Oracle® Communications Policy Management

Policy Management

SNMP User's Guide

Release 9.8

910-6602-001 Revision B

April 2014

ORACLE®

Oracle® Communications SNMP User's Guide, Release 9.8

Copyright © 2013, 2014, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.

Table of Contents

List of Figures

List of Tables

Chapter
1
About This Guide

Topics:

This guide describes Policy Management product support for Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP).

Conventions

The following conventions are used throughout this guide:

- **Bold text** in procedures indicates icons, buttons, links, or menu items that you click on.
- *Italic text* indicates variables.
- `Monospace text` indicates text displayed on screen.

How This Guide is Organized

The information in this guide is presented in the following order:

- *About This Guide* contains general information about this guide, the organization of this guide, and how to get technical assistance.

- *Overview* provides an overview of how Policy Management supports the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP).

- *Configuring SNMP* describes how to configure SNMP using CMP.

- *Supported MIBs* describes the MIBs that are supported for SNMP.

- *Support for Traps* describes the Policy Management functioning of alarms and traps with SNMP.

Scope and Audience

This guide is intended for system integrators and other qualified service personnel responsible for managing a Policy Management system.

Documentation Admonishments

Admonishments are icons and text throughout this manual that alert the reader to assure personal safety, to minimize possible service interruptions, and to warn of the potential for equipment damage.

Table 1: Admonishments

Icon	Description
DANGER	**Danger**: (This icon and text indicate the possibility of *personal injury*.)

Icon	Description
WARNING	**Warning**: (This icon and text indicate the possibility of *equipment damage*.)
CAUTION	**Caution**: (This icon and text indicate the possibility of *service interruption*.)
TOPPLE	**Topple**: (This icon and text indicate the possibility of *personal injury* and *equipment damage*.)

Customer Care Center

The Tekelec Customer Care Center is your initial point of contact for all product support needs. A representative takes your call or email, creates a Customer Service Request (CSR) and directs your requests to the Tekelec Technical Assistance Center (TAC). Each CSR includes an individual tracking number. Together with TAC Engineers, the representative will help you resolve your request.

The Customer Care Center is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, and is linked to TAC Engineers around the globe.

Tekelec TAC Engineers are available to provide solutions to your technical questions and issues 7 days a week, 24 hours a day. After a CSR is issued, the TAC Engineer determines the classification of the trouble. If a critical problem exists, emergency procedures are initiated. If the problem is not critical, normal support procedures apply. A primary Technical Engineer is assigned to work on the CSR and provide a solution to the problem. The CSR is closed when the problem is resolved.

Tekelec Technical Assistance Centers are located around the globe in the following locations:

Tekelec - Global

Email (All Regions): support@tekelec.com

- **USA and Canada**

  Phone:

  1-888-367-8552 (toll-free, within continental USA and Canada)

  1-919-460-2150 (outside continental USA and Canada)

  TAC Regional Support Office Hours:

  8:00 a.m. through 5:00 p.m. (GMT minus 5 hours), Monday through Friday, excluding holidays

- **Caribbean and Latin America (CALA)**

  Phone:

  +1-919-460-2150

TAC Regional Support Office Hours (except Brazil):

10:00 a.m. through 7:00 p.m. (GMT minus 6 hours), Monday through Friday, excluding holidays

- **Argentina**

  Phone:

  0-800-555-5246 (toll-free)

- **Brazil**

  Phone:

  0-800-891-4341 (toll-free)

  TAC Regional Support Office Hours:

  8:00 a.m. through 5:48 p.m. (GMT minus 3 hours), Monday through Friday, excluding holidays

- **Chile**

  Phone:

  1230-020-555-5468

- **Colombia**

  Phone:

  01-800-912-0537

- **Dominican Republic**

  Phone:

  1-888-367-8552

- **Mexico**

  Phone:

  001-888-367-8552

- **Peru**

  Phone:

  0800-53-087

- **Puerto Rico**

  Phone:

  1-888-367-8552

- **Venezuela**

  Phone:

  0800-176-6497

- **Europe, Middle East, and Africa**

  Regional Office Hours:

8:30 a.m. through 5:00 p.m. (GMT), Monday through Friday, excluding holidays

- **Signaling**

  Phone:

  +44 1784 467 804 (within UK)

- **Software Solutions**

  Phone:

  +33 3 89 33 54 00

- **Asia**

  - **India**

    Phone:

    +91-124-465-5098 or +1-919-460-2150

    TAC Regional Support Office Hours:

    10:00 a.m. through 7:00 p.m. (GMT plus 5 1/2 hours), Monday through Saturday, excluding holidays

  - **Singapore**

    Phone:

    +65 6796 2288

    TAC Regional Support Office Hours:

    9:00 a.m. through 6:00 p.m. (GMT plus 8 hours), Monday through Friday, excluding holidays

Emergency Response

In the event of a critical service situation, emergency response is offered by the Tekelec Customer Care Center 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. The emergency response provides immediate coverage, automatic escalation, and other features to ensure that the critical situation is resolved as rapidly as possible.

A critical situation is defined as a problem with the installed equipment that severely affects service, traffic, or maintenance capabilities, and requires immediate corrective action. Critical situations affect service and/or system operation resulting in one or several of these situations:

- A total system failure that results in loss of all transaction processing capability
- Significant reduction in system capacity or traffic handling capability
- Loss of the system's ability to perform automatic system reconfiguration
- Inability to restart a processor or the system
- Corruption of system databases that requires service affecting corrective actions
- Loss of access for maintenance or recovery operations
- Loss of the system ability to provide any required critical or major trouble notification

Any other problem severely affecting service, capacity/traffic, billing, and maintenance capabilities may be defined as critical by prior discussion and agreement with the Tekelec Customer Care Center.

Locate Product Documentation on the Customer Support Site

Access to Tekelec's Customer Support site is restricted to current Tekelec customers only. This section describes how to log into the Tekelec Customer Support site and locate a document. Viewing the document requires Adobe Acrobat Reader, which can be downloaded at www.adobe.com.

1. Log into the *Tekelec Customer Support* site.

   Note: If you have not registered for this new site, click the **Register Here** link. Have your customer number available. The response time for registration requests is 24 to 48 hours.

2. Click the **Product Support** tab.
3. Use the Search field to locate a document by its part number, release number, document name, or document type. The Search field accepts both full and partial entries.
4. Click a subject folder to browse through a list of related files.
5. To download a file to your location, right-click the file name and select **Save Target As**.

Chapter
2

Overview

Topics:

This chapter provides an overview of Policy Management support for the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP).

Simple Network Management Protocol

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is a communication protocol that provides a method of managing TCP/IP networks, including individual network devices, and devices in aggregate. SNMP was developed by the IETF (Internet Engineering Task Force), and is applicable to any TCP/IP network, as well as other types of networks.

SNMP is an Application Program Interface (API) to the network, so that general-purpose network management programs can be easily written to work with a variety of different devices. SNMP defines a client/server relationship. The client program (called the network manager) makes virtual connections to a server program (called the SNMP agent. The SNMP agent executes on a remote network device and serves information to the manager about the status of the device. The database (referred to as the SNMP Management Information Base or MIB) is a standard set of statistical and control values that is controlled by the SNMP agent.

Through the use of private MIBs, SNMP allows the extension of the standard values with values specific to a particular agent. SNMP agents can be tailored for a myriad of specific devices such as computers, network bridges, gateways, routers, modems, and printers. The definitions of MIB variables supported by a particular agent are incorporated in descriptor files that are made available to network management client programs so that they can become aware of MIB variables and their usage. The descriptor files are written in Abstract Syntax Notation (ASN.1) format.

Directives are issued by the network manager client to an SNMP agent. Directives consist of the identifiers of SNMP variables (referred to as MIB object identifiers or MIB variables), along with instructions to either get the value for the identifier or set the identifier to a new value.

The SNMP Standard

SNMP can be viewed as three distinct standards:

- A Standard Message Format — SNMP is a standard communication protocol that defines a UDP message format.
- A Standard Set of Managed Objects — SNMP is a standard set of values (referred to as SNMP "objects") that can be queried from a device. Specifically, the standard includes values for monitoring TCP, IP, UDP, and device interfaces. Each manageable object is identified with an official name, and also with a numeric identifier expressed in dot-notation.
- A Standard Way of Adding Objects — A standard method is defined to allow the standard set of managed objects to be augmented by network device vendors with new objects specific for a particular network.

SNMP Message Types

Four types of SNMP messages are defined:

- A "get" request returns the value of a named object. Specific values can be fetched to determine the performance and state of the device, without logging into the device or establishing a TCP connection with the device.

- A "get-next" request returns the next name (and value) of the "next" object supported by a network device given a valid SNMP name. This request allows network managers to "walk" through all SNMP values of a device to determine all names and values that an operant device supports.
- A "set" request sets a named object to a specific value. This request provides a method of configuring and controlling network devices through SNMP to accomplish activities such as disabling interfaces, disconnecting users, and clearing registers.
- A "trap" message is generated asynchronously by network devices, which can notify a network manager of a problem apart from any polling of the device: This typically requires each device on the network to be configured to issue SNMP traps to one or more network devices that are awaiting these traps.

The four message types are all encoded into messages referred to as "Protocol Data Units" (PDUs), which are interchanged with SNMP devices.

Standard Managed Objects

The list of values that an object supports is referred to as the SNMP "Management Information Base" (MIB). "MIB" can be used to describe any SNMP object or portion of an SNMP hierarchy.

The various SNMP values in the standard MIB are defined in RFC-1213, one of the governing specifications for SNMP. The standard MIB includes various objects to measure and monitor IP activity, TCP activity, UDP activity, IP routes, TCP connections, interfaces, and general system description. Each of these values is associated with an official name (such as "sysUpTime", which is the elapsed time since the managed device was booted) and with a numeric value expressed in dot-notation (such as "1.3.6.1.2.1.1.3.0", which is the "object identifier" for "sysUpTime").

See *Supported MIBs* for a description of the use of SNMP MIBs for Policy Management.

SNMP Extension

SNMP provides the ability to augment the standard set of MIB objects with new values specific for certain applications and devices. New functions can continuously be added to SNMP, using a standard method defined to incorporate that function into SNMP devices and network managers. Adding new functions is accomplished through the process of "compiling" a new MIB, which allows the user to add new MIB definitions to the system. The definitions are usually supplied by network equipment vendors in specially formatted text files using the ASN.1 standard syntax. (ASN.1 refers to "Abstract Syntax Notation One", which is a type declaration language adopted by SNMP and used a few other places, including encryption and CMIP protocols.)

The MIB of an SNMP device is usually fixed; it is constructed by the network equipment vendor (such as a router manufacturer or computer hardware vendor) and cannot be added to or modified. The extension of SNMP refers strictly to SNMP management software, which can become aware of the MIB values supported by the device by compiling a description of the device into the network management program.

Chapter

3

Configuring SNMP

Topics:

This chapter describes how to configure SNMP using the CMP system.

SNMP Configuration

SNMP configuration architecture is based on using traps to notify a network management system of events and alarms that are generated by the MPE and MRA application software, and those that are generated by the underlying platforms. Alarms and telemetry data are continuously collected from the entire Policy Application Network and stored on the CMP servers. Alarms will then cause a trap to be sent as a notification of an event.

Because the underlying platform can deliver the alarms from the MPE/MRA to the CMP, SNMP can be configured in either of 2 ways:

- The Policy system can be configured so that the CMP is the source of all traps.
- The Policy systems can be configured to allow each server to generate its own traps and deliver them to the SNMP management servers.

