Oracle Project Portfolio Management Integration Pack for Primavera P6 and JD Edwards EnterpriseOne 2.5 - Implementation Guide

Part No. E15795-01

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Chapter 1: Oracle Project Portfolio Management Integration Pack for Primavera P6 and JD Edwards EnterpriseOne 2.5

This preface discusses:

- Oracle Application Integration Architecture Process Integration Packs.
- Additional resources.
- Common terms used in this document.

Oracle Application Integration Architecture Process Integration Packs

A process integration pack (PIP) is a pre-built set of integrated orchestration flows, application integration logic, and extensible enterprise business objects and services that are required to manage the state and execution of a defined set of activities or tasks between specific Oracle applications that are associated with a given process.

A PIP provides everything you need to deploy a selected integrated business process area. The PIP product offering is suited to those customers who are seeking to rapidly implement a discreet business process.

This guide discusses the Oracle Project Management Integration Pack for Primavera P6 and JD Edwards EnterpriseOne. Through the remainder of this documentation, this PIP is referred to as the Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP.

Additional Resources

In addition to the documentation that is available in this guide, these additional resources are available to assist you with the implementation of the Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oracle Application Integration Architecture (AIA) Documentation Updates</td>
<td>My Oracle Support <a href="https://metalink.oracle.com/">https://metalink.oracle.com/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Known issues and work arounds (KIWA) documents and the most current list of patches.</td>
<td>See document 889715.1 on My Oracle Support <a href="https://metalink.oracle.com/">https://metalink.oracle.com/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primavera P6 product documentation.</td>
<td>You can access Primavera P6 documentation directly from the Primavera P6 system using the online help.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Oracle Application Integration Architecture – Foundation Pack: Core Infrastructure Components Guide**


The Oracle Application Integration Architecture – Foundation Pack: Core Infrastructure Components Guide discusses how to:

- Work with the Composite Application Validation System (CAVS).
- Work with the Business Service Repository (BSR).
- Set up and use error handling and logging.
- Work with the diagnostics framework.
Oracle Application Integration Architecture – Foundation Pack: Integration Developer’s Guide


The Oracle Application Integration Architecture – Foundation Pack: Integration Developer’s Guide discusses how to:

- Create an integration scenario.
- Define business service patterns.
- Design and develop enterprise business services.
- Design and develop enterprise business flows.
- Design and construct application business connector services.
- Work with message transformation, enrichment, and configuration.
- Develop custom XPath functions.
- Design and construct JMS Adapter services.
- Work with enterprise message headers.
- Work with message routing.
- Work with transactions.
- Develop Oracle AIA services to work with the Composite Application Validation System (CAVS).
- Configure Oracle AIA processes to be eligible for error handling and logging.
- Extend enterprise business objects.

In addition, the Oracle Application Integration Architecture – Foundation Pack: Integration Developer’s Guide provides:

- Application Integration Architecture naming standards.
- Sample and template WSDLs for use with Oracle AIA.

Common Terms Used in this Guide

This table lists the common terms used in the Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>A term used in JD Edwards EnterpriseOne to describe a general ledger account.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

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| **Activity** | An activity in Primavera P6 is subordinate to a WBS in a project. Activity data is not sent from Primavera P6 to EnterpriseOne. |
| **Calendar** | Calendars exist in both EnterpriseOne and in Primavera P6. These calendars define the available work hours in each calendar day. You can also specify national holidays, your organization's holidays, project-specific work and non-work days, and resource vacation days. There are several different kinds of calendars, including:  
  - Global calendars (P6)  
  - Project calendars (P6)  
  - Resource calendars (P6)  
  - Work day calendars (E1)  
  See the definition for the specific calendar type for additional information. |
| **Chart Type** | Chart Type in EnterpriseOne is the equivalent of WBS Category in Primavera P6. Note that the WBS Category field in the Primavera P6 user interface can have a user-defined name. The default name for the WBS Category field is Project Phase. |
| **Employee** | Employee in EnterpriseOne is the equivalent of a labor resource in Primavera P6. |

**For more information** about calendars in the Primavera P6 system, see the Primavera P6 online help, *Structuring Projects, “Project Calendars.”*

**For more information** about calendars in the EnterpriseOne system, see *JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Address Book 9.0 Implementation Guide, “Using Foundation Calendar.”*

**For more information** about chart types, see *JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Job Cost 9.0 Implementation Guide, “Setting Up Cost Code Structures.”*

**For more information** about employees, see *JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Human Capital Management Fundamentals 9.0 Implementation Guide, “Entering Employees.”*
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Equipment</strong></th>
<th>Equipment in EnterpriseOne is the equivalent of a non labor resource in Primavera P6.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>For more information</strong> about equipment, see <em>JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Capital Asset Management 9.0 Implementation Guide</em>.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Foundation Calendar</strong></th>
<th>Foundation Calendar is a module within the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Address Book system that enables users to create calendars for various entities, such as employees, sales representatives, and resources.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>For more information</strong> about Foundation Calendar, see <em>JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Address Book 9.0 Implementation Guide</em>, “Using Foundation Calendar.”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Global Calendar</strong></th>
<th>Global calendars are using in the Primavera P6 system, and they pertain to all projects in the system.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>For more information</strong> about calendars, see the Primavera P6 online help, <em>Structuring Projects</em>, “Project Calendars.”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Item</strong></th>
<th>Item in EnterpriseOne is the equivalent of a material resource in Primavera P6.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>For more information</strong> about items, see <em>JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Inventory Management 9.0 Implementation Guide</em>, “Entering Item Information.”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Labor Resource</strong></th>
<th>Labor resource in Primavera P6 is the equivalent of an employee or address book entry for a person in EnterpriseOne. Labor resources are always time-based.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>For more information</strong> about resources, see the Primavera P6 online help, <em>Structuring Projects</em>, “Defining Resources and Roles.”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Material Resource</strong></th>
<th>Material resource in Primavera P6 is the equivalent of an item in EnterpriseOne. Material resources, such as consumable items, are defined by units of measure.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>For more information</strong> about resources, see the Primavera P6 online help, <em>Structuring Projects</em>, “Defining Resources and Roles.”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Model Job</strong></td>
<td>A model business unit that is set up in EnterpriseOne, and then is specified on the Primavera P6 project in the Project Code field. The system uses this job as a model or template when creating a new project in EnterpriseOne. You specify the number of the model job, or business unit, in either the Project Code field during project creation in Primavera P6, or in the business service properties of the processProject web service operation. If no model job exists, the project being sent from Primavera P6 will not be created in EnterpriseOne.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Nonlabor Resource</strong></td>
<td>Nonlabor resource in Primavera P6 is the equivalent of equipment in EnterpriseOne. Nonlabor resources are always time-based.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Project</strong></td>
<td>In Primavera P6, a project is a set of activities and associated information that constitutes a plan for creating a product or service. A project has a start and finish date, work breakdown structure (WBS), and any number of activities, relationships, baselines, expenses, risks, issues, thresholds, and work products and documents. In EnterpriseOne, a project is defined as a job. A job is a specific type of business unit that is structured for tracking and reporting costs by cost type. The system stores jobs (as a business unit) in the F0006 table.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Project Calendar</strong></td>
<td>Project calendars are used in the Primavera P6 system. They are calendars that are specific to a project. You can link a project calendar to a global calendar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Resource</strong></td>
<td>Resources include the personnel and equipment that perform work on activities across all projects.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Resource Calendar</strong></td>
<td>Resource calendars are used in the Primavera P6 system. Resource calendars are assigned to a specific resource.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Resource Rate
The rate that is associated with a resource.

### Role
Roles are project personnel job titles or skills, such as mechanical engineer, inspector, or carpenter. They represent a type of resource with a certain level of proficiency rather than a specific individual.

*For more information* about roles, see the Primavera P6 online help, *Structuring Projects, “Defining Resources and Roles.”*

### WBS (Work Breakdown Structure)
A work breakdown structure (WBS) is a hierarchy of work that must be accomplished to complete a project, which defines a product or service to be produced. The WBS is structured in levels of work detail, beginning with the deliverable itself, and is then separated into identifiable work elements. WBS is a term that is used in the Primavera P6 system.

*For more information* about WBS, see the Primavera P6 online help, *Structuring Projects, “Defining the WBS.”*

### WBS Category
WBS category in Primavera P6 is the equivalent of chart type in EnterpriseOne. Note that the WBS Category field in the Primavera P6 user interface can have a user-defined name. The default name for the WBS Category field is Project Phase.

### Work Day Calendar
Work day calendars are used in the EnterpriseOne system. Work day calendars enable you to specify actual work days, weekends, holidays, and other user-defined types of days for your organization.

*For more information* about work day calendars, see *JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Financial Management Application Fundamentals 9.0 Implementation Guide, “Understanding Payment Terms.”*
Chapter 2: Understanding the Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP

This chapter provides an overview of the Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP, and discusses:

- Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP business process overview.
- Installation and implementation of the Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP.
- Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP solution assumptions and constraints.

Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP Overview

The Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP provides a seamless and robust project management business process. Leveraging the best-of-breed project management applications with best-of-breed back office financial applications, this PIP provides a solution that gives a streamlined, end-to-end project management business process that enables users to combine the project scheduling and management features of the Primavera P6 system with the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne financial management, inventory, and asset management functionality. The combination of the two systems provides users with a comprehensive project management system.

Users can create projects in either JD Edwards EnterpriseOne or Primavera P6, and synchronize the data to the other system.

This PIP is designed so that the main project scheduling tasks are completed in the Primavera P6 system, and the financial information that is associated with the project is processed in the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system. Using this PIP, users can:

- Create a project in EnterpriseOne and synchronize data to P6.
- Update a project in EnterpriseOne and synchronize data to P6.
- Create a project in P6 and synchronize data to EnterpriseOne.
- Update a project in P6 and synchronize data to EnterpriseOne.
- Create timesheets in P6 and send them to EnterpriseOne for financial and/or payroll processing.

A prerequisite for a successful integration between JD Edwards EnterpriseOne and Primavera P6 Project Portfolio Management is the consistency of global system information. Global data is set up and maintained in the EnterpriseOne system and transferred to Primavera P6 so that your organization has one central workforce repository.
Global system data includes accounting information, resource data, and capacity and calendar definitions. This transfer enables Primavera P6 to perform leveling tasks in order to optimize resource utilization.

Using the process integrations in this PIP, you can:

- **Bulk load global data from JD Edwards EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6.**
  
  This is a master data flow that enables users to load project resource data from EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6. Once this data is available in Primavera P6, it can be used to schedule resources to work on projects. Master data includes:

  - Project resource availability calendars.
  - Project resource, company, business unit, and other calendars.
  - Schedulable resources for assets.
  - Schedulable resources for items.
  - Schedulable resources for address book and employee records.
  - Schedulable resources for roles.
  - Project resource rates for equipment.
  - Project resource rates for items.
  - WBS categories (chart types).

  This data flow is completed using batch programs in the EnterpriseOne system.

- **Create and update projects in Primavera P6 and synchronize data to the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system.**

  This is a data flow that enables users to create and update project information in the Primavera P6 system, and send that information to the EnterpriseOne system for processing. Users can utilize the robust project management scheduling features to assign resources to tasks and activities that are associated with a project. The project data, which also includes WBS and project budget data, can then be sent to EnterpriseOne for financial processing.

  This data flow uses the Send to ERP functionality in the Primavera P6 system to send batches of data to EnterpriseOne.

- **Create and update projects in JD Edwards EnterpriseOne and synchronize the data to the Primavera P6 system.**

  This is a data flow that enables users to create and update projects in EnterpriseOne, and send that data to Primavera P6. Once the data is available in Primavera P6, users can then utilize the advanced project management functions that are available in Primavera P6 to schedule resources, update WBS data, and manage project budgets.

  This data flow uses EnterpriseOne batch programs to select and send data to the Primavera P6 system.

- **Create timesheets in Primavera P6 and synchronize timesheet data to the JD Edwards**
EnterpriseOne system.

This is a data flow that enables users to enter project-related and non-project-related time for people in the Primavera P6 system, and then transfer that data to the EnterpriseOne system. Once available in the EnterpriseOne system, time data can be processed through multiple payroll or financial processes.

This data flow uses the Send to ERP functionality in the Primavera P6 system to send batches of data to EnterpriseOne.

Implementing the Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP can help an organization by:

- Enabling users to quickly and easily add Primavera project management solutions to their existing ERP system.
- Enhancing your investment in Oracle products by:
  - Providing an easy, and fast, implementation of the integration process.
  - Lowering the cost of implementing a new system.
- Improving operational efficiencies by eliminating duplicate data entry of resources, projects, calendars and timesheets.

**Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP Business Process Flows**

The Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP consists of these business process flows:

- Master data loads.
- Project management from Primavera P6 to EnterpriseOne.
- Project management from EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6.
- Timesheet management.

These diagrams illustrate the individual process flows that are included in the Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP:
Master Data Process Flow: JDE Edwards EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6

Master data load process flow
Project management process flow from Primavera P6 to EnterpriseOne
Project management process flow from EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6
Timesheet Management Process Flow: Primavera P6 to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne

Timesheet management process flow

**Project Portfolio Management Process**

Using the Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP, the project management process might look like this:

1. A user verifies employee, asset, item, calendar, and other project-related master data, such as non-schedulable resources and chart types, in EnterpriseOne.

2. Master data is loaded from EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6.
   
   Master data, such as item, equipment, and employee records, are now available for use in creating or maintaining projects in the Primavera P6 system.

3. A user creates a new project in Primavera P6, and completes all standard project management tasks that are available in the Primavera P6 system.

   These tasks might include, but are not limited to:

   - Managing the project WBS.
   - Creating activities for the project.
   - Assigning schedulable and non-schedulable resources to the project and project activities.
   - Entering timesheet data.
   - Entering or updating project budget data
4. The Primavera P6 user sends project, WBS, project budget, and/or timesheet data from Primavera P6 to EnterpriseOne using the Send to ERP functionality. Users select the projects to include in the data synchronization process.

5. Once Primavera P6 data is received by the EnterpriseOne system, EnterpriseOne users can:
   - Process financial reports and programs.
   - Process timesheet data through financial and/or payroll processes.
   - Forecast project costs.
   - Invoice customers using the EnterpriseOne Contract and Service Billing or Project and Government Contract Accounting systems.
   - Recognize revenue.

## Installation and Implementation of the PIP

Before you can utilize any of the integration processes that are included with this PIP, you must install all of the participating applications, making sure that each system meets the minimum technical requirements to support the AIA Foundation Pack and the PIP.

For more information about installing AIA Foundation Pack and the Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP, see Oracle Application Integration Architecture – Installation and Upgrade Guide.

After the installation process is complete, users must complete the implementation steps for this PIP.

For more information about implementing the Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP, see Chapter 7: Implementing the Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP.

## Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP Solution Assumptions and Constraints

These are the solution assumptions and constraints for the Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP:

1. Synchronizing project data in both directions (EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6, and Primavera P6 to EnterpriseOne) can cause data integrity issues.
Warning! If you choose to synchronize project data in both directions, each synchronization overlays existing data in the target system. For example, if you make an update to budget data in both Primavera P6 and in EnterpriseOne, and then synchronize project data from Primavera P6 to EnterpriseOne, the changes that were made in the EnterpriseOne system will be overwritten with the data from the Primavera P6 system. The same is true of synchronizing data from EnterpriseOne to P6. To avoid these data issues, Oracle strongly recommends that your organization synchronizes project data in **only** one direction, either from EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6, or from Primavera P6 to EnterpriseOne. This PIP enables you to synchronize data in either direction to accommodate the needs of your organization.

2. Resource assignments for project activities can be completed in the Primavera P6 system only.

Projects in Primavera have a hierarchical structure as follows:

```
Project
   ├── WBS
   │    ├── Activity
   │    │    └── WBS
   │    │         ├── Activity
   │    │         │    └── Activity
   │    │         └── Activity
   │    └── WBS
   │        └── Activity
   └── Activity
```

**Primavera P6 project hierarchy**

EnterpriseOne does not consume data related to Primavera P6 activities when data is synchronized. Therefore, if project creation is initiated in EnterpriseOne, activities must be created, and resources assigned to them, in the Primavera P6 system after the sync from EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6 is complete.

3. This integration does not support deleting objects that have been synchronized between systems. Deleting objects that have previously been synchronized can result in data integrity issues between systems.
For example, you can create a project in EnterpriseOne, and synchronize that project to Primavera P6. If you delete the project from EnterpriseOne after it exists in Primavera P6, running the synchronization process **will not** delete the project from the Primavera P6 system.

This includes all objects, such as WBS, timesheets, resources, chart types, and calendar entries.

This is true for deletions and synchronizations from Primavera P6 to EnterpriseOne as well.

4. Primavera P6 uses only one currency, and JD Edwards EnterpriseOne can use multiple currencies.

This currency is used for all amounts that are sent from Primavera P6.

To ensure that amounts are converted into the correct currencies in EnterpriseOne, users must specify the Primavera P6 currency in the configuration settings for these services:

- `SyncProjectListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl`
- `SyncProjLabExpendItemListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl`
- `SyncProjectResourceRateScheduleListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl`
Chapter 3: Loading and Synchronizing Master Data from JD Edwards EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6

This chapter provides an overview of the master data load and synchronization process, lists solution assumptions, constraints, and prerequisites, and discusses:

- Core AIA Components
- Loading resource calendar data.
- Loading project resource data.
- Loading resource rate data.

Understanding the Master Data Load and Synchronization Process

The Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP requires that certain pieces of business data exist in both the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne and Primavera P6 databases. This data must remain synchronized for the PIP to function properly. The Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP enables users to:

- Initially load business data in bulk.
- Synchronize business data after the initial bulk load.

The bulk loading of business data is a one-way process that loads data from the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system into the Primavera P6 system. You can perform bulk data loads for master data, such as:

- Project resource availability calendars.
- Project resource project calendars.
- Schedulable resources for assets.
- Schedulable resources for items.
- Schedulable resources for address book and employee records.
- Schedulable resources for roles.
- Project resource rates for equipment.
- Project resource rates for items.
- WBS categories (chart types).

You must bulk load this master business data before you can utilize the process flows that are included with this PIP. After loading master data, you can bulk-synchronize the data periodically to ensure that the data in the two systems is current and synchronized.
Additionally, after you complete the initial master data load, you can rerun the bulk load programs to load large amounts of new data. This type of bulk load might be required in the event of a business data purchase, the addition of a new line of business, or the acquisition of a new organization.

**Note:** The process for bulk loading and bulk synchronization are almost the same. The process either adds records to the Primavera P6 system if the record does not already exist, or synchronizes (updates) the record in the Primavera P6 system if it already exists.

Also be aware that if you delete a record in the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne database, the synchronization process will not delete the record from Primavera P6.

To bulk load and synchronize data from the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system to the Primavera P6 system, you run extract programs in the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system. These programs generate XML files that contain the data that will be uploaded into the Primavera P6 system. These files are written to folders on the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Enterprise server. You specify the location of these folders in the processing options of the extract programs.

The files are named using this naming convention:

```
<program name>_<date in mmdyyyy format>_<time in hhmmss format>.xml
```

For example, if you run the Project Resource Availability Calendar XML Extract (R01311D) program on January 25, 2010, the file that is created might be named `R01311D_012510_081548.xml`.

**File Processing**

For more information about setting processing options for data extract programs, see Setting Up Data Extract Programs.

After you create XML files for data extraction, there are two methods you can use to pass that data to the Primavera P6 system:

- FTP
- Oracle Application Server (OAS)

If you are using the FTP method, the bulk data load and synchronization process for master data requires that you configure an FTP adapter to monitor the folders for newly created extract files. When the FTP adapter locates a new file, the appropriate enterprise service bus (ESB) process debatches the files into separate instances. Debatching is used to split large XML files into several smaller, more manageable XML files.

Alternatively, you can manually move the XML files to the JDEE1In folder on the Oracle Application Server. If you use this method, the appropriate ESB process detects the file and debatches it into separate instances.

After the files are debatched, routing services route each individual XML file to the appropriate JD Edwards EnterpriseOne requestor service, and then to the appropriate enterprise business service (EBS), which passes the message to the appropriate Primavera P6 routing service. The routing service calls a Primavera P6 provider service, which routes the message to a Primavera P6 web service. The web service then performs the appropriate add or update function.
**Process Flow**

This graphic illustrates the master data load process:

Master Data Load Process Flow

**Process-Related Data Loads**

In addition to master data loads, the Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP also includes these data extract programs, which are used to transfer project-related information from JD Edwards EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6:

- Project Extract (R51006D)
- WBS Extract (R51901D)

These data extract programs are used to support the integration processes for the &lt;short name&gt; PIP. You run these programs on a predetermined schedule to ensure that as projects and project-related records are created and updated, those changes are synchronized between the Primavera P6 and JD Edwards EnterpriseOne systems.

Additional information about these data extract programs can be found in the chapters that discuss main process integrations that use the programs.
Solution Assumptions and Constraints

This section discusses the assumptions and constraints that are associated with master data loads.

When loading master data, be aware of these issues:

1. Users must process master data loads in a specific order.
   
   Each step is a manual process and must be complete prior to running the next step. These master data loads must also be complete prior to processing any other project integration information processes. Run the master data loads in this order:
   
   - Resource calendar data.
   - Project resource data.
   - Resource rate data.

2. Employee resource rates are not sent to P6. P6 uses a default rate.

3. For the extract programs that include currency information, users define the currency that the system uses when generating the XML file in the processing options of the extract programs. Currency conversions are handled in the EnterpriseOne system. For example, if the P6 system currency is EUR and the EnterpriseOne currency is USD, set the processing option of the extract program to EUR. The extract program performs all of the currency-related calculations and builds the XML file with a currency code of EUR. This is an initial installation process.

4. In non-currency environments, set the processing option of the extract program to the specific currency used in the Primavera P6 system.

   A non-currency environment applies to EnterpriseOne only, and is created when an organization decides not to use any currency for their rates. Typically, this type of environment is necessary when an organization deals with only one currency, and therefore doesn’t need to setup the overheads that come with currency conversion processing.

   Primavera P6 uses only one currency. Therefore, to ensure that all currency amounts that are sent to Primavera P6 are in the correct currency, all data extract processing options that specify currency code must be set to the Primavera P6 currency. If amounts that are coming from EnterpriseOne are in a currency different than the one in the processing option, the program converts the amounts to the currency from the processing option before inserting the data into Primavera P6.

5. Be aware of how Primavera P6 handles name and resource rate data. This information is described in detail following this list.

6. Be aware of how Primavera P6 and JD Edwards EnterpriseOne handle start and end times for calendar activities. This information is described in detail later in this section.

