SeeBeyond ICAN Suite

CICS eWay Intelligent Adapter User's Guide

Release 5.0



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Introducing the CICS eWay

This chapter includes a brief description of IBM's Customer Information Control SystemTM (CICSTM), an overview of the SeeBeyond eWay Intelligent Adapter for CICS, as well as system requirements for using the CICS eWay.

Chapter Topics

- Overview on page 7
- Supported Operating System on page 11
- System Requirements on page 12
- External System Requirements on page 12

1.1 **Overview**

CICS Transaction Server

IBM's Customer Information Control System (CICS), is IBM's most widely used proprietary, transaction monitor. CICS provides connectivity and online transaction management for mission-critical applications. It supports real-time distributed processing environments and online transaction processing (OLTP). According to IBM, CICS handles more than thirty billion transactions, processing more than one trillion dollars, per day.

CICS is the premier OLTP (On-Line Transaction Processing) product from IBM. It is used to access many file systems and databases including third party products. For IBM product, it interfaces with DB2, VSAM and IMS/DB. For non-IBM products, it interfaces with IDMS, ADABAS, DATACOM, to name a few. Most applications in CICS are written in COBOL, although it supports other languages such as PL/1.

OLTP systems provide accurate, up-to-date information within seconds, from terminals that give direct access to data held as either files or databases. CICS provides a company with numerous transaction processing and resource management functions, allowing the user to concentrate on developing application programs that meet that organization's specific business needs. CICS controls OLTP application programs in a distributed transaction processing (DTP) environment. CICS handles interactions between the terminal user and the application programs. Programs gain access to the CICS facilities with straightforward, high-level commands.

CICS provides:

- Communication functions to terminals and systems required by application programs
- Control of concurrently running programs serving online users
- Facilities for accessing databases and files
- The ability to communicate with other CICS family members using Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)
- Interactive facilities to configure specific systems
- Recovery processing and data protection, should a problem occur

The eWay Intelligent Adapter for CICS

The eWay Intelligent Adapter for CICS is an interface that enables remote bidirectional calls to CICS transactional programs. The CICS eWay includes a build tool, the Cobol Copybook Converter, that creates an Object Type Definition (OTD) from a Cobol Copybook file and generates eGate Object Type Definitions for use within the eGate environment. The Copybook file structures are passed into the CICS environment as the data buffer (Commarea).

A fixed Object Type Definition, the **CICS_eWay.CICSClient OTD**, designed to expose various essential portions of the CICS Java API, provides available methods and properties, as well as access to all message attributes.

The eWay uses the SeeBeyond CICS Listener as the underlying connection transport for accessing OS/390 V2R10 or z/OS CICS transactions.

SeeBeyond CICS Listener (STCL)

The CICS eWay connects to the IBM CICS Listener running on z/OS via the TCP/IP Sockets. The Listener accepts the incoming request and spawns a new process handing the socket connection off to the newly created process via TCP/IP givesocket()/ takesocket() function calls. The spawned process invokes the user written CICS application program through an EXEC CICS LINK.

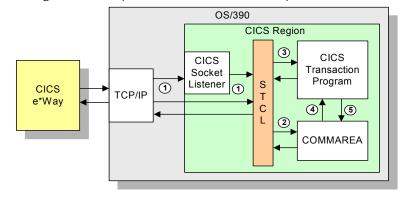


Figure 1 Using the SeeBeyond CICS Listener for Synchronous Transactions

The CICS eWay (Java version) communicates with SeeBeyond CICS Listener for Synchronous Transactions (See Figure 1) as follows:

- 1 An incoming Connect request is handled by the IBM CICS Socket Listener, which starts the SeeBeyond CICS Listener Transaction STCL and hands off the incoming connection via the IBM TCP/IP Give Socket and Take Socket interface.
- 2 The SeeBeyond CICS Listener allocates a CICS COMMAREA and copies information from the CICS eWay COMMAREA to the actual CICS COMMAREA.
- 3 The SeeBeyond CICS Listener issues an EXEC CICS LINK to requested CICS Transaction Program passing it the newly allocated COMMAREA.
- 4 The requested CICS Transaction obtains data from the COMMAREA, performs typical business rule processing and then returns its results in the COMMAREA and returns control back to the SeeBeyond CICS Listener.
- 5 The SeeBeyond CICS Listener copies information from the CICS COMMAREA back to the CICS eWay COMMAREA.
- 6 The SeeBeyond CICS Listener goes into a listen mode and waits for the next incoming Transaction Program request.

The process continues until the SeeBeyond CICS Listener Timeout is exceeded or a disconnect request is received from the CICS eWay.

1.1.1. z/OS CICS Security Considerations

Security Considerations for SeeBeyond CICS Listener

The CICS eWay, using the SeeBeyond CICS Listener as the underlying connection transport, utilizes three modes of security with z/OS: Connection Logic, Request Link to Program, and Request Start Transaction. The userID and password are defined in the eWay properties file. The connection manager uses the userID and password in the properties file to start the SeeBeyond CICS Listener on z/OS. During Business Rules processing, requests that flow into the SeeBeyond CICS Listener can use the userID and password from the properties file, or can be overwritten in the Collaborations.

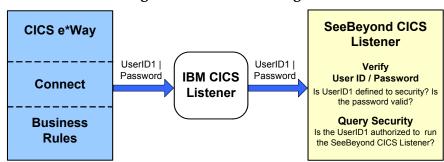


Figure 2 Connection Logic

Connection Logic

For the Connection Logic mode (Figure 2), the userID and password, passed from the CICS eWay through the IBM CICS listener and into the SeeBeyond CICS Listener, must be defined for the z/OS security system (RACF, for example). The userID must be authorized by the z/OS security system to run CICS transaction "xxxx" inside of CICS. The default value for "xxxx" is STCL, and can be changed in the properties of the Connection Manager in the CICS eWay.

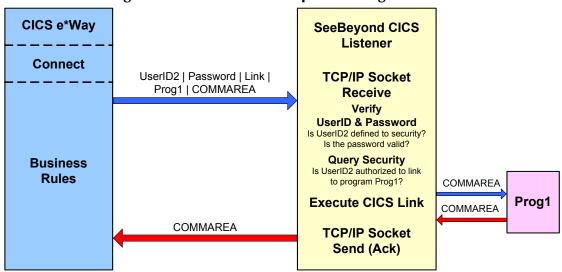


Figure 3 Business Rules Request to Program

Request Link to Program

For the Request Link to Program mode (Figure 3), the userID and password passed from the CICS eWay to the SeeBeyond CICS Listener must be defined for the z/OS security system (RACF, for example). The userID must be authorized by the z/OS security system to run CICS program "prog1" inside of CICS. The default value for "prog1" is set in the properties of the CICS eWay, and can be overridden in the Collaboration for each request sent into the SeeBeyond CICS Listener.

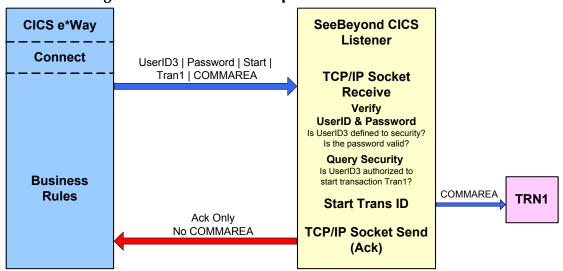


Figure 4 Business Rules Request Start Transaction

Request Start Transaction

For the Request Start Transaction mode (Figure 4), the userID and password passed from the CICS eWay to the SeeBeyond CICS Listener must be defined for the z/OS security system (RACF, for example). The userID must be authorized by the z/OS security system to start CICS transaction "TRN1" inside of CICS. The default value for "TRN1" is set in the properties file of the CICS eWay, and can be overridden in the Collaboration for each request sent into the SeeBeyond CICS listener.

1.2 Supported Operating System

The CICS eWay is available on the following operating systems:

- Windows XP
- Windows 2000 SP3
- Solaris 8 and 9
- AIX 5.1 and 5.2
- HP-UX 11.0 and HP-UX 11i (RISC)

Also Supported

The CICS eWay also supports CICS Transaction Server residing on the following operating systems:

 OS/390 V2R10 or above (any reference to z/OS in this document also includes OS/390 V2R10)

1.3 System Requirements

To set up and run the CICS eWay with the eGate Enterprise Designer, you need the following:

- A TCP/IP network connection
- Windows 2000 SP3, Windows 2003 Server, or Windows XP (required for the User Interface)
- Microsoft Internet Explorer 6.0 SP1 or above
- *Note:* Open and review the *Readme.txt* eWay prior to installation, for any additional requirements.

1.4 External System Requirements

Software Requirements

- IBM CICS Transaction Server version 1.3 or 2.1
- The CICS eWay connects to CICS using the SeeBeyond CICS Listener (STCL). See CICS Server Requirements for Using the SeeBeyond CICS Listener on page 12 and CICS Listener Requirements for Invoking DB2 Applications on page 13 for specific requirements.

1.4.1. CICS Server Requirements for Using the SeeBeyond CICS Listener

To enable the eWay to communicate correctly with CICS using the SeeBeyond CICS Listener the following are required:

- OS/390 V2R10 or above (see **System Requirements** on page 12)
- Resource Access Control Facility (RACF) or an equivalent security product
- IBM CICS Transaction Server version 1.3 or 2.1
- IBM MVS TCP/IP socket runtime libraries, installed and configured for each CICS region in which the SeeBeyond CICS Listener will be run. For more information please refer to IBM's TCP/IP V3R2 for MVS: CICS TCP/IP Socket Interface Guide.
- COBOL for z/OS and Language Environments

1.4.2. CICS Listener Requirements for Invoking DB2 Applications

There are two different techniques that can be used for invoking DB2 application programs through the SeeBeyond CICS Listener.

- RCT entry for the STCL SeeBeyond CICS Listener Transaction
- PPT entry to redirect DB2 application to another AOR (Application Owning Region)

For detailed information refer to **CICS Listener Considerations for Invoking DB2 Applications** on page 34.

Installing the CICS eWay

This chapter contains installation information for the CICS eWay and SeeBeyond CICS Listener.

Chapter Topics

- Installing the CICS eWay on page 14
- SeeBeyond CICS Listener Installation for z/OS on page 15
- The SeeBeyond CICS Listener Configuration File Maintenance Screen for z/OS on page 18

2.1 Installing the CICS eWay

During the eGate Integrator installation process, the Enterprise Manager, a web-based application, is used to select and upload eWays (eWay.sar files) from the eGate installation CD-ROM to the Repository.

When the Repository is running on a UNIX operating system, eGate and the eWays are installed using the Enterprise Manager from a computer running Windows, connected to the Repository server.

2.1.1. Installing the CICS eWay on an eGate Supported System

The CICS eWay is installed during the installation of the eGate Integrator. The eGate installation process includes the following operations:

- Installing the eGate Repository
- Uploading products to the Repository
- Downloading components (such as eGate Enterprise Designer and Logical Host)
- Viewing product information home pages

Follow the instructions for installing the eGate Integrator in the *eGate Integrator Installation Guide*, and include the following steps:

- 1 During the procedures for uploading files to the eGate Repository using the Enterprise Manager, after uploading the **eGate.sar** file, select and upload the following files:
 - CICSeWay.sar (to install the CICS eWay)

- CobolCopyBook.sar (to install the Cobol Copybook Converter Wizard)
- **FileeWay.sar** (to install the File eWay, used in the sample Project)
- CICSeWayDocs.sar (to download the CICS eWay user's guide)
- 2 Continue installing the eGate Integrator as instructed in the *eGate Integrator Installation Guide*

2.1.2. After Installation

Once the eWay is installed and configured it must then be incorporated into a Project before it can perform its intended functions. See the *eGate Integrator User's Guide* for more information on incorporating the eWay into an eGate Project.

2.2 SeeBeyond CICS Listener Installation for z/OS

The following section provides directions for installing the SeeBeyond CICS Listener to an OS/390 or z/OS operating system from the installation CD-ROM or from a 3480 Tape. Directions are also included for installing CICS CEDA definitions, adding the CICS eWay load modules to the CICS DFHRPL concatenation, and using the SeeBeyond CICS Listener monitoring screen to verify that all components are properly installed and working correctly.

2.2.1. Installing the SeeBeyond CICS Listener from CD z/OS

These instructions show how to restore the SeeBeyond CICS Listener files from the installation CD_ROM (setup\addons\ewcics\SBYN_Listner.zip) to your MVS system in a usable state. The files are packaged on MVS for transfer using the TSO transmit (XMIT) command to transmit them into a data set. This is done to turn a PDS into FB 80 files which can be sent by FTP. These files are downloaded to a PC and then compressed with PKZIP.

- 1 Download the **SBYN_Listener.zip file** to your PC.
- 2 Unzip the files using WinZip or the Zip program of your choice.
- 3 Create two MVS datasets to receive the files, as follows:

//DD1 // // //	<pre>DD DSN=USER.XMIT.CICSLOAD, DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE), RECFM=FB,LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=3120,DSORG=PS, SPACE=(3120,(48,5)), UNIT=diskunit</pre>
//DD2 // // //	<pre>DD DSN=USER.XMIT.JCLLIB, DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE), RECFM=FB,LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=3120,DSORG=PS, SPACE=(3120,(30,5)), UNIT=diskunit</pre>

4 Upload (FTP, IND\$FILE) the unzipped files to MVS using a binary file transfer method (no CRLF or ASCII translation).

- 5 Restore the files to PDS by using the **Receive** command on MVS.
- 6 Issue command: TSO RECEIVE INDATASET(uploaded.dataset)
- 7 When prompted by the message:

```
INMR906A Enter restore parameters or 'DELETE' or 'END' + enter:
```

DA(name.of.your.library) UNIT(unit) VOLUME(volume)

Note: The UNIT() and VOLUME() operands are optional but shown in case your *installation requires them.*

We suggest using the following names for your received datasets:

STC.XMIT.CICS.CICSLOAD STC.XMIT.CICS.JCLLIB

These names match our documentation, but you may change them as your facility requires.

2.2.2. Installing the SeeBeyond CICS Listener from 3480 Tape

The SeeBeyond CICS Listener installation for OS/390 or z/OS is provided on an installation tape containing the following datasets (Table 1):

Dataset Name	Contents
TAPE.STC.RESTORE.JCL	Physical sequential datasets containing the JCL for this tape.
TAPE.STC.CICS.JCLLIB	Partition dataset that contains installation jobs and control cards for the CICS eWay.
TAPE.STC.CICS.CICLOAD	Load library that contains the CICS load modules for the CICS eWay.

Table 1OS/390 Datasets

Copying the Tape Contents to Disk

1 Create and submit the following job to copy the RESTORE JCL to disk:

```
//JOB CARD
//IEBGENER EXEC PGM-IEBGENER
//*
//*COPY RESTORE JCL TO DISK
//*
//SYSUT1 DD DSN=TAPE.STC.RESTORE.JCL,DISP=OLD,UNIT=TAPE,
// VOL=(,RETAIN,SER=STC390),LABEL=(1,SL)
//SYSUT2 DD DSN=customers.pds(restore),DISP=SHR
//SYSIN DD DUMMY
//
```

2 Customize and submit the RESTORE job to copy the entire contents of the Installation tape to disk.

2.2.3. Installing the CICS CEDA Definitions

Customize the file definition in the JCLLIB member CEDALCFG to conform to your site's file naming conventions. Customize and submit job STCLCEDA to create CICS CEDA definitions for the CICS eWay.

2.2.4. Adding the CICS eWay Load Modules to CICS DFHRPL Concatenation

Add the following data set to the DFHRPL concatenation under CICS:

// DD DSN=&PREFIX..STC.CICS.CICSLOAD,DISP=SHR

2.2.5. Creating the STCCLCFG File

Customize and submit the **STCCLCFG** job found in **JCLLIB**. Make sure the FCT entry **STCCLCFG** is closed and disabled in CICS before running this job.

2.3 The SeeBeyond CICS Listener Configuration File Maintenance Screen for z/OS

After the STCCLCFG Configuration File has been created and the CEDA file definition has been installed, use the SeeBeyond CICS Configuration File Maintenance screen to view and update the contents of the STCCLCFG configuration file.

1 Logon to the CICS region that the SeeBeyond Listener is running in. Clear the screen, type in **stlc** as shown in Figure 5, and press **Enter**.

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Figure 5

2 The **Configuration File Maintenance** screen appears as displayed in Figure 6.

Figure 6

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Eile Edit Iransfer Fonts Options Tools Yiew Window Help	
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STLMM30 USERID SeeBeyond Technology Corp. CICS CP02 CICS e*Way Listener STCCLCFG Configuration File Maintenance	03/20/2003 12:05:02
Y/N Description	
 Generate verbose debug tracing for STCCLSN Generate verbose debug tracing for STCCLQS 	
Y Verify userid/password during STCL listener transaction start Y Query security during STCL listener transaction startup	tup
Y Verify userid/password for each business rules transaction re Y Query security for each business rules transaction record	ecord
Y Write messages to the LLOG listener log queue	
Y Suppress RACF messages generated by Query Security commands	
Timeout value for invoking STCCLQS: 0005	
PF3:Exit PF4:Commit update Enter:Validate	
4-© 2 Sess-1 192.168.10.40 SCOTCP02	7/5

- 3 The fields of the Listener Configuration Maintenance screen are described as follows:
 - Generate verbose debug tracing for STCCLSN: This flag controls the logging of debug tracing messages issued by the STCCLSN SeeBeyond CICS Listener Program. These tracing messages are written to the LLOG transient data queue.

If the "Write messages to the LLOG listener log queue" field on this screen is turned off, then debug tracing will NOT be logged.

- Y: yes, log debug tracing messages.
- N or blank: no, do not log debug tracing messages.
- Generate verbose debug tracing for STCCLQS: This flag controls the logging of debug tracing messages issued by the STCCLQS SeeBeyond CICS Listener Query Security Program. These tracing messages are written to the LLOG transient data queue.

