Oracle® Product Data Quality

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Preface

This guide is intended to explain the basic capabilities of the Oracle Product Data Quality Server COM Interface.

To understand all of the features presented, you must use this guide in conjunction with the Oracle Product Data Quality documents listed in "Related Documents" on page -v.

You must have the Oracle Product Data Quality client software installed on your computer.

Audience

A thorough understanding of the material in this guide is required for the following customer personnel:

- Subject Matter Experts (SMEs)
- IT Administrators

Related Documents

For more information, see the following documents in the documentation set:

- The Oracle Product Data Quality Oracle DataLens Server Installation Guide provides detailed Oracle Product Data Quality Oracle DataLens Server installation instructions.
- The *Oracle Product Data Quality Oracle DataLens Server Administration Guide* provides information about installing and managing an Oracle DataLens Server.
- The *Oracle Product Data Quality Java Interface Guide* provides information about installing and using the Oracle DataLens Server Java APIs.
- The Oracle Product Data Quality Application Studio Reference Guide provides information about creating and maintaining Data Service Applications (DSAs).
- The *Oracle Product Data Quality AutoBuild Reference Guide* provides information about creating initial data lens based on existing product information and data lens knowledge.
- The *Oracle Product Data Quality Knowledge Studio Reference Guide* provides information about creating and maintaining data lenses.
- The Oracle Product Data Quality Governance Studio Reference Guide provides information about creating and maintaining Data Service Applications (DSAs).

- The *Oracle Product Data Quality Glossary* provides definitions to commonly used Oracle Product Data Quality technology terms.
- The Oracle Product Data Quality Services for Excel Reference Guide provides information about creating a DSA based on data contained in a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet.
- The Oracle Product Data Quality Task Manager Reference Guide provides information about managing tasks created with the Task Manager or Governance Studio applications.

See the latest version of this and all documents listed at the Oracle Product Data Quality Documentation Web site at:

http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E20593_01/index.htm

Conventions

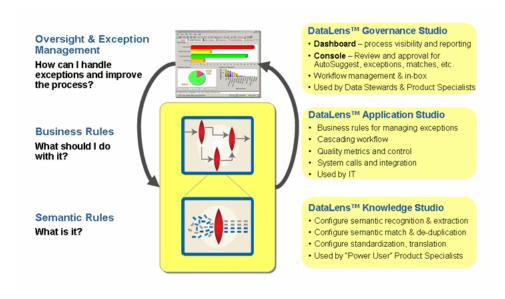
The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.
italic	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, text that you enter, or a file, directory, or path name.
monospace	Boldface, monospace type indicates commands or text that you enter.

Overview

Oracle DataLens Server is built on industry-leading DataLens™ Technology to standardize, match, enrich, and correct product data from different sources and systems. The core DataLens Technology uses patented semantic technology designed from the ground up to tackle the extreme variability typical of product data.

Oracle Product Data Quality (OPDQ) uses three core DataLens Technology modules: Governance Studio, Knowledge Studio, and Application Studio. The following figure illustrates the process flow of these modules.



Overview of the Oracle DataLens Server APIs

APIs

The Application Studio and Governance Studio the primary ways to access the Oracle DataLens Server platform. These are the recommended interfaces for application developers.

DSA Client

The Application Studio is used for direct access to the DSAs loaded on the Oracle DataLens Servers for processing application/enterprise data. The DSA can process

lists of tab-separated data. This is primarily exposed with the job and job step objects. The DSA Client can process the following:

- Tab-separated (or user-defined separator character) input data
- Input data from a database query
- XML input data using an Xpath query
- XML document as input; the updated XML document is returned.

Transform Server Client

The Governance Studio allows access to the repository and DSA jobs on the Oracle DataLens Server.

There are two low-level Application Programming Interfaces to the Oracle DataLens Server platform. These interfaces are not recommended for application developers. If these interfaces are needed, then Oracle Consulting Services should be contacted to get assistance on the best practices and use of these interfaces to the Oracle DataLens Servers.

Oracle DataLens Client

The Oracle Server Real-Time Client interface. This is used for direct access to the data lens loaded on the Oracle DataLens Servers for processing application data. The RT Client can process the following:

- Single line of data
- Array of data
- List of data

Information Client

The Oracle DataLens Server Information Client interface. This is used for access to information about the data lens and DSAs that are loaded on the Oracle DataLens Servers.