Primavera P6 Name and Resource Rate Data

Some of that data that exists in the Primavera P6 system is handled differently than in other systems. To accommodate the differences in each system, some of the items in Primavera P6 are handled differently so that this PIP will function properly.
Role Name

Role Name in Primavera P6 can have a maximum of 100 characters and should be unique. Other applications may not have unique names for roles. Therefore, to ensure that role names are unique, this PIP utilizes this formula when inserting a role name into Primavera P6, using attributes from the ProjectResourceSetEBO:

\[
\text{Role name} + \text{space} + \text{[AlternateObjectKey (if exists) OR Application Object key].}
\]

Calendar Name

Calendar names in Primavera P6 can have maximum of 60 characters and should be unique. Other applications may not have unique names for calendars. Therefore, to ensure that calendar names are unique when inserted into Primavera P6, this PIP concatenates different attributes of the ResourceAvailabilityCalendarEBO to determine the calendar name, as follows:

\[
\text{Name} + \text{Space} + \text{(Alternate key (if exists) OR Application Object Key).}
\]

If the name is empty, the system adds ERP in front of it. User can change the default prefix by editing the P6CalendarDefaultPrefix=ERP AIA configuration property.

Resource Rate Unit of Measure

Primavera P6 supports only \textit{Hourly} as a valid unit of measure for labor and non-labor resources. Therefore, Primavera P6 can support only those unit codes [UOM] which can be converted into the hourly unit code. Supported UOM codes include Daily, Weekly, and Monthly. If the UOM code is not supported, it is ignored during processing.

Primavera P6 uses standard conversion rates for the following incoming unit codes when converting to hourly units:

- Hourly = 1 hour
- Daily = 8 hours
- Weekly = 40 hours
- Monthly = 160 hours

\textbf{Note:} This unit of measure conversion applies only to objects mapped as labor and nonlabor resources. If the basicUnitCode is not sent in the message, the system uses a default rate of 0 (zero). Material type resource rates are mapped as they are sent, and the system uses the UOM that is set on the object.

Handling Multiple Resource Rates for a Given Date

On occasion, multiple equipment rates are sent from JD Edwards EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6. These resource rate records are sent from EnterpriseOne with key information in the AlternateObjectKey of the ResourceRate record.

Additionally, there are two AIA configuration properties that are used to define the filter that the system uses to identify the rate record that should be used in Primavera P6 when multiple rates exist. The properties are:

- \text{P6.MULTIRATE.EFFECTIVEDATE.FILTER1 = RateTable\_Key}
- \text{P6.MULTIRATE.EFFECTIVEDATE.FILTER2 = RateGroup\_Key}
For example, EnterpriseOne might send a multi-part key in AlternateObjectKey as follows:

    RATETABLE::RATEGROUP::KEY1::KEY2::KEY4

When the rates are received, Primavera P6 checks the AlternateObjectKey. If this data exists, the system reads the two filters from the AIA Configuration properties and uses the resource rate record that matches the filter criteria. Other records will be skipped.

If AlternateObjectKey does not exist, Primavera P6 receives the rates as they are, and no filtering is applied.

Start and End Times for Calendar Activities

In Primavera P6 all calendar activities use a start time of XX:00 or XX:30 (where XX is the hour), and they use end times of either XX:29 or XX:59. If you synchronize calendar data from EnterpriseOne, and your start and end times differ from those listed here, the system converts the times during synchronization to conform to the Primavera P6 start and end time format, as described here:

- Any EnterpriseOne records with a start time between XX:00 and XX:29 will be stored in Primavera P6 with a start time of XX:00.
- Any EnterpriseOne records with a start time between XX:30 and XX:59 will be stored in Primavera P6 with a start time of XX:30.
- Any EnterpriseOne records with an end time between XX:00 and XX:29 will be stored in Primavera P6 with an end time of XX:29.
- Any EnterpriseOne records with an end time between XX:30 and XX:59 will be stored in Primavera P6 with an end time of XX:59.

For example, if an activity in EnterpriseOne is scheduled to start at 12:15 and end at 1:30, the corresponding record in Primavera P6, after synchronization is complete, has a start time of 12:00 and an end time of 1:59.

To avoid having calendars in EnterpriseOne and Primavera P6 that contain different start and end times, Oracle recommends that, whenever possible, you use the Primavera P6 format for start and end times when creating activities or calendar events in EnterpriseOne that will be synchronized to Primavera P6.

For example, if you would normally schedule a meeting from 1:00 to 2:00, schedule the meeting from 1:00 to 1:59. Similarly, use start and end times such as 8:00 to 4:59 to designate a work day.

Alternatively, you can synchronize calendar activities using any start and end times that you desire. Just be aware that there might be discrepancies between your EnterpriseOne and Primavera P6 calendars.

For more information about creating calendars and activities in EnterpriseOne, see JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Address Book 9.0 Implementation Guide, Using Foundation Calendar.

Prerequisites

Before loading or synchronizing data between JD Edwards EnterpriseOne and Primavera P6, you must:
1. Verify that all required data exists in the EnterpriseOne system.
2. Set up versions of each extract program in JD Edwards EnterpriseOne.
3. Set up batch processing information.

For more information about data extract programs, see Setting Up Data Extract Programs.

For more information about setting up batch processing, see Setting Up Batch Processing Information.

Core AIA Components

The master data load and synchronization processes use these core AIA components:

- ProjectResourceRateScheduleEBO
- ProjectResourceSetEBO
- ResourceAvailabilityCalendarEBO
- ResourceAvailabilityCalendarEBSV1
- ProjectResourceSetEBSV1
- ProjectResourceRateScheduleEBSV1

For more information about EBOs, see Oracle Applications Integration Architecture - Foundation Pack: Core Infrastructure Components Guide, “Using the BSR,” Using the BSR UI to View Integration Scenarios.

Loading Resource Calendar Data

The first step in the initial data load process for this PIP is to load calendar data from JD Edwards EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6. You use these programs to load and synchronize calendar data:

- Project Resource Availability Calendar XML Extract (R01311D)
- Project Resource Project Calendar XML Extract (R0007D)

Loading Project Resource Availability Calendar Data

Project resource availability calendar data is stored in these tables in the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system:

- Calendar Master (F01311)
- Activity Detail (F01301D)

The Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP uses this data to determine resource availability when assigning resources to projects.
To extract project resource availability calendar data, you run the Project Resource Availability Calendar XML Extract (R01311D) program. This program writes an XML file to a folder on the EnterpriseOne Enterprise server. You specify the location of the file in the processing options of the extract program.

You also set the processing options of this program to specify the type of calendar to include in the extract file.

After the file is created, the ESB consumer service ResourceAvailabilityCalendarExtractJDEE1FileConsumer or ResourceAvailabilityCalendarExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer locates and debatches the file. The routing service ResourceAvailabilityCalendarExtractJDEE1FileConsumer_RS or ResourceAvailabilityCalendarExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer_RS then routes each individual XML file to the SyncResourceAvailabilityCalendarListJDEE1ReqABCSImpl. The messages are then passed to the ResourceAvailabilityCalendarEBS, which sends the message to the SyncProjectResourceAvailabilityCalendarListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl. Finally, the provider service calls the P6 CalendarService web service and the records are inserted or updated in the Primavera P6 database, as necessary.

**Loading Project Resource Project Calendar Data**

Project resource project calendar data is stored in Work Day Calendar table (F0007) in the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system. The Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP uses this data to determine resource availability when assigning resources to projects.

To extract project resource project calendar data, you run the Project Resource Project Calendar XML Extract (R0007D) program. This program writes an XML file to a folder on the EnterpriseOne Enterprise server. You specify the location of the file in the processing options of the extract program.

After the file is created, the ESB consumer service ResourceAvailabilityCalendarExtractJDEE1FileConsumer or ResourceAvailabilityCalendarExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer locates and debatches the file. The routing service ResourceAvailabilityCalendarExtractJDEE1FileConsumer_RS or ResourceAvailabilityCalendarExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer_RS then routes each individual XML file to the SyncResourceAvailabilityCalendarListJDEE1ReqABCSImpl. The messages are then passed to the ResourceAvailabilityCalendarEBS, which sends the message to the SyncProjectResourceAvailabilityCalendarListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl. Finally, the provider service calls the P6 CalendarService web service and the records are inserted or updated in the Primavera P6 database, as necessary.

**Loading Project Resource Data**

After you complete the calendar data load, you can then load schedulable and non-schedulable resource data from JD Edwards EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6. You use these programs to load and synchronize resource data:

- Project Planning Schedulable Resources for Asset Master XML Extract (R1201D)
- Project Planning Schedulable Resources for Item Master XML Extract (R4101D)
- Project Planning Schedulable Resources for Address Book XML Extract (R0101D)
- Project Planning Schedulable Resources for Role Information XML Extract (R08001D)
- Project Resource Set for Chart Type Master XML Extract (R5109D)
Loading Project Planning Schedulable Resources for Assets Data

Data related to the schedulable resources for assets is stored in these tables in the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system:

- Asset Master (F1201)
- Equipment Master Extension (F1217)

The Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP uses this data to schedule assets and equipment for a project.

To extract schedulable resources for assets data, you run the Project Planning Schedulable Resources for Asset Master XML Extract (R1201D) program. This program writes an XML file to a folder on the EnterpriseOne Enterprise server. You specify the location of the file in the processing options of the extract program.

After the file is created, the ESB consumer service ResourceSetExtractJDEE1FileConsumer or ResourceSetExtractJDEE1FTPCongsumer locates and debatches the file. The routing service ResourceSetExtractJDEE1FileConsumer_RS or ResourceSetExtractJDEE1FTPCongsumer_RS then routes each individual XML file to the SyncProjectResourceSetListJDEE1ReqABCSImpl. The messages are then passed to the ProjectResourceSetEBS, which sends the message to the SyncProjectResourceSetListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl. Finally, the provider service calls the P6 ResourceService web service and the records are inserted or updated in the Primavera P6 database, as necessary.

**Note:** To minimize the selection of unwanted asset or equipment records, the extract program is delivered with data selection that selects records based on the Equipment Status (AV), Allow Work Order Y/N (1), and the Last Updated Status (greater than 01/01/2008) fields.

Loading Project Planning Schedulable Resources for Items Data

Data related to the schedulable resources for items is stored in these tables in the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system:

- Item Master (F4101)
- Branch Plant (F4102)

The Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP uses this data to schedule item resources for a project.

To extract schedulable resources for items data, you run the Project Planning Schedulable Resources for Item Master XML Extract (R4101D) program. This program writes an XML file to a folder on the EnterpriseOne Enterprise server. You specify the location of the file in the processing options of the extract program.

After the file is created, the ESB consumer service ResourceSetExtractJDEE1FileConsumer or ResourceSetExtractJDEE1FTPCongsumer locates and debatches the file. The routing service ResourceSetExtractJDEE1FileConsumer_RS or ResourceSetExtractJDEE1FTPCongsumer_RS then routes each individual XML file to the SyncProjectResourceSetListJDEE1ReqABCSImpl. The messages are then passed to the ProjectResourceSetEBS, which sends the message to the SyncProjectResourceSetListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl. Finally, the provider service calls the P6 ResourceService web service and the records are inserted or updated in the Primavera P6 database, as necessary.
Loading Project Planning Schedulable Resources for Address Book Data

Data related to the schedulable resources for address book entities is stored in these tables in the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system:

- Address Book (F0101)
- Employee Master (F060116)
- Electronic Addresses (F01151)
- Address Book Phone Numbers (F0115)

The Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP uses this data to schedule employees to work on projects.

To extract schedulable resources for address book data, you run the Project Planning Schedulable Resources for Address Book XML Extract (R0101D) program. This program writes an XML file to a folder on the EnterpriseOne Enterprise server. You specify the location of the file in the processing options of the extract program.

After the file is created, the ESB consumer service ResourceSetExtractJDEE1FileConsumer or ResourceSetExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer locates and debatches the file. The routing service ResourceSetExtractJDEE1FileConsumer_RS or ResourceSetExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer_RS then routes each individual XML file to the SyncProjectResourceSetListJDEE1ReqABCSImpl. The messages are then passed to the ProjectResourceSetEBS, which sends the message to the SyncProjectResourceSetListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl. Finally, the provider service calls the P6 ResourceService web service and the records are inserted or updated in the Primavera P6 database, as necessary.

Note: This program can select resources (employees) who have only an Address Book record in EnterpriseOne, and do not have an Employee Master Record. However, if an Employee Master record exists for the resource, the record will be included only if the Employee Master record is active.

Additionally, to minimize the selection of unwanted address book or employee records, the extract program is delivered with data selection that selects records based on the Job Category (008), Search Type (E), and the Cost Center Home (not equal to blank) fields.

Loading Project Planning Schedulable Resources for Role Data

Data related to the schedulable resources for roles (or jobs) is stored in the Job Information table (F08001) in the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system. The Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP uses this data to ensure that, when assigning resources to projects in Primavera P6, users have a complete list of the resources that are available for the project.
To extract schedulable resources for job data, you run the Project Planning Schedulable Resources for Role Information XML Extract (R08001D) program. This program writes an XML file to a folder on the EnterpriseOne Enterprise server. You specify the location of the file in the processing options of the extract program.

After the file is created, the ESB consumer service ResourceSetExtractJDEE1FileConsumer or ResourceSetExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer locates and debatches the file. The routing service ResourceSetExtractJDEE1FileConsumer_RS or ResourceSetExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer_RS then routes each individual XML file to the SyncProjectResourceSetListJDEE1ReqABCSImpl. The messages are then passed to the ProjectResourceSetEBS, which sends the message to the SyncProjectResourceSetListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl. Finally, the provider service calls the P6 RoleService web service and the records are inserted or updated in the Primavera P6 database, as necessary.

**Note:** To minimize the selection of unwanted job records, the extract program is delivered with data selection that selects records based on the Job Category (OP-2), Job Step (not equal to null), and the Job Group (FINAN) fields.

### Loading Project WBS Categories for Chart Type Data

Project WBS categories for chart type data is stored in the Chart Type Master file (F5109) in the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system. The Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP uses this data in Primavera P6 when creating a new project or WBS task.

Chart types in EnterpriseOne represent a predefined account structure. When you extract chart types from EnterpriseOne, they are inserted into Primavera P6 as WBS categories. When you create a project, and add WBS categories to that project, you should use only the WBS categories that have been created as a result of the integration with EnterpriseOne.

When a Primavera P6 project is synchronized to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne, a WBS category that represents a valid chart type in EnterpriseOne is needed in order to create the account that defines the WBS tasks in the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system.

Chart type data is considered non-schedulable resource data.

To extract WBS category data, you run the Project Resource Set for Chart Type Master XML Extract (R5109D) program. This program writes an XML file to a folder on the EnterpriseOne Enterprise server. You specify the location of the file in the processing options of the extract program.

After the file is created, the ESB consumer service ResourceSetExtractJDEE1FileConsumer or ResourceSetExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer locates and debatches the file. The routing service ResourceSetExtractJDEE1FileConsumer_RS or ResourceSetExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer_RS then routes each individual XML file to the SyncProjectResourceSetListJDEE1ReqABCSImpl. The messages are then passed to the ProjectResourceSetEBS, which sends the message to the SyncProjectResourceSetListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl. Finally, the provider service calls the P6 WbsCategoryService and the records are inserted or updated in the Primavera P6 database, as necessary.

Be aware that this program includes only unique occurrences of the Subsidiary and Object Account field combinations. For example, assume the following data:
This would result in the following output to the XML file:

02200.1340 Labor
02200.1341 Regular
02200.1342 Overtime
02210.1340 Labor

### Loading Resource Rate Data

After you load calendar and project resource data, you can then load resource rate information from JD Edwards EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6. You use these programs to load and synchronize resource rate data:

- Project Resource Rates for Equipment Rates XML Extract (R1301D)
- Project Resource Rates for Item Master XML Extract (R4101E)

### Loading Project Resource Rates for Equipment Data

Data related to the resource rates for equipment is stored in the Equipment Rate table (F1301) in the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system. The Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP uses this data to load equipment rates into the Primavera P6 system. These rates are then used to calculate costs.

To extract equipment resource rate data, you run the Project Resource Rates for Equipment Rates XML Extract (R1301D) program. This program writes an XML file to a folder on the EnterpriseOne Enterprise server. You specify the location of the file in the processing options of the extract program.
After the file is created, the ESB consumer service ResourceRateExtractJDEE1FileConsumer or ResourceRateExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer locates and debatches the file. The routing service ResourceRateExtractJDEE1FileConsumer_RS or ResourceRateExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer_RS then routes each individual XML file to the SyncProjectResourceRateScheduleListJDEE1ReqABCSImpl. The messages are then passed to the ProjectResourceRateScheduleEBS, which sends the message to the SyncProjectResourceRateScheduleListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl. Finally, the provider service calls the P6 ResourceRateService web service and the records are inserted or updated in the Primavera P6 database, as necessary.

**Note:** To minimize the selection of unwanted equipment rate records, the extract program is delivered with data selection that selects records based on the Equipment Rate Table (not equal to null) and Equipment Rate Group (not equal to null) fields.

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### Loading Project Resource Rates for Item Master Data

Data related to the resource rates for items is stored in these tables in the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system:

- Item Master (F4101)
- Item Branch (F4102)
- Item Base Price (F4106)

The Project Portfolio Management: Primavera P6 - JDE E1 PIP uses this data to load item rates into the Primavera P6 system. These rates are then used for project costing and billing purposes.

To extract item rate data, you run the Project Resource Rates for Item Master XML Extract (R4101E) program. This program writes an XML file to a folder on the EnterpriseOne Enterprise server. You specify the location of the file in the processing options of the extract program.

After the file is created, the ESB consumer service ResourceRateExtractJDEE1FileConsumer or ResourceRateExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer locates and debatches the file. The routing service ResourceRateExtractJDEE1FileConsumer_RS or ResourceRateExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer_RS then routes each individual XML file to the SyncProjectResourceRateScheduleListJDEE1ReqABCSImpl. The messages are then passed to the ProjectResourceRateScheduleEBS, which sends the message to the SyncProjectResourceRateScheduleListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl. Finally, the provider service calls the P6 ResourceRateService web service and the records are inserted or updated in the Primavera P6 database, as necessary.
Chapter 4: Describing the Process Integration for Project Management: Primavera P6 to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne

This chapter provides an overview of the project management process integration from Primavera P6 to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne, lists prerequisites, and discusses:

- Solution assumptions and constraints.
- Creating projects in Primavera P6 and synchronizing to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne.
- Updating projects in Primavera P6 and synchronizing to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne.
- Project management data requirements.
- Core AIA components.
- Project management integration services.

Project Management Process Integration from Primavera P6 to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne

Overview

The process integration for project management from Primavera P6 to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne supports these process flows:

- Create project in Primavera P6 and synchronize to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne.
  
  This process flow enables you to create a project in the Primavera P6 system and synchronize the new project data to the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne database. This flow uses the Primavera P6 Send to ERP function to collect and send data from the Primavera P6 system.

- Update project in Primavera P6 and synchronize to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne.
  
  This process flow enables you to update an existing project in the Primavera P6 system and synchronize the changes to an existing project in the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne database. This flow uses the Primavera P6 Send to ERP function to collect and send data from the Primavera P6 system.

  This diagram illustrates the project management process from Primavera P6 to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne:
Chapter 4: Describing the Process Integration for Project Management: Primavera P6 to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne

Project Management Process Flow: Primavera P6 to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne

Model Projects and Model Jobs

When users create new projects in Primavera P6, they must specify a model project, or model job. This model job is used when creating a new project in EnterpriseOne when a project is sent from Primavera P6. There are two methods for specifying the model job that the system uses:

- **Select a valid EnterpriseOne job (business unit) from the ERP Project Template field when you create a new project in Primavera P6.**
  
  The ERP Project Template field is a project code that is created specifically for this PIP using the Primavera P6 setup utility. Using a drop down menu, you can select from template job records that have been synchronized from EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6.

- **Enter a default model job in the business service properties of the processProject web service operation (J51000010).**

  If you enter a valid job or template job ID in the ERP Project Template field, the system uses that value as the model job when creating the new project in EnterpriseOne. If no value exists in this field, the system uses the value from the processProject business service properties. If no value exists in either place, and a model job value is not included in the message, a project is not created in EnterpriseOne.

The specified model job is used only to copy job header information. The WBS is built from the chart type stored in the WBS Category.
To send template jobs from EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6, so that the values are available in the Project Code field, users create a job in EnterpriseOne, and then run the Project Extract program (R51006D) to send the job data to Primavera P6. Before running the program to send templates to Primavera, you set the processing options to specify that the jobs that are included in the process are template jobs, and not actual projects.

**Note:** To send an EnterpriseOne job to Primavera P6 as both a project and a project template (model job), you must send data for that project to Primavera P6 twice using the R51006D program. First, run the program once with the processing option set to send template data, and then run it again without the processing option set to send template data.

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**For more information about** model jobs and the Project Extract program, see *Chapter 5: Describing the Process Integration for Project Management: JD Edwards EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6.*

**For more information about** the processProject web service operation, see *Using the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne ProjectManager Web Services.*

**For more information about** creating the ERP Project Template field, see *Running the Primavera P6 Setup Utility.*

**For more information about** the processProject web service operation, see *Using the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne ProjectManager Web Services.*

**For more information about** creating the ERP Project Template field, see *Running the Primavera P6 Setup Utility.*

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**Prerequisites**

Before you can use the project management integration process from Primavera P6 to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne, you must:

- Perform all master data loads.

**For more information about** master data loads, see *Chapter 3: Loading and Synchronizing Master Data from JD Edwards EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6.*

- Complete all Primavera P6 setup that is required for this PIP.

A Primavera P6 administrator must grant access to any user who is authorized to send project data from Primavera P6 to EnterpriseOne.

You must also run the Primavera P6 setup utility to create the necessary UDFs, update specific configuration settings, and create the ERP Project Template field.

**For more information about** setting up Primavera P6 for this PIP, *Setting Up the Primavera P6 System.*

- Create at least one model job in EnterpriseOne and synchronize the job to Primavera P6.
A model job number must be entered in the business service properties for the processProject web service operation, or you specify the model job number in the ERP Project Template field when you create a new project in Primavera P6. A model job must exist before you synchronize data from Primavera P6 to EnterpriseOne.

Solution Assumptions and Constraints

These are the solution assumptions and constraints for the project management process flow:

1. Synchronizing project data in both directions (EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6, and Primavera P6 to EnterpriseOne) can cause data integrity issues.

   **Warning!** If you synchronize project data in both directions, each synchronization overlays existing data in the target system. For example, if you make an update to budget data in both Primavera P6 and in EnterpriseOne, and then synchronize project data from Primavera P6 to EnterpriseOne, the changes that were made in the EnterpriseOne system will be overwritten with the data from the Primavera P6 system. The same is true of synchronizing data from EnterpriseOne to P6.

   To avoid these data issues, Oracle strongly recommends that your organization synchronizes project data in only one direction, either from EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6, or from Primavera P6 to EnterpriseOne. This PIP enables you to synchronize data in either direction to accommodate the needs of your organization.

