

StorageTek SL3000
SCSI Reference Guide

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Preface

This guide contains information about the Small Computer System Interface (SCSI) command set. It is intended for independent software vendors (ISVs), operating system developers, and engineers responsible for implementing the SCSI over a Fibre Channel (FC) physical interface on Oracle's StorageTek SL3000 modular library system.

Note: Refer to the tape drive documentation for information about SCSI commands for a specific tape drive.

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Related Documents

- *American National Standard Dictionary for Information Processing Systems - X3/TR-1-82*
- *SCSI-3 Primary Commands (SPC) - X3.301-1997*
- *SCSI-3 Primary Commands (SPC-2) - T10/Project 1236D*
- *SCSI-3 Medium Changer Commands (SMC) - T10/Project 1383D*
- *SCSI-3 Architecture Model (SAM) - X3.270-1996*
- *SCSI Architecture Model – 2 (SAM-2) - T10/Project 1157D*
- *Fibre Channel Physical and Signaling Interface (FC-PH) - X3.230-1994 Revision 4.3, X3.230-1996 (Amendment 1), X3.230-1997 (Amendment 2)*
- *Fibre Channel Physical and Signaling Interface (FC-PH-2) - X3.297-1996 Revision 7.4*
- *Fibre Channel Physical and Signaling Interface (FC-PH-3) - X3.303-199x Revision 9.3*
- *Fibre Channel Arbitrated Loop (FC-AL) - X3.272-1996 Revision 4.5*

- *Fibre Channel Arbitrated Loop (FC-AL-2) - X3.272-199x Revision 7.0*

SL3000 Documentation

Go to the Tape Storage section of the Oracle Help Center

(<http://docs.oracle.com/en/storage/#tape>) for additional SL3000 documentation:

- *SL3000 Library Guide*
- *SL3000 Security Guide*
- *SL3000 Safety and Compliance Guide*
- *SL3000 Licensing Information User Manual*

SL3000 FC Implementation

The FC implementation on the SL3000 conforms to the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) and National Committee for Information Technology Standards (NCITS), formerly X3.

Library Support

- Supports arbitrated loop and direct fabric attach
- FCP (SCSI-3) command set for medium changer devices
- Class 3 level of service
- Private and public loop operations
- Hard-assigned port addresses (AL-PA)
- Basic and extended link services
- Connections to an external hub (or switch)
- Data transfer rates of 100 MB/s
- Standard approved length shortwave fibre optic cables
- Multimode laser operating at 780 nm (shortwave) non-OFC

Hub Support

- Standard approved length fibre optic and copper cables
- Multimode laser operating at 780 nm (shortwave) non-OFC
- Single mode laser operating at 1300 nanometers (longwave)
- Cascading hub attachments
- Gigabit Interface Converter (GBIC) connections in the hub

Switch Support

- Attachment to FL_Ports

Task Management Support

- BLS ABTS
- Abort Task Set
- Clear Task Set
- LUN Reset
- Target Reset

Note: The library does not support Clear ACA.

SL3000 SCSI Operation and Configuration

- [Multiple Initiator Support](#)
- [Host Timeout Characteristics](#)
- [Fast Load](#)
- [Reservation Handling](#)
- [Behavior of Unavailable Fibre Channel Ports](#)
- [Configuring SCSI Access in a Partitioned Library](#)
- [Sharing CAPs in a SCSI Partition](#)
- [SCSI Element Addressing](#)

Multiple Initiator Support

- The library supports unit reserve, release, and persistent reserve commands. An initiator may reserve elements that will then cause a reservation conflict if the reserved element is accessed by a different initiator. Host software should reserve resources whenever possible.
- If an initiator modifies a mode page, all other initiators will then receive a unit attention indicating the mode parameters have changed.
- The library maintains a separate "prevent" or "allow" media removal state for each initiator. If any host/initiator has issued a prevent command, then no access to the Cartridge Access Port (CAP) door will be allowed. See "[Prevent/Allow Medium Removal \(1Eh\)](#)" on page 3-45.
- If any initiator sends an Allow Media Command (Prevent bit set to 0), the library clears the prevent bit for all hosts and allows the operator to open the CAP.

Host Timeout Characteristics

Host timeout values for SCSI commands may require adjustment based on the configuration of the library.

Fast Load

The library architecture provides for optional fast load operations. The following applies only if the fast load option is disabled:

- The robot will mount a tape to a drive and wait at the drive location until the tape is fully loaded before beginning another task.

- A SCSI move command may require additional time to complete. The host software must adjust SCSI time-out values to allow for the tape drive load time in addition to the robotics motion time.

Reservation Handling

The library supports the following reservation management methods:

- Reserve and Release — defined by the ANSI SCSI-3 Primary Commands (SPC-2) Standard. See [Table 2-1](#) for command reservation restrictions.
- Persistent Reservation — defined by the ANSI SCSI-3 Primary Commands (SPC-3) Standard. See [Table 2-2](#) for command reservation restrictions.

[Table 2-1](#) and [Table 2-2](#) use the following definitions:

- **Conflict** — The library terminates the command with a [Reservation Conflict \(18h\)](#) status.
- **Allowed** — The library executes the command normally.

Compatible Reservation Handling Bit

The library returns 0 for the Compatible Reservation Handling (CRH) bit in the [Persistent Reserve In \(5Eh\) Report Capabilities Data](#) page.

A CRH value of 0 indicates the library processed the reserve or release command as defined in SPC-2. Therefore, the library will return a [Reservation Conflict \(18h\)](#) when it receives a reserve or release command from the same initiator that holds the persistent reservation.

Reserve and Release Management Method Command Restrictions

Table 2-1 Reserve and Release Management Method Command Restrictions

Command	Action when the Library is Reserved by Another Initiator
Initialize Element Status (07h)	Conflict
Initialize Element Status w/Range (37h)	Conflict
Inquiry (12h)	Allowed
Log Sense (4Dh)	Allowed
Mode Select (15h/55h)	Conflict
Mode Sense (1Ah/5Ah)	Conflict
Move Medium (A5h)	Conflict
Persistent Reserve In (5Eh)	Conflict
Persistent Reserve Out (5Fh)	Conflict
Position to Element (2Bh)	Conflict
Prevent/Allow Media Removal (1Eh)	Prevent = 0, Allowed Prevent = 1, Conflict
Read Element Status (B8h)	Conflict
Release (17h)	Allowed ¹
Report LUNs (A0h)	Allowed
Report Target Port Groups (A3h)	Allowed
Request Sense (03h)	Allowed

Table 2–1 (Cont.) Reserve and Release Management Method Command Restrictions

Command	Action when the Library is Reserved by Another Initiator
Request Volume Element Address (B5h)	Conflict
Reserve (16h)	Conflict
Send Diagnostics (1Dh)	Conflict
Send Volume Tag (B6h)	Conflict
Test Unit Ready (00h)	Conflict

¹ The reservation is not released.

Persistent Reservation Management Method Command Restrictions

Table 2–2 Persistent Reservation Command Restrictions when the Library is Reserved by Another Initiator

Command	Non-Registered Initiator¹	Registered Initiator: Exclusive Access Reservation²	Registered Initiator: Exclusive Access Registrant Only³
Initialize Element Status (07h)	Conflict	Conflict	Allowed
Initialize Element Status w/Range (37h)	Conflict	Conflict	Allowed
Inquiry (12h)	Allowed	Allowed	Allowed
Log Sense (4Dh)	Allowed	Allowed	Allowed
Mode Select (15h/55h)	Conflict	Conflict	Allowed
Mode Sense (1Ah/5Ah)	Conflict	Conflict	Allowed
Move Medium (A5h)	Conflict	Conflict	Allowed
Persistent Reserve In (5Eh)	Allowed	Allowed	Allowed
Persistent Reserve Out (5Fh) - SA=Register	Allowed	Allowed	Allowed
Persistent Reserve Out (5Fh) - SA=Reserve	Conflict	Conflict	Conflict
Persistent Reserve Out (5Fh) - SA=Release	Conflict	Allowed ⁴	Allowed ⁴
Persistent Reserve Out (5Fh) - SA=Clear	Conflict	Allowed	Allowed
Persistent Reserve Out (5Fh) - SA=Preempt	Conflict	Allowed	Allowed
Persistent Reserve Out (5Fh) - SA=Preempt/Abort	Conflict	Allowed	Allowed
Persistent Reserve Out (5Fh) - SA=Register and Ignore	Allowed	Allowed	Allowed
Position to Element (2Bh)	Conflict	Conflict	Allowed
Prevent/Allow Media Removal (1Eh) Prevent = 0	Allowed	Allowed	Allowed
Prevent/Allow Media Removal (1Eh) Prevent = 1	Conflict	Conflict	Allowed
Read Element Status (B8h)	Conflict	Conflict	Allowed
Release (17h)	Conflict	Conflict	Conflict
Report LUNs (A0h)	Allowed	Allowed	Allowed
Report Target Port Groups (A3h)	Allowed	Allowed	Allowed
Request Sense (03h)	Allowed	Allowed	Allowed

Table 2–2 (Cont.) Persistent Reservation Command Restrictions when the Library is Reserved by Another Initiator

Command	Non-Registered Initiator ¹	Registered Initiator: Exclusive Access Reservation ²	Registered Initiator: Exclusive Access Registrant Only ³
Request Volume Element Address (B5h)	Conflict	Conflict	Allowed
Reserve (16h)	Conflict	Conflict	Conflict
Send Diagnostics (1Dh)	Conflict	Conflict	Allowed
Send Volume Tag (B6h)	Conflict	Conflict	Allowed
Test Unit Ready (00h)	Conflict	Conflict	Allowed

¹ Action when a non-registered initiator sends a command to a library reserved by another initiator.

² Action when a registered initiator sends a command to a library reserved by another initiator that has an Exclusive Access reservation.

³ Action when a registered initiator sends a command to a library reserved by another initiator that has an Exclusive Access Registrant Only reservation.

⁴ The reservation is not released.

Behavior of Unavailable Fibre Channel Ports

When there is a multi-port Fibre Channel card installed in the library, the additional Fibre Channel ports must be activated using a Hardware Activation file in order for all ports to be fully operational.

Note: Port 1 is always activated.

The library can receive commands on an unavailable port. However, the library only fully supports the following commands on an unavailable port:

- Inquiry (12h)
- Report LUNs (A0h)
- Report Target Port Groups (A3h)
- Request Sense (03h)

For all other commands, the library:

- Terminates the command with [Check Condition \(02h\)](#) status
- Sets the sense key to Not Ready (02h), ASC to 04h, and ASCQ to 0ch — [Not Ready, Logical Unit Not Accessible, Target Port in Unavailable State](#)

Configuring SCSI Access in a Partitioned Library

Use SLC to configure partitioning and SCSI host access to each partition (see the *SL3000 Library Guide*). To grant access, you must provide the Host World Wide Port Name and a LUN. All hosts must have a connection to LUN 0. Additional LUN configuration will allow access to more than one partition.

Example 2–1 SCSI Host Access in a Library with Two Partitions

Partition 1 could have the following host access:

```
Host 1, LUN 0
Host 2, LUN 0
```

Host 3, LUN 0

Partition 2 could have the following host access:

Host 2, LUN 1

Host 5, LUN 0

When Host 2 sends a command on LUN 0, the library directs the commands to partition 1. When Host 2 send a command on LUN 1, the library directs the command to partition 2.

Command Handling for a SCSI Host without Access to a Partition

If a SCSI host sends a command to a partition it does not have access to, the library will respond with the following:

- Inquiry returns **Good (00h)** with the Inquiry Data Peripheral Qualifer set to 001b instead of 000b.
- Request Sense returns **Good (00h)** with the sense data set to LUN Access Not Authorized (02h/74h/71h).
- Report LUNs returns **Good (00h)** and the Report LUNs Data reports LUN 0.
- All other commands return **Check Condition (02h)** with the sense data set to LUN Access Not Authorized (02h/74h/71h).

For more information on sense data, see "[Additional Sense Codes and Qualifiers](#)" on page 3-68.

Sharing CAPs in a SCSI Partition

CAPs may be shared between partitions with the same interface type. However, Oracle recommends that you do not use shared CAPs for SCSI partitions. You should dedicate a CAP that each SCSI partition. Access to shared CAPs must be carefully managed and you must assign the CAP to a partition using SLC before you can insert or eject a cartridge.

