Tekelec EAGLE[®]5 Integrated Signaling System

Release 1.0

Feature Manual - ECAP

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Overview

The Eagle Collection Application Processor (ECAP) is a dedicated standalone platform for the collection of EAGLE® 5 ISS traffic statistics data. The ECAP platform is a frame mounted system that includes two or more ECAP servers, a power distribution breaker panel, and two Ethernet switches. The ECAP server is a T1100 Application Server (AS) running the Integrated Q.752 MTP/SCCP Accounting Feed application. The Eagle Collector Application Process collects raw MSUs from the EAGLE 5 ISS and generates data files that contain structured counts supporting *ITU-T Recommendation Q.752, Section 7*. These counts are sent to another system for accounting activities.

The Integrated Accounting Feed application provides basic MTP and SCCP accounting and measurements capability on the EAGLE 5 ISS platform in accordance with *ITU-T Recommendation Q.752, Section 7.* The concepts discussed in *ITU-T Recommendation Q.752, Section 7.* The concepts discussed in and "cascade remuneration verification", and are based on the principle that the originator of a message pays the network operator who owns the next node in the message's path for accepting the messages and subsequent processing. This operator then pays the network operator who owns the next node in the message's path, and so on until the message finally reaches its final destination, which could be in yet another network.

The ECAP platform is an adjunct system to the Tekelec portfolio of products that work in conjunction with the EAGLE 5 ISS and other system(s) so that the raw MSU data can be converted into accounting records in accordance with *Section 7*. The ECAP generates periodic traffic data files which are transferred to a configured Aggregator, allowing detailed usage reports to be compiled across all monitored links in the system. This system takes the STPLAN feed from EAGLE 5 ISS and collects specific information from each MSU. In general, the information consists of OPC, DPC, SI, SCCP CdPA, SCCP CgPA, and MAP Opcode. These values are organized and written to files and "pushed" to an external system for final analysis.

NOTE: For the purpose of this document, a 'data file' is defined as a compiled file of peg counts and other measurements in XML format.

A single ECAP server can process up to 5000 MSUs per second, providing precise measurements of MSUs and octets transmitted. See Table 2-1, *MSU to Server Mapping* on page 2-3 for adding multiple ECAPs to an EAGLE 5 ISS system to increase capacity.

The ECAP provides a user interface for configuration and application control and generates log files for monitoring and maintenance purposes.

Scope and Audience

This manual is intended for anyone responsible for installing, maintaining, and using the Integrated Accounting Feed application in the EAGLE 5 ISS. Users of this manual and the others in the EAGLE 5 ISS family of documents must have a working knowledge of telecommunications and network installations.

Manual Organization

This manual is organized into the following chapters:

- Chapter 1, *Introduction*, contains general overview of the ECAP system, general information about the organization of this manual, the audience, references to other Tekelec documentation you might need, information on customer assistance, documentation packaging, delivery, and updates, and a list of acronyms and abbreviations used in the document.
- Chapter 2, *Feature Description*, provides a functional description of the Integrated Accounting Feed application and ECAP system, including overviews of the architecture and connectivity, hardware requirements, and considerations.
- Chapter 3, *ECAP Configuration*, describes how to configure the components that comprise the Integrated Accounting Feed application.
- Chapter 4, *Maintenance*, describes maintenance tasks for the Integrated Accounting Feed application, including alarms, disaster recovery, log files, and health check procedures.
- Appendix A, *MSU to XML Field Mapping*, describes how MSU parameters that come into the ECAP server relate to the peg count fields in the ECAP data file.

Related Documentation

The *Feature Manual* - *ECAP* is part of the EAGLE 5 ISS documentation set and may refer to one or more of the following manuals:

- The *Commands Manual* contains procedures for logging into or out of the EAGLE 5 ISS, a general description of the terminals, printers, the disk drive used on the system, and a description of all the commands used in the system.
- The *Commands Pocket Guide* is an abridged version of the *Commands Manual*. It contains all commands and parameters, and it shows the command-parameter syntax.
- The *Commands Quick Reference Guide* contains an alphabetical listing of the commands and parameters. The guide is sized to fit a shirt-pocket.

- The *Commands Error Recovery Manual* contains the procedures to resolve error message conditions generated by the commands in the *Commands Manual*. These error messages are presented in numerical order.
- The *Database Administration Manual Features* contains procedural information required to configure the EAGLE 5 ISS to implement these features:
 - X.25 Gateway
 - STP LAN
 - Database Transport Access
 - GSM MAP Screening
 - EAGLE 5 ISS Support for Integrated Sentinel
- The *Database Administration Manual Gateway Screening* contains a description of the Gateway Screening (GWS) feature and the procedures necessary to configure the EAGLE 5 ISS to implement this feature.
- The *Database Administration Manual Global Title Translation* contains procedural information required to configure an EAGLE 5 ISS to implement these features:
 - Global Title Translation
 - Enhanced Global Title Translation
 - Variable Length Global Title Translation
 - Interim Global Title Modification
 - Intermediate GTT Load Sharing
 - ANSI-ITU-China SCCP Conversion
- The Database Administration Manual IP7 Secure Gateway contains procedural information required to configure the EAGLE 5 ISS to implement the SS7-IP Gateway.
- The Database Administration Manual SEAS contains the EAGLE 5 ISS configuration procedures that can be performed from the Signaling Engineering and Administration Center (SEAC) or a Signaling Network Control Center (SNCC). Each procedure includes a brief description of the procedure, a flowchart showing the steps required, a list of any EAGLE 5 ISS commands that may be required for the procedure but that are not supported by SEAS, and a reference to optional procedure-related information, which can be found in one of these manuals:
 - Database Administration Manual Gateway Screening
 - Database Administration Manual Global Title Translation

— Database Administration Manual – SS7

- The *Database Administration Manual SS7* contains procedural information required to configure an EAGLE 5 ISS to implement the SS7 protocol.
- The Database Administration Manual System Management contains procedural information required to manage the EAGLE 5 ISS database and GPLs, and to configure basic system requirements such as user names and passwords, system-wide security requirements, and terminal configurations.
- The *Dimensioning Guide for EPAP Advanced DB Features* is used to provide EAGLE Provisioning Application Processor (EPAP) planning and dimensioning information. This manual is used by Tekelec personnel and EAGLE 5 ISS customers to aid in the sale, planning, implementation, deployment, and upgrade of EAGLE 5 ISS systems equipped with one of the EAGLE 5 ISS EPAP Advanced Database (EADB) Features.
- The *ELAP Administration Manual* defines the user interface to the EAGLE LNP Application Processor (ELAP) on the MPS/ELAP platform. The manual defines the methods for accessing the user interface, menus, screens available to the user and describes their impact. It provides the syntax and semantics of user input and defines the output the user receives, including information and error messages, alarms, and status.
- The *EPAP Administration Manual* describes how to administer the EAGLE 5 ISS Provisioning Application Processor on the MPS/EPAP platform. The manual defines the methods for accessing the user interface, menus, and screens available to the user and describes their impact. It provides the syntax and semantics of user input and defines the output the user receives, including messages, alarms, and status.
- The *Feature Manual ECAP* provides instructions and information on how to configure and maintain the Integrated Accounting Feature Application on the Eagle Collector Application Processor (ECAP). This feature collects raw MSU data from the EAGLE 5 ISS, categorizes the data into groups, and feeds those groups to another system for accounting activities.
- The *Feature Manual EIR* provides instructions and information on how to install, use, and maintain the Equipment Identity Register (EIR) feature on the Multi-Purpose Server (MPS) platform of the EAGLE 5 ISS. The feature provides network operators with the capability to prevent stolen or disallowed GSM mobile handsets from accessing the network.
- The *Feature Manual G-Flex C7 Relay* provides an overview of a feature supporting the efficient management of Home Location Registers in various networks. This manual gives the instructions and information on how to install, use, and maintain the G-Flex feature on the MPS/EPAP platform of the EAGLE 5 ISS.

- The *Feature Manual G-Port* provides an overview of a feature providing the capability for mobile subscribers to change the GSM subscription network within a portability cluster while retaining their original MSISDNs. This manual gives the instructions and information on how to install, use, and maintain the G-Port feature on the MPS/EPAP platform of the EAGLE 5 ISS.
- The *Feature Manual INP* provides the user with information and instructions on how to implement, utilize, and maintain the INAP-based Number Portability (INP) feature on the Multi-Purpose Server (MPS) platform of the EAGLE 5 ISS.
- The *FTP-Based Table Retrieve Application (FTRA) User Guide* describes how to set up and use a PC to serve as the offline application for the EAGLE 5 ISS FTP Retrieve and Replace feature.
- The *Hardware Manual* EAGLE 5 ISS contains hardware descriptions and specifications of Tekelec's signaling products. These include the EAGLE 5 ISS, Multi-Purpose Server (MPS), and the Integrated Sentinel with Extended Services Platform (ESP) subassembly.

The Hardware Manual provides an overview of each system and its subsystems, details of standard and optional hardware components in each system, and basic site engineering. Refer to this manual to obtain a basic understanding of each type of system and its related hardware, to locate detailed information about hardware components used in a particular release, and to help configure a site for use with the system hardware.

- The *Hardware Manual Tekelec 1000 Application Server* provides general specifications and a description of the Tekelec 1000 Applications Server (T1000 AS). This manual also includes site preparation, environmental and other requirements, procedures to physically install the T1000 AS, and troubleshooting and repair of Field Replaceable Units (FRUs).
- The *Hardware Manual Tekelec 1100 Application Server* provides general specifications and a description of the Tekelec 1000 Applications Server (T1100 AS). This manual also includes site preparation, environmental and other requirements, procedures to physically install the T1100 AS, and troubleshooting and repair of Field Replaceable Units (FRUs).
- The *Installation Manual* EAGLE 5 ISS contains cabling requirements, schematics, and procedures for installing the EAGLE 5 ISS along with LEDs, connectors, cables, and power cords to peripherals. Refer to this manual to install components or the complete systems.

- The *Installation Manual Integrated Applications* provides the installation information for integrated applications such as EPAP 4.0 or earlier (Netra-based Multi-Purpose Server (MPS) platform) and Sentinel. The manual includes information about frame floors and shelves, LEDs, connectors, cables, and power cords to peripherals. Refer to this manual to install components or the complete systems.
- The *LNP Database Synchronization Manual LSMS with* EAGLE 5 ISS describes how to keep the LNP databases at the LSMS and at the network element (the EAGLE 5 ISS is a network element) synchronized through the use of resynchronization, audits and reconciles, and bulk loads. This manual is contained in both the LSMS documentation set and in the EAGLE 5 ISS documentation set.
- The *LNP Feature Activation Guide* contains procedural information required to configure the EAGLE 5 ISS for the LNP feature and to implement these parts of the LNP feature on the EAGLE 5 ISS:
 - LNP services
 - LNP options
 - LNP subsystem application
 - Automatic call gapping
 - Triggerless LNP feature
 - Increasing the LRN and NPANXX Quantities on the EAGLE 5 ISS
 - Activating and Deactivating the LNP Short Message Service (SMS) feature
- The *Maintenance Manual* contains procedural information required for maintaining the EAGLE 5 ISS and the card removal and replacement procedures. The *Maintenance Manual* provides preventive and corrective maintenance procedures used in maintaining the different systems.
- The *Maintenance Pocket Guide* is an abridged version of the Maintenance Manual and contains all the corrective maintenance procedures used in maintaining the EAGLE 5 ISS.
- The *Maintenance Emergency Recovery Pocket Guide* is an abridged version of the Maintenance Manual and contains the corrective maintenance procedures for critical and major alarms generated on the EAGLE 5 ISS.
- The MPS Platform Software and Maintenance Manual EAGLE 5 ISS with Tekelec 1000 Application Server describes the platform software for the Multi-Purpose Server (MPS) based on the Tekelec 1000 Application Server (T1000 AS) and describes how to perform preventive and corrective maintenance for the T1000 AS-based MPS. This manual should be used with the EPAP-based applications (EIR, G-Port, G-Flex, and INP).