Platforms

The Microsoft COM DLL can be used for integrating to the following

- Visual Basic
- Microsoft applications such as Excel and Access
- VBA applications such IIS Web pages
- HTML pages
- Available only on Microsoft Windows operating systems

Pre-Installation Requirements

Visual Basic 6.0 - The COM DLL was compiled and built with this release.

This document assumes that the reader is an experienced Microsoft Visual Basic or VBA software developer.

All libraries and software needed for use by this API are loaded as part of the Knowledge Studio and Oracle DataLens Server installations.

To access the Oracle DataLens Server from a Microsoft ASP (Active Server Pages) or VB application, the Oracle DataLens Server COM component can be used.

- The COM object can also be used to access the Oracle DataLens Server from a Web Browser using client-side scripting such as VBScript, Jscript, or JavaScript.
- The COM object can also be embedded in applications such as Microsoft Excel using VBA scripting.
- The COM component can be used from any application that supports the Microsoft COM interface.

Installation of the Oracle DataLens Server COM Components

The Oracle DataLens Server COM component to the Server is provided as part of the normal server installation, although it is not automatically loaded onto your system for you.

Unzip the oracle_datalens_5_5_nn_api.zip file from the Oracle Product Data Quality product zip file. For product download and installation instructions, see the Oracle Product Data Quality Oracle DataLens Server Installation Guide.

Copy the $\DevToolKit\COM\lib\SCSServices.dll$ file to the following directory:

\Datalens\Applications\lib

This COM component now needs to be registered on your system for use by your Microsoft ASP (or Microsoft VB) applications. Enter the following on the command-line of your machine:

regsvr32 c:\Datalens\Applications\lib\ SCSServices.dll

Set TransformSystem = New SCSServices.TransformSystem

There is a separate installation for the COM objects that will install the COM components into the C:\Datalens\Applications\lib directory and register them automatically.

COM High-Level Overview

The DSA APIs are the only interfaces where the submitted jobs can be tracked and manipulated on the server. The DSAs provide the highest level of abstraction from the low-level processing, minimizing the amount of code that needs to change when modifying the Transform Maps and data lenses.

High-Level DSA Interface

This is the preferred interface to access the DSAs.

It is setup with the following VB Objects:

System

Top level object, contains information on all the servers in the topology. Contains a collection of server objects

Sarvar

A particular server in the topology (from the system object) to which job requests are made. The server has Jobs.

Job

This is a particular DSA job. Monitors the progress of that job. Retrieves the results of specific steps from the job. Contains a collection of Job Step objects

Job Step

A particular step can have the result data return to the application program. Contains a collection of transformed record objects.

Transformed records

A collection of the result data from the job.

Transformed fields

A collection of the individual fields in each record.

System and Server

The Oracle DataLens Server object has information on all the servers in the Oracle DataLens Server group. The system object returns Oracle DataLens Server objects. The Oracle DataLens Server objects are used to process and get information from a particular Oracle DataLens Server group.

Transform System Object

Public oTransformSystem As SCSServices.TransformSystem

Getting the List of Available Servers

When this object is instantiated, the servers that are configured are made available.

```
' Create the System object
Set oTransformSystem = New SCSServices.TransformSystem
    If oTransformSystem.IsError Then
        m_sStatusTest = "Error creating SCSServices.TransformSystem" & vbCrLf
    End If
   ' Load the configutation information from the system.cfg file
   oTransformSystem.Load ("admin")
   'Get the list of available servers
   Dim arrServerNames
   arrServerNames = oTransformSystem.names
   Dim i As Integer
   For i = 0 To UBound(arrServerNames)
       Combo_SCS_servers.AddItem (arrServerNames(i))
   Next
```

Manually Creating a Server Object

Sometimes it is not convenient to load a configuration file from a known location. In that case, the name of the server can be passed into the creation function.

```
Set oTransformServer = oTransformSystem.createDataServer(Text_url.Text, _
                                Text_port.Text, _
                                Text_code.Text, _
                                Text_application.Text)
If oTransformServer.IsError Then
  RichTextBox_1.Text = "Error creatinSCSServices.TransformServer" & vbCrLf
End If
```

