Oracle® Communications
Network Charging and Control
Intersystem Operations ANSI-41 Protocol
Implementation Conformance Statement
Release 5.0.1

June 2013
Copyright

Copyright © 2013, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.

This software and related documentation are provided under a license agreement containing restrictions on use and disclosure and are protected by intellectual property laws. Except as expressly permitted in your license agreement or allowed by law, you may not use, copy, reproduce, translate, broadcast, modify, license, transmit, distribute, exhibit, perform, publish, or display any part, in any form, or by any means. Reverse engineering, disassembly, or decompilation of this software, unless required by law for interoperability, is prohibited.

The information contained herein is subject to change without notice and is not warranted to be error-free. If you find any errors, please report them to us in writing.

If this is software or related documentation that is delivered to the U.S. Government or anyone licensing it on behalf of the U.S. Government, the following notice is applicable:

U.S. GOVERNMENT END USERS: Oracle programs, including any operating system, integrated software, any programs installed on the hardware, and/or documentation, delivered to U.S. Government end users are "commercial computer software" pursuant to the applicable Federal Acquisition Regulation and agency-specific supplemental regulations. As such, use, duplication, disclosure, modification, and adaptation of the programs, including any operating system, integrated software, any programs installed on the hardware, and/or documentation, shall be subject to license terms and license restrictions applicable to the programs. No other rights are granted to the U.S. Government.

This software or hardware is developed for general use in a variety of information management applications. It is not developed or intended for use in any inherently dangerous applications, including applications that may create a risk of personal injury. If you use this software or hardware in dangerous applications, then you shall be responsible to take all appropriate fail-safe, backup, redundancy, and other measures to ensure its safe use. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates disclaim any liability for any damages caused by use of this software or hardware in dangerous applications.

Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.

Intel and Intel Xeon are trademarks or registered trademarks of Intel Corporation. All SPARC trademarks are used under license and are trademarks or registered trademarks of SPARC International, Inc. AMD, Opteron, the AMD logo, and the AMD Opteron logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Advanced Micro Devices. UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group.

This software or hardware and documentation may provide access to or information on content, products, and services from third parties. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates are not responsible for and expressly disclaim all warranties of any kind with respect to third-party content, products, and services. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates will not be responsible for any loss, costs, or damages incurred due to your access to or use of third-party content, products, or services.
Contents

About This Document ......................................................................................................... v
Document Conventions ..................................................................................................... vi

Chapter 1

System Overview .............................................................................................................. 1
  Overview .......................................................................................................................... 1
  Structure .......................................................................................................................... 1
  Implementation Identification ......................................................................................... 2

Chapter 2

Transport Layer ................................................................................................................ 3
  Overview .......................................................................................................................... 3
  SMSDeliveryPointToPoint ............................................................................................ 3
  SMSRequest ..................................................................................................................... 5
  SMSNotification ............................................................................................................. 7

Chapter 3

Teleservice Layer ............................................................................................................ 9
  Overview .......................................................................................................................... 9
  Teleservice layers .......................................................................................................... 9
  CDMA 4098 .................................................................................................................... 9
  CDMA 4101 ................................................................................................................... 13
  TDMA 32513 ............................................................................................................... 14

NCC Glossary of Terms .................................................................................................. 17

Index ................................................................................................................................. 23
About This Document

Scope

This document states the extent to which Messaging Manager (MM) conforms to the ANSI/TIA/EIA-41-D Standard. Where messages are altered by the TIA/EIA/IS-841 Interim Standard, compliance with extension parameters is also stated.

For the following teleservice layers, the extent to which MM complies is stated:

- TDMA (32513) against Standard ANSI-136.
- CDMA Wireless Messaging Teleservice (4098) against 3rd Generation Partnership Project 2 document C.S0015-B v2.0.
- CDMA Wireless Enhanced Messaging Teleservice (4101) against 3rd Generation Partnership Project 2 document C.S0015-B v2.0.

Audience

This document is intended to be read by Oracle staff. It has been prepared on the assumption that the reader is familiar with Messaging Manager as well as the short message capabilities of the ANSI-41 Standard.

Related documents

The following Standards are related to this document:

- ANSI Standard entitled:
  *Cellular Radiotelecommunications
  Intersystem Operations
  Note: Throughout this document, this Standard may be referred to by the abbreviated name ANSI-41.

