Return Exchange	-	-	Ship Exchange
Exchange	Depot Repair	None/Not Applicable	Exchange	Return Exchange	-	-	Ship Exchange
Loaner	Depot Repair	None/Not Applicable	Loaner	-	Ship Loaner	Return Loaner	-
Loaner, Repair and Return	Depot Repair	Work In Process	Loaner, Repair and Return	Return for Repair	Ship Loaner	Return Loaner	Ship Repaired Item
Refurbishment*	Depot Repair	Work In Process	Refurbishment	-	-	-	-
Standard	Depot Repair	Work In Process	Standard	-	-	-	-

Note: * - For the Refurbishment Repair Type, the Internal Order flag must be set. For all the other Repair Types, leave it unset.

Setting Up Transfer Install Base Ownership

The following steps facilitate setting up transfer Install Base ownership function.

To set up transfer Install Base ownership:

1. Login with the System Administrator responsibility.
2. Navigate to the Menus page.

Seq	Prompt	Submenu	Function	Description	Grant
1			Depot: Book Actual Lines		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2			Repair Orders: Add to IB		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
3			Depot: Allow Change of IE		<input type="checkbox"/>
4		Depot Repair Org Web Sr			<input type="checkbox"/>
5			Depot: Submit Actual Line		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
6			Select Materials from Dyn		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
7			Create Job From Repair E		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
					<input type="checkbox"/>
					<input type="checkbox"/>
					<input type="checkbox"/>

3. Query for the CSD_CSDREPLN_MENU in the menu field.
4. In the sub menus listed, locate the menu Depot: Allow Change of IB Ownership.
5. Select the Grant check box.
6. Click Save.
7. Click OK on the message window. This notifies you about the request being submitted to recompile the menu.

Integrating with Advanced Pricing

The Advanced Pricing integration enables various pricing features for Logistics lines, Estimate lines, and Actual lines in the application. It enables the following Advanced Pricing features:

- Support for Pricing Qualifiers Context: Customer, Attribute: Customer Name and Context: Modifier List, Attribute: Pricelist

- Pricing Modifiers
- Static and Dynamic Formulae
- Secondary Pricelists
- Price Breaks

This integration is based on the certain assumptions:

- The Pricing Transaction Entity (PTE) for the depot repair process is ASO.
- Only automatic pricing modifiers are supported.
- Service Contracts discounts are applied after the pricing engine determines a list price based on modifiers and/or qualifiers, as applicable.
- The current release supports line level pricing calculations only and does not apply any header-level based pricing calculations.
- Freight and Special Charges and Sales Tax calculations are not enabled in the new integration.

To enable the Advanced Pricing integration, follow the steps:

1. Set the value for the profile CSD: Enable Advanced Pricing to Yes. By default, the value is set to No.
2. Set up Advanced Pricing (e.g. qualifiers, modifiers etc.) for the PTE ASO.

Note: If you do not wish to enable the additional Advanced Pricing features, do not change any setup. By default the price calculations behaves same as is.

Personalizing Time Clock Bin

The Time Clock functionality enables a technician to clock in and clock out the time for a repair. The system tracks the amount of time a technician spends clocked in on a repair and automatically capture that time as a resource transaction.

To personalize Time Clock Bin:

1. Turn on Self Service Personalization. Set the profile options, Personalize Self-Service Defn and FND: Personalization Region Link Enabled, to Yes.
2. Query any existing repair order.

3. Look for Stack Layout: (MainRN) in the personalization hierarchy.
4. Look for RoTimeClockCntRN.
5. Click on personalization pencil icon.
6. Look for Content Container: Time Clock and set the Rendered property to true at the required hierarchy scope.
7. Save the changes and return to the application.

This makes the Time Clock bin visible in the Repair Order page.

Personalizing Complete Work Button

When a repair is finished, technicians perform many actions like: complete operations, complete jobs, log labor hours, transact resources, issue materials, change repair status, or kick off a workflow. The Complete Work button enables them to stop the clock and trigger these actions automatically.

To personalize Complete Work button:

1. Turn on Self Service Personalization. Set profile option, Personalize Self-Service Defn, to Yes.
2. Query any existing repair order.
3. Click on Personalize Page.
4. Click on the first personalization pencil icon on the page.
5. Look for Submit Button: Complete Work and set the Rendered property to true at the required hierarchy scope.
6. Save the changes and return to the application.