See the *SL3000 Library Guide "Operating CAPs" chapter* for detailed information.

SCSI Element Addressing

See the *SL3000 Library Guide "Library Addressing" appendix* for more details on the SCSI element addressing scheme. The SCSI element address depends on the element type. Each library or partition uses a fixed starting address for each element type. Then, within each element type, the element addresses are sequential.

Element Type	Starting SCSI Element Address
Medium Transport Element (Robot)	0
Import/Export Elements (CAPs and AEMs)	10
Data Transfer Elements (Drives)	1000
Storage Elements (Cartridge Cells)	2000

SL3000 SCSI Commands

- Command Descriptor Block (CDB) Structure
- Supported SCSI Command Status Byte Codes
- Initialize Element Status (07h)
- Initialize Element Status with Range (37h)
- Inquiry (12h)
- Log Sense (4Dh)
- Mode Select 6-byte (15h) and Mode Select 10-byte (55h)
- Mode Sense 6-byte (1Ah) and Mode Sense 10-byte (5Ah)
- Move Medium (A5h)
- Persistent Reserve In (5Eh)
- Persistent Reserve Out (5Fh)
- Position to Element (2Bh)
- Prevent/Allow Medium Removal (1Eh)
- Read Element Status (B8h)
- Release (17h)
- Report LUNs (A0h)
- Report Target Port Groups (A3h)
- Request Sense (03h)
- Request Volume Element Address (B5h)
- Reserve (16h)
- Send Diagnostic (1Dh)
- Send Volume Tag (B6h)
- Test Unit Ready (00h)

Command Descriptor Block (CDB) Structure

- The first byte contains the operation code — a Group Code that provides eight groups of commands and a Command Code that provides 32 command codes for each group.
- The second byte starts the command parameters.
- The last byte is the control byte (see "Control Byte Structure" on page 3-3).

For some commands, a list of parameters accompanies the request during data out. For all commands, if there is an invalid parameter in the CDB, then the library terminates the command without altering the medium.

6-Byte Command Structure

		Bit							
Byte		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0		Group Code				Command Code			
1		Reserved				Command Parameters			
2 to 4		Command Parameters							
5		Control Byte							

SLK_065

10-Byte Command Structure

		Bit							
Byte		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0		Operation Code							
1		Reserved				Command Parameters			
2 to 8		Command Parameters							
9		Control Byte							

SLK_066

12-Byte Command Structure

		Bit							
Byte		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0		Operation Code							
1		Reserved				Command Parameters			
2 to 9		Command Parameters							
10		Reserved							
11		Control Byte							

SLK_067

Control Byte Structure

The control byte is the last byte of every CDB.

		Bit							
Byte		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
5, 9, or 11		Vendor Specific		Reserved			NACA (0)	Flag (0)	Link (0)

SLK_068

Vendor Specific

Provides information about the device.

NACA (Normal auto contingent allegiance)

Controls the rules for handling an auto contingent condition caused by a command. When NACA is 0, the command will return a check condition if a contingent allegiance condition occurs.

Flag (not supported)

Causes an interrupt in the initiator allowing a device to respond with intermediate status. This bit is should be 0.

Link (not supported)

Allows devices that support command linking to continue the I/O process. This bit should be 0.

Supported SCSI Command Status Byte Codes

Good (00h)

Indicates the device successfully completed the command.

Check Condition (02h)

Occurs when an error, unit exception, or abnormal condition generates sense data caused by one of the following conditions:

- Issuing an invalid command or parameter
- Issuing a command to a device that is not ready
- Detecting a hardware error
- Sensing an illegal request

Busy (08h)

Occurs when the target cannot accept a command from an otherwise acceptable initiator. Normally, to recover from a Busy status, the initiator reissues the command.

Reservation Conflict (18h)

Occurs whenever a SCSI initiator attempts to access a logical unit that is reserved by another initiator.

Initialize Element Status (07h)

Initialize Element Status (07h) requests an audit of the library. The library accepts this command for compatibility, but it does not perform any action.

At power-on or after the front door opens/closes, the library performs a full audit and then maintains a cartridge inventory during operation. Use [Read Element Status \(B8h\)](#) to obtain the cartridge inventory.

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Operation Code (07h)							
1	Ignored				Reserved			
2 to 4	Reserved							
5	Control Byte (00h)							

SLK_069

Initialize Element Status with Range (37h)

Initialize Element Status with Range (37h) requests an audit for a range of cells in the library. The library accepts this command for compatibility, but it does not perform any action.

At power-on or after the front door opens/closes, the library performs a full audit and then maintains a cartridge inventory while operating. Use [Read Element Status \(B8h\)](#) to obtain the cartridge inventory.

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Operation Code (37h)							
1	Ignored			Reserved			Fast (Ignored)	Range(Ignored)
2 to 3	Element Address (Ignored)							
4 to 5	Reserved							
6 to 7	Number of Elements (Ignored)							
8	Reserved							
9	Control Byte (00h)							

SLK_070

Inquiry (12h)

Inquiry (12h) requests information about library parameters.

Note: The Inquiry command returns [Check Condition \(02h\)](#) status only when it cannot return the requested data. This command will not clear any pending unit attention conditions.

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Operation Code (12h)							
1	Ignored			Reserved			CmdDt (0)	EVPD (0 or 1)
2	Page Code (00h, 80h, or 83h)							
3 to 4	Allocation Length							
5	Control Byte (00h)							

CmdDt (Command Support Data - not supported)

Set to 0.

EVPD (Enable vital product data)

0 = Requests standard inquiry data

1 = Requests vital support product data

Page Code

If EVPD is 0, set the page code to 00h.

If EVPD is 1, set the page code to:

- 00h = Supported vital product page
- 80h = Unit serial number page
- 83h = Device identification page

Allocation Length

The library transfers either the number of bytes specified by the Allocation Length field or all of the available inquiry data, whichever is less. The page lengths are:

- 38h (56d) bytes for standard inquiry data
- 07h (7d) bytes for the supported vital product page
- 10h (16d) bytes or 16h (22d) bytes for the unit serial number page
- 2Ch (44d) bytes for the device identification page

Standard Inquiry Data Definition

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Peripheral Qualifier			Peripheral Device Type				
1	RMB (1)	Reserved						
2	Version (05h)							
3	Reserved		NACA (0)	HiSup (1)	Response Data Format (2)			
4	Additional Length n-4							
5	SCCS (0)	ACC (0)	TPGS (01b)		3PC (0)	Reserved		Protect (0)
6	BQue (0)	EncServ (0)	VS (0)	MultiP (1)	MChngr (0)	Reserved		
7	Reserved				LINKED (0)	Reserved	CmdQue (0)	SttRe (0)
8 to 15	Vendor Identification							
16 to 31	Product Identification							
32 to 55	Product Revision Level							

Peripheral Qualifier

000b = The specified peripheral device type is currently connected to this logical unit.

001b = The device server can support the specified peripheral device type on this logical unit. However, the physical device is not currently connected to this logical unit. The library returns this value when either:

- The command was sent to an HLI library.
- The command was sent to a partitioned library with at least one SCSI partition and the SCSI host issuing the command does not have a registered World Wide name within any current partition configuration. For more information, see "[Configuring SCSI Access in a Partitioned Library](#)" on page 2-4.

011b = The command was sent to an unsupported logical unit.

Peripheral Device Type

08h = The library is a medium changer device.

1Fh = The command was sent to an unsupported logical unit.

RMB (Removable Medium)

1 = The medium is removable.

Version

05h = The library complies with SCSI-3.

NACA (Normal Auto Contingent Allegiance - not supported)

0 = The library does not support setting NACA to one in the control byte of a CDB.

HiSup (Hierarchical Addressing Support)

1 = The library uses the hierarchical addressing module to identify logical units.

Response Data Format

2 = The data complies with the SCSI-3 specification.

Additional Length

1Fh = 31d bytes of remaining Standard Inquiry Data.

SCCS

0 = The library does not contain an embedded storage array controller component.

ACC (Access Control Coordinator)

0 = The library does not contain an ACC that may be addressed through this logical unit.

TPGS (Target Port Group Support)

1 = The library supports implicit asymmetric logical unit access. The library can change target port asymmetric access states without a Set Target Port Groups (which is an unsupported command). The library supports [Report Target Port Groups \(A3h\)](#).

3PC (Third-Party Commands - not supported)

The library returns 0.

Protect (Information Protection - not supported)

The library returns 0.

BQue (Basic Queuing - not supported)

The library returns 0.

VS (Vendor Specific)

0 = There is no vendor specific information with this command.

MultiP

0 = The library has a single target port.

1 = The library has multiple target ports. There is a multi-port fibre channel card installed in the library

MChngr

0 = The library is not embedded in or attached to a medium transport element.

LINKED (Linked commands - not supported)

The library returns 0.

CmdQue (Command Queuing - not supported)

The library returns 0.

SftRe (Soft Reset - not supported)

The library returns 0.

Vendor Identification

Contains the ASCII character sequence "STK" followed by blanks. If the specified logical unit is not supported, this field contains all blanks.

Product Identification

Contains the ASCII character sequence "SL3000" followed by blanks.

Product Revision Level

Contains an ASCII character sequence that represents the product revision level.

Error Conditions

The library returns Check Condition status for the Inquiry command only when a severe error occurs. To recover from a Check Condition status report on the Inquiry command, verify that the Inquiry CDB is correct and then retry the Inquiry command.

Supported Pages

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Peripheral Qualifier			Peripheral Device Type				
1	Page Code (00h)							
2	Reserved							
3	Additional Page Length (03h)							
4	Supported Pages (00h)							
5	Unit Serial Number Page (80h)							
6	Device Identification Page (83h)							

SLK_073

Peripheral Qualifier

See [Peripheral Qualifier](#).

Peripheral Device Type

See [Peripheral Device Type](#).

Page Code

00h = The vital page

Additional Page Length

03h (3d) bytes

Supported pages

00h = The first vital page is page 0 (current page)

80h = [Unit Serial Number Page](#)

83h = [Device Identification Page](#)

Unit Serial Number Page

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Peripheral Qualifier				Peripheral Device Type			
1	Page Code (80h)							
2	Reserved							
3	Additional Page Length (0Ch)							
4 to n	Unit Serial Number							

L206_412

Peripheral Qualifier

See [Peripheral Qualifier](#).

Peripheral Device Type

See [Peripheral Device Type](#).

Page Code

80h = The unit serial number page.

Additional Page Length

0Ch = 12 bytes of unit serial number data.

Unit Serial Number

Contains a unique ASCII Serial Number for the library. For example:

- 571XX0000121 = 12 byte unit serial number

Where XX indicates the library partition identifier. For nonpartitioned libraries, XX is 00.

Device Identification Page

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Peripheral Qualifier				Peripheral Device Type			
1	Page Code (83h)							
2	Reserved							
3	Additional Page Length (28h)							
Node Name Identifier								
4	Protocol Identifier (0)				Code Set (1)			
5	PIV (1)	Reserved	Association (0)		Identifier Type (3)			
6	Reserved							
7	Identifier Length (08h)							
8 to 15	NAA IEEE Registered Identifier							
Port Name Identifier								
16	Protocol Identifier (0)				Code Set (1)			
17	PIV (1)	Reserved	Association (1)		Identifier Type (3)			
18	Reserved							
19	Identifier Length (08h)							
20 to 27	NAA IEEE Registered Identifier							
Relative Target Port Identifier								
28	Protocol Identifier (0)				Code Set (1)			
29	PIV (1)	Reserved	Association (1)		Identifier Type (4)			
30	Reserved							
31	Identifier Length (04h)							
32 to 35	Relative Target Port							
Target Port Group Identifier								
36	Protocol Identifier (0)				Code Set (1)			
37	PIV (1)	Reserved	Association (1)		Identifier Type (5)			
38	Reserved							
39	Identifier Length (04h)							
40 to 43	Target Port Group							

SUK_075

Peripheral Qualifier

See [Peripheral Qualifier](#).

Peripheral Device Type

See [Peripheral Device Type](#).

Protocol Identifier

0h = Fibre Channel protocol.