Checking the Version of the COM Object

The version of the COM DLL can be checked to verify that an older or newer version is not being used.

```
Dim sDLLVersion As String
sDLLVersion = g_oTransformSystem.getVersion()
RichTextBox1.Text = "Initialized using SCS DLL Version " + sDLLVersion
```

Transform Server Object

Public TransformServer As SCSServices.TransformServer

When a job is run against a particular Oracle DataLens Server, the DSA is always run on that particular server. The processing of the Transform Maps and data lenses may be done on any server in the same server group that the DSA is a member of. The Server decides which server to use based on the load on each server and automatically provides load balancing. For information on configuring each server to run particular types of maps or data lenses, see Oracle Product Data Quality Oracle DataLens Server Administration Guide.

Getting Server Information

Additional information can be obtained from the server configuration file such as the following.

Information	Function Call
Server Name	oTransformServer.Name
Server Port	oTransformServer.portNumber
Server URL	oTransformServer.serverURL
Application Title	oTransformServer.appTitle
User	oTransformServer.user
Name Filter	oTransformServer.nameFilter
Map Filter	oTransformServer.caMapFilter
CFB Client code	

DSA Jobs

The Job object is used to start jobs, check on the job status, and retrieve the results from finished jobs. The Transform Server object is used to define the server that the job will be run against.

There is one option that is required to be set after creating the job object

Transform Server - The server object of the server on which to run the DSA.

```
'Create the Job object
Dim oJob As Job
Set oJob = New Job
oJob.DataServer = oTransformServer
```

Options on a Job Object

The following options can be set on a job object

Filter Data

This will filter out invalid control characters from the input data that prevent the HTTP transfer of data. This is ignored if the input data is from a database query.

```
oJob.filterData = False
Dim lJobId As Long
```

Separator Character

To define a user-specified separator character, other than the default tab character. This character is used to delineate the input data fields and result data fields

```
oJob.separatorChar = "|"
```

To toggle this option back off and revert to the default Tab separator character, just set separatorChar to an empty string.

Email

Setting this will email the result of the job to the specified email address. Note that this will use the email server configured in the Oracle DataLens Server Administration Web Pages. If this is specified, then the job results will not be returned to the application program, but will be emailed instead.

```
oJob.Email = yogi@bear.com
```

To toggle this option back off, just set Email to an empty string.

FTP

Setting this will FTP the results of the job to the named FTP configuration. The FTP configuration is setup in the Oracle DataLens Server Administration Web Pages. If this is specified, then the job results will not be returned to the application program, but will be FTPd instead.

```
oJob.ftp = "CompanyCFG"
```

To toggle this option back off, just set FTP to an empty string.

Starting a Job

A job can be started in asynchronous mode. The job is started and a job id is returned that is used to check on the status of the job and to get the result data when the job has finished. There are three different types of input that can be used to start a job. They are as follows:

- 1. Collection Input
- Array Input
- Db Parameter input

Collection Input

A collection of String input-fields of data is passed to the start method and a single job ID is returned. The start Method is called just a single time with the collection.

Actual parameters:

Job Priority

This is the priority the job will be given on the server for processing. Large batch overnight jobs should be given a priority of low. Small jobs with few input records, or requests that need a quick response, such as users waiting for a response should get a priority of High. All other jobs should use a priority of medium. Note that the number of concurrent jobs that can be run on the server is also controlled by the priority of the job (See the Server configuration pages of the Oracle DataLens Administration Web pages for more information). There are the priority values that can be used.

- "Low"
- "High"
- "Medium"

Description

A description of this particular job.

DSA Name

The name of the DSA to run on the Oracle DataLens Server

Data Collection

A collection of collections of input data fields as Strings.

Run-time Locale

This locale to use for output for this job.

Return data:

Job ID

The DSA Job ID obtained from the Start call.

Array Input

An array of tab-separated data is passed to the start method and a single job ID is returned. The start Method is called just a single time with a single one-dimensional array of data.