- The MPS Platform Software and Maintenance Manual EAGLE 5 ISS with Tekelec 1100 Application Server describes the platform software for the Multi-Purpose Server (MPS) based on the Tekelec 1100 Application Server (T1100 AS) and describes how to perform preventive and corrective maintenance for the T1100 AS-based MPS. This manual should be used with the ELAP-based application (LNP).
- The *Provisioning Database Interface Manual* defines the programming interface that populates the Provisioning Database (PDB) for the EAGLE 5 ISS features supported on the MPS/EPAP platform. The manual defines the provisioning messages, usage rules, and informational and error messages of the interface. The customer uses the PDBI interface information to write his own client application to communicate with the MPS/EPAP platform.
- The *Previously Released Features Manual* summarizes the features of previous EAGLE, EAGLE 5 ISS, and IP⁷ Secure Gateway releases, and it identifies the release number of their introduction.
- The *Release Documentation* contains the following documents for a specific release of the system:
 - Feature Notice Describes the features contained in the specified release. The Feature Notice also provides the hardware baseline for the specified release, describes the customer documentation set, provides information about customer training, and explains how to access the Customer Support website.
 - *Release Notice* Describes the changes made to the system during the lifecycle of a release. The Release Notice includes Generic Program Loads (GPLs), a list of PRs resolved in a build, and all known PRs.

NOTE: The *Release Notice* is maintained solely on Tekelec's Customer Support site to provide you with instant access to the most up-to-date release information.

- *System Overview* Provides high-level information on SS7, the IP7 Secure Gateway, system architecture, LNP, and EOAP.
- *Master Glossary* Contains an alphabetical listing of terms, acronyms, and abbreviations relevant to the system.
- *Master Index* Lists all index entries used throughout the documentation set.
- The *System Manual EOAP* describes the Embedded Operations Support System Application Processor (EOAP) and provides the user with procedures on how to implement the EOAP, replace EOAP-related hardware, device testing, and basic troubleshooting information.

Documentation Packaging, Delivery, and Updates

Customer documentation is provided with each system in accordance with the contract agreements. It is updated whenever significant changes that affect system operation or configuration are made. Updates may be issued as an addendum, or a reissue of the affected documentation.

The document part number appears on the title page along with the current revision of the document, the date of publication, and the software release that the document covers. The bottom of each page contains the document part number and date of publication.

Two types of releases are major software releases and maintenance releases. Maintenance releases are issued as addenda with a title page and change bars. On the changed pages, the date and document part number are changed. On any unchanged pages that accompany the changed pages, the date and document part number is unchanged.

When the software release has a minimum effect on documentation, we provide an addendum. The addendum provides an instruction page, a new title page, a change history page, and replacement chapters with the date of publication, the document part number, and change bars.

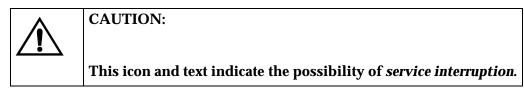
If a new release has a major impact on documentation, such as a new feature, the entire documentation set is reissued with a new part number and a new release number.

Documentation Admonishments

Admonishments are icons and text throughout this manual that alert the reader to assure personal safety, to minimize possible service interruptions, and to warn of the potential for equipment damage. This manual has three admonishments, listed in descending order of priority as shown in Table 1-1, *Admonishment icons*.

Icon	Description
	DANGER:
	This icon and text indicate the possibility of <i>personal injury</i> .
<u>Å</u>	WARNING:
	This icon and text indicate the possibility of <i>equipment damage</i> .

Table 1-1.Admonishment icons



Customer Care Center

The Customer Care Center offers a point of contact through which customers can receive support for problems that may be encountered during the use of Tekelec's products. The Customer Care Center is staffed with highly trained engineers to provide solutions to your technical questions and issues seven days a week, twenty-four hours a day. A variety of service programs are available through the Customer Care Center to maximize the performance of Tekelec products that meet and exceed customer's needs.

To receive technical assistance, call the Customer Care Center at one of the following locations:

• Tekelec, UK

Phone +44 1784 467 804 Fax +44 1784 477 120 E-mail ecsc@tekelec.com

• Tekelec, USA

Phone (within the continental US) 888-367-8552 (888-FOR-TKLC)
(outside the continental US) +1 919-460-2150Fax919-460-0877E-mail support@tekelec.com

Problem Classification

Once a Customer Service Request (CSR) is issued, the Customer Care Center, along with the customer, determines the classification of the trouble.

Problems are reported using problem criteria, as defined in the following sections and "TL-9000 Quality System Metrics (Book Two, Release 3.0)".

Problem – Critical

Critical problems severely affect service, capacity/traffic, billing, and maintenance capabilities and requires immediate corrective action, regardless of time of day or day of the week, as viewed by a customer upon discussion with the supplier. For example:

- A loss of service that is comparable to the total loss of effective functional capacity of an entire switching or transport system.
- A reduction in capacity or traffic handling capacity such that expected loads cannot be handled.
- A loss of ability to provide safety or emergency capability (for example, 911 calls).

Problem - Major

Major problems cause conditions that seriously affect system operations, or maintenance and administration, and require immediate attention as viewed by the customer upon discussion with the supplier. Because of a lesser immediate or impending effect on system performance, the urgency is less than in a critical situation. A list of possible examples follows:

- Reduction in any capacity/traffic measurement function
- Any loss of functional visibility and/or diagnostic capability
- Short outage equivalent to system or subsystem outages with accumulated duration of greater than two minutes in any 24-hour period or that continue to repeat during longer periods
- Repeated degradation of DS1 or higher rate spans or connections
- Prevention of access for routine administrative activity
- Degradation of access for maintenance or recovery operations
- Degradation of the system's ability to provide any required critical or major trouble notification
- Any significant increase in product-related customer trouble reports
- Billing error rates that exceed specifications
- Corruption of system or billing databases

Problem – Minor

Other problems that a customer does not view as critical or major are considered minor. Minor problems do not significantly impair the functioning of the system and do not significantly affect service to customers. These problems are tolerable during system use.

Engineering complaints are classified as minor unless otherwise negotiated between the customer and supplier.

Response

If a critical problem exists, emergency response is offered by calling the Customer Care Center 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

If the problem is not critical, information regarding the serial number of the system, Common Language Location Identifier (CLLI), and initial problem symptoms and messages is recorded and a primary Customer Care Center specialist is assigned to work the Customer Service Request (CSR) and provide a solution to the problem. The CSR is closed when the problem has been resolved.

Hardware Repair and Return

Any system components being returned for repair or replacement must be processed through the Tekelec Return Material Authorization (RMA) procedures. A hardware repair is defined as an item returned to Tekelec due to a failure, with the returned item being repaired and returned to the customer. It is essential that serial numbers are recorded correctly. RMAs cannot be created without a valid serial number. All repair and quality information is tracked by serial number.

Acronyms

AS	Application Server
CdPA	Called Party Address
CgPA	Calling Party Address
DPC	Destination Point Code
DTD	Document Type Definition
ECAP	Eagle Collector Application Processor
FTP	File Transfer Protocol
FTR	File Transfer Region
IP	Internet Protocol
IPSM	Internet Protocol Services Module
IS-41	International Standard 41, same as ANSI-41
ISUP	ISDN User Part
ITU	International Telecommunications Union
MAP	Mobile Application Part

Introduction

MIB	Management Information Base
MSU	Message Signaling Unit
MTP	Message Transfer Part
NMS	Network Management System
NTP	Network Time Protocol
OAM	Operation, Administration, and Maintenance
OPC	Origination Point Code
SCCP	Signalling Connection Control Part
SCMG	SCCP Management
SCP	Service Control Point
SLAN	STPLAN
SI	Service Indicator
SSEDCM	Single Slot Enhanced Database Communication Module
SSH	Secure Shell
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
SP	Switching Point
STPLAN	Signalling Transfer Point Local Area Network
VSCCP	VxWorks Signaling Connection Control Part
VXWSLAN	VXWorks SLAN Card
XML	Extensible Markup Language
XML DTD	Extensible Markup Language Document Type Definition

Acronyms

Feature Description

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Introduction

The Integrated Accounting Feed application runs on the Eagle Collector Application Processor (ECAP) and provides a broad compliance to the requirements for basic MTP and SCCP accounting and measurements functionality as described in *ITU-T Recommendation Q.752, Section 7* and *Tables 15* and 16.

The Integrated Accounting Feed application performs collection of EAGLE® 5 ISS traffic statistics data. ECAP is one or more T1100-based servers that run in an integrated fashion with EAGLE 5 ISS that receives MSUs from the EAGLE 5 ISS and feeds them to an accounting system.

A single ECAP server can process up to 5000 MSUs per second, providing precise measurements of MSUs and octets transmitted. Multiple ECAP servers can be connected to an EAGLE 5 ISS server for increased processing bandwidth.

The ECAP server periodically generates data files which are transferred to an accounting system, consisting of a server configured as an Aggregator. This application allows detailed usage files to be compiled across all monitored links in the system. See "Architectural Overview" on page 2-5 for more information.

NOTE: The Aggregator may consist of a single server or an IP cluster that uses a virtual IP address.

The application provides a user interface for configuration and application control and generates log files for monitoring and maintenance purposes.

Hardware Requirements

Hardware requirements for the ECAP platform are as follows (refer to Figure 2-1 on page 2-4):

• T1100 AS Frame

NOTE: Release 1.0 supports a single ECAP Frame.

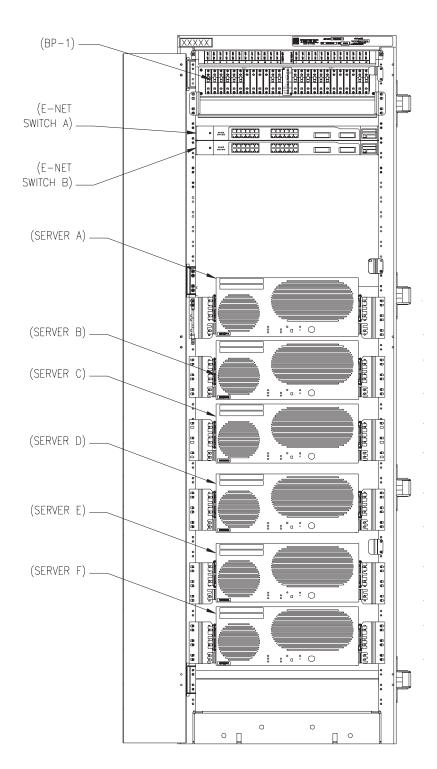
- Power Distribution breaker panel
- Two Ethernet Switch units
- A T1100 server, running the Integrated Q.752 MTP/SCCP Accounting Feed feature.
- The maximum number of ECAP Servers is six.
- The number of ECAP Servers per frame is two to six.
- The EAGLE 5 ISS system used with the ECAP must be equipped with SSEDCM card types running the VXWSLAN application. The VXWSLAN application cards must be provisioned with 100 Mbps links in order to achieve 5000 MSUs/sec.

The ECAP Servers are configured in an n+1 configuration based on the maximum expected traffic rate as shown in Table 2-1.

MSU per Second	Servers
<= 5000	2
5001 to 10000	3
10001 to 15000	4
15001 to 20000	5
20001 to 25000	6

Table 2-1.MSU to Server Mapping





Architectural Overview

Figure 2-2 provides a high-level architectural view of the Integrated Accounting Feed application as it runs on the ECAP system. The EAGLE 5 ISS (100) connects to the Collector (101) via a direct connected Ethernet cable. The data feed from the EAGLE 5 ISS to the Collector is the STPLAN (104). The Collector runs on the T1100 series of Tekelec Servers. The set of Collector hardware and software (the Integrated Accounting Feed application) is considered the ECAP.

The Collectors are connected to the Aggregator (102) via a WAN Ethernet connection (105). The Aggregator (102) collects data from all Collectors and performs any processing decided by the customer (103).

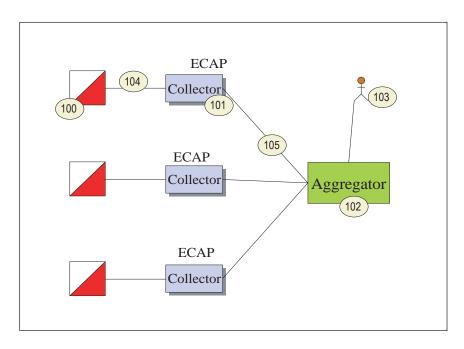


Figure 2-2. Integrated Accounting Feed Architectural Overview

Table 2-2 defines the terms used in the above figure.

