



# SunVTS 5.1 Patch Set 3 Documentation Supplement

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Part No. 817-2116-10  
July 2003, Revision A

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# Introduction

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This manual is a supplement to the SunVTS™ 5.1 documentation and describes new features, tests, and test enhancements that are developed in the SunVTS 5.1 Patch Set releases. The new features, tests, and test enhancements included in this document are provided in the SunVTS 5.1 Patch Set 3 (PS3) software that is distributed on the Solaris Software Supplement CD.

For overall SunVTS features, test configuration modes, interfaces, and options refer to the *SunVTS 5.1 User's Guide*. Refer to the *SunVTS 5.1 Test Reference Manual* for detailed information on SunVTS test software and the full collection of tests released with SunVTS 5.1.

The new features of the SunVTS software introduced in SunVTS 5.1 Patch Set releases are described in Chapter 2.

The following tests are introduced in the SunVTS 5.1 PS3 release:

- Chip Multiprocessor Test (`cmptest`), described in Chapter 3.
- Level 2 Cache Test (`l2sramtest`), described in Chapter 4.

The following tests are enhanced in the SunVTS 5.1 PS3 release:

- Disk and Floppy Drives Test (`disktest`), described in Chapter 5.
- Floating Point Unit Test (`disktest`), described in Chapter 6.
- Multiprocessor Test (`mpptest`), described in Chapter 7.
- Physical Memory Test (`pmemtest`), described in Chapter 8.
- Virtual Memory Test (`vmemtest`), described in Chapter 9.

The following tests were introduced or enhanced in previous SunVTS 5.1 Patch Set releases:

- Ethernet Loopback Test (`netlbttest`), described Chapter 10.
- Alarm Card 2 Test (`alarm2test`), described in Chapter 11.
- Sun™ XVR-1200 Graphics Accelerator Test (`jfbttest`), described in Chapter 12.
- Sun™ XVR-100 Graphics Accelerator Test (`pfbttest`), described in Chapter 13.
- Sun™ XVR-4000 Graphics Accelerator Test (`zulutest`), described in Chapter 14.

- System Test (*sytest*), described in Chapter 15.
- Blade Support Chip Test (*bsctest*), described in Chapter 16.
- Environmental Test (*env6test*), described in Chapter 17.
- I2C Inter-Integrated Circuit Test (*i2c2test*), described in Chapter 18.
- Integer Unit Test (*iutest*), described in Chapter 19.
- System Service Processor Test (*ssptest*), described in Chapter 20.

---

**Note** – The System Service Processor test (*ssptest*) was previously titled the Remote System Control test (*rsctest*) in SunVTS 5.1. The reason for this change is that this test now supports Advanced Lights-Out Management hardware in addition to both Remote System Control 1.0 and 2.0 hardware.

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## New SunVTS Features

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This chapter describes new features and user interface enhancements that are developed in Patch Set releases of SunVTS software.

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### Installing SunVTS Software

There are two ways to install SunVTS software from the Solaris Software Supplement CD:

- Solaris Web Start 2.0
- `pkgadd`

### Before Installing SunVTS Software

If you installed SunVTS software from a previous release, you should remove all packages associated with that release before installing the new SunVTS software. Remove the old SunVTS packages with the same method you installed the packages.

If you installed SunVTS using Web Start 2.0, you must also remove the software using Web Start 2.0. If you installed SunVTS with the `pkgadd` command, you must also remove the software with the `pkgrm` command.

### Installing SunVTS Software Using Solaris Web Start 2.0

You can use Solaris Web Start 2.0 to install SunVTS software after you have installed the Solaris operating environment.

## ▼ To Install SunVTS Software Using Solaris Web Start 2.0

### 1. Insert the Solaris Software Supplement CD into your CD ROM drive.

If your system is running Sun Enterprise Volume Manager™, it should automatically mount the CD-ROM to the `/cdrom/cdrom0` directory.

If your system is not running Sun Enterprise Volume Manager, mount the CD-ROM as follows:

```
# mount -F hsfs -o ro /dev/dsk/c0t6d0s2 /cdrom
```

### 2. In a terminal window, type:

```
# cd /cdrom/cdrom0  
# ./installer
```

### 3. When the Solaris Web Start GUI is displayed, select Next.

### 4. Select Default Install or Custom Install from the Solaris Web Start GUI.

- a. If you want to install all of the default installed software, select Default Install, then select Next. SunVTS software is installed by default if you select Default Install. See the Solaris Sun Hardware Platform Guide for a list of what software is installed by default.
- b. If you only want to install some of the software products, select Custom Install, then select Next. Select the software you want to install, then select Next.

## To Remove SunVTS Software Using Solaris Web Start 2.0

Use the Product Registry utility (`/usr/bin/prodreg`) and select the product to be removed.

## Installing and Removing SunVTS Software Using the `pkgadd` and `pkgrm` Commands

Refer to the *SunVTS 5.1 User's Guide* for details on using the `pkgadd` and `pkgrm` commands to install and remove SunVTS software.

---

## Parallel Exclusive Mode

In SunVTS 5.1 Patch Set 3 and later releases, a certain number of instances of `fptest` may run in Exclusive mode in parallel. Note that no two disparate tests may run in Exclusive mode at the same time. However, the same test can run in parallel on different devices in Exclusive mode. This test based parallelism is currently available for only the `fptest`. The concurrency of `fptest` in Exclusive mode is dynamically set with the optimal value based on system resources and is not user configurable. For all other tests, it is not executed in parallel even if the device has multiple instances; instead, they are executed in sequence.

---

## Schedule Manager

This section describes how to use the Schedule Manager, which is a new feature introduced in SunVTS 5.1 Patch Set 2 (PS2). The Schedule Manager is designed to be used with the SunVTS graphical user interface from the Common Desktop Environment (CDE). For details on how to start the SunVTS graphical interface, refer to the *SunVTS 5.1 User's Guide*.

The Schedule Manager allows you to create schedules to perform tests at a specific time, periodically, at intervals, or on kernel idle. You can configure schedules to perform tests with standard options or an option file. If errors occur when running a schedule, the Schedule Manager indicates the cause.

The Schedule Manager allows you to configure a schedule to switch from one test mode to another at a specific time. Additionally, you can specify the duration to run the schedule or specify unlimited; the default is one hour. The schedule will run until all tests are run as per configuration or the specified time, whichever is less.

Schedules can be performed in the standard SunVTS kernel state. If the SunVTS kernel is not running, the Schedule Manager can invoke a SunVTS kernel session at a scheduled time. With the Schedule Manager you can also force a start of a schedule and stop the currently running schedule at a specified time.

## Configuring Schedules

The Schedule Manager allows you to create, edit, and delete schedules. Creating a new schedule requires selecting standard options or an option file. You must save schedules with a unique name. `None` and `Untitled` cannot be used as schedule

names. If you try to save a new schedule or modify an existing one with a name already in use, the Schedule Manager will prompt you before overwriting. You can also view the details of all of the schedules in the SunVTS graphical interface.

## Configuring Schedules With the SunVTS CDE User Interface

From the main SunVTS Diagnostic window, select *Scheduler*→*Schedule Manager*→*Create Schedule* to bring up the Schedule Manager dialog box for creating, editing, or deleting schedules. Only one schedule can be run at a time. You can remove the currently running schedule and all schedules in the scheduler queue by selecting *Scheduler*→*Schedule Manager*→*Clean All* from the main window. The main SunVTS Diagnostic window indicates the currently running schedule.

To reach the Schedule Manager dialog box below, select *Scheduler*→*Schedule Manager*→*Create Schedule* from the main SunVTS Diagnostic window. A list of the existing schedules and the standard options are displayed.

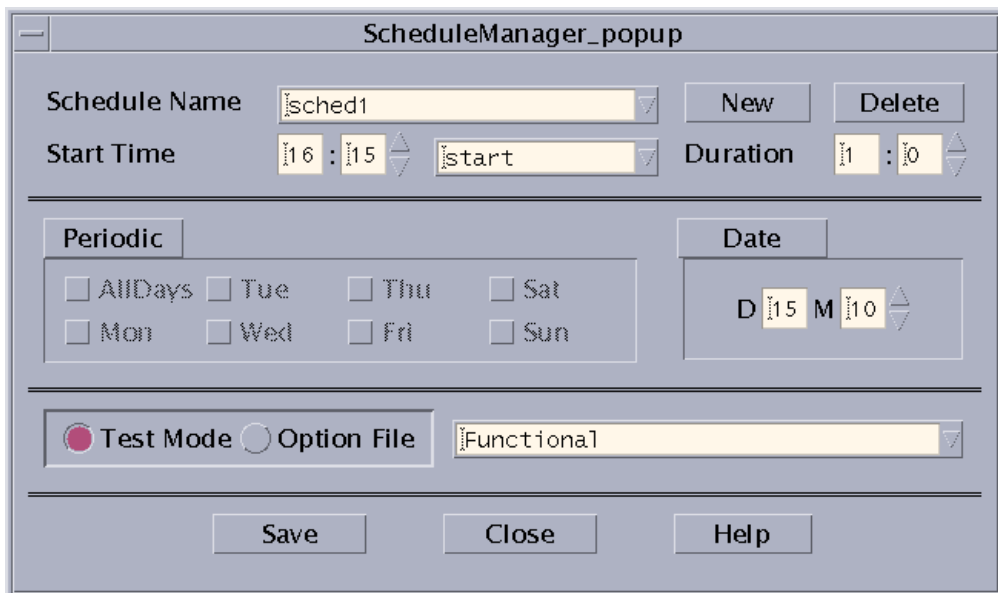


FIGURE 2-1 Schedule Manager Dialog Box

The following table describes the options listed in the Schedule Manager dialog box:

**TABLE 2-1** Schedule Manager Options

<b>CDE Interface Options</b>	<b>Description</b>
Schedule Name	Allows you to enter the name for which the current schedule will be saved. Also allows you to select and bring up existing schedules for editing from the drop-down menu.
New	Creates a new schedule with the default options.
Delete	Deletes the selected schedule that is registered with the kernel.
Start Time	Allows you to specify the time for a schedule to start.
Duration	Allows you to specify the duration to run the schedule. The default is one hour.
Periodic	Allows you to run the schedule periodically and select what days of the week you want to run the schedule. You can also select <i>All Days</i> .
Date	Allows you to specify a date that you want the schedule to start.
Test Mode or Option File	Selecting Test Mode allows you to specify which SunVTS test mode you want to use in the drop-down menu. Selecting Option File allows you to select an option file from the drop-down menu.
Save	Saves and registers the schedule to the kernel and <code>crontab</code> .
Clean All	This option can be selected from the main SunVTS Diagnostic window. This option removes the currently running schedule and all schedules in the scheduler queue.

To bring up an existing schedule for viewing or editing, select a schedule in the *Schedule Name* drop-down menu, or enter the name of a schedule in the field.





## Chip Multiprocessor Test (`cmptest`)

---

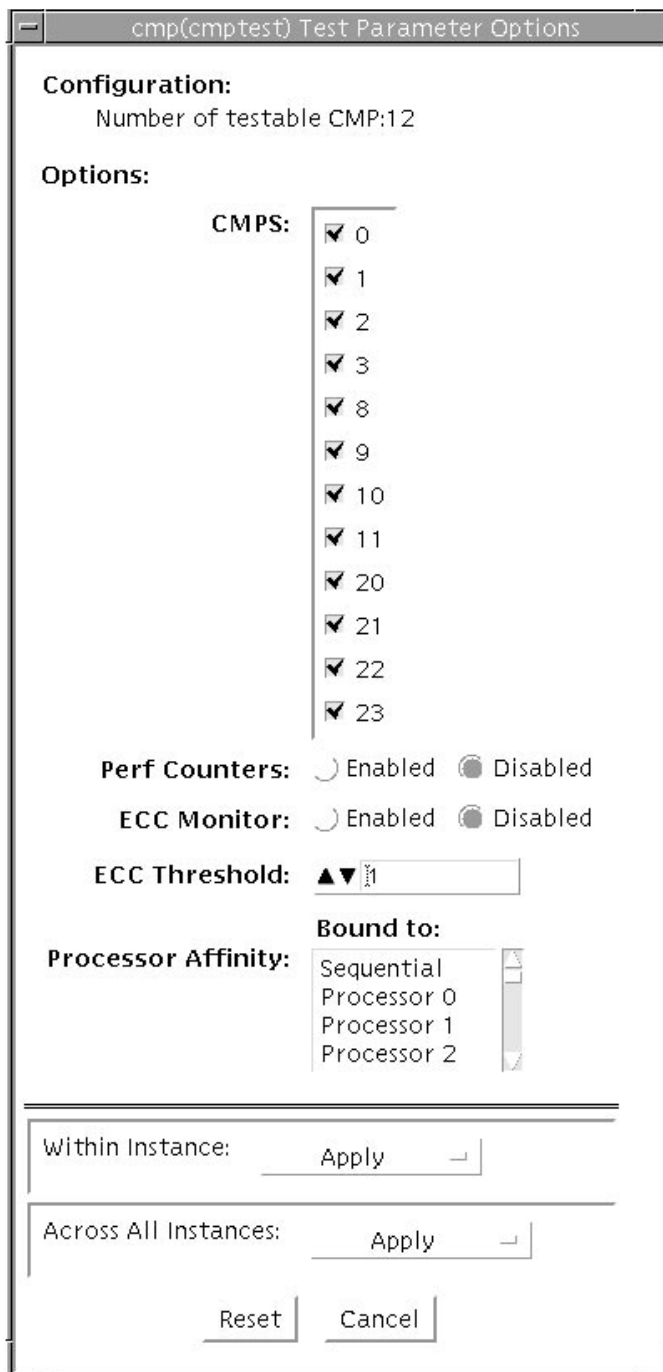
`cmptest` verifies the proper functioning of the multiprocessor hardware with multiple cores in one CPU. `cmptest` tests the path between the cores on the same CPU in addition to performing CPU specific testing. `cmptest` uses the Cache Coherence, Shared Memory, and RAM subtests. The Cache Coherence subtest is used to test the coherence among all of the Cores in a CMP (Chip Multiprocessor). The Shared Memory subtest is used to test the shared memory among all the cores in a CMP. The RAM subtest is used to test the memory. The RAM subtest covers TLB, MMU, and bus balancing.

Only one `cmptest` is registered and `cmptest` is present under the logical name Processor(s). There is no physical name provided. The probe routine of `cmptest` probes all CMPs in which at least two cores are online.

---

### `cmptest` Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.



**FIGURE 3-1** cmpctest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

The processors that can be tested are listed in the Configuration area of the menu. You can enable or disable the multiprocessing test for individual processors on this menu.

The options listed in TABLE 3-1 can be run alone or concurrently with other options.

**TABLE 3-1** `cmptest` Options

<code>cmptest</code> Options	Description
CMPS	You can test specific CMPs by clicking Select on the check boxes to enable or disable each CMP. A check mark indicates the CMP is enabled for testing. The default setting is all CMPs enabled.
Perf Counters	By default performance monitoring is "Disabled". When performance monitoring is "Enabled" tests print memory bandwidth achieved while testing. Right now only ram subtest has the counters built in. Bandwidth calculations assume that all banks corresponding to all cpus are present and had same number of reads and writes. (Note: Perfcounter monitoring can be done on SUNW,UltraSPARC-IV processors, If user tries to enable perfCounter, and perfcouneters are not supported ,on cpus the appropriate warning message is displayed, with disabling the perfcounter.)
ECC Monitor	This option is used to Enable or Disable ECC error monitoring. The default option is Disabled.
ECC Threshold	Range is [0-255].This determines how many correctable ECC errors occurred in the elapsed time before cmptest reports a test failure. The default threshold value is 1.

---

## cmptest Test Modes

**TABLE 3-2** cmptest Supported Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Functional	The Functional test mode is supported.
Exclusive	Performs the full test.

---

## cmptest Command-Line Syntax

For 32-bit configurations:

```
/opt/SUNWvts/bin/cmptest standard_arguments  
-o cmpts=0+1+2..., em=Enabled\Disabled, threshold=[0-255], perf=  
Enabled\Disabled
```

For 64-bit configurations:

```
/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/cmptest standard_arguments  
-o cmpts=0+1+2..., em=Enabled\Disabled, threshold=[0-255], perf=  
Enabled\Disabled
```

**TABLE 3-3** cmptest Command-Line Syntax

Arguments	Description
<b>cmpts</b> =0+1+2...	0, 1, 2... mentions the CPU ID of any one Core of the CMPs to be tested. To display on GUI, CPU ID of Core 0 will be taken as the identifier for a CMP. For displaying the Error/INFO/LOG messages, the CPU ID of the core 0 is used.

**TABLE 3-3** `cmpctest` Command-Line Syntax

Arguments	Description
<code>em=Enabled Disabled</code>	This option is used to Enable or Disable ECC error monitoring. The default value is Disabled.
<code>threshold=[0-255]</code>	The range is [0-255]. This determines how many correctable ECC errors can occur in the elapsed time before <code>cmpctest</code> reports a test failure. The default value is 1.
<code>perf=Enabled Disabled</code>	By default performance monitoring is <i>Disabled</i> . When performance monitoring is <i>Enabled</i> tests print memory bandwidth achieved while testing. Only the RAM subtest has the counters built in. Bandwidth calculations assume that all banks corresponding to all CPUs are present and have the same number of reads and writes.  Note: Perfcounter monitoring can be done on SUNW, UltraSPARC IV processors. If you try to enable <code>perfCounter</code> , and the <code>perfcounters</code> are not supported on the CPUs, the appropriate warning message is displayed and the <code>perfcounter</code> is disabled.

---

**Note** – 64-bit tests are located in the `sparcv9` subdirectory:

`/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname`, or the relative path to which you installed *SunVTS*. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to the “32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests” section of the *SunVTS 5.1 Test Reference Manual* (816-5145-10).

---



## Level 2 Cache Test (`l2sramtest`)

---

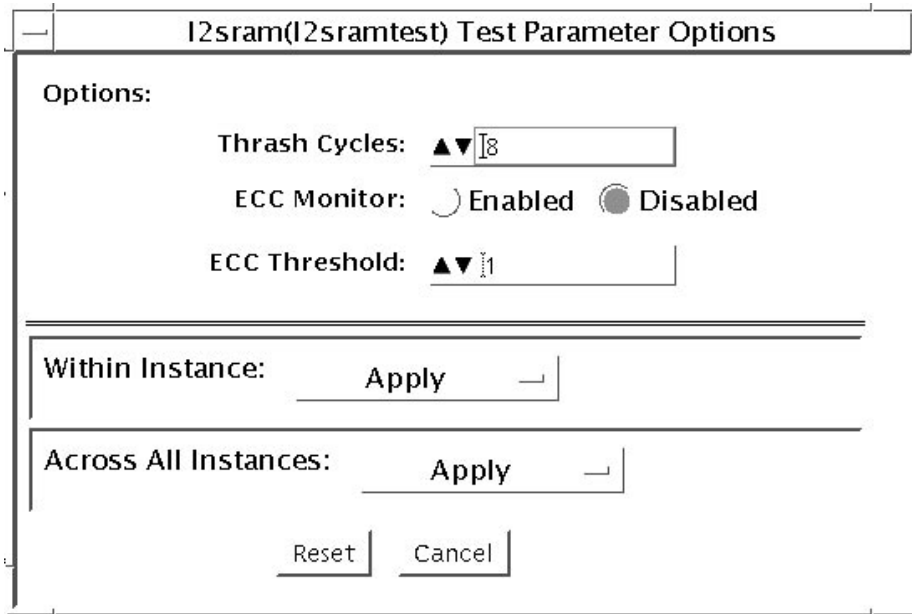
`l2sramtest` exercises the level2 cache in the CPU module of Sun systems. In most CPUs, the level2 cache is also the external cache, but in some cases the level2 cache is on the chip. This test writes, reads, and verifies access of multiple virtual addresses. This test contains multiple subtests that try to exercise the l2cache by causing hits/misses, performing marching patterns on the l2cache cells, and writing patterns that cause electrical stress.

`l2sramtest` is self scaling and adaptive. It scales with the size of the system. It will automatically retrieve the number of CPUs in the system and internally create that many threads of `l2sramtest` to give coverage to the whole system at a given time. This test also dynamically determines the size and organization of the l2cache. The user does not have to input these values.

---

### `l2sramtest` Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.



**FIGURE 4-1** l2sramtest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

**TABLE 4-1** l2sramtest Options

Option	Description
Thrash Cycles	Specifies the number of thrashing cycles the test completes for the level2 cache on the system. The default value is 8.
ECC Error Monitor	Specifies whether the error monitoring should be on or off. The error monitor monitors the <code>/var/adm/messages</code> file for failure messages which could be caused due to the test. The default value is OFF.
Threshold	Specifies the threshold value of the number of errors after which the test would register an error. This argument is only applicable if the Error Monitor option is ON. The errors that come on the <code>/var/adm/messages</code> could be correctable error, that is why the threshold value is provided for the user to give a facility to ignore the errors if they are below the threshold value. The default value is 1.

**Note** – The `l2sramtest` automatically handles processor binding. Users are advised to not use the Processor Affinity option for the `l2sramtest`.



---

# l2sramtest Test Modes

**TABLE 4-2** l2sramtest Supported Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Connection	Performs the Connection subtest.
Exclusive	Performs only the l2sramtest (full test).

---

# l2sramtest Command-Line Syntax

```
/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/l2sramtest -standard_arguments -o [dev=l2sram, count=[1...1023], em=[Enabled,Disabled], threshold=[0..255]]
```

---

**Note** – The l2sramtest is not a per CPU test. There will be only one l2sramtest for the whole system (one image of Solaris). It will run on all the CPUs of the domain.

