Oracle® Fusion Middleware

Installation Guide for Application Developer 11*g* Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) **E14827-06**

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Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Application Developer, 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0)

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Primary Author: Wortimla RS

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Preface

The Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Application Developer provides information and instructions for installing, configuring, troubleshooting, and removing Application Developer.

Intended Audience

This guide is intended for users who are installing Oracle Fusion Middleware for the first time and are comfortable running some system administration operations, such as creating users and groups, adding users to groups, and installing operating system patches on the computer where your components will be installed. Users on UNIX systems who are installing need root access to run some scripts.

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Related Documents

For additional information, see the following manuals:

- Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Planning Guide
- Oracle Fusion Middleware Administrator's Guide
- Oracle Fusion Middleware Concepts
- Oracle Fusion Middleware High Availability Guide

Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.
italic	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.

Installation Overview

The Oracle Application Developer is an end-to-end application framework that builds on Java EE standards and open-source technologies to simplify and accelerate implementing service-oriented applications. Oracle Application Developer is suitable for enterprise developers who want to create applications that search, display, create, modify, and validate data using Web, wireless, desktop, or Web services interfaces. Used in tandem, Oracle JDeveloper 11g and Oracle Application Developer provide an environment that covers the full development lifecycle from design to deployment, with drag-and-drop data binding, visual UI design, and team development features built in.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Section 1.1, "Installation Roadmap for Oracle Application Developer"
- Section 1.2, "Directory Structure of Oracle Application Developer"

1.1 Installation Roadmap for Oracle Application Developer

The steps for installing Oracle Application Developer are described in Table 1–1.

Table 1–1 Tasks in the Oracle Application Developer Installation Procedure

Task	Description	More Information
Prepare your system environment for installation.	Ensure that your system environment meets the general installation requirements for Oracle Fusion Middleware as well as Oracle Application Developer and RCU.	For hardware and software requirements, database schema requirements, minimum disk space and memory requirements, and required system libraries, packages, or patches, see the Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications document.
		For supported 32-bit and 64-bit operating systems, databases, JDKs, and third-party products, see <i>System Requirements and Supported Platforms for Oracle Fusion Middleware 11gR1</i> on the Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations.
		For cross-product interoperability and compatibility, see <i>Oracle Fusion Middleware Interoperability and Compatibility Guide</i> .
Run RCU to create the necessary schemas.		
Install an Application Server.	Oracle Application Developer requires an Application Server. One of the following must be installed:	If you are installing Oracle WebLogic Server, see the following sections in the <i>Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle</i>
	 Oracle WebLogic Server 	WebLogic Server:
	■ IBM WebSphere	 "Product Distribution" for instructions on how to download the latest version.
	Installing Oracle WebLogic Server creates the Middleware home and WebLogic home directories, which are required for an Oracle Application Developer installation. For more information, see "Middleware Home and WebLogic Home Directories" in Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Planning Guide.	 "Running the Installation Program in Graphical Mode" for installation instructions. If you are installing IBM WebSphere, see Oracle Fusion Middleware Third-Party Application Server Guide for installation information.
	If you are installing IBM WebSphere, you must create the Middleware home directory structure manually. The Middleware home has no dependency on the location of your IBM WebSphere installation.	

Table 1–1 (Cont.) Tasks in the Oracle Application Developer Installation Procedure

Task	Description	More Information	
Install Oracle	Use the installer to install the software.	See "Obtain the Oracle Fusion Middleware Software" in <i>Oracle Fusion Middleware</i> <i>Installation Planning Guide</i> for information on where to obtain the software.	
Application Developer.	This creates the Oracle Common home (oracle_common) directory inside the Middleware home.		
	madeware nome.	See Chapter 2 for installation instructions.	
Configure Oracle Application Developer and create your WebLogic Domain.	Use the Oracle Fusion Middleware Configuration Wizard to create your WebLogic domain and configure your Oracle Application Developer components.	See Chapter 3 for instructions on starting the Configuration Wizard and creating your WebLogic Domain.	
	You will be asked for the location of the Domain home directory, which is where the Administration Server and Managed Servers reside.		
	You will also be asked for the location of the Application home directory, which is where your applications reside.		
	Both of these directories can be located anywhere on your system.		
	After the domain is created, you can extend it later if you want to add more components to the domain.		
	If you are using IBM WebSphere, see the <i>Oracle Fusion Middleware Third-Party Application Server Guide</i> for installation instructions and important information.		
Start the servers.	Start the Administration Server and the Managed Server.	See Section 3.2 for instructions on how to start the Administration Server and Managed Servers.	

1.2 Directory Structure of Oracle Application Developer

Figure 1–1 shows the directory structure of a simple Oracle Application Developer installation on a single host, using all of the default values.

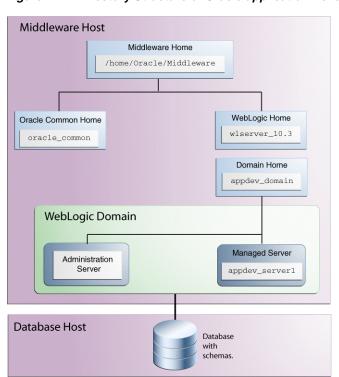


Figure 1–1 Directory Structure of Oracle application Developer

Installing Application Developer

This chapter describes how to install Oracle Application Developer.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Section 2.1, "Preparing to Install"
- Section 2.2, "Installation Instructions"

Note: This chapter is intended for Oracle Application Developer 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.7.0) users. If you have an existing Oracle Application Developer installation, see "Applying the Latest Oracle Fusion Middleware Patch Set" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware Patching Guide*.

2.1 Preparing to Install

Review the information in this section before you begin:

- Reviewing System Requirements and Certification
- Understanding Oracle Fusion Middleware Support of 64-bit JDK
- Installing and Configuring a Supported Database
- Creating Database Schemas
- Installing an Application Server

2.1.1 Reviewing System Requirements and Certification

Before performing any installation, you should read the system requirements and certification documents to ensure that your environment meets the minimum installation requirements for the products you are installing.

