

Crypto Key Management System Version 2.0

Systems Assurance Guide

Part Number: 316194801

Revision: A



Crypto Key Management System Version 2.0

Systems Assurance Guide

Sun Microsystems, Inc. www.sun.com

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Summary of Changes

EC Number	Date	Revision	Description
EC000227	February 2008	A	Initial release.

316194801 • Revision: A iii

Contents

```
Preface xiii
    Organization
    Related Information xiv
       Reference Documentation xiv
       Documentation Content and Purpose xv
    Additional Information xvi
       Sun's External Web Site xvi
       SunSolve and the Customer Resource Center xvi
       Partners Site xvi
1. Introduction 1
    Planning for Encryption 1
    Encryption Standards 2
    Sun StorageTek Encryption Solutions 3
       Key Management System Configurations 3
           Version 1.x Air Gap Configuration 5
           Version 1.x Network Configurations 5
           Version 2.0 Key Management Appliance Configurations 6
           Version 2.0 Configuration Descriptions 8
           Networks
           Communications Process 9
           Backups 10
       Encryption Hardware Kits 10
       Encryption Version Comparisons 11
    Tape Drives 12
       About the T10000 12
```

316194801 • Revision: A v

About the T9840D Tape Drive 13

About the HP LTO4 Tape Drive 13

Tape Drive Comparison 14

Tape Drive and Media Comparisons 15

Key Management Appliance Specifications 16

2. Systems Assurance 23

Planning Meetings 24

Customer Team Member Contact Sheet 25

Sun Team Member Contact Sheet 26

Configuration Planning 27

Customer Conceptual Drawing 28

3. Site Preparation 29

Site Planning Checklist 30

Rack Specifications 33

SL8500 Rack Guidelines 33

External Rack Installations 34

Redundant Power 35

Service Delivery Platform 36

Content Management 37

Capacity on Demand 38

RealTime Growth Technology 38

Partitioning 38

Planning the Data Path 39

Tasks 40

Required Tools 41

Supported Platforms and Web Browsers 41

Required Tape Drive Firmware Versions 42

Required Library Firmware Versions 42

KMS Manager 43

Role-Based Operations 44

4. Ordering 51

Supported Configurations 51

Supported Tape Drives 51

Key Management Appliance 52

SL8500 Modular Library System 53

SL3000 Modular Library System 54

SL500 Modular Library System 55

9310 Automated Cartridge System 56

L-Series-L180, L700e, and L1400 Libraries 57

Rack Mount 58

Order Numbers, Descriptions, and Contents 59

9310 Upgrades 65

Professional Services 65

Tape Drive Ordering Instructions 66

Library Ordering Instructions 66

A. Work Sheets 67

Initial Configuration Work Sheet 68

User Roles Work Sheet 69

Tape Drives Work Sheet 70

Drive Enrollment Work Sheet 71

Obtain the Drive Data 72

Create a Drive Data File Structure 74

316194801 • Revision: A Contents vii

Revision: A • 316194801

Figures

FIGURE 1-1	Key Management Station Configurations 4
FIGURE 1-2	Key Management Appliance Configurations 6
FIGURE 1-3	Key Management Appliance—Front Panel 17
FIGURE 1-4	Key Management Appliance—Rear Panel 17
FIGURE 1-5	Write Data Flow—New Tape 18
FIGURE 1-6	Append Data Flow—Existing Tape 19
FIGURE 1-7	Read Data Flow 20
FIGURE 1-8	Read Data Flow—Multiple Keys 21
FIGURE 3-1	External Rack 34
FIGURE 3-2	Power Redundancy 35
FIGURE 3-3	Systems Delivery Platform 36
FIGURE 3-4	User Roles Detail Screen 44
FIGURE 4-1	Key Management Appliance—Front Panel 52
FIGURE 4-2	Key Management Appliance—Rear Panel 52
FIGURE A-1	Tape Drive Serial Number—VOP 72
FIGURE A-2	Encryption File Request for Drive Data 73
FIGURE A-3	Drive Data File—NotePad Example 73
FIGURE A-4	Drive Data File—WordPad Example 73
FIGURE A-5	Drive Data File Structure 74

316194801 • Revision: A ix

Tables

TABLE P-1	Documentation and Audience Map xv
TABLE P-2	Documentation Content and Purpose xv
TABLE 1-1	Key Management System Versions 3
TABLE 1-2	Encryption Solution Comparisons 11
TABLE 1-3	Tape Drive Comparisons 14
TABLE 1-4	Media Compatibilities 15
TABLE 1-5	Tape Drive and Media Support 15
TABLE 1-6	Sun Fire X2100 Specifications 16
TABLE 2-1	System Assurance Task Checklist 24
TABLE 2-2	Solution Planning Checklist 27
TABLE 3-1	Site Planning Checklist 30
TABLE 3-2	SL8500 Accessory Rack Guidelines 33
TABLE 3-3	Content Management Planning 37
TABLE 3-4	Steps and Tasks for Partitioning 40
TABLE 3-5	Operating Systems and Web Browsers 41
TABLE 3-6	Tape Drive Firmware Versions 42
TABLE 3-7	Library Firmware Versions 42
TABLE 3-8	KMS Manager Display 43
TABLE 3-9	Operator Roles and Functions 45
TABLE 3-10	User Roles Work Sheet 49
TABLE 4-1	SL8500 Modular Library System Requirements 53
TABLE 4-2	SL3000 Modular Library System Requirements 54
TABLE 4-3	SL500 Modular Library System Requirements 55
TABLE 4-4	9310 Automated Cartridge System Requirements 56
TABLE 4-5	L-Series Library Requirements 57
TABLE 4-6	Rackmount Requirements 58

316194801 • Revision: A xi

TABLE 4-7	Order Numbers 59
TABLE 4-8	9310 Upgrade Ordering Instructions and Part Numbers 65
TABLE 4-9	Professional Services Ordering Instructions and Part Numbers 65
TABLE A-1	Initial Configuration Settings—Customer 68
TABLE A-2	User Roles Work Sheet—Customer 69
TABLE A-3	Tape Drive Work Sheet—Service Representative 70
TABLE A-4	Enrollment Data Work Sheet—Customer 71

Preface

This guide is intended for Sun StorageTek representatives, customers, and anyone responsible for planning the installation of the Sun StorageTek encryption solution.

Organization

This guide has the following organization:

Chapter	Use this chapter to:
Chapter 1, "Introduction"	Introduce you and the customer to the Sun StorageTek encryption solutions.
Chapter 2, "Systems Assurance"	Describe and plan for the systems assurance process.
Chapter 3, "Site Preparation"	Prepare for the installation.
Chapter 4, "Ordering"	Help order the encryption solution and additional components—libraries and tape drives—for your customers requirements.
Appendix A, "Work Sheets"	Complete work sheets that can help prepare for the installation.
"Glossary"	Learn the terms and abbreviations used in this publication.

316194801 • Revision: A Preface xiii

Related Information

These publications contain the additional information mentioned in this guide:

Publication Description	Part Number
Important Safety Information for Sun Hardware Systems	Sun: 816-7190-10
Sun SunFire X2100 Server Installation Guide	Sun: 819-6589-10

These publications are for Sun StorageTek personnel or authorized third parties who install StorageTek brand tape and library products.

Publication Description	Part Number
T10000 Tape Drive Systems Assurance Guide	StorageTek: TM0002
T9x40 Tape Drive Systems Assurance Guide	StorageTek: MT5003
SL8500 Modular Library Systems Assurance Guide	StorageTek: MT9229
SL3000 Modular Library Systems Assurance Guide	StorageTek: 316194101
SL500 Modular Library Systems Assurance Guide	StorageTek: MT9212
L700/1400 Library Ordering and Configuration Guide	StorageTek: MT9112
L180 Library Ordering and Configuration Guide	StorageTek: MT9112
9310 PowderHorn Library Systems Assurance Guide	StorageTek: ML6500
Service Delivery Platform Systems Assurance Guide	StorageTek: 11042004

These publications are related to the Key Management System:

Publication Description	Part Number
Crypto Key Management System Installation and Service Manual	StorageTek: 316194901
Crypto Key Management System Administrator Guide	StorageTek: 316195101

Reference Documentation

When planning to support data encryption, the following documents are available to help identify and define encryption:

- Federal Information Processing Standards Publication FIPS PUB 46-3 Data Encryption Standard
- Federal Information Processing Standards Publication FIPS PUB 140-2 Security Requirements for Cryptographic Modules
- Federal Information Processing Standards Publication FIPS PUB 171 Key Management
- National Institute of Standards and Technology NIST Publication 800-57 Recommendation for Key Management Parts 1 and 2
- International Standard Organization ISO/IEC 1779 Security Techniques—Code of Practice for Information Security Management

Revision: A • 316194801

Documentation Content and Purpose

This table shows the specific documents for the Crypto Key Management System and the audience that document is intended for.

TABLE P-1 Documentation and Audience Map

	Documentation & Audience							
Task/Purpose	AE	SE	PS	TS	Т3	SR	Partner/OEM	Customer
Site Preparation/Pre-sales	Systems Assurance Guide							
Installation & Service	Installation & Service Manual							
User / Operation	Administrator Guide							
Online Help	Online Help							
Legend: AE = Account executive, sales and marketing SE = Systems engineer PS = Professional services		T3 = Si	upport (F	rontline	ts (NSSE) and Backline) ttive (CSE)			

This table contains an overview of the documentation, intended audience, general content, and purpose.

TABLE P-2 Documentation Content and Purpose

Document	Audience	General Content	Purpose
Systems Assurance Guide	 Marketing & Sales Systems Engineers Installation Coordinators Professional Services Technical Specialists Service Representatives Customer 	 Product description Dimensions Weights & measures Configurations Capacities Site preparation Models and features Order numbers 	 Pre-Sales Site Planning Product introduction Readiness
Installation and Service Manual	 Installation Coordinators Technical Specialists Service Representatives 	Installation: Procedures Checklists Configurations Service: Fault isolation Removal/Replacement	 Installation Configuration Embedded Lights Out Manager (ELOM) QuickStart
Administrator Guide	CustomerTechnical SpecialistsService Representatives	IntroductionOperator RolesHow to	UsageSupportGraphical user interface (KMS GUI)
Online Help	CustomerTechnical SpecialistsService Representatives	■ Online help	UsageSupportGraphical user interface (KMS GUI)

Additional Information

Sun Microsystems, Inc. (Sun) offers several methods for you to obtain additional information.

Sun's External Web Site

Sun's external Web site provides marketing, product, event, corporate, and service information. The external Web site is accessible to anyone with a Web browser and an Internet connection.

The URL for the external Web site is: http://www.sun.com

The URL for StorageTek™ brand-specific information is: http://www.sun.com/storagetek/

SunSolve and the Customer Resource Center

SunSolve and the Sun StorageTek Customer Resource Center (CRC) are Web sites that enable members to search for technical documentation, downloads, patches, features and articles, plus the Sun Systems Handbook. These sites are currently undergoing transition and the need to migrate the internal SunSolve portal off the old infrastructure. Our apology for any inconvenience.

These links are available to help you locate information:

- SunSolve External site: http://sunwebcms.central
- SunSolve Internal site: http://sunsolve.central.sun.com
- **CRC:** http://www.support.storagetek.com/crc_home.html
- Documentation: http://docs.sun.com/app/docs

Partners Site

The StorageTek Partners site is a Web site for partners with a StorageTek Partner Agreement. This site provides information about products, services, customer support, upcoming events, training programs, and sales tools to support StorageTek Partners. Access to this site, beyond the Partners Login page, is restricted. On the Partners Login page, employees and current partners who do not have access can request a login ID and password and prospective partners can apply to become StorageTek resellers.

The URL for partners with a Sun Partner Agreement is: http://www.sun.com/partners/

Introduction

Encryption is based on the science of **cryptography** and is one of the most effective ways to achieve data security today. To read an encrypted file, you must have access to the key that will enable you to decipher the file.

This chapter also introduces you to the Sun StorageTek encryption solutions.

Planning for Encryption

Are your customer accounts concerned with:

- Data security?
- Data protection and sensitive information?
- Government regulations and retention?
- Data security is a major concern for IT professionals today—what happens if and when data falls into the wrong hands?
- Access to sensitive data can happen when it is:
 - Sent over networks
 - Written on disk or tape
 - Stored in archives
- Your customers may also be required to take measures to protect their data because
 of government regulations or contractual obligations with business partners. A
 number of regulations require organizations to *encrypt* their data.

Encryption can occur during three points in the life of the data. When data is:

- Created (host-based encryption)
- Transported (appliance-based)
- Stored (device-based encryption)

Sun StorageTek offers device-based implementations, or a data-at-rest solution, for encryption. This offering provides an excellent solution for mixed environments with a variety of operating system types—both enterprise mainframe and open systems platforms.

Choosing device-based encryption is the *least disruptive* to an existing system infrastructure because the encryption functionality is built directly in to the tape drive, so there is no need to maintain special software specifically for encrypted data.

316194801 • Revision: A 1

Encryption Standards

Sun StorageTek encryption solutions are enhanced versions based on industry standards and functionality, including:

- Federal Information Processing Standards
 - FIPS PUB 140-2, Security Requirements for Cryptographic Modules
 - FIPS PUB 46-3, Data Encryption Standard
 - FIPS PUB 171, Key Management

FIPS are standards and guidelines adopted and declared under the provisions of Section 5131 of the Information Technology Management Reform Act of 1996.

FIPS defines four levels of security.

Level 1—The lowest level with production-grade requirements.

Level 2—Adds requirements for physical tamper evidence and role-based authentication. Built on a validated operating platform.

Level 3—Adds requirements for physical tamper resistance and identity-based authentication. Requires additional physical or logical separations.

Level 4—Makes the physical security requirements more stringent and requires robustness against environmental attacks.

The Sun StorageTek solution will be certified at Level 2.

National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) AES-standard defining a cryptographic cipher using the Rijndael symmetric block cipher algorithm.

NIST 800-57 Part 1, Key Life Cycle document.

- Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers IEEE 1619, working groups:
 - 1619.1 Standard for Tape Encryption—complete
 - 1619.2 Standard for Disk Encryption—in process
 - 1619.3 Standard for Key Management—in process
- Common Criteria (CC), an International Consortium sponsored by the National Security Agency (NSA) that sets requirements for IT security.
- International Standard Organization ISO/IEC 1779 Security Techniques
- CCM-AES-256 encryption

CCM = "Counter with CBC-MAC," is a mode of encryption that provides for both a strong form of privacy (security) and efficient authentication.

CBC-MAC = "Cipher Block Chaining-Message Authentication Code," a message integrity method in which each block of plain text is encrypted with a cipher.

AES = "Advanced Encryption Standard," is a block cipher encryption algorithm that uses both of these cryptographic techniques—Counter mode and CBC-MAC (CCM).

- **Symmetric encryption,** uses one key to both encrypt and decrypt data.
 - This is a computationally efficient, high-strength cipher type sometimes called the "secret key algorithm" because the key is never made available to the public and must be kept secure. Synonymous with Asymmetric keys, which use two different keys, one to encrypt and one to decrypt. This cipher type is computationally difficult, lower-strength and used for public key implementations.
- Nonce, a non-repeating number that is incorporated into the mode of operation to ensure that repetitive plaintext does not result in repetitive ciphertext.
- Cipher-suite
 - TLS 1.0 = Transport layer security
 - RSA = A 2048-bit key encryption algorithm
 - SHA1 = A widely used and secure hash algorithm
 - HMAC = Hash message authentication code (Hash-MAC)
 - Mutual authentication using x509 v3 certificates

Sun StorageTek Encryption Solutions

Sun StorageTek offers two device-based solutions using:

- Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) approved appliances called the Crypto Key Management System.
- Sun StorageTek T10000—state-of-the-art—tape drives with either Fibre Channel or IBMs FICON interfaces.
- Supporting infrastructure and network.

There are two types of Crypto Key Management Systems (KMS); they include:

TABLE 1-1 Key Management System Versions

Version 1.x	A Sun Ultra 20 Workstation—called a key management station
Version 2.0	A Sun Fire X2100 Server—called a key management appliance

Both systems are based on the AMD Opteron processor and run a pre-loaded version of the SolarisTM 10 operating system.

Both of these systems manage all cryptographic keys and administrative functions. Each system contains a MARs card (SCA6000), a FIPS-approved, random number generator that generates the raw keys.

Key Management System Configurations

All of the following configurations contain the same components; the difference is with the customer needs, requirements, and how the components are installed.

FIGURE 1-1 shows three Version 1.x configurations using a key management workstation (KMS):

- Air Gap
- Network—local area network
- Network—wide area network

These configurations require the use of a token and token bay.

