

Oracle GlassFish Server Message Queue

Developer's Guide for JMX Clients

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This guide describes the application programming interface provided in Oracle GlassFish Server Message Queue for programmatically configuring and monitoring Message Queue resources in conformance with the Java Management Extensions (JMX).

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Preface

This *Developer's Guide for JMX Clients* describes the application programming interface provided in Message Queue for programmatically configuring and monitoring Message Queue resources in conformance with the Java Management Extensions (JMX). These functions are also available to system administrators by way of the Message Queue Administration Console and command line utilities, as described in the *Oracle GlassFish Server Message Queue Administration Guide*; the API described here makes the same administrative functionality available programmatically from within a running client application. Broker properties and command-line options that support the JMX API are described in the *Oracle GlassFish Server Message Queue Administration Guide*.

This preface consists of the following sections:

- [Who Should Use This Book](#)
- [Before You Read This Book](#)
- [How This Book Is Organized](#)
- [Documentation Conventions](#)
- [Related Documentation](#)
- [Documentation, Support, and Training](#)
- [Documentation Accessibility](#)

Who Should Use This Book

This guide is intended for Java application developers wishing to use the Message Queue JMX API to perform Message Queue administrative tasks programmatically from within a client application.

Before You Read This Book

This guide assumes that you are already familiar with general Message Queue concepts, administrative operations, and Java client programming, as described in the following manuals:

- *Oracle GlassFish Server Message Queue Technical Overview*
- *Oracle GlassFish Server Message Queue Administration Guide*
- *Oracle GlassFish Server Message Queue Developer's Guide for Java Clients*

You should also be familiar with the general principles of the Java Management Extensions, as described in the following publications:

- *Java Management Extensions Instrumentation and Agent Specification*
- *Java Management Extensions (JMX) Remote API Specification*

Together, these two publications are referred to hereafter as the *JMX Specification*.

How This Book Is Organized

The following table describes the contents of this manual.

Chapter	Description
Chapter 1, "Introduction to JMX Programming for Message Queue Clients"	Introduces the basic concepts and principles of the Message Queue JMX interface.
Chapter 2, "Using the JMX API"	Provides code examples showing how to use the JMX application programming interface from within your Message Queue client applications.
Chapter 3, "Message Queue MBean Reference"	Provides detailed information on the attributes, operations, and notifications provided by Message Queue managed beans (MBeans).
Appendix A, "Alphabetical Reference"	Lists the MBean attributes, operations, and notifications alphabetically, with references back to their descriptions in the body of the manual.

Documentation Conventions

This section describes the following conventions used in Message Queue documentation:

- [Typographic Conventions](#)
- [Symbol Conventions](#)
- [Shell Prompt Conventions](#)
- [Directory Variable Conventions](#)

Typographic Conventions

The following table describes the typographic conventions that are used in this book.

Typeface	Meaning	Example
AaBbCc123	The names of commands, files, and directories, and onscreen computer output	Edit your <code>.login</code> file. Use <code>ls a</code> to list all files. <code>machine_name% you have mail.</code>
AaBbCc123	What you type, contrasted with onscreen computer output	<code>machine_name% su</code> Password:
<i>aabbcc123</i>	Placeholder: replace with a real name or value	The command to remove a file is <code>rm filename</code> .
<i>AaBbCc123</i>	Book titles, new terms, and terms to be emphasized	Read Chapter 6 in the <i>User's Guide</i> . A <i>cache</i> is a copy that is stored locally. Do <i>not</i> save the file. Note: Some emphasized items appear bold online.

Symbol Conventions

The following table explains symbols that might be used in this book.

Symbol	Description	Example	Meaning
[]	Contains optional arguments and command options.	ls [-l]	The -l option is not required.
{ }	Contains a set of choices for a required command option.	-d {y n}	The -d option requires that you use either the y argument or the n argument.
\${ }	Indicates a variable reference.	\${com.sun.javaRoot}	References the value of the com.sun.javaRoot variable.
-	Joins simultaneous multiple keystrokes.	Control-A	Press the Control key while you press the A key.
+	Joins consecutive multiple keystrokes.	Ctrl+A+N	Press the Control key, release it, and then press the subsequent keys.
>	Indicates menu item selection in a graphical user interface.	File > New > Templates	From the File menu, choose New. From the New submenu, choose Templates.

Shell Prompt Conventions

The following table shows the conventions used in Message Queue documentation for the default UNIX system prompt and superuser prompt for the C shell, Bourne shell, Korn shell, and for the Windows operating system.

Shell	Prompt
C shell on UNIX, Linux, or AIX	<i>machine-name%</i>
C shell superuser on UNIX, Linux, or AIX	<i>machine-name#</i>
Bourne shell and Korn shell on UNIX, Linux, or AIX	\$
Bourne shell and Korn shell superuser on UNIX, Linux, or AIX	#
Windows command line	C:\>

Directory Variable Conventions

Message Queue documentation makes use of three directory variables; two of which represent environment variables needed by Message Queue. (How you set the environment variables varies from platform to platform.)

The following table describes the directory variables that might be found in this book and how they are used. Some of these variables refer to the directory *mqInstallHome*, which is the directory where Message Queue is installed to when using the installer or unzipped to when using a zip-based distribution.

Note: In this book, directory variables are shown without platform-specific environment variable notation or syntax (such as `$IMQ_HOME` on UNIX). Non-platform-specific path names use UNIX directory separator (`/`) notation.

Variable	Description
IMQ_HOME	<p>The Message Queue home directory:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For installations of Message Queue bundled with GlassFish Server, <code>IMQ_HOME</code> is <code>as-install-parent/mq</code>, where <code>as-install-parent</code> is the parent directory of the GlassFish Server base installation directory, <code>glassfish3</code> by default. For installations of Open Message Queue, <code>IMQ_HOME</code> is <code>mqInstallHome/mq</code>.
IMQ_VARHOME	<p>The directory in which Message Queue temporary or dynamically created configuration and data files are stored; <code>IMQ_VARHOME</code> can be explicitly set as an environment variable to point to any directory or will default as described below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For installations of Message Queue bundled with GlassFish Server, <code>IMQ_VARHOME</code> defaults to <code>as-install-parent/glassfish/domains/domain1/mq</code>. For installations of Open Message Queue, <code>IMQ_HOME</code> defaults to <code>mqInstallHome/var/mq</code>.
IMQ_JAVAHOME	<p>An environment variable that points to the location of the Java runtime environment (JRE) required by Message Queue executable files. By default, Message Queue looks for and uses the latest JDK, but you can optionally set the value of <code>IMQ_JAVAHOME</code> to wherever the preferred JRE resides.</p>

Related Documentation

The information resources listed in this section provide further information about Message Queue in addition to that contained in this manual. The section covers the following resources:

- [Message Queue Documentation Set](#)
- [Java Message Service \(JMS\) Specification](#)
- [JavaDoc](#)
- [Example Client Applications](#)
- [Online Help](#)

Message Queue Documentation Set

The documents that constitute the Message Queue documentation set are listed in the following table in the order in which you might normally use them. These documents are available through the Oracle GlassFish Server documentation web site at <http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/indexes/documentation/index.html>.

Document	Audience	Description
<i>Technical Overview</i>	Developers and administrators	Describes Message Queue concepts, features, and components.
<i>Release Notes</i>	Developers and administrators	Includes descriptions of new features, limitations, and known bugs, as well as technical notes.
<i>Administration Guide</i>	Administrators, also recommended for developers	Provides background and information needed to perform administration tasks using Message Queue administration tools.

Document	Audience	Description
<i>Developer's Guide for Java Clients</i>	Developers	Provides a quick-start tutorial and programming information for developers of Java client programs using the Message Queue implementation of the JMS or SOAP/JAXM APIs.
<i>Developer's Guide for C Clients</i>	Developers	Provides programming and reference documentation for developers of C client programs using the Message Queue C implementation of the JMS API (C-API).
<i>Developer's Guide for JMX Clients</i>	Administrators	Provides programming and reference documentation for developers of JMX client programs using the Message Queue JMX API.

Java Message Service (JMS) Specification

The Message Queue message service conforms to the Java Message Service (JMS) application programming interface, described in the *Java Message Service Specification*. This document can be found at the URL

<http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/jms/index.html>.

JavaDoc

JMS and Message Queue API documentation in JavaDoc format is included in Message Queue installations at `IMQ_HOME/javadoc/index.html`. This documentation can be viewed in any HTML browser. It includes standard JMS API documentation as well as Message Queue-specific APIs.

Example Client Applications

Message Queue provides a number of example client applications to assist developers.

Example Java Client Applications

Example Java client applications are included in Message Queue installations at `IMQ_HOME/examples`. See the `README` files located in this directory and its subdirectories for descriptive information about the example applications.

Example C Client Programs

Example C client applications are included in Message Queue installations at `IMQ_HOME/examples/C`. See the `README` files located in this directory and its subdirectories for descriptive information about the example applications.

Example JMX Client Programs

Example Java Management Extensions (JMX) client applications are included in Message Queue installations at `IMQ_HOME/examples/jmx`. See the `README` files located in this directory and its subdirectories for descriptive information about the example applications.

Online Help

Online help is available for the Message Queue command line utilities; for details, see "Command Line Reference" in *Oracle GlassFish Server Message Queue Administration Guide*. The Message Queue graphical user interface (GUI) administration tool, the Administration Console, also includes a context-sensitive help facility; for details, see "Administration Console Online Help" in *Oracle GlassFish Server Message Queue Administration Guide*.

Documentation, Support, and Training

The Oracle web site provides information about the following additional resources:

- Documentation (<http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/indexes/documentation/index.html>)
- Support (<http://www.oracle.com/us/support/044752.html>)
- Training (http://education.oracle.com/pls/web_prod-plq-dad/db_pages.getpage?page_id=315)

Documentation Accessibility

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at

<http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc>.

Access to Oracle Support

Oracle customers have access to electronic support through My Oracle Support. For information, visit

<http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=info> or visit <http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=trs> if you are hearing impaired.

Introduction to JMX Programming for Message Queue Clients

While Message Queue's Administration Console and command line administration utilities allow an administrator to interactively configure and monitor Message Queue resources (such as brokers, connections, and destinations), these tools are not accessible from within a running client application.

To provide programmatic access to such administrative functions, Message Queue also incorporates an application programming interface based on the Java Management Extensions (JMX). Client applications can use this JMX API to programmatically perform the configuration and monitoring operations that are available interactively through the Administration Console and command line utilities.

You can use Message Queue's JMX API in your client applications for a variety of purposes:

- To optimize performance by monitoring the usage of brokers and other Message Queue resources and reconfiguring their parameters based on the results
- To automate regular maintenance tasks, rolling upgrades, and so forth
- To write your own utility applications to replace or enhance standard Message Queue tools such as the Broker utility (`imqbrokerd`) and Command utility (`imqcmd`)

In addition, since JMX is the Java standard for building management applications and is widely used for managing J2EE infrastructure, you can use it to incorporate your Message Queue client as part of a larger J2EE deployment using a standard management framework throughout.

JMX Architecture

The JMX Specification defines an architecture for the instrumentation and programmatic management of distributed resources. This architecture is based on the notion of a managed bean, or MBean: a Java object, similar to a `JavaBean`, representing a resource to be managed. Message Queue MBeans may be associated with individual resources such as brokers, connections, or destinations, or with whole categories of resources, such as the set of all destinations on a broker. There are separate configuration MBeans and monitor MBeans for setting a resource's configuration properties and monitoring its runtime state.

Each MBean is identified by an object name, an instance of the JMX class `ObjectName` conforming to the syntax and conventions defined in the JMX Specification. Object names for Message Queue MBeans are either defined as static constants or returned by static methods in the Message Queue utility class `MQObjectName`; see [Object Names](#) for further information.

An MBean provides access to its underlying resource through a management interface consisting of the following:

- Attributes holding data values representing static or dynamic properties of the resource
- Operations that can be invoked to perform actions on the resource
- Notifications informing the client application of state changes or other significant events affecting the resource

Client applications obtain MBeans through an MBean server, which serves as a container and registry for MBeans. Each Message Queue broker process contains an MBean server, accessed by means of a JMX connector. The JMX connector is used to obtain an MBean server connection, which in turn provides access to individual MBeans on the server. Configuring or monitoring a Message Queue resource with JMX requires the following steps:

1. Obtain a JMX connector.
2. Get an MBean server connection from the JMX connector.
3. Construct an object name identifying the particular MBean you wish to operate on.
4. Pass the object name to the appropriate methods of the MBean server connection to access the MBean's attributes, operations, and notifications.
5. Close the MBean server connection.

See [Using the JMX API](#) for code examples illustrating the technique for various MBean operations.

Message Queue MBeans

Message Queue's JMX functionality is exposed through MBeans associated with various Message Queue resources. These MBeans are of two kinds: resource MBeans and manager MBeans. The attributes, operations, and notifications available for each type of MBean are described in detail in [Message Queue MBean Reference](#).

Resource MBeans

Resource MBeans are associated with individual Message Queue resources of the following types:

- Message brokers
- Connection services
- Connections
- Destinations
- Broker clusters
- Logging
- The Java Virtual Machine (JVM)

Configuration and monitoring functions are implemented by separate MBeans. Each managed resource is associated with a configuration MBean for setting the resource's configuration and a monitor MBean for gathering (typically transient) information about its runtime state. For instance, there is a destination configuration MBean for configuring a destination and a destination monitor MBean for obtaining runtime information about it. In general, each instance of a managed resource has its own pair

of MBeans: thus there is a separate destination configuration MBean and destination monitor MBean for each individual destination. (In the case of the Java Virtual Machine, there is only a JVM monitor MBean with no corresponding configuration MBean.)

Configuration MBeans are used to perform such tasks as the following:

- Set a broker's port number
- Set a broker's maximum message size
- Pause a connection service
- Set the maximum number of threads for a connection service
- Purge all messages from a destination
- Set the level of logging information to be written to an output channel

Monitor MBeans are used to obtain runtime information such as the following:

- The current number of connections on a service
- The cumulative number of messages received by a destination since the broker was started
- The current state (running or paused) of a queue destination
- The current number of message producers for a topic destination
- The host name and port number of a cluster's master broker
- The current JVM heap size

Manager MBeans

In addition to the resource MBeans associated with individual resources, there are also manager MBeans for managing some whole categories of resources. These manager MBeans also come in pairs—one for configuration and one for monitoring—for the following resource categories:

- Connection services
- Connections
- Destinations
- Message producers
- Message consumers
- Transactions

Unlike individual resource MBeans, a broker has only one pair of manager MBeans for each whole category of resources: for instance, a single destination manager configuration MBean and a single destination manager monitor MBean. For some categories (connection services, connections, destinations), the manager MBeans exist in addition to the ones for individual resources, and are used to manage the collection of resource MBeans within the category or to perform global tasks that are beyond the scope of individual resource MBeans. Thus, for instance, there is a connection manager configuration MBean and a connection manager monitor MBean in addition to the connection configuration and connection monitor MBeans associated with individual connections. Manager MBeans of this type are used to perform tasks such as the following:

- Get the object names of the connection service monitor MBeans for all available connection services
- Get the total number of current connections
- Destroy a connection
- Create or destroy a destination
- Enable or disable auto-creation of destinations
- Pause message delivery for all destinations

In other cases (message producers, message consumers, transactions), there are no MBeans associated with individual resources and all of the resources in the category are managed through the manager MBeans themselves. The manager MBeans for these categories can be used for such tasks as the following:

- Get the destination name associated with a message producer
- Purge all messages from a durable subscriber
- Commit or roll back a transaction

Object Names

Each individual MBean is designated by an object name belonging to the JMX class `ObjectName`, which encapsulates a string identifying the MBean. For Message Queue MBeans, the encapsulated name string has the following syntax:

```
com.sun.messaging.jms.server:property=value[,property=value]*
```

Table 1-1 shows the possible properties.

Table 1-1 Object Name Properties

Property	Description	Values
type	MBean type	See Table 1-2.
subtype	MBean subtype	See Table 1-3.
desttype	Destination type Applies only to MBeans of the following types: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Destination configuration ■ Destination monitor 	See Table 1-4.
name	Resource name Applies only to MBeans of the following types: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Service configuration ■ Service monitor ■ Destination configuration ■ Destination monitor 	For service configuration and service monitor MBeans, see Table 1-5. For destination configuration and destination monitor MBeans, the destination name. Examples: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ myTopic ■ temporary_ destination://queue/129.145.180.99/63008/1
id	Resource identifier Applies only to MBeans of the following types: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Connection configuration ■ Connection monitor 	Example: 7853717387765338368

Table 1–2 shows the possible values for the object name's `type` property.

Table 1–2 Message Queue MBean Types

Value	Description
Broker	Broker resource MBean
Service	Connection service resource MBean
ServiceManager	Connection service manager MBean
Connection	Connection resource MBean
ConnectionManager	Connection manager MBean
Destination	Destination resource MBean
DestinationManager	Destination manager MBean
ProducerManager	Message producer manager MBean
ConsumerManager	Message consumer manager MBean
TransactionManager	Transaction manager MBean
Cluster	Broker cluster resource MBean
Log	Logging resource MBean
JVM	JVM resource MBean

Table 1–3 shows the possible values for the object name's `subtype` property.

Table 1–3 Message Queue MBean Subtypes

Value	Description
Config	Configuration MBean
Monitor	Monitor MBean

For destination configuration and destination monitor MBeans, the object name's `desttype` property specifies whether the destination is a point-to-point queue or a publish/subscribe topic. Table 1–4 shows the possible values, which are defined for convenience as static constants in the utility class `DestinationType`.

Table 1–4 Destination Types

Value	Utility Constant	Meaning
q	<code>DestinationType.QUEUE</code>	Queue (point-to-point) destination
t	<code>DestinationType.TOPIC</code>	Topic (publish/subscribe) destination

For service configuration and service monitor MBeans, the object name's `name` property identifies the connection service with which the MBean is associated. Table 1–5 shows the possible values.

Table 1–5 Connection Service Names

Service Name	Service Type	Protocol Type
jms	Normal	TCP
ssljms	Normal	TLS (SSL-based security)

Table 1–5 (Cont.) Connection Service Names

Service Name	Service Type	Protocol Type
httpjms	Normal	HTTP
httpsjms	Normal	HTTPS (SSL-based security)
admin	Admin	TCP
ssladmin	Admin	TLS (SSL-based security)

Table 1–6 shows some example object names.