"Oracle Fusion Middleware System Requirements and Specifications" at:

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/middleware/ias/downloads/fu sion-requirements-100147.html

This document contains information related to hardware and software requirements, minimum disk space and memory requirements, and required system libraries, packages, or patches.

"Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations" at:

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/middleware/ias/downloads/fu sion-certification-100350.html

This document contains information related to supported installation types, platforms, operating systems, databases, JDKs, and third-party products.

Note:

- For the 32-bit version of the product, the system on which you are installing must be a supported 32-bit system. Installing a 32-bit version of the product on a 64-bit system is not supported.
- For a 64-bit Linux operating system, you should use the 32-bit Java Runtime Environment (JRE) on a client computer for Imaging Advanced Viewer.

2.1.2 Understanding Oracle Fusion Middleware Support of 64-bit JDK

If you are using a 64-bit Java Virtual Machine (JVM) in your environment, ensure that all of your Oracle Fusion Middleware components are using the 64-bit JVM. You cannot mix components using a 32-bit JVM with those using a 64-bit JVM.

For more information, refer to the "System Requirements and Supported Platforms for Oracle Fusion Middleware 11gR1" document, available at the following page:

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/middleware/ias/downloads/fusio n-certification-100350.html

If your Oracle Fusion Middleware components are running on a 64-bit JVM environment, ensure that WebLogic Server is installed with the 64-bit JDK. For 32-bit JVM support, refer to the Oracle Fusion Middleware Release Notes for information on how to configure your environment for 32-bit JVM support for your platform.

2.1.3 Installing and Configuring a Supported Database

For latest information about supported databases, visit the following URL:

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/middleware/ias/downloads/fusio n-certification-100350.html

2.1.4 Creating Database Schemas

Oracle Application Developer includes Oracle WSM Policy Manager and Oracle WSM-PM Extension. These components require that the MDS schema exists in your database prior to installation. You must run Repository Creation Utility (RCU) to create the MDS schema in your database. Follow the instructions in "Creating Schemas" in Oracle Fusion Middleware Repository Creation Utility User's Guide to do so.

2.1.5 Installing an Application Server

Oracle Application Developer requires an application server. The following application servers are supported:

- Oracle WebLogic Server
- IBM WebSphere

See the System Requirements and Supported Platforms for Oracle Fusion Middleware 11gR1 document to determine the exact version required for your installation. This document is located on the "Oracle Fusion Middleware Supported System Configurations" page:

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/middleware/ias/downloads/fusion-certi fication-100350.html

If you are using Oracle WebLogic Server:

- See "Product Distribution" in Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle WebLogic Server for instructions on how to download the latest Oracle WebLogic Server.
- See "Running the Installation Program in Graphical Mode" in Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle WebLogic Server for installation instructions.

If you are using IBM WebSphere, see Oracle Fusion Middleware Third-Party Application Server Guide for installation instructions and important informations.

2.2 Installation Instructions

When you run the installer, Application Developer is installed onto your system. After the product is installed, you must run the Fusion Middleware Configuration Wizard to configure your components.

This section contains the following topics:

- Obtaining the Software
- Starting the Installer
- **Installation Log Files**
- Inventory Screens (UNIX Only)
- Installation Screens and Instructions

2.2.1 Obtaining the Software

To obtain the Application Developer 11.1.1.7.0 software, see the *Oracle Fusion* Middleware Download, Installation, and Configuration ReadMe at:

http://download.oracle.com/docs/cd/E23104_01/download_readme.htm

Select one of the download locations and download "Application Development Runtime." This is saved to your system as a . zip archive file.

After you download the archive file, unpack the archive file into a directory of your choice on the system where you will be performing the installation.

2.2.2 Starting the Installer

To start the installer, go to the directory where you unpacked the archive file and switch to the Disk1 directory.

On UNIX:

cd unpacked_archive_directory/Disk1 ./runInstaller -jreLoc JRE_LOCATION

On Windows:

cd unpacked_archive_directory\Disk1 setup.exe -jreLoc JRE_LOCATION

The installer requires the full path to the location of a Java Runtime Environment (JRE) on your system. When you installed Oracle WebLogic Server, a JRE was installed on your system in the jdk160_29 directory inside the Middleware home. You can use this location as the JRE_LOCATION to start the installer.

On 64-bit platforms, the JRE location is the JAVA_HOME you used to install Oracle WebLogic Server.

If you do not specify the JRE location with the -jreLoc option, you are prompted to provide the location of your JRE before the installer starts. For example, on a UNIX operating system:

```
[> ./runInstaller
Starting Oracle Universal Installer...
Checking if CPU speed is above 300 MHz. Actual 2999 MHz Passed
Checking Temp space: must be greater than 150 MB. Actual 66070 MB Passed
Checking swap space: must be greater than 512 MB. Actual 4047 MB Passed
Checking monitor: must be configured to display at least 256 colors. Actual 256
Passed
Preparing to launch Oracle Universal Installer from /tmp/OraInstall2010-02-23_
10-57-58AM. Please wait ...
Please specify JRE/JDK location ( Ex. /home/jre ), <location>/bin/java should
exist:
```

Specify the full path to the JRE on your system before you continue.

Note: If you are installing Oracle Application Developer on a 64-bit UNIX or Windows operating system with a 32-bit JDK, you must specify the JRE_LOCATION using the -jreLoc option from the command line. The option to provide your JRE_LOCATION at the prompt is not supported in such cases, and the installer will not start.

2.2.3 Installation Log Files

The installer writes logs files to the Oracle Inventory Location/log directory on UNIX, and Oracle_Inventory_Location\logs directory on Windows. See Section D.2.1 for more information about the log files and their contents.

2.2.4 Inventory Screens (UNIX Only)

If you are installing on a UNIX system, and if this is the first time any Oracle product is being installed on your system with the Oracle Universal Installer, you are asked to provide the location of an inventory directory. This is where the installer sets up sub-directories and maintain inventory data for each Oracle product that is installed on this system.