If the "Write messages to the LLOG listener log queue" field on this screen is turned off, then debug tracing will NOT be logged.

- Y: yes, log debug tracing messages.
- N or blank: no, do not log debug tracing messages.
- Verify userid/password during STCL listener transaction startup: This flag controls userid/password verification at the STCL SeeBeyond Listener Transaction startup. The userid and password are passed from the CICS eWay to the IBM Listener program in the user area of Connection Request Record. The IBM Listener passes this user area to the SeeBeyond CICS Listener when it spawns it as a child listener task.

If this flag is turned on, the SeeBeyond Listener Program startup logic issues a Verify Password command to check whether the userid is defined for the RACF or any equivalent security system, and if the password is valid and current.

- Y: yes, verify userid/password.
- N or blank: no, do not verify userid/password.
- Query Security during STCL listener transaction startup: This flag controls Query Security processing at the STCL SeeBeyond Listener Transaction startup. The userid and password are passed from the CICS eWay to the IBM Listener program in the user area of Connection Request Record. The IBM Listener passes this user area to the SeeBeyond CICS Listener when it spawns it as a child listener task.

If this flag is turned on, the SeeBeyond Listener Program startup logic invokes the STLQ SeeBeyond Listener Query Security transaction to check if the userid is authorized to run the STCL SeeBeyond Listener transaction.

- Y: yes, perform Query Security processing.
- N or blank: no, do not Query Security processing

• Verify userid/password for each business rules transaction record: This flag controls userid/password verification for each Business Rules transaction sent in from the CICS eWay. The userid and password are passed in from the CICS eWay in the Application Control Record (ACR) that contains the Business Rules transaction data.

If this flag is turned on, the SeeBeyond CICS Listener program Business Rules logic issues a Verify Password command to check whether the userid is defined for the RACF or any equivalent security system, and if the password is valid and current.

- Y: yes, verify userid/password.
- **N or blank**: no, do not verify userid/password.
- Query Security for each business rules transaction record: This flag controls Query Security processing for each Business Rules transaction sent in from the CICS eWay. The userid and password are passed in from the CICS eWay in the Application Control Record (ACR) that contains the Business Rules transaction data.

If this flag is turned on, the SeeBeyond CICS Listener Program Business Rules logic invokes the STLQ SeeBeyond Listener Query Security transaction to check whether the userid is authorized to run the requested customer application program or transaction that is specified in the ACR.

- Y: yes, perform Query Security processing.
- N or blank: no, do not Query Security processing.
- Write messages to the LLOG listener log queue: This flag controls the logging of messages to the LLOG listener log queue.

If this flag is turned off, NO messages (normal information as well as debug tracing) will be written by either the STCCLSN (SeeBeyond CICS Listener) or STCCLQS (SeeBeyond Listener Query Security) programs.

- Y: yes, write log messages to the LLOG listener log queue.
- **N or blank**: no, do not write log messages to the LLOG listener log queue.
- Suppress RACF messages generated by Query Security commands: This flag controls RACF informational message logging for Query Security exceptions.

If this flag is turned off, then every Query Security command that results in a negative result for Control, Alter, Update, or Read will cause respective RACF information messages to be written to the system message log. This could create unnecessary, high volume logging on the system message log files.

It is recommended that this flag be turned off for debugging or low volume testing purposes only.

In a production environment, it is recommended that this flag be turned on to

suppress the RACF informational messages generated by Query Security exception conditions.

- Y: yes, suppress RACF messages generated by Query Security processing.
- N or blank: no, do not suppress (in other words, allow) RACF messages to be generated by Query Security processing.
- Timeout value for invoking STCCLQS: This value is used to control the amount of time the STCCLSN SeeBeyond CICS Listener program waits for the STLQ Listener Query Security Transaction to return a response. Valid values are 0000 to 9999. Since the STLQ transaction, under normal CICS processing conditions, executes within one second, it is recommended that the value be set above 1 and below 10. However, if the CICS region that the SeeBeyond CICS Listener is running in experiences occasional performance bottle necks, you may choose to set this value higher to avoid unnecessary STLQ timeout errors during peek load conditions.

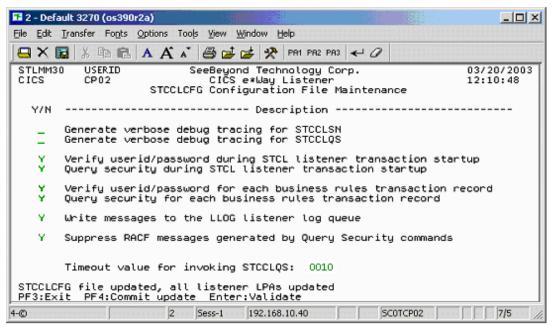
This value does not affect the time STLQ takes to respond. It simply sets a timeout threshold above which the STCCLSN stops waiting for a response from STLQ and issues an error message back to the CICS eWay indicating that an STLQ timeout has occurred. For example, if this timeout value is set to 5, and STLQ executes in 1 second, then STCCLSN will "wake up" after 1 second, not the full 5 seconds.

- 4 The pfkeys for this screen are as follows:
 - **PF3**: exit.
 - **PF4**: commit the updates on the screen to the STCCLCFG file and update all existing Listener Program Areas (LPA's) in CICS storage.
 - Enter: validates the onscreen data for errors.

The user may make any necessary changes, then use the **Enter** key to validate any new values that have been entered. IF no error conditions occur for the data on the screen, then the user must press the PF4 key to commit the updates to the STCCLCFG Listener Config VSAM File. The updated screen appears as displayed in **Figure 7 on page 22**. A message appears at the bottom of the screen that indicating the file and whether any LPA's were updated.

During commit processing, the program will also automatically propagate the new data to all existing SeeBeyond Listener Program Areas (LPA's) in the same CICS region. There is one LPA for each instance of the SeeBeyond CICS Listener in the region. The STCCLSN (SeeBeyond CICS Listener) program uses its copy of the LPA to store monitoring statistics and to retrieve data used to control the execution of the SeeBeyond CICS Listener. Live updates to the LPAs provide the capability for real time control of the configuration flags and timers for all active SeeBeyond CICS Listeners executing at that time.





5 Continue making any necessary changes, committing them by pressing **PF4**. To exit the screen press **PF3**.

2.3.1. The SeeBeyond CICS Listener Monitor Screen for z/OS

After the components are installed, use the SeeBeyond CICS Listener monitoring screen to verify that all components are properly installed and working correctly.

1 Logon to the CICS region that the SeeBeyond Listener is running in. Clear the screen, and type in **stlm** as displayed in Figure 8. Press **Enter**.

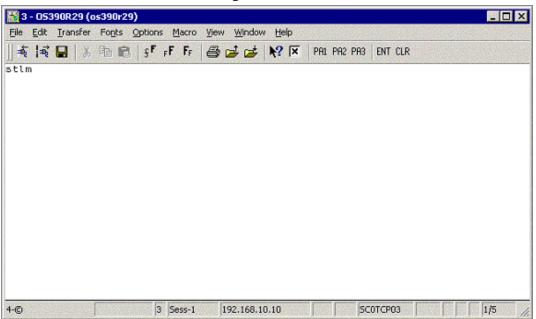
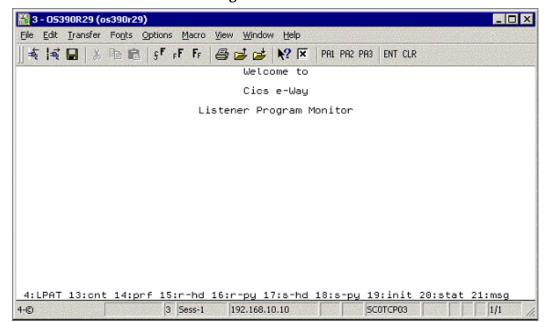


Figure 8

- 2 The menu screen appears as displayed in Figure 9.
 - Figure 9



- 3 The **pfkeys** for this screen, and all of the monitor screens shown in this document, are as follows:
 - **PF4**: displays the LPAT (Listener Program Area Table).
 - **PF13**: displays the LPA counts and polling rates.
 - **PF14**: displays the LPA performance statistics.
 - **PF15**: displays the LPA last request header received from the CICS eWay.
 - **PF16**: displays the LPA last request payload received from the CICS eWay.
 - PF17: displays the LPA last response header sent to the CICS eWay.
 - **PF18**: displays the LPA last response payload sent to the CICS eWay.
 - **PF19**: displays the LPA initial record sent from the IBM Listener (EZACIC02).
 - **PF20**: displays the LPA status.
 - **PF21**: displays the LPA last error message sent to the CICS eWay.

Press **PF4**. The **Listener Program Area Table** screen appears as displayed in Figure 10.

Figure 10

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考试日 5 阳 @ 5 F FF	🖨 🥩 🧩 🕅 🛛 PR1 PR2	PR3 ENT CLR
STCCLPAT -	Cics Listener Program Ar	rea Table
CLPAT-status-flag	CLPAT-lpa-pointer	Listener Program Status
E Exists E Exists E Exists E Exists Never used Never used	$\begin{array}{c} 0 & 0 & 7 & 9 & 4 & 6 & 2 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 7 & 7 & 5 & 3 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 7 & 9 & 6 & 8 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 7 & 9 & 6 & 8 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 &$	7 shutd complt 7 shutd complt 7 shutd complt 7 shutd complt
1:LPAT 13:cnt 14:prf 15:r-hc © 3 Sess-	DECOMPTON ADDRESS	g 19:init 20:stat 21:msg 5COTCP03 1/1

- 4 This screen displays the Listener Program Area Table (LPAT). Each line contains information about a Listener Program Area (LPA). There is one LPA associated with each instance of the SeeBeyond CICS Listener Program that is running or has run in this CICS region. The fields on the screen are:
 - CLPAT-status-flag: shows the current status of the LPAT entry as follows:
 - E: Exists.
 - N: Never used.

• C: Corrupted.

- CLPAT-lpa-pointer: shows the address of the most recent LPA in this entry.
- **Listener Program Status**: shows the last status of the Listener Program using this LPA.

Press **PF13.** The **LPA Counts and Polling Rates** screen appears as displayed in Figure 11.

Figure 11

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ile Edit <u>T</u> ransfer	Fonts Options Macro View Window Help	
* * 8	🗈 💼 💡 F F Fr 🚑 🥩 📂 💘 🗵 PA1 PA2 P	A3 ENT CLR
	STCCLPA - Cics Listener Program A Counts and Polling Rates	ireas
program link 900 1 1	start avg poll non-max highest trans rate poll poll 0 1.0 2 2 0 1.0 1 1 0 1.0 1 1	
LEPAT 13:cm	t 14:prf 15:r-hd 16:r-py 17:s-hd 18:s-py	19:init 20:stat 21:msg
©	3 Sess-1 192.168.10.10	SCOTCP03

5 This screen displays counts and polling rates information for each LPA. Each line shows one LPA (one for each instance of the SeeBeyond Listener Program).

The fields on the screen are as follows:

- **program link**: the number of program links that have been requested.
- **start trans**: the number of transaction starts that have been requested.
- **avg poll rate**: the average number of receives per polling cycle to satisfy a full message receive from the CICS eWay.
- **non-max cnt**: the 'high water mark' of receives within a polling cycle without reaching the polling rate (polling rate is sent in from the CICS eWay when it initializes connection with the CICS Listener program).
- **highest poll**: the 'high water mark' of receives within a polling cycle that can include reaching the maximum allowed polling rate.
- **receive delay cnt**: the number of one second delays that occurred due to the Comm Timeout limit being reached (Comm. Timeout is sent in from the CICS eWay when it initializes connection with the CICS Listener program).

• **listener delay cnt**: number of one second delays that occur due to the Listener Timeout limit being reached (Listener Timeout is sent in from the CICS eWay when it initializes connection with the CICS Listener program).

Press **PF14**. The **LPA Performance Statistics** screen appears as displayed in Figure 12.

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Figure 12

⁶ This screen (Figure 12) displays the performance statistics for each LPA. Each line shows one LPA (one for each instance of the SeeBeyond Listener Program).

All times shown are in sss.mmm format (sss = seconds, mmm=milliseconds). The fields on the screen are as follows:

- **peek request**: the average time spent peeking for the next incoming application request message.
- **receive request**: the average time spent receiving the next incoming application request message.
- **send ack**: the average time spent sending an ack for an incoming application request message.
- **link program**: the average time spent link to requested application programs.
- **start tran**: the average time spent starting requested application transactions.
- **send response**: the average time spent sending the application response (including the updated COMMAREA for program links) back to the eWay.
- **peek ack**: the average time spent peeking for the incoming ack to the preceding send response.
- **receive ack**: the average time spent receiving the incoming ack to the preceding send response.

Press **PF15.** The **Last Application Request Header Received** screen appears as displayed in Figure 13.

Figure 13

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4:LPAT 13 4-©	:cnt 14:prf	15:r-hd 16:r 3 Sess-1 1	-py 17:s-h	second production productions are	.9:init COTCPO3	20:stat	21:msg

- 7 This screen (Figure 13) displays the last application request header received from the CICS eWay for each LPA. Each line shows one LPA (one for each instance of the SeeBeyond Listener Program). The fields on the screen are as follows:
 - **message length**: the entire length of the incoming message including the header and payload.
 - **program or tran**: the requested application program or transaction.
 - **appl timeout**: (reserved for future development).
 - **request code**: which action is being requested.
 - 0010 = link to application program.
 - 0020 = start application transaction.
 - 0111 = ack for a link response.
 - 0121 = ack for a start response.
 - 9000 = shutdown the Listener program.
 - response code: always set to zero from the CICS eWay.
 - **pad char**: padding character for the COMMAREA if the payload length is less than the COMMAREA length.
 - **commarea length**: the length of the data to pass to the application program (link) or the application transaction (start).
 - payload length: the length of the payload portion of the incoming message.

Press **PF16.** The **Last Application Request Payload Received** screen appears as displayed in Figure 14.

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Figure 14

- 8 This screen (Figure 14) displays the last application request payload received from the CICS eWay for each LPA. Each line shows one LPA (one for each instance of the SeeBeyond Listener Program). There is one field on the screen:
 - **Payload Received**: the incoming payload from the CICS eWay.

Press **PF17**. The **Last Application Response Header** screen appears as displayed in Figure 15.

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				Program Area se Header Ser		
message length 113 113 113	3 QAN3GLR1 3 BOB3GLR1	appl timeout 0 0 0	request code 9001 9001 9001	response pa code cha 0000 41 0000 41 0000 41 0000 41	ar length 0 8 0 8	payload length 0 0 0
4:LPAT 13	3:cnt 14:prf	15:r-hd 16:	r-py 17:s-h	d 18:s-py 19:	init 20:stat	21:msg
-©	and Distances	3 Sess-1	192.168.10.10	sco	тсроз	1/1

Figure 15

- 9 The Last Application Response Header screen (Figure 15 on page 29) displays the last response header sent to the CICS eWay for each LPA. Each line shows one LPA (one for each instance of the SeeBeyond Listener Program). The fields on the screen are as follows:
 - **message length**: the entire length of the outgoing message including the header and payload.
 - **program or tran**: the application program or transaction that was executed or started.
 - appl timeout: (reserved for future development).
 - **request code**: what action is being requested.
 - 0001 = ack the init request.
 - 0011 = ack for a link program request.
 - 0021 = ack for a start trans response.
 - 0110 = response from a linked application program (including COMMAREA).
 - 0120 = response from starting an application transaction (no COMMAREA included).
 - 9001 = ack for a shutdown request.
 - **response code**: response code indicating what occurred while processing the previous incoming request from the eWay.
 - 0000 = ok.
 - 0011 = bad startcode during initialization.

- 0012 = bad password on init record.
- 0013 = bad comm timeout on init record.
- 0014 = bad appl timeout on init record.
- 0015 = bad Listener timeout on init record.
- 0016 = error reading the init record from transient data queue.
- 0017 = error retrieving the init record from the start data.
- 0018 = error while setting blocking mode.
- 0051 = bad payload length.
- 0052 = error while linking to a program.
- 0053 = error while starting a transaction.
- 0054 = bad request code.
- 0055 = bad response code.
- 0056 = partial message received.
- 0057 = bad program name.
- 0058 = bad message length.
- 0059 = bad commarea length.
- **pad char**: padding char that was sent in from the CICS eWay.
- **commarea length**: COMMAREA length that was sent in from the CICS eWay.
- **payload length**: payload length that was sent in from the CICS eWay (the Listener sets this to zero if this is a response to a start transaction request).

Press **PF18**. The **Last Application Response Payload Sent** screen appears as displayed in Figure 16.

Figure 16

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STCCLPA - Cics Liste Last Application Resp	
Payload	Sent
NOT FOUND 50005700NOT FOUND 50005500 50005500	01 01
4:LPAT 13:cnt 14:prf 15:r-hd 16:r-py 17:	

- 10 This screen (Figure 16) displays the last application response payload sent to the CICS eWay for each LPA. Each line shows one LPA (one for each instance of the SeeBeyond Listener Program). There is one field on the screen:
 - Payload sent: the outgoing payload being sent to the CICS eWay.

Press **PF19**. The **Initialization Record Passed from EZACIC02** screen appears as displayed in **Figure 17 on page 32**.

Figure 17

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- 11 This screen (Figure 17) displays the init record that was passed to the SeeBeyond Listener program from the IBM Listener program (ezacic02) for each LPA. Each line shows one LPA (one for each instance of the SeeBeyond Listener program). The fields on the screen are as follows:
 - sckt nbr: the socket number that is passed to the SeeBeyond Listener.
 - Listener applid: the applid of the CICS region that the IBM Listener is executing in that started this instance of the SeeBeyond Listener.
 - Listener tasked: the CICS taskid for the IBM Listener program that started this instance of the SeeBeyond Listener.
 - userid: userid passed in from the CICS eWay.
 - password: user password passed in from the CICS eWay.
 - **comm. Timeout**: this timeout value is the threshold limit for waiting for all the bytes of an incoming message.
 - **Listener timeout**: this timeout value is the threshold limit for waiting for a new incoming message.
 - **poll rate**: how many times the SeeBeyond Listener will perform a receive loop to satisfy a complete message receive, after which it will wait one second before trying again.
 - **socket family**: the TCP/IP family to which this socket belongs.
 - socket port: the port this instance of the SeeBeyond Listener is using.