Code Set

1 = Binary values

PIV (Protocol Identifier Valid)

1 = The protocol identifier is valid

Association

0 = The identifier field is associated with the addressed logical unit

1 = The identifier field is associated with the port that received the request

Identifier Type

3 = Contains a 64-bit IEEE formatted address

4 = Contains the Relative Target Port Identifier

5 = Contains the Target Port Group Identifier

Identifier Length

04h = 4-bytes long

08h = 8-bytes long

NAA IEEE Registered Identifier

An 8-byte identifier. The first 4 bits are the Name Address Authority — NAA (5h). The next 24 bits are the Oracle company ID (00 10 4Fh). The remaining bits are the vendor-specific identifier. The NAA IEEE Registered Identifier is unique for each library and Fibre Channel port.

Relative Target Port

01h = Port 1

02h = Port 2

03h = Port 3

04h = Port 4

Target Port Group

01h = Target Port Group 1

02h = Target Port Group 2

Log Sense (4Dh)

Log Sense (4Dh) returns library error logs and statistics.

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Operation Code (4Dh)							
1	Ignored			Reserved			PPC (0)	SP (0)
2	PC (0)		Page Code					
3 to 4	Reserved							
5 to 6	Parameter Pointer (00h)							
7 to 8	Allocation Length							
9	Control Byte (00h)							

SLK_076

PPC (Parameter Pointer Control - not supported)

Set this to 0.

SP (Save Parameters - not supported)

Set this to 0.

PC (Page Control)

Set this to 0. The library only supports a PC value of 0 (threshold values).

Page Code

00h = List supported pages

07h = List last *n* error events page

Parameter Pointer

Set this to 0.

Allocation Length

The library transfers either the number of bytes specified by the Allocation Length field or all of the available log sense data, whichever is less. The page lengths are:

- 06h (6d) bytes for supported pages data
- 28h (40d) bytes for the last *n* errors events page

Supported Pages Page

The Supported Pages Page lists all the Log Sense page codes supported by the library.

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Page Code (00h)							
1	Reserved							
2 to 3	Page Length (02h)							
4	Supported Pages Page Code (00h)							
5	Last n Errors Events Page Code (07h)							

SLK_077

Last n Errors Events Page

The Last *n* Errors Event Page does not return specific error information. Instead, the operator should gather the log/error information from SLC.

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Page Code (07h)							
1	Reserved							
2 to 3	Page Length (24h)							
4 to 39	"Refer to SLC for log information"							

L206_413

Mode Select 6-byte (15h) and Mode Select 10-byte (55h)

The Mode Select commands specify operating parameters for the library. The library uses the configuration parameters during power-on or after a logical unit reset. If you set the parameter list length field to 0, then no Mode Select data is required.

Otherwise, you must provide the following mode parameter data in a parameter list:

- A 4-byte or 8-byte [Mode Select Parameter Header](#)
- An 8-byte [Fibre Channel Logical Unit Page](#)
- An 8-byte [Fibre Channel Port Control Page](#)
- A 20-byte [Element Address Assignment Mode Page](#)

The library accepts the Mode Select command for compatibility, but the library does not support changing Mode parameters. The library returns a check condition if a SCSI host issues a Mode Select command and attempts to change a mode page. When the library receives a Mode Select command, the library validates all parameters. If a value is invalid, the library returns an error.

Mode Select 6-Byte Command

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Operation Code (15h)							
1	Ignored			PF (1)	Reserved			SP (0)
2 to 3	Reserved							
4	Parameter List Length							
5	Control Byte (00h)							

SLK_079

Mode Select 10-byte Command

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Operation Code (55h)							
1	Ignored			PF (1)	Reserved			SP (0)
2 to 6	Reserved							
7 to 8	Parameter List Length							
9	Control Byte (00h)							

SLK_084

Command Definitions

PF (Page Format)

Set this to 1 to indicate the page format supports the SCSI-3 specification

SP (not supported)

Set this to 0.

Parameter List Length

00h = Transfers no data. This is not an error.

18h (for 6-byte) or 1Ch (for 10-byte) = Transfers Mode Parameter Header and Element Address Assignment Page

0Ch (for 6-byte) or 10h (for 10-byte) = Transfers the Mode Parameter Header and Fibre Channel Logical Unit Page

0Ch (for 6-byte) or 10h (for 10-byte) = Transfers the Mode Parameter Header and Fibre Channel Port Control Page

Any other value is an error and is not supported.

Mode Select Parameter Header

The header definitions for the library must all be 00h.

Mode Select 6-byte Parameter Header

		Bit							
Byte		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0 to 3		Reserved							

SILK_080

Mode Select 10-byte Parameter Header

		Bit							
Byte		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0 to 7		Reserved							

SILK_085

Fibre Channel Logical Unit Page

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	PS (0)	SPF (0)	Page Code (18h)					
1	Page Length (06h)							
2	Reserved				Protocol Identifier (0h)			
3	Reserved							EPDC (0)
4 to 7	Reserved							

SLK_081

PS (Parameters Savable)

Set this to 0.

SPF (SubPage Format)

Set this to 0 to indicate page_0 format.

Protocol Identifier

0h = Fibre Channel protocol.

EPDC (Enable Precise Delivery Checking - not supported)

Set this to 0.

Fibre Channel Port Control Page

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	PS (0)	SPF (0)	Page Code (19h)					
1	Page Length (06h)							
2	Reserved				Protocol Identifier (0h)			
3	DTFD (0)	PLPB (0)	DDIS (0)	DLM (0)	RHA (0)	ALWI (0)	DTIPE (0)	DTOLI (0)
4 to 5	Reserved							
6	Reserved					RR_TOV Units (100b)		
7	RR_TOV Values (1Eh)							

SL3K_082

PS (Parameters Savable)

Set this to 0.

SPF (SubPage Format)

SubPage Format. Set this to 0 to indicate page_0 format.

Protocol Identifier

0h = FC protocol.

DTFD (Disable Target Fabric Discovery)

Set this to 0.

PLPB (Prevent Loop Port Bypass)

Set this to 0.

DDIS (Disable Discovery)

Set this to 0.

DLM (Disable Loop Master)

Set this to 0.

RHA (Require Hard Address)

Set this to 0.

ALWI (Allow Login without Loop Initialization)

Set this to 0.

DTIPE (Disable Target Initiated Port Enable)

Set this to 0.

DTOLI (Disable Target Originated Loop Initialization)

Set this to 0.

RR_TOV Units (Resource Recovery Timeout Units)

Set this to 100b = 10 second units.

RR_TOV Values (Resource Recovery Timeout Value)

Set this to 1Eh = 300 seconds.

Element Address Assignment Mode Page

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	PS (0)	Reserved	Page Code (1Dh)					
1	Page Length (12h)							
2 to 3	First Medium Transport Element Address							
4 to 5	Number of Medium Transport Elements							
6 to 7	First Storage Element Address							
8 to 9	Number of Storage Elements							
10 to 11	First Import/Export Element Address							
12 to 13	Number of Import/Export Elements							
14 to 15	First Data Transfer Element Address							
16 to 17	Number of Data Transfer Elements							
18 to 19	Reserved							

SLK_083

PS (Parameters Savable)

Set this to 0.

Page Code

1Dh = Element Address Assignment mode page.

Parameter Length

12h = 18d bytes of parameter data following this byte

First Medium Transport Element Address

0000h = The address of the robot in the library.

Number of Medium Transport Elements

The number of the robots in the library. The number must be the same number returned by Mode Sense.

First Storage Element Address

7D0h (2000d) = The address of the first data cartridge cell in the library or partition.

Number of Storage Elements

The number of data cartridge cells in the library or partition. This number depends on the configuration of the library or partition. The number must be the same number returned by Mode Sense. To obtain this value, use Mode Sense of mode page 1Dh.

First Import/Export Element Address

000Ah (10d) = The address of the first CAP in the library or partition.

Number of Import/Export Elements

The number of CAPs in the library or partition. This number depends on the configuration of the library or partition. The number must be the same number returned by Mode Sense. To obtain this value, use Mode Sense of mode page 1Dh.

First Data Transfer Element Address

3E8h (1000d) = The address of the first drive in the library or partition.

Number of Data Transfer Elements

The number of drives in the library. This number depends on the configuration of the library. The number must be the same number returned by Mode Sense. To obtain this value, use Mode Sense of mode page 1Dh.

Mode Sense 6-byte (1Ah) and Mode Sense 10-byte (5Ah)

The Mode Sense commands return information about the library's operating mode parameters. The data can be truncated to the length specified in the allocation length field. The library returns a [Mode Sense Parameter Header](#) followed by one or more of the following mode pages:

- [FC Logical Unit Control Page](#)
- [FC Port Control Page](#)
- [Element Address Assignment Page](#)
- [Transport Geometry Mode Page](#)
- [Device Capabilities Page](#)

Mode Sense 6-byte Command

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Operation Code (1Ah)							
1	Ignored			Reserved	DBD (Ignored)	Reserved		
2	Page Control		Page Code					
3	SubPage Code (00h)							
4	Allocation Length							
5	Control Byte (00h)							

SLK_086

Mode Sense 10-byte Command

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Operation Code (5Ah)							
1	Ignored			LLBA (0)	DBD (Ignored)	Reserved		
2	Page Control		Page Code					
3	SubPage Code (00h)							
4 to 6	Reserved							
7 to 8	Allocation Length							
9	Control Byte (00h)							

SLK_087

Command Definitions

LLBA (10-byte only)

Set this to 0. The library will return 0 for LONGBLA in the parameter data.

DBD (Disable Block Descriptor)

The library ignores this field.

Page Control

0h (00b) = Current Values. The library returns the requested pages with each supported parameter set to its current value.

1h (01b) = Changeable Parameter Values. The library returns the requested pages indicating which parameters the initiator can change (1 indicates a changeable parameters and 0 indicates an unchangeable parameter).

Note: The library does not support any changeable mode values.

2h (10b) = Default Values. The library returns the requested pages with each supported parameter set to its default. The default values are the same as the current values.

3h (11b) = Saved Values. The library does not support any savable pages. If you request Saved Values, the library returns a check condition.

Page Code

18h = Fibre Channel Logical Unit page

19h = Fibre Channel Port Control page

1Dh = Element Address Assignment page

1Eh = Transport Geometry page

1Fh = Device Capabilities page

3Fh = All pages (in the above order)

SubPage Code (not supported)

Set this to 0.

Allocation Length

The length of the parameter list returned by the library. The maximum length for Mode Sense 6-byte is 40h (64d) bytes. The maximum length for Mode Sense 10-byte is 44h (68d) bytes.

The library transfers the number of bytes specified by the Allocation Length or the available Mode Sense data, whichever is less. The length varies based on the Page Code selected:

- 4 bytes (for Mode Sense 6-byte) or 8 bytes (for Mode Sense 10-byte) for the parameter list header which is always present.
- 8 additional bytes for the Fibre Channel Logical Unit Control page
- 8 additional bytes for the Fibre Channel Port Control page
- 20 additional bytes for the Element Address Assignment page
- 4 additional bytes for the Transport Geometry page
- 20 additional bytes for the Device Capabilities page

Mode Sense Parameter Header

Mode Sense 6-byte Parameter Header

		Bit							
Byte		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Mode Data Length								
1 to 2	Reserved								
3	Block Descriptor Length (00h)								

SLK_088

Mode Sense 10-byte Parameter Header

		Bit							
Byte		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0 to 1	Mode Data Length								
2 to 5	Reserved								
6 to 7	Block Descriptor Length (00h)								

SLK_089

Mode Data Length

The bytes of parameter information available regardless of the allocation length. This value excludes the Mode Data Length byte, but includes three additional bytes (for Mode Sense 6-byte) or six additional bytes (for Mode Sense 10-byte) and the length of any mode pages that follow.

Block Descriptor Length (not supported)

The library returns 0.

FC Logical Unit Control Page

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	PS (0)	SPF (0)	Page Code (18h)					
1	Page Length (06h)							
2	Reserved				Protocol Identifier (0h)			
3	Reserved							EPDC (0)
4 to 7	Reserved							

PS (Parameters Saveable)

The library returns 0.

SPF (SubPage Format)

The library returns 0 to indicate page_0 format.

Protocol Identifier

0h = Fibre Channel protocol.

