

Sun Java™ System Access Manager Release Notes for Microsoft Windows

Version 7

Part Number 819-4262-10

These Release Notes contain important information available at the time of release of Sun Java System Access Manager 7 2005Q4 (formerly Sun Java System Identity Server) for Windows. Known issues and limitations, and other information are addressed here. Read this document before you install and use this release.

The most up-to-date version of these release notes can be found at the Sun Java System documentation web site: <http://docs.sun.com/app/docs/prod/entsys.05q4>. Check the web site before installing and setting up your software and then periodically thereafter to view the most up-to-date release notes and product documentation.

These release notes contain the following sections:

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Third-party URLs are referenced in this document and provide additional, related information.

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Release Notes Revision History

Table 1 Revision History

Date	Description of Changes
February 2006	Revenue release.
November 2005	Beta release.

About Access Manager 7

Sun Java System Access Manager (Access Manager) is part of the Sun Identity Management infrastructure that allows an organization to manage secure access to Web applications and other resources both within an enterprise and across business-to-business (B2B) value chains. Access Manager provides these main functions:

- Centralized authentication and authorization services using both role-based and rule-based access control
- Single sign-on (SSO) for access to an organizations Web-based applications
- Federated identity support with the Liberty Alliance Project and Security Assertions Markup Language (SAML)
- Logging of critical information including administrator and user activities by Access Manager components for subsequent analysis, reporting, and auditing.

This section includes:

- [What's New in Access Manager 7](#)
- [Hardware and Software Requirements](#)
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What's New in Access Manager 7

This release includes the following new features:

- [Access Manager Modes](#)
- [New Access Manager Console](#)
- [Identity Repository](#)
- [Access Manager Information Tree](#)
- [Session Failover Changes](#)
- [Session Property Change Notification](#)
- [Session Quota Constraints](#)
- [Distributed Authentication](#)
- [Multiple Authentication Module Instances Support](#)
- [Authentication "Named Configuration" or "Chaining" Name Space](#)
- [Policy Module Enhancements](#)
- [Site Configuration](#)
- [Bulk Federation](#)
- [Logging Enhancements](#)

Access Manager Modes

Access Manager 7 2005Q4 includes Realm mode and Legacy mode. Both modes support:

- New Access Manager 7 2005Q4 features
- Access Manager 6 2005Q1 features, except for these limitations:
 - When realms are created, the corresponding organizations are not created in Sun Java System Directory Server.
 - The new Access Manager 7 2005Q4 Console cannot set a Class of Service (CoS) template priority. See “New Access Manager Console cannot set the CoS template priorities (6309262)” on page 28.
- Identity repositories in Sun Java System Directory Server and other data stores

Legacy mode is required for:

- Sun Java System Portal Server
- Sun Java System Communications Services servers, including Messaging Server, Calendar Server, Instant Messaging, or Delegated Administrator

- Coexistence deployments when Access Manager 6 2005Q1 and Access Manager 7 2005Q4 access the same Directory Server

New Access Manager Console

The Access Manager Console has been redesigned for this release. However, if Access Manager is deployed with Portal Server, Messaging Server, Calendar Server, Instant Messaging, or Delegated Administrator, you must install Access Manager in Legacy mode and use the Access Manager 6 2005Q1 Console:

For more information, see [“Compatibility Issues” on page 10](#).

Identity Repository

An Access Manager identity repository contains information pertinent to identities such as users, groups, and roles. You can create and maintain an identity repository using either Access Manager or another provisioning product such as Sun Java System Identity Manager.

In the current release, an identity repository can reside in either Sun Java System Directory Server or Microsoft Active Directory. Access Manager can have read/write access or read-only access to an identity repository.

Access Manager Information Tree

The Access Manager information tree contains information pertinent to system access. Each Access Manager instance creates and maintains a separate information tree in Sun Java System Directory Server. An Access Manager information tree can have any name (suffix). The Access Manager information tree includes realms (and sub-realms, if needed), as described in the following section.

Access Manager Realms

A realm and any sub-realms are part of the Access Manager information tree and can contain configuration information that defines a set of users and/or groups, how users authenticate, which resources users can access, and the information that is available to applications after users are given access to resources. A realm or sub-realm can also contain other configuration information, including globalization configuration, password reset configuration, session configuration, console configuration, and user preferences. A realm or sub-realm can also be empty.

You can create a realm using either the Access Manager Console or the `amadmin` CLI utility. For more information refer to the Console online help or the Chapter 14, “The `amadmin` Command Line Tool,” in *Sun Java System Access Manager 7 2005Q4 Administration Guide*.

Session Failover Changes

Access Manager provides a web container independent session failover implementation using Sun Java System Message Queue (Message Queue) as the communications broker and the Berkeley DB by Sleepycat Software, Inc. as the session store database. Access Manager 7 2005Q4 enhancements includes the `amsfoconfig.bat` to configure the session failover environment.

For more information, see “Implementing Access Manager Session Failover” in *Sun Java System Access Manager 7 2005Q4 Deployment Planning Guide*.

Session Property Change Notification

The session property change notification feature enables Access Manager to send a notification to the specific listeners when a change occurs on a specific session property. This feature takes effect when the “Enable Property Change Notifications” attribute is enabled in the Access Manager administrator Console. For example, in a single sign-on (SSO) environment, one Access Manager session can be shared by multiple applications. When a change occurs on a specific session property defined in the “Notification Properties” list, Access Manager sends a notification to all registered listeners.