Actual parameters are the same as for the collection-based start method. The difference is that the fourth parameter is an array of tab-separated data:

Array

The Array of tab-separated input data to be processed.

```
' Rem Start the WFG Job with an input data array
Dim lJobId As Long
lJobId = oJob.StartArr(sPriority, sDescription, _
sProcessMap, dataArray, sRuntimeLocale)
If oJob.IsError Then
Call reportError(oJob.errorMsg)
Exit Function
End If
```

Database Parameter Input

Here is the code to start a job with a database query as input. The dataArray is replaced with the arrQueryParameterList:

Getting the Result Data from the Job

All of these results can be obtained synchronously or asynchronously. The last parameter in the getResultData and getResultStep data calls is the flag:

```
WaitForResults
```

This flag is true for synchronous and false for asynchronous

The advantage of synchronous calls is that the code is very simple and straight-forward. The call will not return until the data has finished processing.

The advantage of asynchronous calls is the application code can continue processing while the job finishes processing until the result data is ready. This is useful for doing additional processing for large DSA jobs and for keeping a user-interface responding to user-input, rather than hanging until the result data is returned.

Simple DSA Job

A simple DSA job is defined as a job with no approvals or reviews and only a single output step. This is also a very common scenario for DSA jobs called from the API.

Synchronous Example

```
' Synchronously get the results;
' The function call will not return till the data is ready
  Set TransformedRecords = oJob.getResultData(lJobId, True)
  If TransformedRecords.IsError Then
      MsgBox (TransformedRecords.errorMsg)
      GoTo exception
  End If
```

Asynchronous Example

```
' Asynchronously get the results
Do
      Set TransformedRecords = oJob.getResultData(lJobId, False)
      If TransformedRecords.IsError Then
         If TransformedRecords.errorCode = oJob.JOB_NOT_COMPLETED Then
              Sleep (5 * 1000)
          Else
             MsgBox (TransformedRecords.errorMsg)
             GoTo exception
          End If
      End If
  Loop While TransformedRecords.errorCode = oJob.JOB_NOT_COMPLETED
```

Multiple Output DSA Job

The transformed result data can also be retrieved directly from the job object by using named output steps. This is useful for integrating a DSA process into an application where there are multiple outputs that need to be used for different purposes within the application.

Synchronous Example

```
' Synchronously get the results;
Set TransformedRecords = oJob.getResultStepData(lJobId, sStepName, True)
  If {\tt TransformedRecords.IsError} Then
      MsgBox (TransformedRecords.errorMsg)
      GoTo exception
  End If
```

Getting Result Data from the Individual Job Steps

The transformed result data can also be obtained directly from "output" Job Steps as follows. This gives the application programmer control of the job down to the individual DSA step level. This can be useful for an application where the actual names of the output steps are not known at run-time.

```
'Retrieve result sets for all output steps

Dim JobStep As JobStep

Dim TransformedRecords As TransformedRecords

For Each JobStep In oJob.steps

If JobStep.isOutputStep Then

If oJobStep.isCompleted Then

Set TransformedRecords = JobStep.getResults(TransformServer, True)

If TransformedRecords.IsError Then

Call reportError(TransformedRecords.errorMsg)

GoTo exception

End If

End If

End If

End If

Next
```

Extracting Data from the Transformed Records

Pull the Data from the Transformed Records

The individual fields can be extracted from each transformed record.

```
'Iterate through the collection of transformed records
'and the collection of transformed fields
Dim TransformedRecord As TransformedRecord
Dim sField As String
For Each TransformedRecord In TransformedRecords.Items
Dim TransformedField As TransformedField
For Each TransformedField In TransformedRecord.Items
sField = TransformedField.Value
Next
Next
```

Pull the Data from the Transformed Records as Tab-Separated Output

This is useful if there is only a single field of data returned. This can also be a quick check for debugging to determine the correctness of the records being returned.

By default, the data is tab-separated, but this can be changed during the job.start call be defining a different separator character.

```
'Iterate through the collection of transformed records
Dim TransformedRecord As TransformedRecord
For Each TransformedRecord In TransformedRecords.Items
tab_separated_data = TransformedRecord.tabSepResult
Next
```

Optional - Waiting for the Job to Complete

The job is running on the server when the Job Id is returned from the job.start function call. The job can be checked for completion before the results can be obtained as demonstrated in the following:

Note: Each individual job step can be checked for completion, rather than checking the entire job as is done in the following code example.