Figure 1: SNMP Configuration illustrates the two SNMP configurations.
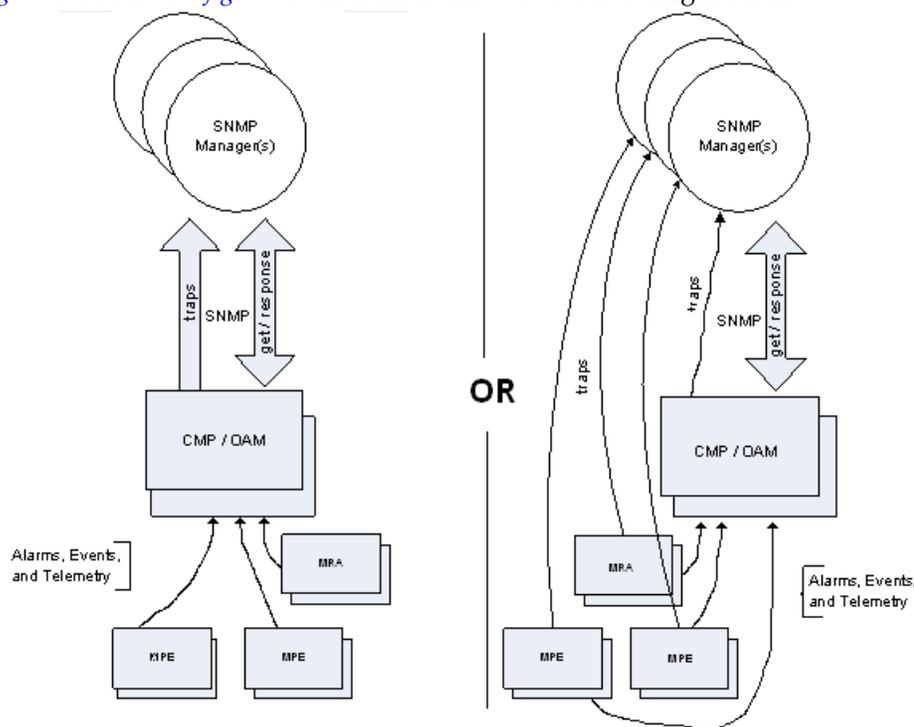
Figure 1: SNMP Configuration

On the SNMP Settings Edit page, the check box labeled "Traps from individual Servers" determines the mode in which the SNMP notifications will operate. When the box is checked to have each server generate traps, the Policy systems will operate as shown in the right-hand side of *SNMP Configuration*.

SNMP configuration is pushed from the CMP to the managed servers in the network.

SNMP Versions
SNMP version 2c (SNMPv2c) and SNMP version 3 (SNMPv3) are supported. SNMP version 1 (SNMPv1) is not supported. On the SNMP Setting Edit page:

- When you configure SNMPv2c, you must use a community that is not "public" or "private".
- When you configure SNMPv3, you must enter an "Engine ID", and a "username" and "password" for the SNMPv3 user.

Configuring SNMP Settings

You can configure SNMP settings for the CMP system and all Policy Management servers in the topology network.

Note: SNMP settings configuration must be done on the active server in the primary cluster. A banner warning appears if the login is not on the active primary CMP system.

To configure SNMP settings:

1. Log in to the CMP system from its server address as a user with administrator privileges.

   The navigation pane is displayed.

2. From the **Platform Setting** section of the navigation pane, select **SNMP Setting**.

   The SNMP Settings attributes are displayed.

3. Click **Modify**.

   The **SNMP Settings** page opens.

4. Edit the settings that need to be entered or changed.

5. When you finish, click **Save** (or **Cancel** to discard your changes).

Table 2: SNMP Attributes describes the SNMP attributes that can be edited.

Table 2: SNMP Attributes

Field Name	Description
Manager 1-5	SNMP Manager to receive traps and send SNMP requests. Each Manager field can be filled as either a valid host name or an IPv4 address. A hostname should include only alphanumeric characters. Maximum length is 20 characters, and it is not case-sensitive. This field can also be an IP address. An IP address should be in a standard dot-formatted IP address string. The field is required to allow the Manager to receive traps. By default, these fields are empty. **Note:** The IPv6 address is not supported.
Enabled Versions	Supported SNMP versions: • SNMPv2c • SNMPv3 • SNMPv2c and SNMPv3 (default)

Field Name	Description
Traps Enabled	Enable sending SNMPv2 traps (default is box check marked)
	Note: This option must be check marked to use the SNMP Trap Forwarding feature.
	Disable sending SNMPv2 traps (box not check marked)
Traps from individual Servers	Enable sending traps from an individual server (box check marked).
	Note: To use the SNMP Trap Forwarding feature, ensure that this option is NOT check marked.
	Send traps only from the active CMP system (default is box not check marked)
SNMPv2c Community Name	The SNMP read-write community string.
	The field is required if SNMPv2c is enabled.
	The name can contain alphanumeric characters and cannot exceed 31 characters in length.
	The name cannot be either "private" or "public".
	The default value is "snmppublic".
SNMPv3 Engine ID	Configured Engine ID for SNMPv3.
	The field is required If SNMPv3 is enabled.
	The Engine ID includes only hexadecimal digits (0-9 and a-f).
	The length can be from 10 to 64 digits.
	The default is no value (empty).
SNMPv3 Security Level	SNMPv3 Authentication and Privacy options.
	1. "No Auth No Priv" - Authenticate using the Username. No Privacy.
	2. "Auth No Priv" - Authentication using MD5 or SHA1 protocol.
	3. "Auth Priv" - Authenticate using MD5 or SHA1 protocol. Encrypt using the AES and DES protocol.
	The default value is "Auth Priv".
SNMPv3 Authentication Type	Authentication protocol for SNMPv3. Options are:
	1. "SHA-1" - Use Secure Hash Algorithm authentication.

Field Name	Description
	2. "MD5" - Use Message Digest authentication. The default value is "SHA-1".
SNMPv3 Privacy Type	Privacy Protocol for SNMPv3. Options are: **1.** "AES": Use Advanced Encryption Standard privacy. **2.** "DES": Use Data Encryption Standard privacy. The default value is "AES".
SNMPv3 Username	The SNMPv3 User Name. The field is required if SNMPv3 is enabled. The name must contain alphanumeric characters and cannot not exceed 32 characters in length. The default value is "TekSNMPUser."
SNMPv3 Password	Authentication password for SNMPv3. This value is also used for msgPrivacyParameters. The field is required If SNMPv3 is enabled. The length of the password must be between 8 and 64 characters; it can include any character. The default value is "snmpv3password".

Chapter

4

Supported MIBs

Topics:

This chapter describes the MIBs that are supported for SNMP.

Supported MIBs

A Management Information Base (MIB) contains information required to manage a product cluster and the applications it runs. The exact syntax and nature of the parameters are described in the version of each MIB that you are loading on your NMS.

SNMP MIB Objects

To use SNMP effectively, an administrator must become acquainted with the SNMP Management Information Base (MIB), which defines all the values that SNMP is capable of reading or setting.

The SNMP MIB is arranged in a tree-structured fashion, similar in many ways to a disk directory structure of files. The top level SNMP branch begins with the ISO "internet" directory, which contains four main branches:

- The "mgmt" SNMP branch contains the standard SNMP objects usually supported (at least in part) by all network devices.
- The "private" SNMP branch contains those "extended" SNMP objects defined by network equipment vendors.
- The "experimental" and "directory" SNMP branches, also defined within the "internet" root directory, are usually devoid of any meaningful data or objects.

The tree structure is an integral part of the SNMP standard; however the most pertinent parts of the tree are the "leaf" objects of the tree that provide actual management data about the device. Generally, SNMP leaf objects can be partitioned into two similar but slightly different types that reflect the organization of the tree structure:

- Discrete MIB Objects. Discrete SNMP objects contain one piece of management data. The operator has to know only the name of the object and no other information. Discrete objects often represent summary values for a device, particularly useful for scanning information from the network for the purposes of comparing network device performance. These objects are often distinguished from "Table" objects by adding a ".0" (dot-zero) extension to their names. (If the ".0" extension is omitted from a leaf SNMP object name, it is always implied.)

- Table MIB Objects. Table SNMP objects contain multiple pieces of management data; they allow parallel arrays of information to be supported. These objects are distinguished from "Discrete" objects by requiring a "." (dot) extension to their names that distinguishes the particular value being referenced.

  By convention, SNMP objects are always grouped in an "Entry" directory, within an object with a "Table" suffix. (The "ifDescr" object described above resides in the "ifEntry" directory contained in the "ifTable" directory.) Several constraints are placed on SNMP objects as follows:

  - Each object in the "Entry" directory of a table must contain the same number of elements as other objects in the same "Entry" directory, where instance numbers of all entries are the same. Table objects are always regarded as parallel arrays of data.
  - When creating a new "Entry" object, SNMP requires that a value be associated with each table entry in a single SNMP message (single PDU). This means that, to create a row in a table (using an SNMP "set" command), a value must be specified for each element in the row.
  - If a table row can be deleted, SNMP requires that at least one object in the entry has a control element that is documented to perform the table deletion. (This applies only if a row can be deleted, which is not necessarily required of an SNMP table.)

The "." (dot) extension is sometimes referred to as the "instance" number of an SNMP object. In the case of "Discrete" objects, this instance number will be zero. In the case of "Table" objects, this instance number will be the index into the SNMP table.

MIB Object Access Values

Each SNMP object is defined to have a particular access, either "read-only", "read-write", or "write-only" that determines whether the user can read the object value, read and write the object (with a "set" command) or only write the object.

Before any object can be read or written, the SNMP community name must be known. These community names are configured into the system by the administrator, and can be viewed as passwords needed to gather SNMP data. Community names allow portions of the SNMP MIB, and object subsets, to be referenced. The purpose of these values is to identify commonality between SNMP object sets, though it is common practice to make these community names obscure to limit access to SNMP capability by outside users.

Compiling MIB Objects

One of the principal components of an SNMP manager is a "MIB Compiler", which allows new MIB objects to be added to the management system. When a MIB is compiled into an SNMP manager, the manager is made aware of new objects that are supported by agents on the network. The concept is similar to adding a new schema to a database. The agent is not affected by the MIB compilation (because the agent is already aware of its own objects). The act of compiling the MIB allows the manager to know about the special objects supported by the agent and to access these objects as part of the standard object set.

Typically, when a MIB is compiled into the system, the manager creates new folders or directories that correspond to the objects. These folders or directories can typically be viewed with a "MIB Browser", which is a traditional SNMP management tool incorporated into virtually all network management systems. These new objects can often be alarmed or possibly modified to affect the performance of the remote agent.

MIB objects are documented in ASN.1 syntax. The user obtains ASN.1 definitions for a new piece of network equipment or new SNMP agent, transfers this file to the network management system, and runs the management system "MIB Compiler" to incorporate these definitions into the system. Virtually all agents support the RFC-1213 MIB definitions, and most agents support other definitions as well.

At a minimum, the following MIBs must be compiled into the management station that will be receiving traps from the Policy systems in the network. The MIBs must be compiled in the following order:

1. tklc_toplevel.mib
2. COMCOL-TC.mib
3. PCRF-ALARM-MIB.mib
4. NET-SNMP-MIB.txt
5. NET-SNMP-AGENT-MIB.txt

Tekelec-supported MIBS are available on the installation media, or by contacting your *Customer Care Center*.

MIBs are located on the running system in the following directories:

- `/usr/TKLC/TKLCcomcol/cm?.??/prod/share/snmp/mib`

(where ?.?? refers to the COMCOL software release that is in use on the system)

COMCOL-TC.mib

- /etc/camiant/snmp/mibs

PCRF-ALARM-MIB.mib

- /usr/share/snmp/mibs

NET-SNMP-MIB.txt
NET-SNMP-AGENT-MIB.txt

- /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/snmp/mib

tklc_toplevel.mib

Chapter

5

Support for Traps

This chapter describes the Policy Management functioning of alarms and traps with SNMP.

Alarms Overview

Alarms provide information about a system's operational condition, which an operator may need to act upon. Alarms have the following severities:

- Critical
- Major
- Minor

Policy Server alarms are generated by MPE or MRA servers based on the evaluation of component states and external factors. The servers communicate with each other in a cluster. Each server has a database with merge capabilities to replicate the alarm states to the CMP database. This information is shown on the KPI dashboard or in detailed CMP reports.

As alarms and events are raised on an application or the platform, the SNMP subsystem issues a corresponding trap.