Press **PF20**. The **Status Code Information** screen appears as displayed in **Figure 18 on page 33**.

Figure 18

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STCCLPA - Cics Liste		april port
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7 shutd complt 08-23-02 10:00:49	08-23-02 09:52:13 000010	
7 shutd complt 08-23-02 10:01:36	08-23-02 10:00:45 000011	
7 shutd complt 08-23-02 10:00:45	08-23-02 09:59:55 000011	.6
4:LPAT 13:cnt 14:prf 15:r-hd 16:r-py 17:	s-bd 18·s-ou 19·init 20·stat 21	:050
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- 12 This screen (Figure 18) shows the status information for each LPA. Each line shows one LPA (one for each instance of the SeeBeyond Listener program). The fields on the screen are as follows:
 - **Current status**: the current status of an active SeeBeyond Listener program, or the last known status of a previously executing SeeBeyond Listener program.
 - C = LPA is initialized.
 - E = about to get ezacic02 data.
 - G = about to take socket from IBM Listener program.
 - I = about to set mode to blocking.
 - K = about to send ack for init request.
 - M = peeking for length of next incoming request.
 - O = peeking for entire incoming request.
 - Q = receiving full incoming request message.
 - S = sending ack for application request.
 - U = linking to requested application program.
 - W = starting a request application transaction.
 - Y = sending a application response.
 - 0 = peeking for application response ack.
 - 2 = receiving an application response ack.
 - 4 = a shutdown request has been received.
 - 6 = sending an ack for the shutdown request.

- 7 = shutdown is complete, this LPA is now available for reuse.
- 8 = SeeBeyond Listener program appended.
- Current Status date: date for this status.
- Current Status time: time for this status.
- Initial Startup date: date this instance of the SeeBeyond Listener was started.
- Initial Startup time: time this instance of the SeeBeyond Listener was started.
- cics task nbr: the CICS eibtaskn for this instance of the SeeBeyond Listener.

Press PF21. The Error Message Sent screen appears as displayed in Figure 19.

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STCCLPA - Cics Listener Program Areas Last Application Response Error Message Sent	
Error Messsage Sent	
STCCLSN - 2440 - Link TESTPROG error. resp=000000027. resp2=000000000.	
4:LPAT 13:cnt 14:prf 15:r-hd 16:r-py 17:s-hd 16:s-py 19:init 20:stat 21:msg	
4-© 3 Sess-1 192.168.10.10 SCOTCP03 9/74	1

Figure 19

13 This screen (Figure 19) shows the last error message sent to the CICS eWay for each LPA. Each line shows one LPA (one for each instance of the SeeBeyond Listener program). There is one field on the screen:

Error Message Sent: the last error message sent to the CICS eWay for this instance of the SeeBeyond Listener program.

2.4 CICS Listener Considerations for Invoking DB2 Applications

One of the following two techniques are required when using the CICS eWay to run CICS applications that invoke a DB2 table:

- RCT entry for the STCL SeeBeyond CICS Listener Transaction
- PPT entry to redirect DB2 application to another AOR

RCT entry for the STCL SeeBeyond CICS Listener Transaction

To run DB2 application programs under the STCL SeeBeyond CICS Listener transid, an RCT entry for the STCL transaction must be created using an RCT macro definition similar to the one shown below or by using an equivalent RDO entry.

```
DSNCRCT TYPE=ENTRY,TXID=STCL,THRDM=0,THRDA=0,THRDS=0,TWAIT=POOL,PLAN=HD45LE06,AUTH=(SIGNID,*,*)
```

PPT entry to redirect DB2 application to another AOR

To redirect DB2 application programs to another AOR, the PPT entry for the requested DB2 application program in the TOR (where the STCL SeeBeyond CICS Listener transaction is running) must be defined to run the DB2 application program in a different region (usually an AOR) and under a specific PCT in that AOR. Refer to **Figure 20 on page 36** for a detailed flow diagram showing the use of the PPT and PCT.

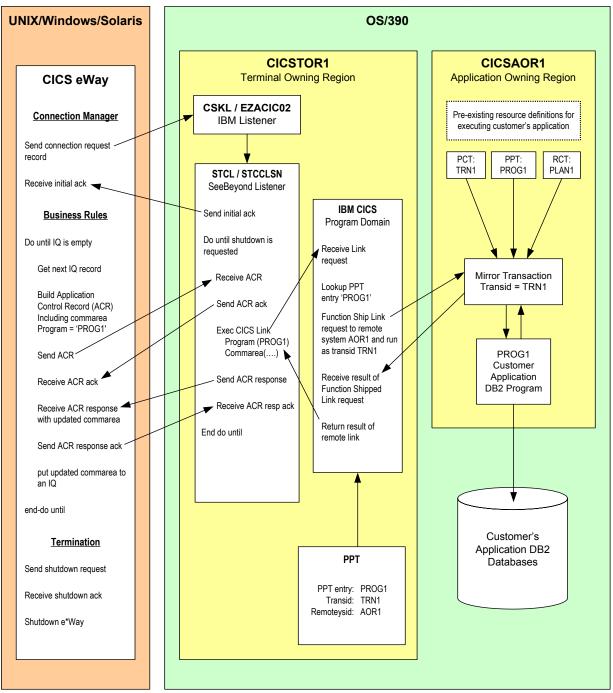


Figure 20 SeeBeyond CICS Listener invoking DB2 programs

Chapter 3

Configuring the eWay Properties

This chapter describes how to create and configure the CICS eWay properties.

Chapter Topics

- Creating and Configuring the CICS eWay on page 37
- Using the Properties Sheet on page 38
- CICS eWay Connectivity Map Configuration Properties on page 40
- CICS eWay Environment Explorer Configuration Properties on page 43

3.1 Creating and Configuring the CICS eWay

All eWays contain a set of parameters with properties unique to that eWay type. After the eWays are established and a CICS External System is created in the Project's Environment, the eWay parameters can be modified for your specific system. The CICS eWay parameters are modified from two locations:

- From the **Connectivity Map**. These parameters most commonly apply to a specific eWay, and may vary from other eWays (of the same type) in the project.
- From the **Environment Explorer tree**. These parameters are commonly global, applying to all eWays (of the same type) in the project. The saved properties are shared by all eWays in the CICS External System window.

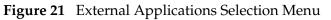
The properties for the CICS eWay must be set in both locations.

3.1.1 Selecting CICS as the External Application

To create a CICS eWay, you must first create a CICS External Application in your Connectivity Map. CICS eWays are located between a CICS External Application and a Service. Services are containers for Java Collaborations, Business Processes, eTL processes, and so forth.

To create the CICS External Application

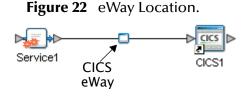
- 1 From the Connectivity Map toolbar, click the External Applications icon.
- 2 Select the CICS External Application from the menu (see Figure 21 on page 38). The selected CICS External Application icon appears on the Connectivity Map toolbar.



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	🗆 🔯 Scheduler	
	CICS External Application	

3 Drag the new **CICS External Application** from the toolbar onto the Connectivity Map canvas. This represents an external CICS system.

From the Connectivity Map, you can associate (bind) the External Application with the Service to establish an eWay (see Figure 22).



When CICS is selected as the External Application, it automatically applies the default CICS eWay properties, provided by the OTD, to the eWay that connects it to the Service. These properties can then be or modified for your specific system using the **Properties Sheet**.

3.1.2 Creating Custom Properties for a CICS eWay

A Project's eWay properties can be modified after the eWays have been established in the Connectivity Map and the Environment has been created.

Modifying the CICS eWay (Connectivity Map) Properties

- 1 From the Connectivity Map, double click the eWay icon, located in the link between the associated External Application and the Service.
- 2 The eWay **Properties Sheet** opens to the eWay CICS Connectivity Map parameters. Make any necessary modifications and click **OK** to save the settings.

Modifying the CICS eWay (Environment Explorer) Properties

- 1 From the Environment Explorer tree, right-click the CICS external system. Select **Properties** from the shortcut menu. The **Properties Sheet** appears.
- 2 Make any necessary modifications to the Environment parameters of the CICS eWays, and click **OK** to save the settings.

3.1.3. Using the Properties Sheet

Modifications to the eWay configuration properties are made from the CICS eWay Properties Sheet .

To modify the default eWay configuration properties

- 1 Open the Properties Sheet to the CICS eWay default properties. An eWay has two different sets of parameters: those specific to that particular eWay (accessed from the Connectivity Map), and those that are common to all eWays of this type (accessed from the Environment Explorer tree).
- 2 From the upper-right pane of the Properties Sheet, select a subdirectory of the configuration directory. The parameters contained in that subdirectory are now displayed in the Properties pane of the Properties Sheet. For example, clicking on the **connector** subdirectory displays the editable parameters in the right pane, as shown in Figure 23.

	Properties	8
configuration	* 12 18 1/2 1	0
CICS Client	class	com.stc.eways.cics.Cics(
	Connection Transport	SeeBeyond CICS Listene
	Property.Tag	
	type	CICS <
Description (type)		
Connector type:		
The value is always default to Cics for CICS		
connection		
Commonto (tuno)		
Comments (type)		
	Properties	
ОК		Cancel

Figure 23 Properties Sheet -- CICS Properties

3 Click on any property field to make it editable. For example, click on the **class** parameter to edit the class value. If a parameter's value is true/false or multiple choice, the field reveals a submenu of property options.

Click on the ellipsis (. . .) in the properties field to open a separate configuration dialog box. This is helpful for large values that cannot be fully displayed in the parameter's property field. Enter the property value in the dialog box and click **OK**. The value is now displayed in the parameter's property field.

- 4 A description of each parameter is displayed in the **Description** pane when that parameter is selected, providing an explanation of any required settings or options.
- 5 The **Comments** pane provides an area for recording notes and information regarding the currently selected parameter. This is saved for future referral.
- 6 After modifying the configuration properties, click **OK** to close the Properties Sheet and save the changes.

3.2 CICS eWay Connectivity Map Configuration Properties

The CICS eWay configuration parameters, accessed from the Connectivity Map, are organized into the following sections:

- **Connector** on page 40
- CICS Client on page 41

3.2.1. Connector

This section contains a set of top level parameters:

- Class on page 40
- Connection Transport on page 40
- **Property.Tag** on page 41
- Type on page 41

Class

Description

Specifies the class name of the CICS Client connector object.

Required Value

The valid (class) package name for the CICS Client connector object. The default is com.stc.eways.cics.CicsClientConnector.

Connection Transport

Description

Specifies the underlying connection transport used by the CICS eWay. The **SeeBeyond CICS Listener** is the underlying transport to send requests to and get responses from a CICS region.

Required Value

Enter the name of the selected underlying connection transport as follows:

SeeBeyond CICS Listener

SeeBeyond CICS Listener is the default.

Property.Tag

Description

Specifies the data source identity. This parameter is required by the current EBobConnectorFactory.

Required Value

The valid data source package name.

Туре

Description

Specifies the connector type.

Required Value

CICS. The value always defaults to CICS for CICS connections.

3.2.2. CICS Client

This section contains the following parameters for CICS Client setup:

- CICS Program on page 41
- CICS TransId on page 42
- **COMMAREA Length** on page 42
- ECI call type on page 42
- ECI extend mode on page 42
- Encoding on page 42

CICS Program

Description

Specifies the CICS program to be run on the server. Maximum length is eight characters.

Required Value

A valid CICS program name, eight characters or less.

CICS TransId

Description

Specifies the CICS TransId to be run on the server. Maximum length is four characters.

Required Value

A valid CICS TransId, four characters or less.

COMMAREA Length

Description

Specifies the length (in bytes) of the communication area (COMMAREA) passed to the ECI.

Required Value

An integer in the range of 1 to 32659. The configured default is 1000.

ECI call type

Description

Specifies whether the ECI call type is Synchronous. Synchronous calls wait for the transaction to complete, then return the contents of the COMMAREA. Only Synchronous calls are supported

Required Value

Synchronous is the configured default.

ECI extend mode

Description

Specifies whether a logical unit of work is terminated at the end of a call.

Required Value

Yes or **No**. Yes indicates that the work unit is terminated at the end of a call. No is the configured default.

Encoding

Description

Specifies default encoding.

Required Value

The canonical name for any encoding set supported by Sun's Java Runtime Environment 1.1.8 (contained in rt.jar and i18n.jar). Examples are ASCII and Cp500 (EBCDIC). When running the CICS eWay on z/OS platforms, encoding should be set to "ISO-8859-1".

3.3 CICS eWay Environment Explorer Configuration Properties

The CICS eWay configuration parameters, accessed from the Environment Explorer tree, are organized into the following sections:

- SeeBeyond CICS Listener on page 43
- Tracing on page 47
- CICS Client on page 47

3.3.1. SeeBeyond CICS Listener

These parameters are specific to the SeeBeyond CICS Listener. This section contains a set of top level parameters:

- COMMAREA Padding Character on page 43
- Host on page 44
- KeepAlive on page 44
- Listener Timeout on page 44
- **NoDelay** on page 44
- **Polling Rate** on page 45
- Port on page 45
- ReceiveBufSize on page 45
- SeeBeyond CICS Listener TransId on page 45
- SendBufSize on page 45
- Start Delay on page 46
- Start Type on page 46
- **TP Timeout** on page 46
- Transport Timeout on page 46

COMMAREA Padding Character

Description

Specifies the EBCDIC code for the character used by the SBYND listener to pad the COMMAREA at the CICS server when the actual length of the payload in the COMMAREA is shorter than the length given by CommAreaLength. The default value is hexadecimal 40 - EBCDIC space.

Required Value

• A character value coded in Hexadecimal. For example: 40 for Blanks, 00 for Low Values, FF for High Values, and so forth.

Host

Description

Specifies the name of the mainframe host with which to connect. This is always CICS.

Required Value

CICS. The value always defaults to CICS for CICS connections. The default is CICS.

KeepAlive

Description

Specifies whether to enable socket keep-alive checking. A setting of TRUE enables an implementation specific time period when a probe is sent to the peer host. The purpose of this option is to detect if the peer host has crashed.

One of three responses is expected:

1. The peer responds with the expected ACK. The application is not notified (since everything is OK). TCP will send another probe following another 2 hours of inactivity.

2. The peer responds with an RST, which tells the local TCP that the peer host has crashed and rebooted. The socket is closed.

3. There is no response from the peer. The socket is closed.

Required Value

Enter TRUE or FALSE. TRUE is the default.

Listener Timeout

Description

Specifies the estimated amount of time (in milliseconds) for the SeeBeyond CICS Listener to wait for the next incoming transaction program request from the CICS eWay.

Required Value

An integer between 1 and 864000 representing milliseconds (for example, 120000 milliseconds equals 2 minutes). The default value is 5000.

NoDelay

Description

Specifies whether the system can delay connections or requests. Generally, **NoDelay**/**True** is necessary for high-volume and/or critical transactions. In cases of low-volume and/or noncritical transactions, you can use **NoDelay/False**. Required Values

Required Value

Enter **TRUE** or **FALSE**. TRUE is the default.

Polling Rate

Description

Specifies the polling rate. This is the number of times the SeeBeyond CICS Listener will query the current TCP connection for incoming traffic before issuing an EXEC CICS DELAY for one second.

Required Value

An integer between 1 and 255 representing. The default value is 5.

Port

Description

Specifies the TCP/IP port where the SeeBeyond CICS Listener is listening. This is the port to which the CICS eWay will connect.

Required Value

The TCP/IP port to which SeeBeyond CICS Listener is listening. The default is 3001.

ReceiveBufSize

Description

Specifies the Receive Buffer Size (in bytes) for the underlying socket, this is a hint.

Required Value

An integer between 1 and 864000 representing bytes (for example, 10240 bytes equals 10 kilobytes). The default value is 4096.

SeeBeyond CICS Listener TransId

Description

Specifies the TransId of the SeeBeyond CICS Listener on the mainframe host. This is the CICS Transaction that the SeeBeyond CICS Listener is installed under.

Required Value

The valid TransId of the SeeBeyond Cics Listener

SendBufSize

Description

Specifies the Send Buffer Size for the underlying socket.

Required Value

An integer between 1 and 864000 representing bytes (for example, 10240 bytes equals 10 kilobytes). The default value is 4096.

Start Delay

Description

Specifies the hours, minutes and seconds (interval of time) to delay starting the transaction program (TP) on the CICS server for the **IC** Start Type. This field is optional but must specify all 6 digits if used.

Required Value

A 6 digit integer. All 6 digits must be given if this is specified (for example, 000000).

Start Type

Description

Specifies the startup type. This can be either **IC** for CICS interval control or **TD** for CICS transient data. This is the CICS Startup type for the program being executed.

Required Value

Select IC or TD.

TP Timeout

Description

Specifies the amount of time the CICS eWay will wait for the SeeBeyond CICS Listener to return results for a current transaction program request.

Required Value

An integer between 1 and 864000 representing milliseconds (for example, 120000 milliseconds equals 2 minutes). The default value is 50000.

Transport Timeout

Description

Specifies the timeout used by both the local and host side for receive on the socket.

Required Value

An integer between 1 and 864000 representing milliseconds (for example, 120000 milliseconds equals 2 minutes). The default value is 5000.

3.3.2. **Tracing**

This section contains the following parameters for CICS Client setup:

• Timing on page 47

Timing

Description

Specifies whether or not to display time-stamps in the trace.