Follow the instructions in Table 2–1 to configure the inventory directory information. For more help, click on the screen name in the table below, or click the **Help** button in the GUI.

Table 2–1 Inventory Directory and Group Screens

No.	Screen	Description
1	Specify Inventory Directory (UNIX Only)	The Specify Inventory Directory screen appears every time the installer starts on a UNIX system.
		Specify the Oracle inventory directory and group permissions for that directory. The group must have write permissions to the Oracle inventory directory.
		Click OK.
2	Inventory Location Confirmation (UNIX Only)	The Inventory Location Confirmation screen appears after you specify the Oracle inventory directory.
		Run the create CentralInventory.sh script as root.
		Click Ok .

2.2.5 Installation Screens and Instructions

Follow the instructions in Table 2–2 to install the Application Developer software.

If you need additional help with any of the installation screens, refer to Appendix A or click **Help** to access the online help.

Table 2–2 Installation Flow for Application Developer Installation

No.	Screen	Description	Action Required
1	Welcome	Each time the installer starts, the Welcome screen displays.	Click Next.
2	Install Software Updates	The Install Software Updates screen enables you to search for and download updates available.	Select the method, you want to use, to receive software updates. Click Next .
		 The Skip Software Updates option allows you to skip this screen options in the installation process. 	CHCK INEXL.
		The Search My Oracle for Updates option is for users who have a My Oracle Support account. If you have a My Oracle Support account, specify your account name and password to have the installer automatically download applicable software updates from My Oracle Support.	
		 Use Search Local Directory for Updates option if you have Software updates available locally, to specify the location. 	
3	Prerequisite Checks	The Prerequisite Checks screen verifies whether you have all the required system certificates, service pack, and memory.	If there is any error, fix the problem and click Retry , or ignore the error and click
		An error and warning message appears if there is any problem.	Continue. Click Next.

Table 2–2 (Cont.) Installation Flow for Application Developer Installation

No.	Screen	Description	Action Required
4	Specify Installation Location	The Specify Installation Location screen enables you to specify the location of the Oracle Weblogic Server Home, or IBM WebSphere Home, where the Middleware home is created. The Oracle Common home (oracle_common) is automatically created inside the	Specify the Middleware home location. If you are using Oracle WebLogic Server as the application server, use the existing Middleware home that was created when you installed Oracle WebLogic Server.
		Middleware home.	If you are using IBM WebSphere as the application server, specify a directory that you want to use as the Middleware home. This directory has no relation to the location of your WebSphere installation. If you specify a directory location that does not already exist, the installer creates the directory for you.
			Click Next.
5	Application Server	The Application Server screen enables you to select the application server you want to	Select the server installed in your system.
		use for the installation.	Click Next.
		If Oracle WebLogic Server is already installed in the Middleware Home, the WebSphere option is disabled. If Oracle WebLogic Server is not present in Middleware Home, then WebLogic Server is disabled and WebSphere is the only option.	
6	Installation Summary	The Installation Summary screen lists the components and products that will be installed in the system.	Verify the installation about to be performed.
			Click Install.
7	Installation Progress	This screen shows the progress of the installation.	When the process is 100% complete, click Next .
8	Installation Complete	The Installation Complete screen appears when the installation is complete.	Click Finish to dismiss the screen.

After the installation is complete, you are ready to run the Configuration Wizard to configure your domain for Oracle Application Developer products. Go to Chapter 3 for instructions.

Configuring Application Developer

This chapter describes how to configure Application Developer and create or extend a WebLogic Domain after the software has already been installed or patched to the latest version.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Section 3.1, "Configuration Instructions"
- Section 3.2, "Starting the Administration Server"
- Section 3.3, "Verifying the Installation"

3.1 Configuration Instructions

After the installation is complete, you can configure the components using the Fusion Middleware Configuration Wizard. The instructions in this section describe the confiuration procedure.

This section contains the following topics:

- Starting the Configuration Wizard
- Configuration Log Files
- Creating a New Domain
- **Extending an Existing Domain**

3.1.1 Starting the Configuration Wizard

The Configuration Wizard is located in the common/bin directory inside the Oracle WebLogic home. To start the Configuration Wizard:

On UNIX:

```
cd MW_HOME/wlserver_10.3/common/bin
./config.sh
```

On Windows:

```
cd MW_HOME\wlserver_10.3\common\bin
config.cmd
```

If this is a new installation and you need to create a new WebLogic domain, follow the instructions in Section 3.1.3. You can also run the Configuration Wizard to extend an existing WebLogic domain, as described in Section 3.1.4.

If you are using a 32-bit operating system, Oracle JRockit SDK is installed as part of the Oracle WebLogic installation. This is the JDK that the Configuration Wizard uses by default. If you want to invoke the Configuration Wizard with the Sun JDK, do the following beofre starting the Configuration Wizard:

- 1. Set the JAVA HOME environment variable to the location of the Sun JDK. For example, you can set it to the Sun JDK that was installed with Oracle WebLogic Server in the MW_HOME/jdk160_29 directory on UNIX, and MW_HOME\jdk160_29 directory on Windows.
- Set the JAVA_VENDOR environment variable to Sun.

3.1.2 Configuration Log Files

To create a log file for your configuration session, use the -log=log_filename parameter when you start the Configuration Wizard.

On UNIX:

./config.sh -log=log_filename

On Windows:

config.cmd -log=log_filename

Log files of your configuration session are created in the MW_HOME/oracle_ $\verb|common/common/bin| directory on UNIX, and \verb| MW_HOME | \verb|common| common| bin| \\$ directory on Windows. For more information about the Configuration Wizard log files, see Section D.2.2.

