Ultra[™] Enterprise[™] 3000 System Installation Guide



The Network Is the Computer[™]

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Preface

The Ultra[™] Enterprise[™] 3000 System Installation Guide provides installation instructions for the factory-configured 4-slot system. These instructions are designed for an experienced system administrator with networking knowledge.

UNIX Commands

This document may not include specific software commands or procedures. Instead, it may name software tasks and refer you to operating system documentation or the handbook that was shipped with your new hardware.

The types of tasks that you might need to use references for includes:

- Shutting down the system
- Booting the system
- Configuring devices
- Other basic software procedures

The references you can use include:

- *Solaris 2.x Handbook for SMCC Peripherals* contains Solaris[™] 2.x software commands.
- On-line AnswerBookTM for the complete set of documentation supporting the Solaris 2.x software environment.
- Other software documentation and *Platform Notes* that you received with your system.

Typographic Conventions

Typeface or

The following table describes the typographic changes used in this book.

Symbol	Meaning	Example
AaBbCc123	The names of commands, files, and directories; on-screen computer output	Edit your .login file. Use ls -a to list all files. machine_name% You have mail.
AaBbCc123	What you type, contrasted with on-screen computer output	machine_name% su Password:
AaBbCc123	Command-line placeholder: replace with a real name or value	To delete a file, type rm <i>filename</i> .
AaBbCc123	Book titles, new words or terms, or words to be emphasized	Read Chapter 6 in the <i>User's Guide.</i> These are called <i>class</i> options. You <i>must</i> be root to do this.

Shell Prompts

The following table shows the default system prompt and superuser prompt for the C shell, Bourne shell, and Korn shell.

Shell	Prompt
C shell	machine_name%
C shell superuser	machine_name#
Bourne shell and Korn shell	\$
Bourne shell and Korn shell superuser	#

Related Documents

The following documents contain topics that relate to the information in the *Ultra Enterprise 3000 System Installation Guide*.

Application	Title	Part Number
Safety/EMI	Ultra Enterprise System Cabinet Regulatory Compliance Manual	802-3846
Service	Ultra Enterprise 3000 System Manual	802-3845
Software	SMCC SPARC Hardware Platform Guide	802-5341
	Solstice SyMON User's Guide	802-5355
Options	Ultra Enterprise Expansion Cabinet Installation and Service Manual	802-6084
	Ultra Enterprise Board Installation Guide	802-5030
	Ultra Enterprise CPU Installation Guide	802-5031
	Ultra Enterprise SIMM Installation Guide	802-5032
	Ultra Enterprise Peripheral Power Supply Installation Guide	802-5033
	Ultra Enterprise Power/Cooling Module (PCM) Installation Guide	802-6244
	Ultra Enterprise Disk Board Installation Guide	802-6740

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United Kingdom	0-800-89-88-88	0-800-89-88-87
France	05-90-61-57	05-90-61-58
Belgium	02-720-09-09	02-725-88-50
Luxembourg	32-2-720-09-09	32-2-725-88-50
Germany	01-30-81-61-91	01-30-81-61-92
The Netherlands	06-022-34-45	06-022-34-46
Sweden	020-79-57-26	020-79-57-27
Switzerland	155-19-26	155-19-27
Japan	0120-33-9096	0120-33-9097

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Notes, Cautions, and Warnings



Warning – This equipment contains lethal voltage. Accidental contact with centerplane, card cage, and drive areas can result in serious injury or death.

Caution – Improper handling by unqualified personnel can cause serious damage to this equipment. Unqualified personnel who tamper with this equipment may be held liable for any resultant damage to the equipment.

Individuals who remove any outer panels or open covers to access this equipment must observe all safety precautions and ensure compliance with skill level requirements, certification, and all applicable local and national laws.

Procedures contained in this document must be performed by qualified service-trained maintenance providers.

Note – Before you begin, carefully read each of the procedures in this manual. If you have not performed similar operations on comparable equipment, *do not attempt* to perform these procedures.

Preparing for Installation

1

This chapter describes how to prepare your site for the Ultra Enterprise 3000 server system.

The tasks for installing the system are:

- 1. Unpacking the server Chapter 1
- 2. Preparing the site Chapter 1
- 3. Preparing the server Chapter 1
- 4. Cabling Chapter 2
- 5. Powering on Chapter 3
- 6. Using the software Chapter 4

Note – For information about physical specifications, electrical specifications, and environmental requirements, refer to Appendix A, "Specifications," in the *Ultra Enterprise 3000 System Manual*.