2. If you create a project in Primavera P6 that contains only one WBS, and you sync that project to EnterpriseOne, the system creates a business unit, an account, and also a header account for the project with a blank object and subsidiary. This header account record is created based on functionality in the EnterpriseOne Job Cost system.

   At this point that account only resides in EnterpriseOne. However, if the budget is updated in EnterpriseOne and the job is synced back to Primavera P6, that header account is written to Primavera P6. This header account record does not cause any issues in the Primavera P6 system, but it also does not serve any purpose. Therefore, you can either allow the record to be sent to Primavera P6, or you can add data selection to the R51901D extract program to prevent that account from being included in the synchronization process.

3. Sending future budget amounts from Primavera P6 to EnterpriseOne might result in overstated budget amounts for the current period and or the current fiscal year in EnterpriseOne.

   Budget information that is sent from Primavera P6 to EnterpriseOne contains the total budget amount, which might include future values for the WBS. When that data is received by EnterpriseOne, the amounts are placed into the company’s current period or the period for the current system date. The period in which the data is included is determined by the business service properties that are set up for this integration process flow.

   Therefore, if budgets containing future amounts are sent to EnterpriseOne, the entire amount (current and future) is included in the revised budget field of the current period. If the budget amount contains future data that falls within the current fiscal year, only the revised budget for the current period is overstated, and the current fiscal year totals are correct.
If the budget amount contains future data that falls in a future fiscal year, budget amounts will be overstated for both the current period and the current fiscal year.

Users can utilize one of these methods to avoid overstated budget amounts in EnterpriseOne:

- Do not use future budgeting features in Primavera P6.
- Manually adjust budgets in EnterpriseOne if future values are included in the synchronization process.

If you choose to send future budget data to EnterpriseOne, be aware that future budget data can be sent for:

- Budget Amount
- Budget Units
- Projected Final Amounts
- Projected Final Units
- Percent of Job Complete

4. If a task (WBS in P6, account in E1) exists in both Primavera P6 and EnterpriseOne, deletion of the task in either system requires you to also manually delete that task in the other system to preserve data integrity.

   For example, when you delete an account that is associated with a project in EnterpriseOne, and the WBS that corresponds to that account exists in Primavera P6, you must manually delete that WBS in the Primavera P6 system. To delete the WBS, use the Activities view in P6 Web Access.

   If you delete a WBS in Primavera P6, and the account that corresponds to that WBS exists in EnterpriseOne, you must manually delete that account in the EnterpriseOne system. To delete the account in EnterpriseOne, use the Job Cost Code Structure (P51091) or the Account (P0901) program. If there is financial information associated with the account it can not be deleted, but it’s posting edit code can be changed to ‘I’ (inactive) status.

5. When a project is synchronized from Primavera P6 to EnterpriseOne, the project level of detail is determined by the model job, and not by the level of detail in Primavera P6.

6. Primavera P6 uses only one currency, and JD Edwards EnterpriseOne can use multiple currencies.

   To ensure that amounts are converted into the correct currencies in EnterpriseOne, users must specify the Primavera P6 currency in the configuration settings for the SyncProjectListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl service. This currency is used for all amounts that are sent from Primavera P6.

   During the synchronization process, the system determines which EnterpriseOne company the selected project belongs to, and identifies the currency associated with that company. If the company’s currency is different than the Primavera P6 currency, the EnterpriseOne system converts the amounts to the company’s currency using standard EnterpriseOne currency conversion processing.
EnterpriseOne uses currency that is assigned at the project level for all amounts that are associated with that project.

7. The Original Budget Amount and Budget Amount fields at the project level in Primavera P6 are not consumed by EnterpriseOne when a project is synchronized.

8. EnterpriseOne does not track labor and non labor amounts within a single account or WBS. To track labor and non labor amounts separately, you must not include both labor and non labor activities in a single WBS. Each WBS should include only labor activities or non labor activities.

   If you include both labor and non labor activities in a WBS, amounts associated with those activities are added together during the synchronization process and inserted into EnterpriseOne under a single account.

---

**Create Project in Primavera P6 and Synchronize to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne**

The create project integration flow is initiated in the Primavera P6 system when a user creates a new project and adds the record to the database.

This is the business process for creating projects in Primavera P6 and synchronizing to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne:

1. A new project record is created in Primavera P6 and is committed to the database.

   **Note:** When creating a new project, users add WBS records to the project. Each WBS must include a valid WBS category. Valid WBS categories must also exist as chart types in the EnterpriseOne system. If a WBS category is not assigned, or if a WBS category that does not exists as an EnterpriseOne chart type is assigned, the WBS is not consumed by EnterpriseOne, and no account is created in the EnterpriseOne system.

   You use the Activities view in P6 Web Access to create WBS records. Also be aware that the name of the WBS Category field in Primavera P6 is user defined, and by default is named Project Phase.

2. The creation of the new project record in Primavera P6 results in new records in these JD Edwards EnterpriseOne tables:
   - Business Unit Master (F0006)
   - Extended Job Master (F5108)
   - Account Master (F0901)
   - Cost Code Schedule (F51901)
   - Account Balances (F0902)
   - Account Ledger (F0911)

**Interfaces**

This integration flow uses these interfaces:
• Primavera P6 web service ProjectSync
• Primavera P6 integration event Create Project
• SyncProjectListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl
• ProjectEBS
• SyncProjectListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl
• JD Edwards EnterpriseOne published business service ProjectManager

This diagram illustrates the create project from Primavera P6 to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne process flow:

Create Project in Primavera P6 and Sync to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne

Program Logic

When you initiate the create project from Primavera P6 to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne process flow, these events occur:

1. A user creates a new project in Primavera P6 and commits it to the database.
   A new project in Primavera P6 can consist of project header data, WBS data, financial forecast data, and budget data. A project might also include activities that are associated with project tasks. However, activities are not consumed by the EnterpriseOne system.

2. The user assigns WBS categories to the project.
   If the WBS Category field is blank, or if the WBS category that is assigned does not exist as a valid chart type in EnterpriseOne, the WBS is not consumed by EnterpriseOne, and no account is created for that WBS. Be aware that the WBS Category field name is user-defined, and is called Project Phase as a default.
3. Optionally, the user specifies a model job in the ERP Project Template field. If you do not enter a value in this field, you must verify that a model job value exists in the business service properties for the processProject web service operation. If no model job value is sent with the message, EnterpriseOne does not create a project.

4. The user runs the Send to ERP function, selecting the projects and data that they want to include in the synchronization to EnterpriseOne.

5. The Send to ERP function initiates the Create Project integration event.

6. The Create Project integration event calls the ProjectSync web service, which creates the SyncProjectListABM message, and sends it to the AIA_ProjP6EPPM_JMSQueue.

7. The ProjectListP6EPPM_JMSConsumer retrieves the SyncProjectListABM.

8. If more than one project is included in the message, ProjectListSplitter separates the message into messages that include only one project and returns the newly-created messages to the queue, where it is again consumed by the ProjectListP6EPPM_JMSConsumer.

9. The message is routed to the SyncProjectListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl, which transforms the message into a common format of an enterprise business message (EBM), in this case, the SyncProjectListEBM.

   The SyncProjectListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl also creates the Primavera P6 side of the necessary cross-reference records.

10. The EBM is then sent to the enterprise business service (EBS) ProjectEBS.

11. The ProjectEBS routes the message to the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne ABCS, in this case, the SyncProjectListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl.

12. The SyncProjectListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl transforms the EBM into an EnterpriseOne business message, in this case, the E1ProjectABM.

13. The E1ProjectABM is consumed by the EnterpriseOne published web service, ProjectManager (JP510010).

14. The ProjectManager published web service calls the processProject web service (J5100010), which calls the CreateProjectHeader (B5100120) and CreateProjectAccount (B5100140) business functions. These functions create the basic project records in the EnterpriseOne system.

   The B5100120 function creates new project records in these JD Edwards EnterpriseOne tables:
   - Business Unit Master (F0006)
   - Extended Job Master (F5108)

   The B5100140 function creates new records in these JD Edwards EnterpriseOne tables:
   - Account Master (F0901)
   - Account Balances (F0902)

15. If WBS data is included in the incoming message, the batchProjectProcessor web service calls the processWBS web service (J5100030), which calls the UpdateProjectAccount business function.
This function updates, reads, or creates records in these JD Edwards EnterpriseOne tables:

- Account Master (F0901)
- Account Balances (F0902)
- Chart Type Master (F5109)
- Cost Code Schedule (F51901)

16. If financial forecast data is included in the incoming message, the processWBS web service calls the processFinancialForecast web service (J510020), which calls the UpdateProjectAccount business function.

This function updates or creates financial records in these JD Edwards EnterpriseOne tables:

- Account Master (F0901)
- Account Balances (F0902)

17. The ProjectManager published web services receive any return messages from their associated web services, and updates the appropriate cross reference records.

**Update Project in Primavera P6 and Synchronize to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne**

The update project integration flow is initiated in the Primavera P6 system when a user updates an existing project and commits the changes to the database.

This is the business process for updating projects in Primavera P6 and synchronizing to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne:

1. An existing project record is updated in Primavera P6 and the change is committed to the database.
2. The update to the project record in Primavera P6 might result in the update of records in these JD Edwards EnterpriseOne tables, depending on the nature of the change:

   - Business Unit Master (F0006)
   - Extended Job Master (F5108)
   - Account Master (F0901)
   - Cost Code Schedule (F51901)
   - Account Balances (F0902)
   - Account Ledger (F0911)

**Interfaces**

This integration flow uses these interfaces:

- Primavera P6 web service ProjectSync
- Primavera P6 integration event Update Project
- SyncProjectListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl
Chapter 4: Describing the Process Integration for Project Management: Primavera P6 to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne

- ProjectEBS
- SyncProjectListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl
- JD Edwards EnterpriseOne published business service ProjectManager

This diagram illustrates the update project from Primavera P6 to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne process flow:

Update Project in Primavera P6 and Sync to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne

Program Logic

When you initiate the update project from Primavera P6 to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne process flow, these events occur:

1. A user updates an existing project in Primavera P6, and commits the change to the database. Updating a project can include updating the project header, WBS data, financial forecast data, and or budget data.

2. The user runs the Send to ERP function, specifying which projects and types of data to include in the synchronization to EnterpriseOne.

3. The Send to ERP function triggers the Update Project integration event.

4. The Update Project integration event calls the ProjectSync web service, which creates the SyncProjectListABM message, and sends it to the AIA_ProjP6EPPMJSQueue.

5. The ProjectListP6EPPMJSConsumer retrieves the SyncProjectListABM.
6. If more than one project is included in the message, ProjectListSplitter separates the message into messages that include only one project and returns the newly-created messages to the queue, where it is again consumed by the ProjectListP6EPPMJMSConsumer.

7. The messages are routed to the SyncProjectListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl, which transforms the message into a common format of an enterprise business message (EBM), in this case, the SyncProjectListEBM.

   The SyncProjectListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl also creates or updates the Primavera P6 side of the necessary cross-reference records.

8. The EBM is then sent to the enterprise business service (EBS) ProjectEBS.

9. The ProjectEBS routes the message to the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne ABCS, in this case, the SyncProjectListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl.

10. The SyncProjectListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl transforms the EBM into an EnterpriseOne business message, in this case, the E1ProjectABM.

11. The E1ProjectABM is consumed by the EnterpriseOne published web service, ProjectManager (J510010).

12. The ProjectManager published web service calls the processProject web service (J5100010), which calls the UpdateProjectHeader (B5100120) and UpdateProjectAccount (B5100140) business functions. These functions update the basic project records in the EnterpriseOne system.

   The B5100120 function updates project records in these JD Edwards EnterpriseOne tables:
   
   - Business Unit Master (F0006)
   - Extended Job Master (F5108)

   The B5100140 function updates records in these JD Edwards EnterpriseOne tables:
   
   - Account Master (F0901)
   - Account Balances (F0902)

13. If WBS data is included in the incoming message, the batchProjectProcessor web service calls the processWBS web service (J5100030), which calls the UpdateProjectAccount business function.

   This function updates or creates records in these JD Edwards EnterpriseOne tables:
   
   - Account Master (F0901)
   - Account Balances (F0902)
   - Chart Type Master (F5109)
   - Cost Code Schedule (F51901)

14. If financial forecast data is included in the incoming message, the processWBS web service calls the processFinancialForecast web service (J5100020), which calls the UpdateProjectAccount business function.

   This function updates or creates financial records in these JD Edwards EnterpriseOne tables:
15. The ProjectManager published web services receive any return messages from their associated web services, and updates the cross reference tables.

**Project Management Data Requirements**

Data requirements indicate the mandatory data that must be provided to make the flow successful. For project management creation and updates, users must specify a project name in Primavera P6. EnterpriseOne creates a project header record using this project name.

Additionally, Primavera P6 users should specify WBS categories (project phases) for each WBS so that corresponding records are created in the EnterpriseOne system. If a WBS does not include a valid WBS category, the WBS is not consumed by EnterpriseOne.

**Core AIA Components**

These core AIA components are used by the project management process integration:

- ProjectEBS
- ProjectEBO
- SyncProjectListEBM

The core EBO and EBM XSD files can be located by EBO within this parent folder:

http://[HOST:PORT]/AIAComponents/EnterpriseObjectLibrary/Core/EBO

The core EBS WSDL files can be located by EBO within this parent folder:

http://[HOST:PORT]/AIAComponents/EnterpriseBusinessServiceLibrary/Core/EBO

For detailed documentation of individual EBOs, click the EBO name link on the Integrations Scenario Summary page in the Oracle AIA Console. You can also use the Integrations Scenario Summary page to search for and view integration scenarios that use a particular EBO or EBS.

For more information about EBOs, see *Oracle Applications Integration Architecture - Foundation Pack: Core Infrastructure Components Guide*, “Using the BSR,” Using the BSR UI to View Integration Scenarios.

**Project Management Integration Services**

These are the services delivered with this integration:

- ProjectEBS
- SyncProjectListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl
- SyncProjectListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl

Many of the services listed in this section include preprocesses to ensure that the services are extensible.
For more information about extensibility, see Oracle Application Integration Architecture – Foundation Pack: Integration Developer’s Guide, “Extensibility for AIA Artifacts.”

You can use the Integration Scenario Summary page in the Oracle AIA Console to search for and view integration scenarios that use a particular ABC service.

For more information about using the Oracle AIA Console, see Oracle Application Integration Architecture – Foundation Pack: Core Infrastructure Components Guide, “Using the BSR,” Using the BSR UI to View Integration Scenarios.

In addition to the services listed in this section, the project management process integration also uses Primavera P6 integration services and JD Edwards EnterpriseOne published business services and business services (web services).

For more information about Primavera P6 integration events and web services, see the Primavera P6 Programmer’s Guide.

For more information about the specific EnterpriseOne services used by this process integration, see Chapter 7: Implementing the Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP.

For more information about JD Edwards EnterpriseOne business services, see JD Edwards EnterpriseOne 9.0 Business Services Reference Guide.

ProjectEBS

The ProjectEBS enterprise business service exposes the SyncProjectList enterprise operation that can be performed with a ProjectList enterprise object. All of the project management integration flows use the operation provided by this EBS. This service is implemented as a lightweight ESB routing service.

This graphic illustrates where the ProjectEBS lies within the project management process flow:

![ProjectEBS Diagram]

ProjectEBS for Primavera P6 to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne

Routing Rules

Most of the operations associated with the ProjectEBS provide simple pass-through functionality to an appropriate provider ABCS implementation. In such cases, the only program logic for the operation is the routing rules. Routing rules specify which target provider ABCS to rout the message to.
### SyncProjectListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl

The SyncProjectListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl service transforms the SyncProjectListABM into the appropriate SyncProjectListEBM format and invokes the ProjectEBS operation. This service is implemented as a BPEL service.

One asynchronous one-way operation is provided by this interface service:

```
SyncProjectListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl
```

These preprocesses are included in the SyncProjectListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl to ensure that ABC services are extensible:

- PreprocessABM
- PreprocessEBM

No post processes are included, because no response message is returned to the caller.

### SyncProjectListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl

The SyncProjectListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl service transforms the SyncProjectListEBM messages into the appropriate SyncProjectListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl ABM and invokes the ProjectManager published business service (web service) in the EnterpriseOne system. The service is implemented as a BPEL service.

One asynchronous one-way operation is provided by this interface service:

```
SyncProjectListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl
```

These preprocesses are included in the SyncProjectListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl to ensure that ABC services are extensible:

- PreprocessABM
- PreprocessEBM

No post processes are included, because no response message is returned to the caller.
Chapter 5: Describing the Process Integration for Project Management: JD Edwards EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6

This chapter provides an overview of the project management process integration from JD Edwards EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6, lists prerequisites, and discusses:

- Solution assumptions and constraints.
- Synchronizing JD Edwards EnterpriseOne project data to Primavera P6.
- Project management data requirements.
- Core AIA components.
- Project management integration services.

Project Management Process Integration from JD Edwards EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6 Overview

The process integration for project management from JD Edwards EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6 supports this process flow:

- Creating project data in JD Edwards EnterpriseOne and synchronizing to Primavera P6.
- Updating project data in JD Edwards EnterpriseOne and synchronizing to Primavera P6.

These process flows enable you to create or update project data in the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system and synchronize the new or changed data to the Primavera P6 database. These flows are essentially the same, and they use XML data extract programs to extract data from the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system.

Project data is included in the extraction process based on selection criteria that the user enters before running the data extract programs. Data that is included in the extract file can be for both new and updated projects, therefore, both the create project and update project process flows are described as a single flow; synchronizing project data.

This diagram illustrates the project management process from JD Edwards EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6:
**Chapter 5: Describing the Process Integration for Project Management: JD Edwards EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6**

### Project Management Process Flow: Synchronizing JD Edwards Project Data to Primavera P6

#### Model Projects and Model Jobs

When users create new projects in Primavera P6, they must specify a model project, or model job. This model job is used when creating a new project in EnterpriseOne when a project is sent from Primavera P6.

Model jobs are business units in EnterpriseOne. When you create a business unit (job or project), you can send that business unit to Primavera P6 as a project template. P6 users can use these project templates as the model jobs on any subsequent projects they create.

To send a project template from EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6, complete these steps:

1. Create a job in EnterpriseOne that you want to be used as a project template.
2. Run the Project Extract program (R51006D), data selecting the job, and specifying in the processing options that the job should be sent to Primavera P6 as a template.
3. After the template has been created and sent to Primavera P6, there are two methods for specifying the model job on a Primavera P6 project:
   - Select a valid EnterpriseOne job (business unit) from the ERP Project Template field when you create a new project in Primavera P6.

Using the drop down menu, you select from template job records that have been synchronized from EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6.
- Enter a default model job in the business service properties of the processProject web service operation (J51000010).

**Note:** To send an EnterpriseOne job to Primavera P6 as both a project and a project template (model job), you must send data for that project to Primavera P6 twice using the R51006D program. First, run the program with the processing option set to send template data, and then run it again without the processing option set to send template data.

For more information about how model jobs are used by this PIP, see *Chapter 4: Describing the Process Integration for Project Management: Primavera P6 to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne*.

For more information about processing options for data extract programs, see *Setting Up Data Extract Programs*.

For more information about the processProject web service operation, see *Using the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne ProjectManager Web Services*.

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### Prerequisites

Before you can use the project management integration process, you must:

- Perform all master data loads.

  For more information about master data loads, see *Chapter 3: Loading and Synchronizing Master Data from JD Edwards EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6*.

- Set up file transfer information in JD Edwards EnterpriseOne.

  For more information about file transfer setup, see *Setting Up Batch Processing Information*.

- Set up versions of these data extract programs:
  - Project Extract (R51006D)
  - WBS Extract (R51901D)

  Setting up extract programs includes copying the standard program version, setting processing option values, and defining data selection for your version.

  For more information about setting up extract programs, see *Setting Up Data Extract Programs*.

- Verify that EnterpriseOne Business Unit Master (F0006), Extended Job Master (F5108), and Account Master (F0901) records exist for the project you want to synchronize to Primavera P6.

  Cost Code Schedule (F51901) and Account Balance (F0902) records might also exist for the project, but are not required.
You should use chart types to create the accounts for a project in EnterpriseOne. The chart type that you use should be one that has been synchronized to Primavera P6, creating WBS categories in the Primavera system. When you synchronize a project from EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6, the system converts the accounts to WBS records using the WBS categories that were created when chart types were synchronized. Be aware that the name of the WBS Category field in Primavera P6 is user-defined. The default name for this field is Project Phase.

- Set up AAIs for labor and non labor accounts in EnterpriseOne.

  New AAI ranges (JCLAxx-JCLAxx+1) will be used to determine which accounts are considered labor accounts. There can be up to 49 ranges (JCLA01-JCLA02 through JCLA97-JCLA98). Any accounts that do not fall within one of these ranges will be considered non-labor.

  When you run the Project Extract program, the program determines whether any of the accounts that are included in the process fall within one of these AAI ranges. If the account falls within the range, the LaborOrNonLaborIndicator in the generated xml file is set to L (labor). If the account does not fall within one of these ranges, the indicator is set to N (non labor). This data is then passed to Primavera P6.

Solution Assumptions and Constraints

These are the solution assumptions and constraints for the project management process flow:

1. Synchronizing project data in both directions (EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6, and Primavera P6 to EnterpriseOne) can cause data integrity issues.

  Warning! If you synchronize project data in both directions, each synchronization overlays existing data in the target system. For example, if you make an update to budget data in both Primavera P6 and in EnterpriseOne, and then synchronize project data from Primavera P6 to EnterpriseOne, the changes that were made in the EnterpriseOne system will be overwritten with the data from the Primavera P6 system. The same is true of synchronizing data from EnterpriseOne to P6.
To avoid these data issues, Oracle strongly recommends that your organization synchronizes project data in only one direction, either from EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6, or from Primavera P6 to EnterpriseOne. This PIP enables you to synchronize data in either direction to accommodate the needs of your organization.

2. Primavera P6 uses only one currency, and EnterpriseOne can use multiple currencies.

To ensure that currency conversions are accurate, you must specify the currency that is used in the Primavera P6 system in the processing options of the Project Extract program.

When you synchronize a project from EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6, the system identifies the currency that is associated with the amounts in the project, and compares that currency to the processing option value. If the project currency is different than the currency that is specified in the processing options, the EnterpriseOne system converts the amounts to the Primavera P6 currency before sending the data.

All currency conversions are handled in the EnterpriseOne system using standard currency conversion processing.

For example, if the Primavera P6 system uses currency EUR, and the EnterpriseOne rates for a project are in currency USD, set the processing option for the data extract program to EUR. The extraction process then performs all of the currency-related calculations and builds the XML file with a currency code of EUR.