Table 2-2. Integrated Accounting Feed Architecture Terms

Term	Definition
Collector	The Collector function runs on the ECAP servers. This function receives the STPLAN MSU feed and parses the MSUs in the feed into categories based on provisioning rules. The Collector provides the interface to the Aggregator function.

Term	Definition
Aggregator	The Aggregator function accepts the data feed from all Collector functions within the customer's network and compiles user-defined accounting reports.
	The Aggregator function is installed on a system defined by the customer. This system should have the following characteristics:
	Ability to accept an XML file
	Ability to accept a 'push'
	 Ability to sustain an IP connection and support Virtual IP, including a virtual IP address.
	NOTE: The ability to support Virtual IP is recommended but not a requirement.
	Ability to enable SecureShell

Table 2-2. Integrated Accounting Feed Architecture Terms (Continued)

Interconnectivity

Figure 2-3 provides a high-level view of interconnectivity for the Integrated Accounting Feed application.

The number of ECAP Servers (200) and Interface Cards (201) is dependent on the number of MSU that need to be collected to provide the measurement data. The capacity of 5000 MSU per server is the benchmark. The T1100 servers and Interface Cards are configured on a one-for-one basis (1:1).

The Aggregator (102) must be capable of retrieving data files from at least 20 ECAP Servers.

An NMS (111) is used to capture SNMP traps generated by each server.

Maintenance Personnel (109) access the Collectors via the Customer Network (108) that is connected to the Dual Ethernet Switches (107).

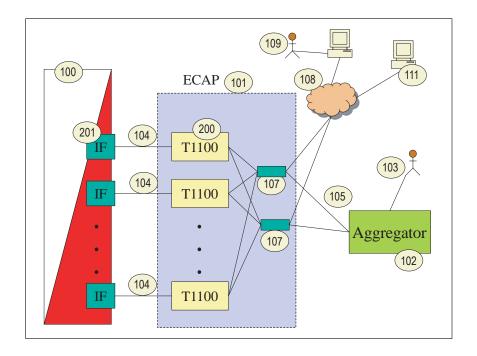


Figure 2-3. Interconnectivity Overview

See "Architectural Overview" on page 2-5 for a description of the other details in the above figure.

A diagram showing a detailed view of the EAGLE 5 ISS/ECAP/Aggregator connectivity is shown in Figure 2-4. This diagram includes the types of connection that flow between each component.

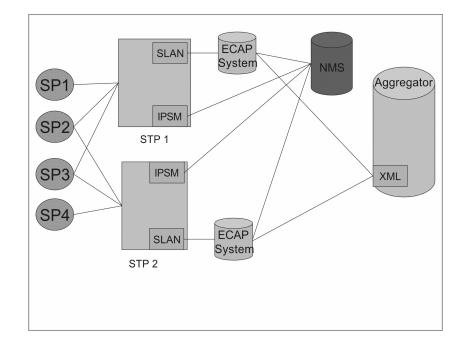


Figure 2-4. Aggregator/ECAP/EAGLE 5 ISS Connectivity Diagram

The connectivity elements are as follows:

- EAGLE 5 ISS Connectivity
 - SLAN to ECAP for Q.752 accounting information
 - IPSM to NMS for alarms monitoring
- ECAP Connectivity
 - Ethernet to EAGLE SLAN for Q.752 accounting information retrieval.
 - Ethernet to NMS for alarm transfer
 - Ethernet to Aggregator for XML data transfer
- Aggregator Connectivity
 - LAN to ECAP for Q.752 accounting information in XML data format. See Appendix A, "MSU to XML Field Mapping." for more details.

Integrated Accounting Feed Considerations

Some considerations for optimal ECAP performance are listed below.

• The Integrated Accounting Feed application must be configured to use the ITU protocol via ecapcfg.

NOTE: ANSI is provided as a possible protocol for the ECAP server (see "Configuring the Integrated Accounting Feed Application" on page 3-15). However, ITU is the only supported protocol for Release 1.0.

- The Integrated Accounting Feed application cannot aggregate data to the linkset level. Aggregation of peg counts must be done by the Aggregator.
- Because of the nature of the EAGLE 5 ISS and its SLAN subsystem, no other application requiring SLAN copied MSUs may operate simultaneously with the EAGLE 5 ISS that is being used to run the Integrated Accounting Feed application.
- If over 50% of the message traffic consists of MSUs that are greater than 200 bytes, then the ECAP server is not able to reach the 5000 MSUs/second process rate.

3

ECAP Configuration

Introduction	
Configuring the Aggregator	
Configuring ECAP Network Interfaces	3-3
Configuring File Transfer	3-7
Configuring NTP	3-9
Configuring NMS	3-11
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Configuring SLAN Cards	3-18
Configuring Gateway Screening	3-19

Introduction

The Integrated Accounting Feed application requires configuration tasks to be performed on the Aggregator, NMS, ECAP network, Integrated Accounting Feed application, and EAGLE® 5 ISS. It is recommended that these tasks be performed in the following sequence:

- Configure the Aggregator (customer-specific)
- Configure the ECAP Network Interfaces
- Configure File Transfer from the ECAP server to the Aggregator
- Configure NTP to synchronize time between the ECAP server and the Aggregator
- Configure the NMS on the NMS system (customer specific) and configure the ECAP server to send SNMP traps to the NMS
- Configure the Integrated Feed Application
- Configure the EAGLE 5 ISS SLAN cards
- Configure Gateway Screening on EAGLE 5 ISS

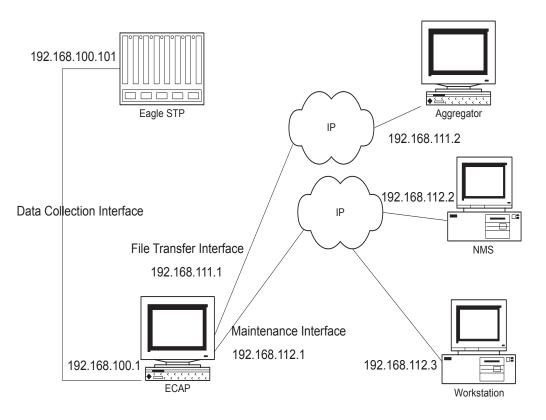
Configuring the Aggregator

The Aggregator must be configured to receive data files from the ECAP. These configuration tasks are mostly customer-specific. However, an RSA Public Key must be generated from the File Transfer Interface and added to the Aggregator. See "Configuring File Transfer" on page 3-7 for more information.

Configuring ECAP Network Interfaces

Each ECAP server requires three operational network interfaces. All interfaces are standard 100Mbps IP connections. While each ECAP server connects to only one Aggregator, the Aggregator may receive measurements data from multiple ECAP servers associated with a single EAGLE 5 ISS. Figure 3-1 provides an example network configuration.

Figure 3-1. Network Configuration



The Data Collection Interface is the incoming MSU data network interface. This interface connects an ECAP server to the EAGLE 5 ISS SLAN card via a direct IP connection. Each ECAP server interfaces with one and only one SLAN card.

The File Transfer Interface is used to transfer data files from the ECAP server to the Aggregator. This is a secure interface.

The Maintenance Interface is an OAM interface that allows monitoring of alarms by a remote NMS. This interface supports secure remote login via SSH.

ECAP network configuration is managed by platcfg. Use the following procedure to configure the interfaces. See Table 3-1 for a list of recommended interface settings.

Procedure 3-1. Configuring Network Interfaces

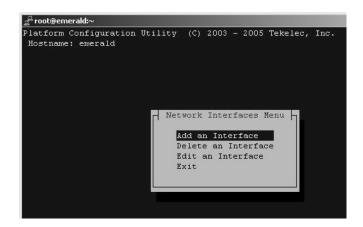
1. Log in to the ECAP server as the platcfg user.



2. Select **Network Configuration** from the Platform Configuration Utility Main Menu and press **Enter**.

्वी root@sapphire:/usr/TKLC/ecap/logs	_ 🗆 🗙
Platform Configuration Utility (C) 2003 - 2005 Tekelec, Inc. Hosthame: sapphire Network Configuration Henu Network Interfaces Routing NTP IPSEC Configuration Hodify Hosts File Configure Switch Exit	
Use arrow keys to move between options <enter> selects</enter>	•

3. Select **Network Interfaces** from the Network Configuration Menu and press **Enter**.



4. Select Edit an Interface from the Network Interfaces Menu and press Enter.

latform Configuration Hostname: sapphire	Utility (C) 2003 - 2005 Tekelec, Inc.	
	Network Interfaces Menu	
	bond0	
	bond0	
	bond0.202	
	bondi	
	bond1,201	
	eth11	
	eth12	
	eth91	
	eth92	
	eth93	
	eth94	
	Exit	

5. Select the device that corresponds to the interface you want to configure and press **Enter**.

See Table 3-1 for a list of interfaces and their associated devices.

🚅 root@sapphire:/u	sr/TKLC/ecap/logs	
Platform Config	puration Utility (C) 2003 - 2005 Tekelec, I Options	1-1
Hostname: sapp		
đ	oond0.200 Interface Statistics	
Interface:	bond0.200	
IP Address:	192.168.66.81	
Netmask:	255.255.255.0	
Protocol:	none	
On Boot:	yes	
Use arrow key	rs to move between options <enter> selects</enter>	

- 6. Select Edit to configure the interface, using the settings in Table 3-1.
- 7. Save and **Exit** the menu.

Parameter	Data Collection Interface	File Transfer Interface	Maintenance Interface
Device	eth93	bond0.200 NOTE: Device bond0.200 is a VLAN-tagged device of bond0.	bond1.201 NOTE: Device bond1.201 is a VLAN-tagged device of bond1.
IP Address	Default at install: 1A: 192.168.100.1 1B: 192.168.100.2 1C: 192.168.100.3 1D: 192.168.100.4 1E: 192.168.100.5 1F: 192.168.100.6	locally administered	locally administered
Netmask	255.255.255.0	locally administered	locally administered
Boot Protocol	none	none	none
Start on Boot	yes	yes	yes

For bonded interfaces such as the File Transfer and Maintenance Interfaces, when taking down individual physical interfaces enslaved to the bond with the *ifdown* or *ifconfig down* commands (e.g. *ifdown eth12*), perform the following steps to bring the bonds back up correctly:

- 1. if up or ifconfig up on the bonded interface (e.g. if up bond0).
- 2. ifup or ifconfig up on the VLAN-tagged bonded interface (e.g. ifup bond0.200.)

The bonded interface should then be up and working correctly again.

Configuring File Transfer

In addition to the network configuration tasks listed above, the File Transfer Interface must be configured to automatically push data files from the ECAP server to the Aggregator. In normal operating conditions, the ECAP server pushes data files to the Aggregator every 30 minutes.

To configure the File Transfer Interface to perform this function, run the **ssh-keygen** command from each ECAP server to generate the ECAP server's RSA public key.

Output from **ssh-keygen** appears as follows:

CAUTION: Do NOT enter a passphrase when prompted.



ssh-keygen -t rsa

```
Generating public/private rsa key pair.
Enter file in which to save the key (your_local_home/.ssh/id_rsa):
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):
Enter same passphrase again:
Your identification has been saved in id_rsa.
Your public key has been saved in id_rsa.pub.
The key fingerprint is:
17:5a:e7:77:ad:2c:0b:8e:f3:97:f8:20:53:79:69:55 ecapadm@ecap1
```

After generating the public key, place the contents of the <code>id_rsa.pub</code> key file on the Aggregator in the FTP user's home directory in order to gain FTP access to the Aggregator FTP directory. Use Procedure 3-2 on page 3-7 or Procedure 3-3 on page 3-8 depending on the OS of the Aggregator.

Procedure 3-2. Adding the RSA public key to a Linux/UNIX Aggregator

1. Copy the id_rsa.pub file to the ftp user's home directory on the Aggregator.

[ecap1] # scp ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub ftpuser@aggregator:/home/ftpuser/id_ecap1_rsa.pub ftpuser@aggregator's password: id_rsa.pub 00% 604 0.5KB/s --:-- ETA

2. ssh to the Aggregator to put the key file in the correct place.

```
[ecap1] # ssh ftpuser@aggregator
ftpuser@aggregator's password:
```

3. If the ftpuser does not have an .ssh directory under their home directory, it must be created and permissions set to 700. The contents of the ECAP's public key file must then be appended to the authorized_keys file in the .ssh directory, and the file's permissions set to 644.