---

**TABLE 4-3** l2sramtest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
<b>dev=l2sram</b>	Specifies the device. The default value is l2sram.
<b>count=number</b>	Specifies the number of thrashing cycles that the test completes for the level2 cache on the system. Default value for Offline mode is 8.
<b>em=Enabled/Disabled</b>	Specifies the enabling or disabling of the ECC Error Monitor. The default value is Disabled.
<b>threshold=number</b>	Specifies the threshold value of how many correctable ECC errors can occur in the elapsed time before l2sramtest reports a test failure. The default value is 1.



## Disk and Floppy Drives Test (disktest)

---

`disktest` verifies the functionality of hard drives and diskette drives using three subtests (see TABLE 5-1): Media, File System, and Asynchronous I/O. Most disk drives, such as SCSI disks, native or SCSI floppy disks, IPI, and so on, are supported. The type of drive being tested is displayed at the top of the Test Parameter Options dialog box.

The `disktest` Test Parameter Options dialog box shows all the partitions that are available for testing. The file System subtest can only be run if the selected partition is mounted (described below). The WriteRead option of the Media subtest is allowed only if a selected partition is *not* mounted.

---

### disktest Test Requirements

By default, `disktest` does not mount any partitions. To have SunVTS pre-mount all mountable partitions, set the environment variable `BYPASS_FS_PROBE` to 0 (zero) before starting SunVTS. Pre-mounting can be disabled by unsetting `BYPASS_FS_PROBE` or changing it to a value other than 0 (zero).

The mount point used by `disktest` is the word `disktest` appended by the name of the disk partition. For example, if the disk partition name is `/dev/dsk/c0t3d0s0`, `disktest` mounts it as superuser under the name `/disktest_c0t3d0s0`.



---

**Caution** – If a power failure occurs OR if the `disktest` is terminated abruptly while the Media subtest is running in WriteRead mode, disk data may be corrupted.

---



---

**Caution** – Running the Media substest on a disk partition in the WriteRead mode may cause data corruption if the same partition is being used by other applications. Please run SunVTS in the offline mode only when there are no other applications running.

---

disktest tests the floppy drive regardless of whether the Volume Management software is running or not. The following mount point names are used:

- If the Volume Management software *is* running, disktest tests the disk drive with the mount point name in the /etc/mnttab file.
- If the Volume Management software *is not* running, disktest tests the disk drive with the device name dev=/dev/diskette. Do not edit the /etc/vold.conf file to change the diskette drives. Currently, the SunVTS software is hard-coded to use these path names as the default logic names.

Loading an option file (refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for option file details) that was created when BYPASS\_FS\_PROBE was set to 0 (zero) might not work if the BYPASS\_FS\_PROBE environment variable is no longer set to 0. Testing may fail with the following error:

```
SUNWvts.disktest.8088 07/24/98 15:47:22 disktest c0t0d0 FATAL:
"Couldn't get file system information on /disktest_s0t0d0s0,
statvfs() system call failure error: No such file or directory.
```

This error is caused when SunVTS expects to use the predefined mount point names that are created when BYPASS\_FS\_PROBE is set to 0 (zero), but these mount points do not exist while BYPASS\_FS\_PROBE is not set to 0.

To use option files with disktest, create two separate option files for the two different states of the BYPASS\_FS\_PROBE environment variable.

When a large number of disktest instances are run in write/read mode, tests might fail with messages similar to the following.

```
03/22/03 03:33:40 ctech140 SunVTS5.1ps2: VTSID 8011 disktest.FATAL
c1t0d0: "Failed lock mtab semaphore. "semop" system call failure,
errmsg: Invalid argument." Probable_Cause(s): <disktest instances
exceeds system semaphore operation limitation (default system
limit for seminfo_semmnu = 30)><System software error>
Recommended_Action(s): <Add the line "set semsys:seminfo_semmnu=
0x100" to your /etc/system file and reboot the machine> <If the
problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
```

To avoid this issue, add the following entry to the `/etc/system` file and reboot the system.

```
set semsys:seminfo_semmnu=0x100
```

---

## disktest Subtests

The following table describes the `disktest` subtests:

**TABLE 5-1** `disktest` Subtests

Subtest	Description
Media subtest	<p>The Media subtest verifies the disk media by allowing users to run <code>disktest</code> in different modes such as <code>ReadOnly</code>, <code>ReadCompare</code>, and <code>WriteRead</code>. The Media subtest treats the disk partition as one large chunk of contiguous data.</p> <p>In the <code>WriteRead</code> mode, all instances of <code>disktest</code> communicate through a shared memory service to ensure that they do not overlay the same disk area at the same time. This avoids data corruption.</p> <p>Each of the above three modes could run two different methods of disk testings. These are <code>Synchronous I/O</code> and <code>Asynchronous I/O</code>.</p> <p><code>SyncIO</code>: Test reads and writes data using <code>Read/Write</code> system calls in a sequential fashion until the specified percentage of media is covered.</p> <p><code>AsyncIO</code>: Test reads and writes data using <code>aio</code> library calls such as <code>aioread()</code>, <code>aiowrite()</code> until the specified percentage of media is covered. <code>aiowait()</code> is used to synchronize <code>aio</code> operations.</p>

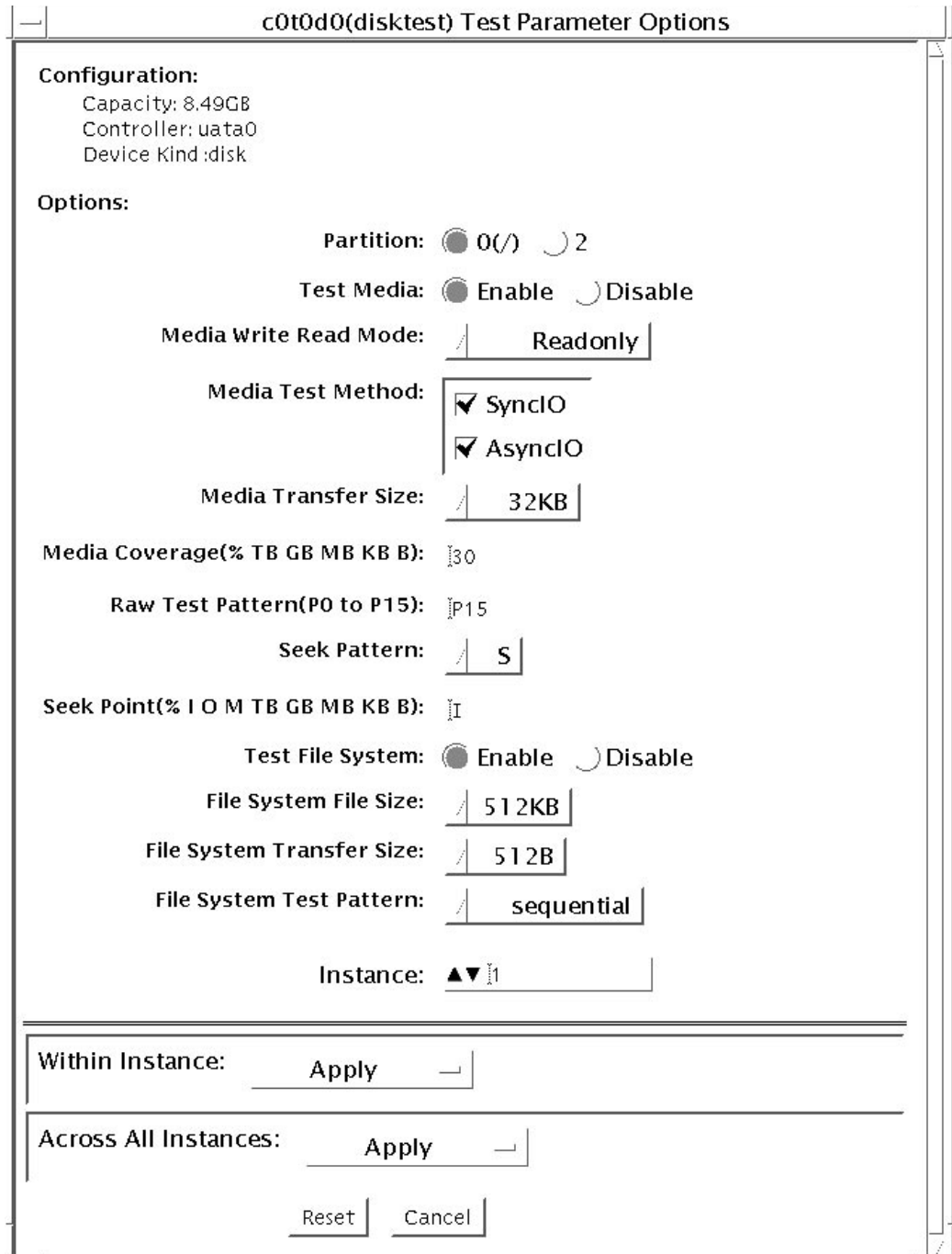
**TABLE 5-1** disktest Subtests

Subtest	Description
File System subtest	The File system subtest is used to verify the disk file system integrity. It exercises mounted disk partitions carrying the file system. By default, the test only runs on system-mounted partitions, it does not pre-mount any additional partitions. If you want SunVTS to pre-mount all of the unmounted partitions which have a file system, you have to set the environment variable <code>BYPASS_FS_PROBE</code> to '0' (zero). The test creates two temporary files of the size specified by File System File Size, writes the data patterns and compares the two files against each other.
Self subtest	This test is run as part of the Media subtest. You can not enable or disable this subtest. It is performed in Functional test mode only. This subtest instructs the disk to run its internal diagnostics. A failure in the Self subtest indicates a hardware problem with the actual device under test.
Write/Read disk buffer subtest	This test is run as part of the Media subtest. You can not enable or disable this subtest. It is performed in Functional test mode only. This subtest verifies the Write/Read buffer for the disk.  This subtest uses the pattern specified for the Media subtest or the default pattern to write a defined number of iterations to the Write/Read buffer. A failure in the Write/Read buffer subtest indicates a problem in the upstream component and not with the actual test disk.

---

## disktest Test Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.



**FIGURE 5-1** disktest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

The following table describes the `disktest` option menu for different test modes.

**TABLE 5-2** `disktest` Configurations and Options

<code>disktest</code> Options	Description
Partition	Displays the partition for the Media subtest. If a partition is mounted, its mount point is appended after the partition number, such as <code>1(/usr)</code> , where 1 is the partition number, and <code>"/usr"</code> is the mount point.
Test Media	Enable or Disable the media subtest.
Media Write Read Mode	Selects Read-Only or Compare after Read or Read after Write.
Media Test Method	Selects the Media Test Methods (SyncIO and AsyncIO).
Media Coverage (% TB, GB, MB, KB, B)	Enables users to test all or part of a partition (in percentage or in any of TB, GB, MB, KB, B units)
Raw Test Pattern (P0 to P15)	Enables user to specify the write, read pattern. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• P0 – Low Frequency Pattern</li> <li>• P1 – Low Transition Density Pattern</li> <li>• P2 – High Transition Density Pattern</li> <li>• P3 – Compliant Jitter Pattern</li> <li>• P4 – Compliant Jitter: RPAT</li> <li>• P5 – Compliant Jitter: CRPAT</li> <li>• P6 – Compliant Jitter: JTPAT</li> <li>• P7 – Compliant Jitter: CJTPAT</li> <li>• P8 – Compliant Jitter: SPAT</li> <li>• P9 – Compliant Jitter: CSPAT</li> <li>• P10 – 8 Bit Cable Pattern</li> <li>• P11 – 16 Bit Cable Pattern</li> <li>• P12 – 8 Bit Xtalk Pattern</li> <li>• P13 – 16 Bit Xtalk Pattern</li> <li>• P14 – MFM Pattern</li> <li>• P15 – Generic Test Patterns</li> </ul>
Seek Pattern	Enables specifying the pattern of the disk head movement. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• S – Sequential</li> <li>• SR – Sequential Reverse</li> <li>• LS – Low Power Sequential</li> <li>• R – Random</li> <li>• LB – Low Power Butterfly</li> <li>• LR – Low Power Reverse Butterfly</li> <li>• AB – Actuator Butterfly</li> <li>• AR – Actuator Reverse Butterfly</li> </ul>



**TABLE 5-2** disktest Configurations and Options *(Continued)*

<b>disktest Options</b>	<b>Description</b>
Seek Point (% , I, O, M, TB, GB, MB, KB, B)	Enables specifying the seek point offset for the I/O. You can specify the offset in percentage or any of TB, GB, MB, KB, B or and I, M, O; that is, Initial, Middle), Outer.
Media Transfer Size	Displays the transfer size of the media subtest.
Test File System	Selects the File System subtest.
File System File Size	Specifies the size for each of the two temporary files for File System testing.
File System Transfer Size	Displays the transfer size of the File System subtest.
File System Test Pattern	Test pattern of File System subtest.
Connection Test for Hard Disk	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Option Menu for hard disk partition—0 - 7 [default]</li><li>• Test Media—[Enable] (fixed to Enable)</li><li>• Media Write Read Mode—[Read Only] (fixed to Read Only)</li><li>• Media Test Method-[SyncIO] (fixed to SyncIO)</li><li>• Media Coverage(%)—1</li><li>• Media Transfer Size—[2 KB]</li><li>• Test File System—[Disable] (fixed to Disable)</li></ul>

**TABLE 5-2** disktest Configurations and Options (Continued)

disktest Options	Description
Online Mode for Hard Disk	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Partition—0 - 7 [default]</li> <li>• Test Media—[Enable] [Disable]</li> <li>• Test Mode—[Read-only~] (fixed to Read-only)</li> <li>• Media Coverage (% TB GB MB KB B)—[10~] (fixed to 10%)</li> <li>• Media Transfer Size—[2KB~] (fixed to 2 KB)</li> <li>• Test File System—[Disable~] (fixed to Disable)</li> <li>• Media Test Method—[SyncIO] [AsyncIO]</li> <li>• Raw Test Pattern—[P15~] (fixed to P15)</li> <li>• Seek Pattern—[S~] (fixed to S)</li> <li>• Seek Point (% TB GB MB KB B)—[I~] (fixed to I)</li> </ul>
Functional Test for Hard Disk	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Partition—0 - 7 [default]</li> <li>• Test Media—[Enable] [Disable]</li> <li>• Media Write Read Mode—[Readonly] [CompareRead] [WriteRead]</li> <li>• Media Test method—[SyncIO] [AsyncIO]</li> <li>• Media Coverage (% TB, GB, MB, KB, B)</li> <li>• Raw Test Pattern (P0 to P15)</li> <li>• Media Transfer Size—[2KB] [16KB] [32KB] [64KB] [128KB] [256KB] [512KB]</li> <li>• Test File System—[Enable] [Disable]</li> <li>• File System File Size—[512KB] [2MB] [8MB] [20MB] [100MB] [200MB]</li> <li>• File System Transfer Size—[512B] [1024B] [10KB] [40KB] [80KB]</li> <li>• File System Test Pattern—[sequential] [0x00000000] [0xffffffff] [0x5aa55aa5] [0xdb6db6db] [random]</li> <li>• Seek Pattern —[S~] (fixed to S)</li> <li>• Seek Point (% TB GB MB KB B)—[I~] (fixed to I)</li> </ul>
Functional Test for Floppy Disk	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (under Other-Devices group)—partition: 0 - 7 [default]</li> <li>• Test Media—[Enable] [Disable]</li> <li>• Media Write Read Mode—[Read-only] [BackupWriteRead]</li> <li>• Media Test Method—[SyncIO] [AsyncIO]</li> <li>• Media Coverage (% TB, GB, MB, KB, B)</li> <li>• Raw Test Pattern (P0 to P15)</li> <li>• Media Transfer Size—[2KB] [10KB] [20KB]</li> <li>• Test File System—[Enable] [Disable]</li> <li>• Floppy File Size— [100KB] [200KB]</li> <li>• Floppy Transfer Size—[512B] [1024B] [10KB]</li> <li>• File System Test Pattern—[sequential] [0x00000000] [0xffffffff] [0x5aa55aa5] [0xdb6db6db] [random]</li> </ul>

---

# disktest Test Modes

**TABLE 5-3** disktest Supported Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Connection	Only one instance of <code>disktest</code> (which monitors UNIX error messages) is allowed for each disk device. <code>disktest</code> displays messages and reports errors. The test also opens the hard disk, checks the disk configuration, reads a few blocks, and then closes the hard disk. No File System subtest is run. No Write option is available in Connection test mode.
Functional	<p>More than one instance of <code>disktest</code> is allowed for one disk device. The File System subtest, Media subtests, and floppy test can be run in Functional test mode.</p> <p>In Functional mode, <code>disktest</code> performs two additional subtests (Self subtest and Write/Read device buffer subtest) for enclosures.</p> <p>These two additional subtests help in isolating the errors and are completed before <code>disktest</code> continues with the Media subtest or File System subtest.</p> <p>In Functional test mode, <code>disktest</code> also monitors enclosures by checking for errors in the Read link status counters and issues a warning if any errors are detected.</p>
Online	SunVTS <code>disktest</code> runs the Read Only <code>rawtest</code> with fixed transfer size and fixed <code>rawtest</code> pattern. Both SyncIO and AsyncIO test methods are available. The File system subtest is disabled in the Online test mode. Only one <code>disktest</code> instance could be run in the Online test mode.

# disktest Command-Line Syntax

```
/opt/SUNWvts/bin/disktest standard_arguments -o partition=<0-7>  
“(mount_point)”,rawsub=E|D,rawrw=Readonly|CompareRead|WriteRead,  
rawiosize=n,rawcover=n,method=AsyncIO+SyncIO,fssub=E|D,fssize=n,  
fsiosize=n,fspattern=data_pattern,dev=device_name,rawpattern=<P|0x<8  
number pattern>{0|1|2|3|4|5|6|8|9|10|11|12|13|14|15}
```

TABLE 5-4 disktest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
<b>partition=&lt;0-7&gt;</b> “(mount_point)”	Specifies the partition number as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>n</i>—is the partition number (slice number), usually 0-7</li><li>• <i>mount_point</i>—is the mount point for the mounted partition that you plan to test</li></ul> For example: <b>partition=6</b> “(export)”
<b>rawsub=</b> E(nable) D(isable)	Enables or disables the Media subtest. For example: <b>rawsub= Enable</b>
<b>rawrw=</b> Readonly CompareRead WriteRead	Specifies the Media subtest Read, Compare, and Write mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Read only</li><li>• Read twice, Compare (works only with SyncIO method)</li><li>• Write, Read, Compare, Restore</li></ul> For example: <b>rawrw=ReadOnly</b>
<b>method=AsyncIO+SyncIO</b>	Specifies the Media access method. You can choose to use either or both methods . If you use both access methods together, you must insert a '+' between the two: AsyncIO: Runs the asynchronous i/o test, using the async read/write feature of the Solaris disk driver SyncIO: Runs the synchronous i/o test. For example: <b>method=AsyncIO</b>
<b>rawcover=n</b>	Specifies media coverage from 0-100 (percentage) of the partition. Media Coverage can also be specified in units: TB, GB, MB, KB and B. For example: <b>rawcover=40</b> OR <b>rawcover=4GB</b>

**TABLE 5-4** disktest Command-Line Syntax (Continued)

Argument	Description
<b>rawiosize=n</b>	Specifies the media size to transfer. The block size can be specified in kilobytes. For example: 2K,...512K. For example: <b>rawiosize=9</b>
<b>rawpattern=&lt;P 0x&lt;8 number pattern&gt;</b> {0 1 2 3 4 5 6 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15}	<p>rawpattern could be specified as a pre-defined pattern set, P(0-15), or an 8 digit pattern could be specified as: 0xaa55aa55+0xff00ff00+0x. The following is a description of the supported pre-defined patterns:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• P0 – Low Frequency Pattern</li> <li>• P1 – Low Transition Density Pattern</li> <li>• P2 – High Transition Density Pattern</li> <li>• P3 – Compliant Jitter Pattern</li> <li>• P4 – Compliant Jitter: RPAT</li> <li>• P5 – Compliant Jitter: CRPAT</li> <li>• P6 – Compliant Jitter: JTPAT</li> <li>• P7 – Compliant Jitter: CJTPAT</li> <li>• P8 – Compliant Jitter: SPAT</li> <li>• P9 – Compliant Jitter: CSPAT</li> <li>• P10 – 8 Bit Cable Pattern</li> <li>• P11 – 16 Bit Cable Pattern</li> <li>• P12 – 8 Bit Xtalk Pattern</li> <li>• P13 – 16 Bit Xtalk Pattern</li> <li>• P14 – MFM Pattern</li> <li>• P15 – Generic Test Patterns</li> </ul> <p>For example: <b>rawpattern=P1</b></p>
<b>seekpattern={S SR LS R LB LR A AB AR}</b>	<p>seekpattern could be specified to select the type of seek test to run on the disk drive. disktest supports the following pattern types:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• S – Sequential</li> <li>• SR – Sequential Reverse</li> <li>• LS – Low Power Sequential</li> <li>• R – Random</li> <li>• LB – Low Power Butterfly</li> <li>• LR – Low Power Reverse Butterfly</li> <li>• AB – Actuator Butterfly</li> <li>• AR – Actuator Reverse Butterfly</li> </ul> <p>For exmaple: <b>seekpattern=S</b></p>

**TABLE 5-4** disktest Command-Line Syntax (Continued)

Argument	Description
<b>seekpoint</b> = <i>i( inner)   m(iddle)   o(uter)   &lt;number&gt;{TB GB MB KB B tb gb mb kb b}</i>	seekpoint could be used to specify the starting offset of the I/O. Example: a) seekpoint= <i>I</i> , start the I/O from block 1. b) seekpoint= <i>M</i> , start the I/O from middle offset of the partition.
<b>fssub</b> = <i>E(nable)   D(isable)</i>	Enables or disables the File System subtest.
<b>fspattern</b> = <i>data_pattern</i>	Specifies the file system data pattern as sequential or random. { <i>seq(ue ntial)   0x0(0000000)   0xf(ffffff)   0xa(5a5a5a5)   0x5(a5a5a5a)   ran(dom)   0xd(b6db6db)</i> } For example: <b>fspattern</b> = <i>data_pattern</i>
<b>fssize</b> = <i>n</i>	Indicates the file system subtest size in kilobytes or megabytes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>K k KB kb</i> – kilobytes</li> <li>• <i>M m MB mb</i> – megabytes</li> </ul> 512KB 2MB  8MB  20MB 100MB 200MB
<b>fsiosize</b> = <i>n</i>	Indicates the size of the file system subtest I/O transfer in bytes or kilobytes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>B b</i> – bytes</li> <li>• <i>K k KB kb</i> – kilobytes</li> </ul> 512B 1024B 10KB 40KB 80KB
<b>dev</b> = <i>device_name</i>	Specifies the name of the disk to be tested, such as <i>c0t3d0</i> .