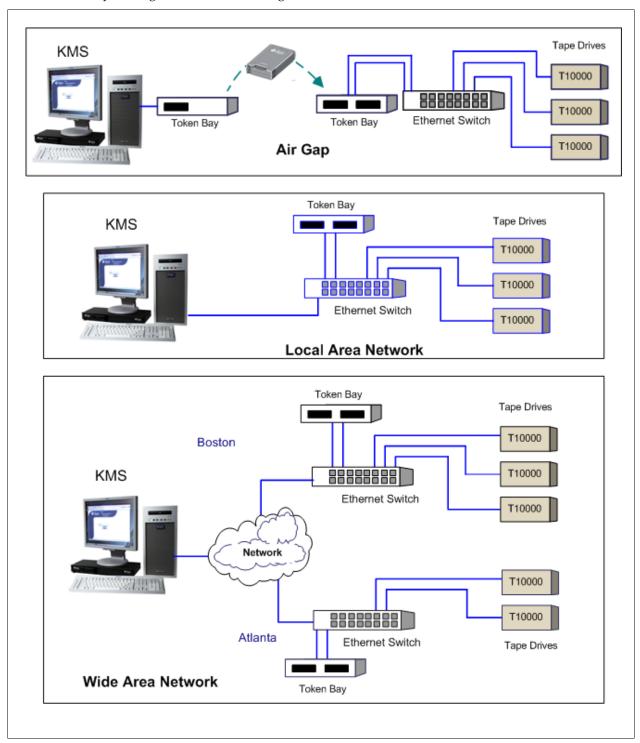
FIGURE 1-2 shows three Version 2.0 configurations for the key management appliance (KMA):

- Single site—local area network
- Multiple sites—wide area network
- Multiple sites—wide area network—grouped by specific key groups

These configurations require the use of a KMS cluster.

Version 1.x Key Management Station Configurations

FIGURE 1-1 Key Management Station Configurations



Version 1.x Air Gap Configuration

The air gap configuration provides the highest levels of security. With the air gap configuration, the KMS and token bay are physically and logically isolated. Transferring keys from the key management station to the tape drives requires direct user intervention.

The hardware components are configured as:

- The KMS and token bay are separated from the library and tape drives by an "air gap," such as in a different room.
- The token bay is connected to the KMS through an Ethernet port.
- A second token bay is attached to the encryption-capable tape drives through a separate local network.

To write encryption keys to a token:

- 1. Insert a token in the KMS token bay.
- 2. Write to the token.
- 3. Physically carry the token (with the keys) to the drives.
- 4. Insert the token in the token bay attached to the tape drive network.

You can display the status of token only if it is inserted in the KMS token bay.

Version 1.x Network Configurations

With the network configuration, the KMS, tape drives, and token bays all reside on a local or wide area network (LAN or WAN).

The hardware components are configured as:

- The KMS is connected to the network through an Ethernet port.
- Any number of token bays can be connected to the network.
- Tokens have static IP addresses.
- Any number of encryption-capable tape drives can be connected to the network.

To write encryption keys to any token:

- 1. Inserted a token into a token bay on the network.
- 2. Write to the token using the static IP address.

Once the token receives the keys, it automatically transmits them across the network to the tape drives. You do not need to physically carry the tokens from one token bay to another.

You can display information about the token at the KMS.



Important:

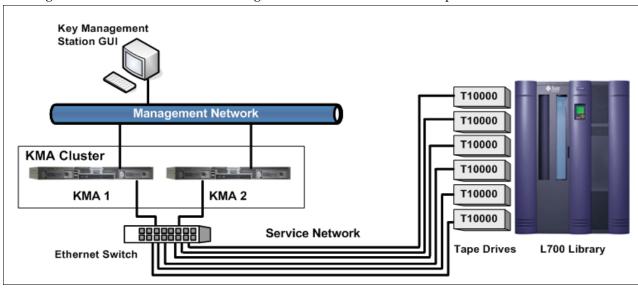
The remaining chapters in this document contains specific information for Version 2.0 of the Crypto Key Management System.

Refer to the Crypto Key Management Station Systems Assurance Guide PN TM0018 for more information about the Version 1.x encryption solution.

Version 2.0 Key Management Appliance Configurations

FIGURE 1-2 Key Management Appliance Configurations

A) Single site—local area network—using the service network for the tape drive connections



B) Multiple sites—wide area network—using the management network for the tape drive connections

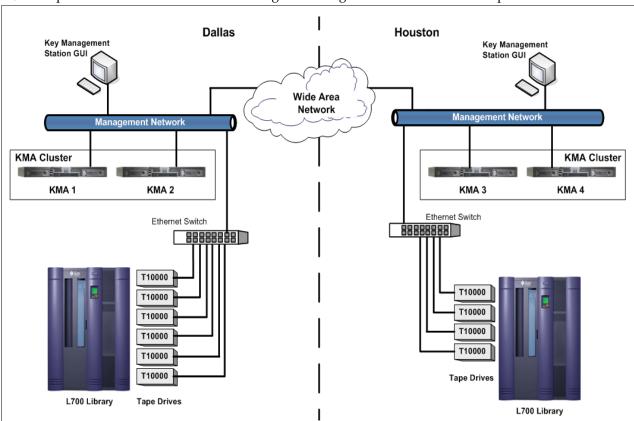
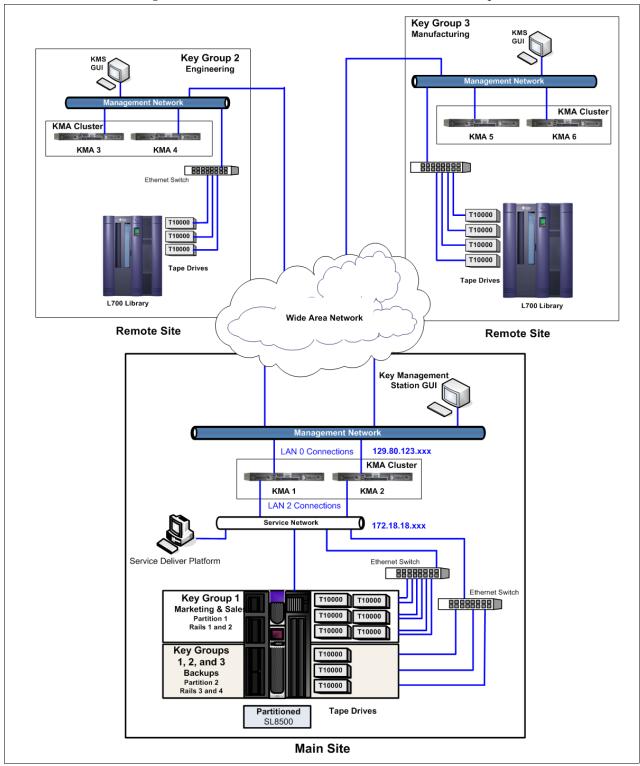


FIGURE 1-2 Key Management Appliance Configurations (Continued)

C) Multiple sites—wide area network—specific key groups—local disaster recovery in a partition. Uses the both the management (remote) and service (local) networks for the tape drive connections.



Version 2.0 Configuration Descriptions

The architecture for the Version 2.0 encryption solution consists of:

- Key Management Appliance (KMA)—A proven, dual-core processor with Sun Microsystems' Solaris 10 operating system that delivers policy-based key management and key provisioning services.
- KMS Manager or KMS Manager GUI—A software component with a graphical user interface (GUI), that incorporates and uses the management API to communicate with the KMAs in a cluster.



The KMS Manager is Web-based; and must be installed on a customer-provided, network-attached, PC, server, or workstation running Windows XP, or Solaris x86.

■ KMS Cluster—A full set of KMAs in the system. All of the KMAs are aware of each other, and replicate information to each other.

The maximum number of KMAs in a cluster is 20.

- **Agent**—A device (tape drive) that performs encryption using keys managed by the KMA Cluster and KMS Manager.
- **Data Unit ID**—The media—a data cartridge.
- **Key Groups**—Provide organization for keys and associates them with a Key Policy. Key Groups also enforce access to the key material by the Encryption Agents.
- **Network connections**—There are two networks that provide tape drive connectivity, the management network and the service network.

The service network is the preferred connection scheme for the tape drives; however, both networks support tape drive connectivity.

For additional security and to cut down on LAN traffic, the customer may want to consider using Virtual Local Area Networks¹ (VLANs) when connecting tape drives to the management network. VLANs are created using special

Note: A third network is available for the embedded Lights Out Manager.

Important:

Key management appliances *must be* installed in pairs as show in the configuration drawings in FIGURE 1-2. Some key points include:

- Multiple clusters may exist on a dedicated, private, local or wide area network.
- The KMAs in a KMS Cluster provide automatic failover and backups as required.
- Tape drives—called Agents—must be, and remain, connected to the network.
- Any KMA can service any tape drive on the network.
- By default, Agents are serviced by the local KMA if available.
- Any KMA can be used for administration functions.
- All changes to any KMA are replicated to all other KMAs in the cluster. For example:
 - New keys generated at any site are replicated to all other KMAs in the cluster.
 - All administrative changes are propagated to all other KMAs in the cluster.
 - All administration functions can be centralized to one KMS or site.

^{1.} VLANs are broadcast domains that exist within a defined set of switches. Ports on these switches can be grouped together to provide a logical network to provide the services traditionally created by traditional routers in network configurations.

Networks

There are two networks where communications normally occur, the:

Management network	Note - Customers are expected to provide this network.	
	The management network services the KMAs and the tape drives when installed in that configuration.	
Service network	The service network is provided by Ethernet switches that come in the library accessory kits.	
	The service network is intended to connect between the KMAs and drives, and could also include a Service Delivery Platform (SDP), an optional appliance if available.	
Both of these networks	and connections are shown in FIGURE 1-2 on page 7.	

Communications Process

The communications process between a:

- Drive and KMA
- KMA to KMA
- User and KMA

are all the same. They use a passphrase to perform a Challenge & Response Protocol. If successful, the drive, KMA, or user are provided with a certificate and a corresponding private key.

- This certificate and private key establish a TLS 1.0 (secure sockets) channel².
- Establishing this secure sockets channel uses a 2048 bit RSA³.
- Authenticating this session results in an agreed upon, 256 bit AES⁴ key; where all subsequent communications are encrypted with an AES 256 key.

Using these certificates, both ends of any connection authenticate the other.

This process is performed during the enrollment phase.

- For a drive, this is done using a Virtual Operator Panel (VOP) session.
- For a KMA, it is part of the QuickStart program.
- For users, the process is repeated every time the user logs in.

This process is also repeated every time a tape drive comes back online (after an IPL) and after a reboot of a KMA.

All latter communications, such as a drive requesting a key, one KMA sending replication to another, or a user making a request with the KMS Manager interface, are done using the already established secure sockets session.

^{2.}Transport Layer Security = A cryptographic protocol that provide secure communications.

^{3.} RSA = An algorithm for public-key cryptography.

^{4.}Advanced Encryption Standard = A FIPS-approved, National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) cryptographic standard used to protect electronic data.

Backups

Unlike Version 1.x, there is no external USB hard drive for backups. This is because of the KMA cluster—a minimum of two KMAs are required to create the cluster—and that each KMA replicates the others. This way, if one KMA goes down and is replaced, you would join into an existing KMA cluster to restore the database on the new KMA. A cluster and network established backup.

Core Security Backup

During the initial configuration, after the QuickStart program completes, and the Key Split Credentials and Quorum are defined, the Security Officer can preform a "Core Security Backup" from the KMS Manager. This backup contains the system master key—which is split using a Shamir Shared Secret algorithm⁵ into the number of splits define by the Key Split Credentials. A Quorum is then required to re-establish the system master key.

Note – Once this backup is complete, it only needs to be done when the Key Split Credentials are changed, such as a change in assignments or personnel.

Periodic Backup

Periodically a regular backup should be done by the Backup Operator using the KMS Manager. This backup creates two files, a backup file and a backup key file.

A backup file contains all the information (database and keys) and is encrypted with an AES 256 key specific to the backup. This key is placed in the backup key file, and is wrapped with the master key.

To restore a backup, you need a backup file and its corresponding backup key file, and the core security backup. A quorum of the Key Split Credentials must supply their passphrases, which are used to extract the master key from the core security backup. That allows the backup key file to be decrypted, producing the backup key. Then, the backup must be decrypted, and this is used to restore the system.

Encryption Hardware Kits

Encryption hardware kits come complete with Ethernet switches, cables, power distribution units, and mounting hardware for connection to the tape drives in either a library or standalone configuration.

The type of configuration determines how the tape drives are installed—each has its own kit—see Chapter 4, "Ordering" for specific information and contents.

Refer to the Crypto Key Management System Installation and Service Manual and the individual product installation manuals for specific installation instructions.

^{5.} An algorithm in cryptograph where a secret is divided into parts, giving each participant its own unique part, where some of the parts or all of them are needed in order to reconstruct the secret.

Encryption Version Comparisons

TABLE 1-2 shows a comparison between Version 1.x and Version 2.0 encryption solutions.

TABLE 1-2 Encryption Solution Comparisons

Comparison	Key Management Workstation 1.x	Key Management Appliance 2.x	
Protocols	Robust but uses manual protocols Robust and uses automated		
Encryption Method	AES 256	AES 256	
KMS Platform	Ultra 20 Workstation	Sunfire X2100 appliance	
Key Update	Asynchronous	On each tape mount	
Drive Key Strategy	1 Write Key per drive32 Cached Read Keys	Drive requests keys from KMADrive still has 32-key cache	
Key Transmission	 ■ Out-of-Band Ethernet TCP/IP ■ Token as secure local key store ■ Out-of-Band Ethernet TCP/IP ■ Direct KMS to Drive communication 		
Transmission Key Protection	AES-256 CCM Mode	TLS/RSA/SHA1/AES-256 HMAC	
Key Assignment	Manual	Automated	
Large Key Management	Unwieldy with a large number of keys	Designed for large number of keys	
KMS Clustering	Mirrored hot-spare	Full clustering	
KMS Administration	Console or remote GUI	Remote GUI	
Key Sharing and Data Recovery	Manual, with tokens	Public key based exchange	
Support other non-Tape devices	No	Planned	
Customer Roles	Three	Five	
		Additional Features: One-time setup from console Management from remote GUI Quorum for critical operations KMS/Drives use private network Multiple KMAs connected over WAN Unique write key for each tape High performance, 150ms key retrieval Data sharing with partners supported Compatible with 1.0 keys	
		Support: ■ 10 Sites ■ 2 KMAs per site ■ Up to 3,000 tape drives	

Tape Drives

Well known for its *state-of-the-art* tape technology, StorageTek—a division of Sun Microsystems—has over 35 years of experience and leadership in tape and tape automation. Today, StorageTek, with its proven technology, continues to provide storage solutions for:

- Small to large businesses and organizations
- Enterprise and client-server platforms
- Stand-alone and automated tape environments

There are four tape drive models to choose from:

- T10000 A
- T10000 B (check on availability)
- T9840 D only (check on availability)
- HP LTO4 (check on availability)

Initially, only the T10000 A is supported, all other drives are follow-on in 2008.

Note – HP LTO 4 tape drives—when available—will hold only one key and will need network access to request additional key support from the KMAs.

The Sun StorageTek T-Series encryption-capable tape drives hold 32 keys, 1 protect and process key (write key) and up to 31 process-only keys (read keys).

About the T10000

The T10000 tape drive is a small, modular, high-performance tape drive designed for high-capacity storage. There are two models of the T10000 that support encryption:

- T10000 A
- T10000 B

Dimensions:

The tape drive is 8.89 cm (3.5 in.) high, 14.6 cm (5.75 in.) wide, and 42.5 cm (16.75 in.) deep.

Capacity:

The T10000 uses a technology called partial response, maximum likelihood (PRML) to provide the high-density data format that allows the tape drive to record and store up to:

- **T10000 A** = 500 gigabytes (GB) of uncompressed data
- **T10000 B** = 1 terabyte (TB) of uncompressed data

Media:

The tape cartridge for this drive uses a single-reel hub for high capacity; the supply reel is inside the cartridge and the take-up reel is inside the tape drive.

Interfaces:

The host connections to the T10000 are fiber-optic to provide a high rate of data transfer. The T10000 drives support both Fibre Channel and FICON interfaces.

Configurations:

The T10000 supports two configurations for encryption: library and standalone.

For a variety of operating system platforms:

- Enterprise mainframes (z/OS and OS/390)
- Open system platforms (Windows, UNIX, and Linux)

About the T9840D Tape Drive

The T9840D tape drive is a small, high-performance, access-centric tape drive that has an average access time of just 8 seconds.

This drive obtains its high-performance by using a unique dual-hub cartridge design with midpoint load technology. This enables fast access and reduces latency by positioning the read/write head in the middle of the tape.

There are four models of the T9840; however, only the T9840D supports encryption.

Dimensions:

The tape drive is 8.25 cm (3.25 in.) high, 14.6 cm (5.75 in.) wide, and 38.1 cm (15 in.) deep.

Capacity:

The T9840D uses a a variable rate randomizer with partial response, maximum likelihood (PRML) as the recording format. This allows the tape drive to record and store up to:

■ **T9840D** = 75 gigabytes (GB) of uncompressed data

With the unique dual-hub design of the 9840 cartridge, the entire tape path is contained inside the tape cartridge. This design reduces contamination and enables the drives fast access.

