e*Index Global Identifier Product Suite

Java Programmer's Guide for e*IndexTM Active Integration

Version 4.5.3



Java Programmer's Guide for e*Index Active Integration - Version History	
Date	Purpose
November 2001	Current through version 4.1.1, build 506
June 2002	Current through version 4.5.3

Copyright

The information contained in this document is subject to change and is updated periodically to reflect changes to the applicable software. Although every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of this document, SeeBeyond Technology Corporation (SeeBeyond) assumes no responsibility for any errors that may appear herein. The software described in this document is furnished under a License Agreement and may be used or copied only in accordance with the terms of such License Agreement. Printing, copying, or reproducing this document in any fashion is prohibited except in accordance with the License Agreement. The contents of this document are designated as being confidential and proprietary; are considered to be trade secrets of SeeBeyond; and may be used only in accordance with the License Agreement, as protected and enforceable by law. SeeBeyond assumes no responsibility for the use or reliability of its software on equipment that is not supported by SeeBeyond.

e*Gate, e*Way, e*Xchange, EBI, eBusiness Web, iBridge, Intelligent Bridge, IQ, e*Index, SeeBeyond, the SeeBeyond logo, and SeeBeyond Technology Corporation are trademarks and service marks of SeeBeyond Technology Corporation. All other brand or product names are either trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective companies or organizations.

 $Copyright @\ 2001-2002\ by\ See Beyond\ Technology\ Corporation.\ All\ Rights\ Reserved.\ This\ work\ is\ protected\ as\ an\ unpublished\ work\ under\ the\ copyright\ laws.$

INTEGRITY and INTEGRITY Data Re-Engineering Environment are trademarks of Vality Technology Incorporated. Vality is a registered trademark of Vality Technology Incorporated.

This work is confidential and proprietary information of SeeBeyond and must be maintained in strict confidence.

Version 453.200208

All rights reserved.

Table of Contents

Chapter 1: Introduction	1-1
About this Chapter	
Overview	
Welcome	
About e*Index	1-2
To New Users	1-2
To Established Users	1-2
Recommended Reading	1-2
About this Guide	1-3
Purpose	
Scope	1-3
Intended Audience	1-3
Using this Guide	1-4
Document Organization	1-4
Conventions	1-5
Additional Resources	
Chapter 2: Overview of the Java API	
About this Chapter	2-1
Overview	2-1
Learning About e*Index Active Integration	2-2
Overview	2-2
About e*Index	2-2
Passive versus Active Integration	2-2
Learning About the Java APIs for e*Index Active Integration	
Overview	2-3
About the Active Integration Java Packages	2-3
Active Integration Java Class Hierarchy	
Interface Hierarchy	2-5
Java Components at a Glance	
Learning About Active Integration Java Classes	
Overview	
About Active Integration Java Classes	
Available Active Integration Java Classes	
Which Class to Use	2-24
About Active Integration Java Methods	2-29
For More Information	
Chapter 3: Implementing e*Index Active Integration	3-1
About this Chapter	
Overview	
Working with Supporting Files	
Overview	
About the Server Properties File	
About the Configuration File	
Working with the Vality Rule Set Files	
About the Sample Files	
About Active Integration Database Tables	
Overview	
ui sea no	3-6

	ui_table	3-6
	ui_table_column	3-6
	ui_local_id_generator	3-6
	ui_active_set	3-7
	ui active user set	3-8
	ui active function	3-8
	ui_active_field_cfg	
	ui_active_field	
	ui_active_field_fill	
W	orking with the Java API	
	Overview	
	Using the Javadocs	
	Testing the Installation	
	API Class Instantiation	
	API Objects for Person Data	
	About the PersonBO Class	
	Processing Searches	
	Adding Person Data	
	Processing Person Data	
	Updating Person Data	
	Customizing the Application Appearance.	
	Working with the Sample Code	
0 h a	For More Information	
	ter 4: Person Package	
ΑD	out this Chapter	
	Overview	
Ab	out the Person Package	
	Overview	
	The Person Package	
	For More Information	
Ac	tiveField Class	
	getActiveFieldFillEnumeration	
	getDbColumnName	
	getDefaultValue	
	getFieldLabel	
	getFieldName	
	getFuncCode	
	getRequired	
	getSetCode	
	getTableName	
Ac	tiveFieldFill Class4	
	getFieldName	1-14
	getFillTrigger4	1-15
	getFillValue4	1-16
	getFunctionCode	1-17
Ac	tiveFunction Class4	1-18
	getFunctionCode	
	getFunctionDescription4	
	getSetCode	
Ac	tiveLookup Class4	
•	getActiveFields	
	getActiveFieldsByUser	
	getActiveFunctions	
	getActiveSet	
		1 27

ActiveSet Class	4-28
getAutoAssign	
getSetCode	4-30
getSetDescription	4-30
getSystemCode	4-31
Address Class	4-33
Address	4-35
equals	4-36
getAddress1	4-37
getAddress2	4-39
getAddress3	4-39
getAddress4	4-40
getAddressType	4-41
getCity	4-42
getCountry	
getCounty	
getHouseNumber	
getPostalCode	
getPostalCodeExt	
getStateOrProvince	
getStreetDir	
getStreetName	
getStreetType	
setAddress1	
setAddress2	
setAddress3	
setAddress4	
setCity	
setCountry	
setCounty	
setPostalCode	
setPostalCodeExt	
setStateOrProvince	
toString	
Alias Class	
Alias	
equals	
getFirstName	
getLastName	
getMiddleName	
getUidgetUid	
setFirstName	
setLastName	
setMiddleName	
toString	
Audit Class	
Audit	
getDetailgetFunct	
getTimestamp	
getUid1getUid1	
· · ·	
getUid2	
getUserId	
setDetail	
setFunct	
setTimestamp	4 -/8

setUid2	4	⊦ -79
setUserId	4	1-80
Auxld Class	4	I-81
Auxld	4	I-83
equals	4	I-84
getAuxIdType		
getld		
setAuxIdType		
setId		
toString		
CityState Class		
getCity		
getCounty		
getResidenceCode		
getState		
CodeDisplay Class		
getCode		
getCommonDetailId		
getCommonHeaderId		
getCommon readend getCreateDate		
getCreateUserId		
getDisplay		
getReadOnly		
CodeLookup Class		
getCodeDisplayPairs		
getDisplayValue		
getInstance		
ControlKey Class		
For More Information		
getCheckSumLength		
getCountry		
getDateFormat		
getDobSearchRange		
getDuplicateSearchLimit		
getDuplicateOearthEffittgetDuplicateThreshold		
getEndTime		
getExactSearchLength		
getInstance		
getMatchThreshold		
getMaximumThreshold		
getMinimumThresholdgetMinimumThreshold		
getStartTime		
getUidLength		
isAllowNumericEnabled		
isAssumeMatchEnabled		
isAuditOnOffisBlankOnLindateEnabled		
isBlankOnUpdateEnabledisDahVoorBoguired		
isDobYearRequiredisDuplicateCheckEnabled	4- 1	120
isExtensiveSearchEnabled		
isMixedCaseEnabled		
isOneExactMatchEnabled		
isSameFacilityReportEnabledisSeeDeactivatedEnabled		
isSeeMergedEnabledisSeeMergedEnabled		
isShortIdEnabled		134

CountryOption Class	4-135
getControlType	
getCountryCode	4-137
getOptionName	4-138
getValue	
CountryOptionLookup	4-140
getInstance	4-141
getOptionSet	4-141
lookupOptionValue	4-142
Demographics Class	4-144
Demographics	4-147
clearAll	
copyDemographics	4-149
setCitizenship	
setClass1	
setClass2	4-151
setClass3	4-151
setClass4	4-152
setClass5	4-153
setDate1	4-153
setDate2	4-154
setDate3	4-155
setDate4	4-155
setDate5	4-156
setDateOfDeath	4-156
setDeath	4-157
setDeathCertificate	4-158
setDistrictOf Residence	4-158
setDob	4-159
setDriversLicenseNumber	4-160
setDriversLicenseState	4-160
setEthnic	
setFatherNamesetFatherName	4-162
setFirstName	4-162
setGender	4-163
setLanguage	4-164
setLastName	
setLgaCode	4-165
setMaidenName	4-165
setMaritalStatus	4-166
setMiddleName	4-167
setMilitaryBranchsetMilitaryBranch	
setMilitaryRank	
setMilitaryStatus	
setMotherMaidenName	
setMotherName	
setNationality	
setPensionExpirationDate	
setPensionNumber	
setPersonCategoryCode	
setPobCity	
setPobCountry	
setPobState	
setRace	
setReligion	
setRepatriationNumber	
•	

	setSpouseName	. 4-177
	setSsn	. 4-178
	setString1	. 4-179
	setString10	. 4-179
	setString2	
	setString3	
	setString4	
	setString5	
	setString6	
	setString7	
	setString8	
	setString9	
	setSuffixsetSuffix	
	setTitle	
	setVeteranStatus	
_	setVipFlag	. 4-187
	mographicsResultRO Class	
	compareTo	
	getCitizenship	
	getClass1	
	getClass2	
	getClass3	4-193
	getClass4	. 4-194
	getClass5	. 4-195
	getComparisonScore	. 4-196
	getDate1	. 4-196
	getDate2	
	getDate3	
	getDate4	
	getDate5	
	getDateOfDeath	
	getDeath	
	getDeathCertificate	
	getDistrictOfResidencegetDistrictOfResidence	
	getDob	
	getDriversLicenseNumber	
	getDriversLicenseState	
	getEthnic	
	getFatherName	
	getFirstName	
	getGender	
	getLastName	
	getLgaCode	
	getMaidenName	. 4-212
	getMaritalStatus	. 4-212
	getMiddleName	. 4-213
	getMilitaryBranch	. 4-214
	getMilitaryRank	
	getMilitaryStatus	
	getMotherMaidenName	
	getNationality	
	getPensionExpirationDate	
	getPensionNumber	
	getPersonCategoryCode	
	getPobCitygetPobCity	
	getPobCountrygetPobCountry	
	gen obooming	. 4-221

getPobState	4-222
getRace	4-223
getReligion	4-224
getRepatriationNumber	4-224
getSpouseName	
getSsn	
getStatus	
getString1	
getString10	
getString2	
getString3	
getString4	
getString5	
getString6	
getString7	
getString8	
getString9	
getSuffix	
getTitle	
getUid	
getVeteranStatus	
getVipFlag	
toString	
DemographicsRO Class	
getCitizenship	
getClass1	
getClass2	4-247
getClass3	4-248
getClass4	4-249
getClass5	4-249
getDate1	4-250
getDate2	4-251
getDate3	4-251
getDate4	4-252
getDate5	
getDateOfDeath	
getDeath	
getDeathCertificate	
getDistrictOfResidence	
getDob	
getDriversLicenseNumber	
getDriversLicenseState	
getEthnic	
getFatherName	
getFirstName	
getGender	
getLanguage	
getLastName	
getLgaCode	
getMaidenName	
getMaritalStatus	
getMiddleName	
getMilitaryBranch	
getMilitaryRank	
getMilitaryStatus	
getMotherMaidenName	4-269

	4-270
getNationality	4-270
getPensionExpirationDate	4-271
getPensionNumber	4-272
getPersonCategoryCode	4-273
getPobCity	
getPobCountry	4-274
getPobState	
getRace	
getReligion	
getRepatriationNumber	
getSpouseName	
getSsn	
getStatus	
getString1	
getString10	
getString2	
getString3	
getString4	
getString5	
getString6	
getString7	
getString8	
getString9	
getSuffix	
getTitle	
getVeteranStatus	
getVipFlag	
EiBOFactory Class	
getEiSystemBOInstance	4-292
getEiSystemBOInstancegetLocalIdBOInstance	4-292 4-293
getEiSystemBOInstance getLocalIdBOInstance getPersonBOInstance	4-292 4-293 4-294
getEiSystemBOInstance getLocalIdBOInstance getPersonBOInstance EiConnection Class	4-292 4-293 4-294 4-295
getEiSystemBOInstance getLocalIdBOInstance getPersonBOInstance EiConnection Class clearWarnings	
getEiSystemBOInstance getLocalIdBOInstance getPersonBOInstance EiConnection Class clearWarnings close	
getEiSystemBOInstance getLocalIdBOInstance getPersonBOInstance EiConnection Class clearWarnings close commit	4-292 4-293 4-294 4-295 4-297 4-297 4-298
getEiSystemBOInstance getLocalIdBOInstance getPersonBOInstance EiConnection Class clearWarnings close commit createStatement	4-292 4-293 4-294 4-295 4-297 4-297 4-298 4-299
getEiSystemBOInstance getLocalIdBOInstance getPersonBOInstance EiConnection Class clearWarnings close commit createStatement getAutoCommit	4-292 4-293 4-294 4-295 4-297 4-298 4-299 4-300
getEiSystemBOInstance getLocalIdBOInstance getPersonBOInstance EiConnection Class clearWarnings close commit createStatement getAutoCommit getCatalog	4-292 4-293 4-294 4-295 4-297 4-298 4-299 4-300 4-300
getEiSystemBOInstance getLocalIdBOInstance getPersonBOInstance EiConnection Class clearWarnings close commit createStatement getAutoCommit getCatalog getEiServer	4-292 4-293 4-294 4-295 4-297 4-298 4-299 4-300 4-300 4-301
getEiSystemBOInstance getLocalIdBOInstance getPersonBOInstance EiConnection Class clearWarnings close commit createStatement getAutoCommit getCatalog getEiServer getMetaData	4-292 4-293 4-294 4-295 4-297 4-298 4-299 4-300 4-300 4-301 4-302
getEiSystemBOInstance getLocalIdBOInstance getPersonBOInstance EiConnection Class clearWarnings close commit createStatement getAutoCommit getCatalog getEiServer getMetaData getStartTransactionStatement	4-292 4-293 4-294 4-295 4-297 4-298 4-299 4-300 4-300 4-301 4-302 4-303
getEiSystemBOInstance getLocalIdBOInstance getPersonBOInstance EiConnection Class clearWarnings close commit createStatement getAutoCommit getCatalog getEiServer getMetaData getStartTransactionStatement getTransactionIsolation	4-292 4-293 4-294 4-295 4-297 4-298 4-299 4-300 4-301 4-302 4-303 4-303
getEiSystemBOInstance getLocalIdBOInstance getPersonBOInstance EiConnection Class clearWarnings close commit createStatement getAutoCommit getCatalog getEiServer getMetaData getStartTransactionStatement getTypeMap	4-292 4-293 4-294 4-295 4-297 4-298 4-299 4-300 4-300 4-301 4-302 4-303 4-303 4-303
getEiSystemBOInstance getPersonBOInstance getPersonBOInstance EiConnection Class clearWarnings close commit createStatement getAutoCommit getCatalog getEiServer getMetaData getStartTransactionStatement getTypeMap getWarnings	4-292 4-293 4-294 4-295 4-297 4-298 4-299 4-300 4-301 4-302 4-303 4-303 4-303 4-304 4-305
getEiSystemBOInstance getPersonBOInstance getPersonBOInstance EiConnection Class clearWarnings close commit createStatement getAutoCommit getCatalog getEiServer getMetaData getStartTransactionStatement getTypeMap getWarnings isClosed	4-292 4-293 4-294 4-295 4-297 4-298 4-299 4-300 4-301 4-301 4-303 4-303 4-303 4-303 4-305 4-305
getEiSystemBOInstance getPersonBOInstance getPersonBOInstance EiConnection Class clearWarnings close commit createStatement getAutoCommit getCatalog getEiServer getMetaData getStartTransactionStatement getTypeMap getWarnings isClosed isReadOnly	4-292 4-293 4-294 4-295 4-297 4-297 4-298 4-299 4-300 4-301 4-302 4-303 4-303 4-303 4-304 4-305 4-305
getEiSystemBOInstance getPersonBOInstance EiConnection Class clearWarnings close commit createStatement getAutoCommit getCatalog getEiServer getMetaData getStartTransactionStatement getTypeMap getWarnings isClosed isReadOnly nativeSQL	4-292 4-293 4-294 4-295 4-297 4-297 4-298 4-299 4-300 4-301 4-301 4-302 4-303 4-303 4-304 4-305 4-307 4-308
getEiSystemBOInstance getPersonBOInstance getPersonBOInstance EiConnection Class clearWarnings close commit createStatement getAutoCommit getCatalog getEiServer getMetaData getStartTransactionStatement getTransactionIsolation getTypeMap getWarnings isClosed isReadOnly nativeSQL prepareCall	4-292 4-293 4-294 4-295 4-297 4-297 4-298 4-299 4-300 4-301 4-302 4-303 4-303 4-303 4-305 4-305 4-307 4-308
getEiSystemBOInstance getLocalIdBOInstance getPersonBOInstance EiConnection Class clearWarnings close commit createStatement getAutoCommit getCatalog getEiServer getMetaData getStartTransactionStatement getTypeMap getWarnings isClosed isReadOnly nativeSQL prepareCall prepareStatement	4-292 4-293 4-294 4-295 4-297 4-298 4-299 4-300 4-301 4-302 4-303 4-303 4-303 4-304 4-305 4-305 4-307 4-308 4-308
getEiSystemBOInstance getPersonBOInstance getPersonBOInstance EiConnection Class clearWarnings close commit createStatement getAutoCommit getCatalog getEiServer getMetaData getStartTransactionStatement getTransactionIsolation getTypeMap getWarnings isClosed isReadOnly nativeSQL prepareCall prepareStatement rollback	4-292 4-293 4-294 4-295 4-297 4-297 4-298 4-299 4-300 4-301 4-302 4-303 4-303 4-303 4-304 4-305 4-305 4-307 4-308 4-308 4-309 4-311
getEiSystemBOInstance getLocalIdBOInstance getPersonBOInstance EiConnection Class clearWarnings close commit createStatement getAutoCommit getCatalog getEiServer getMetaData getStartTransactionStatement getTransactionIsolation getTypeMap getWarnings isClosed isReadOnly nativeSQL prepareCall prepareStatement rollback setAutoCommit	4-292 4-293 4-294 4-295 4-297 4-297 4-298 4-299 4-300 4-301 4-302 4-303 4-303 4-304 4-305 4-305 4-308 4-308 4-309 4-311
getEiSystemBOInstance getPersonBOInstance getPersonBOInstance EiConnection Class clearWarnings close commit createStatement getAutoCommit getCatalog getEiServer getMetaData getStartTransactionStatement getTransactionIsolation getTypeMap getWarnings isClosed isReadOnly nativeSQL prepareCall prepareStatement rollback setAutoCommit setCatalog	4-292 4-293 4-294 4-295 4-297 4-297 4-298 4-299 4-300 4-301 4-302 4-303 4-303 4-304 4-305 4-305 4-305 4-308 4-309 4-311 4-312 4-312
getEiSystemBOInstance getLocalIdBOInstance getPersonBOInstance EiConnection Class clearWarnings close commit createStatement getAutoCommit getCatalog getEiServer getMetaData getStartTransactionStatement getTransactionIsolation getTypeMap getWarnings isClosed isReadOnly nativeSQL prepareCall prepareStatement rollback setAutoCommit setCatalog setReadOnly	4-292 4-293 4-294 4-295 4-297 4-297 4-298 4-299 4-300 4-301 4-302 4-303 4-303 4-304 4-305 4-305 4-307 4-308 4-309 4-311 4-312 4-312
getEiSystemBOInstance getPersonBOInstance getPersonBOInstance EiConnection Class clearWarnings close commit createStatement getAutoCommit getCatalog getEiServer getMetaData getStartTransactionStatement getTransactionIsolation getTypeMap getWarnings isClosed isReadOnly nativeSQL prepareCall prepareStatement rollback setAutoCommit setCatalog	4-292 4-293 4-294 4-295 4-297 4-297 4-298 4-299 4-300 4-301 4-302 4-303 4-303 4-305 4-305 4-305 4-307 4-308 4-309 4-311 4-312 4-312 4-313

EiNull Interface	4-316
BOOLEAN	4-317
FLOAT	4-317
LONG	4-317
SQL DATE	
STRING	
TIMESTAMP	
EiServer Class	
EiServer	
equals	
getConnection	
•	
getDbTimestamp	
getEiBOFactory	
getLogicalName	
getProperties	
hashCode	
EiSystem Class	
getAddress1	
getAddress2	
getAllowLessIdLength	
getCity	4-333
getCountry	
getCounty	4-334
getCreateDate	4-335
getDescription	4-336
getIdLength	4-337
getLocalIdFormat	
getNextLocalId	
getRegionCode	
getState	
getStatus	
getSystemCode	
getZip	
getZipExt	
isFormatMatch	
isLocalIdMaskEnabled	
isSystemMaskEnabled	
EiSystemBO Class	
getSystem	
getSystemDescription	
getSystemEnumeration	
EnumCodeType Class	
ADDRESS_TYPE	
CITIZENSHIP	
COUNTRY	
DEPT	
DISTRICT_OF_RESIDENCE	
DRIVER_LICENSE_ISSUER	
ETHNICITY	
EVENT	
EVENT_NOTIFICATION	4-356
GENDER	
LANGUAGE	4-356
MARITAL STATUS	
NATIONALITY	
PERSON CATEGORY	
=	

PERSON STATUS	4-357
PHONE TYPE	
RACE	
REGION	4-358
RELIGION	
STATE	
SUFFIX	
SYSTEM	
TITLE	
VETERAN STATUS	
VIP	
EnumCountryOption	
ADDRESS SEARCH	
COLUMN_FORMAT	4-303
GROUP_LABEL	
SUMMARY_TAB	
TAB_LABEL	
EnumLocalIdStatus Class	
getCode	
getEnumeration	
toString	
ACTIVE	
DEACTIVATED	
MERGED	4-370
EnumPersonStatus Class	4-371
getEnumeration	4-373
toString	
ACTIVE	
DEACTIVATED	
MERGED	
Localid Class	
Localid	
eguals	
getLocalld	
getStatus	
getSystemCode	
getUid	
LocalIdBO Class	
getLocalIdEnumeration	
isActive	
isDeactivated	
isMerged	
lookupLocalld	
LocalIdGenerator Class	
getInstance	
getNextLocalId	
Person Class	
Person	
clearAll	
getAddressEnumeration	4-399
getAliasEnumeration	
getAuxIdEnumeration	
getDemographics	
getLocalIdEnumeration	
getPhoneEnumeration	
getUid	

setDemographics	4-405
PersonBO Class	4-407
addAddress	4-409
addAlias	4-410
addAudit	4-411
addAuxld	
addLocalld	
addPerson	
addPhone	
addPredefinedComment	
addUserDefinedComment	
getActiveUid	
getDemographics	
hasAddress	
hasAlias	
hasAuxld	
hasLocalid	
hasPhone	
isActivePerson	
isDeactivatedPerson	
isMergedPerson	
loadPerson	
lookupUid	
processPerson	
searchAlphasearchGeneral	
searchPhonetic	
uidLookupByAuxId	
updatePerson PersonSearchResult Class	
first	
getResultRow	
last	
next	
previous	
setResultRow	
sizePhone Class	
Phone	
equals	
getPhoneExtension	
getPhoneNumber	
getPhoneType	
getUid	
setPhoneExtension	
setPhoneNumber	
toString	
PredefinedMsg Class	
getCode	
getDescription	
PredefinedMsgRegistry Class	
getInstance	
getPredefinedMsgEnumeration	
SearchParameters Class	
SearchParameters	
setl lid	4-473

Security Class	
getInstance	4-476
isUserValid	4-476
Ssn Class	4-478
Ssn	4-479
equals	4-480
toString	4-480
NULL	
Transaction Class	
Transaction	
equals	
getDepartment	
getFunction	
getSource	
getSystem	
getTerminalId	
getTimestamp	
getUserId	
toString	
Uid Class	
Uid	
equals	
toString	
NULL	
ZipCodeLookup Class	
getCityState	
getInstance	4-499
Chapter 5: Exception Package	
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter	4-1
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter	4-1 4-1
Chapter 5: Exception Package	4-1 4-1 4-2
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter Overview About the Exception Package Overview	4-1 4-1 4-2 4-2
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter Overview About the Exception Package Overview The Exception Package	4-1 4-1 4-2 4-2 4-2
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter Overview About the Exception Package Overview The Exception Package Exception Classes	4-1 4-2 4-2 4-2 4-2 4-2
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter Overview About the Exception Package Overview The Exception Package Exception Classes EiException Class	4-1 4-2 4-2 4-2 4-2 4-3
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter Overview About the Exception Package Overview The Exception Package Exception Classes EiException Class EiException.DataNotFound Class	4-1 4-2 4-2 4-2 4-2 4-3 4-5
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter Overview About the Exception Package Overview The Exception Package Exception Classes EiException Class EiException.DataNotFound Class EiException.DataNotFound	4-1 4-2 4-2 4-2 4-3 4-5 4-7
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter Overview About the Exception Package Overview The Exception Package Exception Classes EiException Class EiException.DataNotFound Class EiException.DataNotFound EiException.DeleteRow Class	4-1 4-2 4-2 4-2 4-3 4-5 4-7 4-8
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter Overview About the Exception Package Overview The Exception Package Exception Classes EiException Class EiException.DataNotFound Class EiException.DataNotFound EiException.DeleteRow Class EiException.DeleteRow	4-1 4-2 4-2 4-2 4-3 4-5 4-7 4-8
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter Overview About the Exception Package Overview The Exception Package Exception Classes EiException Class EiException.DataNotFound Class EiException.DataNotFound EiException.DeleteRow Class EiException.DeleteRow EiException.EmptyString Class	4-1 4-2 4-2 4-2 4-3 4-5 4-7 4-8 4-10
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter Overview About the Exception Package Overview The Exception Package Exception Classes EiException Class EiException.DataNotFound Class EiException.DataNotFound EiException.DeleteRow Class EiException.DeleteRow EiException.EmptyString Class EiException.EmptyString	4-1 4-2 4-2 4-2 4-3 4-5 4-7 4-8 4-10 4-11
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter Overview About the Exception Package Overview The Exception Package Exception Classes EiException Class EiException.DataNotFound Class EiException.DataNotFound EiException.DeleteRow Class EiException.DeleteRow EiException.EmptyString Class	4-1 4-2 4-2 4-2 4-3 4-5 4-7 4-8 4-10 4-11
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter Overview About the Exception Package Overview The Exception Package Exception Classes EiException Class EiException.DataNotFound Class EiException.DataNotFound EiException.DeleteRow Class EiException.DeleteRow EiException.EmptyString Class EiException.EmptyString	4-1 4-2 4-2 4-2 4-3 4-5 4-7 4-10 4-11 4-13
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter Overview About the Exception Package Overview The Exception Package Exception Classes EiException Class EiException.DataNotFound Class EiException.DataNotFound EiException.DeleteRow Class EiException.DeleteRow EiException.EmptyString Class EiException.EmptyString EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength Class	4-1 4-2 4-2 4-2 4-3 4-5 4-10 4-11 4-13 4-14
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter Overview About the Exception Package Overview The Exception Package Exception Classes EiException Class EiException.DataNotFound Class EiException.DataNotFound EiException.DeleteRow Class EiException.DeleteRow EiException.EmptyString Class EiException.EmptyString EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength Class EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength	4-1 4-2 4-2 4-2 4-3 4-5 4-7 4-10 4-11 4-13 4-14 4-16 4-17
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter Overview About the Exception Package Overview The Exception Package Exception Classes EiException Class EiException.DataNotFound Class EiException.DataNotFound EiException.DeleteRow Class EiException.DeleteRow EiException.EmptyString Class EiException.EmptyString EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength Class EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength EiException.GeneralException Class	
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter Overview About the Exception Package Overview The Exception Package Exception Classes EiException Class EiException.DataNotFound Class EiException.DataNotFound EiException.DeleteRow Class EiException.DeleteRow EiException.EmptyString Class EiException.EmptyString Class EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength Class EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength EiException.GeneralException Class EiException.GeneralException	
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter Overview About the Exception Package Overview The Exception Package Exception Classes EiException Classes EiException.DataNotFound Class EiException.DataNotFound EiException.DeleteRow Class EiException.DeleteRow EiException.EmptyString Class EiException.EmptyString Class EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength Class EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength EiException.GeneralException Class EiException.GeneralException EiException.InvalidData Class	
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter Overview About the Exception Package Overview The Exception Package Exception Classes EiException.DataNotFound Class EiException.DataNotFound EiException.DeleteRow Class EiException.DeleteRow EiException.EmptyString Class EiException.EmptyString Class EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength Class EiException.GeneralException Class EiException.GeneralException EiException.InvalidData Class EiException.InvalidData EiException.InvalidData EiException.InvalidData EiException.InvalidHistory Class	
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter Overview About the Exception Package Overview The Exception Package Exception Classes EiException DataNotFound Class EiException.DataNotFound EiException.DeleteRow Class EiException.DeleteRow EiException.EmptyString Class EiException.EmptyString Class EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength Class EiException.GeneralException Class EiException.GeneralException EiException.InvalidData Class EiException.InvalidData EiException.InvalidHistory Class EiException.InvalidHistory EiException.InvalidHistory EiException.InvalidHistory	
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter Overview About the Exception Package Overview The Exception Package Exception Classes EiException DataNotFound Class EiException.DataNotFound EiException.DeleteRow Class EiException.DeleteRow EiException.EmptyString Class EiException.EmptyString Class EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength Class EiException.GeneralException Class EiException.GeneralException EiException.InvalidData Class EiException.InvalidData EiException.InvalidHistory Class EiException.InvalidHistory EiException.InvalidLocalIdStatus Class	
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter Overview About the Exception Package Overview The Exception Package Exception Classes EiException Class EiException. DataNotFound Class EiException. DeleteRow Class EiException. DeleteRow Class EiException. EmptyString Class EiException. EmptyString EiException. ExceedMaxStringLength Class EiException. ExceedMaxStringLength EiException. GeneralException Class EiException. GeneralException EiException. InvalidData Class EiException. InvalidData EiException. InvalidHistory Class EiException. InvalidHistory EiException. InvalidLocalIdStatus Class EiException. InvalidLocalIdStatus EiException. InvalidLocalIdStatus EiException. InvalidLocalIdStatus	
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter Overview About the Exception Package Overview The Exception Package Exception Classes EiException Class EiException.DataNotFound Class EiException.DataNotFound EiException.DeleteRow Class EiException.DeleteRow EiException.EmptyString Class EiException.EmptyString Length Class EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength Class EiException.GeneralException Class EiException.GeneralException Class EiException.InvalidData Class EiException.InvalidData EiException.InvalidHistory EiException.InvalidHistory EiException.InvalidLocalIdStatus Class EiException.InvalidLocalIdStatus EiException.InvalidParameter Class	
Chapter 5: Exception Package About this Chapter Overview About the Exception Package Overview The Exception Package Exception Classes EiException Class EiException. DataNotFound Class EiException. DeleteRow Class EiException. DeleteRow Class EiException. EmptyString Class EiException. EmptyString EiException. ExceedMaxStringLength Class EiException. ExceedMaxStringLength EiException. GeneralException Class EiException. GeneralException EiException. InvalidData Class EiException. InvalidData EiException. InvalidHistory Class EiException. InvalidHistory EiException. InvalidLocalIdStatus Class EiException. InvalidLocalIdStatus EiException. InvalidLocalIdStatus EiException. InvalidLocalIdStatus	

EiException.InvalidUid Class	EiException.InvalidTimestamp Class	4-35
EiException.InvalidUid Class4-38EiException.InvalidUid4-40EiException.InvalidUniqueKeyQuery Class4-41EiException.MatchException Class4-44EiException.MatchException4-46EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified Class4-47EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull Class4-50EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull4-52EiException.UniqueKeyException Class4-53EiException.UniqueKeyException4-55EiException.UpdateRow Class4-56EiException.UpdateRow4-58EiRuntimeException Class4-59EiRuntimeException4-59EiRuntimeException4-61	EiException.InvalidTimestamp	4-37
EiException.InvalidUid4-40EiException.InvalidUniqueKeyQuery Class4-41EiException.MatchException Class4-44EiException.MatchException4-46EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified Class4-47EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified4-49EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull Class4-50EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull4-52EiException.UniqueKeyException Class4-53EiException.UniqueKeyException4-55EiException.UpdateRow Class4-56EiException.UpdateRow4-58EiRuntimeException Class4-59EiRuntimeException4-59EiRuntimeException4-61	EiException.InvalidUid Class	4-38
EiException.InvalidUniqueKeyQuery4-43EiException.MatchException Class4-44EiException.MatchException4-46EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified Class4-47EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified4-49EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull Class4-50EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull4-52EiException.UniqueKeyException Class4-53EiException.UniqueKeyException4-55EiException.UpdateRow Class4-56EiException.UpdateRow4-58EiRuntimeException Class4-59EiRuntimeException4-61		
EiException.InvalidUniqueKeyQuery4-43EiException.MatchException Class4-44EiException.MatchException4-46EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified Class4-47EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified4-49EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull Class4-50EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull4-52EiException.UniqueKeyException Class4-53EiException.UniqueKeyException4-55EiException.UpdateRow Class4-56EiException.UpdateRow4-58EiRuntimeException Class4-59EiRuntimeException4-61	EiException.InvalidUniqueKeyQuery Class	4-41
EiException.MatchException4-46EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified Class4-47EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified4-49EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull Class4-50EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull4-52EiException.UniqueKeyException Class4-53EiException.UniqueKeyException4-55EiException.UpdateRow Class4-56EiException.UpdateRow4-58EiRuntimeException Class4-59EiRuntimeException4-61		
EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified Class4-47EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified4-49EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull Class4-50EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull4-52EiException.UniqueKeyException Class4-53EiException.UniqueKeyException4-55EiException.UpdateRow Class4-56EiException.UpdateRow4-58EiRuntimeException Class4-59EiRuntimeException4-61	EiException.MatchException Class	4-44
EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified4-49EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull Class4-50EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull4-52EiException.UniqueKeyException Class4-53EiException.UniqueKeyException4-55EiException.UpdateRow Class4-56EiException.UpdateRow4-58EiRuntimeException Class4-59EiRuntimeException4-61	EiException.MatchException	4-46
EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified4-49EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull Class4-50EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull4-52EiException.UniqueKeyException Class4-53EiException.UniqueKeyException4-55EiException.UpdateRow Class4-56EiException.UpdateRow4-58EiRuntimeException Class4-59EiRuntimeException4-61	EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified Class	4-47
EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull4-52EiException.UniqueKeyException Class4-53EiException.UniqueKeyException4-55EiException.UpdateRow Class4-56EiException.UpdateRow4-58EiRuntimeException Class4-59EiRuntimeException4-61	EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified	4-49
EiException.UniqueKeyException Class4-53EiException.UniqueKeyException4-55EiException.UpdateRow Class4-56EiException.UpdateRow4-58EiRuntimeException Class4-59EiRuntimeException4-61	EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull Class	4-50
EiException.UniqueKeyException4-55EiException.UpdateRow Class4-56EiException.UpdateRow4-58EiRuntimeException Class4-59EiRuntimeException4-61	EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull	4-52
EiException.UpdateRow Class4-56EiException.UpdateRow4-58EiRuntimeException Class4-59EiRuntimeException4-61	EiException.UniqueKeyException Class	4-53
EiException.UpdateRow4-58EiRuntimeException Class4-59EiRuntimeException4-61	EiException.UniqueKeyException	4-55
EiException.UpdateRow4-58EiRuntimeException Class4-59EiRuntimeException4-61	EiException.UpdateRow Class	4-56
EiRuntimeException4-61		
printStackTrace4-62	EiRuntimeException	4-61
	printStackTrace	4-62

Contents

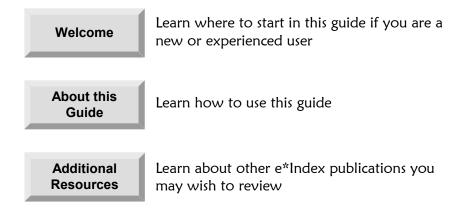
Introduction

About this Chapter

Overview

This Introduction welcomes new and experienced e*Index™ Global Identifier (e*Index) users and explains the structure of this guide and how to use this guide.

The following diagram illustrates each major topic in this chapter.



Welcome

About e*Index

e*Index is SeeBeyond's enterprise-wide master person index, designed to help you maintain information about your members, and to ensure that the information is the most current and accurate data available. e*Index works together with SeeBeyond's e*Gate and the Database e*Ways to transfer information among various computer systems within your business. Using the Java API functions provided with e*Index, you can create your own Java programs to insert and update data in the e*Index database. The Java functions ensure that data integrity is maintained and that records are identified and cross-referenced accurately.

To New Users

If you are new to e*Index, you should browse through this guide before you begin to use the Java APIs provided with e*Index. Chapters 2 and 3 of this guide provide background and explanatory information you may need to understand before beginning to work with the e*Index Java APIs. After reading this overview information and the conceptual information, you will be ready to create your own customized programs using the standard set of e*Index Java APIs described in chapters 4 and 5.

To Established Users

If you are a more advanced e*Index user, you may prefer to use this guide as a quick reference to find information about forgotten or unfamiliar Java functions. If you know what you need to do, but do not remember exactly how to do it, you can easily find what you need in the Table of Contents. Or, you can browse through the guide and find the appropriate background information or API description by scanning headings and titles.

Recommended Reading

This guide does not explain standard message processing for e*Index, although it is very helpful to understand e*Index processing concepts. Before working with the Java APIs for e*Index Active Integration, SeeBeyond recommends that you read Chapter 2, "Understanding Operational Processes" in the *e*Index Global Identifier Technical Reference*. This chapter provides general information about the architecture and components of e*Index, data processing flow, and e*Index database tables. This information can be very useful when designing the active applications to use with e*Index.

About this Guide

Purpose

This guide provides the information you need to create programs in Java that use the matching logic of e*Index to insert and update information in the e*Index database. It also provides an overview of the data processing flow for e*Index, and describes each e*Index Java class and method.

Scope

This guide includes:

- Conceptual information about the Java APIs for e*Index Active Integration
- A complete reference to the Java APIs for e*Index Active Integration, including descriptions, syntax, parameters, return values, and examples

This guide does not explain how to perform any of the tasks listed below. For a list of publications that contain this information, see "Additional Resources" at the end of this chapter.

- How to use the GUI front-end for e*Index applications
- How to install and configure e*Index
- How to configure the e*Index Schema
- How to create and implement Java programs

Intended Audience

This guide should be read by any Java programmers who need to include the Java APIs for e*Index Active Integration in their Java programs. To understand the information in this guide, a reasonably good understanding of the following areas is recommended:

- Java programming concepts
- Database connectivity using Java
- Your e*Index environment
- e*Index data processing concepts
- The data formats used by the systems you work with

Using this Guide

Before you begin to use this guide:

- 1 You may want to review information presented in other e*Index guides. See "Additional Resources" at the end of this chapter for a list of available publications.
- 2 Skim through this guide to familiarize yourself with the locations of essential functions you need to use or API descriptions you need to understand. Each chapter begins with a simple graphic that identifies the information contained in the chapter.

Document Organization

This guide is divided into five chapters that cover the topics shown below.

Chapter	Topics	
Chapter 1, Introduction	Welcome	
	About this Guide	
	Additional Resources	
Chapter 2, Overview of the	Learning About e*Index Active Integration	
Java API	 Learning About the Java APIs for e*Index Active Integration 	
	Learning About Active Integration Java Classes	
Chapter 3, Implementing	■ Working with Supporting Files	
e*Index Active Integration	About Active Integration Database Tables	
	Working with the Java API	
Chapter 4, Person Package	Learning About the Person Package	
	Class and method descriptions	
Chapter 5, Exception	Learning About the Exception Package	
Package	Class and method descriptions	

Conventions

Before you read this guide, it's important to understand the typographic, icon, special notation, and other conventions used in this guide.

Typographic Conventions

The following typographic conventions are used in this and other e*Index publications.

Item	Convention	Example
Book titles	Title caps, italic	See the e*Index Global Identifier User Guide
Chapter titles (and section titles within chapters)	Title caps, in quotation marks	See Chapter 3, "Implementing e*Index Active Integration" See "Working with the Sample Code" later in this chapter
New terms	Italic	This class reads a property file.
Typed command syntax	Bold for constants Bold-italic for user- specified values Brackets denote optional values	Type mkdir release
Java method syntax	Shaded Italic for parameters Brackets denote optional values	<pre>public boolean equals(java.lang.Object obj)</pre>

Icon and Special Notation Conventions

The following conventions are used in this and other e*Index publications to identify special types of information.

Icon or Notation	Type of information
Note	Supplemental information that is helpful to know, but not essential to completing a particular task.
Тір	Information that helps you to apply techniques and procedures described in the text to your specific needs. May also suggest alternative methods.
Important!	Information that is essential to the completion of a task.
Caution!	Advises you to take specific action to avoid loss of data.
	Indicates the beginning of a step-by-step instruction.
√	Specifies a task to perform before you begin a step-by-step instruction.
0	Indicates a cross-reference to other sections of the guide or to other publications.

Additional Resources

SeeBeyond has developed a suite of e*Index user guides and related publications that are distributed in an electronic library.

- e*Index Global Identifier User's Guide Helps e*Index quality workstation users to perform database maintenance tasks, such as merging and unmerging records, finding and resolving potential duplicates, adding and updating records, and viewing the audit trail.
- e*Index Administrator User's Guide Helps system administrators configure system parameters, customize e*Index, work with Vality rule set files, and processing codes. This guide also describes how to maintain the information in the database that is used to populate the drop-down lists in the e*Index.
- e*Index Security User's Guide Helps system administrators add users and user groups to e*Index, to grant security permissions to users and user groups, to maintain user and user group information, and to configure certain system parameters.
- e*Index Global Identifier Technical Reference Describes message processing for e*Index, as well as database tables and e*Index Monk APIs. This guide also provides a complete listing of e*Index Monk APIs and functions, along with a description, parameters, syntax, return values, and examples for each.
- •*Index Initial Load User's Guide
 Provides the background information and instructions that system and database administrators need in order to load legacy data into the e*Index database, including a description of the expected data format and the schema files included with the load program.
- Working with Reports for e*Index Global Identifier Provides background information about the GUI and standard reports provided with e*Index, and explains how to modify and run the standard reports (for Oracle installations only).
- e*Index Global Identifier Installation Guide Helps system and database administrators install a new e*Index environment for the current release, including e*Index Schema files, the e*Index GUI, and database installation.
- e*Index Global Identifier Upgrade Guide Helps system and database administrators upgrade an existing e*Index environment to the most current release from version 4.1.2 or later, including e*Index Schema files, the e*Index GUI, and database upgrades.

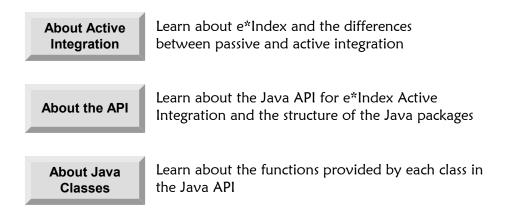
Overview of the Java API

About this Chapter

Overview

This chapter presents an overview of the classes, methods, and fields defines in the Java APIs for e*Index Active Integration, along with information about passive and active implementations of e*Index.

The following diagram illustrates each major topic in this chapter.



Learning About e*Index Active Integration

Overview

This section of the chapter provides background information about e*Index and active integration.

About e*Index

e*Index is an enterprise-wide index that maintains data and enables accurate identification of its members as they participate throughout a business enterprise. e*Index centralizes the identifying and demographic information for all members in one shared index, so that all individual look-ups and data retrievals obtain the most recent information on each person. e*Index uses a single data source regardless of the location or computer system from which member information is received. e*Index is able to cross-reference a member's records throughout several systems by assigning each member a unique global identifier.

e*Index was designed specifically to support geographically dispersed sites and disparate information systems across an enterprise, as well as various applications from multiple vendors. Maintaining a centralized database for multiple systems enables e*Index to integrate data within the enterprise while allowing local systems to continue operating independently.

Passive versus Active Integration

You can implement e*Index in two different modes: passive and active. In a passive implementation, e*Index does not directly interact with the systems that provide the data for the e*Index database, such as a registration system. All of the matching, identification, and cross-referencing are performed behind the scenes, after a record has already been added to or updated in a local system. Legacy system users do not interact directly with the e*Index system. Administrators use the Quality Workstation to monitor data; view assumed matches, potential duplicates, and audit trails; and to resolve potential duplicate records.

In an active implementation, you can use the Java APIs to create a program that provides access to both customized web-based applications and the e*Index system. The custom applications can be designed to allow a user to search for person data, update existing person records, and insert new person records directly in the e*Index database. This reduces the possibility of creating duplicate records that will later need to be analyzed and resolved. In active mode, administrators still use the Quality Workstation to monitor and maintain data.

Learning About the Java APIs for e*Index Active Integration

Overview

SeeBeyond created the Java APIs for e*Index Active Integration in order to enable highly customizable active implementations of e*Index. The APIs are provided in Java to allow you more flexibility when designing your active applications for e*Index. The APIs include a set of functions that allow you to create web-based applications based on a subset of e*Index functions. Using the active integration APIs, these web-based applications can interact with the e*Index database by searching for existing person records, viewing person information, adding new person records, or updating existing person records. The active integration APIs are multi-threaded, allowing multiple users to access the e*Index system through web-based browsers.

About the Active Integration Java Packages

The Java APIs for e*Index Active Integration are provided in two separate Java packages, each containing methods you can combine to perform actions of a specific type against the e*Index database. Each package, along with its associated classes, methods, and fields, is described in its own chapter. The packages are:

Person Package

The Person Package (**com.stc.eIndex.active.person**) provides the functions needed to lookup and view person information, to insert new person records into the e*Index database, and to update person records that already exist in the e*Index database. It also provides functions to read system parameter and database information, handle connections to the database, define enumerations, verify security information, look up country-specific attributes, look up display configurations, and generate local ID numbers.

Exception Package

The Exception Package (**com.stc.eIndex.active.exception**) provides the functions needed for exception handling during data processing. The methods in this package are used to throw exceptions when specific errors occur and to provide detailed messages about the errors.

Active Integration Java Class Hierarchy

The Java APIs for e*Index Active Integration are extensions of the Java class **java.lang.Object**. The outline below illustrates the hierarchy of classes provided with the Active Integration APIs.

- class java.lang.Object
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.ActiveField
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.ActiveFieldFill
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.ActiveFunction
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.ActiveLookup
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.ActiveSet
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.CityState
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.CodeDisplay
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.CodeLookup
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.ControlKey
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.CountryOptionLookup
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.CountryOption
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.DemographicsRO
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Demographics
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Person
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.SearchParameters
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DynamicDataObject
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.DemographicsResultRO (implements java.lang.Comparable)
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.EiSystem
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.PersonDependent
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Address
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Alias
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Audit
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.AuxId
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.LocalId
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Phone
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Transaction
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.EiBOFactory
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.EiConnection (implements java.sql.Connection)
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.EiServer
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.EiSystemBO
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.EnumCodeType
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.EnumCountryOption
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.EnumLocalIdStatus
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.EnumPersonStatus

- class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.LocalIdBO
- class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.LocalIdGenerator
- class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.PersonBO
- class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.PersonSearchResult
- class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.PredefinedMsg
- class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.PredefinedMsgRegistry
- class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Security
- class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Ssn
- class java.lang.Throwable (implements java.io.Serializable)
 - class java.lang.Exception
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.DataNotFound
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.DeleteRow
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.EmptyString
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.GeneralException
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.InvalidData
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.InvalidHistory
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.InvalidLocalIdStatus
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.InvalidParameter
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.InvalidPersonStatus
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.InvalidTimestamp
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.InvalidUid
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.InvalidUniqueKeyQuery
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.MatchException
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.UniqueKeyException
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.UpdateRow
 - class java.lang.RuntimeException
 - class com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiRuntimeException
- class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Transaction
- class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Uid (implements java.io.Serializable)
- class com.stc.eIndex.active.person.ZipCodeLookup

Interface Hierarchy

interface com.stc.eIndex.active.person.EiNull

Java Components at a Glance

The table below lists all the Java packages provided with e*Index Active Integration, along with their associated classes, methods, and fields.