The following example shows how to run `disktest` on a partition "0" (which is mounted under "/") for the disk device `c0t0d0`. The media subtest is enabled in ReadOnly mode using SyncIO method. The coverage specified is 30% with 512KB transfer size. The File System subtest is disabled.

```
# /opt/SUNWvts/bin/disktest -f -o partition=0"(/)", rawsub=Enable,
rawrw=ReadOnly, method=SyncIO, rawcover=30, rawiosize=512KB,
fssub=Disable, dev=c0t0d0
```

**Note** – 64-bit tests are located in the `sparcv9` subdirectory `/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname`, or the relative path to which you installed SunVTS. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to the “32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests” section of the *SunVTS 5.1 Test Reference Manual* (816-5145-10).

## Floating Point Unit Test (`fputest`)

---

The `fputest` checks the functionality of the floating point unit in a Sun SPARC based CPU. The test verifies the functionality by various arithmetic operations. In addition, the `fputest` stresses the CPU with the use of benchmarks. Both single and double precision numbers are used for the operations.

When `fputest` is chosen in Exclusive test mode from the SunVTS graphical user interface, it may run multiple instances in parallel on different CPUs. The number of such instances that may be running in parallel at the same time is dynamically determined depending on system resources.

---

### `fputest` Subtests

Instruction tests:

- FSR Register test
- Registers test
- NACK test
- Move Registers test
- Positive to Negative test
- Negative to Positive test
- Absolute test
- Single-Precision Integer to Floating Point test
- Double-Precision Integer to Floating Point test
- Single-Precision Floating Point to Integer test
- Double-Precision Floating Point to Integer test
- Single-Precision Round Toward Zero test
- Double-Precision Round Toward Zero test
- Single to Double-Precision Format Conversion test

- Double to Single-Precision Format Conversion test
- Single and Double-Precision Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Square-root, Division, and Compare tests
- Single and Double-Precision Compare and Exception if Unordered tests
- Branching and No Branching on Condition Instructions tests
- Single and Double-Precision Chaining tests
- Weitek Status tests
- Lock test
- Single and Double-Precision Datapath tests
- Timing (load) test

Benchmark tests:

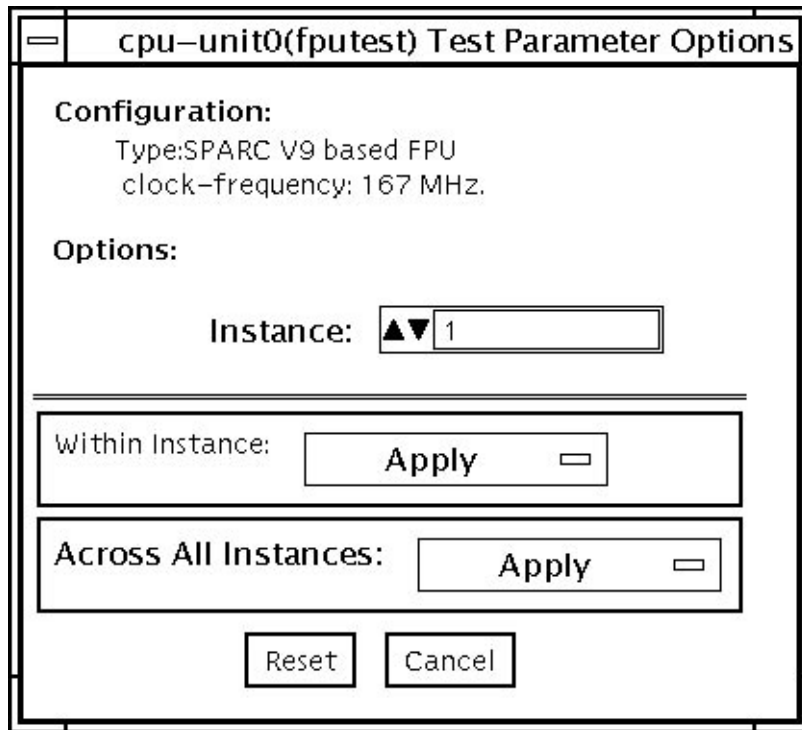
- Linpack test
- Cparanoia test
- Kcsqrt test
- Kcdiv test
- Clorenz test
- Cvector test

---

## fpctest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.





**FIGURE 6-1** fputest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

---

**Note** – It is not advisable to use the Processor Affinity option for this test. Doing so reduces the effectiveness of the test.

---

---

# fputest Test Modes

**TABLE 6-1** fputest Supported Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Connection	Includes all the instruction tests.
Functional (Offline)	Performs all the instruction tests and all the benchmark tests.
Stress mode	Performs several fpu benchmark tests.

---

# fputest Command-Line Syntax

`/opt/SUNWvts/bin/fputest` *standard\_arguments*

---

**Note** – 64-bit tests are located in the `sparcv9` subdirectory: `/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname`. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to “32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests” on page 3.

---

## Multiprocessor Test (mptest)

---

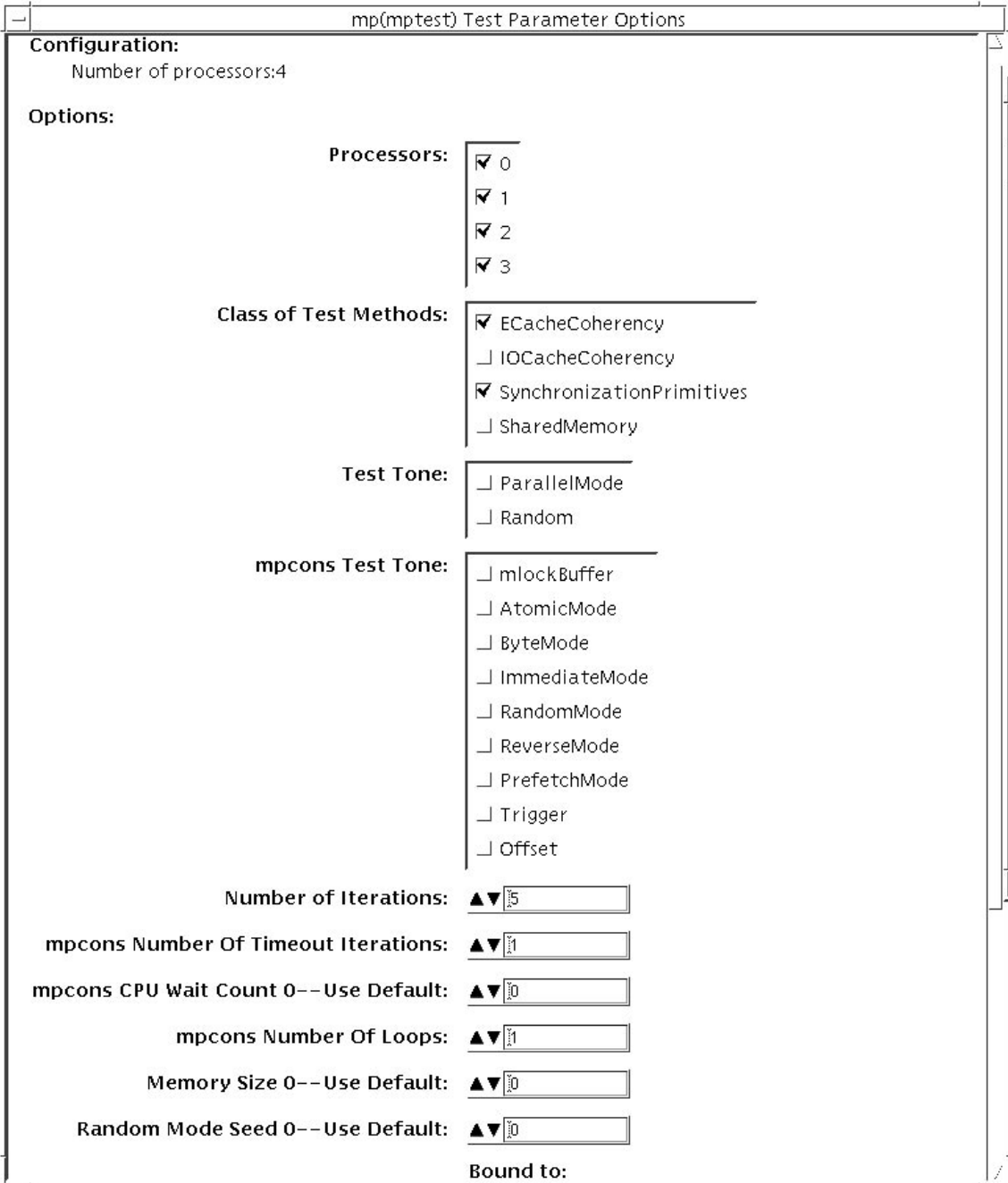
The `mptest` verifies the hardware functionality of multiprocessor hardware. The test provides diagnostic test coverage for different aspects of multiprocessor functionality like E-Cache Coherency, Synchronization Primitives, I/O Cache Coherency and Shared Memory.

The `mptest` is adaptive to different cache size and line sizes. The test causes cache coherency operations for E-Cache and I/O Cache. It also tests the synchronization primitives provided by the `sparcv8/sparcv9` architecture.

---

### mptest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.



**FIGURE 7-1** mptest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

The processors that can be tested are listed in the Configuration area of the menu. You can enable or disable the multiprocessing test for individual processors on this menu.

The options listed in TABLE 7-1 can be run alone or concurrently with other options.

**TABLE 7-1** `mpctest` Options

<code>mpctest</code> Options	Description
Processors	<p>This option can be used to select the CPU IDs for which to run this test. The test will use all CPUs on the system by default. Hence, this parameter is optional.</p> <p>The CPU IDs currently present in the system can be retrieved with the <code>psrinfo(1M)</code> command.</p> <p>Specifying a CPU ID not present in the system or one which is currently offline induces an appropriate error message from the test.</p>
Class of Test Methods	<p>The Multiprocessor (MP) functionality consists of different components. A class of test method is used to specify the functionality of the MP system to be tested. Currently, the Class-of-Test methods supported by <code>mpctest</code> are: E-CacheCoherency, IOCacheCoherency, SynchronizationPrimitives, and SharedMemory.</p> <p>This option can be used to selectively test one or more of the MP functions. If you do not specify the class of test methods, E-CacheConsistency and SynchronizationPrimitives are selected by default.</p>
Test Tone	<p>A test tone is a different way of executing the same test. Selecting a different test tone will exercise and test the MP functionality in a slightly different manner.</p> <p>The tone option can be used to select the test tone for the test. The supported test tones are: Random and Parallel mode.</p> <p>The "Random" test tone introduces some randomness in testing. The "ParallelTone" implies that the tests perform parallel operations (like write) on different CPUs at the same time.</p> <p>This tone option is optional.</p> <p>If you do not specify any option, then the test assumes a normal tone of testing.</p>

**TABLE 7-1** `mpctest` Options (Continued)

<code>mpctest</code> Options	Description
<code>mpcons</code> Test Tone	<p>This option is used to select the tone for <code>mpconstest</code> cases in the <code>mpctest</code>. These are options directly from the <code>mpconstest</code>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The descriptions from the <code>mpconstest</code> options are as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><code>mlockBuffer</code> – Lock the shared buffer in</li> <li><code>memoryAtomicMode</code> – Enable Atomic mode</li> <li><code>ByteMode</code> – Enable Byte mode</li> <li><code>ImmediateMode</code> – Enable Immediate</li> <li><code>modeRandomMode</code> – Enable Random Mode</li> <li><code>ReverseMode</code> – Reverse direction to decrement through memory</li> <li><code>PrefetchMode</code> – Enable use of V9 prefetch instructions</li> <li><code>Trigger</code> – Enable LA trigger on error</li> <li><code>Offset</code> – Enable use of linesize buffer offsets</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>This option is not mandatory. By default, the <code>mpcons_tone</code> assumes a normal mode of operation.</p>
Number of Iterations	Same option as in <code>mpctest</code> . This option is used to select the number of iterations for running the test loops. The range for this option is 1 to 200 and the default is 5.
Number Of Timeout Iterations	Same option as in <code>mpctest</code> . Selects number of timeout iterations.
CPU Wait Count 0	Same option as in <code>mpctest</code> . Forces CPU 1 to write first if number of CPUs is less than <code>count</code> .
Number of Loops	Same option as in <code>mpctest</code> . Sets loops to specified value.
Memory Size 0—Use Default	Same option as in <code>mpctest</code> . Specifies memory size (MB). This should always be set to the default value.
Random Mode Seed 0	Same option as in <code>mpctest</code> . Sets random number seed to specified value.

---

## mptest Test Modes

**TABLE 7-2** mptest Supported Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Exclusive	.This test mode tests the user selected multiprocessor functionality.

---

---

## mptest Command-Line Syntax

*/opt/SUNWvts/bin/mptest standard\_arguments M=4+5+6+7, method=ECacheCoherency+IOCacheCoherency+SynchronizationPrimitives+SharedMemory, tone=ParallelMode+Random, mpcons\_tone=mlockBuffer+AtomicMode+ByteMode+ImmediateMode+RandomMode+ReverseMode+PrefetchMode+Trigger+Offset, count=[1-200], mpcons\_numtmout=[1-10], mpcons\_wait=0, mpcons\_loops=[1-999],*

mpcons\_memsize=0, mpcons\_seed=0

**TABLE 7-3** mptest Command-Line Syntax

mpctest Options	Description
M=4+5+6+7	<p>This option can be used to select the CPU IDs for which to run this test. The test will use all CPUs on the system by default. Hence, this parameter is optional.</p> <p>The CPU IDs currently present in the system can be retrieved with the <code>psrinfo(1M)</code> command.</p> <p>Specifying a CPU ID not present in the system or one which is currently offline induces an appropriate error message from the test.</p> <p>Example: If you want to select CPU IDs 4, 5, 6 and 7, specify: <b>M=4+5+6+7</b></p>
method= ECacheCoherency+IOCacheCoherency+S ynchronizationPrimitives+SharedMemory	<p>The Multiprocessor (MP) functionality consists of different components. A class of test method is used to specify the functionality of the MP system to be tested. Currently, the Class-of-Test methods supported by <code>mptest</code> are: E-CacheCoherency, IOCacheCoherency, SynchronizationPrimitives, and SharedMemory.</p> <p>This option can be used to selectively test one or more of the MP functions. If you do not specify the class of test methods, E-CacheConsistency and SynchronizationPrimitives are selected by default.</p>
tone=ParallelMode+Random	<p>A test tone is a different way of executing the same test. Selecting a different test tone will exercise and test the MP functionality in a slightly different manner.</p> <p>The tone option can be used to select the test tone for the test. The supported test tones are: Random and Parallel mode.</p> <p>The "Random" test tone introduces some randomness in testing. The "ParallelTone" implies that the tests perform parallel operations (like write) on different CPUs at the same time.</p> <p>This tone option is optional.</p> <p>If you do not specify any option, then the test assumes a normal tone of testing.</p>



**TABLE 7-3** mptest Command-Line Syntax

mptest Options	Description
<b>mpcons_tone=</b> mlockBuffer+AtomicMode+ByteMode +ImmediateMode+RandomMode+ReverseMode+PrefetchMode+Trigger+Offset	This option is used to select the tone for mpconstest cases in the mptest. These are options directly from the mpconstest. The descriptions from these mpconstest options are as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• mlockBuffer – Lock the shared buffer in</li> <li>• memoryAtomicMode – Enable Atomic</li> <li>• modeByteMode – Enable Byte</li> <li>• modeImmediateMode – Enable Immediate</li> <li>• modeRandomMode – Enable Random Mode</li> <li>• ReverseMode – Reverse direction to decrement through memory</li> <li>• PrefetchMode – Enable use of V9 prefetch instructions</li> <li>• Trigger – Enable LA trigger on error</li> <li>• Offset – Enable use of linesize buffer offsets</li> </ul> This option is not mandatory. By default, the mpcons_tone assumes a normal mode of operation.
<b>count=[1-200]</b>	This option is used to select the number of iterations for running the test loops. The range for this option is 1 to 200 and the default is 5.
<b>mpcons_numtmout=[1-10]</b>	Same option as in mpconstest. Selects number of timeout iterations.
<b>mpcons_wait=0</b>	Same option as in mpconstest. Forces CPU 1 to write first if number of CPUs is less than <i>count</i> .
<b>mpcons_loops=[1-999]</b>	Same option as in mpconstest. Sets loops to specified value.
<b>mpcons_memsize=0</b>	Same option as in mpconstest. Specifies memory size (MB). This should always be set to the default value.
<b>mpcons_seed=0</b>	Same option as in mpconstest. Sets random number seed to specified value.
<b>dev=mp</b>	Specifies the device.

---

**Note** – 64-bit tests are located in the `sparcv9` subdirectory:  
`/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname`, or the relative path to which you installed *SunVTS*. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to the “32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests” section of the *SunVTS 5.1 Test Reference Manual* (816-5145-10).

---

## Physical Memory Test (`pmemtest`)

---

The `pmemtest` checks the physical memory of the system and reports hard and soft error correction code (ECC) errors, memory read errors, and addressing problems. The pseudo driver `mem` is used to read the physical memory.

This test reads through all the available physical memory. It does not write to any physical memory location.

---

### `pmemtest` Options

`pmemtest` is supported both in physical mapping and logical mapping displays in the UI. In physical mapping, `pmemtest` provides support to test the memory on a per-board basis; users can select the `pmemtest` which is displayed under the physical memory board, which is to be tested and test only that board. In logical mapping, the `pmemtest` options apply to the complete memory across the boards.

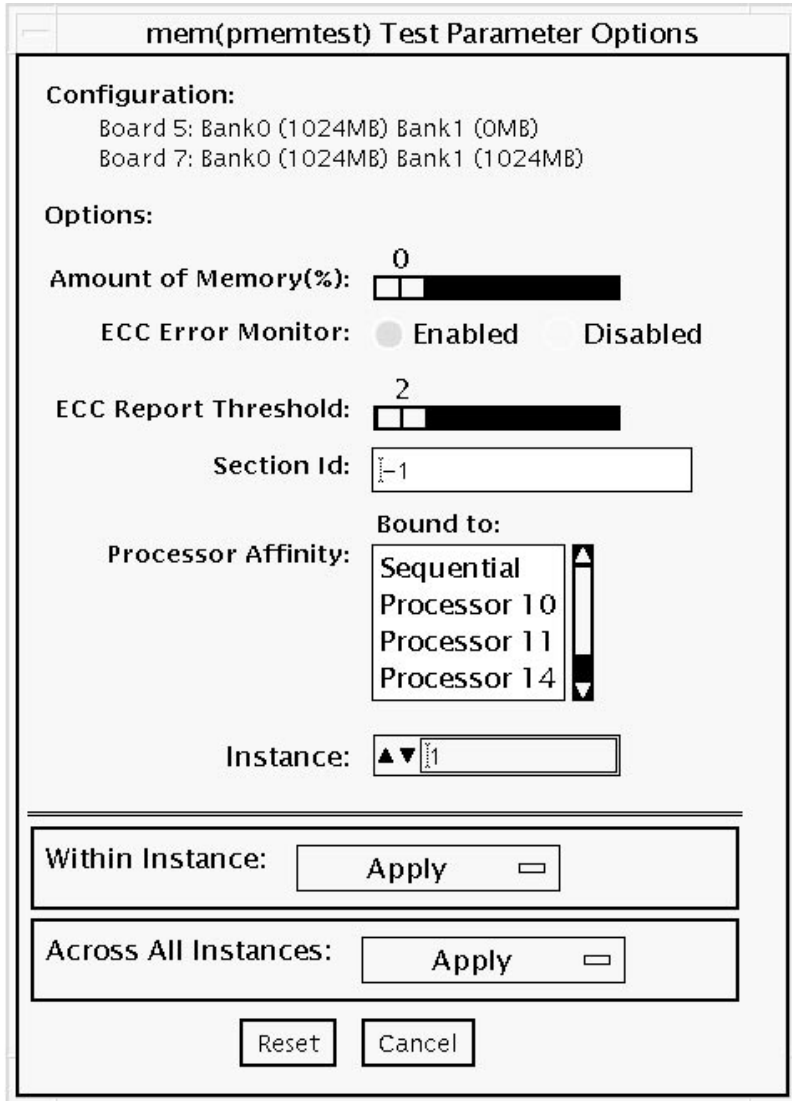


FIGURE 8-1 pmemtest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

**TABLE 8-1** pmemtest Options

pmemtest Options	Description
Configuration	Shows the total amount of physical memory, rounded up to the nearest megabyte, probed by the SunVTS kernel.
Amount of Memory	Specifies the percentage of the physical memory to be tested. The default 0% ensures dividing the total memory equally among instances which results in 100% coverage at the completion of every test pass. Note that one test pass includes one pass each by all instances.
ECC Error Monitor	This option is used to enable or disable ECC error monitoring.
ECC Report Threshold	Determines how many correctable ECC errors occurred in the elapsed time before pmemtest reports a test failure. A value of zero results in no report of any correctable ECC errors. The default is 2. This option is only available on UltraSPARC systems.
Section ID	When set to -1, pmemtest will test one memory section in each pass, automatically testing each subsequent memory section as testing progresses. When set to a number other than -1, only the section specified will be tested. A section is defined by the pass and instance number settings. This option is only available on UltraSPARC systems.
Instance	Instances are the number of copies of pmemtest to run simultaneously on the memory being tested.

