



Sun Java™ System

Sun Java Enterprise System Installation Guide for Microsoft Windows

2005Q1

Sun Microsystems, Inc.
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Preface

The *Sun Java™ Enterprise System Installation Guide for Microsoft Windows* contains the information you need to install the Sun Java™ Enterprise System (Java ES) software in a Windows operating system.

This preface contains the following sections:

- “Who Should Use This Book” on page 17
- “How This Book Is Organized” on page 18
- “Typographic Conventions” on page 19
- “Related Documentation” on page 19
- “Accessing Sun Documentation” on page 21
- “Third-Party Web Sites” on page 21
- “Contacting Sun Technical Support” on page 22
- “Sun Welcomes Your Comments” on page 22

Who Should Use This Book

This guide is intended for any evaluator, system administrator, or software technician who wants to install the Sun Java Enterprise System software.

This guide assumes you are familiar with the following:

- Installation of enterprise-level software products
- System administration and networking on your supported Sun Java Enterprise System platform
- Internet and World Wide Web

How This Book Is Organized

This guide includes the following chapters:

[Chapter 1, “Installation Planning Overview,”](#) describes the installation planning tasks for Windows installation. It also provides the installable components of this release.

[Chapter 2, “Developing Your Installation Sequence,”](#) describes the key installation issues, component interdependencies, and configuration options available.

[Chapter 3, “Installation Process and Prerequisites,”](#) describes the delivery modes of the Windows JES software, its installation and uninstallation process. This chapter also discusses the installation prerequisites such as component interdependencies.

[Chapter 4, “Installation Scenarios,”](#) explains the various installation examples.

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard,”](#) describes the installation process using the Windows installation wizard.

[Chapter 6, “Gathering Configuration Information for Configure Later Option,”](#) describes configuration information for various components.

[Chapter 7, “Post-installation Configuration for Configure Later Option,”](#) describes how to configure some components by running the batch files after installing with the configure later option.

[Chapter 8, “Installing the Software in Silent Mode,”](#) describes how to create response files so that multiple installations can be done in the background without constant monitoring of the setup.

[Chapter 9, “Starting and Stopping Components,”](#) describes how to run the application components after they are installed and configured. It also describes how to stop these components.

[Chapter 10, “Uninstalling the Software,”](#) describes how to uninstall the software.

[Chapter 11, “Troubleshooting,”](#) discusses the most common problems encountered and how to resolve them.

[“Glossary,”](#) refers to the Sun glossary web page. This includes words and phrases, and their definitions.

[“Index,”](#) provides support for text search on a topic one has come across.

Typographic Conventions

Typeface*	Meaning	Examples
AaBbCc123	API and language elements, HTML tags, web site URLs, command names, file names, directory path names, onscreen computer output, and sample code.	Edit your <code>.login</code> file. Use <code>ls -a</code> to list all files. % You have mail.
AaBbCc123	What you type, when contrasted with on-screen computer output.	% su Password:
<i>AaBbCc123</i>	Book titles, new words or terms, words to be emphasized. A placeholder in a command or path name to be replaced with a real name or value.	Read Chapter 6 in the <i>User's Guide</i> . These are called <i>class</i> options. You <i>must</i> be superuser to do this. To delete a file, type <code>rm filename</code> .

*. The settings on your browser might differ from these settings.

Related Documentation

The <http://docs.sun.com> web site enables you to access the Sun technical documentation online. You can browse the archive or search for a specific book title or subject.

Books in This Documentation Set

The Sun Java Enterprise System manuals are available as online files in Portable Document Format (PDF) and Hypertext Markup Language (HTML) formats. Both formats are readable by assistive technologies for users with disabilities. The Sun™ documentation web site can be accessed here:

<http://docs.sun.com>

The Sun Java Enterprise System documentation includes information about the system as a whole and information about its components. This documentation can be accessed here:

<http://docs.sun.com/prod/entsys.05q1>

The following table lists the system-level manuals in the Sun Java Enterprise System documentation set. The left column provides the name and part number location of each document and the right column describes the general contents of the document.

Table 1 Books in the Java Enterprise System Documentation Set

Document or Book Title	Description
<i>Java Enterprise System Release Notes</i> http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0057	Contains the latest information about the Java Enterprise System, including known problems. In addition, components have their own release notes.
<i>Java Enterprise System Documentation Roadmap</i> http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0055	Provides descriptions of the documentation related to Java Enterprise System. Includes links to the documentation associated with the components.
<i>Java Enterprise System Technical Overview</i> http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0061	Introduces technical concepts and terminology used in Java Enterprise System documentation. Describes the Java Enterprise System, its components, and role in supporting distributed enterprise applications. Also covers life-cycle concepts, including an introduction to system deployment.
<i>Java Enterprise System Deployment Planning Guide</i> http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0058	Provides an introduction to planning large-scale deployments based on Java Enterprise System. Presents some basic concepts and principles of deployment planning and introduces a number of processes that you can use as a starting point when designing enterprise-wide deployments.
<i>Sun Java Enterprise System User Management Guide</i> http://docs.sun.com/doc/817-5761	Guides you through the process of optimizing user management.
<i>Java Enterprise System Deployment Example Series: Evaluation Scenario</i> http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0059	Provides a series of examples for multiple evaluation scenarios.
<i>Java Enterprise System Deployment Example Series: Small Scale Communications Scenario</i> http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0060	Provides a series of deployment scenarios for multiple system requirements.
<i>Java Enterprise System Installation Guide</i> http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0056	Guides you through the process of installing your Java Enterprise System. Shows you how to select the components that you want to install, how to configure the components that you install, and how to verify that the software you install functions properly.
<i>Java Enterprise System Upgrade and Migration Guide</i> http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0062	Guides you through the upgrade and migration process from the previous versions to the newer ones.

Table 1 Books in the Java Enterprise System Documentation Set

Document or Book Title	Description
<i>Java Enterprise System Glossary</i> http://docs.sun.com/doc/816-6873	Defines terms that are used in Sun Java Enterprise System documentation.

Accessing Sun Documentation

For product downloads, professional services, service packs and support, and additional developer information, refer to the following online resources:

- Download Center
<http://www.sun.com/software/download/>
- Professional Services
<http://www.sun.com/service/sunps/sunone/index.html>
- Sun Enterprise Services, Windows Service Packs, and Support
<http://sunsolve.sun.com/>
- Developer Information
<http://developers.sun.com/prodtech/index.html>

The following location contains information about Sun Java Enterprise System and its components:

<http://www.sun.com/software/learnabout/enterprisesystem/>

You can view, print, or purchase a broad selection of Sun documentation, including localized versions, at:

<http://www.sun.com/documentation>

Third-Party Web Sites

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Contacting Sun Technical Support

If you have technical questions about this product that are not answered in this document, go to:

<http://www.sun.com/service/contacting>

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Installation Planning Overview

This chapter provides an overview of how to prepare for Sun Java Enterprise System installation.

This chapter contains the following sections:

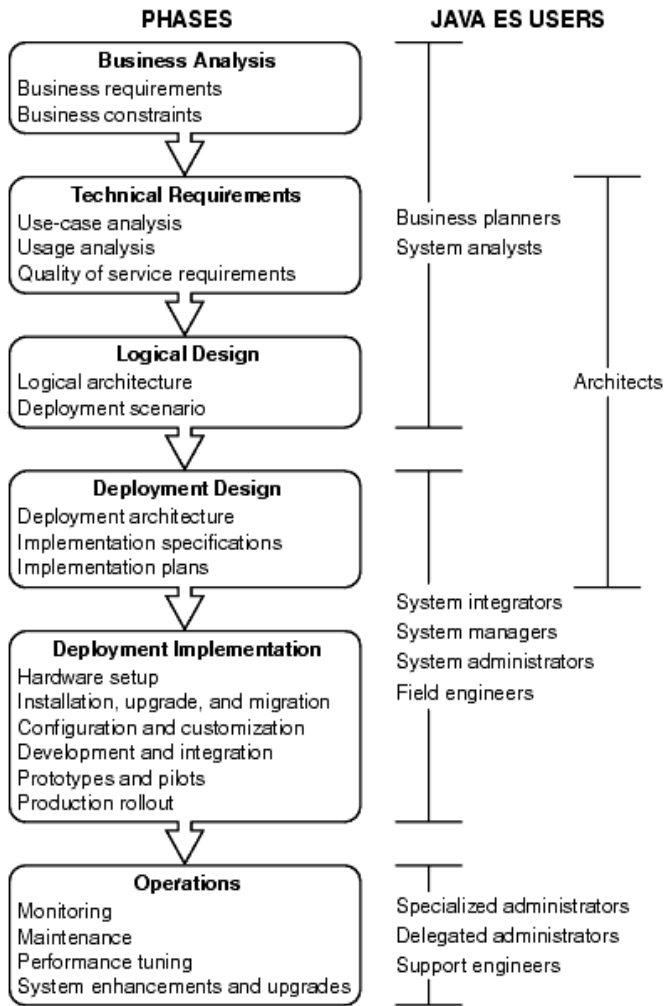
- [“Where Does Installation Fit in the Java Enterprise System Solution Life Cycle?” on page 23](#)
- [“What Are the Installation Planning Tasks?” on page 26](#)
- [“Next Steps” on page 29](#)

Where Does Installation Fit in the Java Enterprise System Solution Life Cycle?

Java Enterprise System integrates Sun server-side products into a single software system that provides the server software needed to support distributed enterprise applications. The inter-relationships among this collection of products can create a complex installation process.

The following figure shows where installation is positioned in the phases of the Java Enterprise System solution. The boxes on the right side of the figure list the user profiles that apply to the solution phases.

Figure 1-1 Sun Java Enterprise System Solution Life Cycle



Due to the complex nature of the dependencies of the components, the Sun Java Enterprise System installation process is not simple. It is important to approach the installation tasks in an orderly way, using the documentation provided. A high-level approach includes the following:

1. Know how to access the documentation available for Sun Java Enterprise System.

Refer to the *Java Enterprise System Documentation Roadmap* (<http://docs.sun.com/app/docs/doc/819-0055>).

2. Learn what Java Enterprise System is and how its components and services work.

Refer to the *Java Enterprise System Technical Overview* (<http://docs.sun.com/app/docs/doc/819-0061>).

3. Plan your deployment.

Refer to the discussion of deployment planning concepts in the *Java Enterprise System Deployment Planning Guide* (<http://docs.sun.com/app/docs/doc/819-0058>).

4. Plan your installation.

- Develop an installation sequence of events and gather the information you will need for installation.
- Review the *Java Enterprise System Release Notes* (<http://docs.sun.com/app/docs/doc/819-0057>) for installation issues associated with Windows or particular components.

5. Install the Sun Java Enterprise System software.

Install the software on your hosts, perform post-installation configuration if required, and start the individual components.

6. Complete your deployment.

Complete any additional tasks required to implement your deployment, such as customization or data migration. Refer to the following Java Enterprise System documents for guidance:

- *Java Enterprise System Documentation Roadmap* (<http://docs.sun.com/app/docs/doc/819-0055>).
- *Sun Java Enterprise System User Management Guide* (<http://docs.sun.com/app/docs/doc/817-5761>)

What Are the Installation Planning Tasks?

The following table lists the installation planning tasks common to all Java Enterprise System installations. The left column lists the high-level tasks and subtasks, and the right column lists the location of instructions for performing the tasks.

Table 1-1 Installation Planning Tasks

Task	Location of information
1. Survey the target hosts	
Check what Sun Java Enterprise System software is to be installed on your hosts or target hosts.	“What Components Are Installed?” on page 27
Verify that the host is ready for installation: system requirements, access privileges, memory and disk requirements, and so on.	“Are Your Systems Ready?” on page 27
2. Develop your installation sequence	
Review your deployment architecture and implementation specification.	“What Does My Deployment Call for?” on page 31
Identify particular situations that affect how you plan to install Sun Java Enterprise System for your deployment.	“What Are My Key Installation Issues?” on page 33
Identify the interdependencies among the components you plan to install.	“How Do Component Interdependencies Affect My Installation?” on page 33
Choose whether you will configure during installation or after the installation.	“Which Is the Best Configuration Option?” on page 37
Decide on the number and order of your installation sessions.	“How Many Installation Sessions Are Needed?” on page 38
3. Gather configuration data	
Review the Administrator Server settings.	“Administrator Server Settings” on page 96
Identify the configuration data that is required by the installer for the Quick Configure option.	Chapter 6, “Gathering Configuration Information for Configure Later Option” on page 95

For a description of how the Sun Java Enterprise System installation program works, see [Chapter 3, “Installation Process and Prerequisites” on page 41](#).

What Components Are Installed?

The Sun Java Enterprise System software associated with this release includes the following selectable components:

- Access Manager
- Administration Server
- Application Server
- Calendar Server
- Communications Express
- Delegated Administrator Server
- Directory Server
- Directory Proxy Server
- HADB
- Instant Messaging
- Message Queue
- Messaging Server
- Portal Server
- Portal Server Secure Remote Access
- Web Server

Some of the components have selectable subcomponents.

You can use the following procedures to survey your hosts before installation.

Are Your Systems Ready?

Before you start the installation process, review the issues in this section.

System Requirements

Before you install the Sun Java Enterprise System, ensure that the hosts in your system meet the minimum hardware and operating system requirements.

Table 1-2 Platforms Supported

S.No	Platforms Supported
1	Windows 2000 Advanced Server SP4 or above
2	Windows 2000 Server SP4 or above
3	Windows 2000 Professional Edition SP4 or above
4	Windows XP Professional Edition SP2

For the latest information on the supported platforms and software and hardware requirements, refer to the “Hardware and Software Requirements” section in the *Sun Java Enterprise System Release Notes for Windows* (<http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-1573>).

If the operating system found on the host does not satisfy the Sun Java Enterprise System recommendations, the installer cannot proceed. You must resolve the problem before installation.

Access Privileges

To install the Sun Java Enterprise System software, you must be logged in as an Administrator or have Administrator privileges.

Memory and Disk Space Requirements

The disk space required is double the size of the installer in the Windows system drive and the size of the installer in the destination drive where the user installs the product.

NOTE The size mentioned here is the size of the product that the user selects.

The installer runs a check to determine if your host has sufficient memory and disk space for the components you selected.

- If the memory found on the host does not satisfy the Sun Java Enterprise System recommendations, the installer displays a warning but allows the installation to proceed.

- If the disk space found on the host is insufficient, the installer cannot proceed. You must resolve this problem before you resume the installation.

You can solve this problem by mapping the %TEMP% to any other drive where there is a required amount of free space.

Next Steps

Now that you have an idea of what installation planning tasks are required and have surveyed your target hosts, you are ready to develop an installation sequence based on your deployment documents. Proceed to [Chapter 2, “Developing Your Installation Sequence”](#) on page 31.

Next Steps

Developing Your Installation Sequence

This chapter provides information and guidelines for developing an installation sequence based on your Sun Java Enterprise System deployment plan. If you have not yet developed a deployment plan, refer to *Java Enterprise System Deployment Planning Guide* (<http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0058>).

This chapter contains the following sections:

- “What Does My Deployment Call for?” on page 31
- “What Are My Key Installation Issues?” on page 33
- “How Do Component Interdependencies Affect My Installation?” on page 33
- “Which Is the Best Configuration Option?” on page 37
- “How Many Installation Sessions Are Needed?” on page 38
- “Next Steps” on page 39

What Does My Deployment Call for?

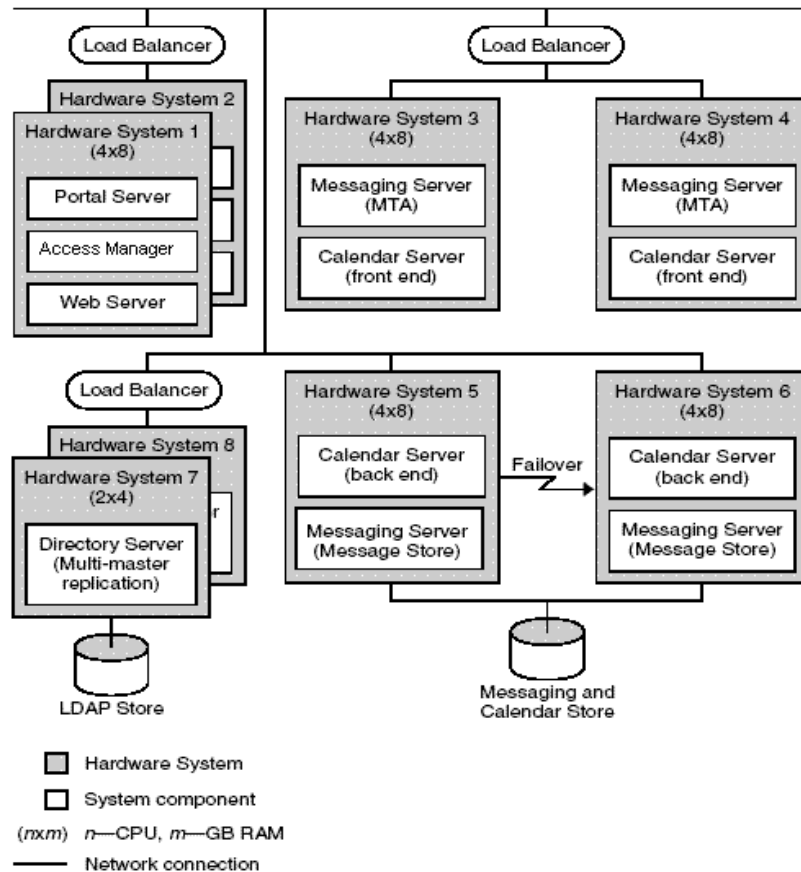
This section discusses how to interpret your deployment planning documents in relation to the Sun Java Enterprise System installation tasks you need to perform. There are two deployment planning documents that form the basis of your installation plan: the deployment architecture and the implementation specification.

Reviewing Your Deployment Architecture

A *deployment architecture* is a high-level mapping of a logical architecture to a physical computing environment. The physical environment includes the computing nodes in an intranet or internet environment, the network links between them, and other physical devices needed to support the software.

The following figure shows a typical deployment architecture.

Figure 2-1 Example of a Deployment Architecture



What Are My Key Installation Issues?

Each deployment revolves around a different set of issues and components. By examining your implementation specification, you can identify the main issues that will determine the tasks required to perform the installation.

The following table presents some typical deployment situations that might affect your installation sequence.

Table 2-1 Installation Issues to Consider

Situation	Guidelines or Instructions
Directory replication	Guidelines for setting up Directory Server replication are contained in the <i>Sun Java Enterprise System User Management Guide</i> (http://docs.sun.com/app/docs/doc/817-5761).
Separation of Portal Server and Access Manager	Portal Server and Access Manager can be installed on separate machines.
Schema 1	For a Schema 1 deployment, you cannot use Access Manager.
Single user entry	Guidelines for setting up a single user entry, possibly for single sign-on, can be found in the <i>Sun Java Enterprise System User Management Guide</i> (http://docs.sun.com/app/docs/doc/817-5761). Access Manager is required to set up single sign-on for Schema 2.

How Do Component Interdependencies Affect My Installation?

To determine the best sequence for installing the Sun Java Enterprise System, it is important to understand how the components depend on each other. From an installation point of view, the Sun Java Enterprise System components are layered with the bottom layer generally providing a base for the layers above.

5	Portal Server, Portal Server Secure Remote Access
4	Calendar Server, Messaging Server, Instant Messaging, Communications Express
3	Directory Server, Access Manager, Directory Proxy Server
2	Web Container (Application Server, Web Server)
1	Windows

The preceding figure does not necessarily indicate which components require the presence of other components in the host. For example, if your deployment does not require a web container, then the second layer in the figure would not be a factor in your installation planning.

The following table shows the dependencies among the Sun Java Enterprise System components (it does not show dependencies on shared components, such as J2SE). Using this table, you can list or diagram the chain of dependencies for your installation. The left column lists the components, the middle column lists what is required for each component, and the right column indicates whether or not the required components must be installed on the local machine.

Table 2-2 Cross-component Dependencies

Component	Required Component(s)	Must Be Local?
Access Manager	Directory Server	No
	Web container, either of the two: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Application Server • Web Server 	Yes
Access Manager SDK	Access Manager	No
Administration Server	Directory Server	No
Application Server	Message Queue	Yes
	Web Server (required for load balancing)	Yes
Calendar Server	Directory Server	No
	For Schema 2:	
	Access Manager or Access Manager SDK	No Yes
	A web container. See “Access Manager” .	No
Communications Express	Directory Server	No
	Administration Server	Yes
	Access Manager or Access Manager SDK	No Yes
	Web container, either of the two: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Application Server • Web Server 	Yes
	Calendar Server, if using calendar service	No
	Messaging Server with Administration Server, if using messaging service	Yes

Table 2-2 Cross-component Dependencies (*Continued*)

Component	Required Component(s)	Must Be Local?
Delegated Administrator	Any web container and Access Manager	Yes
Directory Proxy Sever	Directory Server	No
	Administration Server	Yes
Directory Server	None	Not applicable
Directory Preparation Script	Directory Server	Yes
HADB	None	Not applicable
Instant Messaging	Directory Server	No
	For single sign-on or Access Manager managed policies:	
	Access Manager	No (Instant Messaging Core)
	or Access Manager SDK	Yes (Instant Messaging Resources)
	A web container. See "Access Manager" .	No
Message Queue	None	Not applicable
Messaging Server	Directory Server	No
	Administration Server	Yes
	For Schema 2:	
	Access Manager or Access Manager SDK	No Yes
	A web container. See "Access Manager" .	No
Portal Server	Access Manager or Access Manager SDK	No Yes
	A web container. See "Access Manager" .	Yes
Portal Server Secure Remote Access	Portal Server	No
	Access Manager or Access Manager SDK	No Yes
	A web container. See "Access Manager" .	Yes
Web Server	None	Not applicable

Component dependencies affect the installation in a number of ways. For example:

- **Web Container.** Several products such as Access Manager, Portal Server, Communication Express, and Delegated Administrator require a web container. The web container can be either an Application Server or Web Server.
- **Remote Dependencies.** A number of component dependencies can be satisfied by using a remote copy of a required component. The remote component must be installed and running before installing any component that depends on it. This requires multiple installation sessions.
- **Schema 1.** Calendar Server and Messaging Server can use either Schema 1 or Schema 2. If you are using Calendar Server or Messaging Server with Schema 1, Access Manager cannot be used.
- **Schema 2.** If you are using Calendar Server or Messaging Server with Schema 2, you must select Access Manager or Access Manager SDK.
- **Single sign-on.** Access Manager is required if you are implementing single sign-on or Access Manager managed policies in a Schema 2 environment. Delegated Administrator is automatically installed with Access Manager.
- **Access Manager SDK.** Access Manager SDK is only required if you are using Access Manager. When installed separately, Access Manager SDK requires a remote copy of Access Manager.

During installation, if you fail to select a component that fulfills a requirement, a message informs you that the requirement has not been met. The installation cannot proceed until the requirement is satisfied.

The order in which you install components on multiple hosts is determined by the interdependencies of the components that you select.

A person who is experienced in installing Sun Java Enterprise System might be able to adjust an installation sequence in a number of ways to shorten the time required. The following installation scenarios can give you some ideas on this.

What Setup Type Is the Best?

The Sun Java Enterprise System installer offers two setup options:

- Default
- Custom

NOTE You will be prompted to select the setup type only during the first session of running the installer

Default Option

The installer selects all Java Enterprise System *components* for installation and automatically configures the products by establishing dependencies. You will be able to set administrator settings that will be applied to all products. You will not be able to select a subset of products and you will not be able to select configuration type. This installation type is most suitable for single system evaluation installations.

Custom Option

The installer displays the Product Selection Panel and allows to select the '*components*' to be installed in this session. You will also get to choose the configuration for the subset of products being installed.

Which Is the Best Configuration Option?

The Sun Java Enterprise System installer offers two options for configuring the system components:

- *Configure automatically during installation* (or **Quick Configure**). Configuration takes place immediately after installation using default settings dictated by the installer.
- *Configure manually after installation* (or **Configure Later**). Only installation takes place in this session, configuration is done in a later session using batch files.

You will be prompted to select the configuration type only during the first session of running the installer. For any later session, the installer will consider the configuration option chosen during the first session as the input. For details on multiple sessions, refer to [“Multiple Installation Sessions”](#) on page 38.

Quick Configure Option

When you select the Quick Configure option, the installer considers the default values for each product and completes the configuration. You can select or deselect the products from the product selection panel. All the selected products are configured during the Quick Configure installation.

Configure Later Option

When you select the Configure Later option, the installer installs the component package files in their respective directories. No parameter setting is done and most components are not operational because runtime services are not available. After installation, you must run the configuration tools for each installed component.

How Many Installation Sessions Are Needed?

For installing various Java ES components on multiple systems in a distributed deployment scenario, you will require multiple install sessions on each of the systems. Using 'Configure Later' mode is recommended for such situations. While creating an evaluation installation, you can choose to install everything in single session or run the installer several times to incrementally add more components. Either configuration modes can be used for single system installation.

Single Installation Session

A single installation session is useful under the following circumstances:

- You are installing for evaluation purposes.

For evaluation purposes, you typically install all components in a single installation session using default values.

- You are installing a single component on a single host.

A single installation session works if the single component does not have any dependency requirements that are not already met, such as a remote dependency.

Multiple Installation Sessions

In multiple installation sessions, you run the installer once to install some components, and then run the installer again to install other components on other hosts.

When you use multiple installation sessions for components that are related (for example, Directory Server, Directory Proxy Server, and Administration Server), parameter settings must be the same through each session.

Next Steps

If you have not yet surveyed your existing hosts and have not done any upgrading required, refer to:

Java Enterprise System Upgrade and Migration Guide
(<http://docs.sun.com/app/docs/doc/819-0062>)

For information on installation prerequisites and component interdependencies, proceed to [Chapter 3, “Installation Process and Prerequisites”](#) on page 41.

Next Steps

Installation Process and Prerequisites

This chapter provides information that you will need before starting an installation of the Sun Java™ Enterprise System software.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- “Getting the Sun Java Enterprise System Software” on page 41
- “The Sun Java Enterprise System Installation Process” on page 42
- “The Sun Java Enterprise System Uninstallation Process” on page 46
- “Installation Prerequisites” on page 48
- “Next Steps” on page 49

Getting the Sun Java Enterprise System Software

You can get the Sun Java Enterprise System software in any of the following ways:

- **On CD or DVD**

You can get a media kit containing CDs or a DVD at <http://www.sun.com/software/javaenterprisesystem/index.html> or by contacting your Sun™ sales representative. Each CD contains the installation files for a single operating system, the Sun Java Enterprise System installer program, and all executables.

- **As a web download**

You can download the Sun Java Enterprise System software in several formats from the Sun Download Center at <http://www.sun.com/download>. The following formats are available:

- ISO CD image of all installation files for a single operating system.
- Compressed archive of all installation files for a single operating system.
- Compressed archive of all installation files for a single component, including any subcomponents on which the chosen component has dependencies.
- **From a file server on your network**

Depending on the operation procedures at your company, the Sun Java Enterprise System installation files might be available on your internal network. Contact your system operations or administration staff to find out if this is the case.

The Sun Java Enterprise System Installation Process

The Sun Java Enterprise System installer utilizes Windows Installer service for installation. The installer uses a wizard (a GUI interface), which guides you through a sequence of interactive panels and also supports a parameter-driven silent installation mode. In the silent installation mode, you generate a response file as per the installation requirements before starting the installation.

All components of the Sun Java Enterprise System can be installed in a single session, providing the following benefits:

- Consistent installation and uninstallation policies and behavior
- Shared components certified on the same release level

Installer Modes

The Installer supports two kinds of installation:

- **Interactive graphical mode.** Provides an interactive graphical wizard that leads you through the tasks of installing the Sun Java Enterprise System software on a host.

- **Silent mode.** Provides the option to run the Sun Java Enterprise System installer in silent mode on multiple hosts, each time using a generated response file to specify an input to the installer. For silent mode installation, first run the installer through a wizard while you save your responses as a set of name-value pairs in a response file. For detailed information about the silent mode installation, refer to [Chapter 8, “Installing the Software in Silent Mode.”](#)

Language Selection

The interactive installer runs in the language specified by the operating system locale setting. The following languages are available:

- English
- French
- German
- Japanese
- Korean
- Spanish
- Simplified Chinese
- Traditional Chinese

If your operating system language is not listed, the installer runs in English. The installer automatically installs English version of all Java ES components. In addition, you can install component packages in any of the above listed languages. If your operating system language is on the list, that language is automatically selected for component installation, but you can change the selection.

During an installation session, the language you choose applies to all the components you are installing. To install some components in one language and other components in another language, you must run the installer multiple times.

Dependency Check

Many components depend on the presence of other components to provide their core functions. The installer does an extensive cross checking of components to ensure that the components you select will function properly due to their interdependencies. For this reason, the installer might prompt you to select certain components as you make your component selections. Prompt messages from the installer are based on the type of configuration selected. Sun Java Enterprise System supports `Quick Configure` and `Configure Later` options.

In general, the Sun Java Enterprise System installer uses the following rules for handling dependencies among the components:

- When you select a component, the installer automatically selects the subcomponents on which the selected component has dependencies.

For example, if you select `Application Server`, the installer automatically selects `Message Queue`.

- When you select a component that requires a web container, but do not select either `Application Server` or `Web Server`, a message prompts you to select any of them as a web container.
- If you deselect a component that is required locally or remotely for another selected component in `Quick Configure` mode, the installer displays various warnings. The warning messages direct you to choose the required component. `Configure Later` mode allows the users to proceed by deselecting a remotely dependent product, but they should be able to provide information of the required product during configuration.
- If you select a subcomponent, the installer automatically selects the component to which it belongs. In addition, if the selected subcomponent depends on other components or subcomponents, they will be automatically selected.
- If you deselect a component, the installer automatically deselects all its subcomponents.
- The dependency checks are managed differently for the `Quick Configure` mode. All dependencies are assumed to be local because remote dependencies are not allowed in a single system installation.

Configuration Options and Parameter Settings

Sun Java Enterprise System installer provides you with two options for configuring the products. Before choosing any of the options, it is advisable to plan for the installation tasks.