Table 2- 1: Active Integration Person Package

	includes these	
This class	methods	and these fields
ActiveField	getActiveFieldFillEnumeration	
	getDbColumnName	
	getDefaultValue	
	getFieldLabel	
	getFieldName	
	getFuncCode	
	getRequired	
	getSetCode	
	getTableName	
ActiveFieldFill	getFieldName	
	getFillTrigger	
	getFillValue	
	getFunctionCode	
ActiveFunction	getFunctionCode	
	getFunctionDescription	
	getSetCode	
ActiveLookup	getActiveFields	
	getActiveFieldsByUser	
	getActiveFunctions	
	getActiveSet	
	getInstance	
ActiveSet	GetAutoAssign	
	getSetCode	
	getSetDescription	
	getSystemCode	
Address	Address	
	getAddress1	
	getAddress2	
	getAddress3	
	getAddress4	
	getAddressType	
	getCity	
	getCountry	
	getCounty	
	getHouseNumber	
	getPostalCode	
	getPostalCodeExt	
	getStateOrProvince	

	includes these	
This class	methods	and these fields
	getStreetDir	una tirese rietas tir
	getStreetName	
	getStreetType	
	setAddress1	
	setAddress2	
	setAddress3	
	setAddress4	
	setCity	
	setCountry	
	setCounty	
	setPostalCode	
	setPostalCodeExt	
	setStateOrProvince	
	setStreetDir	
	toString	
Alias	Alias	
/ tilus	equals	
	getFirstName	
	getLastName	
	getMiddleName	
	getUid	
	setFirstName	
	setLastName	
	setMiddleName	
	toString	
Audit	Audit	
Audit	getDetail	
	getFunct	
	getTimestamp	
	getUid1	
	getUid2	
	getUserId	
	setDetail	
	setFunct	
	setTimestamp	
	setUid2	
	setUserId	
AuxId	Auxld	
AMAIU	equals	
	getAuxIdType	
	getId	
	setAuxIdType	
	**	
	setId	

	includes these	
This class	methods	and these fields
	toString	
CityState	getCity	
	getCounty	
	getResidenceCode	
	getState	
CodeDisplay	getCode	
. ,	getCommonDetailId	
	getCommonHeaderId	
	getCreateDate	
	getCreateUserId	
	getDisplay	
	getReadOnly	
CodeLookup	getCodeDisplayPairs	
-	getDisplayValue	
	getInstance	
ControlKey	getCheckSumLength	
	getCountry	
	getDateFormat	
	getDobSearchRange	
	getDuplicateSearchLimit	
	getDuplicateThreshold	
	getEndTime	
	getExactSearchLength	
	getInstance	
	getMatchThreshold	
	getMaximumThreshold	
	getMinimumThreshold	
	getStartTime	
	getUidLength	
	isAllowNumericEnabled	
	isAssumeMatchEnabled	
	isAuditOnOff	
	isBlankOnUpdateEnabled	
	isDobYearRequired	
	isDuplicateCheckEnabled	
	isExtensiveSearchEnabled	
	isMixedCaseEnabled	
	isOneExactMatchEnabled	
	isSameFacilityReportEnabled	
	isSeeDeactivatedEnabled	
	isSeeMergedEnabled	
	isShortIdEnabled	

	includes these	
This class	methods	and these fields
Demographics	Demographics	
8 1	clearAll	
	copyDemographics	
	setCitizenship	
	setClass1	
	setClass2	
	setClass3	
	setClass4	
	setClass5	
	setDate1	
	setDate2	
	setDate3	
	setDate4	
	setDate5	
	setDateOfDeath	
	setDeath	
	setDeathCertificate	
	setDistrictOfResidence	
	setDob	
	setDriversLicenseNumber	
	setDriversLicenseState	
	setEthnic	
	setFatherName	
	setFirstName	
	setGender	
	setLanguage	
	setLastName	
	setLgaCode	
	setMaidenName	
	setMaritalStatus	
	setMiddleName	
	setMilitaryBranch	
	setMilitaryRank	
	setMilitaryStatus	
	setMotherMaidenName	
	setMotherName	
	setNationality	
	•	
	setPensionExpirationDate	
	setPensionNumber	
	setPersonCategoryCode	
	setPobCity	

This class	includes these methods	and these fields
	setPobCountry	
	setPobState	
	setRace	
	setReligion	
	setRepatriationNumber	
	setSpouseName	
	SetSsn	
	setString1	
	setString10	
	setString2	
	setString3	
	setString4	
	setString5	
	setString6	
	setString7	
	setString8	
	setString9	
	setSuffix	
	setTitle	
	setVeteranStatus	
	setVipFlag	
DemographicsResultRO	compareTo	
DemographicsResultRo	getCitizenship	
	getClass1	
	getClass2	
	getClass3	
	getClass4	
	getClass5	
	getComparisonScore	
	getDate1	
	getDate2	
	getDate3	
	getDate4	
	getDate5	
	getDateOfDeath	
	getDeath	
	getDeathCertificate	
	getDistrictOfResidence	
	getDob	
	getDriversLicenseNumber getDriversLicenseState	
	getEthnic	

	includes these	
This class	methods	and these fields
	getFatherName	
	getFirstName	
	getGender	
	getLanguage	
	getLastName	
	getLgaCode	
	getMaidenName	
	getMaritalStatus	
	getMiddleName	
	getMilitaryBranch	
	getMilitaryRank	
	getMilitaryStatus	
	getMotherMaidenName	
	getMotherName	
	getNationality	
	getPensionExpirationDate	
	getPensionNumber	
	getPobCity	
	getPobCountry	
	getPobState	
	getRace	
	getReligion	
	getRepatriationNumber	
	getSpouseName	
	getSsn	
	getStatus	
	getString1	
	getString10	
	getString2	
	getString3	
	getString4	
	getString5	
	getString6	
	getString7	
	getString8	
	getString9	
	getSuffix	
	getTitle	
	getUid	
	getVeteranStatus	
	getVipFlag	
	toString	

	includes these	
This class	methods	and these fields
DemographicsRO	getCitizenship	
	getClass1	
	getClass2	
	getClass3	
	getClass4	
	getClass5	
	getDate1	
	getDate2	
	getDate3	
	getDate4	
	getDate5	
	getDateOfDeath	
	getDeath	
	getDeathCertificate	
	getDistrictOfResidence	
	getDob	
	getDriversLicenseNumber	
	getDriversLicenseState	
	getEthnic	
	getFatherName	
	getFirstName	
	getGender	
	getLanguage	
	getLastName	
	getLgaCode	
	getMaidenName	
	getMaritalStatus	
	getMiddleName	
	getMilitaryBranch	
	getMilitaryRank	
	getMilitaryStatus	
	getMotherMaidenName	
	getMotherName	
	getNationality	
	getPensionExpirationDate	
	getPensionNumber	
	getPersonCategoryCode	
	getPobCity	
	getPobCountry	
	getPobState	

	includes these	
This class	methods	and these fields
11113 Clu33	getRace	and these news
	getReligion	
	getRepatriationNumber	
	getSpouseName	
	getSsn	
	getStatus	
	getString1	
	getString10	
	getString2	
	getString3	
	getString4	
	getString5	
	getString6	
	getString7	
	getString8	
	getString9	
	getSuffix	
	getTitle	
	getVeteranStatus	
	getVipFlag	
EiBOFactory	getEiSystemBOInstance	
7	getLocalIdBOInstance	
	getPersonBOInstance	
EiConnection	clearWarnings	
	close	
	commit	
	createStatement	
	getAutoCommit	
	getCatalog	
	getEiServer	
	getMetaData	
	get Start Transaction Statement	
	getTransactionIsolation	
	getTypeMap	
	getWarnings	
	isClosed	
	isReadOnly	
	nativeSQL	
	prepareCall	
	prepareStatement	
	rollback	
	setAutoCommit	

	includes these	
This class	methods	and these fields
11115 Class	setCatalog	and these helds
	G	
	setReadOnly setTransactionIsolation	
File. II (interfere)	setTypeMap	BOOLEAN
<i>EiNull</i> (interface)		FLOAT
		LONG
		SQL_DATE STRING
		TIMESTAMP
EiServer	F:C	TIMESTAMP
ElServer	EiServer	
	getConnection	
	getDbTimestamp	
	getEiBOFactory	
	getLogicalName	
	getProperties hashCode	
F'C(lookupEiServer	
EiSystem	getAddress1	
	getAddress2	
	getAllowLessIdLength	
	getCity	
	getCountry	
	getCounty	
	getCreateDate	
	getDescription	
	getIdLength	
	getLocalIdFormat	
	getNextLocalId	
	getRegionCode	
	getState	
	getStatus	
	getSystemCode	
	getZip	
	getZipExt	
	isFormatMatch	
	isLocalIdMaskEnabled	
F10 1 50	isSystemMaskEnabled	
EiSystemBO	getSystem	
	getSystemDescription	
	getSystemEnumeration	
EnumCodeType		ADDRESS_TYPE
		CITIZENSHIP

includes these methods COUNTRY DEPT DISTRICT_OF_RESIDENCE DRIVER_LICENSE_ISSUER ETHNICITY EVENT EVENT EVENT_NOTIFICATION GENDER LANGUAGE MARITAL_STATUS NATIONALITY PERSON_CATEGORY
COUNTRY DEPT DISTRICT_OF_RESIDENCE DRIVER_LICENSE_ISSUER ETHNICITY EVENT EVENT EVENT_NOTIFICATION GENDER LANGUAGE MARITAL_STATUS NATIONALITY
DEPT DISTRICT_OF_RESIDENCE DRIVER_LICENSE_ISSUER ETHNICITY EVENT EVENT_NOTIFICATION GENDER LANGUAGE MARITAL_STATUS NATIONALITY
DISTRICT_OF_RESIDENCE DRIVER_LICENSE_ISSUER ETHNICITY EVENT EVENT_NOTIFICATION GENDER LANGUAGE MARITAL_STATUS NATIONALITY
DRIVER_LICENSE_ISSUER ETHNICITY EVENT EVENT_NOTIFICATION GENDER LANGUAGE MARITAL_STATUS NATIONALITY
ETHNICITY EVENT EVENT_NOTIFICATION GENDER LANGUAGE MARITAL_STATUS NATIONALITY
EVENT EVENT_NOTIFICATION GENDER LANGUAGE MARITAL_STATUS NATIONALITY
EVENT_NOTIFICATION GENDER LANGUAGE MARITAL_STATUS NATIONALITY
GENDER LANGUAGE MARITAL_STATUS NATIONALITY
LANGUAGE MARITAL_STATUS NATIONALITY
MARITAL_STATUS NATIONALITY
NATIONALITY
I PERSON CATEGORY
PERSON_STATUS
PHONE_TYPE
RACE
REGION
RELIGION
STATE
SUFFIX
SYSTEM
TITLE
VETERAN_STATUS
VIP
EnumCountryType ADDRESS_SEARCH
COLUMN_FORMAT
GROUP_LABEL
SUMMARY_TAB
TAB_LABEL
EnumLocalIdStatus getCode ACTIVE
getEnumeration DEACTIVATED
toString MERGED
EnumPersonStatus getEnumeration ACTIVE
toString DEACTIVATED
MERGED
LocalID LocalId
equals
getLocalId
getStatus
getSystemCode
getUid
LocalIdBO getLocalIdEnumeration
isActive
isDeactivated

	includes these	
This class	methods	and these fields
	isMerged	
	lookupLocalId	
LocalIdGenerator	getInstance	
	getNextLocalId	
Person	Person	
	clearAll	
	getAddressEnumeration	
	getAliasEnumeration	
	getAuxIdEnumeration	
	getDemographics	
	getLocalIdEnumeration	
	getPhoneEnumeration	
	getUid	
	setDemographics	
PersonBO	addAddress	
	addAlias	
	addAudit	
	addAuxId	
	addLocalId	
	addPerson	
	addPhone	
	addPredefinedComment	
	addUserDefinedComment	
	getActiveUid	
	getDemographics	
	hasAddress	
	hasAlias	
	hasAuxId	
	hasLocalId	
	hasPhone	
	isActivePerson	
	isDeactivatedPerson	
	isMergedPerson	
	loadPerson	
	lookupUid	
	processPerson	
	searchAlpha	
	searchGeneral	
	searchPhonetic	
	uidLookupByAuxId	
D	updatePerson	
PersonSearchResult	first	
	getResultRow	

	includes these	
This class	methods	and these fields
	last	
	next	
	previous	
	setResultRow	
	size	
Phone	equals	
	getPhoneExtension	
	getPhoneNumber	
	getPhoneType	
	getUid	
	setPhoneExtension	
	setPhoneNumber	
	toString	
PredefinedMsg	getCode	
	getDescription	
PredefinedMsgRegistry	getInstance	
	getPredefinedMsgEnumeration	
SearchParameters	SearchParameters	
	setUid	
Security	getInstance	
	isUserValid	
Ssn	Ssn	NULL
	equals	
	toString	
Transaction	Transaction	
	getDepartment	
	getFunction	
	getSource	
	getSystem	
	getTerminalId	
	getTimeStamp	
	getUserId	
	toString	
Uid	Uid	NULL
	equals	
	toString	
ZipCode	getCityState	
	getInstance	

Table 2- 2: Active Integration Exception Package

This class	includes these methods
EiException	None
EiException.DataNotFound	EiException.DataNotFound
EiException.DeleteRow	EiException.DeleteRow
EiException.EmptyString	EiException.EmptyString
EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength	EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength
EiException.GeneralException	EiException.GeneralException
EiException.InvalidData	EiException.InvalidData
EiException.InvalidHistory	EiException.InvalidHistory
EiException.InvalidLocalIdStatus	EiException.InvalidLocalIdStatus
EiException.InvalidParameter	EiException.InvalidParameter
EiException.InvalidTimestamp	EiException.InvalidTimestamp
EiException.InvalidUid	EiException.InvalidUid
EiException.InvalidUniqueKeyQuery	EiException.InvalidUniqueKeyQuery
EiException.MatchException	EiException.MatchException
EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified	EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified
EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull	EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull
EiException.UniqueKeyException	EiException.UniqueKeyException
EiException.UpdateRow	EiException.UpdateRow
EiRuntimeException	EiRuntimeException

Learning About Active Integration Java Classes

Overview

This section of the chapter provides background information about the classes provided for the Java APIs for e*Index Active Integration. For detailed information about a specific class, refer to the appropriate class section in chapter 4 or 5 of this guide.

About Active Integration Java Classes

The Java APIs for e*Index Active Integration include several classes that provide the necessary e*Index functions for your custom programs. Most of the classes are used to search for person records, insert new person records, or update existing person records. Classes are also included to retrieve instances, read system parameters, provide exception handling, provide connectivity logic, and so on. The purpose of each class is described in Table 2-3 on page 2-19 and Table 2-4 on page 2-24.

Available Active Integration Java Classes

Several Java classes are defined for e*Index Active Integration, including classes representing demographic records, exceptions, code table values, enumerated lists, and so on. If you know the name of a Java class, you can use this chart to identify the purpose of the class.

Table 2-3: Active Integration Java Classes

Use Methods in this Class	to perform this action
ActiveField	Retrieve information about the fields defined for business rules scenarios.
ActiveFieldFill	Retrieve an enumeration of field fill and field trigger definitions for the ActiveField class.
ActiveFunction	Retrieve information about the functions defined for business rules scenarios.
ActiveLookup	Look up the sets, functions, and field information defined for business rules scenarios.
ActiveSet	Retrieve information about the settings defined for business rules scenarios.
Address	Create a new Address object and retrieve individual fields from an Address object.
Alias	Create a new Alias object and retrieve individual fields from an Alias object.

Use Methods in this	
Class	to perform this action
Audit	Create a new Audit object.
Auxld	Create a new Auxld object and retrieve individual fields from an Auxld object.
CityState	Retrieve a city and state pair using the zip code lookup function. You can also retrieve the county and residence code for the specified zip code.
CodeDisplay	Retrieve a processing code and display value pair using the code lookup function.
CodeLookup	Find the display value for a specified processing code.
ControlKey	Retrieve the values of the e*Index control keys (found in the database table <i>ui_control</i>).
CountryOption	Retrieve the values of specific fields contained in an option set returned by CountryOptionLookup.
CountryOptionLookup	Look up country-specific attribute definitions by control type or by control type, country, and option name.
Demographics	Retrieve or modify a record's demographic information, or insert new demographic data.
DemographicsResultRO	Retrieve and display a partial set of demographic data for a specific record. This represents the result set returned from a demographic search and the properties cannot be modified.
DemographicsRO	Retrieve a complete set of demographic information for a record. DemographicsRO objects are read-only.
EiBOFactory	Retrieve an instance of a system, local ID. or person business object. This class maintains a singleton pattern for EiSystemBO, LocalIdBO, and PersonBO instances.
EiConnection	Retrieve database connectivity information and modify certain settings. This class wraps standard Java connectivity APIs and provides services for statement caching and tracing.
EiException	Create an e*Index exception with an error message. EiException encloses all of the following classes except EiRuntimeException.
DataNotFound	Create an e*Index exception and error message when the required data cannot be found.

to perform this action
Create an e*Index exception and error message when a row being deleted cannot be removed. This exception is not currently used.
Create an e*Index exception and error message when an empty string is passed into field that does not allow empty strings.
Create an e*Index exception and error message when the input value is longer than that allowed in the database column.
Create a general e*Index exception and error message.
Create an e*Index exception and error message when invalid data is passed in.
Create an e*Index exception and error message when a history record is invalid. Thi exception is not currently used.
Create an e*Index exception and error message when the status of a local ID is not valid.
Create an e*Index exception and error message when an invalid parameter is passed into an API.
Create an e*Index exception and error message when the status of a person record i not valid.
Create an e*Index exception and error message when a timestamp is not valid.
Create an e*Index exception and error message when the specified UID is not valid.
Create an e*Index exception and error message that indicate an error during a query This exception is not currently used.
Create an e*Index exception and error message when an exception is thrown by the Vality matching algorithm.
Create an e*Index exception and error message when an attempt is made to update read-only field.
Create an e*Index exception and error message when null value is passed into a field

Use Methods in this Class	to perform this action
UniqueKeyException	Create an e*Index exception and error message when a unique key constraint is violated.
UpdateRow	Create an e*Index exception and error message when there is an error updating a row.
EiNull (interface)	Specify the data type of the field being set to null.
EiRuntimeException	Create an e*Index exception and error message when a runtime exception occurs.
EiServer	Read the properties file. This class is the container for all singleton classes, and must be instantiated before any other active integration APIs are called.
EiSystem	Retrieve information about a specified system from the <i>ui_facility</i> table.
EiSystemBO	Create EiSystem objects, retrieve system descriptions, and retrieve an enumeration of all defined systems.
EnumCodeType	Create the enumerations for the CodeLookup class to help look up e*Index processing codes and their display values.
EnumCountryOption	Create the enumerations for the CountryOptionLookup class to help look up country-specific option definitions.
EnumLocalIdStatus	Create the enumerations used by the getStatus function in the LocalId class and the lookupUid function in the PersonBO class to retrieve the status of a local ID record.
EnumPersonStatus	Create the enumerations used by the getStatus method in the DemographicsRO class to retrieve the status of a person record.
Localid	Create a new LocalId object or display the properties of a LocalId object.
LocalidBO	Determine the status of the specified local ID and system record.
LocalIdGenerator	Retrieve the next available local identifier for the specified system. The <i>ui_local_id_generator</i> table must be populated in order to generate local IDs.

Use Methods in this	
Class	to perform this action
Person	Create a new Person object and display information in a Person object. This class inherits from the Demographics and DemographicsRO classes.
PersonBO	Process person records in the e*Index database, including adding, updating, and searching for person records. This class provides the primary functions for processing person data.
PersonSearchResult	Scroll through the results of an alphanumeric or phonetic search. A PersonSearchResult object is a collection of DemographicsResultRO objects.
Phone	Create a new Phone object and look up information for an existing Phone object.
PredefinedMsg	Retrieve the code and description for predefined messages.
PredefinedMsgRegistry	Retrieve an enumeration of predefined messages from the <i>ui_canned_msg</i> table.
SearchParameters	Create an object that defines the criteria for a demographic person search.
Security	Confirm the validity of the specified user login ID and password.
Ssn	Create a new Ssn object representing a person's social security number.
Transaction	Create a new transaction object or retrieve the parameters for a specific transaction, including the transaction type, originating system and source, timestamp, and so on.
Uid	Create a new Uid object representing a unique identification number assigned to a person record by e*Index.
ZipCode	Perform city and state lookups based on the zip code and, optionally, the zip code extension.

Which Class to Use

If you know what you want to do, but you are not sure which e*Index Java API to use, refer to the following chart to look up a task that falls into one of the following categories:

- Connectivity and Initialization
- Instantiation
- Processing Data and Searches
- Enumerations
- Business Rules Scenarios
- Country-specific Options
- Exceptions and Error Messages
- Configuration
- Security

Table 2-4: Active Integration Java Classes

To perform this action	use Methods in this Class
Connectivity and Initialization	
Retrieve the values of the e*Index control keys (found in the database table <i>ui_control</i>).	ControlKey
Retrieve database connectivity information and modify certain settings. This class wraps standard Java connectivity APIs and provides services for statement caching and tracing.	EiConnection
Instantiation	
Retrieve an instance of a system, local ID, or person business object. This class maintains a singleton pattern for EiSystemBO, LocalIdBO, and PersonBO instances.	EiBOFactory
Read the properties file. This class is the container for all singleton classes, and must be instantiated before any other active integration APIs are called.	EiServer
Processing Data and Searches	
Create a new Address object and retrieve individual fields from an Address object.	Address
Create a new Alias object, and retrieve individual fields from an Alias object.	Alias

To perform this action	use Methods in this Class
Create a new Audit object.	Audit
Create a new AuxId object and retrieve individual fields from an AuxId object.	Auxld
Retrieve city, state, county, and residence code information using the zip code lookup function.	CityState
Retrieve or modify a record's demographic information, or insert new demographic data.	Demographics
Retrieve and display a partial set of demographic data for a specific record. This represents the result set returned from a demographic search and the properties cannot be modified.	DemographicsResultRO
Retrieve a complete set of demographic information for a record. DemographicsRO objects are read-only.	DemographicsRO
Specify the data type of the field being set to null.	<i>EiNull</i> (interface)
Retrieve information about a specified system from the <i>ui_facility</i> table.	EiSystem
Create EiSystem objects, retrieve system descriptions, and retrieve an enumeration of all defined systems.	EiSystemBO
Create a new LocalId object or display the properties of a LocalId object.	Localid
Determine the status of the specified local ID and system record.	LocalidBO
Retrieve the next available local identifier for the specified system. The <i>ui_local_id_generator</i> table must be populated in order to generate local IDs.	LocalIdGenerator
Create a new Person object and display information in a Person object. This class inherits from the Demographics and DemographicsRO classes.	Person
Process person records in the e*Index database, including adding, updating, and searching for person records. This class provides the primary functions for processing person data.	PersonBO
Scroll through the results of an alphanumeric or phonetic search. A PersonSearchResult object is a collection of DemographicsResultRO objects.	PersonSearchResult

To perform this action	use Methods in this Class
Create a new Phone object and look up information for an existing Phone object.	Phone
Retrieve the code and description for predefined messages.	PredefinedMsg
Retrieve an enumeration of predefined messages from the <i>ui_canned_msg</i> table.	PredefinedMsgRegistry
Create an object that defines the criteria for a demographic person search.	SearchParameters
Create a new Ssn object representing a person's social security number.	Ssn
Create a new transaction object or retrieve the parameters for a specific transaction, including the transaction type, originating system and system, timestamp, and so on.	Transaction
Create a new Uid object representing a unique identification number assigned to a person record by e*Index.	Uid
Perform city and state lookups based on the zip code and, optionally, the zip code extension.	ZipCode
Enumerations	
Create the enumerations for the CodeLookup class to help look up e*Index processing codes and their display values.	EnumCodeType
Create the enumerations used by the getStatus function in the LocalId class and the lookupUid function in the PersonBO class to retrieve the status of a local ID record.	EnumLocalIdStatus
Create the enumerations used by the getStatus method in the DemographicsRO class to retrieve the status of a person record.	EnumPersonStatus
Business Rules Scenarios	
Retrieve information about the fields defined for business rules scenarios.	ActiveField
Retrieve an enumeration of field fill and field trigger definitions for the ActiveField class.	ActiveFieldFill
Retrieve information about the functions defined for business rules scenarios.	ActiveFunction
Look up the sets, functions, and field information defined for business rules scenarios.	ActiveLookup
Retrieve information about the settings defined for business rules scenarios.	ActiveSet

To perform this action	use Methods in this Class
Country-specific Options	
Retrieve the values of specific fields contained in an option set returned by CountryOptionLookup.	CountryOption
Look up country-specific attribute definitions by control type or by control type, country, and option name.	CountryOptionLookup
Create the enumerations for the CountryOptionLookup class to help look up country-specific option definitions.	EnumCountryOption
Exceptions and Error Messages	
Create an e*Index exception with an error message. EiException encloses all of the following classes except EiRuntimeException.	EiException
Create an e*Index exception and error message when the required data cannot be found.	DataNotFound
Create an e*Index exception and error message when a row being deleted cannot be removed. This exception is not currently used.	DeleteRow
Create an e*Index exception and error message when an empty string is passed into a field that does not allow empty strings.	EmptyString
Create an e*Index exception and error message when the input value is longer than that allowed in the database column.	ExceedMaxStringLength
Create a general e*Index exception and error message.	GeneralException
Create an e*Index exception and error message when invalid data is passed in.	InvalidData
Create an e*Index exception and error message when a history record is invalid. This exception is not currently used.	InvalidHistory
Create an e*Index exception and error message when the status of a local ID is not valid.	InvalidLocalIdStatus
Create an e*Index exception and error message when an invalid parameter is passed into an API.	InvalidParameter
Create an e*Index exception and error message when the status of a person record is not valid.	InvalidPersonStatus

To perform this action	use Methods in this Class
Create an e*Index exception and error message when a timestamp is not valid.	InvalidTimestamp
Create an e*Index exception and error message when the specified UID is not valid.	InvalidUid
Create an e*Index exception and error message that indicate an error during a query. This exception is not currently used.	InvalidUniqueKeyQuery
Create an e*Index exception and error message when an exception is thrown by the Vality matching algorithm.	MatchException
Create an e*Index exception and error message when an attempt is made to update a read-only field.	NonUpdateableField
Create an e*Index exception and error message when null value is passed into a field that does not allow null values.	RequiredFieldIsNull
Create an e*Index exception and error message when a unique key constraint is violated.	UniqueKeyException
Create an e*Index exception and error message when there is an error updating a row.	UpdateRow
Create an e*Index exception and error message when a runtime exception occurs.	EiRuntimeException
Configuration	
Retrieve a processing code and display value pair using the code lookup function.	CodeDisplay
Find the display value for a specified processing code.	CodeLookup
Provide access to the e*Index control key values (found in the database table ui_control).	ControlKey
Security	
Confirm the validity of the specified user login ID and password.	Security

About Active Integration Java Methods

Several Java methods are defined for e*Index Active Integration, including functions that create demographic lists, search for person records, update person information, display configuration settings, and so on. Many of the methods in the e*Index API are based on standard Java methods, such as the connectivity methods in the EiConnection class and the **toString** and **equals** classes in many of the classes. Several methods are also standard get and set methods. Each method defined for the Java APIs for e*Index Active Integration is described in detail in Chapter 4, "Person Package", and Chapter 5, "Exception Package".

For More Information



Other SeeBeyond publications may help you to learn how to perform tasks associated with creating Java programs for e*Index.

To learn more about	See
e*Index architecture and components	"Learning About e*Index" in chapter 2 of the e*Index Global Identifier Technical Reference
Standard e*Index processing	"Learning About Event Processing" in chapter 2 of the e*Index Global Identifier Technical Reference
The e*Index database	"About the e*Index Database" in chapter 2 of the e*Index Global Identifier Technical Reference
Code tables and control keys	The e*Index Administrator User's Guide
Standard e*Index functions	The e*Index Global Identifier User's Guide

Implementing e*Index Active Integration

About this Chapter

Overview

This chapter presents the background information that will help you get started creating Java programs using the Java APIs for e*Index Active Integration, including information about the sample files, required files, testing the installation and database connection, and implementing the APIs. The following diagram illustrates each major topic in this chapter.

Supporting
Files

Learn about additional files used by the API for configuration, initialization, and matching

Active Database
Tables

Learn about the database tables designed specifically for active integration

Working with the API

Learn how to work with the Java APIs for e*Index Active Integration, the sample files, and to test your installation

Working with Supporting Files

Overview

This section of the chapter provides background information about the files that are required to support the Java APIs for e*Index Active Integration. You will need to customize most of these files for your implementation. The supporting files include:

- Server Properties File
- Configuration File
- Vality Rule Set Files

About the Server Properties File

The server properties file defines the runtime characteristics of the Java APIs for e*Index Active Integration. This file is read by the EiServer class, which must be instantiated before any other e*Index function requiring the API is called. The properties file may be specified by the EiServer constructor method. For example, if the name of the properties file is **EiServer.properties**, you could instantiate the EiServer class with a line of code similar to the following:

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
```

Alternatively, you can use a Properties object as a parameter to EiServer by first creating a properties object, and then loading the properties information directly into the Properties object. The Properties object is then passed to EiServer as a parameter, as illustrated in the following example:

```
Properties props = new Properties();
... /* loading properties into props */
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer(props)
```

The default properties file for the sample files is named **EiServer.properties**, and you can customize this file for use in your Java application. This file is located in **\<home_dir\sample**. Remember that the directory in which your customized property file is located must be specified in the **CLASSPATH** environment variable on your computer (only if you use the file as a parameter to EiServer). The property file includes the following variables:

databaseTimeOut

This variable defines the maximum length of time a database statement can be processed before an exception is thrown. Configure this variable to ensure that processes that take a long time do not degrade system performance.

databaseMaximumQuerySize

This variable defines the maximum number of records that can be retrieved during a weighted person search. Configure this variable to

ensure that searches do not return large result sets, which could slow down performance. Note that the default value, **3**, is set for testing purposes only. The actual value you use should be much larger in order to avoid an exception being thrown.

databaseMaximumConnections

This variable defines the maximum number of database connections that can be used at one time.

databaseMaximumStatementCacheSize

This variable defines the maximum number of prepared statements that can be cached per connection.

databaseNetworkProtocol

This variable defines the network protocol for the connections to the database. For Oracle, this can be set to all protocols supported by Net8. It is only required for the JDBC OCI driver.

databaseDriverType

This variable defines the Oracle JDBC driver type. The possible values are **thin** and **oci8**.

databaseUserId

This variable defines the user name with which to log in to the e*Index database and through which connections are obtained. The user ID specified must be defined in e*Index security, and must have the appropriate access permissions assigned.

databasePassword

This variable defines the password associated with the specified databaseUserId.

databasePortNumber

This variable defines the port number where a server is listening for requests from the Java program.

databaseServerName

This variable defines the name of the database server on which the e*Index database is running. This value can be the name or IP address of the server.

databaseVendor

This variable defines the database platform being used for the e*Index database. Currently the Java API only supports the Oracle database platform.

databaseName

This variable specifies the database to which to connect. This should be the Oracle SID name of the database.

matchNameServiceId

The Vality rule set to use for matching on person names. The default value, 1, specifies that the default rule set, UI, will be used. The file

MatchCfgs.cfg, located in the **\config** subdirectory, defines and numbers the rule sets used for e*Index. For more information about this file, see "About the Configuration File" later in this chapter.

matchAddressServiceId

The Vality rule set to use for parsing addresses. The default, **2**, specifies that the United States address rule set will be used. To specify that the Australia address rule set will be used, change this value to **3**; for Great Britain specify **4**; for France specify **5**.

traceLevel

This variable defines the level of tracing to be performed. The possible values for this variable are TRACE, INFO, WARNING, or ERROR.

■ logicalName

This variable defines name for the log files created while running the API. Each EiServer instance must have a unique logical name.

About the Configuration File

The configuration file provided with the Active Integration installation is named MatchCfgs.cfg, and is located in \<home_dir>\config. This file contains a stanza for each Vality rule set. The matchNameServiceId and matchAddressServiceId settings in the server properties file specify which of the rule sets listed in the configuration file should be used. The rule sets are specified by number, and the stanzas are numbered in order sequentially with the first stanza being 1. Following is a sample stanza for a rule set file in MatchCfgs.cfg.

CONFIG .
KEY UI.DCT
STAN UI.STN
RULES UI.RUL
RECLEN 350

The variables included in each stanza are as follows:

CONFIG

This variable specifies the name of the rule set. By default, the name of the rule set used with e*Index is named **UI**.

KEY

This variable specifies the name of the match key dictionary file. This file always has an extension of **.DCT**.

STAN

This variable specifies the name of the standardization file. This file always has an extension of **.STN**.

RULES

This variable specifies the name of the rules file. This file always has an

extension of .RUL, and is only located in the stanza for the name-matching rule set.

RECLEN

This variable specifies the record length for messages processed by the Vality matching algorithm.

Working with the Vality Rule Set Files

The installation of the Java APIs for e*Index Active Integration includes multiple default Vality rule sets for e*Index. The rule set files are read by the Java API at runtime. If you have customized the rule set files being used for e*Index, you need to copy the customized files to the **<home_dir>\config** directory before you start working with the API set. Unlike the e*Index GUI and e*Ways, these files are not automatically synchronized with the database, so you need to be sure that you are always using the most current version of these files.

About the Sample Files

Sample Java programs are provided with your installation of the Java APIs for e*Index Active Integration in order to illustrate how the components of the API can be used to process and search for data in the e*Index database. The sample files incorporate calls that return control key values, search for UIDs, determine whether a local ID is active, retrieve an active UID given the merged UID, retrieve person records based on demographic information, and add and update person records in the e*Index database. The sample files are all provided in uncompiled .java format so you can customize, compile, and run the programs to test them against your e*Index database. For information about specific sample programs and their required arguments, see "Working with the Sample Code" later in this chapter.

About Active Integration Database Tables

Overview

To implement all of the functionality of the Java APIs for e*Index Active Integration, you need to install several auxilliary database tables. These tables provide the underlying structure that allow your customized applications to generate local IDs, require that specific fields be entered when adding or updating records, automatically enter default values, and so on. This section describes each auxilliary table defined for the active API, and includes information about three tables included in the standard database that are used by the auxilliary tables (*ui_seq_no*, *ui_table*, and *ui_table_column*).

For information about creating the active integration tables, see "Step 7: Create the Active Integration Database Tables" in chapter 7 of the *e*Index Global Identifier Installation Guide*. To see a physical diagram of the auxilliary tables, refer to Figure 3-1 on page 3-11.

ui_seq_no

The *ui_seq_no* is a standard e*Index database table, and is not specific to active integration. This table stores information about the unique, sequential identifier used for certain tables, including the e*Index Active Integration tables. Many columns in the active integration tables refer to this unique identifier rather than the actual object name.

ui_table

The *ui_table* database table lists the tables that store the information that can be displayed on the customized applications. This table is linked to *ui_table_column*, which stores information about each column in the *ui_table* tables. This is a standard e*Index database table, and is not specific to active integration.

ui_table_column

The *ui_table_column* table stores information defining the database columns that store the fields that can be displayed on the customized applications. This table is linked to *ui_table*, and is also a standard e*Index database table.

ui_local_id_generator

The *ui_local_id_generator* table allows you to specify information about the local IDs that are automatically generated by your customized application for each system. Each system for which local IDs will be generated from the Java

API must be defined in this table. In this table you define the beginning local ID number, and local IDs are assigned sequentially starting with the number you specify in the seq_no column. When the maximum ID number (max_no) is reached, an exception is issued and local IDs can no longer be generated for the specified system. At this time, the administrator can update the system information and specify a new block of local IDs to use by modifying the seq_no and the max_no columns

Note: The ID generation is sequential, which means that only numeric characters are allowed in these columns. The warning number functionality (warning_no) is not implemented at this time, but the column must be populated.

Table 3-1: ui_local_id_generator table

Column Name	Null?	Format	Description
ui_local_id_generator_id	not null	NUMBER(10)	A unique identifier for the record.
facility	not null	VARCHAR2(5	The facility code of the facility for which you want to generate local IDs from the Java program.
seq_no	not null	NUMBER(25)	The first local ID number to be used by the Java program. If you leave this field null, the API returns a NullPointerException.
warning_no	not null	NUMBER(25)	The local ID number at which a warning will be issued. If you leave this field null, the API returns a NullPointerException.
max_no	not null	NUMBER(25)	The highest local ID number you want generated by the Java program. When this local ID is reached, an exception is issued and local IDs will no longer be generated for this facility. If you leave this field null, the API returns a NullPointerException.
update_date		DATE	The date the record was created or last updated.

ui_active_set

The *ui_active_set* table is specific to active integration and defines a system and setting for each active set. An active set specifies a set of business rules. An active set, along with a business function, defines a business rules scenario under which certain fields are required, displayed, contain default values, or are automatically filled by trigger values. The chart below describes the columns in this table.

Column Name	Null?	Format	Description
ui_active_set_id	not null	NUMBER(10)	A unique identifier for the active set.
set_code	not null	VARCHAR2(5)	A processing code for the setting in the active set.
facility_code	not null	VARCHAR2(5)	The processing code for the system in the active set.
set_descr		VARCHAR2(30)	A description of the active set.
auto_assign	not null	CHAR(1)	An indicator of whether a local ID is automatically generated for the active set.

ui_active_user_set

The *ui_active_user_set* table defines the users who have access to your customized applications along with the active sets that apply to each user. This combination of data is known as a *user set*. You can limit the information available to users or assign default and trigger values by assigning users to active sets.

Column Name	Null?	Format	Description
ui_active_user_set_id	not null	NUMBER(10)	A unique identifier for the user set.
usersl_id	not null	NUMBER	The user's logon ID.
ui_active_set_id	not null	NUMBER(10)	The unique identifier assigned to the active set associated with the user logon ID.

ui_active_function

The *ui_active_function* table defines the business functions associated with each active set. Each function and active set combination must be unique.

Column Name	Null?	Format	Description
ui_active_function_id	not null	NUMBER(10)	A unique identifier for the function.
ui_active_set_id	not null	NUMBER(10)	The unique identifier assigned to the active set associated with the function.
func_code	not null	VARCHAR2(18	A processing code for the function.
func_descr		VARCHAR2(30	A description of the function.

ui_active_field_cfg

The *ui_active_field_cfg* table allows you to indicate which fields on your customized applications are required when records are processed under specific business rules scenarios.

Column Name	Null?	Format	Description
ui_active_field_cfg_id	not null	NUMBER(10)	A unique identifier for the record.
ui_active_function_id	not null	NUMBER(10)	The unique identifier assigned to the function associated with the configuration.
ui_active_field_id	not null	NUMBER(10)	The unique identifier assigned to the active field being defined.
required	not null	CHAR(1)	An indicator of whether the specified field is required.
default_value		VARCHAR2(30	A default value that automatically appears in the specified field when a window on the custom application is displayed.

ui_active_field

The *ui_active_field* table defines the fields that appear on the customized application along with the name of the field as it appears on your custom applications. The fields listed here must correlate to a data column in one of the database tables listed in *ui_table*.

Column Name	Null?	Format	Description
ui_active_field_id	not null	NUMBER(10)	A unique identifier for the record.
table_column_id	not null	NUMBER(10)	The unique identifier for the column associated with the active field.
field_name	not null	VARCHAR2(30)	The name of the active field.
field_label		VARCHAR2(40)	A label for the active field as you want it to appear on the custom application.

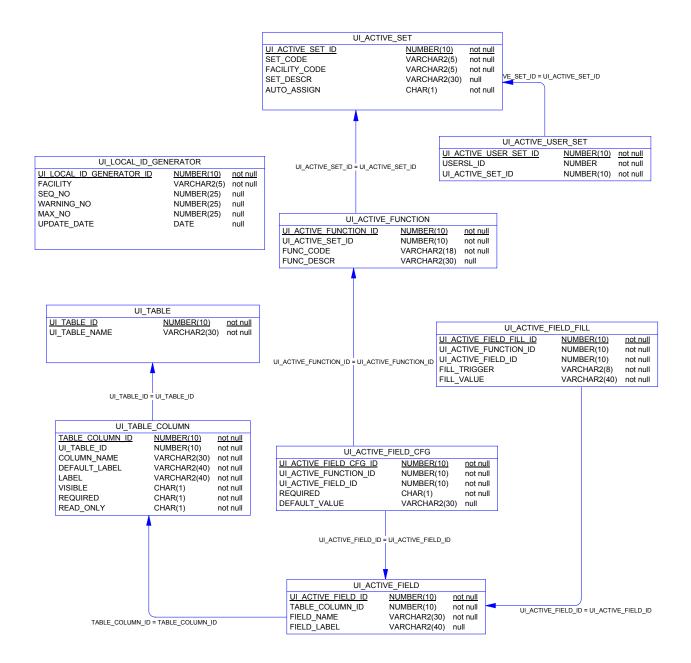
ui_active_field_fill

The *ui_active_field_fill* table allows you to specify the text to be entered automatically in the fields listed in *ui_active_field*. For example, if you specify a fill trigger of "M" with a fill value of "Medicare", then a user only needs to type "M" in the specified field on the custom application and the field will automatically be populated with the text "Medicare".

Column Name	Null?	Format	Description
ui_active_field_fill_id	not null	NUMBER(10)	A unique identifier for the record.
ui_active_function_id	not null	NUMBER(10)	The unique identifier assigned to the function with which the field fill value is associated.
ui_active_field_id	not null	NUMBER(10)	The unique identifier assigned to the field with which the field fill value is associated.
fill_trigger	not null	VARCHAR2(8)	The character that triggers the fill value to be populated.
fill_value	not null	VARCHAR2(40	The value that is automatically populated into the specified field when the fill_trigger is entered.

Figure 3-1: Auxilliary Table Data Model

Note that ui_table and ui_table_column are standard database tables. They are included in this diagram to illustrate their relationship to the auxilliary tables.



Working with the Java API

Overview

This section of the chapter provides information about using Java APIs for e*Index Active Integration and working with the sample files.

Using the Javadocs

In addition to this API reference, documentation for the active integration APIs is provided in Javadoc format. The Javadoc index files are located in the Java API home directory in the \docs subdirectory, and the supporting files are located in \docs\com.stc.eIndex.active.person and \docs\com.stc.eIndex.active.exception. To access the Javadocs, open the file index.html in the \docs directory. To access an index of all components, open the file index-all.html. This page displays a list of all components of the active integration APIs, along with definitions and links for each component.

The Javadocs contain links and cross-references between methods and classes, allowing you to easily browse through the class and method descriptions.

Testing the Installation

You can use the sample code provided with your installation to verify the installation, environment variable set up, and connection to the database. Use the sample **EiServer.properties** file to perform your initial test. To test the installation, perform the following steps:

- 1 Make sure the paths to the properties file and the Oracle JDBC libraries are defined in your **CLASSPATH** variable.
- 2 Make sure you have an e*Index test database installed and ready to use. Also, make sure that the file **create_id_gen.sql** has been run against the database to create the local ID generator table, and that the new table has been populated with information specific to each system.
- 3 If you are defining business rules scenarios, make sure the "active" tables have been created and populated.

Note: For more information about performing steps 1 through 3, refer to chapter 7 of the e*Index Global Identifier Installation Guide.

4 Modify the **EiServer.properties** file (located in **\<home_dir>\sample**) by entering your database name and server name. Verify the remaining variables to be sure no other changes are required.

5 Execute the **com.stc.eIndex.active.sample.GetControlKeys** class (no parameters required). You should see a listing of the control keys and their current values for the database you specified.

API Class Instantiation

Several of the classes included in the API must be instantiated before calls to the methods defined in those classes can be used. EiServer must be instantiated before any calls are made to the active integration API. Most of the processing logic for the API is provided in the PersonBO class. If you will be searching for, adding, or updating data in the e*Index database, you need to get an instance of PersonBO (this is done by calling **getPersonBOInstance** from the EiBOFactory class). Other classes that must be instantiated include ActiveLookup, EiSystemBO, LocalIdBO, ControlKey, CodeLookup, CountryOptionLookup, LocalIdGenerator, PredefinedMsgRegistry, Security, and ZipCodeLookup.

API Objects for Person Data

Several classes in the active integration API represent person data. The most comprehensive object is the *Person* object, which consists of a *Demographics* object, a *Uid* object, a *Transaction* object, one or more *LocalId* objects, zero or more *Alias* objects, zero or more *Address* objects, zero or more *AuxId* objects, zero or more *Audit* objects, and zero or more *PredefinedMsg* objects. An *Ssn* object represents the social security number in a Demographics object.

Another type of object, *DemographicsRO*, is similar to a Demographics object with the exception that a DemographicsRO object is read-only. Use this type of object if you only want to view person information without performing any edits.

About the PersonBO Class

The PersonBO class is a key class in the API. This class provides the primary methods used for searching, adding, and updating data in the e*Index database. The methods in this class are described in more detail in the following sections, but following is a brief description of the methods and their purposes:

- **searchAlpha**: Performs an alphanumeric search based on a limited set of demographic criteria. The results of this search are weighted.
- **searchGeneral**: Performs an alphanumeric search based on any demographic criteria. The search criteria must contain at least one indexed field. The results of this search are not weighted.
- **searchPhonetic**: Performs a phonetic search based on the specified criteria. The results of this search are weighted.

- **lookupUid**: Searches for the UID or UIDs associated with the social security number or the local ID and system specified.
- **uidLookupByAuxId**: Searches for the UID or UIDs associated with the auxilliary ID object specified.
- **loadPerson**: Populates a person object with a person record from the database using a UID to find the person record.
- addPerson: Adds a person record to the database without checking for assumed matches.
- processPerson: Adds or updates a person record, based on standard processing logic.
- **updatePerson**: Updates an existing record in the e*Index database.

In addition to these primary functions, PersonBO also provides certain processing logic, including the following:

- **hasLocalId**: Checks whether a local ID already exists in a Person object.
- hasAlias: Checks whether an alias already exists in a Person object.
- hasAddress: Checks whether a Person object already has an address of the same type.
- hasAuxId: Checks whether a non-unique ID already exists in a Person object.
- **hasPhone**: Checks whether a Person object already has a telephone number of the same type.
- **addLocalId**: Adds a LocalId object to a Person object. Call **hasLocalId** first to be sure the record is not added twice.
- **addAlias**: Adds an Alias object to a Person object. Call **hasAlias** first to be sure the record is not added twice.
- addAddress: Adds an Address object to a Person object. Call hasAddress first to be sure the record is not already associated with an address of the same type.
- addPhone: Adds a Phone object to a Person object. Call hasPhone first to be sure the record is not already associated with a telephone number of the same type.
- **addAuxId**: Adds an AuxId object to a Person object. Call **hasAuxId** first see if the non-unique ID already exists for a person object.
- **addAudit**: Adds an Audit object to a Person object. Audit information is stored in *ui_audit*, which maintains a record of each instance *ui_person* is accessed.

- addPredefinedComment: Adds a PredefinedComment object to a Person object.
- addUserDefinedComment: Adds a text comment to a Person object.
- **getActiveUid**: Finds the active UID associated with the specified UID if the specified UID has a status of merged.
- isActive (and also isDeactivated and isMerged): Checks the status of the specified person record.

Processing Searches

The Java APIs for e*Index Active Integration provide a variety of ways to search for person records. You can perform searches and lookups using the following types of criteria:

- UID
- Demographic
- Local ID and System
- Social Security Number
- Non-unique ID and Type

UID

You can use the PersonBO method **loadPerson** to find a person record based on the UID. **loadPerson** looks up the specified UID and then populates a Person object with the information from the person record associated with that UID. Before calling **loadPerson**, you should create a new Person object into which the information is loaded.

Demographic

You can use the PersonBO methods **searchAlpha**, **searchPhonetic**, and **searchGeneral** to perform demographic alphanumeric and phonetic searches against the database. In order to use these calls, you need to create and populate a SearchParameters object to use as the argument for the call to **searchAlpha**, **searchPhonetic**, or **searchGeneral**. Use the setter methods in the Demographics class to populate the SearchParameters object.

When you process a demographic search, a PersonSearchResult object is returned. This object is comprised of DemographicsResultRO objects that contain information about the person records that were returned from the search. You can scroll through the resulting DemographicsResultRO objects using the methods in the PersonSearchResult object. To retrieve a Person object corresponding to one of the DemographicsResultRO objects, you can isolate the UID by calling **DemographicsResultRO.getUid**, and then calling **loadPerson** using that UID.

Local ID and System

The **lookupUid** method in the PersonBO class allows you to search for a UID based on the specified local ID and system pair. Once you obtain the UID, you can call **loadPerson** to populate a person object with the information corresponding to the UID.

Social Security Number

The **lookupUid** method in the PersonBO class also allows you to search for a UID based on the specified social security number. Once you obtain the UID, you can call **loadPerson** to populate a person object with the information corresponding to the UID.

Non-unique ID and Type

The **uidLookupByAuxId** method in the PersonBO class also allows you to search for a UID based on the specified non-unique ID number and type. Once you obtain the UID, you can call **loadPerson** to populate a person object with the information corresponding to the UID.

Adding Person Data

You can add person records to the e*Index database through two methods: addPerson or processPerson in the PersonBO class. addPerson forces a record to be added without going through the standard processing logic (as defined under "Inbound Event Processing Logic" in chapter 2 of the e*Index Global Identifier Technical Reference). processPerson uses standard processing logic, and is described in the following section, "Processing Person Data". When you add a person to the database, the UID of the new record is returned.

Before you call **addPerson**, you need to create a new Person object, and populate that object. You can use the setter methods inherited from the Demographics class to populate the demographic properties of the Person object, and the **add*** methods to populate additional information, such as local IDs, alias names, addresses, and so on. You cannot add a new person record without adding a local ID to the Person object.

When you have populated the Person object, calling **addPerson** inserts the new record into the database. One of the parameters taken by **addPerson** is a duplicate check flag. Using this flag, you can specify whether to check for duplicate records. This can be useful when a user needs to enter default information, such as a person record with the name of **John Doe**.

Processing Person Data

To add information to the database using standard e*Index processing logic, you should call **processPerson** instead of **addPerson** (described above).

processPerson inserts information according to the logic used by the e*Index GUI and e*Ways. Like **addPerson**, you can populate the Person object by using the setter methods in the Demographics class, and the **add*** methods in PersonBO. You must include local ID information in order to process the Person object.

When you call **processPerson** to insert new information, it first performs a search of the database for a local ID record matching the local ID and system specified. If it finds a match, it updates the existing record with the new information. If it does not find a match, it performs matching logic against existing records in the database, and either performs an assumed match or inserts a new person record. Finally, potential duplicate processing for the new record is performed.

Note: For a complete description of the logic used to process a person record, see "Inbound Event Processing Logic" in chapter 2 of the e*Index Global Identifier Technical Reference. This section also describes how certain control key settings affect this process.

Updating Person Data

The **updatePerson** method is used to perform an update of a person record. Before calling **updatePerson**, you need to create a new Person object and call **loadPerson** to populate the object with the person record you want to update. This means that you need to obtain the UID of the person record you want to modify, so you may need to perform one of the searches listed under "Processing Searches" earlier in order to find the record to update.

After you load the person record, you can modify the information using the setter methods in the Demographics class. You can also add alias, local ID, address, phone, non-unique ID, and audit information using the add* methods in PersonBO, but you should call the has* methods (hasAlias, hasLocalId, hasAddress, and so on) to be sure that you don't add duplicate information to the person record (see the sample UpdatePerson.java for an example of how to use hasLocalId). updatePerson returns a Boolean value indicating whether the update was successful.

Customizing the Application Appearance

The Java APIs for e*Index Active Integration include a set of classes that you can use to define the appearance of your customized applications under different scenarios. These classes use the active integration tables described under "About Active Integration Database Tables" earlier in this chapter. These classes are: ActiveField, ActiveFieldFill, ActiveFunction, ActiveSet, and ActiveLookup. Using these classes, you can define required fields, field labels, default values, and fill/trigger values for business rules scenarios.

A business rules scenario consists of a setting, a system, and a business function. The setting and system combinations you define are stored in <code>ui_active_set</code>, and are known as <code>active sets</code>. Each active set can be associated with several business functions, and each function can be associated with several field definitions. You can also specify whether local IDs are automatically assigned for each active set. Finally, you can assign business rules scenarios to specific users, giving each user a version of the application that is precisely customized for their processing needs.

Working with the Sample Code

There are several sample .java files included in the sample directory in the API installation. These files provide examples of how the classes and methods can be combined to create a program that meets your functional requirements. Once you set up your Java environment and set all the environment variables, you can run these programs to see how they manipulate data contained in the e*Index database and process data into the database. For information about setting environment variables for the active integration API, see chapter 7 of the e*Index Global Identifier Installation Guide. Following are descriptions of the sample programs.

AddPerson

AddPerson provides an example of how to add a new person record to the database using **addPerson** in the PersonBO class. This sample also adds a local ID, alias, address, telephone number, non-unique ID, and audit record to the Person object. The sample returns the UID associated with the new person record. The syntax for this sample program is:

```
com.stc.eIndex.active.sample.AddPerson
```

There are several user-defined variables within this sample that you can modify to suit your data configuration.

GetActiveUid

GetActiveUid provides an example of how to find the active UID associated with a merged UID using the method **getActiveUid** in the PersonBO class. This function is used to ensure that you don't update a record that has been merged into another record and is no longer active. The sample returns the active UID associated with the UID you specify as the argument. The syntax for this sample program is:

```
com.stc.eIndex.active.sample.GetActiveUid uid
```

where *uid* is the merged UID for which you want to find the active UID.

GetAllSystems

GetAllSystems provides an example of how to retrieve an enumeration of system records and then scroll through each record in the enumeration. This

sample prints the system code, description, and status for each system you have defined. The syntax for this sample program is:

com.stc.eIndex.active.sample.GetAllSystems

GetControlKeys

GetControlKeys provides an example of how to look up the values of the e*Index control keys using the methods in the ControlKey class. This sample returns a listing of e*Index control keys and their associated values. It requires no parameters. This syntax for this sample program is:

com.stc.eIndex.active.sample.GetControlKeys

GetPerson

GetPerson provides an example of how to use **loadPerson** in the PersonBO class to retrieve a person record from the database given the UID associated with the record. The syntax of this sample program is:

```
com.stc.eIndex.active.sample.GetPerson uid
```

where *uid* is the UID of the person record you want to retrieve. If the record is retrieved successfully, this sample displays a string representation of the Person object.

GetSystem

GetSystem provides an example of how to use **getSystem** in the EiSystemBO class to retrieve a system record from the database given the processing code associated with the record. The syntax of this sample program is:

```
com.stc.eIndex.active.sample.GetSystem system_code
```

where *system_code* is the processing code of the system record you want to retrieve. If the record is retrieved successfully, this sample displays the value of each field in the System object.

IsUserValid

IsUserValid provides an example of how to use **isUserValid** in the Security class to check the *user_tbl* for valid login IDs. This program checks the table to see if the specified user login ID exists and is currently active in the table. If the user ID exists and is active, the program returns the string **VALID USER**; if the user ID does not exist or is inactive, the program returns the string **INVALID USER**. The syntax for this sample program is:

```
com.stc.eIndex.active.sample.IsUserValid user_id
```

where *user_id* is the login ID to check. The parameter is case-sensitive.

LookupActiveFieldBySet

LookupActiveFieldBySet provides an example of how to use **getActiveFields** in the ActiveLookup class to retrieve an enumeration of

active field definitions. This sample uses methods from the ActiveField, ActiveFieldFill, and ActiveLookup classes. If the records are retrieved successfully, this sample displays active field information (such as field labels, whether a field is required, default values, and so on) as well as fill trigger and fill value information for each field. The syntax for this sample program is:

 $\verb|com.stc.eIndex.active.sample.LookupActiveFieldBySet| set_code| function_code|$

where *set_code* is the active set code and *function_code* is the business function code you want to look up. These parameters are case sensitive.

LookupActiveFieldByUser

LookupActiveFieldByUser provides an example of how to use **getActiveFieldsByUser** in the ActiveLookup class to retrieve an enumeration of active field definitions for the specified user and function. This sample uses methods from the ActiveField, ActiveFieldFill, and ActiveLookup classes. If the records are retrieved successfully, this sample displays active field information (such as field labels, whether a field is required, default values, and so on) as well as fill trigger and fill value information for each field. The syntax for this sample program is:

 $\verb|com.stc.eIndex.active.sample.LookupActiveFieldByUser| user_id| function_code$

where *user_id* is the user login ID and *function_code* is the business function code you want to look up. These parameters are case sensitive.

LookupActiveFunctionBySet

LookupActiveFunctionBySet provides an example of how to use **getActiveFunctions** in the ActiveLookup class to retrieve an enumeration of active functions defined for the specified active set. This sample uses methods from the ActiveFunction and ActiveLookup classes. If the records are retrieved successfully, this sample displays the function code and description for each function associated with the specified active set. The syntax for this sample program is:

com.stc.eIndex.active.sample.LookupActiveFunctionBySet set_code

where *set_code* is the active set code you want to look up. This parameter is case sensitive.

LookupActiveFunctionByUser

LookupActiveFunctionByUser provides an example of how to use **getActiveSet** in the ActiveLookup class to retrieve active set information for the specified user. The sample obtains the set code from the returned active set, and then calls **getActiveFunctions** using that set code. If the records are retrieved successfully, this sample displays the function code and description

for each function associated with the specified user ID. The syntax for this sample program is:

com.stc.eIndex.active.sample.LookupActiveFunctionByUser user_id

where *user_id* is the user login ID of the person whose active functions you want to look up. This parameter is case sensitive.

LookupCode

LookupCode provides an example of how to use the fields in the EnumCodeType class and the methods in CodeLookup to find the display description for a specified processing code. For example, if you specify a code type of **gender** and a code of **F**, this program returns **FEMALE**. The syntax for this sample program is:

```
com.stc.eIndex.active.sample.LookupCode codetype code
```

where *codetype* is the processing code type and *code* is the processing code for which you want to find the display value. These parameters are case sensitive.

LookupUidByLocalId

LookupUidByLocalId provides an example of how to use **lookupUid** to find a UID based on a system and local ID pair. You can then use the returned UID to load a person record. This sample returns the UID that is associated with the local ID and system code you specify. The context for this sample program is:

```
com.stc.eIndex.active.sample.LookupUidByLocalId system lid
```

The *system* argument is the system code of the system, and is case sensitive. The *lid* argument is the local identifier

LookupUidBySsn

LookupUidBySsn provides an example of how to use **lookupUid** to find a UID based on a social security number. You can then use the UID to load a person record. This sample returns a UID or list of UIDs associated with the social security number you specify. The syntax for this sample program is:

```
com.stc.eIndex.active.sample.LookupUidBySsn ssn
```

where *ssn* is the social security number of the record you want to find.

LookupZipCode

LookupZipCode provides an example of how to use the methods in the ZipCodeLookup and CityState classes to find the city and state associated with the zip code and, optionally, the zip code extension you specify. This sample returns a list of city and state pairs. The syntax for this program is:

com.stc.eIndex.active.sample.LookupZipCode zipcode zipext

where *zipcode* is the 5-digit zip code you want to look up and *zipext* is the associated zip code extension. If you do not want to specify a zip code extension, enter a percent sign (%) for the *zipext* parameter.

NextLocalId

NextLocalId provides an example of how to use the methods in the LocalIdGenerator class to obtain the next available local ID for the specified system (in this sample the default system is **SBYN**). The next available ID is specified in the database table *ui_local_id_generator*, and the system **SBYN** must be defined in the table in order for this sample to work. If you define additional systems in *ui_local_id_generator*, you can modify the file **NextLocalId.java** to generate local IDs for different systems. This program does not accept any parameters. The syntax for this program is:

```
com.stc.eIndex.active.sample.NextLocalId system_code
```

where *system_code* is the processing code for the system whose next local ID you want to look up.

ParameterValidator

Several of the other sample files use this file to validate and define the arguments you need to specify when you execute each sample program. It does not use any of the Java functions specific to e*Index.

PersonSearch

PersonSearch provides an example of how you can use methods in the PersonSearch, SearchParameters, and PersonBO classes to perform an alphanumeric or phonetic demographic search. This sample performs a search based on criteria you specify (in a SearchParameters object) and returns a list of matching records (in a PersonSearchResult object). The syntax for this sample program is:

```
com.stc.eIndex.active.sample.PersonSearch search_type fname
lname mname gender ssn dob
```

where *search_type* is either **A** (for alphanumeric) or **P** (for phonetic) and the remaining arguments are the search criteria as follows: *fname* is the first name, *lname* is the last name, *mname* is the middle name, *gender* is the gender, *ssn* is the social security number, and *dob* is the date of birth. To leave any of the search criteria blank, enter a percent sign (%) in its place.

ProcessPerson

ProcessPerson provides an example of how you can use methods in the Person, PersonBO, LocalId, and Transaction classes to add information to the database. This sample uses the Demographics setter methods to populate a Person object, and then adds a local ID to the Person object. It then creates a Transaction object, and calls **loadPerson** to either insert a new person record or update an existing one. The demographic and local ID values to process

are defined directly in this program. Be sure to modify these values if you want to run this file multiple times. The syntax for this sample program is:

com.stc.eIndex.active.sample.ProcessPerson

RunGeneralSearch

RunGeneralSearch provides an example of how you can use methods in the PersonBO, SearchParameters, and PersonSearchResult classes to perform a general search. This sample uses a special function to load the search criteria that are defined in the file GeneralSearch.Properties. Modify the parameter values in GeneralSearch.Properties (located in the Java API home directory in /sample) to search on any combination of data. At least one search field must be an indexed field. For any field you do not want to use as search criteria, leave the value blank. If using common code table elements as criteria (such as race, religion, language, and so on), enter the processing code and not the item description. The syntax for this sample program is:

com.stc.eIndex.active.sample.RunGeneralSearch

UpdatePerson

UpdatePerson provides an example of how you can use methods in the Person, Person BO, LocalId, and Transaction classes to update a person record in the database. This sample uses the Demographics setter methods to modify demographic fields. It then checks if the specified local ID record already exists in the person record, and if not, adds the local ID to the Person object. It then creates a Transaction object and calls **updatePerson** to update the specified record. The demographic and local ID values to process are defined directly in this program. Be sure to modify these values if you want to run this file multiple times. Also, make sure the UID specified in the call to **loadPerson** is a valid active UID in the e*Index database. The syntax for this sample program is:

com.stc.eIndex.active.sample.UpdatePerson

For More Information



Other SeeBeyond publications may help you to learn how to perform tasks associated with creating Java programs for e*Index.

To learn more about	See
The search parameters and search functions of e*Index	Chapter 3 of the e*Index Global Identifier User Guide
The standard search results set	Chapter 3 of the e*Index Global Identifier User Guide
Adding and updating person records in e*Index	Chapter 4 of the e*Index Global Identifier User Guide
e*Index Control Keys	The e*Index Data Dictionary User Guide

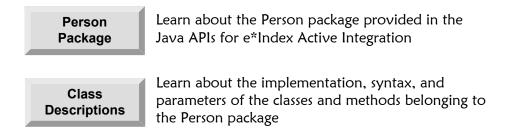
Person Package

About this Chapter

Overview

This chapter provides a complete listing and descriptions of the Java APIs included in the **com.stc.eIndex.active.person** package for e*Index. It also includes examples of how to use many of the methods included in the Person package.

The following diagram illustrates each major topic in this chapter.



About the Person Package

Overview

This section of the chapter provides the background information you should know before using the classes and methods provided in the package **com.stc.eIndex.active.person**.

The Person Package

The Person package includes the classes and methods you need to implement in order to search for and process person data in the e*Index database. Classes in this package provide a variety of functions, including database connectivity, system configuration, searching for person records, adding person records, updating person records, looking up processing codes, and so on. For a complete list of the classes, fields, and methods included in the Person package, see Table 2-1 beginning on page 2-6. For information about how the components of the Person package can be combined to process e*Index data, see "Working with the Java API" in chapter 3 of this guide.

For More Information



Other SeeBeyond publications may help you to learn how to perform tasks associated with configuration APIs.

To learn more about	See
Control Keys	Chapter 5 of the e*Index Administrator User's Guide
Standard e*Index data processing	Chapter 2 of the e*Index Global Identifier Technical Reference
e*Index database tables	Chapter 2 of the e*Index Global Identifier Technical Reference
Standard e*Index GUI functions	Chapters 3 and 4 of the e*Index Global Identifier User's Guide
Country-specific Options	Chapter 5 of the e*Index Administrator User's Guide

ActiveField Class

Description

The **ActiveField** class is used by the ActiveLookup class to return a set of ActiveField objects. This class represents information about the fields for specific business rules scenarios, such as the fields that are required, default values for certain fields, field labels, and so on. ActiveField also represents information about the database tables and columns associated with the defined fields.

Properties

The **ActiveField** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object
com.stc.eIndex.active.person.ActiveField
```

Constructor

None

Methods

The methods included in the **ActiveField** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- getActiveFieldFillEnumeration on page 4-5
- getDbColumnName on page 4-6
- getDefaultValue on page 4-7
- getFieldLabel on page 4-8
- getFieldName on page 4-9
- getFuncCode on page 4-9
- getRequired on page 4-10
- getSetCode on page 4-11
- getTableName on page 4-11

Inherited Methods

The **ActiveField** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

getActiveFieldFillEnumeration

Description

The **getActiveFieldFillEnumeration** method retrieves an enumeration of the field fill objects for an ActiveField object. Use this method to retrieve the fill triggers and fill values defined for a field in an ActiveField object.

