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Alternate Pathing 2.3.1 on the Sun Enterprise servers

This chapter contains initial installation and upgrade instructions for Alternate Pathing (AP) 2.3.1. With the introduction of AP 2.3.1, both the initial install instructions and the upgrade instructions now apply to the Sun Enterprise™ 3x00, 4x00, 5x00, 6x00 and 10000 servers.

Preparing to Install or Upgrade

The AP packages require approximately 2.7 megabytes of disk space on the server. The following table lists the total size of the AP software by file system.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>File System</th>
<th>Size</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/usr</td>
<td>317 Kbytes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>/</td>
<td>1.3 Mbytes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>/etc</td>
<td>13 Kbytes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>/kernel</td>
<td>1528 Kbytes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>/sbin</td>
<td>1481 Kbytes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

AP requires that an entire disk partition with at least 300 Kbytes be dedicated to each database copy. For more detailed information on partitioning for the AP databases, see Chapter 2, “Alternate Pathing Database” in the Alternate Pathing 2.3.1 User Guide.
The installation instructions in this section assume that your system is running the Solaris 2.6, Solaris 7 or Solaris 8 operating environment. AP 2.3.1 will not run under software releases earlier than Solaris 2.6 environment.

▼ To Install or Upgrade From the Web

2. Click the Enterprise Alternate Pathing (AP) link.
3. Click the [Click here to download link.](http://www.sun.com/servers/sw/)
   The file that is then downloaded is named `ap_2_3_1_sparc.zip`.
4. Log in as superuser.
5. Change directory to the location where you downloaded the software:

   ```
   # cd /download_directory
   ```

6. Extract the downloaded file by typing:

   ```
   # unzip -v ap2_3_1_sparc.zip
   ```

   The AP 2.3.1 packages are located in `/download_directory/ap_2_3_1_sparc/` Product and the install and upgrade scripts are located in `/download_directory/ap_2_3_1_sparc/Tools`.

7. Proceed to “Performing an Initial Installation of AP” on page 5 or “Before Performing an Upgrade of AP” on page 17.

▼ To Install or Upgrade From a CD-ROM

1. Insert the “Software Supplement for the Solaris 8 Operating Environment” CD-ROM into the CD-ROM drive.
   Allow time for the volume manager to mount the CD-ROM.
Note — If your CD-ROM drive is not local to your system (for example, on a Sun Enterprise 10000) and you are not familiar with remote installation using a CD-ROM, see “To Mount a CD-ROM over NFS™” on page 3 or refer to your Solaris System Administration Guide.

The AP 2.3.1 packages are located in:

```
/cdrom/cdrom0/Alternate_Pathing_2.3.1/Product
```

The install and upgrade scripts are located in:

```
/cdrom/cdrom0/Alternate_Pathing_2.3.1/Tools
```

2. **Become superuser and cd to the Product installation directory:**

```
# cd /cdrom/cdrom0/Alternate_Pathing_2.3.1/Product
```

3. Proceed to “Performing an Initial Installation of AP” on page 5 or “Before Performing an Upgrade of AP” on page 17.

▼ **To Mount a CD-ROM over NFS™**

1. Log in as superuser and verify that the volume manager is running on your machine:

```
# ps -ef | grep vold
```

2. If you see an entry containing `/usr/sbin/vold`, volume manager is running on your system.
   - If volume manager is running, skip to Step 3.
   - If volume manager is not running on your system, type:

```
# /etc/init.d/volmgt start
```

3. Check to see if NFS is running on your system:

```
# ps -ef | grep nfsd
```
If you see an entry containing `/usr/lib/nfs/nfsd` then `nfsd` is running on your system. Type:

```
# share -F nfs -o ro /cdrom/cdrom0/Alternate_Pathing_2.3.1
```

If `nfsd` is not running, type:

```
# /etc/init.d/nfs.server start
# share -F nfs -o ro /cdrom/cdrom0/Alternate_Pathing_2.3.1
```

4. Log in to target machine as superuser and `cd` to the source machine:

```
# cd /net/source_machine/cdrom/cdrom0/Alternate_Pathing_2.3.1
```

If you cannot change to that directory and you do not have automounter on your network, create a mount point on the target machine and mount the Product directory:

```
# mkdir /remote_products
# /usr/sbin/mount -F nfs -r source_machine:/cdrom/cdrom0/Alternate_Pathing_2.3.1 /remote_products
# cd /remote_products
```

5. At this point you may proceed with the install, “Performing an Initial Installation of AP” on page 5 or “Before Performing an Upgrade of AP” on page 17. Once you have completed installation you can `umount` the CD-ROM using:

```
# umount source_machine/cdrom
```
Performing an Initial Installation of AP

The initial installation instructions in this section are for environments where AP is not currently installed and configured. If any version of AP is currently installed and configured, you can use the instructions in “Before Performing an Upgrade of AP” on page 17 to install AP 2.3.1. That procedure uses scripts that save your current AP configuration, and then restores that configuration after you install the AP 2.3.1 packages.

The installation instructions in this section assume that your system is running the Solaris 2.6, Solaris 7 or Solaris 8 operating environment. AP 2.3.1 will not run under software releases earlier than the Solaris 2.6 environment.