This makes the Complete Work button visible in the Repair Order page.

Personalizing Request Parts Button

The Request Parts button enables a technician to create a purchase requisition for one or more items on the Materials table.

To personalize Request Parts button:

1. Turn on Self Service Personalization. Set profile options, Personalize Self-Service Defn and FND: Personalization Region Link Enabled, to Yes.

2. Query any existing repair order and navigate to Repair Execution tab.
3. Go to Material region personalization page.
4. Look for Flow Layout: (SelectMtlsRN) in the personalization hierarchy.
5. Look for Submit Button: Request Parts.
6. Click on personalization pencil icon and set the Rendered property to true at the required hierarchy scope.
7. Save the changes.
8. Scroll down the personalization hierarchy and look for Column: (mtlPurReqCol).
9. Click on personalization icon. Set the Rendered Property to yes at the required level.
10. Save the changes and go back to the application.

This enables Request Parts button and the Requisition column on the Materials table.

Oracle Depot Repair Public APIs

This appendix presents information on the Oracle Depot Repair public API.

This appendix covers the following topics:

- Depot Repair Public Packages
- Create_Repair_Order
- Update_Repair_Order
- Parameter Descriptions
- Data Structure Specifications

Depot Repair Public Packages

Oracle Depot Repair provides the following public API.

- CSD_REPAIRS_PUB

This API includes the following two procedures:

Procedure Name	Description
Create_Repair_Order	This procedure is called to create a Repair Order.
Update_Repair_Order	This procedure is called to update a Repair Order.

Create_Repair_Order

This API will create a Repair Order. User can pass REPAIR_LINE_ID and REPAIR_NUMBER. If passed, the ID or NUMBER will be validated for uniqueness. If valid, the same ID or NUMBER will be returned.

Procedure Name

Create_Repair_Order

Prerequisites

None

Parameters

IN					
p_api_version_number	IN	NUMBER	Required		
p_init_msg_list	IN	VARCHAR2	Optional	Default =	
FND_API.G_FALSE					
p_commit	IN	VARCHAR2	Optional	Default =	
FND_API.G_FALSE					
p_validation_level	IN	NUMBER	Optional	Default =	
FND_API.G_VALID_LEVEL_FULL					
p_repair_line_id	IN	NUMBER	Optional	Default =	
FND_API.G_MISS_NUM					
P_REPLN_Rec	IN	CSD_REPAIRS_PUB.REPLN_Rec_Type	Required		
OUT					
x_return_status	OUT	VARCHAR2			
x_msg_count	OUT	NUMBER			
x_msg_data	OUT	VARCHAR2			
x_repair_line_id	OUT	NUMBER			
x_repair_number	OUT	NUMBER			

Current Version

1.0

Procedure Specification

```
Create_Repair_Order
(
  P_Api_Version_Number      IN      NUMBER,
  P_Init_Msg_List          IN      VARCHAR2      := FND_API.G_FALSE,
  P_Commit                 IN      VARCHAR2      := FND_API.G_FALSE,
  p_validation_level       IN      NUMBER        :=
  FND_API.G_VALID_LEVEL_FULL,
  p_repair_line_id        IN      NUMBER        := FND_API.G_MISS_NUM,
  P_REPLN_Rec              IN      CSD_REPAIRS_PUB.REPLN_Rec_Type,
  X_REPAIR_LINE_ID        OUT     NOCOPY NUMBER,
  X_REPAIR_NUMBER         OUT     NOCOPY VARCHAR2,
  X_Return_Status         OUT     NOCOPY VARCHAR2,
  X_Msg_Count             OUT     NOCOPY NUMBER,
  X_Msg_Data              OUT     NOCOPY VARCHAR2
);
```

Update_Repair_Order

This procedure will update a Repair Order.