- **Quick Configure.** This option (*Configure automatically during installation*) is used for evaluating the components on a single system. During installation, this option allows you to configure components that permit installation-time configuration.

In this mode, the administrator settings dialog gets the values for the administrator user ID and Password. All other configuration parameters such as port numbers will be pre-determined defaults and will be presented to the user at the end of installation. These default values are used for configuring the components.

Administrator user ID and password should not contain any special characters, and the password should be equal to or more than eight characters.

- **Configure Later.** During installation, this option (*Configure manually after installation*) allows you to enter only the minimum values that are necessary for placing the software components in their directories. Configuration is performed after installation.

When you select this option, the administrator settings dialog is displayed. Only the files are copied during installation. You have to populate the properties file with the correct values through the GUI launched by batch files and invoke the configurator manually to complete the configuration. For populating the properties file, refer to [Chapter 6, “Gathering Configuration Information for Configure Later Option.”](#)

If a product is dependent on other products, ensure that you configure the dependent products first.

Depending on which configuration option you select, the following parameter information might be required during installation:

- **Administrator settings.** These are parameters that multiple components use. For example, most of the components require that you specify an administrator user ID and password. By setting these common values, you are setting default values for all component administrator user IDs and passwords.

NOTE User IDs are different for Administration Server and Messaging Server.

The Sun Java Enterprise System Uninstallation Process

The Sun Java Enterprise System provides an uninstallation program for removing the components that were installed on your system using the installer.

The uninstall wizard can be accessed as follows:

1. Choose Start > Settings > Control Panel.
2. Double-click Add or Remove Programs.
3. Select Sun Java Enterprise Systems.
4. Click Change/Remove.

After all Sun Java Enterprise System components are uninstalled, the uninstallation program is automatically deleted.

General Behavior

Like the Sun Java Enterprise System installation process, the uninstallation process can also be run through the wizard (GUI mode) or the silent mode.

- The uninstallation program only removes the components installed by the Sun Java Enterprise System installer. To remove components that were not installed by the Sun Java Enterprise System installer, follow the uninstallation instructions in the component documentation.
- The uninstallation program must be run separately on each host that contains the Sun Java Enterprise System components. For each host, you can select one or more components for removal.
- The uninstallation program does not remove the shared components of the Sun Java Enterprise System if only some of the components are uninstalled.
- The uninstallation program might remove the configuration and the user data files. The configuration and the user data files that are removed depends on each of the component.
- After uninstallation, you might have to remove some additional files and directories manually.
- The uninstallation program checks for component dependencies for the system on which the uninstall program is running and issues a warning when a dependency is discovered.

For more information on dependencies that affect the removal of some components of the software, refer to [Interdependency Handling](#).

Interdependency Handling

The behavior of the uninstallation program depends on the installed components and their interrelationships.

- The uninstallation program recognizes dependencies among products that are installed on the same host. If you attempt to uninstall a component that has dependent products installed on the host, the uninstall program issues a warning.

For example, if the products are installed using Quick Configure option and you try to uninstall Directory Server, while Access Manager is still installed, then the uninstallation program warns about the dependency and does not allow you to proceed.

- In most cases, you can uninstall a component if no other component depends on it.

For example, Portal Server depends on Access Manager. If you attempt to uninstall Access Manager, the uninstall program issues a warning because Portal Server cannot function without Access Manager. But it would not be the same case when you attempt to uninstall Portal Server. As Access Manager would still function without the Portal Server and therefore there is no warning issued.

CAUTION When uninstalling a component, you must identify which products are configured for that component (some additional configuration might be required). Otherwise, you could have components on your system that are configured to support products that are no longer present.

The uninstall program does not recognize the following interdependencies:

- [“Component Dependencies From Remote Hosts”](#)
- [“Component Dependencies Resulting From Configuration”](#)

Component Dependencies From Remote Hosts

Some component dependencies can be satisfied with components deployed on remote hosts only if the configuration selected is Configure Later. The uninstallation program does not recognize these dependency relationships.

For example, if you uninstall Directory Server, the uninstallation program does not warn you that Access Manager depends on Directory Server, even if both the components are deployed on the same host. This is because another Directory Server instance on another host could support Access Manager.

Component Dependencies Resulting From Configuration

The uninstallation program does not recognize a component dependency that is the result of post-installation configuration.

For example, suppose you install both Portal Server and Calendar Server on the same host, and then configure Portal Server to use Calendar Server for the Portal Server calendar channel. After this configuration, Portal Server depends on Calendar Server. However, if you then uninstall Calendar Server, the uninstall program does not warn you that Portal Server depends on Calendar Server because the uninstall program does not know about the post-installation configuration.

Installation Prerequisites

The following table lists the tasks that you should perform before beginning any type of installation. The left column lists the order in which you should perform the tasks, the middle column describes the action, and the right column contains the location of instructions and other useful information. Not all tasks are required for all installations.

Table 3-1 Pre-installation Checklist

Order	Task	Instructions and Helpful Information
1	Plan how to install the Sun Java Enterprise System components.	Chapter 2, "Developing Your Installation Sequence" on page 31
2	Verify that system requirements are met.	"Are Your Systems Ready?" on page 27 <i>Java Enterprise System Release Notes</i> , http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0057
3	For Administrative user, create the necessary system accounts.	For Directory Server, Directory Proxy Server, or Administration Server to run as a non-root user, you must create the accounts before configuring.

Table 3-1 Pre-installation Checklist (*Continued*)

Order	Task	Instructions and Helpful Information
4	When installing components that depend on servers or services that are already installed, ensure that the existing servers and services are running and accessible.	For example, If you are installing a Portal Server Secure Remote Access subcomponent, the Secure Remote Access core must be running and accessible.
5	If installing Access Manager or Messaging Server, verify that the domain name of the machine on which Access Manager will be installed is set.	
6	If installing Calendar Server or Messaging Server, verify that the configurator file contains the fully-qualified domain name (FQDN) rather than a simple host name.	For example: 192.18.99.999 mycomputer.company.com loghost
7	If installing Web Server, verify that UID 80 and GID 80 are not already allocated for Web Server use.	If 80 is already allocated to Web Server, errors occur and Web Server installation fails.
8	When reinstalling, verify that the Web Server installation directory does not exist. If it does, remove or rename the directory.	
9	If Directory Proxy Server will use a preinstalled Configuration Directory Server, ensure that the Configuration Directory Server is running during the installation of Directory Proxy Server.	If you are installing Directory Proxy Server and the Configuration Directory Server at the same time, you can skip this pre-installation task.

Next Steps

Now that you have an idea of what are the installation prerequisites, different installation modes and component interdependencies, you are ready to install the Sun Java Enterprise System. Proceed to one of the following installation chapters:

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

[Chapter 8, “Installing the Software in Silent Mode” on page 145](#)

If you are going to do a Configure Later installation, gather your configuration information from [Chapter 6, “Gathering Configuration Information for Configure Later Option” on page 95](#).

Next Steps

Installation Scenarios

This chapter provides guidelines for some common Sun Java™ Enterprise System (Java ES) installation scenarios. These are not literal procedures, but instead provide the high-level steps required to implement the installation examples presented here.

The single-session scenarios describe typical steps to install one or a number of Java ES components on a single host in a single installation session. An evaluation example is included.

The remaining scenarios describe situations where multiple installation sessions are performed on multiple hosts, for a variety of solutions.

NOTE The Schema 1 example is the only scenario based on LDAP Schema 1. The other examples in this chapter are based on Schema 2.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- [“Single-Session Installation Examples” on page 52](#)
- [“Calendar Server and Messaging Server Example” on page 74](#)
- [“Schema 1 Calendar-Messaging Example” on page 77](#)
- [“Identity Management Example” on page 78](#)
- [“Communication and Collaboration Services Example” on page 79](#)
- [“Portal Server Using a Remote Access Manager Example” on page 81](#)

Single-Session Installation Examples

The following examples apply to installation on a single host in a single session:

- [“Evaluation Example” on page 52](#)
- [“Access Manager Only Example” on page 53](#)
- [“Access Manager and Directory Server Example” on page 55](#)
- [“Access Manager and Portal Server Example” on page 57](#)
- [“Application Server Only Example” on page 58](#)
- [“Communications Express and Messaging Server Example” on page 60](#)
- [“Directory Server Only Example” on page 62](#)
- [“Directory Proxy Server Only Example” on page 64](#)
- [“Instant Messaging Only Example” on page 65](#)
- [“Message Queue Only Example” on page 67](#)
- [“Portal Server Only Example” on page 68](#)
- [“Portal Server Secure Remote Access Only Example” on page 71](#)
- [“Web Server Only Example” on page 73](#)

Evaluation Example

An evaluation installation is generally considered a trial deployment, a quick installation to see how things go. The Java ES components are installed on a single host in a single installation session. This example uses the graphical interface and the Quick Configure option.

The general steps for this type of installation include the following:

1. Starting the Java ES graphical installer

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

2. At component selection, selecting ‘Sun Java Enterprise System’

The installer verifies the software on your system and provides guidance if incompatibilities are identified.

3. Verifying the installation directories

4. Selecting the appropriate configuration option
5. Accepting the configuration defaults when they are offered

To use non-default information, review the appropriate configuration tables in [Chapter 6, “Gathering Configuration Information for Configure Later Option”](#) on page 95.

6. Viewing the Installation Summary and Log
7. Complete the post-installation configuration

[Chapter 7, “Post-installation Configuration for Configure Later Option”](#) on page 129.

8. Starting the components

Refer [Chapter 9, “Starting and Stopping Components”](#) on page 153 to view the Startup procedures.

For a detailed example of performing this type of deployment, including establishing an initial user and setting up single sign-on, refer to the *Java Enterprise System Deployment Example Series: Evaluation Scenario* (<http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0059>).

Access Manager Only Example

Access Manager requires Directory Server, but not necessarily a local copy. Access Manager also requires a web container, which can be an Application Server or a Web Server. Delegated Administrator is automatically installed with Access Manager.

In this example, Access Manager uses Web Server as a web container.

The general steps for this type of installation include the following:

1. Running the Java ES installer

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard”](#) on page 83

2. At component selection, choosing Access Manager and Web Server

Directory Server is automatically selected.

(Optional) If you are using a remote copy of Directory Server, deselect Directory Server and specify a remote copy when prompted.

NOTE The remote Directory Server must be running before installing any other components. For instructions on installing Directory Server, refer to [“Directory Server Only Example” on page 62](#).

3. Resolving incompatibilities

The installer verifies software on your system and provides guidance if incompatibilities are identified.

4. Verifying the installation directories

5. Selecting the appropriate configuration options

a. For Quick Configure, refer to:

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

b. For Configure Later, refer to:

[Chapter 6, “Gathering Configuration Information for Configure Later Option” on page 95](#)

6. Running the installation

7. Viewing the Installation Summary and Log

8. Completing any post-install configuration

a. For Quick Configure, refer to:

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

b. For Configure Later, refer to:

○ [“Configuring Directory Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 138](#)

○ [“Configuring Access Manager After a Configure Later Installation” on page 131](#)

○ [“Configuring Web Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 143](#)

9. Starting the components in this order

a. “Starting Directory Server” on page 159

- b. [“Starting and Stopping Web Server” on page 169](#) (automatically starts Access Manager)

10. Accessing the default Access Manager login page

`http://webserver-host:port/amconsole`

The following table contains additional Access Manager information.

Table 4-1 Installation Information for Access Manager

Task	Relevant Information
Post-installation configuration	Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83 “Configuring Access Manager After a Configure Later Installation” on page 131
Starting/stopping	“Starting and Stopping Access Manager” on page 154
Uninstalling	Chapter 10, “Uninstalling the Software” on page 177
Troubleshooting	“Access Manager Troubleshooting Tools” on page 193
Upgrading	<i>Java Enterprise System Upgrade and Migration Guide</i> http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0062

Access Manager and Directory Server Example

Access Manager requires Directory Server, but not necessarily a local copy. Access Manager requires a web container, which in this example is Web Server. Delegated Administrator is automatically installed with Access Manager.

The general steps for this installation example include:

1. Running the Java ES installer

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

2. At component selection, choosing Access Manager and Web Server

Directory Server is automatically selected.

(Optional) If you are using a remote copy of Directory Server, deselect Directory Server and specify a remote copy when prompted.

NOTE The remote Directory Server must be running before installing any other components. For instructions on installing Directory Server, refer to [“Directory Server Only Example” on page 62](#).

3. Resolving incompatibilities

The installer verifies software on your system and provides guidance if incompatibilities are identified.

4. Selecting the appropriate configuration options

a. For Quick Configure, refer to:

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

b. For Configure Later, refer to:

[Chapter 6, “Gathering Configuration Information for Configure Later Option” on page 95](#)

5. Running the installation

6. Viewing the Installation Summary and Log

7. Completing any post-install configuration

a. For Quick Configure, refer to:

○ [Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

b. For Configure Later, refer to:

○ [“Configuring Directory Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 138](#)

○ [“Configuring Access Manager After a Configure Later Installation” on page 131](#)

○ [“Configuring Web Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 143](#)

8. Starting the components

a. [“Starting Directory Server” on page 159](#)

b. [“Starting and Stopping Web Server” on page 169](#) (automatically starts Access Manager)

9. Accessing the default Access Manager login page

`http://webserver-host:port/amconsole`

Access Manager and Portal Server Example

This example installs both Access Manager and Portal Server on the same host. Access Manager requires Directory Server, but not necessarily a local copy. Access Manager also requires a web container, which in this example is Application Server. Delegated Administrator is automatically installed with Access Manager.

The general steps for this installation example include:

1. Running the Java ES installer

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

2. At component selection, choosing Portal Server and Application Server

Access Manager, Directory Server, and Message Queue are automatically selected.

(Optional) If you are using a remote copy of Directory Server, deselect Directory Server and specify a remote copy when prompted.

NOTE The remote Directory Server must be running before installing any other components. For instructions on installing Directory Server, refer to [“Directory Server Only Example” on page 62](#).

3. Resolving incompatibilities

The installer verifies the software on your system and provides guidance if incompatibilities are identified.

4. Selecting the appropriate configuration options

a. For Quick Configure, refer to:

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

b. For Configure Later, refer to:

[Chapter 6, “Gathering Configuration Information for Configure Later Option” on page 95](#).

5. Running the installation
6. Viewing the Installation Summary and Log
7. Completing any post-install configuration

For Quick Configure, refer to:

- o [Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

For Configure Later, refer to:

- o [“Configuring Directory Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 138](#)
- o [“Configuring Access Manager After a Configure Later Installation” on page 131](#)
- o [“Configuring Application Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 133](#)
- o [“Configuring Portal Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 142](#)

8. Starting the components

[“Starting and Stopping Application Server” on page 156](#) (Access Manager, Portal Server, and Message Queue start automatically.)

9. Accessing the default Access Manager login page

`http://hostname:port/amconsole`

Application Server Only Example

Application Server requires a local copy of Message Queue. If you are using load balancing, Web Server is also required, but not necessarily a local copy.

The general steps for this type of installation include the following:

1. Running the Java ES installer

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

2. At component selection, choosing Application Server

Message Queue is automatically selected. The Load Balancing plug-in subcomponent is not selected.

(Optional) If you are going to implement load balancing, expand Application Server and select the Load Balancing plug-in subcomponent. Web Server is automatically selected and must be installed on the same host as Application Server.

3. Resolving incompatibilities

The installer verifies the software on your system and provides guidance if incompatibilities are identified.

4. Verifying installation directories

5. Selecting the appropriate configuration options

a. For Quick Configure, refer to:

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

b. For Configure Later, refer to:

[Chapter 6, “Gathering Configuration Information for Configure Later Option” on page 95](#)

6. Running the installation

7. Viewing the Installation Summary and Log

8. Completing post-install configuration

- [“Configuring Application Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 133](#)
- (Optional) [“Configuring Web Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 143](#)
- (Optional) [“Configuring Message Queue After a Configure Later Installation” on page 140](#) (for automatic startup)

9. Starting Application Server (automatically starts Message Queue)

[“Starting and Stopping Application Server” on page 156](#)

(Optional) [“Starting and Stopping Web Server” on page 169](#)

The following table contains additional Application Server information.

Table 4-2 Installation Information for Application Server

Task	Relevant Information
Post-installation configuration	“Configuring Application Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 133
Starting/stopping	“Starting and Stopping Application Server” on page 156
Uninstalling	Chapter 10, “Uninstalling the Software” on page 177
Troubleshooting	“Application Server Troubleshooting Tools” on page 194

Communications Express and Messaging Server Example

Communications Express requires a local copy of either Access Manager or Access Manager SDK. Directory Server is required for Access Manager, but Directory Server does not need to be on the local host. Communications Express requires a local web container which can be either Application Server or Web Server.

If you are using messaging services, Communications Express requires a local copy of Messaging Server, which requires a local copy of Administration Server. If you are using calendar services, Communications Express requires Calendar Server, but Calendar Server does not need to be on the local host.

In this example, Messaging Server is installed on the local host. Web Server is used as the web container.

The general steps for this type of installation include the following:

1. Running the Java ES installer

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

2. At component selection, choosing Communications Express, Access Manager, Messaging Server, and Web Server

Administration Server and Directory Server are automatically selected.

- o To use a remote copy of Directory Server, deselect Directory Server and specify a remote copy when prompted.

NOTE The remote Directory Server must be running before installing any other components. For instructions on installing Directory Server, refer to [“Directory Server Only Example” on page 62](#).

- To use a remote copy of Access Manager, deselect Access Manager and specify a remote copy during post-installation configuration.

NOTE The remote Access Manager must be running before installing any other components. For instructions on installing Access Manager, refer to [“Access Manager Only Example” on page 53](#).

3. Resolving incompatibilities

The installer verifies the software on your system and provides guidance if incompatibilities are identified.

4. Selecting the appropriate configuration options

- a. For Quick Configure, refer to:

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

- b. For Configure Later, refer to:

[Chapter 6, “Gathering Configuration Information for Configure Later Option” on page 95](#)

5. Reviewing the configuration pages

6. Running the installation

7. Viewing the Installation Summary and Log

8. Completing post-install configuration

- a. For Quick Configure, refer to:

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

- a. For Quick Configure, refer to:
Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83
 - b. For Configure Later, refer to:
Chapter 6, “Gathering Configuration Information for Configure Later Option” on page 95
6. Running the installation
 7. Viewing the Installation Summary and Log
 8. Completing post-install configuration
 - a. For Quick Configure, refer to:
Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83
 - b. For Configure Later:
“Configuring Directory Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 138

(Optional) “Configuring Administration Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 133
 9. Starting the components in this order:
 - a. “Starting Directory Server” on page 159
 - b. (Optional) “Starting and Stopping Administration Server” on page 154

The following table contains additional Directory Server information.

Table 4-3 Installation Information for Directory Server

Task	Relevant Information
Post-installation configuration	Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83 “Configuring Directory Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 138
Starting/stopping	“Starting and Stopping Directory Server” on page 159
Uninstalling	Chapter 10, “Uninstalling the Software” on page 177
Troubleshooting	“Directory Server Troubleshooting Tools” on page 196

Directory Proxy Server Only Example

Directory Proxy Server requires Directory Server, but not necessarily a local copy. In addition, Directory Proxy Server requires a local copy of Administration Server.

The general steps for this type of installation include the following:

1. Running the Java ES installer

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

2. At component selection, selecting Directory Proxy Server

Directory Server and Administration Server are automatically selected.

(Optional) If you are using a remote copy of Directory Server, deselect Directory Server and specify a remote copy when prompted.

NOTE The remote Directory Server must be running before installing any other components. For instructions on installing Directory Server, refer to [“Directory Server Only Example” on page 62](#).

3. Resolving incompatibilities

The installer verifies the software on your system and provides guidance if incompatibilities are identified.

4. Verifying installation directories

5. Selecting the appropriate configuration options

- a. For Quick Configure, refer to:

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

- b. For Configure Later, refer to:

[Chapter 6, “Gathering Configuration Information for Configure Later Option” on page 95](#)

6. Running the installation

7. Viewing the Installation Summary and Log

8. Completing post-install configuration

- a. For Quick Configure, refer to:
Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83
 - b. For Configure Later, refer to:
“Configuring Directory Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 138
“Configuring Administration Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 133
“Configuring Directory Proxy Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 138
9. Starting the components in this order:
- a. “Starting Directory Server” on page 159
 - b. “Starting and Stopping Administration Server” on page 154
 - c. “Starting and Stopping Directory Proxy Server” on page 163

The following table contains additional Directory Proxy Server information.

Table 4-4 Installation Information for Directory Proxy Server

Task	Relevant Information
Post-installation configuration	“Configuring Directory Proxy Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 138
Starting/stopping	“Starting and Stopping Directory Proxy Server” on page 163
Uninstalling	Chapter 10, “Uninstalling the Software” on page 177
Troubleshooting	“Directory Server Troubleshooting Tools” on page 196

Instant Messaging Only Example

Instant Messaging requires Directory Server, but not necessarily a local copy. Instant Messaging also requires a web container which can be remote. In this example, the web container is Web Server.

Access Manager is required if you are implementing single sign-on or Access Manager managed policies. For the Instant Messaging Core subcomponent, Access Manager is required, but not necessarily a local copy. For the Instant Messaging Resources subcomponent, the Access Manager SDK must be local to Instant Messaging.

Sequence Issues

- If you are deploying other components, configure these components before configuring Instant Messaging.

The Java ES components that are commonly used with Instant Messaging include Messaging Server, Calendar Server, and Portal Server (with Access Manager).

- If you are using Access Manager with Instant Messaging, you must also use the Access Manager SDK.

The general steps for this type of installation include the following:

1. Running the Java ES installer

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

2. At component selection, choosing Instant Messaging, Directory Server, and Web Server

(Optional) If you are using a remote copy of Directory Server, deselect Directory Server and specify a remote copy when prompted.

NOTE The remote Directory Server must be running before installing any other components. For instructions on installing Directory Server, refer to [“Directory Server Only Example” on page 62](#).

3. Resolving incompatibilities

The installer verifies the software on your system and provides guidance if incompatibilities are identified.

4. Verifying installation directories

5. Selecting the appropriate configuration options

- a. For Quick Configure, refer to:

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

- b. For Configure Later, refer to:

[Chapter 6, “Gathering Configuration Information for Configure Later Option” on page 95](#).

6. Running the installation

7. Viewing the Installation Summary and Log
8. Completing post-install configuration
 - a. For Quick Configure, refer to:

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)
 - b. For Configure Later, refer to:

[“Configuring Directory Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 138](#)

[“Configuring Web Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 143](#)

[“Configuring Instant Messaging After a Configure Later Installation” on page 139](#)

(Optional) For remote components: During Instant Messaging configuration, specify any remote locations for Directory Server, Access Manager, and Web Server.
9. Starting the components in this order:
 - a. [“Starting Directory Server” on page 159](#)
 - b. [“Starting and Stopping Web Server” on page 169](#)
 - c. [“Starting and Stopping Instant Messaging” on page 166](#)

The following table contains additional Instant Messaging information.

Table 4-5 Installation Information for Instant Messaging

Task	Relevant Information
Post-installation configuration	“Configuring Instant Messaging After a Configure Later Installation” on page 139
Starting/stopping	“Starting and Stopping Instant Messaging” on page 166
Uninstalling	Chapter 10, “Uninstalling the Software” on page 177
Troubleshooting	“Instant Messaging Troubleshooting Tools” on page 196
Implementation scenarios	<i>Sun Java System Communications Deployment Planning Guide</i>

Message Queue Only Example

Because Message Queue has no dependencies on other Java ES components, installation of Message Queue alone is very simple.

The general steps for this type of installation include the following:

1. Running the Java ES installer

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

2. At component selection, selecting Message Queue
3. Resolving incompatibilities

The installer verifies software on your system and provides guidance if incompatibilities are identified.

4. Selecting the appropriate configuration options.

NOTE The installer automatically configures Message Queue in both Quick Configure and Configure Later options.

5. Running the installation
6. Viewing the Installation Summary and Log
7. Starting Message Queue

[“Starting and Stopping Message Queue” on page 167](#)

The following table contains additional Message Queue information.

Table 4-6 Installation Information for Message Queue

Task	Relevant Information
Post-installation configuration	“Configuring Message Queue After a Configure Later Installation” on page 140
Starting/stopping	“Starting and Stopping Message Queue” on page 167
Uninstalling	Chapter 10, “Uninstalling the Software” on page 177
Troubleshooting	“Message Queue Troubleshooting Tools” on page 197

Portal Server Only Example

Portal Server requires a local copy of Access Manager or Access Manager SDK. Access Manager can be remote, but SDK must be local. Access Manager requires Directory Server, but not necessarily a local copy. Portal Server requires a local web container, which in this example is Web Server. Delegated Administrator is automatically installed with Access Manager.

The general steps for this installation example include:

1. Running the Java ES installer

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

2. At component selection, choosing Portal Server and Web Server

Access Manager and Directory Server are automatically selected.

- o To use a remote copy of Directory Server, deselect Directory Server and specify a remote copy when prompted.

NOTE The remote Directory Server must be running before installing any other components. For instructions on installing Directory Server, refer to [“Directory Server Only Example” on page 62](#).

- o To use a remote copy of Access Manager, deselect Access Manager and specify a remote copy during post-installation configuration.

NOTE The remote Access Manager must be running before installing any other components. For instructions on installing Access Manager, refer to [“Access Manager Only Example” on page 53](#).

3. Resolving incompatibilities

The installer verifies software on your system and provides guidance if incompatibilities are identified.

4. Selecting the appropriate configuration options

- a. For Quick Configure, refer to:

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

- b. For Configure Later, refer to:

[Chapter 6, “Gathering Configuration Information for Configure Later Option” on page 95](#).

5. Running the installation

6. Viewing the Installation Summary and Log

7. Completing any post-install configuration

- a. For Quick Configure, refer to:

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

- b. For Configure Later, refer to:

[“Configuring Directory Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 138](#)

[“Configuring Access Manager After a Configure Later Installation” on page 131.](#)

[“Configuring Web Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 143](#)

[“Configuring Portal Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 142](#)

8. Starting the components

[“Starting Directory Server” on page 159](#)

[“Starting and Stopping Web Server” on page 169](#) (Access Manager and Portal Server start automatically.)

9. Accessing the default Access Manager login page

`http://webserver-host:port/amconsole`

The following table contains additional Portal Server information.

Table 4-7 Installation Information for Portal Server

Task	Relevant Information
Post-installation configuration	“Configuring Portal Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 142
Starting and Stopping Portal Server	“Starting and Stopping Portal Server” on page 169
Uninstalling	Chapter 10, “Uninstalling the Software” on page 177
Troubleshooting	“Portal Server Troubleshooting Tools” on page 198

Portal Server Secure Remote Access Only Example

Portal Server Secure Remote Access requires a local copy of Access Manager or Access Manager SDK. Portal Server Secure Remote Access also requires Portal Server, but not necessarily a local copy. Directory Server is required, but not necessarily a local copy. Web Server is used to fulfill the Access Manager requirement for a web container.

The general steps for this installation example include:

1. Running the Java ES installer

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

2. At component selection, choosing Portal Server Secure Remote Access and Web Server

Portal Server, Access Manager and Directory Server are automatically selected.

- To use a remote copy of Directory Server, deselect Directory Server and specify a remote copy when prompted.

NOTE The remote Directory Server must be running before installing any other components. For instructions on installing Directory Server, refer to [“Directory Server Only Example” on page 62](#).

- To use a remote copy of Access Manager, deselect Access Manager, and specify a remote copy during post-installation configuration.

NOTE The remote Access Manager must be running before installing any other components. For instructions on installing Access Manager, refer to [“Access Manager Only Example” on page 53](#).

3. Resolving incompatibilities

The installer verifies software on your system and provides guidance if incompatibilities are identified.

4. Selecting the appropriate configuration options:

- a. For Quick Configure, refer to:
[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)
 - b. For Configure Later, refer to:
[Chapter 6, “Gathering Configuration Information for Configure Later Option” on page 95](#)
5. Running the installation
6. Viewing the Installation Summary and Log
7. Completing any post-install configuration
 - a. For Quick Configure, refer to:
[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)
 - b. For Configure Later, refer to:
[“Configuring Directory Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 138](#)
[“Configuring Access Manager After a Configure Later Installation” on page 131.](#)
[“Configuring Web Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 143](#)
[“Configuring Portal Server SRA After a Configure Later Installation” on page 142](#)
8. Starting the components
[“Starting Directory Server” on page 159](#)
[“Starting and Stopping Web Server” on page 169](#)(Access Manager and Portal Server start automatically.)
[“Starting and Stopping Portal Server” on page 169](#)
9. Accessing the default Access Manager login page
`http://webserver-host:port/amconsole`

The following table contains additional Portal Server Secure Remote Access information.

Table 4-8 Installation Information for Portal Server Secure Remote Access

Task	Relevant Information
Starting/stopping	“Starting and Stopping Portal Server” on page 169
Uninstalling	Chapter 10, “Uninstalling the Software” on page 177
Troubleshooting	“Portal Server Secure Remote Access Troubleshooting Tools” on page 198

Web Server Only Example

Because Web Server has no dependencies on other components, an installation of Web Server alone is relatively simple. If you are using the Load Balancer Plug-in subcomponent of Application Server, Web Server must be installed on the same host as Application Server.

The general steps for this type of installation include the following:

1. Running the Java ES installer
 - [Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)
2. At component selection, selecting Web Server
3. Resolving incompatibilities
 - The installer verifies software on your system and provides guidance if incompatibilities are identified.
4. Verifying installation directories
5. Selecting the appropriate configuration option
 - a. For Quick Configure, refer to:
 - [Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)
 - b. For Configure Later, refer to:
 - [Chapter 6, “Gathering Configuration Information for Configure Later Option” on page 95](#)
6. Running the installation

7. Viewing the Installation Summary and Log
8. Completing any post-installation configuration
 - [Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)
 - [“To Configure Web Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 143](#)
9. Starting Web Server
 - [“Starting and Stopping Web Server” on page 169](#)

The following table contains additional information for installing Web Server.

