

Oracle Financial Services
FATCA Regulatory Reporting
Administration and Configuration Guide

Release 6.2.5

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About This Guide

This guide provides comprehensive instructions to perform the administration activities to configure OFS FATCA Regulatory Reporting.

This chapter focuses on the following topics:

- Who Should Use this Guide
- How this Guide is Organized
- Where to Find More Information
- Conventions Used in this Guide

Who Should Use this Guide

The *OFS FATCA Regulatory Reporting Administration and Configuration Guide* is designed for Oracle Financial Services Installers and System Administrators. Their roles and responsibilities, as they operate within OFS FATCA Regulatory Reporting, include the following:

- **FATCA Administrator:** Configures, maintains, and adjusts the system and is usually an employee of a specific Oracle Financial Services customer. The System Administrator maintains user accounts and roles, monitors data ingestion and case management, archives data, loads data feeds, and performs post-processing tasks.
- **FATCA RR Administrator:** This user is responsible for managing the static data used in the application, creating application users, mapping users to user groups, and configuring the various parameters used in the application.
- **ECM Administrator:** This user is responsible for mapping security attributes to users.

How this Guide is Organized

The *Oracle Financial Services FATCA Regulatory Reporting Administration and Configuration Guide*, includes the following topics:

- Chapter 1, *Creating Users*, explains how to create users and provide access to OFS FATCA Regulatory Reporting.
- Chapter 2, *Mapping Users to User Group*, discusses mapping users to user groups.
- Chapter 3, *Adding Client-specific Security Attributes*, explains the steps to add client-specific security attributes to OFS FATCA Regulatory Reporting.
- Chapter 4, *Loading Metadata into OFS FATCA RR*, explains the steps to load client provided data.
- Chapter 5, *Configuring Parameter*, explains the steps to configure report due date, report lock time period, and FATCA reporting year.

- Chapter 6, *FATCA RR Batch Execution*, explains the steps to run batch process periodically.
- Appendix A, *Excel Upload*, explains the steps to perform Excel upload.

Where to Find More Information

For additional information about the OFS FATCA Regulatory Reporting, refer to the following documents:

- *OFS FATCA Regulatory Reporting User Guide*
- *FATCA Administration and Configuration Guide*
- *Enterprise Case Management User Guide*
- *FATCA Assessment Guide*

Note: FATCA Assessment guide is required only if you are using FATCA application.

To find additional information about how Oracle Financial Services solves real business problems, see our website at www.oracle.com/financialservices.

Conventions Used in this Guide

Table 1 lists the conventions used in this guide.

Table 1. Conventions Used in this Guide

Convention	Meaning
<i>Italics</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Names of books, chapters, and sections as references● Emphasis
Bold	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Object of an action (menu names, field names, options, button names) in a step-by-step procedure● Commands typed at a prompt● User input
Monospace	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Directories and subdirectories● File names and extensions● Process names● Code sample, including keywords and variables within text and as separate paragraphs, and user-defined program elements within text
<Variable>	Substitute input value

This chapter explains the steps to create users. The OFS FATCA Regulatory Reporting has predefined user groups to access the application.

Setting Users

To set a user and provide user access to OFS FATCA Regulatory Reporting, follow these steps:

1. For creating users, refer to the *Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Manual Release 7.3*.
2. Once the users are created, map the users to predefined user groups, which in turn maps the user to a user role.

For more information on mapping users to user groups, refer to *Chapter 2*.

For more information on setting users, refer to the *Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Manual Release 7.3*.

This chapter discusses mapping users to user groups.

The following table describes the predefined User Roles and corresponding User Groups present in OFS FATCA Regulatory Reporting.

Table 1. User Roles and User Groups

User Role	Group Name	User Group Code
FATCA Report Analyst	RR FATCA Analyst	RRANAFATCA
FATCA Report Supervisor	RR FATCA Supervisor	RRSUPFATCA
FATCA Report Auditor	RR FATCA Auditor	RRAUDFATCA
FATCA Report Admin	RR FATCA Admin	RRADMINFATCA

Note: If FATCA RR is installed and implemented with OFSFCCM/OFSFATCA Assessment, do not create a separate FATCA Report Admin. Instead, map the RR FATCA Admin group to the existing OFSFCCM/OFSFATCA Assessment Admin users.

For more information about User to User Group mapping, refer to the *Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Manual*.

Creating Users with Due Date as View Only

To create users with Due Date as View only, un-map the role ‘**FATCA Report Edit Due Date**’ and map ‘**FATCA Report View Due Date**’ role, for the selected group.