In a non-currency environment, you must set the processing option of the extract program to the specific currency that used in the EnterpriseOne system. It is assumed that this currency is the same as the Primavera P6 currency. This value is required to indicate the currency for the amounts that are sent to Primavera P6.

A non-currency environment applies only to EnterpriseOne. An organization uses a non-currency environment when they do not want to use any currency in their rates. The assumption is made that the organization deals with only one currency and therefore doesn’t need to setup the overheads that come with currency conversion processing. It is also assumed that the Primavera P6 instance uses that same base currency, and no conversion of the amounts is required.

3. Because balances are stored in the EnterpriseOne system by period, users can retrieve financial information at the period level and not at the daily level.

Users must specify the fiscal year and century to select the appropriate account balance records.

4. If a task (WBS in P6, account in E1) exists in both Primavera P6 and EnterpriseOne, deletion of the task in either system requires you to also manually delete that task in the other system to preserve data integrity.

For example, when you delete an account that is associated with a project in EnterpriseOne, and the WBS that corresponds to that account exists in Primavera P6, you must manually delete that WBS in the Primavera P6 system. To delete the WBS, use the Activities view in P6 Web Access.
If you delete a WBS in Primavera P6, and the account that corresponds to that WBS exists in EnterpriseOne, you must manually delete that account in the EnterpriseOne system. To delete the task in EnterpriseOne, use the Job Cost Code Structure (P51091) or the Account (P0901) program. If there is financial information associated with the account it can not be deleted, but it’s posting edit code can be changed to I (inactive) status.

5. The Original Budget Amount and Budget Amount fields are not passed from EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6 when a project is synchronized.

6. When you create a job in EnterpriseOne, and synchronize the job to Primavera P6, the Primavera P6 is created using the EnterpriseOne job (business unit) number as the project ID, and the business unit description is used as the project description.

   Be aware that if the business unit ID is already being used as a project ID in Primavera P6, the synchronization process will fail. Therefore, before you create projects (business units) in EnterpriseOne that you want to synchronize to Primavera P6, verify that the project ID is available.

7. Be aware of how Primavera P6 handles name and resource rate data. This information is described in detail following this list.

8. Be aware of how Primavera P6 and JD Edwards EnterpriseOne handle start and end times for calendar events. This information is described in detail later in this section.

### Primavera P6 Name and Resource Rate Data

Some of that data that exists in the Primavera P6 system is handled differently than in other systems. To accommodate the differences in each system, some of the items in Primavera P6 are handled differently so that this PIP will function properly.

**Role Name**

Role Name in Primavera P6 can have a maximum of 100 characters and should be unique. Other applications may not have unique names for roles. Therefore, to ensure that role names are unique, this PIP utilizes this formula when inserting a role name into Primavera P6, using attributes from the ProjectResourceSetEBO:

```
Role name + space + [AlternateObjectKey (if exists) OR Application Object key].
```

**Calendar Name**

Calendar names in Primavera P6 can have maximum of 60 characters and should be unique. Other applications may not have unique names for calendars. Therefore, to ensure that calendar names are unique when inserted into Primavera P6, this PIP concatenates different attributes of the ResourceAvailabilityCalendarEBO to determine the calendar name, as follows:

```
Name + Space + (Alternate key (if exists) OR Application Object Key).
```

If the name is empty, the system adds ERP in front of it. User can change the default prefix by editing the P6CalendarDefaultPrefix=ERP AIA configuration property.

**Resource Rate Unit of Measure**

Primavera P6 supports only **Hourly** as a valid unit of measure for labor and non-labor resources.
Therefore, Primavera P6 can support only those unit codes [UOM] which can be converted into the hourly unit code. Supported UOM codes include Daily, Weekly, and Monthly. If the UOM code is not supported, it is ignored during processing.

Primavera P6 uses standard conversion rates for the following incoming unit codes when converting to hourly units:

- Hourly = 1 hour
- Daily = 8 hours
- Weekly = 40 hours
- Monthly = 160 hours

**Handling Multiple Resource Rates for a Given Date**

On occasion, multiple equipment rates are sent from JD Edwards EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6. These resource rate records are sent from EnterpriseOne with key information in the AlternateObjectKey of the ResourceRate record.

Additionally, there are two AIA configuration properties that are used to define the filter that the system uses to identify the rate record that should be used in Primavera P6 when multiple rates exist. The properties are:

- P6.MULTIRATE.EFFECTIVEDATE.FILTER1 = RateTable_Key
- P6.MULTIRATE.EFFECTIVEDATE.FILTER2 = RateGroup_Key

For example, EnterpriseOne might send a multi-part key in AlternateObjectKey as follows:

```
RATETABLE::RATEGROUP::KEY1::KEY2::KEY4
```

When the rates are received, Primavera P6 checks the AlternateObjectKey. If this data exists, the system reads the two filters from the AIA Configuration properties and uses the resource rate record that matches the filter criteria. Other records will be skipped.

If AlternateObjectKey does not exist, Primavera P6 receives the rates as they are, and no filtering is applied.

**Start and End Times for Calendar Activities**

In Primavera P6 all calendar activities use a start time of XX:00 or XX:30 (where XX is the hour), and they use end times of either XX:29 or XX:59. If you synchronize calendar data from EnterpriseOne, and your start and end times differ from those listed here, the system converts the times during synchronization to conform to the Primavera P6 start and end time format, as described here:

- Any EnterpriseOne records with a start time between XX:00 and XX: 29 will be stored in Primavera P6 with a start time of XX:00.
- Any EnterpriseOne records with a start time between XX:30 and XX:59 will be stored in Primavera P6 with a start time of XX:30.
- Any EnterpriseOne records with an end time between XX:00 and XX:29 will be stored in Primavera P6 with an end time of XX:29.
- Any EnterpriseOne records with an end time between XX:30 and XX:59 will be stored in Primavera P6 with an end time of XX:59.
For example, if an activity in EnterpriseOne is scheduled to start at 12:15 and end at 1:30, the corresponding record in Primavera P6, after synchronization is complete, has a start time of 12:00 and an end time of 1:59.

To avoid having calendars in EnterpriseOne and Primavera P6 that contain different start and end times, Oracle recommends that, whenever possible, you use the Primavera P6 format for start and end times when creating activities or calendar events in EnterpriseOne that will be synchronized to Primavera P6.

For example, if you would normally schedule a meeting from 1:00 to 2:00, schedule the meeting from 1:00 to 1:59. Similarly, use start and end times such as 8:00 to 4:59 to designate a work day.

Alternatively, you can synchronize calendar activities using any start and end times that you desire. Just be aware that there might be discrepancies between your EnterpriseOne and Primavera P6 calendars.

For more information about creating calendars and activities in EnterpriseOne, see JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Address Book 9.0 Implementation Guide, Using Foundation Calendar.

Synchronize JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Project Data to Primavera P6

To ensure that project data between JD Edwards EnterpriseOne and Primavera P6 remains synchronized, you can periodically run data extraction programs in the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system. These programs extract project-related data based on the selection criteria that you enter, and create XML files that includes the data to be transferred to Primavera P6.

Project data in the EnterpriseOne system is stored in these tables:

- Business Unit Master (F0006)
- Extended Job Master (F5108)
- Account Master (F0901)
- Cost Code Schedule (F51901)
- Account Balances (F0902)
- Account Ledger (F0911)

In EnterpriseOne, a project is defined by the existence of a Business Unit Master record (F0006) and a related Extended Job Master record (F5108).

There are two batch programs that extract project-related data from the EnterpriseOne system:

- Project Extract program (R51006D)
  - You run this program to extract project data from the F0006 and F5108 tables.
- WBS Extract program (R51901D)
  - This program is called from the Project Extract program (R51006D), and extracts account cost data that is related to the projects that were extracted using the R51006D.
This program is not intended to be run alone, and can only be processed as a result of being called by the Project Extract program.

The Project Extract program includes a processing option that you use to specify the location where the files will be created. The program generates files in the specified location using this naming convention:

\(<program\ _name>\_<\text{date\ in\ mmddyy\ format}>\_<\text{time\ in\ hhmms\ format}>\_<\text{sequence\ number}>\.xls\)

For example, if you run the R51006D program on January 25, 2010, the file name might be \textbf{R51006D\_012510\_081543\_1.xml}.

\textbf{Note:} The R51901D program does not create a separate xml file. This program appends financial data to the xml file that is created by the R51006D. The R51901D uses the same data selection that is defined on the R51006D to ensure that financial data is extracted only for those projects that have been selected for data extraction.

After the file has been created in the specified location, a file or FTP consumer service retrieves the file and debatches it into smaller, more easily managed files. These smaller files are then transformed into the appropriate format so that they can be read by the AIA objects, and subsequently, by the Primavera P6 system.

Primavera P6 web services then update the Primavera P6 database with the new or changed data from the EnterpriseOne system.

For more information about running data extract programs, FTP, and OAS see Chapter 3: 
\emph{Loading and Synchronizing Master Data from JD Edwards EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6}.

For more information about setting up data extract programs, including setting processing options and FTP or OAS information, see Chapter 7: Implementing the Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP.

\textbf{Interfaces}

This integration flow uses these interfaces:

- Project Extract program (R51006D)
- WBS Extract program (R51901D)
- ProjectExtractJDEE1FileConsumer
- ProjectExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer
- SyncProjectListJDEE1ReqABCSImp
- ProjectEBS
- SyncProjectListP6EPPMProvABCSImp
- Primavera P6 web service ProjectSync
This diagram illustrates the create project from Primavera P6 to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne process flow:

**Synchronize JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Project Data to Primavera P6**

**Program Logic**

When you initiate the project data synchronization from JD Edwards EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6, these events occur:

1. User creates a project in EnterpriseOne.
2. User sets up and runs the Project Extract program (R51006D), which subsequently calls the WBS Extract program (R51901D).
3. The extract programs create one or more xml files that contain project and financial data in a predefined location. This file includes project data in JDEE1ProjectABM format.
4. The ProjectExtractJDEE1FileConsumer or ProjectExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer service retrieves the JDEE1ProjectABM message, and debatches it into smaller, more efficiently processed messages.

**Note:** The ProjectExtractJDEE1Consumers (File or FTP) have the ability to debatch the JDEE1ProjectABM message into multiple messages. This might cause multiple instances of SyncProjectListJDEE1ReqABCSImpl and subsequent services.

5. The debatched messages are sent to the SyncProjectListJDEE1ReqABCSImpl, which transforms the messages into a common format of an enterprise business message (EBM), in this case, the SyncProjectListEBM.

   The SyncProjectListJDEE1ReqABCSImpl also creates the EnterpriseOne side of the necessary cross-reference records.

6. The EBM is then sent to the enterprise business service (EBS) ProjectEBS.
7. The ProjectEBS routes the message to the Primavera P6 ABCS, in this case, the SyncProjectListP6EPPMPrvABCSSmpl.
8. The SyncProjectListP6EPPMPrvABCSSmpl transforms the EBM into a Primavera P6 business message, in this case, the P6ProjectABM.
9. The P6ProjectABM is consumed by the Primavera P6 web service, ProjectSync.
10. The ProjectSync web service creates or updates records in the Primavera P6 database, and updates the cross reference records with the Primavera P6 object IDs.
Project Management Data Requirements

Data requirements indicate the mandatory data that must be provided to make the flow successful. For project management creation and updates, the message must include these fields, at a minimum:

- Project ID
- Description

Core AIA Components

These core AIA components are used by the project management process integration:

- ProjectEBS
- ProjectEBO
- SyncProjectListEBM

The core EBO and EBM XSD files can be located by EBO within this parent folder:
http://[HOST:PORT]/AIAComponents/EnterpriseObjectLibrary/Core/EBO/Project/V1

The core EBS WSDL files can be located by EBO within this parent folder:
http://[HOST:PORT]/AIAComponents/EnterpriseBusinessServiceLibrary/Core/EBO/Project/V1

For detailed documentation of individual EBOs, click the EBO name link on the Integrations Scenario Summary page in the Oracle AIA Console. You can also use the Integrations Scenario Summary page to search for and view integration scenarios that use a particular EBO or EBS.

For more information about EBOs, see Oracle Applications Integration Architecture - Foundation Pack: Core Infrastructure Components Guide, "Using the BSR," Using the BSR UI to View Integration Scenarios.

Project Management Integration Services

These are the services delivered with this integration:

- ProjectEBS
- ProjectExtractJDEE1FileConsumer
- ProjectExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer
- SyncProjectListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl
- SyncProjectListJDEE1ReqABCSImpl

Many of the services listed in this section include preprocesses to ensure that the services are extensible.
For more information about extensibility, see Oracle Application Integration Architecture – Foundation Pack: Integration Developer’s Guide, “Extensibility for AIA Artifacts.”

You can use the Integration Scenario Summary page in the Oracle AIA Console to search for and view integration scenarios that use a particular ABC service.

For more information about using the Oracle AIA Console, see Oracle Application Integration Architecture – Foundation Pack: Core Infrastructure Components Guide, “Using the BSR,” Using the BSR UI to View Integration Scenarios.

**ProjectEBS**

The ProjectEBS enterprise business service exposes the SyncProjectList enterprise operation that can be performed with a ProjectList enterprise object. All of the project management integration flows use the operation provided by this EBS. This service is implemented as a lightweight ESB routing service.

This graphic illustrates where the ProjectEBS lies within the project management process flow:

![ProjectEBS Diagram](image)

**ProjectEBS for JD Edwards EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6**

**Routing Rules**

Most of the operations associated with the ProjectEBS provide simple pass-through functionality to an appropriate provider ABCS implementation. In such cases, the only program logic for the operation is the routing rules. Routing rules specify which target provider ABCS to rout the message to.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operation</th>
<th>If EBM Header Contains…</th>
<th>Route Message To…</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Create Project</td>
<td>JDEE1</td>
<td>SyncProjectListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>P6EPPM</td>
<td>SyncProjectListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Update Project</td>
<td>JDEE1</td>
<td>SyncProjectListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>P6EPPM</td>
<td>SyncProjectListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## ProjectExtractJDEE1FileConsumer

The ProjectExtractJDEE1FileConsumer ESB process retrieves and debatches xml files that are created when EnterpriseOne batch extract programs are processed. These files contain project-related information for multiple projects. These files can be retrieved only from the SOA server.

The R51006D batch program generates an xml file with project data that this service will pick up for processing. No public interface is available for this service. An instance for this service is created only when a message is pulled from the queue.

Unlike the ProjectExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer service, this service does not use an FTP adapter to retrieve the xml files. However, the endpoint configuration property for this service must be set up with the location of the XML files. The XML files exist on the SOA Server for this service to function properly.

You can either specify SOA server file location on the processing option of the extract program, or manually move the files to this location. The consumer will only retrieve the files once they are on the SOA server.

This service has several configurable ESB properties:

- **fileLocation**
  
  This is the location of the project extract xml files in the SOA Application Server. You must update this property with the file location.

- **pollingFrequency**
  
  This is the interval in seconds to check the arrival of project extract xml files. The default value for this property is 30 seconds.

- **batchSize**
  
  This is the size of the batch that the incoming file is to be split into. You must use a value of 1 for this PIP. Primavera P6 has a limitation of 1 record when processing project information. Therefore, to ensure successful processing of project data, do not use a value other than 1 in this property.
For more information about configuring ESB properties, see Enterprise Service Bus Quick Start Guide 10g, “Creating, Configuring and Managing and Oracle Enterprise Service Bus.”

ProjectExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer

The ProjectExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer ESB process retrieves and debatches xml files that are created when EnterpriseOne batch extract programs are processed. These files contain project-related information for multiple projects.

The R51006D batch program generates an xml file with project data that this service will pick up for processing. No public interface is available for this service. An instance for this service is created only when a message is pulled from the queue.

This service uses an FTP adapter to pull the xml files directly from the EnterpriseOne server for processing. An FTP Server must be configured on the EnterpriseOne Enterprise Server. The FTP adapter must be configured to use the FTP connection that is set up on the EnterpriseOne Enterprise Server. Additionally, the endpoint configuration property for this service must be set up with the location of the XML files.

This service has several configurable ESB properties:

- fileLocation
  This is the location of the project extract xml files in the SOA Application Server. You must update this property with the file location.

- pollingFrequency
  This is the interval in seconds to check the arrival of project extract xml files. The default value for this property is 30 seconds.

- batchSize
  This is the size of the batch that the incoming file is to be split into. You must use a value of 1 for this PIP. Primavera P6 has a limitation of 1 record when processing project information. Therefore, to ensure successful processing of project data, do not use a value other than 1 in this property.

For more information about configuring ESB properties, see Enterprise Service Bus Quick Start Guide 10g, “Creating, Configuring and Managing and Oracle Enterprise Service Bus.”

SyncProjectListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl

The SyncProjectListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl service transforms the SyncProjectListEBM messages into the appropriate SyncProjectListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl ABM and invokes the ProjectSync web service in the Primavera P6 system. The service is implemented as a BPEL service.

One asynchronous one-way operation is provided by this interface service:

SyncProjectListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl

These preprocesses are included in the SyncProjectListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl to ensure that ABC services are extensible:
• PreprocessABM
• PreprocessEBM

No post processes are included, because no response message is returned to the caller.

---

**SyncProjectListJDEE1ReqABCSImpl**

The SyncProjectListJDEE1ReqABCSImpl service receives and transforms the JDEE1 Project ABM into the appropriate SyncProjectListEBM format and invokes the SyncProjectList EBS operation. This service is implemented as a BPEL service.

One asynchronous one-way operation is provided by this interface service:

    SyncProjectListJDEE1ReqABCSImpl

These preprocesses are included in the SyncProjectListJDEE1ReqABCSImpl to ensure that ABC services are extensible:

• PreprocessABM
• PreprocessEBM

No post processes are included, because no response message is returned to the caller.
Chapter 6: Describing the Process Integration for Timesheet Management

This chapter provides an overview of the timesheet management process, lists prerequisites, and discusses:

- Solution assumptions and constraints.
- Loading timesheet data from Primavera P6 to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne.
- Timesheet data requirements.
- Core AIA components.
- Timesheet integration services.

Timesheet Management Process Integration Overview

The process integration for timesheet management supports the process flow for creating timesheet data in Primavera P6 and synchronizing to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne.

This process flow enables users to track the time that labor resources spend on specific projects and tasks, and load that information into the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system, where it can be included in financial and payroll processing. This process also enables users to send non-project (overhead) time to EnterpriseOne for processing.

This diagram illustrates the timesheet management integration process:
Chapter 6: Describing the Process Integration for Timesheet Management

Timesheet Management Process Flow: Primavera P6 to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne

**Prerequisites**

Before you can use the timesheet management integration process, you must:

- Perform all master data loads.

  For more information about master data loads, see *Chapter 3: Loading and Synchronizing Master Data from JD Edwards EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6*.

- Map the Primavera P6 pay codes to the EnterpriseOne pay types using DVMs.

  Map Primavera P6 overhead pay codes to EnterpriseOne pay types using the `PROJECTEXPENDITURE_TYPECODE` DVM. Map Primavera P6 project-related pay codes to EnterpriseOne pay types using the `PROJECT_EXPENDITURE_SRCDOCUMENT_ENTITY_TYPECODE` DVM.

  If you do not correctly map pay codes between the systems, the timesheet batch synchronization process will fail.

  For more information about creating pay types in EnterpriseOne, see *JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Human Capital Management Application Fundamentals 9.0 Implementation Guide, “Setting Up Pay Types.”*
For more information about creating activity codes in Primavera P6, see Primavera P6 Online Help, “Administration,” Defining Administrative Categories.

For more information about DVMs, see “Describing the Domain Value Maps.”

- Define timesheet periods in Primavera P6 and define pay period and/or labor distribution period dates in EnterpriseOne.

Oracle recommends that the Primavera P6 timesheet periods use the same dates as the master pay cycles or labor distribution periods in EnterpriseOne.

For more information about creating master pay cycles in EnterpriseOne, see JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Payroll 9.0 Implementation Guide, “Setting Up Payroll Cycle Information.”


For more information about creating timesheet periods in Primavera P6, see Primavera P6 Online Help, “Timesheet Dates Administration.”

- Complete all Primavera P6 setup that is required for the PIP.

A Primavera P6 administrator must grant access to any user who is authorized to send timesheet data from Primavera P6 to EnterpriseOne. Additionally, you must verify that the Primavera P6 setup utility has been processed to set up necessary UDFs and configuration settings.

For more information about setting up Primavera P6 for this PIP, see Setting Up the Primavera P6 System.

Solution Assumptions and Constraints

These are the solution assumptions and constraints for the timesheet management process flow:

1. It is assumed that employees who do not enter project-related time in the Primavera P6 system will enter their time using the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system.

This integration process retrieves project and overhead time only for employees who are, or have been, assigned to selected projects.

There are additional considerations to be aware of regarding overhead time. These issues are documented in detail at the end of this section.

2. Only approved timesheets associated with selected projects are sent from Primavera P6 to EnterpriseOne.

It is assumed that Primavera P6 users will enter and approve timesheets in a timely manner to ensure that timesheet data is synchronized to the EnterpriseOne system before payroll processing begins for each time period.
Chapter 6: Describing the Process Integration for Timesheet Management

Note: Oracle strongly recommends that you run the Apply Actual process before sending timesheet data to EnterpriseOne. Running Apply Actuals ensures that project data remains in sync between the two systems.

For more information about approving timesheets, see Primavera P6 Online Help, “Tools,” Time Approval.

For more information about processing timesheets using Apply Actuals, see Primavera P6 Online Help, “Managing Projects,” Updating Projects.

3. Values for the EnterpriseOne field Address Book Number and Pay Type are validated by the BatchTimesheetManager business service. Therefore, a valid address book number and pay type must be included in the message for the timesheet to be sent to EnterpriseOne. An invalid Address Book Number will result in the entire batch of timesheets failing.

Valid values in the Address Book Number, Pay Type, and Hours fields are required to create a timecard in EnterpriseOne.

If no value exists for the Hours field, the system inserts the records into the F06116Z1 table using 0 as a value. However, this value must be corrected in the F06116Z1 to include valid data before they can be uploaded to the F06116.

For more information about the time entry batch upload process, see JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Time and Labor 9.0 Implementation Guide, “Setting Up Time Entry Batch Processing.”

4. As with the Pay Type field, the Account Number and Charge Out Business Unit fields are also not validated until you run the Time Entry Batch Processor program (R05116Z11).

If errors occur on any of the fields in the F06116Z1, the records are not uploaded from the F06116Z1 table to the F06116 table. You must enter valid data in all fields, including account numbers, before the records are transferred to the F06116.

If necessary, you can leave the fields blank and allow the payroll AAI to automatically update this data directly on the timecard records in the F06116. However, if the AAI does not contain a valid account number for the timecard, the record is not uploaded to the F06116.