Alarms and Events have the following differences:

- Alarms:

  - Are issued when a Fault is detected
  - Are latched until the Fault is removed (Are explicitly "set" and "cleared")
  - Have a Severity: Critical, Major, Minor
  - Will cause a trap

- Events

  - Are issued with a Condition is detected (not a Fault)
  - Are not latched (Are not explicitly "set" or "cleared")
  - Do not have a Severity (the Severity is actually INFO)
  - Might cause a trap

Separate traps are sent upon raising an alarm and upon clearing an alarm.

Application traps contain the following variable bindings in addition to the `sysOpTime` and `trapID` fields:

- `comcolAlarmSrcNode` - The node that originated the alarm

- `comcolAlarmNumber` - The OID of the alarm and trap

- `comcolAlarmInstance` - An instance is used when the trap is for a physical device such as `disk1`, or connection `diameterPeer 10.15.22.232:33119`

- `comcolAlarmSeverity` - Severity of the alarm: Critical (1), Major (2), Minor (3), Info (4), Clear (5)

- `comcolAlarmText` - A text object that defines the trap

- `comcolAlarmInfo` - An extended text field that adds information to the trap text
- `comcolAlarmGroup` - The group from which the trap originated (such as "PCRF" or "QP")

Refer to the *Policy Management Troubleshooting Reference* for more information about Policy Server alarms and traps.

Note: If you encounter an alarm not in this document, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

Platform (31000-32700)

This section provides information and recovery procedures for the Platform alarms, ranging from 31000-32700.

31000 - S/W Fault

Alarm Type: SW

Description: Program impaired by s/w fault

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolSwFaultNotify

Recovery:

1. Export event history for the given server and the given process.
2. Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31001 - S/W Status

Alarm Type: SW

Description: Program status

Default Severity: Info

OID: comcolSWStatusNotify

Recovery:

No action required.

31002 - Process Watchdog Failure

Alarm Type: SW

Description: Process watchdog timed out

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolProcWatchdogFailureNotify

Recovery:

1. Export event history for the given server and the given process.
2. Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31003 - Thread Watchdog Failure

Alarm Type: SW

Description: Thread watchdog timed out

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolThreadWatchdogFailureNotify

Recovery:

1. Export event history for the given server and the given process.
2. Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31100 - DB Replication Fault

Alarm Type: SW

Description: The DB replication process is impaired by a s/w fault.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolDbReplicationFaultNotify

Recovery:

1. Export event history for the given server.
2. Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31101 - DB Replication To Slave Failure

Alarm Type: REPL

Description: DB replication to a slave DB has failed

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolDbRepToSlaveFailureNotify

Recovery:

1. Check network connectivity between the affected servers.
2. If there are no issues with network connectivity, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31102 - DB Replication From Master Failure

Alarm Type: REPL

Description: DB replication from a master DB has failed

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolDbRepFromMasterFailureNotify

Recovery:

1. Check network connectivity between the affected servers.
2. If there are no issues with network connectivity, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31103 - DB Replication Update Fault

Alarm Type: REPL

Description: DB replication process cannot apply update to DB

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolDbRepUpdateFaultNotify

Recovery:

1. Export event history for the given server and inetsync task.
2. Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31104 - DB Replication Latency Over Threshold

Alarm Type: REPL

Description: DB replication latency has exceeded thresholds

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolDbRepLatencyNotify

Recovery:

1. If this alarm is raised occasionally for short time periods (a couple of minutes or less), it may indicate network congestion or spikes of traffic pushing servers beyond their capacity. Consider re-engineering network capacity or subscriber provisioning.
2. If this alarm does not clear after a couple of minutes, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31105 - DB Merge Fault

Alarm Type: SW

Description: The DB merge process (inetmerge) is impaired by a s/w fault

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolDbMergeFaultNotify

Recovery:

1. Export event history for the given server and inetmerge task.
2. Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31106 - DB Merge To Parent Failure

Alarm Type: COLL

Description: DB merging to the parent Merge Node has failed

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolDbMergeToParentFailureNotify

Recovery:

1. Check network connectivity between the affected servers.
2. If there are no issues with network connectivity, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31107 - DB Merge From Child Failure

Alarm Type: COLL

Description: DB merging from a child Source Node has failed

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolDbMergeFromChildFailureNotify

Recovery:

1. Check network connectivity between the affected servers.
2. If there are no issues with network connectivity, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31108 - DB Merge Latency Over Threshold

Alarm Type: COLL

Description: DB Merge latency has exceeded thresholds

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolDbMergeLatencyNotify

Recovery:

1. If this alarm is raised occasionally for short time periods (a couple of minutes or less), it may indicate network congestion or spikes of traffic pushing servers beyond their capacity. Consider re-engineering network capacity or subscriber provisioning.
2. If this alarm does not clear after a couple of minutes, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*

31109 - Topology Config Error

Alarm Type: DB

Description: Topology is configured incorrectly

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolTopErrorNotify

Recovery:

1. This alarm may occur during initial installation and configuration of a server. No action is necessary at that time.
2. If this alarm occurs after successful initial installation and configuration of a server, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31110 - DB Audit Fault

Alarm Type: SW

Description: The DB audit process (iaudit) is impaired by a s/w fault

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolDbAuditFaultNotify

Recovery:

1. Export event history for the given server and idbsvc task.
2. Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31111 - DB Merge Audit in Progress

Alarm Type: COLL

Description: DB Merge Audit between mate nodes in progress

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolDbMergeAuditNotify

Recovery:

No action required.

31112 - DB Replication Update Log Transfer Timed Out

Alarm Type: REPL

Description: DB Replicated data may not have transferred in the time allotted.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolDbRepUpLogTransTimeoutNotify

Recovery:

No action required. Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center* if this occurs frequently.

31113 - DB Replication Manually Disabled

Alarm Type: REPL

Description: Replication Manually Disabled

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolDbReplicationManuallyDisabledNotify

Recovery:

No action required.

31114 - DB Replication over SOAP has failed

Alarm Type: REPL

Description: DB replication of configuration data via SOAP has failed

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolDbReplicationSoapFaultNotify

Recovery:

1. Check network connectivity between the affected servers.
2. If there are no issues with network connectivity, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31115 - DB Service Fault

Alarm Type: SW

Description: The DB service process (idbsvc) is impaired by a s/w fault

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolDbServiceFaultNotify

Recovery:

1. Export event history for the given server and idbsvc task.
2. Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31116 - Excessive Shared Memory

Alarm Type: MEM

Description: The amount of shared memory consumed exceeds configured thresholds

Default Severity: Major

OID: comcolExcessiveSharedMemoryConsumptionNotify

Recovery:

Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31117 - Low Disk Free

Alarm Type: DISK

Description: The amount of free disk is below configured thresholds

Default Severity: Major

OID: comcolLowDiskFreeNotify

Recovery:

1. Remove unnecessary or temporary files from partitions.

2. If there are no files known to be unneeded, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31118 - DB Disk Store Fault

Alarm Type: DISK

Description: Writing the database to disk failed

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolDbDiskStoreFaultNotify

Recovery:

1. Remove unnecessary or temporary files from partitions.

2. If there are no files known to be unneeded, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

3. When configuring/reconfiguration a system, changing the NTP server and/or the OAM IP from initial configuration screen in platcfg without stopping the Policy application and COMCOL can cause this alarm. Resolution: Mark standby CMP cluster as "force-standby", and clear the COMCOL database to solve this issue. To avoid this alarm while changing the NTP server and/or OAM IP(s) is to:

   a) Stop qp_procmgr and COMCOL services

   b) Perform the NTP server / OAM IP change

   c) Restart qp_procmgr and COMCOL services

31119 - DB Updatelog Overrun

Alarm Type: DB

Description: The DB update log was overrun increasing risk of data loss

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolDbUpdateLogOverrunNotify

Recovery:

Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31120 - DB Updatelog Write Fault

Alarm Type: DB

Description: A DB change cannot be stored in the updatelog

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolDbUpdateLogWriteFaultNotify

Recovery:

Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31121 - Low Disk Free Early Warning

Alarm Type: DISK

Description: The amount of free disk is below configured early warning thresholds

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolLowDiskFreeEarlyWarningNotify

Recovery:

1. Remove unnecessary or temporary files from partitions that are greater than 80% full.
2. If there are no files known to be unneeded, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31122 - Excessive Shared Memory Early Warning

Alarm Type: MEM

Description: The amount of shared memory consumed exceeds configured early warning thresholds

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolExcessiveSharedMemoryConsumptionEarlyWarnNotify

Recovery:

Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31123 - ADIC Complete

Alarm Type: REPL

Description: ADIC found one or more errors that are not automatically fixable.

Default Severity: Info

OID: comcolDbRepAuditCompleteNotify

Recovery:

No action required.

31124 - ADIC Error

Alarm Type: REPL

Description: An ADIC detected errors.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolDbRepAuditCmdErrNotify

Recovery:

Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31125 - DB Durability Degraded

Alarm Type: REPL

Description: DB durability has dropped below configured durability level

Default Severity: Major

OID: comcolDbDurabilityDegradedNotify

Recovery:

1. Check configuration of all servers, and check for connectivity problems between server addresses.
2. If the problem persists, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31126 - Audit Blocked

Alarm Type: REPL

Description: Site Audit Controls blocked an inter-site replication audit due to the number in progress per configuration.

Default Severity: Major

OID: comcolAuditBlockedNotify

Recovery:

Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31127 - DB Replication Audit Complete

Alarm Type: REPL

Description: DB replication audit completed.

Default Severity: Info

OID: comcolDbRepAuditComplete

Recovery:

No action required.

31128 - ADIC Found Error

Alarm Type: REPL

Description: ADIC found one or more errors that are not automatically fixable.

Default Severity: Major

OID: comcolDbADICError

Recovery:

Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31129 - ADIC Found Minor Issue

Alarm Type: REPL

Description: ADIC found one or more minor issues that can most likely be ignored.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolDbADICWarn

Recovery:

No action required.

31130 - Network Health Warning

Alarm Type: NET

Description: Network health issue detected

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolNetworkHealthWarningNotify

Recovery:

1. Check configuration of all servers, and check for connectivity problems between server addresses.
2. If the problem persists, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31140 - DB Perl Fault

Alarm Type: SW

Description: Perl interface to DB is impaired by a s/w fault

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolDbPerlFaultNotify

Recovery:

Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31145 - DB SQL Fault

Alarm Type: SW

Description: SQL interface to DB is impaired by a s/w fault

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolDbSQLFaultNotify

Recovery:

1. Export event history for the given server, and Imysqld task.
2. Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31146 - DB Mastership Fault

Alarm Type: SW

Description: DB replication is impaired due to no mastering process (inetsync/inetrep).

Default Severity: Major

OID: comcolDbMastershipFaultNotify

Recovery:

1. Export event history for the given server.
2. Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31147 - DB UpSyncLog Overrun

Alarm Type: SW

Description: UpSyncLog is not big enough for (WAN) replication.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolDbUpSyncLogOverrunNotify

Recovery:

Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31148 - DB Lock Error Detected

Alarm Type: DB

Description: DB lock integrity error detected -- The DB service process (idbsvc) has detected an IDB lock-related error caused by another process. The alarm likely indicates a DB lock-related programming error, or it could be a side effect of a process crash.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolDbLockErrorNotify

Recovery:

Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31200 - Process Management Fault

Alarm Type: SW

Description: The process manager (procmgr) is impaired by a s/w fault

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolProcMgmtFaultNotify

Recovery:

1. Export event history for the given server, all processes.
2. Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31201 - Process Not Running

Alarm Type: PROC

Description: A managed process cannot be started or has unexpectedly terminated

Default Severity: Major

OID: comcolProcNotRunningNotify

Recovery:

Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31202 - Unkillable Zombie Process

Alarm Type: PROC

Description: A zombie process exists that cannot be killed by procmgr. procmgr will no longer manage this process. If the process does not exit, it may be necessary to reboot the server to eliminate the zombie process.