Table 4-9 Installation Information for Web Server

Task	Relevant Information
Post-installation configuration	“Configuring Web Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 143
Starting and Stopping Web Server	“Starting and Stopping Web Server” on page 169
Uninstalling	Chapter 10, “Uninstalling the Software” on page 177
Troubleshooting	“Web Server Troubleshooting Tools” on page 199

Calendar Server and Messaging Server Example

NOTE This example is based on Schema 2. For Schema 1, refer to [“Schema 1 Calendar-Messaging Example” on page 77](#).

Access Manager is required if you are implementing single sign-on or Access Manager managed policies. In this case, either Access Manager or a local copy of the Access Manager SDK is required. Access Manager SDK requires Access Manager, but not necessarily a local copy.

Calendar Server and Messaging Server both require Directory Server, but not necessarily a local copy. Messaging Server requires a local copy of Administration Server.

In this example, remote copies of Directory Server and Access Manager are used. Web Server fulfills the Access Manager requirement for a web container.

Sequence Issues

- The remote Access Manager must be running before installing Access Manager SDK. For instructions on installing Access Manager, refer to [“Access Manager Only Example” on page 53](#).

The general steps for this type of installation include the following:

On Host A

Installing and starting Directory Server

[“Directory Server Only Example” on page 62](#)

On Host B

Installing and starting the web container and Access Manager

[“Access Manager Only Example” on page 53](#)

On Host C

1. Running the Java ES installer

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

2. At component selection, selecting Calendar Server, Messaging Server, and Access Manager SDK

Directory Server, and Administration Server are automatically selected.

3. Deselecting Directory Server and specifying a remote copy when prompted
4. Resolving incompatibilities

The installer verifies software on your system and provides guidance if incompatibilities are identified.

5. Verifying installation directories
6. Selecting the appropriate configuration option

- a. For Quick Configure, refer to:

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

- b. For Configure Later, refer to:

[Chapter 6, “Gathering Configuration Information for Configure Later Option” on page 95](#).

7. Running the installation
8. Viewing the Installation Summary and Log
9. Completing post-install configuration, including specifying remote components
 - [“Configuring Calendar Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 135](#)
 - [“Configuring Messaging Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 140](#)
10. Starting the components in this order:
 - a. [“Starting and Stopping Administration Server” on page 154](#)
 - b. [“Starting and Stopping Messaging Server” on page 168](#)
 - c. [“Starting and Stopping Calendar Server” on page 158](#)

The following table contains additional Calendar Server information.

Table 4-10 Installation Information for Calendar Server

Task	Relevant Information
Post-installation configuration	“Configuring Calendar Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 135
Starting and Stopping Calendar Server	“Starting and Stopping Calendar Server” on page 158
Uninstalling	Chapter 10, “Uninstalling the Software” on page 177
Troubleshooting	“Calendar Server Troubleshooting Tools” on page 194

The following table contains additional Messaging Server information.

Table 4-11 Installation Information for Messaging Server

Task	Relevant Information
Post-installation configuration	“Configuring Messaging Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 140
Starting and Stopping Messaging Server	“Starting and Stopping Messaging Server” on page 168
Uninstalling	Chapter 10, “Uninstalling the Software” on page 177
Troubleshooting	“Messaging Server Troubleshooting Tools” on page 197

Schema 1 Calendar-Messaging Example

This example installs the communication components, Calendar Server, and Messaging Server in a Schema 1 environment. These components require Directory Server, but not necessarily a local copy. In addition, a local copy of Administration Server is required by Messaging Server.

In this example, two installation sessions are used. The first installs Directory Server on Host A, and the second installs the remaining components on Host B.

The general steps for this type of installation include the following:

On Host A

Installing and starting Directory Server

[“Directory Server Only Example” on page 62](#)

On Host B

1. Running the Java ES installer.

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

2. At component selection, choosing Calendar Server and Messaging Server
Directory Server and Administration Server are automatically selected.
3. Deselecting Directory Server

When you are prompted to choose a local or remote Directory Server, choose remote (the Directory Server that is already installed and running on Host A).

4. Resolving incompatibilities

The installer verifies the software on your system and provides guidance if incompatibilities are identified.

5. Selecting the Quick Configure option
6. Reviewing the configuration pages for Administration Server
7. Running the installation
8. Viewing the Installation Summary and Log

9. Completing any post-install configuration:
 - “Configuring Calendar Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 135
 - “Configuring Messaging Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 140.
10. Starting the components in this order:
 - a. “Starting and Stopping Administration Server” on page 154
 - b. “Starting and Stopping Messaging Server” on page 168
 - c. “Starting and Stopping Calendar Server” on page 158
11. To set up single sign-on, use the component-specific utilities like `commcli` and modify the settings (like setting SSO parameters in config files) of respective products.

Identity Management Example

Java ES implements unified identity by having only a single user entry that all components use for authentication. This example provides guidelines for installing Directory Server and Access Manager to implement identity management.

Access Manager requires Directory Server, but not necessarily a local copy. Access Manager also requires a local web container.

On Host A

1. Installing and starting Directory Server
 - “Directory Server Only Example” on page 62

On Host B

2. Installing and starting Access Manager and a web container
 - “Access Manager Only Example” on page 53
3. Establishing an initial user and setting up single sign-on
 - Sun Java Enterprise System User Management Guide*
(<http://docs.sun.com/doc/817-5761>)

For a full scenario showing how to establish an initial user and implementing single sign-on, refer to the *Java Enterprise System Deployment Example Series: Small Scale Communications Scenario* (<http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0060>).

Communication and Collaboration Services Example

This example uses most of the Java ES components to implement communication and collaboration services. For large deployments, you might deploy each component on a separate server, in approximately the same order as shown in this example. For small deployments, components are installed in separate installation sessions on fewer servers.

Directory Server is required for all the communications components, but not necessarily a local copy. A local copy of Administration Server is required by Messaging Server. Access Manager or the Access Manager SDK is required, but Access Manager can be remote. In this example, Web Server serves as the web container, which is required by Access Manager. Although Calendar Server and Messaging Server do not require a local web container, Communications Express does. Communications Express can use a remote copy of Calendar Server, but Messaging Server must be local.

Instant Messaging and Portal Server Secure Remote Access are added to the front-end server (Host D) after the other components are installed and functioning. Instant Messaging requires Access Manager and a local or remote web container. Portal Server Secure Remote Access requires Access Manager and a local web container. Portal Server Secure Remote Access also requires Portal Server, but not necessarily a local copy.

In this example, the following installation sessions are used:

- Session 1, Host A: Installing Access Manager and Directory Server
- Session 2, Host B: Installing Portal Server and Web Server (using remote Directory Server and Access Manager on Host A)
- Session 3, Host C: Installing Messaging Server and Calendar Server (using remote Directory Server and Access Manager on Host A)
- Session 4, Host D: Installing Communications Express and Web Server (using remote Directory Server and Access Manager on Host A, and remote Calendar Server on Host C)
- Session 5, Host D: Installing Instant Messaging (using remote Directory Server and Access Manager on Host A)
- Session 6, Host D: Installing Portal Server Secure Remote Access (using remote Directory Server and Access Manager on Host A)

By dividing the installation into a number of sessions, you can verify the components in each session before proceeding to the next session.

The general steps for this type of installation include:

On Host A

1. Installing and starting Access Manager and Directory Server
[“Access Manager and Directory Server Example” on page 55](#)

On Host B

2. Installing and starting Portal Server and Web Server, specifying the remote Access Manager and Directory Server that are installed on Host A
A web container and the Access Manager SDK must be local to Portal Server.
[“Portal Server Only Example” on page 68](#)
[“Portal Server Using a Remote Access Manager Example” on page 81](#)

On Host C

3. Installing and starting Messaging Server and Calendar Server, specifying the remote Access Manager and Directory Server that are installed on Host A
Access Manager SDK must be local to Messaging Server and Calendar Server.
[“Calendar Server and Messaging Server Example” on page 74](#)

On Host D

4. Installing and starting Communications Express, Messaging Server, and Web Server, specifying the remote Access Manager and Directory Server that are installed on Host A and the remote Calendar Server that is installed on Host C
Access Manager SDK must be local to Messaging Server and Communications Express. A web container must be local to Communications Express.
[“Communications Express and Messaging Server Example” on page 60](#)

On Host D

5. Installing Instant Messaging, specifying the remote Access Manager and Directory Server that are installed on Host A
Access Manager SDK must be local to Instant Messaging.
[“Instant Messaging Only Example” on page 65](#)

On Host D

6. Installing Portal Server Secure Remote Access, specifying the remote Access Manager and Directory Server that are installed on Host A

A web container and the Access Manager SDK must be local to Portal Server Secure Remote Access.

[“Portal Server Secure Remote Access Only Example” on page 71](#)

7. Establishing an initial user and setting up single sign-on

Sun Java Enterprise System User Management Guide
(<http://docs.sun.com/doc/817-5761>).

For a full scenario showing how to perform this type of deployment, including establishing an initial user and setting up single sign-on, refer to the *Java Enterprise System Deployment Example Series: Small Scale Communications Scenario* (<http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0060>).]

Portal Server Using a Remote Access Manager Example

Portal Server requires Access Manager. Access Manager requires a local or remote copy of Directory Server and a local web container. You can run Portal Server on a separate host from Access Manager, in which case Portal Server requires a local copy of the Access Manager SDK and a local web container. When you install Portal Server and the Access Manager SDK, you need to deselect the unneeded subcomponents of Access Manager. (The installer automatically selects all Access Manager subcomponents when you select Portal Server.)

The general steps for this type of installation include:

On Host A

Verifying that Access Manager and Directory Server are installed and running

[“Access Manager and Directory Server Example” on page 55](#)

On Host B

1. Running the Java ES installer

[Chapter 5, “Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)

2. At component selection, selecting Portal Server

All Access Manager components are automatically selected as well as Directory Server and the Directory Preparation Tool.

The web container is not selected. The Web Container Selection page prompts you to select a web container.

3. Deselecting Directory Server and all subcomponents of Access Manager except Access Manager SDK

Dependency messages guide you to do the following:

- a.** Select Application Server, Web Server, or a previously installed local web container.
- b.** Select a remote instance of Access Manager.

4. Resolving incompatibilities

The installer verifies the software on your system and provides guidance if incompatibilities are identified.

5. Selecting the Configure Later option

Refer [Chapter 7, “Post-installation Configuration for Configure Later Option” on page 129](#).

6. Specifying the host name of the web container for running the Access Manager SDK (same as for Portal Server)

7. Specifying the web container (and any configuration parameters) that Portal Server is running within

8. Running the installation

9. Viewing the Installation Summary and Log

10. Completing any required post-installation configuration:

[“Configuring Portal Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 142](#).

Installing Sun Java Enterprise System Using the Installation Wizard

This chapter provides instructions for using the interactive graphical interface, also called the installation wizard, to install the Sun Java™ Enterprise System software.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- [“Prerequisites” on page 83](#)
- [“Running the Installation Wizard” on page 83](#)
- [“To Cancel Installation” on page 93](#)
- [“Next Steps” on page 93](#)

Prerequisites

Before installing, you should have developed your installation plan. If it is not ready, refer to [Chapter 2, “Developing Your Installation Sequence” on page 31](#).

You should also survey your system for incompatibilities before running the installer. For more information, refer to [“What Components Are Installed?” on page 27](#).

Running the Installation Wizard

This section includes:

- [“To Begin Installation” on page 84](#)
- [“To Initiate the Quick Configure Installation” on page 88](#)
- [“To Initiate the Configure Later Installation” on page 92](#)

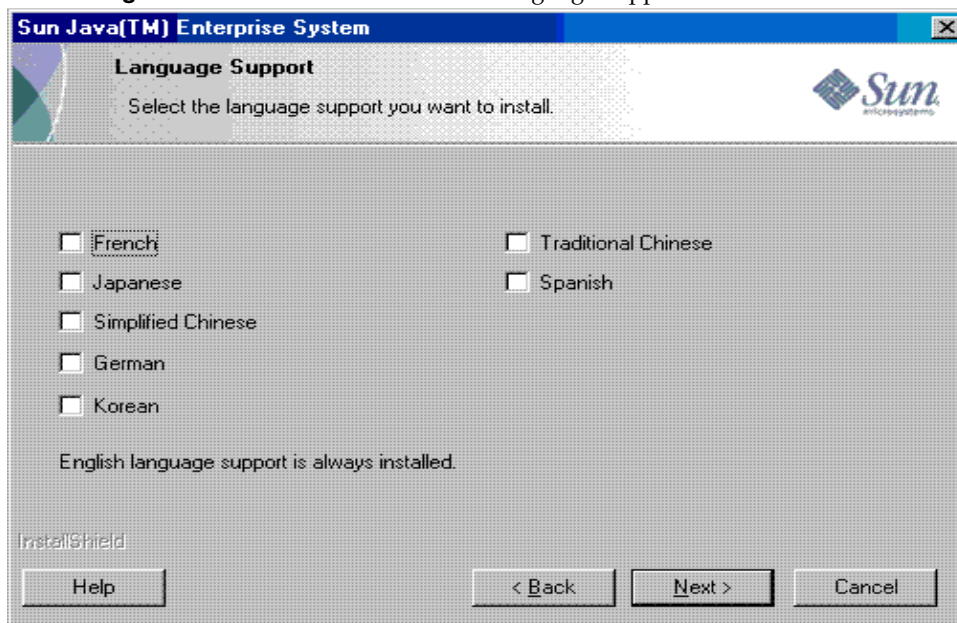
► **To Begin Installation**

Verify that you have met the pre-installation requirements. Refer to “[Installation Prerequisites](#)” on page 48 for a listing of the specific tasks that might apply to your installation. By default, the English language version of the wizard is always installed.

1. Access the CD drive where the Sun Java Enterprise System is mounted.
2. Click the Setup launcher to start the wizard.

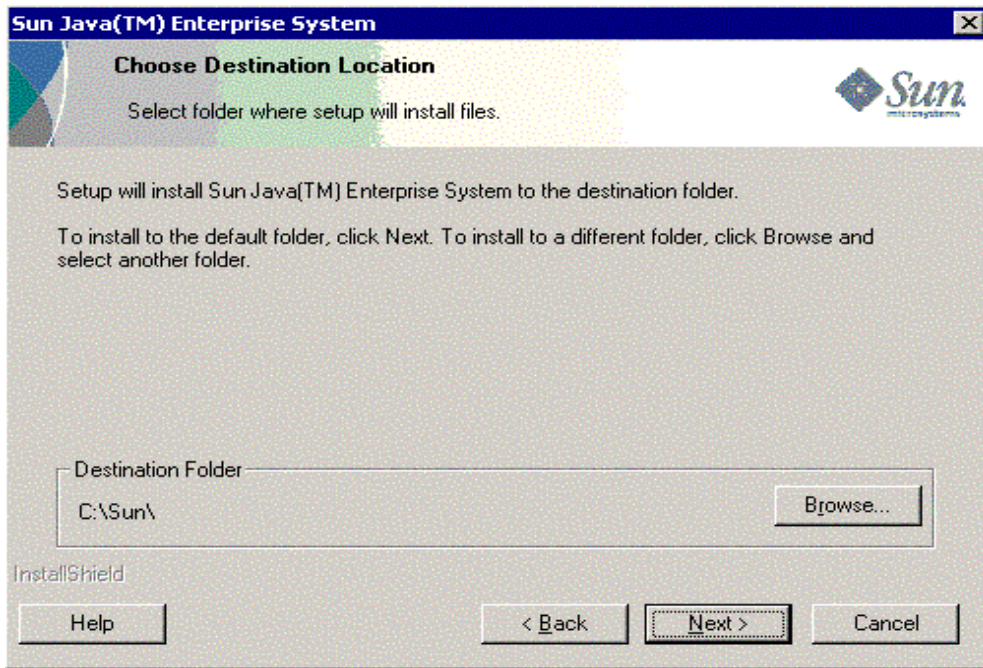
NOTE Run `\setup.bat` and NOT `\products\setup.exe` to start installation.

- **For a Download.** Unzip the bits, Navigate to the directory where you download the software, and click the Setup Launcher (setup.bat)
 - **For CDs.** Navigate to a directory the CD drive where the CD is mounted and click the Setup launcher.
3. The Welcome screen is displayed.
 4. Click Next to continue.
The Software License Agreement screen is displayed.
 5. Select *I accept the terms of the license agreement*, click Next to continue.
The Language Support screen displays.

Figure 5-1 Installation Wizard's Language Support Screen

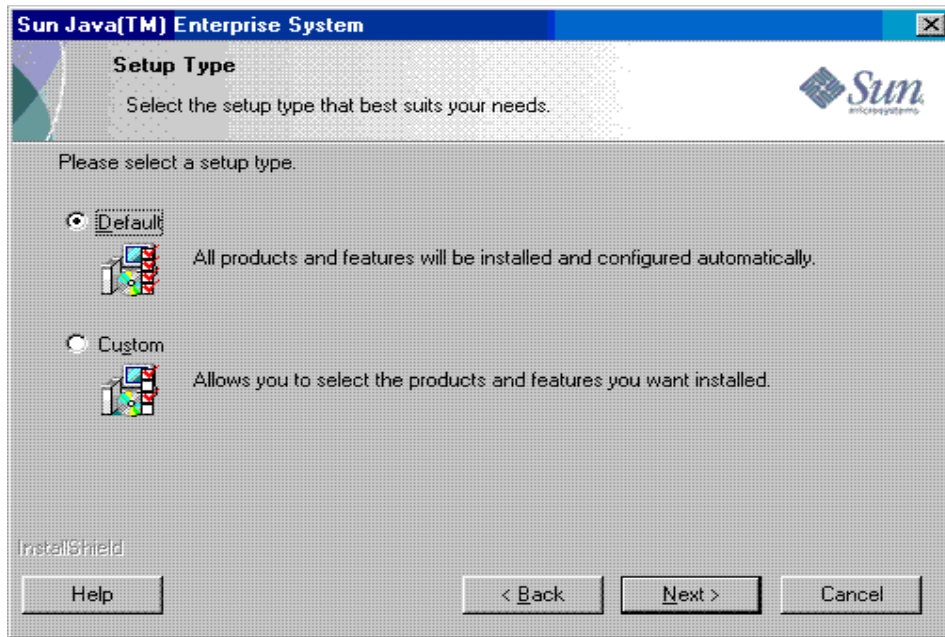
6. Select any additional language support required for the products.
The Choose Destination Location screen is displayed.

Figure 5-2 Installation Wizard's Choose Destination Location Screen



7. Browse to a folder where you want to install the product. To keep the default location do not make any change. Click Next.

The Setup Type screen is displayed.

Figure 5-3 Installation Wizard's Setup Type Screen

8. Choose the type of installation from the two choices below,

- Default

Choose the Default type installation if you want to install and configure all the products and features automatically at one instance.

- Custom

Choose Custom type installation if you want to select the products and features to be installed and configuration type.

➤ **To Install by Default Setup Type**

1. Select the Default setup type from the Setup Type Screen and Click Next.

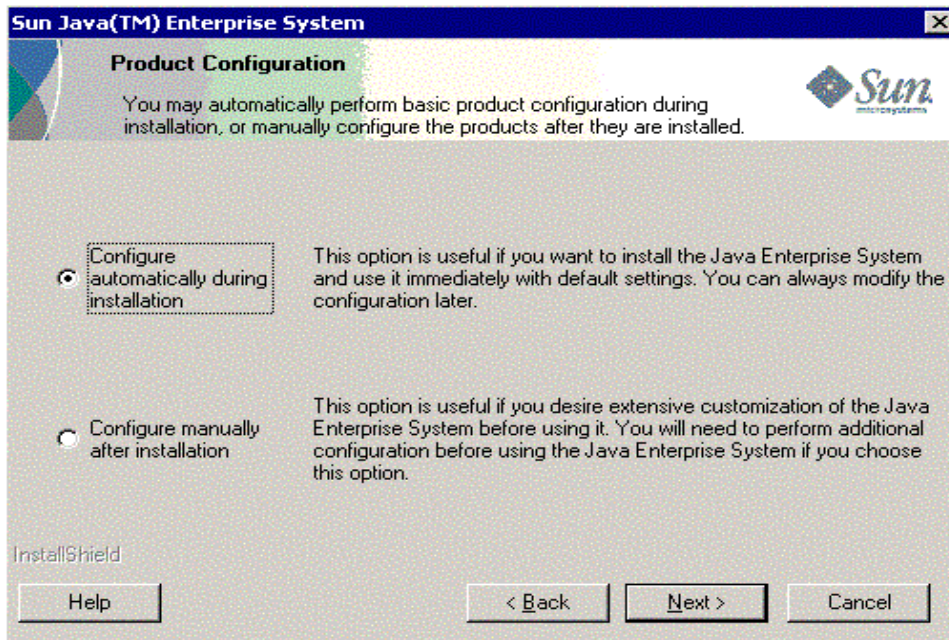
All the components are installed and configured by Default and then the Administrator Settings Screen appears

2. Follow the procedure from Step 4 of the [To Initiate the Quick Configure Installation](#)

► **To Install by Custom Setup Type**

1. Select the Custom set type from the Setup Type screen. Click Next
The Configuration Type Panel screen appears
2. Choose the type of Configuration from the two choices below,
 - “To Initiate the Quick Configure Installation” on page 88
 - “To Initiate the Configure Later Installation” on page 92

Figure 5-4 Installation Wizard’s Product Configuration Screen



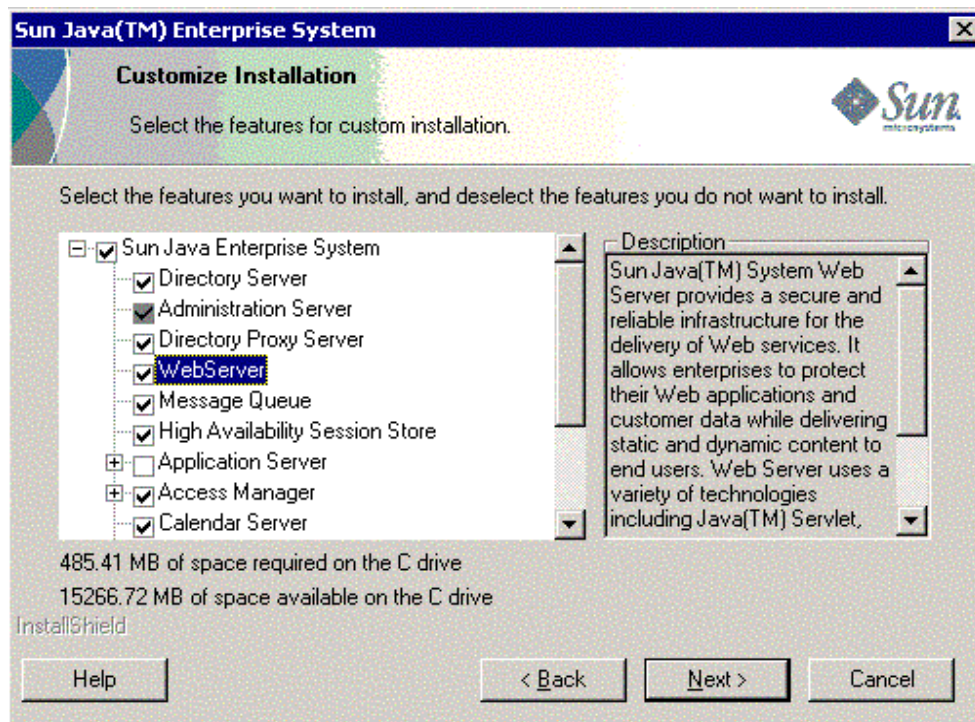
► **To Initiate the Quick Configure Installation**

The Quick Configuration option (*Configure automatically during installation*) installs the components you select and configures them according to the default configuration settings. If you are new to Sun Java Enterprise system and undecided about the configuration best suited for your need, this option is good to start with.

1. Select the Quick Configure radio button. Click Next.

The Customize Installation screen is displayed.

Figure 5-5 Installation Wizard's Customize Installation Screen



2. Choose the components that you want to install and configure automatically, by selecting and deselecting the check boxes. You can select some or all components:
 - a. **Select All Components.** By default all the products are selected in the Product Selection panel.
 - b. **Select Some Components.** First deselect the check box next to Sun Java Enterprise System, and then select the check box next to the components you want to install. As you make each selection, the installer automatically selects any other component that the component you selected depends on.

Each selection causes additional files to be installed, adding to more disk space required for installation. The screen displays the disk space available on your machine and the disk space required by the components you selected.

3. When a web application is selected (IM,UWC, AM,PS,DA) and if no web container is selected, the web container selection screen appears.

Select one of the Web containers

Figure 5-6 Installation Wizard's Web Container Selection Screen



Click OK to get back to the product selection panel.

4. Click Next to continue.

The Administrator Settings screen displays.

Figure 5-7 Installation Wizard's Administrator Settings Screen

Sun Java(TM) Enterprise System

Administrator Settings

Enter an administrator account and password. The information you enter here will be used for all products to be installed.

The following settings will be the default values for all installed component products needed. The values can be overridden when you configure the products.

Administrator User ID :

Administrator Password :

Retype Password :

InstallShield

Help < Back Next > Cancel

5. Enter the Administrative user ID, Administrative user password, and re-type the Administrative user password in the respective fields. Click Next.

NOTE Though the values entered in this screen are set as default values, these default settings can be modified during the post-installation.

The Start Copying Files screen is displayed. This screen also confirms the component selections for this installation session.

6. If the products selected lists all the components to be installed and configured, click Next. To make any changes to component selection, click Back and make the appropriate changes.
7. The Setup Status screen and subsequently the Installation In Progress screen is displayed. It is followed by the Configuration In Progress screen. This might take some time depending on your server setup.
8. The Information screen is displayed after the installation and configuration of the components are over. Click Next to continue.
9. The Installation Complete screen is displayed. Click Finish to exit the setup.

► **To Initiate the Configure Later Installation**

The Configure Later option (*Configure manually after installation*) only installs the components you select, it does not configure them. You need to configure them later. See chapter on “[Post-installation Configuration for Configure Later Option](#)” on page 129 to proceed with the configuration of the components after successful installation.

1. Select the Configure Later radio button. Click Next.

The Customize Installation screen is displayed.

2. You must choose the components that you want to install by selecting and deselecting the check boxes. You can select all or some of the components:
 - a. **Select All Components.** Select the check box next to Sun Java Enterprise System.
 - b. **Select Some Components.** Select the check box next to the components you want to install. As you make each selection, the installer automatically selects any other components that the component you selected depends on.

NOTE You can choose to unselect installer selected components if you plan to use components installed on remote systems.

Each selection causes additional files to be installed, adding to the disk space required for installation. The screen displays the disk space available on your machine and the disk space required by the components you selected.

3. Click Next to continue.

The Start Copying Files screen is displayed. This screen confirms the selections you made for installation.

4. The Products Selected screen lists all the components to be install. Click Next. To make any changes to component selection, click Back and make appropriate changes.
5. The Setup Status screen and subsequently the Installation In Progress screen is displayed. This might take some time depending on your server setup.
6. The Information screen is displayed after the installation is over. Click Next to continue.

NOTE The Message Queue is automatically configured if selected. You do not need to configure it separately.

7. The Installation Complete screen is displayed. Click Finish to exit the setup.

After an installation session, a summary file containing the list of products installed can be viewed from the installation wizard by clicking the `View Summary` button, or from the installation directory `[INSTALLDIR]` where this file is saved.

To Cancel Installation

You can cancel installation by clicking `Cancel` from the screens where it is enabled. This starts the uninstall process and removes any Java Enterprise System software that is already installed.

If you selected the `Quick Configure` option, you should not cancel installation after copying files for installation is complete and configuration is in progress.

Next Steps

After you have completed the installation and configuration of components through `Quick Configure` option, proceed to [Chapter 9, “Starting and Stopping Components” on page 153](#), to learn how to start and stop these components.

If you have completed the installation through the `Configure Later` option, proceed to the [“Post-installation Configuration for Configure Later Option” on page 129](#) to learn how to configure the components.

Next Steps

Gathering Configuration Information for Configure Later Option

This chapter contains the information you need for configuring components after a Configure Later installation. During the Configure Later installation, only awareness of the Administrative settings and how port settings work are required. This chapter provides the details of configuration of the components.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- [“How to Use This Chapter” on page 96](#)
- [“Administrator Server Settings” on page 96](#)
- [“Access Manager Configuration Information” on page 97](#)
- [“Application Server Configuration Information” on page 105](#)
- [“Delegated Administrator Configuration Information” on page 109](#)
- [“High Availability Session Store Configuration Information” on page 111](#)
- [“Web Server Configuration Information” on page 112](#)
- [“Instant Messaging Configuration Information” on page 114](#)
- [“Portal Server Configuration Information” on page 116](#)
- [“Portal Server Secure Remote Access Configuration Information” on page 119](#)
- [“Messaging Server Configuration Information” on page 125](#)
- [“Communications Express Configuration Information” on page 126](#)
- [“Uninstallation” on page 127](#)

How to Use This Chapter

Configuring after using the Configure Later option requires the properties file input for the selected components.

NOTE Delegated Administrator and Portal SRA cannot be configured by the Sun Java Enterprise System installer.

The configuration information tables have two columns: “Property File Parameter,” and “Description.” The “Property File Parameter” column contains the keys in the property files and the “Description” contains what the key stands for and the default values if any.

Suggested Look-up Strategies

If you are seeking information on configuring the products for the Configure Later option, do the following:

1. Locate the section that describes the component.
2. Find the table that contains the properties file description and complete your properties file according to your requirements.

Administrator Server Settings

When you install components using the Quick Configure option, the installer uses the default values for Administrator user and Administrator password. The following table lists the default values used by the installer for filling the properties file of the components installed.

Table 6-1 Administrator Server Settings

Label	Description	Default Value
Administrator User	Default user ID of the administrator.	admin
Administrator Password	Default password of the administrator.	adminuser

Access Manager Configuration Information

The Sun Java Enterprise System installer installs the required dependent components for configuring Access Manager. The following components must be configured before configuring Access Manager:

- Web Container (any one)
 - Web Server
 - Application Server
- Directory Server

NOTE Access Manager SDK is automatically installed as part of Identity Management and Policy Services Core.

Access Manager: Parameter Information

The Access Manager configurator requires the following information from the `AMConfigurator.properties` file to configure Access Manager.