Note – AP 2.3.1 software installation is based on your operating environment. If, at a later date, you upgrade your Solaris operating environment, you must re-install AP 2.3.1 following the AP 2.3.1 upgrade procedure. See “Before Performing an Upgrade of AP” on page 17. For information on performing a simultaneous upgrade, see “Simultaneously Upgrading AP and Solaris Software” on page 19.
ssd Patch

AP 2.3.1 requires an ssd(7D) patch. AP 2.3.1 installation checks for the presence of this patch. If the patch is not present then, depending on your configuration, the following message maybe displayed:

```
Alternate Pathing Subsystem Drivers
(sparc) 2.3.1,REV=2000.05.09.11.28
Copyright 2000 Sun Microsystems, Inc. All rights reserved.
## Executing checkinstall script.
Determining patch requirements...
Verifying required patches are installed...
Required patches not installed: 109524-01
###
### Patch verification failed.
### Alternate Pathing 2.3.1 requires this package.
### You MUST apply the required patches before proceeding.
###
### PACKAGE INSTALLATION FAILED.
###
checkinstall script suspends

Installation of <SUNWapdv> was suspended (administration).
No changes were made to the system.
```

The required patches are as follows:
- Patch 105356-15 for Solaris 2.6,
- Patch 107458-09 for Solaris 7
- Patch 109524-01 for Solaris 8

You can obtain these patches from SunSolve at: http://sunsolve.sun.com.

**Note** – For information on this patch, see Section “Fixed Other Bugs” on page 35 (Sun BugID 4295457).

You can use Web Start to install the AP 2.3.1 software and optionally the AP 2.3.1 AnswerBook2 collection or you can manually install the AP and AnswerBook packages using `pkgadd`.

To manually install AP 2.3.1 proceed to “To Manually Install AP 2.3.1” on page 9. To manually install the AP 2.3.1 AnswerBook see “To Install the AP 2.3.1 AnswerBook2 Collection” on page 16.
If you have a third party volume manager installed on your system, you must deconfigure it, according to your vendor’s instructions, before installing AP 2.3.1. Once you have finished deconfiguring or if you do not have a volume manager installed, proceed to “To Install AP 2.3.1 Using Web Start” on page 7 for the Web Start procedure or “To Manually Install AP 2.3.1” on page 9 for the manual procedure.

▼ To Install AP 2.3.1 Using Web Start

You can use Web Start to perform a fresh install from CD-ROM or from files you have downloaded from the Web.

1. Log in as superuser.

2. Set the DISPLAY environment variable.
   For sh(1) or ksh(1), type:

   ```
   # DISPLAY=hostname:0
   # export DISPLAY
   ```

   Where hostname is the host name of the machine used to graphically display Web Start.

3. Change directory to the location of the AP 2.3.1 package:
   ■ If you downloaded software from the Web:

   ```
   # cd /download_directory/ap_2_3_1_sparc/Product
   ```

   ■ If you are installing the upgrade from the CD-ROM:

   ```
   # cd /cdrom/cdrom0/Alternate_Pathing_2.3.1/Product
   ```

4. Begin Web Start by typing:

   ```
   # ./installer
   ```

5. Select Custom Install, then select the Alternate Pathing 2.3.1 software and optionally the Alternate Pathing 2.3.1 AnswerBook2 product.
   With custom installation, only the products that you select are installed.
Note – You can install the packages in any order you wish but you must install them all. Package installation depends on the ssd patch being present. See “ssd Patch” on page 6 for more information.

6. Verify that you have sufficient disk space to cover the requirements displayed on the Ready to Install dialog.

7. Click the Install Now button.

   Wait until the installation is complete and the Installation Summary dialog is displayed.

Note – If your Sun Enterprise server is not configured to support a particular feature or device that is supported by Alternate Pathing, simply adding AP to your server will not enable it to use that feature or device.

8. Configure AP.

   For an example of the steps you need to follow, see “To Configure AP” on page 10. Also see the Alternate Pathing 2.3.1 User Guide.

Note – If you are using IPv6, your /etc/hostname files will have the name /etc/hostname6.xxx. While the content of the IPv6 files is different than IPv4, as far as AP installation is concerned, the /etc/hostname6.xxx files can be treated in exactly the same manner as the /etc/hostname.xxx files. For more information on IPv6 refer to System Administration Guide, Volume 3.
To Manually Install AP 2.3.1

1. Log in as superuser.

2. Change directory to the location of the AP 2.3.1 package:
   - If you downloaded software from the Web:
     ```
     # cd /download_directory/ap_2_3_1_sparc/Product
     ```
   - If you are installing the upgrade from the CD-ROM:
     ```
     # cd /cdrom/cdrom0/Alternate_Pathing_2.3.1/Product
     ```

3. Install the AP 2.3.1 domain packages on the server:
   ```
   # pkgadd -d . SUNWapdoc SUNWapdv SUNWapr SUNWapu
   ```

Note – You can install the packages in any order you wish but you must install them all. Package installation depends on the ssd patch being present. See “ssd Patch” on page 6 for more information.

The software briefly displays copyright, trademark, and license information for each package, then displays messages about pkgadd(1M) actions taken to install the package, including a list of the files and directories being installed. Depending on your configuration, the following messages may be displayed:

This package contains scripts which will be executed with superuser permission during the process of installing this package.

Do you want to continue with the installation of this package [y,n,?]