Default Severity: Major

OID: comcolProcZombieProcessNotify

Recovery:

1. If the process does not exit, it may be necessary to reboot the server to eliminate the zombie process.
2. Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31206 - Process Mgmt Monitoring Fault

Alarm Type: SW

Description: The process manager monitor (pm.watchdog) is impaired by a s/w fault

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolProcMgmtMonFaultNotify

Recovery:

Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31207 - Process Resource Monitoring Fault

Alarm Type: SW

Description: The process resource monitor (ProcWatch) is impaired by a s/w fault

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolProcResourceMonFaultNotify

Recovery:

Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31208 - IP Port Server Fault

Alarm Type: SW

Description: The run environment port mapper (re.portmap) is impaired by a s/w fault

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolPortServerFaultNotify

Recovery:

Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31209 - Hostname Lookup Failed

Alarm Type: SW

Description: Unable to resolve a hostname specified in the NodeInfo table.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolHostLookupFailedNotify

Recovery:

1. This typically indicate a DNS Lookup failure. Verify all server hostnames are correct in the GUI configuration on the server generating the alarm.
2. If the problem persists, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.
3. When configuring/reconfiguration a system, the Primary Site/Secondary Site fields in Topology Settings are used to identify the site in which this cluster is located. If The default value "Unspecified" is kept unchanged while configuring Topology as Geo-redundant sites, the other servers in topology may raise this alarm. Resolution: Select the correct site for each cluster being configured in Topology Settings.

31213 - Process Scheduler Fault

Alarm Type: SW

Description: The process scheduler (ProcSched/runat) is impaired by a s/w fault

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolProcSchedulerFaultNotify

Recovery:

Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31214 - Scheduled Process Fault

Alarm Type: PROC

Description: A scheduled process cannot be executed or abnormally terminated

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolScheduleProcessFaultNotify

Recovery:

Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31215 - Process Resources Exceeded

Alarm Type: SW

Description: A process is consuming excessive system resources

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolProcResourcesExceededFaultNotify

Recovery:

Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31216 - SysMetric Configuration Error

Alarm Type: SW

Description: A SysMetric Configuration table contains invalid data

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolSysMetricConfigErrorNotify

Recovery:

Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31220 - HA Config Monitor Fault

Alarm Type: SW

Description: The HA manager (cmha) is impaired by a s/w fault

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolHaCfgMonitorFaultNotify

Recovery:

Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31221 - HA Alarm Monitor Fault

Alarm Type: SW

Description: The high availability alarm monitor is impaired by a s/w fault

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolHaAlarmMonitorFaultNotify

Recovery:

> Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31222 - HA Not Configured

Alarm Type: HA

Description: High availability is disabled due to system configuration

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolHaNotConfiguredNotify

Recovery:

> Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31223 - HA Heartbeat Transmit Failure

Alarm Type: HA

Description: The high availability monitor failed to send heartbeat

Default Severity: Major

OID: comcolHaHbTransmitFailureNotify

Recovery:

1. This alarm clears automatically when the server successfully registers for HA heartbeating.
2. If this alarm does not clear after a couple minutes, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31224 - HA Configuration Error

Alarm Type: HA

Description: High availability configuration error

Default Severity: Major

OID: comcolHaCfgErrorNotify

Recovery:

> Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31225 - HA Service Start Failure

Alarm Type: HA

Description: The high availability service failed to start

Default Severity: Major

OID: comcolHaSvcStartFailureNotify

Recovery:

1. This alarm clears automatically when the HA daemon is successfully started.
2. If this alarm does not clear after a couple minutes, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31226 - HA Availability Status Degraded

Alarm Type: HA

Description: The high availability status is degraded due to raised alarms

Default Severity: Major

OID: comcolHaAvailDegradedNotify

Recovery:

1. View alarms dashboard for other active alarms on this server.
2. Follow corrective actions for each individual alarm on the server to clear them.
3. If the problem persists, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31227 - HA Availability Status Failed

Alarm Type: HA

Description: The high availability status is failed due to raised alarms

Default Severity: Critical

OID: comcolHaAvailFailedNotify

Recovery:

1. View alarms dashboard for other active alarms on this server.
2. Follow corrective actions for each individual alarm on the server to clear them.
3. If the problem persists, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31228 - HA Standby Server Offline

Alarm Type: HA

Description: HA Standby Server Offline

Default Severity: Critical

OID: comcolHaStandbyOfflineNotify

Recovery:

1. If loss of communication between the active and standby servers is caused intentionally by maintenance activity, alarm can be ignored; it clears automatically when communication is restored between the two servers.
2. If communication fails at any other time, look for network connectivity issues and/or contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31229 - HA Score Changed

Alarm Type: HA

Description: High availability health score changed

Default Severity: Info

OID: comcolHaScoreChangeNotify

Recovery:

Status message - no action required.

31230 - Recent Alarm Processing Fault

Alarm Type: SW

Description: The recent alarm event manager (raclerk) is impaired by a s/w fault

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolRecAlarmEvProcFaultNotify

Recovery:

1. Export event history for the given server and raclerk task.
2. Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31231 - Platform Alarm Agent Fault

Alarm Type: SW

Description: The platform alarm agent impaired by a s/w fault

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolPlatAlarmAgentNotify

Recovery:

Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31232 - HA Late Heartbeat Warning

Alarm Type: HA

Description: High availability server has not received a heartbeat within the configured interval

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolHaLateHeartbeatWarningNotify

Recovery:

No action required; this is a warning and can be due to transient conditions. If there continues to be no heartbeat from the server, alarm 31228 occurs.

31233 - HA Secondary Path Down

Alarm Type: HA

Description: High availability secondary path loss of connectivity

Default Severity: Major

OID: comcolHaSecPathDown

Recovery:

1. If loss of communication between the active and standby servers over the secondary path is caused intentionally by maintenance activity, the alarm can be ignored; it clears automatically when communication is restored between the two servers.
2. If communication fails at any other time, look for network connectivity issues on the secondary network and/or contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31234 - Untrusted Time Upon Initialization

Alarm Type: SW

Description: Upon system initialization, the system time is not trusted, probably because NTP is misconfigured or the NTP servers are unreachable. There are often accompanying Platform alarms to guide correction. Generally, applications are not started if time is not believed to be correct on start-up. Recovery will often will require rebooting the server.

Default Severity: Critical

OID: comcolUtrustedTimeOnInit

Recovery:

1. Correct NTP configuration.
2. If required, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31235 - Untrusted Time After Initialization

Alarm Type: SW

Description: After system initialization, the system time has become untrusted, probably because NTP has reconfigured improperly, time has been manually changed, the NTP servers are unreachable, etc. There are often accompanying Platform alarms to guide correction. Generally, applications remain running, but time-stamped data is likely incorrect, reports may be negatively affected, some behavior may be improper, etc.

Default Severity: Critical

OID: comcolUtrustedTimePostInit

Recovery:

1. Correct NTP configuration.
2. If required, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31240 - Measurements Collection Fault

Alarm Type: SW

Description: The measurments collector (statclerk) is impaired by a s/w fault

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolMeasCollectorFaultNotify

Recovery:

1. Export event history for the given server and statclerk task.
2. Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31250 - RE Port Mapping Fault

Alarm Type: SW

Description: The IP service port mapper (re.portmap) is impaired by a s/w fault

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolRePortMappingFaultNotify

Recovery:

This typically indicate a DNS Lookup failure. Verify all server hostnames are correct in the GUI configuration on the server generating the alarm.

31270 - Logging Output

Alarm Type: SW

Description: Logging output set to Above Normal

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolLoggingOutputNotify

Recovery:

Extra diagnostic logs are being collected, potentially degrading system performance. Contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31280 - HA Active to Standby Transition

Alarm Type: HA

Description: HA active to standby activity transition

Default Severity: Info

OID: comcolActiveToStandbyTransNotify

Recovery:

1. If this alarm occurs during routine maintenance activity, it may be ignored.
2. Otherwise, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31281 - HA Standby to Active Transition

Alarm Type: HA

Description: HA standby to active activity transition

Default Severity: Info

OID: comcolStandbyToActiveTransNotify

Recovery:

1. If this alarm occurs during routine maintenance activity, it may be ignored.
2. Otherwise, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31282 - HA Management Fault

Alarm Type: HA

Description: The HA manager (cmha) is impaired by a s/w fault.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolHaMgmtFaultNotify

Recovery:

Export event history for the given server and cmha task, then contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31283 - HA Server Offline

Alarm Type: HA

Description: High availability server is offline

Default Severity: Critical

OID: comcolHAServerOfflineNotify

Recovery

1. If loss of communication between the active and standby servers is caused intentionally by maintenance activity, alarm can be ignored; it clears automatically when communication is restored between the two servers.

2. If communication fails at any other time, look for network connectivity issues and/or contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31284 - HA Remote Subscriber Heartbeat Warning

Alarm Type: HA

Description: High availability remote subscriber has not received a heartbeat within the configured interval

Default Severity: Minor

OID: comcolHARemoteHeartbeatWarningNotify

Recovery

1. No action required; this is a warning and can be due to transient conditions. The remote subscriber will move to another server in the cluster.

2. If there continues to be no heartbeat from the server, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31290 - HA Process Status

Alarm Type: HA

Description: HA manager (cmha) status

Default Severity: Info

OID: comcolHaProcessStatusNotify

Recovery:

1. If this alarm occurs during routine maintenance activity, it may be ignored.

2. Otherwise, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31291 - HA Election Status

Alarm Type: HA

Description: HA DC Election status

Default Severity: Info

OID: comcolHAElectionStatusNotify

Recovery:

1. If this alarm occurs during routine maintenance activity, it may be ignored.

2. Otherwise, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31292 - HA Policy Status

Alarm Type: HA

Description: HA Policy plan status

Default Severity: Info

OID: comcolHaPolicyStatusNotify

Recovery:

1. If this alarm occurs during routine maintenance activity, it may be ignored.
2. Otherwise, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31293 - HA Resource Link Status

Alarm Type: HA

Description: HA Resource Agent Link status

Default Severity: Info

OID: comcolHaRaLinkStatusNotify

Recovery:

1. If this alarm occurs during routine maintenance activity, it may be ignored.
2. Otherwise, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31294 - HA Resource Status

Alarm Type: HA

Description: HA Resource registration status

Default Severity: Info

OID: comcolHaResourceStatusNotify

Recovery:

1. If this alarm occurs during routine maintenance activity, it may be ignored.
2. Otherwise, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31295 - HA Action Status

Alarm Type: HA

Description: HA Resource action status

Default Severity: Info

OID: comcolHaActionStatusNotify

Recovery:

1. If this alarm occurs during routine maintenance activity, it may be ignored.
2. Otherwise, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31296 - HA Monitor Status

Alarm Type: HA

Description: HA Monitor action status

Default Severity: Info

OID: comcolHaMonitorStatusNotify

Recovery:

1. If this alarm occurs during routine maintenance activity, it may be ignored.
2. Otherwise, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31297 - HA Resource Agent Info

Alarm Type: HA

Description: HA Resource Agent application information

Default Severity: Info

OID: comcolHaRaInfoNotify

Recovery:

1. If this alarm occurs during routine maintenance activity, it may be ignored.
2. Otherwise, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31298 - HA Resource Agent Detail

Alarm Type: HA

Description: HA Resource Agent application detailed information

Default Severity: Info

OID: comcolHaRaDetailNotify

Recovery:

1. If this alarm occurs during routine maintenance activity, it may be ignored.
2. Otherwise, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

31299 - HA Notification Status

Alarm Type: HA

Description: HA Notification Status

Default Severity: Info

OID: comcolHaNotification

Recovery:

No action required.

31300 - HA Control Status

Alarm Type: HA

Description: HA Control action status

Default Severity: Info

OID: comcolHaControl

Recovery:

No action required.

32113 - Uncorrectable ECC Memory Error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Uncorrectable ECC Memory Error -- This alarm indicates that chipset has detected an uncorrectable (multiple-bit) memory error that the ECC (Error-Correcting Code) circuitry in the memory is unable to correct.

Default Severity: Critical

OID: tpdEccUncorrectableError

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center* to request hardware replacement.

32114 - SNMP Get Failure

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: SNMP Get Failure -- The server failed to receive SNMP information from the switch.