For more information, see “Enabling Session Property Change Notifications” in *Sun Java System Access Manager 7 2005Q4 Deployment Planning Guide*.

Session Quota Constraints

The session quota constraints feature allows the Access Manager administrator (`amadmin`) to set the “Active User Sessions” attribute to limit the maximum number of concurrent sessions allowed for a user. The administrator can set a session quota constraint at the global level for all users or for an entity such as an organization, realm, role, or user that apply only to one or more specific users.

By default, session quota constraints are disabled (OFF), but the administrator can enable them by setting the “Enable Quota Constraints” attribute in the Access Manager administrator Console.

The administrator can also configure the behavior if a user exhausts the session constraint quota by setting the “Resulting Behavior If Session Quota Exhausted” attribute:

- `DENY_ACCESS`. Access Manager rejects the login request for a new session.
- `DESTROY_OLD_SESSION`. Access Manager destroys the next expiring session.

The “Exempt Top-Level Admins From Constraint Checking” attribute specifies whether session constraint quotas apply to the administrators who have the “Top-level Admin Role”.

For more information, see “Setting Session Quota Constraints” in *Sun Java System Access Manager 7 2005Q4 Deployment Planning Guide*.

Distributed Authentication

The distributed authentication service allows user identity and credential collection interaction for the demilitarized zone (DMZ). During authentication to Access Manager, the user must provide user identification and credentials. During this process, the Access Manager service URLs are exposed to the user. You can avoid this exposure by using a proxy server; however, a proxy server is not an acceptable solution for some deployments.

Most of the secure deployments do not allow Agents (from the DMZ layer) redirecting the request to the Access Manager server (in secure zone, behind the firewall) directly and hence this is the primary requirement for the Distributed Authentication service.

This feature is delivered and deployed as J2EE Web application on any servlet compliant Web container. The Authentication Service can have a remote authentication presentation and extraction framework (that is, distributed authentication UI) that can be deployed as J2EE Web application in the DMZ layer (on a machine not running Access Manager) and which in turn, can communicate with back-end servers for the actual authentication. The Distributed Authentication service communicates to the Authentication server (remotely) for actual authentication via remote API.

Multiple Authentication Module Instances Support

All authentication modules (out of box) are extended to support the sub-schema with Console UI support. Multiple authentication module instances can be created for each module type (module class loaded). For example, for instances with names of ldap1 and ldap2 for an LDAP module type, each instance can point to a different LDAP directory server. Module instances with the same names as their types are supported for backward compatibility. Invocation is `server_deploy_uri/UI/Login? module=module-instance-name`.

Authentication "Named Configuration" or "Chaining" Name Space

A separate name space is created under an Org/Realm, which is a chain of authentication module instances. The same chain can be reused and assigned to an Org/Realm, Role, or User. The Authentication Service instance equals the Authentication Chain. Invocation is `server_deploy_uri/UI/Login? service=authentication-chain-name`.

Policy Module Enhancements

Personalization Attributes

In addition to Rules, Subjects, and Conditions, policies can now have personalization attributes (IDResponseProvider). The policy decision sent to the client from the policy evaluation now includes policy-based response personalization attributes in the applicable policies. Two types of personalization attributes are supported:

- Static attributes. You define the attribute name and value in the policy.

- Dynamic attributes. You list the attribute names in the policies, and values are fetched from the Identity Repository data stores at policy evaluation time.

Policy Enforcement Points (agents) typically forward these attribute values as HTTP Header or Cookies or Request Attributes to the protected application.

Access Manager 7 2005Q4 does not support custom implementations of the Response Provider interface by customers.

Session Property Condition

The session policy condition implementation (`SessionPropertyCondition`) decides whether a policy is applicable to the request based on values of properties set in a user's Access Manager session. At policy evaluation time, the condition returns "true" only if the user's Access Manager session has every property value defined in the condition. For properties defined with multiple values in the condition, it is sufficient if the user session has at least one value listed for the property in the condition.

Policy Subject

The policy subject implementation (`AccessManagerIdentitySubject`) allows you to use entries from the configured Identity Repository as policy subject values.

Policy Export

You can export policies in XML format using the `amadmin` command. The new `GetPolicies` and `RealmGetPolicies` elements in the `amAdmin.dtd` file support this feature.

Policy Status

A policy now has a status attribute, which can be set to active or inactive. Inactive policies are ignored during policy evaluation.

Site Configuration

Access Manager 7 2005Q4 introduces the "site concept," which provides centralized configuration management for an Access Manager deployment. When Access Manager is configured as a site, client requests always go through the load balancer, which simplifies the deployment as well as resolves issues such as a firewall between the client and the back-end Access Manager servers.

For more information, see "Configuring an Access Manager Deployment as a Site" in *Sun Java System Access Manager 7 2005Q4 Deployment Planning Guide*.

Bulk Federation

Access Manager 7 2005Q4 provides bulk federation of user accounts to applications that are outsourced to business partners. Previously, federating accounts between a Service Provider (SP) and an Identity Provider (IDP) required each user to access both the SP and IDP sites, create accounts if not already there, and federate the two accounts through a web link. This process was time consuming. It was not always suitable for a deployment with existing accounts or for a site that acted as an identity provider itself or use one of its partners as an authenticating provider.

For more information, see the *Sun Java System Access Manager 7 2005Q4 Federation and SAML Administration Guide*.