By default, all groups are mapped to have Due Date as editable on the UI.

For more information on due date, refer *OFS FATCA Regulatory Reporting User Guide*.

For more information on User Group to Role mapping, refer to the *Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Manual*.

Adding Client-specific Security Attributes

To add client-specific security attributes to OFS FATCA Regulatory Reporting, follow these steps:

1. Download the following Excel sheets from <ftpshare path>/STAGE/Excelupload/Templates to Windows machine. The <ftpshare path> is the same path given in variable APP_DRIVE_TM while installing OFSAAI. For more information, refer to the *Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Installation and Configuration Guide*.
 - DIM_DOMAIN1.xlsx: DIM_DOMAIN1.xlsx should be filled with Jurisdictions which are available in OFSFCCM.
 - DIM_DOMAIN2.xlsx: DIM_DOMAIN2.xlsx should be filled with Business Domains which are available in OFSFCCM.
 - DIM_DOMAIN3.xlsx: DIM_DOMAIN3.xlsx should be filled with Legal Entities which are available in OFSFCCM.
2. Upload the Excel data. For more information on steps to perform Excel Upload, refer *Appendix A*.
3. Navigate to **Administration menu > User Administration > Regulatory Report User's Attribute Administration**. This will take you to a drop-down list with all the OFS FATCA RR users created. Assign attributes to each user from each drop-down.
4. Close the Regulatory Report User's Attribute Administration screen.
5. Logout from OFS FATCA Regulatory Reporting application.

Loading Metadata into OFS FATCA RR

The OFS FATCA Regulatory Reporting uses the following client-provided data as per their business requirements:

- Reporting Institution Details
- Reporting Institution to Report Type Mapping
- Filing Institution Details
- Filing Institution to Report Type Mapping
- User Information

Follow these steps to load the above data into OFS FATCA RR:

1. Download the following Excel sheets from <ftpshare path>/STAGE/Excelupload/AMCMLookupfiles/Template. to Windows machine. The path for <ftpshare path> is the same path as given in variable placeholder ##FTPSHARE_PATH## in GRC_InstallConfig.xml.
 - DIM_REPORTING_INSTITUTION.xlsx
 - MAP_REPINST_REPTYPE.xlsx
 - DIM_FILING_INSTITUTION.xlsx
 - MAP_FILINST_REPTYPE.xlsx
 - DIM_USERS.xlsx
2. Add data in each Excel sheet as per your installation requirement.
3. Upload the Excel data. For more information on steps to perform Excel Upload, refer *Appendix A*
4. The Role codes that are in the business schema has to be updated to the table dim_acct_role as a metadata.

Business Name for DIM Tables

The following table describes the business names for the DIM tables for FATCA RR:

Table 2. Business Names

Business Name	Table Names	Description
Payment Type	DIM_PAYMENT_TYPE	The Payment Type(s) Information table is configured to hold all. Payment Type(s) involved in the suspicious activity. This information is static and should be acquired from the client on implementation.
Account Holder Role	DIM_ACCT_ROLE	The Account Customer Role table stores the full set of roles a customer can have on an account, and captures the characteristics and permissions (for example, authority to make trades or type of joint ownership) associated with each role. This information is static and should be acquired from the client on implementation.

Table 2. Business Names

Business Name	Table Names	Description
Account History	H\$_FCT_ACCOUNT	Each record in a Fact History table is used to track the changes done to the given table by storing the old and updated values for all the fields. Each record of this table will be inserted as and when a user makes updates to the given table. The Account History table is used to track the changes done to the fields of Account table.
Regulatory Report History	H\$_FCT_REGULATORY_REPORT	Each record in the Fact History table is used to track the changes done to the given table by storing the old and updated values for all the fields. Each record of this table will be inserted as and when a user makes updates to the given table. The Regulatory Report History table is used to track the changes done to the fields of Regulatory Report table.
Regulatory Report	FCT_REGULATORY_REPORT	Each record in the Regulatory Report table represents a regulatory report. This table contains information regarding the creation of the report, report numbers and names, who and when it is modified as well as status of the report. This table represents a superset of data that can be required across multiple regulatory report types. All fields may not be required for all reports. For example, FATCA regulatory reports may use only a subset of the available data fields.
Type of Filing	DIM_FILING_TYPE	Each record in the Type of Filing table represents the type of FATCA Regulatory Report which can be submitted to the regulators. It is used to define the types of filing possible for FATCA Regulatory Reports as well as pre-populate drop-downs in the UI. Type of Filing data is considered static data and is pre-packaged as part of the application.
Suspect Information	FCT_SUSPECT_INFO	Each record in the Type of Filing table represents the type of FATCA Regulatory Report which can be submitted to the regulators. It is used to define the types of filing possible for FATCA Regulatory Reports as well as pre-populate drop-downs in the UI. Type of Filing data is considered static data and is pre-packaged as part of the application.
Person	FCT_PERSON	Each record in the Person table represents an individual or entity that is considered to be a substantial US Owner for an account holder (Suspect Information) that is included in a regulatory report. This table represents a superset of data that can be required across multiple Regulatory report types. All fields may not be required for all reports. For example, FATCA regulatory reports may use only a subset of the available data fields.
Filing Institution	DIM_FILING_INSTITUTION	Each record in the Filing Institution table represents a filing entity or entities that can be identified when creating or editing a FATCA Regulatory Report. Filing Institution data is used to pre-populate the Name of Filer drop-down lists in the FATCA Regulatory Report UI. Filing Institution data is considered static data and should be populated by clients during implementation.