3.1.3 Creating a New Domain

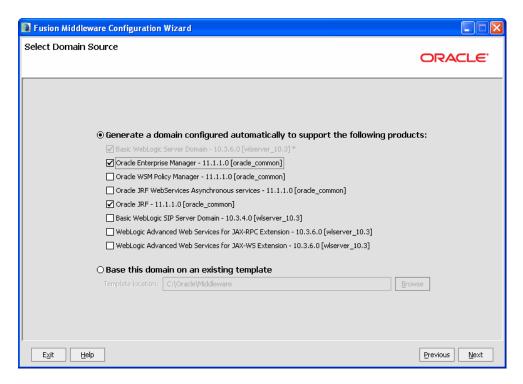
Follow the instructions in "Creating a WebLogic Domain" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Creating Domains Using the Configuration Wizard guide to create a new WebLogic domain for your Oracle Application Developer components.

This section contains the following topics:

- Configuring Oracle Enterprise Manager
- Configuring Oracle Web Services Manager (OWSM) Policy Manager
- Applying Java Required Files (JRF)
- **Using Custom Port Numbers**

3.1.3.1 Configuring Oracle Enterprise Manager

If you want to configure Oracle Enterprise Manager in your domain, you must select "Oracle Enterprise Manager - 11.1.1.0 (oracle_common)" on the Select Domain Source screen, as shown below:

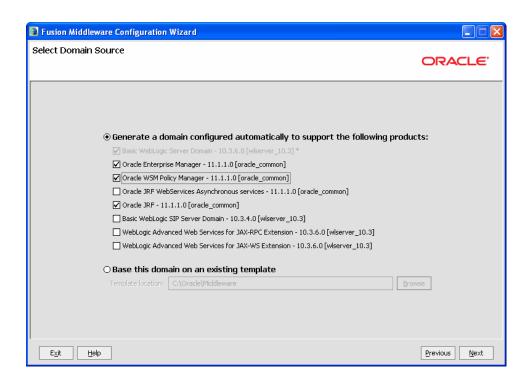


Note that "Oracle JRF - 11.1.1.0 (oracle_common)" is automatically selected as a dependency.

3.1.3.2 Configuring Oracle Web Services Manager (OWSM) Policy Manager

You can create a domain with Oracle Web Services Manager (OWSM) Policy Manager to secure JAX-WS clients and web services deployed in your environment. On the Select Domain Source screen in the Configuration Wizard, select the following options, as shown in the figure below:

- "Oracle WSM Policy Manager 11.1.1.0 (oracle_common)"
- "Oracle Enterprise Manager 11.1.1.0 (oracle_common)"
- "Oracle JRF 11.1.1.0 (oracle_common)"



3.1.3.3 Applying Java Required Files (JRF)

Java Required Files (JRF) consists of those components that are not included in the Oracle WebLogic Server installation. It provides common functionality for Oracle business applications and application frameworks.

JRF consists of a number of independently developed libraries and applications that are deployed into a common location. The components that are considered part of Java Required Files include:

- Oracle Application Development Framework
- Oracle Fusion Middleware Audit Framework
- Dynamic Monitoring Service
- Infrastructure Security
- Java Object Cache
- **Oracle Platform Security Services**
- Logging
- **MDS**
- Oracle Web Services
- Oracle Web Services Manager.

You must apply JRF to a Managed Server or cluster in certain circumstances. You can apply JRF only to Managed Servers that are in a domain in which JRF was configured. Which means, you must have selected Oracle JRF in the Configuration Wizard when you created or extended the domain.

For more information, see "Applying Java Required Files to a Managed Server or Cluster" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Administrator's Guide.

3.1.3.4 Using Custom Port Numbers

By default, the servers that are created in each domain use the same set of port numbers (for example, the Administration Server uses port 7001). If you want to use custom port numbers, you can change the port number when you run the Configuration Wizard:

- The Administration Server port number can be changed on the Configure Administration Server Screen.
- The port number for all managed servers in your domain can be changed on the Configure Managed Servers Screen.

Fore more information about port numbers, refer to "Port Numbers" in Oracle Fusion Middleware Administrator's Guide.

3.1.4 Extending an Existing Domain

While creating your WebLogic domain, if you chose not to configure all of the components on the Select Domain Source Screen, then you can add these components at a later date by extending your domain. If this is a first time installation or you do not want to add more components, then you can skip this section and move to the next section.

Note: Before proceeding, make sure that schemas exist in your database for the components you are configuring when you extend the domain. For example, if you are planning to extend the domain and configure Oracle WSM Policy Manager, then make sure the required schema for this component (MDS) exist in your Oracle database before you continue.

Follow the instructions in "Extending a WebLogic Domain" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Creating Domains Using the Configuration Wizard guide to extend an existing domain.

3.2 Starting the Administration Server

To get your deployments up and running, you must start the Administration Server by running the startWebLogic.sh script on UNIX operating systems, and startWebLogic.cmd script on Windows in the directory where you created your new domain.

On UNIX:

DOMAIN_HOME/startWebLogic.sh

On Windows:

DOMAIN_HOME\startWebLogic.cmd

Specify the domain name and location on the Specify Domain Name and Location Screen in the Configuration Wizard.

3.3 Verifying the Installation

To verify the installation, start your browser and enter the following URLs:

To access the Administration Server console:

http://administration_server_host:administration_server_port/console

If you have configured your Administration Server to accept SSL connection, then use the following URL to access the Administration Server console in secure mode:

https://administration_server_host:secure_administration_server_port/console

To access the Enterprise Manager:

http://administration_server_host:administration_server_port/em

Deinstalling Application Developer

This chapter describes how to remove Application Developer and related products from your system.

You should always use the instructions provided in this chapter for removing the software. If you try to remove the software manually, you may experience problems when you try to reinstall the software again at a later time. Following the procedures in this chapter will ensure that the software is properly removed. See Section 4.2, "Reinstallation" for more information.

The chapter includes the following sections:

- Section 4.1, "Deinstallation Instructions"
- Section 4.2, "Reinstallation"

4.1 Deinstallation Instructions

The deinstaller attempts to remove the Oracle Home from which it was started; for Application Developer, this directory is the oracle_common directory. This procedure does not remove any WebLogic domains that you have created; it only removes the software in oracle_common.