**Note** – The amount of memory option is specified on a “per instance” basis. The real memory coverage for one test pass depends on the amount of memory option and the number of instances. For example, if there are four instances, and each instance specifies “50%” for the amount of memory option, then this will result in “200%” (4 times 50%) coverage on each test pass. For guaranteed 100% memory coverage for each test pass, choose default percentage size option as 0% for all instances.

---

# pmemtest Test Modes

**TABLE 8-2** pmemtest Supported Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Connection Test	In this mode, one percent of the memory is read. pmemtest also informs the user how much physical memory is available. For sun4m, sun4u, and UltraSPARC servers, the test reports the ECC errors that have occurred since it was last invoked. The test reports ECC errors for a particular CPU or memory board when physical mapping is selected, otherwise it provides the SIMM number of the ECC memory error.
Functional (Offline)	In Functional test mode, the amount of memory to be read can vary. By default 100% of the memory is tested. Also for UltraSPARC servers, this test mode reports the ECC errors that have occurred since it was last invoked. The test reports ECC errors for a particular memory board when physical mapping is selected, otherwise it provides the SIMM number of the ECC memory error.
Online	In this mode too, the amount of memory to be read can vary. By default 100% of the memory is tested. Also for UltraSPARC servers, this test mode reports the ECC errors that have occurred since it was last invoked. The test reports ECC errors for a particular memory board when physical mapping is selected, otherwise it provides the SIMM number of the ECC memory error.

---

---

# pmemtest Command-Line Syntax

For 32-bit configurations:

```
/opt/SUNWvts/bin/pmemtest standard_arguments -o size=[0-100], dev=device_name, eccmon=Enabled|Disabled, threshold=report_threshold, bdfinfo=number, section=section_id
```

For 64-bit configurations:

```
/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/pmemtest standard_arguments -o size=[0-100], dev=device_name, eccmon=Enabled|Disabled, threshold=report_threshold, bdfinfo=number, section=section_id
```

**TABLE 8-3** `pmemtest` Command-Line Syntax

---

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>size=[0-100]</b>	Specifies the percentage of memory to be tested. The default is 0% (for 100% memory coverage).
<b>dev=device_name</b>	Specifies the device to test, for example, mem.
<b>eccmon=Enabled Disabled</b>	ECC error monitoring is enabled or disabled.
<b>threshold=report_threshold</b>	Determines how many correctable ECC errors occur before they are reported as an error causing <code>pmemtest</code> to report a failure. A value of zero results in no report of any correctable ECC errors. The default is 2. This option is only available on UltraSPARC systems.
<b>bdinfo=number</b>	For UltraSPARC servers, this argument indicates board number information. For example, if board 0 and board 5 have memory and you want the test to read the memory on both boards, then this argument should read <code>bdinfo=33</code> ( $2^{**}5+2^{**}0$ ). The <code>bdinfo</code> value can be specified as 0 to test the memory present on all boards.
<b>section=section_id</b>	When set to -1, <code>pmemtest</code> will test one memory section in each pass, automatically testing each subsequent memory section as testing progresses. When set to a number other than -1, only the section specified will be tested. A section is defined by the pass and instance number settings. This option is only available on UltraSPARC systems.

---

**Note** – 64-bit tests are located in the `sparcv9` subdirectory:

`/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname`, or the relative path to which you installed *SunVTS*. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to the “32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests” section of the *SunVTS 5.1 Test Reference Manual* (816-5145-10).

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## Virtual Memory Test (`vmemtest`)

---

The `vmemtest` checks virtual memory; that is, it tests the combination of physical memory and the swap partitions of the disk(s).

---

**Note** – This test may not stop immediately after being disabled.

---

This test uses the Solaris `valloc` (page aligned) system call to allocate, write, read, and compare virtual memory. These operations normally cause heavy paging activity on the system and simulate a stressful environment for the operating system. This test also detects ECC parity errors, memory read errors, and addressing problems, and displays the corresponding virtual memory addresses on failure.

---

**Note** – Do not run the `vmemtest` with `fwcamtest` at the same time on any Sun Blade™ system. This will cause the test to fail.

---

---

## `vmemtest` Swap Space Requirements

Running this test places a significant burden on the operating system, since it uses the majority of swap space available for testing. You should use the `vmemtest` swap space `reserve` option when non-SunVTS test processes are started after SunVTS testing has started. See “Swap Space Requirements” in the *SunVTS User’s Guide* for a complete discussion of swap space requirements.

---

## vmentest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

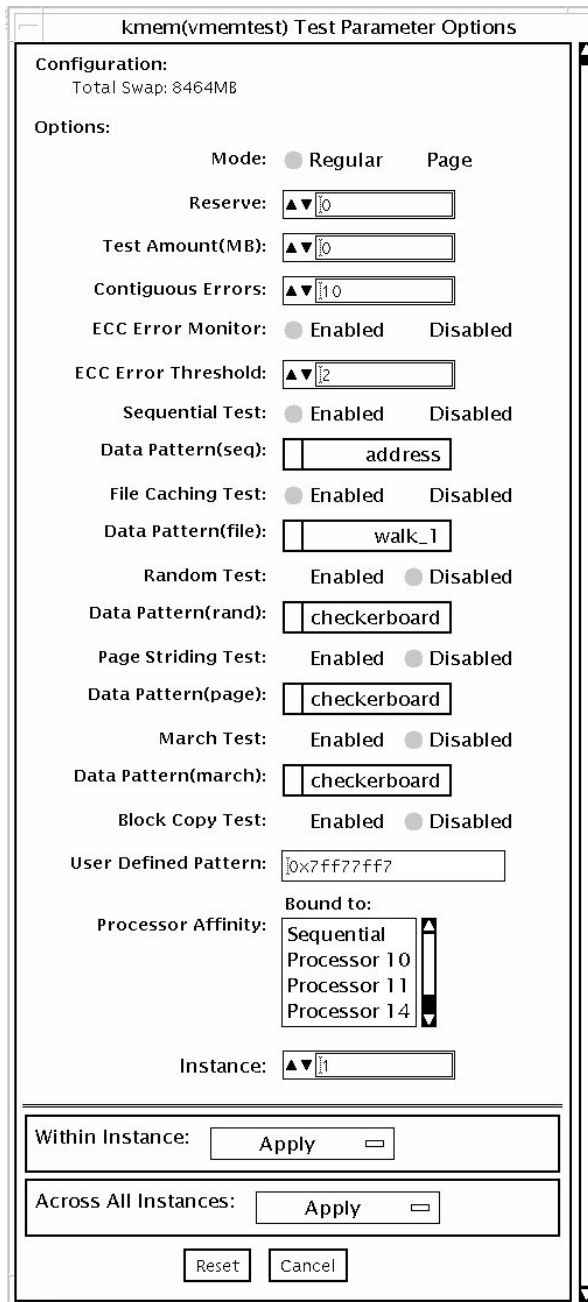


FIGURE 9-1 vmemtest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

**TABLE 9-1** vmemtest Options

<b>vmemtest Options</b>	<b>Description</b>
Mode	<p>Two modes are available:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Regular mode tests the specified amount of memory as one chunk and passed as the size argument to the different test algorithm functions (subtests).</li><li>• Page mode tests assign virtual memory one page at a time. Each page is mapped to the temporary file /tmp/vmem.page and is then paged out to storage once test data is written. Next, the temporary page is paged back into memory for a read and compare.</li></ul> <p>vmemtest runs in Regular mode as default setting</p>
Reserve	<p>The Reserve option specifies the amount of memory to reserve from being tested by vmemtest. The test ensures this amount of memory is left free on the system while evaluating the size of memory for testing. If specified value of reserve is Zero, test will use a default value evaluated based on the available free swap space for the instance. Trying to reserve more memory than available free memory by this instance will cause the test to fail.</p>
Test Amount	<p>An amount can be specified to test the virtual memory, instead of the default. The default value is 0, which means the default memory size is evaluated within the test.</p> <p>It is desirable to the user to know the memory configuration details on the target system while choosing Non default setting for "amount" option.</p> <p>If negative values are specified, test will assume default setting while it runs. The actual size of memory tested by the instance is always evaluated with reference to the available free swap space on the system.</p>
vmemtest Configuration	<p>The amount of memory listed in the Configuration field is equivalent to the sum of the used and available swap space amounts returned by the swap -s command. It indicates the amount of virtual memory found, rounded up to the nearest Kbyte.</p>
Contiguous Errors	<p>Specifies the max. number of contiguous memory errors, which will be considered and counted as one non contiguous error. The default value is 10.</p>
ECC Error monitoring	<p>Enables or disables ECC error monitoring.</p>
ECC Error threshold	<p>Determines how many correctable ECC errors occurred in the elapsed time before vmemtest reports a test failure. The default threshold value is 2.</p>

**TABLE 9-1** `vmemtest` Options (Continued)

<b>vmemtest Options</b>	<b>Description</b>
Test Method	<p><code>vmemtest</code> runs the Sequential and File Caching subtests by default.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sequential subtest – The whole memory is tested from the beginning address to the end address in a sequence.</li> <li>• Address Random subtest – Randomly selects memory addresses within the specified range to test.</li> <li>• Page Striding subtest – Non-contiguous memory test, implemented sequentially and non-sequentially.</li> <li>• Sequential striding – Tests from the first page to the last page, within a specified test range. Only one word is tested per page.</li> <li>• Non-sequential striding – Tests randomly from first to last page, within a specified memory range. Goes back and forth testing one word per page until all pages are tested.</li> <li>• Block Copy test – Writes and reads data between two memory blocks. Each memory block is half the memory to be tested.</li> <li>• File Caching test – Aimed at improving performance through the use of file caching in the Solaris kernel. This test is useful for large memory configurations. This test takes 30 to 70% less time than the Sequential test method.</li> </ul>
Predefined Pattern	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Select one of the following patterns to use for the test:</li> <li>• Address--uses the virtual addresses of the tested memory locations.</li> <li>• walk_1--uses a pattern that starts with 0x80000000 through 0x11111111</li> <li>• walk_0--uses a pattern that starts with 0x7fffffff through 0x00000000</li> <li>• 0x00000000--uses all ones and zeros for testing</li> <li>• 0x5aa55aa5--uses 0x5aa55aa5 pattern</li> <li>• 0xdb6db6db--uses 0xdb6db6db pattern</li> <li>• Checkerboard--uses 0xaaaaaaaa patterns.</li> <li>• UserDefined--uses the pattern that is specified in the User Defined Pattern area (see below).</li> </ul>
User Defined Pattern	<p>Only used if the Predefined Pattern is set to UserDefined. The pattern specified should be in the form of an 8-digit, hexadecimal number such as 0x2a341234. Default setting is up=0x7ff77ff7</p>
Instance	<p>Specifies how many copies of the <code>vmemtest</code> test to run.</p>

---

# vmemtest Test Modes

**TABLE 9-2** vmemtest Supported Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Functional	Runs the full set of tests.

In Functional test mode, vmemtest writes a pattern to an amount of virtual memory specified by the user. Then the data is read back and compared. If there is a miscompare, the data is read again and compared. Whenever there is a miscompare, the virtual address is reported. When there is a miscompare on recomparison, an attempt is made to convert the virtual address to the physical address if the SunVTS diagnostic driver is installed.

---

# vmemtest Command-Line Syntax

```
/opt/SUNWvts/bin/vmemtest standard_arguments -o mode=type, reserve= n, amount=n, cerr=n, eccmon=Enabled | Disabled, eccthreshold=n, type1= Enable | Disable, pp1=pattern, type2=Enable | Disable, pp2=pattern, type3=n, pp3= pattern, type4=Enable | Disable, pp4=pattern, type5=Enable | Disable, pp5=pattern, type6=Enable | Disable, up=hex_pattern
```

**TABLE 9-3** vmemtest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation
<b>mode=Page   Regular</b>	Specifies which mode of the vmemtest to run. Choose: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>Page</b>—tells the write/read memory test to proceed one system memory page at a time.</li><li>• <b>Regular</b>—uses the <code>valloc</code> option to allocate the entire assigned memory, which is read and compared one long word at a time.</li></ul>
<b>reserve=n</b>	Specifies the amount of MB of virtual memory to reserve.
<b>amount=n</b>	Specifies the number of MB of memory to be tested instead of the default.
<b>cerr=n</b>	Specifies the maximum number of contiguous errors to be counted as one non contiguous error.
<b>eccmon=Enabled   Disabled</b>	Enables or disables the ECC error monitor.

**TABLE 9-3** vmemtest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	(Continued)Explanation
<b>eccthreshold=<i>n</i></b>	Specifies how many correctable ECC errors can occur in the elapsed time before vmemtest reports a test failure.
<b>type1=<i>value</i></b> <b>pp1=<i>pattern</i></b>	type1 is sequential test. The value is Enabled or Disabled; the default is Enabled. The default for the pp1 pattern is address; select the pp1 pattern from: <b>address,walk_0,walk_1,Checkerboard,0x00000000,0xffffffff,0x5aa55aa5,0xdb6db6db,random,UserDefined</b>
<b>type2=<i>value</i></b> <b>pp1=<i>pattern</i></b>	type2 is File cache test. The value is Enabled or Disabled; the default is Enabled. The default for the pp1 pattern is address; select the pp1 pattern from: <b>address,walk_0,walk_1,Checkerboard,0x00000000,0xffffffff,0x5aa55aa5,0xdb6db6db,random,UserDefined</b>
<b>type3=<i>value</i></b> <b>pp3=<i>pattern</i></b>	type3 is Random address test. The value is Enabled or Disabled; the default is Disabled. The default of the pp3 pattern is checkerboard; select the pp3 pattern from: <b>Checkerboard,0x00000000,0xffffffff,0x5aa55aa5,0xdb6db6db,UserDefined</b>
<b>type4=<i>value</i></b> <b>pp4=<i>pattern</i></b>	type4 is page_striding test. The value is Enabled or Disabled; the default is Disabled. The default of the pp4 pattern is checkerboard; select the pp4 pattern from: <b>Checkerboard,0x00000000,0xffffffff,0x5aa55aa5,0xdb6db6db,UserDefined</b>
<b>type5=<i>value</i></b> <b>pp5=<i>pattern</i></b>	type5 is march_c test. The value is Enabled or Disabled; the default is Disabled. The default for the pp5 pattern is checkerboard; select the pp5 pattern from: <b>Checkerboard,0x00000000,0xffffffff,0x5aa55aa5,0xdb6db6db,UserDefined</b>
<b>type6=<i>value</i></b>	type6 is Block_Copy test. The value is Enabled or Disabled; the default is Disabled. Note – The Block_Copy subtest uses its own set of the data patterns predefined in the test. It does not require any user specified data patterns for testing.
<b>up=<i>hex_address</i></b>	Only used if the pp argument is set to UserDefined. The pattern specified should be in the form of a 8-digit, hexadecimal number such as 0x2a341234.

---

**Note** – 64-bit tests are located in the `sparcv9` subdirectory:  
`/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname`, or the relative path to which you installed *SunVTS*. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to the “32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests” section of the *SunVTS 5.1 Test Reference Manual* (816-5145-10).

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## Ethernet Loopback Test (netlbttest)

---

The `netlbttest` replaces the `gemtest` previously included in SunVTS. It provides functional test coverage of the devices which have device drivers that support the Ethernet loopback test. These devices include `eri` (the Ethernet device in the RIO chip) and `ge` (Gigabit Ethernet), `ce` (GigaSwift Ethernet), `dmfe` (10/100 Mbps Ethernet), and `vca` (Sun Crypto Accelerator 4000). The `netlbttest` runs in loopback (external/internal) mode.

The `netlbttest` uses DLPI RAW mode to talk to the device driver. For the purpose of this test, a packet is defined as an Ethernet header followed by the Ethernet data payload (refer to the IEEE 802.3z standard). The test generates and sends out the desired number of packets (a tunable parameter) and expects to receive the same number of packets through the loopback interface, external or internal. If an error occurs (for example, packet mismatch or timeout), an error message indicating the type of error, its probable cause(s), and recommended action(s) is displayed on the SunVTS console.

The data sent out is generated by a random number generator, and put into a data buffer. Each time a packet is sent, it is selected from a different starting point of the data buffer, so that any two consecutively transmitted packets will not be the same.

---

**Note** – Do not run `nettest` and `netlbttest` at the same time or the tests may fail.

---

---

## netlbttest Test Requirements

You must have the Ethernet card and the device driver installed, a loopback connector in place, and Intervention mode enabled before running `netlbttest`. `netlbttest` cannot run if the network interface is connected to a live network, and

requires that the ethernet device be configured offline before running the test. Use the `ifconfig(1M)` command to bring the Ethernet device down before running `netlbttest`. Enter the following commands to bring the interface down:

```
# ifconfig interface down
# ifconfig interface unplumb
```

To run `netlbttest`, a loopback connector must be connected to the Ethernet interface. A loopback connector provides the network interface driver the necessary link for testing, while maintaining isolation from a live network. The loopback connector is required for both internal and external tests of the Ethernet device.

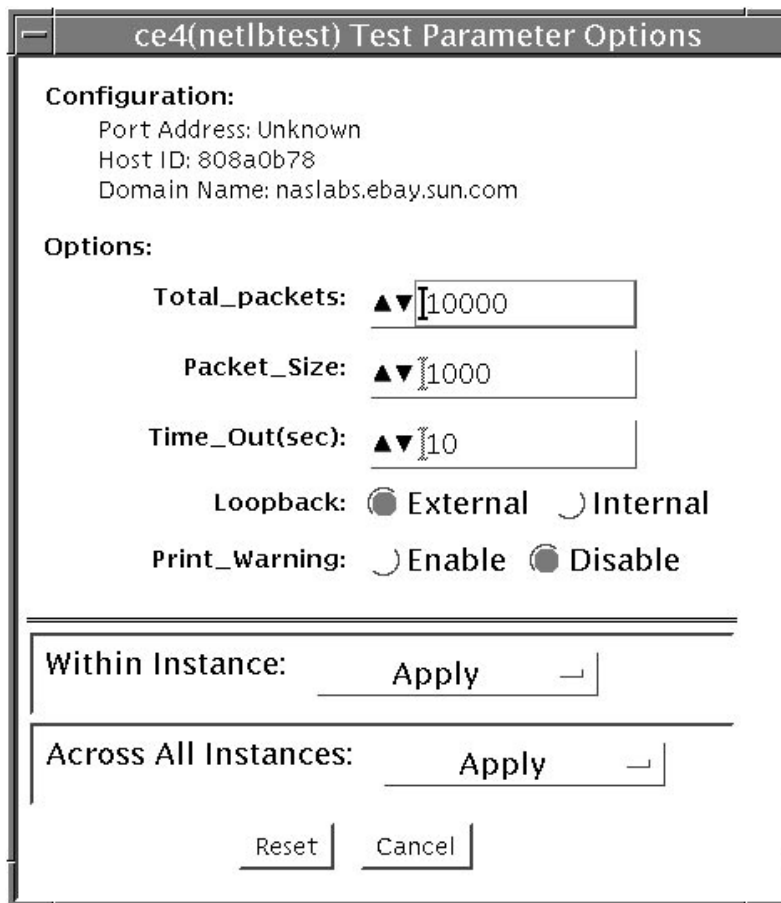
The loopback cable for `ge` and Sun GigaSwift Ethernet MMF adapter (`ce` fiber) is based on the following specifications: multimode, duplex, 62.5/125 micron, `sc` connector, 850nm. The cable can be made by splitting a standard fiber optic cable in two. The two ends of the cable should be connected to the TX and RX ports of the adapter (the order does not matter), thus forming a loop.

The loopback connector for the `eri` device is a standard RJ-45 connector. See “Twisted-Pair Ethernet (TPE) Loopback Cable for Fast Ethernet” on page 395 for the diagram. The loopback connector for a Sun GigaSwift Ethernet UTP adapter (`ce` copper) is a standard RJ-45 with all 8 pins connected. See “TPE Loopback Cable for Gigabit and 10/100 Ethernet” on page 395 for the diagram.

---

## netlbttest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.



**FIGURE 10-1** netlbtest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

Refer to TABLE 10-1 for test parameter descriptions.

**TABLE 10-1** netlbtest Options

netlbtest Options	Description
Configuration	Specifies the Port Address, Host ID, and Domain Name of the system under test.
Total Packets	Specifies the total number of the packets to send. The default number of packets is 1000.
Packet size	Determines the size (in bytes) of the packets to be transmitted. 60 <= packet size <= 1514. The default packet size is 1000 bytes.

**TABLE 10-1** netlbttest Options

netlbttest Options	Description
Time_Out(sec)	Determines the amount of time (in seconds) that netlbttest can wait to receive packets. If no packets are received within this time frame, netlbttest reports an error message.
Loopback	Determines the external and internal loopback mode. The default setting is internal loopback mode.
Print_Warning	Enables or disables the printing of warning messages. The default setting is Disable.
Processor Affinity	Binds the test to a specific processor. If no processor is specified, the test migrates between processors. This option is only available on multiprocessor systems.

