# **Oracle® Endeca Information Discovery Studio**

Studio Security Guide

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## Preface

Endeca Information Discovery Studio is an industry-leading application composition environment and discovery experience that allows business users to easily upload and mash up multiple diverse data sources, and then quickly configure discovery applications - all within the context of an enterprise framework that maintains existing governance and enterprise definitions.

Studio includes world-class search, guided navigation, and filtering, as well as offering an array of powerful interactive visualizations, for rapid intuitive analysis that requires zero training.

## About this guide

This guide explains how to install, configure, and use Oracle Endeca Information Discovery Studio securely.

## Who should use this guide

This guide is intended for users responsible for system security, including system administrators, Studio administrators, and users who create and configure Studio applications.

## **Conventions used in this document**

The following conventions are used in this document.

### Typographic conventions

The following table describes the typographic conventions used in this document.

Туреface	Meaning
User Interface Elements	This formatting is used for graphical user interface elements such as pages, dialog boxes, buttons, and fields.
Code Sample	This formatting is used for sample code phrases within a paragraph.
Variable	This formatting is used for variable values. For variables within a code sample, the formatting is <i>Variable</i> .
File Path	This formatting is used for file names and paths.

### Symbol conventions

The following table describes symbol conventions used in this document.

Symbol	Description	Example	Meaning
>	The right angle bracket, or greater-than sign, indicates menu item selections in a graphic user interface.	File > New > Project	From the File menu, choose New, then from the New submenu, choose Project.

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## Chapter 1 About Security in Studio

Here is a high-level look at the available security features for Studio and the Provisioning Service, and sources for additional information.

About Studio security functions Sources for additional information

## About Studio security functions

Studio can support varying levels of security. For the most part, Studio security features follow basic industry standards.

Studio has some built-in security measures, including:

- Requiring all users to log in
- · Encrypting user passwords in the Studio database
- Encrypting cookies

This guide discusses other optional security-related configuration, including:

- Using Secure Socket Layer (SSL) communication
- Using LDAP or SSO to control user access to Studio
- · Restricting user access to Studio functions and applications
- · Restricting access to the Studio database and file systems

## Sources for additional information

In addition to this guide, the following documents contain additional information to help you secure your Studio implementation.

Guide	Description
Oracle Endeca Server Security Guide	Describes how to secure Oracle Endeca Server.
Integrator ETL Security Guide	Describes how to secure Integrator ETL.

Guide	Description
Studio Installation Guide	Includes information on:
	<ul> <li>Changing the Studio database, including the recommended database privileges</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Installing the Provisioning Service with SSL</li> </ul>
Studio Administration and Customization Guide	Includes information on:
	<ul> <li>Configuring user access to Studio, including LDAP and single sign-on</li> </ul>
	Using SecurityManager to restrict access to application data
	Using SSL to connect Studio to the Provisioning Service
	<ul> <li>Using SSL to connect a Studio Endeca Server connection to an Endeca Server</li> </ul>
Studio User's Guide	Includes information on:
	<ul> <li>Configuring privileges for viewing and editing Studio applications</li> </ul>
	Configuring base filters for an application data set



## Chapter 2 Using SSL for Secure Communication

SSL can be used to secure communications among Studio, the Provisioning Service, and Endeca Server.

How SSL is used for communication within Oracle Endeca Information Discovery Configuring SSL on the Studio application server Implementing SSL communication from the Provisioning Service Connecting Studio to an SSL-enabled Provisioning Service Connecting a Studio Endeca Server connection to a secured Endeca Server

# How SSL is used for communication within Oracle Endeca Information Discovery

The SSL protocol helps protect the privacy and integrity of data while it is transferred across a network. For Studio, network communication occurs at multiple points. In addition to the connections with the application user's browser and with the LDAP server, there are other connections between Oracle Endeca components.

These communication links are encrypted with mutually-authenticated SSL by default. In each case, because authentication is mutual, both the host and the client must reference both a keystore and a truststore in order to get access to the certificates required to authenticate and be trusted.

The following diagram shows the SSL communication among the components of a secure Oracle Endeca Information Discovery implementation, including:

- · Between Studio and the Provisioning Service
- Between Studio and Endeca Server

• Between the Provisioning Service and Endeca Server



## Configuring SSL on the Studio application server

For increased security, Oracle recommends that you configure the Studio application server to use SSL.