Figure 1-1 Enterprise 3000 System

1.1 Unpacking and Preparing the System

Note – Inspect all shipping cartons for evidence of physical damage. If a shipping carton is damaged, request that the carrier's agent be present when the carton is opened. Keep all contents and packing material for the agent's inspection.

If the system is already unpacked, go to Section 1.3, "Preparing the Electrical Circuits."



Warning – The system can weigh up to 160 lbs (73 kg). To prevent personal injury, two people are needed to lift the system safely.

Tools

- #2 Phillips screwdriver
- Front door key (packed in a bag in the accessory box)

Follow graphic instructions on the shipping container to remove the system from the container. Remove the front door key (also the keyswitch key) and power cord from the shipping container. These are needed to power on the system.

Note – Any unpacking instructions printed on the outside of the shipping carton take precedence over information in this section.

1.2 Shipping and Storing the System

Save the original shipping containers and packing materials in case you need to store or ship your system.

If you cannot store the shipping materials, recycle or dispose of the materials properly. Consult your local recycling authority for information.

1.3 Preparing the Electrical Circuits

In planning where to place your equipment, remember that each of the following items require access (by way of a separate power cord) to a power outlet:

- Enterprise 3000 system
- External peripherals
- Monitor used for diagnostics

The Enterprise 3000 system uses nominal input voltages of 100-120 VAC or 200-220 VAC. Sun products are designed to work with single-phase power systems having a grounded neutral conductor.

To reduce the risk of electrical shock, do not plug Sun products into another type of power source. Contact your facilities manager or a qualified electrician if you are unsure what type of power is supplied to your building.

1.4 Preparing the Air Conditioning

For the most reliable system operation:

- The room should have sufficient air conditioning capacity to support the cooling needs of the entire system.
- The air conditioning system should have controls that prevent excessive temperature changes.

Refer to Appendix A, "Specifications," in the Ultra Enterprise 3000 System Manual for environmental information.

1.5 Preparing the Ethernet Network

The Enterprise 3000 system follows the IEEE standard for 10/100BASE-T Ethernet (twisted-pair) or MII (Media Independent Interface).

Twisted-pair cables used with Sun Microsystems products have RJ-45 connectors that resemble the smaller RJ-11 connectors used for modular telephone cables. For twisted-pair cable length, see Chapter 2, Table 2-1.

A MII to AUI converter cable, available from Sun, enables the 10/100 Mbps Ethernet interface to run over 10 Mbps coaxial Ethernet networks. Other MII Ethernet connectivity products are available from third parties.

Figure 1-2 and Figure 1-3 illustrate types of network cables and possible implementations of 10/100BASE-T Ethernet.

Set up the network using Sun or third party components. To obtain the best results, read any applicable manufacturer instructions. Be aware that Sun Microsystems cannot guarantee the performance of any components that are not purchased from Sun.





Note – Multiplexer boxes require a transceiver when used with the Ethernet applications described in this manual. Although these transceivers are compatible with Sun equipment, Sun Microsystems does not guarantee the performance of any component that was not purchased from Sun.

Many transceivers are compatible with both level-1 and level-2 Ethernet. To operate these transceivers with Sun equipment, set the device for level-2 operation following the manufacturer's instructions.

Sun equipment conforms to the Ethernet 10/100BASE-T standard, which states that the 10/100BASE-T Link Integrity Test function should always be enabled on both the host and the hub. If you have problems verifying connection between Sun equipment and your hub, verify that your hub also has the link test function enabled. Refer to Section 8.6.1, "Failure of Network Communications," in the *Ultra Enterprise 3000 System Manual* (p/n 802-6051), and refer to the manual provided with your hub.

1.6 Preparing the Area

Use the following guidelines to prepare a location for your server.

- The server unit requires approximately 1.5 feet (47 cm) of space in the front and back for access by service personnel. See Figure 1-4.
- A minimum space of 6 inches (16 cm) is required on both sides of the server to afford adequate air flow.



Warning – To avoid exhaust air recirculation, do not put systems or peripherals next to each other, side by side.

• Keep power and interface cables clear of foot traffic. Route cables inside walls, under the floor, through the ceiling, or in protective channels. Route interface cables away from motors and other sources of magnetic or radio frequency interference.