Interfaces:

Host interfaces to the T9840D tape drive includes: Fibre Channel (FC), IBM's Fibre Connection (FICON), and IBM's Enterprise System Connection (ESCON).

Configurations:

The T9840 supports two configurations for encryption: library and standalone.

For a variety of operating system platforms:

- Enterprise mainframes (z/OS and OS/390)
- Open system platforms (Windows, UNIX, and Linux)

About the HP LTO4 Tape Drive

There are plans to include the Hewlett Packard, linear-tape-open (LTO) generation 4 technology in to the Sun StorageTek encryption offerings.

This is a future plan. Check on availability.

When this is supported, this document will be updated.

Tape Drive Comparison

TABLE 1-3 Tape Drive Comparisons

		Check on Availability for these Drives		
Physical Specifications	T10000A	T10000B	T9840D	LTO4
Height	8.25 cm (3.25 in.)	8.25 cm (3.25 in.)	8.25 cm (3.25 in.)	8.25 cm (3.25 in.)
Width	14.6 cm (5.75 in.)	14.6 cm (5.75 in.)	14.6 cm (5.75 in.)	14.6 cm (5.75 in.)
Length (depth)	42.5 cm (16.75 in.)	42.5 cm (16.75 in.)	38.1 cm (15 in.)	20.3 cm (8 in.)
Weight	5 kg (11 lb)	5 kg (11 lb)	3.9 kg (8.5 lb)	2.24 kg (4.94 lb)
Performance Specification	s			
Capacity (native)	500 GB	1TB	75GB	800 GB
Transfer rate (native)	2 Gb/s - 4 Gb/s	4 Gb/s	30 MB/s	4 Gb/s
Throughput (native)	120 MB/s	120 MB/s	30 MB/s	120 MB/s
Data Buffer size	256 MB	256 MB	64 MB	128 MB
Number of tracks	768	1152	576	896
Tape Thread & Load	16 sec	16 sec	8.5 sec	19 sec
Access Time	46 sec	46 sec	8 sec	62 sec
Tape speed	2.0 and 4.95 m/s	2.0 & 3.74 m/s 4.95 m/s legacy	3.4 m/s	7.00 m/s
Rewind time	90 sec	90 sec	16/8 sec	124 sec
Tape Unload	23 sec	23 sec	12 sec	22 sec
Emulation Modes	3490E, 3590, 3592, T9940	3490E, 3592	Native, 3490E, 3590H	_
Interface Support	FC2, FC4, FICON	FC4, FICON	FC2, FICON. ESCON	FC4, SCSI Ultra320, SAS 3 GB
MTBF (100% duty cycle)	290,000 hrs	290,000 hrs	290,000 hrs	250,000 hrs
Media/Format Compatibil	ity			
Read/Write	Proprietary Format- T10000 Cartridge		Proprietary Format	LTO2 = Read only LTO3 = Rd/Write LTO4 = Rd/Write
VolSafe/WORM?	Y	es	Yes	Yes
Power				
Auto-ranging / Amperage	88-264 VAC, 48-63 Hz		100–240 VAC 50–60 Hz 0.8A max.	
Consumption	90	W	82 W	52 W
-	1		1	

Tape Drive and Media Comparisons

For your information, the following tables provide tape drive and media support comparisons.

TABLE 1-4 shows the media compatibilities for:

- Encryption-capable tape drives
- Non-encryption tape drives

TABLE 1-4 Media Compatibilities

Task	Encryption- capable	Non- encryption
Write new data encrypted	Yes	No
Write new data not encrypted	No	Yes
Read encrypted data with key available	Yes	No
Read non-encrypted data	Yes	Yes
Append non-encrypted data to encrypted tape	No	No

TABLE 1-5 shows a comparison between:

- Encryption-enabled and non-encrypted tape drives
- Encrypted and non-encrypted media

TABLE 1-5 Tape Drive and Media Support

	Media Types		
Tape Drive Types	Non-encrypted Tapes	Encrypted Tapes	
Standard drive (non-encrypted)	■ Fully compatible ■ Read, write, and append	 Not capable of reading, writing to or appending to this tape Can re-write from the beginning of tape (BOT) 	
Encryption- capable drive	 Read capability only Not capable of appending to this tape Can re-write from the beginning of tape (BOT) Fully compatible Read with correct keys Write with current write 		

Key Management Appliance Specifications

TABLE 1-6 lists the specifications for the SunFire X2100 server.

TABLE 1-6 Sun Fire X2100 Specifications

1		
Processor	 One dual-core AMD Operton processor Processor frequencies: 2.2 GHz Up to 1 MB level 2 cache 	
Memory	■ Four DIMM slots (up to 4 gigabytes) ■ Unbuffered ECC memory	
IPMI 2.0	Service processor standardembedded Lights Out Manager	
Mass storage	One SATA disk drive	
PCI Slots	Two PCI-Express slots (PCIe) PCIe-0 contains the Sun Crypto Accelerator 6000 (SCA6000)	
Networking	 Four USB 2.0 connectors on the rear panel Two USB 2.0 connectors on the front panel Two ports: Serial port with DB-9; VGA with DB-15 connectors Four 10/100/1000 Base-T Ethernet ports 	
Dimensions:		
Height	43 mm (1.7 in.)	
Width	425.5mm (16.8 in.)	
Depth	633.7 mm (25 in.)	
Weight (maximum)	10.7 kg (23.45 lb)	
Mounting options	19-inch rackmount kit; Compact 1 rack-unit (1.75 in.) form factor	
Environmental para	meters:	
Temperature	5°C to 35°C (41°F to 95°F)	
Relative humidity	27°C (80°F) max wet bulb	
Altitude	Up to 3,000 m (9,000 ft)	
Power supply	One 6.5 Amps at 345 Watts Heat output is about 850 BTU/hour	
Regulations meets o	r exceeds the following requirements:	
Acoustic Noise Emis	sions declared in accordance with ISO 9296	
Safety IEC 60950, UI	./CSA60950, EN60950, CB scheme	
RFI/EMI FCC Class	A, Part 15 47 CFR, EN55022, CISPR 22, EN300-386:v1.31, ICES-003	
Immunity: EN55024,	EN300-386:v1.3.2	
Certifications: Safety	${\sf CE\ Mark,\ GOST,\ GS\ Mark,\ cULus\ Mark,\ CB\ scheme,\ CCC,\ S\ Mark}$	
	sions and Immunity Class A Emissions Levels: CC, GOST, BSMI, ESTI, DOC, S Mark	

- FIGURE 1-3 is an example for the front of the appliance
- FIGURE 1-4 is an example for the rear of the appliance Note: The rear of the appliance is where all of the cable connections are made.

FIGURE 1-3 Key Management Appliance—Front Panel

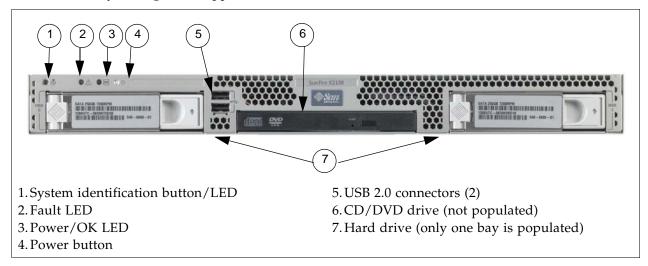
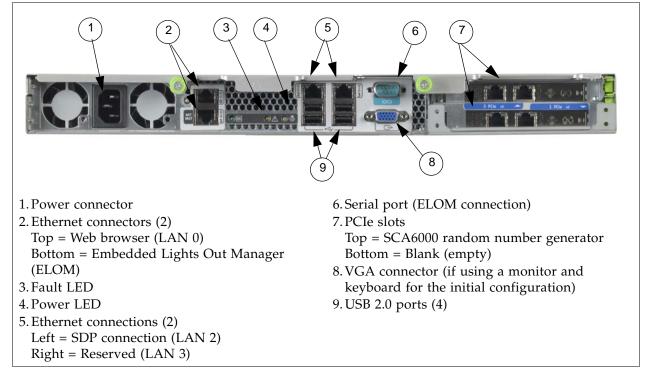


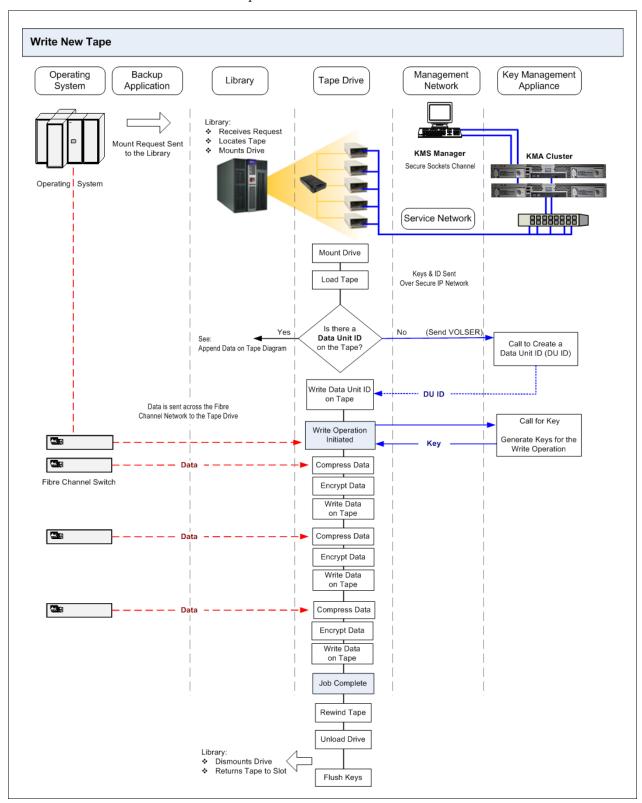
FIGURE 1-4 Key Management Appliance—Rear Panel



The following diagrams are writer conceptual drawings for:

- "Write Data Flow—New Tape" on page 18
- "Append Data Flow—Existing Tape" on page 19
- "Read Data Flow" on page 20
- "Read Data Flow—Multiple Keys" on page 21

FIGURE 1-5 Write Data Flow—New Tape

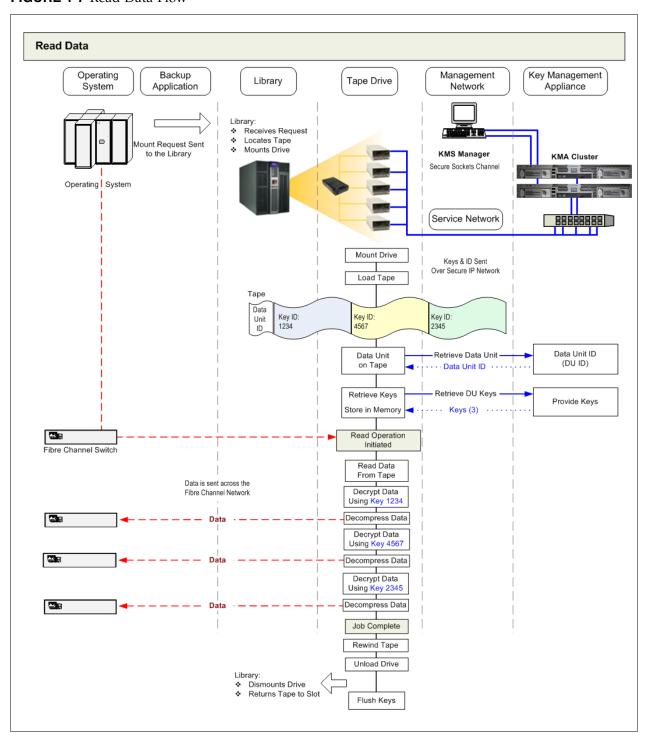


Append Data on Tape Backup Key Management Operating Management Library Tape Drive System Application Network Appliance Library: Receives Request Selects Tape ount Request Sent Mounts Drive to the Library KMS Manager KMA Cluster Secure Sockets Channel Operating | System Service Network Mount Drive Load Tape No Yes See:
Write New Tape Diagram Retrieve Data Unit (Send VOLSER) Call for Data Unit ID Data Unit ID on the Tape? (DU ID) Receive DU ID DU ID Retrieve DU Keys Call for Obtain DU Keys Data Unit Keys Process & No Protect Key (Write Key) Expired? Generate Data is sent across the Fibre Channel Network to the Tape Drive **New Write Key** Write Operation 65.5 Initiated **65** 33 Compress Data Fibre Channel Switch Encrypt Data Write Data on Tape Compress Data Encrypt Data Write Data on Tape Job Complete Rewind Tape Unload Drive Library: Dismounts Drive
 Returns Tape to Returns Tape to Slot Flush Keys

FIGURE 1-6 Append Data Flow—Existing Tape

316194801 • Revision: A

FIGURE 1-7 Read Data Flow



Read with Multiple Keys Operating Key Management Backup Management Library Tape Drive Application Appliance Network System Library: Receives Request Selects Tape 0 Mount Request Sent to the Library KMS Manager KMA Cluster Secure Sockets Channel Operating | System Service Network Mount Drive Load Tape Tape Data Unit Key 3 ID Tape Drives Store: Data Unit ID Retreive Data Unit Data Unit Protect and Process Key
 (Write key)
 Up to 31 Process Only Keys (DU ID) on Tape · · · · Data Unit ID · · · · · · (Read Keys) Retrieve Keys Retreive DU Keys Provide Keys Store in Memory Read Operation Initiated Fibre Channel Switch Read Data From Tape Data is sent across the Fibre Decrypt Data Using Key 1 Decompress Data Decrypt Data Using Key Decompress Data Decrypt Data Without the correct key loaded, the Using Key 31 drive cannot decrypt the data Request key from KMA Decompress Data Encountered Request Key Provide Keys Missing Key Keys 32 to ... Decrypt Data Using Key 32 Decompress Data Decrypt Data Using Key Decompress Data Job Complete Rewind Tape Unload Drive Library: Dismounts Drive Returns Tape to Slot

Flush Keys

FIGURE 1-8 Read Data Flow—Multiple Keys

Key Management Appliance Specifications

Systems Assurance

This chapter contains information about the systems assurance process.

The system assurance process is the exchange of information among team members to ensure that no aspects of the sale, order, installation and implementation for the Sun StorageTek Crypto Key Management System are overlooked. This process promotes an error-free installation and contributes to the overall customer satisfaction.

The system assurance team members (customer and Sun StorageTek) ensure that all aspects of the process are planned carefully and performed efficiently. This process begins when the customer accepts the sales proposal. At this time, a Sun representative schedules the system assurance planning meetings.

316194801 • Revision: A 23

Planning Meetings

The purpose of the system assurance planning meetings is to:

- Introduce the customer to the Sun StorageTek encryption products
- Explain the system assurance process and establish the team
- Identify and define the customer requirements
- Identify any additional items needed (such as cables, tokens, and switches)
- Prepare for the installation and implementation
- Schedule and track the entire process

TABLE 2-1 System Assurance Task Checklist

Task	Compl	leted?
Introduce the Sun team members to the customer. Complete the Team Member Contact sheets. Make copies as necessary.	Yes 🗖	No 🗖
Explain the Sun StorageTek the encryption solutions to the customer. See Chapter 1, "Introduction" for topics and information.	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Complete the Team Member Contact sheets.	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Use "Configuration Planning" on page 27 to help define the customer requirements.	Yes 🗖	No 🗖
Review and complete "Site Planning Checklist" on page 30. Comments:	Yes 🗆	No 🗖
Review and identify "User Roles Work Sheet" on page 49. Comments:	Yes 🗖	No 🗆
Review "Supported Configurations" on page 51. Comments:	Yes 🗖	No 🗖
Review "Order Numbers, Descriptions, and Contents" on page 59. <i>Comments</i> :	Yes 🗖	No 🗖
Determine the installation schedule:	Yes 🗆	No 🗆
Date:		
Time:		
Download and provide the customer with a copy of the <i>Crypto Key Management System Administrator's Guide</i> PN 316195101. http://www.docs.sun.com	Yes 🗖	No 🗖

Customer Team Member Contact Sheet

Complete the following information for the customer team members:

Name:	
Title:	
Telephone Number:	
FAX Number:	
Cell Phone / Pager:	
E-mail Address:	
Name:	
Title:	
Telephone Number:	
FAX Number:	
Cell Phone / Pager:	
E-mail Address:	
Name:	
Title:	
Telephone Number:	
FAX Number:	
Cell Phone / Pager:	
E-mail Address:	
Name:	
Title:	
Telephone Number:	
FAX Number:	
Cell Phone / Pager:	
E-mail Address:	

Note – Customer representatives may include: security officers, finance managers, IT managers, network administrators, systems administrators, site planning managers, and anyone else involved in installations.