5. Any mismatch between the size of fields in the EBM and EnterpriseOne will result in a truncation of data.

6. This process flow enables users to insert time records into EnterpriseOne, but does not include the functionality to update existing time records in EnterpriseOne. Once you have synchronized timesheet records to EnterpriseOne, all updates to those records must be done in the EnterpriseOne system.

7. You can enter time against equipment in the Primavera P6 system. However, this time is not sent to the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system. To cost time against a piece of equipment, you must enter time against that piece of equipment directly in the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system.
Overhead Time Considerations

When using the timesheet process integration, you must be aware of how overhead time is retrieved from the Primavera P6 system.

Overhead time is any time that a labor resource works that is not related to a specific project. Overhead might include such items as:

- Sick or vacation time.
- Administrative time.
- Training time (not related to a specific project).
- Any other non-project time that is paid.

Overhead Issue 1: No Project Work Included on Timesheet for Employees with No Previous Project Work

Another scenario that users must be aware of relates to overhead time for employees who typically work on projects, but who have no project work for a given time period. For example, your organization might hire a new employee. This employee must complete internal training during the first pay period worked, and does not log any time towards a particular project.

In this scenario, the system will not find the employee’s overhead time because no time records exist for a specific project. In such cases, there are multiple methods you can use to ensure that the employee’s overhead is included in EnterpriseOne processing. These methods include:

- Enter the overhead time directly into the EnterpriseOne system.
- Create a fake project in Primavera P6. Have the employee enter their overhead time, and create an entry for at least one hour towards the fake project. Include the fake project ID when selecting projects to include in the synchronization process. The system will find the overhead when it finds the time entry for the fake project ID. After time records have been inserted into the EnterpriseOne database, you can delete the time that was entered towards the fake project before processing payroll.

Overhead Issue 2: No Project Work Included on Timesheet for Employees with Previous Project Work

The final scenario that users must be aware of relates to employees who have previously logged time to projects, but who do not have any project time logged in the current period. In this scenario, the system would not find the overhead time using the standard search methods. Therefore, the system will continue searching through previous timesheets until it can find one of the selected projects for an employee. If the system does find a timesheet from a previous period that includes a selected project, the system will include the overhead time from the current period.

Loading Timesheet Data from Primavera P6 to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne

This process flow enables users to track the time that labor resources spend on specific projects and tasks, and load that information into the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system, where it can be included in financial and payroll processing.
Primavera P6 timesheets contain lists of time records. Each of these records represents an individual timecard record in the EnterpriseOne system. Each timesheet record must contain this data in order to be successfully processed by the EnterpriseOne system:

- Resource Object ID (Address Book Number in EnterpriseOne)
- Overhead Code or Project Activity Code (Pay Type in EnterpriseOne)
- Hours Worked
- Date Worked

For more information about creating timesheets in Primavera P6, see Primavera P6 Project Management Online Help, “Administration,” Managing Timesheets.

Users can load both project and non-project timecards into the EnterpriseOne system from the P6 system. Project timecards contain a reference value that the system uses to retrieve the appropriate account number from a cross-reference table. Non-project timecards do not include this project reference. Therefore, account numbers are assigned to those timecards by the EnterpriseOne Payroll automatic accounting instructions (AAIs) after they have been uploaded into the EnterpriseOne database.

Note: All users should review the Solution Assumptions and Constraints section of this chapter to ensure that they fully understand how non-project (overhead) time is processed.


The timesheet management integration process utilizes the Primavera P6 Send to ERP function in the Primavera P6 Web application, Primavera P6 web services, an EBS, a requestor and a provider ABCS, and an EnterpriseOne web service to insert timecard data into the F06116Z1 table in the EnterpriseOne database. This is a temporary table that holds the timecard data. Users can review and update the data in this table, and then run the Time Entry Batch Upload program (R05116Z1I) to transfer the timecards from the F06116Z1 to the F06116 table. Once timecards are in the F06116 table, they can be processed by the EnterpriseOne Time and Labor and/or Payroll systems.

Note: After you load timesheet data into the EnterpriseOne system, all queries, updates, and deletes of that timecard data should be done in the EnterpriseOne system. If you use the Primavera P6 system to update timesheets that have already been loaded to EnterpriseOne, those updates are ignored by the EnterpriseOne system. The updated timesheet will not overwrite the timesheet that was initially loaded into EnterpriseOne.

For more information about the batch timecard upload process in EnterpriseOne, see JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Time and Labor 9.0 Implementation Guide, “Setting Up Time Entry Batch Processing.”

Interfaces

This integration flow uses these interfaces:

- Send to ERP option in Primavera P6 Web application
• Primavera P6 web service ResourceHourService
• SyncProjLabExpendItemListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl
• ProjectExpenditureItemEBSV1
• SyncProjLabExpendItemP6EPPMReqABCSImpl
• EnterpriseOne published business service BatchTimeSheetManager (JP050001)

This diagram illustrates the timesheet process flow:

Timesheet data process flow

Program Logic

When you initiate the timesheet management process flow from Primavera P6, these events occur:

1. Primavera P6 user creates a timesheet and commits it to the database.
2. Primavera user approves the timesheets.
3. Optionally, the Primavera user runs Apply Actuals.
   
   This step is optional, but recommended in order to keep project data synchronized between systems.

4. Using the Send to ERP function in Primavera P6, user specifies the projects to be included and the timesheet date range, and selects the Timesheet Hours option.
5. The Send to ERP process calls the ResourceHourService web service, which creates the Primavera Timesheet ABM message and places it in the AIA_ProjP6EPPMJMSQueue.
6. The ProjectListP6EPPMJMSConsumer retrieves the message from the queue and sends it to the SyncProjLabExpendItemListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl.
7. The SyncProjLabExpendItemListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl transforms the message into SyncProjectLaborExpenditureItemListReqMsgEBM format and sends it to the ProjectExpenditureItemEBSV1.
8. The ProjectExpenditureItemEBSV1 sends the message to the SyncProjLabExpendItemListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl.
9. The SyncProjLabExpendItemListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl transforms the EBM into the BatchTimesheetManager_InsertBatchTimesheetABM format so that it can be consumed by the EnterpriseOne published business service.

10. The SyncProjLabExpendItemListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl also retrieves cross-reference values for PROJECTEXPENDITUREITEM_ID, PROJECT_TASK_ID, and PROJECTRESOURCESSET_RESOURCEID, and retrieves the appropriate pay type code from the PROJECTEXPENDITURE_TYPECODE or PROJECT_EXPENDITURE_SRCDOCUMENT_ENTITY_TYPECODE DVMS, depending on whether the time sheet record is an overhead activity or a project activity.

11. The BatchTimeSheetManager published business service receives the ABM and invokes the BatchTimeSheetInsertProcessor business service, which inserts the records into the F06116Z1 table in EnterpriseOne.

12. EnterpriseOne users then utilize the standard batch timecard process to upload records from the F06116Z1 table, and include them in all necessary payroll and/or financial processes.

### Timesheet Management Data Requirements

Data requirements indicate the mandatory data that must be provided to make the flow successful. For the timesheet integration process to be successful, each timesheet records must include:

- Resource Object ID (Address Book Number in EnterpriseOne)
- Overhead Code or Project Activity Code (Pay Type in EnterpriseOne)
- Hours Worked
- Date Worked

**Note:** Sending timesheets with blank hours will result in creation of timecards in EnterpriseOne F06116Z1 table with zero values in this field. This value must be updated with valid data before the timecards can be processed and moved to the F06116 table.

### Core AIA Components

These core AIA components are used by the timesheet management process integration:

- ProjectExpenditureItemEBSV1
- ProjectExpenditureItemEBO
- SyncProjectLaborExpenditureItemListReqMsgEBM

The core EBO and EBM XSD files can be located by EBO within this parent folder:

http://[HOST:PORT]/AIAComponents/EnterpriseObjectLibrary/Core/EBO

The core EBS WSDL files can be located by EBO within this parent folder:

http://[HOST:PORT]/AIAComponents/EnterpriseBusinessServiceLibrary/Core/EBO
For detailed documentation of individual EBOs, click the EBO name link on the Integrations Scenario Summary page in the Oracle AIA Console. You can also use the Integrations Scenario Summary page to search for and view integration scenarios that use a particular EBO or EBS.

For more information about EBOs, see Oracle Applications Integration Architecture - Foundation Pack: Core Infrastructure Components Guide, “Using the BSR,” Using the BSR UI to View Integration Scenarios.

Timesheet Management Integration Services

These are the services delivered with this integration:

- ProjectExpenditureItemEBSV1
- SyncProjLabExpendItemListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl
- SyncProjLabExpendItemListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl

Many of the services listed in this section include preprocesses to ensure that the services are extensible.

For more information about extensibility, see Oracle Application Integration Architecture – Foundation Pack: Integration Developer’s Guide, “Extensibility for AIA Artifacts.”

You can use the Integration Scenario Summary page in the Oracle AIA Console to search for and view integration scenarios that use a particular ABC service.

For more information about using the Oracle AIA Console, see Oracle Application Integration Architecture – Foundation Pack: Core Infrastructure Components Guide, “Using the BSR,” Using the BSR UI to View Integration Scenarios.

ProjectExpenditureItemEBSV1

The ProjectExpenditureItemEBSV1 enterprise business service exposes the SyncProjLaborExpenditureItemList enterprise operation that can be performed with a ProjectLaborExpenditureItemList enterprise object.

This service is implemented as a lightweight ESB routing service.

This graphic illustrates where the ProjectExpenditureItemEBSV1 lies within the timesheet management process flow:
Routing Rules

The operations associated with the ProjectExpenditureItemEBSV1 provide simple pass-through functionality to an appropriate provider ABCS implementation. In such cases, the only program logic for the operation is the routing rules. Routing rules specify which target provider ABCS to route the message to.

SyncProjLabExpendItemListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl

The SyncProjLabExpendItemListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl service receives the Primavera Timesheet ABM message, transforms it into SyncProjectLaborExpenditureItemListReqMsgEBM format, and sends it to the ProjectExpenditureItemEBS.

The service is implemented as a BPEL service.

One asynchronous one-way operation is provided by this interface service:

    SyncProjLabExpendItemListP6EPPMABCSImpl

These preprocesses are included in the SyncProjLabExpendItemListP6EPPMABCSImpl to ensure that ABC services are extensible:

- PreprocessABM
- PreprocessEBM

No post processes are included, because no response message is returned to the caller.

SyncProjLabExpendItemListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl

The SyncProjLabExpendItemListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl service receives the SyncProjectLaborExpenditureItemListReqMsgEBM message and transforms it into BatchTimesheetManager_InsertBatchTimesheetABM format so that it can be consumed by the EnterpriseOne published business service.

The SyncProjLabExpendItemListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl also retrieves cross-reference values for PROJECTEXPENDITUREITEM_ID, PROJECT_TASK_ID, and PROJECTRESOURCESET_RESOURCEID, and retrieves the appropriate pay type code from either the PROJECTEXPENDITURE_TYPECODE or PROJECT_EXPENDITURE_SRCDOCUMENT_ENTITY_TYPECODE DVM, depending on whether the timesheet record is an overhead activity or a project activity.

This service is implemented as a BPEL service.

One asynchronous one-way operation is provided by this interface service:

    SyncProjLabExpendItemListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl

These preprocesses are included in the SyncProjLabExpendItemListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl to ensure that ABC services are extensible:

- PreprocessABM
- PreprocessEBM

No post processes are included, because no response message is returned to the caller.
Chapter 7: Implementing the Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP

Before using the Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP, you must complete all of the necessary implementation and configuration tasks. You complete these tasks after you have installed the appropriate AIA foundation pack and the Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP.

This chapter discusses how to:

- Set up JD Edwards EnterpriseOne applications.
- Use JD Edwards EnterpriseOne web services.
- Set up batch processing information.
- Set up Oracle Web Services Manager security information.
- Set up the Primavera P6 system.
- Describe cross-references.
- Handle errors.
- View EBO implementation maps.
- Describe domain value maps.
- Set configuration properties.
- Review default routing rules.

**Setting Up JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Applications**

Before you can use the Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP, you must set up several EnterpriseOne applications that are used by the PIP. The integration processes and flows that are supported in this PIP generally require that data is entered into the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system before any data loads or synchronizations occur to the Primavera P6 system. Therefore, it is critical that users understand how to accurately enter data into the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system so that data loads and synchronization processes are successful.

This section discusses how to:

- Enter data in JD Edwards EnterpriseOne.
- Set up data extract programs.
Chapter 7: Implementing the Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP

Entering Data in JD Edwards EnterpriseOne

To successfully use the Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP, you must verify that the data in the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system has been entered, and is accurate, before running any process integrations. To fully utilize the Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP, these records must exist in JD Edwards EnterpriseOne:

- **Calendar records.**

  The Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP uses calendar records to schedule resources for projects. You use the Calendar Maintenance program (P01311) to create and maintain calendars for various entities such as employees, suppliers, and resources.

  For more information about creating and maintaining calendar records, see *JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Address Book 9.0 Implementation Guide, “Using Foundation Calendar.”*

- **Activity records.**

  The Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP uses activity records to show resource availability when scheduling resources for projects. You use either the Calendar Maintenance program (P01311) or the Activity Homepage program (P01312) to create and maintain activities. Activities include any schedulable task or event, and they can be added to calendars.

  For more information about creating and maintaining calendar records, see *JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Address Book 9.0 Implementation Guide, “Using Foundation Calendar.”*

- **Employee and address book records.**

  The Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP uses employee and/or address book records when scheduling labor resources for a project. Employees in the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system can have both an Employee Master record (F060116) and an Address Book record (F0101), depending on several different factors. At a minimum, each employee has an Address Book record.

  For more information about entering address book records, see *JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Address Book 9.0 Implementation Guide, “Entering Address Book Records.”*

  For more information about entering employee records, see *JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Human Capital Management Application Fundamentals 9.0 Implementation Guide, “Setting Up Employee Information.”*

- **Item records.**

  The Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP uses item records to add non-schedulable resources to a project. For example, a project for building a house might require nails, shingles, and windows. These can be set up as items, and added to the project. You use the Item Master program (P4101) to create and maintain item information.

  For more information about entering item records, see *JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Inventory Management 9.0 Implementation Guide, “Entering Item Information.”*
• Asset records.

The Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP uses asset records to add equipment resources to a project. For example, a project for building a house might require a forklift and a concrete truck. You set these resources up as assets, and then schedule them to be included in the project. You use the Equipment Master program (P1701) or the Asset Master program (P1201) to enter and maintain equipment asset information.


• Chart Types

Chart types are predefined account structures in EnterpriseOne. The Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP uses chart types to map WBS categories (project phases) in Primavera P6 to accounts in EnterpriseOne. Before using this PIP, you must create chart types and run the data extraction program that sends chart types to Primavera P6. Primavera P6 receives chart types as WBS categories. Users must assign WBS categories to each WBS in a Primavera P6 project before synchronizing that project to EnterpriseOne. If the WBS does not have a WBS category, or has a WBS category that does not exist as a valid chart type in EnterpriseOne, the system does not create an account for that WBS when the project is sent from Primavera P6 to EnterpriseOne.

Be aware that the name of the WBS Category field in Primavera P6 is user-defined. The default name for this field is Project Phase.


Setting Up Data Extract Programs

Before you can use the Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP effectively, you must load master data from the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system into the Primavera P6 system. Master data includes calendar, resource, and resource rate information.

To load this master data, you run data extract programs in the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system. These programs gather data from the EnterpriseOne database and create XML files that are consumed by AIA middleware. The AIA middleware reformats the data in the XML files so that it can be read by the Primavera P6 system.

In addition to the master data extract programs, there are also process integration data extract programs that you can run periodically to sync project-related information from JD Edwards EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6.

Before you run these programs, you must set the processing options for each program. Oracle recommends that you copy the version of the program that is delivered with the software, and then set the processing options on the copied version of the program.

Note: Each data extract program contains a processing option to specify the location where the resulting XML file is stored. You must specify this location for each data extract program that you run, or the system will not create a file.
These programs include the file location processing option:

- R01311D
- R0007D
- R1201D
- R4101D
- R0101D
- R08001D
- R5109D
- R1301D
- R4101E
- R51006D

These data extract programs also include additional processing options that determine how the system processes the data that is included in the file:

- R01311D
  Set a processing option to specify the calendar type to include in the data extraction process.

- R51006D
  Set the processing options for this program to specify how the system extracts project-related data. This program is used on a recurring basis, after master data has been loaded, to synchronize project data between JD Edwards EnterpriseOne and Primavera P6.


For more information about setting processing options, see JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Tools 8.98 Foundation Guide, “Using Processing Options.”

Setting the File Location Processing Option for Data Extract Programs

Set this processing option for each data extract program:
### Setting Additional Processing Options for the Calendar Master XML Extract Program (R01311D)

In addition to the file location option, set this processing option before running the R01311D program:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calendar To Use</td>
<td>Specify the type of calendar data to extract. For example, to extract individual calendar data, enter AN8.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Setting Additional Processing Options for the R51006D

In addition to the file location option, set these processing options before running the R51006D program:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fiscal Year</td>
<td>Specify the fiscal year to use when extracting WBS data from the F0902 table. If you leave this option blank, the extract process uses the current fiscal year.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Period Number</td>
<td>Specify the fiscal period number to use when extracting WBS data from the F0902 table. If you leave this option blank, the extract process uses the current fiscal period.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount Currency</td>
<td>Enter the currency code that is used by the Primavera P6 system. This code is used for amount conversions when the project has a different currency in EnterpriseOne and Primavera P6.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If you leave this option blank, the extract process uses the currency code from the company master. If you enter a currency code in this processing option that is different than the currency code on the F0010 company record, the amount will be converted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project WBS Version (R51901D)</td>
<td>Specify the version of the Project WBS data extract program (R51901D) to process. The R51901D program is called directly from the R51006 version XJDE0001.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total to display</td>
<td>Specify which total the system includes in the XML file. Values include:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I: Inception to Date - Include balances rolled forward along with totals from period 1 through the period number that is entered in the Period Number option.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>C: Cumulative - The sum of period 1 though the period number that is entered in the Period Number option.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>P: Period - Include totals from only the period that is specified in the Period Number option. If you leave this option blank, the system includes inception to date totals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Projects to Include in XML File</td>
<td>Specify the number of projects to include in each XML file. If you leave this option blank, the system includes only one project per XML file. Primavera P6 accepts only one project per file. You can either set this processing option to send only one project per file, or you can set the file consumers to</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
debatch the file that you create into separate files that contain only one project. The file consumers that retrieve this xml file are ProjectExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer or ProjectExtractJDEE1FileConsumer.

For more information about debatching, see Setting Up Batch Processing Information.

| Project Templates | Specify whether the selected projects are sent to Primavera P6 as project templates, or as standard projects. If you want to send a project to Primavera P6 as both a template and a project, you must process the project twice. Once with this option set to 1, and once with this option blank. Values include: blank: Project is not written as a template. 1: Project is written as a template. |

Using the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne ProjectManager Web Services

The ProjectManager published business service (JP510010) manages the processing of project-related web service operations. This table includes a description of each project web service operation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operation</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>processProject (J5100010)</td>
<td>This service processes adds and updates of job cost data in the EnterpriseOne system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>processWBS (J5100030)</td>
<td>This service processes adds and updates of WBS and task data in the EnterpriseOne system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>processFinancialForecast (J5100020)</td>
<td>This service processes adds and updates of financial forecast data in the EnterpriseOne system.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For more information about business services, see JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Business Services 9.0 Reference Guide.

processProject (J5100010)

The processProject web service operation is an inbound transaction operation that processes adds and updates of job cost data in JD Edwards EnterpriseOne.
The processProject operation is called from the ProjectManager published business service. The net change utility is called for each project that is being updated. The processProject operation calls the CreateProjectHeader business function (B5100120) for adds and updates to the Extended Job Cost Master record (F5108) and the Business Unit Master record (F0006). Users can specify a model business unit in the business service properties of this operation. When a new project is added, the system copies the model business unit that is specified in the properties.

Within the called business function, when a model business unit is passed, the model is copied to create the new project. After processing the project header, if there are no errors, the processProject operation calls the processWBS operation if activity records exist within the value object.

When a project is added, the business function returns the business unit and the company number values. These values are then passed to the processWBS operation.

The operation returns either a success message or an error if the operation fails.

Setup Considerations

Before you use this operation, you set business service properties to specify how the system processes data. This table includes information about the business service properties that the processProject operation uses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group</th>
<th>Key</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>J5100010</td>
<td>J5100010_DEFAULT_PROJECT_MODEL</td>
<td>Specify the Job Code to copy when adding a new project.</td>
<td>JB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J5100010</td>
<td>J5100010_PROJECT_JOB_COST_PREFIX</td>
<td>Specify a two-character prefix to add to a next number. The combination of the prefix and the next number are then used as the job cost number.</td>
<td>AA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


Implementation Details

This table includes details that can help you determine whether the processProject operation is functioning correctly:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Answer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>How can I tell if the operation completes successfully?</td>
<td>If the operation completes successfully, zero to many records are returned, based on the selection criteria. The records that are returned to the consumer include all of the fields that are listed in the response interface for this operation. However, some of those fields can contain blank or zero values, depending on the data that exists in the message. At a minimum, the system returns non-zero values for these fields: businessUnit, commonID, numberProjectRecordsProcessed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If I encounter errors while processing a transaction, do I need to reverse the transaction?</td>
<td>No. If any part of the transaction fails, all of the changes are rolled back to their original state.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Does this operation use record reservation?</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**processWBS (J5100030)**

The processWBS web service operation is an inbound transaction operation that processes adds and updates of WBS/task data in JD Edwards EnterpriseOne.

The processWBS operation is called from the processProject operation. The processWBS operation calls the CreateProjectAccount business function (B5100410) to add and UpdateProjectAccount business function (B5100140) to update the Account Master record (F0901).

After processing the F0901 records, if there are no errors and financial forecast records exist in the value object, the processWBS operation calls the processFinancialForecast operation.

In add mode, business function B5100140 returns the AccountId and passes it to the processFinancialForecast operation to process financial records.

The processWBS operation collects messages that are returned by the business functions and adds them to an E1MessageList. If any portion of the add fails, all other changes will be rolled back.

**Setup Considerations**

Before you use this operation, you set business service properties to specify how the system processes data. This table includes information about the business service properties that the processWBS operation uses:
Chapter 7: Implementing the Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group</th>
<th>Key</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>J5100030</td>
<td>J5100030_DEFAULT_CHART_TYPE</td>
<td>Specify the Chart Type from UDC 51/TC that is used when creating a new account.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


Implementation Details

This table includes details that can help you determine whether the processWBS operation is functioning correctly:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Answer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>How can I tell if the operation completes successfully?</td>
<td>If the operation completes successfully, zero to many records are returned, based on the selection criteria. The records that are returned to the consumer include all of the fields that are listed in the response interface for this operation. However, some of those fields can contain blank or zero values, depending on the data that exists in the message. At a minimum, the system returns non-zero values for the accountID field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If I encounter errors while processing a transaction, do I need to reverse the transaction?</td>
<td>No. If any part of the transaction fails, all of the changes are rolled back to their original state.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Does this operation use record reservation?</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

processFinancialForecast (J5100020)

The processFinancialForecast web service operation is an inbound transaction operation that processes adds and updates of financial forecast data in JD Edwards EnterpriseOne.
The processFinancialForecast operation is called from the processWBS operation. The processFinancialForecast operation calls the CreateProjectFinancialForecasts business function (B5100160) to add, and the UpdateProjectFinancialForecasts business function (B5100160) when updating financial forecast data.