Logging Enhancements

Access Manager 7 2005Q4 includes several new logging enhancements:

- **New fields (or columns):** The `MessageID` field contains the message identifier for the logged event. The `ContextID` field contains the context identifier, which is analogous to a session identifier and applies to all events for a particular user's login session. For a user's specific login session, `ContextID` will be the same in all log files for logged events.
- **Logging API.** The API includes additions for reading log records, including from a database (DB), when logging to DB is configured. Refer to `LogReaderSample.java` in the `<install-dir>\samples\logging` directory, which shows the retrieval of log records from a flat file or DB table repository.

CAUTION Database tables tend to be larger than flat file logs. Therefore, in a given request, do not retrieve all of the records in a database table, because the quantity of data can consume all of the Access Manager server resources.

Hardware and Software Requirements

The following hardware and software are required for this release of Access Manager.

Table 2 Hardware and Software Requirements

Component	Requirement
Operating system	Microsoft Windows 2000 Advanced Server, Service Pack 4 Microsoft Windows 2000 Professional Microsoft Windows 2003 Enterprise Server
RAM	512 Mbytes

Table 2 Hardware and Software Requirements (*Continued*)

Component	Requirement
Disk space	250 Mbytes

Supported Browsers

This release of Access Manager supports the following browsers:

Table 3 Supported Browsers

Browser	Platforms
Microsoft Internet Explorer™ 5.5 SP2	Windows™ 2000
Microsoft Internet Explorer 6.0	Windows 2000, Windows XP
Mozilla 1.7.1	Solaris OS, versions 9 and 10 Java Desktop System Windows 2000 Red Hat™ Linux 8.0
Netscape™ 7.0	Solaris OS, versions 9 and 10 Java Desktop System Windows 2000 Red Hat Linux 8.0

Bugs Fixed in This Release

None.

Important Information

This section contains the latest information that is not contained in the core product documentation. This section covers the following topics:

- [Compatibility Issues](#)
- [Installation Notes](#)
- [Accessibility Features for People With Disabilities](#)

Compatibility Issues

- [Access Manager Legacy Mode](#)
- [Determining the Access Manager Mode](#)
- [Access Manager Policy Agents](#)

Access Manager Legacy Mode

Access Manager 7 2005Q4 can be configured in two modes:

- Enhanced (7.x) type or realm mode
- Compatible (6.x) type or legacy mode

If you are installing Access Manager with Portal Server, Messaging Server, Calendar Server, Instant Messaging, or Delegated Administrator, you must select the Access Manager compatible (6.x) type, as follows:

For more information, see [Access Manager Installation Types](#).

Configure Automatically During Installation

In this option the installer configures the Access Manager in the legacy mode.

Configure Manually After Installation

If you run the Java ES Installer with the "Configure Manually After Installation" option, you must run the `amconfig.bat` to configure Access Manager after installation.

To select the Compatible (6.x) installation type, set the following parameters in your configuration script input file (`AMConfigurator.Properties`):

```
AM_REALM=disabled
```

```
CONSOLE_DEPLOY_URI=/amconsole
```

To select the enhanced mode:

```
AM_REALM=enabled
```

```
CONSOLE_Deploy_URI=/amserver/console
```

For more information about configuring Access Manager by running the `amconfig.bat`, refer to the *Sun Java System Access Manager Administration Guide* <http://docs.sun.com/doc/817-7647>.

Determining the Access Manager Mode

To determine whether a running Access Manager 7 2005Q4 installation has been configured in Realm or Legacy mode, invoke:

```
http(s)://host:port/amserver/SMSServlet?method=isRealmEnabled
```

Results are:

- true: Realm mode
- false: Legacy mode

Access Manager Policy Agents

The following table shows the compatibility of Policy Agents with the Access Manager 7 2005Q4 modes.

Table 4 Policy Agents Compatibility With Access Manager 7 2005Q4 Modes

Agent and Version	Compatible Mode
Web and J2EE agents, version 2.2	Legacy and Realm modes
Web agents, version 2.1	Legacy and Realm modes
J2EE agents, version 2.1	Legacy mode only.

Installation Notes

Access Manager installation notes include the following information.

Access Manager Installation Types

When you run the Java ES installer, Access Manager 7 2005Q4 can be installed in Configure Automatically During Installation or Configure Manually After Installation mode.

- In the Configure Automatically During Installation mode, the Java ES installer configures Access Manager in legacy mode. Compatible (6.x) type (or legacy mode) supports Access Manager 6 features, including the Access Manager 6 compatible console and directory information tree (DIT).

The default "Console Deployment URI" for the Compatible (6.x) type is `amconsole`.

- In the Configure Manually After Installation mode, the Access Manager can configure either in legacy or enhanced mode. Enhanced (7.x) type (or realm mode) supports Access Manager 7 features, including the new Access Manager 7 Console.

To configure Access Manager in enhanced mode, see [“Configure Manually After Installation” on page 10](#).

The default "Console Deployment URI" for the Enhanced (7.x) type for both server and remote console installations is `amserver/console`.

If you run the Java ES installer in silent mode or the Access Manager `amconfig.bat`, set these variables in the state file or configuration script input file: `AMConfig.Properties`:

For Enhanced (7.x) mode:

```
AM_REALM=enabled
CONSOLE_DEPLOY_URI=/amserver/console
```

For Compatible (6.x) mode:

```
AM_REALM=disabled
CONSOLE_DEPLOY_URI=/amconsole
```

Upgrade Instructions for Access Manager

If you are upgrading to Access Manager 7 2005Q4 from an earlier release, follow the upgrade instructions in the *Sun Java Enterprise System 2005Q4 Upgrade Guide for Microsoft Windows* located at <http://docs.sun.com/app/docs/doc/819-4461>.