Type y at each successive prompt to continue.
When this portion of the installation is complete, the AP 2.3.1 packages have been installed and the superuser prompt is displayed.
Note – If your Sun Enterprise server is not configured to support a particular feature or device that is supported by Alternate Pathing, simply adding AP to your server will not enable it to use that feature or device.

4. Remove the Sun Computer Systems Supplement CD from the CD-ROM drive, if applicable:

   ```
   # cd /
   # eject cdrom
   ```

5. Configure AP.
   For an example of the steps you need to follow, see “To Configure AP” on page 10. Also see the *Alternate Pathing 2.3.1 User Guide*.

Note – If you are using IPv6, your `/etc/hostname` files will have the name `/etc/hostname6.xxx`. While the content of the IPv6 files is different than IPv4, as far as AP installation is concerned, the `/etc/hostname6.xxx` files can be treated in exactly the same manner as the `/etc/hostname.xxx` files. For more information on IPv6 refer to *System Administration Guide, Volume 3*.

▼ To Configure AP

1. Create three to five AP databases:

   ```
   # apdb -c raw_disk_slice
   ```

   Note – See the *Alternate Pathing 2.3.1 User Guide* for information on disk partitions for the AP database.

2. Create the AP metadisks.

   You must know the configuration of the host hardware so that you know which two ports are connected to the same disk array. The following steps use `sf` ports. Your ports may vary, depending on the configuration of the host.
a. Display all of the ports and their disk device nodes:

```bash
# ainst
sf:0
   /dev/dsk/c1t0d0
   /dev/dsk/c1t1d0
   /dev/dsk/c1t2d0
   /dev/dsk/c1t3d0
   /dev/dsk/c1t4d0
   /dev/dsk/c1t5d0
sf:1
   /dev/dsk/c2t0d0
   /dev/dsk/c2t1d0
   /dev/dsk/c2t2d0
   /dev/dsk/c2t3d0
   /dev/dsk/c2t4d0
   /dev/dsk/c2t5d0
```

b. Create an uncommitted disk pathgroup:

```bash
# apdisk -c -p sf:0 -a sf:1
# apconfig -S -u
```

where:
- `-c` causes the pathgroup to be created
- `-p` designates the primary path
- `-a` designates the alternate path

You can verify the results by using `apconfig(1M)` as shown above.

c. Commit the database entries:

```bash
# apdb -C
```

As shown, you can verify the results of that command by using `apconfig -S`. 
d. If you are placing the boot disk under AP control, use `apboot(1M)` to define the new AP boot device:

```
# apboot metadisk_name
```

The `apboot(1M)` command modifies the `/etc/vfstab` file and the `/etc/system` file. The `metadisk_name` must be in the form: `mcxtxdx`.

e. Modify any references that use a physical device node (that is, a path that begins with `/dev/dsk` or `/dev/rdsk`) to use the corresponding metadisk device node (that is, a path that begins with `/dev/ap/dsk` or `/dev/ap/rdsk`).

If a partition is mounted under a physical path, unmount and remount it under the metadisk path using `umount` and `mount` respectively.

Examine `/etc/vfstab` for any physical devices that should be changed to AP metadevices. If necessary, edit `/etc/vfstab` to make the necessary modifications.

**Caution** – You must be a knowledgeable system administrator to edit `/etc/vfstab`. If you do not configure your file systems properly in `/etc/vfstab`, it is possible that you can lose data and/or leave the server unbootable.
3. Create AP metanetworks (for nonprimary networks).

**Note** – The following steps should be applied to all networks that you want to alternately path except the primary network.

a. Create the network pathgroup:

```
# apnet -c -a network_interface -a network_interface
# apconfig -N -u
...
```

As shown, you can verify the results of the `apnet(1M)` command by using `apconfig(1M)`.

b. Commit the network pathgroup entries in the database.

```
# apdb -C
```

You can verify the results of the `apdb(1M)` command by using the `apconfig(1M)` command with the `-N` option.

c. Remove all direct usage of both members of the network pathgroups.

If the physical interface is currently plumbed, and it is not the interface that you will be using as you run commands to configure the metanetwork, you can unplumb the physical interface by using the `ifconfig(1M)` command.

d. Create an `/etc/hostname.metherX` (for example, `hostname.mether0`) file for any metanetworks that you want to configure when the server is rebooted.

**Note** – If you are using IPv6, your `/etc/hostname` files will have the name `/etc/hostname6.xxx`. While the content of the IPv6 files is different than IPv4, as far as AP installation is concerned, the `/etc/hostname6.xxx` files can be treated in exactly the same manner as the `/etc/hostname.xxx` files. For more information on IPv6 refer to *System Administration Guide, Volume 3*. 

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4. Create the AP metanetwork for the primary network.

   a. **View the contents of the /etc/nodename and /etc/hostname.xxxx files (for example, hostname.hme0) to verify that the interface name is the same.**

   **Note** – If you are using IPv6, your /etc/hostname files will have the name /etc/hostname6.xxxx. While the content of the IPv6 files is different than IPv4, as far as AP installation is concerned, the /etc/hostname6.xxxx files can be treated in exactly the same manner as the /etc/hostname.xxxx files. For more information on IPv6 refer to System Administration Guide, Volume 3.

   b. **Create the primary network pathgroup:**

   ```
   # apnet -c -a network_interface1 -a network_interface2
   ```

   where:
   - `c` creates the new primary network pathgroup
   - `a` designates the first alternate network path
   - `a` designates the second alternate network path

   c. **Commit the network pathgroup entry in the database:**

   ```
   # apdb -C
   # apconfig -N
   ```

   As shown, you can verify the results of the `apdb(1M)` command by using `apconfig(1M)`.

   d. **Rename the /etc/hostname.xxxx file to /etc/hostname.metherx to configure the network when you reboot the server.**

   For example:

   ```
   # mv hostname.hme0 hostname.mether0
   ```
5. If you plan to use a volume manager, such as Solstice DiskSuite™ (SDS) or VERITAS Volume Manager™ (VxVM) configure the volume manager according to the vendor's instructions.