Procedure Name

Update_Repair_Order

Prerequisites

None

Parameters

IN				
p_api_version_number	IN	NUMBER	Required	
p_init_msg_list	IN	VARCHAR2	Optional	Default =
FND_API.G_FALSE				
p_commit	IN	VARCHAR2	Optional	Default =
FND_API.G_FALSE				
p_validation_level	IN	NUMBER	Optional	Default =
FND_API.G_VALID_LEVEL_FULL				
p_repair_line_id	IN	NUMBER	Required	
P_REPLN_Rec	IN	CSD_REPAIRS_PUB.REPLN_Rec_Type	Required	
OUT				
x_return_status	OUT	VARCHAR2		
x_msg_count	OUT	NUMBER		
x_msg_data	OUT	VARCHAR2		

Current Version

1.0

Procedure Specification

```
Update_Repair_Order
(
  P_Api_Version_Number          IN    NUMBER,
  P_Init_Msg_List              IN    VARCHAR2    := FND_API.G_FALSE,
  P_Commit                    IN    VARCHAR2    := FND_API.G_FALSE,
  p_validation_level           IN    NUMBER      :=
  FND_API.G_VALID_LEVEL_FULL,
  p_repair_line_id            IN    NUMBER,
  P_REPLN_Rec                 IN OUT NOCOPY
  CSD_REPAIRS_PUB.REPLN_Rec_Type,
  X_Return_Status              OUT NOCOPY VARCHAR2,
  X_Msg_Count                  OUT NOCOPY NUMBER,
  X_Msg_Data                   OUT NOCOPY VARCHAR2
);
```

Parameter Descriptions

The following table describes the IN parameters associated with this API.

Parameter	Data Type	Description
p_api_version	NUMBER	This must match the version number of the API. An unexpected error is returned if the calling program version number is incompatible with the current API version number (provided in the documentation).
p_init_msg_list	VARCHAR2	Default = FND_API.G_FALSE. If set to true, then the API makes a call to <code>fn_msg_pub.initialize</code> to initialize the message stack. If set to false then the calling program must initialize the message stack. This action is required to be performed only once, even in cases where more than one API is called.
p_commit	VARCHAR2	Default = FND_API.G_FALSE If set to true, then the API commits before returning to the calling program. If set to false, then it is the calling program's responsibility to commit the transaction.
p_validation_level	NUMBER	Default = FND_API.G_VALID_LEVEL_FULL If set to full, then the API validates all the IN parameter values. If set to none, then the API validates parameters that are a minimum requirement to create a Repair Order.
p_repair_line_id	NUMBER	If the repair line id is not passed, then the API uses sequence to generate the repair line id. If the repair line id is passed, then it validates to ensure that the repair line id does not exist in <code>CSD_REPAIRS</code> table.
P_REPLN_Rec	PL/SQL Record	It accepts the Repair Order record.

The following table describes the OUT parameters associated with this API.

Parameter	Data Type	Description
x_return_status	VARCHAR2(1)	If the API successfully creates a Repair Order, then it returns the status 'S', Else it returns the status as 'E' or 'U'.
x_msg_count	NUMBER	Returns the number of messages logged in the message stack.
x_msg_data	VARCHAR2	It retrieves the message from the message stack and returns the message to the calling APIs.
x_repair_line_id	NUMBER	It returns the repair line id after the Repair Order is created successfully.
x_repair_number	NUMBER	It returns the repair number after the Repair Order is created successfully. The repair number can be different from the repair line id as different sequences are used.

Data Structure Specifications

Depot Repair API uses the following data structure.

REPLN_Rec_Type

The following table presents descriptions of data structures.

Name	Description
Repair_Number	If this value is passed during Repair Order creation, it will be validated for uniqueness and used for creation of Repair Order.
Incident_id	This is the Service Request id.
Inventory_item_id	Item information.
Customer_product_id	Instance ID of IB reference number.
Unit_of_measure	Unit of Measure Code.

Name	Description
Repair_type_id	Repair type information.
Resource_id	Resource to which the Repair Order is to be linked.
Project_id	Not used currently.
Task_id	Not used currently.
Contract_line_id	Used to store the contract information.
Auto_process_rma	Used to determine if the RMA has to be created automatically for the Repair Order.
Repair_mode	Used to determine if the Repair Order has to be created in WIP/Task/None mode.
Object_version_number	For Repair Order creation, the version number should be 1. For Repair Order update, the version number must be the same as that of the Repair Order in the database.
Item_revision	If the item is revision controlled, then pass the revision.
Instance_id	Same as customer product id.
Status	Repair Order transaction status.
Status_reason_code	Estimate approval reason code. It is required only if there is an estimate.
Date_closed	Repair order close date.
Approval_required_flag	This flag is used to check if the approval is required.
Approval_status	Estimate approval status.
Serial_number	Serial number if the serialized item is selected.
Promise_date	The promise date of repair completion.
Attribute_category	Context of the descriptive flexfield.