Table 2. Business Names

Business Name	Table Names	Description
Reporting Institution	DIM_REPORTING_INSTITUTION	Each record in the Reporting Institution table represents an institution that can be included in a regulatory report. This institution may play a role as involved in activity with an individual or entity that is part of the report or may be a sponsoring or intermediary institution as would be reportable in FATCA. Reporting Institution data is used to define the set of potential sponsoring or intermediary institutions which can be included on FATCA Regulatory Reports as well as pre-populate drop-downs in the UI. This information is static and should be acquired from the client on implementation.
Entity Document Mapping	ENTITY_DOCUMENT_MAP	Each record in the Entity Document Map table contains the details of a document uploaded for the particular entity.
Account	FCT_ACCOUNT	Each record in the Account table represents an account that is part of a regulatory report. This table represents a superset of data that can be required across multiple regulatory report types. All fields may not be required for all reports. For example, FATCA regulatory reports may use only a subset of the available data fields.
Account Address	FCT_ADDRESS	Each record in the Address table represents the address of an entity that is associated with a Regulatory Report. For example this can be the address of either a Customer or an Account that is part of a report. This table represents a superset of data that can be required across multiple regulatory report types. All fields may not be required for all reports. For example, FATCA regulatory reports may use only a subset of the available data fields.

Report Lock Period

If a user forgets to log off from the OFS FATCA Regulatory Reporting application or if the screen is closed while accessing a report, the report gets locked for a pre-configured duration. By default, the duration is 60 minutes. This duration can be altered as per your requirement.

Table 2. Report Lock Period

Attribute Name	Value	Default pre-packaged value	Behavior	SQL
FATCA _ Reporting_Lock_Period	Number	60 Minutes	Time Limit in minutes till which the report will be locked, until a user logs off from the report or application.	UPDATE FATCA_SETUP_PARAMS SET N_SUB_PARAM_NB_1_VAL= '<DURATION IN MINUTES>' WHERE N_PARAM_KEY= 14; COMMIT;

Due Date**Table 3. Due Date**

Attribute Name	Value	Default pre-packaged value	Behavior	SQL
Due_DATE_Params	Date		When an RR report is created manually or via an action from an alert or case, the application automatically sets the due date to the date mentioned in the column.	UPDATE FATCA_SETUP_PARAMS SET D_SUB_PARAM_DT_1_VAL = '<Date which should be set as default due date for the report >' WHERE N_PARAM_KEY = 12;COMMIT;

Note: Default due date will be Rep_Yr_End_Dt, if not specified in Due_DATE_Params.

FATCA Reporting Year

This parameter provides the details of the financial year for FATCA Reporting.

Table 4. FATCA Reporting Year

Attribute Name	Value	Default pre-packaged value	Behavior	SQL
Rep_Yr_Start_Dt	Date		Start date of FATCA reporting period	UPDATE FATCA_SETUP_PARAMS SET D_SUB_PARAM_DT_1_VAL = '<START_DATE>' WHERE N_PARAM_KEY = 13; COMMIT;
Rep_Yr_End_Dt	Date		End date of FATCA reporting period	UPDATE FATCA_SETUP_PARAMS SET D_SUB_PARAM_DT_2_VAL = '<END_DATE>' WHERE N_PARAM_KEY = 13; COMMIT;