EPDC (Enable Precise Delivery Checking)

The library returns 0.

FC Port Control Page

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	PS (0)	Reserved	Page Code (19h)					
1	Page Length (06h)							
2	Reserved				Protocol Identifier (0h)			
3	DTFD	PLPB (0)	DDIS (0)	DLM (0)	RHA (0)	ALWI (0)	DTIPE (0)	DTOLI (0)
4 to 5	Reserved							
6	Reserved					RR_TOV Units (100b)		
7	RR_TOV Values (1Eh)							

SLK_090

PS (Parameters Savable)

The library returns 0.

Protocol Identifier

0h = FC protocol.

DTFD (Disable Target Fabric Discovery)

0 = Public Loop supported

1 = Private Loop only supported

PLPB (Prevent Loop Port Bypass)

The library returns 0.

DDIS (Disable Discovery)

The library returns 0.

DLM (Disable Loop Master)

The library returns 0.

RHA (Require Hard Address)

The library returns 0.

ALWI (Allow Login without Loop Initialization)

The library returns 0.

DTIPE (Disable Target Initiated Port Enable)

The library returns 0.

DTOLI (Disable Target Originated Loop Initialization)

The library returns 0.

RR_TOV Units (Resource Recovery Timeout Units)

The library always returns 100b = 10 second units.

RR_TOV Values (Resource Recovery Timeout Value)

The library always returns 1Eh = 300 seconds.

Element Address Assignment Page

Byte	Bit								
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
0	PS (0)	Reserved	Page Code (1Dh)						
1	Page Length (12h)								
2 to 3	First Medium Transport Element Address								
4 to 5	Number of Medium Transport Elements								
6 to 7	First Storage Element Address								
8 to 9	Number of Storage Elements								
10 to 11	First Import/Export Element Address								
12 to 13	Number of Import/Export Elements								
14 to 15	First Data Transfer Element Address								
16 to 17	Number of Data Transfer Elements								
18 to 19	Reserved								

SLK_083

PS (Parameters Savable)

The library returns 0.

Page Code

1Dh = The Element Address Assignment mode page.

Parameter Length

12h = 18d bytes of parameter data following this byte

First Medium Transport Element Address

00h = The address of the robot in the library.

Number of Medium Transport Elements

The number of the robots in the library.

First Storage Element Address

7D0h (2000d) = The address of the first data cartridge cell in the library or partition.

Number of Storage Elements

The number of data cartridge cells in the library or partition.

First Import/Export Element Address

000Ah (10d) = The address of the first CAP in the library or partition.

Number of Import/Export Elements

The number of CAP slots in the library or partition.

First Data Transfer Element Address

3E8h (1000d) = The address of the first drive in the library or partition.

Number of Data Transfer Elements

The number of drives in the library.

Transport Geometry Mode Page

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	PS (0)	Reserved	Page Code (1Eh)					
1	Page Length (02h)							
2	Reserved							Rotate (0)
3	Member Number in Transport Element Set (00h)							

SLK_091

PS (Parameters Savable)

The library returns 0.

Page Code

1Eh = the Transport Geometry mode page.

Page Length

The number of additional types of transport geometry descriptor data to follow the header. Each descriptor has two bytes of information.

02h = The library has one transport mechanism.

Rotate

0 = The library does not use multiple-sided media.

Member Number in Transport Element Set

Identifies the transport element in the system.

00h = The library has one transport element.

Device Capabilities Page

- DT — Data Transfer Element (drive)
- I/E — Import/Export Element (CAP cells)
- ST — Storage Element (cartridge storage cell)
- MT — Medium transport (robot hand)

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	PS (0)	Reserved	Page Code (1Fh)					
1	Page Length (12h)							
2	Reserved				StorDT (1)	StorI/E (1)	StorST (1)	StorMT (0)
3	Reserved							
4	Reserved				MT > DT (0)	MT > I/E (0)	MT > ST (0)	MT > MT (0)
5	Reserved				ST > DT (1)	ST > I/E (1)	ST > ST (1)	ST > MT (0)
6	Reserved				I/E > DT (1)	I/E > I/E (1)	I/E > ST (1)	I/E > MT (0)
7	Reserved				DT > DT (1)	DT > I/E (1)	DT > ST (1)	DT > MT (0)
8 to 11	Reserved							
12	Reserved				MT <> DT (0)	MT <> I/E (0)	MT <> ST (0)	MT <> MT (0)
13	Reserved				ST <> DT (0)	ST <> I/E (0)	ST <> ST (0)	ST <> MT (0)
14	Reserved				I/E <> DT (0)	I/E <> I/E (0)	I/E <> ST (0)	I/E <> MT (0)
15	Reserved				DT <> DT (0)	DT <> I/E (0)	DT <> ST (0)	DT <> MT (0)
16 to 19	Reserved							

PS (Parameters Savable)

The library returns 0.

Page Code

1Fh = The Device Capabilities mode page.

Page Length

12h = 18 bytes of device capabilities data to follow.

StorDT

1 = A tape drive can function as element storage.

StorI/E

1 = A CAP cell can function as element storage.

StorST

1 = A cartridge cell can function as element storage.

StorMT

0 = The robot hand cannot function as element storage. You cannot use the robot as the source or destination of a move.

MT > DT, MT > I/E, MT > ST, MT > MT, ST > MT, I/E > MT, DT > MT

0 = The robot hand (MT) cannot be the source or destination of a move.

ST > DT, ST > I/E, ST > ST, I/E > DT, I/E > I/E, I/E > ST, DT > DT, DT > I/E, DT > ST

1 = Tape drives (DT), CAP cells (I/E), and cartridge cells (ST) are valid sources or destinations for a move.

All <> Parameters

0 = The library does not support the exchange medium command.

Move Medium (A5h)

Move Medium (A5h) moves a cartridge tape from one element location to another. [Device Capabilities Page](#) of the Mode Sense command provides a matrix with the valid source and destination element combinations for Move Medium.

The Fast Load option on the library controls the completion of the move command when the destination element is a tape drive. If the fast load option is disabled, the library performs the move motion and waits until the tape drive load operation completes before returning status for the move command. When the fast load option is enabled, the library performs the move motion and verifies the tape drive load starts before returning status for the move command.

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Operation Code (A5h)							
1	Ignored				Reserved			
2 to 3	Transport Element Address							
4 to 5	Source Element Address							
6 to 7	Destination Element Address							
8 to 9	Reserved							
10	Reserved							Invert (0)
11	Move Option			Control Byte (00h)				

Transport Element Address

00h = The default robot hand. All other values will be ignored.

Source Element Address

The element address for the cartridge, which can be a storage cell, a CAP slot, or a tape drive.

Destination Element Address

The element address for the cartridge move, which can be a storage cell, a CAP cell, or a tape drive.

Invert (not supported)

Set this to 0.

Move Option

00b = The library performs a normal move operation

01b = Not supported

10b = The library performs a mount operation with write protection enabled. This is only valid if the destination is a drive. If the drive does not support this feature or fails to acknowledge the write-protected mount option, the mount fails and the library returns the Hardware Error sense key (04) with an ASC of 40 and an ASCQ of 02 (Drive Error).

11b = The drive performs a rewind, unload, and then move operation. This option is valid only when the source element address is a drive.

Caution: The 11b option might interfere with operations on the drive data path.

Persistent Reserve In (5Eh)

Persistent Reserve In (5Eh) returns information about active registrations or an active reservation. You can use Persistent Reserve In to help resolve contention among multiple initiators and multiple-port targets within the system.

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Operation Code (5Eh)							
1	Ignored				Service Action			
2 to 6	Reserved							
7 to 8	Allocation Length							
9	Control Byte (00h)							

SLUK_094

Service Action

- 00h = Returns [Read Keys Data](#)
- 01h = Returns [Read Reservation Data](#)
- 02h = Returns [Report Capabilities Data](#)
- 03h through 1Fh are reserved.

Allocation Length

Indicates the space reserved for the returned parameter list. If the length is not sufficient to contain the entire parameter list, the parameter list will be incomplete. However, a partial list is not an error

Read Keys Data

The Read Keys Data is a list of all the currently registered reservation keys.

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0 to 3	PRGeneration							
4 to 7	Additional Length ($n - 7$)							
Reservation Key List								
8 to 15	First Reservation Key							
More	Additional Reservation Keys							
$n - 7$ to n	Last Reservation Key							

SLK_095

PR Generation

A 32-bit counter that increments each time a Persistent Reserve Out command requests a Register, a Register and Ignore, a Clear, a Preempt, or a Preempt and Abort operation. The counter allows the application client to determine if another application client has changed the configuration.

A Power-On-Reset sets the counter to zero.

Additional Length

The number of bytes in the reservation key list.

Reservation Key List

Contains the eight-byte reservation keys registered with the library through a Persistent Reserve Out command.

Read Reservation Data

The Read Reservation Data is a description of all currently registered reservation keys.

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0 to 3	PRGeneration							
4 to 7	Additional Length ($n - 7$)							
8 to n	Reservation Descriptor							

SLIK_096

PR Generation

A 32-bit counter that increments each time a Persistent Reserve Out command requests a Register, a Register and Ignore, a Clear, a Preempt, or a Preempt and Abort operation. The counter allows the application client to determine if another application client has changed the configuration.

A Power-On-Reset sets the counter to zero.

Additional Length

The number of bytes in the reservation descriptor list.

0 = No reservation held

16 = Active reservation data

Reservation Descriptor

See [Reservation Descriptor](#) below.

Reservation Descriptor

Each persistent reservation for a logical unit has one reservation descriptor that has the format shown below.

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0 to 7	Reservation Key							
8 to 11	Obsolete							
12	Reserved							
13	Scope				Type			
14 to 15	Obsolete							

SLK_097

Reservation Key

The reservation key for the descriptor data that follows.

Scope

Indicates whether a persistent reservation applies to an entire logical unit or to an element. The only valid value is 0h.

0h = The persistent reservation applies to the logical unit

Type

3h = Exclusive access. The initiator holding the persistent reservation has exclusive access. Some commands (such as Move Medium) are only allowed for the persistent reservation holder.

6h = Exclusive Access, Registrants Only. Any currently registered initiator has exclusive access. Some commands (such as Move Medium) are only allowed for registered I_T nexuses.

Report Capabilities Data

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0 to 1	Length (0008h)							
2	Reserved			CRH (0)	SIP_C (0)	ATP_C (0)	Reserved	PTPL_C (0)
3	TVM (0)	Reserved						PTPL_A (0)
Persistent Reservation Mask								
4	WR_EX_AR(0)	EX_AC_RO(1)	WR_EX_RO(0)	Reserved	EX_AC (1)	Reserved	WR_EX (0)	Reserved
5	Reserved							EX_AC_AR(0)
6 to 7	Reserved							

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Length

The length in bytes of the parameter data.

CRH (Compatibility Reservation Handling)

0 = The library processes the Reserve and Release commands as defined in SPC-2.

SIP_C (Specify Initiator Ports Capable)

0 = The library does not support the SPEC_I_PT bit in the [Persistent Reserve Out \(5Fh\)](#) command parameter data.

ATP_C (All Target Ports Capable)

0 = The library does not support the ALL_TG_PT bit in the [Persistent Reserve Out \(5Fh\)](#) command parameter data.

PTPL_C (Persist Through Power Loss Capable)

0 = The library does not support the persist through power loss capability for persistent reservations and the APTPL bit in the [Persistent Reserve Out \(5Fh\)](#) command parameter data.

TMV (Type Mask Valid)

0 = Ignore the persistent reservation type mask.

1 = The persistent reservation type mask field contains a bit map indicating which persistent reservation types the library supports.

PTPL_A (Persist Through Power Loss Activated)

0 = The library does not support the Persist Through Power Loss Activated bit.

WR_EX_AR (Write Exclusive-All Registrants)

0 = The library does not support the Write Exclusive-All Registrants persistent reservation type.

EX_AC_RO (Exclusive Access Registrants Only)

1 = The library supports this persistent reservation type.

WR_EX_RO (Write Exclusive Registrants Only)

0 = The library does not support the Write Exclusive-Registrants Only persistent reservation type.

EX_AC (Exclusive Access)

1 = The library supports this persistent reservation type.

WR_EX (Write Exclusive)

0 = The library does not support the Write Exclusive persistent reservation type.