Table 6-2 Parameter Information for Access Manager

Property File Parameter	Description
Administrator Password <code>ADMIN_PASSWD</code>	<p>Password of the <code>amadmin</code> user. The value must have at least eight characters.</p> <p>The default value is the Administrator Password <code>adminuser</code></p>
LDAP Password <code>AMLDAUSERPASSWD</code>	<p>Password of the <code>amldapuser</code> user. This password must be different from the password of the <code>amadmin</code> user. It can be any valid Directory Service password.</p> <p>The default value is <code>ldapuser</code></p>
Password encryption key <code>AM_ENC_PWD</code>	<p>A string that Access Manager uses to encrypt user passwords.</p> <p>All Access Manager subcomponents must use the same encryption key. If you are distributing Access Manager subcomponents across systems use the same value in all the systems.</p> <p>The default key is <code>abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz</code></p>
Locale <code>PLATFORM_LOCALE</code>	<p>By default the language setting for this version is US English.</p> <p>The default value is <code>en_US</code></p>

Table 6-2 Parameter Information for Access Manager (*Continued*)

Property File Parameter	Description
Base Directory BASE_DIR	The base directory in which Access Manager installation directory is present. The default value is [INSTALLDIR]
Sun Java Enterprise System Access Manager Installation Directory INSTALL_DIR	The directory in which Access Manager is going to be installed. The default value is AccessManager
Web Container Host SERVER_HOST	The host in which the web container runs. The default value is [HOSTNAME]
Cookie Domain COOKIE_DOMAIN	The Cookie Domain for Access Manager. The default value is .iplanet.com
New Web Container Instance Flag NEW_INSTANCE	NEW_INSTANCE should be set to true when deploying Access Manager to a new user-created web container instance. The default value is false.
Web Container Port SERVER_PORT	The Web Container Port for Access Manager. The default value is 80
The Web Container Protocol SERVER_PROTOCOL	The Web Container Protocol for Access Manager. The default value is http
Console Port CONSOLE_PORT	The Console Port for Access Manager. The default value is 80
Console Host CONSOLE_HOST	The Console Host for Access Manager. The default value is [HOSTNAME]
Console Protocol CONSOLE_PROTOCOL	The Console Protocol for Access Manager. The default value is http
Remote Console Flag CONSOLE_REMOTE	Specifies whether the console is remote for Access Manager. The default value is false
URI to deploy console.war CONSOLE_DEPLOY_URI	The URI to deploy Access Manager Console. The default value is \amconsole
URI to deploy amcommon COMMON_DEPLOY_URI	The URI to deploy Access Manager Common. The default value is 80
Server deploy URI SERVER_DEPLOY_URI	The URI to deploy Access Manager Server. The default value is \amserver

Table 6-2 Parameter Information for Access Manager (*Continued*)

Property File Parameter	Description
Temporary directory prefix TEMP_DIR_PREFIX	Specifies the Temporary directory.
Debug directory prefix DEBUG_DIR_PREFIX	Specifies the Debug directory.
XML Encoding XML_ENCODING	The XML Encoding standard is specified. The default value is ISO-8859-1
Web Container Type WEB_CONTAINER	Specifies the Web container type. The default value is WS6
URI to deploy password PASSWORD_DEPLOY_URI	The URI to deploy password. The default value is \amp;password
Access Manager Deployment Type DEPLOY_LEVEL	The Access Manager deployment type. The default value is 1

Table 6-2 Parameter Information for Access Manager (*Continued*)

Property File Parameter	Description
	The deployment values for Access Manager:
	1 = Full install (Configures web container, directory server and installs services)
	2 = Console only install (Installs ASMSDK and configures web server)
	3 = SDK only (Installs only the SDK)
	4 = SDK with container configuration (Installs SDK and configures web container)
	All the above choices configures samples.
	5 = Federation only - (configures web server only)
	6 = Server only (Configures web server, directory server and installs services)
	11 = Full Uninstall
	12 = Console only uninstall
	13 = SDK uninstall
	14 = Uninstall SDK only with container unconfig
	15 = Federation only uninstall
	16 = Server only uninstall
	21 = Full reinstall
	26 = Server reinstall
	31 = SDK reinstall
	32 = Console reinstall
	33 = Console and SDK reinstall
	35 = Liberty reinstall.

Access Manager: Directory Server Information

The Access Manager requires the following information for configuring Access Manager with Directory Server. The following table describes the information that the installer needs while associating Access Manager with Directory Server.

Table 6-3 Directory Server Settings Information for Access Manager

Property File Parameter	Description
Directory Server Name	Host name of the Directory Server
DS_HOST	The default value is [HOSTNAME]

Table 6-3 Directory Server Settings Information for Access Manager (*Continued*)

Property File Parameter	Description
Directory Server Port DS_PORT	Port number of the Directory Server. The default value is 389
Root DN Directory Server DS_DIRMGRDN	Root DN of Directory Server. The default value is cn=Directory Manager
Root DN password DS_DIRMGRPWD	Password for accessing Root DN. The default value is admin123.
Root suffix ROOT_SUFFIX	Root suffix. For example, any of these, dc=red dc=iplanet dc=com.
Default Organization for Root Suffix DEFAULT_ORGANIZATION	Default organization to be added to ROOT_SUFFIX. Leave this entry blank. Any manipulation of this entry would result in the failure of the Access Manager configuration.
LDAP Directory modifications DIRECTORY_MODE	Specifies how the modifications to the LDAP directory to be made. The default value is 1
LDAP User Definition USER_NAMING_ATTR	The LDAP attribute to define an user. The default value is uid.
LDAP Organization Definition ORG_NAMING_ATTR	The LDAP attribute which defines an organization. The default value is o.
LDAP Organization Object class ORG_OBJECT_CLASS	The LDAP Organization Object class. The default value is sunmanagedorganization.
LDAP User Object class USER_OBJECT_CLASS	The LDAP User Object class. The default value is inetorgperson.
DIT compliance flag DIT_COMPLIANCE	The LDAP Organization Object class. The default value is true.

Access Manager: Web Container Information

The subcomponents Identity Management and Policy Services Core of Access Manager, runs in Web Server or Application Server. The information that the installer needs is different for each of the above web container:

- For Web Server, see [“Web Container Information: Access Manager With Web Server”](#) on page 102
- For Application Server, see [“Web Container Information: Access Manager With Application Server”](#) on page 103

Web Container Information: Access Manager With Web Server

The following table describes the information for configuring Web Server as the web container for the Identity Management and Policy Services Core subcomponent of Access Manager.

Table 6-4 Web Container Information for Access Manager With Web Server

Property File Parameter	Description
Install Directory WS61_HOME	Installation directory of Web server. The default value is [INSTALLDIR]\WebServer
Web Server Protocol WS61_PROTOCOL	The Protocol used by the Web server. The default value is http.
Host Name WS61_HOST	The fully qualified domain name for the Web server host. The default value is the fully qualified domain name for the current host.
Web Server Port WS61_PORT	Port on which Web Server listens for HTTP connections. The default value is 80.
Web Server Admin Port WS61_ADMINPORT	Port on which Web Server listens for Admin Server triggers. The default value is 8888.
Web Server Admin User WS61_ADMIN	The Web Server administrator user name. The default value is admin.
Web Server Instance Directory WS61_INSTANCE	Name of the web server instance in which AM wars are going to be deployed. The default value is https-[HOSTNAME]

Table 6-4 Web Container Information for Access Manager With Web Server (*Continued*)

Property File Parameter	Description
Secure Server Instance Port WS61_IS_SECURE	Specify whether the port for the Web Server instance is a secure port. A secure port uses the HTTPS protocol. A non-secure port uses HTTP. The value is true if the container is SSL enabled installer will use SSL_PASSWORD to start server without user intervention. The default value is <code>false</code>

Web Container Information: Access Manager With Application Server

The Web container has only Application Server 8.x, where *x* is the version number.

The table below describes the information required by the configurator when Application Server 8.x (where *x* is the version number) is the web container for the Identity Management and Policy Services Core subcomponent of Access Manager.

Table 6-5 Web Container Information for Access Manager with Application Server 8.x

Property File Parameter	Description
Application Server Home AS81_HOME	Path to the directory where Application Server is installed. If you are installing Application Server, this value defaults to the value you specified for the Application Server installation directory.
Application Server Protocol AS81_PROTOCOL	The Protocol used by the Application Server.
Application Server Host AS81_HOST	The fully qualified domain name for the Application Server host.
Application Server Port AS81_PORT	Port on which Application Server listens for connections to the instance.
Application Server Admin Port AS81_ADMINPORT	Port on which Application Server listens for Admin Server triggers.
Application Server Admin User AS81_ADMIN	User ID of the Application Server administrator. The default value is the Administrator User ID under Administrator Server Settings. Refer to Table 6-1 on page 96 .
Application Server Administrator Password AS81_ADMINPASSWD	Password of the Application Server administrator. The default value is the Administrator User password under Administrator Server Settings. Refer to Table 6-1 on page 96 .

Table 6-5 Web Container Information for Access Manager with Application Server

Property File Parameter	Description
Secure Server Instance Port AS81_INSTANCE	Specify whether the value for Instance Port refers to a secure port. A secure port uses the HTTPS protocol. A non-secure port uses HTTP. Specify <code>https</code> for a secure port or <code>http</code> for a non-secure port. The default value is <code>http</code> .
Application Server Domain AS81_DOMAIN	Specifies the Application Server domain.
Application Server instance directory AS81_INSTANCE_DIR	Specifies the Application Server instance directory.
Application Server document root AS81_DOCS_DIR	The document root of the Application Server instance on which Access Manager will be configured and/or deployed
AS81_IS_SECURE	Specifies whether the Application Server instance is using SSL.
Application Server administration instance AS81_ADMIN_IS_SECURE	Specifies whether the Application Server administration instance is using SSL. By default this should be set to true.

Application Server Configuration Information

The Application server configurator requires the following information from `ASConfigurator.properties` file.

Table 6-6 Administration Information for Application Server

Property File Parameter	Description
Admin User Name <code>AS_ADMIN</code>	User ID of the Application Server administrator. The default value is <code>admin</code> . It is the Administrator User ID under Administrator Server Settings. Refer to Table 6-1 on page 96 .
Admin Password <code>AS_ADMINPASSWD</code>	Password for the Application Server administrator. The default value is <code>adminuser</code> . It is the Administrator Password under Administrator Server Settings. Refer to Table 6-1 on page 96 .
Admin Port <code>AS_ADMINPORT</code>	Port on which Application Server's administrative server listens for connections. Provides access to the administration tools. The default value is <code>4850</code> .
JMS Port <code>ASJMSPort</code>	Port on which Application Server listens for JMS connections. The default value is <code>7679</code> .
HTTP Server Port <code>AS_HTTPPORT</code>	Port on which Application Server listens for HTTP connections. The default value is <code>8082</code> . If the installer detects that the default port is used, an alternative value is suggested.
HTTPS Port <code>AS_HTTPSPORT</code>	Port on which Application Server listens for HTTPS connections. The default value is <code>8184</code> .
Admin Protocol <code>AS_ADMINPROTOCOL</code>	Specifies the Admin Protocol. The default value is <code>https</code>
Admin Host <code>AS_ADMINHOST</code>	Specifies the Admin host. The default value is <code>localhost</code>
JMX Port <code>ASJMX_ADMINPort</code>	Port on which Application Server listens for JMX connections. The default value is <code>3353</code> .

Table 6-6 Administration Information for Application Server (*Continued*)

Property File Parameter	Description
ORB Port AS_ORB_PORT	Port on which Application Server listens for ORB connections. The default value is 3360
SSL Port ASIIOP_SSLPort	Port on which Application Server listens for SSL connections. The default value is 3350
Mutual Auth Port ASIIOP_MUTUALAUTHPort	Port on which Application Server listens for Mutual Authorization connections. The default value is 3347
Domain Name AS_DOMAIN_NAME	Specifies the Domain name. The default value is domain1.
Node agents AS_NODE_AGENT	Specifies the Node agents. The default value is full computer name.
Instance directory AS_NODEAGENT_DIR	Specifies the Instance path. The default value is [INSTALLDIR]\\AppServer\\nodeagents.
Point base directory AS_POINTBASE	Specifies the Point base directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR]\\AppServer\\pointbase
Point base samples directory AS_POINTBASE_SAMPLESDB	Specifies the Point base samples directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR]\\AppServer\\pointbase\\databases
Web services library directory AS_WEBSERVICES_LIB	Specifies the Web services library directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR]\\AppServer\\lib
Application Server Config directory AS_CONFIG	Specifies the Application Server Configuration directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR]\\AppServer\\config
Application Server Install directory AS_INSTALL	Specifies the Application Server Installation Directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR]\\AppServer
JDK location AS_JAVA	Specifies the JDK location. The default value is [JDKINSTALLDIR]
Application Server deployment location AS_DEPLOY_LOCATION	Specifies the Application Server deployed location. The default value is [INSTALLDIR]\\AppServer\\domains\\domain1\\autodeploy

Table 6-6 Administration Information for Application Server (*Continued*)

Property File Parameter	Description
Application Server Configuration model AS_CONFIG_MODEL	Specifies the Application Server Configuration model used. The default value is TestASConfig
JMS Administrator ID AS_JMS_ADMIN	Specifies the JMS Administrator ID. The default value is JMSAdmin
JMS Administrator Password AS_JMS_PASSWORD	Specifies the JMS Administrator Password. The default value is JMSPassword
Sun Accounts directory AS_ACC_CONFIG	Specifies the Sun Accounts directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR]\\AppServer\\domains\\domain1\\config\\sun-acc.xml
Java Help directory AS_JHELP	Specifies the Java Help directory. The default value is C:\\Sun\\JavaES\\shared\\lib
Domain directory path AS_DEF_DOMAINS_PATH	Specifies the Domain directory path. The default value is C:\\Sun\\JavaES\\AppServer\\domains
JDKM path AS_JDKM_HOME	Specifies the JDKM path. The default value is C:\\Sun\\JavaES\\AppServer\\lib\\SUNwjdkm\\5.1
Native Launcher AS_NATIVE_LAUNCHER	Specifies if the Native Launcher is activated. The default value is true
Native Launcher Library AS_NATIVE_LAUNCHER_LIB_PREFIX	Specifies the Native Launcher Library path. The default value is \\jre\\bin\\client
Web Console Library AS_WEBCONSOLE_LIB	Specifies the Web Console Library. The default value is C:\\Sun\\JavaES\\AppServer\\lib
HADB directory AS_HADB	Specifies the HADB directory. The default value is C:\\Sun\\JavaES\\AppServer\\hadb\\4.4-0.8
Application Server Instance directory AS_INSTANCE_DIR	Specifies the Application Server Instance directory. The default value is C:\\Sun\\JavaES\\AppServer
Application Server Instance name AS_INSTANCE_NAME	Specifies the Instance name. The default value is instance1

Application Server: Shared Component Information

The installer needs the following shared component information for the Application Server.

Table 6-7 Shared Component Information for Application Server

Property File Parameter	Description
Ant directory AS_ANT	The path to the Ant directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR] \AppServer\lib\ant
Ant Library directory AS_ANT_LIB	The path to the Ant Library directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR] \AppServer\lib\ant\lib.
Perl directory AS_PERL	The path to the Perl directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR] \AppServer\lib\perl.
NSS directory AS_NSS	The path to the NSS directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR] \AppServer\lib.
NSS Bin AS_NSS_BIN	The path to the NSS bin. The default value is [INSTALLDIR] \shared\bin.
ICU directory AS_ICU_LIB	The path to the ICU directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR] \shared\lib.
JATO directory AS_JATO_LIB	The path to the JATO directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR] \shared\lib

Application Server: Web Server Information

The Application server configurator requires the following information for configuring the Web Server.

Table 6-8 Web Server Information for Application Server

Property File Parameter	Description
Web Server install directory AS_WSINSTALLDIR	Web Server install directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR] \WebServer.

Table 6-8 Web Server Information for Application Server (*Continued*)

Property File Parameter	Description
Web Server install directory AS_WSINSTANCEDIR	Instance directory of the Web Server. The default value is [INSTALLDIR]\\WebServer\\https-[HOSTNAME]
Web Server instance name AS_WSINSTANCENAME	The default value is https-[HOSTNAME].
Load Balancer of the web server AS_LB_PLUGIN_TYPE	Load Balancer of the Web Server. The default value is Sun One Web Server

Delegated Administrator Configuration Information

The Delegated Administrator comes as part of the Access Manager and is not visible in the product selection panel. The Delegated Administrator requires the following information from `IscliCfgDefaults.properties` and `installer.properties`.

Delegated Administrator: Administration Information

Table 6-9 Administration Information for Delegated Administrator Server

Property File Parameter	Description
DA DataPath msg.DataPath	This is the directory where the config/data reside. The default value is <install directory>\DelegatedAdmin.
Access Manager Path msg.IsPath	This is the directory where Access Manager is installed The default value is <install directory>\AccessManager.
Web Server Path msg.ESPath	This is the directory where the Web Server instance directory is located. The default value is <install directory>\WebServer.
SSL Port DefSSLPort.TextField	This is the SSL Port. The default value is 443.
Access Manager Admin User IsAadmin.User	This is the Access Manager admin user name. The default value is amadmin.
Access Manager Admin Password IsAadmin.Password	This is the Access Manager admin user password. The default value is provided by the user.
Host Name IS.HostName	HostName on which Access Manager in installed and configured. The default value is provided by the user.
Delegated Administrator Admin User TLAUserPassword.User	This is the Delegated Administrator admin user name. The default value is amadmin.
Delegated Administrator Admin Password TLAUserPassword.Password	This is the Delegated Administrator admin user password. The default value is provided by the user.
Host Name Port Number IS.HostNamePortNumber	http port on which AM is deployed The default value is 80
Minimum dssetup version required MIN_DSSETUP_VERSION	The minimum dssetup version required The default value is 6.0
Minimum dssetup revision required MIN_DSSETUP_REVISION	The minimum dssetup revision required The default value is 0.004
Email Domain EmailDomain.TextField	The domain on which DA is being configured The default value is provided by the user

Table 6-9 Administration Information for Delegated Administrator Server (*Continued*)

Property File Parameter	Description
Web Container IS.webcontainer	The Web container on which AM is deployed The default value is based on user's section (APP_SERVER, WEB_SERVER)
Web Deploy Path WS.webDeployPath	The path of webdeploy.bat under instance directory The default value is the path where the Web server instance is configured.

High Availability Session Store Configuration Information

The Application server configurator requires the following High Availability Session Store (HADB) information from `mgt.cfg` and `HADB.properties` file.

High Availability Session Store: Administration Information

Table 6-10 Administration Information for High Availability Session Store

Property File Parameter	Description
Management Agent Server Port ma.server.jmxmp.port	This is the port used for MA (management agent) Server communication. The default value is 1862.
DBConfig Path ma.server.dbconfigpath	This is the location to store configuration files for nodes. The default value is <install directory>\hadb\4.4.1-2\dbdef.
Repository Path repository.dr.path	This is the location to Server repository path. The default value is <install directory>\hadb\4.4.1-2\repository.
Log Level Inputs logfile.loglevel	The valid log levels are: ALL, SEVERE, WARNING, INFO, FINE[R ST], OFF.
Log File Name logfile.name	This is the <file path>\name for logging to file. The default value is <install directory>\hadb\4.4.1-2\ma\ma.log.
DB Device Path ma.server.dbdevicepath	This is the default path for database devices. The default value is <install directory>\hadb\4.4.1-2.
DB History Path ma.server.dbhistorypath	This is the default path for database history files. The default value is <install directory>\hadb\4.4.1-2.
HADB Install Directory path INSTALLDIR	This is the Installer Directory location of HADB. The default value is <install directory>.

Web Server Configuration Information

The Web Server configurator requires the following information from WsProp.properties file for configuring the Web Server:

- Administration information
- Default Web Server instance information

Web Server: Administration Information

Table 6-11 Administration Information for Web Server

Property File Parameter	Description
Administrator User ID <code>Pro.AdminName</code>	User ID of the Web Server administrator. The default value is <code>admin</code> It is the Administrator User ID you provided under Administrator Server Settings. Refer to Table 6-1 on page 96 .
Administrator Password <code>Pro.AdminPassword</code>	Password for the Web Server administrator. The default value is <code>adminuser</code> It is the Administrator Password you provided under Administrator Server Settings. Refer to Table 6-1 on page 96 .
Administration Port <code>Pro.AdminPort</code>	Port on which Web Server's Administration Server listens for connections. The default value is <code>8888</code> .

Web Server: Default Web Server Instance Information

Table 6-12 Default Web Server Instance Information for Web Server

Property File Parameter	Description
HTTP Port <code>Pro.HttpPort</code>	Port on which Web Server listens for HTTP connections. The default value is <code>80</code> .
Document Root Directory <code>Pro.HttpDocRoot</code>	Location where Web Server stores content documents. The default value is <code>[INSTALLDIR]\WebServer\docs</code>
LDAP Configuration <code>Pro.UgLdapUse</code>	This is used if Idap has to be configured with the web server. The default value is <code>FALSE</code> .
JDK path <code>Pro.JDK_DIR</code>	Full path of the JDK directory in which bin directory is present. The JDK directory should not contain space. The default value is <code>[JAVAINSTALLDIR]</code>
JDK Library <code>Pro.JDK_LIBPATH</code>	Full path of the JDK library. The default value is <code>[JAVAINSTALLDIR]\lib</code>

Table 6-12 Default Web Server Instance Information for Web Server (*Continued*)

Property File Parameter	Description
Administration Port Pro.JDK_CLASSPATH	Full path for the external jars. Every path should be separated by ;
Web Server Installation Directory Gen.ServerRoot	Installation location for the server. Note: The directory name should not contain spaces. The default value is [INSTALLDIR] \WebServer.
Web Server Components Gen.Components	Name of the component that has to be installed. This value should not be changed. The default value is WebCore.

Instant Messaging Configuration Information

The Instant Messaging configurator requires the following information from `im.properties` file for configuring the Sun Java System Instant Messaging Server, Sun Java System Instant Messenger Resources and Sun Java System Access Manager Instant Messaging service.

Table 6-13 Configuration Information for Instant Messaging

Properties File Parameter	Description
Configure Client Components selectServer	Set this value to true to configure the server component. The default value is <code>false</code>
Configure Server Components selectClient	Set this value to true to configure client component. The default value is <code>false</code>
Configure Identity Integration selectIdentity	Set this value to true to configure identity integration component. The default value is <code>false</code>
Server Domain domainName	Domain name of the server. The default value is [HOSTNAME]
Host Server hostName	Host Name of the server. Note: If the client is installed on different machine other than on which the Instant Messaging server is present then this value must point to the host name on which Instant Messaging server is installed. The default value is [HOSTNAME]

Table 6-13 Configuration Information for Instant Messaging

Properties File Parameter	Description
Mail Server Host mailHost	Mail server host name. The default value is [HOSTNAME]
LDAP Host ldapHost	LDAP server host name. The default value is [HOSTNAME]
LDAP Server Port ldapPort	LDAP server port number. The default value is 389
LDAP User ID bindDN	Ldap user id used for binding to the directory server. The default value is cn=Directory manager
LDAP Search baseDN	The string to be used as base to do searches on this LDAP server. The default value is dc=[HOSTNAME],dc=com
LDAP Password passWD	Ldap password for binding to the directory server. The default value is adminuser
Web Server HTTP Port httpPort	Http port of the Web server. The default value is 80
URI Name uri	The URI name in which the Instant Messaging resources has to be deployed. The default value is \im
Enable SSO useSSO	Set this to true to enable SSO. The default value is true
Use Access Manager Policy useAmPolicy	Set to true to use policy. The default value is false
Assign Services assignIMServiceToExistingUsers	Set this value to true to assign services to the existing users. The default value is true
Deploy IM deployToApplicationServer	Set this value to true to deploy IM into application server
Application Server HTTP port appServerHttpPort	Application server port number where im has to be deployed.

Portal Server Configuration Information

The Portal Server configurator requires the following information from `PSConfig.properties` for configuring the Portal Server.

NOTE Application server is not supported as web container for Portal Server in this release.

Table 6-14 PSConfig.properties Parameters

Parameter Name	Description
Web Server or Application Server instance name DEPLOY_INSTANCE	Specifies Web Server or Application Server instance name.
Directory server port number DS_PORT	Specifies the Directory Server port number. The default value is 389
Application Server instance dir DEPLOY_INSTANCE_DIR	Specifies the Application Server instance directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR]\ApplicationServer.
Access Manager URI name IDSAME_AMSERVER	Specifies Access Manager URI name.
Directory manager DN name DS_DIRMGR_DN	Specifies the Directory Manager DN name. The default value is cn=Directory Manager.
Directory Server host name DS_HOST	Specifies the Directory Server host name The default value is [HOSTNAME].
Java installation directory JDK_DIR	Specifies the Java installation directory. The default value is [JDKINSTALLDIR].
Web Server or Application Server JDK directory DEPLOY_JDK_DIR	Specifies the Web Server or Application Server JDK directory (if it has different jdk home than system JDK). The default value is [JDKINSTALLDIR].
Java home directory JDK_PATH	Specifies the Java home directory. The default value is [JDKINSTALLDIR].
PortalServer base directory BASEDIR	Specifies the Portal Server base directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR]\Portal Server.
Java Enterprise System base directory JES_DIR	Specifies the Java installation directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR].

Table 6-14 PSConfig.properties Parameters (*Continued*)

Parameter Name	Description
Access Manager installation directory IDSAME_BASEDIR	Specifies the Java installation directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR]\Access Manager.
Deploy PS and Sample Portal DEPLOY_NOW	Specifies the Deployed Portal Server and Sample Portal. The value is (y/n).
Admin protocol of Web Server or Application Server DEPLOY_ADMIN_PROTOCOL	Specifies the Admin protocol of Web Server or Application Server.
Application Server administration port DEPLOY_ADMIN_PORT	Specifies the Application Server administration port.
Application Server product directory DEPLOY_PRODUCT_DIR	Specifies the Application Server product directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR]\ApplicationServer.
Web Server or Application Server protocol SERVER_PROTOCOL	Specifies the Web Server or Application Server protocol.
Application Server deploy node DEPLOY_NODE	Specifies the Application Server deploy node.
Application Server directory DEPLOY_PROJECT_DIR	Specifies the Application Server installation directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR]\ApplicationServer.
Virtual Host DEPLOY_VIRTUAL_HOST	Specifies the virtual host name if deployed in virtual host other than default host.
Administration hostname of Web Server DEPLOY_ADMIN_HOST	Specifies the Administration hostname of Web Server. The default value is [HOSTNAME].
Portal Server deploy URI DEPLOY_URI	Specifies the Portal Server deploy URI. The default value is \Portal.
Web Server or Application Server admin user name DEPLOY_ADMIN	Specifies the Web Server or Application Server admin user name. The default value is admin.
Web Server or Application Server port SERVER_PORT	Specifies the installation directory. The default value is 80.
If LB isconfigured then LB URI LOAD_BALANCER_URL	Specifies the If LB configurator URI.

Table 6-14 PSConfig.properties Parameters (*Continued*)

Parameter Name	Description
Application Server domain name DEPLOY_DOMAIN	Specifies the Application Server domain name.
Access Manager console URI name IDSAME_AMCONSOLE	Specifies the Access Manager console URI name. The default value is [HOSTNAME] \amconsole.
Web Server docroot directory DEPLOY_DOCROOT	Specifies the Java installation directory. The default value is [HOSTNAME] \docs.
Portal Server port number PS_PORT	Specifies the Portal Server port number. The default value is 80
Portal Server deploy host name SERVER_HOST	Specifies the Portal Server deploy host name. The default value is [HOSTNAME].
WebSphere cell name DEPLOY_CELL	Specifies the Web Sphere cell name.
Web Server or Application Server directory DEPLOY_DIR	Specifies the Web Server or Application Server directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR] \WebServer.
Portal Server host name PS_HOST	Specifies the Portal Server host name. The default value is [HOSTNAME].
Deploy type Application Server or Web Server DEPLOY_TYPE	Specifies the Deploy type Application Server or Web Server.
Portal Server protocol PS_PROTOCOL	Specifies the Portal Server protocol. The default value is http
Access Manager installation directory IS_BASEDIR	Specifies the Access Manager installation directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR] \AccessManager.
Portal Server installation directory PS_BASEDIR	Specifies the Portal Server installation directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR] \PortalServer.
Default DN DEFAULT_ORG_DN	Specifies the Default DN. The default value is cn=Directory Manager.
Root suffix ROOT_SUFFIX_DN	Specifies the Root suffix. For example, any of these, dc=red dc=iplanet dc=com.

Table 6-14 PSConfig.properties Parameters (*Continued*)

Parameter Name	Description
Directory manager password DS_DIRMGR_PASSWORD	Specifies the Directory Manager password. The default value is adminuser.
Access Manger ldap user password IDSAME_LDAPUSER_PASSWORD	Specifies the Access Manger ldap user password. The default value is ldapuser.
Access Manager amadmin password IDSAME_ADMIN_PASSWORD	Specifies the Access Manager amadmin password. The default value is adminuser.
Web Server admin password DEPLOY_ADMIN_PASSWORD	Specifies the Web Server admin password. The default value is amdinuser.