Note – Make sure that your volume manager is supported under your version of the Solaris operating environment (either version 2.6, version 7, or version 8).

- SDS Issues
  If you want to build your SDS volumes on top of AP, configure your volumes using AP metadisk paths rather than physical paths. SDS recognizes and properly installs on existing AP metadevices with no special action required.

- VxVM Issues
  If you want to build your VxVM volumes on top of AP, configure your volumes using AP metadisk paths rather than physical paths. VxVM recognizes and properly installs on existing AP metadevices with no special action required.
  VxVM can encapsulate both nonboot disks and boot disks that are configured as AP metadevices. VxVM can encapsulate AP databases without any impact on AP.
  Note, however, that the standard VxVM requirements for encapsulation apply:
  - There must be an s2 slice that represents the entire disk.
  - There must be two free partitions. The partition requirement may necessitate giving up an AP database, which is often placed in slice s4.
  - There must be a "small amount" of free disk space at the beginning or end of the disk.

  Software installation of VxDMP and AP are mutually exclusive. You can only install one or the other. VxDMP does not work with DR.

6. Reboot the server (if necessary).

If you just rebooted the server after configuring a volume manager, this step is unnecessary.
Installing the AP 2.3.1 AnswerBook2 Collection

This section explains how to manually install the AP 2.3.1 AnswerBook2 document collection using the standard installation utility, pkgadd.

AP 2.3.1 AnswerBook2 Collection

Before you can install the AP 2.3.1 AnswerBook2 document collection, you must have the AnswerBook2 server software installed. For instructions on installing the AnswerBook2 server software, see “Installing and Administering an AnswerBook2 Server” in the AnswerBook2 Help Collection on docs.sun.com. The server software can be obtained from the following sources:
- The Documentation CD for Solaris 7 and Solaris 8 environments
- The Web (http://www.sun.com/software/ab2/index.html)

To Install the AP 2.3.1 AnswerBook2 Collection

1. Log in as superuser on the machine where the AP 2.3.1 AnswerBook2 collection is to be installed.

2. If you have a previous version of the SUNWabap package installed, remove it using the pkgrm command:

```
# pkgrm SUNWabap
```

3. Change directory to the location of the AP 2.3.1 AnswerBook package:
- If you downloaded software from the Web:

```
# cd /download_directory/ap_2_3_1_sparc/Product
```

- If you are installing the upgrade from the CD-ROM:

```
# cd /cdrom/cdrom0/Alternate_Pathing_2.3.1/Product
```
4. Add the SUNWabap package by typing:

```
# pkgadd -d . SUNWabap
```

5. When you are requested to select an installation option, type 2 (heavy installation):

```
Select an installation option: 2
```

6. When you are asked to specify the parent path for the AnswerBook2 collection, type the path to the directory in which you want to put the AP 2.3.1 AnswerBook2. It is suggested that you install the AP AnswerBook2 Collection in /opt.

```
Specify the parent path of this AnswerBook2 Collection directory: /opt
```

7. Type y at the following prompt:

```
This package contains scripts which will be executed with super-user permission during the process of installing this package.

Do you want to continue with the installation of <SUNWabap> [y,n,?] y
```

A message indicates that the SUNWabap package was successfully installed.

For instructions on launching the AnswerBook2 viewer and viewing document collections, see “Viewing Online Documentation Using the AnswerBook2 System” in the AnswerBook2 Help Collection on docs.sun.com.

---

**Before Performing an Upgrade of AP**

This section provides information and recommendations concerning an upgrade to AP 2.3.1 on the Sun Enterprise servers.

AP 2.0, 2.0.1, 2.1 and 2.2 are not supported under the Solaris 8 operating environment.

The upgrade process involves:

- Saving your current configuration
- Deconfiguring AP
■ Removing the earlier version of AP
■ Installing a set of core AP packages
■ Restoring your AP configuration

Scripts are provided to simplify this process in `/download_directory/ap_2_3_1_sparc/Tools` from the web or on CD-ROM in `/cdrom/cdrom0/Alternate_Pathing_2.3.1/Tools`.

**Note** – If you are upgrading to AP 2.3.1 on *all* Sun Enterprise 10000 domains, then you can safely remove the SUNWapssp package software from the SSP workstation using `pkgrm`. If, however, any domain will remain at an earlier version of AP, then you must *not* remove the AP software on the SSP workstation. In either case, leaving AP software on SSP workstations will have *no* effect on AP 2.3.1.

Installation of the packages requires approximately 2.7 megabytes of disk space. The following table lists the total size of the AP software by file system.