Syntax

public java.util.Enumeration getActiveFieldFillEnumeration()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getActiveFieldFillEnumeration** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Enumeration	The enumeration of the active field fill objects was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

The following example calls **getActiveFields** to display a list of ActiveField objects associated with the specified *set_code* and *function_code*. The '**get**' methods in the ActiveField class are called to display information about the fields defined for the specified setting and function, and then **getActiveFieldFillEnumeration** is called to retrieve an enumeration of field fill definitions for each ActiveField object. Finally, '**get**' methods in the ActiveFieldFill class are called to display field trigger and fill information.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ActiveLookup activeLookup = ActiveLookup.getInstance(eiServer);
Enumeration eaf, eff;
eaf = activeLookup.getActiveFields(set_code, function_code);
while (eaf.hasMoreElements()) {
    ActiveField af = (ActiveField)eaf.nextElement();
    System.out.println("Field: " + af.getFieldName());
    System.out.println("Label: " + af.getFieldLabel());
    System.out.println("Required: " + af.getRequired());
    System.out.println("Default: " + af.getDefaultValue());
    System.out.println("Table: " + af.getTableName());
    System.out.println("Database Column: " + af.getDbColumnName());
    System.out.println("Function Code: " + af.getFuncCode());
    eff = af.getActiveFieldFillEnumeration();
    if(eff != null) {
      while (eff.hasMoreElements()) {
        ActiveFieldFill ff = (ActiveFieldFill)eff.nextElement();
        System.out.println("Fill trigger: " + ff.getFillTrigger());
        System.out.println("Fill value: " + ff.getFillValue());
    }
}
. . .
```

getDbColumnName

Description

The **getDbColumnName** method retrieves the name of the database column associated with the fields represented in an ActiveField object.

Syntax

```
public java.lang.String getDbColumnName()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
-----------	-------------	--

None

Return Value

The **getDbColumnName** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a database column name	The value of the dbColumnName field was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getDbColumnName** in the ActiveField class can be used, see the example code provided for **getActiveFieldFillEnumeration** on page 4-5.

getDefaultValue

Description

The **getDefaultValue** method retrieves the value of the default value for the field represented in an ActiveField object. Use this method to automatically populate specific values into a field when a browser window appears.

Syntax

public java.lang.string getDefaultValue()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getDefaultValue** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing the specified default value	The value of the defaultValue field for the ActiveField object was retrieved successfully.
Null	The defaultValue field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getDefaultValue** in the ActiveField class can be used, see the example code provided for **getActiveFieldFillEnumeration** on page 4-5.

getFieldLabel

Description

The **getFieldLabel** method retrieves the name of the field label for the field represented by the ActiveField object. Use this method to display the label for a specific field.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getFieldLabel()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getFieldLabel** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a field label name	The value of the fieldLabel field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The fieldLabel field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getFieldLabel** in the ActiveField class can be used, see the example code provided for **getActiveFieldFillEnumeration** on page 4-5.

getFieldName

Description

The **getFieldName** method retrieves the default name of the field that is represented by the ActiveField object.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getFieldName()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
-----------	-------------

None

Return Value

The **getFieldName** method returns the following value:

This value is

returned	if this occurs
String containing the	The value of the fieldName field was retrieved
name of a field	successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getFieldName** in the ActiveField class can be used, see the example code provided for **getActiveFieldFillEnumeration** on page 4-5.

getFuncCode

Description

The **getFuncCode** method retrieves the function code of the function specified for an ActiveField object. Use this method to retrieve the function with which the business rules scenario should be used.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getFuncCode()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	

None

Return Value

The **getFuncCode** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a function code	The value of the funcCode field was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getFuncCode** in the ActiveField class can be used, see the example code provided for **getActiveFieldFillEnumeration** on page 4-5.

getRequired

Description

The **getRequired** method retrieves the value of the **required** property in an ActiveField object. Use this method to determine whether a field must be filled in when performing a function for a specific business rules scenario.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getRequired()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getRequired** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing an indicator of whether	The value of the required field was retrieved successfully. The return value will either be Y
a field is required	(required) or N (not required).

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getRequired** in the ActiveField class can be used, see the example code provided for **getActiveFieldFillEnumeration** on page 4-5.

getSetCode

Description

The **getSetCode** method retrieves the value of the **setCode** property. Use this method to retrieve the setting defined for the business rules scenario.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getSetCode()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getSetCode** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing the setting code value	The value of the setCode property was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getSetCode** in the ActiveField class can be used, see the example code provided for **getActiveFieldFillEnumeration** on page 4-5.

getTableName

Description

The **getTableName** method retrieves the name of the database table that contains the field represented in an ActiveField object.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getTableName()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
-----------	-------------

None

Return Value

The **getTableName** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a table name	The name of the table was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getTableName** in the ActiveField class can be used, see the example code provided for **getActiveFieldFillEnumeration** on page 4-5.

ActiveFieldFill Class

Description

The **ActiveFieldFill** class is used by the ActiveField class to retrieve an enumeration of field trigger and field fill definitions. Field triggers and fills are used to automatically populate a field when the specified trigger character is entered into the field.

Properties

The **ActiveFieldFill** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object
com.stc.eIndex.active.person.ActiveFieldFill
```

Constructor

None

Methods

The methods included in the **ActiveFieldFill** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- getFieldName on page 4-14
- getFillTrigger on page 4-15
- getFillValue on page 4-16
- getFunctionCode on page 4-17

Inherited Methods

The **ActiveFieldFill** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

getFieldName

Description

The **getFieldName** method retrieves the value of the **fieldName** property in an ActiveFieldFill object. Use this method to display the name of the field for which the triggers and fills are defined.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getFieldName()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getFieldName** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a field name	The value of the fieldName field was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

The following example calls **getActiveFields** to display a list of ActiveField objects associated with the specified *set_code* and *function_code*. **getActiveFieldFillEnumeration** is called to retrieve an enumeration of field fill definitions for each ActiveField object. Finally, the '**get**' methods in the ActiveFieldFill class are called to display field trigger and fill information.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ActiveLookup activeLookup = ActiveLookup.getInstance(eiServer);
Enumeration eaf, eff;
eaf = activeLookup.getActiveFields(set_code, function_code);
while (eaf.hasMoreElements()) {
    ActiveField af = (ActiveField)eaf.nextElement();
    if(eff != null) {
      eff = af.getActiveFieldFillEnumeration();
      while (eff.hasMoreElements()) {
        ActiveFieldFill ff = (ActiveFieldFill)eff.nextElement();
        System.out.println("Field Name: " + ff.getFieldName());
        System.out.println("Function Code: " + ff.getFunctionCode));
        System.out.println("Fill trigger: " + ff.getFillTrigger());
        System.out.println("Fill value: " + ff.getFillValue());
    }
}
. . .
```

getFillTrigger

Description

The **getFillTrigger** method retrieves the **fillTrigger** property. Use this method to display the character that, when entered into a field, triggers a fill value to be populated into that field.

Syntax

```
public java.lang.String getFillTrigger()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description

None

Return Value

The **getFillTrigger** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a fill trigger	The value of the fillTrigger field was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getFillTrigger** in the ActiveFieldFill class can be used, see the example code provided for **getFieldName** beginning on page 4-14.

getFillValue

Description

The **getFillValue** method retrieves the fill value property. Use this method to retrieve a string that is automatically populated into a field when the trigger character is entered into that field.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getFillValue()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getFillValue** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a fill value	The value of the fillValue field was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getFillValue** in the ActiveFieldFill class can be used, see the example code provided for **getFieldName** beginning on page 4-14.

getFunctionCode

Description

The **getFunctionCode** method retrieves the function code in an ActiveFieldFill enumeration. Use this method to display the function for which a specific fill value and trigger are used.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getFunctionCode()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getFunctionCode** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a function code	The value of the functionCode field was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getFunction Code** in the ActiveFieldFill class can be used, see the example code provided for **getFieldName** beginning on page 4-14.

ActiveFunction Class

Description

The **ActiveFunction** class is used by the ActiveLookup class to retrieve information about the functions defined for business rules scenarios. A business rule scenario is defined by setting, system, and function.

Properties

The **ActiveFunction** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object com.stc.eIndex.active.person.ActiveFunction
```

Constructor

None

Methods

The methods included in the **ActiveFunction** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- getFunctionCode on page 4-19
- getFunctionDescription on page 4-20
- getSetCode on page 4-20

Inherited Methods

The **ActiveFunction** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

getFunctionCode

Description

The **getFunctionCode** method retrieves the value of the **functionCode** property. Use this method to display the function code associated with a specific business rules scenario.

Syntax

```
public java.lang.String getFunctionCode()
```

Parameters

Parameter Description

None

Return Value

The **getFunctionCode** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a function code	The value of the functionCode field was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

The following example obtains an instance of the ActiveLookup class and then calls **getActiveFunctions** to retrieve an enumeration of the functions defined for the specified setting (defined here by the variable *set_code*). The '**get**' methods in ActiveFunction are called to display information about the defined functions.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ActiveLookup activeLookup = ActiveLookup.getInstance(eiServer);

Enumeration eaf = activeLookup.getActiveFunctions(set_code);
while (eaf.hasMoreElements()) {
    ActiveFunction af = (ActiveFunction)eaf.nextElement();
    System.out.println("Function: " + af.getFunctionCode());
    System.out.println("Description: " + af.getFunctionDescription());
    System.out.println("Setting Code: " + af.getSetCode());
}
```

getFunctionDescription

Description

The **getFunctionDescription** method retrieves the value of the **functionDescription** property. Use this method to display descriptions of the functions defined for a setting.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getFunctionDescription()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getFunctionDescription** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a function description	The value of the functionDescription field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The functionDescription field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getFunctionDescription** in the ActiveFunction class can be used, see the example code provided for **getFunctionCode** beginning on page 4-19.

getSetCode

Description

The **getSetCode** method retrieves the value of the **setCode** property. Use this method to display the setting code associated with a function.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getSetCode()

Parameters

None

Return Value

The **getSetCode** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a	The value of the setCode field was retrieved
setting code	successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getSetCode** in the ActiveFunction class can be used, see the example code provided for **getFunctionCode** beginning on page 4-19.

ActiveLookup Class

Description

The **ActiveLookup** class looks up sets, functions, and fields that define the business rules scenarios you can use to specify default values, required fields, and field fill values.

Properties

The **ActiveLookup** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object
com.stc.eIndex.active.person.ActiveLookup
```

Constructor

None

Methods

The methods included in the **ActiveLookup** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- getActiveFields on page 4-23
- getActiveFieldsByUser on page 4-24
- getActiveFunctions on page 4-25
- getActiveSet on page 4-26
- getInstance on page 4-27

Inherited Methods

The **ActiveLookup** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

getActiveFields

Description

The **getActiveFields** method retrieves the fields defined for the given setting and function. It returns an enumeration of ActiveField objects.

Syntax

public java.util.Enumeration getActiveFields(java.lang.String set, java.lang.String function)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
set	The setting for which you are looking up field-specific information.
function	The function for which you are looking up field- specific information.

Return Value

The **getActiveFields** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An enumeration of active field objects	The active fields for the given setting and function were retrieved successfully.

Throws

The **getActiveFields** method throws the following exception:

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQLException

Example

The following example obtains an instance of ActiveLookup and then calls **getActiveFields** to display a list of ActiveField objects associated with the specified *set_code* and *func_code*.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ActiveLookup activeLookup = ActiveLookup.getInstance(eiServer);

Enumeration eaf = activeLookup.getActiveFields(set_code, func_code);
while (eaf.hasMoreElements()) {
    ActiveField af = (ActiveField)eaf.nextElement();
    /* Displaying active field information */
}
...
```

getActiveFieldsByUser

Description

The **getActiveFieldsByUser** method retrieves the active fields for a specified user ID and function. It returns an enumeration of ActiveField objects.

Syntax

```
public java.util.Enumeration
getActiveFieldsByUser(java.lang.String userId, java.lang.String
function)
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
userId	The logon user ID for which you want to look up field information.
function	The functions associated with the logon ID for which you want to look up field information.

Return Value

The **getActiveFieldsByUser** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Enumeration of active field objects	The active fields for the specified user ID and function were retrieved successfully.

Throws

The **getActiveFieldsByUser** method throws the following exception:

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQLException

Example

The following example obtains an instance of ActiveLookup and then calls **getActiveFieldsByUser** to display a list of ActiveField objects associated with the specified *user_id* and *func_code*.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ActiveLookup activeLookup = ActiveLookup.getInstance(eiServer);

Enumeration eaf, eff;
eaf = activeLookup.getActiveFieldsByUser(user_id, func_code);
while (eaf.hasMoreElements()) {
   ActiveField af = (ActiveField)eaf.nextElement();...
   /* Displaying active field information */
```

getActiveFunctions

Description

The **getActiveFunctions** method retrieves the functions defined for the specified setting. It returns an enumeration of ActiveFunction objects.

Syntax

```
public java.util.Enumeration
getActiveFunctions(java.lang.String set)
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
set	The setting code for which you want to look up
	functions.

Return Value

The **getActiveFunctions** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An enumeration of active functions	The active functions for the specified setting were retrieved successfully.

Throws

The **getActiveFunctions** method throws the following exception:

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQLException

Example

The following example obtains an instance of the ActiveLookup class and then calls **getActiveFunctions** to retrieve an enumeration of the functions defined for the specified setting (defined here by the variable *set_code*). The '**get**' methods in ActiveFunction are called to display information about the defined functions.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ActiveLookup activeLookup = ActiveLookup.getInstance(eiServer);
Enumeration eaf = activeLookup.getActiveFunctions(set_code);
while (eaf.hasMoreElements()) {
   ActiveFunction af = (ActiveFunction)eaf.nextElement();
   /* Displaying function information */
}
```

getActiveSet

Description

The **getActiveSet** method retrieves the active setting defined for the specified user ID.

Syntax

public ActiveSet getActiveSet(java.lang.String userId)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
userId	The user ID for which you want to look up the active
	setting.

Return Value

The **getActiveSet** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An ActiveSet object	The active setting for the specified user ID was retrieved successfully.

Throws

The **getActiveSet** method throws the following exception:

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQLException

Example

The following example obtains an instance of ActiveLookup and then calls **getActiveSet** for the specified user ID (*user_id*). It then uses the setting code from the returned ActiveSet object to retrieve an enumeration of active functions.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ActiveLookup activeLookup = ActiveLookup.getInstance(eiServer);

ActiveSet as = activeLookup.getActiveSet(user_id);
String set = as.getSetCode();

Enumeration eaf = activeLookup.getActiveFunctions(set);
...
```

getInstance

Description

The **getInstance** method retrieves a single instance of the ActiveLookup class for the specified EiServer object, maintaining a singleton pattern so database results are stored for servicing subsequent lookups

Syntax

public static ActiveLookup getInstance(EiServer eiServer)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
eiServer	The EiServer object for which the ActiveLookup
	instance is retrieved.

Return Value

The **getInstance** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Instance of ActiveLookup	An ActiveLookup instance for the specified EiServer object was retrieved successfully.

Throws

The **getInstance** method throws the following exception:

java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

For more information about the **EiServer Class**, see page 4-319.

Example

To see an example of how **getInstance** in the ActiveFunction class can be used, see the example code provided for **getActiveSet** beginning on page 4-26.

ActiveSet Class

Description

The **ActiveSet** class is used by the ActiveLookup class to retrieve information about the settings defined for business rules scenarios. A business rule scenario is defined by setting, system, and function.

Properties

The **ActiveSet** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object com.stc.eIndex.active.person.ActiveSet
```

Constructor

None

Methods

The methods included in the **ActiveSet** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- getAutoAssign on page 4-29
- getSetCode on page 4-30
- getSetDescription on page 4-30
- getSystemCode on page 4-31

Inherited Methods

The **ActiveSet** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

getAutoAssign

Description

The **getAutoAssign** method retrieves the **autoAssign** property for an ActiveSet object. This property indicates whether local IDs are automatically generated when a record is added in a defined business rules scenario.

Syntax

```
public java.lang.String getAutoAssign()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
-----------	-------------

None

Return Value

The **getAutoAssign** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a character	The value of the autoAssign field was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

The following example obtains an instance of ActiveLookup and then calls **getActiveSet** to retrieve the setting defined for the specified user ID (*user_id*). It then calls the '**get**' methods in the ActiveSet class to retrieve information about the setting that was retrieved.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ActiveLookup activeLookup = ActiveLookup.getInstance(eiServer);

ActiveSet as = activeLookup.getActiveSet(user_id);
   System.out.println("Setting Code: " + as.getSetCode());
   System.out.println("Setting Desc: " + as.getSetDescription());
   System.out.println("System Code: " + as.getSystemCode());
   System.out.println("Auto Assign?: " + as.getAutoAssign());
...
```

getSetCode

Description

The **getSetCode** method retrieves the **setCode** property in an ActiveSet object. Use this field to retrieve the setting code in a business rules scenario.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getSetCode()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getSetCode** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing setting code	The value of the setCode field was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the ActiveSet class can be used, see the example code provided for getAutoAssign beginning on page 4-29.

getSetDescription

Description

The **getSetDescription** method retrieves the **setDescription** field for an ActiveSet object. Use this method to display a description for a setting in a business rules scenario.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getSetDescription()

Parameters

Parameter	Description

None

Return Value

The **getSetDescription** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing set description	The value of the setDescription field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The setDescription field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the ActiveSet class can be used, see the example code provided for getAutoAssign beginning on page 4-29.

getSystemCode

Description

The **getSystemCode** method retrieves the **systemCode** property in an ActiveSet object. Use this method to retrieve a system code defined in a business rules scenario.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getSystemCode()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	

None

Return Value

The **getSystemCode** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a system code	The value of the systemCode field was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the ActiveSet class can be used, see the example code provided for getAutoAssign beginning on page 4-29.

Address Class

Description

The **Address** class represents address information associated with a person record. Use the methods in this class to create Address objects and to populate or retrieve the fields in an Address object.

Properties

The **Address** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.person.PersonDependent

```
java.lang.Object

__com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject
__com.stc.eIndex.active.person.PersonDependent
__com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Address
```

Constructor

The **Address** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

Address on page 4-35

Methods

The methods included in the **Address** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- equals on page 4-36
- getAddress1 on page 4-37
- getAddress2 on page 4-39
- getAddress3 on page 4-39
- getAddress4 on page 4-40
- getAddressType on page 4-41
- getCity on page 4-42
- getCountry on page 4-43
- getCounty on page 4-43
- getHouseNumber on page 4-44
- getPostalCode on page 4-45
- getPostalCodeExt on page 4-46
- getStateOrProvince on page 4-47

- getStreetDir on page 4-47
- getStreetName on page 4-48
- getStreetType on page 4-49
- setAddress1 on page 4-50
- setAddress2 on page 4-51
- setAddress3 on page 4-51
- setAddress4 on page 4-52
- setCity on page 4-52
- setCountry on page 4-53
- setCounty on page 4-54
- setPostalCode on page 4-54
- setPostalCodeExt on page 4-55
- setStateOrProvince on page 4-56
- toString on page 4-56

Inherited Methods

The **Address** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

Address

Description

The **Address** method is the constructor method for the Address class. Use this method to create objects containing a person's address information.

Syntax

public Address(java.lang.String type)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
type	The processing code for the type of address you are adding to the person record, such as H (home), O (office), and so on.

Return Value

The **Address** constructor method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An object containing address information	The Address object was created successfully.

Throws

The **Address** constructor throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

The following example is excerpted from a sample used to create a new Person object and then add demographic, address, and local ID information to the new object. It obtains a new instance of EiServer and PersonBO, and then creates an empty Person object. It then creates a Demographics object to populate the demographic fields of the Person object, and an empty Address object address to populate the address information. The 'set' methods are called to fill the Address object with address information, and addAddress is called to add the Address object to the Person object.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
Person person = new Person();
Demographics demo = new Demographics();
    demo.setLastName(last_name);
    demo.../* Populating property values */
Address address = new Address("H");
    address.setAddress1(address_street1);
    address.setAddress2(address_street2);
    address.setAddress3(address_street3);
    address.setAddress4(address_street4);
    address.setCity(address_city);
    address.setStateOrProvince(address_state);
    address.setPostalCode(address_zipcode);
    address.setPostalCodeExt(address_zip_ext);
    address.setCounty(address_county);
    address.setCountry(address_country);
 personBO.addAddress(person, add);
```

equals

Description

The **equals** method compares one Address object with another to see whether any fields are different. A null address field is considered to be different from a field that is empty but not null.

Syntax

```
public boolean equals(java.lang.Object obj)
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
obj	The Address object to be compared with the current
•	Address object.

Return Value

The **equals** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The Address objects were compared successfully and all fields are identical between the two objects.

This value is returned	if this occurs
False	The Address objects were compared successfully and the fields are not identical between the two objects.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

Overrides:

• **equals** in the **java.lang.Object** class (see your Java documentation for more information about this method)

Example

To se an example of how **equals** in the Address class can be used, see the example for **addAddress** beginning on page 4-409.

getAddress1

Description

The **getAddress1** method retrieves the value of the **address1** field in an address record. You can use this method to display the first line of a person's address for an Address object.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getAddress1()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getAddress1** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing the first line in an address record	The address1 field of the address record was retrieved successfully.
Null	The address1 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

The following example creates a new Person object, and then looks up the UID for the given system, local ID, and status (as specified by the <code>system_code</code>, <code>local_id</code>, and <code>status</code> variables). It then calls <code>loadPerson</code> to retrieve the information associated with that UID, and calls <code>getAddressEnumeration</code> to obtain a list of all addresses associated with the person record. The example calls <code>hasMoreElements</code> and <code>nextElement</code> to scroll through each address record. It then calls the '<code>get</code>' methods in the Address class to display the fields in each address record. Note that the <code>getAddressType</code> function retrieves the coded value of the address type, so <code>getDisplayValue</code> in the CodeLookup class is called to translate the coded value to the display value.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
Person person = new Person();
EnumLocalIdStatus enum = EnumLocalIdStatus.getEnumeration(status);
Uid uid = personBO.lookupUid(system, local_id, enum);
personBO.loadPerson(uid, person);
CodeLookup codeLookup = CodeLookup.getInstance(eiServer);
Enumeration a = person.getAddressEnumeration();
while (a.hasMoreElements()) {
    Address ad = (Address)a.nextElement();
    EnumCodeType codeType = EnumCodeType.ADDRESS_TYPE;
    String type = ad.getAddressType();
    String display = codeLookup.getDisplayValue(codeType, type);
    System.out.println(" Address Type: " + display);
    System.out.println(" Address 1: " + ad.getAddress1());
    System.out.println(" Address 2: " + ad.getAddress2());
    System.out.println(" Address 3: " + ad.getAddress3());
    System.out.println(" Address 4: " + ad.getAddress4());
    System.out.println(" City: " + ad.getCity());
    System.out.println(" State: " + ad.getStateOrProvince());
    System.out.println(" Zip: " + ad.getPostalCode());
    System.out.println(" Zip Extension: " + ad.getPostalCodeExt());
   System.out.println(" County: " + ad.getCounty());
    System.out.println(" Country: " + ad.getCountry());
    /* Now display parsed address components */
    System.out.println(" Street Name: " + ad.getStreetName());
    System.out.println(" Street Direction: " + ad.getStreetDir());
    System.out.println(" House Number: " + ad.getHouseNumber());
    System.out.println(" Street Type: " + ad.getStreetType());
```

getAddress2

Description

The **getAddress2** method retrieves the value of the **address2** field in an address record. You can use this method to display the second line of a person's address for an Address object.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getAddress2()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The getAddress2 method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing the second line in an address record	The address2 field of the address record was retrieved successfully.
Null	The address2 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods can be used to retrieve information from an Address object, see the example for the getAddress1 method on page 4-38.

getAddress3

Description

The **getAddress3** method retrieves the value of the **address3** field in an address record. You can use this method to display the third line of a person's address for an Address object.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getAddress3()

Parameters

None

Return Value

The **getAddress3** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing the third line in an address record	The address3 field of the address record was retrieved successfully.
Null	The address3 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods can be used to retrieve information from an Address object, see the example for the getAddress1 method on page 4-38.

getAddress4

Description

The **getAddress4** method retrieves the value of the **address4** field in an address record. You can use this method to display the fourth line of a person's address for an Address object.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getAddress4()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	

None

Return Value

The getAddress4 method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing the fourth line in an address record	The address4 field of the address record was retrieved successfully.
Null	The address4 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods can be used to retrieve information from an Address object, see the example for the getAddress1 method on page 4-38.

getAddressType

Description

The **getAddressType** method retrieves the value of the **addressType** field in an address record. You can use this method to display the type of address contained in an Address object.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getAddressType()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getAddressType** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing an address type	The addressType field of the address record was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods can be used to retrieve information from an Address object, see the example for the getAddress1 method on page 4-38.

getCity

Description

The **getCity** method retrieves the value of the **city** field in an address record. You can use this method to display the city of a person's address for an Address object.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getCity()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getCity** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a city name	The city field of the address record was retrieved successfully.
Null	The city field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods can be used to retrieve information from an Address object, see the example for the getAddress1 method on page 4-38.

getCountry

Description

The **getCountry** method retrieves the value of the **country** field in an address record. You can use this method to display the country of a person's address for an Address object.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getCountry()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getCountry** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a country code	The country field of the address record was retrieved successfully.
Null	The country field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods can be used to retrieve information from an Address object, see the example for the getAddress1 method on page 4-38.

getCounty

Description

The **getCounty** method retrieves the value of the **county** field in an address record. You can use this method to display the county of a person's address for an Address object.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getCounty()

Parameters

Parameter	Description

None

Return Value

The **getCounty** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a county	The county field of the address record was retrieved successfully.
Null	The county field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods can be used to retrieve information from an Address object, see the example for the getAddress1 method on page 4-38.

getHouseNumber

Description

The **getHouseNumber** method retrieves the value of the **houseNumber** field in an address record. You can use this method to display the house number of a person's address for an Address object. The **houseNumber** field is the value of the house number as parsed from the street address by the Vality algorithm.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getHouseNumber()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getHouseNumber** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a number	The houseNumber field of the address record was retrieved successfully.
Null	The houseNumber field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods can be used to retrieve information from an Address object, see the example for the getAddress1 method on page 4-38.

getPostalCode

Description

The **getPostalCode** method retrieves the value of the **postalCode** field in an address record. You can use this method to display the postal code of a person's address for an Address object.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getPostalCode()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getPostalCode** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a postal code	The postalCode field of the address record was retrieved successfully.
Null	The postalCode field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods can be used to retrieve information from an Address object, see the example for the getAddress1 method on page 4-38.

getPostalCodeExt

Description

The **getPostalCodeExt** method retrieves the value of the **postalCodeExt** field in an address record. You can use this method to display the postal code extension of a person's address for an Address object.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getPostalCodeExt()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getPostalCodeExt** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a postal code extension	The postalCodeExt field of the address record was retrieved successfully.
Null	The postalCodeExt field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods can be used to retrieve information from an Address object, see the example for the getAddress1 method on page 4-38.

getStateOrProvince

Description

The **getStateOrProvince** method retrieves the value of the **stateOrProvince** field in an address record. You can use this method to display the state or province of a person's address for an Address object.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getStateOrProvince()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getStateOrProvince** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned if this occurs	
String containing a state or province code	The stateOrProvince field of the address record was retrieved successfully.
Null	The stateOrProvince field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods can be used to retrieve information from an Address object, see the example for the getAddress1 method on page 4-38.

getStreetDir

Description

The **getStreetDir** method retrieves the value of the **streetDir** field in an address record. You can use this method to display the direction indicator for the street in a person's address for an Address object. The **streetDir** field is the value of the street direction as parsed from the street address by the Vality algorithm.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getStreetDir()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
N.1		

None

Return Value

The **getStreetDir** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a direction abbreviation	The streetDir field of the address record was retrieved successfully.
Null	The streetDir field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods can be used to retrieve information from an Address object, see the example for the getAddress1 method on page 4-38.

getStreetName

Description

The **getStreetName** method retrieves the value of the **streetName** field in an address record. You can use this method to display the street name of a person's address for an Address object. The **streetName** field is the value of the street name as parsed from the street address by the Vality algorithm.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getStreetName()

Parameters

None

Parameter	Description

Return Value

The **getStreetName** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a street name	The streetName field of the address record was retrieved successfully.
Null	The streetName field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

The **getStreetName** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods can be used to retrieve information from an Address object, see the example for the getAddress1 method on page 4-38.

getStreetType

Description

The **getStreetType** method retrieves the value of the **streetType** field in an address record. You can use this method to display the type of street in a person's address for an Address object. The **streetType** field is the value of the street type as parsed from the street address by the Vality algorithm.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getStreetType()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getStreetType** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a street type	The streetType field of the address record was retrieved successfully.
abbreviation	,

This value is returned	if this occurs
Null	The streetType field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods can be used to retrieve information from an Address object, see the example for the getAddress1 method on page 4-38.

setAddress1

Description

The **setAddress1** method is the setter for the **address1** field. Use this method to populate the street address of a person's address in an Address object.

Syntax

public void setAddress1(java.lang.String address1)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
address1	The value of the address1 field for the Address object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setAddress1** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate an Address object, see the example for the Address method on page 4-35.

setAddress2

Description

The **setAddress2** method is the setter for the **address2** field. Use this method to populate the second line of a person's address in an Address object.

Syntax

public void setAddress2(java.lang.String address2)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
address2	The value of the address2 field for the Address object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setAddress2** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate an Address object, see the example for the Address method on page 4-35.

setAddress3

Description

The **setAddress3** method is the setter for the **address3** field. Use this method to populate the third line of a person's address in an Address object.

Syntax

public void setAddress3(java.lang.String address3)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
address3	The value of the address3 field for the Address object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setAddress3** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate an Address object, see the example for the Address method on page 4-35.

setAddress4

Description

The **setAddress4** method is the setter for the **address4** field. Use this method to populate the street address of a person's address in an Address object.

Syntax

public void setAddress4(java.lang.String address4)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
address4	The value of the address4 field for the Address object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setAddress4** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate an Address object, see the example for the Address method on page 4-35.

setCity

Description

The **setCity** method is the setter for the **city** field. Use this method to populate the city of a person's address in an Address object.

Syntax

public void setCity(java.lang.String city)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
city	The value of the city field for the Address object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setCity** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate an Address object, see the example for the Address method on page 4-35.

setCountry

Description

The **setCountry** method is the setter for the **setCountry** field. Use this method to populate the country of a person's address in an Address object.

Syntax

public void setCountry(java.lang.String country)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
country	The value of the country field for the Address object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setCountry** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate an Address object, see the example for the Address method on page 4-35.

setCounty

Description

The **setCounty** method is the setter for the **county** field. Use this method to populate the county of a person's address in an Address object.

Syntax

public void setCounty(java.lang.String county)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
county	The value of the county field for the Address object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setCounty** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate an Address object, see the example for the Address method on page 4-35.

setPostalCode

Description

The **setPostalCode** method is the setter for the **postalCode** field. Use this method to populate the postal code of a person's address in an Address object.

Syntax

public void setPostalCode(java.lang.String postalCode)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
postalCode	The value of the postalCode field for the Address object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setPostalCode** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate an Address object, see the example for the Address method on page 4-35.

setPostalCodeExt

Description

The **setPostalCodeExt** method is the setter for the **postalCodeExt** field. Use this method to populate the postal code extension of a person's address in an Address object.

Syntax

public void setPostalCodeExt(java.lang.String postalCodeExt)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
postalCodeExt	The value of the postalCodeExt field for the Address object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setPostalCodeExt** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate an Address object, see the example for the Address method on page 4-35.

setStateOrProvince

Description

The **setStateOrProvince** method is the setter for the **stateOrProvince** field. Use this method to populate the state or province of a person's address in an Address object.

Syntax

public void setStateOrProvince(java.lang.String stateOrProvince)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
stateOrProvince	The value of the stateOrProvince field for the Address object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setStateOrProvince** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate an Address object, see the example for the Address method on page 4-35.

toString

Description

The **toString** method creates a string representation of the address record. You can use this method to display a comma-delimited list of address information.

Syntax

public java.lang.String toString()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **toString** method returns the following value:

This value is returned ... if this occurs ... String containing a complete address The address was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None

Additional Information

Overrides:

toString in the com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject class

Example

The following example creates a new Person object, and then looks up the UID for the given system, local ID, and status (as specified by the <code>system_code</code>, <code>local_id</code>, and <code>status</code> variables). It then calls <code>loadPerson</code> to retrieve the information associated with that UID, and calls <code>getAddressEnumeration</code> to obtain a list of all addresses associated with the person record. The example then calls <code>toString</code> to display the fields in each address record. The address fields are delimited by commas and each address record is surrounded by brackets, as shown in the example below.

```
[H,1330 BLOSSOM STREET,UNIT 5,null,null,CAPE BURR,CT,09876, 8007,CAPE BURR,UNST]
[0,3478 SHORELINE DRIVE,SUITE 1510,BILLING DEPARTMENT,null, SHEFFIELD,CT,09877,null,CAPE BURR,UNST]
```

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
Person person = new Person();
EnumLocalIdStatus enum = EnumLocalIdStatus.getEnumeration(status);
Uid uid = personBO.lookupUid(system,local_id,enum);
personBO.loadPerson(uid, person);

CodeLookup codeLookup = CodeLookup.getInstance(eiServer);
Enumeration a = person.getAddressEnumeration();
while (a.hasMoreElements()) {
   Address ad = (Address)a.nextElement();
   System.out.println(ad.toString);
}
...
```

Alias Class

Description

The **Alias** class represents alias information associated with a person record. Use the methods in this class to create Alias objects and to populate or retrieve fields in an Alias object. You can also display a comma-delimited string of alias information using the **toString** method.

Properties

The **Alias** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.person.PersonDependent

```
java.lang.Object

__com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject
__com.stc.eIndex.active.person.PersonDependent
__com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Alias
```

Constructor

The **Alias** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

Alias on page 4-60

Methods

The methods included in the **Alias** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- equals on page 4-61
- getFirstName on page 4-62
- getLastName on page 4-63
- getMiddleName on page 4-64
- getUid on page 4-65
- setFirstName on page 4-65
- setLastName on page 4-67
- setMiddleName on page 4-67
- toString on page 4-68

Inherited Methods

The **Alias** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

Alias

Description

The **Alias** method is the constructor method for the Alias class. Use this method to create objects containing a person's alias information.

Syntax

```
public Alias(java.lang.String firstName, java.lang.String
lastName, java.lang.String middleName)
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
firstName	The first name of the alias name.	
lastName	The last name of the alias name.	
middleName	The middle name or initial of the alias name.	

Return Value

The **Alias** constructor method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An object containing alias information	The Alias object was created successfully.

Throws

The **Alias** constructor throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

The following example creates a new Alias object with first name **SAMUEL**, last name **WARREN**, and no middle name. It then calls **hasAlias** to see if the specified Person object is already associated with the new alias information. If the Person object is not associated with the alias, **addAlias** is called to add the new alias information to the Person object.

```
Alias a = new Alias("SAMUEL","WARREN","");
if (!personBO.hasAlias(person,a)) {
    personBO.addAlias(person, a);
...
```

equals

Description

The **equals** method compares one Alias object with another to see whether any fields are different. This comparison is case-insensitive.

Syntax

public boolean equals(java.lang.Object obj)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
obj	The Alias object to be compared with the current Alias object.

Return Value

The **equals** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The Alias objects were compared successfully and all fields are identical between the two objects.
False	The Alias objects were compared successfully and the fields are not identical between the two objects.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

Overrides:

 equals in the java.lang.Object class (see your Java documentation for more information about this method)

Example

To see an example of how **equals** can be used to compare two Alias objects, see the example for **setFirstName** on page 4-65.

getFirstName

Description

The **getFirstName** method retrieves the value of the **firstName** field in an alias record. You can use this method to display the first name for an Alias object.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getFirstName()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
-----------	-------------

None

Return Value

The **getFirstName** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs	
String containing the first name of an alias	The firstName field of the alias record was retrieved successfully.	
name		

Throws

None.

Example

The following example creates a new Person object, and then looks up the UID for the given system, local ID, and status (as specified by <code>system_code</code>, <code>local_id</code>, and <code>status</code>). It then calls <code>loadPerson</code> to retrieve all of the information associated with that UID, and calls <code>getAliasEnumeration</code> to obtain a list of all alias names associated with the person record. The sample retrieves the individual fields from each alias record by calling the <code>'get'</code> methods in the Alias class.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
Person person = new Person();
EnumLocalIdStatus enum = EnumLocalIdStatus.getEnumeration(status);
Uid uid = personBO.lookupUid(system_code,local_id,enum);
personBO.loadPerson(uid, person);

Enumeration a = person.getAliasEnumeration();
while (a.hasMoreElements()) {
    Alias an = (Alias)a.nextElement();
    System.out.println(" First Name: " + an.getFirstName());
    System.out.println(" Last Name: " + an.getLastName());
    System.out.println(" Middle Name: " + an.getMiddleName());
    System.out.println(" UID: " + an.getUid());
}
...
```

getLastName

Description

The **getLastName** method retrieves the value of the **lastName** field in an alias record. You can use this method to display the last name for an Alias object.

Syntax

```
public java.lang.String getLastName()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getLastName** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing the last name of an alias	The lastName field of the alias record was retrieved successfully.
name	

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getLastName** can be used, see the example for **getFirstName** on page 4-62.

getMiddleName

Description

The **getMiddleName** method retrieves the value of the **middleName** field in an alias record. You can use this method to display the middle name or initial for an Alias object.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getMiddleName()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getMiddleName** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing the middle name or initial of an alias name	The middleName field of the alias record was retrieved successfully.
Null	The middleName field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getMiddleName** can be used, see the example for **getFirstName** on page 4-62.

getUid

Description

The **getUid** method retrieves the UID associated with the alias record. You can use this method to display the UID associated with an Alias object.

Syntax

public Uid getUid()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getUid** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Uid object	The UID associated with the alias record was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

For more information about the **Uid Class**, see page 4-493.

Example

To see an example of how **getUid** can be used, see the example for **getFirstName** on page 4-62.

setFirstName

Description

The **setFirstName** method is the setter for the **firstName** field. Use this method to update the first name of a person's alias in an Alias object.

Syntax

public void setFirstName(java.lang.String firstName)

Parameters

Parameter Description

firstName

The value of the **firstName** field for the Alias object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setFirstName** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

The following example illustrates how the 'set' methods in the Alias class can be used when updating a Person object. The example creates a new Person object, and then searches for the UID of the person to update (based on the user-defined variables <code>system_code</code>, <code>local_id</code>, and <code>status</code>). The example calls <code>loadPerson</code> to load the Person object. It creates a new Alias object, <code>alias</code>, that defines the alias record to be updated. The example then retrieves an enumeration of Alias objects from the Person object and scrolls through the alias records searching for one that matches the previously defined <code>alias</code> object. When a matching alias record is found, it is updated using the 'set' methods in the Alias class.

```
Person person = new Person();
EnumLocalIdStatus enum = EnumLocalIdStatus.getEnumeration(status);
Uid uid = personBO.lookupUid(system_code, local_id, enum);
personBO.loadPerson(uid, person);
Alias alias = new Alias("BETH", "COLTER", "");
Enumeration n = person.getAliasEnumeration();
while (n.hasMoreElements()) {
    Alias an = (Alias)n.nextElement();
    if (an.equals(alias)) {
        an.setFirstName("LIZBETH");
        an.setLastName("COLTER");
        an.setMiddleName("J"); }
}
.../* Creating and populating Transaction object trans */
boolean updatePerformed = personBO.updatePerson(person, trans);
if (updatePerformed) {
    System.out.println("Update complete."); }
else {
    System.out.println("Record unchanged."); }
```

setLastName

Description

The **setLastName** method is the setter for the **lastName** field. Use this method to update the last name of a person's alias in an Alias item.

Syntax

public void setLastName(java.lang.String lastName)

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
lastName	The value of the lastName field for the Alias object.	

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setLastName** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate an Alias object, see the example for setFirstName beginning on page 4-66.

setMiddleName

Description

The **setMiddleName** method is the setter for the **setMiddleName** field. Use this method to update the middle name or initial of a person's alias in an Alias object.

Syntax

public void setMiddleName(java.lang.String middleName)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
middleName	The value of the middleName field for the Alias object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setMiddleName** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate an Alias object, see the example for setFirstName beginning on page 4-66.

toString

Description

The **toString** method creates a string representation of the alias record. You can use this method to display a comma-delimited list of alias information.

Syntax

public java.lang.String toString()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **toString** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a complete alias name	The alias name was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None

Additional Information

Overrides:

toString in the com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject class

Example

The following example creates a new Person object, and then looks up the UID for the given system, local ID, and status (as specified by *system_code*, *local_id*, and *status*). It then calls **loadPerson** to retrieve all of the information

associated with that UID, and calls **getAliasEnumeration** to obtain a list of all alias names associated with the person record.

The sample retrieves each alias record by calling **toString** in the Alias class. The elements in each alias record are delimited by commas, and each record is surrounded by brackets, as shown in this example list.

```
[ELIZABETH, WARREN, null]
[LIZ, SMITH, null]
[LIZ, WARREN, null]
[ELIZABETH, SMITH, J]
```

```
Person person = new Person();
EnumLocalIdStatus enum = EnumLocalIdStatus.getEnumeration(status);
Uid uid = personB0.lookupUid(system_code,local_id,enum);
personB0.loadPerson(uid, person);

Enumeration a = person.getAliasEnumeration();
while (a.hasMoreElements()) {
   Alias an = (Alias)a.nextElement();
   System.out.println(an.toString());
...
```

Audit Class

Description

The **Audit** class represents information stored in the *ui_audit* table. Use the methods in the **Audit** class to store and look up specific instances of user access of person information in the e*Index database.

Properties

The **Audit** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.person.PersonDependent

```
java.lang.Object

__com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject
__com.stc.eIndex.active.person.PersonDependent
__com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Audit
```

Constructor

The **Audit** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

Audit on page 4-72

Methods

The methods included in the **Audit** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- getDetail on page 4-73
- getFunct on page 4-74
- getTimestamp on page 4-74
- getUid1 on page 4-75
- getUid2 on page 4-76
- getUserId on page 4-76
- setDetail on page 4-77
- setFunct on page 4-78
- setTimestamp on page 4-78
- setUid2 on page 4-79
- setUserId on page 4-80

Inherited Methods

The **Audit** class inherits these methods from **com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject**:

toString

The **Audit** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

Audit

Description

The **Audit** method is the constructor method for the Audit class. Use this method to create objects containing audit log information. The audit log stores information about each instance the *ui_person* table is accessed.

Syntax

public Audit()

Parameters

Parameter Description

None

Return Value

The **Audit** constructor method returns the following value:

returned	if this occurs	
This value is		

An object containing The Audit object was created successfully. audit information

Throws

None.

Example

The following example is excerpted from a sample used to create a new Person object and then create an audit log record for the transaction. It obtains a new instance of EiServer and PersonBO, and then creates an empty Person object. The example creates a Demographics object to populate the demographic fields of the Person object., and creates an Audit object to create the audit log record. The 'set' methods are called to fill the Audit object with audit information, and addAudit is called to add the Audit object to the Person object.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
Person person = new Person();

Uid uid = new Uid("1000000001");
personBO.loadPerson(uid, person);
.../* Updating the person object using setter methods */

boolean updatePerformed = personBO.updatePerson(person, trans);
if (updatePerformed)
   Audit audit = new Audit();
   audit.setUserId(user_id);
   audit.setFunct(function);
   audit.setDetail(function_description);
   audit.setTimestamp(eiServer.getDbTimestamp());
   personBO.addAudit(person, audit);
   System.out.println("Update complete.");
...
```

getDetail

Description

The **getDetail** method retrieves the value of the **detail** field in an audit record. You can use this method to display a description of the transaction that caused the audit record to be written.

Syntax

```
public java.lang.String getDetail()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getDetail** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing audit information	The detail field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The detail field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve

Throws

None.

getFunct

Description

The **getFunct** method retrieves the value of the **funct** field in an Audit object. You can use this method to display the event code that caused an audit log entry to be written.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getFunct()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getFunct** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing an event type code information	The funct field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The funct field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

getTimestamp

Description

The **getTimestamp** method retrieves the value of the **timestamp** field in an Audit object. You can use this method to display the date and time an audit log entry was created.

Syntax

public java.sql.Timestamp getTimestamp()

Parameters

None

Return Value

The **getTimestamp** method returns the following value:

This value is		
returned	if this occurs	
A timestamp	The timestamp field was retrieved successfully.	

Throws

The **getTimestamp** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

getUid1

Description

The **getUid1** method retrieves the value of the **uid1** field for the first person record accessed in the specified transaction. You can use this method to display the value of the UID associated with the audit log entry.

Syntax

public Uid getUid1()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getUid1** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
A Uid object	The uid1 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The uid1 field was checked successfully, but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

For more information about the **Uid Class**, see page 4-493.

getUid2

Description

The **getUid2** method retrieves the value of the **uid2** field for the second person record accessed in the specified transaction. You can use this method to display the value of the **uid2** field.

Syntax

public Uid getUid2()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getUid2** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
A Uid object	The uid2 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The uid2 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

For more information about the **Uid Class**, see page 4-493.

getUserId

Description

The **getUserId** method retrieves the value of the **userId** field in the specified transaction. You can use this method to display the user ID of the user who performed the transaction that caused an audit log record to be logged.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getUserId()

Parameters

None

Return Value

The **getUserId** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a user ID	The userId field was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

setDetail

Description

The **setDetail** method is the setter for the audit **detail** field. Use this method to populate the detail information in an Audit object.