EX_AC_AR (Exclusive Access All Registrants)

0 = The library does not support the Exclusive Access-All Registrants persistent reservation type.

Persistent Reserve Out (5Fh)

Persistent Reserve Out (5Fh) uses service actions to create, manage, or remove a persistent reservation.

The application client provides a registered reservation key that identifies the initiator. An application client may use the [Persistent Reserve In \(5Eh\)](#) command to obtain the reservation key for the initiator holding a persistent reservation. The client may use the Persistent Reserve Out command to preempt that persistent reservation.

Note: For more information on command processing when the library has a persistent reservation, see "[Reservation Handling](#)" on page 2-2.

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Operation Code (5Fh)							
1	Ignored				Service Action			
2	Scope				Type			
3 to 4	Reserved							
5 to 8	Parameter List Length							
9	Control Byte (00h)							

SLK_125

Service Action

00h = Register — registers or unregisters a reservation key.

01h = Reserve — creates a persistent reservation of the scope and type specified in Byte 2.

02h = Release — removes an active persistent reservation, if the initiator holds the persistent reservation.

03h = Clear — clears all persistent reservations for all initiators and reset all reservation keys to 0.

04h = Preempt — removes all reservations and registrations for the initiators associated with the service action reservation key in the parameter list.

05h = Preempt and Abort — Perform a Preempt action and terminate all commands by initiators associated with the cleared service action reservation key. This also clears any CAP locks and contingent allegiance in effect for these initiators.

06h = Register and Ignore Existing Key — Registers or unregisters a reservation key with the library.

Scope

Indicates whether a persistent reservation applies to an entire logical unit or to an element.

0h = The persistent reservation applies to the logical unit (library or partition). This is the only valid value.

Type

3h = Exclusive access. The initiator holding the persistent reservation has exclusive access. Some commands (such as Move Medium) are only allowed for the persistent reservation holder.

6h = Exclusive Access, Registrants Only. Any currently registered initiator has exclusive access. Some commands (such as Move Medium) are only allowed for registered initiators.

Parameter List Length

Always 18h (24d) bytes. The parameter data for the Persistent Reserve Out command includes all fields, even when a field is not required for the specified service action.

Persistent Reserve Out Parameter List

Byte	Bit								
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
0 to 7	Reservation Key								
8 to 15	Service Action Reservation Key								
16 to 19	Obsolete								
20	Reserved				SPEC_I_PT (0)	ALL_TGT_PT (0)	Reserved (0)	APTPL (0)	
21	Reserved								
22 to 23	Obsolete								

SLK_126

Reservation Key

An 8-byte value that identifies the initiator.

Service Action Reservation Key

If the service action is *Register* or *Register and Ignore Existing Key*, this field must contain the new reservation key.

If the service action is *Preempt* or *Preempt and Abort*, this field must contain the reservation key of the persistent reservation or registration being preempted.

SPEC_I_PT (Specify Initiator Ports - not supported)

Set this to 0.

ALL_TG_PT (All Target Ports - not supported)

Set this to 0.

APTPL (Activate Persist Through Power Loss - not supported)

Set this to 0.

Table 3–1 Persistent Reserve Out Service Actions and Parameters

Persistent Reserve Action	Service Action	Scope	Type	Reservation Key	Service Action (SA) Res. Key	SPEC_I_PT, ALL_TG_PT, and APTPL	Unit Attention Notes
Register a Key	0	Ignored	Ignored	0	SA Key	0	N/A
Register a New Key	0	Ignored	Ignored	Key	SA Key	0	N/A
Unregister a Key	0	Ignored	Ignored	Key	0	0	See 1.
Reserve: Exclusive Access	1	0	3	Key	Ignored	Ignored	N/A
Reserve: Exclusive Access Registrants Only	1	0	6	Key	Ignored	Ignored	N/A
Release: Exclusive Access Reservation	2	0	3	Key	Ignored	Ignored	N/A
Release: Exclusive Access Registrants Only Reservation	2	0	6	Key	Ignored	Ignored	See 2.
Clear: Reservation and All Host Keys	3	Ignored	Ignored	Key	Ignored	Ignored	See 3.
Preempt: No Active Reservation	4	Ignored	0, 3, or 6	Key	SA Key	Ignored	See 4.
Preempt: Active Reservation	4	Ignored	3 or 6	Key	SA Key	Ignored	See 5.
Preempt and Abort: No Active Reservation	5	Ignored	0, 3, or 6	Key	SA Key	Ignored	See 4.

Table 3–1 (Cont.) Persistent Reserve Out Service Actions and Parameters

Persistent Reserve Action	Service Action	Scope	Type	Reservation Key	Service Action (SA) Res. Key	SPEC_I_PT, ALL_TG_PT, and APTPL	Unit Attention Notes
Preempt and Abort: Active Reservation	5	Ignored	3 or 6	Key	SA Key	Ignored	See 5.
Register and Ignore Existing Key	6	Ignored	Ignored	Ignored	SA Key	Ignored	N/A
Unregister and Ignore Existing Key	6	Ignored	Ignored	Ignored	0	0	See 1.

Unit Attention Notes

1. If the initiator unregistering the reservation key also holds a persistent reservation, then the library releases the reservation and removes the registration key. If the initiator had an Exclusive Access Registrants Only reservation, the library sends a Reservations Released Unit Attention (06h/2Ah/04h) to all other registered initiators.
2. When an initiator releases an Exclusive Access Registrants Only reservation, the library sends a Reservations Released Unit Attention (06h/2Ah/04h) to all other registered initiators.
3. When an initiator requests a Clear service action, the library clears the persistent reservation (if present) and unregisters all initiators. The library sends a Reservations Preempted Unit Attention (06h/2Ah/03h) to the other registered initiators.

Note: You should only clear reservations for error recovery.

4. When an initiator requests a Preempt or Preempt and Abort service action and there is no active persistent reservation, the library unregisters all reservation keys matching the service action key. The library sends Registrations Preempted Unit Attention (06h/2Ah/05h) to the affected initiators.
5. When an initiator requests a Preempt or Preempt and Abort service action and there is an active persistent reservation matching the service action key, the library:
 - Modifies the persistent reservation with the requesting initiator's reservation key and type. If the preempting initiator modified the persistent reservation type, the library sends a Reservations Released Unit Attention (06/2Ah/04h) all other initiators that still have a persistent registration.
 - Unregisters all other initiators with a reservation key matching the service action key and sends a Registrations Preempted Unit Attention (06h/2Ah/03h) to the affected initiators.

Position to Element (2Bh)

Position to Element (2Bh) moves the robot to the destination element.

Note: The Position to Element command (2Bh) is supported only for compatibility with existing applications. The library accepts this command for compatibility, but does not perform any action.

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Operation Code (2Bh)							
1	Ignored				Reserved			
2 to 3	Transport Element Address							
4 to 5	Destination Element Address							
6 to 7	Reserved							
8	Reserved							Invert (0)
9	Control Byte (00h)							

SLK_099

Transport Element Address

0000h = The element address of the robot.

Destination Element Address

The element address of the storage cell, CAP cell, or drive. The robot positions the hand at this location.

Invert (not supported)

Set this to 0.

Prevent/Allow Medium Removal (1Eh)

Prevent/Allow Medium Removal (1Eh) locks or unlocks the CAPs. The library maintains Prevent/Allow data for each initiator:

- If any initiator has set a Prevent state, the library locks the CAP and does not allow the CAP to open
- If any initiator sends an Allow Media Command (Prevent bit set to 0), the library clears the Prevent bit for all hosts and allows the operator to open the CAP.

Note: All initiators are set to an Allow state during a library power-on or after a reset.

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Operation Code (1Eh)							
1	Ignored				Reserved			
2 to 3	Reserved							
4	Reserved						Prevent	
5	Control Byte (00h)							

SLK_100

Prevent

0 = Allow — The library unlocks the CAPs, allowing an operator to open the CAP.

1 = Prevent — The library locks the CAPs.

Note: When Prevent = 0, the library disregards device reservations and executes the command.

Read Element Status (B8h)

Read Element Status (B8h) returns the status of elements in the library or partition.

The library returns an eight-byte **Element Status Data Header**, followed by an element page (or four element pages if you set the type code to All Element Types). Each element page consists of an eight-byte **Element Status Page Header**, followed by the element type descriptor. Supported element type descriptors include:

- Medium Transport Element Descriptor (Robot)
- Storage Element Descriptor (Storage Slot)
- Import/Export Element Descriptor (CAP slot)
- Data Transfer Element Descriptor When DvcID = 0 (Tape Drive)
- Data Transfer Element Descriptor When DvcID = 1 (Tape Drive)

Read Element Status Command

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Operation Code (B8h)							
1	Ignored			VolTag	Element Type Code			
2 to 3	Starting Element Address							
4 to 5	Number of Elements							
6	Reserved					CurData	DvcID	
7 to 9	Allocation Length							
10	Reserved							
11	Control Byte (00h)							

SLK_101

VolTag

0 = The library does not report Volume Tag information

1 = The library reports Volume Tag information

Element Type Code

0h = All Element Types

1h = Medium Transport Element (robot hand)

2h = Storage Element (cartridge cells)

3h = Import/Export Element (CAP cells)

4h = Data Transfer Element (drives)

Starting Element Address

Specifies the minimum element address. The library reports elements with an element address greater than or equal to the Starting Element Address.

Number of Elements

The maximum number of element descriptors to transfer. This is not an element address range.

CurData

The library ignores the CurData bit and will use the robots to obtain information if needed.

0 = The library can use the robots to gather data

1 = The library will not perform mechanical operations to obtain the data

DvcID

0 = The library will not return device identification information

1 = The library returns device identification information for data transfer elements.

Allocation Length

The length in bytes of the space allocated by the initiator for the transfer of element descriptors. Only complete element descriptors are transferred. Data can be truncated based on the length specified in the allocation field.

Element Status Data Header

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0 to 1	First Element Address Reported							
2 to 3	Number of Elements Available							
4	Reserved							
5 to 7	Byte Count of Report Available (all pages, $n - 7$)							
8 to n	Element Status Page							

SLK_102

First Element Address Reported

The lowest element address found for the specified Element Type Code that is greater than or equal to the Starting Element Address.

Number of Elements Available

The number of elements found for the specified Element Type Code that are greater than or equal to the Starting Element Address. This number is always less than or equal the Number of Elements specified in the CBD.

Byte Count of Report Available

The number of bytes of element status data available. This count does not include the Element Status Data header bytes. The count is not adjusted to match the allocation length you specified in the Read Element Status command.

Element Status Page Header

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Reserved				Element Type Code			
1	PVolTag	AVolTag (0)	Reserved					
2 to 3	Element Descriptor Length							
4	Reserved							
5 to 7	Byte Count of Report Available (all pages, $n - 7$)							
8 to n	Element Descriptor							

Element Type Code

1h = Medium Transport Element (robot hand)

2h = Storage Element (cartridge cells)

3h = Import/Export Element (CAP cells)

4h = Data Transfer Element (drives)

PVolTag

0 = The library omits Primary Volume Tag information from the element descriptors.

1 = The library includes Primary Volume Tag information in the element descriptors.

AVolTag

0 = The library does not support Alternative Volume Tags.

Element Descriptor Length

The total number of bytes contained in a single element descriptor.

Byte Count of Descriptor Data Available

The number of bytes of element descriptor data available. This count does not include the Element Status Page header bytes. The count is not adjusted to match the allocation length you specified in the Read Element Status command.