- 3rd Generation Partnership Project 2 document entitled:
  *Short Message Service (SMS) for Wideband Spread Spectrum Systems
  3GPP2 C.S0015-B
  Note: Throughout this document, this Standard may be referred to by the abbreviated name C.S0015.

- ANSI Standard entitled:
  *TDMA Third Generation Wireless -
  Short Message Service -
  Cellular Messaging Teleservice
  Note: Throughout this document, this Standard may be referred to by the abbreviated name ANSI-136.

- TIA/EIA Interim Standard entitled:
  *TIA/EIA-41-D Based Network Enhancements for MDN Based Message Centers
  TIA/EIA/IS-841, September 2000.
  Note: Throughout this document, this Standard may be referred to by the abbreviated name IS-841.
Document Conventions

Typographical Conventions

The following terms and typographical conventions are used in the Oracle Communications Network Charging and Control (NCC) documentation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Formatting convention</th>
<th>Type of information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Special Bold</td>
<td>Items you must select, such as names of tabs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Names of database tables and fields.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Italics</td>
<td>Name of a document, chapter, topic or other publication.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Emphasis within text.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button</td>
<td>The name of a button to click or a key to press.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Example:</strong> To close the window, either click <strong>Close</strong>, or press <strong>Esc</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Key+Key</td>
<td>Key combinations for which the user must press and hold down one key and then press another.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Example:</strong> <strong>Ctrl+P</strong>, or <strong>Alt+F4</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monospace</td>
<td>Examples of code or standard output.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monospace Bold</td>
<td>Text that you must enter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>variable</td>
<td>Used to indicate variables or text that should be replaced.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>menu option &gt; menu option &gt;</td>
<td>Used to indicate the cascading menu option to be selected, or the location path of a file.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Example:</strong> <strong>Operator Functions &gt; Report Functions</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Example:</strong> <code>/IN/html/SMS/Helptext/</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hypertext link</td>
<td>Used to indicate a hypertext link on an HTML page.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specialized terms and acronyms are defined in the **Glossary** at the end of this guide.
Overview

Introduction

This chapter provides introductory and background information about Messaging Manager compliance with the ANSI-41 Standard.

In this chapter

This chapter contains the following topics.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Structure</th>
<th>1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Implementation Identification</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Structure

Overview

Messaging Manager implementation of the ANSI-41 protocol has three layers:

1. Transport layer compliance. This enumerates the SM-TL messages we support, e.g. SMSDeliveryPointToPoint and SMSRequest.
2. Teleservice layer compliance. For each supported teleservice we list the supported application-level procedures supported, for example, SMS Deliver and SMS Submit.
3. We do not discuss the Relay layer, which is implemented over ANSI TCAP by the TC_PROTOS module.

Transport layer parameter compliance levels

The following table defines levels of compliance.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Full</td>
<td>The parameter, sub-parameter or information element complies fully with the Standard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partial</td>
<td>The parameter, sub-parameter or information element only partially complies with the Standard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conditional</td>
<td>The parameter, sub-parameter or information element is usually ignored internally.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>None</td>
<td>The parameter, sub-parameter or information element does not comply with the Standard.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Implementation Identification

MMX implementation

This document states compliance for Messaging Manager version 3.1.1. The environment for this version of Messaging Manager is defined below.

- **Target platform**
  - Platform - SPARC Solaris
  - Operating system - SunOS 5.9
  - Database - Oracle 9.2.05

- **Build environment**
  - Compiler - GNU GCC 3.2.3
  - Binutils - GNU binutils 2.14

- **Oracle packages**
  - SMS v3.0
  - ACS v2.4
  - SLEE v3.2
  - Hughes IF v3.4.26
Chapter 2

Transport Layer

Overview

Introduction

This chapter states compliance with clauses of the ANSI-41 Standard and IS-841 Interim Standard.

In this chapter

This chapter contains the following topics.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SMSDeliveryPointToPoint</th>
<th>3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SMSRequest</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMSNotification</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SMSDeliveryPointToPoint

Introduction

The SMSDeliveryPointToPoint operation is a general purpose operation. It is used to:

- convey a short message or (in general) any other information or encapsulated data from one point to another point, and
- report on the success of failure of that transfer.

Messaging Manager supports SMDPP messages in both input and output transactions.

Standards

Compliance statements for SMSDeliveryPointToPoint are made against the following two Standards.

- Clause 6.4.2.43 of ANSI-41.
- IS-841.