Syntax

```
public void setDetail(java.lang.String detail)
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
detail	The value of the detail field for the new Audit object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setDetail** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate an Audit object, see the example for Audit on page 4-72.

setFunct

Description

The **setFunct** method is the setter for the audit **funct** field. Use this method to populate the event type of a transaction that creates an Audit object.

Syntax

public void setFunct(java.lang.String funct)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
funct	The value of the funct field for the new Audit object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setFunct** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate an Audit object, see the example for Audit on page 4-72.

setTimestamp

Description

The **setTimestamp** method is the setter for the audit **timestamp** field. Use this method to populate the date a transaction occurred in an Audit object.

Syntax

public void setTimestamp(java.sql.Timestamp date)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
date	The value of the timestamp field for the new Audit
	object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setTimestamp** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate an Audit object, see the example for Audit on page 4-72.

setUid2

Description

The **setUid2** method is the setter for the audit **uid2** field for the second person record accessed during a transaction. Use this method to populate the UID of the second person record in an Audit object. The primary UID is automatically populated during a transaction.

Syntax

public void setUid2(Uid uid2)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
uid2	The value of the uid2 field for the new Audit object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setUid2** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the **Uid Class**, see page 4-493.

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate an Audit object, see the example for Audit on page 4-72.

setUserId

Description

The **setUserId** method is the setter for the audit **userId** field. Use this method to populate the user ID of the person who performed the transaction recorded in an Audit object.

Syntax

public void setUserId(java.lang.String userId)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
userId	The value of the userId field for the new Audit object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setUserId** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate an Audit object, see the example for Audit on page 4-72.

AuxId Class

Description

The **AuxId** class represents non-unique ID information (also known as *auxiliary IDs*) for the Person class. Use the methods in this class to retrieve and update non-unique ID information in a person record.

Properties

The **AuxId** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.person.PersonDependent

```
java.lang.Object

__com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject
__com.stc.eIndex.active.person.PersonDependent
__com.stc.eIndex.active.person.AuxId
```

Constructor

The **AuxId** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

AuxId on page 4-83

Methods

The methods included in the **AuxId** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- equals on page 4-84
- getAuxIdType on page 4-84
- getId on page 4-86
- setAuxIdType on page 4-86
- setId on page 4-88
- toString on page 4-88

Inherited Methods

The **AuxId** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

Auxld

Description

The **AuxId** method is the constructor method for the AuxId class. Use this method to create objects containing a person's non-unique ID information.

Syntax

```
public AuxId(java.lang.String idType, java.lang.String id)
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
idType	The non-unique ID code of the ID. This value must already be defined in the <i>ui_aux_id_def</i> table and must be less than eight characters.
id	The identification code for the new AuxId object.

Return Value

The **AuxId** constructor method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An object having a non- unique ID and type	The AuxId object was created successfully.

Throws

The **AuxId** method throws the following exceptions:

EiException Class

Example

The following example obtains a new instance of EiServer and PersonBO, and then creates an empty Person object. It creates a Demographics object to populate the demographic fields of the Person object, and a new AuxId object, auxId, to add the non-unique ID information to the person record.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
Person person = new Person();
Demographics demo = new Demographics();
    demo.setLastName(last_name);
    demo.../* Populating property values */
...
AuxId auxId = new AuxId("ACCT", "100495");
personBO.addAuxId(person, auxId);
...
```

equals

Description

The **equals** method compares one AuxId object with another to see whether any fields are different.

Syntax

public boolean equals(java.lang.Object obj)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
obj	The AuxId object to be compared with the current AuxId object.

Return Value

The **equals** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The AuxId objects were compared successfully and all fields are identical between the two objects.
False	The AuxId objects were compared successfully and the fields are not identical between the two objects.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

Overrides:

• **equals** in the **java.lang.Object** class (see your Java documentation for more information about this method)

Example

To see an example of how the **equals** method can be used to compare two AuxId objects, see the example for **setAuxIdType** on page 4-86.

get AuxId Type

Description

The **getAuxIdType** method returns the type of non-unique ID in an AuxId object.

Syntax

```
public java.lang.String getAuxIdType()
```

Parameters

Parameter Description

None

Return Value

The **getAuxIdType** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a non-unique ID type	The auxIdType field was successfully retrieved.

Throws

None.

Example

The following example creates a new Person object, and then looks up the UID for the given system, local ID, and status (as specified by the <code>system_code</code>, <code>local_id</code>, and <code>status</code> variables). It then calls <code>loadPerson</code> to retrieve the information associated with that UID, and calls <code>getAuxIdEnumeration</code> to obtain a list of all non-unique IDs associated with the person record. The example calls <code>hasMoreElements</code> and <code>nextElement</code> to scroll through each ID record. It then calls the '<code>get</code>' methods in the AuxId class to display the fields in each ID record. How to display type description instead of type code?

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
Person person = new Person();
EnumLocalIdStatus enum = EnumLocalIdStatus.getEnumeration(status);
Uid uid = personBO.lookupUid(system,local_id,enum);
personBO.loadPerson(uid, person);
Enumeration x = person.getAuxIdEnumeration();
while (x.hasMoreElements()) {
   AuxId aux = (AuxId)x.nextElement();
   System.out.println(" Non-unique ID Type: " + aux.getAuxIdType());
   System.out.println(" ID: " + aux.getId());
}
...
```

getld

Description

The **getId** method returns the identification code associated with the non-unique ID type in an AuxId object.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getId()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getId** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing an identification code	The id field was successfully retrieved.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods can be used to retrieve information from an AuxId object, see the example for the getAuxIdType method on page 4-85.

setAuxIdType

Description

The **setAuxType** method is the setter for the **idType** field. Use this method to update the non-unique ID type in an AuxId object.

Syntax

public void setAuxIdType(java.lang.String idType)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
idType	The value of the idType field for the new Auxld object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setAuxIdType** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

The following example illustrates how the 'set' methods in the AuxId class can be used when updating a Person object. The example creates a new Person object, and then searches for the UID of the person to update (based on the user-defined variables <code>system_code</code>, <code>local_id</code>, and <code>status</code>). The example calls <code>loadPerson</code> to load the Person object. It creates a new AuxId object, <code>aux</code>, which defines the non-unique ID record to be updated. The example then retrieves an enumeration of AuxId objects from the Person object and scrolls through the ID records searching for one that matches the previously defined <code>aux</code> object. When a matching ID record is found, it is updated using the 'set' methods in the AuxId class.

```
Person person = new Person();
EnumLocalIdStatus enum = EnumLocalIdStatus.getEnumeration(status);
Uid uid = personBO.lookupUid(system_code, local_id, enum);
personBO.loadPerson(uid, person);
AuxId aux = new AuxId("ACCT", "03257293");
Enumeration enum = person.getAuxIdEnumeration();
while (enum.hasMoreElements()) {
    AuxId a = (AuxId)enum.nextElement();
    if (a.equals(aux)) {
        a.setAuxIdType("ACCT");
        a.setId("03257392");
    }
}
.../* Creating and populating Transaction object trans */
boolean updatePerformed = personBO.updatePerson(person, trans);
if (updatePerformed) {
    System.out.println("Update complete.");
    System.out.println("Record unchanged.");
}
. . .
```

setId

Description

The **setId** method is the setter for the **id** field. Use this method to update the non-unique identification code in an AuxId object.

Syntax

public void setId(java.lang.String id)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
id	The value of the id field for the new Auxld object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setId** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to update an AuxId object, see the example for setAuxIdType on page 4-86.

toString

Description

The **toString** method retrieves a comma-delimited representation of an AuxId object.

Syntax

public java.lang.String toString()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **toString** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Comma-delimited list of AuxId data	The specified non-unique IDs for the record were retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

Overrides:

toString in the com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject class

Example

The following example creates a new Person object, and then looks up the UID for the given system, local ID, and status (as specified by the <code>system_code</code>, <code>local_id</code>, and <code>status</code> variables). It then calls <code>loadPerson</code> to retrieve the information associated with that UID, and calls <code>getAuxIdEnumeration</code> to obtain a list of all non-unique IDs associated with the person record. The example scrolls through each ID record using the <code>nextElement</code> and <code>hasMoreElements</code> functions. It then calls the <code>toString</code> method in the AuxId class to display string representations of each non-unique ID.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
Person person = new Person();
EnumLocalIdStatus enum = EnumLocalIdStatus.getEnumeration(status);
Uid uid = personBO.lookupUid(system,local_id,enum);
personBO.loadPerson(uid, person);
Enumeration x = person.getAuxIdEnumeration();
while (x.hasMoreElements()) {
   AuxId aux = (AuxId)x.nextElement();
   System.out.println(aux.toString());
}
```

CityState Class

Description

The **CityState** class is used by the zip code lookup function to return a city, state, county, and residence code information for a ZipCodeLookup object.

Properties

The CityState class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object
com.stc.eIndex.active.person.CityState
```

Constructor

None.

Methods

The methods included in the **CityState** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- getCity on page 4-91
- getCounty on page 4-91
- getResidenceCode on page 4-92
- getState on page 4-93

Inherited Methods

The **CityState** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

getCity

Description

The **getCity** method retrieves the city associated with the specified zip code.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getCity()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getCity** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a city name	The value of the city field was successfully retrieved.
Null	No city was associated with the specified zip code.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getCity** in the CityState class can be used, see the example code provided for **getCityState** on page 4-498.

getCounty

Description

The **getCounty** method retrieves the county associated with the specified zip code.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getCounty()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

e*Index Active Integration

Return Value

The **getCounty** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a county code	The value of the county field was successfully retrieved.
Null	No county was associated with the specified zip code.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getCounty** in the CityState class can be used, see the example code provided for **getCityState** on page 4-498.

getResidenceCode

Description

The **getResidenceCode** method retrieves the residence code associated with the specified zip code.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getResidenceCode()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getResidenceCode** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a residence code	The value of the residenceCode field was successfully retrieved.
Null	No residence code was associated with the specified zip code.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getResidenceCode** in the CityState class can be used, see the example code provided for **getCityState** on page 4-498.

getState

Description

The **getState** method retrieves the state associated with the specified zip code.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getState()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getState** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a state code	The value of the state field was successfully retrieved.
Null	No state was associated with the specified zip code.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getState** in the CityState class can be used, see the example code provided for **getCityState** on page 4-498.

CodeDisplay Class

Description

The **CodeDisplay** class represents a processing code record returned by the **CodeLookup** class. Processing code records are stored in the e*Index database tables *stc_common_detail* and *stc_common_header*.

Properties

The **CodeDisplay** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object
com.stc.eIndex.active.person.CodeDisplay
```

Constructor

None.

Methods

The methods included in the **CodeDisplay** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- getCode on page 4-95
- getCommonDetailId on page 4-95
- getCommonHeaderId on page 4-96
- getCreateDate on page 4-97
- getCreateUserId on page 4-97
- getDisplay on page 4-98
- getReadOnly on page 4-99

Inherited Methods

The **CodeDisplay** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

getCode

Description

The **getCode** method retrieves the code value of the code table record represented by the **CodeLookup** class.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getCode()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getCode** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a coded value	The value of the code field was retrieved successfully.
Null	There was no value in the code field to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

For an example of how **getCode** can be used, see the example for **getCodeDisplayPairs** on page 4-101.

getCommonDetailId

Description

The **getCommonDetailId** method retrieves the common detail ID of the code table record represented by the **CodeLookup** class. You only need to retrieve this value for code table records that are stored in the *stc_common_detail* table.

Syntax

public long getCommonDetailId()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getCommonDetailId** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Long integer	The value of the commonDetailId field was retrieved successfully.
Null	There was no value in the commonDetailId field to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

For an example of how **getCommonDetailId** can be used, see the example for **getCodeDisplayPairs** on page 4-101.

getCommonHeaderId

Description

The **getCommonHeaderId** method retrieves the common header ID of the code table record represented by the **CodeLookup** class.

Syntax

public long getCommonDetailId()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getCommonHeaderId** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Long integer	The value of the commonHeaderId field was retrieved successfully.
Null	There was no value in the commonHeaderId field to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

For an example of how **getCommonHeaderId** can be used, see the example for **getCodeDisplayPairs** on page 4-101.

getCreateDate

Description

The **getCreateDate** method retrieves the date the code table record represented by the **CodeLookup** class was created.

Syntax

public jave.sql.Timestamp getCreateDate()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getCreateDate** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
A timestamp	The create date for the record was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

For an example of how **getCreateDate** can be used, see the example for **getCodeDisplayPairs** on page 4-101.

getCreateUserId

Description

The **getCreateUserId** method retrieves the ID of the user who created the code table record represented by the **CodeLookup** class.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getCreateUserId()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getCreateUserId** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a user ID	The value of the userId field was retrieved successfully.
Null	There was no value in the userId field to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

For an example of how **getCreateUserId** can be used, see the example for **getCodeDisplayPairs** on page 4-101.

getDisplay

Description

The **getDisplay** method retrieves the display value of the processing code record represented by the **CodeLookup** class.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getDisplay()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getDisplay** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a display value	The value of the display field was retrieved successfully.
Null	There was no value in the display field to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

For an example of how **getDisplay** can be used, see the example for **getCodeDisplayPairs** on page 4-101.

getReadOnly

Description

The **getReadOnly** method retrieves the read-only flag for the code table record represented by the **CodeLookup** class. Use this method to determine whether a record in *stc_common_detail* can be modified.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getReadOnly()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getReadOnly** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a	The value of the readOnly field was retrieved
read-only flag	successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

For an example of how **getReadOnly** can be used, see the example for **getCodeDisplayPairs** on page 4-101.

CodeLookup Class

Description

The **CodeLookup** class looks up the display values and processing codes for the given processing code type.

Properties

The **CodeLookup** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object
__com.stc.eIndex.active.person.CodeLookup
```

Constructor

None.

Methods

The methods included in the **CodeLookup** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- getCodeDisplayPairs on page 4-101
- getDisplayValue on page 4-102
- getInstance on page 4-104

Inherited Methods

The **CodeLookup** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

getCodeDisplayPairs

Description

The **getCodeDisplayPairs** method returns a listing of all the CodeDisplay pairs for a given type of processing code.

Syntax

public java.util.Enumeration getCodeDisplayPairs(EnumCodeType codeType)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
codeType	The type of processing code for which you want to display codes and their associated descriptions. For a list of possible code types, see the fields listed for the EnumCodeType Class on page 4-352.

Return Value

The **getCodeDisplayPairs** method returns on of the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Enumeration of coded values	An enumeration of the values of the CodeDisplay class was created successfully.
Null	There were no values defined for the specified code type.

Throws

The **getCodeDisplayPairs** throws the following exception:

java.sql.SQLException

Example

The following example looks up the EnumCodeType for the specified type of processing code, represented by *proc_code*. The example initializes the variable **ect** and then retrieves an instance of EiServer. It then defines the variable **type**, and checks the type value against the possible options. It calls **EnumCodeType** to retrieve the enumeration for the specified code type.

Once the EnumCodeType is retrieved, **getInstance** is called to retrieve the instance of the CodeLookup class and **getCodeDisplayPairs** is called to retrieve the list of codes and associated display values for the given code type. The results are contained in the enumeration **ep**. The '**get**' methods in the CodeDisplay class are called to display the resulting information for codes and display values.

```
EnumCodeType ect = null;
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
 String type = proc_code;
 if (type.equals("sex"))
   ect = EnumCodeType.GENDER;
 else if (type.equals("mstatus"))
   ect = EnumCodeType.MARITAL_STATUS;
 else if (type.equals("title"))
   ect = EnumCodeType.TITLE;
 else if (type.equals("suffix"))
   ect = EnumCodeType.SUFFIX;
 if (ect != null) {
   CodeLookup codeLookup = CodeLookup.getInstance(eiServer);
    Enumeration ep = codeLookup.getCodeDisplayPairs(ect);
    System.out.println(" Values for code type: " + type);
   while (ep.hasMoreElements()) {
     CodeDisplay cd = (CodeDisplay)ep.nextElement();
     System.out.println("Code: " + cd.getCode());
     System.out.println("Display: " + cd.getDisplay());
     System.out.println("Read Only? " cd.getReadOnly());
     System.out.println("Common Header ID: " cd.getCommonHeaderId());
     System.out.println("Common Detail ID: " cd.getCommonDetailId());
     System.out.println("Create Date: " cd.getCreateDate());
     System.out.println("User ID: " + cd.getCreateUserId());
}
```

getDisplayValue

Description

The **getDisplayValue** method returns a display value given the value of the processing code.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getDisplayValue(EnumCodeType codeType, java.lang.String code)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
codeType	The type of processing code for which you want to display codes and their associated descriptions. For a list of possible code types, see the fields listed for the EnumCodeType Class beginning on page 4-356.
code	The processing code associated with the display value you want to retrieve.

Return Value

The getDisplayValue method returns one of these values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a display value	The display value was retrieved successfully.
Null	There was no display value to retrieve.

Throws

The **getDisplayValue** method throws the following exceptions:

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQLException

Example

The example below displays the display value associated with the specified processing code type and processing code. The example initializes the variable **ect**, retrieves an instance of EiServer, and then defines the variables **type** and **code** as the user-defined variables *code_type* and *proc_code*. It then checks the value of **type** against the possible options and calls **EnumCodeType** to retrieve the enumeration of the type.

The example then calls **getInstance** in the CodeLookup class, and calls **getDisplayValue** to retrieve the display description associated with the code and code type specified. Finally, the example displays the given processing code and its display value.

```
EnumCodeType ect = null;
  EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
    String type = code_type;
    String code = proc_code;
    if (type.equals("sex"))
     ect = EnumCodeType.GENDER;
    else if (type.equals("mstatus"))
     ect = EnumCodeType.MARITAL_STATUS;
    else if (type.equals("title"))
     ect = EnumCodeType.TITLE;
    else if (type.equals("suffix"))
     ect = EnumCodeType.SUFFIX;
    if (ect != null) {
      CodeLookup codeLookup = CodeLookup.getInstance(eiServer);
      String display = codeLookup.getDisplayValue(ect, code);
      System.out.println("Code:" + code + " Display:" + display);
  } else {
      System.out.println(" Required Parameter Missing");
```

getInstance

Description

The **getInstance** method retrieves the single instance of the CodeLookup class for the given EiServer object, maintaining a singleton pattern so database results are stored for servicing subsequent lookups.

Syntax

public static CodeLookup getInstance(EiServer eiServer)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
eiServer	The EiServer object for which the CodeLookup instance
	is retrieved.

Return Value

The **getInstance** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Instance of CodeLookup	A CodeLookup instance for the specified EiServer object was retrieved successfully.

Throws

The **getInstance** method throws the following exceptions:

java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

For more information about the EiServer Class, see page 4-319.

Example

For an example of how **getInstance** in the CodeLookup class can be used, see the example for **getCodeDisplayPairs** on page 4-101.

ControlKey Class

Description

The **ControlKey** class provides access to the control key information as defined in e*Index Administrator. This information is stored in the database table *ui_control*.

Properties

The **ControlKey** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object
com.stc.eIndex.active.person.ControlKey
```

Constructor

None.

Methods

The method included in the **ControlKey** class is described in detail on the following page:

- getCheckSumLength on page 4-108
- getCountry on page 4-109
- getDateFormat on page 4-110
- getDobSearchRange on page 4-111
- getDuplicateSearchLimit on page 4-112
- getDuplicateThreshold on page 4-113
- getEndTime on page 4-114
- getExactSearchLength on page 4-115
- getInstance on page 4-116
- getMatchThreshold on page 4-117
- getMaximumThreshold on page 4-118
- getMinimumThreshold on page 4-119
- getStartTime on page 4-120
- getUidLength on page 4-121
- isAllowNumericEnabled on page 4-122
- isAssumeMatchEnabled on page 4-123
- isAuditOnOff on page 4-124

- isBlankOnUpdateEnabled on page 4-125
- isDobYearRequired on page 4-126
- isDuplicateCheckEnabled on page 4-127
- isExtensiveSearchEnabled on page 4-128
- isMixedCaseEnabled on page 4-129
- isOneExactMatchEnabled on page 4-130
- isSameFacilityReport on page 4-131
- isSeeDeactivatedEnabled on page 4-132
- isSeeMergedEnabled on page 4-133
- isShortIdEnabled on page 4-134

Inherited Methods

The **ControlKey** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

For More Information



Other SeeBeyond publications may help you to learn how the control keys provided with e*Index determine processing rules.

To learn more about	See
Control Keys	Chapter 5 of the e*Index Administrator User's Guide
How control keys affect the standard e*Index e*Ways	Chapter 4 of the e*Index Global Identifier Technical Reference

getCheckSumLength

Description

The **getCheckSumLength** method retrieves the value of the CKSUMLEN control key, which controls the length of the check sum value for the UIDs created by e*Index.

Syntax

public int getCheckSumLength()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getCheckSumLength** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An integer	The control key was checked successfully and its value was returned.
Null	No value was associated with the CKSUMLEN control key (this should not occur and indicates an error in the <i>ui_control</i> table).

Throws

None

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey. It then calls **getCheckSumLength** to retrieve the value for the CKSUMLEN control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
String checksum = contrlKey.getCheckSumLength();
System.out.println("Checksum Length: " + checksum);
```

getCountry

Description

The **getCountry** method retrieves the value of the COUNTRY control key, which controls country-specific attributes of e*Index.

Syntax

```
public java.lang.String getCountry()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getCountry** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a control key value	The control key was checked successfully and its value was returned.
Null	No value was associated with the COUNTRY control key (this should not occur and indicates an error in the <i>ui_control</i> table).

Throws

None

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey. It then calls **getCountry** to retrieve the value for the COUNTRY control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
String country = contrlKey.getCounty();
System.out.println("Country: " + country);
```

getDateFormat

Description

The **getDateFormat** method retrieves the value of the DATEFRMT control key. This control key determines the format in which dates are displayed (for example, MMDDYYYY, DDMMYYYY, and so on).

Syntax

```
public java.lang.String getDateFormat()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getDateFormat** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a control key value	The control key was checked successfully and its value was returned.
Null	No value was associated with the DATEFRMT control key (this should not occur and indicates an error in the <i>ui_control</i> table).

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey. It then calls **getDateFormat** to retrieve the value for the DATEFRMT control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
String dateFormat = contrlKey.getDateFormat()
System.out.println("Date format: " + dateFormat);
```

getDobSearchRange

Description

The **getDobSearchRange** method retrieves the value of the SRCHDOB control key, which specifies a range of years around the year of birth to include in a search.

Syntax

```
public int getDobSearchRange()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getDobSearchRange** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Integer	The control key was checked successfully and its value was returned.
Null	No value was associated with the SRCHDOB control key (this should not occur and indicates an error in the <i>ui_control</i> table).

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey. It then calls **getDobSearchRange** to retrieve the value for the SRCHDOB control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
int range = contrlKey.getDobSearchRange()
System.out.println("DOB range: " + );
```

getDuplicateSearchLimit

Description

The **getDuplicateSearchLimit** method retrieves the value of the PDSRCHLMT control key, which limits the number of records that can be returned by a potential duplicate search.

Syntax

```
public int getDuplicateSearchLimit ()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getDuplicateSearchLimit** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Integer	The control key was checked successfully and its value was returned.
Null	No value was associated with the PDSRCHLMT control key (this should not occur and indicates an error in the <i>ui_control</i> table).

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey. It then calls **getDuplicateSearchLimit** to retrieve the value for the PDSRCHLMT control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
int dupLimit = contrlKey.getDuplicateSearchLimit();
System.out.println("Dup limit: " + dupLimit);
```

getDuplicateThreshold

Description

The **getDuplicateThreshold** method retrieves the value of the DUPTHRES control key, which specifies the lowest matching weight at which two records are considered potential duplicates of one another.

Syntax

```
public float getDuplicateThreshold()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None.	

Return Value

The **getDuplicateThreshold** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Floating integer	The control key was checked successfully and its value was returned.
Null	No value was associated with the DUPTHRES control key (this should not occur and indicates an error in the <i>ui_control</i> table).

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey. It then calls **getDuplicateThreshold** to retrieve the value for the DUPTHRES control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
float dupThresh = contrlKey.getDuplicateThreshold();
System.out.println("Dup thresh: " + dupThresh);
```

getEndTime

Description

The **getEndTime** method retrieves the value of the ENDTIME control key, which specifies a default value for the "End Time" criteria for audit trail and potential duplicate searches.

Syntax

```
public java.lang.String getEndTime()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getEndTime** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a control key value	The control key was checked successfully and its value was returned.
Null	No value was associated with the ENDTIME control key (this should not occur and indicates an error in the <i>ui_control</i> table).

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey. It then calls **getEndTime** to retrieve the value for the ENDTIME control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
String endTime = contrlKey.getEndTime()
System.out.println("end time: " + endTime);
```

getExactSearchLength

Description

The **getExactSearchLength** method retrieves the value of the LNEXCTSRCH control key, which specifies the maximum number of letters that can be entered into the last name field in order to perform an exact match search against the criteria.

Syntax

public int getExactSearchLength()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getExactSearchLength** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Integer between 1 and 5, inclusive	The control key was checked successfully and its value was returned.
Null	No value was associated with the LNEXCTSRCH control key (this should not occur and indicates an error in the <i>ui_control</i> table).

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey. It then calls **getExactSearchLength** to retrieve the value for the LNEXCTSRCH control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
int length = contrlKey.getExactSearchLength();
System.out.println("Exact last name search: " + length);
```

getInstance

Description

The **getInstance** method retrieves the single instance of the ControlKey class for the given **EiServer** object. This method is directly instantiated in a singleton pattern so database results are stored for servicing subsequent code lookups. This ensures that every transaction performed during a session uses the same control key configuration information.

Syntax

public static ControlKey getInstance(EiServer eiServer)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
eiServer	An EiServer object.

Return Value

The **getInstance** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An instance of the ControlKey class	The instance was created successfully for the given EiServer object.

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey. It the calls **ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer)** and to create an instance of the ControlKey class for the specified EiServer object.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
int uid = contrlKey.getUidLength();
System.out.println("UID Length: " + uid);
```

getMatchThreshold

Description

The **getMatchThreshold** method retrieves the value of the MATCHTHRES control key, which specifies the minimum matching weight at which two records are automatically merged.

Syntax

```
public float getMatchThreshold()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getMatchThreshold** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Floating integer	The control key was checked successfully and its value was returned.
Null	No value was associated with the MATCHTHRES control key (this should not occur and indicates an error in the <i>ui_control</i> table).

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey. It then calls **getMatchThreshold** to retrieve the value for the MATCHTHRES control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
float match = contrlKey.getMatchThreshold();
System.out.println("Match thresh: " + match);
```

getMaximumThreshold

Description

The **getMaximumThreshold** method retrieves the value of the MAXPROB control key, which specifies the largest matching weight value to be used.

Syntax

```
public float getMaximumThreshold()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getMaximumThreshold** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Floating integer	The control key was checked successfully and its value was returned.
Null	No value was associated with the MAXPROB control key (this should not occur and indicates an error in the <i>ui_control</i> table).

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey. It then calls **getMaximumThreshold** to retrieve the value for the MAXPROB control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
float max = contrlKey.getMaximumThreshold();
System.out.println("Max thresh: " + max);
```

getMinimumThreshold

Description

The **getMinimumThreshold** method retrieves the value of the THRESHOLD control key, which specifies the minimum matching weight for records returned from a search.

Syntax

```
public float getMinimumThreshold()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getMinimumThreshold** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Floating integer	The control key was checked successfully and its value was returned.
Null	No value was associated with the THRESHOLD control key (this should not occur and indicates an error in the <i>ui_control</i> table).

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey. It then calls **getMinimumThreshold** to retrieve the value for the THRESHOLD control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
float min = contrlKey.getMinimumThreshold();
System.out.println("Min thresh: " + min);
```

getStartTime

Description

The **getStartTime** method retrieves the value of the STARTTIME control key, which specifies the default value for the "Start Time" criteria for an audit trail or potential duplicate search.

Syntax

```
public java.lang.String getStartTime()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getStartTime** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a control key value	The control key was checked successfully and its value was returned.
Null	No value was associated with the STARTTIME control key (this should not occur and indicates an error in the <i>ui_control</i> table).

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey. It then calls **getStartTime** to retrieve the value for the STARTTIME control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
String startTime = contrlKey.getStartTime();
System.out.println("start time: " + startTime);
```

getUidLength

Description

The **getUidLength** method retrieves the value of the UIDLENGTH control key, which specifies the length of the unique identifier assigned by e*Index.

Syntax

```
public int getUidLength()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		_

Return Value

The **getUidLength** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Integer	The control key was checked successfully and its value was returned.
Null	No value was associated with the UIDLENGTH control key (this should not occur and indicates an error in the <i>ui_control</i> table).

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey. It then calls **getUidLength** to retrieve the value for the UIDLENGTH control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
int uid = contrlKey.getUidLength();
System.out.println("UID Length: " + uid);
```

isAllowNumericEnabled

Description

The **isAllowNumericEnabled** method retrieves the value of the ALLOWNUM control key, which specifies whether numeric characters are allowed in the **Last Name** and **First Name** fields.

Syntax

```
public boolean isAllowNumericEnabled()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **isAllowNumericEnabled** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The control key was checked successfully and its value is Y .
False	The control key was checked successfully and its value is \mathbf{N} .

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey, and then initializes the Boolean variable **rc**. It then calls **isAllowNumericEnabled** to retrieve the Boolean value for the ALLOWNUM control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
boolean rc = false;
rc = contrlKey.isAllowNumericEnabled();
if (rc)
    System.out.println("Allow numeric: YES");
else
    System.out.println("Allow numeric: NO");
```

is Assume Match Enabled

Description

The **isAssumeMatchEnabled** method retrieves the value of the ASSMTCH control key, which specifies whether e*Index performs an automatic merge when the matching weight between two records is equal to or greater than the MATCHTHRES value.

Syntax

public boolean isAssumeMatchEnabled(java.lang.String key)

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **isAssumeMatchEnabled** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The control key was checked successfully and its value is Y .
False	The control key was checked successfully and its value is \mathbf{N} .

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey, and then initializes the Boolean variable **rc**. It then calls **isAssumeMatchEnabled** to retrieve the Boolean value for the ASSMTCH control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
boolean rc = false;
rc = contrlKey.isAssumeMatchEnabled();
if (rc)
    System.out.println("Assume match: YES");
else
    System.out.println("Assume match: NO");
```

isAuditOnOff

Description

The **isAuditOnOff** method retrieves the value of the AUDITONOFF control key, which specifies whether to display the length of time required to perform each transaction.

Syntax

```
public boolean isAuditOnOff()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **isAuditOnOff** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The control key was checked successfully and its value is Y .
False	The control key was checked successfully and its value is \mathbf{N} .

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey, and then initializes the Boolean variable **rc**. It then calls **isAuditOnOff** to retrieve the Boolean value for the AUDITONOFF control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
boolean rc = false;
rc = contrlKey.isAuditOnOff();
if (rc)
    System.out.println("Audit On: YES");
else
    System.out.println("Audit On: NO");
```

is Blank On Update Enabled

Description

The **isBlankOnUpdateEnabled** method retrieves the value of the BLNKONUPDT control key, which specifies whether a blank field should overwrite an existing value during an update transaction.

Syntax

```
public boolean isBlankOnUpdateEnabled()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **isBlankOnUpdateEnabled** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The control key was checked successfully and its value is Y .
False	The control key was checked successfully and its value is \mathbf{N} .

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey, and then initializes the Boolean variable **rc**. It then calls **isBlankOnUpdateEnabled** to retrieve the Boolean value for the BLNKONUPDT control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
boolean rc = false;
rc = contrlKey.isBlankOnUpdateEnabled();
if (rc)
    System.out.println("Update On: YES");
else
    System.out.println("Update On: NO");
```

isDobYearRequired

Description

The **isDobYearRequired** method retrieves the value of the DOBYYREQ control key, which specifies whether a year of birth is required in order to perform a demographic search.

Syntax

```
public boolean isDobYearRequired()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		_

Return Value

The **isDobYearRequired** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The control key was checked successfully and its value is Y .
False	The control key was checked successfully and its value is \mathbf{N} .

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey, and then initializes the Boolean variable rc. It then calls **isDobYearRequired** to retrieve the Boolean value for the DOBYYREQ control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
boolean rc = false;
rc = contrlKey.isDobYearRequired();
if (rc)
    System.out.println("DOB year required: YES");
else
    System.out.println("DOB year required: NO");
```

isDuplicateCheckEnabled

Description

The **isDuplicateCheckEnabled** method retrieves the value of the DUPCHK control key, which specifies whether a check for potential duplicates is performed each time a key field in a record is updated.

Syntax

```
public boolean isDuplicateCheckEnabled()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **isDuplicateCheckEnabled** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The control key was checked successfully and its value is Y .
False	The control key was checked successfully and its value is \mathbf{N} .

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey, and then initializes the Boolean variable rc. It calls isDuplicateCheckEnabled to retrieve the Boolean value for the DUPCHK control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
boolean rc = false;
rc = contrlKey.isDuplicateCheckEnabled();
if (rc)
    System.out.println("Duplicate check: YES");
else
    System.out.println("Duplicate Check: NO");
```

isExtensiveSearchEnabled

Description

The **isExtensiveSearchEnabled** method retrieves the value of the EXTNSVSRCH control key, which specifies whether searches include alias names.

Syntax

```
public boolean isExtensiveSearchEnabled()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **isExtensiveSearchEnabled** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The control key was checked successfully and its value is Y .
False	The control key was checked successfully and its value is \mathbf{N} .

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey, and then initializes the Boolean variable **rc**. It then calls **isExtensiveSearchEnabled** to retrieve the Boolean value for the EXTNSVSRCH control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
boolean rc = false;
rc = contrlKey.isExtensiveSearchEnabled();
if (rc)
    System.out.println("Extensive search: YES");
else
    System.out.println("Extensive search: NO");
```

isMixedCaseEnabled

Description

The **isMixedCaseEnabled** method retrieves the value of the MIXEDCASE control key, which specifies whether data can be entered in mixed case into the e*Index GUIs.

Syntax

```
public boolean isMixedCaseEnabled()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **isMixedCaseEnabled** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The control key was checked successfully and its value is Y .
False	The control key was checked successfully and its value is \mathbf{N} .

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey, and then initializes the Boolean variable **rc**. It then calls **isMixedCaseEnabled** to retrieve the Boolean value for the MIXEDCASE control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
boolean rc = false;
rc = contrlKey.isMixedCaseEnabled();
if (rc)
        System.out.println("Mixed case: YES");
else
        System.out.println("Mixed case: NO");
```

isOneExactMatchEnabled

Description

The **isOneExactMatchEnabled** method retrieves the value of the 1XACTMTCH control key, which specifies whether the record with the highest matching probability weight over the match threshold will be automatically merged with the new record (when there are multiple records over the match threshold).

Syntax

public boolean isOneExactMatchEnabled()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **isOneExactMatchEnabled** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The control key was checked successfully and its value is Y .
False	The control key was checked successfully and its value is \mathbf{N} .

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey, and then initializes the Boolean variable **rc**. It calls **isOneExactMatchEnabled** to retrieve the Boolean value for the 1XACTMTCH control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
boolean rc = false;
rc = contrlKey.isOneExactMatchEnabled();
if (rc)
    System.out.println("One Exact match: YES");
else
    System.out.println("One Exact match: NO");
```

isSameFacilityReportEnabled

Description

The **isSameFacilityReportEnabled** method retrieves the value of the SMEFACREP control key, which specifies whether a record is kept of person records that are flagged as duplicates from the same system.

Syntax

```
public boolean isSameFacilityReportEnabled()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **isSameFacilityReportEnabled** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The control key was checked successfully and its value is Y .
False	The control key was checked successfully and its value is \mathbf{N} .

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey, and then initializes the Boolean variable rc. It calls isSameFacilityReportEnabled to retrieve the Boolean value for the SMEFACREP control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
boolean rc = false;
rc = contrlKey.isSameFacilityReportEnabled();
if (rc)
    System.out.println("One Exact match: YES");
else
    System.out.println("One Exact match: NO");
```

is See Deactivated Enabled

Description

The **isSeeDeactivatedEnabled** method retrieves the value of the SEEDEACTIV control key, which specifies whether deactivated person records are returned for a search.

Syntax

```
public boolean isSeeDeactivatedEnabled()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **isSeeDeactivatedEnabled** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The control key was checked successfully and its value is Y .
False	The control key was checked successfully and its value is \mathbf{N} .

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey, and then initializes the Boolean variable **rc**. It calls **isSeeDeactivatedEnabled** to retrieve the Boolean value for the SEEDEACTIV control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
boolean rc = false;
rc = contrlKey.isSeeDeactivatedEnabled();
if (rc)
    System.out.println("See Deactivated: YES");
else
    System.out.println("See Deactivated: NO");
```

is See Merged Enabled

Description

The **isSeeMergedEnabled** method retrieves the value of the SEEMERGED control key, which specifies whether records with a status of "Merged" are returned from a search.

Syntax

```
public boolean isSeeMergedEnabled()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **isSeeMergedEnabled** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The control key was checked successfully and its value is Y .
False	The control key was checked successfully and its value is \mathbf{N} .

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey, and then initializes the Boolean variable **rc**. It then calls **isSeeMergedEnabled** to retrieve the Boolean value for the SEEMERGED control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
boolean rc = false;
rc = contrlKey.isSeeMergedEnabled();
if (rc)
        System.out.println("See Merged: YES");
else
        System.out.println("See Merged: NO");
```

isShortIdEnabled

Description

The **isShortIdEnabled** method retrieves the value of the SHORTID control key, which specifies whether the SSN field can be shorter than the value specified in the country-specific options in e*Index Administrator.

Syntax

```
public boolean isShortIdEnabled()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The isShortIdEnabled method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The control key was checked successfully and its value is Y .
False	The control key was checked successfully and its value is \mathbf{N} .

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample gets a new instance of EiServer and ControlKey, and then initializes the Boolean variable **rc**. It then calls **isShortIdEnabled** to retrieve the Boolean value for the SHORTID control key.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
boolean rc = false;
rc = contrlKey.isShortIdEnabled();
if (rc)
        System.out.println("Short ID: YES");
else
        System.out.println("Short ID: NO");
```

CountryOption Class

Description

The **CountryOption** class represents the country-specific information stored in the *ui_misc_option* table. This information is defined in the Country Specific Option function of e*Index Administrator.

Properties

The **CountryOption** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject

```
java.lang.Object

_com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject
_com.stc.eIndex.active.person.CountryOption
```

Constructor

None.

Methods

The methods included in the **CountryOption** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- getControlType on page 4-136
- getCountryCode on page 4-137
- getOptionName on page 4-138
- **getValue** on page 4-139

Inherited Methods

The **CountryOption** class inherits these methods from **com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject**:

toString

The **CountryOption** class also inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

getControlType

Description

The **getControlType** method retrieves the value of the **controlType** field in a country-specific attribute. You can use this method to display control type code for a specific record in *ui_misc_option*.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getControlType()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getControlType** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a control type code	The controlType field of the country-specific attribute was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

The following example obtains an instance of EiServer and CountryOptionLookup. It then checks the input (<code>option_type</code>) to retrieve the enumeration for the corresponding field. The example calls <code>getOptionSet</code> in the CountryOptionLookup class to retrieve a vector of definitions for the specified control type. It then calls the '<code>get</code>' methods in the CountryOption class to display information about each record returned in the vector.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
CountryOptionLookup col = CountryOptionLookup.getInstance(eiServer);
EnumCountryOption controlType = null;
String field = option_type;
if (field.equals("address"))
   controlType = EnumCountryOption.ADDRESS_SEARCH;
else if (field.equals("column"))
   controlType = EnumCountryOption.COLUMN_FORMAT;
else if (field.equals("tabs"))
   controlType = EnumCountryOption.TAB_LABEL;
else if (field.equals("groups"))
   controlType = EnumCountryOption.GROUP_LABEL;
else if (field.equals("summary"))
   controlType = EnumCountryOption.SUMMARY_TAB;
Vector vector = col.getOptionSet(controlType);
Enumeration optionSet = vector.elements();
while (optionSet.hasMoreElements()) {
   CountryOption option = (CountryOption)optionSet.nextElement();
   System.out.println("Control Type: " + option.getControlType());
   System.out.println("Country Code: " + option.getCountryCode());
   System.out.println("Option Name: " + option.getOptionName());
   System.out.println("Option Value: " + option.getValue());
}
. . .
```

getCountryCode

Description

The **getCountryCode** method retrieves the value of the **countryCode** field for country-specific attributes. You can use this method to display the county code for a specific record in *ui_misc_option*.

Syntax

```
public java.lang.String getCountryCode()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
-----------	-------------

None

Return Value

The **getCountryCode** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a country code	The countryCode field of the country-specific attribute was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getCountryCode** can be used, see the example for **getControlType** beginning on page 4-136.

getOptionName

Description

The **getOptionName** method retrieves the value of the **optionName** field in a country-specific attribute. You can use this method to display the name of a country-specific attribute.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getOptionName()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getOptionName** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing an option name	The optionName field of the country-specific attribute was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

To see an example of how **getOptionName** can be used, see the example for **getControlType** beginning on page 4-136.

getValue

Description

The **getValue** method retrieves the value of the **value** field in a country-specific attribute. You can use this method to display the value defined for the attribute.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getValue()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getValue** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing the value of the specified attribute	The value field of the country-specific attribute was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getValue** can be used, see the example for **getControlType** beginning on page 4-136.

CountryOptionLookup

Description

The **CountryOptionLookup** class looks up country-specific attribute information by control type or it looks up the value of a country-specific attribute by control type, country, and option name.

Properties

The **CountryOptionLookup** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object
```

-com.stc.eIndex.active.person.CountryOptionLookup

Constructor

None.

Methods

The methods included in the **CountryOptionLookup** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- getInstance on page 4-141
- getOptionSet on page 4-141
- lookupOptionValue on page 4-142

Inherited Methods

The **CountryOptionLookup** class also inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

getInstance

Description

The **getInstance** method retrieves a static instance of the CountryOptionLookup class for the given EiServer object.

Syntax

public static CountryOptionLookup getInstance(EiServer
eiServer)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
eiServer	The EiServer object for which the
	CountryOptionLookup instance is retrieved.

Return Value

The **getInstance** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Instance of	An instance of the CountryOptionLookup class was
CountryOptionLooku	retrieved successfully for the specified EiServer
р	object.

Throws

The **getInstance** method throws the following exceptions:

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQL

Additional Information

For more information about the **EiServer Class**, see page 4-319.

Example

To see an example of how **getInstance** can be used, see the example for **getControlType** beginning on page 4-136.

getOptionSet

Description

The **getOptionSet** method retrieves country-specific information for the specified control type. Control types are the categories of country-specific attributes, such as tab labels, address parsing, group labels, and so on.

public java.util.Vector getOptionSet(EnumCountryOption
controlType)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
controlType	The type of country-specific option information you want to look up. This parameter should be the coded value of the control type. Possible values are defined in the EnumCountryOption class.

Return Value

The **getOptionSet** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Vector of	The country-specific information for the given
CountryOption objects	control type was retrieved successfully.

Throws

The **getOptionSet** method throws the following exceptions:

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQL

Example

To see an example of how **getOptionSet** can be used, see the example for **getControlType** beginning on page 4-136.

lookupOptionValue

Description

The **lookupOptionValue** method retrieves the value of a country-specific attribute given the control type and option name. The value is retrieved for the country defined by the COUNTRY control key. The value is retrieved from the hash table.

Syntax

public java.lang.String lookupOptionValue(EnumCountryOption
controlType, java.lang.String optionName)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
controlType	The type of country-specific option information you want to look up. This parameter should be the coded value of the control type. Possible values are defined in the EnumCountryOption class.
optionName	The name of the country-specific attribute you want to look up. Possible values are defined in the option_name column of <i>ui_misc_option</i> .

Return Value

The **lookupOptionValue** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing the option value	The value of the country-specific attribute was retrieved successfully.

Throws

The **lookupOptionValue** method throws the following exceptions:

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQL

Example

The following example obtains an instance of EiServer and CountryOptionLookup. It then retrieves an enumeration for the TAB_LABEL control type and calls **lookupOptionValue** to retrieve the value associated with the specified option name (*option_name*).

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
CountryOptionLookup lookup = CountryOptionLookup.getInstance(eiServer);
EnumCountryOption conType = EnumCountryOption.TAB_LABEL;
String value = lookup.lookupOptionValue(conType, option_name);
```

Demographics Class

Description

The **Demographics** class represents the demographic information of a person record. The field values in this class can be modified after initialization.

Properties

The **Demographics** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Direct known subclasses: com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Person and com.stc.eIndex.active.person.SearchParameters
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.person.DemographicsRO

```
java.lang.Object

__com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject
__com.stc.eIndex.active.person.DemographicsRO
__com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Demographics
```

Constructor

The **Demographics** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

Demographics on page 4-147

Methods

The methods included in the **Demographics** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- clearAll on page 4-148
- copyDemographics on page 4-149
- setCitizenship on page 4-150
- setClass1 on page 4-150
- setClass2 on page 4-151
- setClass3 on page 4-151
- setClass4 on page 4-152
- setClass5 on page 4-153
- setDate1 on page 4-153
- setDate2 on page 4-154
- setDate3 on page 4-155
- setDate4 on page 4-155

- setDate5 on page 4-156
- setDateOfDeath on page 4-156
- setDeath on page 4-157
- setDeathCertificate on page 4-158
- setDistrictOf Residence on page 4-158
- setDob on page 4-159
- setDriversLicenseNumber on page 4-160
- setDriversLicenseState on page 4-160
- setEthnic on page 4-161
- setFatherName on page 4-162
- setFirstName on page 4-162
- setGender on page 4-163
- setLanguage on page 4-164
- setLastName on page 4-164
- setLgaCode on page 4-165
- setMaidenName on page 4-165
- setMaritalStatus on page 4-166
- setMiddleName on page 4-167
- setMilitaryBranch on page 4-167
- setMilitaryRank on page 4-168
- setMilitaryStatus on page 4-169
- setMotherMaidenName on page 4-169
- setMotherName on page 4-170
- setNationality on page 4-171
- setPensionExpirationDate on page 4-171
- setPensionNumber on page 4-172
- setPersonCategoryCode on page 4-173
- setPobCity on page 4-173
- setPobCountry on page 4-174
- setPobState on page 4-175
- setRace on page 4-175
- setReligion on page 4-176
- setRepatriationNumber on page 4-177
- setSpouseName on page 4-177
- setSsn on page 4-178
- setString1 on page 4-179
- setString10 on page 4-179
- setString2 on page 4-180
- setString3 on page 4-180
- setString4 on page 4-181

- setString5 on page 4-182
- setString6 on page 4-183
- setString7 on page 4-183
- setString8 on page 4-184
- setString9 on page 4-185
- setSuffix on page 4-185
- setTitle on page 4-185
- setVeteranStatus on page 4-186
- setVipFlag on page 4-187

Inherited Methods

The **Demographics** class inherits all methods defined in the class **DemographicsRO Class** (see page 4-242 for information about these Java methods).

The **Demographics** class also inherits these methods from **com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject**:

toString

The **Demographics** class also inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

Demographics

Description

The **Demographics** constructor method creates a new Demographic object containing the demographic information for a person record. This method can take either zero or one parameters. If given zero parameters, the constructor creates a new Demographic object, which can then be populated by the methods in this class. If given one parameter, a Demographic object, the constructor can be used to copy demographic information.

Syntax

public Demographics()

or

public Demographics(Demographics demo)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
demo	A list of demographic information. This parameter is optional.

Return Value

The **Demographics** constructor method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Demographic object	The demographic information was retrieved and the new Demographic object was created.

Throws

None.

Example

The following example creates an empty Demographic object **demo**, and then fills the object with demographic information using the '**set**' methods in the Demographics class. Once the Demographic object is created, the example copies the information into a second Demographics object, **demo2**.

Finally, all the properties in the original Demographics object, **demo**, are cleared by a call to **clearAll** so the object can be re-used.

```
Demographics demo = new Demographics();
    demo.setLastName(last_name);
    demo.setFirstName(first_name);
    demo.setMiddleName(middle_name);
    demo.setSpouseName(spouse_name);
    demo.setMotherName(mother_name);
    demo.setFatherName(father_name);
    demo.setMaidenName(maiden_name);
    demo.setMotherMaidenName(mother_maiden_name);
    demo.setGender(gender_code);
    demo.setDob(date_of_birth);
    demo...
Demographics demo2 = new Demographics(demo);
demo.clearAll();
```

clearAll

Description

The **clearAll** method resets all demographic fields to uninitialized status. If you re-use a Demographic object, use this method to clear the demographic fields before each use.

Syntax

```
public void clearAll()
```

Parameters

Parameter Description

None

Return Value

None.

Throws

None.

Example

For an example of how **clearAll** can be used, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

copyDemographics

Description

The **copyDemographics** method copies the demographic elements of another Demographics object to a new Demographics object. Since the **Demographics** and **Person** classes inherit from the **DemographicsRO** class, any of the three classes can be passed as a parameter to this function.

Syntax

```
public void copyDemographics(DemographicsRO demo)

or

public void copyDemographics(Demographics demo)

or

public void copyDemographics(Person demo)
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
demo	A list of demographic information as represented by
	the Demographics, DemographicsRO, or Person class.

Return Value

None.

Throws

None.

Example

The following example creates a Demographics object **demo**, and then populates its properties using the 'set' methods. It then creates a new Demographics object, **demo2**, and calls **copyDemographics** to copy the information from **demo** to **demo2**.