Element Descriptors

Medium Transport Element Descriptor (Robot)

Storage Element Descriptor (Storage Slot)

Import/Export Element Descriptor (CAP slot)

Data Transfer Element Descriptor When DvcID = 0 (Tape Drive)

Data Transfer Element Descriptor When DvcID = 1 (Tape Drive)

Element Descriptors

Medium Transport Element Descriptor (Robot)

Byte		Bit							
PVolTag=0	PVolTag=1	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0 to 1	0 to 1	Element Address							
2	2	Reserved				Except	Reserved	Full	
3	3	Reserved							
4	4	Additional Sense Code							
5	5	Additional Sense Code Qualifier							
6 to 8	6 to 8	Reserved							
9	9	SValid	Invert (0)	Reserved		ED	Medium Type		
10 to 11	10 to 11	Source Storage Element Address							
--	12 to 47	Primary Volume Tag Information (omitted if PVolTag = 0)							
12	48	Reserved				Code Set (0)			
13	49	Reserved				Identifier Type (0)			
14	50	Reserved							
15	51	Identifier Length (0)							
16	52	Media Domain							
17	53	Media Type							
18 to 19	54 to 55	Reserved							

SLK_104

Storage Element Descriptor (Storage Slot)

Byte		Bit							
PVolTag=0	PVolTag=1	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0 to 1	0 to 1	Element Address							
2	2	Reserved				Access (1)	Except	Reserved	Full
3	3	Reserved							
4	4	Additional Sense Code							
5	5	Additional Sense Code Qualifier							
6 to 8	6 to 8	Reserved							
9	9	SValid	Invert (0)	Reserved		ED	Medium Type		
10 to 11	10 to 11	Source Storage Element Address							
--	12 to 47	Primary Volume Tag Information (omitted if PVolTag = 0)							
12	48	Reserved				Code Set (0)			
13	49	Reserved				Identifier Type (0)			
14	50	Reserved							
15	51	Identifier Length (0)							
16	52	Media Domain							
17	53	Media Type							
18 to 19	54 to 55	Reserved							

SLK_105

Import/Export Element Descriptor (CAP slot)

Byte		Bit							
PVolTag=0	PVolTag=1	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0 to 1	0 to 1	Element Address							
2	2	OIR	CMC (0)	InEnab (1)	ExEnab(1)	Access	Except	ImpExp	Full
3	3	Reserved							
4	4	Additional Sense Code							
5	5	Additional Sense Code Qualifier							
6 to 8	6 to 8	Reserved							
9	9	SValid	Invert (0)	Reserved		ED	Medium Type		
10 to 11	10 to 11	Source Storage Element Address							
--	12 to 47	Primary Volume Tag Information (omitted if PVolTag = 0)							
12	48	Reserved				Code Set (0)			
13	49	Reserved				Identifier Type (0)			
14	50	Reserved							
15	51	Identifier Length (0)							
16	52	Media Domain							
17	53	Media Type							
18 to 19	54 to 55	Reserved							

SLK_106

Data Transfer Element Descriptor When DvclD = 0 (Tape Drive)

Byte		Bit							
PVolTag=0	PVolTag=1	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0 to 1	0 to 1	Element Address							
2	2	Reserved				Access	Except	Reserved	Full
3	3	Reserved							
4	4	Additional Sense Code							
5	5	Additional Sense Code Qualifier							
6 to 8	6 to 8	Reserved							
9	9	SValid	Invert (0)	Reserved		ED	Medium Type		
10 to 11	10 to 11	Source Storage Element Address							
--	12 to 47	Primary Volume Tag Information (omitted if PVolTag = 0)							
12	48	Reserved				Code Set (0)			
13	49	Reserved				Identifier Type (0)			
14	50	Reserved							
15	51	Identifier Length (0)							
16	52	Media Domain							
17	53	Media Type							
18	54	Transport Domain							
19	55	Transport Type							
20 to 51	56 to 87	Transport Serial Number							

SLK_107

Data Transfer Element Descriptor When DvclD = 1 (Tape Drive)

Byte		Bit							
PVolTag=0	PVolTag=1	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0 to 1	0 to 1	Element Address							
2	2	Reserved				Access	Except	Reserved	Full
3	3	Reserved							
4	4	Additional Sense Code							
5	5	Additional Sense Code Qualifier							
6 to 8	6 to 8	Reserved							
9	9	SValid	Invert (0)	Reserved		ED	Medium Type		
10 to 11	10 to 11	Source Storage Element Address							
--	12 to 47	Primary Volume Tag Information (omitted if PVolTag = 0)							
12	48	Reserved				Code Set (2)			
13	49	Reserved				Identifier Type (0)			
14	50	Reserved							
15	51	Identifier Length (n)							
16 to 16+n-1	52 to 52+n-1	Identifier (Drive ASCII Serial Number)							
32 - n bytes	32 - n bytes	Identifier Pad							
48	84	Media Domain							
49	85	Media Type							
50	86	Transport Domain							
51	87	Transport Type							

SLK_108

Element Descriptor Definitions

Element Address

The address of the element (robot hand, storage slot, CAP slot, or drive).

OIR

0 = No operator intervention required to make the CAP accessible

1 = Operator intervention required to make the CAP accessible

CMC

0 = The import/export element is a CAP. The cartridge will not leave the library when prevented by the [Prevent/Allow Medium Removal \(1Eh\)](#) command.

InEnab

1 = The CAP supports importing cartridges.

ExEnab

1 = The CAP supports exporting cartridges.

Access

0 = The robot cannot access the element. For Import/Export elements, this can occur when the CAP is open or a CAP magazine was removed. For Data transfer elements, this can occur when a cartridge is loaded in a drive.

1 = The robot can access the element

Except

0 = The element is in a normal state

1 = The element is in an abnormal state. The Additional Sense Code (ASC) and the Additional Sense Code Qualifier (ASCQ) fields contain information regarding the abnormal state. Other fields in the descriptor might be invalid and should be ignored.

ImpExp

0 = The robot placed the cartridge in the CAP for an export operation.

1 = An operator placed the cartridge in the CAP for an import operation.

Full

0 = The element does not contain a cartridge

1 = The element contains a cartridge

ASC (Additional Sense Code)

This field is valid only if the Except bit is set. In the case of an exception, it contains an ASC as defined for Request Sense data.

ASCQ (Additional Sense Code Qualifier)

This field is valid only if the Except bit is set. In the case of an exception, it contains an ASCQ as defined for Request Sense data.

Condition	ASC Value	ASCQ Value
CAP Open	3Ah	02h
Drive Hardware Error	40h	02h

SValid

0 = The Source Element Address and Invert fields are not valid.

1 = The Source Element Address and Invert fields are valid.

Invert (not supported)

0 = The library does not support multi-sided media.

ED

0 = The element is enabled.

1 = The element is disabled (for example an open CAP or a drive hardware error).

Medium Type

The type of medium currently present in the element as determined by the medium changer.

0h = Unspecified - the medium changer cannot determine the medium type.

1h = Data Medium

2h = Cleaning Medium

Source Storage Element Address

This field is valid only if the SValid field is 1. This field provides the address of the last storage element this cartridge occupied. The element address value may or may not be the same as this element.

Primary Volume Tag Information

When PVolTag is 1, the library returns volume tag information. When PVolTag is 0, the library omits volume tag information.

The Primary Volume Tag field contains the null-terminated ASCII barcode label on the tape cartridge. If the label on the cartridge tape is not readable or if the element is empty, the Primary Volume Tag field is filled with 36 bytes of zeros. The "Volume Label Format" controls the presentation of the volser in the Primary Volume Tag field. The library supports the following settings:

- Left6: The left six characters of the label. If the label is "DATA01L6", then this will contain "DATA01" and the domain and type fields will contain "L" and "6".
- ALL: The entire cartridge label. If the label is "DATA01L6", then this will contain "DATA01L6" and the domain and type fields will contain "L" and "6".

Code Set

0h = Reserved (not supported) for the Medium Transport Element, Storage Element, Import/Export Element, or Data Transfer Element (DvcID = 0) descriptors.

2h = The identifier contains ASCII graphic codes (code values 20h through 7Eh) for Data Transfer Element (DvcID = 1) descriptor.

Identifier Type

The format and assignment authority for the identifier.

0h = The library returns vendor specific data.

Identifier Length

The combined length of the Identifier and the Identifier Pad.

00h = The library returns 0 bytes of identifier data in the descriptors for Medium Transport Elements, Storage Elements, Import/Export Elements, or Data Transfer Elements (DvcID = 0).

20h = The library returns 32 bytes of identifier data for the Data Transfer Element (DvcID = 1).

Identifier (for Data Transfer Element DvcID = 1 Only)

The ASCII Serial Number for the tape drive associated with this data transfer element.

Identifier Pad (for Data Transfer Element DvcID = 1 Only)

Contains ASCII blanks. The number of blanks depends on the length of the Identifier field. The combined length of the Identifier field and the Identifier Pad is 32 bytes.

Media Domain

00h = The element contains a T9840 cartridge.

43h ('C') = The element contains a cleaning cartridge.

4Ch ('L') = The element contains an LTO cartridge.

54h ('T') = The element contains a T10000 cartridge.

FFh = The media domain cannot be determined or the element is empty.

Media Type

FFh = The media type cannot be determined or the element is empty.

If the Media Domain is 00h:

- R = The element contains a 9840 standard cartridge.
- S = The element contains a future 9840 cartridge.
- T = The element contains a future 9840 cartridge.
- U = The element contains a 9840 cleaning cartridge.
- Y = The element contains a 9840D cleaning cartridge.

If the Media Domain is 43h (C):

- C = The element contains a T10000 Version 2 cleaning cartridge

- L = The element contains a T10000 Universal cleaning cartridge.
- T = The element contains a T10000 Version 1 cleaning cartridge.
- U = The element contains a Universal LTO cleaning cartridge.

If the Media Domain is 4Ch (L):

- 1 = The element contains a 100 GB Generation 1 LTO cartridge.
- 2 = The element contains a 200 GB Generation 2 LTO cartridge.
- 3 = The element contains a 400 GB Generation 3 LTO cartridge.
- 4 = The element contains an 800 GB Generation 4 LTO cartridge.
- 5 = The element contains a 1.5 TB Generation 5 LTO cartridge.
- 6 = The element contains a 2.5 TB Generation 6 LTO cartridge.
- 7 = The element contains a 6 TB Generation 7 LTO cartridge.
- 8 = The element contains a 12 TB Generation 8 LTO cartridge.
- T = The element contains a 400 GB Generation 3 LTO WORM cartridge.
- U = The element contains an 800 GB Generation 4 LTO WORM cartridge.
- V = The element contains a 1.5 TB Generation 5 LTO WORM cartridge.
- W = The element contains a 2.5 TB Generation 6 LTO WORM cartridge.
- X = The element contains a 6 TB Generation 7 LTO WORM cartridge.
- Y = The element contains a 12 TB Generation 8 LTO WORM cartridge.

If the Media Domain is 54h (T):

- 1 = The element contains a T10000 Version 1 cartridge.
- 2 = The element contains a T10000 Version 2 cartridge.
- S = The element contains a T10000 Version 1 Sport cartridge.
- T = The element contains a T10000 Version 2 Sport cartridge.

Transport Domain

00h = The drive supports T9840 cartridges.

4Ch (L) = The drive supports LTO cartridges.

54h (T) = The drive supports T10000 cartridges.

FFh = The element domain cannot be determined.

Transport Type

FFh = The type cannot be determined.

If the Transport Domain is 00h:

- 01h = StorageTek T9840 B drive.
- 02h = StorageTek T9840 A drive.
- 03h = StorageTek T9840 A drive in 3590 emulation mode.
- 07h = StorageTek T9840 B drive in 3590 emulation mode.
- 0Bh = StorageTek T9840 C drive.
- 0Ch = StorageTek T9840 C drive in 3590 emulation mode.

- 12h = StorageTek T9840 D drive.
- 13h = StorageTek T9840 D drive in 3590 emulation mode.
- 14h = StorageTek T9840 D encryption drive.
- 15h = StorageTek T9840 D encryption drive in emulation mode.

If the Transport Domain is 4Ch (L):

- 36h = HP Generation 3 LTO drive
- 37h = IBM Generation 3 LTO drive
- 38h = Quantum Generation 3 LTO drive
- 39h = HP Generation 4 LTO drive
- 3Ah = IBM Generation 4 LTO drive
- 3Bh = HP Generation 5 LTO drive
- 3Ch = IBM Generation 5 LTO drive
- 3Dh = HP Generation 6 LTO drive.
- 3Eh = IBM Generation 6 LTO drive.
- 2Dh = IBM Generation 7 LTO drive.
- 2Eh = IBM Generation 8 LTO drive.