Figure 1-4 Standalone Server Access Areas — Top View

1.7 Using the User Naming Area

To display the name of the server, IP address, owner, or other important information on the front of the machine:

1. Remove the front bezel.

Refer to Chapter 12, "Preparing for Service," in the Ultra Enterprise 3000 System Manual (Section 12.3.1, "Front Bezel").

2. Snap out the narrow transparent window.

From the rear side of the bezel, gently squeeze the top and bottom edges together as you simultaneously push the transparent window out through the front of the bezel.

3. Choose the information that will appear on the label.

Common items include the name of the server, IP address, name and contact information for the system administrator, and the group of users that the machine services.

4. Use the colored paper provided with the system to make a label.

The available area for the paper label is 12 mm x 150 mm (0.5 in. x 5.9 in.). Print or write the desired information in an area this size and cut the label to fit the transparent window.

5. Place the paper label inside the window, and snap the window back in place from the front side of the bezel.

=1

Cabling the System

2

This chapter contains procedures for connecting the power cord to the AC power supply and instructions for cabling the system.

2.1 Preparing the System for Cabling

Make sure the server is in an area that allows access to both the front and rear of the chassis. This site should conform to site preparation guidelines and specifications covered in Chapter 1.

2.2 Connecting the Power Cord

- 1. Use the handle on the front of the Enterprise 3000 system to pull the front door open.
- 2. Locate the system key switch in the upper right corner, insert the key provided with your system, and turn the key switch to \bigcirc (the Standby position). See Figure 2-1.



Figure 2-1 Key Switch Standby Position

- **3. Turn the AC power switch to Off.** This switch is at the rear of the system, on the peripheral power supply/AC (PPS/AC) that is installed in the far left corner. See Figure 2-2.
- **4.** Connect the female end of the power cord into the AC connector. This connector is at the rear of the system, on the PPS/AC, just below the AC power switch. See Figure 2-2.
- **5. Route the power cord through the power cord retainer clip.** A plastic clip is attached to the back support bracket. See Figure 2-2.
 - **a.** Use a Phillips screwdriver to open the plastic retainer clip. Remove the screw.
 - b. Place the power cord inside the open clip.
 - c. Replace the screw to reattach the retainer clip to the support bracket.

6. Connect the male end of the power cord into a grounded outlet. The outlet must be a 100-120 or 220-240 VAC 15A circuit.



Figure 2-2 AC Power Switch, Power Receptacle, and Retainer Clip



Caution – Do NOT turn on power to the unit yet. Doing so can cause system damage to occur.

7. Continue with Section 2.3 and Section 2.4 to connect the system to the network. See Sections 2.5 through 2.7 for further cabling instructions.

2.3 Connecting the Network Cable to the System

The locations specified in the following instructions assume the use of twisted-pair 10BASE-T or 100BASE-T Ethernet.

1. Locate the network cable.

Figure 2-3 shows the twisted-pair Ethernet network cable.



Figure 2-3 Network Cable

2. Connect one end of the network cable into the RJ-45 twisted-pair network port.

For 10/100BASE-T Ethernet, the default interface port is the onboard connector on the I/O board in slot 1. See Figure 2-4.



Figure 2-4 10/100BASE-T Ethernet Connection

2.4 Connecting the System to the Network

Ethernet network.

- 1. Connect the network cable to a twisted-pair-to-transceiver interface box.
- 2. Connect the interface box with an appropriate cable to a network transceiver.Figure 2-5 shows a typical arrangement for connecting the system to an
- 3. For Ethernet cables, determine if the cable has N-type screw-on connectors at the ends.
 - If the Ethernet cable lacks N-type connectors at the ends, use a "vampire" tap to connect the cable to the transceiver. See Figure 2-5. To connect the cable to the transceiver, use instructions provided with the vampire tap.
 - If the Ethernet cable has N-type connectors, connect the Ethernet cable to the transceiver:
 - a. Screw the Ethernet coaxial cable into one of the round screw-on type connectors on the transceiver. Use either one of the transceiver connectors.
 - b. Screw the other Ethernet coaxial cable into the other round screw-on type connector on the transceiver.
- 4. Determine if a terminator should be installed. Table 2-1 lists the cabling limitations for Ethernet.
- 5. If termination is required, install a 50-ohm terminator in the unused transceiver N connector or the end of the coaxial cable. Use a female double N-type connector.