[aggregator] # mkdir -p ~/.ssh [aggregator] # chmod 700 .ssh [aggregator] # cat id_ecap1_rsa.pub >> .ssh/authorized_keys [aggregator] # chmod 644 .ssh/authorized_keys [aggregator] # exit

4. Test the steps performed above using the **ssh** command:

[ecap1] # ssh ftpuser@aggregator

If the steps were performed correctly, you will be logged on to the Aggregator and will not be prompted for a password. The command line prompt will correspond to the display on the Aggregator.

The Integrated Accounting Feed application will be able to transfer data files to the Aggregator once the application has been configured via ecapcfg (see "Configuring the Integrated Accounting Feed Application" on page 3-15).

To configure the File Transfer Interface on the ECAP for an Aggregator that uses a virtual IP address (IP cluster node), the following additional steps must be performed at the ECAP.

- **a.** Repeat the Procedure 3-2 on page 3-7 for each member of the cluster that shares the virtual IP address.
- **b.** Test the File Transfer Interface as described in Step 4 for each member of the cluster. Do NOT use the virtual IP address of the cluster. Use the IP address of each member's physical network device.
- c. Edit the /var/TKLC/ecap/ecapadm/.ssh/known_hosts file. This file will have server SSH keys defined, one per line, in the format <ip address> ssh-rsa <ssh key>. Find the IP addresses for each member of the IP node cluster, and replace the server's physical IP address with the cluster's virtual IP address.
- **d.** Test the File Transfer Interface as described in Step 4 for each member of the cluster using the virtual IP address.

Procedure 3-3. Adding the RSA Public Key to a Windows Aggregator

- 1. Copy the ECAP's id_rsa.pub file to the Aggregator, following the steps in the above procedure.
- 2. Append the appropriate authorized keys file used on the Aggregator, which is usually authorized_keys or authorized_keys2.

NOTE: Refer to your SSH User's Manual for the appropriate way to do this.

Configuring NTP

Synchronize each ECAP server's local time with the Aggregator via NTP. This allows the entire ECAP/Aggregator network to have synchronized time.

Use the following procedure to configure NTP using platcfg.

Procedure 3-4. Configuring NTP

1. Log in to the ECAP server as the platcfg user.

Platform	Configuration U	Kain Menu Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration	
Use ar	cow keys to move	Network Configuration Exit	ts

2. Select **Network Configuration** from the Platform Configuration Utility Main Menu and press **Enter**.

	ap/logs	<u>_ ×</u>
Platform Configuration Hostname: sapphire	Network Configuration Menu Network Configuration Menu Network Interfaces Routing NTP IPSEC Configuration Hodify Hosts File Configure Switch Exit	

3. Select NTP from the Network Configuration Menu and press Enter.

atform C	onfigur	ation U	tility	(C) 2003	Tekelec, I	nc.	Options
		т	ime Serv	ers			Edit
Server			IP				
ntpserve:	r1						
ntpserve	c2						
ntpserve:	c 3						
ntppeerA							
ntppeerB							
Use arro	w kevs	to move	between	options	<enter></enter>	selects	3

- 4. Select Edit.
- 5. Edit the IP addresses as desired and click Exit.

NOTE: NTP will be functional on the server when only one server is defined; however, providing more than one server will make the protocol more reliable.

6. Save and Exit the menu.

Configuring NMS

ECAP servers generate SNMP traps to capture platform alarms. The MIBs required for platform traps are pre-existing, the snmpAgent used for platform alarms is activated during ECAP installation, and most of the hardware checks that would result in traps are defaulted to enabled. However, the Integrated Accounting Feed application also requires enabling the following:

- Breaker Panel/Power System traps
- Platform process traps if more or less than one instance of MeasServer, TimeServer, sentryd, or Logd are found
- Network ping traps if the Data Collection, File Transfer, or Maintenance Interfaces (see "Configuring ECAP Network Interfaces" on page 3-3) are down
- IP Bonding traps if the File Transfer or Maintenance Interfaces (see "Configuring ECAP Network Interfaces" on page 3-3) are down.

These traps are enabled by configuring the NMS IP address for the location where the traps will be destined.

NMS configuration tasks involve configuring both the actual system used to monitor alarms and configuring the ECAP server to send alarms to the NMS.

Configuring the NMS used to monitor alarms involves customer-specific tasks. At a minimum, the Port Number and Community String must be configured. Refer to the documentation for your system for information on configuring these parameters.

Use the following procedure to configure the ECAP server to send alarms to the NMS.

Procedure 3-5. Configuring the ECAP Server for NMS

1. Log in to the ECAP server as the platcfg user.



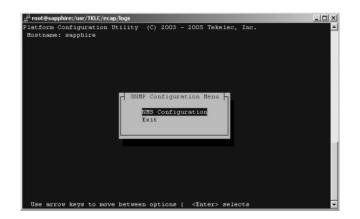
2. Select **Server Configuration** from the Platform Configuration Utility Main Menu and press **Enter**.

Platform Configuration	Utility	(C)	2003		2005	Tekelec,	Inc.
Hostname: emerald							
	- Serv	or Co	onfig	1117.8	stion	Menu	
	1 SCLA	-T X.	2112 29		ac rom	nena [
			-		ACTON	inciru j	
	HO	stna	me				
	Ho	stna sign	me ation				
	Ho	stna	me ation				
	Ho: De: Se	stna sign	me ation ock				
	Ho De: Se Ti	stna sign: t Cl: me Z:	me ation ock	/Fı	uncti	on	
	Ho De: Se Ti	stna sign: t Cl me Z arms	me ation ock one	/Fı	uncti	on	
	Ho De: Se Ti: Al:	stna sign: t Cl me Z arms	me ation ock one	/Fı	uncti	on	

3. Select **Alarms Configuration** from the Server Configuration Menu and press **Enter**.

root@sapphire:/usr/TKLC/ed	ap/logs	_ 🗆 ×
	Dtility (C) 2003 - 2005 Tekelec, Inc.	
	ve between options <enter> selects</enter>	

4. Select **SNMP Configuration** from the Alarms Configuration Menu and press **Enter**.



5. Select **NMS Configuration** from the Server Configuration Menu and press **Enter**.

latform Configuration Hostname: sapphire	Utility (C) 2	003 - 2005 Tekelec, I	Options
assentiate - Sappinte	NHS Servers		Edit
NMS Server	Port	Community String	
10.253.253.6	162	public	
Use arrow keys to mov	ve between opti	ons <enter> selects</enter>	

6. Select Edit.

root@sapphire:/usr/TKLC/ed	ap/logs	_ 🗆 🗵
	ap/logs Utility (C) 2003 - 2005 Tekelec, Inc. NHS Server Action Henu Add 1 New NHS Server Edit An Existing NHS Server Delete an Existing NHS Server Exit	k ol
Пер алгон бене го 100	ve between options <enter> selects</enter>	

7. Select a task from the NMS Server Action menu. You can add, edit, or delete an NMS Server.

NOTE: The SNMP Community String and Port Number values must match the values configured on the NMS.

8. Save and **Exit** the menu.

Configuring the Integrated Accounting Feed Application

The Integrated Accounting Feed application automatically creates the **ecapadm** and **ecapuser** accounts. The **ecapadm** user can control or configure the Integrated Accounting Feed application and run the **savelogs** command (see "Savelogs" on page 4-13). The **ecapadm** user is part of the ecap group.

The **ecapuser** account is a limited account that can NOT control or configure the Integrated Accounting Feed application. However, this user may run **savelogs**. The **ecapuser** user is part of the ecap group.

The Integrated Accounting Feed application is configured via the ecapcfg command. Entering this command opens the Integration Accounting Feed Configuration Menu.

The Configuration Menu provides options that describe the EAGLE 5 ISS and Aggregator configuration values. A graphical representation of the menu layout is provided in Figure 3-2.

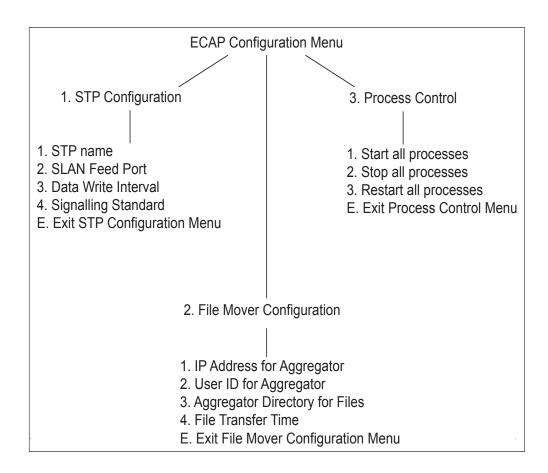


Figure 3-2. Integrated Accounting Feed Configuration Menu

The menu options and their functions are provided in Table 3-2.

Menu Option	Description	Range of Values
STP Configuration	Displays a set of options that enable the operational parameters associated with the EAGLE 5 ISS MSU feed to be set or changed.	[14, E]
STP name	Sets the STP name that is used in the filename of the data file transferred to the Aggregator. Typically, the STP name reflects the STP CLLI from which the ECAP is receiving MSUs.	The value has a 12-character limit.
SLAN Feed Port	Sets the port number that the application monitors for the EAGLE 5 ISS MSU feed. The value entered must match the "ipport" parameter in the ent-ip-node EAGLE 5 ISS configuration command (see "Configuring SLAN Cards" on page 3-18).	[10245000]
Data Write Interval	Sets the interval, in minutes, at which the Integrated Accounting Feed application generates the data file. This file is stored on the ECAP server and periodically transferred to the Aggregator.	[1, 5]
Signalling Standard	Sets the protocol by which the ECAP server interprets the MSUs from the EAGLE 5 ISS.	[ANSI, ITU] NOTE: ITU is the only supported protocol for Release 1.0.
File Mover Configuration	Displays a set of options that enable the parameters associated with the Aggregator configuration to be set or changed.	[13, E]
IP Address for Aggregator	Sets the IP address for the Aggregator. The locator must be specified as an IP address.	The value must be a decimal-separated 4-octet value, with each octet in the 0-255 range.
User ID for Aggregator	Sets the user name that is used to log in to the Aggregator when transferring data files	No restrictions

Table 3-2.Configuration Menu Options

Menu Option	Description	Range of Values
Aggregator Directory for Files	Sets the path to the directory in which the data files will be stored on the Aggregator	No restrictions.
File Transfer Time	Sets the number of minutes after the half hour to send data files to the Aggregator (1 - xx:01 and xx:31, 2 - xx:02 and xx:32, etc.)	[15]
Process Control	Displays a set of options that enable the application processes to be started and stopped.	[13, E]
Start all processes	If action is confirmed, this option starts all application processes that are not currently running.	[Y, y, N, n]
Stop all processes	If action is confirmed, this option stops all running application processes.	[Y, y, N, n]
Restart all processes	If action is confirmed, this option stops all running application processes, and then restarts all processes.	[Y, y, N, n]

Table 3-2.Configuration Menu Options

Configuring SLAN Cards

The EAGLE 5 ISS SLAN card must be configured to interface with an ECAP server via the Data Collection Interface.

Use the ent-dlk and ent-ip-node commands to establish the links for the SLAN cards. See Table 3-3 for a list of these commands and their parameters as they apply to the Integrated Application Feed application. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for a complete discussion of how to use these commands to configure SLAN cards for the EAGLE 5 ISS.

Command	Parameters	Description		
ent-dlk	:loc=XXXX	Location of the SLAN card		
	:ipaddr=x.x.x.x NOTE: The IP	Locally allocated static IP address of the SLAN card. The guideline for allocating the particular IP address is as follows:		
	addresses given to the right are the default			
	addresses for the ECAP servers and the	ECAP IP 192.168.100.1 (Server 1A) to SLAN IP 192.168.100.101		
	recommended addresses for the SLAN cards. These locations can be changed; however, the SLAN cards must be located within the same subnet as the associated ECAP server.	ECAP IP 192.168.100.2 (Server 1B) to SLAN IP 192.168.100.102		
		ECAP IP 192.168.100.3 (Server 1C) to SLAN IP192.168.100.103		
		ECAP IP 192.168.100.4 (Server 1D) to SLAN IP 192.168.100.104		
		ECAP IP 192.168.100.5 (Server 1E) to SLAN IP 192.168.100.105		
		ECAP IP 192.168.100.6 (Server 1F) to SLAN IP 192.168.100.106		
	:speed=100	Sets the port speed to 100Mbps		
ent-ip-node	:loc=XXXX	Location of the SLAN card		
	:ipaddr=x.x.x.x	IP address of the ECAP Data Collection Interface		
	:ipappl=stplan	Sets the application that will be using the interface		
	:cap=100	Maximum percentage of ethernet capacity allocated to this connection		
	:ipport=[10245000]	Port through which EAGLE 5 ISS and ECAP communicate. The value entered must match the "SLAN feed port" parameter in the ECAP configuration as shown in Table 3-2.		