Portal Server Secure Remote Access Configuration Information

The Portal Server Secure Remote Access configurator requires the following information for configuring the Portal SRA:

- SRAConfig.properties
- RWPConfig.properties and RWPConfig-default.properties files
- GWConfig.properties and GWConfig-default.properties files
- NLPConfig.properties and NLPConfig-default-properties files

Table 6-15 SRAConfig.properties File Descriptions

Parameter Name	Description
Gateway profile name SRA_GATEWAY_PROFILE	Specifies the Gateway profile name. The default value is default
Needs to deploy now or not DEPLOY_NOW	Specify if need to deploy now or not. The value is (y/n)
Use Web Proxy or not USE_WEBPROXY	Specifies if to use Web Proxy or not. The value is (y/n)
Server Domain SERVER_DOMAIN	Specifies the Server Domain
SRA User login Password SRA_LOG_USER_PASSWORD	Specifies the SRA User login Password The default value is adminuser

Table 6-15 SRAConfig.properties File Descriptions

Parameter Name	Description
Load balancer URI LOAD_BALANCER_URL	Specifies the Load balancer URI.
Gateway Domain GW_DOMAIN	Specifies the Gateway Domain.
Assign services in AMConsole ASSIGN_SERVICE	Specifies if to assign services in AMConsole. The value is (y/n)
GW Server Port GW_PORT	Specifies the GW Server Port. The default value is 443
Gateway protocol GW_PROTOCOL	Specifies the Gateway protocol. The default value is https

Table 6-16 RWPConfig.properties and RWPConfig-default.properties Files Descriptions

Parameter Name	Description
Needs to create instance or not CREATE_IS_INSTANCE	Specify if need to create instance or not name. The value is (y/n)
Access manager server URI name IDSAME_AMSERVER	Specifies the Access manager server URI name. The default value is [INSTALLDIR] \AccessManager
Organization DN IDSAME_ORG_DN	Specifies the Organization DN.
Rewriter proxy IP RWP_IP	Specifies Rewriter proxy IP.
Access Manager installation directory IDSAME_BASEDIR	Specifies the Access Manager installation directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR] \AccessManager.
Start Proxy after install START_REWRITERPROXY	Specifies if required to start Proxy after install. The value is (y/n)
Port number RWP_PORT	Specifies the Port number. The default value is 10443
Server protocol SERVER_PROTOCOL	Specifies the Server protocol The default value is https
Is certificate self signed SELF_SIGNED_CERT	Specifies if the certificate is self signed. The value is (y/n)

Table 6-16 RWPCConfig.properties and RWPCConfig-default.properties Files Descriptions

Parameter Name	Description
Gateway profile name RWP_GATEWAY_PROFILE	Specifies the Gateway profile name. The value is default
Hostname RWP_HOST	Specifies the Hostname.
Access Manager password encryption key IDSAME_PASSWORD_KEY	Specifies the Access Manager password encryption key. The default value is abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz
Deploy URI DEPLOY_URI	Specifies the Deploy URI. The default value is \Portal
Load balancer URI LOAD_BALANCER_URL	Specifies the Load balancer URI.
Server port number SERVER_PORT	Specifies the Server port number.
Proxy protocol RWP_PROTOCOL	Specifies the Proxy protocol. The default value is https
Portal Server base directory RWP_BASEDIR	Specifies the Portal Server base directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR]\PortalServer
Server host SERVER_HOST	Specifies the Server host.
Certificate information CERT_INFO	Specifies the Certificate information.

Table 6-17 GWConfig.properties and GWConfig-default.properties Files Descriptions

Parameter Name	Description
Gateway profile name GW_GATEWAY_PROFILE	Specifies the Gateway profile name. The default value is default
Gateway installation directory GW_BASEDIR	Specifies the Gateway installation directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR]\PortalServer
Needs to create instance or not CREATE_IS_INSTANCE	Specify if need to create instance or not name. The value is (y/n)
Access manager server URI name IDSAME_AMSERVER	Specifies the Access Manager server URI name. The default value is [INSTALLDIR]\AccessManager

Table 6-17 GWConfig.properties and GWConfig-default.properties Files Descriptions

Parameter Name	Description
Start gateway or not START_GATEWAY	Specify to start gateway or not. The value is (y/n)
Organization DN IDSAME_ORG_DN	Specifies the Organization DN. For example, dc=red, dc=iplanet, dc=com.
Access Manager installation directory IDSAME_BASEDIR	Specifies the Access Manager installation directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR] \AccessManager.
Server protocol SERVER_PROTOCOL	Specifies the Server protocol The default value is http
Gateway host IP GW_IP	Specifies the Gateway host IP The value is (y/n)
Is certificate self signed SELF_SIGNED_CERT	Specifies if the certificate is self signed. The default value is (y/n)
Access Manager password encryption key IDSAME_PASSWORD_KEY	Specifies the Access Manager password encryption key. The default value is abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz.
Deploy URI DEPLOY_URI	Specifies the Deploy URI. The default value is \Portal
Load balancer URI LOAD_BALANCER_URL	Specifies the Load balancer URI.
Server port number SERVER_PORT	Specifies the Server port number.
Server host SERVER_HOST	Specifies the Server host.
GW Server Port GW_PORT	Specifies the GW Server Port. The default value is 443
Certificate information CERT_INFO	Specifies the Certificate information.
Gateway protocol GW_PROTOCOL	Specifies the Gateway protocol. The default value is https
Gateway host name GW_HOST	Specifies the Gateway host name.
Certificate Database Password CERT_DB_PASSWORD	Specifies the Certificate Database Password The default value is provided by the user.

Table 6-18 NLPConfig.properties and NLPConfig-default.properties Files Descriptions

Parameter Name	Description
Netlet port number NLP_PORT	Specifies the Netlet port number.
Needs to create instance or not CREATE_IS_INSTANCE	Specify if need to create instance or not name. The value is (y/n)
Access manager server URI name IDSAME_AMSERVER	Specifies the Access manager server URI name. The default value is [INSTALLDIR] \AccessManager
Organization DN IDSAME_ORG_DN	Specifies the Organization DN.
Start Netlet proxy service or not START_NETLETPROXY	Specify if to start netlet proxy service or not. The value is (y/n).
Netlet proxy host name NLP_HOST	Specifies the Netlet proxy host name.
Access Manager installation directory IDSAME_BASEDIR	Specifies the Access Manager installation directory. The default value is [INSTALLDIR] \AccessManager.
Server protocol SERVER_PROTOCOL	Specifies the Server protocol. The default value is http
Is certificate self signed SELF_SIGNED_CERT	Specifies if the certificate is self signed. The value is (y/n)
Netlet install directory NLP_BASEDIR	Specifies the Netlet install directory.
Netlet gateway Profile NLP_GATEWAY_PROFILE	Specifies the Netlet gateway Profile.
Access Manager password encryption key IDSAME_PASSWORD_KEY	Specifies the Access Manager password encryption key. The default value is abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz
Deploy URI DEPLOY_URI	Specifies the Deploy URI.
Load balancer URI LOAD_BALANCER_URL	Specifies the Load balancer URI.
Server port number SERVER_PORT	Specifies the Server port number. The default value is 80
Server host SERVER_HOST	Specifies the Server host.

Table 6-18 NLPConfig.properties and NLPConfig-default.properties Files Descriptions

Parameter Name	Description
Certificate information CERT_INFO	Specifies the Certificate information.
Netlet protocol NLP_PROTOCOL	Specifies the Netlet protocol.
Netlet host IP NLP_IP	Specifies the Netlet host IP.

Messaging Server Configuration Information

The Messaging server configurator requires the following information from `DevsetupDefaults.properties` for configuring the Messaging Server.

Table 6-19 Configuration Information for Instant Messenger

Properties File Parameter	Description
Messaging Server User ID <code>iMS.UserId</code>	Specifies the Messaging Server User ID. The default value is <code>mailsrv</code>
Messaging Server Group ID <code>iMS.GroupId</code>	Specifies the Messaging Server Group ID. The default value is <code>mail</code>
Messaging Server Data Path <code>msg.DataPath</code>	This is the directory where the config/data reside. The default value is <code>[INSTALLDIR]\Server-Root\data</code>
Messaging Server Postmaster <code>Postmaster.TextField</code>	Specifies the Messaging Server Postmaster. The default value is <code>system.administrator@mycompany.com</code>
Messaging Server Domain <code>EmailDomain.TextField</code>	Specifies the Messaging Server Domain. The default value is <code>mycompany.com</code>
Location of the Administration Server <code>server-root</code> <code>ADMINSERVER_SERVERROOT</code>	Specifies the location of the Administration Server <code>server-root</code> . If you define this then <code>ADMINSERVER_SERVERROOT_CONF</code> will not be used to locate the Administration Server <code>ServerRoot</code> . The default value is <code>[INSTALLROOT]\server-root</code>
Default password <code>imsPassword.Password</code>	Default password for Messaging Server. The default value is <code>password</code>
Type of configuration <code>EVALCONFIG</code>	Specifies the type of configuration. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If set to <code>TRUE</code> it is Quick Configure • If set to <code>FALSE</code> it is Configure Later

Communications Express Configuration Information

The Communications Express configurator requires the following information from `UwcCfgDefaults.properties` file.

NOTE If Communications Express configurator run in GUI mode the values in these properties files will not be use.

Table 6-20 Configuration Information for the `UwcCfgDefaults.properties` File

Properties File Parameter	Description
Directory Server URL:port number <code>UGDIR_URL</code>	Specifies the Directory Server URL Port number The default value is <code>[HOSTNAME]:389</code>
Directory Server Binding name <code>UGDIR_BINDDN</code>	Specifies the Directory Server Binding name. The default value is <code>admin</code>
Directory Server Binding Password <code>UGDIR_BINDPW</code>	Directory server Binding Password. The default value is <code>adminuser</code>
Calendar Server admin user ID <code>ce.calAdminUserID</code>	Specifies the Calendar Server admin user ID. The default value is <code>calmaster</code>
Calendar Server admin user password <code>ce.calAdminPassword</code>	Specifies the Calendar Server admin user password. The default value is <code>admin123</code>
Web Server installation Directory <code>wsInstallDirectory</code>	Specifies the Web Server installation Directory. The default value is <code>[INSTALLDIR]\WebServer</code>
Web Server instance ID <code>wsInstanceId</code>	Specifies the Web Server instance ID.
Virtual server ID <code>wsVirtualServerId</code>	Specifies the Virtual server ID.
Http port number of Web Server <code>httpPortNumber</code>	Specifies the Http port number of Web Server. The default value is <code>80</code>
Calendar Server host name <code>ECalHostPortPanel.HostName</code>	Specifies the Calendar Server host name. The default value is <code>[HOSTNAME]</code>
Calendar Server port number <code>CECalHostPortPanel.PortNumber</code>	Specifies the Calendar Server port number.

Table 6-20 Configuration Information for the UwcCfgDefaults.properties File

Properties File Parameter	Description
Mail server port number CECalHostPortPanel.PortNumber	Specifies the Mail server port number.
AMLoginUrl	Specifies Access Manager login url
AMAdminDN	Specifies Directory Server binding name for AM. Default value is cn=Directory Manager
AMAdminPassword	Specifies Directory Server binding password for AM
AppServer.HostName	Specifies the host name for Application Server
AppServer.DefaultAdministrator Password	Specifies the Admin password of Application Server
AppServer.InstanceDirectory	Specifies the deploying instance directory of Application Server
AppServer.DomainDirectory	Specifies the deploying domain directory of Application Server
AppServer.DocumentRoot	Specifies the document root directory of Application Server
AppServer.InstanceName	Specifies the deploying instance of Application Server
AppServer.virtualServerID	Specifies the virtual server id of Application Server
AppServer.SecureInstance	Specifies whether Application Server instance is secure or not. Default value is False
AppServer.moduleName	Specifies the Module name of deployment. Default Value is Communications_Express
AppServer.httpPortNumber	Specifies the http port number of Application server
AppServer.httpsPortNumber	Specifies the https port number of Application server

Uninstallation

The configuration for all the products are removed before they are uninstalled. The scripts used to remove the configuration are a part of the uninstallation program. You can invoke the uninstaller from Start>Settings>Control Panel>Add/Remove Programs. This is true for Wizard (GUI) and Silent mode of configuration.

Uninstallation

Post-installation Configuration for Configure Later Option

After installing in the Configure Later mode, for all components (except Message Queue) you will have to perform the additional task of configuration before the Sun Java Enterprise System environment is operational. You might also require to do some configuration even if you installed with the Quick Configure option, for example, if you want to configure Instant Messenger channel on Portal Server.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- [“Installed Components” on page 129](#)
- [“Next Steps” on page 144](#)

NOTE After looking through the procedures in this chapter, if you determine that no additional configuration is required for your components, proceed to [Chapter 9, “Starting and Stopping Components”](#) to verify that the components are operational.

Installed Components

If you select the Configure Later option during installation, the Sun Java Enterprise System installer places the component executable and files in their respective directories. No parameter setting is done and most components are not operational because runtime services are still not available.

During configuration, the configurator creates a folder in the Server-Root with names `slapd-(instance name)`, `adm-serv` for Directory Server and Administration Server respectively.

Registry entries are created in:

```
HKLM\SOFTWARE\Sun Microsystems\Java ES\<Productname>\<Version>
```

and

HKLM\SOFTWARE\Sun Microsystems\Java ES\Installer

The path is set in the Environment variables after the files are copied.

The following sections contain post-installation configuration information for the Configure Later option:

- “Configuring Access Manager After a Configure Later Installation” on page 131
- “Configuring Administration Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 133
- “Configuring Application Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 133
- “Configuring HADB After a Configure Later Installation” on page 134
- “Configuring Calendar Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 135
- “Configuring Communications Express After a Configure Later Installation” on page 136
- “Configuring Delegated Administrator After a Configure Later Installation” on page 137
- “Configuring Directory Proxy Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 138
- “Configuring Directory Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 138
- “Configuring Instant Messaging After a Configure Later Installation” on page 139
- “Configuring Message Queue After a Configure Later Installation” on page 140
- “Configuring Messaging Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 140
- “Configuring Portal Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 142
- “Configuring Web Server After a Configure Later Installation” on page 143

Configuring Access Manager After a Configure Later Installation

The installation directory for Access Manager is <INSTALLDIR>\AccessManager. The following files are used to configure the Access Manager:

```
amconfig.jar
initialconfig.jar
Configurator.properties
```

After a Configure Later installation, these files are installed and you are ready to configure Access Manager.

NOTE Web Server is the default container for Access Manager.

► To Configure Access Manager After a Configure Later Installation

The default values are written to `AMConfigurator.properties` file.

Access Manager has the following installable components:

1. Identity Management and Policy Services Core
2. Access Manager Administration Console
3. Common Domain Services for Federation Management
4. Access Manager SDK

NOTE Web Container Service must be started before you run the Access Manager configurator

To configure the Access Manager, perform the following steps:

1. Manually populate the properties file of Access Manager located at `AccessManager\Setup\AMConfigurator.properties`.
2. Partial deployment of Access Manager can be done by setting the `DEPLOY_LEVEL` property value to any of the following:
 - 1 - Full install (Configures Web Container, directory server, installs services)
 - 2 - Console only install (Installs AMSDK and configures web container)
 - 3 - SDK only (Installs only the SDK)

4 - SDK with container configuration (Installs SDK and configures web container)

All the above choices configure samples too.

5 - Federation only - (configures Web Container only)

6 - Server only (same as 1)

11 - Full Uninstall

12 - Console only uninstall

13 - SDK uninstall

14 - Uninstall SDK only with container unconfig

15 - Federation only uninstall

16 - Server only uninstall

21 - Full reinstall

26 - Server reinstall

31 - SDK reinstall

32 - Console reinstall

33 - Console and SDK reinstall

35 - Liberty reinstall.

NOTE WS61_HOST key in the AMConfigurator.properties file is case sensitive. It has to be the exact replica of the Web Server instance name.

3. Change the command path to <INSTALLDIR>\AccessManager\Setup.
4. Run the AMConfig.bat to configure Access Manager.
5. Restart the Web Container Service before using the AM Console.
6. To verify configuration, proceed to [“Starting and Stopping Access Manager” on page 154.](#)

NOTE Web Container: If Application Server and Web Server both are selected for installation, Web Server is the default web container used.

Configuring Administration Server After a Configure Later Installation

After a Configure Later installation, components are installed and you are ready to begin Administration Server configuration. The installation directory for Administration Server is <INSTALLDIR>\Server-Root. The following files are used to configure Administration Server:

```
configure-ad.class  
ADConfig.bat
```

NOTE During configuration you must first configure the Directory Server and then the Administration Server.

► **To Configure Administration Server After a Configure Later Installation**

1. Change the command path to <INSTALLDIR>\Server-Root\setup
2. Run the ADConfig.bat to complete the configuration.
3. Give the required information in the panels
4. To verify configuration, proceed to [“Starting and Stopping Administration Server” on page 154](#).

TIP During unconfiguration you must first unconfigure the Administration Server first and then the Directory Server.

Configuring Application Server After a Configure Later Installation

The installation directory for Application Server is <INSTALLDIR>\AppServer. After a Configure Later installation, components are installed and you are ready to begin Application Server configuration. The following files are used to configure Application Server:

```
AppServConfig.jar  
initialconfig.jar  
ASConfigurator.properties
```

The default values are written to `ASConfigurator.properties` file.

NOTE Application Server cannot be installed and configured with folder names having space.

► **To Configure Application Server After a Configure Later Installation**

Application Server has the following installable components which can be configured separately:

1. Domain Administration Server
2. Load Balancer Plugin

To configure the Application Server, perform the following steps:

1. Manually populate the properties file of Application Server located at `AppServer\Setup\ASConfigurator.properties`
2. Change the command path to `<INSTALLDIR>\AppServer\Setup`
3. Run the `DASConfigure.bat` to configure Domain Administration Server.
4. Run the `LBConfigure.bat` to configure Load Balancer Plugin.
5. To verify configuration, proceed to [“Starting and Stopping Application Server” on page 156](#).

Configuring HADB After a Configure Later Installation

1. Check whether all the properties are populated in `mgt.cfg` and `hadb.properties` under `<installdir>\Hadb\4.4.1-2\lib`
2. Change the command path to `<INSTALLDIR>\Hadb\4.4.1-2\lib`
3. Run the `HADBConfig.bat` to configure HADB management agent
4. To verify configuration, proceed to [“Starting and Stopping HADB Management Agent” on page 165](#)

Configuring Calendar Server After a Configure Later Installation

Before installing Calendar Server, ensure Directory Preparation Script is configured successfully. The installation directory for Calendar Server is <INSTALLDIR>\Calendar Server.

To configure the Calendar Server you need to specify the details of Directory Server. The details below is required if you choose to run the `comm_dssetup.pl` perl script while configuration. This Directory Preparation Script has to be run against the Directory server, if not already run, before configuring the Calendar Server.

Server-Root: Install location of Directory Server

Admin ID: admin (by default) or cn=Directory Manager

Admin Password: adminuser (by default)

DomainName and HostName of the remote Directory Server

► To Configure Calendar Server After a Configure Later Installation

Step 1: Running the Directory Preparation Script

1. Configure Directory Server for communications services (Calendar Server, Messaging Server and the Delegated Administrator Utility) by running the Directory Preparation Script (`comm_dssetup.pl`).

NOTE Skip this step if you have already run the Directory Preparation Script on the same Directory Server during configuration of another communications component.

- a. Verify that Directory Server is running. Refer to [“Starting and Stopping Directory Server” on page 159](#) if needed.
- b. On the machine where Directory Server is installed, you must run the Directory Preparation Script:


```
perl comm_dssetup.pl
```
- c. In the command prompt change the path to <INSTALLDIR>\DSsetup.

NOTE If you get a response Detected DS version. Run this tool as Root, then you must check the perl, which the system is using. Active perl or the nsperl which comes along with Directory Server should be set in the PATH variable, before running the script again.

- d. Run the dssetup.bat to complete the configuration

Step 2: Configuring the Calendar Server

Calendar Server has a GUI based configurator. It can be invoked by the following steps.

2. Change the command path to <INSTALLDIR>\Calendar Server\bin\config
3. Run the CSConfig.bat to complete the configuration.
4. Proceed with the panels.
5. To verify configuration, proceed to [“Starting and Stopping Calendar Server” on page 158.](#)

Configuring Communications Express After a Configure Later Installation

The installation directory for Communications Express is <INSTALLDIR>\CommsExpress. The following files are used to configure Communications Express:

```
config-uwc.class
UwcCfgDefaults.properties
installer.properties
```

► **To Configure Communications Express After a Configure Later Installation**

1. Manually populate the Communications Express properties files located at <INSTALLDIR>\CommsExpress\lib with Directory Server and Web Server entries.
2. Change the command path to <INSTALLDIR>\CommsExpress\lib

3. Run the CEConfig.bat to complete the configuration.

NOTE Ensure Directory Preparation Script is configured successfully before running the Communications Express configurator.

Post Configuration Steps:

We have to do some post configuration steps before logging into Communications Express

- a. Restart Calendar Server.
- b. Restart Web Server or the Application Server, depending on which you have selected as the web container.

Configuring Delegated Administrator After a Configure Later Installation

The installation directory for Delegated Administrator is
<INSTALLDIR>\DelegatedAdmin.

NOTE Before configuring Delegated Administrator, commdssetup has to be run on Schema-2.

► To Configure Delegated Administrator After a Configure Later Installation

1. Change the command path to <INSTALLDIR>\DelegatedAdmin\lib.
2. Run the DAConfig.bat to complete the configuration.
3. A series of panels appear where information about Access Manager, Web Server, and Directory Server have to be entered. Enter the details and complete the configuration.
4. To verify configuration, proceed to [“Starting and Stopping Web Server” on page 169](#).

NOTE Ensure that Access Manger and Directory Server are successfully configured before running the Delegated Administrator configurator.

Configuring Directory Proxy Server After a Configure Later Installation

After a Configure Later installation, the components are installed and you are ready to perform the configuration tasks for Directory Proxy Server. The installation directory for Directory Proxy Server is <INSTALLDIR>\Server-Root. The following file is used to configure Directory Proxy Server:

```
Sun_Java_TM_System_Directory_Proxy_Server_v5_2.class
```

► To Configure Directory Proxy Server After a Configure Later Installation

1. Change the command path to <INSTALL DIR>\Server-Root\setup
2. Type the following command from the above mentioned location

```
DPSConfig.bat
```

- <INSTALLDIR> is the directory where the product is installed
 - Enter the Admin Name and Password as in the Administration Server
 - Enter a valid port number. The default is port is 489.
 - Ensure to use back and forward slashes in the same way as shown above when replacing the <INSTALL DIR> value.
 - Enter a valid instance name in the instance selection panel
3. To verify configuration, proceed to [“Starting and Stopping Directory Proxy Server” on page 163.](#)

Configuring Directory Server After a Configure Later Installation

After a Configure Later installation, the components are installed and you are ready to perform the configuration tasks for Directory Server. The installation directory for these products are <INSTALLDIR>\Server-Root. The following files are used to configure Directory Server:

```
configure-ds.class
```

```
DSConfig.bat
```

► To Configure Directory Server After a Configure Later Installation

1. Change the command path to <INSTALLDIR>\Server-Root\setup

2. Run the `DSConfig.bat` to complete the configuration
3. Give the required information in the panels
4. To verify configuration, proceed to [“Starting and Stopping Directory Server” on page 159](#).

Configuring Instant Messaging After a Configure Later Installation

The installation directory for Instant Messaging is `<INSTALLDIR>\Instant Messaging`. The following files are used to configure Instant Messaging:

`IMConfig.bat`

`Config.class`

When you select Configure Later option, these files are copied and the properties file are populated with the default values.

NOTE Web Server Instance should be started before configuring Instant Messaging.

► To Configure Instant Messaging After a Configure Later Installation

1. Change the command path to `<INSTALLDIR>\Instant Messaging`
2. Run the `IMConfig.bat` to which will invoke Instant messaging configurator in GUI mode.
3. Give the required information in the panels.
4. To verify configuration, proceed to [“Starting and Stopping Instant Messaging” on page 166](#).

Configuring Message Queue After a Configure Later Installation

The Message Queue component requires no additional configuration. It is configured as a part of the installation. It does not support Configure Later option. The following service entry is created: Message Queue Broker (MQ_broker) . The installation directory for Message Queue is <INSTALLDIR>\MessageQueue.

NOTE Although MQ does not support Configure Later installation mode, you can still install MQ in Configure Later mode. However you need to manually start the Message Queue Broker service from service panel in Configure Later mode.

To verify configuration, proceed to [“Starting and Stopping Message Queue” on page 167](#).

Configuring Messaging Server After a Configure Later Installation

The installation directory for Messaging Server is <INSTALLDIR>\Server-Root. The following files are used to configure Messaging Server:

Msconfig.bat

Configure.class

To configure the Messaging Server you need to specify the details of Directory Server. The details below is required if you choose to run the `comm_dssetup.pl` perl script while configuration. This Directory Preparation Script has to be run against the Directory server, if not already run, before configuring the Messaging Server.

Server-Root: Install location of Directory Server

Admin ID: admin (by default) or cn=Directory Manager

Admin Password: adminuser (by default)

DomainName and HostName of the remote Directory Server

► **To Configure Messaging Server After a Configure Later Installation**

Step 1: Running the Directory Preparation Script

1. Configure Directory Server for communications services (Calendar Server, Messaging Server and the Delegated Administrator Utility) by running the Directory Preparation Script (`comm_dssetup.pl`).

NOTE Skip this step if you have already run the Directory Preparation Script on the same Directory Server during configuration of another communications component.

- a. Verify that Directory Server is running. Refer to [“Starting and Stopping Directory Server” on page 159](#) if needed.
- b. On the machine where Directory Server is installed, you must run the Directory Preparation Script:


```
perl comm_dssetup.pl
```
- c. In the command prompt change the path to `<INSTALLDIR>\DSSetup`
- d. Run the `dssetup.bat` to complete the configuration

Step 2: Configuring the Calendar Server

2. Change the command path to `<INSTALLDIR>\Server-Root\sbin`
3. Run the `MSConfig.bat` to complete the configuration.

If there is a port conflict reported during configuration then change the port using the `configutil` command as below:

- Change the current directory to `<INSTALLDIR>\Server-Root\lib`
 - Run the following command from cmd: `configutil -o <service.servicename.nsmgport> -v <new port number>`
`<new port number>` is the value of the new port number.
4. To verify configuration, proceed to [“Starting and Stopping Messaging Server” on page 168](#).

Configuring Portal Server After a Configure Later Installation

Final configuration steps for Portal Server differ depending on whether or not it is deployed in a Sun web container or a third party web container. The following file is used to configure Portal Server Core:

psconfig.jar

- **To Configure Portal Server After a Configure Later Installation**
 1. Change the command path to <INSTALLDIR>\PortalServer\config
 2. Run the PSConfig.bat which will invoke Portal Server configurator
 3. Give the required information
 4. To verify configuration, proceed to [“Starting and Stopping Portal Server” on page 169](#).

Configuring Portal Server SRA After a Configure Later Installation

- **To Configure Portal Server SRA After a Configure Later Installation**
 1. Change the command path to <INSTALLDIR>\PortalServer\config
 2. Run the SRACConfig.bat which will invoke Portal Server SRA configurator.
 3. Give the required information.
 4. To verify configuration, proceed to [“Starting and Stopping Portal Server” on page 169](#).
- **To Configure Gateway After a Configure Later Installation**
 1. Change the command path to <INSTALLDIR>\PortalServer\config
 2. Run the GWConfig.bat which will invoke Gateway configurator.
 3. Give the required information.
 4. To verify configuration, proceed to [“Starting and Stopping Portal Server” on page 169](#).

- ▶ **To Configure Netlet Proxy After a Configure Later Installation**
 1. Change the command path to `<INSTALLDIR>\PortalServer\config`
 2. Run the `NLPConfig.bat` which will invoke Netlet Proxy configurator.
 3. Give the required information.
 4. To verify configuration, proceed to [“Starting and Stopping Portal Server” on page 169](#)

- ▶ **To Configure Rewriter Proxy After a Configure Later Installation**
 1. Change the command path to `<INSTALLDIR>\PortalServer\config`
 2. Run the `RWPConfig.bat` which will invoke Rewriter Proxy configurator.
 3. Give the required information.
 4. To verify configuration, proceed to [“Starting and Stopping Portal Server” on page 169](#)

Configuring Web Server After a Configure Later Installation

After a Configure Later installation, the components are installed and you are ready to configure Web Server. The installation directory for Web Server is `<INSTALLDIR>\WebServer`. The following files are used to configure Web Server:

```
config.jar  
WSConfigurator.exe  
WSprop.properties
```

- ▶ **To Configure Web Server After a Configure Later Installation**
 1. Manually populate the properties file of Web Server located at `WebServer\Setup\WSprop.properties`.
 2. Change the command path to `<INSTALLDIR>\WebServer\Setup`
 3. Run the `WSConfig.bat` to complete the configuration.
 4. To verify configuration, proceed to [“Starting and Stopping Web Server” on page 169](#).

NOTE Web Server cannot be installed and configured with folder names having space.

Next Steps

After you have completed the configuration tasks in this chapter, verify post installation configuration by following the component-specific procedures in [Chapter 9, “Starting and Stopping Components”](#) on page 153.

Installing the Software in Silent Mode

Silent installation is a non-interactive installation mode used for installing Sun Java™ Enterprise System on multiple hosts that share similar configurations. This chapter provides instructions for using the silent mode to install the Sun Java Enterprise System software.

An installation using Windows installation wizard receives the input for installation from the user in the form of responses to dialog boxes. However, a silent installation does not prompt the end user for input. Instead, a silent installation gets the inputs from the Install Shield Silent response file (.iss file). This file is called the Response file.

A Response file contains information that an user would enter as responses to dialog boxes when running a record installation with the Windows installation wizard. During a silent installation, the Setup.bat reads the necessary input from the response file at run time.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- [“Silent Installation Events” on page 146](#)
- [“Creating a Response File” on page 146](#)
- [“Running the Installer in Silent Mode” on page 149](#)
- [“Next Steps” on page 152](#)

Silent Installation Events

To run a silent installation, first run a record installation session to create a Response file that the silent installation process will use. During this interactive installation session, your responses to the installer are captured in the response file. In the response file, your responses are retained as a list of parameters, each representing a single prompt or field. Using the response file as input, you can then run the installer on many hosts. This process allows you to propagate one configuration across multiple hosts in your enterprise.

The following table lists the Sun Java Enterprise System silent installation events. The left column lists the high-level tasks and subtasks, and the right column lists the location of instructions for performing the tasks.