Before you choose to remove this directory, ensure that it is not in use by an existing domain, and also ensure that you stop all running processes that uses the oracle_ common directory. After you remove the software, you will no longer be able to use your WebLogic domain.

Deinstalling Application Developer properly involves the following tasks:

- Stopping Oracle Fusion Middleware
- Removing the Application Developer Schemas
- Removing Application Developer
- Manually Removing the Oracle Home Directory
- Removing Oracle WebLogic Server
- Removing Oracle JDeveloper
- Removing Program Groups (Windows Only)
- Rebooting Your System (Windows Only)

4.1.1 Stopping Oracle Fusion Middleware

Before deinstalling Oracle Fusion Middleware software components, you should stop all servers and processes.

See "Starting and Stopping Oracle Fusion Middleware" in the *Oracle Fusion Middleware* Administrator's Guide for instructions.

4.1.2 Removing the Application Developer Schemas

Run the Repository Creation Utility (RCU) to drop the Application Developer schemas from your database. See "Dropping Schemas" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Repository Creation Utility User's Guide for instructions.

4.1.3 Removing Application Developer

The deinstaller attempts to remove the oracle_common directory. Before you choose to remove this directory, ensure that it is not in use by an existing domain, and also ensure that you stop all running processes that use oracle_common.

This procedure does not remove any WebLogic domains that you have created - it only removes the software in the oracle_common directory.

4.1.3.1 Starting the Deinstaller

To start the deinstaller, do the following:

On UNIX:

- 1. Go to the MW_HOME/oracle_common/oui/bin directory
- Run the following command:

```
./runInstaller.sh -deinstall -jreLoc JRE_LOCATION
```

(on UNIX operating systems) or MW_HOME\oracle_common\oui\bin (on Windows operating systems) directory and start the deinstaller.

On Windows:

- 1. Go to the MW_HOME\oracle_common\oui\bin directory
- **2.** Run the following command:

```
setup.exe -deinstall -jreLoc JRE_LOCATION
```

Note: Specify the absolute path to your *JRE_LOCATION*; relative paths are not supported.

4.1.3.2 Deinstallation Screens and Instructions

Follow the instructions in Table 4–1 to deinstall Application Developer.

If you need additional help with any of the deinstallation screens, see Appendix B or click **Help** to access the online help.

Table 4–1 Deinstallation Flow

No.	Screen	Description	Action Required
1	Welcome	Each time the deinstaller starts, the Welcome screen is displayed.	Click Next .

Table 4–1 (Cont.) Deinstallation Flow

No.	Screen	Description	Action Required
2	Deinstall Oracle Home		Verify the Oracle home you are about to deinstall.
			Click Deinstall .
			On the Warning screen, select whether or not you want the deinstaller to remove the Oracle home directory in addition to removing the software.
			Click Yes to have the deinstaller remove the software and Oracle home, No to remove only the software, or Cancel to return to the previous screen.
			If you select No , go to Section 4.1.4 for instructions on how to manually remove your Oracle home directory.
3	Deinstallation Progress	The Deinstallation Progress screen shows the progress and status of the deinstallation.	Wait until the Deinstallation Complete screen appears.
4	Deinstallation Complete	The Deinstallation Complete screen appears when the deinstallation is complete.	Click Finish to dismiss the screen.

4.1.4 Manually Removing the Oracle Home Directory

If you have selected No on the warning screen during deinstallation, you must manually remove your oracle_common directory and any sub-directories. For example: if your Oracle Common home directory was /home/Oracle/Middleware/oracle_ common on UNIX:

- > cd /home/Oracle/Middleware
- > rm -rf oracle_common

On Windows, if your Oracle Common home directory was

C:\Oracle\Middleware\oracle_common, then use a file manager window, go to the C:\Oracle\Middleware directory, right-click on the oracle_common folder, and then select Delete.

4.1.5 Removing Oracle WebLogic Server

See "Uninstalling the Software" in Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle WebLogic Server for instructions on how to remove Oracle WebLogic Server.

After you uninstall WebLogic Server, you must manually remove the Middleware home directory. For example, if your Middleware home directory was /home/Oracle/Middleware on UNIX:

- > cd /home/Oracle
- > rm -rf Middleware

On Windows, if your Middleware home directory was C:\Oracle\Middleware, use a file manager window, go to the C:\Oracle directory, right-click on the Middleware folder, and then select Delete.

4.1.6 Removing Oracle JDeveloper

If you have installed Oracle JDeveloper on your system, see Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Guide for Oracle [Developer for instructions on how to remove this software from your system.

4.1.7 Removing Program Groups (Windows Only)

On Windows systems, you must also manually remove the program groups from the Start Menu\Programs folder. For example (the folder names and program group names on your system may be different), you might remove the following from C:\Documents and Settings\All Users\Start Menu\Programs:

- Oracle Fusion Middleware 11.1.1.7.0
- Oracle WebLogic

4.1.8 Rebooting Your System (Windows Only)

On Windows operating systems, you should reboot your computer after you finish removing all programs to ensure proper clean-up.

4.2 Reinstallation

The installer does not allow reinstallation of Application Developer in a directory that already contains an Oracle product. To reinstall Application Developer in the same directory as before, follow the instructions in this chapter to deinstall the software, then follow the instructions in Chapter 2 to reinstall the software.

Application Developer Installation Screens

This appendix contains screenshots and descriptions for all of the Application Developer installation screens:

- Specify Inventory Directory (UNIX Only)
- Inventory Location Confirmation (UNIX Only)
- Welcome
- Install Software Updates
- Prerequisite Checks
- **Specify Installation Location**
- **Application Server**
- **Installation Summary**
- **Installation Progress**
- **Installation Complete**

A.1 Specify Inventory Directory (UNIX Only)



This screen appears for UNIX systems only; if this is your first Oracle installation on this host, you must specify the location of the inventory directory. This inventory directory is used by the installer to keep track of all Oracle products installed on the computer.

The default inventory location is USER_HOME/oraInventory.

In the **Operating System Group name** field, select the group whose members you want to grant access to the inventory directory; all members of this group will be able to install products on this system.