Most of the compliance statements are made against the first Standard. Where it is necessary to differentiate between the two, reference to the Standard is placed after the parameter name. For example, MobileIdentificationNumber (ANSI-41) and MSID (IS-841).

Request parameters

This table describes the supported SMSDeliveryPointToPoint parameters for requests.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Supported</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SMS_BearerData</td>
<td>Partial</td>
<td>Contains Teleservice layer data - see Section 3 for compliance details.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMS_TeleserviceIdentifier</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>Becomes the GenericSM Teleservice parameter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ElectronicSerialNumber</td>
<td>Conditional</td>
<td>Ignored internally.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MobileIdentificationNumber (ANSI-41)</td>
<td>Conditional</td>
<td>If present, MobileIdentificationNumber</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
is stored in the originatingImsi field.
- For outgoing MC delivery, the normal rules for conditional parameter support apply.
- For SME delivery, Messaging Manager calculates the MIN through a set of number rules in the RIMS interface. It then populates the MobileIdentificationNumber field in the outgoing message.

### MSID (IS-841)

- Partial
- Becomes the GenericSM originatingImsi.
- For SME delivery, the MIN returned from RMIS is used. MIN may be derived from number rules or an HLR lookup, depending on the configuration option of supportIS841.
- For MC delivery, the normal rules for conditional parameter support apply.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Supported</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SMS_ChargeIndicator</td>
<td>Conditional</td>
<td>Ignored internally.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMS_DestinationAddress</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>Becomes the GenericSM DestinationAddress parameter, which is used as the destination MobileDirectoryNumber.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMS_MessageCount</td>
<td>Conditional</td>
<td>Ignored internally.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMS_NotificationIndicator</td>
<td>Conditional</td>
<td>Ignored internally.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMS_OriginalDestination-Address</td>
<td>Partial</td>
<td>Becomes the GenericSM DestinationAddress if there is no SMS_DestinationAddress present, otherwise obeys the conditional parameter rules.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMS_OriginalDestination-Subaddress</td>
<td>Conditional</td>
<td>Ignored internally.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMS_OriginalOriginating-Address</td>
<td>Partial</td>
<td>Becomes the GenericSM OriginatingAddress if there is no SMS_OriginatingAddress present, otherwise obeys the conditional parameter rules.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMS_OriginalOriginating-Subaddress</td>
<td>Conditional</td>
<td>Ignored internally.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMS_OriginatingAddress</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>Becomes the GenericSM OriginatingAddress.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Response

This table describes the supported SMSDeliveryPointToPoint response parameters.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Supported</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SMS_BearerData</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>On receipt of a positive acknowledgement this parameter is ignored, and it is never populated by Messaging Manager in outgoing acknowledgements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMS_CauseCode</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>We use this parameter to indicate the permanent/transient nature of failures.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**SMSRequest**

**Introduction**

The SMSRequest operation is used to request an MS’s current SMS routing address. If the MS is currently not available, notification is requested when the MS does become available.

Messaging Manager can either:
- construct SMSRequests itself through RIMS while performing a first delivery attempt, or
- proxy SMSRequests from an SMSC to the HLR.

When acting as a proxy, the global title of Messaging Manager will be used as the SMS_Address parameter.

To reach the HLR we use the method outlined in section 5.1.2 of ANSI-41.
- Global title translation on MIN or global title translation on MDN is used for communication with the HLR.
- Global title indicator type 2 is used.
- A translation type value of:
  - 3 is used for "MIN to HLR" translation.
  - 14 is used for a "MDN to HLR" translation.
    Both of these values are alterable via configuration options.
- The global title address information field contains the 10-digit MIN or the MDN.
- The encoding scheme is BCD.

**Standards**

Compliance statements for SMSRequest are made against the following two Standards.
- Clause 6.4.2.45 of ANSI-41, and
- IS-841.

Most of the compliance statements are made against the first Standard. Where it is necessary to differentiate between the two, a reference to the Standard is placed after the parameter name. For example, MobileIdentificationNumber (ANSI-41) and MSID (IS-841).