If the Transport Domain is 54h (T):

- 0Dh = StorageTek T10000A drive.
- 0Eh = StorageTek T10000A drive in 3590 emulation mode.
- 18h = StorageTek T10000A Encrypting drive.
- 19h = StorageTek T10000A Encrypting drive in 3590 emulation mode.
- 1Ah = StorageTek T10000B drive.
- 1Bh = StorageTek T10000B drive in 3590 emulation mode.
- 1Ch = StorageTek T10000B Encrypting drive.
- 1Dh = StorageTek T10000B Encrypting drive in 3590 emulation mode.
- 22h = StorageTek T10000C drive.
- 23h = StorageTek T10000C drive in 3590 emulation mode.
- 24h = StorageTek T10000C Encrypting drive.
- 25h = StorageTek T10000C Encrypting drive in 3590 emulation mode.
- 26h = StorageTek T10000D drive.
- 27h = StorageTek T10000D drive in 3590 emulation mode.
- 28h = StorageTek T10000D Encrypting drive.
- 29h = StorageTek T10000D Encrypting drive in 3590 emulation mode.
- 2Ah = StorageTek T10000D Fibre Channel over Ethernet.
- 2Bh = StorageTek T10000D Fibre Channel over Ethernet Encrypting drive.

Transport Serial Number

The 32-byte ASCII serial number for the drive.

For drives with a serial number less than 32 bytes, the library left-justifies the value by returning ASCII blanks for the unused less-significant bytes. If the serial number is not available from a drive that should support an ASCII serial number, the library returns all ASCII blanks.

Release (17h)

Release (17h) releases a unit or element reservation of the library that was set using the [Reserve \(16h\)](#) command. Only the initiator that made the reservation can release the reservation. If another initiator attempts to release a unit reservation, the library returns [Good \(00h\)](#) status, but does not release the reservation. If the library has no active reservations, requesting a release does not cause an error.

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Operation Code (17h)							
1	Ignored			Reserved (0h)				Element
2	Reservation Identification							
3 to 4	Reserved							
5	Control Byte (00h)							

L206_414

Element

0 = Releases the library or any elements that were reserved by the initiator. When this bit is set to 0, there is no need to specify the Reservation Identification field.

1 = Releases the reserved elements associated with the Reservation Identification field that was defined by this initiator.

Reservation Identification

Identifies the specific element reservation to be released. This value was established by the initiator in a previous Reserve command. If an invalid Reservation Identification is specified, the library returns [Check Condition \(02h\)](#) status.

If the Element bit 0, the ignore this field.

Report LUNs (A0h)

Report LUNS (A0h) returns the known LUNs to which the initiator can send commands.

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Operation Code (A0h)							
1	Ignored				Reserved			
2	Select Report							
3 to 5	Reserved							
6 to 9	Allocation Length							
10	Reserved							
11	Control Byte (00h)							

Select Report

00h = The library returns LUN addresses limited to the LUN addressing method, peripheral device addressing method, and the flat space addressing method.

02h = The library returns all LUNs accessible to the initiator.

Allocation Length

The number of bytes allocated for data to be returned from the Report LUNs command.

The Allocation must be at least 16 bytes. If it is less, the library returns a check condition with the sense key set to "illegal request" and the additional sense data set to "invalid field" in the command descriptor block (CDB).

Report LUNs Data

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0 to 3	LUN List Length							
4 to 7	Reserved							
LUN Descriptor								
8	Address Method (00b)			Bus ID (0h)				
9	Single Level LUN Address							
10 to 11	Second Level LUN Address (00h)							
12 to 13	Third Level LUN Address (00h)							
14 to 15	Fourth Level LUN Address (00h)							
$n-7$ to n	Last LUN Descriptor							

SLK_111

LUN List Length

The library returns the length in bytes of the LUN list available for transfer. It is equal to 8 times the number of available logical units for the initiator.

For example: If the allocation length is 16 bytes and 2 logical units are available, this command will return the 8-byte header and 1 logical unit descriptor; however, the LUN list length will still be 16 because 16 bytes were available if the allocation length was sufficient.

Address Method

00b = The library is using single level LUN addressing

Bus ID

0h = There is a logical unit at the current level

Single Level LUN Address

The value of the LUN.

Second, Third, and Fourth Level LUN Address

00h = The library only uses single level addressing.

Report Target Port Groups (A3h)

Report Target Port Groups (A3h) returns the Target Port Group data for all ports.

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Operation Code (A3h)							
1	Ignored				Service Action (0Ah)			
2 to 5	Reserved							
6 to 9	Allocation Length							
10	Reserved							
11	Control Byte (00h)							

SLK_112

Service Action

0Ah

Allocation Length

The length of the parameter list the library returns. The library transfers either the number of bytes specified by the Allocation Length field or all of the available Report Target Port Group data, whichever is less.

The minimum allocation length required to return all data depends on the number of ports and port groups in the library.

- 10h (16d) = library with a one port Fibre Channel card (MPU2) installed.
- 14h (20d) = library with a two port Fibre Channel card (PUA2) installed with both ports in the Active/Optimized state.
- 1Ch (28d) = library with a two port Fibre Channel card (PUA2) installed with one port in the Active/Optimized state and the other port in the Unavailable state.

For more information on port activation, see "[Behavior of Unavailable Fibre Channel Ports](#)" on page 2-4.

Report Target Port Group Data

		Bit							
Byte		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0 to 3	Returned Data Length ($n - 3$)								
Target Port Group Descriptors									
4 to x	First Target Port Group Descriptor								
$x+1$ to n	Last Target Port Group Descriptor								

SLK_113

Returned Data Length

The number of bytes of Report Target Port Group data available. The length depends on the number of ports in the library.

Target Port Group Descriptor Data

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	PREF	Reserved			Asymmetric Access State			
1	T_Sup (0)	Reserved			U_Sup (1)	S_Sup (0)	AN_Sup (0)	AO_Sup (1)
2 to 3	Target Port Group							
4	Reserved							
5	Status Code (02h)							
6	Reserved							
7	Target Port Group Count							
Target Port Descriptors								
8 to 11	First Target Port Descriptor							
$n-3$ to n	Last Target Port Descriptor							

PREF

0 = The target port group is not a preferred target port

1 = The target port group is a preferred target port. All ports in the Active/Optimized group are preferred.

Asymmetric Access State

0h = Active/Optimized — the ports in the group are fully operational.

3h = Unavailable — The library does not have the redundant control paths (multi-port) activation file installed.

T_Sup

0 = The library does not support the transitioning asymmetric access state.

U_Sup

1 = The library supports the unavailable asymmetric access state.

S_Sup

0 = The library does not support the standby asymmetric access state.

AN_Sup

0 = The library does not support the active/non-optimized asymmetric access state.

AO_Sup

1 = The library supports the active/optimized asymmetric access state.

Target Port Group

01h = Target Port Group 1

02h = Target Port Group 2

Status Code

2 = The target port group asymmetric access state is altered by implicit asymmetrical logical unit access behavior.

Target Port Group Count

The number of target ports that are in the target port group and the number of target port descriptors in the target port group descriptor. This can range from 1 to 2.

Target Port Descriptor Data

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0 to 1	Reserved							
2 to 3	Relative Target Port Identifier							

SLK_115

Relative Target Port Identifier

The port number. This can range from 1 to 2.

Request Sense (03h)

Request Sense (03h) returns sense data. The library generates sense data if the previous command terminated with **Check Condition (02h)** status. Multiple errors might occur during the processing of a single SCSI command. The sense key reflects the first error that occurred.

If you issue a Request Sense command to an unsupported LUN, the library does not return a check condition. Instead, the library returns sense data with Sense Key set to Illegal Request (05h), ASC set to LUN Not supported (25h), and ASCQ set to 00h.

If the library is partitioned and you issue a Request Sense command from an initiator that has not been configured with access, the library does not return a check condition. Instead, the library returns sense data for LUN Access not Authorized with the Sense Key set to Not Ready (02h), ASC set to 74h and ASCQ set to 71h.

If no sense data is available, the library returns sense data with the Sense Key set to No Sense (0h), ASC set to Not Additional Sense information (00h), and the ASCQ set to 00h.

The library returns **Check Condition (02h)** status for a Request Sense command only to report errors specific to the command itself — for example, if the library detects a nonzero reserved bit in the CDB. If the library returns a **Check Condition (02h)** status for a Request Sense command, the sense data might be invalid.

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Operation Code (03h)							
1	Ignored			Reserved				Desc (0b)
2 to 3	Reserved							
4	Allocation Length							
5	Control Byte (00h)							

SLK_116

Desc

0 = The library will return fixed format sense data.

Allocation Length

The number of bytes allocated for returned sense data. The library provides a maximum of 14h (20d) bytes of sense data.

Request Sense Data

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Valid (0)	Error Code (70h)						
1	Segment Number (00h)							
2	Reserved				Sense Key			
3 to 6	Information (00h)							
7	Additional Sense Length (0Ch)							
8 to 11	Command Specific Information (00h)							
12	Additional Sense Code							
13	Additional Sense Code Qualifier							
14	Field Replaceable Unit Code (00h)							
15	SKSV	C/D	Reserved (0)		BPV (0)	Bit Pointer (000b)		
16 to 17	Field Pointer							
18 to 19	Reserved							

SLK_117

Valid

0 = The library does not return data in the Information field.

Error Code

70h = The library returns only current errors.

Segment Number

00h = The library does not support segment numbers.

Sense Key

Describes the error, along with ASC and ASCQ. See [Additional Sense Codes and Qualifiers](#).

0h = No Sense, indicating a successful command.

2h = Not Ready

3h = Medium Error

4h = Hardware Error

5h = Illegal Request

6h = Unit Attention

Bh = Aborted Command

Information

00h = The library does not support this field.

Additional Sense Length

0Ch = Indicates there are 12d bytes of additional sense bytes to follow. This value is not truncated to reflect the actual transfer length.

Command Specific Information

00h = The library does not support this field.

Additional Sense Code (ASC)

Describes the error. See [Additional Sense Codes and Qualifiers](#).

Additional Sense Code Qualifier (ASCQ)

Describes the error. See [Additional Sense Codes and Qualifiers](#).

Field Replaceable Unit Code

00h = The library does not support this field.

SKSV (Sense Key Specific Valid)

1 = The C/D and field pointer are valid

0 = Ignore the C/D and field pointer

C/D (Command/Data)

0 = The check condition status resulted from illegal parameter in the parameter list.

1 = The check condition status resulted from illegal parameter in the CDB.

BPV (Bit Pointer Valid)

0 = The library does not support this field.

Bit Pointer

0h = The library does not support this field.

Field Pointer

The number of the byte where the error occurred. When a multiple-byte field is in error, the Field Pointer contains the value of the most significant byte of the field, which is lowest byte number. Byte numbers start at 00.

Additional Sense Codes and Qualifiers

- Not Ready Sense Key (2h) Codes
- Hardware Error Sense Key (4h) Codes
- Illegal Request Sense Key (5h) Codes
- Unit Attention Sense Key (06h) Codes
- Aborted Command Sense Key (0Bh) Codes

Not Ready Sense Key (2h) Codes

The library generates a Not Ready error code if you send a command when the library is in a not ready state.

Description	Sense Key	ASC	ASCQ
Not Ready, Cause Not Reportable	2h	04h	00h
Not Ready, In Process of Becoming Ready	2h	04h	01h
Not Ready, Manual Intervention Required	2h	04h	03h
Not Ready, Logical Unit Not Accessible, Target Port In Unavailable State	2h	04h	0Ch
Not Ready, Maintenance Mode	2h	04h	81h
Not Ready, Cartridge Access Port Open	2h	3Ah	02h
Not Ready, Insufficient Resources	2h	55h	03h
Not Ready, LUN Access Not Authorized	2h	74h	71h

Not Ready, Cause Not Reportable

The library detected a not ready state after execution of the command was started.

Not Ready, In Process of Becoming Ready

The library is initializing and performing an audit. Initialization occurs at:

- Power-on
- After the door opens and closes
- When requested from the operator panel or SLC
- As part of a recovery during certain failures

Not Ready, Manual Intervention Required

The library is in an inoperable state. The operator should check the user interface to determine what action is required.

Not Ready, Logical Unit Not Accessible, Target Port in Unavailable State

The FC port is in an unavailable access state and has not been enabled with a hardware activation file. The port only supports a limited set of commands. See "Behavior of Unavailable Fibre Channel Ports" on page 2-4.

Not Ready, Maintenance Mode

The library was placed in maintenance mode from the operator panel or user interface.