Figure 2-5 shows the elements used in the installation process.



Figure 2-5 Connecting Twisted Pair Ethernet to N-type Coaxial Cable

Table 2-1 lists the cabling limitations for Ethernet.

Cable Segment	Length in Meters
Allowed contiguous length of cable segments	23.4
	70.2
	117.0
	500.0^{1}
Distance between transceivers (multiples-of)	2.5^{2}
Minimum length of Ethernet coaxial cable segments	23.4
Maximum length of transceiver "drop" cable	50.0
Minimum length of twisted pair cable	no minimum
Maximum length of twisted pair cable	110

Table 2-1 Ethernet Cabling Limitations for N-type Coaxial Cable

1. Finite lengths (as constrained by transmission line phenomena). Minimum length = 23.4M; maximum = 500M. If cable falls shorter than one of these values, add cable to achieve next-highest value.

2. Transceivers are placed at intervals of 2.5 meters, or multiples of 2.5 meters along the Ethernet cable. Example: transceivers are connected 2.5 meters apart, not 2.0 meters.

Example: transceivers are connected 15 meters apart (6 multiples of 2.5 meters), not 14.0 meters.





Figure 2-6 shows an example of a typical network setup. The Enterprise 3000 system can be any server shown in this figure.

Note: 5 Meters + 15 Meters + 3.4 Meter Extension = 23.4 Meters minimum length allowed.

Figure 2-6 Ethernet Cabling Length — Example Using N-type Cable

Note – Sun equipment conforms to the Ethernet 10/100BASE-T standard, which states that the 10/100BASE-T Link Integrity Test function should always be enabled on both the host and the hub. If you have problems verifying connection between Sun equipment and your hub, verify that your hub also has the link test function enabled. Refer to Section 8.6.1, "Failure of Network Communications," in the *Ultra Enterprise 3000 System Manual* (p/n 802-6051), and refer to the manual provided with your hub for more information about the Link Integrity Test function.

6. If all cables are connected, power on the system.

2.5 Connecting an ASCII Terminal

An ASCII terminal (or workstation) must be attached to the server to display diagnostic messages produced by the firmware (power-on self test /POST or OpenBoot[™] PROM/OBP) program. A terminal is not required for normal server operations, so it may be necessary to find a terminal to connect to the server.

1. Connect the terminal cable into serial port A on the clock board. See Figure 2-7.



Figure 2-7 Clock Board

2. Connect the terminal power cord into an AC wall outlet.

3. Configure the ASCII terminal as follows:

- 9600 bps
- 1 stop bit
- 8 data bits
- Parity off
- Full duplex

Refer to the instruction manual shipped with the terminal for specific configuration instructions.

Note – The setup parameters listed in Step 3 may differ from the setup at the customer site. These parameters can be changed in the NVRAM. Refer to the set-defaults and printenv commands in the *OpenBoot Command Reference* manual, p/n 801-7076.

2.6 Connecting the Fiber Cable to the I/O Board

- 1. Remove the two plastic caps that cover the cable connector on the FC/OM module.
- 2. Remove the plastic cap covering the ends of the fiber cable.
- 3. Connect one end of the fiber cable into the FC/OM module installed on the I/O board.

Align the notch in the cable connector with the key notch in the module connector. See Figure 2-8.

4. Connect the other end of the fiber cable into the FC/OM connector on the SPARCstorage Array (or other storage device with fiber optics interface) rear panel.

Align the notch in the cable connector with the notch in the connector on the storage device rear panel.



Figure 2-8 Fiber Cable and Fibre Card Connectors and Ports on the I/O Board

2.7 Connecting External SCSI Devices

External SCSI-2 devices connect to your system through the built-in singleended Fast/Wide SCSI-2 port on I/O boards (except for the board in slot 1), or through FSBE/S, DSBE/S, SWIS/S, or DWIS/S SBus cards installed on I/O boards.

Note – The onboard SCSI-2 bus on the I/O board in slot 1 controls internal SCSI tray devices. Therefore, the external SCSI connector on the I/O board in slot 1 must always have a terminator installed.

Note – The maximum combined length for a string of SCSI cables is six meters for non-differential cables. For differential SCSI cables, the maximum is 25 meters.