Mapping and unmapping user for case search page

To map or unmap a user for case search page follow these steps:

- For un mapping the case search page for standalone user, execute the below query in Configuration schema.
DELETE FROM MENU_FUNCTION_MAP WHERE FUNCTION_CODE = 'RRFTCASERC';
COMMIT;

- For mapping the user to case search page execute the below query in Configuration Schema
Replace "&&AMINFODOM" place holder with the actual INFODOM value which has been assigned to AM schema.
*merge into MENU_FUNCTION_MAP using (select 0 from dual) on (MENU_ID =204
AND FUNCTION_CODE = 'RRFTCASERC' AND DSN_ID = '&&AMINFODOM') when not
matched then insert (MENU_ID, FUNCTION_CODE, DSN_ID) values (204, 'RRFT-
CASERC', '&&AMINFODOM');*
COMMIT;

FATCA Reports can be generated through a batch process that can be executed periodically such as Daily, Weekly, Monthly, Quarterly, and Half-yearly depending on an organization's requirement.

You can configure the FATCA Reports batches as per the business process requirements of the organization. The OFS FATCA Regulatory Reporting has the **FATCA_RR batch** that assesses accounts and create Individual and Pooled FATCA RR Reports.

This chapter details the configuration of Batches and includes the steps for the following:

- Scheduling a Batch
- Running a Batch through Fire Run
- Monitoring a Batch After Execution
- Cancelling a Batch after Execution
- Re-starting a Batch
- Re-running a Batch

Scheduling a Batch

Ensure all the required servers, that is, ICC, Router, and Message should be up and running before executing a batch. For more information on starting servers, refer *Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Installation and Configuration Guide*.

When an organization wants to run the batches periodically, a FATCA Administrator user can schedule the batches to run either once, daily, weekly, or months.

Note: Before scheduling a batch, ensure that the ICC router and message server are up and running. For more information on starting ICC router and message server, refer to the *Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Manual Release 7.3*

This section includes the following topics:

- Scheduling a Batch Once
- Scheduling a Daily Batch
- Scheduling a Weekly Batch
- Configuring a Monthly Batch

Scheduling a Batch Once

To schedule a batch that you want to run only once, follow these steps:

1. Login to Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure as a FATCA Administrator user.
2. Expand **Operations** from the LHS menu.
3. Click **Batch Scheduler**. The Batch Scheduler page is displayed.

The screenshot displays the 'Batch Scheduler' interface. At the top, there is a search bar with fields for 'Batch ID Like' (containing 'AMINFORR2'), 'Batch Description Like', 'Module', and 'Last Modification Date'. Below this is a 'Server Time' section showing 'Current Server Time: 21/07/2014 21:09:22'. The main area is titled 'Batch Name' and contains a table with columns 'Batch ID' and 'Batch Description'. The first row is selected, showing 'AMINFORR2_1405692971384' and 'AutoRun_1395677595549_Description'. Below the table is the 'Batch Scheduler' configuration section, which is expanded to show 'New Schedule' options. The 'Schedule' section has radio buttons for 'New Schedule' (selected) and 'Existing Schedule'. The 'New Schedule' section includes a 'Schedule Name' field, radio buttons for 'Once', 'Daily', 'Weekly', 'Monthly', and 'Adhoc' (with 'Once' selected), and a 'Schedule Time' section with 'Start Date' (01-07-2014), 'End Date', 'Run Time' (00 Hours, 00 Minutes), and 'Lag' (0 Days). 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons are at the bottom.

Figure 1. Batch Scheduler Page

4. Select a batch that you want to schedule from the list of available batches. The Batch Scheduler section expands and displays additional options.
5. Select **New Schedule** radio button.
6. Set the frequency of the new schedule as **Once** by selecting the radio button.
7. Enter the schedule time of the batch by specifying the **Start Date** and the **Run Time**.
8. Click **Save**.

Scheduling a Daily Batch

To schedule a batch that you want to run daily, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the Batch Scheduler page.
2. Select a batch that you want to schedule from the list of available batches. The Batch Scheduler section expands and displays additional options.
3. Click **New Schedule**.
4. Set the frequency of the new schedule as **Daily**.
5. Enter the schedule time of the batch by specifying the **Dates**, **Run Time**, and **Every** field information.