For information on configuring SSL for WebLogic Server, see the *information on configuring SSL* in *Securing WebLogic Server*.

For information on configuring SSL for Tomcat, see the SSL Configuration How-To.

# Implementing SSL communication from the Provisioning Service

For the Provisioning Service (see the *Studio Installation Guide*), most of the configuration is handled by the domain template.

After using the Provisioning Service domain template (eidProvisioningTemplate.jar) to create the domain, to enable SSL communication:

- Copy the following certificates from the Endeca Server \$DOMAIN\_HOME/config/ssl directory to the
  following directory of your Provisioning Service installation:

   /webLogicInstallDirectory>/user\_projects/domains/oracle.eid ps/eidProvisioningConfig:
  - endecaServerClientCert.ks

• endecaServerTrustStore.ks

For Endeca Server, *\$DOMAIN\_HOME* is the full path to the Endeca Server WebLogic domain.

- 2. In <WebLogicInstallDirectory>/user\_projects/domains/oracle.eid
  - ps/eidProvisioningConfig/plan.xml, verify that the following values have been set:
  - (a) endeca-server-ws-port is set to 7002.
  - (b) endeca-server-security-enabled is set to true.
  - (C) transport-guarantee is set to CONFIDENTIAL.
  - (d) protected-url-pattern is set to \*/.
- 3. After starting the domain:
  - (a) Start a browser.
  - (b) Log in to the Administration Console.
  - (c) Replace and save the SSL passwords.

For details about entering the SSL passwords on the Administration Console, see the *Configure Keystores* topic in the *Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console Online Help*.

## **Connecting Studio to an SSL-enabled Provisioning Service**

When you configure the connection from Studio to the Provisioning Service, you must also configure the SSL communication.

By default, the Provisioning Service has SSL enabled, and the configuration must include the *sslConfig* setting, which contains the following settings:

Setting	Description
caFile	The name of the truststore file for the SSL connection to the Provisioning Service.
	This is the truststore file from the secured Endeca Server configuration. For the default configuration, the file is endcaServerTrustStore.ks.
caPassword	The password for the truststore file for the SSL connection to the Provisioning Service.
	This is the password generated during the Endeca Server installation.
	Note that once you save the Provisioning Service configuration, the value of caPassword is masked as **********. The value also is encrypted in the Studio database.
	When you edit the Provisioning Service connection, you must re-type the actual password value before saving. Otherwise, Studio uses the masking asterisks as the password value.
certFile	The name of the keystore file for the SSL connection to the Provisioning Service.
	This is the keystore file from the secured Endeca Server configuration. For the default configuration, the file is endecaServerClientCert.ks.

Setting	Description
certPassword	The password for the keystore file for the SSL connection to the Provisioning Service.
	This is the password generated during the Endeca Server installation.
	Note that once you save the Provisioning Service configuration, the value of certPassword is masked as **********. The value also is encrypted in the Studio database.
	When you edit the Provisioning Service connection, you must re-type the actual password value before saving. Otherwise, Studio uses the masking asterisks as the password value.

#### For example:

The Studio Control Panel includes a Provisioning Service page you use to configure the connection.

To configure the Provisioning Service connection:

- 1. Stop Studio.
- 2. From the Endeca Server \$DOMAIN\_HOME/config/ssl directory, copy the following files:
  - endecaServerClientCert.ks
  - endecaServerTrustStore.ks

For Endeca Server, \$DOMAIN\_HOME is the full path to the Endeca Server WebLogic domain.

3. Place the files into the endeca-data-sources directory.

If Studio was installed using the Tomcat bundle, the directory is endeca-portal/data/endecadata-sources.

If Studio was installed on a standalone instance of Tomcat, without using the bundle, then you will need to create the endeca-portal/data/endeca-data-sources directory.

If Studio was installed on WebLogic Server, then the directory is the data/endeca-data-sources directory in the Liferay Home directory. By default, the Liferay Home directory is <webLogicInstallDirectory>/user\_projects/domains.

- 4. Restart Studio.
- 5. From the administrator menu, select Control Panel.
- 6. In the Control Panel menu, click Provisioning Service.
- 7. On the **Provisioning Service** page, update the placeholder configuration with the connection information for your Provisioning Service.
- 8. Click Save.