Table 1–6 Example Object Names

MBean type	Object Name
Broker configuration	com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=Broker,subtype=Config
Service manager monitor	com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=ServiceManager,subtype=Monitor
Connection configuration	com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=Connection,subtype=Config,id=7853717387765338368
Destination monitor	com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=Destination,subtype=Monitor,desttype=t,name="MyQueue"

The object names for each type of Message Queue MBean are given in the relevant sections of [Message Queue MBean Reference](#). All such names are either defined as static constants or returned by static methods in the utility class `MQObjectName` (see [Table 1–7](#)). For instance, the constant

```
MQObjectName.BROKER_CONFIG_MBEAN_NAME
```

is defined as a string representing the object name for a broker configuration MBean, and the method call

```
MQObjectName.createDestinationMonitor(DestinationType.TOPIC, "MyQueue");
```

returns the destination monitor MBean object name shown in [Table 1–6](#). Note that, whereas methods such as `createDestinationMonitor` return an actual object name (that is, an object of class `ObjectName`) that can be assigned directly to a variable of that type

```
ObjectName destMonitorName
= MQObjectName.createDestinationMonitor(DestinationType.TOPIC, "Dest");
```

constants like `BROKER_CONFIG_MBEAN_NAME` instead represent an ordinary string (class `String`) that must then be converted into the corresponding object name itself:

```
ObjectName brokerConfigName
= new ObjectName(MQObjectName.BROKER_CONFIG_MBEAN_NAME);
```

Table 1–7 Utility Constants and Methods for Object Names

MBean Type	Utility Constant or Method
Broker configuration	<code>MQObjectName.BROKER_CONFIG_MBEAN_NAME</code>
Broker monitor	<code>MQObjectName.BROKER_MONITOR_MBEAN_NAME</code>
Service configuration	<code>MQObjectName.createServiceConfig</code>
Service monitor	<code>MQObjectName.createServiceMonitor</code>
Service manager configuration	<code>MQObjectName.SERVICE_MANAGER_CONFIG_MBEAN_NAME</code>

Table 1–7 (Cont.) Utility Constants and Methods for Object Names

MBean Type	Utility Constant or Method
Service manager monitor	MQObjectName.SERVICE_MANAGER_MONITOR_MBEAN_NAME
Connection configuration	MQObjectName.createConnectionConfig
Connection monitor	MQObjectName.createConnectionMonitor
Connection manager configuration	MQObjectName.CONNECTION_MANAGER_CONFIG_MBEAN_NAME
Connection manager monitor	MQObjectName.CONNECTION_MANAGER_MONITOR_MBEAN_NAME
Destination configuration	MQObjectName.createDestinationConfig
Destination monitor	MQObjectName.createDestinationMonitor
Destination manager configuration	MQObjectName.DESTINATION_MANAGER_CONFIG_MBEAN_NAME
Destination manager monitor	MQObjectName.DESTINATION_MANAGER_MONITOR_MBEAN_NAME
Producer manager configuration	MQObjectName.PRODUCER_MANAGER_CONFIG_MBEAN_NAME
Producer manager monitor	MQObjectName.PRODUCER_MANAGER_MONITOR_MBEAN_NAME
Consumer manager configuration	MQObjectName.CONSUMER_MANAGER_CONFIG_MBEAN_NAME
Consumer manager monitor	MQObjectName.CONSUMER_MANAGER_MONITOR_MBEAN_NAME
Transaction manager configuration	MQObjectName.TRANSACTION_MANAGER_CONFIG_MBEAN_NAME
Transaction manager monitor	MQObjectName.TRANSACTION_MANAGER_MONITOR_MBEAN_NAME
Cluster configuration	MQObjectName.CLUSTER_CONFIG_MBEAN_NAME
Cluster monitor	MQObjectName.CLUSTER_MONITOR_MBEAN_NAME
Log configuration	MQObjectName.LOG_CONFIG_MBEAN_NAME
Log monitor	MQObjectName.LOG_MONITOR_MBEAN_NAME
JVM monitor	MQObjectName.JVM_MONITOR_MBEAN_NAME

Using the JMX API

This chapter provides code examples showing how to use the JMX application programming interface to connect to a broker's MBean server, obtain MBeans for Message Queue resources, and access their attributes, operations, and notifications. The chapter consists of the following sections:

- [Interface Packages](#)
- [Utility Classes](#)
- [Connecting to the MBean Server](#)
- [Using MBeans](#)

Interface Packages

The Message Queue 4.5.2 installation includes two Java packages related to the JMX interface:

- `com.sun.messaging` contains the class `AdminConnectionFactory` (discussed in [Connecting to the MBean Server](#)), along with a utility class `AdminConnectionFactoryConfiguration` defining static constants for use in configuring it.
- `com.sun.messaging.jms.management.server` contains a collection of utility classes (listed in [Utility Classes](#)) defining useful static constants and methods used in the JMX interface.

These packages are contained in a Java archive file, `mqjmx.jar`, included in your Message Queue installation in the `MQ_HOME/lib` directory.

To do application development for the Message Queue JMX API, you must include this `.jar` file in your `CLASSPATH` environment variable.

Note: Message Queue's JMX interface requires version 1.5 of the Java Development Kit (JDK). The functionality described here is not available under earlier versions of the JDK.

Utility Classes

The package `com.sun.messaging.jms.management.server` in the Message Queue JMX interface contains a collection of utility classes defining useful static constants and methods for use with Message Queue MBeans. [Table 2-1](#) lists these utility classes; see the relevant sections of [Message Queue MBean Reference](#) and the Message Queue JMX JavaDoc documentation for further details.

Table 2–1 Message Queue JMX Utility Classes

Class	Description
MQObjectName	Constants and methods for Message Queue MBean object names
MQNotification	Superclass for all Message Queue JMX notifications
BrokerAttributes	Names of broker attributes
BrokerOperations	Names of broker operations
BrokerNotification	Constants and methods related to broker notifications
BrokerState	Constants related to broker state
ServiceAttributes	Names of connection service attributes
ServiceOperations	Names of connection service operations
ServiceNotification	Constants and methods related to connection service notifications
ServiceState	Constants related to connection service state
ConnectionAttributes	Names of connection attributes
ConnectionOperations	Names of connection operations
ConnectionNotification	Constants and methods related to connection notifications
DestinationAttributes	Names of destination attributes
DestinationOperations	Names of destination operations
DestinationNotification	Constants and methods related to destination notifications
DestinationType	Names of destination types
DestinationState	Constants related to destination state
DestinationLimitBehavior	Names of destination limit behaviors
DestinationPauseType	Constants related to destination pause type
ProducerAttributes	Names of message producer attributes
ProducerOperations	Names of message producer operations
ProducerInfo	Field names in composite data object for message producers
ConsumerAttributes	Names of message consumer attributes
ConsumerOperations	Names of message consumer operations
ConsumerInfo	Field names in composite data object for message consumers
TransactionAttributes	Names of transaction attributes
TransactionOperations	Names of transaction operations
TransactionNotification	Constants and methods related to transaction notifications
TransactionInfo	Field names in composite data object for transactions
TransactionState	Constants related to transaction state
ClusterAttributes	Names of broker cluster attributes
ClusterOperations	Names of broker cluster operations
ClusterNotification	Constants and methods related to broker cluster notifications
BrokerClusterInfo	Field names in composite data object for broker clusters
LogAttributes	Names of logging attributes

Table 2–1 (Cont.) Message Queue JMX Utility Classes

Class	Description
LogNotification	Constants and methods related to logging notifications
LogLevel	Names of logging levels
JVMAttributes	Names of Java Virtual Machine (JVM) attributes

Connecting to the MBean Server

As defined in the JMX Specification, client applications obtain MBeans through an MBean server connection, accessed by means of a JMX connector. Message Queue brokers use the standard JMX infrastructure provided with the Java Development Kit (JDK) 1.5, which uses remote method invocation (RMI) for communicating between client and server. Once you obtain a JMX connector, you can use it to obtain an MBean server connection with which to access the attributes, operations, and notifications of individual MBeans. This infrastructure is described in "JMX Connection Infrastructure" in *Oracle GlassFish Server Message Queue Administration Guide*.

For convenience, Message Queue provides an admin connection factory (class `AdminConnectionFactory`), similar in spirit to the familiar Message Queue connection factory, for creating JMX connectors with a minimum of effort. It is also possible to dispense with this convenience class and obtain a JMX connector using standard JMX classes instead. The following sections illustrate these two techniques. While Message Queue client applications are free to use either method, the first is simpler and is recommended.

Obtaining a JMX Connector from an Admin Connection Factory

The Message Queue convenience class `AdminConnectionFactory` (defined in package `com.sun.messaging`) encapsulates a predefined set of configuration properties and hides details, such as the JMX Service URL, involved in obtaining a JMX connector. [Example 2–1](#) shows the most straightforward use, obtaining a JMX connector at the default broker Port Mapper port 7676 on host `localhost`, with the user name and password both set to the default value of `admin`. After obtaining the connector, its `getMBeanServerConnection` method is called to obtain an MBean server connection for interacting with Message Queue MBeans.

Example 2–1 Obtaining a JMX Connector from an Admin Connection Factory

```
import javax.management.remote.*;
import com.sun.messaging.AdminConnectionFactory;

// Create admin connection factory for default host and port (localhost:7676)
AdminConnectionFactory acf = new AdminConnectionFactory();

// Get JMX connector using default user name (admin) and password (admin)
JMXConnector jmxcr = acf.createConnection();

// Get MBean server connection
MBeanServerConnection mbsc = jmxcr.getMBeanServerConnection();
```

[Example 2–2](#) shows how to reconfigure an admin connection factory's properties to nondefault values. Instead of using the default broker address (`localhost:7676`), the code shown here uses the connection factory's `setProperty` method to reconfigure it to connect to a broker at port 9898 on host `otherhost`. (The names of the connection

factory's configuration properties are defined as static constants in the Message Queue utility class `AdminConnectionFactory`, defined in package `com.sun.messaging`. The arguments to the factory's `createConnection` method are then used to supply a user name and password other than the defaults.

Example 2-2 Configuring an Admin Connection Factory

```
import javax.management.remote.*;
import com.sun.messaging.AdminConnectionFactory;

// Create admin connection factory
AdminConnectionFactory acf = new AdminConnectionFactory();

// Configure for specific broker address
acf.setProperty(AdminConnectionFactory.imqAddress, "otherhost:9898");

// Get JMX connector, supplying user name and password
JMXConnector jmx = acf.createConnection("AliBaba", "sesame");

// Get MBean server connection
MBeanServerConnection mbsc = jmx.getMBeanServerConnection();
```

Obtaining a JMX Connector Without Using an Admin Connection Factory

The generic (non-Message Queue) way of obtaining a JMX connector, as described in the JMX Specification, is by invoking the static `connect` method of the standard JMX class `JMXConnectorFactory` (see [Example 2-3](#)). Client applications may choose to use this method instead of an admin connection factory in order to avoid dependency on Message Queue-specific classes.

Example 2-3 Obtaining a JMX Connector Without Using an Admin Connection Factory

```
import java.util.HashMap;
import javax.management.remote.*;

// Provide credentials required by server for user authentication
HashMap environment = new HashMap();
String[] credentials = new String[] {"AliBaba", "sesame"};
environment.put (JMXConnector.CREDENTIALS, credentials);

// Get JMXServiceURL of JMX Connector (must be known in advance)
JMXServiceURL url
    = new
JMXServiceURL ("service:jmx:rmi:///jndi/rmi://localhost:9999/server");

// Get JMX connector
JMXConnector jmx = JMXConnectorFactory.connect(url, environment);

// Get MBean server connection
MBeanServerConnection mbsc = jmx.getMBeanServerConnection();
```

The `JMXConnectorFactory.connect` method accepts two parameters:

- A JMX service URL.

The JMX service URL is an address used for obtaining the JMX connector. It can either specify the location of a JMX connector stub in an RMI registry or contain a

connector stub as a serialized object. These options, and the format of the address, are described in "The JMX Service URL" in *Oracle GlassFish Server Message Queue Administration Guide*.

- An optional environment parameter.

The environment parameter is a hash map mapping attribute names to their corresponding values. In particular, the `CREDENTIALS` attribute specifies the authentication credentials (user name and password) to be used in establishing a connection. The hash-map key for this attribute is defined as a static constant, `CREDENTIALS`, in the `JMXConnector` interface; the corresponding value is a 2-element string array containing the user name at index 0 and the password at index 1.

Using MBeans

Once you have obtained an MBean server connection, you can use it to communicate with Message Queue (and other) MBeans and to access their attributes, operations, and notifications. The following sections describe how this is done.

Accessing MBean Attributes

The MBean server connection's `getAttribute` method accepts the object name of an MBean along with a string representing the name of one of its attributes, and returns the value of the designated attribute. [Example 2-4](#) shows an example, obtaining and printing the value of a destination's `MaxNumProducers` attribute from its configuration MBean (described in [Destination Configuration](#)).

Example 2-4 Getting an Attribute Value

```
import javax.management.*;
import javax.management.remote.*;
import com.sun.messaging.AdminConnectionFactory;
import com.sun.messaging.jms.management.server.*;

public class GetAttrValue
{
    public static void main (String[] args)
    {
        try
        { // Create admin connection factory
          AdminConnectionFactory acf = new AdminConnectionFactory();

          // Get JMX connector, supplying user name and password
          JMXConnector jmx = acf.createConnection("AliBaba", "sesame");

          // Get MBean server connection
          MBeanServerConnection mbsc = jmx.getMBeanServerConnection();

          // Create object name
          ObjectName destConfigName
            = MQObjectName.createDestinationConfig(DestinationType.QUEUE,
            "MyQueue");

          // Get and print attribute value
          Integer attrValue
            = (Integer)mbsc.getAttribute(destConfigName,
            DestinationAttributes.MAX_NUM_
```

```

PRODUCERS);
        System.out.println( "Maximum number of producers: " + attrValue );

        // Close JMX connector
        jmx.close();
    }

    catch (Exception e)
    { System.out.println( "Exception occurred: " + e.toString() );
      e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
}

```

There is also an `MBeanServerConnection` method named `getAttributes`, which accepts an MBean object name and an array of attribute name strings, and returns a result of class `AttributeList`. This is an array of `Attribute` objects, each of which provides methods (`getName` and `getValue`) for retrieving the name and value of one of the requested attributes. [Example 2-5](#) shows a modified version of [Example 2-4](#) that uses `getAttributes` to retrieve the values of a destination's `MaxNumProducers` and `maxNumActiveConsumers` attributes from its configuration MBean (see [Destination Configuration](#)).

Example 2-5 Getting Multiple Attribute Values

```

import javax.management.*;
import javax.management.remote.*;
import com.sun.messaging.AdminConnectionFactory;
import com.sun.messaging.jms.management.server.*;

public class GetAttrValues
{
    public static void main (String[] args)
    {
        try
        { // Create admin connection factory
          AdminConnectionFactory acf = new AdminConnectionFactory();

          // Get JMX connector, supplying user name and password
          JMXConnector jmx = acf.createConnection("AliBaba", "sesame");

          // Get MBean server connection
          MBeanServerConnection mbsc = jmx.getMBeanServerConnection();

          // Create object name
          ObjectName destConfigName
              = MQObjectName.createDestinationConfig(DestinationType.QUEUE,
              "MyQueue");

          // Create array of attribute names
          String attrNames[] =
              { DestinationAttributes.MAX_NUM_PRODUCERS,
                DestinationAttributes.MAX_NUM_ACTIVE_CONSUMERS
              };

          // Get attributes
          AttributeList attrList = mbsc.getAttributes(destConfigName,
              attrNames);

          // Extract and print attribute values

```

```

        Object attrValue;

        attrValue = attrList.get(0).getValue();
        System.out.println( "Maximum number of producers: " +
attrValue.toString() );

        attrValue = attrList.get(1).getValue();
        System.out.println( "Maximum number of active consumers: " +
attrValue.toString() );

        // Close JMX connector
        jmx.close();
    }

    catch (Exception e)
    { System.out.println( "Exception occurred: " + e.toString() );
      e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
}

```

To set the value of an attribute, use the `MBeanServerConnection` method `setAttribute`. This takes an MBean object name and an `Attribute` object specifying the name and value of the attribute to be set. [Example 2-6](#) uses this method to set a destination's `MaxNumProducers` attribute to 25.

Example 2-6 Setting an Attribute Value

```

import javax.management.*;
import javax.management.remote.*;
import com.sun.messaging.AdminConnectionFactory;
import com.sun.messaging.jms.management.server.*;

public class SetAttrValue
{
    public static void main (String[] args)
    {
        try
        { // Create admin connection factory
          AdminConnectionFactory acf = new AdminConnectionFactory();

          // Get JMX connector, supplying user name and password
          JMXConnector jmx = acf.createConnection("AliBaba", "sesame");

          // Get MBean server connection
          MBeanServerConnection mbsc = jmx.getMBeanServerConnection();

          // Create object name
          ObjectName destConfigName
            = MQObjectName.createDestinationConfig(DestinationType.QUEUE,
"MyQueue");

          // Create attribute object
          Attribute attr = new Attribute(DestinationAttributes.MAX_NUM_
PRODUCERS, 25);

          // Set attribute value
          mbsc.setAttribute(destConfigName, attr);

```

```
        // Close JMX connector
        jmx.close();
    }

    catch (Exception e)
    { System.out.println( "Exception occurred: " + e.toString() );
      e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
}
```

Just as for getting attribute values, there is an `MBeanServerConnection` method named `setAttributes` for setting the values of multiple attributes at once. You supply an MBean object name and an attribute list giving the names and values of the attributes to be set. [Example 2-7](#) illustrates the use of this method to set a destination's `MaxNumProducers` and `MaxNumActiveConsumers` attributes to 25 and 50, respectively.

Example 2-7 Setting Multiple Attribute Values

```
import javax.management.*;
import javax.management.remote.*;
import com.sun.messaging.AdminConnectionFactory;
import com.sun.messaging.jms.management.server.*;

public class SetAttrValues
{
    public static void main (String[] args)
    {
        try
        { // Create admin connection factory
          AdminConnectionFactory acf = new AdminConnectionFactory();

          // Get JMX connector, supplying user name and password
          JMXConnector jmx = acf.createConnection("AliBaba", "sesame");

          // Get MBean server connection
          MBeanServerConnection mbsc = jmx.getMBeanServerConnection();

          // Create object name
          ObjectName destConfigName
              = MQObjectName.createDestinationConfig(DestinationType.QUEUE,
              "MyQueue");

          // Create and populate attribute list

          AttributeList attrList = new AttributeList();
          Attribute attr;

          attr = new Attribute(DestinationAttributes.MAX_NUM_PRODUCERS, 25);
          attrList.add(attr);

          attr = new Attribute(DestinationAttributes.MAX_NUM_ACTIVE_
CONSUMERS, 50);
          attrList.add(attr);

          // Set attribute values
          mbsc.setAttributes(destConfigName, attrList);
        }
    }
}
```



```

        // Close JMX connector
        jmx.close();
    }

    catch (Exception e)
    { System.out.println( "Exception occurred: " + e.toString() );
      e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
}

```

Invoking MBean Operations

To invoke an MBean operation, use the `MBeanServerConnection` method `invoke`. The first two parameters to this method are an MBean object name and a string specifying the name of the operation to be invoked. (The two remaining parameters are used for supplying parameters to the invoked operation, and are discussed in the next example.) The method returns an object that is the operation's return value (if any).

[Example 2-8](#) shows the use of this method to pause the `jms` connection service by invoking the `pause` operation of its service configuration MBean (see [Service Configuration](#)).