**TABLE 1-2** AP Software File System Sizes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>File System</th>
<th>Size</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/usr</td>
<td>317 Kbytes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>/</td>
<td>1.3 Mbytes</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>/kernel</td>
<td>1528 Kbytes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>/sbin</td>
<td>1481 Kbytes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note** – When partitioning the hard drive during the Solaris software installation, you must dedicate an entire disk partition with at least 300 Kbytes to each database copy. For more detailed information on partitioning for the AP databases, see Chapter 2, “Alternate Pathing Database” in the *Alternate Pathing 2.3.1 User Guide*.

**Back up Your Server**

Always back up an existing server before you upgrade any software. The safest backup to perform is a level 0 dump (`ufsdump(1M)`) of the file systems connected to the server being upgraded. If you do not have an established backup procedure, see the *System Administration Guide*.

You do not need to back out installed patches before you perform the upgrade.
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Note – If you wish to add or remove any hardware included in an AP path group, do so either before you begin the upgrade process or after you have completed it. In general, avoid changing your hardware in ways that result in controller renumbering.

Uncommitted AP Database Entries

Before you run ap_upgrade_begin, commit any uncommitted entries in the AP database. Any metadevices that were created but not committed are not preserved during the upgrade. Similarly, any metadevices that were deleted but not committed will continue to exist after the upgrade.

Checking Other Software Documentation

Check the documentation of other software you are running, such as disk volume managers, before you use the upgrade option in the suninstall utility. There may be additional instructions you need to follow to preserve existing configurations. Also, be sure to check the release notes for AP and any volume managers you are using.

Simultaneously Upgrading AP and Solaris Software

The AP upgrade procedures in this section use two scripts, ap_upgrade_begin and ap_upgrade_finish. The first script saves your current AP configuration. The second script restores that exact configuration after you install the AP 2.3.1 packages. It is possible that you will upgrade the Solaris software at the same time you upgrade to AP 2.3.1, since AP 2.3.1 supports Solaris 2.6, Solaris 7, and Solaris 8. Because the AP configuration is restored exactly as it was before you upgraded the Solaris operating environment, you need to be aware of the issues described in the following sections.

AP Database Partitions

The AP upgrade scripts attempt to recreate the AP databases in the same partitions that they occupied before the upgrade of the Solaris operating environment. Note, however, that Solaris 7 and Solaris 8 require more disk space than earlier versions of
the Solaris operating environment. Because of this, you can choose to modify the boot disk partitioning scheme during suninstall. Do not modify the AP database partitions. If you are upgrading from Solaris 7 to Solaris 8 operating environment this will not be an issue. If, however, you are upgrading from an earlier version of Solaris and you place file systems in all partitions that were previously used for AP databases, ap_upgrade_finish is not able to recreate any databases and the upgrade process fails.

Caution – If you place a file system in any partition that was previously used for an AP database, and if for some reason that file system is not mounted at the time you run ap_upgrade_finish, that file system is overwritten by a copy of the AP database.

Root Disk Partitions

The AP upgrade facility assumes that the partitioning of the root disk (the disk containing the / (root) partition) is not modified during the upgrade. Solaris 7 and Solaris 8 software require more disk space than earlier versions. One way to acquire the additional space is to repartition the original disk or to split the root disk into two disks using standard commands prior to the Solaris upgrade. If you need to repartition the root disk, do so before performing the AP 2.3.1 upgrade procedure.

If there is insufficient space when you run suninstall, you have the option to modify the disk partitioning layout to acquire more space. However, during suninstall, you must not relocate the / (root) or /usr partitions to another disk as this will cause the AP upgrade script to fail.

ssd Patch

AP 2.3.1 requires an ssd(7D) patch. AP 2.3.1 installation checks for the presence of this patch.

The required patches are as follows:

- Patch 105356-15 for Solaris 2.6,
- Patch 107458-09 for Solaris 7
- Patch 109524-01 for Solaris 8

You can obtain these patches from SunSolve at: http://sunsolve.sun.com.
Performing an Upgrade of AP

The upgrade installation instructions in this section are for environments where AP is currently installed and configured.

**Note** – If your Sun Enterprise server is not configured to support a particular feature or device that is supported by Alternate Pathing, simply adding AP to your server will not enable it to use that feature or device.

The installation instructions in this section assume that your system is running the Solaris 2.6, Solaris 7 or Solaris 8 operating environment. AP 2.3.1 will not run under software releases earlier than Solaris 2.6 environment.

**Note** – AP 2.3.1 software installation is based on your operating environment. If, at a later date, you upgrade your Solaris operating environment, you must re-install AP 2.3.1 following this AP 2.3.1 upgrade procedure. See “Before Performing an Upgrade of AP” on page 17. For information on simultaneous upgrade, see “Simultaneously Upgrading AP and Solaris Software” on page 19.

▼ To Upgrade to AP 2.3.1

1. If necessary, log in as superuser and commit any uncommitted entries in the AP database:

   ```
   # apdb -C
   ```

2. Terminate any processes that directly or indirectly access AP metadevices.

   If you have a third party volume manager installed on your system, deconfigure it now using the documentation provided by the specific vendor.

   With regard to AP, no additional steps need to be taken to do this other than those recommended by the manufacturer to deconfigure the volume manager.
Caution – Once the volume manager has been deconfigured, if you are instructed to install the new OS, stop at that point and remove your previous version of AP. Do not install Solaris 8 software at this time.