Sun Team Member Contact Sheet

Complete the following information for the Sun Microsystems team members:

Name:	
Title:	
Telephone Number:	
FAX Number:	
Cell Phone / Pager:	
E-mail Address:	
-	
Name:	
Title:	
Telephone Number:	
FAX Number:	
Cell Phone / Pager:	
E-mail Address:	
Name:	
Name: Title:	
-	
Title:	
Title: Telephone Number:	
Title: Telephone Number: FAX Number:	
Title: Telephone Number: FAX Number: Cell Phone / Pager:	
Title: Telephone Number: FAX Number: Cell Phone / Pager: E-mail Address: Name:	
Title: Telephone Number: FAX Number: Cell Phone / Pager: E-mail Address:	
Title: Telephone Number: FAX Number: Cell Phone / Pager: E-mail Address: Name:	
Title: Telephone Number: FAX Number: Cell Phone / Pager: E-mail Address: Name: Title:	
Title: Telephone Number: FAX Number: Cell Phone / Pager: E-mail Address: Name: Title: Telephone Number:	

Note – Sun StorageTek Representatives may include: marketing, sales, and account representative, systems engineers (SEs), Professional Services (PS), installation coordinators, and trained services personnel.

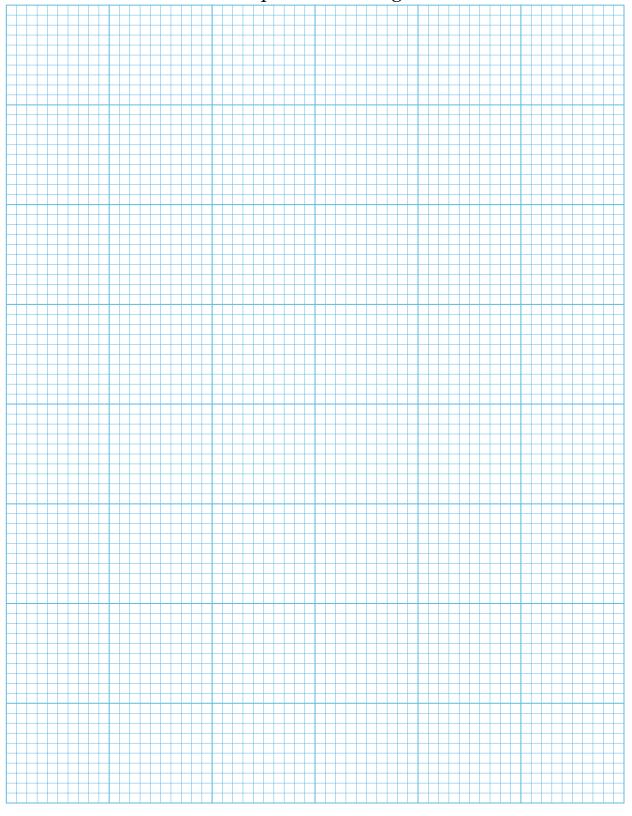
Configuration Planning

Complete the following checklist and make a conceptual drawing of to help with the installation. Provide this information and drawing to the installers.

TABLE 2-2 Solution Planning Checklist

Question	Selection / Comments
Which encryption solution does the customer want?	☐ KMS 2.x (Continue with this checklist)☐ KMS 1.x
What type of configuration does the customer want? Notes: ■ The maximum number of sites with KMAs is 10. It is possible to have sites without KMAs connected across a customer supplied wide area network (WAN). ■ Also, the 10 site limit is within a single cluster. The customer may choose to have multiple clusters; however, KMAs in one clusters are unaware of KMAs in other clusters.	☐ Single site ☐ Multiple sites How many: ☐ Disaster recovery ?
11 10	
How many KMA appliances are needed? Notes: ■ The maximum number of KMAs is 20. ■ KMAs <i>must be</i> installed in pairs.	
How many and of what type of encryption hardware kits are needed?	□ SL8500 How many: □ SL3000 (Future—check on availability) □ SL500 (LTO4 only—check on availability) □ 9310 □ 9741E How many: □ L-Series How many: □ Type: □ L180, □ L700, □ L1400 □ Rackmount How many:
How many and of what type of encryption tape drives are needed?	☐ T10000A How many:
The CC sections are also as he can be considered as a section of the c	
Identify customer requirements and expectations.	

Customer Conceptual Drawing



Site Preparation

Use this chapter to prepare for the installation.

■ "Site Planning Checklist" on page 30

There are a few things to be aware of to install encryption hardware into a supported configuration, such as:

- "Rack Specifications" on page 33
 - "SL8500 Rack Guidelines" on page 33
 - "External Rack Installations" on page 34
- "Redundant Power" on page 35
- "Service Delivery Platform" on page 36
- "Content Management" on page 37
 - "Capacity on Demand" on page 38
 - "RealTime Growth Technology" on page 38
 - "Partitioning" on page 38
 - "Planning the Data Path" on page 39
 - "Tasks" on page 40
- "Required Tools" on page 41
- "Supported Platforms and Web Browsers" on page 41
- "Required Tape Drive Firmware Versions" on page 42
- "Role-Based Operations" on page 44
 - User Roles Work Sheet on page 49

316194801 • Revision: A 29

Site Planning Checklist

Use the following checklist to ensure that the customer is ready to receive the Key Management System and to ensure that you are ready to start the installation.

TABLE 3-1 Site Planning Checklist

Question	Completed?	Comments:			
Delivery and Handling	Delivery and Handling				
Important: The Key Management Systems and Follow the customers security guidelines for d					
Does the customer have a delivery dock? If <i>no</i> , where will the equipment be delivered?	Yes 🗆 No 🗅				
If a delivery dock <i>is</i> available, what are the hours of operation?					
Are there street or alley limitations that might hinder delivery?	Yes 🗆 No 🗅				
Will authorized personnel be available to handle the delivery?	Yes 🗆 No 🗅				
Is the delivery location close to the computer room where the equipment will be installed?	Yes □ No □				
Is an elevator available to move the equipment to the appropriate floors?	Yes 🗀 No 🗅				
Is there a staging area where the equipment can be placed close to the installation site?	Yes 🗆 No 🗅				
Environmental Planning					
Does the site meet the environmental requirements for temperature, humidity, and cooling?	Yes 🗆 No 🗅	KMA: 5°C to 35°C (41°F to 95°F)			
Are there special requirements to dispose of or recycle the packing material, pallets, and cardboard?	Yes 🗆 No 🗅				

TABLE 3-1 Site Planning Checklist (Continued)

Question	Completed?	Comments:
Power Requirements		
Does the intended site meet the power requirements?	Yes 🗖 No 🗖	KMA: 90 to 132 VAC 180 to 264 VAC 57 to 63 Hz 47 to 53 Hz 2.3 to 4.6 Amps Maximum continuous power is 300W
Have you identified the circuit breakers locations and ratings?	Yes 🗆 No 🗅	
Does the customer want redundant power options? If so, an additional APC power switch is required to create an uninterrupted power configuration.	Yes 🗆 No 🗅	APC Switch = XSL8500-AC-SW-Z
Are there any power cable routing concerns?	Yes 🗆 No 🗅	
Personnel:		
Are there trained/qualified Sun StorageTek representatives locally to install and maintain the encryption equipment?	Yes 🗖 No 🗖	Names:
Are there trained/qualified Sun StorageTek representatives locally to install and maintain the supported configurations?	Yes 🗆 No 🗅	
Connectivity: Cabling is <i>very important</i> to established Ethernet switches, and tape drives.	llish a reliable ne	etwork between the KMS GUI, KMAs,
Have you completed a: ■ Cable plan? ■ Configuration drawing?	Yes 🗆 No 🗅	
Have you determined the type and number of Ethernet cables required? Customer supplied: KMS Manager to the network Network to the KMAs Supplied in the encryption kits: Switch to each tape drive	Yes 🗆 No 🗅	Note: Ethernet cables come with the accessory kits. Lengths are dependant on the location of the switches and devices.

TABLE 3-1 Site Planning Checklist (Continued)

Question	Completed?	Comments:
Configurations	1	
Does the customer have adequate rack space to hold the KMAs and Ethernet switches?	Yes 🗖 No 🗖	See "Rack Specifications" on page 33 for information. Note: A half-rack (20-units) can be ordered to hold the KMAs, switches, and PDUs. Kit CRYPTO-20U-Z
What type of support configurations does the customer want?	□ SL8500 □ SL3000 □ SL500 □ 9310/9741e □ L-Series □ Rackmount	(Check on availability) HP LTO4 only (Check on availability)
Does the customer have existing tape drives to use?	Yes □ No □	
Are they already installed in a library?	Yes □ No □	
Does the customer need to order more drives? How many tape drives? T10000 A T10000 B (Check on availability) T9840D (Check on availability) HP LTO4 (Check on availability) Interface types? Fibre Channel FICON (T-Series only) ESCON (T9840D)	Yes 🗖 No 🗖	Check on availability Not all versions of tape drives and interfaces will be available with this initial release of Version 2.0.
Media		
Are additional cartridges required? Data cartridge Cleaning cartridges VolSafe cartridges Labels	Yes 🗖 No 🗖	Note: All 3 versions of encryption tape drives use different, unique cartridges. ■ T9840 = 9840 cartridges ■ T10000 = T10000 cartridges ■ LTO4 = LTO-compatible cartridges All versions of each cartridge-type are supported, for example: standard, sport, VolSafe, and WORM.
Notes:		
Configurations:		
Tape Drives:		
Media:		

Rack Specifications

The KMAs can be installed in standard, RETMA¹ 19-inch, four post racks or cabinets. Note: Two-post racks are *not* supported.

The slide rails are compatible for a wide range of racks with the following standards:

- Horizontal opening and unit vertical pitch conforming to ANSI/EIA 310-D-1992 or IEC 60927 standards.
- Distance between front and rear mounting planes between 610 mm and 915 mm (24 in. to 36 in.).
- Clearance depth to a front cabinet door must be at least 25.4 mm (1 in.).
- Clearance depth to a rear cabinet door at least 800 mm (31.5 in.) to incorporate cable management or 700 mm (27.5 in.) without cable management.
- Clearance width between structural supports and cable troughs and between front and rear mounting planes is at least 456 mm (18 in.).

SL8500 Rack Guidelines

An SL8500 library can have up to 4 optional accessory racks, (PN XSL8500-RACK-Z). If the customer wants power redundancy, a minimum of 2 racks is required.

Each rack can hold up to 6 units—called Us²—of equipment, such as the key management appliances and the Ethernet switches. Each rack has a six-connector power distribution unit (PDU) that provides power, and two cooling fans that provides additional air flow. Table 3-2 lists the rack guidelines.

TABLE 3-2 SL8500 Accessory Rack Guidelines

Guideline	Descriptions
Rack numbering	Rack numbering is top-down from 1 to 4. Rack 1 is on the top; Rack 4 is on the bottom.
Rack mounting	Components must be able to function in a vertical orientation.
Dimensional restrictions	Rack module depth is 72 cm (28 in.). Recommended safe length is 66 cm (26 in.).
Equipment weight	The accessory rack itself is mounted on slides rated for 80 kg (175 lb). The recommended safe load is 64 kg (140 lb). The KMA is 10.7 kg (23.45 lb), the Ethernet switch is 1.5 kg (3.1 lb)
Power consumption	Per rack module is 4 Amps (maximum). Per outlet strip is 200–240 VAC, 50 to 60 Hz. The KMA is 185 W, the Ethernet Switch is 20 W.
Power cord	Power plug to connect to the rack PDU is: IEC320 C13 shrouded male plug. Minimum cord length is component <i>plus</i> 46 cm (18 in.) for a service loop.
Thermal requirements	Maximum power dissipation is 880 watts (3,000 Btu/hr) per rack module.
Regulatory compliance	Minimum requirements are: Safety—UL or CSA certification and Electromagnetic—Class A certification from agencies such as FCC or BSMI.

^{1.} RETMA = Radio Electronics Television Manufacturers Association.

^{2.} U stands for rack units. One unit is equal to 4.4 cm (1.75 in.).

External Rack Installations

Because some configurations might not have enough internal rack space to install the encryption hardware, an external rack is available for these configurations.

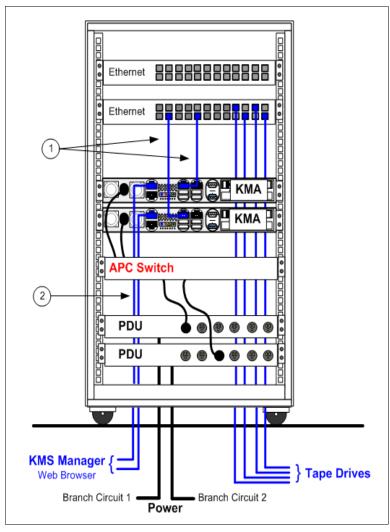
Customer's can either use existing racks or they can order this kit: CRYPTO-20U-Z.

This is a half-high external rack.

- 20-units high (approximately 3 ft)
- 19-inches wide

Designed to hold the encryption hardware.

FIGURE 3-1 External Rack



Components and Part Numbers:

- Rack kit = CRYPTO-20U-Z
- APC Switch = XSL8500-AC-SW-Z
- PDUs = PN 10124140
- 1. Service Network (LAN 2)
- 2. Management Network (LAN 0)



Note - Depending on the number of tape drives installed, you may need more than one Ethernet Switch. Remember, each tape drive needs an Ethernet connection.

Redundant Power

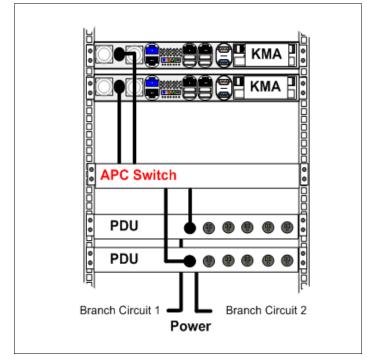
Customer may require a redundant power configuration.

When installing equipment to support power redundancy, make sure there are two separate branch circuits available. Should a power supply or branch circuit fail, the other equipment or circuit can maintain power to at least some of the configuration until the problem is fixed.

Because the additional hardware only has a single power supply, power distribution units are required to provide this redundancy.

FIGURE 3-2 shows and example:

FIGURE 3-2 Power Redundancy



Components and Part Numbers:

- APC Switch = XSL8500-AC-SW-Z
- PDUs = PN 10124140

Use the customer's existing power distribution or they can order an APC Power Switch, order number: XSL8500-AC-SW-Z.

Service Delivery Platform

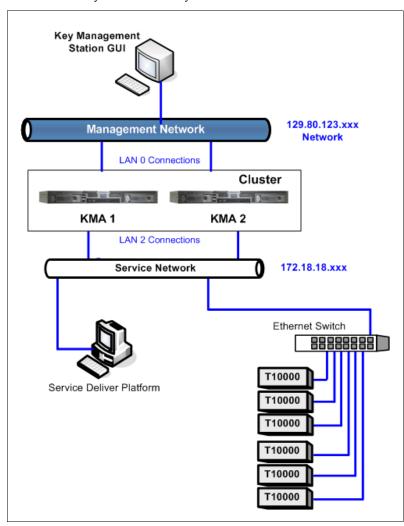
The Service Delivery Platform (SDP) is a support solution for Sun StorageTek libraries and tape drives that consists of a smart appliance and dedicated network.

The Key Management Appliance includes a specific Ethernet connection (LAN 2 port) for connection to this network.

The SDP appliance uses the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) to automate the assignment of IP addresses for device connections. When incorporating the KMAs into an SDP network, it is best to use the established addresses provided by the SDP; the IP address range is 172.18.18.xxx.

FIGURE 3-3 shows an example of an SDP network with connection to a KMA cluster.

FIGURE 3-3 Systems Delivery Platform



In this figure, the KMS Manager interfaces with the KMAs using a customer created network and IP addresses of 129.80.123.xxx.

Each KMA connects to this network using LAN 0.

The KMA interfaces with the tape drives using the Service Network. SDP IP addresses = 172.18.18.1.

Each KMA connects to this network using LAN 2. IP address range is: 172.18.18.2 through 172.18.18.59.

The tape drives connect to the Service Network using an assigned IP address from the SDP.

The SDP will likely come with an Ethernet switch that connects to the KMA service network (for example).

The default tape drive IP address is 10.0.0.1 and must be changed in any connection scheme.



If the customer wants this support option as part of the encryption solution, use and complete the information in the SDP Systems Assurance Guide. Go to: http://sdp.emea/

Content Management

Encryption-capable tape drives adds another element to the design for content management in an SL8500, SL3000, and SL500 library installation.