```
Demographics demo = new Demographics();
  demo.setLastName(last_name);
  demo.../* Populating property values */

  Demographics demo2 = new Demographics();
  demo2.copyDemographics(demo);
...
```

setCitizenship

Description

The **setCitizenship** method is the setter for the **citizenship** field. Use this method to populate the citizenship field in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setCitizenship(java.lang.String citizenship)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
citizenship	The value of the citizenship field for the new
•	Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setCitizenship** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setClass1

Description

The **setClass1** method is the setter for the **class1** field. Use this method to populate the class1 field in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setClass1(java.lang.String class1)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
class1	The value of the class1 field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setClass1** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setClass2

Description

The **setClass2** method is the setter for the **class2** field. Use this method to populate the class2 field in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setClass2(java.lang.String class2)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
class2	The value of the class2 field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setClass2** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for Demographics on page 4-147.

setClass3

Description

The **setClass3** method is the setter for the **class3** field. Use this method to populate the class3 field in a Demographics object.

public void setClass3(java.lang.String class3)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
class3	The value of the class3 field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setClass3** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setClass4

Description

The **setClass4** method is the setter for the **class4** field. Use this method to populate the class4 field in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setClass4(java.lang.String class4)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
class4	The value of the class4 field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setClass4** method throws the following exception:

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setClass5

Description

The **setClass5** method is the setter for the **class5** field. Use this method to populate the class5 field in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setClass5(java.lang.String class5)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
class5	The value of the class5 field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setClass5** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setDate1

Description

The **setDate1** method is the setter for the **date1** field. Use this method to populate the date1 field in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setDate1(java.sql.Date date1)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
date1	The value of the date1 field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setDate1** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for Demographics on page 4-147.

setDate2

Description

The **setDate2** method is the setter for the **date2** field. Use this method to populate the date2 field in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setDate2(java.sql.Date date2)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
date2	The value of the date2 field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setDate2** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setDate3

Description

The **setDate3** method is the setter for the **date3** field. Use this method to populate the date3 field in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setDate3(java.sql.Date date3)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
date3	The value of the date3 field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setDate3** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setDate4

Description

The **setDate4** method is the setter for the **date4** field. Use this method to populate the date4 field in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setDate4(java.sql.Date date4)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
date4	The value of the date4 field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setDate4** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for Demographics on page 4-147.

setDate5

Description

The **setDate5** method is the setter for the **date5** field. Use this method to populate the date5 field in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setDate5(java.sql.Date date5)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
date5	The value of the date5 field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setDate5** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for Demographics on page 4-147.

setDateOfDeath

Description

The **setDateOfDeath** method is the setter for the **dateOfDeath** field. Use this method to populate the date of death field in a Demographics object.

public void setDateOfDeath(java.sql.Date dateOfDeath)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
dateOfDeath	The value of the dateOfDeath field for the new
	Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setDateOfDeath** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for Demographics on page 4-147.

setDeath

Description

The **setDeath** method is the setter for the **death** field. Use this method to populate the death indicator in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setDeath(java.lang.String death)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
death	The value of the death field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setDeath** method throws the following exception:

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setDeathCertificate

Description

The **setDeathCertificate** method is the setter for the **deathCertificate** field. Use this method to populate the death certificate indicator in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setDeath(java.lang.String deathCertificate)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
deathCertificate	The value of the deathCertificate field for the new
	Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setDeathCertificate** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for Demographics on page 4-147.

setDistrictOf Residence

Description

The **setDistrictOfResidence** method is the setter for the **districtOfResidence** field. Use this method to populate the district of residence (DOR) in a Demographics object.

public void setDistrictOfResidence(java.lang.String
districtOfResidence)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
districtOfResidence	The value of the districtOfResidence field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setDistrictOfResidence** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setDob

Description

The **setDob** method is the setter for the **dob** field. Use this method to populate the date of birth in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setDob(java.sql.Date dob)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
dob	The value of the dob field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setDob** method throws the following exception:

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setDriversLicenseNumber

Description

The **setDriversLicenseNumber** method is the setter for the **driversLicenseNumber** field. Use this method to populate the drivers license in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setDriversLicenseNumber(java.lang.String driversLicenseNumber)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
driversLicenseNumber	The value of the driversLicenseNumber field for the
	new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setDriversLicenseNumber** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for Demographics on page 4-147.

setDriversLicenseState

Description

The **setDriversLicenseState** method is the setter for the **driversLicenseState** field. Use this method to populate the state that issued the drivers license in a Demographics object.

public void setDriversLicenseState(java.lang.String
driversLicenseState)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
driversLicenseState	The value of the driversLicenseState field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setDriversLicenseState** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setEthnic

Description

The **setEthnic** method is the setter for the **ethnic** field. Use this method to populate the ethnic group in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setEthnic(java.lang.String ethnic)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
ethnic	The value of the ethnic field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setEthnic** method throws the following exception:

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for Demographics on page 4-147.

setFatherName

Description

The **setFatherName** method is the setter for the **fatherName** field. Use this method to populate the father name in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setFatherName(java.lang.String fatherName)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
fatherName	The value of the fatherName field for the new
	Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setFatherName** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setFirstName

Description

The **setFirstName** method is the setter for the **firstName** field. Use this method to populate the first name in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setFirstName(java.lang.String firstName)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
firstName	The value of the firstName field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setFirstName** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setGender

Description

The **setGender** method is the setter for the **gender** field. Use this method to populate the gender in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setGender(java.lang.String gender)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
gender	The value of the gender field for the new
-	Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setGender** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setLanguage

Description

The **setLanguage** method is the setter for the **language** field. Use this method to populate the language in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setLanguage(java.lang.String language)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
language	The value of the language field for the new
	Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setLanguage** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setLastName

Description

The **setLastName** method is the setter for the **lastName** field. Use this method to populate the last name in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setLastName(java.lang.String lastName)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
lastName	The value of the lastName field for the new
	Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setLastName** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setLgaCode

Description

The **setLgaCode** method is the setter for the **lgaCode** field. Use this method to populate the LGA code in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setLgaCode(java.lang.String lgaCode)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
lgaCode	The value of the lgaCode field for the new
_	Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setLgaCode** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for Demographics on page 4-147.

setMaidenName

Description

The **setMaidenName** method is the setter for the **maidenName** field. Use this method to populate the maiden name in a Demographics object.

public void setMaidenName(java.lang.String maidenName)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
maidenName	The value of the maidenName field for the new
	Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setMaidenName** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for Demographics on page 4-147.

setMaritalStatus

Description

The **setMaritalStatus** method is the setter for the **maritalStatus** field. Use this method to populate the marital status in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setMaritalStatus(java.lang.String maritalStatus)

Parameters

Description
The value of the maritalStatus field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setMaritalStatus** method throws the following exception:

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for Demographics on page 4-147.

setMiddleName

Description

The **setMiddleName** method is the setter for the **middleName** field. Use this method to populate the middle name or initial of the name in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setMiddleName(java.lang.String middleName)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
middleName	The value of the middleName field for the new
	Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setMiddleName** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for Demographics on page 4-147.

setMilitaryBranch

Description

The **setMilitaryBranch** method is the setter for the **militaryBranch** field. Use this method to populate the military branch of the person represented in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setMilitaryBranch(java.lang.String militaryBranch)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
militaryBranch	The value of the militaryBranch field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setMilitaryBranch** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setMilitaryRank

Description

The **setMilitaryRank** method is the setter for the **militaryRank** field. Use this method to populate the military rank of the person represented in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setMilitaryRank(java.lang.String militaryRank)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
militaryRank	The value of the militaryRank field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setMilitaryRank** method throws the following exception:

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setMilitaryStatus

Description

The **setMilitaryStatus** method is the setter for the **militaryStatus** field. Use this method to populate the military status of the person represented in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setMilitaryStatus(java.lang.String militaryStatus)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
militaryStatus	The value of the militaryStatus field for the new
	Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setMilitaryStatus** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for Demographics on page 4-147.

setMotherMaidenName

Description

The **setMotherMaidenName** method is the setter for the **motherMaidenName** field. Use this method to populate the mother's maiden name in a Demographics object.

public void setMotherMaidenName(java.lang.String
motherMaidenName)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
motherMaidenName	The value of the motherMaidenName field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setMotherMaidenName** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setMotherName

Description

The **setMotherName** method is the setter for the **motherName** field. Use this method to populate the mother's name in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setMotherName(java.lang.String motherName)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
motherName	The value of the motherName field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setMotherName** method throws the following exception:

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setNationality

Description

The **setNationality** method is the setter for the **nationality** field. Use this method to populate the nationality in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setNationality(java.lang.String nationality)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
nationality	The value of the nationality field for the new
	Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setNationality** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

set Pension Expiration Date

Description

The **setPensionExpirationDate** method is the setter for the **pensionExpirationDate** field. Use this method to populate the expiration date in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setPensionExpirationDate(java.lang.String pensionExpirationDate)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
pensionExpirationDate	The value of the pensionExpirationDate field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setPensionExpirationDate** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setPensionNumber

Description

The **setPensionNumber** method is the setter for the **pensionNumber** field. Use this method to populate the pension number in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setPensionNumber(java.lang.String pensionNumber)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
pensionNumber	The value of the pensionNumber field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setPensionNumber** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setPersonCategoryCode

Description

The **setPersonCategoryCode** method is the setter for the **personCategoryCode** field. Use this method to populate the person category in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setPersonCategoryCode(java.lang.String personCategoryCode)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
personCategoryCode	The value of the personCategoryCode field for the
	new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setPersonCategoryCode** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for Demographics on page 4-147.

setPobCity

Description

The **setPobCity** method is the setter for the **pobCity** field. Use this method to populate the city of birth in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setPobCity(java.lang.String pobCity)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
pobCity	The value of the pobCity field for the new
	Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setPobCity** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setPobCountry

Description

The **setPobCountry** method is the setter for the **pobCountry** field. Use this method to populate the country of birth in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setPobCountry(java.lang.String pobCountry)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
pobCountry	The value of the pobCountry field for the new
	Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setCountry** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setPobState

Description

The **setPobState** method is the setter for the **pobState** field. Use this method to populate the state of birth in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setPobState(java.lang.String pobState)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
pobState	The value of the pobState field for the new
·	Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setPobState** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setRace

Description

The **setRace** method is the setter for the **race** field. Use this method to populate the race in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setRace(java.lang.String race)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
race	The value of the race field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setRace** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for Demographics on page 4-147.

setReligion

Description

The **setReligion** method is the setter for the **religion** field. Use this method to populate the religious denomination in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setReligion(java.lang.String religion)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
religion	The value of the religion field for the new
· ·	Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setReligion** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setRepatriationNumber

Description

The **setRepatriationNumber** method is the setter for the **repatriationNumber** field. Use this method to populate the repatriation number in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setRepatriationNumber(java.lang.String repatriationNumber)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
repatriationNumber	The value of the repatriationNumber field for the new
	Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setRepatriationNumber** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for Demographics on page 4-147.

setSpouseName

Description

The **setSpouseName** method is the setter for the **spouseName** field. Use this method to populate the name of the spouse in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setSpouseName(java.lang.String spouseName)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
spouseName	The value of the spouseName field for the new
	Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setSpouseName** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setSsn

Description

The **setSsn** method is the setter for the **ssn** field. Use this method to populate the social security number in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setSsn(Ssn ssn)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
ssn	The value of the ssn field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setSsn** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the Ssn Class, see page 4-478.

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for Demographics on page 4-147.

setString1

Description

The **setString1** method is the setter for the **string1** field. Use this method to populate the value of the string1 field in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setString1(java.lang.String string1)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
string1	The value of the string1 field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setString1** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setString10

Description

The **setString10** method is the setter for the **string10** field. Use this method to populate the value of the string10 field in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setString10(java.lang.String string10)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
string10	The value of the string10 field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setString10** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setString2

Description

The **setString2** method is the setter for the **string2** field. Use this method to populate the value of the string2 field in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setString2(java.lang.String string2)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
string2	The value of the string2 field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setString2** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setString3

Description

The **setString3** method is the setter for the **string3** field. Use this method to populate the value of the string3 field in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setString3(java.lang.String string3)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
string3	The value of the string3 field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setString3** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for Demographics on page 4-147.

setString4

Description

The **setString4** method is the setter for the **string4** field. Use this method to populate the value of the string4 field in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setString4(java.lang.String string4)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
string4	The value of the string4 field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setString4** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setString5

Description

The **setString5** method is the setter for the **string5** field. Use this method to populate the value of the string5 field in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setString5(java.lang.String string5)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
string5	The value of the string5 field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setString5** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setString6

Description

The **setString6** method is the setter for the **string6** field. Use this method to populate the value of the string6 field in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setString6(java.lang.String string6)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
string6	The value of the string6 field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setString6** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setString7

Description

The **setString7** method is the setter for the **string7** field. Use this method to populate the value of the string7 field in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setString7(java.lang.String string7)

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
string7	The value of the string7 field for the new Demographics object.	

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setString7** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setString8

Description

The **setString8** method is the setter for the **string8** field. Use this method to populate the value of the string8 field in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setString8(java.lang.String string8)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
string8	The value of the string8 field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setString8** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setString9

Description

The **setString9** method is the setter for the **string9** field. Use this method to populate the value of the string9 field in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setString9(java.lang.String string9)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
string9	The value of the string9 field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setString9** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

setSuffix

Description

The **setSuffix** method is the setter for the **suffix** field. Use this method to populate the suffix to the name in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setSuffix(java.lang.String suffix)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
suffix	The value of the suffix field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setSuffix** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for Demographics on page 4-147.

setTitle

Description

The **setTitle** method is the setter for the **title** field. Use this method to populate the title to the name in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setTitle(java.lang.String title)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
title	The value of the title field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setTitle** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for Demographics on page 4-147.

setVeteranStatus

Description

The **setVeteranStatus** method is the setter for the **veteranStatus** field. Use this method to populate the veteran status in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setVeteranStatus(java.lang.String veteranStatus)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
veteranStatus	The value of the veteranStatus field for the new Demographics object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setVeteranStatus** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for Demographics on page 4-147.

setVipFlag

Description

The **setVipFlag** method is the setter for the **vipFlag** field. Use this method to populate the VIP status of the person represented in a Demographics object.

Syntax

public void setVipFlag(java.lang.String vipFlag)

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
vipFlag	The value of the vipFlag field for the new	
	Demographics object.	

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setVipFlag** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Demographics object, see the example for **Demographics** on page 4-147.

DemographicsResultRO Class

Description

The **DemographicsResultRO** class represents a set of a person's demographic data. This data is returned as a result of an alphanumeric, phonetic, or general search, which all return a PersonSearchResult object representing a set of DemographicsResultRO objects. Once you retrieve a DemographicsResultRO object, you can use its UID to load the entire Person object, or you can call **getDemographics** (in PersonBO) to retrieve a DemographicsRO object. The Person object can be modified; the DemographicsRO object is read-only. Field values for the DemographicsResultRO class cannot be changed once initialized.

Important! While the methods in the DemographicsResultRO class allow you to retrieve most demographic fields, the fields you can retrieve are limited by the configurable query (for more information, see chapter 5 in the e*Index Administrator User's Guide). You can only access a field in a DemographicsResultRO object if it is selected in the configurable query. Attempting to access fields not defined in the configurable query will result in a runtime exception, which aborts the thread and signals a fatal application error.

Properties

The **DemographicsResultRO** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Implements java.lang.Comparable
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DynamicDataObject

```
java.lang.Object
__com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DynamicDataObject
__com.stc.eIndex.active.person.DemographicsResultRO
```

Constructor

None.

Methods

The methods included in the **DemographicsResultRO** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- compareTo on page 4-191
- getCitizenship on page 4-191
- getClass1 on page 4-192

- getClass2 on page 4-192
- getClass3 on page 4-193
- getClass4 on page 4-194
- getClass5 on page 4-195
- getComparisonScore on page 4-196
- getDate1 on page 4-196
- getDate2 on page 4-197
- getDate3 on page 4-198
- getDate4 on page 4-199
- getDate5 on page 4-199
- getDateOfDeath on page 4-200
- getDeath on page 4-201
- getDeathCertificate on page 4-202
- getDistrictOfResidence on page 4-203
- getDob on page 4-203
- getDriversLicenseNumber on page 4-204
- getDriversLicenseState on page 4-205
- getEthnic on page 4-206
- getFatherName on page 4-207
- getFirstName on page 4-207
- getGender on page 4-209
- getLastName on page 4-210
- getLgaCode on page 4-211
- getMaidenName on page 4-212
- getMaritalStatus on page 4-212
- getMiddleName on page 4-213
- getMilitaryBranch on page 4-214
- getMilitaryRank on page 4-215
- getMilitaryStatus on page 4-216
- getMotherMaidenName on page 4-216
- getNationality on page 4-217
- getPensionExpirationDate on page 4-218
- getPensionNumber on page 4-219
- getPersonCategoryCode on page 4-220
- getPobCity on page 4-220
- getPobCountry on page 4-221
- getPobState on page 4-222

- getRace on page 4-223
- getReligion on page 4-224
- getRepatriationNumber on page 4-224
- getSpouseName on page 4-225
- getSsn on page 4-226
- getStatus on page 4-227
- getString1 on page 4-228
- getString10 on page 4-228
- getString2 on page 4-229
- getString3 on page 4-230
- getString4 on page 4-231
- getString5 on page 4-232
- getString6 on page 4-232
- getString7 on page 4-233
- getString8 on page 4-234
- getString9 on page 4-235
- getSuffix on page 4-236
- getTitle on page 4-236
- getUid on page 4-237
- **getVeteranStatus** on page 4-238
- getVipFlag on page 4-239
- toString on page 4-240

Inherited Methods

The **DemographicsResultRO** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

compareTo

Description

The **compareTo** method compares two Demographics objects based on their probabilistic matching weights. This method is only used internally by the API to rank matching records returned from a search.

getCitizenship

Description

The **getCitizenship** method retrieves the value of a record's **citizenship** field. Use this method to display the citizenship for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getCitizenship()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getCitizenship** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a citizenship code	The value of the citizenship field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The citizenship field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getClass1

Description

The **getClass1** method retrieves the value of a record's **class1** field. Use this method to display the value of the **class1** field in a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getClass1()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getClass1** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing the value of class1	The value of the class1 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The class1 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getClass2

Description

The **getClass2** method retrieves the value of a record's **class2** field. Use this method to display the value of the **class2** field in a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getClass2()

Parameters

Pa	rameter	Description

None

Return Value

The **getClass2** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing the value of class2	The value of the class2 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The class2 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getClass3

Description

The **getClass3** method retrieves the value of a record's **class3** field. Use this method to display the value of the **class3** field in a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getClass3()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	

None

Return Value

The **getClass3** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing the value of class3	The value of the class3 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The class3 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getClass4

Description

The **getClass4** method retrieves the value of a record's **class4** field. Use this method to display the value of the **class4** field in a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getClass4()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getClass4** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing the value of class4	The value of the class4 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The class4 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getClass5

Description

The **getClass5** method retrieves the value of a record's **class5** field. Use this method to display the value of the **class5** field in a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getClass5()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getClass5** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing the value of class5	The value of the class5 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The class5 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getComparisonScore

Description

The **getComparisonScore** method retrieves the value of the **comparisonScore** property. This value represents the matching probability weight between the search criteria and each record returned by the search.

Syntax

public float getComparisonScore()

Parameters

Parameter	Description

None

Return Value

The **getComparisonScore** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Float representing the matching weight	The comparisonScore property was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getComparisonScore** can be used, see the example for **getFirstName** beginning on page 4-208.

getDate1

Description

The **getDate1** method retrieves the value of a record's **date1** field. Use this method to display the value of the **date1** field in a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.sql.Date getDate1()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	

None

Return Value

The **getDate1** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Date	The value of the date1 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The date1 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getDate2

Description

The **getDate2** method retrieves the value of a record's **date2** field. Use this method to display the value of the **date2** field in a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.sql.Date getDate2()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getDate2** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Date	The value of the date2 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The date2 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getDate3

Description

The **getDate3** method retrieves the value of a record's **date3** field. Use this method to display the value of the **date3** field in a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.sql.Date getDate3()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getDate3** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs	
Date	The value of the date3 field was retrieved successfully.	
Null	The date3 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.	

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getDate4

Description

The **getDate4** method retrieves the value of a record's **date4** field. Use this method to display the value of the **date4** field in a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.sql.Date getDate4()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getDate4** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Date	The value of the date4 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The date4 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getDate5

Description

The **getDate5** method retrieves the value of a record's **date5** field. Use this method to display the value of the **date5** field in a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.sql.Date getDate5()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
-----------	--------------------

None

Return Value

The **getDate5** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Date	The value of the date5 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The date5 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getDateOfDeath

Description

The **getDateOfDeath** method retrieves the value of a record's **dateOfDeath** field. Use this method to display the date of death for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.sql.Date getDateOfDeath()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getDateOfDeath** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Date	The value of the dateOfDeath field was retrieved successfully.

This value is returned	if this occurs	
Null	The dateOfDeath field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.	

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getDeath

Description

The **getDeath** method retrieves the value of a record's **death** field. Use this method to display the value of the value of the **death** field in a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getDeath()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getDeath** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a death indicator	The value of the death field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The death field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getDeathCertificate

Description

The **getDeathCertificate** method retrieves the value of a record's **deathCertificate** field. Use this method to display the death certificate number for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getDeathCertificate()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getDeathCertificate** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing death certificate information	The value of the deathCertificate field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The deathCertificate field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getDistrictOfResidence

Description

The **getDistrictOfResidence** method retrieves the value of a record's **districtOfResidence** field. Use this method to display the district of residence (DOR) for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getDistrictOfResidence()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getDistrictOfResidence** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a DOR code	The value of the districtOfResidence field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The districtOfResidence field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getDob

Description

The **getDob** method retrieves the value of a record's **dob** field. Use this method to display the date of birth for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.sql.Date getDob()

Parameters

Parameter	Description

None

Return Value

The **getDob** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Date	The value of the dob field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The dob field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getDriversLicenseNumber

Description

The **getDriversLicenseNumber** method retrieves the value of a record's **driversLicenseNumber** field. Use this method to display the driver license number for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getDriversLicenseNumber()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
·	

None

Return Value

The **getDriversLicenseNumber** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a driver license number	The value of the driversLicenseNumber field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The driversLicenseNumber field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.
hrows	

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for **getFirstName** beginning on page 4-208.

getDriversLicenseState

Description

The **getDriversLicenseState** method retrieves the value of a record's driversLicenseState field. Use this method to display state that issued the driver license for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getDriversLicenseState()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getDriversLicenseState** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a state code	The value of the driversLicenseState field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The driversLicenseState field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getEthnic

Description

The **getEthnic** method retrieves the value of a record's **ethnic** field. Use this method to display the ethnicity for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getEthnic()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getEthnic** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing an ethnic code	The value of the ethnic field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The ethnic field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getFatherName

Description

The **getFatherName** method retrieves the value of a record's **fatherName** field. Use this method to display the father's name for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getFatherName()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getFatherName** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a name	The value of the fatherName field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The fatherName field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getFirstName

Description

The **getFirstName** method retrieves the value of a record's **firstName** field. Use this method to display the first name in a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getFirstName()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	

None

Return Value

The **getFirstName** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a first name	The value of the firstName field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The firstName field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

The example on the following page performs an alphanumeric search, returning the resulting records in a PersonSearchResult object named **psr**. Each record in **psr** is a DemographicsResultRO object, represented by the variable **dr**. Once the search is performed, the example scrolls through each record in **psr**, and calls the '**get**' methods in the DemographicsResultRO class to retrieve and print the individual properties for each **dr** object.

```
.../* Instantiating EiServer and creating
     SearchParameters object searchParams */
PersonSearchResult psr = null;
DemographicsResultRO dr = null;
psr = personBO.searchAlpha(searchParams);
SimpleDateFormat sdf = new SimpleDateFormat("MM/dd/yyyy");
if (psr==null) {
  System.out.println("No matching records.");
} else {
  while(psr.hasNext()) {
    dr = psr.next();
     String dob = sdf.format(dr.getDob());
     CodeLookup cl = CodeLookup.getInstance(eiServer);
     String display = cl.getDisplayValue(EnumCodeType.GENDER.dr.getGender());
     System.out.println("UID:
                                            " + dr.getUid());
                                            " + dr.getFirstName());
     System.out.println("First Name:
                                            " + dr.getMiddleName());
     System.out.println("Middle Name:
                                            " + dr.getLastName());
     System.out.println("Last Name:
                                            " + display);
     System.out.println("Gender:
                                            " + dr.getSsn());
     System.out.println("SSN:
                                            " + dob);
     System.out.println("Date of Birth:
     System.out.println("Street Address 1: " + dr.getAddressStreet1());
                                            " + dr.getStatus());
     System.out.println("Status:
     System.out.println ...
         /* Displaying remaining property values using the 'get' methods */
     System.out.println("Matching Weight: " + dr.getComparisonScore());
```

getGender

Description

The **getGender** method retrieves the value of a record's **gender** field. Use this method to display the gender field in a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

```
public java.lang.String getGender()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description

None

Return Value

The **getGender** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a gender	The value of the gender field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The gender field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getLastName

Description

The **getLastName** method retrieves the value of a record's **lastName** field. Use this method to display the last name in a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getLastName()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getLastName** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a last name	The value of the lastName field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The lastName field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getLgaCode

Description

The **getLgaCode** method retrieves the value of a record's **lgaCode** field. Use this method to display the LGA code for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getLgaCode()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getLgaCode** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing an LGA code	The value of the lgaCode field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The lgaCode field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

getMaidenName

Description

The **getMaidenName** method retrieves the value of a record's **maidenName** field. Use this method to display the maiden name for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getMaidenName()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getMaidenName** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a last name	The value of the maidenName field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The maidenName field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getMaritalStatus

Description

The **getMaritalStatus** method retrieves the value of a record's **maritalStatus** field. Use this method to display the marital status for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getMaritalStatus()

None

Return Value

The **getMaritalStatus** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a status code	The value of the maritalStatus field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The maritalStatus field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getMiddleName

Description

The **getMiddleName** method retrieves the value of a record's **middleName** field. Use this method to display the middle name or initial in a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getMiddleName()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	

None

Return Value

The **getMiddleName** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a middle name	The value of the middleName field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The middleName field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getMilitaryBranch

Description

The **getMilitaryBranch** method retrieves the value of a record's **militaryBranch** field. Use this method to display the military branch for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getMilitaryBranch()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getMilitaryBranch** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing the name of a military branch	The value of the militaryBranch field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The militaryBranch field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getMilitaryRank

Description

The **getMilitaryRank** method retrieves the value of a record's **militaryRank** field. Use this method to display the military rank for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getMilitaryRank()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getMilitaryRank** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned if this occurs		if this occurs
	String containing the name of a military rank	The value of the militaryRank field was retrieved successfully.
	Null	The militaryRank field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

getMilitaryStatus

Description

The **getMilitaryStatus** method retrieves the value of a record's **militaryStatus** field. Use this method to display the military status for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getMilitaryStatus()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getMilitaryStatus** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing the name of a military status	The value of the militaryStatus field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The militaryStatus field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getMotherMaidenName

Description

The **getMotherMaidenName** method retrieves the value of a record's **motherMaidenName** field. Use this method to display the mother's maiden name for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getMotherMaidenName()

None

Return Value

The **getMotherMaidenName** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a last name	The value of the motherMaidenName field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The motherMaidenName field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getNationality

Description

The **getNationality** method retrieves the value of a record's **nationality** field. Use this method to display the nationality for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getNationality()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	

None

Return Value

The **getNationality** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a nationality code	The value of the nationality field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The nationality field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getPensionExpirationDate

Description

The **getPensionExpirationDate** method retrieves the value of a record's **pensionExpirationDate** field. Use this method to display the expiration date of a pension for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.sql.Date getPensionExpirationDate()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getPensionExpirationDate** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Date	The value of the pensionExpirationDate field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The pensionExpirationDate field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getPensionNumber

Description

The **getPensionNumber** method retrieves the value of a record's **pensionNumber** field. Use this method to display the pension number for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getPensionNumber()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getPensionNumber** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a pension number	The value of the pensionNumber field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The pensionNumber field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

getPersonCategoryCode

Description

The **getPersonCategoryCode** method retrieves the value of a record's **personCategoryCode** field. Use this method to display the person category code assigned to a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getPersonCategoryCode()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getPersonCategoryCode** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs	
String containing a person category code	The value of the personCategoryCode field was retrieved successfully.	
Null	The personCategoryCode field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.	

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getPobCity

Description

The **getPobCity** method retrieves the value of a record's **pobCity** field. Use this method to display the city of birth for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getPobCity()

None

Return Value

The **getPobCity** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a city name	The value of the pobCity field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The pobCity field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getPobCountry

Description

The **getPobCountry** method retrieves the value of a record's **pobCountry** field. Use this method to display the country of birth for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getPobCountry()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	

None

Return Value

The **getPobCountry** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a country code	The value of the pobCountry field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The pobCountry field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getPobState

Description

The **getPobState** method retrieves the value of a record's **pobState** field. Use this method to display the state of birth for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getPobState()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getPobState** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a state code	The value of the pobState field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The pobState field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getRace

Description

The **getRace** method retrieves the value of a record's **race** field. Use this method to display the race for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getRace()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getRace** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a race code	The value of the race field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The race field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

getReligion

Description

The **getReligion** method retrieves the value of a record's **religion** field. Use this method to display the religion for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getReligion()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getReligion** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a religion code	The value of the religion field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The religion field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getRepatriationNumber

Description

The **getRepatriationNumber** method retrieves the value of a record's **repatriationNumber** field. Use this method to display the repatriation number for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getRepatriationNumber()

Parameter	Description
-----------	-------------

None

Return Value

The **getRepatriationNumber** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a repatriation number	The value of the repatriationNumber field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The repatriationNumber field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getSpouseName

Description

The **getSpouseName** method retrieves the value of a record's **spouseName** field. Use this method to display the spouse's name for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getSpouseName()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	

None

Return Value

The **getSpouseName** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a name	The value of the spouseName field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The spouseName field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getSsn

Description

The **getSsn** method retrieves the value of the record's **ssn** field. Use this method to display the social security number in a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public Ssn getSsn()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getSsn** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Ssn object	The value of the ssn field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The ssn field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getStatus

Description

The **getStatus** method retrieves an enumeration of the record's **status** field. Use this method to display the status of a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public EnumPersonStatus getStatus()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getStatus** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
EnumPersonStatus object	The value of the status field was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

getString1

Description

The **getString1** method retrieves the value of a record's **string1** field. Use this method to display the value of the **string1** field for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getString1()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getString1** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String	The value of the string1 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The string1 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getString10

Description

The **getString10** method retrieves the value of a record's **string10** field. Use this method to display the value of the **string10** field for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getString10()

None

Return Value

The **getString10** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String	The value of the string10 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The string10 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getString2

Description

The **getString2** method retrieves the value of a record's **string2** field. Use this method to display the value of the **string2** field for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getString2()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	

None

Return Value

The **getString2** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String	The value of the string2 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The string2 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getString3

Description

The **getString3** method retrieves the value of a record's **string3** field. Use this method to display the value of the **string3** field for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getString3()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getString3** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String	The value of the string3 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The string3 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getString4

Description

The **getString4** method retrieves the value of a record's **string4** field. Use this method to display the value of the **string4** field for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getString4()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getString4** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String	The value of the string4 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The string4 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

getString5

Description

The **getString5** method retrieves the value of a record's **string5** field. Use this method to display the value of the **string5** field for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getString5()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getString5** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String	The value of the string5 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The string5 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getString6

Description

The **getString6** method retrieves the value of a record's **string6** field. Use this method to display the value of the **string6** field for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getString6()

Parameter	Description
-----------	-------------

None

Return Value

The **getString6** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String	The value of the string6 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The string6 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getString7

Description

The **getString7** method retrieves the value of a record's **string7** field. Use this method to display the value of the **string7** field for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getString7()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
		·

None

Return Value

The **getString7** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String	The value of the string7 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The string7 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getString8

Description

The **getString8** method retrieves the value of a record's **string8** field. Use this method to display the value of the **string8** field for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getString8()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getString8** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String	The value of the string8 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The string8 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getString9

Description

The **getString9** method retrieves the value of a record's **string9** field. Use this method to display the value of the **string9** field for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getString9()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getString9** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String	The value of the string9 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The string9 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

getSuffix

Description

The **getSuffix** method retrieves the value of a record's **suffix** field. Use this method to display the suffix for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getSuffix()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getSuffix** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a suffix	The value of the suffix field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The suffix field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getTitle

Description

The **getTitle** method retrieves the value of a record's **title** field. Use this method to display the title for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getTitle()

Parameter	Description
-----------	-------------

None

Return Value

The **getTitle** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a title	The value of the title field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The title field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getUid

Description

The **getUid** method retrieves the value of the record's **uid** field. Use this method to display the UID of a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public Uid getUid()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getUid** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
UID object	The value of the uid field was retrieved successfully.

None.

Additional Information

For more information about the **Uid Class**, see page 4-493.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getVeteranStatus

Description

The **getVeteranStatus** method retrieves the value of a record's **veteranStatus** field. Use this method to display the veteran status for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getVeteranStatus()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getVeteranStatus** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a status code	The value of the veteranStatus field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The veteranStatus field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsResultRO Class can be used, see the example for getFirstName beginning on page 4-208.

getVipFlag

Description

The **getVipFlag** method retrieves the value of a record's **vipFlag** field. Use this method to display the VIP status for a person record returned from a demographic search.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getVipFlag()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getVipFlag** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a VIP status code	The value of the vipStatus field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The vipStatus field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

toString

Description

The **toString** method retrieves a comma-delimited representation of the instance.

Syntax

public java.lang.String toString()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **toString** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs	
Comma-delimited list of demographic data	The specified demographic data for the record was retrieved successfully.	

Throws

None.

Additional Information

Overrides:

• **toString** in the **java.lang.Object** class (see your Java documentation for more information about this method)

Example

The following example performs an alphanumeric search, returning the resulting records in a PersonSearchResult object named **psr**. Each record in **psr** is a DemographicsResultRO object, represented by the variable **dr**. Once the search is performed, the example scrolls through each record in **psr**, and calls the **toString** method in the DemographicsResultRO class to retrieve and print a comma-delimited string for each **dr** object. The list below illustrates the result of calling **toString**.

```
1000000002, ELIZABETH, WARREN, null, 12/12/1950, F, 222112222, M, 8.32 100000003, ELIZABETH, WARREN, J, 05/14/1960, F, 777444777, M, 8.32 100000006, ELIZABETH, WARREN, M, 05/14/1960, F, null, A, 8.32
```

DemographicsRO Class

Description

The **DemographicsRO** class represents the demographic data in a person record. Field values for this class cannot be changed once initialized

Properties

The **DemographicsRO** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object

com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject

com.stc.eIndex.active.person.DemographicsRO
```

Constructor

None.

Methods

The methods included in the **DemographicsRO** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- getCitizenship on page 4-245
- getClass1 on page 4-246
- getClass2 on page 4-247
- getClass3 on page 4-248
- getClass4 on page 4-249
- getClass5 on page 4-249
- getDate1 on page 4-250
- getDate2 on page 4-251
- getDate3 on page 4-251
- getDate4 on page 4-252
- getDate5 on page 4-253
- getDateOfDeath on page 4-254
- getDeath on page 4-254
- getDeathCertificate on page 4-255
- getDistrictOfResidence on page 4-256
- getDob on page 4-257

- getDriversLicenseNumber on page 4-257
- getDriversLicenseState on page 4-258
- getEthnic on page 4-259
- getFatherName on page 4-260
- getFirstName on page 4-260
- getGender on page 4-261
- getLanguage on page 4-262
- getLastName on page 4-262
- getLgaCode on page 4-263
- getMaidenName on page 4-264
- getMaritalStatus on page 4-265
- getMiddleName on page 4-266
- getMilitaryBranch on page 4-266
- getMilitaryRank on page 4-267
- getMilitaryStatus on page 4-268
- getMotherMaidenName on page 4-269
- getMotherName on page 4-
- getNationality on page 4-270
- getPensionExpirationDate on page 4-271
- getPensionNumber on page 4-272
- getPersonCategoryCode on page 4-273
- getPobCity on page 4-273
- getPobCountry on page 4-274
- getPobState on page 4-275
- getRace on page 4-276
- getReligion on page 4-276
- getRepatriationNumber on page 4-277
- getSpouseName on page 4-278
- getSsn on page 4-279
- getStatus on page 4-279
- getString1 on page 4-280
- getString10 on page 4-281
- getString2 on page 4-282
- getString3 on page 4-282
- getString4 on page 4-283
- getString5 on page 4-284
- getString6 on page 4-284

- getString7 on page 4-285
- getString8 on page 4-286
- getString9 on page 4-287
- getSuffix on page 4-287
- getTitle on page 4-288
- getVeteranStatus on page 4-289
- getVipFlag on page 4-290

Inherited Methods

The **DemographicsRO** class inherits this method from **com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject**:

toString

The **DemographicsRO** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

getCitizenship

Description

The **getCitizenship** method retrieves the value of a record's **citizenship** field. Use this method to display a member's citizenship.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getCitizenship()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getCitizenship** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a citizenship code	The value of the citizenship field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The citizenship field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

The example on the following page performs an alphanumeric search based on predefined criteria, and then displays each field for the matching records. The example gets a PersonBO instance, and then initializes the variables **psr** (the search results object), **dr** (the DemographicsResultRO objects in **psr**), and **demo** (a DemographicsRO object). The example then performs the alphanumeric search and scrolls through the DemographicsResultRO objects in **psr**. For each record, the UID is obtained and values for each field are displayed. Typically, you would only display the fields for the selected DemographicsResultRO record rather than all records returned from a search.

```
.../* Instantiating EiServer and creating
      SearchParameters object searchParams */
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
 PersonSearchResult psr = null;
 DemographicsResultRO dr = null;
 DemographicsRO demo = null;
 psr = personBO.searchAlpha(searchParams);
 SimpleDateFormat sdf = new SimpleDateFormat("MM/dd/yyyy");
if (psr==null) {
  System.out.println("No matching records.");
} else {
  while(psr.hasNext()) {
    dr = psr.next();
    Uid uid = dr.getUid();
     demo = personBO.getDemographics(uid);
      String dob = sdf.format(demo.getDob());
      System.out.println("First Name: " + demo.getFirstName());
      System.out.println("Last Name: " + demo.getLastName());
      System.out.println("Middle Name: " + demo.getMiddleName());
      System.out.println("Gender: " + get.Gender);
      System.out.println("SSN: " + demo.getSsn());
      System.out.println("Maiden Name: " + demo.getMaidenName());
      System.out.println("Mother Maiden: " + demo.getMotherMaidenName());
      System.out.println("Date of Birth: " + dob);
      System.out.println("City of Birth: " + demo.getPobCity());
      System.out.println("Status: " + demo.getStatus());
      System.out.println("MaritalStatus: " + demo.getMaritalStatus());
      System.out.println("Race: " + demo.getRace)));
      System.out.println("Suffix: " + demo.getSuffix());
      System.out.println("Title: " + demo.getTitle());
      System.out.println("String 1: " + demo.getString1());
      System.out.println("Class 2: " + demo.getClass2());
      System.out.println("LGA Code: " + demo.getLgaCode());
      System.out.println("Military Branch: " + demo.getMilitaryBranch());
```

getClass1

Description

The **getClass1** method retrieves the value of a record's **class1** field. Use this method to display the value of the **class1** field.

Syntax

```
public java.lang.String getClass1()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description

None

Return Value

The **getClass1** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String	The value of the class1 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The class1 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getClass2

Description

The **getClass2** method retrieves the value of a record's **class2** field. Use this method to display the value of the **class2** field

Syntax

public java.lang.String getClass2()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getClass2** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String	The value of the class2 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The class2 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getClass3

Description

The **getClass3** method retrieves the value of a record's **class3** field. Use this method to display the value of the **class3** field.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getClass3()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getClass3** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String	The value of the class3 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The class3 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

getClass4

Description

The **getClass4** method retrieves the value of a record's **class4** field. Use this method to display the value of the **class4** field.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getClass4()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getClass4** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String	The value of the class4 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The class4 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getClass5

Description

The **getClass5** method retrieves the value of a record's **class5** field. Use this method to display the value of the **class5** field.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getClass5()

Parameter	Description	
None		

The **getClass5** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned		
String	The value of the class5 field was retrieved successfully.	
Null	The class5 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.	

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getDate1

Description

The **getDate1** method retrieves the value of a record's **date1** field. Use this method to display the value of the **date1** field.

Syntax

public java.sql.Date getDate1()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getDate1** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs	
Date	The value of the date1 field was retrieved successfully.	
Null	The date1 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.	

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getDate2

Description

The **getDate2** method retrieves the value of a record's **date2** field. Use this method to display the value of the **date2** field.

Syntax

public java.sql.Date getDate2()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getDate2** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs	
Date	The value of the date2 field was retrieved successfully.	
Null	The date2 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.	

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getDate3

Description

The **getDate3** method retrieves the value of a record's **date3** field. Use this method to display the value of the **date3** field.

Syntax

public java.sql.Date getDate3()

Parameters

Parameter	Description		
None			

Return Value

The **getDate3** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs	
Date	The value of the date3 field was retrieved successfully.	
Null	The date3 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.	

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getDate4

Description

The **getDate4** method retrieves the value of a record's **date4** field. Use this method to display the value of the **date4** field.

Syntax

public java.sql.Date getDate4()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getDate4** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Date	The value of the date4 field was retrieved successfully.

This value is returned	if this occurs	
Null	The date4 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.	

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getDate5

Description

The **getDate5** method retrieves the value of a record's **date5** field. Use this method to display the value of the **date5** field.

Syntax

public java.sql.Date getDate5()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getDate5** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs	
Date	The value of the date5 field was retrieved successfully.	
Null	The date5 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.	

Throws

None.

Example

getDateOfDeath

Description

The **getDateOfDeath** method retrieves the value of a record's **dateOfDeath** field. Use this method to display a member's date of death.

Syntax

public java.sql.Date getDateOfDeath()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getDateOfDeath** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Date	The value of the dateOfDeath field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The dateOfDeath field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getDeath

Description

The **getDeath** method retrieves the value of a record's **death** field. Use this method to display the value of the death indicator in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getDeath()

Parameter	Description	
None		

The **getDeath** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a death indicator	The value of the death field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The death field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

get Death Certificate

Description

The **getDeathCertificate** method retrieves the value of a record's **deathCertificate** field. Use this method to display a member's death certificate number.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getDeathCertificate()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getDeathCertificate** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned if this occurs	
String containing death certificate information	The value of the deathCertificate field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The deathCertificate field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getDistrictOfResidence

Description

The **getDistrictOfResidence** method retrieves the value of a record's **districtOfResidence** field. Use this method to display a member's district of residence (DOR).

Syntax

public java.lang.String getDistrictOfResidence()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getDistrictOfResidence** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a DOR code	The value of the districtOfResidence field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The districtOfResidence field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

getDob

Description

The **getDob** method retrieves the value of a record's **dob** field. Use this method to display a member's date of birth.

Syntax

public java.sql.Date getDob()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getDob** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs	
Date	The value of the dob field was retrieved successfully.	
Null	The dob field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.	

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getDriversLicenseNumber

Description

The **getDriversLicenseNumber** method retrieves the value of a record's **driversLicenseNumber** field. Use this method to display a member's driver license number.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getDriversLicenseNumber()

Parameter	Description
None	

The **getDriversLicenseNumber** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a driver license number	The value of the driversLicenseNumber field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The driversLicenseNumber field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.
hrows	

Th

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for **getCitizenship** beginning on page 4-245.

getDriversLicenseState

Description

The **getDriversLicenseState** method retrieves the value of a record's driversLicenseState field. Use this method to display state that issued a member's driver license.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getDriversLicenseState()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getDriversLicenseState** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a state code	The value of the driversLicenseState field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The driversLicenseState field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getEthnic

Description

The **getEthnic** method retrieves the value of a record's **ethnic** field. Use this method to display the ethnicity specified in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getEthnic()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getEthnic** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing an ethnic type	The value of the ethnic field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The ethnic field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

getFatherName

Description

The **getFatherName** method retrieves the value of a record's **fatherName** field. Use this method to display the father's name in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getFatherName()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getFatherName** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a name	The value of the fatherName field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The fatherName field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getFirstName

Description

The **getFirstName** method retrieves the value of a record's **firstName** field. Use this method to display the first name in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getFirstName()

Parameter	Description	
None		

The **getFirstName** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a first name	The value of the firstName field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The firstName field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getGender

Description

The **getGender** method retrieves the value of a record's **gender** field. Use this method to display the gender specified in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getGender()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getGender** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a gender type	The value of the gender field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The gender field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getLanguage

Description

The **getLanguage** method retrieves the value of a record's **language** field. Use this method to display the language specified in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getLanguage()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getLanguage** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a language	The value of the language field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The language field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getLastName

Description

The **getLastName** method retrieves the value of a record's **lastName** field. Use this method to display a last name in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getLastName()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getLastName** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a last name	The value of the lastName field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The lastName field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getLgaCode

Description

The **getLgaCode** method retrieves the value of a record's **lgaCode** field. Use this method to display a member's LGA code.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getLgaCode()

Parameter	Description	
None		

The getLgaCode method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing an LGA code	The value of the lgaCode field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The IgaCode field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getMaidenName

Description

The **getMaidenName** method retrieves the value of a record's **maidenName** field. Use this method to display the maiden name in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getMaidenName()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getMaidenName** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a name	The value of the maidenName field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The maidenName field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getMaritalStatus

Description

The **getMaritalStatus** method retrieves the value of a record's **maritalStatus** field. Use this method to display the marital status specified in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getMaritalStatus()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getMaritalStatus** method returns one of the following values:

This value returned	if this occurs
String conta marital statu	The value of the maritalStatus field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The maritalStatus field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

getMiddleName

Description

The **getMiddleName** method retrieves the value of a record's **middleName** field. Use this method to display the middle name or initial in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getMiddleName()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getMiddleName** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a middle name or initial	The value of the middleName field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The middleName field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getMilitaryBranch

Description

The **getMilitaryBranch** method retrieves the value of a record's **militaryBranch** field. Use this method to display the military branch specified in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getMilitaryBranch()

Parameters

None

Return Value

The **getMilitaryBranch** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing the name of a military branch	The value of the militaryBranch field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The militaryBranch field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getMilitaryRank

Description

The **getMilitaryRank** method retrieves the value of a record's **militaryRank** field. Use this method to display the military rank specified in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getMilitaryRank()

Parameters

Parameter Description	Parameter	Description	
-----------------------	-----------	-------------	--

None

The **getMilitaryRank** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing the name of a military rank	The value of the militaryRank field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The militaryRank field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getMilitaryStatus

Description

The **getMilitaryStatus** method retrieves the value of a record's **militaryStatus** field. Use this method to display the military status specified in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getMilitaryStatus()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getMilitaryStatus** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing the name of a military status	The value of the militaryStatus field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The militaryStatus field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getMotherMaidenName

Description

The **getMotherMaidenName** method retrieves the value of a record's **motherMaidenName** field. Use this method to display the mother's maiden name in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getMotherMaidenName()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getMotherMaidenName** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a maiden name	The value of the motherMaidenName field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The motherMaidenName field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

getMotherName

Description

The **getMotherName** method retrieves the value of a record's **motherName** field. Use this method to display the mother's name in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getMotherName()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getMotherName** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a name	The value of the motherName field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The motherName field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getNationality

Description

The **getNationality** method retrieves the value of a record's **nationality** field. Use this method to display a member's nationality.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getNationality()

Parameter	Description	
None		

The **getNationality** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a nationality code	The value of the nationality field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The nationality field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

get Pension Expiration Date

Description

The **getPensionExpirationDate** method retrieves the value of a record's **pensionExpirationDate** field. Use this method to display the expiration date of a member's pension.

Syntax

public java.sql.Date getPensionExpirationDate()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getPensionExpirationDate** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Date	The value of the pensionExpirationDate field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The pensionExpirationDate field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getPensionNumber

Description

The **getPensionNumber** method retrieves the value of a record's **pensionNumber** field. Use this method to display a member's pension number.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getPensionNumber()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getPensionNumber** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a pension number	The value of the pensionNumber field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The pensionNumber field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

getPersonCategoryCode

Description

The **getPersonCategoryCode** method retrieves the value of a record's **personCategoryCode** field. Use this method to display the person category code assigned to a member.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getPersonCategoryCode()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getPersonCategoryCode** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a person category code	The value of the personCategoryCode field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The personCategoryCode field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getPobCity

Description

The **getPobCity** method retrieves the value of a record's **pobCity** field. Use this method to display the city of birth in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getPobCity()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getPobCity** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a city name	The value of the pobCity field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The pobCity field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getPobCountry

Description

The **getPobCountry** method retrieves the value of a record's **pobCountry** field. Use this method to display the country of birth in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getPobCountry()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getPobCountry** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a country code	The value of the pobCountry field was retrieved successfully.

This value is returned	if this occurs
Null	The pobCountry field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getPobState

Description

The **getPobState** method retrieves the value of a record's **pobState** field. Use this method to display the state of birth in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getPobState()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getPobState** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a state code	The value of the pobState field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The pobState field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

getRace

Description

The **getRace** method retrieves the value of a record's **race** field. Use this method to display the race specified in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getRace()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getRace** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a race code	The value of the race field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The race field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getReligion

Description

The **getReligion** method retrieves the value of a record's **religion** field. Use this method to display the religion specified in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getReligion()

Parameter	Description	
None		

The **getReligion** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a religion code	The value of the religion field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The religion field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getRepatriationNumber

Description

The **getRepatriationNumber** method retrieves the value of a record's **repatriationNumber** field. Use this method to display a member's repatriation number.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getRepatriationNumber()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		_

Return Value

The **getRepatriationNumber** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a repatriation number	The value of the repatriationNumber field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The repatriationNumber field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getSpouseName

Description

The **getSpouseName** method retrieves the value of a record's **spouseName** field. Use this method to display the spouse name in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getSpouseName()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getSpouseName** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a name	The value of the spouseName field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The spouseName field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

getSsn

Description

The **getSsn** method retrieves the value of a record's **ssn** field. Use this method to display the social security number associated with a person record.

Syntax

public Ssn getSsn()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The getSsn method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Ssn object	The value of the ssn field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The ssn field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

For more information about the Ssn Class, see page 4-475.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getStatus

Description

The **getStatus** method retrieves the value of a record's **status** field. Use this method to display the status of a person record.

Syntax

public EnumPersonStatus getStatus()

Parameters

None

Return Value

The **getStatus** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
EnumPersonStatus object	The value of the status field was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getString1

Description

The **getString1** method retrieves the value of a record's **string1** field. Use this method to display the value of the **string1** field.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getString1()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getString1** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String	The value of the string1 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The string1 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getString10

Description

The **getString10** method retrieves the value of a record's **string10** field. Use this method to display the value of the **string10** field.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getString10()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getString10** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String	The value of the string10 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The string10 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

getString2

Description

The **getString2** method retrieves the value of a record's **string2** field. Use this method to display the value of the **string2** field.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getString2()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getString2** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs	
String	The value of the string2 field was retrieved successfully.	
Null	The string2 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.	

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getString3

Description

The **getString3** method retrieves the value of a record's **string3** field. Use this method to display the value of the **string3** field.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getString3()

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getString3** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String	The value of the string3 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The string3 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getString4

Description

The **getString4** method retrieves the value of a record's **string4** field. Use this method to display the value of the **string4** field.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getString4()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getString4** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String	The value of the string4 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The string4 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getString5

Description

The **getString5** method retrieves the value of a record's **string5** field. Use this method to display the value of the **string5** field.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getString5()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getString5** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs	
String	The value of the string5 field was retrieved successfully.	
Null	The string5 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.	

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getString6

Description

The **getString6** method retrieves the value of a record's **string6** field. Use this method to display the value of the **string6** field.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getString6()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getString6** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String	The value of the string6 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The string6 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.
hrows	

Tł

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for **getCitizenship** beginning on page 4-245.

getString7

Description

The **getString7** method retrieves the value of a record's **string7** field. Use this method to display the value of the **string7** field.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getString7()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getString7** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String	The value of the string7 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The string7 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getString8

Description

The **getString8** method retrieves the value of a record's **string8** field. Use this method to display the value of the **string8** field.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getString8()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getString8** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String	The value of the string8 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The string8 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getString9

Description

The **getString9** method retrieves the value of a record's **string9** field. Use this method to display the value of the **string9** field.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getString9()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getString9** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String	The value of the string9 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The string9 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getSuffix

Description

The **getSuffix** method retrieves the value of a record's **suffix** field. Use this method to display the suffix specified in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getSuffix()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getSuffix** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a suffix	The value of the suffix field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The suffix field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getTitle

Description

The **getTitle** method retrieves the value of a record's **title** field. Use this method to display the title specified in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getTitle()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		<u> </u>

Return Value

The **getTitle** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a title	The value of the title field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The title field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getVeteranStatus

Description

The **getVeteranStatus** method retrieves the value of a record's **veteranStatus** field. Use this method to display the veteran status in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getVeteranStatus()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getVeteranStatus** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a veteran status	The value of the veteranStatus field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The veteranStatus field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

getVipFlag

Description

The **getVipFlag** method retrieves the value of a record's **vipFlag** field. Use this method to display the VIP flag in a person record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getVipFlag()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getVipFlag** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a VIP status	The value of the vipFlag field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The vipFlag field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods in the DemographicsRO class can be used, see the example for getCitizenship beginning on page 4-245.

EiBOFactory Class

Description

The **EiBOFactory** class is the factory for EiSystem, Person, and LocalId business objects. A factory class is used to construct objects of these types in order to maintain singleton patterns for the objects.

Properties

The **EiBOFactory** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object
____com.stc.eIndex.active.person.EiBOFactory
```

Constructor

None.

Methods

The methods included in the **EiBOFactory** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- getEiSystemBOInstance on page 4-292
- getLocalIdBOInstance on page 4-293
- getPersonBOInstance on page 4-294

Inherited Methods

The **EiBOFactory** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

getEiSystemBOInstance

Description

The **getEiSystemBOInstance** method returns a single instance of the EiSystemBO class, maintaining a singleton pattern. The EiSystemBO class is thread-safe and stateless, so there is no need for multiple instances.

Syntax

public EiSystemBO getEiSystemBOInstance()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getEiSystemBOInstance** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Instance of EiSystemBO class	The instance of the EiSystemBO class was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

The sample below retrieves a new instance of EiServer, and then calls **getEiSystemBOInstance** to retrieve a new instance of the EiSystemBO class.

```
...
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
EiSystemBO systemBO =
    eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getEiSystemBOInstance();
...
```

getLocalIdBOInstance

Description

The **getLocalIdBOInstance** method returns a single instance of the LocalIdBO class, maintaining a singleton pattern. The LocalIdBO class is thread-safe and stateless, so there is no need for multiple instances.

Syntax

public LocalIdBO getLocalIdBOInstance()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getLocalIdBOInstance** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Instance of LocalIdBO class	The instance of the LocalIdBO class was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

The sample below retrieves a new instance of EiServer, and then calls **getLocalIdBOInstance** to retrieve a new instance of the LocalIdBO class.

```
...
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
LocalIdBO localIdBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getLocalIdBOInstance();
...
```

getPersonBOInstance

Description

The **getPersonBOInstance** method returns a single instance of the PersonBO class, maintaining a singleton pattern. The PersonBO class it thread-safe and stateless, so there is no need for multiple instances.

Syntax

public PersonBO getPersonBOInstance()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getPersonBOInstance** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Instance of PersonBO class	The instance of the PersonBO class was retrieved successfully.

Throws

The **getPersonBOInstance** method throws the following exceptions:

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQLException

Example

The sample below retrieves a new instance of EiServer, and then calls **getPersonBOInstance** to retrieve a new instance of the PersonBO class.

```
...
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
```

EiConnection Class

Description

The **EiConnection** class wraps the standard JDBC connection class and provides services for statement caching and tracing.

Properties

The **EiConnection** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Implements java.sql.Connection
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object
____com.stc.eIndex.active.person.EiConnection
```

Constructor

None.

Methods

The methods included in the **EiConnection** class are described in detail on the pages listed below. For more information about these methods, see your Java documentation for the **java.sql.Connection** interface.

- clearWarnings on page 4-297
- close on page 4-297
- commit on page 4-298
- createStatement on page 4-299
- getAutoCommit on page 4-300
- getCatalog on page 4-300
- getEiServer on page 4-301
- getMetaData on page 4-302
- getStartTransactionStatement on page 4-303
- getTransactionIsolation on page 4-303
- getTypeMap on page 4-304
- getWarnings on page 4-305
- isClosed on page 4-305
- isReadOnly on page 4-307
- nativeSQL on page 4-308
- prepareCall on page 4-308

- prepareStatement on page 4-309
- rollback on page 4-311
- setAutoCommit on page 4-312
- setCatalog on page 4-312
- setReadOnly on page 4-313
- setTransactionIsolation() on page 4-314
- setTypeMap on page 4-314

Inherited Methods

The **EiConnection** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

The **EiConnection** class inherits these methods from **java.sql.Connection** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- transaction_none
- transaction read committed
- transaction_read_uncommitted
- transaction_repeatable_read
- transaction_serializable

clearWarnings

Description

The **clearWarnings** method clears all warnings reported for the specified EiConnection object.

Syntax

public void clearWarnings()

Parameters

Parameter

Description

None

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **clearWarnings** method throws the following exception:

java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

Specified By:

clearWarnings in interface java.sql.Connection

close

Description

The **close** method closes the logical connection to the database immediately.

Syntax

public void close()

Parameters

Parameter Description

None

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **close** method throws the following exception:

java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

Specified By:

close in interface java.sql.Connection

Example

The following example opens a new EiConnection **con**, and then calls **close** to close the connection.

```
eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
con = eiServer.getConnection();
...
con.close();
...
```

commit

Description

The **commit** method commits the current transaction to the database. It then releases the database locks, if any, held by the current connection. Only call this method when auto-commit is disabled.

Syntax

```
public void commit()
```

Parameters

_	•
Desc	ription
	Desc

None

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **commit** method throws the following exception:

java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

Specified By:

commit in interface java.sql.Connection

createStatement

Description

The **createStatement** method creates a SQL statement object to use in a database query.