A.2 Inventory Location Confirmation (UNIX Only)



This screen appears for UNIX systems only; you are asked to run the inventory_ directory/createCentralInventory.sh script as root.

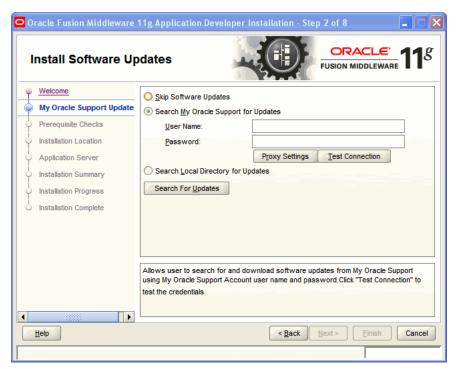
If you do not have root access on this system but want to continue with the installation, select **Continue installation with local inventory**.

A.3 Welcome



The Welcome screen is displayed each time you start the installer.

A.4 Install Software Updates



Select the method you want to use for installing software updates.

Skip Software Updates

You can choose to skip this option for now.

Search My Oracle Support for Updates.

If you have a My Oracle Support account, you can specify your account name and password to have the installer automatically download applicable software updates from My Oracle Support. After entering your credentials, you can test the connection by clicking Test Connection. Click Proxy Settings if you need to configure a proxy server in order to have the installer access My Oracle Support.

Configure your proxy server with the following screen:

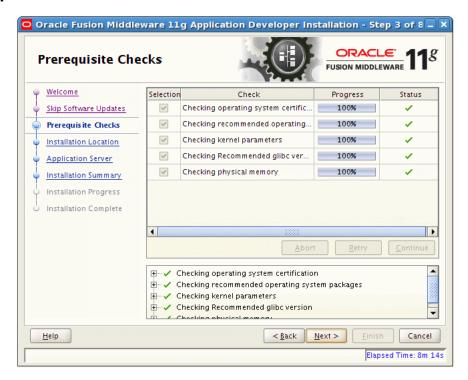


Search Local Directory for Updates.

If you have software updates available locally, you can specify the location by using this option. When you select Search Local Directory for Updates an additional "Location" field will appear, as shown below:



A.5 Prerequisite Checks



If there is a problem, a short error message appears in the bottom portion of the screen. Fix the error and click **Retry** to try again.

If you want to ignore the error and warning messages and continue with the installation, click Continue.

Click **Abort** to stop prerequisite checking for all components.

A.6 Specify Installation Location



Specify the directories where you want to install your software:

If you are using Oracle WebLogic Server as your application server:

In the Oracle Middleware Home field, specify the absolute path to your existing Oracle Middleware home directory; this is the directory that was created when you installed Oracle WebLogic Server. If you do not know the full path to your Middleware home, you can click **Browse** to select an existing directory in your system.

If you are using IBM WebSphere as your application server:

In the Oracle Middleware Home field, specify the absolute path to the directory you want to use as the Middleware home. This directory has no relation to the location of your WebSphere installation. If you specify a directory location that does not already exist, the installer will create the directory for you.

With Application Developer, you are installing the products that are required for the Oracle Common home directory. In the Oracle Home Directory field, notice that the directory oracle_common is already populated and can not be changed. This directory will be created inside the location you specify for your Middleware home.

If you are performing an installation on a Windows operating system, be sure that your directory paths are valid and do not contain double backslashes (\\).

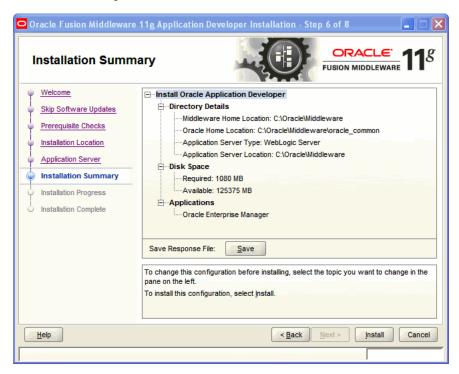
A.7 Application Server



Select the application server you want to use for this installation.

- If the installer detects a Middleware home with Oracle WebLogic Server installed, then this is the application server that will be used. All other fields in this screen will be inactive.
- If the installer detects a Middleware home without an Oracle WebLogic Server installed, you must select one of the application server options and then provide its location in the Application Server Location field.
- If the installer does not detect a Middleware home directory, the "WebLogic Server" option will be inactive. You must select "WebSphere" and then provide the location of your IBM WebSphere in the Application Server Location field.

A.8 Installation Summary

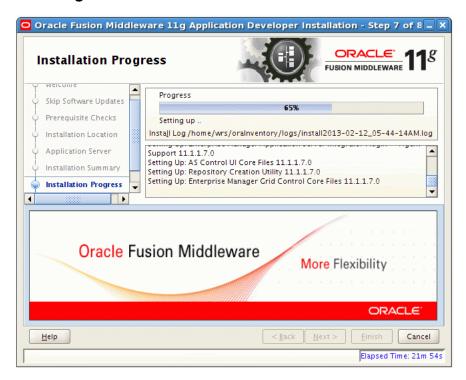


Review the information on this screen, and click Install to begin the installation. The operations summarized on this page will be performed when you click **Install**.

If you want to make any changes to the configuration before starting the installation, use the navigation pane and select the topic you want to edit.

If you want to save this configuration to a text file, click Save. This file can be used later if you choose to perform the same installation from the command line. See Appendix C for more information.

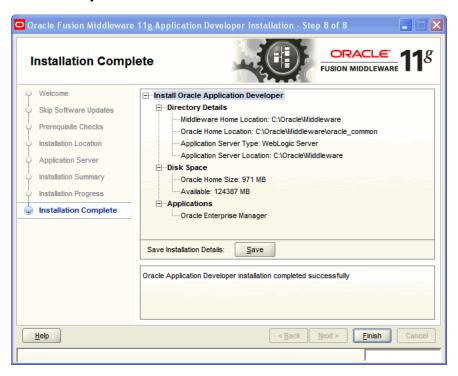
A.9 Installation Progress



This screen shows you the progress of the installation.