**Request**

The extent to which parameters of SMSRequest INVOKE comply with the Standards is set out in the following table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Supported</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MobileIdentificationNumber (ANSI-41)</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>• If present inbound, MobileIdentificationNumber is stored in the destination address field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• When constructed by RIMS, if no MIN is present and supportIS841 is false, mdnMin number rules are used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSID (IS-841)</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>• If present inbound, MSID is stored in the destination address field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• For messages constructed by RIMS, if the MDN is present and supportIS841 is true, MDN is used. Otherwise MIN is used and mdnMin number rules may be</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Response**

This table states the extent to which parameters of SMSRequest RETURN RESULT comply with the Standards.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Supported</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ElectronicSerialNumber</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td><strong>Messages received from the HLR</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>· If the SMSRequest was initiated by Messaging Manager, ElectronicSerialNumber is ignored.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>· If the SMSRequest came from an SMSC, ElectronicSerialNumber is copied into the SMSRequest sent to the HLR.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Messages sent to the SMSC</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>· If the electronic serial number received in the response from the HLR is present, ElectronicSerialNumber is set to that electronic serial number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>· If the electronic serial number received in the response from the HLR is not present, ElectronicSerialNumber is set to the electronic serial number received in the SMSRequest.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMS_AccessDeniedReason</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>Used to determine the permanent or transient nature of a failure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMS_Address</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>· If the SMSRequest was initiated by Messaging Manager, SMS_Address becomes the destination global title address for SME message deliveries.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>· If an SMSRequest is received from an SMSC, SMS_Address is set to the global title of Messaging Manager in</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MSID (IS-841)</th>
<th>Partial</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
|               | • MSID will only be present in responses from Messaging Manager if supportIS841 is configured in the IS41 adapter.
|               | • RIMS will only examine responses from the HLR for MSID if supportIS841 is configured in RIMS.
|               | • RIMS cannot support receipt of an IMSI in this field. |

**SMSNotification**

**Standard**

Compliance statements for SMSNotification are made against clause 6.4.2.44 of ANSI-41.

**Statement**

The SMSNotification operation is used to report a change in an MS's ability to receive SMS messages based on the location or status of the MS. This message, at a minimum, is used to report the accessibility of an MS following a postponed SMSRequest or SMSDeliveryPointToPoint. This message may also be used to revoke delivery permission previously granted with either an SMSRequest or an SMSNotification.

This message is never handled internally; it is always relayed to the SMSC. The SMSC responds directly to the original source, so Messaging Manager has no knowledge of the eventual outcome.
Overview

Introduction

This chapter states compliance with clauses of the C.S0015 technical requirements and the ANSI-136 Standard.

In this chapter

This chapter contains the following topics.

Teleservice layers 9
CDMA 4098 9
CDMA 4101 13
TDMA 32513 14

Teleservice layers

General notes

Messaging Manager supports the following bearer data interpretations.

- CDMA Wireless Messaging teleservice (4098)
- CDMA Wireless Enhanced Messaging Teleservice (4101)
- TDMA Cellular messaging Teleservice (32513)

SMS operations containing any other teleservice suffer the following restrictions.

- SMS_BearerData is not interpreted because bearer data includes message text.
- FDA is not allowed. The message must be delivered to the SMSC.
- The message may not be delivered by any other plugin instance because Messaging Manager must copy bearer data between input and output transactions.

CDMA 4098

SMS submit

SMS Submit messages are used in all the MO scenarios: all messages arriving at Messaging Manager and all messages sent to the SMSC.

Set out in the following table is the extent to which Messaging Manager implementation of the SMS Submit Message sub-parameters complies with clause 4.3.4 of C.S0015.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub-parameter</th>
<th>Supported</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Message Identifier</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>Message type will be 0010. The header indicator sub-parameter becomes the GenericSM UserDataHeaderIndicator, but must be 0 for this teleservice:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
see the WEMT service (4101) for UDH support. The Message Identifier sub-parameter becomes the GenericSM MessageReference.

| User Data                  | Partial | • All types of encoding except GSM DCS (encoding 10) are supported.  
|                           |         | • Messages containing 8-bit data, Shift-JIS or Korean (encoding types 0, 5 and 6, respectively) are supported but cannot be used with text-matching features like the text-branching macro node.  
|                           |         | • Unsupported types of encoding are treated as opaque data and force the alternative-delivery-allowed flag to false in an attempt to meet the requirements for conditional parameter use in the output transaction.  