The processFinancialForecast operation collects the number of records processed, and all messages that are returned by the business functions, and add them to an E1MessageList.

If any portion of the add fails, all other changes will be rolled back.

Setup Considerations

Before you use this operation, you set business service properties to specify how the system processes data. This table includes information about the business service properties that the processFinancialForecast operation uses:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group</th>
<th>Key</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>J5100020</td>
<td>J5100020_AMOUNT_LEDGER_TYPE</td>
<td>Specify the ledger type code to use for amount financial forecasts. If this value is null, the system will also populate the budget amount with the system default, JA. You can use any other value from UDC 09/LT in this property, with the exception of HA, which is used for projected amounts.</td>
<td>JB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J5100020</td>
<td>J5100020_UNIT_LEDGER_TYPE</td>
<td>Specify the ledger type code to use for unit financial forecasts. If this value is null, the system also populates the budget unit with the system default, JU. You can enter any other valid value from UDC 09/LT in this property, with the exception of HU, which is used for projected amounts.</td>
<td>AA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J5100020</td>
<td>J5100020_CURRENT_PERIOD</td>
<td>Specify whether to use the company current financial period or base on current date. If this property is set to 1, the current period is based on the company current period setting in the F0010, which is the General Accounting Current Period, PNC. Otherwise, the system uses the period by date setup in the F0008.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


**Implementation Details**

This table includes details that can help you determine whether the processFinancialForecast operation is functioning correctly:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Answer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>How can I tell if the operation completes successfully?</td>
<td>If the operation completes successfully, zero to many records are returned, based on the selection criteria. The records that are returned to the consumer include all of the fields that are listed in the response interface for this operation. However, some of those fields can contain blank or zero values, depending on the data that exists in the message.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If I encounter errors while processing a transaction, do I need to reverse the transaction?</td>
<td>No. If any part of the transaction fails, all of the changes are rolled back to their original state.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Does this operation use record reservation?</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Using the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne BatchTimeSheetManager Web Services

The BatchTimeSheetManager published business service (JP05001) manages the processing of the BatchTimeSheetInsertProcessor web service operation (J0500010). This service processes inserts to the Employee Transactions Batch File (F06116Z1) in EnterpriseOne.

For more information about business services, see *JD Edwards EnterpriseOne Business Services 9.0 Reference Guide.*

BatchTimeSheetInsertProcessor (J0500010)

The BatchTimeSheetInsertProcessor web service operation is a database insert operation that processes inserts into the Employee Transactions Batch File (F06116Z1) in JD Edwards EnterpriseOne.

The BatchTimeSheetInsertProcessor operation is called from the BatchTimeSheetManager published business service. The operation assigns a unique identifier using next number processing to each record before inserting it into the table. Any errors that are encountered are returned to the user in an E1MessageList.

Implementation Details

This table includes details that can help you determine whether the BatchTimeSheetInsertProcessor operation is functioning correctly:
### Setting Up Batch Processing Information

To use the master data load and synchronization programs, you must first set up batch information. This section discusses how to:

- Set transaction timeout values.
- Set up debatching information.
- Set up batch consumer properties.
- Set up FTP adapter information.

#### Setting Transaction Timeout Values

When you send information between JD Edwards EnterpriseOne and Primavera P6, you are sending batches of data, not individual transactions. The timeout value in many systems is set to accommodate transactional processing, which typically takes a shorter amount of time than processing a batch of data.

To ensure that the system is able to process all of the data in a batch before timing out, you must verify that the timeout values are set to a higher number than is used for standard transactional processing.
This table lists the configuration files and minimum timeout settings that you must update to accommodate larger timeout values. You might need to increase these settings depending on SOA setup and message size.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Configuration file</th>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SOA_Oracle_Home\j2ee\home\config\transaction-manager.xml</td>
<td>transaction-timeout</td>
<td>420</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOA_Oracle_Home\j2ee\home\application-deployments\orabpel\ejb_ob_engine\orion-ejb-jar.xml</td>
<td>transaction-timeout</td>
<td>380</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOA_Oracle_Home\bpel\domains\domain_name\config\domain.xml</td>
<td>syncMaxWaitTime</td>
<td>360</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** The syncMaxWaitTime setting must be set using the configurations tab on the BPEL console, and should not be manually updated. Also, the values here are suggested values, and might need to be increased to accommodate large batches of data.

In addition to these settings, you must also adjust the #JTA xa_timeout setting in the <SOA_HOME>/integration/esb/config/esb_config.ini file.

For more information about the #JTA setting, see Setting Up Resequencer for Batch Processing.

**Setting up Debatching Information**

The debatching process is used to split single files that contain a large number of records into smaller files with fewer records. These smaller files can be consumed and processed more efficiently.

For debatching to function properly, you must update the server.xml file, which is located at: <SOA_HOME>/j2ee/<instance_name>/config/ by adding the jar files to the following section:

```
<shared-library name="oracle.bpel.common" version="10.1.3">
```

Use this example to assist you with updating the server.xml file. The text that appears in red must be added to the file. Be aware that data in the example below, such as ems1832, is to be used as an example only, and will be different for each implementation.
Example: server.xml file

Setting Up Batch Consumer Properties

For the Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP to function properly, you must set up ESB properties for these batch consumer services:

- ProjectExtractJDEE1FileConsumer
- ProjectExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer
- ResourceSetExtractJDEE1FileConsumer
- ResourceSetExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer
- ResourceRateExtractJDEE1FileConsumer
- ResourceRateExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer
- ResourceAvailabilityCalendarExtractJDEE1FileConsumer
- ResourceAvailabilityCalendarExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer

To set these properties, open the ESB console, locate the service, and then select the Properties tab.

All of the consumer services listed in this section have these two properties, which you can configure in the following way:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Configuration Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>batchSize</td>
<td>This property determines how many records are included in each batch.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Note:</strong> For the ProjectExtract consumers, the value for this property must be set to 1. Primavera P6 accepts only one project per file.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>For all other services, set this property to 512 or lower. Primavera P6 web services cannot process batches that contain more than 512 records.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pollingFrequency</td>
<td>This property specifies the time interval, in seconds, when the file consumers check the fileLocation for new files to process. The default value for this property is 30.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ftpLocation or fileLocation</td>
<td>These properties specify the location of the xml file. This location must be the same as the location that you enter in the processing options of the corresponding EnterpriseOne data extract program. The ftpLocation must also correspond to the location of the FTP adapter, and the fileLocation must also correspond to the location of the file adapter. For example, enter: jdedwards/ddp/output/Project</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** Oracle recommends that you do not change the batchSize or pollingFrequency properties for the FTP adapter.

**For more information** about ESB properties, see *Enterprise Service Bus Quick Start Guide 10g, “Creating, Configuring, and Managing an Oracle Enterprise Service Bus.”*

### Setting Up FTP Adapter Information

To support the data loading and synchronization processes for the Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP, you must set up FTP adapter information by modifying the oc4j-ra.xml file at the following location:
The host, port, username, password, `ftpAbsolutePathBegin`, `ftpPathSeparator`, and `serverType` values must be set according to the FTP setup on the EnterpriseOne Enterprise Server.

Copy an existing connector factory and make the name `eis/Ftp/JDEE1FtpAdapter`. Use the following text as an example of how to modify this file. Be aware that this text is intended only as an example, and some of the data included here will be different for each implementation.

```xml
<?xml version="1.0"?>
  <imported-shared-libraries>
    <import-shared-library name="oracle.bpel.common"/>
    <import-shared-library name="oracle.xml"/>
  </imported-shared-libraries>

  <connector-factory location="eis/Ftp/JDEE1FtpAdapter" connector-name="FtpAdapter">
    <config-property name="host" value="denmlsan011.mlab.jdedwards.com"/>
    <config-property name="port" value="21"/>
    <config-property name="username" value="psft"/>
    <config-property name="password" value="psft"/>
    <config-property name="ftpAbsolutePathBegin" value="Z:"/>
    <config-property name="ftpPathSeparator" value="/"/>
    <config-property name="keepConnections" value="true"/>
    <config-property name="serverType" value="win"/>
    <config-property name="serverLocaleLanguage" value=""/>
    <config-property name="serverLocaleCountry" value=""/>
    <config-property name="serverLocaleVariant" value=""/>
    <config-property name="serverEncoding" value=""/>
    <config-property name="useFtps" value="false"/>
    <config-property name="useImplicitSSL" value="false"/>
    <config-property name="walletLocation" value="C:\wallet\newallet.p12"/>
    <config-property name="walletPassword" value="welcome1"/>
    <config-property name="channelMask" value="both"/>
    <config-property name="securePort" value="990"/>
    <config-property name="keystoreProviderName" value=""/>
    <config-property name="keystoreType" value=""/>
    <config-property name="keystoreAlgorithm" value=""/>
    <config-property name="enableCipherSuits" value=""/>
    <config-property name="proxyHost" value=""/>
    <config-property name="proxyPort" value=""/>
    <config-property name="proxyUsername" value=""/>
    <config-property name="proxyPassword" value=""/>
    <config-property name="proxyType" value=""/>
    <config-property name="proxyDefinitionFile" value=""/>
    <config-property name="useProxy" value="false"/>
  </connector-factory>
</oc4j-connector-factories>
```
Setting Up Oracle Web Services Manager Security Information

You must set up the Oracle Web Services Manager (OWSM) client agent to store the security credentials that are used by the EnterpriseOne web services.

To set up OWSM security information:

Sign in to the OWSM system and select the Policy Management section.

1. From the Manage Policies page, click the Add New Component button.

2. Enter a new component using this data, and then click Register:
   
   | Component Name | Enter a name for the component, such as | E1_WS_Client_Agent |
   | Component Type | Select Client Agent | |
   | Container Type | Select OC4J | |

3. Record the component ID.

4. Create this directory:
   
   `<SOA_HOME>/e1_client_agent`

5. Access the agent.properties in the `<SOA_HOME>/owsm/bin` directory.

6. Update the agent.properties so that:
   
   - `agent.componentType=OC4JClientInterceptor`
   - `client.home=<SOA_HOME>/e1_client_agent`
Note: The path listed here is an example, using the directory that you created in step 5. This path can differ for each installation. Enter a path that corresponds to your installation. Also, be sure to use forward slashes, even when running on Windows. For example:

```
client.home=F:/product/10.1.3.1/OracleAS_1/e1_client_agent
```

- agent.component.id is equal to the value that you recorded in step 4.

7. Copy the SetUsernamePasswordStep.xml file to your local machine. The file is located in either the PIP install location, or `<AIA_HOME>/PIPS/Core/JDEE1/Utilities/OWSM`.

8. Navigate to the directory listed in step 5 and run this command:

```
./wsmadmin.sh installAgent.
```

Note: When running on Windows, use the command `wsmadmin.bat installAgent`.

9. Return to the Manage Policies form in OWSM and select Steps.

10. Click the Add New Steps button to begin the process of adding a new step for the component ID that you created in step 4.

11. Browse to the SetUsernamePasswordStep.xml file that you copied to your local machine and then click Upload.

12. In OWSM, access your component default policy by clicking the policies link, and then click the Edit icon.

13. Edit the Request pipeline to set the user password and add WS security.

14. Add the steps listed here by clicking the Add Step Below link in the appropriate location. Oracle also recommends that you add a log step before and after each of these steps:

   - Insert the Set Username Password Step.
   - Insert the Insert WS Basic Credentials Step.

15. Review the request pipeline, which should look like this:
Editing the request pipeline

16. Configure the Set Username Password Step to enter the actual user name and password data, and save the configuration.

When configuring the new step, use this information:

- The step name is Set Username Password Step.
- Set the Basic Properties as:
  
  **Enabled**

  **Type:** Boolean

  **Value:** True

- Set the User Credentials for Username (*) as:
  
  **Type:** string

  **Value:** Enter the user name, for example, username: DN=REGUSR01, ENV=PY812SOD, ROLE=TG2

- Set the User Credentials for Password (*) as:
  
  **Type:** string
Value: Enter the password for the associated user name. The password that you enter appears as ********.

- No faults exist for this step.

17. Click the Commit Policy link.

18. Configure and copy the wsif-wsm-config.xml file to this location:

   `<SOA_HOME>/j2ee/<instance_name>/config directory`

The server path for the client agent folder that was created, and the component ID that was created in OWSM, must be updated in the provided file before upload. The file is located in the PIP installation location or `<AIA_HOME>/PIPs/Core/JDEE1/Utilities/OWSM`.

Once copied, open the file and change the path location to where you have installed e1_client_agent. Be sure to use forward slashes in the path name, even when running on Windows. For example:

   `F:/product/10.1.3.1/OracleAS_1/e1_client_agent/owsm/config/interceptors/C0003001/`

19. Add the oracle.wsm.agent shared library.

A runtime exception is issued if this library is not in sever.xml file. To add the shared library, open the OC4J_HOME/j2ee/<soa_instance>/config/server.xml file and search for the line:

   `<shared-library name="oracle.wsm.agent" version="10.1.3.1" library-compatible="true"/>

20. If a shared library named oracle.wsm.agent is not available, you must install a temporary server agent, which adds the oracle.wsm.agent shared library to the server.xml file.

   Once the library has been added to the file, edit these properties in the
   OC4J_HOME/owsm/bin /agent.properties file:

   - agent.componentType: OC4JServerInterceptor
   - agent.component.id: C0009999

   This is an arbitrary identifier for the temporary server agent.

   - Verify that the Oracle Application Server is running.

   - Carry out the `<SOA_HOME>/owsm/bin/owsmadmin installAgent` command to create a temporary server agent.

     You will be prompted to enter a password. Enter the password of the oc4jadmin user. The command adds the shared library and creates a directory for the server agent.

   - Delete the temporary server agent by deleting the
     OC4J_HOME/owsm/config/interceptors/C0009999 directory.

21. Restart SOA to update the system with the changes.
 Oracle Project Portfolio Management Integration Pack for Primavera P6 and JD Edwards EnterpriseOne 2.5

Setting Up the Primavera P6 System

Before you can send any data from the Primavera P6 system to the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne system, you must set up Primavera P6 to work with the JD Edwards EnterpriseOne ERP system.

Setting up Primavera P6 includes:

- Setting up Primavera P6 servers.
- Setting the configuration settings.
- Authorizing users to send data to ERP systems.
- Running the Primavera P6 setup utility.

Setting Up Primavera P6 Servers

Before you can synchronize any data between JD Edwards EnterpriseOne and Primavera P6, you must turn off the keep-alives switch in the Weblogic Application server or JBOSS server.

After Primavera P6 has been installed, and the web services and the web application have been deployed, complete these steps listed here for the appropriate server.

**Weblogic Application Server**

1. Log into the Weblogic Application server console from a browser.
2. Click Lock & Edit.
3. Expand Environments and then select Servers.
4. Select the server that is used by Primavera P6.
5. Select the Protocols tab from Settings for <Server Name>.
6. From the list of tabs, select HTTP.
7. Deselect Enable Keepalives.
8. Click Save.
9. Click Activate Changes from left-hand menu.

**JBOSS Server**

1. Navigate to `<JBOSS INSTALL LOCATION>/server/primaveraweb/deploy/jbossweb.sar/` and open server.xml
2. Add `maxKeepAliveRequests="1"` attribute to the “Connector” element.
   
   For example:
   
   ```xml
   <Connector protocol="HTTP/1.1" port="8080" address="*" connectionTimeout="20000" maxKeepAliveRequests="1"
   redirectPort="8443" />
   ```
3. Restart the JBOSS server.
Setting the Configuration Settings

Before you can send data from Primavera P6 to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne, you must set up the Primavera system to integrate with ERP systems. You use configuration settings to specify how the Primavera P6 system integrates with outside ERP systems. This PIP utilizes the values that are entered in the configuration settings that begin with Database/Instance/AIA.

This PIP is configured to use the standard default configuration settings. However, if you choose to change any of these values in the AIAConfigurationProperties.xml file, you must make sure that the value that you enter in the corresponding configuration property in Primavera P6 is also updated.

**Warning!** Only an experienced Primavera P6 administrator should use the P6 Administration application to modify configuration settings.


Authorizing Users to Send Data to ERP Systems

To initiate the integration processes from Primavera P6 to JD Edwards EnterpriseOne, users must access the Send to ERP option from the Primavera P6 menu. In order to access this menu option, users must have authorization. A Primavera P6 administrator can set up specific user security profiles with the appropriate privileges to access this menu option and application.

In the Primavera P6 Project Management client, administrators follow these steps to set the appropriate security privileges:

1. Select Admin, and then Security Profiles.
2. In the Security Profiles dialog box, select Project Profiles.
3. Select the Allow Integration with ERP System option in the Privilege table.

   After the administrator has set these privileges, the user who has been granted the privilege can view the Send to ERP command from the Open Projects menu on the Activities page of Web Access.


Running the Primavera P6 Setup Utility

Before you can use this PIP, you must run the runAIAP6EPPMSetup.bat utility. This utility:

- Maximizes the data limits on ID fields.
- Creates and validates UDF fields for AIA integrations.
- Creates and validates the project code that is required for the integration.
- Creates and validates the EPS node that is required for the integration.
The utility and detailed instructions are located within the AIAP6EPPMSetupUtility.zip file. This file is located at:

```
<AIA Home>/PIPS/Core/PrimaveraP6/Utilities/
AIAP6EPPMSetupUtility/AIAP6EPPMSetupUtility.zip
```

**UDF Information**

When you run the utility several UDFs are created in Primavera P6. Each UDF corresponds to a setting in the AIAConfigurationProperties.xml file. If you update any of the UDFs that this utility creates, you must also update the associated tag in the AIAConfigurationProperties.xml file.

This table includes information about the UDFs that are created by this utility:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UDF Name</th>
<th>UDF Subject Area</th>
<th>UDF Data Type</th>
<th>AIA Configuration Property Tag</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ERP Description</td>
<td>Project</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>Project.Description.Field.Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERP Description</td>
<td>WBS</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>WBS.Description.Field.Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERP Description</td>
<td>Activity</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>Activity.Description.Field.Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERP Chargeable Indicator</td>
<td>WBS</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>WBS.ChargeableIndicator.Field.Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERP Actual Raw Total Cost Amount</td>
<td>WBS</td>
<td>Cost</td>
<td>WBS.ActualRawTotalCostAmount.Field.Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERP Actual Raw Total Cost Amount</td>
<td>Activity</td>
<td>Cost</td>
<td>Activity.ActualRawTotalCostAmount.Field.Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERP Actual Burdened Total Cost</td>
<td>WBS</td>
<td>Cost</td>
<td>WBS.ActualBurdenedTotalCostAmount.Field.Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERP Actual Burdened Total Cost</td>
<td>Activity</td>
<td>Cost</td>
<td>Activity.ActualBurdenedTotalCostAmount.Field.Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERP Total Raw Cost Amount</td>
<td>WBS</td>
<td>Cost</td>
<td>WBS.TotalRawCostAmount.Field.Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERP Total Burdened Cost Amount</td>
<td>WBS</td>
<td>Cost</td>
<td>WBS.TotalBurdenedCostAmount.Field.Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERP Planned Labor Quantity</td>
<td>WBS</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>WBS.PlannedLaborQuantity.Field.Name</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Enterprise Project Structure

When you create projects in Primavera P6, the system must know what Enterprise Project Structure (EPS) to use so that the project is at the correct hierarchical level. The utility defines the EPS for this PIP as **Imported Projects**.

If you change the EPS for this PIP, you must also update the EPS.Default.ID tag in the AIAConfigurationProperties.xml file.

**ERP Project Template Field**

The utility creates the project code ERP Project Template, which is used when creating a new project in Primavera P6.

Users select a model job, or project template, from the available values in this field so that the EnterpriseOne system knows which job to use as the model when creating a new project.

If you change the name of the ERP Project Template project code, you must also update the TemplateNameProjectCode property in the AIAConfigurationProperties.xml file.

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UDF Name</th>
<th>UDF Subject Area</th>
<th>UDF Data Type</th>
<th>AIA Configuration Property Tag</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ERP Planned Non Labor Quantity</td>
<td>WBS</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>WBS.PlannedNonLaborQuantity.FieldName</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERP Actual Labor Quantity</td>
<td>WBS</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>WBS.ActualLaborQuantity.FieldName</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERP Actual Non Labor Quantity</td>
<td>WBS</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>WBS.ActualNonLaborQuantity.FieldName</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERP EAC Labor Quantity</td>
<td>WBS</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>WBS.EstimateAtCompletionLaborQuantity.FieldName</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERP EAC Cost Amount</td>
<td>WBS</td>
<td>Cost</td>
<td>WBS.EstimateAtCompletionCostAmount.FieldName</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERP Physical Percent Complete</td>
<td>WBS</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>WBS.PhysicalPercentComplete.FieldName</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Understanding Primavera P6 Name and Resource Rate Data

Some of that data that exists in the Primavera P6 system is handled differently than in other systems. To accommodate the differences in each system, some of the items in Primavera P6 are handled differently so that this PIP will function properly.

Role Name

Role Name in Primavera P6 can have a maximum of 100 characters and should be unique. Other applications may not have unique names for roles. Therefore, to ensure that role names are unique, this PIP utilizes this formula when inserting a role name into Primavera P6, using attributes from the ProjectResourceSetEBO:

```
Role name + space + [AlternateObjectKey (if exists) OR Application Object key].
```

Calendar Name

Calendar names in Primavera P6 can have maximum of 60 characters and should be unique. Other applications may not have unique names for calendars. Therefore, to ensure that calendar names are unique when inserted into Primavera P6, this PIP concatenates different attributes of the ResourceAvailabilityCalendarEBO to determine the calendar name, as follows:

```
Name + Space + (Alternate key (if exists) OR Application Object Key).
```

If the name is empty, the system adds ERP in front of it. User can change the default prefix by editing the P6CalendarDefaultPrefix=ERP AIA configuration property.

Resource Rate Unit of Measure

Primavera P6 supports only **Hourly** as a valid unit of measure for labor and non-labor resources. Therefore, Primavera P6 can support only those unit codes [UOM] which can be converted into the hourly unit code. Supported UOM codes include Daily, Weekly, and Monthly. If the UOM code is not supported, it is ignored during processing.