The screenshot shows the 'Batch Scheduler' web application interface. At the top, there is a search section with fields for 'Batch ID Like' (containing 'AMNFORR2'), 'Batch Description Like', 'Module', and 'Last Modification Date'. Below this is a 'Server Time' section showing 'Current Server Time: 21/07/2014 21:11:35'. The main section is titled 'Batch Name' and contains a table of available batches. The first batch, 'AMNFORR2_1405692971384', is selected. Below the table, the 'Batch Scheduler' section shows 'Domain: AMNFORR2' and 'Batch: AMNFORR2_1405692971384'. The 'Schedule' section has 'New Schedule' selected. The 'New Schedule' section shows 'Schedule Name' and frequency options: 'Once', 'Daily' (selected), 'Weekly', 'Monthly', and 'Adhoc'. The 'Schedule Time' section includes 'Dates' (Start Date: 01-05-2014, End Date: 31-05-2014), 'Run Time' (00 Hours, 00 Minutes, Lag, 0 Days), and 'Every' (5 Days). At the bottom, there are 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Figure 2. Scheduling a Daily Batch

6. Click **Save**.

Scheduling a Weekly Batch

To schedule a batch that you want to run weekly, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the Batch Scheduler page.
2. Select a batch that you want to schedule from the list of available batches. The Batch Scheduler section expands and displays additional options.
3. Click **New Schedule**.
4. Set the frequency of the new schedule as **Weekly**.
5. Enter the schedule time of the batch by specifying the **Dates**, and other information such as **Run Time**, **Every**, and **Working days of the Week**.

The screenshot shows the 'Batch Scheduler' web interface. At the top, there is a search section with fields for 'Batch ID Like', 'Batch Description Like', 'Module', and 'Last Modification Date'. Below this is the 'Server Time' section, which displays '21/07/2014 21:14:36'. The main area is titled 'Batch Name' and contains a table of available batches. The first row is selected, showing 'AMINFORR2_1405692971384' with the description 'AutoRun_1395677595549_Description'. Below the table is the 'Batch Scheduler' configuration section. It includes fields for 'Domain' (AMINFORR2) and 'Batch' (AMINFORR2_1405692971384). The 'Schedule' section has radio buttons for 'New Schedule' (selected) and 'Existing Schedule'. The 'New Schedule' section includes a 'Schedule Name' field and radio buttons for frequency: 'Once', 'Daily', 'Weekly' (selected), 'Monthly', and 'Adhoc'. The 'Schedule Time' section includes 'Start Date' (01-05-2014), 'End Date' (31-05-2014), 'Run Time' (10 Hours, 00 Minutes, 0 Days), 'Every' (2 Weeks), and 'Working days of the Week' (Monday, Friday selected). At the bottom are 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Figure 3. Scheduling a Weekly Batch

6. Click **Save**.

Configuring a Monthly Batch

To schedule a batch that you want to run monthly, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the Batch Scheduler page.
2. Select a batch that you want to schedule from the list of available batches. The Batch Scheduler section expands and displays additional options.
3. Click **New Schedule**.
4. Set the frequency of the new schedule as **Weekly**.
5. Enter the schedule time of the batch by specifying the **Dates**, and **Run Time** information.

The screenshot displays the Batch Scheduler configuration page. At the top, there is a search bar with fields for 'Batch ID Like' (containing 'AMINFORR2_'), 'Batch Description Like', and 'Last Modification Date'. Below this is a 'Server Time' section showing 'Current Server Time: 21/07/2014 21:18:08'. The main area is titled 'Batch Name' and contains a table of available batches:

Batch ID	Batch Description
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AMINFORR2_1405692971384	AutoRun_1395677595549_Description
<input type="checkbox"/> AMINFORR2_1405694268264	AutoRun_1395677595549_Description
<input type="checkbox"/> AMINFORR2_1405695393271	AutoRun_1395677595549_Description
<input type="checkbox"/> AMINFORR2_1405942469375	AutoRun_1395677595549_Description
<input type="checkbox"/> AMINFORR2_1405942846820	AutoRun_1395677595549_Description
<input type="checkbox"/> AMINFORR2_1405944134206	AutoRun_1395677595549_Description
<input type="checkbox"/> AMINFORR2_1405944751221	AutoRun_1395677595549_Description