Job data can also be retrieved synchronously, eliminating the need to check the status of the job.

```
'Get the job from the server
Dim oJob As Job
   Set oJob = q_TransformServer.getJob(jobId)
   If oJob.IsError Then
       Call reportError(oJob.errorMsg)
       GoTo exception
   End If
    'Results can only be retrieved once
    If oJob.isResultsRetrieved Then
        GoTo exception
   End If
    'Wait for the job to finish
   Do While Not oJob. IsDone
       Sleep (5 * 1000)
        Set oJob = g TransformServer.getJob(jobId)
        If oJob.IsError Then
            Call reportError(oJob.errorMsg)
            GoTo exception
       End If
```

The results of the job are in the job object once the job has finished.

Syncing Returned Results with the Original Input Data

The DSA Maps are not guaranteed to be in records input and in records returned. They are also not guaranteed that the output records will be in the same order as the input records. For this reason, the Id values need to be matched up with the input records if the input records are to be updated with the results from the DSA call.

A simple example follows where we have input data in a RecordSet called RS and we are simply updating the description with the matching ID values:

```
RS.MoveFirst
For lRsCounter = 0 To RS.RecordCount - 1
        ' Get the returned record based on the ID
       Dim TransformedRecord As TransformedRecord
       sID = UCase(Trim(RS("ID")))
        On Error Resume Next
        Set TransformedRecord = TransformedRecords.Item(sID)
        ' Error will be thrown if we attempt to access an item that does not
```

```
' exist in the returned data; in that case we skip to the next record
       If Err Or (TransformedRecord Is Nothing) Then
             Err.Clear
             GoTo nextRecord
       End If
       On Error GoTo 0
       iFieldCount = TransformedRecord.Count()
       ' Pull out the SCS Returned data Fields from the matching records
       Dim TransformedField As TransformedField
       For Each TransformedField In TransformedRecord.Items
           sField = TransformedField.Value
           If (Count = 0 And iFieldCount > 0) Then
               sScsId = sField '1st field has the Id
           ElseIf (Count = 1 And iFieldCount > 1) Then
               sScsDesc = sField 'Next field has the description
           ElseIf (Count = 2 And iFieldCount > 2) Then
               sScsCategory = sField ' Next field has the category
           End If
           Count = Count + 1
       Next
       RS.Edit
       RS("Description") = Trim(sScsDesc)
       If sScsCategory <> "" Then
           RS("Category") = Trim(sScsCategory)
       End If
       RS.Update
nextRecord:
       RS.MoveNext
   Next 1RsCounter
```

S١	/ncina	Returned	Results	with	the	Original	Input I	Data

Server Information

The Transform Server object can also be used to retrieve information about the server. These types of information can be useful for applications where a selection list of maps and data lenses needs to be presented to the user.

Typically, processing is done with known Maps that are hard-coded into your application. In this case, this server information would not be needed.

Server Repository Information

DSAs

A list of all the DSAs that are available to the server can be obtained.

```
Dim oProcessMaps As ProcessMaps
Dim oProcessMap As ProcessMap
   Set oProcessMaps = oTransformServer.getProcessMaps()
   If oProcessMaps.IsError Then
        MsgBox ("Error Getting TMap information: " + oProcessMaps.errorMsg)
         Exit Sub
   End If
   For Each oProcessMap In oProcessMaps.Items
       m_tmpStatus = m_tmpStatus + oProcessMap.Name + vbCrLf
   Next
```

DSA Details

Details on individual DSAs can be obtained from the server. This includes:

- Name
- Description
- Input Steps
- **Output Steps**
- **Database Connections**

```
Dim oDSA As ProcessMap
Set oDSA = g_oTransformServer.getProcessMap(sPMapName)
   If oDSA.IsError Then
        MsgBox ("Error Getting DSA information: " + oPMap.errorMsg)
         Exit Sub
   End If
```

- oPMap. Name This will return the DSA Name as a String
- oPMap.Description This will return the description of the DSA
- oPMap.inputSteps This returns a collection of jobStep objects
- oPMap.outputSteps This returns a collection of jobStep objects.
- oPMap.dbConnections This returns a collection of Strings with the connection name
- oPMap.transformationMaps This returns a collection of Strings with the Transformation Map name