Syntax

```
public java.sql.Statement createStatement()
or
public java.sql.Statement createStatement(int p1, int p2)
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
p1	A result set type (for more information, see ResultSet.TYPE_XXX in your Java documentation). This parameter is optional, but is required if you enter the p2 parameter.
p2	A concurrency type (for more information, see ResultSet.CONCUR_XXX in your Java documentation). This parameter is optional, but is required if you enter the p1 parameter.

Return Value

The **createStatement** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
A new statement	The SQL statement object was created successfully.

Throws

The **createStatement** method throws the following exception:

java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

Specified By:

createStatement in interface java.sql.Connection

getAutoCommit

Description

The **getAutoCommit** method checks whether or not auto-commit is enabled. By default, auto-commit is set to false.

Syntax

public boolean getAutoCommit()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getAutoCommit** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	Auto-commit is currently enabled.
False	Auto-commit is currently disabled.

Throws

The **getAutoCommit** method throws the following exception:

java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

Specified By:

getAutoCommit in interface java.sql.Connection

getCatalog

Description

The **getCatalog** method retrieves the catalog name of the EiConnection object.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getCatalog()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getCatalog** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a catalog name	The catalog name was retrieved successfully.
Null	There was no catalog name to retrieve.

Throws

The **getCatalog** method throws the following exception:

java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

Specified By:

getCatalog in interface java.sql.Connection

getEiServer

Description

The **getEiServer** method retrieves a handle to the EiServer object that created the current connection.

Syntax

public EiServer getEiServer()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getEiServer** method returns one of the following values:

	This value is returned	if this occurs
	Handle to EiServer	The connection to the EiServer object was created successfully.
Tł	nrows	

getMetaData

Description

None.

The **getMetaData** method retrieves metadata for the e*Index database, which supplies information about the database attributes.

Syntax

public java.sql.DatabaseMetaData getMetaData()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getMetaData** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
DatabaseMetaData object	The metadata for the e*Index database was retrieved successfully.

Throws

The **getMetaData** method throws the following exception:

java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

Specified By:

getMetaData in interface java.sql.Connection

Example

The following example retrieves a new instance of the EiServer class, and then retrieves a new connection to the database. It then calls **getMetaData** and **getDatabaseProductName** to retrieve database information. Finally, the sample calls **prepareStatement** to select the database name.

get Start Transaction Statement

Description

The **getStartTransactionStatement** method returns a handle to the start transaction stored procedure. This method is used internally, and should not be used in your Java programs.

getTransactionIsolation

Description

The **getTransactionIsolation** method retrieves the transaction isolation level for the EiConnection object.

Syntax

```
public int getTransactionIsolation()
```

Parameters

Parameter De	es	cri	p	tic	or	1
--------------	----	-----	---	-----	----	---

None

Return Value

The **getTransactionIsolation** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Integer	The transaction isolation level was retrieved successfully.

Throws

The **getTransactionIsolation** method throws the following exception:

java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

Specified By:

getTransactionIsolation in interface java.sql.Connection

getTypeMap

Description

The **getTypeMap** method retrieves the type map for the given EiConnection object.

Syntax

public java.util.Map getTypeMap()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getTypeMap** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Map object	The type map for the EiConnection object was retrieved successfully.

Throws

The **getTypeMap** method throws the following exception:

java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

Specified By:

getTypeMap in interface java.sql.Connection

getWarnings

Description

The **getWarnings** method retrieves the first warning written by the current EiConnection.

Syntax

public java.sql.SQLWarning getWarnings()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getWarnings** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a SQL warning	The first SQL warning for the current EiConnection object was retrieved successfully.
null	No SQL warnings have been written for the current EiConnection.

Throws

The **getWarnings** method throws the following exception:

java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

Specified By:

getWarnings in interface java.sql.Connection

isClosed

Description

The **isClosed** method checks whether the connection is closed.

Syntax

```
public boolean isClosed()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **isClosed** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The given connection is closed.
False	The given connection is still open.

Throws

The **isClosed** method throws the following exception:

java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

Specified By:

isClosed in interface java.sql.Connection

Example

The following example checks whether the EiConnection is closed, and prints a warning if the connection is closed.

```
eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
con = eiServer.getConnection();
...

boolean c = con.isClosed();
if (c)
    System.out.println("WARNING! Connection is closed.");
else
...
```

isReadOnly

Description

The **isReadOnly** method checks whether the connection EiConnection is read-only.

Syntax

```
public boolean isReadOnly()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **isReadOnly** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The connection is currently read-only.
False	The connection is not currently read-only.

Throws

The **isReadOnly** method throws the following exception:

java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

Specified By:

isReadOnly in interface java.sql.Connection

Example

The following example calls **isReadOnly** to check if the EiConnection **con** is in read-only mode. If **con** is read-only, it calls **setReadyOnly** to change the mode.

```
con = eiServer.getConnection();
boolean ro = con.isReadOnly();
if (ro)
    con.setReadOnly(false);
else
    ... /* Continue processing */
```

nativeSQL

Description

The **nativeSQL** method converts the specified SQL statement into native SQL.

Syntax

public java.lang.String nativeSQL(java.lang.String p1)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
p1	The SQL statement you want to convert to native SQL.

Return Value

The nativeSQL method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs	
A SQL statement	The specified SQL statement was successfully converted into the system's native SQL language.	

Throws

The nativeSQL method throws the following exception:

java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

Specified By:

nativeSQL in interface java.sql.Connection

prepareCall

Description

The **prepareCall** method creates a CallableStatement object, which can then be used to execute stored procedures.

Syntax

```
public java.sql.CallableStatement prepareCall(java.lang.String
p1)
or
public java.sql.CallableStatement prepareCall(java.lang.String
p1, int p2, int p3)
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
p1	A callable statement.
p2	A result set type (for more information, see Result.Set.TYPE_XXX in your Java documentation). This parameter is optional, but is required if the p3 parameter is specified.
p3	A result concurrency type (for more information, see Result.Set.CONCUR_XXX in your Java documentation). This parameter is optional, but is required if the p2 parameter is specified.

Return Value

The **prepareCall** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs	
CallableStatement object	The SQL statement was created successfully.	

Throws

The **prepareCall** method throws the following exception:

java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

Specified By:

prepareCall in interface java.sql.Connection

prepareStatement

Description

The **prepareStatement** method creates a PreparedStatement object.

Syntax

```
public java.sql.PreparedStatement
prepareStatement(java.lang.String p1)
```

Note: prepareStatement has two other possible forms. It can take either a PredefinedStatement object or a RuntimeStatement object. However these objects are only available internally and cannot be used in calls to prepareStatement.

Parameters

Parameter		Description	
	p1	The SQL statement you want to create.	
	resultSetType	A result set type (for more information, see ResultSet.TYPE_XXX in your Java documentation). This parameter is optional, but is required if a resultSetConcurrency is specified. These parameters can only be used with the predefinedStatement parameter.	
	resultSetConcurrency	A concurrency type (for more information, see ResultSet.CONCUR_XXX in your Java documentation). This parameter is optional, but is required if a resultSetType is specified.	

Return Value

The **prepareStatement** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs		
PreparedStatement object	The SQL statement was created successfully.		

Throws

The **prepareStatement** method throws the following exception:

java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

Specified By:

prepareStatement in interface java.sql.Connection

Example

The following sample retrieves a new instance of the EiServer class, and then retrieves a new connection to the database. It then calls **getMetaData** and **getDatabaseProductName** to retrieve database information. Finally, the sample calls **prepareStatement** to select the database name and **executeQuery** to run the SQL statement against the database.

rollback

Description

The **rollback** method rolls back the current transaction, reversing any changes to the database. This method also releases database locks, if any, held by the current connection. Only call this method if auto-commit is not enabled.

Syntax

public void rollback()

Parameters

Parameter

Description

None

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **rollback** method throws the following exception:

java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

Specified By:

rollback in interface java.sql.Connection

setAutoCommit

Description

The **setAutoCommit** method specifies whether auto-commit is enabled. By default, auto-commit is set to false.

Syntax

public void setAutoCommit(boolean p1)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
p1	Either Boolean true or false. Entering a value of True enables auto-commit. Entering a value of False disables auto-commit.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setAutoCommit** method throws the following exception:

java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

Specified By:

setAutoCommit in interface java.sql.Connection

setCatalog

Description

The **setCatalog** method is the setter method for the catalog name for the EiConnection object.

Syntax

public void setCatalog(java.lang.String p1)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
p1	The name for the connection's catalog.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setCatalog** method throws the following exception:

java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

Specified By:

setCatalog in interface java.sql.Connection

setReadOnly

Description

The **setReadOnly** method specifies that the connection is read-only.

Syntax

public void setReadOnly(boolean p1)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
p1	Boolean true or false. Entering a value of True turns on read-only mode; entering a value of False turns off read-only mode.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setReadOnly** method throws the following exception:

java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

Specified By:

setReadOnly in interface java.sql.Connection

Example

The following example calls **isReadOnly** to check if the EiConnection **con** is in read-only mode. If **con** is read-only, it calls **setReadyOnly** to change the mode.

```
con = eiServer.getConnection();
boolean ro = con.isReadOnly();
if (ro)
     con.setReadOnly(false);
else
     ... /* Continue processing */
```

setTransactionIsolation()

Description

The **setTransactionIsolation** method changes the transaction isolation level to the specified level.

Syntax

```
public void setTransactionIsolation(int p1)
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
p1	An integer representing the transaction isolation level.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setTransactionIsolation** method throws the following exception:

java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

Specified By:

setTransactionIsolation in interface java.sql.Connection

setTypeMap

Description

The **setTypeMap** method specifies the type map for the connection.

Syntax

```
public void setTypeMap(java.util.Map p1)
```

Pa	ıra	m	et	eı	ſS

Parameter	Description
p1	The Map object to use as this EiConnection object's default type map.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setTypeMap** method throws the following exception:

• java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

Specified By:

setTypeMap in interface java.sql.Connection

EiNull Interface

Description

The **EiNull** interface allows you set fields to null and override existing values with null values during a person update. The fields in this class specify the data type of the field being set to null.

Properties

The **EiNull** interface has the following properties:

- Public interface
- interface com.stc.eIndex.active.person.EiNull

Constructor

None.

Fields

The fields included in the **EiNull** interface are described in detail on the following pages:

- BOOLEAN on page 4-317
- FLOAT on page 4-317
- LONG on page 4-317
- SQL_DATE on page 4-317
- STRING on page 4-318
- TIMESTAMP on page 4-318

Methods

None.

Inherited Methods

None.

BOOLEAN

Description

The **BOOLEAN** field specifies that the field you are setting to null is of the Boolean data type.

Syntax

public static final java.lang.Boolean BOOLEAN

FLOAT

Description

The **FLOAT** field specifies that the field you are setting to null is of the Float data type.

Syntax

public static final java.lang.Float FLOAT

LONG

Description

The **LONG** field specifies that the field you are setting to null is of the Long data type.

Syntax

public static final java.lang.Long LONG

SQL_DATE

Description

The **SQL_DATE** field specifies that the field you are setting to null is of the sql.date data type.

Syntax

public static final java.sql.Date DATE

STRING

Description

The **STRING** field specifies that the field you are setting to null is of the String data type.

Syntax

public static final java.lang.String STRING

TIMESTAMP

Description

The **TIMESTAMP** field specifies that the field you are setting to null is of the Timestamp data type.

Syntax

public static final java.sql.Timestamp TIMESTAMP

EiServer Class

Description

The **EiServer** class is a container class for all singleton classes in the API. The constructor method for this class can either read a properties file for configuration and runtime information, or it can take the information from a Properties object that has been loaded with the appropriate information. The properties file for the sample code is named **EiServer.properties**. The path to the properties file you use must be defined in the **CLASSPATH** environment variable. If you use a Properties object instead of the properties file, this path does not need to be defined. The EiServer class must be instantiated before any other operation using the Active Integration APIs takes place.

Properties

The **EiServer** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object
com.stc.eIndex.active.person.EiServer
```

Constructor

The **EiServer** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

EiServer on page 4-321

Methods

The methods included in the **EiServer** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- equals on page 4-322
- getConnection on page 4-323
- getDbTimestamp on page 4-323
- getEiBOFactory on page 4-324
- getLogicalName on page 4-325
- getProperties on page 4-326
- hashCode on page 4-327

Inherited Methods

The **EiServer** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

EiServer

Description

The **EiServer** constructor method instantiates a new EiServer object based on the configuration of the specified property file or based on the properties information contained in a Properties object.

Syntax

```
public EiServer(java.lang.String propertyFileName)
or
public EiServer(java.util.Properties properties)
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
propertyFileName	The name of the property file to read for configuration and runtime information.
properties	The name of the Properties object that contains the properties information for the current instance of EiServer.

Return Value

The EiServer method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Instance of EiServer class	The new EiServer object is instantiated successfully.
Error message	The specified property file is not found.

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample calls **EiServer** to retrieve a new instance of the EiServer class based on the property file named **EiServer.properties**. You must call **EiServer** to instantiate the EiServer class before calling any other e*Index methods. The sample then calls **getConnection** to obtain a connection to the database.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties")
con = eiServer.getConnection();
```

equals

Description

The **equals** method compares one object with another to see whether any fields are different.

Syntax

```
public boolean equals(java.lang.Object obj)
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
obj	The object to be compared with the current object.	

Return Value

The **equals** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The objects were compared successfully and all fields are identical between the two objects.
False	The objects were compared successfully and the fields are not identical between the two objects.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

Overrides:

 equals in the java.lang.Object class (see your Java documentation for more information about this method)

Example

The following example obtains an instance of EiServer named **eiServer**. It then obtains a new instance of EiServer, **newServer**, by calling **lookupEiServer** to find the instance of EiServer connected to the database whose logical name is **E451**. The example calls **equals** to check if the two objects are the same.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
EiServer newServer = eiServer.lookupEiServer("E451");
if (eiServer.equals(newServer)) {
...
```

getConnection

Description

The **getConnection** method returns a connection to the e*Index database from the connection pool.

Syntax

public EiConnection getConnection()

Parameters

escription
(

None

Return Value

The **getConnection** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Connection to the database	The connection to the database is made successfully.

Throws

The **getConnection** method throws the following exception:

java.sql.SQLException

Example

The following sample calls **EiServer** to retrieve a new instance of the EiServer class based on the property file named **EiServer.properties**. The sample then calls **getConnection** to obtain a connection to the database.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties")
con = eiServer.getConnection();
```

getDbTimestamp

Description

The **getDbTimestamp** method retrieves the current date and time from the e*Index database.

Syntax

```
public java.sql.Timestamp getDbTimestamp()
```

Parameters

Parameter Description

None

Return Value

The **getDbTimestamp** method returns the following value:

This value is	
returned	if this occurs

Timestamp The database timestamp was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

The following example illustrates how to use the **getDbTimestamp** when creating an Audit object. The '**set**' methods are called to fill the Audit object with audit information, and **getDbTimestamp** is called within the call to **setTimestamp** in order to create a timestamp for the Audit object.

```
Audit audit = new Audit();
    audit.setUserId(user_id);
    audit.setFunct(function);
    audit.setDetail(function_description);
    audit.setTimestamp(eiServer.getDbTimestamp());
```

getEiBOFactory

Description

The **getEiBOFactory** method retrieves the business object factory for the current instance of EiServer.

Syntax

```
public EiBOFactory getEiBOFactory()
```

Parameters

	Parameter	Description
--	-----------	-------------

None

Return Value

The **getEiBOFactory** method returns the following value:

This value is

returned	if this occurs	
EiBOFactory object	The business object factory is retrieved successfully.	

Throws

None.

Example

The following sample calls **EiServer** to retrieve a new instance of the EiServer class based on the property file named **EiServer.properties**. The sample then calls **getEiBOFactory** to retrieve a factory object so a PersonBO object instance can be retrieved.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
```

getLogicalName

Description

The **getLogicalName** method retrieves the logical name specified in the properties file being used for the current instance of EiServer. Each instance of EiServer must have a unique logical name.

Syntax

```
public java.lang.String getLogicalName()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description

None

Return Value

The **getLogicalName** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a logical name	The logical name was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

The following example obtains a new instance of EiServer named **eiServer**, and then calls **getLogicalName** to retrieve the logical name defined for **eiServer**.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
String name = eiServer.getLogicalName());
```

getProperties

Description

The **getProperties** method retrieves the property information from the Java properties file for the current instance of EiServer.

Syntax

```
public java.util.Properties getProperties()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getProperties** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs	
String	The information from the properties file currently in use was retrieved successfully.	

Throws

None.

Example

The following example obtains a new instance of EiServer, and then calls **getProperties** to display a string listing the parameters and parameter values from the properties file currently in use. Each parameter and value pair is delimited by a comma.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
System.out.println(newServer.getProperties());
...
```

hashCode

Description

The **hashCode** method returns a hash code value for the specified object.

Syntax

```
public int hashCode()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description

None

Return Value

The **hashCode** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs	
Integer	The hash code value was retrieved successfully.	

Throws

None.

Additional Information

Overrides:

 hashCode in the java.lang.Object class (see your Java documentation for more information about this method)

EiSystem Class

Description

The **EiSystem** class represents a system object that contains information about a specific system. This information is stored in the database in the *ui_facility* table.

Properties

The **EiSystem** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject

```
java.lang.Object
__com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject
__com.stc.eIndex.active.person.EiSystem
```

Constructor

None.

Methods

The methods included in the **EiSystem** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- getAddress1 on page 4-330
- getAddress2 on page 4-331
- getAllowLessIdLength on page 4-332
- getCity on page 4-333
- getCountry on page 4-333
- getCounty on page 4-334
- getCreateDate on page 4-335
- getDescription on page 4-336
- getIdLength on page 4-337
- getLocalIdFormat on page 4-337
- getNextLocalId on page 4-338
- getRegionCode on page 4-339
- getState on page 4-340
- getStatus on page 4-340
- getSystemCode on page 4-341

- getZip on page 4-342
- getZipExt on page 4-343
- isFormatMatch on page 4-344
- isLocalIdMaskEnabled on page 4-345
- isSystemMaskEnabled on page 4-346

Inherited Methods

The **EiSystem** class inherits this method from **com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject**:

toString

The **EiSystem** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

getAddress1

Description

The **getAddress1** method retrieves the value of a system's **address1** field. Use this method to display the first line of a street address in a system record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getAddress1()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getAddress1** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a street address	The value of the address1 field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The address1 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

The following example retrieves a new instance of EiServer and a new instance of the EiSystemBO class. It then calls **getSystem** to retrieve the information associated with the system code **SBYN**. The example then displays each field associated with system **SBYN**.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
EiSystemBO systemBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getEiSystemBOInstance();
EiSystem sys = systemBO.getSystem("SBYN");
System.out.println("SYSTEM CODE: " + sys.getSystemCode());
System.out.println("SYSTEM DESCRIPTION: " + sys.getDescription());
System.out.println("REGION CODE: " + sys.getRegionCode());
System.out.println("ADDRESS 1: " + sys.getAddress1());
System.out.println("ADDRESS 2: " + sys.getAddress2());
System.out.println("CITY: " + sys.getCity());
System.out.println("STATE: " + sys.getState());
System.out.println("ZIP CODE: " + sys.getZip() + "-" + sys.getZipExt());
System.out.println("COUNTY: " + sys.getCounty()):
System.out.println("COUNTRY: " + sys.getCountry());
System.out.println("LOCAL ID LENGTH: " + sys.getIdLength());
System.out.println("ALLOW SHORTER ID?: " + sys.getAllowLessIdLength());
System.out.println("LOCAL ID FORMAT: " + sys.getLocalIdFormat());
System.out.println("NEXT LOCAL ID: " + sys.getNextLocalId());
System.out.println("SYSTEM STATUS: " + sys.getStatus());
System.out.println("MASK SYSTEM NAME?: " + sys.isSystemMaskEnabled());
System.out.println("MASK LOCAL ID?: " + sys.isLocalIdMaskEnabled());
System.out.println("CREATE DATE: " + sys.getCreateDate());
```

getAddress2

Description

The **getAddress2** method retrieves the value of a system's **address2** field. Use this method to display the second line of a street address in a system record.

Syntax

```
public java.lang.String getAddress1()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getAddress2** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a street address	The value of the address2 field was retrieved successfully.

This value is returned	if this occurs
Null	The address2 field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getAddress2** can be used, see the example for **getAddress1** beginning on page 4-330.

get Allow Less Id Length

Description

The **getAllowLessIdLength** method returns a Boolean value indicating whether you can enter a local ID for the specified system that has fewer characters than indicated in the **idLength** field.

Syntax

public boolean getAllowLessIdLength()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getAllowLessIdLength** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The system allows local IDs with fewer characters than specified by the idLength field.
False	The system does not allow local IDs with fewer characters than specified by the idLength field.
Throws	

3. T

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getAllowLessIdLength** can be used, see the example for **getAddress1** beginning on page 4-330.

getCity

Description

The **getCity** method retrieves the value of a system's **city** field. Use this method to display the city in which a system is located.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getCity()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getCity** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a city name	The value of the city field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The city field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getCity** can be used, see the example for **getAddress1** beginning on page 4-330.

getCountry

Description

The **getCountry** method retrieves the value of a system's **country** field. Use this method to display the country in which a system is located.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getCountry()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getCountry** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a country name	The value of the country field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The country field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getCountry** can be used, see the example for **getAddress1** beginning on page 4-330.

getCounty

Description

The **getCounty** method retrieves the value of a system's **county** field. Use this method to display the county in which a system is located.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getCounty()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getCounty** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a county name	The value of the county field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The county field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getCounty** can be used, see the example for **getAddress1** beginning on page 4-330.

getCreateDate

Description

The **getCreateDate** method retrieves the value of a system's **createDate** field. Use this method to display the date on which a system record was created or was last updated.

Syntax

public java.sql.Timestamp getCreateDate()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getCreateDate** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Timestamp	The value of the createDate field was retrieved successfully.
Null	There was no create date to retrieve.
h w 0 1 1 1 0	

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getCreateDate** can be used, see the example for **getAddress1** beginning on page 4-330.

getDescription

Description

The **getDescription** method retrieves the value of a system's **description** field. Use this method to display a description of a system.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getDescription()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getDescription** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a system description	The value of the description field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The description field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getDescription** can be used, see the example for **getAddress1** beginning on page 4-330.

getIdLength

Description

The **getIdLength** method retrieves the value of a system's **idLength** field. Use this method to display the preferred length for local ID's in a specific system.

Syntax

public int getIdLength()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getIdLength** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Integer	The value of the idLength field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The idLength field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getDescription** can be used, see the example for **getAddress1** beginning on page 4-330.

getLocalIdFormat

Description

The **getLocalIdFormat** method retrieves the value of a system's **localIdFormat** field. Use this method to display the format in which local ID's for a system are displayed. Local ID formats are expressed by a series of characters: ! (allows upper case alphanumeric characters), @ (allows numeric characters), # (allows numeric characters), A (allows alphanumeric characters), or X (allows any character type).

Syntax

public java.lang.String getLocalIdFormat()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getLocalIdFormat** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a series of characters	The value of the localIdFormat field was retrieved successfully.
Null	No format is specified for local IDs in the given system.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getLocalIdFormat** can be used, see the example for **getAddress1** beginning on page 4-330.

getNextLocalId

Description

The **getNextLocalId** method retrieves the value of a system's **nextLocalId** field. Use this method to display the next local ID specified for a system, if any.

Note: The next local ID is specified in the database table ui_local_id_generator. This table is described in chapter 3 of this guide.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getNextLocalId()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getNextLocalId** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a local ID	The value of the nextLocalId field was retrieved successfully.
Null	No next local ID was specified.
'h-u	

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getNextLocalId** can be used, see the example for **getAddress1** beginning on page 4-330.

getRegionCode

Description

The **getRegionCode** method retrieves the value of a system's **regionCode** field. Use this method to display the processing code for the region in which a system is located.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getRegionCode()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getRegionCode** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a region code	The value of the regionCode field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The regionCode field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getRegionCode** can be used, see the example for **getAddress1** beginning on page 4-330.

getState

Description

The **getState** method retrieves the value of a system's **state** field. Use this method to display the state in which a system is located.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getState()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getState** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a state code	The value of the state field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The state field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getState** can be used, see the example for **getAddress1** beginning on page 4-330.

getStatus

Description

The **getStatus** method retrieves the value of a system's **status** field. Use this method to display a system's status.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getStatus()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getStatus** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a status code	The value of the status field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The status field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getStatus** can be used, see the example for **getAddress1** beginning on page 4-330.

getSystemCode

Description

The **getSystemCode** method retrieves the value of a system's **systemCode** field. Use this method to display the processing code of a system.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getSystemCode()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getSystemCode** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a system code	The value of the systemCode field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The systemCode field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getSystemCode** can be used, see the example for **getAddress1** beginning on page 4-330.

getZip

Description

The **getZip** method retrieves the value of a system's **zip** field. Use this method to display the zip code for a system's address.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getZip()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getZip** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a zip code	The value of the zip field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The zip field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getZip** can be used, see the example for **getAddress1** beginning on page 4-330.

getZipExt

Description

The **getZipExt** method retrieves the value of a system's **zipExt** field. Use this method to display the zip code extension of a system's address.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getZipExt()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getZipExt** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a zip code extension	The value of the zipExt field was retrieved successfully.
Null	The zipExt field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getZipExt** can be used, see the example for **getAddress1** beginning on page 4-330.

isFormatMatch

Description

The **isFormatMatch** method retrieves a Boolean true or false, indicating whether the format of a local ID matches the required format for the associated system.

Syntax

public boolean isFormatMatch(java.lang.String id, boolean
matchLessLength)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
id	The local ID whose formatting is being validated.
matchLessLength	A Boolean indicator of whether local IDs shorter than the length specified for the System object are allowed.

Return Value

The **isFormatMatch** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The specified local ID matches the format defined for the System object.
False	The specified local ID does not match the format defined for the System object.

Throws

None.

Example

The following example calls the **LocalId** constructor method to create a new LocalId object based on the system and local ID specified. It then calls **getAllowLessIdLength** to check if local IDs of variable lengths are allowed, and calls **isFormatMatch** to compare the given local ID with the required format. If the local ID passes the validation, a new local ID record is added. If it fails, an error message is displayed.

```
LocalId lid = new LocalId(system_code,local_id);
EiSystem sys = systemB0.getSystem(system_code);
boolean length = sys.getAllowLessIdLength();
if(!sys.isFormatMatch(local_id, length)) {
    System.out.println("WRONG FORMAT FOR LOCAL ID.");
} else {
    personB0.addLocalId(person, lid);
}
```

isLocalIdMaskEnabled

Description

The **isLocalIdMaskEnabled** method retrieves a Boolean true or false, indicating whether the local ID mask function is enabled for a system.

Note: For more information about local ID masking, see chapter 4 of the e*Index Administrator User's Guide.

Syntax

public boolean isLocalIdMaskEnabled()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **isLocalIdMaskEnabled** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	Local ID masking is enabled for the specified system.
False	Local ID masking is not enabled for the specified system.

Throws

None.

Example

The following example retrieves new instances of EiServer, PersonBO, and EiSystemBO. It then loads a Person object with person information from the e*Index database, and creates an enumeration of the associated LocalId objects. For each local ID record in the enumeration, the example calls **getSystem** to create an EiSystem object containing information about the associated system. It then calls **isSystemMaskEnabled** and **isLocalIdMaskEnabled** to determine whether to display system and local ID information.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
EiSystemBO eiSys = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getEiSystemBOInstance();
Uid uid = new Uid("1000000001");
Person person = new Person();
personBO.loadPerson(uid, person);
Enumeration e = person.getLocalIdEnumeration();
while (e.hasMoreElements()) {
    LocalId id = (LocalId)e.nextElement();
    String code = id.getSystemCode();
    if (code.equals("OLD #")) {
        System.out.println("MERGED UID: " + id.getLocalId());
    }else {
        EiSystem system = eiSys.getSystem(code);
        if (system.isSystemMaskEnabled()) {
            System.out.println("******");
            System.out.println("SYSTEM: " + system.getSystemCode());
        if (system.isLocalIdMaskEnabled()) {
            System.out.println("******");
        }else {
            System.out.println("LOCAL ID: " + id.getLocalId());
```

isSystemMaskEnabled

Description

The **isSystemMaskEnabled** method returns a Boolean value that indicates whether the system name is hidden for the specified system.

Note: For more information about system name masking, see chapter 4 of the e*Index Administrator User's Guide.

Syntax

public boolean isSystemMaskEnabled()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **isSystemMaskEnabled** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	System name masking is enabled for the specified system.
False	System name masking is not enabled for the specified system.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **isSystemMaskEnabled** can be used, see the example for **isLocalIdMaskEnabled** on page 4-345.

EiSystemBO Class

Description

The **EiSystemBO** class is the business object class for the **EiSystem** class. This class contains methods that you use to retrieve information from the *ui_facility* table in the database.

Properties

The **EiSystemBO** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object
```

-com.stc.eIndex.active.person.EiSystemBO

Constructor

None.

Methods

The methods included in the **EiSystemBO** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- getSystem on page 4-349
- getSystemDescription on page 4-350
- getSystemEnumeration on page 4-351

Inherited Methods

The **EiSystemBO** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

getSystem

Description

The **getSystem** method returns an EiSystem object from the database given the system code.

Syntax

public EiSystem getSystem(java.lang.String systemCode)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
systemCode	The processing code for the system whose information
	you want to retrieve.

Return Value

The **getSystem** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
EiSystem object	The system information was retrieved successfully.
null	The specified system code does not exist in the <i>ui_facility</i> table.

Throws

None.

Example

The following example retrieves a new instance of EiServer and a new instance of the EiSystemBO class. It then calls **getSystem** to retrieve the information associated with the system code specified by the variable <code>system_code</code>. The system fields are delimited by commas, as shown below.

```
CBC, CAPE BURR CENTER, A, 1259 SHORELINE DRIVE, null, CAPE BURR, CT, 09876, null, CAPE BURR, USA, SOUTH CENTRAL, 2002-05-01 17:23:05.0, 11, false, ###-###-##, false, null, true
```

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
EiSystemBO system =
    eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getEiSystemBOInstance();
System.out.println(systemBO.getSystem(system_code));
```

getSystemDescription

Description

The **getSystemDescription** method retrieves the system description associated with the specified system code.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getSystemDescription(java.lang.String systemCode)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
systemCode	The processing code for the system whose description
	you want to retrieve.

Return Value

The **getSystemDescription** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a system description	The system description was retrieved successfully.
null	The specified system code does not exist in the <i>ui_facility</i> table.

Throws

The **getSystemDescription** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

The following example retrieves a new instance of EiServer and a new instance of the EiSystemBO class. It then calls **getSystemDescription** to retrieve the description associated with the system code **SBYN**. In this case, the return value is **SeeBeyond**.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
EiSystemBO system =
    eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getEiSystemBOInstance();
System.out.println(systemBO.getSystemDescription("SBYN"));
```

getSystemEnumeration

Description

The **getSystemEnumeration** method retrieves a list of all systems that are stored in the *ui_facility* table.

Syntax

```
public java.util.Enumeration getSystemEnumeration()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getSystemEnumeration** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Enumeration of systems	The system information was retrieved successfully.
Empty Enumeration	There was no system information to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

The following example retrieves a new instance of EiServer and a new instance of the EiSystemBO class. It then defines an enumeration, **e**, and calls **getSystemEnumeration** to retrieve a list of system information. System fields are delimited by commas, as shown below.

```
SBYN, SeeBeyond, A, 404 Huntington Dr, null, Monrovia, CA, 91016, null, Los Angeles, null, Western, 2001-08-01 15:14:20.0, 10, false, AA#-###-###, false, null, false
CBC, Cape Burr Center, A, 1259 Shoreline Drive, null, Cape
Burr, CT, 09876, null, Cape Burr, USA, South Central, 2002-05-01 17:23:05.0, 11, false, ###-###-###-###, false, null, true
```

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
EiSystemBO system = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getEiSystemBOInstance();
Enumeration e = systemBO.getSystemEnumeration();
while (e.hasMoreElements())
    System.out.println(e.nextElement());
...
```

EnumCodeType Class

Description

The **EnumCodeType** class defines the code types and represents the enumerations used by **com.stc.eIndex.active.person.CodeLookup**.

Properties

The **EnumCodeType** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object com.stc.eIndex.active.person.EnumCodeType
```

Constructor

None.

Fields

The fields included in the **EnumCodeType** class are described on the following pages:

- ADDRESS_TYPE on page 4-354
- CITIZENSHIP on page 4-354
- COUNTRY on page 4-354
- DEPT on page 4-354
- DISTRICT_OF_RESIDENCE on page 4-354
- DRIVER_LICENSE_ISSUER on page 4-355
- ETHNICITY on page 4-355
- EVENT on page 4-355
- EVENT_NOTIFICATION on page 4-355
- GENDER on page 4-356
- LANGUAGE on page 4-356
- MARITAL_STATUS on page 4-356
- NATIONALITY on page 4-356
- PERSON_CATEGORY on page 4-357
- PERSON_STATUS on page 4-357
- PHONE_TYPE on page 4-357
- RACE on page 4-358
- REGION on page 4-358

- RELIGION on page 4-358
- STATE on page 4-358
- SUFFIXon page 4-358
- SYSTEM on page 4-359
- TITLE on page 4-359
- VETERAN_STATUS on page 4-359
- **VIP** on page 4-359

Note: For a sample of how these fields can be used in your Java programs, see the sample for the **getDisplayValue** method in the CodeLookup class (beginning on page 4-102).

Methods

None.

Inherited Methods

The **EnumCodeType** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

ADDRESS_TYPE

Description

The **ADDRESS_TYPE** field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent address types.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType ADDRESS_TYPE

CITIZENSHIP

Description

The **CITIZENSHIP** field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent citizenships.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType CITIZENSHIP

COUNTRY

Description

The **COUNTRY** field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent countries.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType COUNTRY

DEPT

Description

The **DEPT** field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent departments.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType DEPT

DISTRICT_OF_RESIDENCE

Description

The **DISTRICT_OF_RESIDENCE** field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent DORs.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType DISTRICT_OF_RESIDENCE

DRIVER_LICENSE_ISSUER

Description

The **DRIVER_LICENSE_ISSUER** field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent states or organizations that issue driver licenses.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType DRIVER_LICENSE_ISSUER

ETHNICITY

Description

The **ETHNICITY** field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent ethnicities.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType ETHNICITY

EVENT

Description

The **EVENT** field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent events.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType EVENT

EVENT_NOTIFICATION

Description

The **EVENT_NOTIFICATION** field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent events of notification.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType EVENT_NOTIFICATION

GENDER

Description

The **GENDER** field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent genders.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType GENDER

LANGUAGE

Description

The **LANGUAGE** field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent languages.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType LANGUAGE

MARITAL_STATUS

Description

The MARITAL_STATUS field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent marital statuses.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType MARITAL_STATUS

NATIONALITY

Description

The **NATIONALITY** field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent nationalities.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType NATIONALITY

PERSON_CATEGORY

Description

The **PERSON_CATEGORY** field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent person categories.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType PERSON_CATEGORY

PERSON_STATUS

Description

The **PERSON_STATUS** field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent member statuses.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType PERSON_STATUS

PHONE_TYPE

Description

The **PHONE_TYPE** field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent telephone number types.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType PHONE_TYPE

RACE

Description

The **RACE** field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent races.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType RACE

REGION

Description

The **REGION** field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent regions.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType REGION

RELIGION

Description

The **RELIGION** field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent religions.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType RELIGION

STATE

Description

The **STATE** field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent states.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType STATE

SUFFIX

Description

The **SUFFIX** field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent suffixes.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType SUFFIX

SYSTEM

Description

The **SYSTEM** field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent source applications.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType SYSTEM

TITLE

Description

The **TITLE** field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent titles.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType TITLE

VETERAN_STATUS

Description

The **VETERAN_STATUS** field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent veteran statuses.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType VETERAN_STATUS

VIP

Description

The **VIP** field specifies that the CodeLookup class should look up the data elements in the *stc_common_detail* table that represent VIP flags.

Syntax

public static final EnumCodeType VIP

EnumCountryOption

Description

The **EnumCountryOption** class represents an enumeration of country-specific option definitions used by the **CountryOptionLookup** class to retrieve information about country-specific attributes. For an example of how to use the fields in this class, see the example code for **getCountryCode** beginning on page 4-137.

Properties

The **EnumCountryOption** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object
com.stc.eIndex.active.person.EnumLocalIdStatus
```

Constructor

None.

Fields

The fields included in the **EnumCountryOption** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- ADDRESS_SEARCH on page 4-363
- COLUMN_FORMAT on page 4-363
- GROUP_LABEL on page 4-363
- SUMMARY_TAB on page 4-363
- TAB_LABEL on page 4-364

Methods

None.

Inherited Methods

The **EnumCountryOption** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

ADDRESS_SEARCH

Description

The **ADDRESS_SEARCH** field specifies that the CountryOptionLookup class should look up country-specific attributes for the *address search* control type.

Syntax

public static final EnumCountryOption ADDRESS_SEARCH

COLUMN_FORMAT

Description

The **COLUMN_FORMAT** field specifies that the CountryOptionLookup class should look up country-specific attributes for the *column format* control type.

Syntax

public static final EnumCountryOption COLUMN_FORMAT

GROUP_LABEL

Description

The **GROUP_LABEL** field specifies that the CountryOptionLookup class should look up country-specific attributes for the *group label* control type.

Syntax

public static final EnumCountryOption GROUP_LABEL

SUMMARY_TAB

Description

The **SUMMARY_TAB** field specifies that the CountryOptionLookup class should look up country-specific attributes for the *summary tab* control type.

Syntax

public static final EnumCountryOption SUMMARY_TAB

TAB_LABEL

Description

The **TAB_LABEL** field specifies that the CountryOptionLookup class should look up country-specific attributes for the *tab label* control type.

Syntax

public static final EnumCountryOption TAB_LABEL

EnumLocalIdStatus Class

Description

The **EnumLocalIdStatus** class represents the enumerations used by the **getStatus** method in the LocalId class to retrieve the status of local ID records.

Properties

The **EnumLocalIdStatus** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object
__com.stc.eIndex.active.person.EnumLocalIdStatus
```

Constructor

None.

Fields

The fields included in the **EnumLocalIdStatus** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- ACTIVE on page 4-369
- DEACTIVATED on page 4-369
- MERGED on page 4-370

Methods

The method included in the **EnumLocalIdStatus** class is described in detail on the following page:

- getCode on page 4-367
- getEnumeration on page 4-367
- toString on page 4-368

Inherited Methods

The **EnumLocalIdStatus** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

getCode

Description

The **getCode** method retrieves the database code for the status enumeration of a local ID (as defined in e*Index Administrator's Control Key Maintenance function).

Syntax

public java.lang.String getCode()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getCode** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a coded value	The code for the local ID's status was retrieved successfully.
Null	No coded value was defined for the given status. This indicates an invalid status or an error in the database code table data.

Throws

None.

Example

To see how **getCode** can be used, see the example for **getLocalId** in the LocalId class on page 4-380. This sample retrieves a person's local ID records, and lists the individual elements in each record. **getCode** is used in conjunction with **LocalId.getStatus** to retrieve the code represented by the local ID status enumeration.

getEnumeration

Description

The **getEnumeration** method retrieves the enumeration of the specified status code.

Syntax

public static EnumLocalIdStatus getEnumeration(java.lang.String code)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
code	The status code for a local ID.

Return Value

The **getEnumeration** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Enumeration	The enumeration value of the local ID status code was retrieved successfully.

Throws

The **getEnumeration** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

The following example searches for a UID given a system, local ID, and local ID status. It first retrieves an instance of EiServer and PersonBO, and then calls **getEnumeration** to retrieve the enumeration of the specified status. the example then looks up the UID based on the local ID and system you specified, and the enumeration retrieved for the status.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
EnumLocalIdStatus enum = EnumLocalIdStatus.getEnumeration(status);
Uid uid = personBO.lookupUid(system_code,local_id,enum);
...
```

toString

Description

The **toString** method returns a string representation of the local ID status enumeration.

Syntax

public java.lang.String toString()

Parameters

Parameter Description

None

Return Value

The **toString** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a status	The local ID status string was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

Overrides:

• **toString** in the **java.lang.Object** class (see your Java documentation for more information about this method)

ACTIVE

Description

The **ACTIVE** field is used to retrieve an enumeration for the local ID status **A** (active).

Syntax

public static final EnumLocalIdStatus ACTIVE

DEACTIVATED

Description

The **DEACTIVATED** field is used to retrieve an enumeration for the local ID status **D** (deactivated).

Syntax

public static final EnumLocalIdStatus DEACTIVATED

MERGED

Description

The MERGED field is used to retrieve an enumeration for the local ID status M (merged).

Syntax

public static final EnumLocalIdStatus MERGED

EnumPersonStatus Class

Description

The EnumPersonStatus class represents the enumerations used by the **getStatus** method in the DemographicsRO class to retrieve the status of person records.

Properties

The EnumPersonStatus class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object
__com.stc.eIndex.active.person.EnumPersonStatus
```

Constructor

None.

Fields

The fields included in the **EnumPersonStatus** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- ACTIVE on page 4-374
- DEACTIVATED on page 4-374
- MERGED on page 4-375

Methods

The method included in the **EnumPersonStatus** class is described in detail on the following page:

- getEnumeration on page 4-373
- toString on page 4-373

Inherited Methods

The **EnumPersonStatus** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

getEnumeration

Description

The **getEnumeration** method retrieves the enumeration value of the specified status code.

Syntax

 $\label{lem:public_static} \begin{public} public static EnumPersonStatus getEnumeration (\it java.lang.String code) \end{public}$

Parameters

Parameter	Description
Code	The status code for the person record.

Return Value

The **getEnumeration** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Enumeration	The enumeration value of the person record status code was retrieved successfully.

Throws

The **getEnumeration** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

toString

Description

The **toString** method returns a string representation of the status.

Syntax

public java.lang.String toString()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **toString** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a status	The status description was retrieved successfully for the specified status code.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

Overrides:

• **toString** in the **java.lang.Object** class (see your Java documentation for more information about this method)

ACTIVE

Description

The **ACTIVE** field is used to retrieve the enumeration value for the person record status code **A** (active).

Syntax

public static final EnumPersonStatus ACTIVE

DEACTIVATED

Description

The **DEACTIVATED** field is used to retrieve the enumeration value for the person record status code **D** (deactivated).

Syntax

public static final EnumPersonStatus DEACTIVATED

MERGED

Description

The MERGED field is used to retrieve the enumeration value for the person record status code M (merged).

Syntax

public static final EnumPersonStatus MERGED

LocalId Class

Description

The **LocalId** class represents a local ID record associated with a person record.

Properties

The **LocalId** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.person.PersonDependent

```
java.lang.Object

__com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject
__com.stc.eIndex.active.person.PersonDependent
__com.stc.eIndex.active.person.LocalId
```

Constructor

The **LocalId** class has one constructor, which is described in detail of the following page:

LocalId on page 4-378

Methods

The methods included in the **LocalId** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- equals on page4-379
- getLocalId on page 4-379
- getStatus on page 4-381
- getSystemCode on page 4-381
- getUid on page 4-382

Inherited Methods

The **LocalId** class inherits these methods from **com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject**:

toString

The **LocalId** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

LocalId

Description

The **LocalId** constructor method creates a new Local ID object.

Syntax

```
public LocalID(java.lang.String systemCode, java.lang.String
localId)
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
systemCode	The processing code of the system associated with the local ID.
localId	The new local ID that is associated with the specified system.

Return Value

The **LocalId** method returns the following value:

This value is		
returned	if this occurs	
LocalId object	The new Local ID object was created successfully.	

Throws

The LocalId method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

The following example calls the **LocalId** constructor method to create a new LocalId object based on the system and local ID specified. It then calls **hasLocalId** to see if the specified Person object is already associated with the local ID and system pair. If the Person object is not associated with the new local ID and system, **addLocalId** is called to add the new local ID and system pair to the Person object.

```
LocalId lid = new LocalId(system_code,local_id);
if (!personBO.hasLocalId(person,lid))
    personBO.addLocalId(person, lid);
```

equals

Description

The **equals** method checks if two local ID and system pairs are identical.

Syntax

public boolean equals(java.lang.Object obj)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
obj	The Local ID object to compare against other Local ID objects.

Return Value

The **equals** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The two local ID and system pairs are identical.
False	The two local ID and system pairs are not identical.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

Overrides:

 equals in the java.lang.Object class (see your Java documentation for more information about this method)

getLocalId

Description

The **getLocalId** method retrieves the local identifier of the local ID and system record. You can use this method to display the value of the **localId** field.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getLocalId()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
-----------	-------------

None

Return Value

The **getLocalId** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a local identifier	The local identifier of the local ID/system record was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

The example below creates a new Person object, and then looks up the UID for a given system, local ID, and status (as specified by <code>system_code</code>, <code>local_id</code>, and <code>status</code>). It then calls <code>loadPerson</code> to retrieve all of the information associated with that UID, and calls <code>getLocalIdEnumeration</code> to obtain a list of all system and local ID pairs associated with the person record.

The sample retrieves the individual fields from each local ID record by calling the 'get' methods in the LocalId class.

```
Person person = new Person();
EnumLocalIdStatus enum = EnumLocalIdStatus.getEnumeration(status);
Uid uid = personBO.lookupUid(system_code,local_id,enum);
personBO.loadPerson(uid, person);

Enumeration lid = person.getLocalIdEnumeration();
while (lid.hasMoreElements()) {
    LocalId id = (LocalId)lid.nextElement();
    String idDate = sdf.format(id.getCreateDate());
    System.out.println(" UID: " + id.getUid());
    System.out.println(" System: " + id.getSystemCode());
    System.out.println(" ID: " + id.getLocalId());
    System.out.println(" Status: " + id.getStatus().getCode());
...
```

getStatus

Description

The **getStatus** retrieves a handle to the enumeration that represents the status of the local ID record. You can use this method in conjunction with **getCode** the EnumLocalIdStatus class to display the value of the **status** field.

Syntax

public EnumLocalIdStatus getStatus()

Parameters

None

Return Value

The **getStatus** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
EnumLocalIdStatus object representing	The status of the local ID record was retrieved successfully.
a status code	

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getStatus** can be used, see the example for **getLocalId** on page 4-380. Note that in this example, **getStatus** is used in conjunction with **getCode** from the EnumLocalIdStatus class. **getStatus** retrieves a handle to the enumeration, and **getCode** retrieves the actual status code.

getSystemCode

Description

The **getSystemCode** method retrieves the processing code for the system associated with a local identifier. You can use this method to display the system code in a local ID record.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getSystemCode()

Parameters

None

Return Value

The **getSystemCode** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a system code	The system associated with the local ID record was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how **getSystemCode** can be used, see the example for **getLocalId** on page 4-380.

getUid

Description

The **getUid** method retrieves the UID associated with a local ID and system record. You can use this method to display the UID associated with a local ID record.

Syntax

public Uid getUid()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getUid** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Uid object	The UID of the local ID record was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

For more information about the **Uid Class**, see page 4-482.

Example

To see an example of how **getUid** can be used, see the example for **getLocalId** on page 4-380.

LocalIdBO Class

Description

The **LocalIdBO** class is the local ID business object class and represents the status of a given local ID and system pair for a specific record.

Properties

The **LocalIdBO** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object
____com.stc.eIndex.active.person.LocalIdBO
```

Constructor

None.

Methods

The methods included in the **LocalIdBO** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- getLocalIdEnumeration on page 4-385
- isActive on page 4-386
- isDeactivated on page 4-387
- isMerged on page 4-388
- lookupLocalId on page 4-389

Inherited Methods

The **LocalIdBO** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

getLocalIdEnumeration

Description

The **getLocalIdEnumeration** method retrieves an enumeration of the local ID records associated with the specified UID. You can also specify the local ID status for the lookup.

Syntax

public java.util.Enumeration getLocalIdEnumeration(Uid uid)
or
public java.util.Enumeration getLocalIdEnumeration(Uid uid,
EnumLocalIdStatus localIdStatus)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
uid	The UID associated with the person record whose local ID information you want to retrieve.
localIdStatus	The status of the local IDs you want to retrieve. This parameter is optional. If this parameter is omitted, getLocalIdEnumeration retrieves IDs of all statuses.

Return Value

The **getLocalIdEnumeration** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Enumeration of Local ID objects	The local ID information was retrieved successfully.

Throws

The **getLocalIdEnumeration** method throws the following exceptions:

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQLException

Example

The example below instantiates EiServer and LocalIdBO, and then defines the variable **uid**. It then calls **getLocalIdEnumeration** in the LocalIdBO class to obtain a list of all Local ID records associated with the given UID. It scrolls through the records using **hasMoreElements** and **nextElement**.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
LocalIdBO localIdBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getLocalIdBOInstance();
Uid uid = new Uid("1000000108");

Enumeration lid = localIdBO.getLocalIdEnumeration(uid);
while (lid.hasMoreElements()) {
    LocalId id = (LocalId)lid.nextElement();
...
```

isActive

Description

The **isActive** method determines whether a given local ID and system pair is active.

Syntax

public boolean isActive(LocalId localId)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
localId	The Local ID object containing the local ID and system pair to check.

Return Value

The **isActive** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is	
returned	if this occurs
True	The local ID and system pair has a status of active.
False	The local ID and system pair does not have a status of active.

Throws

The **isActive** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the LocalId Class, see page 4-376.

Example

The example on the following page calls **loadPerson** to populate the Person object named **person**. It then retrieves an enumeration of local ID records associated with that person. The example scrolls through the resulting LocalId objects to determine whether each local ID is active, merged, or deactivated. In this example, the results are displayed on the screen. You can use the results of the calls to **isActive**, **isMerged**, and **isDeactivated** to determine how to process a local ID record. For example, if a local ID is deactivated, it cannot be modified; or if a person record has only one active local ID remaining, that local ID cannot be deactivated.

```
... /* Getting class instances, getting new
      Person object person, and defining
       Uid object uid. */
LocalIdBO localId = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getLocalIdBOInstance();
personBO.loadPerson(uid, person);
Enumeration e = person.getLocalIdEnumeration();
while (e.hasMoreElements()) {
    LocalId id = (LocalId)e.nextElement();
    String lid = id.getLocalId();
    boolean a = localIdBO.isActive(id);
    boolean m = localIdBO.isMerged(id);
    boolean d = localIdBO.isDeactivated(id);
    if (a){
        System.out.println("Local ID " + lid + " is Active.");
    } else if (m){
        System.out.println("Local ID " + lid + " is Merged.");
    } else if (d) {
        System.out.println("Local ID " + lid + " is Deactivated.");
}
. . .
```

isDeactivated

Description

The **isDeactivated** method determines whether a given local ID and system pair has been deactivated.

Syntax

```
public boolean isDeactivated(LocalId localId)
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
localId	The Local ID object containing the local ID and system pair to check.

Return Value

The **isDeactivated** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The local ID and system pair has a status of deactivated.
False	The local ID and system pair does not have a status of deactivated.

Throws

The **isDeactivated** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the LocalId Class, see page 4-376.

Example

To see an example of how **isDeactivated** can be used, see the example for **isActive** beginning on page 4-387.

isMerged

Description

The **isMerged** method determines whether a given local ID and system pair has been merged.

Syntax

public boolean isMerged(LocalId localId)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
localId	The Local ID object containing the local ID and system pair to check.

Return Value

The **isMerged** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The local ID and system pair has a status of merged.
False	The local ID and system pair does not have a status of merged.

Throws

The **isMerged** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the LocalId Class, see page 4-319.

Example

To see an example of how **isMerged** can be used, see the example for **isActive** beginning on page 4-387.

lookupLocalId

Description

The **lookupLocalId** method retrieves an enumeration of local ID records in a specific system that are associated with the same person record as the given system and local ID. This function looks up the UID for the source system and local ID, and retrieves local IDs associated with that UID that were assigned by the target system. You can optionally specify a status for the local IDs returned by the lookup process. If you don't specify a status, only IDs with a merged or deactivated status are returned.

Syntax

```
public java.util.Enumeration lookupLocalId(java.lang.String
sourceSystem, java.lang.String lid, java.lang.String
targetSystem, EnumLocalIdStatus status)
```

or

public java.util.Enumeration lookupLocalId(java.lang.String sourceSystem, java.lang.String lid, java.lang.String targetSystem, EnumLocalIdStatus status)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
sourceSystem	The system code of the system for which the local ID is known.
lid	The local ID associated with the specified source system.
targetSystem	The system code of the system for which you want to look up local ID records.
status	The status code of the local ID records you want to retrieve. This parameter is optional. If no status is specified, the API looks for IDs with a status of merged or deactivated.

Return Value

The **lookupLocalId** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Enumeration	The local IDs were retrieved successfully.

Throws

The **lookupLocalId** method throws the following exceptions:

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

For more information about the **EnumLocalIdStatus Class**, see page 4-365.

Example

The following example instantiates EiServer and LocalIdBO, and then defines the variable **uid**. It then calls **lookupLocalId** in the LocalIdBO class to obtain a list of all local ID records that are associated with the UID of the given local ID and system pair, that were assigned by the target system, and that are of the specified status. It scrolls through the records using **hasMoreElements** and **nextElement**.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");

LocalIdBO localIdBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getLocalIdBoInstance();
Uid uid = new Uid("1000000108");

EnumLocalIdStatus status = EnumLocalIdStatus.getEnumeration(status);
Enumeration lid = localIdBO.lookupLocalId(sourceSystem, lid, targetSystem, status);
while (lid.hasMoreElements())
    LocalId id = (LocalId)lid.nextElement();
...
```

LocalIdGenerator Class

Description

The **LocalIdGenerator** class provides a method of generating the next local ID for the specified system.

Properties

The **LocalIdGenerator** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object ____com.stc.eIndex.active.person.LocalIdGenerator
```

Constructor

None.