When calculating the total length of a SCSI string, include external cables, internal cables, and printed traces. Table 2-2 lists internal measurements for the Enterprise servers.

Location	Internal Length
SBus I/O board	0.43 meter
Graphics I/O board	0.43 meter

For information on device addressing, priorities, and slot assignments, refer to Appendix D, "Rules for System Configuration" in the *Ultra Enterprise 3000 System Manual*, p/n 802-6051.



Caution – Risk of equipment damage. Do not assign the same SCSI address to two devices sharing the same SCSI bus or SBus card.

To connect an external SCSI device to your system:

1. Connect a SCSI cable to the appropriate SCSI-2 host on the I/O board.

- For the I/O board in slot 1, this is an SB us card installed in an appropriate SB us slot. • For I/O boards in slots 2 through 4, use the onboard SCSI-2 port or an SBus card installed in an appropriate SBus slot.

Figure 2-9 shows the location of the onboard SCSI connector on the $\rm I/O$ board.



Figure 2-9 Onboard SCSI Connector on the I/O Board

- 2. Connect the other end of the SCSI cable to the external SCSI-2 device.
- 3. Power on the system and test the server.



Powering the System On and Off

3

This chapter contains information about powering the system on and off, reading boot messages, and interpreting system status by viewing the LEDs.

3.1 Using JumpStart Automatic Installation

The Enterprise 3000 system can use the JumpStart[™] automatic installation feature that is described in installation documents for Solaris software. The software that enables this feature is present on a hard disk in your system if the system was built at the factory with internal disk boards or disk trays.

JumpStart will run only when the system is powered on for the first time.



Caution – JumpStart may incorrectly install the system as a standalone workstation. You should prevent JumpStart automatic installation from proceeding if the appropriate server-specific configuration information is not in place. Information about the JumpStart feature is on a card titled "JumpStart Installation Instructions" that is provided with the system documentation.

To prevent JumpStart installation from occurring unintentionally:

- Do not connect the system to a network when you power it on initially.
- Do not place a Solaris release CD-ROM in a drive when you first power on the machine.

Note – If JumpStart automatic installation begins unintentionally, interrupt it by pressing "L1-A" (Stop-A) or "Break" (on ttya). Perform a manual installation when you are ready.

If JumpStart completes the installation incorrectly, you may need to reinstall Solaris 2.x manually.

3.2 Powering On the System

Note – It is advisable to connect an ASCII terminal to the system during installation. See Section 2.5, "Connecting an ASCII Terminal," for terminal settings and connections.

Observe the yellow (middle) LED on the front panel. It should go off when boot completes. If it remains lit, observe the terminal screen for boot messages produced by the firmware diagnostic program during power on.

To power on the Enterprise 3000 system:

- 1. Begin with a safety inspection of the system.
 - a. Use the handle on the front of the system to pull the front door open.
 - **b.** Turn the system key switch to \bigcirc (the Standby position). See Figure 3-1.
 - **c. Turn the AC power sequencer power switch to Off.** The AC power sequencer is at the rear of the enclosure. See Figure 3-2.
 - d. Verify that the AC power cord is plugged into a wall socket.



Caution – Do not disconnect the power cord from the wall socket when working on the server. This connection provides a ground path that prevents damage from uncontrolled electrostatic discharge.

- **2. Turn on power to any expansion cabinets.** Read the documentation supplied with each type of expansion cabinet for specific instructions.
- 3. Turn on the terminal (if applicable).

- **4. Turn the AC power sequencer power switch to On.** See Figure 3-2.
- **5. Turn the key switch to the On position.** See Figure 3-1. You should see and hear several things happen:



Figure 3-1 Key Switch Positions

- The fans in the power supplies begin turning.
- The top front panel LED (green) turns on immediately denoting the power supply is delivering DC power.
- The middle front panel LED (yellow) flashes while POST runs for approximately 60 seconds. After 60 seconds, this LED turns off if the tests pass. If the LED remains lit after 60 seconds, a test has failed.
- The bottom front panel LED (green) flashes to show that boot is successful and the operating system is running. If this LED fails to turn on and the middle LED is on, a severe hardware fault exists.

3



Warning – Never move the system when the power is on. Failure to heed this warning may result in catastrophic disk drive failure. Always power the system off before moving it.