Default Severity: Critical

OID: tpdSNMPGetFailure

Within this trap is one bind variable, the OID of which is 1.3.6.1.2.1.1.5 <sysname>, where <sysname> is the name of the switch where the failure occurred.

Recovery

1. Use the following command to verify the switch is active: `ping switch1A/B` (this requires command line access).
2. If the problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32300 – Server Fan Failure

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Fan Failure -- This alarm indicates that a fan on the application server is either failing or has failed completely. In either case, there is a danger of component failure due to overheating.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdFanError

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32301 - Server Internal Disk Error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Internal Disk Error -- This alarm indicates the server is experiencing issues replicating data to one or more of its mirrored disk drives. This could indicate that one of the server's disks has either failed or is approaching failure.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdIntDiskError

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32302 – Server RAID Disk Error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server RAID Disk Error -- This alarm indicates that the offboard storage server had a problem with its hardware disks.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdRaidDiskError

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32303 - Server Platform Error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Platform Error - This alarm indicates an error such as a corrupt system configuration or missing files.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdPlatformError

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32304 - Server File System Error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server File System Error -- This alarm indicates unsuccessful writing to at least one of the server's file systems.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdFileSystemError

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32305 - Server Platform Process Error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Platform Process Error -- This alarm indicates that either the minimum number of instances for a required process are not currently running or too many instances of a required process are running.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdPlatProcessError

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32307 - Server Swap Space Shortage Error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Swap Space Shortage Error -- This alarm indicates that the server's swap space is in danger of being depleted. This is usually caused by a process that has allocated a very large amount of memory over time.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdSwapSpaceShortageError

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32308 - Server Provisioning Network Error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Provisioning Network Error -- This alarm indicates that the connection between the server's ethernet interface and the customer network is not functioning properly. The eth1 interface is at the upper right port on the rear of the server on the EAGLE backplane.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdProvNetworkError

Recovery

1. Verify that a customer-supplied cable labeled TO CUSTOMER NETWORK is securely connected to the appropriate server. Follow the cable to its connection point on the local network and verify this connection is also secure.
2. Test the customer-supplied cable labeled TO CUSTOMER NETWORK with an Ethernet Line Tester. If the cable does not test positive, replace it.
3. Have your network administrator verify that the network is functioning properly.
4. If no other nodes on the local network are experiencing problems and the fault has been isolated to the server or the network administrator is unable to determine the exact origin of the problem, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32312 - Server Disk Space Shortage Error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Disk Space Shortage Error -- This alarm indicates that one of the following conditions has occurred:

- A filesystem has exceeded a failure threshold, which means that more than 90% of the available disk storage has been used on the filesystem.

- More than 90% of the total number of available files have been allocated on the filesystem.

- A filesystem has a different number of blocks than it had when installed.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdDiskSpaceShortageError

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32313 - Server Default Route Network Error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Default Route Network Error -- This alarm indicates that the default network route of the server is experiencing a problem.

⚠ **CAUTION** **Caution:** When changing the network routing configuration of the server, verify that the modifications will not impact the method of connectivity for the current login session. The route information must be entered correctly and set to the correct values. Incorrectly modifying the routing configuration of the server may result in total loss of remote network access.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdDefaultRouteNetworkError

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32314 - Server Temperature Error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Temperature Error -- The internal temperature within the server is unacceptably high.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdTemperatureError

Recovery

1. Ensure that nothing is blocking the fan's intake. Remove any blockage.
2. Verify that the temperature in the room is normal. If it is too hot, lower the temperature in the room to an acceptable level.

   Note: Be prepared to wait the appropriate period of time before continuing with the next step. Conditions need to be below alarm thresholds consistently for the alarm to clear. It may take about ten minutes after the room returns to an acceptable temperature before the alarm cleared.

3. If the problem has not been resolved, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32315 – Server Mainboard Voltage Error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Mainboard Voltage Error -- This alarm indicates that one or more of the monitored voltages on the server mainboard have been detected to be out of the normal expected operating range.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdServerMainboardVoltageError

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32316 – Server Power Feed Error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Power Feed Error -- This alarm indicates that one of the power feeds to the server has failed. If this alarm occurs in conjunction with any Breaker Panel alarm, there might be a problem with the breaker panel.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdPowerFeedError

Recovery

1. Verify that all the server power feed cables to the server that is reporting the error are securely connected.

2. Check to see if the alarm has cleared

   - If the alarm has been cleared, the problem is resolved.
   - If the alarm has not been cleared, continue with the next step.

3. Follow the power feed to its connection on the power source. Ensure that the power source is ON and that the power feed is properly secured.

4. Check to see if the alarm has cleared

   - If the alarm has been cleared, the problem is resolved.
   - If the alarm has not been cleared, continue with the next step.

5. If the power source is functioning properly and the wires are all secure, have an electrician check the voltage on the power feed.

6. Check to see if the alarm has cleared

   - If the alarm has been cleared, the problem is resolved.
   - If the alarm has not been cleared, continue with the next step.

7. If the problem has not been resolved, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32317 - Server Disk Health Test Error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Disk Health Test Error -- Either the hard drive has failed or failure is imminent.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdDiskHealthError

Recovery

1. Perform the recovery procedures for the other alarms that accompany this alarm.
2. If the problem has not been resolved, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32318 - Server Disk Unavailable Error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Disk Unavailable Error -- The `smartd` service is not able to read the disk status because the disk has other problems that are reported by other alarms. This alarm appears only while a server is booting.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdDiskUnavailableError

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32320 – Device Interface Error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Device Interface Error -- This alarm indicates that the IP bond is either not configured or down.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdDeviceIfError

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32321 – Correctable ECC memory error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Correctable ECC Memory Error -- This alarm indicates that chipset has detected a correctable (single-bit) memory error that has been corrected by the ECC (Error-Correcting Code) circuitry in the memory.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdEccCorrectableError

Recovery

No recovery necessary. If the condition persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center* to request hardware replacement.

32322 – Power Supply A error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Power Supply A Error -- This alarm indicates that power supply 1 (feed A) has failed.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdPowerSupply1Error

Recovery

1. Verify that nothing is obstructing the airflow to the fans of the power supply.
2. If the problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32323 – Power Supply B Error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Power Supply B Error -- This alarm indicates that power supply 2 (feed B) has failed.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdPowerSupply2Error

Recovery

1. Verify that nothing is obstructing the airflow to the fans of the power supply.

2. If the problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32324 – Breaker panel Feed Error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Breaker Panel Feed Error -- This alarm indicates that the server is not receiving information from the breaker panel relays.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdBrkPnlFeedError

Recovery

1. Verify that the same alarm is displayed by multiple servers:

    *   If this alarm is displayed by only one server, the problem is most likely to be with the cable or the server itself. Look for other alarms that indicate a problem with the server and perform the recovery procedures for those alarms first.
    *   If this alarm is displayed by multiple servers, go to the next step.

2. Verify that the cables that connect the servers to the breaker panel are not damaged and are securely fastened to both the Alarm Interface ports on the breaker panel and to the serial ports on both servers.

3. If the problem has not been resolved, call the Tekelec *Customer Care Center* to request that the breaker panel be replaced.

32325 – Breaker Panel Breaker Error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Breaker Panel Breaker Error -- This alarm indicates that a power fault has been identified by the breaker panel.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdBrkPnlBreakerError

Recovery

1. Verify that the same alarm is displayed by multiple servers:

    *   If this alarm is displayed by only one server, the problem is most likely to be with the cable or the server itself. Look for other alarms that indicate a problem with the server and perform the recovery procedures for those alarms first.
    *   If this alarm is displayed by multiple servers, go to the next step.

2. Look at the breaker panel assignments and verify that the corresponding LED in the PWR BUS A group and the PWR BUS B group is illuminated Green.

3. Check the BRK FAIL LEDs for BUS A and for BUS B.

- If one of the BRK FAIL LEDs is illuminated Red, then one or more of the respective Input Breakers has tripped. (A tripped breaker is indicated by the toggle located in the center position.) Perform the following steps to repair this issue:

  a) For all tripped breakers, move the breaker down to the open (OFF) position and then back up to the closed (ON) position.

  b) After all the tripped breakers have been reset, check the BRK FAIL LEDs again. If one of the BRK FAIL LEDs is still illuminated Red, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

- If all of the BRK FAIL LEDs and all the LEDs in the PWR BUS A group and the PWR BUS B group are illuminated Green, continue with the next step.

4. If the problem has not been resolved, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32326 – Breaker Panel Monitoring Error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Breaker Panel Monitoring Error -- This alarm indicates a failure in the hardware and/or software that monitors the breaker panel. This could mean there is a problem with the file I/O libraries, the serial device drivers, or the serial hardware itself.

Note: When this alarm occurs, the system is unable to monitor the breaker panel for faults. Thus, if this alarm is detected, it is imperative that the breaker panel be carefully examined for the existence of faults. The LEDs on the breaker panel will be the only indication of the occurrence of either alarm

- 32324-Breaker Panel Feed Error or
- 32325-Breaker Panel Breaker Error

until the Breaker Panel Monitoring Error has been corrected.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdBrkPnlMntError

Recovery

1. Verify that the same alarm is displayed by multiple servers:

- If this alarm is displayed by only one server, the problem is most likely to be with the cable or the server itself. Look for other alarms that indicate a problem with the server and perform the recovery procedures for those alarms first.
- If this alarm is displayed by multiple servers, go to the next step.

2. Verify that both ends of the labeled serial cables are secured properly (for locations of serial cables, see the appropriate hardware manual).

3. If the alarm has not been cleared, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32327 – Server HA Keepalive Error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server HA Keepalive Error -- This alarm indicates that heartbeat process has detected that it has failed to receive a heartbeat packet within the timeout period.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdHaKeepaliveError

Recovery

1. Determine if the mate server is currently down and bring it up if possible.
2. Determine if the keepalive interface is down.
3. Determine if heartbeat is running (service TKLCha status).

   Note: This step may require command line ability.

4. Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32331 – HP disk problem

Alarm Type: TPD

Description: HP disk problem -- This major alarm indicates that there is an issue with either a physical or logical disk in the HP disk subsystem. The message will include the drive type, location, slot and status of the drive that has the error.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdHpDiskProblemNotify

Recovery

   Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32332 – HP Smart Array controller problem

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: HP Smart Array controller problem -- This major alarm indicates that there is an issue with an HP disk controller. The message will include the slot location, the component on the controller that has failed, and status of the controller that has the error.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdHpDiskCtrlrProblemNotify

Recovery

   Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32333 – HP hpacucliStatus utility problem

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: HP hpacucliStatus utility problem -- This major alarm indicates that there is an issue with the process that caches the HP disk subsystem status. This usually means that the hpacucliStatus daemon is either not running, or hung.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdHPACUCLIProblem

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32335 - Switch Link Down Error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Swith Link Down Error -- The link is down.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdSwitchLinkDownError

Within this trap are two bind variables, the OIDs of which are:

- 1.3.6.1.2.1.1.5 <sysname>, where <sysname> is the name of the switch where the failure occurred.
- 1.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1.1 <link index>, where <link index> is the index of the failed link.

Recovery

1. Verify the cabling between the port and the remote side.
2. Verify networking on the remote end.
3. If the problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*, who should verify port settings on both the server and the switch.

32336 – Half open socket limit

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Half open socket limit -- This alarm indicates that the number of half open TCP sockets has reached the major threshold. This problem is caused by a remote system failing to complete the TCP 3-way handshake.

Default Severity: Major

OID: tpdHalfOpenSockLimit

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32500 – Server Disk Space Shortage Warning

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Disk Space Shortage Warning -- This alarm indicates that one of the following conditions has occurred:

- A file system has exceeded a warning threshold, which means that more than 80% (but less than 90%) of the available disk storage has been used on the file system.
- More than 80% (but less than 90%) of the total number of available files have been allocated on the file system.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdDiskSpaceShortageWarning

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32501 – Server Application Process Error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Application Process Error -- This alarm indicates that either the minimum number of instances for a required process are not currently running or too many instances of a required process are running.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdApplicationProcessError

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32502 – Server Hardware Configuration Error

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Hardware Configuration Error -- This alarm indicates that one or more of the server's hardware components are not in compliance with Tekelec specifications (refer to the appropriate hardware manual).