If you want to quit before the installation is completed, click Cancel. Doing so results in a partial installation; the portion of the software that was installed on your system before you click Cancel remains on your system, and you have to remove it manually.

A.10 Installation Complete



This screen summarizes the installation that was just completed.

If you want to save this summary information to a text file for future reference, click Save.

Click Finish to dismiss the screen.

Application Developer Deinstallation Screens

This appendix contains screenshots and descriptions for all of the Application Developer deinstallation screens:

- Welcome
- Deinstall Oracle Home
- **Deinstallation Progress**
- **Deinstallation Complete**

B.1 Welcome



The Welcome screen is displayed each time you start the deinstaller. Click Next.

B.2 Deinstall Oracle Home

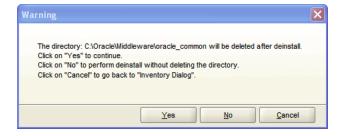


This screen shows the Oracle home directory that is about to be deinstalled. This is the Oracle home directory from which the deinstaller was started.

Note: Before you choose to remove this Oracle home, make sure that it is not in use by an existing domain.

Verify that this is the correct directory, then click **Deinstall**.

The following warning screen appears:



Click Yes to remove the software and the Oracle home directory from which the deinstaller was started.

Click **No** to remove the software but do not remove the Oracle home directory.

Click **Cancel** to return to the previous screen.

B.3 Deinstallation Progress



This screen shows you the progress of the deinstallation.

If you want to quit before the deinstallation is completed, click **Cancel**.

B.4 Deinstallation Complete



This screen summarizes the deinstallation that was just completed.

Click **Finish** to dismiss the screen.

Silent Installation

This appendix describes how to install Application Developer from the command line in silent mode.

This appendix contains the following topics:

- Section C.1, "About Silent Installation and Deinstallation"
- Section C.2, "Oracle Application Developer Response Files"

C.1 About Silent Installation and Deinstallation

For information about silent installation and deinstallation, see "Silent Installation and Deinstallation" in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Installation Planning Guide.

C.2 Oracle Application Developer Response Files

Oracle recommends creating your response file by first running the install GUI, and then clicking **Save** on the Installation Summary. You will be prompted for a name and location where you want to create this response file. After it is created, you can use it exactly as-is to replicate the installation on other systems, or modify it as needed.

C.2.1 Installation Response Files

A sample response file called sampleResponse_wls.rsp (see Section C.2.1.1) is provided in the Disk1/stage/Response directory on UNIX, and Disk1\stage\Response directory on Windows, in the location where you unzipped your downloaded archive file, for installation. This template response file can be used to install the Oracle Application Developer software if you are using Oracle WebLogic Server as the application server. If you are using IBM WebSphere as your application server, you must use the sampleResponse_was.rsp file (see Section C.2.1.2).

In either case, you still need to run the Configuration Wizard after installation to create or extend your WebLogic domain and configure Oracle Application Developer components.

C.2.1.1 Contents of the sampleResponse wls.rps File

The contents of the sampleResponse_wls.rsp file are shown below:

```
[ENGINE]
#DO NOT CHANGE THIS.
Response File Version=1.0.0.0.0
```

```
[GENERIC]
#Set this to true if you wish to specify a directory where latest updates are
downloaded. This option would use the software updates from the specified
directory
SPECIFY_DOWNLOAD_LOCATION=false
SKIP_SOFTWARE_UPDATES=true
#If the Software updates are already downloaded and available on your local
system, then specify the path to the directory where these patches are available
and set SPECIFY_DOWNLOAD_LOCATION to true
SOFTWARE_UPDATES_DOWNLOAD_LOCATION=
#Provide existing Middleware Home location.
MIDDLEWARE_HOME=/home/middleware
#Application Server choices are WLS, WAS, JBoss
APPSERVER TYPE=WLS
[SYSTEM]
[APPLICATIONS]
[RELATIONSHIPS]
```

- The parameters you should change in this file are:
- SKIP_SOFTWARE_UPDATES: Set this to true if you do not want to configure your system to receive software updates. If you do, then set this parameter to false. Set the SPECIFY_DOWNLOAD_LOCATION parameter to true if you want to specify a directory where the latest updates are downloaded, then specify this location with the SOFTWARE_UPDATES_DOWNLOAD_LOCATION parameter.
- MIDDLEWARE_HOME: Specify the full path to your Middleware home directory.

C.2.1.2 Contents of the sampleResponse_was.rsp File

The contents of the sampleResponse was.rsp file are shown below:

```
[ENGINE]
#DO NOT CHANGE THIS.
Response File Version=1.0.0.0.0
[GENERIC]
#Set this to true if you wish to specify a directory where latest updates are
downloaded. This option would use the software updates from the specified
directory
SPECIFY_DOWNLOAD_LOCATION=false
SKIP_SOFTWARE_UPDATES=true
#If the Software updates are already downloaded and available on your local
system, then specify the path to the directory where these patches are available
and set SPECIFY_DOWNLOAD_LOCATION to true
SOFTWARE_UPDATES_DOWNLOAD_LOCATION=
```

```
#Provide Middleware Home location.
MIDDLEWARE_HOME=/home/middleware
#Application Server choices are WLS, WAS, JBoss
APPSERVER TYPE=WAS
#Application Server Location to be specified for WAS and JBoss.
APPSERVER_LOCATION=/home/wasinstall
[SYSTEM]
[APPLICATIONS]
[RELATIONSHIPS]
```

The parameters you should change in this file are:

- SKIP_SOFTWARE_UPDATES: Set this to true if you do not want to configure your system to receive software updates. If you do, then set this parameter to false. Set the SPECIFY_DOWNLOAD_LOCATION parameter to true if you want to specify a directory where the latest updates are downloaded, then specify this location with the SOFTWARE_UPDATES_DOWNLOAD_LOCATION parameter.
- MIDDLEWARE_HOME: Specify the full path to your Middleware home directory. Remember that this directory must be specified even if you are not using Oracle WebLogic Server as your application server.
- APPSERVER_LOCATION: Specify the installation directory for your IBM WebSphere application server.