Table 8-1 Silent Installation Events

Task	Location of Information
1. Prepare for Silent Install	
Develop your installation plan.	Chapter 2, "Developing Your Installation Sequence"
Survey your system for incompatibilities.	"What Components Are Installed?" on page 27
2. Create a Response File	
Run the installer to generate a response file for you.	"To Generate a Response File Using the Installer" on page 147
Make a copy of the response file before editing.	
Edit the response file values for the target systems.	"Editing the Response File" on page 148
3. Perform the Installation	
Run the installer specifying the response file.	"To Run the Installer in Silent Mode" on page 149

Creating a Response File

To create a response file, first run the installer for a record installation. A response file generated by the installer takes advantage of the installer's real-time dependency checking and error reporting.

The format of response files resembles that of an `.ini` file, but response files have the `.iss` extension. A response file is a plain text file consisting of sections containing data entries. By default, the response file is called `Setup.iss` and is created in the Windows System directory.

CAUTION If you are an experienced installer, you might be accustomed to building response files manually. However, do not create an original response file manually. This method can cause problems at installation time, configuration time, or server start-up time.

To Generate a Response File Using the Installer

This procedure generates a response file by running the installer on Windows to perform silent installation.

1. Log in to command prompt and navigate to the directory where the installer is located:

```
cd <INSTALLDIR>
```

NOTE

Run `\setup.bat` and NOT `\products\setup.exe` to start installation.

2. Enter the command `Setup.bat /r` option to generate a response file inside the system's Windows folder.

Running installation with the command `Setup.bat /r` stores the data in a file called `Setup.iss`. Though by default the `.iss` file is created in the Windows System folder, you can specify an alternative response file name and location by use of the `/f1` option.

3. Enter `/f1` to specify where the response file is to be created and provide a name. Specify an absolute path for the file which takes `.iss` extension.

For example, `Setup.bat /r /f1"C:\Temp\Setup.iss"`.

An absolute path is required because using a relative path gives unpredictable results.

4. Proceed with installation as you would like the silent installer to do.

All the information about the data entered and options selected at run time (for a record setup for Sun Java Enterprise System Windows Installer) is recorded in the `<filename>.iss` or the default file name `Setup.iss`.

5. The response file is ready for use with the options selected during the record installation. The response file can be edited manually to modify the options recorded.

Editing the Response File

After you have generated a response file, you may edit it to modify local parameters. These parameters include Administrator User ID, Administrator Password and Retype Password.

When editing the response file, follow the guidelines below.

- Do not modify parameters, except to edit their values.
 - Do not remove a parameter, even if it does not have a value.
 - Do not add a parameter.
 - Do not change the order in which parameters appear.
- Notice original types and formats and maintain them as you enter new values.
- Replace any value that you delete. If the parameter is required, installation or configuration could fail if the parameter has been deleted.
- To add a component, change both the `SunJavaES-count= (total)` and `SunJavaES- (count number)=SunJavaES\...` For example,

Original:

```
SunJavaES-count=2
SunJavaES-0=SunJavaES\MessageQueue
SunJavaES-1=SunJavaES\DirectoryServer
```

Modified:

```
SunJavaES-count=3
SunJavaES-0=SunJavaES\MessageQueue
SunJavaES-1=SunJavaES\DirectoryServer
SunJavaES-2=SunJavaES\WebServer
```

- To add a subcomponent, change both total count and count number. The subcomponent is added after the main component. For example,


```
SunJavaES-3=SunJavaES\AccessManager\AMAdministrationConsole
```
- The response file contain sections corresponding to the SdWelcome dialog box. For example,

```
[{311E6252-893E-4445-B865-94DAFF5C500C}-SdWelcome-0]
```

```
Result=1
```

The section header `[{311E6252-893E-4445-B865-94DAFF5C500C}-SdWelcome-0]` indicates that the data pertains to the SdWelcome dialog box for a product with ProductCode (and PRODUCT_GUID) value `{311E6252-893E-4445-B865-94DAFF5C500C }`.

The `-0` at the end of the header indicates that this is the first call to SdWelcome. If the installation displayed a second SdWelcome dialog box, its header would end with `-1`.

The `Result=1` indicates the return value from the SdWelcome function. The return value `1` indicates that you clicked the Next button.

- In SdSetupType dialog, the `Quick Configure` specifies `Quick_Configure` and `Configure Later` specifies `Configure Later` for `CONFIG_TYPE` parameter.

Running the Installer in Silent Mode

Run the installer on a machine that has the same operating system as the machine on which you generated the response file.

To run an installation silently based on the contents of a response file, run the `Setup.bat` with the `/s` argument. By default, `Setup.bat` looks for a response file called `Setup.iss` in the same directory as `Setup.bat`. You can use `/f1` argument to specify an alternative name and location of the response file.

A silent installation program does not display a dialog if an error occurs. It records the status information in a file called `Setup.log`. By default it is created in the same directory from where the response file is being used. You can specify a different name and location for the log file using the `/f2` argument to `Setup.bat`.

► To Run the Installer in Silent Mode

1. Log in to command prompt and navigate to the directory where the installer is located:

```
cd <INSTALLDIR>
```

2. Enter the command `Setup.bat /s` option to initiate a silent mode installation process.

NOTE By default the `setup.iss` file is created in Windows System folder. You need to copy this file from the Windows System to the folder where the `setup.bat` exists before starting silent installation as `setup.bat /s`. Else it will return -3 error in setup.

When running installation in a silent mode, a log file is created by default in the same directory where the `setup.bat` is located, named `Setup.log`. If the `/f2` option was used, a log file of the same name as the response file is created with `.log` extension.

3. Enter `/f2` to specify an alternative log file location and file name. Specify an absolute path for the file.

For example, `Setup.bat /s /f2"C:\Setup.log"`.

Specify an absolute path. Using a relative path leads to unpredictable results.

Silent installation can be lengthy, depending on the number and type of components that you are installing. While the installer is running, you can monitor its progress by examining changes to the installation log.

Understanding the Setup.log File

`Setup.log` is the default name for the silent installation log file generated when the you run the `Setup.bat` with the `/s` argument. By default it is created in the directory containing the response file `Setup.iss`. You can specify a different name and location for `Setup.log` using the `/f2` option.

The `Setup.log` file contains three sections. The first section is called Install Shield Silent. It identifies itself as a log file and provides the version of Install Shield Silent used in the silent setup.

The second section is called Application. It identifies the name and version of the installed application, as well as, the company name.

The third section is called Response Result. It contains the result code indicating whether or not the silent setup succeeded. An integer value is assigned to the ResultCode key name in the Response Result section. Install Shield places one of the following return values in the ResultCode key:

Table 8-2 Log File Response ResultCode Key

ResultCode	ResultCode Description
0	Success
-1	General error
-2	Invalid mode
-3	Required data not found in the Setup.iss file
-4	Not enough memory available
-5	File does not exist
-6	Cannot write to the response file
-7	Unable to write to the log file
-8	Invalid path to the Install Shield Silent response (.iss) file
-9	Not a valid list type (string or number)
-10	Data type is invalid
-11	Unknown error during setup
-12	Dialog boxes are out of order
-51	Cannot create the specified folder
-52	Cannot access the specified file or folder
-53	Invalid option selected

The Setup.log file for a successful silent installation appears as follows:

```
[ResponseResult]
ResultCode=0
```

Next Steps

After having completed the silent installation, proceed to [“Post-installation Configuration for Configure Later Option” on page 129](#) for final instructions on configuring your components. Although you might have done extensive configuration during your installation, most components require some additional configuration.

NOTE Review the postinstallation configuration requirements carefully before proceeding to any other tasks.

Starting and Stopping Components

This chapter provides instructions for starting and stopping Sun Java™ Enterprise System (Java ES) components that have been installed and configured. You can use the procedures in this section to verify that the components are operational.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- [“Prerequisites” on page 154](#)
- [“Starting and Stopping Access Manager” on page 154](#)
- [“Starting and Stopping Administration Server” on page 154](#)
- [“Starting and Stopping Application Server” on page 156](#)
- [“Starting and Stopping Calendar Server” on page 158](#)
- [“Starting and Stopping Directory Server” on page 159](#)
- [“Starting and Stopping Directory Proxy Server” on page 163](#)
- [“Starting and Stopping HADB Management Agent” on page 165](#)
- [“Starting and Stopping Instant Messaging” on page 166](#)
- [“Starting and Stopping Message Queue” on page 167](#)
- [“Starting and Stopping Messaging Server” on page 168](#)
- [“Starting and Stopping Portal Server” on page 169](#)
- [“Starting and Stopping Web Server” on page 169](#)
- [“Next Steps” on page 175](#)

Prerequisites

Before using the procedures in this chapter, you should have completed all the post-installation configuration tasks specified in [Chapter 7, “Post-installation Configuration for Configure Later Option”](#) on page 129.

NOTE If you used the Quick Configuration option, see the `summary.txt` file in the installation root location for information regarding each product.

Startup Sequence for Java Enterprise System

Directory Server and your web container (Web Server or an application server) should be started first to start other services. Sun Java Enterprise System creates instances of these services during installation. Since Portal Server and Access Manager run inside the web container, they can be accessed only when you start the web container.

Starting and Stopping Access Manager

Access Manager depends on Directory Server and a web container to function as expected. Access Manager can be deployed into the following web containers:

- Web Server
- Application Server

By default, the web container is started when you complete your installation. Directory Server must also be running for Access Manager to function.

Access Manager does not have any start or stop entries in the Services Panel. Neither does it have any script, `.exe`, or `.bat` files.

Starting and Stopping Administration Server

Administration Server depends on Directory Server to function. By default, the Administration Server is started when you complete your installation.

You can also start and stop Administration Server by accessing the `.bat` file in the `bin` folder of the install directory. The other option is to start it from the Services.

► **To Start Administration Server From Start Menu**

1. Choose Start > Sun Microsystems > Administration Server > Start Server.

► **To Start Administration Server From Services**

1. Choose Start > Settings > Control Panel.
2. Select Administrative Tools.
3. Select Sun Java System Administration Server from the Services list and do any of the following:
 - Right-click and select Start.
 - Click the Start service icon.
 - Select Start from the Action Menu.

► **To Start Administration Server From `start-admin.bat`**

1. Go to `INSTALLDIR \Server-Root`.
2. Click `start-admin.bat` to start the Administration Server processes.

NOTE To restart Administration Server, click
`[INSTALLDIR] \Server-Root \restart-admin.bat`.

► **To Stop Administration Server From the Console**

1. From the System Server Console tree view pane on the left, click `DOMAINNAME > [HOSTNAME] > Server Groups` to expand each of the nodes.
2. Click Administration Server.
 The Administration Server Console appears on the left.
3. Click Open to view the task tab.
4. Click Stop Server from the task tab and the Administration Server is shut down.

► **To Stop Administration Server From Services**

1. Choose Start > Settings > Control Panel.
2. Select Administrative Tools.
3. Select Services

4. Select Sun Java System Administration Server from the Services list and do one of the following:
 - Right-click and select Stop.
 - Click the Stop service icon.
 - Select Stop from the Action Menu.
- **To Stop Administration Server From** `stop-admin.bat`
1. Go to `INSTALLDIR\Server-Root`.
 2. Click `stop-admin.bat` to stop the Administration Server processes.

Starting and Stopping Application Server

Application Server depends on Message Queue to function. By default, the Application Server is started when you complete your installation.

You can also start and stop the Application server by accessing the `.bat` file in the `bin` folder of the install directory. You cannot start or stop it from the Services list.

► **To Start Application Server Domain**

1. Go to `INSTALLDIR\ApplicationServer\bin`.
2. Execute the following command to start the Application Server Domain:

```
asadmin start-domain --user <AdminUserID> --password <AdminPassword> <domainName>
```

For example, execute the following command to start `domain1` with AdminUserID `admin` and AdminPassword `admin123`:

```
asadmin start-domain --user admin --password admin123 domain1
```

► **To Stop Application Server Domain**

1. Go to `INSTALLDIR\ApplicationServer\bin`.
2. Execute the following command to stop the Application Server Domain:

```
asadmin stop-domain <domainName>
```

For example, execute the following command to stop `domain1`:

```
asadmin stop-domain domain1
```

► To Start Application Server Instance

1. Go to `INSTALLDIR\ApplicationServer\bin`.
2. Execute the following command to start the Application Server Instance:

```
asadmin start-instance --port <AdminPort> --user <AdminUserID>
--password <AdminPassword> <instanceName>
```

For example, execute the following command to start `instance1` on `AdminPort` 4850 with `AdminUserID` `admin` with `AdminPassword` `admin123`:

```
asadmin start-instance --port 4850 --user admin --password admin123
instance1
```

► To Stop Application Server Instance

1. Go to `INSTALLDIR\ApplicationServer\bin`.
2. Execute the following command to start the Application Server Instance:

```
asadmin stop-instance --port <AdminPort> --user <AdminUserID>
--password <AdminPassword> <instanceName>
```

For example, execute the following command to stop `instance1` on `AdminPort` 4850 with `AdminUserID` `admin` with `AdminPassword` `admin123`:

```
asadmin stop-instance --port 4850 --user admin --password admin123
instance1
```

► To Start Application Server Agent

1. Go to `INSTALLDIR\ApplicationServer\bin`.
2. Execute the following command to start the Application Server Agent:

```
asadmin start-node-agent --port <AdminPort> --user <AdminUserID>
--password <AdminPassword> <nodeAgentName>
```

For example, execute the following command to start `[HOSTNAME]` on `AdminPort` 4850 with `AdminUserID` `admin` with `AdminPassword` `admin123`:

```
asadmin start-node-agent --port 4850 --user admin --password
admin123 [HOSTNAME]
```

► To Stop Application Server Agent

1. Go to `INSTALLDIR\ApplicationServer\bin`.

2. Execute the following command to start the Application Server Agent:

```
asadmin stop-node-agent <nodeAgentName>
```

For example, execute the following command to stop [HOSTNAME]:

```
asadmin stop-node-agent [HOSTNAME]
```

Starting and Stopping Calendar Server

Calendar Server depends on Directory Server to function. By default, the Calendar Server is started when you complete your installation.

Calendar Server has the following services. These can be started and stopped from control panel service entries.

- Sun Java™ System Calendar Server ENS Service 6.0
- Sun Java™ System Calendar Server Notification Service 6.0
- Sun Java™ System Calendar Server Admin Service 6.0
- Sun Java™ System Calendar Server HTTP Service 6.0
- Sun Java™ System Calendar Server DWP Service 6.0

► To Start Calendar Server From Start Menu

1. Choose Start > Sun Microsystems > Calendar Server > Start Server.

► To Start Calendar Server From Services

1. Choose Start > Settings > Control Panel.
2. Select Administrative Tools.
3. Select Services.
4. Select the Calendar Server Service you want to start from the Services list and do one of the following:
 - Right-click and select Start.
 - Click the Start service icon.
 - Select Start from the Action Menu.

► To Start Calendar Server From start-cal.bat

1. Go to INSTALLDIR\Calendar Server\bin.

2. Click `start-cal.bat` to start the Calendar Server processes.
- **To Stop Calendar Server From Services**
1. Choose Start > Settings > Control Panel.
 2. Select Administrative Tools.
 3. Select Services.
 4. Select the Calendar Server Service you want to stop from the Services list and do one of the following:
 - Right-click and select Stop.
 - Click the Stop service icon.
 - Select Stop from the Action Menu.

Starting and Stopping Directory Server

By default, the Directory Server is started when you complete your installation.

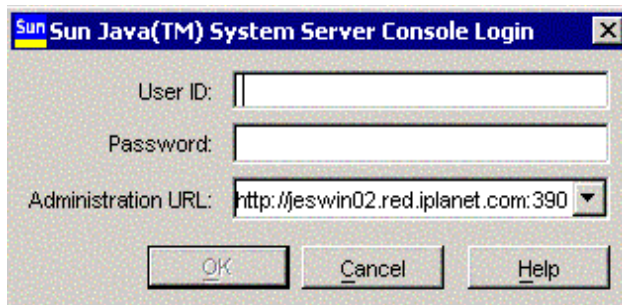
You can also start and stop the Directory Server by accessing the `.bat` file in the `bin` folder of the install directory. The other option is to start it from the Services list.

Starting Directory Server

- **To Start Directory Server From Start Menu**
1. Choose Start > Sun Microsystems > Administration Server > Start Server.
- **To Start Directory Server From Administration Server Console**
1. Choose Start > Sun Microsystems > Administration Server > Administration Server Console 5.2.

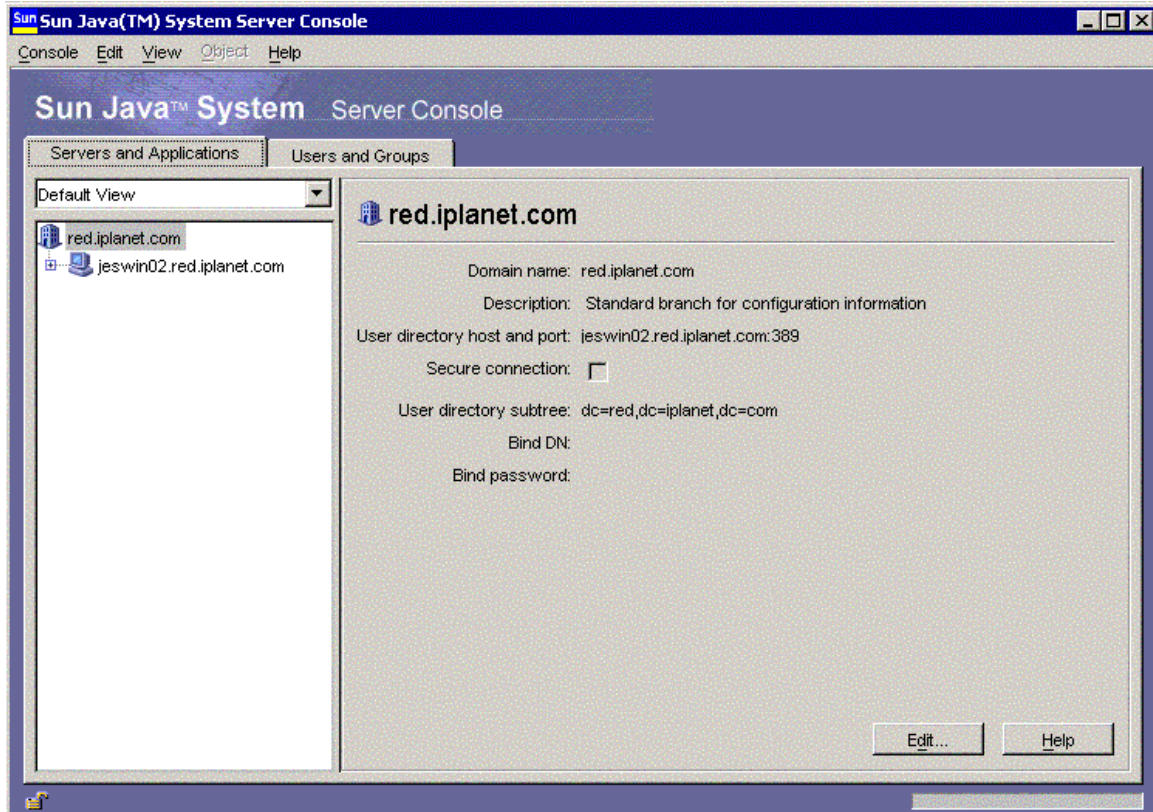
The System Server Login screen appears.

Figure 9-1 System Server Login Screen



2. Enter the User ID and Password. Select the Administrative URL, then click OK. The System Server Console appears.

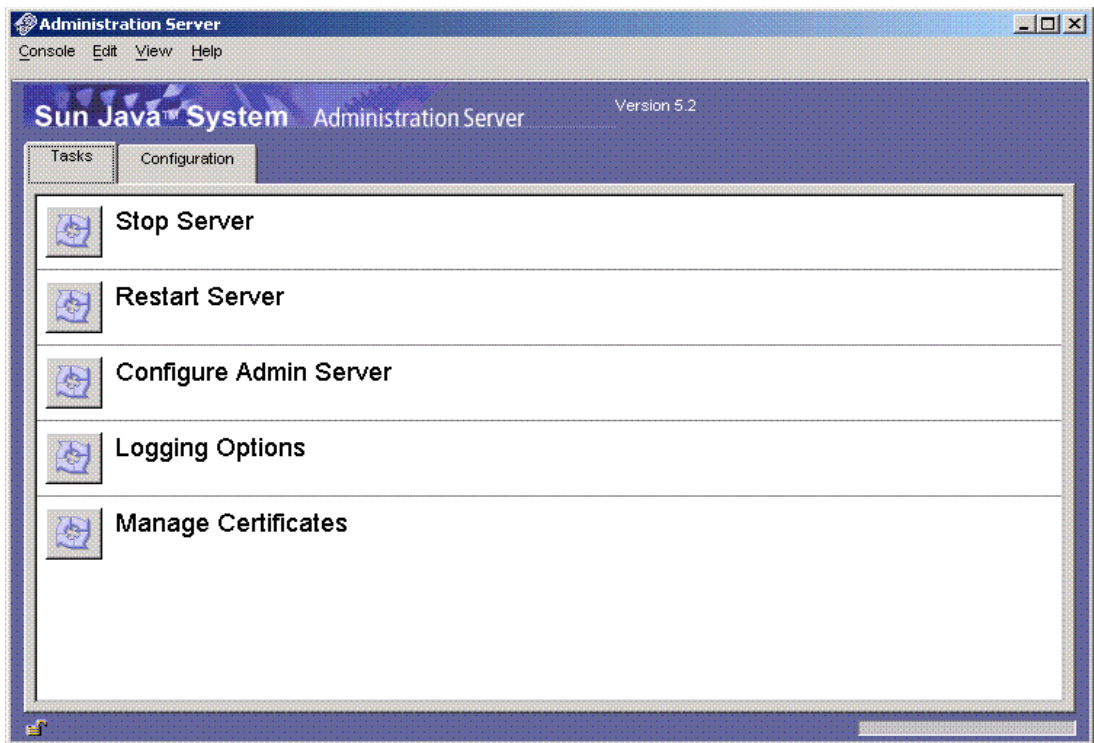
Figure 9-2 System Server Console Screen



3. From the System Server Console tree view pane on the left, click [DOMAINNAME] > [HOSTNAME] > Server Groups to expand each of the nodes.
4. Click the Directory Server.

The Directory Server Console appears on the left pane.

Figure 9-3 Administration Server Console Task Tab Screen



5. Click Open to view the task tab. The server should normally be running.
 6. In case the server was stopped, it can be started by clicking the Start Directory Server button. The Status log is displayed.
- **To Start Directory Server From Services**
1. Choose Start > Settings > Control Panel.
 2. Select Administrative Tools.

3. Select Services.
 4. Select Directory Server from the Services list and do one of the following:
 - o Right-click and select Start.
 - o Click the Start service icon.
 - o Select Start from the Action Menu.
- **To Start Directory Server From start-slapd.bat**
1. Go to `INSTALLDIR\Server-Root\<Instance Folder>`.
 2. Click `start-slapd.bat` to start the Directory Server processes.

NOTE To restart Directory Server click `[INSTALLDIR]\Server-Root\<Instance Folder>\restart-slapd.bat`.

Stopping Directory Server

- **To Stop Directory Server From Console**
1. From the System Server Console tree view pane on the left, click `[DOMAINNAME] > [HOSTNAME] > Server Groups` to expand each of the nodes.
 2. Click the Directory Server.
The Directory Server Console appears with the task tab visible.
 3. Click Open to view the task tab.
 4. Click the Stop Directory Server from the task tab and the server is shut down. The Status log is displayed.
- **To Stop Directory Server From Services**
1. Choose Start > Settings > Control Panel.
 2. Select Administrative Tools.
 3. Select Services.
 4. Select Directory Server from the Services list and do one of the following:
 - o Right-click and select Stop.

- Click the Stop service icon.
 - Select Stop from the Action Menu.
- **To Stop Directory Server From stop-slapd.bat**
1. Go to `INSTALLDIR\Server-Root\<Instance Folder>`.
 2. Click `stop-slapd.bat` to stop the Directory Server processes.

Starting and Stopping Directory Proxy Server

Directory Proxy Server depends on Administration Server to function. By default, the Directory Proxy Server is started when you complete your installation.

You can also start and stop the Directory Proxy Server through Administration Server Console. The other option is to start it from the Services list.

- **To Start Directory Proxy Server From Start Menu**
1. Choose Start > Sun Microsystems > Directory Proxy Server > Start Server.
- **To Start Directory Proxy Server From Admin Server**
1. Choose Start > Sun Microsystems > Administration Server > Administration Server Console 5.2.
The System Server Login screen appears.
 2. Enter the User ID and Password. Select the Administrative URL, and then click OK.
The System Server Console appears.
 3. From the System Server Console tree view pane on the left, click `[DOMAINNAME] > [HOSTNAME] > Server Groups` to expand each of the nodes.
 4. Click the Directory Proxy Server.
The Directory Proxy Server Console appears on the left pane.
 5. Click Open to view the task tab. The server should normally be running.
 6. In case the server was stopped, it can be started by clicking the Start Directory Server button.

► **To Start Directory Proxy Server From Services**

1. Choose Start > Settings > Control Panel.
2. Select Administrative Tools.
3. Select Services
4. Select Directory Proxy Server from the Services list and do one of the following:
 - Right-click and select Start.
 - Click the Start service icon.
 - Select Start from the Action Menu.

NOTE To check the Directory Proxy Server status click
[INSTALLDIR] \Server-Root\dps- [INSTANCE_NAME] \status-dps.exe.

► **To Start Directory Proxy Server Instance from start-dps.exe**

1. Go to [INSTALLDIR] \Server-Root\dps- [INSTANCE_NAME].
2. Click start-dps.exe to start the Directory Proxy Server processes.

NOTE To restart Directory Proxy Server click
[INSTALLDIR] \Server-Root\dps- [INSTANCE_NAME] \restart-dps.exe.

► **To Stop Directory Proxy Server From Console**

1. From the System Server Console tree view pane on the left, click [DOMAINNAME] > [HOSTNAME] > Server Groups to expand each of the nodes.

2. Select the Directory Proxy Server.

The Directory Proxy Server Console appears on the left pane.

3. Click Open to view the task tab.
4. Click the Stop Directory Proxy Server from the task tab and the server is shut down.

► **To Stop Directory Proxy Server From Services**

1. Choose Start > Settings > Control Panel.
2. Select Administrative Tools.

3. Select Services
 4. Select Directory Proxy Server from the Services list and do one of the following:
 - Right-click and select Stop.
 - Click the Stop service icon.
 - Select Stop from the Action Menu.
- **To Stop Directory Proxy Server Instance From `stop-dps.exe`**
1. Go to `INSTALLDIR\Server-Root\dps-[INSTANCE_NAME]`.
 2. Click `stop-dps.exe` to stop the Directory Proxy Server processes.

Starting and Stopping HADB Management Agent

The HADB is started by default when Sun Java Enterprise System is successfully configured and running.

The `HADBManagementAgent` service should be registered and running in the services panel on successful configuration of HADB. Follow the procedure below to stop the HADB.

- **To Stop HADB From Services**
1. Choose Start > Settings > Control Panel.
 2. Select Administrative Tools.
 3. Select Services.
 4. Select `HADBManagementAgent` service you want to stop from the Services list and do one of the following:
 - Right-click and select Stop.
 - Click the Stop service icon.
 - Select Stop from the Action Menu.

Starting and Stopping Instant Messaging

Instant Messaging depends on Directory Server and Web Server to function. By default, Instant Messaging starts when you complete your installation.

You can also start and stop the Instant Messaging by accessing the .bat file in the bin folder of the install directory. The other option is to start it from the Services list.

► To Start Instant Messaging From Start Menu

1. Choose Start > Sun Microsystems > Instant Messaging > Start Server.

► To Start Instant Messaging From Services

1. Choose Start > Settings > Control Panel.
2. Select Administrative Tools.
3. Select Services.
4. Select Instant Messaging from the Services list and do one of the following:
 - a. Right-click and select Start.
 - b. Click the Start service icon.
 - c. Select Start from the Action Menu.

► To Start Instant Messaging From `imadmin.bat`

1. Go to `INSTALLDIR\Instant Messaging\bin`.
2. Run `imadmin.bat start` to start the Instant Messaging server.

This batch file starts the Sun Java System Instant Messaging Instance.

► To Stop Instant Messaging

1. Choose Start > Settings > Control Panel.
2. Select Administrative Tools.
3. Select Services.
4. Select Instant Messaging from the Services list and do one of the following:
 - a. Right-click to and select Stop.
 - b. Click the Stop service icon.
 - c. Select Stop from the Action Menu.

► **To Stop Instant Messaging From imadmin.bat**

1. Go to `INSTALLDIR\Instant Messaging\bin`.
2. Run `imadmin.bat stop` to stop Instant Messaging server.

This batch file stops the Sun Java System Instant Messaging Instance.

Starting and Stopping Message Queue

Message Queue has no dependencies. By default, the Java Enterprise System installer installs Message Queue for automatic startup on Windows. At times, you may want to start or stop the Message Queue service on Windows.

► **To Start the Message Queue From the Windows Start Menu Console**

1. Choose Start > Sun Microsystems > Java ES > Message Queue > Message Broker.

► **To Start Message Queue Using Windows Services**

1. Choose Start > Settings > Control Panel.
2. Select Administrative Tools.
3. Select Services.
4. Select Message Queue Broker from the Services list, and do one of the following:
 - Right-click and select Start.
 - Click the Start Service icon.
 - Select Start from the Action Menu.

► **To Stop Message Queue Using Windows Services**

1. Choose Start > Settings > Control Panel.
2. Select Administrative Tools.
3. Select Services.
4. Select Message Queue Broker from the Services list, and do one of the following:
 - Right-click and select Stop.
 - Click the Stop Service icon.

- Select Message Queue from Services list.

Starting and Stopping Messaging Server

Messaging Server depends on Directory Server and Administration Server. By default all services of Messaging Server is started when you complete your installation in Quick Configure mode.

You can also start and stop all services or choose the ones you require by selecting the respective options form Messaging server by using the `start-msg.bat` or `stop-msg.bat` file in the `[INSTALLDIR] \ [Server-Root] \sbin` folder. If no options are selected all services are started by default. The other option is to start it from the Services.