Primavera P6 uses standard conversion rates for the following incoming unit codes when converting to hourly units:

- Hourly = 1 hour
- Daily = 8 hours
- Weekly = 40 hours
- Monthly = 160 hours

Handling Multiple Resource Rates for a Given Date

On occasion, multiple equipment rates are sent from JD Edwards EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6. These resource rate records are sent from EnterpriseOne with key information in the AlternateObjectKey of the ResourceRate record.

Additionally, there are two AIA configuration properties that are used to define the filter that the system uses to identify the rate record that should be used in Primavera P6 when multiple rates exist. The properties are:

- P6.MULTIRATE.EFFECTIVEDATE.FILTER1 = RateTable_Key
- P6.MULTIRATE.EFFECTIVEDATE.FILTER2 = RateGroup_Key
For example, EnterpriseOne might send a multi-part key in AlternateObjectKey as follows:

\texttt{RATETABLE::RATEGROUP::KEY1::KEY2::KEY4}

When the rates are received, Primavera P6 checks the AlternateObjectKey. If this data exists, the system reads the two filters from the AIA Configuration properties and uses the resource rate record that matches the filter criteria. Other records will be skipped.

If AlternateObjectKey does not exist, Primavera P6 receives the rates as they are, and no filtering is applied.

### Describing Cross-References

Cross-references map and connect the records within the application network and enable these applications to communicate in the same language. The integration server stores the relationships in a persistent way so that others can refer to it.

**For more information**, see [Oracle Application Integration Architecture – Foundation Pack - Integration Developer’s Guide and the Oracle Cross Reference User Guide](#).

### Cross-Reference Tables for Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP

This table lists the cross-references for the PIP:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XREFTABLENAME</th>
<th>COLUMN NAME</th>
<th>DESCR</th>
<th>USAGE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PROJECT_ID</td>
<td>JDEE1_01</td>
<td>Cost Center</td>
<td>Lookup/populate during project flow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMMON</td>
<td></td>
<td>System Generated Project Identifier</td>
<td>Lookup/populate during project flow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>Project Identifier</td>
<td></td>
<td>Lookup/populate during project flow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROJECT_STRUCTURE_ID</td>
<td>JDEE1_01</td>
<td>Cost Center</td>
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</tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>Project Structure</td>
<td></td>
<td>Lookup/populate during project flow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>JDEE1_01</td>
<td>Cost Center::Subsidiary:: Object Account</td>
<td>Lookup/populate during project flow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMMON</td>
<td></td>
<td>System Generated Project Task Identifier</td>
<td>Lookup/populate during project flow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XREFTABLENAME</td>
<td>COLUMN NAME</td>
<td>DESCR</td>
<td>USAGE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>WBS and Activity Object IDs. The WBS IDs are prefixed with WBS:: and the activity IDs are prefixed with ACTIVITY::</td>
<td>Lookup/populate during project flow.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RESOURCECALENDAR_ID</td>
<td>JDEE1_01</td>
<td>In EnterpriseOne, calendars can be retrieved from the F01311 table or the F0007 table. For calendars that originate in the F01311, the key is: IdentifierID::IdentifierIDType::CalendarType. For calendars originating from the F0007, the key is: CostCenterAlt::WorkDay CalendarType::WorkDay CalendarKey::Century::CalendarYear::Calendar Month::ShiftCode</td>
<td>Lookup/populate during resource calendar availability flow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMMON</td>
<td></td>
<td>System Generated Resource Calendar ID</td>
<td>Lookup/populate during resource calendar availability flow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>Calendar ID</td>
<td></td>
<td>Lookup/populate during resource calendar availability flow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROJECTRESOURCESET_RESOURCEID</td>
<td>JDEE1</td>
<td>In EnterpriseOne, resources can be retrieved from five sources. For people (labor resources), the key is: AddressNumber::P. For assets, the key is: AssetNumber::A. For items, the key is: ItemNumber::BranchPlant. For roles, the key is: JobType::JobStep. For non-scheduable (chart types), the key is: Subsidiary::ObjectAccount</td>
<td>Lookup/populate during project resource set flow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XREFTABLENAME</td>
<td>COLUMN NAME</td>
<td>DESCR</td>
<td>USAGE</td>
</tr>
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</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>COMMON</td>
<td>System Generated Resource Identifier</td>
<td>Lookup/populate during project resource set flow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>Resource, WBS category, and Role object IDs. The Resource IDs are prefixed with RESOURCE:: and the WBS Category IDs are prefixed with NON_SCHEDULABLE:: and the Role IDs are prefixed with ROLE::</td>
<td>Lookup/populate during project resource set flow.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROJECTRESOURCERATE SCHEDULE_LINEID</td>
<td>JDEE1_01</td>
<td>In EnterpriseOne, resource rates can be retrieved from two sources. For item rates, the key is: ItemNumber::BranchPlant::StartDateActive. For equipment rates, the key is: Equipment#:::StartDateActive::RateUnit::RateGroup::RateTable.</td>
<td>Lookup/populate during project resource rate schedule flow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMMON</td>
<td>System Generated Resource Rate Line Identifier</td>
<td>Lookup/populate during project resource rate schedule flow.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>Resource Rate and Role Rate object IDs. The Resource Rate IDs are prefixed with RESOURCERATE:: and the Role Rate IDs are prefixed with ROLERATE::</td>
<td>Lookup/populate during project resource rate schedule flow.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROJECTRESOURCERATE SCHEDULE_ID</td>
<td>JDEE1_01</td>
<td>In EnterpriseOne, resource rates can be retrieved from two sources. For item rates, the key</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Lookup/populate during project resource rate schedule flow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XREFTABLENAME</td>
<td>COLUMN NAME</td>
<td>DESCR</td>
<td>USAGE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>-------------</td>
<td>-------</td>
<td>-------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>is:</td>
<td>ItemNumber::BranchPlant::StartDateActive. For equipment rates, the key is: Equipment#::StartDateActive::RateUnit::RateGroup::RateTable.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMMON</td>
<td>System Generated Resource Rate Identifier</td>
<td>Lookup/populate during project resource rate schedule flow.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROJECTEXPENDITUREITEM_ID</td>
<td>JDEE1_01</td>
<td>Payroll Transaction Number</td>
<td>Lookup/update during timesheet (expenditure item) flow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMMON</td>
<td>System Generated Expenditure Item Identifier</td>
<td>Lookup/update during timesheet (expenditure item) flow.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>SourceDocumentEntityTypeCode::ObjectID Where SourceDocumentEntityTypeCode can have one of the following values: REGULAR_HRS, OVERTIME_HRS or OVERHEAD_HRS. Where Objectld is ResourceHour's Object ID.</td>
<td>Lookup/update during timesheet (expenditure item) flow.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Handling Errors

The Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP uses the ESB resequencer to manage errors and failures during web service processing.

No PIP-specific errors are issued by the Lead to Order services within the AIA system.

For more information about the errors caused by Primavera P6 or JD Edwards EnterpriseOne, review the product documentation for the programs or objects that you are using.

Resequencing and Error Handling

The Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP uses the ESB resequencer feature to manage any errors or failures during web service processing. The resequencer introduces a data store that stores failed messages until the system successfully processes them. If the message fails, it remains in the resequencer store and blocks any other messages that belong to the same group.

These services have resequencing enabled:

- ProjectExtractJDEE1FileConsumer_RS
- ProjectExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer_RS
- ResourceAvailabilityCalendarExtractJDEE1FileConsumer_RS
- ResourceAvailabilityCalendarJDEE1FTPConsumer_RS
- ResourceSetExtractJDEE1FileConsumer_RS
- ResourceSetExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer_RS
- ResourceRateExtractJDEE1FileConsumer_RS
- ResourceRateExtractJDEE1FTPConsumer_RS

These services are initiated before the EnterpriseOne requester ABCS services in their respective flows, and they protect the data flows from EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6. If an error occurs in any of these flows, the message remains in the resequencer store that is associated with the ESB and the system locks the group.

For project processing, the group is defined by the business unit (project) number when synchronizing from EnterpriseOne to Primavera P6. When synchronizing from Primavera P6 to EnterpriseOne, the group is defined by the Project Object ID. Also, timesheet data is sent as a portion of the project group, so the timesheet data is grouped in the same way.

For resource set processing, the group is defined by address number, job type, and job step for labor resource; item number and branch/plant for material resources; asset item number for non-labor resources; and object and subsidiary for non-schedulable resources.

For resource availability calendar the group is defined by a custom element called GroupID, which consists of the date and time (MMDDYYHHMMSS). The EnterpriseOne extract program creates this ID when generating the XML extract file. For example, `<GroupID>082509140757</GroupID>`. This ensures that each set has a unique identifier.

For resource rate processing, the group is defined by the rate ID, branch/plant, start date active, and rate.

The routing services are initiated before the requester ABCS services in the flows and they protect the data flow between the two systems.

If an error occurs in the requester ABCS or EBS, you must resubmit the batch from the sending system (Primavera P6 or EnterpriseOne).

The main purpose of the resequencer during batch processing is to throttle the provider processing so that all messages are split into a configurable number of groups. By default, the system creates four groups, which are called 1, 2, 3, and 4.
After unlocking the group, the message that contained the failed record will be reprocessed. Therefore, you should identify and correct the error before unlocking the group. Once the failed message is successfully processed, the system processes any messages that are after it in the same group.

A group can be unlocked by connecting to the OAS database with the appropriate user name, such as oraesb, and password, such as orae e following script:

```sql
update esb_group_status set error=0, lockConId='NONE'
where error!=0 and lockConId != 'NONE' and group_id='4343'
and service_guid in (select guid from wf_events where name ='
ProjectExtractJDEE1FileConsumer_RS ');
commit;
```

**Note:** Obtain the user name and password from your SOA administrator.

The values associated with group_id and name should be changed to the appropriate value, where group_id is the name of the group that you want to unlock, and name is the name of the ESB routing service with the resequencer. For example, if group 3 for ProjectExtractJDEE1FileConsumer_RS ends up locked due to an error in one of the messages in that group, run the script:

```sql
update esb_group_status set error=0, lockConId='NONE'
where error!=0 and lockConId != 'NONE' and group_id='3'
and service_guid in (select guid from wf_events where name ='
ProjectExtractJDEE1FileConsumer_RS ');
commit;
```

Then, the message that failed will be reprocessed. If it passes, any other messages in group 3 will be processed one a time until the system encounters another failure or all messages are processed successfully.

### Setting Up Resequencer for Batch Processing

To use the ESB Resequencer for bulk data load error handling, you must update the esb_config.ini file at `<SOA_HOME>/integration/esb/config` to enable Resequencer and set the number of threads for the batch provider processing.

This change requires a restart.

The `#Resequencer` section, depicted in red in this illustration, must be added to the file, because it will not exist after installation of the PIP:
Resequencer setup in esb_config.ini

In addition to adding the #Resequencer section to this file, you must also adjust the 
#JTAxa_timeout setting. The default value is set to 60 seconds, but should be increased to at 
least 360 to accommodate batch processing. This setting might need to be increased, depending 
on SOA setup and message size.

For more information about timeout values, see Setting Transaction Timeout Values.

For more information about setting BPEL timeout settings, see Oracle PBEL Process Manager 
Developer’s Guide 10g, “Troubleshooting and Workarounds.”

Describing the Domain Value Maps

Domain value maps (DVMs) are a standard feature of the Oracle SOA Suite and enable you to 
equate lookup codes and other static values across applications. For example, FOOT and FT or 
US and USA.

DVMs are static in nature, though administrators can add additional maps as needed. 
Transactional business processes never update DVMs; they only read from them. They are 
stored in XML files and cached in memory at runtime.

DVM types are seeded for the Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP flows, and 
administrators can extend the list of mapped values by adding more maps. The DVM data should 
be in sync with what the participating applications use. This sync-up should be done prior to 
running any initial loads, or initiating any incremental transactional flows.
**Note:** DVMs are not automatically synchronized. Therefore, if new UDC values are added in JD Edwards EnterpriseOne, or new values are added in Primavera P6, those values must be manually added to the appropriate DVM, if applicable.

This section contains the DVMs for the Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP.

For more information, see Oracle Application Integration Architecture – Foundation Pack: Integration Developer’s Guide, “Developing Custom XPath Functions.”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DVM</th>
<th>DVM Column Name</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RESOURCE_AVAIL_EXCEPTION_TYPE_CODE</td>
<td>JDEE01, COMMON, P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>Resource availability exception type code.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RESOURCE_AVAIL_EXCEPTION_WHOLE_DAY_INDICATOR</td>
<td>JDEE01, COMMON, P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>Resource availability exception whole day indicator.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DAYS_OF_WEEK</td>
<td>JDEE01, COMMON, P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>Days of the week.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RESOURCE_AVAILCALENDAR_SCOPE_CODE</td>
<td>JDEE01, COMMON, P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>Resource availability calendar scope code.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROJECTRESOURCERATESCHEDULE_TYPECODE</td>
<td>JDEE01, COMMON, P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>Project resource rate schedule type code.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROJECTRESOURCECLASSIFICATION_CODE</td>
<td>JDEE01, COMMON, P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>Project resource classification code.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHONENUMBER_TYPE</td>
<td>JDEE01, COMMON, P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>Phone number type.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROJECTRESOURCESET_ENABLED_INDICATOR</td>
<td>JDEE01, COMMON, P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>Project resource set enabled indicator.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CURRENCY_CODE</td>
<td>JDEE01, COMMON, P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>Currency code.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROJECT_TYPECODE</td>
<td>JDEE01, COMMON, P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>Project type code.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROJECT_STATUSCODE</td>
<td>JDEE01, COMMON, P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>Project status code.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Viewing EBO Implementation Maps (EIMs)

For more information about how services are mapped, see the Oracle support document: EBO Implementation Maps (EIMs) 881022.1.

### Setting Configuration Properties

Before you can use the Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP services, you must set up configuration properties in the AIAConfigurationProperties.xml file. The file is located in `<aia.home>/config/`

Note: When you update the AIAConfigurationProperties.xml file, you must reload the file for the updates to be reflected in the applications or services that use the updated properties. You can perform this reload by clicking the Reload button on the Configuration page in the Oracle AIA Console. Alternatively, you can perform the reload by rebooting the server.

For more information, see Oracle Application Integration Architecture Core Components Guide, “Working with the BSR,” Loading Oracle AIA Configuration Properties File Updates.

### SyncProjectListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl

This table lists the properties for the SyncProjectListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl service:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Name</th>
<th>Values/Default Value</th>
<th>Description and Values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UNIT_OF_MEASURE</td>
<td>JDEE1_01, COMMON, P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>Unit of measure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROJECTEXPENDITUREITEM_ID</td>
<td>JDEE1_01, COMMON, P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>Unique identifier for timesheet records.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROJECT_EXPENDITURE_SRCDOCUMENT_ENTITY_TYPECODE</td>
<td>JDEE1_01, COMMON, P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>Pay code.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROJECTEXPENDITURE_TYPECODE</td>
<td>JDEE1_01, COMMON, P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>Overhead pay codes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RESOURCE_AVAIL_WORKDAYDEFAULT</td>
<td>JDEE1_01, COMMON, P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>Default values for calendar work week start day and work week end day.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property Name</td>
<td>Values/Default Value</td>
<td>Description and Values</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default.SystemID</td>
<td>JDEE1_01</td>
<td>System code defined in BSR from which requests originate for this process.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABCSExtension.PreXformABMtoEBM</td>
<td>True/false</td>
<td>Property that governs whether ABCS extension is enabled at the pre-defined plug-in point. If set to true, the extension process (defined along AIA ABCS extension guidelines) is invoked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.ProjectManager.RouteToCAVS</td>
<td>True/false</td>
<td>Property to govern whether the service should route the message to the CAVS endpoint. Default value is false, which does not route to CAVS. If set to true, it routes to CAVS using the endpoint specified in the CAVS. Endpoint URI property. Values are true and false.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.ProjectManager.CAVS.EndpointURI</td>
<td>http://&lt;SOA_HOST&gt;:&lt;SOA_PORT&gt;/AIA ValidationSystemServlet/asyncrequestrecipient</td>
<td>CAVS Endpoint URL, when CAVS is enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.ProjectManager.MessageProcessingInstruction.EnvironmentCode</td>
<td>PRODUCTION</td>
<td>Property that governs whether the ABM is a production system level message where it should go through its standard path, or whether it is a testing level message where it should go through the testing/simulation path. Values include CAVS or PRODUCTION.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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### Oracle Project Portfolio Management Integration Pack for Primavera P6 and JD Edwards EnterpriseOne 2.5

#### Property Name | Values/Default Value | Description and Values
--- | --- | ---
ABCSExtension.PreInvokeABS | True/false<br>Default value = false | Property that governs whether ABCS extension is enabled at the pre-defined plug-in point. If set to true, the extension process (defined along AIA ABCS extension guidelines) is invoked.

---

#### SyncProjLabExpendItemListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl

This table lists the properties for the SyncProjLabExpendItemListJDEE1ProvABCSImpl service:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Name</th>
<th>Values/Default Value</th>
<th>Description and Values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Default.SystemID</td>
<td>JDEE1_01</td>
<td>System code defined in BSR from which requests originate for this process.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABCSExtension.PreXformABMtoEBM</td>
<td>True/false&lt;br&gt;Default value = false</td>
<td>Property that governs whether ABCS extension is enabled at the pre-defined plug-in point. If set to true, the extension process (defined along AIA ABCS extension guidelines) is invoked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.BatchTimeSheetManager.RouteToCAVS</td>
<td>True/false&lt;br&gt;Default value = false</td>
<td>Property to govern whether the service should route the message to the CAVS endpoint. Default value is false, which does not route to CAVS. If set to true, it routes to CAVS using the endpoint specified in the CAVS. Endpoint URI property. Values are true and false.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Chapter 7: Implementing the Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP

#### Property Name | Values/Default Value | Description and Values
--- | --- | ---
Routing.BatchTimeSheetManager.MessageProcessingInstruction.EnvironmentCode | PRODUCTION | Property that governs whether the EBM is a production system level message where it should go through its standard path, or whether it is a testing level message where it should go through the testing/simulation path. Values include CAVS or PRODUCTION.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Name</th>
<th>Values/Default Value</th>
<th>Description and Values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ABCSExtension.PreInvokeABS</td>
<td>True/false, Default value = false</td>
<td>Property that governs whether ABCS extension is enabled at the pre-defined plug-in point. If set to true, the extension process (defined along AIA ABCS extension guidelines) is invoked.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SyncProjectResourceRateScheduleListJDEE1ReqABCSImpl

This table lists the properties for the SyncProjectResourceRateScheduleListJDEE1ReqABCSImpl service:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Name</th>
<th>Values/Default Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Default.SystemID</td>
<td>JDEE1_01</td>
<td>System code defined in BSR from which requests originate for this process.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABCSExtension.PreXformABMtoEBM</td>
<td>True/false, Default value = false</td>
<td>Property that governs whether ABCS extension is enabled at the pre-defined plug-in point. If set to true, the extension process (defined along AIA ABCS extension guidelines) is invoked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABCSExtension.PostInvokeEBS</td>
<td>True/false, Default value = false</td>
<td>Property that governs whether ABCS extension is enabled at the pre-defined plug-in point. If set to true, the extension process (defined along AIA ABCS extension guidelines) is invoked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.ProjectResourceRateScheduleListJDEE1ReqABCSImpl.RouteToCAVS</td>
<td>True/false, Default value = false</td>
<td>Property to govern whether the service should route the message to the CAVS endpoint. Default value is false, which does not route to CAVS. If set to true, it routes to CAVS using the endpoint specified in the CAVS. Endpoint URI property. Values are true and false.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property Name</td>
<td>Values/Default Value</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.ProjectResourceSetEBSV1.SyncProjectResourceSetList.MessageProcessingInstruction.EnvironmentCode</td>
<td>PRODUCTION</td>
<td>Property that governs whether the EBM is a production system level message where it should go through its standard path, or whether it is a testing level message where it should go through the testing/simulation path. Values include CAVS or PRODUCTION.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SyncProjectResourceSetListJDEE1ReqABCSImpl**

This table lists the properties for the SyncProjectResourceSetListJDEE1ReqABCSImpl service:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Name</th>
<th>Values/Default Value</th>
<th>Description and Values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Default.SystemID</td>
<td>JDEE1_01</td>
<td>System code defined in BSR from which requests originate for this process.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABCSExtension.PreXformABMtoEBM</td>
<td>True/false Default value = false</td>
<td>Property that governs whether ABCS extension is enabled at the pre-defined plug-in point. If set to true, the extension process (defined along AIA ABCS extension guidelines) is invoked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABCSExtension.PreInvokeEBS</td>
<td>True/false Default value = false</td>
<td>Property that governs whether ABCS extension is enabled at the pre-defined plug-in point. If set to true, the extension process (defined along AIA ABCS extension guidelines) is invoked.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Property Name: `Routing.ProjectResourceSetEBSV1.SyncProjectResourceSetList.RouteToCAVS`<br>
**Values/Default Value:** True/false  
Default value = false  
**Description and Values:** Property to govern whether the service should route the message to the CAVS endpoint. If set to true, it routes to CAVS using the endpoint specified in the CAVS. Endpoint URI property. Values are true and false.

### Property Name: `Routing.ProjectResourceSetEBSV1.SyncProjectResourceSetList.CAVS.EndpointUri`<br>
**Values/Default Value:** http://<SOA_HOST>:<SOA_PORT>/AIAValidationSystemServlet/asyncrequestrecipient  
**Description and Values:** CAVS Endpoint URL, when CAVS is enabled.

**Values/Default Value:** PRODUCTION  
**Description and Values:** Property that governs whether the EBM is a production system level message where it should go through its standard path, or whether it is a testing level message where it should go through the testing/simulation path. Values include CAVS or PRODUCTION.