Below the table is the 'Batch Scheduler' section with fields for 'Domain' (AMINFORR2) and 'Batch' (AMINFORR2_1405692971384). The 'Schedule' section has radio buttons for 'New Schedule' (selected) and 'Existing Schedule'. The 'New Schedule' section includes a 'Schedule Name' field and radio buttons for 'Once', 'Daily', 'Weekly', 'Monthly' (selected), and 'Adhoc'. The 'Schedule Time' section has 'Start Date' (01-05-2014) and 'End Date' (31-05-2014) fields. The 'Run Time' section has '10 Hours' and '00 Minutes' fields, and a 'Lag' field set to '0 Days'. The 'Interval Every' section has a 'Month(s)' field. The 'Random' section has checkboxes for months: Jan, Feb, Mar, Apr, May, Jun, Jul, Aug, Sep, Oct, Nov, Dec. The 'Dates' section has a field for 'of the month (comma delimited)' and an 'Include month's last date' checkbox. The 'Occurrence' section has a dropdown set to 'First' and a field for 'of the weekday Monday'. At the bottom are 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Figure 4. Configuring a Monthly Batch

6. Click **Save**.

Running a Batch through Fire Run

When you want run a batch once without using the Batch Scheduler option, you can run a batch using Fire Run. To run a batch through Fire Run, follow these steps:

1. Login to Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure as a FATCA Administrator user.
2. Expand **Rules Framework** from the LHS menu.
3. Click **Run**. The Run Rules Framework page is displayed on the RHS.

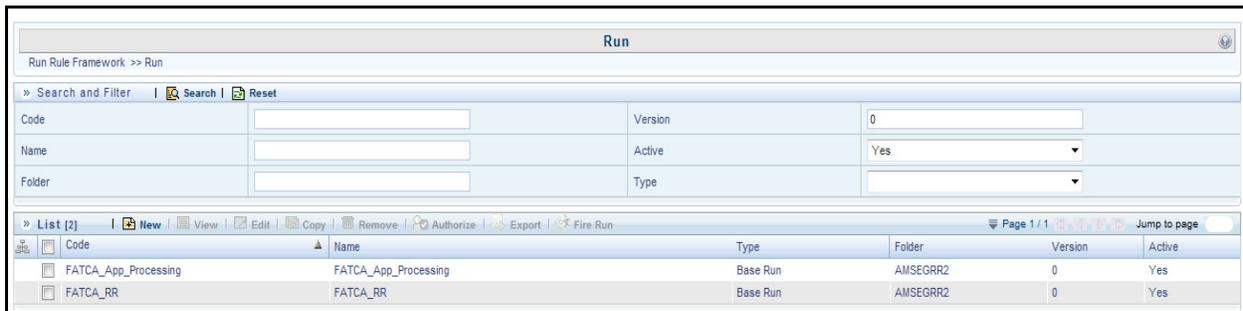


Figure 5. Run Rules Framework Page

4. Select **FATCA_RR** from the Run List using the check box. The action buttons in the List header are enabled.
5. Click **Fire Run**. The Run Rule Framework window is displayed.

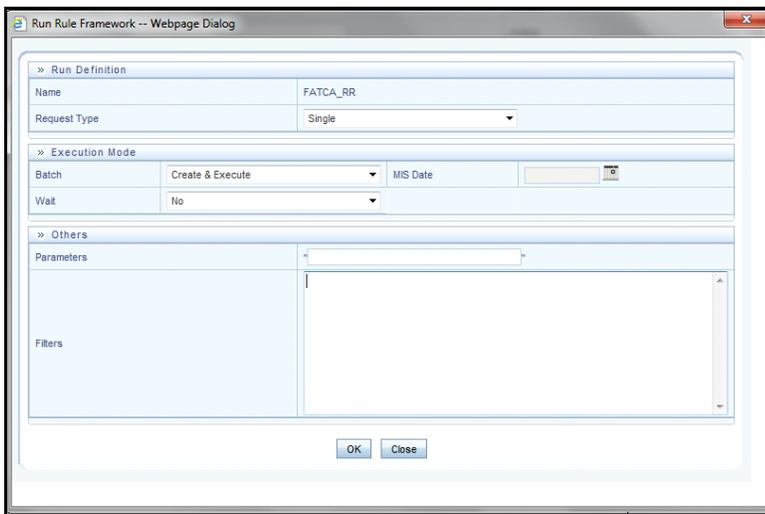


Figure 6. Run Rule Framework Window

6. Select Request Type as **Single**.
7. From the Execution Mode section, select **Create and Execute** from the Batch drop-down list. An MIS Date field is displayed adjacently.
8. Select an MIS Date using the calendar icon.
9. Select **No** from the Wait drop-down list.

10. Click **OK**.

Monitoring a Batch After Execution

Monitoring a batch helps you track the status of execution of an individual task that was included in the batch. Through monitoring, you can also track the batch status, which in turn helps in debugging.