| Validity Period - Absolute | Full | Stored internally as the GenericSM ValidityPeriod parameter.  
| Validity Period - Relative | Full | Stored internally as the GenericSM ValidityPeriod parameter.  
| Deferred Delivery Time - Absolute | Full | Because Messaging Manager doesn't store and forward, the presence of a deferred delivery time forces the alternate-delivery-allowed flag to false. Messaging Manager can perform only immediate deliveries.  
| Deferred Delivery Time - Relative | Full | Because Messaging Manager doesn't store and forward, the presence of a deferred delivery time forces the alternate-delivery-allowed flag to false. Messaging Manager can perform only immediate deliveries.  
| Priority Indicator          | Full | Stored internally as the GenericSM PriorityIndicator parameter.  
| Privacy Indicator           | Full | Stored internally as the GenericSM PrivacyIndicator parameter.  
| Reply Option                | Partial | • Reply option has three parts: Delivery ACK Requested, User ACK Requested and Read ACK Requested.  
|                           |         | • The Delivery ACK reply option is fully supported. It is represented internally as a GenericSM StatusReportRequest type smeRequested. It is only allowed to be set in MO messages, not during FDA. It obeys the rules for conditional parameters.  
|                           |         | • The User ACK and Read ACK options obey the rules for conditional parameters and are ignored internally.  
| Alert On Message Delivery   | Conditional | Ignored internally.  
| Language Indicator          | Conditional | Ignored internally.  
| Call-Back Number            | Conditional | Ignored internally.  
| Multiple Encoding User Data | Conditional | Ignored internally.  
| Message Deposit Index       | Conditional | Ignored internally.  

## SMS deliver

SMS Deliver messages are used in all the MT scenarios.

Set out in the following table is the extent to which Messaging Manager implementation of the SMS Deliver Message sub-parameters complies with clause 4.3.4 of CS0015.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub-parameter</th>
<th>Supported</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Message Identifier          | Full      | • Message type will be 0010.  
• The header indicator sub-parameter becomes the GenericSM UserDataHeaderIndicator, but must be 0 for this service. See the WEMT service (4101) for UDH support.  
• For outgoing messages the header indicator is set from the GenericSM UserDataHeaderIndicator, and if set, the WEMT teleservice (4101) will be used.  
• The message identifier is stored in, and read from, the GenericSM MessageReference. |
| User Data                   | Partial   | • All types of encoding except GSM DCS (encoding 10) are supported.  
• Messages containing 8-bit data, Shift-JIS or Korean (encoding types 0, 5 and 6, respectively) are supported but cannot be used with text-matching features like the text branching macro node.  
• Unsupported types of encoding are treated as opaque data and force the alternate-delivery-allowed flag to false in an attempt to meet the requirements for conditional parameter use in the output transaction. |
| Message Center Time Stamp   | Full      | • The inbound field value is saved in the GenericSM ServiceCentreTimestamp parameter.  
• If the time is set in GenericSM, the outbound timestamp is set to the GenericSM ServiceCentreTimestamp.  
• If the time is not set in GenericSM, the outbound timestamp is set to the current time of the SLC sending the message. |
| Deferred Delivery Time - Absolute | Not used by telservice 4098. |                                                                                                                                 |
| Deferred Delivery Time - Relative | Not used by telservice 4098. |                                                                                                                                 |
| Priority Indicator          | Full      | Internally stored in and read from the GenericSM PriorityIndicator parameter. |
| Privacy Indicator           | Full      | Internally stored in and read from the GenericSM PriorityIndicator parameter. |
| Reply Option                | Conditional | Reply Option has three parts: Delivery ACK Requested, User ACK Requested and Read ACK requested.  
• The User ACK and Read ACK options obey the rules for conditional parameters and are ignored internally.  
• The Delivery ACK reply option must be zero in inbound MT messages and is not used. It will |
always be set to zero in outbound messages.

| Number of Messages | Conditional | • Ignored internally.  
|                    |             | • Number of Messages will only be set if the incoming message is also an SMS Deliver. |
| Alert On Message Delivery | Conditional | Ignored internally. |
| Language Indicator | Conditional | Ignored internally. |
| Call-Back Number | Conditional | Ignored internally. |
| Message Display Node | Partial | • If it is present, an inbound message is stored in messageClass.  
|                    |             | • Immediate display is encoded correctly.  
|                    |             | • All other values map to unset messageClass.  
|                    |             | • Non-immediate values will only be preserved outbound if an incoming message is also an SMS Deliver. |
| Multiple Encoding User Data | Conditional | Ignored internally. |
| Message Deposit Index | Conditional | Ignored internally. |

**SMS cancellation**

This following text is relevant to clause 4.4.3 of *C.S0015*.