Required Value

On or Off. On indicates that the time-stamp is displayed in the trace. The default setting is On.

3.3.3. CICS Client

This section contains the following parameters for CICS Client setup:

- CICS Password on page 47
- CICS UserId on page 47

CICS Password

Description

Specifies the password for the CICS user. Maximum length is eight characters.

Required Value

• A valid password for the user ID, eight characters or less.

CICS UserId

Description

Specifies the ID of the CICS user. Maximum length is eight characters.

Required Value

A valid CICS user ID, eight characters or less.

Chapter 4

Using elnsight Business Processes with the CICS eWay

This chapter describes how to use the CICS eWay with the ICAN Suite's eInsight Business Process Manager and the Web Services interface.

Note: You must have the eInsight.sar file installed to use the Web Services interface.

Chapter Topics

- The eInsight Engine and Components on page 48
- The CICS eWay With eInsight on page 49
- The CICS eWay eInsight Sample Project on page 49

4.1 The elnsight Engine and Components

eGate components can be deployed as Activities in eInsight Business Processes. Once a component is associated with an Activity, eInsight invokes it using a Web Services interface. eGate components that can interface with eInsight in this way include the following:

- Object Type Definitions (OTDs)
- eWays
- Collaborations

Using the Enterprise Designer and eInsight, you can add an Activity to a Business Process, then associate that Activity with an eGate component, for example, an eWay. Then, when eInsight runs the Business Process, it automatically invokes that component via its Web Services interface.

See the *eInsight Business Process Manager User's Guide* for details.

4.2 The CICS eWay With eInsight

An eInsight Business Process Activity can be associated with the CICS eWay during the system design phase. To make this association, select the desired operators under the eWay in the Enterprise Explorer and drag it onto the eInsight Business Process Designer canvas.

The CICS eWay has the following operators available:

• execute

The operation is automatically changed to an Activity with an icon identifying the component that is the basis for the Activity. At run time, eInsight invokes each step in the order defined in the Business Process. Using eInsight's Web Services interface, the Activity in turn invokes the CICS eWay.

4.3 The CICS eWay eInsight Sample Project

This following pages provide directions for creating a simple Project that demonstrates how eInsight Business Processes are used with the CICS eWay. The same Project can be downloaded from the Installation CD-ROM in a near-complete state.

For more information on creating ICAN Projects see the *eInsight Business Process Manager User's Guide* and the *eGate Integrator User's Guide*.

4.4 Importing a Sample Project

Sample eWay Projects are included as part of the installation CD-ROM package.

To import a sample eWay Project to the Enterprise Designer do the following:

- 1 The sample files are uploaded with the eWay's documentation .sar file and downloaded from the Enterprise Manager's Documentation tab. Extract the samples from the Enterprise Manager to a local file.
- 2 From the Enterprise Designer's Project Explorer pane, right-click the Repository and select **Import Project** from the shortcut menu. The **Select File to Import** dialog box appears.
- ³ Browse to the directory that contains the sample project zip file. Select the sample file (for this sample, **CICS_BP_Sample.zip**) and click **Open**.
- 4 From the File Destination dialog box, select **Import to a new Project**, and enter the name of the Project (for this sample, **CICS_BP_Sample**).
- 5 When the import has successfully completed, right-click the Repository and select **Refresh All from Repository** from the shortcut menu.
- 6 Before an imported sample Project can be run you must do the following:

- Create an Environment (see Creating an Environment on page 58)
- Configure the eWay properties for your specific system (see Configuring the eWay Properties on page 59)
- Create a **Deployment Profile** (see **Creating and Activating the Deployment Profile** on page 61)

The following pages provide step by step directions for manually creating the CICS_BP_Sample Project.

4.5 The CICS_BP_Sample Project Overview

The CICS eWay Project, CICS_BP_Sample, demonstrates the following:

- The Inbound File eWay subscribes to an external directory and receives input data (ASCII text).
- The ASCII text data is converted to EBCDIC (byte array) using cp037 encoding, and published by the CICS eWay, to the CICS external system.
- Input EBCDIC data from the CICS external system, is received by the CICS eWay and converted back to String ASCII data using cp037 encoding. This data is published to the outbound File eWay.
- The outbound File eWay publishes the data to an external directory.

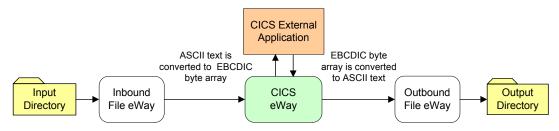


Figure 24 CICS_BP_Sample Project

4.6 Creating the CICS_BP_Sample Project

The following pages provide step by step directions for creating the CICS_BP_Sample Project.

4.6.1. Creating a Project

The first step is to create a new Project in the SeeBeyond Enterprise Designer.

- 1 Start the Enterprise Designer.
- 2 From the Project Explorer tree, right-click the Repository and select **New Project** (see Figure 25). A new Project (**Project1**) appears on the Project Explorer tree.

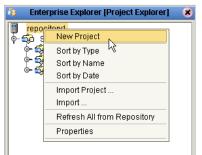


Figure 25 Enterprise Explorer - New Project

3 Click twice on **Project1** and rename the Project (for this sample, **CICS_BP_Sample**).

4.6.2 Creating a Business Process

To create the CICS eInsight Business Process, do the following:

Creating the Business Process Flow

- 1 Right-click an existing Project (for this sample CICS_BP_Sample) in the Enterprise Designer's Project Explorer, and select New > Business Process from the shortcut menu. The eInsight Business Process Designer appears and BusinessProcess1 is added to the Project Explorer tree. Rename BusinessProcess1 to CICS_BP.
- 2 From the Project Explorer tree, expand the SeeBeyond > eWays > CICSeWay > CICS_eWay, and File > FileClient nodes.
- ³ Populate the eInsight Business Process Designer's modeling canvas with the following activities from the Project Explorer tree, as displayed in Figure 26 on page 52:
 - receive, under SeeBeyond > eWays > File > FileClient
 - execute, under SeeBeyond > eWays > CICSeWay > CICS_eWay
 - write, under SeeBeyond > eWays > File > FileClient

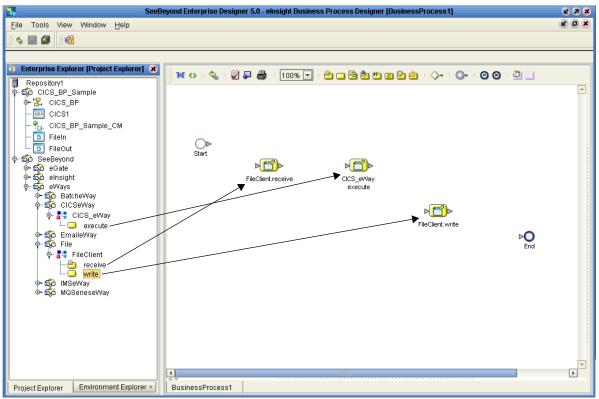
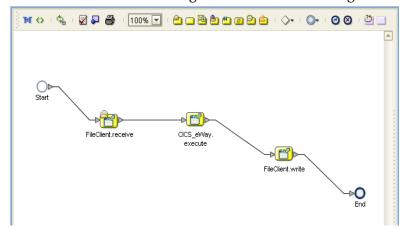


Figure 26 elnsight Business Process Designer - Populate the Canvas

- 4 Link the modeling elements by clicking on the element connector and dragging the cursor to the next element connector, making the following links as displayed in Figure 27.
- Start -> FileClient.receive
- FileClient.receive -> CICS_eWay.execute
- CICS_eWay.execute -> FileClient.write
- FileClient.write -> End

Figure 27 Business Process Designer - Link the Modeling Elements



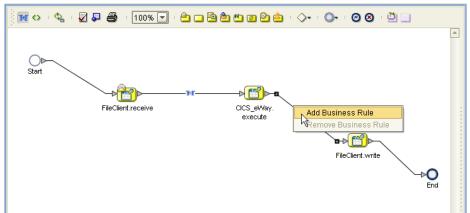
Configuring the Modeling Elements

Business Rules, created between the Business Process Activities, allow you to configure the relationships between the input and output Attributes of the Activities using the Business Process Designer's Business Rule Designer.

Adding Business Rules

- 1 Right-click the link between the **FileClient.receive** and **CICS_eWay.execute** Activities and select **Add Business Rule** from the shortcut menu.
- 2 Repeat step 1 for the CICS_eWay.execute to FileClient.write link (see Figure 28).

Figure 28 eInsight Business Process Designer - Adding Business Rules



Using the Business Rule Designer

- 1 From the eInsight Business Process Designer toolbar, click the **Map Business Process Attributes** button. The Business Rule Designer appears at the bottom of the eInsight Business Process Designer.
- 2 Click on the Business Rule icon in the link between FileClient.receive and CICS_eWay.execute to display the Business Rule's Input and Output Attributes in the Business Rule Designer. These Attributes can now be modified.
- ³ From the Business Rule Designer toolbar, click the Method Palette icon (see Figure 29). The Method Palette appears. From the **String** tab, select **bytes to text** and **text to bytes**, and click **Close**. The **bytes to text** and **text to bytes** icons are added to the toolbar.
- 4 Drag the **text to bytes** icon to the Business Rule Designer canvas. The **text to bytes** method box appears on the Business Rule Designer canvas (see Figure 29).

Business Rule Designer			
-	Method Palette	Image: Second	Input All Business Process Attributes CICS_eWay.execute.Input input password program transld commAreaLength
			commArea •
BusinessProcess1			

Figure 29 elnsight Business Rule Designer

- 5 Map text, under FileClient.receive.Output to the text input node of the text to bytes method box by clicking on text under FileClient.receive.Output in Output pane of the Business Rule Designer, and dragging the cursor to the text input node of the text to bytes method box. A line is displayed between the two.
- 6 Map return bytes in the text to bytes method box, to commArea under CICS_eWay.execute.Input > Input in the Input pane of the Business Rule Designer.
- 7 Drag the string-literal icon from the Business Rule Designer toolbar to the Business Rule Designer canvas. The Input dialog box appears. Enter cp037 as the literal value. The string-literal method box is displayed in the Business Rule Designer.
- 8 Map the string-literal value, **cp037**, to the encoding input node of the **text to bytes** method box (see Figure 30).

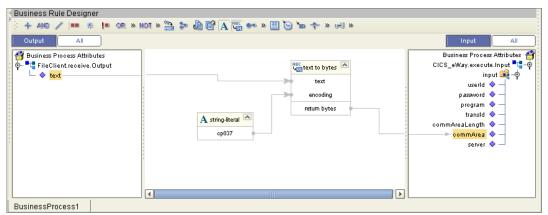


Figure 30 eInsight Business Rule Designer

- 9 From the Enterprise Explorer, right-click the Repository and select Save Changes into Repository from the shortcut menu, to save your current changes.
- 10 To configure the second Business Rule, click on the Business Rule icon in the link between the **CICS_eWay.execute** and **FileClient.write** Activities. This Business Rule is now displayed (to be modified) in the Business Rule Designer.
- 11 From the Business Rule Designer toolbar, drag and drop the **bytes to text** icon to the Business Rule Designer canvas. The **bytes to text** method box appears.

- 12 Map **commArea**, under **CICS_eWay.execute.Output > output** in the Output pane, to the **bytes** input node of the **bytes to text** method box.
- 13 Map the **return text** output node of the **bytes to text** method box, to **text** under **FileClient.write.Input** in the Input pane.
- 14 Drag the **string-literal** icon from the Business Rule Designer toolbar to the Business Rule Designer. The **Input** dialog box appears. Enter **cp037** as the literal value. The string-literal method box is displayed in the Business Rule Designer.
- 15 Map the string-literal value, **cp037**, to the **encoding** input node of the **bytes to text** method box (see Figure 31).

 Business Rule Designer 		
	001 » 🔚 🗫 🦺 😭 🗛 🐻 🕶 » 🗏 🕒 🖕 🗧 vill »	
Output All		Input All
Business Process Attributes		Business Process Attributes 省
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		FileClient.write.Input 🃲 – 🌼
🕴 🔶 🙀 output	01-2 bytes to text	text 🔷 🚽
commArea	bytes	1
	encoding	
* * * *	return text	
	A string-literal	
	cp037	
·		
BusinessProcess1		

Figure 31 eInsight Business Rule Designer

- 16 From the Business Process Designer toolbar, click the Synchronize Graphical Model and Business Process icon to synchronize the graphical interface to the Business Process code.
- 17 Save your changes to the Repository.

4.6.3 Creating a Connectivity Map

The Connectivity Map provides a canvas for assembling and configuring a Project's components.

- 1 From the Project Explorer tree, right-click the new CICS_BP_Sample Project and select New > Connectivity Map from the shortcut menu.
- ² The New Connectivity Map appears and a node for the Connectivity Map is added under the Project on the Project Explorer tree labeled **CMap1**. Rename the Connectivity Map **CICS_BP_Sample_CM**.

The icons in the toolbar represent the available components used to populate the Connectivity Map canvas.

Selecting the External Applications

In the Connectivity Map, the eWays are associated with External Systems. For example, to establish a connection to CICS, you must first select CICS as an External System to use in your Connectivity Map (see Figure 32).



) 🗊 🐟 🖾 🕒 💽		
	File External Application	
	Scheduler	
	CICS External Application	

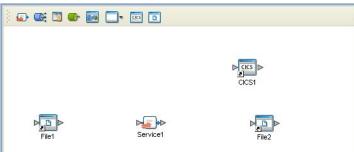
- 1 Click the External Application icon on the Connectivity Map toolbar,
- 2 Select the external systems necessary to create your Project (for this sample, **CICS** and **File**). Icons representing the selected external systems are added to the Connectivity Map toolbar.

Populating the Connectivity Map

Add the Project components to the Connectivity Map by dragging the icons from the toolbar to the canvas.

- 1 For this sample, drag the following components onto the Connectivity Map canvas as displayed in Figure 33:
 - File External System (2)
 - **Service** (A service is a container for Java Collaborations, Business Processes, eTL processes, and so forth)
 - CICS External System





- 2 Rename the **File1** External Application to **FileIn** by right-clicking the object, selecting **Rename** from the shortcut menu, and typing in the new name.
- 3 Rename the File2 External Application to FileOut.
- 4 Save your current changes to the Repository.

4.6.4. Binding the eWay Components

After the Business Processes have been completed, the components are associated and Bindings are created in the Connectivity Map.

- 1 From the Project Explorer, double-click **CICS_BP_Sample_CM**. The Enterprise Designer canvas now displays the Connectivity Map.
- 2 Drag and drop the **CICS_BP** Business Process from the Project Explorer onto the Service (**Service1**). If the Business Process was successfully associated, the Service's icon changes to a Business Process icon (see Figure 34).

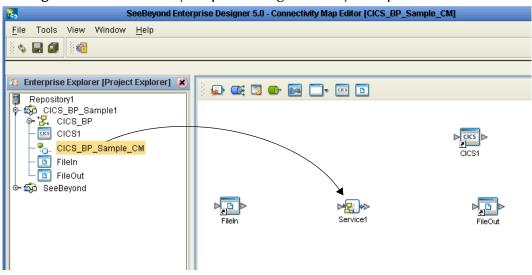


Figure 34 Connectivity Map - Binding the eWay Components

- 3 Double-click **Service1**. The **Service1 Binding dialog box** appears using the **CICS_BP** Rule.
- 4 From the Service1 Binding dialog box, drag **FileSender** (under Implemented Services) to the **FileIn** (File) External Application.
- 5 From the Service1 Binding dialog box, drag **CICS_Receiver** (under Invoked Services) to the **CICS1** External Application.
- 6 From the Service1 Binding dialog box, drag **FileReceiver** to the **FileOut** External Application (see **Figure 35 on page 58**). Minimize the Service1 Binding dialog box by clicking the chevrons in the upper-right corner.

Figure 35 Connectivity Map - Associating (Binding) the Project's Components

) 🗊 🐼 🗊	
FileIn	Service1 Rule : CICS_BP Implemented Services FileSender FileSender FileRec FileRec

- 7 Minimize the Service1 Binding dialog box by clicking the chevrons in the upperright corner.
- 8 Save your current changes to the Repository.

4.6.5. Creating an Environment

Environments include the external systems, Logical Hosts, integration servers and message servers used by a Project and contain the configuration information for these components. Environments are created using the Enterprise Designer's Environment Explorer and Environment Editor.

- 1 From the Enterprise Designer's Enterprise Explorer, click the **Environment Explorer** tab.
- 2 Right-click the Repository and select **New Environment**. A new Environment is added to the Environment Explorer tree.
- 3 Rename the new Environment to CICS_BP_Sample_ENV.
- 4 Right-click CICS_BP_Sample_ENV and select New CICS External System. Name the External System CicsExtSys. Click OK. CicsExtSys is added to the Environment Editor.
- 5 Right-click CICS_BP_Sample_ENV and select New File External System. Name the External System FileExtSysIn and select Inbound File eWay as the External System Type. Click OK. FileExtSysIn is added to the Environment Editor.
- 6 Right-click CICS_BP_Sample_ENV and select New File External System. Name this External System FileExtSysOut and select Outbound File eWay as the External System Type. FileExtSysOut is added to the Environment Editor.
- 7 Right-click CICS_BP_Sample_ENV and select New Logical Host. Enter Localhost1 in the Logical Host Name field. Select STC Message Server as the System JMS Type. Localhost1 is added to the Environment Editor.

- 8 From the Environment Explorer tree, right-click Localhost1 and select New SeeBeyond Integration Server. A new Integration Server (IntegrationSvr1) is added to the Environment Explorer tree under Logicalhost1.
- 9 Save changes to the repository. The Environment Explorer and Environment Editor now appear as displayed in Figure 36 on page 59.