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdHardwareConfigError

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32505 – Server Swap Space Shortage Warning

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Swap Space Shortage Warning -- This alarm indicates that the swap space available on the server is less than expected. This is usually caused by a process that has allocated a very large amount of memory over time.

Note: For this alarm to clear, the underlying failure condition must be consistently undetected for a number of polling intervals. Therefore, the alarm may continue to be reported for several minutes after corrective actions are completed.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdSwapSpaceShortageWarning

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32506 – Server Default Router not Defined

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Default Router not Defined -- This alarm indicates that the default network route is either not configured or the current configuration contains an invalid IP address or hostname.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdDefaultRouteNotDefined

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32507 – Server Temperature Warning

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Temperature Warning -- This alarm indicates that the internal temperature within the server is outside of the normal operating range. A server Fan Failure may also exist along with the Server Temperature Warning.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdTemperatureWarning

Recovery

1. Ensure that nothing is blocking the fan's intake. Remove any blockage.
2. Verify that the temperature in the room is normal. If it is too hot, lower the temperature in the room to an acceptable level.

   Note: Be prepared to wait the appropriate period of time before continuing with the next step. Conditions need to be below alarm thresholds consistently for the alarm to clear. It may take about ten minutes after the room returns to an acceptable temperature before the alarm cleared.

3. Replace the filter (refer to the appropriate hardware manual).

   Note: Be prepared to wait the appropriate period of time before continuing with the next step. Conditions need to be below alarm thresholds consistently for the alarm to clear. It may take about ten minutes after the filter is replaced before the alarm cleared.

4. If the problem has not been resolved, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32508 – Server Core File Detected

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Core File Detected -- This alarm indicates that an application process has failed and debug information is available.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdCoreFileDetected

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32509 – Server NTP Daemon Not Synchronized

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server NTP Daemon Not Synchronized -- This alarm indicates that the NTP daemon (background process) has been unable to locate a server to provide an acceptable time reference for synchronization.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdNTPDeamonNotSynchronized

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32510 – CMOS Battery Voltage Low

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: CMOS Battery Voltage Low -- The presence of this alarm indicates that the CMOS battery voltage has been detected to be below the expected value. This alarm is an early warning indicator of CMOS battery end-of-life failure which will cause problems in the event the server is powered off.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdCMOSBatteryVoltageLow

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32511 – Server Disk Self Test Warning

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Disk Self Test Warning -- A non-fatal disk issue (such as a sector cannot be read) exists.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdSmartTestWarn

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32512 – Device Warning

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Device Warning -- This alarm indicates that either we are unable to perform an snmpget command on the configured SNMP OID or the value returned failed the specified comparison operation.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdDeviceWarn

Recovery

    Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32513 – Device Interface Warning

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Device Interface Warning -- This alarm can be generated by either an SNMP trap or an IP bond error.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdDeviceIfWarn

Recovery

    Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32514 – Server Reboot Watchdog Initiated

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Reboot Watchdog Initiated -- This alarm indicates that the hardware watchdog was not strobed by the software and so the server rebooted the server. This applies to only the last reboot and is only supported on a T1100 application server.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdWatchdogReboot

Recovery

    Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32515 – Server HA Failover Inhibited

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server HA Failover Inhibited -- This alarm indicates that the server has been inhibited and therefore HA failover is prevented from occurring.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdHaInhibited

Recovery

    Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32516 – Server HA Active To Standby Transition

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server HA Active To Standby Transition -- This alarm indicates that the server is in the process of transitioning HA state from Active to Standby.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdHaActiveToStandbyTrans

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32517 – Server HA Standby To Active Transition

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server HA Standby To Active Transition -- This alarm indicates that the server is in the process of transitioning HA state from Standby to Active.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdHaStandbyToActiveTrans

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32518 – Platform Health Check Failure

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Platform Health Check Failure -- This alarm is used to indicate a configuration error.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdHealthCheckFailed

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32519 – NTP Offset Check Failure

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: NTP Offset Check Failure -- This minor alarm indicates that time on the server is outside the acceptable range (or offset) from the NTP server. The Alarm message will provide the offset value of the server from the NTP server and the offset limit that the application has set for the system.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: ntpOffsetCheckFailed

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32520 – NTP Stratum Check Failure

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: NTP Stratum Check Failure -- This alarm indicates that NTP is syncing to a server, but the stratum level of the NTP server is outside of the acceptable limit. The Alarm message will provide the stratum value of the NTP server and the stratum limit that the application has set for the system.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: ntpStratumCheckFailed

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32521 – SAS Presence Sensor Missing

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: SAS Presence Sensor Missing -- This alarm indicates that the T1200 server drive sensor is not working.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: sasPresenceSensorMissing

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center* to get a replacement server.

32522 – SAS Drive Missing

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: SAS Drive Missing -- This alarm indicates that the number of drives configured for this server is not being detected.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: sasDriveMissing

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center* to determine whether the issue is with a failed drive or failed configuration.

32524 – HP disk resync

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: HP disk resync -- This minor alarm indicates that the HP disk subsystem is currently resynchronizing after a failed or replaced drive, or some other change in the configuration of the HP disk subsystem. The output of the message will include the disk that is resynchronizing and the percentage complete. This alarm should eventually clear once the resync of the disk is completed. The time it takes for this is dependant on the size of the disk and the amount of activity on the system.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdHpDiskResync

Recovery

   Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32525 – Telco Fan Warning

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Telco Fan Warning -- This alarm indicates that the Telco switch has detected an issue with an internal fan.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdTelcoFanWarning

Recovery

1. Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center* to get a replacement switch. Verify the ambient air temperature around the switch is as low as possible until the switch is replaced.
2. Tekelec *Customer Care Center* personnel can perform an snmpget command or log into the switch to get detailed fan status information.

32526 – Telco Temperature Warning

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Telco Temperature Warning -- This alarm indicates that the Telco switch has detected the internal temperature has exceeded the threshold.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdTelcoTemperatureWarning

Recovery

1. Lower the ambient air temperature around the switch as low as possible.
2. If problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32527 – Telco Power Supply Warning

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Telco Power Supply Warning -- This alarm indicates that the Telco switch has detected that one of the duplicate power supplies has failed.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdTelcoPowerSupplyWarning

Recovery

1. Verify breaker wasn't tripped.

2. If breaker is still good and problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center* who can perform a **snmpget** command or log into the switch to determine which power supply is failing. If the power supply is bad, the switch must be replaced.

32528 – Invalid BIOS value

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Invalid BIOS value -- This alarm indicates that the HP server has detected that one of the setting for either the embedded serial port or the virtual serial port is incorrect.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdInvalidBiosValue

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32529 – Server Kernel Dump File Detected

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Kernel Dump File Detected -- This alarm indicates that the kernel has crashed and debug information is available.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdServerKernelDumpFileDetected

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32530 – TPD Upgrade Fail Detected

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Upgrade Fail Detected -- This alarm indicates that a TPD upgrade has failed.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdUpgradeFailed

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32531 – Half Open Socket Warning

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Half Open Socket Warning -- This alarm indicates that the number of half open TCP sockets has reached the major threshold. This problem is caused by a remote system failing to complete the TCP 3-way handshake.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdHalfOpenSocketWarning

Recovery

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

32532 – Server Upgrade Pending Accept/Reject

Alarm Type: PLAT

Description: Server Upgrade Pending Accept/Reject -- This alarm indicates that an upgrade occurred but has not been accepted or rejected yet.

Default Severity: Minor

OID: tpdServerUpgradePendingAccept

Recovery

Follow the steps in the application's upgrade procedure for accepting or rejecting the upgrade.

QBus Platform (70000-70999)

The QBus Platform (QP) software provides an execution environment for Java-based applications, which are the Multiprotocol Routing Agent (MRA), Multimedia Policy Engine (MPE), or the Configuration Management Platform (CMP). QP provides common interfaces into databases, event logging, SNMP, and cluster state. Two blades in the cluster provides 1+1 High-Availability (HA) protection. The application executes on one blade. The other blade acts as a hot standby in case the first blade fails to provide service.

70022 - QP Slave database failed to synchronize

Alarm Type: QP

Description: The MySQL slave failed to synchronize with the master.

Default Severity: Major

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Failed

Clearing Action: This alarm clears when the slave server synchronizes with the master server.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsQPMySQLSlaveSyncFailureNotify

Recovery:

1. No action required unless the alarm does not clear within a few hours.
2. If the problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

70023 - QP Slave database lagging the master

Alarm Type: QP

Description: The MySQL slave is lagging the master -- The MYSQL slave server is connected to the master server but its database has fallen behind the master database.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Degraded

Clearing Action: This alarm clears automatically when the slave database is synchronized with the master database.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsQPMySQLSlaveLaggingNotify

Recovery:

1. No action required unless the alarm does not clear within a few hours or the condition is repeatedly set and unset.
2. If either of the problems persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

70024 - QP Slave database is prevented from synchronizing with the master

Alarm Type: QP

Description: The MySQL slave has been prevented from sychronizing with the master -- The MySQL slave database has been prevented from synchronization with the master database because the master database is outdated.

Default Severity: Critical

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Degraded

Clearing Action: This alarm clears when the slave database is synchronized with the master database. This alarm is set on the slave server and will only occur when the active server on the primary site has set alarm 70020. This alarm clears automatically when the slave database is synchronized with the master database.

OID:pcrfMIBNotificationsQPMySQLSlaveSyncPreventedNotify

Recovery:

1. Diagnose the CMP master server to clear its 70020 alarm.
2. Once alarm 70020 is cleared, the slave server will clear alarm 70024.

70025 - QP Slave database is a different version than the master

Alarm Type: QP

Description: The MySQL slave has a different schema version than the master.

Default Severity: Critical

Instance: N/A

HA Score: DegradedNormal

Clearing Action: The slave server clears the alarm when the master DB version is equal to the slave DB version.

OID:pcrfMIBNotificationsQPMySQLSchemaVersionMismatchNotify

Recovery:

This alarm is set by the CMP Slave Server during a CMP Server Upgrade or Backout, when the CMP Master Server DB is a different version than the CMP Slave Server DB. The Slave Server clears the alarm when the Master Server and the Slave Server again have the same version.

70026 - QP Server Symantec NetBackup Operation in Progress

Alarm Type: QP

Description: Server is performing a Symantec NetBackup Operation.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: Alarm clears when the NetBackup client operation has completed.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsQPNetBackupInProgressNotify

Recovery:

1. When operation is complete, alarm should clear.
2. If the alarm does not clear within a few hours, then check the NetBackup Server logs.
3. If the NetBackup Server logs have no errors, or if the alarm is occurring over and over, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

70028 - QP Signaling Bonded Interface is Down

Alarm Type: QP

Description: Indicates both bond interfaces SIGA and SIGB are disconnected, and a failover has occurred. The cluster status changes to Degraded.

Default Severity: Critical

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Degraded

Clearing Action: N/A

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsQPSignalBondedInterfaceDownNotify

Recovery:

1. If the alarm does not clear within a few seconds automatically or if the alarm is occurring over and over, contact Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

Policy Server (71000-89999)

This section provides a list of Policy Server alarms (71000-79999) and events (80000-89999) which are generated by servers such as MPEs and MRAs.