Figure 3-2 AC Power and Clock Board

6. Watch the terminal screen for error messages from the firmware diagnostic program.

POST (power-on-self test) tests subassemblies and some interface paths between subassemblies.

At the conclusion of testing, firmware automatically attempts to reconfigure the system, omitting any parts of the system that have failed diagnostics.

If there are no faults, or if firmware completes a successful reconfiguration in response to detected faults, the system boots. **Note** – If faulty parts are detected and configured out of the working system, you and the system manager must decide whether to operate the system until replacement parts arrive, or to halt operation. Also, if a faulty component cannot be replaced in the field, the entire subassembly (like the system board) must be replaced.

7. To restart firmware, or if the system hangs, press the CPU reset switch on the clock board.

See Figure 3-3.



Figure 3-3 CPU Reset Switch on Clock Board

3.2.1 Reading Boot Messages

Use the boot software messages to verify that all options are installed and recognized by the system. After firmware completes the system self-test, a message similar to the following will appear on your screen. The message lists hardware detected in the system.

Note – This screen display is an example only. The actual message displayed on the screen will depend on the software running on your system.

```
4-slot Ultra Enterprise 3000, Keyboard Present
OpenBoot -.- FCS, --- MB memory installed, Serial #---.
Ethernet address -:-:--:-, Host ID: -----.
```

If firmware indicates a hardware problem at this time, refer to the *Ultra Enterprise3000 System Manual*, Part 3, "Troubleshooting," for further instructions.

Boot the system using the procedure that is appropriate for your operating system. See the *Preface*, "UNIX Commands" for a reference to documentation that describes this procedure.

3.2.2 Interpreting Status LED Patterns

If there is no terminal on the system, basic system status information is available on the front panel LEDs, as shown in Figure 3-4.



Figure 3-4 System Status LEDs

After boot, check the status of the system by inspecting system status LEDs on the front panel. See Figure 3-4 and Table 3-1, which summarizes LED status indications.

Table 3-1 Front Panel LED System Status

LED Position	Condition
Left LED (green)	On — the power supply is delivering DC power
Middle LED (yellow)	On flashing — (first 60 seconds of AC power) self tests are running Off — (after self tests end) no hardware failures detected On — (after self tests end) hardware failure was detected
Right LED (green)	Off — (first 60 seconds of AC power) self tests are running On flashing — (after self tests end) system is running Off — (after self tests end) system cannot run; repair is needed

Ideally, when self-test completes, both top and bottom LEDs are on. Less ideal is if all LEDs are on (system needs service, but is able to run). The worst condition is if the top and middle LEDs are on (system cannot boot), or if no LED is on.

3.3 Powering Off the System

Before turning off the system power, you must halt the operating system. See the Preface, "UNIX Commands," to find references if you need help with the commands for this task or other system administration procedures.

Note – Failure to halt the operating system properly can cause the loss of disk drive data.

Note - Do not disconnect the terminal while the system is running.



Caution – To avoid damaging internal circuits, do not disconnect or connect any cable while power is applied to the system.

To shut down the system:

- 1. Notify users that the system is going down.
- 2. Back up the system files and data to tape, if necessary.
- **3.** Halt the system using the appropriate commands. Refer to the *Solaris Handbook for SMCC Peripherals* that corresponds to your operating system.
- 4. Wait for the system-halted message and the boot monitor prompt.
- 5. Pull on the handle to open the system front door.
- **6.** Locate the system keyswitch in the upper right corner, and turn the key switch to the Standby position (fully counterclockwise). See Figure 3-1.
- 7. Turn off the system power in this order:
 - a. External drives and expansion cabinets (if any)
 - b. System AC power switch (see Figure 3-2)
 - c. Terminal

For more system administration information on methods for shut-down and backup, see the *Preface*, "UNIX Commands" for references to documentation that describes these procedures.

Using the Software

4≡

This chapter contains information about software for your Enterprise 3000 system.

4.1 Operating System Software

Refer to the operating system documentation that came with your system.

4.2 Solstice SyMON Software

Solstice[™] SyMON[™] features a graphical user interface (GUI) display that shows various graphs reflecting system status.

Solstice SyMON, intended to complement network-wide and enterprise-wide system management tools, is accessible through an SNMP interface from network tools such as Solstice SunNet Manager[™].

Refer to the online *Solstice SyMON User's Guide*, p/n 802-5355, for starting and operating instructions.

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