---

## netlbttest Test Modes

**TABLE 10-2** netlbttest Supported Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Functional (Offline)	Runs the full set of subtests. It is assumed that the host is not connected to the network through the intended test device(s).

Since netlbttest requires a loopback connector, it can only be selected when Intervention mode is enabled.

---

# netlbtest Command-Line Syntax

`/opt/SUNWvts/bin/netlbtest` *standard\_arguments*  
`-o dev=device, tpkts=n, pksz=pkt_size, lb=Internal, warn=Disable,`  
`timeout=number_of_seconds`

**TABLE 10-3** netlbtest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
<code>dev=device_name</code>	Specifies the device to test such as <code>ge0</code> or <code>eri0</code> .
<code>tpkts=n</code>	[1...100000], count of packets to loopback.
<code>pksz=pkt_size</code>	[60... 1514], packet size in bytes.
<code>lb=Internal</code>	Selects internal (or external) loopback mode.
<code>warn=Disable</code>	Enables or disables printing of warning messages.
<code>timeout=number_of_seconds</code>	Determines the amount of time (in seconds) that netlbtest can wait to receive packets. If no packets are received within this time frame, netlbtest reports an error message.

---

**Note** – 64-bit tests are located in the `sparcv9` subdirectory:

`/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname`, or the relative path to which you installed SunVTS. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to the “32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests” section of the *SunVTS 5.1 Test Reference Manual* (816-5145-10).

---



## Alarm Card Test for Netra™ CT Systems (`alarm2test`)

---

The `alarm2test` exercises the Alarm Card and System Controller Board on the Sun Netra™ CT 410 and CT 810 systems.

The Alarm Card is a hot-swappable add-on option for the Netra CT systems which provides secure remote access for system monitoring, failure recovery, and alarm notification. The Alarm Card can be used in both front and rear-access systems.

This test is not scalable.

---

**Note** – The Netra CT 410/810 system only runs the 64-bit OS (to take full advantage of UltraSPARCII). Although, `alarm2test` is available in 32-bit and 64-bit mode, only the 64-bit version of `alarm2test` can be performed on a Netra CT 410/810 system.

---

---

### `alarm2test` Requirements

Solaris 9 4/03 operating environment or later is required to perform the `alarm2test`. Ethernet loopback and serial loopback connectors are also required to perform the `alarm2test`. In addition, you are required to select the Intervention mode due to the serial and Ethernet loopback connectors.

---

## alarm2test Subtests

alarm2test consists of eight subtests which test and report on the following:

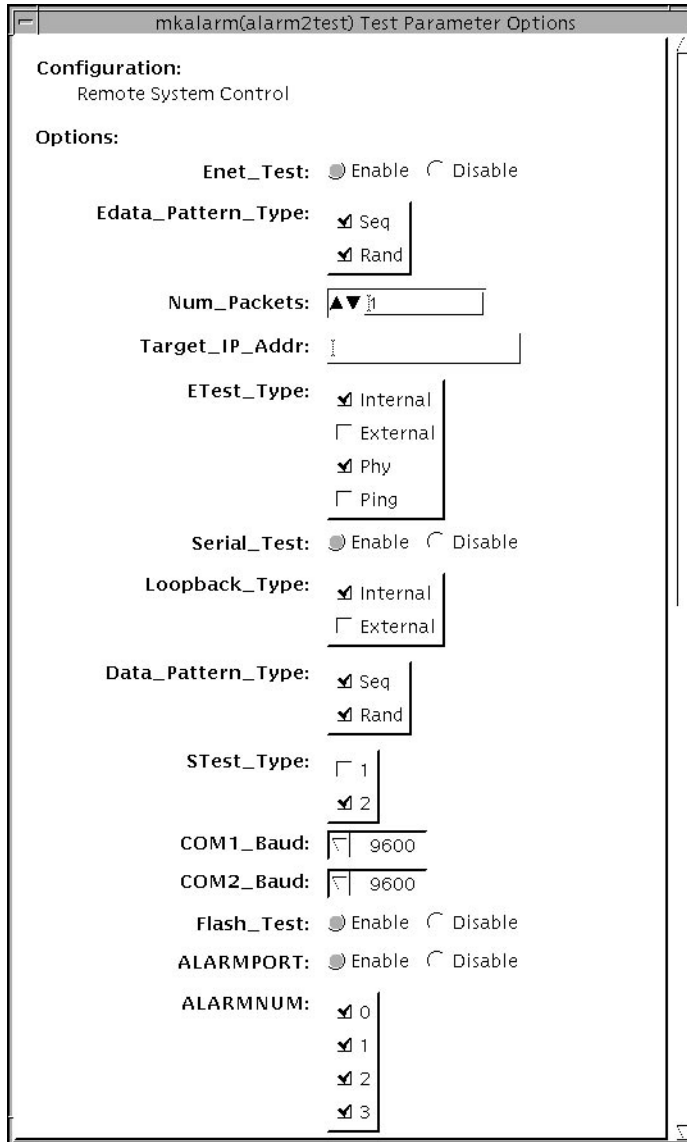
- Ethernet Internal, External, PHY loopback and PING test
- Internal/External loopback test on serial ports
- Checksum test on FLASH
- Alarm relay on/off test
- System status panel LED test
- Fan status test
- Power supply test
- FruID checksum test

---

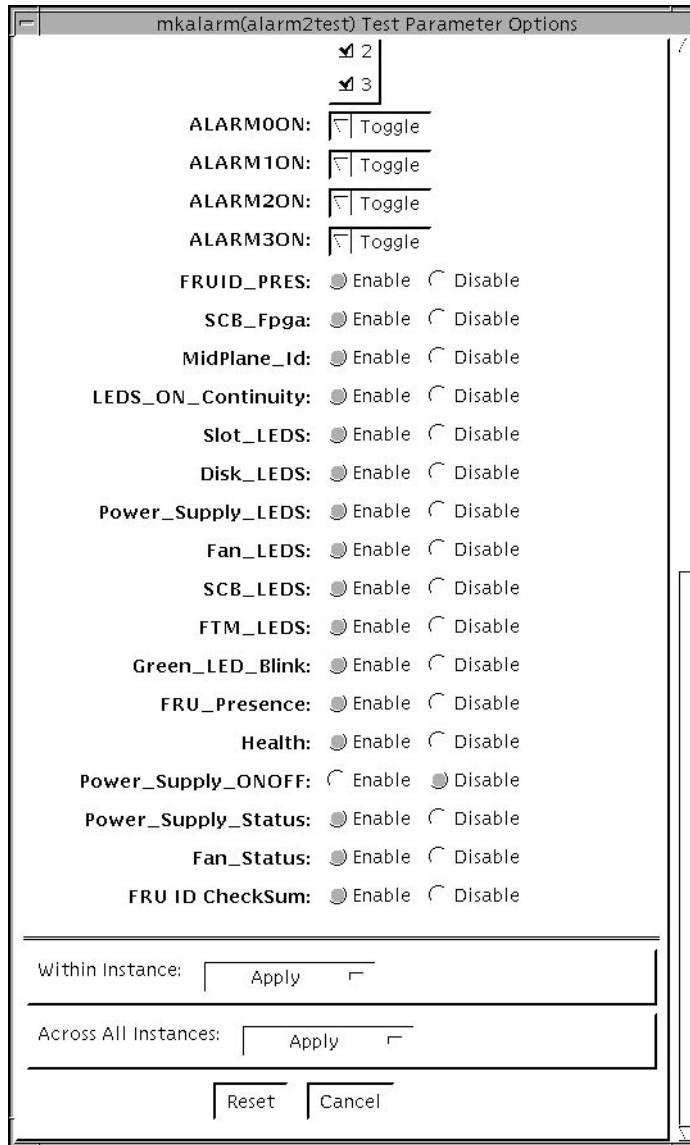
## alarm2test Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.





**FIGURE 11-1** alarm2test Test Parameter Options Dialog Box With the Scroll Bar at the Top



**FIGURE 11-2** alarm2test Test Parameter Options Dialog Box With the Scroll Bar at the Bottom

**TABLE 11-1** alarm2test Options

Option	Description
Enet_Test	Enables or disables Ethernet testing.
Edata_Pattern_Type	Selects the type of data pattern for Enet_Test: Sequential, Random, or both.
Num_Packets	Specifies the number of data packets to be sent in one test loop.
Target_IP_Addr	Specifies the IP address of a host to use for the ping test.
Etest_Type	Selects any or all internal, external, Phy (ethernet transceiver), or ping tests.
Serial_Test	Enables or disables serial_test.
Loopback_Type	Selects internal loopback, external loopback, or both.
Data_Pattern_Type	Selects the type of data pattern for serial_test: Sequential, Random, or both.
STest_Type	Selects ports to be tested: c, d, u, or v.
COM1_Baud	Selects the alarm card's COM1 port baud rate.
COM2_Baud	Selects the alarm card's COM2 port baud rate.
Flash_Test	Enables or disables the flash checksum test.
ALARMPORT	Enables or disables the alarmport test.
ALARMNUM	Selects any or all alarm ports to be tested: 0, 1, 2, 3.
ALARM0ON	Turns on, turns off, or toggles (on then off) alarm port 0.
ALARM1ON	Turns on, turns off, or toggles (on then off) alarm port 1.
ALARM2ON	Turns on, turns off, or toggles (on then off) alarm port 2.
ALARM3ON	Turns on, turns off, or toggles (on then off) alarm port 3.
FRUID_PRES	Enable/Disable FRU ID Presence test
SCB_Fpga	Enable/Disable scb_fpga register test
MidPlane_Id	Enable/Disable Midplane ID test
LEDS_ON_Continuity	Enable/Disable SCB LEDs test
Slot_LEDS	Enable/Disable Slot LEDs test
Disk_LEDS	Enable/Disable Disk LEDs test
Power_Supply_LEDS	Enable/Disable Power Supply LEDs test
Fan_LEDS	Enable/Disable Fan LED test
SCB_LEDS	Enable/Disable SCB Resgister LEDs test

**TABLE 11-1** alarm2test Options

Option	Description
FTM_LEDS	Enable/Disable Front Transission Module LEDs test
Green_LED_Blink	Enable/Disable Green LED Blink test
FRU_Presence	Enable/Disable FRU Presence test
Health	Enable/Disable Health test
Power_Supply_ONOFF	Enable/Disable Power Supply On/Off test
Power_Supply_Status	Enable/Disable Power Suppluy Status test
Fan_Status	Enable/Disable Fan Status test
FRU ID CheckSum	Enable/Disable FRU ID Checksum test for Midplane, SCB, Alarm, Fan1/Fan2, and Power Supply1/Supply2

## alarm2test Loopbacks

The loopback tests use the following external loopbacks:

- Ethernet loopback test—standard RJ-45 connector. Connect pin 1 to pin 3, and pin 2 to pin 6.
- Serial loopback test—RJ-45. Connect pin 6 to pin 3, pin 1 to pin 8, and pin 2 to pin 7.

# alarm2test Test Modes

TABLE 11-2 alarm2test Supported Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Connection	Reports the status of the alarm card.
Functional	Runs the the full set of subtests.

# alarm2test Command-Line Syntax

```
/opt/SUNWvts/bin/alarm2test standard_arguments -o enet=  
E(nable)/D(isable), epatttype=seq+rand, target=IP_Address, etest=  
Internal+External+Ping+Phy, serial=E(nable)|D(isable), slb=Internal+External,  
spatttype=Seq+Rand, com1baud=  
ALL|1200|2400|4800|9600|19200|38400|56000, com2baud=  
ALL|1200|2400|4800|9600|19200|38400|56000, flash=E(nable)|D(isable),  
aport=E(nable)|D(isable), anum=0+1+2+3, a0on=On|Off|Toggle, a1on=  
On|Off|Toggle, a2on=On|Off|Toggle, a3on=On|Off|Toggle, FruIdPres=  
E(nable)|D(isable), FpgaId=E(nable)|D(isable), MidPlaneId=E(nable)|D(isable),  
Continuity=E(nable)|D(isable), SlotLeds=E(nable)|D(isable), DiskLeds=  
E(nable)|D(isable), PsupplyLeds=E(nable)|D(isable), FanLeds=  
E(nable)|D(isable), SchLeds=E(nable)|D(isable), FtmLeds=E(nable)|D(isable),  
GreenLedsBlink=E(nable)|D(isable), FruPresence=E(nable)|D(isable),  
Health=E(nable)|D(isable), PowerSupply=D(isable)|E(nable), PsupplyStatus=  
E(nable)|D(isable), FanStatus=E(nable)|D(isable), FruIdChkSum=  
E(nable)|D(isable)
```

TABLE 11-3 alarm2test Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation
<b>enet</b> =E(nable)/D(isable)	Enables or disables Ethernet testing.
<b>epatttype</b> =seq+rand	Selects the type of data pattern for Enet_Test: Sequential, Random, or both.
<b>target</b> =IP_Address	Specifies the IP address of a host to use for the ping test.
<b>etest</b> = Internal+External+Ping+Phy	Selects any or all internal, external, Phy (ethernet transceiver), or ping tests.
<b>serial</b> =E(nable)/D(isable)	Enables or disables serial_test.

**TABLE 11-3** alarm2test Command-Line Syntax

<b>Argument</b>	<b>Explanation (Continued)</b>
<b>slb=I+E</b>	Selects internal loopback, external loopback, or both.
<b>spattype=seq+rand</b>	Selects the type of data pattern for serial_test: Sequential, Random, or both.
<b>com1baud=ALL   specific_baud</b>	Defines baud rates to be used in testing the alarmcard's COM1 port.
<b>com2baud=ALL   specific_baud</b>	Defines baud rates to be used in testing the alarmcard's COM2 port.
<b>flash=E(nable)/D(isable)</b>	Enables or disables the flash checksum test.
<b>aport=[E]nable   [D]isable</b>	Enables or disables the alarmport test.
<b>anum=0+1+2+3</b>	Selects any or all alarm port to be tested: 0, 1, 2, 3
<b>a0on=On   Off   [T]oggle</b>	Turns on, turns off, or toggles (on then off) alarm port 0.
<b>a1on=On   Off   [T]oggle</b>	Turns on, turns off, or toggles (on then off) alarm port 1.
<b>a2on=On   Off   [T]oggle</b>	Turns on, turns off, or toggles (on then off) alarm port 2.
<b>a3on=On   Off   [T]oggle</b>	Turns on, turns off, or toggles (on then off) alarm port 3.
<b>FruIdPres=E(nable)   D(isable)</b>	Enable/Disable FRU ID Presence test
<b>FpgaId=E(nable)   D(isable)</b>	Enable/Disable scb_fpga register test
<b>MidPlaneId=E(nable)   D(isable)</b>	Enable/Disable Midplane ID test
<b>Continuity=E(nable)   D(isable)</b>	Enable/Disable SCB LEDs test
<b>SlotLeds=E(nable)   D(isable)</b>	Enable/Disable Slot LEDs test
<b>DiskLeds=E(nable)   D(isable)</b>	Enable/Disable Disk LEDs test
<b>PsupplyLeds=E(nable)   D(isable)</b>	Enable/Disable Power Supply LEDs test
<b>FanLeds=E(nable)   D(isable)</b>	Enable/Disable Fan LED test
<b>ScbLeds=E(nable)   D(isable)</b>	Enable/Disable SCB Resgister LEDs test
<b>FtmLeds=E(nable)   D(isable)</b>	Enable/Disable Front Tranission Module LEDs test
<b>GreenLedsBlink=E(nable)   D(isable)</b>	Enable/Disable Green LED Blink test
<b>FruPresence=E(nable)   D(isable)</b>	Enable/Disable FRU Presence test
<b>Health=E(nable)   D(isable)</b>	Enable/Disable Health test
<b>PowerSupply=D(isable)   E(nable)</b>	Enable/Disable Power Supply On/Off test

**TABLE 11-3** alarm2test Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation ( <i>Continued</i> )
<b>PsupplyStatus=</b> <i>E(nable) D(isable)</i>	Enable/Disable Power Suppluy Status test
<b>FanStatus=</b> <i>E(nable) D(isable)</i>	Enable/Disable Fan Status test
<b>FruIdChkSum=</b> <i>E(nable) D(isable)</i>	Enable/Disable FRU ID Checksum test for Midplane, SCB, Alarm, Fan1/Fan2, and Power Supply1/Supply2

---

**Note** – 64-bit tests are located in the `sparcv9` subdirectory `/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname`, or the relative path to which you installed SunVTS. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to the “32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests” section of the *SunVTS 5.1 Test Reference Manual* (816-5145-10).

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## Sun™ XVR-1200 Graphics Accelerator Test (`jfbtest`)

---

`jfbtest` verifies the proper functioning of the Sun™ XVR-1200 graphics accelerator.

`jfbtest` can detect and adapt to many video modes of the Sun XVR-1200 graphics accelerator. All tests can run at a resolution of 1024x768 or higher.

You can interrupt `jfbtest` using Control-C.

Test accuracy is checked using direct image comparison against compressed images. Failed pixel locations are printed as error messages.



---

**Caution** – Do not run any other application or screen saver program that uses the Sun XVR-1200 graphics accelerator port while running `jfbtest`. This combination causes SunVTS to return incorrect errors.

---

---

## `jfbtest` Test Requirements

Disable all screen savers before testing any graphics device. To disable the Solaris screen saver, type the following at a UNIX prompt:

```
# xset s off
```

To turn Power Management off, type the following at a UNIX prompt:

```
# xset -dpms
```

The display resolution must be 1024x768 or higher (the standard resolution). To change resolution, go to a UNIX prompt and type:

```
# fbconfig -res 1280x1024x76
```

For full instructions on testing frame buffers, see the Testing Frame Buffers section of the *SunVTS 5.1 Test Reference Manual*.

## Preparation for jfbtest

You should complete a few steps in advance to ensure that `jfbtest` runs as smoothly as possible.

If you are running `jfbtest` in a window system (such as CDE):

- Turn Power Management off, if it is enabled. The following is an alternate way to turn Power Management off. Change `allowFBPM=1` to `allowFBPM=0` in `/platform/sun4u/kernal/drv/jfb.conf` file.
- Make sure that no other program is running that might modify the screen during the test.
- Make sure you have permission to lock the X server. `jfbtest` is designed to lock the X server during testing to prevent screen changes.
- The CDE login window should not be displayed during testing.
- Check that the window system is only running on one Sun XVR-1200 graphics accelerator.

If you are not running `jfbtest` in a window system:

- Turn Power Management off, if it is enabled. The following is an alternate way to turn Power Management off. Change `allowFBPM=1` to `allowFBPM=0` in `/platform/sun4u/kernal/drv/jfb.conf` file.
- Make sure that no other program is running that might modify the screen during the test.
- Make sure the Sun XVR-1200 graphics accelerator being tested is not the console device. Console messages may modify the screen.

# jfbtest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

By default, all jfbtest options are enabled.