Methods

The methods included in the **LocalIdGenerator** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- getInstance on page 4-393
- getNextLocalId on page 4-393

Inherited Methods

The **LocalIdGenerator** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

getInstance

Description

The **getInstance** method retrieves the single instance of the LocalIdGenerator class for the given EiServer object.

Syntax

public static LocalIdGenerator getInstance(EiServer eiServer)

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
eiServer	The EiServer object for which the LocalIdGenerator	
	instance is retrieved.	

Return Value

The **getInstance** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Instance of LocalIdGenerator	An instance of the LocalIdGenerator class was retrieved successfully for the specified EiServer object.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

For more information about the EiServer Class, see page 4-319.

Example

To see a sample of how **getInstance** in the LocalIdGenerator class can be used, see the example for **getNextLocalId** on page 4-394.

getNextLocalId

Description

The **getNextLocalId** method retrieves the next available local identifier for the given system.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getNextLocalId(java.lang.String
systemCode)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
systemCode	The processing code for the system for which the local ID is generated.

Return Value

The **getNextLocalId** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a local identifier	The next local identifier available for the specified system was retrieved successfully.

Throws

The **getNextLocalId** method throws the following exceptions. When the local ID number reaches the number specified in the max_no column in <code>ui_local_id_generator</code>, the error message **Next local ID exceeds its defined upper bound.** is returned and an exception is thrown.

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQLException

Example

The following example retrieves an instance of EiServer and an instance of LocalIdGenerator for EiServer. It then calls **getNextLocalId** and passes the specified system code as the parameter. If the specified system code is valid, **getNextLocalId** returns the next local ID. If the specified system is invalid, **getNextLocalId** returns null. If no system is passed in, the output for this example is **Require Parameter Missing**.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
LocalIdGenerator lidGen = LocalIdGenerator.getInstance(eiServer);
String LID = lidGen.getNextLocalId(system_code);
System.out.println(" Next Local ID (" + system_code + "): " + LID);
```

Person Class

Description

The **Person** class represents a person record and its associated data, such as demographic, alias, local ID, address, telephone, and miscellaneous information. A person record can have several associated local ID, alias, telephone, address, and non-unique ID records.

Properties

The **Person** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Demographics

```
java.lang.Object

_com.stc.eIndex.active.core.dataObject
_com.stc.eIndex.active.person.DemographicsRO
_com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Demographics
_com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Person
```

Constructor

The **Person** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

Person on page 4-397

Methods

The methods included in the **Person** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- clearAll on page 4-398
- getAddressEnumeration on page 4-399
- getAliasEnumeration on page 4-400
- getAuxIdEnumeration on page 4-401
- getDemographics on page 4-402
- getLocalIdEnumeration on page 4-402
- getPhoneEnumeration on page 4-404
- getUid on page 4-405
- setDemographics on page 4-405

Inherited Methods

The **Person** class inherits all the methods from the classes **Demographics** (except for **clearAll**) and **DemographicsRO Class** (for more information, see the class descriptions on page 4-89 and 4-242).

The **Person** class inherits these methods from **com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject**:

toString

The **Person** class also inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

Person

Description

The **Person** constructor method creates a new Person object. You can then populate the Person object through different methods, including calls to the Demographics 'set' methods, person.setDemographics, personBO.addAlias, personBO.addLocalId, and so on.

Syntax

```
public Person()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **Person** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Person object	The new Person object was created successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

The following example gets a new instance of EiServer and PersonBO, and then creates a new Person object. The example uses the 'set' methods (inherited from the Demographics class) to set the values in the new Person object.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();

Person person = new Person();
   person.setFirstName(first_name);
   person.setLastname(last_name);
   ... /* Populating the Person object using setter methods */
```

clearAll

Description

The **clearAll** method clears all demographic fields as well as any dependent objects for a Person object, allowing you to re-use the object.

Syntax

```
public void clearAll()
```

Parameters

Parameter

Description

None

Return Value

None.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

Overrides:

clearAll in the Demographics class (described on page 4-148)

Example

The following example gets a new instance of EiServer and PersonBO, and then creates a new Person object **person**. The example uses the '**set**' methods (inherited from the Demographics class) to set the values in the new Person object. After processing the Person object, the example calls **clearAll** to clear the properties of the object.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();

Person person = new Person();
   person.setFirstName(first_name);
   person.setLastname(last_name);
   ... /* Populating the Person object using setter methods */
...
person.clearAll();
...
```

getAddressEnumeration

Description

The **getAddressEnumeration** method retrieves an enumeration of the addresses associated with the specified Person object.

Syntax

```
public java.util.Enumeration getAddressEnumeration()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getAddressEnumeration** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Enumeration of Address objects	The address information was retrieved successfully.

Note: The **getAddressEnumeration** method never returns null. If there are no addresses found, **getAddressEnumeration** returns an empty enumeration.

Throws

None.

Example

The example below creates a new Person object, and then looks up the UID for the given system, local ID, and status (as specified by <code>system_code</code>, <code>local_id</code>, and <code>status</code>). It then calls <code>loadPerson</code> to retrieve all of the information associated with that UID, and calls <code>getAddressEnumeration</code> to obtain a list of all addresses associated with the person record. It scrolls through the records using <code>hasMoreElements</code> and <code>nextElement</code>.

```
Person person = new Person();

EnumLocalIdStatus enum = EnumLocalIdStatus.getEnumeration(status);
Uid uid = personBO.lookupUid(system_code,local_id,enum);
personBO.loadPerson(uid, person);
Enumeration a = person.getAddressEnumeration();
while (a.hasMoreElements()) {
   Address ad = (Address)a.nextElement();
   ...
```

getAliasEnumeration

Description

The **getAliasEnumeration** method retrieves an enumeration of the aliases associated with the specified Person object.

Syntax

```
public java.util.Enumeration getAliasEnumeration()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
-----------	-------------

None

Return Value

The **getAliasEnumeration** method returns the following value:

This value is returned ... if this occurs ... Enumeration of Alias objects The alias information was retrieved successfully.

Note: The **getAliasEnumeration** method never returns null. If there are no aliases for a person object, **getAliasEnumeration** returns an empty enumeration.

Throws

None.

Example

The example below creates a new Person object, and then looks up the UID for the given system, local ID, and status (as specified by <code>system_code</code>, <code>local_id</code>, and <code>status</code>). It then calls <code>loadPerson</code> to retrieve all of the information associated with that UID, and calls <code>getAliasEnumeration</code> to obtain a list of all alias names associated with the person record. It scrolls through the records using <code>hasMoreElements</code> and <code>nextElement</code>.

```
Person person = new Person();

EnumLocalIdStatus enum = EnumLocalIdStatus.getEnumeration(status);
Uid uid = personBO.lookupUid(system_code,local_id,enum);
personBO.loadPerson(uid, person);
Enumeration a = person.getAliasEnumeration();
while (a.hasMoreElements()) {
    Alias an = (Alias)a.nextElement();
    ...
```

getAuxIdEnumeration

Description

The **getAuxIdEnumeration** method retrieves an enumeration of the non-unique IDs (also known as *auxiliary IDs*) associated with a Person object.

Syntax

```
public java.util.Enumeration getAuxIdEnumeration()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getAuxIdEnumeration** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Enumeration of AuxId objects	The non-unique ID information was retrieved successfully.

Note: The **getAuxIdEnumeration** method never returns null. If no non-unique IDs are found, **getAuxIdEnumeration** returns an empty enumeration.

Throws

None.

Example

The example below creates a new Person object, and then looks up the UID for the given system, local ID, and status (as specified by <code>system_code</code>, <code>local_id</code>, and <code>status</code>). It then calls <code>loadPerson</code> to retrieve all of the information associated with that UID, and calls <code>getAuxIdEnumeration</code> to obtain a list of all non-unique IDs associated with the person record. It scrolls through the records using <code>hasMoreElements</code> and <code>nextElement</code>.

```
Person person = new Person();

EnumLocalIdStatus enum = EnumLocalIdStatus.getEnumeration(status);
Uid uid = personBO.lookupUid(system_code,local_id,enum);
personBO.loadPerson(uid, person);
Enumeration x = person.getAuxIdEnumeration();
while (x.hasMoreElements()) {
    AuxId aux = (AuxId)x.nextElement();
    ...
```

getDemographics

Description

The **getDemographics** method retrieves a DemographicsRO object for a Person object without having to instantiate a new Person object. Used with the **setDemographics** method, the **getDemographics** method can be used to modify the demographic properties of the person record. The DemographicsRO object returned by **getDemographics** can be modified.

Syntax

public Demographics getDemographics()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getDemographics** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Demographics object	The object containing demographic information for a person record was retrieved successfully.

Throws

The **getDemographics** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the **Demographics Class**, see page 4-144.

Example

To see an example of how **getDemographics** can be used, see the sample code for **setDemographics** beginning on page 4-406.

getLocalIdEnumeration

Description

The **getLocalIdEnumeration** method retrieves an enumeration of the local ID and system pairs associated with the specified Person object.

Syntax

```
public java.util.Enumeration getLocalIdEnumeration()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getLocalIdEnumeration** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Enumeration of Localld objects	The local ID and system pairs were retrieved successfully.
Note: The getLocalIdEnumeration method never returns null.	

Throws

None.

Example

The example below creates a new Person object, and then looks up the UID for the given system, local ID, and status (as specified by <code>system_code</code>, <code>local_id</code>, and <code>status</code>). It then calls <code>loadPerson</code> to retrieve all of the information associated with that UID, and calls <code>getLocalIdEnumeration</code> to obtain a list of all local ID and system pairs associated with the person record. It scrolls through the records using <code>hasMoreElements</code> and <code>nextElement</code>.

```
Person person = new Person();

EnumLocalIdStatus enum = EnumLocalIdStatus.getEnumeration(status);
Uid uid = personBO.lookupUid(system_code,local_id,enum);

personBO.loadPerson(uid, person);
Enumeration l = person.getLocalIdEnumeration();
while (l.hasMoreElements()) {
    LocalId lid = (LocalId)lid.nextElement();
    ...
```

getPhoneEnumeration

Description

The **getPhoneEnumeration** method retrieves an enumeration of the telephone numbers associated with the specified Person object.

Syntax

```
public java.util.Enumeration getPhoneEnumeration()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getPhoneEnumeration** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Enumeration of Phone objects	The telephone information was retrieved successfully.

Note: The **getPhoneEnumeration** method never returns null. If there are no telephone numbers found, **getPhoneEnumeration** returns an empty enumeration.

Throws

None.

Example

The example below creates a new Person object, and then looks up the UID for the given system, local ID, and status (as specified by <code>system_code</code>, <code>local_id</code>, and <code>status</code>). It then calls <code>loadPerson</code> to retrieve all of the information associated with that UID, and calls <code>getPhoneEnumeration</code> to obtain a list of all telephone numbers associated with the person record. It scrolls through the records using <code>hasMoreElements</code> and <code>nextElement</code>.

```
Person person = new Person();

EnumLocalIdStatus enum = EnumLocalIdStatus.getEnumeration(status);
Uid uid = personBO.lookupUid(system_code,local_id,enum);
personBO.loadPerson(uid, person);
Enumeration p = person.getPhoneEnumeration();
while (p.hasMoreElements()) {
    Phone ph = (Phone)p.nextElement();
    ...
```

getUid

Description

The **getUid** retrieves the UID for the specified Person object.

Syntax

public Uid getUid()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getUid** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
UID object	The UID for the specified Person object was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

setDemographics

Description

The **setDemographics** method sets the demographics contained in a Person object. You can used this method to set the fields retrieved by **getDemographics** for the Person object. This method performs a field-by-field copy of all demographic fields.

Syntax

public void setDemographics(Demographics demographics)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
demographics	A Demographics object containing the information to copy into the Person object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setDemographics** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the **Demographics Class**, see page 4-144.Example

The following example obtains instances of EiServer and PersonBO, and then looks up a person object by local ID, system, and status. It calls **loadPerson** to load the person information, and calls **getDemographics** to retrieve the demographics associated with the Person object. It then calls the 'set' methods in the Demographics class to update property information, and calls **setDemographics** to update the new information in the Person object. **updatePerson** is called to update the information in the e*Index database.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();

EnumLocalIdStatus enum = EnumLocalIdStatus.getEnumeration(status);
Uid uid = personBO.lookupUid(system_code,local_id,enum);
personBO.loadPerson(uid, person);

Demographics demol = person.getDemographics();
    demol.setLastName(last_name);
    demol.setFirstName(first_name);
    demol.setMiddleName(middle_name);
    demol.setGender(gender_code);
    ... /* Setting remaining demographic properties */

person.setDemographics(demol);
Transaction trans = new Transaction(userId, system, source, department, terminalId);
boolean updatePerformed = personBO.updatePerson(person, trans);
...
```

PersonBO Class

Description

The **PersonBO** class is the business object class for the **Person** class. This class contains the methods that you use to search for and process data in the e*Index database.

Properties

The **PersonBO** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object
__com.stc.eIndex.active.person.PersonBO
```

Constructor

None.

Methods

The methods included in the **PersonBO** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- addAddress on page 4-409
- addAlias on page 4-410
- addAudit on page 4-411
- addAuxId on page 4-413
- addLocalId on page 4-414
- addPerson on page 4-415
- addPhone on page 4-416
- addPredefinedComment on page 4-418
- addUserDefinedComment on page 4-419
- getActiveUid on page 4-420
- getDemographics on page 4-421
- hasAlias on page 4-423
- hasAddress on page 4-422
- hasAuxId on page 4-423
- hasLocalId on page 4-424
- hasPhone on page 4-425
- isActivePerson on page 4-426

- isDeactivatedPerson on page 4-428
- **loadPerson** on page 4-430
- lookupUid on page 4-431
- processPerson on page 4-433
- searchAlpha on page 4-435
- searchGeneral on page 4-437
- searchPhonetic on page 4-438
- uidLookupByAuxId on page 4-439
- updatePerson on page 4-441

Inherited Methods

The **PersonBO** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- Notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

addAddress

Description

The **addAddress** method adds a new address to a Person object. Before adding an address to an existing record, you should call **hasAddress** to verify that the person record does not already have an address of the same type.

Syntax

public void addAddress(Person person, Address address)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
person	The Person object to which the address information will be added.
address	The Address object containing the information to add to the Person object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **addAddress** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the **Person Class**, see page 4-395. For more information about the **Address Class**, see page 4-33.

Example

The following example loads a Person object from the database and then creates a new Address object (add) of the type specified by the variable address_type. It then sets the address information using the 'set' methods in the Address class. The example checks if the Person object is already associated with an address type equal to the address type of add. If there is no address of the same type, the new Address object is added to the Person object. If there is an address of the same type, the example retrieves an enumeration of address records associated with the Person object and checks each address in the enumeration to find the address record whose type matches that of the new Address object add. When that address record is found, equals is called to see if the two Address objects are identical. If they are not identical, the existing record is updated with the information from add. If they are identical, no processing is performed.

```
Person person = new Person();
personBO.loadPerson(new Uid(uid_number), person);
Address add = new Address(address_type);
  add.setAddress1(street_address1);
  add.setAddress2(street_address2);
  add.setAddress3(street_address3);
  add.setAddress4(street_address4);
  add.setCity(city);
  add.setStateOrProvince(state);
  add.setCounty(county);
  add.setPostalCode(zip_code);
  add.setPostalCodeExt(zip_code_extension);
  add.setCountry(country);
if (personBO.hasAddress(person,add)) {
  Enumeration enum = person.getAddressEnumeration();
  if (enum.hasMoreElements()) {
    while (enum.hasMoreElements()) {
      Address exist_add = (Address)enum.nextElement();
      if (exist_add.getAddressType().equals(add.getAddressType())) {
         boolean a_equals = (exist_add.equals(add));
         if (!a_equals) {
            exist_add.setAddress1(add.getAddress1());
            exist_add.setAddress2(add.getAddress2());
            exist_add.setAddress3(add.getAddress3());
            exist_add.setAddress4(add.getAddress4());
            exist_add.setCity(add.getCity());
            exist_add.setStateOrProvince(add.getStateOrProvince());
            exist_add.setCounty(add.getCounty());
            exist_add.setPostalCode(add.getPostalCode());
            exist_add.setPostalCodeExt(add.getPostalCodeExt());
            exist_add.setCountry(add.getCountry());
      }
    }
} else {
  personBO.addAddress(person,add);
}
```

addAlias

Description

The **addAlias** method adds an alias name to a person record. Before adding an alias to an existing record, you should call **hasAlias** to verify that the alias name is not already associated with that record.

Syntax

public void addAlias(Person person, Alias alias)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
person	The Person object to which the alias information will be added.
alias	The Alias object containing the information to add to the Person object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **addAlias** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the **Person Class**, see page 4-395. For more information about the **Alias Class**, see page 4-58.

Example

The following example creates a new Alias object with the specified last, first, and middle names (specified by the variables <code>last_name</code>, <code>first_name</code>, and <code>middle_name</code>). It then calls <code>hasAlias</code> to see if the specified Person object is already associated with the new alias information. If the Person object is not associated with the alias, <code>addAlias</code> is called to add the new alias information to the Person object.

```
...
Alias a = new Alias(last_name, first_name, middle_name);
if (!personBO.hasAlias(person, a)) {
    personBO.addAlias(person, a);
...
```

addAudit

Description

The addAudit method adds an audit log entry to a person record.

Syntax

public void addAudit(Person person, Audit audit)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
person	The Person object to which the audit information will be added.
audit	The Audit object containing the information to add to the Person object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **addAudit** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the **Person Class**, see page 4-395. For more information about the **Audit Class**, see page 4-70.

Example

The following example creates and populates a new Person object. Before calling **addPerson**, a new Audit object is created and populated with information from the user application, and then **addAudit** is called to add the Audit record to the Person object.

```
Person person = new Person();
/* Populating the person object using setter methods */

Audit audit = new Audit();
    audit.setUserId(application_user_id);
    audit.setFunct(function);
    audit.setDetail(function_detail);
    audit.setTimestamp(eiServer.getDbTimestamp());
personBO.addAudit(person, audit);
...
```

addAuxId

Description

The **addAuxId** method adds a non-unique (auxiliary) ID to a person record. Before adding a non-unique ID to an existing record, call **hasAuxId** to verify that the ID is not already associated with that record.

Syntax

```
public void addAuxId(Person person, AuxId auxId)
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
person	The Person object to which the non-unique ID will be added.
auxId	The AuxId object containing the information to add to the Person object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **addAuxId** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the **Person Class**, see page 4-395. For more information about the **AuxId Class**, see page 4-81.

Example

The following example creates and populates a new Person object. It then creates a new AuxId object with the specified non-unique ID type and number. The example calls **hasAuxId** to check if the Person object already contains a matching AuxId object. If a matching AuxId object is not found, **addAuxId** is called to add the new AuxId object to the Person object.

```
Person person = new Person();

/* Populating the person object using setter methods */

AuxId a = new AuxId(id_type, id_number);

if (!personBO.hasAuxId(person,a)) {
    personBO.addAuxId(person, a);

...
```

addLocalId

Description

The **addLocalId** method adds a local ID and system record to a person record. Before adding a local ID to an existing record, you should call **hasLocalId** to verify that the local ID is not already associated with that record.

Syntax

public void addLocalId(Person person, LocalId localId)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
person	The Person object to which the local ID information will be added.
localId	The Local ID object containing the information to add to the Person object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **addLocalId** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the **Person Class**, see page 4-395. For more information about the **LocalId Class**, see page 4-376.

Example

The following example creates a new LocalId object with system code and local ID specified by the variables *system* and *local_id*. It then calls **hasLocalId** to see if the specified Person object is already associated with the local ID and system pair. If the Person object is not associated with the new local ID and system, **addLocalId** is called to add the new local ID and system pair to the Person object.

```
LocalId lid = new LocalId(system,local_id);
if (!personBO.hasLocalId(person,lid))
    personBO.addLocalId(person, lid);
...
```

addPerson

Description

The **addPerson** method adds a new person record to the e*Index database. You can specify whether the method should perform a potential duplicate check when adding the record.

Syntax

public Uid addPerson(Person person, Transaction trans, boolean checkForDuplicates)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
person	The Person object to add as a new record to the database.
trans	The transaction object for the current transaction.
checkForDuplicates	A Boolean flag that specifies whether the application should check for potential duplicate records when adding the new person record. When the flag is set to #t, potential duplicates are checked. When the flag is set to #f, potential duplicates are not checked.

Return Value

The **addPerson** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
UID object	The person record was successfully added to the e*Index database.

Throws

The **addPerson** method throws the following exceptions:

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

For more information about the **Person Class**, see page 4-395. For more information about the **Transaction Class**, see page 4-482.

Example

The following example gets instances of EiServer and PersonBO, and then creates a new Person object named **person**. The example calls the '**set**' methods (inherited from Demographics) to populate the demographic fields in **person**, and then creates a new LocalId object **lid** to populate local ID

information in **person**. The example then creates a new Transaction object **trans**, and calls **addPerson** to insert a new record into the database.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();

Person person = new Person();
    person.setLastName(last_name);
    person.setFirstName(first_name);
    person.setMiddleName(middle_name);
    ... /* Setting person properties */

LocalId lid = new LocalId(system, id);
    personBO.addLocalId(person, lid);

Transaction trans = new Transaction(userId, system, function, source, department, terminalId);
    boolean dupchkFlag = false;

Uid uid = personBO.addPerson(person, trans, dupchkFlag);
...
```

addPhone

Description

The **addPhone** method adds a telephone number to a person record. Before adding a telephone number to an existing record, you should call **hasPhone** to verify that the number is not already associated with that record.

Syntax

public void addPhone(Person person, Phone phone)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
person	The Person object to which the non-unique ID will be added.
phone	The Phone object containing the information to add to the Person object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **addPhone** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the **Person Class**, see page 4-395. For more information about the **Phone Class**, see page 4-452.

Example

The following example loads a Person object from the database and then creates a new Phone object (**ph**) of the type specified by the variable *phone_type*. It then sets the phone information using the '**set**' methods in the Phone class. The example checks if the Person object is already associated with a phone type equal to the phone type of **add**. If there is no matching phone type, the new Phone object is added to the Person object. If there is a matching phone type, the example retrieves an enumeration of phone records associated with the Person object and checks each record in the enumeration to find one whose type matches that of the new Phone object. When that record is found, **equals** is called to see if the two Phone objects are identical. If they are not identical, the existing record is updated with the information from **ph**. If they are identical, no processing is performed.

```
Person person = new Person();
personBO.loadPerson(new Uid(uid_number), person);
Phone ph = new Phone(phone_type);
  ph.setPhoneNumber(phone_number);
  ph.setPhoneExtension(phone_extension);
if (personBO.hasPhone(person,ph)) {
  Enumeration enum = person.getPhoneEnumeration();
  if (enum.hasMoreElements()) {
     while (enum.hasMoreElements()) {
        Phone exist_ph = (Phone)enum.nextElement();
        if (exist_ph.getPhoneType().equals(ph.getPhoneType())) {
           boolean equals = (exist_ph.equals(ph));
           if (!equals) {
              exist_ph.setPhoneNumber(ph.getPhoneNumber());
              exist_ph.setPhoneExtension(ph.getPhoneExtension()); }
 }
} else {
    personBO.addPhone(person,ph); }
```

addPredefinedComment

Description

The **addPredefinedComment** method adds predefined comment to a person record.

Syntax

```
public void addPredefinedComment(Person person,
java.lang.String predefinedMsgCode)
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
person	The Person object to which the predefined comment will be added.
predefinedMsgCode	The code that indicates the predefined message to add to the Person object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **addPredefinedComment** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the Person Class, see page 4-395.

Example

The following example creates and populates a new Person object, and then defines the variable *msgCode* as the predefined message code **REV**. It then calls **addPredefinedComment** to add the predefined message to the Person object.

```
Person person = new Person();
.../* Populating person record */

String msgCode = "REV";
personBO.addPredefinedComment(person, predefinedMsgCode);
...
```

addUserDefinedComment

Description

The **addUserDefinedComment** method adds free-text comment to a person record.

Syntax

```
public void addPredefinedComment(Person person,
java.lang.String comment)
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
person	The Person object to which the user-defined comment will be added.
comment	The text of the comment to add to the Person object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The addUserDefinedComment method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the Person Class, see page 4-395.

Example

The following example creates and populates a new Person object, and then defines the variable *comment* as user-entered text. It then calls **addUserDefinedComment** to add the message to the Person object.

```
Person person = new Person();
.../* Populating person record */

String comment = "Record is flagged for deactivation.";
personBO.addUserDefinedComment(person, comment);
...
```

getActiveUid

Description

The **getActiveUid** method follows a merge path for a specific record, and retrieves the active person record for the given UID. If the person record associated with the given UID has a merged status, this method allows you to retrieve the active record.

Syntax

public Uid getActiveUid(Uid uid)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
uid	The UID of the specified record.

Return Value

The **getActiveUid** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
UID object	The active record for the given UID was retrieved successfully. If the given UID was active, then the given UID is returned.
Null	The UID passed to getActiveUid was active, deactivated, or non-existant.

Throws

The **getActiveUid** method throws the following exceptions:

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

For more information about the **Uid Class**, see page 4-493.

Example

The following example retrieves the active UID associated with the specified UID. First it retrieves an instance of the EiServer and PersonBO classes, and then creates a new Uid object. The sample then calls **getActiveUid** to lookup the active UID associated with the UID that was entered as a parameter. Once you retrieve the active UID, you can use it to perform actions against the active record, such as updating demographic information. In this example, **getDemographics** is called after **getActiveUid** to retrieve the demographic information for the active UID.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
Uid uid = new Uid("1000005917");
DemographicsRO person;

Uid uid = personBO.getActiveUid(uid);
person = personBO.getDemographics(uid);
```

getDemographics

Description

The **getDemographics** method retrieves the demographic information for the person record associated with the given UID, returning a DemographicsRO object. The method performs this function without needing to instantiate a new Person object.

Syntax

public DemographicsRO getDemographics(Uid uid)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
uid	The UID of the specified record.

Return Value

The **getDemographics** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
DemographicsRO	The demographic information for the person record
object	was retrieved successfully.

Throws

The **getDemographics** method throws the following exceptions:

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

For more information about the **Uid Class**, see page 4-493.

Example

To see an example of how **getDemographics** in the **PersonBO** class can be used, see the example provided for **getActiveUid** on page 4-420.

hasAddress

Description

The **hasAddress** method determines if the given address already exists for the specified Person object.

Syntax

public boolean hasAddress(Person person, Address address)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
person	The Person object whose addresses you want to check.
address	The Address object being compared against the addresses that already exist for the specified Person object.

Return Value

The **hasAddress** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The address already exists in the Person object.
False	The address does not exist in the Person object.

Throws

The **hasAddress** method throws the following exceptions:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the **Person Class**, see page 4-395. For more information about the **Address Class**, see page 4-33.

Example

To see an example of how **hasAddress** in the **PersonBO** class can be used, see the example provided for **addAddress** on page 4-409.

hasAlias

Description

The **hasAlias** method determines if the given alias name already exists for the specified Person object.

Syntax

public boolean hasAlias(Person person, Alias alias)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
person	The Person object whose aliases you want to check.
alias	The alias name being compared against the alias names that already exist for the specified Person object.

Return Value

The **hasAlias** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The alias name already exists in the Person object.
False	The alias name does not exist in the Person object.

Throws

The **hasAlias** method throws the following exceptions:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the **Person Class**, see page 4-395. For more information about the **Alias Class**, see page 4-58.

Example

To see an example of how **hasAlias** in the **PersonBO** class can be used, see the example provided for **addAlias** on page 4-411.

hasAuxId

Description

The **hasAuxId** method determines if the given non-unique ID already exists for the specified Person object.

Syntax

public boolean hasAuxId(Person person, AuxId auxId)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
person	The Person object whose aliases you want to check.
auxld	The non-unique ID being compared against the non- unique IDs that already exist for the specified Person object.

Return Value

The **hasAuxId** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The non-unique ID already exists in the Person object.
False	The non-unique ID does not exist in the Person object.

Throws

The **hasAuxId** method throws the following exceptions:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the **Person Class**, see page 4-395. For more information about the **AuxId Class**, see page 4-81.

Example

To see an example of how **hasAuxId** in the **PersonBO** class can be used, see the example provided for **addAuxId** on page 4-413.

hasLocalId

Description

The **hasLocalId** method determines if the given local ID and system pair already exists for the specified Person object.

Syntax

public boolean hasLocalId(Person person, LocalId localId)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
person	The Person object whose local ID information you want to check.
localId	The local ID record being compared against the local ID records associated with the specified Person object.

Return Value

The hasLocalId method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The given local ID and system pair already exists in the specified Person object.
False	The given local ID and system pair does not exist in the specified Person object.

Throws

The **hasLocalId** method throws the following exceptions:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the **Person Class**, see page 4-395. For more information about the **LocalId Class**, see page 4-376.

Example

To see an example of how **hasLocalId** in the **PersonBO** class can be used, see the example provided for **addLocalId** on page 4-414.

hasPhone

Description

The **hasPhone** method determines if the given telephone number already exists for the specified Person object.

Syntax

public boolean hasPhone(Person person, Phone phone)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
person	The Person object whose telephone numbers you want to check.

Parameter	Description
phone	The Phone object being compared against the telephone numbers that already exist for the specified Person object.

Return Value

The hasPhone method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The telephone number already exists in the Person object.
False	The telephone number does not exist in the Person object.

Throws

The hasPhone method throws the following exceptions:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the **Person Class**, see page 4-395. For more information about the **Phone Class**, see page 4-452.

Example

To see an example of how **hasPhone** in the **PersonBO** class can be used, see the example provided for **addPhone** on page 4-417.

isActivePerson

Description

The **isActivePerson** method checks to see if the specified person record is active.

Syntax

public boolean isActivePerson(Person person)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
person	The Person object whose status you want to check.

The **isActivePerson** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The specified person record has a status of A (active).
False	The specified person record was found and it has a status of M (merged) or D (deactivated).

Throws

The **isActivePerson** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the **Person Class**, see page 4-395.

Example

In the following example, **psr** represents a PersonSearchResult object returned from a demographic search, and **dr** represents the DemographicsResultRO objects included in **psr**. After the search is performed, the example scrolls through and loads each returned record, and calls **isActivePerson**, **isMergedPerson**, and **isDeactivatedPerson** to determine the status of each record. For active records, the UID and demographic information is displayed. For merged and deactivated records, the UID is displayed along with a message stating the record's status.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
ControlKey contrlKey = ControlKey.getInstance(eiServer);
.../* defining search parameters in object searchParams */
PersonSearchResult psr = null;
 DemographicsResultRO dr = null;
psr = personBO.searchAlpha(sp);
System.out.println("Matching Records: " + psr.size());
if (psr==null) {
   System.out.println("No matching records.");
} else {
  while(psr.next()) {
    dr = psr.getResultRow();
    Uid uid = dr.getUid();
    Person person = new Person();
    personBO.loadPerson(uid, person);
    boolean active = personBO.isActivePerson(person);
    boolean merge = personBO.isMergedPerson(person);
    boolean deact = personBO.isDeactivatedPerson(person);
    if (active){
      System.out.println("UID: " + uid + " Demographics: " + dr);
    } else if (merge){
      System.out.println("Record with Uid: " +uid + " is Merged.");
    } else if (deact){
      System.out.println("Record with Uid: " +uid + " is Deactivated.");
    }
  }
```

isDeactivatedPerson

Description

The **isDeactivatedPerson** method checks to see if the specified person record has been deactivated in the e*Index database.

Syntax

public boolean isDeactivatedPerson(Person person)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
person	The Person object whose status you want to check.

The **isDeactivatedPerson** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The specified person record has a status of D (deactivated).
False	The specified person record was found and it has a status of M (merged) or A (active).

Throws

The **isDeactivatedPerson** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the Person Class, see page 4-395.

Example

For an example of how **isDeactivatedPerson** can be used, see the example for **isActivePerson** on page 4-427.

isMergedPerson

Description

The **isMergedPerson** method checks to see if the specified person record has been merged into another record.

Syntax

public boolean isMergedPerson(Person person)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
person	The Person object whose status you want to check.

The **isMergedPerson** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The specified person record has a status of M (merged).
False	The specified person record was found and it has a status of A (active) or D (deactivated).

Throws

The **isMergedPerson** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the Person Class, see page 4-395.

Example

For an example of how **isMergedPerson** can be used, see the example for **isActivePerson** on page 4-427.

loadPerson

Description

The **loadPerson** method populates a Person object with the information associated with a person record in the database. Once you load a Person object, you can display and perform updates to the person information.

Syntax

public void loadPerson(Uid uid, Person person)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
uid	The UID object containing the UID of the person record to be loaded.
person	The Person object to load the person information into.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **loadPerson** method throws the following exception:

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

For more information about the **Uid Class**, see page 4-493. For more information about the **Person Class**, see page 4-395.

Example

The following example gets a new instance of EiServer and Person BO, and then creates a new Person object named **person**. The example calls **lookupUid** to find a UID based on a user-specified system, local ID, and status combination. It then calls **loadPerson** to populate **person** with demographic, alias, and local ID information.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
Person person = new Person();

EnumLocalIdStatus status = EnumLocalIdStatus.getEnumeration(status);
Uid uid = personBO.lookupUid(system_name,local_id,status);
personBO.loadPerson(uid, person);
```

lookupUid

Description

The **lookupUid** method searches for a record's UID based on the criteria specified. You can specify one of two different combinations of criteria:

- Social security number (SSN)
- Local ID, system, and status

Syntax

```
public java.util.Enumeration lookupUid(Ssn ssn)
or
public Uid lookupUid(java.lang.String systemCode,
java.lang.String localId, EnumLocalIdStatus status)
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
ssn	The SSN of the person whose UID you want to retrieve.
systemCode	The processing code of the system associated with the specified local ID. This parameter is case-sensitive.
localId	The local ID of the person whose UID you want to retrieve.
status	The status of the specified local ID record.

Return Value

The **lookupUid** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
UID object or Enumeration	A UID record associated with the specified SSN or local ID and system was found.
Null	No UID record was found matching the specified criteria.

Throws

The **lookupUid** method throws the following exceptions:

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

For more information about the Ssn Class, see page 4-478. For more information about the Uid Class, see page 4-493.

Example

The following example calls **LookupUid** to search for a UID based on the local ID, system, and local ID status specified. The example retrieves an instance of EiServer and PersonBO, and then defines status using a call to **getEnumeration** to obtain the enumeration value of the specified status. It calls **lookupUid** to find the person record, and displays the resulting UID.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
EnumLocalIdStatus status = EnumLocalIdStatus.getEnumeration(status);
Uid uid = personBO.lookupUid(system_name,local_id,status);
System.out.println("Uid found via Local Id search: " + uid);
...
```

The following is similar to the previous example except it searches for the UID record using the person's social security number.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
Enumeration e = personBO.lookupUid(new Ssn(social_security_number));
System.out.println("UIDs found via SSN search:");
while (e.hasMoreElements()) {
    System.out.println(e.nextElement());
...
```

processPerson

Description

The **processPerson** method adds a new person record to the e*Index database or updates an existing record. The logic used to perform the add or update transaction is based on standard e*Index processing, which is described in "About Inbound Event Processing Logic" in Chapter 2 of the *e*Index Global Identifier Technical Reference*.

Syntax

public Uid processPerson(Person person, Transaction trans)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
person	The Person object containing the new information to be added to or updated in the e*Index database.
trans	The Transaction object containing information for the current transaction.

The **processPerson** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
UID object	The person record was successfully added to the e*Index database and assigned a unique identifier.

Throws

The **processPerson** method throws the following exceptions:

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

For more information about the **Person Class**, see page 4-395. For more information about the **Transaction Class**, see page 4-482.

Example

The following example gets instances of EiServer and PersonBO, and then creates a new Person object named **person**. The example calls the 'set' methods (inherited from Demographics) to populate the demographic fields in **person**, and then creates a new LocalId object **lid** to populate local ID information in **person**. The example then creates a new Transaction object **trans**, and calls **processPerson** to either insert a new record into the database or update an existing record in the database (following standard e*Index processing logic).

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();

Person person = new Person();
    person.setLastName(last_name);
    person.setFirstName(first_name);
    person.setMiddleName(middle_name);
    ... /* Setting person properties */

LocalId lid = new LocalId(system,id);
    personBO.addLocalId(person, lid);

Transaction trans = new Transaction(userId, system, source, department, terminalId);

Uid uid = personBO.processPerson(person, trans);
...
```

searchAlpha

Description

The **searchAlpha** method performs an alphanumeric search against the e*Index database based on the specified search criteria. This method performs an exact search on last names when the length of the specified last name is equal to or less than the value of the LNEXTSRCH control key. Otherwise, it performs a partial search on last names. If the SEEMERGED and SEEDEACTIVATED control keys are set to **N**, this search only returns active records. For more information about the LNEXTSRCH control key, see chapter 5 of the *e*Index Administrator User's Guide*. For more information about standard alphanumeric searches, see chapter 3 of the *e*Index Global Identifier User's Guide*.

Syntax

public PersonSearchResult searchAlpha(SearchParameters searchParms)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
searchParms	The search parameters to use for the current alphanumeric search.

Return Value

The **searchAlpha** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
List of records	Records matching the specified criteria were found and retrieved successfully.
Null	No matching records were found.

Throws

The **searchAlpha** method throws the following exceptions:

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

For more information about the SearchParameters Class, see page 4-470.

Example

The following example performs an alphanumeric search based on the search criteria you specify. First the example gets an instance of EiServer and defines a SimpleDateFormat variable **sdf**. It then defines the variable **sp** as a

new SearchParameters object. The example checks the arguments entered and sets the values using the 'set' calls in SearchParameters (in this case, the symbol % indicates a null value). Once the object sp is populated, the example gets a new PersonBO instance, and initializes the variables psr and dr (of the type PersonSearchResult and DemographicsResultRO, respectively). searchAlpha is called using the parameters that were populated into the SearchParameters object sp. The search criteria are displayed using the 'get' calls in SearchParameters and then the results of the search are displayed, using the DemographicsResult object dr to get the UID of each record. To see other ways to implement a search, see PersonSearch.java in the sample code provided with the Java API. This file is located in /<hore home_dir>/sample/com/stc/eIndex/active/sample.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
SimpleDateFormat sdf = new SimpleDateFormat("yyyyMMdd");
SearchParameters sp = new SearchParameters();
      sp.setLastName(last_name);
      sp.setFirstName(first_name);
      sp.setMiddleName(middle_name);
      sp.setGender(gender);
      sp.setDob(new java.sql.Date(sdf.parse(date_of_birth).getTime()));
      sp.setSsn(new Ssn(social_security_number));
      sp.setMotherMaidenName(mother_maiden_name);
      sp.setMaidenName(maiden_name);
   PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
   PersonSearchResult psr = null;
   DemographicsResultRO dr = null;
   psr = personBO.searchAlpha(sp);
   System.out.println("SEARCH CRITERIA USED:");
   System.out.println(" Name: " + sp.getLastName() + ", "
       + sp.getFirstName() + " " + sp.getMiddleName() + " - Gender: "
       + sp.getGender() + " - DOB: " + sp.getDob() + " Mother's MN: "
       + sp.getMotherMaidenName() + " - Mother's Name: "
       + sp.getMaidenName());
      if (sp.getSsn() != null)
          System.out.println(" SSN: " + sp.getSsn().toString());
      else
          System.out.println(" SSN: null");
   System.out.println("MATCHING RECORDS: ");
    while(psr.hasNext())
    dr = psr.next();
     System.out.println("UID:" + dr.getUid() + " Demographics: " + dr);
```

searchGeneral

Description

The **searchGeneral** method performs a general, alphanumeric search against the e*Index database based on the specified search criteria. For a general search, you can use any combination of data as long as one data element is stored in an indexed database column. The search criteria for a general search can contain wildcards. To indicate a wildcard, enter a percent sign (%). If the SEEMERGED and SEEDEACTIVATED control keys are set to **N**, this search only returns active records. For more information about general searches, see chapter 3 of the *e*Index Global Identifier User's Guide*.

Syntax

public PersonSearchResult searchGeneral(SearchParameters searchParms)

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
searchParms	The search parameters to use for the current general search.	

Return Value

The **searchGeneral** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs	
List of records	Records matching the specified criteria were found and retrieved successfully.	
Null	No matching records were found.	

Throws

The **searchGeneral** method throws the following exceptions:

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

For more information about the **SearchParameters Class**, see page 4-470.

Example

The following example performs a general search based on the search criteria you specify. First the example gets an instance of EiServer and defines a SimpleDateFormat variable **sdf**. It then defines the variable **sp** as a new SearchParameters object. The example checks the arguments entered and sets the values using the '**set**' calls in SearchParameters (in this case, the

symbol % indicates a null value). Once the object **sp** is populated, the example gets a new PersonBO instance, and initializes the variables **psr** and **dr** (of the type PersonSearchResult and DemographicsResultRO, respectively). **searchGeneral** is called using the parameters that were populated into the SearchParameters object **sp**. The search criteria are displayed using the '**get**' calls in SearchParameters and then the results of the search are displayed, using the DemographicsResult object **dr** to get the UID of each record.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
SimpleDateFormat sdf = new SimpleDateFormat("yyyyMMdd");
SearchParameters sp = new SearchParameters();
   sp.setLastName("WARREN");
   sp.setFirstName("ELIZABETH");
   sp.setMaritalStatus("M");
   sp.setSpouseName("DAVID");
   ... /* Setting remaining SearchParameters properties.*/
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
PersonSearchResult psr = psr = personBO.searchGeneral(sp);
System.out.println("MATCHING RECORDS: ");
if (psr==null) {
    System.out.println("No Results");
    while (psr.next()) {
        System.out.println(psr.getResultRow());
    }
}
```

searchPhonetic

Description

The **searchPhonetic** method performs a phonetic search against the e*Index database based on the specified search criteria. Remember that the possible parameters you can use in a phonetic search are limited to specific combinations. If the SEEMERGED and SEEDEACTIVATED control keys are set to **N**, this search only returns active records. For more information about the possible combinations, see chapter 3 of the *e*Index Global Identifier User's Guide*.

Syntax

public PersonSearchResult searchPhonetic(SearchParameters searchParms)

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
searchParms	The search parameters to use for the current phonetic	
	search.	

Return Value

The **searchPhonetic** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs Records matching the specified criteria were found and retrieved successfully.	
List of records		
Null	No matching records were found.	

Throws

The **searchPhonetic** method throws the following exceptions:

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

For more information about the **SearchParameters Class**, see page 4-470.

Example

searchPhonetic is called in the same manner as **searchAlpha**. For more information, see the example for **searchAlpha** on page 4-435. An example is also provided in **PersonSearch.java** in the e*Index sample Java files. This file is located in /<home_dir>/sample/com/stc/eIndex/active/sample.

uidLookupByAuxId

Description

The **uidLookupByAuxId** method searches the database for UIDs associated with the non-unique ID and type specified. For more information about non-unique ID searches, see chapter 3 of the *e*Index Global Identifier User's Guide*.

Syntax

public java.util.Enumeration uidLookupByAuxId(java.lang.String auxIdType, java.lang.String auxId)

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
auxIdType	The processing code of the non-unique ID type associated with the specified ID.	
auxId	The non-unique identification code of the person(s) whose UIDs you want to retrieve.	

Return Value

The **uidLookupByAuxId** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs	
Enumeration	An enumeration of UIDs associated with the specified non-unique ID and type was found.	
Null	No UID record was found matching the specified criteria.	

Throws

The **uidLookupByAuxId** method throws the following exceptions:

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

For more information about the **Uid Class**, see page 4-493.

Example

The following example calls **uidLookupByAuxId** to search for UIDs based on the ID type and ID specified (*id_type* and *id_number*). The example retrieves an instance of EiServer and PersonBO, and calls **uidLookupByAuxId** to retrieve an enumeration of UIDs.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
Enumeration enum = personBO.uidLookupByAuxId(id_type, id_number);
while (enum.hasMoreElements()) {
    Uid uid = (Uid)enum.nextElement();
}...
```

updatePerson

Description

The **updatePerson** method updates an existing person record in the database. If the DUPCHK control key is enabled and a key search field is modified, **updatePerson** performs a duplicate check upon updating the person record.

Syntax

public boolean updatePerson(Person person, Transaction trans)

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
person	The Person object to be updated.	
trans	The Transaction object containing information about the current transaction.	

Return Value

The **updatePerson** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs	
True	An existing database record was updated.	
False	No updates were required to the existing record (the record remained unchanged).	

Throws

The **updatePerson** method throws the following exceptions:

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

For more information about the **Person Class**, see page 4-395. For more information about the **Transaction Class**, see page 4-482.

Example

The following example gets instances of EiServer and PersonBO, and then creates a new Person object named **person**. The example then loads the person record to be updated, and calls 'set' methods to populate the new values for the demographic fields. It creates a new LocalId object lid to add new local ID information to the record. The example then creates a new Transaction object trans, and calls **updatePerson** to update the loaded Person object in the database.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
Person person = new Person();
personBO.loadPerson(new Uid(UID_number), person);
   person.setLastName(last_name);
   person.setFirstName(first_name);
   person.setMiddleName(middle_name);
   ... /* Setting new person properties */
   LocalId lid = new LocalId(system, id);
   personBO.addLocalId(person, lid);
   Transaction trans = new Transaction(userId, system,
   source, department, terminalId);
   boolean update = personBO.updatePerson(person, trans);
   if (update)
       System.out.println("Record was updated.");
   else
       System.out.println("No updates required.");
```

PersonSearchResult Class

Description

The **PersonSearchResult** class represents a set of DemographicsResultRO objects returned as a result of a demographic search. This object maintains a cursor pointing to the current row of data. Initially, the cursor is positioned before the first row, and the **next** method moves the cursor to the next row. When there are no more rows in the object, **next** returns false so it can be used in a **while** loop to iterate through the result set. You can also reposition the pointer using the **previous**, **first**, **last**, and **setResultRow** methods.

Properties

The **PersonSearchResult** class has the following properties:

- Public final class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object
com.stc.eIndex.active.person.PersonSearchResult
```

Constructor

None.

Methods

The methods included in the **PersonSearchResult** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- first on page 4-445
- getResultRow on page 4-445
- last on page 4-446
- next on page 4-447
- previous on page 4-448
- setResultRow on page 4-449
- size on page 4-450

Inherited Methods

The **PersonSearchResult** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

first

Description

The **first** method sets the pointer to the first record in a PersonSearchResult object. When a PersonSearchResult object is populated, the pointer is initially set to the first record. Use the set method to return the cursor to the first record once the pointer has been moved from the initial position.

Syntax

public void first()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
-----------	-------------

None

Return Value

None.

Throws

None.

Example

The usage of the **first** method is similar to that of the **last** method. To see a sample of how **last** can be used in your Java programs, see the example for **last** on page 4-446.

getResultRow

Description

The **getResultRow** method retrieves the DemographicsResultRO object to which the cursor is currently pointing in the PersonSearchResult object.

Syntax

public DemographicsResultRO getResultRow()

Parameters

Parameter Description

None

The **getResultRow** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
DemographicsResult RO object	The current DemographicsResultRO object in the PersonSearchResult object was retrieved successfully.

Throws

The **getResultRow** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the **DemographicsRO Class**, see page 4-242.

Example

To see an example of how **getResultRow** can be used in your Java programs, see the example for **next** on page 4-448.

last

Description

The **last** method sets the pointer to the last record in a PersonSearchResult object.

Syntax

public void last()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

None.

Throws

None.

Example

The following example creates a new SearchParameters object **sp** and populates the object. It then initializes the variable **psr** (a PersonSearchResult

object), and calls **searchAlpha** to perform a search. The example calls **last** to set the pointer to the last row in **psr** and calls **previous** to scroll through the records in reverse order. It calls **getResultRow** to display each record.

```
SearchParameters sp = new SearchParameters();
... /* creating search parameters */

PersonSearchResult psr = null;
psr = personB0.searchAlpha(sp);

if (psr==null) {
    System.out.println("No matching records.");
} else {
    psr.last();
    while (psr.previous()) {
        System.out.println(psr.getResultRow());
...
```

next

Description

The **next** method moves the pointer to the next row in a PersonSearchResult object and indicates whether the row is valid or the end of the PersonSearchResult object has been reached.

Syntax

```
public boolean next()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **next** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
true	The pointer was moved to the next record, which was a valid record in the PersonSearchResult object.
false	There were no more rows in the PersonSearchResult object.

Throws

None.

Example

The following example creates a new SearchParameters object **sp** and populates the object. It then initializes the variable **psr** (a PersonSearchResult object), and calls **searchAlpha** to perform a search. The example displays the records returned from the search, using **next** to scroll through the records in the object and **getResultRow** to display each record.

```
SearchParameters sp = new SearchParameters();
... /* creating search parameters */
PersonSearchResult psr = null;
psr = personBO.searchAlpha(sp);
if (psr==null) {
    System.out.println("No matching records.");
} else {
    while(psr.next()) {
        System.out.println(psr.getResultRow());
...
```

previous

Description

The **previous** method moves the pointer to the previous row in a PersonSearchResult object and indicates whether the row is valid or the beginning of the PersonSearchResult object has been reached.

Syntax

```
public boolean previous()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **previous** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
true	The pointer was moved to the previous record, which was a valid record in the PersonSearchResult object.

This value is returned	if this occurs
false	There were no previous rows in the PersonSearchResult object.

Throws

None.

Example

To see a sample of how **previous** can be used in your Java programs, see the example for **last** on page 4-446.

setResultRow

Description

The **setResultRow** method sets the pointer to the specified row number in a PersonSearchResult object. Rows are numbered beginning with one (1).

Syntax

public boolean setResultRow(int row)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
row	An integer indicating the row number to which the pointer should be set.

Return Value

The **setResultRow** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
true	The pointer was moved to the specified row, which was a valid row in the PersonSearchResult object.
false	The row specified was invalid.

Throws

None.

Example

The following example creates a new SearchParameters object **sp** and populates the object. It then initializes the variable **psr** (a PersonSearchResult object), and calls **searchAlpha** to perform a search on the criteria. The example then calls **size** to determine how many records are in the result set, and **setResultRow** to select the specified row number. It then displays the selected record.

```
SearchParameters sp = new SearchParameters();
... /* creating search parameters */

PersonSearchResult psr = null;
psr = personBO.searchAlpha(sp);

if (psr==null) {
    System.out.println("No matching records.");
} else {
    int size = psr.size();
        System.out.println(size + " records returned.");
        psr.setResultRow(row_number);
        System.out.println(psr.getResultRow());
...
```

size

Description

The **size** method returns the number of rows contained in a PersonSearchResult object.

Syntax

```
public int size()
```

Parameters

Parameter	
------------------	--

Description

None

The **size** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Integer	The number of rows in the PersonSearchResult object was returned successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

To see a sample of how **size** can be used in your Java programs, see the example for **setResultRow** on the previous page.

Phone Class

Description

The **Phone** class represents telephone information associated with a person record. To display each field in a Phone object, call the '**get**' methods defined in this class. To populate fields in a Phone object, call the '**set**' methods.

Properties

The **Phone** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.person.PersonDependent

```
java.lang.Object

com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject

com.stc.eIndex.active.person.PersonDependent

com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Address
```

Constructor

The **Phone** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

Phone on page 4-454

Methods

The methods included in the **Phone** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- equals on page 4-455
- getPhoneExtension on page 4-456
- getPhoneNumber on page 4-457
- getPhoneType on page 4-458
- getUid on page 4-459
- setPhoneExtension on page 4-460
- setPhoneNumber on page 4-460
- toString on page 4-461

Inherited Methods

The **Phone** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

Phone

Description

The **Phone** method is the constructor method for the Phone class. Use this method to create objects containing a person's telephone information.

Syntax

public Phone(java.lang.String type)

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
type	The processing code for the type of telephone number you are adding to the person record, such as CH (home), CO (office), and so on.	

Return Value

The **Phone** constructor method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An object containing telephone	The Phone object was created successfully.
information	

Throws

The **Phone** constructor throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

The following example is excerpted from a sample used to create a new Person object and then add demographic, address, telephone, and local ID information to the new object. It retrieves new instances of EiServer and PersonBO, and creates an empty Person object. The example then creates a Demographics object to populate the demographic fields of the Person object, and an Address object to populate the address information. Finally, it creates an empty Phone object, and calls the 'set' methods to fill the Phone object with telephone information. addPhone is called to add the Phone object to the Person object.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
Person person = new Person();

Demographics demo = new Demographics();
    demo.setLastName(last_name);
    demo.../* Populating property values */
...

Address address = new Address("H");
    address.setAddress1(address_street1);
    address.../* Populating property values */
...

Phone ph = new Phone("CB");
    ph.setPhoneNumber(telephone_number);
    ph.setPhoneExtension(telephone_extension);
personBO.addPhone(person, phone);
...
```

equals

Description

The **equals** method compares two Phone objects to see if they are identical.