All three libraries have a different design, all three libraries share similar elements; however, some considerations include:

TABLE 3-3 Content Management Planning

Element	SL8500	SL3000	SL500
Drive Quantity You may need to order multiple kits of encryption-capable tape drives.			tches to support all of the
	■ Single: 1 to 64 drives ■ 10 library complex: up to 640 drives	■ 1 to 56 tape drives	■ 1 to 18 tape drives
Encryption Drives Supported	■ T10000 A&B ■ T9840D ■ HP LTO4	■ T10000 A&B ■ T9840D ■ HP LTO4	■ HP LTO4 only
Non-encryption Drives Supported	■ T10000 A & B ■ T9840 A, B, & C ■ LTO 2, 3, & 4	■ T10000 A&B ■ T9840 C ■ HP LTO 3 & 4	■ LTO 2, 3, & 4 (HP, IBM) ■ SDLT 600 ■ DLT-S4
Interfaces:	Note: The library interface and	tape drive interfaces may be dif	ferent.
■ Libraries	■ TCP/IP only	■ TCP/IP only ■ Fibre Channel	■ TCP/IP only ■ Fibre Channel
■ Tape Drives	T10000 A&B FC and FICON T9840D FC, FICON, ESCON HP LTO4 FC only	T10000 A&B FC and FICON T9840D FC, FICON, ESCON HP LTO4 FC only	Fibre Channel SCSI
Media	All libraries support true-mixed media—Any Cartridge, Any Slot TM		
	■ T10000 (Std, Sport, VolSafe) ■ 9840 (Std and VolSafe) ■ LTO 2, 3, 4, & T-WORM ■ DLTtape III ■ Super DLTtape I & II	■ T10000 (Std, Sport, VolSafe) ■ 9840 (Std and VolSafe) ■ LTO 2, 3, 4, & T-WORM	■ LTO 1, 2, 3, 4, & T-WORM ■ DLTtape III ■ Super DLTtape I & II
Partitioning	Yes	Yes	Yes
SNMP	Yes	Yes	Yes
SDP	Yes	Yes	Yes
Power Redundancy	Yes	Yes	No
Operating Systems	Enterprise and Open Systems	Enterprise and Open Systems	Open systems platforms
Library Management	■ ACSLS ■ HSC	■ ACSLS ■ HSC ■ ISV	■ ACSLS ■ HSC ■ ISV
FC = Fibre Channel FICON = IBMs fiber connection SNMP = Simple Network Management Protocol SDP = Service Delivery Platform		ACSLS = Automated Cartridge System Library Software HSC = Host Software Component ISV = Independent Software Vendor (Veritas, Legato, TSM)	

When planning for content, the most important aspect is to evaluate *content* (tape drives and data cartridges) with respect to the *physical structure* of the library.

These libraries provide several ways to accommodate growing data storage needs:

- Addition of library modules—in front, to the left, right, or up and down.
- Capacity on Demand
 - Activation of slots without service representative involvement
 - Requires the installation of slots or modules up front
- Flexible partitions
- Easily re-allocate resources as needs change
- Real-Time Growth

Capacity on Demand

Capacity on Demand is a *non-disruptive* optional feature that allows the customer to add capacity to the library using previously installed, yet inactive slots.

The installed physical capacity is separate from the licensed capacity. The advantage of Capacity on Demand is that the customer only buys the storage that they need and not all the storage that is installed.

Licensed capacity can be purchased in multiple increments:

When a customer purchases a license to use more physical storage an encrypted *license* key file is sent through e-mail. The file is then loaded into the library using the StorageTek Library Console (SLC).

RealTime Growth Technology

Because the physical and the licensed slot capacities are separate, the customer has the option of installing physical capacity in advance before they are ready to activate these slots.

The advantage of installing physical capacity in advance is that now, scaling the library is non-disruptive, quick, and easy to accomplish.

Whenever building an SL3000 configuration, there are two basic slot capacity questions you need to answer:

- 1. How many slots does the customer need to license or use?
- 2. How many cartridge slots does the customer want to physically install?

Partitioning

The definition of a partition is to divide into parts or shares.

Benefits: Partitioning a library means the customer can have:

- Multiple libraries from one physical piece of hardware.
- More than one operating system and application manage the library.
- An improvement in the protection or isolation of files.
- An increase in system and library performance.
- An increase in user efficiency.

Customized fit:

Partitions may be customized to fit different requirements, such as:

- Separating different encryption key groups.
- Isolating clients as service centers.
- Dedicating partitions for special tasks.
- Giving multiple departments, organizations, and companies access to appropriate sized library resources.



When using encryption-capable tape drives, partitions can add an additional layer to data security. Customers can assign partitions that limit the access to the tape drives and data cartridges.

Ideally, you would want to set up partitions that allow for future. Allowing room for growth allows the customer to activate slots within a partition using Capacity on Demand. This is the easiest and least disruptive growth path:

- 1. Install extra physical capacity.
- 2. Define partitions large enough to accommodate future growth.
- 3. Adjust the library capacity to meet current demands.

Essential guidelines for understanding partitions are:

- Clear communication between the system programmers, network administrators, library software representatives and administrators, and Sun service representatives.
- Knowing what partitions exist, their boundaries, and who has access to the specific partitions that are configured.
- Setting up a partition requires some important considerations:
 - Slots and tape drives are allocated to a specific partition and cannot be shared across other partitions.
 - Partition users must anticipate how much storage is needed for their resident data cartridges and the amount of free slots required for both current use and potential growth.
- Remember:
 - Each partition acts as an independent library.
 - One partition will not recognize another partition within the library.

Planning the Data Path

When planning for partitions, you also need to be aware of the location, quantity, type, and need for the tape drives and media.

Having an understanding about how to logically group and install the tape drives and locate the media for the different hosts, control data sets, interface types, and partitions is necessary. When planing for partitions:

- Make sure the tape drive interface supports that operating system.
 - Open system platforms do not support ESCON or FICON interfaces.
 - Not all mainframes support Fibre Channel interfaces or LTO tape drives.
- Make sure the media types match the application.
- Install tape drives that use the same media types in the same partition.
- Make sure there are enough scratch cartridges and free slots to support the application and workload.

Tasks

One essential message for content management and partitioning is planning.

TABLE 3-4 Steps and Tasks for Partitioning

1	Step	Task	Responsibility*
٠	1. Team	Create a Team. When planning for content and partitions, use a process similar to that of the system assurance process; which is the exchange of information among team members to ensure all aspects of the implementation are planned carefully and performed efficiently. Team members should include representatives from both the customer and Sun Microsystems.	 Customer Administrators Operators Sun SE, PS Sun Svc Rep
	2. Codes	Review the software and firmware requirements. Update as required.	■ Customer ■ Sun SE, PS ■ Sun Svc Rep
	3. Planning	 Define the customer expectations Complete the assessment Identify the configurations Complete the planning diagrams Service Delivery Platform (SDP) 	CustomerAdministratorsSun SE, PSSun Svc Rep
	4. Encryption	 ■ Complete an encryption survey (PS) ■ Select the type of tape drive, interface, and configuration ■ Select location ■ Ensure there is adequate media 	■ Customer ■ Sun SE, PS ■ Sun Representatives
	5. Media	■ Verify the distribution of cartridges and required tape drives are available and ready.	CustomerOperators
	6. Library	■ Install and configure a library (if necessary).	■ Sun Svc Rep
	7. License	License the required features:LibraryTape drives	CustomerAdministratorsSun Svc Rep
	8. Partitions	■ Create partitions.	CustomerAdministratorsOperators
	9. Hosts	■ Momentarily stop all host activity if currently connected.	■ Customer
	10.Use	Instruct the customer how to: ■ Use and manage the library ■ Use the KMS GUI	■ Customer ■ Sun SE, PS ■ Sun Svc Rep
	11.Reference	Make sure the customer has access to the appropriate documents.	■ Customer ■ Sun SE, PS ■ Sun Svc Rep

- SE = Systems engineer
- PS = Professional services representative
- Service = Sun Service representative (Svc Rep)
- Customer = System administrators, network administrators, system programmers, operators

Required Tools

The required tools to install and initially configure the KMAs are:

- Standard field service tool kit, including both standard and Phillips screwdrivers, Torx driver and bits, and side cutters; tools necessary to mount the servers in a rack.
- Serial or null modem cable (P/N 24100134) with DB-9 connector
- Adapter (P/N 10402019)
- Straight Ethernet cable (P/N 24100216) 10-ft
- Cross-over Ethernet cable (P/N 24100163) 10-ft
- Service laptop (or personal computer)
- Virtual Operator Panel (VOP) at Version 1.0.11 or higher
 - Service version (PN: 96180)
 - Customer version (PN: 96179)

Supported Platforms and Web Browsers

KMS Manager Platforms:

The KMS Manager (graphical user interface—GUI) must be installed on either a Windows XP or Solaris 10 updates 3x86 or 4x86 platform.

Note – Windows Vista and Solaris 9 are *not* supported.

Web Browsers:

Embedded Lights Out Manager is sensitive to Web browser and Java versions.

TABLE 3-5 lists the supported operating systems and Web browsers:

TABLE 3-5 Operating Systems and Web Browsers

Client Operating Systems	Java Runtime Environment Including Java Web Start	Web Browsers
Microsoft Windows XP		Internet Explorer 6.0 and later Mozilla 1.7.5 or later Mozilla Firefox 1.0
Red Hat Linux 3.0 and 4.0	JRE 1.5 (Java 5.0 Update 7 or Higher)	Mozilla 1.7.5 or later Mozilla Firefox 1.0
Solaris 9 Solaris 10 SUSE Linux 9.2		Mozilla 1.7.5
V 1 1 1 1 1 T 1	E mantine a considerant at letter.	1.1.

You can download the Java 1.5 runtime environment at: http://java.com The current version of the ELOM guide is located at: http://dlc.sun.com/

Required Tape Drive Firmware Versions

The required firmware (microcode) versions for the tape drives are:

TABLE 3-6 Tape Drive Firmware Versions

Tape Drive	Interface Type	Firmware Version (or higher)
T10000 A	Fibre Channel	1.37.108
	FICON	To be supplied
T10000 B	Fibre Channel	Check on availability
	FICON	
T9840 D	Fibre Channel	
	FICON	
	ESCON	
HP LTO4	Fibre Channel	
	SCSI	

Required Library Firmware Versions

The required firmware (microcode) versions for the tape drives are:

TABLE 3-7 Library Firmware Versions

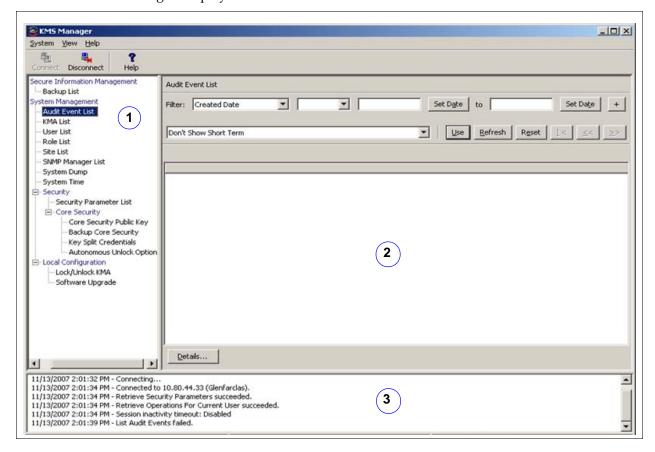
Library	Firmware Version (or higher)
SL8500	FRS_3.72
SL3000	To be supplied
SL500	1201
9310	9311: 4.4.06 9330: TCP/IP - 2.1.02 code 9330: 3270 - 1.9.73 code
L-Series	3.15.02

KMS Manager

The KMS Manager graphical user interface (GUI) consists of a three-paned display:

- 1. On the left is a navigational pane or tree
- 2. In the center is an operations detail pane for the selection on the left
- 3. On the bottom is a session events pane

TABLE 3-8 KMS Manager Display



The KMS Manager is an easy-to-use, text-based interface that allows users to configure functions of the KMAs depending on the roles that user is assigned (see "Role-Based Operations" on page 44).

The manager contains convenient System, View, and Help menus in the upper left corner of the display with toolbar buttons that provide shortcuts to several menu options.

Role-Based Operations

The KMS manager defines and uses the following roles. Completing and assigning roles is a customer task, service representatives should only advise.

■ Security Officer	Full authority to view, modify, create, and delete Sites, KMAs, Users, and Transfer Partners.	
■ Compliance Officer	Management for <i>key policies</i> and <i>key groups</i> . Determines which Agents and Transfer Partners can use key groups.	
■ Operator	Manages Agents, Data Units, and Keys.	
■ Backup Operator	Performs backups.	
■ Auditor	Views information about the KMS Cluster.	

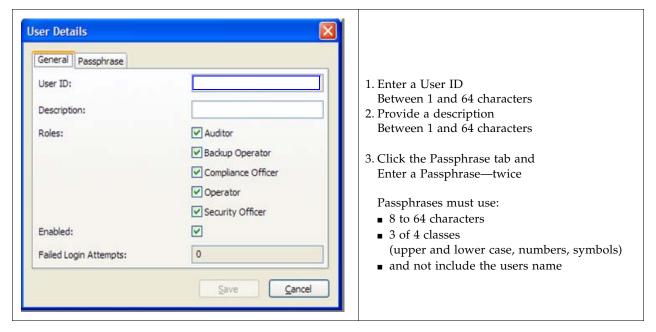


Note: Each person or user may fulfill one or more of these roles.

FIGURE 3-4 shows an example of the Users Detail screen.

Use TABLE 3-10 on page 49 to help prepare for the assignments.

FIGURE 3-4 User Roles Detail Screen



The KMA verifies that the requesting user has permission to execute an operation based on the user's roles. Unavailable operations typically indicate the wrong role.

There are four basic operations a user/role can have: Create, Delete, Modify, and View. TABLE 3-9 on page 45 shows the system entities and functions that each user role can perform. In the "Roles" columns:

- **Yes** means the role is allowed to perform the operation.
- **Quorum** the role is allowed to perform the operation but must belong to a quorum.
- **Blank** means the role is not allowed to perform the operation.

TABLE 3-9 Operator Roles and Functions

				Roles		
Entity	Function	Security Officer	Compliance Officer	Operator	Backup Operator	Auditor
Console						
	Log In	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Set KMA Locale	Yes				
	Set KMA IP Address	Yes				
	Enable Tech Support	Yes				
	Disable Tech Support	Yes		Yes		
	Enable Primary Administrator	Yes				
	Disable Primary Administrator	Yes		Yes		
	Restart KMA			Yes		
	Shutdown KMA			Yes		
	Log KMS into Cluster	Quorum				
	Set User's Passphrase	Yes				
	Reset KMA	Yes				
	Zeroize KMA	Yes				
	Logout	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Connect	'	<u>'</u>	'	'	'	
	Log In	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Create Profile	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Delete Profile	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Set Config Settings	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Disconnect	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Key Spli	t Credentials	<u>'</u>	'	'	'	
	List	Yes				
	Modify	Quorum				
Autonom	nous Unlock	'	'	'	'	
	List	Yes				
	Modify	Quorum				
Lock/Un	lock KMA					
	List Status	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Lock	Yes				
	Unlock	Quorum				

TABLE 3-9 Operator Roles and Functions (Continued)

				Roles		
Entity	Function	Security Officer	Compliance Officer	Operator	Backup Operator	Auditor
Site			'		'	
	Create	Yes				
	List	Yes		Yes		
	Modify	Yes				
	Delete	Yes				
Security	Parameters					
	List	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Modify	Yes				
KMA		,			,	
	Create	Yes				
	List	Yes		Yes		
	Modify	Yes				
	Delete	Yes				
User						
	Create	Yes				
	List	Yes				
	Modify	Yes				
	Modify Passphrase	Yes				
	Delete	Yes				
Role						
	List	Yes				
Key Poli	cy					
	Create		Yes			
	List		Yes			
	Modify		Yes			
	Delete		Yes			
Key Gro	up					
	Create		Yes			
	List		Yes	Yes		
	List Data Units		Yes	Yes		
	List Agents		Yes	Yes		
	Modify		Yes			
	Delete		Yes			

TABLE 3-9 Operator Roles and Functions (Continued)

				Roles		
Entity	Function	Security Officer	Compliance Officer	Operator	Backup Operator	Auditor
Agent	'		l		,	
	Create			Yes		
	List		Yes	Yes		
	Modify			Yes		
	Modify Passphrase			Yes		
	Delete			Yes		
Agent/K	ey Group Assignment		l			
	List		Yes	Yes		
	Modify		Yes			
Data Un	it					
	Create					
	List		Yes	Yes		
	Modify			Yes		
	Modify Key Group		Yes			
	Delete					
Keys	·		l		'	
	List Data Unit Keys		Yes	Yes		
	Destroy			Yes		
	Compromise		Yes			
Transfer	Partners		l			
	Configure	Quorum				
	List	Yes	Yes	Yes		
	Modify	Quorum				
	Delete	Yes				
Backup	1 		Г 			
	Create				Yes	
	List	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
	List Backups with Destroyed Keys		Yes	Yes		
	Restore	Quorum				
	Confirm Destruction				Yes	

TABLE 3-9 Operator Roles and Functions (Continued)

				Roles		
Entity	Function	Security Officer	Compliance Officer	Operator	Backup Operator	Auditor
Core Se	curity Backup	'	'	'		
	Create	Yes				
SNMP N	Manager					
	Create	Yes				
	List	Yes		Yes		
	Modify	Yes				
	Delete	Yes				
Audit E	vent	,	·			
	View	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	View Agent History		Yes	Yes		
	View Data Unit History		Yes	Yes		
	View Data Unit Key History		Yes	Yes		
System Dump						
	Create	Yes		Yes		
System '	Time	'		1	1	
	List	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Modify	Yes				
NTP Server						
	List	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Modify	Yes				
Software	e Version	·				
	List	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Upgrade			Yes		

TABLE 3-10 User Roles Work Sheet

					Roles		
User ID	Description	Passphrase ** (Confidential password)	Security Officer	Compliance Officer	Operator	Backup Operator	Auditor
Note: The Passphrase shouthe person with that ID wi	Note: The Passphrase should not be recorded here for security the person with that ID will be required to enter a passphrase.	Note: The Passphrase should not be recorded here for security reasons. This column is provided as a reminder that as User IDs are enter, the person with that ID will be required to enter a passphrase.	nn is provic	led as a remin	ider that as	User IDs a	re enter,

TABLE 3-10 User Roles Work Sheet

					Roles		
User ID	Description	Passphrase ** (Confidential password)	Security Officer	Compliance Officer	Operator	Backup Operator	Auditor
Note: The Passphrase shouthe person with that ID wi	Note: The Passphrase should not be recorded here for security the person with that ID will be required to enter a passphrase.	Note: The Passphrase should not be recorded here for security reasons. This column is provided as a reminder that as User IDs are enter, the person with that ID will be required to enter a passphrase.	nn is provic	led as a remin	ıder that as	User IDs a	re enter,

Ordering

This chapter contains the order numbers and descriptions for the Sun StorageTek key management appliance and encryption solution.