Example 2-8 Invoking an Operation

```

import javax.management.*;
import javax.management.remote.*;
import com.sun.messaging.AdminConnectionFactory;
import com.sun.messaging.jms.management.server.*;

public class InvokeOp
{
    public static void main (String[] args)
    {
        try
        { // Create admin connection factory
          AdminConnectionFactory acf = new AdminConnectionFactory();

          // Get JMX connector, supplying user name and password
          JMXConnector jmx = acf.createConnection("AliBaba", "sesame");

          // Get MBean server connection
          MBeanServerConnection mbsc = jmx.getMBeanServerConnection();

          // Create object name
          ObjectName serviceName =
MQObjectName.createServiceConfig("jms");

          // Invoke operation
          mbsc.invoke(serviceName, ServiceOperations.PAUSE, null,
null);

          // Close JMX connector
          jmx.close();
        }

        catch (Exception e)
        { System.out.println( "Exception occurred: " + e.toString() );
        }
    }
}

```

```

        e.printStackTrace();
    }
}

```

When the operation being invoked requires parameters, you supply them in an array as the third parameter to the `MBeanServerConnection.invoke` method. The method's fourth parameter is a signature array giving the class or interface names of the invoked operation's parameters. [Example 2–9](#) shows an illustration, invoking the destination manager configuration MBean's `create` operation to create a new queue destination named `MyQueue` with the same attributes that were set in [Example 2–7](#). The `create` operation (see [Destination Manager Configuration](#)) takes three parameters: the type (`QUEUE` or `TOPIC`) and name of the new destination and an attribute list specifying any initial attribute values to be set. The example shows how to set up a parameter array (*opParams*) containing these values, along with a signature array (*opSig*) giving their classes, and pass them to the `invoke` method.

Example 2–9 Invoking an Operation with Parameters

```

import javax.management.*;
import javax.management.remote.*;
import com.sun.messaging.AdminConnectionFactory;
import com.sun.messaging.jms.management.server.*;

public class InvokeOpWithParams
{
    public static void main (String[] args)
    {
        try
        { // Create admin connection factory
          AdminConnectionFactory acf = new AdminConnectionFactory();

          // Get JMX connector, supplying user name and password
          JMXConnector jmxcr = acf.createConnection("AliBaba", "sesame");

          // Get MBean server connection
          MBeanServerConnection mbsc = jmxcr.getMBeanServerConnection();

          // Create object name
          ObjectName destMgrConfigName
              = new ObjectName(MQObjectName.DESTINATION_MANAGER_CONFIG_
MBean_NAME);

          // Create and populate attribute list

          AttributeList attrList = new AttributeList();
          Attribute attr;

          attr = new Attribute(DestinationAttributes.MAX_NUM_PRODUCERS, 25);
          attrList.add(attr);

          attr = new Attribute(DestinationAttributes.MAX_NUM_ACTIVE_
CONSUMERS, 50);
          attrList.add(attr);

          // Create operation's parameter and signature arrays

          Object opParams[] = { DestinationType.QUEUE,

```

```

        "MyQueue",
        attrList
    };

    String opSig[] = { String.class.getName(),
        String.class.getName(),
        attrList.getClass().getName()
    };

    // Invoke operation
    mbsc.invoke(destMgrConfigName, DestinationOperations.CREATE,
opParams, opSig);

    // Close JMX connector
    jmxcc.close();
}

catch (Exception e)
{ System.out.println( "Exception occurred: " + e.toString() );
  e.printStackTrace();
}
}
}

```

[Example 2–10](#) shows a more elaborate example combining the use of MBean operations and attributes. The destination manager monitor MBean operation `getDestinations` (see [Destination Manager Monitor](#)) returns an array of object names of the destination monitor MBeans for all current destinations. The example then iterates through the array, printing the name, destination type (QUEUE or TOPIC), and current state (such as RUNNING or PAUSED) for each destination.

Example 2–10 Combining Operations and Attributes

```

import javax.management.*;
import javax.management.remote.*;
import com.sun.messaging.AdminConnectionFactory;
import com.sun.messaging.jms.management.server.*;

public class OpsAndAttrs
{
    public static void main (String[] args)
    {
        try
        { // Create admin connection factory
          AdminConnectionFactory acf = new AdminConnectionFactory();

          // Get JMX connector, supplying user name and password
          JMXConnector jmxcc = acf.createConnection("AliBaba", "sesame");

          // Get MBean server connection
          MBeanServerConnection mbsc = jmxcc.getMBeanServerConnection();

          // Create object name for destination manager monitor MBean
          ObjectName destMgrMonitorName
              = new ObjectName(MQObjectName.DESTINATION_MANAGER_MONITOR_
MBean_NAME);

          // Get destination object names
          ObjectName destNames[] = mbsc.invoke(destMgrMonitorName,

```

```

                                                                    DestinationOperations.GET_
DESTINATIONS,
                                                                    null,
                                                                    null);

    // Step through array of object names, printing information for each
destination

    System.out.println( "Listing destinations: " );

    ObjectName  eachDestName;
    Object      attrValue;

    for ( int i = 0; i < destNames.length; ++i )
        { eachDestName = destNames[i];

            attrValue = mbsc.getAttribute(eachDestName,
DestinationAttributes.NAME);
            System.out.println( "\tName: " + attrValue );

            attrValue = mbsc.getAttribute(eachDestName,
DestinationAttributes.TYPE);
            System.out.println( "\tTypeYPE: " + attrValue );

            attrValue = mbsc.getAttribute(eachDestName,
DestinationAttributes.STATE_LABEL);
            System.out.println( "\tState: " + attrValue );

            System.out.println( " " );
        }

    // Close JMX connector
    jmxnc.close();
}

catch (Exception e)
    { System.out.println( "Exception occurred: " + e.toString() );
      e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
}

```

Some of the Message Queue MBeans' operations and attributes return a composite data object (implementing the JMX `CompositeData` interface). This type of object consists of a collection of data values accessed by means of associative lookup keys. The specific keys vary from one MBean to another, and are described in the relevant sections of [Message Queue MBean Reference](#). [Example 2–11](#) shows an illustration, invoking the consumer manager MBean's `GetConsumerInfo` operation (see [Consumer Manager Monitor](#) to obtain an array of composite data objects describing all current message consumers. It then steps through the array, using the lookup keys listed in [Table 3–63](#) to retrieve and print the characteristics of each consumer.

Example 2–11 Using a Composite Data Object

```

import javax.management.*;
import javax.management.remote.*;
import com.sun.messaging.AdminConnectionFactory;
import com.sun.messaging.jms.management.server.*;

```

```

public class CompData
{
    public static void main (String[] args)
    {
        try
        { // Create admin connection factory
            AdminConnectionFactory acf = new AdminConnectionFactory();

            // Get JMX connector, supplying user name and password
            JMXConnector jmx = acf.createConnection("AliBaba", "sesame");

            // Get MBean server connection
            MBeanServerConnection mbsc = jmx.getMBeanServerConnection();

            // Create object name
            ObjectName consumerMgrMonitorName
                = new ObjectName(MQObjectName.CONSUMER_MANAGER_MONITOR_MBEAN_
NAME);

            // Invoke operation
            Object result
                = mbsc.invoke(consumerMgrMonitorName,
                    ConsumerOperations.GET_CONSUMER_INFO,
                    null,
                    null);

            // Typecast result to an array of composite data objects
            CompositeData cdArray[] = (CompositeData[])result;

            // Step through array, printing information for each consumer

            if ( cdArray == null )
                { System.out.println( "No message consumers found" );
                }
            else
                { for ( int i = 0; i < cdArray.length; ++i )
                    { CompositeData cd = cdArray[i];

                        System.out.println( "Consumer ID: "
ID );
                            + cd.get(ConsumerInfo.CONSUMER_

                        System.out.println( "User: "
                            + cd.get(ConsumerInfo.USER) );
                        System.out.println( "Host: "
                            + cd.get(ConsumerInfo.HOST) );
                        System.out.println( "Connection service: "
NAME );
                            + cd.get(ConsumerInfo.SERVICE_

                        System.out.println( "Acknowledgment mode: "
                            +
cd.get(ConsumerInfo.ACKNOWLEDGE_MODE_LABEL) );
                        System.out.println( "Destination name: "
                            +
cd.get(ConsumerInfo.DESTINATION_NAME) );
                        System.out.println( "Destination type: "
                            +
cd.get(ConsumerInfo.DESTINATION_TYPE) );
                    }
                }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        catch (Exception e)
        { System.out.println( "Exception occurred: " + e.toString() );
          e.printStackTrace();
        }

        finally
        { if ( jmx != null )
          { try
            { jmx.close();
            }
            catch (IOException ioe)
            { System.out.println( "I/O exception occurred: " +
              ioe.toString() );
              ioe.printStackTrace();
            }
          }
        }
    }
}

```

Receiving MBean Notifications

To receive notifications from an MBean, you must register a notification listener with the MBean server. This is an object implementing the JMX interface `NotificationListener`, which consists of the single method `handleNotification`. In registering the listener with the MBean server (using the `MBeanServerConnection` method `addNotificationListener`), you supply the object name of the MBean from which you wish to receive notifications, along with a notification filter specifying which types of notification you wish to receive. (You can also provide an optional handback object to be passed to your listener whenever it is invoked, and which you can use for any purpose convenient to your application.) The MBean server will then call your listener's `handleNotification` method whenever the designated MBean broadcasts a notification satisfying the filter you specified.

The notification listener's `handleNotification` method receives two parameters: a notification object (belonging to the JMX class `Notification`) describing the notification being raised, along with the handback object, if any, that you supplied when you registered the listener. The notification object provides methods for retrieving various pieces of information about the notification, such as its type, the MBean raising it, its time stamp, and an MBean-dependent user data object and message string further describing the notification. The notifications raised by Message Queue MBeans belong to Message Queue-specific subclasses of `Notification`, such as `BrokerNotification`, `ServiceNotification`, and `DestinationNotification`, which add further information retrieval methods specific to each particular type of notification; see the relevant sections of [Message Queue MBean Reference](#) for details.

[Example 2–12](#) shows a notification listener for responding to Message Queue service notifications, issued by a service manager monitor MBean. On receiving a notification belonging to the Message Queue class `ServiceNotification`, the listener simply prints an informational message containing the notification's type and the name of the connection service affected.

Example 2–12 Notification Listener

```

import javax.management.*;
import javax.management.remote.*;
import com.sun.messaging.jms.management.server.*;

```

```

public class ServiceNotificationListener implements NotificationListener
{
    public void handleNotification (Notification notification,
                                   Object handback)
    {
        if ( notification instanceof ServiceNotification )
        { ServiceNotification n = (ServiceNotification)notification;
          }
        else
        { System.err.println( "Wrong type of notification for listener" );
          return;
        }

        System.out.println( "\nReceived service notification: " );
        System.out.println( "\tNotification type: " + n.getType() );
        System.out.println( "\tService name: " + n.getServiceName() );

        System.out.println( " " );
    }
}

```

[Example 2-13](#) shows how to register the notification listener from [Example 2-12](#), using the `MBeanServerConnection` method `addNotificationListener`. The notification filter is an object of the standard JMX class `NotificationFilterSupport`; the calls to this object's `enableType` method specify that the listener should be invoked whenever a connection service is paused or resumed. The listener itself is an instance of class `ServiceNotificationListener`, as defined in [Example 2-12](#).

Example 2-13 Registering a Notification Listener

```

import javax.management.*;
import javax.management.remote.*;
import com.sun.messaging.AdminConnectionFactory;
import com.sun.messaging.jms.management.server.*;
import java.io.IOException

public class NotificationService
{
    public static void main (String[] args)
    {
        try
        { // Create admin connection factory
          AdminConnectionFactory acf = new AdminConnectionFactory();

          // Get JMX connector, supplying user name and password
          JMXConnector jmxnc = acf.createConnection("AliBaba", "sesame");

          // Get MBean server connection
          MBeanServerConnection mbsc = jmxnc.getMBeanServerConnection();

          // Create object name for service manager monitor MBean
          ObjectName svcMgrMonitorName
            = new ObjectName( MQObjectName.SERVICE_MANAGER_MONITOR_MBEAN_
NAME );

          // Create notification filter
          NotificationFilterSupport myFilter = new

```

```
NotificationFilterSupport();
    myFilter.enableType(ServiceNotification.SERVICE_PAUSE);
    myFilter.enableType(ServiceNotification.SERVICE_RESUME);

    // Create notification listener
    ServiceNotificationListener myListener = new
ServiceNotificationListener();
    mbsc.addNotificationListener(svcMgrMonitorName, myListener,
myFilter, null);

    ...
}

catch (Exception e)
{ System.out.println( "Exception occurred: " + e.toString() );
  e.printStackTrace();
}

finally
{ if ( jmxrc != null )
  { try
    { jmxrc.close();
    }
    catch (IOException ioe)
    { System.out.println( "I/O exception occurred: " +
ioe.toString() );
      ioe.printStackTrace();
    }
  }
}
}
```

Message Queue MBean Reference

This chapter describes the JMX MBeans that allow you to configure and monitor a Message Queue broker. It consists of the following sections:

- [Brokers](#)
- [Connection Services](#)
- [Connections](#)
- [Destinations](#)
- [Message Producers](#)
- [Message Consumers](#)
- [Transactions](#)
- [Broker Clusters](#)
- [Logging](#)
- [Java Virtual Machine](#)

Brokers

This section describes the MBeans used for managing brokers:

- The broker configuration MBean configures a broker.
- The broker monitor MBean monitors a broker.

The following subsections describe each of these MBeans in detail.

Broker Configuration

The broker configuration MBean is used for configuring a broker. There is one such MBean for each broker.

Object Name

The broker configuration MBean has the following object name:

```
com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=Broker,subtype=Config
```

A string representing this object name is defined as a static constant `BROKER_CONFIG_MBEAN_NAME` in the utility class `MQObjectName`.

Attributes

The broker configuration MBean has the attributes shown in [Table 3–1](#). The names of these attributes are defined as static constants in the utility class `BrokerAttributes`.

Table 3–1 Broker Configuration Attributes

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
BrokerID	String	No	<p>Broker identifier</p> <p>Must be a unique alphanumeric string of no more than $n - 13$ characters, where n is the maximum table name length allowed by the database. No two running brokers may have the same broker identifier.</p> <p>For brokers using a JDBC-based persistent data store, this string is appended to the names of all database tables to make them unique in the case where more than one broker instance is using the same database. If a database is not used as the persistent data store, the value of this attribute is null.</p> <p>Note: For high-availability brokers, database table names use the <code>ClusterID</code> attribute (see Table 3–74) instead.</p>
Version	String	No	Broker version
InstanceName	String	No	<p>Broker instance name</p> <p>Example:</p> <p><code>imqbroker</code></p>
Port	Integer	Yes	Port number of Port Mapper

Operations

The broker configuration MBean supports the operations shown in [Table 3–2](#). The names of these operations are defined as static constants in the utility class `BrokerOperations`.

Table 3–2 Broker Configuration Operations

Name	Parameters	Result Type	Description
shutdown	<p><code>nofailover</code> (Boolean)</p> <p><code>time</code> (Long)</p>	None	<p>Shut down broker</p> <p>If <code>nofailover</code> is <code>false</code> or <code>null</code>, another broker will attempt to take over for this broker when it shuts down; this applies only to brokers in a high-availability (HA) cluster. If <code>nofailover</code> is <code>true</code>, no such takeover attempt will occur.</p> <p>The <code>time</code> parameter specifies the interval, in seconds, before the broker actually shuts down; for immediate shutdown, specify <code>0</code> or <code>null</code>.</p>
shutdown	None	None	<p>Shut down broker immediately</p> <p>If the broker is part of a high-availability (HA) cluster, another broker will attempt to take over for it.</p> <p>Equivalent to <code>shutdown(Boolean.FALSE, new Long(0))</code>.</p>
restart	None	None	Restart broker
quiesce	None	None	<p>Quiesce broker</p> <p>The broker will refuse any new connections; existing connections will continue to be served.</p>
unquiesce	None	None	<p>Unquiesce broker</p> <p>The broker will again accept new connections.</p>

Table 3–2 (Cont.) Broker Configuration Operations

Name	Parameters	Result Type	Description
takeover ¹	brokerID (String)	None	Initiate takeover from specified broker The desired broker is designated by its broker identifier (brokerID).
getProperty	propertyName (String)	String	Get value of configuration property The desired property is designated by its name (propertyName)
resetMetrics	None	None	Reset metrics Resets to zero all metrics in monitor MBeans that track cumulative, peak, or average counts. The following attributes are affected:
Service monitor			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ NumConnectionsOpened ▪ NumConnectionsRejected ▪ NumMsgsIn ▪ NumMsgsOut ▪ MsgBytesIn ▪ MsgBytesOut ▪ NumPktsIn ▪ NumPktsOut ▪ PktBytesIn ▪ PktBytesOut 			
Service manager monitor			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ NumMsgsIn ▪ NumMsgsOut ▪ MsgBytesIn ▪ MsgBytesOut ▪ NumPktsIn ▪ NumPktsOut ▪ PktBytesIn ▪ PktBytesOut 			

Table 3–2 (Cont.) Broker Configuration Operations

Name	Parameters	Result Type	Description
			Connection manager monitor
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ NumConnectionsOpened ▪ NumConnectionsRejected
			Destination monitor
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ PeakNumConsumers ▪ AvgNumConsumers ▪ PeakNumActiveConsumers ▪ AvgNumActiveConsumers ▪ PeakNumBackupConsumers ▪ AvgNumBackupConsumers ▪ PeakNumMsgs ▪ AvgNumMsgs ▪ NumMsgsIn ▪ NumMsgsOut ▪ MsgBytesIn ▪ MsgBytesOut ▪ PeakMsgBytes ▪ PeakTotalMsgBytes ▪ AvgTotalMsgBytes
			Transaction manager monitor
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ NumTransactionsCommitted ▪ NumTransactionsRollback

¹ HA clusters only

Notification

The broker configuration MBean supports the notification shown in [Table 3–3](#).

Table 3–3 Broker Configuration Notification

Name	Description
jmx.attribute.change	Attribute value changed

Broker Monitor

The broker monitor MBean is used for monitoring a broker. There is one such MBean for each broker.

Object Name

The broker monitor MBean has the following object name:

```
com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=Broker,subtype=Monitor
```

A string representing this object name is defined as a static constant `BROKER_MONITOR_MBEAN_NAME` in the utility class `MQObjectName`.

Attributes

The broker monitor MBean has the attributes shown in [Table 3-4](#). The names of these attributes are defined as static constants in the utility class `BrokerAttributes`.

Table 3-4 Broker Monitor Attributes

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
BrokerID	String	No	<p>Broker identifier</p> <p>Must be a unique alphanumeric string of no more than $n - 13$ characters, where n is the maximum table name length allowed by the database. No two running brokers may have the same broker identifier.</p> <p>For brokers using a JDBC-based persistent data store, this string is appended to the names of all database tables to make them unique in the case where more than one broker instance is using the same database. If a database is not used as the persistent data store, the value of this attribute is null.</p> <p>Note: For high-availability brokers, database table names use the <code>ClusterID</code> attribute (see Table 3-79) instead.</p>
Version	String	No	Broker version
InstanceName	String	No	Broker instance name
Port	Integer	No	Port number of Port Mapper
ResourceState	String	No	<p>Current broker resource state:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ green: < 80% memory utilization ■ yellow: 80-90% memory utilization ■ orange: 90-98% memory utilization ■ red:> 98% memory utilization <p>Note: The threshold values shown are the default thresholds for triggering the various states; these can be changed by setting the broker configuration properties</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ <code>mq.green.threshold</code> ■ <code>mq.yellow.threshold</code> ■ <code>mq.orange.threshold</code> ■ <code>mq.red.threshold</code>
Embedded	Boolean	No	Is broker embedded (started from within another process)?