Accessibility Features for People With Disabilities

To obtain accessibility features that have been released since the publishing of this media, consult Section 508 product assessments available from Sun upon request to determine which versions are best suited for deploying accessible solutions. Updated versions of applications can be found at: <http://sun.com/software/javaenterprisesystem/get.html>.

For information on Sun's commitment to accessibility, visit <http://sun.com/access>.

Known Issues and Limitations

This section describes the following known issues and workarounds, if available, at the time of the release.

- [“Compatibility Issues” on page 13](#)
- [“Installation Issues” on page 15](#)
- [“Configuration Issues” on page 16](#)
- [“Access Manager Console Issues” on page 19](#)
- [“SDK and Client Issues” on page 21](#)
- [“Command-Line Utilities Issues” on page 23](#)
- [“Authentication Issues” on page 23](#)
- [“Session and SSO Issues” on page 24](#)
- [“Policy Issues” on page 25](#)
- [“Server Startup Issues” on page 26](#)
- [“Federation and SAML Issues” on page 26](#)
- [“Globalization \(g11n\) Issues” on page 27](#)
- [“Documentation Issues” on page 29](#)

Compatibility Issues

- [“Incompatibility between Java ES 2004Q2 servers and IM on Java ES 2005Q4 \(6309082\)” on page 14](#)
- [“Incompatibilities exist in core authentication module for legacy mode \(6305840\)” on page 14](#)
- [“Agent cannot login because “Profile not in the organization” \(6295074\)” on page 14](#)
- [“Delegated Administrator commadmin utility does not create a user \(6294603\)” on page 14](#)
- [“Delegated Administrator commadmin utility does not create an organization \(6292104\)” on page 15](#)

Incompatibility between Java ES 2004Q2 servers and IM on Java ES 2005Q4 (6309082)

The following deployment scenario caused this problem:

- server-1: Java ES 2004Q2: Directory Server
- server-2: Java ES 2004Q2: Application Server, Access Manager, and Portal Server
- server-3: Java ES 2004Q2: Calendar Server and Messaging Server
- server-4: Java ES 2005Q4: Application Server, Instant Messaging, and Access Manager SDK

When running the `imconfig` utility to configure Instant Messaging on server-4, the configuration was not successful. The Access Manager 7 2005Q4 SDK, which is used by Instant Messaging (IM) on server-4, is not compatible with the Java ES 2004Q2 release.

Workaround

Ideally, the Access Manager server and Access Manager SDK should be the same release. For more information, see the Sun Java Enterprise System 2005Q4 Upgrade Guide.

Incompatibilities exist in core authentication module for legacy mode (6305840)

Access Manager 7 2005Q4 legacy mode has the following incompatibilities in the core authentication module from Access Manager 6 2005Q1:

- Organization Authentication Modules are removed in legacy mode.
- The presentation of the “Administrator Authentication Configuration” and “Organization Authentication Configuration” has changed. In the Access Manager 7 2005Q4 Console, the drop-down list has `ldapService` selected by default. In the Access Manager 6 2005Q1 Console, the Edit button was provided, and the LDAP module was not selected by default.

Workaround

None.

Agent cannot login because “Profile not in the organization” (6295074)

In the Access Manager Console, create an agent in Realm Mode. If you log out and then log in again using the agent name, Access Manager returns an error because the agent does not have the privileges to access the realm.

Workaround

Modify the permissions to allow read/write access for the agent.

Delegated Administrator `commadmin` utility does not create a user (6294603)

The Delegated Administrator `commadmin` utility with the `-S mail, cal` option does not create a user in the default domain.

Workaround

This problem occurs if you upgrade Access Manager to version 7 2005Q4 but you do not upgrade Delegated Administrator. For information about upgrading Delegated Administrator, see the *Sun Java Enterprise System 2005Q4 Upgrade Guide for Microsoft Windows*.

If you do not plan to upgrade Delegated Administrator, follow these steps:

1. In the `UserCalendarService.xml` file, mark the `mail`, `icssubscribed`, and `icsfirstday` attributes as optional instead of required. This file is located by default in the `<install-dir>\DelegatedAdmin\lib\services`.
2. In Access Manager, remove the existing XML file by running the `amadmin` command, as follows:


```
amadmin.bat -u amadmin -w password -r UserCalendarService
```
3. In Access Manager, add the updated XML file, as follows:


```
amadmin.bat -u amadmin -w password
<install-dir>\DelegatedAdmin\lib\services\UserCalendarService.xml
```
4. Restart the Access Manager web container.

Delegated Administrator commadmin utility does not create an organization (6292104)

The Delegated Administrator `commadmin` utility with the `-S mail, cal` option does not create an organization.

Workaround

See the workaround for the previous problem.

Installation Issues

- [“On SDK install with container configuration, notification URL is not correct \(6327845\)” on page 16](#)
- [“Access Manager classpath refers to expired JCE 1.2.1 package \(6297949\)” on page 16](#)
- [“Access Manager classpath refers to expired JCE 1.2.1 package \(6297949\)” on page 16](#)
- [“Log and debug directories permissions incorrect for non-root users \(6257161\)” on page 16](#)
- [“Log and debug directories permissions incorrect for non-root users \(6257161\)” on page 16](#)
- [“Configuration Issues” on page 16](#)

On SDK install with container configuration, notification URL is not correct (6327845)

If you perform an SDK installation with the container configuration (DEPLOY_LEVEL=4), the notification URL is not correct.