You do not need to be concerned if your mounted ufs file systems or TCP/IP networks are using AP metadevices.

The ap_upgrade_begin script, which you will run later in this procedure, and the subsequent reboot will cause the ufs file systems and any swap devices configured in /etc/vfstab to use physical paths rather than AP metadevices.

Likewise, ap_upgrade_begin will also take care of renaming any TCP/IP network interfaces (/etc/hostname.xxxx) that may be using AP metadevices.

Note – This is true for any ufs file system configured in vfstab or any network configured with /etc/hostname.xxxx files.

3. Remove the current AP configuration.

   a. Log in to the server as superuser and run the following script to deconfigure AP (and save the AP configuration so that it can be restored later):

```
# /path/Alternate_Pathing_2.3.1/Tools/ap_upgrade_begin
...
ap_upgrade_begin complete. (State saved in /var/tmp/apstate.) Now you can safely remove the old AP packages, upgrade Solaris if necessary, and install new AP packages. Run the ap_upgrade_finish script when you’re done to restore the AP configuration. Please read the upgrade directions in the Sun Enterprise Server Alternate Pathing 2.3 Installation and Release Notes for specific details.
```

This script saves the current AP configuration information in the file /var/tmp/apstate. You may examine the /var/tmp/apstate file if you wish, but do not modify or remove it. Doing so can compromise the upgrade procedure.

b. Remove the packages SUNWapdoc, SUNWapr, SUNWapu, SUNWabap and SUNWapdv (if applicable) by using the pkgrm(1M) command.

c. If you are not upgrading your Solaris operating environment, reboot before proceeding to Step 6.

4. Upgrade the Solaris operating environment (if applicable) now.
Note – You must upgrade the Solaris operating environment if you are running a version prior to Solaris 2.6.

Caution – Make sure you upgrade the correct slice. If you were previously using a volume manager to mirror the boot disk, and if you were also using AP to alternately path each boot disk mirror, then there are four physical paths that were previously potential paths to the boot disk (two alternate paths for each boot disk mirror). Now that both AP and the volume manager have been deconfigured, examine /etc/vfstab to determine the physical path that corresponds to the root (/) file system. When you run suninstall, specify that path as the disk to upgrade. Later, when you restore your volume manager, be sure to designate that disk as the primary mirror. See your volume manager documentation for information on determining which physical slice is used when booting.

Note – When partitioning the hard drive during the Solaris software installation, you must dedicate an entire disk partition that has at least 300 Kbytes to each database copy. For more detailed information on partitioning for the AP databases, see Chapter 2, “Alternate Pathing Database” in the Alternate Pathing 2.3.1 User Guide.

See “Upgrading a System” in Solaris 8 (SPARC Platform Edition) Installation Library. Note that you must choose the upgrade option to perform an upgrade of the Solaris operating environment.
5. When the Solaris installation process is completely finished, install the correct ssd patch.

Note – If you have not upgraded the Solaris operating environment or you did not reboot as part of the upgrade or Step 3, do so now.

AP 2.3.1 installation checks for the presence of an ssd patch. If the patch is not present then, depending on your configuration, the following message maybe displayed:

```
Alternate Pathing Subsystem Drivers
(sparc) 2.3.1,REV=2000.05.09.11.28
Copyright 2000 Sun Microsystems, Inc. All rights reserved.
## Executing checkinstall script.
Determining patch requirements...
Verifying required patches are installed...
Required patches not installed: 109524-01
###
### Patch verification failed.
### Alternate Pathing 2.3.1 requires this package.
### You MUST apply the required patches before
### proceeding.
###
### PACKAGE INSTALLATION FAILED.
###
checkinstall script suspends

Installation of <SUNWapdv> was suspended (administration).
No changes were made to the system.
```

See Section “ssd Patch” on page 20 for the required patches if you have not already done so.

Note – For information on this patch, see Section “Fixed Other Bugs” on page 35 (Sun BugID 4295457).

6. Upgrade to AP 2.3.1.

a. Log in as superuser and type:

- If you downloaded software from the web:

```
# cd /download_directory/ap_2_3_1_sparc/Tools
```
If you are installing the upgrade from the CD-ROM:

```
# cd /cdrom/cdrom0/Alternate_Pathing_2.3.1/Tools
```

b. Install the required AP 2.3.1 packages:

```
# pkgadd -d . SUNWapdoc SUNWapdv SUNWapr SUNWapu
```

**Note** – You can install the packages in any order you wish but you must install them all. Package installation depends on the ssd(7D) patch being present. See Section “ssd Patch” on page 20 for more information.

c. Run the following script to restore the original AP configuration:

```
# /path/Alternate_Pathing_2.3.1.1/Tools/ap_upgrade_finish
...
ap_upgrade_finish complete. (State saved in /var/tmp/apstate.) Now you can upgrade and configure any volume managers or other software to use AP metadevices. Please read the upgrade directions in the Sun Enterprise Server Alternate Pathing 2.3 Installation and Release Notes for specific details.
```

d. Reboot.

7. If you have a third party volume manager, install and configure it according to manufacturer’s instructions now.

**Note** – If your boot disk is mirrored, make sure you specify the upgraded disk as the primary mirror.

Upgrade is now complete.
AP 2.3.1 on Sun Enterprise Servers

This section contains the release notes for Alternate Pathing (AP) 2.3.1 on Sun Enterprise 3x00, 4x00, 5x00, 6x00 and 10000 servers.