Table 3-3.SLAN Card Parameters

Configuring Gateway Screening

Gateway Screening measures an MSU attempting to enter the EAGLE 5 ISS against predefined criteria in the EAGLE 5 ISS database to determine whether the MSU should be allowed to enter.

Refer to the *Database Administration Manual – Gateway Screening* for information on configuring Gateway Screening.

The stop action **copy** set must be configured for the Integrated Accounting Feed application. This set is used to copy the MSU for the STPLAN.

NOTE: The gateway screening stop action set can only have one copy stop action.

4

Maintenance

Alarms	
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Crontab Check	4-14
Disk Space Check	4-15
Network Check	4-15

Alarms

The following alarms are associated with the Integrated Accounting Feed application:

- The ECAP server raises alarms and provides SNMP traps that are monitored via a customer NMS.
- Connectivity problems between the EAGLE® 5 ISS and ECAP server are raised as UAMs on the EAGLE 5 ISS.
- Conditions associated with the Integrated Accounting Feed application may impact operation and may have associated alarms.

These alarms and conditions are discussed in the following sections.

Platform Alarms

All standard alarming and monitoring services for the platform running the Integrated Accounting Feed application are provided. Additional alarming services include breaker panel alarms, ECAP process alarms, and alarms on the File Transfer and Maintenance Interfaces.

These alarms are monitored by an NMS which receives SNMP traps. In order for the NMS to monitor the SNMP traps, the Maintenance Interface must be configured per Procedure 3-1 on page 3-4, and the ECAP server must be configured to send alarms to the NMS per Procedure 3-5 on page 3-11. The customer is responsible for providing the network connectivity between the ECAP Maintenance Interface and the NMS as identified in Figure 3-1 on page 3-3.

Tables 4-1 through 4-3 list the Critical, Major, and Minor platform alarms for the Integrated Accounting Feed application.

Use the following procedure to obtain additional information on the alarms raised.

Procedure 4-1. Viewing Information on Alarms

- Platform Configuration Utility (C) 2003 Tekelec, Inc. Main Menu Haintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Network Configuration Exit Use arrow keys to move between options | <Enter> selects
- 1. Log in to the ECAP server as the platcfg user.

2. Select **Diagnostics** from the Platform Configuration Utility Main Menu and press **Enter**.

Platform	Configuratio		(C) 2003 ' Diagnostic: mline Diagn etwork Diagn og Analysi: xit	s Menu - nostics gnostics	Inc.	
Use ar:	row keys to a	nove betwee	n options	<enter< td=""><td>> selects</td><td></td></enter<>	> selects	

3. Select **Online Diagnostics** from the Network Diagnostics Menu and press **Enter**.



4. Select Verbose from the Online Diagnostics menu and press Enter.

Inc.

- **5.** An output report, containing debug information for each individual test performed on the server, is displayed.
- 6. Select Exit to return to the Online Diagnostics menu.

Table 4-1.Critical Platform Alarms

Alarm Text	Range of Values	Alarm Data String Value
Breaker Panel Feed Unavailable	on or off	100000000000001
Breaker Panel Breaker Failure	on or off	100000000000002

Table 4-1.Critical Platform Alarms

Alarm Text	Range of Values	Alarm Data String Value
Breaker Panel Monitoring Failure	on or off	100000000000004
Power Feed Unavailable	on or off	100000000000008
Power supply #1 Failure	on or off	100000000000010
Power supply #2 Failure	on or off	10000000000020
Power supply #3 Failure	on or off	100000000000040

Table 4-2.Major Platform Alarms

Alarm Text	Range of Values	Alarm Data String Value
Server Fan Failure	on or off	3000000000000001
Server Internal Disk Error	on or off	300000000000002
Server Platform Error	on or off	300000000000008
Server File System Error	on or off	300000000000010
Server Platform Process Error	on or off	300000000000020
NOTE: This alarm means that one of the processes is dead.		
Server Ram Shortage Failure	on or off	300000000000040
Server Swap Space Shortage Failure	on or off	300000000000080
Server Disk Space Shortage Error	on or off	300000000001000
Server Temperature Error	on or off	300000000004000
Server Mainboard Voltage Error	on or off	300000000008000
Server Power Feed Unavailable	on or off	300000000010000
Server Disk Health Test Error	on or off	300000000020000
Server Disk Unavailable Error	on or off	300000000040000
Device Interface Error NOTE: This alarm means that the File Transfer Interface is down.	on or off	300000000100000

Alarm Text	Range of Values	Alarm Data String Value
Server Disk Space Warning	on or off	5000000000000001
Server Application Process Error	on or off	500000000000002
Warning Server Hardware Configuration Error	on or off	500000000000004
Server Software Configuration Error	on or off	500000000000010
Server Swap Space Shortage Warning	on or off	500000000000020
Server Temperature Warning	on or off	500000000000080
Server NTP Daemon Not Synchronized	on or off	500000000000200
Server CMOS Battery Voltage Low	on or off	500000000000400
Server Disk Self Test Warning	on or off	500000000000800
Device Interface Warning NOTE: This alarm means that either the File Transfer Interface or the Maintenance Interface has one bonded link down.	on or off	500000000002000

Table 4-3.Minor Platform Alarms

EAGLE 5 ISS Alarms

Connectivity problems that occur on the Data Collection Interface between the EAGLE 5 ISS and ECAP server are raised as UAMs on the EAGLE 5 ISS. See Table 4-4 for a list of these UAMs.

Refer to the *Maintenance Manual* for more information on the EAGLE 5 ISS related alarms.

UAM	Message Text	Resolution
0152	LIM(s) have been denied STPLAN service.	The SLAN subsystem cannot process all of the MSUs from the LIM and SCCP cards. MSUs have been discarded.
		Remedy:
		1. Use the rept-stat-slan command to verify that the EAGLE 5 ISS SLAN subsystem is IS-NR and is sending MSU packets to ECAP. Refer to the <i>Commands Manual</i> for information on the rept-stat-slan command.
		 Perform a network health check (see "Network Check" on page 4-15). If not successful, configure the network using platcfg (see "Configuring ECAP Network Interfaces" on page 3-3).
		3. Verify MeasServer is running by performing a process check (see "Process Check" on page 4-14).
		4. SLAN capacity has been exceeded. Additional SLAN/ECAP pairs may be needed to increase MSU processing capacity.
0153	STPLAN not available	There are no SLAN cards in the IS-NR state.
		Remedy:
		1. Use the rept-stat-slan command to verify that the EAGLE 5 ISS SLAN subsystem is IS-NR and is sending MSU packets to ECAP. Refer to the <i>Commands Manual</i> for information on the rept-stat-slan command.
		2. Perform a network health check (see "Network Check" on page 4-15). If not successful, configure the network using platcfg (see "Configuring ECAP Network Interfaces" on page 3-3).

Table 4-4.EAGLE 5 ISS UAMs

UAM	Message Text	Resolution
0155	STPLAN connection unavailable	SLAN link has been canceled or ECAP application MeasServer or TimeServer process terminated.
		Remedy:
		1. Verify MeasServer and TimeServer are running by performing a process check (see "Process Check" on page 4-14).
		2. The physical link between the EAGLE 5 ISS SLAN card and the ECAP server has been disconnected. Perform a network health check (see "Network Check" on page 4-15).

Table 4-4.	EAGLE 5 ISS UAMs (Co	ntinued)
------------	----------------------	----------

Integrated Accounting Feed Conditions

The conditions listed in Table 4-5 may impact Integrated Accounting Feed operation. If these conditions occur, follow the procedures listed in the Resolution column. If the provided corrective procedures do not work, contact the Tekelec Customer Care Center (see "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10).

Maintenance

Condition	Resolution
No data files on the Aggregator	The ECAP server is operational and periodically generating data files, but the files are not being transferred to the Aggregator.
	Remedy:
	 Determine whether the Device Interface Error major platform alarm (see Table 4-2 on page 4-5) has been raised. If it has, go to Step 3. If not, go to Step 2. Verify that FileMover is periodically running (see "Crontab Check" on page 4-14) and configured correctly via ecapcfg. If not, re-run ecapcfg to set up FileMover and/or start the ECAP processes. See "Configuring the Integrated Accounting Feed Application" on page 3-15.
	3. Perform a network health check (see "Network Check" on page 4-15). If not successful, configure the ECAP network using platcfg (see "Configuring ECAP Network Interfaces" on page 3-3).

Table 4-5. Integrated Accounting Feed Conditions

Condition	Resolution
Data files are zero length	The ECAP disk is probably full. This causes the filename to be generated, but no data is stored in the file.
	Remedy:
	1. Check available disk space (see "Disk Space Check" or page 4-15).
	 2. Verify that FileMover and FileScrubber are periodically running (see "Crontab Check" on page 4-14) and configured correctly via ecapcfg. If not, re-run ecapcfg to set up the processes and/or start the ECAP processes (see "Configuring the Integrated Accounting Feed Application" on page 3-15).
Data file contains no records	The data file contains standard data header but no record entries. This occurs when no MSU records are received from EAGLE 5 ISS.
	There are no SLAN cards in the IS-NR state.
	Remedy:
	 Use the rept-stat-slan command to verify that the EAGLE 5 ISS SLAN subsystem is IS-NR and is sending MSU packets to ECAP. Refer to the <i>Commands Manual</i> for information on the rept-stat-slan command.
	2. Verify gateway screens are properly configured (see "Configuring Gateway Screening" on page 3-19). The EAGLE 5 ISS SLAN card will only copy MSUs that have been screened.

Table 4-5.Integrated Accounting Feed Conditions

Maintenance

Condition	Resolution
MSU/octet counts are less than expected	The MSU peg counts reported by ECAP do not correspond to EAGLE 5 ISS measurements for the same time period.
	Remedy:
	 Check EAGLE 5 ISS alarm log for UAM 0152 (see "EAGLE 5 ISS UAMS" on page 4-7). If present, MSUs have been discarded during the copy to ECAP due to traffic volume or Data Collection Interface disconnect. Perform a network health check (see "Network Check" on page 4-15). Verify gateway screens are properly configured (see "Configuring Gateway Screening" on page 3-19). The EAGLE 5 ISS SLAN card will only copy MSUs that have been screened. Use the rept-ftp-meas:type=sys tot:enttype=stplan command to obtain an STPLAN measurement report. Use this report to
	determine the number of MSUs flowing to the ECAP server from EAGLE 5 ISS. Refer to the <i>Commands</i> <i>Manual</i> for information on the rept-ftp-meas

Table 4-5. Integrated Accounting Feed Conditions

Disaster Recovery

No specific backup routine is provided by ECAP, therefore no specific restore routine is present.

The following failures could lead to disaster if allowed to persist for an ECAP server. See Table 4-5 for a list of associated condition messages and corrections.

- Aggregator and/or both File Transfer Interfaces to Aggregator down or misconfigured: This will eventually lead to a disk full condition on the ECAP server if not corrected within a week due to an accumulation of data files. If the Aggregator is down or in fault condition, this must be corrected according to methods and procedures described by Aggregator documentation. When the link becomes active, all accumulated data files are sent to the Aggregator at the next File Transfer interval. If a significant amount of data is sent to the Aggregator in one 30-minute interval, it could result in a degraded performance level for the ECAP server during the transfer.
- Dead Integrated Accounting Feed processes or Data Collection Interface down or misconfigured: Other ECAP servers in the ECAP system handle the load that would normally be sent to the ECAP server whose Data Collection Interface is down. If another ECAP server goes down or its Data Collection Interface goes down or is misconfigured, this could cause the ECAP/SLAN system to go into overload and lose data packets. Therefore, this scenario should also be corrected as soon as possible.

In the event of a catastrophic failure where ECAP hardware fails, contact the Tekelec Customer Care Center (see "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10).