The SMS Cancellation Message is a request to the SMSC to cancel a previously-submitted message. Messaging Manager does not handle an SMS Cancellation Message internally. It is classified as a Command type message and is relayed directly to the SMSC. As the SMSC responds directly to the message's source, Messaging Manager has no knowledge of the eventual outcome.

**SMS user acknowledge-ment**

This bearer data set appears in SMSC-generated CDMA delivery receipts.

Set out in the following table is the extent to which Messaging Manager implementation of the SMS User Acknowledgment Message sub-parameters complies with clause 4.4.4 of *C.S0015*.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub-parameter</th>
<th>Supported</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Message Identifier        | Full      | • The message type will be 0101. The header indicator sub-parameter is always 0 and the message identifier comes from the GenericSM MessageReference (modulo 2¹⁶).  
|                           |           | • The message identifier is stored in, and read from, the GenericSM MessageReference. |
| User Data                 | Conditional | Messaging Manager will never include user data in a user acknowledgement unless it is copied from an incoming message following the rules for Conditional parameters. |
| User Response Code        | Conditional | Ignored internally. |
| Message Center Time Stamp | Full      | • The value of the inbound Message Center Time Stamp sub-parameter is saved in the GenericSM ServiceCentreTimestamp parameter. |
If ServiceCentreTimestamp is set in GenericSM, the outbound time stamp is set to the GenericSM ServiceCentreTimestamp.

If ServiceCentreTimestamp is not set in GenericSM, the outbound time stamp is set to the current time of the SLC sending the message.

### SMS delivery acknowledge-ment

This bearer data set appears in CDMA delivery receipts.

Set out in the following table is the extent to which Messaging Manager implementation of the SMS Delivery Acknowledgment Message sub-parameters complies with clause 4.4.5 of C.S0015.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Supported</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Message Identifier</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>Message type will be 0100. The header indicator sub-parameter is always 0 and the message identifier comes from the GenericSM MessageReference (modulo $2^{16}$). The Message Identifier sub-parameter is stored in and read from the GenericSM MessageReference.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User Data</td>
<td>Conditional</td>
<td>Messaging Manager will never include user data in a delivery acknowledgement unless it is copied from an incoming message following the rules for Conditional parameters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Message Center Time Stamp</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>The value of the inbound Message Center Time Stamp sub-parameter is saved in the GenericSM ServiceCentreTimestamp parameter. If it is set in GenericSM, the outbound time stamp is set to the GenericSM ServiceCentreTimestamp. If it is not set in GenericSM, the outbound time stamp is set to the current time of the SLC sending the message.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multiple Encoding User Data</td>
<td>Conditional</td>
<td>Ignored internally.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Message Status</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>Both the error class and failure code are configurable.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### CDMA 4101

#### Compliance statement

This following text is relevant to clause 4.3.7 of C.S0015.

This teleservice is identical to CDMA 4098 except that the User Data may include a GSM User Data Header. The header is not interpreted, but is available to the output transaction.
TDMA 32513

Standard

Compliance statements for TDMA 32513 are made against clause 3.2 of ANSI-136.

SMS submit

As FDA is not supported for this service, Messaging Manager implements only the SMS Submit message (MO).