Name	Description
Attribute1	Attribute1
Attribute2	Attribute2
Attribute3	Attribute3
Attribute4	Attribute4
Attribute5	Attribute5
Attribute6	Attribute6
Attribute7	Attribute7
Attribute8	Attribute8
Attribute9	Attribute9
Attribute10	Attribute10
Attribute11	Attribute11
Attribute12	Attribute12
Attribute13	Attribute13
Attribute14	Attribute14
Attribute15	Attribute15
Quantity	Total Quantity for which the Repair Order has to be created.
Quantity_in_wip	To store quantity submitted for Work in Process (WIP) process.
Quantity_rcvd	To store the received quantity.
Quantity_shipped	To store the shipped quantity.
Currency_code	To store the currency code

Name	Description
RO_txn_status	Used internally to store the Repair Order Status.
Order_line_id	Not used currently.
Original_source_referen ce	Not used currently.
Original_source_header _id	Order header id of the source reference
Original_source_line_id	Order line id of the source reference
Price_list_header_id	Default Repair Order price list

Oracle Depot Repair Lookup Codes

This appendix presents the seeded Oracle Depot Repair lookup codes and values.

This appendix covers the following topics:

- Depot Repair Types (CSD_REPAIR_TYPES)
- Repair Type Reason (CSD_REASON)
- Repair Mode for the Depot Repair Processes (CSD_REPAIR_MODE)
- Repair Approval Status (CSD_APPROVAL_STATUS)
- Repair Status (CSD_REPAIR_STATUS)
- Repair Event (CSD_EVENT)
- Estimate Billing Type (CSD_EST_BILLING_TYPE)
- Estimate Status (CSD_ESTIMATE_STATUS)
- Estimate Reject Reasons (CSD_REJECT_REASON)
- Product Transaction Action Codes (CSD_PRODUCT_ACTION_CODE)
- Product Transaction Action Type (CSD_PROD_ACTION_TYPE)
- Product Transaction Status (CSD_PRODUCT_TXN_STATUS)
- Repair Order Transaction Status (CSD_RO_TXN_STATUS)
- Units of Measure (CSD_UNIT_OF_MEASURE)
- Repair Job Statuses (CSD_WIP_JOB_STATUS)
- Recall Flow Statuses (CSD_RECALL_FLOW_STATUS)
- Material Dispositions (CSD_MATERIAL_DISPOSITIONS)
- Return Streams (CSD_RETURN_STREAMS)

Depot Repair Types (CSD_REPAIR_TYPES)

The following lookup values are seeded for the Repair Type Refs in Oracle Depot Repair.

Code	Description	Editable?
AE	Advanced Exchange	No
AL	Loaner	No
ARR	Loaner, Repair and Return	No
E	Exchange	No
R	Replacement	No
RF	Refurbishment	No
RR	Repair and Return	No
SR	Standard Repair	No

Repair Type Reason (CSD_REASON)

Repair Type Reasons are values seeded for the different reasons that affect the return of an item for repair.

Code	Description	Editable?
APPRV	Customer approves the RMA	No
EST	Estimate approved	No
HOLD	Repair on hold	No
REJECT_1	Product unrepairable	No
REJECT_2	Declined repair	No

Code	Description	Editable?
REV_EST	Revised estimate approved	No
WAIT_1	Customer contacted	No
WAIT_2	Awaiting approval	No

Repair Mode for the Depot Repair Processes (CSD_REPAIR_MODE)

The following seeded lookup values are used to define the repair mode used to process a repair using Oracle Depot Repair.

Code	Description	Editable?
ALL	Display all the values for repair modes	No
NONE	None of the modes are applicable	No
TASK	JTF Tasks	No
WIP	Discrete Jobs in Work in Process module	No

Repair Approval Status (CSD_APPROVAL_STATUS)

Repair Approval Status lookup values are defined (seeded) to represent the acceptance or rejection of an item's repair.

Code	Meaning	Editable?
A	Approved	No
P	Pending	No
R	Rejected	No

Repair Status (CSD_REPAIR_STATUS)

The Repair Status lookup values define whether a Repair Order is open, closed, or on hold. The following values are seeded.