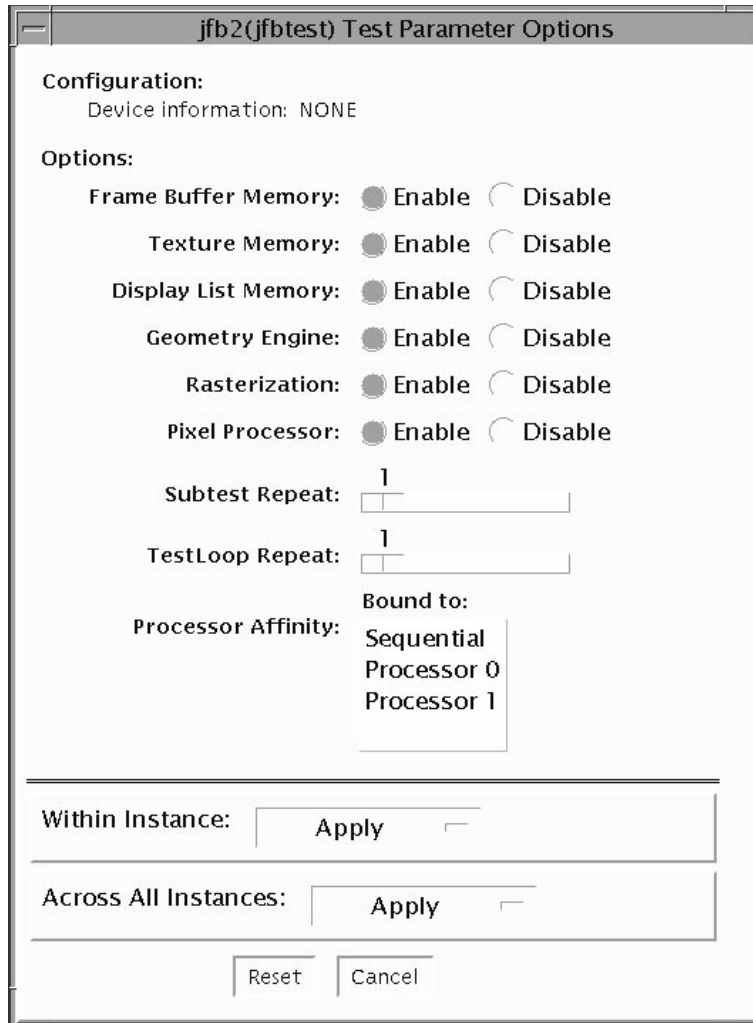


FIGURE 12-1 jfbtest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

**TABLE 12-1** jfbtest Options

jfbtest Options	Description
Frame Buffer Memory test	<p>Thoroughly tests the Sun XVR-1200 video memory by using read and write requests. Tests for shorts or failed connections on the data bus by writing the following values to every address:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 0xFFFFFFFF</li><li>• 0xFFFF0000</li><li>• 0x0000FFFF</li><li>• 0xFF00FF00</li><li>• 0x00FF00FF</li><li>• 0xF0F0F0F0</li><li>• 0x0F0F0F0F</li><li>• 0xCCCCCCC</li><li>• 0x33333333</li><li>• 0xAAAAAAAA</li><li>• 0x55555555</li></ul> <p>Tests for shorts or failed connections on the address bus by writing the offset of each memory location to each location and reading them back. This may also catch speed-related problems due to the volume of read/writes.</p> <p>Errors in the test are reported as an error in a particular address, not attributed to a specific chip. To help distinguish bit-related errors, the errors are summarized to list which bits had at least one error in the test.</p> <p>This test shows on the screen as random pixels.</p>
Texture Memory test	<p>This test is identical in process to the Frame Buffer Memory test (above). Since this test produces no visible effect, rectangles are drawn in rows across the screen to show progress.</p>
Display List Memory test	<p>This test is identical in process to the Frame Buffer Memory and Texture Memory tests (above), and is applied to direct burst memory.</p> <p>This test takes little time and no progress is displayed.</p>
Geometry Engine test	<p>Loads diagnostic microcode into the geometry engine and confirms that the processor operates correctly. This is a pass/fail test.</p> <p>This test takes little time and no progress is displayed.</p>

**TABLE 12-1** jfbtest Options

jfbtest Options	Description
Rasterization test	<p data-bbox="608 239 1300 291">Renders many primitives with minimal fragment processing, to test the rasterization of the primitives.</p> <p data-bbox="608 335 858 354">The primitives used are:</p> <ul data-bbox="608 369 1258 557" style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="608 369 676 388">• Dots</li><li data-bbox="608 401 808 420">• Anti-aliased dots</li><li data-bbox="608 432 1068 451">• Lines using all for line-drawing primitives</li><li data-bbox="608 463 1190 482">• Anti-aliased lines using all for line-drawing primitives</li><li data-bbox="608 494 1258 513">• Triangles, Quads, and Polygons in point, line, and fill modes</li><li data-bbox="608 526 739 545">• Rectangles</li></ul> <p data-bbox="608 600 1129 619">This tests for the following rasterization attributes:</p> <ul data-bbox="608 635 1296 788" style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="608 635 776 654">• Pixel coverage</li><li data-bbox="608 666 1125 685">• Constant value registers for color, Z, and stencil</li><li data-bbox="608 697 1296 749">• Interpolation of color, Z, and texture coordinates along lines and spans in polygons</li><li data-bbox="608 762 862 781">• Texture map sampling</li></ul> <p data-bbox="608 829 1296 907">Resulting images are compared against stored images. Errors indicate which operation type and value was being tested, and the coordinate of the failed pixel.</p>

**TABLE 12-1** jfbtest Options

jfbtest Options	Description
Pixel Processor test	<p data-bbox="529 239 1165 322">Tries the various pixel processing operators using a variety of fragment values. This tests the following fragment processing operations:</p> <ul data-bbox="529 331 782 986" style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="529 331 719 354">• Depth Buffering</li><li data-bbox="529 362 644 385">• Blending</li><li data-bbox="529 394 665 416">• Alpha Test</li><li data-bbox="529 425 658 447">• Color Test</li><li data-bbox="529 456 682 479">• Color Clamp</li><li data-bbox="529 487 729 510">• Logic Operations</li><li data-bbox="529 519 782 541">• Color Matrix and Bias</li><li data-bbox="529 550 672 572">• Color Table</li><li data-bbox="529 581 705 604">• Control Planes</li><li data-bbox="529 612 658 635">• Fast Clear</li><li data-bbox="529 644 622 666">• Stencil</li><li data-bbox="529 675 719 697">• Scissor Clipping</li><li data-bbox="529 706 736 729">• Desktop Clipping</li><li data-bbox="529 737 705 760">• Mask Clipping</li><li data-bbox="529 769 679 791">• Write Masks</li><li data-bbox="529 800 712 822">• Window Origin</li><li data-bbox="529 831 591 854">• Fog</li><li data-bbox="529 862 686 885">• Pixel Texture</li><li data-bbox="529 894 768 916">• Accumulation Buffer</li><li data-bbox="529 925 682 947">• Pixel Buffers</li></ul> <p data-bbox="529 1034 1165 1111">Resulting images are compared against stored images. Errors indicate which operation type and value was being tested and the coordinate of the failed pixel.</p>

---

## jfbtest Test Modes

Due to the nature of graphic tests, reading data from, or writing data to the frame buffer during graphic tests will disturb user operation. For this reason, jfbtest is only available in Functional test mode.

**TABLE 12-2** jfbtest Supported Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Functional	Runs the full set of tests.
Connection	Runs the full set of tests.

---

## jfbtest Command-Line Syntax

```
/opt/SUNWvts/bin/jfbtest standard_arguments -o dev=device_name, fbmem=E(nable)/D(isable), texmem=E/D, dlmem=E/D, geomeng=E/D, rasterization=E/D, pixelproc=E/D, subtest_repeat=number, test_repeat=number
```

**TABLE 12-3** jfbtest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
<i>dev=device_name</i>	<i>device_name</i> is the relative path name of the device being tested with respect to <i>/dev/fbs</i> . There is no default.
<i>fbmem=E/D</i>	Enables or disables the Frame Buffer Memory test.
<i>texmem=E/D</i>	Enables or disables the Texture Memory test.
<i>dlmem=E/D</i>	Enables or disables the Display List Memory test.
<i>geomeng=E/D</i>	Enables or disables the Geometry Engine test.
<i>rasterization=E/D</i>	Enables or disables the Rasterization test.
<i>pixelproc=E/D</i>	Enables or disables the Pixel Processing test.
<i>subtest_repeat=number</i>	Defines the number of times to repeat each subtest. The default is 1.
<i>test_repeat=number</i>	Defines the number of times to repeat a test loop before passing. The default is 1.

---

**Note** – 64-bit tests are located in the `sparcv9` subdirectory:  
`/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname`, or the relative path to which you installed *SunVTS*. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to the “32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests” section of the *SunVTS 5.1 Test Reference Manual* (816-5145-10).

---



## Sun™ XVR-100 Graphics Accelerator Test (pfbtest)

---

pfbtest tests the PCI-based Sun™ XVR-100 graphics accelerator by performing the following subtests:

- Video Memory test
- RAMDAC test
- Accelerator Port test



---

**Caution** – *Do not* run any other application or screen saver program that uses the Sun XVR-100 graphics accelerator port while running pfbtest. This program causes SunVTS to return incorrect errors.

---

---

**Note** – Disable all screen savers before testing any graphics device. Type **xset s off** at a UNIX prompt to disable the Solaris screen saver. Type **xset -dpms** (to turn off power management) or type **xset s noblank** (to turn off screen saver). Disable Power Management software if it is running.

---

---

**Note** – To start SunVTS with vt.sui, but without vt.sk, you must add the host name to xhost as: **xhost + hostname**.

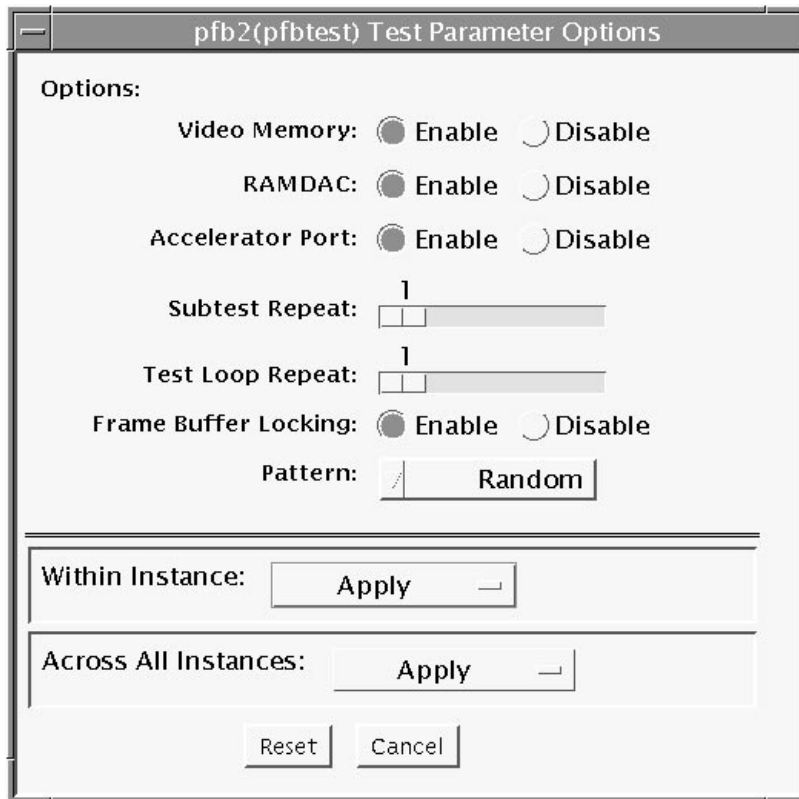
---

For full instructions on testing frame buffers, refer to the Testing Frame Buffers section of the *SunVTS 5.1 Test Reference Manual*.

## pfbtest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

By default, all options are enabled except frame buffer locking.



**FIGURE 13-1** pfbtest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

**TABLE 13-1** pfbtest Options

pfbtest Options	Description
Video Memory test	<p>Thoroughly tests the on-screen video memory (the memory part that is mapped on to the monitor) of the Sun XVR-100 graphics accelerator in 8-bit, 16-bit, 32-bit, 64-bit, and 64 byte (block) modes. Entire on-screen video memory is tested by testing 512 bit blocks at a time (8x8 pixel block). Each block is tested in two passes. Each pass consists of a data write and read. In the first pass, user specified data or random data is used, and in the second pass, one's complement of the data used in the first pass is used so that each on-screen video memory location (bit) is tested with a zero (electrical low state) and one (electrical high state).</p>
RAMDAC test	<p>Tests the RAMDAC in three phases. In the first phase the RAMDAC CLUT (Color LookUp Table) is tested using simple write/read patterns to determine if there are any bad bits in CLUT. The data patterns used are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Random data</li><li>• Complement of the random data (used as first data pattern)</li><li>• The data pattern 0101</li><li>• The data pattern 10101</li></ul> <p>In the second phase, four different patterns are drawn on the screen. Each pattern stays on the screen for approximately 1/4 second. The four patterns are listed below. For each pattern, the signature is captured and compared with the signature obtained for the same pattern on a known good board. This test verifies that all the different data paths within the RAMDAC are functioning properly.</p> <p>Patterns drawn on screen:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Red ramp with cursor at top-left corner of the screen</li><li>• Blue ramp with cursor at top-right corner of the screen</li><li>• Green ramp with cursor at bottom-left of the screen</li><li>• Grey ramp with cursor at bottom-right of the screen</li></ul> <p>In the last (third) phase of the RAMDAC test the Vertical Retrace Interrupt is tested for approximately five seconds.</p>

**TABLE 13-1** pfbtest Options (Continued)

pfbtest Options	Description
Accelerator Port test	<p>Tests all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Data paths (sources: fixed color, host data, blit, fixed pattern)</li> <li>• Arithmetic and logic unit (ALU)</li> <li>• Primitives (destinations: line, rectangle)</li> <li>• Mono to color expansion logic</li> </ul> <p>Primitives are drawn using a combination of different data paths (allowed), ALU functions, and color comparator functions. A checksum is generated for each data combination and is compared with the checksum generated for the same data combination on a known good board.</p>
Frame Buffer Locking	<p>This option is set to <i>disable</i> if the Sun XVR-100 graphics accelerator is not the console device.</p> <p>When the SunVTS GUI is brought up, Frame Buffer Locking is enabled by default if the Sun XVR-100 graphics accelerator is the console device. If the Sun XVR-100 graphics accelerator is not the console device, Frame Buffer Locking is disabled by default.</p>

## pfbtest Test Modes

Due to the nature of graphics tests, reading from or writing to the frame buffer during graphics tests will disturb user operation. This test is only available in the Functional test mode.

**TABLE 13-2** pfbtest Supported Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Functional	The pfbtest verifies the proper functioning of Sun XVR-100 graphics accelerator.

# pfbtest Command-Line Syntax

`/opt/SUNWvts/bin/pfbtest standard_arguments -o dev=device_name, S=subtest_number,F=#_of_subtest_loops,B=#_of_test_loops,L=disable,P=test_pattern`

TABLE 13-3 pfbtest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
<b>dev</b> =device_name	device_name is the relative path name of the device being tested with respect to /dev/fbs. The default is pfb0.
<b>S</b> =subtest_number	subtest_number is the test number of the subtest to be run. Select from the subtests below. You can run multiple subtests by adding the subtest numbers. For example, n=0x3 runs both test 1 and test 2; n=0x5 runs both test 1 and test 4. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• n 0x1 VRAM</li><li>• n 0x2 RAMDAC</li><li>• n 0x4 Accelerator port test (Rendering Pipeline)</li></ul> More than one test can be selected by ORing subtest numbers. For example: n = 0x5 indicates VRAM and Rendering Pipeline tests. A hex number must be preceded by 0x, decimal numbers are also acceptable.
<b>F</b> =#_of_subtest_loops	Specifies the number of times to repeat each subtest. The default is 1.
<b>B</b> =#_of_test_loops	Specifies the number of times to repeat a test loop before passing; the default is 1.
<b>L</b> =disable	Disables the frame buffer lock. Disable the lock when the Sun XVR-100 graphics accelerator is not the console or when the server is not running on the Sun XVR-100 graphics accelerator under test.
<b>P</b> =test_pattern	Specifies the test pattern number. The default is r, for random patterns. You may also choose 0 for 0x0000000, 3 for 0x3333333, 5 for 0x5555555, or 9 for 0x9999999.

**Note** – 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory

`/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname`, or the relative path to which you installed SunVTS. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to the “32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests” section of the *SunVTS 5.1 Test Reference Manual* (816-5145-10).

---

**Note** – Errors returned by `pfptest` are nonspecific. It is not possible to determine which component caused a failure. In all error conditions, the field replaceable unit (FRU) is the entire Sun XVR-100 graphics accelerator.

---

## Sun™ XVR-4000 Graphics Accelerator Test (zulutest)

---

The `zulutest` does functional testing of the Sun™ XVR-4000 graphics accelerator device. `zulutest` detects and adapts to the video modes of Sun XVR-4000. All `zulutest` tests can be performed in several screen resolutions such as standard, Stereo, and high resolution. In Stereo mode, all tests write into the right and left eyes unless you specify otherwise. Use the `fbconfig -dev device-name -prconf` command to display the configuration of the frame buffer you want to test.

You can interrupt `zulutest` using Control-C. Turn off all other keyboard input if the CDE user interface is running on the unit being tested. Test accuracy is checked using a checksum algorithm. Possible locations of failing pixels are identified, in addition to the failing FRU.

`zulutest` is only available in 64-bit mode.



---

**Caution** – Do not run any 3D graphics applications screen lock or screen saver programs that uses the Sun XVR-4000 graphics accelerator port while running `zulutest`. This combination causes SunVTS to return incorrect errors.

---

---

## zulutest Test Requirements

Disable all screen locks and screen savers before testing any graphics device. Type `xset s off` at a UNIX® prompt to disable the Solaris screen saver. Disable the Power Management software if it is running.

For full instructions on testing frame buffers, please refer to the Testing Frame Buffers of the *SunVTS 5.1 Test Reference Manual*.

To start SunVTS with the `vtstui`, and without the `vtstk`, you must add the host name to `xhost` as follows: `xhost + host_name`

## Using `zulutest` Without X-Windows

If you perform `zulutest` on a system that was powered on without running X-Windows, you must bring up X-Windows on the Sun XVR-4000 Graphics Accelerator device under test and kill the X-Windows process before performing `zulutest`. Otherwise, the Convolve subtest will fail, and other subtests may also fail.

---

**Note** – You must enable multisampling with the `fbconfig` command before performing the following workaround. To perform `zulutest` with X-Windows (CDE) the following workaround is not necessary.

---

### Workaround

To bring up X-Windows on the Sun XVR-4000 Graphics Accelerator device under test, enter the following command:

```
/usr/openwin/bin/Xsun -dev /dev/fbs/device_name &
```

It takes 30 to 45 seconds before `Xsun` comes up. To kill the `Xsun` process, enter the following command:

```
pkill -KILL Xsun
```

Once the `Xsun` process is killed, the `zulutest` can be performed without the incorrect subtest errors.

The Sun XVR-4000 Graphics Accelerator cannot perform video read back in Interlaced and Stereo modes because the Convolve subtest cannot keep up.

For `zulutest` to be able to perform the Convolve subtest, multisampling must be enabled.



---

## zulutest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

By default, all `zulutest` options are enabled except for the Stereo test.

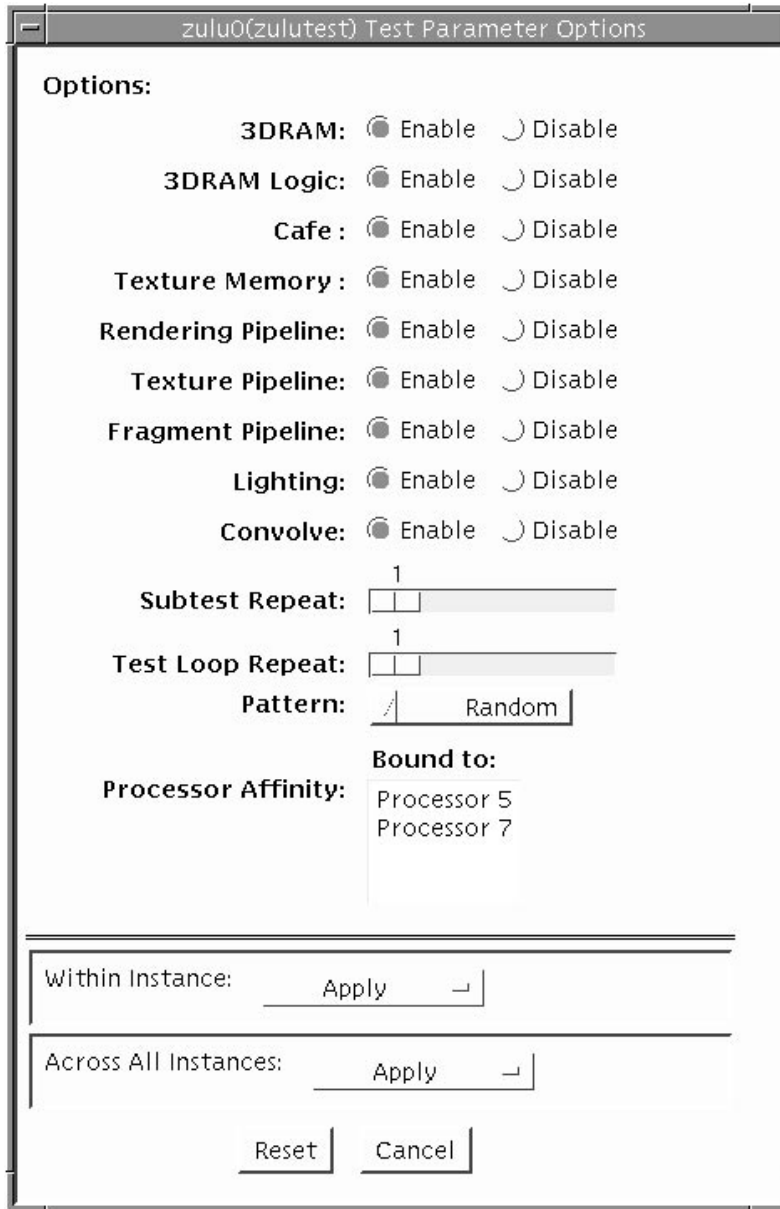


FIGURE 14-1 zulutest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

**TABLE 14-1** zulutest Options

zulutest Options	Description
3DRAM test	<p>The 3DRAM test thoroughly tests the video memory in the Sun XVR-4000 graphics accelerator using 512-bit reads and writes. 3DRAM makes a full-screen pass, consisting of a write and a read to each pixel location, for each access mode on the list below. You can use either random data or specify data at the command line. A second pass is made with the one's complement of the data used in the first pass so that each memory location is tested with both a zero and a one.</p> <p>Errors in this subtest are attributed to the 3DRAM. A failing chip is indicated by (X, Y) locations and device-specific "U" numbers in the following access modes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• SFB Stencil 8</li><li>• SFB WID 16</li><li>• FB RGBAZ 64 - Buffer A</li><li>• SFB RGBAZ 64 - Buffer B</li></ul>

**TABLE 14-1** zulutest Options (Continued)

zulutest Options	Description
3DRAM Logic test	<p>The 3DRAM Logic test provides logical functionality to the Sun XVR-4000 graphics accelerator. The following services are tested:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Compare Controls—Match AB</li> <li>• Compare Controls—Magnitude AB</li> <li>• Compare Controls—Match C</li> <li>• Compare Controls—Magnitude C</li> <li>• Match Mask—AB</li> <li>• Magnitude Mask—AB</li> <li>• Match Mask—C</li> <li>• Magnitude Mask—C</li> <li>• Raster Operations—RGB</li> <li>• Raster Operations—X</li> <li>• Raster Operations—YZ</li> <li>• Plane Mask—RGB</li> </ul> <p>Each function is tested separately with a series of SFB64 writes. A total of 16 writes are made for each different test case with Y coordinate values varying from 0 to 30 in increments of 2 pixels. This dotted column organization provides page thrashing and block flashing in all screen resolutions. For each operation, all possible combinations are tested. For example, in <code>ROP RGB new==old</code> there are three possible values: <code>new &lt; old</code>, <code>new == old</code>, and <code>new &gt; old</code>. Each of these cases are tested. Errors in this subtest are attributed to the 3DRAM.</p>
Cafe test	<p>This test will do non-destructive testing of the Cafe memory (RDRAM) and Cafe.</p> <p>Errors in this test are attributed to the Cafe and its memory.</p>
Texture Memory test	<p>Texture Memory test tests out all the of the Texture Memory by writing the data pattern selected (random, 0s, 1s, 5s, or 0xAs). By default, Random data is selected. The data is written using block writes and read back using block reads.</p> <p>Errors in this test are attributed to the Texture Memory and the Texture Memory subsystem.</p>