Set out in the following table is the extent to which Messaging Manager implementation of the SMS Submit Message information elements complies with the Standard.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Supported</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Message Type Indicator</td>
<td>Partial</td>
<td>Must be 001 (Submit or Deliver). The path endpoint type is used to determine whether this is an MS-to-BMI scenario. If it is an MS-to-BMI scenario, 001 is interpreted as Submit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PrivacyIndicator</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>Stored in the GenericSM PrivacyIndicator parameter.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Urgency Indicator          | Full      | Stored in the GenericSM PriorityIndicator. The mapping to GenericSM priorities is:  
                              - Bulk - Normal  
                              - Normal - Normal  
                              - Urgent - Urgent  
                              - Very Urgent - Emergency  
                              The SMPP 5.0 Standard implies (in section 4.7.19) that Normal should in fact map to an internal priority of Interactive, but that would mean that Normal TDMA messages get promoted to high priority traffic in other outbound protocols (e.g. MAP).  
                              In the output plugin the Urgency Indicator is preserved exactly if we meet the requirements for conditional parameter use. If not, the mapping from GenericSM is:  
                              - Normal - Normal  
                              - Interactive - Urgent  
                              - Urgent - Urgent  
                              - Emergency - Very Urgent |
| Delivery Acknowledgement Request | Full |  
                              - The Delivery Acknowledgement Request information element is stored in the GenericSM StatusReportRequest parameter.  
                              - Messaging Manager does not actually send a status report. |
| Manual Acknowledgement Request | Conditional | Ignored internally. |
| Message Updating           | Conditional | Ignored internally. |
| User Data Unit             | Full      |  
                              - All types of encoding are supported.  
                              - Only those characters that are part of the Latin 1 character set are supported for text manipulation nodes in ACS.  
                              - User Data Structure Type must be 0 (text
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Note</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Validity Period</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>Stored in the GenericSM ValidityPeriod parameter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred Delivery Time</td>
<td>Conditional</td>
<td>Ignored internally.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call Back Number</td>
<td>Conditional</td>
<td>Ignored internally.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call Back Number Presentation</td>
<td>Conditional</td>
<td>Ignored internally.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call Back Number Alpha Tag</td>
<td>Conditional</td>
<td>Ignored internally.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multilingual Call Back Number</td>
<td>Conditional</td>
<td>Ignored internally.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multilingual Call Back Alpha Tag</td>
<td>Conditional</td>
<td>Ignored internally.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multilingual Destination Address</td>
<td>Conditional</td>
<td>Ignored internally.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NCC Glossary of Terms

ACS
Advanced Control Services configuration platform.

BMI
Interworking MSC.

CC
Country Code. Prefix identifying the country for a numeric international address.

CDMA
Code Division Multiple Access is a method for describing physical radio channels. Data intended for a specific channel is modulated with that channel's code. These are typically pseudo-random in nature, and possess favourable correlation properties to ensure physical channels are not confused with one another.

Diameter
A feature rich AAA protocol. Utilises SCTP and TCP transports.

FDA
First Delivery Attempt - the delivery of a short message directly to the SME rather than relaying it through the MC.

GPRS
General Packet Radio Service - employed to connect mobile cellular users to PDN (Public Data Network- for example the Internet).

GSM
Global System for Mobile communication.
It is a second generation cellular telecommunication system. Unlike first generation systems, GSM is digital and thus introduced greater enhancements such as security, capacity, quality and the ability to support integrated services.

HLR
The Home Location Register is a database within the HPLMN (Home Public Land Mobile Network). It provides routing information for MT calls and SMS. It is also responsible for the maintenance of user subscription information. This is distributed to the relevant VLR, or SGSN (Serving GPRS Support Node) through the attach process and mobility management procedures such as Location Area and Routing Area updates.

HPLMN
Home PLMN
**HTML**

HyperText Markup Language, a small application of SGML used on the World Wide Web.

It defines a very simple class of report-style documents, with section headings, paragraphs, lists, tables, and illustrations, with a few informational and presentational items, and some hypertext and multimedia.

**IMSI**

International Mobile Subscriber Identifier. A unique identifier allocated to each mobile subscriber in a GSM and UMTS network. It consists of a MCC (Mobile Country Code), a MNC (Mobile Network Code) and a MSIN (Mobile Station Identification Number).

The IMSI is returned by the HLR query (SRI-SM) when doing FDA. This tells the MSC exactly who the subscriber is that the message is to be sent to.

**ITU**

International Telecommunication Union

**MAP**

Mobile Application Part - a protocol which enables real time communication between nodes in a mobile cellular network. A typical usage of the protocol would be for the transfer of location information from the VLR to the HLR.

**MC**

Message Centre. Also known as SMSC.

**MCC**

Mobile Country Code. In the location information context, this is padded to three digits with leading zeros. Refer to ITU E.212 (“Land Mobile Numbering Plan”) documentation for a list of codes.

**MDN**

Mobile Directory Number

**Messaging Manager**

The Messaging Manager service and the Short Message Service components of Oracle Communications Network Charging and Control product. Component acronym is MM (formerly MMX).

**MIN**

Mobile Identification Number, also known as an MSID.

**MM**

Messaging Manager. Formerly MMX, see also XMS (on page 21) and Messaging Manager (on page 18).
**MNC**
Mobile Network Code. The part of an international address following the mobile country code (MCC), or at the start of a national format address. This specifies the mobile network code, that is, the operator owning the address. In the location information context, this is padded to two digits with a leading zero. Refer to ITU E.212 ("Land Mobile Numbering Plan") documentation for a list of codes.