Supported Configurations

The following components can be ordered to support customer requirements and configurations for the Sun StorageTek Version 2.0 encryption solution:

"Key Management Appliance" on page 52
 This is a required component for key creation, management, and assignments.

If you are implementing an encryption solution using a Sun StorageTek library, review the following information and requirements:

- "SL8500 Modular Library System" on page 53
- "SL3000 Modular Library System" on page 54 (check on availability)
- "SL500 Modular Library System" on page 55 (check on availability)
- "9310 Automated Cartridge System" on page 56
- "L-Series–L180, L700e, and L1400 Libraries" on page 57

If you are implementing an encryption solution using tape drives in a rack or standalone configuration, review the following information and requirements:

■ "Rack Mount" on page 58

Supported Tape Drives

The currently supported tape drives include:

■ T10000A

Check on Availability for these Drives

- T10000B
- T9840D
- HP LTO4

See "Tape Drive Comparison" on page 14 for specific information about each drive.

316194801 • Revision: A 51

Key Management Appliance

The key management appliance order number is: CRYPTO-KMA-2-Z, which includes:

- Key Management Appliance (KMA)
- Rackmount Model
- Includes Sun Fire X2100 Server with
- Pre-loaded Solaris 10 operating system and key management system software
- Installation included

FIGURE 4-1 Key Management Appliance—Front Panel

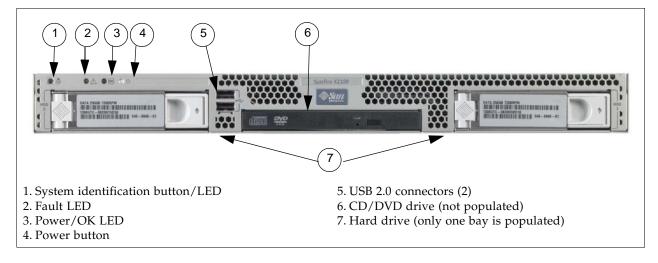
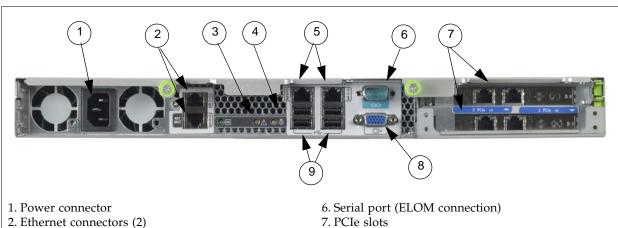


FIGURE 4-2 Key Management Appliance—Rear Panel



Top = Web browser (LAN 0)

Bottom = Embedded Lights Out Manager (ELOM)

- 3. Fault LED
- 4. Power LED
- 5. Ethernet connections (2) Left = SDP connection (LAN 2) Right = Reserved (LAN 3)

Top = SCA6000 random number generator Bottom = Blank (empty)

- 8. VGA connector (if using a monitor and keyboard for the initial configuration)
- 9. USB 2.0 ports (4)

SL8500 Modular Library System

TABLE 4-1 SL8500 Modular Library System Requirements

High-level Description:

A single SL8500 library can store up to:

- 1,448 to 10,000 tape cartridges and
- 64 tape drives.

An SL8500 Library Complex of 10 libraries can store up to:

- 100,000 tape cartridges and
- 640 tape drives

Operating System Support:

The SL8500 supports all major operating systems; enterprise *and* open systems.

Host-to-Library Interface:

- Single Ethernet* (TCP/IP) 1x
- Dual TCP/IP* (optional feature) 2x
- Multi-host (optional feature) 4x
- * Supports Partitioning

The SL8500 provides internal rack space for the addition of the encryption hardware.



Order Number Description

CRYPTO-2X-SL8500-Z	SL8500 accessory kit. Installation included. Note: If the customer wants to install the encryption hardware—such as the KMAs and network switches—inside the SL8500 library, make sure the library has accessory racks to hold the equipment. A minimum of 2 racks with a 2N power configuration are required for redundant power features.
	Rack component order numbers: XSL8500-RACK-Z = 6RU Rack XSL8500-RACK-HW-Z = Rack component hardware kit XSL8500-AC-SW-Z = AC Transfer Switch

Firmware Levels

Library	3.72 or higher (recommended)
StreamLine Library Console	3.38
Tape Drives: ■ T10000 A ■ T10000 B ■ T9840 D ■ HP LTO4	1.34.208 or higher (Check on availability) (Check on availability) (Check on availability)
Virtual Operator Panel (VOP)	Version 1.0.11 or higher

316194801 • Revision: A Chapter 4 Ordering 53

SL3000 Modular Library System

TABLE 4-2 SL3000 Modular Library System Requirements



High-level Description:

The SL3000 library offers customers the benefits of:

- Scalability in storage capacity from 200 to 4500 slots
- Performance from 1 to 56 tape drives
- Heterogeneous attachments using standard interfaces
- Multiple library management software options and programs

Operating System Support:

The SL3000 supports all major operating systems; enterprise and open systems.

Host-to-Library Interface:

- Single Ethernet* (TCP/IP) 1x
- Dual TCP/IP* (optional feature) 2x
- Fibre Channel* 1x
- * Supports Partitioning

Order Number

Check on availability

- SL3000 Kit 1 XSL3000-ETHRNT1-Z
- SL3000 Kit 2 XSL3000-ETHRNT2-Z
- SL3000 Kit 3 XSL3000-ETHRNT3-Z
- SL3000 Kit 4 XSL3000-ETHRNT4-Z

Description

The SL3000 uses four different part numbers for Ethernet switches and cables to 1 to 56 tape drives.

The SL3000 has limited internal rack space.

Depending on the number of drives, customers may need to order an external rack.

See "External Rack Installations" on page 34 if necessary.

Firmware Levels

Library	Check on Availability
StreamLine Library Console	
Tape Drives:	
■ T10000 A	1.34.208 or higher
■ T10000 B	(Check on availability)
■ T9840 D	(Check on availability)
■ HP LTO4	(Check on availability)
Virtual Operator Panel (VOP)	Version 1.0.11 or higher

SL500 Modular Library System

TABLE 4-3 SL500 Modular Library System Requirements

High-level Description:

The SL500 library, is a self contained, fully automated, cartridge tape storage system that is scalable and mounts into a standard 483 mm (19 in.) rack or cabinet. The library can consist of 1 to 5 modules (one base and up to four expansion modules). Because of the scalability, the capacity of an SL500 library can store:

- From: 2 tape drives with 530 data cartridge slots
- To: 18 tape drives with 395 data cartridge slots
- A cartridge access port that holds 5 to 45 slots (depending on the number of modules)

With a variety of tape drives and cartridges slots in-between.

Operating System Support:

The SL500 supports all major operating systems; enterprise *and* open systems.

Host-to-Library Interface:

- Single Ethernet* (TCP/IP) 1x
- Fibre Channel
- * Supports Partitioning



Encryption hardware can be installed in the same rack as the library; depending on the number of modules installed.

Order Number Description

CRYPTO-2X-SL500B-Z	SL500 base library (required). Installation included.
CRYPTO-2X-SL500X-Z	SL500 expansion modules (optional) Up to 4 additional expansion modules may be added. Installation included.
	Note: The SL500 is a rack-installed library. ■ With 3 or fewer expansion modules, encryption hardware can be installed in the same rack. ■ With 4 expansion modules, there is no room for the encryption hardware and customers may need to order an external rack. See "External Rack Installations" on page 34 if necessary.

Firmware Levels

Library	Check on Availability
StreamLine Library Console	
Tape Drives: ■ HP LTO4	
Virtual Operator Panel (VOP)	Version 1.0.11 or higher

316194801 • Revision: A Chapter 4 Ordering 55

9310 Automated Cartridge System

TABLE 4-4 9310 Automated Cartridge System Requirements

High-level Description:

The 9310—also called PowderHorn—can store:

- From 2,000 up to 6,000 tape cartridges
- Up to 4 drive cabinets with space for up to 20 drives per cabinet (80 drives total)

Operating System Support:

The 9310 library supports all major operating systems; enterprise and open systems.

Host-to-Library Interface:

■ TCP/IP

Order Number

The 9310 requires additional hardware consisting of Ethernet switches and 19-inch rack.



CRYPTO-2X-9310-Z	9310 accessory kit.
	Includes Ethernet switches plus cabling.
	Important: This kit include the hardware for the first 9741e.
	If customer has more than one 9741E they must order additional 9741E
9310 libraries require:	accessory kits. Installation included.
CRYPTO-2X-9741E-Z	9741E Drive Cabinet accessory kit.
	Includes 24-port switch and cabling. Installation included.

Description

Note: Each 9741E cabinet may contain up to 20 tape drives and requires the use of a 24-port Ethernet switch.

Firmware Levels

Library Prerequisites	The 9310 requires upgrades to support the T10000 tape drive.
Feature Codes:	93T1—LSM upgrade (firmware and hardware) 93T1—LMU upgrade (firmware only) XT10—Hardware kit upgrade (9741E cabinet)
Library Firmware (minimum)	9311: targeted for 4.4.06 9330: TCP/IP - 2.1.02 code 9330: 3270 - 1.9.73 code
Tape Drives: T10000 A T10000 B T9840 D	1.34.208 or higher (Check on availability) (Check on availability)
Virtual Operator Panel (VOP)	Version 1.0.11 or higher

L-Series-L180, L700e, and L1400 Libraries

TABLE 4-5 L-Series Library Requirements

High-level Description:

L700 and L1400 libraries support two models:

- *Single frame* libraries can hold:
 - From 678 tape cartridges and
 - Up to **12** T10000 tape drives.
- *Dual frame* libraries holds
 - From 1,344 tape cartridges and
 - Up to **24** T10000 tape drives.

Operating System Support:

Supports open system platforms, such as UNIX, Windows NT, Novell, and Linux.

Host-to-Library Interface:

- LVD or HVD SCSI
- Fibre Channel option

The L700e/L1400M libraries have internal rack space for the encryption hardware.



CRYPTO-2X-L7/14-Z	L180/700/1400 accessory kit.
	Includes a 16-port switch, and cabling.
	Note:
	Depending on the number of tape drives installed, you may need to
	order an additional switch.
	Installation included

Description

Firmware Levels

Order Number

Library (minimum) ■ L700e / L1400 ■ L180	3.11.02 or higher
Tape Drives: ■ T10000 A ■ T10000 B ■ T9840 D ■ HP LTO4	1.34.208 or higher (Check on availability) (Check on availability) (Check on availability)
Virtual Operator Panel (VOP)	Version 1.0.11 or higher

316194801 • Revision: A Chapter 4 Ordering 57

Rack Mount

TABLE 4-6 Rackmount Requirements

The Sun StorageTek rack can hold up to 12 manual-mount tape drives in 6 trays.

This figure shows the T10000 rack module.

- The top (A) operator panel works with the drive on the left.
- The bottom (B) operator panel works with the drive on the right.

When only one drive is installed, it must be installed on the left.



The customer should purchase a CBNT42U cabinet with this configuration.



Order Number	Description
CRYPTO-2X-RACK-Z	Sun StorageTek rack mount kit. Include 16-port switch and cabling. Installation included.
Firmware Levels	

Tape Drives: ■ T10000 A ■ T10000 B ■ T9840 D	1.34.208 or higher (Check on availability) (Check on availability)
Virtual Operator Panel (VOP)	Version 1.0.11 or higher

Order Numbers, Descriptions, and Contents

TABLE 4-7 Order Numbers

Part Name	Part Number	Order Information	Kit Includes
Key Management Appliance:	Professional Services Encry	Services Encryption Implementation Required; one per site; on page 65	on page 65
Crypto Key Management Appliance 2.0	CRYPTO-KMA-2-Z	Minimum Order two (2) per site. Provides clustering config, High-availability (HA), and auto-mirroring of key database.	KMAPre-loaded SolarisRack mounting hardwareClient GUI CD
Encryption Library Kits			
Crypto SL8500 Library Kit	CRYPTO-2X-SL8500-Z	Minimum of one kit needed per SL8500 library Maximum of 4 per fully populated library. One required for each rail.	 24 port ethernet switch ables rack mounting hardware SL8500 rack part numbers: XSL8500-RACK-Z XSL8500-RACK-HW-Z
Crypto SL500 Base Kit	CRYPTO-2X-SL500B-Z	NOT AVAILABLE UNTIL 2Q08 with HP LTO4 encryption capable drives. For use with KMS 2.x.	16 port ethernet switchcablesrack mounting hardware
Crypto SL500 Expansion Kit	CRYPTO-2X-SL500X-Z	NOT AVAILABLE UNTIL 2008 with HP LTO4 encryption capable drives. For use with KMS 2.x. Purchase up to 4 kits per library rack. Cannot install 4 kits and encryption in same rack.	 Additional cables to extend from switch in base kit to each expansion kit. May require extra rack
Crypto 9310 Library Kit	CRYPTO-2X-9310-Z	One kit needed per 9310. Includes first connection hardware to a 9741e Drive Cabinet	 24 port ethernet switch for use in first 9741E cabinet 16 port ethernet switch external to cabinet cabinet rables rack mounting hardware.
Crypto 9741e Drive Cabinet Kit	CRYPTO-2X-9741E-Z	One kit needed per 9741E cabinet Maximum of 3 per single 9310 silo. (Total of 4 9741e Drive Cabinets)	24 port ethernet switchcablesrack mounting hardware.

TABLE 4-7 Order Numbers

Part Name	Part Number	Order Information	Kit Includes
Crypto L180/700/1400 Library Kit	CRYPTO-2X-L7/14-Z	One kit needed per Lxxx library.	■ 16 port ethernet switch, cables, and rack mounting hardware.
SL3000 uses multiple part numbers depending	oers depending on the library configuration:	onfiguration:	
Crypto SL3000 Library Kits	Multiple Part Numbers	Minimum of one kit needed per SL3000, max (4) per fully populated SL3000.	See SL3000 configurator for PNs and pricing which vary based on library module. These numbers also used with the Service Delivery Platform SDP.
SL3000 Kit 1	XSL3000-ETHRNT1-Z	Switch: supports drives 1-8 in the Base/DEM	If library encryption upgrade, check installation to verify if already installed. Kit (PNs) also used for SDP.
SL3000 Kit 2	XSL3000-ETHRNT2-Z	Cables: supports drives 8-16 in the Base/DEM	If library encryption upgrade, check installation to verify if already installed. Kit (PNs) also used for SDP.
SL3000 Kit 3	XSL3000-ETHRNT3-Z	Switch: supports drives 17-24 in the Base/DEM	If library encryption upgrade, check installation to verify if already installed. Kit (PNs) also used for SDP.
SL3000 Kit 4	XSL3000-ETHRNT4-Z	Cables: supports drives 25-32 in the DEM	If library encryption upgrade, check installation to verify if already installed. Kit (PNs) also used for SDP.