AP enables you to define and control alternate physical paths to peripheral devices, adding increased availability and a level of fault recovery to your server. If a physical path to a device becomes unavailable, an alternate path can be used. For more information, see the Sun Enterprise Server AP 2.3.1 User Guide in the Sun Alternate Pathing 2.3.1 Collection AnswerBook2™.

Installation Issues

If you are upgrading from Solaris 2.6 or Solaris 7 software to Solaris 8 software and have AP 2.1 or AP 2.2 on your system, you must upgrade to AP 2.3 or AP 2.3.1. Because most systems have a volume manager installed we have included references to them.

Note – AP 2.3.1 installation is Solaris operating environment specific. If you have already installed AP 2.3.1 on your system and choose to upgrade your operating system at a later date, you must follow the upgrade procedure to remove the AP 2.3.1 software using pkgm and re-install AP 2.3.1.

This section contains an overview of the entire upgrade process, which requires you to use several sections from different publications. You should ensure that you have the following publications before you start the upgrade:
Note – Before attempting an upgrade, verify that your volume manager supports the Solaris 8 software.

Caution – You must follow the sequence given here to successfully complete the upgrade.

In general, you will perform the following tasks:

■ Deconfigure your volume manager
■ Remove the previous version of AP.
■ Upgrade to the Solaris 8 operating environment.
■ Install AP 2.3.1.
■ Install and reconfigure your volume manager

Specifically, you must perform the following tasks:

1. Read “Performing an Upgrade of AP” on page 21.

2. Commit any uncommitted AP metadevices (see Step 1 in “To Upgrade to AP 2.3.1” on page 21).

3. Deconfigure your volume manager using the documentation provided by the specific vendor.

Note – With regard to AP, no additional steps need to be taken to do this other than those recommended by the manufacturer to deconfigure the volume manager.

Caution – When the volume manager has been deconfigured and you are instructed to install the new OS, stop at that point and remove your previous version of AP. Do not install Solaris 8 software at this time.

4. Remove the current AP configuration using “Remove the current AP configuration.” on page 22.

5. Upgrade to Solaris 8 using “Upgrade the Solaris operating environment (if applicable) now.” on page 22.

6. Upgrade to AP 2.3 using “Upgrade to AP 2.3.1.” on page 24.
7. Install your volume manager according to your manufacturer’s instructions.

**General Issues**

This section contains general issues that involve AP on Sun Enterprise servers. Read this section before you attempt to install or configure AP.

**Note** – If you are upgrading to AP 2.3.1 on all Sun Enterprise 10000 domains then you can safely remove the SUNWapssp package software from the SSP workstation using pkgrm. If, however, any domain will remain at an earlier version of AP, then you must not remove the AP software on the SSP workstation. In either case, leaving AP software on SSP workstations will have no effect on AP 2.3.1.

**Supported Devices**

The following devices are supported by the AP software on Sun Enterprise servers:

- SPARCstorage™ Arrays recognized by AP using the pln(soc) controllers
- Sun™ StorEdge™ A5000 recognized by AP using sf(socal) or fp(usoc) controllers
- Sun™ StorEdge™ T3 recognized by AP using sf(socal) or fp(usoc) controllers
- Sun Enterprise™ E3500 internal drives recognized by using sf(socal) or fp(usoc) controllers
- SunFastEthernet™ 2.0 (hme)
- SunFDDI/S™ 6.0 (nf) SAS (Single-Attach Station) and DAS (Dual-Attach Station)
- SCSI-2/Buffered Ethernet FSBE/S and DSBE/S (le)
- Quad Ethernet (qe)
- Sun™ Quad FastEthernet™ (qfe)
- Sun Gigabit Ethernet 2.0 (qe)
- QLogic 2202 controller card

The following table lists which devices are supported in which releases:
TABLE 2-1  AP Support Matrix

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AP Version</th>
<th>Solaris Release</th>
<th>ge</th>
<th>hme</th>
<th>le</th>
<th>nf</th>
<th>bf</th>
<th>hi</th>
<th>qe</th>
<th>qfe</th>
<th>vge</th>
<th>Disk Controllers</th>
<th>Storage Products</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>2.5.1</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td>pln/soc</td>
<td>SSA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.0.1</td>
<td>2.5.1</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>pln/soc, sf/socal</td>
<td>SSA, A5000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.1</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>pln/soc, sf/soc</td>
<td>SSA, A5000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.2</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>pln/soc, sf/soc</td>
<td>SSA, A5000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>2.6, 7</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>pln/soc, sf/socal</td>
<td>SSA, A5000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.3.1</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>pln/soc, sf/soc</td>
<td>SSA, A5000, T3†</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* - fp/usoc support for AP 2.2 requires a patch for Solaris 7 (included in Solaris 7 11/99) and for AP 2.2. Refer to www.sunsolve.com for more information
† - fp/usoc support requires Solaris 7 11/99 or Solaris 8.
§ - AP 2.3 has not been optimized for T3 support.