Workaround

1. Set the following property in the AMConfig.properties file:

```
com.iplanet.am.notification.url=  
protocol://fqdn:port/amserver/servlet/com.iplanet.services.comm.client.  
PLLNotificationServlet
```

2. Restart Access Manager for the new value to take effect.

Access Manager classpath refers to expired JCE 1.2.1 package (6297949)

The Access Manager classpath refers to Java Cryptography Extension (JCE) 1.2.1 Package (Signing Certificate), which expired on July 27, 2005.

Workaround

None. Although the package reference is in the classpath Access Manager does not use this package.

Log and debug directories permissions incorrect for non-root users (6257161)

When a non-root user is specified in the silent install configuration file, permissions on the debug, logs, and starts directories are not set appropriately.

Workaround

Change the permissions on these directories to allow access for a non-root user.

Configuration Issues

- [“Application Server 8.1 server.policy file must be edited when using non-default URIs \(6309759\)” on page 17](#)
- [“Platform server list and FQDN alias attribute are not updated \(6309259, 6308649\)” on page 18](#)
- [“Data validation for required attributes in the services \(6308653\)” on page 18](#)
- [“The amconfig.bat does not update the realm/DNS aliases and platform server list entries \(6284161\)” on page 18](#)
- [“The amconfig.bat does not update the realm/DNS aliases and platform server list entries \(6284161\)” on page 18](#)

- “Default Access Manager mode is realm in the configuration state file template (6280844)” on page 18

Application Server 8.1 `server.policy` file must be edited when using non-default URIs (6309759)

If you are deploying Access Manager 7 2005Q4 on Application Server 8.1 and you are using non-default URIs for the services, console, and password web applications, which have default URI values of `amserver`, `amconsole`, and `ampassword`, respectively, you must edit the application server domain’s `server.policy` file before attempting to access Access Manager via a web browser.

Workaround

Edit the `server.policy` file as follows:

1. Stop the Application Server instance on which Access Manager is deployed.

2. Change to the `/config` directory. For example:

```
<install-dir>ApplicationServer\domains\domain1\config
```

3. Make a backup copy of the `server.policy` file. For example:

```
cp server.policy server.policy.orig
```

4. In the `server.policy` file, look for the following policies:

```
grant codeBase "file:\${com.sun.aas.instanceRoot}/
applications/j2ee-modules/amserver/-" { ...
};
```

```
grant codeBase "file:\${com.sun.aas.instanceRoot}/
applications/j2ee-modules/amconsole/-" { ...
};
```

```
grant codeBase "file:\${com.sun.aas.instanceRoot}/
applications/j2ee-modules/ampassword/-" { ...
};
```

5. Replace `amserver` with the non-default URI used for the services web application in the following line:

```
grant codeBase "file:\${com.sun.aas.instanceRoot}/
applications/j2ee-modules/amserver/-" {
```

6. For legacy mode installations, replace `amconsole` with the non-default URI used for the console web application in the following line:

```
grant codeBase "file:\${com.sun.aas.instanceRoot}/
```

```
applications/j2ee-modules/amconsole/-" {
```

7. Replace ampassword with the non-default URI used for the password web application in the following line:

```
grant codeBase "file:\${com.sun.aas.instanceRoot}/  
applications/j2ee-modules/ampassword/-" {
```

8. Start the Application Server instance on which Access Manager is deployed.

Platform server list and FQDN alias attribute are not updated (6309259, 6308649)

In a multiple server deployment, the platform server list and FQDN alias attribute are not updated if you install Access Manager on the second (and subsequent) servers.

Workaround

Add the Realm/DNS aliases and platform server list entries manually. For the steps, see the “Adding Additional Instances to the Platform Server List and Realm/DNS Aliases” in *Sun Java System Access Manager 7 2005Q4 Deployment Planning Guide*.

Data validation for required attributes in the services (6308653)

Access Manager 7 2005Q4 enforces required attributes in service XML files to have default values.

Workaround

If you have services with required attributes that do not have values, add values for the attributes and then reload the service.

The amconfig.bat does not update the realm/DNS aliases and platform server list entries (6284161)

In a multiple server deployment, the amconfig script does not update the realm/DNS aliases and platform server list entries for additional Access Manager instances.

Workaround

Add the Realm/DNS aliases and platform server list entries manually. For the steps, see the “Adding Additional Instances to the Platform Server List and Realm/DNS Aliases” in *Sun Java System Access Manager 7 2005Q4 Deployment Planning Guide*.

Default Access Manager mode is realm in the configuration state file template (6280844)

By default, the Access Manager mode (AM_REALM variable) is enabled in the configuration state file template.

Workaround

To install or configure Access Manager in Legacy mode, reset the variable in the state file:

AM_REALM = disabled

Access Manager Console Issues

- “For SAML, duplicate Trusted Partner console edit errors (6326634)” on page 19
- “Remote logging is not working for `amConsole.access` and `amPasswordReset.access` (6311786)” on page 19
- “Adding more `amadmin` properties in the console is changing the `amadmin` user password (6309830)” on page 20
- “New Access Manager Console cannot set the CoS template priorities (6309262)” on page 20
- “Exception error occurs when adding a group to a user as a policy admin user (6299543)” on page 20
- “In legacy mode, you cannot delete all users from a role (6293758)” on page 20
- “Cannot add, delete, or modify Discovery Service resource offerings (6273148)” on page 20
- “Wrong LDAP bind password should give error for the subject search (6241241)” on page 20
- “Access Manager cannot create an organization under a container in legacy mode (6290720)” on page 21
- “Old console appears when adding Portal Server related services (6293299)” on page 21
- “Console does not return the results set from Directory Server after reaching the resource limit (6239724)” on page 21

For SAML, duplicate Trusted Partner console edit errors (6326634)

In the Access Manager Console, create SAML Trusted Partner under the Federation > SAML tab. If you try to duplicate the Trusted Partner, errors occur.