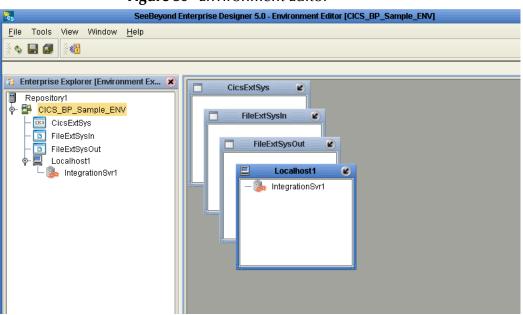


Figure 36 Environment Editor

4.6.6. Configuring the eWay Properties

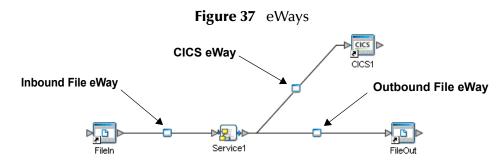
The CICS_BP_Sample Project uses three eWays, each represented in the Connectivity Map as a node between an External Application and a Business Process. eWays facilitate communication and movement of data between the external applications and the eGate system.

The File eWay properties are configured from the Connectivity Map. The CICS eWay configuration parameters are set from both the Project Explorer's Connectivity Map and the Environment Explorer tree.

To configure the eWays do the following:

Configuring the File eWay Properties

1 Double-click the inbound **File eWay** (see **Figure 37 on page 60**), select **Inbound File eWay** in the Templates dialog box and click **OK**.



2 The **Properties Sheet** opens to the inbound File eWay properties. Modify the properties for your system, including the settings for the inbound File eWay in Table 2, and click **OK**.

Table 2	Inbound	File	eWay	Settings
---------	---------	------	------	----------

Inbound eWay Connection Parameters		
Directory	C:/temp	
Input file name	Input*.txt	

3 In the same way, modify the outbound File eWay properties for your system, including the settings in Table 3, and click **OK**.

Outbound eWay Connection Parameters		
Directory	C:/temp	
Output file name	output%.dat	

Configuring the CICS eWay Properties

The CICS eWay properties must be set in both the Project Explorer's Connectivity Map and Environment Explorer. For more information on the CICS eWay properties and the Properties Sheet, see **Creating and Configuring the CICS eWay** on page 37 or see the *eGate Integrator User's Guide*.

For the CICS_BP_Sample Project, do the following:

Modifying the CICS eWay Connectivity Map Properties

- 1 From the **Connectivity Map**, double-click the **CICS eWay**. The **Parameters** dialog box opens to the CICS eWay Project configuration properties.
- 2 Modify the CICS eWay Connectivity Map properties for your system, including the settings in Table 4 on page 60, and click OK.

CICS eWay (Connectivity Map) Properties	
Connector	
Set as directed, otherwise use the default settings	

CICS eWay (Connectivity Map) Properties		
Class	com.stc.eways.cics.CicsClientConnector	
Connection Transport	SeeBeyond CICS Listener	
Туре	CICS	
CICS Client Set as directed, otherwise use the default settings.		
COMMAREA Length	1000	
CICS Program	CICS program to be run on server	

Modifying the CICS eWay Environment Explorer Properties

- 1 From the **Environment Explorer** tree, right-click the CICS External System (**CicsExtSys** in this sample), and select **Properties** from the shortcut menu. The Properties Sheet appears.
- 2 Modify the CICS eWay environment properties for your system, including the settings in Table 5, and click **OK**.

Table 5	CICS Environment Explorer eWay Properties	6
lable 5	CICS Environment Explorer eWay Properties	,

CICS eWay Environment Properties			
SeeBeyond CICS Listener Settings Set as directed, otherwise use the default settings			
Host	Host Name		
Port	TCP/IP Port Number		
CICS Client Settings Set as directed, otherwise use the default settings.			
CICS Password	Password of CICS user		
CICS UserId	This is the Id of the CICS user		

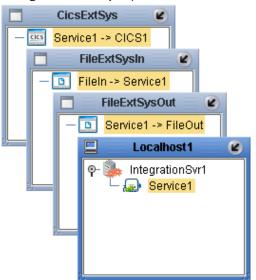
4.6.7 Creating and Activating the Deployment Profile

Deployment Profiles are specific instances of a Project in a particular Environment. A Deployment Profile contains information about the assignment of Services and message destinations to integration and message servers (JMS IQ Managers). It also contains version information for all versionable objects in the Project. Deployment profiles are created using the Deployment Editor.

To create the CICS_BP_Sample Deployment Profile do the following:

- 1 From the Enterprise Explorer's Project Explorer, right-click the Project (CICS_BP_Sample) and select New > Deployment Profile from the shortcut menu.
- 2 Enter a name for the Deployment Profile (for this sample CICS_BP_Sample_DP). Make sure that the selected Environment is CICS_BP_Sample_ENV. Click OK. The Deployment Profile Editor appears.
- 3 From the left pane of the Deployment Editor, drag the **FileIn -> Service1** (external application) object to the **FileExtSysIn** window.

- 4 Drag the **Service1 -> FileOut** (external application) object to the **FileExtSysOut** window.
- 5 Drag the **Service1 -> CICS1** (external application) to the **CicsExtSys** window.
- 6 Drag the Service1 object to IntegrationSvr1 in the Logicalhost1 window (see Figure 38).





7 Click Activate. When activation succeeds, save the changes to the Repository.

4.6.8. Running the Project

The following directions assume that the Enterprise Designer was downloaded to C:\ican50. If this is not the case, replace that location in the following directions with the appropriate location.

- 1 From the Enterprise Manager Downloads tab, download Local Host.
- 2 Extract the file to the **ican50\LogicalHost1** directory. You must specify the **LogicalHost1** directory for it to be created.
- 3 Navigate to C:\ican50\LogicalHost1\bootstrap\config directory and open the logical-host.properties file using Notepad[™].
- 4 Enter the following information in the appropriate fields:
 - Logical Host root directory: ican50\LogicalHost1
 - Repository URL: http://localhost:port number/repository name
 - Repository user name and password: Your user name and password
 - Logical Host Environment name: CICS_BP_Sample_Env
 - Logical Host name: LogicalHost1

Save your changes to logical-host.properties and close the file.

- 5 Run the **bootstrap.bat** file in the eGate50\LogicalHost1\bootstrap\bin directory.
- 6 Copy the sample input data file to the input directory.

4.6.9 Alerting and Logging

eGate provides an alerting and logging feature. This allows monitoring of messages, and captures any adverse messages in order of severity based on configured severity level and higher. To enable Logging, please see the *eGate Integrator User's Guide*.

Note: The alerts/status notifications for the CICS eWay are currently limited to Started, *Running, Stopping, and Stopped.*

Chapter 5

Implementing a CICS eWay Project

This chapter provides an introduction to the CICS eWay components and information on how these components are created and implemented in an eGate Project. It is assumed that the reader understands the basics of creating a Project using the SeeBeyond Enterprise Designer. For more information on creating an eGate Project see the *eGate Tutorial* and the *eGate Integrator User's Guide*.

Chapter Topics

- CICS eWay Components on page 64
- CICS eWay Sample Projects on page 65
 - The CICS_JCE_Sample Project Overview on page 66
 - The CICS_COBOL_Sample Project on page 83

5.1 **CICS eWay Components**

This chapter presents sample CICS eWay Projects created using the same procedures as the sample end-to-end Project provided in the *eGate Tutorial*. CICS eWay components that are unique to this eWay include the following:

CICS eWay Configuration File

The configuration file for the CICS eWay contains the parameters that are used to connecting with a specific external system. These parameters are set using the **Parameters** dialog box. For more information about the CICS eWay Configuration File and the **Parameters** dialog box see **Creating and Configuring the CICS** eWay on page 37.

CICS_eWay.CICSClient OTD

The CICS_eWay.CICSClient OTD is provided with the eWay and contains methods and attributes used to create the Business Rules that invoke the CICS program.

Cobol Copybook Wizard

The Cobol Copybook Wizard allows the eGate Integrator to convert Cobol Copybook files into eGate Object Type Definition (OTD) files.

5.2 **CICS eWay Sample Projects**

Two sample Projects are defined in the following sections.

- **CICS_JCE_Sample**: a simple Project that demonstrates the CICS eWay receiving data from a file, passing the data to the CICS External System, and writing the output from the CICS System to another file.
- **CICS_COBOL_Sample**: demonstrates a simple CICS Project that uses the Cobol Copybook Converter.

5.3 Importing a Sample Project

Sample eWay Projects are included as part of the installation CD-ROM package. To import a sample eWay Project to the Enterprise Designer do the following:

- 1 The sample files are uploaded with the eWay's documentation .sar file and downloaded from the Enterprise Manager's Documentation tab. Extract the samples from the Enterprise Manager to a local file.
- 2 From the Enterprise Designer's Project Explorer pane, right-click the Repository and select **Import Project** from the shortcut menu. The **Select File to Import** dialog box appears.
- ³ Browse to the directory that contains the sample project zip file. Select the sample file (for this sample, **CICSjms_JCE_Sample.zip**) and click **Open**.
- 4 From the File Destination dialog box, select **Import to a new Project**, enter the name of the Project, and click **OK**.
- 5 When the import has successfully completed, right-click the Repository and select **Refresh All from Repository** from the shortcut menu.
- 6 Before an imported sample Project can be run you must do the following:
 - Create an Environment
 - Configure the eWays for your specific system
 - Create a **Deployment Profile**

5.4 The CICS_JCE_Sample Project Overview

The CICS eWay Project, **CICS_JCE_Sample**, demonstrates the following:

- Input data (ASCII text) is read from an external directory by the Inbound File eWay.
- The ASCII text data is converted to EBCDIC (byte array) using cp037 encoding, and published by the CICS eWay to the CICS external system.
- The CICS eWay subscribes to the CICS external system, receives EBCDIC input data, and converts it to String ASCII data using cp037 encoding. The data is then published to the JMS Topic.
- The outbound File eWay subscribes to the JMS Topic and publishes the data to an external directory.

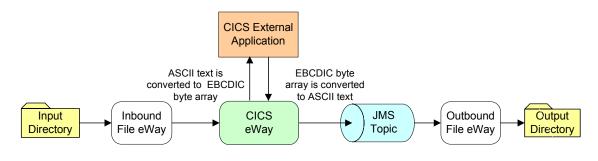


Figure 39 CICS_JCE_Sample Project

5.5 Creating the CICS_JCE_Sample Project

The following pages provide step by step directions for manually creating the sample eWay components.

5.5.1. Creating a Project

The first step is to create a new Project in the SeeBeyond Enterprise Designer.

- 1 Start the Enterprise Designer.
- 2 From the Enterprise Explorer's Project Explorer tab, right-click your Repository on the Project Explorer tree and select **New Project** (see Figure 40 on page 67). A new Project (Project1) appears on the Project Explorer tree.

🐉 📄 Enterprise Explorer (Project Explorer) 📄 Ӿ		
📑 report	topy1	
õ- 🚓 s	New Project	
. ́ ∳ 🝕	Sort by Type 😽	
r 🔁	Sort by Name	
©- 2 8	Sort by Date	
	Import Project	
	Import	
-	Refresh All from Repository	
-	Properties	

Figure 40 Enterprise Explorer - New Project

3 Click twice on **Project1** and rename the Project (for this sample, **CICS_JCE_Sample**).

5.5.2 Creating a Connectivity Map

The Connectivity Map provides a canvas for assembling and configuring a Project's components.

- 1 From the Project Explorer tree, right-click the new **CICS_JCE_Sample** Project and select **New > Connectivity Map** from the shortcut menu.
- 2 The New Connectivity Map appears and a node for the Connectivity Map is added under the Project on the Project Explorer tree labeled **CMap1**. Rename the Connectivity Map to **CICSjms_JCE_Sample_CM**.

The icons in the toolbar represent the available components used to populate the Connectivity Map canvas.

Selecting the External Applications

The icons in the toolbar represent the available components used to populate the Connectivity Map canvas.

In a Connectivity Map, the eWays are associated with External Systems. For example, to establish a connection to CICS, you must first select CICS as an External System to use in your Connectivity Map (see Figure 41).

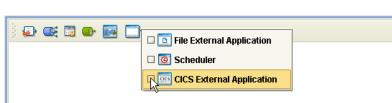


Figure 41 Connectivity Map - External Applications

- 1 Click the External Application icon on the Connectivity Map toolbar,
- 2 Select the external systems needed for your Project (for this sample, the **CICS** and **File** External Applications). Icons representing the selected external systems are added to the Connectivity Map toolbar.

Populating the Connectivity Map

Add the Project components to the Connectivity Map by dragging the icons from the toolbar to the canvas.

- 1 For this sample, drag the following components onto the Connectivity Map canvas as displayed in Figure 42:
 - File External System (2)
 - **Service** (2) A service is a container for Java Collaborations, Business Processes, eTL processes, and so forth.
 - Topic
 - CICS External System

Figure 42 Connectivity Map with Components

) 🗗 😅 🗃 🖝 🔜	CICS 🗈			
File1	Service1	Þ a jik∳⊳ Topic1	Service2	File2

- 2 Rename the objects by right-clicking the object, selecting **Rename** from the shortcut menu, and typing in the new name. Change the names as follows:
 - File1 to FileIn
 - Service1 to CICSjmsCollab
 - Service2 to JMS2FileCollab
 - File2 to FileOut
- ³ From the Enterprise Designer toolbar, click the **Save All** icon to save your current changes to the Repository.

5.5.3. Creating the Java Collaboration Definitions

The next step in the sample is to create two Java Collaborations using the Java Collaboration Definition Wizard. Once the Collaboration Definitions have been created, the Business Rules of the Collaborations are written using the Java Collaboration Editor.

Creating the CICSjms_Collab Java Collaboration

The **CICSjms_Collab** Collaboration defines transactions from the inbound file application to the CICS eWay and the CICS application, and back to the JMS Topic.

- From the Project Explorer, right-click the sample Project and select New > Java Collaboration Definition from the shortcut menu. The Java Collaboration Definition Wizard appears.
- 2 Enter a Collaboration Definition name (for this sample CICSjms_Collab) and click Next.
- 3 For Step 2 or the wizard, from the Web Services Interfaces selection window, double-click SeeBeyond > eWays > File > FileClient > receive. The File Name field now displays receive. Click Next.
- 4 For Step 3 of the wizard, from the Select OTDs selection window, double-click SeeBeyond > eWays > CICSeWay > CICS_eWay. The CICS_eWay OTD is added to the Selected OTDs field.

Figure 43 Java Collaboration Definition Wizard - Select Web Service Interface

New Java Collaboration Definition Wizard 🛛 🛛 😕		
Steps	Select OTDs wizard (Step 3 of 3)	
 Enter Collaboration Name Select Web Service Operation 	Look In: 🛱 eGate 💽 🙆 📾 🔀 🗮	
3. Select OTDs	The second secon	
	Cheduler	
THE S		
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	File <u>N</u> ame: JMS	
	Files of <u>T</u> ype: Web Service Message	
	Selected OTDs	
1 24	OTD Parameter Name SeeBeyond.eWays.CICSeWay CICS_eWay_1	
V	SeeBeyond.eGate.JMS.JMS JMS_1	
/9/1		
SEEBEYOND	Remove	
	< <u>B</u> ack Next > <u>Finish</u> Cancel <u>H</u> elp	

- 5 Click the Up One Level button to return to the Repository. Double-click SeeBeyond
 > eGate > JMS. The Selected OTDs field now lists the JMS OTD (see Figure 43).
- 6 Click **Finish**. The Java Collaboration Editor with the new CICSjms_Collab Collaboration appears in the right pane of the Enterprise Designer.

Creating the JMS2File_Collab Java Collaboration

The JMS2File Collab Java Collaboration defines transactions made from the JMS Topic to the Outbound File eWay.

- 1 From the Project Explorer, right-click the sample Project and select **New > Java** Collaboration Definition from the shortcut menu. The Java Collaboration **Definition Wizard** appears.
- 2 Enter a Collaboration Definition name (for this sample **JMS2File Collab**) and click Next.
- 3 For Step 2 of the wizard, from the Web Services Interfaces selection window, double-click **SeeBeyond** > eGate > JMS > receive. The File Name field now displays receive. Click Next.
- 4 For Step 3, **Select OTDs**, from the Select OTDs selection window, double-click **SeeBeyond** > **eWays** > **File** > **FileClient**. The Selected OTDs field now lists the FileClient OTD.
- 5 Click **Finish**. The Java Collaboration Editor with the new JMS2File_Collab Collaboration appears.

5.5.4. Using the Java Collaboration Editor

The next step in the sample is to create the Business Rules of the Collaboration using the Java Collaboration Editor.

Creating the CICSjms_Collab Business Rules

Be careful to open all nodes specified in the directions to connect to the correct item. The CICSjms_Collab Collaboration contains the Business Rule displayed in Figure 44.

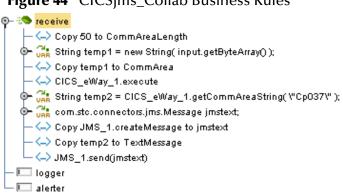


Figure 44 CICSims Collab Business Rules

To create the CICSjms_Collab Collaboration Business Rules do the following:

- 1 From the Project Explorer tree, double-click CICSjms_Collab to open the Java Collaboration Editor to the CICSjms_Collab Collaboration.
- 2 Double-click the **input**, **FileClient_1**, and **CICCS_eWay_1** in the Transformation Designer panes to expand the nodes.

- 3 To create the **Copy 50 to CommAreaLength** Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Transformation Designer toolbar, click the **Create Literal** icon. The **Create Literal** method box appears. Select **int** as the type, **50** as the value, and click **OK**. The Literal method box appears in the Transformation Designer.
 - B Map the 50 output node of the Literal method box to CommAreaLength under CICS_eWay_1 in the right pane of the Java Collaboration Editor. To do this, click on the 50 output node in the Literal method box and drag the cursor to CommAreaLength under CICS_eWay_1 in the right pane of the Transformation Designer (see Figure 45).