# Connecting a Studio Endeca Server connection to a secured Endeca Server

When you install Endeca Server, the default option is to use SSL to secure it. To connect to a secured Endeca Server, you copy the Endeca Server certificate files to Studio. When configuring an Endeca Server connection in Studio, you include the certificate file names and passwords.

Note that if you have already copied over the Endeca Server truststore and keystore files as part of configuring the connection to the Provisioning Service, then you can skip to step 5.

To allow Studio Endeca Server connections to be connected to a secured Endeca Server:

- 1. Stop Studio.
- 2. From the Endeca Server \$DOMAIN\_HOME/config/ssl directory, copy the following files:
  - endecaServerClientCert.ks
  - endecaServerTrustStore.ks

For Endeca Server, *\$DOMAIN\_HOME* is the full path to the Endeca Server WebLogic domain.

3. Place the files into the endeca-data-sources directory.

If Studio was installed using the Tomcat bundle, the directory is endeca-portal/data/endecadata-sources.

If Studio was installed on a standalone instance of Tomcat, without using the bundle, then you will need to create the endeca-portal/data/endeca-data-sources directory.

If Studio was installed on WebLogic Server, then the directory is the data\endeca-data-sources directory in the Liferay Home directory. By default, the Liferay Home directory is <webLogicInstallDirectory>/user\_projects/domains.

- 4. Restart Studio.
- 5. From the **Endeca Servers** page of the Studio **Control Panel**, add the sslConfig setting to the appropriate Endeca Server connection definition. The sslConfig setting contains the following settings:

Setting	Description
caFile	The name of the truststore file. For the default secured Endeca Server configuration, the file is endecaServerTrustStore.ks.

Setting	Description
caPassword	The password for the truststore file.
	You need to obtain the password from whoever installed the Endeca Server and generated the certificates.
	Note that on the <b>Endeca Server Connection Definition</b> dialog, once you save the Endeca Server connection, the value of caPassword is masked as ***********************************
	When you edit the Endeca Server connection, you must re-type the actual password value before saving. Otherwise, Studio uses the masking asterisks as the password value.
certFile	The name of the keystore file.
	For the default secured Endeca Server configuration, the file is endecaServerClientCert.ks.
certPassword	The password for the keystore file.
	You need to obtain the password from whoever installed the Endeca Server and generated the certificates.
	Note that on the <b>Endeca Server Connection Definition</b> dialog, once you save the Endeca Server connection, the value of certPassword is masked as ***********************************
	When you edit the Endeca Server connection, you must re-type the actual password value before saving. Otherwise, Studio uses the masking asterisks as the password value.

### For example:

For details on using the **Endeca Servers** page to configure Studio Endeca Server connections, see the *Studio Administration and Customization Guide*.

### Example of an Endeca Server connection connected to secured Endeca Server

The following Endeca Server connection connects to a secured Endeca Server.

"name":"High End Midwest Wines",
"description":"Transactions for Midwest wines priced over 25 dollars",
}



## Chapter 3 Preventing Studio from Being Displayed in an iFrame

Allowing Studio to be displayed in an iFrame raises the risk of "clickjacking", where an end user thinks they are clicking a legitimate link, but are actually performing an action set up by an attacker.

Studio provides settings in portal-ext.properties to control whether Studio can be displayed in an iFrame.

com.liferay.portal.servlet.filters.security.EndecalFrameFilter.mode=SAMEORIGIN com.liferay.portal.servlet.filters.security.EndecalFrameFilter.javascriptFilter=false

Setting	Description
com.liferay.portal.servlet.filters.security.End ecaIFrameFilter.mode	Enables EndecalFrameFilter, which sets the response header parameter x- Frame-Options. The available values are:
	• SAMEORIGIN - This is the default. Frames can only be used within the same domain.
	Note that for Internet Explorer, the same domain with a different port number is still considered the same domain.
	• DENY - Indicates that frames cannot be used at all.
	<ul> <li>ALLOW-FROM <domain> - Frames can only be used if they are from the specified domain.</domain></li> </ul>
	This option is not recommended. It is not well supported and varies greatly from browser to browser.
<pre>com.liferay.portal.servlet.filters.security.End ecalFrameFilter.javascriptFilter</pre>	If set to true, then frame use is not supported.
	You can use this setting to ensure that frames are not used even if a browser does not support X-Frame-Options.