Transform Maps

The server object can be used to return the list of Transform Maps used by the server. For Example:

```
Dim oTMaps As TransformMaps
Dim oTMap As TransformMap
   Set oTMaps = g_oTransformServer.getTransformMaps()
    If oTMaps.IsError Then
        MsgBox ("Error Getting TMap information: " + oTMaps.errorMsg)
        Exit Sub
    End If
    For Each TMap In oTMaps. Items
      m_tmpStatus = m_tmpStatus + oTMap.Name + vbCrLf
    Next
```

Transform Map Details

Details on the individual Transform Maps can be obtained from the Transform Server object. This includes:

- Name
- Description
- Input Columns
- **Output Columns**
- **Database Connections**
- Data lenses Used
- Output Maps

```
Dim oTMap As TransformMap
Set oTMap = g_oTransformServer.getTransformMap(sTMapName)
    If oTMap.IsError Then
        MsgBox ("Error Getting TMap information: " + oTMap.errorMsg)
        Exit Sub
   End If
```

- oTMap. Name Name This will return the Transform Map Name as a String
- oTMap.Description This will return the description of the DSA
- $\verb"oTMap.isDecisionMap" Boolean flag on the type of Transform Map"$

- oTMap.hasDbDataSource Boolean flag on the data input. There will be no input Columns if the Db Data Source is true.
- oTMap.inputColumns Returns a collection of column names as strings
- oTMap.outputColumns Returns a collection of column names as strings
- oTMap.dbConnections Returns a collection of database connections as strings
- oTMap.kbNames Returns a collection of data lens names as strings
- oTMap.outputMaps Returns a collection of output Transform Maps as strings

Data Lenses

The Transform Server object can be used to return a list of data lenses that are in the server Repository.

```
Dim oDLs As KnowledgeBases
Dim oDL As KnowledgeBase
   Set oDLs = g_oTransformServer.getKnowledgeBases
   If oDLs.IsError Then
        MsgBox ("Error Getting TMap information: " + oDLs.errorMsg)
        Exit Sub
   End If
   For Each oDL In oDLs.Items
       m_tmpStatus = m_tmpStatus + oDL.Name + vbCrLf
```

Data Lens Details

The only details that can be obtained on a data lens is the description.

```
Dim oDL As KnowledgeBase
Set oDL = g_oTransformServer.getKnowledgeBase(Text_DLName)
   If oDL.IsError Then
        MsgBox ("Error Getting DSA information: " + oDL.errorMsg)
        Exit Sub
   End If
```

- oDL. Name This will return the data lens name as a String.
- oDL.Description This will return the description of the data lens.

Server DSA Job Information

Information on the DSA jobs that have been submitted to the server can be obtained from the Transform Server object.

Options on Listing DSA Jobs on the Server

- All Jobs run on a particular server can be listed.
- All Jobs run on all servers in the server group can be listed.
- Jobs can be listed by date range from the current time.
- Jobs can be filtered by the user that submitted the job.
- Jobs can be filtered to just the jobs that were started on this particular Server.
- Jobs can be filtered by the job status

- Currently running jobs
- Jobs awaiting user input
- Completed, failed or cancelled jobs
- Pending jobs

There are two calls that are used to get all this job information:

```
Dim oJobs As Jobs
Set oJobs = g_oTransformServer.getJobsBySubmitter(user, bListAllServers, _
                                                 sinceSecs, bRefresh)
Set oJobs = g_oTransformServer.getJobs(bListAllServers, sinceSecs, bRefresh)
```

These are the parameters used in the preceding call:

- User The user that submitted the job
- bListAllServers List all jobs on all servers, not just this particular server
- sinceSecs Number of seconds to go back looking at the job history
- bRefresh Refresh the job list since this Transform Server object was created