Not Ready, Cartridge Access Port Open

The library detected that the CAP is open and a SCSI command was issued to access the CAP.

Not Ready, Insufficient Resources

The library was not able to complete the command. The host should reissue the command.

Not Ready, LUN Access Not Authorized

The library has the partitioning activation file installed, and the host that issued the command does not have access to a partition. For more information, see "[Configuring SCSI Access in a Partitioned Library](#)" on page 2-4.

Hardware Error Sense Key (4h) Codes

The library generates a Hardware Error if it detects a hardware or firmware error during command execution.

Description	Sense Key	ASC	ASCQ
Hardware Error, General	4h	40h	01h
Hardware Error, Tape Drive	4h	40h	02h
Hardware Error, Cartridge Access Port	4h	40h	03h
Hardware Error, Embedded Software	4h	44h	00h
Hardware Error, Media Load/Eject Failed	4h	53h	00h

Hardware Error, General

The library detected an internal electronics error during a command. This includes the electronics, vision system, and robotics of the library.

Hardware Error, Tape Drive

An operation to the drive failed. The problem could be the tape drive or the interface between the library and tape drive.

Hardware Error, CAP

The CAP failed.

Hardware Error, Embedded Software

The embedded software that controls the SCSI interface detected an unexpected condition. This error is used for arbitrary limitations of the embedded software.

Hardware Error, Media Load/Eject Failed

A cartridge mount or dismount failed to complete.

Illegal Request Sense Key (5h) Codes

Any illegal parameters in the CDB or parameter list for a particular command generates an Illegal Request sense key.

In some cases, additional information is available in Byte 15 of the sense data, which includes the sense-key-specific-value (SKSV) and command/data (C/D) fields. This information indicates the byte in the command descriptor block or the parameter list that is in error. If available, the SKSV bit in the sense data is set to 1.

Description	Sense Key	ASC	ASCQ	SKSV
Parameter Length Error	5h	1Ah	00h	Yes
Invalid Command	5h	20h	00h	Yes
Invalid Element	5h	21h	01h	No
Invalid Field in CDB	5h	24h	00h	Yes
Logical Unit Not Supported	5h	25h	00h	No
Invalid Field in Parameters	5h	26h	00h	Yes
Invalid Release of Persistent Reservation	5h	26h	04h	No
Incompatible Medium	5h	30h	00h	No
Saving Parameters Not Supported	5h	39h	00h	Yes
Medium Not Present, Drive Not Unloaded	5h	3Ah	00h	No
Destination Element Full	5h	3Bh	0Dh	No
Source Element Empty	5h	3Bh	0Eh	No
Magazine Removed	5h	3Bh	12h	No
Insufficient Resources	5h	55h	03h	No

Unit Attention Sense Key (06h) Codes

The library generates a Unit Attention sense key for all initiators if the library needs to inform the host of an asynchronous event.

Description	Sense Key	ASC	ASCQ
Not Ready-to-Ready Transition	06h	28h	00h
CAP Element Accessed	06h	28h	01h
Power On Occurred	06h	29h	01h
LUN Reset	06h	29h	03h
Target Reset	06h	29h	03h
Mode Parameters Changed	06h	2Ah	01h
Reservations Preempted	06h	2Ah	03h
Reservations Released	06h	2Ah	04h
Registrations Preempted	06h	2Ah	05h
Asymmetric Access State Changed	06h	2Ah	06h
Microcode Has Been Changed	06h	3Fh	01h
LUNs Data Has Changed	06h	3Fh	0Eh

Not Ready to Ready Transition

The library transitioned to a Ready state from a Not Ready state. The library sends this unit attention to all initiators.

CAP Element Accessed

The operator opened and closed the CAP. The library sends this unit attention to all initiators. You can issue a Read Element Status command to obtain an updated inventory (see "[Read Element Status \(B8h\)](#)" on page 3-46).

Power On

Occurs after the library powers-on, after an IPL (initial program load) from the operator panel, or after a reset over the interface. The library sends this unit attention to all initiators.

LUN Reset

The library is clear of all I/O processes following the LUN reset. The library sends this unit attention to all initiators.

Target Reset

The library is clear of all I/O processes following the Target reset. The library sends this unit attention to all initiators.

Mode Parameters Changed

The operator added or removed elements from a partition. Send a [Read Element Status \(B8h\)](#) command to obtain an updated inventory. Send a Mode Sense command with Element Address page code to request the current count of each element type.

Persistent Reservations/Registrations Preempted or Released

A different initiator issued a Persistent Reservation Out command that cleared the registration for this initiator or cleared a reservation that affects this initiator.

Asymmetric Access State Changed

The redundant control paths (multi-port) hardware activation files was added or removed from the library. This unit attention alerts the host that the Report Target Ports Group Data has changed.

Microcode Has Been Changed

The library has executed a Write Buffer command to update the functional microcode for the library.

LUNs Data Has Changed

The LUN configuration for the initiator has changed. The library sends this unit attention when the operator adds or removes a LUN connection from a partition for the initiator.

Aborted Command Sense Key (0Bh) Codes

The library generates an Aborted Command error code when a SCSI command is aborted.

Description	Sense Key	ASC	ASCQ
Mechanical Positioning Error	0Bh	15h	01h
Initiator Detected Error	0Bh	48h	00h
Command Phase Error	0Bh	4Ah	00h
Data Phase Error	0Bh	4Bh	00h
Command Overlap	0Bh	4Eh	00h

Request Volume Element Address (B5h)

Request Volume Element Address (B5h) returns the results of a previous Send Volume Tag command.

The returned data consists of an eight-byte **Volume Element Address Header**, followed by to four element pages (one page per element type). Each element page consists of an eight-byte **Element Status Page Header**, followed by the element type descriptor. Supported element type descriptors include:

- Medium Transport Element Descriptor (Robot)
- Storage Element Descriptor (Storage Slot)
- Import/Export Element Descriptor (CAP slot)
- Data Transfer Element Descriptor When DvcID = 0 (Tape Drive)
- Data Transfer Element Descriptor When DvcID = 1 (Tape Drive)

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Operation Code (B5h)							
1	Ignored			VolTag	Reserved			
2 to 3	Starting Element Address							
4 to 5	Number of Elements							
6	Reserved							
7 to 9	Allocation Length							
10	Reserved							
11	Control Byte							

SLIK_118

VolTag

0 = The library will not report Volume Tag information in the Element Descriptor data.

1 = The library will report Volume Tag information in the Element Descriptor data.

Starting Element Address

Specifies the minimum element address. The library reports elements with an element address greater than or equal to the Starting Element Address.

Number of Elements

The maximum number of element descriptors to transfer. This is not an element address range.

Allocation Length

The length in bytes of the space allocated by the initiator for the transfer of element descriptors. Only complete element descriptors are transferred. Data can be truncated based on the length specified in the allocation field.

Volume Element Address Header

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0 to 1	First Element Address Reported							
2 to 3	Number of Elements Available							
4	Reserved				Send Action Code (5h)			
5 to 7	Byte Count of Report Available (all pages, $n - 7$)							
8 to n	Element Status Pages							

SLK_119

First Element Address Reported

The lowest element address found for the specified Element Type Code that is greater than or equal to the Starting Element Address.

Number of Elements Available

The number of elements found for the specified Element Type Codes that is greater than or equal to the Starting Element Address. This number is always less than or equal the Number of Elements.

Send Action Code

5h = The action code from the previous Send Volume Tag command.

Byte Count of Report Available

The number of bytes of element status data available. This count does not include the Element Status Data header bytes. The count is not adjusted to match the allocation length you specified in the Read Element Status command.

Element Status Pages

These pages are in the same format as the [Read Element Status \(B8h\)](#) command pages. See "[Element Status Page Header](#)" on page 3-49 and "[Element Descriptors](#)" on page 3-50.

Reserve (16h)

Reserve (16h) allows the initiator to reserve the entire library or specific elements.

Note: For more information on command processing when the library has a Unit Reservation, see "Reservation Handling" on page 2-2.

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Operation Code (16h)							
1	Ignored			Reserved (0h)				Element
2	Reservation Identification							
3 to 4	Element List Length							
5	Control Byte (00h)							

Element

0 = Reserves the entire library.

1 = Reserves a series of elements as identified by the Reservation Identification field and specified by the Element List Descriptor.

Reservation Identification

A value established by the initiator to identify a specific element reservation. The library supports a maximum of 64 element reservations.

If Element bit is 0, ignore this field.

Element List Length

The length in bytes of the Element List that follows the command. The list may include a maximum of 16 Element List Descriptors, each of which is six bytes long.

Valid values are 0, 6 and increments of 6 up to a maximum of 60h (96d). If set to 0 and the Element bit is 1, no elements are reserved.

If the Element bit is 0, ignore this field.

Element List Descriptor

Describes the elements reserved. The list is required if the [Reserve \(16h\)](#) command has the Element bit set to 1. The list consists of 0 to 16 instances of the Element List Descriptor.

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0 to 1	Reserved (00h)							
2 to 3	Number of Elements							
4 to 5	Element Address							

L206_416

Number of Elements

The number of elements of a specific type (data cartridge slots, CAP slots, or tape drives) to be reserved. If the value of this field is 0, all elements starting at the Element Address through the last element address for that library are reserved.

Element Address

The address of the element or the starting address of a series of elements to be reserved.

Send Diagnostic (1Dh)

Send Diagnostic (1Dh) requests a self-diagnostic test. The library accepts this command for compatibility, but performs no action.

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Operation Code (1Dh)							
1	Ignored			PF (1)	Reserved	SelfTest (1)	DevOfI (0)	UnitOfI (0)
2	Reserved							
3 to 4	Parameter List Length							
5	Control Byte (00h)							

PF

1 = Page format specified by SCSI-3.

SelfTest

1 = The library will run the default self test.

DevOfI (not supported)

Set this to 0.

UnitOfI (not supported)

Set this to 0.

Parameter List Length

0h = For the default self test.

8h = For extended diagnostics (not supported).

SLK_121

Send Volume Tag (B6h)

Send Volume Tag (B6h) requests a VOLSER label template. The library uses the template to search for cartridges. You can send a subsequent [Request Volume Element Address \(B5h\)](#) command to transfer the results of this search.

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Operation Code (B6h)							
1	Ignored			Reserved	Element Type Code			
2 to 3	Starting Element Address							
4	Reserved							
5	Reserved			Send Action Code (5h)				
6 to 7	Reserved							
8 to 9	Parameter List Length							
10	Reserved							
11	Control Byte (00h)							

Element Type Code

0h = All Element Types

1h = Medium Transport Element (robot hand)

2h = Storage Element (cartridge cells)

3h = Import/Export Element (CAP cells)

4h = Data Transfer Element (drive)

Starting Element Address

Specifies the minimum element address. The library reports elements with an element address greater than or equal to the Starting Element Address.

Send Action Code

5h = The library supports the translate and search primary volume tag function.

Parameter List Length

00h = No data. The library does not consider this an error.

28h = A volume identification template

Send Volume Tag Parameter List

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0 to 31	Volume Identification Template							
32 to 33	Reserved							
34 to 35	Minimum Volume Sequence Number							
36 to 37	Reserved							
38 to 39	Maximum Volume Sequence Number							

Volume Identification Template

This ASCII field specifies a volume identification search template. The first 00 hexadecimal terminates the volume identification search template. The remaining characters are set to 0.

Allowed characters are A through Z, digits 0 through 9, and special characters that include the dollar sign (\$), the pound character (#), and the ASCII space character. The wild-card characters "*" and "?" (2Ah and 3Fh) also may be used.

Minimum Volume Sequence Number (not supported)

Ignore this field.

Maximum Volume Sequence Number (not supported)

Ignore this field.

Test Unit Ready (00h)

Test Unit Ready (00h) allows the initiator to determine if the library is powered on and ready to accept additional commands. This is not a request for a library self-test.

The Test Unit Ready command returns a [Good \(00h\)](#) status if the library is ready to accept additional commands or returns a [Check Condition \(02h\)](#) if the library is not ready or if there are pending Unit Attentions.

Byte	Bit							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Operation Code (00h)							
1	Ignored				Reserved			
2 to 4	Reserved							
5	Control Byte (00h)							

SLK_124