SunFDDI and Gigabit Ethernet Devices

AP 2.3.1 validation tests were performed on SunFDDI/S (revision 7.0) and Gigabit Ethernet (revision 2.0). If you install either of these devices, you must use the revision level that was tested, unless a higher revision level exists. In addition, you must install all of the available patches for these devices. Refer to http://www.sunsolve.sun.com for more information about the patches.
Sun StorEdge A3000

The Sun StorEdge A3000 supports failover capabilities that are similar to those provided by AP 2.3.1. Because of this, AP 2.3.1 does not support the Sun StorEdge A3000. See that product’s documentation for more information about its failover support.

Sun StorEdge A5000

AP 2.3.1 supports the Sun StorEdge A5000 for this release.

Sun StorEdge A7000

AP 2.3.1 does not support the Sun StorEdge A7000 for this release.

Sun StorEdge T3

AP 2.3.1 supports the Sun StorEdge T3 in a path optimized AP configuration with this release. Path optimization refers to the efficient distribution of I/O traffic for the T3.

Software Compatibility

The following lists includes the possible combinations of AP and Solaris software you can install on a Sun Enterprise server.

- Solaris 8 with AP 2.3.1 and DR
- Solaris 8 with AP 2.3 and DR
- Solaris 7 with AP 2.3.1 and DR
- Solaris 7 with AP 2.3 and DR
- Solaris 7 with AP 2.2 and DR
- Solaris 2.6 with AP 2.3.1 and DR
- Solaris 2.6 with AP 2.3 and DR
- Solaris 2.6 with AP 2.1 and DR
- Solaris 2.5.1 with AP 2.0.1 and DR (Sun Enterprise 10000 server only)
- Solaris 2.5.1 with AP 2.0 and DR (Sun Enterprise 10000 server only)
Dynamic Reconfiguration (DR) Issues

The DR Attach operation can complete without the controller being immediately accessible to AP. You must verify that the physical device is present before switching to the new controller using *apconfig*.

A Sun Enterprise 10000 Server running the Solaris 2.6 operating environment requires Patch 106284-02 for AP 2.3.1 to run correctly with the *dr_daemon*.

Boot Disk Issues

AP 2.3.1 provides support for only one alternately pathed boot disk plus a mirror disk per domain.

In order to fix inconsistencies in boot recovery behavior device aliases for the boot disk are not supported.

Boot recovery is architecture generic in AP 2.3.1. Boot recovery works on Sunfire as well as Starfire platforms.

IPMP Issues

IPMP/AP path groups are not supported for this release.

Sun Fibre Channel Port Driver (usoc/fp) Issues

A SENA device which uses the *usoc/fp* drivers is considered a different physical device than a SENA device which uses the *socal/sf* stack. SENA devices do not support mixed configurations where *usoc/fp* and *socal/sf* drivers service a single SENA device. Therefore, the two cannot be combined in an AP metadevice.

Revising the firmware on a physical SENA device using *socal/sf* drivers to use *usoc/fp* drivers for your fibre-channel controllers is the same as replacing the hardware with a different type of controller. (The converse is also true.) You must deconfigure Alternate Pathing on such controllers before you revise the firmware. For example:

```
# apdisk -d sf:0
# apdb -C
```

Revise the SENA firmware.
After you’ve performed the revision, recreate your pathgroups using the new device names, for example:

```
# apdisk -c -p fp:0 -a fp:1
# apdb -c
```

**Caution** – If you change firmware without deconfiguring AP, file systems available from the new alternately-pathed controllers may not be accessible. If those file systems are required during boot, your system can become unbootable.

### AP Documentation Locations

Documentation for AP 2.0 and 2.0.1 can be found in their respective collections under Hardware -> Enterprise Servers at docs.sun.com.

AP 2.1 and 2.2, however are in the Hardware -> Solaris on Sun Hardware Answerbook collection at docs.sun.com.

AP 2.3 and 2.3.1 are in their own collections under Hardware -> Enterprise Servers.

### Known Bugs/RFEs

4361968 - panic while switching unplumbed metanetwork.

### Fixed Bugs

This section contains the synopses and Sun BugID number of the more important bugs that have been fixed since the AP 2.3 release (Solaris 8). This list does not include all of the fixed bugs.

4265982 - (RFE) an immediate switch of path using AP after DR configure forces it into a ‘T’ state.

4276330 - (RFE) AP handling for individual target failure, FC hubs/fabric, and daisy chaining.

4297492 - (RFE) hang on e3500 with mirrored internal disk pull out with ap and sds.

4342963 - read/write errors during ctrl failover w/ purple partner group or 2x2 expansion.
4347014 - Multiple ".probe" execution causes LUNs on unix host to fail with ENODEV.

4347016 - ENXIO from T3 ONLINE Master immediately after .probe initiated ctrlr failure.
Other Bugs

This section contains the synopses and Sun BugID number of the more important bugs that have been discovered regarding AP 2.3.1 and the Solaris 8 operating system. This list does not include all bugs.

Fixed Other Bugs

4295457 - ssd: serial number should be obtained from the Unit Serial Number page.

AP depends on Sun Device ID functions; specifically ddi_devid_compare(). Any device that AP supports must adequately interface with the Sun Device ID. This leads to a direct dependency on the resolution of SUNBugID 4295457. Hence, there is a dependency on three separate patches:

- Patch 105356-15 for Solaris 2.6,
- Patch 107458-09 for Solaris 7
- Patch 109524-01 for Solaris 8

You can obtain these patches from SunSolve at: http://sunsolve.sun.com.