**TABLE 14-1** zulutest Options (Continued)

zulutest Options	Description
Rendering Pipeline test	<p>Each primitive is tested thoroughly by exercising the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Simple Triangles</li> <li>• 2d primitives</li> <li>• 3d Primitives (such as Triangles, 3d lines etc.)</li> <li>• Vertex Processor</li> </ul> <p>Errors in this test are attributed to the pipelines of the Sun XVR-4000 graphics accelerator and/or 3DRAM.</p>
Texture Pipeline test	<p>This test renders textured primitives to test:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2d texture Minification filtering</li> <li>• 2d texture Magnification filtering</li> <li>• 3d texture Minification filtering</li> <li>• 3d texture Magnification filtering</li> <li>• Texture environment</li> <li>• Filter4 and sharpen filters</li> <li>• Anisotropic filter</li> </ul> <p>Errors in this test are attributed to the pipelines of the Sun XVR-4000 graphics accelerator and/or 3DRAM.</p>
Fragment Processor test	<p>Fragment Processor test, a subtest, exercises the fragment pipe of each pipeline of the XVR-4000's.</p> <p>Auxiliary clipping (additive and subtractive):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Depth cueing</li> <li>• Alpha blend</li> <li>• Viewport clip (2D and 3D)</li> <li>• Area pattern (transparent and opaque)</li> </ul> <p>Errors in this test are attributed to the FBC3 and/or 3DRAM.</p>
Lighting test	<p>The Lighting test exercises Cafe and lighting microcode. This test lights an object with maximum number of lights that XVR-4000 can handle in hardware. A checksum is generated for the rendered image and compared with the checksum generated for the same image on a known good system.</p> <p>Errors in this test are attributed to the Cafe, Microcode, FBC3 and RD RAMs.</p>

**TABLE 14-1** `zulutest` Options (*Continued*)

<code>zulutest</code> Options	Description
Convolve test	<p>Convolve test tests the Convolve chips functionality (convolution filters, Color look up tables and Gamma look up tables) along with the video read back functionality of convolves and master chip. This sub test renders an image which is made up of lines drawn radial. Then a block in the center of the image is super sampled and video read back is initiated. Once the video read back data is available to the <code>zulutest</code>, <code>zulutest</code> will generate checksum and compares with the checksum generated on known good system.</p> <p>Errors in this subtest can be attributed to FBC3, 3DRAM, Convolve, Master.</p>
Stereo test	<p>Currently, this sub test is not active. Stereo test displays an object in Stereo mode with different images for the right and left eye. You can verify proper operation by looking at the screen with stereo glasses and following the instructions displayed in the Parameter Options dialog box. This test temporarily switches the monitor into Stereo mode, renders a Stereo image and after displaying the image for five seconds, restores the monitor to its previous resolution.</p>

---

## `zulutest` Test Modes

Due to the nature of graphic tests, reading data from, or writing data to the frame buffer during graphic tests will disturb user operation. For this reason, `zulutest` is only available in Functional test mode.

**TABLE 14-2** `zulutest` Supported Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Functional	Runs the full set of tests.

# zulutest Command-Line Syntax

`/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/zulutest standard_arguments -o dev=device_name, S=subtest_number, F=#_of_subtest_loops, B=#_of_test_loops, P=test_pattern`

TABLE 14-3 zulutest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
<b>dev</b> = <i>device_name</i>	<i>device_name</i> is the relative path name of the device being tested with respect to <code>/dev/fbs</code> ; the default is <code>zulu0</code> .
<b>S</b> = <i>subtest_number</i>	<p><i>subtest_number</i> is the test number of the subtest to be run. Select from the subtests below. You can run multiple subtests by adding the subtest numbers together. For example, <code>n=0x3</code> runs both test 1 and test 2; <code>n=0x180</code> runs both test <code>0x080</code> and test <code>0x0100</code>. You do not need the leading zeros.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <code>n=0x00001</code> Video Memory 3DRAM</li><li>• <code>n=0x00002</code> 3DRAM Logic</li><li>• <code>n=0x00004</code> Cafe</li><li>• <code>n=0x00008</code> Texture Memory SDRAM</li><li>• <code>n=0x00010</code> Rendering Pipeline</li><li>• <code>n=0x00020</code> Texturing Pipeline</li><li>• <code>n=0x00040</code> Fragment Pipeline</li><li>• <code>n=0x00080</code> Lighting</li><li>• <code>n=0x00100</code> Convolve</li><li>• <code>n=0x00200</code> Stereo</li></ul> <p>More than one subtest can be selected by ORing their subtest numbers. Example: <code>n = 0x00011</code> indicates 3DRAM and Rendering Pipeline tests. A hex number must start with <code>0x</code>, decimal numbers are also acceptable. [<code>n = 0xff</code>]</p> <p>If looping on a test, the verbose mode is disabled.</p> <p><code>F=n</code> : Number of times to repeat each subtest [<code>n = 1</code>].</p> <p><code>B=n</code> : Number of times to repeat test loop before passing [<code>n = 1</code>].</p> <p><code>P=pattern</code> : test pattern - <code>r</code> for random, 0 for <code>0x00000000</code>, 3 for <code>0x33333333</code>, 5 for <code>0x55555555</code>, or 9 for <code>0x99999999</code>. [<code>pattern=r</code>]</p>
<b>F</b> =#_of_subtest_loops	The number of times to repeat each subtest. The default is 1.
<b>B</b> =#_of_test_loops	The number of times to repeat a test loop before passing. The default is 1.
<b>P</b> = <i>test_pattern</i>	The test pattern number. The default is <code>r</code> , for random patterns. You may also choose 0 for <code>0x00000000</code> , 3 for <code>0x33333333</code> , 5 for <code>0x55555555</code> , or 9 for <code>0x99999999</code> .

---

**Note** – 64-bit tests are located in the `sparcv9` subdirectory `/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname`, or the relative path to which you installed *SunVTS*. If the test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to the “32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests” section of the *SunVTS 5.1 Test Reference Manual* (816-5145-10).

---

---

**Note** – Errors returned by `zulutest` are nonspecific: It is not possible to determine which component caused a failure. In all error conditions, the field replaceable unit (FRU) is the entire Sun XVR-4000 graphics accelerator.

---



## System Test (systemstest)

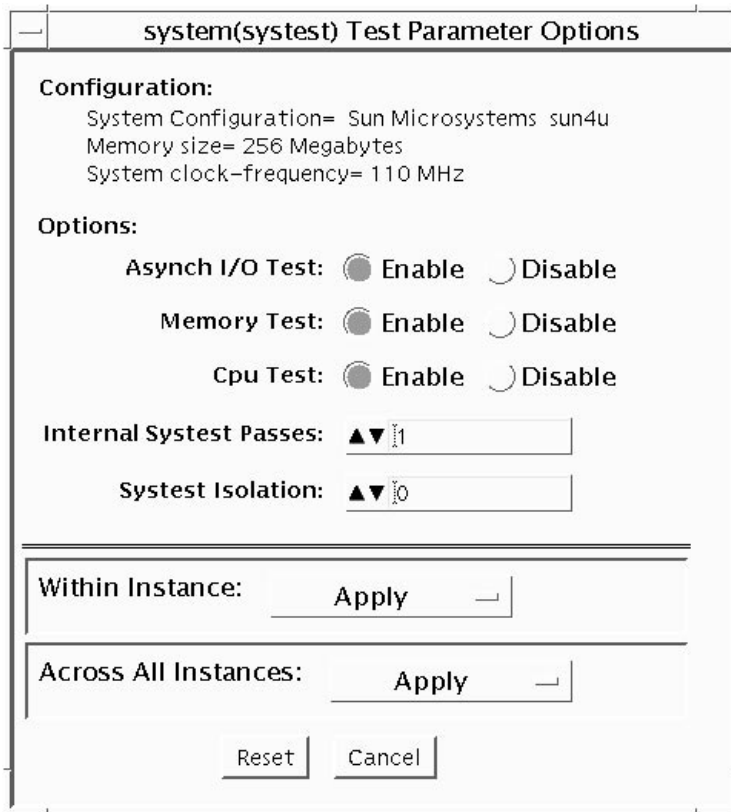
---

The `systemstest` checks the overall functionality of a Sun system by exercising the CPU, I/O, and Memory channels simultaneously. The test ensures the concurrency of the different channels by the use of Solaris threads. The test aims at stimulating failures that might be caused due to the interaction of the various different hardware modules in the system. It is very stressful on the CPU, and stresses the parallel computational capability of a multiprocessor system.

---

### systemstest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.



**FIGURE 15-1** `systest` Test Parameter Options Dialog Box



**Caution** – Use discretion when defining the `syspass` parameter. One linpack pass (`syspass=1`) takes approximately 40 minutes on a server with 12 UltraSPARC™ III processors. If the `syspass` value is set to a high value, it also increases the probability of detecting residual errors.



**Caution** – Use strong discretion when defining the System Isolation (`sysiso`) parameter. BE AWARE THAT `sysiso` MAY ONLINE / OFFLINE CPUs IN THE SYSTEM. DO NOT USE `sysiso` ON PRODUCTION SERVERS. If you choose CPUs (`sysiso=2`) Isolation, the run time may be much higher than for board(s) (`sysiso=1`) Isolation. The total run time for Isolation can not be precisely estimated. If a residual error is found in the initial evaluation phase, the Isolation functionality will online / offline CPUs in order to detect the defective boards and CPUs in the system.

---

**Note** – Users are advised to not use the Processor Affinity option for this test. Doing so reduces the effectiveness of the test.

---

**TABLE 15-1** `systest` Options

<code>systest</code> Options	Description
Asynch I/O Test	Enables or disables the Asynch I/O subtest. The default is enable.
Memory Test	Enables or disables the Memory subtest. The default is enable.
CPU Test	Enables or disables the CPU/FPU subtests. The default is enable.
Internal System Passes	Defines the number of internal lmpack passes. A set of boards and CPUs will be declared "GOOD" after " <code>syspass</code> " number of passes. The default is 1.
System Isolation	Defines the type of Isolation that <code>systest</code> needs to perform if a residual error is found in the initial evaluation phase. 0 = No Isolation (default) 1 = Board(s) Isolation only 2 = Board(s) and CPUs Isolation

The default values are recommended for an initial evaluation of the system.

---

# systest Test Modes

**TABLE 15-2** `systest` Supported Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Exclusive	Performs only the <code>systest</code> (full test).

---

# systest Command-Line Syntax

```
/opt/SUNWvts/bin/systest standard_arguments -o -io=Enable|Disable  
-mem=Enable|Disable, -cpu=Enable|Disable, -dev=system, -syspass=1,2000,  
-sysiso=0|1|2
```

**TABLE 15-3** `systest` Command Line Syntax

Argument	Description
<code>io=Enable Disable</code>	Enables or disables the Asynch I/O subtest.
<code>mem=Enable Disable</code>	Enables or disables the Memory subtest.
<code>cpu=Enable Disable</code>	Enables or disables the CPU/FPU subtests.
<code>dev=system</code>	Specifies the pseudo device name.
<code>syspass=1,2000</code>	Defines the number of internal linpack passes. A set of boards and CPUs will be declared "GOOD" after "syspass" number of passes. The default is 1.
<code>sysiso=0 1 2</code>	Defines the type of Isolation that <code>systest</code> needs to perform if a residual error is found in the initial evaluation phase. 0 = No Isolation 1 = Board(s) Isolation only 2 = Board(s) and CPUs Isolation

---

**Note** – 64-bit tests are located in the `sparcv9` subdirectory:

`/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname`, or the relative path to which you installed SunVTS. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to the "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" section of the *SunVTS 5.1 Test Reference Manual* (816-5145-10).

---

# Recommended Option Selection

The default values are recommended for an initial evaluation of the system.

## Command-Line Examples

The following examples assume the user wants to execute `systest` from the command-line with verbose enabled.

Example 1:

```
# ./systest -xv
```

The above example invokes the following:

- `systest` with default parameter values
- I/O, MEM, and CPU subtests
- One internal pass of linpack and no Isolation

Example 2:

```
# ./systest -xv -o io=Disable,mem=Enable,cpu=Enable,dev=system
```

The above example invokes the following:

- `systest` without the I/O subtest
- MEM and CPU subtests
- One internal pass of linpack and no Isolation



---

**Caution** – Do not perform the following `systest` examples (3 and 4) on production servers because `systest` may online / offline CPUs.

---

Example 3:

```
# ./systest -xv -o syspass=15,sysiso=1
```

The above example invokes the following:

- I/O, MEM, and CPU subtests
- Declares a set of boards free from residual errors after 15 internal passes of the linpack algorithm

- If an error is found, `sysctest` will perform boards isolation

Example 4:

```
# ./sysctest -xv -o syspass=10,sysiso=2
```

The above example invokes the following:

- I/O, MEM, and CPU subtests
- Declares a set of boards AND CPUs free from residual errors after 10 internal passes of the linpack algorithm
- If an error is found, `sysctest` will perform boards AND CPUs isolation

## Blade Support Chip Test (bsctest)

---

The `bsctest` exercises the Blade Support Chip and supporting hardware used in Sun Fire™ B100 blade systems. This includes the Open Boot Prom (OBP) and Time of Day (ToD) Prom chips.



---

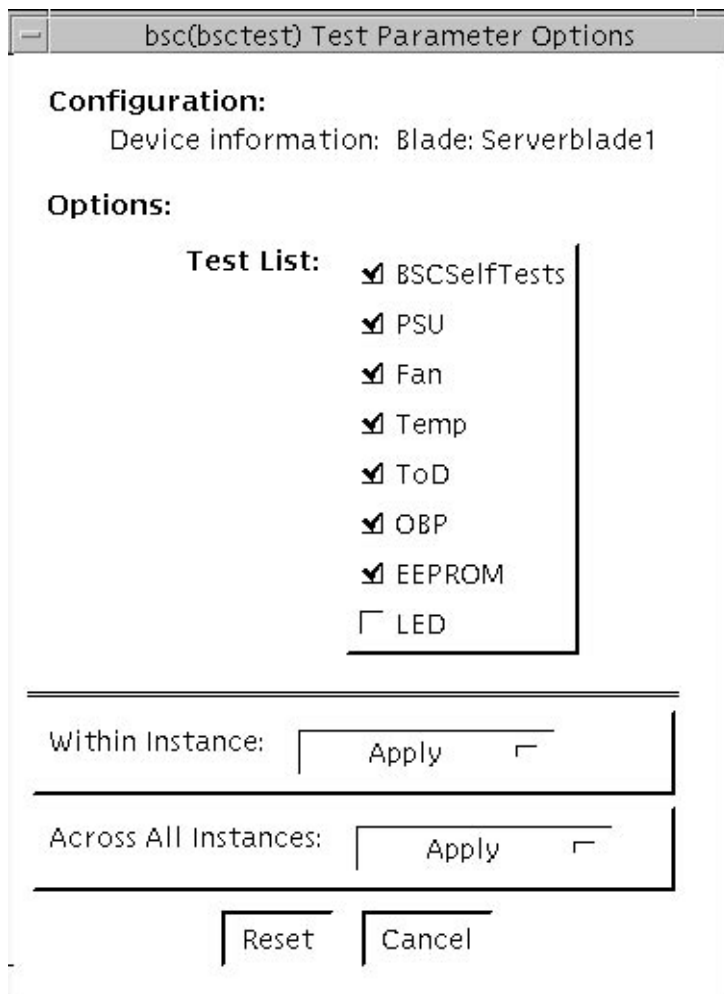
**Caution** – If the LED subtest is selected, please be aware that LEDs on the blade will change. They will return to their correct state when the test is completed.

---

---

### bsctest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.



**FIGURE 16-1** bsctest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

**TABLE 16-1** bsctest Options

bsctest Options	Description
BSCSelfTests	Calls on the BSC to execute its built-in self tests.
PSU	Performs read-only checks of Power Supply status.
Fan	Performs read-only checks of Fan status.
Temp	Performs read-only checks of Temperature Monitor status.
ToD	Performs read-only checks of Time of Day chip.



**TABLE 16-1** bsctest Options (Continued)

bsctest Options	Description
OBP	Performs read-only checks of platform specific Open Boot properties.
EEPROM	Performs read-only check of EEPROM.
LED	Performs read-only check of Service Required LED status and performs a test in which all three LEDs (Power, Service Required, and Ready to Remove) are flashed simultaneously at 4Hz and then returned to their original state.

---

## bsctest Test Modes

**TABLE 16-2** bsctest Supported Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Connection	Opens the BSC, OBP, and ToD devices.
Functional	Performs all tests with the LED testing off by default.
Online	Performs all tests except BSCSelfTests and LED <i>Flashing</i> test.

---

## bsctest Command-Line Syntax

```
/opt/SUNWvts/bin/bsctest standard_arguments [-o dev=device_name test=<test_list>]
```

**TABLE 16-3** bsctest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
<i>dev=device_name</i>	<i>device_name</i> is the device to be tested, for example, bsc
<i>test=test_list</i>	<i>testlist</i> is the list of subtests, for example: BSCSelfTests, PSU, Fan, Temp, ToD, OBP, EEPROM, LED

---

**Note** – 64-bit tests are located in the `sparcv9` subdirectory:  
`/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname`, or the relative path to which you installed *SunVTS*. If the test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to the “32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests” section of the *SunVTS 5.1 Test Reference Manual* (816-5145-10).

---

## Environmental Test (`env6test`)

---

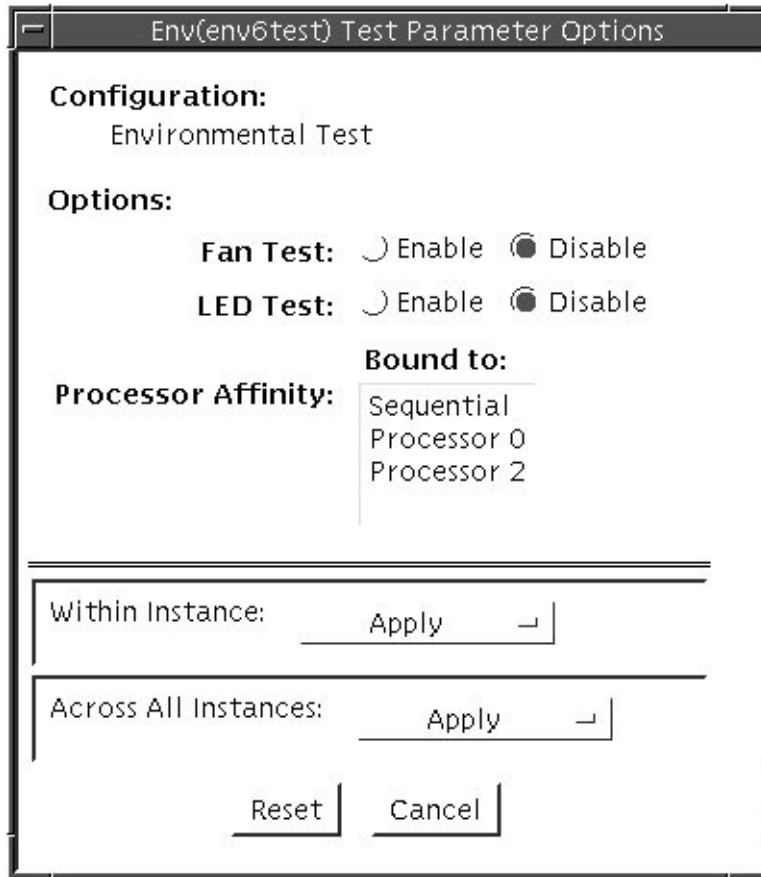
`env6test` exercises and validates environmental subsystems. This test contains subtests to exercise a system's fans, keyswitch, LEDs, power supplies, and temperature sensors.

This test is not scalable.

---

### `env6test` Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.



**FIGURE 17-1** env6test Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

**TABLE 17-1** env6test Options

env6test Options	Description
Fan Test	Checks the status, tolerance, and speed of the system's fans. Default is Disable.
LED Test	Checks overall status of system's LEDs by switching them ON and OFF. Default is Disable.

---

## env6test Test Modes

**TABLE 17-2** env6test Supported Test Modes

---

Test Mode	Description
Connection	Reports current state of devices.
Exclusive	Performs all tests including the Fan and LED subtests if they are enabled.

---

---

## env6test Command-Line Syntax

`/opt/SUNWvts/bin/env6test` *standard\_arguments*  
`-o dev=raw_device_name,led=Enable|Disable,fan=Enable|Disable`

**TABLE 17-3** env6test Command-Line Syntax

---

Argument	Description
<code>dev=raw_device_name</code>	Specifies the name of the raw device to test. Default is <code>/dev/env</code>
<code>led=Enable Disable</code>	Enables or disables the LED subtest. Default is Disable.
<code>fan=Enable Disable</code>	Enables or disables the Fans subtest. Default is Disable.

---

**Note** – 64-bit tests are located in the `sparcv9` subdirectory:

`/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname`, or the relative path to which you installed SunVTS. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to the “32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests” section of the *SunVTS 5.1 Test Reference Manual* (816-5145-10).