Code	Meaning	Editable?
C	Closed	No
D	Draft (used in Mass RO)	No
H	Hold	No
O	Open	No

Repair Event (CSD_EVENT)

Repair Event lookups are defined to represent particular events that take place in a depot during repair processing. The following values are seeded.

Code	Meaning	Editable?
A	Customer Approved	No
CM	Charges Manually Updated for Repair Order	No
CONU	Default Contract Updated	No
CR	Charges Recorded	No
DIA	Diagnosed	No
DROC	Depot Repair Owner Changed	No
ESU	Estimate Status Updated	No
IP	Inspection Performed	No

Code	Meaning	Editable?
JC	Job Completed	No
JCA	Job Completed Alert	No
JCN	Job Canceled	No
JS	Job Created	No
JSA	Job Submitted	No
JSU	Job Submitted Alert	No
OA	Repair Order Alert	No
PDC	Promise Date Changed	No
PS	Shipment	No
PSI	Sales Order Completed	No
R	Customer Rejected	No
RC	Repair Order Opened	No
RE	RMA Created	No
RO	Replace Order Created	No
RR	RMA Received	No
RRI	Requisition Received	No
RSC	Receipt Serial Number is different	No
RSCI	Sales Order Alert	No
SC	Status Changed	No
SLT	Repair Order Split	No

Code	Meaning	Editable?
SOC	Sales Order Created	No
SRU	Service Request Status Updated	No
SSC	Shipped Serial Number is different	No
TAC	Task Assignee Changed	No
TBR	Ready to be Returned	No
TC	Task Created	No
TOC	Task Updated	No
TSC	Task Status Change	No

Estimate Billing Type (CSD_EST_BILLING_TYPE)

Estimate Billing Type lookup values are defined to represent the type of transaction being billed. Following are the seeded values.

Code	Description	Editable?
E	Expense	No
L	Labor	No
M	Material	No

Estimate Status (CSD_ESTIMATE_STATUS)

Estimate statuses are values defined for the different states of an estimate. Following are the seeded Estimate Status values.

Code	Description	Editable?
ACCEPTED	Estimate approved by customer	No
BID	Estimate awaiting customer approval	No
CANCELLED	Estimate is cancelled	No
DRAFT	Estimate with information but not ready to reveal to customer	No
NEW	Estimate with no information entered	No
REJECTED	Estimate not approved by customer	No

Estimate Reject Reasons (CSD_REJECT_REASON)

The following lookup values are seeded to specify the reason for an estimate rejection.

Code	Description	Editable?
CUST_REJECT	Customer Rejects Estimate	No
MAC_SHORTAGE	Machine Not Available in Depot	No
MAT_SHORTAGE	Material Shortage in Depot	No
NOT_PROFITABLE	Unprofitable for depot to repair the item	No
NOT_REPAIRABLE	Product Beyond Repair in Depot	No
RES_SHORTAGE	Resource Shortage in Depot	No

Product Transaction Action Codes (CSD_PRODUCT_ACTION_CODE)

The following are the Product Transaction Action codes seeded for Depot Repair.

Code	Description	Editable?
CUST_PROD	Customer Item	No
DEFECTIVES	Defective Item	No
EXCHANGE	Item Exchange	No
LOANER	Loaned Item	No
REPLACEMENT	Replacement Item	No
USABLES	Usable Item	No

Product Transaction Action Type (CSD_PROD_ACTION_TYPE)

The following Product Transaction Action Type lookup values are seeded in Oracle Depot Repair.

Code	Description	Editable?
MOVE_IN	Move in defective products	No
MOVE_OUT	Move out usable products	No
RMA	Inbound transaction for returned product	No
SHIP	Outbound transaction for Repaired Product, Loaner etc.	No

Product Transaction Status (CSD_PRODUCT_TXN_STATUS)

Product Transaction Statuses are lookup values defined for representing the state of product transactions. The following values are seeded.

Code	Description	Editable?
BOOKED	Sales Order Booked	No
ENTERED	Created Product Txn	No
RECEIVED	Received against RMA	No
RELEASED	Sales Order Pick Released	No
SHIPPED	Sales Order Shipped	No
SUBMITTED	Charge Line Interfaced	No

Repair Order Transaction Status (CSD_RO_TXN_STATUS)

Repair Order Statuses are lookup values that define the different stages in Repair Order processing. The following Repair Order Transaction Status values are seeded in Oracle Depot Repair.