Workaround

None.

Remote logging is not working for `amConsole.access` and `amPasswordReset.access` (6311786)

When remote logging is configured, all logs are written to the remote Access Manager instance except `amConsole.access` and `amPasswordReset.access` for the password reset information. The log record is not written anywhere.

Workaround

None.

Adding more amadmin properties in the console is changing the amadmin user password (6309830)

Adding or editing some of the properties for the amadmin user in the administration console causes the amadmin user password to change.

Workaround

None.

New Access Manager Console cannot set the CoS template priorities (6309262)

The new Access Manager 7 2005Q4 Console cannot set or modify a Class of Service (CoS) template priority.

Workaround

Login to the Access Manager 6 2005Q1 Console to set or modify a CoS template priority.

Exception error occurs when adding a group to a user as a policy admin user (6299543)

The Access Manager Console returns an exception error when you add a group to a user as a policy admin user.

Workaround

None.

In legacy mode, you cannot delete all users from a role (6293758)

In legacy mode, if you try to delete all users from a role, a user is left.

Workaround

Try again to delete the user from the role.

Cannot add, delete, or modify Discovery Service resource offerings (6273148)

The Access Manager Administration Console does not allow you to add, delete, or modify the resource offerings for a user, role, or realm.

Workaround

None.

Wrong LDAP bind password should give error for the subject search (6241241)

The Access Manager Administration Console is not returning an error when the wrong LDAP bind password is used.

Workaround

None.

Access Manager cannot create an organization under a container in legacy mode (6290720)

If you create a container and then try to create an organization under the container, Access Manager returns a “uniqueness violation error”.

Workaround

None.

Old console appears when adding Portal Server related services (6293299)

Portal Server and Access Manager are installed on the same server. With Access Manager installed in Legacy mode, login to the new Access Manager Console using /amserver. If you choose an existing user and try to add services (such as NetFile or Netlet), the old Access Manager Console (/amconsole) suddenly appears.

Workaround

None. The current version of Portal Server requires the Access Manager 6 2005Q1 Console.

Console does not return the results set from Directory Server after reaching the resource limit (6239724)

Install Directory Server and then Access Manager with the existing DIT option. Login to the Access Manager Console and create a group. Edit the users in the group. For example, add users with the filter uid=*999*. The resulting list box is empty, and the console does not display any error, information, or warning messages.

Workaround

The group membership must not be greater than the Directory Server search size limit. If the group membership is greater, change the search size limit accordingly.

SDK and Client Issues

- [“Can’t remove Session Service configuration for a subrealm \(6318296\)” on page 22](#)
- [“CDC servlet redirecting to the invalid login page when policy condition is specified \(6311985\)” on page 22](#)
- [“Clients do not get notifications after the server restarts \(6309161\)” on page 22](#)
- [“Identity repository ldapv3 plugin and openldap requires patch \(6305268\)” on page 22](#)

- [“SDK clients need to restart after service schema change \(6292616\)” on page 22](#)

Can't remove Session Service configuration for a subrealm (6318296)

After creating a subrealm of the top-level realm and adding the Session Service to it, a subsequent attempt to remove the Session Service configuration caused an error message.

Workaround

Remove the default top-level ID repository, AMSDK1, and then add this repository back into the configuration.

CDC servlet redirecting to the invalid login page when policy condition is specified (6311985)

With the Apache agent 2.2 in CDSSO mode, when accessing the agent protected resource, the CDC servlet redirects the user to the anonymous authentication page, instead of the default login page.

Workaround

None.

Clients do not get notifications after the server restarts (6309161)

Applications written using the client SDK (amclientsdk.jar) do not get notifications if the server restarts.

Workaround

None.

Identity repository ldapv3 plugin and openldap requires patch (6305268)

The openldap does not support a persistence search, and without a persistence search connection, the plugin cannot start.

Workaround

To use the ldapv3 plugin, request an Access Manager patch from your Sun Microsystems technical representative.

SDK clients need to restart after service schema change (6292616)

If you modify any service schema, ServiceSchema.getGlobalSchema returns the old schema and not the new schema.

Workaround

Restart the client after a service schema change.

Command-Line Utilities Issues

- [“Cannot save XML documents with escape character in Internet Explorer 6.0 \(4995100\)” on page 23](#)

Cannot save XML documents with escape character in Internet Explorer 6.0 (4995100)

If you add a special character (such as the string “amp;” next to an “&”) in an XML file, the file will save properly, however; if you later retrieve the XML profile using Internet Explorer 6.0, the file doesn’t display properly. If you then try to save the profile again, an error is returned.

Workaround

None.

Authentication Issues

- [“UrlAccessAgent SSO Token is expiring \(6327691\)” on page 23](#)
- [“Unable to login to subrealm with LDAPV3 plugin/dynamic profile after correcting password \(6309097\)” on page 23](#)
- [“Incompatibility for Access Manager default configuration of Statistics Service for legacy \(compatible\) mode \(6286628\)” on page 24](#)
- [“Attribute uniqueness broken in the top-level organization for naming attributes \(6204537\)” on page 24](#)

UrlAccessAgent SSO Token is expiring (6327691)

The UrlAccessAgent SSO Token is expiring because the application module does not return the special user DN, which causes the special user DN match and hence a non-expiring token to fail.