TABLE 4-7 Order Numbers

Part Name	Part Number	Order Information	Kit Includes
Crypto Accessories			
Rack kit for SL8500	XSL8500-RACK-Z	Sun StorageTek SL8500 Tape Library, Conversion Bill, Rack Component HW Kit.	 Rack mounting hardware to place switches in SL8500.
		See upgrade planner for additional detail: http://sunwebcms.central.sun.com:8001/ sunweb/cda/mainAssembly/ 0,2685,369146_47679,00.html	
APC for SL8500	XSL8500-AC-SW-Z	Power supply for SL8500	■ Optional power supply which may be used with encryption configuration within SL8500 library.
External, 20U Rack	RACK-20U-Z	One (optional) with 9310, unless customer has external rack already available. May be required for other libraries.	 External, half-high rack for use as needed, primarily with 9310 Includes no mounting hardware
Crypto Rack	CRYPTO-2X-RACK-Z	One (optional) for use with rackmount drives.	Extra 16 port switchmounting hardware as needed
Crypto 16PT ethernet switch	CRYPTO-X-16PT-Z	One or more (optional) for redundancy or replacement.	Extra 16 port switchno mounting hardwareno cables
Crypto 24PT ethernet switch	CRYPTO-X-24PT-Z	One or more (optional) for redundancy or replacement.	Extra 24 port switchno mounting hardwareno cables
Monitor/Keyboard and rack mount accessory kit, US only PN 315496601.	XCRYPTO-KEYBD-MONZ	One (optional) for use in lieu of customer provided client or workstation.	 Optional monitor and keyboard.
Drive Enablement Keys			
T10000A drive encryption key, bundled	T10A-4FC-EKEY-B	One required per encryption enabled tape drive. Bundled with T10000A drive at time of sale.	Software license key from Web Site for drive license and encryption enablement.
T10000A drive encryption key, after market	T10A-4FC-EKEY-A	One required per encryption enabled tape drive. After market for T10000A drives previously purchased.	Software license key from Web Site for drive license and encryption enablement.

TABLE 4-7 Order Numbers

Part Name	Part Number	Order Information	Kit Includes
T10000A drive encryption key, bundled	T10A-2FI-EKEY-B	One required per encryption enabled tape drive. Bundled with T10000A drive at time of sale.	Software license key from Web Site for drive license and encryption enablement.
T10000A drive encryption key, after market	T10A-2FI-EKEY-A	One required per encryption enabled tape drive. After market for T10000A drives previously purchased.	Software license key from Web Site for drive license and encryption enablement.
T10000B drive encryption key, bundled	X-T10B-EKEY-B	T10KB drive feature B	Software license key from Web Site for drive license and encryption enablement.
T10000B drive encryption key, after market	X-T10B-EKEY-A	T10KB drive feature A	Software license key from Web Site for drive license and encryption enablement.
T9840D drive encryption key, bundled	9840D-EKEY-B	One required per encryption enabled tape drive. Bundled with 9840D drive at time of sale.	Software license key from Web Site for drive license and encryption enablement.
T9840D drive encryption key, after market	9840D-EKEY-A	One required per encryption enabled tape drive. After market for T9840D drives previously purchased.	Software license key from Web Site for drive license and encryption enablement.
HP LTO4 drive encryption key, bundled	X-HP-LTO4-EKEY-B	NOT AVAILABLE UNTIL 2Q08 with HP LTO4 encryption capable drives For use with KMS 2.x.	One required per encryption enabled tape drive. Bundled with HP LTO4 drive at time of sale.
HP LTO4 drive encryption key, after market	X-HP-LTO4-EKEY-A	NOT AVAILABLE UNTIL 2Q08 with HP LTO4 encryption capable drives For use with KMS 2.x.	One required per encryption enabled tape drive. After market for HP LTO4 drives previously purchased.

TABLE 4-7 Order Numbers

Part Name	Part Number	Order Information	Kit Includes
HP LTO4 Drive Upgrade Kits			
Crypto Drive Upgrade for HP LTO4 FC SL500	XHPLTO4E-FCUPL500Z	HP LTO4 FC drive upgrade SL500	■ HP LTO4 FC encryption drive upgrade for SL500
Crypto Drive Upgrade for HP LTO4 FC SL3000 / SL8500	XHPLTO4E-FCUP3085Z	HP LTO4 FC drive upgrade SL3000/SL8500	 Serial to Ethernet interface card, cabling, drive tray back-plate
Crypto Drive Upgrade for HP LTO4 SCSI SL500	X-HPLTO4E-SCUP500Z	HP LTO4 SCSI drive upgrade SL500	
Service Delivery Platform (SDP): These numbers also used with the Service Delivery Platform	?: These numbers also used with	n the Service Delivery Platform	
Crypto SL3000 Library Kits	Multiple Part Numbers	Minimum of one kit needed per SL3000, max (4) per fully populated SL3000.	See SL3000 configurator for PN's and pricing which vary based on library module. These numbers also used with the Service Delivery Platform (SDP)
SL3000 Kit 1	XSL3000-ETHRNT1-Z	Switch: supports drives 1-8	Kit also used for SDP.
SL3000 Kit 2	XSL3000-ETHRNT2-Z	Cables: supports drives 8-16	If library encryption upgrade, check installation to verify if
SL3000 Kit 3	XSL3000-ETHRNT3-Z	Switch: supports drives 17-24	already installed.
SL3000 Kit 4	XSL3000-ETHRNT4-Z	Cables: supports drives 25-32	
KMS 1.x to KMS 2.0 Upgrade—Check on Avail.	-Check on Availability		
Upgrade From:	X-CRYPTO-1XTO2XUPZ	Minimum (2) per each KMS Version 1.x being replaced.	■ KMA ■ pre-loaded Solaris
Version 1.x Key Management Workstation (KMS) To:		Note: The KMS must be at Version 1.2 and above to transfer keys.	rack mounting hardwareclient GUI CDPLUS conversion bill and
Version 2.0 Key Management Appliance (KMA)			documentation tor migration

TABLE 4-7 Order Numbers

Part Name	Part Number	Order Information	Kit Includes
Version 1.x Field Replaceable Units (FRUs)	Inits (FRUs)		
Spares, Workstation, KMS, Value Add	#3144974-Z	Spares KMS workstation.	Spares Crypto KMSWorkstation only
FRU, Crypto KMS token key	#3144947-Z	Spares KMS Crypto key token	Spares Crypto TokenSecure key repositoryUse with Crypto KMS
FRU, Token Bay, Desktop	#3144987-Z	FRU, Token Bay, Desktop	Spares Token Bay onlyDesktop for Crypto KMS
FRU, Token Bay, Rack Mount, Ethernet (front)	#3144988-Z	FRU, Token Bay, Rack Mount, Front	rack mounted (front Ethernet access) token bay
FRU Token Bay, Rack Mount, Ethernet (rear)	#3154719-Z	FRU, Token Bay, Rack Mount, Rear	rack mounted (rear Ethernet access) token bay
Spares, External Hard Drive	#3144973-Z	100 GB USB hard drive	■ Spares, KMS hard drive
	#3133781-Z	120 GB USB hard drive (Must be at KMS V 1.2)	
Version 2.0 Field Replaceable Units (FRUs)	I nits (FRUs)		
FRU Crypto KMA appliance	#3154936-Z	Spares, KMA appliance only	 KMA appliance with pre-loaded Solaris, no hardware
FRU HP LTO4 Encryption Dione Card	#4199549-Z	FRU, Dione Encryption Card HP LTO4 only	■ FRU, Dione encryption card and cable replacement for HP LTO4 encrypting drives

9310 Upgrades

TABLE 4-8 9310 Upgrade Ordering Instructions and Part Numbers

Orde	r Number	Description
The n	0000 software upgrade is required for enajority of customers already have the vare upgrade marketing part number s	hardware needed for the T10000, therefore in most cases the
	YXSL9310-T10K-FW	9310 Firmware upgrade for T10000
	YXSL9310-T10K-HW	9310 hardware CB for T10000
	YXSL9330-T10K	9330 Upgrade for T10000 One per LMU
	YX9741E-T10K-9310	C/B 9741E T10K Install 9310 One per cabinet

Professional Services

Professional Services Encryption Implementation Required; one per site.

TABLE 4-9 Professional Services Ordering Instructions and Part Numbers

Order Number	Description
Important: Professional Services is r	required for new installations.
□ WW-PS-INTG-KMS	KMS Integration Service
The Key Management System Integral software into the encryption capable ta Note: This service is required for any n	
□ WW-PS-ARCH-ENCRYPT Encrypt Ready Assess	
	t provides services to bring a customer into a state of being yption product. The service assists in encryption key management d encryption roles.

316194801 • Revision: A Chapter 4 Ordering 65

Tape Drive Ordering Instructions

See the specific tape drive Systems Assurance Guides for—order numbers, descriptions, and additional information—for the different tape drives and the availability.

Publication Description	Part Number
T10000 Tape Drive Systems Assurance Guide	StorageTek: TM0002
T9x40 Tape Drive Systems Assurance Guide	StorageTek: MT5003
Service Delivery Platform Systems Assurance Guide	StorageTek: 11042004

Library Ordering Instructions

See the specific tape drive and library Systems Assurance Guides for—order numbers, descriptions, and additional information—for the different tape drives and the availability.

Publication Description	Part Number
SL8500 Modular Library Systems Assurance Guide	StorageTek: MT9229
SL3000 Modular Library Systems Assurance Guide	StorageTek: 316194101
SL500 Modular Library Systems Assurance Guide	StorageTek: MT9212
L700/1400 Library Ordering and Configuration Guide	StorageTek: MT9112
L180 Library Ordering and Configuration Guide	StorageTek: MT9112
9310 PowderHorn Library Systems Assurance Guide	StorageTek: ML6500

APPENDIX A

Work Sheets

The following pages contain work sheets that can help prepare for the installation of a Sun StorageTek encryption solution.

These work sheets include:

- "Initial Configuration Work Sheet" on page 68
- "User Roles Work Sheet" on page 69
- "Tape Drives Work Sheet" on page 70
- "Drive Enrollment Work Sheet" on page 71
- "Obtain the Drive Data" on page 72

Make copies as necessary.

316194801 • Revision: A 67

Initial Configuration Work Sheet

TABLE A-1 Initial Configuration Settings—Customer

		First KMA			Second KMA	
	Hostname	IP Address / Netmask	DHCP?1	Hostname	IP Address / Netmask	DHCP?1
LAN 0 = Management			Yes □ No □			Yes □ No □
LAN 1 = ELOM			Yes □ No □			Yes □ No □
LAN 2 = Service			Yes ☐ No ☐			Yes ☐ No ☐
LAN 3 = Reserved						
KMA Name						
Gateway						
DNS Server	Hostname: IP address:			Hostname: IP address:		
Security Officer	Login: Passphrase:			Login: Passphrase:		
Root account Passphrase						
ELOM Passphrase						
Key Split Credentials						
Autonomous Unlocking ²						
Keyboard Type						

Note:

- 1. Addresses assigned using DHCP must be static. The system cannot handle the DHCP server changing the IP addresses once assigned.
- Autonomous Unlocking allows the KMA to enter a fully operational state after a hard or soft reset without requiring the entry of a quorum of passphrases using the KMS Manager. This information should not be written down and should be entered by the person to which they belong. These entries can be changed in the KMS Manager; so it may be desirable to enter something simple during the configuration, then change it later using the KMS GUI immediately after the KMA is configured.

User Roles Work Sheet

TABLE A-2 User Roles Work Sheet—Customer

					Salon		
User ID	Description	Passphrase (Confidential password)	Security Officer	Compliance Officer	Operator	Backup Operator	Auditor
Note: The Passphrase shou the person with that ID wil	Note: The Passphrase should not be recorded here for security the person with that ID will be required to enter a passphrase.	Note: The Passphrase should not be recorded here for security reasons. This column is provided as a reminder that as User IDs are enter, the person with that ID will be required to enter a passphrase.	ın is provid	ed as a remin	der that as	User IDs a	re enter,

Tape Drives Work Sheet
 TABLE A-3 Tape Drive Work Sheet—Service Representative

יייים איליים מיסי		File Dothmome.	
		rile ratilialie.	Location:
Drive Type	Crypto Serial Number (6 hexadecimal characters)	Drive IP Address	Location

Drive Enrollment Work Sheet

TABLE A-4 Enrollment Data Work Sheet—Customer

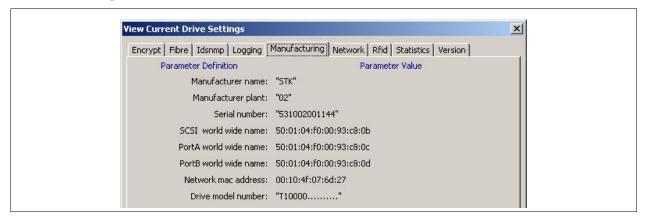
KMA Hostname:				KMA Hostname:		
KMA IP Address:				KMA IP Address:		
Drive Address	Drive Type	Drive IP Address	Agent ID	Passphrase	Tokens? (KMS1.x)	Permanent?
+					Yes \(\Bar\) No \(\Bar\)	Yes □ No □
2.					Yes □ No □	Yes □ No □
3.					Yes □ No □	Yes □ No □
4.					Yes \(\Bar\) No \(\Bar\)	Yes □ No □
5.					Yes □ No □	Yes □ No □
.9					Yes 🗆 No 🗅	Yes □ No □
7.					Yes \(\Bar\) No \(\Bar\)	Yes □ No □
8.					Yes □ No □	Yes □ No □
.6					Yes □ No □	Yes □ No □
10.					Yes □ No □	Yes □ No □
11.					Yes □ No □	Yes □ No □
12.					Yes □ No □	Yes □ No □
13.					Yes □ No □	Yes □ No □
14.					Yes □ No □	Yes □ No □
15.					Yes □ No □	Yes □ No □
16.					Yes □ No □	Yes □ No □
17.					Yes □ No □	Yes □ No □
18.					Yes □ No □	Yes □ No □
19.					Yes □ No □	Yes □ No □
20.					Yes □ No □	Yes □ No □

Obtain the Drive Data

To obtain the drive data for *each* tape drive:

- 1. Using the Virtual Operator Panel, connect to each tape drive and record the last eight digits of the tape drive serial number.
 - Select: File ⇔ Connect to Drive
 - Select: Retrieve ⇒ View Drive Data ⇒ Manufacturing

FIGURE A-1 Tape Drive Serial Number—VOP



- 2. Use TABLE A-3 on page 70 to build information about the tape drives. You will find this information helpful during the installation, licensing, and enrollment process for the tape drives (agents).
- 3. Request an Encryption Key File:
 - a. Log in to the Customer Resource Center at: http://www.support.storagetek.com/crc_home.html Select Tools & Services from the left-hand menu. Scroll down and select Encryption File Request.

Or

b. Log in to the SunSolve internal site at: http://sunsolve.central.sun.com Navigate to the CRC Applications page. Select Request an Encryption key.



Access is Limited: You must have completed the training courses and have your name included on the list to access the request file.

- 4. Complete the form.
- 5. Click Request Key File.
- 6. Continue with this process until you obtain all the drive data files for each tape drive you are going to enable.

FIGURE A-2 Encryption File Request for Drive Data



After submitting the Encryption File Request you will be prompted to download the file. This file contains the drive data you need to enable and enroll the tape drive.

If you open the drive data file using NotePad or WordPad for example, you can see and verify the drive serial number.

FIGURE A-3 Drive Data File—NotePad Example

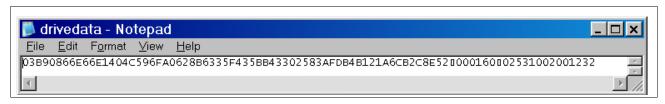


FIGURE A-4 Drive Data File—WordPad Example

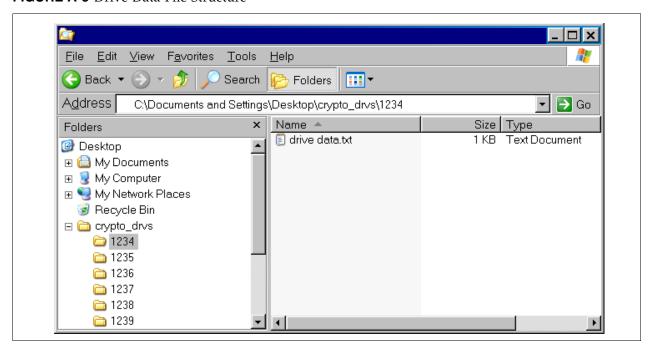


Create a Drive Data File Structure

When enabling multiple drives, it is best to create a file structure where each tape drive has its own folder. For example:

- 1. FIGURE A-5 uses a top-level folder name of crypto_drvs placed on the Desktop. (This is only for grouping of the other folders.)
- 2. Under crypto_drvs are the folders for each tape drive using the serial numbers.
- 3. In each serial number folder is the drive data file for that specific tape drive.

FIGURE A-5 Drive Data File Structure



When licensing the tape drives, the VOP requests a download location.

Glossary

This glossary defines terms and abbreviations used in this publication.

A

Abnormal end of task

(abend) A software or hardware problem that terminates a computer processing task.

Advanced Encryption

Standard (AES) A FIPS-approved NIST cryptographic standard used to protect electronic data.

AES See Advanced Encryption Standard.

Agent Various types of encryption agents can be created to interact with the KMS for creating and obtaining keying material. The StorageTek T10000 models A and B, T9840D, and the HP LTO4 tape drives are types of encryption agents when enabled for encrypting.

Agent API See Agent Library API.

Agent Library The Agent Library is used by an Agent to retrieve key material from a KMS.

Agent Library API The API provided by the Agent Library. Agents call this API.

Audit See Audit Log.