Business Rules Designer ' 🔓 A 🐕 🚱 🚃 🖶 🚝 🖉 AND NOT DR » >= > <= < » + ※ / - » +9 🚥 ? +4 » >> 4= 14 04 » 🏢 🗹 🃲 CICSjms_Collab CICSjms_Collab 🗹 🍡 尾 input input 🛋 A Literal 🔼 尾 CICS_eWay_1 CICS_eWay_1 属 🛋 JMS_1 \$Configuration 属 -0 50 🔷 deliveryMode AsyncCalls ன 🔷 priority AsyncResponseTopic 🔷 🔷 timeToLive AsvncRspNotifPort 🧇 · 🔷 timeout AsyncRspNotifServer 🔷 🔷 destination CommArea 🧇 · CommAreaLength 🧇 CommAreaString 🔷 Connector 尾 🗝 EciCallbackable 🧇 ECIERRORS 🔂 🚽 EciExtend 🔷 · EciLuwToken 🧇 **b** Mapper

Figure 45 CICSjms_Collab - Copy 50 to CommAreaLength Business Rule

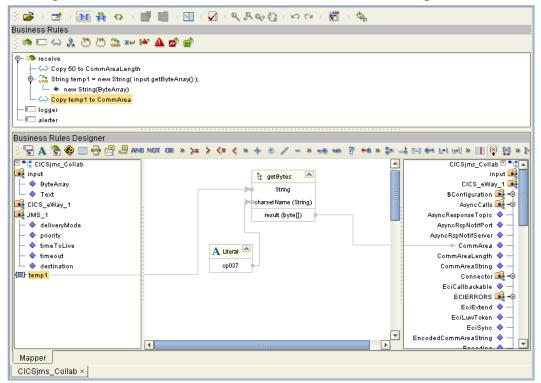
- 4 To create the (variable) **String temp1 = new String(input.getByteArray())** Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Business Rules toolbar, click the **rule** icon to add a new rule.
 - **B** From the Java Collaboration Editor toolbar, click the Advance mode icon. The Java Source Editor appears as the bottom pane of the Java Collaboration Editor.
 - C From the Java Source Editor, replace //New rule with the following code:

```
//String temp1 = new String( input.getByteArray() );
String temp1 = new String( input.getByteArray() );
```

- D From the Java Collaboration Editor toolbar, click the Commit Changes icon. A new object named temp1 is added to the left pane of the Business Rules Designer.
- 5 To create the **Copy temp1 to CommArea** Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Business Rules toolbar, click the **rule** icon to add a new rule.
 - **B** From the left pane of the Business Rules Designer, right click **temp1** and select **Select a method to call** from the shortcut menu.
 - C From the Method selection box, select **getBytes(java.lang.String charsetName)**. The **getBytes** method box appears on the Business Rules Designer canvas.
 - D From the Business Rules Designer toolbar, click on the **Create Literal** icon. The **Create Literal** dialog box appears.

- E From the Create Literal dialog box, select **String** as Type, enter **cp037** as the Value, and click **OK**. The **Literal** method box appears on the Business Rules Designer canvas.
- F Map the cp037 output node of the Literal method box to the charsetName (String) input node of the getBytes method box. To do this, click on cp037 in the Literal method box and drag the cursor to charsetName (String) in the getBytes method box, to create a link as displayed in Figure 46.
- **G** Map the **result (byte[])** output node of the getBytes method box to **CommArea** under **CICS_eWay_1** in the right pane of the Business Rules Designer. The Java Collaboration Editor now appears as displayed in Figure 46.

Figure 46 Java Collaboration Editor - Business Rules Designer



- 6 To create the **CICS_eWay_1.execute** Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Business Rules toolbar, click the **rule** icon to add a new rule.
 - **B** From the left pane of the Business Rules Designer, right click **CICS_eWay_1** and select **Select a method to call** from the shortcut menu.
 - **C** From the Method selection box, select **execute**(). The **execute** method box appears on the Business Rules Designer canvas.
- 7 To create the (variable) String temp1 = new String(input.getByteArray()) Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Business Rules toolbar, click the **rule** icon to add a new rule.
 - **B** From the Java Collaboration Editor toolbar, click the Advance mode icon. The Java Source Editor appears as the bottom pane of the Java Collaboration Editor.

C From the Java Source Editor, replace *//New rule* with the following code:

```
//String temp2 = CICS_eWay_1.getCommAreaString( \"cp037\" );
String temp2 = CICS_eWay_1.getCommAreaString( "cp037" );
```

- D From the Java Collaboration Editor toolbar, click the **Commit Changes** icon. A new object named temp2 is added to the left pane of the Business Rules Designer.
- 8 To create the **com.stc.connectors.jms.Message jmstext;** (variable) Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Business Rules toolbar, click on the **local variable** icon. The **Create a Variable** dialog box appears.
 - B From the Create a Variable dialog box, select class, and click the *ellipsis* (...) button. The Find Class dialog box appears. Select Message as the Class Name, com.stc.connectors.jms as the Package, and click OK.
 - C From the Create a Variable dialog box, enter **jmstext** as the Variable Name. Click **OK**.
 - D From the Java Collaboration Editor toolbar, click the Commit Changes icon. A new object named jmstext is added to the left pane of the Business Rules Designer.
- 9 To create the Copy JMS_1.createMessage to jmstext Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Business Rules toolbar, click the **rule** icon to add a new rule.
 - B From the left pane of the Business Rules Designer, right click **JMS_1** and select **Select a method to call** from the shortcut menu.
 - C From the Method selection box, select **createMessage()**. The **createMessage** method box appears on the Business Rules Designer canvas.
 - D Map the **result (Message)** output node of the **createMessage** method box to **jmstext** in the right pane of the Business Rules Designer (see Figure 47).

Business Rules Designer			
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CICSjms_Collab input CICS_eWay_1 JMS_1 (III) jmstext (III) temp2 (III) temp1	JMS result (Message)		CICSjms_Collab [™] ■ input CICS_eWay_1 JMS_1 deliveryMode priority time ToLive destination imstext (III) temp2 (III) temp1 (III)
Mapper			

Figure 47 Business Rules Designer

10 To create the **Copy temp2 to TextMessage** Business Rule do the following:

- A From the Business Rules toolbar, click the **rule** icon to add a new rule.
- **B** Map **temp2** in the left pane of the Business Rules Designer, to TextMessage under jmstext in the right pane of the Business Rules Designer (see Figure 48).

Business Rules Designer						
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CICSjms_Collab CICS_eWay_1 JMS_1 (m) instext tmp2 temp1						CICSjms_Collab (**** input CICS_eWay_1 (**** jmstext (***) BytesMessage JMSMessageType MassageType MessageProperties StreamMessage UserProperties temp2 (************************************
Mapper						

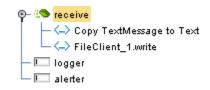
Figure 48 Business Rules Designer

11 Right-click the Repository in the Project Explorer and select **Save changes to Repository** to save your changes.

Creating the JMS2File_Collab Collaboration Business Rules

Be careful to open all nodes specified in the directions to connect to the correct item. The CICSjms_Collab Collaboration contains the Business Rule displayed in Figure 49

Figure 49 JMS2File_Collab Business Rules



To create the JMS2File_Collab Collaboration Business Rules do the following:

- 1 From the Project Explorer tree, double-click **JMS2File_Collab** to open the Java Collaboration Editor to the **JMS2File_Collab** Collaboration.
- 2 To create the **Copy TextMessage to Text** Business Rule do the following:
 - A Select the **New rule** in the Business Rules pane.
 - B Map TextMessage under input in the left pane of the Transformation Designer to Text under FileClient_1 in the right pane.
- 3 To create the **Copy TextMessage to Text** Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Business Rules toolbar click the **rule** icon to add a new rule.

- **B** From the left pane of the Transformation Designer, right-click **FileClient_1** and click **Select a method to call** from the shortcut menu. The method selection box appears.
- C Select the **write** method. The **write** method box appears in the Transformation Designer canvas.
- 4 Right-click the Repository in the Project Explorer and select **Save changes to Repository** to save your changes.

For more information on how to create Business Rules using the Java Collaboration Editor see the *eGate Integrator User's Guide*.

5 Right-click the Repository in the Project Explorer and select **Save changes to Repository** to save your changes.

5.5.5. Binding the eWay Components

After the Collaborations have been written, the components are associated and Bindings are created in the Connectivity Map.

- 1 From the Project Explorer, double-click the Connectivity Map CICSjms_JCE_Sample_CM. The Enterprise Designer canvas now displays the CICSjms_JCE_Sample_CM Connectivity Map.
- 2 Drag and drop the **CICSjms_Collab** Collaboration from the Project Explorer to the first Service (**CICSjmsCollab**). If the Collaboration was successfully associated, the Service's "gears" icon changes from red to green (see Figure 50).

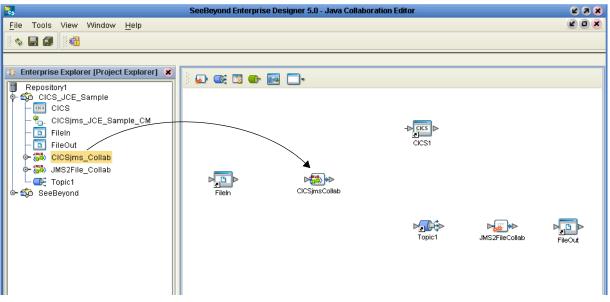
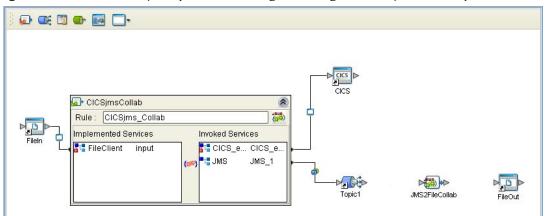


Figure 50 Connectivity Map - Binding the Components

- 3 Drag and drop JMS2File_Collab from the Project Explorer to the second Service (JMS2FileCollab).
- 4 From the Connectivity Map canvas, double-click **CICSjmsCollab**. The **CICSjmsCollab** Binding dialog box appears with the **CICSjms_Collab** Rule.

- 5 From the **CICSjmsCollab** Binding dialog box, map **FileClient Input** (under Implemented Services) to the inbound **FileIn** External Application.
- 6 From the **CICSjmsCollab** Binding dialog box, map **CICS_eWay** (under Invoked Services) to the **CICS1** External Application.
- 7 From the **CICSjmsCollab** Binding dialog box, drag **JMS_1** (under Invoked Services) to **Topic1 (see Figure 51 on page 76)**.

Figure 51 Connectivity Map - Associating (Binding) the Project's Components



- 8 Minimize the **CICSjmsCollab** Binding dialog box by clicking the chevrons in the upper-right corner.
- 9 From the Connectivity Map, double-click JMS2FileCollab. The JMS2FileCollab Binding dialog box appears with the JMS2File_Collab Rule.
- 10 From the **JMS2FileCollab** Binding dialog box, drag **JMS input** (under Implemented Services) to **Topic1**.
- 11 From the **JMS2FileCollab** Binding dialog box, drag **FileClient_1** (under Invoked Services) to the outbound **FileOut** Application.
- 12 Minimize the Collaboration Binding dialog box, and save your current changes to the Repository

5.5.6. Creating an Environment

Environments include the external systems, Logical Hosts, integration servers and message servers used by a Project and contain the configuration information for these components. Environments are created using the Enterprise Designer's Environment Explorer and Environment Editor.

- 1 From the Enterprise Designer's Enterprise Explorer, click the **Environment Explorer** tab.
- 2 Right-click the Repository and select **New Environment**. A new Environment is added to the Environment Explorer tree.
- 3 Rename the new Environment to CICS_JCE_Sample_Env.

- 4 Right-click **CICS_JCE_Sample_Env** and select **New CICS External System**. Name the External System **CicsExtSys**. Click **OK**. **CicsExtSys** is added to the Environment Editor.
- 5 Right-click CICS_JCE_Sample_Env and select New File External System. Name the External System FileExtSysIn and select Inbound File eWay as the External System Type. Click OK. FileExtSysIn is added to the Environment Editor.
- 6 Right-click CICS_JCE_Sample_Env and select New File External System. Name this External System FileExtSysOut and select Outbound File eWay as the External System Type. FileExtSysOut is added to the Environment Editor.
- 7 Right-click CICS_JCE_Sample_Env and select New Logical Host. Enter LocalHost4 in the Logical Host Name field. Select STC Message Server as the System JMS Type. LocalHost4 is added to the Environment Editor.
- 8 Right-click LocalHost4 and select New SeeBeyond Integration Server. A new Integration Server (IntegrationSvr1) is added to the Environment Explorer tree under LogicalHost1.
- 9 Right-click LocalHost4 and select New SeeBeyond Message Server. A new Message Server (MessageSvr1) is added to the Environment Explorer tree under LocalHost4. The Environment Explorer and Environment Editor appear as displayed in Figure 52.

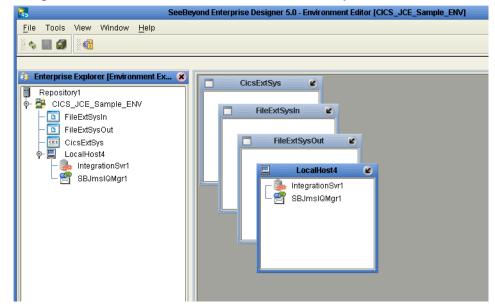


Figure 52 Environment Editor - CICS_JCE_Sample_Env

10 Save your current changes to the Repository.

5.5.7. Configuring the eWays

The CICS_JCE_Sample Project uses three eWays, each represented in the Connectivity Map as a node between an External Application and a Service (see Figure 53 on page 78). eWays facilitate communication and movement of data between the external applications and the eGate system.

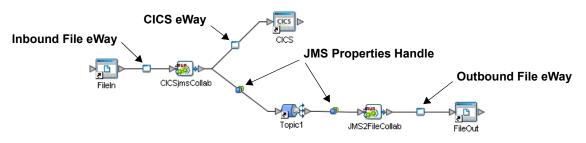


Figure 53 Configuring the eWays and JMS Properties

The File eWay configuration parameters are configured from the Connectivity Map. The CICS eWay configuration parameters are set from both the Project Explorer or Connectivity Map and the Environment Explorer. To configure the eWays do the following:

Configuring the File eWays

- 1 Double-click the **Inbound File eWay**, select **Inbound File eWay** in the Templates dialog box and click **OK**.
- 2 The **Parameters** dialog box opens to the Inbound File eWay configuration. Modify the configuration for your system, including the settings for the **Inbound** File eWay in Table 6, and click **OK**. The configuration settings are saved for the eWay.

Inbound eWay Connection Parameters	
Directory	C:/temp
Input file name	Input*.txt

Table 6	Inbound	File	eWay	Settings
---------	---------	------	------	----------

3 In the same way, modify the **Outbound** File eWay configuration for your system, including the settings in Table 7, and click **OK**.

Table 7	Outbound	File eWay	Settings
---------	----------	-----------	----------

Outbound eWay Connection Parameters	
Directory	C:/temp
Output file name	output%.dat

Configuring the CICS eWay

The CICS eWay configuration parameters must be set in both the Project Explorer and Environment Explorer. For more information on the CICS eWay configuration parameters and the **Parameters** dialog box, see **Creating and Configuring the CICS eWay** on page 37 or see the *eGate Integrator User's Guide*.

For the CICS_JCE_Sample Project, do the following:

Modifying the CICS eWay (Project Explorer) Configuration Parameters

- 1 From the **Connectivity Map**, double-click the **CICS eWay**. The **Parameters** dialog box opens to the CICS eWay Project-configuration properties.
- 2 Modify the CICS eWay (Project Explorer) configuration for your system, including the settings in Table 8, and click **OK**.

CICS eWay Project-Configuration Parameters			
Connector Set as directed, otherwise	use the default settings		
Class	com.stc.eways.cics.CicsClientConnector		
Connection Transport	SeeBeyond CICS Listener		
Туре	CICS		
CICS Client Set as directed, otherwise use the default settings.			
COMMAREA Length	1000		
CICS Program	CICS program to be run on server		

Table 8CICS Project Explorer eWay Settings

Modifying the CICS eWay (Environment Explorer) Configuration Parameters

- 1 From the **Environment Explorer** tree, right-click the CICS External System (**CicsExtSys** in this sample), and select **Properties**. The **Parameters** dialog box opens to the CICS eWay environment-configuration properties.
- 2 Modify the CICS eWay environment-configuration for your system, including the settings in Table 9, and click **OK**.

Table 9 CICS Environment Explorer eWay Settings

CICS eWay Environment-Configuration Parameters			
SeeBeyond CICS Listener Settings Set as directed, otherwise use the default settings			
Host	Host Name		
Port	TCP/IP Port Number		
CICS Client Settings Set as directed, otherwise use the default settings.			
CICS Password	Password of CICS user		
CICS UserId	This is the Id of the CICS user		

5.5.8. Configuring the JMS Clients

When a Service is linked with a Queue (or Topic), the Enterprise Designer adds a JMS properties handle between the two (see Figure 53 on page 78). These JMS properties facilitate the transfer and, if necessary, translation of data within the eGate system. JMS configuration properties must be configured in both the Connectivity Map and the Environment Explorer.

For more information on JMS configuration parameters see the *eGate Integrator User's Guide*.

Modifying the JMS Connectivity Map Configuration Parameters

- 1 From the CICSjms_JCE_Sample_CM Connectivity Map, double-click the JMS properties handle located between the **CICSjmsCollab** and **Topic1**.
- 2 The **Properties sheet** appears, containing the default environment-configuration properties. Click **OK** to keep the default settings.
- 3 Double-click the JMS properties handle located between **Topic1** and the **JMS2FileCollab** Collaboration.
- 4 The **Parameters** dialog box appears, containing the default configuration parameters. Click **OK** to keep the default settings.