**MO**
Mobile Originated

**MS**
Mobile Station

**MSC**
Mobile Switching Centre. Also known as a switch.

**MSID**
Mobile Subscriber Identification, also known as an MIN.

**MSIN**
Mobile Station Identification Number.

**MT**
Mobile Terminated

**Oracle**
Oracle Corporation

**Peer**
Remote machine, which for our purposes is capable of acting as a Diameter agent.

**PLMN**
Public Land Mobile Network

**RIMS**
Routing Information for Mobile Services. Used to cache HLR lookup information.

*Note:* Now known as "Messaging Manager Navigator".

**SGML**

**SGSN**
Serving GPRS Support Node
SLC
Service Logic Controller (formerly UAS).

SLEE
Service Logic Execution Environment

SMDPP
SMSSendRoutingInformationToPoint SM-TL Message.

SME
Short Message Entity - an entity which may send or receive Short Messages. It may be located in a fixed network, a mobile, or an SMSC.

SMPP
Short Message Peer-to-Peer protocol

SMS
Depending on context, can be:
- Short Message Service
- Service Management System platform
- NCC Service Management System application

SMSC
Short Message Service Centre - stores and forwards a short message to the indicated destination subscriber number.

SM-TL
Short Message Transport Layer.

SRI
Send Routing Information - This process is used on a GSM network to interrogate the HLR for subscriber routing information.

TCAP
Transaction Capabilities Application Part – layer in protocol stack, message protocol.

TDMA
Time Division Multiple Access - a communications technique that uses a common channel for communications among multiple users by allocating each a unique time slot.

VLR
Visitor Location Register - contains all subscriber data required for call handling and mobility management for mobile subscribers currently located in the area controlled by the VLR.
**WEMT**

Wireless Enhanced Messaging Teleservice

**XMS**

Three letter code used to designate some components and path locations used by the Oracle Communications Network Charging and Control *Messaging Manager* (on page 18) service and the Short Message Service. The published code is *MM* (on page 18) (formerly MMX).
# Index

## A
- About This Document • v
- ACS • 17
- Audience • v

## B
- BMI • 17

## C
- CC • 17
- CDMA • 17
- CDMA 4098 • 9
- CDMA 4101 • 14
- Compliance statement • 14
- Copyright • ii

## D
- Diameter • 17
- Document Conventions • vi

## F
- FDA • 17

## G
- General notes • 9
- GPRS • 17
- GSM • 17

## H
- HLR • 17
- HPLMN • 17
- HTML • 18

## I
- Implementation Identification • 2
- IMSI • 18
- Introduction • 3, 5
- ITU • 18

## M
- MAP • 18
- MC • 18
- MCC • 18
- MDN • 18
- Messaging Manager • 18, 21
- MIN • 18
- MM • 18, 21
- MMX implementation • 2
- MNC • 19
- MO • 19
- MS • 19
- MSC • 19
- MSID • 19
- MSIN • 19
- MT • 19

## O
- Oracle • 19
- Overview • 1, 3, 9

## P
- Peer • 19
- PLMN • 19

## R
- Related documents • v
- Request • 5
- Request parameters • 3
- Response • 4, 6
- RIMS • 19

## S
- Scope • v
- SGML • 19
- SGSN • 19
- SLC • 20
- SLEE • 20
- SMDDPP • 20
- SME • 20
- SMPP • 20
- SMS • 20
- SMS cancellation • 12
- SMS deliver • 11
- SMS delivery acknowledgement • 13
- SMS submit • 9, 14
- SMS user acknowledgement • 13
- SMSC • 20
- SMSDeliveryPointToPoint • 3
- SMSNotification • 7
- SMSRequest • 5
- SM-TL • 20
- SRI • 20
- Standard • 7, 14
- Standards • 3, 5
- Statement • 7
- Structure • 1
- System Overview • 1

## T
- TCAP • 20
- TDMA • 20
- TDMA 32513 • 14
- Teleservice Layer • 9
- Teleservice layers • 9
- Transport Layer • 3
- Transport layer parameter compliance levels • 1
- Typographical Conventions • vi
V
VLR • 20
W
WEMT • 21
X
XMS • 18, 21