Audit Log The KMS Cluster maintains a log of all auditable event occurring throughout the system. Agents may contribute entries to this log for auditable events.

Auditor A user role that can view system audit trails (Audit List events and KMA security parameters).

Autonomous Lock When autonomous unlock is enabled a quorum of Security Officers is required to unlock a locked KMA. When disabled, the KMA can be unlocked by any Security Officer.

316194801 • Revision: A 75

B

Backup File The file created during the backup process that contains all the information

needed to restore a KMA. Encrypted with a key generated specifically for the

backup. The key is contained in the corresponding backup key file.

Backup Key File A file generated during the backup process containing the key used to encrypt

the backup file. This file is encrypted using the system master key. The master key is extracted from the core security backup file using a quorum of the key

split credentials.

Backup Operator A user role that is responsible for securing and storing data and keys.

BOT Beginning of Tape.

CA See Certificate Authority (CA).

Certificate A Certificate is a digitally-signed document that serves to validate the holder's authorization and name. The document consists of a specially formatted block of data that contains the name of the certificate holder (Subject DN), a serial number, validity dates, holder's public key, Issuer's DN, and the digital signature of the Issuer for authentication. The Issuer attests that the holder's

name is the one associated with the public key in the document.

Certificate Authority

(CA) A Certificate Authority registers end-users, issues their certificates, and can also create CAs below them. Within KMS 2.0, the KMAs themselves act as the

certificate authority to issue certificates to users, agents, and other KMAs.

Cluster A Cluster is a set of Key Management Appliances that are grouped together into a single system to enhance fault tolerance, availability, and scalability.

Communications key Adds another layer of encryption and authentication during transmission over a

LAN from the token to the drive.

Compliance Officer A user role that manages the flow of data through your organization and can define and deploy data contexts (Key Groups) and rules that determine

how data is protected and ultimately destroyed (Key Policies).

Critical Security

Parameter Security-related information (for example, secret and private cryptographic

keys, and authentication data such as passwords and PINs) whose disclosure or

modification can compromise the security of a cryptographic module.

Crypto Key Management

Station See Key Management Station.

Crypto-Accelerator A Crypto-Accelerator is a hardware device (a card) that can be used to increase

the rate of data encryption/decryption, thereby improving system performance

Revision: A • 316194801

in high demand conditions.

Crypto-active And encryption-capable tape drive that has had the encryption feature turned

on in the drive.

Crypto-ready A tape drive that has the ability to turn on device encryption and become encryption-capable.

Cryptography The art of protecting information by transforming it (encrypting) into an unreadable format, called cipher text. Only those who possess a special *key* can decipher (decrypt) the message into its original form.

Cryptoperiods The length of time in which a key can be used for encryption. It starts when the key is first assigned to the drive. This value corresponds to the "Originator Usage Period" in NIST 800-57.

D

Data Policy A data policy defines a set of encryption related parameters, such as the encryption and decryption "crypto-periods" for keys.

Data Unit Data units are abstract entities within the KMS that represent storage objects associated with KMS policies and encryption keys. The concrete definition of a data unit is defined by the Encryption Agent that creates it. For tape drives, a data unit is a tape cartridge.

Device key Enables the tape drive for encryption. KMS Version 1.x term.

E

EKT Enabling key token (device keys). KMS Version 1.x term.

Enable key Unique 64 character key used to enable the tape drive. See also PC Key.

Encryption The translation of data into a secret code. Encryption is one of the most effective ways to achieve data security. To read an encrypted file, you must have access to a special key or password that enables you to decipher it.

F

FIPS Federal Information Processions Standards. The National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) is a non-regulatory federal agency within the U.S. Commerce Department's Technology Administration and Laboratories, which develops and promotes standards and technology, including:

- Computer Security Division and Resource Center (CSRC)
- Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS)
- For more information visit: http://www.nist.gov/

316194801 • Revision: A Glossary **77**

G

GUI Graphical User Interface.

\mathbf{H}

Hash Message **Authentication Code**

(HMAC) In cryptography, a keyed-Hash Message Authentication Code, or HMAC, is a type of message authentication code (MAC) calculated using a cryptographic hash function in combination with a secret key.

Internet Protocol (IP) A protocol used to route data from its source to its destination in an Internet

environment.

Internet Protocol (IP)

address

A four-byte value that identifies a device and makes it accessible through a network. The format of an IP address is a 32-bit numeric address written as four numbers separated by periods. Each number can be from 0 to 255. For example, 129.80.145.23 could be an IP address. Also known as TCP/IP address.

K

Key A key in this context is a symmetric data encryption key. Agents can request new key material for encrypting data corresponding to one or more Data Units. A key belongs to a single Key Group so that only Agents associated with the Key Group can access the key. Keys have encryption and decryption cryptoperiods that are dictated by the Key Policy associated with the Key Group of the particular key. The type of key (that is, its length and algorithm) is specified by the Encryption Agent.

Revision: A • 316194801

- **Keys** A random string of bits generated by the key management system, entered from the keyboard, or purchased. Types of keys include:
 - Device keys enable the tape drive encryption feature.
 - Media keys encrypt and decrypt customer data on a tape cartridge.
 - PC Keys enable the tape drive for encryption.
 - Transmission keys:
 - Communication key adds another layer of encryption (authentication) to the media key during transmission over the LAN from the token to the
 - Split keys are unique to each drive and work with the wrap key for protection.
 - Wrap keys encrypt the media key on the LAN and the token.

Key Group Key Groups are used for organizing keys and associating them with a Key Policy. Key Groups are also used to enforce access to the key material by the Encryption Agents.

Key Management Appliance (KMA)

A SunFire X2100-M2 server preloaded with the KMS 2.0 software. The appliance is a proven, dual-core processor with a Solaris 10 operating system that delivers policy-based key management and key provisioning services.

Key Management System

(KMS) A system providing key management. The Sun StorageTek system has a KMS component providing key management on behalf of encryption agents.

Key Policy A Key Policy provides settings for the cryptoperiods to be applied to keys. Each Key Group has a Key Policy, and a Key Policy may apply to zero or more Key Groups. The encryption and decryption cryptoperiods specified on the policy limit the usage of keys and trigger key life cycle events, such as the deactivation or destructions of keys.

> Key Policies also control where keys governed by the Key Policy can be exported to other Key Transfer Partners or imported from other Key Transfer Partners.

Key Transfer File A file containing keys and associated data units (if defined) used to move key material from one KMS Cluster to another. Both parties to the transfer must configure a key transfer partner of the other party to the exchange. The key transfer file is signed and encrypted to ensure both privacy of the transferred information as well its integrity.

Key Transfer Partner The Key Transfer Partner is the recipient of keys being exported from one KMS to another.

KMA See Key Management Appliance.

KMS See Key Management System.

KMS Cluster A set of one or more interconnected KMAs. All the KMAs in a KMS Cluster should have identical information. This will not be the case only when a KMS is down, or when a newly created piece of information has not yet propagated through all KMAs in the KMS Cluster. An action taken on any KMA in the KMS Cluster will eventually propagate to all KMAs in the KMS Cluster.

316194801 • Revision: A Glossary 79

M

Media key Encrypts and decrypts customer data on a tape cartridge.

N

network An arrangement of nodes and branches that connects data processing devices to one another through software and hardware links to facilitate information interchange.

NIST National Institute of Standards and Technology.

OKT Operational key token (media keys). KMS Version 1.x term.

Operator A user role responsible for managing the day-to-day operations of the system.

PC Key Enables the tape drive to read and write in encrypted mode.

R

Read key This is a media key that is used when reading data from a tape.

Rijndael algorithm An algorithm selected by the U.S. National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) for the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES). Pronounced "rain-dahl," the algorithm was designed by two Belgian cryptologists, Vincent Rijmen and Joan Daemen, whose surnames are reflected in the cipher's name.

> RSA In cryptography, RSA is an algorithm for public-key cryptography created by Ron Rivest, Adi Shamir, and Leonard Adleman at MIT. The letters RSA are the initials of their surnames.

> > Revision: A • 316194801

S

Secure Hash Algorithms

(SHA) Secure Hash Algorithms are cryptographic hash functions designed by the

National Security Agency (NSA) and published by the NIST as a U.S. Federal

Information Processing Standard.

Security Officer A user role that manages security settings, users, sites, and Transfer Partners.

Security Policy A rigorous statement of the sensitivity of organizational data, various subjects

that can potentially access that data, and the rules under which that access is managed and controlled.

managed and control

Shamir's Secret Sharing

An algorithm in cryptography where a secret is divided into parts, giving each participant its own unique part, where some of the parts or all of them are needed in order to reconstruct the secret. Counting on all participants to

combine together the secret might be impractical, and therefore a quorum or

threshold scheme is used.

Site A site is an attribute of each KMS and Encryption Agent that indicates network proximity, or locality. When Encryption Agents connect to the KMS cluster there is a bias towards establishing communication with KMAs in the same site as the

Encryption Agent.

System Dump A user-invoked operation that results in all the relevant data being collected into a single file and then that file being downloaded to the machine from which

the user invoked this operation. Once the download is complete, this file is

deleted from the KMA.

Т

T10000 tape drive

The T10000 tape drive is a small, modular, high-performance tape drive designed for high-capacity storage of data—up to 500 gigabytes (GB) of uncompressed data.

Token KMS Version 1.x term.

Tokens are handheld, intelligent devices that connect to a token bay with an Ethernet connection. The two roles of the tokens are:

- Enabling key token
- Operational key token

Token bay KMS Version 1.x term.

A chassis that houses the physical tokens and provides power and connectivity for one or two tokens through the rear blind-mating connector. The token bay is compatible with a standard 19-inch rack—a 1U form factor. The token bay comes in two styles: desktop and rack-mount.

Transport Layer Security

(TLS) A cryptographic protocol that provide secure communications on the Internet for such things as web browsing, e-mail, Internet faxing, instant messaging and other data transfers.

316194801 • Revision: A Glossary **81**

UID A string that serves as a unique identifier for a KMS entity, e.g. an encryption agent or user.

Ultra Tape Drive **Encryption Agent**

Ultra 2.0 compliant encrypting tape drives utilize Ultra Tape Drive Encryption Agent software for key management. These drives acquire key material from the KMS to be used with tape volumes. Each write from BOT results in the use of fresh key material being used for encryption of data on the volume. Consequently, the definition of a data unit maps to a tape volume where the external ID of the data unit is the volume serial number.

UTC Coordinated Universal Time.

Volume Serial Number A six-, seven-, or eight-character alpha-numeric label that identifies a tape volume.

W

Wrap key Encrypts the media keys on the LAN and on the token.

Write key This is a media key that is used when writing data to a tape.

Z

To erase electronically stored data, cryptographic keys, and Critical Security Parameters by altering or deleting the contents of the data storage to prevent recovery of the data.

Revision: A • 316194801

Index

Numerics C 1000 order numbers, rack, 58 cabinet, drive, 56 1400, order numbers, 57 cabinet, specifications for installation, 33 180, order numbers, 57 capacity tape drive, 12, 13 3000, order numbers, 54 Capacity on Demand, 38 500, order numbers, 55 700, order numbers, 57 CBC-MAC standard, 2 CCM standard, 2 8500, order numbers, 53 certificate, 9 9310 installation requirements, 56, 57 Challenge & Response Protocol, 9 9310 library, 56 checklists 9310 upgrades, 65 site planning, 30 9310, order numbers, 56 system assurance, 24 9741e Drive Cabinet, 56 Cipher Block Chaining-Message Authentication 9741e, order numbers, 56 Code, 2 cipher-suite, 2 Α cluster, 8 AC power factors and concerns, 31 Common Criteria Consortium, 2 accessory racks, SL8500, 33 communications process, 9 Advanced Encryption Standard, 2 comparison, tape drive and media, 15 AES, 2 compatibilities, media types, 15 Agents, definition, 8 compliance operator, 44 air gap configuration, 5 concerns for site planning, 27, 30, 45 alley limitations, 30 configurations, supported, 51 altitude, 16 connectivity factors for pre-installation, 31 AMD Opteron processor., 3 content management, 37 ANSI standards, 33 philosophy, 38 APC Switch, part numbers, 34 conversion bills assignments, 44 9310 requirements, 56 auditor, 44 Core Security Backup, 10 Authenticating, 9 Counter with CBC-MAC, 2 Crypto Key Management Station В configurations, 3 backup operator, 44 Crypto Key Management System, 3 backups, types of, 10 cryptography, 1 customer

316194801 • Revision: A 83

contact sheet, 25 satisfaction and the	G
system assurance process, 23	glossary, 75
Customer Resource Center (CRC), xvi	graphical user interface, 8
	GUI, 8
D	definition, 8 installation, 41
data path, partition planning, 39	guides, xiv
definition, 8	Surface) /iii
delivery dock, 30	Н
delivery of the hardware, 30	••
depth, 16	hardware kits, 10
description, order numbers, 59	heat output, 16
device-based solutions, 3	height, 16
DHCP, 36	Hewlett Packard, linear-tape-open, 13
dimensions	
tape drive, 12,81	I
dimensions, KMA, 16	HEC (0007 / 1 1 f 1 a
dock availability, 30	IEC 60927 standards for racks, 33
drive cabinet, 56	IEEE standards, 2
drive data, 72	initial configuration work sheet, 68, 72
drive file structure, 74	installation
Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol, 36	site planning checklist, 30 Institute of Electrical and Electronics
E	Engineers, 2
-	International Standard Organization, 2
EIA 310-D-1992 standards for racks, 33	ISO/IEC standards, 2
encryption, 1	_
comparisons, 11	J
hardware kits, 10	Java versions, 41
Encryption File Request., 72	java versions, 41
encryption hardware kits, 10	K
encryption standards, 2	N
enrollment data work sheet, 71	Key Groups, 8
environmental	Key Management Appliance
factors and concerns, 30	definition, 8
environmental parameters, 16	order numbers, 52
error-free installation, 23	Key Management Station
Establishing, 9	installation, 3
external rack installations, 34	Key Split Credentials, 10
_	kit contents, 59
F	KMA
Federal Information Processing Standard, 3	dimensions, 16
Federal Information Processing Standards, 2	network types, 9
Federal Information Processing Standards	specifications, 16
Publications, xiv	KMA See Key Management Appliance
FIPS, 3	KMS Cluster, definition, 8
FIPS publications, 2	KMS Manager
1110 patrications, 2	GUI definition, 8 installation, 41

Revision: A • 316194801

L	passphrases, 44
I 1400 F7	PC Key request form, 72
L1400, 57	PCIe, 16
L180, 57	PCI-Express slots, 16
L700, 57	PDU part numbers, 34
libraries	periodic backups, 10
SL500, 55	philosophy for content management, 38
library	planning
requirements for installation, 51	for encryption, 1
system assurance, 23, 40	site, 29
library content management, 37	planning meetings, for system assurance, 24
linear-tape-open, 13	PowderHorn library, 56
L-Series	power
order numbers, 57	factors for pre-installation planning, 31
LTO, 13	supply, 16
	private key, 9
M	PRML technology, 12, 13
manual organization, xiii	process, for system assurance, 23, 40
manuals, xiv	processor, 16
	Professional Services, 65
MARs card, 3	publications, xiv
mass storage, 16	1
media comparison, 15	Q
memory, 16	~
mounting options, 16	quorum, 44
mutual authentication, 2	
N	R
N	1 1 1 70
National Institute of Standards and	rackmount order numbers, 58
Technology, 2	rackmount requirements, 58
National Security Agency, 2	racks, specifications for installation, 33
network configuration, 5	random number generator, 3
NIST standards, 2	raw keys, 3
NSA, 2	RealTime Growth, 38
- 101, -	redundant power, 35
0	related publications, documents, xiv
•	relative humidity, 16
operators, 44	required firmware levels, tape and library, 42
order numbers, 51	required tools, 41
order numbers, list of, 59	requirements
organization of this manual, xiii	9310 library, 56
	for the system assurance process, 24
P	L-Series, 57
	PowderHorn, 56 rackmount, 58
partial response, maximum likelihood, 12, 13	SL500 library, 55
partitioning, 38	SL8500 library, 53
partitioning is planning, 40	RETMA, 33
partner contact sheet, 26	roles, 44
Partners Web site, xvi	IOICO, TT

316194801 • Revision: A Index **85**

ı
T10000 Tape Drive
capacity of the tape drive, 12, 13
description of, 12,81
size, 12,81
T9840
description, 13
tape drive
comparisons, 14
tape drive and media comparison, 15
tape drive work sheet, 70
tape drives
supported types, 12,51
T9840, 13
tasks for partitioning, 40, 43, 44, 49, 69
team members, 40
temperature, 16
T-Series
T10000, 12
T9840, 13
types of KMA networks, 9
U
units, rack measurements, 33
User Roles Work Sheet, 49
user roles work sheet, 69
users, 44
,
V
•
Virtual Operator Panel, 41
VOP, 41
W

Web browsers, supported versions, 41
weight, 16
width, 16
work sheets, xiii, 67
initial configuration, 68,72
tape drives 70
tape drives, 70
user roles, 69

Revision: A • 316194801