Following is a code example that shows the job information for the individual jobs.

```
Dim oJobs As Jobs
For Each oJob In oJobs.Jobs
           Call displaySingleJob(oJob)
Next.
Private Sub displaySingleJob(oJob As Job)
   m_tmpStatus = CStr(oJob.jobId) + vbTab
    m_tmpStatus = m_tmpStatus + CStr(oJob.priority) + vbTab
   m_tmpStatus = m_tmpStatus + oJob.getStatusDesc(oJob.Status) + vbTab
   m_tmpStatus = m_tmpStatus + oJob.runtimeLocale + vbTab
   m_tmpStatus = m_tmpStatus + oJob.createdBy + vbTab
   m_tmpStatus = m_tmpStatus + oJob.Description + vbTab
   m_tmpStatus = m_tmpStatus + oJob.definition + vbTab
    m_tmpStatus = m_tmpStatus + oJob.startTime + vbTab
    m_tmpStatus = m_tmpStatus + oJob.server + vbTab
End Sub
```

Error Handling

Client-Side Exceptions

All of the Oracle DataLens objects keep track of the error state. This includes the API objects and the Oracle DataLens objects that return collections of data. Simply add the following check:

```
If oSilverCreekObject.IsError Then
' Process the error in
 'oSilverCreekObject.errorMsq
End If
```

Server-Side Exceptions

Most of the server-side errors are propagated back to the client where they can be checked for and reported on.

Server-Side Log Messages

Go to the Oracle DataLens Server Administration Web Pages and examine the log file from the home page. This will have a listing of any errors that were encountered in the server-side processing of your request.

DSAs can be checked with the Oracle DataLens Server Administration Web Pages for status. If there is a problem, then the Job ID, DSA name, and DSA Step where the error occurred is listed, with the complete error message.

Server Information API

This API has been deprecated. The TransformServer Object should be used instead.

Server Information API to the Oracle DataLens Server

Getting Transform Map and Data Lens Information

The Oracle DataLens Server provides a COM component called Client Info, which is part of the SCSServices.dll library.

This is used as an interface to the Oracle DataLens Server. This COM component provides functions to get information on the data lenses and the Transform Maps.

Instantiate the InfoClient

Dim oInfoClient as SCSServices.ClientInfo Set oInfoClient = new SCSServices.ClientInfo

Get Data Lens Information

Initialize the COM Object with the Following Parameters.

- Server name or address
- Server port number
- Oracle DataLens Server-supplied application API access code
- Application name/identifier used for tracking statistics/usage

REM Initialize the COM Object with the server information call oInfoClient.initProjectClient(serverName, serverPort, clientCode, userName)

Get the Data Lens Information from the Oracle DataLens Server

REM Do the Transform Map Transformation Dim dataResultPrj dataResultPrj = oInfoClient.transformData()

dataResultPrj is an array of data lens information with the following output fields:

- Data lens Name
- Source locale

```
FOR i=1 to UBound(dataResultPrj, 1)
Val = "DataLensName" & dataResultPrj(i,1)
        Val2 = "Source Locale" & dataResultPrj(i,2)
 Next
```

Get Transform Map Information

There are both array and collection interfaces to this information. This document describes the collection interface.

Initialize the COM Object with the Following Parameters.

- Server name or address
- Server port number
- Oracle DataLens Server-supplied application API access code
- Application name/identifier used for tracking statistics/usage

```
REM Initialize the COM Object with the server information
Call oInfoClient.initMapClient(serverName, serverPort, clientCode, userName)
```

Get the Transform Map Information from the Oracle DataLens Server

```
Rem Do the Transform Map Transformation and get a ProjectClient.STARMapInfo object
Set oStarMapInfo = oInfoClient.transformData2()
```