Notifications

The broker monitor MBean supports the notifications shown in [Table 3-5](#). These notifications are instances of the Message Queue JMX classes `BrokerNotification` and `ClusterNotification`, and their names are defined as static constants in those classes.

Table 3-5 Broker Monitor Notifications

Name	Utility Constant	Description
<code>mq.broker.shutdown.start</code>	<code>BrokerNotification.BROKER_SHUTDOWN_START</code>	Broker has begun shutting down
<code>mq.broker.quiesce.start</code>	<code>BrokerNotification.BROKER QUIESCE_START</code>	Broker has begun quiescing
<code>mq.broker.quiesce.complete</code>	<code>BrokerNotification.BROKER QUIESCE_COMPLETE</code>	Broker has finished quiescing

Table 3–5 (Cont.) Broker Monitor Notifications

Name	Utility Constant	Description
<code>mq.broker.takeover.start</code> ¹	<code>BrokerNotification.BROKER_TAKEOVER_START</code>	Broker has begun taking over persistent data store from another broker
<code>mq.broker.takeover.complete</code> ¹	<code>BrokerNotification.BROKER_TAKEOVER_COMPLETE</code>	Broker has finished taking over persistent data store from another broker
<code>mq.broker.takeover.fail</code> ¹	<code>BrokerNotification.BROKER_TAKEOVER_FAIL</code>	Attempted takeover has failed
<code>mq.broker.resource.state.change</code>	<code>BrokerNotification.BROKER_RESOURCE_STATE_CHANGE</code>	Broker's resource state has changed
<code>mq.cluster.broker.join</code>	<code>ClusterNotification.CLUSTER_BROKER_JOIN</code>	Broker has joined a cluster

¹ HA clusters only

Table 3–6 shows the methods defined in class `BrokerNotification` for obtaining details about a broker monitor notification. See Table 3–84 for the corresponding methods of class `ClusterNotification`.

Table 3–6 Data Retrieval Methods for Broker Monitor Notifications

Method	Result Type	Description
<code>getBrokerID</code>	String	Broker identifier
<code>getBrokerAddress</code>	String	Broker address, in the form <i>hostName:portNumber</i> Example: <code>host1:3000</code>
<code>getFailedBrokerID</code> ¹	String	Broker identifier of broker being taken over
<code>getOldResourceState</code>	String	Broker's previous resource state: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ green: < 80% memory utilization ■ yellow: 80-90% memory utilization ■ orange: 90-98% memory utilization ■ red:> 98% memory utilization Note: The threshold values shown are the default thresholds for triggering the various states; these can be changed by setting the broker configuration properties <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ <code>imq.green.threshold</code> ■ <code>imq.yellow.threshold</code> ■ <code>imq.orange.threshold</code> ■ <code>imq.red.threshold</code>
<code>getNewResourceState</code>	String	Broker's new resource state (see <code>getOldResourceState</code> , above, for possible values)
<code>getHeapMemoryUsage</code>	MemoryUsage	Broker's current heap memory usage The value returned is an object of class <code>MemoryUsage</code> (defined in the package <code>java.lang.management</code>).

¹ HA clusters only

Connection Services

This section describes the MBeans used for managing connection services:

- The service configuration MBean configures a connection service.
- The service monitor MBean monitors a connection service.
- The service manager configuration MBean manages service configuration MBeans.
- The service manager monitor MBean manages service monitor MBeans.

The following subsections describe each of these MBeans in detail.

Service Configuration

The service configuration MBean is used for configuring a connection service. There is one such MBean for each service.

Object Name

The service configuration MBean has an object name of the following form:

```
com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=Service,subtype=Config,name=serviceName
```

where *serviceName* is the name of the connection service (see [Table 3-7](#)). The utility class `MQObjectName` provides a static method, `createServiceConfig`, for constructing object names of this form.

Table 3-7 Connection Service Names for Service Configuration MBeans

Service Name	Service Type	Protocol Type
jms	Normal	TCP
ssljms	Normal	TLS (SSL-based security)
httpjms	Normal	HTTP
httpsjms	Normal	HTTPS (SSL-based security)
admin	Admin	TCP
ssladmin	Admin	TLS (SSL-based security)

Attributes

The service configuration MBean has the attributes shown in [Table 3-8](#). The names of these attributes are defined as static constants in the utility class `ServiceAttributes`.

Table 3-8 Service Configuration Attributes

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
Name	String	No	Service name See Table 3-7 for possible values.
Port	Integer	Yes	Port number (<code>jms</code> , <code>ssljms</code> , <code>admin</code> , and <code>ssladmin</code> services only) A value of 0 specifies that the port is to be dynamically allocated by the Port Mapper; to learn the actual port currently used by the service, use the <code>Port</code> attribute of the service monitor MBean.

Table 3–8 (Cont.) Service Configuration Attributes

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
MinThreads	Integer	Yes	Minimum number of threads assigned to service Must be greater than 0.
MaxThreads	Integer	Yes	Maximum number of threads assigned to service Must be greater than or equal to MinThreads.
ThreadPoolModel	String	No	Threading model for thread pool management: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ dedicated: Two dedicated threads per connection, one for incoming and one for outgoing messages ▪ shared: Connections processed by shared thread when sending or receiving messages (jms and admin services only)

Operations

The service configuration MBean supports the operations shown in [Table 3–9](#). The names of these operations are defined as static constants in the utility class `ServiceOperations`.

Table 3–9 Service Configuration Operations

Name	Parameters	Result Type	Description
pause	None	None	Pause service (jms, ssljms, httpjms, and httpsjms services only)
resume	None	None	Resume service (jms, ssljms, httpjms, and httpsjms services only)

Notification

The service configuration MBean supports the notification shown in [Table 3–10](#).

Table 3–10 Service Configuration Notification

Name	Description
jmx.attribute.change	Attribute value changed

Service Monitor

The service monitor MBean is used for monitoring a connection service. There is one such MBean for each service.

Object Name

The service monitor MBean has an object name of the following form:

`com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=Service,subtype=Monitor,name=serviceName`

where *serviceName* is the name of the connection service (see [Table 3–11](#)). The utility class `MQObjectName` provides a static method, `createServiceMonitor`, for constructing object names of this form.

Table 3–11 Connection Service Names for Service Monitor MBeans

Service Name	Service Type	Protocol Type
jms	Normal	TCP
ssljms	Normal	TLS (SSL-based security)
httpjms	Normal	HTTP

Table 3–11 (Cont.) Connection Service Names for Service Monitor MBeans

Service Name	Service Type	Protocol Type
httpsjms	Normal	HTTPS (SSL-based security)
admin	Admin	TCP
ssladmin	Admin	TLS (SSL-based security)

Attributes

The service monitor MBean has the attributes shown in [Table 3–12](#). The names of these attributes are defined as static constants in the utility class `ServiceAttributes`.

Table 3–12 Service Monitor Attributes

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
Name	String	No	Service name See Table 3–11 for possible values.
Port	Integer	No	Port number currently used by service
State	Integer	No	Current state See Table 3–13 for possible values.
StateLabel	String	No	String representation of current state: Useful for displaying the state in human-readable form, such as in the Java Monitoring and Management Console (jconsole). See Table 3–13 for possible values.
NumConnections	Integer	No	Current number of connections
NumConnectionsOpened	Long	No	Cumulative number of connections opened since broker started
NumConnectionsRejected	Long	No	Cumulative number of connections rejected since broker started
NumActiveThreads	Integer	No	Current number of threads actively handling connections
NumProducers	Integer	No	Current number of message producers
NumConsumers	Integer	No	Current number of message consumers
NumMsgsIn	Long	No	Cumulative number of messages received since broker started
NumMsgsOut	Long	No	Cumulative number of messages sent since broker started
MsgBytesIn	Long	No	Cumulative size in bytes of messages received since broker started
MsgBytesOut	Long	No	Cumulative size in bytes of messages sent since broker started
NumPktsIn	Long	No	Cumulative number of packets received since broker started
NumPktsOut	Long	No	Cumulative number of packets sent since broker started
PktBytesIn	Long	No	Cumulative size in bytes of packets received since broker started
PktBytesOut	Long	No	Cumulative size in bytes of packets sent since broker started

[Table 3–13](#) shows the possible values for the `State` and `StateLabel` attributes. These values are defined as static constants in the utility class `ServiceState`.

Table 3–13 Connection Service State Values

Value	Utility Constant	String Representation	Meaning
0	ServiceState.RUNNING	RUNNING	Service running
1	ServiceState.PAUSED	PAUSED	Service paused
2	ServiceState.QUIESCED	QUIESCED	Service quiesced
-1	ServiceState.UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN	Service state unknown

Operations

The service monitor MBean supports the operations shown in [Table 3–14](#). The names of these operations are defined as static constants in the utility class `ServiceOperations`.

Table 3–14 Service Monitor Operations

Name	Parameters	Result Type	Description
<code>getConnections</code>	None	<code>ObjectName[]</code>	Object names of connection monitor MBeans for all current connections
<code>getProducerIDs</code>	None	<code>String[]</code>	Producer identifiers of all current message producers
<code>getConsumerIDs</code>	None	<code>String[]</code>	Consumer identifiers of all current message consumers

Notifications

The service monitor MBean supports the notifications shown in [Table 3–15](#). These notifications are instances of the Message Queue JMX classes `ServiceNotification` and `ConnectionNotification`, and their names are defined as static constants in those classes.

Table 3–15 Service Monitor Notifications

Name	Utility Constant	Description
<code>mq.service.pause</code>	<code>ServiceNotification.SERVICE_PAUSE</code>	Service paused
<code>mq.service.resume</code>	<code>ServiceNotification.SERVICE_RESUME</code>	Service resumed
<code>mq.connection.open</code>	<code>ConnectionNotification.CONNECTION_OPEN</code>	Connection opened
<code>mq.connection.reject</code>	<code>ConnectionNotification.CONNECTION_REJECT</code>	Connection rejected
<code>mq.connection.close</code>	<code>ConnectionNotification.CONNECTION_CLOSE</code>	Connection closed

[Table 3–16](#) shows the method defined in class `ServiceNotification` for obtaining details about a service monitor notification. See [Table 3–31](#) for the corresponding methods of class `ConnectionNotification`.

Table 3–16 Data Retrieval Method for Service Monitor Notifications

Method	Result Type	Description
<code>getServiceName</code>	<code>String</code>	Service name See Table 3–11 for possible values.

Service Manager Configuration

Each broker has a single service manager configuration MBean, used for managing all of the broker's service configuration MBeans.

Object Name

The service manager configuration MBean has the following object name:

```
com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=ServiceManager,subtype=Config
```

A string representing this object name is defined as a static constant `SERVICE_MANAGER_CONFIG_MBEAN_NAME` in the utility class `MQObjectName`.

Attributes

The service manager configuration MBean has the attributes shown in [Table 3–17](#). The names of these attributes are defined as static constants in the utility class `ServiceAttributes`.

Table 3–17 Service Manager Configuration Attributes

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
MinThreads	Integer	No	Total minimum number of threads for all active services
MaxThreads	Integer	No	Total maximum number of threads for all active services

Operations

The service manager configuration MBean supports the operations shown in [Table 3–18](#). The names of these operations are defined as static constants in the utility class `ServiceOperations`.

Table 3–18 Service Manager Configuration Operations

Name	Parameters	Result Type	Description
<code>getServices</code>	None	<code>ObjectName[]</code>	Object names of service configuration MBeans for all services
<code>pause</code>	None	None	Pause all services except <code>admin</code> and <code>ssladmin</code>
<code>resume</code>	None	None	Resume all services

Service Manager Monitor

Each broker has a single service manager monitor MBean, used for managing all of the broker's service monitor MBeans.

Object Name

The service manager monitor MBean has the following object name:

```
com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=ServiceManager,subtype=Monitor
```

A string representing this object name is defined as a static constant `SERVICE_MANAGER_MONITOR_MBEAN_NAME` in the utility class `MQObjectName`.

Attributes

The service manager monitor MBean has the attributes shown in [Table 3–19](#). The names of these attributes are defined as static constants in the utility class `ServiceAttributes`.

Table 3–19 Service Manager Monitor Attributes

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
NumServices	Integer	No	Number of connection services
NumActiveThreads	Integer	No	Total current number of threads actively handling connections for all services
NumMsgsIn	Long	No	Total cumulative number of messages received by all services since broker started
NumMsgsOut	Long	No	Total cumulative number of messages sent by all services since broker started
MsgBytesIn	Long	No	Total cumulative size in bytes of messages received by all services since broker started
MsgBytesOut	Long	No	Total cumulative size in bytes of messages sent by all services since broker started
NumPktsIn	Long	No	Total cumulative number of packets received by all services since broker started
NumPktsOut	Long	No	Total cumulative number of packets sent by all services since broker started
PktBytesIn	Long	No	Total cumulative size in bytes of packets received by all services since broker started
PktBytesOut	Long	No	Total cumulative size in bytes of packets sent by all services since broker started

Operation

The service manager monitor MBean supports the operation shown in [Table 3–20](#). The name of this operation is defined as a static constant in the utility class `ServiceOperations`.

Table 3–20 Service Manager Monitor Operation

Name	Parameters	Result Type	Description
getServiceNames	None	ObjectName[]	Object names of all service monitor MBeans

Notifications

The service manager monitor MBean supports the notifications shown in [Table 3–21](#). These notifications are instances of the Message Queue JMX class `ServiceNotification`, and their names are defined as static constants in that class.

Table 3–21 Service Manager Monitor Notifications

Name	Utility Constant	Description
mq.service.pause	<code>ServiceNotification.SERVICE_PAUSE</code>	Service paused
mq.service.resume	<code>ServiceNotification.SERVICE_RESUME</code>	Service resumed

[Table 3–22](#) shows the method defined in class `ServiceNotification` for obtaining details about a service manager monitor notification.

Table 3–22 Data Retrieval Method for Service Manager Monitor Notifications

Method	Result Type	Description
getServiceName	String	Service name See Table 3–11 for possible values.

Connections

This section describes the MBeans used for managing connections:

- The connection configuration MBean configures a connection.
- The connection monitor MBean monitors a connection.
- The connection manager configuration MBean manages connection configuration MBeans.
- The connection manager monitor MBean manages connection monitor MBeans.

The following subsections describe each of these MBeans in detail.

Connection Configuration

The connection configuration MBean is used for configuring a connection. There is one such MBean for each connection.

Object Name

The connection configuration MBean has an object name of the following form:

```
com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=Connection,subtype=Config,id=connectionID
```

where *connectionID* is the connection identifier. For example:

```
com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=Connection,subtype=Config,  
id=7853717387765338368
```

The utility class `MQObjectName` provides a static method, `createConnectionConfig`, for constructing object names of this form.

Attribute

The connection configuration MBean has the attribute shown in [Table 3–23](#). The name of this attribute is defined as a static constant in the utility class `ConnectionAttributes`.

Table 3–23 Connection Configuration Attribute

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
ConnectionID	String	No	Connection identifier

Connection Monitor

The connection monitor MBean is used for monitoring a connection. There is one such MBean for each connection.

Object Name

The connection monitor MBean has an object name of the following form:

```
com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=Connection,subtype=Monitor,id=connectionID
```

where *connectionID* is the connection identifier. For example:

```
com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=Connection,subtype=Monitor,
id=7853717387765338368
```

The utility class `MQObjectName` provides a static method, `createConnectionMonitor`, for constructing object names of this form.

Attributes

The connection monitor MBean has the attributes shown in [Table 3–24](#). The names of these attributes are defined as static constants in the utility class `ConnectionAttributes`.

Table 3–24 Connection Monitor Attributes

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
ConnectionID	String	No	Connection identifier
Host	String	No	Host from which connection was made
Port	Integer	No	Port number
ServiceName	String	No	Connection service name
User	String	No	User name
ClientID	String	No	Client identifier
ClientPlatform	String	No	String describing client platform
NumProducers	Integer	No	Current number of associated message producers
NumConsumers	Integer	No	Current number of associated message consumers

Operations

The connection monitor MBean supports the operations shown in [Table 3–25](#). The names of these operations are defined as static constants in the utility class `ConnectionOperations`.

Table 3–25 Connection Monitor Operations

Name	Parameters	Result Type	Description
<code>getService</code>	None	<code>ObjectName</code>	Object name of service monitor MBean for associated connection service
<code>getTemporaryDestinations</code>	None	<code>ObjectName[]</code>	Object names of destination monitor MBeans for all associated temporary destinations
<code>getProducerIDs</code>	None	<code>String[]</code>	Producer identifiers of all associated message producers
<code>getConsumerIDs</code>	None	<code>String[]</code>	Consumer identifiers of all associated message consumers

Connection Manager Configuration

Each broker has a single connection manager configuration MBean, used for managing all of the broker's connection configuration MBeans.

Object Name

The connection manager configuration MBean has the following object name:

```
com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=ConnectionFactory,subtype=Config
```

A string representing this object name is defined as a static constant `CONNECTION_MANAGER_CONFIG_MBEAN_NAME` in the utility class `MQObjectName`.

Attribute

The connection manager configuration MBean has the attribute shown in [Table 3–26](#). The name of this attribute is defined as a static constant in the utility class `ConnectionAttributes`.

Table 3–26 Connection Manager Configuration Attribute

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
<code>NumConnections</code>	Integer	No	Number of current connections

Operations

The connection manager configuration MBean supports the operations shown in [Table 3–27](#). The names of these operations are defined as static constants in the utility class `ConnectionOperations`.

Table 3–27 Connection Manager Configuration Operations

Name	Parameters	Result Type	Description
<code>getConnections</code>	None	<code>ObjectName[]</code>	Object names of connection configuration MBeans for all current connections
<code>destroy</code>	<code>connectionID (Long)</code>	None	Destroy connection The desired connection is designated by its connection identifier (<code>connectionID</code>).

Connection Manager Monitor

Each broker has a single connection manager monitor MBean, used for managing all of the broker's connection monitor MBeans.

Object Name

The connection manager monitor MBean has the following object name:

```
com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=ConnectionFactory,subtype=Monitor
```

A string representing this object name is defined as a static constant `CONNECTION_MANAGER_MONITOR_MBEAN_NAME` in the utility class `MQObjectName`.

Attributes

The connection manager monitor MBean has the attributes shown in [Table 3–28](#). The names of these attributes are defined as static constants in the utility class `ConnectionAttributes`.

Table 3–28 Connection Manager Monitor Attributes

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
NumConnections	Integer	No	Current number of connections
NumConnectionsOpened	Long	No	Cumulative number of connections opened since broker started
NumConnectionsRejected	Long	No	Cumulative number of connections rejected since broker started

Operation

The connection manager monitor MBean supports the operation shown in [Table 3–29](#). The name of this operation is defined as a static constant in the utility class `ConnectionOperations`.

Table 3–29 Connection Manager Monitor Operation

Name	Parameters	Result Type	Description
getConnections	None	ObjectName[]	Object names of connection monitor MBeans for all current connections

Notifications

The connection manager monitor MBean supports the notifications shown in [Table 3–30](#). These notifications are instances of the Message Queue JMX class `ConnectionNotification`, and their names are defined as static constants in that class.