Code	Description	Editable?
CHARGE_ENTERED	Charge Entered	No
ESTIMATE_APPROVED	Estimate Approved	No
ESTIMATE_REJECTED	Estimate Rejected	No
NEW	New	No
OM_BOOKED	OM Booked	No
OM_RECEIVED	OM Received	No
OM_RELEASED	OM Released	No
OM_SHIPPED	OM Shipped	No
OM_SUBMITTED	OM Submitted	No

Code	Description	Editable?
WIP_COMPLETED	WIP Job Complete	No
WIP_SUBMITTED	WIP Job Submitted	No

Units of Measure (CSD_UNIT_OF_MEASURE)

The following are the seeded values for Unit of Measure for the estimated repair lead time.

Code	Description	Editable?
DAY	Day	No
HR	Hour	No
MONTH	Month	No
WEEK	Week	No
YEAR	Year	No

Repair Job Statuses (CSD_WIP_JOB_STATUS)

The following lookup values are seeded for Repair Job Statuses in Oracle Depot Repair.

Code	Description	Editable?
RELEASED	Released	No
UNRELEASED	UnReleased	No

Recall Flow Statuses (CSD_RECALL_FLOW_STATUS)

The following lookup values are seeded for Recall Flow Statuses in Oracle Depot Repair.

Code	Description	Editable?
CLOSED	CLOSED	Yes
DRAFT	DRAFT	Yes
OPEN	OPEN	Yes

Material Dispositions (CSD_MATERIAL_DISPOSITIONS)

The following lookup values are seeded for Material Dispositions in Oracle Depot Repair.

Code	Description	Editable?
HAZMAT	Hazardous Materials	No
RECOVER	Recover	No
RECYCLE	Recycle	No
REUSE	Re-use	No
SCRAP	Scrap	No

Return Streams (CSD_RETURN_STREAMS)

The following lookup values are seeded for Return Streams in Oracle Depot Repair.

Code	Description	Editable?
CUST_CREDIT	Customer Return For Credit	Yes
TRADEIN	Trade In	Yes
TAKEBACK	Takeback	Yes

Code	Description	Editable?
INT_CREDIT	Internal User Return For Credit	Yes
TOOMUCH	Excess and Obsolete	Yes
RET_ASSETS	Retired Assests	Yes
RET_SPARES	Retired Spares	Yes
EWASTE	e-Waste	Yes

Oracle Depot Repair Update Programs

This appendix presents the Oracle Depot Repair update programs.

This appendix covers the following topics:

- Overview
- Depot Repair Receipt Update
- Depot Repair Job (WIP) Update
- Depot Repair Shipment Update
- Depot Repair Business Intelligence Update

Overview

The following update programs are available for Oracle Depot Repair users:

- Depot Repair Receipt Update, page C-1
- Depot Repair Job (WIP) Update, page C-3
- Depot Repair Shipment Update, page C-4
- Depot Repair Business Intelligence Update, page C-5

You can process one Repair Order, or a Repair Order group using these update programs.

Depot Repair Receipt Update

The Depot Repair Receipt Update program is used to update Repair Orders and create repair history records when returns are received.

Overview

Return Material Authorizations (RMA) to receive repair items are created using the Logistics tab of the Repair Orders window, or through internal requisitions and internal sales orders. RMAs are pushed into Order Management for standard processing, and subsequently into Inventory/Receiving for inspection and receiving. When an RMA related to a repair line is received, the program updates the total quantity received for the repair line, and creates a repair history record.

Program Logic

The Depot Repair Receipt Update program is run when you click the Update Logistics button in the Logistics tab for an RMA (Return) line.

Alternatively, you can run this program by either starting from the Navigator, then following the path Depot Repair > Others > Run Requests > Single Request, or, from the top menu in the Repair Orders window, selecting the options View > Requests > Submit a New Request.

The program logic is as follows:

1. Check if the receiving transaction process is complete for the RMA received. If not, wait until the process is complete.
2. If the process is complete, start the Depot Repair Receipt Update program, as described previously in this Program Logic section. This will check the receiving record and update the Oracle Depot Repair tables.