C.2.2 Deinstallation Response Files

A sample deinstallation response file called deinstall_oh.rsp is provided in the Disk1/stage/Response directory on UNIX, and Disk1\stage\Response directory on Windows, in the location where you downloaded and unzipped your archive file for installation. This template response file can be used to deinstall your Oracle Application Server software.

The contents of the deinstall_oh.rsp file are shown below:

```
[ENGINE]
#DO NOT CHANGE THIS.
Response File Version=1.0.0.0.0
[GENERIC]
#Identifies if the Instance deinstallation is valid or not
DEINSTALL_IN_ASINSTANCE_MODE=false
[SYSTEM]
[APPLICATIONS]
[RELATIONSHIPS]
```

Oracle Application Developer Response Files	Oracle A	pplication	Developer	Response	Files
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Troubleshooting

This appendix describes solutions to common problems that you might encounter when installing Application Developer.

This appendix contains the following sections:

- Section D.1, "General Troubleshooting Tips"
- Section D.2, "Installation and Configuration Log Files"
- Section D.3, "Keeping Track of Your JRE Location"
- Section D.4, "Need More Help?"

D.1 General Troubleshooting Tips

If you encounter an error during installation:

Read the Oracle Fusion Middleware Release Notes for Linux x86 or Oracle Fusion Middleware Release Notes for Microsoft Windows (32-Bit) (depending on your platform) for the latest updates. The most current version of the release notes is available on the Oracle Fusion Middleware 11 g Release 1 (11.1.1) Documentation page on Oracle Technology Network:

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/middleware/docs/middleware-093940 .html

Click the **View Library** link for the documentation library corresponding to your release. The Release Notes are available in the library.

Verify that your computer meets the requirements specified in the System Requirements and Specifications document:

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/middleware/ias/downloads/fusion-r equirements-100147.html

- If you have entered incorrect information on one of the installation screens, return to that screen by clicking **Back** until you see the screen.
- If an error occurred while the installer is copying or linking files:
 - 1. Note the error and review the installation log files.
 - Remove the failed installation by following the steps in Chapter 4.
 - Correct the issue that caused the error.
 - Restart the installation.

D.2 Installation and Configuration Log Files

This section contains information about the log files that are created when running the Oracle Application Developer installer and the Oracle Fusion Middleware Configuration Wizard. Log files contain information that can help you troubleshoot problems with your installation or configuration.

This section contains the following topics:

- **Installation Log Files**
- Configuration Log Files

D.2.1 Installation Log Files

The installer writes logs files to the <code>Oracle_Inventory_Location/log</code> directory on UNIX, and Oracle_Inventory_Location\logs directory on Windows.

On UNIX systems, if you do not know the location of your Oracle Inventory directory, you can find it in the MW_HOME/oracle_common/oraInst.loc file. On Windows systems, the default location for the inventory directory is C:\Program Files\Oracle\Inventory\logs.

The following install log files are written to the log directory:

installdate-time-stamp.log

This is the main log file.

installdate-time-stamp.out

This log file contains the output and error streams during the installation.

installActionsdate-time-stamp.log

This file is used by the installer GUI to keep track of internal information.

installProfiledate-time-stamp.log

This log file contains the overall statistics like time taken to complete the installation, as well as configuration, memory and CPU details.

oraInstalldate-time-stamp.log

This log file contains the output stream of the copy session.

If you start the installer with the -printtime parameter, the timeTakendate-time-stamp.log and timedate-time-stamp.log files are created in the same directory:

timeTakendate-time-stamp.log

This file contains information for the amount of time taken to move between screens (applicable for GUI installations only).

timedate-time-stamp.log

This file contains time information for the copy session.

If you start the installer with the -printmemory parameter, the memorydate-time-stamp.log file is created. This file contains memory usage information for the copy session.

D.2.2 Configuration Log Files

To create a log file of your configuration session, start the Configuration Wizard with the -log option, as shown below:

On UNIX:

% ./config.sh -log=log_filename

On Windows:

G:\ config.cmd -log=log_filename

If you specify an absolute path with your *log_filename* then your log file is created there. If you only specify a file name with no path, then the log files are created in the MW_HOME/oracle_common/common/bin directory on UNIX, and MW_HOME\oracle_ common\common\bin directory on Windows.

D.3 Keeping Track of Your JRE Location

The JRE location used by the Application Developer installer is stored in the MW_ HOME/oracle_common/oui/oraparam.ini file on UNIX, and MW_HOME\oracle_ common\oui\oraparam.ini file on Windows. This file is used by OPatch and Oracle Universal Installer (OUI) to determine the location of your preferred JRE.

It is possible to change the location of your JRE (for example, the JRE directory is moved out of the Middleware Home). If this happens, you will get an error message when trying to run OPatch or OUI since the JRE location can no longer be found. If this happens, you can do one of the following:

- Edit the MW_HOME/oracle_common/oui/oraparam.ini file on UNIX, and MW_ HOME\oracle_common\oui\oraparam.ini file on Windows, to point to the new JRE location.
- Use the -jreloc command line option to point to the new JRE location. See Section 2.2.2 for more information.

D.4 Need More Help?

If this appendix does not solve the problem you encountered, try these other sources:

Oracle Fusion Middleware Release Notes for Linux x86 or Oracle Fusion Middleware Release Notes for Microsoft Windows (32-Bit) (depending on your platform). The most current version of the release notes is available on the "Oracle Fusion Middleware 11 g Release 1 (11.1.1) Documentation" page on Oracle Technology Network:

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/middleware/docs/middleware-093940 .html

Click the View Library link for the documentation library corresponding to your release. The Release Notes are available in the library.

My Oracle Support (formerly Oracle *MetaLink*: https://support.oracle.com/)

If you do not find a solution for your problem, open a service request.

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