Log Files

The Integrated Accounting Feed application generates log files for the following processes (see "Process Check" on page 4-14 for a description of the processes):

- MeasServer
- TimeServer
- FileMover
- FileScrubber
- Logd
- sentryd
- surv

These logs are written to the /usr/TKLC/ecap/logs directory. The current log file is <process>.log, where <process> is the name of the process that is writing to the log file.

When the log file for any of the processes reaches 16 MB, that file is archived to <process>.log.1. A maximum of four log archives are maintained in the /usr/TKLC/ecap/logs directory: <process>.log.1 - <process>.log.4 with.1 being the newest archive and .4 being the oldest. Each time a log file is archived to .1, the existing archives are renamed, and the oldest archive (.4) is discarded.

Savelogs

Logs and other relevant system information may be saved for debugging purposes by issuing the **savelogs** command. This command creates and stores a compressed tarball (*.tar.Z) in the /tmp directory to be offloaded by scp/sftp and viewed later.

Health Check

Use the health checks described in the following sections to ensure the Integrated Application Feed is running properly.

Process Check

The process health check ensures that processes associated with the Integrated Accounting Feed application are running.

The following processes should always be running:

- sentryd: Keeps the other Integrated Accounting Feed application processes up and running
- MeasServer: Receives and decodes EAGLE 5 ISS SLAN packets, and stores them to a data file
- TimeServer: Responds to time queries from the EAGLE 5 ISS SLAN card
- Logd: Manages all ECAP logging

The following processes run periodically:

- FileMover: Moves data files to the Aggregator then archives the files on the ECAP
- FileScrubber: Deletes data files that are more than 48 hrs old
- surv: Ensures the sentryd process is running

The process health check is performed by the **ps** and **grep** commands. The expected command/output is as follows:

```
#ps -ef | grep TimeServer
root 24159 1 0 08:50? 00:00/usr/TKLC/ecap/bin/TimeServer
#ps -ef | grep MeasServer
```

ecapadm 24159 1 0 08:50? 00:00:00/usr/TKLC/ecap/bin/MeasServer

Crontab Check

The **crontab** command is used to ensure that the FileMover and FileScrubber processes described above have been set up to be run periodically by the system.

NOTE: The minutes entry (5, 35) for FileMover may vary, but should be 30 minutes apart.

The expected command/output is as follows:

```
# crontab -1
5,35 * * * /usr/TKLC/ecap/bin/FileMover
0 * * * /usr/TKLC/ecap/bin/ FileScrubber-d
/usr/TKLC/ecap/xml/archive_ftp-t 172800
*/5 * * * * /usr/TKLC/ecap/bin/surv
```

Disk Space Check

The disk space check is used to verify that disk space on /dev/vgapp/ecap-vol is not approaching 100%.

The expected command output is as follows:

```
# df
```

```
/dev/vgapp/ecap-vol 103212320 40556 97928884 1% /usr/TKLC/ecap
```

Network Check

The Network Diagnostics commands are used to verify connectivity between the EAGLE 5 ISS SLAN card and the ECAP server and between the ECAP server and the Aggregator. Along with the conditions listed in Table 4-5 on page 4-9, this check should be done in response to the Device Interface Error or Device Interface Warning platform alarms (see Tables 4-2 and 4-3). These diagnostic tasks are accessed through platcfg and include the following:

- Netstat: enables you to access network statistics for the ECAP server
- Ping: enables you to attempt an ICMP ping of another ECAP server on the network
- Traceroute: enables you to trace the network route to another ECAP server on the network.

Verifying EAGLE 5 ISS to ECAP Connectivity

Use the following procedure to access the Network Diagnostics to verify connectivity between the EAGLE 5 ISS SLAN card and the ECAP Server.

Procedure 4-2. Verifying Connectivity between EAGLE 5 ISS SLAN Card and the ECAP Server

1. Log into ECAP as the platcfg user.



2. Select **Diagnostics** from the Platform Configuration Utility Main Menu and press **Enter**.



3. Select Network Diagnostics from the Diagnostics Menu and press Enter.



- 4. Select the desired task from the Network Diagnostics Menu and press Enter.
- 5. Perform the desired task.
- 6. Save and Exit the menu.

Verifying ECAP to Aggregator Connectivity

Verify connectivity between the ECAP and the Aggregator using the Network Diagnostics tasks described in "Verifying EAGLE 5 ISS to ECAP Connectivity" on page 4-15.

In addition to these tasks, you must also perform a secure shell connectivity check.

The expected command output is as follows:

```
# cd ~
# touch sshtest
# scp sshtest aggregator_id@aggregator:/home/aggregator_t id
sshtest 100% 0 0.0KB/s --:-ETA
```

If the network check passes, you may safely remove the sshtest file by using the **rm** command on the ECAP server, and whatever method necessary on the Aggregator. If the **scp** command asks for a password, see the appropriate procedure for your operating system in "Configuring File Transfer" on page 3-7.

Maintenance

A

MSU to XML Field Mapping

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Introduction

This appendix provides information on how the MSU parameters that come into the ECAP server relate to the peg count fields in the data file. An overview of the generated data files is provided, along with three samples: an ISUP MSU, an SCCP MSU, and an SCCP MSU with a TCAP layer (MAP MSU). For each example, the fields that are extracted from the MSU and copied to the data file are highlighted.

The MSU contents displayed in the following examples do not contain Layer 2 information, which causes the 3 octet discrepancy between the length of the MSU contents displayed and the <octcount> field in the XML output. The <octcount> field includes the 3 octets of Layer 2 in its count, e.g. the ISUP MSU contents show octets 0-27 (28 octets), while the <octcount> field shows 31.

Data Files

The Integrated Accounting Feed application generates data files periodically. These files are stored in the /usr/TKLC/ecap/xml/pending_ftp directory until they are copied to the Aggregator. Once a file has been copied to the Aggregator, it is moved to the /usr/TKLC/ecap/xml/archive_ftp directory where it remains for approximately 48 hours.

The Filename format adheres to the following: <stp>_<collector>_<enddate>_<endtime>.xml

The data included in the filename adheres to the descriptions, ranges, and formats described for the corresponding tags in Table A-1.

The data files contain the measurement peg counts in an XML format. The file tags are described in Table A-1.

Tag	Range of Values	Description
<ecapreport> </ecapreport>	N/A	A section delimiter that identifies a data file for a specific node and interval
<stp> </stp>	unrestricted	Character string representing the name of the STP node that generated the data file. Derived from the STP name entered via the Integrated Accounting Feed Configuration Menu (see See "Configuring the Integrated Accounting Feed Application" on page 3-15).
<collector> </collector>	63[[AZ][az][09] [-]]	String of up to 63 characters representing the hostname of the ECAP server generating the data file
<startdate> </startdate>	[0131][0112] [00009999]	Decimal representation of the collection start date of the records contained in the data file. Date is local to the ECAP server generating the file. Format is DDMMYYYY.

Table A-1.Data File Tags

Tag	Range of Values	Description
<starttime> </starttime>	[0023][0059] [0059]	Decimal representation of the collection start time of the records contained in the data file. Time is local to the ECAP server generating the file. Format is HHMMSS.
<enddate> </enddate>	[0131][0112] [00009999]	Decimal representation of the collection end date of the records contained in the data file. Date is local to the ECAP server generating the file. Format is DDMMYYYY.
<endtime> </endtime>	[0023][0059] [0059]	Decimal representation of the collection end time of the records contained in the data file. Time is local to the ECAP generating the file. Format is HHMMSS.
<record> </record>	N/A	Section delimiter that identities a new data file
<signallingstandard> </signallingstandard>	"ANSI", "ITU-I", "ITU-N", or "undefined"	Character string (without quotes) representing the protocol by which the data file was decoded. "undefined" is an invalid protocol and represents an error in decoding.
<linkid> </linkid>	[065535]	EAGLE 5 ISS STP link ID on which the MSUs were received (incoming link). This is a decimal value.
<si> </si>	"isup" or "sccp"	Character string (without quotes) representing the message service type. "isup" represents an MTP message. "sccp" represents an SCCP or MAP message.
<mtp> </mtp>	N/A	Section delimiter that identifies the MTP layer point codes (Routing Label)

 Table A-1.
 Data File Tags (Continued)

Tag	Range of Values	Description
<opc> </opc>	[000255][000255] [000255] (ANSI), or [000007][000255] [000.007] (ITU-I), or [016383] (ITU-N)	Decimal representation of the Originating Point Code from the MTP layer
<dpc> </dpc>	[000255][000255] [000255] (ANSI), or [000007][000255] [000.007] (ITU-I), or [016383] (ITU-N)	Decimal representation of the Destination Point Code from the MTP layer
<sccp> </sccp>	N/A	A section identifier that identifies the SCCP layer information
<cgpadigits> </cgpadigits>	[], [099999999999999 99999999] [0FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF FFFFFF]	Decimal or hexadecimal representation of the Calling Party Address. This field is optional or may contain up to 21 digits.
<cdpadigits> </cdpadigits>	[], [099999999999999 99999999] [0FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF FFFFFF]	Decimal or hexadecimal representation of the Called Party Address. This field is optional or may contain up to 21 digits.
<cgpapc> </cgpapc>	[], [000255][000255] [000255] (ANSI), or [000007][000255] [000.007] (ITU-I), or [016383] (ITU-N)	Decimal representation of the Originating Point Code from the SCCP layer. This field is optional.
<cdpapc> </cdpapc>	[], [000255][000255] [000255] (ANSI), or [000007][000255] [000.007] (ITU-I), or [016383] (ITU-N)	Decimal representation of the Destination Point Code from the SCCP layer. This field is optional.
<map> </map>	N/A	A section identifier that identifies the MAP layer information
<opcode> </opcode>	[0255]	Decimal representation of the MAP operation code. Identifies the MAP operation performed.

 Table A-1.
 Data File Tags (Continued)

Tag	Range of Values	Description
<msucount> </msucount>	[14294967295]	Decimal representation of the number of MSUs processed with the specified MTP and/or SCCP parameters
<octcount> </octcount>	[14294967295]	Decimal representation of the number of octets processed with the specified MTP and/or SCCP parameters. This number excludes the Layer 1 Flag and CRC information.

Table A-1.Data File Tags (Continued)

Data File XML DTD

The XML DTD describes the content and structure of the measurement report data fields.

< ! ELEMENT	<pre>ecapreport (stp,collector,date,time,record*)></pre>
	stp (#PCDATA)>
	collector (#PCDATA)>
	startdate (#PCDATA)>
	starttime (#PCDATA)>
	enddate (#PCDATA)>
	endtime (#PCDATA)>
	record (signallingstandard, linkid, si, mtp, sccp?, map?, msucount, octcount)>
	signallingstandard (#PCDATA)>
	linkid (#PCDATA)>
	si (#PCDATA)>
	mtp (opc,dpc)>
	opc (#PCDATA)>
	dpc (#PCDATA)>
	<pre>sccp (cgpadigits?,cdpadigits?,cgpapc?,cdpapc?)></pre>
	cgpadigits (#PCDATA)>
	cdpadigits (#PCDATA)>
ELEMENT</td <td>cgpapc (#PCDATA)></td>	cgpapc (#PCDATA)>
ELEMENT</td <td>cdpapc (#PCDATA)></td>	cdpapc (#PCDATA)>
ELEMENT</td <td><pre>map (opcode) ></pre></td>	<pre>map (opcode) ></pre>
ELEMENT</td <td>opcode (#PCDATA)></td>	opcode (#PCDATA)>
ELEMENT</td <td>msucount (#PCDATA)></td>	msucount (#PCDATA)>
ELEMENT</td <td>octcount (#PCDATA)></td>	octcount (#PCDATA)>

ISUP MSU

The following is an example of ISUP MSU with the ECAP data file.