To monitor a batch after it is executed, follow these steps:

1. Login to Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure as a FATCA Administrator user.
2. Expand **Operations** from the LHS menu.
3. Click **Batch Monitor**. The Batch Monitor page is displayed.

The screenshot shows the 'Batch Monitor' interface. At the top, there's a search bar with fields for 'Batch ID Like' (containing 'AMINFORR2_'), 'Module', 'Start Date', 'Batch Description Like', 'Status', and 'End Date'. Below this is the 'Batch Details' section, which displays a table with columns 'Batch ID' and 'Batch Description'. The table lists six entries, all with descriptions starting with 'AutoRun_1395677595549_Description'. The 'Batch Run Details' section has dropdowns for 'Information Date' and 'Batch Run ID', and a 'Monitor Refresh Rate (seconds)' field set to '5'. The 'Batch Status', 'Task Details', and 'Event Log' sections all display 'No data found'.

Figure 7. Batch Monitor Page

4. Select a batch from the Batch Details lists that you want to monitor.
5. From the Batch Run Details section, select an Information Date and the Batch Run ID from the drop-down list.
6. Click  to start the monitoring.

The execution details namely, Batch Status, Task Details, and Event Log details are displayed.

Cancelling a Batch after Execution

Cancellation of a batch cancels a current batch execution.

Note: This is not recommended and should be done only when the batch was fired accidentally or when a particular batch is taking too long time to execute.

To cancel a batch after it is executed, follow these steps:

1. Login to Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure page as a FATCA Administrator user.
2. Expand **Operations** from the LHS menu.
3. Click **Batch Cancellation**. The Batch Cancellation page is displayed.

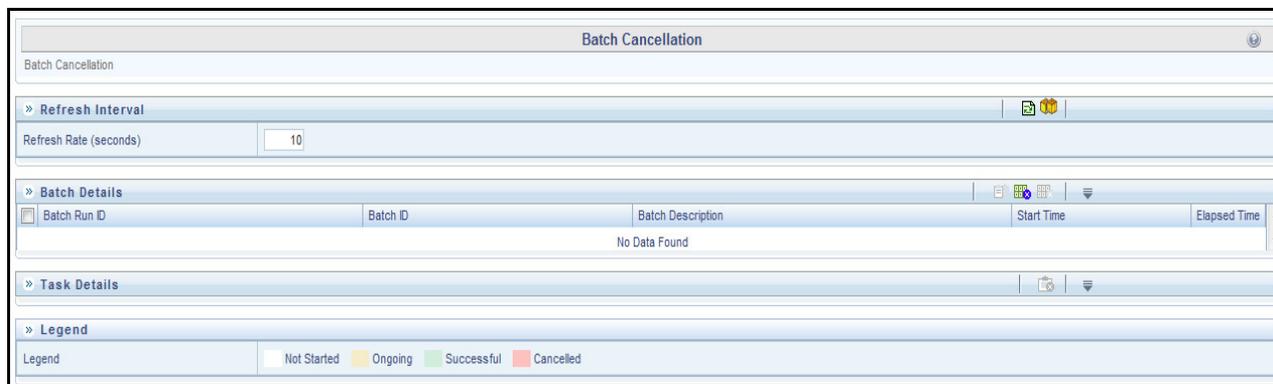


Figure 8. Batch Cancellation Page

4. Under the Batch Details section, select the batch whose execution you want to cancel.
5. Click **Cancel Batch**.

Re-starting a Batch

You can restart a batch execution when a batch has failed in execution. When you restart a batch, it starts from the task at which it had failed. This happens when the failed task issue is debugged and resolved.

Note: It is recommended that you debug and resolve a failed task before restarting the batch execution.

To restart a batch execution, follow these steps:

1. Login to Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure as a FATCA Administrator user.
2. Expand **Operations** from the LHS menu.
3. Click **Batch Execution**. The Batch Execution page is displayed.
4. Select the **Restart** radio button option from the Batch Mode section.

Figure 9. Re-starting a Batch

5. Select the batch you want to restart from the Batch Details section.
6. Select the Information Date and Batch Run ID for the selected batch from the drop-down list.
7. Click **Execute Batch**.

Re-running a Batch

You can rerun a batch execution when you want all the tasks from a successful batch execution to be executed again from the beginning. When a successfully executed batch is rerun, a different Batch Run ID is created for each instance for the same Information Date.

Note: Creating different Batch Run ID for each rerun of a batch is optional depending upon your firm's requirement.