71004 - AM CONN LOST

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: AM socket closed.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: AM connection restored to remote peer.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsAMConnLostNotify

Recovery:

1. Check the availability of the AM.
2. Check the AM log for a recent failover or other operations that can interrupt communications.
3. If the AM has not failed, make sure that the path from the AM to the MPE device (port 3918) is operational.
4. If the problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

71101 - DQOS DOWNSTREAM CONNECTION CLOSED

Alarm Type:PCRF

Description: DQoS Downstream connection is closed.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: DQOS connection restored to a remote peer.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsDqosDownstreamConnectionClosedNotify

Recovery:

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

71102 - MSC CONN LOST

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: MSC Conn Lost -- The connection was lost to the specified CMTS or downstream policy server.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: Connection to a remote peer is restored.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsMSCConnLostNotify

Recovery:

1. Check configuration and availability of the network element.
2. Check the network element for a reboot or other service interruption.
3. If the element has not failed, make sure that the network path from the MPE device to the element (port 3918) is operational.
4. If the problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

71104 - DQOS AM CONNECTION CLOSED

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: DQoS AM Connection Closed.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: Connection to a remote peer is restored.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsDqosAmConnectionClosedNotify

Recovery:

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

71204 - SPC CONN CLOSED

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: SPC SPC connection closed.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: Connection to a remote peer is restored.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsSPCConnClosedNotify

Recovery:

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

71402 - TRANSPORT CLOSED

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: Diameter Transport Closed -- A connection with a Diameter peer has been closed by a network element.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: This alarm clears automatically after 7200 seconds.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsTransportClosedNotify

Recovery:

1. Check the configuration and availability of the network element.
2. Check the network element for a reboot or other service interruption.
3. If the network element has not failed, ensure the network path from the device to the network element is operational.
4. If the problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

71403 - TRANSPORT DISCONNECTED

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: Diameter Transport Disconnected -- Diameter connection socket is closed.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: This alarm clears automatically after 7200 seconds.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsTransportDisconnectedNotify

Recovery:

1. Check the configuration and availability of the network element.
2. Check the network element for a reboot or other service interruption.
3. If the network element has not failed, ensure the network path from the device to the network element is operational.
4. If the problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

71408 - DIAMETER NEW CONN REJECTED

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: Diameter new connection rejected as an already functioning one exists. A Diameter peer (identified by its Diameter Identity) attempted to establish a connection with the device although it

already has a valid connection. The Diameter protocol allows only one connection from a particular peer.

Note: This situation only occurs when DIAMETER.AllowMultipleConnectionsPerPeer is set to false, or when the multiple connections setting is turned off on the advanced tab of the policy server tab in the CMP GUI.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: This alarm clears automatically after 300 seconds.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsDIAMETERNewConnRejectedNotify

Recovery:

1. Check the peer configuration and ensure that the peer sees a valid connection with the device.
2. If the problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

71414 - SCTP PATH STATUS CHANGED

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: SCTP Path Status Changed -- Occurs when an MPE or MRA is multihoming. The alarm occurs when one path fails, and clears when the path becomes available again. If the path that is currently transmitting diameter messages fails, the alarm is triggered when the SCTP association tries to send the next diameter message. If the path is not transmitting diameter messages (it is a backup) then it may take up to 30 seconds for the alarm to be triggered, since heartbeat chunks are sent every 30 seconds.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: Peer address + Association ID

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: This alarm clears automatically after 7200 seconds.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsSctpPathStatusChangedNotify

Recovery:

If the problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

71605 - LDAP CONN FAILED

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: Connection to LDAP server failed.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: Connection to LDAP server is restored.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsLdapConnFailedNotify

Recovery:

Verify that there is no problem with the LDAP server or the network path used to reach the server. If the problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

71630 - DHCP UNEXPECTED EVENT ID

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: DHCP Communication exception.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: Next successful DHCP operation will clear this alarm.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsDHCPUnexpectedEventIdNotify

Recovery:

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

71631 - DHCP UNABLE TO BIND EVENT ID

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: DHCP unable to bind event ID.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: Next successful DHCP bind operation will clear this alarm.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsDHCPUnableToBindEventIdNotify

Recovery:

If this alarm occurs infrequently, then monitor the health of the system. If this alarm occurs frequently, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

71632 - DHCP RESPONSE TIMEOUT EVENT ID

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: DHCP Response Timeout Event Id.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: This alarm clears automatically after 60 seconds.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsDHCPResponseTimeoutEventIdNotify

Recovery:

If this alarm occurs infrequently, then monitor the health of the system. If this alarm occurs frequently, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

71633 - BAD RELAY ADDRESS EVENT ID

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: DHCP bad relay address event id.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: This alarm clears automatically after 30 seconds.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsDHCPBadRelayAddressEventIdNotify

Recovery:

If this alarm occurs infrequently, then monitor the health of the system. If this alarm occurs frequently, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

71634 - DHCP BAD PRIMARY ADDRESS EVENT ID

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: DHCP no primary address specified.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: This alarm clears automatically after 30 seconds.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsDHCPBadPrimaryAddressEventIdNotify

Recovery:

If this alarm occurs infrequently, then monitor the health of the system. If this alarm occurs frequently, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

71635 - DHCP BAD SECONDARY ADDRESS_EVENT ID

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: DHCP no secondary address specified.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: This alarm clears automatically after 30 seconds.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsDHCPBadSecondaryAddressEventIdNotify

Recovery:

If this alarm occurs infrequently, then monitor the health of the system. If this alarm occurs frequently, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

71684 - SPR CONNECTION CLOSED

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: SPR Closing a secondary connection to revert to primary connection.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: Connection to SPR is restored.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsSPRConnectionClosedNotify

Recovery:

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

71685 - MSR DB NOT REACHABLE

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: Unable to connect to MSR after several attempts.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: Connection to MSR is restored.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsMSRDBNotReachableNotify

Recovery:

Verify that there is no problem with the MSR server or the network path used to reach the server. If the problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

71702 - BRAS CONNECTION CLOSED

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: Bras Connection Closed -- The MPE lost a connection to the B-RAS element of the gateway.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: Connection to BRAS is restored.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsBrasConnectionClosedNotify

Recovery:

1. Check availability of the gateway.
2. If the gateway has not failed, make sure that the path from the gateway to the MPE is operational.
3. If the problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

71703 - COPS UNKNOWN GATEWAY

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: COPS Unknown Gateway -- An unknown gateway is trying to establish a COPS-PR connection to the MPE.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: COPS network element is associated with MPE.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsCOPSUnknownGatewayNotify

Recovery:

1. Check the configuration of the network elements in the CMP. There should be a B-RAS network element for this gateway and that B-RAS must be associated with this MPE.
   Make sure that the configuration of the B-RAS network element is consistent with the provisioned information on the gateway. The network element name in the CMP must match the provisioned router name on the gateway.
2. If the problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

71801 - PCMM NO PCEF

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: PCMM no PCEF.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: This alarm clears automatically after 60 seconds.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsPCMMNoPCEFNotify

Recovery:

If this alarm occurs infrequently, then monitor the health of the system. If this alarm occurs frequently, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

71805 - PCMM NOCONNECTION PCEF

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: PCMM Non Connection to PCEF.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: This alarm clears automatically after 60 seconds.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsPCMMNonConnectionPCEFNotify

Recovery:

If this alarm occurs infrequently, then monitor the health of the system. If this alarm occurs frequently, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

72198 - SMSR SMSC SWITCHED TO PRIMARY

Alarm Type: SMS

Description: Switched to primary SMSC -- Switched from Secondary to Primary SMSC.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: SMSC address

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: Auto clear after 60 minutes

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsSMSRSMTPConnectionClosedNotify

Recovery:

No action necessary.

72199 - SMSR SMSC SWITCHED TO SECONDARY

Alarm Type: SMPP

Description: Switched to Secondary SMSC -- Switched from Primary to Secondary SMSC.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: SMSC Address

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: Auto clear after 60 minutes

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsSMSRSMTPConnectionClosedNotify

Recovery:

No action necessary.

72210 - PCMM REACHED MAX GATES EVENT ID

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: PCMM Reached Maximum Gates -- A subscriber at IP address ip-addr has reached the configured maximum number of upstream gates.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: This alarm clears automatically after 60 seconds.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsPCMMReachedMaxGatesEventIdNotify

Recovery:

If this alarm occurs infrequently, then monitor the health of the system. If this alarm occurs frequently, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

72211 - PCMM REACHED MAX GPI EVENT ID

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: PCMM Reached Maximum GPI -- PCMM reached maximum GPI. A subscriber at IP address ip-addr has reached the configured maximum grants per interval on all upstream gates.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: This alarm clears automatically after 60 seconds.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsPCMMReachedMaxGPIEventIdNotify

Recovery:

1. This subscriber address is exceeding the capacity; attention is required.
2. Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

72501 - SCE CONNECTION LOST

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: SCE Connection is lost.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: Connection to SCE is restored.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsSCEConnectionLostNotify

Recovery:

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

72549 - SMSR QUEUE FULL

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: SMSR queue full -- SMSR internal queue has reached capacity. This will result in messages being dropped until the queue is free to accept new messages.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: SMSR queue

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: Auto clear after 60 minutes

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsSMSRSMTPConnectionClosedNotify

Recovery:

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

72559 - SMSR SMSC CONN CLOSED

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: SMSC connection closed.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: SMSC address

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: Auto clear after 60 minutes

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsSMSRSMTPConnectionClosed

Recovery:

No action necessary.

72565 - SMSR SMTP CONN CLOSED

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: SMTP connection closed -- SMTP connection has been closed to MTA {IP Address}.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: {hostname of MTA}

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: Auto clear after 60 minutes

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsSMSRSMTPConnectionClosedNotify

Recovery:

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

72703 - RADIUS SERVER START FAILED

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: RADIUS server start failed.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: N/A

Clearing Action: TBD

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsRADIUSServerFailedNotify

Recovery:

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

72706 - RADIUS SERVER CORRUPT AUTH

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: RADIUS authenticator is corrupted.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: N/A

Clearing Action: TBD

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsRADIUSServerCorrupAuthNotify

Recovery:

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

72904 - DIAMETER TOO BUSY

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: Diameter load shedding set a busy state.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: The Diameter load drops below admission criteria thresholds or this alarm clears automatically after 30 seconds.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsDiameterTooBusyNotify

Recovery:

If this alarm occurs infrequently, then monitor the health of the system. If this alarm occurs frequently, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

72905 - RADIUS TOO BUSY

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: RADIUS load shedding set a busy state.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: The RADIUS load drops below admission criteria thresholds or this alarm clears automatically after 30 seconds.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsRadiusTooBusyNotify

Recovery:

If this alarm occurs infrequently, then monitor the health of the system. If this alarm occurs frequently, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

74000 - POLICY CRITICAL ALARM

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: Critical Policy alarm.

Default Severity: Critical

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: This alarm can be cleared by a policy or clears automatically after 3600 seconds (one hour).

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsPolicyServerCriticalAlarmNotify

Recovery:

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

74001 - POLICY MAJOR ALARM

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: Major Policy alarm.

Default Severity: Major

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: This alarm can be cleared by a policy or clears automatically after 3600 seconds (one hour).

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsPolicyServerMajorAlarmNotify

Recovery:

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

74002 - POLICY MINOR ALARM

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: Minor Policy alarm.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: This alarm can be cleared by a policy or clears automatically after 3600 seconds (one hour).

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsPolicyServerMajorAlarmNotify

Recovery:

Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

74020 - DELETE EXPIRE FILES

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: Delete expire files -- Stats Files Generator Task has removed some files which weren't synced to remote servers (<external system IP>,<external system IP>, etc).

Default Severity: Major

Instance: Stats files generator

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: Auto clear 300 seconds

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsFilesGeneratorDeleteExpireFilesNotify

Recovery:

Check all enabled Stats Files Synchronization tasks status in the DC (Data Collection) tasks of CMP, and ensure they are configured successfully.

74021 - FILE SYNCHRONIZATION FAILURE

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: Files synchronization failure -- Stats Files Synchronization #<X> task failed to sync local to remote server (<external system Host Name/IP>) after retry <N> times, where:

- X: task #
- N: 1-5 retry times
- External system Host Name/IP: user-defined remote server's address to which files are synced

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: Stats files synchronization

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: Auto clear 300 seconds

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsFilesSynchronizationFailureNotify

Recovery:

Check the network status of the remote server which you configured in the Stats Files Synchronization task; ensure remote server supports SSH protocol and you configured the user name and password correctly.

74602 - QP Multiple Active In Cluster Failure

Alarm Type: QP

Description: Multiple Active servers have been detected in the same cluster; the cluster is in Split Brain state.