► To Start Messaging Server From Services

1. Choose Start > Settings > Control Panel.
2. Select Administrative Tools.
3. Select Services
4. Select Messaging Server from Services list.
5. Select the properties of the service and change the logon to logged on user and do one of the following:
 - Right click and select Start.
 - Click the Start service icon.
 - Select Start from the Action Menu.

► To Start Messaging Server From `start-msg.bat`

1. Go to `INSTALLDIR] \ [server-root] \sbin`.
2. Click `start-msg.bat` to start the Messaging Server processes.

► To Stop Messaging Server

1. Choose Start > Settings > Control Panel.
2. Select Administrative Tools.
3. Select Services.
4. Select Messaging Server from Services list and do one of the following:

- Right-click and select Stop.
- Click the Stop service icon.
- Select Stop from the Action Menu.

► **To Stop Messaging Server From `stop-msg.bat`**

1. Go to `INSTALLDIR\[server-root]\sbin`.
2. Click `stop-msg.bat` to stop the Messaging Server processes.

Starting and Stopping Portal Server

The Portal Server startup and shutdown mechanisms are part of the startup and shutdown mechanisms for the web container (either Web Server or an application server). Portal Server depends on Directory Server, Access Manager or Access Manager SDK, and a web container.

By default the Portal Server is started when you complete your installation.

NOTE As a part of Portal Server, Mobile Access is not stopped and started on its own. When you start Portal Server or Access Manager, Mobile Access is automatically started.

Starting and Stopping Web Server

Web Server has no dependencies.

► **To Start the Web Server From Windows Start Menu Console**

1. Choose Start > Sun Microsystems > Web Server > Start Web Server Administrator Server.

The cmd screen comes up.

► **To Start and Stop the Web Server Using Web Server Administration Server**

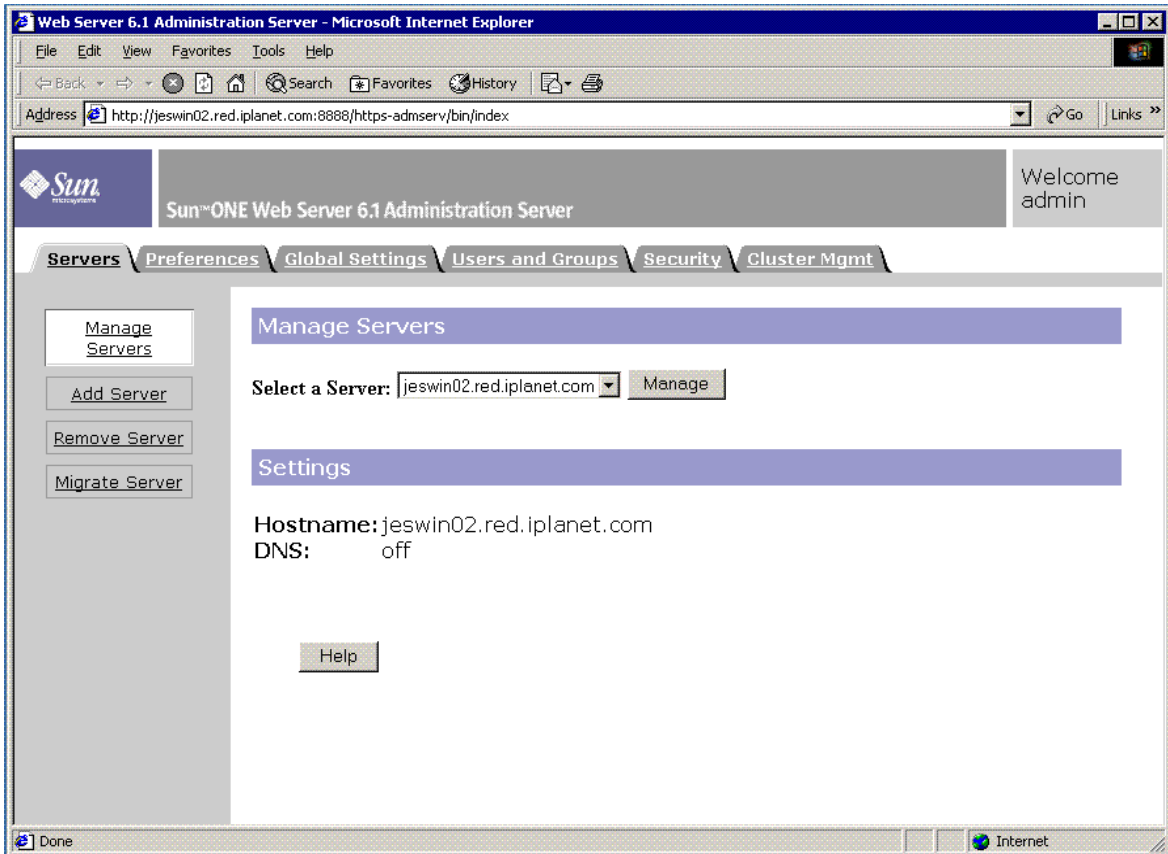
1. Choose Start > Sun Microsystems > Web Server > Administration Web Server.

The Web Server 6.1 Administration Server Login screen appears.

2. Enter the User Name and Password, then click OK.

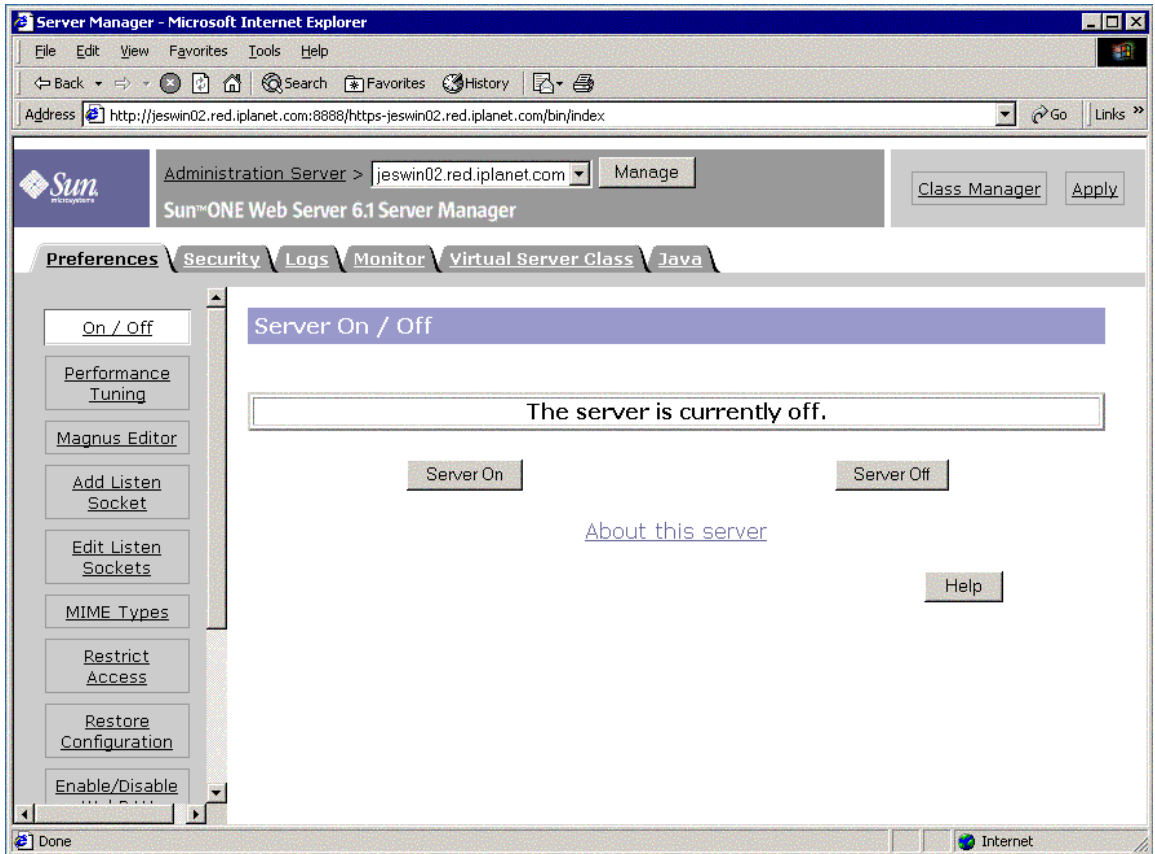
The Web Server 6.1 Administration Server screen appears.

Figure 9-4 Web Server 6.1 Administration Server Screen



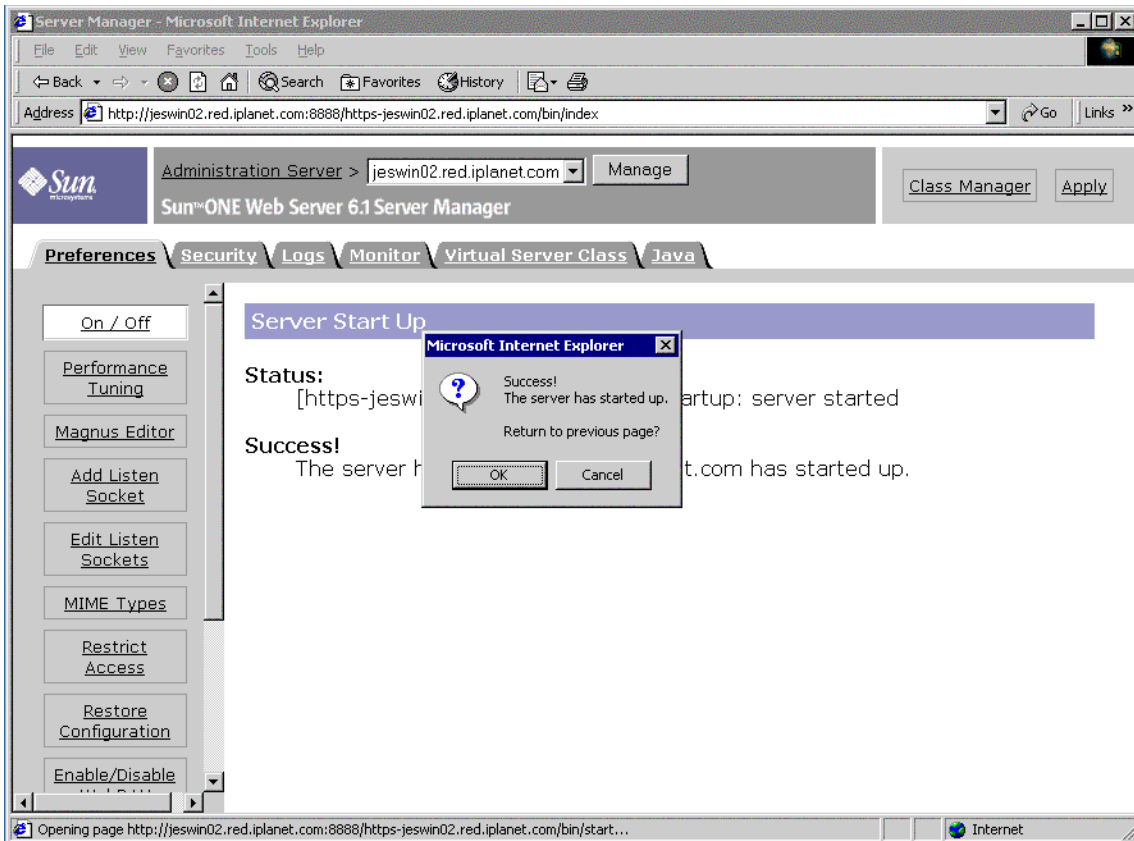
3. Select a Server from the drop down list, and Click Manage.
The Server Manager screen appears.

Figure 9-5 Web Server's Server Manager Screen



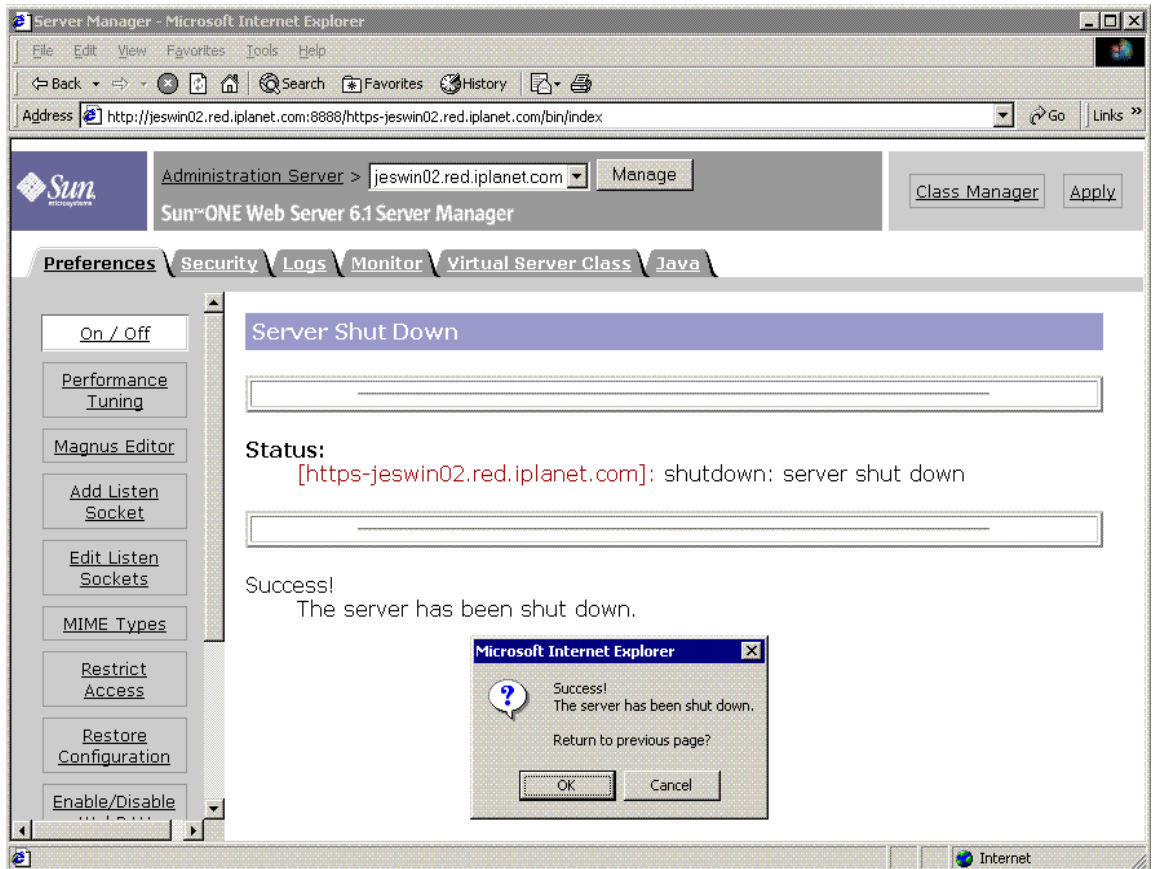
4. Click Server On.

The Web Server is started and a confirmation dialog box appears stating, Success! the server has started up.

Figure 9-6 Web Server's Server Manager Success Confirmation Dialog Box

5. To Stop the Web Server, click Server Off.

The Web Server stops and a confirmation dialog box appears stating, Success! the server has been shut down.

Figure 9-7 Stopping the Web Server Screen

► **To Start Web Server From Services**

1. Choose Start > Settings > Control Panel.
2. Select Administrative Tools.
3. Select Services
4. Select Web Server 6.1 from Services list and do one of the following:
 - Right-click and select Start.
 - Click the Start service icon.
 - Click Action Menu and click Start option

5. Select Sun Java System Web Server 6.1 Administration Server and repeat step 4, to start the Web Server.

► **To Start Web Server From** `startsvr.bat`

1. Go to `[INSTALLDIR]\WebServer\https-admserv.`
2. Click `startsvr.bat` to start the Web Server processes.

► **To Start Web Server Instance From** `startsvr.bat`

1. Go to `[INSTALLDIR]\WebServer\https- [INSTANCE_NAME].`
2. Click `startserv.bat` to start the Web Server processes.

► **To Stop Web Server**

1. Choose Start > Settings > Control Panel.
2. Select Administrative Tools.
3. Select Services.
4. Select Web Server 6.1 from Services list and do one of the following:
 - Right-click and select Stop.
 - Click the Stop service icon.
 - Select Stop from the Action Menu.
5. Select Sun Java System Web Server 6.1 Administration Server and repeat step 4, to stop the Web Server.

► **To Stop Web Server From** `stopsvr.bat`

1. Go to `[INSTALLDIR]\WebServer\https-admserv\stopsvr.bat.`
2. Click `stopsvr.bat` to stop the Web Server processes.

► **To Stop Web Server Instance From** `stopsvr.bat`

1. Go to `[INSTALLDIR]\WebServer\ https- [INSTANCE_NAME]\stopsvr.bat.`
2. Click `stopsvr.bat` to stop the Web Server processes.

Next Steps

If you have completed the tasks described in this chapter, you have verified that the Sun Java Enterprise System components that you installed and configured are functional.

You can now begin administering your components. The following documentation can help you get started:

- *Java Enterprise System Documentation Roadmap*
(<http://docs.sun.com/doc/817-5763>)
- Java ES component documentation:
<http://docs.sun.com/prod/entsys.05q1>

Next Steps

Uninstalling the Software

This chapter provides instructions for uninstalling the Sun Java™ Enterprise System (Java ES) components that have been installed using the Sun Java Enterprise System installer.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- [“Prerequisites” on page 177](#)
- [“Pre-uninstallation Tasks” on page 177](#)
- [“Running the Uninstall Program in Graphical Mode” on page 178](#)
- [“Running the Uninstall Program in Silent Mode” on page 182](#)

Prerequisites

Before performing the tasks in this chapter, you should familiarize yourself with the entire uninstallation process and know the issues specific to your particular uninstallation situation.

If you are planning a silent uninstallation, you should be familiar with the process of silent installation. Refer to [Chapter 8, “Installing the Software in Silent Mode” on page 145](#).

Pre-uninstallation Tasks

The following table lists the tasks that you should perform before you begin uninstallation. Some of the tasks might not apply to your particular uninstallation situation.

The left column lists the order in which you should perform the tasks, the middle column describes the action to be taken, and the right column contains other useful information and the location of instructions.

Table 10-1 Pre-uninstallation Checklist

Order	Task	Instructions and Helpful Information
1	Review the needs and behaviors of each component you are going to uninstall.	
2	Review the software that has been installed on each host system by the Sun Java Enterprise System installer.	“Running the Uninstall Program in Graphical Mode” on page 178
3	Back up or archive configuration or user data for components you are uninstalling if you plan to reuse this data in subsequent installations.	
4	Ensure that the Directory Server instance that hosts the configuration directory is running.	This Directory Server instance must be running so the uninstall program can unconfigure the components you are uninstalling.
5	If needed, gather administrator access information for Administration Server, Directory Server, and Access Manager.	“Administrator Access for the Uninstall Program” on page 6.
6	Identify component dependencies that result from configuration and take appropriate measures, such as backing up data, unconfiguring the dependent component from the supporting component, or uninstalling the components in the proper order.	“Component Dependencies Resulting From Configuration” on page 48
7	Before uninstalling a Messaging Server that has been installed on its own system, unconfigure Administration Server.	

Running the Uninstall Program in Graphical Mode

After you have completed the relevant tasks in the [“Pre-uninstallation Tasks” on page 177](#), you are ready to run the uninstall program.

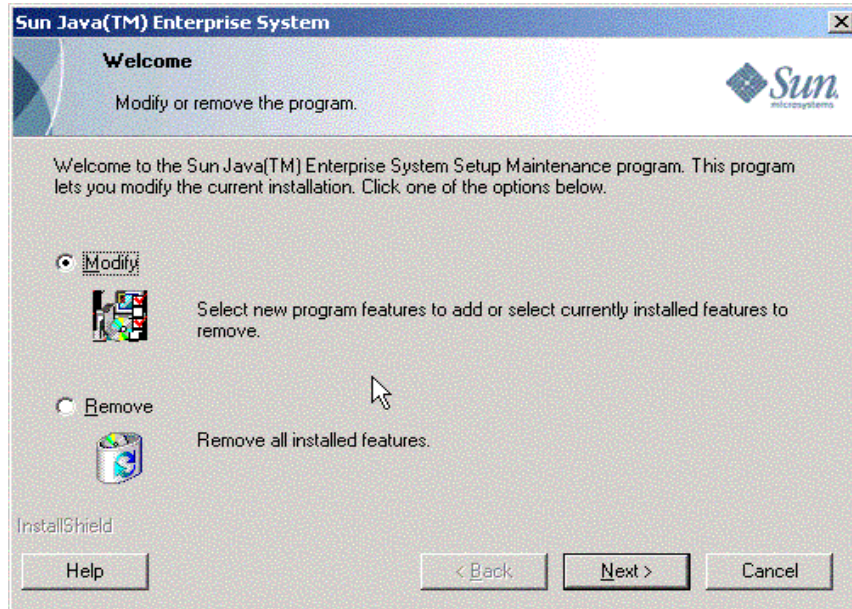
► To Start the Windows Wizard/Graphical Uninstall Program

1. Choose Start > Settings > Control Panel.
2. Double-click Add or Remove Programs.
3. Select Sun Java Enterprise Systems.

4. Click Change/Remove.

The Welcome screen to modify or remove program appears.

Figure 10-1 Welcome Screen to Modify the Installed Components



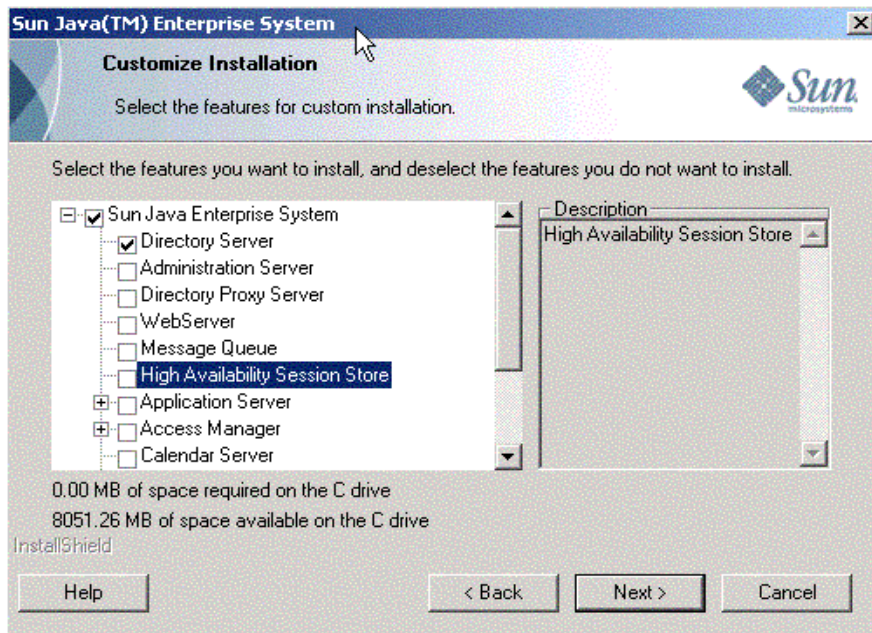
► **To Modify the Current Installation**

1. Select Modify from the Install shield wizard to add new program features or to remove the currently installed features.

2. Click Next

Component selection panel appears.

Figure 10-2 Component Selection for Uninstallation



3. Examine the components.

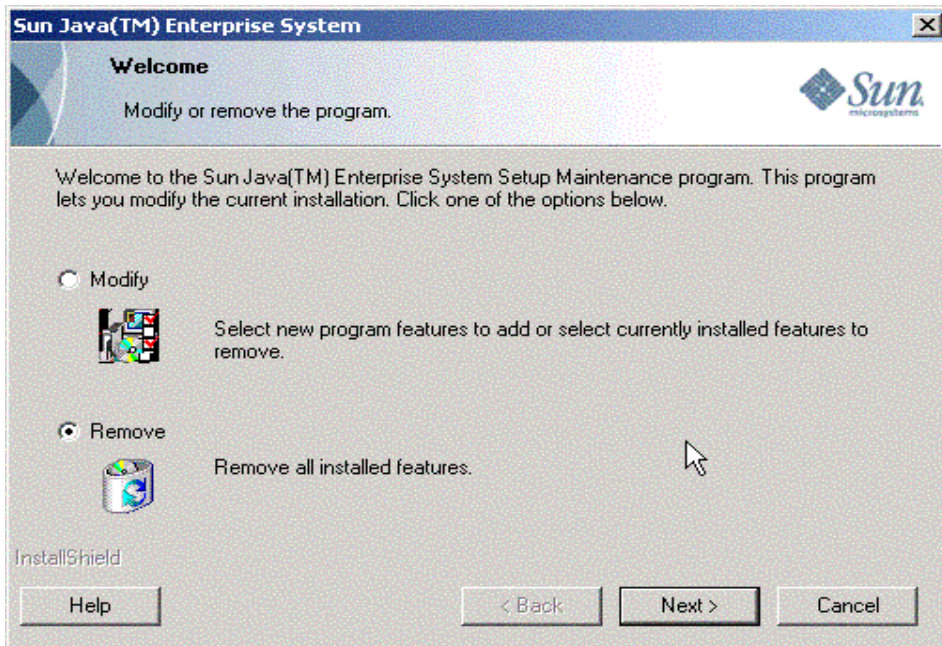
- Components that are installed on your system are enabled and can be selected. Components that are not installed on your system are disabled and cannot be selected.
- Some components contain subcomponents. Expand the components to view the subcomponents.
- If you deselect a component that contains subcomponents, expand the component to verify the subcomponent list.

4. Select the components you want to install and deselect the components that you want to uninstall. Click Next

The uninstall program modifies the software.

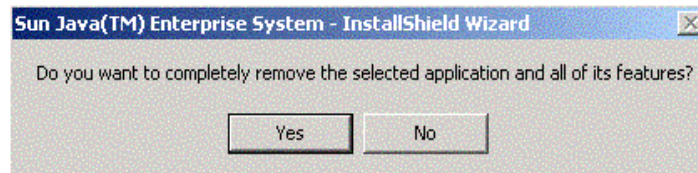
➤ **To Remove All the Installed Components**

1. Select Remove from the Install shield wizard.

Figure 10-3 Welcome Screen to Remove the Installed Components

2. Click Next.

The confirmatory dialog box for Remove, appears.

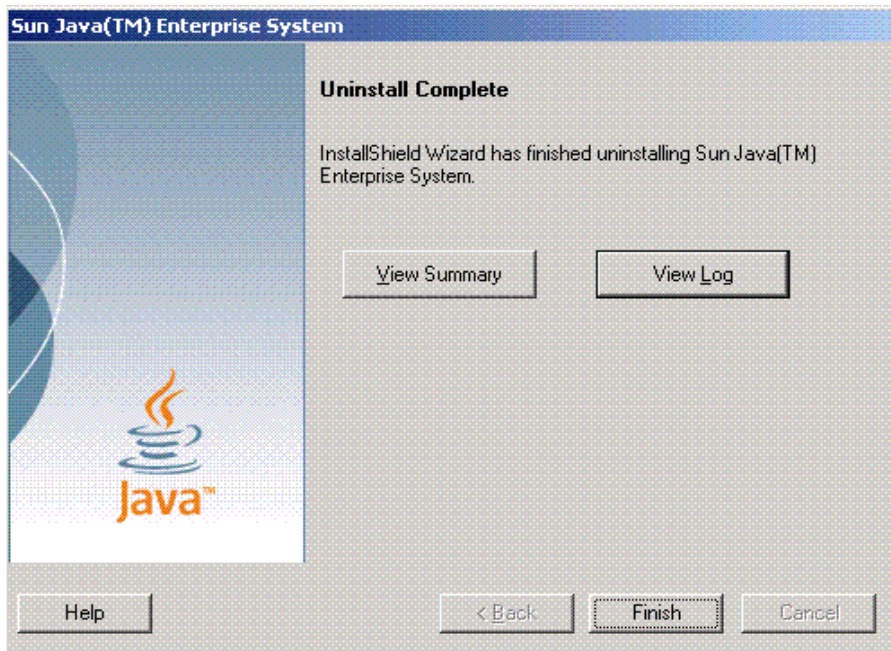
Figure 10-4 Confirmatory Dialog Box to Remove the Installed Components

3. Click Yes to confirm Remove

The Setup status screen appears followed by the Unconfigure dialog box. The products are unconfigured and the servers are stopped and removed.

4. The Finish screen of the wizard appears. You can view the summary of installation or uninstallation details by clicking on View Summary button. Click Finish to exit setup for uninstallation.

Figure 10-5 Finish Screen During Uninstallation



Running the Uninstall Program in Silent Mode

Silent uninstallation is useful for uninstalling Sun Java Enterprise System components on multiple hosts that share similar configurations. The procedure for uninstalling in silent mode is similar to the procedure for installing in silent mode as described in [Chapter 8, “Installing the Software in Silent Mode”](#) on page 145.

► To Generate a Response File

To create a response file for the silent uninstallation, you must generate the file by first running a record uninstallation in graphical mode. Refer to [“Creating a Response File”](#) on page 146 for details.

1. Log in to the command prompt and go to the directory where the installer is located:

```
cd <INSTALLDIR>
```


2. Enter the command `Setup.bat /r` option to generate a response file inside the system's Windows folder.

Running uninstallation with the command `Setup.bat /r` stores the data in a file called `Setup.iss`. By default, the `.iss` file is created in the Windows System Directory folder. You can specify an alternative response file name and location using the `/f1` option.

3. Enter `/f1` to specify where the response file is to be created and to provide a name. Specify an absolute path for the file which takes the `.iss` extension.

For example, `Setup.bat /r /f1"C:\Temp\Setup.iss"`.

NOTE An absolute path is required because using a relative path gives unpredictable results.

All the information about the data entered and options selected by you at run time (for a record uninstall setup for Sun Java Enterprise System Windows installer) is recorded in the `<filename>.iss` or the default file name `Setup.iss`.

4. The response file is ready for use with the options selected during the record uninstallation. The response file can be edited manually to modify the options recorded.

You can now use the response file to start silent uninstallation.