---

**SyncProjectListJDEE1ReqABCImpl**

This table lists the properties for the `SyncProjectListJDEE1ReqABCImpl` service:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Name</th>
<th>Values/Default Value</th>
<th>Description and Values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Default.SystemID</td>
<td>JDEE1_01</td>
<td>System code defined in BSR from which requests originate for this process.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property Name</td>
<td>Values/Default Value</td>
<td>Description and Values</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| ABCSExtension.PreXformABMtoEBM | True/false  
Default value = false | Property that governs whether ABCS extension is enabled at the pre-defined plug-in point. If set to true, the extension process (defined along AIA ABCS extension guidelines) is invoked. |
| ABCSExtension.PreInvokeEBS | True/false  
Default value = false | Property that governs whether ABCS extension is enabled at the pre-defined plug-in point. If set to true, the extension process (defined along AIA ABCS extension guidelines) is invoked. |
| Routing.ProjectEBSV1.SyncProjectList.RouteToCAVS | True/false  
Default value = false | Property to govern whether the service should route the message to the CAVS endpoint. Default value is false, which does not route to CAVS. If set to true, it routes to CAVS using the endpoint specified in the CAVS. Endpoint URI property. Values are true and false. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Name</th>
<th>Values/Default Value</th>
<th>Description and Values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Routing.ProjectEBSV1.SyncProjectList.MessageProcessingInstruction.EnvironmentCode</td>
<td>PRODUCTION</td>
<td>Property that governs whether the EBM is a production system level message where it should go through its standard path, or whether it is a testing level message where it should go through the testing/simulation path. Values include CAVS or PRODUCTION.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SyncProjectListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl

This table lists the properties for the SyncProjectListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl service:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Name</th>
<th>Values/Default Value</th>
<th>Description and Values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ABCSExtension.PreXformABMtoEBM</td>
<td>True/false&lt;br&gt;Default value = false</td>
<td>Property that governs whether ABCS extension is enabled at the pre-defined plug-in point. If set to true, the extension process (defined along AIA ABCS extension guidelines) is invoked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABCSExtension.PreInvokeEBS</td>
<td>True/false&lt;br&gt;Default value = false</td>
<td>Property that governs whether ABCS extension is enabled at the pre-defined plug-in point. If set to true, the extension process (defined along AIA ABCS extension guidelines) is invoked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default.SystemID</td>
<td>P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>System code defined in BSR from which requests originate for this process.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System.P6EPPM_01.TimezoneOffset</td>
<td>No default value.</td>
<td>Use this property to specify the time zone that the service uses.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System.P6EPPM_01.CurrencyCode</td>
<td>Entered through installation UI</td>
<td>Use this property to specify the default system currency of Primavera P6.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property Name</td>
<td>Values/Default Value</td>
<td>Description and Values</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description.Field.Name</td>
<td>ERP Description</td>
<td>Use this property to specify the name of the field that contains the EBO description.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.ProjectEBSV1.CAVS.EndpointURI</td>
<td>No default value.</td>
<td>CAVS Endpoint URL, when CAVS is enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.ProjectEBSV1.RouteToCAVS</td>
<td>True/false Default value = false</td>
<td>Property to govern whether the service should route the message to the CAVS endpoint. Default value is false, which does not route to CAVS. If set to true, it routes to CAVS using the endpoint specified in the CAVS. Endpoint URI property. Values are true and false.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.ProjectEBSV1.SyncProject.RouteToDSL</td>
<td>True/false Default value = false</td>
<td>Use this property to specify whether to route the EBM to internal DSL testing tool.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.ProjectEBSV1.SyncProject.DSL.EndpointURI</td>
<td>No default value</td>
<td>DSL Endpoint URL, when DSL testing tool routing is enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.SyncPortType.CAVS.EndpointURI</td>
<td>No default value</td>
<td>CAVS Endpoint URL, when CAVS is enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.SyncPortType.P6EPPM_01.End pointURI</td>
<td>Entered through installation UI</td>
<td>Endpoint URL of Primavera P6 service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.SyncPortType.RouteToCAVS</td>
<td>True/false Default value = false</td>
<td>Property to govern whether the service should route the message to the CAVS endpoint. Default value is false, which does not route to CAVS. If set to true, it routes to CAVS using the endpoint specified in the CAVS. Endpoint URI property. Values are true and false.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property Name</td>
<td>Values/Default Value</td>
<td>Description and Values</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.UDFTypePortType.CAVS.EndpointURI</td>
<td>No default value</td>
<td>CAVS Endpoint URL, when CAVS is enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.UDFTypePortType.RouteToCAVS</td>
<td>True/false</td>
<td>Property to govern whether the service should route the message to the CAVS endpoint. Default value is false, which does not route to CAVS. If set to true, it routes to CAVS using the endpoint specified in the CAVS. Endpoint URI property. Values are true and false.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.UDFTypePortType.P6EPPM_01.EndpointURI</td>
<td>Entered through installation UI</td>
<td>Endpoint URL of Primavera P6 service.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SyncProjectFinancialPlanListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl**

This table lists the properties for the SyncProjectFinancialPlanListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl service:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Name</th>
<th>Values/Default Value</th>
<th>Description and Values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ABCSExtension.PreXformABMtoEBM</td>
<td>True/false</td>
<td>Property that governs whether ABCS extension is enabled at the pre-defined plug-in point. If set to true, the extension process (defined along AIA ABCS extension guidelines) is invoked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABCSExtension.PreInvokeEBS</td>
<td>True/false</td>
<td>Property that governs whether ABCS extension is enabled at the pre-defined plug-in point. If set to true, the extension process (defined along AIA ABCS extension guidelines) is invoked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default.SystemID</td>
<td>P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>System code defined in BSR from which requests originate for this process.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System.P6EPPM_01.TimezoneOffset</td>
<td>No default value.</td>
<td>Use this property to specify the time zone that the service uses.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Property Name | Values/Default Value | Description and Values
--- | --- | ---
System.P6EPPM_01.CurrencyCode | Entered through installation UI | Use this property to specify the default system currency of P6 installation.
Routing.ProjectFinancialPlanEBSV1.CAVS.EndpointURI | No default value. | CAVS Endpoint URL, when CAVS is enabled.
Routing.ProjectFinancialPlanEBSV1.RouteToCAVS | True/false
Default value = false | Property to govern whether the service should route the message to the CAVS endpoint. Default value is false, which does not route to CAVS. If set to true, it routes to CAVS using the endpoint specified in the CAVS. Endpoint URI property. Values are true and false.
Routing.ProjectFinancialPlanEBSV1.SyncProject.RouteToDSL | True/false
Default value = false | Use this property to specify whether to route the EBM to internal DSL testing tool.
Routing.ProjectFinancialPlanEBSV1.SyncProject.DSL.Endpoint | No default value | DSL Endpoint URL, when DSL testing tool routing is enabled.
Routing.SyncPortType.CAVS.EndpointURI | No default value | CAVS Endpoint URL, when CAVS is enabled.

### SyncProjLabExpendItemListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl
This table lists the properties for the SyncProjLabExpendItemListP6EPPMReqABCSImpl service:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Name</th>
<th>Values/Default Value</th>
<th>Description and Values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Property Name</td>
<td>Values/Default Value</td>
<td>Description and Values</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| ABCSExtension.PreXformABMtoEBM | True/false  
Default value = false | Property that governs whether ABCS extension is enabled at the pre-defined plug-in point. If set to true, the extension process (defined along AIA ABCS extension guidelines) is invoked. |
| ABCSExtension.PreInvokeEBS | True/false  
Default value = false | Property that governs whether ABCS extension is enabled at the pre-defined plug-in point. If set to true, the extension process (defined along AIA ABCS extension guidelines) is invoked. |
| Default.SystemID | P6EPPM_01 | System code defined in BSR from which requests originate for this process. |
| Routing.ProjectExpenditureItemEBSV1.RouteToCAVS | True/false  
Default value = false | Use this property to specify whether to route the EBM to CAVS. |
| Routing.ProjectExpenditureItemEBSV1.CAVS.EndpointURI | No default value | CAVS Endpoint URL, when CAVS is enabled. |
| Routing.ResourceHoursPortType.RouteToCAVS | True/false  
Default value = false | Use this property to specify whether to route the EBM to CAVS. |
| Routing.ResourceHoursPortType.CAVS.EndpointURI | No default value | CAVS Endpoint URL, when CAVS is enabled. |
| System.P6EPPM_01.TimezoneOffset | No default value | Use this property to specify the time zone that the service uses. |
| Routing.ProjectResourcePortType.RouteToCAVS | True/false  
Default value = false | Use this property to specify whether to route the EBM to CAVS. |
### Oracle Project Portfolio Management Integration Pack for Primavera P6 and JD Edwards EnterpriseOne 2.5

#### Property Name | Values/Default Value | Description and Values
--- | --- | ---
Routing(ProjectResourcePortType.CAVS.EndpointURI | No default value | CAVS Endpoint URL, when CAVS is enabled.
Routing(ProjectExpenditureItemEBSV1.SyncProjectLaborExpenditureItemList.RouteToDSL | True/false Default value = false | Use this property to specify whether to route the EBM to internal DSL testing tool.
Routing(ProjectExpenditureItemEBSV1.SyncProjectLaborExpenditureItemListDSL.Endpoint | No default value | DSL Endpoint URL, when DSL testing tool routing is enabled.

### SyncProjectListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl

This table lists the properties for the SyncProjectListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl service:

#### Property Name | Values/Default Value | Description and Values
--- | --- | ---
Default.SystemID | P6EPPM_01 | System code defined in BSR from which requests originate for this process.
ABCSExtension.PreXformEBMtoABM | True/false Default value = false | Property that governs whether ABCS extension is enabled at the pre-defined plug-in point. If set to true, the extension process (defined along AIA ABCS extension guidelines) is invoked.
ABCSExtension.PostInvokeABS | True/false Default value = false | Property that governs whether ABCS extension is enabled at the pre-defined plug-in point. If set to true, the extension process (defined along AIA ABCS extension guidelines) is invoked.
Routing.SyncPortType.CAVS.EndpointURI | No default value | CAVS Endpoint URL, when CAVS is enabled.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Name</th>
<th>Values/Default Value</th>
<th>Description and Values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Routing.SyncPortType.RouteToCAVS</td>
<td>True/false</td>
<td>Property to govern whether the service should route the message to the CAVS endpoint. Default value is false, which does not route to CAVS. If set to true, it routes to CAVS using the endpoint specified in the CAVS. Endpoint URI property. Values are true and false.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.EPSPortType.RouteToCAVS</td>
<td>True/false</td>
<td>Property to govern whether the service should route the message to the CAVS endpoint. Default value is false, which does not route to CAVS. If set to true, it routes to CAVS using the endpoint specified in the CAVS. Endpoint URI property. Values are true and false.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.EPSPortType.CAVS.EndpointURI</td>
<td>No default value</td>
<td>CAVS Endpoint URL, when CAVS is enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.EPSPortType.P6EPPM_01.EndpontURI</td>
<td>Entered through installation UI</td>
<td>Endpoint URL of Primavera P6 service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPS.Default.ID</td>
<td>Imported Projects</td>
<td>Name of the default EPS to create the projects under.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project.Description.Field.Name</td>
<td>ERP Description</td>
<td>Stores the description from project EBO in this UDF in Primavera P6.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project.Description.Field.Type</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>Type of the Description UDF in Primavera P6.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property Name</td>
<td>Values/Default Value</td>
<td>Description and Values</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WBS.Description.Field.Name</td>
<td>ERP Description</td>
<td>Stores the description from WBS EBO in this UDF in Primavera P6.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WBS.Description.Field.Type</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>Type of the WBS Description UDF in Primavera P6.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WBS.ChargeableIndicator.Field.Type</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>Chargeable indicator in P6.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property Name</td>
<td>Values/Default Value</td>
<td>Description and Values</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WBS.PlannedLaborQuantity.Field.Type</td>
<td>Double</td>
<td>Planned Labor Quantity in P6.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WBS.ActualLaborQuantity.Field.Type</td>
<td>Double</td>
<td>Actual Labor Quantity in P6.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WBS.EstimateAtCompletionLaborQuantity.Field.Type</td>
<td>Double</td>
<td>EAC Labor Quantity in P6.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property Name</td>
<td>Values/Default Value</td>
<td>Description and Values</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Activity.Description.Field.Name</td>
<td>ERP Description</td>
<td>Stores the description from Activity EBO in this UDF in Primavera P6.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Activity.Description.Field.Type</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>Type of the Activity Description UDF in Primavera P6.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Property Name | Values/Default Value | Description and Values
--- | --- | ---
Delete.WBS.Activity.Support | True/false Default value = true | Property that determines whether the ABCS deletes the WBSs/activities if they are present in Primavera P6 but not in incoming project structure through EBM.
TimezoneOffset | -08:00 | Use this property to specify the time zone that the service uses.
Calendar.StartTime | 08:00:00 | Calendar start time when the date doesn’t contain time in incoming start date.
Calendar.EndTime | 16:00:00 | Calendar end time when the date doesn’t contain time in incoming end date.

### SyncProjectResourceSetListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl
This table lists the properties for the SyncProjectResourceSetListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl service:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Name</th>
<th>Values/Default Value</th>
<th>Description and Values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Default.SystemID</td>
<td>P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>System code defined in BSR from which requests originate for this process.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABCSExtension.PreXformEBMtoABM</td>
<td>True/false Default value = false</td>
<td>Property that governs whether ABCS extension is enabled at the pre-defined plug-in point. If set to true, the extension process (defined along AIA ABCS extension guidelines) is invoked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property Name</td>
<td>Values/Default Value</td>
<td>Description and Values</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABCSExtension.PostInvokeABS</td>
<td>True/false</td>
<td>Property that governs whether ABCS extension is enabled at the pre-defined plug-in point. If set to true, the extension process (defined along AIA ABCS extension guidelines) is invoked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Default value = false</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.ResourcePortType.RouteToCAVS</td>
<td>True/false</td>
<td>Use this property to specify whether to route the EBM to CAVS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Default value = false</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.ResourcePortType.CAVS.EndpointURI</td>
<td>No default value</td>
<td>CAVS Endpoint URL, when CAVS is enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.RolePortType.RouteToCAVS</td>
<td>True/false</td>
<td>Use this property to specify whether to route the EBM to CAVS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Default value = false</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.RolePortType.CAVS.EndpointURI</td>
<td>No default value</td>
<td>CAVS Endpoint URL, when CAVS is enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.RolePortType.P6PPM_01.EndpointURI</td>
<td>Entered through installation UI</td>
<td>Endpoint URL of Primavera P6 service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.ExpenseCategoryPortType.RouteToCAVS</td>
<td>True/false</td>
<td>Use this property to specify whether to route the EBM to CAVS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Default value = false</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.ExpenseCategoryPortType.CAVS.EndpointURI</td>
<td>No default value</td>
<td>CAVS Endpoint URL, when CAVS is enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.ExpenseCategoryPortType.P6PPM_01.End pointURI</td>
<td>Entered through installation UI</td>
<td>Endpoint URL of Primavera P6 service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property Name</td>
<td>Values/Default Value</td>
<td>Description and Values</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.WBSCategoryPortType.RouteToCAVS</td>
<td>True/false&lt;br&gt;Default value = false</td>
<td>Use this property to specify whether to route the EBM to CAVS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.WBSCategoryPortType.CAVS.EndpointURI</td>
<td>No default value</td>
<td>CAVS Endpoint URL, when CAVS is enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.WBSCategoryPortType.P6EPP.M_01.EndpointURI</td>
<td>Entered through installation UI</td>
<td>Endpoint URL of Primavera P6 service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.UnitOfMeasurePortType.RouteToCAVS</td>
<td>True/false&lt;br&gt;Default value = false</td>
<td>Use this property to specify whether to route the EBM to CAVS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.UnitOfMeasurePortType.CAVS.EndpointURI</td>
<td>No default value</td>
<td>CAVS Endpoint URL, when CAVS is enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.UnitOfMeasurePortType.P6EPP.M_01.EndpointURI</td>
<td>Entered through installation UI</td>
<td>Endpoint URL of Primavera P6 service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.ResourceRatePortType.RouteToCAVS</td>
<td>True/false&lt;br&gt;Default value = false</td>
<td>Use this property to specify whether to route the EBM to CAVS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.ResourceRatePortType.CAVS.EndpointURI</td>
<td>No default value</td>
<td>CAVS Endpoint URL, when CAVS is enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.ResourceRatePortType.P6EPP.M_01.EndpointURI</td>
<td>Entered through installation UI</td>
<td>Endpoint URL of Primavera P6 service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WBSCategoryPrefix</td>
<td>GL-</td>
<td>Prefix used by chart type being synced as WBS category.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This table lists the properties for the `SyncProjectResourceRateScheduleListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl` service:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Name</th>
<th>Values/Default Value</th>
<th>Description and Values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Default.SystemID</td>
<td>P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>System code defined in BSR from which requests originate for this process.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABCSExtension.PreXformEBMtoABM</td>
<td>True/false</td>
<td>Property that governs whether ABCS extension is enabled at the pre-defined plug-in point. If set to true, the extension process (defined along AIA ABCS extension guidelines) is invoked. Default value = false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABCSExtension.PostInvokeABS</td>
<td>True/false</td>
<td>Property that governs whether ABCS extension is enabled at the pre-defined plug-in point. If set to true, the extension process (defined along AIA ABCS extension guidelines) is invoked. Default value = false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.ResourceRatePortType.RouteToCAVS</td>
<td>True/false</td>
<td>Property to govern whether the service should route the message to the CAVS endpoint. Default value is false, which does not route to CAVS. If set to true, it routes to CAVS using the endpoint specified in the CAVS. Endpoint URI property. Values are true and false. Default value = false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.ResourceRatePortType.CAVS.EndpointURI</td>
<td></td>
<td>CAVS Endpoint URL, when CAVS is enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.ResourceRatePortType.P6EPPM_01.EndpointURI</td>
<td></td>
<td>Endpoint URL of Primavera P6 service. Entered through installation UI</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Property Name

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Name</th>
<th>Values/Default Value</th>
<th>Description and Values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Routing.RoleRatePortType.RouteToCAVS</td>
<td>True/false &lt;br&gt; Default value = false</td>
<td>Property to govern whether the service should route the message to the CAVS endpoint. Default value is false, which does not route to CAVS. If set to true, it routes to CAVS using the endpoint specified in the CAVS. Endpoint URI property. Values are true and false.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.RoleRatePortType.CAVS EndpointURI</td>
<td></td>
<td>CAVS Endpoint URL, when CAVS is enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.RoleRatePortType.P6EPPM_01.EndpointURI</td>
<td>Entered through installation UI</td>
<td>Endpoint URL of Primavera P6 service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System.P6EPPM_01.CurrencyCode</td>
<td>Entered through installation UI</td>
<td>Use this property to specify the default system currency of P6 installation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P6.MULTIRATE.EFFECTIVEDATE.FILTER1</td>
<td>No default value</td>
<td>This is used to filter the rates if there is more than one rate for a given effective date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P6.MULTIRATE.EFFECTIVEDATE.FILTER2</td>
<td>No default value</td>
<td>This is used to filter the rates if there is more than one rate for a given effective date.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SyncResourceAvailabilityCalendarListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl

This table lists the properties for the SyncResourceAvailabilityCalendarListP6EPPMProvABCSImpl service:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Name</th>
<th>Values/Default Value</th>
<th>Description and Values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Default.SystemID</td>
<td>P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>System code defined in BSR from which requests originate for this process.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property Name</td>
<td>Values/Default Value</td>
<td>Description and Values</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABCSExtension.PreXformEBMtoABM</td>
<td>True/false Default value = false</td>
<td>Property that governs whether ABCS extension is enabled at the pre-defined plug-in point. If set to true, the extension process (defined along AIA ABCS extension guidelines) is invoked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABCSExtension.PostInvokeABS</td>
<td>True/false Default value = false</td>
<td>Property that governs whether ABCS extension is enabled at the pre-defined plug-in point. If set to true, the extension process (defined along AIA ABCS extension guidelines) is invoked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.CalendarPortType.RouteToCAVS</td>
<td>True/false Default value = false</td>
<td>Property to govern whether the service should route the message to the CAVS endpoint. Default value is false, which does not route to CAVS. If set to true, it routes to CAVS using the endpoint specified in the CAVS. Endpoint URI property. Values are true and false.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.CalendarPortType.CAVS.EndpointURI</td>
<td>True/false Default value = false</td>
<td>CAVS Endpoint URL, when CAVS is enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.CalendarPortType.P6EPPM_01.EndpointURI</td>
<td>Entered through installation UI</td>
<td>Endpoint URL of Primavera P6 service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P6CalendarDefaultPrefix</td>
<td>ERP</td>
<td>Default prefix for calendar name.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SyncResourceAvailabilityCalendarListP6EPPMPProvABCSImpl

This table lists the properties for the SyncResourceAvailabilityCalendarListP6EPPMPProvABCSImpl service:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Name</th>
<th>Values/Default Value</th>
<th>Description and Values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Default.SystemID</td>
<td>P6EPPM_01</td>
<td>System code defined in BSR from which requests originate for this process.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Chapter 7: Implementing the Project Management: Primavera - JDE E1 PIP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Name</th>
<th>Values/Default Value</th>
<th>Description and Values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ABCSExtension.PreXformEBMtoABM</td>
<td>True/false</td>
<td>Default value = false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABCSExtension.PreInvokeABS</td>
<td>True/false</td>
<td>Default value = false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABCSExtension.PostInvokeABS</td>
<td>True/false</td>
<td>Default value = false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.SyncPortType.RouteToCAVS</td>
<td>True/false</td>
<td>Default value = false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing.SyncPortType.CAVS.EndpointURI</td>
<td>True/false</td>
<td>Default value = false</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System.P6EPPM_01.CurrencyCode</td>
<td>Entered through installation UI</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### GetSession

This table lists the properties for the GetSession service:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Name</th>
<th>Values/Default Value</th>
<th>Description and Values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Property Name | Values/Default Value | Description and Values
--- | --- | ---
Server.P6EPPM_01.URL | Entered through installation UI | The P6 web application server URL.
User.P6EPPM_01.Name | Entered through installation UI | The username to login to P6 web application.
User.P6EPPM_01.pwd | Entered through installation UI | The password to login to P6 web application.
User.P6EPPM_01.Session.Timeout | 600 | This indicates the time after which the session times out (in seconds).

## ProjectTemplateUtility

This table lists the properties for the ProjectTemplateUtility service:

### Property Name | Values/Default Value | Description and Values
--- | --- | ---
TemplateNameProjectCode | ERP Project Template | The project code used to store the names of templates/model jobs coming from ERP system.
TemplateOptionsUDF | ERP Project Template Parameters | The UDF is set on the project to store the default integration options attached to a template.
DefaultMaximumWBSLevel | 0 | Default maximum WBS level up to which the integration happens between two systems.
DefaultActivityTrackingIndicator | True | Does the integration include Activities in P6 system or not.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Name</th>
<th>Values/Default Value</th>
<th>Description and Values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DefaultResourceAssignmentTrackingLevel</td>
<td>All</td>
<td>Does the integration include resource assignments in P6 system or not.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DefaultBudgetSyncLevel</td>
<td>Lowest</td>
<td>When the budget/financial plan sync happens, this property defines the WBS level up to which the budget data is summarized.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TemplateFileLocation</td>
<td>Aia_home/config</td>
<td>The template parameters are stored in a file under same location as AIAConfigurationProperties.xml file.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Reviewing Default Routing Rules

Each PIP is delivered with a default set of routing rules. Routing rules are used to control where messages are sent in the system. In some instances, users might choose to update the default routing rules to better suit their business needs.

You can review the default routing rules for the PIP in this location:

```
<SOA_HOME>\PIPS\Core\Setup\JDEE1toP6EPPM\EBS\``
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Index</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>#JTA xa, 90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(F01301D), 27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AAl5s, 53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>account, 6</td>
</tr>
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