Syntax

```
public boolean equals(java.lang.Object obj)
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
obj	The Phone object to compare against the current Phone object.

Return Value

The **equals** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The two Phone objects are identical.
False	The two Phone objects are not identical.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

Overrides:

 equals in class java.lang.Object (see your Java documentation for more information)

Example

To see an example of how the **equals** methods can be used, see the example for the **addPhone** method on page 4-417.

getPhoneExtension

Description

The **getPhoneExtension** method retrieves the value of the **phoneExtension** field in a telephone record. You can use this method to display the extension to a telephone number in a Phone object.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getPhoneExtension()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getPhoneExtension** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
0	The phoneExtension field of the telephone record was retrieved successfully.
Null	The phoneExtension field was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

The following example creates a new Person object, and then looks up the UID for the given system, local ID, and status (as specified by the user-defined <code>system_code</code>, <code>local_id</code>, and <code>status</code> variables). It then calls <code>loadPerson</code> to retrieve the information associated with that UID, and calls <code>getPhoneEnumeration</code> to retrieve a list of all telephone numbers associated

with the person record. The example calls hasMoreElements and nextElement to scroll through the enumeration, and calls the 'get' methods in the Phone class to display the fields in each record. Note that the getPhoneType function retrieves the coded value of the phone type, so getDisplayValue in the CodeLookup class is called to translate the coded value to the display value.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
Person person = new Person();
EnumLocalIdStatus enum = EnumLocalIdStatus.getEnumeration(status);
Uid uid = personBO.lookupUid(system, local_id, enum);
personBO.loadPerson(uid, person);
Enumeration p = person.getPhoneEnumeration();
while (p.hasMoreElements()) {
   Phone ph = (Phone)p.nextElement();
   EnumCodeType codeType = EnumCodeType.PHONE_TYPE;
    String ptype = ph.getPhoneType();
    String display_value = codeLookup.getDisplayValue(codeType, ptype);
    System.out.println(" UID: " + ph.getUid());
    System.out.println(" Phone Type: " + display_value);
    System.out.println(" Phone Number: " + ph.getPhoneNumber());
    System.out.println(" Extension: " + ph.getPhoneExtension());
```

getPhoneNumber

Description

The **getPhoneNumber** method retrieves the value of the **phoneNumber** field in a telephone record. You can use this method to display the telephone number in a Phone object.

Syntax

```
public java.lang.String getPhoneNumber()
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
-----------	-------------	--

None

The **getPhoneNumber** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing the telephone number	The phoneNumber field of the telephone record was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods can be used to retrieve information from a Phone object, see the example for the getPhoneExtension method on page 4-456.

getPhoneType

Description

The **getPhoneType** method retrieves the value of the **phoneType** field in a telephone record. You can use this method to display the type of telephone number contained in a Phone object.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getPhoneType()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getPhoneType** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
0	The phoneType field of the telephone record was
phone type code	retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods can be used to retrieve information from a Phone object, see the example for the getPhoneExtension method on page 4-456.

getUid

Description

The **getUid** method retrieves the value of the **uid** field for a telephone record. You can use this method to display the UID associated with a Phone object.

Syntax

public Uid getUid()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getUid** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Uid	The uid associated with the telephone record was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

For more information about the **Uid Class**, see page 4-493.

Example

To see an example of how the 'get' methods can be used to retrieve information from a Phone object, see the example for the getPhoneExtension method on page 4-456.

setPhoneExtension

Description

The **setPhoneExtension** method is the setter for the **phoneExtension** field. Use this method to populate the extension of a person's telephone number in a Phone object.

Syntax

public void setPhoneExtension(java.lang.String phoneExtension)

Parameters

of the phoneExtension field for the new ject.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setPhoneExtension** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the 'set' methods can be used to populate a Phone object, see the example for the Phone method on page 4-454.

setPhoneNumber

Description

The **setPhoneNumber** method is the setter for the **phoneNumber** field. Use this method to populate a person's telephone number in a Phone object.

Syntax

public void setPhoneExtension(java.lang.String phoneNumber)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
phoneNumber	The value of the phoneNumber field for the new
	Phone object.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setPhoneNumber** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

To see an example of how the '**set**' methods can be used to populate a Phone object, see the example for the **Phone** method on page 4-454.

toString

Description

The **toString** method returns a string representation of the Phone object.

Syntax

public java.lang.String toString()

Parameters

Parameter	Description

None

Return Value

The **toString** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String representing a telephone record	The string representation was returned successfully.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

Overrides:

toString in class com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject

Example

The following example creates a new Person object, and then looks up the UID for the given system, local ID, and status (as specified by the user-defined <code>system_code</code>, <code>local_id</code>, and <code>status</code> variables). The example retrieves an enumeration of Phone objects associated with the loaded Person object, and scrolls through each telephone record using the <code>nextElement</code> and

hasMoreElements functions. It then calls the toString method to display a comma-delimited string representation of each telephone record. Each record is comma-delimited and surrounded by brackets as shown in the following example list.

```
[CB,9895551946,321]
[CH,9895551313,null]
[CC,3235557961,null]
```

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();
Person person = new Person();

Uid uid = personBO.lookupUid(system, local_id, status);
personBO.loadPerson(uid, person);

Enumeration p = person.getPhoneEnumeration();
while (p.hasMoreElements()) {
    Phone ph = (Phone)p.nextElement();
    System.out.println(ph.toString());
...
```

PredefinedMsg Class

Description

The **PredefinedMsg** class represents the information in a predefined message, and is used by the PredefinedMsgRegistry class to look up message code and description pairs.

Properties

The **PredefinedMsg** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object
__com.stc.eIndex.active.person.PredefinedMsg
```

Constructor

None

Methods

The methods included in the **PredefinedMsg** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- getCode on page 4-464
- getDescription on page 4-464

Inherited Methods

The **PredefinedMsg** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

getCode

Description

The **getCode** method retrieves the code for a specific predefined message from the table *ui_canned_msg*. Use this method to display a predefined message code.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getCode()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getCode** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a message code	The value of the predefined message code was retrieved successfully.
Null	The predefined message code was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see a sample of how **getDescription** can be used, see the example for **getInstance** in the PredefinedMsgRegistry class beginning on page 4-468.

getDescription

Description

The **getDescription** method retrieves the message text that corresponds with a specific predefined message code from the table *ui_canned_msg*. Use this method to display a predefined message description.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getDescription()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
None	

Return Value

The **getDescription** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a predefined message	The predefined message description was retrieved successfully.
Null	The predefined message description was checked successfully but there was no value to retrieve.

Throws

None.

Example

To see a sample of how **getDescription** can be used, see the example for **getInstance** in the PredefinedMsgRegistry class beginning on page 4-468.

PredefinedMsgRegistry Class

Description

The **PredefinedMsgRegistry** class is a utility class for looking up all predefined messages or for retrieving an enumeration of PredefinedMsgRegistry objects from *ui_canned_msg*. You can then use the methods in the PredefinedMsg class to retrieve the code and text for each message.

Properties

The PredefinedMsgRegistry class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object
com.stc.eIndex.active.person.PredefinedMsgRegistry
```

Constructor

None

Methods

The methods included in the **PredefinedMsgRegistry** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- getInstance on page 4-467
- getPredefinedMsgEnumeration on page 4-468

Inherited Methods

The **PredefinedMsgRegistry** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

getInstance

Description

The **getInstance** method retrieves the single instance of the PredefinedMsgRegistry class for the given EiServer object, maintaining a singleton pattern so database results are stored for servicing subsequent lookups.

Syntax

public static PredefinedMsgRegistry getInstance(EiServer
eiServer)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
eiServer	The EiServer object for which the
	PredefinedMsgRegistry instance is retrieved.

Return Value

The **getInstance** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Instance of the PredefinedMsg	The PredefinedMsgRegistry instance for the specified EiServer object was retrieved successfully.
Registry class	

Throws

None.

Additional Information

For more information about the EiServer Class, see page 4-319.

Example

The following example retrieves an instance of the EiServer class and an instance of the PredefinedMsgRegistry class. It then retrieves an enumeration of predefined messages and scrolls through each message using the **hasMoreElements** and **nextElement** functions. **getCode** and **getDescription** in the PredefinedMsg Class are called to display the text for each message and their corresponding message codes.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");

PredefinedMsgRegistry pm;
pm = PredefinedMsgRegistry.getInstance(eiServer);
Enumeration e = pm.getPredefinedMsgEnumeration();
if (e != null) {
   while (e.hasMoreElements()) {
     PredefinedMsg m = (PredefinedMsg)e.nextElement();
     System.out.println("Message Code: " + m.getCode());
     System.out.println("Message: " + m.getDescription());
}
}...
```

getPredefinedMsgEnumeration

Description

The **getPredefinedMsgEnumeration** method retrieves an enumeration of PredefinedMsg objects. Use this method to display the available predefined message descriptions and codes.

Syntax

public java.util.Enumeration getPredefinedMsgEnumeration()

Parameters

Parameter Description

None

Return Value

The **getPredefinedMsgEnumeration** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Enumeration of PredefinedMsg objects	The predefined message codes and descriptions were retrieved successfully.
Null	There were no PredefinedMsg objects to retrieve.
hrows	

Throws

None.

Example

To see a sample of how **getPredefinedMsgEnumeration** can be used, see the example for getInstance beginning on page 4-468.

SearchParameters Class

Description

The **SearchParameters** class is an object representing the search parameters that are passed to the PersonBO **searchAlpha**, **searchGeneral**, and **searchPhonetic** functions.

Properties

The **SearchParameters** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Demographics

```
java.lang.Object

_com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject
_com.stc.eIndex.active.person.DemographicsRO
_com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Demographics
_com.stc.eIndex.active.person.SearchParameters
```

Constructor

The **SearchParameters** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

SearchParameters on page 4-472

Methods

The methods included in the **SearchParameters** class are described in detail on the following pages:

setUid on page 4-473

Inherited Methods

The **SearchParameters** class inherits all methods defined in the **DemographicsRO Class** (see page 4-242 for information about these Java methods) and all methods defined in the **Demographics Class** (see page 4-144 for information about these Java methods).

The **SearchParameters** class inherits this method from **com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject**:

toString

The **SearchParameters** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

SearchParameters

Description

The **SearchParameters** constructor method constructs the search parameters for the **searchAlpha**, **searchGeneral**, and **searchPhonetic** functions in the PersonBO class. The SearchParameters method can take no parameters, one parameter, or eight parameters. If you call SearchParameters with no parameters, you open a new SearchParameters object that you can populate using the **set** methods defined in the **Demographics** class. If you call the method using one parameter, a DemographicsRO object, the DemographicsRO object is used to populate the demographic search fields in the SearchParameters object (this only populates the search fields defined for SearchParameters). Finally, you can call SearchParameters using the eight primary demographic search criteria fields as parameters.

Syntax

```
public SearchParameters()

or

public SearchParameters(DemographicsRO demo)

or

public SearchParameters(java.lang.String lastName,
    java.lang.String firstName, java.lang.String middleName,
    java.lang.String gender, java.sql.Date dob, Ssn ssn,
    java.lang.String motherMaidenName, java.lang.String maidenName)
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
demo	A list of demographic information contained in a DemographicsRO object to use as search criteria.
lastName	The last name in the person record you want to find.
firstName	The first name in the person record you want to find.
middleName	The middle name or initial in the person record you want to find.
gender	The gender of the person whose record you want to find.
dob	The date of birth of the person whose person record you want to find.
ssn	The social security number of the person whose record you want to find.
motherMaidenName	The maiden name of the mother of the person whose record you want to find.

Parameter	Description
maidenName	The maiden name of the person whose record you want to find. This parameter is not used for phonetic searches.

Return Value

The **SearchParameters** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
SearchParameters object	The object containing the specified search parameters was created successfully.

Throws

The **SearchParameters** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

For examples of how you can implement **SearchParameters**, see the example for **searchAlpha** on pages 4-435. An example is also provided in **PersonSearch.java** in the e*Index sample Java files. This file is located in /<home_dir>/sample/com/stc/eIndex/active/sample.

setUid

Description

The **setUid** method is the setter method for the **uid** field. Use this method to define the UID for the SearchParameters object when performing a General Search.

Syntax

public void setUid(Uid uid)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
uid	The new value for the uid field.

Return Value

None.

Throws

The **setUid** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Additional Information

For more information about the **Uid Class**, see page 4-493.

Example

The following example retrieves an instance of EiServer and PersonBO. It then creates a new SearchParameters object, **sp**, and populates it using '**set**' methods in the SearchParameters and Demographics classes. It then calls **searchGeneral** to perform a general alphanumeric search.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
PersonBO personBO = eiServer.getEiBOFactory().getPersonBOInstance();

SearchParameters sp = new SearchParameters();
    sp.setUid("1001051005");
    sp.setLastName("WARREN");
    sp.setFirstName("ELIZABETH");
    sp.setFirstName("ELIZABETH");
    sp.setSpouseName("DAVID");

PersonSearchResult psr = psr = personBO.searchGeneral(sp);
...
```

Security Class

Description

The **Security** class provides the security routines for your e*Index active integration implementation.

Properties

The **Security** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object
com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Security
```

Constructor

None.

Methods

The methods included in the **Security** class is described in detail on the following page:

- getInstance on page 4-476
- isUserValid on page 4-477

Inherited Methods

The **Security** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

getInstance

Description

The **getInstance** method retrieves the single instance of the Security class for the given EiServer object, maintaining a singleton pattern so database results are stored for servicing subsequent lookups.

Syntax

public static Security getInstance(EiServer eiServer)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
eiServer	The EiServer object for which the Security instance is retrieved.

Return Value

The **getInstance** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Instance of the Security class	The Security instance for the specified EiServer object was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

For more information about the **EiServer Class**, see page 4-319.

Example

To see a sample of how **getInstance** in the Security class can be used, see the example for **isUserValid** on page 4-477.

isUserValid

Description

The **isUserValid** method checks the database to verify that the specified user login ID exists in the *stc_user* table, and that the ID is currently active in the table.

Syntax

public boolean isUserValid(java.lang.String userID)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
userID	The user login ID of the person logging onto e*Index. This parameter is case-sensitive.

Return Value

The **isUserValid** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The user login ID was found in the <i>stc_user</i> table and is currently active.
False	The user login ID was not found in the e*Index security tables or is not currently active.

Throws

The **isUserValid** method throws the following exceptions:

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

The **isUserValid** method does not verify the access permissions assigned to the user. It is assumed that each user of the applications you create require access to all functions provided.

Example

The following example retrieves an instance of the EiServer class and an instance of the Security class. It then calls **isUserValid** to find out if the user name provided is defined in the *user_tbl* table in the e*Index database. **isUserValid** returns Boolean true or false. Once the user is validated, you can define how processing should be handled.

```
EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
Security security = Security.getInstance(eiServer);

boolean valid = security.isUserValid(user_login_id);
System.out.println("Testing USER ID: " + user_login_id);
if (valid)
...
```

Ssn Class

Description

The **Ssn** class is a representation of a person's social security number. Use this class to insert a new social security number into a person record.

Properties

The **Ssn** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object
com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Ssn
```

Constructor

The **Ssn** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

Ssn on page 4-479

Field

The field included in the **Ssn** class is described on the following page:

NULL on page 4-481

Methods

The methods included in the **Ssn** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- equals on page 4-480
- toString on page 4-480

Inherited Methods

The **Ssn** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

Ssn

Description

The **Ssn** constructor method creates a new social security number object. Use this method to add a new social security number to a Person object, a SearchParameters object, and so on.

Syntax

```
public Ssn ssn(java.lang.String ssn)
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
ssn	The value of the social security number for the new object.

Return Value

The **Ssn** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Ssn object	The social security number object was created successfully.

Throws

The **Ssn** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

The following example creates a new SearchParameters object, **sp**, and then populates the search parameter fields using the '**set**' methods in SearchParameters. To set the SSN field, the example creates a new Ssn object by calling **getSsn** (**new Ssn**(*social_security_number*)).

```
SearchParameters sp = new SearchParameters();
    sp.setLastName(last_name);
    sp.setFirstName(first_name);
    sp.setMiddleName(middle_name);
    sp.setGender(gender);
    sp.setDob(sdf.parse(date_of_birth));
    sp.setSsn(new Ssn(social_security_number));
    sp.setMotherMaidenName(mother_maiden_name);
    sp.setMaidenName(maiden_name);
```

equals

Description

The **equals** method compares two Ssn objects to see if they are identical.

Syntax

public boolean equals(java.lang.Object obj)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
obj	The Ssn object to compare against the current Ssn object.

Return Value

The **equals** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The two Ssn objects are identical.
False	The two Ssn objects are not identical.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

Overrides:

 equals in class java.lang.Object (see your Java documentation for more information)

toString

Description

The **toString** method returns a string representation of the Ssn object.

Syntax

public java.lang.String toString()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **toString** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing an SSN	The string representation was returned successfully.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

Overrides:

 toString in class java.lang.Object (see your Java documentation for more information)

NULL

Description

The **NULL** field specifies that the field to be set to null is of the type *Ssn*.

Syntax

public static final Ssn NULL

Transaction Class

Description

The **Transaction** class stores all transaction parameters, such as user ID, system, terminal ID, and so on.

Properties

The **Transaction** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject

```
java.lang.Object

_com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject
_com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Transaction
```

Constructor

The **Transaction** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

Transaction on page 4-484

Methods

The methods included in the **Transaction** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- equals on page 4-485
- getDepartment on page 4-485
- getFunction on page 4-487
- getSource on page 4-487
- getSystem on page 4-488
- getTerminalId on page 4-489
- getTimestamp on page 4-490
- getUserId on page 4-490
- toString on page 4-491

Inherited Methods

The **Transaction** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

Transaction

Description

The **Transaction** constructor method initiates a new transaction. You need to create a new transaction object before processing any person records with calls to **addPerson**, **processPerson**, or **updatePerson**.

Syntax

public Transaction(java.lang.String userId, java.lang.String system, java.lang.String source, java.lang.String department, java.lang.String terminalId)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
userId	The user logon ID of the user performing the transaction. This parameter is required.
system	The system in which the transaction originates. This parameter is required.
source	The system in which the transaction originates. This parameter is optional.
department	The department from which the transaction is performed. This parameter is optional.
terminalId	The identification code of the terminal from which the transaction is performed. This parameter is optional.

Return Value

The **Transaction** method returns the following value:

This value is	
returned	if this occurs
Transaction object	The transaction object was created successfully.

Throws

The **Transaction** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

The following example creates and populates a new Person object, and the creates a new Transaction object, **trans**, using parameters supplied by the user application. It then calls **addPerson** to complete the transaction, and calls the '**get**' methods in the Transaction class to display the transaction information.

equals

Description

The **equals** method compares two Transaction objects to see if they are identical.

Syntax

```
public boolean equals(java.lang.Object obj)
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
obj	The object to compare against.

Return Value

The **equals** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs	
True	The two Transaction objects are identical.	
False	The two Transaction objects are not identical.	

Throws

None.

Additional Information

Overrides:

 equals in class java.lang.Object (see your Java documentation for more information)

getDepartment

Description

The **getDepartment** method retrieves the value of the **department** field for the transaction. This value represents the department from which the transaction originated. Use this method to display transaction information.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getDepartment()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getDepartment** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a department code	The value of the department field was retrieved successfully.
Null	No value was associated with the department field in the transaction.

Throws

None.

Example

For an example of how the **getDepartment** method can be used, see the example for **Transaction** on page 4-484.

getFunction

Description

The **getFunction** method retrieves the value of the **function** field for the transaction. This value represents the type of event that caused the transaction. Use this method to display transaction information after a record is processed. This method returns null prior to a transaction.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getFunction()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getFunction** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing an event code	The value of the function field was retrieved successfully.
Null	No value was associated with the function field in the transaction.

Throws

None.

Example

For an example of how the **getFunction** method can be used, see the example for **Transaction** on page 4-484.

getSource

Description

The **getSource** method retrieves the value of the **source** field for the transaction. This value represents the system from which the transaction originated. Use this method to display transaction information.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getSource()

Parameters

Parameter	Description

None

Return Value

The **getSource** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a system code	The value of the source field was retrieved successfully.
Null	No value was associated with the source field in the transaction.

Throws

None.

Example

For an example of how the **getSource** method can be used, see the example for **Transaction** on page 4-484.

getSystem

Description

The **getSystem** method retrieves the value of the **system** field for the transaction. This value represents the system from which the transaction originated. Use this method to display transaction information.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getSystem()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getSystem** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a system code	The value of the system field was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

For an example of how the **getSystem** method can be used, see the example for **Transaction** on page 4-484.

getTerminalId

Description

The **getTerminalId** method retrieves the value of the **terminalId** field for the transaction. This value represents the terminal at which the transaction was performed. Use this method to display transaction information.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getTerminalId()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getTerminalId** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a terminal ID code	The value of the terminalId field was retrieved successfully.
Null	No value was associated with the terminalld field in the transaction.

Throws

None.

Example

For an example of how the **getTerminalId** method can be used, see the example for **Transaction** on page 4-484.

getTimestamp

Description

The **getTimestamp** method retrieves the value of the **timestamp** field for the transaction. This value represents the date and time the transaction was performed. Use this method to display transaction information.

Syntax

public java.sql.Timestamp getTimestamp()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
-----------	-------------

None

Return Value

The **getTerminalId** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Timestamp	The value of the timestamp field was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

For an example of how the **getTimestamp** method can be used, see the example for **Transaction** on page 4-484.

getUserId

Description

The **getUserId** method retrieves the value of the **userId** field for the transaction. This value represents the login ID of the user who performed the transaction. Use this method to display transaction information.

Syntax

public java.lang.String getUserId()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **getUserId** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a user ID	The value of the userId field was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Example

For an example of how the **getUserId** method can be used, see the example for **Transaction** on page 4-484.

toString

Description

The **toString** method provides a string representation of the transaction information, delimited by commas. Use this method to display transaction information.

Syntax

public java.lang.String toString()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **toString** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing transaction data	The transaction information was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

Overrides:

toString in com.stc.eIndex.active.core.DataObject

Example

The following example creates a new Transaction object, **trans**, using parameters supplied by the user application. It then calls the **toString** method to display the transaction information. The following list illustrates the result of calling **toString**.

UI, SBYN, AO4, SRC, RAD, RD2, null

```
...
Transaction trans = new Transaction(user_id, system, source,
    department, terminal_id);

System.out.println(trans.toString());
...
```

Uid Class

Description

The **Uid** class is a representation of a UID, which is the unique identification code assigned by e*Index.

Properties

The **Uid** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Implements java.io.Serializable
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object
com.stc.eIndex.active.person.Uid
```

Constructor

The **Uid** class has one constructor, which is described in detail on the page number listed below:

Uid on page 4-494

Fields

The fields included in the **Uid** class are described on the following pages:

NULL on page 4-496

Methods

The method included in the **Uid** class is described in detail on the page number listed below:

- equals on page 4-495
- toString on page 4-496

Inherited Methods

The **Uid** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

Uid

Description

The **Uid** method is the constructor method for the UID class. Use this method to create objects containing a person's UID information.

Syntax

```
public Uid(java.lang.String uid)
or
public Uid(long uid)
```

Parameters

Parameter	Description
uid	A unique identification number assigned by e*Index.
	This parameter can be of the type long or String .

Return Value

The **Uid** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Uid object	The object representing the UID was created successfully.

Throws

The **Uid** method throws the following exception:

EiException Class

Example

The following example creates a new Person object named **person**, and then uses a UID (specified by the variable *UID_number*) to retrieve the person information to load into **person**. It calls **Uid** to create the Uid object containing the UID to use.

```
Person person = new Person();
personBO.loadPerson(new Uid(UID_number), person);
...
```

equals

Description

The **equals** method compares two Uid objects to see if they are identical.

Syntax

public boolean equals(java.lang.Object obj)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
obj	The object to compare against.

Return Value

The **equals** method returns one of the following Boolean values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
True	The two Uid objects are identical.
False	The two Uid objects are not identical.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

Overrides:

 equals in class java.lang.Object (see your Java documentation for more information)

toString

Description

The **toString** method retrieves a string representation of the Uid object.

Syntax

public java.lang.String toString()

Parameters

Parameter	Description
	-

None

Return Value

The **toString** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String containing a UID	The string representation was retrieved successfully.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

Overrides:

• **toString** in the **java.lang.Object** class (see your Java documentation for more information about this method)

NULL

Description

The **NULL** field specifies that the field to be set to null is of the type *Uid*.

Syntax

public static final Uid NULL

ZipCodeLookup Class

Description

The **ZipCodeLookup** class is used to validate zip code values by looking up the city and state information based on the zip code and zip extension.

Properties

The **ZipCodeLookup** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Extends java.lang.Object

```
java.lang.Object __com.stc.eIndex.active.person.ZipCodeLookup
```

Constructor

None.

Methods

The methods included in the **ZipCodeLookup** class are described in detail on the following pages:

- getCityState on page 4-498
- getInstance on page 4-499

Inherited Methods

The **ZipCodeLookup** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- toString
- wait

getCityState

Description

The **getCityState** method searches the city and state pairs for a given zip code and optionally the zip code extension, and returns a listing of CityState objects. This method can take just a zip code as a parameter or both the zip code and the zip code extension.

Syntax

```
public java.util.Enumeration getCityState(java.lang.String zip)
or
public java.util.Enumeration getCityState(java.lang.String zip,
java.lang.String zipExt)
```

Parameter

Parameter	Description
zip	The zip code for the city and state you are looking up.
zipExt	The zip code extension for the city you are looking up. This parameter is optional.

Return Value

The **getCityState** method returns one of the following values:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Enumeration of CityState values	The zip code lookup successfully retrieved the corresponding city, state, county, and residence code values.
Null	No city or state values were associated with the given zip code.

Throws

The **getCityState** method throws the following exceptions:

- EiException Class
- java.sql.SQLException

Example

The following example looks up the city, state, county, and residence code associated with the specified zip code and, optionally, the zip code extension. First the sample defines the variables **cs** and **e**, and then gets an instance of EiServer and ZipCodeLookup. It then checks whether a zip code extension was included as a parameter in order to determine which syntax of the call to use, and then calls **zipCodeLookup** to retrieve a list of cities, states, counties,

and residence codes for the specified zip code and zip extension. Finally, the program calls **getCity**, **getState**, **getCounty**, and **getResidenceCode** to display the city, state, county, and residence code associated with the specified zip code and extension.

```
CityState cs;
Enumeration e = null;
String zip = zip_code;
String zipext = zip_code_extension;
  EiServer eiServer = new EiServer("EiServer.properties");
  ZipCodeLookup zipCodeLookup = ZipCodeLookup.getInstance(eiServer);
  if (zipext == "") {
    e = zipCodeLookup.getCityState(zip);
  } else {
    e = zipCodeLookup.getCityState(zip, zipext);
  if (e != null) {
    if (!e.hasMoreElements()) {
      System.out.println("No matching records");
    } else {
      while (e.hasMoreElements()) {
        cs = (CityState)e.nextElement();
        System.out.println("City: " + cs.getCity());
        System.out.println("State: " + cs.getState());
        System.out.println("County: + cs.getCounty());
        System.out.println("Residence Code: " + cs.getResidenceCode());
    }
  }
}
. . .
```

getInstance

Description

The **getInstance** method retrieves the single instance of the ZipCodeLookup class for the given EiServer object, maintaining a singleton pattern so database results are stored for servicing subsequent zip code lookups.

Syntax

public static ZipCodeLookup getInstance(EiServer eiServer)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
eiServer	The EiServer object for which the ZipCodeLookup
	instance is retrieved.

Return Value

The **getInstance** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
Instance of ZipCodeLookup	The instance of ZipCodeLookup was retrieve successfully for the specified EiServer object.

Throws

The **getInstance** method throws the following exceptions:

java.sql.SQLException

Additional Information

For more information about the **EiServer Class**, see page 4-319.

Example

To see how **getInstance** in the ZipCodeLookup class can be used, see the example code provided for **getCityState** on page 4-498.

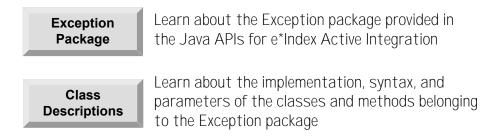
Exception Package

About this Chapter

Overview

This chapter provides a complete listing of Java classes and methods included in the **com.stc.eIndex.active.exception** package for e*Index. It also includes an example of how the parent exception class can be used.

The following diagram illustrates each major topic in this chapter.



About the Exception Package

Overview

This section of the chapter provides the background information about the classes and methods provided in the package **com.stc.eIndex.active.exception**.

The Exception Package

The Exception package includes the classes and methods you need to implement in order to define exception handling and error messages. Classes in this package provide exception handling for many errors, including invalid data, invalid parameters, unique key constrain violations, and so on. The classes in this package all implement **java.io.Serializable**, and are extensions of the **java.lang.Exception** class. For a complete list of the classes, and methods included in the Exception package, see Table 2-2 beginning on page 2-17.

Exception Classes

There are two primary exception classes, **EiException**, and **EiRuntimeException**. The **EiException** class encloses several inner classes that can be used for specific processing errors. When you define an exception, you can also specify an error message to be displayed when the exception is thrown. Many of the Java methods included in the Person package create EiException objects when there is an error in processing.

EiException Class

Description

The **EiException** class is the parent exception class for most of the classes in the Exception package.

Properties

The **EiException** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Implements the java.io.Serializable interface
- Direct subclasses include EiException.DataNotFound,
 EiException.DeleteRow, EiException.EmptyString,
 EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength,
 EiException.GeneralException, EiException.InvalidData,
 EiException.InvalidHistory, EiException.InvalidLocalIdStatus,
 EiException.InvalidParameter, EiException.InvalidPersonStatus,
 EiException.InvalidTimestamp, EiException.InvalidUid,
 EiException.InvalidUniqueKeyQuery, EiException.MatchException,
 EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified,
 EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull,
 EiException.UniqueKeyException, and EiException.UpdateRow
- Extends java.lang.Exception

```
java.lang.Object

__java.lang.Throwable
__java.lang.Exception
__com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException
```

Constructor

None.

Methods

None.

Inherited Methods

The **EiException** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Throwable** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- fillInStackTrace
- getLocalizedMessage

- getMessage
- printStackTrace
- toString

The **EiException** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

EiException.DataNotFound Class

Description

The **EiException.DataNotFound** class represents an exception thrown when required data cannot be found in the database.

Properties

The EiException.DataNotFound class has the following properties:

- Public static class
- Implements the java.io.Serializable interface
- Enclosing class is EiException
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

```
java.lang.Object

__java.lang.Throwable

__java.lang.Exception

__com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

__com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.DataNotFound
```

Constructor

The **EiException.DataNotFound** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

EiException.DataNotFound on page 5-7

Methods

None.

Inherited Classes

The **EiException.DataNotFound** class inherits all of the inner classes in **EiException.**

The **EiException.DataNotFound** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Throwable** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- fillInStackTrace
- getLocalizedMessage
- getMessage
- printStackTrace
- toString

The **EiException.DataNotFound** class also inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

EiException.DataNotFound

Description

The **EiException.DataNotFound** constructor method creates an exception along with the specified error message.

Syntax

public EiException.DataNotFound(java.lang.String msg)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msg	A detailed message stating the reason for the
	exception.

Return Value

The **EiDataException** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An instance of EiException.DataNot Found with an error	There was an error in the previous function and an exception was thrown.
message	

Throws

EiException.DeleteRow Class

Description

The **EiException.DeleteRow** class represents an exception thrown when a row that is being deleted cannot be deleted. This class is not currently being used.

Properties

The **EiException.DeleteRow** class has the following properties:

- Public static class
- Implements the java.io.Serializable interface
- Enclosing class is EiException
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

```
java.lang.Object

_java.lang.Throwable

_java.lang.Exception

_com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

_com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.DeleteRow
```

Constructor

The **EiException.DeleteRow** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

• EiException.DeleteRow on page 5-10

Methods

None.

Inherited Classes

The **EiException.DeleteRow** class inherits all of the inner classes in **EiException.**

The **EiException.DeleteRow** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Throwable** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- fillInStackTrace
- getLocalizedMessage
- getMessage
- printStackTrace
- toString

The **EiException.DeleteRow** class also inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

EiException.DeleteRow

Description

The **EiException.DeleteRow** constructor method creates an exception along with an error message.

Syntax

public EiException.DeleteRow(java.lang.String tableName, int rowCount)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
tableName	The name of the table that contains the row causing the exception.
rowCount	The number of rows that were being deleted.

Return Value

The **EiException.DeleteRow** method returns the following value:

if this occurs	
of There was an error in the previous function and an exception was thrown.	

Throws

EiException.EmptyString Class

Description

The **EiException.EmptyString** class represents an exception thrown when an empty string is passed into a field that does not allow empty strings.

Properties

The **EiException.EmptyString** class has the following properties:

- Public static class
- Implements the java.io.Serializable interface
- Enclosing class is EiException
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

```
java.lang.Object

__java.lang.Throwable

__java.lang.Exception

__com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

__com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.EmptyString
```

Constructor

The **EiException.EmptyString** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

EiException.EmptyString on page 5-13

Methods

None.

Inherited Classes

The **EiException.EmptyString** class inherits all of the inner classes in **EiException.**

The **EiException.EmptyString** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Throwable** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- fillInStackTrace
- getLocalizedMessage
- getMessage
- printStackTrace
- toString

The **EiException.EmptyString** class also inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

EiException.EmptyString

Description

The **EiException.EmptyString** constructor method creates an exception along with an error message.

Syntax

public EiException.EmptyString(java.lang.String fieldName, java.lang.String tableName)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
fieldName	The name of the field causing the exception.
tableName	The name of the table that stores the field causing the exception.

Return Value

The **EiException.EmptyString** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An instance of EiException.Empty String with an error message	There was an error in the previous function and an exception was thrown.

Throws

EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength Class

Description

The **EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength** class represents an exception thrown when a value entered into a field is longer than the allowed length for that field.

Properties

The EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength class has the following properties:

- Public static class
- Implements the java.io.Serializable interface
- Enclosing class is EiException
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

```
java.lang.Object

_java.lang.Throwable

_java.lang.Exception

_com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

_com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.

ExceedMaxStringLength
```

Constructor

The **EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

EiException. on page 5-19

Methods

None.

Inherited Classes

The **EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength** class inherits all of the inner classes in **EiException**.

The **EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Throwable** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- fillInStackTrace
- getLocalizedMessage
- getMessage
- printStackTrace
- toString

The **EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength** class also inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength

Description

The **EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength** constructor method creates an exception along with an error message.

Syntax

public EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength(java.lang.String fieldName, java.lang.String tableName, int maxLength, java.lang.String value)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
fieldName	The name of the field causing the exception.
tableName	The name of the table that contains the field causing the exception.
maxLength	The maximum allowed length for the given field.
value	The value that was being entered into the given field and that caused the exception.

Return Value

The **EiException.ExceedMaxStringLength** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An instance of EiException.Exceed MaxStringLength with an error message	There was an error in the previous function and an exception was thrown.

Throws

EiException.GeneralException Class

Description

The **EiException.GeneralException** class represents an exception thrown when a general error occurs.

Properties

The **EiException.GeneralException** class has the following properties:

- Public static class
- Implements the java.io.Serializable interface
- Enclosing class is EiException
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

```
java.lang.Object

__java.lang.Throwable

__java.lang.Exception

__com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

__com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.GeneralException
```

Constructor

The **EiException.GeneralException** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

EiException.GeneralException on page 5-19

Methods

None.

Inherited Classes

The **EiException.GeneralException** class inherits all of the inner classes in **EiException.**

The **EiException.GeneralException** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Throwable** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- fillInStackTrace
- getLocalizedMessage
- getMessage
- printStackTrace
- toString

The **EiException.GeneralException** class also inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

EiException.GeneralException

Description

The **EiException.GeneralException** constructor method creates an exception along with the specified error message.

Syntax

public EiException.GeneralException(java.lang.String msg)
or
public EiException.GeneralException(Exception e)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msg	The text of the message to display for the general exception.
е	An exception that was already generated. Use this parameter to re-throw an exception that was already generated.

Return Value

The **EiException.GeneralException** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An instance of EiException.General Exception with an error message	There was an error in the previous function and an exception was thrown.

Throws

EiException.InvalidData Class

Description

The **EiException.InvalidData** class represents an exception thrown when invalid data is passed into the database.

Properties

The **EiException.InvalidData** class has the following properties:

- Public static class
- Implements the java.io.Serializable interface
- Enclosing class is EiException
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

```
java.lang.Object

_java.lang.Throwable

_java.lang.Exception

_com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

_com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.InvalidData
```

Constructor

The **EiException.InvalidData** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

EiException.InvalidData on page 5-22

Methods

None.

Inherited Classes

The **EiException.InvalidData** class inherits all of the inner classes in **EiException.**

The **EiException.InvalidData** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Throwable** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- fillInStackTrace
- getLocalizedMessage
- getMessage
- printStackTrace
- toString

The **EiException.GeneralException** class also inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

EiException.InvalidData

Description

The **EiException.InvalidData** constructor method creates an exception along with the specified error message.

Syntax

public EiException.InvalidData(java.lang.String msg)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
msg	The text of the message to display for the invalid data
	exception.

Return Value

The EiException.InvalidData method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An instance of EiException.Invalid Data with an error message	There was an error in the previous function and an exception was thrown.

Throws

EiException.InvalidHistory Class

Description

The **EiException.InvalidHistory** class represents an exception thrown when audit trail is invalid. This class is not currently being used.

Properties

The EiException.InvalidHistory class has the following properties:

- Public static class
- Implements the java.io.Serializable interface
- Enclosing class is EiException
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

```
java.lang.Object

__java.lang.Throwable

__java.lang.Exception

__com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

__com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.InvalidHistory
```

Constructor

The **EiException.InvalidHistory** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

EiException.InvalidHistory on page 5-25

Methods

None.

Inherited Classes

The **EiException.InvalidHistory** class inherits all of the inner classes in **EiException.**

The **EiException.InvalidHistory** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Throwable** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- fillInStackTrace
- getLocalizedMessage
- getMessage
- printStackTrace
- toString

The **EiException.InvalidHistory** class also inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

EiException.InvalidHistory

Description

The **EiException.InvalidHistory** constructor method creates an exception along with the specified error message.

Syntax

public EiException.InvalidHistory(java.lang.String tableName, java.lang.String comment)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
tableName	The name of the table in which the invalid information would be stored.
comment	The error message to display.

Return Value

The **EiException.InvalidHistory** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An instance of EiException.Invalid History with an error message	There was an error in the previous function and an exception was thrown.

Throws

EiException.InvalidLocalIdStatus Class

Description

The **EiException.InvalidLocalIdStatus** class represents an exception thrown when the specified local ID status is not valid.

Properties

The EiException.InvalidLocalIdStatus class has the following properties:

- Public static class
- Implements the java.io.Serializable interface
- Enclosing class is EiException
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

```
java.lang.Object

java.lang.Throwable

java.lang.Exception

com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.InvalidLocalIdStatus
```

Constructor

The **EiException.InvalidLocalIdStatus** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

EiException.InvalidLocalIdStatus on page 5-28

Methods

None.

Inherited Classes

The **EiException.InvalidLocalIdStatus** class inherits all of the inner classes in **EiException.**

The **EiException.InvalidLocalIdStatus** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Throwable** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- fillInStackTrace
- getLocalizedMessage
- getMessage
- printStackTrace
- toString

The **EiException.InvalidLocalIdStatus** class also inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

EiException.InvalidLocalIdStatus

Description

The **EiException.InvalidLocalIdStatus** constructor method creates an exception along with an error message.

Syntax

public EiException.InvalidLocalIdStatus(java.lang.String code)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
code	The local ID status code that was found to be invalid.

Return Value

The EiException.InvalidLocalIdStatus method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An instance of EiException.Invalid LocalIdStatus with an error message	There was an error in the previous function and an exception was thrown.

Throws

EiException.InvalidParameter Class

Description

The **EiException.InvalidParameter** class represents an exception thrown when one or more of the parameters passed into an API is not valid.

Properties

The EiException.InvalidParameter class has the following properties:

- Public static class
- Implements the java.io.Serializable interface
- Enclosing class is EiException
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

```
java.lang.Object

_java.lang.Throwable

_java.lang.Exception

_com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

_com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.InvalidParameter
```

Constructor

The **EiException.InvalidParameter** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

EiException.InvalidParameteron page 5-31

Methods

None.

Inherited Classes

The **EiException.InvalidParameter** class inherits all of the inner classes in **EiException.**

The **EiException.InvalidParameter** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Throwable** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- fillInStackTrace
- getLocalizedMessage
- getMessage
- printStackTrace
- toString

The **EiException.InvalidParameter** class also inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

EiException.InvalidParameter

Description

The **EiException.InvalidParameter** constructor method creates an exception along with the specified error message.

Syntax

public EiException.InvalidParameter(java.lang.String comment)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
comment	An error message to display when the invalid
	parameter exception is thrown.

Return Value

The EiException.InvalidParameter method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An instance of EiException.Invalid Parameter with an error message	There was an error in the previous function and an exception was thrown.

Throws

EiException.InvalidPersonStatus Class

Description

The **EiException.InvalidPersonStatus** class represents an exception thrown when the status specified for a person record is not valid.

Properties

The EiException.InvalidPersonStatus class has the following properties:

- Public static class
- Implements the java.io.Serializable interface
- Enclosing class is EiException
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

```
java.lang.Object

__java.lang.Throwable

__java.lang.Exception

__com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

__com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.InvalidPersonStatus
```

Constructor

The **EiException.InvalidPersonStatus** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

EiException.InvalidPersonStatus on page 5-34

Methods

None.

Inherited Classes

The **EiException.InvalidPersonStatus** class inherits all of the inner classes in **EiException.**

The **EiException.InvalidParameter** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Throwable** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- fillInStackTrace
- getLocalizedMessage
- getMessage
- printStackTrace
- toString

The **EiException.InvalidPersonStatus** class also inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

Ei Exception. Invalid Person Status

Description

The **EiException.InvalidPersonStatus** constructor method creates an exception along with an error message.

Syntax

public EiException.InvalidPersonStatus(java.lang.String code)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
code	The person status code that caused the invalid person
	status exception to be thrown.

Return Value

The EiException.InvalidPersonStatus method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An instance of EiException.Invalid PersonStatus with an	There was an error in the previous function and an exception was thrown.
error message	

Throws

EiException.InvalidTimestamp Class

Description

The **EiException.InvalidTimestamp** class represents an exception thrown when a timestamp field is not valid.

Properties

The EiException.InvalidTimestamp class has the following properties:

- Public static class
- Implements the java.io.Serializable interface
- Enclosing class is EiException
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

```
java.lang.Object

__java.lang.Throwable

__java.lang.Exception

__com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

__com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.InvalidTimestamp
```

Constructor

The **EiException.InvalidTimestamp** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

EiException.InvalidTimestamp on page 5-37

Methods

None.

Inherited Classes

The **EiException.InvalidTimestamp** class inherits all of the inner classes in **EiException.**

The **EiException.InvalidTimestamp** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Throwable** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- fillInStackTrace
- getLocalizedMessage
- getMessage
- printStackTrace
- toString

The **EiException.InvalidTimestamp** class also inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

EiException.InvalidTimestamp

Description

The **EiException.InvalidTimestamp** constructor method creates an exception along with an error message.

Syntax

public EiException.InvalidTimestamp(java.lang.String tableName, java.lang.String timestamp, java.text.ParseException e)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
tableName	The name of the table in which the invalid timestamp is stored.
timestamp	The invalid timestamp value.
e	The ParseException error that was thrown while attempting to parse the timestamp.

Return Value

The **EiException.InvalidTimestamp** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An instance of EiException.Invalid Timestamp with an error message	There was an error in the previous function and an exception was thrown.

Throws

EiException.InvalidUid Class

Description

The **EiException.InvalidUid** class represents an exception thrown when the specified UID is not a valid UID.

Properties

The EiException.InvalidUid class has the following properties:

- Public static class
- Implements the java.io.Serializable interface
- Enclosing class is EiException
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

```
java.lang.Object

__java.lang.Throwable
__java.lang.Exception
__com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException
__com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.InvalidUid
```

Constructor

The **EiException.InvalidUid** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

EiException.InvalidUid on page 5-40

Methods

None.

Inherited Classes

The **EiException.InvalidUid** class inherits all of the inner classes in **EiException.**

The **EiException.InvalidUid** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Throwable** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- fillInStackTrace
- getLocalizedMessage
- getMessage
- printStackTrace
- toString

The **EiException.InvalidUid** class also inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

EiException.InvalidUid

Description

The **EiException.InvalidUid** constructor method creates an exception along with an error message.

Syntax

public EiException.InvalidUid(java.lang.String uid)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
uid	The UID that is causing the invalid UID exception.

Return Value

The EiException.InvalidUid method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An instance of EiException. Invalid Uid with an error	There was an error in the previous function and an exception was thrown.
message	

Throws

EiException.InvalidUniqueKeyQuery Class

Description

The **EiException.InvalidUniqueKeyQuery** class represents an exception thrown when an invalid value is entered into a unique key field during a query. This class is not currently being used.

Properties

The EiException.InvalidUid class has the following properties:

- Public static class
- Implements the java.io.Serializable interface
- Enclosing class is EiException
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

```
java.lang.Object

__java.lang.Throwable

__java.lang.Exception

__com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

__com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.
InvalidUniqueKeyQuery
```

Constructor

The **EiException.InvalidUniqueKeyQuery** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

EiException.InvalidUniqueKeyQuery on page 5-43

Methods

None.

Inherited Classes

The **EiException.InvalidUniqueKeyQuery** class inherits all of the inner classes in **EiException.**

The **EiException.InvalidUniqueKeyQuery** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Throwable** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- fillInStackTrace
- getLocalizedMessage
- getMessage
- printStackTrace
- toString

The **EiException.InvalidUniqueKeyQuery** class also inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

EiException.InvalidUniqueKeyQuery

Description

The **EiException.InvalidUniqueKeyQuery** constructor method creates an exception along with an error message.

Syntax

public EiException.InvalidUniqueKeyQuery(java.lang.String tableName)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
tableName	The name of the database table containing the unique key field that was violated.

Return Value

The **EiException.InvalidUniqueKeyQuery** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An instance of EiException.Invalid UniqueKeyQuery with an error message	There was an error in the previous function and an exception was thrown.

Throws

EiException.MatchException Class

Description

The **EiException.MatchException** class represents an exception thrown when a Vality exception is thrown during the matching process.

Properties

The **EiException.MatchException** class has the following properties:

- Public static class
- Implements the java.io.Serializable interface
- Enclosing class is EiException
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

```
java.lang.Object

_java.lang.Throwable

_java.lang.Exception

_com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

_com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.MatchException
```

Constructor

The **EiException.MatchException** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

EiException.MatchException on page 5-46

Methods

None.

Inherited Classes

The **EiException.MatchException** class inherits all of the inner classes in **EiException**.

The **EiException.MatchException** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Throwable** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- fillInStackTrace
- getLocalizedMessage
- getMessage
- printStackTrace
- toString

The **EiException.MatchException** class also inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

EiException.MatchException

Description

The **EiException.MatchException** constructor method creates an exception along with an error message.

Syntax

public EiException.MatchException(com.Vality.jwr.MatchException
e)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
e	The Vality exception thrown during the match process.

Return Value

The EiException.MatchException method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An instance of EiException.Match Exception with an error message	There was an error in the previous function and an exception was thrown.

Throws

EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified Class

Description

The EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified class represents an exception thrown when the value of a field that cannot be modified is changed during an update.

Properties

The **EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified** class has the following properties:

- Public static class
- Implements the java.io.Serializable interface
- Enclosing class is EiException
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

```
java.lang.Object

__java.lang.Throwable

__java.lang.Exception

__com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

__com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.NonUpdateable
FieldModified
```

Constructor

The **EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified on page 5-49

Methods

None.

Inherited Classes

The **EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified** class inherits all of the inner classes in **EiException**.

The **EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Throwable** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- fillInStackTrace
- getLocalizedMessage
- getMessage
- printStackTrace
- toString

The **EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified** class also inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified

Description

The **EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified** constructor method creates an exception along with an error message.

Syntax

public EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified(java.lang.String databaseColumn, java.lang.String tableName)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
databaseColumn	The name of the column in the database that stores the field that cannot be updated.
tableName	The name of the table in which databaseColumn is located.

Return Value

The **EiException.NonUpdateableFieldModified** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An instance of EiException.Non UpdateableField Modified with an error message	There was an error in the previous function and an exception was thrown.

Throws

EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull Class

Description

The **EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull** class represents an exception thrown when null is entered into a required field.

Properties

The EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull class has the following properties:

- Public static class
- Implements the java.io.Serializable interface
- Enclosing class is EiException
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

```
java.lang.Object

_java.lang.Throwable

_java.lang.Exception

_com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

_com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull
```

Constructor

The **EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull on page 5-52

Methods

None.

Inherited Classes

The **EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull** class inherits all of the inner classes in **EiException.**

The **EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Throwable** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- fillInStackTrace
- getLocalizedMessage
- getMessage
- printStackTrace
- toString

The **EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull** class also inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull

Description

The **EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull** constructor method creates an exception along with an error message.

Syntax

public EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull(java.lang.String databaseColumn, java.lang.String tableName)

Parameters

Parameter	Description
databaseColumn	The name of the column in the database that stores the required field.
tableName	The name of the table in which databaseColumn is located.

Return Value

The EiException.RequiredFieldIsNull method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An instance of EiException.Required FieldIsNull with an	There was an error in the previous function and an exception was thrown.
error message	

Throws

EiException.UniqueKeyException Class

Description

The **EiException.UniqueKeyException** class represents an exception thrown when a unique key constraint is violated during an add or update transaction.

Properties

The EiException. UniqueKeyException class has the following properties:

- Public static class
- Implements the java.io.Serializable interface
- Enclosing class is EiException
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

```
java.lang.Object

_ java.lang.Throwable

_ java.lang.Exception

_ com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

_ com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.UniqueKey
Exception
```

Constructor

The **EiException.UniqueKeyException** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

EiException.UniqueKeyException on page 5-55

Methods

None.

Inherited Classes

The **EiException.UniqueKeyException** class inherits all of the inner classes in **EiException**.

The **EiException.UniqueKeyException** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Throwable** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- fillInStackTrace
- getLocalizedMessage
- getMessage
- printStackTrace
- toString

The **EiException.UniqueKeyException** class also inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

EiException.UniqueKeyException

Description

The **EiException.UniqueKeyException** constructor method creates an exception along with an error message.

Syntax

public EiException.UniqueKeyException(java.lang.String tableName)

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
tableName	The name of the table that contains the unique key constraint being violated.	

Return Value

The **EiException.UniqueKeyException** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs	
An instance of EiException.Unique KeyException with an	There was an error in the previous function and an exception was thrown.	
error message		

Throws

EiException.UpdateRow Class

Description

The **EiException.UpdateRow** class represents an exception thrown when a an error occurs while updating a row in the database.

Properties

The **EiException.UpdateRow** class has the following properties:

- Public static class
- Implements the java.io.Serializable interface
- Enclosing class is EiException
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

```
java.lang.Object

__java.lang.Throwable

__java.lang.Exception

__com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException.UpdateRow
```

Constructor

The **EiException.UpdateRow** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

EiException. on page 5-58

Methods

None.

Inherited Classes

The **EiException.UpdateRow** class inherits all of the inner classes in **EiException.**

The **EiException.UpdateRow** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Throwable** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- fillInStackTrace
- getLocalizedMessage
- getMessage
- printStackTrace
- toString

The **EiException.UpdateRow** class also inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

EiException.UpdateRow

Description

The **EiException.UpdateRow** constructor method creates an exception along with an error message.

Syntax

 $\label{local_public_string} \begin{subarray}{ll} \textbf{public} & \textbf{EiException.UpdateRow}(java.lang.String\ tableName,\ int\\ rowCount) \end{subarray}$

Parameters

Parameter	Description
tableName	The name of the table that contains the row being updated.
rowCount	The number of rows being updated.

Return Value

The **EiException.UpdateRow** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An instance of EiException.Update Row with an error	There was an error in the previous function and an exception was thrown.
message	

Throws

EiRuntimeException Class

Description

The **EiRuntimeException** class represents a runtime exception thrown during processing.

Properties

The **EiRuntimeException** class has the following properties:

- Public class
- Implements the java.io.Serializable interface
- Extends com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiException

```
java.lang.Object

_java.lang.Throwable

_java.lang.Exception

_java.lang.RuntimeException

_com.stc.eIndex.active.exception.EiRuntimeException
```

Constructor

The **EiRuntimeException** class has one constructor, which is described on the following page:

EiRuntimeException on page 5-61

Methods

The **EiRuntimeException** class has one method, which is described on the following page:

printStackTrace on page 5-62

The **EiRuntimeException** class inherits these methods from **java.lang.Throwable** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- fillInStackTrace
- getLocalizedMessage
- getMessage
- printStackTrace
- toString

The **EiRuntimeException** class also inherits these methods from **java.lang.Object** (see your Java documentation for more information):

- equals
- getClass
- hashCode
- notify
- notifyAll
- wait

EiRuntimeException

Description

The **EiRuntimeException** constructor method creates a runtime exception along with an error message.

Syntax

public EiRuntimeException(java.lang.String msg)
or
public EiRuntimException(java.lang.Exception e)

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
msg	An error message describing the reason for the exception.	
e	The Java exception thrown.	

Return Value

The **EiRuntimeException** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
An instance of EiRuntimeException with an error message	There was an error in the previous function and a runtime exception was thrown.

Throws

printStackTrace

Description

The **printStackTrace** method displays the exception and its back trace to the specified output.

Syntax

public void printStackTrace()

Parameters

Parameter	Description	
None		

Return Value

The **printStackTrace** method returns the following value:

This value is returned	if this occurs
String	The exception and its backtrace were displayed successfully.

Throws

None.

Additional Information

Overrides:

printStackTrace in class java.lang.Throwable (see your Java documentation for more information)