6		
*** Start of MTP Level		
0000 00000101 05	MSU Service Indicator	ISDN User Part
00	Spare	
00	Network Indicator	00 - International Network
0001 00100010 22 K 0002 10010000 90	Destination Point Code	2-4-2
010000		
	Origination Point Code	2-2-2
0003 00000100 04 0004 00000100 04		
0100 0000	Signalling Link Code	0
*** Start of ISDN Use	Part ***	
	Initial address	
	Circuit Identification Code	0
0006 0000000 00 0000		
0000	Spare	0
0007 0000001 01 .T		01
	Nature of connection indicators Satelite Indicator	00 - no satelite circuit in
the connection		
00 required	Continuity Check Indicator	00 - continuity check not
	Echo Control Device Indicator	0 - outgoing half echo
control dev not inclu 000		0
	Forward call indicators	0
0009 0000000 00		
0 national call	National/International Call Indicator	0 - call to be treated as
	End-to-End Method Indicator	00 - no end-to-end method
available 0	Interworking Indicator	0 - no interworking
encountered	End-to-End Information Indicator	0 - no end-to-end
information available		
0 all the way	ISDN User Part Indicator	0 - ISDN user part not used
	ISDN User Part Preference Indicator	00 - ISDN user part
preferred all the way		
0010 00000000 00	ISDN Access Indicator	0 - originating access
non-ISDN		
	SCCP Method Indicator	00 - no indication 0
0000	Spare Reserved for National Use	0
	Calling party's category	00000000 - Calling party's
cagtegory unknown at t 0012 00000000 00	Transmission Medium Requirement	00000000 - speech
0013 00000010 02	Variable Portion Called party number Pointer	Offset 0015
	Optional Portion Pointer Called party number	Points to Nothing
0015 00001100 Oc	Called party number Length	12
0016 0000000 00		
	Nature of Address Indicator Odd/Even Indicator	0000000 - spare 0 - even number of address
signals		
0017 0000000 00	6	
	Spare Numbering Plan Indicator	0 000 - spare
0	Internal network number indicator	0 - routing to internal
network number allowed 0018 0000000 00		000000000000000000000000000000000000000
0018 00000000 00	Auuress	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
0020 0000000 00		
0021 00000000 00 0022 00000000 00		
0022 00000000 00		

```
        0023
        00000000
        00

        0024
        00000000
        00

        0025
        00000000
        00

        0026
        00000000
        00

        0027
        00000000
        00
```

ECAP XML Output

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE ecapreport SYSTEM "ecapreport.dtd">
<ecapreport>
  <stp>e1021201</stp>
  <collector>nc1lxvader</collector>
  <startdate>26092005</startdate>
  <starttime>102800</starttime>
  <enddate>26092005</enddate>
  <endtime>102900</endtime>
  <record>
    <signallingstandard>ITU-I</signallingstandard>
    <linkid>1</linkid>
    <si>isup</si>
    <mtp>
      <opc>002-002-002</opc>
      <dpc>002-004-002</dpc>
    </mtp>
    <msucount>1</msucount>
    <octcount>31</octcount>
  </record>
```

</ecapreport>

SCCP MSU

The following is an example of SCCP MSU with the ECAP data file. If an SCCP MSU contains a CgPA or CdPA point code, the point code is copied to the peg count report, but only if the point code differs from the OPC or DPC.

1 '			
*** Start of MTP	Level 3	* * *	
board of him	Lever 5	MSU	
0000 00000011 03			
		Service Indicator	SCCP
00		Spare	0
00		Network Indicator	00 - International Network
		Destination Point Code	2-2-2
0002 01010000 50			
010000			
01	K	Origination Point Code	2-2-1
0003 00000100 04			
0004 00000100 04			
0100			
0000		Signalling Link Code	0
*** Start of SCC	P ***		
		Unitdata	
0005 00001001 09	.TE.	Message Type	09
0006 10000000 80			
0000		Protocol Class	Class 0
		Variable Portion	
1000		Message Handling	1000 - return message on
error			
0007 00000011 03		Called Party Address	Offset 0010
0008 00010011 13		Calling Party Address	Offset 0027
0009 00100011 23		Data Portion Pointer	Offset 0044
0010 00010000 10		Called Party Address Length	16
0011 01001011 4b			
1		Point Code Indicator Subsystem Number Indicator Global Title indicator	Included
1-		Subsystem Number Indicator	Included
0010		Global Title indicator	0010 - Global title w/
translation type			
-1		Routing indicator Reserved for National use	1 - route on SSN
0		Reserved for National use	0 - Reserved for National
use			
0012 00010010 12		Signalling Point Code	4-2-2
0013 00100000 20			
0014 00000000 00		Subsystem Number	0
0015 00001000 08		Translation Type	8
0016 00100001 21		Address information	1234567890123456789010
0017 01000011 43			
0018 01100101 65			
0019 10000111 87			
0020 00001001 09			
0021 00100001 21			
0022 01000011 43			
0023 01100101 65			
0024 10000111 87			
0025 00001001 09			
0026 00000001 01			
		Calling Party Address Length	16
0028 01001011 4b			
1		Point Code Indicator	Included
1-		Subsystem Number Indicator	Included
		Global Title indicator	0010 - Global title w/
translation type			
-1		Routing indicator	1 - route on SSN
		Reserved for National use	0 - Reserved for National
use			
		Signalling Point Code	4-2-1
0030 00100000 20			
		Subsystem Number	0
		Translation Type	2
		Address information	0987654321098765432190
0034 01111000 78			
0035 01010110 56			
0036 00110100 34			
0037 00010010 12			

```
0039 01111000 78
0040 01010110 56
0041 00110100 34
0042 00010010 12
0043 00001001 09
                               Data Portion
*** Start of TCAP and SCCP Management ***
                               TCAP Layer
0044 00000101 05 .--. TCAP Length
                                                                                5
0045 01100010 62 .T-..E. Begin Message
                                                                                98
0046 00000011 03 .--..- Message Length
                                                                                3
                               Transaction Portion
0047 01001000 48 .--.- Originating TX ID
0048 00000001 01 .--.- Transaction ID Length
0049 0000000 00 ----- Originating Transaction ID
                                                                                72
                                                                                1
                                                                                00
                               Optional Dialogue Portion
```

Optional Comonent Portion

ECAP XML Output

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE ecapreport SYSTEM "ecapreport.dtd">
<ecapreport>
  <stp>e1021201</stp>
  <collector>nc1lxvader</collector>
  <startdate>27092005</startdate>
  <starttime>111700</starttime>
  <enddate>27092005</enddate>
  <endtime>111800</endtime>
  <record>
   <signallingstandard>ITU-I</signallingstandard>
    <linkid>0</linkid>
    <si>sccp</si>
    <qtm>
     <opc>002-002-001</opc>
     <dpc>002-002-002</dpc>
    </mtp>
    <sccp>
      <cgpadigits>0987654321098765432190</cgpadigits>
      <cdpadigits>1234567890123456789010</cdpadigits>
      <cgpapc>004-002-001</cgpapc>
      <cdpapc>004-002-002</cdpapc>
    </sccp>
    <msucount>1</msucount>
    <octcount>53</octcount>
  </record>
```

</ecapreport>

MAP MSU

The following is an example of SCCP MSU with a TCAP layer with the ECAP data file.