5. Log in to the command prompt and go to the directory where the installer is located:

```
cd <INSTALLDIR>
```

6. Enter the command `Setup.bat /s` option to initiate a silent mode uninstallation process.

NOTE By default, the `setup.iss` file is created in Windows System Directory folder. You need to copy this file from the Windows System Directory folder to the folder where the `setup.bat` exists before starting silent uninstallation as `setup.bat /s`. Otherwise, it will return `-3` error during the setup.

When running uninstallation in silent mode, a log file named `Setup.log` is created by default in the same directory where the `setup.bat` is located. If the `/f1` option is used, a log file of the same name as the response file is created with `.log` extension.

7. Enter /f2 to specify an alternative log file location and file name. Specify an absolute path for the file.

For example, `Setup.bat /s /f2"C:\Setup.log"`.

NOTE Specify an absolute path. Using a relative path gives unpredictable results.

While the installer is running, you can monitor its progress by examining changes to the installation log.

Chapter 11

Troubleshooting

This chapter provides suggestions on how to resolve Sun Java™ Enterprise System (Java ES) installation and uninstallation problems.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- [“General Troubleshooting Methods” on page 185](#)
- [“Installation Problems” on page 189](#)
- [“Uninstallation Problems” on page 192](#)
- [“Component Troubleshooting Information” on page 192](#)
- [“Additional Troubleshooting Information” on page 200](#)

General Troubleshooting Methods

This section provides general guidelines for tracking down the source of a problem. The following topics are addressed:

- [“Examine Installation Log Files” on page 186](#)
- [“Examine Component Log Files” on page 187](#)
- [“Verify Product Dependencies” on page 187](#)
- [“Check Resources and Settings” on page 187](#)
- [“Check Postinstallation Configuration” on page 188](#)
- [“Check the Distribution Media” on page 188](#)

- “Check Directory Server Connectivity” on page 188
- “Remove Web Server Files and Directory” on page 188
- “Verify Passwords” on page 189

Examine Installation Log Files

If a problem occurs during installation or uninstallation, check the appropriate log file in the logs directory:

```
%TEMP%/SunJavaES.log
```

where %TEMP% is user defined TEMP folder on that system.

Examining the uninstall and installer log files (along with the Java ES configuration log) can help locate the source of problems.

To use the log files for troubleshooting, attempt to isolate the first problem that occurred. Often, the first problem leads to successive problems. Use the following sequence:

1. Review the installation summary file, which provides a high-level description of what was installed and configured. This file is located at `<InstallDir>\Summary.txt`. If a problem occurred, see what component caused the problem. If multiple problems occurred, isolate the first one.
2. Review the detailed log files.
 - a. Look for the first error or warning that occurred and attempt to resolve it. Sometimes resolving one error resolves a number of seemingly unrelated errors that follow.
 - b. Find the name of the component that caused the problem.
 - c. Review the configuration logs. The configuration logs are in product `<installdir>s` and the exact locations are in `Summary.txt`.
 - d. Go through the installer log file for install/uninstall issues and refer configurator logs for configuration-related issues.

Examine Component Log Files

If a problem occurs when starting a component, examine its log files. Many component log files are listed under [“Component Troubleshooting Information” on page 309](#).

Verify Product Dependencies

A number of components have installation-time interdependencies. Problems that affect one component can affect other components. To check for interdependencies not met, familiarize yourself with the information in [“How Do Component Interdependencies Affect My Installation?” on page 33](#). Then, do the following:

- Review the summary file and log files to see whether related components have failed. These might provide a clue as to what to fix first.
- Check that you have specified correct connection information. For example:
 - Does the information that you provided when configuring Directory Server match the directory information you provided for components that use Directory Server?
 - Does the Access Manager information that you provided for Portal Server or Portal Server SRA match the information you provided for Access Manager?

Check Resources and Settings

The following host-level issues can cause installation problems:

- **Updates.** Have you installed the recommended service packs?
- **Disk space.** How is the disk partitioned, and to what partitions do installation directories point?

Refer to [“Are Your Systems Ready?” on page 27](#) to check if all the requirements have been met before proceeding to installation.

- **Network ports.** During configuration, you supply port numbers for Sun Java Enterprise System components. Do the following:
 - Examine the standard port numbers in the file.

- Look at the summary log file to compare your settings with the standards. Did you mistype a port number or set one server to the port that is typically used for another?
- Use the command `netstat -a` to view current port use on the system. Did you assign a port number that was already in use?

Check whether you entered the correct Host name and the Domain name during configuration.

Check Postinstallation Configuration

If you are having problems starting components, verify that the procedures outlined in [Chapter 7, “Post-installation Configuration for Configure Later Option,”](#) were done correctly.

Check the Distribution Media

If you are installing from a DVD or CD, examine the media for dirt or damage. Dirty discs can result in installation problems.

Check Directory Server Connectivity

If you are installing a component that relies on Directory Server, problems can be caused by one of these problems:

- You specified an incorrect user ID and password for Directory Server.
- You specified an incorrect LDAP port.
- Directory Server is unreachable.

In Configure Later mode, you need to ensure that the Directory Server is running before configuring the products which depend on Directory Server.

Remove Web Server Files and Directory

To prevent the overwriting of customized files, such as edited configuration files, Web Server cannot be installed into a directory that contains files.

If you are reinstalling Web Server, check the installation directories to ensure that they are empty. If they are not empty, archive the files elsewhere and retry the installation.

Verify Passwords

The installer requires that you enter a number of passwords for components. If you are installing different components on different hosts, it is important to ensure that you supply matching passwords on each host.

To resolve password problems, you might need to uninstall and then reinstall. If the uninstall fails, refer to [“Installation Fails Due to Leftover Files During Uninstallation”](#) on page 299.

Installation Problems

This section addresses the following problems you might encounter during installation:

- [“Installation Fails Due to Leftover Files During Uninstallation”](#) on page 189
- [“Installation Failure”](#) on page 190
- [“Unexpected External Errors”](#) on page 191
- [“Silent Installation Fails: “Response File Is Incompatible or Corrupted””](#) on page 191
- [“Silent Installation Fails”](#) on page 191

Installation Fails Due to Leftover Files During Uninstallation

If uninstallation fails, it can leave behind components. In such a case, you must manually remove the components before you reinstall Java ES.

► To Cleanup the Files

The following cleanup steps are required before installing the Sun Java Enterprise System, if you had a failed installation or a failed unconfiguration before.

1. Ensure that all the Sun Java Enterprise System services are stopped and removed from the Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services.
2. Delete any previously installed Sun folders.
3. Check for any left-over service entry. If any service entry is left out in services, you need to clean up the registry. Refer to [Table 11-1](#) for a list of service entries.
4. Registry clean up:
 - a. Delete HKLM\Software\Sun Microsystems\Entsys\Installer
 - b. Delete all the Sun Java ES service entries under
HLKM\System\CurrentControlSet\Services
5. If you execute any of the above steps, restart the system before you start the installation

Table 11-1 Service Entries for Components to Be Deleted Before Reinstallation

Product Name	Service Entry
Directory Server	slapd-<Host Name>
Administration server	admin52-serv
Calendar Server	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • JavaESCalendarAdminService6 • JavaESCalendarDWPSERVICE6 • JavaESCalendarHTTPService6 • JavaESENSService6 • JavaESNotificationService6
HADB	HADBMgmtAgent
WebAdminServer	https-admserv61
Web Server	https-<hostname>.red.ipplanet.com
Instant Messaging	iim calagent
Message Queue	MQ_Broker
Directory Proxy Server	SunONEDPS
Messaging Server	Messaging Bootstrap

Installation Failure

Installation can fail due to Windows Installer error.

- Error 1603 - Fatal error during installation: This can happen due to any of the causes mentioned at the Microsoft website <http://support.microsoft.com/default.aspx?scid=kb;en-us;834484#kb5>
- Error 1628 - Failed to complete script based install: This error is only encountered at run time. This error normally occurs during uninstallation, repair, or when applying a patch.

Refer to <http://support.installshield.com/kb/view.asp?articleid=Q107319> to troubleshoot these errors.

Unexpected External Errors

A power failure or system failure might have occurred, or you might have entered CTRL/C or killed the installer from the task manager to stop the installer process.

Suggestion. If the failure occurred during the installation or configuration process, you are probably left with a partial installation. Run the uninstall program. If the uninstall program fails, follow the instructions under “[Installation Fails Due to Leftover Files During Uninstallation](#)” on page 189

Silent Installation Fails: “Response File Is Incompatible or Corrupted”

If you are using a response file that was created on the same platform on which you are using it, the problem might be due to an unknown file corruption error.

Suggestion. Generate a new response file and reinstall.

For instructions on how to do this, refer to “[Creating a Response File](#)” on page 146.

Silent Installation Fails

If you edited the response file, you might have introduced errors. For example, check the following:

- Are all local host parameters set and are they set to consistent values?
- Are parameter values in the correct case?
- Did you delete a required parameter without entering a replacement?

- Are all port numbers valid and unassigned?

Suggestion. Resolve the problem and regenerate the response file as described in [“Creating a Response File” on page 146](#).

Uninstallation Problems

This section addresses the following problem you might encounter during uninstallation.

- [“Uninstallation Fails, Leaving Behind Files” on page 192](#)

Uninstallation Fails, Leaving Behind Files

If manual cleanup is necessary because the uninstallation fails leaving behind files or service entries, refer to [“To Cleanup the Files” on page 189](#).

Component Troubleshooting Information

This section provides various quick tips on components, with references to useful documentation.

This section contains the following sub sections:

- [“Access Manager Troubleshooting Tools” on page 193](#)
- [“Administration Server Troubleshooting Tools” on page 193](#)
- [“Application Server Troubleshooting Tools” on page 194](#)
- [“Calendar Server Troubleshooting Tools” on page 194](#)
- [“Communications Express Troubleshooting Tools” on page 195](#)
- [“Directory Proxy Server Troubleshooting Tools” on page 195](#)
- [“Directory Server Troubleshooting Tools” on page 196](#)
- [“Instant Messaging Troubleshooting Tools” on page 196](#)
- [“Message Queue Troubleshooting Tools” on page 197](#)
- [“Messaging Server Troubleshooting Tools” on page 197](#)

- “Portal Server Troubleshooting Tools” on page 198
- “Portal Server Secure Remote Access Troubleshooting Tools” on page 198
- “Web Server Troubleshooting Tools” on page 199
- “Delegated Administrator Troubleshooting Tools” on page 200
- “High Availability Session Store Troubleshooting Tools” on page 200

Access Manager Troubleshooting Tools

Table 11-2 Access Manager Troubleshooting Tools

Topic	Details
Configuration File	AMConfig.properties <INSTALL-DIR>/AccessManager/Config
Log and Debug Files	Log file directory: <INSTALL-DIR>/AccessManager/Logs Debug file directory: <INSTALL-DIR>/AccessManager/Debug
Debug Mode	Refer to the <i>Sun Java System Access Manager Developer’s Guide</i> (http://docs.sun.com/doc/817-7649).

Administration Server Troubleshooting Tools

Table 11-3 Administration Server Troubleshooting Tools

Topic	Details
Log Files	Installation log directory: <INSTALL-DIR>/Server-root/admin-serv/logs/ Configuration log files: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Administration_Server_install.Atimestamp Administration_Server_install.Btimestamp For more information on logging options, refer to the <i>Sun Java System Administration Server Administration Guide</i> (http://docs.sun.com/doc/817-7612).
Troubleshooting	Refer to the <i>Sun Java System Administration Server Administration Guide</i> (http://docs.sun.com/doc/817-7612).

Application Server Troubleshooting Tools

Table 11-4 Application Server Troubleshooting Tools

Topic	Details
Log Files	<p>Log file directory:</p> <p><INSTALL-DIR>/ApplicationServer/Setup/</p> <p>Application Server instance log directory (default location for the initially created instance):</p> <p><INSTALL-DIR>/ApplicationServer/</p> <p>Message log file name:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> server.log, for each server instance
Configuration Files	<p>Configuration file directory:</p> <p><INSTALL-DIR>/ApplicationServer/Config</p>
Troubleshooting	<p>Refer to the <i>Sun Java System Application Server Enterprise Edition Troubleshooting Guide</i> (http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0086).</p>

Calendar Server Troubleshooting Tools

Table 11-5 Calendar Server Troubleshooting Tools

Topic	Details
Log Files	<p>Administration Service (csadmin): admin.log</p> <p>Distributed Database Service (csdwpd): dwp.log</p> <p>HTTP Service (cshttpd): http.log</p> <p>Notification Service (csnotifyd): notify.log</p> <p>Default log directory: <INSTALL_DIR>/CalendarServer/logs</p> <p>For more information, refer to <i>Sun Java System Calendar Server Administration Guide</i> (http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0024).</p>
Configuration File	<p><INSTALL- DIR>/CalendarServer/bin/config/ics.conf</p>
Debug Mode	<p>To use debug mode, a Calendar Server administrator sets the logfile.loglevel configuration parameter in the ics.conf file. For example:</p> <pre>logfile.loglevel = "debug"</pre> <p>For more information, refer to <i>Sun Java System Calendar Server Administration Guide</i> (http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0024).</p>

Table 11-5 Calendar Server Troubleshooting Tools (*Continued*)

Topic	Details
Troubleshooting	Refer to <i>Sun Java System Calendar Server Administration Guide</i> (http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0024).

Communications Express Troubleshooting Tools

Table 11-6 Administration Server Troubleshooting Tools

Topic	Details
Log Files	Installation log directory: uwc-installed-path/install/uwc.log It depends on the value given in the uwc logging.properties
Troubleshooting	Refer to the "Troubleshooting" chapter in the Sun Java System Communications Express Administration Guide, http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0115 .

Directory Proxy Server Troubleshooting Tools

Table 11-7 Directory Proxy Server Troubleshooting Tools

Topic	Details
Log Files	Default log file: <INSTALL DIR>/Server-Root/dps- hostname/logs/fwd.log For more information, refer to the <i>Sun Java System Directory Proxy Server Administration Guide</i> (http://docs.sun.com/doc/817-7615).
Troubleshooting	Refer to the <i>Sun Java System Directory Proxy Server Administration Guide</i> (http://docs.sun.com/doc/817-7615).

Directory Server Troubleshooting Tools

Table 11-8 Directory Server Troubleshooting Tools

Topic	Details
Log Files	<p>Installation log file can be found in tmp folder.</p> <p>Configuration log files:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Directory_Server_install.Atimestamp Directory_Server_install.Btimestamp <p>For information on managing log files, refer to the <i>Sun Java System Directory Server Administration Guide</i> (http://docs.sun.com/doc/817-7613).</p>
Troubleshooting	<p>Refer to the <i>Sun Java System Directory Server Administration Guide</i> (http://docs.sun.com/doc/817-7613).</p>

Instant Messaging Troubleshooting Tools

Table 11-9 Instant Messaging Troubleshooting Tools

Topic	Details
Log Files	<p>Server log: xmppd.log</p> <p>Agent calendar log: agent-calendar.log</p> <p>Default log directory: <INSTALL_DIR>/Instant Messaging/log</p> <p>For more information, refer to <i>Sun Java System Instant messaging Server Administration Guide</i> (http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0430).</p>
Configuration File	<p><INSTALL_DIR>/Instant Messaging/config/iim.conf</p>
Debug Mode	<p>To use debug mode, a Instant Messaging Server administrator sets the <code>iim.log.iim_server.severity</code> configuration parameter in the <code>iim.conf</code> file. For example:</p> <p>! Log severity for the server component. <code>iim.log.iim_server.severity = "DEBUG"</code></p> <p>! Log severity for the multiplexor component. <code>iim.log.iim_mux.severity = "DEBUG"</code></p> <p>For more information, refer to <i>Sun Java System Instant Messaging Server Administration Guide</i> (http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0024).</p>
Troubleshooting	<p>Refer to <i>Sun Java System Instant Messaging Server Administration Guide</i> http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0024</p>

Message Queue Troubleshooting Tools

Table 11-10 Message Queue Troubleshooting Tools

Topic	Details
Log Files	<p>Installation Log file:</p> <p><INSTALL_DIR>/MessageQueue/var/instances/<instance name>/log</p> <p>Refer to the <i>Sun Java System Message Queue Administration Guide</i> (http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0066).</p>
Troubleshooting	<p>For performance problems, refer to Analyzing and Tuning a Message Service chapter in the <i>Sun Java System Message Queue Administration Guide</i> (http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0066).</p> <p>Message Queue troubleshooting is discussed in the Troubleshooting Problems chapter of the <i>Sun Java System Message Queue Administration Guide</i> and the MQ Forum, at: http://swforum.sun.com/jive/forum.jspa?forumID=24.</p> <p>Additional articles are available in Knowledge Base, at http://developers.sun.com/prodtech/msgqueue/reference/techart/index.html</p>

Messaging Server Troubleshooting Tools

Table 11-11 Messaging Server Troubleshooting Tools

Topic	Details
Executable Location	<INSTALL-DIR>/Sun/Server-root/sbin
Log Files	<INSTALL-DIR>/Sun/Server-root/data/log
Troubleshooting	<p>Refer to the <i>Sun Java System Messaging Server Administration Guide</i> (http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0105).</p>

Portal Server Troubleshooting Tools

Table 11-12 Portal Server Troubleshooting Tools

Topic	Details
Log Files and Debug Files	<p>Portal Server uses the same log files and debug files as Access Manager. Their directories are as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Log file: <INSTALL-DIR>/AccessManager/Logs • Debug file: <INSTALL-DIR>/AccessManager/debug <p>For information on managing Portal Server log files and debug files, refer to the <i>Sun Java System Portal Server Administration Guide</i>, (http://docs.sun.com/doc/817-5324).</p> <p>For Portal Server Desktop, the debug files are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "desktop.debug • "desktop.dpadmin.debug <p>For information on managing these files, refer to the <i>Sun Java System Portal Server Administration Guide</i>, (http://docs.sun.com/doc/817-5324).</p> <p>The <code>dpadmin</code>, <code>par</code>, <code>rdmgr</code>, and <code>sendrdm</code> Portal Server command line utilities have options to generate debugging messages. Options are described in the <i>Portal Server Administrator's Guide</i>.</p>

Portal Server Secure Remote Access Troubleshooting Tools

Table 11-13 Portal Server Secure Remote Access Troubleshooting Tools

Topic	Details
Debug Logs	<p>Portal gateway debug logs are located in this directory:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <INSTALL-DIR>/PortalServer/debug <p>NOTE: Logs for Portal Server services (such as NetFile) are in <INSTALL_DIR>/AccessManager/debug when logging is turned on from Access Manager Administration Console.</p>

Web Server Troubleshooting Tools

Table 11-14 Web Server Troubleshooting Tools

Topic	Details
Log Files	<p>There are two types of Web Server log files: the <code>errors</code> log file and the <code>access</code> log file, both located in the directory <code><INSTALL-DIR>/Web Server/<https-instance-name>/logs</code>.</p> <p>The <code>errors</code> log file lists all the errors the server has encountered. The <code>access</code> log records information about requests to the server and the responses from the server. For more information, refer to the <i>Sun One Web Server 6.1 Administrator's Guide</i> (http://docs.sun.com/doc/817-6247-10).</p>
Troubleshooting	<p>Refer to the Sun One Web Server 6.1 Installation and Migration Guide (http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0131).</p>
Configuration File Directory	<p><code><INSTALL_DIR>/Web Server/<https-instance-name>/config</code></p>
Debug Mode	<p>The following options are available:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Log output might be used for diagnostics and debugging. You can set the value of the <code>loglevel</code> attribute of the <code>LOG</code> element in the <code>/server_root/https-instance_name/config/server.xml</code> file to the following values: <code>info</code>, <code>fine</code>, <code>finer</code> or <code>finest</code>. These values indicate the verbosity of debug messages, with <code>finest</code> giving maximum verbosity. For more information about the <code>LOG</code> element, refer to the <i>Sun ONE Web Server Administrator's Configuration File Reference</i> (http://docs.sun.com/doc/817-6248-10). • A debug flag might be enabled to start the server web container in debug mode ready for attachment with a Java Platform Debugger Architecture (JPDA) debugger. To do this, set the value of the <code>jvm.debug</code> flag of the <code>JAVA</code> attribute in the <code>/instance_root/https-server_name/config/server.xml</code> file to <code>true</code>. For more information, refer to the <i>Sun ONE Web Server Administrator's Configuration File Reference</i> (http://docs.sun.com/doc/817-6248-10). • The Sun Java System Studio 5, Standard Edition, plugin enables the debugging of Web applications. For more information, refer to the <i>Sun ONE Web Server Programmer's Guide to Web Applications</i> (http://docs.sun.com/doc/817-6251-10).

Delegated Administrator Troubleshooting Tools

Table 11-15 Delegated Administrator Troubleshooting Tools

Topic	Details
Log Files	Installation log directory: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IscliCfgDefaults.properties • Installer.properties • statefile.properties
Executable Location	[INSTALL_DIR]\DelegatedAdmin\lib
Troubleshooting	Refer to Delegated Administrator Guide (http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0114-10).

High Availability Session Store Troubleshooting Tools

Table 11-16 High Availability Session Store Troubleshooting Tools

Topic	Details
Log Files	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HADB.properties • mgt.cfg
Executable Location	[INSTALL_DIR]\Hadb\4.4.1-7\lib
Troubleshooting	Refer to the High Availability Session Store Administrator's guide (http://docs.sun.com/doc/819-0216).

Additional Troubleshooting Information

The following additional information in this guide is useful for troubleshooting:

- [Chapter 2, “Developing Your Installation Sequence” on page 31](#) contains information on component interdependencies. Refer to [Table 2-2 on page 34](#) for details.

- Chapter 7, “Post-installation Configuration for Configure Later Option” on page 129
- Chapter 9, “Starting and Stopping Components” on page 153.

Java ES Components

This appendix lists the selectable and shared components that are part of the Sun Java™ Enterprise System (Java ES) software.

Selectable Components

In the component selection page of the Java ES installer, the selectable components are grouped by the services they help to provide. The following list also shows the subcomponents that are installed with each component.

- Sun Java System Directory Server 5 2005Q1
- Sun Java System Administration Server 5 2005Q1
- Sun Java System Directory Proxy Server 5 2005Q1
- Sun Java System Web Server 6 2005Q1 Update 1 Service Pack 4
- Sun Java System Message Queue 3.6 2005Q1
- Sun Java System Application Server Enterprise Edition 8.1 2004Q4
 - Application Server Administration Client
 - Domain Administration Server
 - Load Balancing Plugin
 - Sample Applications
 - PointBase
- Sun Java System Access Manager 2005Q1

Delegated Administrator provisioning tools for Calendar Server and Messaging Server are automatically installed with Access Manager.

- Identity Management and Policy Services Core (includes Delegated Administrator Utility)
- Access Manager Administration Console
- Common Domain Services for Federation Management
- Access Manager SDK
- Sun Java System Messaging Server 6 2005Q1
- Sun Java System Calendar Server 6 2005Q1
- Sun Java System Instant Messaging 6 2005Q1
 - Instant Messaging Server Core; includes server and multiplexor software
 - Instant Messaging Resources
 - Access Manager Instant Messaging Service
- Sun Java System Portal Server 2005Q1
- Sun Java System Portal Server Secure Remote Access 2005Q1
 - Secure Remote Access Core
 - Gateway
 - Netlet Proxy
 - Rewriter Proxy
- Sun Java System Communications Express 2005Q1

Shared Components

Shared components provide the local services and technology support for the selectable components. When you install Sun Java Enterprise System components, the installer automatically installs the shared components required, if they are not already installed.

This release of Sun Java Enterprise System includes the following shared components:

- Ant (Jakarta ANT Java/XML-based build tool)
- Apache Common Logging
- Apache SOAP (Simple Object Access Protocol) Runtime
- Common agent container

- Common libraries for web services container
- ICU (International Components for Unicode)
- J2SE™ platform 1.5.0 (Java 2 Platform, Standard Edition)
- JAF (JavaBeans™ Activation Framework)
- JATO (Java Application Framework)
- JavaHelp™ Runtime
- JavaMail™ Runtime
- JAXB (Java Architecture for XML Binding) Runtime
- JAXP (Java API for XML Processing)
- JAXR (Java API for XML Registries) Runtime
- JAX-RPC (Java APIs for XML-based Remote Procedure Call) Runtime
- JCAPI (Java Calendar API)
- JDMK (Java Dynamic Management™ Kit) Runtime Library
- JSS (Java Security Services)
- KTSE (KT Search Engine)
- LDAP C SDK
- LDAP Java SDK
- NSPR (Netscape Portable Runtime)
- NSS (Network Security Services)
- SAML (Security Assertions Markup Language)
- SASL (Simple Authentication and Security Layer)
- SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) Peer
- Sun Java Web Console
- Tomcat servlet JSP container
- XML C Library (libxml)
- ZLIB (Zip Compression Library)

Default Port Numbers

When the Sun Java™ Enterprise System (Java ES) installer requests that you enter a port number, the installer performs a runtime check on the ports in use and displays an appropriate default value. If the default port number is being used by another component or by another instance of the same component, the installer presents a different value. For example, both Web Server and Application Server use default port 8080. When you install both components on the same host, the first to be configured receives the default port 8080. The second component to be configured has a different default port, such as 8081 or 8082.

The following table lists the default port numbers and the purpose of each port for the Java ES components.

NOTE Access Manager and Portal Server are not listed in this table because they use the port numbers of the web container into which they are deployed.

Table B-1 Component Default Port Numbers

Component	Port	Purpose
Administration Server	390	Standard HTTP port

Table B-1 Component Default Port Numbers *(Continued)*

Component	Port	Purpose
Application Server	8080	Standard HTTP port
	443	HTTP over SSL
	3700	Standard IIOp port
	4849	Administration Server port
	7676	Standard Message Queue port
	8686	JMX port
	8181	HTTPS over SSL
Calendar Server	80	Standard HTTP port
	389	LDAP port
	443	HTTP over SSL
	57997	ENS
	59779	DWP
Common agent container	10162	JMX port (TCP)
	10161	SNMP Adaptor port (UDP)
	10162	SNMP Adaptor port for traps (UDP)
	10163	Commandstream Adaptor port (TCP)
Directory Proxy Server	489	LDAP listener
Directory Server	389	Standard LDAP listener
	636	LDAPS over SSL
Instant Messaging	49909	Multiplexor port
	49916	Secure Mode, Netlet outgoing port
	49917	Secure Mode, Netlet incoming port
	49919	Instant Messaging server-to-server port
	49999	Instant Messaging port
Message Queue	80	Standard HTTP port
	443	HTTP Over SSL
	7676	Port Mapper
	7677	HTTP Tunnelling Servlet Port

Table B-1 Component Default Port Numbers *(Continued)*

Component	Port	Purpose
Messaging Server	25	Standard SMTP port
	80	Messaging Express (HTTP) port
	110	Standard POP3 port / MMP POP3 Proxy
	143	Standard IMAP4 port / MMP IMAP Proxy
	443	HTTP over SSL
	992	POP3 over SSL
	993	IMAP over SSL or MMP IMAP Proxy over SSL
	7997	Event Notification Service port
	27442	Used by Job Controller for product internal communication
49994	Used by the Watcher for internal product communication	
Portal Server Secure Remote Access	8080	Standard HTTP Port
	443	HTTP over SSL
	10443	Rewriter Proxy port
	10555	Netlet Proxy port
	49916	Secure Mode, Netlet outgoing port
	49917	Secure Mode, Netlet incoming port
Web Server	80	Standard HTTP port
	443	HTTP over SSL
	8888	Standard Administration port

Example Response File

This appendix contains an example of a response file that has been prepared for a silent installation.

```
[[{47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}-DlgOrder]
Dlg0={47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}-SdLicense2-0
Count=12
Dlg1={47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}-LanguageSelection-0
Dlg2={47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}-SdAskDestPath-0
Dlg3={47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}-SdSetupType2-0
Dlg4={47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}-SdSetupType-0
Dlg5={47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}-SdComponentTree-0
Dlg6={47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}-SdConfigure-0
Dlg7={47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}-SdStartCopy-0
Dlg8={47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}-SprintfBox-0
Dlg9={47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}-SprintfBox-1
Dlg10={47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}-SdShowInfoList-0
Dlg11={47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}-SdFinish-0
[[{47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}-SdLicense2-0]
Result=1
[[{47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}-LanguageSelection-0]
French=DISABLED
```

Japanese=DISABLED
Simplified Chinese=DISABLED
German=DISABLED
Korean=DISABLED
Traditional Chinese=DISABLED
Spanish=DISABLED
Result=0
[{47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}-SdAskDestPath-0]
szDir=C:\Sun\
Result=1
[{47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}-SdSetupType2-0]
Result=303
[{47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}-SdSetupType-0]
CONFIG_TYPE=Quick_Configure
[{47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}-SdComponentTree-0]
SunJavaES-type=string
SunJavaES-count=13
SunJavaES-0=SunJavaES\DSSetup
SunJavaES-1=SunJavaES\JSS
SunJavaES-2=SunJavaES\NSPR
SunJavaES-3=SunJavaES\SASL
SunJavaES-4=SunJavaES\ICU
SunJavaES-5=SunJavaES\XERCES_c
SunJavaES-6=SunJavaES\NSS
SunJavaES-7=SunJavaES\LDAPCSDK
SunJavaES-8=SunJavaES\AdminConsole
SunJavaES-9=SunJavaES\LDAPJDK
SunJavaES-10=SunJavaES\DirectoryServer
SunJavaES-11=SunJavaES\AdministrationServer
SunJavaES-12=SunJavaES\DirectoryProxyServer

Component-type=string
Component-count=1
Component-0=SunJavaES
Result=1
[{{47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}}-SdConfigure-0]
Administrator User ID=admin
Administrator Password=adminuser
Retype password=adminuser
Result=0
[{{47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}}-SdStartCopy-0]
Result=1
[{{47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}}-SprintfBox-0]
Result=7
[{{47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}}-SprintfBox-1]
Result=7
[{{47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}}-SdShowInfoList-0]
Result=1
[{{47B851DE-00FF-4356-B988-05EC63092344}}-SdFinish-0]
Result=1
bOpt1=0
bOpt2=0

Glossary

Refer to the *Java Enterprise System Glossary* (<http://docs.sun.com/doc/816-6873>) for a complete list of terms that are used in this documentation set.

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