The Depot Repair Receipt Update program picks only the receiving lines that are actually delivered to a subinventory; for example, when inspection is stated as mandatory for items before being received, only the items that passed inspection and were not returned.

Dependencies

The Depot Repair Receipt Update program is dependent on the following application modules:

- Oracle Depot Repair, Release 11i
- Oracle Purchasing, Release 11i
- Oracle Order Management, Release 11i
- Oracle Inventory, Release 11i

Depot Repair Job (WIP) Update

The Depot Repair Job (WIP) Update program is used to update Repair Order information in the CSD_REPAIRS and CSD_REPAIR_JOB_XREF tables, and to create repair history records when WIP Repair Jobs related to Oracle Depot Repair are created or completed.

Overview

WIP Repair Jobs for repair lines are created using the Submit Repair Jobs window and the Submit Repair Jobs for Repair Orders window. A given repair line can be represented by multiple Repair Jobs in WIP, or multiple repair lines can be grouped as a single Repair Job.

For new WIP Repair Jobs created, the Depot Repair Job (WIP) Update program updates the repair line in the CSD_REPAIRS table with the quantity processed, updates the repair line, job combination record in the CSD_REPAIR_JOB_XREF table with the wip_entity_id of the new job and creates a Repair Job history record for each updated repair line, job combination record.

For WIP Jobs completed, the Depot Repair Job (WIP) Update program updates the quantity completed in the CSD_REPAIR_JOB_XREF table. If the completed job is associated with multiple Repair Orders, the update program allocates the quantity completed, if needed.

Program Logic

The Depot Repair Job (WIP) Update program is run in the following cases:

- When you click the Submit Jobs button in either the Submit Repair Jobs window or in the Submit Repair Jobs for Repair Orders window, after the program WIP Mass Load completes successfully.
- When you click the Update Job button in the Repair Jobs tab.

The program logic is as follows:

1. Click the Submit Jobs button in either the Submit Repair Jobs window or in the Submit Repair Jobs for Repair Orders window.
2. Complete the WIP Repair Job by clicking the Complete Job button in the Repair Jobs tab in the Repair Orders window.
3. Click the Update Job button on the Repair Jobs tab.

Alternatively, you can run this program by either starting from the Navigator, then following the path Depot Repair > Others > Run Requests > Single Request, or, from the top menu in the Repair Orders window, selecting the options View > Requests > Submit

a New Request. When submitting the request, you can specify using a parameter whether to run for a specific repair number and whether to update Job Completion information.

Dependencies

The Depot Repair Job (WIP) Update program is dependent on the following application modules:

- Oracle Depot Repair, Release 11i
- Oracle WIP, Release 11i

Depot Repair Shipment Update

The Depot Repair Shipment Update program is used to update Repair Orders and create repair history records when repaired goods are shipped and a related sales order is generated.

Overview

Sales orders for repair line shipments are created using the Logistics tab of the Repair Orders window. The sales orders are submitted to Oracle Order Management for processing, and are shipped by the Shipping module. The associated repair lines in Oracle Depot Repair need to be updated with the shipped quantity. A history record must be created to record the shipped quantity and shipped date against the repair line.

Program Logic

The Depot Repair Shipment Update program is run when you click the Update Logistics button in the Logistics tab for a Sales order (Ship) line.

Alternatively, you can run this program by either starting from the Navigator, then following the path Depot Repair > Others > Run Requests > Single Request, or, from the top menu in the Repair Orders window, selecting the options View > Requests > Submit a New Request.

The program logic is as follows:

1. Ensure that the Interface Trip Stop concurrent program completes successfully.
2. When the Interface Trip Stop concurrent program has successfully completed, start the Depot Repair Shipment Update program, as described previously in this Program Logic section. This program finds the shipment record, and updates the Oracle Depot Repair tables with the data.

Dependencies

The Depot Repair Shipment Update program is dependent on the following application modules:

- Oracle Depot Repair, Release 11i
- Oracle Order Management, Release 11i
- Oracle Shipping Execution, Release 11i

Depot Repair Business Intelligence Update

Depot Repair Business Intelligence Update Program computes a number of business intelligence features in the Repair Technician Module. This program updates the frequency of occurrence for diagnostic codes and service codes. It also calculates the materials and frequencies displayed in the Most Common Materials bin and calculates the resources and frequencies displayed in the Most Common Resources bin.

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