---



## I2C Inter-Integrated Circuit Test (i2c2test)

---

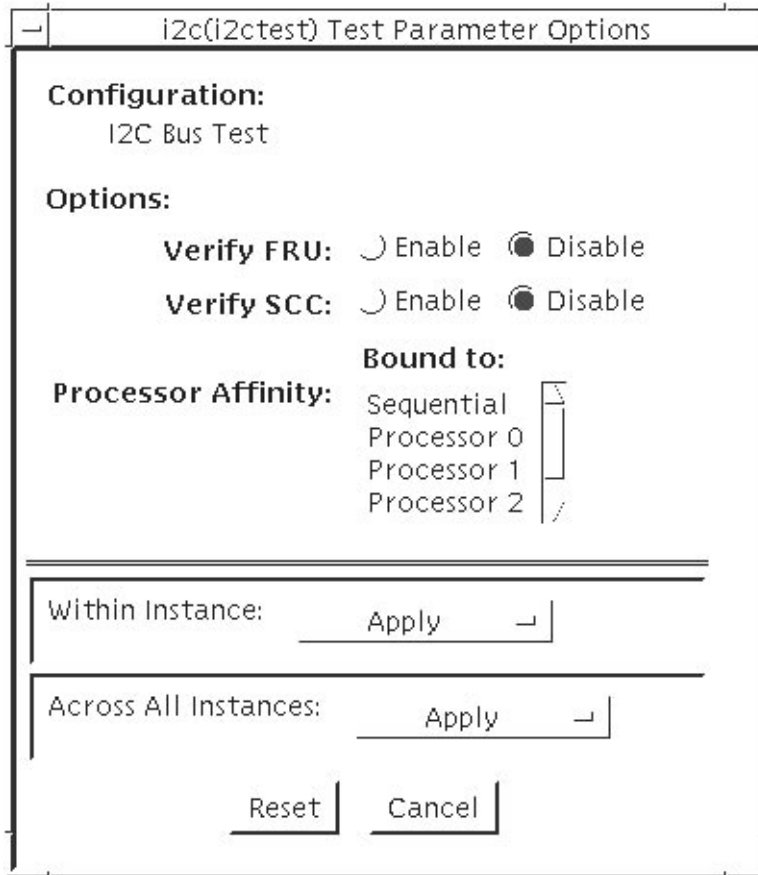
The `i2c2test` is designed to verify the proper placement, operation, and data integrity on the various I2C devices.

This test is not scalable.

---

### `i2c2test` Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.



**FIGURE 18-1** i2c2test Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

**TABLE 18-1** i2c2test Options

i2c2test Options	Description
Verify FRU	Verifies the status of the FRU. Default is Disable.
Verify SCC	Verifies the status of the SCC. Default is Disable.
Processor Affinity	Specifies the processors to be tested in sequential order.



---

# i2c2test Test Modes

**TABLE 18-2** i2c2test Supported Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Connection	Performs a test to verify connection to all I2C devices.
Exclusive	Performs a test to verify connection to all I2C devices, and also performs a test to verify that the fru and scc content is consistent with the user's selection.

---

# i2c2test Command-Line Syntax

`/opt/SUNWvts/bin/i2c2test` *standard\_arguments*  
`-o dev=raw_device_name,chkfru=Enable|Disable,chkssc=Enable|Disable`

**TABLE 18-3** i2c2test Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
<code>dev=raw_device_name</code>	Specifies the name of the raw device to test.
<code>chkfru=Enable Disable</code>	Verifies the status of the FRU. Default is Disable.
<code>chkssc=Enable Disable</code>	Verifies the status of the SCC. Default is Disable.

---

**Note** – 64-bit tests are located in the `sparcv9` subdirectory:

`/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname`. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to the “32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests” section of the *SunVTS 5.1 Test Reference Manual* (816-5145-10).

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## Integer Unit Test (iutest)

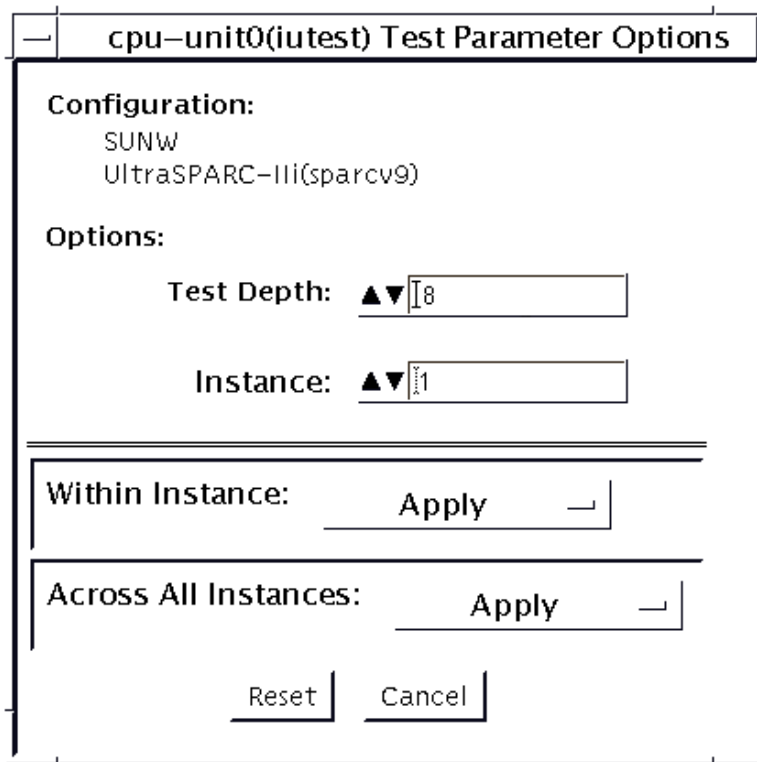
---

The Integer Unit Test (iutest) tests the resident integer unit in Sun SPARC CPUs. It exercises all of the register windows present in the Integer Unit of the CPU. The successful completion of the test implies that all of the register windows are functioning properly and failure implies a faulty register.

---

### iutest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.



**FIGURE 19-1** iutest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

For the test options in the iutest Test Parameter Options dialog box, Test Depth is the only required option. Test Depth corresponds to the number of times that *all the register windows* are getting tested. The default, maximum and minimum values of the Test Depth are 8, 64, and 1 respectively.

---

# iutest Test Modes

**TABLE 19-1** iutest Supported Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Connection	Displays the type of CPU implementation (for example, <code>sparcv7</code> or <code>sparcv9</code> , etc.), the operating frequency, and CPU status (online, offline, etc.).
Functional (Offline)	Verifies all of the register windows and returns the appropriate error message if there is a faulty register. Otherwise, displays a successful test message.

---

# iutest Command-Line Syntax

`/opt/SUNWvts/bin/iutest standard_arguments -o depth=val,dev=cpu-unitN`

In the `iutest` command-line syntax, *val* is the value of the `Test_Depth` parameter option as described in the preceding `iutest` options section. *N* is the CPU unit number (0,1,2, etc.). The test behavior is unpredictable if options other than those described in this section are entered.

---

**Note** – 64-bit tests are located in the `sparcv9` subdirectory:

`/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname`, or the relative path to which you installed *SunVTS*. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to the “32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests” section of the *SunVTS 5.1 Test Reference Manual* (816-5145-10).

---



## System Service Processor Test (`ssptest`)

---

The `ssptest` exercises the Remote System Control (RSC) feature, which is integrated on the Sun Enterprise 250 as well as the next-generation RSC 2.0 plug-in card introduced with the Sun Fire 280R line, and Advanced Lights-Out Management (ALOM) feature. The ALOM feature is integrated into the Sun Fire V210, Sun Fire V240, and Sun Fire V440 systems.

The RSC or ALOM provides secure remote access for system monitoring, firmware updates, and failure recovery. The RSC or ALOM communicates with the host through two internal serial lines, the I2C bus, and reset lines.

The RSC 1.0 hardware consists of the controller, flash, SEEPROM, 10MB Ethernet port, and an external console serial port.

The RSC 2.0 plug-in card hardware consists of the controller, flash, SEEPROM, 10MB Ethernet port, FRUSEEPROM, Time of Day (ToD) device, internal PCMCIA modem card, and battery backup.

The ALOM hardware consists of a Motorola MPC850 processor, flash, SEEPROM, 10MB/100MB Ethernet Port, Time of Day (ToD) device, Serial Transceiver, and battery backup.

`ssptest` is not scalable.

---

### `ssptest` Subtests

The `ssptest` will present different subtests and options based on which type of hardware (RSC or ALOM) and which version of RSC hardware (1.0 or 2.0) it is testing.

The subtests common to RSC 1.0, RSC 2.0, and ALOM include:

**TABLE 20-1** Subtests for Both RSC 1.0, RSC 2.0, and ALOM

<b>Subtest</b>	<b>Description</b>
Ethernet	Allows for internal loopback testing, on the Ethernet device with user specified data, size, and number of packets.  Allows for external loopback testing with user-specified data, size, and number of packets. This requires a connection to a 10MB hub or switch for RSC 1.0, or a passive loopback connector for RSC 2.0, and ALOM.  Allows for a ping to be sent to a specified host and checks the response.
Flash CRC	Performs a checksum test on the flash device.
SEEPROM CRC	Performs a checksum test on the SEEPROM device.
Serial	Allows internal loopback testing with user-specified data and size on the two internal serial ports.  Allows for internal and/or external testing on the external ttyu port. The external test requires a passive loopback connector.

ssptest also presents the following subtests when running on the RSC 2.0 hardware:

**TABLE 20-2** Subtests for RSC 2.0 Only

<b>Subtest</b>	<b>Description</b>
FRU SEEPROM CRC	Performs a checksum test on the SEEPROM device.
I2C	Tests the i2c bus connection between the host and the RSC.
ToD	Performs multiple reads to the ToD device and verifies that the time is incrementing.
Modem	Verifies that the modem is installed. Displays the manufacture information, in Verbose mode. Performs AT inquiry commands.



`ssptest` presents the following subtests when running on the ALOM hardware:

**TABLE 20-3** Subtests for ALOM Only

Subtest	Description
I2C	Tests the i2c bus connection between the host and the ALOM.
ToD	Performs multiple reads to the ToD device and verifies that the time is incrementing.

The subtests call test modlets that are written in the native Real Time Operating System (RTOS) that resides in the RSC firmware. The `ssptest` subtests execute the test modlets, pass parameters, and retrieve results from the RSC or ALOM using a test protocol on the host to RSC or ALOM internal serial lines.

---

## ssptest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

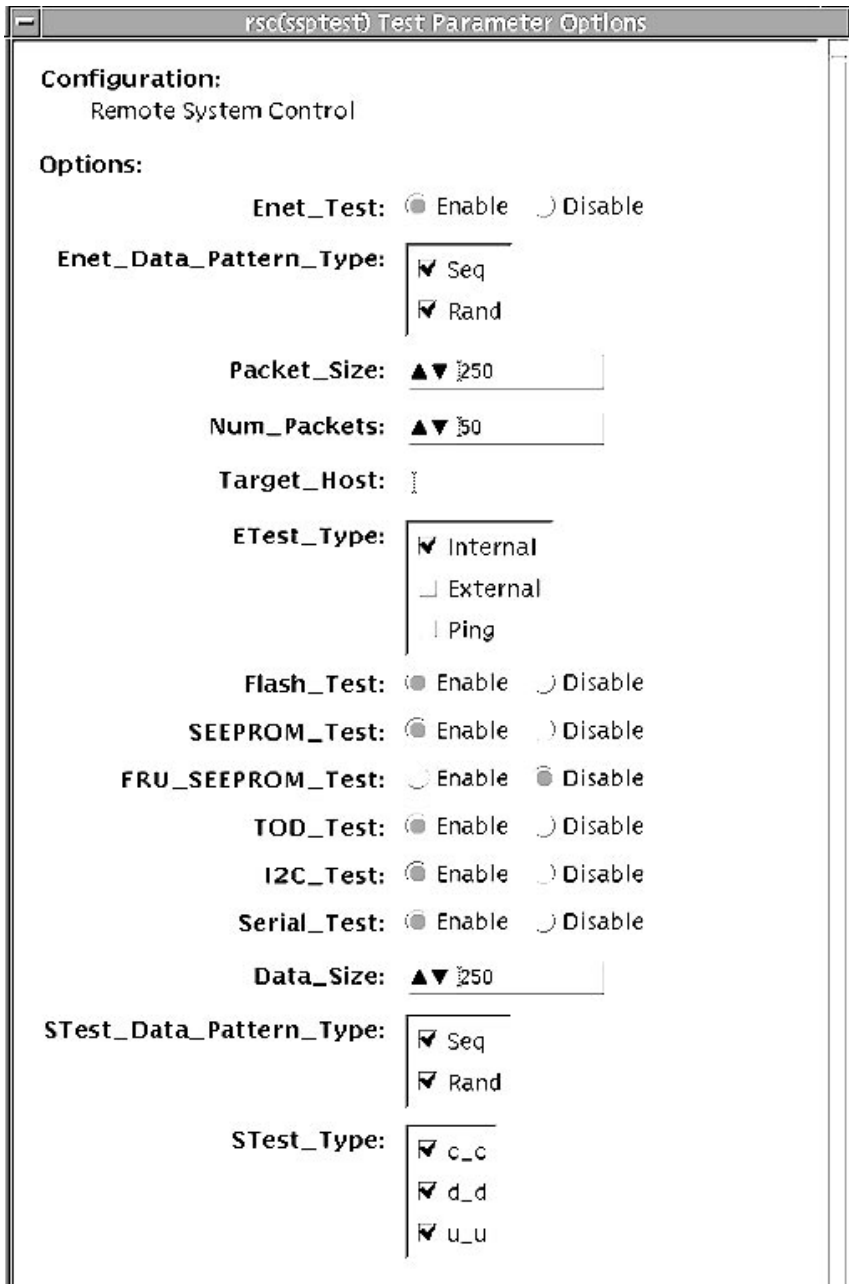
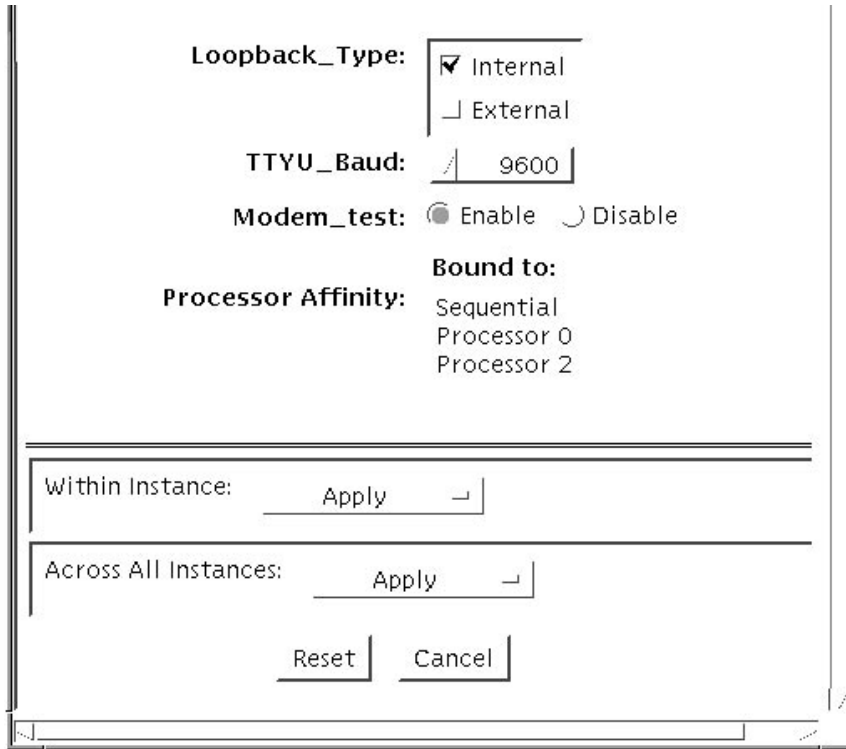


FIGURE 20-1 ssptest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box (Top Section)



**FIGURE 20-2** ssptest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box (Bottom Section)

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**Note** – The Configuration field in the ssptest Test Parameter Options dialog box displays the which type of hardware (RSC or ALOM) is being tested. For RSC 1.0 and 2.0, *Remote System Control* is displayed. For ALOM, *Advanced Lights-Out Management* is displayed.

---

**TABLE 20-4** ssptest Options

ssptest Options	Description
Enet test	Enables or disables RSC or ALOM Ethernet testing.
Data Pattern Type	Selects Sequential, Random, or both types of data patterns.
Packet Size	Defines the size of each data packet to be sent for all tests.
Num Packets	Specifies the number of data packets to send in one test loop.
Target Host	Specifies the IP address of a host to use for the ping test.
Enet Test Type	Selects any or all Internal, External, or ping tests.

**TABLE 20-4** `ssptest` Options

<code>ssptest</code> Options	Description
Flash test	Enables or disables the flash checksum test.
SEEPROM test	Enables or disables the SEEPROM checksum test.
FRU SEEPROM test	Enables or disables the FRU SEEPROM checksum test (RSC 2.0 only).
TOD test	Enables or disables the Time Of Day test.
I2C test	Enables or disables the I2C test (RSC 2.0 and ALOM only).
Serial test	Enables or disables the RSC or ALOM serial test.
Data Size	Defines the data size to be sent.
Loopback Type	Selects Internal, External, or both. External requires a loopback plug.
Data Pattern Type	Selects Sequential, Random, or both types of data patterns.
Serial Test Type	Selects serial ports to be tested, u to u, c to c, or d to d.
TTYU_Baud	Select a fixed baud rate or all baud rates for testing the ttyu port. The valid baud rates under TTYU_Baud are: ALL, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 14400, 19200, 38400, 57600, 76800, 115200. The default is 9600.
Modem Test	Used to Enable or Disable the RSC PCMCIA modem test (RSC 2.0 only).

## ssptest Test Modes

`ssptest` supports the following tests as described in the table below.

**TABLE 20-5** `ssptest` Supported Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Connection	Reports the status of the RSC or ALOM.
Exclusive	Tests the RSC's and ALOM's Ethernet, flash, SEEPROM, ToD, I2C, and serial devices. All tests use the internal modes as defaults. The <code>ssptest</code> will not run the serial test on <code>ttyc</code> if the console has been redirected to the RSC. The <code>ttu</code> tests will not run if there is an open login on the <code>ttyu</code> .

# ssptest Command-Line Syntax

RSC 1.0: `/opt/SUNWvts/bin/ssptest standard_arguments -o enet=E/D, epatttype=seq+rand, esize=packet_size, epkts=number_packets, target=IP_address, etest=I+E+P, flash=E/D, seeprom=E/D, serial=E/D, sdatsize=data_size, slb=I+E, spatttype=seq+rand, stest=u_u+c_c+d_d, ttyubaud=baud_rate|all`

RSC 2.0: `/opt/SUNWvts/bin/ssptest standard_arguments -o enet=E/D, epatttype=seq+rand, esize=packet_size, epkts=number_packets, target=IP_address, etest=I+E+P, flash=E/D, seeprom=E/D, fruseeprom=E/D, tod=E/D, i2c=E/D, serial=E/D, sdatsize=data_size, slb=I+E, spatttype=seq+rand, stest=u_u+c_c+d_d, ttyubaud=baud_rate|all, rscmodem=E/D`

ALOM: `/opt/SUNWvts/bin/ssptest standard_arguments -o enet=E/D, epatttype=seq+rand, esize=packet_size, epkts=number_packets, target=IP_address, etest=I+E+P, flash=E/D, seeprom=E/D, tod=E/D, i2c=E/D, serial=E/D, sdatsize=data_size, slb=I, spatttype=seq+rand, stest=d_d`

TABLE 20-6 ssptest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
<code>enet=enable disable</code>	Enables or disables RSC or ALOM Ethernet test.
<code>epatttype=seq+rand</code>	Predefined pattern options used for Enet test.
<code>esize=packet_size</code>	Data size for each packet in the Enet test.
<code>epkts=number_packets</code>	Number of packets to send for Enet test.
<code>target=IP_address</code>	IP address of target system for Enet ping test.
<code>etest=Internal+External+Ping</code>	Selects any or all Internal, External, or ping tests.
<code>flash=enable disable</code>	Enables or disables RSC or ALOM Flash checksum test.
<code>seeprom=enable disable</code>	Enables or disables RSC or ALOM SEEPROM checksum test.
<code>fruseeprom=E/D (RSC 2.0 ONLY)</code>	Enables or disables RSC FRU SEEPROM checksum test.
<code>tod=E/D (RSC 2.0 and ALOM ONLY)</code>	Enables or disables RSC or ALOM Time of Day test.
<code>i2c=E/D (RSC 2.0 and ALOM ONLY)</code>	Enables or disables RSC or ALOM i2c test.
<code>serial=enable disable</code>	Enables or disables RSC or ALOM serial test.
<code>sdatsize=data_size</code>	Data size for the rsc or aalom serial tests.
<code>slb=Internal+External</code>	Loopback type. External N/A on ports C and D.

**TABLE 20-6** `ssptest` Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
<code>spatttype=seq+rand</code>	Predefined pattern options used for RSC or ALOM serial test.
<code>stest=u_u+c_c+d_d</code>	Defines port and configuration to use for RSC or ALOM serial test.
<code>ttu_baud=ALL specific_baud</code>	Defines baud rates to be used in testing the RSC's console port. The valid baud rates under <code>ttu_baud</code> are: ALL, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 14400, 19200, 38400, 57600, 76800, 115200. The default is 9600.
<code>rscmodem=E/D</code>	Enables or disables the RSC PCMCIA modem test.

---

**Note** – 64-bit tests are located in the `sparcv9` subdirectory: `/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname`, or the relative path to which you installed *SunVTS*. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to the “32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests” section of the *SunVTS 5.1 Test Reference Manual* (816-5145-10).

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