Default Severity: Major

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: This alarm clears when HA recovers or can clears automatically after 30 minutes. When HA recovers there will be only one Active server in a cluster.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsQPMultipleActiveInClusterFailureNotify

Recovery:

1. Fix network problems and restore connectivity.
2. Place one of the Active servers in the cluster into Forced Standby mode.
3. Contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

74603 - QP Max Primary Cluster Failure Threshold

Alarm Type: QP

Description: The number of failed MPE pairs reaches the threshold of {Max Primary Site Failure Threshold} at {Site}, where:

- Max Primary Site Failure Threshold is the configured threshold value
- Site is the site name

Default Severity: Major

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: This alarm clears when the number of failed MPE pairs remain at a lower value than the threshold of {Max Primary Site Failure Threshold} at {Site}, or clears automatically after 30 minutes.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsQPMaxMPEPrimaryClusterFailureNotify

Recovery:

1. When the failure count drops below the threshold value and stays below the threshold for 30 seconds, the alarm is cleared. (The 30 seconds delay prevents the alarm from being cleared too soon.)
2. If alarm doesn't clear automatically, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

74604 - QP Policy Cluster Offline Failure

Alarm Type: QP

Description: Policy Cluster is offline.

Default Severity: Critical

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: This alarm clears when a server in the MPE cluster comes online. The alarm clears automatically after 30 minutes.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsQPMPEClusterOfflineFailureNotify

Recovery:

1. When a server comes online (in Active, Standby, or Spare state), the alarm is cleared. Please check whether all servers are powered down or rebooted at that time.
2. If alarm doesn't clear automatically, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

75000 - POLICY LIBRARY LOADING FAILED

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: Policy library loading failed -- PCRF was unable to load the latest policy library. If this alarm occurred at startup time or at failover, this indicates the PCRF does not have any policies deployed. If this alarm occurred on a new policy push when PCRF was running with some existing policies, this alarm indicates that the PCRF will continue to run with those existing policies.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: Performing a reapply config may fix the problem.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsPolicyLoadingLibraryFailedNotify

Recovery:

1. Perform a reapply config from the CMP to reload the library.
2. If the problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

77904 - BOD PCMM TOO BUSY

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: BOD PCMM TOO BUSY

Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: N/A

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsBODPCMMTooBusyNotify

Recovery:

If the problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

77905 - BOD DIAMETER TOO BUSY

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: BOD DIAMETER TOO BUSY

Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: N/A

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsBODDiameterTooBusyNotify

Recovery:

If the problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

78000 - ADS CONNECTION LOST

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: ADS Connection Lost -- The Analytics Data Stream (ADS) connection was lost to the specified client.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: Analytics Client ID

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: Connection to a remote peer is restored by the same client (ID), or in one hour by auto clear.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsADSConnectionLostNotify

Recovery:

1. Check configuration and availability of the analytics client.
2. Check the client for reboot or other service interruption.
3. If the element has not failed, make sure that the network path from the MPE device to the element (port 222) is operational.
4. If the problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

78001 - RSYNC FAILED

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: Transfer of Policy jar files failed -- PCRF was unable to transfer the latest policy library from the active to the standby server. The alarm can be raised by the active when a policy change is made or a Reapply Configuration is performed. It can be raised by the standby during startup if it was unable to get the policy jar file from the active during startup.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: Since the alarm can be raised by both the active and standby servers, the alarm will not clear once the problem is fixed; it will auto-clear in an hour.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsRsyncFailedNotify

Recovery:

1. This alarm can be ignored during a mixed version upgrade (eg. 7.5/7.6 -> 9.1) and when rebooting both servers on the MPE.
2. If the alarm is seen on the MRA, it indicates the logback config files are not transferring, which is harmless to the operation.
3. The most likely cause is that the ssh keys have not been exchanged; ensure they are exchanged correctly.
4. Perform a Reapply Configuration.
5. If performing a Reapply Configuration does not fix the problem, another alarm will be raised by the active server for that particular operation. If the problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.
6. The original alarm will auto-clear in an hour.

79002 - SESS_SIZE_REACHED_THRESHOLD

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: Total session database size reached maximum threshold percentage of planned session database size.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: Total session database size goes below minimum threshold percentage of planned session database size.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsSessDBSizeReachedThresholdNotify

Recovery:

> If the problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

79003 - AVERAGE_SESS_SIZE_EXCEED

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: Average session size exceeded the projected size.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: N/A

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsAvgSessSizeReachedThresholdNotify

Recovery:

> If the problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

79004 - BIND_SIZE_REACHED_THRESHOLD

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: Total binding database size reached maximum threshold percentage of planned binding database size.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: Total binding database size goes below minimum threshold percentage of planned binding database size.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsBindDBSizeReachedThresholdNotify

Recovery:

> If the problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

79005 - AVERAGE_BIND_SIZE_EXCEED

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: Average binding size exceeded the projected size.

Default Severity: Minor

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: N/A

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsAvgBindSizeReachedThresholdNotify

Recovery:

If the problem persists, contact the Tekelec *Customer Care Center*.

80001 - QP DB State Transition

Alarm Type: QP

Description: The DB status of the blade is not fully ready -- The MySQL database manager generates a "MySQL state transition" event every time it makes a state-machine transition. The event text describes the transition.

Default Severity: Info

Instance: MySQL

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: This alarm is cleared by qp-procmgr as qp-procmgr shuts down.

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsQPDBStateChangeNotify

Recovery:

No action required.

80002 - QP MySQL Relay Log Dropped

Alarm Type: QP

Description: A portion of the MySQL relay log was dropped as the slave was shutting down -- This event is raised when a slave server times out while trying to apply its relay log during a slave stop. The server may not be hurt, but there may be aftereffects. This event is raised to trigger a debug for possible aftereffects.

Default Severity: Info

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: N/A

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsQPMySQLRelayLogDroppedNotify

Recovery:

Debug the system for possible aftereffects caused by the timeout.

80003 - QP MySQL Database Level Advertisement

Alarm Type: QP

Description: The ranking of slaves when the master is outdated -- If the master database is outdated, the server raises this event once per minute. The server will rank the slaves, from best to worst, based on their database level .

Default Severity: Info

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: N/A

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsQPMySQLDBLevelNotify

Recovery:

Use the information of this event to help resolve an outdated master database raised by alarm 70020.

82704 - BINDING RELEASE TASK

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: Binding Release Task -- The binding release task has started, completed, or aborted.

Default Severity: Info

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: N/A

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsBindingReleaseTaskNotify

Recovery:

No action required.

84004 - POLICY INFO EVENT

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: Policy Info Event -- Application is ready.

Default Severity: Info

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: N/A

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsPolicyInfoEventNotify

Recovery:

No action required.

86001 - APPLICATION IS READY

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: Application is ready for service.

Default Severity: Info

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: N/A

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsApplicationIsReadyNotify

Recovery:

No action required.

86100 - CMP USER LOGIN

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: CMP User login was succesful.

Default Severity: Info

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: N/A

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsCMPUserLoginNotify

Recovery:

No action required.

86101 - CMP USER LOGIN FAILED

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: CMP User login failed.

Default Severity: Info

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: N/A

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsCMPUserLoginFailedNotify

Recovery:

No action required.

86102 - CMP USER LOGOUT

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: CMP User performed logout.

Default Severity: Info

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: N/A

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsCMPUserLogoutNotify

Recovery:

No action required.

86200 - CMP USER PROMOTED SERVER

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: CMP User promoted server -- Application is ready.

Default Severity: Info

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: N/A

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsCMPUserPromotedServerNotify

Recovery:

No action required.

86201 - CMP USER DEMOTED SERVER

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: CMP User demoted either CMP 1 or CMP 2.

Default Severity: Info

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: N/A

OID:pcrfMIBNotificationsCMPUserDemotedServerNotify

Recovery:

No action required.

86300 - SH ENABLE FAILED

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: Enable Sh Connection failed -- The CMP performed a global operation to enable Sh on all MPE's and it failed on the specified MPE.

Default Severity: Major

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: N/A

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsCMPShConEnableFailedNotify

Recovery:

The operation can be retried. If repeated attempts fail then there may be other management issues with the associated MPEs and connectivity to those devices should be verified.

86301 - SH DISABLE FAILED

Alarm Type: PCRF

Description: Disable Sh Connection failed -- The CMP performed a global operation to disable Sh on all MPE's and it failed on the specified MPE.

Default Severity: Major

Instance: N/A

HA Score: Normal

Clearing Action: N/A

OID: pcrfMIBNotificationsCMPShConDisableFailedNotify

Recovery:

The operation can be retried. If repeated attempts fail then there may be other management issues with the associated MPEs and connectivity to those devices should be verified.

Glossary

A

AM

application manager

A server within a network that is responsible for establishing and managing subscriber sessions associated with a specific application.

B

B-RAS

broadband remote access server

C

CMP

Configuration Management Platform

A centralized management interface to create policies, maintain policy libraries, configure, provision, and manage multiple distributed MPE policy server devices, and deploy policy rules to MPE devices. The CMP has a web-based interface.

CMTS

Cable modem termination system

An edge device connecting to subscribers' cable modems in a broadband network. A CMTS device can function as a PCEF device; see PCEF.

Cable Modem Termination System: Equipment used by cable companies to provide high speed data services to cable subscribers.

D

DNS

Domain Name System

D

A system for converting Internet host and domain names into IP addresses.

DQoS

Dynamic Quality of Service

A COPS-based protocol that is part of the Packet Cable standards used to communicate between a CMS and a CMTS for setting up voice calls. An MPE device can be inserted between these two entities to apply additional policy rules as sessions are established.

G

GUI

Graphical User Interface

The term given to that set of items and facilities which provide the user with a graphic means for manipulating screen data rather than being limited to character based commands.

H

HA

High Availability

High Availability refers to a system or component that operates on a continuous basis by utilizing redundant connectivity, thereby circumventing unplanned outages.

HP

Hewlett-Packard

M

MPE

Multimedia Policy Engine

A high-performance, high-availability platform for operators to deliver and manage differentiated services over high-speed data networks. The MPE includes a

M

protocol-independent policy rules engine that provides authorization for services based on policy conditions such as subscriber information, application information, time of day, and edge resource utilization.

MRA

Multi-Protocol Routing Agent

Scales the Policy Management infrastructure by distributing the PCRF load across multiple Policy Server devices.

MTA

Major Trading Area

Multimedia Policy Engine

See MPE.

Multiprotocol Routing Agent

See MRA.

N

NTP

Network Time Protocol

NTP daemon

Network Time Protocol daemon – NTP process that runs in the background.

O

OID

Object Identifier

An identifier for a managed object in a Management Information Base (MIB) hierarchy. This can be depicted as a tree, the levels of which are assigned by different organizations. Top level MIB OIDs belong to different standard organizations. Vendors define private branches that include

O

managed objects for their own products.

P

PCEF

Policy and Charging Enforcement Function

Maintains rules regarding a subscriber's use of network resources. Responds to CCR and AAR messages. Periodically sends RAR messages. All policy sessions for a given subscriber, originating anywhere in the network, must be processed by the same PCRF.

PCMM

PacketCable MultiMedia

PCRF

Policy and Charging Rules Function. The ability to dynamically control access, services, network capacity, and charges in a network.

Maintains rules regarding a subscriber's use of network resources. Responds to CCR and AAR messages. Periodically sends RAR messages. All policy sessions for a given subscriber, originating anywhere in the network, must be processed by the same PCRF.

Q

QBus Platform

See QP.

QP

QBus Platform

Software that provides an execution environment for Java-based applications, providing common interfaces into databases, event logging, SNMP, and cluster state.

R

REPL

Replication

S

SMSR

SMS Relay Application

An interface between the MPE and SMSC or other specific SMS web service(s).

SNMP

Simple Network Management Protocol.

An industry-wide standard protocol used for network management. The SNMP agent maintains data variables that represent aspects of the network. These variables are called managed objects and are stored in a management information base (MIB). The SNMP protocol arranges managed objects into groups.

SOAP

Simple Object Access Protocol

SPC

Service Provisioning over COPS (Common Open Policy Service protocol)