Table 3–30 Connection Manager Monitor Notifications

Name	Utility Constant	Description
mq.connection.open	<code>ConnectionNotification.CONNECTION_OPEN</code>	Connection opened
mq.connection.reject	<code>ConnectionNotification.CONNECTION_REJECT</code>	Connection rejected
mq.connection.close	<code>ConnectionNotification.CONNECTION_CLOSE</code>	Connection closed

[Table 3–31](#) shows the methods defined in class `ConnectionNotification` for obtaining details about a connection manager monitor notification.

Table 3–31 Data Retrieval Methods for Connection Manager Monitor Notifications

Method	Result Type	Description
getConnectionID	String	Connection identifier
getRemoteHost	String	Host from which connection was made
getServiceName	String	Connection service name
getUserName	String	User name

Destinations

This section describes the MBeans used for managing destinations:

- The destination configuration MBean configures a destination.
- The destination monitor MBean monitors a destination.
- The destination manager configuration MBean manages destination configuration MBeans.

- The destination manager monitor MBean manages destination monitor MBeans. The following subsections describe each of these MBeans in detail.

Destination Configuration

The destination configuration MBean is used for configuring a destination. There is one such MBean for each destination.

Object Name

The destination configuration MBean has an object name of the following form:

```
com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=Destination,subtype=Config,
desttype=destinationType,name=destinationName
```

where *destinationType* is one of the destination types shown in [Table 3–33](#) and *destinationName* is the name of the destination. For example:

```
com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=Destination,subtype=Config,desttype=t,
name="Dest "
```

The utility class `MQObjectName` provides a static method, `createDestinationConfig`, for constructing object names of this form.

Attributes

The destination configuration MBean has the attributes shown in [Table 3–32](#). The names of these attributes are defined as static constants in the utility class `DestinationAttributes`.

Table 3–32 Destination Configuration Attributes

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
Name	String	No	Destination name
Type	String	No	Destination type See Table 3–33 for possible values.
MaxNumMsgs	Long	Yes	Maximum number of unconsumed messages A value of -1 denotes an unlimited number of messages.
MaxBytesPerMsg	Long	Yes	Maximum size, in bytes, of any single message Rejection of a persistent message is reported to the producing client with an exception; no notice is sent for nonpersistent messages. A value of -1 denotes an unlimited message size.
MaxTotalMsgBytes	Long	Yes	Maximum total memory, in bytes, for unconsumed messages
LimitBehavior	String	Yes	Broker behavior when memory-limit threshold reached See Table 3–34 for possible values. If the value is <code>REMOVE_OLDEST</code> or <code>REMOVE_LOW_PRIORITY</code> and the <code>UseDMQ</code> attribute is <code>true</code> , excess messages are moved to the dead message queue.
MaxNumProducers	Integer	Yes	Maximum number of associated message producers When this limit is reached, no new producers can be created. A value of -1 denotes an unlimited number of producers.

Table 3–32 (Cont.) Destination Configuration Attributes

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
MaxNumActiveConsumers ¹	Integer	Yes	Maximum number of associated active message consumers in load-balanced delivery A value of -1 denotes an unlimited number of consumers.
MaxNumBackupConsumers ¹	Integer	Yes	Maximum number of associated backup message consumers in load-balanced delivery A value of -1 denotes an unlimited number of consumers.
ConsumerFlowLimit	Long	Yes	Maximum number of messages delivered to consumer in a single batch In load-balanced queue delivery, this is the initial number of queued messages routed to active consumers before load balancing begins. A destination consumer can override this limit by specifying a lower value on a connection. A value of -1 denotes an unlimited number of consumers.
LocalOnly	Boolean	No	Local delivery only? This property applies only to destinations in broker clusters, and cannot be changed once the destination has been created. If <code>true</code> , the destination is not replicated on other brokers and is limited to delivering messages only to local consumers (those connected to the broker on which the destination is created).
LocalDeliveryPreferred ¹	Boolean	Yes	Local delivery preferred? This property applies only to load-balanced delivery in broker clusters. If <code>true</code> , messages will be delivered to remote consumers only if there are no associated consumers on the local broker. The destination must not be restricted to local-only delivery (<code>LocalOnly</code> must be <code>false</code>).
UseDMQ	Boolean	Yes	Send dead messages to dead message queue? If <code>false</code> , dead messages will simply be discarded.
ValidateXMLSchemaEnabled	Boolean	Yes	XML schema validation is enabled? If set to <code>false</code> or not set, then XML schema validation is not enabled for the destination.
XMLSchemaURIList	String	Yes	Space separated list of XML schema document (XSD) URI strings The URIs point to the location of one or more XSDs to use for XML schema validation, if enabled. Use double quotes around this value if multiple URIs are specified. Example: "http://foo/flap.xsd http://test.com/test.xsd" If this property is not set or null and XML validation is enabled, XML validation is performed using a DTD specified in the XML document.
ReloadXMLSchemaOnFailure	Boolean	Yes	Reload XML schema on failure enabled? If set to <code>false</code> or not set, then the schema is not reloaded if validation fails.

¹ Queue destinations only

[Table 3–33](#) shows the possible values for the `Type` attribute. These values are defined as static constants in the utility class `DestinationType`.

Table 3–33 Destination Configuration Type Values

Value	Utility Constant	Meaning
q	<code>DestinationType.QUEUE</code>	Queue (point-to-point) destination
t	<code>DestinationType.TOPIC</code>	Topic (publish/subscribe) destination

[Table 3–34](#) shows the possible values for the `LimitBehavior` attribute. These values are defined as static constants in the utility class `DestinationLimitBehavior`.

Table 3–34 Destination Limit Behaviors

Value	Utility Constant	Meaning
<code>FLOW_CONTROL</code>	<code>DestinationLimitBehavior.FLOW_CONTROL</code>	Slow down producers
<code>REMOVE_OLDEST</code>	<code>DestinationLimitBehavior.REMOVE_OLDEST</code>	Throw out oldest messages
<code>REMOVE_LOW_PRIORITY</code>	<code>DestinationLimitBehavior.REMOVE_LOW_PRIORITY</code>	Throw out lowest-priority messages according to age; no notice to producing client
<code>REJECT_NEWEST</code>	<code>DestinationLimitBehavior.REJECT_NEWEST</code>	Reject newest messages; notify producing client with an exception only if message is persistent

Operations

The destination configuration MBean supports the operations shown in [Table 3–35](#). The names of these operations are defined as static constants in the utility class `DestinationOperations`.

Table 3–35 Destination Configuration Operations

Name	Parameters	Result Type	Description
<code>pause</code>	<code>pauseType</code> (String)	None	Pause message delivery See Table 3–36 for possible values of <code>pauseType</code> .
<code>pause</code>	None	None	Pause all message delivery Equivalent to <code>pause(DestinationPauseType.ALL)</code> .
<code>resume</code>	None	None	Resume message delivery
<code>purge</code>	None	None	Purge all messages
<code>compact</code> ¹	None	None	Compact persistent data store Note: Only a paused destination can be compacted.

¹ File-based persistence only

[Table 3–36](#) shows the possible values for the `pause` operation's `pauseType` parameter. These values are defined as static constants in the utility class `DestinationPauseType`.

Table 3–36 Destination Pause Types

Value	Utility Constant	Meaning
PRODUCERS	<code>DestinationPauseType.PRODUCERS</code>	Pause delivery from associated message producers
CONSUMERS	<code>DestinationPauseType.CONSUMERS</code>	Pause delivery to associated message consumers
ALL	<code>DestinationPauseType.ALL</code>	Pause all message delivery

Notification

The destination configuration MBean supports the notification shown in [Table 3–37](#).

Table 3–37 Destination Configuration Notification

Name	Description
<code>jmx.attribute.change</code>	Attribute value changed

Destination Monitor

The destination monitor MBean is used for monitoring a destination. There is one such MBean for each destination.

Object Name

The destination monitor MBean has an object name of the following form:

```
com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=Destination,subtype=Monitor,
desttype=destinationType,name=destinationName
```

where *destinationType* is one of the destination types shown in [Table 3–39](#) and *destinationName* is the name of the destination. For example:

```
com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=Destination,subtype=Monitor,desttype=t,
name="Dest"
```

The utility class `MQObjectName` provides a static method, `createDestinationMonitor`, for constructing object names of this form.

Attributes

The destination monitor MBean has the attributes shown in [Table 3–38](#). The names of these attributes are defined as static constants in the utility class `DestinationAttributes`.

Table 3–38 Destination Monitor Attributes

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
Name	String	No	Destination name
Type	String	No	Destination type See Table 3–39 for possible values.
CreatedByAdmin	Boolean	No	Administrator-created destination?
Temporary	Boolean	No	Temporary destination?

Table 3–38 (Cont.) Destination Monitor Attributes

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
ConnectionID ¹	String	No	Connection identifier
State	Integer	No	Current state See Table 3–40 for possible values.
StateLabel	String	No	String representation of current state: Useful for displaying the state in human-readable form, such as in the Java Monitoring and Management Console (jconsole). See Table 3–40 for possible values.
NumProducers	Integer	No	Current number of associated message producers
NumConsumers	Integer	No	Current number of associated message consumers For queue destinations, this attribute includes both active and backup consumers. For topic destinations, it includes both nondurable and (active and inactive) durable subscribers and is equivalent to NumActiveConsumers.
NumWildcardProducers	Integer	No	Current number of wildcard message producers associated with the destination For topic destinations only.
NumWildcardConsumers	Integer	No	Current number of wildcard message consumers associated with the destination For topic destinations only.
NumWildcards	Integer	No	Current number of wildcard message producers and wildcard message consumers associated with the destination For topic destinations only.
PeakNumConsumers	Integer	No	Peak number of associated message consumers since broker started For queue destinations, this attribute includes both active and backup consumers. For topic destinations, it includes both nondurable and (active and inactive) durable subscribers and is equivalent to PeakNumActiveConsumers.
AvgNumConsumers	Integer	No	Average number of associated message consumers since broker started For queue destinations, this attribute includes both active and backup consumers. For topic destinations, it includes both nondurable and (active and inactive) durable subscribers and is equivalent to AvgNumActiveConsumers.
NumActiveConsumers	Integer	No	Current number of associated active message consumers For topic destinations, this attribute includes both nondurable and (active and inactive) durable subscribers and is equivalent to NumConsumers.

Table 3–38 (Cont.) Destination Monitor Attributes

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
PeakNumActiveConsumers	Integer	No	Peak number of associated active message consumers since broker started For topic destinations, this attribute includes both nondurable and (active and inactive) durable subscribers and is equivalent to PeakNumConsumers.
AvgNumActiveConsumers	Integer	No	Average number of associated active message consumers since broker started For topic destinations, this attribute includes both nondurable and (active and inactive) durable subscribers and is equivalent to AvgNumConsumers.
NumBackupConsumers ²	Integer	No	Current number of associated backup message consumers
PeakNumBackupConsumers ²	Integer	No	Peak number of associated backup message consumers since broker started
AvgNumBackupConsumers ²	Integer	No	Average number of associated backup message consumers since broker started
NumMsgs	Long	No	Current number of messages stored in memory and persistent store Does not include messages held in transactions.
NumMsgsRemote	Long	No	Current number of messages stored in memory and persistent store that were produced to a remote broker in a cluster. This number does not include messages included in transactions.
NumMsgsPendingAcks	Long	No	Current number of messages being held in memory and persistent store pending acknowledgment
NumMsgsHeldInTransaction	Long	No	Current number of messages being held in memory and persistent store in uncommitted transactions
NextMessageID	String	No	JMS Message ID of the next message to be delivered to any consumer
PeakNumMsgs	Long	No	Peak number of messages stored in memory and persistent store since broker started
AvgNumMsgs	Long	No	Average number of messages stored in memory and persistent store since broker started
NumMsgsIn	Long	No	Cumulative number of messages received since broker started
NumMsgsOut	Long	No	Cumulative number of messages sent since broker started
MsgBytesIn	Long	No	Cumulative size in bytes of messages received since broker started
MsgBytesOut	Long	No	Cumulative size in bytes of messages sent since broker started
PeakMsgBytes	Long	No	Size in bytes of largest single message received since broker started

Table 3–38 (Cont.) Destination Monitor Attributes

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
TotalMsgBytes	Long	No	Current total size in bytes of messages stored in memory and persistent store Does not include messages held in transactions.
TotalMsgBytesRemote	Long	No	Current total size in bytes of messages stored in memory and persistent store that were produced to a remote broker in a cluster. This value does not include messages included in transactions.
TotalMsgBytesHeldInTransaction	Long	No	Current total size in bytes of messages being held in memory and persistent store in uncommitted transactions
PeakTotalMsgBytes	Long	No	Peak total size in bytes of messages stored in memory and persistent store since broker started
AvgTotalMsgBytes	Long	No	Average total size in bytes of messages stored in memory and persistent store since broker started
DiskReserved ³	Long	No	Amount of disk space, in bytes, reserved for destination
DiskUsed ³	Long	No	Amount of disk space, in bytes, currently in use by destination
DiskUtilizationRatio ³	Integer	No	Ratio of disk space currently in use to disk space reserved for destination

¹ Temporary destinations only

² Queue destinations only

³ File-based persistence only

Table 3–39 shows the possible values for the `Type` attribute. These values are defined as static constants in the utility class `DestinationType`.

Table 3–39 Destination Monitor Type Values

Value	Utility Constant	Meaning
q	<code>DestinationType.QUEUE</code>	Queue (point-to-point) destination
t	<code>DestinationType.TOPIC</code>	Topic (publish/subscribe) destination

Table 3–40 shows the possible values for the `State` and `StateLabel` attributes. These values are defined as static constants in the utility class `DestinationState`.

Table 3–40 Destination State Values

Value	Utility Constant	String Representation	Meaning
0	<code>DestinationState.RUNNING</code>	RUNNING	Destination running
1	<code>DestinationState.CONSUMERS_PAUSED</code>	CONSUMERS_PAUSED	Message consumers paused
2	<code>DestinationState.PRODUCERS_PAUSED</code>	PRODUCERS_PAUSED	Message producers paused
3	<code>DestinationState.PAUSED</code>	PAUSED	Destination paused
-1	<code>DestinationState.UNKNOWN</code>	UNKNOWN	Destination state unknown

Operations

The destination monitor MBean supports the operations shown in [Table 3–41](#). The names of these operations are defined as static constants in the utility class `DestinationOperations`.

Table 3–41 Destination Monitor Operations

Name	Parameters	Result Type	Description
<code>getConnection¹</code>	None	<code>ObjectName</code>	Object name of connection monitor MBean for connection
<code>getProducerIDs</code>	None	<code>String[]</code>	Producer identifiers of all current associated message producers
<code>getConsumerIDs</code>	None	<code>String[]</code>	Consumer identifiers of all current associated message consumers For queue destinations, this operation returns both active and backup consumers. For topic destinations, it returns both nondurable and (active and inactive) durable subscribers.
<code>getActiveConsumerIDs</code>	None	<code>String[]</code>	Consumer identifiers of all current associated active message consumers For topic destinations, this operation returns both nondurable and (active and inactive) durable subscribers.
<code>getBackupConsumerIDs²</code>	None	<code>String[]</code>	Consumer identifiers of all current associated backup message consumers
<code>getConsumerWildcards</code>	none	<code>String[]</code>	Wildcard strings used by current consumers associated with the destination For topic destinations only.
<code>getProducerWildcards</code>	none	<code>String[]</code>	Wildcard strings used by current producers associated with the destination For topic destinations only.
<code>getWildcards</code>	none	<code>String[]</code>	Wildcard strings used by current consumers and producers associated with the destination For topic destinations only.
<code>getNumWildcardConsumers</code>	wildcard-String	Integer	Number of current consumers associated with the destination that are using the specified wildcard string For topic destinations only.
<code>getNumWildcardProducers</code>	wildcard-String	Integer	Number of current producers associated with the destination that are using the specified wildcard string For topic destinations only.

¹ Temporary destinations only

² Queue destinations only

Notifications

The destination monitor MBean supports the notifications shown in [Table 3–42](#). These notifications are instances of the Message Queue JMX class `DestinationNotification`, and their names are defined as static constants in that class.

Table 3–42 Destination Monitor Notifications

Name	Utility Constant	Description
mq.destination.pause	DestinationNotification.DESTINATION_PAUSE	Destination paused
mq.destination.resume	DestinationNotification.DESTINATION_RESUME	Destination resumed
mq.destination.compact	DestinationNotification.DESTINATION_COMPACT	Destination compacted
mq.destination.purge	DestinationNotification.DESTINATION_PURGE	Destination purged

[Table 3–43](#) shows the methods defined in class `DestinationNotification` for obtaining details about a destination monitor notification.

Table 3–43 Data Retrieval Methods for Destination Monitor Notifications

Method	Result Type	Description
<code>getDestinationName</code>	String	Destination name
<code>getDestinationType</code>	String	Destination type See Table 3–39 for possible values.
<code>getCreatedByAdmin</code>	Boolean	Administrator-created destination?
<code>getPauseType</code>	String	Pause type See Table 3–36 for possible values.

Destination Manager Configuration

Each broker has a single destination manager configuration MBean, used for managing all of the broker's destination configuration MBeans.

Object Name

The destination manager configuration MBean has the following object name:

```
com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=DestinationManager,subtype=Config
```

A string representing this object name is defined as a static constant `DESTINATION_MANAGER_CONFIG_MBEAN_NAME` in the utility class `MQObjectName`.

Attributes

The destination manager configuration MBean has the attributes shown in [Table 3–44](#). The names of these attributes are defined as static constants in the utility class `DestinationAttributes`.

Table 3–44 Destination Manager Configuration Attributes

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
<code>AutoCreateQueues</code>	Boolean	Yes	Allow auto-creation of queue destinations?
<code>AutoCreateTopics</code>	Boolean	Yes	Allow auto-creation of topic destinations?
<code>NumDestinations</code>	Integer	No	Current total number of destinations
<code>MaxNumMsgs</code>	Long	Yes	Maximum total number of unconsumed messages A value of -1 denotes an unlimited number of messages.

Table 3–44 (Cont.) Destination Manager Configuration Attributes

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
MaxBytesPerMsg	Long	Yes	Maximum size, in bytes, of any single message A value of -1 denotes an unlimited message size.
MaxTotalMsgBytes	Long	Yes	Maximum total memory, in bytes, for unconsumed messages A value of -1 denotes an unlimited number of bytes.
AutoCreateQueueMaxNumActiveConsumers ¹	Integer	Yes	Maximum total number of active message consumers in load-balanced delivery A value of -1 denotes an unlimited number of consumers.
AutoCreateQueueMaxNumBackupConsumers ¹	Integer	Yes	Maximum total number of backup message consumers in load-balanced delivery A value of -1 denotes an unlimited number of consumers.
DMQTruncateBody	Boolean	Yes	Remove message body before storing in dead message queue? If true, only the message header and property data will be saved.
LogDeadMsgs	Boolean	Yes	Log information about dead messages? If true, the following events will be logged: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ A destination is full, having reached its maximum size or message count. ▪ The broker discards a message for a reason other than an administrative command or delivery acknowledgment. ▪ The broker moves a message to the dead message queue.

¹ Auto-created queue destinations only

Operations

The destination manager configuration MBean supports the operations shown in [Table 3–45](#). The names of these operations are defined as static constants in the utility class `DestinationOperations`.