*** Start of MTP	Level 3		
0000 0000011 02		MSU	
0000 00000011 03		Service Indicator	SCCP
00			0
		Network Indicator	00 - International Network
		Destination Point Code	2-2-2
0002 01010000 50			
010000		And all and the second second	0.0.1
0003 00000100 04		Origination Point Code	2-2-1
0004 00000100 04			
0100			
0000		Signalling Link Code	0
*** Start of SCC	P ***	Unitdata	
0005 00001001 09	T- E		09
0006 10000000 80		hebbuge Type	0.5
		Protocol Class	Class 0
		Variable Portion	
		Message Handling	1000 - return message on
error		Called Deuter Address	Offset 0010
		Called Party Address Calling Party Address	Offset 0027
		Data Portion Pointer	Offset 0027
		Called Party Address Length	16
0011 00001011 0b			
		Point Code Indicator	Included
		Subsystem Number Indicator	Included
translation type		Global Title indicator	0010 - Global title w/
		Routing indicator	0 - route on GT
		Reserved for National use	0 - Reserved for National
use			
		Signalling Point Code	4-2-2
0013 00100000 20		Outpring to an Murphane	0
0014 00000000 00		Subsystem Number	0
0014 00000000 00 0015 00001000 08		Translation Type	8
0014 00000000 00 0015 00001000 08			
0014 00000000 00 0015 00001000 08 0016 00100001 21 0017 01000011 43 0018 01100101 65	 	Translation Type	8
0014 0000000 00 0015 00001000 21 0016 00100001 21 0017 01000011 43 0018 01100101 65 0019 10000111 87		Translation Type	8
0014 0000000 00 0015 00001000 08 0016 00100001 21 0017 01000011 43 0018 01100101 65 0019 10000111 87 0020 00001001 09		Translation Type	8
0014 0000000 00 0015 00001000 08 0016 00100001 21 0017 01000011 43 0018 01100101 65 0019 10000111 87 0020 00001001 09 0021 00100001 21		Translation Type	8
0014 0000000 00 0015 00001000 08 0016 00100001 21 0017 01000011 43 0018 01100101 65 0019 10000111 87 0020 00001001 09		Translation Type	8
0014 0000000 00 0015 0001000 88 0016 00100011 21 0017 01000011 43 0018 01100101 65 0019 10000111 87 0020 00001010 99 0021 00100001 21 0022 01000011 43		Translation Type	8
0014 0000000 00 0015 0001000 08 0016 0010001 13 0017 01000011 43 0018 01100101 65 0019 10000111 87 0020 00001001 99 0021 001000011 11 0022 01000011 43 0023 01100101 65 0024 10000111 87 0025 00001001 99		Translation Type	8
0014 0000000 00 0015 0001000 08 0016 0010001 13 0017 01000011 43 0018 01100101 65 0019 10000111 87 0020 00001001 19 0021 01000011 13 0023 01100101 65 0024 10000111 87 0025 00001001 99 0026 00000101 187 0026 00000001 01		Translation Type Address information	8 1234567890123456789010
0014 00000000 00 0015 00010000 88 0016 00100001 43 0018 01100101 65 0019 10000111 87 0020 000100101 9 0021 00100001 21 0022 01000011 43 0023 01100101 65 0024 10000111 87 0025 00001001 9 0026 00000001 10 0027 00010000 10		Translation Type	8
0014 00000000 00 0015 00010000 88 0016 00100001 43 0018 01100101 65 0019 10000111 87 0020 00010010 99 0021 00100001 43 0022 00010010 91 0023 01000011 43 0024 1000011 87 0025 00010010 90 0026 00000001 10 0027 00010000 10 0028 01001011 42		Translation Type Address information	8 1234567890123456789010
0014 0000000 00 0015 0001000 08 0016 0010001 13 0017 01000011 43 0018 01100101 65 0019 10000111 87 0020 0001001 99 0021 01000011 43 0022 01000011 43 0023 01100101 65 0024 10000111 87 0025 0001001 99 0026 00000001 10 0027 00010000 10 0028 0101011 48		Translation Type Address information Calling Party Address Length	8 1234567890123456789010 16 Included Included
0014 0000000 00 0015 0001000 08 0016 00100011 43 0018 01100101 65 0019 1000011 87 0020 00001001 187 0022 0100001 21 0022 01000011 43 0023 01100101 65 0024 10000111 87 0025 00001001 09 0026 00000001 01 0027 0001000 10 0028 01001011 48 1 0010	 	Translation Type Address information Calling Party Address Length Point Code Indicator	8 1234567890123456789010 16 Included
0014 0000000 00 0015 0001000 08 0016 00100011 43 0018 01100101 55 0019 1000011 87 0020 0001001 9 0021 00100001 21 0022 01000011 43 0023 01100101 65 0024 1000011 87 0025 00001001 01 0027 0001000 10 0028 01001011 48 1 0010 translation type	·	Translation Type Address information Calling Party Address Length Point Code Indicator Subsystem Number Indicator Global Title indicator	8 1234567890123456789010 16 Included Included 0010 - Global title w/
0014 0000000 00 0015 0001000 08 0016 0010001 43 0018 01100101 65 0019 1000011 87 0020 0001001 9 0021 00100001 43 0023 01100101 65 0024 1000011 87 0025 0001001 09 0026 00000001 09 0026 00000001 00 0027 0001000 10 0028 01001011 48 1 010 translation type -1	·	Translation Type Address information Calling Party Address Length Point Code Indicator Subsystem Number Indicator Global Title indicator Routing indicator	<pre>8 1234567890123456789010 16 Included Included 0010 - Global title w/ 1 - route on SSN</pre>
0014 0000000 00 0015 0001000 08 0016 0010001 43 0018 01100101 65 0019 1000011 87 0020 0001001 99 0021 00100001 43 0023 01100101 65 0024 1000011 87 0025 0001001 09 0026 00000001 01 0027 0001000 10 0028 01001011 4£ 1 0010 translation type -1	·	Translation Type Address information Calling Party Address Length Point Code Indicator Subsystem Number Indicator Global Title indicator	8 1234567890123456789010 16 Included Included 0010 - Global title w/
0014 0000000 00 0015 00011000 08 0016 00100011 43 0018 01100101 65 0019 1000011 87 0020 00001001 187 0022 01000011 43 0023 01100101 65 0024 10000111 87 0025 00001001 09 0026 00000001 01 0027 0001000 10 0028 01001011 48 1 0010 translation type -1 0		Translation Type Address information Calling Party Address Length Point Code Indicator Subsystem Number Indicator Global Title indicator Routing indicator	<pre>8 1234567890123456789010 16 Included Included 0010 - Global title w/ 1 - route on SSN</pre>
0014 0000000 00 0015 00011000 08 0016 00100011 43 0018 01100101 65 0019 1000011 87 0020 00001001 187 0022 01000011 43 0023 01100101 65 0024 10000111 87 0025 00001001 09 0026 00000001 01 0027 0001000 10 0028 01001011 48 1 0010 translation type -1 0	·	Translation Type Address information Calling Party Address Length Point Code Indicator Subsystem Number Indicator Global Title indicator Routing indicator Reserved for National use	<pre>8 1234567890123456789010</pre> 16 Included Included O010 - Global title w/ 1 - route on SSN 0 - Reserved for National
0014 0000000 00 0015 0001000 08 0016 0010001 23 0018 01100101 43 0018 01100101 65 0019 10000111 87 0020 00010001 23 0022 0100001 43 0023 01100101 65 0024 1000011 87 0025 0001001 09 0026 00000001 09 0026 00000001 10 0028 01001011 48 1 0010 translation type -1 use 0029 00010001 11 030 0010000 20 0031 0000000 00		Translation Type Address information Calling Party Address Length Point Code Indicator Subsystem Number Indicator Global Title indicator Routing indicator Reserved for National use Signalling Point Code Subsystem Number	<pre>8 1234567890123456789010 16 Included Included O010 - Global title w/ 1 - route on SSN 0 - Reserved for National 4-2-1 0</pre>
0014 00000000 00 0015 0001000 8 0016 00100001 43 0018 01100101 65 0019 1000011 87 0020 000100001 21 0022 01000011 43 0023 01100101 65 0024 10000111 87 0025 00001001 90 0026 00000001 10 0027 00010001 10 0028 01001011 48 1 0010 1 translation type -1 0029 00010001 11 0030 00100001 11 0031 00000000 00 0032 00000001 00		Translation Type Address information Calling Party Address Length Point Code Indicator Subsystem Number Indicator Global Title indicator Routing indicator Reserved for National use Signalling Point Code Subsystem Number Translation Type	<pre>8 1234567890123456789010 16 16 Included Included 0010 - Global title w/ 1 - route on SSN 0 - Reserved for National 4-2-1 0 2</pre>
0014 0000000 00 0015 0001000 88 0016 00100001 43 0017 01000011 43 0018 01100101 43 0019 10000111 87 0020 000100101 99 0021 00100001 14 0022 01000011 43 0023 01100101 65 0024 100001101 90 0025 00001001 90 0026 00000001 10 0027 00010000 10 0028 0101011 45 1 1 1 -0010 translation type -1 0 0 0010000 11 0030 00100001 11 0030 0031 0000000 00 0031 00000000 00 033 10010000 90		Translation Type Address information Calling Party Address Length Point Code Indicator Subsystem Number Indicator Global Title indicator Routing indicator Reserved for National use Signalling Point Code Subsystem Number	<pre>8 1234567890123456789010 16 Included Included O010 - Global title w/ 1 - route on SSN 0 - Reserved for National 4-2-1 0</pre>
0014 0000000 00 0015 0001000 08 0016 0010001 43 0018 01100101 55 0019 1000011 87 0020 0001001 9 0021 00100011 43 0023 01100101 65 0024 1000011 43 0023 01100101 65 0024 1000011 87 0025 0001001 01 0027 00010001 10 0028 01001011 4b 1 0010 translation type -1 0 use 0029 00010001 11 0030 0010000 20 0031 0000000 02 0033 1001000 90 0034 01111000 78	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Translation Type Address information Calling Party Address Length Point Code Indicator Subsystem Number Indicator Global Title indicator Routing indicator Reserved for National use Signalling Point Code Subsystem Number Translation Type	<pre>8 1234567890123456789010 16 16 Included Included 0010 - Global title w/ 1 - route on SSN 0 - Reserved for National 4-2-1 0 2</pre>
0014 0000000 00 0015 0001000 88 0016 00100001 43 0017 01000011 43 0018 01100101 43 0019 10000111 87 0020 000100101 99 0021 00100001 14 0022 01000011 43 0023 01100101 65 0024 100001101 90 0025 00001001 90 0026 00000001 10 0027 00010000 10 0028 0101011 45 1 1 1 -0010 translation type -1 0 0 0010000 11 0030 00100001 11 0030 0031 0000000 00 0031 00000000 00 033 10010000 90	· · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Translation Type Address information Calling Party Address Length Point Code Indicator Subsystem Number Indicator Global Title indicator Routing indicator Reserved for National use Signalling Point Code Subsystem Number Translation Type	<pre>8 1234567890123456789010 16 16 Included Included 0010 - Global title w/ 1 - route on SSN 0 - Reserved for National 4-2-1 0 2</pre>
0014 0000000 00 0015 0001000 08 0016 0010001 23 0018 01100101 43 0018 01100101 55 0019 1000011 87 0020 0001001 09 0021 00100001 43 0023 01100101 65 0024 1000011 87 0025 00010001 10 0027 0001000 10 0028 01001011 48 1 0010 translation type 0029 00010001 11 0030 0010000 20 0031 0000000 00 0032 0000010 02 0033 1001000 90 0034 0111000 78 0035 01010110 56		Translation Type Address information Calling Party Address Length Point Code Indicator Subsystem Number Indicator Global Title indicator Routing indicator Reserved for National use Signalling Point Code Subsystem Number Translation Type	<pre>8 1234567890123456789010 16 16 Included Included 0010 - Global title w/ 1 - route on SSN 0 - Reserved for National 4-2-1 0 2</pre>
0014 0000000 00 0015 0001000 08 0016 0010001 43 0018 01100101 43 0018 01100101 55 0019 1000011 43 0020 0001001 187 0020 0001001 43 0023 01100011 43 0023 01100011 43 0023 01100101 65 0024 1000011 43 0025 00001011 99 0026 0000001 01 0027 00010001 10 0028 01001011 48 1 0010 translation type -1 0010 translation type 0030 0010000 20 0031 0000000 02 0033 10010000 90 0034 0111100 78 0035 01010110 54 0036 00101010 12 0038 10010000 90	·	Translation Type Address information Calling Party Address Length Point Code Indicator Subsystem Number Indicator Global Title indicator Routing indicator Reserved for National use Signalling Point Code Subsystem Number Translation Type	<pre>8 1234567890123456789010 16 16 Included Included 0010 - Global title w/ 1 - route on SSN 0 - Reserved for National 4-2-1 0 2</pre>
0014 0000000 00 0015 00011000 08 0016 00100011 43 0018 01100101 43 0018 01100101 87 0020 00001001 97 0020 00001011 87 0022 01000011 43 0023 01100101 65 0024 10000111 87 0025 00001001 99 0026 0000001 01 0027 00010001 00 0028 01001011 48 1 0010 translation type -1 0031 0000000 00 0031 0000000 00 0033 1001000 90 0034 0111100 78 0035 01010110 58 0036 0011010 34 0037 00010010 12		Translation Type Address information Calling Party Address Length Point Code Indicator Subsystem Number Indicator Global Title indicator Routing indicator Reserved for National use Signalling Point Code Subsystem Number Translation Type	<pre>8 1234567890123456789010 16 16 Included Included 0010 - Global title w/ 1 - route on SSN 0 - Reserved for National 4-2-1 0 2</pre>

0041 00110100 34	
0042 00010010 12	
0043 00001001 09	
Data Portion	
*** Start of TCAP and SCCP Management ***	
TCAP Layer	24
0044 00100010 22 TCAP Length	34 97
0045 01100001 61 .TE. Unidirectional Message 0046 00100000 20 Message Length	32
Optional Dialogue Portion Dialogue Portion	52
0047 01101011 6b Dialogue Portion Tag	107
0048 00010100 14 Dialogue Portion Length	20
0049 00101000 28 External Tag	40
0050 00010010 12 External Length	18
0051 00000110 06 Object Identifier Tag	06
0052 00000111 07 Object Identifier Length Dialogue-as-ID value	7
0053 00000000 00 CCITT Q Recommendation	00
0054 00010001 11 Q 0055 10000110 86 Document 773 (X'305)	17 1414
0055 10000110 88 Document 775 (x*305) 0056 00000101 05	1414
$0056 \ 00000001 \ 05$ $0057 \ 00000001 \ 01 \ as(1)$	01
0058 00000001 01 dialoguePDU	01
0059 00000001 01 Version1 (1)	01
0060 10100000 a0 ASN.1-type Tag	160
0061 00000111 07 ASN.1-type Length	7
0062 01100000 60 Dialogue PDU Selection	Dialogue Request Tag
0063 00000101 05 Request Length	5
Optional Protocol Version	
0064 10100001 al Application Context name Tag	161
0065 00000011 03 AC Length	3
0066 00000110 06 Object Identifier Tag	6
0067 00000001 01 Object Identifier Length	1
0068 00000110 06 Context Data Optional User Information -	06
- Component Portion	
0069 01101100 6c Component Portion Tag	108
0070 00001000 08 Component Portion Length Invoke Component	8
0071 10100001 a1 Invoke Tag	161
0072 00000110 06 Invoke Length Invoke ID	6
0073 00000010 02 Invoke ID Tag	2
0074 00000001 01 Invoke ID Length	1
0075 00000000 00 Invoke ID Optional Linked ID	0
Operation Code	Logal Operation Cal-
0076 00000010 02 Operation Code Tag 0077 00000001 01 Operation Code Length	Local Operation Code 1
0077 00000001 01 Operation Code Length 0078 00000101 05 Operation Code	⊥ 05
Optional parameters	

ECAP XML Output

```
<mtp>
    <opc>002-002-001</opc>
    <dpc>002-002-002</dpc>
    </mtp>
    <ccp>
        <ccp>
        <cdpadigits>0987654321098765432190</cgpadigits>
        <cdpadigits>1234567890123456789010</cdpadigits>
        <cdpadigits>123456789010</cdpadigits>
        <cdpadigits>004-002-001</cgpapc>
        <cdpadc>004-002-002</cdpapc>
        <cdpapc>004-002-002</cdpapc>
        <cdpapc>004-002-002</cdpapc>
        <cdpac></map>
        <opcode>5</opcode>
        </map>
        <opcode>5</opcode>
        </map>
        <opcode>5</opcode>
        </msucount>1</msucount>
        <otcount>82</optcode>
        </record>
```

</ecapreport>

А Acronyms 12 admonishments, documentation 9 Aggregator 6 Aggregator Configuration 2 Alarms 2 EAGLE 5 SAS 6 Integrated Accounting Feed 8 Platform 2 **Application Considerations 8** Architectural Overview 5 С Collector 5 Common Language Location Identifier 12 Configuration Aggregator 2 File Transfer Interface 7 Gateway Screening 19 Integrated Accounting Feed 15 **Network Interface 3 NMS** 11 NTP 9 Recommended Sequence 2 SLAN Cards 18 Crontab Check 14 Customer Care Center 10 Customer Service Report 12 **Customer Service Request 10** D Data File XML DTD 6 Data Files 3 **Disaster Recovery 12** Disk Space Check 15 documentation admonishments 9 **Documentation Admonishments 9** Documentation Packaging, Delivery, and Updates 9 E EAGLE 5 SAS Alarms 6 EAGLE 5 SAS Configuration Gateway Screening 19 **SLAN Cards** 18 **Eagle Collection Application Processor 2** ECAP 2 **ECAP Network Interface Configuration 3** F Feature 1

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