To rerun a batch, follow these steps:

1. Login to Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure as a FATCA Administrator user.
2. Expand **Operations** from the LHS menu.
3. Click **Batch Execution**. The Batch Execution page is displayed.
4. Select the **Rerun** radio button from the Batch Mode section.

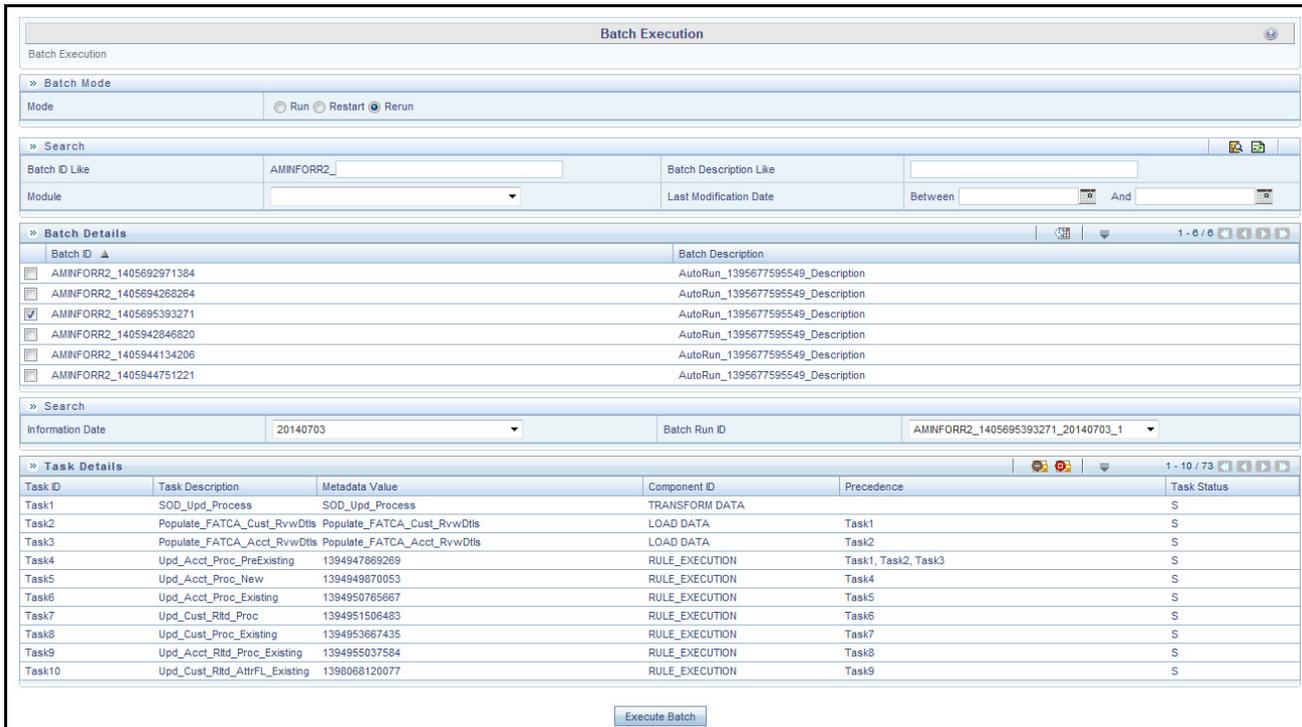


Figure 10. Re-running a Batch

5. Select the batch you want to rerun from the Batch Details section.
6. Select the Information Date and Batch Run ID for the selected batch from the drop-down list.
7. Click **Execute Batch**.

For Excel Upload, follow these steps:

1. Login to OFS FATCA Regulatory Reporting as Admin user.
2. Navigate to `Unified Metadata Manager > Data Entry Forms and Queries > Excel Upload`. The Excel Upload page is displayed.

NOTE: After logging, make sure the OFS FATCA Regulatory Reporting application Information Domain is selected from the drop-down list at the left hand corner of the page.

3. Click **Browse** under the Excel File to Upload section.
4. Select any one of the Excel sheets.
5. Click on the **Arrow** next to Browse.
6. Preview the data created under the Preview section.
7. In the Excel - Entity Mappings section, click the Arrow.
8. Select the table name that is the same as the name of the Excel sheet.
9. Click **Upload**. The following message is displayed: *Successfully Uploaded Data*.
10. Click **OK**.

NOTE: If the upload fails, click on view logs button to check the logs.

11. Close the Excel Upload page.