Table 3–45 Destination Manager Configuration Operations

Name	Parameters	Result Type	Description
getDestinations	None	ObjectName[]	Object names of destination configuration MBeans for all current destinations
create	destinationType (String) destinationName (String) destinationAttributes (AttributeList)	None	Create destination with specified type, name, and attributes The destinationType and destinationName parameters are required, but destinationAttributes may be null. See Table 3–46 for possible values of destinationType. The destinationAttributes list may include any of the attributes listed in Table 3–32 except Name and Type. The names of these attributes are defined as static constants in the utility class DestinationAttributes.
create	destinationType (String) destinationName (String)	None	Create destination with specified type and name Equivalent to create(destinationType, destinationName, null). See Table 3–46 for possible values of destinationType.
destroy	destinationType (String) destinationName (String)	None	Destroy destination See Table 3–46 for possible values of destinationType.
pause	pauseType (String)	None	Pause message delivery for all destinations See Table 3–47 for possible values of pauseType.
pause	None	None	Pause all message delivery for all destinations Equivalent to pause(DestinationPauseType.ALL).
resume	None	None	Resume message delivery for all destinations
compact ¹	None	None	Compact all destinations Note: Only paused destinations can be compacted.

¹ File-based persistence only

[Table 3–46](#) shows the possible values for the create and destroy operations' destinationType parameters. These values are defined as static constants in the utility class DestinationType.

Table 3–46 Destination Manager Configuration Type Values

Value	Utility Constant	Meaning
q	DestinationType.QUEUE	Queue (point-to-point) destination
t	DestinationType.TOPIC	Topic (publish/subscribe) destination

[Table 3–47](#) shows the possible values for the pause operation's pauseType parameter. These values are defined as static constants in the utility class DestinationPauseType.

Table 3–47 Destination Manager Pause Types

Value	Utility Constant	Meaning
PRODUCERS	<code>DestinationPauseType.PRODUCERS</code>	Pause delivery from associated message producers
CONSUMERS	<code>DestinationPauseType.CONSUMERS</code>	Pause delivery to associated message consumers
ALL	<code>DestinationPauseType.ALL</code>	Pause all delivery

Notification

The destination manager configuration MBean supports the notification shown in [Table 3–48](#).

Table 3–48 Destination Manager Configuration Notification

Name	Description
<code>jmx.attribute.change</code>	Attribute value changed

Destination Manager Monitor

Each broker has a single destination manager monitor MBean, used for managing all of the broker's destination monitor MBeans.

Object Name

The destination manager monitor MBean has the following object name:

```
com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=DestinationManager,subtype=Monitor
```

A string representing this object name is defined as a static constant `DESTINATION_MANAGER_MONITOR_MBEAN_NAME` in the utility class `MQObjectName`.

Attributes

The destination manager monitor MBean has the attributes shown in [Table 3–49](#). The names of these attributes are defined as static constants in the utility class `DestinationAttributes`.

Table 3–49 Destination Manager Monitor Attributes

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
<code>NumDestinations</code>	Integer	No	Current total number of destinations
<code>NumMsgs</code>	Long	No	Current total number of messages stored in memory and persistent store for all destinations Does not include messages held in transactions.
<code>TotalMsgBytes</code>	Long	No	Current total size in bytes of messages stored in memory and persistent store for all destinations Does not include messages held in transactions.
<code>NumMsgsInDMQ</code>	Long	No	Current number of messages stored in memory and persistent store for dead message queue
<code>TotalMsgBytesInDMQ</code>	Long	No	Current total size in bytes of messages stored in memory and persistent store for dead message queue

Operation

The destination manager monitor MBean supports the operation shown in [Table 3–50](#). The name of this operation is defined as a static constant in the utility class `DestinationOperations`.

Table 3–50 Destination Manager Monitor Operation

Name	Parameters	Result Type	Description
<code>getDestinations</code>	None	<code>ObjectName[]</code>	Object names of destination monitor MBeans for all current destinations

Notifications

The destination manager monitor MBean supports the notifications shown in [Table 3–51](#). These notifications are instances of the Message Queue JMX class `DestinationNotification`, and their names are defined as static constants in that class.

Table 3–51 Destination Manager Monitor Notifications

Name	Utility Constant	Description
<code>mq.destination.create</code>	<code>DestinationNotification.DESTINATION_CREATE</code>	Destination created
<code>mq.destination.destroy</code>	<code>DestinationNotification.DESTINATION_DESTROY</code>	Destination destroyed
<code>mq.destination.pause</code>	<code>DestinationNotification.DESTINATION_PAUSE</code>	Destination paused
<code>mq.destination.resume</code>	<code>DestinationNotification.DESTINATION_RESUME</code>	Destination resumed
<code>mq.destination.compact</code>	<code>DestinationNotification.DESTINATION_COMPACT</code>	Destination compacted
<code>mq.destination.purge</code>	<code>DestinationNotification.DESTINATION_PURGE</code>	Destination purged

[Table 3–52](#) shows the methods defined in class `DestinationNotification` for obtaining details about a destination manager monitor notification.

Table 3–52 Data Retrieval Methods for Destination Manager Monitor Notifications

Method	Result Type	Description
<code>getDestinationName</code>	<code>String</code>	Destination name
<code>getDestinationType</code>	<code>String</code>	Destination type See Table 3–46 for possible values.
<code>getCreatedByAdmin</code>	<code>Boolean</code>	Administrator-created destination?
<code>getPauseType</code>	<code>String</code>	Pause type See Table 3–47 for possible values.

Message Producers

This section describes the MBeans used for managing message producers:

- The producer manager configuration MBean configures message producers.
- The producer manager monitor MBean monitors message producers.

The following subsections describe each of these MBeans in detail.

Note: Notice that there are no resource MBeans associated with individual message producers; rather, all producers are managed through the broker's global producer manager configuration and producer manager monitor MBeans.

Producer Manager Configuration

Each broker has a single producer manager configuration MBean, used for configuring all of the broker's message producers.

Object Name

The producer manager configuration MBean has the following object name:

`com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=ProducerManager,subtype=Config`

A string representing this object name is defined as a static constant `PRODUCER_MANAGER_CONFIG_MBEAN_NAME` in the utility class `MQObjectName`.

Attribute

The producer manager configuration MBean has the attribute shown in [Table 3–53](#).

The name of this attribute is defined as a static constant in the utility class `ProducerAttributes`.

Table 3–53 *Producer Manager Configuration Attribute*

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
<code>NumProducers</code>	<code>Integer</code>	No	Current total number of message producers

Operation

The producer manager configuration MBean supports the operation shown in [Table 3–54](#). The name of this operation is defined as a static constant in the utility class `ProducerOperations`.

Table 3–54 *Producer Manager Configuration Operation*

Name	Parameters	Result Type	Description
<code>getProducerIDs</code>	None	<code>String[]</code>	Producer identifiers of all current message producers

Producer Manager Monitor

Each broker has a single producer manager monitor MBean, used for monitoring all of the broker's message producers.

Object Name

The producer manager monitor MBean has the following object name:

`com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=ProducerManager,subtype=Monitor`

A string representing this object name is defined as a static constant `PRODUCER_MANAGER_MONITOR_MBEAN_NAME` in the utility class `MQObjectName`.

Attribute

The producer manager monitor MBean has the attribute shown in [Table 3–55](#). The name of this attribute is defined as a static constant in the utility class `ProducerAttributes`.

Table 3–55 Producer Manager Monitor Attribute

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
<code>NumProducers</code>	Integer	No	Current total number of message producers
<code>NumWildcardProducers</code>	Integer	No	Number of wildcard message producers associated with the broker

Operations

The producer manager monitor MBean supports the operations shown in [Table 3–56](#). The names of these operations are defined as static constants in the utility class `ProducerOperations`.

Table 3–56 Producer Manager Monitor Operations

Name	Parameters	Result Type	Description
<code>getProducerIDs</code>	None	<code>String[]</code>	Producer identifiers of all current message producers
<code>getProducerInfoByID</code>	<code>producerID</code> (String)	<code>CompositeData</code>	Descriptive information about message producer The desired producer is designated by its producer identifier (<code>producerID</code>). The value returned is a JMX <code>CompositeData</code> object describing the producer; see Table 3–57 for lookup keys used with this object.
<code>getProducerInfo</code>	None	<code>CompositeData[]</code>	Descriptive information about all current message producers The value returned is an array of JMX <code>CompositeData</code> objects describing the producers; see Table 3–57 for lookup keys used with these objects.
<code>getProducerWildcards</code>	None	<code>String[]</code>	Wildcard strings used by current producers associated with the broker
<code>getNumWildcardProducers</code>	<code>wildcard-String</code>	Integer	Number of current producers associated with the broker that are using the specified wildcard string

The `getProducerInfoByID` and `getProducerInfo` operations return objects implementing the JMX interface `CompositeData`, which maps lookup keys to associated data values. The keys shown in [Table 3–57](#) are defined as static constants in the utility class `ProducerInfo` for use with these objects.

Table 3–57 Lookup Keys for Message Producer Information

Name	Value Type	Description
ProducerID	String	Producer identifier
ServiceName	String	Name of associated connection service
ConnectionID	String	Connection identifier of associated connection
Host	String	Connection's host name
User	String	Connection's user name
DestinationName	String	Name of associated destination
DestinationNames	String[]	Destination names that match wildcards used by wildcard producers For topic destinations only.
Wildcard	Boolean	Wildcard producer? For topic destinations only.
DestinationType	String	Type of associated destination See Table 3–58 for possible values.
FlowPaused	Boolean	Message delivery paused?
NumMsgs	Long	Number of messages sent

[Table 3–58](#) shows the possible values returned for the lookup key `DestinationType`. These values are defined as static constants in the utility class `DestinationType`.

Table 3–58 Message Producer Destination Types

Value	Utility Constant	Meaning
q	<code>DestinationType.QUEUE</code>	Queue (point-to-point) destination
t	<code>DestinationType.TOPIC</code>	Topic (publish/subscribe) destination

Message Consumers

This section describes the MBeans used for managing message consumers:

- The consumer manager configuration MBean configures message consumers.
- The consumer manager monitor MBean monitors message consumers.

The following subsections describe each of these MBeans in detail.

Note: Notice that there are no resource MBeans associated with individual message consumers; rather, all consumers are managed through the broker's global consumer manager configuration and consumer manager monitor MBeans.

Consumer Manager Configuration

Each broker has a single consumer manager configuration MBean, used for configuring all of the broker's message consumers.

Object Name

The consumer manager configuration MBean has the following object name:

```
com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=ConsumerManager,subtype=Config
```

A string representing this object name is defined as a static constant `CONSUMER_MANAGER_CONFIG_MBEAN_NAME` in the utility class `MQObjectName`.

Attribute

The consumer manager configuration MBean has the attribute shown in [Table 3–59](#).

The name of this attribute is defined as a static constant in the utility class `ConsumerAttributes`.

Table 3–59 Consumer Manager Configuration Attribute

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
<code>NumConsumers</code>	Integer	No	Current total number of message consumers

Operations

The consumer manager configuration MBean supports the operations shown in [Table 3–60](#). The names of these operations are defined as static constants in the utility class `ConsumerOperations`.

Table 3–60 Consumer Manager Configuration Operations

Name	Parameters	Result Type	Description
<code>getConsumerIDs</code>	None	String[]	Consumer identifiers of all current message consumers
<code>purge</code> ¹	<code>consumerID</code> (String)	None	Purge all messages The desired subscriber is designated by its consumer identifier (<code>consumerID</code>). The subscriber itself is not destroyed.

¹ Durable topic subscribers only

Consumer Manager Monitor

Each broker has a single consumer manager monitor MBean, used for monitoring all of the broker's message consumers.

Object Name

The consumer manager monitor MBean has the following object name:

```
com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=ConsumerManager,subtype=Monitor
```

A string representing this object name is defined as a static constant `CONSUMER_MANAGER_MONITOR_MBEAN_NAME` in the utility class `MQObjectName`.

Attribute

The consumer manager monitor MBean has the attribute shown in [Table 3–61](#). The

name of this attribute is defined as a static constant in the utility class `ConsumerAttributes`.

Table 3–61 Consumer Manager Monitor Attribute

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
NumConsumers	Integer	No	Current total number of message consumers
NumWildcardConsumers	Integer	No	Number of wildcard message consumers associated with the broker

Operations

The consumer manager monitor MBean supports the operations shown in [Table 3–62](#). The names of these operations are defined as static constants in the utility class `ConsumerOperations`.

Table 3–62 Consumer Manager Monitor Operations

Name	Parameters	Result Type	Description
<code>getConsumerIDs</code>	None	<code>String[]</code>	Consumer identifiers of all current message consumers
<code>getConsumerInfoByID</code>	<code>consumerID (String)</code>	<code>CompositeData</code>	Descriptive information about message consumer The desired consumer is designated by its consumer identifier (<code>consumerID</code>). The value returned is a JMX <code>CompositeData</code> object describing the consumer; see Table 3–63 for lookup keys used with this object.
<code>getConsumerInfo</code>	None	<code>CompositeData[]</code>	Descriptive information about all current message consumers The value returned is an array of JMX <code>CompositeData</code> objects describing the consumers; see Table 3–63 for lookup keys used with these objects.
<code>getConsumerWildcards</code>	none	<code>String[]</code>	Wildcard strings used by current consumers associated with the broker
<code>getNumWildcardConsumers</code>	<code>wildcard-String</code>	Integer	Number of current consumers associated with the broker that are using the specified wildcard string

The `getConsumerInfoByID` and `getConsumerInfo` operations return objects implementing the JMX interface `CompositeData`, which maps lookup keys to associated data values. The keys shown in [Table 3–63](#) are defined as static constants in the utility class `ConsumerInfo` for use with these objects.

Table 3–63 Lookup Keys for Message Consumer Information

Name	Value Type	Description
<code>ConsumerID</code>	String	Consumer identifier
<code>Selector</code>	String	Message selector
<code>ServiceName</code>	String	Name of associated connection service
<code>ConnectionID</code>	String	Connection identifier of associated connection
<code>Host</code>	String	Connection's host name
<code>User</code>	String	Connection's user name
<code>DestinationName</code>	String	Name of associated destination

Table 3–63 (Cont.) Lookup Keys for Message Consumer Information

Name	Value Type	Description
DestinationNames	String[]	Destination names that match wildcards used by wildcard consumers For topic destinations only.
Wildcard	Boolean	Wildcard consumer? For topic destinations only.
DestinationType	String	Type of associated destination See Table 3–64 for possible values.
AcknowledgeMode	Integer	Acknowledgment mode of associated session See Table 3–65 for possible values.
AcknowledgeModeLabel	String	String representation of acknowledgment mode Useful for displaying the acknowledgment mode in human-readable form, such as in the Java Monitoring and Management Console (jconsole). See Table 3–65 for possible values.
Durable	Boolean	Durable topic subscriber?
DurableName ¹	String	Subscription name
ClientID ¹	String	Client identifier
DurableActive ¹	Boolean	Subscriber active?
FlowPaused	Boolean	Message delivery paused?
NumMsgs	Long	Cumulative number of messages that have been dispatched to consumer (includes messages that have been delivered and those waiting to be delivered)
NumMsgsPending	Long	Current number of messages that have been dispatched to consumer and are being held in broker memory and persistent store (includes messages that have been delivered and those waiting to be delivered)
NumMsgsPendingAcks	Long	Current number of messages that have been delivered to consumer and are being held in broker memory and persistent store pending acknowledgment
NextMessageID	Long	JMS Message ID of the next message to be delivered to consumer
LastAckTime	Long	Time of last acknowledgment, in standard Java format (milliseconds since January 1, 1970, 00:00:00 UTC)

¹ Durable topic subscribers only

[Table 3–64](#) shows the possible values returned for the lookup key `DestinationType`. These values are defined as static constants in the utility class `DestinationType`.

Table 3–64 Message Consumer Destination Types

Value	Utility Constant	Meaning
q	<code>DestinationType.QUEUE</code>	Queue (point-to-point) destination
t	<code>DestinationType.TOPIC</code>	Topic (publish/subscribe) destination

[Table 3–65](#) shows the possible values returned for the lookup keys `AcknowledgeMode` and `AcknowledgeModeLabel`. Four of these values are defined as static constants in the standard JMS interface `javax.jms.Session`; the fifth (`NO_ACKNOWLEDGE`) is defined in

the extended Message Queue version of the interface,
`com.sun.messaging.jms.Session`.

Table 3–65 Acknowledgment Modes

Value	Utility Constant	String Representation	Meaning
1	<code>javax.jms.Session.AUTO_ACKNOWLEDGE</code>	<code>AUTO_ACKNOWLEDGE</code>	Auto-acknowledge mode
2	<code>javax.jms.Session.CLIENT_ACKNOWLEDGE</code>	<code>CLIENT_ACKNOWLEDGE</code>	Client-acknowledge mode
3	<code>javax.jms.Session.DUPS_OK_ACKNOWLEDGE</code>	<code>DUPS_OK_ACKNOWLEDGE</code>	Dups-OK-acknowledge mode
32768	<code>com.sun.messaging.jms.Session.NO_ACKNOWLEDGE</code>	<code>NO_ACKNOWLEDGE</code>	No-acknowledge mode
0	<code>javax.jms.Session.SESSION_TRANSACTED</code>	<code>SESSION_TRANSACTED</code>	Session is transacted (acknowledgment mode ignored)

Transactions

This section describes the MBeans used for managing transactions:

- The transaction manager configuration MBean configures transactions.
- The transaction manager monitor MBean monitors transactions.

The following subsections describe each of these MBeans in detail.

Note: Notice that there are no resource MBeans associated with individual transactions; rather, all transactions are managed through the broker's global transaction manager configuration and transaction manager monitor MBeans.

Transaction Manager Configuration

Each broker has a single transaction manager configuration MBean, used for configuring all of the broker's transactions.

Object Name

The transaction manager configuration MBean has the following object name:

```
com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=TransactionManager,subtype=Config
```

A string representing this object name is defined as a static constant `TRANSACTION_MANAGER_CONFIG_MBEAN_NAME` in the utility class `MQObjectName`.

Attribute

The transaction manager configuration MBean has the attribute shown in [Table 3–66](#). The name of this attribute is defined as a static constant in the utility class `TransactionAttributes`.

Table 3–66 Transaction Manager Configuration Attribute

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
<code>NumTransactions</code>	Integer	No	Current number of open transactions

Operations

The transaction manager configuration MBean supports the operations shown in [Table 3–67](#). The names of these operations are defined as static constants in the utility class `TransactionOperations`.

Table 3–67 Transaction Manager Configuration Operations

Name	Parameters	Result Type	Description
<code>getTransactionIDs</code>	None	<code>String[]</code>	Transaction identifiers of all current open transactions
<code>commit</code>	<code>transactionID</code> (<code>String</code>)	None	Commit transaction The desired transaction is designated by its transaction identifier (<code>transactionID</code>).
<code>rollback</code>	<code>transactionID</code> (<code>String</code>)	None	Roll back transaction The desired transaction is designated by its transaction identifier (<code>transactionID</code>).

Transaction Manager Monitor

Each broker has a single transaction manager monitor MBean, used for monitoring all of the broker's transactions.