Workaround

None.

Unable to login to subrealm with LDAPV3 plugin/dynamic profile after correcting password (6309097)

In realm mode, if you create an ldapv3 datastore in a realm with a “wrong” password and you later change the password as amadmin, when you try to login again as the user with the changed password, the logon fails, saying that no profile exists.

Workaround

None.

Incompatibility for Access Manager default configuration of Statistics Service for legacy (compatible) mode (6286628)

After installation with Access Manager in legacy mode, the default configuration for the Statistics Service has changed:

- The service is turned on by default (`com.ipplanet.services.stats.state=file`). Previously, it was off.
- The default interval (`com.ipplanet.am.stats.interval`) has changed from 3600 to 60.
- The default stats directory (`com.ipplanet.services.stats.directory`) has changed from `<install-dir>\AccessManager\debug` to `<install-dir>\AccessManager\stats`.

Workaround

None.

Attribute uniqueness broken in the top-level organization for naming attributes (6204537)

After you install Access Manager, login as `amadmin` and add the `o`, `sunPreferredDomain`, `associatedDomain`, `sunOrganizationAlias`, `uid`, and `mail` attributes to the Unique Attribute List. If you create two new organizations with the same name, the operation fails, but Access Manager displays the “organization already exists” message rather than the expected “attribute uniqueness violated” message.

Workaround

None. Ignore the incorrect message. Access Manager is functioning correctly.

Session and SSO Issues

- [“Access Manager instances across time zones timeout other user sessions \(6323639\)” on page 24](#)
- [“System creates invalid service host name when load balancer has SSL termination \(6245660\)” on page 24](#)

Access Manager instances across time zones timeout other user sessions (6323639)

Access Manager instances installed across different time zones and in the same circle of trust cause user sessions to timeout.

System creates invalid service host name when load balancer has SSL termination (6245660)

If Access Manager is deployed with Web Server as the web container using a load balancer with SSL termination, clients are not directed to the correct Web Server page. Clicking the Sessions tab in the Access Manager Console returns an error because the host is invalid.

Workaround

In the following examples, Web Server listens on port 3030. The load balancer listens on port 80 and redirects requests to Web Server.

In the *web-server-instance-name*\config\server.xml file, edit the servername attribute to point to the load balancer, depending on the release of Web Server you are using.

For Web Server 6.1 Service Pack (SP) releases, edit the servername attribute as follows:

```
<LS id="ls1" port="3030" servername="loadbalancer.example.com:80"
defaultvs="https-sample" security="false" ip="any" blocking="false"
acceptorthreads="1"/>
```

Web Server 6.1 SP2 (or later) can switch the protocol from http to https or https to http. Therefore, edit servername as follows:

```
<LS id="ls1" port="3030" servername="https://loadbalancer.example.com:443"
defaultvs="https-sample" security="false" ip="any" blocking="false"
acceptorthreads="1"/>
```

Policy Issues

Deletion of dynamic attributes in Policy Configuration Service causing issues in editing of policies (6299074)

The deletion of dynamic attributes in Policy Configuration Service causes issues in editing of policies for this scenario:

1. Create two dynamic attributes in the Policy Configuration Service.
2. Create a policy and select the dynamic attributes (from Step 1) in the response provider.
3. Remove the dynamic attributes in the Policy Configuration Service and create two more attributes.
4. Try to edit the policy created in Step 2.

Results are: "Error Invalid Dynamic property being set." No policies were displayed in the list by default. After a search is done, the policies are displayed, but you cannot edit or delete the existing policies or create a new policy.

Workaround

Before removing the dynamic attributes from the Policy Configuration Service, remove the references to those attributes from the policies.

Server Startup Issues

- [“Debug error occurs on Access Manager startup \(6309274, 6308646\)” on page 26](#)

Debug error occurs on Access Manager startup (6309274, 6308646)

Access Manager 7 2005Q4 startup returns the debug errors in amDelegation and amProfile debug files:

- amDelegation: Unable to get an instance of plugin for delegation
- amProfile: Got Delegation Exception

Workaround

None. You can ignore these messages.

Federation and SAML Issues

- [“Federation fails when using Artifact profile \(6324056\)” on page 26](#)
- [“Special characters \(&\) in SAML statements should be encoded \(6321128\)” on page 26](#)
- [“Exception occurs when trying to add Disco Service to a role \(6313437\)” on page 27](#)
- [“Auth Context attributes are not configurable until you have configured and saved other attributes \(6301338\)” on page 27](#)
- [“EP Sample does not work if root suffix contains “&” character \(6300163\)” on page 27](#)
- [“Logout error occurs in Federation \(6291744\)” on page 27](#)

Federation fails when using Artifact profile (6324056)

If you setup an identity provider (IDP) and a service provider (SP), change the communication protocol to use the browser Artifact profile, and then try to federate users between the IDP and SP, the federation fails.

Workaround

None.

Special characters (&) in SAML statements should be encoded (6321128)

With Access Manager as the source site and destination site and SSO configured, an error occurs in the destination site, because the special character (&) in the SAML statements is not encoded and hence the parsing of assertion fails.

Workaround

None.

Exception occurs when trying to add Disco Service to a role (6313437)

In the Access Manager Console, if you try to add a resource offering to the Disco Service, an unknown exception occurs.