Modifying the JMS Environment Explorer Configuration Parameters

- 1 From the **Environment Explorer** tree, right-click the Message Server found under the Logical Host, and select **Properties**. The **Properties sheet** opens to the JMS Environment-configuration properties.
- 2 Modify the JMS Environment-configuration for your specific system and click **OK**.

5.5.9 Creating and Activating the Deployment Profile

A Deployment Profile is used to assign Collaborations and message destinations to the integration server and message server. Deployment Profiles are created using the Deployment Editor.

- 1 From the Enterprise Explorer's Project Explorer, right-click the Project (CICS_JCE_Sample) and select New > Deployment Profile.
- 2 Enter a name for the Deployment Profile (for this sample CICS_JCE_Sample_DP). Make sure that the selected Environment is CICS_JCE_Sample_Env. Click OK.
- 3 From the left pane of the Deployment Editor, drag **CICSjmsCollab** -> **Topic1** (External Application) to the **CicsExtSys** window.
- 4 From the left pane of the Deployment Editor, drag the **FileIn -> CICSjmsCollab** (External Application) to the **FileExtSysIn** window.
- 5 From the left pane of the Deployment Editor, drag the **JMS2FileCollab** -> **FileOut** (External Application) to the **FileExtSysOut** window.
- 6 Drag the following 2 Collaborations:
 - CICSjmsCollab
 - JMS2FileCollab

to **IntegrationSvr1** in the **LocalHost4** window.

- 7 Drag the two Topic components:
 - CICSjmsCollab -> Topic1
 - Topic1 -> JMS2FileCollab

to MessageSvr1 in the LocalHost4 window (see Figure 54 on page 81).

	FileExtSysIn 🖉
- 🛄 F	ileln -> CICSjmsCollab
	FileExtSysOut
-[■ JMS2FileCollab -> FileOut
	CicsExtSys
	- 🔤 CICSjmsCollab -> CICS
	📃 LocalHost4 😢
·	
2	• SBJmslQMgr1 • CICSjmsCollab -> Topic1 • Topic1 -> JMS2FileCollab

Figure 54 Deployment Profile

8 Click Activate. When activation succeeds, save the changes to the Repository.

5.5.10. Running the Project

The following directions assume that the Enterprise Designer was downloaded to **C:\ican50**. If this is not the case, replace that location in the following directions with the appropriate location.

- 1 From the Enterprise Manager Downloads tab, download LogicalHost.
- 2 Extract the file to the **ican50\LogicalHost2** directory. You must specify the **LogicalHost2** directory for it to be created.
- 3 Navigate to C:\ican50\LogicalHost2\bootstrap\config directory and open the logical-host.properties file using Notepad[™].
- 4 Enter the following information in the appropriate fields:
 - Logical Host root directory: ican50\LogicalHost2
 - Repository URL: http://localhost:port number/repository name
 - Repository user name and password: Your user name and password
 - Logical Host Environment name: CICS_JCE_Sample_ENV
 - Logical Host name: LogicalHost2

Save your changes to logical-host.properties and close the file.

- 5 Run the **bootstrap.bat** file in the **ican50\LogicalHost2\bootstrap\bin** directory.
- 6 Copy the sample input data file to the input directory.

5.5.11 Alerting and Logging

eGate provides an alerting and logging feature. This allows monitoring of messages, and captures any adverse messages in order of severity based on configured severity level and higher. To enable Logging, please see the *eGate Integrator User's Guide*.

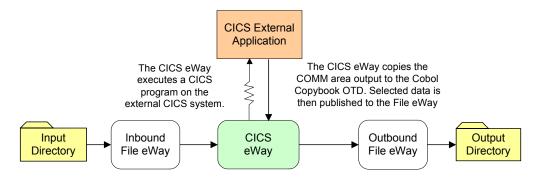
Note: The alerts/status notifications for the CICS eWay are currently limited to Started, *Running, Stopping, and Stopped.*

5.6 **The CICS_COBOL_Sample Project**

The CICS eWay Project, CICS_Cobol_Sample, demonstrates the following:

- The Inbound File eWay subscribes to an external directory, receives the data, and publishes the data to the CICS eWay.
- The CICS eWay, triggered by the data from the File eWay, does the following:
 - executes a CICS program on the external CICS system (mainframe)
 - reads the program's output (the contents of its COMM area)
 - copies the output into a Cobol Copybook OTD that is generated from the same data area description
 - OTD accessors selectively extract the value of select fields
- This data is published to the outbound File eWay, which publishes the data to an external directory.

Figure 55 CICS_Cobol_Sample Project



The **CICS_Cobol_Sample** is available to import from the Installation CD-ROM package (see **Importing a Sample Project** on page 65 for more information). The following pages review how the CICS_Cobol_Sample Project is created.

5.6.1. Creating a Project

The first step is to create a new Project in eGate Enterprise Designer.

- 1 Start the Enterprise Designer.
- 2 From the Enterprise Explorer's Project Explorer tab, right-click the Repository and select **New Project**. A new Project (Project1) appears on the Project Explorer tree.
- 3 Click twice on **Project1** and rename the Project (for this sample, **CICS_COBOL_Sample**).

5.6.2 Creating a Connectivity Map

The Connectivity Map provides a canvas for assembling and configuring a Project's components.

- In Enterprise Explorer's Project Explorer, right-click the new Project (CICS_COBOL_Sample) and select New > Connectivity Map from the shortcut menu.
- 2 The New Connectivity Map appears and a node for the Connectivity Map is added under the Project on the Project Explorer tree labeled **CMap1**. Rename the **CMap1** Connectivity Map to **CICS_COBOL_Sample_CM**

Selecting the External Applications

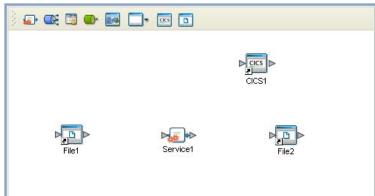
- 1 Click the External Application icon on the Connectivity Map toolbar,
- 2 Select the external systems needed for your Project (for this sample, **CICS** and **File**). Icons representing the selected external systems are added to the Connectivity Map toolbar.

Populating the Connectivity Map

Add the Project components to the Connectivity Map by dragging the icons from the toolbar to the canvas.

- 1 For the **CICS_COBOL_Sample** Project, drag the following components onto the Connectivity Map canvas as displayed in Figure 56:
 - File External System (2)
 - Service
 - CICS External System

Figure 56 Connectivity Map with Components



- 2 Rename the objects by right-clicking the object, selecting **Rename** from the shortcut menu, and typing in the new name. Change the names as follows:
 - File1 to FileIn
 - File2 to FileOut

3 Save your current changes to the Repository.

5.6.3 Creating an Object Type Definition

Object Type Definitions (OTDs) contain the data structures and rules that define objects. OTDs are used in the Enterprise Designer to create Java Collaboration Definitions for building data transformations. OTDs are created using the **Object Type Definition Wizard**.

Using the Cobol Copybook Wizard

The **CICS_COBOL_Sample** Project uses an OTD that is created using the **Cobol Copybook Wizard**. A sample Cobol data file, **qan3glr1.cobol** is available from the downloaded CICS eWay Samples folder. To create the Cobol Copybook OTD using the sample Cobol file do the following:

- 1 Copy the sample Cobol file, **qan3glr1.cobol**, from the installation CD-ROM to a temporary file.
- 2 From the Project Explorer, right-click the CICS_COBOL_Sample Project, and select New > Object Type Definition from the shortcut menu. The OTD Wizard Selection dialog box appears. Select the Cobol Copybook Wizard and click Next.
- 3 From the **Select Cobol Copybook Files** page of the Wizard, navigate to the directory that contains the sample Cobol file. The sample file is now visible in the Available Files field (see Figure 57).

	New Wizard - Cobol Copybook Wizard 🛛 😵
Steps	Select Cobol Copybook Files
1. Select Wizard Type 2. Select Cobol Copybook Files	Browse Files Look In: ewcics v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v
SEEBEYOND	File Name: qan3gir1.cobol Files of Type: Cobol Copybook Files Select Files Add Remove
	<back next=""> Finish Cancel Help</back>

Figure 57 Cobol Copybook Wizard - Select Cobol Files

- 4 Select the sample Cobol file and click the **Add** button. The file is added to the **Selected Files** field. Click **Finish**.
- 5 A **Message** dialog box appears if the OTD is created successfully, and the OTD is added to the Project Explorer tree as **qan3glr1**.

5.6.4. Creating a Java Collaboration Definition

The next step is to create the CICS_COBOL_Collab Java Collaboration using the Java Collaboration Definition Wizard. Once the Collaboration Definition has been created, the Business Rules of the Collaboration can be written using the Java Collaboration Editor.

Creating the CICS_COBOL_Colab Java Collaboration

- From the Project Explorer, right-click the CICS_COBOL_Sample Project and select New > Java Collaboration Definition from the shortcut menu. The Java Collaboration Definition Wizard appears.
- 2 Enter a Collaboration Definition name (for this sample **CICS_COBOL_Collab**) and click **Next**.
- 3 For Step 2 of the Wizard, from the Web Services Interfaces selection window, double-click SeeBeyond > eWays > File > FileClient > receive. The File Name field now displays receive. Click Next.
- 4 For Step 3 of the Wizard, from the Select OTDs selection window, double-click SeeBeyond > eWays > CICSeWay > CICS_eWay. The CICS_eWay OTD is added to the Selected OTDs field.
- 5 Click the Up One Level button to return to the Repository directory. Double-click SeeBeyond > eWays > File > FileClient. The FileClient OTD is added to the Selected OTDs field.
- 6 Click the Up One Level button to return to the Repository directory. Double-click CICS_COBOL_Sample > qan3glr1. The qan3glr1 OTD is added to the Selected OTDs field.
- 7 Click **Finish**. The Java Collaboration Editor opens to the new Collaboration in the right pane of the Enterprise Designer.

5.6.5. The CICS_COBOL_Collab Business Rules

The the **CICS_COBOL_Sample** Project uses one Java Collaboration created in the previous section, **CICS_COBOL_Collab**.

CICS_COBOL_Collab Business Rules

The CICS_COBOL_Collab Collaboration contains the Business Rule displayed in **Figure 58 on page 87**. These rules are created using the Java Collaboration Editor.

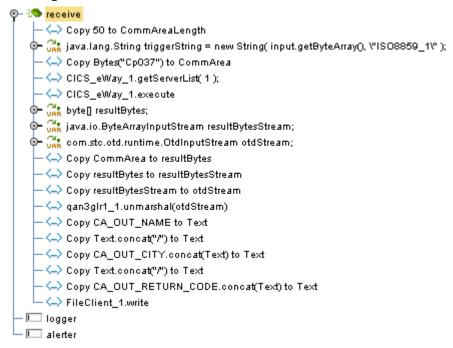


Figure 58 CICS_COBOL_Collab Business Rules

To create the CICS_COBOL_Collab Business Rules do the following:

- 1 From the Project Explorer tree, double-click CICS_COBOL_Collab to open the Java Collaboration Editor to the Collaboration.
- 2 Double-click the **input**, **FileClient_1**, and **CICCS_eWay_1** in the Transformation Designer panes to expand the nodes.
- 3 To create the **Copy 50 to CommAreaLength** Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Java Collaboration Editor toolbar click the **Advance mode** icon. The Java Source Editor now appears as the bottom pane of the Java Collaboration Editor.
 - **B** From the Java Collaboration Editor pane, select **//New rule**, and replace it with the following code:

//Copy 50 to CommAreaLength CICS_eWay_1.setCommAreaLength(com.stc.util.STCTypeConverter.toIntegerPrimitive(50));

C From the Java Collaboration Editor toolbar click the **Commit changes** icon (see **Figure 59 on page 88**).

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4 throws Throwable 5 { 6 //Copy 50 to Co	-	Primitive(50));
4 throws Throwable 5 { 6 //Copy 50 to Coll 7 CICS_eWay_1.set	-	Primitive(50));

Figure 59 Copy 50 to CommAreaLength Business Rule

- 4 To create the java.lang.String triggerString = new String(input.getByteArray(), \"ISO8859_1\") variable Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Business Rules toolbar, click the **local variable** icon. The **Create a Variable** dialog box appears. Select **Class** and browse to **java.lang.String** as the Class Name. Enter **triggerString** as the Variable Name, and click **OK**.
 - **B** From the Business Rules pane, expand the variable and select the variable's initializer.
 - C From the Business Rules Designer toolbar, click the **Call New Constructor** icon. The **Call New Constructor** dialog box appears.
 - D Select String for All Classes and java.lang.String(byte[] bytes,java.lang.String charsetName) as the Constructors. Click OK. The java.lang.String method box is appears on the Business Rules Designer canvas.
 - E From the Business Rules Designer toolbar, click the **Create Literal** icon. The **Create Literal** dialog box appears. Select String as the Type and ISO8859_1 as the Value. Click **OK**.

- F Map **ByteArray** under **input** in the left pane of the Business Rules Designer, to the bytes (byte[]) input node of the **java.lang.String** method box.
- G Map the **ISO8859_1** output node of the **literal** method box, to the **charsetName** (String) input node of the **java.lang.String** method box.
- 5 To create the **Copy Bytes("cp037") to CommArea** Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Business Rules toolbar, click the **rule** icon to add a new rule.
 - **B** From the left pane of the Business Rules Designer, right click **triggerString** and select **Select a method to call** from the shortcut menu.
 - C From the Method selection box, select **getBytes(java.lang.String charsetName)**. The **getBytes** method box appears on the Business Rules Designer canvas.
 - D From the Business Rules Designer toolbar, click on the **Create Literal** icon. The **Create Literal** dialog box appears.
 - E From the Create Literal dialog box, select **String** as Type, enter **cp037** as the Value, and click **OK**. The **Literal** method box appears on the Business Rules Designer canvas.
 - F Map the cp037 output node of the Literal method box to the charsetName (String) input node of the getBytes method box. To do this, click on cp037 in the Literal method box and drag the cursor to charsetName (String) in the getBytes method box, to create a link as displayed in Figure 46.
 - G Map the **result (byte[])** output node of the getBytes method box to **CommArea** under **CICS_eWay_1** in the right pane of the Business Rules Designer.
- 6 To create the CICS_eWay_1.getServerList(1) Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Business Rules toolbar, click the **rule** icon to add a new rule.
 - **B** From the Java Collaboration Editor pane, select **//New rule**, and replace it with the following code:

```
//CICS_eWay_1.getServerList( 1 );
CICS_eWay_1.getServerList( 1 );
```

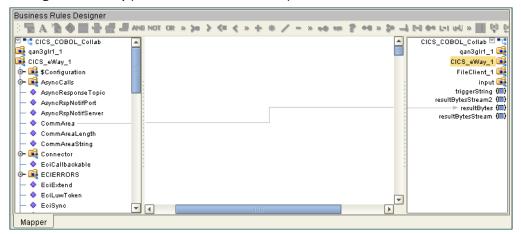
- **C** From the Java Collaboration Editor toolbar click the **Commit changes** icon.
- 7 To create the **CICS_eWay_1.execute** Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Business Rules toolbar, click the **rule** icon to add a new rule.
 - **B** From the left pane of the Business Rules Designer, right click **CICS_eWay_1** and select **Select a method to call** from the shortcut menu.
 - **C** From the Method selection box, select **execute**(). The **execute** method box appears on the Business Rules Designer canvas.
- 8 To create the **byte[] resultBytes** variable Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Business Rules toolbar, click the **local variable** icon. The **Create a Variable** dialog box appears. Select **Primitive** with byte as the value, and select Is array, for Type. Enter **resultByte** as the Variable Name, and click **OK**.
- 9 To create the **java.io.ByteArrayInputStream resultBytesStream** variable Business Rule do the following:

- A From the Business Rules toolbar, click the **local variable** icon. The **Create a Variable** dialog box appears. Select **Class** and browse to **java.io.ByteArrayInputStream** as the value. Enter **resultBytesStream** as the Variable Name, and click **OK**.
- 10 To create the **com.stc.otd.runtime.OtdInputStream otdStream** variable Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Business Rules toolbar, click the **rule** icon to add a new rule.
 - **B** From the Java Collaboration Editor pane, select **//New rule**, and replace it with the following code:

//Copy com.stc.otd.runtime.OtdInputStream otdStream; com.stc.otd.runtime.OtdInputStream otdStream;

- **C** From the Java Collaboration Editor toolbar click the **Commit changes** icon.
- 11 To create the **Copy CommArea to resultBytes** Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Business Rules toolbar, click the **rule** icon to add a new rule.
 - **B** Map **CommArea** under **CICS_eWay_1** in the left pane of the Business Rules Designer, to **resultBytes** in the right pane of the Business Rules Designer (see Figure 60).

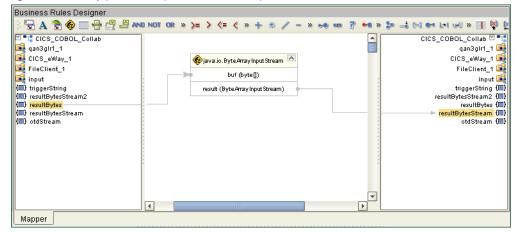
Figure 60 Copy CommArea to resultBytes Business Rule



- 12 To create the **Copy resultBytes to resultBytesStream** Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Business Rules toolbar, click the **rule** icon to add a new rule.
 - **B** From the Business Rules Designer toolbar, click the **Call New Constructor** icon. The **Call New Constructor** dialog box appears.
 - C Select ByteArrayInputStream for All Classes and java.io.ByteArrayInputStream(byte[] buf) as the Constructors. Click OK. The java.io.ByteArrayInputStream method box is appears on the Business Rules Designer canvas.
 - D Map resultBytes in the left pane of the Business Rules Designer, to the buf (Byte[]) input node of the java.io.ByteArrayInputStream method box.