Object Name

The transaction manager monitor MBean has the following object name:

```
com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=TransactionManager,subtype=Monitor
```

A string representing this object name is defined as a static constant `TRANSACTION_MANAGER_MONITOR_MBEAN_NAME` in the utility class `MQObjectName`.

Attributes

The transaction manager monitor MBean has the attributes shown in [Table 3–68](#). The names of these attributes are defined as static constants in the utility class `TransactionAttributes`.

Table 3–68 Transaction Manager Monitor Attributes

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
<code>NumTransactions</code>	<code>Integer</code>	No	Current number of open transactions
<code>NumTransactionsCommitted</code>	<code>Long</code>	No	Cumulative number of transactions committed since broker started
<code>NumTransactionsRollback</code>	<code>Long</code>	No	Cumulative number of transactions rolled back since broker started

Operations

The transaction manager monitor MBean supports the operations shown in [Table 3–69](#). The names of these operations are defined as static constants in the utility class `TransactionOperations`.

Table 3–69 Transaction Manager Monitor Operations

Name	Parameters	Result Type	Description
getTransactionIDs	None	String[]	Transaction identifiers of all current open transactions
getTransactionInfoByID	transactionID (String)	CompositeData	Descriptive information about transaction The desired transaction is designated by its transaction identifier (transactionID). The value returned is a JMX CompositeData object describing the transaction; see Table 3–70 for lookup keys used with this object.
getTransactionInfo	None	CompositeData[]	Descriptive information about all current open transactions The value returned is an array of JMX CompositeData objects describing the transactions; see Table 3–70 for lookup keys used with these objects.

The `getTransactionInfoByID` and `getTransactionInfo` operations return objects implementing the JMX interface `CompositeData`, which maps lookup keys to associated data values. The keys shown in [Table 3–70](#) are defined as static constants in the utility class `TransactionInfo` for use with these objects.

Table 3–70 Lookup Keys for Transaction Information

Name	Value Type	Description
TransactionID	String	Transaction identifier
XID ¹	String	Distributed transaction identifier (XID)
User	String	User name
ClientID	String	Client identifier
ConnectionString	String	Connection string
CreationTime	Long	Time created, in standard Java format (milliseconds since January 1, 1970, 00:00:00 UTC)
State	Integer	Current state See Table 3–71 for possible values.
StateLabel	String	String representation of current state Useful for displaying the state in human-readable form, such as in the Java Monitoring and Management Console (jconsole). See Table 3–71 for possible values.
NumMsgs	Long	Number of messages
NumAcks	Long	Number of acknowledgments

¹ Distributed transactions only

[Table 3–71](#) shows the possible values returned for the lookup keys `State` and `StateLabel`. These values are defined as static constants in the utility class `TransactionState`.

Table 3–71 Transaction State Values

Value	Utility Constant	String Representation	Meaning
0	TransactionState.CREATED	CREATED	Transaction created
1	TransactionState.STARTED	STARTED	Transaction started
2	TransactionState.FAILED	FAILED	Transaction has failed
3	TransactionState.INCOMPLETE	INCOMPLETE	Transaction incomplete
4	TransactionState.COMPLETE	COMPLETE	Transaction complete
5	TransactionState.PREPARED	PREPARED	Transaction in prepared state ¹
6	TransactionState.COMMITTED	COMMITTED	Transaction committed
7	TransactionState.ROLLEDBACK	ROLLEDBACK	Transaction rolled back
8	TransactionState.TIMED_OUT	TIMED_OUT	Transaction has timed out
-1	TransactionState.UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN	Transaction state unknown

¹ Distributed transactions only

Notifications

The transaction manager monitor MBean supports the notifications shown in [Table 3–72](#). These notifications are instances of the Message Queue JMX class `TransactionNotification`, and their names are defined as static constants in that class.

Table 3–72 Transaction Manager Monitor Notifications

Name	Utility Constant	Description
mq.transaction.prepare ¹	TransactionNotification.TRANSACTION_PREPARE	Transaction has entered prepared state
mq.transaction.commit	TransactionNotification.TRANSACTION_COMMIT	Transaction committed
mq.transaction.rollback	TransactionNotification.TRANSACTION_ROLLBACK	Transaction rolled back

¹ Distributed transactions only

[Table 3–73](#) shows the method defined in class `TransactionNotification` for obtaining details about a transaction manager monitor notification.

Table 3–73 Data Retrieval Method for Transaction Manager Monitor Notifications

Method	Result Type	Description
getTransactionID	String	Transaction identifier

Broker Clusters

This section describes the MBeans used for managing broker clusters:

- The cluster configuration MBean configures a broker's cluster-related properties.
- The cluster monitor MBean monitors the brokers in a cluster.

The following subsections describe each of these MBeans in detail.

Cluster Configuration

The cluster configuration MBean is used for configuring a broker's cluster-related properties. There is one such MBean for each broker.

Object Name

The cluster configuration MBean has the following object name:

```
com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=Cluster,subtype=Config
```

A string representing this object name is defined as a static constant `CLUSTER_CONFIG_MBEAN_NAME` in the utility class `MQObjectName`.

Attributes

The cluster configuration MBean has the attributes shown in [Table 3–74](#). The names of these attributes are defined as static constants in the utility class `ClusterAttributes`.

Table 3–74 Cluster Configuration Attributes

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
HighlyAvailable	Boolean	No	High-availability (HA) cluster?
ClusterID ¹	String	No	Cluster identifier Must be a unique alphanumeric string of no more than $n - 13$ characters, where n is the maximum table name length allowed by the database. No two running clusters may have the same cluster identifier. This string is appended to the names of all database tables in the cluster's shared persistent store. Note: For brokers belonging to an HA cluster, this attribute is used in database table names in place of <code>BrokerID</code> (see Table 3–1).
ConfigFileURL ²	String	Yes	URL of cluster configuration file
LocalBrokerInfo	CompositeData	No	Descriptive information about local broker The value returned is a JMX <code>CompositeData</code> object describing the broker; see Table 3–76 for lookup keys used with this object.
MasterBrokerInfo ²	CompositeData	No	Descriptive information about master broker The value returned is a JMX <code>CompositeData</code> object describing the master broker; see Table 3–76 for lookup keys used with this object.
UseSharedDatabaseForConfigRecord ²	Boolean	No	Does conventional cluster use a shared JDBC data store instead of a master broker for the cluster configuration change record?

¹ HA clusters only

² Conventional clusters only

Operations

The cluster configuration MBean supports the operations shown in [Table 3–75](#). The names of these operations are defined as static constants in the utility class `ClusterOperations`.

Table 3–75 Cluster Configuration Operations

Name	Parameters	Result Type	Description
<code>getBrokerAddresses</code>	None	<code>String[]</code>	<p>Addresses of brokers in cluster</p> <p>Each address specifies the host name and Port Mapper port number of a broker in the cluster, in the form <i>hostName:portNumber</i>.</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>host1:3000</pre> <p>For conventional clusters, the list includes all brokers specified by the broker property <code>img.cluster.brokerlist</code>. For HA clusters, it includes all active and inactive brokers in the cluster table stored in the HA database.</p>
<code>getBrokerIDs¹</code>	None	<code>String[]</code>	<p>Broker identifiers of brokers in cluster</p> <p>The list includes all active and inactive brokers in the cluster table stored in the HA database.</p>
<code>getBrokerInfoByAddress</code>	<code>brokerAddress</code> (String)	<code>CompositeData</code>	<p>Descriptive information about broker</p> <p>The desired broker is designated by its host name and Port Mapper port number (<code>brokerAddress</code>), in the form <i>hostName:portNumber</i>. The value returned is a JMX <code>CompositeData</code> object describing the broker; see Table 3–76 for lookup keys used with this object.</p>
<code>getBrokerInfoByID¹</code>	<code>brokerID</code> (String)	<code>CompositeData</code>	<p>Descriptive information about broker</p> <p>The desired broker is designated by its broker identifier (<code>brokerID</code>). The value returned is a JMX <code>CompositeData</code> object describing the broker; see Table 3–76 for lookup keys used with this object. For conventional clusters, the operation returns <code>null</code>.</p>

Table 3–75 (Cont.) Cluster Configuration Operations

Name	Parameters	Result Type	Description
getBrokerInfo	None	CompositeData[]	<p>Descriptive information about all brokers in cluster</p> <p>The value returned is an array of JMX CompositeData objects describing the brokers; see Table 3–76 for lookup keys used with these objects.</p> <p>For conventional clusters, the array includes all brokers specified by the broker property <code>imq.cluster.brokerlist</code>. For HA clusters, it includes all active and inactive brokers in the cluster table stored in the HA database.</p>
reload ²	None	None	Reload cluster configuration file
changeMasterBroker ²	oldMasterBroker (String), newMasterBroker (String)	CompositeData	<p>Specify a change of master broker from oldMasterBroker to newMasterBroker, where both arguments are in <code>imq.cluster.masterbroker</code> format (host:port).</p> <p>The value returned is a JMX CompositeData object containing information about the success or failure of the operation; see Table 3–77 for lookup keys used with this object.</p> <p>This operation can only be performed on the broker that is the current master broker. If it is performed on any other broker it will have no effect and the CompositeData object returned will contain details of the error.</p> <p>This operation must not be performed on a broker whose lifecycle is being managed by GlassFish Server. In this case GlassFish Server tools must be used instead.</p>

¹ HA clusters only

² Conventional clusters only

The `LocalBrokerInfo` and `MasterBrokerInfo` attributes and the `getBrokerInfoByAddress`, `getBrokerInfoByID`, and `getBrokerInfo` operations return objects implementing the JMX interface `CompositeData`, which maps lookup keys to associated data values. The keys shown in [Table 3–76](#) are defined as static constants in the utility class `BrokerClusterInfo` for use with these objects.

Table 3–76 Lookup Keys for Cluster Configuration Information

Key	Value Type	Description
Address	String	<p>Broker address, in the form <code>hostName:portNumber</code></p> <p>Example:</p> <p><code>host1:3000</code></p>
ID ¹	String	Broker identifier

¹ HA clusters only

The `changeMasterBroker` operation returns an object implementing the JMX interface `CompositeData`, which maps lookup keys to associated data values. The keys shown in [Table 3-77](#) are defined as static constants in the utility class `ChangeMasterBrokerResultInfo` for use with this object.

Table 3-77 Lookup Keys for `changeMasterBroker`

Key	Value Type	Description
Success	Boolean	Whether an error occurred when performing the <code>changeMasterBroker</code> operation. If an error occurred, the <code>StatusCode</code> and <code>DetailMessage</code> keys contain more information.
StatusCode	Integer	A status code set when an error occurred. The <code>DetailMessage</code> key contains more information.
DetailMessage	String	An error message set when an error occurs. The possible errors, and the actions that should be taken to resolve them, are the same as for the <code>imgcmd changemaster</code> command, as described in "To Change the Master Broker Dynamically While the Cluster Is Running" in <i>Oracle GlassFish Server Message Queue Administration Guide</i> .

Notification

The cluster configuration MBean supports the notification shown in [Table 3-78](#).

Table 3-78 Cluster Configuration Notification

Name	Description
<code>jmx.attribute.change</code>	Attribute value changed

Cluster Monitor

The cluster monitor MBean is used for monitoring the brokers in a cluster. There is one such MBean for each broker.

Object Name

The cluster monitor MBean has the following object name:

```
com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=Cluster,subtype=Monitor
```

A string representing this object name is defined as a static constant `CLUSTER_MONITOR_MBEAN_NAME` in the utility class `MQObjectName`.

Attributes

The cluster monitor MBean has the attributes shown in [Table 3-79](#). The names of these attributes are defined as static constants in the utility class `ClusterAttributes`.

Table 3–79 Cluster Monitor Attributes

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
HighlyAvailable	Boolean	No	High-availability (HA) cluster?
ClusterID ¹	String	No	Cluster identifier Must be a unique alphanumeric string of no more than $n - 13$ characters, where n is the maximum table name length allowed by the database. No two running clusters may have the same cluster identifier. This string is appended to the names of all database tables in the cluster's shared persistent store. Note: For brokers belonging to an HA cluster, this attribute is used in database table names in place of BrokerID (see Table 3–4).
ConfigFileURL ²	String	Yes	URL of cluster configuration file
LocalBrokerInfo	CompositeData	No	Descriptive information about local broker The value returned is a JMX CompositeData object describing the broker; see Table 3–81 for lookup keys used with this object.
MasterBrokerInfo ²	CompositeData	No	Descriptive information about master broker The value returned is a JMX CompositeData object describing the master broker; see Table 3–81 for lookup keys used with this object.
UseSharedDatabaseForConfigRecord ²	Boolean	No	Does conventional cluster use a shared JDBC data store instead of a master broker for the cluster configuration change record?

¹ HA clusters only² Conventional clusters only

Operations

The cluster monitor MBean supports the operations shown in [Table 3–80](#). The names of these operations are defined as static constants in the utility class `ClusterOperations`.

Table 3–80 Cluster Monitor Operations

Name	Parameters	Result Type	Description
getBrokerAddresses	None	String[]	Addresses of brokers in cluster Each address specifies the host name and Port Mapper port number of a broker in the cluster, in the form <i>hostName:portNumber</i> . Example: host1:3000 For conventional clusters, the list includes all brokers specified by the broker property <code>imq.cluster.brokerlist</code> . For HA clusters, it includes all active and inactive brokers in the cluster table stored in the HA database.
getBrokerIDs ¹	None	String[]	Broker identifiers of brokers in cluster The list includes all active and inactive brokers in the cluster table stored in the HA database.
getBrokerInfoByAddress	brokerAddress (String)	CompositeData	Descriptive information about broker The desired broker is designated by its host name and Port Mapper port number (brokerAddress), in the form <i>hostName:portNumber</i> . The value returned is a JMX CompositeData object describing the broker; see Table 3–81 for lookup keys used with this object.
getBrokerInfoByID ¹	brokerID (String)	CompositeData	Descriptive information about broker The desired broker is designated by its broker identifier (brokerID). The value returned is a JMX CompositeData object describing the broker; see Table 3–81 for lookup keys used with this object. For conventional clusters, the operation returns null.
getBrokerInfo	None	CompositeData[]	Descriptive information about all brokers in cluster The value returned is an array of JMX CompositeData objects describing the brokers; see Table 3–81 for lookup keys used with these objects. For conventional clusters, the array includes all brokers specified by the broker property <code>imq.cluster.brokerlist</code> . For HA clusters, it includes all active and inactive brokers in the cluster table stored in the HA database.

¹ HA clusters only

The `LocalBrokerInfo` and `MasterBrokerInfo` attributes and the `getBrokerInfoByAddress`, `getBrokerInfoByID`, and `getBrokerInfo` operations return objects implementing the JMX interface `CompositeData`, which maps lookup keys to associated data values. The keys shown in [Table 3–81](#) are defined as static constants in the utility class `BrokerClusterInfo` for use with these objects.

Table 3–81 Lookup Keys for Cluster Monitor Information

Key	Value Type	Description
Address	String	Broker address, in the form <i>hostName:portNumber</i> Example: host1:3000
ID ¹	String	Broker identifier
State	Integer	Current state of broker See Table 3–82 for possible values.
StateLabel	String	String representation of current broker state Useful for displaying the state in human-readable form, such as in the Java Monitoring and Management Console (jconsole). See Table 3–82 for possible values.
TakeoverBrokerID ¹	String	Broker identifier of broker that has taken over this broker's persistent data store
NumMsgs ¹	Long	Current number of messages stored in memory and persistent store
StatusTimestamp ¹	Long	Time of last status update, in standard Java format (milliseconds since January 1, 1970, 00:00:00 UTC) Used to determine whether a broker is running. The interval at which a broker updates its status can be configured with the broker property <code>imq.cluster.monitor.interval</code> .

¹ HA clusters only

[Table 3–82](#) shows the possible values returned for the lookup keys `State` and `StateLabel`. These values are defined as static constants in the utility class `BrokerState`.

Table 3–82 Broker State Values

Value	Utility Constant	String Representation	Meaning
0	<code>BrokerState.OPERATING</code>	OPERATING	Broker is operating
1	<code>BrokerState.TAKEOVER_STARTED</code>	TAKEOVER_STARTED	Broker has begun taking over persistent data store from another broker
2	<code>BrokerState.TAKEOVER_COMPLETE</code>	TAKEOVER_COMPLETE	Broker has finished taking over persistent data store from another broker
3	<code>BrokerState.TAKEOVER_FAILED</code>	TAKEOVER_FAILED	Attempted takeover has failed
4	<code>BrokerState.QUIESCE_STARTED</code>	QUIESCE_STARTED	Broker has begun quiescing
5	<code>BrokerState.QUIESCE_COMPLETE</code>	QUIESCE_COMPLETE	Broker has finished quiescing
6	<code>BrokerState.SHUTDOWN_STARTED</code>	SHUTDOWN_STARTED	Broker has begun shutting down
7	<code>BrokerState.BROKER_DOWN</code>	BROKER_DOWN	Broker is down
-1	<code>BrokerState.UNKNOWN</code>	UNKNOWN	Broker state unknown

Notifications

The cluster monitor MBean supports the notifications shown in [Table 3–83](#). These notifications are instances of the Message Queue JMX classes `ClusterNotification`

and `BrokerNotification`, and their names are defined as static constants in those classes.

Table 3–83 Cluster Monitor Notifications

Name	Utility Constant	Description
<code>mq.cluster.broker.join</code>	<code>ClusterNotification.CLUSTER_BROKER_JOIN</code>	A broker has joined the cluster
<code>mq.cluster.broker.down</code>	<code>ClusterNotification.CLUSTER_BROKER_DOWN</code>	A broker in the cluster has shut down or crashed
<code>mq.broker.takeover.start</code> ¹	<code>BrokerNotification.BROKER_TAKEOVER_START</code>	A broker has begun taking over persistent data store from another broker
<code>mq.broker.takeover.complete</code> ¹	<code>BrokerNotification.BROKER_TAKEOVER_COMPLETE</code>	A broker has finished taking over persistent data store from another broker
<code>mq.broker.takeover.fail</code> ¹	<code>BrokerNotification.BROKER_TAKEOVER_FAIL</code>	An attempted takeover has failed

¹ HA clusters only

[Table 3–84](#) shows the methods defined in class `ClusterNotification` for obtaining details about a cluster monitor notification. See [Table 3–6](#) for the corresponding methods of class `BrokerNotification`.

Table 3–84 Data Retrieval Methods for Cluster Monitor Notifications

Method	Result Type	Description
<code>isHighlyAvailable</code>	Boolean	High-availability (HA) cluster?
<code>getClusterID</code>	String	Cluster identifier
<code>getBrokerID</code>	String	Broker identifier of affected broker
<code>getBrokerAddress</code>	String	Address of affected broker, in the form <i>hostName:portNumber</i> Example: <code>host1:3000</code>
<code>isMasterBroker</code> ¹	Boolean	Master broker affected?

¹ Conventional clusters only

Logging

This section describes the MBeans used for logging Message Queue operations:

- The log configuration MBean configures Message Queue logging.
- The log monitor MBean monitors Message Queue logging.

The following subsections describe each of these MBeans in detail.

Log Configuration

Each broker has a single log configuration MBean, used for configuring Message Queue logging.

Object Name

The log configuration MBean has the following object name:

`com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=Log,subtype=Config`

A string representing this object name is defined as a static constant `LOG_CONFIG_MBEAN_NAME` in the utility class `MQObjectName`.