Workaround

None.

Auth Context attributes are not configurable until you have configured and saved other attributes (6301338)

Auth Context attributes are not configurable until you have configured and saved other attributes.

Workaround

Configure and save a provider profile before you configure the Auth Context attributes.

EP Sample does not work if root suffix contains “&” character (6300163)

If Directory Server has a root suffix that contain the “&” character and you try to add an Employee Profile Service Resource Offering, an exception is thrown.

Workaround

None.

Logout error occurs in Federation (6291744)

In realm mode, if you federate user accounts on an identity provider (IDP) and service provider (SP), terminate Federation, and then logout, an error occurs: Error: No sub organization found.

Workaround

None.

Globalization (g11n) Issues

- [“User locale preferences are not applied to the whole administration console \(6326734\)” on page 28](#)
- [“Removing UTF-8 is not working in Client Detection \(5028779\)” on page 28](#)
- [“Multi-byte characters are displayed as question marks in log files \(5014120\)” on page 28](#)
- [“Partially unlocalized Access Manager login page in Windows 2000 as Spanish \(6358371\)” on page 29](#)

User locale preferences are not applied to the whole administration console (6326734)

Parts of the Access Manager administration console are not following the user locale preferences but instead using the browser locale settings. This problem affects the Version, Logout and online help buttons as well as the contents of the Version and online help.

Workaround

Change the browser settings to the same locale as user preferences.

Removing UTF-8 is not working in Client Detection (5028779)

The Client Detection function is not working properly. Changes made in the Access Manager 7 2005Q4 Console are not automatically propagated to the browser.

Workaround

There are two workarounds:

- Restart the Access Manager web container after you make a change in the Client Detection section.
- or
- Follow these steps in the Access Manager Console:
 - Click Client Detection under the Configuration tab.
 - Click the Edit link for genericHTML.
 - Under the HTML tab, click the genericHTML link.
 - Enter the following entry in the character set list: UTF-8;q=0.5 (Make sure that the UTF-8 q factor is lower than the other character sets of your locale.)
 - Save, logout, and login again.

Multi-byte characters are displayed as question marks in log files (5014120)

Multi-byte messages in log files in the <install-dir>\AccessManager\logs directory are displayed as question marks (?). Log files are in native encoding and not always UTF-8. When a web container instance starts in a certain locale, log files will be in native encoding for that locale. If you switch to another locale and restart the web container instance, the ongoing messages will be in the native encoding for the current locale, but messages from previous encoding will be displayed as question marks.

Workaround

Make sure to start any web container instances always using the same native encoding.

Partially unlocalized Access Manager login page in Windows 2000 as Spanish (6358371)

Access Manager login page displays partially unlocalized content in Spanish in Windows 2000.

Workaround

Use mozilla firefox browser.

Documentation Issues

- [“com.ipplanet.am.session.client.polling.enable on server side must not be true \(6320475\)” on page 29](#)
- [“Default Success URL is incorrect in the console online help \(6296751\)” on page 29](#)

com.ipplanet.am.session.client.polling.enable on server side must not be true (6320475)

The com.ipplanet.am.session.client.polling.enable property in the AMConfig.properties file must never be set to true on the server side.

Workaround

This property is set to false by default and should never be reset to true.

Default Success URL is incorrect in the console online help (6296751)

The Default Success URL is incorrect in the service.scserviceprofile.ipplanetamauthservice.html online help file. The Default Success URL field accepts a list of multiple values that specify the URL where users are redirected after successful authentication. The format of this attribute is `clientType|URL`, although you can specify only the value of the URL, which assumes a default type of HTML.

The `“/amconsole”` default value is incorrect.

Workaround

The correct default value is `“/amserver/console”`.

Redistributable Files

The Sun Java System Access Manager 7 does not contain any files that you can redistribute to non-licensed users of the product.

How to Report Problems and Provide Feedback

If you have problems with Sun Java System Access Manager, contact Sun customer support using one of the following mechanisms:

- Sun Software Support services online at <http://www.sun.com/service/sunone/software>

This site has links to the Knowledge Base, Online Support Center, and Product Tracker, as well as to maintenance programs and support contact numbers.

- The telephone dispatch number associated with your maintenance contract

So that we can best assist you in resolving problems, please have the following information available when you contact support:

- Description of the problem, including the situation where the problem occurs and its impact on your operation
- Machine type, operating system version, and product version, including any patches and other software that might be affecting the problem
- Detailed steps on the methods you have used to reproduce the problem
- Any error logs or core dumps

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Please provide the full document title and part number in the appropriate fields. The part number is a seven-digit or nine-digit number that can be found on the title page of the book or at the top of the document. For example, the part number of these Release Notes is 819-4262-10.

Additional Sun Resources

Useful Sun Java System information can be found at the following Internet locations:

- Sun Java System Documentation
<http://docs.sun.com/app/docs/prod/entsys.05q4#hic>
- Sun Java System Professional Services
<http://www.sun.com/service/products/software/javaenterprisesystem/>
- Sun Java System Software Products and Service
<http://www.sun.com/software/>
- Sun Java System Software Support Service
<http://www.sun.com/service/sunone/software>
- Sun Java System Support and Knowledge Base
<http://sunsolve.sun.com>
- Sun Java System Consulting and Professional Services
<http://www.sun.com/service/products/software/javaenterprisesystem>
- Sun Java System Developer Information
<http://developers.sun.com/>
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<http://www.sun.com/developers/support>

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