StarMapInfo is an Object that can be accessed as follows:

```
Dim oStarMap As Object
Dim cStarMaps As Collection
   Set cStarMaps = oStarMapInfo.getStarMaps()
    For Each oStarMap In cStarMaps
        Dim sMapName As String
        Dim bIsDecision, bHasDbSource As Boolean
        Dim lInputColumnsCount, lOutputColumnsCount As Long
        Rem Get the name and properties
        sMapName = oStarMap.mapName
        bIsDecision = oStarMap.IsDecisionMap
        bHasDbSource = oStarMap.hasDbSource
       resultStr = resultStr + sMapName + vbCrLf
       resultStr = resultStr + vbTab + "Is Decision: " + CStr(bIsDecision) +
vbCrLf
        resultStr = resultStr + vbTab + "Has Db Src: " + CStr(bHasDbSource) +
vbCrLf
        Rem Get the Input columns
        lInputColumnsCount = oStarMap.InputColumnsCount
       resultStr = resultStr + vbTab + CStr(lInputColumnsCount) + " Input
Columns." + vbCrLf
       Dim cInputColumns As Collection
        Set cInputColumns = oStarMap.InputColumns
        Dim oInputColName As Variant
        For Each oInputColName In cInputColumns
            resultStr = resultStr + vbTab + vbTab + oInputColName + vbCrLf
```

```
Next
        Rem get the Output columns
       1OutputColumnsCount = oStarMap.OutputColumnsCount
       resultStr = resultStr + vbTab + CStr(1OutputColumnsCount) + " Output
Columns." + vbCrLf
       Dim cOutputColumns As Collection
       Set cOutputColumns = oStarMap.OutputColumns
        Dim oOutputColName As Variant
        For Each oOutputColName In cOutputColumns
           resultStr = resultStr + vbTab + vbTab + oOutputColName + vbCrLf
       resultStr = resultStr + vbCrLf
   Next.
```

Check the State of the Client-Side Objects

Check the Status of Initialization and Session

This function can be used to output informational messages while dumping out the state of the ClientProcessMap object. This function must be called after the object has been initialized and a session has been started.

checkStr = ObjReference.CheckInitAndStart("Processing was done with the following parameters.")

The output will be similar to the following:

Processing was done with the following parameters.; Run-Time Server URL: http://127.0.0.1:8080/datalens/XfmRt; Oracle Product Data Quality Cleansing and Matching Server Map name: sampleMap; Oracle Product Data Quality Cleansing and Matching Server User name: testApplication

Check the Status of Instantiation

Another function that can be used to check that the COM object is being accessed correctly from the application program is just called CheckCOM. This function just returns the string that is passed to it, verifying that the COM object has be instantiated correctly and that it is working properly. The Oracle DataLens COM object does not need any special initialization to call this particular function.

```
dim checkComStr
checkComStr = ObjReference.CheckCOM("Test the COM object for a response.")
```

	Check th	e State	of the	Client-Side	Objects
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System Configuration File

This file is read by the TransformSystem object. The TransformSystem object reads the list of Oracle DataLens Servers and associated connection parameters from this configuration file, if available. A collection of TransformServer objects is built from this file.

The system.cfg file is a simple tab separated file with a header row. The file is located in the /datalens/applications/config directory.

Server Configuration File Format:

```
PORT
                    CLIENTCODE
                                                   NAMEFILTER CAMAPFILTER
SERVER
                                   USER
                                           PWD
my-staging 8080 myAssignedCode ksmith xky3kx Main Classif
            8090 anotherCode ksmith xky3kx Prod
                                                             Classif
my-prod
```

The user name and password are currently not used. The calling application is responsible for supplying the user name.

Only the first NAMEFILTER is used in the file.

The CAMAPFILTER is not used.

Installing the Client Software

Oracle Product Data Quality uses a concept called Java Web Start to initially install and maintain the current version of the software on your client desktop. The process requires you to access the Oracle DataLens Server to initiate the connection and download the software.

You download and install the Oracle Product Data Quality client applications using Java Web Start by browsing to the installation page for your Oracle DataLens Server as follows:

Using Microsoft Internet Explorer, browse to one of the following URLs as appropriate for your server:

Note: If you setup a different port number for your application server other than 2229, you must use that port number in the following URL when browsing to the Oracle DataLens Server to download the client applications.

32-bit

http://<server>:2229/datalens/datalens.html

64-bit

http://<server>:2229/datalens/datalens64.html

Where <server> is the hostname of the Oracle DataLens Server

The application download and installation begins. If you do not have a supported Java environment on the target installation machine the Java Web Start program automatically redirects you to a Java download site and begins a Java Runtime installation.



2. If the preceding Java Web Start message is not displayed, you must initiate a connection and download the software by browsing to:

http://<server>:2229/datalens/datalens.jnlp

Oracle Product Data Quality files are digitally signed by a trusted source so the following security warning is displayed.



- To avoid the security dialog in the future you can select the Always trust content from this publisher check box.
- Click **Run** to continue and complete the installation. The Oracle Product Data Quality log on dialog is displayed.