Attributes

The log configuration MBean has the attributes shown in [Table 3–85](#). The names of these attributes are defined as static constants in the utility class `LogAttributes`.

Table 3–85 Log Configuration Attributes

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
Level	String	Yes	Logging level Specifies the categories of logging information that can be written to an output channel. See Table 3–86 for possible values.
RolloverBytes	Long	Yes	File length, in bytes, at which output rolls over to a new log file A value of -1 denotes an unlimited number of bytes (no rollover based on file length).
RolloverSecs	Long	Yes	Age of file, in seconds, at which output rolls over to a new log file A value of -1 denotes an unlimited number of seconds (no rollover based on file age).

[Table 3–86](#) shows the possible values for the `Level` attribute. Each level includes those above it (for example, `WARNING` includes `ERROR`). These values are defined as static constants in the utility class `LogLevel`.

Table 3–86 Log Configuration Logging Levels

Name	Utility Constant	Meaning
NONE	<code>LogLevel.NONE</code>	No logging
ERROR	<code>LogLevel.ERROR</code>	Log error messages
WARNING	<code>LogLevel.WARNING</code>	Log warning messages
INFO	<code>LogLevel.INFO</code>	Log informational messages
UNKNOWN	<code>LogLevel.UNKNOWN</code>	Logging level unknown

Notification

The log configuration MBean supports the notification shown in [Table 3–87](#).

Table 3–87 Log Configuration Notification

Name	Description
<code>jmx.attribute.change</code>	Attribute value changed

Log Monitor

Each broker has a single log monitor MBean, used for monitoring Message Queue logging.

Object Name

The log monitor MBean has the following object name:

`com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=Log,subtype=Monitor`

A string representing this object name is defined as a static constant `LOG_MONITOR_MBEAN_NAME` in the utility class `MQObjectName`.

Notifications

The log monitor MBean supports the notifications shown in [Table 3–88](#). These notifications are instances of the Message Queue JMX class `LogNotification`, and their names are defined as static utility constants in that class.

Note: A notification listener registered for a particular logging level will receive notifications only for that level and not for those above or below it: for example, a listener registered for the notification `mq.log.level.WARNING` will be notified only of `WARNING` messages and not `ERROR` or `INFO`. To receive notifications for more than one logging level, the listener must be explicitly registered for each level separately.

Table 3–88 Log Monitor Notifications

Name	Utility Constant	Description
<code>mq.log.level.ERROR</code>	<code>LogNotification.LOG_LEVEL_ERROR</code>	Error message logged
<code>mq.log.level.WARNING</code>	<code>LogNotification.LOG_LEVEL_WARNING</code>	Warning message logged
<code>mq.log.level.INFO</code>	<code>LogNotification.LOG_LEVEL_INFO</code>	Informational message logged

[Table 3–89](#) shows the methods defined in class `LogNotification` for obtaining details about a log monitor notification.

Table 3–89 Data Retrieval Methods for Log Monitor Notifications

Method	Result Type	Description
<code>getLevel</code>	String	Logging level of logged message See Table 3–86 for possible values.
<code>getMessage</code>	String	Body of logged message

Java Virtual Machine

This section describes the MBean used for monitoring the Java Virtual Machine (JVM). The following subsection describes this MBean in detail.

JVM Monitor

Each broker has a single JVM monitor MBean, used for monitoring the Java Virtual Machine (JVM).

Note: This MBean is useful only with the Java Development Kit (JDK) version 1.4 or lower. JDK version 1.5 includes built-in MBeans that provide more detailed information on the state of the JVM.

Object Name

The JVM monitor MBean has the following object name:

`com.sun.messaging.jms.server:type=JVM,subtype=Monitor`

A string representing this object name is defined as a static constant `JVM_MONITOR_MBEAN_NAME` in the utility class `MQObjectName`.

Attributes

The JVM monitor MBean has the attributes shown in [Table 3–90](#). The names of these attributes are defined as static constants in the utility class `JVMAttributes`.

Table 3–90 *JVM Monitor Attributes*

Name	Type	Settable?	Description
TotalMemory	Long	No	Current total memory, in bytes
InitMemory	Long	No	Initial heap size at JVM startup, in bytes
FreeMemory	Long	No	Amount of memory currently available for use, in bytes
MaxMemory	Long	No	Maximum allowable heap size, in bytes Any memory allocation attempt that would exceed this limit will cause an <code>OutOfMemoryError</code> exception to be thrown.

A

Alphabetical Reference

[Table A-1](#) is an alphabetical list of Message Queue JMX MBean attributes, with cross-references to the relevant tables in this manual.

Table A-1 *Alphabetical List of MBean Attributes*

Attribute	MBean	Reference
AutoCreateQueueMaxNumActiveConsumers	Destination Manager Configuration	Table 3-44
AutoCreateQueueMaxNumBackupConsumers	Destination Manager Configuration	Table 3-44
AutoCreateQueues	Destination Manager Configuration	Table 3-44
AutoCreateTopics	Destination Manager Configuration	Table 3-44
AvgNumActiveConsumers	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
AvgNumBackupConsumers	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
AvgNumConsumers	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
AvgNumMsgs	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
AvgTotalMsgBytes	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
BrokerID	Broker Configuration Broker Monitor	Table 3-1 Table 3-4
ClientID	Connection Monitor	Table 3-24
ClientPlatform	Connection Monitor	Table 3-24
ClusterID	Cluster Configuration Cluster Monitor	Table 3-74 Table 3-79
ConfigFileURL	Cluster Configuration Cluster Monitor	Table 3-74 Table 3-79
ConnectionID	Connection Configuration Connection Monitor Destination Monitor	Table 3-23 Table 3-24 Table 3-38
ConsumerFlowLimit	Destination Configuration	Table 3-32
CreatedByAdmin	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
DiskReserved	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
DiskUsed	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38

Table A-1 (Cont.) Alphabetical List of MBean Attributes

Attribute	MBean	Reference
DiskUtilizationRatio	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
DMQTruncateBody	Destination Manager Configuration	Table 3-44
Embedded	Broker Monitor	Table 3-4
FreeMemory	JVM Monitor	Table 3-90
HighlyAvailable	Cluster Configuration	Table 3-74
	Cluster Monitor	Table 3-79
Host	Connection Monitor	Table 3-24
InitMemory	JVM Monitor	Table 3-90
InstanceName	Broker Configuration	Table 3-1
	Broker Monitor	Table 3-4
Level	Log Configuration	Table 3-85
LimitBehavior	Destination Configuration	Table 3-32
LocalBrokerInfo	Cluster Configuration	Table 3-74
	Cluster Monitor	Table 3-79
LocalDeliveryPreferred	Destination Configuration	Table 3-32
LocalOnly	Destination Configuration	Table 3-32
LogDeadMsgs	Destination Manager Configuration	Table 3-44
MasterBrokerInfo	Cluster Configuration	Table 3-74
	Cluster Monitor	Table 3-79
MaxBytesPerMsg	Destination Configuration	Table 3-32
	Destination Manager Configuration	Table 3-44
MaxMemory	JVM Monitor	Table 3-90
MaxNumActiveConsumers	Destination Configuration	Table 3-32
MaxNumBackupConsumers	Destination Configuration	Table 3-32
MaxNumMsgs	Destination Configuration	Table 3-32
	Destination Manager Configuration	Table 3-44
MaxNumProducers	Destination Configuration	Table 3-32
MaxThreads	Service Configuration	Table 3-8
	Service Manager Configuration	Table 3-17
MaxTotalMsgBytes	Destination Configuration	Table 3-32
	Destination Manager Configuration	Table 3-44
MinThreads	Service Configuration	Table 3-8
	Service Manager Configuration	Table 3-17

Table A-1 (Cont.) Alphabetical List of MBean Attributes

Attribute	MBean	Reference
MsgBytesIn	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
	Service Manager Monitor	Table 3-19
	Service Monitor	Table 3-12
MsgBytesOut	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
	Service Manager Monitor	Table 3-19
	Service Monitor	Table 3-12
Name	Destination Configuration	Table 3-32
	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
	Service Configuration	Table 3-8
	Service Monitor	Table 3-12
NextMessageID	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
NumActiveConsumers	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
NumActiveThreads	Service Manager Monitor	Table 3-19
	Service Monitor	Table 3-12
NumBackupConsumers	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
NumConnections	Connection Manager Configuration	Table 3-26
	Connection Manager Monitor	Table 3-28
	Service Monitor	Table 3-12
NumConnectionsOpened	Connection Manager Monitor	Table 3-28
	Service Monitor	Table 3-12
NumConnectionsRejected	Connection Manager Monitor	Table 3-28
	Service Monitor	Table 3-12
NumConsumers	Connection Monitor	Table 3-24
	Consumer Manager Configuration	Table 3-59
	Consumer Manager Monitor	Table 3-61
	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
	Service Monitor	Table 3-12
NumDestinations	Destination Manager Configuration	Table 3-44
		Table 3-49
	Destination Manager Monitor	
NumMsgs	Destination Manager Monitor	Table 3-49
	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
NumMsgsHeldInTransaction	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
NumMsgsIn	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
	Service Manager Monitor	Table 3-19
	Service Monitor	Table 3-12
NumMsgsInDMQ	Destination Manager Monitor	Table 3-49

Table A-1 (Cont.) Alphabetical List of MBean Attributes

Attribute	MBean	Reference
NumMsgsOut	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
	Service Manager Monitor	Table 3-19
	Service Monitor	Table 3-12
NumMsgsPendingAcks	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
NumMsgsRemote	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
NumPktsIn	Service Manager Monitor	Table 3-19
	Service Monitor	Table 3-12
NumPktsOut	Service Manager Monitor	Table 3-19
	Service Monitor	Table 3-12
NumProducers	Connection Monitor	Table 3-24
	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
	Producer Manager Configuration	Table 3-53 Table 3-55
	Producer Manager Monitor	Table 3-12
	Service Monitor	
NumServices	Service Manager Monitor	Table 3-19
NumTransactions	Transaction Manager Configuration	Table 3-66 Table 3-68
	Transaction Manager Monitor	
NumTransactionsCommitted	Transaction Manager Monitor	Table 3-68
NumTransactionsRollback	Transaction Manager Monitor	Table 3-68
NumWildcardcards	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
NumWildcardConsumers	Consumer Manager Monitor	Table 3-61
	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
NumWildcardProducers	Producer Manager Monitor	Table 3-55
	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
PeakMsgBytes	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
PeakNumActiveConsumers	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
PeakNumBackupConsumers	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
PeakNumConsumers	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
PeakNumMsgs	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
PeakTotalMsgBytes	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
PktBytesIn	Service Manager Monitor	Table 3-19
	Service Monitor	Table 3-12
PktBytesOut	Service Manager Monitor	Table 3-19
	Service Monitor	Table 3-12

Table A-1 (Cont.) Alphabetical List of MBean Attributes

Attribute	MBean	Reference
Port	Broker Configuration	Table 3-1
	Broker Monitor	Table 3-4
	Connection Monitor	Table 3-24
	Service Configuration	Table 3-8
	Service Monitor	Table 3-12
ResourceState	Broker Monitor	Table 3-4
ReloadXMLSchemaOn Failure	Destination Configuration	Table 3-32
ResourceState	Broker Monitor	Table 3-4
RolloverBytes	Log Configuration	Table 3-85
RolloverSecs	Log Configuration	Table 3-85
ServiceName	Connection Monitor	Table 3-24
State	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
	Service Monitor	Table 3-12
StateLabel	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
	Service Monitor	Table 3-12
Temporary	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
ThreadPoolModel	Service Configuration	Table 3-8
TotalMemory	JVM Monitor	Table 3-90
TotalMsgBytes	Destination Manager Monitor	Table 3-49
	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
TotalMsgBytesRemote	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
TotalMsgBytesHeldInTransaction	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
TotalMsgBytesInDMQ	Destination Manager Monitor	Table 3-49
Type	Destination Configuration	Table 3-32
	Destination Monitor	Table 3-38
UseDMQ	Destination Configuration	Table 3-32
User	Connection Monitor	Table 3-24
ValidateXMLSchemaEnabled	Destination Configuration	Table 3-32
Version	Broker Configuration	Table 3-1
	Broker Monitor	Table 3-4
XMLSchemaURIList	Destination Configuration	Table 3-32

[Table A-2](#) is an alphabetical list of Message Queue JMX MBean operations, with cross-references to the relevant tables in this manual.

Table A-2 Alphabetical List of MBean Operations

Operation	MBean	Reference
commit	Transaction Manager Configuration	Table 3-67

Table A-2 (Cont.) Alphabetical List of MBean Operations

Operation	MBean	Reference
compact	Destination Configuration	Table 3-35
	Destination Manager Configuration	Table 3-45
create	Destination Manager Configuration	Table 3-45
destroy	Connection Manager Configuration	Table 3-27
	Destination Manager Configuration	Table 3-45
getActiveConsumerIDs	Destination Monitor	Table 3-41
getBackupConsumerIDs	Destination Monitor	Table 3-41
getBrokerAddresses	Cluster Configuration	Table 3-75
	Cluster Monitor	Table 3-80
getBrokerIDs	Cluster Configuration	Table 3-75
	Cluster Monitor	Table 3-80
getBrokerInfo	Cluster Configuration	Table 3-75
	Cluster Monitor	Table 3-80
getBrokerInfoByAddress	Cluster Configuration	Table 3-75
	Cluster Monitor	Table 3-80
getBrokerInfoByID	Cluster Configuration	Table 3-75
	Cluster Monitor	Table 3-80
getConnection	Destination Monitor	Table 3-41
getConnections	Connection Manager Configuration	Table 3-27
	Connection Manager Monitor	Table 3-29
	Service Monitor	Table 3-14
getConsumerIDs	Connection Monitor	Table 3-25
	Consumer Manager Configuration	Table 3-60
	Consumer Manager Monitor	Table 3-62
	Destination Monitor	Table 3-41
	Service Monitor	Table 3-14
getConsumerInfo	Consumer Manager Monitor	Table 3-62
getConsumerInfoByID	Consumer Manager Monitor	Table 3-62
getConsumerWildcards	Consumer Manager Monitor	Table 3-62
	Destination Monitor	Table 3-41
getDestinations	Destination Manager Configuration	Table 3-45
	Destination Manager Monitor	Table 3-50
getNumWildcardConsumers	Consumer Manager Monitor	Table 3-62
	Destination Monitor	Table 3-41
getNumWildcardProducers	Producer Manager Monitor	Table 3-56
	Destination Monitor	Table 3-41

Table A-2 (Cont.) Alphabetical List of MBean Operations

Operation	MBean	Reference
getProducerIDs	Connection Monitor	Table 3-25
	Destination Monitor	Table 3-41
	Producer Manager Configuration	Table 3-54
	Producer Manager Monitor	Table 3-56
	Service Monitor	Table 3-14
getProducerInfo	Producer Manager Monitor	Table 3-56
getProducerInfoByID	Producer Manager Monitor	Table 3-56
getProducerWildcards	Destination Monitor	Table 3-41
	Producer Manager	Table 3-56
getProperty	Broker Configuration	Table 3-2
getService	Connection Monitor	Table 3-25
getServices	Service Manager Configuration	Table 3-18
	Service Manager Monitor	Table 3-20
getTemporaryDestinations	Connection Monitor	Table 3-25
getTransactionIDs	Transaction Manager Configuration	Table 3-67
	Transaction Manager Monitor	Table 3-69
getTransactionInfo	Transaction Manager Monitor	Table 3-69
getTransactionInfoByID	Transaction Manager Monitor	Table 3-69
getWildcards	Destination Monitor	Table 3-41
pause	Destination Configuration	Table 3-35
	Destination Manager Configuration	Table 3-45
	Service Configuration	Table 3-9
	Service Manager Configuration	Table 3-18
purge	Consumer Manager Configuration	Table 3-60
	Destination Configuration	Table 3-35
quiesce	Broker Configuration	Table 3-2
reload	Cluster Configuration	Table 3-75
resetMetrics	Broker Configuration	Table 3-2
restart	Broker Configuration	Table 3-2
resume	Destination Configuration	Table 3-35
	Destination Manager Configuration	Table 3-45
	Service Configuration	Table 3-9
	Service Manager Configuration	Table 3-18
rollback	Transaction Manager Configuration	Table 3-67
shutdown	Broker Configuration	Table 3-2
takeover	Broker Configuration	Table 3-2
unquiesce	Broker Configuration	Table 3-2

Table A-3 is an alphabetical list of Message Queue JMX MBean notifications, with cross-references to the relevant tables in this manual.

Table A-3 Alphabetical List of MBean Notifications

Notification	MBean	Reference
jmx.attribute.change	Broker Configuration	Table 3-3
	Cluster Configuration	Table 3-78
	Destination Configuration	Table 3-37
	Destination Manager Configuration	Table 3-48
	Log Configuration	Table 3-87
	Service Configuration	Table 3-10
mq.broker.quiesce.complete	Broker Monitor	Table 3-5
mq.broker.quiesce.start	Broker Monitor	Table 3-5
mq.broker.resource.state.change	Broker Monitor	Table 3-5
mq.broker.shutdown.start	Broker Monitor	Table 3-5
mq.broker.takeover.complete	Broker Monitor	Table 3-5
	Cluster Monitor	Table 3-83
mq.broker.takeover.fail	Broker Monitor	Table 3-5
	Cluster Monitor	Table 3-83
mq.broker.takeover.start	Broker Monitor	Table 3-5
	Cluster Monitor	Table 3-83
mq.cluster.broker.down	Cluster Monitor	Table 3-83
mq.cluster.broker.join	Broker Monitor	Table 3-5
	Cluster Monitor	Table 3-83
mq.connection.close	Connection Manager Monitor	Table 3-30
	Service Monitor	Table 3-15
mq.connection.open	Connection Manager Monitor	Table 3-30
	Service Monitor	Table 3-15
mq.connection.reject	Connection Manager Monitor	Table 3-30
	Service Monitor	Table 3-15
mq.destination.compact	Destination Manager Monitor	Table 3-51
	Destination Monitor	Table 3-42
mq.destination.create	Destination Manager Monitor	Table 3-51
mq.destination.destroy	Destination Manager Monitor	Table 3-51
mq.destination.pause	Destination Manager Monitor	Table 3-51
	Destination Monitor	Table 3-42
mq.destination.purge	Destination Manager Monitor	Table 3-51
	Destination Monitor	Table 3-42
mq.destination.resume	Destination Manager Monitor	Table 3-51
	Destination Monitor	Table 3-42
mq.log.level.ERROR	Log Monitor	Table 3-88
mq.log.level.INFO	Log Monitor	Table 3-88

Table A-3 (Cont.) Alphabetical List of MBean Notifications

Notification	MBean	Reference
mq.log.level.WARNING	Log Monitor	Table 3-88
mq.service.pause	Service Manager Monitor Service Monitor	Table 3-21 Table 3-15
mq.service.resume	Service Manager Monitor Service Monitor	Table 3-21 Table 3-15
mq.transaction.commit	Transaction Manager Monitor	Table 3-72
mq.transaction.prepare	Transaction Manager Monitor	Table 3-72
mq.transaction.rollback	Transaction Manager Monitor	Table 3-72