E Map the result (ByteArrayInputStream) output node of the java.io.ByteArrayInputStream method box.in the left pane of the Business Rules Designer, to the buf (Byte[]) input node of the java.io.ByteArrayInputStream method box (see Figure 61).

Figure 61 Copy resultBytes to resultBytesStream Business Rule



- **13** To create the **Copy resultBytesStream to otdStream** Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Business Rules toolbar, click the **rule** icon to add a new rule.
 - **B** From the Java Collaboration Editor toolbar click the **Advance mode** icon. The Java Source Editor now appears as the bottom pane of the Java Collaboration Editor.
 - **C** From the Java Collaboration Editor pane, select **//New rule**, and replace it with the following code:

//Copy resultBytesStream to otdStream
otdStream = new com.stc.otd.runtime.provider.SimpleOtdInputStreamImpl(resultBytesStream);

- **D** From the Java Collaboration Editor toolbar click the **Commit changes** icon.
- 14 To create the **qan3glr1_1.unmarshal(otdStream)** Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Business Rules toolbar, click the **rule** icon to add a new rule.
 - **B** From the left pane of the Business Rules Designer, right click **qan3glr1_1** and select **Select a method to call** from the shortcut menu.
 - **C** From the Method selection box, select **unmarshal**(). The **unmarshal** method box appears on the Business Rules Designer canvas.
 - D Map **otdStream** from the left pane of the Business Rules Designer to the **in** (**OtdInputStream**) input node of the **unmarshal** method box.
- **15** To create the **Copy CA_OUT_NAME to Text** Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Business Rules toolbar, click the **rule** icon to add a new rule.
 - B Map CA-OUT-CITY under qan3glr1_1 > DFHCOMMAREA in the left pane of the Business Rules Designer to Text under FileClient_1 in the right pane of the Business Rules Designer.

- 16 To create the **Copy Text.concat("/") to Text** Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Business Rules toolbar, click the **rule** icon to add a new rule.
 - B From the Business Rules Designer toolbar, click the **Create Literal** icon. The **Create Literal** dialog box appears.
 - C From the **Create Literal** dialog box, select **String** as Type, enter / as the Value, and click **OK**. The **Literal** method box appears on the Business Rules Designer canvas.
 - D From the Business Rules Designer toolbar, drag the **concat** icon to the Business Rules Designer canvas. The **concat** method box appears.
 - E Map the **Text** under **FileClient_1** in the left pane of the Business Rules Designer, to the String input node of the **concat** method box.
 - F Map the / output node of the Literal method box to the str (String) input node of the concat method box.
 - G Map the **result (String)** output node of the **concat** method box to **Text** under **FileClient_1** in the right pane of the Business Rules Designer (see Figure 62).

Business Rules Designer		
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Mapper		

Figure 62 Copy Text.concat("/") to Text Business Rule

- 17 To create the **Copy CA_OUT_CITY.concat(Text) to Text** Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Business Rules toolbar, click the **rule** icon to add a new rule.
 - **B** From the Business Rules Designer toolbar, drag the **concat** icon to the Business Rules Designer canvas. The **concat** method box appears.
 - C Map the **Text** under **FileClient_1** in the left pane of the Business Rules Designer, to the String input node of the **concat** method box.
 - D Map CA-OUT-CITY under qan3glr1_1 > DFHCOMMAREA in the left pane of the Business Rules Designer to the str (String) input node of the concat method box.

E Map the result (String) output node of the concat method box toText under FileClient_1 in the right pane of the Business Rules Designer (see Figure 63 on page 93).

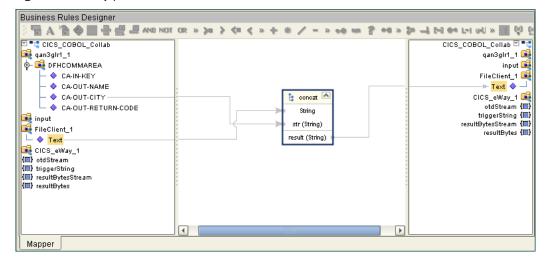


Figure 63 Copy CA_OUT_CITY.concat(Text) to Text Business Rule

- **18** To create the **Copy Text.concat("/") to Text** Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Business Rules toolbar, click the **rule** icon to add a new rule.
 - **B** From the Business Rules Designer toolbar, click the **Create Literal** icon. The **Create Literal** dialog box appears.
 - C From the **Create Literal** dialog box, select **String** as Type, enter / as the Value, and click **OK**. The **Literal** method box appears on the Business Rules Designer canvas.
 - D From the Business Rules Designer toolbar, drag the **concat** icon to the Business Rules Designer canvas. The **concat** method box appears.
 - E Map the **Text** under **FileClient_1** in the left pane of the Business Rules Designer, to the String input node of the **concat** method box.
 - F Map the / output node of the Literal method box to the str (String) input node of the concat method box.
- **19** To create the **Copy CA_OUT_RETURN_CODE.concat(Text)** to **Text** Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Business Rules toolbar, click the **rule** icon to add a new rule.
 - **B** From the Business Rules Designer toolbar, drag the **concat** icon to the Business Rules Designer canvas. The **concat** method box appears.
 - C Map the **Text** under **FileClient_1** in the left pane of the Business Rules Designer, to the String input node of the **concat** method box.
 - D Map CA-OUT-RETURN-CODE under qan3glr1_1 > DFHCOMMAREA in the left pane of the Business Rules Designer to the str (String) input node of the concat method box.

- E Map the **result (String)** output node of the **concat** method box to**Text** under **FileClient_1** in the right pane of the Business Rules Designer.
- F Map the **result (String)** output node of the **concat** method box to**Text** under **FileClient_1** in the right pane of the Business Rules Designer.
- 20 To create the FileClient_1.write Business Rule do the following:
 - A From the Business Rules toolbar, click the **rule** icon to add a new rule.
 - **B** From the left pane of the Business Rules Designer, right click **FileClient_1** and select **Select a method to call** from the shortcut menu.
 - **C** From the Method selection box, select **write**(). The **write** method box appears on the Business Rules Designer canvas.
- 21 Save your current changes to the Repository.

For more information on how to create Business Rules using the Java Collaboration Editor see See **Using the Java Collaboration Editor** on page 70, or see the *eGate Integrator User's Guide*.

5.6.6. Creating Collaboration Bindings

After the Collaborations have been written, the components are associated and the Collaboration Bindings are created in the Connectivity Map.

- 1 From the Project Explorer, double-click the Connectivity Map CM_CICS_COBOL_Sample. The Enterprise Designer canvas now displays the CM_CICS_COBOL_Sample Connectivity Map.
- 2 Drag and drop the **CICS_COBOL_Collab** Collaboration from the Project Explorer onto CicsCobolCollab in the CICS_COBOL_Sample_CM Connectivity Map. If the Collaboration was successfully associated, the Collaboration's "gears" icon changes from red to green.
- 3 Double-click CicsCobolCollab. The CicsCobolCollab Binding dialog box appears.
- 4 From the **CicsCobolCollab** Binding dialog box, drag **FileClient input** (under Source) to the **Inbound** File external application.
- 5 From the **CicsCobolCollab** Binding dialog box, drag the **FileClient FileClient_1** OTD (under Destination) to the **outbound** File external application.
- 6 From the **CicsCobolCollab** Binding dialog box, drag the **CICS_eWay CICS_eWay_1** OTD (under Destination) to the **CICS** external application.
- 7 Minimize the **CicsCobolCollab** Binding dialog box. The Connectivity Map now appears similar to the Connectivity Map displayed in **Figure 64 on page 95**.

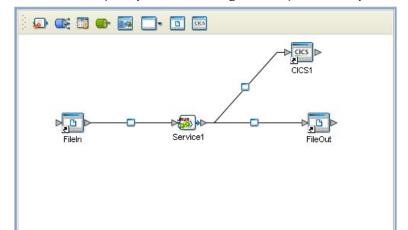


Figure 64 Connectivity Map - Connecting the Project's Components

8 Right-click the Repository in the Project Explorer and select **Save changes to Repository** to save your changes.

5.6.7. Creating an Environment

Environments include the external systems, Logical Hosts, integration servers and message servers used by a Project and contain the configuration information for these components.

- 1 From the Enterprise Designer's Enterprise Explorer, click the **Environment Explorer** tab.
- 2 Right-click the Repository and select **New Environment**. A new environment is added to the Environment Explorer tree.
- 3 Rename the new environment to CICS_COBOL_Sample_ENV.
- 4 Right-click **CICS_COBOL_Sample_ENV** and select **New CICS External System**. Name the External System **CicsExtSys**. Click **OK**. **CicsExtSys** is added to the Environment Editor.
- 5 Right-click CICS_COBOL_Sample_ENV and select New File External System. Name the External System FileExtSysIn and select Inbound File eWay as the External System Type. Click OK. FileExtSysIn is added to the Environment Editor.
- 6 Right-click CICS_COBOL_Sample_ENV and select New File External System. Name this External System FileExtSysOut and select Outbound File eWay as the External System Type. FileExtSysOut is added to the Environment Editor.
- 7 Right-click CICS_COBOL_Sample_ENV and select New Logical Host. Enter LocalHost2 in the Logical Host Name field. Select STC Message Server as the System JMS Type. LocalHost2 is added to the Environment Editor.
- 8 Right-click LocalHost2 and select New SeeBeyond Integration Server. A new Integration Server (IntegrationSvr1) is added to the Environment Explorer tree under LogicalHost1.
- 9 Save your current changes to the repository.

5.6.8. Configuring the eWays

The CICS_COBOL_Sample Project uses three eWays, each represented in the Connectivity Map as a node between an External Application and a Collaboration.

The File eWay properties are configured from the Connectivity Map. The CICS eWay properties are set from both the Project Explorer's Connectivity Map and the Environment Explorer. To configure the eWays do the following:

Configuring the File eWays

- 1 Double-click the **Inbound File eWay** and select **Inbound File eWay** in the Templates dialog box and click **OK**.
- 2 The **Properties Sheet** opens to the Inbound File eWay properties. Modify the properties for your system, including the settings for the **Inbound** File eWay in Table 6, and click **OK**.

Inbound eWay Connection Parameters	
Directory	C:/temp
Input file name	Input*.txt

Table 10 Inbound File eWay properties

3 In the same way, modify the **Outbound** File eWay properties for your system, including the settings in Table 7, and click **OK**.

Table 11 Outbound File eWay properties

Outbound eWay Connection Parameters	
Directory	C:/temp
Output file name	output%.dat

Configuring the CICS eWay

The CICS eWay properties must be set in both the Project Explorer and Environment Explorer. For more information on the CICS eWay properties and the **Properties Sheet**, see **Creating and Configuring the CICS eWay** on page 37 or see the *eGate Integrator User's Guide*.

For the CICS_JCE_Sample Project, do the following:

Modify the CICS eWay Connectivity Map Properties

- 1 From the **Connectivity Map**, double-click the **CICS eWay**. The **Properties Sheet** opens to the CICS eWay Connectivity Map configuration properties.
- 2 Modify the CICS eWay Connectivity Map properties for your system, including the settings in Table 12 on page 97, and click OK.

CICS eWay Connectivity Map Properties		
Connector Set as directed, otherwise use the default settings		
Class	com.stc.eways.cics.CicsClientConnector	
Connection Transport	SeeBeyond CICS Listener	
Туре	CICS	
CICS Client Set as directed, otherwise use the default settings.		
COMMAREA Length	1000	
CICS Program CICS program to be run on server		

Table 12 CICS eWay Connectivity Map Properties

Modify the CICS eWay Environment Explorer Properties

- 1 From the **Environment Explorer** tree, right-click the CICS External System (**CicsExtSys** in this sample), and select **Properties**. The **Properties Sheet** opens to the CICS eWay Environment configuration .
- 2 Modify the CICS eWay Environment configuration properties for your system, including the settings in Table 13 on page 97, and click OK.

Table 13	CICS eWay Environment Explorer Propertie	2S
----------	--	----

CICS eWay Environment Explorer Properties		
SeeBeyond CICS Listener Set as directed, otherwise use the default settings		
Host	Host Name	
Port	TCP/IP Port Number	
CICS Client Set as directed, otherwise use the default settings.		
CICS Password Password of CICS user		
CICS UserId This is the ID of the CICS user		

5.6.9 Creating and Activating the Deployment Profile

A Deployment Profile is used to assign Collaborations and message destinations to the integration server and message server. Deployment profiles are created using the Deployment Editor.

- From the Enterprise Explorer's Project Explorer, right-click the Project (CICS_COBOL_Sample) and select New > Deployment Profile.
- 2 Enter a name for the Deployment Profile (for this sample CICS_COBOL_Sample_DP). Select CICS_COBOL_Sample_ENV as the Environment and click OK.
- 3 From the left pane of the Deployment Editor, drag the **Inbound -> Service1** (External Application) to the **FileExtSysIn** window.

- 4 From the left pane of the Deployment Editor, drag the **Service1 -> Outbound** (External Application) to the **FileExtSysOut** window.
- 5 Drag the **Service1 -> CICS1** (External Application) to the **CicsExtSys** window.
- 6 Drag **Service1** and **OTDProcessor1** to **IntegrationSvr1** in the **Logicalhost2** windowFigure 65

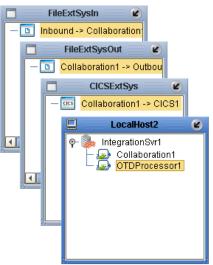


Figure 65 Deployment Profile

7 Click Activate. When activation succeeds, save the changes to the Repository.

5.6.10. Running the Project

The following directions assume that the Enterprise Designer was downloaded to C:\eGate50. If this is not the case, replace that location in the following directions with the appropriate location.

- 1 From the Enterprise Manager Downloads tab, click on Local Host.
- 2 Extract the file to the **eGate50\LogicalHost3** directory. You must specify the **LogicalHost3** directory for it to be created.
- 3 Navigate to C:\eGate50\LogicalHost2\bootstrap\config directory and open the logical-host.properties file using Notepad[™].
- 4 Enter the following information in the appropriate fields:
 - Logical Host rood directory: eGate50\LogicalHost3
 - Repository URL: http://localhost:port number/repository name
 - Repository user name and password: Your user name and password
 - Logical Host Environment name: CICS_COBOL_Sample_ENV
 - Logical Host name: LogicalHost3

Save your changes to **logical-host.properties** and close the file.

5 Run the **bootstrap.bat** file in the **eGate50\LogicalHost3\bootstrap\bin** directory.

6 Copy the sample input data file to the input directory.

Chapter 6

Java Methods

A number of Java methods have been exposed to make it easier to set information in the eWay's OTD Editor and to get information from it. These methods are contained in the CicsClient Class.

Chapter Topics

- The CicsClient Class on page 100
- Packed Decimal Java Helper Methods on page 100

6.1 The CicsClient Class

The CicsClient class represents an OTD through which a Collaboration can invoke transaction programs on a CICS server. Nodes and methods are exposed so that the Collaboration can conveniently prepare a request for a CICS program, invoke the program, and get result from the program.

CICS Javadoc

The Javadoc is uploaded with the eWay's documentation file (**CICSeWayDocs.sar**) and downloaded from the Documentation tab of the Enterprise Manager. To access the full Javadoc, extract the Javadoc to an easily accessible folder, and double click the **index.html** file.

6.2 Packed Decimal Java Helper Methods

The Java helper methods for the toPackedDecimal class. These methods are not exposed in the Collaboration but are available for use. For example, to use the **CopyTo** method to obtain a Hex value in a byte array you would use the following code:

```
MyPacked.toPackedDecimal("327.00") ;
System.out.println( " Decimal value is : " + MyPacked.toString() ) ;
byte[] work_buf = new byte[7];
MyPacked.CopyTo(work_buf, 7);
for ( int Ii = 0 ; Ii < 7 ; Ii++ )
{
    int Ib = (int) new Byte(work_buf[Ii]).intValue();
    if (Ib < 16)
    {
      System.out.println(" Byte" + Ii + " Hexvalue = 0" + Integer.toHexString(Ib));
    }
    else</pre>
```

```
{
   System.out.println(" Byte" + Ii + " Hexvalue = " + Integer.toHexString(Ib));
  }
}
```

This produces the following output:

Decimal value is : 327.00 Byte0 Hexvalue = 00 Byte1 Hexvalue = 00 Byte2 Hexvalue = 00 Byte3 Hexvalue = 00 Byte4 Hexvalue = 32 Byte5 Hexvalue = 70 Byte6 Hexvalue = 0c

These methods are described in detail on the following pages:

ContainerExists on page 101	GiveElem on page 102
CopyBack on page 101	SetElem on page 103
CopyTo on page 102	

ContainerExists

Description

Checks to see if contents of a packed decimal are available.

Syntax

```
public com.stc.eways.cics.PackedDecimal boolean ContainerExists()
```

Parameters

None.

Return Values

Boolean

Throws

None.

CopyBack

Description

Builds a packed decimal from the payload in a byte array. The byte array must contain a valid packed decimal number.

Syntax

Parameters

Name	Туре	Description
Origin[]	byte	Payload containing a valid packed decimal number.
Size	int	Size of the payload that contains the packed decimal number.

Return Values

None.

Throws

None.

СоруТо

Description

Copies a packed decimal number to a byte array.

Syntax

Parameters

Name	Туре	Description
Dest[]	byte	A byte array that the packed decimal number will be copied to.
Size	int	Size of the payload that contains the packed decimal number.

Return Values

None.

Throws

None.

GiveElem

Description

Returns a specified byte of a packed decimal number.

Syntax

```
public com.stc.eways.cics.PackedDecimal int GiveElem(int Ii)
```

Parameters

Name	Туре	Description
li	int	Position of the byte to be returned.

Return Values

int

Returns the value of the position.

Throws

None.

SetElem

Description

Sets the value of a specified byte in a packed decimal number.

Syntax

Parameters

Name	Туре	Description
li	int	Position of the byte to be set.
Value	byte	Value to set.

Return Values

None.

Throws

None.

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