By default, Studio allows iFrames to be used if they are from the same domain. To completely prevent Studio from being displayed in an iFrame:

- Set com.liferay.portal.servlet.filters.security.EndecalFrameFilter.mode to DENY.
- Set

com.liferay.portal.servlet.filters.security.EndecalFrameFilter.javascriptFilter
to true.



## Chapter 4 Controlling User Access to Studio

One aspect of securing Studio is controlling who can log in to Studio and the functions they have access to within Studio.

Using LDAP to manage Studio users

Limiting the number of Studio administrators

## Using LDAP to manage Studio users

In any application that protects secure information, a key requirement is to clearly identify those users who should be granted access. In Studio, one way to do this is to use your existing LDAP system.

By having users log in with their existing LDAP credentials, instead of manually creating users within Studio, you have greater control over the access to Studio.

The LDAP integration can also be part of integration with a single sign-on (SSO) system, where users log in once and are then automatically logged in to all of the relevant applications, including Studio.

For details on how to integrating with an LDAP or SSO system to manage users in Studio, see the *Studio Administration and Customization Guide*.

## Limiting the number of Studio administrators

In Studio, users with the Administrator user role have unlimited access to all Studio functions and applications. To reduce the possibility unwanted changes to your Studio configuration and applications, we recommend limiting the number of users who have the Administrator role.

By default, new users created in Studio have the Power User role.

When using LDAP to establish Studio users, you assign a user role to a Studio user group for the LDAP users. You should not assign the Administrator role to a user group.

For information on user roles and assigning roles to user groups, see the *Studio Administration and Customization Guide*.



## Chapter 5

# Controlling Access to Studio Applications and Data

In addition to restricting access to Studio as a whole, you should also restrict access to the applications and application data.

Restricting the data viewed by users

Controlling access to Studio applications

## Restricting the data viewed by users

Studio provides filtering functions to ensure that users only see the data they should have access to.

Using a base filter to restrict the data displayed for a data set Using role-based security to control access to Studio Endeca Server connections

### Using a base filter to restrict the data displayed for a data set

For each data set, you can create a base filter to restrict the data displayed to end users.

The base filter automatically refines the data based on the value of a selected attribute.

You can configure whether end users can see the selected value on the **Selected Refinements** attribute, and whether they can select a different refinement value.

For information on configuring a base filter for a data set, see the Studio User's Guide.

## Using role-based security to control access to Studio Endeca Server connections

By default, Studio provides role-based security for Endeca Server connections.

You can configure an Endeca Server connection to control who can view the data based on user roles.

Setting	Description	
securityEnabled	Whether to enable the security filters for queries to the Endeca Server connection.	
	If set to "true", then the Endeca Server connection uses the filters configured under securityFilters.	
securityFilters	Defines all of the security filters to be used by the Endeca Server connection.	
	For security filters, DataSourceFilters are the only supported type of filter. For each filter, you specify:	
	• class - the full path to the DataSourceFilter class.	
	• filterstring - the EQL snippet containing the filter information. This is essentially the content of a WHERE clause for an EQL statement.	
	<ul> <li>viewKey - The key name (not the display name) of the data set against which to execute the EQL.</li> </ul>	
rolePermissionsMultiOr	For users who have more than one security role, whether to use logical OR to combine the filters from each role into a single, combined security role filter.	
	If set to "true", then logical OR is used, and users have access to data that matches at least one of the filters for their security roles.	
	If set to "false" (the default value), then logical AND is used, and users only have access to data that matches all of the filters associated with all of their security roles.	
	Note that if logical OR is used, it is only used to combine filters from different security roles. The filters from each individual role are still applied using logical AND before they are combined with the filters from the other roles.	
	Data set base filters are also applied using logical AND.	
rolePermissions	Maps the user roles to the security filters.	
	For each mapping, the format is:	
	" <role name="">" : [<filter list="">]</filter></role>	
	where:	
	<ul> <li><role name=""> is the name of the user role.</role></li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li><filter list=""> is a comma-separated list of filter names to apply for the specified role. Each name is in quotes. For example, ["filter1", "filter2", "filter3"].</filter></li> </ul>	

The Endeca Server connection settings related to role-based security are:

For example, in the Endeca Server connection shown below, users with the role "French Wine" can only see data from the Bordeaux and Burgundy regions, while users with the role "Austrian Wine" can only see data from the Austria, Burgenland, and Steiermark regions. Because <code>rolePermissionsMultior</code> is set to true, users who have both of these roles can view records from any of the five regions.

```
"server":"server01.lab.acme.com",
 "port":"7002",
 "dataDomainName": "acmeDB",
 "name":"European Wines",
 "description": "Sales transactions for European wines",
 "sslConfig": {
    "caFile": "endecaServerTrustStore.ks",
    "caPassword":"**********
    "certFile":"endecaServerClientCert.ks",
    "certPassword":"*********
 "securityEnabled":"true",
 "securityFilters":
    "frenchFilter":
        "class":"com.endeca.portal.data.functions.DataSourceFilter",
        "filterString": "Region='Bordeaux' OR Region='Burgundy'",
        "viewKey":"Wines"
    },
    "austrianFilter": {
        "class":"com.endeca.portal.data.functions.DataSourceFilter",
        "filterString":"Region='Austria' OR Region='Burgenland' OR Region='Steiermark'",
        "viewKey":"Wines"
    }
 },
 "rolePermissionsMultiOr":"true",
 "rolePermissions": {
    "French Wine": ["frenchFilter"],
    "Austrian Wine": ["austrianFilter"]
  }
}
```

For details on configuring Studio Endeca Server connections, including role-based security filtering, see the *Studio Administration and Customization Guide*.

If you require more than this default role-based security, you can create a custom Security Manager to filter Endeca Server data based on user profile details such as the user's role or group association.

For details on creating and configuring a Security Manager, see the *Studio Administration and Customization Guide*.

### **Controlling access to Studio applications**

You can configure Studio applications to minimize the number of users who can create applications, and can view or configure each application.

Restricting who can create applications Using private applications to manage access Restricting who can configure applications

### Restricting who can create applications

By default, new users are assigned the Power User role, which allows them to create Studio applications.

For increased security, to limit the number of users who can create applications, you can remove the Power User role from users.

For information on how to edit users in order to remove the Power User role, see the *Studio Administration* and *Customization Guide*.

### Using private applications to manage access

Studio applications can be either public or private. Public applications can be viewed by all logged-in users. Private applications can only be viewed by application members.

By default, all new Studio applications are private. For better access control, we recommend that you keep all applications private.

For details on application types and how to configure them, see the Studio User's Guide.

### Restricting who can configure applications

Studio applications can only be configured by Studio administrators and by users assigned as application administrators for that application.

When a new application is created, only the application creator is assigned as an application administrator.

When configuring the application membership, most members should be application members only, able to view the application but not change its configuration. Only assign a user as an application administrator if they absolutely need to be able to configure the application.

Note that an application administrator does not need to be a Studio administrator (in other words, does not need to have the Administrator user role).

For details on configuring access to applications, see the Studio User's Guide.



## Chapter 6

# Controlling Access to the Studio Databases and File Systems

As part of a secure Studio configuration, you should make sure to control access to the Studio and Provisioning Service databases and file systems.

Restricting access to the Studio and Provisioning Service databases

Restricting access to the Studio and Provisioning Service file systems

# Restricting access to the Studio and Provisioning Service databases

The Studio database stores the Studio Endeca Server connections, applications, and configuration. The Provisioning Service also has an associated database. Access to these databases should be restricted to prevent corruption of the data.

By default:

- Studio uses a Hypersonic database. For a production environment, you must change to either an Oracle or a MySQL database.
- The Provisioning Service uses a Derby database. For a production environment, you must change to an Oracle database. You should then also disable the Derby database in WebLogic Server.

For both Studio and the Provisioning Service, only the account used to communicate with the respective databases should have write access.

The only exception to this is when you create a new database schema in order to change to a different database. Once the database is up and running, the write access should be removed.

See the *Studio Installation Guide* for information on configuring permissions before and after changing the Studio database.

For details on securing an Oracle database, see the Oracle Database Security Guide.

For details on securing a MySQL database, see the *MySQL Security Guide*.

# Restricting access to the Studio and Provisioning Service file systems

For the application server, for additional security, you should restrict access to the file system.

In general, only the owner should have full access to create or update files on the system.

Also, for the Provisioning Service, the file upload directory is by default the temp directory for your system. The directory is configured using the upload-file-directory variable in plan.xml. You should change this setting to be a directory appropriate for your installation, and set the directory permissions to only allow the owner to have read and write access.

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